# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

# SENATE JOURNAL

# EIGHTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION, 2022 FIFTY-FIFTH DAY

Charleston, West Virginia, Monday, March 7, 2022

The Senate met at 11:12 a.m.

(Senator Blair, Mr. President, in the Chair.)

Prayer was offered by the Honorable Rollan A. Roberts, a senator from the ninth district.

The Senate was then led in recitation of the Pledge of Allegiance by the Honorable Dave Sypolt, a senator from the fourteenth district.

Pending the reading of the Journal of Friday, March 4, 2022,

At the request of Senator Weld, unanimous consent being granted, the Journal was approved and the further reading thereof dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second order of business and the introduction of guests.

The Senate then proceeded to the third order of business.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the amendment by that body, passage as amended, and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the House of Delegates amendment, as to

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 419**, Establishing pilot project to evaluate impact of certain post-substance use disorder residential treatments.

On motion of Senator Weld, the bill was taken up for immediate consideration.

The following House of Delegates amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk:

On page 3, line 57, by inserting a new paragraph (G) to read as follows:

"(G) A managed care organization does not have an obligation to provide any of the information specified in this section regarding a patient if that patient ceases to be an enrolled member of that particular MCO.".

On motion of Senator Weld, the Senate concurred in the House of Delegates amendment to the bill.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 419, as amended by the House of Delegates, was then put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 419) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the amendment by that body, passage as amended with its House of Delegates amended title, and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the House of Delegates amendments, as to

**Eng. Senate Bill 448**, Developing policies and procedures for Statewide Interoperability Executive Committee.

On motion of Senator Weld, the bill was taken up for immediate consideration.

The following House of Delegates amendments to the bill were reported by the Clerk:

On page 1, following the enacting clause by striking the rest of the bill in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

# ARTICLE 14. THE STATEWIDE INTEROPERABLE RADIO NETWORK.

### §15-14-6. Duties of the Statewide Interoperability Executive Committee.

The Executive Committee shall:

- (1) Monitor the implementation and operation of the SIRN;
- (2) Establish goals and guidance for the betterment of the SIRN;
- (3) Review and approve all requests for use of the SIRN and its equipment, by a public or private entity;
- (4) Serve as the mechanism for developing, updating and implementing Develop, update, and implement policies, procedures, and guidelines related to the SIRN;
  - (5) Identify new technologies and develop technologies and standards for the SIRN;

- (6) Enhance the coordination of all available resources for public safety communications interoperability;
- (7) Investigate all matters relating to integrity, foresight in funding and operations and planning for the SIRN;
- (8) Revoke, suspend, or modify any entity's use of the SIRN and equipment connected to the SIRN: *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate the vertical real estate management act as provided in §31G-5-3 of this code;
- (9) Provide guidance and services to support the proper cleansing of all decommissioned radio previously connected to SIRN; and
- (10) Require all state agencies to submit two-way telecommunications equipment, not handled by the Office of Technology, to the Division of Emergency Management for cleansing, redistribution, reuse, or for the sale of the two-way telecommunications equipment.

# §15-14-9. Creation of the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network account; purpose; funding; disbursements.

- (a) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a special revenue account to be known as the "Statewide Interoperable Radio Network Account" to be administered by the director. The special revenue account shall consist of appropriations made by the Legislature; income derived from the lease of property, towers or tower space owned, operated or controlled by the WVDHSEM or any other state agency managed as part of the SIRN; moneys received by the Department of Health and Human Resources or WVDHSEM as proceeds of any claims for damages to structures, equipment or property of any kind, including moneys in the Insurance Property Loss Claims Fund administered by the Division of Health; income from the investment of moneys held in the special revenue account; grant money and all other sums available for deposit to the special revenue account from any source, public or private; and moneys received from the sale of recycled two-way telecommunications equipment pursuant to §15-14-6(10) of this code.
- (b) Expenditures from the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network Account shall be for the purposes set forth in this article and used exclusively, to pay costs, fees and expenses incurred, or to be incurred for the following purposes: (1) The maintenance, upkeep and repair of the SIRN; (2) operations of the Executive Committee; (3) payment of salaries for the SWIC and any personnel required to operate and maintain the SIRN; (4) the design, implementation and management of the SIRN; (5) all other related SIRN activities approved by the Executive Committee; and (6) all costs incurred in the administration of the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network Account. Expenditures from the fund are not authorized from collections but are to be made only in accordance with appropriation by the Legislature and in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of this code and upon fulfillment of the provisions of article two, chapter eleven-b of this code: *Provided*, That for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, expenditures are authorized from collections rather than pursuant to appropriation by the Legislature.
- (c) Disbursements from the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network Account shall be authorized by the director or his or her designee. Moneys in the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network Account are not available for the payment of any personal injury claims, workers' compensation claims or other types of disability claims.

(d) Quarterly, the director shall prepare an accounting of all moneys disbursed from and any deposits made to the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network Account. This accounting shall include the reason for the withdraw, the recipients of any withdraw, and the source of any deposit.;

And,

By striking out the title and inserting in lieu thereof a new title, to read as follows:

**Eng. Senate Bill 448**—A Bill to amend and reenact §15-14-6 and §15-14-9 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network; providing duties for the Statewide Interoperability Executive Committee; authorizing the Statewide Interoperability Executive Committee to revoke, suspend, or modify any entity's use of the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network or equipment connected thereto; and requiring certain state agencies to submit two-way telecommunications equipment to the Division of Emergency Management for cleansing, redistribution, reuse or sale, with proceeds directed to the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network account.

On motion of Senator Weld, the Senate concurred in the House of Delegates amendments to the bill.

Engrossed Senate Bill 448, as amended by the House of Delegates, was then put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 448) passed with its House of Delegates amended title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the concurrence by that body in the passage of

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 520, Increasing financial penalties for ransomware attacks.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the amendment by that body, passage as amended, and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the House of Delegates amendment, as to

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 523**, Transferring oversight of Jobs Investment Trust Fund to WV Economic Development Authority.

On motion of Senator Weld, the bill was taken up for immediate consideration.

The following House of Delegates amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk:

On page 1 by striking everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### **CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.**

#### ARTICLE 7. JOBS INVESTMENT TRUST FUND.

# §12-7-2. Legislative findings.

- (a) The Legislature finds that the <del>creation of a public body corporate</del> <u>Jobs Investment Trust is</u> <u>a necessary tool</u> to make investment funds available to eligible businesses, would stimulate economic growth, and provide or retain jobs within the state. Accordingly, it is declared to be the public policy of the state to create an investment program to inject needed capital into the business community, sustain or improve business profitability, and provide jobs to the citizens of the state.
  - (b) The Legislature further finds that:
- (1) The availability of financial assistance through the creation of the jobs investment trust will promote economic development in the state and will serve the public purposes of the state;
- (2) The public policy of the state will be served through financing projects, extending loans, providing financing or credit for working capital, creating innovative investment plans and options, and providing equity financing or the refinancing of existing debt of an enterprise;
- (3) It is in the public interest, in order to address the needs of the business community and the citizens of the state, that a public body corporate be created with full power to accept grants, gifts, and appropriations; to generate revenues to furnish money and credit to approved businesses or enterprises; to promote the establishment of new and innovative projects; and to upgrade, expand, and retain existing projects; and
- (4) Fundamental changes are occurring in national and international markets that increase the need for debt financing, equity capital, and near-equity capital for emerging, expanding, and restructuring business opportunities in the state.
  - (c) The Legislature further finds that:
- (1) That due <u>Due</u> to the creation of the <del>jobs investment trust</del> <u>Jobs Investment Trust</u>, moneys will be available for venture capital in this state;
- (2) That the <u>The</u> implementation of this innovative program may supplant the need for the state to otherwise assist private venture capital concerns through other tax credits;
- (3) That due <u>Due</u> to the availability of venture capital funds through this program the granting of venture capital company credits under the Capital Company Act should be reduced for three fiscal years pending the full implementation of the Jobs Investment Trust Program;
- (4) That due <u>Due</u> to this reduction in the certification of tax credits, additional general revenue may become available for new economic development programs;
- (5) These economic development programs may be funded from general revenue in an amount appropriate to effectuate the purposes of these programs; and

(6) Due to the foregoing findings, there shall be an annual line item appropriation, in an amount determined by the Legislature, to the West Virginia development office Development Office for a matching grant program for regional economic development corporations or authorities.

# §12-7-3. Definitions.

For purposes of this article:

- (a) "Board" means the jobs investment trust board established pursuant to section four of this article the West Virginia Economic Development Authority, established pursuant to §31-15-1 et seq. of this code.
- (b) "Eligible business" means any business, including, but not limited to, a business licensed or seeking licensure by the small business administration as a small business investment company under the small business investment act Small Business Investment Act, which is qualified to do business in West Virginia and is in good standing with all applicable laws affecting the conduct of such business.
- (c) "Nonincentive Non-incentive tax credits" means the nonincentive non incentive tax credits issued by the state to the jobs investment trust board Jobs Investment Trust Board and authorized for sale and transfer by the jobs investment trust board pursuant to section eight-a of this article §12-7-8a of this code.
- (d) "Securities" means all bonds, notes, stocks, units of ownership, debentures, or any other form of negotiable or nonnegotiable evidence of indebtedness or ownership.

# §12-7-4. Jobs Investment Trust Board; <u>termination</u>; <u>vesting with the Economic Development Authority composition</u>; <u>appointment</u>, <u>term of private members</u>; <u>chairman</u>; <u>quorum</u>.

- (a) The Jobs Investment Trust Board is continued hereby terminated, and the management and control of the Jobs Investment Trust shall be vested in the West Virginia Economic Development Authority. The board is a public body corporate and established to improve and otherwise promote economic development in this state.
- (b) The board consists of thirteen members, five of whom serve by virtue of their respective positions. These five are the Governor or designee; president of West Virginia University or designee; the president of Marshall University or designee; the chancellor of the higher education policy commission or designee; and the executive director of the West Virginia housing development fund. One member is appointed by the Governor from a list of two names submitted by the board of directors of the Housing Development Fund. One member is appointed by the Governor from a list of two names submitted by the commissioner of the division of tourism. The other six members are appointed from the general public by the Governor. Of the general public members appointed by the Governor, one is an attorney with experience in finance and investment matters; one is a certified public accountant; one is a representative of labor; one is experienced or involved in innovative business development; and two are present or past executive officers of companies listed on a major stock exchange or large privately held companies. All appointments made pursuant to the provisions of this article are by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

- (c) A vacancy on the board is filled by appointment by the Governor in the same manner as the original appointment. A member appointed to fill a vacancy serves for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- (d) The Governor may remove any appointed member in case of incompetency, neglect of duty, moral turpitude or malfeasance in office and fill the vacancy as provided in other cases of vacancy.
- (e) The Governor or designee serves as the chair. The board annually elects one of its public members as vice chair and appoints a secretary to keep records of its proceedings who need not be a member of the board.
- (f) Seven members of the board is a quorum. Action may not be taken by the board except upon the affirmative vote of at least a majority of those members present or participating by any other means as described in subsection (g) of this section, but in any event not fewer than six of the members serving on the board.
- (g) Members of the board may participate in a meeting of the board by means of conference telephone or similar communication equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other. Participation in a board meeting pursuant to this subsection constitutes presence in person at the meeting.
- (h) The members of the board are not compensated for their services as members of the board, but receive reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in discharging their duties under this article in a manner consistent with guidelines of the travel management office of the Department of Administration.
  - (i) The board meets on a quarterly basis or more often if necessary.
- (j) The Governor shall appoint a member for a four-year term. Any member whose term has expired serves until a successor is duly appointed and qualified. Any member is eligible for reappointment.
- (k) Additionally, one member of the West Virginia House of Delegates, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, and one member of the West Virginia Senate, appointed by the President of the Senate, serve as advisory members of the Jobs Investment Trust Board and, as advisory members, are ex officio, nonvoting members.
- (b)The board shall meet on a quarterly basis or more often, if necessary, to carry out the powers and duties of the board with respect to the management of the Jobs Investment Trust, as set forth in this article.
- (c) For the purposes of managing the Jobs Investment Trust, the rules related to board makeup and quorum requirements shall be the same as those set forth in §31-15-5 of this code.
- §12-7-5. Management and control of jobs investment trust vested in board; officers; liability; authority of executive director to act on behalf of board; relationship to higher education institutions.
- (a) It is the duty of the board to manage and control the Jobs Investment Trust. With the advice and consent of the Senate, the Governor appoints an executive director of the jobs investment

trust Jobs Investment Trust who is or has been a senior executive of a major financial institution, brokerage firm, investment firm or similar institution, with extensive experience in capital market development. The director serves at the Governor's will and pleasure and is responsible for managing and administering the daily functions of the jobs investment trust Jobs Investment Trust and for performing other functions necessary to the effective operation of the trust. The compensation of the director is annually fixed by the board.

- (b) The board annually elects a secretary to keep a record of the proceedings of the board, who need not be a member of the board.
- (c) The members and officers of the board are not liable personally, either jointly or severally, for any debt or obligation created by the board.
- (d) The acts of the board are solely the acts of its corporation and are not those of an agent of the state. A debt or obligation of the board is not a debt or obligation of the state.
- (e) Upon the affirmative vote of at least a majority of those members in attendance or participating by such other means as described in subsection (g), section four of this article in a meeting of the board, but in any event not fewer than six of the members serving on the board, the board may approve any action to be taken and authorize the executive director for and on behalf of the board to execute and deliver all instruments, agreements, or other documents that are required or are reasonably necessary to effectuate the decisions or acts of the board.
- (f) The West Virginia Housing Development Fund Economic Development Authority shall provide office space and staff support services for the director and the board shall act as fiscal agent for the board and, as such, shall provide accounting services for the board, invest all funds as directed by the board, service all investment activities of the board, and shall make the disbursements of all funds as directed by the board, for which the West Virginia Housing Development Fund Economic Development Authority shall be reasonably compensated as determined by the board.
- (g) The board and the executive director shall involve students and faculty members of state institutions of higher education in the board's activities in order to enhance the opportunities at the institutions for learning and for participation in the board's investment activities and in the economic development of the state, whether in research, financial analysis, management participation, or in such other ways as the board and the executive director may, in their discretion, find appropriate.

### §12-7-6. Corporate powers.

The board may:

- $(1)(i\underline{A})$  Make loans to eligible businesses with or without interest secured if and as required by the board; and  $(i\underline{B})$  acquire ownership interests in eligible businesses. These investments may be made in eligible businesses that stimulate economic growth and provide or retain jobs in this state and shall be made only upon the determination by the board that the investments are prudent and meet the criteria established by the board;
- (2) Accept appropriations, gifts, grants, bequests, and devises and use or dispose of them to carry out its corporate purposes;

- (3) Make and execute contracts, releases, compromises, agreements, and other instruments necessary or convenient for the exercise of its powers or to carry out its corporate purposes;
- (4) Collect reasonable fees and charges in connection with making and servicing loans, notes, bonds, obligations, commitments, and other evidences evidence of indebtedness, in connection with making equity investments and in connection with providing technical, consultative, and project assistance services;
  - (5) Sue and be sued;
  - (6) Make, amend, and repeal bylaws and rules consistent with the provisions of this article;
- (7) Hire its own employees, who shall be employees of the State of West Virginia for purposes of articles ten and sixteen, chapter five of this code §5-10-1 et seq. and §5-16-1 et seq. of this code, and appoint officers and consultants and fix their compensation and prescribe their duties;
  - (8) Acquire, hold, and dispose of real and personal property for its corporate purposes;
- (9) Enter into agreements or other transactions with any federal or state agency, college or university, any person and any domestic or foreign partnership, corporation, association, or organization;
- (10) Acquire real and personal property, or an interest in real or personal property, in its own name, by purchase or foreclosure when acquisition is necessary or appropriate to protect any loan in which the board has an interest; to sell, transfer, and convey any real or personal property to a buyer; and, in the event a sale, transfer, or conveyance cannot be effected with reasonable promptness or at a reasonable price, to lease real or personal property to a tenant;
- (11) Purchase, sell, own, hold, negotiate, transfer, or assign: (iA) Any mortgage, instrument, note, credit, debenture, guarantee, bond, or other negotiable instrument or obligation securing a loan, or any part of a loan; (iB) any security or other instrument evidencing ownership or indebtedness; or (iiC) equity or other ownership interest. An offering of one of these instruments shall include the representation and qualification that the board is a public body corporate, managing a venture capital fund that includes high-risk investments and that in any transfer, sale, or assignment of any interest, the transferee, purchaser, or assignee accepts any risk without recourse to the Jobs Investment Trust or to the state;
- (12) Procure insurance against losses to its property in amounts, and from insurers, as is prudent;
- (13) Consent, when prudent, to the modification of the rate of interest, time of maturity, time of payment of installments of principal or interest, or any other terms of the investment, loan, contract, or agreement in which the board is a party;
  - (14) Establish training and educational programs to further the purposes of this article;
  - (15) File its own travel rules;
- (16) Borrow money to carry out its corporate purpose in principal amounts and upon terms as are necessary to provide sufficient funds for achieving its corporate purpose;

- (17) Take options in or warrants for, subscribe to, acquire, purchase, own, hold, transfer, sell, vote, employ, mortgage, pledge, assign, pool, or syndicate: (iA) Any loans, notes, mortgages, or securities; (iB) debt instruments, ownership certificates, or other instruments evidencing loans or equity; or (iiiC) securities or other ownership interests of or in domestic or foreign corporations, associations, partnerships, limited partnerships, limited liability partnerships, limited liability companies, joint ventures, or other private enterprise to foster economic growth, jobs preservation and creation in the state State of West Virginia, and all other acts that carry out the board's purpose;
- (18) Contract with either Marshall <u>university University</u> or West Virginia <u>university University</u>, or both, for the purpose of retaining the services of, and paying the reasonable cost of, services performed by the institution for the board in order to effectuate the purposes of this article;
- (19) Enter into collaborative arrangements or contracts with private venture capital companies when considered advisable by the board;
- (20) Provide equity financing for any eligible business that will stimulate economic growth and provide or retain jobs in this state and hold, transfer, sell, assign, pool, or syndicate, or participate in the syndication of, any loans, notes, mortgages, securities, debt instruments, or other instruments evidencing loans or equity interest in furtherance of the board's corporate purposes;
- (21) Form partnerships, create subsidiaries, or take all other actions necessary to qualify as a small business investment company under the United States Small Business Investment Act, PL 85-699, as amended;
- (22) Provide for staff payroll and make purchases in the same manner as the housing development fund West Virginia Economic Development Authority;
- (23) Indemnify its members, directors, officers, employees, and agents relative to actions and proceedings to which they have been made parties and make advances for expenses relative thereto and purchase and maintain liability insurance on behalf of those persons all to the same extent as authorized for West Virginia business corporations under present or future laws of the state applicable to business corporations generally; and
- (24) Contract for the provision of legal services by private counsel and, notwithstanding the provisions of article three, chapter five §5-3-1 et seq. of this code, counsel may, but is not limited to, represent the board in court, negotiate contracts and other agreements on behalf of the board, render advice to the board on any matter relating thereto, prepare contracts and other agreements, and provide any other legal services requested by the board.

