### WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

# SENATE JOURNAL

### EIGHTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION, 2020 FORTY-NINTH DAY

Charleston, West Virginia, Tuesday, February 25, 2020

The Senate met at 11:16 a.m.

(Senator Carmichael, Mr. President, in the Chair.)

Prayer was offered by Pastor Dennis Dye, Interim Pastor, Whitesville First Baptist Church, Whitesville, West Virginia.

The Senate was then led in recitation of the Pledge of Allegiance by the Honorable Craig Blair, a senator from the fifteenth district.

Pending the reading of the Journal of Monday, February 24, 2020,

At the request of Senator Woelfel, unanimous consent being granted, the Journal was approved and the further reading thereof dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second order of business and the introduction of guests.

The Senate then proceeded to the third order of business.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the amendment by that body, passage as amended with its House of Delegates amended title, to take effect from passage, and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the House of Delegates amendments, as to

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 339, Authorizing DHHR promulgate legislative rules.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the bill was taken up for immediate consideration.

The following House of Delegates amendments to the bill were reported by the Clerk:

On page three, section one, line twenty-five, by striking out the word "center";

On page three, section one, line twenty-five, after the word "authorized" by changing the period to a comma and inserting the following: "with the following amendments:

On page 4, by striking subsection 4.2;

On page three, section one, line thirty-three, after the word "authorized" by changing the period to a comma and inserting the following: "with the following amendments:

On page 5, by striking subsection 2.36 and inserting a new subsection 2.36 to read as follows: "2.36 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold which is certified for medical use in 64 CSR 110.":

On page three, section one, line thirty-eight, after the word "authorized" by changing the period to a comma and inserting the following: "with the following amendments:

On page 4, by striking subsection 2.29 and inserting a new subsection 2.29 to read as follows: 2.36 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold which is certified for medical use in accordance with §64-110-10.;

On page 12, subdivision 8.1.d., after the words "minimum of", by deleting the words "four years" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "two years"; and

On page 13, subparagraph 8.2.f.2., after the words "recording for", by deleting the words "four years" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "two years"."

And,

On page 15, by striking section §64-110-10 and inserting in lieu thereof new §64-110-10 to read as follows:

#### "§64-110-10. Forms of medical cannabis.

- 10.1. A grower/processor may only process medical cannabis for dispensing to a patient or caregiver in the following forms:
  - 10.1.a. Pill;
  - 10.1.b. Oil;
  - 10.1.c. Topical forms, including gel, creams, and ointments;
  - 10.1.d. A form medically appropriate for administration by vaporization or nebulization;
  - 10.1.e. Liquid;
  - 10.1.f. Dermal patch; or
  - 10.1.g. Dry leaf or plant form.
- 10.2. A grower/processor may not manufacture, produce, or assemble any medical cannabis product, instrument, or device without prior written approval of the bureau.";

On page four, section one, line forty-three, after the word "authorized" by changing the period to a comma and inserting the following: "with the following amendments:

On page 3, by striking subsection 2.15 and inserting a new subsection 2.15 to read as follows: "2.15 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold which are certified for medical use in 64 CSR 110.";

On page four, section one, line forty-eight, after the word "authorized" by changing the period to a comma and inserting the following: "with the following amendment:

On page 3, by striking subsection 2.19 and inserting a new subsection 2.19 to read as follows: "2.19 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold which are certified for medical use in 64 CSR 110."; and

On page 12, subdivision 11.1.d., after the words "minimum of", by deleting the words "four years" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "two years".

On page four, section one, line fifty-three, after the word "authorized" by changing the period to a comma and inserting the following: "with the following amendment:

On page 1, by striking subsection 2.7 and inserting a new subsection 2.7 to read as follows: "2.7 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold which are certified for medical use in 64 CSR 110.";

And,

By striking out the title and substituting therefor a new title, to read as follows:

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 339—A Bill to amend and reenact §64-5-1 et seq. of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating generally to authorizing certain agencies of the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate legislative rules; authorizing the rules as filed, as modified by the Legislative Rule-Making Review Committee, and as amended by the Legislature; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to public water systems; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to fees for permits; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to vital statistics; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to emergency medical services; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to primary care support program; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to primary care seed money grants; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to medical cannabis program—general provisions; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to medical cannabis program—grower/processors; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to medical cannabis program laboratories; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to medical cannabis program—dispensaries; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to medical cannabis program—safe harbor letter; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to the collection and exchange of data related to overdoses; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to minimum licensing requirements for residential child care and treatment facilities for children and transitioning adults in West Virginia; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to qualifications for a provisional

license to practice as a social worker within the Department of Health and Human Resources; authorizing the Department of Health and Human Resources to promulgate a legislative rule relating to pilot program for drug screening of applicants for cash assistance; and authorizing the Health Care Authority to promulgate a legislative rule relating to critical access hospitals.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the following amendments to the House of Delegates amendments to the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 339) were reported by the Clerk, considered simultaneously, and adopted:

On page one, by striking out the following House of Delegates amendment on page three, line thirty-three: "2.36 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold which is certified for medical use in 64 CSR 110." and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"2.36 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold pursuant to the provisions for certified medical use as set forth in the Act and in a form set forth in the provisions of §64-110-10.";

On page one, by striking out the following House of Delegates amendment on page three, line thirty-eight: 2.36 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold which is certified for medical use in 64-110-10." and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"2.29 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold pursuant to the provisions for certified medical use as set forth in the Act and in a form set forth in the provisions of §64-110-10.";

On page two, by striking out the following House of Delegates amendment on page four, line forty-three: "2.15 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold which is certified for medical use in 64 CSR 110." and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"2.15 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold pursuant to the provisions for certified medical use as set forth in the Act and in a form set forth in the provisions of §64-110-10.";

On page three, by striking out the following House of Delegates amendment on page four, line forty-eight: "2.19 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold which is certified for medical use in 64 CSR 110." and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"2.19 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold pursuant to the provisions for certified medical use as set forth in the Act and in a form set forth in the provisions of §64-110-10.";

And,

On page three, by striking out the following House of Delegates amendment on page four, line fifty-three: "2.7 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold which is certified for medical use in 64 CSR 110." and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"2.7 "Medical cannabis" means cannabis that is grown and sold pursuant to the provisions for certified medical use as set forth in the Act and in a form set forth in the provisions of §64-110-10."

On motion of Senator Takubo, the Senate concurred in the House of Delegates amendments, as amended.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 339, as amended, was then put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—31.

The nays were: Azinger, Maynard, and Tarr—3.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 339) passed with its House of Delegates amended title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—31.

The nays were: Azinger, Maynard, and Tarr—3.

Absent: None.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 339) takes effect from passage.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the amendment by that body, passage as amended, to take effect from passage, and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the House of Delegates amendments, as to

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 657**, Allowing designation of tourism development districts.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the bill was taken up for immediate consideration.

The following House of Delegates amendments to the bill were reported by the Clerk:

On page three, section nine, line thirty-six, by striking out "§11-15-1 *et seq.*" and inserting in lieu thereof "§5B-2E-5(c)(2)";

On page three, section nine, line forty-six, by striking out the words "own or control" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "own, control, or have the right of use to,";

On page three, section nine, line forty-seven, by striking out the words "ownership or control" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "ownership, control, or right of use";

On page three, section nine, line fifty-five, by striking out the words "or all";

On page four, section nine, line sixty-seven, by striking out the words "subsection (b)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "subsections (b) and (c)";

On page four, section nine, line sixty-nine, after the word "procedures," by inserting the words "including any authority pursuant to the Municipal Home Rule program under §8-1-5a of this code,";

On page four, section nine, line seventy, by striking out the words "and/or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or":

On page five, section nine, line ninety-five, after "§8-1-5a" by inserting a comma and the words "§8-13C-4 and §8-13C-5";

On page six, section nine, line one hundred sixteen, after the word "code" by inserting the words "and control of nonintoxicating beer pursuant to §11-16-1, *et seq.* of this code";

On page six, section nine, line one hundred nineteen, by striking out the words "Be designed, acquired, constructed, and equipped" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Design, acquire, construct and equip the tourism development project or the tourism development expansion project";

And,

On page seven, section nine, line one hundred forty-six, by striking out the word "initial".

Senator Takubo moved that the Senate concur in the House of Delegates amendments to the bill.

Following discussion and a point of inquiry to the President, with resultant response thereto,

The question now being on the adoption of Senator Takubo's aforestated motion, the same was put and prevailed.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 657, as amended by the House of Delegates, was then put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 657 pass?"

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Hamilton, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—21.

The nays were: Baldwin, Beach, Facemire, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Palumbo, Prezioso, Romano, Stollings, Unger, and Woelfel—13.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 657) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Hamilton, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—21.

The nays were: Baldwin, Beach, Facemire, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Palumbo, Prezioso, Romano, Stollings, Unger, and Woelfel—13.

Absent: None.

So, less than two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared Senator Takubo's aforestated motion had not prevailed.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4009**—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §27-5-2a, relating to involuntary hospitalization; setting forth a procedure; defining terms; providing for payment for services; limiting liability; requiring the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals to generate certain documents; requiring the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals to produce information to hospitals regarding contact information; requiring a report to be filed with the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals; requiring certain information to be placed in a medical record; permitting the release of the individual; and setting forth payment for services; and specifying that any action taken under this section does not satisfy the requirements of another section.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources; and then to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body, to take effect from passage, and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4252—A Bill to amend and reenact §64-9-1 *et seq.* of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating generally to authorizing certain miscellaneous agencies and boards to promulgate legislative rules; authorizing the rules as filed, as modified by the Legislative Rule-Making Review Committee, and as amended by the Legislature; authorizing the Board of Accountancy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to board rules and rules of professional conduct; authorizing the Board of Acupuncture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to fees for the Board of Acupuncture; authorizing the Board of Acupuncture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to auricular detoxification therapy certificate; authorizing the Board of Acupuncture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Board of Acupuncture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to consideration of prior criminal convictions in initial licensure determinations; authorizing

the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to animal disease control: authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to Fresh Food Act; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to auctioneers; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to poultry rules for hatcheries, growers, and contractors pertaining to poultry disease control and eradication; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to grade "A" pasteurized milk; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to West Virginia manufacture-grade milk; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to employment reference and inquiries and background checks; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to West Virginia Spay-Neuter Assistance Program; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to industrial hemp; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to hemp products; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to captive cervid farming: authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to farmers markets; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to promulgate a legislative rule relating to West Virginia exempted dairy farms and milk and milk products processing rules; authorizing the Board of Architects to promulgate a legislative rule relating to registration of architects; authorizing the Board of Architects to promulgate a legislative rule relating to fees for registration of architects; authorizing the Board of Chiropractic Examiners to promulgate a legislative rule relating to application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Board of Chiropractic Examiners to promulgate a legislative rule relating to consideration of prior criminal convictions in initial licensure determinations; authorizing the Board of Examiners in Counseling to promulgate a legislative rule relating to application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Board of Dentistry to promulgate a legislative rule relating to rule for the West Virginia Board of Dental Examiners; authorizing the Board of Dentistry to promulgate a legislative rule relating to dental advertising; authorizing the Board of Dietitians to promulgate a legislative rule relating to licensure and renewal requirements; authorizing the Board of Dietitians to promulgate a legislative rule relating to application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Election Commission to promulgate a legislative rule relating to corporate and membership organization political activity; authorizing the Election Commission to promulgate a legislative rule relating to regulation of campaign finance; authorizing the Board of Funeral Service Examiners to promulgate a legislative rule relating to application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Board of Funeral Service Examiners to promulgate a legislative rule relating to consideration of prior criminal convictions in initial licensure determinations; authorizing the Board of Hearing Aid Dealers to promulgate a legislative rule relating to application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Board of Hearing Aid Dealers to promulgate a legislative rule relating to consideration of prior criminal convictions in initial licensure determinations; authorizing the Board of Landscape Architects to promulgate a legislative rule relating to consideration of prior criminal convictions in initial licensure determinations; authorizing the Massage Therapy Licensure Board to promulgate a legislative rule relating to application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Massage Therapy Licensure Board to promulgate a legislative rule relating to consideration of prior criminal convictions in initial licensure determinations; authorizing the Medical Imaging and Radiation Therapy Technology Board of Examiners to promulgate a legislative rule relating to West Virginia Medical Imaging and Radiation Therapy Technology Board of Examiners; authorizing the Board of Medicine to promulgate a legislative rule relating to licensure, disciplinary and complaint procedures, continuing education, physician assistants; authorizing the Board of Medicine to promulgate a legislative rule relating to waiver of initial licensing fees for certain initial licensure applicants; authorizing the Nursing Home Administrators Licensing Board to promulgate a legislative rule relating to nursing home administrators; authorizing the Board of Occupational Therapy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to fees for services rendered by the Board; authorizing the Board of Occupational Therapy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Board of Occupational Therapy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to consideration of prior criminal convictions in initial licensure determinations; authorizing the Board of Optometry to promulgate a legislative rule relating to rules for the West Virginia Board of Optometry; authorizing the Board of Osteopathic Medicine to promulgate a legislative rule relating to osteopathic physician assistants; authorizing the Board of Osteopathic Medicine to promulgate a legislative rule relating to waiver of initial licensing fees for certain initial licensure applicants; authorizing the Board of Pharmacy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to licensure and practice of pharmacy; authorizing the Board of Pharmacy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to record keeping and automated data processing systems; authorizing the Board of Pharmacy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to Board of Pharmacy rules for registration of pharmacy technicians; authorizing the Board of Pharmacy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to Board of Pharmacy rules for immunizations administered by pharmacists and pharmacy interns; authorizing the Board of Pharmacy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to Board of Pharmacy rules for centralized prescription processing; authorizing the Board of Pharmacy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to regulations governing pharmacy permits; authorizing the Board of Pharmacy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to regulations governing pharmacists; authorizing the Board of Pharmacy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Board of Physical Therapy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to general provisions for physical therapist and physical therapist assistants; authorizing the Board of Physical Therapy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to fees for physical therapist and physical therapist assistant; authorizing the Board of Physical Therapy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to general provisions for athletic trainers; authorizing the Board of Physical Therapy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to fees for athletic trainers; authorizing the Board of Physical Therapy to promulgate a legislative rule relating to application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Board of Registration for Professional Engineers to promulgate a legislative rule relating to examination, licensure and practice of professional engineers; authorizing the Board of Professional Surveyors to promulgate a legislative rule relating to examination and licensing of professional surveyors in West Virginia; authorizing the Board of Psychologists to promulgate a legislative rule relating to consideration of prior criminal convictions in initial licensure determinations and application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board to promulgate a legislative rule relating to requirements for licensure and certification; authorizing the Real Estate Commission to promulgate a legislative rule relating to application for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Real Estate Commission to promulgate a legislative rule relating to consideration of prior criminal convictions in initial license eligibility determination; authorizing the Board of Registered Professional Nurses to promulgate a legislative rule relating to requirements for registration and licensure and conduct constituting professional misconduct; authorizing the Board of Registered Professional Nurses to promulgate a legislative rule relating to request for waiver of initial licensing fees for certain individuals; authorizing the Board of Respiratory Care to promulgate a legislative rule relating to establishment of fees; authorizing the Board of Respiratory Care to promulgate a legislative rule relating to student limited permit; authorizing the Board of Respiratory Care to promulgate a legislative rule relating to consideration of prior criminal convictions in initial licensure determinations; authorizing the Board of Sanitarians to promulgate a legislative rule relating to waiver of initial application fees and criteria for initial licensure; authorizing the Board of Social Work to promulgate a legislative rule relating to qualifications for the profession of social work; authorizing the Board of Social Work to promulgate a legislative rule relating to fee schedule;

