# **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

# **2020 REGULAR SESSION**

**Committee Substitute** 

for

**Committee Substitute** 

for

**Senate Bill 491** 

SENATORS SYPOLT, SMITH, RUCKER, BEACH, BALDWIN,

JEFFRIES, AND PITSENBARGER, *original sponsors*[Originating in the Committee on Government

Organization; reported on February 19, 2020]

A BILL to amend and reenact §19-16-1, §19-16-2, §19-16-3, §19-16-4, §19-16-5, and §19-16-6 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto three new sections, designated §19-16-3b, §19-16-5a, and §19-16-9, all relating to the Seed Certification Program within the Department of Agriculture; defining terms; adding flower seed requirements; adding labeling requirements for seed; adding labeling requirements for interstate shipping; authorizing legislative rules for penalties; updating certificate of registration requirements; requiring quarterly tonnage fees and reports for seed; requiring monthly reports for seed potatoes; requiring record retention; updating prohibitions for labeling; setting forth label, signage, and other requirements for noncommercial seed sharing; updating duties and authority of commissioner; authorizing inspections of seed conditioning facilities, issuance of permits, and establishment of fees; and providing for penalties for labeling deficiencies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

## ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA SEED LAW.

# §19-16-1. Definitions.

"Advertisement" means all representations, other than those on the label, disseminated in any manner or by any means, relating to seed within the scope of this article.

- (a) "Agricultural seed" includes forage seeds (grasses and legumes), tobacco, soybeans, cereal, oil, fiber, and other kinds of crop seeds commonly recognized within this state as agricultural seeds, lawn and turf seeds, and combinations of those seeds, and may include noxious weed seeds when the commissioner determines that the seed is being used as agricultural seed.
- (b) "Blend" means seed consisting of more than one variety of a kind, each in excess of five percent by weight of the whole.
- (c) "Brand" means a word, name, symbol, number, design or device, or any combination thereof, identifying the seed of one person and distinguishing it from all others word/words, name,

symbol, number, mark, design, <u>unique design, or any combination which identifies seed of one</u>
entity from seed of another.

- (d) "Bulk" means seed when loose in vehicles of transportation or in storage, or in retail displays and not in seed bags or other containers.
- (e) "Certifying agency" means: (1) An agency authorized under the laws of a state, territory, or possession to officially certify seed and which has standards and procedures approved by the United States Secretary of Agriculture to assure the genetic purity and identity of the seed certified; or (2) an agency of a foreign country determined by the United States Secretary of Agriculture to adhere to procedures and standards for seed certification comparable to those adhered to generally by seed certifying agencies under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (f) "Coated" means a seed unit covered with any substance which changes the size, shape, or weight of original seed. Seeds coated with ingredients such as, but not limited to, rhizobia, dyes, and pesticides are not considered coated seeds.
- (g) "Commissioner" refers to the Commissioner of Agriculture of the State of West Virginia or a duly authorized employee.
- (h) "Complete record" means any and all information which relates to the origin, treatment, germination, purity, kind, and variety of each lot of agricultural seed sold in this state, or which relates to the treatment, germination, kind, and variety of each lot of vegetable, or tree and shrub seed sold in this state. The information shall include seed samples and records of declarations, labels, purchases, sales, conditioning, bulking, treatment, handling, storage, analyses, tests, and examinations.
- (i) "Conditioning" means drying, cleaning, scarifying, and other operations which may change the purity or germination of the seed and require the seed lot to be retested to determine the label information.
- (j) "Dealer" means any person who exclusively sells, exposes for sale, offers for sale, exchanges, or barters seed for sowing purposes within this state to the ultimate consumer.

38	"Distinct" means that the variety can be differentiated by one or more identifiable
39	morphological, physiological, or other characteristics from all other varieties of public knowledge.
40	(k) "Distribute" means to offer for sale, sell, expose for sale, exchange, or barter seed for
41	sowing purposes within the state.
42	(I) "Distributor" means any person who sells, exposes for sale, offers for sale, exchanges,
43	barters, gives, parcels out, allots, shares, or dispenses a seed for sowing purposes within the
44	state.
45	(m) "Dormant" means viable seed, excluding hard seed, which fails to germinate when
46	provided the specified germination conditions for the kind of seed in question.
47	"Flower seeds" includes seeds of herbaceous plants grown for their blooms, ornamental
48	foliage, or other ornamental parts, and commonly known and sold under the name of flower or
49	wildflower seeds in this state.
50	(n) "Genuine growers declaration" means a statement signed by the grower which gives
51	for each lot of seed the lot number, kind, variety (if known), origin, weight, year of production, date
52	of shipment, and to whom the shipment was made.
53	(e) "Germination" means the emergence and development from the seed embryo of those
54	essential structures which, for the kind of seed in question, are indicative of the ability to produce
55	a normal plant under favorable conditions.
56	(p) "Hard seeds" means seeds which remain hard at the end of the prescribed test period
57	because they have not absorbed water due to an impermeable seed coat.
58	"Hermetically sealed" means a container that is designed and intended to be secure
59	against the entry of microorganisms and thereby to maintain the commercial sterility of its contents
60	after processing.
61	(q) "Hybrid" means the first generation seed of a cross produced by controlling the
62	pollination and by combining: (1) Two or more inbred lines; (2) one inbred or a single cross with
63	an open-pollinated variety; or (3) two varieties or species, except open-pollinated varieties of corn

