WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2019 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 632

SENATORS MAYNARD, AZINGER, BLAIR, BOSO, CLINE,
ROBERTS, RUCKER, SMITH, SYPOLT, TARR, TRUMP, AND
JEFFRIES, original sponsors

[Originating in the Committee on Finance; reported on February 23, 2019]

A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §18-5-48; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §18-20-11; to amend and reenact §18A-2-8 of said code; and to amend and reenact §18A-3-6 of said code, all relating to improving student safety; requiring safety and security measures of each school facility be upgraded when necessary to ensure, to the best of the county board's ability, the safety of students; creating a Safe Schools Fund; requiring video cameras in certain public special education classrooms; setting forth time requirements for retaining the video; setting forth requirements for video access; adding to justifications for which a school employee can be suspended or dismissed; requiring the State Superintendent to maintain a database of all individuals suspended or dismissed for certain reasons; and adding to justifications for which a teacher's certificate can be revoked and for which a certificate can be automatically revoked.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-48. Safety and security measures for school facilities.

(a) Each county board of education and multicounty vocational center shall annually assess the safety and security of each of the school facilities within its boundaries. Safety and security measures of each facility shall be upgraded when necessary to ensure, to the best of the county board's ability, the safety of the students within each facility. Each county board of education shall report annually the safety and security measures it has put in place, including upgrades thereto, to the State Department of Education. Annually, the State Department of Education shall compile the information from the county boards of education, and report the information to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability.

9 (b) As used in this section, "safety and security measures" means action taken by a county 10 board of education or multicounty vocational center that improves the security of a school facility 11 and the safety of the students within such facility, including, but not limited to, hiring a school 12 resource officer, installing weapon detection systems, upgrading facility doors or windows, etc. 13 (c) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a special revenue fund to be known as 14 the Safe Schools Fund. The fund shall consist of all moneys received from legislative 15 appropriations and other sources to further the purpose of this section: Provided, That annually, 16 the West Virginia Department of Education shall request an appropriation based on the requests 17 of the county boards of education. Subject to legislative appropriation, the funds appropriated 18 annually to the School Safety Fund shall be distributed to the county boards of education and multicounty vocational centers, with the funding amount per school determined by dividing the 19 20 total annual appropriation by the total number of public schools throughout the state. All moneys 21 distributed from this fund shall be used to support the purpose and intent of this section and all 22 moneys must be spent to support the school for which the funding was derived: Provided, 23 however, That moneys distributed from this fund also may be used for the purposes of §18-20-11 24 of this code, relating to video cameras in certain special education classrooms. Any moneys 25 remaining in the fund at the close of the fiscal year shall be carried forward for use in the next 26 fiscal year. Fund balances shall be invested with the state's Consolidated Investment Fund and 27 any and all interest shall be used solely for the purposes that moneys deposited in the fund may 28 be used pursuant to this article.

ARTICLE 20. EDUCATION OF EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN.

- 1 §18-20-11. Video cameras only required in certain special education classrooms upon
- 2 <u>request.</u>
- 3 (a) A county board of education shall ensure placement of video cameras in self-contained
- 4 classrooms as defined in state board policy.
- 5 <u>(b) As used in this section:</u>

6	(1) "Incident" means a raised suspicion by a teacher, aide, parent, or guardian of a child,
7	of bullying, abuse, or neglect of a child or of harm to an employee of a public school by:
8	(A) An employee of a public school or school district; or
9	(B) Another student;
10	(2) "Self-contained classroom" means a classroom at a public school in which a majority
11	of the students in regular attendance are provided special education instruction and as further
12	defined in state board policy; and
13	(3) "Special education" means the same as defined in §18-20-1 et seq. of this code.
14	(c) A county board of education shall provide a video camera to a public school for each
15	self-contained classroom that is a part of that school which shall be used in every self-contained
16	classroom. The principal of the school shall be the custodian of the video camera, all recordings
17	generated by the video camera, and access to those recordings pursuant to this section.
18	(d)(1) Every public school that receives a video camera under this section shall operate
19	and maintain the video camera in every self-contained classroom that is part of that school.
20	(2) If there is an interruption in the operation of the video camera for any reason, a written
21	explanation should be submitted to the school principal and the county board explaining the
22	reason and length for which there was no recording. The explanation shall be maintained at the
23	county board office for at least one year.
24	(e)(1) A video camera placed in a self-contained classroom shall be capable of:
25	(A) Monitoring all areas of the self-contained classroom, including, without limitation, a
26	room attached to the self-contained classroom and used for other purposes; and
27	(B) Recording audio from all areas of the self-contained classroom, including, without
28	limitation, a room attached to the self-contained classroom and used for other purposes;
29	(2) A video camera placed in a self-contained classroom shall not monitor a restroom or
30	any other area in the self-contained classroom where a student changes his or her clothes except

