

# **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

**2019 REGULAR SESSION**

**ENGROSSED**

**Committee Substitute**

**for**

**House Bill 2193**

BY DELEGATE SHOTT

[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary,

January 16, 2019.]



1 A BILL to amend and reenact §36-8-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to  
2 amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §36-8-2a, all relating to  
3 providing for the specific escheat of United States savings bonds and all rights and legal  
4 title thereto; and defining terms.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:*

**ARTICLE 8. UNIFORM UNCLAIMED PROPERTY ACT.**

**§36-8-1. Definitions.**

1 As used in this article:

2 (1) "Administrator" means the State Treasurer.

3 (2) "Apparent owner" means a person whose name appears on the records of a holder as  
4 the person entitled to property held, issued or owing by the holder.

5 (3) "Business association" means a corporation, joint stock company, investment  
6 company, partnership, unincorporated association, joint venture, limited liability company,  
7 business trust, trust company, safe deposit company, financial organization, insurance company,  
8 mutual fund, utility or other business entity consisting of one or more persons, whether or not for  
9 profit.

10 (4) "Domicile" means the state of incorporation of a corporation and the state of the  
11 principal place of business of a holder other than a corporation.

12 (5) "Financial organization" means a savings and loan association, bank, banking  
13 organization or credit union.

14 (6) "Holder" means a person obligated to hold for the account of, or deliver or pay to, the  
15 owner property that is subject to this article.

16 (7) "Insurance company" means an association, corporation, or fraternal or mutual benefit  
17 organization, whether or not for profit, engaged in the business of providing life endowments,  
18 annuities or insurance, including accident, burial, casualty, credit life, contract performance,

19 dental, disability, fidelity, fire, health, hospitalization, illness, life, malpractice, marine, mortgage,  
20 surety, wage protection and workers' compensation insurance.

21 (8) "Mineral" means gas; oil; coal; other gaseous, liquid and solid hydrocarbons; oil shale;  
22 cement material; sand and gravel; road material; building stone; chemical raw material; gemstone;  
23 fissionable and nonfissionable ores; colloidal and other clay; steam and other geothermal  
24 resource; or any other substance defined as a mineral by the law of this state.

25 (9) "Mineral proceeds" means amounts payable for the extraction, production or sale of  
26 minerals, or, upon the abandonment of those payments, all payments that become payable  
27 thereafter. The term includes amounts payable:

28 (i) For the acquisition and retention of a mineral lease, including bonuses, royalties,  
29 compensatory royalties, shut-in royalties, minimum royalties and delay rentals;

30 (ii) For the extraction, production or sale of minerals, including net revenue interests,  
31 royalties, overriding royalties, extraction payments and production payments; and

32 (iii) Under an agreement or option, including a joint operating agreement, unit agreement,  
33 pooling agreement and farm-out agreement.

34 (10) "Money order" includes an express money order and a personal money order, on  
35 which the remitter is the purchaser. The term does not include a bank money order or any other  
36 instrument sold by a financial organization if the seller has obtained the name and address of the  
37 payee.

38 (11) "Owner" means a person who has a legal or equitable interest in property subject to  
39 this article or the person's legal representative. The term includes a depositor in the case of a  
40 deposit, a beneficiary in the case of a trust other than a deposit in trust, and a creditor, claimant  
41 or payee in the case of other property.

42 (12) "Person" means an individual, business association, financial organization, estate,  
43 trust, government, governmental subdivision, agency or instrumentality, or any other legal or  
44 commercial entity.

45           (13) "Property" means tangible personal property described in section three of this article  
46 or a fixed and certain interest in intangible personal property that is held, issued or owed in the  
47 course of a holder's business, or by a government, governmental subdivision, agency or  
48 instrumentality, and all income or increments therefrom. The term includes property that is  
49 referred to as or evidenced by:

50           (i) Money, a check, draft, warrant for payment issued by the State of West Virginia, deposit,  
51 interest or dividend;

52           (ii) Credit balance, customer's overpayment, gift certificate, security deposit, refund, credit  
53 memorandum, unpaid wage, unused ticket, mineral proceeds or unidentified remittance;

54           (iii) Stock or other evidence of ownership of an interest in a business association or  
55 financial organization;

56           (iv) A bond, debenture, note or other evidence of indebtedness;

57           (v) Money deposited to redeem stocks, bonds, coupons or other securities or to make  
58 distributions;

59           (vi) An amount due and payable under the terms of an annuity or insurance policy,  
60 including policies providing life insurance, property and casualty insurance, workers'  
61 compensation insurance or health and disability insurance; and

62           (vii) An amount distributable from a trust or custodial fund established under a plan to  
63 provide health, welfare, pension, vacation, severance, retirement, death, stock purchase, profit  
64 sharing, employee savings, supplemental unemployment insurance or similar benefits.