64	(Zea mays). The second generation of subsequent generations from the crosses shall not be
65	regarded as hybrids. Hybrid designations shall be treated as variety names.
66	(r) "Inert matter" means all matter not seed, which includes, but is not limited to, broken
67	seeds, sterile florets, chaff, fungus bodies, and stones, as determined by methods defined by rule.
68	"Introduced wildflower" means kinds, or the types and varieties derived from those kinds
69	that are not indigenous to North America.
70	(s) "Kind" means one or more related species or subspecies which singly or collectively is
71	known by one common name, for example, corn, oats, alfalfa, and timothy.
72	(t) "Label" means a display of written, printed or graphic matter affixed to the container or
73	package in which seed is distributed; or affixed to the invoice, delivery slip, or other shipping
74	document which accompanies bulk lots of seed. All labels shall be legible and in English
75	(u) "Labeling" means all written, printed, or graphic matter, or advertisement referencing
76	the seed includes a tag or other device attached to or written, stamped, or printed on any container
77	or accompanying any lot of bulk seeds purporting to set forth the information required on the seed
78	label by this act, and it may include any other information relating to the labeled seed.
79	(v) "Lot" means a definite quantity of seed identified by a lot number, code number, or
80	other mark, every portion or bag of which is uniform within recognized tolerances for the factors
81	which appear on the label.
82	(w) "Mixture", "mix", or "mixed" means seed consisting of more than one kind or variety,
83	each present in excess of five percent by weight of the whole. A mixture of varieties of a single
84	kind may be labeled as a blend.
85	(x) "Mulch" means a protective covering of any suitable substance placed with seed which
86	acts to retain sufficient moisture to support seed germination and sustain early seedling growth,
87	and aid in the prevention of the evaporation of soil moisture, the control of weeds, and the
88	prevention of erosion.

89	"Native wildflower" means kinds or the types and varieties derived from those kinds that
90	are indigenous to North America.
91	(y) "Noxious weed seeds" are divided into two classes: "Prohibited noxious weed seeds"
92	and "restricted noxious weed seeds" as defined in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection
93	includes prohibited noxious weed seeds, restricted noxious weed seeds, and undesirable grass
94	seed.
95	(1) The term "prohibited noxious weed seeds" are those weed seeds which are prohibited
96	from being present in agricultural, vegetable, tree or shrub seed. They are the seeds of weeds
97	which are highly destructive and difficult to control by good cultural practices and the use of
98	herbicides;
99	(2) The term "restricted noxious weed seeds or undesirable grass seed" are those weed
100	seeds which are objectionable in agricultural crops, lawns and gardens of this State and which
101	can be controlled by good cultural practices or the use of herbicides
102	(z) "Off type" means any seed or plant not a part of the variety in that it deviates in one or
103	more characteristics from the variety as described and may include: A seed or plant of another
104	variety; a seed or plant not necessarily any variety; a seed or plant resulting from cross-pollination
105	by another kind or variety; a seed or plant resulting from uncontrolled self-pollination during
106	production of hybrid seed; or segregates from any of the off types set forth in this subsection.
107	(aa) "Official sample" means any sample of seed taken by the commissioner in
108	accordance with the provisions of this article and rules promulgated under this article.
109	(bb) "Origin", for an indigenous stand of trees, means the area on which the trees are
110	growing; for a nonindigenous stand, it is the place from which the seeds or plants were originally
111	introduced.
112	(cc) "Other crop seed" means seed of plants grown as crops (other than the kind or variety
113	included in the pure seed) as determined by methods defined by rule.

114	(dd) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, company, association,
115	receiver, trustee, agent, fiduciary, firm, or any group of organized persons, whether incorporated
116	or not.
117	"Prohibited noxious weed seeds" means those weed seeds which are prohibited from
118	being present in agricultural, vegetable, or tree and shrub seed, and are the seeds of weeds which
119	are highly destructive and difficult to control by good cultural practices and the use of herbicides.
120	"Pure live seed" means the product of the percent of germination, plus hard or dormant
121	seed, multiplied by the percent of pure seed divided by 100, where the result is expressed as a
122	whole number.
123	(ee) "Pure seed" means seed exclusive of inert matter and all other seeds not of the seed
124	being considered as determined by methods defined by rule.
125	"Purity" means the name or names of the kind, type, or variety and the percentage or
126	percentages thereof; the percentage of other agricultural seed or crop seed; the percentage of
127	weed seeds, including noxious weed seeds; the percentage of inert matter; and the names of the
128	noxious weed seeds and the rate of occurrence of each.
129	(ff) "Registrant" means any person who registers as a seedsman in order to distribute seed
130	for sowing purposes within the state.
131	"Restricted noxious weed seeds" means those weed seeds which are objectionable in
132	agricultural crops, lawns, and gardens of this state, but which can be controlled by good cultural
133	practices or the use of herbicides.
134	(gg) "Seed potato" refers to the Irish potato (Solanum tuberosum) vegetatively propagated
135	tubers used or intended to be used for potato production which must grade equal to or better than
136	the minimum requirements of U.S. No. 1, from the standpoint of physical defects, size, or disease,
137	and must be certified by an official certifying agency.
138	"Sell-by date" means the last date that the seed may legally be sold in the state.

