ACTS OF THE LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA



Regular Session, 1990 First and Second Extraordinary Sessions, 1990 BJW Printers, Beckley, W. Va.



FOREWORD

This volume contains the Acts of the Second Regular and the First and Second Extraordinary Sessions of the 69th Legislature, 1990.

Second Regular Session, 1990

The Second Regular Session of the 69th Legislature convened on January 10, 1990. The constitutional sixty-day limit on the duration of the session was midnight, March 10, 1990. However, the session was extended by Proclamation of the Governor for the sole consideration of the Budget Bill, and the Legislature adjourned its Regular Session *sine die* on March 14, 1990.

Bills totaling 1,717 were introduced in the two houses during this session (1,092 House and 625 Senate). The Legislature passed 200 bills, 120 House and 80 Senate. The Governor vetoed one House bill (H. B. 4692), two Senate bills (S. B. 78 and Com. Sub. for S. B. 311) and one bill (Com. Sub. for H. B. 4456) became law without the Governor's signature, leaving a net total of 197 bills which became law.

One hundred concurrent resolutions were introduced during the session, 54 House and 46 Senate, of which 17 House and 12 Senate were adopted. Thirty-two House Joint and 15 Senate Joint Resolutions were introduced proposing amendments to the State Constitution. Com. Sub. for H. J. R. 109, Local Government Fiscal Responsibility Amendment, was reported from committee but died on the House calendar. No Joint Resolutions were adopted. The House had 26 House Resolutions and the Senate had 36 Senate Resolutions, of which 13 House and 34 Senate were adopted.

The Senate failed to pass 86 House bills passed by the House and 64 Senate bills failed passage by the House. One House bill, Com. Sub. for H. B. 2278, permitting employees of school districts to be eligible for membership on county boards of education in certain instances, was rejected by the Senate. Five House and four Senate bills died in conference.

First Extraordinary Session, 1990

The First Extraordinary Session convened at 9:45 p.m., on

March 14, 1990, and adjourned *sine die* at 8:53 p.m., on March 15, 1990.

The Proclamation convening the session contained two items for consideration during the session.

Two House bills and two Senate bills were introduced, of which two House bills passed and were approved by the Governor.

The Senate introduced and adopted eight Senate Resolutions. The House introduced and adopted one House Resolution, providing for payment of expenses of the session and one House Concurrent Resolution, directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to study the issues of personnel in the public education system.

Second Extraordinary Session, 1990

The Legislature met in its Second Extraordinary Session at 5:00 p.m., on June 22, 1990, and adjourned *sine die* at 1:40 p.m. on June 27, 1990.

The Legislature was called together for the purpose of considering thirteen items: Workers' Compensation, Public Energy Authority, disclosure of certain tax information, establishment of a special advance payment account for the WIC Program, supplemental appropriation for WIC Program, child support statute revisions, Homestead Property Tax Exemption, Public Employees Retirement revision concerning nonremunerative governmental positions, solicitation of charitable funds, salary increase for public employees, funding of PEIA, salary increase for education employees and establishing a Disaster Recovery Council and Trust Fund.

The Legislature passed, and the Governor approved, twelve bills: Six House bills and six Senate bills.

Com. Sub. for H. B. 203, Disclosure of certain taxpayer information, passed the House, but the Senate rejected the Conference Report thereon. One House bill (H. B. 207, supplemental appropriation to PEIA, Acct. No. 6150) failed passage by the Senate.

The Senate introduced and adopted two Senate Concurrent

Foreword

Resolutions and six Senate Resolutions. The House introduced and adopted two House Resolutions and three House Concurrent Resolutions.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

This volume will be distributed as provided by sections thirteen and nineteen, article one, chapter four of the Code of West Virginia.

These Acts may be purchased from the Division of Purchasing, Department of Administration, State Capitol, Charleston, West Virginia 25305.

> DONALD L. KOPP, Clerk of the House and Keeper of the Rolls.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACTS AND RESOLUTIONS

Regular Session, 1990 First & Second Extraordinary Sessions, 1990

GENERAL LAWS

Chapt	Chapter	
	ACTIONS AND SUITS	
1.	When Loans or Lines of Credit Not Binding	1
	ADMINISTRATION	
2.	Reorganization of the Department of Administration	3
	AGRICULTURE	
3.	Requirements of Applicant for Public Market Permit	112
4.	Compensation of Cooperative Extension Service Employees	114
5.	Additional Definition of Dealer	116
6.	Agricultural Liming Materials Law	120
7.	Pesticide Control Act of 1990	128
	AIR POLLUTION CONTROL	
0		
8.	Use of Operating Fees and Penalties for Paying Commission Salaries and Expenses	161
	ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR	
9.	Authorizing the Private Sale of Alcoholic Liquor	167
	APPROPRIATIONS	
10.	Budget Bill, Making Appropriations for Fiscal Year Beginning July 1, 1990	. 194
	Supplemental	
11.	Transfer of Funds, Acct. No. 1030, Joint Expenses, to Acct. No.	
~ ~ ·	4050-21, Medical Services	. 275
12.	Expiring and Transferring Certain Unexpended Funds	
13.	Tax Division, Acct. No. 1800	
14.	Commission on Aging, Acct. No. 4060	. 279
15.	Nonintoxicating Beer Commissioner, Acct. No. 4900	. 280
16.	Racing Commission, Acct. No. 4950	. 281

	Supplemental—(Continued)
17.	Division of Personnel of the Civil Service System and the Civil
	Service Commission
18.	Division of Highways, Acct. No. 6700
19.	Division of Motor Vehicles, Acct. No. 6710.
20.	Expiring and Transferring Unexpended Amounts from
	Numerous State Agency Accounts to the Division of Human Services
21.	Information System Services Division, Acct. No. 8151
22.	Division of Public Safety, Drunk Driving Prevention Fund
23.	Division of Health-Hospital Services Revenue Account
	ARCHITECT-ENGINEER SERVICES
24.	Procurement of Architect-Engineer Services
	ARCHIVES AND HISTORY
25.	Protection and Preservation of Historic Archaeological Sites and Burial Grounds
~~	BANKS AND BANKING
26.	Reporting of State Assets Held to Secretary and State Treasurer
27.	Bank Assets Permitted to Qualify as a Member of the Board of Banking and Financial Institutions
28.	Capital Stock and Capital Surplus Requirement for a Banking Institution to Incorporate
29.	Prohibiting Furnishing Information By Financial Institutions to Other Financial Institutions Concerning Employee's Known
30.	Violation of Banking Laws Funds Transfer
	BEER
31.	Manufacture, Sale, Distribution, Transportation, Storage and
	Consumption of Nonintoxicating Beer
	BIDS
32.	Selection by County Boards of Education of Bidders from Whom School Buses are Purchased
	BLENNERHASSETT PARK
3.	Regulatory Authority of Division of Commerce Over the Water
	Transport of Visitors to Blennerhassett Island
	BOARD OF INVESTORS
4.	Prohibiting Attempts to Recover Overpayments Made from the
	Consolidated Fund to Local Governments
5.	Continuation of the West Virginia Board of Investments

.

TABLE OF CON	TENTS
--------------	-------

÷

Chapter P CABLE TELEVISION		Page
36.	Regulation of Cable Television	376
37.	CAPITAL COMPANY ACT Definitions Under the Capital Company Act	405
38.	CAPITOL BUILDING COMMISSION Continuing the Capitol Building Commission	406
39.	CHILD ADVOCATE Continuing the Child Advocate Office	408
40.	CHILD SUPPORT General Revision of Law Governing	409
	CHILD WELFARE	
41. 42.	Purchase or Sale of Child Prohibited and Providing Penalties Custody of Abused or Neglected Children During Emergency Situations	476
		483
43.	CIVIL SERVICE Offices and Positions Exempt from Coverage Under Classified Service	487
	CLAIMS	
44.	Claims Against the State	489
45. 46.	Claims for Compensation of Crime Victims	
40.	Claims Against Various State Agencies	493
	CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION	
47.	Recovery of Damages from and Prohibition of Unsolicited Commercial Telefacsimile Transmissions	507
48.	Provisions Rendering Certain Assignees and Lenders Subject to	501
	Claims and Defenses	
49. 50.	Increasing Recovery of Attorney's Fees and Collection Costs Refund to Debtors of Unused Insurance Premiums Upon	. 525
a u .	Payment in Full of Debt	. 527
51.	Repeal of Section Creating Consumer Affairs Advisory Council	. 531
	CORRECTIONS	
52.	Providing Funds for Construction of Regional Jails and	
-	Correctional Facilities	. 532
53.	Operation of Minimum or Medium Security Private Correctional Facilities Within the State	. 539
54.	Continuing the Division of Corrections	. 564
55.	Monitoring of Inmate Telephone Calls	565
56.	Repeal of Sections Relating to Payment By Counties of Costs of Detention of Youths By Commissioner of Corrections	566
57.	Appropriation for Buildings, Equipment, Etc., and Maximum	
	Amount Allowed on Deposit in Prison Industries Account	567

ix

Chaj	Chapter		
	COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS		
58. 59.	Extending the January Term of Court in Ohio County Changing Term of Court for the Sixteenth Judicial Circuit in	569	
60. 61.	Marion County Preservation and Destruction of Papers Filed in Circuit Courts Court Reporter Original Fees and Fees for Copies	570 570 572	
62.	Time Period for Petitioning for an Appeal to the Supreme Court	573	
	CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT		
63.	Misdemeanor Offense of Impersonating a Law-Enforcement Officer	576	
64.	Records of Purchases of Scrap Metal By Junk Dealers, Salvage Yards or Recycling Facilities	577	
65.	Labeling of Video Movie Ratings	579	
	CRIME VICTIMS		
66. 67.	Transfer of Crime Victims Compensation Fund Imposing Costs on Persons Convicted of DUI and Deposit of Such	581	
	Costs Into the Crime Victims Compensation Fund	591	
	DEPUTY SHERIFFS		
6 8.	Unlimited Unpaid Sick Leave for Deputy Sheriffs	595	
	DOMESTIC RELATIONS		
69. 70.	Repeal of Section Relating to Marriages Between Colored Persons Relating to Prevention of Domestic Violence	596 597	
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT			
71.	Creating the Division of Tourism and Parks and West Virginia Guaranteed Work Force Program	606	
72.	Customized Job Training Program	637	
	EDUCATION		
73.	Designating the Birthday of Martin Luther King as a Legal School Holiday	639	
74.	Public Participation in Promulgation of State Board of Education Rules	644	
75.	Commercial Driver's License for School Personnel	656	
76.	Revising Higher Education Degree Definition and Adding an In- Field Master's Degree	657	
77. 78.	Competency Testing for School Service Personnel Membership Terms of Faculty and Classified Employee Advisory Councils	662 665	
ELECTIONS			
79.	Numbered Divisions Within Multi-Judge Circuits for Election	660	

	TABLE OF CONTENTS	xi
Chap	ter	Page
•	EMINENT DOMAIN	Iage
81.	Expanding Definition and Implementing Uniform Re-Assistance Act	701
	ENERGY	
82.	Use of Special Revenue Funds by the Commissioner of Energy	702
	ETHICS	
83.	Implementing Recommendations of the West Virginia Ethics Commission	707
	EVIDENCE AND WITNESSES	
84.	Prohibiting Compelled Testimony of Priests, Nuns, Ministers and	
85.	Rabbis Certain Reproductions Deemed Duplicates	736 737
00.	ocruain heproductions Deemed Duphcates	101
	FARM MANAGEMENT COMMISSION	
86.	Continuing the Farm Management Commission for Completion of Performance Audit	738
	FIRE PREVENTION	
87.	Removing Requirement That a Copy of the State Fire Code be Filed with Each County Clerk	745
88.	Authorizing the Use of Live Trees in Public Buildings	
	GASOLINE	
89.	Posting the Alcoholic Content of Gasoline	747
	GEOLOGICAL SURVEY	
90.	Continuation of the Geological Survey Program	748
~ .	HEALTH	= 10
91.	Closure of Certain Hospitals and Facilities Fees for Services by the Division of Health	
92. 93.	Certificate of Need and Exemptions Therefrom	
94.	Powers and Duties of the State Health Planning and Development Agency	t
95.	Copies of Health Care Records	
96.	Termination Date of the Task Force on Uncompensated Health	
	Care and Medicaid Expenditures	
97.	Medical Power of Attorney Act Designee of Director of Health to be a Member of the Board of	. 785
98.	Medicine and to Act as Secretary	. 798
	HORSE AND DOG RACING	
99.	Powers and Authority of Racing Commission	800
100.	Televised Racing Days	803

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter		Dama
Unaj	HUMAN SERVICES	Page
101.	Reimbursement of Capital Costs for Certain Health Care Facilities	806
	HUNTING AND FISHING	
102.	Transfer of Authority Prohibited for Plum Orchard Lake,	
	Pleasants Creek, Big Ditch Lake and Teeter Creek	809
103.	Designating Moncove Lake Public Hunting and Fishing Area as a	
	State Park	810
104.	Additional Compensation Paid to County Officials for Issuance of	
	Hunting, Trapping and Fishing Licenses	812
105.	Small Arms Hunting License	814
106.	Eliminating the Antlered Deer Only Restriction	816
	INSURANCE	
107.	Primary Malpractice Insurance for Treatment of Medicaid	
1011	Obstetric Patients	817
108.	Capital and Surplus Requirements of Insurers and Minimum	
	Amount of Tax Payable	820
109.	Continuing Education Program for Agents	821
110.	Required Reporting of an Impairment in the Financial Condition	
	of an Insurance Company	825
111.	Agents, Brokers, Solicitors and Excess Line Agents	886
112.	Group Life Insurance Dependent Coverage	891
113.	Third Party Reimbursement for Rehabilitation Services	893
114.	Group Health Insurance Conversion	902
115.	Regulating the Declination and Termination of Property	
	Insurance Policies	903
116.	Premium Reduction for Certain Drivers	910
117.	Requiring Hospital, Medical, Dental and Health Service	
	Corporations Each to Provide Coverage for Mental Illness	912

JUVENILE OFFENDERS

914

LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

119.	Prohibiting Off-Duty Employment of Law-Enforcement Officers	
	in Labor Disputes	919

LEGISLATIVE RULES

120.	Legislative Rules for Various State Agencies	923
------	--	-----

LEGISLATURE

121.	Defining "Next Meeting of the Senate"	1036
122.	Charges for Use of Legislative Computer Subscriber System	1036

xii

	TABLE OF CONTENTS	xiii
Chapter		Page
	LIENS	
123.	Clarifying Obligatory and Nonobligatory Future Advances	1037
	LOCAL POWERS ACT	
124.	Establishing the Local Powers Act	1041
	LOTTERY	
125.	Setting Forth Revisions to the State Lottery Act	1053
	MENTALLY ILL PERSONS	
126.	Removing State Licensing Requirement of Physicians Treating Individuals Subject to Incompetency Hearings	1064
	MOTOR VEHICLES	
127.	Registration Fees for Certain Classes of Vehicles	1068
128.	Special License Plates for Survivors of the Attack on Pearl Harbor	1075
129.	Definition of Total Loss Vehicle and Licensing of Wreckers or Dismantler/Rebuilders	
130.	Making it Unlawful to be an Automobile Broker	
131.	Compensation to Dealers for Service Rendered on Warranty and Factory Recall Work	
132.	Felony Offense of Theft of a Rented or Leased Vehicle	
133.	Felony Offense of Theft of Motor Vehicle Offered for Sale Which has been Obtained for Temporary Use for Demonstration	
	Purposes	
134.	Motorcycle Safety and Motorcycle Safety Program	
135.	Penalties for Overtaking and Passing School Buses	
$136. \\ 137.$	Altered Motor Vehicle Suspension Systems Reducing Operator's License Suspension Period and Removing	. 1134
	High Risk Insurance Requirement for Certain Drivers	. 1136
138.	Authorizing Service of Process on Defendant's Insurance Company When Attempts to Locate Defendant Fail	. 1139
	MUNICIPALITIES	
139.	Repeal of Article Relating to Notice of Suit Against	
103.	Municipalities	1144
140.	Nonliability of Owner of Real Property for Delinquent Utility Rates or Charges	
141.	Acquisition or Construction of Electric Power and Waterworks	
	Systems	1151
	NATIONAL GUARD	

Char	NATURAL RESOURCES	Page
143.	Sales of Public Land to Federal or State Entities for Less than	
140,	Fair Market Value	1173
144.	Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact	1176
145.	Limitation on Liability of Horse Owners for Injury Resulting	
146.	from Equestrian Activity Definition of Term "Other Wastes" in the Water Pollution Control	1186
146.	Act	1191
147.	Underground Storage Tank Management	1195
148.	Clarifying Unlawful Negligent Shooting, Wounding or Killing of Humans or Livestock While Hunting	1198
	PRISONERS	
149.	Payment of Costs for Extradition of Criminals	1199
	PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS	
150.	Permitting Graduates of Approved Vocational Programs to Take	
	the Journeyman Electrician's Test and be Awarded a License	1200
151.	Voluntary Treatment of Physicians, Podiatrists and Physician	
152.	Assistants for Alcohol or Chemical Dependency General Revision of the Law Governing Architects	$1203 \\ 1206$
152. 153.	Permitting License Fees for Hearing-Aid Dealers and Fitters to	1200
100.	be Established by Rule	1217
	PUBLIC DEFENDER	
154.	Public Defender Services	1223
	PUBLIC LIBRARIES	
155.	State Library Commission Authorized to Offer Certain Printed	
	Matter for Sale	1244
156.	Confidentiality of Users of Library Materials	1246
	PUBLIC SAFETY	
157.	Establishment of a Career Progression System Within the	
	Department of Public Safety, Salary Increases, Classification and Promotion	1247
158.	Reimbursement by the Division of Motor Vehicles to the Division	1241
100.	of Public Safety for Services Rendered	1252
159.	Retired Members of the Division of Public Safety Permitted to	
1.00	Carry a Handgun Awarding Members of the Department of Public Safety Their	1256
160.	Service Revolver Upon Retirement	1257
	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	
161.	Cessation of Jurisdiction Over Rates for Certain Services of	
	Telephone Utilities	1258
162.	Conferring Ratemaking Jurisdiction for Access Charges of Telephone Cooperatives	1261
163.	Emergency Telephone Systems	1265

t

TABLE OF (CONTENTS
------------	----------

Chapt	er RAFFLES	Page
164.		1268
	REAL PROPERTY	
165.	Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act	1272
	REGULATION OF TRADE	
166.	Annual Registration Fees, Bedding and Upholstery Business	1304
	RETIREMENT	
167.	Supplemental Benefits Under the Policemen's and Firemen's	
	Pension and Relief Funds	1305
	SMALL BUSINESS ASSISTANCE	
168.		1907
100.	Small Business Expansion Assistance Program	1307
	SOLID WASTE	
169.	Solid Waste and Disposal	
170.	County Recycling Program for Solid Waste	1352
	SUNSET	
171.	Termination of Governmental Entities or Programs	1355
	TAXATION	
172.	Taxation and Property Valuation	1358
173.	Tax Exemption for Property Used by Nonprofit Corporations	1000
	Providing Natural Gas for Public Purposes	1387
174.	Timely Filing and Payment of Ad Valorem Real or Personal	1900
175.	Property Taxes Exemptions Under Consumers Sales Tax Law	1390 1392
176.	Business Investment and Jobs Expansion Credit Restrictions and	1092
170.	Limitations	1416
177.	Credit for Qualified Rehabilitated Buildings Investment	
178.	Personal Income Tax Terms	
179.	Business Franchise and Corporation Net Income Tax Terms	1438
	TRAFFIC REGULATIONS	
180.	Penalties for Violations of Handicapped Parking Privileges	1449
	TREASURER	
101	Responsibilities of State Treasurer	1459
181. 182.	Requiring Bank Reconciliations and the Balancing of State	. 1453
184.	Accounts in a Timely Manner	. 1463
	TURNPIKE	
100	Continued Toll Collection at the Intersection of U.S. Route 19 and	
183.	the Turnpike	. 1465

xv

Chap	UNCLAIMED PROPERTY	Page
184.	Presumption of Abandonment of Property	1469
	UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION	
185.	Unemployment Compensation Generally	1476
	UNIFORM STATE LAWS	
186.	Life Members of the Commission	1496
	VETERANS	
187.	Transfer of Administration of Division of Veterans' Affairs and Veterans' Council to the Department of Public Safety	1497
188.	State Homes for Veterans	1506
	WAYPORT AUTHORITY	
189.	Creation of the West Virginia Wayport Authority	1508
	WOMEN'S COMMISSION	
190.	Continuing the Women's Commission and Correcting Designation of Ex Officio Members	1524
	WORKERS' COMPENSATION	
191.	Continuing the Office of Workers' Compensation Commissioner	1525
	LOCAL LAWS	
	Fayette County	
192.	Establishing the Fayette County New River Gorge Bridge Day Commission	1528
100	Hancock County	
193.	Repeal of Act Requiring the Providing of Funds for Certain Monuments, Marking of Certain Graves, Etc	1531
104	Mercer County Mercer County Tourist Train Authority	1532
194.		1002
195.	Morgan County Board of Directors of Morgan County War Memorial Hospital	1534
196.	Putnam County Extending Time for County Commission to Meet as Levying Body	
190.	for Election to Continue Additional Levy for Parks, Recreation and Library Services	1536
	Spencer	
197.	Farm Management Commission and Division of Health Directed to Convey Spencer State Hospital Institutional Farm and Spencer State Hospital to the City of Spencer	1537

•

•

.

	(Only resolutions of general interest are included herein)	
Number	Concurrent	Page
HCR 1	Raising a Joint Assembly to Hear an Address by His	_
	Excellency, the Governor	153 9
HCR 21	Relocation of FBI Identification Division in West Virginia	1539
HCR 40	Interim Review, Examination and Study of Solid and Toxic	
	Waste Management	1540
SCR 19	Establishing the West Virginia Health Care Delivery and	
	Accessibility Task Force	1541
SCR 30	Approving Purpose and Amount of Certain Projects of the	
	West Virginia Regional Jail and Correctional Facilities	
	Authority	1543
	House	
UD 10	Amonding the Pulse of the House of Delegator Polating to	

-

HR 19	Amending the Rules of the House of Delegates Relating to		
	Prohibiting Smoking and the use of all Other Tobacco		
	Products in the Chamber, Galleries and Committee Rooms		
	During Meetings	1547	

Senate

\mathbf{SR}	3	Amending Senate Rule 27, Relating to Standing Committees	
		of the Senate	1547
SR	13	Amending Rules of the Senate Relating to Defining the Phrase	
		"Next Meeting of the Senate"	1548

First Extraordinary Session, 1990

Chapt	ter	Page
	APPROPRIATIONS	-
1.	Supplementing, Amending, Reducing and Transferring Appropriations in Acct. No. 2950, State Department of Education—State Aid to Schools	1551
	EDUCATION	

2.	General Revision of the Law	Governing Public Education	1553
----	-----------------------------	----------------------------	------

Second Extraordinary Session, 1990

Chapt	APPROPRIATIONS	Page
1.	Supplemental Appropriations to Various Accounts for Salary Increases	1589
2.	Supplemental Appropriation, Consolidated Medical Services Fund, Acct. No. 4190	1593

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chap		Page
	APPROPRIATIONS—(Continued)	
3.	Supplemental Appropriation, Division of Motor Vehicles, Acct. No. 6710	1594
4.	Supplementing, Amending, Reducing and Transferring	
	Appropriations in Various Accounts	1595
	CHARITABLE FUNDS	
5.	Solicitation of Charitable Funds Act	1600
	CHILD SUPPORT	
6.	Conforming State Law With Requirements of the Federal Family Support Act of 1989	1610
	EMERGENCY SERVICES	
7.	West Virginia Disaster Recovery Act	1614
	ENERGY	
8.	Public Energy Authority	1626
	HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION	
9.	Revision of the Law Concerning Exemption	1646

RETIREMENT

10.	Permitting Retired P	ublic Employees to Serve on Certain Boards	
	and Commissions		1650

WIC PROGRAM

11.	Establishment of Special Advance Payment Account	1658
	WORKERS' COMPENSATION	

12.	General Revision of Law		1660
-----	-------------------------	--	------

xviii

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE

REGULAR SESSION, 1990

OFFICERS

President-Keith Burdette, Parkersburg President Pro Tem-Homer Heck, Huntington Clerk-Darrell E. Holmes, Charleston Sergeant at Arms-Estil Bevins, Williamson Doorkeeper-Porter Cotton, Cabin Creek

District	Name	Address
		Wellsburg
Second	¹ Wayne A. Thomas (D) Larry Wiedebusch (D)	New Martinsville Glen Dale
Third	Donna J. Boley (R) Keith Burdette (D)	
Fourth	Oshel B. Craigo (D) Robert L. Dittmar (D)	Hurricane Ravenswood
	Homer Heck (D) Ned Jones (D)	Huntington
Sixth		Williamson Iaeger
Seventh	Lloyd G. Jackson II (D) Earl Ray Tomblin (D)	
Eighth	² James F. Humphreys (D) Mark Anthony Manchin (D)	
Ninth		Beckley Pineville
Tenth	Frederick L. Parker (D) Tony E. Whitlow (D)	Greenville Kellysville
Eleventh		Lewisburg Fayetteville
Twelfth	Jae Spears (D)	Marlinton Elkins
Thirteenth	Bill Sharpe (D) M. Jay Wolfe (R)	Weston Clarksburg
Fourteenth.		Fairmont
Fifteenth	Charles B. Felton, Jr. (D) C. N. Harman (R)	Rowlesburg Grafton
Sixteenth		Moorefield Martinsbur g
Seventeenth	Charlotte Jean Pritt (D) 'Martha G. Wehrle (D)	Charleston Charleston

Appointed to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Thomas E. Loehr.
 Appointed to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of John Boettner, Jr.
 Appointed to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Larry A. Tucker.
 Appointed to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Darrell E. Holmes.

(D) Democrats	30
(R) Republicans	4
Total	34

[xix]

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

REGULAR SESSION, 1990

OFFICERS

Speaker-Robert C. Chambers, Huntington Speaker Pro Tem-Marjorie H. Burke, Sand Fork Clerk-Donald L. Kopp, Clarksburg Sergeant at Arms-Oce W. Smith, Jr., Fairmont Doorkeeper-Dannie Wingo, Yukon

District	Name	Address
First		
	¹ Tamara Pettit (D)	
Second		Wellsburg
	Bernard V. Kelly (D)	
Third	Andy Katz (D)	
	David B. McKinley (R)	
	Paul J. Otte (R)	
Fourth	Rodney T. Berry (D)	
	A. E. Tribett (D)	
	Dave Pethtel (D)	
Sixth	James E. Willison (R)	Sistersville
Seventh	Otis A. Leggett (R)	St. Marys
	Stephen C. Bird (D)	
	Robert W. Burk, Jr. (R)	Parkersburg
	A. V. Criss, III (R)	
	J. Frank Deem (R)	
	George E. Farley (D)	
Ninth	Marjorie H. Burke (D)	Sand Fork
	Randy Schoonover (D)	Clay
Tenth	Bob Ashley (R)	Spencer
Eleventh		Ripley
	Charley Damron (D)	Leon
	Lydia Ď. Long (D)	Pt. Pleasant
	Deborah F. Phillips (D)	Scott Depot
	Patricia Holmes White (D)	
Thirteenth		
	Phyllis Given (D)	
	Rick Houvouras (D)	
	James Hanly Morgan (D)	Huntington
	Evelyn E. Richards (R)	Huntington
	Stephen T. Williams (D)	
Fourteenth	Kenneth Adkins (D)	
	Walter Rollins (D)	
F'ifteenth	Jim Reid (D)	
.	Mike Whitt (D)	
Sixteenth	W. E. Anderson (D)	Logan
	Sammy D. Dalton (D)	
	Joe C. Ferrell (D)	Logan
Sourcenteenth	David E. Whitman (D)	
	Delores W. Cook (D)	
Eignteenth	Ernest C. Moore (D)	
AT'1	Rick Murensky (D)	
in ineteenth	Richard Browning (D)	
	W. Richard Staton (D)	

Twentieth	Terry W. Basham (D)	Rock
	Tom Farmer (D)	Princeton
	Richard D. Flanigan (D)	
	Richard N. Kephart (D)	
	Mary Pearl Compton (D)	
Twenty-second	Robert S. Kiss (D)	
	Jack J. Roop (D)	Beckley
	Arnold W. Ryan (D) Tom Susman (D)	
	William R. Wooton (D)	Beckley
Twenty-third	. Ramona Gail Cerra (D)	
x weakly with a second	David Grubb (D).	
	Barbara Burruss Hatfield (D)	South Charleston
	Danny Jones (R)	Charleston
	Robert J. Louderback (D)	
	Margaret Miller (R)	
	Phyllis J. Rutledge (D)	
	Lyle Sattes (D)	
	Rudy Seacrist (D) ² Walton S. Shepherd (D)	
	Henry Shores (R)	
	Sharon Spencer (D)	Charleston
Twenty-fourth	Paul M. Blake, Jr. (D)	
I wenty-lour th	L. Dale Clonch (D)	Favetteville
	John W. Hatcher, Jr. (D)	Favetteville
Twenty-fifth	James J. Rowe (D)	
I wently international	Bill Wallace (R)	Clintonville
Twenty-sixth	C. Farrell Johnson (D)	
r wenty sixen	Eugene T. Wilson (D)	Cowen
Twenty-seventh	Joe Martin (D)	
I wenty beventuring	³ Jane Price Sharp (D)	Marlinton
Twenty-eighth	Dale Riggs (R)	Buckbannon
, wellog elginning	Donald L. Stemple (R)	Philippi
Twenty-ninth	Robert J. Conley (R)	Weston
Thirtieth	Percy C. Ashcraft, II (D)	Clarksburg
1 111 000000000000000000000000000000000	Joseph M. Minard (D)	Clarksburg
	Michael L. Queen (D)	Clarksburg
	Barbara A. Warner (D)	Bridgeport
Thirty-first	Nick Fantasia (D)	Kingmont
•	James L. Pitrolo, Jr. (D)	Fairmont
	Roman W. Prezioso, Jr. (D)	
	Cody A. Starcher (D)	
Thirty-second	Michael A. Buchanan (D)	Morgantown
	Stephen L. Cook (D)	Morgantown
	¹ Brian A. Gallagher (D) Florence L. Merow (D)	Morgantown
Thirty-third	David E. Miller (D) Fred C. Peddicord (D)	Kingwood
	Fred C. Feddicord (D)	
Thirty-fourth	⁵ Phyllis M. Cole (R) Robert A. Schadler (R)	Kowcor
	Harold K. Michael (D)	
Thirty-fifth	Harold K. Michael (D)	Niooreneid
Thirty-sixth	Jerry L. Mezzatesta (D)	
Thirty-seventh	Patrick H. Murphy (D)	Martinsburg
Thirty-eighth	Larry V. Faircloth (R)	Inwood
Thirty-ninth	John Overington (R)	Martinsburg
	Dale Manuel (D)	
² Appointed to fill the vac	ancy created by the resignation of Patricia Bra ancy created by the resignation of James F. Hu ancy created by the resignation of Walt Helmic ancy created by the resignation of Twila S. Met	mphreys.
^a Appointed to fill the vac	ancy created by the resignation of Walt Helmic	k.
Appointed to fill the vac	ancy created by the resignation of Twila S. Met ancy created by the resignation of Marc L. Har	meney.
- Appointed to fin the vaca (D) De	mocrats	
(-) -		

•••

(D) Democrats	80	
(R) Republicans	20	
Total	100	

COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Regular Session, 1990

STANDING

Agriculture and Natural Resources

Buchanan (Chairman of Agriculture), Peddicord (Vice Chairman of Agriculture), Love (Chairman of Natural Resources), Reid (Vice Chairman of Natural Resources), Ashcraft, Burke, Clonch, Compton, B. Hatfield, Martin, Michael, Murphy, Pethtel, Pitrolo, Schoonover, Staton, Tribett, Warner, Whitman, Wilson, Leggett, Overington, Riggs, Stemple and Willison.

Banking and Insurance

Phillips (Chairman of Banking), Minard (Vice Chairman of Banking), Susman (Chairman of Insurance), Adkins (Vice Chairman of Insurance), Berry, Cerra, Dalton, Damron, Fantasia, Flanigan, Gallagher, Grubb, Houvouras, Katz, Kephart, Michael, Queen, Rutledge, White, Wooton, Ashley, Criss, McKinley, Riggs and Shores.

Constitutional Revision

Given (*Chairman*), Wooton (*Vice Chairman*), Basham, Blake, Browning, D. Cook, Grubb, Kelly, Kiss, Long, Louderback, Manuel, Martin, Murensky, Prezioso, Rowe, Sattes, Shepherd, V. Starcher, Staton, Faircloth, Overington, Richards, Stemple and Wallace.

Education

Sattes (Chairman), Ashcraft (Vice Chairman), Bird, Blake, Compton, D. Cook, Dalton, Fantasia, Farmer, Gallagher, Long, Merow, Mezzatesta, D. Miller, Pettit, Queen, Sharp, Spencer, Susman, Williams, Leggett, Otte, Overington, Richards and Willison.

[xxii]

Finance

Farley (*Chairman*), Murphy (*Vice Chairman*), Adkins, Anderson, Browning, Burke, S. Cook, B. Hatfield, Houvouras, Kiss, Martin, Minard, Peddicord, Phillips, Prezioso, Rutledge, Seacrist, V. Starcher, White, Wooton, Conley, Criss, Faircloth, McKinley and Stemple.

Government Organization

Givens (*Chairman*), Flanigan (*Vice Chairman*), Cerra, Clonch, T. Hatfield, Johnson, Kelly, Kephart, Louderback, Love, Mezzatesta, Michael, Morgan, Rollins, Ryan, Schoonover, C. Starcher, Tribett, Whitman, Wooton, Cole, Riggs, Schadler, Shores and Wallace.

Health and Human Resources

B. Hatfield (*Chairman*), White (*Vice Chairman*), Berry, S. Cook, Browning, Fantasia, Flanigan, Katz, Louderback, Merow, Mezzatesta, D. Miller, Moore, Pettit, Roop, Spencer, C. Starcher, Susman, Warner, Wilson, Ashley, Conley, Deem, Otte and Richards.

Industry and Labor

Moore (*Chairman*), Spencer (*Vice Chairman*), Adkins, Anderson, Bird. Clonch, Compton, S. Cook, Farmer, Ferrell, Gallagher, Given, Long, D. Miller, Pethtel, Ryan, Schoonover, Whitman, Williams, Deem, McKinley, P. Miller, Overington and Schadler.

Judiciary

Hatcher (*Chairman*), Berry (*Vice Chairman*), Basham, Buchanan, Damron, Ferrell, Given, Grubb, Katz, Manuel, Moore, Pethtel, Pitrolo, Reid, Roop, Rowe, Shepherd, Staton, Warner, Wilson, Ashley, Burk, Deem, Jones and P. Miller.

Political Subdivisions

Roop (*Chairman*), Mezzatesta (*Vice Chairman*), Clonch, Damron, T. Hatfield, Houvouras, Johnson, Kelly, Kiss, Manuel, Merow, Morgan, Murphy, Rowe, Ryan, Seacrist, Sharp, V. Starcher, Staton, Tribett, Cole, Jones, P. Miller, Shores and Willison.

Roads and Transportation

Anderson (*Chairman*), Pitrolo (*Vice Chairman*), Ashcraft, Basham, Blake, Buchanan, Burke, Cerra, D. Cook, Dalton, Farmer, Ferrell, Johnson, Love, Morgan, Peddicord, Reid, Seacrist, C. Starcher, Williams, Conley, Criss, Leggett, Schadler and Wallace.

Rules

Chambers (*Chairman*), Ashcraft, Burke, Farley, Givens, Hatcher, Murensky, Sattes, Seacrist, Wooton, Burk and Otte.

JOINT COMMITTEES

Enrolled Bills

Kelly (Chairman), Ryan (Vice Chairman), Sattes, Ashley and Jones.

Rules

Chambers (Co-Chairman), Murensky and Burk.

Government and Finance

Chambers (Co-Chairman), Farley, Hatcher, Murensky, Sattes, Ashley and Burk.

Legislative Rule-Making Review

Murphy (Acting Chairman), Buchanan, Roop, V. Starcher, Burk and Faircloth.

COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE

Regular Session, 1990

STANDING

Agriculture

Parker (Chairman), Dittmar (Vice Chairman), Hawse, Helmick, Lucht, Rundle, Spears, Whitlow, Wiedebusch and Wolfe.

Banking and Insurance

Thomas (Chairman), Heck (Vice Chairman), Craigo, Dittmar, Hawse, Jones, J. Manchin, Pritt, Rundle, Sharpe, Tomblin, Wagner and Wolfe.

Confirmations

Whitlow (Chairman), Blatnik (Vice Chairman), Chafin, Jackson, Lucht, Parker, Tomblin, Wehrle and Harman.

Education

Lucht (Chairman), M. Manchin (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Brackenrich, Felton, Hawse, Holliday, Humphreys, Jones, Parker, Rundle, Wagner and Warner.

Energy, Industry and Mining

Sharpe (Chairman), Wehrle (Vice Chairman), Brackenrich, Chernenko, Felton, Helmick, Hylton, Jackson, J. Manchin, M. Manchin, Thomas, Wagner and Harman.

Finance

Tomblin (Chairman), Craigo (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Brackenrich, Chernenko, Hawse, Jones, Lucht, J. Manchin, M. Manchin, Parker, Sharpe, Spears, Thomas, Wagner, Harman and Warner.

Government Organization

Spears (Chairman), Wiedebusch (Vice Chairman), Bracken-

[xxv]

rich, Chernenko, Craigo, Felton, Jackson, Jones, Lucht, J. Manchin, Parker, Tomblin, Wehrle and Boley.

Health and Human Resources

Holliday (Chairman), Pritt (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Chernenko, Craigo, J. Manchin, Sharpe, Spears, Thomas, Boley and Harman.

ł

Interstate Cooperation

Dittmar (Chairman), Hylton (Vice Chairman), Chafin, Heck, Holliday, M. Manchin, Pritt, Wehrle and Warner.

Judiciary

Jackson (Chairman), Rundle (Vice Chairman), Chafin, Dittmar, Felton, Heck, Helmick, Holliday, Humphreys, Hylton, Pritt, Wehrle, Whitlow, Wiedebusch, Boley and Wolfe.

Labor

Chernenko (Chairman), Humphreys (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Chafin, Helmick, Holliday, Hylton, Wagner, Wiedebusch and Boley.

Military

Felton (Chairman), Helmick (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Chernenko, Heck, Rundle, Spears, Whitlow and Boley.

Natural Resources

Brackenrich (Chairman), Hawse (Vice Chairman), Chafin, Craigo, Helmick, Humphreys, Hylton, Parker, Spears, Thomas, Whitlow, Wiedebusch, Harman and Warner.

Rules

Burdette (Chairman), Blatnik, Brackenrich, Chafin, Craigo, Jackson, Lucht, Pritt, Tomblin and Harman.

Small Business

Jones (Chairman), J. Manchin (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Craigo, Hawse, Hylton, M. Manchin, Pritt, Rundle, Tomblin, Warner and Wolfe.

xxvi

Senate Committees

Transportation

Wagner (Chairman), Heck (Vice Chairman), Brackenrich, Craigo, Parker, Sharpe, Tomblin, Wiedebusch and Wolfe.

SELECT COMMITTEE

Ethical Standards and Practices

Wehrle (Chairman), Dittmar, Holliday, Lucht, Wagner, Whitlow and Harman.

JOINT COMMITTEES

Enrolled Bills

Parker (Chairman), Humphreys (Vice Chairman), Dittmar, Heck and Wolfe.

Government and Finance

Burdette (Co-Chairman), Chafin, Craigo, Jackson, Sharpe, Tomblin and Harman.

Legislative Rule-Making Review

Jackson (Chairman), Chafin, J. Manchin, Tomblin, Wiedebusch and Warner.

Rules

Burdette (Co-Chairman), Chafin and Harman.

· · · ·

.

·

,



LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

ACTS

SECOND REGULAR SESSION, 1990

CHAPTER 1

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4045-By Delegates Phillips and Damron)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article one, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the statute of frauds; and providing that any offers, agreement, representation, assurance, understanding, commitment, or contract of a bank, savings and loan association or credit union, to extend credit or to make a loan of an amount in excess of fifty thousand dollars, primarily for nonagricultural business or commercial purposes, shall not be binding unless in writing and signed by the party to be charged.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article one, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. STATUTE OF FRAUDS.

§55-1-1. When writing required.

- 1 No action shall be brought in any of the following 2 cases:
- 3 (a) To charge any person upon or by reason of a

ACTIONS AND SUITS

representation or assurance concerning the character,
conduct, credit, ability, trade, or dealings of another, to
the intent or purpose that such other may obtain thereby
credit, money, or goods; or

8 (b) To charge any person upon a promise made, after 9 full age, to pay a debt contracted during infancy; or 10 upon a ratification after full age, of a promise or simple 11 contract made during infancy; or

12 (c) To charge a personal representative upon a
13 promise to answer any debt or damages out of his own
14 estate; or

15 (d) To charge any person upon a promise to answer16 for the debt, default, or misdoings of another; or

(e) Upon any agreement made upon consideration ofmarriage; or

(f) Upon any agreement that is not to be performedwithin a year; or

(g) Upon any offer, agreement, representation, assu-21 rance, understanding, commitment, or contract of a 22 23 bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, to extend credit or to make a loan in excess of fifty 24 thousand dollars, primarily for nonagricultural, busi-25 ness or commercial purposes, not including charge or 26 credit card accounts, personal lines of credit, overdrafts. 27 or any other consumer account: Provided, That this 28 subsection shall not apply to any offer, agreement, 29 representation, assurance, understanding, commitment 30 31 or contract with a bank, savings and loan association or 32credit union in which a transaction has been completed 33 as evidenced by a fund transfer;

Unless the offer, promise, contract, agreement,
representation, assurance, or ratification, or some
memorandum or note thereof, be in writing and signed
by the party to be charged thereby or his agent. But the
consideration need not be set forth or expressed in the
writing; and it may be proved (where a consideration
is necessary) by other evidence.

CHAPTER 2

(Com. Sub. and S. B. 320—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article eight, chapter five; sections two-a. two-b and two-c, article one, sections nineteen-a, thirtythree, thirty-five and thirty-six, article two, section fourteen-a, article three, sections one-a, six and seven, article four, article four-a, sections four and five, article five. and section three-a, article eight, all of chapter fivea; to amend and reenact sections three, four and seven, article six, chapter five: to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five and six, article one, chapter five-a; to further amend said article one by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections seven and eight: to amend and reenact article one-a, chapter fivea: to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one and thirty-two, article two. chapter five-a; to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections ten and eleven: to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five, six, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-four. twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirtyeight, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one, forty-two, forty-three, forty-four, forty-five, forty-six and forty-seven, article three, chapter five-a; to further amend said article by adding thereto eleven new sections, designated sections one-a, seven, twenty-three, thirty-seven-a, forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three and fiftyfour; to amend and reenact article three-a, chapter fivea; to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four

and five, article four, chapter five-a; to amend and reenact sections one, two and three, article five, chapter five-a: to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight, article seven, chapter five-a: to further amend said article by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections nine, ten and eleven; to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five, six and seven, article eight, chapter five-a; to further amend said article by adding thereto twelve new sections, designated sections eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen and nineteen: to amend and reenact section three, article nine, chapter five-a; to amend and reenact section seventeen, article three, chapter twelve; to amend and reenact section one, article three, chapter fourteen; and to amend and reenact sections seven and twenty-three, article six, chapter twenty-nine, all of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the reorganization of the department of administration; deleting prohibition against state building commission charging rent to general revenue agencies; powers of state building commission; contracts with state building commission over ten thousand dollars to be by competitive bids; definitions for chapter relating to department of administration; division of finance and administration abolished; transfer of duties and responsibilities to department of administration; divisions; division directors; powers and duties of secretary, division heads and employees; council of finance and administration; reports by secretary; bonds for director of purchasing, buyers and employees; cost of bonds; delegation of powers and duties by secretary; right of appeal from interference with functioning of agency to governor; employee suggestion award program; employee suggestion award board and term of members; duties of board and employees eligible for award; increasing maximum award; state ownership of suggestions; finance division created; director; budget and accounting sections created; powers and duties; general powers and duties of secretary of administration as director of budget; requests for appropriations: copies to legislative auditor

and sanctions; request provision for state superintendent of schools; contents of requests for appropriation; form of requests for appropriations; secretary to ascertain information concerning state finances; judiciary appropriations; secretary to examine requests for appropriation; appropriation requests by other than spending units to be no later than the first day of September each year; secretary to supervise and control expenditure of appropriations, except those made to the judicial and legislative branches: secretary to estimate revenues month by month; secretary to ascertain revenue collections in proportion to estimate: withholding department of administration funds if secretary fails to provide information; submission of expenditure schedules to secretary; contents of expenditure schedules; copies of expenditure schedule to legislative auditor and sanctions; secretary to examine and approve expenditure schedules and amendments; legislative auditor to receive copies of expenditure schedules and amendments; secretary may require a reserve for emergencies out of the total appropriation to spending unit; requests for quarterly allotments in accordance with approved expenditure schedules; governor to approve or reduce amount of allotments: limitation on expenditures during a quarter: effectuating transfers between line items: expenditure of excess collections; approval by governor and notices to auditor, treasurer and legislative auditor; spending units to report work and expenditures to secretary: secretary to send copies to legislative auditor; power of governor to reduce appropriations; governor to reduce pro rata appropriations from general revenue to prevent overdraft or deficit: governor to reduce pro rata appropriations from other funds: secretary to approve requests for changes, receipt and expenditure of federal funds: legislative auditor to receive copies; secretary to submit consolidated report to governor and legislative auditor of all federal funds; secretary to formulate management accounting system; system to include accounts kept by secretary, auditor and treasurer; governor to approve system; system to be certified to legislative auditor; expenditure of appropriations; expenditure of appropriations other than for purchases

of commodities or printing; expenditure of appropriations for purchases of commodities; expenditure of appropriations for personal services; expenditure of appropriations by legislative and judicial branches; appropriations expenditures by spending units without offices at capitol; sanctions for failure to submit required requests, amendments and reports to legislative auditor; purchasing division created: purpose: director and qualifications for director; applicability of purchasing requirements; director authorized to deal with manufacturers of prescription drugs; director to keep books and records and have available for public inspection; powers and duties of director of purchasing; purchasing rules and regulations to be issued by director; standard specifications for purchasing to be promulgated and adopted by director; spending units required to utilize standard specifications; assistance from other spending units in promulgating standard specifications; director of purchasing to advise with heads of state and other institutions producing commodities and printing; director of purchasing to resolve conflicts between state and other entities with preference: director to make facilities and services of purchasing available to local governmental bodies; expenses incurred by purchasing to be paid by local governmental body: director of purchasing to examine and test purchases for nonconformity with contractual requirements; report required; sealed bids in the amount . specified by regulation; publication of advertisements; purchase of products of nonprofit workshops: purchasing employee to assist with nonprofit workshops; bids to be based on standard specifications; period for alteration or withdrawal of bids; awards to lowest responsible bidder, considering quality, conformity with specifications, suitability, availability and delivery; uniform bids; record of bids; public inspection of bids; vendor registration and payment of annual fee; contents of registration forms; false affidavits and penalties; director may waive vendor registration and fee for sole source and emergency purchases; contracts to be approved by attorney general as to form; filing with auditor; copies of purchase orders to be sent to finance

the share of any other and

division for encumbrance; emergency purchases in open market: special fund created for purchases and maintenance of commodities in volume and printing: violation of purchasing laws and rules; personal liability; substituting commodity bearing particular trade name or brand for commodity meeting standard specifications at an equal or lower price: purchases from federal government. federal government contracts and higher education contracts: spending units to submit lists of expendable commodities; contracts for public printing and printing paper; printing plants at state and other institutions; legislative printing; printing of reports of supreme court of appeals: director of purchasing to print and bind reports to be transmitted to the governor: director to specify uniform standards for annual reports: limiting number of publications: purchasing division to perform printing and binding: exceptions: printing. binding and stationery to be paid from current expense and unclassified appropriations: director of purchasing to be custodian of reports and acts; sale of reports and acts by director; director of purchasing to establish central duplicating office: exemptions and contracts for duplicating: financial interest of secretary, director and employees of the purchasing division; receiving from interested party: penalties: applicability of bribery statute: penalty for violation of article; obtaining money and property by fraud or under false pretenses; penalties: corrupt combinations or conspiracies prohibited: penalties: director to suspend right to bid: notice of suspension: secretary to review suspension of right to bid; authority of director of purchasing over inventories and property; submission of annual inventories; inventory of personal property; maintenance and repair of office furniture, machinery and equipment; vendor preference: exceptions: leases for space: leasing of space by secretary; delegation of authority by regulation; selection of grounds, buildings, office space or other space; acquisition by contract for lease; long-term leases; permanent changes to be approved by secretary: leases and other instruments for space to be signed by secretary or director of purchasing; approval as to form; filing: leasing for space rules and regulations; state

ADMINISTRATION

agency for surplus property created; authority and duties of state agency for surplus property; disposition of surplus state property; semi-annual report of sales; application of sale proceeds; warehousing, transfer and other charges; department of agriculture and other agencies exempted from authority of state agency for surplus property: travel rules and regulations; exceptions: central motor pool for state-owned vehicles and aircraft: secretary to purchase and to dispose of vehicles and aircraft; maintenance and service to vehicles and aircraft: special fund for travel management created: expenditures; central nonprofit coordinating agency and committee for the purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped: purpose: central nonprofit agency duties and responsibilities: committee for purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped duties, responsibilities, compensation, and expenses; committee to adopt rules and regulations; exceptions from other code provisions; director of purchasing to determine comparable quality and price: general services division; director; general services division to have care, control and custody of capitol buildings and grounds: major renovations and repairs to be made at direction of secretary; security officers; appointment, oath and weapons; powers and duties of security officers: secretary to preserve law and order on capitol grounds; unlawful to kill or molest animals, birds or fowls upon capitol grounds; powers and duties of security officers; penalties; secretary to regulate parking on state-owned property; parking rules and regulations; legislative parking; penalties and enforcement: governor's mansion advisory committee created; appointment and terms of members; meetings and responsibilities of members; cooperation by spending units of state; annual report to be made to governor and Legislature: office of governor's mansion director created; duties and responsibilities of director; official use of state rooms in mansion: vacating private rooms of mansion by out-going governor; information services and communications division; definitions for division; information services and communications division created and purpose; use of facilities; rules and regula-

tions for division; director of division; appointment and qualifications of director; powers and duties of division; director to report on the economic justification, system design and suitability of equipment and systems used in state government: governor to review findings; authority of governor to order transfer of equipment and personnel: professional staff and reimbursement for education and training: approval of director required for procurements or changes in data-processing and/or telecommunications equipment or services; division to control central mailing office; central mailing office employees; central mailing office responsibilities; spending units to use central mailing office; preparation of mail for special rates; special fund created; payments into fund and charges for services: disbursements from fund: confidential records not to be delivered to division; public records management and preservation act; short title; declaration of policy for act; definitions used in act; categories of records to be preserved established: secretary of administration to be state records administrator; records management and preservation advisory committee; members, designated representatives, rules, meetings and compensation: duties of administrator: rules and regulations to be promulgated by administrator; duties of agency heads; preserving duplicates of essential state records; safekeeping of essential state records: maintenance, inspection and use of essential state records: confidential essential state records to be protected; administrator to review program at least annually; records management and preservation of local records: administrator to assist legislative and judicial branches; disposal of records; destruction of nonrecord materials: administrator to make annual written report to governor for transmission to Legislature; voluntary gilding the dome check-off program; contributions credited to special department of administration fund: public moneys and securities; appropriations, expenditures and deductions; liabilities incurred by state boards, commissions, officers or employee which cannot be paid out of current appropriations; claims due and against the state; interest on public contracts; payment of interest by the state on contracts when final payment

is delayed; miscellaneous boards and officers; civil service system; division of personnel; secretary of administration to appoint director of division of personnel; creating special revenue account for division of personnel and authorizing agencies to transmit funds for personnel services.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article eight, chapter five; sections two-a, two-b and two-c. article one, sections nineteen-a, thirty-three, thirty-five and thirty-six, article two, section fourteen-a, article three, sections one-a, six and seven, article four, article four-a, sections four and five, article five, and section three-a. article eight, all of chapter five-a be repealed; that sections three, four and seven, article six, chapter five be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two, three, four, five and six, article one, chapter five-a be amended and reenacted; that said article one be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections seven and eight: that article one-a, chapter five-a be amended and reenacted: that sections one. two. three. four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, twelve, thirteen, fourteen. fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twentyone, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four. twenty-five. twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one and thirty-two, article two, chapter five-a be amended and reenacted: that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections ten and eleven: that sections one, two, three, four, five, six, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twentyeight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one, forty-two, forty-three, forty-four, forty-five, forty-six and forty-seven, article three, chapter fivea be amended and reenacted: that said article be further amended by adding thereto eleven new sections, designated sections one-a, seven, twenty-three, thirty-seven-a, forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three and fifty-four; that article three-a, chapter five-a be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two, three, four and five, article four, chapter five-a be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two and three, article five, chapter five-a be amended and reenacted: that sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight, article seven, chapter five-a be amended and reenacted: that said article be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections nine, ten and eleven; that sections one, two, three, four, five, six and seven, article eight, chapter five-a be amended and reenacted: that said article be further amended by adding thereto twelve new sections, designated sections eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen and nineteen; that section three, article nine, chapter five-a be amended and reenacted: that section seventeen, article three, chapter twelve be amended and reenacted; that section one, article three, chapter fourteen be amended and reenacted; and that sections seven and twenty-three, article six, chapter twenty-nine be amended and reenacted, all of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, Etc.
- 5A. Department of Administration.
- 12. Public Moneys and Securities.
- 14. Claims Due and Against the State.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

ARTICLE 6. STATE BUILDING COMMISSION.

- §5-6-3. Definitions.
- §5-6-4. Powers of commission.
- §5-6-7. Contracts with commission to be secured by bond; competitive bids required for certain contracts.

§5-6-3. Definitions.

- 1 The following terms, wherever used or referred to in
- 2 this article, shall have the following meanings, unless a
- 3 different meaning clearly appears from the context:

4 (1) "Commission" means the state building commis-5 sion of West Virginia or, if said commission shall be 6 abolished, any board or officer succeeding to the 7 principal functions thereof, or to whom the powers given 8 to said commission shall be given by law;

9 (2) "Bonds" means bonds issued by the commission 10 pursuant to this article;

(3) "Project" means collectively the acquisition of
land, the construction, equipping, maintaining and
furnishing of a building or buildings, together with
incidental approaches, structures and facilities, herein
authorized to be constructed;

16 (4) "Cost of project" includes the cost of construction, 17 the cost of equipping and furnishing same, the cost of 18 all land, property, material and labor which are deemed 19 essential thereto, the cost of improvements, financing charges, interest during construction, and all other 20 21 expenses, including legal fees, trustees', engineers' and 22 architects' fees which are necessarily or properly 23 incidental to the project:

(5) "General tax revenues of the state" means re-24 venues of the state derived from the exercise of the 2526 power of taxation and available for appropriation by the Legislature for general public purposes and shall not 27 include revenues of the state, or of any officer, depart-28ment or agency thereof, derived from taxes levied, 29 30 collected and dedicated for a special purpose or purposes 31 or derived from sources other than taxes such as profits, 32 fees or charges: and

(6) "Rent" or "rental" includes all moneys received for 33 the use of any part of a project either from the state of 34 West Virginia or any officer, department or public 3536 corporation thereof, or from any instrumentality or political subdivision of the state, or directly or indi-37 38rectly, from the United States of America or any officer, 39 department, agency, instrumentality or public corpora-40 tion thereof: Provided. That nothing in this article shall 41 be taken to authorize the payment by or on behalf of the 42 state of any rent in excess of the fair rental value of 43 property used by or for such state officer or department

44 or public corporation in the exercise of his or its45 statutory duties.

§5-6-4. Powers of commission.

1 The commission shall have power:

2 (1) To sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded;

3 (2) To have a seal and alter the same at pleasure;

4 (3) To contract to acquire and to acquire, in the name 5 of the commission or of the state, by purchase, lease, 6 lease-purchase, or otherwise, real property or rights or 7 easements necessary or convenient for its corporate 8 purposes and to exercise the power of eminent domain 9 to accomplish such purposes;

10 (4) To acquire, hold and dispose of personal property11 for its corporate purposes;

12 (5) To make bylaws for the management and regula-13 tion of its affairs;

(6) With the consent of the attorney general of the
state of West Virginia, to use the facilities of his office,
assistants and employees in all legal matters relating to
or pertaining to the commission;

18 (7) To appoint officers, agents and employees, and fix19 their compensation;

(8) To make contracts, and to execute all instruments
necessary or convenient to effectuate the intent of, and
to exercise the powers granted to it by, this article;

(9) To renegotiate all contracts entered into by it
whenever, due to a change in situation, it appears to the
commission that its interests will be best served;

(10) To construct a building or buildings on real 26 property, which it may acquire, or which may be owned 27 by the state of West Virginia, in the city of Charleston. 28 as convenient as may be to the capitol building, together 29 with incidental approaches, structures and facilities, 30 subject to such consent and approval of the city of 31 Charleston in any case as may be necessary; and, in 32 addition, to acquire or construct a warehouse, including 33

Ch. 2]

34 office space therein, in Kanawha county for the West 35 Virginia alcohol beverage control commissioner, and 36 equip and furnish the same; and to acquire or construct, 37 through lease, purchase, lease-purchase, or bond 38 financing, hospitals or other facilities, buildings, or additions or renovations to buildings as may be neces-39 40 sary for the safety and care of patients, inmates and guests at facilities under the jurisdiction of and 41 supervision of the division of health and at institutions 42 43 under the jurisdiction of the division of corrections; and 44 to formulate and program plans for the orderly and 45 timely capital improvement of all of said hospitals and 46 institutions and the state capitol buildings; and to construct a building or buildings in Kanawha county to 47 be used as a general headquarters by the division of 48 public safety to accommodate that division's executive 49 50staff, clerical offices, technical services, supply facilities and dormitory accommodations; and to develop, improve 51 and expand state parks and recreational facilities to be 52 53 operated by the division of commerce: and to establish 54 one or more systems or complexes of buildings and projects under control of the commission; and, subject 55 to prior agreements with holders of bonds previously 56 issued, to change the same from time to time, in order 57 58 to facilitate the issuance and sale of bonds of different 59 series on a parity with each other or having such priorities between series as the commission may 60 determine; and to acquire by purchase, eminent domain 61 or otherwise all real property or interests therein 62 63 necessary or convenient to accomplish the purposes of this subdivision: 64

65 (11) To maintain, construct and operate a project 66 authorized hereunder;

67 (12) To charge rentals for the use of all or any part 68 of a project or buildings at any time financed, con-69 structed, acquired or improved in whole or in part with 70 the proceeds of sale of bonds issued pursuant to this 71 article, subject to and in accordance with such agree-72 ments with bondholders as may be made as hereinafter provided: Provided, That on and after the effective date 73of the amendments to this section, to charge rentals for 74

75the use of all or any part of a project or buildings at 76 any time financed, constructed, acquired, maintained or 77 improved in whole or in part with the proceeds of sale 78 of bonds issued pursuant to this article, subject to and 79 in accordance with such agreements with bondholders. 80 as may be made as hereinafter provided, or with any 81 funds available to the state building commission. 82 including, but not limited to, all buildings and property owned by the state of West Virginia or by the state 83 84 building commission, but no such rentals shall be 85 charged to the governor, attorney general, secretary of 86 state, state auditor, state treasurer, the Legislature and 87 the members thereof, the supreme court of appeals, nor 88 for their offices, agencies, official functions and duties;

(13) To issue negotiable bonds and to provide for therights of the holders thereof;

(14) To accept and expend any gift, grant or contribution of money to, or for the benefit of, the commission,
from the state of West Virginia or any other source for
any or all of the purposes specified in this article or for
any one or more of such purposes as may be specified
in connection with such gift, grant or contribution;

97 (15) To enter on any lands and premises for the 98 purpose of making surveys, soundings and 99 examinations;

(16) To invest in United States government obligations, on a short-term basis, any surplus funds which the
commission may have on hand pending the completion
of any project or projects; and

(17) To do all things necessary or convenient to carryout the powers given in this article.

106 The rights and powers set forth in subdivision (10) of 107 this section shall not be construed as in derogation of 108 any rights and powers now vested in the West Virginia 109 alcohol beverage control commissioner, the department 110 of mental health, the commissioner of public institutions 111 or the department of natural resources.

§5-6-7. Contracts with commission to be secured by bond; competitive bids required for certain contracts.

1 The commission shall construct a project pursuant to 2 a contract or contracts. Every such contract shall be 3 secured by a bond meeting the requirements of section 4 thirty-nine, article two, chapter thirty-eight of this code.

5 No contract or contracts for the construction, remo-6 deling, renovation or repair of any building or buildings 7 or any approaches, structures or facilities incidental thereto, or for the equipping and furnishing of any 8 9 building or buildings, when the anticipated expenditure 10 therefor will exceed the sum of five thousand dollars. shall be entered into except upon the basis of compet-11 itive sealed bids: Provided, That effective with the 12 13 effective date of the amendments to this section, no contract or contracts for the construction, remodeling, 14 15 renovation or repair of any building or buildings or any 16 approaches, structures or facilities incidental thereto, or for the equipping and furnishing of any building or 17 buildings, when the anticipated expenditure therefor 18 19 will exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars, shall be 20 entered into except upon the basis of such bids. Such bids shall be obtained by public notice soliciting such 21 22 bids published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 23 fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such 24 publication shall be the county in which any such 25 contract is to be performed. The publication shall be 26 completed at least fourteen days prior to the final date 27 $\mathbf{28}$ for the submission of bids. The commission may in 29 addition to such publication also solicit sealed bids by sending requests by mail to prospective bidders. The 30 contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsible 31 bidder, unless any and all bids are rejected, in which 32 33 event new bids shall be sought by again publishing notice as aforesaid. Any bid, with the name of the 34 bidder, shall be entered on a record and each record. 35 36 with the successful bid indicated thereon, shall, after the award of any contract, be open to public inspection in 37 the office of the secretary of the commission. 38

Ch. 2]

CHAPTER 5A. DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

Article

- 1. Department of Administration.
- 1A. Employee Suggestion Award Board.
- 2. Finance Division.
- 3. Purchasing Division.
- 3A. Central Nonprofit Coordinating Agency and Committee for the Purchase of Commodities and Services from the Handicapped.
- 4. General Services Division.
- 5. Governor's Mansion Advisory Committee.
- 7. Information Services and Communications Division.
- 8. Public Records Management and Preservation Act.
- 9. Voluntary Gilding the Dome Check-Off Program.

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

- §5A-1-1. Definitions.
- §5A-1-2. Department of administration and office of secretary; secretary; division of finance and administration abolished; divisions; directors.
- §5A-1-3. Powers and duties of secretary, division heads and employees.
- §5A-1-4. Council of finance and administration.
- §5A-1-5. Reports by secretary.
- §5A-1-6. Oath and bond of secretary; bond required for director of the purchasing division; bonds for other directors and employees; cost of bonds.
- §5A-1-7. Delegation of powers and duties by secretary.
- §5A-1-8. Right of appeal from interference with functioning of agency.

§5A-1-1. Definitions.

- 1 For the purpose of this chapter:
- 2 "Commodities" means supplies, material, equipment,
- 3 contractual services, and any other articles or things 4 used by or furnished to a department, agency or
- 4 used by or furnished to a department, agency or 5 institution of state government.
- 6 "Contractual services" shall include telephone, tele-7 graph, electric light and power, water and similar 8 services.
- 9 "Director" means the director of the division referred 10 to in the heading of the article in which the word 11 appears.
- "Expendable commodities" means those commodities
 which, when used in the ordinary course of business,
 will become consumed or of no market value within the
 period of one year or less.
- 16 "Nonprofit workshops" means an establishment

17 (a) where any manufacture or handiwork is carried on, 18 (b) which is operated either by a public agency or by 19 a cooperative or by a nonprofit private corporation or 20 nonprofit association, in which no part of the net 21 earnings thereof inures, or may lawfully inure, to the 22 benefit of any private shareholder or individual. 23 (c) which is operated for the primary purpose of 24 providing remunerative employment to blind or severely 25disabled persons who cannot be absorbed into the 26 competitive labor market, and (d) which shall be 27 approved, as evidenced by a certificate of approval, by 28 the state board of vocational education, division of 29 vocational rehabilitation.

30 "Printing" means printing, binding, ruling, litho-31 graphing, engraving and other similar services.

32 "Removable property" means any personal property
33 not permanently affixed to or forming a part of real
34 estate.

35 "Secretary" means the secretary of administration
36 and, as used in article two of this chapter, the director
37 of the budget.

38 "Spending officer" means the executive head of a 39 spending unit, or a person designated by him.

40 "Spending unit" means a department, agency or
41 institution of the state government for which an
42 appropriation is requested, or to which an appropriation
43 is made by the Legislature.

§5A-1-2. Department of administration and office of secretary; secretary; division of finance and administration abolished; divisions; directors.

The department of administration and the office of 1 2 secretary of administration are hereby continued in the 3 executive branch of state government. The secretary 4 shall be the chief executive officer of the department 5 and director of the budget and shall be appointed by the 6 governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, for a term not exceeding the term of the 78 governor. The office of the commissioner of finance and 9 administration and the division of finance and administration are hereby abolished. All duties and responsi-10 11 bilities of the commissioner of finance and administra-

12 tion are hereby vested in the secretary of administra-13 tion. All records, responsibilities, obligations, assets and 14 property, of whatever kind and character, of the division of finance and administration are hereby transferred to 15 16 the department of administration. The balances of all funds of the division of finance and administration are 17 18 hereby transferred to the department of administration. The department of administration is hereby authorized 19 20 to receive federal funds.

The secretary shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor. The annual compensation of the secretary shall be as specified in section three, article one, chapter five-f of this code.

25There shall be in the department of administration a 26 finance division, a general services division, an informa-27 tion services and communications division, an insurance and retirement division, a personnel division and a 28 purchasing division. The insurance and retirement 29 30 division shall be comprised of the public employees retirement system and board of trustees, the public 31employees insurance agency and public employees 32 advisory board, the teachers retirement system and 33 teachers' retirement board, and the board of risk and 34 35 insurance management. Each division shall be headed by a director who may also head any and all sections 36 within that division and who shall be appointed by the 37 secretary. In addition to the divisions enumerated above, 38 there shall also be in the department of administration 39 those agencies, boards, commissions and councils 40 specified in section one, article two, chapter five-f of this 41 42 code.

§5A-1-3. Powers and duties of secretary, division heads and employees.

The secretary shall have control and supervision of the 1 department of administration and shall be responsible 2 for the work of each of its employees. The secretary shall 3 have such power and authority as specified in section 4 two, article two, chapter five-f of this code. The 5 secretary shall also have the authority to employ such 6 assistants and attorneys as may be necessary for the 7 efficient operation of the department. The secretary, the 8 division heads and the employees of the department 9

10 shall perform the duties herein specified and shall also

11 perform such other duties as the governor may pres-

12 cribe.

§5A-1-4. Council of finance and administration.

The council of finance and administration is hereby 1 2 created and shall be composed of ten members, four of 3 whom shall serve ex officio and six of whom shall be 4 appointed as herein provided. The ex officio members 5 shall be the secretary of the department of administra-6 tion, the attorney general or his designee, the state 7 treasurer or his designee and the state auditor or his 8 designee: such designees being authorized voting ones. 9 From the membership of the Legislature, the president of the Senate shall appoint three senators as members 10 of the council, not more than two of whom shall be 11 12 members of the same political party, and the speaker of the House of Delegates shall appoint three delegates 13 14 as members of the council, not more than two of whom shall be members of the same political party. Members 15 of the council appointed by the president of the Senate 16 and the speaker of the House of Delegates shall serve 17 at the will and pleasure of the officer making their 18 19 appointment. The secretary of administration shall serve as chairman of the council. Meetings of the council 20shall be upon call of the chairman or a majority of the 21 members thereof. It shall be the duty of the chairman 22 23 to call no less than four meetings in each fiscal year, one 24 in each quarter, or more often as necessary, and all meetings shall be open to the public. All meetings of the 25council shall be held at the capitol building in a suitable 26 committee room which shall be made available by the 27 Legislature for such purpose: Provided, That the second 28 29 quarterly meeting in each fiscal year shall be held in November and shall be a joint meeting with the joint 30 committee on government and finance of the Legislature 31 32 called jointly by the president of the Senate, speaker of the House of Delegates and secretary of administration. 33

The council shall serve the department of administration in an advisory capacity for purposes of reviewing the performance of the administrative and fiscal procedures of the state, including the oversight of all federal funds, and shall have the following duties: 39 (1) To advise with the secretary in respect to matters
40 of budgetary intent and efficiency, including budget bill
41 and budget document detail and format:

42 (2) To advise with the secretary concerning such
43 studies of government and administration concerning
44 fiscal policy as it may consider appropriate;

(3) To advise with the secretary in the preparation of
studies designed to provide long-term capital planning
and finance for state institutions and agencies; and

48 (4) To advise with the secretary in respect to the 49 application for, and receipt and expenditure of, antic-50 ipated or unanticipated federal funds.

51 The appointed, non-ex officio members of the council 52 shall be entitled to receive such compensation and 53 reimbursement for expenses in connection with perfor-54 mance of their duties, during interim periods, if not 55 otherwise receiving the same for such identical periods. 56 as is authorized by the applicable sections of article two-57 a, chapter four of the code in respect to performance of duties either within the state or, if deemed necessary. 58 out of state. Such compensation and expenses shall be 59 incurred and paid only after approval by the joint 60 61 committee on government and finance.

§5A-1-5. Reports by secretary.

1 The secretary shall make an annual report to the

2 governor concerning the conduct of the department and

3 the administration of the state finances. He shall also

4 make such other reports as the governor may require.

§5A-1-6. Oath and bond of secretary; bond required for director of the purchasing division; bonds for other directors and employees; cost of bonds.

The secretary, before entering upon the duties of his 1 2 office, shall take and subscribe to the oath prescribed by Section 5, Article IV of the constitution of West 3 Virginia. Notwithstanding any other provisions to the 4 contrary, the secretary shall execute a bond in the 5 penalty of one hundred thousand dollars, payable to the 6 state of West Virginia, with a corporate bonding or 7 surety company authorized to do business in this state 8 9 as surety thereon, approved by the governor, in form prescribed by the attorney general and conditioned upon 10

the faithful performance of his duties and the accounting for all money and property coming into his hands
by virtue of his office. The oath and bond shall be filed
with the secretary of state.

15 The director of the purchasing division shall execute 16 a bond in the penalty of one hundred thousand dollars 17 and any person employed as a state buyer in accordance 18 with article three of this chapter shall execute a bond 19 in the penalty of fifty thousand dollars, payable to the 20 state of West Virginia, with a corporate bonding or 21 surety company authorized to do business in this state 22 as surety thereon, approved by the governor, in form 23 prescribed by the attorney general and conditioned upon 24 the faithful performance of his duties under the provisions of this chapter and all rules and regulations 25 26 promulgated pursuant to such chapter and the account-27 ing for all money and property coming into his hands by virtue of his office or position. The bonds shall be 28 29 filed with the secretary of state. In lieu of separate 30 bonds for state buyers, a blanket surety bond may be 31obtained. The other division directors and all other 32 employees of the department shall be covered by bonds in cases where the secretary thinks it necessary, which 33 34 bonds shall be in the penalty prescribed by the secretary 35 and shall be filed with the secretary of state.

The cost of all such surety bonds shall be paid from funds appropriated to the department of administration.

§5A-1-7. Delegation of powers and duties by secretary.

1 The powers and duties vested in the secretary may be

2 delegated by him to his assistants and employees, but

3 the secretary shall be responsible for all official acts of

4 the department.