#### §12-7-7. Limitation on investments.

Subject to the provisions of §12-7-9 of this code section nine of this article, the board may invest in any eligible business: *Provided*, That at the time of the placement of the investment not more than twenty 20 percent of the board's total investment portfolio is invested in one eligible business within any two-year period: *Provided*, *however*, That the board may invest in an eligible business up to an additional twenty 20 percent of the board's total investment portfolio, or up to a total of \$2,000,000, whichever is less. The additional investment must be in the form of a short-term debt investment to be repaid within twelve 12 months of the investment: *Provided further*, That the board may extend said twelve-12-month repayment term until September 30, 1994, and upon terms consistent with the actions of other investors involved in similar investments with the

eligible business if the eligible business demonstrates to the board: (i1) That said business is progressing with a plan for capital formation and business development; and (ii2) that said extension of the twelve- 12-month period, and any other modification thereto, will not substantially prejudice the position of the board in relation to the other investors in, and creditors of, the eligible business: The board shall report any extension of any repayment term made prior March 31, 1994, and approved by the board pursuant to the provisions of this section, to the governor and to the Legislature's joint committee on government and finance within twenty days of such approval: And provided further Provided further, That the board shall report to the governor Governor and the joint committee on government and finance Joint Committee on Government and Finance of its intention to extend any repayment term at least twenty 20 days prior to the board approving any extension made on or after April 1, 1994. Any reported intent to extend any repayment term may be made electronically.

# §12-7-8. Funding.

[Repealed].

# §12-7-9. Applications for investment priority; investment package.

- (a) The board shall accept and review applications from eligible businesses and shall determine the investment worthiness, the benefits to the West Virginia economy, the leverage potential for investments in small business investment companies, the jobs creation potential, and the economic circumstances of the region or regions of the state that would benefit from each proposal. The board shall attempt to balance its investments, as nearly as is practicable, among the geographic regions of the state.
- (b) Any faculty or students of a public or private institution of higher education in the state may present for the board's consideration proposals relating to innovative projects or investment opportunities.
- (c) An annual audit shall be conducted by an independent firm of certified public accountants and shall be made available to the Legislature annually. A copy of the audit may be provided to the Legislature electronically and paper copies may be provided upon the request of any member.
- (d) The board shall forward to the West Virginia housing development fund Economic Development Authority for its review and information approved investment packages containing information as is necessary to permit the West Virginia housing development fund Economic Development Authority to carry out its duties under this article. The board shall determine whether each applicant is an eligible business.

### §12-7-12. Reports of board; report of housing development fund.

(a) The board shall prepare annually, or more frequently if deemed necessary by the board, a report of its operations and the performance of the various investments administered by it. A copy thereof shall be furnished to the governor Governor, the president President of the Senate, the speaker Speaker of the House of Delegates, the legislative auditor Legislative Auditor, and, upon request, to any legislative committee. Such report shall be kept available for inspection by any citizen of this state. The report required in this subsection may be made available electronically on the board's website or through the website of the West Virginia Economic Development Authority. The report may be submitted to the Governor, the President of the

Senate, the Speaker of the House of Delegates, the Legislative Auditor, or to any legislative committee electronically and paper copies must be provided upon request.

(b) The West Virginia housing development fund Economic Development Authority shall prepare annually and submit to the president President of the Senate, the speaker Speaker of the House of Delegates, the legislative auditor Legislative Auditor, and, upon request, any legislative committee, a report on the performance of the board and the quality of its investments for the preceding year. The report required in this subsection may be made available electronically on the West Virginia Economic Development Authority's website. The report may be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Delegates, the Legislative Auditor, or to any legislative committee electronically and paper copies must be provided upon request.

#### **CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.**

# ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

# §31-15-6. General powers of authority.

The authority, as a public corporation and governmental instrumentality exercising public powers of the state, shall have and may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this article, including the power:

- (a1) To cooperate with industrial development agencies in efforts to promote the expansion of industrial, commercial, manufacturing, and tourist activity in this state.
- (<u>b2</u>) To determine, upon the proper application of an industrial development agency or an enterprise, whether the declared public purposes of this article have been or will be accomplished by the establishment by such agency or enterprise of a project in this state.
- (e<u>3</u>) To conduct examinations and investigations and to hear testimony and take proof, under oath or affirmation, at public or private hearings, on any matter relevant to this article and necessary for information on the establishment of any project.
- $(\underline{d4})$  To issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers relevant to any hearing before such authority or one or more members appointed by it to conduct any hearing.
- (e $\underline{5}$ ) To apply to the circuit court having venue of such offense to have punished for contempt any witness who refuses to obey a subpoena, to be sworn or affirmed, or to testify or who commits any contempt after being summoned to appear.
- (<u>f6</u>) To authorize any member of the authority to conduct hearings, administer oaths, take affidavits, and issue subpoenas.
- $(\underline{g7})$  To financially assist projects by insuring obligations in the manner provided in this article through the use of the insurance fund.
- (h8) To finance any projects by making loans to industrial development agencies or enterprises upon such terms as the authority shall deem appropriate: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this subsection or under any other provision in this article shall be construed as

permitting the authority to make loans for working capital: *Provided, however*, That nothing contained in this article shall be construed as prohibiting the authority from insuring loans for working capital made to industrial development agencies or to enterprises by financial institutions: *Provided further*, That nothing contained in this subsection or any other provision of this article shall be construed as permitting the authority to refinance existing debt except when such refinancing will result in the expansion of the enterprise whose debt is to be refinanced or in the creation of new jobs: *And provided further*, That nothing contained in this subsection or any other provision of this article shall be construed as prohibiting the authority from making working capital loans from a revolving loan fund capitalized with federal grant funds including, but not limited to, federal grant funds received from the United States Economic Development Administration.

- (i9) To issue revenue bonds or notes to fulfill the purposes of this article, and to secure the payment of such bonds or notes, all as hereinafter provided.
  - (†10) To issue and deliver revenue bonds or notes in exchange for a project.
- $(k\underline{11})$  To borrow money for its purposes and issue bonds or notes for the money and provide for the rights of the holders of the bonds or notes or other negotiable instruments, to secure the bonds or notes by a deed of trust on, or an assignment or pledge of, any or all of its property and property of the project, including any part of the security for loans, and the authority may issue and sell its bonds and notes, by public or private sale, in such principal amounts as it shall deem necessary to provide funds for any purposes under this article, including the making of loans for the purposes set forth in this article.
- (<u>12</u>) To maintain such sinking funds and reserves as the board shall determine appropriate for the purposes of meeting future monetary obligations and needs of the authority.
  - (m13) To sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, and complain and defend in any court.
  - (n14) To adopt, use, and alter at will a corporate seal.
- $(\bullet \underline{15})$  To make, amend, repeal, and adopt both bylaws and rules and regulations for the management and regulation of its affairs.
- (p16) To appoint officers, agents, and employees and to contract for and engage the services of consultants.
- (q17) To make contracts and to execute all instruments necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the authority, as provided in this article: *Provided*, That the provisions of §5A-3-3 of this code do not apply to contracts made pursuant to this subdivision: *Provided*, *however*, That nothing in this article authorizes the authority to enter into contracts or agreements with financial institutions, as that term is defined in §31A-1-2 of this code, for banking goods and services without approval of the State Treasurer, in accordance with §12-1-1 *et seq.* of this code.
- (r<u>18</u>) To accept grants and loans from and enter into contracts and other transactions with any federal agency.
- (<u>\$19</u>) To take title by conveyance or foreclosure to any project where acquisition is necessary to protect any loan previously made by the authority and to sell, by public or private sale, transfer, lease, or convey such project to any enterprise.

- (t20) To participate in any reorganization proceeding pending pursuant to the United States Code (being the act of Congress establishing a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States, as amended) or in any receivership proceeding in a state or federal court for the reorganization or liquidation of an enterprise. The authority may file its claim against any such enterprise in any of the foregoing proceedings, vote upon any questions pending therein which requires the approval of the creditors participating in any reorganization proceeding or receivership, exchange any evidence of such indebtedness for any property, security, or evidence of indebtedness offered as a part of the reorganization of such enterprise or of any other entity formed to acquire the assets thereof and may compromise or reduce the amount of any indebtedness owing to it as a part of any such reorganization.
- $(\underbrace{\text{u21}})$  To acquire, construct, maintain, improve, repair, replace, and operate projects within this state, as well as streets, roads, alleys, sidewalks, crosswalks, and other means of ingress and egress to and from projects located within this state.
- (lambda 22) To acquire, construct, maintain, improve, repair, and replace and operate pipelines, electric transmission lines, waterlines, sewer lines, electric power substations, waterworks systems, sewage treatment and disposal facilities, and any combinations thereof for the use and benefit of any enterprise located within this state.
- (w23) To acquire watersheds, water and riparian rights, rights-of-way, easements, licenses, and <del>any and</del> all other property, property rights, and appurtenances for the use and benefit of any enterprise located within this state.
- $(*\underline{24})$  To acquire, by purchase, lease, donation, or eminent domain, any real or personal property, or any right or interest therein, as may be necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of the authority. Title to all property, property rights, and interests acquired by the authority shall be taken in the name of the authority.
- (<u>y25</u>) To issue renewal notes, or security interests, to issue bonds to pay notes or security interests and, whenever it deems refunding expedient, to refund any bonds or notes by the issuance of new bonds or notes, whether the bonds or notes to be refunded have or have not matured and whether or not the authority originally issued the bonds or notes to be refunded.
- (z26) To apply the proceeds from the sale of renewal notes, security interests, or refunding bonds or notes to the purchase, redemption or payment of the notes, security interests, or bonds or notes to be refunded.
- (aa27) To accept gifts or grants of property, funds, security interests, money, materials, labor, supplies, or services from the United States of America or from any governmental unit or any person, firm, or corporation, and to carry out the terms or provisions of, or make agreements with respect to, or pledge, any gifts or grants, and to do any and all things necessary, useful, desirable, or convenient in connection with the procuring, acceptance, or disposition of gifts or grants.
- (<u>bb28</u>) To the extent permitted under its contracts with the holders of bonds, security interests, or notes of the authority, to consent to any modification of the rate of interest, time of payment of any installment of principal or interest, security or any other term of any bond, security interests, note or contract or agreement of any kind to which the authority is a party.
- (ee<u>29</u>) To sell loans, security interests, or other obligations in the loan portfolio of the authority. Such security interests shall be evidenced by instruments issued by the authority. Proceeds from

the sale of loans, security interests, or other obligations may be used in the same manner and for the same purposes as bond and note revenues.

- (dd30) To procure insurance against any losses in connection with its property, operations, or assets in such amounts and from such insurers as the authority deems desirable.
- (ee31) To sell, license, lease, mortgage, assign, pledge, or donate its property, both real and personal, or any right or interest therein to another or authorize the possession, occupancy, or use of such property or any right or interest therein by another, in such manner and upon such terms as it deems appropriate.
- (ff<u>32</u>) To participate with the state and federal agencies in efforts to promote the expansion of commercial and industrial development in this state.
- (gg33) To finance, organize, conduct, sponsor, participate, and assist in the conduct of special institutes, conferences, demonstrations, and studies relating to the stimulation and formation of business, industry, and trade endeavors.
- (hh34) To conduct, finance, and participate in technological, business, financial, and other studies related to business and economic development.
- (ii35) To conduct, sponsor, finance, participate, and assist in the preparation of business plans, financing plans, and other proposals of new or established businesses suitable for support by the authority.
- (jj36) To prepare, publish, and distribute, with or without charge, as the authority may determine, such technical studies, reports, bulletins, and other materials as it deems appropriate, subject only to the maintenance and respect for confidentiality of client proprietary information.
- (kk37) To exercise such other and additional powers as may be necessary or appropriate for the exercise of the powers herein conferred.
- (#38) To exercise all of the powers which a corporation may lawfully exercise under the laws of this state.
- (mm39) To contract for the provision of legal services by private counsel and, notwithstanding the provisions of §5-3-1 *et seq.* of this code, such counsel may, but is not limited to, represent the authority in court, negotiate contracts and other agreements on behalf of the authority, render advice to the authority on any matter relating thereto, prepare contracts and other agreements, and provide such other legal services as may be requested by the authority.
- (nn40) To develop, maintain, operate, and apply for the establishment of foreign trade zones pursuant to and in accordance with all applicable provisions of federal law.
- (ee<u>41</u>) To exercise the powers and responsibilities previously vested in the State Building Commission by §5-6-11a of this code, including, but not limited to, the authority to refund bonds issued in accordance with said section.
- (42) To manage the Jobs Investment Trust described in §12-7-1 et seq. of this code, and to exercise those powers and responsibilities previously vested in the Jobs Investment Trust Board, as outlined in §12-7-6 of this code.

# ARTICLE 18. WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND.

# §31-18-20c. Jobs Development Fund.

There is hereby created and established a special fund to be designated as the "iobs development fund" Jobs Development Fund into which the Housing Development Fund shall, effective July 1, 1992, deposit the sum of \$10 million. Thereafter, the Housing Development Fund shall have no further duty or obligation to, but may in its sole discretion, deposit additional funds. Effective July 1, 2022, such funds shall be governed, administered, and accounted for by the Housing Development Fund West Virginia Economic Development Authority established pursuant to §31-15-1 et seq. of this code as a special purpose account separate and distinct from any other moneys, fund, or funds owned or managed by the Housing Development Fund authority. The sole and exclusive purpose of such fund shall be to provide a source for distribution from time to time to the jobs investment trust as provided for in article seven, chapter twelve §12-7-1 et seq. of this code. Upon receipt by the Housing Development Fund authority from time to time of a written requisition from the trust together with a certificate that the funds so requisitioned will be used in accordance with the provisions of article seven, chapter twelve §12-7-1 et seq. of this code and are expected to be expended within thirty 30 days after such disbursement to fund a loan or other investment or to pay the operating expenses of the trust, the Housing Development Fund authority shall disburse the amount so requisitioned. Until so disbursed, the moneys initially deposited or thereafter from time to time deposited in such fund may be invested and reinvested by the Housing Development Fund authority as permitted under subdivision (8), section six of this article §31-18-6 of this code. Upon the dissolution or the termination of the jobs investment trust board, any funds remaining in the jobs development fund shall automatically revert to the General Fund of the Housing Development Fund free of any limitations provided in this section.

On motion of Senator Weld, the Senate concurred in the House of Delegates amendment to the bill.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 523, as amended by the House of Delegates, was then put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 523) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the amendment by that body, passage as amended, and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the House of Delegates amendment, as to

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 524**, Placing duties and functions of certain boards and commissions under Department of Arts, Culture, and History.

On motion of Senator Weld, the bill was taken up for immediate consideration.

