1	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
2	FOR
3	Senate Bill No. 359
4	(By Senators Kessler (Mr. President) and M. Hall,
5	By Request of the Executive)
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7	[Originating in the Committee on Education;
8	reported March 13, 2013.]
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12 A	BILL to repeal $\$18-2-23a$ and $\$18-2-32$ of the Code of West
13	Virginia, 1931, as amended; to repeal \$18-2E-5c of said code;
14	to repeal \$18-2I-6 and \$18-2I-7 of said code; to repeal
15	\$18A-3A-2a and $$18A-3A-6$ of said code; to amend and reenact
16	§18-1-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-2-24 of said
17	code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section,
18	designated \$18-2-39; to amend and reenact \$18-2E-5 of said
19	code; to amend and reenact \$18-2I-1, \$18-2I-2, \$18-2I-3,
20	\$18-2I-4 and $$18-2I-5$ of said code; to amend and reenact
21	\$18-3-1 and $$18-3-12$ of said code; to amend said code by
22	adding thereto a new section, designated §18-3-9b; to amend
23	and reenact $\$18-5-18$, $\$18-5-44$ and $\$18-5-45$ of said code; to
24	amend and reenact §18-5A-5 of said code; to amend and reenact
25	\$18A-2-1 and \$18A-2-7 of said code; to amend said code by
26	adding thereto two new sections, designated §18A-3-1d and

§18A-3-le; to amend and reenact §18A-3-2a of said code; to amend and reenact \$18A-3A-1, \$18A-3A-2 and \$18A-3A-3 of said code; to amend and reenact \$18A-4-2a, \$18A-4-7a, \$18A-4-8, \$18A-4-8a and \$18A-4-14 of said code; to amend and reenact §18A-5-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §18C-1-2 of said code; to amend and reenact \$18C-4-1, \$18C-4-2, \$18C-4-3 and \$18C-4-4 of said code; and to amend said code by adding thereto three new sections, designated \$18C-4A-1, \$18C-4A-2 and §18C-4A-3, all relating to transforming and improving public education; removing outdated language; requiring the State Board of Education, the Higher Education Policy Commission and the Council for Community and Technical College Education to collaborate in formally adopting uniform and career-readiness specific collegeand standards for English/language arts and math; providing methods for determining whether students have met the college- and careerreadiness standards; requiring that an explicit focus be embedded in each course on the development of English/language arts and math skills; requiring a twelfth-grade transitional course for both English/language arts and math for students not on track to be college ready; requiring professional development on teaching the college- and career-readiness standards to be included in the State Board's Master Plan for Professional Staff Development; requiring the state board to require all teacher preparation programs to appropriate training for teaching adopted standards in at

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least grades eight through twelve; requiring the use of certain assessments, exams or tests for determining whether a eligible for a remedial is course; requiring accountability for increasing the percentage of students who meet the standards and for increasing the percentage of students who are making adequate progress toward meeting the standards; removing requirement applicable to annual county and school strategic improvement plans; modifying requirements for high-quality education standards for student, school and system performance and processes; modifying requirements pertaining to a comprehensive statewide student assessment program; removing provisions relating to No Child Left Behind annual measures; modifying provisions pertaining to the state annual performance measures for school and school system accreditation; removing provisions pertaining requiring the standards to include indicators of exemplary student, school and school system performance and progress; eliminating the Process for Improving Education Council; modifying component of system of education performance audits; expanding state board authority pertaining to the Office of Education Performance Audit's reporting formats; eliminating condition for on-site review; removing prohibition of certain reviews or inspections; removing provisions pertaining to persons who are to conduct an on-site review; removing list of areas for which the office may not review; modifying provisions pertaining to school accreditation;

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removing provision allowing a student to transfer from a lowperforming school under certain conditions; professional development; establishing clear state-level leadership of professional development; providing findings on the importance professional development; requiring State Board of Education develop master plan for professional to а development; requiring submission of plan to certain entities; requiring goals to be established and included in the master plan; requiring state board rules; setting forth minimum components of the rule; requiring annual report on the statewide professional development plan; modifying language pertaining to the Strategic Staff Development Fund; modifying State Superintendent of Schools qualifications and removing his or her salary limit; requiring State Superintendent to reduce the amount budgeted for personal services, related employee benefits and contractual expenditures related to employment in fiscal years 2014 and 2015; increasing the number of schools to be included in a special community development pilot program; modifying other provisions pertaining to the pilot program; requiring kindergarten and early childhood aides to transition to one of three new assistant teacher positions after date certain; exempting those eligible for retirement before July 1, 2020; requiring early childhood education programs to be made available five days a week for the full day; allowing program to be for fewer than five days per week and less than full day under certain

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circumstances; allowing parent to withdraw child for good cause; providing for local control of the school calendar; defining terms and establishing findings about the school calendar; requiring a 200-day employment term; requiring one hundred eighty separate days of actual instruction are to be provided for students; requiring school term to include outof-calendar days that are to be used for instructional days in the event school is canceled; requiring county policy for adding minutes or days to school calendar for certain purpose; requiring that one hundred eighty days be within a 365-day period set by the county board; limiting noninstructional interruptions to instructional day; requiring state board or State Superintendent approval of proposed county calendar; requiring public meetings for discussions of a school system's calendar; allowing the state board to grant a waiver to certain code sections that prevent a school system from meeting one hundred eighty instructional days; requiring state board rule to implement the calendar section provisions; removing language about faculty senates on instructional support and enhancement days; requiring the local board to provide at least four additional two-hour blocks of time during noninstructional days, with each block scheduled once at least every forty-five instructional days; prohibiting employment principals from recommending for individuals that are related to him or her; reassignment of teachers when a vacancy was not foreseen

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before March 1 based on pupil-teacher ratio; requiring state board to determine whether a group qualifies as a national teaching corps; allowing participants in a national teaching corps to become classroom teachers; creating a critical need alternative teacher certificate; providing that certificate is only valid for teaching in subject areas, public schools or geographic areas in which the state board determines that critical teacher shortages exist; providing that the certificate is a two-year certificate that can be renewed for one year; setting forth minimum requirements to receive a critical need alternative teacher certificate; creating a professional support team for these new teachers; recommendation for certification of teachers on the critical need alternative teaching certificate by support team; requiring state board rules that must at least include additional requirements for a person with a critical need alternative teaching certificate to obtain a professional certificate; amending requirements for professional teaching certificates through alternative certifications; further defining "critical need alternative teaching certificates"; providing for salary bonus for classroom teachers with a National Board for Professional Teaching Standards renewal certificate; providing for reimbursement of the renewal certification fee; removing language that limits the number of board-certified teachers who can receive reimbursement per year; adding seniority to the list of factors to be considered

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filling vacancies in professional positions of employment; eliminating restrictive hiring language classroom teaching positions; allowing county boards to give consideration to recommendations made by the principal and the faculty senate; allowing released employees to be hired for certain vacancies prior to the job being posted; limiting bumping to within a school with county seniority; allowing for multiple postings within a thirty-day period under certain conditions; removing language that limits internal school bumping to elementary school; allowing reassignment of a teacher within his or her school upon consent of teacher and county board; eliminating the 43-week limit on the employment term for service personnel; creating three new types of early childhood classroom assistant teacher positions; assigning a pay grade to the new positions; requiring state board study on planning periods; clarifying that not all holidays will be counted as a day of the employment term and that pay per pay period cannot change as a result; providing that snow days are not counted as days of employment or days of instruction; providing definitions; scholarships and loan assistance for teachers in critical need areas; creating loan assistance program; determining subject and geographic areas of critical need; requiring legislative rules for program administration; revising eligibility criteria and specifying effective date; determining eligibility and awarding loan assistance; establishing criteria for inclusion in scholarship and loan

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1 assistance agreements; requiring payments to be made directly 2 to a lending entity; requiring model contract agreements; 3 amount, specifying loan limits and duration of 4 assistance; requiring repayment under certain conditions; 5 specifying excusal from repayment under certain conditions; 6 and making technical corrections and deleting obsolete 7 language.

8 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That \$18-2-23a and \$18-2-32 of the Code of West Virginia, 9 10 1931, as amended, be repealed; that \$18-2E-5c of said code be 11 repealed; that \$18-2I-6 and \$18-2I-7 of said code be repealed; that 12 \$18A-3A-2a and \$18A-3A-6 of said code be repealed; that \$18-1-4 of 13 said code be amended and reenacted; that \$18-2-24 of said code be 14 amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto 15 a new section, designated §18-2-39; that §18-2E-5 of said code be 16 amended and reenacted; that \$18-2I-1, \$18-2I-2, \$18-2I-3, \$18-2I-4 17 and §18-2I-5 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18-3-1 18 and \$18-3-12 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code 19 be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated \$18-3-9b; 20 that §18-5-18, §18-5-44 and §18-5-45 of said code be amended and 21 reenacted; that \$18-5A-5 of said code be amended and reenacted; 22 that \$18A-2-1 and \$18A-2-7 of said code be amended and reenacted; 23 that said code be amended by adding thereto two new sections, 24 designated \$18A-3-1d and \$18A-3-1e; that \$18A-3-2a of said code be 25 amended and reenacted; that §18A-3A-1, §18A-3A-2 and §18A-3A-3 of 26 said code be amended and reenacted; that \$18A-4-2a, \$18A-4-7a,

- 1 \$18A-4-8, \$18A-4-8a and \$18A-4-14 of said code be amended and
- 2 reenacted; that \$18A-5-2 of said code be amended and reenacted;
- 3 that §18C-1-2 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18C-4-1,
- 4 \$18C-4-2, \$18C-4-3 and \$18C-4-4 of said code be amended and
- 5 reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto three
- 6 new sections, designated §18C-4A-1, §18C-4A-2 and §18C-4A-3, all to
- 7 read as follows:
- 8 CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.
- 9 ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS; LIMITATIONS OF CHAPTER; GOALS FOR
- 10 EDUCATION.
- 11 §18-1-4. Vision 2020: An Education Blueprint for Two Thousand
- Twenty.
- 13 (a) This section, together with section one-a, article one,
- 14 chapter eighteen-b of this code and article one-d of said chapter,
- 15 shall be known as and may be cited as Vision 2020: An Education
- 16 Blueprint for Two Thousand Twenty.
- 17 (b) For the purposes of this section:
- 18 (1) "Goals" means those long-term public purposes which are
- 19 the desired end result and only may include those items listed in
- 20 subsection (e) of this section;
- 21 (2) "Objectives" means the ends to be accomplished or attained
- 22 within a specified period of time for the purpose of meeting the
- 23 established goals; and
- 24 (3) "Strategies" means specific activities carried out by the
- 25 public education system which are directed toward accomplishing
- 26 specific objectives.

- 1 (c) The Legislature finds that:
- 2 (1) The measure of a thorough and efficient system of 3 education is whether students graduate prepared to meet the 4 challenges of the future as contributing members of society and 5 that these challenges change, becoming ever more complex and 6 involving a global context more than at any other time in the 7 history of our nation;
- 8 (2) The state recently has embraced and is implementing the 9 Partnership for 21st Century Skills model for teaching and learning 10 including six key elements (core subjects, 21st Century content, 11 learning and thinking skills, information and communications 12 technology literacy, life skills and 21st Century assessments) to 13 help better prepare students for the challenges of the 21st 14 Century;
- 15 (3) Published national studies by several organizations
 16 routinely examine various elements of state education systems and
 17 selected underlying socioeconomic variables and rate and rank West
 18 Virginia and the other states, the District of Columbia and the
 19 territories based on the measurement systems and priorities
 20 established by the organizations, and these measurement systems and
 21 priorities change;
- (4) While the state should take pride in studies that show 23 West Virginia is among the leaders in several of its efforts and is 24 making progress, its students often outperforming expectations 25 based on typical indicators of the likelihood for student success, 26 such as the income and education levels of their parents, it should

- 1 also recognize that the state must do even more to ensure that high
- 2 school graduates are fully prepared for post-secondary education or
- 3 gainful employment;
- 4 (5) Therefore, the purpose of this section is to provide for
- 5 the establishment of a clear plan that includes goals, objectives,
- 6 strategies, indicators and benchmarks to help guide the state's
- 7 policymakers on the continuous development of the state's education
- 8 system for the 21st Century.
- 9 (d) As part of Vision 2020: An Education Blueprint for Two
- 10 Thousand Twenty, the state board shall establish a plan in
- 11 accordance with the provisions of this section for submission to
- 12 and consideration by the Process for Improving Education Council
- 13 pursuant to section five-c, article two-e of this chapter
- 14 Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability. The
- 15 plan shall include only the goals, objectives, strategies,
- 16 indicators and benchmarks for public education set forth in this
- 17 section and that meet the requirements of this section. To add
- 18 clarity and avoid confusion, the goals for public education set
- 19 forth in the plan pursuant to this section are the exclusive goals
- 20 for public education. The plan shall include:
- 21 (1) The goals set forth in this section and no other goals;
- 22 (2) At least the objectives set forth in this section and
- 23 specified periods of time for achieving those objectives and any
- 24 other objectives that may be included in the plan;
- 25 (3) Strategies for achieving the specific objectives;
- 26 (4) Indicators for measuring progress toward the goals and

- 1 objectives established in this section; and
- 2 (5) Benchmarks for determining when the goals and objectives 3 have been achieved.
- 4 (e) The plan shall include the following list of exclusive 5 goals for the public education system in West Virginia:
- 6 (1) Academic achievement according to national and 7 international measures will exceed national and international 8 averages. These national and international measures should include 9 scores on assessments such as the National Assessment of 10 Educational Progress (NAEP), the ACT, the SAT and the Programme for 11 International Assessment (PISA);
- 12 (2) The public education system will prepare fully all 13 students for post-secondary education or gainful employment;
- 14 (3) All working-age adults will be functionally literate;
- 15 (4) The public education system will maintain and promote the 16 health and safety of all students and will develop and promote 17 responsibility, citizenship and strong character in all students; 18 and
- 19 (5) The public education system will provide equitable 20 education opportunity to all students.
- 21 (f) The plan also shall include at least the following policy-22 oriented objectives:
- (1) Rigorous 21st Century curriculum and engaging instruction 24 for all students. - All students in West Virginia public schools 25 should have access to and benefit from a rigorous 21st Century 26 curriculum that develops proficiency in core subjects, 21st Century

- 1 content, learning skills and technology tools. These students also
- 2 should have that curriculum delivered through engaging, research-
- 3 based instructional strategies that develop deep understanding and
- 4 the ability to apply content to real-world situations;
- 5 (2) A 21st Century accountability and accreditation system. -6 The prekindergarten through twelve education system should have a 7 public accrediting system that: (i) Holds local school districts 8 accountable for the student outcomes the state values; and (ii) 9 provides the public with understandable accountability data for 10 judging the quality of local schools. The outcomes on which the 11 system is based should be rigorous and should align with national 12 and international standards such as the National Assessment of 13 Educational Progress (NAEP), the ACT, the SAT and the Programme for 14 International Assessment (PISA). The broad standards established 15 for these outcomes should include a focus on: (A) Mastery of basic 16 skills by all students; (B) closing the achievement gap among 17 student subgroups; and (C) high levels of proficiency in a wide 18 range of desired 21st Century measures and processes. The system 19 for determining school and district accreditation should include 20 school and district self analysis and generate appropriate 21 research-based strategies for improvement. It also should allow 22 opportunities to create innovative approaches to instructional 23 delivery and design. Thus, the system will incorporate processes 24 for encouraging innovation, including streamlined applications for 25 waivers to state board policy, financial support for successful 26 initiatives and recognition of those practices that can be brought

- 1 to a district or statewide scale. The primary goal of the 2 accreditation system is to drive school improvement. This 21st 3 Century accountability and accreditation system also should include 4 the methods of addressing capacity set forth in section five, 5 article two-e of this chapter;
- 6 (3) A statewide balanced assessment process. State,
 7 district, school and classroom decisionmaking should be grounded in
 8 21st Century balanced assessment processes that reflect national
 9 and international rigorous performance standards and examine
 10 student proficiency in 21st Century content, skills and technology
 11 tools. A balanced assessment system includes statewide summative
 12 assessments, local benchmark assessments and classroom assessments
 13 for learning;
- (4) A personnel allocation, licensure and funding process that
 15 aligns with the needs of 21st Century school systems and is
 16 supported by a quality coordinated professional development
 17 delivery system. Increased accountability demands, as well as the
 18 focus on 21st Century learning, require a reexamination of
 19 traditional approaches to personnel allocation, licensure and
 20 funding. Creating schools of the 21st Century requires new
 21 staffing roles and staffing patterns. It also requires ongoing
 22 professional development activities focused on enhancing student
 23 achievement and achieving specific goals of the school and district
 24 strategic plans. Thus, schools should have the ability to access,
 25 organize and deliver high quality embedded professional development
 26 that provides staff with in-depth sustained and supported learning.

- 1 Effective school improvement should allow opportunity for staff to
- 2 collectively learn, plan and implement curricular and instructional
- 3 improvements on behalf of the students they serve;

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and

17 appreciation of and respect for diversity;

- 4 (5) School environments that promote safe, healthy and 5 responsible behavior and provide an integrated system of student 6 support services. Each school should create an environment 7 focused on student learning and one where students know they are 8 valued, respected and safe. Furthermore, the school should 9 incorporate programs and processes that instill healthy, safe and 10 responsible behaviors and prepare students for interactions with 11 individuals of diverse racial, ethnic and social backgrounds. 12 School and district processes should include a focus on developing 13 ethical and responsible character, personal dispositions that 14 promote personal wellness through planned daily physical activity 15 and healthy eating habits consistent with high nutritional
- 18 (6) A leadership recruitment, development and support
 19 continuum. Quality schools and school systems of the 21st Century
 20 cannot be created without high-quality leaders. Thus, West
 21 Virginia should have an aligned leadership professional development
 22 continuum that attracts, develops and supports educational
 23 leadership at the classroom, school and district level. This
 24 leadership development continuum should focus on creating: (i)
 25 Learning-centered schools and school systems; (ii) collaborative
 26 processes for staff learning and continuous improvement; and (iii)

multicultural experiences

that

develop

1 accountability measures for student achievement;

- 2 (7) Equitable access to 21st Century technology and education
 3 resources and school facilities conducive to 21st Century teaching
 4 and learning. A quality educational system of the 21st Century
 5 should have access to technology tools and processes that enhance
 6 effective and efficient operation. Administrators should have the
 7 digital resources to monitor student performance, manage a variety
 8 of data and communicate effectively. In the classroom, every
 9 teacher in every school should be provided with the instructional
 10 resources and educational technology necessary to deliver the West
 11 Virginia content standards and objectives. Schools of the 21st
 12 Century require facilities that accommodate changing technologies,
 13 21st Century instructional processes and 21st Century staffing
 14 needs and patterns. These school facilities should mirror the best
 15 in green construction and be environmentally and educationally
 16 responsive to the communities in which they are located;
- 17 (8) Aligned public school with post-secondary and workplace
 18 readiness programs and standards. An educational system in the
 19 21st Century should be seen as a continuum from the public school
 20 (prekindergarten through twelve) program through post-secondary
 21 education. In order to be successful in a global competitive
 22 marketplace, learning should be an ongoing, life-long experience.
 23 Thus, the public schools and the institutions of post-secondary
 24 education in West Virginia should create a system of common
 25 standards, expectations and accountability. Creating such an
 26 aligned system will enhance opportunities for success and assure a

- 1 seamless educational process for West Virginia students; and
- 2 (9) A universal prekindergarten system. A high-quality,
- 3 universal prekindergarten system should be readily available to
- 4 every eligible student. The system should promote oral language
- 5 and preliteracy skills and reduce the deficit of these foundational
- 6 skills through proactive, early intervention. Research indicates
- 7 that universal prekindergarten systems improve graduation rates,
- 8 reduce grade level retentions and reduce the number of special
- 9 education placements. Therefore, local school systems should
- 10 create the supports and provide the resources to assure a quality
- 11 prekindergarten foundation is available to all eligible students.
- 12 (g) In addition to the policy-oriented objectives set forth in
- 13 subsection (f) of this section, the plan established pursuant to
- 14 this section also shall include at least the following performance-
- 15 oriented objectives:
- 16 (1) All children entering the first grade will be ready for
- 17 the first grade;
- 18 (2) The performance of students falling in the lowest quartile
- 19 on national and international measures of student performance will
- 20 improve by fifty percent;
- 21 (3) Ninety percent of ninth graders will graduate from high
- 22 school;
- 23 (4) By 2012, the gap between the county with the lowest
- 24 college-going rate and the state average as of the effective date
- 25 of this act will decrease by fifty percent and the college-going
- 26 rate of the state will equal the college-going rate of the member

- 1 states of the Southern Regional Education Board; and
- 2 (5) By 2012, the gap between the county with the lowest
- 3 college-going rate and the state average for school year 2012 will
- 4 decrease by fifty percent and the college-going rate of the state
- 5 will exceed the college-going rate of the member states of the
- 6 Southern Regional Education Board by five percentage points.
- 7 ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.
- 8 §18-2-24. Collaboration of state institutions of higher education
- 9 having a teacher preparation program with the Center
- 10 for Professional Development, state board and the
- 11 regional education service agencies.
- 12 (a) For the purposes of this section, "teacher preparation
- 13 institution" means a state institution of higher education with a
- 14 teacher preparation program.
- 15 (b) The intent of this section is to establish a structure to
- 16 enhance collaboration between the teacher preparation institutions,
- 17 the Center for Professional Development, state board and the
- 18 regional education service agencies in providing professional
- 19 development.
- 20 (c) The Legislature finds that:
- 21 (1) There is insufficient collaboration of the teacher
- 22 preparation institutions with the Center for Professional
- 23 Development, state board and each of the regional education service
- 24 agencies;
- 25 (2) More collaboration would prevent duplication of services
- 26 and result in higher quality professional development;

- 1 (3) Creating a structure and assigning responsibility would 2 promote more effective collaboration;
- 3 (4) The state's research and doctoral degree-granting public 4 institutions of higher education, West Virginia University and 5 Marshall University, have the most capacity to be important sources 6 of research and expertise on professional development;
- 7 (5) West Virginia University and Marshall University are the 8 only institutions in the state that offer course work leading to a 9 doctoral degree in education administration;
- 10 (6) As the largest state institutions of higher education, 11 West Virginia University and Marshall University have more capacity 12 than any other institution in the state to handle the additional 13 responsibilities assigned in this section;
- (7) The coordination by West Virginia University and Marshall University of the efforts of other teacher preparation institutions to collaborate with the Center for Professional Development, state board and each of the regional education service agencies will provide points of accountability for the collaboration efforts of the other institutions; and
- 20 (8) The state board's authority over the regional education 21 service agencies can be used to motivate the agencies to 22 collaborate with the teacher preparation institutions in providing 23 professional development and will serve as a point of 24 accountability for the collaboration efforts of the agencies.
- 25 (d) West Virginia University and Marshall University shall 26 collaborate with the Center for Professional Development in

- 1 performing the center's duties. This collaboration shall include 2 at least the following:
- 3 (1) Including the teacher preparation institutions in the
- 4 proposed professional staff development program plan goals required
- 5 by section three, article two-i of this chapter to be submitted to
- 6 the state board by section twenty-three-a of this article included
- 7 in the master plan for professional development;
- 8 (2) Providing any available research-based expertise that
- 9 would be helpful in the design of the proposed professional staff
- 10 development program plan goals;
- 11 (3) Providing any available research-based expertise that
- 12 would be helpful in the implementation of professional development
- 13 programs; and
- 14 (4) Arranging for other state institutions of higher education
- 15 having a teacher preparation program to assist the center when that
- 16 assistance would be helpful.
- 17 (e) All teacher preparation institutions shall collaborate
- 18 with the regional education service agency of the service area in
- 19 which the institution is located at least to:
- 20 (1) Prevent unnecessary duplication of services;
- 21 (2) Assist in the implementation of the professional
- 22 development programs of the regional education service agency; and
- 23 (3) Assist the regional education service agency in obtaining
- 24 any available grants for professional development or to apply for
- 25 any available grant with the agency collaboratively.
- 26 (f) Since no teacher preparation institution exists in the

- 1 service area of Regional Education Service Agency IV, Marshall
- 2 University shall collaborate with that agency for the purposes set
- 3 forth in subdivision (e) of this section.
- 4 (g) In addition to the collaboration required by subsections
- 5 (e) and (f) of this section of all teacher preparation
- 6 institutions, West Virginia University and Marshall University
- 7 shall:
- 8 (1) Coordinate the collaboration of each of the other teacher
- 9 preparation institutions in their designated coordination area with
- 10 the appropriate regional education service agency. This
- 11 coordination at least includes ensuring that each of the other
- 12 institutions are collaborating with the appropriate regional
- 13 education service agency; and
- 14 (2) Collaborate with each of the other teacher preparation
- 15 institutions in their designated coordination area. This
- 16 collaboration at least includes providing assistance to the other
- 17 institutions in providing professional development and in their
- 18 collaboration with the appropriate regional education service
- 19 agency.
- 20 (h) The designated coordination area of West Virginia
- 21 University includes the service areas of Regional Education Service
- 22 Agencies V, VI, VII and VIII. The designated coordination area of
- 23 Marshall University includes the service areas of Regional
- 24 Education Service Agencies I, II, III and IV.
- 25 (i) The state board shall ensure that each of the regional
- 26 education service agencies is collaborating with the teacher

2 purposes set forth in subsection (e) of this section. Since 3 Regional Education Service Agency IV does not have a teacher

1 preparation institution or institutions in its service area for the

- 4 preparation institution in its service area, the state board shall
- ${\bf 5}$ ensure that it is collaborating with Marshall University for the
- 6 purposes set forth in subsection (e) of this section.
- (j) Before a regional education service agency, except for Regional Education Service Agency IV, obtains professional development related services or expertise from any teacher preparation institution outside of that agency's service area, the agency shall inform the Center for Professional Development Board state board. Before Regional Education Service Agency IV obtains professional development related services or expertise from any teacher preparation institution other than Marshall University, the
- 16 (k) The collaboration and coordination requirements of this
 17 section include collaborating and coordinating to provide
 18 professional development for at least teachers, principals and
 19 paraprofessionals.
- 20 §18-2-39. College and career readiness initiative.

15 agency shall inform the Center Board state board.

