

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

SENATE JOURNAL

EIGHTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE
REGULAR SESSION, 2022
TWENTY-NINTH DAY

Charleston, West Virginia, Wednesday, February 9, 2022

The Senate met at 11:02 a.m.

(Senator Blair, Mr. President, in the Chair.)

Prayer was offered by Tom Saunders, Senate Assistant Doorkeeper, Dunbar, West Virginia.

The Senate was then led in recitation of the Pledge of Allegiance by the Honorable Mike Caputo, a senator from the thirteenth district.

Pending the reading of the Journal of Tuesday, February 8, 2022,

At the request of Senator Lindsay, unanimous consent being granted, the Journal was approved and the further reading thereof dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second order of business and the introduction of guests.

At the request of Senator Takubo, and by unanimous consent, the provisions of Rule 54 of the Rules of the Senate, relating to persons entitled to the privileges of the floor, were suspended in order to grant Debbie Roberts and Rhonda Thomas, wife and daughter, respectively, of the Honorable Rollan A. Roberts, a senator from the ninth district, privileges of the floor for the day.

The Senate then proceeded to the third order of business.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4084—A Bill to amend and reenact §22-15-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to advanced recycling of solid waste under the Solid Waste Management Act; adding definitions of advanced recycling, advanced recycling facility, catalytic cracking, depolymerization, gasification, hydrogenation, post-use polymer, pyrolysis, recovered feedstock, and solvolysis; amending the definition of solid waste to except out post-use polymers and recovered feedstocks which are converted or held for conversion at an advanced recycling facility; amending the definition of solid waste facility to except out advanced

recycling facilities; and facilitating the conversion and use of plastics and other recovered materials through advanced recycling processes.

Referred to the Committee on Economic Development.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body, to take effect from passage, and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4369—A Bill to amend and reenact §30-21A-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to updating the telepsychology compact.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources.

Executive Communications

The Clerk then presented the following communications from His Excellency, the Governor, regarding bills approved by him:



Jim Justice
Governor of West Virginia

February 8, 2022

The Honorable Lee Cassis, Clerk
West Virginia Senate
State Capitol
Charleston, West Virginia 25305

Dear Mr. Clerk:

Enclosed for filing in your office, pursuant to the provisions of law, is the following bill:

Senate Bill No. Four (4), which was presented to me on February 2, 2022.

You will note that I have approved this bill on February 8, 2022.

While I have approved this bill, I think it is important to note that any development or placement of nuclear technologies in this State must be done thoughtfully and, above all, safely. I call upon our Legislature to continue to research and monitor nuclear initiatives around the Nation to ensure appropriate regulatory or safety measures are in place as new technologies are developed and implemented. The bill I have signed today is a positive step in modernizing our State's regulatory environment, but we must work to ensure only positive outcomes from this legislation by continually evaluating any concerns and implementing best practices in any regulation that may be required.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Jim Justice".

Jim Justice
Governor

JJ/mh

cc: The Honorable Stephen J. Harrison, Clerk



Jim Justice
Governor of West Virginia

February 9, 2022

The Honorable Lee Cassis, Clerk
West Virginia Senate
State Capitol
Charleston, West Virginia 25305

Dear Mr. Clerk:

Enclosed for filing in your office, pursuant to the provisions of law, is the following bill:

Senate Bill No. Two Hundred Forty-Four (244), which was presented to me on February 3, 2022.

You will note that I have approved this bill on February 9, 2022.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Jim Justice".

Jim Justice
Governor

JJ/mh

cc: The Honorable Stephen J. Harrison, Clerk

The Senate proceeded to the fourth order of business.

Senator Tarr, from the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Finance has had under consideration

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 476, Relating to imposition of minimum severance tax on coal.

Senate Bill 478, Relating to Neighborhood Investment Program.

Senate Bill 526, Supplementing and amending appropriations to Department of Commerce, Office of Secretary.

And,

Senate Bill 527, Supplementing and amending appropriations to Department of Administration, Office of Technology.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that they each do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Eric J. Tarr,
Chair.

Senator Hamilton, from the Committee on Natural Resources, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Natural Resources has had under consideration

Senate Bill 508, Requiring certain attire for deer hunters with muzzleloaders.

And reports back a committee substitute for same with the following title:

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 508 (originating in the Committee on Natural Resources)—A Bill to amend and reenact §20-2-60 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to requiring daylight fluorescent orange attire for deer hunters hunting with a muzzleloader; creating misdemeanor offense for violation; and penalty.

With the recommendation that the committee substitute do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Bill Hamilton,
Chair.

Senator Rucker, from the Committee on Education, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Education has had under consideration

Senate Bill 509, Relating to county BOE employee personal leave.

And reports back a committee substitute for same with the following title:

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 509 (originating in the Committee on Education)—A Bill to amend and reenact §18A-4-10 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to providing that county board of education employee personal leave be accrued as earned throughout the employment term at the end of each pay period or on the last workday for separating employees; allowing a county superintendent to advance an employee a limited amount of personal leave during the employee's first year of employment in certain instances; and removing unnecessary language.

With the recommendation that the committee substitute do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia Puertas Rucker,
Chair.