authorizing the Board of Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology to promulgate a legislative rule relating to licensure of speech-pathology and audiology; authorizing the Board of Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology to promulgate a legislative rule relating to disciplinary and complaint procedures for speech-language pathology and audiology; authorizing the State Auditor to promulgate a legislative rule relating to local government purchasing card program; authorizing the State Conservation Committee to promulgate a legislative rule relating to State Conservation Committee Grant Program; authorizing the Board of Veterinary Medicine to promulgate a legislative rule relating to organization and operation and licensing of veterinarians; authorizing the Board of Veterinary technicians; and authorizing the Board of Veterinary Medicine to promulgate a legislative rule relating to registration of veterinary technicians; and authorizing the Board of Veterinary Medicine to promulgate a legislative rule relating to schedule of fees.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4388**—A Bill to amend and reenact §11-16-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §11-16-18 and §11-16-22 of said code; to amend and reenact §60-8-23 of said code, all relating to removing restrictions on advertising, equipment and services by licensees; adding legislative findings; removing restrictions on equipment, fixtures, signs, and supplies; limiting advertising restrictions to false or misleading advertising, irresponsible consumption, and that which targets underage consumption; clarifying that exterior signs are governed by the Division of Highways; eliminating antiquated rule-making language; and limiting promulgation and enforcement of legislative rules.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4530**—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §17A-6D-17, relating to authorizing daily passenger rental car companies to charge reasonable administrative fees when the fees are incidental to or arising from the rental car transaction.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4626**—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §5B-9-1, §5B-9-2, §5B-9-3, §5B-9-4, §5B-9-5, §5B-9-6, §5B-9-7, §5B-9-8 and §5B-9-9, all relating to enacting the West Virginia Development Achievements Transparency Act; providing a short title; providing legislative purpose and findings; providing for definitions; outlining reporting requirements for entities providing a development subsidy; directing the Auditor to create a searchable website to view development subsidy data; detailing the items required to be provided on the Auditor's searchable website; protecting confidentiality of certain subsidy data; providing penalties related to the

accuracy and timeliness of information reported; and permitting the Auditor to hold public hearings or trainings to ensure compliance with the article.

Referred to the Committee on Economic Development; and then to the Committee on Finance.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4668**—A Bill to amend and reenact §61-3B-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to creating the misdemeanor crime of trespass for entering a structure that has been clearly marked as condemned by a municipality as unfit for human habitation; providing criminal penalty; providing that for a first offense, a municipal judge or magistrate may substitute community correction or pretrial diversion before imposing a penalty.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4748**—A Bill to amend and reenact §39-4-23 and §39-4-30 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to the increase of fees that private nongovernment notary publics may charge for notarial acts; clarifying the appropriate manner of advertising for non-government notarial services; and providing the proper manner and content of the required disclaimer to notarial customers by private notary publics, which disclaimer clearly notifies notary customers that nonattorney notary publics are not permitted to provide legal services including document drafting, document review, or legal advice.

Referred to the Committee on Government Organization.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the adoption by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the adoption of

**Com. Sub. for House Concurrent Resolution 75**—Providing for the naming of the highest peak on Wolf Creek Mountain in Monroe County, "Boone's Peak".

Referred to the Committee on Natural Resources; and then to the Committee on Rules.

The Senate proceeded to the fourth order of business.

Senator Maynard, from the Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills has examined, found truly enrolled, and on the 25th day of February, 2020, presented to His Excellency, the Governor, for his action, the following bills, signed by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Delegates:

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 16), Creating Protect Our Right to Unite Act.

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 35), Limiting civil penalty for littering conviction to \$2,000.

(S. B. 300), Updating certain terms in WV Corporation Net Income Tax Act.

- (S. B. 310), Updating certain terms used in WV Personal Income Tax Act.
- (S. B. 321), Relating to collection of tax and priority of distribution of estate or property in receivership.

And,

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 676), Permitting fees from Child Abuse Registry be used for information technology support costs.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark R. Maynard, Chair, Senate Committee. Moore Capito, Chair, House Committee.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 119, Creating online voters' guide.

And has amended same.

Now on second reading, having been read a first time and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary on February 24, 2020;

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

At the request of Senator Trump, unanimous consent being granted, the bill (Com. Sub. for S. B. 119) contained in the preceding report from the Committee on the Judiciary was taken up for immediate consideration and read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on the Judiciary, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### ARTICLE 5. PRIMARY ELECTIONS AND NOMINATING PROCEDURES.

- §3-5-7. Filing certificates of announcements of candidacies; requirements; withdrawal of candidates when section applicable.
- (a) Any person who is eligible and seeks to hold an office or political party position to be filled by election in any primary or general election held under the provisions of this chapter shall file a

certificate of announcement declaring his or her candidacy for the nomination or election to the office.

- (b) The certificate of announcement shall be filed as follows:
- (1) Candidates for the House of Delegates, the State Senate, circuit judge, family court judge, and any other office or political position to be filled by the voters of more than one county shall file a certificate of announcement with the Secretary of State.
- (2) Candidates for an office or political position to be filled by the voters of a single county or a subdivision of a county, except for candidates for the House of Delegates, State Senate, circuit judge, or family court judge, shall file a certificate of announcement with the clerk of the county commission.
- (3) Candidates for an office to be filled by the voters of a municipality shall file a certificate of announcement with the recorder or city clerk.
- (c) The certificate of announcement shall be filed with the proper officer not earlier than the second Monday in January before the primary election day and not later than the last Saturday in January before the primary election day and must be received before midnight, eastern standard time, of that day or, if mailed, shall be postmarked by the United States Postal Service before that hour. This includes the offices of justice of the Supreme Court of Appeals, circuit court judge, family court judge, and magistrate, which are to be filled on a nonpartisan and division basis at the primary election: *Provided*, That on the final day of a political filing period, the office of the Secretary of State shall be open from 9:00 a.m. until 11:59 p.m. The offices of the county clerk in all counties of the state shall be open on that final day of a political filing period from 9:00 a.m. until 12:00 p.m.
- (d) The certificate of announcement shall be on a form prescribed by the Secretary of State on which the candidate shall make a sworn statement before a notary public or other officer authorized to administer oaths, centaining and must contain the following information:
  - (1) The date of the election in which the candidate seeks to appear on the ballot;
  - (2) The name of the office sought; the district, if any; and the division, if any;
- (3) The legal name of the candidate and the exact name the candidate desires to appear on the ballot, subject to limitations prescribed in §3-5-13 of this code;
- (4) The county of residence and a statement that the candidate is a legally qualified voter of that county; and the magisterial district of residence for candidates elected from magisterial districts or under magisterial district limitations;
- (5) The specific address designating the location at which the candidate resides at the time of filing, including number and street or rural route and box number and city, state, and zip code;
- (6) For certificates of announcement for the primary election occurring in 2022 and for every election thereafter, a telephone number, e-mail address, and web address for the candidate's campaign website or social media accounts, if available;

- (6) (7) For partisan elections, the name of the candidate's political party and a statement that the candidate: (A) Is a member of and affiliated with that political party as evidenced by the candidate's current registration as a voter affiliated with that party; and (B) has not been registered as a voter affiliated with any other political party for a period of 60 days before the date of filing the announcement;
- (7) (8) For candidates for delegate to national convention, the name of the presidential candidate to be listed on the ballot as the preference of the candidate on the first convention ballot; or a statement that the candidate prefers to remain "uncommitted";
- (8) (9) A statement that the person filing the certificate of announcement is a candidate for the office in good faith;

	(9) (10) The words "subscribed and sworn to before me this	day of _	
20_	and a space for the signature of the officer giving the oa	ith.	

- (e) Prior to the primary election occurring in 2022 and prior to each election occurring thereafter, the Secretary of State shall use the information provided pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, by candidates for the election to any office or political position to be filled by the voters of more than one county, to prepare an electronic voters' guide for the general public. The guide shall be published electronically on the website of the Secretary of State.
- (e) (f) The Secretary of State or the board of ballot commissioners, as the case may be, may refuse to certify the candidacy or may remove the certification of the candidacy upon receipt of a certified copy of the voter's registration record of the candidate showing that the candidate was registered as a voter in a party other than the one named in the certificate of announcement during the 60 days immediately preceding the filing of the certificate: *Provided*, That unless a signed formal complaint of violation of this section and the certified copy of the voter's registration record of the candidate are filed with the officer receiving that candidate's certificate of announcement no later than 10 days following the close of the filing period, the candidate may not be refused certification for this reason.
- (f) (g) The certificate of announcement shall be subscribed and sworn to by the candidate before some officer qualified to administer oaths, who shall certify the same. Any person who knowingly provides false information on the certificate is guilty of false swearing and shall be punished in accordance with §3-9-3 of this code.
- (g) (h) Any candidate for delegate to a national convention may change his or her statement of presidential preference by notifying the Secretary of State by letter received by the Secretary of State no later than the third Tuesday following the close of candidate filing. When the rules of the political party allow each presidential candidate to approve or reject candidates for delegate to convention who may appear on the ballot as committed to that presidential candidate, the presidential candidate or the candidate's committee on his or her behalf may file a list of approved or rejected candidates for delegate, and the Secretary of State shall list as "uncommitted" any candidate for delegate who is disapproved by the presidential candidate.
- (h) (i) A person may not be a candidate for more than one office or office division at any election: *Provided*, That a candidate for an office may also be a candidate for President of the United States, for membership on political party executive committees, or for delegate to a political party national convention: *Provided*, *however*, That an unsuccessful candidate for a nonpartisan

office in an election held concurrently with the primary election may be appointed under the provisions of §3-5-19 of this code to fill a vacancy on the general ballot.

(i) (i) A candidate who files a certificate of announcement for more than one office or division and does not withdraw, as provided by §3-5-11 of this code, from all but one office prior to the close of the filing period may not be certified by the Secretary of State or placed on the ballot for any office by the board of ballot commissioners.

The bill (Com. Sub. for S. B. 119), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

The Senate proceeded to the sixth order of business.

The following bills were introduced, read by their titles, and referred to the appropriate committees:

#### By Senators Carmichael (Mr. President) and Prezioso (By Request of the Executive):

**Senate Bill 852**—A Bill supplementing and amending by decreasing an existing item of appropriation and adding a new item of appropriation for expenditure of public moneys out of the State Treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the State Fund, State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund, to the State Department of Education, School Building Authority, fund 3514, fiscal year 2020, organization 0402, by supplementing and amending chapter 31, Acts of the Legislature, regular session, 2019, known as the Budget Bill, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

#### By Senators Carmichael (Mr. President) and Prezioso (By Request of the Executive):

**Senate Bill 853**—A Bill supplementing and amending by decreasing an existing item of appropriation and adding a new item of appropriation for expenditure of public moneys out of the State Treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the State Fund, Lottery Net Profits, to the State Department of Education, School Building Authority, fund 3963, fiscal year 2020, organization 0402, by supplementing and amending chapter 31, Acts of the Legislature, regular session, 2019, known as the Budget Bill, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

Senator Tarr offered the following resolution:

**Senate Resolution 52**—Designating February 26, 2020, as West Virginia Child Care Association Celebrating Children and Families Day at the Legislature.