- 21 (a) The Legislature finds that:
- (1) According to ACT, only twenty-five percent of ACT-tested 23 high school graduates in the nation met college readiness 24 benchmarks in English, reading, mathematics and science and only 25 seventeen percent in West Virginia met the benchmarks in all four 26 subjects;

- 1 (2) The post-secondary remediation rates of students entering 2 post-secondary institutions directly out of high school indicate 3 that a large percentage of students are not being adequately 4 prepared at the elementary and secondary levels;
- 5 (3) This high level of post-secondary remediation is causing 6 both students and the state to expend extra resources that would 7 not have to be expended if the students were adequately prepared at 8 the elementary and secondary levels;
- 9 (4) A strong foundation in English/language arts and math 10 provides a basis for learning in all other subject areas and for 11 on-the-job training; and
- 12 (5) A comparison of the percentages of students considered 13 proficient in eighth grade reading and math by the state assessment 14 and the National Assessment of Educational Progress indicate that 15 the state assessment currently does not accurately reflect national 16 standards.
- (b) Before the 2014-2015 school year, the state board, the Higher Education Policy Commission and the Council for Community and Technical College Education shall collaborate in formally 20 adopting uniform and specific college- and career-readiness 21 standards for English/language arts and math. The standards shall 22 be clearly linked to state content standards and based on skills 23 and competencies rather than high school course titles. The 24 standards shall allow for a determination of whether a student 25 needs to enroll in a post-secondary remedial course. The state 26 board shall develop a plan for gradually bringing the standards for

- 1 a high school diploma and college and career readiness into 2 uniformity, and report this plan to the Legislative Oversight 3 Commission on Education Accountability not later than December 31, 4 2013.
- (c) The results on the comprehensive statewide student assessment program in grade eleven in English/language arts and mathematics shall be used to determine whether a student has met the college- and career-readiness standards adopted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. Beginning with the 2015-2016 school year, instead of using the comprehensive statewide student assessment program, the state board may develop and implement end-of-course exams in English/language arts and math courses it determines appropriate. These exams are designed for determining whether a student has met the college- and career-readiness standards. In order to allow for the enrollment in transitional courses in the twelfth grade if necessary pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, the courses, assessments and exams, as applicable, shall be administered before the twelfth grade.
- (d) Under its authority granted in section one, article three, 20 chapter eighteen-a of this code, the state board shall require all 21 teacher preparation programs in the state to include appropriate 22 training for teachers seeking to teach in at least any of grades 23 eight through twelve with respect to teaching the adopted college-24 and career-readiness standards. This training shall focus on 25 teaching the standards directly, through embedding the standards in 26 other courses or both, as appropriate.

- 1 (e) The state board shall develop a twelfth-grade transitional 2 course for both English/language arts and math for those students 3 who are not on track to be college and career ready based on the 4 assessment or exam, as applicable, required pursuant to subsection 5 (c) of this section. The transitional courses shall be aligned 6 with the standards adopted pursuant to subsection (b) of this 7 section. The state board in collaboration with the West Virginia 8 Higher Education Policy Commission and the Council for Community 9 and Technical College Education shall use the American College 10 Testing Program's Computerized Adaptive Placement Assessment and 11 Support System (COMPASS) or other mutually agreed-upon assessment 12 to determine whether a student has met the college- and career-13 readiness standards after completion of the transitional course.
- (f) For all West Virginia public high school graduates who graduate during or after the 2016-2017 school year, all state institutions of higher education may use no factor other than the assessment, exam or test, as applicable, required pursuant to subsections (c) and (e) of this section to determine whether a student is to enroll in a remedial course or is to be placed in a college-level introductory course. Nothing in this subsection prohibits an institution from administering a diagnostic test to determine specific areas of weakness so that the specific weaknesses can be remediated rather than requiring a student to take an entire remedial course.
- 25 (g) The state board shall:
- 26 (1) Hold high schools and districts accountable for increasing

- 1 the percentages of students who meet the college- and career-
- 2 readiness standards as indicated by the assessments, exams or
- 3 tests, as applicable, required pursuant to subsections (c) and (e)
- 4 of this section. This accountability shall be achieved through the
- 5 school and school system accreditation provisions set forth in
- 6 section five, article two-e of this chapter;
- 7 (2) Align the comprehensive statewide student assessment for
- 8 all grade levels in which the test is given with the college- and
- 9 career-readiness standards adopted pursuant to subsection (b) of
- 10 this section or develop other aligned tests at each grade level so
- 11 that progress toward college and career readiness in
- 12 English/language arts and math can be measured; and
- 13 (3) Hold all schools and districts accountable for helping
- 14 students in earlier grade levels achieve scores on math and
- 15 English/language arts tests that predict success in subsequent
- 16 levels of related coursework. This accountability shall be
- 17 achieved through the school and school system accreditation
- 18 provisions set forth in section five, article two-e of this
- 19 chapter;
- 20 (h) Except as otherwise specified, all provisions of this
- 21 section become effective with the 2014-2015 school year.
- 22 (i) On or before December 31, 2013, the state board shall
- 23 promulgate a legislative rule in accordance with article three-b,
- 24 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions of
- 25 this section.
- 26 ARTICLE 2E. HIGH-QUALITY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.

- 1 \$18-2E-5. Process for improving education; education standards;
- 2 statewide assessment program; accountability
- measures; Office of Education Performance Audits;
- 4 school accreditation and school system approval;
- 5 intervention to correct low performance.
- 6 (a) Legislative findings, purpose and intent. The
- 7 Legislature makes the following findings with respect to the
- 8 process for improving education and its purpose and intent in the
- 9 enactment of this section:
- 10 (1) The process for improving education includes four primary
- 11 elements, these being:
- 12 (A) Standards which set forth the knowledge and skills that
- 13 students should know and be able to do perform as the result of a
- 14 thorough and efficient education that prepares them for the
- 15 twenty-first century, including measurable criteria to evaluate
- 16 student performance and progress;
- 17 (B) Assessments of student performance and progress toward
- 18 meeting the standards;
- 19 (C) A system of accountability for continuous improvement
- 20 defined by high-quality standards for schools and school systems
- 21 articulated by a rule promulgated by the state board and outlined
- 22 in subsection (c) of this section that will build capacity in
- 23 schools and districts to meet rigorous outcomes that assure student
- 24 performance and progress toward obtaining the knowledge and skills
- 25 intrinsic to a high-quality education rather than monitoring for
- 26 compliance with specific laws and regulations; and

- 1 (D) A method for building the capacity and improving the 2 efficiency of schools and school systems to improve student 3 performance and progress;
- 4 (2) As the constitutional body charged with the general 5 supervision of schools as provided by general law, the state board 6 has the authority and the responsibility to establish the 7 standards, assess the performance and progress of students against 8 the standards, hold schools and school systems accountable and 9 assist schools and school systems to build capacity and improve 10 efficiency so that the standards are met, including, when 11 necessary, seeking additional resources in consultation with the 12 Legislature and the Governor;
- (3) As the constitutional body charged with providing for a thorough and efficient system of schools, the Legislature has the authority and the responsibility to establish and be engaged constructively in the determination of the knowledge and skills that students should know and be able to do as the result of a thorough and efficient education. This determination is made by using the process for improving education to determine when school improvement is needed, by evaluating the results and the efficiency of the system of schools, by ensuring accountability and by providing for the necessary capacity and its efficient use;
- 23 (4) In consideration of these findings, the purpose of this 24 section is to establish a process for improving education that 25 includes the four primary elements as set forth in subdivision (1) 26 of this subsection to provide assurances that the high-quality

1 standards are, at a minimum, being met and that a thorough and
2 efficient system of schools is being provided for all West Virginia
3 public school students on an equal education opportunity basis; and
4 (5) The intent of the Legislature in enacting this section and
5 section five-c of this article is to establish a process through
6 which the Legislature, the Governor and the state board can work in
7 the spirit of cooperation and collaboration intended in the process
8 for improving education to consult and examine the performance and
9 progress of students, schools and school systems and, when
10 necessary, to consider alternative measures to ensure that all
11 students continue to receive the thorough and efficient education
12 to which they are entitled. However, nothing in this section
13 requires any specific level of funding by the Legislature.

(b) Electronic county and school strategic improvement plans.

The state board shall promulgate a rule consistent with the provisions of this section and in accordance with article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code establishing an electronic county strategic improvement plan for each county board and an electronic school strategic improvement plan for each public school in this state. Each respective plan shall be a five-year plan that includes the mission and goals of the school or school system to improve student, school or school system performance and progress, as applicable. The strategic plan shall be revised annually in each area in which the school or system is below the standard on the annual performance measures. The revised annual plan also shall identify any deficiency which is reported on the check lists

- 1 identified in paragraph (G), subdivision (5), subsection (1) of
- 2 this section including any deficit more than a casual deficit by
- 3 the county board. The plan shall be revised when required pursuant
- 4 to this section to include each annual performance measure upon
- 5 which the school or school system fails to meet the standard for
- 6 performance and progress, the action to be taken to meet each
- 7 measure, a separate time line and a date certain for meeting each
- 8 measure, a cost estimate and, when applicable, the assistance to be
- 9 provided by the department and other education agencies to improve
- 10 student, school or school system performance and progress to meet
- 11 the annual performance measure.
- 12 The department shall make available to all public schools
- 13 through its website or the West Virginia Education Information
- 14 System an electronic school strategic improvement plan boilerplate
- 15 designed for use by all schools to develop an electronic school
- 16 strategic improvement plan which incorporates all required aspects
- 17 and satisfies all improvement plan requirements of the No Child
- 18 Left Behind Act.
- 19 (c) High-quality education standards and efficiency standards.
- 20 In accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter
- 21 twenty-nine-a of this code, the state board shall adopt and
- 22 periodically review and update high-quality education standards for
- 23 student, school and school system performance and processes in the
- 24 following areas:
- 25 (1) Curriculum;
- 26 (2) Workplace readiness skills;

- 1 (3) Finance;
- 2 (4) Transportation;
- 3 (5) Special education;
- 4 (6) Facilities;
- 5 (7) Administrative practices;
- 6 (8) Training of county board members and administrators;
- 7 (9) Personnel qualifications;
- 8 (10) Professional development and evaluation;
- 9 (11) Student performance, and progress and attendance;
- 10 (12) Professional personnel, including principals and central
- 11 office administrators, and service personnel attendance;
- 12 (12) (13) School and school system performance and progress;
- 13 (14) A code of conduct for students and employees;
- 14 $\frac{(14)}{(15)}$ (15) Indicators of efficiency; and
- 15 $\frac{(15)}{(16)}$ (16) Any other areas determined by the state board.
- 16 The standards, as applicable, shall incorporate the state's
- 17 21st Century Skills Initiative and shall assure that graduates are
- 18 prepared for continuing post-secondary education, training and work
- 19 and that schools and school systems are making progress toward
- 20 achieving the education goals of the state.
- 21 (d) Comprehensive statewide student assessment program. The
- 22 state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the
- 23 provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code
- 24 establishing establish a comprehensive statewide student assessment
- 25 program to assess student performance and progress in grades three
- 26 through twelve. The assessment program is subject to the

1 following:

- 2 (1) The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with
- 3 the provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
- 4 code establishing the comprehensive statewide student assessment
- 5 program;
- 6 (2) Prior to the 2014-2015 school year, the state board shall
- 7 align the comprehensive statewide student assessment for all grade
- 8 levels in which the test is given with the college-readiness
- 9 standards adopted pursuant to section thirty-nine, article two of
- 10 this chapter or develop other aligned tests to be required at each
- 11 grade level so that progress toward college readiness in
- 12 English/language arts and math can be measured;
- 13 (3) The state board may require that student proficiencies be
- 14 measured through the ACT EXPLORE and the ACT PLAN assessments or
- 15 other comparable assessments, which are approved by the state board
- 16 and provided by future vendors;
- 17 (4) The state board may require that student proficiencies be
- 18 measured through the West Virginia writing assessment at any of the
- 19 grade levels four, seven and ten determined by the state board to
- 20 be appropriate; Provided, That, effective July 1, 2008, the state
- 21 board may require that student proficiencies be measured through
- 22 the West Virginia writing assessment at any of the grade levels
- 23 four, seven and eleven determined by the state board to be
- 24 appropriate. and
- 25 (5) The state board may provide through the statewide
- 26 assessment program other optional testing or assessment instruments

1 applicable to grade levels kindergarten through grade twelve which 2 may be used by each school to promote student achievement. upon 3 approval by the school curriculum team or the process for teacher 4 collaboration to improve instruction and learning established by 5 the faculty senate as provided in section six, article five-a of 6 this chapter The state board annually shall annually publish and 7 make available, electronically or otherwise, to school curriculum 8 teams and teacher collaborative processes the optional testing and 9 assessment instruments. The failure of a school to use any 10 optional testing and assessment may not be cited as a deficiency in 11 any accreditation review of the school; nor may the exercise of its 12 discretion, as provided in section six, article five-a of this 13 chapter, in using the assessments and implementing the 14 instructional strategies and programs that it determines best to 15 promote student achievement at the school be cited as a deficiency 16 in any accreditation review of the school or in the personnel 17 evaluation of the principal. The use of assessment results are 18 subject to the following: 19 (1) The assessment results for grade levels three through 20 eight and eleven are the only assessment results which may be used 21 for determining whether any school or school system has made 22 adequate yearly progress (AYP);

(2) Only the assessment results in the subject areas of reading/language arts and mathematics may be used for determining whether a school or school system has made adequate yearly progress (AYP);

- 1 (3) The results of the West Virginia writing assessment, the
- 2 ACT EXPLORE assessments and the ACT PLAN assessments may not be
- 3 used for determining whether a school or school system has made
- 4 adequate yearly progress (AYP);
- 5 (4) The results of testing or assessment instruments provided
- 6 by the state board for optional use by schools and school systems
- 7 to promote student achievement may not be used for determining
- 8 whether a school or school system has made adequate yearly progress
- 9 (AYP); and
- 10 (5) All assessment provisions of the comprehensive statewide
- 11 student assessment program in effect for the school year 2006-2007
- 12 shall remain in effect until replaced by the state board rule.
- 13 (e) Annual performance measures for Public Law 107-110, the
- 14 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended (No
- 15 Child Left Behind Act of 2001). -- The standards shall include
- 16 annual measures of student, school and school system performance
- 17 and progress for the grade levels and the content areas defined by
- 18 the act. The following annual measures of student, school and
- 19 school system performance and progress shall be the only measures
- 20 for determining whether adequately yearly progress under the No
- 21 Child Left Behind Act has been achieved:
- 22 (1) The acquisition of student proficiencies as indicated by
- 23 student performance and progress on the required accountability
- 24 assessments at the grade levels and content areas as required by
- 25 the act subject to the limitations set forth in subsection (d) of
- 26 this section.

- 1 (2) The student participation rate in the uniform statewide
- 2 assessment must be at least ninety-five percent or the average of
- 3 the participation rate for the current and the preceding two years
- 4 is ninety-five percent for the school, county and state;
- 5 (3) Only for schools that do not include grade twelve, the
- 6 school attendance rate which shall be no less than ninety percent
- 7 in attendance for the school, county and state. The following
- 8 absences are excluded:
- 9 (A) Student absences excused in accordance with the state
- 10 board rule promulgated pursuant to section four, article eight of
- 11 this chapter;
- 12 (B) Students not in attendance due to disciplinary measures;
- 13 and
- 14 (C) Absent students for whom the attendance director has
- 15 pursued judicial remedies compelling attendance to the extent of
- 16 his or her authority; and
- 17 (4) The high school graduation rate which shall be no less
- 18 than eighty percent for the school, county and state; or if the
- 19 high school graduation rate is less than eighty percent, the high
- 20 school graduation rate shall be higher than the high school
- 21 graduation rate of the preceding year as determined from
- 22 information on the West Virginia Education Information System on
- 23 August 15.
- 24 (f) (e) State annual performance measures for school and
- 25 school system accreditation. The state board shall establish a
- 26 system to assess and weigh annual performance measures for state

- 1 accreditation of schools and school systems in a manner that gives
- 2 credit or points such as an index to prevent any one measure alone
- 3 from causing a school to achieve less than full accreditation
- 4 status or a school system from achieving less than full approval
- 5 status: Provided, That a school or school system that achieves
- 6 adequate yearly progress is eligible for no less than full
- 7 accreditation or approval status, as applicable, and the system
- 8 established pursuant to this subsection applies only to schools and
- 9 school systems that do not achieve adequate yearly progress.
- The following types of measures, as may be appropriate at the
- 11 various programmatic levels, may be approved by the state board for
- 12 the school and school system accreditation:
- 13 (1) The acquisition of student proficiencies as indicated by
- 14 student performance and progress on the uniform statewide
- 15 assessment program at the grade levels as provided in subsection
- 16 (d) of this section. The state board may approve providing bonus
- 17 points or credits for students scoring at or above mastery and
- 18 distinguished levels;
- 19 (2) Writing assessment results in grades tested;
- 20 (3) School attendance rates;
- 21 (4) Percentage of courses taught by highly qualified teachers;
- 22 (5) Percentage of students scoring at benchmarks on the
- 23 currently tested ACT EXPLORE and ACT PLAN assessments or other
- 24 comparable assessments, which are approved by the state board and
- 25 provided by future vendors;
- 26 (6) Graduation rates;

- 1 (7) Job placement rates for vocational programs;
- 2 (8) Percent of students passing end-of-course career/technical
- 3 tests;
- 4 (9) Percent of students not requiring college remediation
- 5 classes; and
- 6 (10) Bonus points or credits for subgroup improvement,
- 7 advanced placement percentages, dual credit completers and
- 8 international baccalaureate completers.
- 9 The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the
- 10 provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code
- 11 that establishes a system to assess and weigh annual performance
- 12 measures for state accreditation of schools and school systems. The
- 13 state board also may establish performance incentives for schools
- 14 and school systems as part of the state accreditation system. On or
- 15 before December 1, 2013, the state board shall report to the
- 16 Governor and to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education
- 17 Accountability the proposed rule for establishing the measures and
- 18 incentives of accreditation and the estimated cost therefore, if
- 19 any. Thereafter, the state board shall provide an annual report to
- 20 the Governor and to the Legislative Oversight Commission on
- 21 Education Accountability on the impact and effectiveness of the
- 22 <u>accreditation</u> system. The rule for school and school system
- 23 accreditation proposed by the board may include, but is not limited
- 24 to, the <u>following measures:</u>
- 25 (1) Student proficiency in English and language arts, math,
- 26 science and other subjects determined by the board;

- 1 (2) Graduation and attendance rate;
- 2 (3) Students taking and passing AP tests;
- 3 <u>(4) Students completing a career and technical education</u>
- 4 class;
- 5 (5) Closing achievement gaps within subgroups of a school's
- 6 student population; and
- 7 (6) Students scoring at or above average attainment on SAT or
- 8 ACT tests.
- 9 (g) Indicators of exemplary performance and progress. -- The
- 10 standards shall include indicators of exemplary student, school and
- 11 school system performance and progress. The indicators of
- 12 exemplary student, school and school system performance and
- 13 progress shall be used only as indicators for determining whether
- 14 accredited and approved schools and school systems should be
- 15 granted exemplary status. These indicators shall include, but are
- 16 not limited to, the following:
- 17 (1) The percentage of graduates who declare their intent to
- 18 enroll in college and other post-secondary education and training
- 19 following high school graduation;
- 20 (2) The percentage of graduates who receive additional
- 21 certification of their skills, competence and readiness for
- 22 college, other post-secondary education or employment above the
- 23 level required for graduation; and
- 24 (3) The percentage of students who successfully complete
- 25 advanced placement, dual credit and honors classes.
- 26 (h) (f) Indicators of efficiency. -- In accordance with the

- 1 provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code,
- 2 the state board shall adopt by rule and periodically review and
- 3 update indicators of efficiency for use by the appropriate
- 4 divisions within the department to ensure efficient management and
- 5 use of resources in the public schools in the following areas:
- 6 (1) Curriculum delivery including, but not limited to, the use 7 of distance learning;
- 8 (2) Transportation;
- 9 (3) Facilities;
- 10 (4) Administrative practices;
- 11 (5) Personnel;
- 12 (6) Use of regional educational service agency programs and
- 13 services, including programs and services that may be established
- 14 by their assigned regional educational service agency or other
- 15 regional services that may be initiated between and among
- 16 participating county boards; and
- 17 (7) Any other indicators as determined by the state board.
- 18 (i) (g) Assessment and accountability of school and school
- 19 system performance and processes. In accordance with the
- 20 provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code,
- 21 the state board shall establish by rule a system of education
- 22 performance audits which measures the quality of education and the
- 23 preparation of students based on the annual measures of student,
- 24 school and school system performance and progress. The system of
- 25 education performance audits shall provide information to the state
- 26 board, the Legislature and the Governor, individually and

- 1 collectively as the Process for Improving Education Council, upon
- 2 which they may determine whether a thorough and efficient system of
- 3 schools is being provided. The system of education performance
- 4 audits shall include:
- 5 (1) The assessment of student, school and school system
- 6 performance and progress based on the annual measures set forth in
- 7 subsection (d) established pursuant to subsection (e) of this
- 8 section;
- 9 (2) The evaluation of records, reports and other information
- 10 collected by the department Office of Education Performance Audits
- 11 upon which the quality of education and compliance with statutes,
- 12 policies and standards may be determined;
- 13 (3) The review of school and school system electronic
- 14 strategic improvement plans; and
- 15 (4) The on-site review of the processes in place in schools
- 16 and school systems to enable school and school system performance
- 17 and progress and compliance with the standards.
- (i) (h) Uses of school and school system assessment
- 19 information. The state board and the Process for Improving
- 20 Education Council established pursuant to section five c of this
- 21 article shall use information from the system of education
- 22 performance audits to assist them it in ensuring that a thorough
- 23 and efficient system of schools is being provided and to improve
- 24 student, school and school system performance and progress.
- 25 Information from the system of education performance audits further
- 26 shall be used by the state board for these purposes, including, but

- 1 not limited to, the following:
- 2 (1) Determining school accreditation and school system 3 approval status;
- 4 (2) Holding schools and school systems accountable for the 5 efficient use of existing resources to meet or exceed the 6 standards; and
- 7 (3) Targeting additional resources when necessary to improve 8 performance and progress.
- 9 The state board shall make accreditation information available 10 to the Legislature, the Governor, the general public and to any 11 individual who requests the information, subject to the provisions 12 of any act or rule restricting the release of information.
- 13 (k) (i) Early detection and intervention programs. Based on 14 the assessment of student, school and school system performance and 15 progress, the state board shall establish early detection and 16 intervention programs using the available resources of the 17 Department of Education, the regional educational service agencies, 18 the Center for Professional Development and the Principals Academy, 19 as appropriate, to assist underachieving schools and school systems 20 to improve performance before conditions become so grave as to 21 warrant more substantive state intervention. Assistance shall 22 include, but is not limited to, providing additional technical 23 assistance and programmatic, professional staff development, 24 providing monetary, staffing and other resources where appropriate.
- 25 and, if necessary, making appropriate recommendations to the
- 26 Process for Improving Education Council

- 1 (1) Office of Education Performance Audits. -
- 2 (1) To assist the state board and the Process for Improving
- 3 Education Council in the operation of a system of education
- 4 performance audits, the state board shall establish an Office of
- 5 Education Performance Audits consistent with the provisions of this
- 6 section. The Office of Education Performance Audits shall be
- 7 operated under the direction of the state board independently of
- 8 the functions and supervision of the State Department of Education
- 9 and state superintendent. The Office of Education Performance
- 10 Audits shall report directly to and be responsible to the state
- 11 board and the Process for Improving Education Council created in
- 12 section five-c of this article in carrying out its duties under the
- 13 provisions of this section.
- 14 (2) The office shall be headed by a director who shall be
- 15 appointed by the state board and who shall serve serves at the will
- 16 and pleasure of the state board. The annual salary of the director
- 17 shall be set by the state board and may not exceed eighty percent
- 18 of the salary cap of the State Superintendent of Schools.
- 19 (3) The state board shall organize and sufficiently staff the
- 20 office to fulfill the duties assigned to it by law and by the state
- 21 board. Employees of the State Department of Education who are
- 22 transferred to the Office of Education Performance Audits shall
- 23 retain their benefits and seniority status with the Department of
- 24 Education.
- 25 (4) Under the direction of the state board, the Office of
- 26 Education Performance Audits shall receive from the West Virginia

- 1 education information system staff research and analysis data on
- 2 the performance and progress of students, schools and school
- 3 systems, and shall receive assistance, as determined by the state
- 4 board, from staff at the State Department of Education, the
- 5 regional education service agencies, the Center for Professional
- 6 Development, the Principals Academy and the School Building
- 7 Authority to carry out the duties assigned to the office.
- 8 (5) In addition to other duties which may be assigned to it by
- 9 the state board or by statute, the Office of Education Performance
- 10 Audits also shall:
- 11 (A) Assure that all statewide assessments of student
- 12 performance used as annual performance measures are secure as
- 13 required in section one-a of this article;
- 14 (B) Administer all accountability measures as assigned by the
- 15 state board, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 16 (i) Processes for the accreditation of schools and the
- 17 approval of school systems; and
- (ii) Recommendations to the state board on appropriate action,
- 19 including, but not limited to, accreditation and approval action;
- 20 (C) Determine, in conjunction with the assessment and
- 21 accountability processes, what capacity may be needed by schools
- 22 and school systems to meet the standards established by the state
- 23 board and recommend to the state board and the Process for
- 24 Improving Education Council plans to establish those needed
- 25 capacities;
- 26 (D) Determine, in conjunction with the assessment and

- 1 accountability processes, whether statewide system deficiencies 2 exist in the capacity of schools and school systems to meet the 3 standards established by the state board, including the 4 identification of trends and the need for continuing improvements
- 5 in education, and report those deficiencies and trends to the state
- 6 board; and the Process for Improving Education Council

13 Education Policy Commission and the county boards;

- 7 (E) Determine, in conjunction with the assessment and 8 accountability processes, staff development needs of schools and 9 school systems to meet the standards established by the state board 10 and make recommendations to the state board, the Process for 11 Improving Education Council, the Center for Professional 12 Development, the regional educational service agencies, the Higher
- (F) Identify, in conjunction with the assessment and accountability processes, exemplary schools and school systems and best practices that improve student, school and school system performance and make recommendations communicate those to the state board and the Process for Improving Education Council for recognizing and rewarding exemplary schools and school systems and promoting the use of best practices. The state board shall provide information on best practices to county school systems; and shall use information identified through the assessment and accountability processes to select schools of excellence and
- (G) Develop reporting formats, such as check lists, which shall be used by the appropriate administrative personnel in schools and school systems to document compliance with various of

