Fiscal Note Study of 2008 Legislation

Conducted by the Legislative Auditor's Office Performance Evaluation and Research Division The Legislative Auditor Found That Only Ten Fiscal Notes for Bills That Passed the 2008 Legislative Session Which Had a Fiscal Impact Correctly Estimated the Actual Fiscal Impact Within Ten Percent.

This report is a follow-up to the Legislative Auditor's Fiscal Note Study of 2007 Legislation. In order to determine how accurately state agencies estimated expenditures and/or revenue in fiscal notes, the Legislative Auditor reviewed all legislation that passed the 2008 legislative session which had fiscal notes assigned to them. The fiscal note estimates were then compared with the actual fiscal impact as stated by the agencies for fiscal years 2008 and 2009 or the first year after full implementation. In 2008, the Legislature passed 71 bills with fiscal notes attached; some bills had multiple fiscal notes. Therefore, a total of 75 fiscal notes were examined in this study. The Legislative Auditor contacted the state agency representatives that originally completed the fiscal note in 2008 and requested that they provide the actual costs or revenue to the State as a result of the bill's passage for each fiscal year separately from 2008 and 2009 or the first year after full implementation. Similar to data requested in a fiscal note, the agency's response was to include increases or decreases in:

- total costs,
- personal services,
- expenses,
- repairs and alterations,
- assets.
- other expenses, and
- revenue.

Additionally, agency representatives were asked to provide a detailed explanation as to why the actual costs/revenues were different from the fiscal notes submitted to the Legislature, and to provide an explanation of whether or not the fiscal note summary and the fiscal note memorandum were accurate following implementation of the legislation. It must be noted that the Legislative Auditor did not independently verify the accuracy of the agencies' responses. Table I shows all of the agencies assigned fiscal notes for legislation that passed the 2008 session. Some fiscal note requests were sent to multiple agencies for the same bill.

State Agencies Assigned Fis Agency State Tax Department Consolidated Public Retirement Board Department of Education PEIA Department of Environmental Protection Higher Education Policy Commission Freasurer's Office Department of Health and Human Resources Insurance Commission Division of Natural Resources	cal Notes Number of Bills 24 5 5 4
State Tax Department Consolidated Public Retirement Board Department of Education PEIA Department of Environmental Protection Higher Education Policy Commission Freasurer's Office Department of Health and Human Resources Insurance Commission	5 5 4
Consolidated Public Retirement Board Department of Education PEIA Department of Environmental Protection Higher Education Policy Commission Freasurer's Office Department of Health and Human Resources Insurance Commission	5 5 4
Board Department of Education PEIA Department of Environmental Protection Higher Education Policy Commission Freasurer's Office Department of Health and Human Resources Insurance Commission	5 4
Department of Education PEIA Department of Environmental Protection Higher Education Policy Commission Freasurer's Office Department of Health and Human Resources Insurance Commission	5 4
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Department of Environmental Protection Higher Education Policy Commission Freasurer's Office Department of Health and Human Resources Insurance Commission	
Protection Higher Education Policy Commission Freasurer's Office Department of Health and Human Resources Insurance Commission	4
Higher Education Policy Commission Freasurer's Office Department of Health and Human Resources Insurance Commission	4
Commission Freasurer's Office Department of Health and Human Resources Insurance Commission	
Freasurer's Office Department of Health and Human Resources Insurance Commission	
Department of Health and Human Resources nsurance Commission	4
Resources nsurance Commission	3
nsurance Commission	
	3
Division of Natural Resources	3
21. ISLOTI OF FIGURE TODOUTOUS	3
State Police	2
Supreme Court of Appeals	2
Court of Claims	2
Division of Veteran Affairs	2
Division of Corrections	1
Health Care Authority	1
Adjutant General	1
School Building Authority	1
Division of Personnel	1
Public Defenders Services	1
Prosecuting Attorneys Institute	1
Lottery Commission	1
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## Estimates for Thirteen Fiscal Notes Which Had a Fiscal Impact Were Inaccurate By More Than Ten Percent When Compared to the Actual Fiscal Impact Following Implementation

The Legislative Auditor examined each original fiscal note from 2008, and each agency response. The fiscal note estimate was then compared to the actual fiscal impact as provided by the agency for the first full year of implementation of the bill. Table 2 breaks down the number of fiscal notes that fell within each category of accuracy. Twenty-five (25) of the 75 fiscal notes in 2008 were estimated by the state agency to have no fiscal impact following passage. The state agencies reported that the fiscal notes were correct and that there was no fiscal impact as a result

of passage of the bill. Thus, 50 of the fiscal notes in 2008 estimated some form of fiscal impact either with a change in revenue and/or expenses. The Legislative Auditor categorized 27 fiscal notes and agency responses as being unable to calculate for various reasons, most common being the final bill changed to a point where the fiscal note estimates were no longer valid. Other reasons include that the nature of the bill included elements that the agency could not initially estimate in the fiscal note such as death and criminal activity or that programs in the bill have yet to be implemented. Seventeen (17) percent or 13 of the fiscal notes were categorized as being inaccurate by more than 10 percent. Ten of the fiscal note estimates were categorized as being 10 percent or less within the actual fiscal impact.