Whereas, The State of West Virginia and the West Virginia Child Care Association have some of the best child welfare professionals and agencies in the country; and

Whereas, These child welfare professionals and agencies have dedicated their time to making life better for West Virginia's children and families; and

Whereas, These West Virginia professionals and agencies have a compassion that never ends, a hope for a better tomorrow, and a dedication to their efforts over the long haul; and

Whereas, These West Virginia professionals and agencies work with West Virginia's child welfare and behavioral health stakeholders to eliminate policy barriers and day-to-day practices that reduce the effective utilization of in-state resources; and

Whereas, The West Virginia Child Care Association's professionals and agencies do everything possible to provide opportunities for West Virginia's children and families to receive treatment and services in West Virginia, where they can remain in their communities, with their families, and connected to their support systems; and

Whereas, These professionals and agencies are regulated by the State of West Virginia through legislation and by oversight of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources and the Department of Education; and

Whereas, By using West Virginia child welfare professionals and agencies our state is doing what is best for West Virginia's children and their families; and

Whereas, These West Virginia childcare professionals and agencies advocate for, and deliver services and support to provide for, the safety, well-being and opportunities for children and families to achieve their hopes, dreams, and goals; and

Whereas, These professionals and agencies provide family-driven, youth-guided, culturally competent, and trauma-informed care for the citizens of West Virginia; and

Whereas, These West Virginia professionals, who care for the at-risk children in our state, and the organizations that exist to impact the lives of these children and their families, provide quality care in our communities; and

Whereas, This quality care is provided in a variety of settings, including community agencies, hospitals, residential treatment, family and treatment foster care, educational institutions, and seeks to provide resources and guidance that promotes the safety, well-being and permanency of West Virginia's children and families; and

Whereas, West Virginia's child welfare providers dedicate themselves to excellence in their profession through licensing, advocacy, education, and professional development; and

Whereas, The West Virginia Senate recognizes and appreciates the outstanding dedication, devotion, and care of the West Virginia Child Care Association professionals and agencies for their caring, commitment, and for making a difference in the lives of children in the state of West Virginia, their families, and communities; therefore, be it

#### Resolved by the Senate:

That the Senate hereby designates February 26, 2020, as West Virginia Child Care Association Celebrating Children and Families Day at the Legislature; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the West Virginia Child Care Association.

Which, under the rules, lies over one day.

The Senate proceeded to the seventh order of business.

**Senate Concurrent Resolution 47,** Requesting study of effectiveness of current laws maintaining private roads.

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk and referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

Senate Concurrent Resolution 48, US Army PFC Ronald Lee Berry Memorial Bridge.

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk and referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

**Senate Concurrent Resolution 49,** Requesting DOT, DOH evaluate October 1, 2018, "Updated Oil and Gas Road Policy".

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

The question being on the adoption of the resolution, the same was put and prevailed.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Senate Resolution 50, Designating February 25, 2020, as Fairmont State Day.

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Prezioso, unanimous consent being granted, the resolution was taken up for immediate consideration and reference to a committee dispensed with.

The question being on the adoption of the resolution, and on this question, Senator Beach demanded the yeas and nays.

The roll being taken, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Woelfel-1.

So, a majority of those present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the resolution (S. R. 50) adopted.

Thereafter, at the request of Senator Takubo, and by unanimous consent, the remarks by Senators Prezioso, Romano, and Weld regarding the adoption of Senate Resolution 50 were ordered printed in the Appendix to the Journal.

On motion of Senator Takubo, at 12:01 p.m., the Senate recessed to present Senate Resolution 50.

The Senate reconvened at 12:10 p.m. and resumed business under the seventh order.

**Senate Resolution 51**, Recognizing Shinnston Fire Department's 90th anniversary.

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Romano, unanimous consent being granted, the resolution was taken up for immediate consideration, reference to a committee dispensed with, and adopted.

Thereafter, at the request of Senator Takubo, and by unanimous consent, the remarks by Senators Romano and Facemire regarding the adoption of Senate Resolution 51 were ordered printed in the Appendix to the Journal.

On motion of Senator Takubo, at 12:14 p.m., the Senate recessed to present Senate Resolution 51.

The Senate reconvened at 12:18 p.m. and proceeded to the eighth order of business.

**Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 38,** Requiring schools provide elective course on Hebrew Scriptures or Bible.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, with the right having been granted on yesterday, Monday, February 24, 2020, for amendments to be received on third reading, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar, with the right to amend on third reading remaining in effect.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 213, Relating to administration of trusts.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Blair—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 213) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect July 1, 2020.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—33.

The navs were: None.

Absent: Blair—1.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 213) takes effect July 1, 2020.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 246,** Including family court judges in retirement system for judges.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Blair—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 246) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 284, Creating WV Health Care Continuity Act.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 284 pass?"

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Hamilton, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Pitsenbarger, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—20.

The nays were: Baldwin, Beach, Facemire, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Palumbo, Plymale, Prezioso, Romano, Stollings, Unger, and Woelfel—14.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 284) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

#### Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 511, Regulating pawnbrokers.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Jeffries, unanimous consent was granted to offer an amendment to the bill on third reading.

Thereupon, on motions of Senators Jeffries, Lindsay, and Trump, the following amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

On page five, by striking all of section four and inserting in lieu thereof a new section, designated section four, to read as follows:

## §47-26-4. Providing information to law-enforcement agencies; providing information through third-party database.

(a) The pawnbroker shall satisfy the requirements of §47-26-2 of this code by transmitting the pawn and purchase transaction information electronically to a database in accordance with this section: *Provided*, That paper copies shall be made available for an on-site inspection upon request of any appropriate law-enforcement authority.

#### (b) As used in this section:

"Database" means a computer database established and maintained by a third party engaged in the business of establishing and maintaining one or more databases;

<u>"Permitted user" means a person authorized by law-enforcement personnel to access the database;</u>

"Reportable data" means the information required to be recorded by pawnbrokers for pawn and purchase transactions pursuant to §47-26-2 of this code, excluding the information recorded under §47-26-2(b)(1);

<u>"Reporting pawnbroker" means a pawnbroker who transmits reportable data electronically to</u> the database; and

"Search" means the accessing of a single database record.

- (c) The database shall provide appropriate law-enforcement officials with the information contained in §47-26-2 of this code of this article to facilitate the investigation of alleged property crimes while protecting the privacy rights of pawnbrokers and pawnshop customers with regard to their transactions.
- (d) The database shall enable reporting pawnbrokers to transmit to the database through the Internet reportable data for each pawn and purchase transaction. The database shall contain the reportable data recorded by reporting pawnbrokers pursuant to this section. The database shall also contain security features and protections necessary to ensure that the reportable data maintained in the database can only be accessed by permitted users in accordance with the provisions of this section. Pawn and purchase transaction information shall maintain its confidential status and shall only be used for law-enforcement purposes consistent with the provisions of this article.

- (e) A pawnbroker shall be responsible for establishing and maintaining the database. A pawnbroker may charge law-enforcement agencies for access to the database. Law-enforcement agencies may be charged directly by the third party or by the pawnbroker for access to the database, and the charge shall be reasonable in relation to the costs of the pawnbroker in establishing and maintaining the database.
- (f) The information in the database may only be accessible through the Internet to permitted users who have provided a secure identification or access code to the database. A permitted user may access database information from any jurisdiction within this state. The database shall record, for each search, the identity of the permitted user, the pawn or purchase transaction involved in the search, and the identity of any customer accessed through the search. Each search record shall be made available to other permitted users within this state regardless of their jurisdiction.
  - (g) A pawnbroker shall meet the following requirements:
- (1) Provide all reportable data to permitted users by transmitting it through the internet to the database;
- (2) Transmit all reportable data for one business day to the database prior to the end of the following business day; and
- (3) Make available for on-site inspection to any appropriate law-enforcement official, upon request, paper copies of any pawn or purchase transaction documents.
- (h) If a reporting pawnbroker or permitted user discovers any error in the reportable data, notice of the error shall be given to the database, which has 30 days in which to correct the error. Any reporting pawnbroker experiencing a computer malfunction preventing the transmission of reportable data or receipt of search requests is allowed no more than 60 days to repair the malfunction, and during that period the pawnbroker is not in violation of this section if good faith efforts are made to correct the malfunction.
- (i) A reporting pawnbroker is not obligated to incur any cost, other than Internet service costs, in preparing, converting, or delivering its reportable data to the database.

The bill, as just amended, was again ordered to engrossment.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 511 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—31.

The nays were: Azinger, Maynard, and Sypolt—3.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 511) passed.

On motions of Senators Jeffries, Lindsay, and Trump, the following amendment to the title of the bill was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 511**—A Bill to amend and reenact §47-26-1, §47-26-2, and §47-26-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto two new sections, designated §47-26-2a and §47-26-4, all generally relating to the regulation of pawnbrokers; removing an exception for certain transactions from the report required of all pawnbrokers; requiring all pawnbrokers to be equipped with certain surveillance equipment and signage effective January 1, 2021; prohibiting pawnbrokers from doing business with certain persons; prohibiting pawnbrokers from purchasing certain items or transacting with certain items from anyone; creating misdemeanor offenses for certain violations; directing information to be provided to law enforcement; requiring provision of certain information to a third-party reporting database, and providing certain exceptions to those reporting requirements; and increasing the penalties for existing criminal offenses related to pawnbrokers.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 514, Creating WV FinTech Regulatory Sandbox Act.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 514) passed with its title.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 530, Relating to taxation of aircraft.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 530) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect July 1, 2020.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 530) takes effect July 1, 2020.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 614,** Changing method of allocating funding from Safe School Funds.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Clements—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 614) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Clements—1.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 614) takes effect from passage.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 635, Allowing administration of small estates.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 635) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect January 1, 2021.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 635) takes effect January 1, 2021.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 668, Enacting Uniform Trust Decanting Act.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 668) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect July 1, 2020.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 668) takes effect July 1, 2020.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

At the request of Senator Clements, unanimous consent being granted, the Senate returned to the second order of business and the introduction of guests.

The Senate again proceeded to the eighth order of business, the next bill coming up in numerical sequence being

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 760,** Allowing state college or university apply to HEPC for designation as administratively or financially exempt school.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 760 pass?"

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Hamilton, Hardesty, Jeffries, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—28.

The nays were: Baldwin, Facemire, Ihlenfeld, Lindsay, and Romano—5.

Absent: Beach—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 760) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 772,** Clarifying American Law Institute's Restatements of Law.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 772 pass?"

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Hamilton, Hardesty, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Pitsenbarger, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—22.

The nays were: Baldwin, Beach, Facemire, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Palumbo, Plymale, Prezioso, Romano, Stollings, and Unger—12.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 772) passed with its title.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Thereafter, at the request of Senator Beach, and by unanimous consent, the remarks by Senators Trump and Lindsay regarding the passage of Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 772 were ordered printed in the Appendix to the Journal.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 793,** Relating to B&O taxes imposed on certain coal-fired electric generating units.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 793 pass?"

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 793) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect July 1, 2021.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 793) takes effect July 1, 2021.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Senate Bill 800**, Authorizing electric utilities construct and operate project within electric utility distribution system.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

Senator Takubo requested unanimous consent that the bill be referred to the Committee on Rules.

Which consent was not granted, Senator Romano objecting.

Senator Takubo then moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Rules.

Following discussion,

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, Senator Takubo's aforestated motion was withdrawn.

Thereafter, at the request of Senator Weld, and by unanimous consent, the remarks by Senator Takubo regarding his request to withdraw the motion to refer Engrossed Senate Bill 800 to the Committee on Rules were ordered printed in the Appendix to the Journal.

Thereafter, Engrossed Senate Bill 800 was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 800) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Senate Bill 816,** Updating North American Industry Classification System code references.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: Tarr—1.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 816) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect July 1, 2020.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: Tarr—1.

Absent: None.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 816) takes effect July 1, 2020.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 819,** Relating to DOH management of Coal Resource Transportation roads.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Hamilton, Hardesty, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—27.

The nays were: Baldwin, Beach, Facemire, Ihlenfeld, Romano, Stollings, and Unger—7.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 819) passed.

On motion of Senator Clements, the following amendment to the title of the bill was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 819**—A Bill to amend and reenact §17C-17A-2, §17C-17A-3, §17C-17A-5, and §17C-17A-12 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to coal resource transportation roads; defining certain terms; removing geographical restrictions on

eligibility for designation as coal resource transportation road; updating reporting requirements for Division of Highways and Public Service Commission; removing study and reporting requirement for Public Service Commission; updating maximum distance for special crossing permits; removing requirement for Public Service Commission to promulgate emergency rules; updating process and criteria for designation and decertification of coal resource transportation roads; requiring Commissioner of Division of Highways to update directory of coal resource transportation road system; renaming Coal Resource Transportation Designation Committee as Coal Resource Transportation Advisory Committee and redefining authority effective July 1, 2020; providing for two additional members of Coal Resource Transportation Advisory Committee; replacing public hearing and notice requirement for designation and decertification with requirement for public meeting; and correcting technical errors.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect July 1, 2020.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Hamilton, Hardesty, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—27.

The nays were: Baldwin, Beach, Facemire, Ihlenfeld, Romano, Stollings, and Unger—7.

Absent: None.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 819) takes effect July 1, 2020.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Senate Bill 828, Clarifying municipal B&O taxation where business activity occurs.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 828) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect July 1, 2020.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 828) takes effect July 1, 2020.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Senate Bill 831,** Clarifying Economic Development Authority board enter into contracts necessary to carry out duties.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time.

Pending discussion and a point of inquiry to the President, with resultant response thereto,

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

Eng. Senate Bill 839, Creating State Advisory Council on Postsecondary Attainment Goals.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time.

Pending discussion,

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

On motion of Senator Takubo, at 1:14 p.m., the Senate recessed until 2 p.m. today.

The Senate reconvened at 2:13 p.m. and resumed business under the eighth order.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Joint Resolution 9**, Motor Vehicle and Other Personal Property Tax Reduction Amendment.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its adoption.

Pending extended discussion,

(Senator Weld in the Chair.)

Pending discussion,

(Senator Carmichael, Mr. President, in the Chair.)

Pending extended discussion,

Senator Beach moved the previous question.

The question being on the adoption of Senator Beach's aforestated motion, the same was put.

The result of the voice vote being inconclusive, Senator Unger demanded a division of the vote.

A standing vote being taken, there were 11 "yeas" and 23 "nays".

Whereupon, the President declared the motion for the previous question had not prevailed.

Pending extended discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Joint Resolution 9 be adopted?"

