2023 Annual Water Resources Report

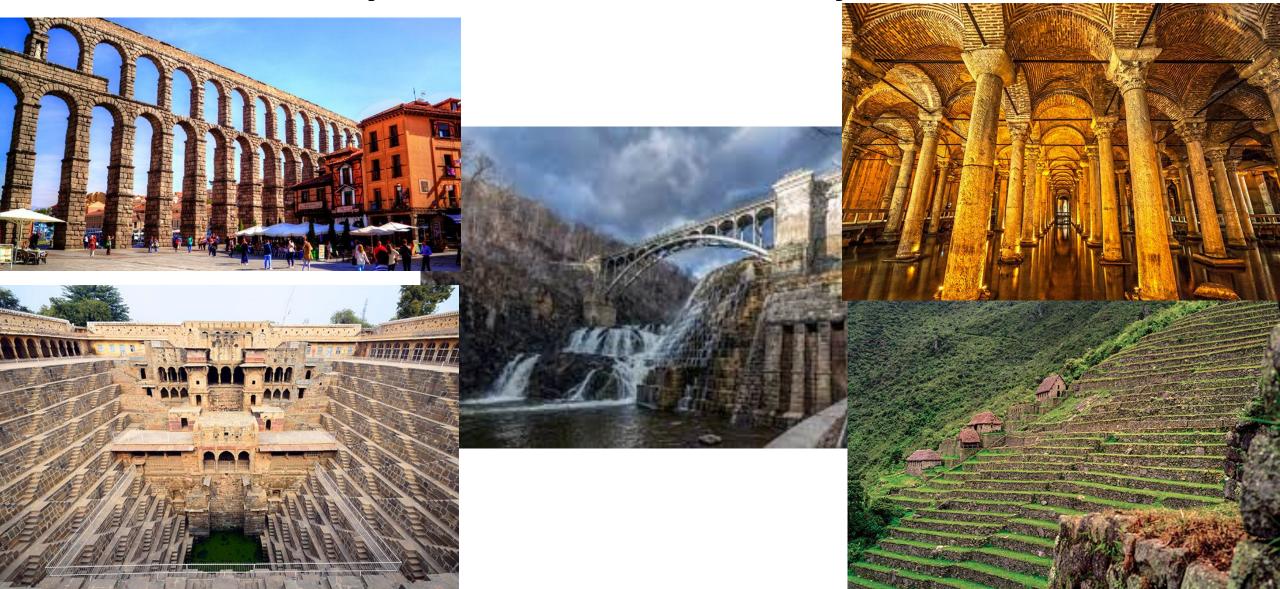
Joint Legislative Oversight Commission on State Water Resources

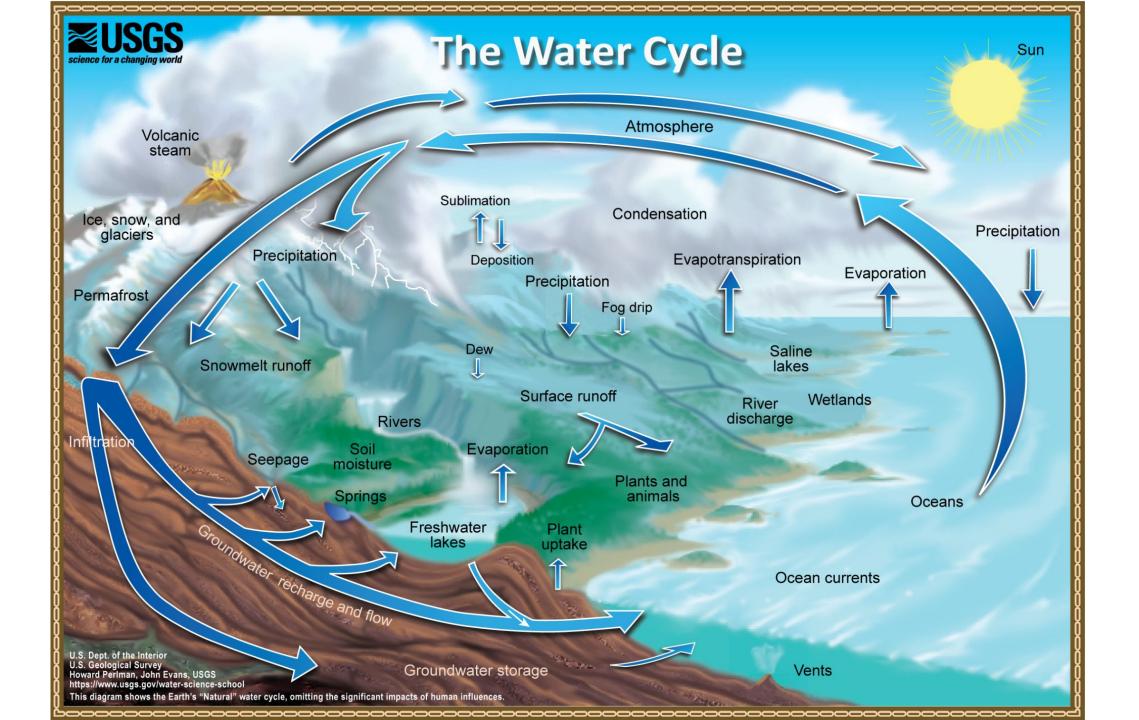


Prepared by the

West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Division of Water and Waste Management Water Use Section

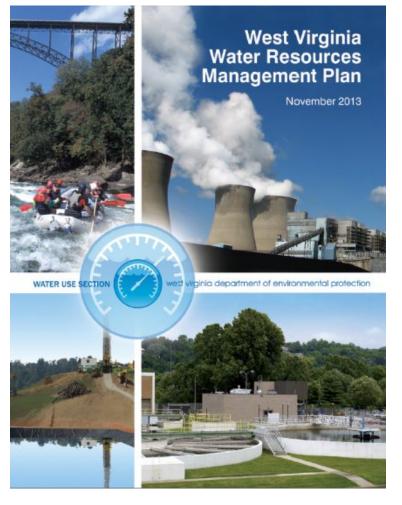
The story of mankind is the story of water...





Water Resources Management Overview

- W.Va. Code §22-26 originally passed in 2004.
- Senate Bill 641 renamed it the Water Resources Protection and Management Act in 2008.
- The WVDEP Water Use Section was created in 2008 to accomplish the Act's requirements.
- The WV Water Resources Management Plan was submitted in 2013.
- The Plan was adopted as part of Senate Bill 373 in 2014.
- This presentation of the annual report is in accordance with W.Va. Code §22-26-8(e).





1895-2022 Water Resources Availability

2019

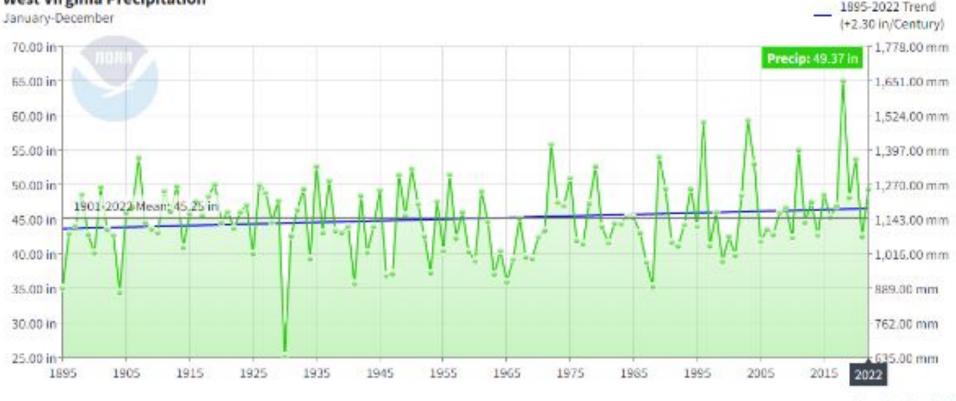
average rainfall w/dry periods 48"

2020

slightly higher than average rainfall 54"

2021 slightly lower than average rainfall 43"

West Virginia Precipitation

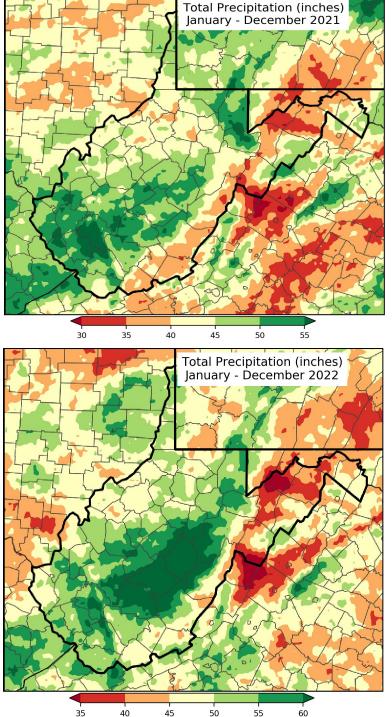


Powered by ZingChart

2022 slightly higher than average rainfall 49"

WV's annual precipitation from 1895 – 2022 (from National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration).



