Committee Substitute
for
House Bill 2092

BY DELEGATES MARTIN, FAST, TULLY, HANNA, BOOTH,
MAZZOCCHI, AND G. WARD

[Committee on Education; February 21, 2022]
A BILL to amend and reenact §18-2-7c and §18-2-9 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to further amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §18-2-8c, all relating to required instruction in public schools; requiring one credit required course of study with end-of-course exam in personal finance in high school beginning 2023 - 2024; requiring state board to develop curriculum; requiring cursive to taught in certain grades; requiring state board to develop a program of instruction on the Holocaust and other genocides integrated into curriculum of appropriate course or courses in the middle and high school grades.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-7c. Program in personal finance.

(a) The Legislature finds and declares that persons with an understanding of personal finance are better prepared to manage their money and that providing a personal finance program in secondary schools in West Virginia will prepare students to handle their finances.

(b) To provide students a basic understanding of personal finance, the state board shall develop a program of instruction on personal finance which may be integrated into the curriculum of an appropriate existing course or courses for students in secondary schools.

(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this section, beginning with the 2023 - 2024 school year, each high school shall offer a one credit required course of study in personal finance. The coursework must include an end-of-course examination which will be counted in the student’s final grade for the course. The State Board shall develop the curriculum for this coursework before July 1, 2023.

§18-2-8c. Cursive writing to be a required course.

(a) The State Board shall require all public schools to teach cursive writing in grades 3 through 5, inclusive.
§18-2-9. Required courses of instruction.

(a) (1) In all public, private, parochial, and denominational schools located within this state there shall be given prior to the completion of the eighth grade at least one year of instruction in the history of the State of West Virginia. The schools shall require regular courses of instruction by the completion of the 12th grade in the history of the United States, in civics, in the Constitution of the United States, and in the government of the State of West Virginia for the purpose of teaching, fostering, and perpetuating the ideals, principles, and spirit of political and economic democracy in America, and increasing the knowledge of the organization and machinery of the government of the United States and of the State of West Virginia. The required courses shall include instruction on the institutions and structure of American government, such as the separation of powers, the Electoral College, and federalism. The required courses shall include instruction that provides students an understanding of American political philosophy and history, utilizing writings from prominent figures in Western civilization, such as Aristotle, Thomas Hobbes, John Locke, and Thomas Jefferson. The courses of instruction shall offer an objective and critical analysis of ideologies throughout history including, but not limited to, capitalism, republicanism, democracy, socialism, communism, and fascism. The required courses shall emphasize the use of primary sources and interactive learning techniques, such as mock scenarios, debates, and open and impartial discussions.

(2) The state board shall, with the advice of the state superintendent, and after consultation with other entities, prescribe the courses of study, including the basic course requirements for middle school and high school, and the academic standards listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection for these courses of study covering these subjects for the public schools, and publish an approved list of instructional resources pursuant to §18-2A-1 et seq. of this code. The curriculum used in the delivery of instruction shall cover the standards adopted for such courses. The other entities for consultation may include such organizations as the Florida Joint Center for Citizenship, the College Board, the Bill of Rights Institute, Hillsdale College, the Gilder
Lehrman Institute of American History, the Constitutional Sources Project, educators, school administrators, postsecondary education representatives, elected officials, business and industry leaders, parents, and the public. Officials or boards having authority over the respective private, parochial, and denominational schools shall prescribe courses of study for the schools under their control and supervision similar to those required for the public schools.

(3) The state board shall provide testing or assessment instruments for the history and civics courses of instruction required by this section. These testing instruments shall:

(A) Be aligned with the academic standards required by this section;

(B) Be mandatory for students enrolled in those courses of instruction;

(C) Be cumulative by including questions about knowledge learned in prior history and civics courses; and

(D) Measure students’ factual and conceptual knowledge including how the facts interrelate and the reasons behind historical documents and events.

(4) To further this study, every high school student eligible by age for voter registration shall be afforded the opportunity to register to vote pursuant to §3-2-22 of this code.