139	(hh) "Seizure" means a legal process carried out by court order against a definite amount
140	of seed.
141	"Stable" means that the variety will remain unchanged in its essential and distinctive
142	characteristics and its uniformity when reproduced or reconstituted as required by the different
143	categories of varieties.
144	(ii) "Stop sale or embargo" means an administrative order, provided by this article,
145	restraining the sale, use, disposition, and movement of a definite amount of seed.
146	"Test date" means the month and year in which the germination test was completed.
147	"Total viable" means the sum of percentage germination plus dormant plus hard seeds.
148	(jj) "Treated" means that the seed has received an application of a substance, or that it
149	has been subjected to a process for which a claim is made. For label, shall be the commonly
150	accepted coined, chemical (generic), biological, or abbreviated chemical name.
151	(kk) "Tree and shrub seeds" includes seeds of woody plants commonly known and sold
152	as tree and shrub seeds in this state.
153	(II) "Tree seed collector's declaration" means a statement, signed by a grower or person
154	having knowledge of the place of collection, giving, for a lot of seed, the lot number, common or
155	scientific name of the species (and subspecies, if appropriate), origin, elevation, and quantity of
156	tree and shrub seed.
157	(mm) "Type" means a group of varieties so nearly similar that the individual varieties
158	cannot be clearly differentiated, except under special conditions.
159	"Undesirable grass seeds" means seeds of grass species declared to be restricted
160	noxious weed seed when found in lawn and turf seed.
161	"Uniform" means that the variations in essential and distinctive characteristics are
162	describable.
163	(nn) "Variant" means any seed or plant which: (A) (1) Is distinct within the variety but
164	occurs naturally in the variety; (B) (2) is stable and predictable with a degree of reliability

165	comparable to other varieties of the same kind, within recognized tolerances, when the variety is
166	reproduced or reconstituted; and $\frac{C}{C}$ was originally a part of the variety as released. A varian
167	is not an off-type.
168	(oo) "Variety" means a subdivision of a kind which is distinct, uniform, and stable.
169	(1) "Distinct" means that the variety can be differentiated by one or more identifiable
170	morphological, physiological or other characteristics from all other varieties of public knowledge.
171	(2) "Uniform" means that the variations in essential and distinctive characteristics are
172	describable.
173	(3) "Stable" means that the variety will remain unchanged in its essential and distinctive
174	characteristics and its uniformity when reproduced or reconstituted as required by the differen
175	categories of varieties
176	(pp) "Vegetable or herb seeds" includes the seeds of those crops which are grown in
177	gardens or on truck farms and are generally known and sold under the name of vegetable or herb
178	seeds in this state.
179	(qq) "Weed seed" means the seeds of all plants generally recognized as weeds within this
180	state, as determined by methods defined by rule, and includes the categories of prohibited
181	noxious weed seeds and restricted noxious weed seeds.
	§19-16-2. Label requirements for agricultural crops, lawn and turf, vegetable, tree and
	shrub, <u>flower</u> seeds, and seed potatoes.
1	(a) Each container of agricultural, or vegetable, or flower seeds which is distributed o
2	transported within this state for sowing purposes shall bear on the container, or have attached to
3	the container in a conspicuous place, a plainly written or printed label or tag in the English
4	language.
5	<del>(a)</del> ( <u>b)</u> For all treated agricultural <u>.</u> er vegetable, <u>or flower</u> seeds (for which a separate labe
6	may be used) the label shall include the following:

(1) A word or statement indicating that the seed has been treated;

- 8 (2) The commonly accepted coined, chemical, <u>biological</u>, or abbreviated chemical 9 (generic) name of the applied substance or description of the process used;
  - (3) A caution statement, such as "do not use for food, feed, or oil purposes", if the substance in the amount present with the seed is harmful to humans or other vertebrate animals. The caution for toxic substances shall be a poison statement or symbol, or both a poison statement and symbol; and
  - (4) The date beyond which the inoculant is not to be considered effective (date of expiration), if the seed is treated with an inoculant.
  - (b) (c) For agricultural seeds, except for grass seed mixtures, seed sold on a pure live seed basis, or for hybrids which contain less than 95 percent hybrid seed, the label shall include the following:
  - (1) The commonly accepted name of the kind and variety for each agricultural seed component present in excess of five percent of the whole and the percentage by weight of each in order of its predominance. *Provided*, That if the variety of those kinds generally labeled as to variety is not stated, the label shall show the name of the kind and the words, "Variety Not Stated" Hybrids shall be labeled as hybrids;
    - (2) The lot number or other lot identification;
  - (3) The origin (state or foreign country), if known, of alfalfa, red clover, and field corn (except hybrid corn). If the origin is unknown, that fact shall be stated;
    - (4) The percentage by weight of all weed seeds;
  - (5) The name and rate of occurrence per pound or ounce of each kind of restricted noxious weed seed or undesirable grass seed present. The name and approximate number of each kind of noxious weed seed: (A) Per ounce in Agrostis spp., Poa spp., Rhodes grass, Bermuda grass, timothy, orchard grass, fescues, alsike and white clover, reed canary grass, Dallas grass, ryegrass, foxtail millet, alfalfa, red clover, sweet clovers, lespedezas, smooth brome, crimson clover, Brassica spp., flax, Agropyron spp., and other agricultural seeds of similar size and weight,

34	or mixtures within this group; and (B) per pound in Sudan grass, wheat, oats, rye, barley
35	buckwheat, sorghums, vetches, and other agricultural seeds of a size and weight similar to o
36	greater than those within this group, or any mixtures within this group;
37	(6) The percentage by weight of agricultural seeds (which may be designated as "crop
38	seeds") other than those required to be named on the label;
39	(7) The percentage by weight of inert matter;
40	(8) For each named agricultural seed:
41	(A) The percentage of germination, exclusive of hard seed;
42	(B) The percentage of hard seed, if present;
43	(C) The calendar month and year the test was completed to determine the percentages
44	and
45	(D) If the registrant chooses, the "total germination and hard seed";
46	(9) The name and address of the person who labeled the seed, or who distributes the
47	seed within this state; and
48	(10) The total of subdivisions (1), (4), (6), and (7) of this subsection must equal 100
49	percent.
50	(c) (d) For grass seed mixtures for lawn or turf purposes the label shall include the
51	following:
52	(1) The word "mixed", or "mixture", or "blend" with the name of the mixture or blend;
53	(2) The heading "Pure Seed" and "Germination", or "Germ" in the proper places;
54	(3) The commonly accepted name of kind, or kind and variety of each agricultural seed
55	component in excess of five percent of the whole, and the percentage by weight of pure seed in
56	order of its predominance and in columnar form;
57	(4) The percentage by weight of agricultural seed other than those required to be named

on the label (which shall be designated as "crop seed");