The following House of Delegates amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk:

On page 19, section 8c, line 196, by creating a new subsection with the following language:

(I) Any rules promulgated by the Library Commission will remain in full force and effect until amended, repealed, or superseded by another rule promulgated by the Library Commission or State Library Section.

Senator Weld moved that the Senate concur in the House of Delegates amendment to the bill.

Following discussion,

The question being on the adoption of Senator Weld's aforestated motion, the same was put and prevailed.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 524, as amended by the House of Delegates, was then put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Clements, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—27.

The nays were: Beach, Brown, Caputo, Geffert, Romano, and Stollings—6.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 524) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the concurrence by that body in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 537**, Providing additional firefighters and security guards for National Guard.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the amendment by that body, passage as amended, to take effect from passage, and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the House of Delegates amendment, as to

**Eng. Senate Bill 542**, Transferring Broadband Enhancement Council from Department of Commerce to Department of Economic Development.

On motion of Senator Weld, the bill was taken up for immediate consideration.

The following House of Delegates amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk:

On page 2, section 3, line 19, by striking out the word "Technology" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Information".

On motion of Senator Weld, the Senate concurred in the House of Delegates amendment to the bill.

Engrossed Senate Bill 542, as amended by the House of Delegates, was then put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 542) passed with its title.

Senator Weld moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 542) takes effect from passage.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the concurrence by that body in the passage of

**Eng. Senate Bill 597**, Relating to PSC underground facilities damage prevention and one-call system.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the concurrence by that body in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 598**, Establishing partnerships and aid for at-risk veterans to combat suicide.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the amendment by that body, passage as amended, and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the House of Delegates amendment, as to

**Eng. Senate Bill 638**, Changing hearing and notice provisions for failing or distressed public utilities.

On motion of Senator Weld, the bill was taken up for immediate consideration.

The following House of Delegates amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk:

On page 1, by striking everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

# ARTICLE 2H. POWER OF COMMISSION TO ORDER MEASURES UP TO AND INCLUDING THE ACQUISITION OF DISTRESSED AND FAILING WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITIES.

# §24-2H-6. Notice to distressed or failing utility and formal proceeding.

- (a) A proceeding under this article may be initiated by the commission on its own motion, or by the staff of the commission, or any other person or entity having a legal interest in the financial, managerial or operational condition of the utility, by filing a petition with the commission. In any such petition, the utility shall be named as the respondent. The commission shall include as additional parties any capable proximate public and private utilities that may be able to acquire the utility.
- (b) The commission shall hold an evidentiary and public hearing(s) in <u>a location in or within</u> <u>25 miles of</u> the utility's service area. The commission shall give <u>reasonable</u> notice of the time, place and subject matter of the hearing as follows:
- (1) A Class I legal publication in a qualified newspaper pursuant to §59-3-2(a) of this code in the county or counties where the utility is located; to take place no more than 10 days before the date of the hearing
  - (2) (1) Issuance of a press release;
  - (3) (2) Written notice by certified mail or registered mail to:
  - (A) The utility;
  - (B) The Consumer Advocate Division;
- (C) Capable proximate public or private utility(s) that were made parties to the proceeding; and
  - (D) The county commission if the utility is a public service district; or
  - (E) The municipality if the utility is owned and operated by the municipality.
- (4) (3) The utility shall give notice to its customers of the time, place and subject matter of the hearing either as a bill insert or printed on its monthly bill statement as ordered by the commission.

(c) The public hearing shall be conducted to receive public comments, including, but not limited to, comments regarding possible options available to bring the distressed or failing utility into compliance with appropriate statutory and regulatory standards concerning actual or imminent public health problems or unreasonable quality and reliability service standards. At the evidentiary hearing, the commission shall receive evidence to determine if the utility is a distressed or failing utility and whether a capable proximate utility should acquire the utility. If there is more than one capable proximate utility, then sufficient evidence should be presented to allow the commission to determine the appropriate capable proximate utility to acquire the distressed or failing utility.

Senator Weld moved that the Senate concur in the House of Delegates amendment to the bill.

Following discussion,

The question being on the adoption of Senator Weld's aforestated motion, the same was put and prevailed.

Engrossed Senate Bill 638, as amended by the House of Delegates, was then put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Boley, Clements, Grady, Hamilton, Karnes, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—21.

The nays were: Baldwin, Beach, Brown, Caputo, Geffert, Jeffries, Lindsay, Maroney, Romano, Stollings. Stover, and Woelfel—12.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 638) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the concurrence by that body in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 650,** Eliminating number of royalty owners required for utilization by operator for lawful use and development by co-tenants.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the concurrence by that body in the adoption of

Com. Sub. for Senate Concurrent Resolution 11, Dennis E. Davis Veterans Nursing Home.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the concurrence by that body in the adoption of

**Com. Sub. for Senate Concurrent Resolution 13,** US Army PFC Joseph Stanley McKinney Memorial Bridge.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the concurrence by that body in the adoption of

Senate Concurrent Resolution 23, USMC CPL Guy Maywood Edwards Memorial Bridge.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced that that body had refused to concur in the Senate amendments to, and requested the Senate to recede therefrom, as to

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4333**, Relating to the sunset of the Board of Hearing-Aid Dealers and Fitters.

On motion of Senator Weld, the Senate refused to recede from its amendments to the bill and requested the appointment of a committee of conference of three from each house on the disagreeing votes of the two houses.

Whereupon, Senator Blair (Mr. President) appointed the following conferees on the part of the Senate:

Senators Takubo, Woodrum, and Plymale.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the adoption by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the adoption of

**House Concurrent Resolution 95**—Requesting the Division of Highways name bridge number (10815), carrying CR 52, known as New Hope Road, over Blue Creek in Kanawha County, the "Clemmer Brothers WWII Veterans Memorial Bridge".

Referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the adoption by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the adoption of

**House Concurrent Resolution 96**—Requesting that the Division of Highways name a portion of West Virginia Route 61, in Kanawha County, beginning at the West end of WV Rt 61 at the Chesapeake, West Virginia city limit and ending at the East end of WV Rt 61 at the Chesapeake, West Virginia city limit the "U. S. Air Force Captain Perry Thomas Rose Memorial Road".

Referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

The Senate proceeded to the fourth order of business.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

**Senate Concurrent Resolution 56** (originating in the Committee on the Judiciary)—Requesting the Joint Committee on Government and Finance study the effect of *Kenney v. Liston*, 233 W. Va. 620 (2014).

Whereas, in Syl. Pt. 7, *Kenney v. Liston*, 233 W. Va. 620 (2014), the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals held that, where an injured person's health care provider agrees to reduce, discount or write off a portion of the person's medical bill, the person may recover the entire reasonable value of the medical services necessarily required by the injury, and the tortfeasor is not entitled to receive the benefit of the reduced, discounted, or written-off amount: therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on the Judiciary is hereby requested to study the effect of *Kenney v. Liston*, 233 W. Va. 620 (2014); and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance report to the regular session of the Legislature, 2023, on its findings, conclusions, and recommendations, together with drafts of any legislation necessary to effectuate its recommendations; and be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct this study, to prepare a report, and to draft necessary legislation be paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it be adopted.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

Senator Maroney, from the Committee on Health and Human Resources, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Health and Human Resources has had under consideration

**Senate Concurrent Resolution 57** (originating in the Committee on Health and Human Resources)—Requesting the West Virginia Insurance Commission study coverage options and costs for the coverage of medically necessary dental procedures that result from cancer related dental and oral health procedures.

Whereas, Approximately 50,000 Americans are diagnosed with oral cancer every year based upon reports of the Oral Cancer Foundation; and

Whereas, Half of the diagnosed individuals survive for five years or longer; and

Whereas, Since people might not have regular oral cancer screenings, this cancer is often detected late and at a more dangerous stage; and

Whereas, In order to improve patient outcomes, the West Virginia Insurance Commission is directed to study coverage options and costs if provided by insurance plans covered under §33-

1-1 *et seq.* W. Va. Code for the coverage of medically necessary dental procedures to include the following: Evaluations, examinations, patient education, laboratory assessments, medications, treatments, restoration, rehabilitation, medical devices, and prosthesis needed to obtain cancer treatment or restore whole or partial function associated with eating, breathing, voice, speech, and swallowing related to a cancer diagnosis; and

Whereas, The West Virginia Insurance Commission is directed to study coverage options and costs if provided by insurance plans covered under §33-1-1 *et seq.* W. Va. Code for the coverage of medically necessary oral health procedures to include the following: Surgery, chemotherapy, biotherapy, pharmacology, immunotherapy, or radiation related to a cancer diagnosis; therefore be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the West Virginia Insurance Commission study coverage options and costs for the coverage of medically necessary dental procedures that result from cancer related dental and oral health procedures; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the West Virginia Insurance Commission shall report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability on July 1, 2023.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it be adopted.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael J. Maroney, *Chair.* 

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

Eng. House Bill 2631, Provide for WVDNR officers to be able to work "off duty".

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

Senator Sypolt, from the Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development has had under consideration

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4050, Defining terms related to livestock trespassing.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Dave Sypolt, Chair.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

**Eng. House Bill 4296,** To revise outdated provisions within Chapter 23 of the West Virginia Code, which pertains to workers' compensation.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4311, Creating criminal penalties for illegal voting activity.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

Eng. House Bill 4331, West Virginia's Urban Mass Transportation Authority Act.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

Senator Sypolt, from the Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development has had under consideration

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4441, Creating a Class M air rifle stamp.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended; but under the original double committee reference first be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Respectfully submitted,

Dave Sypolt, Chair.

At the request of Senator Tarr, as chair of the Committee on Finance, unanimous consent was granted to dispense with the second committee reference of the bill contained in the foregoing report from the Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development.

Senator Sypolt, from the Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4570,** To allow veterinary telehealth in West Virginia with out of state providers.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass; but under the original double committee reference first be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Respectfully submitted,

Dave Sypolt, Chair.

At the request of Senator Tarr, as chair of the Committee on Finance, unanimous consent was granted to dispense with the second committee reference of the bill contained in the foregoing report from the Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development.

Senator Sypolt, from the Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4644,** Prohibiting the restriction, regulation, use or administration of lawn care and pest care products.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Dave Sypolt, Chair.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4712,** Require the prompt enrollment in payment plans for costs, fines, forfeitures, restitution, or penalties in circuit court and magistrate court.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

**Eng. House Bill 4778,** Permit banks to transact business with any one or more fiduciaries on multiple fiduciary accounts.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4779,** Permit banks the discretion to choose whether to receive deposits from other banks, savings banks, or savings and loan associations when arranging for the re-deposits of county, municipal, and state funds.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

Eng. House Bill 4842, Relating to obscene matter to minors.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

The Senate proceeded to the seventh order of business.

**Senate Concurrent Resolution 55**, Respectfully urging current presidential administration to open federal lease sales onshore and offshore.

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

The question being on the adoption of the resolution, the same was put and prevailed.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Senate Resolution 50, Designating March 7, 2022, as WV Library Day at Legislature.

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Lindsay, unanimous consent being granted, the resolution was taken up for immediate consideration, reference to a committee dispensed with, and adopted.

The Senate proceeded to the eighth order of business.

**Eng. House Bill 2817**, Donated Drug Repository Program.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Weld, and by unanimous consent, further consideration of the bill was deferred until the conclusion of bills on today's second reading calendar.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4065**, Allowing the Division of Natural Resources to teach hunter's safety courses in school.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4065) passed.

The following amendment to the title of the bill, from the Committee on Education, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4065**—A Bill to amend and reenact §18-2-8a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to a hunter safety orientation program in public schools; requiring program to be established and implemented; establishing parameters for scheduling; directing the State Board of Education to promulgate a rule for program requirements and implementation; and providing minimum program requirements including parameters for when the program is required to be offered.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4282,** Relating to establishing next generation 911 services in this state.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4282) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

**Eng. House Bill 4286,** Relating to exempting persons employed as attorneys from the civil service system.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Clements, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—29.

The nays were: Brown, Caputo, Geffert, and Romano—4.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. H. B. 4286) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

Eng. House Bill 4291, Relating to authorizing legislative rules regarding higher education.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. H. B. 4291) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4324, To update collaborative pharmacy practice agreements.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4324) passed.

The following amendment to the title of the bill, from the Committee on Health and Human Resources, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4324**— A Bill to amend and reenact §30-5-4 and §30-5-19 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to collaborative pharmacy practice; defining terms; setting forth requirements for different practice settings; prohibiting certain practices; removing board approval of specified items; updating the terms of collaborative practice agreements; providing for a practice notification; and providing for the procedure for the practice notification.

Senator Weld moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Takubo—1.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4324) takes effect from passage.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4345**, Relating to motor vehicle registration cards by establishing electronic or mobile registration cards.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—32.

The navs were: None.

Absent: Rucker and Takubo—2.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4345) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4380, Relating to transportation of athletic teams.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—31.

The nays were: Beach—1.

Absent: Rucker and Takubo—2.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4380) passed.

The following amendment to the title of the bill, from the Committee on Education, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4380—A Bill to amend and reenact §18-5-13 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the transportation of students and passengers; allowing service employees to be certified to drive certain county board-owned vehicles that professional employees currently can be certified to drive to transport students for school-sponsored activities; requiring the vehicles to be insured; providing that 10 passenger limit of the vehicles includes the driver; increasing the number of these vehicles which may be used for any school-sponsored activity; allowing students to be transported to a school-sponsored activity in a county-owned or leased vehicle that does not meet school bus or public transit ratings if the seating capacity of the vehicle is less than 10 passengers including the driver; allowing a guardian or other adult approved in writing by the parent or guardian to transport students in a privately owned vehicle; removing limit on the number of students that can be transported in a privately owned vehicle by a parent, guardian, or other adult approved in writing by the parent or guardian; and clarifying that busses shall be used to transport nineteen or more passengers.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4426,** Repeal article 33-25G-1 *et seq.* creating provider sponsored networks.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—32.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Rucker and Takubo—2.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4426) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

Eng. House Bill 4462, Relating to Deferred Retirement Option Plan evaluations.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—32.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Rucker and Takubo—2.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. H. B. 4462) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4489,** Require counties to post open positions on statewide job bank.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—32.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Rucker and Takubo—2.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4489) passed.

The following amendment to the title of the bill, from the Committee on Education, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4489**—A Bill to amend and reenact §18A-2-7a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to including service and extracurricular personnel positions in the statewide job bank required to be established by the State Board of Education; and requiring county boards of education report certain information to the statewide job bank.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. House Bill 4517, Relating to the repealing requirements to display video ratings.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—32.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Rucker and Takubo—2.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. H. B. 4517) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

**Eng. House Bill 4535**, Repeal section relating to school attendance and satisfactory academic progress as conditions of licensing for privilege of operation of motor vehicle.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, with the unreported Education committee amendments pending, and with the right having been granted on Friday, March 4, 2022, for further amendments to be received on third reading, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Weld, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar, with the right to amend on third reading remaining in effect and with the unreported Education committee amendments pending.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4631**, Establishing a bone marrow and peripheral blood stem donation awareness program.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for House Bill 4631 pass?"

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—32.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Rucker and Takubo—2.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4631) passed with its title.

Ordered. That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

Thereafter, at the request of Senator Beach, and by unanimous consent, the remarks by Senators Maroney, Clements, and Caputo as to the passage of Engrossed Committee Substitute for House Bill 4631 were ordered printed in the Appendix to the Journal.

**Eng. House Bill 4649,** Transferring the operations of the West Virginia Children's Health Insurance Program to the Bureau for Medical Services.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard,

Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—32.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Rucker and Takubo—2.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. H. B. 4649) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

The Senate proceeded to the ninth order of business.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 2177,** Permitting the issuance of a state issued identification card without a photo on the card under certain conditions.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on the Judiciary, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

## ARTICLE 2. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE, EXPIRATION, AND RENEWAL.

- §17B-2-1. Drivers must be licensed; types of licenses; licensees need not obtain local government license; motorcycle driver license; identification cards.
- (a) (1) No person, except those hereinafter expressly exempted, may drive a motor vehicle upon a street or highway in this state or upon a subdivision street used by the public generally unless the person has a valid driver's license issued pursuant to this code for the type or class of vehicle being driven.
- (2) Any person licensed to operate a motor vehicle pursuant to this code may exercise the privilege thereby granted in the manner provided in this code and, except as otherwise provided by law, is not required to obtain any other license to exercise the privilege by a county, municipality, or local board or body having authority to adopt local police regulations.
- (b) The division, upon issuing a driver's license, shall indicate on the license the type or general class or classes of vehicles the licensee may operate in accordance with this code, federal law, or rule. Licenses shall be issued in different colors for those drivers under age 18, those drivers age 18 to 21, and adult drivers. The commissioner is authorized to select and assign colors to the licenses of the various age groups.
  - (c) The following drivers' licenses classifications are hereby established:
- (1) A Class A, B, or C license shall be issued to those persons 18 years of age or older with two years of driving experience who have qualified for the commercial driver's license established by chapter 17E of this code and the federal Motor Carrier Safety and Improvement Act of 1999 subsequent rules, and have paid the required fee.