Table 2 Breakdown of 2008 Fiscal Note Estimates Compared to Actual Impact				
Margin of Accuracy	Number of Fiscal Notes			
Within 10% of Estimate	10			
11-30% of Estimate	9			
31-50% of Estimate	1			
Over 50% of Estimate	3			
No Fiscal Impact	25			
Unable to Calculate	27			
Total	75			
Source: Bill Status and the resp	pective state agencies			

A total of 13 or 57 percent of the 23 fiscal notes that were estimated to have a measurable fiscal impact were over 10 percent of the actual fiscal impact (above or below). Three of those fiscal notes had estimates that were over 50% of the actual fiscal impact. State agencies identified various reasons for the estimates being incorrect, but the estimates were primarily above the actual numbers. This was also found to be true in the study of 2007 fiscal notes. Of the 13 fiscal notes that were estimated at over 10% of actual impact, only 4 of them were underestimated. Table 3 displays the bills with fiscal note estimates within 10 percent of the actual impact, while Table 4 displays the bills that were over ten percent of the actual fiscal impact. The reasons for the estimates being incorrect are included.

	2008 Fiscos	Table 3 2008 Fiscal Note Estimates Accurate Within Ten Percent	ste Within Ten Der	) uo	
American Company of Parties of Pa	Si min	Fiscal Estimate	Fiscal Actual	Percentage Difference	Agency
HB 4076	Related to the compensation and expenses of legislators	\$670,000 in cost	\$670,000	%0	Legislative Auditor
HB 4355	Allowed Hatfield-McCoy Regional Recreation Authority to retain civil penalties imposed for violation of authority rules	\$5,000 in cost	\$5,000	%0	Treasurer's Office
HB 4402	Related to compulsive gambling	\$1,600,000 in revenue	\$1,600,000	%0	Lottery Commission
HB 4421	Repealed the corporate license tax, and created corporate license tax replacement fees	\$6,400,000 in lost revenue	\$6,494,621	7%	State Tax Department
HB 4477	Related to payment of GED exam fees	\$260,000 in cost	\$260,000	%0	Department of Education
SB 101	Exempted nonprofit companies providing electricity from property tax	\$280,000 in lost revenue	\$307,800	10%	State Tax Department
SB 545	Related to tax administration efficiency	\$1,700,000 in revenue	\$1,770,648	4%	State Tax Department
SB 574	Increased State Police compensation	\$1,757,515 in cost	\$1,665,698	2%	State Police
SB 641	Created Water Resources Protection and Management Act	\$568.775 in cost	\$553,989	3%	Department of Environmental Protection
SB 751	Related to Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Act	\$10,700,000 in revenue	\$10,973,166	3%	State Tax Department
Source: Bill Status a	Source: Bill Status and the respective state agencies	Marie e e principal desirabilità del companyo del company			

				Tahla A	4		
	2008	Fiscal	Notes with Est	imates Over	10 Percent of	2008 Fiscal Notes with Estimates Over10 Percent of Actual Fiscal Impact	
			Fiscal	Fiscal	Percentage		
Bill Number	Bill Summary	ry	Estimate	Actual	Difference	Agency Explanation	Agency
	Related	to					
	compensation	and					
	expenses of	panel					
	ys	providing	\$7,500,000 in			Unable to anticipate the	
		defender	total cost over			amount of attorney voucher	Public Defenders
HB 4022	services		two years	\$10,611,325	42%	submissions.	Services
	Related to	the					
	regulation	and					
	treatment of	the					
	production of natural	atural					
	gas and cc	coalbed	\$1,000,000 in			Natural gas prices fell 41%	
HB 4041	methane		revenue	\$454,410	55%	due to recession.	State Tax Department
	Expanded elig	eligibility					
	for state minimum	imum					
	salary supplements for	its for					
		teachers					
	achieving	certain	\$60,188 in				Department of
HB 4117	national certification	tion	cost	\$51,135	15%	None	Education
	Discount Medical Plan	Il Plan					
	Organizations	and					
	Discount Prescription	ription					
	Drug	Plan	\$33,750 in			Not as many applicants as	
HB 4404	Organizations Act	ct	cost	\$13,500	58%	anticipated.	Insurance Commission
	Established a higher	higher					
	education energy and	y and	\$700,000 in				
	water	savings	Ioan				Higher Education
HB 4434	revolving loan fund	pui	disbursements	\$560,000	20%	Two loans made in 2011	Policy Commission