31	for incidental monitoring of a minor portion of a restroom or other area where a student changes
32	his or her clothes because of the layout of the self-contained classroom.
33	(3) A video camera placed in a self-contained classroom is not required to be in operation
34	during the time in which students are not present in the self-contained classroom.
35	(f) Before a public school initially places a video camera in a self-contained classroom
36	pursuant to this section, the public school shall provide written notice of the placement to:
37	(1) The parent or legal guardian of a student who is assigned to the self-contained
38	classroom;
39	(2) The county board; and
40	(3) The school employee(s) who is assigned to work with one or more students in the self-
11	contained classroom.
12	(g)(1) A public school shall retain video recorded from a camera placed under this section
13	for at least three months after the date the video was recorded after which the recording shall be
14	deleted or otherwise made unretrievable.
15	(2) If a person requests to view a recording under subsection (k) of this section, the public
16	school shall retain the recording from the date of the request until:
17	(A)(i) Except as provided in §18-20-11(g)(2)(A)(ii) of this code, the person views the
18	recording;
19	(ii) A person who requests to view a recording shall make himself or herself available for
50	viewing the recording within 30 days after being notified by the public school that the person's
51	request has been granted; and
52	(B) Any investigation and any administrative or legal proceedings that result from the
53	recording have been completed, including, without limitation, the exhaustion of all appeals.
54	(h) This section does not:
55	(1) Waive any immunity from liability of a public school district or employee of a public
56	school district: or

57	(2) Create any liability for a cause of action against a public school or school district or
58	employee of a public school or school district.
59	(i) A public school or school district shall not:
60	(1) Allow regular, continuous, or continual monitoring of video recorded under this section;
61	<u>or</u>
62	(2) Use video recorded under this section for:
63	(A) Teacher evaluations; or
64	(B) Any purpose other than the promotion of the health, well-being, and safety of students
65	receiving special education and related services in a self-contained classroom.
66	(j) Except as provided under subsections (k) and (l) of this section, a video recording of a
67	student made under this section is confidential and shall not be released or viewed.
68	(k) Within seven days of receiving a request, a public school or school district shall allow
69	viewing of a video recording by:
70	(1) A public school or school district employee who is involved in an alleged incident that
71	is documented by the video recording and has been reported to the public school or school district;
72	(2) A parent or legal guardian of a student who is involved in an alleged incident that is
73	documented by the video recording and has been reported to the public school or school district;
74	(3) An employee of a public school or school district as part of an investigation into an
75	alleged incident that is documented by the video recording and has been reported to the public
76	school or school district;
77	(4) A law-enforcement officer as part of an investigation into an alleged incident that is
78	documented by the video recording and has been reported to the law-enforcement agency; or
79	(5) The Department of Health and Human Resources as part of a child abuse and neglect
80	investigation: Provided, That any access provided to the Department of Health and Human
81	resources pursuant to this subdivision shall comply with the Family Educational Rights and
82	Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g.

83	(I) When a video is under review as part of the investigation of an alleged incident, and
84	the video reveals a student violating a disciplinary code or rule of the school, which violation is
85	not related to the alleged incident for which the review is occurring, and which violation is not
86	already the subject of a disciplinary action against the student, the student is not subject to
87	disciplinary action by the school for such unrelated violation unless it reveals a separate incident
88	as described in §18-20-11(b)(1) of this code.
89	(m) It is not a violation of subsection (j) of this section if a contractor or other employee of
90	a public school or school district incidentally views a video recording under this section if the
91	contractor or employee of a public school or school district is performing job duties related to the:
92	(1) Installation, operation, or maintenance of video equipment; or
93	(2) Retention of video recordings.
94	(n) This section does not limit the access of a student's parent or legal guardian to a video
95	recording regarding the student under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20
96	U.S.C. § 1232g, or any other law.
97	(o) A public school or school district shall:
98	(1) Take necessary precautions to conceal the identity of a student who appears in a video
99	recording but is not involved in the alleged incident documented by the video recording for which
100	the public school allows viewing under subsection (j) of this section, including, without limitation,
101	blurring the face of the uninvolved student; and
102	(2) Provide procedures to protect the confidentiality of student records contained in a video
103	recording in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. §
104	1232g, or any other law.
105	(p)(1) Any aggrieved person may appeal to the State Board of Education an action by a
106	public school or school district that the person believes to be in violation of this section.
107	(2) The state board shall grant a hearing on an appeal under this subsection within 45
108	days of receiving the appeal.