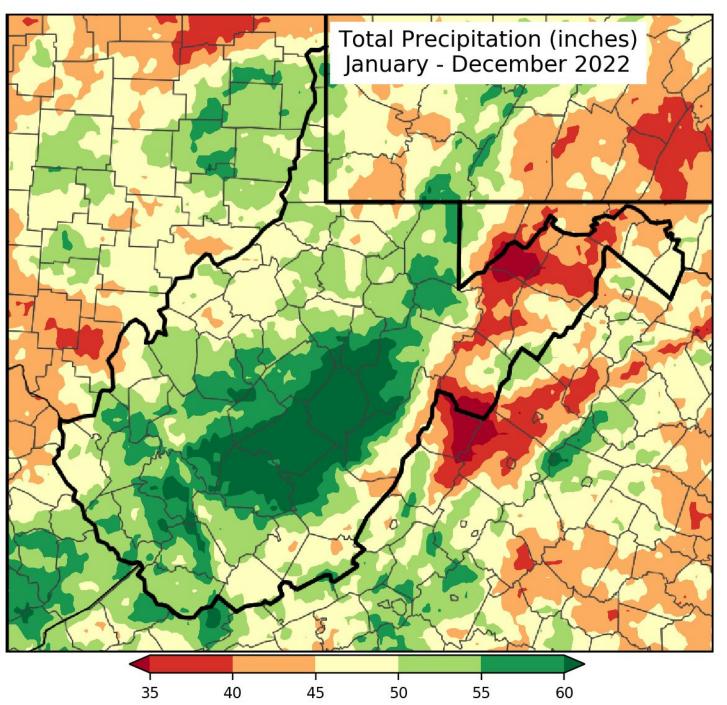


Total 2021 precipitation

Recent Water Resources Availability

Total 2022 precipitation





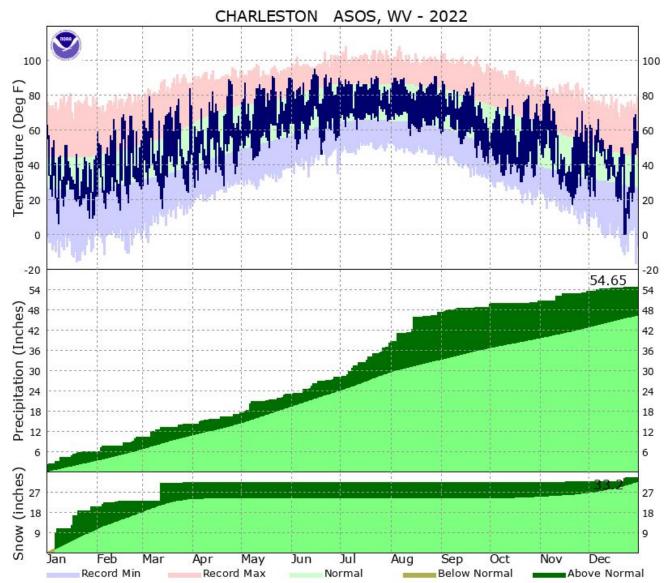
Total 2022 precipitation (from National Weather Service)

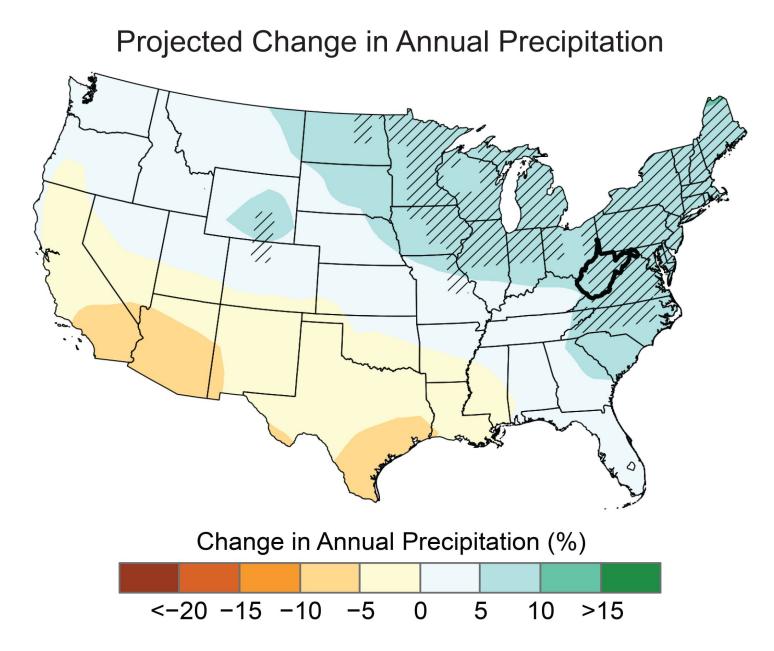


2022 Water Resources Availability

Charleston, WV 2022 above "normal" precipitation entire year

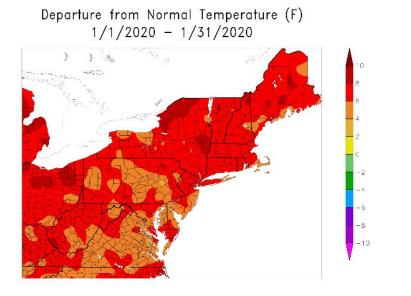
Climate data for Charleston, WV from January – December 2022 (from <u>National Weather Service</u>).





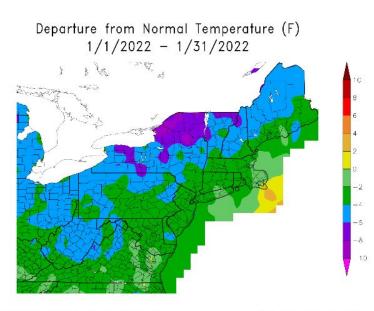


(from National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration).



Generated 2/20/2020 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NGAA Regional Climate Centers



Generated 3/1/2022 at HPRCC using provisional acts.

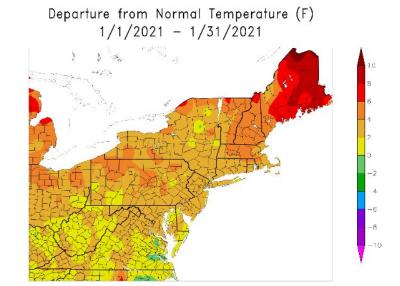
NCAA Regional Climate Centers

Generated 2/20/2023 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers

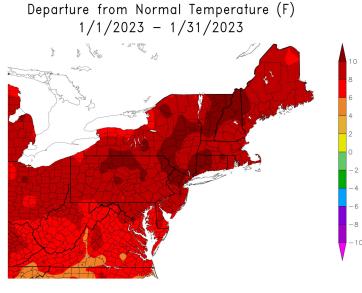


Departure from normal temperature in WV for January 2020-2023 (from Northeast Regional Climate Center).