§5A-1-8. Right of appeal from interference with functioning of agency.

1 Upon occasion of a showing that the application of the 2 authority vested under the provisions of this chapter 3 may interfere with the successful functioning of any 4 department, institution or agency of the government, 5 such department, institution or agency may have the 6 right of appeal to the governor for review of the case 7 and the decision or conclusion of the governor shall 8 govern in such cases.

ARTICLE 1A. EMPLOYEE SUGGESTION AWARD BOARD.

§5A-1A-1. Employee suggestion award program continued.

- §5A-1A-2. Board created; term of members.
- §5A-1A-3. Duties of board; excluded employees.
- §5A-1A-4. Awards.
- §5A-1A-5. State ownership of suggestions.

§5A-1A-1. Employee suggestion award program continued.

1 There is hereby continued an employee suggestion 2 award program within the department of administra-3 tion for employees of state government. Under this

- program cash or honorary awards may be made to state 4
- employees whose adopted suggestions will result in 5
- substantial savings or improvement in state operations. 6

§5A-1A-2. Board created: term of members.

1 There is hereby continued an employee suggestion award board which shall be composed of the secretary 2 3 of administration or his designee, the secretary of the department of commerce, labor and environmental 4 **5**. resources or his designee, the president of the Senate or his designee, the speaker of the House of Delegates or 6 his designee, one member of the House of Delegates to 7 8 be appointed by the speaker of the House of Delegates, one member of the Senate to be appointed by the 9 president of the Senate, and the secretary of the 10 department of health and human resources or his 11 designee. The terms of the members of the board shall 12 13 be consistent with the terms of the offices to which they have been elected or appointed. 14

§5A-1A-3. Duties of board; excluded employees.

It shall be the duty of the board to adopt rules 1 2 governing its proceedings, to elect a chairman and secretary, to keep permanent and accurate records of its 3 proceedings, to establish criteria for making awards, to 4 adopt rules and regulations to carry out the provisions 5 of this article, and to approve each award made. 6

ADMINISTRATION	

In establishing criteria for making awards, the board
may exclude certain levels of positions from participation in the program, but in no event shall:

(1) The following levels of management, within the
spending unit where the adopted suggestion will result
in substantial savings, be eligible to receive cash awards
under the program:

14 (a) Governor's staff, departmental secretaries and15 their equivalent;

(b) Assistant or deputy secretary, assistant to secretary, commissioner, assistant or deputy commissioner,
major fiscal and administrative policy departmental
staff or their equivalent;

(c) Director or division chief, including the division
chief or director of a statewide program, and which
includes a chief of a division supervising several service
units or their equivalent;

24 (d) Assistant to director or division chief, section chief
25 or head of major departmental function or their
26 equivalent; and

(2) The following levels of management, not within
the spending unit where the adopted suggestion will
result in substantial savings, be eligible to receive cash
awards under the program:

31 (a) Governor's staff, departmental secretaries and32 their equivalent;

(b) Assistant or deputy secretary, assistant to secretary, commissioner, assistant or deputy commissioner.

§5A-1A-4. Awards.

The maximum cash award approved shall be limited 1 to twenty percent of the first year's estimated savings, 2 as established by the head of the affected spending unit, 3 or ten thousand dollars, whichever is less. Any cash 4 awards approved by the board shall be charged by the 5 head of the affected spending unit against the appropri-6 ation item or items to which such estimated savings 7 8 apply.

24

Ch. 2]

Administration

§5A-1A-5. State ownership of suggestions.

- 1 The state shall become the sole owner of all sugges-
- 2 tions accepted by the employee suggestion award board.
- 3 The acceptance of a suggestion by the board shall
- 4 constitute an agreement by the employee and the state
- 5 that all claims pertaining to the suggestion, immediate
- 6 and future, on the state of West Virginia are waived.

ARTICLE 2. FINANCE DIVISION.

- §5A-2-1. Finance division created; director; sections; powers and duties.
- §5A-2-2. General powers and duties of secretary as director of budget.
- §5A-2-3. Requests for appropriations; copies to legislative auditor.
- §5A-2-4. Contents of requests.
- §5A-2-5. Form of requests.
- §5A-2-6. Information concerning state finances.
- §5A-2-7. Appropriations for judiciary.
- §5A-2-8. Examination of requests for appropriations.
- §5A-2-9. Appropriation requests by other than spending units.
- §5A-2-10. Powers of secretary in administration of expenditures.
- §5A-2-11. Estimates of revenue; reports on revenue collections; withholding department funds on noncompliance.
- §5A-2-12. Submission of expenditure schedules; contents; submission of information on unpaid obligations; copies to legislative auditor.
- §5A-2-13. Examination and approval of expenditure schedules; amendments; copies to legislative auditor.
- §5A-2-14. Reserves for emergencies.
- §5A-2-15. Requests for quarterly allotments; approval or reduction by governor.
- §5A-2-16. Limitation on expenditures.
- §5A-2-17. Transfers between items of appropriation of executive, legislative and judicial branches.
- §5A-2-18. Expenditure of excess in collections; notices to auditor and treasurer.
- §5A-2-19. Reports by spending units; copies to legislative auditor.
- §5A-2-20. Reduction of appropriations-Powers of governor.
- §5A-2-21. Reduction of appropriations—Pro rata reduction of appropriations from general revenue.
- §5A-2-22. Reduction of appropriations—Pro rata reduction of appropriations from other funds.
- §5A-2-23. Approval of secretary of requests for changes and receipt and expenditure of federal funds by state agencies; copies or sufficient summary information to be furnished to secretary and legislative auditor; and consolidated report of federal funds.
- §5A-2-24. Management accounting.
- §5A-2-25. System of accounting to be certified to legislative auditor.
- §5A-2-26. Expenditure of appropriations-Generally.

-

- §5A-2-27. Expenditure of appropriations—Other than for purchases of commodities.
- §5A-2-28. Expenditure of appropriations-Purchases of commodities.
- §5A-2-29. Expenditure of appropriations-Payment of personal services.
- §5A-2-30. Expenditure of appropriations—Legislative and judicial expenditures.
- §5A-2-31. Appropriations for officers, commissions, boards or institutions without office at capitol.
- §5A-2-32. Submission of requests, amendments, reports, etc., to legislative auditor; penalty for noncompliance.

§5A-2-1. Finance division created; director; sections; powers and duties.

The finance division of the department of administra-1 tion is hereby created. The division shall be under the 2 3 supervision and control of a director, who shall be 4 appointed by the secretary. There shall be in the finance 5 division, an accounting section and a budget section. The 6 accounting section shall have the duties conferred upon 7 it by this article and by the secretary, including, but not 8 limited to, general financial accounting, payroll, 9 accounts payable and accounts receivable for the department of administration. 10

11 The budget section shall act as staff agency for the 12 governor in the exercise of his powers and duties under 13 Section 51, Article VI of the state constitution, and shall 14 exercise and perform the other powers and duties 15 conferred upon it by this article.

§5A-2-2. General powers and duties of secretary as director of budget.

1 The secretary, under the immediate supervision of the 2 governor, shall have the power and duty to:

- 3 (1) Exercise general supervision of, and make rules4 and regulations for, the government of this division;
- 5 (2) Administer the budget in accordance with this 6 article;

(3) Serve the governor in the consideration of requests
for appropriations and the preparation of the budget
document;

10 (4) Make such investigations and submit such reports11 as the governor may require;

Ch. 2]

12 (5) Make a continuous study of state expenditures and 13 eligibility for federal matching dollars and make such 14 recommendations to the governor for the more econom-15 ical was of state funds as he (checked) for the more econom-

- 15 ical use of state funds as he/she shall find practicable;
- (6) Render assistance to spending officers withrespect to the fiscal affairs of spending units; and

18 (7) Exercise such other powers as are vested in him19 by this article, or which may be appropriate to the20 discharge of his duties.

§5A-2-3. Requests for appropriations; copies to legislative auditor.

1 The spending officer of each spending unit, other than 2 the legislative and the judicial branches of state 3 government, shall, on or before the first day of September of each year, submit to the secretary a request 4 5 for appropriations for the fiscal year next ensuing. On 6 or before the same date, the spending officer shall also 7 transmit two copies of such request to the legislative 8 auditor for the use of the finance committees of the 9 Legislature.

10 If the spending officer of any spending unit fails to 11 transmit to the legislative auditor two copies of the 12 request for appropriations within the time specified in 13 this section, the legislative auditor shall notify the secretary, auditor and treasurer of such failure, and 14 thereafter no funds appropriated to such spending unit 15 shall be encumbered or expended until the spending 16 officer thereof has transmitted such copies to the 17 18 legislative auditor.

19 If a spending officer submits to the secretary an 20 amendment to the request for appropriations, two copies 21 of such amendment shall forthwith be transmitted to the 22 legislative auditor.

Notwithstanding any provision in this section to the contrary, the state superintendent of schools shall, on or before the fifteenth day of December of each year, submit to the secretary a request for appropriations for the fiscal year next ensuing for state aid to schools and two copies of such request to the legislative auditor for the use of the finance committees of the Legislature. The

30 request for appropriation shall be accompanied with 31 copies of certified enrollment and employee lists from 32 all county superintendents for the current school year. 33 If certified enrollment and employee lists are not 34 available to the state superintendent from any of the county school boards, the state superintendent shall 35 36 notify those school boards and no funds shall be 37 expended for salary or compensation to their county 38 superintendent until the certified lists of enrollment and 39 employees are submitted.

§5A-2-4. Contents of requests.

1 A request for an appropriation for a spending unit 2 shall specify and itemize in written form:

3 (1) A statement showing the amount and kinds of
4 revenue and receipts collected for use of the spending
5 agency during the next preceding fiscal year and
6 anticipated collections for the fiscal year next ensuing;

7 (2) A statement by purposes and objects of the amount
8 of appropriations requested for the spending unit
9 without deducting the amount of anticipated collections
10 of special revenue, federal funds or other receipts;

11 (3) A statement showing the actual expenditures of 12 the spending unit for the preceding year and estimated 13 expenditures for the current fiscal year itemized by 14 purposes and objects, including those from regular and supplementary appropriations, federal funds, private 15 16 contributions, transfers, allotments from an emergency or contingent fund and any other expenditures made by 17 18 or for the spending unit;

(4) A statement showing the number, classification
and compensation of persons employed by the spending
unit distinguishing between regular, special and casual
employees during the preceding fiscal year and during
the current fiscal year. The statement shall show the
personnel requirements in similar form for the ensuing
fiscal year for which appropriations are requested;

(5) A statement showing in detail the purposes for
which increased amounts of appropriations, if any, are
requested, and giving a justification statement for the

Ch. 2]

29 expenditure of the increased amount. A construction or

30 other improvement request shall show in detail the kind

31 and scope of construction or improvement requested;

32 (6) A statement of money claims against the state33 arising out of the activities of the spending unit; and

34 (7) Such other information as the secretary may35 request.

§5A-2-5. Form of requests.

1 The secretary shall specify the form and detail of 2 itemization of requests for appropriations and state-3 ments to be submitted by a spending unit: *Provided*, 4 That such request for appropriations must include at a 5 minimum the information required by section four of 6 this article. The secretary shall furnish blank forms for 7 this purpose.

§5A-2-6. Information concerning state finances.

1 The secretary shall ascertain for the preceding year 2 and as estimated for the current fiscal year:

- 3 (1) The condition of each of the funds of the state;
- 4 (2) A statement of all revenue collections both general 5 and special; and

6 (3) Such other information relating to the finances of 7 the state as the governor may request.

§5A-2-7. Appropriations for judiciary.

The governor shall transmit to the secretary the appropriations required by law for the judiciary for the fiscal year next ensuing and which have been certified to the governor by the auditor. The auditor shall certify such appropriations to the governor in accordance with Section 51, Article VI of the state constitution, on or before the first day of September of each year.

§5A-2-8. Examination of requests for appropriations.

1 The secretary shall examine the requests of a spend-2 ing unit with respect to requested appropriations, 3 itemization, sufficiency of justification statements, and 4 accuracy and completeness of all other information 5 which the spending officer is required to submit.

6 If the secretary finds a request, report, or statement 7 of a spending unit inaccurate, incomplete or inadequate, 8 he shall consult with the spending officer of the unit and 9 require the submission of the requests in proper form 10 and content. The secretary shall assist spending officers 11 in the preparation of their requests.

§5A-2-9. Appropriation requests by other than spending units.

A person or organization, other than a spending officer, who desires to request a general appropriation in the state budget, shall submit his request to the secretary on or before the first day of September of each year. The request shall be in the form prescribed by the secretary and shall be accompanied by a justification statement.

§5A-2-10. Powers of secretary in administration of expenditures.

1 The secretary shall supervise and control the expen-2 diture of appropriations made by the Legislature 3 excluding those made to the Legislature and those made 4 to the judicial branch of the state government. The 5 expenditure of an appropriation made by the Legisla-6 ture except that made for the Legislature itself and the 7 judicial branch of state government shall be conditioned 8 upon compliance by the spending unit with the provisions of this article. An appropriation made by the 9 Legislature except that made for the Legislature itself 10 and the judicial branch of state government shall be 11 12 expended only in accordance with this article.

§5A-2-11. Estimates of revenue; reports on revenue collections; withholding department funds on noncompliance.

Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year the secretary shall estimate the revenue to be collected month by month by each classification of tax for that fiscal year as it relates to the official estimate of revenue for each tax for that fiscal year and the secretary shall certify this estimate to the governor and the legislative auditor by the first day of July for that fiscal year.

8 The secretary shall ascertain the collection of the revenue of the state and shall determine for each month 9 10 of the fiscal year the proportion which the amount actually collected during a month bears to the collection 11 estimated by him for that month. The secretary shall 12 13 certify to the governor and the legislative auditor, as soon as possible after the close of each month, and not 14 later than the fifteenth day of each month, and at such 15 other times as the governor or legislative auditor may 16 17 request, the condition of the state revenues and of the several funds of the state and the proportion which the 18 19 amount actually collected during the preceding month 20 bears to the collection estimated by him for that month. 21 The secretary shall include in this certification the same information previously certified for prior months in 22each fiscal year. For the purposes of this section, the 23secretary shall have the authority to require all 24 necessary estimates and reports from any spending unit 2526 of the state government.

If the secretary fails to certify to the governor and the 27 legislative auditor the information required by this 28 section within the time specified herein, the legislative 29 auditor shall notify the auditor and treasurer of such 30 failure, and thereafter no funds appropriated to the 31 department of administration shall be expended until 3233 the secretary has certified the information required by 34 this section.

§5A-2-12. Submission of expenditure schedules; contents; submission of information on unpaid obligations; copies to legislative auditor.

Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the spending officer of a spending unit shall submit to the secretary a detailed expenditure schedule for the ensuing fiscal year. The schedule shall be submitted in such form and at such time as the secretary may require.

7 The schedule shall show:

8 (1) A proposed monthly rate of expenditure for 9 amounts appropriated for personal services; (2) Each and every position budgeted under personal
services for the next ensuing fiscal year, with the
monthly salary or compensation of each such position;

(3) A proposed quarterly rate of expenditure for
amounts appropriated for employee benefits, current
expenses, equipment and repairs and alterations
classified by a uniform system of accounting as called
for in section twenty-five of this article for each item of
every appropriation;

(4) A proposed yearly plan of expenditure for amountsappropriated for buildings and lands; and

(5) A proposed quarterly plan of receipts itemized bytype of revenue.

The secretary may accept a differently itemized
expenditure schedule from a spending unit to which the
above itemizations are not applicable.

26 The secretary shall consult with and assist spending 27 officers in the preparation of expenditure schedules.

28 Within fifteen days after the end of each month of the 29 fiscal year, the head of every spending unit shall certify 30 to the legislative auditor the status of obligations and 31 payments of the spending unit for amounts of employee 32 benefits, including, but not limited to, obligations and 33 payments for social security withholding and employer matching, public employees insurance premiums and 34 35 public employees retirement and teachers retirement 36 systems.

37 When a spending officer submits an expenditure 38 schedule to the secretary as required by this section, the 39 spending officer shall at the same time transmit a copy **40** thereof to the legislative auditor and the joint committee 41 on government and finance or its designee. If a spending officer of a spending unit fails to transmit such copy to 42 43 the legislative auditor on or before the beginning of the 44 fiscal year, the legislative auditor shall notify the secretary, auditor and treasurer of such failure, and 45 46 thereafter no funds appropriated to such spending unit 47 shall be encumbered or expended until the spending officer thereof has transmitted such copy to the legis-48 lative auditor. 49

50 In the event the legislative auditor determines from certified reports or from other sources that any spend-51 52ing unit is not making all payments and transfers for employee benefits from funds appropriated for that 53 54 purpose, the legislative auditor shall notify the secretary 55 of administration, auditor and treasurer of such 56 determination and thereafter no funds appropriated to 57 such spending unit shall be encumbered or expended for the salary or compensation to the head of the spending 58 unit until the legislative auditor shall determine that 59 such payments or transfers are being made on a timely 60 61 basis.

§5A-2-13. Examination and approval of expenditure schedules; amendments; copies to legislative auditor.

1 The secretary shall examine the expenditure schedule 2 of each spending unit, and if he finds that it conforms 3 to the appropriations made by the Legislature, the 4 requirements of this article, and is in accordance with 5 sound fiscal policy, he shall approve the schedule.

6 The expenditure of the appropriations made to a 7 spending unit shall be only in accordance with the 8 approved expenditure schedule unless the schedule is 9 amended with the consent of the secretary, or unless appropriations are reduced in accordance with the 10 provisions of sections twenty to twenty-three, inclusive, 11 of this article. The spending officer of a spending unit 12 shall transmit to the legislative auditor a copy of each 13 and every requested amendment to such schedule at the 14 same time that such requested amendment is submitted 15 to the secretary. The secretary shall send to the 16 legislative auditor copies of any schedule amended with 17 the secretary's approval. 18

§5A-2-14. Reserves for emergencies.

1 The secretary, with the approval of the governor, may 2 require that an expenditure schedule provide for a 3 reserve for emergencies out of the total amount approp-4 riated to the spending unit. The amount of the reserve 5 shall be determined by the secretary in consultation6 with the spending officer.

§5A-2-15. Requests for quarterly allotments; approval or reduction by governor.

1 At least thirty days prior to the beginning of each 2 quarter of the fiscal year, each spending officer shall 3 submit to the secretary a request for an allotment of 4 public funds sufficient to operate the unit during the 5 ensuing quarter in accordance with the approved 6 expenditure schedule.

The secretary shall examine the requests and, if he 7 8 finds that the amounts requested are in accordance with the approved expenditure schedules and are in accor-9 dance with sound fiscal policy, he shall submit the 10 requests to the governor. The secretary shall also submit 11 a summary statement showing the amounts expended 12 under the budget for each preceding quarter of the 13 14 fiscal year and the total amount requested for allotment 15 during the ensuing quarter.

16 The governor shall consider the amount of requests for 17 allotment and the collection of revenues. If the governor finds that the collection of revenue warrants the 18 expenditure of the amount requested in the allotment, 19 20 he shall approve the allotment of funds for the ensuing quarter and send copies of the requests to the legislative 21 auditor after approval. If the governor finds that the 22 collection of revenue does not warrant the allotment of 23 the requested amount, he may reduce the amount of 24 allotments pending the collection of sufficient revenue. 25

§5A-2-16. Limitation on expenditures.

The expenditures of a spending unit during a quarter of the fiscal year shall not exceed the amount of the approved allotment, unless the governor approves the expenditure of a larger amount. Any amounts remaining unexpended at the close of the quarter shall be available for reallocation and expenditure during any succeeding quarter of the same fiscal year.

§5A-2-17. Transfers between items of appropriation of executive, legislative and judicial branches.

1 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the

2 contrary, there shall be no transfer of amounts between 3 items of appropriations nor shall moneys appropriated 4 for any particular purpose be expended for any other 5 purpose by any spending unit of the executive, legisla-6 tive or judicial branch except as hereinafter provided:

7 (1) Any transfer of amounts between items of appro9 priations for the executive branch of state government
9 shall be made only as specifically authorized by the
10 Legislature.

11 (2) Any transfer of amounts between items of appro-12 priations for the legislative branch of state government 13 shall be made only pursuant to the joint rules adopted 14 by such body and any amendments thereto, as certified 15 to the state auditor, the state treasurer and the 16 legislative auditor.

17 (3) Any transfer of amounts between items of appro-18 priations for the judicial branch of state government 19 shall be made only pursuant to rules adopted by the 20 supreme court of appeals and any amendments thereto, 21 as certified to the state auditor, the state treasurer and 22 the legislative auditor.

§5A-2-18. Expenditure of excess in collections; notices to auditor and treasurer.

1 If the amount actually collected by a spending unit 2 exceeds the amount which it is authorized to expend 3 from collections, the excess in collections shall be set 4 aside in a special surplus fund for the spending unit. 5 Expenditures from this fund shall be made only in 6 accordance with the following procedure:

7 The spending officer shall submit to the secretary:

- 8 (1) A plan of expenditure showing the purposes for 9 which the surplus is to be expended; and
- 10 (2) A justification statement showing the reasons why 11 the expenditure is necessary and desirable.

12 The secretary shall submit the request to the governor 13 with his recommendation.

14 If the governor approves the plan of expenditure and

15 justification statement, and is satisfied that the expenditure is required to defray the additional cost of the 16 17 service or activity of the spending unit, and that the 18 expenditure is in accordance with sound fiscal policy. 19 he/she may authorize the use of the surplus during the current fiscal year. Notices of such authorization shall 20 21 be sent to the state auditor, the state treasurer and the 22 legislative auditor.

An expenditure from a special surplus fund without the authorization of the governor, or other than in accordance with this section, shall be an unlawful use of public funds.

§5A-2-19. Reports by spending units; copies to legislative auditor.

A spending unit shall submit to the secretary such reports with respect to the work and expenditures of the unit as the secretary may request for the purposes of this article. Upon receipt thereof, the secretary shall immediately send copies of all such reports to the legislative auditor.

§5A-2-20. Reduction of appropriations—Powers of governor.

1 The governor may reduce appropriations according to

2 any of the methods set forth in sections twenty-one and

3 twenty-two of this article.

§5A-2-21. Reduction of appropriations—Pro rata reduction of appropriations from general revenue.

If the governor determines that the amounts, or parts thereof, appropriated from the general revenue cannot be expended without creating an overdraft or deficit in the general fund, he may instruct the secretary to reduce equally and pro rata all appropriations out of general revenue in such a degree as may be necessary to prevent an overdraft or a deficit in the general fund.

§5A-2-22. Reduction of appropriations—Pro rata reduction of appropriations from other funds.

1 The governor in the manner set forth in section

2 twenty-one may reduce appropriations from:

Ch. 2]

3 (1) Funds supported by designated taxes or fees; and

4 (2) Fees or other collections set aside for the support 5 of designated activities or services.

6 Each fund and each fee or collection account shall be 7 treated separately, but appropriations from the same

- 8 fund or account shall be treated equally and reduced pro
- 9 rata.
- §5A-2-23. Approval of secretary of requests for changes and receipt and expenditure of federal funds by state agencies; copies or sufficient summary information to be furnished to secretary and legislative auditor; and consolidated report of federal funds.

Every agency of the state government when making 1 2 requests or preparing budgets to be submitted to the 3 federal government for funds, equipment, material or services, the grant or allocation of which is conditioned 4 5 upon the use of state matching funds, shall have such request or budget approved in writing by the secretary 6 before submitting it to the proper federal authority. At 7 8 the time such agency submits such a request or budget to the secretary for approval, it shall send a copy thereof 9 to the legislative auditor. When such federal authority 10 11 has approved the request or budget, the agency of the state government shall resubmit it to the secretary for 12 recording before any allotment or encumbrance of the 13 14 federal funds can be made and the secretary shall send a copy of the federally approved request or budget to 15 the legislative auditor. Whenever any agency of the state 16 government shall receive from any agency of the federal 17 government a grant or allocation of funds which do not 18 require state matching, the state agency shall report to 19 20 the secretary and the legislative auditor for their 21 information the amount of the federal funds so granted 22 or allocated

23 Unless contrary to federal law, any agency of state 24 government, when making requests or preparing

あったがちゃうな いっちんちょう こっとう しった ひたっ たんちょうたい

budgets to be submitted to the federal government for 2526 funds for personal services, shall include in such request 27 or budget the amount of funds necessary to pay for the 28 costs of any fringe benefits related to such personal service. For the purposes of this section, "fringe 29 30 benefits" means any employment benefit granted by the 31 state which involves state funds, including, but not 32 limited to, contributions to insurance, retirement and 33 social security, and which does not affect the basic rate 34 of pay of an employee.

35 In addition to the other requirements of this section, 36 the secretary shall, as soon as possible after the end of 37 each fiscal year but no later than the first day of October 38 of each year, submit to the governor and the legislative 39 auditor a consolidated report which shall contain a 40 detailed itemization of all federal funds received by the 41 state during the preceding and current fiscal years, as 42 well as those scheduled or anticipated to be received 43 during the next ensuing fiscal year. Such itemization 44 shall show: (a) Each spending unit which has received or is scheduled or expected to receive federal funds in 45 either of such fiscal years, (b) the amount of each 46 47 separate grant or distribution received or to be received. 48 and (c) a brief description of the purpose of every such grant or other distribution, with the name of the federal 49 50agency, bureau or department making such grant or distribution: Provided, That it shall not be necessary to 51 52 include in such report an itemization of federal revenue 53 sharing funds deposited in and appropriated from the revenue sharing trust fund, or federal funds received for 54 55 the benefit of the division of highways of the department 56 of transportation.

57 The secretary is authorized and empowered to obtain 58 from the spending units any and all information 59 necessary to prepare such report.

60 Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section 61 and in supplementation thereof, the Legislature hereby 62 determines that the department of administration and 63 its secretary need to be the single and central agency 64 for receipt of information and documents in respect of 65 applications for, and changes, receipt and expenditure

of, federal funds by state agencies. Every agency of state 66 67 government, when making application for federal funds in the nature of a grant, allocation or otherwise; when 68 69 amending such applications or requests; when in receipt 70 of such federal funds; or when undertaking any expen-71 diture of federal funds; in all such respective instances, 72 shall provide to the secretary of administration docu-73 ment copies or sufficient summary information in 74 respect thereof as to enable the secretary to provide approval in writing for such activity in respect to the 75 76 federal funds, and such state agencies shall, at the same 77 time, provide such a document copy or sufficient 78 summary information report to the legislative auditor's 79 office in order to permit continuing meaningful cooper-80 ative overview of federal funds and their use budgetar-81 ily and in establishing state fiscal policies.

§5A-2-24. Management accounting.

1 It is the intent of this section to establish a centralized 2 accounting system for the offices of the auditor, 3 treasurer, secretary of administration and each spend-4 ing unit of state government to provide more accurate 5 and timely financial data and increase public 6 accountability.

Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 7 8 contrary, the secretary shall develop and implement a new centralized accounting system for the planning, 9 10 reporting and control of state expenditures in accor-11 dance with generally accepted accounting principles to 12 be used by the auditor, treasurer, secretary and all spending units. The accounting system shall provide for 13 adequate internal controls, accounting procedures, 14 15 recording income collections, systems operation procedures and manuals, and periodic and annual general 16 purpose financial statements, as well as provide for the 17 18 daily exchange of needed information among users.

19 The financial statements shall be audited annually by 20 outside independent certified public accountants, who 21 shall also issue an annual report on federal funds in 22 compliance with federal requirements.

23 The secretary shall implement the centralized ac-

24 counting system no later than the thirty-first day of 25December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three. and, after approval of the system by the governor, shall 2627 require its use by all spending units. The auditor, 28 treasurer, secretary and every spending unit shall 29 maintain their computer systems and data files in a 30 standard format in conformity with the requirements of 31 the centralized accounting system. Any system changes 32 must be approved in advance of such change by the 33 secretary. The auditor, treasurer and secretary shall provide on-line interactive access to the daily records 34 maintained by their offices. 35

§5A-2-25. System of accounting to be certified to legislative auditor.

- 1 The secretary shall certify the system of accounting
- 2 and reporting installed pursuant to the provisions of this
- 3 article, and any changes made therein, to the legislative
- 4 auditor.

§5A-2-26. Expenditure of appropriations-Generally.

- 1 The expenditure of an appropriation made by the
- 2 Legislature shall be conditioned upon compliance by the
- 3 spending unit with the following provisions of this
- 4 article.

§5A-2-27. Expenditure of appropriations—Other than for purchases of commodities.

- 1 A requisition for expenditure, other than an order for 2 the purchase of commodities, shall be submitted as 3 follows:
- 4 (1) The spending officer shall prepare and submit to
 5 the director a requisition showing the amount, purpose,
 6 and appropriation from which the expenditure is
 7 requested;

8 (2) The director shall examine the requisition and 9 determine whether the amount is within the quarterly 10 allotment, is in accordance with the approved expendi-11 ture schedule, and otherwise conforms to the provisions 12 of this article;

13 (3) If the director approves the requisition, he/she

shall encumber the proper account in the amount of the
requisition and shall transmit the requisition to the
auditor for disbursement in accordance with law; and

17 (4) If the director disapproves the requisition, he/she18 shall return it to the spending unit with a statement of19 his reasons.

§5A-2-28. Expenditure of appropriations—Purchases of commodities.

1 If a requisition is a request for a purchase of 2 commodities, the spending unit shall transmit the 3 requisition to the budget section for the purpose of ascertaining whether it conforms to the expenditure 4 5 schedule. If it does not so conform, the requisition shall be returned by the budget section to the spending unit. 6 If it conforms, the budget section shall transmit the $\overline{7}$ 8 requisition to the purchasing division for purchase in 9 accordance with article three of this chapter. When a copy of the purchase order issued pursuant thereto is 10 11 received from the purchasing division by the director in accordance with the provisions of section fourteen. 12 13 article three of this chapter, the director shall ascertain whether the unencumbered balance in the appropriation 14 concerned, in excess of all unpaid obligations, is 15 16 sufficient to defrav the cost of such order, and, if so, shall encumber the proper account and so certify the 17 fact to the purchasing division, and, if not, shall notify 18 the purchasing division which, upon receipt of such 19 notification, shall return the requisition to the spending 20 21 unit.

§5A-2-29. Expenditure of appropriations—Payment of personal services.

1 A requisition for the payment of personal services 2 shall upon receipt by the director be checked against the 3 personnel schedule of the spending unit making the 4 requisition. The director shall approve a requisition for 5 personal services only if the amounts requested are in 6 accordance with the personnel schedule of the spending 7 unit.

§5A-2-30. Expenditure of appropriations-Legislative and judicial expenditures.

1 The provisions of sections twenty-nine and thirty of 2 this article shall not apply to the expenditure of amounts 3 appropriated for the use of the Legislature or for the judiciary. In the case of appropriations made for the 4 5 Legislature, the clerk of the House of Delegates, or the clerk of the Senate, as the case may be, shall present 6 7 his requisition directly to the auditor. In the case of 8 appropriations made for the judiciary, the clerk of the court shall present his requisition or claim directly to 9 the auditor. In the case of appropriations made for 10 11 criminal charges, the clerk or the proper officer shall 12 present his claim directly to the auditor.

§5A-2-31. Appropriations for officers, commissions, boards or institutions without office at capitol.

1 All appropriations now or hereafter made for officers. commissions. boards or institutions, public or private, 2 3 other than state institutions of higher education, state charitable institutions, state hospitals and sanatariums 4 and state penal and correctional institutions, not having 5 an office at the state capitol, shall, unless otherwise 6 7 provided by law, be expended on requisitions of such officer, commission, board or institution, after approval 8 by the secretary of the department of administration. 9

§5A-2-32. Submission of requests, amendments, reports, etc., to legislative auditor; penalty for noncompliance.

1 The provisions of sections three, eleven, twelve, 2 thirteen, nineteen, twenty-three and twenty-five of this 3 article requiring the secretary or the spending officer of the spending units, as the case may be, to supply 4 copies of the documents specified therein to the legisla-5 6 tive auditor, shall be strictly adhered to by all such persons. Any failure by any person to do so shall be a 7 8 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, such person 9 shall be fined the sum of one thousand dollars. Such penalty shall be in addition to other penalties provided 10 elsewhere in this article and other remedies provided by 11 12 law.

ARTICLE 3. PURCHASING DIVISION.

- §5A-3-1. Division created; purpose; director; applicability of article.
- §5A-3-1a. Prescription drug products.
- §5A-3-2. Books and records of director.
- §5A-3-3. Powers and duties of director of purchasing.
- §5A-3-4. Rules and regulations of director.
- §5A-3-5. Purchasing section standard specifications—Promulgation and adoption by director; applicable to all purchases.
- §5A-3-6. Purchasing section standard specifications—Advisers from spending units.
- §5A-3-7. Director to advise with heads of state and other institutions producing commodities, services and printing.
- §5A-3-8. Facilities of division available to local governmental bodies.
- §5A-3-9. Examination and testing of purchases; report required.
- §5A-3-10. Competitive bids; publication of solicitations for sealed bids; purchase of products of nonprofit workshops; employee to assist in dealings with nonprofit workshops.
- §5A-3-11. Purchasing in open market on competitive bids; bids to be based on standard specificatons; period for alteration or withdrawal of bids; awards to lowest responsible bidder; uniform bids; record of bids, and exception.
- §5A-3-12. Prequalification disclosure and payment of annual fee by vendors required; form and contents; register of vendors; false affidavits, etc.; penalties.
- §5A-3-13. Contracts to be approved as to form; filing.
- §5A-3-14. Copies of purchase orders sent to finance division; certificates required before contracts awarded.
- §5A-3-15. Emergency purchases in open market.
- §5A-3-16. Special fund; purposes; how composed.
- §5A-3-17. Purchases or contracts violating article void; personal liability.
- §5A-3-18. Substituting for commodity bearing particular trade name or brand.
- §5A-3-19. Purchases from federal government and other sources.
- §5A-3-20. Spending units to submit lists of expendable commodities.
- §5A-3-21. Contracts for public printing and paper for spending units; printing plants at institutions.
- §5A-3-22. Legislative printing.
- §5A-3-23. Publication of reports of supreme court of appeals.
- §5A-3-24. Publication of departmental reports; uniform standards; limiting number of publications; requiring division to perform printing and binding.
- §5A-3-25. Printing, binding and stationery to be paid from current expense appropriations.
- §5A-3-26. Custodian of reports and acts; delivery to state law librarian for distribution; sale.
- §5A-3-27. Director to establish central duplicating office; exemption of particular spending units; contracts for duplicating.
- §5A-3-28. Financial interest of secretary, etc.; receiving reward from interested party; penalty; application of bribery statute.
- §5A-3-29. Penalty for violation of article.

- [Ch. 2
- §5A-3-30. Obtaining money and property under false pretenses or by fraud from state; penalties.
- §5A-3-31. Corrupt combinations, collusions or conspiracies prohibited; penalties.
- §5A-3-32. Power of director to suspend right to bid; notice of suspension.
- §5A-3-33. Review of suspension by secretary.
- §5A-3-34. Authority over inventories and property.
- §5A-3-35. Submission of annual inventories.
- §5A-3-36. Inventory of removable property; maintenance and repair of office furniture, machinery and equipment.
- §5A-3-37. Preference for resident vendors; preference for vendors employing state residents; exceptions.
- §5A-3-37a. Preference for resident vendors; exceptions; reciprocal preference.
- §5A-3-38. Leases for space to be made in accordance with article; exception.
- §5A-3-39. Leasing of space by secretary; delegation of authority.
- §5A-3-40. Selection of grounds, etc.; acquisition by contract or lease; longterm leases; requiring approval of secretary for permanent changes.
- §5A-3-41. Leases and other instruments for space signed by secretary or director; approval as to form; filing.
- §5A-3-42. Leasing for space rules and regulations.
- §5A-3-43. State agency for surplus property created.
- §5A-3-44. Authority and duties of state agency for surplus property.
- §5A-3-45. Disposition of surplus state property; semiannual report; application of proceeds from sale.
- §5A-3-46. Warehousing, transfer, etc., charges.
- §5A-3-47. Department of agriculture and other agencies exempted.
- §5A-3-48. Travel rules and regulations; exceptions.
- §5A-3-49. Central motor pool for state-owned vehicles and aircraft.
- §5A-3-50. Acquiring and disposing of vehicles and aircraft.
- §5A-3-51. Maintenance and service to vehicles and aircraft.
- §5A-3-52. Special fund for travel management created.
- §5A-3-53. Enforcement of travel management regulations.
- §5A-3-54. Payment of legitimate uncontested invoices; interest on late payments.

§5A-3-1. Division created; purpose; director; applicability of article.

- 1 There is hereby created the purchasing division of the
- 2 department of administration for the purpose of
- 3 establishing centralized offices to provide purchasing,
- 4 travel and leasing services to the various state agencies.

5 No person shall be appointed director of the purchas-6 ing division unless that person is, at the time of 7 appointment, a graduate of an accredited college or 8 university and shall have spent a minimum of ten of the 9 fifteen years immediately preceding his appointment 10 employed in an executive capacity in purchasing for any

11 unit of government or for any business, commercial or 12 industrial enterprise.

13 The provisions of this article shall apply to all of the 14 spending units of state government, except as is 15otherwise provided by this article or by law: Provided. 16 That the provisions of this article shall not apply to the 17 legislative branch unless otherwise provided or the 18 Legislature or either house thereof requests the director 19 to render specific services under the provisions of this 20chapter, nor to purchases of stock made by the alcohol 21beverage control commissioner, nor to purchases of text-22 books for the state board of education.

§5A-3-1a. Prescription drug products.

In addition to other provisions of this article, the 1 2 division is authorized, on behalf of the public employees 3 insurance agency, the schools of medicine of the state 4 colleges and universities, the department of vocational 5 rehabilitation and the department of health and human 6 resources, to negotiate and enter into agreements 7 directly with manufacturers and distributors whose 8 prescription drug products are sold in the state for solesource and multiple-source drugs to be paid for under 4 9 10 a state program for eligible recipients. Such agreements 11 shall provide for a rebate of a negotiated percentage of 12 the total product cost to be paid by the manufacturer 13 or distributor of a specific product. Each agency is authorized to establish, either singularly or together 14 with other agencies, a drug formulary. 15

16 Prescription drug products are included in the drug 17 formulary only upon completion of the application to 18 and approval of the division. Those products for which 19 a rebate is successfully negotiated are automatically 20 included in the drug formulary for a period of time 21 coterminous with the negotiated rebate.

If there has been a failure to negotiate or renew a rebate agreement for a specific prescription drug product, the pharmaceutical manufacturer of that product shall disclose to the division its most favorable pricing arrangements available to state and nonstate government purchasers. If the division determines that

Ch. 2]

28the product needs to be included in the drug formulary, 29 with the approval of the agency the division shall 30 establish the amount to be reimbursed for the product 31 based upon the price information provided by the 32 manufacturer. The determination as to whether a product should be included in the drug formulary is 33 34 based on the product's efficiency, cost, medical necessity 35 and safety. Any rebate returns, as a result of the 36 provisions of this section regarding prescription drugs, 37 shall be deposited in the general revenue fund.

38 It is expressly recognized that no other entity may 39 interfere with the discretion and judgment given to the 40 single state agency that administers the state's medicaid 41 program. Therefore, the department of health and 42 human resources is authorized to negotiate rebates as 43 provided for in this section.

§5A-3-2. Books and records of director.

1 The director shall keep in his offices accurate books, 2 accounts and records of all transactions of his division, 3 and such books, accounts and records shall be public 4 records, and shall at all proper times be available for 5 inspection by any taxpayer of the state.

§5A-3-3. Powers and duties of director of purchasing.

1 The director, under the direction and supervision of 2 the secretary, shall be the executive officer of the 3 purchasing division and shall have the power and duty 4 to:

5 (1) Direct the activities and employees of the purchas-6 ing division;

7 (2) Ensure that the purchase of or contract for 8 commodities and printing shall be based, whenever 9 possible, on competitive bid;

(3) Purchase or contract for, in the name of the state,
the commodities and printing required by the spending
units of the state government;

(4) Apply and enforce standard specifications established in accordance with section five of this article as
hereinafter provided;

Ch. 2]

16 (5) Transfer to or between spending units or sell
17 commodities that are surplus, obsolete or unused as
18 hereinafter provided;

(6) Have charge of central storerooms for the supplyof spending units;

(7) Establish and maintain a laboratory for the
testing of commodities and make use of existing
facilities in state institutions for that purpose as
hereinafter provided;

(8) Suspend the right and privilege of a vendor to bid
on state purchases when the director has evidence that
such vendor has violated any of the provisions of the
purchasing law or the rules and regulations of the
director;

30 (9) Examine the provisions and terms of every 31 contract entered into for and on behalf of the state of 32 West Virginia that impose any obligation upon the state 33 to pay any sums of money for commodities or services 34 and approve each such contract as to such provisions 35 and terms; and the duty of examination and approval 36 herein set forth does not supersede the responsibility 37 and duty of the attorney general to approve such contracts as to form: Provided. That the provisions of 38 this subdivision do not apply in any respect whatever to 39 construction or repair contracts entered into by the 40 division of highways of the department of transporta-41 42 tion: Provided, however, That the provisions of this 43 subdivision do not apply in any respect whatever to contracts entered into by the university of West Virginia 44 board of trustees or by the board of directors of the state 45 college system, except to the extent that such boards 46 request the facilities and services of the director under 47 the provisions of this subdivision; and 48

49 (10) Assure that the specifications and commodity 50 descriptions in all "requests for quotations" are pre-51 pared so as to permit all potential suppliers-vendors who 52 can meet the requirements of the state an opportunity 53 to bid and to assure that the specifications and descrip-54 tions do not favor a particular brand or vendor. If the 55 director determines that any such specifications or descriptions as written favor a particular brand or
vendor or if it is decided, either before or after the bids
are opened, that a commodity having different specifications or quality or in different quantity can be bought,
the director may rewrite the "requests for quotations"
and the matter shall be rebid.

§5A-3-4. Rules and regulations of director.

1 (a) The director shall adopt and amend rules and 2 regulations to:

3 (1) Authorize a spending unit to purchase specified
4 commodities directly and prescribe the manner in which
5 such purchases shall be made;

6 (2) Authorize, in writing, a spending unit to purchase 7 commodities in the open market for immediate delivery 8 in emergencies, define such emergencies and prescribe 9 the manner in which such purchases shall be made and 10 reported to the director; and for the purposes mentioned 11 in subdivision (1) and this subdivision (2), the head of 12 any spending unit, or the financial governing board of any institution, may, with the approval of the director, 13 make requisitions upon the auditor for a sum to be 14 15 known as an advance allowance account, in no case to exceed five percent of the total of the appropriations for 16 17 any such spending unit, and the auditor shall draw his 18 warrant upon the treasurer for such accounts; and all 19 such advance allowance accounts shall be accounted for 20 by the head of the spending unit or institution once 21 every thirty days or oftener if required by the state 22 auditor or director:

(3) Prescribe the manner in which commodities shall
be purchased, delivered, stored and distributed;

(4) Prescribe the time for making requisitions and
estimates of commodities, the future period which they
are to cover, the form in which they shall be submitted
and the manner of their authentication;

(5) Prescribe the manner of inspecting all deliveries
of commodities, and making chemical and physical tests
of samples submitted with bids and samples of deliveries to determine compliance with specifications;

(6) Prescribe the amount of deposit or bond to be
submitted with a bid or contract and the amount of
deposit or bond to be given for the faithful performance
of a contract;

37 (7) Prescribe a system whereby the director shall be 38 required, upon the payment by a vendor of an annual 39 fee established by the director, to give notice to such 40 vendor of all bid solicitations for commodities of the type with respect to which such vendor specified notice was 41 42 to be given, but no such fee shall exceed the cost of giving the notice to such vendor, nor shall such fee 43 exceed the sum of forty-five dollars per fiscal year, nor 44 shall such fee be charged to persons seeking only 45 46 reimbursement from a spending unit:

47 (8) Prescribe that each state contract entered into by 48 the purchasing division shall contain provisions for 49 liquidated damages, remedies, and/or provisions for the 50 determination of the amount or amounts which the 51 vendor shall owe as damages, in the event of default 52 under such contract by such vendor; and

(9) Provide for such other matters as may be necessary to give effect to the foregoing rules and regulations
and the provisions of this article.

56 (b) The director shall also adopt and amend rules and 57 regulations to prescribe qualifications to be met by any person who, on and after the effective date of this 58 59 section, is to be employed in the purchasing division as a state buyer. Such rules and regulations shall provide 60 that no person shall be so employed as a state buyer 61 unless such person at the time of employment either is 62 (1) a graduate of an accredited college or university or 63 (2) has at least four years' experience in purchasing for 64 any unit of government or for any business, commercial 65 or industrial enterprise. Those persons now serving as 66 state buyers shall remain subject to the provisions of 67 article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code, and those 68 persons employed as state buyers on and after the 69 70 effective date of this section shall be subject to the provisions of said article six. 71

50

§5A-3-5. Purchasing section standard specifications— Promulgation and adoption by director; applicable to all purchases.

1 The director shall promulgate and adopt standard 2 specifications based on scientific and technical data for 3 appropriate commodities, which shall establish the quality to which such commodities to be purchased and 4 services to be contracted for by the state must conform. 5 6 Standard specifications shall apply to every future 7 purchase of or contract for the commodities described in the specifications. The purchases of no spending unit 8 9 may be exempt from compliance with the standard 10 specifications so established, but the director, whenever he deems it necessary and advisable, may exempt 11 therefrom the purchase of particular items. The director 12 13 shall update the standard specifications, as necessary.

§5A-3-6. Purchasing section standard specifications— Advisers from spending units.

1 The secretary may from time to time request any 2 official or employee of any spending unit to aid and 3 advise the director in formulating, revising or amending 4 the schedule of standard specifications provided for in section five of this article. Such official or employee 5 shall act at the request of the secretary and shall be 6 7 entitled to receive his necessary expenses incurred in 8 compliance therewith, but shall receive no additional compensation therefor. 9

§5A-3-7. Director to advise with heads of state and other institutions producing commodities, services and printing.

1 The director shall advise with the heads of the various 2 state and other institutions producing commodities, 3 services and printing, with the view to making these 4 articles suitable for the needs of state spending units. 5 Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 6 contrary, in the event of conflict between state and other institutions producing commodities, services and print-7 8 ing with preference in accordance with the code, the 9 director shall determine which institution shall provide 10 a commodity, service or printing, basing such determiCh. 2]

11 nation on quality, price and the efficient and economical12 operation of state government.

§5A-3-8. Facilities of division available to local governmental bodies.

1 The director shall make available the facilities and 2 services of his division to counties, county schools, 3 municipalities, urban mass transportation authorities. 4 created pursuant to article twenty-seven, chapter eight of this code, mass transportation divisions of county and $\mathbf{5}$ municipal governments, volunteer fire departments, and 6 other local governmental bodies within this state. The 7 8 actual expenses incurred thereby shall be paid by the 9 local governmental body.

§5A-3-9. Examination and testing of purchases; report required.

1 Within the limit of funds available, the director, or 2 some person appointed by the director, shall determine 3 whether commodities delivered or services performed 4 conform to contractual requirements. Nonconformity 5 shall be reported to the director and chief officer of the 6 spending unit purchasing such commodities or services 7 for remedial action.

§5A-3-10. Competitive bids; publication of solicitations for sealed bids; purchase of products of nonprofit workshops; employee to assist in dealings with nonprofit workshops.

1 A purchase of and contract for commodities, printing 2 and services shall be based, whenever possible, on 3 competitive bids.

The director shall solicit sealed bids for the purchase 4 of commodities and printing which is estimated to 5 exceed ten thousand dollars. No spending unit shall 6 issue a series of requisitions which would circumvent 7 this ten thousand dollar maximum. The director may 8 permit bids by facsimile transmission machine to be 9 accepted in lieu of sealed bids: Provided. That an 10 original bid is received within two working days 11 following the date specified for bid opening. Bids shall 12 be obtained by public notice. The notice may be 13

14 published by any advertising medium the director deems advisable. The director may also solicit sealed 15 bids by sending requests by mail to prospective supp-16 17 liers and by posting notice on a bulletin board in his 18 office: Provided, however, That the director shall, 19 without competitive bidding, purchase commodities and 20 printing produced and offered for sale by nonprofit 21 workshops, as defined in section one, article one of this 22 chapter, which are located in this state: Provided 23*further*. That such commodities and printing shall be of a fair market price and of like quality comparable to $\mathbf{24}$ 25 other commodities and printing otherwise available as 26 determined by the director with the advice of the 27 committee on the purchase of commodities and services 28 from the handicapped.

29 Toward the end of effecting the making of contracts for commodities and printing of nonprofit workshops, 30 31the director shall employ a person whose responsibilities 32 in addition to other duties shall be to identify all 33 commodities and printing available for purchase from 34 such nonprofit workshops, to evaluate the need of the state for such commodities and printing to coordinate 35 36 the various nonprofit workshops in their production efforts and to make available to such workshops 37 38 information about available opportunities within state 39 government for purchase of commodities or printing 40 which might be produced and sold by such workshops. 41 Funds to employ such a person shall be included 42 annually in the budget.

§5A-3-11. Purchasing in open market on competitive bids; bids to be based on standard specifications; period for alteration or withdrawal of bids; awards to lowest responsible bidder; uniform bids; record of bids; and exception.

1 The director may make a purchase of commodities, 2 printing and services of ten thousand dollars or less in 3 amount in the open market, but such purchase shall, 4 wherever possible, be based on at least three competitive 5 bids.

6 The director may authorize spending units to pur-

chase commodities, printing and services in the amount
of one thousand dollars in the open market without
competitive bids.

10 Bids shall be based on the standard specifications promulgated and adopted in accordance with the 11 provisions of section five of this article, and shall not be 12 altered or withdrawn after the appointed hour for the 13 14 opening of such bids. All open market orders, purchases 15 based on advertised bid requests or contracts made by 16 the director or by a state department shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, taking into considera-17 tion the qualities of the articles to be supplied, their 18 conformity with specifications, their suitability to the 19 requirements of the government and the delivery terms: 2021Provided. That state bids on school buses shall be 22accepted from all bidders who shall then be awarded contracts if they meet the state board's "Minimum 23Standards for Design and Equipment of School Buses". 24 County boards of education may select from those 2526bidders who have been awarded contracts and shall pay 27the difference between the state aid formula amount and the actual cost of bus replacement. Any or all bids may 28 be rejected. If all bids received on a pending contract 29are for the same unit price or total amount, the director 30 shall have authority to reject all bids, and to purchase 31 the required commodities, printing and services in the 32 open market, if the price paid in the open market does 33 not exceed the bid prices. 34

All bidders submitting bid proposals to the purchasing division are required to submit an extra or duplicate copy to the state auditor.

Both copies must be received at the respective offices 38 prior to the specified date and time of the bid openings. 39 The failure to deliver or the nonreceipt of these bid 40 forms at either of these offices prior to the appointed 41 42 date and hour are grounds for rejection of the bids. In the event of any deviation between the copies submitted 43 to the purchasing division and the state auditor, such 44 bids as to which there is such deviation shall be rejected. 45 if the deviation relates to the quantity, quality or 46 specifications of the commodities, printing or services to 47

48 be furnished or to the price therefor or to the date of delivery or performance. After the award of the order 49 or contract, the director, or someone appointed by him 50 51for that purpose, shall indicate upon the successful bid 52 and its copy in the office of the state auditor that it was 53 the successful bid. Thereafter, the copy of each bid in 54 the possession of the director and the state auditor shall 55 be maintained as a public record by both of them, shall 56 be open to public inspection in the offices of both the 57 director and the state auditor and shall not be destroyed 58 by either of them without the written consent of the 59 legislative auditor: Provided. That the board of regents 60 may certify in writing to the director the need for a specific item essential to a particular usage either for 61 62 instructional or research purposes at an institution of 63 higher education and the director upon review of such 64 certification may provide for the purchase of said specific items in the open market without competitive 65 bids. If the director permits bids by facsimile transmis-66 sion machine to be accepted in lieu of sealed bids 67 68 pursuant to the provisions of section ten of this article, 69 a duplicate facsimile transmission machine bid shall be 70 transmitted to the state auditor pursuant to this section: Provided, however, That an original bid is received by 71 72 the state auditor within two working days following the date specified for bid opening. 73

§5A-3-12. Prequalification disclosure and payment of annual fee by vendors required; form and contents; register of vendors; false affidavits, etc.; penalties.

The director shall not accept any bid received from 1 2 any vendor unless the vendor has paid the annual fee 3 specified in section four of this article and has filed with 4 the director an affidavit of the vendor or the affidavit 5 of a member of the vendor's firm, or, if the vendor is a corporation, the affidavit of an officer, director or 6 7 managing agent, of such corporation, disclosing the 8 following information:

9 (1) If the vendor is an individual, his name and 10 residence address, and, if he has associates or partners

Ch. 2]

sharing in his business, their names and residenceaddresses;

(2) If the vendor is a firm, the name and residence
address of each member, partner or associate of the
firm;

16 (3) If the vendor is a corporation created under the 17 laws of this state or authorized to do business in this 18 state, the name and business address of the corporation; 19 the names and residence addresses of the president, vice 20president, secretary, treasurer and general manager, if 21 any, of the corporation; and the names and residence addresses of each stockholder of the corporation owning 2223 or holding at least ten percent of the capital stock 24 thereof:

(4) A statement of whether the vendor is acting as
agent for some other individual, firm or corporation,
and if so, a statement of the principal authorizing such
representation shall be attached to the affidavit or
whether the vendor is doing business as another entity;

30 (5) The vendor's latest Dun & Bradstreet rating, if31 there is any such rating as to such vendor; and

32 (6) A list of one or more banking institutions to serve33 as references for such vendor.

Whenever a change occurs in the information heretofore submitted as required, such change shall be reported immediately in the same manner as required in the original disclosure affidavit.

The affidavit and information so received by the director shall be kept in a register of vendors which shall be a public record and open to public inspection during regular business hours in the director's office and made readily available to the public at such time.

The director may waive the above requirements in the case of any corporation listed on any nationally recognized stock exchange and in the case of any vendor who or which is the sole source for the commodity in question.

48 Any person who makes such affidavit falsely or who 49 shall knowingly file or cause to be filed with the

50 director, an affidavit containing a false statement of a material fact or omitting any material fact, shall be 51 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 5253 shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, and, 54 in the discretion of the court, confined in jail not more 55than one year. In any such case, an individual so 56 convicted shall be adjudged forever incapable of holding 57 any office of honor, trust or profit in this state, or of 58 serving as a juror.

§5A-3-13. Contracts to be approved as to form; filing.

- 1 Contracts shall be approved as to form by the attorney
- 2 general. A contract that requires more than six months
- 3 for its fulfillment shall be filed with the state auditor.

*§5A-3-14. Copies of purchase orders sent to finance division; certificates required before contracts awarded.

A copy of all purchase orders shall be transmitted to 1 $\mathbf{2}$ the director of the finance division so that the proper account may be encumbered before they are sent to the 3 4 vendors. Except in an emergency, an order or contract shall not be awarded until it has been certified to the 5 director by the secretary as director of the budget that 6 the unencumbered balance in the appropriation con-7 cerned, in excess of all unpaid obligations, is sufficient 8 9 to defrav the cost of such order or contract.

§5A-3-15. Emergency purchases in open market.

The director may authorize, in writing, a state 1 $\mathbf{2}$ spending unit to purchase in the open market, without 3 filing requisition or estimate, specific commodities for 4 immediate delivery to meet bona fide emergencies 5 arising from unforeseen causes, including delays by 6 contractors, delays in transportation and unanticipated 7 volume of work. A report of any such purchase, together 8 with a record of the competitive bids upon which it was 9 based, shall be submitted at once to the director by the 10 head of the state spending unit concerned, together with a full account of the circumstances of the emergency: 11 Provided, That the director may waive the need for the 12 record of competitive bids. Such report shall be entered 13 on a record and shall be open to public inspection. 14

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by HB 4386 (Chapter 32), which passed prior to this act.

§5A-3-16. Special fund; purposes; how composed.

1 There is hereby created a special revenue fund to be 2 administered by the director to facilitate the following 3 functions of the director:

4 (1) Purchase commodities in volume and maintain 5 stocks to supply the needs of state spending units; and

6 (2) Performance of mimeographing, photostating,
7 microfilming, multilithing, multigraphing and other
8 work needed by spending units as provided by section
9 twenty-seven of this article.

10 The amount of the fund may be fixed and changed by the governor upon the recommendation of the secretary. 11 If at the end of each fiscal year the cash balance plus 12 13 value of commodity inventories on hand exceeds the 14 amount so fixed, the excess in cash shall be transferred by the governor upon recommendation of the secretary 15 to the general revenue fund and become a part of the 16 17 general revenue of the state. The fund shall be composed 18 of the following:

19 (1) The cash balance and inventories of the fund 20 heretofore established by this section; and

21 (2) Charges made by the director for commodities sold and services rendered to the state spending units as 22 herein described: Provided, That charges shall not 23 24 exceed total cost to the fund, which total cost shall include storage, supplies, equipment and salaries and 25wages of employees necessary to supply commodities 26 27and services in addition to purchase price of commod-28 ities.

§5A-3-17. Purchases or contracts violating article void; personal liability.

If a spending unit purchases or contracts for commodities contrary to the provisions of this article or the rules and regulations made thereunder, such purchase or contract shall be void and of no effect. The head of such spending unit shall be personally liable for the costs of such purchase or contract, and, if already paid out of state funds, the amount thereof may be recovered in the

Ch. 2]

- 8 name of the state in an appropriate action instituted
- 9 therefor.

§5A-3-18. Substituting for commodity bearing particular trade name or brand.

- 1 If a spending unit requests the purchase of a commod-
- 2 ity bearing a particular trade name or brand, and if the
- 3 commodity is covered by standard specifications
- 4 adopted as provided by section five of this article, the
- 5 director may substitute a commodity bearing a different
- 6 trade name or brand, if the substituted commodity
- 7 reasonably conforms to the adopted standard specifica-
- 8 tions and can be obtained at an equal or lower price.

§5A-3-19. Purchases from federal government and other sources.

1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, 2 the director may, upon the recommendation of a state 3 spending unit, make purchases from the federal govern-4 ment, from federal government contracts or from the 5 university of West Virginia board of trustees or board 6 of directors of the state college system contracts, if 7 available and financially advantageous.

§5A-3-20. Spending units to submit lists of expendable commodities.

1 The head of every spending unit shall submit a list 2 of expendable commodities such spending unit has on

3 hand whenever requested to do so by the director.

§5A-3-21. Contracts for public printing and paper for spending units; printing plants at institutions.

The director shall contract for public printing and for 1 printing paper for the use of spending units in the 2 manner provided for contracts under sections ten 3 through nineteen of this article, and in accordance with 4 the specifications adopted as provided by section five of 5 this article: Provided, That the provisions of this article 6 shall not be construed to prohibit the state from 7 maintaining printing plants for the purpose of instruc-8 tion or for printing for a state spending unit at 9

10 educational, benevolent, penal or correctional institu-11 tions.

§5A-3-22. Legislative printing.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this article,
 the letting of all contracts for legislative printing shall
 be subject only to the provisions of this section.

4 Upon request of the Legislature, or either house 5 thereof, all contracts for legislative printing shall be let 6 on competitive bids by the director to the lowest $\mathbf{7}$ responsible bidder. Each such contract shall be subject 8 to the approval of the governor, and in case of his 9 disapproval the contract shall be relet on competitive 10 bids submitted in the same manner as the original bids 11 on the contract that was disapproved. Each bid on every 12 such contract shall be within the maximum limits that 13 may be fixed from time to time by concurrent resolution 14 of the Legislature. The clerk of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Delegates shall have exclusive control 15 16 of all printing authorized by their respective legislative 17 bodies, and shall approve the specifications included in 18 any contract before an invitation for bids is released by 19 the director of purchasing. Before presenting for payment any bill for such legislative printing, the 20 21 printer shall have the same approved by the purchasing 22 division as correct and according to contract specifications. A copy of all bills for legislative printing shall be 23 24 furnished the clerk of the house for which such printing 25 was done. When properly approved bills are presented 26 to the clerk of the Senate, or to the clerk of the House of Delegates, he shall draw his requisition upon the 27auditor in the amount of the bill, payable from the 2829 legislative printing fund, and the auditor shall honor the 30 requisition and issue to the printer a state draft therefor. 31

§5A-3-23. Publication of reports of supreme court of appeals.

1 Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this article, 2 the official reporter of the supreme court of appeals 3 shall have charge and supervision of the printing and 4 binding of the reports of the decisions of the supreme

Ch. 2]

5 court of appeals of the state, and shall contract for their 6 publication in the same manner that the director of the purchasing division contracts under sections ten 7 8 through nineteen of this article. Such contract shall 9 provide for the publication of such number of copies as 10 the reporter and the supreme court of appeals may 11 jointly direct. If the reporter and the supreme court of appeals do not agree on the number of copies for which 12 13 the publication contract shall provide, the contract shall 14 provide for the publication of the greater number of 15 copies directed by either the reporter or the supreme 16 court of appeals. In no event shall the number of copies 17 published exceed one thousand five hundred. Copies of 18 the reports of the decisions of the supreme court of 19 appeals shall be on such paper and be bound in accordance with directions and specifications specified 20 21 by the reporter by and with the concurrence of the 22 court. The size of type and page shall be prescribed by 23the reporter with the concurrence of the court. A volume 24 shall be published according to the terms of the contract whenever ordered by the court. The reporter shall 25 $\mathbf{26}$ secure the copyright of each volume for the benefit of the state. The reports shall be styled "West Virginia 27 28 Reports".

29 The printing and binding of the reports shall be done 30 under the direction of and in the manner prescribed by the reporter, subject to the control of the court. The 31 32reporter shall prefix to the printed report of each case the dates when the same was submitted and decided. 33 Each volume shall, if practicable, contain the reports of 34 at least eighty cases decided by the court, and shall 35 36 contain approximately one thousand pages unless 37 otherwise ordered by the court, exclusive of the index and table of cases reported and cited. Galley sheets or 38 proof sheets shall be furnished by the printer to the 39 40 reporter in such number as may be required by the 41 reporter for the purposes of this section. It shall be the 42 duty of the reporter to proof such galley sheets or proof 43 sheets against the various cases, including the court's 44 syllabi, as such cases and the court's syllabi appear in 45 the most recent bound volume of the appropriate regional reporter in which such cases are reported. 46

47 Neither galley sheets nor proof sheets need be submitted to the court or the clerk thereof for any purpose. 48 Thereafter the reporter shall make such corrections and **49** 50 modifications as he shall deem appropriate and all such 51corrections and modifications shall be made by the 52printer as the reporter may direct. If the work is not done in the manner required by law, the reporter shall 53 54 not approve the volume and shall not accept it.

55 The reports of the decisions of the supreme court of appeals may be published in pamphlet form in advance 56 of the publication of the bound volumes of the "West 57 58 Virginia Reports", periodically, or at such times as may 59 be directed by the reporter and the supreme court of 60 appeals. The reporter shall secure the copyright of each pamphlet of opinions so published in advance. Each 61 pamphlet shall contain the report of such number of 62 63 cases as the supreme court of appeals and the reporter shall deem advisable. 64

65 The contract for the publication of such advance 66 sheets shall be made in the manner provided for the 67 publication of bound volumes of the "West Virginia 68 Reports".

69 A charge of not less than the actual cost of printing 70 and distribution shall be made for such advance sheets.

§5A-3-24. Publication of departmental reports; uniform standards; limiting number of publications; requiring division to perform printing and binding.

1 The director shall have charge and supervision of the 2 printing and binding of all reports transmitted to the 3 governor as required by section twenty, article one, 4 chapter five of this code. Said reports shall be printed 5 annually as soon as possible after the close of the fiscal 6 year.

7 The director shall specify the uniform maximum 8 standards as to form and format to be used in the 9 preparation and publication of annual reports by the 10 various departments, agencies, boards, commissions and 11 institutions.

12 The number of copies of such reports shall be limited 13 to the minimum quantity necessary for office use of the 14 reporting spending unit and for legally required 15 distribution and exchange, the exact number of copies 16 of such reports to be expressly subject to the approval 17 of the governor.

The director shall furnish to each spending unit
sufficient copies of its report to satisfy the above
purposes within the limits set by the governor.

The printing and binding of all such reports shall be done by the department of administration in the printing shop maintained by the department.

Subject to the approval of the secretary of administration and the governor, the director shall have authority to limit the number of any other report, bulletin and other publication ordered to be printed by each spending unit.

Nothing herein shall be construed as preventing thedirector from utilizing less expensive methods of

31 printing and binding than those prescribed above.

§5A-3-25. Printing, binding and stationery to be paid from current expense appropriations.

1 Printing, binding and stationery for all spending units

2 shall be paid from the current expense or unclassified

3 appropriations for such spending units.

§5A-3-26. Custodian of reports and acts; delivery to state law librarian for distribution; sale.

The director shall be custodian of the "West Virginia 1 2 Reports" after they are printed and bound and approved 3 by the reporter, and of the acts of the Legislature after they are printed and bound and approved by the clerk 4 of the House of Delegates. As soon as practicable after 5 any new volume of such reports or acts has been 6 delivered to the director, not including reprints of 7 former volumes, he shall deliver to the state law 8 librarian sufficient copies to enable him to make 9 distribution thereof in the manner prescribed by 10 sections five and six, article eight, chapter fifty-one of 11 12 this code.

13 The director shall sell such copies of the reports and 14 acts as remain after the distribution provided by law 15 has been made at a price to be fixed by him with the 16 approval of the secretary, but in no case shall such price 17 be less than the actual cost to the state of the publication 18 thereof.

§5A-3-27. Director to establish central duplicating office; exemption of particular spending units; contracts for duplicating.

1 Mimeographing, photostating, microfilming, multili-2 thing, multigraphing, and other duplicating work 3 required to be done by or for any spending unit shall 4 be done by a central duplicating office, which office 5 shall be established by and under the supervision of the 6 director.

7 Mimeographing, photostating, microfilming, multili-8 thing, multigraphing, and other duplicating equipment, 9 supplies, personnel and the funds appropriated therefor 10 shall be transferred to the central duplicating office, 11 upon determination by the director to consolidate.

12 If the director is of the opinion that any spending unit is capable of doing such duplicating work as may be 13 required by such particular spending unit more effi-14 ciently and economically than can the central duplicat-1516 ing office, he may, in his discretion, exempt such particular spending unit from the provisions of this 17 section; or if the director believes economy or efficiency 18 can be effected by letting such work or any part thereof 19 to contract, then he may do so in the manner provided 20for contracts under sections ten through nineteen of this 21 22 article.

§5A-3-28. Financial interest of secretary, etc.; receiving reward from interested party; penalty; application of bribery statute.

1 Neither the secretary, nor the director nor any 2 employee of the division of purchasing, shall be finan-3 cially interested, or have any beneficial personal 4 interest, directly or indirectly, in the purchase of any 5 commodities or printing, nor in any firm, partnership,

6 corporation or association furnishing them. Neither the 7 secretary, nor the director nor any employee of the division of purchasing shall accept or receive directly or 8 9 indirectly from any person, firm or corporation, known by such secretary, director or employee to be interested 10 in any bid, contract or purchase, by rebate, gift or 11 otherwise, any money or other thing of value what-12 13 soever, or any promise, obligation or contract for future reward, or compensation. 14

15 A person who violates this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 16 17 confined in jail not less than three months nor more than 18 one year, or fined not less than fifty nor more than one thousand dollars, or both, in the discretion of the court: 19 Provided, That any person who violates any of the 20provisions of the last sentence of the first paragraph of $\mathbf{21}$ 22 this section under circumstances constituting the crime 23of bribery under the provisions of section three, article five-a, chapter sixty-one of this code, shall, upon 24 conviction of bribery, be punished as provided in said 25 26 article five-a.

§5A-3-29. Penalty for violation of article.

1 Any person who violates a provision of this article, 2 except where another penalty is prescribed, shall be 3 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 4 shall be confined in jail not less than ten days nor more 5 than one year, or fined not less than ten nor more than 6 five hundred dollars, or both, in the discretion of the 7 court.

§5A-3-30. Obtaining money and property under false pretenses or by fraud from state; penalties.

1 It shall be unlawful for any person to obtain from the 2 state under any contract made under the provisions of 3 this article, by false pretense, token or representation, or by delivery of inferior commodities, with intent to 4 defraud, any money, goods or other property, and upon 5 violation thereof, such person shall be guilty of a felony, 6 7 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the 8 penitentiary not less than one year nor more than five 9 vears, and be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars.

§5A-3-31. Corrupt combinations, collusions or conspiracies prohibited; penalties.

It shall be unlawful for any person to corruptly 1 2 combine, collude or conspire with one or more other 3 persons with respect to the purchasing or supplying of 4 commodities or printing to the state under the provi-5 sions of this article if the purpose or effect of such 6 combination, collusion or conspiracy is either to (1) 7 lessen competition among prospective vendors, or (2) 8 cause the state to pay a higher price for such commod-9 ities or printing than would be or would have been paid 10 in the absence of such combination, collusion or 11 conspiracy, or (3) cause one prospective vendor or 12 vendors to be preferred over one or more other prospec-13 tive vendor or vendors. Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of a felony, and, 14 upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the 15 penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years, 16 17 and be fined not exceeding five thousand dollars.

§5A-3-32. Power of director to suspend right to bid; notice of suspension.

1 The director shall have the power and authority to 2 suspend, for a period not to exceed one year, the right and privilege of a vendor to bid on state purchases when 3 the director has reason to believe that such vendor has 4 5 violated any of the provisions of the purchasing law or 6 the rules and regulations of the director. Every vendor whose right to bid has been so suspended shall be 7 notified thereof by a letter posted by certified mail 8 containing the reason for such suspension. 9

§5A-3-33. Review of suspension by secretary.

1 Any vendor whose right to bid on state purchases has 2 been suspended by the director under the authority of 3 the preceding section shall have the right to have the 4 director's action reviewed by the secretary, who shall 5 have the power and authority to set aside such suspen-6 sion.

§5A-3-34. Authority over inventories and property.

1 The director shall, under the direction and supervision

Ch. 2]

- 2 of the secretary, have full authority over inventories and
- 3 property.

§5A-3-35. Submission of annual inventories.

- 1 The head of every spending unit of state government
- 2 shall, on or before the fifteenth day of July of each year,
- 3 file with the director an inventory of all real and
- 4 personal property, and of all equipment, supplies and
- 5 commodities in its possession as of the close of the last
- 6 fiscal year, as directed by the director.

§5A-3-36. Inventory of removable property; maintenance and repair of office furniture, machinery and equipment.

1 The director shall have the power and duty to:

2 (1) Make and keep current an inventory of all 3 removable property belonging to the state. Such 4 inventory shall be kept on file in the office of the 5 director as a public record. The inventory shall disclose 6 the name and address of the vendor, the date of the 7 purchase, the price paid for the property therein 8 described and the disposition thereof;

9 (2) Provide for the maintenance and repair of all 10 office furniture, machinery and equipment belonging to 11 the state, either by employing personnel and facilities 12 under his direction or by contracting with state agencies 13 or private parties.

§5A-3-37. Preference for resident vendors; preference for vendors employing state residents; exceptions.