Senator Tarr, from the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Finance has had under consideration

Senate Bill 528, Supplementing and amending appropriations to DHHR, Consolidated Medical Services Fund.

And reports back a committee substitute for same with the following title:

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 528 (originating in the Committee on Finance)—A Bill supplementing and amending the appropriations of public moneys out of the State Treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated surplus balance in the State Fund, General Revenue, to the Department of Health and Human Resources, Consolidated Medical Services Fund, fund 0525, fiscal year 2022, organization 0506, by supplementing and amending the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

With the recommendation that the committee substitute do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Eric J. Tarr,
Chair.

Senator Maynard, from the Committee on Government Organization, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Government Organization has had under consideration

Senate Bill 537, Providing additional firefighters and security guards for National Guard.

And reports back a committee substitute for same with the following title:

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 537 (originating in the Committee on Government Organization)—A Bill to amend and reenact §15-1B-26 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to providing for additional firefighters and security guards for the West Virginia National Guard.

With the recommendation that the committee substitute do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark R. Maynard,
Chair.

Senator Clements, from the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure has had under consideration

Senate Bill 560, Defining Class 2 e-bikes.

And reports back a committee substitute for same with the following title:

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 560 (originating in the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure)—A Bill to amend and reenact §17C-1-70 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §17C-11-8 of said code, all relating to electric bicycles; defining terms; authorizing and regulating the use of electric bicycles; and setting forth requirements for electric bicycles.

With the recommendation that the committee substitute do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles H. Clements,
Chair.

Senator Rucker, from the Committee on Education, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Education has had under consideration

Senate Bill 593, Allowing Marshall University's Forensic Analysis Laboratory access and participation in WV DNA database for certain purposes.

And reports the same back without recommendation as to passage; but under the original double committee reference first be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia Puertas Rucker,
Chair.

The bill, under the original double committee reference, was then referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Senator Clements, from the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure has had under consideration

Senate Concurrent Resolution 28, US Army PVT Garland Lee Loudermilk Memorial Bridge.

And reports back a committee substitute for same as follows:

Com. Sub. for Senate Concurrent Resolution 28 (originating in the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure)—Requesting the Division of Highways name an interstate bridge bearing the bridge numbers 13-064/00-159.39 (EB and WB) (13A1442, 13A145), (37.88992, -80.57907), locally known as Williamsburg Road Bridge, carrying I-64 (NB and SB) over County Route 9 in Greenbrier County, as the “U.S. Army PVT Garland Lee Loudermilk Memorial Bridge”.

Whereas, Garland Lee Loudermilk was born on July 16, 1923, in Clintonville, West Virginia, to Johnny and Bertha Loudermilk; and

Whereas, Garland Lee Loudermilk enlisted on January 21, 1944, and was a member of the United States Army’s 89th Calvary Recon Squadron, 9th Armored Division at the Rhine River in Germany during World War II; and

Whereas, PVT Garland Lee Loudermilk was married to Letha M. Loudermilk; and

Whereas, Sadly, PVT Garland Lee Loudermilk was killed in action on March 8, 1945, during the Battle of the Bulge, fighting to protect the country he loved; and

Whereas, PVT Garland Lee Loudermilk is buried at the Henri-Chapelle American Cemetery in Henri Chapelle, Belgium, at Plot E, Row 10, Grave 23; and

Whereas, PVT Garland Lee Loudermilk was awarded a Purple Heart, European-African-Middle Eastern Campaign Medal, World War II Victory Medal, and the Honorable Service Lapel Button for his sacrifice and actions during his deployment in World War II; and

Whereas, It is fitting that an enduring memorial be established to commemorate PVT Garland Lee Loudermilk and his sacrifice to our state and county; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Division of Highways name an interstate bridge bearing the bridge number 13-064/00-159.39 (EB and WB) (13A1442, 13A145), (37.88992, -80.57907), locally known as Williamsburg Road Bridge, carrying I-64 (NB and SB) over County Route 9 in Greenbrier County, as the “U.S. Army PVT Garland Lee Loudermilk Memorial Bridge” and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Division of Highways is hereby requested to have made and be placed signs identifying the bridge as the “U.S. Army PVT Garland Lee Loudermilk Memorial Bridge”; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Commissioner of the Division of Highways, as well as to the Loudermilk family.

And,

Senate Concurrent Resolution 29, Nitro WW I Memorial Bridge.

And reports back a committee substitute for same as follows:

Com. Sub. for Senate Concurrent Resolution 29 (originating in the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure)—Requesting the Division of Highways name, upon construction of the new bridges that will replace the Donald M. Legg Memorial Bridge, carrying I-64 over the Kanawha River, locally known as the Nitro-St. Albans Bridge in Kanawha County, the new westbound lanes/bridge, the “Nitro WW I Memorial Bridge”, while retaining the “Donald M. Legg Memorial Bridge” name for the eastbound lanes/bridge at that location.