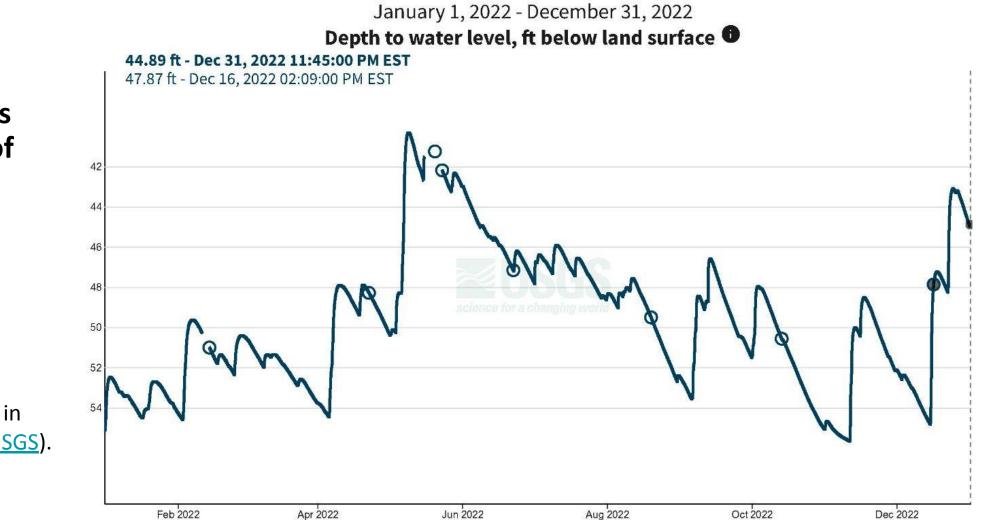
Generated 2/20/2021 at IPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers



2022 Water Resources Availability

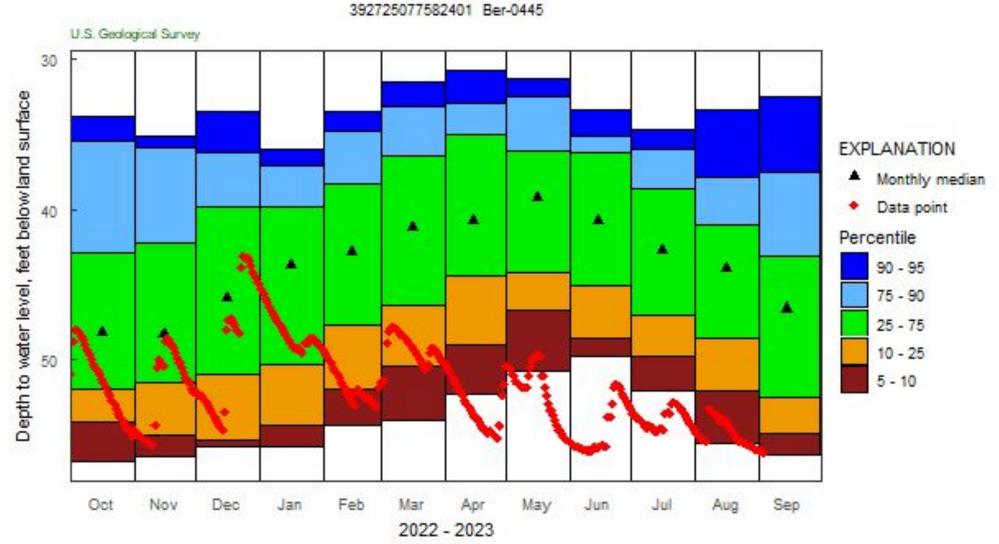
Ber-0445 - 392725077582401



Groundwater levels ranged from high of 40.32 (May 9th) to low of 55.64 (November 10th)

Groundwater levels 2022 in Martinsburg, WV (from <u>USGS</u>).

Recent GW Level Statistics



2000-2023 Water Resources Availability

100% 90% -80% -70% -^Dercent Land Area Some periods 60% of drought in 50% -2022 40% -30% -20% -(darker colors 10% indicate higher 0% -2013 2002 2003 2017 2012 2014 2015 2016 2017 2020 2005 2006 2007 2008 2010 2019 2020 2022 2023 2004 2009 2022 2001 level of drought) U.S. Drought Monitor West Virginia D3 D2 D1 D0 D4

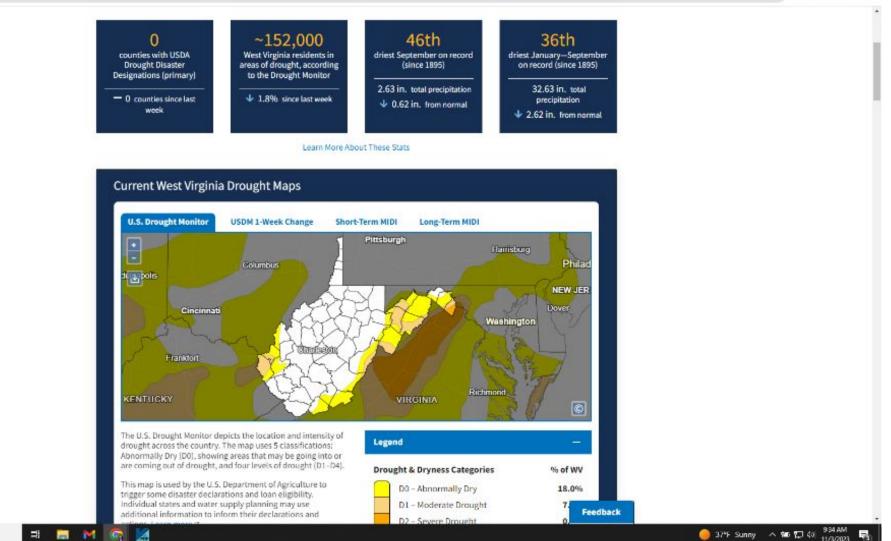
Drought conditions in WV since 2000 (from US Drought Monitor).



https://www.drought.gov/states/west-virginia

C 1: https://www.drought.gov/states/west-virginia ÷ >





Drought Intensity Categories D1 Moderate Drought 100% Severe Drought **D2** 90% **Extreme Drought** 80% 70% · Exceptional Drought Percent Land Area 60% 50% · 40% 30% 2022 Drought 20% · **Conditions** 10% -(from <u>US Drought Monitor</u>).^{0% +} U.S. Drought Monitor^{septentilet} November December February OCTODET March APIII 2022 June way West Virginia D3 D2 D0 D4 D1

Dryness Categories

D0 Abnormally Dry—used for areas showing dryness but not yet in drought, or for areas recovering from drought.

2022 Large Quantity User (LQU) Total Withdrawals

WVDEP Water Use Category	LQUs	Total 2022 Withdrawal (Gallons)	Category %	% Change from 2021
Agriculture/aquaculture	12	8,007,907,629	1.30%	-5.27%
Chemical	12	125,115,951,895	20.37%	-11.91%
Industrial	17	12,798,607,849	2.08%	-17.32%
Mining	66	13,527,095,464	2.20%	18.86%
Oil & gas	14	3,212,283,274	0.52%	-10.85%
Petroleum	1	303,478,334	0.05%	4.44%
Public water supply	169	62,857,451,729	10.23%	3.92%
Recreation	22	1,122,240,686	0.18%	19.97%
Thermoelectric (coal)	10	386,531,287,514	62.93%	-2.89%
Timber	3	784,106,590	0.13%	-13.89%
TOTAL	326	614,260,410,964	100.00%	-4.26%
Hydroelectric	10	234,716,322,984,805		