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—18.

The nays were: Baldwin, Beach, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Romano, Stollings, Unger, and Woelfel—16.

Absent: None.

So, less than two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the resolution (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. J. R. 9) rejected.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 2338,** Allowing the owner of an antique military vehicle to display alternate registration insignia.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

**Eng. House Bill 4411,** Relating to the West Virginia Residential Mortgage Lender, Broker and Servicer Act.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

Eng. House Bill 4477, West Virginia Mutual to Mutual Insurance Holding Company Act.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

**Eng. House Bill 4661**, Relating to the powers of the Public Service Commission and the regulation of natural gas utilities.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

The Senate proceeded to the ninth order of business.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 28,** Allowing WV Board of Medicine investigators to carry concealed weapons.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 66,** Requiring State Police to follow towing services policies of county of location.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 106, Making daylight saving time official time year round in WV.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, Woelfel, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Blair—1.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 106 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 106 pass?"

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Carmichael (Mr. President)—32.

The nays were: Azinger and Woelfel—2.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 106) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 120,** Establishing priorities for expenditures for plugging abandoned gas or oil wells.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

(Senator Weld in the Chair.)

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 123, Relating generally to pyramid promotional schemes.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

At the request of Senator Takubo, and by unanimous consent, the bill was advanced to third reading with the right for amendments to be considered on that reading.

**Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 160**, Creating Voluntary WVU Rifle Team Check-Off Program on hunting and fishing licenses.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 193,** Setting forth timeframes for continuing purchases of commodities and services over \$1 million.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 259,** Requiring mandatory incarceration prior to parole for certain persons convicted of distributing controlled substances near libraries.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was referred to the Committee on Rules.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 269, Establishing advisory council on rare diseases.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 312, Relating to provisional licensure of social workers.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

On motion of Senator Maroney, the following amendments to the bill were reported by the Clerk, considered simultaneously, and adopted:

On page four, section thirty, line ten, after the word "bureau" by striking out the word "and";

And,

On page four, section thirty, line fifteen, after the word "families" by changing the period to a colon and adding the following: and

(9) Pay the application fee.

The bill (Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 312), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 329, Authorizing DEP promulgate legislative rules.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Senate Bill 355, Fire Commission rule relating to State Fire Code.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 356, Fire Commission rule relating to State Building Code.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 472, Providing alternative sentencing program for work release.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—32.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Facemire and Carmichael (Mr. President)—2.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 472 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 472) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 472) takes effect from passage.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Senate Bill 489,** Moving provisions of licensing contractors to chapter 30 of code.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 513,** Protecting consumers against businesses using automatic renewals without consent.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

On motion of Senator Trump, the following amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

On page two, section two, line four, by striking out the words "one month or more" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "more than one month".

The bill (Com. Sub. for S. B. 513), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 521, Relating to job creation and economic incentives.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 569,** Expiring funds from various accounts to DHHR, Medical Services Program Fund.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

Engrossed Senate Bill 569 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 569) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 569) takes effect from passage.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 570,** Expiring funds from State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund to DHHR, Medical Services Program Fund.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 570 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 570) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 570) takes effect from passage.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 616,** Relating to employment grievance procedure for public employees.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 633, Creating Medicaid Families First Reserve Fund account.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 633 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 633 pass?"

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 633) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 648,** Providing dental coverage for adult Medicaid recipients.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 653, Increasing number of magistrates in Putnam County.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 661,** Replacing minimum minutes of instructional time required per day.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 680**, Qualifying not-for-profit private baccalaureate institutions for Advanced Career Education programs and WV Invests Grant Program.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Senate Bill 687, Increasing compensation of elected county officials.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 690, Permitting street-legal special purpose vehicles on highways.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

On motion of Senator Maynard, the following amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### ARTICLE 13. STREET-LEGAL SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHICLES.

# §17A-13-1. Street-legal special purpose vehicles; operation on highways; registration procedures; licensing requirements; equipment requirements.

- (a) Except as required in subsection (c) of this section, an individual may operate a "street-legal special purpose vehicle" on a street or highway.
  - (b) For the purposes of this section:

"Special purpose vehicle" include all-terrain vehicles, utility terrain vehicles, mini-trucks, pneumatic-tired military vehicles, and full-size special purpose-built vehicles, including those self-constructed or built by the original equipment manufacturer and those that have been modified.

<u>"Street-legal special purpose vehicle" is a special purpose vehicle that meets the requirements</u> of this section.

(c) An individual may not operate a special purpose vehicle as a street-legal special purpose vehicle on a highway if:

- (1) The highway is a controlled-access system, including, but not limited to, interstate systems; or
- (2) The county, municipality, or the Division of Natural Resources where the highway is located prohibits special purpose vehicles.
- (d) Special purpose vehicles are prohibited from traveling a distance greater than 20 miles on a highway displaying centerline pavement markings.
- (e) All street-legal special purpose vehicles are subject to the certificate of title provisions of §17A-1-1 et seg. of this code.
- (f) Nothing in this section authorizes the operation of a street-legal special purpose vehicle in an area that is not open to motor vehicle use.
- (g) A street-legal special purpose vehicle may be registered in the same manner as provided for motorcycles pursuant to this chapter.
- (h) Upon registration of any street-legal special purpose vehicle pursuant to this section, the Division of Motor Vehicles shall issue a registration plate that is of the same size as Class G special registration plates for motorcycles.
- (i) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a street-legal special purpose vehicle shall comply with the Division of Motor Vehicles' licensing, fee, and other requirements pursuant to this chapter.
- (j) The owner of a special purpose vehicle being operated as a street-legal special purpose vehicle shall ensure the vehicle is equipped with:
  - (1) One or more headlamps;
  - (2) One or more tail lamps;
  - (3) One or more brake lamps;
- (4) A tail lamp or other lamp constructed and placed to illuminate the registration plate with a white light;
  - (5) One or more red reflectors on the rear:
  - (6) Amber electric turn system, one on each side of the front;
  - (7) Amber or red electric turn signals;
  - (8) A braking system, other than a parking brake;
  - (9) A horn or other warning device;
- (10) A muffler and, if required by an applicable federal statute or rule, an emission control system;
  - (11) Rearview mirrors on the right and left side of the driver:

- (12) A windshield, unless the operator wears eye protection while operating the vehicle:
- (13) A speedometer, illuminated for nighttime operation;
- (14) For vehicles designed by the manufacturer for carrying one or more passengers, a seat designed for passengers; and
  - (15) Tires that have at least 2/32 inches or greater tire tread.
- (16) When owners of a street-legal special purpose vehicle have ensured that such vehicles are equipped as required by this subsection, and those owners obtain a valid registration card and certificate of insurance for such vehicles, those vehicles are eligible to apply for a motorcycle trailer sticker.
- (k) Mini-trucks may not be operated as street-legal special purpose vehicles on highways that have been constructed pursuant to a federal highways program.
- (I) The Division of Motor Vehicles shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code to implement this section.

The bill (Com. Sub. for S. B. 690), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 700,** Exempting physicians from specified traffic laws when responding to emergencies.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 710**, Establishing pilot program to evaluate telemedicine health services.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 711, Relating to juvenile jurisdiction of circuit courts.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 716**, Requiring DHHR pay for tubal ligation without 30-day wait between consent and sterilization.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 729,** Relating to awards and disability under Deputy Sheriff Retirement Act.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 729 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 729) passed with its title.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Senate Bill 732,** Authorizing fee payment and expense reimbursement for attorneys who participate on court teams established by Supreme Court of Appeals.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 738, Creating Flatwater Trail Commission.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 739,** Authorizing PSC protect consumers of distressed and failing water and wastewater utilities.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 745,** Creating exemption to state sales and use tax for rental and leasing of equipment.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 749,** Requiring Fatality and Mortality Review Team share data with CDC.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—32.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Facemire and Carmichael (Mr. President)—2.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 749 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 749) passed with its title.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Senate Bill 750,** Establishing extended learning opportunities.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

On motion of Senator Rucker, the following amendments to the bill were reported by the Clerk, considered simultaneously, and adopted:

On page one, section seven-d, line ten, by striking out the word "multiply" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "allow for";

On page two, section seven-d, line twenty-three, after the word "for" by adding the word "elective":

On page two, section seven-d, line thirty-five, by striking out the words "with local school districts" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "between the local school, county board, or State Board of Education":

And,

On page two, section seven-d, line thirty-six, by striking out the words "approved by the State Board of Education".

The bill (S. B. 750), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 752, Relating generally to medical cannabis.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

At the request of Senator Takubo, and by unanimous consent, the bill was advanced to third reading with the right for amendments to be considered on that reading.

Senate Bill 758, Relating to authority of Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 762, Creating Preserving Patient Stability Act of 2020.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 775**, Requiring two water bottle filling stations be included in newly built or renovated schools.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Weld, and Woelfel—30.

The nays were: Baldwin and Unger—2.

Absent: Trump and Carmichael (Mr. President)—2.

Engrossed Senate Bill 775 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Senate Bill 775 pass?"

Senator Blair requested a ruling from the Chair as to whether he should be excused from voting under Rule 43 of the Rules of the Senate as he is a Classified Certified Water Specialist Class V.

The Chair replied that any impact on Senator Blair would be as a member of a class of persons and that he would be required to vote.

The roll being taken, the yeas were: Azinger, Boley, Clements, Maroney, Maynard, Pitsenbarger, Rucker, Smith, and Trump—9.

The nays were: Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Palumbo, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—24.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting not having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 775) rejected.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 785, Establishing uniform electioneering prohibition area.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 797,** Authorizing governing boards of public and private hospitals employ hospital police officers.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

At the request of Senator Takubo, and by unanimous consent, the bill was advanced to third reading with the right for amendments to be considered on that reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 798,** Requiring dairy foods processed in state be added to list of items to be purchased by state-funded institutions.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—32.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Lindsay and Carmichael (Mr. President)—2.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 798 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 798 pass?"

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 798) passed with its title.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 802, Relating to public utilities generally.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 805,** Supplemental appropriation of moneys from Treasury to WV Commuter Rail Access Fund.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

Engrossed Senate Bill 805 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 805) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 805) takes effect from passage.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 810, Implementing federal Affordable Clean Energy rule.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 812,** Supplemental appropriation from Lottery Net Profits to Bureau of Senior Services.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

Engrossed Senate Bill 812 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard,

Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 812) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Blair, Boley, Clements, Cline, Facemire, Hamilton, Hardesty, Ihlenfeld, Jeffries, Lindsay, Mann, Maroney, Maynard, Palumbo, Pitsenbarger, Plymale, Prezioso, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Unger, Weld, and Woelfel—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Carmichael (Mr. President)—1.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 812) takes effect from passage.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 820,** Authorizing DHHR transfer comprehensive community mental health centers and intellectual disability facilities to regional centers and facilities.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 821,** Providing immunity from civil liability to facilities and employees providing crisis stabilization.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

On motion of Senator Trump, the following amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

# ARTICLE 7K. IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY FOR CERTAIN GOVERNMENT OR BEHAVIORAL HEALTH FACILITIES AND THEIR EMPLOYEES.

- §55-7K-1. Limiting civil liability for government or behavioral health facilities and their employees providing crisis stabilization services, alcohol detoxification services, substance use disorder services, or drug overdose services short-term basis.
- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, a behavioral health facility certified or licensed in this state, another state, or operated by the state, or one of its political subdivisions, nor any of its directors, officers, employees, and contractors, is not liable for any

civil damages as a result of any act or omission arising from or related to drug and alcohol detoxification services, substance use disorder services, drug overdose services, withdrawal services on a short-term basis, or providing crisis stabilization services related to drug and alcohol detoxification services, substance use disorder services, drug overdose services, and withdrawal services on a short-term basis, so long as the services are provided in good faith and do not involve the gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct of the facility, or its directors, officers, employees, or contractors.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, no behavioral health facility that is licensed in this state, another state, or operated by the state, or one of its political subdivisions, and no residential recovery facility certified by or meeting the standards of a national certifying body, nor any of their directors, officers, employees, and agents shall be liable for injury or civil damages related to the provision of short-term crisis stabilization and/or drug and alcohol detoxification services, substance use disorder services, drug overdose services, and/or withdrawal services to the extent the injury or damages arise from an individual's refusal of services, election to discontinue services, failure to follow the orders or instructions of a facility, voluntary departure, elopement, or abandonment from a facility, with or without notice to others, so long as the services are offered in good faith, the facility does not require payment from the individual receiving the services, and the injury or damages are not proximately caused by the gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct of the facility, or its directors, officers, employees, or agents.
- (c) The provisions of this article operate in addition to, and not in derogation of, any of the provisions contained in §55-7B-1 et seq. of this code.
- (d) The amendments to this section enacted during the 2020 Regular Session of the Legislature shall be effective July 1, 2020.

Following discussion,

The question being on the adoption of Senator Trump's amendment to the bill, the same was put and prevailed.

The bill (Com. Sub. for S. B. 821), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 829, Establishing Overland Recreation Fund.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 830,** Eliminating special merit-based employment system for health care professionals.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 832**, Permitting retailers assume sales or use tax assessed on tangible personal property.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 840**, Creating statutory fee for modifying permits issued by DEP Office of Oil and Gas.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 841**, Requiring Governor to fix salaries of certain appointed officers after office is vacated.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 842**, Requiring Superintendent of Schools establish a Behavior Interventionist Pilot Program in two school districts for five years.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the following amendments to the bill were reported by the Clerk, considered simultaneously, and adopted:

On page two, section thirteen, line twenty-eight, by striking out the word "a" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "an advisory";

And,

On page two, section thirteen, line twenty-nine, by striking out the word "establish" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "advise the county superintendent and county board on".