- (2) A Class D license shall be issued to those persons 18 years and older with one year of driving experience who operate motor vehicles other than those types of vehicles which require the operator to be licensed under the provisions of chapter 17E of this code and federal law and rule and whose primary function or employment is the transportation of persons or property for compensation or wages and have paid the required fee. For the purpose of regulating the operation of motor vehicles, wherever the term "chauffeur's license" is used in this code, it means the Class A, B, C, or D license described in this section or chapter 17E of this code or federal law or rule: *Provided*, That anyone not required to be licensed under the provisions of chapter 17E of this code and federal law or rule and who operates a motor vehicle registered or required to be registered as a Class A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in §17A-10-1 of this code, with a gross vehicle weight rating of less than 8,001 pounds, is not required to obtain a Class D license.
- (3) A Class E license shall be issued to persons who have qualified for a driver's license under the provisions of this chapter and who are not required to obtain a Class A, B, C, or D license and who have paid the required fee. The Class E license may be endorsed under the provisions of §17B-2-7b of this code for motorcycle operation. The Class E or G license for a person under the age of 18 may also be endorsed with the appropriate graduated driver license level in accordance with the provisions of §17B-2-3a of this code.
- (4) A Class F license shall be issued to those persons who successfully complete the motorcycle examination procedure provided by this chapter and have paid the required fee but who do not possess a Class A, B, C, D, or E driver's license.
- (5) A Class G driver's license or instruction permit shall be issued to a person using bioptic telescopic lenses who has successfully completed an approved driver training program and complied with all other requirements of §17B-2B-1 *et seq.* of this code.
- (d) All licenses issued under this section may contain information designating the licensee as a diabetic, <u>an</u> organ donor, <del>as</del> deaf or hard-of-hearing, as having any other handicap or disability, or that the licensee is an honorably discharged veteran of any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, according to criteria established by the division, if the licensee requests this information on the license. An honorably discharged veteran may be issued a replacement license without charge if the request is made before the expiration date of the current license and the only purpose for receiving the replacement license is to get the veterans designation placed on the license.
- (e) No person, except those hereinafter expressly exempted, may drive a motorcycle on a street or highway in this state or on a subdivision street used by the public generally unless the person has a valid motorcycle license, a valid license which has been endorsed under §17A-2-17b of this code for motorcycle operation, or a valid motorcycle instruction permit.
  - (f) (1) An identification card may be issued to a person who:
  - (A) Is a resident of this state in accordance with the provisions of §17A-3-1a of this code;
  - (B) Has reached the age of two years or, for good cause shown, under the age of two;
- (C) Has paid the required fee of \$5 per year. The Division of Motor Vehicles may adjust this fee every five years on September 1, based on the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics most current Consumer Price Index: *Provided*, That an increase in such fee may not

exceed 10 percent of the total fee amount in a single year: *Provided, however*, That no fees or charges, including renewal fees, are required if the applicant:

- (i) Is 65 years or older;
- (ii) Is legally blind; or
- (iii) Will be at least 18 years of age at the next general, municipal, or special election and intends to use this identification card as a form of identification for voting; and
- (D) Presents a birth certificate or other proof of age and identity acceptable to the division with a completed application on a form furnished supplied by the division.
- (2) The identification card shall contain the same information as a driver's license except that the identification card shall be clearly marked as an identification card. The division may issue an identification card with less information to persons under the age of 16. The division may issue an identification card without a photograph pursuant to subdivision (4) of this subsection. An identification card may be renewed annually on application and payment of the fee required by this section.
- (A) Every identification card issued to a person who has attained his or her 21st birthday expires on the licensee's birthday in those years in which the licensee's age is evenly divisible by five. Except as provided in paragraph (B) of this subdivision, no identification card may be issued for less than three years or for more than seven years and expires on the licensee's birthday in those years in which the licensee's age is evenly divisible by five.
- (B) Every identification card issued to a person who has not attained his or her 21st birthday expires 30 days after the licensee's 21st birthday.
- (C) Every identification card issued to persons under the age of 16 shall be issued for a period of two years and expire on the last day of the month in which the applicant's birthday occurs.
- (3) The division may issue an identification card to an applicant whose privilege to operate a motor vehicle has been refused, canceled, suspended, or revoked under the provisions of this code.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of this article to the contrary, the division may issue an identification card without a photograph to an applicant who under oath or affirmation affirms, subject to the laws of perjury and on a form supplied by the division, that the applicant is a member of a recognized religious sect that has established tenets and teachings due to which the applicant is conscientiously opposed to posing for a photograph. The form supplied by the division pursuant to this subdivision shall advise the applicant that an identification card without a photograph may not be acceptable for all identification purposes.
- (g) For any person over the age of 50 years who wishes to obtain a driver's license or identification card under the provisions of this section:
- (1) A raised seal or stamp on the birth certificate or certified copy of the birth certificate is not required if the issuing jurisdiction does not require one; and

- (2) If documents are lacking to prove all changes of name in the history of any such applicant, applicants renewing a driver's license or identification card under the provisions of this section may complete a Name Variance Approval Document as instituted by the division, so long as they can provide:
  - (A) Proof of identity;
  - (B) Proof of residency; and
  - (C) A valid Social Security number.
- (3) The division may waive any documents necessary to prove a match between names, so long as the division determines the person is not attempting to:
  - (A) Change his or her identity;
  - (B) Assume another person's identity; or
  - (C) Commit fraud.
- (h) A person over the age of 70 years, or who is on Social Security Disability, who wishes to obtain or renew a driver's license or identification card under the provisions of this section, may not be required to furnish supply a copy of a birth certificate if they can provide:
  - (1) Proof of identity;
  - (2) Proof of residency;
  - (3) A valid Social Security number; and
  - (4) One of the following identifying items:
  - (A) A form of military identification, including a DD214 or equivalent;
  - (B) A U.S. passport, whether valid or expired;
  - (C) School records, including a yearbook;
- (D) A religious document, that in the judgment of the division is sufficient and authentic to reflect that the person was born in the United States; or
- (E) An expired driver's license, employment identification card, or other reliable identification card with a recognizable photograph of the person.
- (i) Any person violating the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$500 and, upon a second or subsequent conviction, shall be fined not more than \$500 or confined in jail not more than six months, or both fined and confined.

The bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 2177), as amended, was then ordered to third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 3223,** Prohibit state, county, and municipal governments from dedicating or naming any public structure for a public official who is holding office at the time.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4003**, Relating generally to commercial benefit of substances removed from waters of the state by the treatment of mine drainage.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on Energy, Industry, and Mining, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

### ARTICLE 2. ABANDONED MINE LANDS AND RECLAMATION ACT.

# §22-2-10. Benefits derived from substances separated by treatment of pollution from mine drainage in the waters of the state; public policy; legislative findings, intent, and purpose; severability.

- (a) Public Policy. It is the long-standing public policy of the State of West Virginia, pursuant to § 22-11-1 et seq. of this code, the Water Pollution Control Act, that the state is compelled to maintain reasonable standards of purity and quality of the waters of the state which are consistent with public health and the protection of all forms of life. It is also the long-standing public policy of this state, pursuant to § 20-2-1 et seq. of this code, that wildlife resources in this state shall be held as a public trust by the state and protected for the use and enjoyment of its citizens.
- (b) Legislative Findings, Intent, and Purpose. The Legislature finds that treatment of mine drainage reduces environmental harm by reducing toxic substances and pollution in the waters of the state. The Legislature finds that the necessary and expensive treatment of mine drainage to remove pollution from the waters of the state, and disposal of the same, may produce materials that contain valuable concentrations of rare earth elements, critical materials, and other substances which may be utilized for commercial gain. The Legislature finds that these materials found within the waters of the state are part of the water and can only be separated from the water with expensive and continuing investments of resources which may last for decades. The Legislature enacts this section with the intent of fulfilling the state's obligations to maintain reasonable standards of purity and quality of the waters of the state, consistent with public health and the protection of all forms of life, by encouraging investments into the treatment of mine drainage.
- (c) Notwithstanding any provision of this code or common law to the contrary, all chemical compounds, elements, and other potentially toxic materials which are found within the waters of this state, which are derived from the treatment of mine drainage, and which have economic value, may be used, sold, or transferred by the Department of Environmental Protection, or its designee, for commercial gain and benefit. All funds received by the department shall be deposited at the discretion of the secretary into the Special Reclamation Water Trust Fund or the Acid Mine Drainage Set-Aside Fund, and used by the department to fulfill its obligations under this code: *Provided*, That nothing in this subsection shall be construed to interfere with any existing contract or the ability of the department to enter into an agreement with private parties

with respect to the removal, sale, or transfer of said chemical compounds, elements, and other potentially toxic materials.

- (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this code or common law to the contrary, all chemical compounds, elements, and other potentially toxic materials which are found within the waters of this state which are derived from the treatment of mine drainage, and which have economic value, may be used, sold, or transferred by any party, other than the department, who successfully removes said chemical compounds, elements, and other potentially toxic materials from the waters of this state for commercial gain and benefit: *Provided*, That nothing in this subsection shall be construed to interfere with any existing contract or the ability of parties to enter into an agreement with respect to the removal, sale, or transfer of said chemical compounds, elements, and other potentially toxic materials.
- (e) The provisions of this section are severable, and if any part of this section is adjudged to be unconstitutional, unenforceable, or invalid, that determination does not affect the continuing validity of the remaining provisions of this section.

The bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4003), as amended, was then ordered to third reading.

Eng. House Bill 4019, Relating to deadlines for public charter schools.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4141,** Authorizing the Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency and Corrections to promulgate a legislative rule relating to Law Enforcement Training and Certification Standards.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4242**, Authorizing the Division of Labor to promulgate a legislative rule relating to Child Labor.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4295,** To transfer the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program from the Offices of the Insurance Commissioner to the Division of Emergency Management.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

At the request of Senator Azinger, as chair of the Committee on Banking and Insurance, and by unanimous consent, the unreported Banking and Insurance committee amendments to the bill were withdrawn.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on Government Organization, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

### **CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.**

### ARTICLE 5. DIVISION OF HOMELAND SECURITY AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.

# §15-5-20b. Continuation of the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program; transfer to the Division of Emergency Management; funding; responsibilities.

- (a) The Legislature, finding that the National Flood Insurance Program is a voluntary federal program under which federal flood insurance is made available to participating communities and is of vital importance to the citizens of West Virginia, does hereby continue the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program. Effective July 1, 2022, the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program shall transfer from the Offices of the Insurance Commissioner to the Division of Emergency Management established pursuant to §15-5-3 of this code. The Division of Emergency Management shall provide office space, equipment, and supplies for the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program, which shall be funded, in part, from the special revenue fund established in §33-3-14(c) of this code.
- (b) The State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program shall issue guidance and instructions as necessary to administer the program effectively. The State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program shall offer and conduct training as required by §15-5-20a of this code and adopt adequate land use and development criteria that are consistent with the minimum standards established by the National Flood Insurance Program. The State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program shall be under the supervision of the Director of the Division of Emergency Management who shall employ staff as needed to operate the program.
- (c) The Director of the Division of Emergency Management may propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code as necessary to administer the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program and any of the program's responsibilities. Any state-owned property located in a non-participating local community shall be governed by rules proposed by the Director of the Division of Emergency Management.
- (d) The State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program, in consultation with the Director of the Division of Emergency Management, and with the assistance of floodplain managers around the state, shall develop and publish a strategic plan to establish shared goals, define a path to meet those goals, and shall invite other governmental units to adopt these goals and objectives. The strategic plan shall be initially presented by the Director of the Division of Emergency Management to the State Resiliency Officer and to the State Resiliency Office Board who shall review and approve the strategic plan, and that plan shall be so presented and approved no less than biannually thereafter. The strategic plan shall be made available to the public.
- (e) The State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program shall establish floodplain management guidelines for any state property in special hazard areas which, at a minimum, satisfy the criteria set forth in 44 CFR §§60.3, 60.4, and 60.5 (2022).
- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program shall cooperate with the State Resiliency Office to the fullest extent practicable to assist that office in fulfilling its duties.

### **CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.**

#### ARTICLE 2. INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

# §33-2-23. Creation Transfer of assets of the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program; responsibilities.

- (a) The Legislature, finding that the National Flood Insurance Program is a voluntary federal program under which federal flood insurance is made available to participating communities is of vital importance to the citizens of West Virginia, does hereby create the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program, to be housed in the office of the Insurance Commissioner of West Virginia, and which office shall administer this program.
- (b) The State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program shall have a coordinator who shall issue such regulations, guidance, and instructions as necessary to effectively administer the program. The coordinator shall conduct trainings and will adopt and enforce adequate land use and development criteria that are consistent with the minimum standards established by the National Flood Insurance Program and shall report to the Insurance Commissioner.
- (c) Any state-owned property that is located in a nonparticipating local community will be governed by the rules promulgated by the Insurance Commissioner and filed in the Code of State Rules.
- (d) The coordinator, in consultation with the Insurance Commissioner, and with the assistance of floodplain managers around the state, shall develop and publish a strategic plan to establish shared goals, define a path to meet those goals, and shall invite other governmental units to adopt these goals and objectives. The strategic plan shall be initially presented by the Coordinator to the State Resiliency Officer and to the State Resiliency Office Board who shall review and approve the strategic plan, and that plan shall be so presented and approved no less than biannually thereafter. The strategic plan shall be made available to the public.
- (e) The coordinator shall establish and enforce flood plain management regulations for any state property in special hazard areas which, at a minimum, satisfy the criteria set forth in 44 CFR §§60.3, 60.4, and 60.5 (2019).
- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the coordinator shall cooperate with the State Resiliency Office to the fullest extent practicable to assist that office in fulfilling its duties

Effective July 1, 2022, the assets of the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program, which Office has been transferred to the Division of Emergency Management pursuant to §15-5-20b of this code, are hereby assigned and transferred to the Division of Emergency Management. The Director of the Division of Emergency Management may decline certain assets from being transferred pursuant to this section if he or she believes the assets are unnecessary for the proper operation of the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program.

### ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES AND TAXATION OF INSURERS.

- §33-3-14. Annual financial statement and premium tax return; remittance by insurer of premium tax, less certain deductions; special revenue fund funds created.
- (a) Every insurer transacting insurance in West Virginia shall file with the commissioner, on or before March 1, each year, a financial statement made under oath of its president or secretary

and on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The insurer shall also, on or before March 1 of each year subject to the provisions of §33-3-14c of this code, under the oath of its president or secretary, make a premium tax return for the previous calendar year on a form prescribed by the commissioner showing the gross amount of direct premiums, whether designated as a premium or by some other name, collected, and received by it during the previous calendar year on policies covering risks resident, located, or to be performed in this state and compute the amount of premium tax chargeable to it in accordance with the provisions of this article, deducting the amount of quarterly payments as required to be made pursuant to the provisions of §33-3-14c of this code, if any, less any adjustments to the gross amount of the direct premiums made during the calendar year, if any, and transmit with the return to the commissioner a remittance in full for the tax due. The tax is the sum equal to two percent of the taxable premium and also includes any additional tax due under §33-3-14a of this code. All taxes, except those received on write your own federal flood insurance premium taxes or private market flood insurance premium taxes, received by the commissioner shall be paid into the insurance tax fund created in §33-3-14(b) of this code. Provided. That no later than June 30 of each year. \$1.667,000 of the portion of taxes received by the commissioner from insurance policies for medical liability insurance as defined in §33-20F-3 of this code and from any insurer on its medical malpractice line shall be temporarily dedicated to replenishing moneys appropriated from the tobacco settlement account pursuant to §4-11A-2(c) of this code. Upon determination by the commissioner that these moneys have been fully replenished to the tobacco settlement account, the commissioner shall resume depositing taxes received from medical malpractice premiums as provided in §33-3-14(b) of this code

- (b) There is created in the State Treasury a special revenue fund, administered by the treasurer, designated the "insurance tax fund". This fund is not part of the General Revenue Fund of the state. It consists of all amounts deposited in the fund pursuant to §33-3-14(a), §33-3-14a, §33-3-15, and §33-3-17 of this code, except those received on write your own federal flood insurance premium taxes, any appropriations to the fund, all interest earned from investment of the fund, and any gifts, grants, or contributions received by the fund: *Provided*, That this subsection shall not apply to funds received on federal flood insurance premium taxes or private market flood insurance premium taxes, which are subject to §33-3-14(c) of this code. The treasurer shall, no later than the last business day of each month, transfer amounts from the insurance tax fund to the General Revenue Fund that the treasurer determines are not necessary for making premium tax refunds under this article or §33-43-1 et seq. of this code.
- (c) After the transfers authorized in this section, the treasurer shall, no later than the last business day of each month, transfer amounts the treasurer determines are not necessary for making refunds under this article to the credit of the General Revenue Fund
- (d) (c) There is created in the State Treasury a special revenue fund, administered by the treasurer, designated the "flood insurance tax fund". This fund is not part of the General Revenue Fund of the state. All taxes collected pursuant to §33-3-14(a) of this code from federal flood insurance policy premium taxes or private market flood insurance premium taxes shall be deposited into the flood insurance tax fund. The flood insurance tax fund shall contain collections, any appropriations to the fund, and any gifts, grants, and contributions received. The Treasurer shall distribute funds from the flood insurance tax fund for the operations and responsibilities of the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program, as provided in §15-5-20b of this code, for activities that promote and enhance floodplain management issues, and for subgrants to local units of government and other eligible entities after full consideration of the recommendations of the Division of Emergency Management.