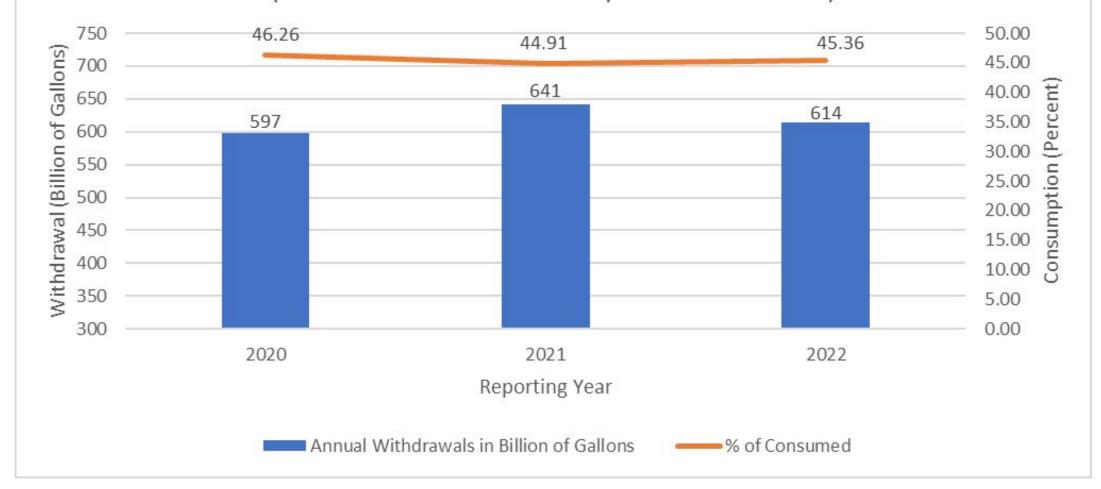
WVDEP Water Use Category	2022 Surface Water (SW) Withdrawal (Gallons)	Category % of SW	2022 Groundwater (GW) Withdrawal (Gallons)	Category % of GW
Agriculture/aquaculture	7,790,075,229	1.33%	217,832,400	0.76%
Chemical	116,040,580,511	19.82%	9,075,371,384	31.50%
Industrial	12,108,274,386	2.07%	690,333,463	2.40%
Mining	8,207,454,246	1.40%	5,319,641,218	18.47%
Oil & gas	3,103,995,033	0.53%	108,288,241	0.38%
Petroleum	1,752,828	0.00%	301,725,506	1.05%
Public water supply	50,684,573,064	8.66%	12,172,878,665	42.26%
Recreation	803,668,776	0.14%	318,571,910	1.11%
Thermoelectric (coal)	385,939,996,835	65.92%	591,290,679	2.05%
Timber	773,638,788	0.13%	10,467,802	0.04%
SUB TOTAL	585,454,009,696	100.00%	28,806,401,268	100.00%
Breakdown % of Total				
Withdrawal		95.31%		4.69%
Hydroelectric	234,716,322,984,805		0	



2022 Consumptive Use

WVDEP Water Use Category	2022 Total Gallons Withdrawal	Consumptive Coefficient	2022 Calculated Gallons Consumed	Category % of Consumed
Agriculture/aquaculture	8,007,907,629	0.03	240,237,229	0.09%
Chemical	125,115,951,895	0.12	15,013,914,227	5.39%
Industrial	12,798,607,849	0.59	7,551,178,631	2.71%
Mining	13,527,095,464	0.48	6,493,005,823	2.33%
Oil & Gas	3,212,283,274	1	3,212,283,274	1.15%
Petroleum	303,478,334	0.16	48,556,533	0.02%
Public water supply	62,857,451,729	0.15	9,428,617,759	3.39%
Recreation	1,122,240,686	0.41	460,118,681	0.17%
Thermoelectric (coal)	386,531,287,514	0.61	235,784,085,384	84.65%
Timber	784,106,590	0.39	305,801,570	0.11%
TOTAL	614,260,410,964		278,537,799,112	100.00%
			Consumption 45.36%	
Hydroelectric	236,309,036,343,208			

Water Withdrawal and Consumption 2020-2022 (Based on Current Consumption Coefficients)



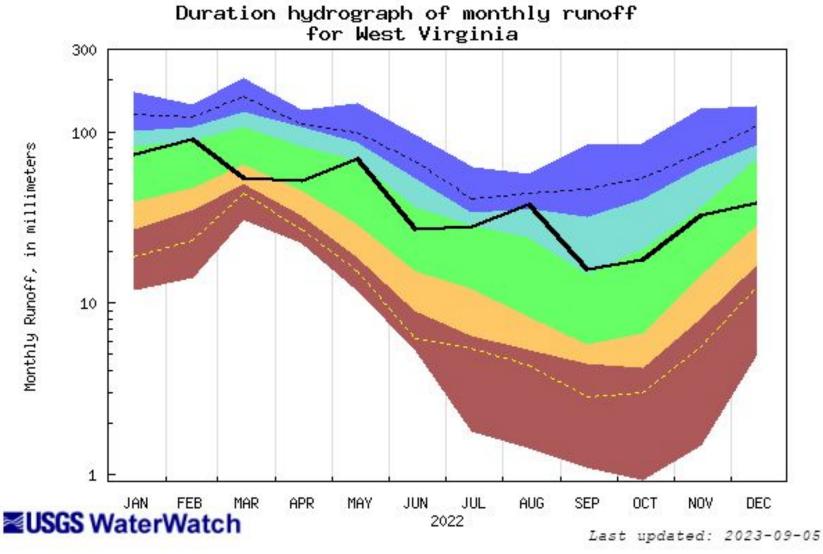


Seasonal Withdrawal Trends



2022 trends in total withdrawal based on the LQU database (from WVDEP).

Seasonal Precipitation Trends

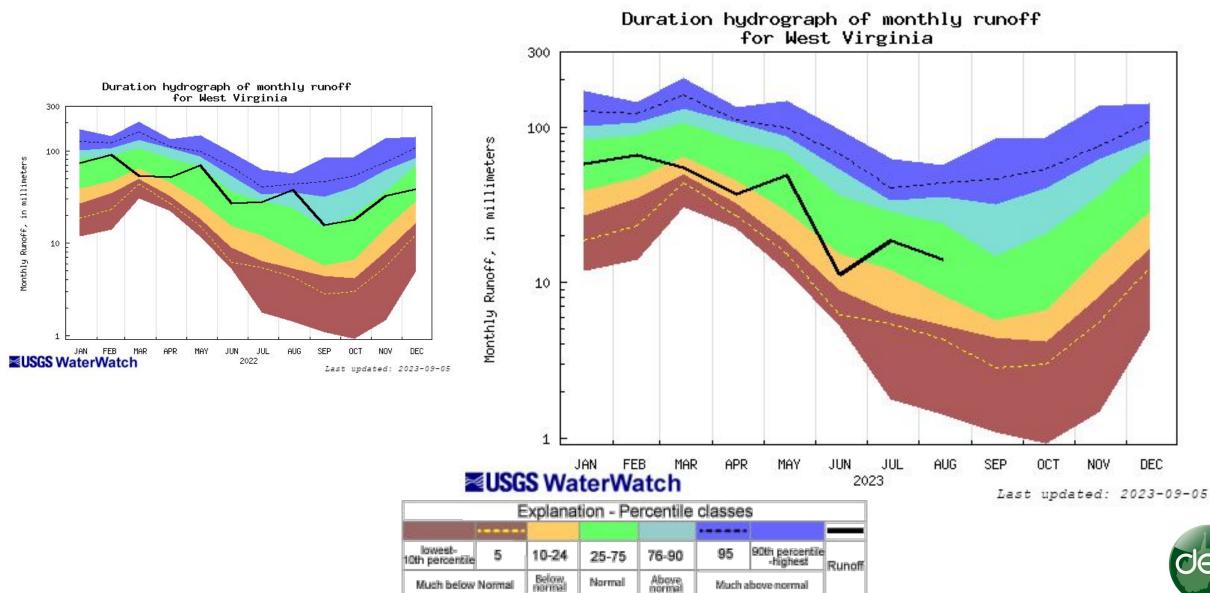


Explanation - Percentile classes							
. 3							
lowest- 10th percentile	5	10-24	25-75	76-90	95	90th percentile -highest	Runoff
Much below	Normal	Below	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal		



WV 2022 monthly hydrograph. Note logarithmic scale (from USGS).

WV 2023 Monthly Hydrograph so far...



Water Management Plans

The Water Use Section reviews all WMPs required for Oil & Gas industry in WV.