Whereas, On August 29, 1916, the United States Congress authorized the building of the Naval Ordnance Plant between U.S. 60 and the railroad in South Charleston, West Virginia. The plant took two years to build, spanned 900,000 square feet, and began operating in May of 1918. According to Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels, this naval base was the first in U.S. history to be placed away from seawaters. The U.S. Navy was drawn to the location by West Virginia’s Natural Resources, as well as its “moral environment and splendid citizenship”. The plant manufactured military equipment such as armor plates, gun forgings, and projectiles for battleships and cruisers which were used by the U.S. Navy in World War I; and

Whereas, Nitro was a World War I boom town believed to be named after nitrocellulose, which was used to manufacture smokeless gunpowder and other explosive devices. The plant was one of three selected by the U.S. government under the Deficiency Appropriations Act to relieve a severe shortage of gunpowder. Nitro’s location, 14 miles from Charleston, was chosen because it was secure from coastal attacks and climatic conditions while having access to railroads, waterways, and raw materials. The ordnance plant complex was known as Explosive Plant C. It was built in just 11 months and thousands of workers, supplies, and materials arrived practically overnight; and

Whereas, During the 11 months that the Explosive Plant C was in operation, the town was 90 percent complete and housed 23,951 people associated with the plant. There was a high turnover of people coming and going from the plant, with workers from each state and representing 41 different nationalities. Some who arrived for work in 1918 suffered from Spanish influenza, and army barracks and other buildings had to be converted into hospitals to care for the sick; and

Whereas, By the end of the war on November 11, 1918, Explosive Plant C had produced 350 tons of smokeless gun powder per day. On Armistice Day, Nitro celebrated with a parade of cars, military tanks, and a band. Within two weeks after the Armistice, 12,000 people left Nitro and there were not enough workers to sustain plant production. The director of the plant turned its operation over to the Ordnance Department on January 15, 1919, and the plant was declared surplus as the U.S. government prepared to liquidate the property. Workers were laid off in October of 1919 and, a month later, the facilities were sold at auction to the Charleston Industrial Corporation; and

Whereas, In November of 1919, a state charter was granted to the Charleston Industrial Corporation, which was organized for the specific purpose of purchasing and redeveloping the surplus government property at Nitro. The Charleston Industrial Corporation launched a sales promotion campaign to attract new industries and businesses to the area, focusing on manufacturing and chemical industries. By 1921, the future of Nitro was beginning to take shape with many wartime holdovers calling it home and relying on their friends and neighbors for

fellowship, common interests, and help in time of need. This early community spirit remains strong; and

Whereas, Remnants of Nitro's gunpowder production history can be seen throughout the town and many special events associated with both World War I and World War II are held each year. The town proudly celebrates its wartime history and being known as a "living memorial to World War I"; and

Whereas, It is fitting that an enduring memorial be established to commemorate Nitro's rich past, significance, and contributions to our state and country during World War I, while retaining the "Donald M. Legg Memorial Bridge" name for the eastbound lanes/bridge at that location; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Division of Highways is hereby requested to name the new westbound lanes/bridge, upon construction of the new bridges that will replace the Donald M. Legg Memorial Bridge, carrying I-64 over the Kanawha River, locally known as the Nitro-St. Albans Bridge in Kanawha County, the "Nitro WW I Memorial Bridge", while retaining the "Donald M. Legg Memorial Bridge" name for the eastbound lanes/bridge at that location; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Division of Highways is hereby requested to have made and be placed signs identifying the westbound lanes/bridge as the "Nitro WW I Memorial Bridge"; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Commissioner of the Division of Highways.

With the recommendation that the two committee substitutes be adopted.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles H. Clements,
Chair.

Senator Maynard, from the Committee on Government Organization, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Government Organization has had under consideration

Eng. House Bill 4024, Creating a cosmetology apprentice program that allows companies to train employees for practical real-world experience.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark R. Maynard,
Chair.

The Senate proceeded to the sixth order of business.

Senator Takubo requested unanimous consent that Senate Bill 598 through Senate Bill 607 be considered introduced, read by their titles, and referred to the appropriate committees.

Which consent was not granted, Senator Beach objecting.

Thereafter, on motion of Senator Takubo, the following bills were considered introduced, read by their titles, and referred to the appropriate committees:

By Senators Blair (Mr. President) and Baldwin (By Request of the Executive):

Senate Bill 598—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §9A-5-1, §9A-5-2, and §9A-5-3, all relating to specifically authorizing programs to assist at-risk veterans through partnerships with service organizations engaged with their local veteran communities to connect veterans and their families with existing resources to combat suicide, and its contributing factors, among the veteran population in this state; providing legislative fundings and purpose; authorizing programs to assist at-risk veterans through partnerships with service organizations to combat suicide and its contributing factors among the veteran population; and providing for funding and grant-making from the Department of Veterans' Assistance to partner service organizations and for the purposes of this article.

Referred to the Committee on Military.