65           (14) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored  
66 in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.

67           (15) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the  
68 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of  
69 the United States.

70 (16) “United States savings bond” means property, tangible or intangible, in the form of a  
71 savings bond issued by the United States Treasury whether in paper form, electronic or paperless  
72 form, along with the proceeds thereof.

73 ~~(16)~~ (17) “Utility” means a person who owns or operates for public use any plant,  
74 equipment, real property, franchise or license for the transmission of communications or the  
75 production, storage, transmission, sale, delivery or furnishing of electricity, water, steam or gas  
76 as defined in §24-1-2 of this code.

**§36-8-2a. Escheat of United States savings bonds.**

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other section of this article or any other section of this code to the  
2 contrary, United States savings bonds held or owing in the state by any person, or issued, or  
3 owed, in the course of a holder’s business, or by a state or other government, governmental  
4 subdivision, agency, or instrumentality and all proceeds thereof, shall be presumed abandoned  
5 in the state if:

6 (1) The last known address of the owner of the United States savings bond is in West  
7 Virginia; and

8 (2) The United States savings bond has remained unclaimed and unredeemed for five  
9 years after final maturity.

10 (b) United States savings bonds which are presumed abandoned and unclaimed under  
11 §36-8-2a(a) of this code, including bonds in the possession of the administrator, and those lost,  
12 stolen or destroyed bonds registered to persons with last known addresses in the state, shall,  
13 upon satisfaction by the administrator of the requirements of §36-8-2a(c) through (e), inclusive,  
14 escheat to the State of West Virginia one year after such bonds are presumed abandoned, and  
15 all property rights and legal title to, and ownership of, the United States savings bonds or proceeds  
16 from the bonds, including all rights, powers and privileges of survivorship of any owner, co-owner,  
17 or beneficiary, shall vest solely in the State of West Virginia, subject only to the provisions of §36-  
18 8-15 and §36-8-16 of this code.

19           (c) After the one year prescribed in §36-8-2a(b) of this code, if no claim has been filed  
20 pursuant to the provisions of §36-8-15 and §36-8-16 of this code for such United States savings  
21 bonds, but before such savings bonds escheat to the State of West Virginia, a civil action must  
22 be commenced by the administrator in the circuit court of Kanawha County, or in any other court  
23 of competent jurisdiction, for a determination that such United States savings bonds shall escheat  
24 to the State of West Virginia.

25           (d) The administrator shall make service by publication of the civil action in accordance  
26 with Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 4(e).

27           (e) Any person claiming ownership, including all persons claiming rights, powers and  
28 privileges of survivorship and any co-owner or beneficiary, or his or her agent, may appear and  
29 defend his or her rights to the subject bond or bonds, and if the Court is satisfied that the claimant  
30 is entitled to the bonds, may award judgment in the claimant's favor. If no person files a claim or  
31 appears at the hearing to substantiate a claim, or where the court determines that a claimant is  
32 not entitled to the property claimed by such claimant, then the court, if satisfied by evidence that  
33 the administrator has substantially complied with the laws of the State of West Virginia, shall enter  
34 a judgment that the subject United States savings bonds, have escheated to the State of West  
35 Virginia, and all property rights and legal title to and ownership of such United States savings  
36 bonds or proceeds from such bonds, including all rights, powers and privileges of survivorship of  
37 any owner, co-owner or beneficiary, shall vest in the State of West Virginia, subject only to the  
38 provisions of §36-8-15 and §36-8-16 of this code.

39           (f) Upon being awarded a judgment that the United States savings bond or bonds have  
40 escheated to the State of West Virginia, the administrator shall redeem such United States  
41 savings bonds escheated to the State of West Virginia and when the proceeds which have  
42 escheated have been recovered by the administrator, it shall first pay all costs incident to the  
43 collection and recovery of such proceeds from the redemption of the United States savings bonds

- 44 and shall thereafter promptly deposit the remaining balance of such proceeds into the Unclaimed  
45 Property Fund pursuant to §36-8-13 of this code.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide a specific escheat of United States savings bonds.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.