Each proposed water source is evaluated

- Surface water
- Ground water
- Purchased water
- Recycled water

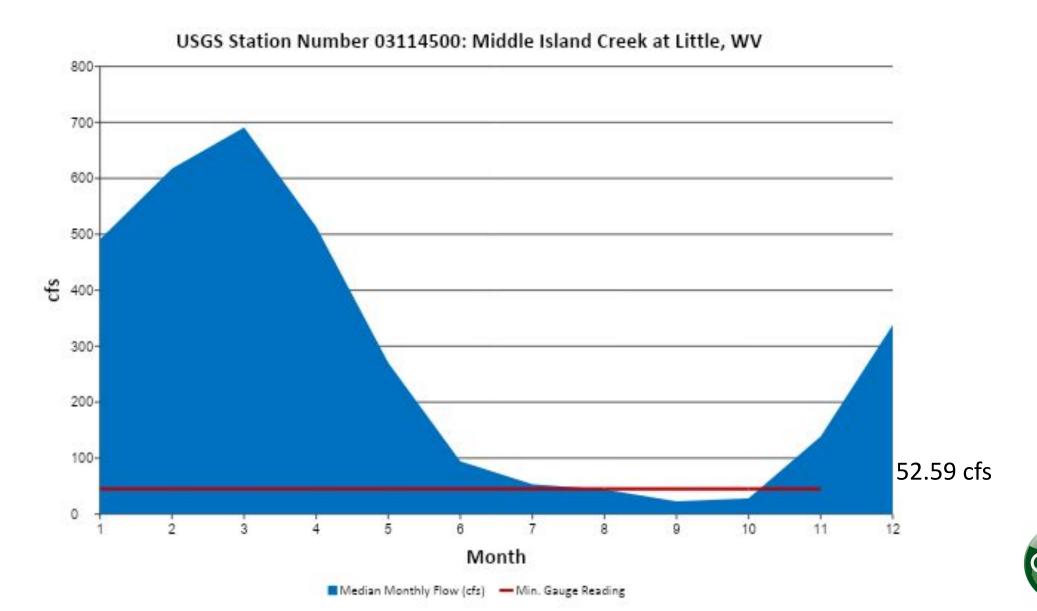
Thresholds for withdrawal are set at the 75th percentile.

The use of recycled frac water is always encouraged.





Establishing Limits



WHEELING CREEK AT ELM GROVE, WV

https://waterdata.usgs.gov/wv/nwis/current/?type=flow

107 > 49.23

Can withdraw

IMPORTANT Legacy real-time page

Monitoring location 03112000 is associated with a STREAM in OHIO COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA. Current conditions of DISCHARGE, GAGE HEIGHT, and FRECIPITATION are available. Water data back to 1940 are available online.

⑦ 7 days ○ 30 days ○ 1 year



Daily Streamflow, ft3/s for Wed Nov 23 2022 based on 82 years of data.

Latest Value	Lowest Value (1964)	25th Percentile	Median	75th Percentile	Mean	Highest Value (2012)
107	1.8	45	116	211	206	3560

The operator is reminded that 24-48 hours prior to withdrawing (or purchasing) water, DEP must be notified by email at DEP.water.use@wv.gov. Signage requirements must be satisfied within 24 hours of activating this Water Management Plan.

• Big Wheeling Creek @ Hogg

0 y

Туре:	Stream/River
County:	Marshall
Owner:	Don Hogg
Intake Latitude:	39.984529
Intake Longitude:	-80.634106
HUC-8 Code:	5030106
Drainage Area (sq miles):	201.69
Regulated Stream:	NO
PWS Within 1 Mile:	NO

Comments:

Gauged Stream:	YES
Ref Gauge ID:	3112000
Ref Gauge Name:	WHEELING CREEK AT ELM GROVE, WV
Minimum Gauge Readin (cfs):	49.23
Minimum Passby (cfs):	27.28
Endangered Species:	NO
Mussel Stream:	YES
Maximum Pump Rate (gpm):	5040

Example:

Citizen inquiry regarding water withdrawal at Fish Creek @ Gribben (ID#03112000 Wheeling Creek @ Elm Grove, WV).

From 7/22/23 @ 10:45am to 7/23/23 @ 7 am, flow decreased from 88 to 58.7 cfs.

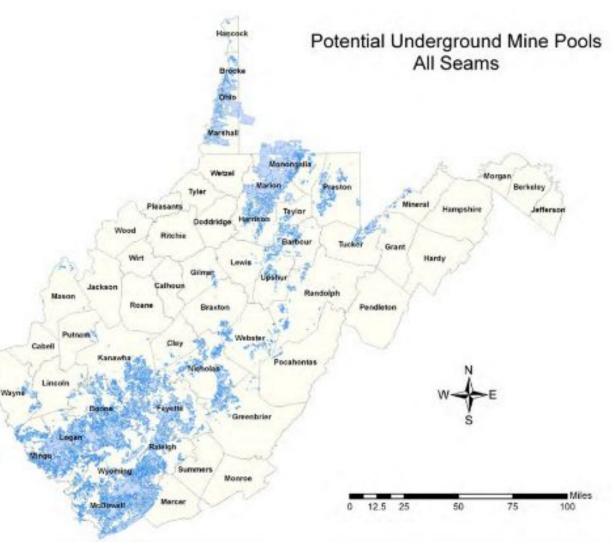
Flow did not drop below the established minimum threshold of 56.96 cfs until after 7:15 am based on the USGS website data.

Туре:	Stream/River	Gauged Stream:	ND
County	Marshall	Ref Gauge ID:	3112000
Owner.	Revocable Living Trust of M. Peggy Gribben	Ref Gauge Name:	WHEELING CREEK ELM GROVE, WV
ntake .atitude:	39 753271	Minimum Gauge Reading (cfs):	56.96
ntake .ongitude:	-80.597913	Minimum Passby (<u>cfs</u>):	23 94
IUC-8 Code:	5030106	Endangered	NO
rainage Area	141.61	Species:	
sq miles):		Mussel Stream:	YES
Regulated Stream:	NO	Maximum Pump Rate (gpm):	5250
PWS Within 1 Mile:	NO		



Key References

- DEP WV Water Laws, Water Regulations and Water Rights 2013.
- WVGES WV Mine Pool Atlas location and potential storage capacity of mapped mines.
- USGS SIR 2012-5121 equated stream flow statistics to base flow to identify interconnection of surface and groundwater. The mean summer base flow is approximately equal to the annual 75th duration flow.
- USGS SIR 2012-5186 summarized GW quality.
- USGS SIR 2010-5185 provided Estimation of Selected Seasonal Streamflow Statistics Representative of 1930-2002 in WV.
- USGS SIR 2008-5105 developed regional equations and procedures for estimating stream flow statistics at ungaged locations.



February 2023 WVU Report

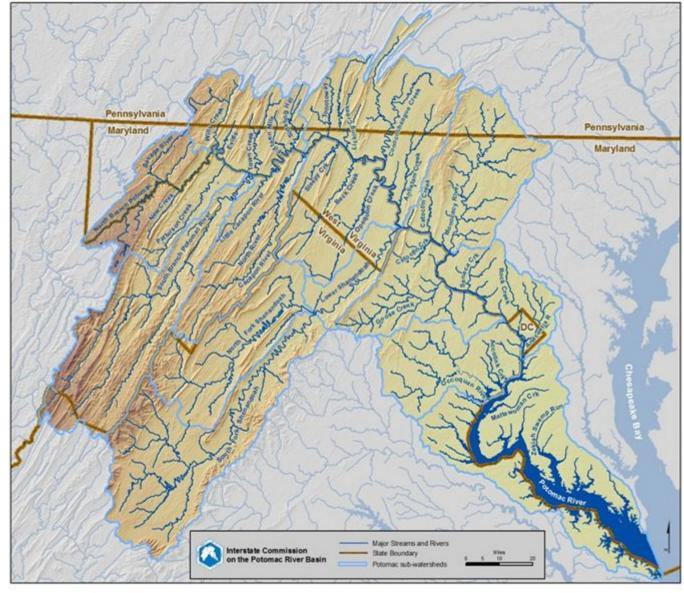
Quantifying Water Security in WV and the Potomac River Basin (Sjostedt, Strager and Zegre)

MS Thesis:

- Compared existing water use data sets accounting to identify strengths and improvement recommendations.
- Built a community-scale water tower model of the Potomac River basin to better quantify the Washington DC metropolitan areas hydrologic dependency.