(e) The treasurer is restricted to, and shall distribute from, the flood insurance tax fund for activities which promote and enhance flood plain management issues, and for subgrants to local units of government and other eligible entities after full consideration of the recommendations of the Office of Emergency Services

### §33-3-14a. Additional premium tax.

For the purpose of providing additional revenue for the state General Revenue Fund, there is hereby levied and imposed, in addition to the taxes imposed by §33-3-14 of this code, an additional premium tax equal to one percent of taxable premiums. Except as otherwise provided in this section, all provisions of this article relating to the levy, imposition, and collection of the regular premium tax imposed by §33-3-14 of this code shall be applicable to the levy, imposition, and collection of the additional tax imposed by this section. All moneys received from the additional tax imposed by this section, less deductions allowed by this article or §33-43-1 et seq. of this code for refunds and for costs of administration, shall be received by the commissioner and shall be paid by him or her into the State Treasury in accordance with §33-3-14(b) of this code for the benefit of the state fund General Revenue Fund: Provided, That each year, the first \$833,000 of the portion of taxes received by the commissioner from insurance policies for medical liability insurance as defined in section three, article twenty-f of this chapter and from any insurer on its medical malpractice line, shall be temporarily dedicated to replenishing moneys appropriated from the tobacco settlement account pursuant to subsection (c), section two, article eleven a of chapter four of this code moneys received pursuant to this section pertaining to federal flood insurance policy premium taxes or private market flood insurance premium taxes shall be deposited and distributed in accordance with §33-3-14(c) of this code. Upon determination by the commissioner that these moneys have been fully replenished to the tobacco settlement account, the commissioner shall resume depositing taxes received from medical malpractice premiums as provided herein.

The bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4295), as amended, was then ordered to third reading.

On motion of Senator Weld, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—31.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Rucker, Takubo, and Trump—3.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for House Bill 4295 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Beach, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Swope, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—32.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Rucker and Takubo—2.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4295) passed.

At the request of Senator Azinger, as chair of the Committee on Banking and Insurance, and by unanimous consent, the unreported Banking and Insurance committee amendment to the title of the bill was withdrawn.

The following amendment to the title of the bill, from the Committee on Government Organization, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4295—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §15-5-20b; to amend and reenact §33-2-23 of said code; and to amend and reenact §33-3-14 and §33-3-14a of said code, all relating to the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program; transferring the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program from the Offices of the Insurance Commissioner to the Division of Emergency Management; authorizing the Director of the Division of Emergency Management to employ staff for the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program; granting rule-making authority to the Division of Emergency Management; providing that state-owned property in any nonparticipating community shall be governed by rules proposed by the Division of Emergency Management; requiring the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program and floodplain managers to develop a strategic plan to meet goals and objectives, which shall be reviewed and approved by the State Resiliency Officer and State Resiliency Board; requiring the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program to establish floodplain management guidelines in special hazard areas which are in conformity with federal regulations; providing the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program shall cooperate with the State Resiliency Office to the fullest extent practicable to assist that office in fulfilling its duties; transferring the assets of the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program from the Offices of the Insurance Commissioner to the Division of Emergency Management; deleting obsolete language concerning temporary tax dedication to the tobacco settlement account; providing that private market flood insurance premium taxes be treated like federal flood insurance premium taxes; correcting terminology; clarifying that the additional premium tax applies to flood insurance premiums; and requiring the State Treasurer to distribute funds from the flood insurance tax fund to finance the operations and responsibilities of the State Office of the National Flood Insurance Program and for subgrants.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

The Senate proceeded to the thirteenth order of business.

Senator Blair (Mr. President) announced the replacement of Senator Takubo on the Committee on the Judiciary with Senator Blair (Mr. President). Senator Blair (Mr. President) then announced the replacement of Senator Takubo on the Committee on Finance with Senator Blair (Mr. President).

At the request of Senator Woelfel, unanimous consent being granted, Senator Woelfel addressed the Senate regarding Engrossed Committee Substitute for House Bill 4344 (*Relating to foster care*).

Pending announcement of meetings of standing committees of the Senate,

On motion of Senator Weld, at 12:33p.m., the Senate recessed until 5 p.m. today.

The Senate reconvened at 5:27 p.m. and, at the request of Senator Weld, unanimous consent being granted, returned to the ninth order of business, the next bill coming up in numerical sequence being

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4406, To establish the West Virginia Military Hall of Fame.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on Military, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

### ARTICLE 5. WEST VIRGINIA MILITARY HALL OF FAME.

# §9A-5-1. West Virginia Military Hall of Fame.

- (a)(1) The secretary shall create a West Virginia Military Hall of Fame with the mission to honor veterans of West Virginia who have distinguished themselves on the field of battle and who have also made significant contributions to the state or their communities following their military service. The honorees must:
- (A) Have been honorably discharged or separated under honorable conditions from the Armed Forces of the United States and be of good moral character; and
  - (B) Be natural born citizens of West Virginia; or
  - (C) Entered into or have been discharged from the Armed Forces in West Virginia; or
  - (D) Have resided in West Virginia for at least 8 years.
- (2) Nominations shall include a nomination form approved by the secretary, a DD214 or other supporting Department of Defense personnel records, or national or state archive records substantiating the nominee's military service, and a copy of any citation received, including any supporting documentation.
- (b) In order to be considered, a nominee must have been awarded any of the following during his or her time in service:
  - (1) Medal of Honor;
  - (2) Army Distinguished Service Cross;
  - (3) Navy Cross;
  - (4) Air Force Cross;
  - (5) Coast Guard Cross;

- (6) Silver Star;
- (7) Distinguished Flying Cross;
- (8) Bronze Star Medal with "V" Device;
- (9) Air Medal with "V" Device;
- (10) Commendation Medal With "V" Device;
- (11) Joint Service Achievement Medal With "V" Device; or
- (12) Purple Heart.
- (c) There shall be created the West Virginia Military Hall of Fame Board consisting of seven members who shall be residents of this state and who have served in and been honorably discharged or separated under honorable conditions from the Armed Forces of the United States. In addition to the seven members of the board, the secretary shall be an *ex officio* member and shall serve as its chair.
- (d) Where feasible, members of the board shall be veterans who are active in the veteran community, with consideration given to ensure a diverse representation of service branches in board membership. Additionally, no more than four members shall be from the same congressional district.
- (e) The secretary shall promulgate rules for legislative approval in accordance with §29A-3-1 et seg. of this code to implement the purpose and mission of the Military Hall of Fame.

The bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4406), as amended, was then ordered to third reading.

On motion of Senator Weld, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—31.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Swope, and Takubo—3.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for House Bill 4406 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—31.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Swope, and Takubo—3.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4406) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4418,** Relating to the Small Business Supplier Certification Assistance Program.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4420, To modify definitions of school bus operators...

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4430**, Relating to definitions of base salary and overtime for police and firemen pensions.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. House Bill 4438,** Applying current requirements for certain voting systems to be independent and non-networked to all voting systems that seek certification in West Virginia..

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4479,** Establishing the Coalfield Communities Grant Facilitation Commission.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

At the request of Senator Weld, and by unanimous consent, the bill was advanced to third reading with the unreported Economic Development committee amendment pending and the right for further amendments to be considered on that reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4499,** Relating to making the procurement process more efficient by modifying and updating outdated processes and requirements.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4562**, Relating generally to the suspension and dismissal of school personnel by board and the appeals process.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. House Bill 4578**, Relating to authorizing the Superintendent of the State Police to administer the Handle with Care program.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

On motion of Senator Weld, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—30.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Plymale, Swope, and Takubo—4.

Engrossed House Bill 4578 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—31.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Swope, and Takubo—3.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. H. B. 4578) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4583,** Clarifying the definition of incapacity so that incarceration in the penal system or detention outside of the United States may not be inferred as resulting in a lack of capacity to execute a power of attorney.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on the Judiciary, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

# **ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.**

### §39B-1-106. Validity of power of attorney.

(a) A power of attorney executed in this state on or after the effective date of this act is valid if its execution complies with section one hundred five of this article. §39B-1-105 of this code.

- (b) A power of attorney executed in this state before the effective date of this act is valid if its execution complied with the law of this state as it that existed at the time of execution.
- (c) A power of attorney executed other than in this state is valid in this state if, when the power of attorney was executed, the execution complied with:
- (1) The law of the jurisdiction that determines the meaning and effect of the power of attorney pursuant to §39B-1-107 of this code; or
  - (2) The requirements for a military power of attorney pursuant to 10 U. S. C. §1044b.
- (d) Except as otherwise provided by statute other than this act, a photocopy or electronically transmitted copy of an original power of attorney has the same effect as the original.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of §39B-1-102 of this code, the fact that a person is either detained, including being incarcerated in a penal system, or is outside the United States and unable to return, does not create an inference that the person lacks the capacity to execute a power of attorney.

The bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4583), as amended, was then ordered to third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4596,** Relating generally to additional persons qualifying for the provisions of the Law-Enforcement Officers Safety Act.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on the Judiciary, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

### CHAPTER 15A. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.

### ARTICLE 7. BUREAU OF COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS.

### §15A-7-5. Powers and duties of state parole officers.

- (a) Each state probation and parole officer employed by the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation shall:
- (1) Investigate all cases referred to him or her for investigation by the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation and report in writing on the investigation;
- (2) Update the standardized risk and needs assessment adopted by the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation pursuant to §62-12-13(h) of this code for each parolee for whom an assessment has not been conducted for parole by a specialized assessment officer;
- (3) Supervise each parolee according to the assessment and supervision standards determined by the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation;

- (4) Furnish to each parolee under his or her supervision a written statement of the conditions of his or her parole together with a copy of the rules prescribed by the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation for the supervision of parolees;
- (5) Keep informed concerning the conduct and condition of each parolee under his or her supervision and report on the conduct and condition of each parolee in writing as often as required by the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation;
- (6) Use all practicable and suitable methods to aid and encourage a parolee and to bring about improvement in his or her conduct and condition;
  - (7) Keep detailed records of his or her work;
- (8) Keep accurate and complete accounts of, and give receipts for, all money collected from parolees under his or her supervision, and pay over the money to persons designated by a circuit court or the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation:
- (9) Give bond with good security, to be approved by the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation, in a penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$3,000, as determined by the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation; and
  - (10) Perform any other duties required by the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation.
- (b) Each probation and parole officer, as described in this article, may, with or without an order or warrant:
- (1) Arrest or order confinement of any parolee or probationer under his or her supervision; and
- (2) Search a parolee or probationer, or a parolee or probationer's residence or property, under his or her supervision. A probation and parole officer may apply for a search warrant, and execute the search warrant, in connection to a parolee's whereabouts, or a parolee's activities. He or she has all the powers of a notary public, with authority to act anywhere within the state.
- (c) Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, The the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation may issue a certificate authorizing any state parole officer who has successfully completed the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation's training program for firearms certification, which is the equivalent of that required of any correctional employee under §15A-3-10 of this code, to carry firearms or concealed weapons. Any parole officer authorized by the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation may, without a state license, carry firearms and concealed weapons. Each state parole officer, authorized by the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation, shall carry with him or her a certificate authorizing him or her to carry a firearm or concealed weapon bearing the official signature of the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation.
- (d) State parole officers, in recognition of the duties of their employment supervising confinement and supervised release, and the inherent arrest powers for violation of the same which constitute law enforcement, are determined to be qualified law-enforcement officers as that term is used in 18 U.S.C §926B.

- (e) Any state parole officer may carry a concealed firearm for self-defense purposes pursuant to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. § 926B if the following criteria are met:
- (1) The Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation has a written policy authorizing a state parole officer to carry a concealed firearm for self-defense purposes;
- (2) For those state parole officers wishing to avail themselves of the provisions of this subdivision, there shall be in place in the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation a requirement that those state parole officers must annually qualify in the use of a firearm with standards which are equal to or exceed those required of sheriff's deputies by the Law-Enforcement Professional Standards Program; and
- (3) The Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation issues a photographic identification and certification card which identify the state parole officers who meet the provisions of this subdivision, as law-enforcement employees of the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation pursuant to the provisions of §30-29-12 of this code.
  - (f) Any policy instituted pursuant to this subsection shall include provisions which:
  - (1) Preclude or remove a person from participation in the concealed firearm program;
- (2) Preclude from participation persons prohibited by federal or state law from possessing or receiving a firearm and;
- (3) Prohibit persons from carrying a firearm pursuant to the provisions of this subsection while in an impaired state as defined in §17C-5-2 of this code.
- (g) Any state parole officer who participates in a program authorized by the provisions of this subsection is responsible, at his or her expense, for obtaining and maintaining a suitable firearm and ammunition.
- (h) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting the amendments to this section during the 2022, regular session of the Legislature to authorize those state parole officers wishing to do so to meet the requirements of the federal Law-Enforcement Officer's Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B.
- (i) The privileges authorized by the amendments in this section enacted during the 2022, regular session of the Legislature are wholly within the discretion of the Commissioner of Corrections and Rehabilitation.

### **CHAPTER 30. PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS.**

### ARTICLE 29. LAW-ENFORCEMENT TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION.

### §30-29-1. Definitions.

For the purposes of this article, unless a different meaning clearly appears in the context:

- (1) "Approved law-enforcement training academy" means any training facility which is approved and authorized to conduct law-enforcement training as provided in this article;
- (2) "Chief executive" means the Superintendent of the State Police; the chief Natural Resources police officer of the Division of Natural Resources; the sheriff of any West Virginia

county; any administrative deputy appointed by the chief natural resources police officer of the Division of Natural Resources; or the chief of any West Virginia municipal law-enforcement agency;

- (3) "County" means the 55 major political subdivisions of the state:
- (4) "Exempt rank" means any noncommissioned or commissioned rank of sergeant or above;
- (5) "Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency, and Correction" or "Governor's committee" means the Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency, and Correction established as a state planning agency pursuant to §15-9-1 of this code;
- (6) "Law-enforcement officer" means any duly authorized member of a law-enforcement agency who is authorized to maintain public peace and order, prevent and detect crime, make arrests, and enforce the laws of the state or any county or municipality thereof, other than parking ordinances, and includes those persons employed as campus police officers at state institutions of higher education in accordance with the provisions of §18B-4-5 of this code, persons employed as hospital police officers in accordance with the provisions of §16-5B-19 of this code, and persons employed by the Public Service Commission as motor carrier inspectors and weightenforcement officers charged with enforcing commercial motor vehicle safety and weight restriction laws, although those institutions and agencies may not be considered law-enforcement agencies. The term also includes those persons employed as county litter control officers charged with enforcing litter laws: Provided, That those persons have been trained and certified as lawenforcement officers and that certification is currently active. The term also includes those persons employed as rangers by resort area districts in accordance with the provisions of §7-25-23 of this code, although no resort area district may be considered a law-enforcement agency: Provided, however, That the subject rangers shall pay the tuition and costs of training. As used in this article, the term "law-enforcement officer" does not apply to the chief executive of any West Virginia law-enforcement agency, or nor to any watchman or special natural resources police officer;
- (7) "Law-enforcement official" means the duly appointed chief administrator of a designated law-enforcement agency or a duly authorized designee;
- (8) "Municipality" means any incorporated town or city whose boundaries lie within the geographic boundaries of the state;
- (9) "Pre-certified law-enforcement officer" means a person employed or offered employment by a West Virginia law-enforcement agency prior to his or her initial certification by the subcommittee. This term does not include a person employed or offered employment by a West Virginia law-enforcement agency whose certification status is inactive, suspended, or has been revoked;
- (10) "Subcommittee" or "law-enforcement professional standards subcommittee" means the subcommittee of the Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency, and Correction created by §30-29-2 of this code; and
- (11) "West Virginia law-enforcement agency" means any duly authorized state, county, or municipal organization employing one or more persons whose responsibility is the enforcement of laws of the state or any county or municipality thereof: *Provided*, That neither the Public Service

Commission nor any state institution of higher education, nor any hospital, nor any resort area district is a law-enforcement agency.