(a) Other provisions of this article notwithstanding, 1 effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety, through the thirtieth day of June, one 3 thousand nine hundred ninety-four, in any instance 4 involving the purchase of construction services or for the 5 construction, repair or improvement of any buildings or 6 portions thereof, where the total aggregate cost thereof, 7 whether one or a series of contracts are awarded in 8 completing the project, is estimated by the director to 9

10 exceed the sum of fifty thousand dollars, and where the 11 director or any state department is required under the 12 provisions of this article to make such purchase. 13 construction, repair or improvement upon competitive bids, the successful bid shall be determined as provided 14 in this section. The secretary of the department of tax 15 16 and revenue shall promulgate such rules and regula-17 tions necessary to (i) determine that vendors have met 18 the residence requirements described in this section; (ii) establish the procedure for vendors to certify such 19 20residency requirements at the time of submitting their 21bids; (iii) establish a procedure to audit bids which make 22a claim for preference permitted by this section and to reject noncomplying bids; and (iv) otherwise accomplish 23 24 the objectives of this section. In prescribing such rules 25and regulations, the secretary shall use a strict construc-26tion of the residence requirements set forth in this section. For purposes of this section, a successful bid 2728 shall be determined and accepted as follows:

29 (1) From an individual resident vendor who has 30 resided in West Virginia continuously for the four years immediately preceding the date on which the bid is 31 submitted or from a partnership, association or corpo-3233 ration resident vendor which has maintained its headquarters or principal place of business within West 34Virginia continuously for four years immediately 35 preceding the date on which the bid is submitted, if such 36 resident vendor's bid does not exceed the lowest 37 qualified bid from a nonresident vendor by more than 38 two and one-half percent of the latter bid, and if such 39 resident vendor has made written claim for such 40 preference at the time the bid was submitted: Provided, 41 That for purposes of this subparagraph (1), any partner-42 ship, association or corporation resident vendor of this 43 state, which does not meet the requirements of this 44 subparagraph solely because of the continuous four-year 45 residence requirement, shall be deemed to meet such 46 requirement if at least eighty percent of the ownership 47 interest of such resident vendor is held by another 48 individual, partnership, association or corporation 49 50 resident vendor who otherwise meets the requirements of this subparagraph, including the continuous four-year 51

52 residency requirement: *Provided, however,* That the 53 secretary of the department of tax and revenue shall 54 promulgate rules and regulations relating to attribution 55 of ownership among several such resident vendors for 56 purposes of determining the eighty percent ownership 57 requirement; or

58 (2) From a resident or nonresident vendor, if, for purposes of producing or distributing the commodities 59 60 or completing the project which is the subject of such vendor's bid and continuously over the entire term of 61 62 such project, on average at least sixty percent of such 63 vendor's employees are residents of West Virginia who 64 have resided in the state continuously for the two immediately preceding years and such vendor's bid does 65 not exceed the lowest qualified bid from a nonresident 66 67 vendor by more than two and one-half percent of the 68 latter bid, and if such vendor has certified the residency 69 requirements above and made written claim for such preference, at the time the bid was submitted; or 70

(3) From a vendor who meets the requirements of both subparagraphs (1) and (2) set forth above, if such bid does not exceed the lowest qualified bid from a nonresident vendor by more than five percent of the latter bid, and if such resident vendor has certified the residency requirements above and made written claim for such preference at the time the bid was submitted.

78 (b) If the secretary of the department of tax and 79 revenue determines under any audit procedure that a vendor who received a preference under this section 80 fails to continue to meet the requirements for such 81 preference at any time during the term of the project 82 83 for which such preference was received the secretary may: (1) Reject such vendor's bid; or (2) assess a penalty 84 against such vendor of not more than five percent of 85 86 such vendor's bid on the project.

(c) Political subdivisions of the state including county
boards of education may grant the same preferences to
any vendor of this state who has made a written claim
for such preference at the time a bid is submitted, but
for the purposes of this subsection, in determining the

92 lowest bid, any political subdivision shall exclude from 93 the bid the amount of business occupation taxes which 94 must be paid by a resident vendor to any municipality 95within the county comprising or located within such 96 subdivision as a result of being awarded the contract 97 which is the object of the bid; in the case of a bid 98 received by a municipality, the municipality shall 99 exclude only such business and occupation taxes as will be paid to such municipality: Provided. That prior to 100soliciting any such competitive bids, any such political 101 102 subdivision may, by majority vote of all its members in 103 a public meeting where all such votes shall be recorded. 104elect not to exclude from the bid the amount of business 105and occupation taxes as provided herein.

(d) If any of the requirements or provisions set forth
in this section jeopardize the receipt of federal funds,
then such requirement or provisions shall be void and
of no force and effect for that specific project.

(e) If any provision or clause of this section or
application thereof to any person or circumstance is held
invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions
or applications of this section which can be given effect
without the invalid provision or application, and to this
end the provisions of this section are declared to be
severable.

(f) This section may be cited as the "Jobs for WestVirginians Act of 1990".

§5A-3-37a. Preference for resident vendors; exceptions; reciprocal preference.

Except where the provisions of section thirty-seven of 1 2 this article may apply, in any instance where a purchase 3 of commodities or printing by the director or by a state spending unit is required under the provisions of this 4 5 article to be made upon competitive bids, preference shall be given to vendors resident in West Virginia as 6 7 against vendors resident in any state that gives or requires a preference for the purchase of commodities 8 or printing produced, manufactured or performed in 9 that state. The amount of the preference shall be equal 10 to the amount of the preference applied by the other 11 12 state.

13 A vendor shall be deemed to be a resident of this state 14 if such vendor is an individual, partnership, association or corporation in good standing under the laws of the 15 state of West Virginia who (1) is a resident of the state 16 17 or a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in the state; (2) maintains an office in the state; (3) has 18 19 paid personal property taxes pursuant to article five, 20 chapter eleven of this code on equipment used in the regular course of supplying services of the general type 21 offered: and (4) has paid business taxes pursuant to 22 chapter eleven of this code. In addition, in the case of 23 24 a vendor selling tangible personal property, a resident vendor is one who has a stock of materials held in West 25 Virginia for sale in the ordinary course of business, 26 which stock is of the general type offered, and which is 27 $\mathbf{28}$ reasonably sufficient in quantity to meet the ordinary 29 requirements of customers.

30 If any of the requirements or provisions set forth in 31 this section jeopardize the receipt of federal funds, then 32 such requirements or provision shall be void and of no 33 force and effect.

§5A-3-38. Leases for space to be made in accordance with article; exception.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, no 1 department, agency or institution of state government 2 shall lease, or offer to lease, as lessee, any grounds, 3 buildings, office or other space except in accordance 4 with this article: Provided. That the provisions of this 5 article except as to office space shall not apply in any 6 respect whatever to the division of highways of the 7 department of transportation. 8

§5A-3-39. Leasing of space by secretary; delegation of authority.

1 The secretary is authorized to lease, in the name of 2 the state, any grounds, buildings, office or other space 3 required by any department, agency or institution of 4 state government: *Provided*, That the secretary may 5 expressly delegate, in writing, the authority granted to

6 him by this article to the appropriate department,
7 agency or institution of state government when the
8 rental and other costs to the state do not exceed the sum
9 specified by regulation in any one fiscal year or when
10 necessary to meet bona fide emergencies arising from
11 unforeseen causes.

§5A-3-40. Selection of grounds, etc.; acquisition by contract or lease; long-term leases; requiring approval of secretary for permanent changes.

1 The secretary shall have sole authority to select and 2 to acquire by contract or lease, in the name of the state, 3 all grounds, buildings, office space or other space, the rental of which is necessarily required by any spending 4 5 unit, upon a certificate from the chief executive officer 6 or his designee of said spending unit that the grounds, 7 buildings, office space or other space requested is 8 necessarily required for the proper function of said 9 spending unit, that the spending unit will be responsible 10 for all rent and other necessary payments in connection 11 with the contract or lease and that satisfactory grounds. buildings, office space or other space is not available on 12 grounds and in buildings now owned or leased by the 13 state. The secretary shall, before executing any rental 14 15 contract or lease, determine the fair rental value for the rental of the requested grounds, buildings, office space 16 or other space, in the condition in which they exist, and 17 18 shall contract for or lease said premises at a price not 19 to exceed the fair rental value thereof.

20 The secretary is hereby authorized to enter into long-21 term agreements for buildings, land and space for periods longer than one fiscal year: Provided, That such 22 long-term lease agreements shall not be for periods in 23 excess of forty years and shall contain, in substance, all 24 the following provisions: (1) That the department of 25administration, as lessee, shall have the right to cancel 26 27 the lease without further obligation on the part of the lessee upon giving thirty days' written notice to the 28 lessor, such notice being given at least thirty days prior 29 to the last day of the succeeding month; (2) that the lease 30 shall be considered canceled without further obligation 31

32 on the part of the lessee if the state Legislature or the 33 federal government should fail to appropriate sufficient funds therefor or should otherwise act to impair the 34 35lease or cause it to be canceled; and (3) that the lease shall be considered renewed for each ensuing fiscal year 36 37 during the term of the lease unless it is canceled by the 38 department of administration before the end of the then 39 current fiscal year.

40 A spending unit which is granted any grounds, 41 buildings, office space or other space leased in accor-42 dance with this section may not order or make perman-43 ent changes of any type thereto, unless the secretary has first determined that the change is necessary for the 44 proper, efficient and economically sound operation of the 45 spending unit. For purposes of this section, a "perman-46 ent change" means any addition, alteration, improve-47 ment, remodeling, repair or other change involving the 48 expenditure of state funds for the installation of any 49 tangible thing which cannot be economically removed 50 from the grounds, buildings, office space or other space 51 52 when vacated by the spending unit.

§5A-3-41. Leases and other instruments for space signed by secretary or director; approval as to form; filing.

Leases and other instruments for grounds, buildings, 1 2 office or other space shall be signed by the secretary or director in the name of the state. They shall be approved 3 as to form by the attorney general. A lease or other 4 instrument for grounds, buildings, office or other space 5 that contains a term, including any options, of more than 6 7 six months for its fulfillment shall be filed with the state auditor. 8

§5A-3-42. Leasing for space rules and regulations.

1 The secretary shall have the power and authority to

- 2 promulgate such rules and regulations as he may deem
- 3 necessary to carry out the provisions of sections thirty-
- 4 eight, thirty-nine, forty and forty-one of this article.

§5A-3-43. State agency for surplus property created.

1 There is hereby established within the purchasing

2 division and under the supervision of the director of the

3 purchasing division the state agency for surplus

4 property.

§5A-3-44. Authority and duties of state agency for surplus property.

(a) The state agency for surplus property is hereby 1 2 authorized and empowered (1) to acquire from the United States of America such property, including 3 equipment, materials, books or other supplies under the 4 5 control of any department or agency of the United 6 States of America as may be usable and necessary for 7 educational, fire protection and prevention, rescue, or 8 public health purposes, including research; (2) to 9 warehouse property acquired; and (3) to distribute the 10 property to tax-supported medical institutions, hospi-11 tals, clinics, fire departments, rescue squads, health 12 centers, school systems, schools, colleges and universities within the state. and to other nonprofit medical 13 institutions, hospitals, clinics, volunteer fire depart-14 ments, volunteer rescue squads, health centers, schools, 1516 colleges and universities within the state which have 17 been held exempt from taxation under the Internal 18 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

(b) For the purpose of executing its authority under 19 this article, the state agency for surplus property is 20 authorized and empowered to adopt. amend or rescind 21 rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary, and 22 23 take other action necessary and suitable in the administration of this article, including the enactment and 24 25 promulgation of rules and regulations necessary to bring this article and its administration into conformity 26 with any federal statutes or rules and regulations 27 promulgated under federal statutes for the acquisition 28 29 and disposition of surplus property.

(c) The state agency for surplus property is authorized and empowered to appoint advisory boards or
committees necessary to the end that this article and the
rules and regulations promulgated hereunder conform
with federal statutes and rules and regulations promulgated under federal statutes for the acquisition and
disposition of surplus property.

37 (d) The state agency for surplus property is autho-38 rized and empowered to take action, make expenditures 39 and enter into contracts, agreements and undertakings 40 for and in the name of the state, require reports, and make investigations as may be required by law or 41 42 regulation of the United States of America in connection 43 with the receipt, warehousing and distribution of property received by the state agency for surplus 44 45 property from the United States of America.

46 (e) The state agency for surplus property is authorized and empowered to act as a clearinghouse of 47 information for the public and private nonprofit 48 49 institutions and agencies referred to in subsection (a) of 50 this section, to locate property available for acquisition 51 from the United States of America, to ascertain the 52 terms and conditions under which the property may be 53 obtained, to receive requests from the above-mentioned 54 institutions and agencies and to transmit to them all 55 available information in reference to the property, and 56 to aid and assist the institutions and agencies in every 57 way possible in the consummation or acquisition of 58 transactions hereunder.

59 (f) The state agency for surplus property shall 60 cooperate to the fullest extent consistent with the provisions of this article, with the departments or 61 62 agencies of the United States of America and shall make 63 reports in the form and containing the information the 64 United States of America or any of its departments or 65 agencies may from time to time require, and it shall comply with the laws of the United States of America 66 67 and the rules and regulations of any of the departments 68 or agencies of the United States of America governing 69 the allocation, transfer, use or accounting for property 70 donable or donated to the state.

§5A-3-45. Disposition of surplus state property; semiannual report; application of proceeds from sale.

1 The agency shall have the exclusive power and

2 authority to make disposition of commodities or expen-

dable commodities now owned or in the future acquired
by the state when any such commodities are or become
obsolete or unusable or are not being used or should be
replaced.

The agency shall determine what commodities or $\overline{7}$ 8 expendable commodities should be disposed of and shall 9 make such disposition in the manner which will be most advantageous to the state, either by transferring the 10 11 particular commodities or expendable commodities 12 between departments, by selling such commodities to county commissions, county boards of education, munic-13 ipalities, public service districts, county building 14 commissions, airport authorities, parks and recreation 15commissions, nonprofit domestic corporations qualified 16 as tax exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal 17 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and volunteer fire 18 departments in this state, when such volunteer fire 19 20 departments have been held exempt from taxation 21 under section 501(c) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, by trading in such commodities as a part 22 payment on the purchase of new commodities, or by sale 23 24 thereof to the highest bidder by means of public auctions or sealed bids, after having first advertised the time. 25terms and place of such sale as a Class II legal 26 advertisement in compliance with the provisions of 27 article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the 28 publication area for such publication shall be the county 29 wherein the sale is to be conducted. The sale may also 30 be advertised in such other advertising media as the 31 agency may deem advisable. The agency may sell to the 32 highest bidder or to any one or more of the highest 33 bidders, if there is more than one, or, if the best interest 34 of the state will be served, reject all bids. 35

36 Upon the transfer of commodities or expendable 37 commodities between departments, or upon the sale 38 thereof to an eligible organization described above, the 39 agency shall set the price to be paid by the receiving 40 eligible organization, with due consideration given to 41 current market prices.

The agency may sell expendable, obsolete or unused motor vehicles owned by the state to an eligible

44 organization, other than volunteer fire departments. In 45 addition, the agency may sell expendable, obsolete or unused motor vehicles owned by the state with a gross 46 weight in excess of four thousand pounds to an eligible 47 48 volunteer fire department. The agency, with due 49 consideration given to current market prices, shall set the price to be paid by the receiving eligible organiza-5051 tion, for motor vehicles sold pursuant to this provision: 52*Provided*. That the sale price of any motor vehicle sold 53to an eligible organization shall not be less than the "average loan" value, as published in the most recent 54 55available eastern edition of the National Automobile 56 Dealer's Association (N.A.D.A.) Official Used Car 57 Guide, if such a value is available, unless the fair market value of the vehicle is less than the N.A.D.A. "average 58 59 loan" value, in which case the vehicle may be sold for 60 less than the "average loan" value. Such fair market 61 value must be based on a thorough inspection of the 62 vehicle by an employee of the agency who shall consider the mileage of the vehicle, and the condition of the body, 63 64 engine and tires as indicators of its fair market value. 65 If no such value is available, the agency shall set the 66 price to be paid by the receiving eligible organization 67 with due consideration given to current market prices. 68 The duly authorized representative of such eligible 69 organization, for whom such motor vehicle or other 70 similar surplus equipment is purchased or otherwise obtained, shall cause ownership and proper title thereto 7172to be vested only in the official name of the authorized 73 governing body for whom the purchase or transfer was 74 made. Such ownership or title, or both, shall remain in 75 the possession of that governing body and be non-76 transferable for a period of not less than one year from 77 the date of such purchase or transfer. Resale or transfer 78 of ownership of such motor vehicle or equipment prior 79 to an elapsed period of one year may be made only by 80 reason of certified unserviceability.

81 The agency shall report to the legislative auditor, 82 semiannually, all sales of commodities or expendable 83 commodities made during the preceding six months to 84 eligible organizations. The report shall include a 85 description of the commodities sold, the price paid by

the eligible organization, which received the commodities; and the report shall show to whom each commodity
was sold.

89 The proceeds of such sales or transfers shall be 90 deposited in the state treasury to the credit on a pro rata 91 basis of the fund or funds out of which the purchase of 92 the particular commodities or expendable commodities was made: Provided. That the agency may charge and 93 94 assess fees reasonably related to the costs of care and 95 handling with respect to the transfer, warehousing, sale and distribution of state property disposed of or sold 96 97 pursuant to the provisions of this section.

§5A-3-46. Warehousing, transfer, etc., charges.

Any charges made or fees assessed by the state agency 1 2 for surplus property for the acquisition, warehousing, 3 distribution or transfer of any property acquired by 4 donation from the United States of America for 5 educational purposes or public health purposes, includ-6 ing research, shall be limited to those reasonably related 7 to the costs of care and handling in respect to its 8 acquisition, receipts, warehousing, distribution or transfer by the state agency for surplus property. All 9 10 charges designated herein shall be used by the state 11 agency for surplus property to defray the general 12 operating expenses of the state agency for surplus 13 property.

§5A-3-47. Department of agriculture and other agencies exempted.

1 Notwithstanding any provisions or limitations of this 2 article, the state department of agriculture and any 3 other state departments or agencies hereafter so 4 designated are authorized and empowered to distribute 5 food, food stamps, surplus commodities and agricultural 6 products under contracts and agreements with the 7 federal government or any of its departments or 8 agencies, and the state department of agriculture and 9 any other state departments or agencies hereafter so designated are authorized and empowered to adopt rules 10 and regulations in order to conform with federal 11 12 requirements and standards for such distribution and

also for the proper distribution of such food, food
stamps, commodities and agricultural products. To the
extent set forth in this section, the provisions of this
article shall not apply to the state department of
agriculture and any other state departments or agencies
hereafter so designated for the purposes set forth in this
section.

§5A-3-48. Travel rules and regulations; exceptions.

1 The secretary of administration shall promulgate 2 rules and regulations relating to the ownership, purchase, use, storage, maintenance, and repair of all motor 3 vehicles and aircraft owned by the state of West 4 Virginia and in the possession of any department, 5 institution, or agency thereof: Provided, That the 6 provisions of sections forty-eight through fifty-three of 7 this article shall not apply to the division of highways 8 of the department of transportation or to the division of 9 public safety of the department of public safety. If, in 10 the judgment of the secretary, economy or convenience 11 indicate the expediency thereof, the secretary may 12require all vehicles and the aircraft subject to regulation 13 by this article, or such of them as he may designate, to 14 be kept in such garages, and other places of storage, and 15 to be made available in such manner and under such 16 terms for the official use of such departments, institu-17 tions, agencies, officers, agents and employees of the 18 19 state as the secretary may designate by any such rule 20 or regulation as he may from time to time promulgate. 21 The secretary shall also have the authority to administer the travel regulations promulgated by the governor in 22 accordance with section eleven, article three, chapter 23 24 twelve of this code, unless otherwise determined by the 25governor.

§5A-3-49. Central motor pool for state-owned vehicles and aircraft.

1 The secretary may create a central motor pool, which 2 pool shall be maintained by the purchasing division of 3 the department of administration, subject to such rules 4 and regulations as the secretary may from time to time 5 promulgate. Said division shall be responsible for the

6 storage, maintenance, and repairs of all vehicles and7 aircraft assigned to it.

§5A-3-50. Acquiring and disposing of vehicles and aircraft.

- 1 The secretary shall be empowered to purchase new
- 2 vehicles and aircraft and dispose of old vehicles and
- 3 aircraft as is practical from time to time.

§5A-3-51. Maintenance and service to vehicles and aircraft.

1 The secretary may utilize any building or land owned 2 by the state, any department, institution or agency 3 thereof, for the storing, garaging, and repairing of such motor vehicles and aircraft. The secretary shall provide 4 5 for the employment of personnel needed to manage said 6 motor pool and to repair and service such vehicles and 7 aircraft and for the purchase of gasoline, oil, and other 8 supplies for use in connection therewith, and may utilize the facilities, services and employees of any department, 9 institution or agency of the state to effectuate the 10 11 purposes thereof.

§5A-3-52. Special fund for travel management created.

There is hereby created a special fund in the state 1 2 treasury, out of which all costs and expenses incurred pursuant to this section shall be paid. All allocations of 3 costs and charges for operating, repairing and servicing 4 motor vehicles and aircraft made against any institu-5 tion, agency or department shall be paid into such 6 special fund by said department or agency. All funds so 7 paid or transferred into this special fund are hereby 8 appropriated for the purposes of this section and shall 9 be paid out as the secretary may designate; said funds 10 to be transferred to include all appropriations for the 11 12 acquisition, maintenance, repair and operation of motor vehicles and aircraft and for personnel. 13

§5A-3-53. Enforcement of travel management regulations.

1 If any state officer, agent or employee fails to comply 2 with any rule or regulation of the secretary made

3 pursuant to section forty-eight of this article, the state auditor shall, upon order of the secretary, refuse to issue 4 5 any warrant or warrants on account of expenses 6 incurred, or to be incurred, in the purchase, operation, 7 maintenance, or repairs of any motor vehicle or aircraft 8 now or to be in the possession or under the control of 9 such officer, agent or employee. The secretary may take possession of any state-owned vehicle or aircraft and 10 transfer it to the central motor pool or to make such 11 12 other disposition thereof as the secretary may direct.

§5A-3-54. Payment of legitimate uncontested invoices; interest on late payments.

(a) Any properly registered and qualified vendor who
 supplies services or commodities to any state agency
 shall be entitled to prompt payment upon presentation
 to that agency of a legitimate uncontested invoice.

5 (b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this 6 subsection, for purchases of services or commodities 7 made on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 8 hundred ninety-one, a state check shall be issued in 9 payment thereof within sixty days after a legitimate uncontested invoice is received by the state agency 10 11 receiving the services or commodities. Any state check 12 issued after such sixty days shall include interest at the 13 current rate, as determined by the state tax commissioner under the provisions of section seventeen-a. 14 article ten. chapter eleven of this code, which interest 15 16 shall be calculated from the sixty-first day after such 17 invoice was received by the state agency until the date 18 on which the state check is mailed to the vendor.

19 (2) For purchases of services or commodities made on 20or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, by the division of highways, the public 21 employees insurance agency, and by the department of 2223 health and human resources, a state check shall be issued in payment thereof within sixty days after a 24 legitimate uncontested invoice is received by any of such 25agencies receiving the services or commodities. Any 26 27 state check issued after sixty days shall include interest 28 at the current rate, determined in the manner provided

in subdivision (1) of this subsection, which interest shall
be calculated from the sixtieth day after such invoice
was received by any of such agencies until the date on
which the state check is mailed to the vendor.

33 (3) For purposes of this subsection, an invoice shall be 34 deemed to be received by a state agency on the date on 35which the invoice is marked as received by the agency. 36 or three days after the date of the postmark made by 37 the United States postal service as evidenced on the 38 envelope in which the invoice is mailed, whichever is 39 earlier: Provided. That in the event an invoice is received by a state agency prior to the date on which 40 41 the commodities or services covered by the invoice are delivered and accepted or fully performed and accepted, 42 43 the invoice shall be deemed to be received on the date 44 on which the commodities or services covered by the 45 invoice were actually delivered and accepted or fully 46 performed and accepted.

47 (c) The state auditor shall deduct the amount of any 48 interest due for late payment of an invoice from any 49 appropriate account of the state agency responsible for 50 the late payment: *Provided*, That if two or more state 51 agencies are responsible for the late payment, the state 52 auditor shall deduct the amount of interest due on a pro 53 rata basis.

(d) The state agency initially receiving a legitimate 54 uncontested invoice shall process such invoice for 55 payment within ten days from its receipt: Provided. 56 57 That in the case of the department of health and human 58 resources, the division of highways and the public 59 employees insurance agency, such invoices shall be processed within fifteen days of their receipt. No state 60 agency shall be liable for payment of interest owed by 61 another state agency under this section. 62

63 (e) Any other state agency charged by law with 64 processing a state agency's requisition for payment of a 65 legitimate uncontested invoice shall either process the 66 claim or reject it for good cause within ten days after 67 such state agency receives it. Failure to comply with the 68 requirements of this subsection shall render such state

ſ

.

1

۲

agency liable for payment of the interest mandated by
this section when there is a failure to promptly pay a
legitimate uncontested invoice: *Provided*, That no such
state agency shall be liable for payment of interest owed
by another state agency under this section.
(f) For purposes of this section, the phrase "state
agency" means any agency department beard office

agency" means any agency, department, board, office,
 bureau, commission, authority or any other entity of
 state government.

(g) This section may be cited as the "Prompt Pay Actof 1990".

ARTICLE 3A. CENTRAL NONPROFIT COORDINATING AGENCY AND COMMITTEE FOR THE PURCHASE OF COMMODITIES AND SERVICES FROM THE HANDICAPPED.

- §5A-3A-1. Purpose.
- §5A-3A-2. Central nonprofit agency.
- §5A-3A-3. Committee for the purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped.
- **§5A-3A-4.** Responsibilities of the committee for the purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped.
- §5A-3A-5. Rules.
- §5A-3A-6. Exceptions.

§5A-3A-1. Purpose.

The purpose of this article is to further the state's 1 2 policy of encouraging disabled persons to achieve maximum personal independence by engaging in 3 productive activities and in addition to provide state 4 agencies, institutions and political subdivisions with a 5 6 method for achieving conformity with purchasing procedures and requirements of nondiscrimination, 7 affirmative action, in employment matters related to 8 9 disabled persons.

§5A-3A-2. Central nonprofit agency.

1 A central nonprofit agency approved by the director 2 of the division of rehabilitation services is established 3 for the purpose of coordinating purchases under the 4 provisions of section ten, article three of this chapter, 5 between various "spending units" of the state and 6 "nonprofit workshops". This agency shall have the 7 following responsibilities:

Ch. 2]

8 (a) Represent qualified nonprofit workshops in deal9 ing with state purchasing agents and the other bodies
10 charged with purchasing responsibilities;

(b) Evaluating the qualifications and capabilities of
workshops and entering, as necessary, into contracts
with government procuring entities for the furnishing
of the commodities or services provided by the
workshops;

16 (c) Overseeing workshops to ensure compliance with 17 contract performance and quality standards; list the 18 commodities and services of participating workshops, 19 research and assist the workshops in developing new 20 products and upgrading existing ones, and shall survey 21 applicable private industry to provide input on fair 22 market prices; and

(d) Present an annual report for each fiscal year
concerning the operations of its nonprofit workshops to
the director of the division of rehabilitation services.

§5A-3A-3. Committee for the purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped.

(a) The committee for the purchase of commodities 1 2 and services from the handicapped is hereby created as a part of the department of administration and shall be 3 composed of the following six members who are to be 4 appointed by the governor with the advice and consent 5 6 of the Senate: A private citizen who is conversant with 7 the problems incidental to the employment of handicapped persons; a representative of a producing non-8 9 profit workshop; a representative of the division of rehabilitation services; a representative of the depart-10 ment of administration who is knowledgeable in the 11 purchasing requirements of the state; a representative 12 13 of private business who is knowledgeable in the activities involved in the sale of commodities or services 14 to governmental entities; and a representative of 15 organized labor who is knowledgeable in matters 16 relating to employment of the disabled. The governor 17 shall appoint one member to serve as chairperson. 18

ADMINISTRATION

ſ

Ċ

(b) Members of the committee are appointed to serve 19 20 two-year terms expiring on the thirty-first day of 21 January of odd-numbered years. Members who are not 22 state employees shall receive compensation for their 23 service of fifty dollars per day for each day actually 24 engaged in the work of the committee and all members 25shall receive reimbursement by the state for expenses incurred in performing their duties as members. 26

(c) The committee shall have as an executive secretary the person charged with program management in
section ten, article three of this chapter. The executive
secretary shall be responsible for the day-to-day
management of the committee and shall coordinate with
the central nonprofit agency to perform the duties
outlined in section ten, article three of this chapter.

§5A-3A-4. Responsibilities of the committee for the purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped.

1 The committee shall have the following duties and 2 responsibilities:

(a) Determining the fair market price of all commodities, printing and services produced by nonprofit
workshops and offered for sale by the central nonprofit
agency to the various departments and political subdivisions of the state. Prices shall be revised periodically
to reflect changing market conditions.

9 (b) Monitoring the activities of the central nonprofit 10 agency to assure that the interests of the state's 11 handicapped citizens are advanced by the agency. The 12 committee shall make rules necessary to monitor the 13 agency as well as matters related to the state's use of 14 the products and services produced by the handicapped. 15 Except as stated in section ten, article three of this 16 chapter, rules shall reflect agreement with the policies 17 and procedures established by the state's purchasing 18 units.

(c) Monitoring the performance of the central nonprofit agency to see that the commodities and services
produced meet state specifications (or in the absence of

22 specifications meet standards in use by the federal 23 government or industry) as to quality and delivery. The 24 committee shall provide procedures for formal and 25 informal resolution of provider and consumer grievan-26 ces or complaints.

27(d) Maintaining records pertaining to its activities under the act including records of sales, formal 2829 grievances, number of handicapped workers employed. 30 a summary of disabilities for workers providing 31 services, a list of workshop products and services, and the geographic distribution of provider workshops. On 32 or before the first day of January of each year the 33 committee shall file with the governor and the presiding 34 35officer of each house of the Legislature a written report summarizing the above records and giving a detailed 36 accounting for all funds received and disbursed by the 37 38 committee during the preceding year.

§5A-3A-5. Rules.

1 The committee may adopt rules for the implementa-2 tion, extension, administration, or improvement of the 3 program authorized by this article.

§5A-3A-6. Exceptions.

Exceptions from the operation of the mandatory 1 provisions of section ten, article three of this chapter 2 may be made in any case where the commodity or 3 printing so produced or provided does not meet the 4 5 reasonable requirements of the purchasing unit, cannot be reasonably provided by a nonprofit workshop in the 6 opinion of the committee or the central nonprofit 7 agency, or is not of a fair market price and of like 8 quality to other commodities or printing otherwise 9 available as determined by the director of purchasing 10 with the advice of the committee for the purchase of 11 12 commodities and services from the handicapped. No spending unit may evade the intent of this section when 13 required goods or services are reasonably available from 14 15 nonprofit workshops.

ARTICLE 4. GENERAL SERVICES DIVISION.

§5A-4-1. General services division; director.

- §5A-4-2. Care, control and custody of capitol buildings and grounds.
- §5A-4-3. Security officers; appointment; oath; carrying weapons; powers and duties generally, etc.
- §5A-4-4. Unlawful to kill or molest animals, birds or fowls upon grounds of capitol; powers and duties of security officers; penalties.
- §5A-4-5. Regulation of parking on state-owned property in Charleston; penalties; jurisdiction.

§5A-4-1. General services division; director.

1 There is hereby created a new general services 2 division of the department of administration for the 3 purpose of having the care, custody and control of the 4 capitol buildings. The division shall be under the 5 supervision of a director.

§5A-4-2. Care, control and custody of capitol buildings and grounds.

1 The director shall be charged with the full responsi-2 bility for the care, control and custody of the capitol 3 buildings and in this connection he shall:

(1) Furnish janitorial services, such services to be 4 provided by employees of the department of administra-5 tion for the main capitol building, including east and 6 7 west wings, together with all the departments therein, or connected therewith, regardless of the budget or 8 budgets, departmental or otherwise, from which such 9 10 janitorial services are paid, and shall furnish janitorial 11 supplies, light, heat and ventilation for all the rooms and 12 corridors of the buildings: Provided. That nothing 13 herein shall be construed to prohibit contracts for 14 ianitorial services with sheltered workshops. The president of the Senate and speaker of the House of 15 16 Delegates, or their respective designees, shall have 17 charge of the halls and committee rooms of their respective houses and any other quarters at the state 18 19 capitol provided for the use of the Legislature or its 20 staff, and keep the same properly cleaned, warmed and in good order, and shall do and perform such other 21 duties in relation thereto as either house may require; 22

(2) Landscape and take care of the lawns and gardens;
(3) Direct the making of all minor repairs to and
alterations of the capitol buildings and governor's

mansion and the grounds of such buildings and mansion.
Major repairs and alterations shall be made under the
supervision of the director, subject to the direction of the
secretary.

30 The offices of the assistants and employees appointed 31to perform these duties shall be located where designated by the secretary, except that they shall not be 32located in any of the legislative chambers, offices, rooms 33 34 or halls. Office hours shall be so arranged that emer-35gency or telephone service shall be available at all times. 36 The hours shall be so arranged that janitorial service shall not interfere with other employment during 37 38 regular office hours.

§5A-4-3. Security officers; appointment; oath; carrying weapons; powers and duties generally, etc.

In addition to the other powers given and assigned to 1 2 the secretary in this chapter, he is hereby authorized to 3 appoint bona fide residents of this state to act as security officers upon any premises owned or leased by the state 4 5 of West Virginia and under the jurisdiction of the secretary, subject to the conditions and restrictions 6 hereinafter imposed. Before entering upon the perfor-7 mance of his duties as such security officer, each person 8 so appointed shall qualify therefor in the same manner 9 as is required of county officers by taking and filing an 10 oath of office as required by article one, chapter six of 11 this code. No such person shall have authority to carry 12a gun or any other dangerous weapon until he shall have 13 obtained a license therefor in the manner prescribed by 14 section two, article seven, chapter sixty-one of this code. 15

It shall be the duty of any person so appointed and 16 17 qualified to preserve law and order on any premises 18 under the jurisdiction of the secretary to which he may be assigned by the secretary. For this purpose he shall 19 20 as to offenses committed on such premises have and may exercise all the powers and authority and shall be 21 subject to all the responsibilities of a deputy sheriff of 22the county. The assignment of security officers to any 2324 premises under the jurisdiction of the secretary shall not be deemed to supersede in any way the authority or duty 25

26 of other peace officers to preserve law and order on such27 premises.

The secretary may at his pleasure revoke the authority of any such officer by filing a notice to that effect in the office of the clerk of each county in which his oath of office was filed, and in the case of officers licensed to carry a gun or other dangerous weapon, by notifying the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the license therefor was granted.

§5A-4-4. Unlawful to kill or molest animals, birds or fowls upon grounds of capitol; powers and duties of security officers; penalties.

1 In addition to the duties of persons appointed and 2 qualified as security officers pursuant to section three. 3 article four, chapter five-a of this code, to preserve law 4 and order on any premises under the jurisdiction of the secretary to which he may be assigned by the secretary. 5 6 such security officers shall have authority and it shall 7 be the duty of such security officers to enforce the 8 provisions of this section. This authority and duty of 9 security officers shall not be deemed to supersede in any way the authority or duty of other peace officers to 10 11 enforce the provisions of this section.

12 It shall be unlawful at any time to kill or molest in any manner, any animals, birds or fowls on the grounds 13 14 of the capitol buildings or governor's mansion, except as 15 may be deemed necessary by the secretary for the 16 control or extermination of animals, birds or fowls deemed by him to be pests or a danger to the health and 17 safety. Any person who kills or molests in any manner, 18 or knowingly allows a dog or other animal owned by him 19 20 to kill or molest in any manner any animals, birds or 21 fowls on the grounds of the capitol buildings or 22 governor's mansion shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than fifty 23 dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or, in the 24 25discretion of the court, be imprisoned in the county jail $\mathbf{26}$ for not more than six months, or both such fine and 27 imprisonment.

28 It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly allow

88

29 a dog owned by him to be upon the grounds of the 30 capitol buildings or governor's mansion unless such dog 31 is under control by leash. Any person who knowingly 32 allows a dog owned by him to be upon the grounds of 33 the capitol buildings or governor's mansion while not 34 under control by leash shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. and. upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than 35 36 twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars.

37 It shall further be unlawful for any person to 38 knowingly allow a dog or other animal owned by him 39 or under his control to defecate upon the grounds of the 40 capitol buildings or governor's mansion. In the event 41 that a dog or other animal owned by or under the control 42 of a person defecates upon the grounds of the capitol 43 buildings or governor's mansion, the person shall 44 remove such defecation. Any person who knowingly allows a dog or other animal owned by him or under 45 46 his control to defecate upon the grounds of the capitol 47 buildings or governor's mansion and who subsequently 48 fails to remove said defecation, shall be guilty of a 49 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 50 fined not less than twenty-five nor more than one 51 hundred dollars.

§5A-4-5. Regulation of parking on state-owned property in Charleston; penalties; jurisdiction.

1 The secretary is vested with authority to regulate 2 parking of motor vehicles in accordance with the 3 provisions of this section with regard to the following 4 state-owned property in the city of Charleston, Kanawha 5 county:

6 (a) The east side of Greenbrier Street between7 Kanawha Boulevard and Washington Street, East;

8 (b) The west side of California Avenue between9 Kanawha Boulevard and Washington Street, East;

10 (c) Upon the state-owned grounds upon which state11 Office Building No. 3 is located;

12 (d) Upon the state-owned grounds upon which state 13 Office Building No. 4, 112 California Avenue, is located;

(e) In the state-owned parking garage at 212 California Avenue and upon the state-owned grounds upon
which such parking garage is located;

17 (f) Upon the state-owned property at Michigan18 Avenue and Virginia Terrace; and

(g) Upon any other property now or hereafter owned
by the state and used for parking purposes in conjunction with the state capitol or state office buildings
numbers three and four, including the Laidley field
complex.

24 The secretary is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations respecting parking and to allocate parking 25spaces to public officers and employees of the state upon 26 27 all of the aforementioned property of the state: Provided, That during sessions of the Legislature, including 28 regular, extended, extraordinary, and interim sessions, 29 parking on the east side of Greenbrier Street between 30 Kanawha Boulevard and Washington Street, East, in 31 32the science and culture center parking lot, on the north 33 side of Kanawha Boulevard between Greenbrier Street 34 and California Avenue, and on the west side of Califor-35nia Avenue between Kanawha Boulevard and Washing-36 ton Street. East, shall be subject to rules and regulations 37 promulgated jointly by the speaker of the House of Delegates and the president of the Senate. Any person 38 parking any vehicle contrary to the rules and regula-39 tions promulgated under authority of this section shall 40 be subject to a fine of not less than one dollar nor more 41 42 than twenty-five dollars for each offense. In addition, the secretary or the Legislature, as the case may be, may 43 cause the removal at owner expense of any vehicle that 44 is parked in violation of such rules and regulations. 45 Magistrates in Kanawha county shall have jurisdiction 46 of all such offenses. 47

The secretary is authorized to employ such persons as may be necessary to enforce the parking rules and regulations promulgated under the provisions of this section.

52 On or before the first day of December, one thousand 53 nine hundred ninety, the secretary shall perform a study

Ch. 2]

Administration

54 of the parking requirements at the capitol complex,

- 55 which study shall include the need, estimated cost and
- 56 availability of a suitable location, for a parking building

57 at the capitol complex.

ARTICLE 5. GOVERNOR'S MANSION ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

- §5A-5-1. Committee continued; appointment, terms, etc., of members; meetings and responsibilities; annual report.
- §5A-5-2. Office of governor's mansion director created; duties and responsibilities.
- §5A-5-3. Official use of state rooms in governor's mansion; vacating private rooms of mansion.

§5A-5-1. Committee continued; appointment, terms, etc., of members; meetings and responsibilities; annual report.

1 There is hereby continued the governor's mansion 2 advisory committee within the department of administration. The secretary of administration or his desig-3 4 nated representative, the commissioner of culture and history or his designated representative, and the spouse 5 6 of any governor during the term of office of that 7 governor, or the designated representative of such 8 governor, shall be ex officio members of the committee. 9 In addition, the governor shall appoint three additional 10 members of the committee, one to be a curator in the 11 field of fine arts, one to be an interior decorator who is 12 a member of the American institute of decorators, and one to be a building contractor. The appointive members 13 14 of the committee shall serve for a term of four years. The members of the committee shall serve without 15 compensation but shall be reimbursed for reasonable 16 and necessary expenses actually incurred in the perfor-17 mance of their duties; except that in the event the 18 expenses are paid, or are to be paid, by a third party, 19 20 the member shall not be reimbursed by the state. The 21 governor shall designate from the committee a chairman to serve for a term of one year. The secretary of 22 23administration shall serve as secretary. The committee shall meet upon the call of the chairman annually and 24 may meet at such other times as may be necessary for 25 the performance of its functions. 26

The committee shall be charged with the following responsibilities:

29 (1) To make recommendations to the governor for the 30 maintaining, preserving and replenishing of all articles of furniture, fixtures, decorative objects, linens, silver, 31 32 china, crystal and objects of art used or displayed in the state rooms of the governor's mansion, which state 33 34 rooms shall consist of the front hall, the reception room, the ballroom and its sitting room, the state dining room, 35 the front upstairs hall and the music room; 36

37 (2) To make recommendations to the governor as to the decor and arrangements best suited to enhance the 38 historic and artistic values of the mansion in keeping 39 with the architecture thereof and of such articles of 40 furniture, fixtures, decorative objects, linens, silver, 41 china. crystal and objects of art, which recommenda-42 tions shall be considered by the governor in decorating 43 44 said mansion: and

45 (3) To invite interested persons to attend its meetings46 or otherwise to assist in carrying out its functions.

47 All departments, boards, agencies, commissions, officials and employees of the state are hereby autho-48 rized to cooperate with and assist the committee in the 49 performance of its functions and duties whenever 50 possible. As soon after the close of each fiscal year as 51 possible, the committee shall make an annual report to 52the governor and the Legislature with respect to its 53 activities and responsibilities. 54

§5A-5-2. Office of governor's mansion director created; duties and responsibilities.

There is hereby created the office of governor's 1 mansion director, who shall be qualified by background 2 and experience for such a position and shall be ap-3 pointed by the governor to serve at the will and pleasure 4 of the governor. The mansion director shall be charged 5 with the following duties and responsibilities: To protect 6 and preserve all articles of furniture, fixtures, table 7 linens, silver, china, crystal and objects of art displayed 8 in the state rooms in the mansion. The mansion director 9

10 shall assist the governor and/or the governor's spouse in

11 the scheduling of state government functions and

12 entertainment at the mansion.

§5A-5-3. Official use of state rooms in governor's mansion; vacating private rooms of mansion.

1 (a) The state rooms of the mansion shall be used for 2 official state government functions and entertainment: 3 *Provided*, That tours of the state rooms of the mansion 4 shall be permitted, and the mansion director shall assist 5 in the scheduling of said tours and prescribe rules and 6 regulations governing same.

7 (b) No personal furniture or furnishings of the first 8 family may be placed in the state rooms of the mansion 9 except for home entertainment equipment.

(c) No furniture or furnishings in the state rooms
located on the first floor of the mansion may be replaced,
removed or sold without prior approval of the governor's
mansion advisory committee.

(d) No items in the state rooms purchased by the West
Virginia mansion preservation foundation, inc., may be
replaced, removed or sold without prior approval of such
corporation.

18 (e) The outgoing governor and his family shall vacate 19 the private rooms of the mansion at least seven days 20 prior to the inauguration of a new governor so that the 21 mansion may be made suitable for the change in 22 occupancy.

ARTICLE 7. INFORMATION SERVICES AND COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION.

- §5A-7-1. Definitions.
- §5A-7-2. Division created; purpose; use of facilities, rules and regulations.
- §5A-7-3. Director; appointment and qualifications.
- §5A-7-4. Powers and duties of division generally; review of findings by governor; authority of governor to order transfer of equipment and personnel; professional staff.
- §5A-7-5. Control over central mailing office.
- §5A-7-6. Central mailing office employees.
- §5A-7-7. Central mailing office responsibilities.
- §5A-7-8. Use of the central mailing office.
- §5A-7-9. Preparation of mail for special rates.

§5A-7-10. Special fund created: payments into fund; charges for services; disbursements from fund.

§5A-7-11. Confidential records.

§5A-7-1. Definitions.

1 Unless the context in which used clearly requires a 2 different meaning, as used in this article:

(a) "Data-processing equipment" means: (1) Any
equipment having stored program capabilities; (2) any
equipment designed to handle electronic input-output
devices; or (3) any other similar equipment specified by
the director;

8 (b) "Director" means the director of the information9 services and communications division;

10 (c) "Division" means the information services and 11 communications division established in section two 12 hereof;

13 (d) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department14 of administration;

15 (e) "Telecommunications equipment" means: (1) Any 16 equipment used in the transmission, emission or 17 reception of signals, writings, images, sounds or other 18 forms of communication by electromagnetic or visual 19 means; or (2) any other similar equipment specified by 20 the director.

§5A-7-2. Division created; purpose; use of facilities; rules and regulations.

There is hereby created the information services and 1 2 communications division of the department of administration for the purpose of establishing, developing and 3 improving data processing and telecommunication 4 functions in the various state agencies, for promulgating $\mathbf{5}$ 6 standards in the utilization of data processing and telecommunication equipment and for promoting the 7 8 more effective and efficient operation of all branches of state government. The facilities of the division shall be 9 available, subject to rules and regulations established by 10 the secretary, to the legislative, executive and judicial 11 branches of state government. Such rules and regula-12 tions shall be promulgated in accordance with the 13

Ch. 2]

provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of thiscode.

§5A-7-3. Director; appointment and qualifications.

The division shall be under the supervision and 1 control of a director. The secretary shall appoint a 2 3 director of the division. The director must have exten-4 sive knowledge in the principles and practices of administration, five years' experience in data processing 5 and telecommunications operations and extensive 6 knowledge of the procedures and techniques used in 7 conducting highly complex systems analyses. 8

§5A-7-4. Powers and duties of division generally; review of findings by governor; authority of governor to order transfer of equipment and personnel; professional staff.

1 The division shall be responsible for the planning of 2 an informational and analytical system for use by all 3 branches of state government. The division shall also 4 evaluate the economic justification, system design and 5 suitability of equipment and systems used in state 6 government. The director shall report to the secretary.

7 The governor shall review such findings and recom-8 mendations and is hereby authorized to order the transfer, in whole or in part, to the division from any 9 other department or agency of state government, except 10 the Legislature, the judiciary and the university of West 11 Virginia board of trustees and board of directors for the 12 state college system, of all data processing and telecom-13 munication activities, and the equipment, supplies, 14 personnel and funds appropriated therefor utilized for 15 data processing and telecommunication purposes: 16 Provided. That any such transfer shall not be effective 17 until ninety days following the entry of the transfer 18 19 order by the governor.

The director shall be responsible for the development of personnel to carry out the technical work of the division and is hereby authorized to approve reimbursement of costs incurred by employees to obtain education and training. Any procurements or changes in data processing and/or telecommunication equipment or services by any spending unit shall be referred to the director and payment for any such procurement or change will not be honored unless approved by the director.

30 An accounting system shall be implemented and 31 maintained by the director for all telephone service to 32 the state.

§5A-7-5. Control over central mailing office.

1 The central mailing office heretofore controlled by the

2 director of the general services division shall hereinafter

3 be under the control of the director of the information

4 services and communications division.

§5A-7-6. Central mailing office employees.

1 The director shall employ such persons as shall be

2 necessary to carry out the provisions of sections seven,

3 eight, nine and ten of this article.

§5A-7-7. Central mailing office responsibilities.

1 The director shall have the general charge and 2 supervision of the central mailing office, and shall be 3 responsible for its efficient administration. The director 4 shall be required to: (1) Charge each spending unit of 5 state government served by the central mailing office for providing such services; (2) keep proper account of 6 7 the receipts and disbursements of the central mailing 8 office; (3) render to the secretary a report each month 9 showing the receipts and expenses of the central mailing 10 office for the preceding month, and shall render such 11 other reports as the secretary may require; (4) keep the 12 central mailing office open during regularly stated 13 hours to serve state spending units; and (5) provide 14 rules and regulations for the efficient and prompt 15 dispatch of the mail.

§5A-7-8. Use of the central mailing office.

1 All state spending units having their offices in the 2 capitol, except the legislative branch of government, 3 shall dispatch all mail through the central mailing 4 office: *Provided*, That mail prepared after gathering

Ch. 2]

5 time and mail for special handling may be posted

- 6 without utilizing the central mailing office upon
- 7 approval of the director.

§5A-7-9. Preparation of mail for special rates.

1 All mail received by the central mailing office shall $\mathbf{2}$ be processed and presorted in order to receive the most 3 favorable mailing rates, unless otherwise directed by the 4 director. The director is authorized to make such 5 expenditures as are necessary to process and presort all outgoing mail or to enter into contracts with any person. 6 7 firm or corporation engaged in such business to supply 8 the service.

§5A-7-10. Special fund created; payments into fund; charges for services; disbursements from fund.

For the operation of the division, there is hereby 1 2 created in the state treasury a special revolving fund to 3 be known and designated as the "information services and communications fund". This fund shall consist of 4 5 appropriations made by the Legislature, funds trans-6 ferred in accordance with the provisions of section four 7 of this article, funds received for data processing, 8 telecommunication and central mailing office services 9 rendered to other agencies, departments, units of state and local government and any other entity, and funds 10 11 received from the federal government or any agency or 12 department thereof, which federal funds the division is 13 hereby authorized to receive. Each agency, department, 14 unit of state or local government or any other entity 15 served by the information services and communications division, is hereby authorized and directed to transmit 16 to the division for deposit in said special fund the 17 charges made by the agency for data processing, 18 19 telecommunication and central mailing office services rendered, such charges to be those fixed in a schedule 20 or schedules prepared by the director and approved by 21 the governor. Disbursements from the fund shall be 22 made in accordance with an approved expenditure 23 schedule as provided by article two, chapter five-a of 24 this code and shall be made under the direct supervision 2526 of the secretary.

1 Under no circumstances whatever shall the head of 2 any state department or agency deliver to the division 3 any records required by law to be kept confidential, but 4 such head may extract information from such records 5 for data processing by such division, provided the 6 integrity of such confidential records is fully protected.

ARTICLE 8. PUBLIC RECORDS MANAGEMENT AND PRESER-VATION ACT.

- §5A-8-1. Short title.
- §5A-8-2. Declaration of policy.
- §5A-8-3. Definitions.
- §5A-8-4. Categories of records to be preserved.
- §5A-8-5. State records administrator.
- §5A-8-6. Records management and preservation advisory committee.
- §5A-8-7. Duties of administrator.
- §5A-8-8. Rules and regulations.
- §5A-8-9. Duties of agency heads.
- §5A-8-10. Essential state records—Preservation duplicates.
- §5A-8-11. Essential state records—Safekeeping.
- §5A-8-12. Essential state records-Maintenance, inspection and use.
- §5A-8-13. Essential state records-Confidential records.
- §5A-8-14. Essential state records-Review of program.
- §5A-8-15. Records management and preservation of local records.
- §5A-8-16. Assistance to legislative and judicial branches.
- §5A-8-17. Disposal of records.
- §5A-8-18. Destruction of nonrecord materials.
- §5A-8-19. Annual report.

§5A-8-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known as the "Records Manage-
- 2 ment and Preservation of Essential Records Act".

§5A-8-2. Declaration of policy.

The Legislature declares that programs for the 1 2 efficient and economical management of state and local 3 records will promote economy and efficiency in the dayto-day record-keeping activities of state and local 4 5 government and will facilitate and expedite government operations; that records containing information essential 6 to the operation of government and to the protection of 7 the rights and interests of persons must be protected 8 against the destructive effects of all forms of disaster 9 and must be available when needed. It is necessary. 10

therefore, to adopt special provisions for the selection
and preservation of essential state and local records
thereby providing for the protection and availability of
such information.

§5A-8-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (a) "Disaster" means any occurrence of fire, flood, 3 storm, earthquake, explosion, epidemic, riot, sabotage or 4 other condition of extreme peril resulting in substantial 5 damage or injury to persons or property within this 6 state, whether such occurrence is caused by an act of 7 God, nature or man, including an enemy of the United 8 States.

9 (b) "Record" means document, book, paper, photo-10 graph, sound recording or other material, regardless of physical form or characteristics, made or received 11 12 pursuant to law or ordinance or in connection with the 13 transaction of official business. Library and museum material made or acquired and preserved solely for 14 reference or exhibition purposes, extra copies of 15 documents preserved only for convenience of reference. 16 17 and stocks of publications and of processed documents are not included within the definition of records as used 18 19 in this article.

20 (c) "State record" means:

(1) A record of a department, office, commission,
board or other agency, however designated, of the state
government.

24 (2) A record of the state Legislature.

25 (3) A record of any court of record, whether of 26 statewide or local jurisdiction.

(4) Any record designated or treated as a state recordunder state law.

(d) "Local record" means a record of a county, city,
town, authority or any public corporation or political
entity whether organized and existing under charter or
under general law unless the record is designated or
treated as a state record under state law.

34 (e) "Agency" means any department, office, commis35 sion, board or other unit, however designated, of the
36 executive branch of state government.

37 (f) "Preservation duplicate" means a copy of an
38 essential state record which is used for the purpose of
39 preserving such state record pursuant to this article.

§5A-8-4. Categories of records to be preserved.

1 State or local records which are within the following 2 categories are essential records which shall be preserved

3 pursuant to this article:

4 Category A. Records containing information necessary 5 to the operation of government in the emergency created 6 by a disaster.

7 Category B. Records not within category A but 8 containing information necessary to protect the rights 9 and interest of persons or to establish and affirm the 10 powers and duties of governments in the resumption of 11 operations after a disaster.

§5A-8-5. State records administrator.

The secretary of the department of administration is 1 2 hereby designated the state records administrator, hereinafter called the administrator. The administrator 3 4 shall establish and administer in the department of administration of the executive branch of state govern-5 6 ment a records management program, which will apply 7 efficient and economical management methods to the creation, utilization, maintenance and retention, preser-8 vation and disposal of state records; and shall establish 9 and maintain a program for the selection and preser-10 vation of essential state records and shall advise and 11 assist in the establishment of programs for the selection 12 and preservation of essential local records. 13

§5A-8-6. Records management and preservation advisory committee.

1 A records management and preservation advisory 2 committee is continued within the department of

100

3 administration, to advise the administrator and to 4 perform such other duties as this article requires. The records management and preservation advisory commit-5 6 tee shall be composed of the following members: The 7 governor, auditor, attorney general, president of the 8 Senate, speaker of the House of Delegates, the chief justice of the supreme court of appeals, a judge of a 9 circuit court to be appointed by the governor, the 10 director of the office of emergency services, and the 11 12 director of the section of archives and history of the 13 division of culture and history, or their respective designated representatives. The advisory committee 14 shall designate one of its members to be chairman, and 15 it shall adopt rules for the conduct of its business. The 16 advisory committee shall meet whenever called by its 17 chairman or the administrator. The members of the 18 advisory committee shall serve without compensation 19 but shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary 20 21 expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties as members of the advisory committee; except 22 that in the event the expenses are paid, or are to be paid, 23 by a third party, the member shall not be reimbursed 24 by the state. 25

§5A-8-7. Duties of administrator.

1 The administrator shall, with due regard for the 2 functions of the agencies concerned:

3 (a) Establish standards, procedures, and techniques4 for effective management of records.

5 (b) Make continuing surveys of paperwork operations 6 and recommend improvements in current records 7 management practices including the use of space, 8 equipment and supplies employed in creating, maintain-9 ing, storing and servicing records.

10 (c) Establish standards for the preparation of sche-11 dules providing for the retention of state records of 12 continuing value and for the prompt and orderly 13 disposal of state records no longer possessing sufficient 14 administrative, legal, or fiscal value to warrant their 15 further keeping.

ADMINISTRATION

16 (d) Select the state records which are essential and 17 determine their category pursuant to this article. In 18 accordance with the rules and regulations promulgated 19 by the administrator, each person who has custody or control of state records shall (1) inventory the state 20 21 records in his custody or control; (2) submit to the 22 administrator a report thereon containing such informa-23 tion as the administrator directs and containing 24 recommendations as to which state records are essential: 25 and (3) periodically review his inventory and his report 26 and, if necessary, revise the report so that it is current, 27 accurate and complete.

(e) Obtain reports from agencies as are required forthe administration of the program.

§5A-8-8. Rules and regulations.

1 The administrator shall promulgate such rules and

2 regulations concerning the management and selection

3 and preservation of essential state records as are

4 necessary or proper to effectuate the purpose of this 5 article.

§5A-8-9. Duties of agency heads.

1 The head of each agency shall:

2 (a) Establish and maintain an active, continuing
3 program for the economical and efficient management
4 of the records of the agency.

5 (b) Make and maintain records containing adequate 6 and proper documentation of the organization, func-7 tions, policies, decisions, procedures and essential 8 transactions of the agency designed to furnish informa-9 tion to protect the legal and financial rights of the state 10 and of persons directly affected by the agency's 11 activities.

12 (c) Submit to the administrator, in accordance with 13 the standards established by him, schedules proposing 14 the length of time each state record series warrants 15 retention for administrative, legal or fiscal purposes 16 after it has been received by the agency. The head of 17 each agency also shall submit lists of state records in

custody that are not needed in the transaction of current
business and that do not have sufficient administrative,
legal or fiscal value to warrant their further keeping for
disposal in conformity with the requirements of section
ten of this article.

- (d) Cooperate with the administrator in the conduct
 of surveys made pursuant to the provisions of this
 article.
- (e) Comply with the rules, regulations, standards andprocedures issued by the administrator.

(f) First obtain the administrator's written approval
before purchasing or acquiring any equipment or
supplies used or to be used to store or preserve records
of the agency. If such approval is obtained the agency
will submit a requisition to the finance division together
with a copy of the administrator's said approval.

§5A-8-10. Essential state records—Preservation duplicates.

1 (a) The administrator may make or cause to be made 2 preservation duplicates or may designate as preserva-3 tion duplicates existing copies of essential state records. 4 A preservation duplicate shall be durable, accurate, 5 complete and clear, and a preservation duplicate made 6 by means of photography, microphotography, photocop-7 ying, film or microfilm shall be made in conformity with 8 the standards prescribed therefor by the administrator.

(b) A preservation duplicate made by a photographic. 9 photostatic, microfilm, microcard, miniature photogra-10 phic, or other process which accurately reproduces or 11 12 forms a durable medium for so reproducing the original, shall have the same force and effect for all purposes as 13 the original record whether the original record is in 14 15 existence or not. A transcript, exemplification or certified copy of such preservation duplicate shall be 16 17 deemed for all purposes to be a transcript, exemplification or certified copy of the original record. 18

§5A-8-11. Essential state records-Safekeeping.

1 (a) The administrator shall prescribe the place and

manner of safekeeping of essential state records and
preservation duplicates and may establish, with the
approval of the Legislature, storage facilities therefor.
The administrator may provide for storage outside the
state.

7 (b) When in the opinion of the administrator the
8 legally designated or customary location of an essential
9 state record is such that the essential state record may
10 be destroyed or unavailable in the event of a disaster
11 caused by an enemy of the United States:

12 (1) The administrator shall store a preservation
13 duplicate at another location and permit such state
14 record to remain at its legally designated or customary
15 location; or

16 (2) The administrator shall store such state record at 17 a location other than its legally designated or customary 18 location and deposit at the legally designated or 19 customary location a preservation duplicate for use in 120 lieu of the state record; or

21 (3) The administrator may store such state record at a location other than its legally designated or customary 22 location, without providing for a preservation duplicate, 23 upon a determination that it is impracticable to provide 24 25 for a preservation duplicate and that the state record is 26 not frequently used. Such determination shall be made by the administrator and the regularly designated 27 custodian of such state record, but if they disagree the 28 29 determination shall be made by the administrator.

(c) The requirements of subsection (b) of this section
shall not prohibit the administrator from removing an
essential state record or preservation duplicate from the
legally designated or customary location of the state
record if a disaster caused by an enemy of the United
States has occurred or is imminent.

§5A-8-12. Essential state records—Maintenance, inspection and use.

1 (a) The administrator shall properly maintain essen-

2 tial state records and preservation duplicates stored by3 him.

4 (b) An essential state record or preservation duplicate 5 stored by the administrator may be recalled by the 6 regularly designated custodian of the state record for 7 temporary use when necessary for the proper conduct 8 of the office and shall be returned by such custodian to 9 the administrator immediately after such use.

10 (c) When an essential state record is stored by the administrator, the administrator, upon request of the 11 regularly designated custodian of the state record, shall 12 provide for its inspection, or for the making or certifi-13 cation of copies thereof, and such copies when certified 14 by the administrator shall have the same force and 15 effect as if certified by the regularly designated 16 17 custodian.

§5A-8-13. Essential state records—Confidential records.

When a state record is required by law to be treated in a confidential manner and is an essential state record, the administrator in effectuating the purpose of this article with respect to such state record, shall protect its confidential nature.

§5A-8-14. Essential state records-Review of program.

1 The administrator shall review periodically but at 2 least once a year the program for the selection and 3 preservation of essential state records, including the 4 classification of records and the provisions for preser-5 vation duplicates, and for safekeeping of essential state 6 records or preservation duplicates to ensure that the 7 purposes of this article are accomplished.

§5A-8-15. Records management and preservation of local records.

The governing body of each county, city, town, 1 authority or any public corporation or political entity, 2 whether organized and existing under a charter or 3 under general law, shall promote the principles of 4 efficient records management and preservation of local 5 records. Such governing body may, as far as practical, 6 follow the program established for the management and 7 preservation of state records. The administrator shall, 8 upon the request of a local governing body, provide 9

10 advice and assistance in the establishment of a local 11 records management and preservation program.

§5A-8-16. Assistance to legislative and judicial branches.

1 Upon request, the records administrator shall assist 2 and advise in the establishment of records management 3 programs in the legislative and judicial branches of 4 state government and shall, as required by them, 5 provide program services similar to those available to 6 the executive branch of state government pursuant to 7 the provisions of this article.

§5A-8-17. Disposal of records.

1 No record shall be destroyed or otherwise disposed of 2 by any agency of the state, unless it is determined by 3 the administrator and the director of the section of 4 archives and history of the division of culture and 5 history that the record has no further administrative,

6 legal, fiscal, research or historical value.

§5A-8-18. Destruction of nonrecord materials.

Nonrecord materials or materials not included within the definition of records as contained in this article may, if not otherwise prohibited by law, be destroyed at any time by the agency in possession of such materials without the prior approval of the administrator. The administrator may formulate procedures and interpretations to guide in the disposal of nonrecord materials.

§5A-8-19. Annual report.

1 The administrator shall make an annual written 2 report to the governor for transmission to the Legisla-3 ture. The report shall describe the status and progress 4 of programs established pursuant to this article and 5 shall include the recommendations of the administrator 6 for improvements in the management and preservation 7 of records in state government.

ARTICLE 9. VOLUNTARY GILDING THE DOME CHECK-OFF PROGRAM.

§5A-9-3. Contributions credited to special fund.

1 The tax division of the department of tax and revenue

- 2 shall determine by the first day of July of each year the
- 3 total amount designated pursuant to this legislation and
- 4 shall report such amount to the state treasurer who shall
- 5 credit such amount to a special department of admin-
- 6 istration fund.

CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.

ARTICLE 3. APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES AND DEDUCTIONS.

§12-3-17. Liabilities incurred by state boards, commissions, officers or employees which cannot be paid out of current appropriations.

1 Except as provided in this section, it shall be unlawful 2 for any state board, commission, officer or employee; (1) To incur any liability during any fiscal year which 3 cannot be paid out of the then current appropriation for 4 5 such year or out of funds received from an emergency 6 appropriation: or (2) to authorize or to pay any account or bill incurred during any fiscal year out of the 7 8 appropriation for the following year: Provided, That 9 nothing contained herein shall prohibit entering into a contract or lease for buildings, land and space, the cost 10 of which exceeds the current year's appropriation, even 11 though the amount is not available during the then 12 current year, if the aggregate cost does not exceed the 13 amount then authorized by the Legislature. Nothing 14 15 contained herein shall repeal the provisions of the general law relating to the expiration of appropriations 16 17 for buildings and land.

18 Any member of a state board or commission or any 19 officer or employee violating any provision of this 20 section shall be personally liable for any debt unlawfully 21 incurred or for any payment unlawfully made.

CHAPTER 14. CLAIMS DUE AND AGAINST THE STATE.

ARTICLE 3. INTEREST ON PUBLIC CONTRACTS.

§14-3-1. Payment of interest by the state on contracts when final payment is delayed.

1 All public contracts let in accordance with article

2 three, chapter five-a of the code or let by the state board 3 of education, the university of West Virginia board of trustees, the board of directors of the state college 4 5 system, state armory board or by any other board. 6 agency or commission of the state, entered into on and 7 after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred 8 sixty-nine, and prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, except the state road 9 commissioner, shall contain the following paragraph: 10

11 "Within ninety days after the completion of this 12 contract is certified by the approving authority to be complete in accordance with terms of the plans or 13 specifications, or both where appropriate, or is accepted 14 by the authorized spending officer as complete, or is 15 16 occupied by the owner, or is dedicated for public use by the owner, whichever occurs first, the balance due the 17 contractor herein shall be paid in full. Should such 18 payment be delayed for more than ninety days beyond 19 the day the completion of this contract is certified by 20 21 the authorized spending officer or is accepted by the 22 owner as complete, or is occupied by the owner, or is dedicated for public use by the owner, said contractor 23 shall be paid interest, beginning on the ninety-first day, 24 25at the current rate, as determined by the state tax commissioner under the provisions of section seventeen-26 a. article ten, chapter eleven of this code per annum on 27 any unpaid balance: Provided, That whenever the 28 approving authority reasonably determines that delay in 29 30 completing the contract or in accepting payment for the contract is the fault of the contractor herein, the 31 approving authority may accept and use the commod-32 ities or printing or the project may be occupied by the 33 owner or dedicated for public use by the owner without 34 35 payment of any interest on amounts withheld past the ninety-day limit." 36

All public construction contracts relating to roads or bridges let by the commissioner of the division of highways, entered into on and after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, and prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall contain the following paragraph:

43 "Within one hundred fifty days after the approving 44 authority notifies the contractor, in writing, of the final acceptance by such approving authority of the project 45 46 for which this contract provides, the balance due the 47 prime contractor shall be paid in full. Should such 48 payment be delayed for more than one hundred fifty 49 days beyond the date that the approving authority 50notifies the contractor of the final acceptance of the 51 project in accordance with the terms of the contract and 52 the plans and specifications thereof, said prime contrac-53tor shall be paid interest, beginning on the one hundred 54 fifty-first day, at the current rate, as determined by the 55 state tax commissioner under the provisions of section 56 seventeen-a, article ten, chapter eleven of this code per 57 annum on such unpaid balance: Provided. That if the 58 prime contractor does not agree to the amount of money determined by the approving authority to be due and 59 60 owing to the prime contractor and set forth on the final 61 estimate document, and the approving authority makes 62 an offer to pay the amount of the final estimate to the 63 said prime contractor, then the prime contractor shall not be entitled to receive any interest on the amount set 64 forth in said final estimate, but shall only be entitled to 65 the payment of interest at the current rate, as deter-66 67 mined by the state tax commissioner under the provi-68 sions of section seventeen-a, article ten, chapter eleven of this code per annum on the amount of money finally 69 determined to be due and owing to the said prime 70 contractor, less the amount of the final estimate that the 71 approving authority had originally offered to pay to the 72 73 said prime contractor."

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 6. CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM.

§29-6-7. Director of personnel; appointment; qualifications; powers and duties.

§29-6-23. Special fund; appropriations; cost of administering article; acceptance of grants or contribution; disbursements.

§29-6-7. Director of personnel; appointment; qualifications; powers and duties.

(a) The secretary of the department of administration 1 2 shall appoint the director. The director shall be a person knowledgeable of the application of the merit principles 3 in public employment as evidenced by the obtainment 4 of a degree in business administration, personnel 5 administration, public administration or the equivalent 6 and at least five years of administrative experience in 7 8 personnel administration.

9 (b) The director shall:

(1) Consistent with the provisions of this article
administer the operations of the division, allocating the
functions and activities of the division among sections
as the director may establish;

14 (2) Maintain a personnel management information
15 system necessary to carry out the provisions of this
16 article;

(3) Supervise payrolls and audit payrolls, reports or
transactions for conformity with the provisions of this
article;

20 (4) Plan, evaluate, administer and implement person21 nel programs and policies in state government and to
22 political subdivisions after agreement by the parties;

(5) Supervise the employee selection process and
employ performance evaluation procedures;

(6) Develop programs to improve efficiency and
effectiveness of the public service, including, but not
limited to, employee training, development, assistance
and incentives;

(7) Establish pilot programs and other projects for a
maximum of one year outside of the provisions of this
article, subject to approval by the board, to be included
in the annual report;

(8) Establish and provide for a public employee
interchange program and may provide for a voluntary
employee interchange program between public and
private sector employees;

Ch. 2]

Administration

37 (9) Establish an internship program;

(10) Assist the governor and secretary of the department of administration in general work force planning
and other personnel matters;

(11) Make an annual report to the governor and
Legislature and all other special or periodic reports as
may be required;

44 (12) Assess cost for special or other services;

(13) Recommend rules to the board for implementa-tion of this article; and

47 (14) Conduct schools, seminars or classes for supervi48 sory employees of the state regarding handling of
49 complaints and disciplinary matters and the operation
50 of the state personnel system.

§29-6-23. Special fund; appropriations; cost of administering article; acceptance of grants or contribution; disbursements.

1 For the operation of the division, there is hereby $\mathbf{2}$ created in the state treasury a special revolving fund to 3 be known and designated as the "division of personnel 4 fund". This fund shall consist of appropriations made by 5 the Legislature, funds transferred in accordance with 6 the provisions of section nine of this article, funds 7 received for personnel services rendered to other 8 agencies, departments, divisions and units of state and 9 local government, and funds received by grant or contribution from the federal government or any other 10 11 entity which funds the division is hereby authorized to 12 receive: Provided, That for fiscal year one thousand nine 13hundred ninety all funds remaining in account numbers 14 5840-00, 5840-35 and 5840-17 shall be transferred to the 15division of personnel fund on the effective date of this 16 article. Each agency, department, division or unit of state or local government served by the division of 17 18 personnel is hereby authorized and directed to transmit to the division for deposit in said special fund the 19 20 charges made by the division of personnel for personnel 21 services rendered, such charges to be those fixed in a schedule or schedules prepared by the director and 22

AGRICULTURE

approved by the secretary of the department of administration. Disbursements from the fund shall be made
in accordance with an approved expenditure schedule as
provided by article two, chapter five-a of this code and
shall be made under the direct supervision of the
director.

29 The director shall maintain accurate records reflect-30 ing the cost of administering the provisions of this 31 article.



(H. B. 4352—By Delegates M. Burke and Riggs)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article two-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to applicant for permit to furnish surety bond for benefit consignor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article two-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2A. PUBLIC MARKETS.

§19-2A-8. Applicant for permit to furnish surety bond for benefit of consignors; form of surety bond.

Before the granting of any such permit, the applicant 1 $\mathbf{2}$ shall execute and deliver to the commissioner a surety 3 bond conditioned as the commissioner may require and 4 acceptable to him, payable to the state of West Virginia, for the benefit of the consignors at said market of 5 livestock, poultry, and other agricultural and horticul-6 7 tural products, who have been wronged or damaged by any fraud or fraudulent practices of the market and so 8 adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction and who 9 shall have the right of action for damage for compen-10 11 sation against such bond. A holder of a permit, who shall 12 have been in operation not less than twelve months, shall

13 maintain and deliver such bond to said commissioner as 14 aforesaid in an amount not to exceed one hundred 15twenty percent of the average of its sales during the 16 preceding calendar year. A holder of a permit, who shall 17 have been in operation less than twelve months, shall 18 maintain and deliver such bond to said commissioner as 19 aforesaid in an amount established by the commissioner. 20but in no case shall the bond be less than the average bond maintained by all other public markets in the state 21 22that have been in operation more than twelve months.