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109	(q)(1) A public school or school district may use funds distributed from the Safe Schools
110	Fund created in §18-5-48 of this code to fulfill a request made under this section.
111	(2) A public school or school district may accept gifts, grants, or donations to fulfill a
112	request made under this section.
113	(r) The state board may promulgate a rule in accordance with §29A-3B-1 et seq. of this
114	code to clarify the requirements of this section and address any unforeseen issues that might
115	arise relating to the implementation of the requirements of this section.
	CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.
	ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.
	§18A-2-8. Suspension and dismissal of school personnel by board; appeal.
1	(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a board may suspend or dismiss any
2	person in its employment at any time for: Immorality, incompetency, cruelty, insubordination,
3	intemperance, willful neglect of duty, unsatisfactory performance, a finding of abuse by the
4	Department of Health and Human Resources in accordance with §49-1-1 et seq. of this code, the
5	conviction of a misdemeanor or a guilty plea or a plea of nolo contendere to a misdemeanor
6	charge that has a rational nexus between the conduct and performance of the employee's job,
7	the conviction of a felony or a guilty plea or a plea of nolo contendere to a felony charge.
8	(b) A charge of unsatisfactory performance shall not be made except as the result of an
9	employee performance evaluation pursuant to §18A-2-12 of this code. The charges shall be
10	stated in writing served upon the employee within two days of presentation of the charges to the
11	board.
12	(c) The affected employee shall be given an opportunity, within five days of receiving the
13	written notice, to request, in writing, a level three hearing and appeals pursuant to the provisions

of §6C-2-1 et seq. of this code, except that dismissal for a finding of abuse or the conviction of a

felony or guilty plea or plea of nolo contendere to a felony charge is not by itself a grounds for a

grievance proceeding. An employee charged with the commission of a felony, a misdemeanor

with a rational nexus between the conduct and performance of the employee's job, or child abuse may be reassigned to duties which do not involve direct interaction with pupils pending final disposition of the charges.

(d) A county board of education has the duty and authority to provide a safe and secure environment in which students may learn and prosper; therefore, it may take necessary steps to suspend or dismiss any person in its employment at any time should the health, safety, and welfare of students be jeopardized or the learning environment of other students has been impacted.

(e) It shall be the duty of any county superintendent to report any employee suspended or dismissed in accordance with this section, including the rationale for the suspension or dismissal, to the state superintendent. The state superintendent shall maintain a database of all individuals suspended or dismissed for jeopardizing the health, safety, and welfare of students, or for impacting the learning environment of other students. The database shall also include the rationale for the suspension or dismissal. The database shall be confidential and shall only be accessible to county human resource directors, county superintendents, and the state superintendent.

ARTICLE 3. TRAINING, CERTIFICATION, LICENSING, PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

§18A-3-6. Grounds for revocation of certificates; recalling certificates for correction.

(a) The state superintendent may, after 10 days' notice and upon proper evidence, revoke the certificates of any teacher for any of the following causes: Intemperance; untruthfulness; cruelty; immorality; a finding of abuse by the Department of Health and Human Resources in accordance with §49-1-1 et seq. of this code; the conviction of a felony or a guilty plea or a plea of no contest to a felony charge; the conviction, guilty plea, or plea of no contest to any charge involving sexual misconduct with a minor or a student; or for using fraudulent, unapproved or

insufficient credit to obtain the certificates: *Provided*, That the certificates of a teacher may not be revoked for any matter for which the teacher was disciplined, less than dismissal, by the county board that employs the teacher, nor for which the teacher is meeting or has met an improvement plan determined by the county board, unless it can be proven by clear and convincing evidence that the teacher has committed one of the offenses listed in this subsection and his or her actions render him or her unfit to teach: *Provided, however*, That in order for any conduct of a teacher involving intemperance; cruelty; immorality; or using fraudulent, unapproved, or insufficient credit to obtain the certificates to constitute grounds for the revocation of the certificates of the teacher, there must be a rational nexus between the conduct of the teacher and the performance of his or her job. The state superintendent may designate the West Virginia Commission for Professional Teaching Standards or members thereof to conduct hearings on revocations or certificate denials and make recommendations for action by the state superintendent: *Provided further*, That a teacher convicted under §61-8D-5 of this code or a finding of abuse by the Department of Health and Human Resources under §49-1-1 et seq. of this code shall have his or her certificate or license automatically revoked.

- (b) It shall be the duty of any county superintendent who knows of any acts on the part of any teacher for which a certificate may be revoked in accordance with this section to report the same, together with all the facts and evidence, to the state superintendent for such action as in the state superintendent's judgment may be proper.
- (c) If a certificate has been granted through an error, oversight, or misinformation, the state superintendent has authority to recall the certificate and make such corrections as will conform to the requirements of law and the state board.