### **CHAPTER 49. CHILD WELFARE.**

#### **ARTICLE 4. COURT ACTIONS.**

# §49-4-719. Juvenile probation officers; appointment; salary; facilities; expenses; duties; powers.

- (a)(1) Each circuit court, subject to the approval of the Supreme Court of Appeals and in accordance with the rules of the Supreme Court of Appeals, shall appoint one or more juvenile probation officers and clerical assistants for the circuit. A probation officer or clerical assistant may not be related by blood or marriage to the appointing judge.
- (2) The salary for juvenile probation officers and clerical assistants shall be determined and fixed by the Supreme Court of Appeals. All expenses and costs incurred by the juvenile probation officers and their staff shall be paid by the Supreme Court of Appeals in accordance with its rules. The county commission of each county shall provide adequate office facilities for juvenile probation officers and their staff. All equipment and supplies required by juvenile probation officers and their staff shall be provided by the Supreme Court of Appeals.
- (3) A juvenile probation officer may not be considered a law-enforcement official under this chapter
- (b) In recognition of the duties of their employment supervising confinement and supervised release, and the inherent arrest powers for violation of the same which constitute law enforcement, state juvenile probation officers are determined to be qualified law-enforcement officers as that term is used in 18 U.S.C. § 926B.
- (c) Any state juvenile probation officer may carry a concealed firearm for self-defense purposes pursuant to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. § 926B if the following criteria are met:
- (1) The Supreme Court of Appeals has a written policy authorizing a state juvenile probation officer to carry a concealed firearm for self-defense purposes;
- (2) There shall be in place in the Supreme Court of Appeals a requirement that state juvenile probation officers must annually qualify in the use of a firearm with standards which are equal to or exceed those required of sheriff's deputies by the Law-Enforcement Professional Standards Program; and
- (3) The Supreme Court of Appeals issues a photographic identification and certification card which identify the state juvenile probation officers as law-enforcement employees as that term is contemplated by 18 U.S.C. § 926B.
  - (d) Any policy instituted pursuant to this subsection includes provisions which:
  - (1) Preclude or remove a person from participation in the concealed firearm program;
- (2) Preclude from participation persons prohibited by federal or state law from possessing or receiving a firearm and;

- (3) Prohibit persons from carrying a firearm pursuant to the provisions of this subsection while in an impaired state as defined in §17C-5-2 of this code.
- (e) Any state juvenile probation officer who participates in a program authorized by the provisions of this subsection is responsible, at his or her expense, for obtaining and maintaining a suitable firearm and ammunition.
- (f) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting the amendments to this section during the 2022, regular session of the Legislature to authorize state juvenile probation officers wishing to do so to meet the requirements of the federal Law-Enforcement Officer's Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B.
- (g) The privileges authorized by the amendments to this section enacted during the 2022, regular session of the Legislature are wholly within the discretion of the Supreme Court of Appeals.
- (b) (h) The clerk of a court shall notify, if practicable, the chief probation officer of the county, or his or her designee, when a juvenile is brought before the court or judge for proceedings under this article. When notified, or if the probation officer otherwise obtains knowledge of such fact, he or she or one of his or her assistants shall:
  - (1) Make investigation of the case; and
  - (2) Furnish information and assistance that the court or judge may require.
- (c)(i) (1) The Supreme Court of Appeals may develop a system of community-based juvenile probation sanctions and incentives to be used by probation officers in response to violations of terms and conditions of probation and to award incentives for positive behavior.
- (2) The community-based juvenile probation sanctions and incentives may consist of a continuum of responses from the least restrictive to the most restrictive, designed to respond swiftly, proportionally, and consistently to violations of the terms and conditions of probation and to reward compliance therewith.
- (3) The purpose of community-based juvenile probation sanctions and incentives is to reduce the amount of resources and time spent by the court addressing probation violations, to reduce the likelihood of a new status or delinquent act, and to encourage and reward positive behavior by the juvenile on probation prior to any attempt to place a juvenile in an out-of-home placement.

#### **CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.**

### ARTICLE 7. DANGEROUS WEAPONS.

- §61-7-11a. Possessing deadly weapons on premises of educational facilities; reports by school principals; suspension of driver's license; possessing deadly weapons on premises housing courts of law and family law courts.
- (a) The Legislature finds that the safety and welfare of the citizens of this state are inextricably dependent upon assurances of safety for children attending and persons employed by schools in this state and for persons employed by the judicial department of this state. It is for the purpose of providing assurances of safety that §61-7-11a(b), §61-7-11a(g), and §61-7-11a(h), of this code and §61-7-11a(b)(2)(I) of this code, are enacted as a reasonable regulation of the manner in which

citizens may exercise the rights accorded to them pursuant to section 22, article III of the Constitution of the State of West Virginia.

- (b) (1) It is unlawful to possess a firearm or other deadly weapon:
- (A) On a school bus as defined in §17A-1-1 of this code;
- (B) In or on the grounds of any primary or secondary educational facility of any type: *Provided*, That it shall not be unlawful to possess a firearm or other deadly weapon in or on the grounds of any private primary or secondary school, if such institution has adopted a written policy allowing for possession of firearms or other deadly weapons in the facility or on the grounds thereof of the facility; or
- (C) At a school-sponsored function that is taking place in a specific area that is owned, rented, or leased by the West Virginia Department of Education, the West Virginia Secondary Schools Activities Commission, a county school board, or local public school for the actual period of time the function is occurring;
  - (2) This subsection does not apply to:
- (A) A law-enforcement officer employed by a federal, state, county, or municipal law-enforcement agency;
- (B) Any probation officer appointed pursuant to §62-12-5 of this code or state juvenile probation officer appointed pursuant to §49-4-719 chapter 49 of this code, in the performance of his or her duties;
- (C) Any home confinement supervisor employed by a county commission pursuant to §61-11B-7a of this code in the performance of his or her duties;
- (D) A state parole officer appointed pursuant to §15A-7-5 of this code, while in performance of his or her official duties;
- (C) (E) A retired law-enforcement officer who meets all the requirements to carry a firearm as a qualified retired law-enforcement officer under the Law-Enforcement Officer Safety Act of 2004, as amended, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 926C(c), carries that firearm in a concealed manner, and has on his or her person official identification in accordance with that act;
- (D) (F) A person, other than a student of a primary and secondary facility, specifically authorized by the board of education of the county or principal of the school where the property is located to conduct programs with valid educational purposes;
- (E) (G) A person who, as otherwise permitted by the provisions of this article, possesses an unloaded firearm or deadly weapon in a motor vehicle or leaves an unloaded firearm or deadly weapon in a locked motor vehicle;
- (F) (H) Programs or raffles conducted with the approval of the county board of education or school which include the display of unloaded firearms;
- (G) (I) The official mascot of West Virginia University, commonly known as the Mountaineer, acting in his or her official capacity;

- (H) (J) The official mascot of Parkersburg South High School, commonly known as the Patriot, acting in his or her official capacity; or
- (I) (K) Any person, 21 years old or older, who has a valid concealed handgun permit. That person may possess a concealed handgun while in a motor vehicle in a parking lot, traffic circle, or other areas of vehicular ingress or egress to a public school: *Provided*, That:
- (i) When he or she is occupying the vehicle, the person stores the handgun out of view from persons outside the vehicle; or
- (ii) When he or she is not occupying the vehicle, the person stores the handgun out of view from persons outside the vehicle, the vehicle is locked, and the handgun is in a glove box or other interior compartment, or in a locked trunk, or in a locked container securely fixed to the vehicle.
- (3) A person violating this subsection is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility for a definite term of years of not less than two years nor more than 10 years, or fined not more than \$5,000, or both fined and imprisoned.
- (c) A school principal subject to the authority of the State Board of Education who discovers a violation of §61-7-11a(b) of this code shall report the violation as soon as possible to:
- (1) The State Superintendent of Schools. The State Board of Education shall keep and maintain these reports and may prescribe rules establishing policy and procedures for making and delivering the reports as required by this subsection; and
  - (2) The appropriate local office of the State Police, county sheriff, or municipal police agency.
- (d) In addition to the methods of disposition provided by §49-5-1 *et seq.* of this code, a court which adjudicates a person who is 14 years of age or older as delinquent for a violation of §61-7-11a(b) of this code, may order the Division of Motor Vehicles to suspend a driver's license or instruction permit issued to the person for a period of time as the court considers appropriate, not to extend beyond the person's 19th birthday. If the person has not been issued a driver's license or instruction permit by this state, a court may order the Division of Motor Vehicles to deny the person's application for a license or permit for a period of time as the court considers appropriate, not to extend beyond the person's 19th birthday. A suspension ordered by the court pursuant to this subsection is effective upon the date of entry of the order. Where the court orders the suspension of a driver's license or instruction permit pursuant to this subsection, the court shall confiscate any driver's license or instruction permit in the adjudicated person's possession and forward <u>it</u> to the Division of Motor Vehicles.
- (e)(1) If a person 18 years of age or older is convicted of violating §61-7-11a(b) of this code, and if the person does not act to appeal the conviction within the time periods described in §61-7-11a(e)(2) of this code, the person's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state shall be revoked in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (2) The clerk of the court in which the person is convicted as described in §61-7-11a(e)(1) of this code shall forward to the commissioner a transcript of the judgment of conviction. If the conviction is the judgment of a magistrate court, the magistrate court clerk shall forward the transcript when the person convicted has not requested an appeal within 20 days of the sentencing for the conviction. If the conviction is the judgment of a circuit court, the circuit clerk shall forward a transcript of the judgment of conviction when the person convicted has not filed a

notice of intent to file a petition for appeal or writ of error within 30 days after the judgment was entered.

- (3) If, upon examination of the transcript of the judgment of conviction, the commissioner determines that the person was convicted as described in §61-7-11a(e)(1) of this code, the commissioner shall make and enter an order revoking the person's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state for a period of one year or, in the event the person is a student enrolled in a secondary school, for a period of one year or until the person's 20th birthday, whichever is the greater period. The order shall contain the reasons for the revocation and the revocation period. The order of suspension shall advise the person that because of the receipt of the court's transcript, a presumption exists that the person named in the order of suspension is the same person named in the transcript. The commissioner may grant an administrative hearing which substantially complies with the requirements of the provisions of §17C-5A-2 of this code upon a preliminary showing that a possibility exists that the person named in the notice of conviction is not the same person whose license is being suspended. The request for hearing shall be made within 10 days after receipt of a copy of the order of suspension. The sole purpose of this hearing is for the person requesting the hearing to present evidence that he or she is not the person named in the notice. If the commissioner grants an administrative hearing, the commissioner shall stay the license suspension pending the commissioner's order resulting from the hearing.
- (4) For the purposes of this subsection, a person is convicted when he or she enters a plea of guilty or is found guilty by a court or jury.
- (f)(1) It is unlawful for a parent, guardian, or custodian of a person less than 18 years of age who knows that the person is in violation of §61-7-11a(b) of this code or has reasonable cause to believe that the person's violation of §61-7-11a(b) of this code is imminent to fail to immediately report his or her knowledge or belief to the appropriate school or law-enforcement officials.
- (2) A person violating this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or shall be confined in jail not more than one year, or both fined and confined.
- (g)(1) It is unlawful for a person to possess a firearm or other deadly weapon on the premises of a court of law, including family courts.
  - (2) This subsection does not apply to:
  - (A) A law-enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity; and
- (B) A person exempted from the provisions of this subsection by order of record entered by a court with jurisdiction over the premises or offices.
- (3) A person violating this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or shall be confined in jail not more than one year, or both fined and confined.
- (h)(1) It is unlawful for a person to possess a firearm or other deadly weapon on the premises of a court of law, including family courts, with the intent to commit a crime.

- (2) A person violating this subsection is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility for a definite term of years of not less than two years nor more than 10 years, or fined not more than \$5,000, or both fined and imprisoned.
  - (i) Nothing in this section may be construed to be in conflict with the provisions of federal law.

#### **CHAPTER 62. CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.**

### ARTICLE 11B. HOME INCARCERATION ACT.

# §62-11B-7b. Home incarceration supervisors deemed qualified law-enforcement officers as that term is used in 18 U.S.C. §926B.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, for purposes of this section it is hereby recognized that home incarceration is a form of confinement as that term is used in 18 U.S.C. § 926B.
- (b) In recognition of the duties of their employment supervising confinement and supervised release, and the inherent arrest powers for violation of the same which constitute law enforcement, home incarceration supervisors, are determined to be qualified law-enforcement officers as that term is used in 18 U.S.C. § 926B.
- (c) Any home incarceration supervisor may carry a concealed firearm for self-defense purposes pursuant to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. § 926B if the following criteria are met:
- (1) The home incarceration program has a written policy authorizing home incarceration supervisors to carry a concealed firearm for self-defense purposes.
- (2) There is in place in the home incarceration program a requirement that the home incarceration supervisors must regularly qualify in the use of a firearm with standards for qualification which are equal to, or exceed those required of sheriff's deputies in the county in which the home incarceration supervisors are employed; and
- (3) The home incarceration program issues a photographic identification and certification card which identify the home incarceration supervisors as law-enforcement employees of the home incarceration program of §30-29-12 of this code.
- (d) Any policy instituted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall include provisions which:
  - (1) Preclude or remove a person from participation in the concealed firearm program;
- (2) Preclude from participation persons prohibited by federal or state law from possessing or receiving a firearm; and
- (3) Prohibit persons from carrying a firearm pursuant to the provisions of this subsection while in an impaired state as defines in §17C-5-2 of this code.
- (e) Any home incarceration supervisor who participates in a program authorized by the provisions of this subsection is responsible, at his or her expense, for obtaining and maintaining a suitable firearm and ammunition.

- (f) The privileges authorized by the amendments to this section enacted during the 2022, regular session of the Legislature are wholly within the discretion of the supervising authority over the home incarceration supervisors.
- (g) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting the amendments to this section during the 2021 regular session of the Legislature to authorize home incarceration programs wishing to do so to allow home incarceration supervisors to meet the requirements of the federal Law-Enforcement Officer's Safety Act. 18 U.S.C. § 926B.

### ARTICLE 12. PROBATION AND PAROLE.

### §62-12-5. Probation officers and assistants.

- (a) Each circuit court, subject to the approval of the Supreme Court of Appeals and in accordance with its rules, is authorized to appoint one or more probation officers and clerical assistants.
- (b) The appointment of probation officers and clerical assistants shall be in writing and entered on the order book of the court by the judge making such appointment and a copy of said the order of appointment shall be delivered to the Administrative Director of the Supreme Court of Appeals. The order of appointment shall state the annual salary, fixed by the judge and approved by the Supreme Court of Appeals, to be paid to the appointed probation officer or clerical assistants—so appointed.
- (c) The salary of probation officers and clerical assistants shall be paid at least twice per month, as the Supreme Court of Appeals by rule may direct, and they shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the line of duty in the field. The salary and expenses shall be paid by the state from the judicial accounts thereof. The county commission shall provide adequate office space for the probation officer and his or her assistants to be approved by the appointing court. The equipment and supplies as may be needed by the probation officer and his or her assistants shall be provided by the state and the cost thereof shall be charged against the judicial accounts of the state.
- (d) No A judge may not appoint any probation officer, assistant probation officer, or clerical assistant who is related to him or her either by consanguinity or affinity.
- (e) Subject to the approval of the Supreme Court of Appeals and in accordance with its rules, a judge of a circuit court whose circuit comprises more than one county may appoint a probation officer and a clerical assistant in each county of the circuit or may appoint the same persons to serve in these respective positions in two or more counties in the circuit.
- (f) Nothing contained in this section alters, modifies, affects, or supersedes the appointment or tenure of any probation officer, medical assistant, or psychiatric assistant appointed by any court under any special act of the Legislature heretofore enacted, and the salary or compensation of those persons shall remain as specified in the most recent amendment of any special act until changed by the court, with approval of the Supreme Court of Appeals, by order entered of record, and any such salary or compensation shall be paid out of the State Treasury.
- (g) In order to carry out the supervision responsibilities set forth in §62-26-12 of this code, the Administrative Director of the Supreme Court of Appeals, or his or her designee, in accordance with the court's procedures, is authorized may to hire multijudicial-circuit probation officers, to be

employed through the court's Division of Probation Services. Such officers may also supervise probationers who are on probation for sexual offences with the approval of the administrative director of the Supreme Court of Appeals or his or her designee.