23 The form of the bond shall be approved by the 24 commissioner and may include, at the option of the 25 applicant, surety bonding, collateral bonding (including 26 costs and securities), establishment of an escrow account 27 or a combination of these methods. If collateral bonding 28 is used, the operator may elect to deposit cash or 29 collateral securities or certificates as follows: Bonds of 30 the United States or its possessions, of the federal land 31 bank or of the homeowners' loan corporation: full faith 32 and credit general obligation bonds of the state of West 33 Virginia, or other states, and of any county, district or 34 municipality of the state of West Virginia or other 35 states; or certificates of deposit in a bank in this state, 36 which certificates shall be in favor of the department. The cash deposit or market value of such securities or 37 38 certificates shall be equal to or greater than the sum of 39 the bond. It shall be the duty of the applicant to ensure the market value of such bonds are sufficient. The 40 commissioner shall, upon receipt of any such deposit of 41 cash, securities or certificates, promptly place the same 42 with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia whose 43 duty it shall be to receive and hold the same in the name 44 45 of the state in trust for the purpose for which the deposit is made when the permit is issued. The applicant 46 47 making the deposit shall be entitled from time to time 48 to receive from the state treasurer, upon the written approval of the commissioner, the whole or any portion 49 of any cash, securities or certificates so deposited, upon 50 depositing with him in lieu thereof, cash or other 51securities or certificates of the classes herein specified 52having value equal to or greater than the sum of the 53 bond. 54

5

CHAPTER 4

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4504-By Delegates Farley and Houvouras)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article eight, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to state funded raise for cooperative extension service employees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article eight, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORKERS.

§19-8-1. County extension service committee; composition; organization; duties and responsibilities; employment and compensation of extension workers.

The county extension service committee shall be 1 2 composed of (a) the president of the county farm bureau, (b) the president of the county extension homemakers 3 council, (c) the president of the county Four-H leaders' 4 association. (d) a county commissioner designated by the 5 6 president of the county commission, (e) a member of the 7 county board of education designated by the president of the county board of education, (f) a county represen-8 9 tative of the grange, and (g) two members who are residents of the county to be appointed by the board of 10 advisors of West Virginia University for staggered 11 terms of three years each beginning on the first day of 12 July, and in making these appointments the board of 13 advisors shall appoint one member designated by any 14 other active farm organization in the county not already 15 represented by virtue of this section. If any of the above-16 named organizations do not exist in the county, the 17 board of advisors of West Virginia University may 18 appoint an additional member for each such vacancy. 19

20 The committee shall annually elect from its membership21 a chairperson and a secretary.

It shall each year be the duty and responsibility of the county extension service committee:

(1) To enter into a memorandum of agreement with
the cooperative extension service of West Virginia
University for the employment of county cooperative
extension workers.

(2) To prepare a memorandum of agreement with the
county commission and with the county board of
education for their financial support of extension work.

(3) To give guidance and assistance in the development of the county cooperative extension service
program and in the preparation of the annual plan of
work for the county.

35 Such county cooperative extension service committee 36 may on or before the first day of July of each year file 37 with the county commission a written memorandum of 38 agreement with the cooperative extension service of 39 West Virginia University for the employment for the 40 next fiscal year of county extension agents, extension 41 homemaker agents, associate or assistant agents, and 42 clerical workers.

43 The county cooperative extension service committee 44 may also file on or before the first day of July of each year with the county board of education a written 45 memorandum of agreement with the cooperative exten-46 47 sion service of West Virginia University for the employment for the next fiscal year of Four-H club or 48 49 youth development agents, associate or assistant agents, 50 and clerical workers.

51 If such agreement or agreements are so filed, the 52 county commission and the county board of education of such county, or either of them, may annually enter into 53 such agreement or agreements for the employment for 54 the next fiscal year of such county extension agents, 55 extension homemaker agents, Four-H club or youth 56 development agents, associate or assistant agents, and 57 clerical workers, or any of them, as may be nominated 58

AGRICULTURE

đ

59 by the cooperative extension service of West Virginia 60 University, and approved in writing by at least five

61 members of the county extension service committee.

62 Salaries and expenses of all such county extension 63 workers shall be paid by the cooperative extension service, the county commission, and the board of 64 65 education, or jointly out of such appropriations as are 66 made by the Legislature, the county commission and the 67 board of education, separately or in conjunction with 68 such federal acts as do now, or may hereafter, provide 69 funds for such purpose. That part of salaries, travel and 70 general office expense to be provided by the county 71 commission according to the approved memorandum 72 shall be paid from general county funds.

73 Whenever the cooperative extension service is re-74 quired by law or legislative intent to grant a salary 75 increase to its employees, the state budget shall include 76 such additional funds as may be necessary to fully fund 77 such salary increase. It is the intent of this section that 78 the cooperative extension service shall not be dependent 79 upon county or federal funds or upon the other funds of the institution or the governing board to meet the 80 81 costs of such a salary increase required by law or legislative intent regardless of the source of the 82 employee's base salary: Provided, That any decrease by 83 84 the county of base salary levels of county extension employees, as exists on June thirtieth of the year 85 preceding the year the salary increase is authorized, 86 shall not be funded by the state. 87

CHAPTER 5 (H. B. 4349—By Delegates Stemple and Mezzatesta)

[Passed February 15, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and sixteen, article twelve, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to providing an additional definition for the word "dealer", and increasing the penalty for violations of this article. Ch. 5]

AGRICULTURE

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and sixteen, article twelve, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. INSECT PESTS, PLANT DISEASES AND NOXIOUS WEEDS.

§19-12-2. Definitions.

§19-12-16. Penalty for violation of article, rules and regulations; duties of prosecuting attorney.

§19-12-2. Definitions.

1 The following definitions shall apply in the interpre-2 tation and enforcement of this article. All words shall 3 be construed to import either the plural or the singular, 4 as the case demands:

5 (a) "Department" means the department of agricul-6 ture of the state of West Virginia.

7 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of 8 agriculture of the state of West Virginia and his duly 9 authorized representatives.

10 (c) "Agent" means any person soliciting orders for 11 nursery stock under the partial or full control of a 12 nurseryman or dealer.

13 (d) "Dealer" means any person who buys, receives on consignment or otherwise acquires and has in his 14 possession nursery stock which that person has not 15 grown from propagative material such as tissue culture 16 plants, cuttings, liners, seeds or transplanted nursery 17 stock for the purpose of offering or exposing for sale, 18 reselling, reshipping or distributing same. Each separ-19 20 ate location shall constitute a dealership.

(e) "Nursery" means any grounds or premises on or
in which nursery stock is being propagated or grown for
sale or distribution, including any grounds or premises
on or in which nursery stock is being fumigated, treated,
packed or stored or otherwise prepared or offered for
sale or movement to other localities.

(f) "Nurseryman" means and includes any person whoowns, leases, manages or is in charge of a nursery.

(g) "Nurserv stock" means all trees, shrubs and woody 29 30 vines, including ornamentals, bush fruits, grapevines, 31 fruit trees and nut trees, whether cultivated, native or 32 wild, and all buds, grafts, scions, fruit pits and cuttings 33 from such plants. It also means sod, including sod plugs 34 and sod-producing plants, and such herbaceous plants. 35 including strawberry plants, narcissus plants and 36 narcissus bulbs as the commissioner declares by 37 regulation to be so included whenever he considers 38 control of the movement of such plants and bulbs 39 necessary for the control of any destructive plant pest. 40 Florists' or greenhouse plants for inside culture or use. unless declared otherwise by the commissioner, as 41 42 herein authorized, shall not be considered nursery stock, except that all woody plants, whether greenhouse or 43 44 field grown, if for outside planting, are hereby defined 45 as nursery stock.

46 (h) "Person" means any individual or combination of
47 individuals, partnership, corporation, company, society,
48 association, governmental organization, or other busi49 ness entity and each officer, agent or employee thereof.

(i) "Plant and plant products" means trees, shrubs,
vines; forage, fiber, cereal plants and all other plants;
cuttings, grafts, scions, buds and lumber and all other
parts of plants; and fruit, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds,
wood, lumber and all other parts of plants and plant
products.

56 (i) "Plant pest" means any living stage of: Any insects, mites, nematodes, slugs, snails, protozoa or other 57 invertebrate animals, bacteria, fungi, other parasitic 58 59 plants or reproductive parts thereof, viruses or any organisms similar to or allied with any of the foregoing, 60 or any infectious substances, which can directly or 61 indirectly injure or cause disease or damage in any 62 plants or parts thereof, or any processed, manufactured 63 or other products of plants. 64

(k) "Host" means any plant or plant product upon
which a pest is dependent for completion of any portion
of its life cycle.

68 (1) "Regulated article" means any article of any
69 character, as described in the quarantine or other order
70 of the commissioner carrying or capable of carrying a
71 pest.

(m) "Certificate" means a document issued or authorized by the commissioner indicating that a regulated
article is not contaminated with a pest.

(n) "Permit" means a document issued or authorized
by the commissioner to provide for a movement of
regulated articles to restricted destinations for limited
handling, utilization or processing.

(o) "Noxious weed" means rosa multiflora, commonly
known as multiflora rose or parts thereof; cannabis
sativa L., commonly known as marihuana or any parts
thereof and opium poppy or any parts thereof.

(p) "Infected area" means any area of uncontrolled
growth of plant pests, other insects or noxious weeds,
and any area of cultivated or controlled growth of
cannabis sativa L., commonly known as marihuana, or
of opium poppy.

(q) "Quarantine" means a legal declaration by thecommissioner which specifies:

- 90 (1) The noxious weeds.
- 91 (2) The articles to be regulated.
- 92 (3) Conditions governing movement.
- 93 (4) The area or areas quarantined.
- 94 (5) Exemptions.

§19-12-16. Penalty for violation of article, rules and regulations; duties of prosecuting attorney.

1 Any person violating any of the provisions of this 2 article, or the rules or regulations adopted thereunder, 3 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 4 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one 5 hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.

6 It shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorney of the \cdot 7 county in which the violation occurred to represent the 8 department of agriculture, to institute proceedings and 9 to prosecute the person charged with such violation.

CHAPTER 6

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4590-By Delegates M. Burke and Stemple)

[Passed March 5, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five. six. seven, eight, nine and ten, article fifteen-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to definitions of words and terms, registration of brands; registration fees; required labeling; toxic materials prohibited; inspection fee; report of tonnage; annual report; inspection; sampling; analysis; embargo; suspension or cancellation of registration; seizure of materials; violations; regulations; lime fund and penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten, article fifteen-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15A. WEST VIRGINIA AGRICULTURAL LIMING MATERIALS LAW.

- \$19-15A-1. Definitions of words and terms.
- \$19-15A-2. Registration of brands; registration fees.
- §19-15A-3. Required labeling; toxic materials prohibited.
- §19-15A-4. Inspection fee; report of tonnage; annual report.
- \$19-15A-5. Inspection; sampling; analysis.
- §19-15A-6. Embargo; suspension or cancellation of registration; seizure of materials.
- §19-15A-7. Deficiency assessment, tolerances and payment.
- \$19-15A-8. Regulations.
- §19-15A-9. Lime fund.
- §19-15A-10. Penalties.

§19-15A-1. Definitions of words and terms.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Agricultural liming material" means a product
- 3 with calcium or calcium and magnesium compounds
- 4 which are capable of neutralizing soil acidity and which
- 5 are intended to be used to neutralize soil acidity.

Ch. 6]

6 (b) "Brand" means the term, designation, trademark, 7 product name or other specific designation under which 8 individual agricultural liming materials are offered for 9 sale.

10 (c) "Bulk" means agricultural liming materials in 11 nonpackaged form.

(d) "Burnt lime" means a material, made from
limestone which consists essentially of calcium oxide or
a combination of calcium oxide with magnesium oxide.

(e) "Calcium carbonate equivalent" means the acid
neutralizing capacity of agricultural liming material
expressed as the weight percentage of calcium
carbonate.

(f) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agri-culture of the state of West Virginia or his dulyauthorized agent.

(g) "Distributor" means any person who sells or offers
for sale agricultural liming products that are registered
pursuant to this article. Exempted from this definition
are persons who retail registered products to the
ultimate consumer.

(h) "Dolomite" means an agricultural liming material
composed chiefly of carbonates of magnesium and
calcium in substantially equimolar (1-1.19) proportions.

30 (i) "Embargo" means an order prohibiting the sale,31 processing, mixing, transporting and use of any product.

(j) "Fineness classification" means the designation
given to the product by the percentage by weight of the
material which will pass U.S. standard sieves of specific
sizes.

36 (k) "Ground shells" means a material obtained by37 grinding the shells of mollusks.

(l) "High calcic liming material" means an agricultural liming material containing at least twenty-five
percent calcium and at least ninety-one percent of the
total calcium and magnesium is calcium.

42 (m) "High magnesic liming material" means an

43 agricultural liming material containing at least six44 percent magnesium.

(n) "Hydrated lime" means a material, made from
burnt lime, which consists essentially of calcium
hydroxide or a combination of calcium hydroxide with
magnesium oxide and magnesium hydroxide, or both
magnesium oxide and magnesium hydroxide.

50 (o) "Label" means any written or printed matter on 51 or attached to the package or on the delivery ticket 52 which accompanies bulk shipments.

53 (p) "Limestone" means a material consisting essen-54 tially of calcium carbonate with magnesium carbonate 55 capable of neutralizing soil acidity.

(q) "Marl" means a granular or loosely consolidated
earthy material composed largely of shell fragments and
calcium carbonate precipitated in ponds.

(r) "Percent or percentage" means percent or percen-tage by weight.

(s) "Person" means any individual, partnership,
association, fiduciary, firm, corporation or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not.

64 (t) "Registrant" is a person who registers agricultural 65 liming materials by product and is responsible for the 66 guarantee of such product.

67 (u) "Slag" means any industrial waste or by-product
68 containing calcium or calcium and magnesium in forms
69 that will neutralize soil acidity.

(v) "Type" means the designation given to the productfrom its source material.

72 (w) "Ton" means a weight of two thousand pounds 73 avoirdupois.

74 (x) "Weight" means the weight of undried liming75 material as offered for sale.

§19-15A-2. Registration of brands; registration fees.

1 (a) No agricultural liming material shall be used, sold 2 or offered for sale in the state unless it has been 3 registered with the commissioner.

4 (b) Application for registration shall be made to the 5 commissioner on forms approved or supplied by the 6 commissioner. Each separately identified agricultural 7 liming material shall be registered before being 8 distributed or used in the state.

9 (c) The commissioner shall collect a twenty-five dollar 10 registration fee for each brand of the agricultural 11 liming material registered; and, the commissioner shall 12 collect a ten dollar registration fee from all distributors 13 of agricultural liming materials.

(d) All registrations shall expire at the end of the
calendar year of issue unless sooner revoked by the
commissioner as provided in section six of this article.

§19-15A-3. Required labeling; toxic materials prohibited.

1 (a) No person shall sell, offer to sell, or expose for sale 2 in the state any agricultural liming materials which do 3 not have affixed to the outside of each package in a 4 conspicuous manner a plainly printed, stamped or 5 otherwise marked label, tag or statement, or in the case 6 of bulk sales, a delivery invoice including at least the 7 following:

8 (1) The name and principal business address of the 9 manufacturer or distributor.

10 (2) The brand name of the agricultural liming 11 material.

12 (3) The identification of the product as to the type of 13 liming material.

14 (4) The net weight of the agricultural liming15 material.

(5) The minimum percentage of calcium oxide and
magnesium oxide or calcium carbonate and magnesium
carbonate or total elemental calcium and total elemental
magnesium.

20 (6) The calcium carbonate equivalent as determined
21 by methods prescribed by the association of official
22 analytical chemists.

23 (7) The minimum percent by weight passing through24 United States standard sieves.

25 (8) The fineness classification of the material.

(b) A copy of the statement provided for in subsection
(a) shall be posted for each brand sold in bulk at each
site where purchase orders are accepted or from which
deliveries for such liming materials are made.

30 (c) No information or statement shall appear on any
31 package, label, delivery invoice or advertisement which
32 gives a false or misleading impression to the purchaser
33 as to the quality, analysis, type or composition of the
34 liming material.

(d) When agricultural liming material has been 35 36 adulterated subsequent to packaging, labeling or 37 loading thereof and before delivery has been made to the consumer, conspicuous, plainly worded notice to that 38 effect shall be affixed by the vendor to the package or 39 delivery invoice to identify the kind and degree of 40 41 adulteration therein: Provided, That no agricultural liming material shall be sold or offered for sale in the 42 state which contains toxic materials in quantities 43 injurious to plants or animals when applied according 44 45 to directions.

§19-15A-4. Inspection fee; report of tonnage; annual report.

1 (a) The amount of the inspection fee shall be clearly 2 stated on each sales invoice prepared in normal course 3 of business by either a registrant or distributor 4 reflecting the amount of said fee and the payor of the 5 same.

6 (b) Within thirty days following the thirtieth day of 7 June and the thirty-first day of December of each year, 8 each registrant and distributor shall submit on a form 9 furnished by the commissioner a summary of tons of each agricultural liming material sold or distributed by 10 11 him in the state during the previous six months' period. 12 Such report of tonnage shall be accompanied by 13 payment of an inspection fee at the rate of five cents per ton. If such tonnage, or portion thereof, has been paid 14

15 by another person, documentation by invoice must accompany such report. The minimum semiannual 16 17 payment shall be ten dollars. The minimum fee is 18 waived if the total amount of the semi-annual inspection 19 fee due is two dollars or less. A penalty of ten percent 20 of the fees due or ten dollars whichever is greater shall 21 be assessed a registrant or distributor whose report is not received by the fifteenth day of August and the 2223 fifteenth day of February each calendar year.

24 (c) The commissioner shall publish and distribute at 25least annually to each agricultural liming material 26 registrant, distributor and other interested persons, a 27 composite report showing the net tons of agricultural 28 liming material sold in this state during the preceding 29 period. This report shall in no way divulge information 30 that can be related to the business of any individual 31 registrant.

§19-15A-5. Inspection; sampling; analysis.

(a) It shall be the duty of the commissioner to audit. 1 2 inspect, sample, analyze and test agricultural liming materials used, sold or offered for sale within the state 3 as he may deem necessary to determine whether such 4 5 agricultural liming materials are in compliance with the provisions of this article and for this purpose the 6 commissioner is authorized to enter upon any public or 7 private premises or carriers during reasonable times to 8 inspect and sample liming materials, and to inspect 9 10 records related to their distribution.

(b) The methods of analysis and sampling shall be
those approved by the association of official analytical
chemists or those approved by the commissioner.

14 (c) The results of official analyses of agricultural 15 liming materials shall be distributed by the commis-16 sioner as he may deem necessary to carry out the 17 enforcement of this article.

(d) The commissioner shall, on request, provide the
registrant with a portion of the official sample: *Provided*, That the request be made within thirty days
of the assessment of a violation.

(e) The commissioner in determining whether any
agricultural liming material is deficient in guarantee
shall be guided solely by the official sample.

§19-15A-6. Embargo; suspension or cancellation of registration; seizure of materials.

1 (a) The commissioner is authorized to suspend or 2 cancel the registration of any brand of agricultural 3 liming material and to refuse the application for 4 registration of any brand of agricultural liming mate-5 rial upon being presented satisfactory evidence that the 6 registrant has used false. fraudulent or deceptive practices in the evasion or attempted evasion of the 7 provisions of this article or any regulation issued 8 9 thereunder: *Provided*. That no registration shall be suspended, revoked or refused until the registrant has 10 11 been given an opportunity to appear for a hearing before 12 the commissioner.

13 (b) The commissioner may issue an embargo order to the owner or custodian of any lot of agricultural liming 14 material when he finds said agricultural liming mate-15 16 rial is being offered or exposed for sale in violation of 17 any of the provisions of this article or the regulations issued thereunder and such order shall remain in effect 18 until it has been rescinded in writing by the commis-19 sioner: Provided, That the commissioner shall not 20 21 rescind any embargo order until the requirements of 22 this article have been complied with and all costs and expenses incurred in connection therewith have been 23 24 paid.

25(c) Any agricultural liming material found to be in 26 violation of the provisions of this article shall be subject 27 to seizure on complaint of the commissioner to a court 28 of competent jurisdiction in the county in which such 29 agricultural liming material is located. If the court 30 orders the condemnation of such material it shall be 31 disposed of in a manner consistent with the quality of 32 the agricultural liming material and the laws of the state. In no instance shall the disposition of said 33 34 agricultural liming material be ordered by the court 35without first giving the claimant an opportunity to 36 apply to the court for release of said agricultural liming

37 material or for permission to process or relabel said

38 agricultural liming material to bring it in compliance 39 with this article.

§19-15A-7. Deficiency assessment, tolerances and payment.

1 (a) A registrant shall pay a deficiency assessment in 2 accordance with the provisions of this section for each 3 lot of agricultural liming material found to be deficient 4 in its guaranteed analysis. Deficiencies existing in more 5 than one component shall be considered additional 6 violations.

7 (b) When the calcium carbonate equivalent is found 8 to be over five percent deficient from the stated 9 guarantee, the registrant shall pay a deficiency assess-10 ment equal to two times the actual cash value of the deficiency based on the retail price per ton at the 11 distribution point where the official sample was 12 13 collected. The cash value of the deficiency is calculated by multiplying the actual percent deficiency, less the 14 15 five percent taken, times the retail price per ton, times the tons in the lot sampled. The minimum assessed 16 17 penalty shall be fifty cents per ton in the lot sampled.

(c) When the product is found to be over five percent
deficient in one or more of the guarantees for fineness
classification, a penalty shall be assessed at one dollar
per ton in the lot sampled.

(d) When the product is found to be over ten percent
deficient for one or more of the following guarantees:
Calcium oxide, magnesium oxide, calcium carbonate,
magnesium carbonate, total elemental calcium or total
elemental magnesium, a penalty shall be assessed at one
dollar per ton in the lot sampled.

(e) Such deficiency assessment shall be paid to the ultimate consumer of the product, with receipts for the payment thereof being delivered to the commissioner as evidence of payment being made. If said ultimate consumer is not known, the penalty assessed shall be paid to the commissioner and deposited as set forth in section nine of this article.

(f) If any deficiency assessment has not been paid
within sixty days of the notice of such assessment, then
a late payment penalty of ten percent of the original
penalty assessment will be added for each one hundred
eighty days such assessment remains unpaid.

§19-15A-8. Regulations.

1 The commissioner is authorized to issue, after public 2 hearing following due notice, and in accordance with the 3 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, such 4 regulations in addition to any others mentioned else-5 where in the article, as he deems necessary to imple-6 ment the full intent and meaning of this article, 7 including, but not limited to, minimum acceptable fineness classifications and minimum acceptable cal-8 cium carbonate equivalents for agricultural liming 9 10 materials.

§19-15A-9. Lime fund.

1 All fees collected by the commissioner under the 2 provisions of this article shall be placed in a special fund 3 with the state treasurer to be known as the lime 4 inspection fund and shall be expended on order of the 5 commissioner for the administration of the program.

§19-15A-10. Penalties.

1 Any person violating any of the provisions of this 2 article or the regulations issued thereunder shall be 3 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 4 shall be fined not less than two hundred nor more than 5 three hundred dollars for the first offense and not less 6 than three hundred nor more than one thousand dollars 7 for each subsequent offense.





AN ACT to repeal article sixteen-b, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: and to amend and reenact article sixteen-a of said chapter, relating to the "West Virginia Pesticide Control Act of 1990"; declaration of purpose; legislative finding; definitions; powers and duties of the commissioner of agriculture; registration of pesticides and fees; confidentiality of trade secrets; refusal or cancellation of registration; annual pesticide business license; financial security requirement; businesses required to keep records; restricted use pesticides; application of this article to government entities; liability; private and commercial applicator's license and certificate; registered technician certificate; renewals: exemptions: reexamination or special examinations; employee training program; reciprocal agreement; denial, suspension or revocation of license, permit or certification; civil penalty; pesticide accidents; incidents or loss; legal recourse of aggrieved persons; violations; criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreements; creation of pesticide control fund in state treasury; disposition of certain fees in the general revenue fund; issuance of subpoenas; right of commissioner to enter and inspect; enforcement of article; issuance of stop-sale, use or renewal orders; judicial review; and issuing warnings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article sixteen-b, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that article sixteen-a, chapter nineteen of said code be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16A. WEST VIRGINIA PESTICIDE CONTROL ACT.

- §19-16A-1. Short title.
- §19-16A-2. Declaration of purpose; legislative finding.
- §19-16A-3. Definitions.
- §19-16A-4. Powers and duties of the commissioner.
- §19-16A-5. Registration of pesticides; fees; confidentiality of trade secrets.
- §19-16A-6. Refusal or cancellation of registration.
- §19-16A-7. Annual pesticide business license.
- §19-16A-8. Financial security requirement for licensed pesticide business.
- §19-16A-9. Records of pesticide businesses.
- §19-16A-10. Restricted use pesticides.
- §19-16A-11. Application of this article to government entities; liability.
- §19-16A-12. Private and commercial applicator's license and certificate; registered technician certificate.

- §19-16A-13. Renewals.
- §19-16A-14. Exemptions.
- §19-16A-15. Reexamination or special examinations.
- §19-16A-16. Employee training program.
- §19-16A-17. Reciprocal agreement.
- §19-16A-18. Denial, suspension or revocation of license, permit or certification; civil penalty.
- §19-16A-19. Pesticide accidents; incidents or loss.
- §19-16A-20. Legal recourse of aggrieved persons.
- §19-16A-21. Violations.
- §19-16A-22. Criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreement.
- §19-16A-23. Creation of pesticide control fund in state treasury; disposition of certain fees to general revenue fund.
- §19-16A-24. Issuance of subpoenas.
- §19-16A-25. Right of commissioner to enter and inspect; enforcement of article.
- §19-16A-26. Issuance of stop-sale; use or renewal orders; judicial review.
- §19-16A-27. Issuing warnings.

§19-16A-1. Short title.

1 This article shall be known as the "West Virginia 2 Pesticide Control Act of 1990".

§19-16A-2. Declaration of purpose; legislative finding.

The purpose of this article is to regulate and control 1 2 pesticides in the public interest, by their registration, use and application. The Legislature finds that pesti-3 4 cides perform a vital function in modern society because 5 they control insects, fungi, nematodes, rodents and other 6 pests which ravage and destroy our food and fiber, 7 which serve as vectors of disease, and which otherwise 8 constitute a nuisance in the environment or the home: 9 they control weeds which compete in the production of 10 foods and fiber, disrupt the supply of energy, render 11 highways unsafe and which otherwise are unwanted 12 elements in our environment; and they regulate plant 13 growth to enhance both the quality and quantity of our 14 food and fiber and to facilitate its harvest. Pesticides, 15 however, may be rendered ineffective, may cause injury 16 to man or may cause unreasonable, adverse effects on 17 the environment if not properly used. They may injure 18 man or animals either by direct poisoning or by the 19 gradual accumulation of pesticide residues in their 20 tissues. Crops or other plants may be affected by their

21 improper use. The misapplication, the drifting or washing of pesticides into streams or lakes may cause 22 appreciable damage to aquatic life. A pesticide applied 23 24 for the purpose of killing pests in a crop, which is not itself injured by the pesticide, may drift and injure other 25crops or nontarget organisms with which it comes in 26 27 contact. Therefore, it is deemed necessary to provide for 28 the control of pesticides.

Nothing in this article shall be construed as permitting municipalities or counties to enact laws or ordinances regarding pesticide control.

§19-16A-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (1) "Active ingredient" means:

3 (A) In the case of pesticides other than a plant
4 regulator, defoliant or desiccant, an ingredient which
5 will prevent, destroy, repel or mitigate insects, nema6 todes, fungi, rodents, weeds or other pests;

7 (B) In the case of a plant regulator, an ingredient 8 which, through physiological action, will accelerate or 9 retard the rate of growth or rate of maturation or 10 otherwise alter the behavior of ornamental or crop 11 plants or the produce thereof;

12 (C) In the case of a defoliant, an ingredient which will13 cause the leaves or foliage to drop from a plant; and

14 (D) In the case of a desiccant, an ingredient which 15 will artificially accelerate the drying of plant tissues.

16 (2) "Agriculture commodity" means any plant, or part 17 thereof, or animal, or animal product, produced by a 18 person (including farmers, ranchers, vineyardists, plant 19 propagators, Christmas tree growers, aquaculturists, 20 floriculturists, orchardists, foresters or other compara-21 ble persons) primarily for sale, consumption, propaga-22 tion or other use by man or animals.

(3) "Animal" means all vertebrate and invertebrate
species, including, but not limited to, man and other
mammals, birds, fish and shell fish.

(4) "Adulterated" means when the strength or purity
of any pesticide falls below or is in excess of the
professed standard or quality as expressed on labeling
under which it is sold, or if any substance has been
substituted wholly or in part for the article, or if any
valuable constituent of the article has been wholly or in
part abstracted.

33 (5) "Antidote" means the most practical immediate
34 treatment in case of poisoning and includes first-aid
35 treatment.

36 (6) "Certified applicator" means any person who is
37 certified under this article to use or supervise the use
38 of any restricted use pesticides or general use pesticides
39 for hire.

40 (7) "Certified public applicator" means a licensed 41 applicator who applies "restricted use pesticides or 42 general use pesticides for hire" as an employee of a state 43 agency, municipal corporation or other governmental 44 agency. This term does not include employees who work 45 only under the direct supervision of a certified public 46 applicator.

47 (8) "Commercial applicator" means a certified appli48 cator (whether or not he or she is a private applicator
49 with respect to some uses) who uses or supervises the
50 use of any pesticide which is classified for restricted use
51 for any purpose or on any property other than as defined
52 under the definition of "private applicator".

(9) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture of the state of West Virginia and his or her duly
authorized representatives.

(10) "Defoliant" means any substance or mixture of
substances intended for causing the leaves of foliage to
drop from a plant, with or without causing abscission.

59 (11) "Desiccant" means any substance or mixture of
60 substances intended for artificially accelerating the
61 drying of plant tissue.

62 (12) "Device" means any instrument or contrivance 63 (other than a firearm) intended for trapping, destroy-

64 ing, repelling or mitigating insects or rodents or
65 destroying, repelling or mitigating fungi, nematodes or
66 such other pests as may be designated by the commis67 sioner, but not including treated wood products or
68 equipment used for the application of pesticides when
69 sold separately therefrom.

70 (13) "Direct supervision" means that unless otherwise prescribed by its labeling, a pesticide shall be consi-71 72dered to be applied under the direct supervision of a 73 certified applicator if it is applied by a competent 74 person acting under the verifiable instructions and control of a certified applicator who is available when 75 needed, even though such certified applicator is not 76 77 physically present at the time and place the pesticide is 78 applied.

(14) "Environment" includes water, air, land and all
plants and man and other animals living therein, and
the interrelationships which exist among these.

82 (15) "Fumigant or fumigation" means any substance 83 which, by itself or in combination with any other 84 substance, emits or liberates a gas or gases, fumes or 85 vapors, which gas or gases, fumes or vapors, when 86 liberated and used, will destroy vermin, rodents, insects 87 and other pests, and are usually lethal, poisonous, 88 noxious or dangerous to human life.

89 (16) "Fungicide" means any substance or mixture of
90 substances intended for preventing, destroying, repell91 ing or mitigating any fungi or plant disease.

92 (17) "Fungus" means any nonchlorophyll-bearing 93 thallophytes (that is, any nonchlorophyll-bearing plant 94 of a lower order than mosses and liverworts), as, for 95 example, rust, smut, mildew, mold, yeast, bacteria and 96 virus, except those on or in living man or other animals 97 and except those on or in processed food, beverages or 98 pharmaceuticals.

99 (18) "General use pesticide" means any pesticide not
100 designated as restricted use by the administrator,
101 United States environmental protection agency or a
102 state restricted use pesticide by the commissioner.

推

2

3

103 (19) "Herbicide" means any substance or mixture of
104 substances intended for preventing, destroying, repell105 ing or mitigating any weed.

106 (20) "Inert ingredient" means an ingredient which is107 not an active ingredient.

108 (21) "Ingredient statement" means a statement of the 109 name of each active ingredient, together with the name 110 of each and total percentage of the inert ingredients, if 111 any, in the pesticide, and in case the pesticide contains 112 arsenic in any form, a statement of the percentages of 113 total and water soluble arsenic, each calculated as 114 elemental arsenic.

(22) "Insect" means any of the numerous small 115 116 invertebrate animals generally having the body more or less obviously segmented, for the most part belonging to 117 118 the class insecta, comprising six-legged, either winged 119 or wingless forms, as, for example, beetles, bugs, bees, 120 flies, aphids and termites, and to other allied classes of arthropods whose members are wingless and usually 121 122 have more than six legs, as, for example, spiders, mites, 123 ticks, centipedes and wood lice.

124 (23) "Insecticide" means any substance or mixture of 125 substances intended for preventing, destroying, repell-126 ing or mitigating any insects which may be present in 127 any environment whatsoever.

128 (24) "Label" means the written, printed or graphic 129 matter on, or attached to, the pesticide or device, or the 130 immediate container thereof, and the outside container 131 or wrapper of the retail package, if any there be, of the 132 pesticide or device.

(25) "Labeling" means all labels and other written,printed, graphic matter or advertising:

(A) Upon the pesticide or device or any of its contain-ers or wrappers;

137 (B) Accompanying the pesticide or device at any time;

138 (C) To which reference is made on the label or in
139 literature accompanying the pesticide or device, except
140 when accurate, nonmisleading reference is made to

current official publications of the United States
departments of agriculture or interior, the United
States public health service, state experiment stations,
state agricultural colleges or other similar federal
institutions or official agencies of this state or other
states authorized by law to conduct research in the field
of pesticides; and

(D) Conveyed in any public media such as newspapers, periodicals, radio or television, relative to the
offering for sale of any pesticide or device.

(26) "Land" means all land and water areas, including
airspace and all plants, animals, structures, buildings,
contrivances and machinery, appurtenant thereto or
situated thereon, fixed or mobile, including any used for
transportation.

156 (27) "Misbranded" means any pesticide or device if its 157 labeling bears any statement, design or graphic repres-158 entation relative thereto or to its ingredients which is 159 false or misleading in any particular; or

(A) If it is an imitation of or is offered for sale underthe name of another pesticide;

(B) If its labeling bears any reference to registrationunder this article;

164 (C) If the labeling accompanying it does not contain 165 directions for use which are necessary and, if complied 166 with, adequate for the protection of the public;

167 (D) If the label does not contain a warning or caution 168 statement which may be necessary and, if complied 169 with, adequate to prevent injury to living man and other 170 vertebrate animals, vegetation and useful invertebrate 171 animals;

172 (E) If the label does not bear an ingredient statement 173 on that part of the immediate container of the retail 174 package which is presented or displayed under custom-175 ary conditions of purchase, and on the outside container 176 or wrapper, if any, through which the ingredient 177 statement on the immediate container cannot be clearly 178 read;

135

179 (F) If any word, statement or other information 180 required by or under authority of this article to appear on the label or labeling is not prominently placed 181 182 thereon with such conspicuousness (as compared with 183 other words, statement, designs or graphic matter in the 184 labeling) and in such terms as to render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary individual under 185 186 customary conditions of purchase and use:

(G) If in the case of an insecticide, nematocide,
fungicide or herbicide when used as directed or in
accordance with commonly recognized practice it is
injurious to living man or other vertebrate animals,
except weeds to which it is applied, or to the person
applying such pesticide; or

193 (H) If in the case of a plant regulator, defoliant or 194 desiccant when used as directed it is injurious to living man or other vertebrate animals, or vegetation to which 195 196 it is applied, or to the person applying such pesticide: Provided. That physical or physiological effects on 197 plants or parts thereof are not deemed to be injury, 198 when this is the purpose for which the plant regulator, 199 defoliant or desiccant was applied, in accordance with 200 201 the label claims and recommendations.

(28) "Name" as applied to the active ingredient shall 202 203 be designated by an accepted chemical name and in 204 addition the accepted common name, or by a common name promulgated by the commissioner. It is recom-205206 mended that the commissioner adopt the nomenclature 207 approved by the interdepartmental committee on pest 208control or the American standards committee or any 209 national committee similarly functioning.

(29) "Nematode" means invertebrate animals of the
phylum nemathelminthes and class nematoda, that is,
unsegmented round worms with elongated, fusiform or
sac like bodies covered with cuticle and inhabiting soil,
water, plants or plant parts; may also be called nemas
or eelworms.

216 (30) "Nematocide" means any substance or mixture of
217 substances intended for preventing, destroying, repell218 ing or mitigating nematodes.

(31) "Permit" means a written certificate, issued by
the commissioner authorizing the use of certain restricted use pesticides or state restricted use pesticides.

(32) "Person" means any individual, partnership,
association, fiduciary, corporation or any organized
group of persons whether incorporated or not.

(33) "Pest" means any insect, rodent, nematode,
fungus, weed or any other form of terrestrial or aquatic
plant or animal life or virus, bacteria or other microorganism (except viruses, bacteria or other microorganisms on or in living man or other living animals) which
is declared to be a pest by the commissioner.

231(34) "Pesticide" means any substance or mixture of 232substances intended for preventing, destroying, repell-233ing or mitigating any undesirable insects, rodents, 234 nematodes, fungi, weeds and other forms of plant or 235animal life or viruses, except viruses on or in living man 236or other animals or which the commissioner may declare 237to be a pest and any substance or mixture of substances 238 intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant, desic-239cant or herbicide.

240(35) "Pesticide application business" means any person who owns or manages a pesticide application 241 business which is engaged in the business of applying 242 243pesticides upon the lands of another (whether such person applies restricted use pesticides or other pesti-244 cides) and means each place for which the business of 245applying pesticides for hire is carried on, including a 246 branch office. franchise location, suboffice or worker 247 248 location of a larger business entity.

(36) "Pesticide business" means any person engaged
in the business of distributing, applying or recommending the use of a product, storing, selling or offering for
sale pesticides for distribution to the user. The term does
not include wood treaters not for hire or businesses
exempted by rule adopted pursuant to this article.

(37) "Pesticide dealer" means any person who sells,
wholesales, distributes, offers or exposes for sale,
exchanges, barters or gives away within or into this
state any restricted use pesticide.

259 (38) "Plant regulator" means any substance or mix-260 ture of substances, intended, through physiological action, for accelerating or retarding the rate of growth 261 262 or rate of maturation or for otherwise altering the 263 behavior of ornamental or crop plants or the produce thereof, but does not include substances to the extent 264 265that they are intended as plant nutrients, trace ele-266 ments, nutritional chemicals, plant inoculants or soil 267 amendments.

(39) "Private applicator" means a certified applicator 268 who uses or supervises the use of any pesticide which 269 is classified for restricted use for purposes of producing 270 271 any agricultural commodity on property owned or rented by him or her or his or her employer or if applied 272without compensation other than trading of personal 273274 services between producers of agricultural commodities 275on property of another person.

(40) "Registered technician" means an individual who 276 277 renders services similar to those of a certified commercial applicator, but who has not completed all the 278 279 training or time in service requirements to be eligible 280 for examination as a commercial applicator and is limited to application of general use pesticides. 281 282 However, if he or she applies restricted use pesticides, 283 he or she may do so only under the direct supervision 284 of a certified commercial applicator.

(41) "Registrant" means the person registering anypesticide pursuant to the provisions of this article.

(42) "Repellent" means a substance, not a fumigant,
under whatever name known, which may be toxic to
insects and related pests, but is generally employed
because of its capacity for preventing the entrance or
attack of pests.

(43) "Restricted use pesticide" means any pesticide
classified for restricted use by the administrator, United
States environmental protection agency or any pesticide
declared to be state restricted by the commissioner.

296 (44) "Rodenticide" means any substance or mixture of

Ch. 7]

_

AGRICULTURE

substances intended for preventing, destroying, repelling or mitigating any undesirable rodents or any other
vertebrate animals or others which the commissioner
may declare to be a pest.

(45) "Serious violation" means a violation of this 301 302 article or rule promulgated by the commissioner where 303 there is a substantial probability that death or serious 304 physical harm to persons, serious harm to property or serious harm to the environment could have resulted 305 306 from the violation unless the person or licensee did not or could not with the exercise of reasonable diligence 307 308 know of the violation.

309 (46) "State restricted use pesticide" means any 310 pesticide that the commissioner determines subsequent 311 to a hearing, when used as directed or in accordance 312 with a widespread and commonly recognized practice, 313 requires additional restrictions for that use to prevent 314 unreasonable adverse effects on the environment 315 including man, land, beneficial insects, animals, crops and wildlife, other than pests. 316

(47) "Unreasonable adverse effects on the environment" means any unreasonable risk to man or the
environment, taking into account the economic, social
and environmental costs and benefits of the use of any
pesticide.

322 (48) "Weed" means any plant which grows where not323 wanted.

(49) "Wildlife" means all living things that are neither
human, domesticated nor, as defined in this article,
pests, including, but not limited to, mammals, birds and
aquatic life.

§19-16A-4. Powers and duties of the commissioner.

1 The commissioner of agriculture has the power and 2 duty to carry out the provisions of this article and is 3 authorized to:

4 (1) Delegate to employees of the department of 5 agriculture the authority vested in the commissioner by 6 virtue of the provisions of this article.

2

7 (2) Cooperate, receive grants in aid and enter into 8 agreements with any other agency of the state, the 9 United States department of agriculture, United States 10 environmental protection agency or any other federal 11 agency or any other state or agency thereof for the 12 purpose of carrying out the provisions of this article.

13 (3) Contract for research projects.

14 (4) Require that pesticides used in this state are15 adequately tested and are safe for use under local16 conditions.

17 (5) Require that individuals who sell, store, dispose or
18 apply pesticides are adequately trained and observe
19 appropriate safety practices.

20 (6) Promulgate rules pursuant to chapter twenty21 nine-a of this code, including, but not limited to, the
22 following:

(A) Licensing of businesses that sell, store, recommend for use, mix or apply pesticides;

(B) Registration of pesticides for manufacture, distribution, sale, storage or use in this state;

(C) Requiring reporting and recordkeeping related tolicensing and registration;

(D) Establishing training, testing and standards for
 certification of commercial application, public applica tion, registered technician and private applicator;

32 (E) Revoking, suspending or denying licenses, regis 33 tration and certification or certificate or permits;

34 (F) Creating advisory committees made up of both
35 pesticide industry representatives and consumers as
36 deemed necessary to implement this article;

37 (G) Establishing a fee structure for licenses, registra38 tion and certificate to defray the costs of implementing
39 this article;

40 (H) Classifying or subclassifying certificate or certif41 icates to be issued under this article. Such classification
42 may include, but not be limited to, agricultural, forest,

43 ornamental, aquatic, right-of-way, industrial, institu 44 tional, structural or health-related pest control;

45 (I) Restricting or prohibiting the sale or use and
46 disposal of any pesticide, pesticide container or residue
47 which is extremely hazardous;

48 (J) Coordinating and supporting pesticide monitoring49 programs;

50 (K) Developing a program for registration of persons 51 with health sensitivity to pesticide drift;

52 (L) Establishing guidelines and requirements, as 53 deemed necessary, for licensees, certificate holders and 54 permittees for the identification of pests and their 55 methods of inspection of property to determine the 56 presence of pests;

57 (M) Establishing procedures for reporting spills, 58 accidents or incidents; and

59 (N) Such other rules necessary or convenient to carry 60 out the purpose of this article.

61 (7) Design and conduct an appropriate educational
62 program on the use of pesticides and the necessity for
63 care when applying the same.

§19-16A-5. Registration of pesticides; fees; confidentiality of trade secrets.

1 (a) Every pesticide which is manufactured, distrib-2 uted, sold or offered for sale, used or offered for use 3 within this state, or delivered for transportation or 4 transported in intrastate commerce or between points 5 within this state through any point outside this state 6 shall be registered in the office of the commissioner, and 7 such registration shall be renewed annually. The 8 commissioner may register and permit the sale and use 9 of any pesticide which has been registered under the provisions of 7 U.S.C. § 136 et seq., as the same is in 10 effect on the effective date of this article: Provided, That 11 such pesticides are subject to registration fees and all 12 other provisions of this article. 13

14 (b) Products which have the same formula, and are

r

15 manufactured by the same person, the labeling of which 16 contain the same claims and which have designation 17 identifying the products as the same pesticide may be 18 registered as a single pesticide without an additional 19 fee.

20 (c) Within the discretion of the commissioner or his or her authorized representative, a change in labeling 21 22 or formulas of a pesticide may be made within the 23 current period of registration, without requiring a new 24 registration of the product. The period of registration 25shall be for one year, commencing on the first day of 26 January and ending on the thirty-first day of December $\mathbf{27}$ of each year.

(d) The registrant shall file with the commissioner astatement including:

30 (1) The name and address of the registrant and the
31 name and address of the person whose name will appear
32 on the label, if other than the registrant;

33 (2) The name of the pesticide;

34 (3) A complete copy of the labeling accompanying the
35 pesticide and a statement of all claims to be made for
36 it including directions for use; and

37 (4) If requested by the commissioner, a full descrip-38 tion of the tests made and the results thereof upon which the claims are based and the analytical method or 39 40 methods employed in determining the percentage of 41 each active ingredient listed on the label to be registered. In the case of renewal of registration, a statement 42 43 is required only with respect to information which is different from that furnished when the pesticide was 44 45 registered or last registered.

46 (e) The registrant shall pay an annual fee as pres-47 cribed by rules promulgated hereunder for each brand 48 and grade of pesticide. The fees shall be deposited in the state treasury and to the credit of a special fund to be 49 used only for carrying out the provisions of this article, 50 and shall be expended upon order of the commissioner 51 of agriculture, pursuant to section twenty-three of this 52 53 article.

(f) The commissioner may require the submission of the complete formula of any pesticide. If it appears to the commissioner that the composition of the item is such as to warrant the proposed claims for it and if the item and its labeling and other material required to be submitted to comply with the requirements of this article, he or she shall register the item.

61 (g) If it does not appear to the commissioner that the 62 item is such as to warrant the proposed claims for it or 63 if the item and its labeling and other material required 64 to be submitted do not comply with the provisions of this 65 article, he or she shall notify the registrant of the 66 manner in which the item, labeling or other material 67 required to be submitted fails to comply with this article 68 so as to afford the registrant an opportunity to make the 69 necessary corrections.

70 (h) The commissioner may not make public, informa-71 tion which, in his or her judgment, contains or relates to trade secrets, commercial or financial information 72 obtained from a person and privileged or confidential, 73 74 except that, when necessary to carry out the provisions 75 of this article, information relating to formulas of 76 products acquired by authorization of this article may be revealed to any federal, state or local agency 77 78 consultant and may be revealed at a public hearing or 79 in findings of fact issued by the commissioner when it 80 is in the public's best interest.

81 (i) The commissioner shall provide the necessary82 forms to register pesticides.

§19-16A-6. Refusal or cancellation of registration.

1 The commissioner may refuse or cancel the registration of a pesticide if he or she finds, after a hearing, that 2 3 use of the pesticide has demonstrated unreasonable adverse effects on the environment; or, a false or 4 misleading statement about the pesticide has been made 5 or implied by the registrant or the registrant's agent, 6 in writing, verbally or through any form of advertising 7 or literature or the registrant has not complied or the 8 pesticide does not comply with the requirements of this 9 article or any rule adopted pursuant to this article. 10

-

c

§19-16A-7. Annual pesticide business license.

(a) No person may engage in the application of
 pesticides for hire at any time without a pesticide
 application business license issued by the commissioner.
 The commissioner shall require an annual fee for each
 pesticide application business license issued as pres cribed by rules promulgated hereunder.

7 (b) Application for a pesticide application business 8 license shall be made in writing to the commissioner on 9 forms approved or supplied by the commissioner. Each 10 application for a license shall contain information 11 regarding the applicant's qualifications and proposed 12 operations, license classification or classifications the 13 applicant is applying for and shall include the following:

14 (1) The full name of the person applying for the 15 license;

(2) If different from subdivision (1) of this section, the
full name of the individual qualifying under subsection
(c) of this section;

(3) If the applicant is a person other than an individual, the full name of each member of the firm or
partnership, or the names of the officers of the association, corporation or group;

(4) The principal business address of the applicant inthe state and elsewhere;

(5) The address of each branch office or suboffice
from which the business of applying pesticides is carried
on. Each suboffice shall be licensed;

(6) The name and address of each certified commercial applicator applying pesticides or supervising the
application of pesticides for the pesticide application
business;

32 (7) State tax number; and

33 (8) Any other necessary information prescribed by the34 commissioner.

35 (c) The commissioner may not issue a pesticide 36 application business license until the owner, manager, 37 partner or corporate officer is qualified by passing an 88 examination to demonstrate to the commissioner his or 89 her knowledge of the state and federal pesticide laws, 840 safe use and storage of pesticides. The pesticide 841 application business shall be limited to the classification 842 or classifications for which the business maintains 843 certified commercial applicators in their employ.

44 (d) If the commissioner finds the applicant qualified to apply pesticides in the classifications the applicant 45 has applied for, and if the applicant files the financial 46 security required by this article, and if the applicant 47 applying for a license to engage in aerial application of 48 49 pesticides has met all the requirements of the federal 50aviation agency, the aeronautics commission of this 51 state, and any other applicable federal or state laws or regulations to operate the equipment described in the 52 application, the commissioner shall issue a pesticide 53 application business license. The license so issued 54expires at the end of the calendar year of issue, unless 55 56 it has been revoked or suspended prior thereto by the 57 commissioner for cause. When the financial security required under this article is dated to expire at an 58 earlier date, the license shall be dated to expire upon 59 expiration date of said financial security. The commis-60 sioner may limit the license of the applicant to certain 61 classifications of pest control work, or to certain areas 62 or to certain types of equipment or to certain specific 63 pesticides, if the applicant is only so qualified. If a 64 license is not issued as applied for, the commissioner 65 shall inform the applicant in writing of the reasons 66 67 therefor.

68 (e) All persons applying pesticides as a pesticide 69 business, whether or not they are applying restricted use 70 pesticides, must be a certified applicator in the approp-71 riate category or subcategory, or must be a registered 72 technician under the direct supervision of a certified 73 commercial applicator.

(f) All funds collected pursuant to this section shall be
deposited in the general revenue fund of the state,
pursuant to section twenty-three of this article.

-

§19-16A-8. Financial security requirement for licensed pesticide business.

1 (a) The commissioner may not issue a pesticide 2 application business license until the business has 3 furnished evidence of financial security with the 4 commissioner consisting of either:

5 (1) A surety bond to the benefit of the state of West6 Virginia; or

7 (2) A liability insurance policy from a person autho-8 rized to do business within this state or a certificate 9 thereof protecting persons who may suffer legal dam-10 ages as a result of the operation of licensee's business 11 operation.

12 (b)(1) The commissioner, taking into consideration the different classifications or categories of pesticide 13 application business licenses, shall establish the amount 14 15 and kind of financial security for property damage and 16 public liability and including loss or damage arising out of the actual use of any pesticide for each classification 17 of license required. The financial security shall be 18 19 maintained at not less than that sum at all times during 20 the license period. The commissioner shall be notified 21 forty-five days prior to any reduction at the request of 22 the applicant or cancellation of such surety bond or 23 liability insurance by the surety or insurer. The total and aggregate liability of the surety or insurer for all 24 claims is limited to the face of the bond or liability 25 insurance policy. The commissioner may accept a 26 liability insurance policy or surety bond in the proper 27 28 sum which has a deductible clause in the amount not 29 exceeding that which the commissioner shall establish 30 separately for aerial applicators and for other commer-31 cial applicators for the total amount of financial security required herein. If the applicant has not satisfied the 32 33 requirement of the deductible amount in any prior legal claim, the deductible clause may not be accepted by the 34 commissioner unless the applicant furnishes the com-35 missioner with a surety bond or liability insurance 36 37 which satisfies the amount of the deductible as to all claims that may arise in his or her application of 38 39 pesticides.

40 (2) If the surety furnished becomes unsatisfactory, the 41 applicant shall, upon notice, immediately establish new 42 evidence of financial security and if he or she fails to 43 do so, it is unlawful thereafter for such person to engage 44 in said business of applying pesticides until the financial 45 security is brought into compliance with the require-46 ments as established by the commissioner and the 47 person's license is reinstated.

(c) Nothing in this article may be construed to relieve
any person from liability for any damage to the person
or lands of another caused by the use of pesticides even
though the use conforms to the rules of the commissioner.

§19-16A-9. Records of pesticide businesses.

As a condition of obtaining or renewing a license, each pesticide business shall maintain such records as required by the rules promulgated hereunder. The commissioner may require a licensed pesticide business to submit records to his or her office and failure to submit requested records is grounds for revocation of a license.

§19-16A-10. Restricted use pesticides.

1 No person may use any pesticide classified for 2 restricted use unless that person has first complied with 3 the certification requirements of the rules promulgated 4 pursuant to this article, unless such person is acting 5 under the direct supervision of a certified applicator.

§19-16A-11. Application of this article to government entities; liability.

1 All state agencies, municipal corporations or any 2 other governmental agency are subject to the provisions 3 of this article and rules adopted thereunder concerning 4 the registration or application of pesticides.

5 These agencies are exempt from any fees prescribed 6 by this article.

7 The governmental agencies and municipal corpora-

1

8 tions are subject to legal recourse by any person
9 damaged by the application of any pesticide, and the
10 action may be brought in the county where the damage
11 or some part thereof occurred.

§19-16A-12. Private and commercial applicator's license and certificate; registered technician certificate.

(a) Application for a private or commercial applicator's license shall be made in writing to the commissioner on forms approved or supplied by the commissioner. Each application shall contain:

5 (1) The full name of the person applying for the 6 license;

7 (2) The principal business address of the applicant;

8 (3) A listing of agricultural commodities produced or
9 to be produced by the applicant applying for a private
10 applicator's license;

(4) Any other necessary information prescribed by thecommissioner; and

13 (5) Payment of required fees.

14 (b) The commissioner may renew any applicant's 15 license under each classification for which such appli-16 cant is licensed. However, the applicant may, at no 17 greater than three-year intervals, be required to present 18 evidence or documentation indicating he or she has 19 attended a workshop or training session approved by the 20 commissioner.

(c) No private applicator may use any restricted use pesticide which is restricted to use by certified applicators without having first complied with the certification requirements determined by the commissioner as necessary to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on the environment, including injury to the applicator or other persons, for that specific pesticide use.

(d) As a minimum requirement for certification, a
private or commercial applicator must show that he or
she possesses a practical knowledge of the pest problems

and pest control practices associated with his or her
agricultural operations, proper storage, use, handling
and disposal of the pesticides and containers and his or
her related legal responsibility. This practical knowledge includes ability to:

36 (1) Recognize common pests to be controlled and37 damage caused by them;

(2) Read and understand the label and labeling
information including the common name of pesticides he
or she uses; the crop, animal or site to which they will
be applied; pests to be controlled; timing and methods
of application; safety precautions; any preharvest or
reentry restrictions; and any specified disposal
procedures;

(3) Apply pesticides in accordance with label instructions and warnings, including the ability to prepare the
proper concentration of pesticide to be used under
particular circumstances, taking into account such
factors as area to be covered, speed at which application
equipment will be driven, and the quantity dispersed in
a given period of operation;

52 (4) Recognize local environmental situations that 53 must be considered during application to avoid contam-54 ination; and

55 (5) Recognize poisoning symptoms and procedures to 56 follow in case of a pesticide accident.

57 (e) If the commissioner does not certify the private or 58 commercial application under this section, he or she 59 shall inform the applicant in writing of the reasons 60 therefor.

61 (f) Any written examinations required of private or
62 commercial applicators may not be more stringent than
63 the requirements for such examinations by the United
64 States environmental protection agency.

§19-16A-13. Renewals.

1 Any person holding a current valid license, permit or 2 certification may renew such license, permit or certifi-

3 cation for the next year without taking another exam-

4 ination, unless the license, permit or certification is not 5 renewed by the first day of April of any year in which 6 case such licensee, permittee or certificate holder shall 7 be required to take another examination: Provided. That 8 no person holding an expired license, permit or certi-9 fication may engage in any activity for which such license, permit or certification is required until such 10 11 license, permit or certification has been renewed. Any 12 person renewing after the fifteenth day of January of 13 each year shall pay a penalty of twenty-five percent of the established license, permit or certificate fee. A 14 15 penalty of fifty percent of the established fee shall be 16 levied after the first day of February of each year. 17 Persons delinguent after the first day of February shall 18 be so notified.

§19-16A-14. Exemptions.

(a) Veterinarian exemption.—The provisions 1 of 2 section seven of this article relating to licenses and 3 requirements for their issuance do not apply to a doctor 4 of veterinary medicine applying pesticides to animals 5 during the normal course of his or her veterinary practice: Provided, That he or she is not regularly 6 engaged in the business of applying pesticides for hire 7 amounting to a principal or regular occupation and does 8 9 not publicly hold himself or herself out as a pesticide 10 applicator.

(b) Farmer exemption.—The provisions of section
seven of this article relating to licenses and requirements for their issuance do not apply to any farmer
applying pesticides for himself or herself or with ground
equipment or manually for his or her farmer neighbors: *Provided*, That he or she:

(1) Operated farm property and operates and maintains pesticide application equipment primarily for his
or her own use;

(2) Is not regularly engaged in the business of
applying pesticides for hire amounting to a principal or
regular occupation and that he or she does not publicly
hold himself or herself out as a pesticide applicator; and

(3) Operates his or her pesticide application equipment only in the vicinity of his or her own property and
for the accommodation of his or her neighbors.

(c) Experimental research exemption.—The provisions
of section seven of this article relating to licenses and
requirements for their issuance do not apply to research
personnel applying pesticides only to bona fide experimental plots.

§19-16A-15. Reexamination or special examinations.

Any applicator, whose certificate has been suspended, 1 2 revoked or modified or if significant technological developments have occurred requiring additional 3 knowledge related to the classification or subclassifica-4 tion for which the applicator has applied, or when 5 6 required by additional standards established by the 7 United States environmental protection agency, or when required by rules of the commissioner, is required to be 8 reexamined or to take special examinations and furnish 9 satisfactory evidence of completion of educational 10 courses, programs or seminars approved by rules 11 relating to applicator's certification. 12

§19-16A-16. Employee training program.

1 A licensee shall register with the commissioner any employee who performs pest control within thirty days $\mathbf{2}$ after employment. The employee must have successfully 3 completed training approved by the department. An 4 employee who has not successfully completed training 5 may only apply pesticides if a certified applicator is 6 physically present at the time and place the pesticide is 7 applied. The commissioner shall adopt rules that 8 establish the criteria for approved training programs 9 for such registered technicians. 10

§19-16A-17. Reciprocal agreement.

1 The commissioner may waive all or part of any license 2 examination requirement provided for in this article on 3 a reciprocal basis with any other state which has 4 standards at least equal to those of West Virginia and 5 with federal agencies whose employees are certified 6 under a government agency plan approved by the 7 administrator of the federal environmental protection

8 agency and may issue a license to the applicant:

9 Provided, That all other requirements of this article are

10 complied with by the applicant.

§19-16A-18. Denial, suspension or revocation of license, permit or certification; civil penalty.

1 The commissioner shall notify any licensee of viola- $\mathbf{2}$ tions of this article by the licensee, and after inquiry, including opportunity for a hearing, may deny, suspend, 3 revoke or modify any provision of any license, permit or 4 certification issued under this article, or he or she may 5 impose a civil penalty as provided hereafter by this 6 article, if he or she finds that the applicant or the holder $\mathbf{7}$ 8 of a license, permit or certification has violated any provision of the act or any rule promulgated hereunder. 9

§19-16A-19. Pesticide accidents; incidents or loss.

(a) Any person claiming damages for a pesticide 1 2 application shall file with the commissioner, on a form provided by the commissioner, a written statement 3 claiming that he or she has been damaged. This report 4 must be filed within sixty days after the date that 5 6 damages occurred. If a growing crop is alleged to have been damaged, the report must be filed prior to the time 7 that twenty-five percent of the crop has been harvested. 8 The statement shall contain, but not be limited to, the 9 name of the person allegedly responsible for the 10 application of said pesticide, the name of the owner or 11 lessee of the land on which the crop is grown and for 12 which damage is alleged to have occurred and the date 13 on which the alleged damage occurred. The commis-14 15 sioner shall, upon receipt of the statement, notify the licensee and the owner or lessee of the land or other 16 person who may be charged with the responsibility of 17 18 the damages claimed and furnish copies of statements 19 as requested. The commissioner shall inspect damages 20whenever possible and when he or she determines that 21 the complaint has sufficient merit he or she shall make 22 the information available to the person claiming damage and to the person who is alleged to have caused the 23 24 damage.

(b) The filing of the report or the failure to file a
report need not be alleged in any complaint which is
filed in a court of law, and the failure to file the report
may not be considered a bar to the maintenance of any
criminal or civil action.

30 (c) The failure to file a report is not a violation of the 31 provisions of this article. However, if the person failing 32to file a report is the only one injured from such use or 33 application of a pesticide by others, the commissioner 34may, when in the public interest, refuse to hold a hearing for the denial, suspension or revocation of a 3536 license or permit issued under this article until a report 37 is filed.

38 (d) Where damage is alleged to have occurred, the 39 claimant shall permit the commissioner, the licensee 40 and his or her representative, such as bondsman or 41 insurer, to observe within reasonable hours the lands or 42 nontarget organism alleged to have been damaged in 43 order that the damage may be examined. Failure of the claimant to permit the observation and examination of 44 45 the damaged lands automatically bars the claim against the licensee. 46

§19-16A-20. Legal recourse of aggrieved persons.

1 Any person aggrieved by any action of the commis-2 sioner may obtain a review thereof by filing in a court 3 of competent jurisdiction, within thirty days of notice of the action, a written petition praying that the action of 4 the commissioner be set aside. A copy of such petition 5 6 shall forthwith be delivered to the commissioner and 7 within thirty days thereafter the commissioner shall 8 certify and file in the court a transcript of any record pertaining thereto, including a transcript of evidence 9 received, whereupon the court has jurisdiction to affirm, 10 set aside or modify the action of the commissioner, 11 except that the findings of the commissioner as to the 12 facts, if supported by substantial evidence, are conclu-13 14 sive.

§19-16A-21. Violations.

1 It is unlawful for any person to manufacture, distrib-2 ute. sell or offer for sale, use or offer to use:

(1) Product registration.—(A) Any pesticide which is 3 not registered pursuant to the provisions of this article, 4 5 or any pesticide if any of the claims made for it or any of the directions for its use differ in substance from the 6 representation made in connection with its registration, 7 or if the composition of a pesticide differs from its 8 9 composition as represented in connection with its registration, in the discretion of the commissioner, a 10 change in the labeling or formula of a pesticide may be 11 made, within a registration period, without requiring 12 registration of the product, however, changes are not 13 permissible if they lower the efficiency of the product. 14

(B) Any pesticide sold, offered for sale or offered for
use which is not in the registrant's or the manufacturer's
unbroken container and to which there is not affixed a
label, visible to the public, bearing the following
information:

20 (i) The name and address of the manufacturer,
21 registrant or person for whom manufactured;

(ii) The name, brand or trademark under which thepesticide is sold; and

(iii) The net weight or measure of the content, subject
to such reasonable variation as the commissioner may
permit.

(C) Any pesticide which contains any substance or
substances in quantities highly toxic to man, unless the
label bears, in addition to any other matter required by
this article:

31 (i) A skull and crossbones;

32 (ii) The word "poison" prominently in red, on a33 background of distinctly contrasting color; and

34 (iii) A statement of an antidote for the pesticide.

(D) The pesticides commonly known as lead arsenate,
basic lead arsenate, calcium arsenate, magnesium
arsenate, zinc arsenate, sodium fluoride, sodium fluosilicate and barium fluosilicate unless they have been
distinctly colored or discolored as provided by rules

40issued in accordance with this article, or any other white 41 powder pesticide which the commissioner, after inves-42 tigation of and after public hearing on the necessity for 43 such action for the protection of the public health and 44 the feasibility of coloration or discoloration, by rules, 45 requires to be distinctly colored or discolored, unless it 46 has been so colored or discolored. The commissioner may 47 exempt any pesticide to the extent that it is intended for 48 a particular use or uses from the coloring or discoloring 49 required or authorized by this subsection if he or she 50determines that such coloring or discoloring for such use 51 or uses is not necessary for the protection of the public 52health.

53 (E) Any pesticide which is adulterated or mis-54 branded, or any device which is misbranded.

(F) Any pesticide that is the subject of a stop-sale, use
or removal order provided for hereinafter in this article
until such time as the provisions of that section hereafter
have been met.

59 (2) Business/applicator violations.-In addition to imposing civil penalties or referring certain violations 60 61 for criminal prosecution the commissioner may. after providing an opportunity for a hearing, deny, suspend, 62 modify or revoke a license issued under this article, if 63 he or she finds that the applicant, or licensee or his or 64 her employee has committed any of the following acts, 65 66 each of which is declared to be a violation:

67 (A) Made false or fraudulent claims through any
68 media, misrepresenting the effect of materials or
69 methods to be utilized or sold;

(B) Used or caused to be used any pesticide in a 70 manner inconsistent with its labeling or rules of the 71 commissioner: Provided. That such deviation may 72 include provisions set forth in section 2(ee) of the federal 73 insecticide, fungicide and rodenticide act (7 U.S.C. § 136 74 et seq.), as the same is in effect on the effective date of 75 this article, disposed of containers or unused portions of 76 pesticide inconsistent with label directions or the rules 77 of the commissioner in the absence of label directions 78 if those rules further restrict such disposal: 79

80 (C) Acted in a manner to exhibit negligence, incompetence or misconduct in acting as a pesticide business; 81 82 (D) Made false or fraudulent records, invoices or 83 reports: 84 (E) Failed or refused to submit records required by the commissioner: 85 86 (F) Used fraud or misrepresentation, or presented false information in making application for a license or 87 renewal of a license, or in selling or offering to sell 88 89 pesticides; (G) Stored or disposed of containers or pesticides by 90

90 (G) Stored or disposed of containers or pesticides by 91 means other than those prescribed on the label or 92 adopted rules;

93 (H) Provided or made available any restricted use
94 pesticide to any person not certified under the provisions
95 of this article or rules issued hereunder;

96 (I) Made application of any pesticide in a negligent 97 manner;

98 (J) Neglected or, after notice, refused to comply with 99 the provisions of this article, the rules adopted he-100 reunder or of any lawful order of the commissioner;

101 (K) Refused or neglected to keep and maintain 102 records or reports required under the provisions of this 103 article or required pursuant to rules adopted under the 104 provisions of this article or refused to furnish or permit 105 access for copying by the commissioner any such records 106 or reports;

107 (L) Used or caused to be used any pesticide classified
108 for restricted use on any property unless by or under
109 the direct supervision of a certified applicator;

(M) Made false or misleading statements during or
after an inspection concerning any infestation of pests
found on land;

(N) Refused or neglected to comply with any limita-tions or restrictions on or in a duly issued certification;

156

Ch. 7]

AGRICULTURE

(O) Aided, abetted or conspired with any person to
violate the provisions of this article, or permitted one's
certification or registration to be used by another
person;

(P) Impersonated any federal, state, county or cityinspector or official;

121 (Q) Made any statement, declaration or representa-122 tion through any media implying that any person 123 certified or registered under the provisions of this 124 article is recommended or endorsed by any agency of 125 this state;

126 (R) Disposed of containers or unused portions of
127 pesticide inconsistent with label directions or the rules
128 of the commissioner in the absence of label directions
129 if those rules further restrict such disposal;

(S) Detach, alter, deface or destroy, in whole or in
part, any label or labeling provided for in this article
or the rules promulgated under the provisions of this
article; or

134 (T) Refuse, upon a request in writing specifying the 135 nature or kind of pesticide or device to which such 136 request relates, to furnish to or permit any person 137 designated by the commissioner to have access to and 138 to copy such records of business transactions as may be 139 essential in carrying out the purposes of this article.

§19-16A-22. Criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreement.

(a) Criminal penalties.—Any person violating any 1 provision of this article or rule adopted hereunder is 2 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 3 shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more 4 than five hundred dollars for the first offense, and for 5 the second offense, shall be fined not less than five 6 hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, or 7 imprisoned in the county jail not more than six months. 8 or both fined and imprisoned. Magistrates have concur-9 rent jurisdiction with circuit courts to enforce the 10 provisions of this article. 11

12 (b) *Civil penalties.*—(1) Any person violating a provi-13 sion of this article or rule adopted hereunder may be 14 assessed a civil penalty by the commissioner. In 15determining the amount of any civil penalty, the commissioner shall give due consideration to the history 16 17 of previous violations of any person, the seriousness of the violation, including any irreparable harm to the 18 19 environment and any hazards to the health and safety 20 of the public and the demonstrated good faith of any 21 person charged in attempting to achieve compliance 22 with this article after written notification of the 23 violation.

(2) The commissioner may assess a penalty of not
more than five hundred dollars for each first offense,
nonserious violation, and not more than one thousand
dollars for a serious violation, or for a repeat or
intentional violation.

29 (3) The civil penalty is payable to the state of West Virginia and is collectible in any manner now or 30 31 hereafter provided for collection of debt. If any person 32 liable to pay the civil penalty neglects or refuses to pay 33 the same, the amount of the civil penalty, together with 34 interest at ten percent, is a lien in favor of the state of West Virginia upon the property, both real and per-35 36 sonal, of such a person after the same has been entered 37 and docketed to record in the county where such property is situated. The clerk of the county, upon 38 receipt of the certified copy of such, shall enter same to 39 record without requiring the payment of costs as a 40 41 condition precedent to recording.

42 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 43 contrary, the commissioner may promulgate and adopt 44 rules which permit consent agreements or negotiated 45 settlements for the civil penalties assessed as a result of 46 violation of the provisions of this article.

47 (d) No state court may allow the recovery of damages
48 for administrative action taken if the court finds that
49 there was probable cause for such action.

§19-16A-23. Creation of pesticide control fund in state treasury; disposition of certain fees to general revenue fund.

There is hereby created a special fund in the state 1 treasury to be known as "pesticide control fund" and 2 may be expended on order of the commissioner. All 3 product registration fees, nondedicated fees or civil 4 penalties collected hereunder shall be placed in the 5 pesticide control fund. The proceeds of the pesticide 6 control fund may be used in carrying out the purpose 7 of this article. Dealer, commercial and private applica-8 tor license fees and pesticide application business license 9 fees shall be deposited in the general revenue fund of 10 11 the state.

§19-16A-24. Issuance of subpoenas.

1 The commissioner may issue subpoenas to compel the 2 attendance of the witnesses or production of books, 3 documents and records anywhere in the state in any 4 hearing affecting the authority or privilege granted by 5 a license, certification or permit issued under the 6 provisions of this article.

§19-16A-25. Right of commissioner to enter and inspect; enforcement of article.

1 (a) For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of 2 this article, the commissioner may enter upon any 3 public or private premises, other than a dwelling house 4 and the curtilage thereof, at reasonable times, after 5 reasonable notification to the owner, tenant or agent, in 6 order to:

7 (1) Have access for the purpose of inspecting any
8 equipment subject to this article and such premises on
9 which such equipment is kept or stored;

10 (2) Inspect lands actually or reported to be exposed to 11 pesticides;

12 (3) Inspect storage or disposal areas;

13 (4) Inspect or investigate complaints of injury to14 humans or land; or

- 15 (5) Sample pesticides being applied or to be applied.
- 16 (b) If the commissioner is denied access to any land

where such access was sought for the purpose set forth
in this article, he or she may apply to any court of
competent jurisdiction for a search warrant authorizing
access to such land for said purposes. The court may,
upon such application, issue the search warrant for the
purposes requested.

(c) The commissioner, with or without the aid and
advice of the county prosecuting attorney, is charged
with the duty of enforcing the requirements of this
article and any rules issued hereunder. In the event a
county prosecuting attorney refuses to act on behalf of
the commissioner, the attorney general shall so act.

(d) The commissioner may bring an action to enjoin
the violation or threatened violation of any provisions of
this article or any rule made pursuant to this article in
a court of competent jurisdiction of the county in which
such violation occurs or is about to occur.

§19-16A-26. Issuance of stop-sale; use or renewal orders; judicial review.