- 1 the applicable laws, policies and process standards as considered
- 2 appropriate and approved by the state board, including which may
- 3 <u>include</u>, but <u>is</u> not limited to, the following:
- 4 (i) The use of a policy for the evaluation of all school
- 5 personnel that meets the requirements of sections twelve and
- 6 twelve-a, article two, chapter eighteen-a of this code;
- 7 (ii) The participation of students in appropriate physical
- 8 assessments as determined by the state board, which assessment may
- 9 not be used as a part of the assessment and accountability system;
- 10 (iii) The appropriate licensure of school personnel; and
- 11 (iv) The school provides appropriate provision of
- 12 multicultural activities.
- 13 Information contained in the reporting formats is subject to
- 14 examination during an on-site review to determine compliance with
- 15 laws, policies and standards. Intentional and grossly negligent
- 16 reporting of false information are grounds for dismissal of any
- 17 employee.
- 18 $\frac{\text{(m)}}{\text{(k)}}$ (k) On-site reviews. -
- 19 (1) The system of education performance audits shall include
- 20 on-site reviews of schools and school systems which shall be
- 21 conducted only at the specific direction of the state board upon
- 22 its determination that the performance and progress of the school
- 23 or school system are persistently below standard or that other
- 24 circumstances exist that warrant an on-site review. Any discussion
- 25 by the state board of schools to be subject to an on-site review or
- 26 dates for which on-site reviews will be conducted may be held in

1 executive session and is not subject to the provisions of article
2 nine-a, chapter six of this code relating to open governmental
3 proceedings. An on-site review shall be conducted by the Office of
4 Education Performance Audits of a school or school system for the
5 purpose of investigating the reasons for performance and progress
6 that are persistently below standard and making recommendations to
7 the school and school system, as appropriate, and to the state
8 board on such measures as it considers necessary. to improve
9 performance and progress to meet the standard The investigation
10 may include, but is not limited to, the following:

- 11 (A) Verifying data reported by the school or county board;
- 12 (B) Examining compliance with the laws and policies affecting 13 student, school and school system performance and progress;
- 14 (C) Evaluating the effectiveness and implementation status of 15 school and school system electronic strategic improvement plans;
- 16 (D) Investigating official complaints submitted to the state 17 board that allege serious impairments in the quality of education 18 in schools or school systems;
- (E) Investigating official complaints submitted to the state 20 board that allege that a school or county board is in violation of 21 policies or laws under which schools and county boards operate; and (F) Determining and reporting whether required reviews and 23 inspections have been conducted by the appropriate agencies, 24 including, but not limited to, the State Fire Marshal, the Health 25 Department, the School Building Authority and the responsible 26 divisions within the Department of Education, and whether noted

- 1 deficiencies have been or are in the process of being corrected.
- 2 The Office of Education Performance Audits may not conduct a
- 3 duplicate review or inspection of any compliance reviews or
- 4 inspections conducted by the department or its agents or other duly
- 5 authorized agencies of the state, nor may it mandate more stringent
- 6 compliance measures.
- 7 (2) The Director of the Office of Education Performance Audits
- 8 shall notify the county superintendent of schools five school days
- 9 prior to commencing an on-site review of the county school system
- 10 and shall notify both the county superintendent and the principal
- 11 five school days before commencing an on-site review of an
- 12 individual school: Provided, That the state board may direct the
- 13 Office of Education Performance Audits to conduct an unannounced
- 14 on-site review of a school or school system if the state board
- 15 believes circumstances warrant an unannounced on-site review.
- 16 (3) The Office of Education Performance Audits shall conduct
- 17 on-site reviews which are limited in scope to specific areas in
- 18 which performance and progress are persistently below standard as
- 19 determined by the state board unless specifically directed by the
- 20 state board to conduct a review which covers additional areas.
- 21 (4) An on-site review of a school or school system shall
- 22 include a person or persons from the Department of Education or a
- 23 public education agency in the state who has expert knowledge and
- 24 experience in the area or areas to be reviewed and who has been
- 25 trained and designated by the state board to perform such
- 26 functions. If the size of the school or school system and issues

- 1 being reviewed necessitate the use of an on-site review team or
- 2 teams, the person or persons designated by the state board shall
- 3 advise and assist the director to appoint the team or teams. The
- 4 person or persons designated by the state board shall be the team
- 5 leaders.
- The persons designated by the state board shall be responsible
- 7 for completing the report on the findings and recommendations of
- 8 the on-site review in their area of expertise. It is the intent of
- 9 the Legislature that the persons designated by the state board
- 10 participate in all on-site reviews that involve their area of
- 11 expertise, to the extent practicable, so that the on-site review
- 12 process will evaluate compliance with the standards in a uniform,
- 13 consistent and expert manner.
- 14 (5) (4) The Office of Education Performance Audits shall
- 15 reimburse a county board for the costs of substitutes required to
- 16 replace county board employees while they are serving who serve on
- 17 a review team.
- $\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ At the conclusion of an on-site review of a school
- 19 system, the director and team leaders shall hold an exit conference
- 20 with the superintendent and shall provide an opportunity for
- 21 principals to be present for at least the portion of the conference
- 22 pertaining to their respective schools. In the case of an on-site
- 23 review of a school, the exit conference shall be held with the
- 24 principal and curriculum team of the school and the superintendent
- 25 shall be provided the opportunity to be present. The purpose of
- 26 the exit conference is to review the initial findings of the

1 on-site review, clarify and correct any inaccuracies and allow the 2 opportunity for dialogue between the reviewers and the school or 3 school system to promote a better understanding of the findings. (7) (6) The Office of Education Performance Audits shall 5 report the findings of an on-site review to the county 6 superintendent and the principals whose schools were reviewed 7 within thirty days following the conclusion of the on-site review. 8 The Office of Education Performance Audits shall report the 9 findings of the on-site review to the state board within forty-five 10 days after the conclusion of the on-site review. A copy of the 11 report shall be provided to the Process for Improving Education 12 Council at its request. A school or county that believes one or 13 more findings of a review are clearly inaccurate, incomplete or 14 misleading, misrepresent or fail to reflect the true quality of 15 education in the school or county or address issues unrelated to 16 the health, safety and welfare of students and the quality of 17 education, may appeal to the state board for removal of the

24 (8) (7) The Legislature finds that the accountability and 25 oversight of the following some activities and programmatic areas 26 in the public schools is are controlled through other mechanisms

19 receive, review and act upon the appeals. The state board shall

20 report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education

21 Accountability during its July interim meetings, or as soon

22 thereafter as practical, on each appeal during the preceding school

18 findings.

23 year.

The state board shall establish a process for it to

- 1 <u>and agencies</u> and that additional accountability and oversight are
- 2 not only may be unnecessary, but counterproductive in distracting
- 3 and impair necessary resources from for teaching and learning.
- 4 Therefore, notwithstanding any other provision of this section to
- 5 the contrary, the following activities and programmatic areas are
- 6 not subject to review by the Office of Education Performance Audits
- 7 may rely on other agencies and mechanisms in its review of schools
- 8 and school systems.
- 9 (A) Work-based learning;
- 10 (B) Use of advisory councils;
- 11 (C) Program accreditation and student credentials;
- 12 (D) Student transition plans;
- 13 (E) Graduate assessment form;
- 14 (F) Casual deficit;
- 15 (G) Accounting practices;
- 16 (H) Transportation services;
- 17 (I) Special education services;
- 18 (J) Safe, healthy and accessible facilities;
- 19 (K) Health services;
- 20 (L) Attendance director;
- 21 (M) Business/community partnerships;
- 22 (N) Pupil-teacher ratio/split grade classes;
- 23 (O) Local school improvement council, faculty senate, student
- 24 assistance team and curriculum team;
- 25 (P) Planning and lunch periods;
- 26 (Q) Skill improvement program;

- 1 (R) Certificate of proficiency;
- 2 (S) Training of county board members;
- 3 (T) Excellence in job performance;
- 4 (U) Staff development; and
- 5 (V) Preventive discipline, character education and student and
- 6 parental involvement.
- 7 (n) (1) School accreditation. The state board annually shall
- 8 review the information from the system of education performance
- 9 audits submitted for each school and shall issue to every school
- 10 one of the following approval levels: Exemplary accreditation
- 11 status, distinction accreditation status, full accreditation
- 12 status, temporary accreditation status, conditional accreditation
- 13 status or low performing accreditation status.
- 14 (1) Full accreditation status shall be given to a school when
- 15 the school's performance and progress meet or exceed the standards
- 16 adopted by the state board pursuant to subsection (e) or (f), as
- 17 applicable, of this section and it does not have any deficiencies
- 18 which would endanger student health or safety or other
- 19 extraordinary circumstances as defined by the state board. A
- 20 school that meets or exceeds the performance and progress standards
- 21 but has the other deficiencies shall remain on full accreditation
- 22 status for the remainder of the accreditation period and shall have
- 23 an opportunity to correct those deficiencies, notwithstanding other
- 24 provisions of this subsection.
- 25 (2) Temporary accreditation status shall be given to a school
- 26 when the school's performance and progress are below the level

- 1 required for full accreditation status. Whenever a school is given
- 2 temporary accreditation status, the county board shall ensure that
- 3 the school's electronic strategic improvement plan is revised in
- 4 accordance with subsection (b) of this section to increase the
- 5 performance and progress of the school to a full accreditation
- 6 status level. The revised plan shall be submitted to the state
- 7 board for approval.
- 8 (3) Conditional accreditation status shall be given to a
- 9 school when the school's performance and progress are below the
- 10 level required for full accreditation, but the school's electronic
- 11 strategic improvement plan meets the following criteria:
- 12 (A) The plan has been revised to improve performance and
- 13 progress on the standard or standards by a date or dates certain;
- 14 (B) The plan has been approved by the state board; and
- 15 (C) The school is meeting the objectives and time line
- 16 specified in the revised plan.
- 17 (4) Exemplary accreditation status shall be given to a school
- 18 when the school's performance and progress substantially exceed the
- 19 standards adopted by the state board pursuant to subsections (f)
- 20 and (g) of this section. The state board shall promulgate
- 21 legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of article
- 22 three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code designated to establish
- 23 standards of performance and progress to identify exemplary
- 24 schools.
- 25 (5) Distinction accreditation status shall be given to a
- 26 school when the school's performance and progress exceed the

- 1 standards adopted by the state board. The state board shall
- 2 promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of
- 3 article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code establishing
- 4 standards of performance and progress to identify schools of
- 5 distinction.
- 6 (6) Low-performing accreditation status shall be given to a
- 7 school whenever extraordinary circumstances exist as defined by the
- 8 state board.
- 9 (A) These circumstances shall include, but are not limited to,
- 10 any one or more of the following:
- 11 (i) The failure of a school on temporary accreditation status
- 12 to obtain approval of its revised electronic school strategic
- 13 improvement plan within a reasonable time period as defined by the
- 14 state board;
- 15 (ii) The failure of a school on conditional accreditation
- 16 status to meet the objectives and time line of its revised
- 17 electronic school strategic improvement plan;
- 18 (iii) The failure of a school to meet a standard by the date
- 19 specified in the revised plan; and
- 20 (iv) The results of the most recent statewide assessment in
- 21 reading and math or other multiple measures as determined by the
- 22 state board that identify the school as low performing at its
- 23 programmatic level in three of the last five years.
- 24 (B) Whenever the state board determines that the quality of
- 25 education in a school is low performing, the state board shall
- 26 appoint a team of improvement consultants from the West Virginia

- 1 Department of Education State System of Support to make 2 recommendations for correction of the low performance. These 3 recommendations shall be communicated to the county board and a
- 4 process shall be established in conjunction with the State System
- 5 of Support to correct the identified deficiencies. If progress in
- 6 correcting the low performance as determined by the state board is
- 7 not made within one year following the implementation of the
- 8 measures adopted to correct the identified deficiencies or by a
- 9 date certain established by the state board after at least one year
- 10 of implementation, the state board shall place the county board on
- 11 temporary approval status and provide consultation and assistance
- 12 to the county board to assist it in the following areas:
- 13 (i) Improving personnel management;
- 14 (ii) Establishing more efficient financial management
- 15 practices;
- 16 (iii) Improving instructional programs and rules; or
- 17 (iv) Making any other improvements that are necessary to
- 18 correct the low performance.
- 19 (C) If the low performance is not corrected by a date certain
- 20 as set by the state board:
- 21 (i) The state board shall appoint a monitor who shall be paid
- 22 at county expense to cause improvements to be made at the school to
- 23 bring it to full accreditation status within a reasonable time
- 24 period as determined by the state board. The monitor's work
- 25 location shall be at the school and the monitor shall work
- 26 collaboratively with the principal. The monitor shall, at a

1 minimum, report monthly to the state board on the measures being 2 taken to improve the school's performance and the progress being 3 made. The reports may include requests for additional assistance 4 and recommendations required in the judgment of the monitor to 5 improve the school's performance, including, but not limited to, 6 the need for targeting resources strategically to eliminate 7 deficiencies; (ii) The state board may make a determination, in its sole 9 judgment, that the improvements necessary to provide a thorough and 10 efficient education to the students at the school cannot be made 11 without additional targeted resources, in which case it shall 12 establish a plan in consultation with the county board that 13 includes targeted resources from sources under the control of the 14 state board and the county board to accomplish the needed 15 improvements. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 16 allow a change in personnel at the school to improve school 17 performance and progress, except as provided by law; 18 (iii) If the low performance is not corrected within one year 19 after the appointment of a monitor, the state board may make a 20 determination, in its sole judgment, that continuing a monitor 21 arrangement is not sufficient to correct the low performance and 22 may intervene in the operation of the school to cause improvements 23 to be made that will provide assurances that a thorough and 24 efficient system of schools will be provided. This intervention

25 may include, but is not limited to, establishing instructional

26 programs, taking such direct action as may be necessary to correct

- 1 the low performance, declaring the position of principal is vacant
- 2 and assigning a principal for the school who shall serve at the
- 3 will and pleasure of and, under the sole supervision of, the state
- 4 board: Provided, That prior to declaring that the position of the
- 5 principal is vacant, the state board must make a determination that
- 6 all other resources needed to correct the low performance are
- 7 present at the school.
- 8 (1) The state board shall establish levels of accreditation to
- 9 be assigned to schools. The establishment of levels of
- 10 accreditation and the levels shall be subject to the following:
- 11 (A) The levels will be designed to demonstrate school
- 12 performance in all the areas outlined in this section and also
- 13 those established by the state board;
- 14 (B) The state board shall promulgate legislative rules in
- 15 accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-
- 16 nine-a of this code to establish the performance and standards
- 17 required for a school to be assigned a particular level of
- 18 accreditation; and
- 19 (C) The state board will establish the levels of accreditation
- 20 in such a manner as to minimize the number of systems of school
- 21 recognition, both state and federal, that are employed to recognize
- 22 and accredit schools.
- 23 (2) The state board annually shall review the information from
- 24 the system of education performance audits submitted for each
- 25 school and shall issue to every school a level of accreditation as
- 26 designated and determined by the state board.

- 1 (3) The state board, in its exercise of general supervision of
- 2 the schools and school systems of West Virginia, may exercise any
- 3 or all of the following powers and actions:
- 4 (A) To require a school to revise its electronic strategic
- 5 plan;
- 6 (B) To define extraordinary circumstances under which the
- 7 state board may intervene directly or indirectly in the operation
- 8 of a school;
- 9 (C) To appoint monitors to work with the principal and staff
- 10 of a school where extraordinary circumstances are found to exist,
- 11 and to appoint monitors to assist the school principal after
- 12 intervention in the operation of a school is completed;
- 13 (D) To direct a county board to target resources to assist a
- 14 school where extraordinary circumstances are found to exist;
- 15 (E) To intervene directly in the operation of a school and
- 16 declare the position of principal vacant and assign a principal for
- 17 the school who will serve at the will and pleasure of the state
- 18 board. If the principal who was removed elects not to remain an
- 19 employee of the county board, then the principal assigned by the
- 20 state board shall be paid by the county board. If the principal
- 21 who was removed elects to remain an employee of the county board,
- 22 then the following procedure applies:
- (I) (i) The principal assigned by the state board shall be
- 24 paid by the state board until the next school term, at which time
- 25 the principal assigned by the state board shall be paid by the
- 26 county board;

- 1 (II) (ii) The principal who was removed is eligible for all
- 2 positions in the county, including teaching positions, for which
- 3 the principal is certified, by either being placed on the transfer
- 4 list in accordance with section seven, article two, chapter
- 5 eighteen-a of this code, or by being placed on the preferred recall
- 6 list in accordance with section seven-a, article four, chapter
- 7 eighteen-a of this code; and
- 8 (III) (iii) The principal who was removed shall be paid by the
- 9 county board and may be assigned to administrative duties, without
- 10 the county board being required to post that position until the end
- 11 of the school term; and
- 12 <u>(F) Such other powers and actions the state board determines</u>
- 13 necessary to fulfill its duties of general supervision of the
- 14 schools and school systems of West Virginia.
- 15 $\frac{(6)}{(4)}$ (4) The county board shall may take no action nor refuse
- 16 any action if the effect would be to impair further the school in
- 17 which the state board has intervened.
- 18 (7) The state board may appoint a monitor pursuant to the
- 19 provisions of this subsection to assist the school principal after
- 20 intervention in the operation of a school is completed.
- 21 (o) Transfers from low-performing schools. -- Whenever a
- 22 school is determined to be low performing and fails to improve its
- 23 status within one year, following state intervention in the
- 24 operation of the school to correct the low performance, any student
- 25 attending the school may transfer once to the nearest fully
- 26 accredited school in the county, subject to approval of the fully

- 1 accredited school and at the expense of the school from which the
- 2 student transferred.
- $\frac{\text{(p)}}{\text{(m)}}$ School system approval. The state board annually
- 4 shall review the information submitted for each school system from
- 5 the system of education performance audits and issue one of the
- 6 following approval levels to each county board: Full approval,
- 7 temporary approval, conditional approval or nonapproval.
- 8 (1) Full approval shall be given to a county board whose
- 9 schools have all been given full, temporary or conditional
- 10 accreditation status and which does not have any deficiencies which
- 11 would endanger student health or safety or other extraordinary
- 12 circumstances as defined by the state board. A fully approved
- 13 school system in which other deficiencies are discovered shall
- 14 remain on full accreditation status for the remainder of the
- 15 approval period and shall have an opportunity to correct those
- 16 deficiencies, notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection.
- 17 (2) Temporary approval shall be given to a county board whose
- 18 education system is below the level required for full approval.
- 19 Whenever a county board is given temporary approval status, the
- 20 county board shall revise its electronic county strategic
- 21 improvement plan in accordance with subsection (b) of this section
- 22 to increase the performance and progress of the school system to a
- 23 full approval status level. The revised plan shall be submitted to
- 24 the state board for approval.
- 25 (3) Conditional approval shall be given to a county board
- 26 whose education system is below the level required for full

- 1 approval, but whose electronic county strategic improvement plan 2 meets the following criteria:
- 3 (i) (A) The plan has been revised in accordance with 4 subsection (b) of this section;
- 5 $\frac{\text{(ii)}}{\text{(B)}}$ The plan has been approved by the state board; and
- 6 $\frac{\text{(iii)}}{\text{(C)}}$ The county board is meeting the objectives and time
- 7 line specified in the revised plan.
- 8 (4) Nonapproval status shall be given to a county board which 9 fails to submit and gain approval for its electronic county
- 10 strategic improvement plan or revised electronic county strategic
- 11 improvement plan within a reasonable time period as defined by the
- 12 state board or which fails to meet the objectives and time line of
- 13 its revised electronic county strategic improvement plan or fails
- 14 to achieve full approval by the date specified in the revised plan.
- 15 (A) The state board shall establish and adopt additional
- 16 standards to identify school systems in which the program may be
- 17 nonapproved and the state board may issue nonapproval status
- 18 whenever extraordinary circumstances exist as defined by the state
- 19 board.
- 20 (B) Whenever a county board has more than a casual deficit, as
- 21 defined in section one, article one of this chapter, the county
- 22 board shall submit a plan to the state board specifying the county
- 23 board's strategy for eliminating the casual deficit. The state
- 24 board either shall approve or reject the plan. If the plan is
- 25 rejected, the state board shall communicate to the county board the
- 26 reason or reasons for the rejection of the plan. The county board

- 1 may resubmit the plan any number of times. However, any county 2 board that fails to submit a plan and gain approval for the plan 3 from the state board before the end of the fiscal year after a 4 deficit greater than a casual deficit occurred or any county board 5 which, in the opinion of the state board, fails to comply with an 6 approved plan may be designated as having nonapproval status.
- 7 (C) Whenever nonapproval status is given to a school system, 8 the state board shall declare a state of emergency in the school 9 system and shall appoint a team of improvement consultants to make 10 recommendations within sixty days of appointment for correcting the 11 emergency. When the state board approves the recommendations, they 12 shall be communicated to the county board. If progress in 13 correcting the emergency, as determined by the state board, is not 14 made within six months from the time the county board receives the 15 recommendations, the state board shall intervene in the operation 16 of the school system to cause improvements to be made that will 17 provide assurances that a thorough and efficient system of schools 18 will be provided. This intervention may include, but is not 19 limited to, the following:
- (i) Limiting the authority of the county superintendent and county board as to the expenditure of funds, the employment and dismissal of personnel, the establishment and operation of the school calendar, the establishment of instructional programs and rules and any other areas designated by the state board by rule, which may include delegating decision-making authority regarding these matters to the state superintendent;

- 1 (ii) Declaring that the office of the county superintendent is 2 vacant;
- 3 (iii) Delegating to the state superintendent both the 4 authority to conduct hearings on personnel matters and school 5 closure or consolidation matters and, subsequently, to render the 6 resulting decisions and the authority to appoint a designee for the 7 limited purpose of conducting hearings while reserving to the state 8 superintendent the authority to render the resulting decisions;
- 9 (iv) Functioning in lieu of the county board of education in 10 a transfer, sale, purchase or other transaction regarding real 11 property; and
- 12 (v) Taking any direct action necessary to correct the 13 emergency including, but not limited to, the following:
- (I) Delegating to the state superintendent the authority to 15 replace administrators and principals in low performing schools and 16 to transfer them into alternate professional positions within the 17 county at his or her discretion; and
- (II) Delegating to the state superintendent the authority to fill positions of administrators and principals with individuals determined by the state superintendent to be the most qualified for the positions. Any authority related to intervention in the operation of a county board granted under this paragraph is not subject to the provisions of article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code;
- $\frac{(q)}{(n)}$ Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, 26 the state board may intervene immediately in the operation of the

- 1 county school system with all the powers, duties and 2 responsibilities contained in subsection (p) (m) of this section, 3 if the state board finds the following:
- 4 (1) That the conditions precedent to intervention exist as 5 provided in this section; and that delaying intervention for any 6 period of time would not be in the best interests of the students 7 of the county school system; or
- 8 (2) That the conditions precedent to intervention exist as 9 provided in this section and that the state board had previously 10 intervened in the operation of the same school system and had 11 concluded that intervention within the preceding five years.
- (r) (o) Capacity. The process for improving education 12 13 includes a process for targeting resources strategically to improve 14 the teaching and learning process. Development of electronic 15 school and school system strategic improvement plans, pursuant to 16 subsection (b) of this section, is intended, in part, to provide 17 mechanisms to target resources strategically to the teaching and 18 learning process to improve student, school and school system 19 performance. When deficiencies are detected through the assessment 20 and accountability processes, the revision and approval of school 21 and school system electronic strategic improvement plans shall 22 ensure that schools and school systems are efficiently using 23 existing resources to correct the deficiencies. When the state 24 board determines that schools and school systems do not have the 25 capacity to correct deficiencies, the state board shall work with 26 the county board to develop or secure the resources necessary to

- 1 increase the capacity of schools and school systems to meet the
- 2 standards and, when necessary, seek additional resources in
- 3 consultation with the Legislature and the Governor.
- 4 The state board shall recommend to the appropriate body
- 5 including, but not limited to, the Process for Improving Education
- 6 Council, the Legislature, county boards, schools and communities
- 7 methods for targeting resources strategically to eliminate
- 8 deficiencies identified in the assessment and accountability
- 9 processes. When making determinations on recommendations, the
- 10 state board shall include, but is not limited to, the following
- 11 methods:
- 12 (1) Examining reports and electronic strategic improvement
- 13 plans regarding the performance and progress of students, schools
- 14 and school systems relative to the standards and identifying the
- 15 areas in which improvement is needed;
- 16 (2) Determining the areas of weakness and of ineffectiveness
- 17 that appear to have contributed to the substandard performance and
- 18 progress of students or the deficiencies of the school or school
- 19 system and requiring the school or school system to work
- 20 collaboratively with the West Virginia Department of Education
- 21 State System of Support to correct the deficiencies;
- 22 (3) Determining the areas of strength that appear to have
- 23 contributed to exceptional student, school and school system
- 24 performance and progress and promoting their emulation throughout
- 25 the system;
- 26 (4) Requesting technical assistance from the School Building

- 1 Authority in assessing or designing comprehensive educational
- 2 facilities plans;
- 3 (5) Recommending priority funding from the School Building
- 4 Authority based on identified needs;
- 5 (6) Requesting special staff development programs from the
- 6 Center for Professional Development, the Principals Academy, higher
- 7 education, regional educational service agencies and county boards
- 8 based on identified needs;
- 9 (7) Submitting requests to the Legislature for appropriations
- 10 to meet the identified needs for improving education;
- 11 (8) Directing county boards to target their funds
- 12 strategically toward alleviating deficiencies;
- 13 (9) Ensuring that the need for facilities in counties with
- 14 increased enrollment are appropriately reflected and recommended
- 15 for funding;
- 16 (10) Ensuring that the appropriate person or entity is held
- 17 accountable for eliminating deficiencies; and
- 18 (11) Ensuring that the needed capacity is available from the
- 19 state and local level to assist the school or school system in
- 20 achieving the standards and alleviating the deficiencies.
- 21 ARTICLE 21. PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.
- 22 §18-2I-1. Legislative purpose.
- 23 The purpose of this article is to establish clear state-level
- 24 leadership for professional development for all West Virginia
- 25 public school educators and administrators. As the state
- 26 institution charged with the general supervision of the state

- 1 school system, the state board shall institute a system for the
- 2 coordination and delivery of high-quality professional development.
- 3 The system shall clearly define the goals for professional
- 4 development and delineate roles and responsibilities among the
- 5 various state and regional professional development providers.