The bill (S. B. 842), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 846,** Requiring hospital publish notification prior to facility closure regarding patient medical records.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Senate Bill 847, Updating controlled substance lists in schedules I and V.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

At the request of Senator Takubo, and by unanimous consent, the bill was advanced to third reading with the right for amendments to be considered on that reading.

**Senate Bill 848,** Clarifying persons charged with DUI may not participate in Military Service Members Court.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 849,** Relating to military service as factor in certain insurance coverage rates.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Senate Bill 850, Prohibiting racial discrimination based on certain hair textures and hairstyles.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 851,** Requiring Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency, and Correction propose rule in coordination with law enforcement and certain medical boards.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4217**, Authorizing the Department of Environmental Protection to promulgate legislative rules.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

**Eng. House Bill 4600**, Relating to the definition of the term member regarding distributing premium tax proceeds.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

Pending announcements of meetings of standing committees of the Senate,

On motion of Senator Takubo, at 5:23 p.m., the Senate recessed until 6 p.m. today.

The Senate reconvened at 6:32 p.m. and, at the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, returned to the fourth order of business.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

**Senate Bill 278,** Providing various methods to deal with defendant who becomes incompetent during trial.

And has amended same.

Now on second reading, having been read a first time and rereferred to the Committee on the Judiciary on February 24, 2020;

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill (S. B. 278) contained in the preceding report from the Committee on the Judiciary was taken up for immediate consideration and read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on the Judiciary, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### ARTICLE 5. INVOLUNTARY HOSPITIALIZATION.

- §27-5-1. Appointment of mental hygiene commissioner; duties of mental hygiene commissioner; duties of prosecuting attorney; duties of sheriff; duties of Supreme Court of Appeals; use of certified municipal law-enforcement officers.
- (a) Appointment of mental hygiene commissioners. The chief judge in each judicial circuit of this state shall appoint a competent attorney and may, if necessary, appoint additional attorneys to serve as mental hygiene commissioners to preside over involuntary hospitalization hearings. Mental hygiene commissioners shall be persons of good moral character and of standing in their profession and they shall, before assuming the duties of such commissioner, take the oath required of other special commissioners as provided in §6-1-1 et seq. of this code.

Prior to presiding over an involuntary hospitalization hearing, each All persons newly appointed person to serve as a mental hygiene commissioners, and all magistrates, shall attend and complete an orientation course that, within one year of their appointment, consisting consists of training provided annually by the Supreme Court of Appeals, complete an orientation program to be developed by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources. In addition, existing mental hygiene commissioners and any all magistrates designated by the chief judge of a judicial circuit trained to hold probable cause and emergency detention hearings involving involuntary hospitalization shall attend and complete a course provided by the Supreme Court of Appeals, and complete an orientation program to be developed by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources. Persons attending such courses outside the county of their residence shall be reimbursed out of the budget of the Supreme Court—General Judicial for reasonable expenses incurred. The Supreme Court of Appeals shall establish curricula and rules for such courses, including rules providing for the reimbursement of reasonable expenses as authorized herein. The Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources shall consult with the Supreme Court of Appeals regarding the development of the orientation program.

- (b) Duties of mental hygiene commissioners. —
- (1) Mental hygiene commissioners may sign and issue summonses for the attendance, at any hearing held pursuant to §27-5-4 of this code, of the individual sought to be committed; may sign and issue subpoenas for witnesses, including subpoenas duces tecum; may place any witness under oath; may elicit testimony from applicants, respondents, and witnesses regarding factual

issues raised in the petition; and may make findings of fact on evidence and may make conclusions of law, but such findings and conclusions shall not be binding on the circuit court. All mental hygiene commissioners shall be reasonably compensated at a uniform rate determined by the Supreme Court of Appeals. Mental hygiene commissioners shall submit all requests for compensation to the administrative director of the courts for payment. Mental hygiene commissioners shall discharge their duties and hold their offices at the pleasure of the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which he or she is appointed and may be removed at any time by such chief judge. It shall be the duty of a mental hygiene commissioner to conduct orderly inquiries into the mental health of the individual sought to be committed concerning the advisability of committing the individual to a mental health facility. The mental hygiene commissioner shall safeguard, at all times, the rights and interests of the individual as well as the interests of the state. The mental hygiene commissioner shall make a written report of his or her findings to the circuit court. In any proceedings before any court of record as set forth in this article, the court of record shall appoint an interpreter for any individual who is deaf or cannot speak or who speaks a foreign language and who may be subject to involuntary commitment to a mental health facility.

- (2) A mental hygiene commissioner appointed by the circuit court of one county or multiple county circuits may serve in such capacity in a jurisdiction other than that of his or her original appointment if such be agreed upon by the terms of a cooperative agreement between the circuit courts and county commissions of two or more counties entered into to provide prompt resolution of mental hygiene matters during noncourt hours when the courthouse is closed or on nonjudicial days.
- (c) *Duties of prosecuting attorney*. It shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorney or one of his or her assistants to represent the applicants in all final commitment proceedings filed pursuant to the provisions of this article. The prosecuting attorney may appear in any proceeding held pursuant to the provisions of this article if he or she deems it to be in the public interest.
- (d) Duties of sheriff. Upon written order of the circuit court, mental hygiene commissioner, or magistrate in the county where the individual formally accused of being mentally ill or addicted having a substance use disorder is a resident or is found, the sheriff of that county shall take said individual into custody and transport him or her to and from the place of hearing and the mental health facility. The sheriff shall also maintain custody and control of the accused individual during the period of time in which the individual is waiting for the involuntary commitment hearing to be convened and while such hearing is being conducted: Provided, That an individual who is a resident of a state other than West Virginia shall, upon a finding of probable cause, be transferred to his or her state of residence for treatment pursuant to §27-5-4(p) of this code: Provided, however, That where an individual is a resident of West Virginia but not a resident of the county in which he or she is found and there is a finding of probable cause, the county in which the hearing is held may seek reimbursement from the county of residence for reasonable costs incurred by the county attendant to the mental hygiene proceeding. Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, sheriffs may enter into cooperative agreements with sheriffs of one or more other counties, with the concurrence of their respective circuit courts and county commissions, whereby transportation and security responsibilities for hearings held pursuant to the provisions of this article during noncourt hours when the courthouse is closed or on nonjudicial days may be shared in order to facilitate prompt hearings and to effectuate transportation of persons found in need of treatment. In the event an individual requires transportation to a state hospital as defined by §27-1-6 of this code, the sheriff shall contact the state hospital in advance of such transportation to determine if the state hospital has available suitable bed capacity to place the individual.

- (e) Duty of sheriff upon presentment to mental health care facility. When a person is brought to a mental health care facility for purposes of evaluation for commitment under this article, if he or she is violent or combative, the sheriff or his or her designee shall maintain custody of the person in the facility until the evaluation is completed, or the county commission shall reimburse the mental health care facility at a reasonable rate for security services provided by the mental health care facility for the period of time the person is at the hospital prior to the determination of mental competence or incompetence.
- (f) *Duties of Supreme Court of Appeals*. The Supreme Court of Appeals shall provide uniform petition, procedure, and order forms which shall be used in all involuntary hospitalization proceedings brought in this state.
- (g) Duties of the Department of Health and Human Resources. The Secretary shall develop an orientation program as provided in subsection (a). The orientation program shall include, but not be limited to, instruction regarding the nature and treatment of mental illness and substance use disorder; the goal and purpose of commitment; community-based treatment options; and less restrictive alternatives to inpatient commitment.

# §27-5-2. Institution of proceedings for involuntary custody for examination; custody; probable cause hearing; examination of individual.

(a) Any adult person may make an application for involuntary hospitalization for examination of an individual when the person making the application has reason to believe that the individual to be examined is addicted, has a substance use disorder as defined in § 27-1-11 of this code, by the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, inclusive of substance use withdrawal or is mentally ill and, because of his or her addiction substance use disorder or mental illness, the individual is likely to cause serious harm to himself, herself, or to others if allowed to remain at liberty while awaiting an examination and certification by a physician, or psychologist, licensed professional counselor, licensed independent social worker, an advanced nurse practitioner, or physician assistant as provided in subsection (e) of this section: *Provided*, That a diagnosis of dementia alone, may not serve as a basis for involuntary commitment.

Notwithstanding any language in this subsection to the contrary, if the individual to be examined under the provisions of this section is incarcerated in a jail, prison, or other correctional facility, then only the chief administrative officer of the facility holding the individual may file the application and the application must include the additional statement that the correctional facility itself cannot reasonably provide treatment and other services for the individual's mental illness or addiction substance use disorder.

- (b) The person making the application shall make the application under oath.
- (c) Application for involuntary custody for examination may be made to the circuit court, magistrate court, or a mental hygiene commissioner of the county in which the individual resides or of the county in which he or she may be found. When no circuit court judge or mental hygiene commissioner is available for immediate presentation of the application, the application may be made to a magistrate designated by the chief judge of the judicial circuit to accept applications and hold probable cause hearings. A designated magistrate before whom an application or matter is pending may, upon the availability of a mental hygiene commissioner or circuit court judge for immediate presentation of an application or pending matter, transfer the pending matter or

application to the mental hygiene commissioner or circuit court judge for further proceedings unless otherwise ordered by the chief judge of the judicial circuit.

- (d) The person making the application shall give information and state facts in the application as may be required by the form provided for this purpose by the Supreme Court of Appeals.
- (e) The circuit court, mental hygiene commissioner, or designated magistrate may enter an order for the individual named in the application to be detained and taken into custody for the purpose of holding a probable cause hearing as provided in §27-5-2(g) of this code for the purpose of an examination of the individual by a physician, psychologist, a licensed professional counselor practicing in compliance with §30-31-1 et seq. of this code, a licensed independent clinical social worker practicing in compliance with §30-30-1 et seg. of this code, an advanced nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification practicing in compliance with §30-7-1 et seq. of this code, a physician assistant practicing in compliance with §30-3-1 et seq. of this code, or a physician assistant practicing in compliance with §30-3E-1 et seg. of this code: Provided, That a licensed professional counselor, a licensed independent clinical social worker, a physician assistant or an advanced nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification may only perform the examination if he or she has previously been authorized by an order of the circuit court to do so, the order having found that the licensed professional counselor, the licensed independent clinical social worker, physician assistant, or advanced nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification has particularized expertise in the areas of mental health and mental hygiene or addiction substance use disorder sufficient to make the determinations as are required by the provisions of this section. The examination is to be provided or arranged by a community mental health center designated by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources to serve the county in which the action takes place. The order is to specify that the hearing be held forthwith and is to provide for the appointment of counsel for the individual: Provided, however, That the order may allow the hearing to be held up to 24 hours after the person to be examined is taken into custody rather than forthwith if the circuit court of the county in which the person is found has previously entered a standing order which establishes within that jurisdiction a program for placement of persons awaiting a hearing which assures the safety and humane treatment of persons: Provided further, That the time requirements set forth in this subsection only apply to persons who are not in need of medical care for a physical condition or disease for which the need for treatment precludes the ability to comply with the time requirements. During periods of holding and detention authorized by this subsection, upon consent of the individual or in the event of a medical or psychiatric emergency, the individual may receive treatment. The medical provider shall exercise due diligence in determining the individual's existing medical needs and provide treatment the individual requires, including previously prescribed medications. As used in this section, "psychiatric emergency" means an incident during which an individual loses control and behaves in a manner that poses substantial likelihood of physical harm to himself, herself, or others. Where a physician, psychologist, licensed professional counselor, licensed independent clinical social worker, physician assistant, or advanced nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification has within the preceding 72 hours performed the examination required by the provisions of this subsection. the community mental health center may waive the duty to perform or arrange another examination upon approving the previously performed examination. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, §27-5-4(r) of this code applies regarding payment by the county commission for examinations at hearings. If the examination reveals that the individual is not mentally ill or addicted has no substance use disorder or is determined to be mentally ill or addicted has a substance use disorder but not likely to cause harm to himself, herself, or others, the individual shall be immediately released without the need for a probable cause hearing and the examiner is not civilly liable for the rendering of the opinion absent a finding of professional negligence. The examiner shall immediately provide the mental hygiene commissioner, circuit

court, or designated magistrate before whom the matter is pending the results of the examination on the form provided for this purpose by the Supreme Court of Appeals for entry of an order reflecting the lack of probable cause.

(f) A probable cause hearing is to be held before a magistrate, designated by the chief judge of the judicial circuit, the mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit judge of the county of which the individual is a resident or where he or she was found. If requested by the individual or his or her counsel, the hearing may be postponed for a period not to exceed 48 hours.

The individual must be present at the hearing and has the right to present evidence, confront all witnesses and other evidence against him or her, and to examine testimony offered, including testimony by representatives of the community mental health center serving the area. Expert testimony at the hearing may be taken telephonically or via videoconferencing. The individual has the right to remain silent and to be proceeded against in accordance with the Rules of Evidence of the Supreme Court of Appeals, except as provided in §27-1-12 of this code. At the conclusion of the hearing, the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge shall find and enter an order stating whether or not there is probable cause to believe that the individual, as a result of mental illness or addiction substance use disorder, is likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself or to others.