Insights

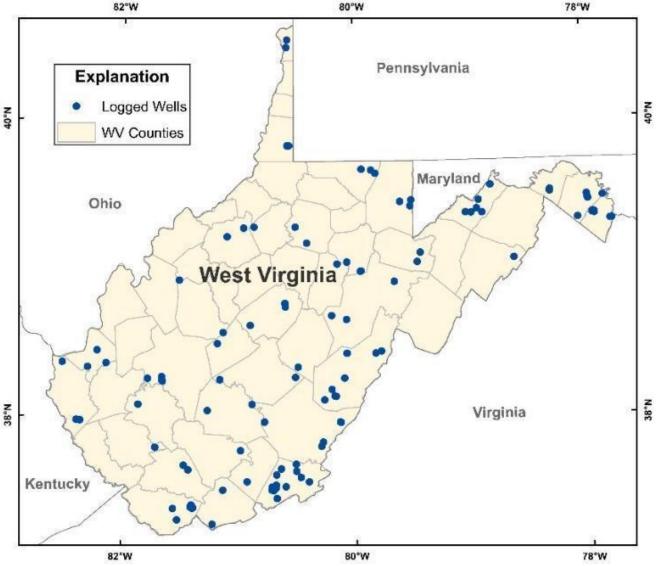
- LQU represents the majority of contemporary water use in WV.
- Would be a benefit to also account for smaller users (e.g., agriculture sector, domestic supplies).
- High elevation and heavily forested areas in the hinterland produced the most disproportional runoff generation for the lowland area emphasizing WV as a vital headwater state.



Continued Research

In support of DWWM's responsibility:

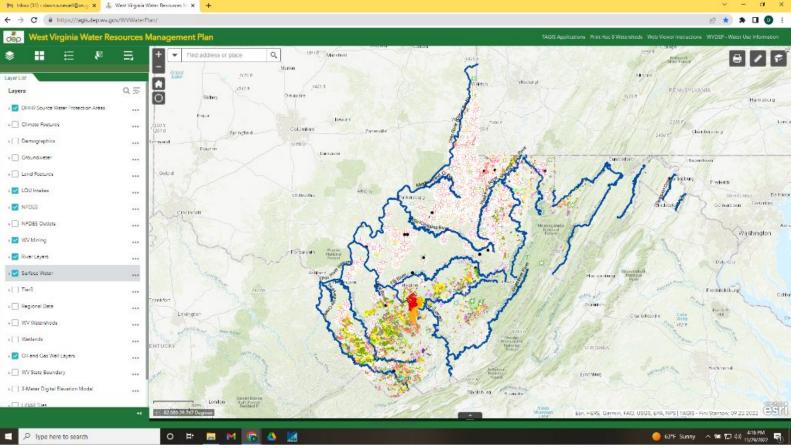
- USGS ~ Winter 2024, Monroe
 County Hydrogeologic Assessment 4
- USGS ~ Spring 2024, Geophysical Groundwater Well Logging
- USGS Draft proposal for a Jefferson and Berkeley County water-use study and development of a predictive groundwater flow model



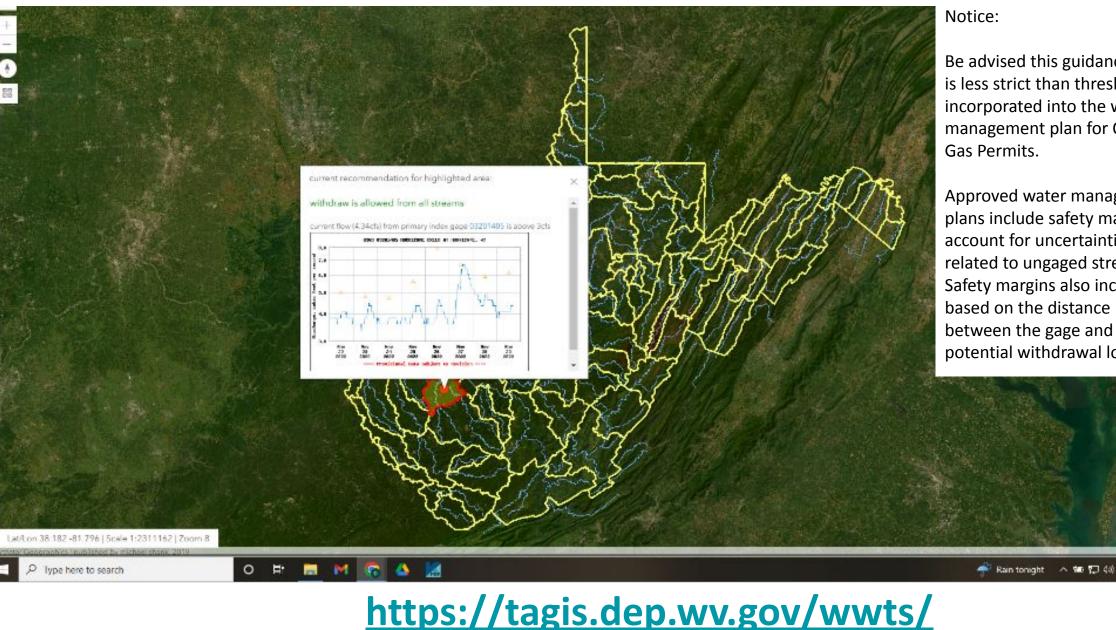
Water Resources Management Mapping Tool

- Acts as a clearinghouse for all data relevant to water management, including LQUs, watershed delineations, monitoring wells, springs mine pools, source water protection areas, geology and more.
- As more data becomes available, it'll be added to this tool.

https://tagis.dep.wv.gov/WVWaterPlan/



Water Withdrawal Tool



Notice:

Be advised this guidance tool is less strict than thresholds incorporated into the water management plan for Oil and Gas Permits.

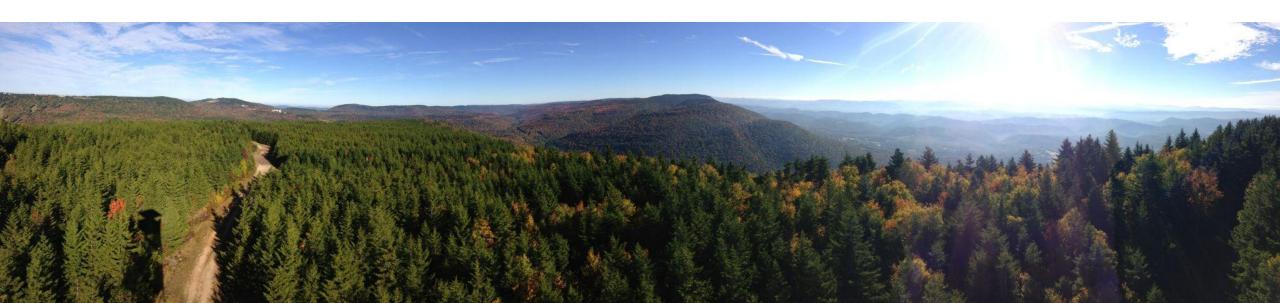
Approved water management plans include safety margins to account for uncertainties related to ungaged streams. Safety margins also increase based on the distance between the gage and the potential withdrawal locations.

눩

1/29/2022

Plans and Priorities

- Continue to update GIS layers associated with LQU and water resources related data.
- Continue with transition for new LQU database platform.
- Continue to fill section vacancy.
- Continue to collaborate with the WV Stream Gaging Council (member since started in 2005) because our water resource models responsible for answering the questions posed by the Act are dependent on data collected by the USGS.