		\$62,142 in	\$69,014 in	11% in cost		Department of
	Related to air	cost	cost			Environmental
HB 4438	pollution control				Underestimation of costs.	Protection
	drive veterans to	\$650,000 in				Department of Veterans
HB 4624	hospitals	cost	\$511,875	21%	Program just getting started.	Affairs
	Created Maternal				Associated expenses	
	Mortality Review	\$24,952 in			increased since preparation	Department of Health
SB 234		cost	\$31,443	26%	of the fiscal note	Human Resources
					,	
	Aircraft Property	\$2,300,000 in			Estimate based on 2007 tax	
SB 265	Valuation Act	lost revenue	\$2,000,000	15%	figures.	State Tax Department
					Travel and other expenses	
					were decreased when the	
SB 535	Modified certain	\$160,205 in			initial program manager left	Dept. of Health and
	penalties for DUI	cost	\$138,155	14%	the position.	Human Resources
	Continued personal					
	income tax adjustment				Anticipated more taxpayers	
	to certain retirees'	\$500,000 in			would be eligible for the	
SB 541	gross income	lost revenue	\$390,000	22%	credit.	State Tax Department
	Increased	\$6,800 in cost	\$7,818	15%	Estimate based on 100 day	
	compensation of Court	per judge	average per		schedule per judge. Judges	
SB 671	of Claims' judges		judge		may work more or less.	Court of Claims
		\$53,000 in	\$2,650 in	95% cost		
		cost	cost			
				2010		
	Regulated viatical life	\$55,000 in	\$3,100 in	94%	Not as many applicants as	
SB 704	insurance settlements	revenue	revenue	revenue	anticipated.	Insurance Commission
Source: 2008 Legi.	Source: 2008 Legislative Session Fiscal Notes;	Agency Responses				

Table 5 compares the total dollar amount with the actual fiscal impact of the 23 measurable fiscal notes included in Tables 3 and 4. Despite the majority of estimates being overstated, HB 4022 was underestimated by more than \$3 million which caused the estimate totals to be lower than the actual total. It should be noted that these estimates would include loss, cost, savings and revenue as absolute numbers.

Acc	uracy of 28 Fiscal Not	Table 5 te Estimates with M	easurable Fiscal I	mpact
Fiscal Note Accuracy	Total Fiscal Note Estimate	Total Actual Fiscal Impact	Monetary Difference	Percentage Difference
Accurate Within 10%	\$23,941,290	\$24,300,922	\$359,632	2%
Inaccurate Over 10%	\$13,106,037	\$14,844,425	\$1,738,388	13%
Total	\$37,047,327 and the respective agencies	\$39,145,347	\$2,098,020	6%

## Conclusion

Similar to the previous study of 2007 fiscal notes, 13 percent of 2008 fiscal notes were accurately estimated within 10 percent of actual fiscal impact. Although in 2007, there were 12 fiscal notes in which the actual fiscal impact was estimated inaccurately by over 50 percent; in 2008 there were only three. This may be, in part, due to the fact that in 2008 there were several more fiscal notes that had no fiscal impact or were categorized as Unable to Calculate than in 2007. Table 6 compares the breakdown of fiscal note accuracy from 2007 and 2008.

Breakdown of 2007 and	Table 6 Breakdown of 2007 and 2008 Fiscal Note Estimate Accuracy Compared to Actual Impact						
Margin of Accuracy	2007 Fiscal Notes	2008 Fiscal Notes	2007/2008 Combined				
Within 10% of							
Estimate	13%	13%	13%				
11-30% of Estimate	6%	12%	9%				
31-50% of Estimate	4%	1%	3%				
Over 50% of Estimate	18%	4%	10%				
No Fiscal Impact	28%	33%	31%				
Unable to Calculate	31%	36%	34%				
Total Fiscal Notes							
Examined	68	75	143				
Source: Bill Status and the res	pective agencies						

In both studies it was found that a majority of the inaccuracies were due to overestimation in the fiscal note compared to the actual fiscal impact. Of the fiscal notes

categorized as inaccurate by the Legislative Auditor; 69 percent were overestimated in 2008. In 2007, 84 percent of the inaccurate fiscal notes were overestimated. Thus, based on the two studies, agencies were more prone to provide the Legislature with information estimating that a bill's fiscal impact will have higher costs, revenues, losses or savings than what ultimately occurred. This study did identify that 10 fiscal note estimates were within ten percent of the actual fiscal impact and that 25 fiscal notes correctly determined that there would be no financial impact.