The commissioner shall issue and enforce a written or 1 printed "stop-sale, use or renewal" order directed to the 2 3 owner or custodian of any lot of pesticide, requiring him or her to hold the lot of pesticide at a designated place. 4 when the commissioner finds the pesticide is being 5 6 offered or exposed for sale or use or is being used in 7 violation of any of the provisions of this article, until the law has been complied with and the pesticide is released 8 in writing by the commissioner, or the violation has been 9 10 otherwise legally disposed of by written authority. The 11 owner or custodian of such pesticide has the right to judicial review of such order in accordance with the 12 provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 13 14 code. The provisions of this section may not be construed 15 as limiting the right of the commissioner to proceed as 16 authorized by other provisions of this chapter. The commissioner shall release the pesticide so withdrawn 17 when the requirements of the provisions of this chapter 18 have been complied with and upon payment of all costs 19 20 and expenses incurred in connection with the withdra-21 wal.

§19-16A-27. Issuing warnings.

Nothing in this article requires the commissioner to report, for the institution of proceedings under this article, minor violations of this article whenever the commissioner believes that the public interest will be adequately served by a suitable written notice or warning to the person violating the provisions of this article.



CHAPTER 8

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2813—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers)

[Passed March 9, 1990: in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five, eight and nine, article twenty, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to air pollution control; eliminating the requirement that state controls be no more stringent than federal controls; allowing the air pollution control commission to establish permit and operating fees to be applied to paying salaries and expenses of the commission; increasing civil penalties and providing criminal penalties for violations of the article; requiring the attorney general to bring actions on behalf of the commission; and authorizing the director of the air pollution control commission to seek injunctive relief for violations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five, eight and nine, article twenty, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. AIR POLLUTION CONTROL.

- §16-20-5. Air pollution control commission—Powers and duties; legal services; rules; public hearings.
- §16-20-8. Penalties; recovery and disposition; duties of prosecuting attorneys.
- §16-20-9. Applications for injunctive relief.

§16-20-5. Air pollution control commission—Powers and duties; legal services; rules; public hearings.

1 The commission is hereby authorized and empowered:

2 (1) To develop ways and means for the regulation and
3 control of pollution of the air of the state;

4 (2) To advise, consult and cooperate with other 5 agencies of the state, political subdivisions of the state, 6 other states, agencies of the federal government, 7 industries, and with affected groups in furtherance of 8 the declared purposes of this article;

9 (3) To encourage and conduct such studies and 10 research relating to air pollution and its control and 11 abatement as the commission may deem advisable and 12 necessary;

13 (4) To promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code not 14 inconsistent with the provisions of this article, relating 15 to the control of air pollution: Provided. That no rule of 16 the commission shall specify a particular manufacturer 17 of equipment nor a single specific type of construction 18 nor a particular method of compliance except as 19 20 specifically required by the "Federal Clean Air Act," as amended, nor shall any such rule apply to any aspect 21 of an employer-employee relationship: Provided, how-22 23 ever. That no rule or program of the commission shall 24 be any more stringent than any federal rule or program 25 except to the limited extent that the commission first 26 makes a specific written finding for any such departure 27 that there exists scientifically supportable evidence for such rule or program reflecting factors unique to West 28 29 Virginia or some area thereof:

(5) To enter orders requiring compliance with the
provisions of this article and the rules lawfully promulgated hereunder;

(6) To consider complaints, subpoena witnesses,
administer oaths, make investigations and hold hearings
relevant to the promulgation of rules and the entry of
compliance orders hereunder;

37 (7) To encourage voluntary cooperation by municipal-

ities, counties, industries and others in preserving thepurity of the air within the state;

40 (8) To employ personnel, including specialists and
41 consultants, purchase materials and supplies, and enter
42 into contracts necessary, incident or convenient to the
43 accomplishment of the purpose of this article;

44 (9) To enter and inspect any property, premise or 45 place on or at which a source of air pollutants is located or is being constructed, installed or established at any 46 47 reasonable time for the purpose of ascertaining the state 48 of compliance with this article and rules in force 49 pursuant thereto. No person shall refuse entry or access 50to any authorized representative of the commission who 51requests entry for purposes of inspection, and who presents appropriate credentials; nor shall any person 5253obstruct, hamper or interfere with any such inspection: 54 *Provided.* That nothing contained in this article shall be construed to allow a search of a private dwelling. 55 including the curtilage thereof, without a proper 56 57 warrant:

(10) Upon reasonable evidence of a violation of this
article, which presents an imminent and serious hazard
to public health, to give notice to the public or to that
portion of the public which is in danger by any and all
appropriate means;

63 (11) To cooperate with, receive and expend money64 from the federal government and other sources;

65 (12) To represent the state in any and all matters 66 pertaining to plans, procedures and negotiations for 67 interstate compacts in relation to the control of air 68 pollution;

(13) To appoint advisory councils from such areas of 69 the state as it may determine. Each such council so 70 appointed shall consist of not more than five members 71 appointed from the general public, for each area so 72 designated. Such members shall possess some knowl-73 edge and interest in matters pertaining to the regula-74 tion, control and abatement of air pollution. The council 75 may advise and consult with the commission about all 76

77 matters pertaining to the regulation, control and78 abatement of air pollution within such area;

79 (14) To require any and all persons who are directly 80 or indirectly discharging air pollutants into the air to 81 file with the commission such information as the 82 director may require in a form or manner prescribed 83 by him for such purpose, including, but not limited to, 84 location, size and height of discharge outlets, processes employed, fuels used and the nature and time periods 85 of duration of discharges. Such information shall be 86 87 filed with the director, when and in such reasonable time, and in such manner as the director may prescribe; 88

(15) To require the owner or operator of any stationary source discharging air pollutants to install such
monitoring equipment or devices as the director may
prescribe and to submit periodic reports on the nature
and amount of such discharges to the commission;

94 (16) To do all things necessary and convenient to prepare and submit a plan or plans for the implemen-95 tation, maintenance and enforcement of the "Federal 96 Clean Air Act." as amended: Provided, That in prepar-97 ing and submitting each such plan the commission shall 98 99 establish in such plan that such standard shall be first achieved, maintained and enforced by limiting and 100 101 controlling emissions of pollutants from commercial and 102 industrial sources and locations and shall only provide 103 in such plans for limiting and controlling emissions of 104 pollutants from private dwellings and the curtilage 105 thereof as a last resort: Provided. however. That nothing 106 herein contained shall be construed to affect plans for 107 achievement, maintenance and enforcement of motor 108 vehicle emission standards and of standards for fuels 109 used in dwellings;

110 (17) Whenever the commission achieves informally, 111 by letter, or otherwise, an agreement with any person 112 that said person will cease and desist in any act resulting in the discharge of pollutants or do any act to 113 114 reduce or eliminate such discharge, such agreement 115 shall be embodied in a consent order and entered as, and 116 shall have the same effect as, an order entered after a 117 hearing as provided in section six of this article; and

118 (18) To establish by rule, permit and operating fees 119 and penalties for nonpayment thereof. Such fees shall be 120deposited in a special fund in the state treasury 121 designated "Air Pollution Control Commission Fund." to 122be appropriated as provided by law for the purpose of paving salaries and expenses of the commission. Any 123124 balance remaining in the fund at the end of any fiscal 125year shall not revert to the treasury but shall remain 126 in the fund and may be appropriated and used as 127 provided above in the ensuing fiscal years.

128 The attorney general and his assistants and the 129 prosecuting attorneys of the several counties shall 130 render to the commission without additional compensa-131 tion such legal services as the commission may require 132 of them to enforce the provisions of this article.

133 No rule of the commission pertaining to the control. 134 reduction or abatement of air pollution shall become 135 effective until after at least one public hearing thereon 136 shall have been held by the commission within the state. 137 Notice to the public of the time and place of any such 138 hearing shall be given by the commission at least thirty 139 days prior to the scheduled date of such hearing by advertisement published as a Class II legal advertise-140 141 ment in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area 142for such publication shall be in at least one county in 143 each affected air quality control region defined by the 144 commission. A copy of any proposed rule of the commis-145 sion shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state 146 at least sixty days prior to the scheduled date of any 147 such hearing. Full opportunity to be heard shall be 148 149 accorded to all persons in attendance and any person, 150whether or not in attendance at such hearing, may 151 submit in writing his views with respect to any such rule to the commission within thirty days after such 152hearing. After such thirty-day period, no views or 153 comments shall be received in writing or otherwise, 154 unless formally solicited by the commission. The 155 proceedings at the hearing before the commission shall 156 be recorded by mechanical means or otherwise as may 157 be prescribed by the commission. Such record of 158proceedings need not be transcribed unless requested by 159

an interested party in which event the prevailing ratesfor such transcripts will be required from such inter-ested party.

§16-20-8. Penalties; recovery and disposition; duties of prosecuting attorneys.

1 (a) Any person who violates any provision of this 2 article, any permit or any rule or order issued pursuant 3 to this article shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars for each day of such 4 violation, which penalty shall be recovered in a civil 5 6 action brought by the commission in the name of the 7 state of West Virginia in the circuit court of any county 8 wherein such person resides or is engaged in the activity complained of or in the circuit court of Kanawha 9 10 County. The amount of the penalty shall be fixed by the court without a jury: Provided, That any such person 11 12 shall not be subject to such civil penalties unless such 13 person shall have first failed to correct such violation 14 after being given written notice thereof by the director and within such time as is specified in the notice of 15 16 violation issued by the director, such time period to 17 begin upon receipt of said notice. The amount of any such penalty collected by the commission shall be 18 deposited in the general revenue of the state treasury. 19 20 according to law.

21 (b) (1) Any person who knowingly misrepresents any 22 material fact in an application, record, report, plan or 23 other document filed or required to be maintained under 24 the provisions of this article or any rules promulgated by the commission thereunder is guilty of a misdemea-25nor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 2627 more than twenty-five thousand dollars or imprisoned in 28 the county jail not more than six months or both fined 29 and imprisoned.

(2) Any person who knowingly violates any provision
of this article, any permit or any rule or order issued
pursuant to this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and,
upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than
twenty-five thousand dollars or imprisoned in the county
jail not more than one year or both fined and imprisoned.

(c) Upon a request in writing from the commission,
it shall be the duty of the attorney general and the
prosecuting attorney of the county in which any such
action for penalties accruing under this section or
section nine of this article may be brought to institute
and prosecute all such actions on behalf of the
commission.

44 (d) For the purpose of this section, violations on 45 separate days shall be considered separate offenses.

§16-20-9. Applications for injunctive relief.

1 The director may seek an injunction against any 2 person in violation of any provision of this article or any permit, rule or order issued pursuant to this article. In 3 4 seeking an injunction, it is not necessary for the director 5 to post bond nor to allege or prove at any stage of the 6 proceeding that irreparable damage will occur if the injunction is not issued or that the remedy at law is 7 inadequate. An application for injunctive relief brought 8 9 under this section or for civil penalty brought under section eight of this article may be filed and relief 10 11 granted notwithstanding the fact that all administrative 12 remedies provided in this article have not been ex-13 hausted or invoked against the person or persons against whom such relief is sought. 14

15 In any action brought pursuant to the provisions of 16 section eight or of this section, the state, or any agency 17 of the state which prevails, may be awarded costs and 18 reasonable attorney's fees.

CHAPTER 9

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 337-By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 27, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine-a, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend chapter sixty of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a; and to amend and reenact section eleven, article seven of said chapter sixty, all relating to taxation and state control of alcoholic liquor; relating to exceptions to consumers sales tax exemptions for private clubs purchasing alcoholic liquor: declaring that the retail sale of liquor should be made through private retail licensees licensed by the state; providing a short title; providing legislative findings and declarations and a legislative purpose; specifying that the sale of liquor by retail licensees shall be lawful; relating to the discontinuing of retail liquor sales by the state; defining terms; creating the retail liquor licensing board; relating to members, qualifications, terms, meetings, officers, compensation, vacancies, quorum and costs of operation; enumerating powers and duties of board; relating to general powers and duties of board and alcohol beverage control commissioner: authorizing market zones and designated areas within such market zones and Class A and Class B retail licenses with respect thereto; relating to the number of Class A and Class B retail licenses and retail outlets in each market zone; establishing application requirements for retail licenses and identifying retail licensee qualifications and disqualifications; granting broad investigative powers: prohibiting judicial review of a decision denying an application after hearing; establishing notice and bidding procedures and bonding requirements; relating to payment of bid price; providing a preference for resident bidders; providing for annual retail license fees and annual renewal of retail licenses; providing that each retail license shall expire on the thirtieth day of June in the year two thousand. prior to which time new retail licenses shall be issued by following the bidding and other procedures specified; providing for annual reports to the joint committee on government and finance; requiring approval for the sale, assignment or transfer of retail licenses; relating to surrender of retail licenses; providing certain restrictions on the location of retail outlets and days and hours when liquor may be sold by retail licensees: relating to wholesale prices of liquor; relating to maximum wholesale markup percentage for three years: requiring all liquor, other than wine and fortified wine, sold by retail licensees to be purchased from alcohol beverage control commissioner: requiring all liquor, other than wine and fortified wine, sold by private clubs to be purchased from retail licensees: relating to the transportation and storage of liquor; limiting amount of liquor which may be sold to any person at one time; relating to sales of nonintoxicating beer: imposing tax on sales of liquor by retail licensees: requiring posting of informational sign; relating to records and inspection thereof; prohibiting certain acts by persons other than retail licensees; prohibiting certain acts by persons and retail licensees; authorizing the imposition and collection of civil penalties; relating to the suspension or revocation of a retail license: relating to notice, hearing and appeal procedures: specifying that the state administrative procedures act shall be applicable; relating to the disposition of inventory in the event of the revocation or surrender of a retail license: providing that state agencies shall assist terminated employees; providing criminal offenses and penalties; providing rules of construction and a severability clause; relating to the sales tax on sales of liquor to retail licensees; and relating to the drunk driving prevention fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine-a, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that chapter sixty of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a; and that section eleven, article seven of said chapter sixty be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 11. Taxation.
- 60. State Control of Alcoholic Liquors.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

Alcoholic Liquor

1 The exemptions provided in this article for sales of 2 tangible personal property and services rendered for use 3 or consumption in connection with the conduct of the 4 business of selling tangible personal property to 5 consumers or dispensing a service subject to the tax 6 under this article and, for sales of tangible personal 7 property for the purpose of resale in the form of tangible personal property, shall not apply to persons or organ-8 9 izations licensed under authority of article seven, chapter sixty of this code, for the purchase of liquor or 10 11 wines for resale either from the alcohol beverage control 12 commissioner or from retail liquor licensees licensed under authority of article three-a, chapter sixty of this 13 14 code.

CHAPTER 60. STATE CONTROL OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS.

Article

3A. Sales by Retail Liquor Licensees.

7. Licenses to Private Clubs.

ARTICLE 3A. SALES BY RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSEES.

- §60-3A-1. Short title.
- §60-3A-2. Legislative findings and declarations; legislative purpose.
- §60-3A-3. Sale of liquor by retail licensees permitted; cessation of retail sale of liquor by state.
- §60-3A-4. Definitions.
- §60-3A-5. Creation of retail liquor licensing board; members, terms, meetings and officers; general provisions.
- §60-3A-6. General powers and duties of board and commissioner.
- §60-3A-7. Market zones; Class A and Class B retail licenses.
- §60-3A-8. Retail license application requirements; retail licensee qualifications.
- §60-3A-9. Investigation of applicants for retail license; notification to applicants approving or denying application; general provisions relating to licensing.
- §60-3A-10. Bidding procedure.
- §60-3A-10a. Preference for resident bidders.
- §60-3A-11. Bonding requirements.
- §60-3A-12. Annual retail license fee; expiration and renewal of retail licenses.
- §60-3A-13. Annual reports.
- §60-3A-14. Sale, assignment or transfer of retail license.
- §60-3A-15. Surrender of retail license.

ţ

- §60-3A-16. Restriction on location of retail outlets.
- §60-3A-17. Wholesale prices set by commissioner; continuation of price increases on liquor; retail licensees to purchase liquor from state; transportation and storage; method of payment.
- §60-3A-18. Days and hours retail licensees may sell liquor.
- §60-3A-19. Limitation on amount to be sold.
- §60-3A-20. Nonapplication of article to retail sales of nonintoxicating beer.
- §60-3A-21. Tax on purchases of liquor.
- §60-3A-22. Requirement for posting informational sign.
- §60-3A-23. Records required of retail licensees; inspection of records.
- §60-3A-24. Unlawful acts by persons.
- §60-3A-25. Certain acts of retail licensees prohibited; criminal penalties.
- §60-3A-26. Civil penalties.
- §60-3A-27. Suspension or revocation of retail license.
- §60-3A-28. Notice of and hearing on revocation.
- §60-3A-29. Disposition of inventory upon revocation or surrender of retail license.
- §60-3A-30. Employees.
- §60-3A-31. Rules of construction; severability.

§60-3A-1. Short title.

1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "State Retail Liquor License Act".

§60-3A-2. Legislative findings and declarations; legislative purpose.

1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the 2 sale of liquor at retail should no longer be by the state, 3 but rather by retail licensees: that there is a need for 4 the state to control the wholesale sales of liquor; that the health and welfare of the citizens of this state will be 5 adequately protected by the licensing and control of 6 such retail licensees; that the sale of liquor through 7 8 retail licensees will satisfy reasonable consumer con-9 cerns of availability and price; and that the operation 10 and efficiency of state government will be improved by 11 removing the state from the retail sale of liquor and 12 permitting sales of liquor by retail licensees under 13 licenses issued by the state together with strict enforce-14 ment of laws and rules relating to the sale of liquor.

(b) It is the purpose of the Legislature in providingfor the retail sale of liquor to:

17 (1) Continue revenue to the state from the wholesale 18 sale of liquor, by requiring all retail licensees to

ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR

purchase all liquor (other than wine) from the commissioner and by further requiring all private clubs
licensed under the provisions of article seven of this
chapter to purchase all liquor (other than wine) from
retail licensees;

(2) Provide a system of controls, through limitations
on the numbers of retail outlets and application of the
police power of the state, to discourage the intemperate
use of liquor;

(3) Preserve and continue the tax base of counties and
municipalities derived from the retail sale of liquor; and

30 (4) Obtain for the state financial gain from the 31 issuance of retail licenses.

§60-3A-3. Sale of liquor by retail licensees permitted; cessation of retail sale of liquor by state.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 2 contrary, the sale of liquor by retail licensees in 3 accordance with the provisions of this article shall be 4 lawful.

5 (b) Upon the opening of a retail outlet in any market 6 zone, the state shall, as soon as practicable, discontinue 7 operating any and all state liquor stores and agency 8 stores within such market zone so long as a retail outlet 9 is in operation in such market zone.

§60-3A-4. Definitions.

1 For the purpose of this article:

2 "Applicant" means any person who bids for a retail 3 license, or who seeks the commissioner's approval to 4 purchase or otherwise acquire a retail license from a 5 retail licensee, in accordance with the provisions of this 6 article;

7 "Application" means the form prescribed by the 8 commissioner which must be filed with the commis-9 sioner by any person bidding for a retail license;

10 "Board" means the retail liquor licensing board 11 created by this article;

Alcoholic Liquor

"Class A retail license" means a retail license
permitting the retail sale of liquor at more than one
retail outlet;

15 "Class B retail license" means a retail license permit-16 ting the sale of liquor at only one retail outlet;

17 "Code" means the code of West Virginia, one thousand18 nine hundred thirty-one, as amended;

"Designated areas" means one or more geographic
areas within a market zone designated as such by the
board;

22 "Executive officer" means the president of an appli-23 cant or retail licensee, any vice president of an applicant 24 or retail licensee in charge of a principal business unit 25 or division, or any other officer of an applicant or retail 26 licensee who performs a policy-making function;

"Liquor" means alcoholic liquor as defined in section
five, article one of this chapter, and shall also include
both wine and fortified wines as those terms are defined
in section two, article eight of this chapter;

31 "Market zone" means a geographic area designated as
32 such by the board for the purpose of issuing retail
33 licenses;

34 "Retail license" means a license issued under the
35 provisions of this article permitting the sale of liquor at
36 retail;

37 "Retail licensee" means the holder of a retail license;38 and

39 "Retail outlet" means a specific location where liquor
40 may be lawfully sold by a retail licensee under the
41 provisions of this article.

§60-3A-5. Creation of retail liquor licensing board; members, terms, meetings and officers; general provisions.

1 (a) There is hereby created the state retail liquor 2 licensing board which shall be composed of five 3 members, three of whom shall be appointed by the 4 governor by and with the advice and consent of the

é

3

5 Senate, one of whom shall be the secretary of tax and revenue, and one of whom shall be the commissioner. 6 The secretary of tax and revenue and the commissioner 7 8 shall serve as the chairman and secretary, respectively, 9 of the board. No more than two of the three members 10 appointed by the governor shall be of the same political party. No member of the board may hold a retail license 11 12 or have any financial interest, directly or indirectly, in 13 any retail licensee.

14 (b) The provisions of this subsection apply to the three 15 members appointed by the governor. They shall be 16 appointed for overlapping terms of three years each and 17 until their respective successors have been appointed and have qualified, except for the original appoint-18 19 ments. For the purpose of original appointments, one member shall be appointed for a term of three years and 20 21 until his or her successor has been appointed and has qualified, one member shall be appointed for a term of 22 two years and until his or her successor has been 23 24 appointed and has qualified, and one member shall be appointed for a term of one year and until his or her 25successor has been appointed and has qualified. 26 27 Members may be reappointed for any number of terms. 28 Before entering upon the performance of his or her duties, each member shall take and subscribe to the oath 29 required by Section 5, Article IV of the constitution of 30 31 this state. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the unexpired term of the member 32 whose office shall be vacant and such appointment shall 33 be made within sixty days of the occurrence of such 34 vacancy. Any member may be removed by the governor 35 in case of incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immor-36 ality or malfeasance in office. Members shall receive 37 38 compensation of one hundred dollars per day for each 39 day actually engaged in the performance of their duties as board members, and in addition shall be reimbursed 40 for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually 41 42 incurred in the performance of their duties.

43 (c) A majority of the members of the board constitutes
44 a quorum and meetings shall be held at the call of the
45 chairman.

46 (d) Staff, office facilities and costs of operation of the47 board shall be provided by the commissioner.

§60-3A-6. General powers and duties of board and commissioner.

1 (a) The board shall create, based on economic and 2 demographic factors, market zones within the state for 3 the issuance of Class A and Class B retail licenses, and, 4 if deemed necessary or desirable by the board, to create 5 one or more designated areas within such market zones 6 for the issuance of Class B retail licenses.

7 (b) The commissioner shall:

8 (1) Prescribe application forms for persons desiring to 9 acquire retail licenses and adopt an orderly procedure 10 and timetable for investigating, processing and approv-11 ing applications;

12 (2) Develop a form of retail license to be issued to each13 retail licensee under the provisions of this article;

14 (3) Disseminate to the public information relating to15 the issuance of retail licenses;

16 (4) Promulgate standards for advertising the sale,availability, price and selection of liquor;

18 (5) Enforce the provisions of this article;

19 (6) Impose civil penalties upon retail licensees;

(7) Enter the retail outlet of any retail licensee at
reasonable times for the purpose of inspecting the same,
and determining the compliance of such retail licensee
with the provisions of this article and any rules
promulgated by the board or the commissioner pursuant
to the provisions of this article; and

(8) Issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum for 26the purpose of conducting hearings under the provisions 27 of section twenty-six or section twenty-eight of this 28 article, which subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum 29 shall be issued in the time, for the fees, and shall be 30 enforced in the manner specified in section one, article 31 five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code with like effect 32 as if such section was set forth in extenso herein. 33

Ch. 9]

34 (c) The board and the commissioner shall each:

(1) Engage accounting, legal and other necessary
professional consultants to assist them in carrying out
their respective duties under this article; and

(2) Adopt, amend, or repeal such procedural, interpretive and legislative rules, consistent with the policy
and objectives of this article, as they may deem
necessary or desirable for the public interest in carrying
out the provisions of this article. Such rules shall be
adopted, amended and repealed in accordance with the
provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

§60-3A-7. Market zones; Class A and Class B retail licenses.

1 (a) The board shall determine the number of and establish market zones for the retail sale of liquor within 2 3 this state. For each market zone so established, the commissioner shall be authorized to issue one Class A 4 5 retail license and one or more Class B retail licenses. 6 Each Class A retail license shall permit the holder thereof to operate such number of retail outlets as the $\mathbf{7}$ board shall have authorized for that market zone. The 8 number of Class B retail licenses to be issued by the 9 commissioner within each market zone shall not exceed 10 fifty percent of the number of retail outlets authorized 11 12 for the Class A retail license for such market zone: Provided. That in a market zone where the number of 13 retail outlets authorized under the Class A retail license 14 is an odd number, the number of Class B retail licenses 15 which may be issued in such market zone shall be 16 17 rounded up to the next highest whole number following that number which is equal to fifty percent of the 18 19 number of retail outlets authorized under such Class A 20retail license.

(b) If the board determines that a market zone is not
suited for the issuance of a Class A retail license, then
only Class B retail licenses may be authorized for such
market zone and the board shall determine the maximum number of Class B retail licenses which may be
issued for such market zone.

27 (c) When authorizing Class B retail licenses for a 28 market zone, the board may create one or more 29 designated areas within such market zone and authorize 30 one Class B retail license for each such designated area. 31 For each such market zone, the commissioner may issue 32 additional Class B retail licenses for retail outlets to be 33 located outside any such designated area, but the 34 number of such additional Class B retail licenses, when 35 added to the total number of Class B retail licenses 36 issued for all designated areas within the market zone. 37 shall not exceed the maximum number of Class B retail 38 licenses permitted under subsection (a) of this section 39 for that market zone.

(d) A person may hold one or more Class A retail
licenses and one or more Class B retail licenses, but for
the same market zone no person shall hold a Class A
retail license and a Class B retail license or more than
one Class B retail license.

§60-3A-8. Retail license application requirements; retail licensee qualifications.

1 (a) Prior to or simultaneously with the submission of 2 a bid for a retail license, each applicant shall file an 3 application with the commissioner, stating under oath 4 the following:

5 (1) If the applicant is an individual, his or her name 6 and residence address;

7 (2) If the applicant is a corporation, limited partnership, partnership or association, the name and business 8 address of such applicant; the state of its incorporation 9 or organization; the names and residence addresses of 10 each executive officer and director or general partner 11 12 of such entity; and the names and residence addresses of any person owning, directly or indirectly, at least 13 twenty percent of the outstanding stock of or partner-14 ship interests in such applicant; and 15

(3) That the applicant has never been convicted in this
state of any felony or other crime involving moral
turpitude or convicted of any felony in this or any other
state court or any federal court for a violation of any

Alcoholic Liquor

Ξ

state or federal liquor law, and if the applicant is a corporation, limited partnership, partnership or association, that none of its executive officers, directors or general partners, or any person owning, directly or indirectly, at least twenty percent of the outstanding stock of or partnership interests in such applicant, has been so convicted.

(b) An applicant shall provide the commissioner any
such additional information as the commissioner may
request.

30 (c) Whenever a change occurs in any information
31 provided to the commissioner, such change shall
32 immediately be reported to the commissioner in the
33 same manner as originally provided.

34 (d) The commissioner shall disqualify each bid
35 submitted by an applicant under section ten of this
36 article, and no applicant shall be issued or eligible to
37 hold a retail license under this article, if:

(1) The applicant has been convicted in this state of
any felony or other crime involving moral turpitude or
convicted of any felony in this or any other state court
or any federal court for a violation of any state or federal
liquor law; or

43 (2) Any executive officer, director or general partner of the applicant, or any person owning, directly or 44 45 indirectly, at least twenty percent of the outstanding 46 stock of or partnership interests in the applicant, has been convicted in this state of any felony or other crime 47 48 involving moral turpitude or convicted of any felony in 49 this or any other state court or any federal court for a 50 violation of any state or federal liquor law.

§60-3A-9. Investigation of applicants for retail license; notification to applicants approving or denying application; general provisions relating to licensing.

1 (a) Upon receipt of an application for a retail license 2 and such supplemental information as the commissioner 3 may require, the commissioner may conduct such 4 investigation of an applicant as deemed necessary or 5 desirable. 6 (b) Upon the completion of any investigation of an 7 applicant, the commissioner shall inform such applicant 8 in writing whether the application has been approved 9 or denied, and shall post a copy of the decision in the 10 commissioner's office.

11 (c) When an application is denied, the commissioner 12 shall provide the applicant the reasons for the denial. including specific findings of fact, and the applicant 13 14 shall be entitled to a hearing before the commissioner 15 if a hearing is requested within five days of the decision. 16 Any such hearing shall be held as specified in section 17 twenty-eight of this article, but the decision after 18 hearing shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section 19 twenty-eight, be final and binding and not subject to 20 iudicial review.

21 (d) An applicant shall provide all information re-22quired by this article and satisfy all requests for 23 information pertaining to qualification and in the form specified by the commissioner. By filing an application. 24 25an applicant shall waive liability for any damages resulting from any disclosure or publication in any 26 27 manner of any material or information acquired during 28 inquiries, investigations or hearings.

§60-3A-10. Bidding procedure.

(a) The issuance of retail licenses shall be based on 1 2 sealed competitive bids in accordance with the provi-3 sions of this section. Bids for the issuance of retail licenses shall be obtained by public notice published as 4 a Class II-0 legal advertisement in compliance with the 5 6 provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, 7 and the publication area for such publication shall be each market zone within which a retail outlet shall be 8 9 located. The second publication of such notice must 10 appear more than ninety days next preceding the final day for submitting bids. 11

(b) Each bid shall indicate the market zone for which
the retail license is sought, whether the bid is for a Class
A retail license or Class B retail license, and, if the
board has created one or more designated areas for such
market zone, whether the bid is for the Class B retail

:

17 license to be issued for any such designated area. No bid 18. shall be altered or withdrawn after the appointed hour for the opening of the bids. Each retail license shall be 19 20 awarded to the highest bidder. In market zones where 21 two or more Class B retail licenses are authorized (other 22 than for a designated area or areas), such licenses shall 23 be awarded to those persons submitting the highest bids. 24 No bid shall be considered unless the bond required 25under section eleven of this article is submitted to the 26 commissioner. All bids for a retail license may be 27 rejected by the board if the board determines that the 28 highest bid is inadequate, in which event the commis-29 sioner shall begin anew the bidding process for that 30 retail license.

31 (c) Each person desiring to submit a bid must file the 32 same with the commissioner prior to the specified date 33 and hour for the bid openings. The failure to deliver or 34 the nonreceipt of a bid prior to the appointed date and 35 hour shall constitute sufficient reason for the rejection 36 of a bid. After the award of the retail license, the 37 commissioner shall indicate upon the successful bid that 38 it was the successful bid. Thereafter, a copy of the bid 39 and the bidder's application shall be maintained as a 40 public record, shall be open to public inspection in the 41 commissioner's office and shall not be destroyed without 42 the written consent of the legislative auditor.

43 (d) Prior to the advertisement for bids for a retail 44 license, the commissioner shall determine whether the 45 current lessor for any existing state liquor store or 46 stores within the applicable market zone or designated area will agree to accept the eventual Class B retail 47 48 licensee as lessee for the remaining term of the lease. 49 Should such lessor agree to accept the eventual Class B 50 retail licensee, such retail licensee shall have the option 51to assume such lease. In market zones where there are 52two or more Class B retail licensees, the retail licensee 53 who or which submitted the highest bid shall have the 54 option to assume such lease and, if such retail licensee does not assume such lease, then the retail licensee who 55 or which submitted the next highest bid for a retail 56

57 license in such market zone shall have the option to 58 assume such lease.

(e) Prior to the issuance of the retail license to the
successful bidder, the bid price and the annual retail
license fee, as specified in section twelve of this article,
shall be paid to the commissioner by money order,
certified check or cashier's check. All retail licenses
shall be signed by the commissioner in the name of the
state.

66 (f) If the successful bidder fails to pay to the commis-67 sioner the bid price and the annual retail license fee, at 68 the time specified by the commissioner, the bond 69 provided for in section eleven of this article shall be 70 forfeited and such bidder shall not be issued the retail 71 license. The commissioner shall then issue the retail 72 license to the next highest bidder for such retail license 73 or reject all bids and start anew the bidding procedure 74 for such retail license.

§60-3A-10a. Preference for resident bidders.

In determining the highest bidder for purposes of 1 2 section ten of this article, the board shall afford a five percent preference for West Virginia resident bidders, 3 which preference shall be computed by adding five 4 percent of the bid price to the bid price submitted by 5 6 each resident bidder. For purposes of this section a 7 bidder shall be deemed to be a West Virginia resident 8 if the bidder (1) has resided in this state for at least four years immediately prior to the date on which the bid is 9 opened; or, if the bidder is a corporation, has had its 10 11 headquarters or principal place of business in this state 12 for at least four years immediately prior to such date and (2) meets the requirements set forth in section 13 forty-four, article three, chapter five-a of this code 14 relating to a residency of vendors, except for the 15 requirement of having paid business and occupation 16 17 taxes.

§60-3A-11. Bonding requirements.

1 Each applicant submitting a bid under section ten of 2 this article shall furnish to the commissioner a bond at

Alcoholic Liquor

3 the time of bidding, which bond shall guarantee the 4 payment of twenty-five percent of the price bid for the retail license. The bond required by this section shall be 5 6 furnished in cash or negotiable securities or shall be a 7 surety bond issued by a surety company authorized to 8 do business with the state or an irrevocable letter of 9 credit issued by a financial institution acceptable to the 10 commissioner. If furnished in cash or negotiable 11 securities, the principal shall be deposited without 12 restriction in the state treasurer's office and credited to the commissioner, but any income shall inure to the 13 14 benefit of the applicant. The bond shall be returned to an applicant following the bidding if such applicant is 15 not the successful bidder for the retail license, and, if 16 an applicant is the successful bidder, the bond shall be 17 released after issuance of the retail license. 18

§60-3A-12. Annual retail license fee; expiration and renewal of retail licenses.

(a) The annual retail license period shall be from the 1 first day of July to the thirtieth day of June of the 2 following year. The annual retail license fee for a Class 3 4 A retail license shall be the sum obtained by multiplying the number of retail outlets operated by the retail 5 6 licensee in the market zone to which such Class A retail 7 license applies by one thousand five hundred dollars. 8 The annual retail license fee for a Class B retail license 9 shall be five hundred dollars. The annual retail license 10 fee for the initial year of issuance shall be prorated 11 based on the number of days remaining between the 12 date of issuance and the following thirtieth day of June.

13 (b) All retail licenses shall expire on the thirtieth day 14 of June of each year and may be renewed only upon the submission to the commissioner of the same information 1516 required for the issuance of the license and such 17 additional information as may be requested by the 18 commissioner on such forms and by such date as may 19 be prescribed by the commissioner, together with the 20 payment to the commissioner of the applicable annual 21 retail license fee required under this section.

22 (c) No person may sell liquor at any retail outlet if the

retail license applicable to such outlet has been sus-pended or revoked, or has expired.

(d) All retail licenses issued or renewed under the provisions of this article shall expire and be of no further force or effect as of the first day of July, in the year two thousand, prior to which time new retail licenses shall be issued by following the bidding and other procedures set forth herein for the initial issuance of retail licenses.

§60-3A-13. Annual reports.

1 On or before the thirty-first day of December, one $\mathbf{2}$ thousand nine hundred ninety, and each successive year 3 thereafter, the commissioner shall submit to the joint 4 committee on government and finance an annual report 5 focused upon subjects of interest concerning retail 6 alcohol sales and of the implementation of this article 7 including, but not limited to, the total revenue earned 8 by the issuance of retail licenses, the location of each retail outlet and the names of all applicants for retail 9

10 franchises.

§60-3A-14. Sale, assignment or transfer of retail license.

(a) No person may purchase or otherwise acquire a
 retail license unless the commissioner has first approved
 of such person's qualifications to hold a retail license,
 which qualifications shall be the same as those required
 under section eight of this article.

(b) No person may sell, assign or otherwise transfer 6 a retail license without the prior written approval of the 7 commissioner. For purposes of this section, the merger 8 of a retail licensee or the sale of more than fifty percent 9 of the outstanding stock of or partnership interests in 10 the retail licensee shall be deemed to be a sale, 11 assignment or transfer of a retail license under this 12 13 section.

§60-3A-15. Surrender of retail license.

1 Any retail licensee may surrender a retail license to 2 the commissioner at any time. The commissioner shall 3 then proceed to reissue the retail license by following the 4 bidding and other procedures set forth herein for the

5 initial issuance of a retail license.

§60-3A-16. Restriction on location of retail outlets.

1 No retail outlet may be located within the immediate 2 vicinity of a school or church: *Provided*, That the 3 provisions of this section shall not apply to the location 4 of a retail licensee who, on the date of the passage of

- 5 this act, holds a license for the retail sale of wine,
- 6 fortified wine or nonintoxicating beer at such location.

§60-3A-17. Wholesale prices set by commissioner; continuation of price increases on liquor; retail licensees to purchase liquor from state; transportation and storage; method of payment.

(a) The commissioner shall fix wholesale prices for 1 2 the sale of liquor (other than wine) to retail licensees. The commissioner shall sell liquor (other than wine) to 3 retail licensees according to a uniform pricing schedule: 4 Provided. That the commissioner may also establish 5 6 discount prices for the sale to retail licensees of liquor 7 in inventory at state liquor stores and agency stores, but such discount prices shall only be available to retail 8 licensees who accept delivery of such liquor at such 9 stores. The commissioner shall obtain if possible, upon 10 11 request, any liquor requested by a retail licensee.

(b) In establishing wholesale prices, the commissionershall include all price increases heretofore mandatedunder article three of this chapter.

15 (c) On or before the first day of July, one thousand 16 nine hundred ninety, the commissioner shall specify the 17 maximum wholesale markup percentage which may be 18 applied to the prices paid by the commissioner for all 19 liquor (other than wine) in order to determine the prices 20 at which all liquor (other than wine) will be sold to 21 retail licensees during the succeeding three years.

(d) A retail licensee shall purchase all liquor (other
than wine) for resale in this state only from the
commissioner, and the provisions of sections twelve and
thirteen, article six of this chapter, shall not apply to
the transportation of such liquor: *Provided*, That a retail

ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR

licensee shall purchase wine from a distributor thereof
who is duly licensed under article eight of this chapter.
All liquor (other than wine) purchased by retail
licensees shall be stored in the state at the retail outlet
or outlets operated by the retail licensee.

32 (e) The sale of liquor by the commissioner to retail 33 licensees shall be by money order, certified check or 34 cashier's check only: Provided. That if a retail licensee 35 posts with the commissioner an irrevocable letter of 36 credit from a financial institution acceptable to the 37 commissioner guaranteeing payment of checks, then the 38 commissioner may accept the retail licensee's checks in 39 an amount up to the amount of the letter of credit.

§60-3A-18. Days and hours retail licensees may sell liquor.

1 Retail licensees may not sell liquor on Sundays, 2 Christmas or election day, or between the hours of ten 3 o'clock p.m. and eight o'clock a.m., except that wine and 4 fortified wines may be sold on such days and at such 5 times as authorized in section thirty-four, article eight 6 of this chapter.

§60-3A-19. Limitation on amount to be sold.

1 Not more than ten gallons of liquor may be sold by 2 a retail licensee to a person at one time without the approval of the commissioner or his or her representa-3 tive, but a sale in excess of ten gallons may be made 4 5 to a religious organization purchasing wine for sacramental purposes: Provided. That this section does not 6 apply to purchases by private clubs as defined in article 7 seven of this chapter. 8

§60-3A-20. Nonapplication of article to retail sales of nonintoxicating beer.

This article does not apply to retail sales of nonintoxicating beer and a retail licensee may sell nonintoxicating beer for consumption off the premises of any retail outlet operated by such retail licensee if such retail licensee has obtained the appropriate license to sell the same under article sixteen, chapter eleven of this code.

ţ.

§60-3A-21. Tax on purchases of liquor.

(a) For the purpose of providing financial assistance
to and for the use and benefit of the various counties and
municipalities of this state, there is hereby levied tax
upon all purchases of liquor from retail licensees. The
tax shall be five percent of the purchase price and shall
be added to and collected with the purchase price by the
retail licensee.

8 (b) All such tax collected within the corporate limits of a municipality in this state shall be remitted to such 9 municipality; all such tax collected outside of but within 10 11 one mile of the corporate limits of any municipality shall 12 be remitted to such municipality; and all other tax so 13 collected shall be remitted to the county wherein collected: Provided, That where the corporate limits of 14 15 more than one municipality be within one mile of the place of collection of such tax, all such tax collected shall 16 17 be divided equally among each of such municipalities: Provided, however, That such mile is measured by the 18 19 most direct hard surface road or access way usually and 20 customarily used as ingress and egress to the place of 21 tax collection.

22 (c) The tax commissioner, by appropriate rule pro-23mulgated pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall provide for the collection of such tax upon all 24 25 purchases from retail licensees, separation or proration 26 of the same and distribution thereof to the respective counties and municipalities for which the same shall be 27 28 collected. Such rule shall provide that all such taxes shall be deposited with the state treasurer and distrib-29 30 uted quarterly by the state treasurer upon warrants of the auditor payable to the counties and municipalities. 31

§60-3A-22. Requirement for posting informational sign.

1 Each retail licensee shall post in an open and

- 2 prominent place within each retail outlet operated by
- 3 such person a blood-alcohol chart in the form prescribed
- 4 by section twenty-four, article six of this chapter.

§60-3A-23. Records required of retail licensees; inspection of records.

1 The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the records

2 to be kept by retail licensees relating to the purchase

3 and sale of liquor. Such records shall be open at all

4 reasonable times to inspection by the commissioner.

§60-3A-24. Unlawful acts by persons.

1 (a) Any person under the age of twenty-one years who, for the purpose of purchasing liquor from a retail 2 3 licensee, misrepresents his or her age, or who for such 4 purpose presents or offers any written evidence of age which is false, fraudulent or not actually his or her own, 5 or who illegally attempts to purchase liquor from a 6 7 retail licensee, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in an amount not to 8 exceed fifty dollars or imprisoned in the county jail for 9 a period not to exceed seventy-two hours, or both fined 10 11 and imprisoned, or, in lieu of such fine and imprison-12 ment, may, for the first offense, be placed on probation 13 for a period not exceeding one year.

(b) Any person who knowingly buys for, gives to or 14 15 furnishes to anyone under the age of twenty-one to whom he or she is not related by blood or marriage any 16 liquor from whatever source, is guilty of a misdemeanor 17 and shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in an amount 18 not to exceed one hundred dollars or imprisoned in the 19 county jail for a period not to exceed ten days, or both 20 21 fined and imprisoned.

(c) No person while on the premises of a retail outlet 22 may consume liquor or break the seal on any package 23 or bottle of liquor. Any person who violates the 24 provisions of this subsection (c) is guilty of a misdemea-25nor and shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in an 26amount not to exceed one hundred dollars or imprisoned 27 in the county jail for a period not to exceed ten days. 28 29 or both fined and imprisoned.

§60-3A-25. Certain acts of retail licensees prohibited; criminal penalties.

1 (a) It is unlawful for any retail licensee, or agent or 2 employee thereof, on such retail licensee's premises to:

ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR

۶

(1) Sell or offer for sale any liquor other than from 3 the original package or container; 4 5 (2) Sell, give away, or permit the sale of, gift of, or the procurement of, any liquor, for or to any person 6 7 under twenty-one years of age: 8 (3) Sell, give away, or permit the sale of, gift of, or the procurement of, any liquor, for or to any person 9 10 visibly intoxicated; 11 (4) Sell or offer for sale any liquor on any Sunday or 12 other than during the hours permitted for the sale of 13 liquor by retail licensees as provided under this article: (5) Permit the consumption by any person of any 14 15 liquor; 16 (6) With the intent to defraud, alter, change or 17 misrepresent the quality, quantity or brand name of any 18 liquor; 19 (7) Permit any person under eighteen years of age to 20sell, furnish or give liquor to any other person; 21 (8) Purchase or otherwise obtain liquor in any manner 22 or from any source other than that specifically autho-23 rized in this article: or 24 (9) Permit any person to break the seal on any package or bottle of liquor. 2526 (b) Any person who violates any provision of this 27 article, except section twenty-four of this article, 28 including, but not limited to, any provision of this 29 section, or any rule promulgated by the board or the 30 commissioner, or who makes any false statement 31 concerning any material fact, or who omits any material 32fact with intent to deceive, in submitting an application 33for a retail license or for a renewal of a retail license 34or in any hearing concerning the suspension or revocation thereof, or who commits any of the acts declared 35 in this article to be unlawful, is guilty of a misdemeanor, 36 and shall, upon conviction thereof, for each offense be 37 38 fined not less than one hundred or more than five 39 thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not 40 less than thirty days nor more than one year, or both

Alcoholic Liquor

fined and imprisoned. Magistrates have concurrent
jurisdiction with the circuit courts for offenses under
this article.

44 (c) Nothing in this article, or any rule of the board or commissioner, prevents or prohibits any retail 45 46 licensee from employing any person who is at least eighteen years of age to serve in any retail licensee's 47 48 lawful employment at any retail outlet operated by such 49 retail licensee, or from having such person sell or deliver liquor under the provisions of this article. With the prior 50 51 approval of the commissioner, a retail licensee may 52employ persons at any retail outlet operated by such retail licensee who are less than eighteen years of age 53 but at least sixteen years of age, but such persons' duties 54 55 shall not include the sale or delivery of liquor: Provided. 56 That the authorization to employ such persons under the age of eighteen years shall be clearly indicated on the 57 58 retail license issued to any such retail licensee.

§60-3A-26. Civil penalties.

1 (a) Any retail licensee who violates any provision of 2 this article or any rule promulgated by the board or 3 commissioner may be assessed a civil penalty by the 4 commissioner, which penalty shall not be more than one 5 thousand dollars for each such violation. Each violation 6 shall constitute a separate offense. In determining the 7 amount of the penalty, the commissioner shall consider 8 the retail licensee's history of previous violations, the 9 appropriateness of such penalty to the size of the business of the retail licensee charged, the gravity of the 10 11 violation and the demonstrated good faith of the retail 12 licensee charged in attempting to achieve rapid com-13 pliance after notification of a violation.

(b) A civil penalty shall be assessed by the commis-14 sioner only after the commissioner shall have given at 15 16 least ten days' notice to the retail licensee. Notice shall 17 be in writing, shall state the reason for the proposed 18 civil penalty and the amount thereof, and shall designate a time and place for a hearing where the retail licensee 19 may show cause why the civil penalty should not be 20 imposed. Notice shall be sent by certified mail to the 21

ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR

address for which the retail license was issued. The
retail licensee may, at the time designated for the
hearing, produce evidence in his or her behalf and be
represented by counsel.

(c) The provisions of subsections (b), (c), (d) and (e) of
section twenty-eight of this article are applicable to any
such hearing and with respect to judicial review
thereafter.

§60-3A-27. Suspension or revocation of retail license.

(a) The commissioner may, upon his or her own 1 motion, or upon the sworn complaint of any person, 2 3 conduct an investigation to determine if any provision 4 of this article or of any rule promulgated by the board 5 or commissioner under authority of this article has been 6 violated by any retail licensee. The commissioner may 7 suspend or revoke a retail license if the retail licensee 8 or any employee thereof acting in the scope of his or her employment has violated any such provision, and may 9 10 suspend a retail license without hearing for a period not 11 to exceed twenty days if he or she finds probable cause 12 to believe that the retail licensee or any employee 13 thereof acting in the scope of his or her employment has 14 willfully violated any such provision.

(b) The commissioner may revoke a retail license for
any reason which would constitute grounds for the
denial of an application filed pursuant to section eight
of this article.

§60-3A-28. Notice of and hearing on revocation.

(a) Before a retail license issued under the authority 1 2 of this article may be suspended for a period of more 3 than twenty days, or revoked, the commissioner shall 4 give at least ten days' notice to the retail licensee. Notice 5 shall be in writing, shall state the reason for suspension or revocation, and shall designate a time and place for 6 7 a hearing where the retail licensee may show cause why the retail license should not be suspended or revoked. 8 9 Notice shall be sent by certified mail to the address for 10 which the retail license was issued. The retail licensee 11 may, at the time designated for the hearing, produce

Alcoholic Liquor

12 evidence in his or her behalf and be represented by13 counsel.

(b) Such hearing and the administrative procedures prior to, during and following the same shall be governed by and in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code in like manner as if the provisions of article five were fully set forth in this section.

(c) Any person adversely affected by an order entered
following such hearing shall have the right of judicial
review thereof in accordance with the provisions of
section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
code with like effect as if the provisions of said section
four were fully set forth in this section.

(d) The judgment of a circuit court reviewing such
order of the commissioner shall be final unless reversed,
vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of
appeals in accordance with the provisions of section one,
article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

(e) Legal counsel and services for the commissioner in all such proceedings in any circuit court and the supreme court of appeals shall be provided by the attorney general or his or her assistants and in any proceedings in any circuit court by the prosecuting attorney of that county as well, all without additional compensation.

(f) Upon final revocation, the commissioner shall
proceed to reissue the retail license by following the
procedures set forth herein for the initial issuance of a
retail license.

§60-3A-29. Disposition of inventory upon revocation or surrender of retail license.

1 In the event of the revocation or surrender of any 2 retail license in accordance with the provisions of this article, the commissioner shall purchase, and the retail 3 licensee holding such retail license shall sell to the 4 commissioner, all of the liquor inventory of such retail 5 licensee based on the then current cost of such inventory 6 less any expenses incurred by the commissioner in 7 8 connection with the repossession thereof.

§60-3A-30. Employees.

The department of health and human resources, the 1 2 division of employment security, the public employees 3 retirement system, the public employees insurance 4 agency, any state agency or local community action 5 agency receiving job training partnership act funds, and any other agency of the state involved with benefits or 6 7 services to the unemployed, shall work individually with 8 all employees whose jobs have been terminated by this chapter in order to recommend benefits, services, 9 10 training, interagency employment transfer, or other 11 employment. The alcohol beverage control commission 12 director and directors of all other state agencies shall 13 use best efforts to employ qualified employees who were employed at the facility immediately prior to such sale 14 or transfer: Provided, That notwithstanding any other 15 provision of the code to the contrary, in filling vacancies 16 at other facilities or other state agencies the director and 17 the directors of other agencies shall, for a period of 18 twenty-four months after such transfer or sale give 19 20 preference over all but existing employees to qualified employees who were permanently employed at the 21 facility immediately prior to such transfer or sale: 22 Provided, however, That qualified persons who were 23permanently employed at an alcohol beverage control 24 25 commission facility immediately prior to such transfer or sale shall not supersede those employees with recall 26 27 rights in other state agencies.

§60-3A-31. Rules of construction; severability.

(a) Nothing contained in this article shall be
 construed to modify the provisions of article five of this
 chapter relating to local option elections, except that the
 references to sales of liquor by the commissioner shall
 be deemed to refer to sales of liquor by retail licensees.

6 (b) If any section, subsection, subdivision, provision, 7 clause or phrase of this article or the application thereof 8 to any person or circumstance is held unconstitutional 9 or invalid, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall 10 not affect other sections, subsections, subdivisions, 11 provisions, clauses or phrases or applications of the

12 article, and to this end each and every section, subsec-13 tion, subdivision, provision, clause and phrase of this 14 article is declared to be severable. The Legislature 15 hereby declares that it would have enacted the remain-16 ing sections, subsections, provisions, clauses and phrases 17 of this article even if it had known that any sections. subsections, subdivisions, provisions, clauses and 18 phrases thereof would be declared to be unconstitutional 19 or invalid, and that it would have enacted this article 2021 even if it had known that the application thereof to any 22person or circumstance would be held to be unconstitu-23tional or invalid.

(c) The provisions of subsection (b) of this section
shall be fully applicable to all future amendments or
additions to this article, with like effect as if the
provisions of said subsection (b) were set forth in
extenso in every such amendment or addition and were
reenacted as a part thereof.

30 (d) In the event of any conflict between any provision
31 of this article and any other provision of this code, any
32 such other provision shall be construed and applied so
33 as to enable the board and commissioner to implement
34 and make effective the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE 7. LICENSES TO PRIVATE CLUBS.

§60-7-11. Licensee must purchase alcoholic liquors from or through commissioner or retail licensee; exceptions.

1 (a) All licensees shall purchase all alcoholic liquors sold by them from the West Virginia alcohol beverage 2 control commissioner at prices established by such 3 commissioner for sales of such alcoholic liquors to the 4 5 public generally or from any retail licensee licensed under the provisions of article three-a of this chapter, 6 7 except that such licensees may purchase those wines permitted to be sold at retail pursuant to article eight 8 of this chapter from those distributors licensed pursuant 9 10 to said article at the same prices such distributors sell such wines to retailers licensed pursuant to said article. 11

12 (b) In all reports filed under section sixteen, article

13 fifteen, chapter eleven of this code, retail licensees
14 licensed under the provisions of article three-a of this
15 chapter shall separately identify the amount of sales tax
16 on sales of liquor to licensees in such manner as the tax
17 commissioner shall require.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section thirty. 18 article fifteen, chapter eleven of this code to the 19 contrary, the amount of such sales taxes collected by the 20 21 tax commissioner shall be deposited in a revolving fund account in the state treasurer's office, designated the 22 "drunk driving prevention fund", and administered by 23the commission on drunk driving prevention, subject to 24 25 appropriations by the Legislature.

CHAPTER 10

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 35—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 14, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making appropriations of public money out of the treasury in accordance with section fifty-one, article six of the constitution.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Title

- I. General provisions.
- II. Appropriations.
- III. Administration.

TITLE I-GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §1. General policy.
- §2. Definitions.
- §3. Classification of appropriations.
- §4. Method of expenditure.
- §5. Maximum expenditures.

TITLE I-GENERAL PROVISIONS.

1 Section 1. General Policy.—The purpose of this bill 2 is to appropriate money necessary for the economical 3 and efficient discharge of the duties and responsibilities 4 of the state and its agencies during the fiscal year one 5 thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

1 Sec. 2. Definitions.—For the purpose of this bill:

2 "Governor" shall mean the governor of the state of 3 West Virginia.

4 "Code" shall mean the code of West Virginia, one 5 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.

6 "Spending unit" shall mean the department, division, 7 office, board, commission, agency or institution to which 8 an appropriation is made.

9 The "fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-10 one" shall mean the period from July first, one thousand 11 nine hundred ninety, through June thirtieth, one 12 thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

"General Revenue Fund" shall mean the general
operating fund of the State and includes all moneys
received or collected by the State except as provided in
section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code or
as otherwise provided.

"Special Revenue Funds" shall mean specific revenue
sources which by legislative enactments are not required to be accounted for as general revenue, including
federal funds.

22 "From collections" shall mean that part of the total appropriation which must be collected by the spending 23 unit to be available for expenditure. If the authorized 24 25amount of collections is not collected, the total appropriation for the spending unit shall be reduced automat-26 ically by the amount of the deficiency in the collections. 27 28 If the amount collected exceeds the amount designated "from collections," the excess shall be set aside in a 29 special surplus fund and may be expended for the 30

purpose of the spending unit as provided by article two,chapter five-a of the code.

1 Sec. 3. Classification of appropriations.—An ap-2 propriation for:

3 "Personal services" shall mean salaries, wages and 4 other compensation paid to full-time, part-time and 5 temporary employees of the spending unit but shall not 6 include fees or contractual payments paid to consultants 7 or to independent contractors engaged by the spending 8 unit.

9 From appropriations made to the spending units of 10 state government, upon approval of the governor, there 11 may be transferred to a special account an amount 12 sufficient to match federal funds under any federal act.

Unless otherwise specified, appropriations for personal services shall include salaries of heads of spending
units.

"Annual increment" shall mean funds appropriated
for "eligible employees" and shall be disbursed only in
accordance with article five, chapter five of the code.

Funds appropriated for "annual increment" shall be
transferred to "personal services" or other designated
items only as required.

22 "Employee benefits" shall mean social security 23 matching, workers' compensation, unemployment com-24 pensation, pension and retirement contribution, public 25 employees insurance matching, personnel fees or any other benefit normally paid by the employer as a direct 26 cost of employment. Should the appropriation be 27 insufficient to cover such costs, the remainder of such 28 cost shall be paid by each spending unit from its 29 "personal services" line item or its "unclassified" line 30 item. Each spending unit is hereby authorized and 31 required to make such payments. 32

"Current expenses" shall mean operating costs other
than personal services and shall not include equipment,
repairs and alterations, buildings or lands.

36 Each spending unit shall be responsible for all

37 contributions, payments or other costs related to
38 coverage and claims of its employees for unemployment
39 compensation. Such expenditures shall be considered a
40 current expense.

41 Each spending unit shall be responsible for and 42 charged monthly for all postage meter service and shall 43 reimburse the appropriate revolving fund monthly for 44 all such amounts. Such expenditures shall be considered 45 a current expense.

46 "Equipment" shall mean equipment items which have
47 an appreciable and calculable period of usefulness in
48 excess of one year.

"Repairs and alterations" shall mean routine maintenance and repairs to structures and minor improvements to property which do not increase the capital
assets.

Buildings" shall include new construction and major
alteration of existing structures and the improvement of
lands and shall include shelter, support, storage,
protection or the improvement of a natural condition.

57 "Lands" shall mean the purchase of real property or 58 interest in real property.

59 "Capital outlay" shall mean and include buildings, 60 lands or buildings and lands, with such category or item 61 of appropriation to remain in effect as provided by 62 section twelve, article three, chapter twelve of the code.

63 Appropriations classified in any of the above categories shall be expended only for the purposes as defined 64 above and only for the spending units herein designated: 65 66 *Provided.* That the secretary of each department shall have the authority to transfer within the department 67 68 those funds appropriated to the various agencies of the department: Provided, however, That no more than 69 twenty-five percent of the funds appropriated to any one 70 71 agency or board may be transferred to other agencies 72 or boards within the department: Provided further, That no funds may be transferred from a special revenue 73

74 account, dedicated account, capital expenditure account or any other account or funds specifically exempted by 75 the Legislature from transfer, except that the use of 76 77 appropriations from the state road fund transferred to 78 the office of the secretary of the department of transportation is not a use other than the purpose for which 79 such funds were dedicated and is permitted: And 80 provided further. That if the Legislature by subsequent 81 82 enactment consolidates agencies, boards or functions, the secretary may transfer the funds formerly approp-83 riated to such agency, board or function in order to 84 85 implement such consideration.

Appropriations otherwise classified shall be expended only where the distribution of expenditures for different purposes cannot well be determined in advance or it is necessary or desirable to permit the spending unit the freedom to spend an appropriation for more than one of the above classifications.

1 Sec. 4. Method of expenditure.—Money approp-2 riated by this bill, unless otherwise specifically directed, 3 shall be appropriated and expended according to the 4 provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the code or 5 according to any law detailing a procedure specifically 6 limiting that article.

Funds of the state of West Virginia not heretofore
classified as to purpose and existing within the funds of
the treasury shall be determined by the Governor and
transferred to a special account for the purpose of
expenditure as part of the general fund of the state.

1 Sec. 5. Maximum expenditures.—No authority or 2 requirement of law shall be interpreted as requiring or 3 permitting an expenditure in excess of the appropria-4 tions set out in this bill.

TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.

- §1. Appropriations from general revenue.
- §2. Appropriations of federal funds.

,

Department of Administration—Office of the Secretary— Acct. No. 5310 Division of Finance—Acct. No. 2110	.17
Division of Finance and Administration—Acct. No. 2100 Division of General Services—Acct. No. 2130	.15
Division of Purchasing—Acct. No. 2120 Education and State Employees Grievance Board—Acct. No. 6015 Ethics Commission—Acct. No. 6180	. 18
Public Employees Insurance Agency—Acct. No. 6150 Public Employees Retirement System—Acct. No. 6140 Public Legal Services Council—Acct. No. 5900	.18
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES Air Pollution Control Commission—Acct. No. 4760	22
Board of Coal Mine Health and Saftey—Acct. No. 4720	
Coal Mine Safety and Technical Review Committee—Acct. No. 4750 Department of Commerce, Labor and Environmental Resources—	.21
Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5321 Division of Commerce—Acct. No. 4625	.23
Division of Energy—Acet. No. 4775	
Division of Forestry-Acct. No. 4650	
Division of Labor-Acct. No. 4500	
Division of Natural Resources—Acct. No. 5650 Geological and Economic Survey—Acct. No. 5200	
Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin—Acct. No. 4730	.21
Office of Community and Industrial Development—Acct. No. 1210	. 19
Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission-Acct. No. 4740	21
Solid Waste Disposal Authority—Acct. No. 4020	
Water Development Authority—Acct. No. 5670 Water Resources Board—Acct. No. 5640	.23
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	
State Board of Education-Vocational Division-Acct. No. 2890	24
State Board of Rehabilitation— Division of Rehabilitation Services—Acct. No. 4405	26
State Department of Education-Acct. No. 2860	.23
State Department of Education-	
Aid for Exceptional Children—Acct. No. 2960	25
State Department of Education— School Lunch Program—Acct. No. 2870	94
State Department of Education-	
State Aid to Schools-Acct. No. 2950	25
State FFA-FHA Camp and Conference Center-Acct. No. 3360	25
Acet. No. 3330	25
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS	
Board of Directors of State College System-Acct. No. 2785	26
Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia— Acct. No. 2795	
Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia— Acct. No. 2855	27
Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of	~~
Directors of the State College System—Acct. No. 2800	26
Department of Education and the Arts- Office of the Secretary-Acct. No. 5332	
Division of Culture and History-Acct. No. 3510	
Educational Broadcasting Authority—Acct. No. 2910	
Educational Broadcasting Authority—Acct. No. 2910	27
Library Commission—Acct. No. 3500	27

A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
Commission on Aging-Acet. No. 4060	31

Appropriations

Consolidated Medical Service Fund-Acct. No. 4190	31
Department of Health and Human Resources—	
Office of the Secretary-Acct. No. 5343	
Division of Health-Central Office-Acct. No. 4000	
Division of Human Services—Acct. No. 4050	
Division of Veterans' Affairs—Acct. No. 4040 Division of Veterans' Affairs—Veterans' Home—Acct. No. 4010	
Human Rights Commission—Acct. No. 5980	
Human Rights Commission—Acci. No. 3560	
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY	
Adjutant General-State Militia-Acct. No. 5800	34
Board of Probation and Parole-Acct. No. 3650	
Department of Public Safety-Office of the Secretary-Acct. No. 5354	
Division of Corrections-Central Office-Acct. No. 3680	
Division of Corrections-Correctional Units-Acct. No. 3770	
Division of Public Safety-Acct. No. 5700	
Fire Commission—Acct. No. 6170	35
Office of Emergency Services and Advisory Council-	
Division of Emergency Services—Acct. No. 1300	32
DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE	
Department of Tax and Revenue—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5365	36
Division of Professional and Occupational Licenses—	
State Athletic Commission—Acct. No. 4790	
Municipal Bond Commission-Acct, No. 1700	
Office of Nonintoxicating Beer Commissioner-Acct. No. 4900	
Racing Commission-Acet. No. 4950	36
Tax Division—Acct. No. 1800	35
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	
	37
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376 Railroad Maintenance Authority—Acct. No. 5690	37
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376 Railroad Maintenance Authority—Acct. No. 5690 EXECUTIVE Attorney General—Acct. No. 2400	37
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376 Railroad Maintenance Authority—Acct. No. 5690 EXECUTIVE Attorney General—Acct. No. 2400 Auditor's Office—General Administration—Acct. No. 1500	37
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376 Railroad Maintenance Authority—Acct. No. 5690 EXECUTIVE Attorney General—Acct. No. 2400 Auditor's Office—General Administration—Acct. No. 1500 Department of Agriculture—Acct. No. 5100	37 13 12 13
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376 Railroad Maintenance Authority—Acct. No. 5690 EXECUTIVE Attorney General—Acct. No. 2400 Auditor's Office—General Administration—Acct. No. 1500 Department of Agriculture—Acct. No. 5100 Department of Agriculture—Agricultural Awards—Acct. No. 5150	37 13 12 13 15
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376 Railroad Maintenance Authority—Acct. No. 5690 EXECUTIVE Attorney General—Acct. No. 2400 Auditor's Office—General Administration—Acct. No. 1500 Department of Agriculture—Acct. No. 5100 Department of Agriculture—Acricultural Awards—Acct. No. 5150 Department of Agriculture—Division of Rural Resources—Acct. No. 5130	37 13 12 13 15 14
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 15 14 14
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376 Railroad Maintenance Authority—Acct. No. 5690 EXECUTIVE Attorney General—Acct. No. 2400 Auditor's Office—General Administration—Acct. No. 1500 Department of Agriculture—Acct. No. 5100 Department of Agriculture—Acricultural Awards—Acct. No. 5150 Department of Agriculture—Division of Rural Resources—Acct. No. 5130	37 13 12 13 14 14 14
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 15 14 14 14 14 10 11
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 15 14 14 14 14 11
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 15 14 14 14 14 11 11
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 15 14 14 14 14 11 11 11 11 13
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 14 14 14 14 11 11 11 13 13
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 14 14 14 14 11 11 11 13 13 12
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 14 14 14 14 11 11 11 13 13 12
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 14 14 14 10 11 11 13 13 13 13 12 12
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 14 14 14 10 11 11 13 13 13 13 12 12
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376 Railroad Maintenance Authority—Acct. No. 5690 EXECUTIVE Attorney General—Acct. No. 2400 Auditor's Office—General Administration—Acct. No. 1500 Department of Agriculture—Acct. No. 5100 Department of Agriculture—Agricultural Awards—Acct. No. 5150 Department of Agriculture—Division of Rural Resources—Acct. No. 5130 Department of Agriculture—Division of Rural Resources—Acct. No. 5130 Department of Agriculture—Soil Conservation Committee—Acct. No. 5120 Governor's Office—Custodial Fund—Acct. No. 1240 Governor's Office—Custodial Fund—Acct. No. 1230 Governor's Office—Debt Service—Acct. No. 1230 Governor's Office—Debt Service—Acct. No. 1250 State Elections Commission—Acct. No. 2600 Treasurer's Office—Acct. No. 1600 Treasurer's Office—School Building Sinking Fund—Acct. No. 1650 JUDICIAL Supreme Court—General Judicial—Acct. No. 1110	37 13 12 13 14 14 14 10 11 11 13 13 13 13 12 12
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 14 14 14 14 11 11 11 13 12 12 14 14 11 11 11 12 13 15 14 14 14 110 14 110 14 14 110 14 14 110 14 110 14 110 111 111 111 111 111 112 110 111 111 111 112 110 110 110 110 110 110
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376 Railroad Maintenance Authority—Acct. No. 5690 EXECUTIVE Attorney General—Acct. No. 2400. Auditor's Office—General Administration—Acct. No. 1500 Department of Agriculture—Acct. No. 5100 Department of Agriculture—Acct. No. 5100 Department of Agriculture—Acricultural Awards—Acct. No. 5150 Department of Agriculture—Division of Rural Resources—Acct. No. 5130 Department of Agriculture—Soil Conservation Committee—Acct. No. 5140 Department of Agriculture—Soil Conservation Committee—Acct. No. 5120 Governor's Office—Civil Contingent Fund—Acct. No. 1240 Governor's Office—Civil Contingent Fund—Acct. No. 1240 Governor's Office—Civil Contingent Fund—Acct. No. 1240 Secretary of State—Acct. No. 2500 State Elections Commission—Acct. No. 2600 Treasurer's Office—School Building Sinking Fund—Acct. No. 1650 JUDICIAL Supreme Court—General Judicial—Acct. No. 1110 LEGISLATIVE House of Delegates—Acct. No. 1020	37 13 12 13 14 14 14 14 11 11 11 12 12 12
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376	37 13 12 13 14 14 14 14 10 11 11 13 13 13 12 10 12 10
Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376 Railroad Maintenance Authority—Acct. No. 5690 EXECUTIVE Attorney General—Acct. No. 2400. Auditor's Office—General Administration—Acct. No. 1500 Department of Agriculture—Acct. No. 5100 Department of Agriculture—Acct. No. 5100 Department of Agriculture—Acricultural Awards—Acct. No. 5150 Department of Agriculture—Division of Rural Resources—Acct. No. 5130 Department of Agriculture—Soil Conservation Committee—Acct. No. 5140 Department of Agriculture—Soil Conservation Committee—Acct. No. 5120 Governor's Office—Civil Contingent Fund—Acct. No. 1240 Governor's Office—Civil Contingent Fund—Acct. No. 1240 Governor's Office—Civil Contingent Fund—Acct. No. 1240 Secretary of State—Acct. No. 2500 State Elections Commission—Acct. No. 2600 Treasurer's Office—School Building Sinking Fund—Acct. No. 1650 JUDICIAL Supreme Court—General Judicial—Acct. No. 1110 LEGISLATIVE House of Delegates—Acct. No. 1020	37 13 12 13 14 14 14 14 10 11 11 13 13 13 12 10 12 10

- §3. Appropriations from other funds.§4. Appropriations of federal funds.

.

ľ

Appropriations

PAYABLE FROM MEDICAL SCHOOL FUND DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS West Virginia University—Schools of Health Sciences—Acct. No. 9280
PAYABLE FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION Division of Finance and Administration— Information System Services Division Fund—Acct. No. 8151
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES Division of Natural Resources—Acct. No. 8300
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION State Board of Rehabilitation—Division of Rehabilitation Services—West Virginia Rehabilitation Center—Special Account—Acct. No. 8137
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS Higher Education Central Office—State System
Registration FeeRevenue Bond Construction Fund-Acct. No. 8845
Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)—Acct. No. 8835
Acct. No. 8860
Fund)—Acct. No. 8855
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES Board of Barbers and Beauticians—Acct. No. 8220
(Capital Improvement Renovation and Operation)—Acct. No. 8500
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
Division of Public Safety—Drunk Driving Prevention Fund— Acet. No. 8355
DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE Office of Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner—Acct. No. 9270
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Division of Motor Vehicles—Driver Rehabilitation—Acct. No. 8421-11
Division of Motor Vehicles-Driver's License Reinstatement Fund-Acct. No. 8421-10
EXECUTIVE Department of AgricultureAcct, No. 8180

General John McCausland Memorial Farm—Acct. No. 8194	
Treasurer's Office-Board of Investments-Acct. No. 8004	
LEGISLATIVE	
Crime Victims Compensation Fund—Acct. No. 8412	
PAYABLE FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES	
Workers' Compensation Fund—Acct. No. 9000	
§5. Appropriations from other funds.	
PAYABLE FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS	
Board of Trustees of the University System of	
West Virginia and Board of Directors of the	
State College System-Acct. No. 8825	
Department of Health and Human Resources—Acct. No. 9132	
Division of Health—Acct. No. 8525	
State Department of Education—Acct. No. 8243	
Teachers' Retirement Board—Acct. No. 9260	
PAYABLE FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION	
Division of Finance and Administration—Revolving	
Fund—Acct. No. 8140	
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES	
Division of Banking—Acct. No. 8392-0656	
Division of Banking-Acet. No. 8395	
Division of Energy—Oil and Gas Operating Permits—	
Acct. No. 8536-25	
Trust-Acct. No. 8536-14	
Division of Energy—Special Reclamation Fund—	
Acet. No. 8536-10	
Division of Forestry-Acct. No. 8477-24	
Division of Natural Resources—Game, Fish and	
Aquatic Life Fund-Acet. No. 8324-0655	
Division of Natural Resources-Groundwater	
Planning—Acct. No. 8311-10	
Division of Natural Resources—Hazardous Waste Emergency and Response Fund—Acct. No. 8311-26	
Division of Natural Resources—Leaking Underground	
Storage Tanks-Acct. No. 8311-34	
Division of Natural Resources-Nongame Fund-	
Acct. No. 8324-26	
Division of Natural Resources—Planning and	
Development Division—Acct. No. 8329-0755	
Division of Natural Resources-Solid Waste	
Enforcement Fund-Acct. No. 8311-32	
and Environmental Response Fund-Acct. No. 8311-31	
Geological and Economic Survey—Acct. No. 8519	
Office of Community and Industrial Development—	
Acet. No. 8046-10	
Oil and Gas Conservation Commission—	
Acet. No. 8096-06	
Solid Waste Management Board—Acct. No. 8460-10	
Water Resources Board—Acct. No. 8540	

Ch. 10]

2

APPROPRIATIONS

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	
State Department of Education—Cedar Lakes	
Improvement—Acct. No. 8245-12	59
State Department of Education—FFA-FHA	
Conference Center-Acct. No. 8245-07	59
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES	
Division of Health—Health Facility Licensing—	
Acet. No. 8216-19.	60
Division of Health Laboratory Services—	
Acct. No. 8215-18	
Health Care Cost Review Authority—	
Acct. No. 8564	61
Health Care Cost Review Authority—Planning—	
Acct. No. 8216-18,	60
Hospital Finance Authority-Acct. No. 8330	60
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY	
Division of Public Safety-Barracks Construction-	
Acct. No. 8352	62
Division of Public Safety-Inspection Fees-	
Acet. No. 8350	61
Regional Jail and Prison Authority-Acet. No. 8051	61
State Armory Board—General Armory Fund—	
Acet. No. 8445-07	62
DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE	
Agency of Insurance Commissioner-Acct. No. 8016	63
Alcohol Beverage Control Commission-	
Wine License Special Fund-Acct. No. 8591-06	63
Office of Chief Inspector—Acct. No. 8090-06	62
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
Division of Motor Vehicles—Insurance Certificate Fees—	
Acet. No. 8421-09.	66
Division of Motor Vehicles—Motorboat Licenses—	
Acet. No. 8421-05.	65
Division of Motor Vehicles-Returned Check Fees-	
Acct. No. 8421-08	65
EXECUTIVE	
Attorney General—Anti-Trust Enforcement—	
Acet. No. 8418-10	51
Auditor's Office—Land Department Operating Fund— Acct. No. 8120	5.1
Acct. No. 8120	
Department of Agriculture—West Virginia Rural Rehabilitation Program—Acct. No. 8190-13	51
Kehabilitation (regram-Acct. No. 8150-13.	
MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS	
Public Service Commission—Acet. No. 8280	66
Public Service Commission-Consumer Advocate-	
Acet. No. 8295	
Public Service Commission-Gas Pipeline Division Acct. No. 8285	67
Public Service Commission-Motor Carrier Division-	
Acet. No. 8290	67
Real Estate Commission—Acct. No. 8010	66

PAYABLE FROM STATE ROAD FUND

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Division of Highways—Acct. No. 6700
Division of Motor Vehicles-Acct. No. 671065
§6. Awards for claims against the state.
§7. Supplemental and deficiency appropriations.
Division of Human Services—Acct. No. 4050
§8. Appropriations from surplus revenue.
Board of Risk and Insurance Management—Acct. No. 2250
Department of Agriculture—Soil Conservation Committee—
Acct. No. 5120
Governor's Office—Debt Service—Acct. No. 1250
Office of Community and Industrial Development—
Acct. No. 1210
State Board of Education-Vocational Division-Acct. No. 2890
§9. Appropriations and reappropriations—Revenue sharing trust fund.