- (h) In recognition of the duties of their employment supervising confinement and supervised release, and the inherent arrest powers for violation of the same which constitute law enforcement, state probation officers are determined to be qualified law-enforcement officers as that term is used in 18 U.S.C. § 926B.
- (i) Any state probation officer may carry a concealed firearm for self-defense purposes pursuant to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. § 926B if the following criteria are met:
- (1) The Supreme Court of Appeals has a written policy authorizing probation officers to carry a concealed firearm for self-defense purposes.
- (2) There is in place a requirement that the state probation officers annually qualify in the use of a firearm with standards for qualification which are equal to, or exceed those required of sheriff's deputies by the Law-Enforcement Professional Standards Program;
- (3) The Supreme Court of Appeals issues a photographic identification and certification card which identify the state probation officers as qualified law-enforcement employees pursuant to the provisions of §30-29-12 of this code.
  - (j) Any policy instituted pursuant to this subsection shall include provisions which:
  - (1) Preclude or remove a person from participation in the concealed firearm program;
- (2) Preclude from participation persons prohibited by federal or state law from possessing or receiving a firearm and;
- (3) Prohibit persons from carrying a firearm pursuant to the provisions of this subsection while in an impaired state as defines in §17C-5-2 of this code.
- (k) Any state probation officer who participates in a program authorized by the provisions of this subsection is responsible, at his or her expense, for obtaining and maintaining a suitable firearm and ammunition.
- (I) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting the amendments to this section during the 2022 regular session of the Legislature to authorize state probation officers wishing to do so to meet the requirements of the federal Law-Enforcement Officer's Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B.
- (m) The privileges authorized by the amendments to this section enacted during the 2022 regular session of the Legislature are wholly within the discretion of the Supreme Court of Appeals.

### §62-12-6. Powers and duties of probation officers.

- (a) Each probation officer shall:
- (1) Investigate all cases which the court refers to the officer for investigation and shall report in writing on each case;

- (2) Conduct a standardized risk and needs assessment, using the instrument adopted by the Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia, for any probationer for whom an assessment has not been conducted either prior to placement on probation or by a specialized assessment officer. The results of all standardized risk and needs assessments are confidential;
- (3) Supervise the probationer and enforce probation according to assessment and supervision standards adopted by the Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia;
- (4) Furnish to each person released on probation under the officer's supervision a written statement of the probationer's conditions of probation together with a copy of the rules prescribed by the Supreme Court of Appeals;
- (5) Stay informed concerning the conduct and condition of each probationer under the officer's supervision and report on the conduct and condition of each probationer in writing as often as the court requires;
- (6) Use all practicable and suitable methods to aid and encourage the probationer to improve his or her conduct and condition;
- (7) Perform random drug and alcohol testing on probationers under his or her supervision as directed by the circuit court;
  - (8) Maintain detailed work records; and
  - (9) Perform any other duties the court requires.
- (b) The probation officer may, with or without an order or warrant, arrest any probationer as provided in section 10 of this article, and arrest any person on supervised release when there is reasonable cause to believe that the person on supervised release has violated a condition of release. A person on supervised release who is arrested shall be brought before the court for a prompt and summary hearing.
  - (c) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary:
- (1) Any probation officer appointed on or after July 1, 2002, may carry handguns in the course of the officer's official duties after meeting specialized qualifications established by the Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency and Correction. The qualifications shall include the successful completion of handgun training, which is comparable to the handgun training provided to lawenforcement officers by the State Police and includes a minimum of four hours' training in handgun safety.
- (2) Probation officers may only carry handguns in the course of their official duties after meeting the specialized qualifications set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (3) Nothing in this subsection includes probation officers within the meaning of lawenforcement officers as defined in section one, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of this code.
- (d) The Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia may adopt a standardized risk and needs assessment with risk cut-off scores for use by probation officers, taking into consideration the assessment instrument adopted by the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation under subsection (h), section 13 of this article and the responsibility of the Division of Justice and

Community Services to evaluate the use of the standardized risk and needs assessment. The results of any standardized risk and needs assessment are confidential.

The bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4596), as amended, was then ordered to third reading.

**Eng. House Bill 4604**, Relating to abolishing the Workforce Development Initiative Program Advisory Council.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

Eng. House Bill 4647, Relating to the Board of Funeral Service Examiners.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

The following amendment to the bill, from the Committee on Government Organization, was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

### ARTICLE 6. BOARD OF FUNERAL SERVICE EXAMINERS.

### §30-6-3. Definitions.

As used in this article, the following words and terms have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Alkaline hydrolysis" means the reduction of a dead human body to essential elements through a water-based dissolution process using alkaline chemicals, heat, agitation, and pressure to accelerate natural decomposition; the processing of hydrolyzed remains after removal from the alkaline hydrolysis vessel; placement of the processed remains in a hydrolyzed remains container; and release of the hydrolyzed remains to an appropriate party. Alkaline hydrolysis is a form of final disposition.

- (a) "Apprentice" means a person who is preparing to become a licensed funeral director <u>or a funeral service licensee</u> and embalmer and is learning the practice of embalming, funeral directing, or cremation under the direct supervision and personal instruction of a duly licensed embalmer or funeral director funeral service licensee.
- (b) "Authorized representative" means a person legally authorized or entitled to order the cremation <u>or burial</u> of the deceased, as established by rule. An authorized representative may include in the following order of precedence:
- (1) (a) The deceased, who has expressed his or her wishes regarding the disposal of their remains through a last will and testament, an advance directive, or preneed funeral contract, as defined in §45-14-2 of this code;
- (2) (b) The surviving spouse of the deceased, unless a petition to dissolve the marriage was pending at the time of decedent's death;
- (3) (c) An individual previously designated by the deceased as the person with the right to control disposition of the deceased's remains in a writing signed and notarized by the deceased:

*Provided*, That no person may be designated to serve in such capacity for more than one nonrelative at any one time;

- (4) (d) The deceased's next of kin;
- (5) (e) A court order;
- (6) (f) A public official who is charged with arranging the final disposition of an indigent deceased; or
- (7) (g) A representative of an institution who is charged with arranging the final disposition of a deceased who donated his or her body to science.
  - (c) "Board" means the West Virginia Board of Funeral Service Examiners.
  - (d) "Certificate" means a certification by the board to be a crematory operator.
- (e) "Courtesy card holder" means a person who only practices funeral directing periodically in West Virginia and is a licensed embalmer and funeral director in a state which borders West Virginia.
- (f) "Cremated remains" or "cremains" means all human remains, including foreign matter cremated with the human, recovered after the completion of cremation.
- (g) "Cremation" means the mechanical or thermal process whereby a dead human body is reduced to ashes and bone fragments and then further reduced by additional pulverization, burning, or re-cremating when necessary.
- (h) "Crematory" means a licensed place of business where a deceased human body is reduced to ashes and bone fragments. and includes a crematory that stands alone or is part of or associated with a funeral establishment
  - (i) "Crematory operator" means a person certified by the board to operate a crematory.
- (j) "Crematory operator in charge" means a certified crematory operator who accepts responsibility for the operation of a crematory.
  - (k) "Deceased" means a dead human being for which a death certificate is required.
  - (H) "Embalmer" means a person licensed to practice embalming.
- (m) "Embalming" means the practice of introducing chemical substances, fluids, or gases used for the purpose of preservation or disinfection into the vascular system or hollow organs of a dead human body by arterial or hypodermic injection for the restoration of the physical appearance of a deceased.
- (n) "Funeral" means a service, ceremony, or rites performed for the deceased with a body present.
  - (o) "Funeral directing" means the business of engaging in the following:
  - (1) (a) The shelter, custody, or care of a deceased;

- (2) The preparation of a deceased for burial or other disposition
- (3) (b) The arranging or supervising of a funeral or memorial service for a deceased; and
- (4) (c) The maintenance of a funeral establishment for the preparation, care, or disposition of a deceased.
  - (p) "Funeral director" means a person licensed to practice funeral directing.
- (q) "Funeral establishment" means a licensed place of business devoted to the care, preparation, and arrangements for the transporting, embalming, funeral, burial, or other disposition of a deceased. A funeral establishment can include a licensed crematory.
- (r) "Funeral service licensee" means a person licensed after July 1, 2003, to practice embalming and funeral directing.
  - (s) "License" means a license, which is not transferable or assignable, to:
  - (1) (a) Practice embalming and funeral directing; and,
  - (2) (b) Operate a crematory or a funeral establishment.
  - (t) "Licensee" means a person holding a license issued under the provisions of this article.
- (u) "Licensee in charge" means a licensed embalmer and funeral director who accepts responsibility for the operation of a funeral establishment.
- (v) "Memorial service" means a service, ceremony, or rites performed for the deceased without a body present.
- (w) "Mortuary" means a licensed place of business devoted solely to the shelter, care, and embalming of the deceased.
- (x) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, not-for-profit organization, or any other organization.
- (y) "Registration" means a registration issued by the board to be an apprentice to learn the practice of embalming, funeral directing, or cremation.
  - (z) "State" means the State of West Virginia.

### §30-6-8. Embalmer license requirements.

- (a) The board shall issue a license to practice embalming to an applicant who:
- (1) (a) Is of good moral character Is free of a felony conviction bearing a rational nexus to the profession pursuant to §30-1-24 of this code;
  - (2) (b) Is 18 years of age or over;
  - (3) (c) Is a citizen of the United States or is eligible for employment in the United States;

- (4) (d) Has a high school diploma or its equivalent;
- (5) (e) Has completed one of the following education requirements, as evidenced by a transcript submitted to the board for evaluation:
  - (A) (i) (1)(A) Has an associate degree from an accredited college or university; or
- (ii) (2) Has successfully completed at least 60 semester hours or 90 quarter hours of academic work in an accredited college or university toward a baccalaureate degree with a declared major field of study; and
- (iii) (3) Has graduated from a school of mortuary science, accredited by the American Board of Funeral Service Education, Inc., which requires as a prerequisite to graduation the completion of a course of study of not less than 12 months; or
  - (B) Has a bachelor degree in mortuary science from an accredited college or university;
- (6) (f) Has completed a one-year apprenticeship, under the supervision of a licensed embalmer and funeral director actively and lawfully engaged in the practice of embalming and funeral directing in this state, which apprenticeship consisted of:
- (A) (1) Diligent attention to the work in the course of regular and steady employment and not as a side issue to another employment; and
  - (B) (2) The apprentice taking an active part in:
  - (i) (A) The operation of embalming not less than 35 dead human bodies; and
  - (ii) (B) Conducting not less than 35 funeral services;
  - (7) (g) Passes, with an average score of not less than 75 percent, the following examinations:
- (A) (1) The National Conference of Funeral Services International Conference of Funeral Service Examining Boards examination at a testing site provided by the national conference, which passage is a condition precedent to taking the state law examination;
- (B) The state law examination administered by the board, which examination must be offered at least twice each year
- (B) (2) The West Virginia Laws, Rules, and Regulations Examination, administered by the International Conference of Funeral Service Examining Boards; and
  - (C) (3) Any other examination required by the board; and
  - (8) (h) Has paid all the appropriate fees.
- (b) A license to practice embalming issued by the board prior to July 1, 2012, shall for all purposes be considered a license issued under this section: *Provided*, That a person holding a license issued prior to July 1, 2012, must renew the license pursuant to the provisions of this article.

### §30-6-9. Funeral director license requirements.

- (a) The board shall issue a license to practice funeral directing to an applicant who meets the following requirements:
  - (1) Holds an embalmer's license issued by the board; and
  - (1) Completed a bachelor's degree from an accredited institution; and
- (2) Completed a two-year apprenticeship under the supervision of a licensee in charge or an active licensed funeral director; and
  - (2) (3) Has paid all the appropriate fees.
  - (b) The two-year apprenticeship must consist of the following work:
- (1) Diligent attention to the work in the course, or regular and steady employment, and not as a side issue to another employment;
  - (2) Conducting not less than 35 disposition arrangements for individuals;
  - (3) Conducting not less than 35 funeral and/or memorial services; and
- (4) Passes with an average score of not less than 75 percent, the West Virginia Laws, Rules, and Regulations Examination.
- (b) (c) A license to practice funeral directing issued by the board prior to July 1, 2002, shall for all purposes be considered a license issued under this section: *Provided*, That a person holding a license issued prior to July 1, 2002 2022, must renew the license pursuant to the provisions of this article.

### §30-6-15. Continuing education.

- (a) The board shall conduct annually a school of instruction to apprize funeral directors and embalmers of the most recent scientific knowledge and developments affecting their profession. This school shall qualify as continuing education and shall fulfill as many continuing education required hours as the board specifies. Qualified lecturers and demonstrators may be employed by the board for this purpose. The board shall give notice of the time and place at which the school will be held for all licensed funeral directors and embalmers: *Provided*, That the location of any school of continuing education shall accommodate the geographic diversity of the embalmers and funeral directors of this state
- (b) (a) Hours of continuing education may be obtained by attending and participating in board-approved programs, meetings, seminars, or activities. It is the responsibility of each licensee to finance his or her costs of continuing education.
- (c) (b) Compliance with the requirements of continuing education, as specified by the board, is a prerequisite for license renewal.

## §30-6-16. Inspector and inspection requirements.

- (a) All inspectors employed by the board to inspect funeral establishments and crematories, pursuant to the provisions of this article, shall have a West Virginia embalmer's license and a West Virginia funeral director's license.
- (b) Each inspector shall inspect a specific region, as designated by the board. Any person being employed as an inspector is prohibited from inspecting in the region in which he or she practices. If there is only one inspector, a board member, who is not from the region where the inspector practices, is authorized to inspect the facilities in the region where the inspector practices.
- (c) All inspections shall be conducted in a manner so as not to interfere with the conduct of business within the funeral establishment or crematory. The board has the authority to enter, at all reasonable hours, for the purpose of inspecting the premises in which the business of embalming, funeral directing, or cremating is conducted.
- (d) All of an inspector's expenses, per diem, and compensation shall be paid out of the receipts of the board, but the allowances shall at no time exceed the receipts of the board.
- (e) The board is authorized to set fees for inspections: *Provided,* That there shall be no fee for an annual a biennial inspection, based on the funeral establishment's renewal date.

## §30-6-17. Apprenticeship.

- (a) After January 1, 2003 July 1, 2022, the board shall issue a registration to be an apprentice funeral director or apprentice embalmer funeral service licensee to an applicant who meets the following requirements:
- (1) Is of good moral character and temperate habits Is free of a felony conviction bearing a rational nexus to the profession pursuant to §30-1-24 of this code;
  - (2) Is 18 years of age or over;
  - (3) A Is a citizen of the United States or be eligible for employment in the United States:
  - (4) Has a high school diploma or its equivalent;
- (5) Has completed one of the education requirements for an embalmer s license, as set out in subdivision (5), subsection (a), section eight of this article;
  - (6) Is not attending school and will not be attending school during the apprenticeship period;
- (5) The required 60 semester hours or 90 quarter hours of college or university credits and mortuary school can be completed prior to, during, or after the apprenticeship; and
  - (7) (6) Has paid the appropriate fees.
- (b) Any person that commences an apprenticeship prior to January 1, 2003, may continue to serve such apprenticeship and is not subject to the requirements set forth in this section, but is subject to board approval.

- (c) The board may set the requirements for an apprenticeship, including the manner in which it shall be served and the length of time, which shall not be more than one year <u>for a funeral</u> service licensee and shall not be more than two years for a funeral director.
- (d) No licensed funeral director or licensed embalmer shall be permitted to register or have registered more than five apprentices under his or her license at the same time.

### §30-6-19. Funeral establishment to be managed by a licensee in charge; license displayed.

- (a) Every separate funeral establishment in this state offering the services set forth in this article shall be operated under the supervision and management of a licensee in charge who is licensed as a funeral director in this state who shall hold an active:
  - (1) Funeral Service licensee's license in the State of West Virginia;
  - (2) Embalmers license in the State of West Virginia;
  - (3) Crematory Operator certificate in the State of West Virginia; and
  - (4) Pre-Need license in the State of West Virginia.
- (b) Each separate funeral establishment in this state offering the services set forth in this article shall have its own license, which license shall be prominently displayed within the funeral establishment.
- (c) All funeral establishments shall display in all advertising the name of the licensee in charge of the establishment.
- (d) All funeral establishments shall prominently display within the funeral establishment the license of the licensee in charge.
  - (e) A licensee in charge shall supervise each separate establishment.
- (f) Effective July 1, 2022, the board shall allow up to two years to complete the requirements under this section for the licensee in charge.

