

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2023 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 521

By Senators Takubo, Woelfel, Caputo, Queen,

Barrett, Nelson, and Maroney

[Introduced January 31, 2023; referred
to the Committee on Health and Human Resources]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §16A-3-2 and §16A-3-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as
 2 amended; to amend and reenact §16A-8-1 of said code; and to amend and reenact §60A-
 3 9-4 of said code, all relating generally to medical cannabis; modifying allowable forms of
 4 medical cannabis to include edible form; modifying the unlawful use of medical cannabis;
 5 relating to the controlled substance monitoring database; adding the reporting of
 6 dispensing medical cannabis to the controlled substance monitoring database; and
 7 relating to certain required information for controlled substances monitoring.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CHAPTER 16A. MEDICAL CANNABIS ACT.

ARTICLE 3. MEDICAL CANNABIS PROGRAM.

§16A-3-2. Lawful use of medical cannabis.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the use or possession of medical
 2 cannabis as set forth in this act is lawful within this state, subject to the following conditions:

3 (1) Medical cannabis may only be dispensed to:

4 (A) a patient who receives a certification from a practitioner and is in possession of a valid
 5 identification card issued by the bureau; and

6 (B) a caregiver who is in possession of a valid identification card issued by the bureau.

7 (2) Subject to rules promulgated under this act, medical cannabis may only be dispensed
 8 to a patient or caregiver in the following forms:

9 (A) Pill;

10 (B) Oil;

11 (C) Topical forms, including gels, creams or ointments;

12 (D) A form medically appropriate for administration by vaporization or nebulization,
 13 excluding dry leaf or plant form until dry leaf or plant forms become acceptable under rules
 14 adopted by the bureau;

- 15 (E) Tincture;
- 16 (F) Liquid; or
- 17 (G) Dermal patch; or
- 18 (H) Edible food and beverage: *Provided*, That no edible cannabis product produced or sold
- 19 in this state may be shaped or designed to entice children to consume it, including, but not limited
- 20 to, the shape of people, animals, or fruits.

21 (3) Unless otherwise provided in rules adopted by the bureau under section two, article
22 eleven of this chapter, medical cannabis may not be dispensed to a patient or a caregiver in dry
23 leaf or plant form.

24 (4) An individual may not act as a caregiver for more than five patients.

25 (5) A patient may designate up to two caregivers at any one time.

26 (6) Medical cannabis that has not been used by the patient shall be kept in the original
27 package in which it was dispensed.

28 (7) A patient or caregiver shall possess an identification card whenever the patient or
29 caregiver is in possession of medical cannabis.

30 (8) Products packaged by a grower/processor or sold by a dispensary shall only be
31 identified by the name of the grower/processor, the name of the dispensary, the form and species
32 of medical cannabis, the percentage of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabiniol contained in the
33 product.

§16A-3-3. Unlawful use of medical cannabis.

1 (a) Except as provided in section two of this article, section four of article seven, article
2 thirteen or article fourteen of this chapter, the use of medical cannabis is unlawful and shall, in
3 addition to any other penalty provided by law, be deemed a violation of the Uniform Controlled
4 Substances Act under chapter sixty-a of this code.

5 (b) It shall be unlawful to:

6 (1) Smoke medical cannabis.

7 ~~(2) Except as provided under subsection (c), incorporate medical cannabis into edible form~~
8 ~~or sell in edible form~~

9 (3) (2) Grow medical cannabis unless the grower/processor has received a permit from the
10 bureau under this act.

11 (4) (3) Grow or dispense medical cannabis unless authorized as a health care medical
12 cannabis organization under article thirteen of this chapter.

13 (5) (4) Dispense medical cannabis unless the dispensary has received a permit from the
14 bureau under this act.

15 ~~(c) Edible medical cannabis. — Nothing in this act shall be construed to preclude the~~
16 ~~incorporation of medical cannabis into edible form by a patient or a caregiver in order to aid~~
17 ~~ingestion of the medical cannabis by the patient~~

ARTICLE 8. DISPENSARIES.