59	(5) The percentage by weight of inert matter not to exceed 10 percent by weight, except
60	that 15 percent inert matter is permitted in Kentucky Bluegrass labeled without a variety name.
61	Except for coating material, fertilizer, and mulch, as provided by subdivision three, subsection (d)
62	(e) of this section, foreign material not common to grass seed shall not be added;
63	(6) The percentage by weight of all weed seeds. Maximum weed seed content may not
64	exceed one half of one percent by weight;
65	(7) Noxious weed seeds and undesirable grass seed that are required to be labeled by
66	rule and listed under the heading "Noxious Weed Seeds" or "Undesirable Grass Seed".
67	Undesirable grass seed may not exceed 0.5 percent by weight;
68	(8) For each agricultural seed named under subdivision (3) of this subsection:
69	(A) The percentage of germination, exclusive of hard seed;
70	(B) The percentage of hard seed, if present;
71	(C) The calendar month and year the test was completed to determine the percentages.
72	The most recent available chronological test date shall be used; and
73	(D) When only one test date is listed for the entire mixture, the listed test date shall be the
74	oldest chronological test date of the components;
75	(9) The name and address of the person who labeled the seed, or who distributes the
76	seed within the state.
77	(10) The total of subdivisions (3), (4), (5), and (6) of this subsection must total 100 percent.
78	(d) (e) For agricultural seeds that are coated, the label shall include the following:
79	(1) The percentage by weight of pure seeds with coating material removed;
80	(2) The percentage by weight of coating material;
81	(3) The percentage by weight of inert material exclusive of coating material; and
82	(4) Percentage of germination, to be determined on 400 pellets with or without seeds; and
83	(5) In addition to the provisions of this subsection, the labeling of coated seed shall comply
84	with the requirements of subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this section.

85	(e) (f) For vegetable seeds in packets as prepared for use in home gardens or household
86	plantings; or in preplanted containers, mats, tapes, or other planting devices, the label shall
87	include the following:
88	(1) The name of kind and variety of seed;
89	(2) The lot number or other lot identification;
90	(3) The year for which the seed was packed for sale as "Packed for " or the percentage
91	germination and the calendar month and year the test was completed to determine the
92	percentage; and One of the following:
93	(A) The calendar month and year the germination test was completed and the statement
94	"Sell by", which date may be no more than 12 months from the date of the test, exclusive of the
95	month of the test;
96	(B) The year for which the seed was packed for sale, noted by the statement "Packed for"
97	or "Sell by" which blank shall be filled by the calendar year; or
98	(C) The percentage germination and the calendar month and year the test was completed
99	to determine such percentage, provided that the germination test must have been completed
100	within 12 months exclusive of the month of the test; and
101	(4) The name and address of the person who labeled the seed or who distributes the seed
102	for sale within this state.
103	(f) (g) For seeds which germinate less than the standard as established by rule
104	promulgated under this article, the label shall include the following:
105	(1) The percentage of germination, exclusive of hard seed;
106	(2) The percentage of hard seed, if present; and
107	(3) The words "Germination Below Standard" in not less than eight-point type.
108	(g) (h) For seeds placed in a germination medium, mat, tape, or other device in such a
109	way as to make it difficult to determine the quantity of seed without removing the seeds from the

110	medium, mat, tape, or device, a statement to include the minimum number of seeds in the
111	container.
112	(h) (i) For vegetable seeds in containers other than packets prepared for use in home
113	gardens or household plantings, and other than preplanted containers, mats, tapes, or other
114	planting devices, the label shall include the following:
115	(1) The name of each kind and variety present in excess of five percent and the percentage
116	by weight of each in order of its predominance;
117	(2) The lot number or other lot identification;
118	(3) For each named vegetable seed:
119	(A) The percentage germination exclusive of hard seed;
120	(B) The percentage of hard seed, if present;
121	(C) The calendar month and year the test was completed to determine the percentages;
122	and
123	(D) If the registrant chooses, the "total germination and hard seed";
124	(4) The name and address of the person who labeled the seed, or who distributes the
125	seed within this state.
126	(j) For flower seeds in packets prepared for use in home gardens or household plantings
127	or flower seeds in preplanted containers, mats, tapes, or other planting devices:
128	(1) For all kinds of flower seeds:
129	(A) The name of the kind and variety, or a statement of type and performance
130	characteristics as prescribed in the rules and regulations promulgated under the provisions of this
131	article;
132	(B) One of the following:
133	(i) The calendar month and year the germination test was completed and the statement
134	"Sell by", which date may be no more than 12 months from the date of the test, exclusive of the
135	month of the test;

136	(ii) The year for which the seed was packed for sale, noted by the statement "Packed for"
137	or "Sell by", which blank shall be filled by the calendar year; or
138	(iii) "The percentage germination and the calendar month and year the test was completed
139	to determine such percentage, provided that the germination test must have been completed
140	within 12 months exclusive of the month of the test; and
141	(C) The name and address of the person who labeled said seed, or who sells, offers, or
142	exposes said seed for sale within this state.
143	(2) For seeds of those kinds for which standard testing procedures are prescribed and
144	which germinate less than the germination standard last established under the provisions of this
145	article:
146	(A) The percentage of germination exclusive of hard seeds;
147	(B) The percentage of hard or dormant seed, if present; and
148	(C) The words "Below Standard", in not less than eight-point type.
149	(3) For seeds placed in a germination medium, mat, tape, or other device in such a way
150	as to make it difficult to determine the quantity of seed without removing the seeds from the
151	medium, mat, tape, or device, a statement to indicate the minimum number of seeds in the
152	container.
153	(k) For flower seeds in containers other than those contained in subsection (j) of this
154	section:
155	(1) The name of the kind and variety or a statement of type and performance
156	characteristics as prescribed in rules and regulations promulgated under the provisions of this
157	article, and for wildflowers, the genus, species, and subspecies, if appropriate.
158	(2) The lot number or other lot identification.
159	(3) For wildflower seed only with a pure seed percentage of less than 90 percent:
160	(A) The percentage by weight of each component listed in order of their predominance;
161	(B) The percentage by weight of weed seed, if present; and