### §30-6-20. Crematory license requirements.

- (a) Every crematory shall be licensed in West Virginia. The board shall issue a crematory license to an applicant who meets the following requirements:
- (1) The place of business has been approved by the board as having met all the requirements and qualifications to be a crematory as are required by this article;
  - (2) The crematory conforms with all local building codes;
  - (3) The crematory meets all applicable environmental standards;
- (4) Notify the board, in writing, at least 30 days before the proposed opening date so there can be an inspection of the crematory;
  - (5) Show proof that the crematory passed the inspection;

- (6) Have a certified crematory operator in charge;
- (7) Pay all the appropriate fees; and
- (8) Complete such other requirements as specified by the board.
- (b) All crematory licenses must be renewed biennially, by a staggered schedule, upon or before July 1, and pay a renewal fee.
- (c) Each crematory license shall be valid for only one crematory to be located at a specific street address. There shall be a separate license issued and a separate fee assessed to operate additional crematories by the same applicant.
- (d) A holder of a crematory license that fails to pay fees for either the principal crematory or additional crematories by July 1, of the renewal year is subject to a penalty, a reinstatement fee for each crematory, and the required renewal fee.
- (e) The holder of a crematory license who ceases to operate the crematory at the location specified in the application shall, within 20 days thereafter, surrender the crematory license to the board and the license shall be canceled by the board. In the event of the death of an individual who was the holder of a crematory license, it shall be the duty of the holder's personal representative to surrender the crematory license within 120 days of qualifying as the personal representative.
- (f) A holder of a certificate to operate a crematory whose certificate to operate has been revoked or a holder of a crematory license whose license has been revoked shall not operate, either directly or indirectly, or hold any interest in any crematory or funeral establishment: *Provided*, That a holder of a crematory license whose license has been revoked is not prohibited from leasing any property owned by him or her for use as a crematory, so long as the property owner does not participate in the control or profit of the crematory except as lessor of the premises for a fixed rental not dependent upon earnings.
- (g) Failure to comply with any of these provisions shall be grounds for revocation of a crematory license.
- (h) All persons that operate crematories shall by January 1, 2003, register with the board. By July 1, 2003, all persons that operate crematories shall obtain a crematory license, pursuant to the provisions of this section.
  - (i) All crematory licenses must be renewed biennially upon or before July 1.
- (j) After July 1, 2003, all licensed crematories must have a certified crematory operator in charge.
- (k) If a certified crematory operator in charge ceases to be employed by a crematory, then the holder of the crematory license shall notify the board within 30 days of the cessation. Within 30 days after such notification, the holder of a crematory license shall execute a new application for a crematory license specifying the name of the new certified crematory operator in charge. A crematory is prohibited from operating more than 30 days without a certified crematory operator in charge.

### §30-6-22b. Certification for alkaline hydrolysis of human remains.

- (a) No person, funeral establishment, corporation, partnership, joint venture, voluntary organization, or other entity shall hydrolyze human remains without first obtaining a certificate from the board.
  - (b) Except as otherwise provided by this article, a certificate for the hydrolysis of human

remains shall have the same requirements and fees as for the licensing of crematories under this article. The alkaline hydrolysis of human remains shall be conducted in compliance with all requirements for cremation.

- (c) The board shall have the same powers to regulate, enforce, discipline, and inspect alkaline hydrolysis certificate holders and the practice of alkaline hydrolysis that have been granted under this article for the regulation, enforcement, discipline, and inspection of crematories and the practice of cremation.
- (d) Any solid remains or residue remaining after alkaline hydrolysis shall be treated and disposed of as cremated remains under this article. Disposal of liquid waste shall be subject to all applicable health and environmental laws and regulations.
- (e) Human remains shall be hydrolyzed in an alkaline hydrolysis container and may not be required to be hydrolyzed in a casket.
- (f) Unless specified otherwise by the manufacturer of the equipment used for alkaline hydrolysis, human remains may be hydrolyzed without first removing a pacemaker or defibrillator. Any other potentially hazardous implanted device or material shall be handled in accordance with applicable state laws and regulations.
- (g) The board shall promulgate legislative rules necessary to define the education and requirements for the certification to perform alkaline hydrolysis.

The bill (Eng. H. B. 4647), as amended, was then ordered to third reading.

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4675, Relating to autonomous delivery vehicles.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. House Bill 4758,** Relating to developing and maintaining a database to track reclamation liabilities in the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Special Reclamation Program.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. House Bill 4769**, Eliminate the requirement to send recommended decisions by certified mail.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4785, Relating to judicial vacancies.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4797,** To create an EV Infrastructure Deployment Plan for West Virginia that describes how our state intends to use its share of NEVI Formula Program funds.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

The end of today's second reading calendar having been reached, the Senate returned to the consideration of

Eng. House Bill 2817, Donated Drug Repository Program.

On third reading, coming up in deferred order, was reported by the Clerk.

On motion of Senator Maroney, the Senate reconsidered the vote by which on Friday, March 4, 2022, it adopted the Health and Human Resources committee amendment to the bill (shown in the Senate Journal of that day, pages 7 and 8).

The vote thereon having been reconsidered.

The question again being on the adoption of the Health and Human Resources committee amendment to the bill.

On motion of Senator Maroney, the following amendment to the Health and Human Resources committee amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

In section six, subsection (p), subdivision (6), by striking out the words "manufacturer or".

The question now being on the adoption of the Health and Human Resources committee amendment to the bill, as amended, the same was put and prevailed.

Engrossed House Bill 2817, as just amended, was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—31.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Swope, and Takubo—3.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. H. B. 2817) passed.

On motion of Senator Maroney, the following amendment to the title of the bill was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

**Eng. House Bill 2817**—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new chapter, designated §60B-1-1, §60B-1-2, §60B-1-3, §60B-1-4, §60B-1-5, §60B-1-6, §60B-1-7, and §60B-1-8, all relating to creating the Donated Drug Repository Program; establishing the West Virginia Board of Pharmacy has the authority to administer the program; setting forth eligibility requirements; establishing how the drugs are to be treated; permitting a handling fee; defining terms; providing for liability protection; providing criminal immunity; providing that entity participating in a drug donation operated by another state may participate in this program and in the case of a pharmacy may dispense donated drugs to the residents of this state; and requiring rulemaking.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

The Senate proceeded to the tenth order of business.

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 2096, Reinstating the film investment tax credit.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4113,** Public Health definitions and powers of secretary and commissioner.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4257**, Require visitation immediately following a procedure in a health care facility.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4297,** To facilitate the sharing of information between the Department of Health and Human Resources and the State Auditor's office in order to investigate reports of financial abuse and neglect of a vulnerable adult.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

On motion of Senator Weld, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—30.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Swope, Takubo, and Woelfel—4.

The bill was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for House Bill 4297 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—30.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Swope, Takubo, and Woelfel—4.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4297) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

**Eng. House Bill 4396**, Reducing federal adjusted gross income relating to tolls for travel on West Virginia toll roads paid electronically.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

**Eng. House Bill 4410,** Specifying allocation, apportionment and treatment of income of flow-through entities.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4451,** Eliminating the requirement that otherwise qualified investment assets be located or installed at or within 2 miles of a preexisting manufacturing facility.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4461,** Relating to the consolidation of all administrative fees collected by the agency into the existing "Tax Administration Services Fund".

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

On motion of Senator Weld, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—30.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Swope, Takubo, and Woelfel—4.

The bill was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for House Bill 4461 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—30.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Swope, Takubo, and Woelfel—4.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4461) passed with its title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4484,** Declaring certain claims against agencies of the state to be moral obligations of the state.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

On motion of Senator Weld, the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate days was suspended by a vote of four fifths of the members present, taken by yeas and nays.

On suspending the constitutional rule, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—30.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Swope, Takubo, and Woelfel—4.

The bill was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for House Bill 4484 was then read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—30.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Swope, Takubo, and Woelfel—4.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4484) passed with its title.

Senator Weld moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Azinger, Baldwin, Boley, Brown, Caputo, Clements, Geffert, Grady, Hamilton, Jeffries, Karnes, Lindsay, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Phillips, Plymale, Roberts, Romano, Rucker, Smith, Stollings, Stover, Sypolt, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—30.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Beach, Swope, Takubo, and Woelfel—4.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4484) takes effect from passage.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4567, Relating to business and occupation or privilege tax.

On first reading, coming up in regular order, was read a first time and ordered to second reading.

At the request of Senator Weld, unanimous consent being granted, the Senate returned to the fourth order of business.

Senator Maynard, from the Committee on Government Organization, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Government Organization has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 2910,** To modify the allowable number of magistrate judges per county.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended; but under the original double committee reference first be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark R. Maynard, Chair.

The bill, under the original double committee reference, was then referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, with an amendment from the Committee on Government Organization pending.

Senator Maynard, from the Committee on Government Organization, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Government Organization has had under consideration

Eng. House Bill 4064, Allowing antique car license plates for cars over 10,000lbs.

And,

**Eng. House Bill 4463,** To increase the compensation members of the State Athletic Commission may receive for their attendance and participation in the commission's public meetings.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that they each do pass; but under the original double committee references first be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark R. Maynard, Chair.

The bills, under the original double committee references, were then referred to the Committee on Finance.

Senator Trump, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on the Judiciary has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4329,** To clarify the definition of an "interested person" for purposes of the West Virginia Small Estate Act.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles S. Trump IV, Chair.

Senator Rucker, from the Committee on Education, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Education has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4466,** Relating to School Building Authority's review of school bond applications.

And has amended same.

And,

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4580,** To authorize retired bus operators to work in areas of critical need.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that they each do pass, as amended; but under the original double committee references first be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia Puertas Rucker, Chair.

At the request of Senator Tarr, as chair of the Committee on Finance, unanimous consent was granted to dispense with the second committee reference of Engrossed Committee Substitute for House Bill 4466 contained in the foregoing report from the Committee on Education.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for House Bill 4580, under the original double committee reference, was then referred to the Committee on Finance, with amendments from the Committee on Education pending.

Senator Rucker, from the Committee on Education, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Education has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4467**, Requiring early childhood classroom assistant teacher in certain grade levels and enrollment levels in said grade levels.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass; but under the original double committee reference first be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia Puertas Rucker, *Chair.* 

The bill, under the original double committee reference, was then referred to the Committee on Finance.

Senator Rucker, from the Committee on Education, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Education has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4510,** To provide that third grade students be competent in reading and math before moving on to fourth grade.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia Puertas Rucker, Chair.

Senator Nelson, from the Committee on Pensions, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Pensions has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4540,** To update all retirement plans to comport with federal law.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass; but under the original double committee reference first be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Respectfully submitted,

Eric Nelson, Jr., *Chair.* 

At the request of Senator Tarr, as chair of the Committee on Finance, unanimous consent was granted to dispense with the second committee reference of the bill contained in the foregoing report from the Committee on Pensions.

Senator Rucker, from the Committee on Education, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Education has had under consideration

**Eng. House Bill 4571,** Modifying foundation allowance to account for transportation by electric powered buses.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended; but under the original double committee reference first be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia Puertas Rucker, Chair.

The bill, under the original double committee reference, was then referred to the Committee on Finance, with an amendment from the Committee on Education pending.

Senator Nelson, from the Committee on Pensions, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Pensions has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4613,** Relating to increasing the multiplier for use in determining accrued benefit in the West Virginia Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass; but under the original double committee reference first be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Respectfully submitted,

Eric Nelson, Jr., Chair.

The bill, under the original double committee reference, was then referred to the Committee on Finance.

Senator Nelson, from the Committee on Pensions, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Pensions has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 4756,** Relating to authorizing municipalities to create pension funding programs to reduce the unfunded liability of certain pension and relief funds.

And has amended same.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended; but under the original double committee reference first be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Respectfully submitted,

Eric Nelson, Jr., Chair.

The bill, under the original double committee reference, was then referred to the Committee on Finance, with an amendment from the Committee on Pensions pending.

The Senate proceeded to the twelfth order of business.

Remarks were made by Senator Maynard.

At the request of Senator Trump, unanimous consent being granted, the Senate returned to the eleventh order of business and the introduction of guests.

The Senate again proceeded to the twelfth order of business.

Remarks were made by Senators Karnes, Geffert, and Smith.

The Senate again proceeded to the thirteenth order of business.

Senator Blair (Mr. President) announced the replacement of Senator Blair (Mr. President) on the Committee on the Judiciary with Senator Takubo. Senator Blair (Mr. President) then announced the replacement of Senator Blair (Mr. President) on the Committee on Finance with Senator Takubo.

Under the provisions of Rule 15 of the Rules of the Senate, the following senators were added as co-sponsors to the following resolution on March 4, 2022:

**Senate Resolution 50:** Senators Stollings, Rucker, and Hamilton.

Pending announcement of meetings of standing committees of the Senate,

On motion of Senator Weld, at 6:16~p.m., the Senate adjourned until tomorrow, Tuesday, March  $8,\,2022,$  at 11~a.m.

### SENATE CALENDAR

### Tuesday, March 08, 2022 11:00 AM

#### **UNFINISHED BUSINESS**

- S. C. R. 56 Requesting Joint Committee on Government and Finance study effect of Kenney v. Liston
- S. C. R. 57 Requesting WV Insurance Commission study options for coverage and cost of dental procedures that result from cancer related dental and oral health procedures

#### THIRD READING

- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 2177 Permitting the issuance of a state issued identification card without a photo on the card under certain conditions (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 3223 Prohibit state, county, and municipal governments from dedicating or naming any public structure for a public official who is holding office at the time
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4003 Relating generally to commercial benefit of substances removed from waters of the state by the treatment of mine drainage (original similar to SB458)
- Eng. H. B. 4019 Relating to deadlines for public charter schools
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4141 Authorizing the Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency and Corrections to promulgate a legislative rule relating to Law Enforcement Training and Certification Standards (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4242 Authorizing the Division of Labor to promulgate a legislative rule relating to Child Labor
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4418 Relating to the Small Business Supplier Certification Assistance Program
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4420 To modify definitions of school bus operators.
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4430 Relating to definitions of base salary and overtime for police and firemen pensions
- Eng. H. B. 4438 Applying current requirements for certain voting systems to be independent and non-networked to all voting systems that seek certification in West Virginia. (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4479 Establishing the Coalfield Communities Grant Facilitation Commission (Com. amend. pending) (With right to amend)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4499 Relating to making the procurement process more efficient by modifying and updating outdated processes and requirements (Com. title amend. pending)

- Eng. H. B. 4535 Repeal section relating to school attendance and satisfactory academic progress as conditions of licensing for privilege of operation of motor vehicle (Com. amends. and title amend. pending) (With right to amend)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4562 Relating generally to the suspension and dismissal of school personnel by board and the appeals process (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4583 Clarifying the definition of incapacity so that incarceration in the penal system or detention outside of the United States may not be inferred as resulting in a lack of capacity to execute a power of attorney (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4596 Relating generally to additional persons qualifying for the provisions of the Law-Enforcement Officers Safety Act (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. H. B. 4604 Relating to abolishing the Workforce Development Initiative Program Advisory Council (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. H. B. 4647 Relating to the Board of Funeral Service Examiners
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4675 Relating to autonomous delivery vehicles
- Eng. H. B. 4758 Relating to developing and maintaining a database to track reclamation liabilities in the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Special Reclamation Program
- Eng. H. B. 4769 Eliminate the requirement to send recommended decisions by certified mail
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4785 Relating to judicial vacancies (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4797 To create an EV Infrastructure Deployment Plan for West Virginia that describes how our state intends to use its share of NEVI Formula Program funds.

#### SECOND READING

- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 2096 Reinstating the film investment tax credit (Com. amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4113 Public Health definitions and powers of secretary and commissioner (Com. amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4257 Require visitation immediately following a procedure in a health care facility (Com. amend. and title amend. pending)
- Eng. H. B. 4396 Reducing federal adjusted gross income relating to tolls for travel on West Virginia toll roads paid electronically
- Eng. H. B. 4410 Specifying allocation, apportionment and treatment of income of flow-through entities
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4451 Eliminating the requirement that otherwise qualified investment assets be located or installed at or within 2 miles of a preexisting manufacturing facility

Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4567 - Relating to business and occupation or privilege tax - (Com. amend. pending)

#### FIRST READING

- Eng. H. B. 2631 Provide for WVDNR officers to be able to work "off duty" (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4050 Defining terms related to livestock trespassing (Com. amend. pending)
- Eng. H. B. 4296 To revise outdated provisions within Chapter 23 of the West Virginia Code, which pertains to workers' compensation
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4311 Creating criminal penalties for illegal voting activity (Com. amend. and title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4329 To clarify the definition of an "interested person" for purposes of the West Virginia Small Estate Act
- Eng. H. B. 4331 West Virginia's Urban Mass Transportation Authority Act (Com. amend. and title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4441 Creating a Class M air rifle stamp (Com. amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4466 Relating to School Building Authority's review of school bond applications (Com. amend. and title amend. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4510 To provide that third grade students be competent in reading and math before moving on to fourth grade (Com. amends. pending)
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4540 To update all retirement plans to comport with federal law
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4570 To allow veterinary telehealth in West Virginia with out of state providers
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4644 Prohibiting the restriction, regulation, use or administration of lawn care and pest care products
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4712 Require the prompt enrollment in payment plans for costs, fines, forfeitures, restitution, or penalties in circuit court and magistrate court (Com. amend. and title amend. pending)
- Eng. H. B. 4778 Permit banks to transact business with any one or more fiduciaries on multiple fiduciary accounts
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4779 Permit banks the discretion to choose whether to receive deposits from other banks, savings banks, or savings and loan associations when arranging for the re-deposits of county, municipal, and state funds (Com. title amend. pending)
- Eng. H. B. 4842 Relating to obscene matter to minors (Com. amend. and title amend. pending)

## **ANNOUNCED SENATE COMMITTEE MEETINGS**

## Regular Session 2022

# Tuesday, March 8, 2022

9 a.m.	Judiciary	(Room 208W)
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10 a.m. Transportation & Infrastructure (Room 451M)