§16A-8-1. Dispensing to patients and caregivers.

1 (a) *General rule.* — A dispensary that has been issued a permit under §16A-6-1 *et seq.* of
2 this code may lawfully dispense medical cannabis to a patient or caregiver upon presentation to
3 the dispensary of a valid identification card for that patient or caregiver. The dispensary shall
4 provide to the patient or caregiver a receipt, as appropriate. The receipt shall include all of the
5 following:

6 (1) The name, address, and any identification number assigned to the dispensary by the
7 bureau.

8 (2) The name and address of the patient and caregiver.

9 (3) The date the medical cannabis was dispensed.

10 (4) Any requirement or limitation by the practitioner as to the form of medical cannabis for
11 the patient.

12 (5) The form and the quantity of medical cannabis dispensed.

13 (b) *Filing with bureau.* — Prior to dispensing medical cannabis to a patient or caregiver, the

14 dispensary shall file the receipt information with the bureau utilizing the electronic tracking system,
15 and input information in the controlled substance monitoring database. When filing receipts under
16 this subsection, the dispensary shall dispose of any electronically recorded certification
17 information as provided by rule.

18 (c) *Limitations.* — No dispensary may dispense to a patient or caregiver:

19 (1) A quantity of medical cannabis greater than that which the patient or caregiver is
20 permitted to possess under the certification; or

21 (2) A form of medical cannabis prohibited by this act.

22 (d) *Supply.* — When dispensing medical cannabis to a patient or caregiver, the dispensary
23 may not dispense an amount greater than a 30-day supply until the patient has exhausted all but a
24 seven-day supply provided pursuant to §16A-4-5 of this code.

25 (e) *Verification.* — Prior to dispensing medical cannabis to a patient or caregiver, the
26 dispensary shall verify the information in subsections (d) and (f) of this section by consulting the
27 electronic tracking system included in the bureau's electronic database established under §16A-3-
28 1 of this code and the dispensary tracking system under §16A-7-1 of this code.

29 (f) *Form of medical cannabis.* — Medical cannabis dispensed to a patient or caregiver by a
30 dispensary shall conform to any requirement or limitation set by the practitioner as to the form of
31 medical cannabis for the patient.

32 (g) *Safety insert.* — When a dispensary dispenses medical cannabis to a patient or
33 caregiver, the dispensary shall provide to that patient or caregiver, as appropriate, a safety insert.
34 The insert shall be developed and approved by the bureau. The insert shall provide the following
35 information:

36 (1) Lawful methods for administering medical cannabis in individual doses.

37 (2) Any potential dangers stemming from the use of medical cannabis.

38 (3) How to recognize what may be problematic usage of medical cannabis and how to
39 obtain appropriate services or treatment for problematic usage.

40 (4) How to prevent or deter the misuse of medical cannabis by minors or others.

41 (5) Any other information as determined by the bureau.

42 (h) *Sealed and labeled package.* — Medical cannabis shall be dispensed by a dispensary
43 to a patient or caregiver in a sealed, properly labeled, and child-resistant package. The labeling
44 shall contain the following:

45 (1) The information required to be included in the receipt provided to the patient or
46 caregiver, as appropriate, by the dispensary.

47 (2) The packaging date.

48 (3) Any applicable date by which the medical cannabis should be used.

49 (4) A warning stating:

50 "This product is for medicinal use only. Women should not consume during pregnancy or
51 while breastfeeding except on the advice of the practitioner who issued the certification and, in the
52 case of breastfeeding, the infant’s pediatrician. This product might impair the ability to drive or
53 operate heavy machinery. Keep out of reach of children."

54 (5) The amount of individual doses contained within the package and the species and
55 percentage of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol.

56 (6) A warning that the medical cannabis must be kept in the original container in which it
57 was dispensed.

58 (7) A warning that unauthorized use is unlawful and will subject the person to criminal
59 penalties.

60 (8) Any other information required by the bureau.

CHAPTER 60A. UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.