162	(C) The percentage by weight of inert matter.
163	(4) For those kinds of seed for which standard testing procedures are prescribed:
164	(A) The percentage germination exclusive of hard or dormant seed;
165	(B) The percentage of hard or dormant seed, if present; and
166	(C) The calendar month and year that the test was completed to determine such
167	percentages.
168	(5) For those kinds of seed for which standard testing procedures are not available, the
169	year of production or collection.
170	(6) The name and address of the person who labeled the seed or who sells, offers, or
171	exposes the seed for sale within this state.
172	(I) For agricultural seeds sold on a pure live seed basis in accordance with the rules
173	promulgated pursuant to this article, each container must bear a label containing the information
174	required by subsection (c) of this section, except that:
175	(1) The label need not show:
176	(A) The percentage by weight of each agricultural seed component, as required by
177	subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section; or
178	(B) The percentage by weight of inert matter, as required by subdivision (7), subsection
179	(c) of this section; and
180	(2) The label must show for each named agricultural seed, instead of the information
181	required by subdivision (8), section (c) of this section:
182	(A) The percentage of pure live seed determined in accordance with rules; and
183	(B) The calendar month and year in which the test determining the percentage of live seed
184	was completed.
185	(i) (m) For agricultural and vegetable hybrid seed which contain less than 95 percent hybrid
186	seed, the label shall include the following:
187	(1) The kind or variety which must be labeled as "hybrid":

188	(2) The percent which is hybrid, labeled parenthetically in direct association following
189	named variety, such as, Comet (85 percent Hybrid); and
190	(3) Varieties in which the pure seed contain less than 75 percent hybrid seed which shall
191	not be labeled as hybrids.
192	(j) For agricultural and vegetable seeds, the label may show an expiration date in lieu of:
193	(1) The calendar month and year of a germination test or pure live seed test; and
194	(2) The year for which the seed was packaged
195	(k) (n) For combination mulch, seed, and fertilizer products the label shall include the
196	following:
197	(1) The word "combination" followed by the words "mulch — seed — fertilizer (if
198	appropriate)" on the upper 30 percent of the principal display panel. The word "combination" must
199	be the largest and most conspicuous type on the container, equal to or larger than the product
200	name. The words "mulch — seed — fertilizer" shall be no smaller than one-half the size of the
201	word "combination" and in close proximity to the word "combination". These products shall contain
202	a minimum of 70 percent mulch; and
203	(2) For agricultural, lawn, and turf seeds placed in a germination medium, mat, tape, or
204	other device or mixed with mulch:
205	(A) The product name;
206	(B) The lot number;
207	(C) The percentage by weight of pure seed of each kind and variety named which may be
208	less than five percent of the whole;
209	(D) The percentage by weight of other crop seeds;
210	(E) The percentage by weight of inert matter which shall not be less than 70 percent;
211	(F) The percentage by weight of weed seeds;
212	(G) The name and number of noxious weed seeds per pound or ounce, if present;

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213	(H) The percentage of germination (and hard seed if appropriate) of each kind or kind and
214	variety named and date of test; <del>and</del>
215	(I) The name and address of the person who labeled the seed, or who distributes the seed
216	within this state; and
217	(J) The totals of paragraphs (C), (D), (E), and (F) of this subdivision must total 100 percent.
218	(I) (o) The labeling requirements for agricultural, and vegetable, and flower seeds shall be
219	considered to have been met if the seed is weighed from a properly labeled bulk container in the
220	presence of the purchaser.
221	(m) (p) Once a dealer has broken the seal on a container of seed for any reason, the
222	dealer is fully responsible for its contents, including the guarantees for purity, germination rate,
223	and anything else pertaining to the integrity of the opened seed container.
224	(q) For combination products containing seed and granular fertilizer:
225	(1) The word "combination" followed by the words "seed-fertilizer" must appear on the
226	upper 30 percent of the principal display panel. The word "combination" must be the largest and
227	most conspicuous type on the container, equal to or larger than the product name. The word
228	"seed-fertilizer" shall be no smaller than one-half the size of the word "combination" and in close
229	proximity to the word "combination".
230	(2) On the analysis label, the percentage by weight of the fertilizer in the container shall
231	be listed on a separate line as a component of the inert matter.
232	(n) (r) Label requirements for tree and shrub seeds:
233	Each container of tree and shrub seed which is distributed or transported within this state
234	for sowing purposes shall bear on the container or have attached on the container in a
235	conspicuous place a plainly written or printed statement on the label or tag in the English
236	language, giving the information required under this subsection. The statement may not be

modified or denied in the labeling or on another label attached to the container — except that

labeling of seed supplied under a contractual agreement may be by invoice accompanying the

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shipment or by an analysis tag attached to the invoice, if each bag or other container is clearly identified by a lot number stenciled on the container, or if the seed is in bulk. Each bag or container that is not identified shall carry complete labeling.