§10. Appropriations from federal block grants.

PAYABLE FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

Division of Health—Alcohol and Drug Abuse
Treatment and Rehabilitation-Acct. No. 851073
Division of Health—Alcohol, Drug Abuse and
Mental Health—Acct. No. 850372
Division of Health-Community Youth
Activity Program—Acct. No. 8504
Division of Health-Maternal and Child Health-Acct. No. 850272
Division of Health—Mental Health Services for the Homeless—
Acet. No. 8508
Division of Health-Preventive Health-Acct. No. 850672
Division of Human Services-Energy Assistance-Acct. No. 914773
Division of Human Services-Social Services-Acct. No. 916173
Office of Community and Industrial Development—
Community Development—Acct. No. 802971
Office of Community and Industrial Development—
Community Service—Acct. No. 8031
Office of Community and Industrial Development—
Job Partnership Training Act-Acct. No. 8030
Office of Community and Industrial Development—
Justice Assistance—Acct. No. 803271
State Department of Education-Education Grant-Acct. No. 824272

- §11. Special revenue appropriations.
- §12. State improvement fund appropriations.
- §13. Specific funds and collection accounts.
- §14. Appropriations for refunding erroneous payment.
- §15. Sinking fund deficiencies.
- §16. Appropriations to pay costs of publication of delinquent corporations.
- §17. Appropriations for local governments.§18. Total appropriations.
- §19. General school fund.

TITLE II-APPROPRIATIONS.

1 Section 1. Appropriations from general re-2 venue.—From the state fund, general revenue, there are 3 hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment 4 of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-5 a of the code, the following amounts, as itemized, for 6 expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine 7 hundred ninety-one.

1 Sec. 2. Appropriations of federal funds.—In 2 accordance with article eleven, chapter four of the code, 3 from federal funds there are hereby appropriated 4 conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set 5 forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the 6 following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during 7 the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

LEGISLATIVE

1-Senate

Acct. No. 1010

		Federal Funds Fiscal Year 1990-91	F	General Revenue Fund Fiscal Year 1990-91
1	Compensation of Members	\$ —	\$	277,000
2	Compensation and Per Diem			
3	of Officers and Employees			1,044,759
4	Expenses of Members	—		215,000
5	Repairs and Alterations			30,000
6	Current Expenses and			
7	Contingent Fund			510,000
8	Computer Supplies			15,000
9	Computer Systems	_		85,000
10	Printing Blue Book	_		0
11	Employee Benefits			193,000
12	Total	\$ —	\$	2,369,759

.

r.~-

13 The appropriations for the senate for the fiscal year 14 1989-90 are to remain in full force and effect and are 15 hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1991. Any balances 16 so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to 17 the 1990-91 accounts.

Upon the written request of the clerk of the senate,
the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the
total appropriation in order to protect or increase the
efficiency of the service.

22 The clerk of the senate, with the approval of the president, is authorized to draw his requisitions upon 23 the auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and 24 25Contingent Fund of the senate, for any bills for supplies 26 and services that may have been incurred by the senate 27 and not included in the appropriation bill, for supplies 28 and services incurred in preparation for the opening, the 29 conduct of the business and after adjournment of any 30 regular or extraordinary session, and for the necessary 31 operation of the senate offices, the requisitions for the same to be accompanied by bills to be filed with the 32 33 auditor.

34 The clerk of the senate, with the written approval of the president, or the president of the senate shall have 35 authority to employ such staff personnel during any 36 37 session of the Legislature as shall be needed in addition 38 to staff personnel authorized by the senate resolution adopted during any such session. The clerk of the senate, 39 with the written approval of the president, or the 40 41 president of the senate shall have authority to employ 42 such staff personnel between sessions of the Legislature 43 as shall be needed, the compensation of all staff personnel during and between sessions of the Legisla-44 ture, notwithstanding any such senate resolution, to be 45 46 fixed by the president of the senate. The clerk is hereby 47 authorized to draw his requisitions upon the auditor for 48 the payment of all such staff personnel for such services, payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and 49 50 Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate. 51

52 For duties imposed by law and the senate, the clerk

Ch. 10]

53

APPROPRIATIONS

- of the senate shall be paid a monthly salary as provided
- 54 in senate resolution adopted January 1990 and payable
- 55 out of the amount appropriated for Compensation and
- 56 Per Diem of Officers and Employees.

2—House of Delegates

Acct. No. 1020

1	Compensation of Members	\$ —	\$ 855,693
2	Compensation and Per Diem		,
3	of Officers and Employees		583,531
4	Expenses of Members	_	633,825
5	Current Expenses and		
6	Contingent Fund		 1,127,258
7	Total	\$	\$ 3,200,307

8 The appropriations for the house of delegates for the 9 fiscal year 1989-90 are to remain in full force and effect 10 and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1991. Any 11 balances so reappropriated may be transferred and 12 credited to the 1990-91 accounts.

13 Upon the written request of the clerk of the house of 14 delegates, the auditor shall transfer amounts between 15 items of the total appropriation in order to protect or 16 increase the efficiency of the service.

17 The clerk of the house of delegates, with the approval 18 of the speaker, is authorized to draw his requisitions upon the auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses 19 20 and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates, for any 21 bills for supplies and services that may have been 22 incurred by the house of delegates and not included in the appropriation bill, for bills for services and supplies 23incurred in preparation for the opening of the session 24 and after adjournment, and for the necessary operation 25of the house of delegates' offices, the requisitions for the 26 same to be accompanied by bills to be filed with the 27 28 auditor.

The speaker of the house of delegates, upon approval of the house committee on rules, shall have authority to employ such staff personnel during and between sessions of the Legislature as shall be needed, in addition to personnel designated in the house resolution, and the

34 compensation of all personnel shall be as fixed in such house resolution for the session, or fixed by the speaker. 35 with the approval of the house committee on rules. 36 during and between sessions of the Legislature, notwith-37 38 standing such house resolution. The clerk of the house 39 is hereby authorized to draw requisitions upon the auditor for such services, payable out of the appropri-40 ation for the Compensation and Per Diem of Officers 41 and Employees Fund or Current Expenses and Conting-42 43 ent Fund of the house of delegates.

44 For duties imposed by law and by the house of delegates, including salary allowed by law as keeper of 45 the rolls, the clerk of the house of delegates shall be paid 46 a monthly salary as provided in the house resolution, 47 48 unless increased between sessions under the authority of 49 the speaker, with the approval of the house committee 50on rules, and pavable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees 51or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house 5253 of delegates.

3—Joint Expenses

(WV Code Chapter 4)

Acct. No. 1030

1	Joint Committee on		
2	Government and Finance	\$ 	\$ 4,318,353
3	Legislative Printing		793,200
4	Legislative Rule-Making		
5	Review Committee	_	127,500
6	Total	\$ 	\$ 5,239,053

7 The appropriation for Joint Expenses for the fiscal 8 year 1989-90 is to remain in full force and effect and 9 is hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1991. Any balances 10 so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to 11 the 1990-91 accounts.

12 Upon written request of the clerk of the senate, with 13 the approval of the president of the senate, and the clerk 14 of the house of delegates, with approval of the speaker 15 of the house of delegates, and a copy to the legislative 16 auditor, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation in order to protect orincrease the efficiency of the service.

19 The clerk of either house, with the approval of the 20 president and the speaker, is authorized to make a 21 written request to the auditor for the transfer of amounts from items of the appropriation for Joint 2223Expenses to an item or items of the appropriations for such house, in order to protect or increase the efficiency 24 of the service. Upon receipt of such written request, the 2526 auditor shall transfer the amounts as requested.

JUDICIAL

4-Supreme Court-General Judicial

Acct. No. 1110

1	Personal Services \$	— :	\$ 20,100,498
2	Annual Increment		160,000
3	Other Expenses		2,650,000
4	Judges' Retirement System	—	1,400,000
5	Other Court Costs	—	1,800,000
6	Judicial Training Program		250,000
7	Mental Hygiene Fund	—	500,000
8	Social Security Matching	—	1,517,859
9	Public Employees		
10	Retirement Matching	_	1,715,272
11	Public Employees Health		
12	Insurance		1,675,000
13	Total \$	-	\$ 31,768,629

Any unexpended balances remaining in this appropriation at the close of the fiscal year 1989-90 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1990-91. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1990-91 accounts.

19 The appropriation shall be administered by the 20 administrative director of the supreme court of appeals, 21 who shall draw his requisitions for warrants in payment 22 in the form of payrolls, making deductions therefrom as 23 required by law for taxes and other items.

The appropriation for Judges' Retirement System is to be transferred to the judges' retirement fund, in

- 26 accordance with the law relating thereto, upon requisi-
- 27 tion of the administrative director of the supreme court
- 28 of appeals.

EXECUTIVE

5-Governor's Office

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1200

1	Salary of Governor	\$ 	\$ 72,000
2	Unclassified	 	 1,242,275
3	Total	\$ 	\$ 1,314,275

6-Governor's Office-Custodial Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1230

Unclassified—Total \$ 363.405 1 \$ To be used for current general expenses, including 2 compensation of employees, household maintenance, cost 3 of official functions and additional household expenses 4 occasioned by such official functions. 5 7-Governor's Office-Civil Contingent Fund (WV Code Chapter 5) Acct. No. 1240 Humanities Foundation 1 2 Grants.....\$ \$ -0--**Civil Contingent** 3 Fund 4 1,430,000 5 Total \$ \$ 1.430.000 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-6 ation (account no. 1240-06) at the close of the fiscal year 7 1989-90 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure 8 9 during the fiscal year 1990-91. From this appropriation there may be expended, at 10 the discretion of the governor, an amount not to exceed 11 \$1,000 as West Virginia's contribution to the Interstate 12

13 Oil Compact Commission.

8-Governor's Office-Debt Service (WV Code Chapter 5) Acct. No. 1250

Loan Payback to
 Consolidated Investment
 Fund—Total

Fund—Total \$ —

9-Auditor's Office-General Administration

(WV Code Chapter 12)

Acct. No. 1500

1 2 3 4 5	Salary of Auditor \$ Other Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified		\$ 46,800 1,461,038 27,216 396,142 583,885
6	Total \$	_	\$ 2,470,081
	10—Treasurer's Offic	ce	
	(WV Code Chapter 12	2)	
	Acct. No. 1600		
1	Salary of Treasurer\$		\$ 50,400

-	Salary of Arousaror Tretter +		T	,
2	Other Personal Services	—		1,716,625
3	Annual Increment	_		17,796
4	Employee Benefits			489,734
5	Unclassified	—		2,732,599
6	Total \$		\$	5,007,154

11—Treasurer's Office— School Building Sinking Fund

(WV Code Chapter 12)

Acct. No. 1650

7 Funds transferred to the treasurer's office from the

-0----

8 proceeds of the "Better School Building Amendment" as

9 well as investment earnings thereon are hereby approp-

- 10 riated for use as debt service on bonds issued under
- 11 authorization of that amendment.

12—Attorney General (WV Code Chapters 5, 14, 46 and 47)

Acct. No. 2400

1	Salary of Attorney		
	General	\$	\$ 50,400
2	Other Personal Services	—	1,646,640
3	Annual Increment	—	4,176
4	Employee Benefits	—	389,564
5	Unclassified		 760,022
6	Total	\$ —	\$ 2,850,802

7 When legal counsel or secretarial help is appointed by
8 the attorney general for any state spending unit, this
9 account shall be reimbursed from such unit's approp10 riated account.

13-Secretary of State

(WV Code Chapters 3, 5 and 59)

Acct. No. 2500

1 2 3 4 5 6	Salary of Secretary of State—Other Personal Services—Annual Increment—Employee Benefits—Unclassified—	\$ 43,200 432,808 4,050 133,662 156,916
7	Total \$	\$ 770,636
1	14—State Elections Commission (WV Code Chapter 3) Acct. No. 2600 Unclassified—Total \$ — 15—Department of Agriculture (WV Code Chapter 19) Acct. No. 5100	\$ 11,058
1 2	Salary of Commissioner \$ — Other Personal Services —	\$ 46,800 1,942,382

3	Annual Increment	_	38,916
4	Employee Benefits	_	576,737
5	Unclassified	1,742,930	 668,270
6	Total	\$ 1,742,930	\$ 3,273,105

7 Out of the above general revenue funds a sum may 8 be used to match federal funds for the eradication and 9 control of pest and plant disease.

> 16—Department of Agriculture— Soil Conservation Committee

> > (WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5120

1	Personal Services	3 —	\$ 316,590
2	Annual Increment	—	4,140
3	Employee Benefits	—	77,198
4	Unclassified		 91,825
5	Total	~ —	\$ 489,753

17—Department of Agriculture— Division of Rural Resources (Matching Fund)

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5130

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 368,777
2	Annual Increment	_	5,652
3	Employee Benefits	_	128,559
4	Unclassified	.	 228,345
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 731,333

6 Any part or all of this appropriation from the general 7 revenue fund may be transferred to a special revenue 8 fund for the purpose of matching federal funds for the 9 above-named program.

> 18—Department of Agriculture— Meat Inspection

> > (WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5140

1

2	Annual Increment	_	5,526
3	Employee Benefits		101,373
4	Unclassified	503,196	22,147
5	Total \ldots	503,196	\$ 371,158

6 Any part or all of this appropriation from general 7 revenue may be transferred to a special revenue fund 8 for the purpose of matching federal funds for the above-9 named program.

> 19—Department of Agriculture— Agricultural Awards

> > (WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5150

1	Agricultural Awards	\$ _	\$ 64,505
2	Fairs and Festivals	 	 181,028
3	Total	\$ _	\$ 245,533

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

20—Division of Finance and Administration

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 2100

1 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-2 ation for Urban Mass Transit Matching Funds (account 3 no. 2100-41) at the close of the fiscal year 1989-90 is 4 hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal 5 year 1990-91.

21-Division of Finance

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 2110

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 450,226
2	Annual Increment	—	6,725
3	Employee Benefits		134,199
4	National Governors'		
5	Association		57,400
6	Southern States		
7	Energy Board		28,732

Appropriations

8	Public Transportation	—	300,000
9	Unclassified	7,339,098	440,196
10	Total	\$ 7,339,098	\$ 1,417,478

22-Division of Purchasing

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 2120

1	Personal Services \$	—	\$ 585,840
2	Annual Increment	—	6,684
3	Employee Benefits		166,581
4	Unclassified		 96,210
5	Total\$	_	\$ 855,315

6 The division of highways shall reimburse account no. 7 8148-42 for all actual expenses incurred pursuant to the 8 provisions of section thirteen, article two-a, chapter 9 seventeen of the code.

23—Division of General Services

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 2130

1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Fire Service Fee Unclassified	\$		\$	519,084 13,032 183,317 39,000 889,360
6	Total	\$	—	\$	1,643,793
24—Board of Risk and Insurance Management (WV Code Chapter 29)					
	Acct. No. 22	250			
1 2 3	Personal Services Unclassified FEMA Reimbursement	\$		\$	-0- 4,043,852 -0-
4	Total	\$	—	\$	4,043,852
5	The Unclassified item of	appro	priatio	on	herein in-

cludes funding for the purpose of paying premiums, self-6 insurance losses, loss adjustment expenses and loss 7 prevention engineering fees for property, casualty and 8 fidelity insurance for the various state agencies, except 9 those operating from special revenue funds, with such 10 special revenue fund agencies to be billed by the board 11 12 of risk and insurance management and with such costs 13 to be a proper charge against such spending units.

14 These funds may be transferred to a special account 15 for the payment of premiums, self-insurance losses, loss 16 adjustment expenses and loss prevention engineering 17 fees and may be transferred to a special account for 18 disbursement for payment of premiums and insurance 19 losses.

25-Commission on Uniform State Laws

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 2450

1 Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 14,550

2 To pay expenses of members of the commission on 3 uniform state laws.

> 26—Department of Administrtion— Office of the Secretary

> > (WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acet. No. 5310

1 Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 182,456

27—Public Defender Services

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5900

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 227,547
2	Annual Increment	<u> </u>	2,232
3	Employee Benefits	-	56,871
4	Unclassified	 	 8,177,635
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 8,464,285

6 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-7 ation for Unclassified (account no. 5900-18) at the close Ch. 10]

8 of the fiscal year 1989-90 is hereby reappropriated for
9 expenditure during the fiscal year 1990-91.

28-Education and State Employees Grievance Board

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 6015

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 327,294
2	Annual Increment	—	3,348
3	Employee Benefits	—	76,648
4	Unclassified	_	121,420
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 528,710

29-Public Employees Retirement System

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 6140

1 Supplemental Benefits for

2 Annuitants-Total \$ - \$ 1,928,500

3 The division of highways, division of motor vehicles. workers' compensation commissioner, public service 4 5 commission and other departments or divisions operat-6 ing from special revenue funds and/or federal funds 7 shall pay their proportionate share of the retirement costs for their respective divisions. When specific 8 9 appropriations are not made, such payments may be 10 made from the balances in the various special revenue funds in excess of specific appropriations. 11

30-Public Employees Insurance Agency

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 6150

1 The above appropriation and any special revenue 2 received are intended to cover employers' contribution 3 as defined in article sixteen, chapter five of the code.

4 The division of highways, division of motor vehicles, 5 workers' compensation commissioner, public service 6 commission and other departments or divisions operat-7 ing from special revenue funds and/or federal funds 8 shall pay their proportionate share of the public 9 employees health insurance cost for their respective

10 11 12 13	divisions. When specific appropriations are not made, such payments may be made from the balances in the various special revenue funds in excess of specific appropriations.
	31-Ethics Commission
	(WV Code Chapter 6B)
	Acct. No. 6180
1	Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 388,465
	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES
	32—Office of Community and
	Industrial Development
	(WV Code Chapter 5B)
	Acct. No. 1210
1	Personal Services \$ - \$ 1,378,937
2	Annual Increment
3	Employee Benefits
4	Partnership Grants – 1,000,000
5	Unclassified 14,629,478 2,020,929
6	Total \$14,629,478 \$ 4,755,021
7	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-
8	ations for Partnership Grants (account no. 1210-15) at
9	the close of the fiscal year 1989-90 is hereby reapprop-
10	riated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1990-91.
	33—Solid Waste Management Board
	(WV Code Chapter 16)
	Acct. No. 4020
1	Personal Services \$ - \$ -0
2	Annual Increment — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
3	Employee Benefits – –0–
4	Unclassified
5	Total \$0
	34—Division of Labor
	(WV Code Chapters 21 and 47)
	Acct. No. 4500
1	Personal Services \$ - \$ 819,677

218

Appropriations

Ch. 101

35—Division of Commerce

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 4625

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ —0—
2	Annual Increment		—0—
3	Employee Benefits		0
4	Unclassified	1,300,000	 6,103,831
5	Total	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 6,103,831

6 Any revenue derived from mineral extraction at any 7 state park shall be deposited in a special revenue 8 account of the division of commerce, first for bond debt 9 payment purposes and with any remainder to be for 10 park operation and improvement purposes.

36—Division of Forestry

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 4650

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 1,933,981
2	Annual Increment		38,412
3	Employee Benefits	<u> </u>	601,031
4	Unclassified	 321,300	280,118
5	Total	\$ 321,300	\$ 2,853,542

6 Out of the above general revenue funds, a sum may 7 be used to match federal funds for cooperative studies 8 or other funds for similar purposes.

> 37—Board of Coal Mine Health and Safety

(WV Code Chapter 22)

Acct. No. 4720

1	Personal Services\$	_	\$ 41,362
2	Annual Increment		310

220	Appropriations		[Ch. 10
3 4	Employee Benefits — Unclassified		$\begin{array}{r}10,879\\ 8,341\end{array}$
5	Total \$	\$	60,892
	38—Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin		
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Acct. No. 4730		
1 2 3 4	West Virginia's Contribution to the Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin— Total\$—	\$	26,905
•	39—Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission	Ŧ	
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Acct. No. 4740		
1 2 3 4 5	West Virginia's Contribution to the Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission—Total \$ —	\$	89,140
0	40—Coal Mine Safety and Technical Review Committee	Ψ	00,110
	(WV Code Chapter 22)		
	Acct. No. 4750		
1 2 3	Personal Services\$— Employee Benefits — Unclassified	\$	5,528 1,439 61,384
4	Total \$ -	\$	68,351
	41—Air Pollution Control Commission		
	(WV Code Chapter 16)		
	Acct. No. 4760		
1	Personal Services \$ —	\$	460,209

2 3 4	Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified		5,620 135,066
			 188,394
5	Total	\$ 1,038,682	\$ 789,289
	42—Division of	Energy	
	(WV Code Char	oter 22)	
	Acct. No. 47	775	
1	Personal Services	\$	\$ 0
2	Annual Increment	_	—0—
3	Employee Benefits	_	—0—
	TT	71 070 010	0 101 500

4 Unclassified 71,673,916 6,494,566 5 Total \$71,673,916 6,494,566

43—Geological and Economic Survey

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5200

1	Personal Services\$	_	\$ 1,141,313
2	Annual Increment	—	19,296
3	Employee Benefits	—	309,696
4	Unclassified	433,034	160,692
5	Total \$	433,034	\$ 1,630,997

6 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-7 ation To Secure Federal and Other Contracts (account 8 no. 5200-07) at the close of the fiscal year 1989-90 is 9 hereby appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal 10 year 1990-91.

11 The Unclassified appropriation includes funding to 12 secure federal and other contracts and may be trans-13 ferred to a special revenue account for the purpose of 14 providing advance funding for such contracts.

44—Department of Commerce, Labor and Environmental Resources— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 5321

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 265,661

45-Water Resources Board

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 5640

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ -0
2	Annual Increment		-0-
3	Employee Benefits	_	-0
4	Unclassified	_	 _0_
5	Total	\$ _	\$ -0-

46-Division of Natural Resources

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 5650

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 2,359,322
2	Annual Increment	—	44,622
3	Employee Benefits	—	727,357
4	Black Fly Control		
5	Spraying Project	_	223,100
6	Unclassified	10,459,364	 385,772
7	Total	\$10,459,364	\$ 3,740,173

47-Water Development Authority

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 5670

1 Unclassified—Total \$14,703,579 \$ -0-DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

48-State Department of Education

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Acct. No. 2860

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 2,565,697
2	Annual Increment	_	33,418
3	Employee Benefits	_	614,530
4	Unclassified	1,899,718	7,557,905

5 6	Education of Institutionalized Juveniles — 1,176,651				
7	Total \$ 1,899,718 \$ 11,948,201				
8 9	The above appropriation includes the state board of education and their executive office.				
10	The state board of education shall transfer the balance				
11	of funds and investment earnings thereon remaining				
12	from the "Better School Building Amendment" to the				
13	office of the treasurer to be applied to repayment of				
14	bonds issued for the purposes of that amendment.				
	49—State Department of Education—				
	School Lunch Program				
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)				
	Acct. No. 2870				

Personal Services \$ \$ 135,298 1 2 Annual Increment 1,476 Employee Benefits 3 60,189 4 Unclassified 50,688,037 1,689,927 1.886.890 5 Total \$50.688.037 \$ 50-State Board of Education-Vocational Division (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A) Acct. No. 2890 Personal Services \$ \$ 599,019 1 Annual Increment 8.209 2 Employee Benefits 154.896 3 4 Unclassified 11,062,512 11,629,956 Albert Yanni Vocational $\mathbf{5}$ 160,000 6 Program Wood Products-Forestry 7 Vocational Programs 8 -0— Total \$11,062,512 \$ 12,552,080 9 51-State Department of Education-State Aid to Schools (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A) Acct. No. 2950 Unclassified \$ 4,500,000 1 \$737,535,332

224	Appropriations		[Ch. 10
2 3	Salary Equity — Public Employees		20,500,000
4 5	Insurance Agency		78,449,000
6	System	1	03,900,000
7	Total \$ 4,500,000	\$9	40,384,332
	52—State Department of Education- Aid for Exceptional Children	_	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)		
	Acct. No. 2960		
1	Unclassified—Total \$23,292,129	\$	_
	53—West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and the Blind		
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)		
	Acct. No. 3330		
1 2 3 4	Personal ServicesAnnual IncrementEmployee BenefitsUnclassified	\$	3,884,486 4,572 986,131 1,257,466
5	Total \$ —	\$	6,132,655
54—State FFA-FHA Camp and Conference Center			
(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)			
	Acct. No. 3360		
1 2 3 4	Personal Services—Annual Increment—Employee Benefits—Unclassified—	\$	$127,331 \\ 2,792 \\ 25,838 \\ 66,404$
5	Total \$	\$	222,365
55—State Board of Rehabilitation— Division of Rehabilitation Services			
(WV Code Chapter 18)			
Acct. No. 4405			
1	Personal Services \$ —	\$	3,902,403

.

;

y

2	Annual Increment		89,342
3	Employee Benefits		1,057,246
4	Current Expenses	_	904,392
5	Repairs and Alterations	_	40,000
6	Workshop Development		1,633,000
7	Case Services	·	2,000,000
8	Unclassified	29,127,764	626,821
9	Total	\$29,127,764	\$ 10,253,204

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS

56—Board of Directors of the State College System

Control Account (WV Code Chapter 18B)

Acct. No. 2785

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 69,260,520

57—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia

> Control Account (WV Code Chapter 18B)

> > Acct. No. 2795

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$128,235,865

58—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System

> Consolidated Staff Account (WV Code Chapter 18B) Account No. 2800

--- -

1	Higher Education		
2	Grant Program \$	—	\$ 3,795,000
3	Contract Tuition Program	<u> </u>	606,000
4	Eminent Scholars Program		-0
5	Underwood-Smith		
6	Scholarship Program—		
	Student Awards	-	0
7	EPSCOR Program	—	_0_

226	Appropriations [Ch. 10				
8	Unclassified—Central Office — 1,006,295				
9	Total \$ - \$ 5,407,295				
10 11	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri- ation for Asbestos Litigation (account no. 2800-21) at the				
$\frac{12}{13}$	close of the fiscal year 1989-90 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1990-91.				
	59—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia				
	University of West Virginia Health Sciences Account				
	(WV Code Chapter 18B)				
	Acct. No. 2855				
1	Unclassified—Total \$ \$ 46,977,475				
2	From the above appropriation, \$130,000 shall be				
3	expended towards establishing a doctor of pharmacy				
4 5	program at the West Virginia university health science center.				
·	60—Educational Broadcasting Authority				
	(WV Code Chapter 10)				
	Acct. No. 2910				
1	Personal Services \$ - \$ 2,999,090				
2	Annual Increment				
3	Employee Benefits				
4	Unclassified 1,136,628 1,540,273				
5	Total \$ 1,136,628 \$ 5,225,613				
6	These funds may be transferred to special revenue				
7	accounts for matching college, university, city, county,				
8	federal and/or other generated revenue.				
	61—Library Commission				
	(WV Code Chapter 10)				
-	Acct. No. 3500				
1	Personal Services \$ \$ 916,602 Annual Increment \$ 21,312				
2 3	Annual Increment				
4	Unclassified 1,147,831 6,368,877				
5	Total \$ 1,147,831 \$ 7,569,794				

62—Division of Culture and History

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 3510

1	Personal Services	\$ ·	\$ -0
2	Annual Increment	<u> </u>	0
3	Employee Benefits	_	—0—
4	Project 2021		-0
5	Unclassified	1,525,000	 4,308,472
6	Total	\$ 1,525,000	\$ 4,308,472

7 The Unclassified appropriation includes funding for 8 the Arts Funds, Department Programming Funds, 9 Grants, Fairs and Festivals and Washington Carver 10 Camp and shall be expended only upon authorization of 11 the division of culture and history and in accordance 12 with the provisions of chapter five-a and article three, 13 chapter twelve of the code.

All federal moneys received as reimbursement to the division of culture and history for moneys expended from the general revenue fund for the Arts Fund and Historical Preservation are hereby reapropriated for the purposes as originally made, including personal services, current expenses and equipment.

63—Department of Education and the Arts— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

1	Unclassified	\$ —	\$ 182,340
2	Eminent Scholars Program		150,000
3	Underwood-Smith		
4	Scholarship		
	Program—Student		
	Awards		 400,000
5	Total	\$ —	\$ 732,340

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

64—Division of Health— Central Office (WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 4000

1	Personal Services	\$	\$ 5,131,820
2	Annual Increment		90,000
3	Corporate Nonprofit		
4	Community Health		
5	Centers—F.M.H.A.		
6	Mortgage Finance		105,913
7	Employee Benefits	—	1,600,000
8	Unclassified		4,244,079
9	Total	\$ —	\$ 11,171,812

65—Division of Veterans' Affairs— Veterans' Home

(WV Code Chapter 9A)

Acct. No. 4010

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 422,400 \$ -

2 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri-3 ations for Repairs and Alterations (account no. 4010-02) 4 and Equipment (account no. 4010-03) at the close of the 5 fiscal year 1989-90 are hereby reappropriated for 6 expenditure during the fiscal year 1990-91.

66—Division of Veterans' Affairs

(WV Code Chapter 9A)

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 595,691
2	Annual Increment	_	11,736
3	Employee Benefits		215,064
4	Unclassified		 92,643
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 915,134

67—Division of Human Services

(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)

Acct. No. 4050

1	Personal Services	\$	\$ 12,393,130
2	Annual Increment		326,002
3	Employee Benefits		3,952,984
4	Current Expenses	_	-0
5	Medical Services		103,733,532
6	Unclassified	578,463,736	73,023,214
7	Family Law Masters	225,000	789,165
8	Women's Commission	—	53,505
9	Commission on Hearing		
10	Impaired		43,000
11	Total	\$578,688,736	\$194,314,532

12 The Medical Services line item includes funding for 13 Title XIX Waiver.

14 Funds appropriated through the Medical Services line item of account no. 4050 may not be expended to pay the 15 cost of an abortion unless: (1) A duly licensed attending 16 physician determines in his or her best clinical judgment 17 18 that an abortion is medically necessary because (a) a continuation of the pregnancy would either endanger the 19 life of the pregnant woman or could cause permanent, 20 catastrophic, physical injuries to the woman; or (b) 21 prenatal tests indicate that the child would probably be 22 born with grave, permanent and irremediable mental 23 24 and/or physical defects; or (2) the pregnancy resulted from sexual assault or incest and the sexual assault was 25reported to law-enforcement authorities or the incest was 2627 reported to the department of health and human resources 28 prior to the performance of the abortion.

29 No funds from this account, or any other department of health and human resources account, shall be used to 30 pay family law master salaries or expenses in excess of 31 the Family Law Masters line item appropriation. It is 32 anticipated that the family law master program will 33 generate sufficient revenue from fees and federal child 34 support funds to cover the remainder of its program 35 36 costs.

68—Commission on Aging

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 4060

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 110,795
2	Annual Increment		2,416
3	Employee Benefits	—	33,839
4	Area Agencies on Aging		
5	Administration		—0—
6	Substate Ombudsman	—	-0
7	Local Programs		
8	Service Delivery Costs	—	2,160,426
9	Attorney General		—0—
10	Silver Haired Legislature	—	0
11	Golden Mountaineer	—	-0
12	Unclassified	10,151,000	1,001,488
13	Total	\$10,151,000	\$ 3,308,964

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Senior Citizen Centers—Land Acquisition, Construction Repairs and Alterations (account no. 4060-10) at the close of the fiscal year 1989-90 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1990-91.

69—Consolidated Medical Service Fund

1	Foster Grandparents			
2	Stipends/Travel	\$ —	\$	62,000
3	Institutional Facilities			
4	Operations	_	:	37,321,140
5	Employee Benefits			12,512,909
6	Poison Control			
	Hotline	—		250,000
7	ICF/MR Match	_		0
8	Special Olympics			28,000
9	State Aid to			
	Local Agencies			6,800,000
10	Maternal and Child			
11	Health Clinics,			
12	Clinicians and Medical			
13	Contracts and Fees			5,330,000

14	Continuum of Care	_	—0—
15	Primary Care Contracts		
16	to Community		
	Health Centers	—	2,800,000
17	Epidemiology Research	—	250,000
18	Grants to Counties and		
19	EMS Entities	—	1,725,000
20	Behavioral Health Program	—	36,300,930
21	Unclassified	26,833,606	
22	Total	\$26,833,606	\$103,379,979

23 The director of health, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, shall file with the legislative auditor an 24 expenditure schedule for each formerly separate 25spending unit which has been consolidated into the 26 above account and which receives a portion of the above 27appropriation. He shall also, within fifteen days after 28 the close of the six-month period of said fiscal year, file 29 with the legislative auditor an itemized report of 30 expenditures made during the preceding six-month 31 32 period.

Additional funds have been appropriated in acct. no.
8500 for operation of the medical facilities.

70—Department of Health and Human Resources— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 5343

1	Unclassified—Total	. \$	—	\$	181,875
---	--------------------	------	---	----	---------

71—Human Rights Commission

(WV Code Chapter 5)

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 367,025
2	Annual Increment	—	6,430
3	Employee Benefits		108,384
4	Unclassified	102,190	 177,589
5	Total	\$ 102,190	\$ 659,428

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

72—Office of Emergency Services and Advisory Council— Division of Emergency Services

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 1300

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$	163,974
2	Annual Increment			3,096
3	Employee Benefits	_		48,805
4	Unclassified	 2,744,980	_	36,957
5	Total	\$ 2,744,980	\$	252,832

73-Board of Probation and Parole

(WV Code Chapter 62)

1 2 3 4 5 6	Salaries of Members of Board of Probation and Parole	\$ 	\$	84,900 52,527 1,080 31,500 11,104		
7	Total	\$ —	\$	181,111		
	74—Division of Cor Central Offi (WV Code Chapters 25, 1	се	2)			
	Acct. No. 36		2)			
			•			
1	Personal Services	\$	\$	331,044		
2	Annual Increment			5,184		
3	Employee Benefits	_		89,994		
4	Unclassified			160,506		
5	Total	\$	\$	586,728		
75—Division of Corrections— Correctional Units						
	(WV Code Chapters 25,	28, 29 and 6	2)			
	Acct. No. 37	70				
1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$	12,125,856		

2

3

4

F

0	and negional sans			- 0
6	Unclassified		_	8,749,410
7	Total	\$ —	\$	25,042,376

8 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri-9 ations for Capital Outlay (account no. 3770-04) at the 10 close of the fiscal year 1989-90 are hereby reapprop-11 riated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1990-91.

12 The commissioner of corrections, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, shall file with the legislative 13 14 auditor an expenditure schedule for each formerly separate spending unit which has been consolidated into 15the above account and which receives a portion of the 16 above appropriation. He shall also, within fifteen days 17 after the close of each six-month period of said fiscal 18 year, file with the legislative auditor an itemized report 19 20 of expenditures made during the preceeding six-month period. Such report shall include the total of expendi-21 tures made for personal services, annual increment, 22current expenses (inmate medical expenses and other), 23 repairs and alterations and equipment. 24

> 76—Department of Public Safety— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 5354

æ

æ

100.010

1	Unclassified—Total \$	_	\$	136,240				
	77—Division of Public	Safety						
	(WV Code Chapter 15)							
	Acct. No. 5700							
1	Personal Services \$	_	\$	15,412,471				
2	Annual Increment	—		90,900				
3	Employee Benefits	—		4,370,607				
4	Unclassified	353,957	_	3,432,824				
5	Total \$	353,957	\$	23,306,802				

78-Adjutant General-State Militia

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 5800

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 249,021
2	Annual Increment	_	5,580
3	Employee Benefits	_	85,543
4	Unclassified	4,629,272	 3,645,176
5	Total\$	4,629,272	\$ 3,985,320

79—Fire Commission

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 6170

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 451,336
2	Annual Increment	—	7,452
3	Employee Benefits	—	144,254
4	Unclassified	—	 153,624
5.	Total	\$ 	\$ 756,666

DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE

80-Municipal Bond Commission

(WV Code Chapter 13)

Acct. No. 1700

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 72,333
2	Annual Increment	—	1,332
3	Employee Benefits	—	21,114
4	Unclassified		 28,464
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 123,243

81—Tax Division

(WV Code Chapter 11)

1	Personal Services\$	— \$	\$ 8,184,063
2	Annual Increment		148,126
3	Employee Benefits	_	2,368,841
4	Unclassified	-	4,801,187

Ch. 10)] Appropriati	ONS			235
5 6 7	Property Evaluation Training and Productivity Commission		_		25,000
8	Total	\$	_	\$	15,527,217
	82—Division of Profe Occupational Lie State Athletic Cor (WV Code Chap	censes– nmissio	- on	•	
	Acct. No. 4	•			
1	Unclassified—Total		_	\$	5,068
	83—Office of Nonir Beer Commiss		ling		
	(WV Code Char	oter 11)			
	Acct. No. 49	900			
1 2 3 4	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	\$		\$	304,174 4,176 90,239 73,258
5	Total	\$		\$	471,847
	84—Racing Com	imissio	n		
	(WV Code Char				
	Acct. No. 4				
1 2 3 4	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	\$		\$	996,474 8,640 260,841 79,981
5	Total	\$	_	\$	1,345,936
	85—Department of Tax Office of the Sec		evenue	_	
	(WV Code Chap	oter 5F)		
	Acct. No. 5	365			
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	_	\$	182,495

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

86—Department of Transportation— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 5376

1	Civil Air Patrol	\$ _	\$ 82,450
2	Unclassified	 	\$ 182,340
3	Total	\$ _	\$ 264,790

87—Railroad Maintenance Authority

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5690

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 409,355
2	Annual Increment		5,724
3	Employee Benefits		215,867
4	Unclassified	348,000	180,900
5	Total\$	348,000	\$ 811,846
-			

1 Total TITLE II, Section 1—

2 General Revenue\$ - \$1,757,054,039

1 Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.—From 2 the funds designated there are hereby appropriated 3 conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set 4 forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the 5 following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during 6 the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

1 Sec. 4. Appropriations of federal funds.—In 2 accordance with article eleven, chapter four of the code, 3 from federal funds there are hereby appropriated 4 conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set 5 forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the 6 following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during 7 the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

LEGISLATIVE

88-Crime Victims Compensation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 14)

Acct. No. 8412

		Federal Funds Fiscal Year 1990-91		Other Funds Fiscal Year 1990-91	
1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	105,503
2	Annual Increment				684
3	Employee Benefits		_		26,755
4	Unclassified		700,000		34,738
5	Total	\$	700,000	\$	167,680

6 These funds are intended to be expended for court 7 costs and administrative costs and federal reimburse-

8 ment for compensation paid to crime victims.

EXECUTIVE

89—Treasurer's Office— Abandoned and Unclaimed Property

(WV Code Chapters 12 and 36)

Acct. No. 8000

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ -0
2	Annual Increment	—	—0—
3	Employee Benefits		-0
4	Unclassified	 	 _0
5	Total	\$ 	\$ -0

90—Treasurer's Office— Board of Investments

(WV Code Chapter 12)

Acct. No. 8004

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ —0—
2	Annual Increment		-0
3	Employee Benefits		\$ -0
4	Unclassified	 	 0
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 0

91-Department of Agriculture

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8180

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 202,925
2	Annual Increment		1,040
3	Employee Benefits	—	48,633
4	Unclassified	 -	 460,776
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 713,374

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid

7 from a special revenue fund out of collections made by

8 the department of agriculture as provided by law.

92-General John McCausland Memorial Farm

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8194

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

- 1 Unclassified—Total \$ \$ 73,643
- 2 Funds for the above appropriation shall be expended

3 in accordance with article twenty-six, chapter nineteen

4 of the code.

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

93—Division of Finance and Administration— Information System Services Division Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 8151

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 2,880,263
2	Annual Increment		44,307
3	Employee Benefits	_	744,810
4	Unclassified	 	728,995
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 4,398,375

Appropriations

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from a special revenue fund out of collections made by 8 the division of finance and administration as provided 9 by law.

10 There is hereby appropriated from this fund, in 11 addition to the above appropriation, the necessary 12 amount for the expenditure of funds other than personal 13 services or employee benefits to enable ISS to provide 14 information processing services to user agencies. These 15 services include, but are not limited to, data processing, 16 office automation and telecommunications.

17 There is hereby established a revolving fund for 18 postage meter service requirements for all spending 19 units operating from the general revenue fund, from 20 special revenue funds or receiving reimbursement for 21 postage from the federal government.

Each spending unit shall be charged monthly for all
postage meter service and shall reimburse the revolving
fund monthly for all such amounts.

94—Division of Personnel—

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 8401

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$	1,988,570
2	Annual Increment	_		35,352
3	Employee Benefits			619,809
4	Unclassified	 	_	460,269
5	Total	\$ _	\$	3,104,000

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from a special revenue fund out of fees collected by the 8 division of personnel.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

 $95-Division \ of \ Natural \ Resources$

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8300

240

[Ch. 10

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$	4,914,000
2	Annual Increment	—		84,000
3	Employee Benefits	—		1,500,000
4	Land Purchase			
	and Buildings	—		452,000
5	Renovation of Dams			750,000
6	Unclassified		_	2,500,000
7	Total	\$ —	\$	10,200,000

8 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 9 from a special revenue fund out of fees collected by the 10 division of natural resources.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

96—State Board of Rehabilitation— Division of Rehabilitation Services— West Virginia Rehabilitation Center—Special Account

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8137

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Certification of the		
2	Rehabilitation		
3	Center—Total	\$ 	\$ 200,000

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS

97—Higher Education Central Office— State System Registration Fee— Special Capital Improvement Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8835

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Debt Service—Total \$ — \$ 6,130,000

r

Any unexpended balances remaining in the prior years' and 1989-90 appropriations are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1990-91 except for account no. 8835-66, fiscal year 1987-88 which shall expire on June 30, 1990.

7 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 8 from the special capital improvement fund created by 9 section four, article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the 10 code. Projects are to be paid on a cash basis and made 11 available from date of passage.

> 98—Higher Education Central Office— State System Registration Fee— Revenue Bond Construction Fund

> > (WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8845

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 2 from the proceeds of revenue bonds issued pursuant to 3 section four, article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the 4 code. Projects are to be made available from the date 5 of passage.

6 Any unexpended balances remaining in prior years' 7 and the 1989-90 appropriations are hereby reapprop-8 riated and reauthorized for expenditure during the 9 fiscal year 1990-91.

99—Higher Education Central Office— State System Tuition Fee— Special Capital Improvement Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8855

1	Debt Service \$	_	\$ 11,145,000
2	Building and		
3	Campus Renewal—		
4	State College System	_	2,605,000

242	APPROPRIATIONS [Ch. 10				
5 6	Building and Campus Renewal—				
7 8	State University System — 5,285,000 Facilities Planning				
9	and Administration 300,000				
10	Total \$ - \$ 19,335,000				
11 12 13	Any unexpended balances remaining in prior years' and 1989-90 appropriations are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1990-91.				
14 15 16 17 18	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special capital improvement fund created by article twelve-b, chapter eighteen of the code. Projects are to be paid on a cash basis and made available from date of passage.				
19 20 21	The above appropriation for Building and Campus Renewal-State University System is intended to include Jackson's Mill.				
	100—Higher Education Central Office— State System Tuition Fee— Revenue Bond Construction Fund				
	(WV Code Chapter 18)				
	Acct. No. 8860				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND				
1 2 3	and 1989-90 appropriations are hereby reappropriated				
	101—West Virginia University— Schools of Health Sciences				
	(WV Code Chapter 18)				
	Acct. No. 9280				
	TO BE PAID FROM MEDICAL SCHOOL FUND				
1	Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 14,664,430				
2 3	Any unexpended balances remaining in the fiscal year 1988-89 and fiscal year 1989-90 appropriations for the West Virginia University Schools of Health Sciences at				

4 West Virginia University—Schools of Health Sciences at

ź

s

Ch. 10]

5 the close of the fiscal year 1989-90 are hereby reapprop-

6 riated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1990-91.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

102-Division of Health Vital Statistics

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8216-15

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE

1	Personal Services	\$ -	-	\$	155,226
2	Annual Increment		+		2,844
3	Employee Benefits	_	-		51,183
4	Current Expenses	_	-		48,570
5	Equipment		-	 	16,760
6	Total	\$ -	-	\$	274,583

103-Board of Barbers and Beauticians

(WV Code Chapters 16 and 30)

Acct. No. 8220

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 122,537
2	Annual Increment		2,412
3	Employee Benefits	—	35,064
4	Unclassified	 	76,360
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 236,373

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from a special revenue fund out of collections made by 8 the board of barbers and beauticians as provided by law.

> 104—Division of Veterans' Affairs— Veterans' Home

(WV Code Chapter 19A)

Acct. No. 8260-13

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 787,829
2	Annual Increment		15,660

243

44	APPROPRIAT	IONS			[Ch. 10		
3	Employee Benefits				262,941		
4	Total	\$	_	\$	1,066,430		
	105—Division of Hospital Services Re (Special Fr (Capital Improvement, Renor	venue A ınd)	ccount		tion)		
	(WV Code Cha	pter 16)				
	Acct. No. 8	500					
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAI	REVEN	UE FUN	D			
1 2	Debt Service Institutional Facilities	ŗ	—	\$	2,750,000		
3	Operations			_	24,900,000		
4	Total	\$	—	\$	27,650,000		
5 6 7 8	6 ation for hospital services revenue account at the close 7 of the fiscal year 1989-90 is hereby reappropriated for						
9 10 11 12 13 14	from the hospital services revenue account special fund created by section fifteen-a, article one, chapter sixteen of the code, and shall be used only for operating expenses and for improvements in connection with						
15 16 17 18	Projects are to be paid of available from the date of p of this appropriation are available in the special fund	bassage to begi	. Item n as :	s ai fun	nd projects ds become		
19 20 21 22 23	Necessary funds from the above appropriation may be used for medical facilities operations, either in connec- tion with this account or in connection with the item designated Institutional Facilities Operations in the						
	106–Workers' Comp	ensation	ı Fund	ı			
	(WV Code Cha	pter 23)				
	Acct. No. 9	000					
	TO BE PAID FROM WORKERS' C	OMPENS	ATION I	FUN	D		
1	Personal Services	\$	—	\$	7,915,521		

244

[Ch. 10

2

5

2	Annual Increment		126,630
3	Employee Benefits		2,241,299
4	Unclassified	_	5,795,955
5	Employers' Excess		
6	Liability Fund	 _	122,937
7	Total	\$ _	\$ 16,202,342

8 There is hereby authorized to be paid out of the above 9 appropriation, the amount necessary for the premiums 10 on bonds given by the treasurer as bond custodian for 11 the protection of the workers' compensation fund. This 12 sum shall be transferred to the state board of insurance.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

107—Fire Commission Fire Marshal Fees

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 8017

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 190,000
2	Annual Increment		0
3	Employee Benefits	_	68,148
4	Unclassified		 180,500
5	Total \$	_	\$ 438,648

108—Division of Public Safety— Drunk Driving Prevention Fund

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 8355

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 622,740

2 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 3 from the special revenue fund out of receipts collected 4 pursuant to sections nine-a and sixteen, article fifteen, 5 chapter eleven of the code and paid into a revolving fund 6 account in the state treasury. (

DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE

109—Racing Commission

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8080

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Medical Expenses—Total ... \$ \$ 57,000 1 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 2 from the special revenue fund out of collections of 3 license fees and fines as provided by law. 4 5 No expenditures shall be made from this account except for hospitalization, medical care and/or funeral 6 expenses for persons contributing to this fund. 7 110-Racing Commission Administration and Promotion (WV Code Chapter 19) Acct. No. 8081 Administration and 1 2 Promotion—Total \$ \$ 105.000 111—Office of Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner

(WV Code Chapter 60)

Acct. No. 9270

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$	5,016,539
2	Annual Increment	—		109,204
3	Employee Benefits			1,772,009
4	Unclassified		_	3,746,572
5	Total	\$ _	\$	10,644,324

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from a special revenue fund out of liquor revenues.

8 The above appropriation includes the salary of the 9 commissioner, salaries of store personnel and store 10 inspectors, store operating expenses and equipment, and 11 salaries, expenses and equipment of administration 12 offices. 13 There is hereby appropriated from liquor revenues, in

There is hereby appropriated from liquor revenues, in
addition to the appropriation, the necessary amount for
the purchase of liquor as provided by law.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

112—Division of Motor Vehicles— Driver's License Reinstatement Fund

(WV Code Chapter 17B)

Acct. No. 8421-10

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 146,422
2	Annual Increment	—	1,440
3	Employee Benefits		38,548
4	Current Expenses		80,500
5	Repairs and Alterations	—	4,000
6	Equipment	_	20,000
7	Unclassified		 0
8	Total	\$	\$ 290,910

113—Division of Motor Vehicles— Driver Rehabilitation

(WV Code Chapter 17C)

Acct. No. 8421-11

1	Personal Services\$	_	\$	116,384
2	Annual Increment	—		1,512
3	Employee Benefits	_		30,948
4	Current Expenses			379,000
5	Equipment			17,000
6	Total \$		\$	544,844
7 8	Sec. 5. Appropriations from	n other	fund	ls * * *

9 ***, from the funds designated 10 there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the 11 fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, 12 chapter five-a of the code, the following amounts as 13 itemized for expenditure during fiscal year one thou-14 sand nine hundred ninety-one.

15 16

17

* * *

5

114-State Department of Education (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Acct. No. 8243

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

1	Salary Equity	\$ —	\$	3,520,000
2	Elementary Computer			
3	Education	 —	_	 3,520,000
4	Total	\$ 		\$ 7,040,000

5 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri-6 ation Elementary Computer Education (account no. 7 8243-06) at the close of the fiscal year 1989-90 is hereby 8 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 9 1990-91.

115—Division of Health

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 8525

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

1	Commission on Aging	\$ 	\$	600,000
2	Continuum of Care	 	_	1,000,000
3	Total	\$ 	\$	1,600,000

116—Division of Commerce

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 8546

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 11,020,000

Clerk's Note: Language on lines 7, 8 and 9 and all of lines 15 through 17 were stricken by the Governor. Therefore, blank spaces have been published.

Ch. 10]

- 2 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-
- 3 ation (account no. 8546-06) at the close of the fiscal year
- 4 1989-90 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure
- 5 during the fiscal year 1990-91.

117—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Acct. No. 8825

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 3,140,000

118-Department of Health and Human Resources

(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)

Acct. No. 9132

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

1	Castastrophic Health Care			
2	for Senior Citizens	\$ —	\$	4,950,000
3	Title XIX Waiver for			
4	Senior Citizens	 	\$_	250,000
5	Total	\$ _	\$	5,200,000

119-Teachers Retirement Board

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 9260

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ -- \$ -0-

The auditor shall prorate each deposit of net profits by the lottery director among account nos. 8825, 8243, 8525, 8546, 9132 and 9260 in the proportion the appropriations for each account bear to the total of the appropriations for the four accounts.

EXECUTIVE

120—Auditor's Office— Land Department Operating Fund

(WV Code Chapters 11A, 12 and 36)

Acct. No. 8120

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 11,058

2 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 3 from the special revenue fund out of fees and collections

4 as provided by law.

121—Department of Agriculture— West Virginia Rural Rehabilitation Program

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8190-13

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Student and Farm Loans—		
2	Total	\$ 	\$ 375,000

122—Attorney General— Anti-Trust Enforcement

(WV Code Chapter 47)

Acct. No. 8418-10

1	Personal Services\$	_	\$ 124,866
2	Annual Increment	_	0
3	Employee Benefits	—	29,764
4	Current Expenses		178,000
5	Repairs and Alterations	_	2,000
6	Equipment	—	110,000
7	Total \$		\$ 444,630

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

123—Division of Finance and Administration— Revolving Fund (WV Code Chapter 5A) Acct. No. 8140

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 667,215
2	Annual Increment	_	15,840
3	Employee Benefits	_	246,014
4	Unclassified	 	 521,364
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 1,450,433

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from a special revenue fund as provided by article two, 8 chapter five-a of the code.

9 The above appropriation includes salaries and operat-10 ing expenses.

11 There is hereby appropriated from this fund, in 12 addition to the above appropriation, the necessary 13 amount for the purchase of supplies for resale.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

124-Office of Community and Industrial Development

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 8046-10

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Emergency Assistance—

Total \$ - \$ 993,000

2 These funds shall be transferred to the division of

3 human services for enhancement of the federal emer-

4 gency assistance program.

125-Oil and Gas Conservation Commission

(WV Code Chapter 22)

Acct. No. 8096-06

1	Personal Services \$	— \$	166,435
2	Annual Increment	—	360

252	Appropriati	ONS			[Ch. 10
3 4 5 6 7	Employee Benefits Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment Total	\$		\$	34,425 41,354 2,000 8,600 253,174
	126—Division of Natur Groundwater Pl		ırces–	-	
	(WV Code Char	-			
	Acct. No. 831				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL		E FUNI	D	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment Total 127—Division of Natur Hazardous Waste Emergency	\$ al Resor			$53,854 \\ 252 \\ 17,604 \\ 67,450 \\ 21,500 \\ 142,000 \\ 302,660 \\ und$
	(WV Code Char				
	Acct. No. 831				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL	REVENU	E FUN	D	
1 2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment	· · ·		\$	$\begin{array}{r} 340,000\\ 540\\ 98,000\\ 1,603,000\\ 19,500\\ 43,000\end{array}$
7	Total	•	_	\$	2,104,040
128—Division of Natural Resources— Solid Waste Reclamation and Environmental Response Fund					
	(WV Code Chap				
	Acct. No. 831				
1	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL Personal Services		FUNI —	> \$	70,000

(Ch. 1	0] Appropriations			253	
	2 3 4	Employee Benefits Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations			20,196 513,000 7,000	
	5	Equipment			130,000	
	6	Total \$		\$	740,196	
		129—Division of Natural Re Solid Waste Enforcement				
		(WV Code Chapter 20	0)			
		Acct. No. 8311-32				
		TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVE	NUE FUI	١D		
	1 2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment		\$	$1,408,796\\8,316\\418,988\\218,250\\5,500\\139,000$	
	7	Total \$		\$	2,198,850	
	130—Division of Natural Resources— Leaking Underground Storage Tanks (WV Code Chapter 20) Acct. No. 8311-34					
		TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVE	NUEFUI		000 000	
	1 2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment		\$	$300,000 \\ 468 \\ 85,868 \\ 39,900 \\ 4,500 \\ 20,200$	
	7	Total\$	_	\$	450,936	
	131—Division of Natural Resources— Game, Fish and Aquatic Life Fund (WV Code Chapter 20) Acct. No. 8324-06 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND					
	1	Current Expenses—Total \$		\$	35,000	

132—Division of Natural Resources— Nongame Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8324-26

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 79,300
2	Annual Increment	_	180
3	Employee Benefits		19,998
4	Current Expenses	_	137,553
5	Repairs and Alterations	—	7,922
6	Equipment		 5,000
7	Total	\$ —	\$ 249,953

133—Division of Natural Resources— Planning and Development Division

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8329-07

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 116,000
2	Annual Increment		1,800
3	Employee Benefits		39,424
4	Current Expenses	—	22,200
5	Repairs and Alterations	—	1,100
6	Equipment		 11,000
7	Total	\$ —	\$ 191,524

134—Division of Banking

(WV Code Chapter 47A)

Acct. No. 8392-06

1	Personal Services	\$ -	- \$	64,454
2	Employee Benefits	_	-	17,741
3	Current Expenses	_	-	12,293
4	Repairs and Alterations		-	2,000
5	Total	\$	- \$	96,488

135—Division of Banking

(WV Code Chapter 31A)

Acct. No. 8395

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 701,055
2	Annual Increment	—	4,032
3	Employee Benefits	_	173,617
	Unclassified	_	 397,508
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 1,276,212

136-Solid Waste Management Board

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8460-10

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 94,500
2	Employee Benefits		27,714
3	Current Expenses		42,700
4	Equipment		27,000
5	Payments to County		
6	Disposal Authority	 	 883,378
7	Total	\$ _	\$ 1,075,292

137—Division of Forestry

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8477-24

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 146,000
2	Annual Increment		17,400
3	Employee Benefits		129,700
4	Current Expenses	—	167,794
5	Repairs and Alterations	—	302,706
6	Equipment		 48,000
7	Total \$	_	\$ 811,600

138—Division of Energy— Special Reclamation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 22A)

Acct. No. 8536-10

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 332,700
2	Annual Increment	—	3,700
3	Employee Benefits	—	98,297
4	Current Expenses	—	759,422
5	Repairs and Alterations	—	3,045,000
6	Equipment		 4,000
7	Total	\$ -	\$ 4,243,119

139—Division of Energy— Oil and Gas Reclamation Trust

(WV Code Chapter 22B)

Acct. No. 8536-14

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Repairs and Alterations—		
2	Total	\$ —	\$ 125,000

140—Division of Energy— Oil and Gas Operating Permits

(WV Code Chapter 22B)

Acct. No. 8536-25

1	Personal Services	\$	\$	107,726
2	Annual Increment	—		792
3	Employee Benefits	_		31,925
4	Current Expenses			283,946
5	Repairs and Alterations	—		16,000
6	Equipment		_	10,000
7	Total	\$	\$	450,389

141-Water Resources Board

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8540

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ \$	60,152
2	Annual Increment		864
3	Employee Benefits		18,690
4	Equipment	 	41,752
5	Total	\$ \$	121,458

142—Geological and Economic Survey

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 8589

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Unclassified—Total	••••	\$	—	\$	138,350
---	--------------------	------	----	---	----	---------

2 The above appropriation shall be used in accordance 3 with section four, article two, chapter twenty-nine of the 4 code.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

143—State Department of Education— FFA-FHA Conference Center

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8245-07

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 477,369
2	Annual Increment		9,531
3	Employee Benefits		165,564
4	Current Expenses		256,709
5	Repairs and Alterations		37,850
6	Equipment		 21,000
7	Total	\$ —	\$ 968,023

144—State Department of Education— Cedar Lakes Improvement

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8245-12

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Current Expenses	\$ 	\$ 118,291
2	Repairs and Alterations	_	30,000
3	Equipment	_	 24,240
4	Total	\$ 	\$ 172,531

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOUCES

145-Division of Health Laboratory Services

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8215-18

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 295,397
2	Annual Increment	_	4,248
3	Employee Benefits		81,480
4	Current Expenses		 907,480
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 1,288,605

146—Health Care Cost Review Authority— Planning

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8216-18

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 118,531
2	Annual Increment		396
3	Employee Benefits		32,755
4	Current Expenses		 298,935
5	Total \$		\$ 450,617

147—Division of Health— Health Facility Licensing

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8216-19

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 118,888
2	Employee Benefits	_	30,992
3	Current Expenses	_	11,589
4	Repairs and Alterations	_	2,000
5	Equipment		1,938
6	Total	\$ 	\$ 165,407

148-Hospital Finance Authority

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8330

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 47,619
2	Annual Increment	_	—0—
3	Employee Benefits	_	10,387
4	Unclassified		 66,858
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 124,864

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from the special revenue fund out of fees and collections 8 as provided by article twenty-nine-a, chapter sixteen of 9 the code.

149-Health Care Cost Review Authority

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8564

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 548,081
2	Annual Increment		5,544
3	Employee Benefits		96,607
4	Unclassified	 	 365,817
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 1,016,049

6 The above appropriation is to be expended in accor-7 dance with and pursuant to the provisions of article 8 twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of the code, and from the 9 special revolving fund designated health care cost 10 review fund.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

150-Regional Jail and Prison Authority

(WV Code Chapter 31)

Acct. No. 8051

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 343,589
2	Annual Increment	—	2,952
3	Employee Benefits		100,338
4	Unclassified	_	131,663
5	Debt Service	 	 6,000,000
6	Total	\$ 	\$ 6,578,542

151—Division of Public Safety— Inspection Fees

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 8350

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 454,179
2	Annual Increment	<u> </u>	2,160
3	Employee Benefits	_	137,956
4	Unclassified	 —	 123,070
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 717,365

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from the special revenue fund out of fees collected for 8 inspection stickers as provided by law.

> 152—Division of Public Safety— Barracks Construction (WV Code Chapter 17C)

> > Acct. No. 8352

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 60,000

260

Ch. 1	0] Appropriations		261
2 3 4	Employee Benefits Current Expenses Equipment	 	21,133 223,999 236,389
5	Total \$	 \$	541,521

153—State Armory Board— General Armory Fund

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 8445-07

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Current Expenses \$	_	\$ 52,000
2	Repairs and Alterations	—	153,000
3	Equipment		 35,000
4	Total \$		\$ 240,000

DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE

154-Office of Chief Inspector

(WV Code Chapter 6)

Acct. No. 8090-06

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 1,228,310
2	Annual Increment		13,992
3	Employee Benefits	—	295,215
4	Current Expenses	—	327,400
5	Repairs and Alterations	—	2,400
6	Equipment		 3,200
7	Total	\$	\$ 1,870,517

155—Agency of Insurance Commissioner

(WV Code Chapter 33)

Acct. No. 8016

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$		\$	925,412
---	-------------------	----	--	----	---------

262	Appropriations		[Ch. 10
2	Annual Increment	_	10,654
3	Employee Benefits		235,550
4	Unclassified		525,924
5	Total \ldots \$		\$ 1,697,540

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 6 from a special revenue fund out of collections of fees and 7 8 charges as provided by law.

> 156-Alcohol Beverage Control Commission-Wine License Special Fund

> > (WV Code Chapter 60)

Acct. No. 8591-06

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	\$ 52,500
2	Annual Increment	—	504
3	Employee Benefits	—	55,295
4	Current Expenses	—	1,000
5	Repairs and Alterations		 289,688
6	Total	\$ —	\$ 398,987

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

157—Division of Highways

(WV Code Chapters 17 and 17C)

Acct. No. 6700

TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1	Maintenance, Expressway,		
2	Trunkline and Feeder \$	_ 9	63,000,000
3	Maintenance, State		
4	Local Services		89,500,000
5	Maintenance, Contract		
6	Paving and Secondary		
7	Road Maintenance :		52,000,000
8	Bridge Repair		
9	and Replacement	—	30,000,000
10	Industrial Access Roads	—	2,000,000
11	Inventory Revolving		1,250,000
12	Equipment Revolving	—	15,590,000
13	General Operations		28,830,000

14	Annual Increment	_	203,000
15	Debt Service	_	113,300,000
16	Interstate Construction		47,000,000
17	Other Federal Aid		. ,
	Programs	_	128,500,000
18	Appalachian Program	_	67,000,000
19	Nonfederal Aid		
	Construction	_	16,201,000
20	Highway Litter Control		2,000,000
21	Railroad Highway Grade		
22	Crossing Improvements		100,000
23	Total	\$	\$656,474,000

The above appropriations are to be expended in accordance with the provisions of chapters seventeen and seventeen-c of the code.

The commissioner of highways shall have the authority to operate revolving funds within the state road fund for the operation and purchase of various types of equipment used directly and indirectly in the construction and maintenance of roads and for the purchase of inventories and materials and supplies.

There is hereby appropriated within the above items sufficient money for the payment of claims, accrued or arising during this budgetary period, to be paid in accordance with sections seventeen and eighteen, article two, chapter fourteen of the code.

38 It is the intent of the Legislature to capture and match 39 all federal funds available for expenditure on the Appalachian Highway system at the earliest possible 40 41 time. Therefore, should amounts in excess of those appropriated by required for the purposes of Appalach-42 43 ian programs, funds in excess of the amount approp-44 riated may be made available upon recommendation of the commissioner and approval of the governor. 45 Further, for the purpose of Appalachian programs, 46 47 funds appropriated to line items may be transferred to 48 other line items upon recommendation of the commis-49 sioner and approval of the governor.

158—Division of Motor Vehicles (WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B, 17C, 20 and 24) Acct. No. 6710

TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 2,279,446
2	Annual Increment	_	37,278
3	Employee Benefits		661,133
4	Commercial Driver's		
5	License Program		2,989,288
6	Unclassified	413,931	3,542,033
7	Reimbursement to Division		
8	of Public Safety		 6,000,000
9	Total\$	413,931	\$ 15,509,178

159—Division of Motor Vehicles— Motorboat Licenses

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8421-05

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment Total 160—Division of Moto	\$ or Veh	 icles-	\$ 	$113,473 \\ 1,296 \\ 37,408 \\ 80,000 \\ 5,000 \\ 2,000 \\ 239,177 \\$
	Returned Check	k Fees			
	(WV Code Chap	oter 17)		
	Acct. No. 842	1-08			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL	REVEN	UE FU	JND	
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Current Expenses Equipment	\$		\$	58,967 504 18,627 25,500 6,500
6	Total	\$	-	\$	110,098

161—Division of Motor Vehicles— Insurance Certificate Fees

(WV Code Chapter 17A)

Acct. No. 8421-09

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ -	\$ 462,272
2	Employee Benefits	_	137,367
3	Current Expenses		59,536
4	Equipment	 —	 1,475
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 660,650

MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

162-Real Estate Commission

(WV Code Chapter 47)

Acct. No. 8010

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 169,332
2	Annual Increment	—	1,656
3	Employee Benefits	—	47,898
4	Unclassified	 	 90,057
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 308,943

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 out of collections of license fees as provided by law.

163—Public Service Commission

(WV Code Chapter 24)

Acct. No. 8280

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	s —	\$ 4,432,023
2	Annual Increment	—	42,000
3	Employee Benefits		1,229,634
4	Unclassified	118,332	 1,438,719
5	Total \$	5 118,332	\$ 7,142,376

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid

- 7 from a special revenue fund out of collections for special
- 8 license fees from public service corporations as provided
- 9 by law.

164—Public Service Commission— Gas Pipeline Division

(WV Code Chapter 24B)

Acct. No. 8285

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	s —	\$ 123,363
2	Annual Increment		1,296
3	Employee Benefits		28,849
4	Unclassified	168,854	 70,961
5	Total	\$ 168,854	\$ 224,469

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from a special revenue fund out of receipts collected for 8 or by the public service commission pursuant to and in 9 the exercise of regulatory authority over pipeline 10 companies as provided by law.

> 165—Public Service Commission— Motor Carrier Division

(WV Code Chapter 24A)

Acct. No. 8290

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	— \$	1,116,885
2	Annual Increment		17,507
3	Employee Benefits		316,275
4	Unclassified	611,183	326,061
5	Total \$	611,183 \$	1,776,728

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from a special revenue fund out of receipts collected for 8 or by the public service commission pursuant to and in 9 the exercise of regulatory authority over motor carriers 10 as provided by law.

166—Public Service Commission— Consumer Advocate (WV Code Chapter 24)

Acct. No. 8295

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 308,195
2	Annual Increment		1,620
3	Employee Benefits	_	70,270
4	Unclassified	 —	 268,878
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 648,963

6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from a special revenue fund out of collections made by 8 the public service commission.

1 Sec. 6. Awards for claims against the state.- $\mathbf{2}$ There are hereby appropriated, for the remainder of the 3 fiscal year 1989-90 and to remain in effect until June 30, 1991, from the fund as designated in the amounts 4 5 as specified and for the claimants as named in enrolled 6 house bill no. 4360, acts, Legislature, regular session, 7 1990-crime victims compensation funds of \$143,500.00 8 for payment of claims against the state.

9 There are hereby appropriated for the fiscal year 10 1990-91 from the funds as designated in the amounts as 11 specified and for the claimants as named in enrolled 12 house bill no. 4459, acts, Legislature, regular session, 13 1990—state road funds of \$3,607,381.72 and special 14 revenue funds of \$163,410.72.

There is hereby appropriated for the fiscal year 1990-91 from the fund as designated in the amounts as specified and for the claimants as named in enrolled house bill no. 4359 and enrolled house bill no. 4459workers' compensation funds of \$23,183.99.

There is hereby appropriated for the fiscal year 1990-91 from the fund as designated in the amounts as specified and for the claimants as named in enrolled house bill no. 4359 and enrolled house bill no. 4459 general revenue funds of \$1,454,319.54.

ε

The total amount of general revenue funds above does not include payment from the Supreme Court-General Judicial, account No. 1110, or payment from the Department of Education, account no. 2860, in the amount of \$8,372.00, specifically made payable from the appropriations for the current fiscal year 1989-90.

1 Sec. 7. Supplemental and deficiency appropriations.—From the state fund, general revenue, except as 3 otherwise provided, there are hereby appropriated the 4 following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during 5 the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety to 6 supplement the 1989-90 appropriations and to be 7 available for expenditure upon date of passage.

167—Treasurer's Office

Acct. No. 1600

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 1,000,000

168—Division of Human Services

Acct. No. 4050

2	Employee Benefits Medical Services Unclassified	\$ 	\$ 0 0
4	Total	\$ 	\$ 0

5 Sec. 8. Appropriations from surplus revenue.— 6 The following items are hereby appropriated from the 7 state fund, general revenue, and are to be available for 8 expenditure during the fiscal year 1990-91 out of 9 surplus funds only, subject to the terms and conditions 10 set forth in this section.

11 It is the intent and mandate of this Legislature that 12 the following appropriations made by this section shall 13 be payable only from the surplus accrued as of July 31, 14 1990.

In the event that surplus revenues as to July 31, 1990,
are not sufficient to meet all of the appropriations made
by this section, then the surplus shall be allocated first
to provide the funds necessary for the first appropria-

Appropriations

tion of this section; next, to provide the funds necessary
for the second appropriation of this section; and
subsequently to provide the funds necessary for each
appropriation in succession before any funds are
provided for the next subsequent appropriation.