- (g) Probable cause hearings may occur in the county where a person is hospitalized. The judicial hearing officer may: Use videoconferencing and telephonic technology; permit persons hospitalized for addiction substance use disorder to be involuntarily hospitalized only until detoxification is accomplished; and specify other alternative or modified procedures that are consistent with the purposes and provisions of this article. The alternative or modified procedures shall fully and effectively guarantee to the person who is the subject of the involuntary commitment proceeding and other interested parties due process of the law and access to the least restrictive available treatment needed to prevent serious harm to self or others.
- (h) If the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge at a probable cause hearing or a mental hygiene commissioner or circuit judge at a final commitment hearing held pursuant to the provisions of §27-5-4 of this code finds that the individual, as a result of mental illness or addiction substance use disorder, is likely to cause serious harm to himself, herself, or others and because of mental illness or addiction a substance use disorder requires treatment, the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge may consider evidence on the question of whether the individual's circumstances make him or her amenable to outpatient treatment in a nonresidential or nonhospital setting pursuant to a voluntary treatment agreement. The agreement is to be in writing and approved by the individual, his or her counsel, and the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge. If the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge determines that appropriate outpatient treatment is available in a nonresidential or nonhospital setting, the individual may be released to outpatient treatment upon the terms and conditions of the voluntary treatment agreement. The failure of an individual released to outpatient treatment pursuant to a voluntary treatment agreement to comply with the terms of the voluntary treatment agreement constitutes evidence that outpatient treatment is insufficient and, after a hearing before a magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit judge on the issue of whether or not the individual failed or refused to comply with the terms and conditions of the voluntary treatment agreement and whether the individual as a result of mental illness or addiction substance use disorder remains likely to cause serious harm to himself, herself, or others, the entry of an order requiring admission under involuntary hospitalization pursuant to the provisions of §27-5-3 of this code may be entered. In the event a person released pursuant to a voluntary treatment agreement is unable to pay for the outpatient treatment and has

no applicable insurance coverage, including, but not limited to, private insurance or Medicaid, the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources may transfer funds for the purpose of reimbursing community providers for services provided on an outpatient basis for individuals for whom payment for treatment is the responsibility of the department: Provided. That the department may not authorize payment of outpatient services for an individual subject to a voluntary treatment agreement in an amount in excess of the cost of involuntary hospitalization of the individual. The secretary shall establish and maintain fee schedules for outpatient treatment provided in lieu of involuntary hospitalization. Nothing in the provisions of this article regarding release pursuant to a voluntary treatment agreement or convalescent status may be construed as creating a right to receive outpatient mental health services or treatment or as obligating any person or agency to provide outpatient services or treatment. Time limitations set forth in this article relating to periods of involuntary commitment to a mental health facility for hospitalization do not apply to release pursuant to the terms of a voluntary treatment agreement: Provided, however, That release pursuant to a voluntary treatment agreement may not be for a period of more than six months if the individual has not been found to be involuntarily committed during the previous two years and for a period of no more than two years if the individual has been involuntarily committed during the preceding two years. If in any proceeding held pursuant to this article the individual objects to the issuance or conditions and terms of an order adopting a voluntary treatment agreement, then the circuit judge, magistrate, or mental hygiene commissioner may not enter an order directing treatment pursuant to a voluntary treatment agreement. If involuntary commitment with release pursuant to a voluntary treatment agreement is ordered, the individual subject to the order may, upon request during the period the order is in effect, have a hearing before a mental hygiene commissioner or circuit judge where the individual may seek to have the order canceled or modified. Nothing in this section affects the appellate and habeas corpus rights of any individual subject to any commitment order.

Notwithstanding anything in this article to the contrary, the commitment of any person as provided in this article shall be in the least restrictive setting and in an outpatient community-based treatment program to the extent resources and programs are available, unless the clear and convincing evidence of the certifying professional under subsection (e) of this section who is acting in a manner consistent with the standard of care establishes that the commitment or treatment of such person requires an inpatient hospital placement.

- (i) If the certifying physician or psychologist professional determines that a person requires involuntary hospitalization for a an addiction to a substance substance use disorder which, due to the degree of addiction such disorder, creates a reasonable likelihood that withdrawal or detoxification from the substance of addiction will cause significant medical complications, the person certifying the individual shall recommend that the individual be closely monitored for possible medical complications. If the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge presiding orders involuntary hospitalization, he or she shall include a recommendation that the individual be closely monitored in the order of commitment.
- (j) The Supreme Court of Appeals and the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources shall specifically develop and propose a statewide system for evaluation and adjudication of mental hygiene petitions which shall include payment schedules and recommendations regarding funding sources. Additionally, the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources shall also immediately seek reciprocal agreements with officials in contiguous states to develop interstate/intergovernmental agreements to provide efficient and efficacious services to out-of-state residents found in West Virginia and who are in need of mental hygiene services.

### §27-5-3. Admission under involuntary hospitalization for examination; hearing; release.

- (a) Admission to a mental health facility for examination. Any individual may be admitted to a mental health facility for examination and treatment upon entry of an order finding probable cause as provided in §27-5-2 of this code and upon a finding by a licensed physician that the individual is medically stable; and upon certification by a physician, psychologist, licensed professional counselor, licensed independent clinical social worker practicing in compliance with the provisions of §30-30-1 et seq. of this code, er an advanced nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification practicing in compliance with §30-7-1 et seq. of this code, or a physician assistant practicing in compliance with §30-3E-1 et seq. of this code with advanced duties in psychiatric medicine that he or she has examined the individual and is of the opinion that the individual is mentally ill or addicted has a substance use disorder and, because of such mental illness or addiction substance use disorder, is likely to cause serious harm to himself, herself, or to others if not immediately restrained: Provided, That the opinions offered by an independent clinical social worker, er an advanced nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification, or physician assistant with advanced duties in psychiatric medicine must be within their particular areas of expertise, as recognized by the order of the authorizing court.
- (b) Three-day time limitation on examination. If the examination does not take place within three days from the date the individual is taken into custody, the individual shall be released. If the examination reveals that the individual is not mentally ill or addicted has a substance use disorder, the individual shall be released.
- (c) Three-day time limitation on certification. The certification required in §27-5-3(a) of this code shall be valid for three days. Any individual with respect to whom the certification has been issued may not be admitted on the basis of the certification at any time after the expiration of three days from the date of the examination.
- (d) Findings and conclusions required for certification. A certification under this section must include findings and conclusions of the mental examination, the date, time and place of the examination, and the facts upon which the conclusion that involuntary commitment is necessary is based.
- (e) Notice requirements. When an individual is admitted to a mental health facility or a state hospital pursuant to the provisions of this section, the chief medical officer of the facility shall immediately give notice of the individual's admission to the individual's spouse, if any, and one of the individual's parents or guardians or if there is no spouse and are no parents or guardians, to one of the individual's adult next of kin if the next of kin is not the applicant. Notice shall also be given to the community mental health facility, if any, having jurisdiction in the county of the individual's residence. The notices other than to the community mental health facility shall be in writing and shall be transmitted to the person or persons at his, her, or their last known address by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- (f) Five-day Three-day time limitation for examination and certification at mental health facility or state hospital. After the individual's admission to a mental health facility or state hospital, he or she may not be detained more than five three days, excluding Sundays and holidays, unless, within the period, the individual is examined by a staff physician and the physician certifies that in his or her opinion the patient is mentally ill or addicted has a substance use disorder and is likely to injure himself, herself, or others if allowed to be at liberty. In the event the staff physician determines that the individual does not meet the criteria for continued commitment, that the individual can be treated in an available outpatient community-based treatment program and

poses no present danger to self or others, or that the individual has an underlying medical issue or issues that resulted in a determination that the individual should not have been committed, the staff physician shall release and discharge the person as appropriate as soon as practicable.

- (g) Fifteen-day Ten-day time limitation for institution of final commitment proceedings. If, in the opinion of the examining physician, the patient is mentally ill or addicted has a substance use disorder and because of the mental illness or addiction substance use disorder is likely to injure himself, herself, or others if allowed to be at liberty, the chief medical officer shall, within 45 10 days from the date of admission, institute final commitment proceedings as provided in §27-5-4 of this code. If the proceedings are not instituted within such 15-day 10-day period, the patient shall be immediately released. After the request for hearing is filed, the hearing may not be canceled on the basis that the individual has become a voluntary patient unless the mental hygiene commissioner concurs in the motion for cancellation of the hearing.
- (h) Thirty-day <u>Twenty-day</u> time limitation for conclusion of all proceedings. If all proceedings as provided in §27-3-1 et seq. and §27-4-1 et seq. of this code are not completed within 30 20 days from the date of institution of the proceedings, the patient shall be immediately released.

### §27-5-4. Institution of final commitment proceedings; hearing requirements; release.

- (a) Involuntary commitment. Except as provided in section three of this article, no individual may be involuntarily committed to a mental health facility or state hospital except by order entered of record at any time by the circuit court of the county in which the person resides or was found, or if the individual is hospitalized in a mental health facility or state hospital located in a county other than where he or she resides or was found, in the county of the mental health facility and then only after a full hearing on issues relating to the necessity of committing an individual to a mental health facility or state hospital. If the individual objects to the hearing being held in the county where the mental health facility is located, the hearing shall be conducted in the county of the individual's residence.
- (b) How final commitment proceedings are commenced. Final commitment proceedings for an individual may be commenced by the filing of a written application under oath by an adult person having personal knowledge of the facts of the case. The certificate or affidavit is filed with the clerk of the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner of the county where the individual is a resident or where he or she may be found or the county of a mental health facility if he or she is hospitalized in a mental health facility or state hospital located in a county other than where he or she resides or may be found.
- (c) Oath; contents of application; who may inspect application; when application cannot be filed.
  - (1) The person making the application shall do so under oath.
- (2) The application shall contain statements by the applicant that the individual is likely to cause serious harm to self or others due to what the applicant believes are symptoms of mental illness or addiction substance use disorder. The applicant shall state in detail the recent overt acts upon which the belief is based.
- (3) The written application, certificate, affidavit, and any warrants issued pursuant thereto, including any related documents, filed with a circuit court, mental hygiene commissioner or designated magistrate for the involuntary hospitalization of an individual are not open to inspection

by any person other than the individual, unless authorized by the individual or his or her legal representative or by order of the circuit court. The records may not be published unless authorized by the individual or his or her legal representative. Disclosure of these records may, however, be made by the clerk, circuit court, mental hygiene commissioner or designated magistrate to provide notice to the Federal National Instant Criminal Background Check System established pursuant to section 103(d) of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, 18 U.S.C. § 922, and the central state mental health registry, in accordance with § 61-7A-1 *et seq.* of this code. Disclosure may also be made to the prosecuting attorney and reviewing court in an action brought by the individual pursuant to §61-7A-5 of this code to regain firearm and ammunition rights.

- (4) Applications may not be accepted for individuals who only have epilepsy, a mental deficiency, senility dementia, or an intellectual or developmental disability.
- (d) Certificate filed with application; contents of certificate; affidavit by applicant in place of certificate. —
- (1) The applicant shall file with his or her application the certificate of a physician or a psychologist stating that in his or her opinion the individual is mentally ill or addicted has a substance use disorder and that because of the mental illness or addiction substance use disorder, the individual is likely to cause serious harm to self or others if allowed to remain at liberty and, therefore, should be hospitalized. The certificate shall state in detail the recent overt acts on which the conclusion is based.
- (2) A certificate is not necessary when an affidavit is filed by the applicant showing facts and the individual has refused to submit to examination by a physician or a psychologist.
- (e) Notice requirements; eight days' notice required. Upon receipt of an application, the mental hygiene commissioner or circuit court shall review the application and if it is determined that the facts alleged, if any, are sufficient to warrant involuntary hospitalization, forthwith fix a date for and have the clerk of the circuit court give notice of the hearing:
  - (1) To the individual;
  - (2) To the applicant or applicants;
- (3) To the individual's spouse, one of the parents or guardians, or, if the individual does not have a spouse, parents or parent or guardian, to one of the individual's adult next of kin if the next of kin is not the applicant;
  - (4) To the mental health authorities serving the area;
- (5) To the circuit court in the county of the individual's residence if the hearing is to be held in a county other than that of the individual's residence; and
  - (6) To the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the hearing is to be held.
- (f) The notice shall be served on the individual by personal service of process not less than eight days prior to the date of the hearing and shall specify:
  - (1) The nature of the charges against the individual;

- (2) The facts underlying and supporting the application of involuntary commitment;
- (3) The right to have counsel appointed;
- (4) The right to consult with and be represented by counsel at every stage of the proceedings; and
  - (5) The time and place of the hearing.

The notice to the individual's spouse, parents or parent or guardian, the individual's adult next of kin or to the circuit court in the county of the individual's residence may be by personal service of process or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, and shall state the time and place of the hearing.

- (g) Examination of individual by court-appointed physician, or psychologist, advanced nurse practitioner, or physician assistant; custody for examination; dismissal of proceedings. —
- (1) Except as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, within a reasonable time after notice of the commencement of final commitment proceedings is given, the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall appoint a physician, or psychologist, an advanced nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification, or a physician assistant with advanced duties in psychiatric medicine to examine the individual and report to the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner his or her findings as to the mental condition or addiction substance use disorder of the individual and the likelihood of causing serious harm to self or others.
- (2) If the designated physician of psychologist, advanced nurse practitioner, or physician assistant reports to the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner that the individual has refused to submit to an examination, the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall order him or her to submit to the examination. The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner may direct that the individual be detained or taken into custody for the purpose of an immediate examination by the designated physician, or psychologist, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. All such orders shall be directed to the sheriff of the county or other appropriate lawenforcement officer. After the examination has been completed, the individual shall be released from custody unless proceedings are instituted pursuant to section three of this article.
- (3) If the reports of the appointed physician, or psychologist, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant do not confirm that the individual is mentally ill or addicted has a substance use disorder and might be harmful to self or others, then the proceedings for involuntary hospitalization shall be dismissed.
- (h) Rights of the individual at the final commitment hearing; seven days' notice to counsel required. —
- (1) The individual shall be present at the final commitment hearing and he or she, the applicant and all persons entitled to notice of the hearing shall be afforded an opportunity to testify and to present and cross-examine witnesses.
- (2) In the event the individual has not retained counsel, the court or mental hygiene commissioner, at least six days prior to hearing, shall appoint a competent attorney and shall inform the individual of the name, address and telephone number of his or her appointed counsel.