- (1) For all treated tree and shrub seeds as defined in this article (for which a separate label may be used):
  - (A) A word or statement indicating that the seed has been treated;
- (B) The commonly accepted coined, chemical, biological, or abbreviated chemical (generic) name of the applied substance or description of the process used;
- (C) A caution statement, such as "Do not use for food, feed or oil purposes", if the substance in the amount present with the seed may be harmful to humans or other vertebrate animals. The caution for mercurials and similarly toxic substances shall be a poison statement and symbol; and
- (D) The date beyond which the inoculant is not to be considered effective (date of expiration), if the seed has been treated with an inoculant;
  - (2) For all tree and shrub seeds subject to the article:
- (A) The common name of the species of seed (and subspecies, if appropriate);
  - (B) The scientific name of the genus and species (and subspecies, if appropriate);
- 256 (C) The lot number or other lot identification; and
- 257 (D) Their origin:
  - (i) For seed collected from a predominantly indigenous stand, the area of collection given by latitude and longitude, or geographic description, or political subdivision such as state or county;
  - (ii) For seed collected from other than a predominantly indigenous stand, the area of collection and the origin of the stand or the statement "Origin not Indigenous";
  - (E) The elevation or the upper and lower limits of elevations within which the seed was collected;

265	(F) The purity as a percentage of pure seed by weight;
266	(G) For those species for which standard germination testing procedures are prescribed
267	by the commissioner, the following:
268	(i) Percentage germination exclusive of hard seed;
269	(ii) Percentage of hard seed, if present;
270	(iii) The calendar month and year test was completed to determine such percentages; or
271	(iv) In lieu of subparagraphs (i), (ii), and (iii) of this paragraph, the seed may be labeled
272	"Test is in process, results will be supplied upon request";
273	(H) For those species for which standard germination testing procedures have not been
274	prescribed by the commissioner, the calendar year in which the seed was collected;
275	(I) The name and address of the person who labeled the seed or who distributes the seed
276	within this state.
277	(o) (s) Label requirements for seed potatoes:
278	The following information shall appear on each label attached to a bag or container of
279	certified seed potato:
280	(A) The name of the person or agency certifying such seed potato;
281	(B) The name of the official state or governmental agency making the inspection upon
282	which the certification is made; and
283	(C) The name and address or identification number of the grower of such seed potatoes.
284	(t) Required labeling for interstate shipping. – The full name and address of the interstate
285	shipper shall appear upon the label. If the name and address of the interstate shipper are not
286	shown upon the label, an AMS number identifying the interstate shipper shall be shown, along
287	with the full name and address of the consignee
	§19-16-3. Certificate of registration; seed fees; payment of fees; disposition of funds.
1	(a) No person may distribute any agricultural, vegetable, tree and shrub, or flower seeds,

or seed potatoes without a valid certificate of registration issued by the commissioner. Application

- forms shall be provided by the commissioner and the application fee shall be set forth in a legislative rule. Each certificate of registration expires on December 31 following the next date of issue. A dealer may not be required to register, if he or she can prove that the person he or she is obtaining the seed from has a valid certificate of registration.
  - (b) A person shall apply for a certificate of registration at least 15 days prior to the expiration of the current registration; or at least 15 days prior to the date that the person intends to engage in business in this state. Each application shall be accompanied by the required application fee. The commissioner shall add a penalty of two dollars to the fee for each registration, as set forth in legislative rules, that is not applied for or renewed within the time limit.
    - (c) Certificates of registration are not transferable with respect to persons or locations.
  - (d) The commissioner may refuse to grant, or may suspend or revoke, a certificate of registration when it is determined that the applicant or registrant has violated the provisions of this article or any rule promulgated under this article: *Provided*, That the applicant or registrant may request a hearing prior to the denial of the application or suspension or revocation of the registration.
  - (e) Each person who holds a valid certificate of registration is required to pay a tonnage fee on seed sold in this state and shall report to the commissioner the net pounds or kilograms of seeds distributed and sold by kind or variety, except for seed potatoes, on a semiannual quarterly basis. Each report shall be filed under oath and is due before the thirty-first last day of January. April, and July, and October of each year for the preceding six-month three-month period. He or she shall pay the tonnage fee according to the fee schedule for agriculture, vegetable, tree and shrub, and flower seeds as set by legislative rules. The commissioner may add a penalty, as set forth in legislative rules, to the tonnage fee for each tonnage report that is not filed on time.
  - (f) Persons distributing vegetable <u>and flower</u> seeds packaged in containers of eight ounces or 226.8 grams or less and sold from display units are exempt from reporting poundage and

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- paying a poundage fee: Provided. That a seed stamp be purchased from the commissioner, at the rate set by legislative rules, and placed in a conspicuous place on each display unit.
- (g) Persons first distributing seed potatoes into West Virginia trade channels shall report to the commissioner the net pounds or kilograms of seed potatoes distributed during the first six months of the year monthly in arrears: Provided, That payments for the previous month shall be made not later than the 15th day of the following month, The report and appropriate fee is due by the thirty-first day of July as set by legislative rules.
- (h) A person who holds a valid certificate of registration shall keep accurate records, as may be necessary or required by the commissioner, to indicate the pounds of agricultural, vegetable, tree and shrub, or flower seeds, or seed potatoes distributed in this state.
- (i) All fees and penalties collected under the provisions of this article shall be deposited with the State Treasurer in a special revenue account. These moneys shall be expended by the Commissioner of Agriculture for inspection, sampling, analysis, and other expenses necessary for the administration of this article.

#### §19-16-3b. Records.

Each person whose name appears on the label as handling agricultural, vegetable, tree and shrub, or flower seeds subject to this article shall keep, for a period of two years, complete records of each lot of agricultural, vegetable, tree and shrub, or flower seeds handled, and shall keep for one year a file sample of each lot of seed after final disposition of said lot. All such records and samples shall be accessible for inspection by the commissioner during customary business hours.