USGS Streamgaging Network

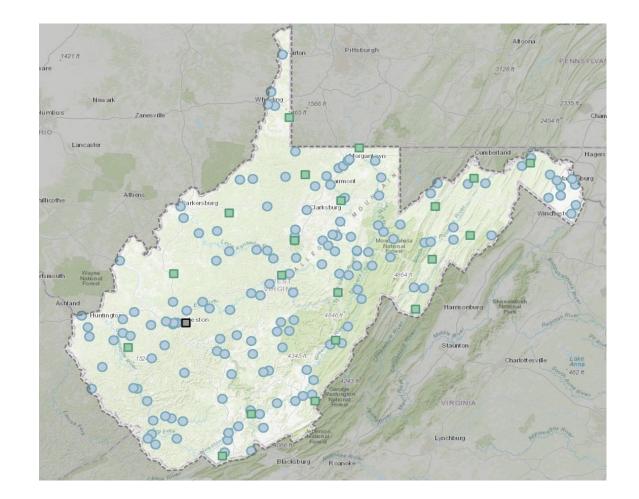
- <u>https://www.usgs.gov/mission-areas/water-resources/science/usgs-streamgaging-network</u>
- National experts with over 10,000 gages and 1,800 partners.
- Funded in partnership AKA shared costs = more gages and data for WV.
- Consistent, quality assured data served online-most in near real time.
- Many users with diverse needs:
 - Emergency responders,
 - Water managers,
 - Environmental and transportation agencies,
 - Universities,
 - Utilities,
 - Recreational enthusiasts, and
 - Consulting firms.



The streamgage network is a vital resource for water managers and the public.

Provides information related to:

- Flood and drought warnings and predictions,
- Recreational use and public safety,
- Pollution control,
- Bridge and highway design,
- Water use and availability, and
- Economic development.



Program Needs:

- Support from the Legislature and all concerned state agencies regarding funding and cost sharing solutions for the 183 stream gages and 19 GW level monitoring wells.
- Stable, appropriate funding with the line item in the annual state budget administered through the WV Emergency Management Division to cover known annual increases related solely to operational costs, enabling the local network to be maintained at least at the current streamgage locations.





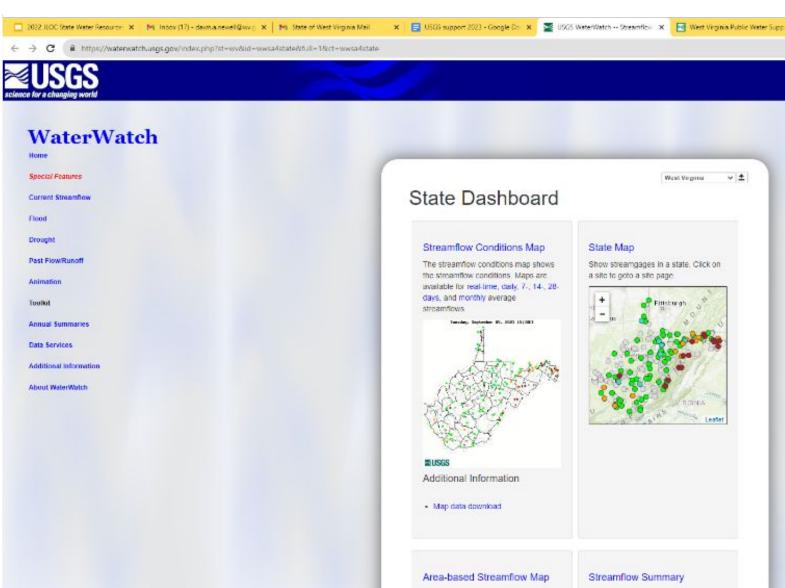
WV Streamgaging Network Cost

Fiscal Year	West Virginia	USGS	Other	Total Annual Funding	Percent Annual Increase
2020	\$800,000	\$560,234	\$827 <i>,</i> 730	\$2,187,964	2.9
2021	\$800,000	\$561,765	\$846 <i>,</i> 740	\$2,208,505	0.9
2022	\$820,000	\$562 <i>,</i> 800	\$892 <i>,</i> 880	\$2,275,680	3.0
2023	\$891,780	\$575,230	\$952 <i>,</i> 090	\$2,419,100	6.3
2024	\$938,000	\$575,230	\$984,333	\$2,497,563	3.2
2025	~\$965,000	\$575,230	~\$1,033,550	~\$ <i>2,573,7</i> 80	3.1
2026	~\$990,000	\$575,230	~\$1,085,227	~\$2,650,457	3.0



Continue to Use National Resources

- Without state request or additional funding, USGS commonly provides new tools.
- There is also potential to develop more helpful applications upon request.
- WaterWatch WV
 Dashboard
 <u>https://waterwatch.usgs.gov/index.php?st=wv&id</u>
 <u>=wwsa4state&full=1&ct=</u>
 <u>wwsa4state</u>



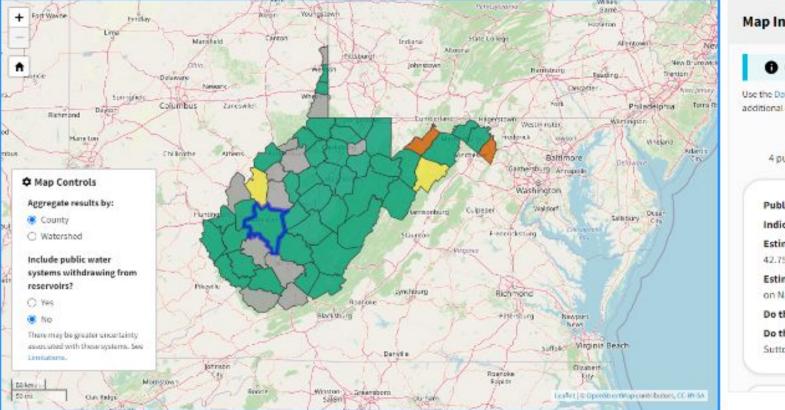
WV Public Water System Drought Risk

https://www.usgs.gov/tools/interactive-map-west-virginia-public-wa

ter-system-drought-risk

West Virginia Public Water System Drought Risk

Map Legend Data Table About



Map Information Panel

O Updates hourly. Last updated: 14:00 UTC 2023-10-20.

Use the Data Table to see the status of all public water systems or to download the data. See the User Guide for additional details.

Kanawha County Public Water System Surface Water Withdrawals

4 public water system(s) considered in this county. Information for each system is detailed below.

Public water system: Intake on ELK RIVER 19325151

Indicator status: ____ < 10% of estimated streamflow withdrawn from source waters

Estimated streamflow withdrawn: 4.03% (based on a October 75th quantile withdrawal rate of 42.7575 cubic feet per second)

Estimated streamflow for reach associated with intake: 1060.14 cubic feet per second (based on National Water Model short-range forecast)