6 §18-2I-2. Legislative findings.

- 7 The Legislature finds:
- 8 (1) That high-quality professional development is critical in
- 9 supporting improved practice, assuring teacher quality and raising
- 10 student achievement;
- 11 (2) That professional development is vital in the state's
- 12 overall school improvement efforts;
- 13 (3) That the state board should assure the efficient delivery
- 14 of high-quality professional development programs and assure that
- 15 duplication of efforts be minimized and that all stakeholders are
- 16 appropriately involved in the planning and implementing of programs
- 17 to meet requisite needs and that high-quality professional
- 18 development programs be provided to public school educators of West
- 19 Virginia in the most efficient and cost effective manner; and
- 20 (4) It should be the goal that professional development occur
- 21 outside of scheduled instructional time so student learning is not
- 22 interrupted by the absence of their classroom teacher.

23 §18-2I-3. Annual professional development master plan established

- 24 by state board.
- 25 (a) The state board annually shall establish a master plan for
- 26 professional development in the public schools of the state. As a

- 1 first priority, the state board shall require adequate and 2 appropriate professional development to ensure high-quality 3 teaching that will support improved student achievement, enable 4 students to meet the content standards established for the required 5 curriculum in the public schools and to be prepared for college and 6 careers.
- 7 (b) The state board annually shall submit the master plan to 8 the State Department of Education, the Center for Professional 9 Development, the regional educational service agencies, the Higher 10 Education Policy Commission and the Legislative Oversight 11 Commission on Education Accountability.
- (c) The state board shall annually establish goals for professional development and include the goals in the master plan. In establishing the goals, the state board shall review reports that may indicate a need for professional staff development including, but not limited to, the report of the Center for Professional Development created in article three-a, chapter eighteen-a of this code, student test scores on the statewide student assessment program, the measures of student and school performance for accreditation purposes, school and school district report cards and the state board's plans for the use of funds in the Strategic Staff Development Fund pursuant to section five of this article.
- 24 (d) Pursuant to section thirty-nine, article two of this 25 chapter the state board shall include in its Master Plan for 26 Professional Staff Development:

- 1 (1) Professional development for teachers teaching the
 2 transitional courses on how to teach the adopted college- and
 3 career-readiness standards for English/language arts and math; and
 4 (2) Appropriate professional development for other teachers in
 5 at least grades eight through twelve on how to teach the adopted
 6 college- and career-readiness standards in English/language arts
 7 and math directly, as embedded in other subject areas or both, as
 8 appropriate.
- 9 §18-2I-4. Coordination, development and evaluation of professional development programs.
- 11 (a) On or before June 1, 2013, the state board shall 12 promulgate an emergency rule in accordance with article three-b, 13 chapter twenty-nine of this code to ensure the coordination, 14 development and evaluation of high-quality professional development 15 programs. On or before November 1, 2013, the state board shall 16 promulgate a legislative rule for the same purpose. The rules shall 17 include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 18 (1) Standards for quality professional development that all 19 professional development providers shall use in designing, 20 implementing and evaluating professional development that shall 21 become part of the statewide professional development plan;
- 22 (2) Processes for assuring professional development resources 23 are appropriately allocated to identified areas of need;
- 24 (3) Processes for approval by state board of all professional 25 development plans/offerings;
- 26 (4) Processes for evaluating the effectiveness, efficiency,

- 1 and impact of the professional development;
- 2 (5) Processes for ensuring all stakeholders, including
- 3 affected classroom teachers, have a voice in the identification of
- 4 needed professional development and various delivery models;
- 5 (6) Processes for collaboration among West Virginia Department
- 6 of Education, Center for Professional Development, RESAs, county
- 7 boards and classroom teachers; and
- 8 (7) Processes for ensuring that the expertise and experience
- 9 of state institutions of higher education with teacher preparation
- 10 programs are included in developing and implementing professional
- 11 development programs.
- 12 (b) The state board approval of the proposed professional
- 13 development plans/offerings shall establish a Master Plan for
- 14 Professional Development which shall be submitted by the state
- 15 board to the affected agencies and to the Legislative Oversight
- 16 Commission on Education Accountability. The Master Plan shall
- 17 include the state board-approved plans for professional development
- 18 by the State Department of Education, the Center for Professional
- 19 Development, the state institutions of higher education and the
- 20 regional educational service agencies to meet the professional
- 21 development goals of the state board.
- 22 (c) The state board shall submit a report on or before
- 23 December 1 of each year on the effectiveness, efficiency and impact
- 24 of the statewide professional development plan to the Legislative
- 25 Oversight Commission on Education Accountability.
- 26 §18-2I-5. Strategic Staff Development Fund.

- 1 (a) There is created an account within the state board titled
 2 the Strategic Staff Development Fund. The allocation of balances
 3 which accrue in the General School Fund shall be transferred to the
 4 Strategic Staff Development Fund each year when the balances become
 5 available. Any remaining funds transferred to the Strategic Staff
 6 Development Fund during the fiscal year shall be carried over for
 7 use in the same manner the next fiscal year and shall be separate
 8 and apart from, and in addition to, the transfer of funds from the
 9 General School Fund for the next fiscal year.
- (b) The money in the Strategic Staff Development Fund shall be used by the state board to provide staff development in schools, counties or both that the state board determines need additional resources. The state board is required to report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability before December 1, annually, on the effectiveness of the staff development resulting from expenditures in this fund.
- 17 ARTICLE 3. STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

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18 §18-3-1. Appointment; qualifications; compensation; traveling 19 expenses; office and residence; evaluation.

There shall be appointed by the state board a State Superintendent of Schools who shall serve serves at the will and pleasure of the state board. He or she shall be a person of good moral character, shall be able to perform the duties listed in this article and possess such other educational, administrative, experiential and other qualifications as determined by the State Board of Education. of recognized ability as a school

administrator, holding He or she shall hold at least a master's degree from a regionally accredited institution of higher education or equivalent degree as determined by the state board. in educational administration, and shall have had not less than five years of experience in public school work. He or she shall receive an annual salary set by the state board, to be paid monthly:-Provided, That the annual salary may not exceed \$146,100: Provided, however, That after June 30, 2006, the annual salary may not exceed \$175,000. The state superintendent also shall receive necessary traveling expenses incident to the performance of his or her duties to be paid out of the General School Fund upon warrants of the State Auditor. The state superintendent shall have his or her office at the state Capitol. The state board shall report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability upon request concerning its progress during any hiring process for a state superintendent.

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The state board annually shall evaluate the performance of the state superintendent and publicly announce the results of the evaluation.

§18-3-9b. Reduction in amount budgeted for personal services.

The state superintendent shall reduce the budgeted amount for personal services, related employee benefits and contractual expenditures related to employment by five percent in fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The reductions shall be taken department wide, excluding the school aid formula and institutionalized services to juveniles and adults, and other direct-service education

expenditures.

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2 §18-3-12. Special Community Development School Pilot Program.

- The state superintendent shall establish a Special Community Development School Pilot Program to be implemented in one a neighborhood of at least five public schools, which shall include at least one elementary and middle school, for the duration of five years. The public school neighborhood of public schools designated by the state superintendent for the pilot shall have disadvantaged, significant enrollments of minority underachieving students. The designated public school neighborhood of public schools under the direction of the county board and county superintendent shall work in collaboration with higher education, community organizations, Center for Professional Development, local community leaders, affected classroom teachers, affected parents and the state board to develop and implement strategies that could be replicated in other public schools with enrollments of disadvantaged, significant minority and underachieving students to improve academic achievement. For purposes of this section "neighborhood" means an area of no more than seven square miles.
- (b) Beginning in January, 2011 2014, on or before the first day of the regular session of the Legislature, and each year thereafter, the state superintendent, county superintendent for the county in which the schools are located and lead community-based organizations shall make a status report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability and to the state

- board. The report may include any recommendations based on the progress of the demonstration project that he or she considers either necessary for improving the operations of the demonstration project or prudent for improving student achievement in other public schools through replication of successful demonstration school programs.
- 7 ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.
- 8 §18-5-18. Kindergarten programs.

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- (a) County boards shall provide kindergarten programs for all children who have attained the age of five prior to September 1, of the school year in which the pupil enters the kindergarten program and may, pursuant to the provisions of section forty-four, article five, chapter eighteen of this code, establish kindergarten programs designed for children below the age of five. The programs for children who shall have attained the age of five shall be full-day everyday programs.
- (b) Persons employed as kindergarten teachers, distinguished from paraprofessional personnel, shall be required to hold a certificate valid for teaching at the assigned level as prescribed by regulations rules established by the state board. The state board shall establish and prescribe quidelines and minimum requirements criteria setting forth the for all paraprofessional personnel employed in kindergarten programs established pursuant to the provisions of this section and no such paraprofessional personnel shall may be employed in kindergarten program unless he or she meets such the minimum

employed as an aide in a kindergarten program and who is employed in the same capacity on and after that date and any new person employed in that capacity in a kindergarten program on and after that date shall hold the position of either Early Childhood Classroom Assistant Teacher - Temporary Authorization, Early Childhood Classroom Assistant Teacher - Permanent Authorization or Early Childhood Classroom Assistant Teacher - Permanent Authorization or Early Childhood Classroom Assistant Teacher - Paraprofessional Certificate. Any person employed as an aide in a kindergarten program that is eligible for full retirement benefits before July 1, 2020, may remain employed as an aide in that position and may not be required to acquire licensure pursuant to this section.

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(C) The state board with the advice of the superintendent shall establish and prescribe guidelines and criteria relating to the establishment, operation and successful completion of kindergarten programs in accordance with the other provisions of this section. Guidelines and criteria so established and prescribed also are intended to serve for the establishment and operation of nonpublic kindergarten programs and shall be used for the evaluation and approval of such those programs by the state superintendent, provided application for such the evaluation and approval is made in writing by proper authorities in control of such the programs. The state superintendent, annually, shall publish a list of nonpublic kindergarten programs, including Montessori kindergartens that have been approved in accordance with the provisions of this section. Montessori kindergartens

established and operated in accordance with usual and customary practices for the use of the Montessori method which have teachers who have training or experience, regardless of additional certification, in the use of the Montessori method of instruction for kindergartens shall be considered to be approved.

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(d) Pursuant to such the guidelines and criteria, and only pursuant to such the quidelines and criteria, the county boards may establish programs taking kindergarten to the homes of the children involved, using educational television, paraprofessional personnel in addition to and to supplement regularly certified teachers, mobile or permanent classrooms and other means developed to best carry kindergarten to the child in its home and enlist the aid and involvement of its parent or parents in presenting the program to the child; or may develop programs of a more formal kindergarten type, in existing school buildings, or both, as such the county board may determine, taking into consideration the cost, the terrain, the existing available facilities, the distances each child may be required to travel, the time each child may be required to be away from home, the child's health, the involvement of parents and such other factors as each county board may find pertinent. Such The determinations by any county board shall be are final and conclusive.

§18-5-44. Early childhood education programs.

(a) For the purposes of this section, "early childhood education" means programs for children who have attained the age of four prior to September 1 of the school year in which the pupil

- 1 enters the program created in this section.
- 2 (b) Findings. -

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- 3 (1) Among other positive outcomes, early childhood education
- 4 programs have been determined to:
- 5 (A) Improve overall readiness when children enter school;
- 6 (B) Decrease behavioral problems;
- 7 (C) Improve student attendance;
- 8 (D) Increase scores on achievement tests;
- 9 (E) Decrease the percentage of students repeating a grade; and
- 10 (F) Decrease the number of students placed in special education programs;
- 12 (2) Quality early childhood education programs improve school
 13 performance and low-quality early childhood education programs may
 14 have negative effects, especially for at-risk children;
 - (3) West Virginia has the lowest percentage of its adult population twenty-five years of age or older with a bachelor's degree and the education level of parents is a strong indicator of how their children will perform in school;
 - (4) During the 2006-2007 school year, West Virginia ranked thirty-ninth among the fifty states in the percentage of school children eligible for free and reduced lunches and this percentage is a strong indicator of how the children will perform in school;
 - (5) For the school year 2008-2009, 13,135 students were enrolled in prekindergarten, a number equal to approximately sixty-three percent of the number of students enrolled in kindergarten;

(6) Excluding projected increases due to increases in enrollment in the early childhood education program, projections indicate that total student enrollment in West Virginia will decline by one percent, or by approximately 2704 students, by the school year 2012-2013;

- (7) In part, because of the dynamics of the state aid formula, county boards will continue to enroll four-year old students to offset the declining enrollments;
- (8) West Virginia has a comprehensive kindergarten program for five-year olds, but the program was established in a manner that resulted in unequal implementation among the counties which helped create deficit financial situations for several county boards;
- (9) Expansion of current efforts to implement a comprehensive early childhood education program should avoid the problems encountered in kindergarten implementation;
- (10) Because of the dynamics of the state aid formula, counties experiencing growth are at a disadvantage in implementing comprehensive early childhood education programs; and
- (11) West Virginia citizens will benefit from the establishment of quality comprehensive early childhood education programs.
- (c) Beginning no later than the school year 2012-2013, and continuing thereafter, county boards shall provide early childhood education programs for all children who have attained the age of four prior to September 1 of the school year in which the pupil enters the early childhood education program. Beginning no later

than the school year 2016-2017, and continuing thereafter, early childhood education programs that are full day and five days per week shall be available to all children meeting the age requirement set forth in the subsection.

- (d) The program shall meet the following criteria:
- (1) It shall be voluntary, except, upon enrollment, the provisions of section one, article eight of this chapter apply to an enrolled student, and subject to subdivision (3) of this subsection;
- less than full day All children meeting the age requirement set forth in this section shall have the opportunity to enroll in a program that is full day and five days per week. The program may be for fewer than five days per week and may be less than full day based on family need if a sufficient number of families request such programs and the county board finds that such programs are in the best interest of the requesting families and students:

 Provided, That the ability of families to request programs that are fewer than five days a week or less than a full day does not relieve the county of the obligation to provide all resident children with the opportunity to enroll in a full-day program; and

 (3) A parent of a child enrolled in an early education program may withdraw a child from that program for good cause by notifying the district. Good cause includes, but is not limited to,

enrollment of the child in another program or the immaturity of the

child. A child withdrawn under this section is not subject to the

- 1 attendance provisions of this chapter until that child again
 2 enrolls in a public school in this state.
- 3 (e) Enrollment of students in Head Start, in any other program
 4 approved by the state superintendent as provided in subsection (k)
 5 of this section shall may be counted toward satisfying the
 6 requirement of subsection (c) of this section.
- 7 (f) For the purposes of implementation financing, all counties 8 are encouraged to make use of funds from existing sources, 9 including:
- 10 (1) Federal funds provided under the Elementary and Secondary
 11 Education Act pursuant to 20 U. S. C. §6301, et seq.;
- 12 (2) Federal funds provided for Head Start pursuant to 42 U. S. 13 C. §9831, et seq.;
- 14 (3) Federal funds for temporary assistance to needy families 15 pursuant to 42 U. S. C. §601, et seq.;
- 16 (4) Funds provided by the School Building Authority pursuant
 17 to article nine-d of this chapter;
- 18 (5) In the case of counties with declining enrollments, funds
 19 from the state aid formula above the amount indicated for the
 20 number of students actually enrolled in any school year; and
- 21 (6) Any other public or private funds.
- (g) Each county board shall develop a plan for implementing the program required by this section. The plan shall include the following elements:
- 25 (1) An analysis of the demographics of the county related to early childhood education program implementation;

1 (2) An analysis of facility and personnel needs;

- 2 (3) Financial requirements for implementation and potential 3 sources of funding to assist implementation;
 - (4) Details of how the county board will cooperate and collaborate with other early childhood education programs including, but not limited to, Head Start, to maximize federal and other sources of revenue;
 - (5) Specific time lines for implementation; and
- 9 (6) Any other items the state board may require by policy.
 - (h) A county board shall submit its plan to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources. The secretary shall approve the plan if the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The county board has maximized the use of federal and other available funds for early childhood programs;
 - (2) The county board has provided for the maximum implementation of Head Start programs and other public and private programs approved by the state superintendent pursuant to the terms of subsection (k) of this section; and
 - (3) If the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources finds that the county board has not met one or more of the requirements of this subsection, but that the county board has acted in good faith and the failure to comply was not the primary fault of the county board, then the secretary shall approve the plan. Any denial by the secretary may be appealed to the circuit court of the county in which the county board is located.
 - (i) The county board shall submit its plan for approval to the

state board. The state board shall approve the plan if the county board has complied substantially with the requirements of subsection (g) of this section and has obtained the approval required in subsection (h) of this section.

- (j) Every county board shall submit its plan for reapproval by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources and by the state board at least every two years after the initial approval of the plan and until full implementation of the early childhood education program in the county. As part of the submission, the county board shall provide a detailed statement of the progress made in implementing its plan. The standards and procedures provided for the original approval of the plan apply to any reapproval.
- (k) A county board may not increase the total number of students enrolled in the county in an early childhood program until its program is approved by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources and the state board.
- (1) The state board annually may grant a county board a waiver for total or partial implementation if the state board finds that all of the following conditions exist:
 - (1) The county board is unable to comply either because:
 - (A) It does not have sufficient facilities available; or
- 23 (B) It does not and has not had available funds sufficient to 24 implement the program;
- 25 (2) The county has not experienced a decline in enrollment at least equal to the total number of students to be enrolled; and

(3) Other agencies of government have not made sufficient funds or facilities available to assist in implementation.

Any county board seeking a waiver shall apply with the supporting data to meet the criteria for which they are eligible on or before March 25 for the following school year. The state superintendent shall grant or deny the requested waiver on or before April 15 of that same year.

- (m) The provisions of subsections (b), (c) and (d), section eighteen of this article relating to kindergarten apply to early childhood education programs in the same manner in which they apply to kindergarten programs.
- (n) Annually, the state board shall report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability on the progress of implementation of this section.
- (o) Except as required by federal law or regulation, no county board may enroll students who will be less than four years of age prior to September 1 for the year they enter school.
- (p) Neither the state board nor the state department may provide any funds to any county board for the purpose of implementing this section unless the county board has a plan approved pursuant to subsections (h), (i) and (j) of this section.
- (q) The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the purposes of implementing the provisions of this section. The state board shall consult with the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources in the preparation of the

- 1 rule. The rule shall contain the following:
- 2 (1) Standards for curriculum;
- 3 (2) Standards for preparing students;
- 4 (3) Attendance requirements;

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- 5 (4) Standards for personnel; and
- 6 (5) Any other terms necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
- 8 (r) The rule shall include the following elements relating to 9 curriculum standards:
- 10 (1) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to address
 11 the developmental needs of four-year old children, consistent with
 12 prevailing research on how children learn;
- (2) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to achieve long-range goals for the social, emotional, physical and academic development of young children;
- 16 (3) A method for including a broad range of content that is
 17 relevant, engaging and meaningful to young children;
 - (4) A requirement that the curriculum incorporate a wide variety of learning experiences, materials and equipment, and instructional strategies to respond to differences in prior experience, maturation rates and learning styles that young children bring to the classroom;
- 23 (5) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to build on 24 what children already know in order to consolidate their learning 25 and foster their acquisition of new concepts and skills;
- 26 (6) A requirement that the curriculum meet the recognized

- 1 standards of the relevant subject matter disciplines;
- 2 (7) A requirement that the curriculum engage children actively
- 3 in the learning process and provide them with opportunities to make
- 4 meaningful choices;
- 5 (8) A requirement that the curriculum emphasize the
- 6 development of thinking, reasoning, decisionmaking and
- 7 problem-solving skills;
- 8 (9) A set of clear guidelines for communicating with parents
- 9 and involving them in decisions about the instructional needs of
- 10 their children; and
- 11 (10) A systematic plan for evaluating program success in
- 12 meeting the needs of young children and for helping them to be
- 13 ready to succeed in school.
- 14 (s) The secretary and the state superintendent shall submit a
- 15 report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education
- 16 Accountability and the Joint Committee on Government and Finance
- 17 which addresses, at a minimum, the following issues:
- 18 (1) A summary of the approved county plans for providing the
- 19 early childhood education programs pursuant to this section;
- 20 (2) An analysis of the total cost to the state and county
- 21 boards of implementing the plans;
- 22 (3) A separate analysis of the impact of the plans on counties
- with increasing enrollment; and
- 24 (4) An analysis of the effect of the programs on the
- 25 maximization of the use of federal funds for early childhood
- programs.

- The intent of this subsection is to enable the Legislature to proceed in a fiscally responsible manner, make any necessary program improvements based on reported information prior to implementation of the early childhood education programs.
 - (t) After the school year 2012-2013, on or before July 1 of each year, each county board shall report the following information to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources and the state superintendent:
 - (1) Documentation indicating the extent to which county boards are maximizing resources by using the existing capacity of community-based programs, including, but not limited to, Head Start and child care; and
 - (2) For those county boards that are including eligible children attending approved, contracted community-based programs in their net enrollment for the purposes of calculating state aid pursuant to article nine-a of this chapter, documentation that the county board is equitably distributing funding for all children regardless of setting.

19 §18-5-45. School calendar.

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- 20 (a) As used in this section:
- 21 (1) "Instructional day" means a day within the instructional 22 term which meets the following criteria:
- 23 (A) Instruction is offered to students for at least the 24 minimum amount of hours provided by state board rule;
- 25 (B) Instructional time is used for instruction and cocurricular activities; and

- 1 (C) Other criteria as the state board determines appropriate.
- 2 (2) "Cocurricular activities" are activities that are closely
- 3 related to identifiable academic programs or areas of study that
- 4 serve to complement academic curricula as further defined by the
- 5 state board.
- 6 (b) Findings. -
- 7 (1) The primary purpose of the school system is to provide
- 8 instruction for students.
- 9 (2) The school calendar, as defined in this section, is
- 10 designed to define the school term both for employees and for
- 11 instruction.
- 12 (3) The school calendar shall provide for one hundred eighty
- 13 separate instructional days.
- 14 (c) The county board shall provide a school term for its
- schools that contains the following:
- 16 (1) An employment term that excludes Saturdays and Sundays and
- 17 consists of at least two hundred days, which need not be
- 18 successive;
- 19 (2) Within the employment term, an instructional term for
- 20 students of no less than one hundred eighty separate instructional
- 21 days, which includes an inclement weather and emergencies plan
- designed to guarantee an instructional term for students of no less
- 23 than one hundred eighty separate instructional days;
- 24 (3) Within the employment term, noninstructional days shall
- total twenty and shall be comprised of the following:
- 26 (A) Seven paid holidays;

- 3 (C) The remaining days to be designated by the county board 4 for purposes to include, but not be limited to:
- 5 (i) Curriculum development;
- 6 (ii) Preparation for opening and closing school;
- 7 (iii) Professional development;
- 8 (iv) Teacher-pupil-parent conferences;
- 9 (v) Professional meetings;

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- 10 (vi) Making up days when instruction was scheduled but not conducted; and
 - (vii) At least four two-hour blocks of time for faculty senate meetings with each two-hour block of time scheduled once at least every forty-five instructional days.
 - (4) Scheduled out-of-calendar days that are to be used for instructional days in the event school is canceled for any reason.
 - (d) A county board of education shall develop a policy that requires additional minutes of instruction in the school day or additional days of instruction to recover time lost due to late arrivals and early dismissals.
 - (e) If it is not possible to complete one hundred eighty separate instructional days with the current school calendar, the county board shall schedule instruction on any available noninstructional day, regardless of the purpose for which the day originally was scheduled, and the day will be used for instruction of students: *Provided*, That the provisions of this subsection do

1 not apply to:

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- 2 (1) Holidays; and
- 3 (2) Election day.
- 4 (f) The instructional term shall commence and terminate on a date selected by the county board. Calculation of the required one hundred eighty separate instructional days must fall within a 365-day period to be established by the county board.
- 8 (g) The state board may not schedule the primary statewide 9 assessment program more than thirty days prior to the end of the 10 instructional year unless the state board determines that the 11 nature of the test mandates an earlier testing date.
- 12 (h) The following applies to cocurricular activities:
- 13 (1) The state board shall determine what activities may be considered cocurricular:
- 15 (2) The state board shall determine the amount of 16 instructional time that may be consumed by cocurricular activities; 17 and
- 18 (3) Other requirements or restrictions the state board may
 19 provide in the rule required to be promulgated by this section.
- 20 (i) Extracurricular activities may not be used for 21 instructional time.
- 22 (j) Noninstructional interruptions to the instructional day 23 shall be minimized to allow the classroom teacher to teach.
 - (k) Prior to implementing the school calendar, the county board shall secure approval of its proposed calendar from the state board or, if so designated by the state board, from the state

1 superintendent.

- (1) In formulation of a school's calendar, a county school board shall hold at least two public meetings that allow parents, teachers, teacher organizations, businesses and other interested parties within the county to discuss the school calendar. The public notice of the date, time and place of the public hearing must be published in a local newspaper of general circulation in the area as a Class II legal advertisement, in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code.
- (m) The county board may contract with all or part of the personnel for a longer term of employment.
 - (n) The minimum instructional term may be decreased by order of the state superintendent in any county declared a federal disaster area and where the event causing the declaration is substantially related to a reduction of instructional days.
 - (o) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the state board may grant a waiver to a county board for its noncompliance with provisions of chapter eighteen, eighteen-a, eighteen-b and eighteen-c of this code to maintain compliance in reaching the mandatory one hundred eighty separate instructional days established in this section.
 - (p) The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the purpose of implementing the provisions of this section.
 - ARTICLE 5A. LOCAL SCHOOL INVOLVEMENT.

§18-5A-5. Public school faculty senates established; election of officers; powers and duties.