By Senator Maynard:

Senate Bill 599—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §16-3E-1, §16-3E-2, §16-3E-3, §16-3E-4, §16-3E-5, and §16-3E-6, all relating to informed consent for vaccinations; providing a short title; defining terms; prohibiting discrimination against patients for declining or delaying vaccines; establishing prohibited activities; creating rights for patients; and establishing monetary penalties and revocation of licensure for violations.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources; and then to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Senator Maynard:

Senate Bill 600—A Bill to amend and reenact §19-25-2, §19-25-3, §19-25-4, §19-25-5, and §19-25-6 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating generally to limiting landowner liability for injuries to, or caused by, persons entering or going upon land for noncommercial recreational purposes, wildlife propagation purposes, military training purposes, law-enforcement training purposes, or homeland defense training purposes; clarifying that limitation on liability and duty to warn applies only to landowner permitting the general public to enter or go upon such land for recreational or wildlife propagation purposes; providing that a landowner is not liable for, and has no duty to warn of, dangerous or hazardous wild animals on the land; deleting obsolete language providing that a landowner does not confer invitee or licensee status on persons invited or permitted upon land; substituting the term "fee" for the term "charge"; defining the term "fee"; providing that for the purposes of limiting landowner liability, a fee does not include a fee for an annual event or occurrence, if the total of such fees in a year does not exceed \$25 per individual; providing that for the purposes of limiting landowner liability, a fee does not include voluntary donations to certain charitable entities; amending the term "land" to include premises; amending the definition of the term "owner of land" to specifically include any person holding legal possession, ownership, or partial ownership of an interest in land or a person sponsoring land or premises for volunteer improvement or maintenance purposes; amending the definition of the term "recreational purposes" to specifically include parking on or traversing land

to engage in recreational activities and maintaining, or making improvements to, land for the purpose of making recreational activities accessible; naming the activities of rock climbing, bouldering, and kayaking as being activities within the definition of "recreational purposes"; and making numerous technical corrections.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Senator Maynard:

Senate Bill 601—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §16-2Q-1, §16-2Q-2, §16-2Q-3, §16-2Q-4, §16-2Q-5, §16-2Q-6, §16-2Q-7, and §16-2Q-8, all relating to enacting the West Virginia Human Life Protection Act; making abortion and attempted abortion felony offenses except in cases where abortion is necessary in order to prevent a serious health risk to the unborn child's mother; providing that a woman who receives an abortion will not be held criminally culpable or civilly liable for receiving the abortion; making legislative findings; and defining terms.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources; and then to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Senator Maynard:

Senate Bill 602—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §55-20-1 and §55-20-2, all relating to denying a nuisance action for damages against a sports or exposition venue operation; and providing exceptions.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Senator Takubo:

Senate Bill 603—A Bill to amend and reenact §30-3-10 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to prohibiting licensure or renewal of licensure when the applicant or licensee has certain unresolved disciplinary proceedings pending in another jurisdiction.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources.

By Senators Phillips, Azinger, Boley, Clements, Grady, Karnes, Maynard, Roberts, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, and Woodrum:

Senate Bill 604—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §56-4-72, relating to providing compensation to victims of abusive lawsuits; and providing that a party in a civil action is entitled to recover attorney's fees and costs after a court dismisses a claim as lacking any basis in law or fact.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Senators Phillips, Azinger, Grady, Karnes, Martin, Maynard, Roberts, Stover, Sypolt, and Woodrum:

Senate Bill 605—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §30-5-37, relating to permitting pharmacists to dispense ivermectin by means of a standing order; creating definitions; providing for guidelines, clarifying the role of the West Virginia Board of Medicine; and providing for an effective date.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources.

By Senators Weld, Woelfel, Takubo, and Stollings:

Senate Bill 606—A Bill to amend and reenact §30-3-14 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the West Virginia Medical Practice Act; the duty of providers licensed or authorized by the board to report misconduct; civil immunity for making good-faith reports; modifying grounds for professional discipline and license denial; and providing rule-making authority.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Senator Sypolt:

Senate Bill 607—A Bill to amend and reenact §5-16-8 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Act; conditions of insurance program; and requiring that provider reimbursement schedules shall be no lower than the reimbursement provided for the same services under Medicare.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

The Senate proceeded to the seventh order of business.

Senate Concurrent Resolution 43, US Navy S1 Paul McCue Bridge.

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk and referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

Senate Resolution 22, Commemorating 250th anniversary of Berkeley County.

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the resolution was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

Senate Resolution 23, Recognizing Youth Leadership Association Youth in Government.

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Baldwin, unanimous consent being granted, the resolution was taken up for immediate consideration, reference to a committee dispensed with, and adopted.

Senate Resolution 24, Recognizing Greenbrier East High School InvenTeam.

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Baldwin, unanimous consent being granted, the resolution was taken up for immediate consideration and reference to a committee dispensed with.

The question being on the adoption of the resolution, and on this question, Senator Beach demanded the yeas and nays.

The roll being taken, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of those present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the resolution (S. R. 24) adopted.

The Senate proceeded to the eighth order of business.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 242, Restricting authority to prevent or limit owner's use of natural resources or real property in certain agricultural operations.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 242) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 245, Revising wage payment and collection.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 245 pass?"

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Boley, Brown, Clements, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—28.

The nays were: Baldwin, Beach, Caputo, Geffert, Lindsay, and Stollings—6.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 245) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 445, Modifying police and firemen's pension plans for trustees.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 445) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 472, Relating to access to juvenile records by certain employees of Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 472) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 487, Relating to Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund and Revenue Shortfall Reserve Fund – Part B.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 487) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—34.

