## COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

#### FOR

# Senate Bill No. 323

(By Senator Blair)

[Originating in the Committee on Government Organization; reported January 30, 2015.]

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A BILL to amend and reenact §8-1-5a of the Code of West Virginia,

1931, as amended, relating to extending home rule to all Class
I, II and III municipalities; providing that the Municipal Home
Rule Board will terminate five years after enactment of statute
unless extended; making an increasing number of Class IV
municipalities eligible to participate in the Home Rule Pilot
Program; amending powers and duties of the Municipal Home
Rule Board; amending requirements for enactment of
ordinances, acts, resolutions, rules or regulations by
municipalities participating in the Home Rule Pilot Program;

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and eliminating requirement for the performance review of the Home Rule Pilot Project.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §8-1-5a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 1. PURPOSE AND SHORT TITLE; DEFINITIONS; GENERAL PROVISIONS; CONSTRUCTION.

### §8-1-5a. Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program.

- 1 (a) Legislative findings. -The Legislature finds and
- 2 declares that:
- 3 (1) The initial Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program
- 4 brought innovative results, including novel municipal ideas
- 5 that became municipal ordinances which later resulted in new
- 6 statewide statutes;
- 7 (2) The initial Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program also
- 8 brought novel municipal ideas that resulted in court
- 9 challenges against some of the participating municipalities;
- 10 (3) The Municipal Home Rule Board was an essential
- 11 part of the initial Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program, but it
- 12 lacked some needed powers and duties;

- 13 (4) Municipalities still face challenges delivering services
- 14 required by federal and state law or demanded by their
- 15 constituents;
- 16 (5) Municipalities are sometimes restrained by state
- 17 statutes, policies and rules that challenge their ability to carry
- 18 out their duties and responsibilities in a cost-effective,
- 19 efficient and timely manner;
- 20 (6) Continuing the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program
- 21 is in the public interest; and
- 22 (7) Increasing the powers and duties of the Municipal
- 23 Home Rule Board will enhance the Municipal Home Rule
- 24 Pilot Program; and
- 25 (8) Due to the success of the Municipal Home Rule Pilot
- 26 Program, the Legislature has determined municipal home rule
- 27 should be extended to all Class I, Class II and Class III
- 28 <u>municipalities</u>. <u>Municipal home rule should also be available</u>
- 29 to Class IV municipalities, the number of which will increase
- 30 over time.

(b) Continuance of pilot program. - The Municipal 31 32 Home Rule Pilot Program is continued until July 1, 2019. 33 enacted by the four participating The ordinances municipalities pursuant to the initial Municipal Home Rule 34 Pilot Program are hereby authorized and may remain in effect 35 until the ordinances are repealed, but are null and void if 36 amended and such amendment is not approved by the 37 38 Municipal Home Rule Board: *Provided*, That any ordinance enacting a municipal occupation tax is hereby null and void. 39 (c) Authorizing participation. – 40 41 (1) Commencing July 1, 2013, twenty Class I, Class II, 42 Class III and/or Class IV municipalities that are current in payment of all state fees may participate in the Municipal Home 43 Rule Pilot Program pursuant to the provisions of this section. 44 (2) The four municipalities participating in the pilot 45 program on July 1, 2012, are hereby authorized to continue in the pilot program and may amend current written plans 47 48 and/or submit new written plans in accordance with the provisions of this section.

50 (3) If any of the four municipalities participating in the pilot program on July 1, 2012, do not want to participate in the pilot program, then on or before June 1, 2014, the 52 municipality must submit a written letter to the board indicating the municipality's intent not to participate and the board may choose another municipality to fill the vacancy: 56 Provided, That if a municipality chooses not to participate 57 further in the pilot program, its ordinances enacted pursuant to the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program are hereby 58 59 authorized and may remain in effect until the ordinances are repealed, but are null and void if amended: Provided, 61 however, That any ordinance enacting a municipal occupation tax is null and void. (1) All Class I, Class II and Class III municipalities may 63 participate in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program 65 pursuant to the provisions of this section. 66 (2) Commencing July 1, 2015, four Class IV municipalities may participate in the Municipal Home Rule 67

Pilot Program pursuant to the provisions of this section.