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(a) There is established at every public school in this state a faculty senate which is comprised of all permanent, full-time professional educators employed at the school who shall all be voting members. Professional educators, as used in this section, means "professional educators" as defined in chapter eighteen-a of this code. A quorum of more than one half of the voting members of the faculty shall be present at any meeting of the faculty senate at which official business is conducted. Prior to the beginning of the instructional term each year, but within the employment term, the principal shall convene a meeting of the faculty senate to elect a chair, vice chair and secretary and discuss matters relevant to the beginning of the school year. The vice chair shall preside at meetings when the chair is absent. Meetings of the faculty senate shall be held during the times provided in accordance with subdivision (12), subsection (b) of this section as determined by the faculty senate. Emergency meetings may be held during noninstructional time at the call of the chair or a majority of the voting members by petition submitted to the chair and vice An agenda of matters to be considered at a scheduled chair. meeting of the faculty senate shall be available to the members at least two employment days prior to the meeting. For emergency meetings the agenda shall be available as soon as possible prior to the meeting. The chair of the faculty senate may appoint such committees as may be desirable to study and submit recommendations

to the full faculty senate, but the acts of the faculty senate shall be voted upon by the full body.

- (b) In addition to any other powers and duties conferred by law, or authorized by policies adopted by the state or county board of education or bylaws which may be adopted by the faculty senate not inconsistent with law, the powers and duties listed in this subsection are specifically reserved for the faculty senate. The intent of these provisions is neither to restrict nor to require the activities of every faculty senate to the enumerated items except as otherwise stated. Each faculty senate shall organize its activities as it deems considers most effective and efficient based on school size, departmental structure and other relevant factors.
- (1) Each faculty senate shall control funds allocated to the school from legislative appropriations pursuant to section nine, article nine-a of this chapter. From such those funds, each classroom teacher and librarian shall be allotted \$100 for expenditure during the instructional year for academic materials, supplies or equipment which, in the judgment of the teacher or librarian, will assist him or her in providing instruction in his or her assigned academic subjects or shall be returned to the faculty senate: Provided, That nothing contained herein prohibits the funds from being used for programs and materials that, in the opinion of the teacher, enhance student behavior, increase academic achievement, improve self esteem and address the problems of students at risk. The remainder of funds shall be expended for academic materials, supplies or equipment in accordance with a

budget approved by the faculty senate. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law to the contrary, funds not expended in one school year are available for expenditure in the next school year: Provided, however, That the amount of county funds budgeted in a fiscal year may not be reduced throughout the year as a result of the faculty appropriations in the same fiscal year for such materials, supplies and equipment. Accounts shall be maintained of the allocations and expenditures of such funds for the purpose of financial audit. Academic materials, supplies or equipment shall be interpreted broadly, but does not include materials, supplies or equipment which will be used in or connected with interscholastic athletic events.

- (2) A faculty senate may establish a process for members to interview new prospective professional educators and paraprofessional employees at the school and submit recommendations regarding employment to the principal, who <u>also</u> may <u>also</u> make independent recommendations, for submission to the county superintendent: *Provided*, That <u>such</u> the process shall be chaired by the school principal and must permit the timely employment of persons to perform necessary duties.
- (3) A faculty senate may nominate teachers for recognition as outstanding teachers under state and local teacher recognition programs and other personnel at the school, including parents, for recognition under other appropriate recognition programs and may establish such programs for operation at the school.
 - (4) A faculty senate may submit recommendations to the

- principal regarding the assignment scheduling of secretaries,

 clerks, aides and paraprofessionals at the school.
- 3 (5) A faculty senate may submit recommendations to the 4 principal regarding establishment of the master curriculum schedule 5 for the next ensuing school year.

- (6) A faculty senate may establish a process for the review and comment on sabbatical leave requests submitted by employees at the school pursuant to section eleven, article two of this chapter.
- (7) Each faculty senate shall elect three faculty representatives to the local school improvement council established pursuant to section two of this article.
- (8) Each faculty senate may nominate a member for election to the county staff development council pursuant to section eight, article three, chapter eighteen-a of this code.
- (9) Each faculty senate shall have an opportunity to make recommendations on the selection of faculty to serve as mentors for beginning teachers under beginning teacher internship programs at the school.
- (10) A faculty senate may solicit, accept and expend any grants, gifts, bequests, donations and any other funds made available to the faculty senate: *Provided*, That the faculty senate shall select a member who has the duty of maintaining a record of all funds received and expended by the faculty senate, which record shall be kept in the school office and is subject to normal auditing procedures.
 - (11) Any faculty senate may review the evaluation procedure as

conducted in their school to ascertain whether the evaluations were conducted in accordance with the written system required pursuant to section twelve, article two, chapter eighteen-a of this code or pursuant to section two, article three-c, chapter eighteen-a of this code, as applicable, and the general intent of this Legislature regarding meaningful performance evaluations of school personnel. If a majority of members of the faculty senate determine that such evaluations were not so conducted, they shall submit a report in writing to the State Board of Education: Provided, That nothing herein creates any new right of access to or review of any individual's evaluations.

(12) A local board shall provide to each faculty senate a two-hour block of time for a faculty senate meeting on a day scheduled for the opening of school prior to the beginning of the instructional term and a two-hour block of time on each instructional support and enhancement day scheduled by the board for instructional activities for students and professional activities for teachers pursuant to section forty-five, article five of this chapter at least four additional two-hour blocks of time during noninstructional days, with each two-hour block of time scheduled once at least every forty-five instructional days. A faculty senate may meet for an unlimited block of time per month during noninstructional days to discuss and plan strategies to improve student instruction and to conduct other faculty senate business. A faculty senate meeting scheduled on a noninstructional day shall be considered as part of the purpose for which the

- noninstructional day is scheduled. This time may be utilized used
 and determined at the local school level and includes, but is not
 limited to, faculty senate meetings.
 - (13) Each faculty senate shall develop a strategic plan to manage the integration of special needs students into the regular classroom at their respective schools and submit the strategic plan to the superintendent of the county board of education periodically pursuant to guidelines developed by the State Department of Education. Each faculty senate shall encourage the participation of local school improvement councils, parents and the community at large in developing the strategic plan for each school.
 - Each strategic plan developed by the faculty senate shall include at least: (A) A mission statement; (B) goals; (C) needs; (D) objectives and activities to implement plans relating to each goal; (E) work in progress to implement the strategic plan; (F) guidelines for placing additional staff into integrated classrooms to meet the needs of exceptional needs students without diminishing the services rendered to the other students in integrated classrooms; (G) guidelines for implementation of collaborative planning and instruction; and (H) training for all regular classroom teachers who serve students with exceptional needs in integrated classrooms.
- 23 CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.
- 24 ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

- 25 §18A-2-1. Employment in general.
- 26 (a) The employment of professional personnel shall be made by

the board only upon nomination and recommendation of superintendent, subject to the following: Provided, That

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- (1) The superintendent shall provide the principal at the school at which the professional educator or paraprofessional employee is to be employed an opportunity to interview all qualified applicants and make recommendations to the county superintendent regarding their employment; Provided, however, That
 - (2) The principal may not recommend for employment an individual who is related to him or her as father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother or half sister;
- (3) Nothing shall prohibit the timely employment of persons to 16 perform necessary duties;
 - (4) In case the board refuses to employ any or all of the persons nominated, the superintendent shall nominate others and submit the same to the board at such time as the board may direct;
 - (5) All personnel so nominated and recommended for employment and for subsequent assignment shall meet the certification, licensing, training and other eligibility classifications as may be required by provisions of this chapter and by state board regulation rule. In addition to any other information required, the application for any certification or licensing shall include the applicant's Social Security number.

(b) Professional personnel employed as deputy, associate or assistant superintendents by the board in offices, departments or divisions at locations other than a school and who are directly answerable to the superintendent shall serve at the will and pleasure of the superintendent and may be removed by the superintendent upon approval of the board. Such professional personnel shall retain seniority rights only in the area or areas in which they hold valid certification or licensure.

- §18A-2-7. Assignment, transfer, promotion, demotion, suspension and recommendation of dismissal of school personnel by superintendent; preliminary notice of transfer; hearing on the transfer; proof required.
 - (a) The superintendent, subject only to approval of the board, may assign, transfer, promote, demote or suspend school personnel and recommend their dismissal pursuant to provisions of this chapter. However, an employee shall be notified in writing by the superintendent on or before March 1 if he or she is being considered for transfer or to be transferred. Only those employees whose consideration for transfer or intended transfer is based upon known or expected circumstances which will require the transfer of employees shall be considered for transfer or intended for transfer and the notification shall be limited to only those employees. Any teacher or employee who desires to protest the proposed transfer may request in writing a statement of the reasons for the proposed transfer. The statement of reasons shall be delivered to the teacher or employee within ten days of the receipt of the request.

Within ten days of the receipt of the statement of the reasons, the teacher or employee may make written demand upon the superintendent for a hearing on the proposed transfer before the county board of education. The hearing on the proposed transfer shall be held on or before April 15. At the hearing, the reasons for the proposed transfer must be shown.

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- (b) The superintendent at a meeting of the board on or before April 15 shall furnish in writing to the board a list of teachers and other employees to be considered for transfer and subsequent assignment for the next ensuing school year. An employee who was not provided notice and an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may not be included on the list. All other teachers and employees not so listed shall be considered as reassigned to the positions or jobs held at the time of this The list of those recommended for transfer shall be meeting. included in the minute record of the meeting and all those so listed shall be notified in writing, which notice shall be delivered in writing, by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the persons' last known addresses within ten days following the board meeting, of their having been so recommended for transfer and subsequent assignment and the reasons therefor.
- (c) The superintendent's authority to suspend school personnel shall be temporary only pending a hearing upon charges filed by the superintendent with the <u>county</u> board of education and the period of suspension may not exceed thirty days unless extended by order of the board.

(d) The provisions of this section respecting hearing upon notice of transfer is not applicable in emergency situations where the school building becomes damaged or destroyed through an unforeseeable act and which act necessitates a transfer of the school personnel because of the aforementioned condition of the building.

- (e) Notwithstanding this section or any provision of this code, when actual student enrollment in a grade level or program, unforeseen before March 1 of the preceding school year, permits the assignment of fewer teachers or service personnel to or within a school under any pupil-teacher ratio, class size or caseload standard established in section eighteen-a, article five, chapter eighteen of this code or any policy of the state board, the superintendent, with board approval, may reassign the surplus personnel to another school or to another grade level or program within the school if needed there to comply with any such pupil-teacher ratio, class size or caseload standard.
- (1) Before any reassignment may occur pursuant to this subsection, notice shall be provided to the employee and the employee shall be provided an opportunity to appear before the county board to state the reasons for his or her objections, if any, prior to the board voting on the reassignment.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the reassignment may be made without following the notice and hearing provisions of this section, and at any time during the school year when the conditions of this subsection are

- 1 met: Provided, That the reassignment may not occur after the last
 2 day of the second school month.
- 3 (3) A professional employee reassigned under this subsection
 4 shall be the least senior of the surplus professional personnel who
 5 holds certification or licensure to perform the duties at the other
 6 school or at the grade level or program within the school.
- 7 (4) A service employee reassigned under this subsection shall
 8 be the least senior of the surplus personnel who holds the same
 9 classification or multiclassification needed to perform the duties
 10 at the other school or at the grade level or program within the
 11 same school.
- 12 (5) No school employee's annual contract term, compensation or 13 benefits shall be changed as a result of a reassignment under this 14 subsection.
- 15 ARTICLE 3. TRAINING; CERTIFICATION; LICENSING; PROFESSIONAL
 16 DEVELOPMENT.
- 17 §18A-3-1d. National teaching corps.

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- (a) Definitions. For the purposes of this section:
- (1) "Critical need alternative teaching certificate" means a certificate issued to a candidate who has been admitted to a program designated as a national teaching corps pursuant to this section, is assigned to teach in West Virginia, and who does not meet the standard educational requirements for teacher certification.
 - (2) "National teacher corps" means a program that:
- 26 (A) Includes a group of college graduates who commit to teach

- 1 for at least two years in underserved communities in the United 2 States;
- (B) Is designed to increase the supply of effective teachers 3 4 in low-income communities and have the capacity to provide teachers 5 for high-need fields;
- (C) Is designed to meet the specific teacher needs of a 7 district or districts and the needs of high-need areas, including 8 rural areas;
- 9 (D) Recruits college graduates from across the United States 10 to teach in high-need, urban and rural schools;
 - (E) Provides high-quality professional development that is sustained, intensive and classroom focused both prior to and while teaching and intensive supervision that consists of structured guidance and regular ongoing support;
 - (F) Serves multiple states; and

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- That includes a summer training institute, requires ongoing two-year professional development and employs a staff member who can be a member of the professional support team required by this section.
 - (3) "National teacher corps member" means an individual who has been admitted to a national teacher corps to be a teacher, and who is in the process of completing a two-year commitment as part of the corps.
 - (b) Designation of national teacher corps. Upon written request to the state board, the state board shall determine whether a group qualifies as a national teacher corps under the definition

set forth in subsection (a) of this section and whether a group is otherwise compatible with the requirements of this section. If the state board determines that the group qualifies under the definition and is otherwise compatible with the requirements of this section, the board shall designate the group as a national teacher corps for the purposes of this section.

- (c) Critical need alternative teaching certificate. -
- (1) To serve as teacher of record under this section, the candidate must hold a critical need alternative teaching certificate issued by the state superintendent and endorsed for the instructional field in which the candidate seeks certification.
- (2) The certificate only is valid for the purposes of allowing the certificate holder to teach in subject areas, public schools or geographic areas of the state in which the state board determines that critical teacher shortages exist. The state board shall establish criteria and procedures for identifying critical teacher shortages in subject areas, public schools and geographic areas of the state. In establishing the criteria and procedures, the state board shall coordinate with the Higher Education Policy Commission as it establishes its criteria and procedures for identifying critical teacher shortages for the purposes of the Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarship and Loan Assistance Fund pursuant to section one, article four, chapter eighteen-c of this code.
- (3) The certificate is issued for two years and may be renewed for one additional year, and no individual may hold a critical need alternative teacher certificate for a period exceeding three years.

- The critical need alternative teacher certificate is equivalent to a professional teaching certificate for the purpose of issuing a continuing contract, and for the purposes of being designated a highly qualified teacher under the No Child Left Behind Act.
 - (4) To be eligible for a critical need alternative teacher certificate, an applicant shall meet the following criteria:

- (A) Have been admitted into a national teacher corps and be part of a national teacher corps serving West Virginia;
- (B) Possess at least a bachelor's degree with a minimum of a 2.5 grade point average from a regionally accredited institution of higher education in any discipline;
 - (C) Pass the same basic skills and subject matter test or tests required by the state board for traditional program candidates to become certified in the area for which licensure is being sought, and passage of the subject matter test or tests shall be sufficient to earn endorsement in the instructional field, provided that all other requirements set forth in this subsection are met;
 - (D) Have completed the summer training institute offered by the national teacher corps;
- (E) Hold United States citizenship, be of good moral character and be physically, mentally and emotionally qualified to perform the duties of a teacher;
 - (F) Attain the age of eighteen years on or before October 1 of the year in which the critical need alternative teacher certificate is issued; and

(G) Qualify for employment following a criminal history check pursuant to section ten of this article.

- (5) Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, a person who satisfies the requirements set forth in subdivision (4) of this subsection shall be granted a formal document authorizing him or her to work in a public school in West Virginia.
- (6) Participants certified under this section shall complete the summer training institute and ongoing two-year professional development required by the national teacher corps.
- (7) In addition to receiving any support provided by staff of a national teacher corps, candidates certified under this section shall successfully complete a Beginning Teacher Internship program under section two-b of this article or participate in a comprehensive system of support pursuant to section three, article three-c of this chapter during the time the candidate is certified pursuant to this section.
 - (8) Professional support team. -
- (A) Training and support of teachers certified under this section are provided by a professional support team including:
- (i) The school principal, or his or her designee;
- (ii) An experienced classroom teacher who is serving as a mentor under the Beginning Teacher Internship program pursuant to section two-b of this article, or if the employing county has adopted a plan for implementation of a comprehensive system of support pursuant to section three, article three-c, chapter eighteen-a of this code, a master teacher, mentor, academic coach,

- other individual employee used to provide support, supervision or other professional development or training to other employees or any other appropriate professional person; and
 - (iii) A staff member of the national teacher corps.

- (B) The school principal, or his or her designee, serves as chairperson of the team.
 - (C) The professional support team shall submit a written evaluation of the teacher certified under this section to the county superintendent at the conclusion of the teacher's second year of teaching. The written evaluation shall be in a form specified by the county superintendent and submitted on a date specified by the county superintendent. The evaluation shall report the progress of the teacher toward meeting the requirements of the training and support program, and all final decisions on the progress of the teacher and recommendations shall rest with the principal.
 - (D) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, upon program completion and at least three years of successful teaching experience, the teacher is eligible for a professional certificate, subject to the requirements established in section one-e of this article and any requirements set forth in the state board rule required by this section.
 - (d) On or before June 1, 2013, the state board shall promulgate an emergency rule in accordance with article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions of this section and section one-e of this article. On or before

November 1, 2013, the state board shall promulgate a legislative rule for the same purpose. The rules shall include, but are not limited to, additional requirements for a person with a critical need alternative teaching certificate to obtain a professional certificate. The additional requirements shall be the same as or similar to the requirements set forth in code and policy for other alternative education program participants to obtain a professional certificate, and shall include the requirement that the person with the critical need alternative teaching certificate meet the requirements of paragraph (A), subdivision (5), subsection (c), section one-a of this article, relating to the requirement for eighteen semester hours of instruction.

§18A-3-1e. Recommendation for certification of national teacher corps teachers.

- (a) At the conclusion of the program administered pursuant to section one-d of this article, the support team defined in section one-d of this article shall prepare a comprehensive evaluation report on the teacher's performance. This report shall be submitted directly to the state superintendent and shall contain a recommendation as to whether or not a professional certificate should be issued to the teacher. The report shall be made on standard forms developed by the state superintendent.
- 23 The comprehensive evaluation report shall include one of the following recommendations:
- 25 (1) Approved: Recommends issuance of a professional certificate:

(2) Insufficient: Recommends that a professional certificate not be issued but that the candidate be allowed to seek reentry on one or more occasions in the future into an approved alternative teacher education program or national teacher corps program; or

- (3) Disapproved: Recommends that a professional certificate not be issued and that the candidate not be allowed to enter into another approved alternative teacher education program or a national corps program in this state, but may not be prohibited from pursuing teacher certification through other approved programs for the education of teachers in this state.
- (b) The support team shall provide the teacher with a copy of the teacher's written evaluation report and certification recommendation before submitting it to the state superintendent. If the teacher disagrees with the provider's recommendation, the teacher may, within fifteen days of receipt, request an appeal in accordance with the certification appeals process established by the state board.

§18A-3-2a. Certificates valid in the public schools that may be issued by the state superintendent.

In accordance with state board rules for the education of professional educators adopted pursuant to section one of this article and subject to the limitations and conditions of that section, the state superintendent may issue the following certificates valid in the public schools of the state:

- (a) Professional teaching certificates. -
- (1) A professional teaching certificate for teaching in the

- public schools may be issued to a person who meets the following
 conditions:
- 3 (A) Holds at least a bachelor's degree from an accredited
 4 institution of higher education in this state; and

- (i) Has completed a program for the education of teachers which meets the requirements approved by the state board; or
- (ii) Has met equivalent standards at institutions in other states and has passed appropriate state board-approved basic skills and subject matter tests or has completed three years of successful experience within the last seven years in the area for which licensure is being sought; or
- (B) Holds at least a bachelor's degree in a discipline taught in the public schools from an accredited institution of higher education; and
- (i) Has passed appropriate state board-approved basic skills and subject matter tests; or
- (ii) Has completed three years of successful experience within the last seven years in the area for which licensure is being sought; and
- (I) Has completed an alternative program for teacher education approved by the state board <u>or a national teacher corps program in accordance with section one-d of this article;</u>
- (II) Is recommended for a certificate in accordance with the provisions of sections one-a, and one-b and one-e of this article relating to the program; or
 - (III) Is recommended by the state superintendent based on

- 1 documentation submitted.
- 2 (2) The certificate shall be endorsed to indicate the grade
- 3 level or levels or areas of specialization in which the person is
- 4 certified to teach or to serve in the public schools.
- 5 (3) The initial professional certificate is issued
- 6 provisionally for a period of three years from the date of
- 7 issuance:
- 8 (A) The certificate may be converted to a professional
- 9 certificate valid for five years subject to successful completion
- 10 of a beginning teacher internship or induction program, if
- 11 applicable; or
- 12 (B) The certificate may be renewed subject to rules adopted by
- 13 the state board.
- 14 (b) Alternative program teacher certificate. An alternative
- 15 program teacher certificate may be issued to a candidate who is
- 16 enrolled in an alternative program for the education of teachers in
- 17 accordance with the provisions of section one-a of this article.
- 18 (1) The certificate is valid only for the alternative program
- 19 position in which the candidate is employed and is subject to
- 20 enrollment in the program.
- 21 (2) The certificate is valid for one year and may be renewed
- for each of the following two consecutive years only.
- (c) Critical need alternative teaching certificate. - A
- 24 critical need alternative teaching certificate may be issued to a
- 25 candidate in accordance with provisions of section one-d of this
- 26 <u>article</u>.

- 1 (1) The certificate is valid subject to the provisions of section one-d of this article.
- 3 (2) The certificate is valid for two years and may be renewed
 4 for one additional year only.
- 5 (3) The certificate is valid only at the middle and high school level.
- 7 (c) (d) Professional administrative certificate. -

- (1) A professional administrative certificate, endorsed for serving in the public schools, with specific endorsement as a principal, vocational administrator, supervisor of instructions or superintendent, may be issued to a person who has completed requirements all to be approved by the state board as follows:
- (A) Holds at least a master's degree from an institution of higher education accredited to offer a master's degree; and
- (i) Has successfully completed an approved program for administrative certification developed by the state board in cooperation with the chancellor for higher education; and
- (ii) Has successfully completed education and training in evaluation skills through the center for professional development, or equivalent education and training in evaluation skills approved by the state board; and
- (iii) Possesses three years of management level experience.
 - (2) Any person serving in the position of dean of students on June 4, 1992, is not required to hold a professional administrative certificate.
 - (3) The initial professional administrative certificate is

- issued provisionally for a period of five years. This certificate may be converted to a professional administrative certificate valid for five years or renewed, subject to the regulations of the state
- 4 board.

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- 5 (d) (e) Paraprofessional certificate. - A paraprofessional certificate may be issued to a person who meets the following conditions:
- 8 (1) Has completed thirty-six semester hours of post-secondary
 9 education or its equivalent in subjects directly related to
 10 performance of the job, all approved by the state board; and
 - (2) Demonstrates the proficiencies to perform duties as required of a paraprofessional as defined in section eight, article four of this chapter.
- (e) (f) Other certificates; permits. -
- 15 (1) Other certificates and permits may be issued, subject to
 16 the approval of the state board, to persons who do not qualify for
 17 the professional or paraprofessional certificate.
 - (2) A certificate or permit may not be given permanent status and a person holding one of these credentials shall meet renewal requirements provided by law and by regulation, unless the state board declares certain of these certificates to be the equivalent of the professional certificate.
 - (3) Within the category of other certificates and permits, the state superintendent may issue certificates for persons to serve in the public schools as athletic coaches or coaches of other extracurricular activities, whose duties may include the

- 1 supervision of students, subject to the following limitations:
- 2 (A) The person is employed under a contract with the county board of education.
 - (i) The contract specifies the duties to be performed, specifies a rate of pay that is equivalent to the rate of pay for professional educators in the district who accept similar duties as extra duty assignments, and provides for liability insurance associated with the activity; and
 - (ii) The person holding this certificate is not considered an employee of the board for salary and benefit purposes other than as specified in the contract.
 - (B) A currently employed certified professional educator has not applied for the position; and
 - (C) The person completes an orientation program designed and approved in accordance with state board rules.
- 16 (f) (g) Teacher-In-Residence Permit. -

- (1) A teacher-in-residence permit may be issued to a candidate who is enrolled in a teacher-in-residence program in accordance with an agreement between an institution of higher education and a county board. The agreement is developed pursuant to subsection (f), section one of this article and requires approval by the state board.
 - (2) The permit is valid only for the teacher-in-residence program position in which the candidate is enrolled and is subject to enrollment in the program. The permit is valid for no more than one school year and may not be renewed.

1 ARTICLE 3A. CENTER FOR PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

- S18A-3A-1. Center for Professional Development; intent and mission; Principals Academy curriculum and expenses; authorization to charge fees.
 - (a) Teaching is a profession that directly correlates to the social and economic well being of a society and its citizens. Superior teaching is essential to a well-educated and productive populace. Strong academic leadership provided by principals and administrators skilled in modern management principles is also essential. The intent of this article is to recognize the value of professional involvement by experienced educators, principals and administrators in building and maintaining a superior force of professional educators and to establish avenues for applying this involvement.
 - (b) The general mission of the center is to advance the quality of teaching and management in the schools of West Virginia through: (1) The implementation primarily of statewide training, professional staff development, including professional staff development for at least teachers, principals and paraprofessionals and technical assistance programs and practices as recommended by the state board to assure the highest quality of teaching and management; and (2) the provision of technical and other assistance and support to regional and local education agencies in identifying and providing high-quality professional staff development, including professional staff development for at least teachers, principals and paraprofessionals, and training programs and

- 1 implementing best practices to meet their locally identified needs.
- 2 The center also may implement local programs if the state board, in
- 3 its Master Plan for Professional Staff Development established
- 4 pursuant to section twenty-three-a, article two, chapter eighteen
- 5 <u>article two-i, chapter eighteen-a</u> of this code, determines that
- 6 there is a specific local need for the programs. Additionally, the
- 7 center shall perform other duties assigned to it by law.
- 8 Nothing in this article shall be construed to require requires
- 9 any specific level of funding by the Legislature.
- 10 (c) The Center for Professional Development Board is
- 11 reconstituted, and all terms of members elected or appointed prior
- 12 to the effective date of this section are expired. The center
- board shall consist of thirteen persons as follows:
- 14 (1) The Secretary of Education and the Arts, ex officio, and
- 15 the state superintendent, ex officio, each of whom is:
- 16 (A) Entitled to vote; and
- 17 (B) A cochair of the board.
- 18 (2) Two members of the state board, elected by the state
- 19 board;
- 20 (3) One person employed by West Virginia University and one
- 21 person employed by Marshall University, both of whom are:
- 22 (A) Appointed by the president of the employing institution;
- 23 (B) Faculty in the teacher education section of the employing
- 24 institution; and
- 25 (C) Knowledgeable in matters relevant to the issues addressed
- 26 by the center;

- 1 (4) One regional education service agency executive director, 2 elected by all of the regional education service agency executive 3 directors:
- 4 (5) Three experienced educators, of whom one is a working 5 classroom teacher, one is a school principal and one is a county 6 administrator. All such educators are:
- 7 (A) Appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and 8 consent of the Senate;
- 9 (B) Experienced educators who have achieved recognition for 10 their superior knowledge, ability and performance in teaching or 11 management, as applicable; and
- 12 (C) Knowledgeable in matters relevant to the issues addressed 13 by the center; and
- 14 (6) Three citizens of the state who are:
- 15 (A) Knowledgeable in matters relevant to the issues addressed 16 by the center, including, but not limited to, professional 17 development and management principles; and
- 18 (B) Appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- 20 (C) Not more than two such members may be residents within the same congressional district.
- (d) Each appointment and election is for a two-year term.Such members may serve no more than two consecutive two-year terms.
- 24 (1) The state board shall elect another member to fill the 25 unexpired term of any person who vacates state board membership.
- 26 (2) The regional education service agency executive directors

shall elect an executive director to fill the unexpired term of any executive director who ceases to be employed in that capacity.