(b) The state board shall cause to be taught in all public schools of this state the subject of health education, including instruction in any of the grades six through 12 as considered appropriate by the county board, on: (1) The prevention, transmission, and spread of acquired immune deficiency syndrome and other sexually transmitted diseases; (2) substance abuse, including the nature of alcoholic drinks and narcotics, tobacco products, and other potentially harmful drugs, with special instruction as to their effect upon the human system and upon society in general; (3) the importance of healthy eating and physical activity in maintaining healthy weight; and (4) education concerning cardiopulmonary resuscitation and first aid, including instruction in the care for conscious choking, and recognition of symptoms of drug or alcohol overdose. The course curriculum requirements and materials for the instruction shall be adopted by the state board by rule in consultation with the Department of Health and Human Resources. The state
board shall prescribe a standardized health education assessment to be administered within
health education classes to measure student health knowledge and program effectiveness.

(c) An opportunity shall be afforded to the parent or guardian of a child subject to
instruction in the prevention, transmission, and spread of acquired immune deficiency syndrome
and other sexually transmitted diseases to examine the course curriculum requirements and
materials to be used in the instruction. The parent or guardian may exempt the child from
participation in the instruction by giving notice to that effect in writing to the school principal.

(d) After July 1, 2015, the required instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation in
subsection (b) of this section shall include at least 30 minutes of instruction for each student prior
to graduation on the proper administration of cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the
psychomotor skills necessary to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation. The term “psychomotor
skills” means the use of hands-on practicing to support cognitive learning. Cognitive-only training
does not qualify as “psychomotor skills”. The CPR instruction shall be based on an instructional
program established by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross, or another
program which is nationally recognized and uses the most current national evidence-based
emergency cardiovascular care guidelines and incorporates psychomotor skills development into
the instruction. A licensed teacher is not required to be a certified trainer of cardiopulmonary
resuscitation to facilitate, provide, or oversee such instruction. The instruction may be given by
community members, such as emergency medical technicians, paramedics, police officers,
firefighters, licensed nurses, and representatives of the American Heart Association or the
American Red Cross. These community members are encouraged to provide necessary training
and instructional resources such as cardiopulmonary resuscitation kits and other material at no
cost to the schools. The requirements of this subsection are minimum requirements. A local
school district may offer CPR instruction for longer periods of time and may enhance the
curriculum and training components, including, but not limited to, incorporating into the instruction
the use of an automated external defibrillator (AED): Provided, That any instruction that results in a certification being earned shall be taught by an authorized CPR/AED instructor.

(e) A full week of classes during the week selected by the county board of education shall be recognized as Celebrate Freedom Week. The purpose of Celebrate Freedom Week is to educate students about the sacrifices made for freedom in the founding of this country and the values on which this country was founded.

Celebrate Freedom Week shall include appropriate instruction in each social studies class which:

(1) Includes an in-depth study of the intent, meaning, and importance of the Declaration of Independence, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the Constitution of the United States with an emphasis on the amendments that are crucial to the survival of democracy and freedom, such as the Bill of Rights and the thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, and nineteenth amendments;

(2) Uses the historical, political, and social environments surrounding each document at the time of its initial passage or ratification; and

(3) Includes the study of historical documents to firmly establish the historical background leading to the establishment of the provisions of the constitution and Bill of Rights by the founding fathers for the purposes of safeguarding our constitutional republic.

The requirements of this subsection are applicable to all public, private, parochial, and denominational schools located within this state. Nothing in this subsection creates a standard or requirement subject to state accountability measures.

(f) Beginning the 2018-2019 school year, students in public schools shall be administered a test the same as or substantially similar to the civics portion of the naturalization test used by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services between their ninth and 12th grade years as an indicator of student achievement in the area of civics education. The test results may be reported in the aggregate to the county board for evaluation by the board’s curriculum director.
and reported to the board members. Nothing in this subsection creates a standard or requirement subject to state accountability measures.

(g) To provide students with knowledge of the history, context, and explanation of the Holocaust and other genocides, the State Board shall develop a program of instruction on the Holocaust and other genocides which shall be integrated into the curriculum of an appropriate course or courses in the middle and high school grades.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.