(3) Commencing July 1, 2016, twenty Class IV 69 70 municipalities may participate in the Municipal Home Rule 71 Pilot Program pursuant to the provisions of this section. (4) Commencing July 1, 2017, all Class IV 72 73 municipalities may participate in the Municipal Home Rule 74 Pilot Program pursuant to the provisions of this section. 75 (d) Municipal Home Rule Board. – The Municipal 76 Home Rule Board is hereby continued for five years from enactment of this statute, pursuant to the provisions of 77 78 section one, article ten, chapter four of this code, et seq., 79 unless otherwise continued or reestablished pursuant to the 80 provisions of that article. The board members serving on the board on July 1, 2012, may continue to serve, except 81 82 that the Chair of the Senate Committee on Government Organization and the Chair of the House Committee on 83 Government Organization shall be ex officio nonvoting 84 members. Effective July 1, 2013, the Municipal Home 85 86 Rule Board shall consist of the following five voting 87 members:

- 88 (1) The Governor, or a designee, who shall serve as chair;
- 89 (2) The Executive Director of the West Virginia
- 90 Development Office or a designee;
- 91 (3) One member representing the Business and Industry
- 92 Council, appointed by the Governor with the advice and
- 93 consent of the Senate;
- 94 (4) One member representing the largest labor
- 95 organization in the state, appointed by the Governor with the
- 96 advice and consent of the Senate; and
- 97 (5) One member representing the West Virginia Chapter
- 98 of the American Institute of Certified Planners, appointed by
- 99 the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- 100 (e) Board's powers and duties. The Municipal Home
- 101 Rule Board has the following powers and duties:
- 102 (1) Review, evaluate, make recommendations and
- approve or reject, by a majority vote of the board, each aspect
- 104 of the written plan submitted by a municipality;
- 105 (2) By a majority vote of the board, select, based on the
- 106 municipality's written plan, new Class I, Class II, Class III,

107 and/or Class IV municipalities to participate in the Municipal

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- 108 Home Rule Program;
- 109 (3) Review, evaluate, make recommendations and approve
- 110 or reject, by a majority vote of the board, the amendments to the
- 111 written plans submitted by municipalities;
- (4) Approve or reject, by a majority vote of the board, each
- ordinance submitted by a participating municipality pursuant to
- 114 its written plan or its amendments to the written plan;
- (5) (4) Consult with any agency affected by the written
- plans or the amendments to the written plans; and
- (6) (5) Perform any other powers or duties necessary to
- 118 effectuate the provisions of this article.
- 119 (f) Written plan. On or before June 1, 2014, a Any Class
- 120 I, Class II, Class III or Class IV municipality desiring to
- 121 participate in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program shall
- 122 submit a written plan to the board stating in detail the
- 123 following:
- 124 (1) The specific laws, acts, resolutions, policies, rules or
- regulations which prevent the municipality from carrying out

- 126 its duties in the most cost-efficient, effective and timely
- 127 manner;
- 128 (2) The problems created by the laws, acts, resolutions,
- 129 policies, rules or regulations;
- 130 (3) The proposed solutions to the problems, including all
- 131 proposed changes to ordinances, acts, resolutions, rules and
- 132 regulations: *Provided*, That the specific municipal ordinance
- instituting the solution does not have to be included in the
- 134 written plan; and
- 135 (4) A written opinion, by an attorney licensed to practice
- in West Virginia, stating that the proposed written plan does
- 137 not violate the provisions of this section.
- 138 (g) Public hearing on written plan. Prior to submitting
- 139 its written plan to the board, the municipality shall:
- (1) Hold a public hearing on the written plan;
- (2) Provide notice at least thirty days prior to the public
- 142 hearing by a Class II legal advertisement;
- 143 (3) Make a copy of the written plan available for public
- inspection at least thirty days prior to the public hearing; and

- 145 (4) After the public hearing, adopt an ordinance
- 146 authorizing the municipality to submit a written plan to the
- 147 Municipal Home Rule Board after the proposed ordinance has
- 148 been read two times.
- (h) Selection of municipalities. On or after June 1, 2014
- 150 June 1, 2015, by a majority vote, the Municipal Home Rule
- 151 Board may select from the municipalities that submitted
- 152 written plans and were approved by the board by majority
- 153 vote, new Class I, Class II, Class III and/or Class IV
- municipalities to participate in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot
- 155 Program.
- 156 (i) Ordinance, act, resolution, rule or regulation. After
- 157 being selected to participate in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot
- 158 Program and prior to enacting an ordinance, act, resolution, rule
- or regulation based on the written plan, the municipality shall:
- 160 (1) Hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance, act,
- 161 resolution, rule or regulation;
- 162 (2) Provide notice at least thirty days prior to the public
- hearing by a Class II legal advertisement;