- (3) Of the initial members appointed by the Governor, three are appointed for one-year terms and three are appointed for two-year terms. Each successive appointment by the Governor is for a two-year term. The Governor shall appoint a new member to fill the unexpired term of any vacancy in the appointed membership.
- (4) The President of West Virginia University and Marshall University each appoints an employee to fill the unexpired term of any member who ceases to be employed by that institution.
- (e) The Center for Professional Development Board shall meet at least quarterly and the appointed members shall be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their official duties from funds appropriated or otherwise made available for those purposes upon submission of an itemized statement therefor.
- (f) The position of executive director is abolished. The Governor shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a chief executive officer with knowledge and experience in professional development and management principles. Any reference in this code to the Executive Director of the Center for Professional Development means the Chief Executive Officer. From appropriations to the Center for Professional Development, the center board sets the salary of the chief executive officer. The center board, upon the recommendation of the chief executive officer, may employ other staff necessary to carry out the mission

- and duties of the center. The chief executive officer serves at the will and pleasure of the Governor. Annually, the center board shall evaluate the chief executive officer, and shall report the results to the Governor. The duties of the chief executive officer
- 6 (1) Managing the daily operations of the center;

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include:

- 7 (2) Ensuring the implementation of the center's mission;
- 8 (3) Ensuring collaboration of the center with other 9 professional development providers;
 - (4) Requesting from the Governor and the Legislature any resources or statutory changes that would help in enhancing the collaboration of all professional development providers in the state, in advancing the quality of professional development through any other means or both;
 - (5) Serving as the Chair of the Principals Standards Advisory Council created in section two-c, article three of this chapter and convening regular meetings of this council to effectuate its purposes; and
- 19 (6) Other duties as assigned by the Governor or the center 20 board.
 - (g) When practicable, personnel employed by state higher education agencies and state, regional and county public education agencies shall be made available to the center to assist in the operation of projects of limited duration, subject to the provisions of section twenty-four, article two, chapter eighteen of this code.

(h) The center shall assist in the delivery of programs and activities pursuant to this article to meet statewide, and if needed as determined by the goals and Master Plan for Professional Staff Development established by the state board pursuant to section twenty-three-a, article two, chapter eighteen two-i, chapter eighteen-a of this code, the local professional development needs of paraprofessionals, teachers, principals and administrators and may contract with existing agencies or agencies created after the effective date of this section or others to provide training programs in the most efficient manner. Existing programs currently based in agencies of the state shall be continued in the agency of their origin unless the center establishes a compelling need to transfer or cancel the existing The center shall recommend to the Governor the transfer program. of funds to the providing agency, if needed, to provide programs approved by the center.

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- (i) The Center for Professional Development shall implement training and professional development programs for the Principals Academy based upon the minimum qualities, proficiencies and skills necessary for principals in accordance with the standards established by the state board pursuant to the terms of section two-c, article three of this chapter.
- (j) In accordance with section two-c, article three of this chapter, the center shall be <u>is</u> responsible for paying reasonable and necessary expenses for persons attending the Principals Academy: *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall be construed

- 1 to require requires any specific level of funding by the
 2 Legislature.
- (k) Persons attending the professional development offerings 3 of the center and other courses and services offered by the Center 4 5 for Professional Development, except the Principals Academy shall 6 be assessed fees which shall be less than the full cost of 7 There is hereby created in the State Treasury a attendance. 8 special revenue account known as the Center for Professional 9 Development Fund. All moneys collected by the center shall be 10 deposited in the fund for expenditure by the center board for the 11 purposes specified in this section. Moneys remaining in the fund 12 at the end of the fiscal year are subject to reappropriation by the 13 Legislature.
 - (1) The center board shall make collaboration with the state board in providing professional development services in the following areas a priority:
 - (1) Services to those public schools selected by the state superintendent pursuant to section three-g, article two-e, chapter eighteen of this code; and
 - (2) Services in any specific subject matter area that the state board, the Legislature or both, determine is justified due to a need to increase student achievement in that area.

23 §18A-3A-2. Professional development project.

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Subject to the provisions of section twenty-three-a, article two, chapter eighteen article two-i, chapter eighteen-a of this code, through this project the Center for Professional Development

shall:

- (1) Identify, coordinate, arrange and otherwise assist in the delivery of professional development programs and activities that help professional educators acquire the knowledge, skills, attitudes, practices and other such pertinent complements considered essential for an individual to demonstrate appropriate performance as a professional person in the public schools of West Virginia. The basis for the performance shall be the laws, policies and regulations adopted for the public schools of West Virginia, and amendments thereto. The center also may permit and encourage school personnel such as classroom aides, higher education teacher education faculty and higher education faculty in programs such as articulated tech prep associate degree and other programs to participate in appropriate professional development programs and activities with public school professional educators;
- (2) Identify, coordinate, arrange and otherwise assist in the delivery of professional development programs and activities that help principals and administrators acquire knowledge, skills, attitudes and practices in academic leadership and management principles for principals and administrators and such other pertinent complements considered essential for principals and administrators to demonstrate appropriate performance in the public schools of West Virginia. The basis for the performance shall be the laws, policies and regulations adopted for the public schools of West Virginia, and amendments thereto;

(3) Serve in a coordinating capacity to assure that the knowledge, skills, attitude and other pertinent complements of appropriate professional performance which evolve over time in the public school environment are appropriately reflected in the programs approved for the education of professional personnel, including, but not limited to, advising the teacher education programs of major statutory and policy changes in the public schools which affect the job performance requirements of professional educators, including principals and administrators;

- (4) Provide for the routine updating of professional skills of professional educators, including principals and administrators, through in-service and other programs. The routine updating may be provided by the center through statewide or regional institutes which may require a registration fee;
- (5) Provide for the routine education of all professional educators, including principals and administrators, and those service personnel having direct contact with students on warning signs and resources to assist in suicide prevention under guidelines established by the state board. The education may be accomplished through self review of suicide prevention materials and resources approved by the state board. The provisions of this paragraph may be known and cited as the Jason Flatt Act of 2012;
- (6) Provide consultation and assistance to county staff development councils established under the provisions of section eight, article three of this chapter in planning, designing,

coordinating, arranging for and delivering professional development programs to meet the needs of the professional educators of their district. From legislative appropriations to the center, exclusive of the amounts required for the expenses of the principals academy, the center shall, unless otherwise directed by the Legislature, provide assistance in the delivery of programs and activities to meet the expressed needs of the school districts for professional development to help teachers, principals and administrators demonstrate appropriate performance based on the laws, policies and regulations adopted for the public schools of West Virginia; and

(7) Cooperate and coordinate with the institutions of higher education to provide professional staff development programs that satisfy some or all of the criteria necessary for currently certified professional educators to meet the requirements for an additional endorsement in an area of certification and for certification to teach in the middle school grades.

If the center is not able to reach agreement with the representatives of the institutions providing teacher education programs on which courses will be approved for credit toward additional endorsements, the state board may certify certain professional staff development courses to meet criteria required by the state board. This certification shall be done on a course-by-course basis.

§18A-3A-3. Professional personnel evaluation project.

Subject to the provisions of section twenty-three-a, article

- two, chapter eighteen article two-i, chapter eighteen-a of this code, through this project the center shall:
- (1) Establish programs that provide education and training in evaluation skills to administrative personnel who will evaluate the employment performance of professional personnel pursuant to the provisions of section twelve, article two of this chapter; and
- (2) Establish programs that provide instruction to classroom teachers who will serve as beginning teacher mentors in accordance with the provisions of section two-b, article three of this chapter.
- 11 ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

- 12 §18A-4-2a. State minimum salary bonus for classroom teachers with national board certification.
 - (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the rigorous standards and processes for certification by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) helps to promote the quality of teaching and learning. Therefore, classroom teachers in the public schools of West Virginia should be encouraged to achieve national board certification through a reimbursement of expenses and an additional salary bonus which reflects their additional certification, to be paid in accordance with the provisions of this section.
 - (b) (1) \$3,500 shall be paid annually to each classroom teacher who holds a valid certificate issued by the National Board of Professional Teaching Standards for the life of the

- 1 certification, but in no event more than ten years for any one certification.
- (2) \$3,500 shall be paid annually to each classroom teacher
 who holds a valid renewal certificate issued by the National Board
 of Professional Teaching Standards for the life of the renewal
 certificate, but in no event more than ten years for any one
 renewal certificate.
- 8 (c) The payments:

- 9 (1) Shall be in addition to any amounts prescribed in the applicable state minimum salary schedule;
 - (2) Shall be paid in equal monthly installments; and
- 12 (3) Shall be considered a part of the state minimum salaries
 13 for teachers.
 - (d) For initial certification, one half the certification fee shall be paid for reimbursement once to each teacher who enrolls in the program for the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification and one half the certification fee shall be paid for reimbursement once to each teacher who completes the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification. Completion shall be defined as the completion of ten scorable entries, as verified by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards. Teachers who achieve National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification may be reimbursed a maximum of \$600 for expenses actually incurred while obtaining the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification.

(e) For renewal certification, each teacher who completes the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification renewal process shall be reimbursed for the renewal certification fee. Completion of the certification renewal process means the successful renewal of the ten-year certification as verified by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards.

- (e) The state board shall limit the number of teachers who receive the initial reimbursements of the certification fees set forth in subsection (d) to two hundred teachers annually. (f) The state board shall establish selection criteria for the teachers by the legislative rule required pursuant to subsection (g) (h) of this section.
- (f) Subject to the provisions of subsection (e) of this section, (g) Funding for reimbursement of the initial certification fee and expenses actually incurred while obtaining the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certifications and funding for reimbursement of the renewal certification fee shall be administered by the State Department of Education from an appropriation established for that purpose by the Legislature. If funds appropriated by the Legislature to accomplish the purposes of this subsection are insufficient, the state department shall prorate the reimbursements for expenses and shall request of the Legislature, at its next regular session, funds sufficient to accomplish the purposes of this subsection, including needed retroactive payments.

1 (g) (h) The state board shall promulgate legislative rules 2 pursuant to article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to 3 implement the provisions of this section.

4 §18A-4-7a. Employment, promotion and transfer of professional personnel; seniority.

- (a) A county board of education shall make decisions affecting the hiring of professional personnel other than classroom teachers on the basis of the applicant with the highest qualifications.
- of new classroom teachers fill vacancies in professional positions of employment on the basis of the applicant with the highest qualifications. The county superintendent shall be hired under separate criteria pursuant to section two, article four, chapter eighteen of this code.
- (c) In judging qualifications for hiring employees pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this section filling vacancies in professional positions of employment, consideration shall be given to each of the following:
 - (1) Appropriate certification, licensure or both;
- (2) Amount of experience relevant to the position; or, in the case of a classroom teaching position, the amount of teaching experience in the subject area;
- 23 (3) The amount of course work, degree level or both in the 24 relevant field and degree level generally;
 - (4) Academic achievement;

- 1 (5) Relevant specialized training;
- 2 (6) Past performance evaluations conducted pursuant to section 3 twelve, article two of this chapter;
 - (7) Seniority; and

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- (7) (8) Other measures or indicators upon which the relative qualifications of the applicant may fairly be judged.
- (d) If one or more permanently employed instructional personnel apply for a classroom teaching position and meet the standards set forth in the job posting, the county board of education shall make a decision affecting the filling of the position on the basis of the following criteria:
- (1) Appropriate certification, licensure or both;
- 13 (2) Total amount of teaching experience;
- 14 (3) The existence of teaching experience in the required
 15 certification area;
- 16 (4) Degree level in the required certification area;
- 17 (5) Specialized training directly related to the performance 18 of the job as stated in the job description;
- 19 (6) Receiving an overall rating of satisfactory in the
 20 previous two evaluations conducted pursuant to section twelve,
 21 article two of this chapter; and
- 22 (7) Seniority.
- 23 (e) In filling positions pursuant to subsection (d) of this
 24 section, consideration shall be given to each criterion with each
 25 criterion being given equal weight. If the applicant with the most

seniority is not selected for the position, upon the request of the applicant a written statement of reasons shall be given to the applicant with suggestions for improving the applicant's qualifications. In judging qualifications for filling a classroom teacher vacancy at a school, the county board also shall consider any recommendations made by the principal and by the process, if any, established by the faculty senate pursuant to section five, article five-a, chapter eighteen of this code to interview prospective professional educators.

(f) (e) With the exception of guidance counselors, the seniority of classroom teachers, as defined in section one, article one of this chapter, shall be determined on the basis of the length of time the employee has been employed as a regular full-time certified and/or licensed professional educator by the county board of education and shall be granted in all areas that the employee is certified, licensed or both.

(g) (f) Upon completion of one hundred thirty-three days of employment in any one school year, substitute teachers, except retired teachers and other retired professional educators employed as substitutes, shall accrue seniority exclusively for the purpose of applying for employment as a permanent, full-time professional employee. One hundred thirty-three days or more of said employment shall be prorated and shall vest as a fraction of the school year worked by the permanent, full-time teacher.

(h) (g) Guidance counselors and all other professional

employees, as defined in section one, article one of this chapter, except classroom teachers, shall gain seniority in their nonteaching area of professional employment on the basis of the length of time the employee has been employed by the county board of education in that area: *Provided*, That if an employee is certified as a classroom teacher, the employee accrues classroom teaching seniority for the time that that employee is employed in another professional area. For the purposes of accruing seniority under this paragraph, employment as principal, supervisor or central office administrator, as defined in section one, article one of this chapter, shall be considered one area of employment.

(i) (h) Employment for a full employment term shall equal one year of seniority, but no employee may accrue more than one year of seniority during any given fiscal year. Employment for less than the full employment term shall be prorated. A random selection system established by the employees and approved by the board shall be used to determine the priority if two or more employees accumulate identical seniority: *Provided*, That when two or more principals have accumulated identical seniority, decisions on reductions in force shall be based on qualifications.

(j) (i) Whenever a county board is required to reduce the number of professional personnel in its employment, or within a school, the employee holding a position to be reduced with the least amount of seniority or the least amount of seniority within the school shall be properly notified and released from employment

pursuant to the provisions of section two, article two of this chapter. The provisions of this subsection are subject to the following:

- (1) Any comparison of seniority within a school in accordance with this subsection shall be performed using seniority within the entire county school district. Nothing in this subsection is intended to create a system of seniority within an individual school.
- (1) (2) All persons employed in a certification area to be reduced within a school who are employed under a temporary permit shall be properly notified and released before a fully certified employee in such a position within a school is subject to release;
- (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, all employees subject to release shall be considered applicants for any vacancy in an established, existing or newly created position that, on or before February 15, is known to exist for the ensuing school year, and for which they are qualified, and, upon recommendation of the superintendent, the board shall appoint the successful applicant from among them before posting such vacancies for application by other persons.
- (2) (4) An employee subject to release shall be employed in any other professional position where the employee is certified and was previously employed or to any lateral area for which the employee is certified, licensed or both, if the employee's seniority is greater than the seniority of any other employee in

that area of certification, licensure or both: <u>Provided</u>, That the position is either at the same school or not assigned to a school;

(3) (5) If an employee subject to release holds certification, licensure or both in more than one lateral area and if the employee's seniority is greater than the seniority of any other employee in one or more of those areas of certification, licensure or both, the employee subject to release shall be employed in the professional position held by the employee with the least seniority in any of those areas of certification, licensure or both, whose position is either at the same school or not assigned to a school; and

(4) (6) If, prior to August 1 of the year a reduction in force is approved, the reason for any particular reduction in force no longer exists as determined by the county board in its sole and exclusive judgment, the board shall rescind the reduction in force or transfer and shall notify the released employee in writing of his or her right to be restored to his or her position of employment. Within five days of being so notified, the released employee shall notify the board, in writing, of his or her intent to resume his or her position of employment or the right to be restored shall terminate. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if there is another employee on the preferred recall list with proper certification and higher seniority, that person shall be placed in the position restored as a result of the reduction in force being rescinded.

(k) (j) For the purpose of this article, all positions which meet the definition of "classroom teacher" as defined in section one, article one of this chapter shall be lateral positions. For all other professional positions, the county board of education shall adopt a policy by October 31, 1993, and may modify the policy thereafter as necessary, which defines which positions shall be lateral positions. The board shall submit a copy of its policy to the state board within thirty days of adoption or any modification, and the state board shall compile a report and submit the report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability by December 31, 1993, and by that date in any succeeding year in which any county board submits a modification of its policy relating to lateral positions. In adopting the policy, the board shall give consideration to the rank of each position in terms of title; nature of responsibilities; salary level; certification, licensure or both; and days in the period of employment.

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(1) (k) After the twentieth day prior to the beginning of the instructional term, no person employed and assigned to a professional position may transfer to another professional position in the county during that instructional term unless the person holding that position does not have valid certification. The provisions of this subsection are subject to the following:

(1) The person may apply for any posted, vacant positions with the successful applicant assuming the position at the beginning of the next instructional term; (2) Professional personnel who have been on an approved leave of absence may fill these vacancies upon their return from the approved leave of absence;

- (3) The county board, upon recommendation of the superintendent may fill a position before the next instructional term when it is determined to be in the best interest of the students. The county superintendent shall notify the state board of each transfer of a person employed in a professional position to another professional position after the twentieth day prior to the beginning of the instructional term;
- (4) The provisions of this subsection do not apply to the filling of a position vacated because of resignation or retirement that became effective on or before the twentieth day prior to the beginning of the instructional term, but not posted until after that date; and
- (5) The Legislature finds that it is not in the best interest of the students particularly in the elementary grades to have multiple teachers for any one grade level or course during the instructional term. It is the intent of the Legislature that the filling of positions through transfers of personnel from one professional position to another after the twentieth day prior to the beginning of the instructional term should be kept to a minimum.
- (m) (1) All professional personnel whose seniority with the county board is insufficient to allow their retention by the county

board during a reduction in work force shall be placed upon a preferred recall list. As to any professional position opening within the area where they had previously been employed or to any lateral area for which they have certification, licensure or both, the employee shall be recalled on the basis of seniority if no regular, full-time professional personnel, or those returning from leaves of absence with greater seniority, are qualified, apply for and accept the position.

(m) (m) Before position openings that are known or expected to extend for twenty consecutive employment days or longer for professional personnel may be filled by the board, the board shall be required to notify all qualified professional personnel on the preferred list and give them an opportunity to apply, but failure to apply shall not cause the employee to forfeit any right to recall. The notice shall be sent by certified mail to the last known address of the employee, and it shall be the duty of each professional personnel to notify the board of continued availability annually, of any change in address or of any change in certification, licensure or both.

- (o) (n) Openings in established, existing or newly created positions shall be processed as follows:
- (1) Boards shall be required to post and date notices which shall be of each opening at least once. At their discretion, boards may post an opening for a position other than classroom teacher more than once in order to attract more qualified

- applicants. At their discretion, boards may post an opening for a classroom teacher one additional time after the first posting in order to attract more qualified applicants only if fewer than three
- 4 <u>individuals apply during the first posting</u> subject to the following:
- 6 (A) The notices Each notice shall be posted in conspicuous
 7 working places for all professional personnel to observe for at
 8 least five working days;
- 9 (B) The At least one notice shall be posted within twenty
 10 working days of the position openings and shall include the job
 11 description;

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- (C) Any special criteria or skills that are required by the position shall be specifically stated in the job description and directly related to the performance of the job;
- (D) Postings for vacancies made pursuant to this section shall be written so as to ensure that the largest possible pool of qualified applicants may apply; and
- (E) Job postings may not require criteria which are not necessary for the successful performance of the job and may not be written with the intent to favor a specific applicant;
- 21 (2) No vacancy shall be filled until after the five-day
 22 minimum posting period of the most recent posted notice of the
 23 vacancy;
- 24 (3) If one or more applicants <u>under all the postings for a</u>
 25 <u>vacancy</u> meets the qualifications listed in the job posting, the

successful applicant to fill the vacancy shall be selected by the board within thirty working days of the end of the <u>first</u> posting period;

- (4) A position held by a teacher who is certified, licensed or both, who has been issued a permit for full-time employment and is working toward certification in the permit area shall not be subject to posting if the certificate is awarded within five years; and
- (5) Nothing provided herein shall prevent the county board of education from eliminating a position due to lack of need.
- (p) (o) Notwithstanding any other provision of the code to the contrary, where the total number of classroom teaching positions in an elementary school does not increase from one school year to the next, but there exists in that school a need to realign the number of teachers in one or more grade levels, kindergarten through six, teachers at the school may be reassigned to grade levels for which they are certified without that position being posted: *Provided*, That the employee and the county board of education mutually agree to the reassignment.
- (q) Reductions in classroom teaching positions in elementary schools shall be processed as follows:
- (1) When the total number of classroom teaching positions in an elementary school needs to be reduced, the reduction shall be made on the basis of seniority with the least senior classroom teacher being recommended for transfer; and

(2) When a specified grade level needs to be reduced and the least senior employee in the school is not in that grade level, the least senior classroom teacher in the grade level that needs to be reduced shall be reassigned to the position made vacant by the transfer of the least senior classroom teacher in the school without that position being posted: *Provided*, That the employee is certified, licensed or both and agrees to the reassignment.

- (r) (p) Any board failing to comply with the provisions of this article may be compelled to do so by mandamus and shall be liable to any party prevailing against the board for court costs and reasonable attorney fees as determined and established by the court. Further, employees denied promotion or employment in violation of this section shall be awarded the job, pay and any applicable benefits retroactive to the date of the violation and payable entirely from local funds. Further, the board shall be liable to any party prevailing against the board for any court reporter costs including copies of transcripts.
- (s) (q) The county board shall compile, update annually on July 1 and make available by electronic or other means to all employees a list of all professional personnel employed by the county, their areas of certification and their seniority.
- (r) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, upon recommendation of the principal and approval by the classroom teacher and county board, a classroom teacher assigned to the school may at any time be assigned to a new or existing

1 classroom teacher position at the school without the position being
2 posted.

§18A-4-8. Employment term and class titles of service personnel; definitions.

- (a) The purpose of this section is to establish an employment term and class titles for service personnel. The employment term for service personnel may not be less than ten months. A month is defined as twenty employment days. The county board may contract with all or part of these service personnel for a longer term. The beginning and closing dates of the ten-month employment term may not exceed forty-three weeks.
- (b) Service personnel employed on a yearly or twelve-month basis may be employed by calendar months. Whenever there is a change in job assignment during the school year, the minimum pay scale and any county supplement are applicable.
- (c) Service personnel employed in the same classification for more than the two hundred-day minimum employment term shall be paid for additional employment at a daily rate of not less than the daily rate paid for the two hundred-day minimum employment term.
- (d) A service person may not be required to report for work more than five days per week without his or her agreement, and no part of any working day may be accumulated by the employer for future work assignments, unless the employee agrees thereto.
- (e) If a service person whose regular work week is scheduled from Monday through Friday agrees to perform any work assignments

- on a Saturday or Sunday, the service person shall be paid for at
- 2 least one-half day of work for each day he or she reports for work.
- 3 If the service person works more than three and one-half hours on
- 4 any Saturday or Sunday, he or she shall be paid for at least a full
- 5 day of work for each day.
- 6 (f) A custodian, aide, maintenance, office and school lunch
- 7 service person required to work a daily work schedule that is
- 8 interrupted shall be paid additional compensation in accordance
- 9 with this subsection.
- 10 (1) A "maintenance person" means a person who holds a
- 11 classification title other than in a custodial, aide, school lunch,
- office or transportation category as provided in section one,
- 13 article one of this chapter.
- 14 (2) A service person's schedule is considered to be
- interrupted if he or she does not work a continuous period in one
- 16 day. Aides are not regarded as working an interrupted schedule
- when engaged exclusively in the duties of transporting students;
- 18 (3) The additional compensation provided for in this
- 19 subsection:
- 20 (A) Is equal to at least one eighth of a service person's
- 21 total salary as provided by the state minimum pay scale and any
- county pay supplement; and
- 23 (B) Is payable entirely from county board funds.
- 24 (q) When there is a change in classification or when a service
- 25 person meets the requirements of an advanced classification, his or

her salary shall be made to comply with the requirements of this article and any county salary schedule in excess of the minimum requirements of this article, based upon the service person's advanced classification and allowable years of employment.