### §19-16-4. Prohibitions.

- (a) It is unlawful for any person to distribute or transport for sale any agricultural, vegetable, 2 tree and shrub, or flower seeds, or seed potatoes within this state:
  - (1) Which have not been tested to determine germination rates as required under sections three §19-6-3 and four §19-16-4 §19-16-2 of this code;

- 5 (2) Which is not labeled in accordance with the provisions of this article or has false or 6 misleading labeling;
  - (3) Which has been the subject of false or misleading advertisement;
  - (4) Which consists of or contains prohibited noxious weed seeds, subject to tolerances and methods of determination as prescribed by rules promulgated under this article;
  - (5) Which consists of or contains restricted noxious weed seeds per pound or ounce in excess of the number prescribed by rules promulgated under this article, or in excess of the number declared on the label attached to the container of the seed or associated with seed;
    - (6) Which contains more than two and one-half percent by weight of all weed seeds;
  - (7) If any labeling, advertising, or other representation subject to this article represents the seed to be certified seed or any class thereof unless:
  - (A) It has been determined by a seed certifying agency that the seed conformed to standards of purity and identity as to kind, species (and subspecies, if appropriate), or variety, and also that tree seed was found to be of the origin and elevation claimed, in compliance with the rules of that agency pertaining to the seed; and
  - (B) That the seed bears an official label issued for that seed by a seed certifying agency certifying that the seed is of a specified class and a specified kind, species (and subspecies, if appropriate), or variety;
  - (8) Labeled with a variety name but not certified by an official seed certifying agency when it is a variety for which a U. S. certificate of plant variety protection under the Plant Variety Protection Act specifies sale only as a class of certified seed: *Provided*, That seed from a certified lot may be labeled as to variety name when used in a mixture by, or with the approval of, the owner of the variety.
    - (b) It is unlawful for any person within this state:

29	(1) To detach, alter, deface, or destroy any label provided for in this article or the rules
30	promulgated under this article, or to alter or substitute seed in a manner that may defeat the
31	purpose of this article;
32	(2) To use relabeling stickers without having both the calendar month and year the
33	germination test was completed, the sell-by date, and the lot number that matches the existing,
34	original lot number: Provided, That relabeling may not occur more than one time;
35	(2) (3) To disseminate any false or misleading advertisement concerning seeds subject to
36	this article in any manner or by any means;
37	(3) (4) To interfere with the commissioner's official duties;
38	(4) (5) To fail to comply with a "stop sale or embargo" order or to move or otherwise handle
39	or dispose of any lot of seed held under a "stop sale or embargo" order or tags attached to the lot
40	of seed, unless released by the commissioner, and for the purpose specified by the commissioner;
41	(5) (6) To use the word "trace" or the phrase "contains < 0.01 percent" as a substitute for
42	any statement which is required;
43	(6) $(7)$ To use the word "type" in any labeling in connection with the name of any
44	agricultural seed variety;
45	(7) (8) To distribute or knowingly use any agricultural, vegetable, or tree and shrub, or
46	flower seed that is misbranded;
47	(8) (9) To misbrand any agricultural, vegetable, or tree and shrub, or flower seed or seed
48	potato. An agricultural, vegetable, <u>flower, or</u> tree and shrub seed, or seed potato is misbranded:
49	(A) If its label or labeling is false or misleading;
50	(B) If it is not labeled as required by this article;
51	(C) If any word, statement or other information required by this article to appear on the
52	label is not prominently and conspicuously placed so that it can be read and understood by the
53	ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use; and
54	(D) If any damage or inferiority has been concealed;

(9) (10) To distribute or knowingly use any agricultural, vegetable, or tree and shrub seed
or seed potato that has not had an accurate statement of poundage reported to the commissioner
in the previous reporting period;

- (10) (11) To use or imply the name West Virginia Department of Agriculture, or reference any inspection or sample findings made by the West Virginia Department of Agriculture on labels or labeling of agricultural, vegetable, <u>flower</u>, or tree and shrub seed, or seed potatoes; or
- (11) (12) To falsify any laboratory reports regarding seed distributed within this state. §19-16-5. Exemptions.
- (a) The provisions of §19-16-2, §19-16-3, §19-16-4, and §19-16-8 of this code do not apply:
  - (1) To seed or grain not intended for sowing purposes;
- (2) To seed in storage, or seed being transported or consigned to a cleaning or processing conditioning establishment for cleaning or processing conditioning: *Provided*, That the invoice, label or labeling accompanying any shipment of the seed bears the statement "seeds for processing conditioning"; and that any label or labeling or other representation which may be made with respect to the uncleaned or unprocessed unconditioned seed is subject to this article; or
- (3) To any carrier in respect to any seed transported or delivered for transportation in the ordinary course of its business as a carrier: *Provided*, That the carrier is not engaged in producing, processing conditioning, or marketing seeds subject to the provisions of this article.
- (b) No person is subject to the penalties of this article for having sold or offered for sale seeds subject to provisions of this article which were incorrectly labeled or represented as to kind, species (and subspecies, if appropriate), variety, type, or origin, elevation, and year of collection (if required), which cannot be identified by examination, unless he or she has failed to obtain an invoice, genuine grower's or tree seed collector's declaration, or other labeling information and to take such other precautions as may be reasonable to ensure the identity to be that which is stated.