- (3) The individual has the right to have an examination by an independent expert of his or her choice and to present testimony from the expert as a medical witness on his or her behalf. The cost of the independent expert is paid by the individual unless he or she is indigent.
  - (4) The individual may not be compelled to be a witness against himself or herself.
  - (i) Duties of counsel representing individual; payment of counsel representing indigent. —
- (1) Counsel representing an individual shall conduct a timely interview, make investigation and secure appropriate witnesses, be present at the hearing and protect the interests of the individual.
- (2) Counsel representing an individual is entitled to copies of all medical reports, psychiatric or otherwise.
- (3) The circuit court, by order of record, may allow the attorney a reasonable fee not to exceed the amount allowed for attorneys in defense of needy persons as provided in §29-21-1 *et seq*. of this code.
  - (j) Conduct of hearing; receipt of evidence; no evidentiary privilege; record of hearing. —
- (1) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall hear evidence from all interested parties in chamber including testimony from representatives of the community mental health facility.
- (2) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall receive all relevant and material evidence which may be offered.
- (3) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner is bound by the rules of evidence promulgated by the Supreme Court of Appeals except that statements made to physicians or psychologists health care professionals appointed under subsection (g) of this section by the individual may be admitted into evidence by the physician's or psychologist's such health care professional testimony, notwithstanding failure to inform the individual that this statement may be used against him or her. A psychologist or physician health care professional testifying shall bring all records pertaining to the individual to the hearing. The medical evidence obtained pursuant to an examination under this section, or section two or three of this article, is not privileged information for purposes of a hearing pursuant to this section.
- (4) All final commitment proceedings shall be reported or recorded, whether before the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner, and a transcript made available to the individual, his or her counsel or the prosecuting attorney within 30 days if requested for the purpose of further proceedings. In any case where an indigent person intends to pursue further proceedings, the circuit court shall, by order entered of record, authorize and direct the court reporter to furnish a transcript of the hearings.
  - (k) Requisite findings by the court. —
- (1) Upon completion of the final commitment hearing and the evidence presented in the hearing, the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall make findings as to the following:
  - (A) Whether the individual is mentally ill or addicted has a substance use disorder;

- (B) Whether, because of illness or addiction <u>substance use disorder</u>, the individual is likely to cause serious harm to self or others if allowed to remain at liberty;
- (C) Whether the individual is a resident of the county in which the hearing is held or currently is a patient at a mental health facility in the county; and
- (D) Whether there is a less restrictive alternative than commitment appropriate for the individual. The burden of proof of the lack of a less restrictive alternative than commitment is on the person or persons seeking the commitment of the individual: *Provided*, That for any commitment to a state hospital as defined by §27-1-6 of this code, a specific finding shall be made that the commitment of, or treatment for the individual requires inpatient hospital placement and that no suitable outpatient community-based treatment program exists in the individual's area.
- (2) The findings of fact shall be incorporated into the order entered by the circuit court and must be based upon clear, cogent, and convincing proof.
- (I) Orders issued pursuant to final commitment hearing; entry of order; change in order of court; expiration of order. —
- (1) Upon the requisite findings, the circuit court may order the individual to a mental health facility or state hospital for an indeterminate period or for a temporary observatory period not exceeding six months. a period not to exceed 90 days except as otherwise provided herein. During such period and solely for individuals who are committed under § 27-6A-1 et seq. of this code, the chief medical officer of the mental health facility or state hospital shall conduct a clinical assessment of the individual at least every 30 days to determine if the individual requires continued placement at the mental health facility or state hospital and whether the individual is suitable to receive any necessary treatment at an outpatient community-based treatment program. If at any time the chief medical officer acting in good faith and in a manner consistent with the standard of care determines that (i) the individual is suitable for receiving outpatient community-based treatment; (ii) necessary outpatient community-based treatment is available in the individual's area; and (iii) the individual's clinical presentation no longer requires inpatient commitment, the chief medical officer shall provide written notice to the court of record and prosecuting attorney as provided in subdivision (2) of this section that the individual is suitable for discharge. The chief medical officer may discharge the patient 30 days after such notice unless the court of record stays the discharge of such patient. In the event the court stays the discharge of the patient, the court shall conduct a hearing within 45 days of the stay and the patient shall be thereafter discharged unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that such patient is a significant and present danger to self or others and that continued placement at the mental health facility or state hospital is required.

If the chief medical officer determines that the individual requires commitment at the mental health facility or state hospital at any time for a period longer than 90 days then the individual shall remain at the mental health facility or state hospital until such time as the chief medical officer of the mental health facility or state hospital determines that the individual's clinical presentation no longer requires further commitment. The chief medical officer shall provide notice to the court and the prosecuting attorney that the individual requires commitment for a period in excess of 90 days and, in such notice, the chief medical officer shall describe the reasons for ongoing commitment. In its discretion, the court or prosecuting attorney may request such information from the chief medical officer that the court or prosecuting attorney deems appropriate to justify the need for the individual's ongoing commitment.

- (2) Notice to the court of record and prosecuting attorney shall be provided by personal service or certified mail, return receipt requested. The chief medical officer shall make the following findings:
- (A) Whether the individual has a mental illness or substance use disorder that does not require inpatient treatment and the mental illness or serious emotional disturbance is in remission;
- (B) Whether the individual's condition resulting from mental illness or substance use disorder is likely to deteriorate to the point that the individual will pose a likelihood of serious harm to self or others unless treatment is continued;
- (C) Whether the individual is likely to participate in outpatient treatment with a legal obligation to do so;
- (D) Whether the individual is not likely to participate in outpatient treatment unless legally obligated to do so;
  - (E) Whether the individual is not a danger to self or others; and
- (F) Whether mandatory outpatient treatment is a suitable less restrictive alternative to ongoing commitment.
- (2) (3) The individual may not be detained in a mental health facility or state hospital for a period in excess of ten days after a final commitment hearing pursuant to this section unless an order has been entered and received by the facility.
- (3) If the order pursuant to a final commitment hearing is for a temporary observation period, the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner may, at any time prior to the expiration of such period on the basis of a report by the chief medical officer of the mental health facility in which the patient is confined, hold another hearing pursuant to the terms of this section and in the same manner as the hearing was held as if it were an original petition for involuntary hospitalization to determine whether the original order for a temporary observation period should be modified or changed to an order of indeterminate hospitalization of the patient. At the conclusion of the hearing, the circuit court shall order indeterminate hospitalization of the patient or dismissal of the proceedings.
- (4) An order for an indeterminate period expires of its own terms at the expiration of two years from the date of the last order of commitment unless prior to the expiration, the Department of Health and Human Resources, upon findings based on an examination of the patient by a physician or a psychologist, extends the order for indeterminate hospitalization. If the patient or his or her counsel requests a hearing, a hearing shall be held by the mental hygiene commissioner or by the circuit court of the county as provided in subsection (a) of this section.
- (4) An individual committed pursuant to §27-6A-3 of this code may be committed for the period he or she is deemed by the court to remain an imminent danger to self or others.
- (5) In the event the commitment of the individual as provided under subdivision (1) of this subsection exceeds two years, the patient or his or her counsel may request a hearing and a hearing shall be held by the mental hygiene commissioner or by the circuit court of the county as provided in subsection (a) of this section.

- (m) Dismissal of proceedings. In the event the individual is discharged as provided in subsection (I), If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall finds that the individual is not mentally ill or addicted, the proceedings shall be dismissed. If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner finds that the individual is mentally ill or addicted but is not, because of the illness or addiction, likely to cause serious harm to self or others if allowed to remain at liberty, the proceedings shall be dismissed. dismiss the proceedings.
- (n) Immediate notification of order of hospitalization. The clerk of the circuit court in which an order directing hospitalization is entered, if not in the county of the individual's residence, shall immediately upon entry of the order forward a certified copy of the order to the clerk of the circuit court of the county of which the individual is a resident.
- (o) Consideration of transcript by circuit court of county of individual's residence; order of hospitalization; execution of order. —
- (1) If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner is satisfied that hospitalization should be ordered but finds that the individual is not a resident of the county in which the hearing is held and the individual is not currently a resident of a mental health facility, a transcript of the evidence adduced at the final commitment hearing of the individual, certified by the clerk of the circuit court, shall forthwith be forwarded to the clerk of the circuit court of the county of which the individual is a resident. The clerk shall immediately present the transcript to the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner of the county.
- (2) If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner of the county of the residence of the individual is satisfied from the evidence contained in the transcript that the individual should be hospitalized as determined by the standard set forth above, the circuit court shall order the appropriate hospitalization as though the individual had been brought before the circuit court or its mental hygiene commissioner in the first instance.
- (3) This order shall be transmitted forthwith to the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the hearing was held who shall execute the order promptly.
- (p) Order of custody to responsible person. In lieu of ordering the patient to a mental health facility or state hospital, the circuit court may order the individual delivered to some responsible person who will agree to take care of the individual and the circuit court may take from the responsible person a bond in an amount to be determined by the circuit court with condition to restrain and take proper care of the individual until further order of the court.
- (q) *Individual not a resident of this state.* If the individual found to be mentally ill or addicted having a substance use disorder by the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner is a resident of another state, this information shall be forthwith given to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources, or to his or her designee, who shall make appropriate arrangements for transfer of the individual to the state of his or her residence conditioned on the agreement of the individual except as qualified by the interstate compact on mental health.
  - (r) Report to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources. —
- (1) The chief medical officer of a mental health facility or state hospital admitting a patient pursuant to proceedings under this section shall forthwith make a report of the admission to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources or to his or her designee.

- (2) Whenever an individual is released from custody due to the failure of an employee of a mental health facility to comply with the time requirements of this article, the chief medical officer of the mental health or state hospital facility shall forthwith, after the release of the individual, make a report to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources or to his or her designee of the failure to comply.
- (s) Payment of some expenses by the state; mental hygiene fund established; expenses paid by the county commission. —
- (1) The state shall pay the commissioner's fee and the court reporter fees that are not paid and reimbursed under §29-21-1 *et seq.* of this code out of a special fund to be established within the Supreme Court of Appeals to be known as the Mental Hygiene Fund.
- (2) The county commission shall pay out of the county treasury all other expenses incurred in the hearings conducted under the provisions of this article whether or not hospitalization is ordered, including any fee allowed by the circuit court by order entered of record for any physician, psychologist and witness called by the indigent individual. The copying and mailing costs associated with providing notice of the final commitment hearing and issuance of the final order shall be paid by the county where the involuntary commitment petition was initially filed.

# §27-5-10. Transportation for the mentally ill or substance abuser persons with substance use disorder.

- (a) Whenever transportation of an individual is required under the provisions of §27-4-1 *et seq.* of this code, it shall be the duty of the sheriff to provide immediate transportation to or from the appropriate mental health facility or state hospital: *Provided*, That, where hospitalization occurs pursuant to article four of this chapter, the sheriff may permit, upon the written request of a person having proper interest in the individual's hospitalization, for the interested person to arrange for the individual's transportation to the mental health facility or state hospital if the sheriff determines that such means are suitable given the individual's condition.
- (b) Upon written agreement between the county commission on behalf of the sheriff and the directors of the local community mental health center and emergency medical services, an alternative transportation program may be arranged. The agreement shall clearly define the responsibilities of each of the parties, the requirements for program participation and the persons bearing ultimate responsibility for the individual's safety and well-being.
- (c) Use of certified municipal law-enforcement officers. Sheriffs and municipal governments are hereby authorized to enter into written agreements whereby certified municipal law-enforcement officers may perform the duties of the sheriff as described in this article. The agreement shall determine jurisdiction, responsibility of costs and all other necessary requirements, including training related to the performance of these duties, and shall be approved by the county commission and circuit court of the county in which the agreement is made. For purposes of this subsection, "certified municipal law-enforcement officer" means any duly authorized member of a municipal law-enforcement agency who is empowered to maintain public peace and order, make arrests and enforce the laws of this state or any political subdivision thereof, other than parking ordinances, and who is currently certified as a law-enforcement officer pursuant to §30-29-1 et seg. of this code.
- (d) In the event an individual requires transportation to a state hospital as defined by §27-1-6 of this code, the sheriff or certified municipal law-enforcement officer shall contact the state

hospital in advance of such transportation to determine if the state hospital has suitable bed capacity to place the individual.

(e) (d) Nothing in this section is intended to alter security responsibilities for the patient by the sheriff unless mutually agreed upon as provided in subsection (c) of this section.

### ARTICLE 6A COMPETENCY AND CRIMINAL RESPONSIBILITY OF PERSONS CHARGED OR CONVICTED OF A CRIME.

## §27-6A-12. Study of adult criminal competency and responsibility issues; requiring and requesting report and proposed legislation; submission to legislature.

- a) The Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources is directed to, in collaboration with designees of the Supreme Court of Appeals, the Prosecuting Attorney's Institute, Public Defender Services, Disability Rights of West Virginia designees of the Board of Medicine, Board of Osteopathy, and the Board Examiners of Psychologists with experience in issues of competence and criminal responsibility, undertake an evaluation of the provisions of this article in the context of current constitutional requirements related to competency and responsibility issues, best medical practices, and pharmacological developments and promulgate proposed legislation to update the provisions of this article.
- (b) The legislation required by the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be submitted the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Delegates on or before July 31, 2020.

The bill (S. B. 278), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

Senate Bill 765, Modifying "Habitual Offender" statute.

And has amended same.