- (h) A service person's contract, as provided in section five, article two of this chapter, shall state the appropriate monthly salary the employee is to be paid, based on the class title as provided in this article and on any county salary schedule in excess of the minimum requirements of this article.
- (i) The column heads of the state minimum pay scale and class titles, set forth in section eight-a of this article, are defined as follows:
 - (1) "Pay grade" means the monthly salary applicable to class titles of service personnel;
 - (2) "Years of employment" means the number of years which an employee classified as a service person has been employed by a county board in any position prior to or subsequent to the effective date of this section and includes service in the Armed Forces of the United States, if the employee was employed at the time of his or her induction. For the purpose of section eight-a of this article, years of employment is limited to the number of years shown and allowed under the state minimum pay scale as set forth in section eight-a of this article;
 - (3) "Class title" means the name of the position or job held by a service person;

(4) "Accountant I" means a person employed to maintain payroll records and reports and perform one or more operations relating to a phase of the total payroll;

- (5) "Accountant II" means a person employed to maintain accounting records and to be responsible for the accounting process associated with billing, budgets, purchasing and related operations;
- 8 (6) "Accountant III" means a person employed in the county
 9 board office to manage and supervise accounts payable, payroll
 10 procedures, or both;
 - (7) "Accounts payable supervisor" means a person employed in the county board office who has primary responsibility for the accounts payable function and who either has completed twelve college hours of accounting courses from an accredited institution of higher education or has at least eight years of experience performing progressively difficult accounting tasks. Responsibilities of this class title may include supervision of other personnel;
 - (8) "Aide I" means a person selected and trained for a teacher-aide classification such as monitor aide, clerical aide, classroom aide or general aide;
 - (9) "Aide II" means a service person referred to in the "Aide I" classification who has completed a training program approved by the state board, or who holds a high school diploma or has received a general educational development certificate. Only a person

- 1 classified in an Aide II class title may be employed as an aide in 2 any special education program;
- 3 (10) "Aide III" means a service person referred to in the 4 "Aide I" classification who holds a high school diploma or a 5 general educational development certificate; and
- 6 (A) Has completed six semester hours of college credit at an institution of higher education; or
- 8 (B) Is employed as an aide in a special education program and 9 has one year's experience as an aide in special education;
- 10 (11) "Aide IV" means a service person referred to in the "Aide
 11 I" classification who holds a high school diploma or a general
 12 educational development certificate; and

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- (A) Has completed eighteen hours of state board-approved college credit at a regionally accredited institution of higher education, or
 - (B) Has completed fifteen hours of state board-approved college credit at a regionally accredited institution of higher education; and has successfully completed an in-service training program determined by the state board to be the equivalent of three hours of college credit;
- (12) "Audiovisual technician" means a person employed to perform minor maintenance on audiovisual equipment, films and supplies and who fills requests for equipment;
- (13) "Auditor" means a person employed to examine and verify accounts of individual schools and to assist schools and school

personnel in maintaining complete and accurate records of their
accounts;

- (14) "Autism mentor" means a person who works with autistic students and who meets standards and experience to be determined by the state board. A person who has held or holds an aide title and becomes employed as an autism mentor shall hold a multiclassification status that includes both aide and autism mentor titles, in accordance with section eight-b of this article;
- employed to provide braille and/or sign language assistance to students. A service person who has held or holds an aide title and becomes employed as a braille or sign language specialist shall hold a multiclassification status that includes both aide and braille or sign language specialist title, in accordance with section eight-b of this article;
- (16) "Bus operator" means a person employed to operate school buses and other school transportation vehicles as provided by the state board;
 - (17) "Buyer" means a person employed to review and write specifications, negotiate purchase bids and recommend purchase agreements for materials and services that meet predetermined specifications at the lowest available costs;
- (18) "Cabinetmaker" means a person employed to construct cabinets, tables, bookcases and other furniture;
 - (19) "Cafeteria manager" means a person employed to direct the

- 1 operation of a food services program in a school, including
- 2 assigning duties to employees, approving requisitions for supplies
- 3 and repairs, keeping inventories, inspecting areas to maintain high
- 4 standards of sanitation, preparing financial reports and keeping
- 5 records pertinent to food services of a school;
- 6 (20) "Carpenter I" means a person classified as a carpenter's
- 7 helper;
- 8 (21) "Carpenter II" means a person classified as a journeyman
- 9 carpenter;
- 10 (22) "Chief mechanic" means a person employed to be
- 11 responsible for directing activities which ensure that student
- transportation or other county board-owned vehicles are properly
- 13 and safely maintained;
- 14 (23) "Clerk I" means a person employed to perform clerical
- 15 tasks;
- 16 (24) "Clerk II" means a person employed to perform general
- 17 clerical tasks, prepare reports and tabulations and operate office
- 18 machines;
- 19 (25) "Computer operator" means a qualified person employed to
- 20 operate computers;
- 21 (26) "Cook I" means a person employed as a cook's helper;
- 22 (27) "Cook II" means a person employed to interpret menus and
- 23 to prepare and serve meals in a food service program of a school.
- 24 This definition includes a service person who has been employed as
- 25 a "Cook I" for a period of four years;

- 1 (28) "Cook III" means a person employed to prepare and serve
- 2 meals, make reports, prepare requisitions for supplies, order
- 3 equipment and repairs for a food service program of a school
- 4 system;
- 5 (29) "Crew leader" means a person employed to organize the
- 6 work for a crew of maintenance employees to carry out assigned
- 7 projects;
- 8 (30) "Custodian I" means a person employed to keep buildings
- 9 clean and free of refuse;
- 10 (31) "Custodian II" means a person employed as a watchman or
- 11 groundsman;
- 12 (32) "Custodian III" means a person employed to keep buildings
- clean and free of refuse, to operate the heating or cooling systems
- 14 and to make minor repairs;
- 15 (33) "Custodian IV" means a person employed as head
- 16 custodians. In addition to providing services as defined in
- 17 "custodian III," duties may include supervising other custodian
- 18 personnel;
- 19 (34) "Director or coordinator of services" means an employee
- 20 of a county board who is assigned to direct a department or
- 21 division.
- 22 (A) Nothing in this subdivision prohibits a professional
- 23 person or a professional educator from holding this class title;
- 24 (B) Professional personnel holding this class title may not be
- defined or classified as service personnel unless the professional

person held a service personnel title under this section prior to holding the class title of "director or coordinator of services."

- (C) The director or coordinator of services shall be classified either as a professional person or a service person for state aid formula funding purposes;
- (D) Funding for the position of director or coordinator of services is based upon the employment status of the director or coordinator either as a professional person or a service person; and
- (E) A person employed under the class title "director or coordinator of services" may not be exclusively assigned to perform the duties ascribed to any other class title as defined in this subsection: *Provided*, That nothing in this paragraph prohibits a person in this position from being multiclassified;
- (35) "Draftsman" means a person employed to plan, design and produce detailed architectural/engineering drawings;
 - (36) "Electrician I" means a person employed as an apprentice electrician helper or one who holds an electrician helper license issued by the State Fire Marshal;
 - (37) "Electrician II" means a person employed as an electrician journeyman or one who holds a journeyman electrician license issued by the State Fire Marshal;
- (38) "Electronic technician I" means a person employed at the apprentice level to repair and maintain electronic equipment;
 - (39) "Electronic technician II" means a person employed at the

- 1 journeyman level to repair and maintain electronic equipment;
- 2 (40) "Executive secretary" means a person employed as
- 3 secretary to the county school superintendent or as a secretary who
- 4 is assigned to a position characterized by significant
- 5 administrative duties;
- 6 (41) "Food services supervisor" means a qualified person who
- 7 is not a professional person or professional educator as defined in
- 8 section one, article one of this chapter. The food services
- 9 supervisor is employed to manage and supervise a county school
- 10 system's food service program. The duties include preparing
- in-service training programs for cooks and food service employees,
- instructing personnel in the areas of quantity cooking with economy
- and efficiency and keeping aggregate records and reports;
- 14 (42) "Foreman" means a skilled person employed to supervise
- personnel who work in the areas of repair and maintenance of school
- 16 property and equipment;
- 17 (43) "General maintenance" means a person employed as a helper
- 18 to skilled maintenance employees and to perform minor repairs to
- 19 equipment and buildings of a county school system;
- 20 (44) "Glazier" means a person employed to replace glass or
- other materials in windows and doors and to do minor carpentry
- 22 tasks;
- 23 (45) "Graphic artist" means a person employed to prepare
- 24 graphic illustrations;
- 25 (46) "Groundsman" means a person employed to perform duties

- that relate to the appearance, repair and general care of school grounds in a county school system. Additional assignments may include the operation of a small heating plant and routine cleaning
- 4 duties in buildings;

- 5 (47) "Handyman" means a person employed to perform routine 6 manual tasks in any operation of the county school system;
- 7 (48) "Heating and air conditioning mechanic I" means a person 8 employed at the apprentice level to install, repair and maintain 9 heating and air conditioning plants and related electrical 10 equipment;
- 11 (49) "Heating and air conditioning mechanic II" means a person 12 employed at the journeyman level to install, repair and maintain 13 heating and air conditioning plants and related electrical 14 equipment;
- 15 (50) "Heavy equipment operator" means a person employed to operate heavy equipment;
- 17 (51) "Inventory supervisor" means a person employed to
 18 supervise or maintain operations in the receipt, storage, inventory
 19 and issuance of materials and supplies;
 - (52) "Key punch operator" means a qualified person employed to operate key punch machines or verifying machines;
- 22 (53) "Licensed practical nurse" means a nurse, licensed by the 23 West Virginia Board of Examiners for Licensed Practical Nurses, 24 employed to work in a public school under the supervision of a 25 school nurse;

- 1 (54) "Locksmith" means a person employed to repair and 2 maintain locks and safes;
- 3 (55) "Lubrication man" means a person employed to lubricate 4 and service gasoline or diesel-powered equipment of a county school 5 system;

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- (56) "Machinist" means a person employed to perform machinist tasks which include the ability to operate a lathe, planer, shaper, threading machine and wheel press. A person holding this class title also should have the ability to work from blueprints and drawings;
- 11 (57) "Mail clerk" means a person employed to receive, sort, 12 dispatch, deliver or otherwise handle letters, parcels and other 13 mail;
 - (58) "Maintenance clerk" means a person employed to maintain and control a stocking facility to keep adequate tools and supplies on hand for daily withdrawal for all school maintenance crafts;
 - (59) "Mason" means a person employed to perform tasks connected with brick and block laying and carpentry tasks related to these activities;
 - (60) "Mechanic" means a person employed to perform skilled duties independently in the maintenance and repair of automobiles, school buses and other mechanical and mobile equipment to use in a county school system;
- 24 (61) "Mechanic assistant" means a person employed as a 25 mechanic apprentice and helper;

1 (62) "Multiclassification" means a person employed to perform 2 tasks that involve the combination of two or more class titles in 3 this section. In these instances the minimum salary scale shall be 4 the higher pay grade of the class titles involved;

- (63) "Office equipment repairman I" means a person employed as an office equipment repairman apprentice or helper;
- (64) "Office equipment repairman II" means a person responsible for servicing and repairing all office machines and equipment. A person holding this class title is responsible for the purchase of parts necessary for the proper operation of a program of continuous maintenance and repair;
- (65) "Painter" means a person employed to perform duties painting, finishing and decorating wood, metal and concrete surfaces of buildings, other structures, equipment, machinery and furnishings of a county school system;
- (66) "Paraprofessional" means a person certified pursuant to section two-a, article three of this chapter to perform duties in a support capacity including, but not limited to, facilitating in the instruction and direct or indirect supervision of students under the direction of a principal, a teacher or another designated professional educator.
- (A) A person employed on the effective date of this section in the position of an aide may not be subject to a reduction in force or transferred to create a vacancy for the employment of a paraprofessional;

(B) A person who has held or holds an aide title and becomes employed as a paraprofessional shall hold a multiclassification status that includes both aide and paraprofessional titles in accordance with section eight-b of this article; and

- (C) When a service person who holds an aide title becomes certified as a paraprofessional and is required to perform duties that may not be performed by an aide without paraprofessional certification, he or she shall receive the paraprofessional title pay grade;
- (67) "Payroll supervisor" means a person employed in the county board office who has primary responsibility for the payroll function and who either has completed twelve college hours of accounting from an accredited institution of higher education or has at least eight years of experience performing progressively difficult accounting tasks. Responsibilities of this class title may include supervision of other personnel;
- 17 (68) "Plumber I" means a person employed as an apprentice 18 plumber and helper;
- 19 (69) "Plumber II" means a person employed as a journeyman 20 plumber;
- 21 (70) "Printing operator" means a person employed to operate 22 duplication equipment, and to cut, collate, staple, bind and shelve 23 materials as required;
- 24 (71) "Printing supervisor" means a person employed to supervise the operation of a print shop;

- 1 (72) "Programmer" means a person employed to design and 2 prepare programs for computer operation;
- 3 (73) "Roofing/sheet metal mechanic" means a person employed to 4 install, repair, fabricate and maintain roofs, gutters, flashing 5 and duct work for heating and ventilation;

- (74) "Sanitation plant operator" means a person employed to operate and maintain a water or sewage treatment plant to ensure the safety of the plant's effluent for human consumption or environmental protection;
 - (75) "School bus supervisor" means a qualified person:
- (A) Employed to assist in selecting school bus operators and routing and scheduling school buses, operate a bus when needed, relay instructions to bus operators, plan emergency routing of buses and promote good relationships with parents, students, bus operators and other employees; and
- 16 (B) Certified to operate a bus or previously certified to operate a bus;
 - (76) "Secretary I" means a person employed to transcribe from notes or mechanical equipment, receive callers, perform clerical tasks, prepare reports and operate office machines;
 - (77) "Secretary II" means a person employed in any elementary, secondary, kindergarten, nursery, special education, vocational or any other school as a secretary. The duties may include performing general clerical tasks; transcribing from notes, stenotype, mechanical equipment or a sound-producing machine; preparing

reports; receiving callers and referring them to proper persons; operating office machines; keeping records and handling routine correspondence. Nothing in this subdivision prevents a service person from holding or being elevated to a higher classification;

- (78) "Secretary III" means a person assigned to the county board office administrators in charge of various instructional, maintenance, transportation, food services, operations and health departments, federal programs or departments with particular responsibilities in purchasing and financial control or any person who has served for eight years in a position which meets the definition of "secretary II" or "secretary III";
- (79) "Supervisor of maintenance" means a skilled person who is not a professional person or professional educator as defined in section one, article one of this chapter. The responsibilities include directing the upkeep of buildings and shops, and issuing instructions to subordinates relating to cleaning, repairs and maintenance of all structures and mechanical and electrical equipment of a county board;
- (80) "Supervisor of transportation" means a qualified person employed to direct school transportation activities properly and safely, and to supervise the maintenance and repair of vehicles, buses and other mechanical and mobile equipment used by the county school system. After July 1, 2010, all persons employed for the first time in a position with this classification title or in a multi-classification position that includes this title shall have

- five years of experience working in the transportation department of a county board. Experience working in the transportation department shall consist of serving as a bus operator, bus aide,
- 4 assistant mechanic, mechanic, chief mechanic or in a clerical
- 5 position within the transportation department;

- (81) "Switchboard operator-receptionist" means a person employed to refer incoming calls, to assume contact with the public, to direct and to give instructions as necessary, to operate switchboard equipment and to provide clerical assistance;
- (82) "Truck driver" means a person employed to operate light or heavy duty gasoline and diesel-powered vehicles;
 - (83) "Warehouse clerk" means a person employed to be responsible for receiving, storing, packing and shipping goods;
 - (84) "Watchman" means a person employed to protect school property against damage or theft. Additional assignments may include operation of a small heating plant and routine cleaning duties;
 - (85) "Welder" means a person employed to provide acetylene or electric welding services for a school system; and
 - (86) "WVEIS data entry and administrative clerk" means a person employed to work under the direction of a school principal to assist the school counselor or counselors in the performance of administrative duties, to perform data entry tasks on the West Virginia Education Information System, and to perform other administrative duties assigned by the principal;

(87) "Early Childhood Classroom Assistant Teacher - Temporary

Authorization" means a person who does not possess minimum

requirements for the permanent authorization requirements, but is

enrolled in and pursuing requirements;

- Authorization" means a person who has completed the minimum requirements for a state-awarded certificate for early childhood classroom assistant teachers that meet or exceed the requirements for a child development associate. Equivalency for the West Virginia Department of Education will be determined as the child development associate or the West Virginia Apprenticeship for Child Development Specialists; and
- (89) "Early Childhood Classroom Assistant Teacher Paraprofessional Certificate" means a person who has completed permanent authorization requirements, as well as additional requirements comparable to current paraprofessional certificate.
- (j) Notwithstanding any provision in this code to the contrary, and in addition to the compensation provided for service personnel in section eight-a of this article, each service person is entitled to all service personnel employee rights, privileges and benefits provided under this or any other chapter of this code without regard to the employee's hours of employment or the methods or sources of compensation.
- (k) A service person whose years of employment exceeds the number of years shown and provided for under the state minimum pay

- scale set forth in section eight-a of this article may not be paid
 less than the amount shown for the maximum years of employment
 shown and provided for in the classification in which he or she is
 employed.
 - (1) Each county board shall review each service person's job classification annually and shall reclassify all service persons as required by the job classifications. The state superintendent may withhold state funds appropriated pursuant to this article for salaries for service personnel who are improperly classified by the county boards. Further, the state superintendent shall order a county board to correct immediately any improper classification matter and, with the assistance of the Attorney General, shall take any legal action necessary against any county board to enforce the order.
- (m) Without his or her written consent, a service person may
 not be:
 - (1) Reclassified by class title; or

- (2) Relegated to any condition of employment which would result in a reduction of his or her salary, rate of pay, compensation or benefits earned during the current fiscal year; or for which he or she would qualify by continuing in the same job position and classification held during that fiscal year and subsequent years.
- (n) Any county board failing to comply with the provisions of this article may be compelled to do so by mandamus and is liable to

any party prevailing against the board for court costs and the prevailing party's reasonable attorney fee, as determined and established by the court.

- (o) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, a service person who holds a continuing contract in a specific job classification and who is physically unable to perform the job's duties as confirmed by a physician chosen by the employee shall be given priority status over any employee not holding a continuing contract in filling other service personnel job vacancies if the service person is qualified as provided in section eight-e of this article.
- (p) Any person employed in an aide position on the effective date of this section may not be transferred or subject to a reduction in force for the purpose of creating a vacancy for the employment of a licensed practical nurse.
- (q) Without the written consent of the service person, a county board may not establish the beginning work station for a bus operator or transportation aide at any site other than a county board-owned facility with available parking. The workday of the bus operator or transportation aide commences at the bus at the designated beginning work station and ends when the employee is able to leave the bus at the designated beginning work station, unless he or she agrees otherwise in writing. The application or acceptance of a posted position may not be construed as the written consent referred to in this subsection.

(r) "Itinerant status" means a service person who does not have a fixed work site and may be involuntarily reassigned to another work site. A service person is considered to hold itinerant status if he or she has bid upon a position posted as itinerant or has agreed to accept this status. A county board may establish positions with itinerant status only within the aide and autism mentor classification categories and only when the job duties involve exceptional students. A service person with itinerant status may be assigned to a different work site upon written notice ten days prior to the reassignment without the consent of the employee and without posting the vacancy. A service person with itinerant status may be involuntarily reassigned no more than twice during the school year. At the conclusion of each school year, the county board shall post and fill, pursuant to section eight-b of this article, all positions that have been filled without posting by a service person with itinerant status. A service person who is assigned to a beginning and ending work site and travels at the expense of the county board to other work sites during the daily schedule, shall not be considered to hold itinerant status.

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§18A-4-8a. Service personnel minimum monthly salaries.

- 22 (a) The minimum monthly pay for each service employee shall be 23 as follows:
- 24 (1) Beginning July 1, 2011, and continuing thereafter, the 25 minimum monthly pay for each service employee whose employment is

for a period of more than three and one-half hours a day shall be at least the amounts indicated in the State Minimum Pay Scale Pay Grade and the minimum monthly pay for each service employee whose employment is for a period of three and one-half hours or less a day shall be at least one half the amount indicated in the State Minimum Pay Scale Pay Grade set forth in this subdivision.

STATE MINIMUM PAY SCALE PAY GRADE

8	Years								
9	Exp.	Pay Grade							
10		<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>E</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>G</u>	<u>H</u>
11	0	1,627	1,648	1,689	1,741	1,793	1,855	1,886	1,958
12	1	1,659	1,680	1,721	1,773	1,825	1,887	1,918	1,990
13	2	1,691	1,712	1,753	1,805	1,857	1,919	1,950	2,022
14	3	1,723	1,744	1,785	1,837	1,889	1,951	1,982	2,054
15	4	1,755	1,776	1,817	1,869	1,921	1,983	2,014	2,087
16	5	1,787	1,808	1,849	1,901	1,953	2,015	2,046	2,119
17	6	1,819	1,840	1,882	1,933	1,985	2,047	2,078	2,151
18	7	1,852	1,872	1,914	1,965	2,017	2,079	2,110	2,183
19	8	1,884	1,904	1,946	1,997	2,049	2,111	2,142	2,215
20	9	1,916	1,936	1,978	2,030	2,081	2,143	2,174	2,247
21	10	1,948	1,969	2,010	2,062	2,113	2,176	2,207	2,279
22	11	1,980	2,001	2,042	2,094	2,145	2,208	2,239	2,311
23	12	2,012	2,033	2,074	2,126	2,178	2,240	2,271	2,343
24	13	2,044	2,065	2,106	2,158	2,210	2,272	2,303	2,375
25	14	2,076	2,097	2,138	2,190	2,242	2,304	2,335	2,407
26	15	2,108	2,129	2,170	2,222	2,274	2,336	2,367	2,439
27	16	2,140	2,161	2,202	2,254	2,306	2,368	2,399	2,472
28	17	2,172	2,193	2,235	2,286	2,338	2,400	2,431	2,504
29	18	2,204	2,225	2,267	2,318	2,370	2,432	2,463	2,536
30	19	2,237	2,257	2,299	2,350	2,402	2,464	2,495	2,568
31	20	2,269	2,289	2,331	2,383	2,434	2,496	2,527	2,601

1	21	2,301	2,321	2,363	2,415	2,466	2,528	2,559	2,634
2	22	2,333	2,354	2,395	2,447	2,498	2,561	2,593	2,666
3	23	2,365	2,386	2,427	2,479	2,531	2,594	2,625	2,699
4	24	2,397	2,418	2,459	2,511	2,563	2,627	2,658	2,732
5	25	2,429	2,450	2,491	2,543	2,596	2,659	2,691	2,764
6	26	2,461	2,482	2,523	2,576	2,629	2,692	2,723	2,797
7	27	2,493	2,514	2,555	2,608	2,661	2,724	2,756	2,829
8	28	2,525	2,546	2,588	2,641	2,694	2 , 757	2,789	2,863
9	29	2,557	2 , 579	2,621	2,673	2,726	2,790	2,821	2,896
10	30	2,591	2,611	2,654	2,706	2 , 759	2,822	2,854	2,928
11	31	2,623	2,644	2,687	2,739	2,792	2,855	2,887	2,961
12	32	2,656	2,676	2,719	2,772	2,824	2,888	2,919	2,994
13	33	2,689	2,709	2,752	2,805	2,857	2,920	2,953	3,026
14	34	2,721	2,743	2,785	2,838	2,890	2,954	2,986	3,059
15	35	2,754	2,775	2,817	2,870	2,923	2 , 987	3,018	3,092
16	36	2,787	2,808	2,850	2,903	2,956	3,019	3,051	3,124
17	37	2,819	2,841	2,883	2,936	2,989	3,052	3,083	3,157
18	38	2,852	2,873	2,915	2,968	3,021	3,084	3,116	3,190
19	39	2,885	2,906	2,948	3,001	3,054	3,117	3,149	3,222
20	40	2,917	2,939	2,980	3,033	3 , 087	3 , 150	3,181	3,256

(2) Each service employee shall receive the amount prescribed in the Minimum Pay Scale in accordance with the provisions of this subsection according to their class title and pay grade as set forth in this subdivision:

26	CLASS TITLE PA	Y GF	RADE
27	Accountant I	•	D
28	Accountant II	•	E
29	Accountant III	•	F
30	Accounts Payable Supervisor		G

1	Aide I	A
2	Aide II	В
3	Aide III	С
4	Aide IV	D
5	Audiovisual Technician	С
6	Auditor	G
7	Autism Mentor	F
8	Braille or Sign Language Specialist	Ε
9	Bus Operator	D
10	Buyer	F
11	Cabinetmaker	G
12	Cafeteria Manager	D
13	Carpenter I	Ε
14	Carpenter II	F
15	Chief Mechanic	G
16	Clerk I	В
17	Clerk II	С
18	Computer Operator	Ε
19	Cook I	А
20	Cook II	В
21	Cook III	С
22	Crew Leader	F
23	Custodian I	Α
24	Custodian II	В
25	Custodian III	С

1	Custodian IV	D
2	Director or Coordinator of Services	Н
3	Draftsman	D
4	Early Childhood Classroom Assistant Teacher - Tempo	orary
5	Authorization	<u>E</u>
6	Early Childhood Classroom Assistant Teacher - Perma	<u>anent</u>
7	Authorization	<u>E</u>
8	Early Childhood Classroom Assistant Teacher - Paraprofessi	onal
9	Certificate	<u>E</u>
10	Electrician I	F
11	Electrician II	G
12	Electronic Technician I	F
13	Electronic Technician II	G
14	Executive Secretary	G
15	Food Services Supervisor	G
16	Foreman	G
17	General Maintenance	С
18	Glazier	D
19	Graphic Artist	D
20	Groundsman	В
21	Handyman	В
22	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanic I	E
23	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanic II	G
24	Heavy Equipment Operator	E
25	Inventory Supervisor	D

1	Key Punch Operator	В
2	Licensed Practical Nurse	F
3	Locksmith	G
4	Lubrication Man	С
5	Machinist	F
6	Mail Clerk	D
7	Maintenance Clerk	С
8	Mason	G
9	Mechanic	F
10	Mechanic Assistant	Ε
11	Office Equipment Repairman I	F
12	Office Equipment Repairman II	G
13	Painter	Ε
14	Paraprofessional	F
15	Payroll Supervisor	G
16	Plumber I	Ε
17	Plumber II	G
18	Printing Operator	В
19	Printing Supervisor	D
20	Programmer	Н
21	Roofing/Sheet Metal Mechanic	F
22	Sanitation Plant Operator	G
23	School Bus Supervisor	Ε
24	Secretary I	D
25	Converte visit TT	_

1	Secretary III	F
2	Supervisor of Maintenance	Н
3	Supervisor of Transportation	Н
4	Switchboard Operator-Receptionist	D
5	Truck Driver	D
6	Warehouse Clerk	С
7	Watchman	В
8	Welder	F
9	WVEIS Data Entry and Administrative Clerk	В
10	(b) An additional \$12 per month shall be added to the min	imum
11	monthly pay of each service employee who holds a high so	chool

(c) An additional \$11 per month also shall be added to the minimum monthly pay of each service employee for each of the following:

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diploma or its equivalent.