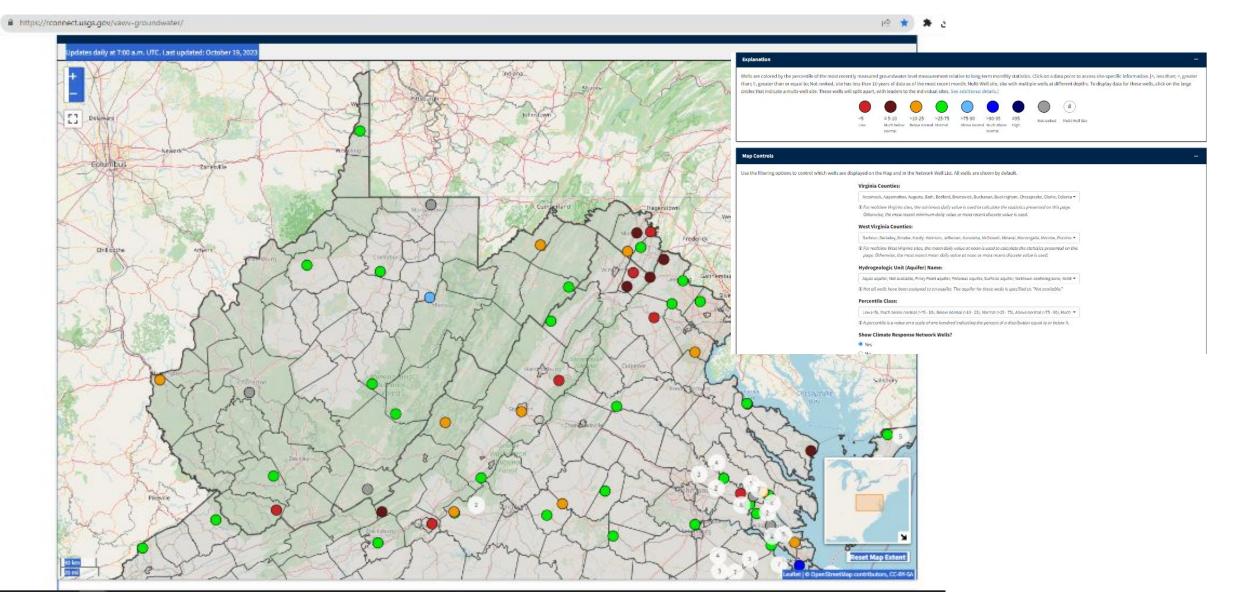
Do the source waters have on-stream storage? No

Do the source waters have regulated flow? Yes (minimum release: 75 cubic feet per second at Sutton Lake Dam)

Explanation

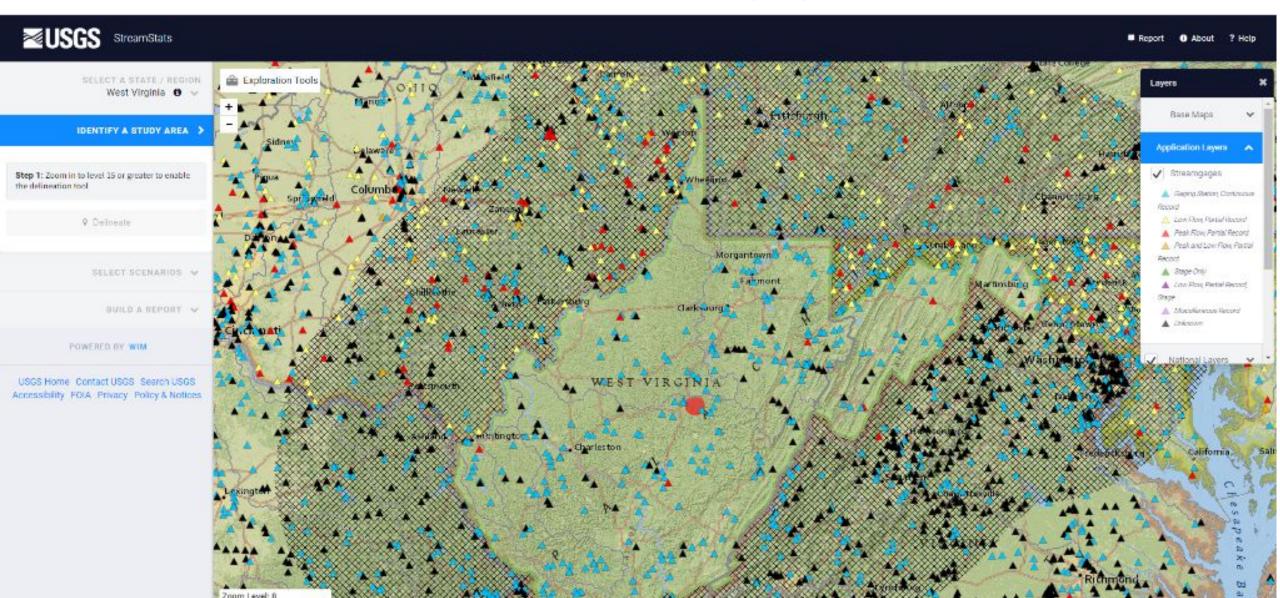
Boundaries (counties or watersheds) are colored by the percent of estimated streamflow of the source waters withdrawn by public water systems within each boundary. The percent of estimated streamflow withdrawn is calculated using the 75th quantile of monthly withdrawal rates for each public water system and National Water Model forecasted streamflows. Use the **O Map Controls** to

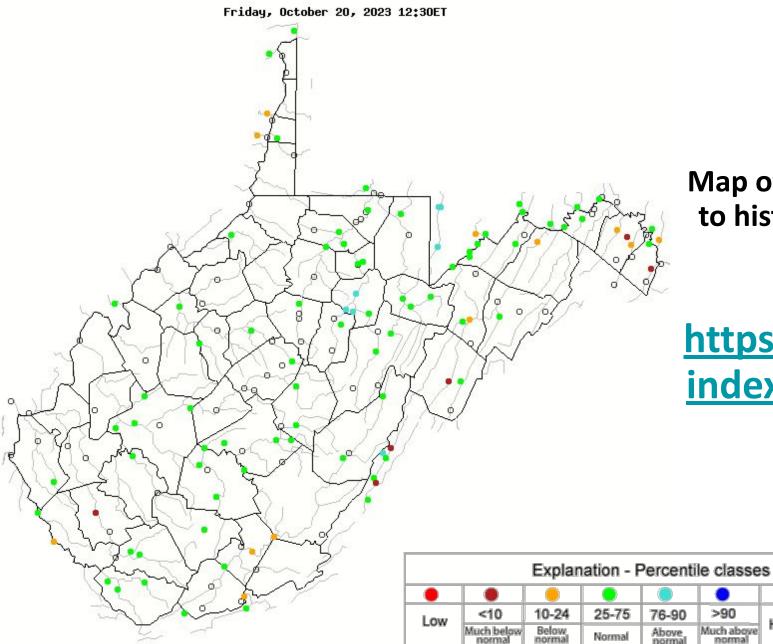
VA and WV Groundwater Levels and Trends https://rconnect.usgs.gov/vawv-groundwater/



StreamStats v4.17.0

https://streamstats.usgs.gov/ss/





Map of real-time streamflow compared to historical streamflow for the day of the year (West Virginia)

https://waterwatch.usgs.gov/ index.php?r=wv&id=ww_curr ent

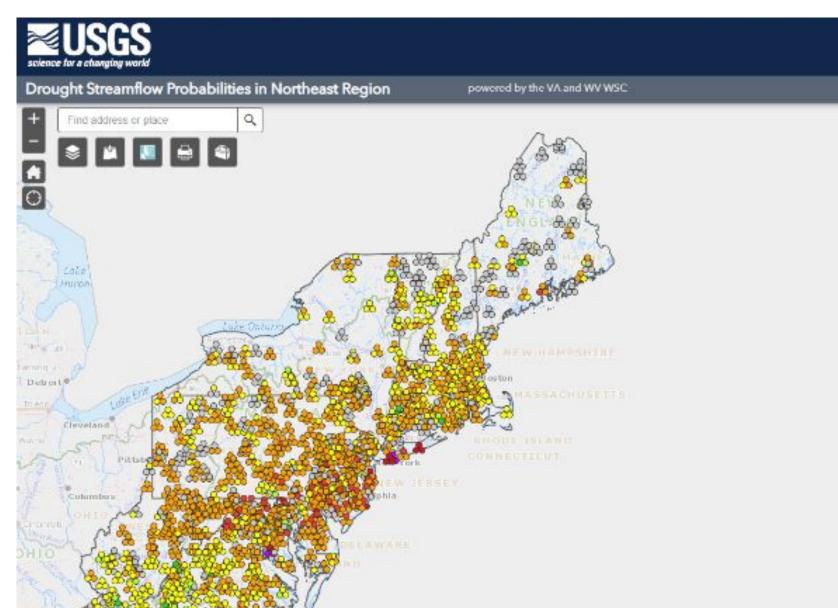
Not-ranked

High

≊USGS

Northeast Region Drought Streamflow Probabilities

https://vawv-gis.usgs.gov/webapps/drought-ne/



Water Use Section Staff

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Vacant Environmental Resources Analyst WMP