The nays were: None.

Absent: None.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 487) takes effect from passage.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

The Senate proceeded to the ninth order of business.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 6, Establishing common law "veil piercing" claims not be used to impose personal liability.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

On motions of Senators Romano and Trump, the following amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

ARTICLE 3. RELATIONS OF MEMBERS AND MANAGERS TO PERSONS DEALING WITH LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY.

§31B-3-303. Liability of members and managers.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this section, the debts, obligations, and liabilities of a limited liability company, whether arising in contract, tort, or otherwise, are solely the debts, obligations, and liabilities of the company. A member or manager is not personally liable for a debt, obligation, or liability of the company solely by reason of being or acting as a member or manager. It is the intent and policy of the Legislature to modify the applicability of the "corporate veil piercing" analysis adopted in *Joseph Kubican v. The Tavern, LLC*, 232 W.Va. 268, 752 S.E.2d 299 (2013) with respect to any claim against a limited liability company arising after the effective date of the reenactment of this section during the regular session of the Legislature, 2022.

(b) The failure of a limited liability company to observe the usual company formalities or requirements relating to the exercise of its company powers or management of its business is not a ground for imposing personal liability on the members or managers for liabilities of the company.

(c) All or specified members of a limited liability company are liable in their capacity as members for all or specified debts, obligations, or liabilities of the company if:

~~(1) A provision to that effect is contained in the articles of organization; and~~

~~(2) A member so liable has consented in writing to the adoption of the provision or to be bound by the provision~~

(1) A provision to that effect is contained in the articles of organization, and a member so liable has consented in writing to the adoption of the provision or to be bound by the provision;

(2) The member against whom liability is asserted has personally guaranteed the liability or obligation of the limited liability company in writing;

(3) There is any tax liability of the limited liability company, which the law of the state or of the United States imposes liability upon the member;

(4) The member commits actual or constructive fraud which causes injury to an individual or entity; or

(5) There is any fine, fee, or penalty assessed to the limited liability company pursuant to local, state, or federal law.

(d) The "corporate veil piercing" analysis adopted in *Joseph Kubican v. The Tavern, LLC*, 232 W.Va. 268, 752 S.E.2d 299 (2013) shall apply to a claim asserted against a limited liability company for the purpose of determining personal liability of all or specified members or managers only if (1) the company is not adequately capitalized for the reasonable risks of the corporate undertaking and (2) the company does not carry liability insurance coverage for the primary risks of the business, with minimum limits of \$50,000 per person and \$100,000 per occurrence, or such higher amount as may be specifically required by law.

(e) *Enterprise liability.* — In circumstances where the members of a limited liability company are, in whole or in part, corporations, limited liability companies, or other entities which are not human beings, then, if a jury shall determine that the liability of a limited liability company sounding in tort arose as part of the activities of a joint enterprise, those entities which are part of the joint enterprise with the limited liability company may be liable for the liability of the limited liability company which arose as part of the business operations of the joint enterprise, not as a "piercing of the veil", but instead under the doctrine of joint enterprise liability.

(f) *Member as tortfeasor.* — Nothing in this section may immunize or shield a member of a limited liability company, solely because he or she is a member of a limited liability company, from liability for his or her own tortious conduct that proximately causes injury to another party while the member is acting on behalf of the limited liability company. In such circumstance, the liability of a member is not through "veil piercing", but rather primary, as against any tortfeasor.

(g) *Clawback authority.* — If a member is proved to have committed any of the following acts, then a creditor of the limited liability company whose judgment the limited liability company cannot satisfy may seek clawback from the member under this subsection: *Provided*, That the limited liability company's judgment creditor may proceed in the shoes of the limited liability company to clawback funds from the member in order to reimburse the limited liability company for either the amount of the judgment against the limited liability company or the amount transferred from the

limited liability company to the member in bad faith, whichever is less. The wrongful acts which will justify clawback, but not "veil piercing", are:

(1) Conflicted exchange;

(2) Insolvency distribution; or

(3) Siphoning of funds.

(h) Definitions. — As used in this section:

(1) "Conflicted exchange" means a transfer of money or other property from a limited liability company to a member of the limited liability company, or to any other organization in which the member has a material financial interest, in exchange for services, goods, or other tangible or intangible property of less than reasonable equivalent value.

(2) "Insolvency distribution" means a transfer of money or other property from a limited liability company to a member of that limited liability company, or to any other organization in which the member has a material financial interest, in respect of the member's ownership interest, that renders the limited liability company insolvent.

(3) "Insolvent" means, with respect to a limited liability company, that the limited liability company is unable to pay its debts in the ordinary course of business. Claims that are unusual in nature or amount, including tort claims in claims for consequential damages, are not to be considered claims in the ordinary course of business for the purposes of this section.

(4) "Siphoning of funds" means whether the manager or majority member has siphoned funds from the limited liability company in violation of the articles of organization, the operating agreement, or this article.

Following discussion,

The question being on the adoption of the amendment offered by Senators Romano and Trump to the bill, the same was put and prevailed.