ARTICLE 9. CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES MONITORING.

§60A-9-4. Required information.

1 (a) The following individuals shall report the required information to the Controlled

2 Substances Monitoring Program Database when:

3 (1) A medical services provider dispenses a controlled substance listed in Schedule II, III,
4 IV, or V;

5 (2) A prescription for the controlled substance or opioid antagonist is filled by:

6 (A) A pharmacist or pharmacy in this state;

7 (B) A hospital, or other health care facility, for outpatient use; or

8 (C) A pharmacy or pharmacist licensed by the Board of Pharmacy, but situated outside this
9 state for delivery to a person residing in this state; ~~and~~

10 (3) A person dispenses medical cannabis to a patient or caregiver; and

11 (4) A pharmacist or pharmacy sells an opioid antagonist.

12 (b) The above individuals shall in a manner prescribed by rules promulgated by the Board
13 of Pharmacy pursuant to this article, report the following information, as applicable:

14 (1) The name, address, pharmacy prescription number, and Drug Enforcement
15 Administration controlled substance registration number of the dispensing pharmacy or the
16 dispensing physician or dentist;

17 (2) The full legal name, address, and birth date of the person for whom the prescription is
18 written;

19 (3) The name, address, and Drug Enforcement Administration controlled substances
20 registration number of the practitioner writing the prescription;

21 (4) The name and national drug code number of the Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled
22 substance or opioid antagonist dispensed;

23 (5) The quantity and dosage of the Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled substance or opioid
24 antagonist dispensed;

25 (6) The date the prescription was written and the date filled;

26 (7) The number of refills, if any, authorized by the prescription;

27 (8) If the prescription being dispensed is being picked up by someone other than the

28 patient on behalf of the patient, information about the person picking up the prescription as set
29 forth on the person's government-issued photo identification card shall be retained in either print or
30 electronic form until such time as otherwise directed by rule promulgated by the Board of
31 Pharmacy; and

32 (9) The source of payment for the controlled substance dispensed.

33 (c) Whenever a medical services provider treats a patient for an overdose that has
34 occurred as a result of illicit or prescribed medication, the medical service provider shall report the
35 full legal name, address, and birth date of the person who is being treated, including any known
36 ancillary evidence of the overdose. The Board of Pharmacy shall coordinate with the Division of
37 Justice and Community Services and the Office of Drug Control Policy regarding the collection of
38 overdose data.

39 (d) The Board of Pharmacy may prescribe by rule promulgated pursuant to this article the
40 form to be used in prescribing a Schedule II, III, IV, and V substance or opioid antagonist if, in the
41 determination of the Board of Pharmacy, the administration of the requirements of this section
42 would be facilitated.

43 (e) Products regulated by the provisions of §60A-10-1 *et seq.* of this code shall be subject
44 to reporting pursuant to the provisions of this article to the extent set forth in said article.

45 (f) Reporting required by this section is not required for a drug administered directly to a
46 patient by a practitioner. Reporting is, however, required by this section for a drug dispensed to a
47 patient by a practitioner. The quantity dispensed by a prescribing practitioner to his or her own
48 patient may not exceed an amount adequate to treat the patient for a maximum of 72 hours with no
49 greater than two 72-hour cycles dispensed in any 15-day period of time.

50 (g) The Board of Pharmacy shall notify a physician prescribing buprenorphine or
51 buprenorphine/naloxone within 60 days of the availability of an abuse deterrent or a practitioner-
52 administered form of buprenorphine or buprenorphine/naloxone if approved by the Food and Drug
53 Administration as provided in FDA Guidance to Industry. Upon receipt of the notice, a physician

- 54 may switch his or her patients using buprenorphine or buprenorphine/naloxone to the abuse
55 deterrent or a practitioner-administered form of the drug.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to improve patient safety in the medical cannabis program by authorizing permitted, regulated medical cannabis processors to manufacture medical cannabis in edible form for dispensing to certified patients in the state; and to require information relating to the dispensing of medical cannabis be input into the controlled substance monitoring database.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.