169—Department of Agriculture— Soil Conservation Committee

(WV Code Chapter 19)

	Acct. No. 5120	
1	Unclassified—Total	\$ 2,500,000
	170—Governor's Office— Debt Service	
	(WV Code Chapter 5)	
	Acct. No. 1250	
1 2	Loan Payback to Consolidated Investment Fund—Total	\$ 1,235,539
	171—Board of Risk and Insurance Management	
	(WV Code Chapter 29)	
	Acct. No. 2250	
1	FEMA Reimbursement—Total	\$ 2,000,000
	172—State Board of Education— Vocational Division	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)	
	Acct. No. 2890	
1 2	Wood Products-Forestry Vocational Programs—Total	\$ 700,000
	173—Office of Community and Industrial Development	
	(WV Code Chapter 5)	
	Acct. No. 1210	
1	Software Valley Programs—Total	\$ 100,000

Ch. 10]

269

Sec. 9. Appropriations and reappropriations— 1 2 revenue sharing trust fund.—Any unexpended balances to appropriations made by the 1979, 1980, 1981, 3 1982, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, and 1989 budget acts 4 and any supplementary transfers or redesignations $\mathbf{5}$ 6 made by the above-listed budget acts from the revenue sharing trust fund at the close of the fiscal year 1989-7 8 90 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during 9 the fiscal year 1990-91.

1 Sec. 10. Appropriations from federal block 2 grants.—The following items are hereby appropriated 3 from federal block grants to be available for expendi-4 ture during the fiscal year 1990-91.

174—Office of Community and Industrial Development— Community Development

Acct. No. 8029

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 15,200,000

175—Office of Community and Industrial Development— Job Training Partnership Act

Acct. No. 8030

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 44,448,332

176—Office of Community and Industrial Development— Community Service

Acct. No. 8031

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 6,701,566

177—Office of Community and Industrial Development— Justice Assistance

Acct. No. 8032

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 To Local Entities—Total..... \$ 320,000

Ch. 10]

178—State Department of Education— Education Grant

Acct. No. 8242

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 58,586,463

179—Division of Health— Maternal and Child Health

Acct. No. 8502

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 7,350,340

180—Division of Health— Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health

Acct. No. 8503

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 7,500,000

181—Division of Health— Community Youth Activity Program

Acct. No. 8504

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 68,509

182—Division of Health—Preventive Health Acct. No. 8506

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 1,499,600

183—Division of Health— Mental Health Services for the Homeless

Acct. No. 8508

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 400,000

2

Ð

184—Division of Health— Alcohol and Drug Abuse Treatment and Rehabilitation

Acct. No. 8510

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 250,000

185—Division of Human Services— Energy Assistance

Acct. No. 9147

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 10,500,000

186—Division of Human Services— Social Services

Acct. No. 9161

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 21,000,000

1 Sec. 11. Special revenue appropriations.—There 2 are hereby appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one 3 appropriations made by general law from special 4 revenue which are not paid into the state fund as 5 general revenue under the provisions of section two, 6 article two, chapter twelve of the code: Provided, That 7 8 none of the money so appropriated by this section shall be available for expenditure except in compliance with 9 10 and in conformity to the provisions of articles two and three, chapter twelve, and article two, chapter five-a of 11 12 the code, unless the spending unit has filed with the 13 director of the budget, the auditor and the legislative 14 auditor prior to the beginning of each fiscal year:

(a) An estimate of the amount and sources of allrevenues accruing to such fund;

(b) A detailed expenditure schedule showing for whatpurposes the fund is to be expended.

1 Sec. 12. State improvement fund appropria-2 tions.-Bequests or donations of nonpublic funds. received by the governor on behalf of the state during 3 the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. 4 for the purpose of making studies and recommendations 56 relative to improvements of the administration and 7 management of spending units in the executive branch of state government, shall be deposited in the state 8 9 treasury in a separate account therein designated state 10 improvement fund.

11 There are hereby appropriated all moneys so depos-12 ited during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one to be expended as authorized by the gover-13 nor, for such studies and recommendations which may 14 encompass any problems of organization, procedures. 15 systems, functions, powers or duties of a state spending 16 unit in the executive branch, or the betterment of the 17 economic, social, educational, health and general 18 welfare of the state or its citizens. 19

1 Sec. 13. Specific funds and collection accounts.— 2 A fund or collection account which by law is dedicated 3 to a specific use is hereby appropriated in sufficient 4 amount to meet all lawful demands upon the fund or 5 collection account and shall be expended according to 6 the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the 7 code.

1 Sec. 14. Appropriations for refunding erroneous 2 payment.— Money that has been erroneously paid into 3 the state treasury is hereby appropriated out of the fund 4 into which it was paid, for refund to the proper person.

5 When the officer authorized by law to collect money 6 for the state finds that a sum has been erroneously paid, 7 he shall issue his requisition upon the auditor for the 8 refunding of the proper amount. The auditor shall issue 9 his warrant to the treasurer and the treasurer shall pay 10 the warrant out of the fund into which the amount was 11 originally paid.

1 Sec. 15. Sinking fund deficiencies.—There is 2 hereby appropriated to the governor a sufficient amount 3 to meet any deficiencies that may arise in the mortgage

ş

<u>1</u>2

4 finance bond insurance fund of the West Virginia 5 housing development fund which is under the supervi-6 sion and control of the municipal bond commission as 7 provided by section twenty-b, article eighteen, chapter 8 thirty-one of the code, or in the funds of the municipal 9 bond commission because of the failure of any state agency for either general obligations or revenue bonds 10 or any local taxing district for general obligation bonds 11 12 to remit funds necessary for the payment of interest and sinking fund requirements. The governor is authorized 13 to transfer from time to time such amounts to the 14 municipal bond commission as may be necessary for 15 16 these purposes.

17 The municipal bond commission shall reimburse the 18 state of West Virginia through the governor from the 19 first remittance collected from the West Virginia 20 housing development fund or from any state agency or 21 local taxing district for which the governor advanced 22 funds, with interest at the rate carried by the bonds for 23 security or payment of which the advance was made.

1 Sec. 16. Appropriations to pay costs of publica-2 tion of delinquent corporations.—There is hereby appropriated out of the state fund, general revenue, out 3 of funds not otherwise appropriated, to be paid upon 4 requisition of the auditor and/or the governor, as the 5 6 case may be, a sum sufficient to pay the cost of publication of delinquent corporations as provided by 7 sections eighty-four and eighty-six, article twelve, 8 9 chapter eleven of the code.

1 Sec. 17. Appropriations for local governments.— 2 There are hereby appropriated for payment to counties, 3 districts and municipal corporations such amounts as 4 will be necessary to pay taxes due counties, districts and 5 municipal corporations and which have been paid into 6 the treasury:

7 (a) For redemption of lands;

8 (b) By public service corporations;

9 (c) For tax forfeitures.

1 Sec. 18. Total appropriations.—Where only a total 2 sum is appropriated to a spending unit, the total sum

3 shall include personal services, annual increment,
4 employee benefits, current expenses, repairs and
5 alterations, equipment and capital outlay, where not
6 otherwise specifically provided and except as otherwise
7 provided in TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS, Sec. 3.

1 Sec. 19. General school fund.—The balance of the 2 proceeds of the general school fund remaining after the 3 payment of the appropriations made by this act is 4 appropriated for expenditure in accordance with section 5 sixteen, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of the code.

TITLE III. ADMINISTRATION.

§1. Appropriations conditional.

§2. Constitutionality.

TITLE III—ADMINISTRATION.

1 Section 1. Appropriations conditional.—The ex-2 penditure of the appropriations made by this act, except 3 those appropriations made to the legislative and judicial 4 branches of the state government, are conditioned upon 5 the compliance by the spending unit with the require-6 ments of article two, chapter five-a of the code.

7 Where spending units or parts of spending units have 8 been absorbed by or combined with other spending 9 units, it is the intent of this act that reappropriations 10 shall be to the succeeding or later spending unit created 11 unless otherwise indicated.

1 Sec. 2. Constitutionality.—If any part of this act is 2 declared unconstitutional by a court of competent 3 jurisdiction, its decision shall not affect any portion of 4 this act which remains, but the remaining portion shall 5 be in full force and effect as if the portion declared 6 unconstitutional had never been a part of the act.

CHAPTER 11 (H. B. 4226—By Delegates B. Hatfield and White)

[Passed February 28, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and causing to expire a certain unexpended amount of reappropriated funds of Account No. 1030, Joint Expenses, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill, and transferring such amount to Account No. 4050-21, Medical Services.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars of the 1 2 reappropriated balance in Account No. 1030-05, Joint 3 Expenses, line item on Joint Committee on Government and Finance, from fiscal year 1985-86, including 4 balances carried forward on the first day of July, one 5 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, available for 6 7 expenditure in the current fiscal year 1989-90, as 8 appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, 9 regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended, 10 11 reduced and caused to expire, and that said sum be 12 transferred to Account No. 4050-21, Medical Services. Said sum is hereby appropriated and available for 13 expenditure upon the effective date of this bill. 14

15 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement, amend, reduce and cause to expire out 16 of appropriations for Joint Expenses the sum of five 17 18 hundred thousand dollars, to transfer this sum into the Medical Services Fund, such moneys being formerly 19 appropriated by the language of "Sec. 1. Appropriations 20 from general revenue." This bill shall be effective upon 21 22 the date of passage.

CHAPTER 12

(S. B. 624—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and causing to expire certain unexpended amounts of reappropriated general revenue funds in Account No. 1110, Supreme Court-General Judicial, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the

budget bill; and certain unexpended amounts in Account No. 7320-10, Municipal Bond Commission-State Sinking Fund-Operating Account; and transferring specified amounts to Account No. 4050-21, Medical Services, Account No. 8380-24, Board of Social Workers and Account No. 8215-25, Medical Licensing Board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the following sums from the reappropriated balance from fiscal year 1985-1986, including balances carried forward on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, in the designated line items of Account No. 1110, Supreme Court-General Judicial, as appropriated from general revenue by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended, reduced and caused to expire:

1	1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 148,575
2	2	Annual Increment	_	761
3	3	Other Expenses		80,000
4	4	Other Court Costs		132,121
5	7	Judicial Training		
6	8	Program	_	132,614
7	9	Mental Hygiene Fund		16,615
8		Total	\$	\$ 510,686

That the sum of nine hundred thousand dollars from 9 Account No. 7320-10, Municipal Bond Commission-10 State Sinking Fund-Operating Account be supple-11 mented, amended, reduced and caused to expire and 12 that the sum of one million two hundred ninety thousand 13 six hundred eighty-six dollars be transferred to Account 14 15 No. 4050-21. Medical Services: and that the sum of one hundred thousand dollars be transferred to Account No. 16 17 8215-25. Medical Licensing Board, and that the sum of 18 twenty thousand dollars be transferred to Account No. 19 8380-24. Board of Social Workers.

20 That the aforesaid transferred funds be available for 21 expenditure from the respective accounts upon the 22 effective date of this bill. The purpose of this bill is to supplement, reduce and cause to expire certain unexpended amounts of reappropriated funds out of Account No. 1110, Supreme Court-General Judicial and Account No. 7320-10, Municipal Bond Commission-State Sinking Fund-Operating Account the total sum of one million four hundred ten thousand six hundred eighty-six dollars and to transfer the sum of one million two hundred ninety thousand six hundred eighty-six dollars to Account No. 4050-21, Medical Services, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars to Account No. 8215-25, Medical Licensing Board, and the sum of twenty thousand dollars to Account No. 8380-24, Board of Social Workers, and that the aforesaid transferred sums be available for expenditure in the respective accounts immediately upon the effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 13 (S. B. 450—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed February 22, 1990: in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring amounts between items of the existing appropriations of the tax division, as appropriated by chapter ten, Acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriation of Account No. 1800, chapter ten, Acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, be supplemented, amended and transferred to read as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Se	ction 1. Appropriations From General Revenue.
3		DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE.
4		90—Tax Division
5		(WV Code Chapter 11)
6		Account No. 1800
7	1	Personal Services \$ \$ 8,478,652

11 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill 12 is to supplement, amend and transfer certain moneys 13 between items of the existing appropriation for the 14 designated spending unit. The amounts as itemized for 15 expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine 16 hundred ninety shall be made available for expenditure 17 upon the effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 14 (H. B. 4592—By Delegate Farley, By Request)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring between items of the existing appropriations of the Commission on Aging, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriation of Account No. 4060, chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, be supplemented, amended and transferred to read as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec	tion 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3 4		DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES
5		75—Commission on Aging
6		(WV Code Chapter 29)
7		Acct. No. 4060
8 9	6 7	Area Agencies on Aging Administration \$ 201,483

280	APPROPRIATIONS	[Ch. 15
10 11	 9 Local Programs 10 Service Delivery Costs 	
12	14 Total	• • •
13	The purpose of this supplementary approp	riation bill
14	is to supplement, amend and transfer certa	in moneys
15	between items of the existing appropriation	on for the
16	designated spending unit. The amounts as it	emized for
17	expenditure during the fiscal year one thou	usand nine
18	hundred ninety shall be made available for e	xpenditure
19	upon the effective date of this bill.	
	_	

CHAPTER 15 (H. B. 4589-By Delegate Farley, By Request)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring between items of the existing appropriations of the Office of Nonintoxicating Beer Commissioner, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriation of Account No. 4900, chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, be supplemented, amended and transferred to read as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sect	ion 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3		DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE
4 5		92—Office of Nonintoxicating Beer Commissioner
6		(WV Code Chapter 11)
U		(W V Code Chapter 11)
7		Acct. No. 4900
8	1	Personal Services \$297,407

Ch. 16]

Appropriations

12 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill 13 is to supplement, amend and transfer certain moneys 14 between items of the existing appropriation for the 15 designated spending unit. The amounts as itemized for 16 expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine 17 hundred ninety shall be made available for expenditure 18 upon the effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 16

(H. B. 4588-By Delegate Farley, By Request)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring between items of the existing appropriations of the Racing Commission, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriation of Account No. 4950, chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, be supplemented, amended and transferred to read as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sect	ion 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3		DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE
4		93-Racing Commission
5		(WV Code Chapter 19)
6		Acct. No. 4950
7 8	1 2	Personal Services \$1,015,293 Annual Increment 7,488

281

Α	PP	ROP	RIA	TION	S
---	----	-----	-----	------	---

9	4	Unclassified	102,512
10	5	Total	\$1,381,810

11 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill 12 is to supplement, amend and transfer certain moneys 13 between items of the existing appropriation for the 14 designated spending unit. The amounts as itemized for 15 expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine 16 hundred ninety shall be made available for expenditure 17 upon the effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 17

(H. B. 4678-By Delegate Farley)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring between items of the existing appropriations of the Division of Personnel of the Civil Service System and the Civil Service Commission, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriation of Account No. 5840, chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, be supplemented, amended and transferred to read as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Se	ction 1. Appropriations from General Revenue.
3		DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION
4 5 6		26—Division of Personnel of the Civil Service System and the Civil Service Commission
7		Acct. No. 5840
8 9	1 3	Personal Services\$ 570,718Employee Benefits184,895

282

Ch.	18]
-----	-----

12 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill 13 is to supplement, amend and transfer certain moneys 14 between items of the existing appropriation for the 15 designated spending unit. The amounts, as itemized for 16 expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine 17 hundred ninety, shall be made available for expenditure 18 upon the effective date of this bill.



CHAPTER 18

(H. B. 4387—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all state road funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, to the West Virginia Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, Account No. 6700, supplementing chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Governor submitted to the Legislature the Executive Budget Document dated January 10, 1990, wherein on page XI thereof are set forth the revenues and expenditures of the State Road Fund, including fiscal year 1989-1990; and

WHEREAS, It appears from such budget that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state road fund available for further appropriation during the fiscal year 1989-1990, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore,

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriations from the state road fund to the West Virginia Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, Account No. 6700, for the fiscal year ending the

thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended and thereafter read as follows:

1		TITLE II. APPRO	PRIATION	S
2	Sec	tion 3. Appropriations fr	om Other H	Funds.
3	Sec	tion 4. Appropriations of	Federal F	unds.
4		DEPARTMENT OF TRA	NSPORTA	TION
5		125—Division of L	Highways	
6		(WV Code Chapters	17 and 17C)
7		Acct. No. 6	700	
8		to be paid from stat	E ROAD FUNE)
9 10 11 12			Federal Funds Fiscal Year 1989-1990	Other Funds Fiscal Year 1989-1990
13	1	Maintenance, Expressway	e 0	¢ (2) E00 000
14 15	2 3	Trunkline and Feeder Maintenance, State	\$0	\$ 63,500,000
16	4	Local Services	—0—	89,318,000
17	5	Maintenance, Contract		. ,
18	6	Paving and Secondary		
19	7	Road Maintenance	-0	65,750,000
20	8	Bridge Repair and	_	
21	9	Replacement	0	27,000,000
22	10	Industrial Access Road	-0	1,899,000
23	11	Inventory Revolving	-0	1,500,000
24	12	Equipment Revolving	0	15,514,000
25 96	13	General Operations	-0-	30,104,000
26 27	14 15	Annual Increment Debt Service	0	206,000
$\frac{27}{28}$	15	Interstate Construction		89,300,000
28 29	16	Other Federal Aid	0	47,500,000
$\frac{29}{30}$	11	Programs	—0—	136,500,000
30 31	18	Appalachian Program	_0_ _0_	30,000,000
32	19	Nonfederal Aid	_0_	50,000,000
33		Construction	-0	13,721,000

Ch. 19]

34	20	Highway Litter		
35	21	Control	—0—	1,930,000
36		Total		\$613,742,000

* Includes salary of commissioner at \$60,000 per annum.

The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement and amend the existing items in the aforesaid account for expenditure in the fiscal year of 1989-1990, and to reflect the new total spending authority of the spending unit for such fiscal year. Such increased amounts shall be available for expenditure upon the effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 19

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4400—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 27, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all state road funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, to the West Virginia Department of Transportation, Division of Motor Vehicles, Account No. 6710, supplementing chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Governor submitted to the Legislature the Executive Budget Document dated January 10, 1990, wherein on Page XI thereof are set forth the revenues and expenditures of the State Road Fund, including fiscal year 1989-1990; and

WHEREAS, It appears from such budget that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state road fund available for further appropriation during the fiscal year 1989-1990, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriations from the State Road Fund to the West Virginia Department of Transportation, Division of Motor Vehicles, Account No. 6710, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended and thereafter read as follows:

1	TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 3. Appropriations from Other Funds.
3	Section 4. Appropriations of Federal Funds.
4	126—Division of Motor Vehicles
5	(WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B, 17C, 20 and 24)
6	Acct. No. 6710
7	TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND
8 9 10 11	Federal Other Funds Funds Fiscal Year Fiscal Year 1989-1990 1989-1990
12 13 14 15	1 Personal Services \$ \$ 2,371,460 2 Annual Increment 46,312 3 Employee Benefits 651,208 4 Unclassified 100,000 3,762,613
16	Total \$ 100,000 \$ 6,831,593
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement and amend the unclassified item in the aforesaid account for expenditure in the fiscal year of 1989-1990 to be used for the development of a classified drivers license computer system, and to reflect the new total spending authority of the spending unit for such fiscal year. Such increased amount shall be available for expenditure upon the effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 20

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4456—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and causing to expire certain unexpended amounts of Account Number 6710-88, Department of Motor Vehicles-Highway Litter Control Fund; Account Number 6735-80, Division of Highways-Salvage Yard Fees; Account Number 6740-80, Division of Highways-Outdoor Advertising Control-Fees; Account Number 8000-99, Abandoned and Unclaimed Property-Trust and Expense Fund-Cash Control; Account Number 8001-10, Rewrite-Old-Lost Checks; Account Number 8010-99, Real Estate Commission-License Fees-Cash Control: Account Number 8016-99. Insurance Commission-Unclassified-Cash Control; Account Number 8017-20. Fire Commission-Fire Marshal Fees; Account Number 8080-99. Racing Commission-Medical Expenses and Transfers-Cash Control; Account Number 8101-10, Board of Architects: Account Number 8102-15. Board of Dental Examiners: Account Number 8105-30, Board of Pharmacy: Account Number 8106-35, Board of Practical Nurses; Account Number 8107-40, Board of Professional Engineers: Account Number 8109-50, Board of Osteopathy: Account Number 8110-55, Board of Registered Nurses: Account Number 8111-60, Board of Veterinarians: Account Number 8121-06, Social Security Contributions; Account Number 8140-99, Finance and Administration-Revolving Fund-Purchasing Division-Cash Control; Account Number 8148-26, C & P Refunds: Account Number 8151-99, Finance and Administration-Revolving Fund-Information System Services Division-Cash Control: Account Number 8180-99. Department of Agriculture-Operating Account-Cash Control: Account Number 8190-13, West Virginia Rural Rehabilitation Program; Account Number 8212-10, Criminal Law Research Center; Account Number 8215-18, Laboratory Services; Account Number 8215-19, Hepatitis B Vaccine; Account Number 8215-25, Medical Licensing Board: Account Number 8216-15, Vital Statistics Account: Account Number 8216-18. Planning-Health Care Cost Review Authority: Account Number 8216-19, Health Facility Licensing; Account Number 8220-99, Barbers and Beauticians-Cash Control; Account Number 8245-07, Department of Education-FFA-FHA-Conference Center, Board and Room: Account Number 8250-08, Interest on Employers Delinguent Contributions: Account Number 8260-11. Veterans Fund: Account Number 8260-13. Resident Maintenance Collections; Account Number 8280-99, Public Service Commission-Special License Fees-Cash Control; Account Number 8285-99, Gas Pipeline Safety Fund—Cash Control; Account Number 8290-99, Public Service Commission-Motor Carrier Division-Cash Control: Account Number 8311-31. Solid Waste Reclamation and Environmental Response Fund; Account Number 8311-32, Solid Waste Enforcement Fund; Account Number 8325-62, Highway Litter Control Fund: Account Number 8330-99, West Virginia Hospital Finance Authority-Cash Control: Account Number 8350-99, Motor Vehicle Inspection Fund-Cash Control; Account Number 8352-12, Division of Public Safety-Barracks Construction-Purchase of Investment: Account Number 8352-99. Construction and Repairs to State Police Buildings and Barracks-Cash Control: Account Number 8380-24. Board of Social Work Examiners-Operating Account; Account Number 8392-06, West Virginia Lending and Credit Rate Board Revolving Fund: Account Number 8395-99. Division of Banking-Assessment and Examination Fund-Cash Control; Account Number 8421-05, Division of Motor Vehicles-Motorboat Registration Fees: Account Number 8421-07. Division of Motor Vehicles-Hearing Fees; Account Number 8421-08. Division of Motor Vehicles-Returned Check Fees: Account Number 8421-09. Division of Motor Vehicles-Insurance Certificate Fees; Account Number 8421-10, Division of Motor Vehicles-Driver License Suspend/Revoke Fees; Account Number 8421-11, Division of Motor Vehicles-Driver Rehabilitation: Account Number 8460-10. Solid Waste Planning Fund: Account Number 8477-24,

Forestry Fund; Account Number 8536-14, Energy-Oil and Gas Reclamation Trust; Account Number 8536-25. Energy-Oil and Gas Operator Permits; Account Number 8536-26, Energy—Test Fees; Account Number 8564-99, Health Care Cost Review Authority-Cash Control: Account Number 8591-06. Wine License Special Fund: Account Number 9270-99. Alcohol Beverage Control Commission-General Administration—Cash Control; and transferring specified amounts to the general revenue unappropriated surplus and appropriating specified amounts to Account Numbers 9150-35, Employee Benefits; Account Number 9155-04, Public Assistance; Account Number 9155-10, Social Services; Account Number 9155-67, Medical Services; Account Number 9155-59, Work and Training Program; Account Number 9150-00, Personal Services: Account Number 9150-06, Emergency Assistance; and Account Number 9150-01. Current Expense, all supplementing chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, Due to the increased costs of providing services by the Division of Human Services of the Department of Health and Human Resources, the current appropriation has proven insufficient; and

WHEREAS, The Legislature has determined that this situation must be immediately addressed and responded to by means of prompt enactment of this supplementary appropriation bill, the single work object and purpose of which, pursuant to the provisions of Article VI, Section 51, C (7) (a) of the State Constitution, is to provide an appropriation of public moneys to such agency by budgetary action which expires certain nonoperational moneys now contained in special revenue funds or accounts of the state and to appropriate and transfer the total of such expired moneys to general revenue unappropriated surplus from which appropriations are to be made as specified herein; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the amounts hereinafter specified, in the special revenue funds and accounts, designated herein and appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended, reduced and caused to expire on or before the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and that the total amount of expirations hereinafter specified be transferred to the general revenue unappropriated surplus: The sum of six hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 6710-88. Department of Motor Vehicles-Highway Litter Control Fund: the sum of eighty thousand dollars from Account Number 6735-80, Division of Highways-Salvage Yard Fees: the sum of forty thousand dollars from Account Number 6740-80. Division of Highways-Outdoor Advertising Control-Fees; the sum of four hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8000-99, Abandoned and Unclaimed Property-Trust and Expense Fund-Cash Control; the sum of six hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8001-10, Rewrite-Old-Lost Checks; the sum of four hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8010-99. Real Estate Commission-License Fees-Cash Control; the sum of one million six hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8016-99, Insurance Commission-Unclassified-Cash Control; the sum of one hundred twenty-one thousand dollars from Account Number 8017-20, Fire Commission-Fire Marshal Fees; the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars from Account Number 8080-99-Racing Commission-Medical Expenses and Transfers-Cash Control: the sum of fifteen thousand dollars from Account Number 8101-10, Board of Architects; the sum of thirty thousand dollars from Account Number 8102-15. Board of Dental Examiners: the sum of four hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8105-30, Board of Pharmacy; the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars from Account Number 8106-35. Board of Practical Nurses: the sum of fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8107-40. Board of Professional Engineers; the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars from Account Number 8109-50, Board of Osteopathy; the sum of two hundred fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8110-55, Board of Registered Nurses; the sum of ten thousand dollars from Account Number 8111-60. Board of Veterinarians: the sum of two million five hundred seventy thousand dollars from Account Number 8121-06, Social Security Contributions: the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars from Account Number 8140-99. Finance and Administration-

Revolving Fund—Purchasing Division—Cash Control: the sum of one hundred forty-four thousand dollars from Account Number 8148-26. C & P Refunds: the sum of two hundred fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8151-99. Finance and Administration-Revolving Fund-Information System Services Division-Cash Control; the sum of two hundred fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8180-99, Department of Agriculture–Operating Account–Cash Control: the sum of two hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8190-13. West Virginia Rural Rehabilitation Program; the sum of forty thousand dollars from Account Number 8212-10. Criminal Law Research Center: the sum of one hundred fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8215-18, Laboratory Services; the sum of ten thousand dollars from Account Number 8215-19, Hepatitis B Vaccine; the sum of six hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8215-25. Medical Licensing Board: the sum of one hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8216-15, Vital Statistics Account: the sum of one hundred fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8216-18. Planning-Health Care Cost Review Authority; the sum of one hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8216-19, Health Facilities Licensing; the sum of one hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8220-99, Barbers and Beauticians-Cash Control: the sum of seventy thousand dollars from Account Number 8245-07, Department of Education-FFA-FHA-Conference Center-Board and Room: the sum of seven hundred seventy-four thousand dollars from Account Number 8250-08. Interest on Employers Delinquent Contributions; the sum of two hundred fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8260-11, Veterans Fund; the sum of two hundred fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8260-13, Resident Maintenance Collections; the sum of two million five hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8280-99, Public Service Commission-Special License Fees-Cash Control; the sum of fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8285-99, Gas Pipeline Safety Fund-Cash Control; the sum of five hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8290-99. Public Service Commission-Motor Carrier Division-Cash Control; the sum of seven hundred seventy-five thousand dollars from Account Number 8311-31, Solid Waste Reclamation and Environmental Response Fund; the sum of two hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8311-32,

Solid Waste Enforcement Fund; the sum of fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8330-99, West Virginia Hospital Finance Authority-Cash Control; the sum of fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8350-99. Motor Vehicle Inspection Fund-Cash Control: the sum of two hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8352-12, Division of Public Safety-Barracks Construction-Purchase of Investment; the sum of one hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8325-62, Highway Litter Control Fund; the sum of five hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8352-99. Construction and Repairs to State Police Buildings and Barracks-Cash Control: the sum of fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8380-24, Board of Social Work Examiners-Operating Account; the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars from Account Number 8392-06. West Virginia Lending and Credit Rate Board Revolving Fund; the sum of three hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8395-99, Division of Banking-Assessment and Examination Fund-Cash Control; the sum of one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars from Account Number 8421-05. Division of Motor Vehicles-Motorboat Registration Fees; the sum of one hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8421-07, Division of Motor Vehicles-Hearing Fees; the sum of fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8421-08, Division of Motor Vehicles-Returned Check Fees; the sum of two hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8421-09, Division of Motor Vehicles-Insurance Certificate Fees; the sum of one hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8421-10, Division of Motor Vehicles-Driver License Suspend/Revoke Fees; the sum of two hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8421-11, Division of Motor Vehicles-Driver Rehabilitation; the sum of four hundred fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8460-10, Solid Waste Planning Fund; the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars from Account Number 8477-24, Forestry Fund; the sum of one hundred fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8536-14, Energy-Oil and Gas Reclamation Trust: the sum of fifty-one thousand dollars from Account Number 8536-26, Energy-Test Fees; the sum of five hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 8564-99, Health Care Cost Review Authority-Cash Control: the sum of six hundred fifty thousand dollars from Account Number 8591-06, Wine License Special Fund; and the

of five hundred thousand dollars from Account Number 9270-99. Alcohol Beverage Control Commission-General Administration-Cash Control. Further, that the twenty million six hundred fifty thousand dollars expired from the above stated special revenue accounts and funds shall be appropriated to the accounts indicated below in the following amounts: The sum of two hundred forty-five thousand one hundred seventeen dollars to Account Number 9150-00, Personal Services: the sum of two million fifty-three thousand twenty-nine dollars to Account Number 9150-35, Employee Benefits; the sum of three million five hundred nine thousand dollars to Account Number 9155-04. Public Assistance: the sum of seven million three hundred thousand dollars to Account Number 9155-10, Social Services; the sum of one hundred one thousand dollars to Account Number 9150-06, Emergency Assistance: the sum of three hundred thousand dollars to Account Number 9155-59. Work and Training Payments; the sum of three million one hundred eighty thousand dollars to Account Number 9155-67. Medical Services; and the sum of two million seven hundred seventy-one thousand eight hundred fifty-four dollars to Account Number 9150-01, Current Expenses.

The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement, reduce and cause to expire nineteen million four hundred sixty thousand dollars from various special revenue funds and accounts, and to transfer such funds into specified accounts in the Division of Human Services, of the Department of Health and Human Resources, with such funds being available for expenditure on or before the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

CHAPTER 21 (H. B. 4670—By Delegate Farley)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of special revenue funds out of the treasury from the balance of all special revenue funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred ninety, to the Division of Finance and Administration-Information System Services Division Fund, Account No. 8151, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 8151, chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding the following sum to the designated line item:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 3. Appropriations from other funds.
3	DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION
4 5	101—Division of Finance and Administration— Information System Services Division Fund
6	(WV Code Chapter 5A)
7	Account No. 8151
8	4 Unclassified \$840,295
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement this account in the budget bill for fiscal year 1989-90 by adding to this existing line item an amount to be used to fund procurement of goods and services previously paid for through merchandise for resale. The amount, as itemized for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall be made available for expenditure upon the effective date of this bill.



[Passed March 1, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of special revenue funds supplementing chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That account No. 8355-99, chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding the following sum to the designated line item:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.
3	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
4 5	Division of Public Safety— Drunk Driving Prevention Fund
6	(WV Code Chapter 15)
7	Acct. No. 8355
8	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
9	Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 1,392,000
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement this account in the budget bill for fiscal year 1989-1990, by adding to this line item an additional appropriation of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars which may be used by the department of public safety for personal services, employee benefits and unclassified expenditures as provided in section sixteen, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.

CHAPTER 23 (H. B. 4595—By Delegate Farley, By Request)

[Passed March 1, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all special revenue funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred ninety, to the Division of Health-Hospital Services Revenue Account, Account No. 8500, supplementing chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation from the special revenue fund to the Division of Health-Hospital Services Revenue Account, Account No. 8500, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred ninety, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended and thereafter read as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 3. Appropriations from other funds.
3	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND
4	HUMAN RESOURCES
5	115—Division of Health
6	Hospital Services Revenue Account
7	(Special Fund)
8	(Capital Improvement, Renovation and Operation)
9	(WV Code Chapter 16)
10	Acct. No. 8500
11	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
12	1 Unclassified \$0
13	2 Debt Service
14	3 Institutional Facilities
15	4 Operations 19,700,000
16	5 Medley Placement 4,600,000
17	6 Total \$26,500,000
18	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill
19	is to supplement and amend the existing items in the
20	aforesaid account for expenditure in fiscal year 1989-90
21	and to reflect the new total spending authority of the
22	spending unit for such fiscal year. Such increased
23	amounts shall be available for expenditure upon the
24	effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 24 (Com. Sub. for S. B. 146—By Senator J. Manchin)

[Passed March 9, 1990; to take effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new chapter, designated chapter five-g, relating to the procurement of architect-engineer services by agencies of the state and its political subdivisions; providing declaration of policy and definitions; providing procedure for selection and procurement of architectural and engineering services.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new chapter, designated chapter five-g, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 5G. PROCUREMENT OF ARCHITECT-ENGINEER SERVICES BY STATE AND ITS SUBDIVISIONS.

ARTICLE 1. PROCUREMENT OF ARCHITECT-ENGINEER SER-VICES.

- §5G-1-1. Declaration of legislative policy.
- §5G-1-2. Definitions.
- \$5G-1-3. Contracts for architectural and engineering services; selection process where total project costs are estimated to cost two hundred fifty thousand dollars or more.
- \$5G-1-4. Contracts for architectural and engineering services; selection process where total project costs are estimated to cost less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

§5G-1-1. Declaration of legislative policy.

- 1 The Legislature hereby declares it to be the policy of 2 the state, and its political subdivisions, to procure 3 architectural or engineering services or both on the 4 basis of demonstrated competence and qualification for
- 5 the type of professional services required.

§5G-1-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this section:

2 (a) The term "agency" means all state departments,
3 agencies, authorities, quasi-public corporations and all
4 political subdivisions, including cities, counties, boards
5 of education and public service districts.

6 (b) The term "architectural and engineering services" 7 includes those professional services of an architectural 8 or engineering nature as well as incidental services that 9 members of those professions and those in their employ 10 may logically or justifiably perform.

11 (c) The term "director of purchasing" means any 12 individual assigned by any agency to procure the 13 services of architects and engineers.

(d) The term "firm" or "professional firm" means any
individual, firm, partnership, corporation, association or
other legal entity permitted by law to practice the
professions of architecture and engineering.

§5G-1-3. Contracts for architectural and engineering services; selection process where total project costs are estimated to cost two hundred fifty thousand dollars or more.

1 In the procurement of architectural and engineering 2 services for projects estimated to cost two hundred fifty 3 thousand dollars or more, the director of purchasing shall encourage such firms engaged in the lawful 4 practice of the profession to submit an expression of 5 6 interest, which shall include a statement of qualifica-7 tions and performance data, and may include antici-8 pated concepts and proposed methods of approach to the project. All such jobs shall be announced by public 9 notice published as a Class II legal advertisement in 10 11 compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 12 fifty-nine of this code. A committee of three to five 13 representatives of the agency initiating the request shall 14 evaluate the statements of qualifications and perfor-15 mance data and other material submitted by interested 16 firms and select a minimum of three firms which, in 17 their opinion, are best qualified to perform the desired service. Interviews with each firm selected shall be 18 conducted and the committee shall conduct discussions 19

20regarding anticipated concepts and proposed methods of 21 approach to the assignment. The committee shall then 22rank, in order of preference, no less than three professional firms deemed to be the most highly qualified to 23provide the services required, and shall commence scope 24 25of service and price negotiations with the highest qualified professional firm for architectural or engineer-26ing services or both. Should the agency be unable to 27 $\mathbf{28}$ negotiate a satisfactory contract with the professional firm considered to be the most qualified, at a fee 29 30 determined to be fair and reasonable, price negotiations with the firm of second choice shall commence. Failing 31 accord with the second most qualified professional firm, 32the committee shall undertake price negotiations with 33 the third most qualified professional firm. Should the 34 agency be unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract 35 with any of the selected professional firms, it shall select 36 additional professional firms in order of their compe-37tence and qualifications and it shall continue negotia-38 39 tions in accordance with this section until an agreement 40 is reached.

§5G-1-4. Contracts for architectural and engineering services; selection process where total project costs are estimated to cost less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

In the procurement of architectural and engineering 1 services for projects estimated to cost less than two 2 3 hundred fifty thousand dollars, competition shall be sought by the agency. The agency shall conduct discus-4 sions with three or more professional firms solicited on $\mathbf{5}$ the basis of known or submitted qualifications for the 6 assignment prior to the awarding of any contract: 7 Provided, That if a judgment is made that special 8 circumstances exist and that seeking competition is not 9 practical, the agency may, with the prior approval of the 10 director of purchasing, select a firm on the basis of 11 previous satisfactory performance and knowledge of the 12 agency's facilities and needs. After selection, the agency 13 and firm shall develop the scope of services required and 14 15 negotiate a contract.

Q

D

CHAPTER 25

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4752-By Delegates Martin and Murphy)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five and seven, article one, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article one by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-b, all relating to requiring and providing for the issuance of permits by the director of the archives and history section of the division of culture and history for the excavation, removal, destruction, or other disturbance of historic or prehistoric ruins, burial grounds, archaeological or site, or human skeletal remains, unmarked grave, grave artifact or grave marker of archaeological significance; requiring such permits for the sale or exchange of such items; providing penalties for undertaking such activities without first obtaining such permits, for violating the terms and conditions of such permits and for withholding information regarding such prohibited activities; providing legislative findings on the need for such permits; providing process for notification of discovery of human skeletal remains in unmarked locations and subsequent disposition; providing concurrent civil penalties for persons convicted of prohibited acts involving the excavation, removal, destruction, disturbance and offering for sale or exchange of historic or prehistoric ruins, burial grounds, archaeological site, or human skeletal remains, unmarked grave, grave artifact or grave marker of archaeological significance and providing for disposition of proceeds when civil damages are recovered; providing for property tax exemption for property containing unmarked grave site; providing for disposition of certain human skeletal remains and grave artifacts not subject to reburial; providing general penalties for violation of section; changing the requirement that the historical magazine of the archives and history section be published quarterly; and changing certain references to conform to Acts reorganizing the executive branch of state government.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five and seven, article one, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article one be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-b, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF CULTURE AND HISTORY.

§29-1-5. Archives and history section: director.

§29-1-6b. Protection of human skeletal remains; grave artifacts and grave markers; permits for excavation and removal; penalties.

§29-1-7. Protection of historic and prehistoric sites; penalties.

§29-1-5. Archives and history section; director.

(a) The purposes and duties of the archives and 1 history division are to locate, survey, investigate, 2 register, identify, excavate, preserve, protect, restore 3 and recommend to the commissioner for acquisition 4 historic, architectural, archaeological and cultural sites, 5 structures, documents and objects worthy of preserva-6 tion, including human skeletal remains, graves, grave 7 artifacts and grave markers, relating to the state of 8 West Virginia and the territory included therein from 9 the earliest times to the present, upon its own initiative 10 or in cooperation with any private or public society, 11 organization or agency; to conduct a continuing survey 12 and study throughout the state to develop a state plan 13 to determine the needs and priorities for the preserva-14 tion, restoration or development of such sites, structures, 15 documents and objects; to direct, protect, excavate, 16 preserve, study or develop such sites, structures and 17 documents; to review all undertakings permitted, 18 funded, licensed or otherwise assisted, in whole or in 19 part, by the state for the purposes of furthering the 20 duties of the division; to carry out the duties and 21 responsibilities enumerated in the National Historic 22

23Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, as they pertain 24 to the duties of the division; to develop and maintain a 25 West Virginia state register of historic places for use as 26a planning tool for state and local government; to 27 operate and maintain a state library for the preservation 28 of all public records, state papers, documents and 29 reports of all three branches of state government including all boards, commissions, departments and 30 agencies as well as any other private or public papers, 31 32books or documents of peculiar or historic interest or 33 significance: to preserve and protect all battle or 34 regimental flags borne by West Virginians and other 35 memorabilia of historic interest; to designate appropriate monuments, tablets or markers for historic, 36 architectural and scenic sites within the state and to 37 arrange for the purchase, replacement, care of and 38 maintenance of such monuments, tablets and markers 39 40 and to formulate and prepare suitable copy for them; to 41 operate and maintain a state museum, and to coordinate 42 activities with other museums in the state; to cooperate 43 with state and federal agencies in archaeological work: 44 to issue permits for the excavation or removal of human 45 skeletal remains, grave artifacts and grave markers, 46 archaeological, and prehistoric and historic features under the provisions of section six-b of this article; to 47 edit and publish a quarterly an historical magazine 48 49 devoted to the history, biography, bibliography and genealogy of West Virginia; and to perform such other 50 51duties as may be assigned to the section by the 52commissioner.

53(b) With the advice and consent of the commission, in 54 addition to the duties above set forth, the section shall 55determine the whereabouts of and require the return of 56 furnishings, objects and documents missing from the 57 capitol building and other state-owned or controlled buildings, including, but not limited to, furnishings 58 chosen or purchased for the capitol by its architect. Cass 59 60 Gilbert. No furnishings from the capitol may be sold or 61 disposed of except under the direction of the director of 62 surplus state property pursuant to section three-a, 63 article eight, chapter five-a of this code. If furnishings 64 originally designated as capitol building furnishings have been sold or otherwise disposed of without the requisite sale procedures, such furnishings shall be returned to the capitol and, upon presentation of proof of the amount paid, the current owner shall be reimbursed for the cost of the furnishing less any appropriate depreciation or wear and tear.

71 (c) With the advice and consent of the archives and 72history commission, the commissioner shall appoint a 73director of the archives and history section, who shall 74have: (1) A graduate degree in one of the social sciences. 75or equivalent training and experience in the fields of 76 West Virginia history, history, historic preservation, 77 archaeology, or in records, library or archives manage-78 ment; and (2) three years' experience in administration 79 in the fields of West Virginia history, history, historic 80 preservation, archaeology, or in records, library or 81 archives management. Notwithstanding these qualifica-82 tions, the person serving as the state historian and 83 archivist on the date of enactment of this article shall 84 be eligible for appointment as the director of the 85 archives and history section. The director of the archives and history section shall serve as the state historian and 86 archivist, and shall be the state historic preservation 87 88 officer or a deputy state historic preservation officer.

89 (d) With the approval of the commissioner, the 90 director shall establish professional positions within the 91 section and develop appropriate organizational struc-92 tures to carry out the duties of the section. The director 93 shall employ the personnel with applicable professional 94 qualifications to fill positions within the organizational 95 structure with the minimum professional qualifications 96 necessary to carry out the provisions of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended. At the 97 98 minimum, the following professions shall be represented within the section staff: Historian, architectural histo-99 100 rian, a licensed architect who specializes in historical 101 preservation, archaeologist specializing in historic and 102prehistoric archaeology, archivist, librarian and techni-103 cal and clerical positions as are required.

104 (e) The director shall promulgate rules and regula-105 tions with the approval of the archives and history ۱

commission and in accordance with the state adminis-106 trative procedures act concerning: (1) The professional 107 108 policies and functions of the archives and history section: 109 (2) the review of, and, when required, issuance of 110 permits for, all undertakings permitted, funded, licensed or otherwise assisted, in whole or in part, by 111 the state as indicated in subsection (a) of this section, 112 113 in order to carry out the duties and responsibilities of 114 the section: (3) the establishment and maintenance of a 115 West Virginia state register of historic places, including 116 the criteria for eligibility of buildings, structures, sites, 117 districts and objects for the state register and proce-118 dures for nominations to the state register and protection of nominated and listed properties; (4) the review 119 120 of historic structures in accordance with compliance alternatives and other provisions in any state fire 121 122 regulation and shall coordinate standards with the 123 appropriate regulatory officials regarding their applica-124 tion; (5) review of historic structures in conjunction with 125existing state or local building codes, and shall coordinate standards with the appropriate regulatory officials 126 127for their application; and (6) the expenditure of funds provided for threatened and endangered historic 128 129 properties by the voluntary check-off program estab-130 lished under section fourteen, article one of this chapter 131 and such other rules and regulations as may be deemed 132 necessary to effectuate the purposes of this article.

§29-1-6b. Protection of human skeletal remains, grave artifacts and grave markers; permits for excavation and removal; penalties.

1 (a) Legislative findings and purpose.

2 The Legislature finds that there is a real and growing threat to the safety and sanctity of unmarked human 3 graves in West Virginia and the existing laws of the 4 5 state do not provide equal or adequate protection for all such graves. As evident by the numerous incidents in 6 7 West Virginia which have resulted in the desecration of 8 human remains and vandalism to grave markers, there is an immediate need to protect the graves of earlier 9 West Virginians from such desecration. Therefore, the 10 purpose of this article is to assure that all human burials 11

be accorded equal treatment and respect for human
dignity without reference to ethnic origins, cultural
backgrounds, or religious affiliations.

15 The Legislature also finds that those persons engaged 16 in the scientific study or recovery of artifacts which 17 have been acquired in accordance with the law are 18 engaged in legitimate and worthy scientific and educa-19 tional activities. Therefore, this legislation is intended to 20 permit the appropriate pursuit of those lawful activities.

Finally, this legislation is not intended to interfere with the normal activities of private property owners, farmers, or those engaged in the development, mining or improvement of real property.

- 25 (b) Definitions.
- 26 For the purposes of this section:

(1) "Human skeletal remains" means the bones, teeth,hair or tissue of a deceased human body;

29 (2) "Unmarked grave" means any grave or location 30 where a human body or bodies have been buried or 31 deposited for at least fifty years and the grave or 32 location is not in a publicly or privately maintained 33 cemetery or in the care of a cemetery association, or is 34 located within such cemetery or in such care and is not 35 commonly marked;

36 (3) "Grave artifact" means any items of human
37 manufacture or use that are associated with the human
38 skeletal remains in a grave;

39 (4) "Grave marker" means any tomb, monument,
40 stone, ornament, mound, or other item of human
41 manufacture that is associated with a grave;

42 (5) "Person" includes the federal and state govern-43 ments and any political subdivision of this state; and

(6) "Disturb" means the excavating, removing, exposing, defacing, mutilating, destroying, molesting, or
desecrating in any way of human skeletal remains,
unmarked graves, grave artifacts or grave markers.

48 (c) Acts prohibited; penalties.

(1) No person may excavate, remove, destroy, or 49 otherwise disturb any historic or prehistoric ruins, 50 51burial grounds, archaeological site, or human skeletal 52remains, unmarked grave, grave artifact or grave 53marker of historical significance unless such person has 54 a valid permit issued to him or her by the director of archives and history: Provided. That the supervising 55 56 archaeologist of an archaeological investigation being undertaken in compliance with the federal Archaeolog-57ical Resources Protection Act (Public Law 96-95 at 16 58 USC 470(aa)) and regulations promulgated thereunder 59 60 shall not be required to obtain such permit, but shall notify the director of archives and history that such 61 62 investigation is being undertaken and file reports as are required of persons issued a permit under this section: 63 Provided, however, That projects being undertaken in 64 compliance with section 106 of the National Historic 65 66 Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, or subsection (a), 67 section five of this article shall not be required to obtain such permit for excavation, removal, destruction or 68 69 disturbance of historic or prehistoric ruins or archeolog-70 ical sites.

71 A person who, either by himself or through an agent, intentionally excavates, removes, destroys or otherwise 72 disturbs any historic or prehistoric ruins, burial 73 74 grounds or archaeological site, or unmarked grave, grave artifact or grave marker of historical significance 75 76 without first having been issued a valid permit by the director of archives and history, or who fails to comply 77 with the terms and conditions of such permit, is guilty 78 79 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five 80 81 hundred dollars, and may be imprisoned in the county 82 jail for not less than ten days nor more than six months 83 or both fined and imprisoned.

A person who, either by himself or through an agent, intentionally excavates, removes, destroys or otherwise disturbs human skeletal remains of historical significance without first having been issued a valid permit by the director of archives and history, or who fails to comply with the terms and conditions relating to disinterment or displacement of human skeletal remains
of such permit, is guilty of the felony of disinterment
or displacement of a dead human body or parts thereof
under section fourteen, article eight, chapter sixty-one
of this code and, upon conviction, shall be confined in
the state penitentiary not less than two nor more than
five years.

97 A person who intentionally withholds information 98 about the excavation, removal, destruction, or other 99 disturbance of any historic or prehistoric ruins, burial 100 grounds, archaeological site, or human skeletal remains. 101 unmarked grave, grave artifact or grave marker of 102 historical significance is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than one 103 104hundred dollars, and may be imprisoned in the county 105jail not more than ten days.

106 (2) No person may offer for sale or exchange any
107 human skeletal remains, grave artifact or grave marker
108 obtained in violation of this section.

109 A person who, either by himself or through an agent. offers for sale or exchange any human skeletal remains, 110 111 grave artifact or grave marker obtained in violation of 112this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 113 conviction, shall be fined not less than one thousand 114 dollars nor more than five thousand dollars, and may be 115 imprisoned in the county jail not less than six months 116 nor more than one year.

(3) Each instance of excavation, removal, destruction,
disturbance or offering for sale or exchange under (1)
and (2) of this subsection shall constitute a separate
offense.

121 (d) Notification of discovery of human skeletal remains122 in unmarked locations.

123 Within forty-eight hours of the discovery of human 124 skeletal remains, grave artifact or grave marker in an 125 unmarked grave on any publicly or privately owned 126 property the person making such discovery shall notify 127 the county sheriff of the discovery and its location. If the 128 human remains, grave artifact or grave marker appear

C

g

to be from an unmarked grave, the sheriff shall 129 130 promptly, and prior to any further disturbance or removal of the remains, notify the director of archives 131 132and history. The director shall cause an on-site inspec-133 tion of the disturbance to be made to determine the 134 potential for archaeological significance of the site: 135Provided, That when the discovery is made by an 136 archaeological investigation permitted under state or 137 federal law, the supervising archaeologist shall notify 138 the director of archives and history directly.

139 If the director of archives and history determines that 140 the site has no archaeological significance, the removal, 141 transfer and disposition of the remains shall be subject 142 to the provisions of article thirteen, chapter thirty-seven 143 of this code, and the director shall notify the circuit 144 court of the county wherein the site is located.

145 If the director of archives and history determines that 146 the site has a potential for archaeological significance, 147 the director shall take such action as is reasonable. 148 necessary and prudent, including consultation with 149 appropriate private or public organizations, to preserve 150 and advance the culture of the state in accordance with 151 the powers and duties granted to the director, including 152the issuance of a permit for the archaeological excava-153 tion or removal of the remains. If the director deter-154 mines that the issuance of a permit for the archaeolog-155 ical excavation or removal of the remains is not 156 reasonable, necessary or prudent, the director shall 157provide written reasons to the applicant for not issuing 158 the permit.

(e) Issuance of permits.

160 All permits issued by the director of archives and 161 history for the disturbance of human skeletal remains, 162 grave artifacts, or grave markers shall at a minimum 163 address the following conditions: (1) The methods by 164 which descendents of proven kinship to the deceased are 165 notified prior to the disturbance; (2) the respectful 166 manner in which the remains, artifacts or markers are 167 to be removed and handled; (3) the need for any 168 scientific analysis of the remains, artifacts or markers 169 and the duration of those studies; (4) the way in which 170the remains may be reburied in consultation with any 171 descendents of proven kinship, when available; and (5) such other conditions as the director may deem neces-172173 sary. Expenses accrued in meeting the permit conditions shall be borne by the permit applicant, except in 174 175 cases where the deceasedes' descendents or sponsors are 176 willing to share or assume the costs. A permit to disturb 177 human skeletal remains, grave artifacts or grave 178 markers will be issued only after alternatives to 179disturbance and other mitigative measures have been 180 considered.

In addition, a person applying for a permit to excavate
or remove human skeletal remains, grave artifacts,
grave markers, or any historic or prehistoric features of
archaeological significance must:

(1) Provide a detailed statement to the director of
archives and history giving the reasons and objectives
for excavation or removal and the benefits expected to
be obtained from the contemplated work;

(2) Provide data and results of any excavation, study
or collection in annual reports to the director of archives
and history and submit a final report to the director
upon completion of the excavation; and

(3) Obtain the prior written permission of the owner
if the site of such proposed excavation is on privately
owned land.

196 Such permits shall be issued for a period of two years 197 and may be renewed at expiration. The permits are not 198 transferable but other persons who have not been issued 199 a permit may work under the direct supervision of the person holding the permit. The person or persons to 200 201 whom a permit was issued must carry the permit while 202 exercising the privileges granted and must be present 203 at the site whenever work is being done.

Notwithstanding any other penalties to which a person may be subject under this section for failing to comply with the terms and conditions of a permit, the permit of a person who violates any of the provisions of this subsection shall be revoked. As permits are issued, the director of archives and history shall maintain a catalogue of unmarked grave locations throughout the state.

212 (f) Property tax exemption for unmarked grave sites.

213 To serve as an incentive for the protection of un-214 marked graves, the owner, having evidence of the 215presence of unmarked graves on his or her property, 216 may apply to the director of archives and history for a 217 determination as to whether such is the case. Upon 218 making such a determination in the affirmative, the director of archives and history shall provide written 219 220 certification to the land owner that the site containing 221 the graves is a cemetery and as such is exempt from 222 property taxation upon presentation of the certification 223to the county assessor. The area of the site to receive property tax exempt status shall be determined by the 224 225director of archives and history. Additionally, a prop-226 erty owner may establish protective easements for the 227 location of unmarked graves.

(g) Additional provisions for enforcement; civil penal ties; rewards for information.

230(1) The prosecuting attorney of the county in which 231a violation of any provision of this section is alleged to 232have occurred may be requested by the director of 233archives and history to initiate criminal prosecutions or 234to seek civil damages, injunctive relief and any other 235appropriate relief. The director of archives and history 236shall cooperate with the prosecuting attorney in resolv-237 ing such allegations.

238(2) Persons convicted of any prohibited act involving 239 the excavation, removal, destruction, disturbance or 240offering for sale or exchange of historic or prehistoric 241 ruins, burial grounds, archaeological site, human 242 skeletal remains, unmarked grave, grave artifact or 243grave marker under the provisions of subdivisions (1) 244 and (2), subsection (c) of this section shall also be liable 245for civil damages to be assessed by the prosecuting 246attorney in consultation with the director of archives 247 and history.

248 Civil damages may include:

(i) Forfeiture of any and all equipment used in
disturbing the protected unmarked graves or grave
markers;

(ii) any and all costs incurred in cleaning, restoring,
analyzing, accessioning and curating the recovered
material;

(iii) any and all costs associated with recovery of data,
and analyzing, publishing, accessioning and curating
materials when the prohibited activity is so extensive as
to preclude the restoration of the unmarked burials or
grave markers;

(iv) any and all costs associated with restoring the
land to its original contour or the grave marker to its
original condition;

(v) any and all costs associated with reinterment ofthe human skeletal remains; and

265 (vi) any and all costs associated with the determina-266 tion and collection of the civil damages.

When civil damages are recovered, the proceeds, less 267 268 the costs of the prosecuting attorney associated with the determination and collection of such damages, shall be 269 270 deposited into the endangered historic properties fund 271 created in section fourteen of this article and may be 272 expended by the director of archives and history for 273 archaeological programs at the state level, including the payment of rewards for information leading to the 274 275 arrest and conviction of persons violating the provisions 276 of subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (c) of this section.

(3) The director of archives and history is authorized
to offer and pay rewards of up to one thousand dollars
from funds on deposit in the endangered historic
properties fund for information leading to the arrest and
conviction of persons who violate the provisions of
subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (c) of this section.

(h) Disposition of remains and artifacts not subject toreburial.

285 All human skeletal remains and grave artifacts found 286 in unmarked graves on public or private land, and not subject to reburial, under the provisions of subsection (e) 287 288 of this section, are held in trust for the people of West Virginia by the state and are under the jurisdiction of 289 290 the director of archives and history. All materials 291 collected and not reburied through this section shall be 292 maintained with dignity and respect for the people of 293 the state under the care of the West Virginia state 294 museum.

§29-1-7. Protection of historic and prehistoric sites; penalties.

Historic and prehistoric landmarks, sites and districts, identified by the archives and history section, on lands owned or leased by the state, or on private lands where investigation and development rights have been acquired by the state by lease or contract, shall not be disturbed, or destroyed except as permitted under sections five and six-b of this article.

8 Any person violating the provisions of this section 9 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 10 thereof, shall be fined not more than five hundred 11 dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than 12 six months, or both fined and imprisoned.

CHAPTER 26

(S. B. 280—By Senators Humphreys, Whitlow, Felton, Wehrle, Helmick, Wolfe, Pritt and Dittmar)

[Passed March 9, 1990: in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, relating to financial institutions; reporting of state assets held to secretary of administration and treasurer.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Ch. 27]

That article one, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRA-TION.

§5A-1-9. Reporting of state assets held to secretary and state treasurer.

On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine 1 2 hundred ninety, the secretary of administration shall, 3 pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, promulgate rules requiring any and all banks, savings and 4 5 loans or other financial institutions in possession of property or other assets belonging to the state of West 6 7 Virginia to report on at least an annual basis, to the 8 secretary and state treasurer, the nature and value of 9 said property.

CHAPTER 27

(S. B. 148—By Senator Thomas)

[Passed March 6, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article three, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing the amount of bank assets permitted by code to qualify as a member of the board of banking and financial institutions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article three, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. BOARD OF BANKING AND FINANCIAL INSTITU-TIONS.

§31A-3-1. Board created; appointment, qualifications, terms, oath, etc., of members; quorum;

meetings; when members disqualified from participation; compensation; records; office space; personnel.

(a) There is hereby created the West Virginia board 1 2 of banking and financial institutions which shall consist 3 of six members and the commissioner, who shall be chairman. The six members shall be appointed by the 4 5 governor by and with the advice and consent of the 6 senate. Three of the members shall be executive officers 7 of state banking institutions, of whom one shall be truly 8 representative of such state banking institutions having assets not greater than seventy-five million dollars. one 9 10 shall be truly representative of such state banking institutions having total assets greater than seventy-five 11 million dollars but not greater than two hundred million 12 dollars, and one shall be truly representative of such 13 14 banking institutions having total assets greater than two hundred million dollars. One member shall be an 15 executive officer of a financial institution other than a 16 banking institution. Two members shall represent the 17 public, neither of whom shall be an employee, officer, 18 19 trustee, director or stockholder of any financial institution. No member shall hold any other office, employ-20 ment or position with the United States, any state, 21 22 county, municipality or other governmental entity, any instrumentality or agency of any of the foregoing or 23 24 with any political party.

(b) The members of the board shall be appointed for 25overlapping terms of six years, except that of the 26 original appointments, two members shall be appointed 27 for a term of two years, two members shall be appointed 28 29 for a term of four years and two members shall be 30 appointed for a term of six years, and in every instance until their respective successors have been appointed 31and qualified. Any member appointed for a full six-year 32 33 term may not be reappointed until two years after the expiration of such term. Any member appointed for less 34 than a full six-year term shall be eligible for reappoint-35ment for a full term. Before entering upon the perfor-36 37 mance of his duties, each member shall take and subscribe to the oath required by Section 5, Article IV 38

39 of the constitution of the state of West Virginia. The 40 governor shall, within sixty days following the occur-41 rence of a vacancy on the board, fill the same by appointing a person for the unexpired term of, and 42 43 meeting the same requirements for membership as, the 44 person vacating said office. Any member may be 45 removed by the governor in case of incompetency. 46 neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance in

48 (c) A majority of the members of the board shall 49 constitute a quorum. The board shall meet at least once 50in each calendar quarter on a date fixed by the board. 51 The commissioner may, upon his own motion, or shall 52upon the written request of three members of the board. 53call additional meetings of the board upon at least twenty-four hours' notice. No member shall participate 54 in a proceeding before the board to which a corporation, 55 56 partnership or unincorporated association is a party. 57and of which he is, or was at any time in the preceding 58 twelve months, a director, officer, owner, partner, 59 employee, member or stockholder. A member may disqualify himself from participation in a proceeding for 60 any other cause deemed by him to be sufficient. Each 61 member shall receive fifty dollars for each day or 62 portion thereof spent in attending meetings of the board 63 64 and shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred incident to his duties as a 65 66 member of the board.

67 (d) The board shall keep an accurate record of all its 68 proceedings and make certificates thereupon as may be 69 required by law. The commissioner shall make available 70 necessary office space and secretarial and other assist-71 ance as the board may reasonably require.

72 After having conducted a performance audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant 73 74 to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the West 75 Virginia board of banking and financial institutions 76 should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, 77 78 notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the West Virginia board 79

47

office.

~.

80 of banking and financial institutions shall continue to

81 exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine

82 hundred ninety-two.



[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections one and seven, article eighta of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter forty-seven-a of said code, all relating to banking institutions and services generally; acquisition of bank shares, state banks or holding companies by foreign banks; lending and credit rate board yearly fee; and incorporation of newly organized banks; and capitalization requirements of newly organized banks.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections one and seven, article eight-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article one, chapter fortyseven-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 31A. Banks and Banking.
- 47A. West Virginia Lending and Credit Rate Board.

CHAPTER 31A. BANKS AND BANKING.

Article

4. Banking Institutions and Services Generally.

8A. Acquisition of Bank Shares.

ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENER-ALLY.

§31A-4-3. Minimum capital stock; one class of stock; par value; capitalization of surplus.

1 (a) No banking institution may hereafter be incorpo-2 rated unless it shall have bona fide subscribed capital 3 stock and capital surplus equal to at least one million dollars. The West Virginia board of banking and 4 5 financial institutions shall require capital in excess of 6 one million dollars if, in its judgment, economic conditions or the operating environment of the proposed 7 8 banking institution, make such a requirement 9 necessary.

10 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of (a) above, the 11 commissioner or the West Virginia board of banking 12 and financial institutions may approve the incorporation 13 of a bank newly organized solely for the purpose of 14 facilitating the acquisition of another bank if the 15 proposed newly organized bank has a bona fide sub-16 scribed capital stock and capital surplus of at least sixty 17 thousand dollars.

18 (c) Banking institutions shall issue but one class of 19 stock and the shares shall have a nominal or par value 20 of not less than one dollar nor more than one hundred 21 dollars each, and as to each banking institution each 22 share shall be equal in all respects with any other share.

(d) Any banking institution may change the par value
of its shares, when and to the extent that any such action
may be authorized in writing by the commissioner.

ARTICLE 8A. ACQUISITION OF BANK SHARES.

§31A-8A-1. Legislative findings and purpose.

\$31A-8A-7. Acquisition of state bank or holding company by foreign bank; reciprocity; authority of the commissioner and of the board.

§31A-8A-1. Legislative findings and purpose.

1 After a review of the structure of banking organiza-2 tions in the state of West Virginia and after full 3 consideration of the complex issues involved, the 4 Legislature hereby finds and determines that:

5 (a) Well managed and financially sound banking 6 institutions are essential to the financial well-being of the citizens, and the promotion of the future economicand industrial growth and development of this state;

9 (b) The formation of bank holding companies will 10 strengthen and supplement traditional banking services 11 and facilitate the development of the type of banking 12 institutions that are necessary for the economic and 13 industrial growth and development of this state;

14 (c) It is in the best interests of this state and its citizens for the board to have the power and authority 15 to disapprove the acquisition of a bank by a bank 16 17 holding company when the board determines that such acquisition would result in a monopoly, substantially 18 lessen competition, or be contrary to the best interests 19 20 of the shareholders or customers of the bank involved: 21 and

22 (d) The deposits of the citizens of this state are a substantial and valuable resource which should serve 23the economic and industrial growth and development 24 needs, and the consumer needs of the citizens of this 2526 state: and since the board could not effectively make a 27determination that the control of deposits of the citizens 28 of this state by bank holding companies, the principal 29 places of business of which are located outside this state, 30 would be used for the above enumerated local needs of 31 this state's citizenry, a bank holding company with its 32 principal place of business located outside this state 33 shall be prohibited from acquiring, directly or indirectly, five percent or more of the interest in, or assets 34 of, any bank or bank holding company located in this 3536 state, unless acquired pursuant to section seven of this 37 article.

§31A-8A-7. Acquisition of state bank or holding company by foreign bank; reciprocity; authority of the commissioner and of the board.

1 (a) Except as authorized in this section, no banking 2 institution incorporated under the laws of any other 3 state or having its principal place of business in any 4 other state may receive deposits or transact any banking 5 business of any kind in this state other than the lending 6 of money. Ch. 28]

7 (b) Upon enactment, a bank holding company with its
8 principal place of business in another state may
9 establish electronic data processing facilities and credit
10 card processing facilities in West Virginia.

11 (c) After the thirty-first day of December. one 12 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, a bank holding 13 company with its principal place of business in another state may acquire a West Virginia bank or West 14 15Virginia bank holding company if the board determines 16 in its discretion that the laws of such other state, as in 17 effect at the time the application referred to in 18 subsection (d) of this section, permits a West Virginia 19 bank holding company to acquire a bank or bank 20 holding company having its principal place of business 21 in such other state on terms that are, on the whole, 22 substantially no more restrictive than those established 23under this section and if the West Virginia bank has, 24 or all West Virginia subsidiaries of the West Virginia 25bank holding company to be acquired have, been in operation for two years or more. The board may approve 26the acquisition of all or substantially all of the shares 27 of a bank newly organized solely for the purpose of 28 facilitating the acquisition of a bank that has been in 29 existence and continuously operating for at least two 30 vears. If the law of such other state restricts entry by 31 West Virginia bank holding companies to that state, 32 then the board may similarly limit the authority 33 granted by this section for bank holding companies with 34 their principal places of business located in that state. 35

In no case may this section be construed to permit the
merger, combination or consolidation of a West Virginia
bank with or into a bank the principal place of business
of which is not in this state.

(d) Any bank holding company proposing to acquire
a West Virginia bank or West Virginia bank holding
company pursuant to this section shall comply with, and
be governed by, the procedures and requirements
contained in section four of this article.

45 (e) No application for approval of an acquisition 46 pursuant to the authority granted by this section may

•

47 be approved by the board if the board determines that 48 such approval would cause the applicant bank holding 49 company to control aggregate total deposits in this state 50 exceeding twenty percent of the total deposits held by 51 all financial institutions located in this state as reported 52 in the most recently available reports of condition or 53 similar reports filed with state or federal authorities.

54 (f) Unless the shareholders of the West Virginia bank 55 or West Virginia bank holding company to be acquired 56 have approved an amendment to its articles of incorpo-57 ration or code of regulations or comparable document 58 that provides that this subsection shall not apply to such West Virginia bank or West Virginia bank holding 59 60 company, any acquisition to be made pursuant to the 61 authority granted by this section which will result in the 62 acquiring nonresident bank holding company directly or 63 indirectly owning or controlling the West Virginia bank or West Virginia bank holding company must be 64 65 authorized by the affirmative vote of the holders of not less than two thirds of the voting power of the West 66 Virginia bank or West Virginia bank holding company 67 68 to be acquired.

69 (g) Any bank holding company acquiring a bank or 70 bank holding company pursuant to the authority 71 granted by this section shall file with the commissioner 72 copies of the public portions of all regular and periodic 73 reports such bank holding company is required to file 74 with federal regulators and under section 13 or 15(d) of the "Securities Exchange Act of 1934," 48 STAT. 894, 75 15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d), as amended. These reports 76 77 shall be filed with the commissioner within fifteen days 78 following the date they are filed in final form with the 79 applicable regulator.

80 (h) As used in this section:

81 (1) "Acquire" or "acquisition" means any of the 82 following transactions or actions:

(A) A merger, consolidation or combination of, or
with, a West Virginia bank holding company;

85 (B) The acquisition of the direct or indirect ownership

86 or control of voting shares of a West Virginia bank 87 holding company or a West Virginia bank if, after such 88 acquisition, the acquiring bank holding company will 89 directly or indirectly own or control more than five 90 percent of any class of voting shares of the West 91 Virginia bank or West Virginia bank holding company 92 unless the board determines, in its discretion, that the 93 nature of the acquisition is such that it should not be 94 subject to the limitations of this section:

95 (C) The direct or indirect acquisition of all or
96 substantially all of the assets of a West Virginia bank
97 or West Virginia bank holding company by a bank
98 holding company; or

(D) The taking of any other action by a bank holding
company that results in the direct or indirect control of
a West Virginia bank or West Virginia bank holding
company.

103 (2) "Bank holding company" means any company 104 which is a bank holding company as defined in this 105 article, or which will become such an approved bank 106 holding company prior to or upon completion of the 107 acquisition to be made pursuant to the authority granted 108 by this section.

109 (3) "Electronic data processing facilities and credit 110 card processing facilities" means facilities established 111 only for the purpose of processing accounts and or 112 processing transactions relating to the issuance of credit 113 cards.

114 (4) "Principal place of business" means, as to a bank holding company, the state or jurisdiction in which the 115 total deposits of all direct and indirect banking subsi-116 diaries of the bank holding company and any other 117 118 company that has control of the bank holding company 119 are the largest, as shown in the most recent report of 120 condition or similar report filed by such banking 121 subsidiaries with state or federal authorities; and, as to 122 a bank, the state or jurisdiction in which its total 123 deposits and those of all its banking subsidiaries, if any, 124 are the largest, as shown in the most recent report of 125 condition or similar report filed by the bank and its banking subsidiaries with state or federal authorities. 126

(5) "West Virginia bank" means a bank incorporated
under the laws of this state or a national banking
association the principal place of business of which is in
this state.

131 (6) "West Virginia bank holding company" means a
132 bank holding company which owns or controls one or
133 more West Virginia banks and has its principal place
134 of business in this state.

135 (i) (1) When the commissioner of banking considers it necessary or appropriate, he may examine any bank 136 137 holding company that has acquired or has an application 138 pending to acquire a West Virginia bank or West 139 Virginia bank holding company pursuant to the author-140 ity granted by subsection (c) of this section. The cost of 141 an examination if in excess of the initial fee, shall be 142 assessed against and paid by the bank holding company 143 examined. The commissioner may request the bank 144 holding company to be examined pursuant to this 145 subsection to advance the estimated cost of such 146 examination.

147 (2) The commissioner may enter into cooperative 148 agreements with other state and federal bank regula-149 tory authorities to facilitate the examination of any bank 150 holding company that has acquired or has an application pending to acquire a West Virginia bank or West 151 152Virginia bank holding company pursuant to the authority granted by subsection (c) of this section. The 153154commissioner may accept reports of examinations and other records from such other authorities in lieu of 155156 conducting his own examination of such bank holding 157 companies. The commissioner may take any action 158 jointly with other regulatory agencies having concurrent 159 jurisdiction over such bank holding companies or may 160 take action independently in order to carry out his responsibilities under subsection (c) of this section. 161

(3) When the commissioner considers it necessary, he
may require any bank holding company that has
acquired a West Virginia bank or West Virginia bank
holding company pursuant to the authority granted by
subsection (c) of this section to submit such reports to

167 the commissioner as he determines to be necessary or

168 appropriate for the purpose of carrying out his respon-169 sibilities.

CHAPTER 47A. WEST VIRGINIA LENDING AND CREDIT RATE BOARD.

ARTICLE 1. LENDING AND CREDIT RATE BOARD.

§47A-1-2. Board staff, offices, funding.

1 Under the direction of the chairperson of the board. 2 the board shall be entitled to utilize the staff of the West 3 Virginia banking department and the offices of the board shall be those of the West Virginia banking 4 5 department. In order to defray the cost of the board's 6 operations including the cost of its utilization of the staff 7 of the West Virginia banking department, the board shall establish the West Virginia lending and credit rate 8 9 board revolving fund.