Now on second reading, having been read a first time and rereferred to the Committee on the Judiciary on February 24, 2020;

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill (S. B. 765) contained in the preceding report from the Committee on the Judiciary was taken up for immediate consideration and read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on the Judiciary, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### **ARTICLE 11. GENERAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING CRIMES**

### §61-11-18. Punishment for second or third offense of felony.

- (a) For purposes of this section, "qualifying offense" means any offenses or an attempt or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses in the following provisions of this code:
  - (1) §60A-4-401(i) and (ii);
  - (2) §60A-4-406;
  - (3) §60A-4-409(b)(1), (2), and (3);
  - (4) §60A-4-411;
  - (5) §60A-4-414;
  - (6) §60A-4-415;
  - (7) §60A-4-416(a);
  - (8) §61-2-1;
  - (9) §61-2-4;
  - (10) §61-2-7;
  - (11) §61-2-9(a);
  - (12) §61-2-9a(d) and (e);
  - (13) §61-2-9b;
  - (14) §61-2-9d;
  - (15) §61-2-10;
  - (16) §61-2-10b(b) and (c);
  - (17) Felony provisions of §61-2-10b(d);
  - (18) §61-2-12;
  - (19) Felony provisions of §61-2-13;
  - (20) §61-2-14;
  - (21) §61-2-14a (a) and (d);
  - (22) §61-2-14c;

- (23) §61-2-14d(a) and (b);
- (24) §61-2-14f;
- (25) §61-2-14h(a), (b), and (c);
- (26) §61-2-16a(a) and (b);
- (27) Felony provisions of §61-2-16a(c);
- (28) §61-2-28(d);
- (29) §61-2-29(d) and (e);
- (30) §61-2-29a;
- (31) §61-3-1;
- (32) §61-3-2;
- (33) §61-3-3;
- (34) §61-3-4;
- (35) §61-3-5;
- (36) §61-3-6;
- (37) §61-3-7;
- (38) §61-3-11;
- (39) §61-3-27;
- (40) §61-3C-14b;
- (41) §61-3E-5;
- (42) §61-5-17(b), (f), (h), and (i);
- (43) §61-5-27;
- (44) §61-6-24;
- (45) Felony provisions of §61-7-7;
- (46) §61-7-12;
- (47) §61-7-15;
- (48) §61-7-15a;

(49) §61-8-12; (50) §61-8-19(b); (51) §61-8B-3; (52) §61-8B-4; (53) §61-8B-5; (54) §61-8B-7; (55) §61-8B-9; (56) §61-8B-10; (57) §61-8C-2; (58) §61-8C-3; (59) §61-8C-3a; (60) §61-8D-2; (61) §61-8D-2a; (62) §61-8D-3; (63) §61-8D-3a; (64) §61-8D-4; (65) §61-8D-4a; (66) §61-8D-5; (67) §61-8D-6; (68) §61-10-31; (69) §61-11-8;

(70) §61-11-8a;

(71) §61-14-2; and

(72) §17C-5-2(b), driving under the influence causing death.

(a) (b) Except as provided by subsection (b) (c) of this section, when any person is convicted of an a qualifying offense and is subject to confinement in the state correctional facility therefor, and it is determined, as provided in section nineteen of this article, that such person had been before convicted in the United States of a crime punishable by confinement in a penitentiary, the

court shall, if the sentence to be imposed is for a definite term of years, add five years to the time for which the person is or would be otherwise sentenced. Whenever in such case the court imposes an indeterminate sentence, the minimum term shall be twice the term of years otherwise provided for under such sentence.

(b) (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) or (c) of this section or any other provision of this code to the contrary, when any person is convicted of first degree murder or second degree murder or a violation of section three, article eight-b of this chapter and it is determined, as provided in section nineteen of this article, that such person had been before convicted in this state of first degree murder, second degree murder or a violation of section three, article eight-b of said chapter or has been so convicted under any law of the United States or any other state for an offense which has the same elements as any offense described in this subsection, such person shall be punished by confinement in the state correctional facility for life and is not eligible for parole.

(e) (d) When it is determined, as provided in section nineteen of this article, that such person shall have been twice before convicted in the United States of-a crime punishable by confinement in a penitentiary which has the same elements as a qualifying offense, the person shall be sentenced to be confined imprisonment in the state a correctional facility for life: Provided, That prior convictions arising from the same transaction or series of transactions shall be considered a single offense for purposes of this section: Provided, however, That an offense which would otherwise constitute a qualifying offense for purposes of this subsection and subsection (b) of this section shall not be considered if more than 20 years have elapsed between that offense and the conduct underlying the current charge.

### §61-11-19. Procedure in trial of persons for second or third offense.

It shall be the duty of the A prosecuting attorney, when he or she has knowledge of a former sentence or sentences to the penitentiary of any person convicted of an offense punishable by confinement in the penitentiary, to may give information thereof to the court immediately upon conviction and before sentence. Said court shall, before expiration of the term at which such person was convicted, cause such person or prisoner to be brought before it, and upon an information filed by the prosecuting attorney, setting forth the records of conviction and sentence, or convictions and sentences, as the case may be, and alleging the identity of the prisoner with the person named in each, shall require the prisoner to say whether he or she is the same person or not. If he or she says he or she is not, or remains silent, his or her plea, or the fact of his or her silence, shall be entered of record, and a jury shall be impaneled to inquire whether the prisoner is the same person mentioned in the several records. If the jury finds that he or she is not the same person, he or she shall be sentenced upon the charge of which he or she was convicted as provided by law; but if they find that he or she is the same, or after being duly cautioned if he or she acknowledged in open court that he or she is the same person, the court shall sentence him or her to such further confinement as is prescribed by section eighteen of this article on a second or third conviction as the case may be: Provided, That where the person is convicted pursuant to a plea agreement the agreement shall address whether or not the provisions of this section and § 61-11-18 of this code are to be invoked.

The clerk of such court shall transmit a copy of said information to the warden of the penitentiary Commissioner of the Division Corrections and Rehabilitation, together with the other papers required by the provisions of § 62-8-10 of this code.

Nothing contained herein shall be construed as repealing the provisions of § 62-8-4 of this code, but no proceeding shall be instituted by the warden, as provided therein, if the trial court has determined the fact of former conviction or convictions as provided herein

The bill (S. B. 765), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Senator Blair, from the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Finance has had under consideration

**Senate Bill 843,** Supplemental appropriation of funds from Treasury to DHHR Energy Assistance Fund

And,

Senate Bill 844, Supplemental appropriation from Treasury to DHHR Birth-to-Three Fund.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that they each do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Craig Blair, Chair.

Senator Blair, from the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Finance has had under consideration

**Senate Bill 845,** Supplemental appropriation from Treasury to DHHR, Division of Human Services.

And reports back a committee substitute for same with the following title:

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 845** (originating in the Committee on Finance)—A Bill making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the Treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, to the Department of Health and Human Resources, Division of Human Services, fund 8722, fiscal year 2020, organization 0511, by supplementing and amending the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

With the recommendation that the committee substitute do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Craig Blair, Chair.

The Senate proceeded to the thirteenth order of business.

Under the provisions of Rule 15 of the Rules of the Senate, the following senator was removed as a co-sponsor of the following bill:

Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 579 (Changing and adding fees to wireless enhanced 911 fee): Senator Sypolt.

Under the provisions of Rule 15 of the Rules of the Senate, the following senators were added as co-sponsors to the following bill:

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 120 (Establishing priorities for expenditures for plugging abandoned gas or oil wells): Senators Jeffries and Rucker.

Under the provisions of Rule 15 of the Rules of the Senate, the following senators were added as co-sponsors to the following resolutions:

**Senate Concurrent Resolution 47** (Requesting study of effectiveness of current laws maintaining private roads): Senators Lindsay and Stollings;

**Senate Concurrent Resolution 48** (US Army PFC Ronald Lee Berry Memorial Bridge): Senators Lindsay, Stollings, Romano, Jeffries, and Unger;

**Senate Resolution 50** (Designating February 25, 2020, as Fairmont State Day): Senators Lindsay, Cline, Stollings, Rucker, Romano, Jeffries, Unger, and Hamilton;

And,

**Senate Resolution 51** (Recognizing Shinnston Fire Department's 90th anniversary): Senators Lindsay, Prezioso, Stollings, Jeffries, Unger, and Hamilton.

On motion of Senator Takubo, at 6:45 p.m., the Senate adjourned until tomorrow, Wednesday, February 26, 2020, at 10 a.m.

#### SENATE CALENDAR

### Wednesday, February 26, 2020 10:00 AM

#### **UNFINISHED BUSINESS**

S. R. 52 - Designating February 26, 2020, as WV Child Care Association Celebrating Children and Families Day [ADOPT]

#### THIRD READING

- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 28 Allowing WV Board of Medicine investigators to carry concealed weapons
- Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 38 Requiring schools provide elective course on Hebrew Scriptures or Bible (With right to amend)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 66 Requiring State Police to follow towing services policies of county of location
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 119 Creating online voters' guide (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 120 Establishing priorities for expenditures for plugging abandoned gas or oil wells
- Com. Sub. for S. B. 123 Relating generally to pyramid promotional schemes (With right to amend)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 160 Creating Voluntary WVU Rifle Team Check-Off Program on hunting and fishing licenses
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 193 Setting forth timeframes for continuing purchases of commodities and services over \$1 million
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 269 Establishing advisory council on rare diseases
- Eng. S. B. 278 Providing various methods to deal with defendant who becomes incompetent during trial (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 312 Relating to provisional licensure of social workers (original similar to HB4128)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 329 Authorizing DEP promulgate legislative rules (original similar to HB4217)
- Eng. S. B. 355 Fire Commission rule relating to State Fire Code (original similar to HB4275)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 356 Fire Commission rule relating to State Building Code (original similar to HB4276)
- Eng. S. B. 489 Moving provisions of licensing contractors to chapter 30 of code
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 513 Protecting consumers against businesses using automatic renewals without consent

- Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 521 Relating to job creation and economic incentives
- Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 616 Relating to employment grievance procedure for public employees
- Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 648 Providing dental coverage for adult Medicaid recipients
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 653 Increasing number of magistrates in Putnam County
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 661 Replacing minimum minutes of instructional time required per day
- Eng. S. B. 680 Qualifying not-for-profit private baccalaureate institutions for Advanced Career Education programs and WV Invests Grant Program
- Eng. S. B. 687 Increasing compensation of elected county officials
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 690 Permitting street-legal special purpose vehicles on highways
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 700 Exempting physicians from specified traffic laws when responding to emergencies
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 710 Establishing pilot program to evaluate telemedicine health services
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 711 Relating to juvenile jurisdiction of circuit courts
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 716 Requiring DHHR pay for tubal ligation without 30-day wait between consent and sterilization
- Eng. S. B. 732 Authorizing fee payment and expense reimbursement for attorneys who participate on court teams established by Supreme Court of Appeals
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 738 Creating Flatwater Trail Commission
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 739 Authorizing PSC protect consumers of distressed and failing water and wastewater utilities
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 745 Creating exemption to state sales and use tax for rental and leasing of equipment
- Eng. S. B. 750 Establishing extended learning opportunities
- Com. Sub. for S. B. 752 Relating generally to medical cannabis (With right to amend)
- Eng. S. B. 758 Relating to authority of Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 762 Creating Preserving Patient Stability Act of 2020
- Eng. S. B. 765 Modifying "Habitual Offender" statute (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 785 Establishing uniform electioneering prohibition area
- Com. Sub. for S. B. 797 Authorizing governing boards of public and private hospitals employ hospital police officers (With right to amend)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 802 Relating to public utilities generally
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 810 Implementing federal Affordable Clean Energy rule

- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 820 Authorizing DHHR transfer comprehensive community mental health centers and intellectual disability facilities to regional centers and facilities
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 821 Providing immunity from civil liability to facilities and employees providing crisis stabilization
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 829 Establishing Overland Recreation Fund
- Eng. S. B. 830 Eliminating special merit-based employment system for health care professionals
- Eng. S. B. 831 Clarifying Economic Development Authority board enter into contracts necessary to carry out duties
- Eng. S. B. 832 Permitting retailers assume sales or use tax assessed on tangible personal property
- Eng. S. B. 839 Creating State Advisory Council on Postsecondary Attainment Goals
- Eng. S. B. 840 Creating statutory fee for modifying permits issued by DEP Office of Oil and Gas
- Eng. S. B. 841 Requiring Governor to fix salaries of certain appointed officers after office is vacated
- Eng. S. B. 842 Requiring Superintendent of Schools establish a Behavior Interventionist Pilot Program in two school districts for five years
- Eng. S. B. 846 Requiring hospital publish notification prior to facility closure regarding patient medical records
- S. B. 847 Updating controlled substance lists in Schedules I and V (With right to amend)
- Eng. S. B. 848 Clarifying persons charged with DUI may not participate in Military Service Members Court
- Eng. S. B. 849 Relating to military service as factor in certain insurance coverage rates
- Eng. S. B. 850 Prohibiting racial discrimination based on certain hair textures and hairstyles
- Eng. S. B. 851 Requiring Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency, and Correction propose rule in coordination with law enforcement and certain medical boards
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 2338 Allowing the owner of an antique military vehicle to display alternate registration insignia
- Eng. H. B. 4411 Relating to the West Virginia Residential Mortgage Lender, Broker and Servicer Act
- Eng. H. B. 4477 West Virginia Mutual to Mutual Insurance Holding Company Act (Com. title amend. pending) (original similar to SB598)
- Eng. H. B. 4661 Relating to the powers of the Public Service Commission and the regulation of natural gas utilities

#### **SECOND READING**

Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4217 - Authorizing the Department of Environmental Protection to promulgate legislative rules - (Com. amend. and title amend. pending).

Eng. H. B. 4600 - Relating to the definition of the term member regarding distributing premium tax proceeds

#### FIRST READING

- S. B. 843 Supplemental appropriation of funds from Treasury to DHHR Energy Assistance Fund (original similar to HB4972)
- S. B. 844 Supplemental appropriation from Treasury to DHHR Birth-to-Three Fund (original similar to HB4974)
- Com. Sub. for S. B. 845 Supplemental appropriation from Treasury to DHHR, Division of Human Services (original similar to HB4973)