- 16 (1) A service employee who holds twelve college hours or
 17 comparable credit obtained in a trade or vocational school as
 18 approved by the state board;
 - (2) A service employee who holds twenty-four college hours or comparable credit obtained in a trade or vocational school as approved by the state board;
- 22 (3) A service employee who holds thirty-six college hours or 23 comparable credit obtained in a trade or vocational school as 24 approved by the state board;
 - (4) A service employee who holds forty-eight college hours or

- 1 comparable credit obtained in a trade or vocational school as
 2 approved by the state board;
- 3 (5) A service employee who holds sixty college hours or 4 comparable credit obtained in a trade or vocational school as 5 approved by the state board;

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- (6) A service employee who holds seventy-two college hours or comparable credit obtained in a trade or vocational school as approved by the state board;
- (7) A service employee who holds eighty-four college hours or comparable credit obtained in a trade or vocational school as approved by the state board;
- (8) A service employee who holds ninety-six college hours or comparable credit obtained in a trade or vocational school as approved by the state board;
- (9) A service employee who holds one hundred eight college hours or comparable credit obtained in a trade or vocational school as approved by the state board;
- (10) A service employee who holds one hundred twenty college hours or comparable credit obtained in a trade or vocational school as approved by the state board;
- 21 (d) An additional \$40 per month also shall be added to the 22 minimum monthly pay of each service employee for each of the 23 following:
 - (1) A service employee who holds an associate's degree;
 - (2) A service employee who holds a bachelor's degree;

- 1 (3) A service employee who holds a master's degree;
- 2 (4) A service employee who holds a doctorate degree.
- 3 (e) An additional \$11 per month shall be added to the minimum
 4 monthly pay of each service employee for each of the following:
- 5 (1) A service employee who holds a bachelor's degree plus 6 fifteen college hours;
- 7 (2) A service employee who holds a master's degree plus 8 fifteen college hours;
- 9 (3) A service employee who holds a master's degree plus thirty college hours;
- 11 (4) A service employee who holds a master's degree plus forty-12 five college hours; and
 - (5) A service employee who holds a master's degree plus sixty college hours.

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- (f) To meet the objective of salary equity among the counties, each service employee shall be paid an equity supplement, as set forth in section five of this article, of \$152 per month, subject to the provisions of that section. These payments: (i) Shall be in addition to any amounts prescribed in the applicable State Minimum Pay Scale Pay Grade, any specific additional amounts prescribed in this section and article and any county supplement in effect in a county pursuant to section five-b of this article; (ii) shall be paid in equal monthly installments; and (iii) shall be considered a part of the state minimum salaries for service personnel.
 - (g) When any part of a school service employee's daily shift

of work is performed between the hours of six o'clock p. m. and five o'clock a. m. the following day, the employee shall be paid no less than an additional \$10 per month and one half of the pay shall be paid with local funds.

- (h) Any service employee required to work on any legal school holiday shall be paid at a rate one and one-half times the employee's usual hourly rate.
- (i) Any full-time service personnel required to work in excess of their normal working day during any week which contains a school holiday for which they are paid shall be paid for the additional hours or fraction of the additional hours at a rate of one and one-half times their usual hourly rate and paid entirely from county board funds.
- (j) No service employee may have his or her daily work schedule changed during the school year without the employee's written consent and the employee's required daily work hours may not be changed to prevent the payment of time and one-half wages or the employment of another employee.
- (k) The minimum hourly rate of pay for extra duty assignments as defined in section eight-b of this article shall be no less than one seventh of the employee's daily total salary for each hour the employee is involved in performing the assignment and paid entirely from local funds: *Provided*, That an alternative minimum hourly rate of pay for performing extra duty assignments within a particular category of employment may be used if the alternate

hourly rate of pay is approved both by the county board and by the affirmative vote of a two-thirds majority of the regular full-time employees within that classification category of employment within that county: Provided, however, That the vote shall be by secret ballot if requested by a service person within that classification category within that county. The salary for any fraction of an hour the employee is involved in performing the assignment shall be prorated accordingly. When performing extra duty assignments, employees who are regularly employed on a one-half day salary basis shall receive the same hourly extra duty assignment pay computed as though the employee were employed on a full-day salary basis.

engaged in the removal of asbestos material or related duties required for asbestos removal shall be their regular total daily rate of pay and no less than an additional \$3 per hour or no less than \$5 per hour for service personnel supervising asbestos removal responsibilities for each hour these employees are involved in asbestos-related duties. Related duties required for asbestos removal include, but are not limited to, travel, preparation of the work site, removal of asbestos decontamination of the work site, placing and removal of equipment and removal of structures from the site. If any member of an asbestos crew is engaged in asbestos related duties outside of the employee's regular employment county, the daily rate of pay shall be no less than the minimum amount as established in the employee's regular employment county for

asbestos removal and an additional \$30 per each day the employee is engaged in asbestos removal and related duties. The additional pay for asbestos removal and related duties shall be payable entirely from county funds. Before service personnel employees may be used in the removal of asbestos material or related duties, they shall have completed a federal Environmental Protection Act approved training program and be licensed. The employer shall provide all necessary protective equipment and maintain all records required by the Environmental Protection Act.

(m) For the purpose of qualifying for additional pay as provided in section eight, article five of this chapter, an aide shall be considered to be exercising the authority of a supervisory aide and control over pupils if the aide is required to supervise, control, direct, monitor, escort or render service to a child or children when not under the direct supervision of a certified professional person within the classroom, library, hallway, lunchroom, gymnasium, school building, school grounds or wherever supervision is required. For purposes of this section, "under the direct supervision of a certified professional person" means that certified professional person is present, with and accompanying the aide.

§18A-4-14. Duty-free lunch and daily planning period for certain employees.

(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section seven, article two of this chapter, every teacher who is employed for a period of

time more than one-half the class periods of the regular school day and every service personnel person whose employment is for a period of more than three and one-half hours per day and whose pay is at least the amount indicated in the state minimum pay scale as set forth in section eight-a of this article shall be provided a daily lunch recess of not less than thirty consecutive minutes, and such the employee shall not be assigned any responsibilities during this recess. Such The recess shall be included in the number of hours worked, and no county shall increase the number of hours to be worked by an employee as a result of such the employee being granted a recess under the provisions of this section.

(2) Every teacher who is regularly employed for a period of time more than one-half the class periods of the regular school day shall be provided at least one planning period within each school instructional day to be used to complete necessary preparations for the instruction of pupils. Such The planning period shall be the length of the usual class period in the school to which such teacher is assigned, and shall be not less than thirty minutes. No teacher shall may be assigned any responsibilities during this period, and no county shall increase the number of hours to be worked by a teacher as a result of such teacher being granted a planning period subsequent to the adoption of this section (March 13, 1982).

Principals, and assistant principals, where applicable, shall cooperate in carrying out the provisions of this subsection,

including, but not limited to, assuming control of the class period or supervision of students during the time the teacher is engaged in the planning period. Substitute teachers may also be utilized to assist with classroom responsibilities under this subsection: Provided, That any substitute teacher who is employed to teach a minimum of two consecutive days in the same position shall be granted a planning period pursuant to this section.

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(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent prevents any teacher from exchanging his or her lunch recess or a planning period or any service personnel person from exchanging his or her lunch recess for any compensation or benefit mutually agreed upon by the employee and the county superintendent of schools or his or her agent: Provided, That a teacher and the superintendent or his or her agent may not agree to terms which are different from those available to any other teacher granted rights under this section within the individual school or to terms which in any way discriminate among such those teachers within the individual school, and that service personnel a service person granted rights under this section and the superintendent or his or her agent may not agree to terms which are different from those available to any other service personnel within the same classification category granted rights under this section within the individual school or to terms which in any way discriminate among such those service personnel within the same classification category within the individual school.

- 1 (4) The state board shall conduct a study on planning periods.
- 2 The study shall include, but not be limited to, the appropriate
- 3 length for planning periods at the various grade levels and for the
- 4 different types of class schedules. The board shall report its
- 5 findings and recommendations to the Legislative Oversight
- 6 Commission on Education Accountability no later than December 31,
- 7 2013.
- 8 ARTICLE 5. AUTHORITY; RIGHTS; RESPONSIBILITY.
- 9 §18A-5-2. Holidays; closing of schools; time lost because of such;
- 10 special Saturday classes.
- 11 <u>(a)</u> Schools shall not be kept open <u>closed</u> on any Saturday
- 12 Saturdays nor and on the following days which are designated as
- 13 legal school holidays: namely: Independence Day, Labor Day,
- 14 Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, New Year's Day,
- 15 Martin Luther King's birthday, Memorial Day and West Virginia Day.
- 16 and Schools also shall be closed on any day on which a primary
- 17 election, general election or special election is held throughout
- 18 the state or school district and on any day appointed and set apart
- 19 by the president or the Governor as a holiday of special observance
- 20 by the people of the state.
- 21 When any such holiday falls within the employment term, it
- 22 shall be considered as a day of the employment term and the full-
- 23 time school personnel shall receive his or her pay for same.
- (b) When any of the above designated holidays, except a
- 25 special election, falls on Saturday, the schools shall be closed on

the preceding Friday. When any such designated holiday falls on Sunday, the schools shall be closed on the following Monday.

- (c) Special classes may be conducted on Saturdays provided they are conducted on a voluntary basis, for pupils and by teachers and service personnel. Saturday classes shall be conducted on a voluntary basis and that such teachers and service personnel shall be remunerated in ratio to the regularly contracted pay.
- (d) Any school or schools may be closed by proper authorities on account of the prevalence of contagious disease, conditions of weather or any other calamitous cause over which the board has no control.
- (1) Under any or all of the above provisions, the time lost by the closing of schools is school closings may not be counted as days of employment and may not be counted as meeting a part of the requirements of the minimum term of one hundred eighty days of instruction. A school employee's pay per pay period may not change as a result of a school closing not being counted as a day of employment, and the employee shall be paid the same amount during any pay period in which a school closing occurs that the employee would have been paid during the pay period if a school closing had not occurred.
- (2) On such the day or days when a school or schools are closed, county boards of education may provide appropriate alternate work schedules for professional and service personnel affected by the closing of any school or schools under any or all

- of the above provisions of this subsection. Professional and service personnel shall receive pay the same as if school were in session.
 - (3) Insofar as funds are available or can be made available during the school year, the board may extend the employment term for the purpose of making up time that might affect the instructional term.
- 8 <u>(e)</u> In addition to any other provisions of this chapter, the board is further is authorized to provide in its annual budget for meetings, workshops, vacation time or other holidays through extended employment of personnel at the same rate of pay.
- 12 CHAPTER 18C. STUDENT LOANS; SCHOLARSHIPS AND STATE AID.
- 13 ARTICLE 1. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE GENERALLY.
 - \$18C-1-2. Definitions.

Definitions for terms used in this chapter have the meanings ascribed to them in section two, article one, chapter eighteen-b of this code unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

(a) "Board" or "governing board" in the singular or plural means the vice chancellor for administration employed pursuant to section two, article four, chapter eighteen-b of this code when a power or duty assigned to a governing board is delegated by it to the senior administrator. In other instances as used in this chapter, "board" or "governing board" in the singular or plural means the Higher Education Policy Commission or the Council for Community and Technical College Education, as appropriate.

- 1 (b) "Senior administrator" means the vice chancellor for 2 administration employed pursuant to section two, article four, 3 chapter eighteen-b of this code.
- 4 ARTICLE 4. UNDERWOOD-SMITH TEACHER SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.

- 5 §18C-4-1. Scholarship and loan assistance fund created; purposes;
 6 funding.
 - (a) It is the purpose of this article and article four-a of this chapter to improve the quality of education in the public schools of West Virginia by encouraging and enabling individuals who have demonstrated outstanding academic abilities to pursue teaching careers at the preschool, elementary, middle or secondary levels in the public schools of this state. In addition, of those individuals who have demonstrated outstanding academic abilities to pursue teaching careers, for scholarships initially awarded for the fall semester, one thousand nine hundred ninety eight 2014, and thereafter, particular efforts will shall be made in the scholarship selection criteria and procedures to reflect the state's present and projected teacher needs, including needs statewide and in different geographic areas and for teachers with education and training in specific disciplines subject and geographic areas of critical need.
 - (b) <u>In consultation with the State Board of Education and the State Superintendent of Schools</u> the <u>higher education governing boards commission</u> shall <u>in consultation with the State Superintendent of Schools promulgate reasonable propose</u> legislative

rules in accordance with the provisions of article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The rules shall provide for the administration of the Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarship and Loan Assistance program programs by the senior administrator vice chancellor for administration in furtherance of the purposes of this article and article four-a of this chapter, including, but not limited to, scholarship selection criteria and procedures, renewal, compliance, noncompliance and repayment, deferral and excusal. In accordance with such rules, the senior administrator shall establish appropriate guidelines for program operation the following:

- 12 <u>(1) Establishing scholarship selection criteria and</u> 13 procedures;
- (2) Establishing criteria and procedures for identifying subject areas, public schools or geographic areas in critical need of teachers;
 - (3) Awarding loan assistance, including establishing conditions under which partial awards may be granted for less than a full year of teaching in an area of critical need;
 - (4) Determining eligibility for loan assistance renewal;
 - (5) Establishing procedures ensuring that loan assistance funds are paid directly to the proper lending entity; and
 - (6) Establishing criteria for determining participant compliance or noncompliance with terms of the agreement and establishing procedures to address noncompliance including, but not

limited to, repayment, deferral and excusal; and

(7) Developing model agreements.

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- (c) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a special revolving fund to be known as the Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarship and Loan Assistance Fund to be administered by the senior administrator vice chancellor for administration solely for granting scholarships and loan assistance to teachers and prospective teachers in accordance with this article and article four-a of this chapter. Any moneys which may be appropriated by the Legislature, or received by the senior administrator vice chancellor for administration from other sources, for the purposes of this article and article four-a of this chapter, shall be deposited in the fund. Any moneys remaining in the fund at the close of a fiscal year shall be carried forward for use in the next fiscal year. Any moneys repaid to the senior administrator vice chancellor for administration by reason of default of a scholarship or loan assistance agreement under this article or article four-a of this chapter also shall also be deposited in the fund. balances shall be invested with the state's consolidated investment fund, and any and all interest earnings on these investments shall be used solely for the purposes for which moneys invested were appropriated or otherwise received.
 - (d) The <u>senior administrator</u> <u>vice chancellor for</u> <u>administration</u> may accept and expend any gift, grant, contribution, bequest, endowment or other money for the purposes of this article

and article four-a of this chapter and shall make a reasonable effort to encourage external support for the scholarship and loan assistance programs.

(e) For the purpose of encouraging support for the scholarship and loan assistance program programs from private sources, the senior administrator vice chancellor for administration may set aside no more than half of the funds appropriated by the Legislature for Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarships and Loan Assistance Awards to be used to match two state dollars to each private dollar from a nonstate source contributed on behalf of a specific institution of higher education in this state.

12 §18C-4-2. Selection criteria and procedures for awarding scholarships.

- (a) The Governor shall designate an existing scholarship selection agency or panel the Higher Education Student Financial Aid Advisory Board created by section five, article one of this chapter to select the recipients of Underwood-Smith teacher scholarships who meet the eligibility criteria set forth in subsection (b) of this section. If no such agency or panel exists, the Governor shall appoint a scholarship selection panel for this purpose which shall consist of seven persons representative of public school administrators, teachers, including preschool teachers, and parents.
- (b) Eligibility for an Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarship award shall be limited to $\frac{\text{West Virginia resident}}{\text{Virginia resident}}$ students who $\frac{\text{meet}}{\text{Virginia}}$

the following criteria:

- (1) Have graduated or are graduating from <u>a West Virginia</u> high school and rank in the top ten percent of their graduating class or the top ten percent statewide of those West Virginia students taking the <u>American college</u> ACT test;
- (2) Have a cumulative grade point average of at least 3.25 on a possible scale of four after successfully completing two years of course work at an approved institution of higher education in West Virginia;
- (3) Are public school aides or paraprofessionals as defined in section eight, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code and who have a cumulative grade point average of at least 3.25 on a possible scale of four after successfully completing two years of course work at an approved institution of higher education in West Virginia; or
- (4) Are graduate students at the master's degree level who have graduated or are graduating in the top ten percent of their college graduating class.
- (c) In accordance with the rules of the commission, the vice chancellor for administration shall develop criteria and procedures for the selection of scholarship recipients. that The selection criteria shall reflect the purposes of this article and shall specify the areas in which particular efforts will be made in the selection of scholars as set forth in section one of this article. and which Selection procedures and criteria also may include, but

<u>are</u> not <u>be</u> limited to, the grade point average of the applicant, involvement in extracurricular activities, financial need, current academic standing and an expression of interest in teaching as <u>expressed in demonstrated by</u> an essay written by the applicant.

Such These criteria and procedures further may require the applicant to furnish letters of recommendation from teachers and others.

It is the intent of the Legislature that academic abilities be the primary criteria for selecting scholarship recipients. Provided, That However, the qualified applicants with the highest academic abilities who intend to pursue teaching careers in areas of critical need and shortage as determined by the State Board of Education pursuant to section one of this article shall be given priority.

(d) In developing the selection criteria and procedures to be used by the panel Higher Education Student Financial Aid Advisory Board, the vice chancellor for administration shall solicit the views of public and private education agencies and institutions and other interested parties. These views: (1) Input from interested parties shall be solicited by means of written and published selection criteria and procedures in final form for implementation and (2) may be solicited by means of public hearings on the present and projected teacher needs of the state or any other methods the vice chancellor for administration may determine to be appropriate to gather the information.

(e) The vice chancellor for administration shall make application forms for Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarships available to public and private high schools in the state and in other locations convenient to applicants, parents and others, and shall make an effort to attract students from low-income backgrounds, ethnic or racial minority students, students with disabilities, and women or minority students who show interest in pursuing teaching careers in mathematics and science and who are underrepresented in those fields.

§18C-4-3. Scholarship agreement.

- (a) Each recipient of an Underwood-Smith teacher scholarship shall enter into an agreement with the senior administrator vice chancellor for administration under which the recipient shall meet the following conditions:
- 15 (1) Provide the board commission with evidence of compliance with subsection (a), section four of this article;
 - (2) Within a ten-year period after completing the teacher education for which the scholarship was awarded:
 - (A) Teach full time under contract with a county board of education in a public education program in the state for a period of not less fewer than two years for each year for which a scholarship was received; or
 - (B) Teach full time under contract for not less than one year for each year for which a scholarship was received with a county board of education in this state in a teacher shortage area as

determined by the state Board of Education pursuant to section one of this article, in an exceptional children program in this state, in a school having less than average academic results or in a school in an economically disadvantaged area of this state for not less than one year for each year for which a scholarship was received; or

- (B) (C) Within such the ten-year period, while seeking and unable to secure a full-time teaching position under contract with a county board of education which satisfies the conditions of paragraph (A) of this subdivision:
- (i) Teach full-time in a private school, parochial or other school approved under exemption (A) or (K) for the instruction of students of compulsory school age pursuant to section one, article eight, chapter eighteen of this code; or
- (ii) Teach in a an institution of higher educational institution education in this state as defined in section two, article one, chapter eighteen-b of this code or in a post-secondary vocational education program in this state as defined in section two, article one, chapter eighteen-b of this code for a period of not less fewer than two years for each year for which a scholarship was received; or
- (iii) (iii) Perform alternative service or employment in this state pursuant to guidelines adopted in accordance with the rules of the governing boards promulgated by the commission, in federal, state, county or local supported programs with an educational

component, including mental or physical health care, or with bona fide tax exempt charitable organizations dedicated to the above, for a period of not less fewer than two years for each year for which a scholarship was received.

- Any teaching time accrued as a substitute teacher for a county board of education under paragraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision shall be credited pro rata in accordance with rules of the governing boards rules promulgated by the commission; or
- (3) Repay all or part of an Underwood-Smith teacher scholarship received under this article plus interest and, if applicable, reasonable collection fees in accordance with subsection (b) (c), section four of this article, except as provided in subsections (c) and subsection (d) of said section four of this article.
- (b) Scholarship agreements shall <u>fully</u> disclose <u>fully</u> the terms and conditions under which assistance under this article is provided and under which repayment may be required. <u>including</u> <u>The agreements shall include the following:</u>
- (1) A description of the conditions and procedures to be established under section four of this article; and
- (2) A description of the appeals procedure required to be established under section four of this article.
- (c) Individuals who were awarded an Underwood-Smith teacher scholarship prior to the effective date of this section may apply the provisions of paragraph (A), or (B) or (C), subdivision (2),

subsection (a) of this section to teaching or other service performed by them after July 1, 1997.

§18C-4-4. Renewal conditions; noncompliance; deferral; excusal.

- (a) The recipient of an Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarship is eligible for scholarship renewal only during such those periods that when the recipient is meets the following conditions:
 - (1) <u>Is</u> enrolled as a full-time student in an accredited institution of higher education in this state;
 - (2) <u>Is</u> pursuing a course of study leading to teacher certification at the preschool, elementary, middle or secondary level in this state;
 - (3) <u>Is</u> maintaining satisfactory progress as determined by the institution of higher education the recipient is attending; and
 - (4) <u>Is</u> complying with such other standards as the boards commission may establish by rule.
 - (b) Recipients found to be in noncompliance with the agreement entered into under section three of this article shall be required to repay the amount of the scholarship awards received, plus interest, and, where applicable, reasonable collection fees, on a schedule and at a rate of interest prescribed in the program guidelines. Such Guidelines also shall also provide for proration of the amount to be repaid by a recipient who teaches for part of the period required under subsection (a), section three of this article and for appeal procedures under which a recipient may appeal any determination of noncompliance.

1 (c) A recipient shall is not be considered in violation of the
2 agreement entered into under section three of this article during
3 any period in which the recipient is meeting any of the following
4 conditions:

- (1) Pursuing a full-time course of study at an accredited institution of higher education;
- (2) Serving, not in excess of four years, as a member of the armed services of the United States;
- (3) Seeking and unable to find full-time employment in accordance with paragraph (A), subdivision (2), subsection (a), section three of this article and is fulfilling any of the alternatives specified in paragraph (B) or (C) of said that subdivision; or
- (4) Satisfying the provisions of additional repayment exemptions that may be prescribed by the boards commission by rule; or
- (5) Failing to comply with the terms of the agreement due to death or permanent or temporary disability as established by sworn affidavit of a qualified physician.
- (d) A recipient shall be excused from repayment of a teacher scholarship received under this article if the recipient dies or becomes permanently and totally disabled as established by sworn affidavit of a qualified physician.
- 24 (e) (d) The rules adopted by the governing boards commission
 25 may provide guidelines under which the senior administrator vice

- 1 <u>chancellor for administration</u> may if extenuating circumstances
- 2 exist, extend the period for fulfilling the obligation to fifteen
- 3 years, if extenuating circumstances exist.
- 4 ARTICLE 4A. UNDERWOOD-SMITH TEACHER LOAN ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.
- 5 §18C-4A-1. Selection criteria and procedures for loan assistance.
- 6 (a) The Governor shall designate the Higher Education Student
- 7 Financial Aid Advisory Board created by section five, article one
- 8 of this chapter to select recipients to receive Underwood-Smith
- 9 Teacher Loan Assistance Awards.
- 10 (b) The advisory board shall make decisions regarding loan
- 11 assistance pursuant to section one, article four of this chapter
- 12 and the following criteria:
- (A) Eligibility for an award is limited to a teacher who has
- earned a teaching degree and is certified to teach a subject area
- of critical need in the public schools of West Virginia. A
- 16 certified teacher in a subject area of critical need who is
- 17 enrolled in an advanced in-field degree course or who has earned an
- advanced in-field degree may apply for an award to be paid toward
- 19 current education loans;
- 20 (B) To be eligible for a loan award, a teacher shall agree to
- 21 teach, or shall currently be teaching, a subject area of critical
- need in a state school or geographic area of the state identified
- as an area of critical need pursuant to section one, article four
- of this chapter.
- 25 (c) In accordance with the rule promulgated pursuant to

- 1 section one, article four of this chapter, the vice chancellor for 2 administration shall develop criteria and procedures for the administration of the loan program.
 - The vice chancellor for administration shall available program application forms to public and private schools in the state via the commission and the State Department of Education's websites and in other locations convenient to potential applicants.

§18C-4A-2. Loan assistance agreement.

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- (a) Before receiving an award, each eligible teacher shall enter into an agreement with the vice chancellor for administration and shall meet the following criteria:
- (1) Provide the commission with evidence of compliance with subsection (b), section four, article four of this chapter;
- (2) Teach in a subject area or geographic area of critical need full time under contract with a county board for a period of two school years for each year for which loan assistance is received pursuant to this article. The vice chancellor for administration may grant a partial award to an eligible recipient whose contract term is for less than a full school year pursuant to criteria established by commission rule.
- (3) Acknowledge that an award is to be paid to the recipient's educational loan institution, not directly to the recipient, only after the commission determines that the recipient has complied with all terms of the agreement; and

(4) Repay all or part of an award received pursuant to this article if the award is not paid to the educational loan institution or if the recipient does not comply with the other terms of the agreement.

(b) Each loan agreement shall disclose fully the terms and conditions under which an award may be granted pursuant to this article and under which repayment may be required. The agreement also is subject to and shall include the terms and conditions established by section five, article four of this chapter.

§18C-4A-3. Amount and duration of loan assistance; limits.

- (a) Each award recipient is eligible to receive loan assistance of up to \$2,000 annually subject to limits set forth in subsection (b) of this section:
 - (1) If the recipient has taught math or science for a full school year under contract with a county board in a school or geographic area of critical need; and
 - (2) If the recipient otherwise has complied with the terms of the agreement and with applicable provisions of this article and article four of this chapter, and any rules promulgated pursuant thereto.
 - (b) The recipient is eligible for renewal of loan assistance only during the periods when the recipient is under contract with a county board to teach in a subject area of critical need in a school or geographic area of critical need, and complies with other criteria and conditions established by rule, except that a teacher

- 1 who is teaching under a contract in a position that no longer meets
- 2 the definition of critical need under rules established in
- 3 accordance with section one, article four of this chapter is
- 4 eligible for renewal of loan assistance until the teacher leaves
- 5 his or her current position.
- 6 (c) No recipient may receive loan assistance pursuant to this
- 7 article which accumulates in excess of \$15,000.