The bill (Com. Sub. for S. B. 6), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 312, Authorization for Department of Revenue to promulgate legislative rules.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 419, Establishing pilot project to evaluate impact of certain post-substance use disorder residential treatments.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 533, Relating to funding for health sciences and medical schools in state.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Senate Bill 540, Allowing municipal fire departments provide retirees with service weapon in certain circumstances.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Senate Bill 546, Expanding uses of fees paid by students at higher education institutions.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 550, Relating to funding for higher education institutions.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment.

At the request of Senator Takubo, and by unanimous consent, the bill was advanced to third reading with the right for amendments to be considered on that reading.

Senate Bill 576, Relating to unemployment insurance and COVID-19 vaccination requirement.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 3220, Restrictions on Taxpayer funded lobbying.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on Government Organization, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

ARTICLE 3. LOBBYISTS.

§6B-3-10. Provisions may be adopted by local governments; disclosures by state agencies, municipalities, counties, and school districts relating to lobbying activities.

(a) An incorporated municipality may enact lobbyist regulation provisions substantially similar to the provisions of this article which may be modified to the extent necessary to make the provisions relevant to that jurisdiction and which may be further modified to the extent deemed necessary and appropriate by and for that jurisdiction.

(b) Beginning on July 1, 2022, every state agency, municipality, county, and school district in the state that contracts for lobbying services shall disclose, and when applicable provide copies of, the following information to the West Virginia Ethics Commission:

(1) Contract details, including, but not limited to, the identities of the parties to the contract, the date on which the contract becomes or became effective, any applicable extension dates, payment and reimbursement terms, and duration;

(2) A copy of the contract for lobbying services;

(3) All costs to be paid or reimbursed, or already paid or reimbursed, for lobbying services associated with or related to the contract for lobbying services, including itemized expenses such as dinners, meals, or events; and

(4) The identities of any individuals or entities engaging in activities pursuant to the contract for lobbying services that may require the individual or entity to register as a lobbyist.

(c) On July 1, 2023, and on July 1 of each year thereafter, every state agency, municipality, county, and school district in the state that has contracted for lobbying services in the preceding year shall report to the Ethics Commission all information required by the provisions of subsection (b) of this section.

The bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 3220), as amended, was then ordered to third reading.

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4074, Require schools provide eating disorder and self-harm training for teacher and students.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on Education, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-40a. Education on and prevention of self-harm behavior and eating disorders.

(a) This section shall be known and cited as "Meghan's Law".

(b) Training of public school employees and volunteers – The state board shall promulgate, by September 1, 2022, a legislative rule pursuant to §29A-3B-1 *et seq.* of this code, and if necessary may promulgate an emergency rule in accordance with said article, to establish training requirements for all county board employees who might come into contact with a student, including full-time, part-time, and contract employees, as well as any volunteers of a school or school district that might come into contact with a student as such employees and volunteers may be further defined in the rule. The training shall be focused on developing skills, knowledge, and capabilities related to preventing, recognizing, and responding to students' self-harm behaviors and eating disorders. The rule shall provide for at least the following:

(1) The required training shall include instruction and information to better equip schools and their employees, including how to:

(A) Recognize warning signs of self-harm behaviors and eating disorders that can lead to serious health issues and death;

(B) Support the healthy development of students by learning how to appropriately respond to or refer a student who exhibits warning signs of self-harm or eating disorders; and

(C) Provide consistent and standard protocols for responding to disclosures or discovery of self-harm or an eating disorder;

(2) The rule shall contain provisions to ensure that public school employees complete the required training every three years; and

(3) The rule may provide for this training to be administered virtually or through self-review of materials and resources provided by the state board.

(c) Education of middle school and high school students – Beginning September 1, 2022, children in grades 5-12 shall receive information regarding self-harm and eating disorder signs, prevention, and treatment.

(1) This education shall occur at least once per academic school year.

(2) The information may be obtained from the Bureau for Behavioral Health and Health Facilities, a licensed healthcare provider, or from commercially developed awareness and prevention training programs for the awareness, treatment resources, and prevention of self-harm behavior and eating disorders approved by the state board in consultation with the bureau to assure the accuracy and appropriateness of the information.

(3) To facilitate this process and develop resources, the state board may promulgate a legislative rule pursuant to §29A-3B-1 *et seq.* of this code.

The bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4074), as amended, was then ordered to third reading.

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4276, WVU to create a Parkinson's disease registry.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on Health and Human Resources, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

ARTICLE 5DD. COLLECTION OF DATA RELATING TO PARKINSON'S DISEASE.

§16-5DD-1. Establishing collection guidelines for Parkinson's disease data.

(a) West Virginia University may collect data on the incidence of Parkinson's disease in West Virginia and other epidemiological data as required by this article.

(b) These terms are defined:

"Parkinson's disease" means a chronic and progressive neurologic disorder resulting from deficiency of the neurotransmitter dopamine as the consequence of specific degenerative changes in the area of the brain called the basal ganglia. It is characterized by tremor at rest, slow movements, muscle rigidity, stooped posture, and unsteady or shuffling gait.