- 164 (3) Make a copy of the proposed ordinance, act,
- 165 resolution, rule or regulation available for public inspection
- 166 at least thirty days prior to the public hearing; and
- 167 (4) After the public hearing, submit the comments, either
- in audio or written form, to the Municipal Home Rule Board.
- 169 (5) Obtain approval, from the Municipal Home Rule
- 170 Board by a majority vote, for the proposed ordinance, act,
- 171 resolution, rule or regulation; and
- 172 (6) After obtaining approval from the Municipal Home
- 173 Rule Board, read the proposed ordinance, act, resolution, rule
- 174 or regulation at least two times.
- 175 (j) Powers and duties of municipalities. The
- 176 municipalities participating in the Municipal Home Rule
- 177 Pilot Program have the authority to pass an ordinance, act,
- 178 resolution, rule or regulation, under the provisions of this
- 179 section, that is not contrary to:
- 180 (1) Environmental law;
- 181 (2) Bidding on government construction and other
- 182 contracts;

- 183 (3) The Freedom of Information Act;
- 184 (4) The Open Governmental Proceedings Act;
- 185 (5) Wages for construction of public improvements;
- 186 (6) The provisions of this section;
- 187 (7) The provisions of section five-a, article twelve of
- 188 this chapter; and
- 189 (8) The municipality's written plan.
- (k) *Prohibited acts.* The municipalities participating
- 191 in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program do not have the
- 192 authority to pass an ordinance, act, resolution, rule or
- 193 regulation, under the provisions of this section, pertaining
- 194 to:
- 195 (1) The Constitution of the United States or West
- 196 Virginia;
- 197 (2) Federal law or crimes and punishment;
- 198 (3) Chapters sixty-a, sixty-one and sixty-two of this
- 199 code or state crimes and punishment;
- 200 (4) Pensions or retirement plans;
- 201 (5) Annexation;

202 (6) Taxation: *Provided*, That a participating municipality 203 may enact a municipal sales tax up to one percent if it reduces or eliminates its municipal business and occupation 204 205 tax: Provided, however, That if a municipality subsequently reinstates or raises the municipal business and occupation tax 206 it previously reduced or eliminated under the Municipal 207 Home Rule Pilot Program, it shall eliminate the municipal 208 209 sales tax enacted under the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Provided further, That any municipality that 210 Program: 211 imposes a municipal sales tax pursuant to this section shall 212 use the services of the Tax Commissioner to administer, 213 enforce and collect the tax in the same manner as the state consumers sales and service tax and use tax under the 214 provisions of articles fifteen, fifteen-a and fifteen-b, chapter 215 eleven of this code and all applicable provisions of the 216 217 streamlined sales and use tax agreement: And provided further, That such tax will not apply to the sale of motor fuel 218 219 or motor vehicles;

(7) Tax increment financing;

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- 221 (8) Extraction of natural resources;
- (9) Persons or property outside the boundaries of the
- 223 municipality: Provided, That this prohibition under the
- 224 Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program does not affect a
- 225 municipality's powers outside its boundary lines under
- 226 other sections of this chapter, other chapters of this code or
- 227 court decisions;
- 228 (10) Marriage and divorce laws; and
- 229 (11) An occupation tax, fee or assessment payable by
- 230 a nonresident of a municipality.
- 231 (1) Amendments to written plans. A municipality
- 232 selected to participate participating in the Municipal Home
- 233 Rule Pilot Program may amend its written plan at any time.
- 234 (m) Reporting requirements. Commencing December
- 235 1, 2015, and each year thereafter, each participating
- 236 municipality shall give a progress report to the Municipal
- 237 Home Rule Board and commencing January 1, 2016, and
- 238 each year thereafter, the Municipal Home Rule Board shall
- 239 give a summary report of all the participating

- 240 municipalities to the Joint Committee on Government and
- 241 Finance.
- 242 (n) Performance Evaluation and Review Division review.
- 243 -Before January 1, 2019, the Performance Evaluation and
- 244 Review Division of the Legislative Auditor's Office shall
- 245 conduct a performance review on the pilot program and the
- 246 participating municipalities. The review shall include the
- 247 following:
- 248 (1) An evaluation of the effectiveness of expanded home
- 249 rule on the participating municipalities;
- 250 (2) A recommendation as to whether the expanded home
- 251 rule should be continued, reduced, expanded or terminated;
- 252 (3) A recommendation as to whether any legislation is
- 253 necessary; and
- 254 (4) Any other issues considered relevant.
- 255 (o) (n) Termination of the pilot program. The
- 256 Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program terminates on July 1,
- 257 2019. No ordinance, act, resolution, rule or regulation may
- 258 be enacted by a participating municipality after July 1, 2019,

pursuant to the provisions of this section. An ordinance, act, resolution, rule or regulation enacted by a participating municipality under the provisions of this section during the period of the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program shall continue in full force and effect until repealed, but is null and void if it is amended and such amendment is not approved by the Municipal Home Rule Board.

(NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to extend municipal home rule to all Class I, Class II, and Class III municipalities, and allow participation of Class IV municipalities.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.)