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19	A genuine grower's declaration of variety shall affirm that the grower holds records of proof
20	concerning parent seed, such as invoice and labels.
21	(c) The provisions of §19-16-2 and §19-16-3 of this code do not apply to tree seed
22	produced by the consumer.
	§19-16-5a. Label, signage, and other requirements for noncommercial seed sharing.
1	(a) Each container of agricultural, vegetable, and flower seeds distributed for sowing
2	purposes in a noncommercial setting shall bear thereon or have attached thereto in a conspicuous
3	place a plainly written or printed label or tag in the English language, conveying the following
4	information:
5	(1) The name of the species or commonly accepted name of kind, or kind and variety of
6	each agricultural seed component present. Hybrids shall be labeled as hybrids;
7	(2) A word or statement indicating if the seed has been treated and, if treated, must be
8	labeled in accordance with applicable state and federal laws;
9	(3) Some form of reference identification that provides traceability. Retention of posterity
10	file samples are not required;
11	(4) Name and city or address of the noncommercial seed sharing entity; and
12	(5) The calendar month and year the seed was donated.
13	(b) The seed shall be free of foreign material, other than coatings or treatments, including
14	germination medium, mulch, fertilizer, preplanted containers, mats, tapes, or other planting
15	devices.
16	(c) No distributed container shall hold more than eight ounces of agricultural seed or four
17	ounces of vegetable or flower seed.
18	(d) Germination and purity analysis is not required, however if a germination or purity

percentage is noted on the label, it must be noted whether or not the analysis was performed

according to the AOSA rules for testing seed.

(e) At each location involved with noncommercial seed sharing a legible and visible sign shall state that the seeds being distributed may not meet germination or varietal purity standards prescribed by the state seed law. The sign must also state that patented seed or varieties protected by the Plant Variety Protection Act will not be accepted or distributed without permission of the certificate holder.

# §19-16-6. Duties and authority of Commissioner of Agriculture.

The commissioner may:

- (a) Establish by legislative rule germination standards for agricultural, forest vegetable, tree and shrub, or flower seeds;
- (b) Enter and inspect, during reasonable hours, any location where agricultural, vegetable, or tree and shrub, or flower seeds, or seed potatoes for sowing purposes are manufactured, distributed, transported, or used, and where records relating to the manufacture, distribution, shipment, labeling, or sale of seed are kept. This inspection shall include, but is not limited to, examining, photographing, verifying, copying, and auditing records as is necessary to determine compliance with this article, labels, consumer complaints, and papers relating to the manufacturing, distribution, sampling, testing, and sale of agricultural, vegetable, tree and shrub seeds or seed potatoes;
- (c) Open, examine, sample, and test agricultural, vegetable, er tree and shrub, or flower seed, or seed potatoes, equipment, containers, transport containers, and packages used or intended to be used in the manufacture and distribution of seeds used for sowing purposes;
  - (d) Issue certificates of registration pursuant to this article;
- (e) Refuse applications for registration, or suspend or revoke registrations as provided in this article;
- 18 (f) Issue "stop sale or embargo" orders as provided in this article;
  - (g) Condemn and confiscate any agricultural, vegetable, or tree and shrub, or flower seed, or seed potato that is not brought into compliance with this article;

21	(h) Collect fees and penalties and expend moneys under the terms of this article;
22	(i) Conduct sampling in accordance with the official methods as established by the
23	Association of Analytical Chemists, the Association of American Seed Control Officials, the United
24	States Department of Agriculture, or the Association of Official Seed Analysts;
25	(j) Conduct hearings as provided by this article;
26	(k) Assess civil penalties and refer violations to a court of competent jurisdiction;
27	(I) Obtain court orders directing any person refusing to submit to inspection, sampling and
28	auditing to submit;
29	(m) Establish and maintain seed testing facilities; establish reasonable fees for the tests;
30	incur expenses; and conduct tests in accordance with the Association of Official Seed Analysts;
31	(n) Be guided by the analytical results of the official sample when determining whether the
32	agricultural, vegetable, er tree and shrub, or flower seed is deficient in any component;
33	(o) Report the analytical results on all official deficient samples to the registrant, dealer,
34	purchaser if known and or the distributor;
35	(p) Upon request made within 30 days from the date the official sample results are
36	reported, furnish a portion of the official sample to the registrant;
37	(q) Publish and distribute annually a composite report containing: (1) The sales of
38	agricultural, vegetable, er tree and shrub, or flower seed, and seed potatoes during the preceding
39	period; (2) the results of analysis of official samples as compared with the guarantee on the label;
40	(3) the firms responsible for the product; and (4) such other data the commissioner considers
41	necessary: Provided, That the information on production and use provided does not disclose the
42	operations of any person;
43	(r) Cooperate with and enter into agreements with governmental agencies of this state
44	and other states, agencies of the federal government and foreign governments, and private
45	associations in order to carry out the purpose and provisions of this article;
46	(s) Establish fees by legislative rule;

(t) Propose rules for promulgation, in accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code; and

(u) Promulgate emergency rules within 90 days of the passage of this bill into law; and

(v) Inspect and approve seed conditioning facilities in the state, issue permits, and

#### §19-16-9. Deficiencies.

establish fees.

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- (a) If the analysis of a sample shows a deviation from the permitted analytical variation, the registrant or other responsible person shall be penalized according to legislative rule.

  Penalties for multiple deficiencies within a sample shall be incremental: *Provided*, That in no case shall the penalty exceed the retail value of the product.
  - (b) The penalty shall be assessed and collected from the person responsible for the labeling requirements of the seed. If seed is sampled in the hands of a consumer who purchased to plant and not to sell, the penalty shall be assessed to the seedsman or distributor, whichever is applicable. In no case shall the penalty assessed exceed the fair market value of the seed. The total amount of seed in each lot at the time of sampling shall be used to determine the penalty.
  - (c) All penalties assessed under this section shall be paid to the consumer of the lot of regulated product represented by the sample analyzed. If the consumer cannot be found or is unknown, the amount of the penalty shall be paid to the commissioner and deposited in the Department of Agriculture's fees account.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to update the seed certification law under the Department of Agriculture.

NOTE: This bill is recommended by the Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development for introduction and passage during the 2020 Regular Session.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.