"Parkinsonisms" means related conditions that cause a combination of the movement abnormalities seen in Parkinson's disease, such as tremor at rest, slow movement, muscle rigidity, impaired speech or muscle stiffness, which often overlap with and can evolve from what appears to be Parkinson's disease. These include: Multiple System Atrophy (MSA), Dementia with Lewy Bodies (DLB), Corticobasal Degeneration (CBD), and Progressive Supranuclear Palsy (PSP).

(c) The registry and system of collection and dissemination of information shall be under the direction of West Virginia University, who may enter into contracts, grants, or other agreements as are necessary for the conduct of the program.

(d) All patients diagnosed with Parkinson's disease or related Parkinsonisms, as advised by an Advisory Committee, shall be provided a notice regarding the collection of information and patient data on Parkinson's disease. Patients who do not wish to participate in the collection of data for purposes of research in this registry shall affirmatively opt-out in writing after an opportunity to review the documents and ask questions. A patient may not be forced to participate in this registry.

(e) (1) West Virginia University shall establish a Parkinson's Disease Registry Advisory Committee to:

(A) Assist in the development and implementation of the registry which may include a system for the collection and dissemination of information determining the incidence and prevalence of Parkinson's disease and related Parkinsonisms;

(B) Determine what data shall be collected; and

(C) Generally, advise WVU.

(2) Membership of the committee may include:

(A) Neurologists from WVU, Marshall, and Charleston Area Medical Center;

(B) A movement disorder specialist;

(C) A primary care physician;

(D) A physician informaticist;

(E) Parkinson's disease patients;

(F) Public health staff;

(G) Population health researchers familiar with registries;

(H) Parkinson's disease researchers; and

(I) Anyone else West Virginia University deems necessary.

(f) Parkinson's disease and related Parkinsonisms shall be reported, but the mere incidence of a patient with Parkinson's shall be the sole required information for this registry for any patient

who chooses not to participate. For the subset of patients who choose not to participate, further data may not be reported to the registry.

(g) A hospital, facility, physician, surgeon, physician assistant, and nurse practitioners, or other health care provider deemed necessary by West Virginia University diagnosing or providing treatment to Parkinson's disease or Parkinsonism patients, shall report each case of Parkinson's disease and Parkinsonisms to West Virginia University in a format prescribed by the university. West Virginia University may enter into data sharing contracts with data reporting entities and their associated electronic medical record systems vendors to securely and confidentially receive information related to Parkinson's disease testing, diagnosis, and treatment.

(h) West Virginia University may enter into agreements to furnish data collected in this registry to other states' Parkinson's disease registries, federal Parkinson's disease control agencies, local health officers, or health researchers for the study of Parkinson's disease. Before confidential information is disclosed to those agencies, officers, researchers, or out-of-state registries, the requesting entity shall agree in writing to maintain the confidentiality of the information, and in the case of researchers, shall also do both of the following:

(1) Obtain approval of their committee for the protection of human subjects established in accordance with Part 46 (commencing with Section 46.101) of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations; and

(2) Provide documentation to West Virginia University that demonstrates to the university's satisfaction that the entity has established the procedures and ability to maintain the confidentiality of the information.

(i) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all information collected pursuant to this section shall be confidential. For purposes of this section, this information shall be referred to as confidential information.

(j) Notwithstanding any other law, a disclosure authorized by this section shall include only the information necessary for the stated purpose of the requested disclosure, used for the approved purpose, and not be further disclosed.

(k) Provided the security of confidentiality has been documented, the furnishing of confidential information to West Virginia University or its authorized representative in accordance with this section shall not expose any person, agency, or entity furnishing information to liability, and shall not be considered a waiver of any privilege or a violation of a confidential relationship.

(l) West Virginia University shall maintain an accurate record of all persons who are given access to confidential information. The record shall include the name of the person authorizing access; name, title, address, and organizational affiliation of persons given access; dates of access; and, the specific purpose for which information is to be used. The record of access shall be open to public inspection during normal operating hours of the university.

(m) Notwithstanding any other law, the confidential information shall not be available for subpoena, shall not be disclosed, discoverable, or compelled to be produced in any civil, criminal, administrative, or other proceeding. The confidential information shall not be deemed admissible as evidence in any civil, criminal, administrative, or other tribunal or court for any reason. This subsection does not prohibit the publication by West Virginia University of reports and statistical compilations that do not in any way identify individual cases or individual sources of information. Notwithstanding the restrictions in this subsection, the individual to whom the information pertains shall have access to his or her own information.

(n) This section does not preempt the authority of facilities or individuals providing diagnostic or treatment services to patients with Parkinson's disease to maintain their own facility-based Parkinson's disease registries.

The bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4276), as amended, was then ordered to third reading.

The Senate proceeded to the tenth order of business.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 25, Updating provisions of Medical Professional Liability Act.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 438, Relating generally to WV Security for Public Deposits Act.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was referred to the Committee on Rules.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 505, Updating laws on licensure and regulation of money transmitters.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 515, Supplementing and amending appropriations of public moneys to Department of Administration, Public Defender Services.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

Senate Bill 517, Expiring funds from unappropriated balance in State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 520, Increasing financial penalties for ransomware attacks.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

Senate Bill 525, Expiring funds from unappropriated balance in Lottery Net Profits.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

The Senate proceeded to the twelfth order of business.

Remarks were made by Senators Azinger, Sypolt, Smith, Romano, and Tarr.

Thereafter, at the request of Senator Tarr, and by unanimous consent, the remarks by Senator Azinger were ordered printed in the Appendix to the Journal.

At the request of Senator Beach, unanimous consent being granted, the remarks by Senator Smith were ordered printed in the Appendix to the Journal.

At the request of Senator Caputo, and by unanimous consent, the remarks by Senator Romano were ordered printed in the Appendix to the Journal.

The Senate proceeded to the thirteenth order of business.

Under the provisions of Rule 15 of the Rules of the Senate, the following senator was removed as a co-sponsor of the following bill on February 8, 2022:

Senate Bill 574: Senator Plymale.

Under the provisions of Rule 15 of the Rules of the Senate, the following senators were added as co-sponsors to the following bills and resolutions on February 8, 2022:

Senate Bill 416: Senator Woodrum;

Senate Bill 489: Senator Jeffries;

Senate Bill 575: Senator Grady;

Senate Bill 592: Senator Rucker;

Senate Bill 593: Senators Woelfel, Hamilton, and Rucker;

Senate Bill 594: Senator Woelfel;

Senate Bill 596: Senator Martin;

Senate Resolution 20: Senator Hamilton;

Senate Resolution 21: Senator Hamilton;

Senate Resolution 22: Senators Lindsay, Jeffries, Hamilton, Stollings, and Rucker;

Senate Resolution 23: Senators Lindsay, Jeffries, Hamilton, Caputo, Stollings, Martin, and Rucker;

And,

Senate Resolution 24: Senators Woodrum, Lindsay, and Jeffries.

Pending announcement of meetings of standing committees of the Senate,

On motion of Senator Takubo, at 12:22 p.m., the Senate adjourned until tomorrow, Thursday, February 10, 2022, at 11 a.m.

SENATE CALENDAR

**Thursday, February 10, 2022
11:00 AM**

UNFINISHED BUSINESS

Com. Sub. for S. C. R. 28 - US Army PVT Garland Lee Loudermilk Memorial Bridge

Com. Sub. for S. C. R. 29 - Nitro WW I Memorial Bridge

S. R. 22 - Commemorating 250th anniversary of Berkeley County

THIRD READING

Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 6 - Establishing common law "veil piercing" claims not be used to impose personal liability

Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 312 - Authorization for Department of Revenue to promulgate legislative rules (original similar to HB4151)

Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 419 - Establishing pilot project to evaluate impact of certain post-substance use disorder residential treatments

Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 533 - Relating to funding for health sciences and medical schools in state

Eng. S. B. 540 - Allowing municipal fire departments provide retirees with service weapon in certain circumstances

Eng. S. B. 546 - Expanding uses of fees paid by students at higher education institutions

Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 550 - Relating to funding for higher education institutions - (With right to amend)

Eng. S. B. 576 - Relating to unemployment insurance and COVID-19 vaccination requirement

Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 3220 - Restrictions on Taxpayer funded lobbying - (Com. title amend. pending)

Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4074 - Require schools provide eating disorder and self-harm training for teacher and students - (Com. title amend. pending)

Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4276 - WVU to create a Parkinson's disease registry - (Com. title amend. pending)

SECOND READING

Com. Sub. for S. B. 25 - Updating provisions of Medical Professional Liability Act

Com. Sub. for S. B. 505 - Updating laws on licensure and regulation of money transmitters

Com. Sub. for S. B. 515 - Supplementing and amending appropriations of public moneys to Department of Administration, Public Defender Services (original similar to HB4530)

S. B. 517 - Expiring funds from unappropriated balance in State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund (original similar to HB4525)

Com. Sub. for S. B. 520 - Increasing financial penalties for ransomware attacks (original similar to HB4498)

S. B. 525 - Expiring funds from unappropriated balance in Lottery Net Profits (original similar to HB4526)

FIRST READING

Com. Sub. for S. B. 476 - Relating to imposition of minimum severance tax on coal (original similar to HB4411)

S. B. 478 - Relating to Neighborhood Investment Program (original similar to HB4544)

Com. Sub. for S. B. 508 - Requiring certain attire for deer hunters with muzzleloaders (original similar to HB4486)

Com. Sub. for S. B. 509 - Relating to county BOE employee personal leave

S. B. 526 - Supplementing and amending appropriations to Department of Commerce, Office of Secretary (original similar to HB4527)

S. B. 527 - Supplementing and amending appropriations to Department of Administration, Office of Technology (original similar to HB4528)

Com. Sub. for S. B. 528 - Supplementing and amending appropriations to DHHR, Consolidated Medical Services Fund (original similar to HB4529)

Com. Sub. for S. B. 537 - Providing additional firefighters and security guards for National Guard (original similar to HB4494)

Com. Sub. for S. B. 560 - Defining Class 2 e-bikes

Eng. H. B. 4024 - Creating a cosmetology apprentice program that allows companies to train employees for practical real-world experience