10 On or before the first day of July of each year, the commissioner of banking may charge and collect from 11 12 each supervised financial organization and supervised 13 lender a yearly fee of fifty dollars and pay it into the revolving fund established by the board. The fees paid 14 15into this revolving fund shall be utilized to pay the costs 16 and expenses of the board and all incidental costs and 17 expenses necessary for its operations.

CHAPTER 29

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 355—By Senator Thomas)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-four, relating to financial institutions revealing to other financial institutions information concerning employee's or former employee's participation in violation of banking laws.

Ch. 29]

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-four, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.

§31A-4-44. Employment information.

It is not unlawful for any officer of a financial 1 2 institution, as that term is defined in section two, article 3 one, chapter thirty-one-a of this code, to provide 4 employment information about an employee or former 5 employee to another financial institution when that 6 information is limited to the employee's, or former 7 employee's, active participation in a violation of any state or federal statute, rule or regulation related to 8 financial institutions and which has been duly reported 9 10 to the proper state or federal prosecutorial authorities.

CHAPTER 30 (S. B. 138—By Senators Dittmar and Heck)

(Passed March 7, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.)

AN ACT to amend chapter forty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article four-a, relating to payment order; funds transfer; other definitions; time payment order received; federal reserve regulations and operating circulars; exclusion of consumer transactions; security procedures; authorized and verified payment orders; unenforceability of certain verified payment orders; refund of payment; erroneous payment orders; transmission of payment; misdescription of beneficiary; misdescription of intermediary bank or beneficiary's bank; acceptance of payment order; rejection of payment order; liability and duty of receiving bank;

BANKS AND BANKING

execution; obligations of receiving bank; erroneous execution; duty of sender; liability for late or improper execution; payment date; obligation of sender; payment by sender; obligation of beneficiary's bank; payment of beneficiary's bank; payment by originator; discharge of underlying obligation; variation by agreement; creditor process; setoff by beneficiary's bank; injunction or restraining order; order items may be charged; preclusion of objection to debt; rate of interest; and choice of law.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter forty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article four-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4A. FUNDS TRANSFERS.

PART I. SUBJECT MATTER AND DEFINITIONS.

- §46-4A-101. Short Title.
- \$46-4A-102. Subject matter. \$46-4A-103. Payment order—Definitions.
- §46-4A-104. Funds transfer-Definitions.
- §46-4A-105. Other definitions.
- §46-4A-106. Time payment order is received.
- \$46-4A-107. Federal reserve regulations and operating circulars.
- §46-4A-108. Exclusion of consumer transactions governed by federal law.

ISSUE AND ACCEPTANCE OF PAYMENT ORDER. PART II

- Security procedure. §46-4A-201.
- Authorized and verified payment orders. §46-4A-202.
- Unenforceability of certain verified payment orders. §46-4A-203.
- §46-4A-204. Refund of payment and duty of customer to report with respect to unauthorized payment order.
- Erroneous payment orders. §46-4A-205.
- §46-4A-206. Transmission of payment order through funds-transfer or other communication system.
- §46-4A-207. Misdescription of beneficiary.
- §46-4A-208. Misdescription of intermediary bank or beneficiary's bank.
- §46-4A-209. Acceptance of payment order.
- §46-4A-210. Rejection of payment order.
- §46-4A-211. Cancellation and amendment of payment order.
- §46-4A-212. Liability and duty of receiving bank regarding unaccepted payment order.

BANKS AND BANKING

PART III. EXECUTION OF SENDER'S PAYMENT ORDER BY RECEIVING BANK.

- \$46-4A-301. Execution and execution date.
- Obligations of receiving bank in execution of payment order. \$46-4A-302.
- §46-4A-303. Erroneous execution of payment order.
- §46-4A-304. Duty of sender to report erroneously executed payment order.
- §46-4A-305. Liability for late or improper execution of failure to execute payment order.

PART IV. PAYMENT.

- §46-4A-401. Payment date.
- §46-4A-402. Obligation of sender to pay reeiving bank.
- Payment by sender to receiving bank. §46-4A-403.
- \$46-4A-404. Obligation of beneficiary's bank to pay and give notice to beneficiary.
- Payment by beneficiary's bank to beneficiary. §46-4A-405.
- §46-4A-406. Payment by originator to beneficiary; discharge of underlying obligation.

PART V. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- §46-4A-501. Variation by agreement and effect of funds-transfer system rule.
- §46-4A-502. Creditor process served on receiving bank; setoff by beneficiary's bank.
- §46-4A-503. Injunction or restraining order with respect to funds transfer.
- \$46-4A-504. Order in which items and payment orders may be charged to account; order of withdrawals from accounts.
- §46-4A-505. Preclusion of objection to debit of customer's account.
- §46-4A-506. Rate of interest.
- §46-4A-507. Choice of law.

PART I SUBJECT MATTER AND DEFINITIONS.

§46-4A-101. Short title.

This article may be cited as Uniform Commercial 1 Code-Funds Transfer. 2

§46-4A-102. Subject matter.

- Except as otherwise provided in section one hundred 1
- eight of this article, this article applies to funds 2
- 3 transfers defined in section one hundred four of this
- 4 article.

§46-4A-103. Payment order-Definitions.

- (a) In this article: 1
- 2 (1) "Payment order" means an instruction of a sender
- to a receiving bank, transmitted orally, electronically or 3
- in writing, to pay, or to cause another bank to pay, a 4

5 fixed or determinable amount of money to a beneficiary6 if:

7 (A) The instruction does not state a condition to 8 payment to the beneficiary other than time of payment;

- 9 (B) The receiving bank is to be reimbursed by 10 debiting an account of, or otherwise receiving payment 11 from, the sender; and
- 12 (C) The instruction is transmitted by the sender 13 directly to the receiving bank or to an agent, funds-14 transfer system or communication system for transmit-15 tal to the receiving bank.

16 (2) "Beneficiary" means the person to be paid by thebeneficiary's bank.

(3) "Beneficiary's bank" means the bank identified in
a payment order in which an account of the beneficiary
is to be credited pursuant to the order or which
otherwise is to make payment to the beneficiary if the
order does not provide for payment to an account.

(4) "Receiving bank" means the bank to which thesender's instruction is addressed.

(5) "Sender" means the person giving the instructionto the receiving bank.

(b) If an instruction complying with subdivision (1),
subsection (a) of this section is to make more than one
payment to a beneficiary, the instruction is a separate
payment order with respect to each payment.

31 (c) A payment order is issued when it is sent to the 32 receiving bank.

§46-4A-104. Funds transfer—Definitions.

1 In this article:

2 (1) "Funds transfer" means the series of transactions, 3 beginning with the originator's payment order, made for 4 the purpose of making payment to the beneficiary of the 5 order. The term includes any payment order issued by 6 the originator's bank or an intermediary bank intended 7 to carry out the originator's payment order. A funds 8 transfer is completed by acceptance by the beneficiary's 9 bank of a payment order for the benefit of the benefi-10 ciary of the originator's payment order.

(2) "Intermediary bank" means a receiving bank
other than the originator's bank or the beneficiary's
bank.

(3) "Originator" means the sender of the first paymentorder in a funds transfer.

(4) "Originator's bank" means (A) the receiving bank
to which the payment order of the originator is issued
if the originator is not a bank or (B) the originator if
the originator is a bank.

§46-4A-105. Other definitions.

1 (a) In this article:

2 (1) "Authorized account" means a deposit account of a customer in a bank designated by the customer as a 3 source of payment of payment orders issued by the 4 5 customer to the bank. If a customer does not so designate an account, any account of the customer is an 6 7 authorized account if payment of a payment order from that account is not inconsistent with a restriction on the 8 9 use of that account.

(2) "Banker" means a person engaged in the business
of banking and includes a savings bank, savings and
loan association, credit union, and trust company. A
branch or separate office of a bank is a separate bank
for purposes of this article.

(3) "Customer" means a person, including a bank,
having an account with a bank or from whom a bank
has agreed to receive payment orders.

(4) "Funds-transfer business day" of a receiving bank
means the part of a day during which the receiving
bank is open for the receipt, processing and transmittal
of payment orders and cancellations and amendments of
payment orders.

(5) "Funds-transfer system" means a wire transfer
 network, automated clearing house or other communi cation system of a clearing house or other association of

26 banks through which a payment order by a bank may27 be transmitted to the bank to which the order is28 addressed.

(6) "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the
observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair
dealing.

32 (7) "Prove" with respect to a fact means to meet the
33 burden of establishing the fact as defined in subdivision
34 (8), section two hundred one, article one of this chapter.

(b) Other definitions applying to this article and thesections in which they appear are:

37 (1) "Acceptance", section two hundred nine of this38 article.

39 (2) "Beneficiary", section one hundred three of this40 article.

41 (3) "Beneficiary's bank", section one hundred three of 42 this article.

43 (4) "Executed", section three hundred one of this 44 article.

45 (5) "Execution date", section three hundred one of this46 article.

47 (6) "Funds transfer", section one hundred four of this 48 article.

49 (7) "Funds-transfer system rule", section five hundred50 one of this article.

51 (8) "Intermediary bank", section one hundred four of 52 this article.

53 (9) "Originator", section one hundred four of this 54 article.

55 (10) "Originator's bank", section one hundred four of 56 this article.

57 (11) "Payment by beneficiary's bank to beneficiary",58 section four hundred five of this article.

59 (12) "Payment by originator to beneficiary", section60 four hundred six of this article.

330	BANKS AND BANKING [Ch. 30
61 62	(13) "Payment by sender to receiving bank", section four hundred three of this article.
63 64	(14) "Payment date", section four hundred one of this article.
65 66	(15) "Payment order", section one hundred three of this article.
67 68	(16) "Receiving bank", section one hundred three of this article.
69 70	(17) "Security procedure", section two hundred one of this article.
71 72	(18) "Sender", section one hundred three of this article.
73 74	(c) The following definitions in article four of this chapter apply to this article:
75 76	(1) "Clearing house", section one hundred four, article four of this chapter.
77 78	(2) "Item", section one hundred four, article four of this chapter.
79 80	(3) "Suspends payments", section one hundred four, article four of this chapter.
81 82 83	(d) In addition, article one of this chapter contains general definitions and principles of construction and interpretation applicable throughout this article.
§46-4A-106. Time payment order is received.	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	(a) The time of receipt of a payment order or com- munication canceling or amending a payment order is determined by the rules applicable to receipt of a notice stated in subdivision (27), section two hundred one, article one of this chapter. A receiving bank may fix a cut-off time or times on a funds-transfer business day for the receipt and processing of payment orders and communications canceling or amending payment orders. Different cut-off times may apply to payment orders, cancellations or amendments, or to different categories of payment orders, cancellations or amendments. A cut-
12	off time may apply to senders generally or different cut-

.

13 off times may apply to different senders or categories 14 of payment orders. If a payment order or communication canceling or amending a payment order is received 15 after the close of a funds-transfer business day or after 16 the appropriate cut-off time on a funds-transfer business 17 18 day, the receiving bank may treat the payment order or 19 communication as received at the opening of the next 20 funds-transfer business day.

(b) If this article refers to an execution date or payment date or states a day on which a receiving bank is required to take action, and the date or day does not fall on a funds-transfer business day, the next day that is a funds-transfer business day is treated as the date or day stated, unless the contrary is stated in this article.

§46-4A-107. Federal reserve regulations and operating circulars.

1 Regulations of the board of governors of the federal 2 reserve system and operating circulars of the federal

3 reserve banks supersede any inconsistent provision of

4 this article to the extent of the inconsistency.

§46-4A-108. Exclusion of consumer transactions governed by federal law.

1 This article does not apply to a funds transfer any part

2 of which is governed by the Electronic Fund Transfer

- 3 Act of 1978 (Title XX, Public Law 95-630, 92 Stat. 3728,
- 4 15 U.S.C. §1693 et seq.) as amended from time to time.

PART II. ISSUE AND ACCEPTANCE OF PAYMENT ORDER.

§46-4A-201. Security procedure.

"Security procedure" means a procedure established 1 by agreement of a customer and a receiving bank for 2 the purpose of (1) verifying that a payment order or 3 communication amending or canceling a payment order 4 5 is that of the customer, or (2) detecting error in the transmission or the content of the payment order or 6 communication. A security procedure may require the 7 8 use of algorithms or other codes, identifying words or 9 numbers, encryption, callback procedures or similar

\$

ć

security devices. Comparison of a signature on a
payment order or communication with an authorized
specimen signature of the customer is not by itself a

13 security procedure.

§46-4A-202. Authorized and verified payment orders.

(a) A payment order received by the receiving bank
 is the authorized order of the person identified as sender
 if that person authorized the order or is otherwise bound
 by it under the law of agency.

5 (b) If a bank and its customer have agreed that the 6 authenticity of payment orders issued to the bank in the 7 name of the customer as sender will be verified 8 pursuant to a security procedure, a payment order 9 received by the receiving bank is effective as the order 10 of the customer, whether or not authorized, if (1) the 11 security procedure is a commercially reasonable method 12 of providing security against unauthorized payment 13 orders, and (2) the bank proves that it accepted the 14 payment order in good faith and in compliance with the 15 security procedure and any written agreement or 16 instruction of the customer restricting acceptance of 17 payment orders issued in the name of the customer. The bank is not required to follow an instruction that 18 19 violates a written agreement with the customer or notice 20 of which is not received at a time and in a manner affording the bank a reasonable opportunity to act on 21 22 it before the payment order is accepted.

23(c) Commercial reasonableness of a security proce- $\mathbf{24}$ dure is a question of law to be determined by consid-25ering the wishes of the customer expressed to the bank. 26 the circumstances of the customer known to the bank. 27 including the size, type and frequency of payment orders normally issued by the customer to the bank, $\mathbf{28}$ 29 alternative security procedures offered to the customer 30 and security procedures in general use by customers and 31 receiving banks similarly situated. A security procedure 32 is deemed to be commercially reasonable if (1) the 33 security procedure was chosen by the customer after the 34 bank offered, and the customer refused, a security procedure that was commercially reasonable for that 35

customer, and (2) the customer expressly agreed in
writing to be bound by any payment order, whether or
not authorized, issued in its name, and accepted by the
bank in compliance with the security procedure chosen
by the customer.

(d) The term "sender" in this article includes the
customer in whose name a payment order is issued if
the order is the authorized order of the customer under
subsection (a) of this section, or it is effective as the
order of the customer under subsection (b) of this
section.

47 (e) This section applies to amendments and cancella48 tions of payment orders to the same extent it applies to
49 payment orders.

50 (f) Except as provided in this section and in subdivi-51 sion (1), subsection (a), section two hundred three of this 52 article, rights and obligations arising under this section 53 or section two hundred three of this article may not be 54 varied by agreement.

§46-4A-203. Unenforceability of certain verified payment orders.

(a) If an accepted payment order is not, under
subsection (a), section two hundred two of this article,
an authorized order of a customer identified as sender,
but is effective as an order of the customer pursuant to
subsection (b), section two hundred two of this article,
the following rules apply:

7 (1) By express written agreement, the receiving bank
8 may limit the extent to which it is entitled to enforce
9 or retain payment of the payment order; or

10 (2) The receiving bank is not entitled to enforce or retain payment of the payment order if the customer 11 proves that the order was not caused, directly or 12 indirectly, by a person (A) entrusted at any time with 13 duties to act for the customer with respect to payment 14 orders or the security procedure, or (B) who obtained 15 16 access to transmitting facilities of the customer or who obtained, from a source controlled by the customer and 17 18 without authority of the receiving bank, information

ŧ

C

facilitating breach of the security procedure, regardless
of how the information was obtained or whether the
customer was at fault. Information includes any access
device, computer software or the like.

(b) This section applies to amendments of paymentorders to the same extent it applies to payment orders.

§46-4A-204. Refund of payment and duty of customer to report with respect to unauthorized payment order.

(a) If a receiving bank accepts a payment order issued 1 2 in the name of its customer as sender which is (1) not 3 authorized and not effective as the order of the customer 4 under section two hundred two of this article or (2) not 5 enforceable, in whole or in part, against the customer 6 under section two hundred three of this article, the bank 7 shall refund any payment of the payment order received 8 from the customer to the extent the bank is not entitled to enforce payment, and shall pay interest on the 9 refundable amount calculated from the date the bank 10 11 received payment to the date of the refund. However, 12 the customer is not entitled to interest from the bank 13 on the amount to be refunded if the customer fails to 14 exercise ordinary care to determine that the order was 15 not authorized by the customer and to notify the bank 16 of the relevant facts within a reasonable time not 17 exceeding ninety days after the date the customer 18 received notification from the bank that the order was 19 accepted or that the customer's account was debited 20 with respect to the order. The bank is not entitled to any 21 recovery from the customer on account of a failure by the customer to give notification as stated in this section. 22

(b) Reasonable time under subsection (a) of this
section may be fixed by agreement as stated in subsection (1), section two hundred four, article one of this
chapter, but the obligation of a receiving bank to refund
payment as stated in subsection (a) of this section may
not otherwise be varied by agreement.

§46-4A-205. Erroneous payment orders.

1 (a) (1) If an accepted payment order was transmitted

2 pursuant to a security procedure for the detection of 3 error and the payment order (A) erroneously instructed 4 payment to a beneficiary not intended by the sender, (B) 5 erroneously instructed payment in an amount greater 6 than the amount intended by the sender, or (C) was an 7 erroneously transmitted duplicate of a payment order 8 previously sent by the sender, the following rules apply:

9 (2) If the sender proves that the sender or a person acting on behalf of the sender pursuant to section two hundred six of this article complied with the security procedure and that the error would have been detected 13 if the receiving bank had also complied, the sender is 14 not obliged to pay the order to the extent stated in 15 subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection;

16 (3) If the funds transfer is completed on the basis of 17 an erroneous payment order described in paragraph (A) 18 or (C) of subdivision (1), the sender is not obliged to pay 19 the order and the receiving bank is entitled to recover 20 from the beneficiary any amount paid to the beneficiary 21 to the extent allowed by the law governing mistake and 22 restitution; or

23 (4) If the funds transfer is completed on the basis of 24 a payment order described in paragraph (B) of subdi-25vision (1), the sender is not obliged to pay the order to the extent the amount received by the beneficiary is 2627 greater than the amount intended by the sender. In that 28 case, the receiving bank is entitled to recover from the 29 beneficiary the excess amount received to the extent 30 allowed by the law governing mistake and restitution.

31 (b) If (1) the sender of an erroneous payment order described in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) is not 32 33 obliged to pay all or part of the order, and (2) the sender 34 receives notification from the receiving bank that the 35 order was accepted by the bank or that the sender's 36 account was debited with respect to the order, the 37 sender has a duty to exercise ordinary care, on the basis of information available to the sender, to discover the 38 39 error with respect to the order and to advise the bank of the relevant facts within a reasonable time not 40 41 exceeding ninety days after the bank's notification was received by the sender. If the bank proves that the
sender failed to perform that duty, the sender is liable
to the bank for the loss the bank proves it incurred as
a result of the failure, but the liability of the sender may
not exceed the amount of the sender's order.

47 (c) This section applies to amendments to payment 48 orders to the same extent it applies to payment orders.

§46-4A-206. Transmission of payment order through funds-transfer or other communication system.

1 (a) If a payment order addressed to a receiving bank 2 is transmitted to a funds-transfer system or other thirdparty communication system for transmittal to the 3 bank, the system is deemed to be an agent of the sender 4 5 for the purpose of transmitting the payment order to the bank. If there is a discrepancy between the terms of the 6 7 payment order transmitted to the system and the terms of the payment order transmitted by the system to the 8 bank, the terms of the payment order of the sender are 9 those transmitted by the system. This section does not 10 apply to a funds-transfer system of the federal reserve 11 12 banks.

(b) This section applies to cancellations and amendments of payment orders to the same extent it applies
to payment orders.

§46-4A-207. Misdescription of beneficiary.

1 (a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, if, in a 2 payment order received by the beneficiary's bank, the 3 name, bank account number or other identification of 4 the beneficiary refers to a nonexistent or unidentifiable 5 person or account, no person has rights as a beneficiary 6 of the order and acceptance of the order cannot occur.

7 (b) If a payment order received by the beneficiary's 8 bank identifies the beneficiary both by name and by an 9 identifying or bank account number and the name and 10 number identify different persons, the following rules 11 apply:

12 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of

this section, if the beneficiary's bank does not know that the name and number refer to different persons, it may rely on the number as the proper identification of the beneficiary of the order. The beneficiary's bank need not determine whether the name and number refer to the same person; or

(2) If the beneficiary's bank pays the person identified by name or knows that the name and number identify different persons, no person has rights as beneficiary except the person paid by the beneficiary's bank if that person was entitled to receive payment from the originator of the funds transfer. If no person has rights as beneficiary, acceptance of the order cannot occur.

(c) If a payment order described in subsection (b) of
this section is accepted, the originator's payment order
described the beneficiary inconsistently by name and
number, and the beneficiary's bank pays the person
identified by number as permitted by subdivision (1),
subsection (b) of this section, the following rules apply:

32 (1) If the originator is a bank, the originator is obliged33 to pay its order; or

34 (2) If the originator is not a bank and proves that the 35 person identified by number was not entitled to receive 36 payment from the originator, the originator is not 37 obliged to pay its order unless the originator's bank proves that the originator, before acceptance of the 38 39 originator's order, had notice that payment of a payment order issued by the originator might be made by the 40 beneficiary's bank on the basis of an identifying or bank 41 42 account number even if it identifies a person different 43 from the named beneficiary. Proof of notice may be made by any admissible evidence. The originator's bank 44 satisfies the burden of proof if it proves that the 45 originator, before the payment order was accepted. 46 signed a writing stating the information to which the 47 48 notice relates.

(d) In a case governed by subdivision (1), subsection
(b) of this section, if the beneficiary's bank rightfully
pays the person identified by number and that person
was not entitled to receive payment from the originator,

جع

53 the amount paid may be recovered from that person to 54 the extent allowed by the law governing mistake and

55 restitution as follows:

56 (1) If the originator is obliged to pay its payment
57 order as stated in subsection (c) of this section, the
58 originator has the right to recover; or

59 (2) If the originator is not a bank and is not obliged
60 to pay its payment order, the originator's bank has the
61 right to recover.

§46-4A-208. Misdescription of intermediary bank or beneficiary's bank.

(a) This subsection applies to a payment order
 identifying an intermediary bank or beneficiary's bank
 only by an identifying number.

4 (1) The receiving bank may rely on the number as the 5 proper identification of the intermediary or benefi-6 ciary's bank and need not determine whether the 7 number identifies the bank.

8 (2) The sender is obliged to compensate the receiving 9 bank for any loss and expenses incurred by the receiving 10 bank as a result of its reliance on the number in 11 executing or attempting to execute the order.

(b) This subsection applies to a payment order
identifying an intermediary bank or the beneficiary's
bank both by name and an identifying number if the
name and number identify different persons.

16 (1) If the sender is a bank, the receiving bank may 17 rely on the number as the proper identification of the 18 intermediary or beneficiary's bank if the receiving 19 bank, when it executes the sender's order, does not know 20 that the name and number identify different persons. 21 The receiving bank need not determine whether the 22 name and number refer to the same person or whether 23 the number refers to a bank. The sender is obliged to 24 compensate the receiving bank for any loss and expenses 25incurred by the receiving bank as a result of its reliance 26 on the number in executing or attempting to execute the 27 order.

28 (2) If the sender is not a bank and the receiving bank 29 proves that the sender, before the payment order was 30 accepted, had notice that the receiving bank might rely 31 on the number as the proper identification of the 32 intermediary or beneficiary's bank even if it identifies 33 a person different from the bank identified by name, the 34 rights and obligations of the sender and the receiving 35 bank are governed by subdivision (1) of this subsection. 36 as though the sender were a bank. Proof of notice may 37 be made by any admissible evidence. The receiving bank satisfies the burden of proof if it proves that the sender. 38 before the payment order was accepted, signed a 39 writing stating the information to which the notice 40 41 relates.

42 (3) Regardless of whether the sender is a bank, the 43 receiving bank may rely on the name as the proper 44 identification of the intermediary or beneficiary's bank 45 if the receiving bank, at the time it executes the sender's 46 order, does not know that the name and number identify 47 different persons. The receiving bank need not deter-48 mine whether the name and number refer to the same 49 person.

50 (4) If the receiving bank knows that the name and 51 number identify different persons, reliance on either the 52 name or the number in executing the sender's payment 53 order is a breach of the obligation stated in subdivision 54 (1), subsection (a), section three hundred two of this 55 article.

§46-4A-209. Acceptance of payment order.

(a) Subject to subsection (d) of this section, a receiving
 bank other than the beneficiary's bank accepts a
 payment order when it executes the order.

4 (b) Subject to subsections (c) and (d) of this section, 5 a beneficiary's bank accepts a payment order at the 6 earliest of the following times:

7 (1) When the bank (A) pays the beneficiary as stated
8 in subsection (a), section four hundred five of this article
9 or subsection (b), section four hundred five of this
10 article, or (B) notifies the beneficiary of receipt of the

Ċ

order or that the account of the beneficiary has been credited with respect to the order unless the notice indicates that the bank is rejecting the order or that funds with respect to the order may not be withdrawn or used until receipt of payment from the sender of the order;

17 (2) When the bank receives payment of the entire
18 amount of the sender's order pursuant to subdivision (1),
19 subsection (a), section four hundred three of this article
20 or subdivision (2), subsection (a), section four hundred
21 three of this article; or

22 (3) The opening of the next funds-transfer business 23day of the bank following the payment date of the order 24 if, at that time, the amount of the sender's order is fully covered by a withdrawable credit balance in an 25 $\mathbf{26}$ authorized account of the sender or the bank has 27 otherwise received full payment from the sender, unless the order was rejected before that time or is rejected 28 29 within (A) one hour after that time, or (B) one hour after the opening of the next business day of the sender 30 31 following the payment date if that time is later. If notice 32 of rejection is received by the sender after the payment 33 date and the authorized account of the sender does not bear interest, the bank is obliged to pay interest to the 34 35 sender on the amount of the order for the number of 36 days elapsing after the payment date to the day the 37 sender receives notice or learns that the order was not 38 accepted, counting that day as an elapsed day. If the 39 withdrawable credit balance during that period falls 40 below the amount of the order, the amount of interest 41 payable is reduced accordingly.

42 (c) Acceptance of a payment order cannot occur before the order is received by the receiving bank. 43 44 Acceptance does not occur under subdivision (2), 45 subsection (b) of this section or subdivision (3), subsection (b) of this section if the beneficiary of the payment 46 47 order does not have an account with the receiving bank, 48 the account has been closed or the receiving bank is not 49 permitted by law to receive credits for the beneficiary's 50account.

51(d) A payment order issued to the originator's bank cannot be accepted until (1) the payment date if the 5253bank is the beneficiary's bank, or (2) the execution date 54if the bank is not the beneficiary's bank. If the 55 originator's bank executes the originator's payment 56 order before the execution date or pays the beneficiary 57 of the originator's payment order before the payment 58 date and the payment order is subsequently cancelled 59 pursuant to subsection (b), section two hundred eleven 60 of this article, the bank may recover from the benefi-61 ciary any payment received to the extent allowed by the 62 law governing mistake and restitution.

§46-4A-210. Rejection of payment order.

(a) A payment order is rejected by the receiving bank 1 2 by a notice of rejection transmitted to the sender orally. 3 electronically or in writing. A notice of rejection need not use any particular words and is sufficient if it 4 5 indicates that the receiving bank is rejecting the order 6 or will not execute or pay the order. Rejection is 7 effective when the notice is given if transmission is by 8 a means that is reasonable in the circumstances. If 9 notice of rejection is given by a means that is not reasonable, rejection is effective when the notice is 10 11 received. If an agreement of the sender and receiving 12 bank establishes the means to be used to reject a payment order, (1) any means complying with the 13agreement is reasonable, and (2) any means not comp-14 15 lying is not reasonable unless no significant delay in receipt of the notice resulted from the use of the 16 17 noncomplying means.

(b) This subsection applies if a receiving bank other 18 19 than the beneficiary's bank fails to execute a payment order despite existence on the execution date of a 20 withdrawable credit balance in an authorized account 21 of the sender sufficient to cover the order. If the sender 22 does not receive notice of rejection of the order on the 23execution date and the authorized account of the sender $\mathbf{24}$ does not bear interest, the bank is obliged to pay interest 25to the sender on the amount of the order for the number 26of days elapsing after the execution date to the earlier 27 28 of the day the order is canceled pursuant to subsection (d), section two hundred eleven of this article or the day
the sender receives notice or learns that the order was
not executed, counting the final day of the period as an
elapsed day. If the withdrawable credit balance during
that period falls below the amount of the order, the
amount of interest is reduced accordingly.

35 (c) If a receiving bank suspends payments, all unac36 cepted payment orders issued to it are deemed rejected
37 at the time the bank suspends payments.

38 (d) Acceptance of a payment order precludes a later
39 rejection of the order. Rejection of a payment order
40 precludes a later acceptance of the order.

§46-4A-211. Cancellation and amendment of payment order.

1 (a) A communication of the sender of a payment order $\mathbf{2}$ cancelling or amending the order may be transmitted 3 to the receiving bank orally, electronically or in writing. If a security procedure is in effect between the sender 4 and the receiving bank, the communication is not 5 6 effective to cancel or amend the order unless the communication is verified pursuant to the security 7 8 procedure or the bank agrees to the cancellation or 9 amendment.

10 (b) Subject to subsection (a) of this section, a commun-11 ication by the sender cancelling or amending a payment 12 order is effective to cancel or amend the order if notice 13 of the communication is received at a time and in a 14 manner affording the receiving bank a reasonable 15 opportunity to act on the communication before the bank 16 accepts the payment order.

(c) After a payment order has been accepted, cancellation or amendment of the order is not effective unless
the receiving bank agrees or a funds-transfer system
rule allows cancellation or amendment without agreement of the bank.

(1) With respect to a payment order accepted by a
receiving bank other than the beneficiary's bank,
cancellation or amendment is not effective unless a
conforming cancellation or amendment of the payment
order issued by the receiving bank is also made.

27(2) With respect to a payment order accepted by the 28beneficiary's bank, cancellation or amendment is not 29 effective unless the order was issued in execution of an 30 unauthorized payment order, or because of a mistake by 31a sender in the funds transfer which resulted in the 32 issuance of a payment order (A) that is a duplicate of a payment order previously issued by the sender, (B) 33 34 that orders payment to a beneficiary not entitled to receive payment from the originator, or (C) that orders 3536 payment in an amount greater than the amount the 37 beneficiary was entitled to receive from the originator. If the payment order is canceled or amended, the 38 39 beneficiary's bank is entitled to recover from the 40 beneficiary any amount paid to the beneficiary to the extent allowed by the law governing mistake and 41 42 restitution.

- (d) An unaccepted payment order is canceled by
 operation of law at the close of the fifth funds-transfer
 business day of the receiving bank after the execution
 date or payment date of the order.
- (e) A canceled payment order cannot be accepted. If
 an accepted payment order is canceled, the acceptance
 is nullified and no person has any right or obligation
 based on the acceptance. Amendment of a payment
 order is deemed to be cancellation of the original order
 at the time of amendment and issue of a new payment
 order in the amended form at the same time.

(f) Unless otherwise provided in an agreement of the 54 parties or in a funds-transfer system rule, if the 55 receiving bank, after accepting a payment order, agrees 56to cancellation or amendment of the order by the sender 57or is bound by a funds-transfer system rule allowing 58 cancellation or amendment without the bank's agree-59 ment, the sender, whether or not cancellation or 60 amendment is effective, is liable to the bank for any loss 61 and expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, 62 incurred by the bank as a result of the cancellation or 63 amendment or attempted cancellation or amendment. 64

65 (g) A payment order is not revoked by death or legal

incapacity of the sender unless the receiving bank knows
of the death or of an adjudication of incapacity by a
court of competent jurisdiction and has reasonable
opportunity to act before acceptance of the order.

(h) A funds-transfer system rule is not effective to the
extent it conflicts with subdivision (2), subsection (c) of
this section.

§46-4A-212. Liability and duty of receiving bank regarding unaccepted payment order.

1 If a receiving bank fails to accept a payment order 2 that it is obliged by express agreement to accept, the 3 bank is liable for breach of the agreement to the extent 4 provided in the agreement or in this article, but does 5 not otherwise have any duty to accept a payment order 6 or, before acceptance, to take any action, or refrain from taking action, with respect to the order except as 7 8 provided in this article or by express agreement. 9 Liability based on acceptance arises only when accep-10 tance occurs as stated in section two hundred nine of this 11 article, and liability is limited to that provided in this 12 article. A receiving bank is not the agent of the sender 13 or beneficiary of the payment order it accepts, or of any other party to the funds transfer, and the bank owes no 14 15 duty to any party to the funds transfer except as provided in this article or by express agreement. 16

Part III. Execution of Sender's Payment Order by Receiving Bank.

§46-4A-301. Execution and execution date.

(a) A payment order is "executed" by the receiving
 bank when it issues a payment order intended to carry
 out the payment order received by the bank. A payment
 order received by the beneficiary's bank can be accepted
 but cannot be executed.

6 (b) "Execution date" of a payment order means the 7 day on which the receiving bank may properly issue a 8 payment order in execution of the sender's order. The 9 execution date may be determined by instruction of the 10 sender but cannot be earlier than the day the order is 11 received and, unless otherwise determined, is the day 12 the order is received. If the sender's instruction states 13 a payment date, the execution date is the payment date 14 or an earlier date on which execution is reasonably 15 necessary to allow payment to the beneficiary on the 16 payment date.

§46-4A-302. Obligations of receiving bank in execution of payment order.

(a) Except as provided in subsections (b) through (d)
of this section, if the receiving bank accepts a payment
order pursuant to subsection (a), section two hundred
nine of this article, the bank has the following obligations in executing the order:

6 (1) The receiving bank is obliged to issue, on the 7 execution date, a payment order complying with the sender's order and to follow the sender's instructions 8 concerning (A) any intermediary bank or funds-transfer 9 system to be used in carrying out the funds transfer, or 10 11 (B) the means by which payment orders are to be 12 transmitted in the funds transfer. If the originator's 13 bank issues a payment order to an intermediary bank. the originator's bank is obliged to instruct the interme-14 15 diary bank according to the instruction of the originator. 16 An intermediary bank in the funds transfer is similarly 17 bound by an instruction given to it by the sender of the 18 payment order it accepts; and

19 (2) If the sender's instruction states that the funds transfer is to be carried out telephonically or by wire 20 21 transfer or otherwise indicates that the funds transfer 22 is to be carried out by the most expeditious means, the 23 receiving bank is obliged to transmit its payment order 24 by the most expeditious available means, and to instruct 25any intermediary bank accordingly. If a sender's 26 instruction states a payment date, the receiving bank is 27 obliged to transmit its payment order at a time and by means reasonably necessary to allow payment to the 28 29 beneficiary on the payment date or as soon thereafter 30 as is feasible.

31 (b) Unless otherwise instructed, a receiving bank 32 executing a payment order may (1) use any funds-

transfer system if use of that system is reasonable in the 33 circumstances, and (2) issue a payment order to the 34 35 beneficiary's bank or to an intermediary bank through 36 which a payment order conforming to the sender's order 37 can expeditiously be issued to the beneficiary's bank if 38 the receiving bank exercises ordinary care in the 39 selection of the intermediary bank. A receiving bank is 40 not required to follow an instruction of the sender designating a funds-transfer system to be used in 41 42 carrying out the funds transfer if the receiving bank, 43 in good faith, determines that it is not feasible to follow the instruction or that following the instruction would 44 45 unduly delay completion of the funds transfer.

46 (c) Unless subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section 47 applies or the receiving bank is otherwise instructed, the bank may execute a payment order by transmitting its 48 49 payment order by first class mail or by any means 50 reasonable in the circumstances. If the receiving bank is instructed to execute the sender's order by transmit-5152 ting its payment order by a particular means, the receiving bank may issue its payment order by the 53 means stated or by any means as expeditious as the 54 55 means stated.

56 (d) Unless instructed by the sender, (1) the receiving bank may not obtain payment of its charges for services 57 and expenses in connection with the execution of the 58 59 sender's order by issuing a payment order in an amount 60 equal to the amount of the sender's order less the 61 amount of the charges, and (2) may not instruct a 62 subsequent receiving bank to obtain payment of its 63 charges in the same manner.

§46-4A-303. Erroneous execution of payment order.

1 (a) A receiving bank that (1) executes the payment 2 order of the sender by issuing a payment order in an 3 amount greater than the amount of the sender's order. 4 or (2) issues a payment order in execution of the sender's 5 order and then issues a duplicate order, is entitled to 6 payment of the amount of the sender's order under 7 subsection (c), section four hundred two of this article if that subsection is otherwise satisfied. The bank is 8

9 entitled to recover from the beneficiary of the erroneous
10 order the excess payment received to the extent allowed
11 by the law governing mistake and restitution.

12 (b) A receiving bank that executes the payment order 13 of the sender by issuing a payment order in an amount less than the amount of the sender's order is entitled to 14 15payment of the amount of the sender's order under subsection (c), section four hundred two of this article 16 if (1) that subsection is otherwise satisfied, and (2) the 17 18 bank corrects its mistake by issuing an additional payment order for the benefit of the beneficiary of the 19 20 sender's order. If the error is not corrected, the issuer 21 of the erroneous order is entitled to receive or retain 22payment from the sender of the order it accepted only 23to the extent of the amount of the erroneous order. This 24 subsection does not apply if the receiving bank executes 25the sender's payment order by issuing a payment order 26 in an amount less than the amount of the sender's order 27 for the purpose of obtaining payment of its charges for 28services and expenses pursuant to instruction of the 29 sender.

30 (c) If a receiving bank executes the payment order of the sender by issuing a payment order to a beneficiary 31 32 different from the beneficiary of the sender's order and the funds transfer is completed on the basis of that 33 error, the sender of the payment order that was 34 erroneously executed and all previous senders in the 35 36 funds transfer are not obliged to pay the payment orders 37 they issued. The issuer of the erroneous order is entitled to recover from the beneficiary of the order the payment 38 39 received to the extent allowed by the law governing 40 mistake and restitution.

§46-4A-304. Duty of sender to report erroneously executed payment order.

1 If the sender of a payment order that is erroneously 2 executed as stated in section three hundred three of this 3 article receives notification from the receiving bank that 4 the order was executed or that the sender's account was 5 debited with respect to the order, the sender has a duty 6 to exercise ordinary care to determine, on the basis of

7 information available to the sender, that the order was 8 erroneously executed and to notify the bank of the relevant facts within a reasonable time not exceeding 9 10 ninety days after the notification from the bank was 11 received by the sender. If the sender fails to perform 12 that duty, the bank is not obliged to pay interest on any 13 amount refundable to the sender under subsection (d). 14 section four hundred two of this article for the period 15 before the bank learns of the execution error. The bank is not entitled to any recovery from the sender on 16 17 account of a failure by the sender to perform the duty stated in this section. 18

§46-4A-305. Liability for late or improper execution or failure to execute payment order.

(a) If a funds transfer is completed but execution of 1 2 a payment order by the receiving bank in breach of 3 section three hundred two of this article results in delay 4 in payment to the beneficiary, the bank is obliged to pay interest to either the originator or the beneficiary of the 5 funds transfer for the period of delay caused by the 6 improper execution. Except as provided in subsection (c) 7 8 of this section, additional damages are not recoverable.

9 (b) If execution of a payment order by a receiving 10 bank in breach of section three hundred two of this 11 article results in (1) noncompletion of the funds transfer. 12 (2) failure to use an intermediary bank designated by 13 the originator, or (3) issuance of a payment order that 14 does not comply with the terms of the payment order 15of the originator, the bank is liable to the originator for its expenses in the funds transfer and for incidental 16 expenses and interest losses, to the extent not covered 17 by subsection (a) of this section resulting from the 18 19 improper execution. Except as provided in subsection (c) 20 of this section, additional damages are not recoverable.

(c) In addition to the amounts payable under subsections (a) and (b) of this section, damages, including
consequential damages, are recoverable to the extent
provided in an express written agreement of the
receiving bank.

26 (d) If a receiving bank fails to execute a payment

27order it was obliged by express agreement to execute. the receiving bank is liable to the sender for its expenses 28 in the transaction and for incidental expenses and 29 30 interest losses resulting from the failure to execute. 31 Additional damages, including consequential damages. are recoverable to the extent provided in an express 32 33 written agreement of the receiving bank, but are not 34 otherwise recoverable.

35 (e) Reasonable attorney's fees are recoverable if 36 demand for compensation under subsection (a) or (b) of 37 this section is made and refused before an action is 38 brought on the claim. If a claim is made for breach of an agreement under subsection (d) of this section and 39 40 the agreement does not provide for damages, reasonable attorney's fees are recoverable if demand for compen-41 42 sation under subsection (d) of this section is made and 43 refused before an action is brought on the claim.

(f) Except as stated in this section, the liability of a
receiving bank under subsections (a) and (b) of this
section may not be varied by agreement.

PART IV. PAYMENT.

§46-4A-401. Payment date.

"Payment date" of a payment order means the day on which the amount of the order is payable to the beneficiary by the beneficiary's bank. The payment date may be determined by instruction of the sender but cannot be earlier than the day the order is received by the beneficiary's bank and, unless otherwise determined, is the day the order is received by the beneficiary's bank.

§46-4A-402. Obligation of sender to pay receiving bank.

1 (a) This section is subject to sections two hundred five 2 and two hundred seven of this article.

3 (b) With respect to a payment order issued to the 4 beneficiary's bank, acceptance of the order by the bank 5 obliges the sender to pay the bank the amount of the 6 order, but payment is not due until the payment date 7 of the order.

8 (c) This subsection is subject to subsection (e) of this 9 section and to section three hundred three of this article. 10 With respect to a payment order issued to a receiving bank other than the beneficiary's bank, acceptance of 11 12 the order by the receiving bank obliges the sender to pay 13 the bank the amount of the sender's order. Payment by 14 the sender is not due until the execution date of the 15 sender's order. The obligation of that sender to pay its 16 payment order is excused if the funds transfer is not 17 completed by acceptance by the beneficiary's bank of a 18 payment order instructing payment to the beneficiary 19 of that sender's payment order.

 $\mathbf{20}$ (d) If the sender of a payment order pays the order and was not obliged to pay all or part of the amount 21 22paid, the bank receiving payment is obliged to refund 23payment to the extent the sender was not obliged to pay. 24 Except as provided in section two hundred four and section three hundred four of this article, interest is 25payable on the refundable amount from the date of 2627 payment.

28 (e) If a funds transfer is not completed as stated in 29 subsection (c) of this section and an intermediary bank 30 is obliged to refund payment as stated in subsection (d) 31of this section but is unable to do so because not permitted by applicable law or because the bank 3233 suspends payments, a sender in the funds transfer that 34 executed a payment order in compliance with an instruction, as stated in subdivision (1), subsection (a), 35 36 section three hundred two of this article, to route the 37 funds transfer through that intermediary bank is 38 entitled to receive or retain payment from the sender of 39 the payment order that it accepted. The first sender in **40** the funds transfer that issued an instruction requiring routing through that intermediary bank is subrogated 41 42 to the right of the bank that paid the intermediary bank 43 to refund as stated in subsection (d) of this section.

(f) The right of the sender of a payment order to be
excused from the obligation to pay the order as stated
in subsection (c) of this section or to receive refund
under subsection (d) of this section may not be varied
by agreement.

§46-4A-403. Payment by sender to receiving bank.

(a) Payment of the sender's obligation under section
 four hundred two of this article to pay the receiving
 bank occurs as follows:

4 (1) If the sender is a bank, payment occurs when the 5 receiving bank receives final settlement of the obligation 6 through a federal reserve bank or through a funds-7 transfer system;

8 (2) If the sender is a bank and the sender (A) credited 9 an account of the receiving bank with the sender, or (B) 10 caused an account of the receiving bank in another bank 11 to be credited, payment occurs when the credit is 12 withdrawn or, if not withdrawn, at midnight of the day 13 on which the credit is withdrawable and the receiving 14 bank learns of that fact; or

(3) If the receiving bank debits an account of the
sender with the receiving bank, payment occurs when
the debit is made to the extent the debit is covered by
a withdrawable credit balance in the account.

19 (b) If the sender and receiving bank are members of 20 a funds-transfer system that nets obligations multilat-21 erally among participants, the receiving bank receives 22 final settlement when settlement is complete in accor-23 dance with the rules of the system. The obligation of the 24 sender to pay the amount of a payment order transmit-25 ted through the funds-transfer system may be satisfied, 26 to the extent permitted by the rules of the system, by 27 setting off and applying against the sender's obligation 28 the right of the sender to receive payment from the 29 receiving bank of the amount of any other payment 30 order transmitted to the sender by the receiving bank 31 through the funds-transfer system. The aggregate 32 balance of obligations owed by each sender to each receiving bank in the funds-transfer system may be 33 34 satisfied, to the extent permitted by the rules of the 35 system, by setting off and applying against that balance 36 the aggregate balance of obligations owed to the sender by other members of the system. The aggregate balance 37 38 is determined after the right of setoff stated in the 39 second sentence of this subsection has been exercised.

Ch. 30]

÷

40 (c) If two banks transmit payment orders to each other under an agreement that settlement of the 41 obligations of each bank to the other under section four 42 43 hundred two of this article will be made at the end of 44 the day or other period, the total amount owed with 45 respect to all orders transmitted by one bank shall be set off against the total amount owed with respect to all 46 orders transmitted by the other bank. To the extent of 47 48 the setoff, each bank has made payment to the other.

(d) In a case not covered by subsection (a) of this
section, the time when payment of the sender's obligation
tion under subsection (b), section four hundred two or
subsection (c), section four hundred two of this article
occurs is governed by applicable principles of law that
determine when an obligation is satisfied.

§46-4A-404. Obligation of beneficiary's bank to pay and give notice to beneficiary.

(a) Subject to subsection (e), section two hundred 1 2 eleven, subsection (d), section four hundred five, and 3 subsection (e), section four hundred five of this article, if a beneficiary's bank accepts a payment order, the 4 bank is obliged to pay the amount of the order to the 5 beneficiary of the order. Payment is due on the payment 6 7 date of the order, but if acceptance occurs on the 8 payment date after the close of the funds-transfer business day of the bank, payment is due on the next 9 funds-transfer business day. If the bank refuses to pay 10 11 after demand by the beneficiary and receipt of notice 12 of particular circumstances that will give rise to consequential damages as a result of nonpayment, the 13 14 beneficiary may recover damages resulting from the 15 refusal to pay to the extent the bank had notice of the damages, unless the bank proves that it did not pay 16 17 because of a reasonable doubt concerning the right of 18 the beneficiary to payment.

(b) If a payment order accepted by the beneficiary's
bank instructs payment to an account of the beneficiary,
the bank is obliged to notify the beneficiary of receipt
of the order before midnight of the next funds-transfer
business day following the payment date. If the payment

24 order does not instruct payment to an account of the beneficiary, the bank is required to notify the benefi-2526ciary only if notice is required by the order. Notice may 27be given by first class mail or any other means reasonable in the circumstances. If the bank fails to give 2829 the required notice, the bank is obliged to pay interest 30 to the beneficiary on the amount of the payment order 31 from the day notice should have been given until the day 32the beneficiary learned of receipt of the payment order by the bank. No other damages are recoverable. 33 34 Reasonable attorney's fees are also recoverable if 35demand for interest is made and refused before an 36 action is brought on the claim.

37 (c) The right of a beneficiary to receive payment and 38 damages as stated in subsection (a) of this section may 39 not be varied by agreement or a funds-transfer system 40 rule. The right of a beneficiary to be notified as stated in subsection (b) of this section may be varied by 41 agreement of the beneficiary or by a funds-transfer 42 43 system rule if the beneficiary is notified of the rule 44 before initiation of the funds transfer.

§46-4A-405. Payment by beneficiary's bank to beneficiary.

1 (a) If the beneficiary's bank credits an account of the 2 beneficiary of a payment order, payment of the bank's 3 obligation under subsection (a), section four hundred four of this article occurs when and to the extent (1) the 4 5 beneficiary is notified of the right to withdraw the 6 credit. (2) the bank lawfully applies the credit to a debt 7 of the beneficiary, or (3) funds with respect to the order are otherwise made available to the beneficiary by the 8 9 bank.

10 (b) If the beneficiary's bank does not credit an account 11 of the beneficiary of a payment order, the time when 12 payment of the bank's obligation under subsection (a), 13 section four hundred four of this article occurs is 14 governed by principles of law that determine when an 15 obligation is satisfied.

16 (c) Except as stated in subsections (d) and (e) of this 17 section, if the beneficiary's bank pays the beneficiary of

1

a payment order under a condition to payment or
agreement of the beneficiary giving the bank the right
to recover payment from the beneficiary if the bank does
not receive payment of the order, the condition to
payment or agreement is not enforceable.

23 (d) A funds-transfer system rule may provide that 24 payments made to beneficiaries of funds transfers made 25through the system are provisional until receipt of payment by the beneficiary's bank of the payment order 26it accepted. A beneficiary's bank that makes a payment 27 28 that is provisional under the rule is entitled to refund 29 from the beneficiary if (1) the rule requires that both 30 the beneficiary and the originator be given notice of the 31 provisional nature of the payment before the funds 32 transfer is initiated. (2) the beneficiary, the beneficiary's 33 bank and the originator's bank agreed to be bound by 34 the rule, and (3) the beneficiary's bank did not receive 35 payment of the payment order that it accepted. If the 36 beneficiary is obliged to refund payment to the benefi-37 ciary's bank, acceptance of the payment order by the 38 beneficiary's bank is nullified and no payment by the 39 originator of the funds transfer to the beneficiary occurs 40 under section four hundred six of this article.

(e) (1) This subsection applies to a funds transfer that 41 42 includes a payment order transmitted over a funds-43 transfer system that (A) nets obligations multilaterally among participants, and (B) has in effect a loss-sharing 44 45 agreement among participants for the purpose of providing funds necessary to complete settlement of the 46 47 obligations of one or more participants that do not meet 48 their settlement obligations.

49 (2) If the beneficiary's bank in the funds transfer accepts a payment order and the system fails to 50 51 complete settlement pursuant to its rules with respect 52 to any payment order in the funds transfer, (A) the 53acceptance by the beneficiary's bank is nullified and no 54 person has any right or obligation based on the 55 acceptance, (B) the beneficiary's bank is entitled to recover payment from the beneficiary, (C) no payment 56 by the originator to the beneficiary occurs under section 57 58 four hundred six of this article, and (D) subject to

Ch. 30]

subsection (e), section four hundred two of this article,
each sender in the funds transfer is excused from its
obligation to pay its payment order under subsection (c),
section four hundred two of this article because the
funds transfer has not been completed.

§46-4A-406. Payment by originator to beneficiary; discharge of underlying obligation.

1 (a) Subject to subsection (e), section two hundred 2 eleven, subsection (d), section four hundred five, and 3 subsection (e), section four hundred five of this article. the originator of a funds transfer pays the beneficiary 4 5 of the originator's payment order (1) at the time a 6 payment order for the benefit of the beneficiary is 7 accepted by the beneficiary's bank in the funds transfer 8 and (2) in an amount equal to the amount of the order 9 accepted by the beneficiary's bank, but not more than 10 the amount of the originator's order.

11 (b) If payment under subsection (a) of this section is made to satisfy an obligation, the obligation is dis-12 13 charged to the same extent discharge would result from 14 payment to the beneficiary of the same amount in 15 money, unless (1) the payment under subsection (a) of 16 this section was made by a means prohibited by the contract of the beneficiary with respect to the obligation. 17 (2) the beneficiary, within a reasonable time after 18 receiving notice of receipt of the order by the benefi-19 20 ciary's bank, notified the originator of the beneficiary's refusal of the payment, (3) funds with respect to the 21 22 order were not withdrawn by the beneficiary or applied 23 to a debt of the beneficiary, and (4) the beneficiary would suffer a loss that could reasonably have been 24 avoided if payment had been made by a means comp-2526 lying with the contract. If payment by the originator 27 does not result in discharge under this section, the 28 originator is subrogated to the rights of the beneficiary 29 to receive payment from the beneficiary's bank under 30 subsection (a), section four hundred four of this article.

31 (c) For the purpose of determining whether discharge 32 of an obligation occurs under subsection (b) of this 33 section, if the beneficiary's bank accepts a payment

34 order in an amount equal to the amount of the origina-35 tor's payment order less charges of one or more 36 receiving banks in the funds transfer, payment to the 37 beneficiary is deemed to be in the amount of the 38 originator's order unless upon demand by the benefi-39 ciary the originator does not pay the beneficiary the 40 amount of the deducted charges.

(d) Rights of the originator or of the beneficiary of a
funds transfer under this section may be varied only by
agreement of the originator and the beneficiary.

PART V. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

§46-4A-501. Variation by agreement and effect of fundstransfer system rule.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, the
 rights and obligations of a party to a funds transfer may
 be varied by agreement of the affected party.

4 (b) "Funds-transfer system rule" means a rule of an 5 association of banks, (1) governing transmission of 6 payment orders by means of a funds-transfer system of 7 the association or rights and obligations with respect to 8 those orders, or (2) to the extent the rule governs rights and obligations between banks that are parties to a 9 funds transfer in which a federal reserve bank, acting 10 11 as an intermediary bank, sends a payment order to the 12 beneficiary's bank. Except as otherwise provided in this article, a funds-transfer system rule governing rights 13 14 and obligations between participating banks using the system may be effective even if the rule conflicts with 15 16 this article and indirectly affects another party to the 17 funds transfer who does not consent to the rule. A funds-18 transfer system rule may also govern rights and obligations of parties other than participating banks 19 20 using the system to the extent stated in subsection (c), section four hundred four, subsection (d), section four 21 hundred five, and subsection (c), section five hundred 22 23 seven of this article.

§46-4A-502. Creditor process served on receiving bank; setoff by beneficiary's bank.

1

(a) As used in this section, "creditor process" means

Ch. 30]

levy, attachment, garnishment, notice of lien, sequestration or similar process issued by or on behalf of a
creditor or other claimant with respect to an account.

- 5 (b) This subsection applies to creditor process with 6 respect to an authorized account of the sender of a 7 payment order if the creditor process is served on the receiving bank. For the purpose of determining rights 8 9 with respect to the creditor process, if the receiving bank accepts the payment order the balance in the 10 11 authorized account is deemed to be reduced by the 12 amount of the payment order to the extent the bank did 13 not otherwise receive payment of the order, unless the 14 creditor process is served at a time and in a manner affording the bank a reasonable opportunity to act on 15 16 it before the bank accepts the payment order.
- (c) If a beneficiary's bank has received a paymentorder for payment to the beneficiary's account in thebank, the following rules apply:
- (1) The bank may credit the beneficiary's account.
 The amount credited may be set off against an obligation owed by the beneficiary to the bank or may be
 applied to satisfy creditor process served on the bank
 with respect to the account;
- (2) The bank may credit the beneficiary's account and
 allow withdrawal of the amount credited unless creditor
 process with respect to the account is served at a time
 and in a manner affording the bank a reasonable
 opportunity to act to prevent withdrawal; or
- (3) If creditor process with respect to the beneficiary's
 account has been served and the bank has had a
 reasonable opportunity to act on it, the bank may not
 reject the payment order except for a reason unrelated
 to the service of process.
- (d) Creditor process with respect to a payment by the
 originator to the beneficiary pursuant to a funds
 transfer may be served only on the beneficiary's bank
 with respect to the debt owed by that bank to the
 beneficiary. Any other bank served with the creditor
 process is not obliged to act with respect to the process.

§46-4A-503. Injunction or restraining order with respect to funds transfer.

For proper cause and in compliance with applicable 1 law, a court may restrain (1) a person from issuing a 2 payment order to initiate a funds transfer, (2) an 3 originator's bank from executing the payment order of 4 the originator, or (3) the beneficiary's bank from 5 releasing funds to the beneficiary or the beneficiary 6 from withdrawing the funds. A court may not otherwise 7 restrain a person from issuing a payment order, paying 8 or receiving payment of a payment order or otherwise 9 acting with respect to a funds transfer. 10

§46-4A-504. Order in which items and payment orders may be charged to account; order of withdrawals from account.

1 (a) If a receiving bank has received more than one 2 payment order of the sender or one or more payment 3 orders and other items that are payable from the 4 sender's account, the bank may charge the sender's 5 account with respect to the various orders and items in 6 any sequence.

7 (b) In determining whether a credit to an account has
8 been withdrawn by the holder of the account or applied
9 to a debt of the holder of the account, credits first made
10 to the account are first withdrawn or applied.

§46-4A-505. Preclusion of objection to debit of customer's account.

If a receiving bank has received payment from its 1 customer with respect to a payment order issued in the 2 name of the customer as sender and accepted by the 3 bank, and the customer received notification reasonably 4 identifying the order, the customer is precluded from 5 asserting that the bank is not entitled to retain the 6 payment unless the customer notifies the bank of the 7 customer's objection to the payment within one year 8 after the notification was received by the customer. 9

§46-4A-506. Rate of interest.

1 (a) If, under this article, a receiving bank is obliged

Ch. 30]

to pay interest with respect to a payment order issued
to the bank, the amount payable may be determined (1)
by agreement of the sender and receiving bank, or (2)
by a funds-transfer system rule if the payment order is
transmitted through a funds-transfer system.

7 (b) If the amount of interest is not determined by an 8 agreement or rule as stated in subsection (a) of this section, the amount is calculated by multiplying the 9 10 applicable federal funds rate by the amount on which interest is payable, and then multiplying the product by 11 12the number of days for which interest is payable. The 13 applicable federal funds rate is the average of the federal funds rates published by the Federal Reserve 14 Bank of New York for each of the days for which 15interest is payable divided by three hundred sixty. The 16 17 federal funds rate for any day on which a published rate is not available is the same as the published rate for the 18 next preceding day for which there is a published rate. 19 If a receiving bank that accepted a payment order is 20 required to refund payment to the sender of the order 2122because the funds transfer was not completed, but the failure to complete was not due to any fault by the bank. 23the interest payable is reduced by a percentage equal $\mathbf{24}$ to the reserve requirement on deposits of the receiving 2526 bank.

§46-4A-507. Choice of law.

1 (a) The following rules apply unless the affected 2 parties otherwise agree or subsection (c) of this section 3 applies:

4 (1) The rights and obligations between the sender of 5 a payment order and the receiving bank are governed 6 by the law of the jurisdiction in which the receiving 7 bank is located;

8 (2) The rights and obligations between the benefi-9 ciary's bank and the beneficiary are governed by the law 10 of the jurisdiction in which the beneficiary's bank is 11 located; and

12 (3) The issue of when payment is made pursuant to 13 a funds transfer by the originator to the beneficiary is 14 governed by the law of the jurisdiction in which the15 beneficiary's bank is located.

16 (b) If the parties described in each paragraph of 17 subsection (a) of this section have made an agreement 18 selecting the law of a particular jurisdiction to govern 19 rights and obligations between each other, the law of 20 that jurisdiction governs those rights and obligations, 21 whether or not the payment order or the funds transfer 22 bears a reasonable relation to that jurisdiction.

(c) (1) A funds-transfer system rule may select the
law of a particular jurisdiction to govern (A) rights and
obligations between participating banks with respect to
payment orders transmitted or processed through the
system, or (B) the rights and obligations of some or all
parties to a funds transfer any part of which is carried
out by means of the system.

30 (2) A choice of law made pursuant to paragraph (A)
31 of subdivision (1) is binding on participating banks.

(3) A choice of law made pursuant to paragraph (B)
of subdivision (1) is binding on the originator, other
sender, or a receiving bank having notice that the fundstransfer system might be used in the funds transfer and
of the choice of law by the system when the originator,
other sender, or receiving bank issued or accepted a
payment order.

39 (4) The beneficiary of a funds transfer is bound by the 40 choice of law if, when the funds transfer is initiated, the beneficiary has notice that the funds-transfer system 41 42 might be used in the funds transfer and of the choice 43 of law by the system. The law of a jurisdiction selected 44 pursuant to this subsection may govern, whether or not that law bears a reasonable relation to the matter in 45 46 issue.

(d) In the event of inconsistency between an agreement under subsection (b) of this section and a choiceof-law rule under subsection (c) of this section, the
agreement under subsection (b) of this section prevails.

51 (e) If a funds transfer is made by use of more than 52 one funds-transfer system and there is inconsistency 53 between choice-of-law rules of the systems, the matter 54 in issue is governed by the law of the selected jurisdic-55 tion that has the most significant relationship to the 56 matter in issue.



[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections eight, twenty-two, twenty-three and twenty-four, article sixteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to regulating and controlling the manufacture, sale, distribution, transportation, storage and consumption of nonintoxicating beer generally; establishing the qualifications of an applicant for a retailer's license to sell nonintoxicating beer: describing the powers of the nonintoxicating beer commissioner; eliminating the requirement that the collection of taxes be by the use of tax paid crowns, lids and/or stamps; providing for the suspension or revocation of a license or other sanctions against a licensee upon certain violations; providing for notice and hearing on the imposition of sanctions; authorizing the assessment of costs; and providing for the imposition of sanctions against a Class B licensee.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections eight, twenty-two, twenty-three and twentyfour, article sixteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16. NONINTOXICATING BEER.

- \$11-16-8. Form of application for license: fee and bond: refusal of license.
- §11-16-22. Powers of the commissioner; rules, or orders.
- §11-16-23. Revocation or suspension of license: monetary penalty; hearing assessment of costs; establishment of enforcement fund.
- §11-16-24. Hearing on sanctioning of license; notice; review of action of commissioner; clerk of court to furnish commissioner copy of order or judgment of conviction of licensee assessment of costs.

BEER

5

§11-16-8. Form of application for license; fee and bond; refusal of license.

1 (a) A license may be issued by the commissioner to 2 any person who submits an application therefor, 3 accompanied by a license fee, and, where required, a 4 bond, stating under oath:

(1) The name and residence of the applicant, the 5 6 duration of such residency, that the applicant has been 7 a resident of the state for a period of two years next preceding the date of the application and that the 8 applicant is twenty-one years of age. If the applicant is 9 a firm, association, partnership, limited partnership or 10 corporation, the application shall include the residence 11 of the members or officers for a period of two years next 12 preceding the date of such application: Provided, That 13 if any person, firm, partnership, limited partnership, 14 15 association or corporation applies for a license as a distributor, such person, or in the case of a firm, 16 partnership, limited partnership or association, the 17 members or officers thereof shall state under oath that 18 19 each has been a bona fide resident of the state for four 20 years preceding the date of such application;

21 (2) The place of birth of applicant, that he or she is a citizen of the United States and of good moral 22 character and, if a naturalized citizen, when and where 23 24 naturalized: and, if a corporation organized or autho-25rized to do business under the laws of the state, when 26 and where incorporated, with the name and address of 27 each officer: that each officer is a citizen of the United States and a person of good moral character; and if a 28 firm, association, partnership or limited partnership, 29 30 the place of birth of each member of the firm, association, partnership or limited partnership, and that each 31 member is a citizen of the United States and if a 32 33 naturalized citizen, when and where naturalized, each of whom must qualify and sign the application: Pro-34 vided. That the requirements as to residence shall not 35 apply to the officers of a corporation which shall apply 36 for a retailer's license, but the officers, agent, or 37 employee who shall manage and be in charge of the 38

39 licensed premises shall possess all of the qualifications 40 required of an individual applicant for a retailer's

41 license, including the requirement as to residence;

42 (3) The particular place for which the license is43 desired and a detailed description thereof;

(4) The name of the owner of the building and, if theowner is not the applicant, that such applicant is theactual and bona fide lessee of the premises;

47 (5) That the place or building in which is proposed to 48 do business conforms to all laws of health, fire and 49 zoning regulations applicable thereto, and is a safe and 50 proper place or building, and is not within three 51hundred feet of any school or church, measured from 52front door to front door, along the street or streets: 53Provided, That this requirement shall not apply to a Class B license, or to any place now occupied by a beer 54 licensee, so long as it is continuously so occupied: 55 Provided, however, That the prohibition against locating 56 57 any such proposed business in a place or building within 58 three hundred feet of any school shall not apply to any 59 college or university that has notified the commissioner, 60 in writing, that it has no objection to the location of any 61 such proposed business in a place or building within three hundred feet of such college or university; 62

63 (6) That the applicant is not incarcerated and has not
64 during the five years immediately preceding the date of
65 said application been convicted of a felony;

66 (7) That the applicant is the only person in any 67 manner pecuniarily interested in the business so asked 68 to be licensed, and that no other person shall be in any 69 manner pecuniarily interested therein during the 70 continuance of the license; and

(8) That the applicant has not during five years next
immediately preceding the date of said application had
a nonintoxicating beer license revoked.

(b) The provisions and requirements of subsection (a)
of this section are mandatory prerequisites for the
issuance, and in the event any applicant fails to qualify
under the same, license shall be refused. In addition to

78 the information furnished in any application, the 79 commissioner may make such additional and independent investigation of each applicant, and of the place to 80 81 be occupied, as deemed necessary or advisable; and for 82 this reason each and all applications, with license fee 83 and bond, must be filed thirty days prior to the 84 beginning of any fiscal year, and if application is for an 85 unexpired portion of any fiscal year, issuance of license 86 may be withheld for such reasonable time as necessary 87 for investigation.

(c) The commissioner may refuse a license to any
applicant under the provisions of this article if the
commissioner shall be of the opinion:

91 (1) That the applicant is not a suitable person to be 92 licensed;

93 (2) That the place to be occupied by the applicant is 94 not a suitable place; or is within three hundred feet of 95 any school or church, measured from front door to front 96 door along the street or streets: Provided. That this 97 requirement shall not apply to a Class B licensee, or to 98 any place now occupied by a beer licensee, so long as it is continuously so occupied: Provided, however, That 99 100 the prohibition against locating any such place to be 101 occupied by an applicant within three hundred feet of 102 any school shall not apply to any college or university that has notified the commissioner, in writing, that it 103 104 has no objection to the location of any such place within three hundred feet of such college or university; or 105

106 (3) That the license should not be issued for reason of 107 conduct declared to be unlawful by this article.

§11-16-22. Powers of the commissioner; rules, or orders.

(a) In addition to all other powers conferred upon the 1 2 commissioner and in order to effectively carry out the 3 provisions, intent and purposes of this article, the 4 commissioner shall have the power and authority to adopt, promulgate, repeal, rescind and amend, in 5 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-6 a of this code, rules, standards, requirements and 7 orders, including, but not limited to, the following: 8

9 (1) Prescribing records and accounts, pertaining to

BEER

10 the manufacture, distribution and sales of nonintoxicating beer, to be kept by the licensee and the form thereof;

12 (2) Requiring the reporting of such information by 13 licensees as may be necessary for the effective admin-14 istration of this article;

(3) Regulating the branding and labeling of packages,
bottles or other containers in which nonintoxicating beer
may be sold; and, in his discretion, requiring the
collection of all taxes provided for under section thirteen
of this article;

(4) Prohibiting shipment into the state and sale within
the state of low grade or under-standard nonintoxicating
beer;

(5) Referring to licenses and the issuance and revoca-tion of the same;

(6) Establishing the suitability of businesses and
locations for licensure, and requiring licensees to keep
their places of business where nonintoxicating beer is
sold at retail, and the equipment used in connection
therewith, clean and in a sanitary condition;

30 (7) The establishment of advertising guidelines, prohibitions and prior permissions generally, including, 31 but not limited to. (i) the use of posters, placards, 32 mirrors, windows, doors or indoor and outdoor signs 33 generally, and print and electronic advertising of retail 34 licensees specifically, (ii) the sponsoring of athletic 35 36 events or contests by licensees and restrictions relating thereto, (iii) the use of equipment, fixtures or supplies 37 in advertising, (iv) false advertising with respect to any 38 product of or sold by any licensee, including, but not 39 limited to, draft beer and coolers and (v) the extent, if 40 any, to which free goods and other inducements may be 41 42 utilized by any licensee:

(8) Wholesale prices or price changes, including, but
not limited to, the regulation and extent, if any, of any
temporary price markoff or markdown, temporary
wholesale price change downward or price discount,
sometimes referred to as "post downs" or as "posting
down" or any other price change, the express purpose
of which is to put into effect a temporary price

reduction, as well as the duration of time during whichsuch temporary price reduction is to remain in effect;

52 (9) Restrictions upon West Virginia distributors or 53 other licensees with respect to the purchase of any 54 nonintoxicating beer or malt coolers from manufactur-55 ers or brewers whether within or without the state who 56 have failed to qualify for manufacture or shipment of 57 any such product in the state; and

(10) Regulating, restricting or prohibiting a distributor from selling, offering for sale, distributing or
delivering nonintoxicating beer to any retailer whose
principal place of business, residence or licensed
premises is located without or beyond the assigned
territory of such distributor of such nonintoxicating
beer.

65 (b) Any rule or order heretofore adopted by the commissioner and currently in effect upon the conven-66 ing of the regular session of the Legislature held in the 67 68 vear one thousand nine hundred eighty-six shall remain in effect until changed by the commissioner in the 69 manner prescribed by article three, chapter twenty-70 71 nine-a of this code, irrespective of whether specific authority for such currently effective rule existed prior 72 73 to such date.

§11-16-23. Revocation or suspension of license; monetary penalty; hearing assessment of costs; establishment of enforcement fund.

1 (a) Upon a determination by the commissioner that a 2 licensee has (i) violated the provisions of section eighteen 3 of this article, (ii) acted in such a way as would have 4 precluded initial or renewal licensure or (iii) violated 5 any rule or order promulgated by the commissioner, the 6 commissioner may:

- 7 (1) Revoke the licensee's license;
- 8 (2) Suspend the licensee's license;

9 (3) Place the licensee on probationary status for a 10 period not to exceed twelve months; and

11 (4) Impose a monetary penalty not to exceed one 12 thousand dollars for each violation where revocation is 13 not imposed.

Beer

14 (b) Any monetary penalty assessed and collected by 15 the commissioner shall be transmitted to the state 16 treasurer for deposit into the state treasury to the credit of a special revenue fund designated the "Nonintoxicat-17 ing Beer Enforcement Fund", which is hereby created. 18 All moneys collected, received and deposited in the 19 "Nonintoxicating Beer Enforcement Fund" shall be kept 20 and maintained for expenditures by the commissioner 21 22for the purpose of enforcement of the statutes and rules pertaining to nonintoxicating beer, and shall not be 23 treated by the state treasurer or state auditor as any 24 25part of the general revenue of the state. At the end of each fiscal year all funds in the nonintoxicating beer 26 enforcement fund in excess of two thousand dollars shall 27 28 be transferred to the general revenue fund.

(c) In addition to the grounds for revocation, suspension or other sanction of a license set forth in subsection
(a) of this section, conviction of the licensee of any
offense constituting a violation of the laws of this state
or of the United States relating to nonintoxicating beer
or alcoholic liquor shall be mandatory grounds for such
sanctioning of a license.

§11-16-24. Hearing on sanctioning of license; notice; review of action of commissioner; clerk of court to furnish commissioner copy of order or judgment of conviction of licensee; assessment of costs.

The commissioner shall not revoke nor suspend any 1 license issued pursuant to this article or impose any civil 2 penalties authorized thereby unless and until a hearing 3 4 shall be held after at least ten days' notice to the licensee of the time and place of such hearing, which notice shall 5 contain a statement or specification of the charges, 6 grounds or reasons for such proposed contemplated 7 action, and which shall be served upon the licensee as 8 notices under the West Virginia rules of civil procedure 9 or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the 10 address for which license was issued; at which time and 11 place, so designated in the notice, the licensee shall have 12 the right to appear and produce evidence in his behalf, 13 and to be represented by counsel. 14

15 The commissioner shall have authority to summon witnesses in the hearings before him, and fees of 1617 witnesses summoned on behalf of the state in proceed-18 ings to sanction licenses shall be treated as a part of the expenses of administration and enforcement. Such fees 19 20shall be the same as those in similar hearings in the 21 circuit courts of this state. The commissioner may, upon 22 a finding of violation, assess a licensee a sum, not to 23exceed one hundred fifty dollars per violation to 24 reimburse the commissioner for expenditures for witness fees, court reporter fees and travel costs 25incurred in holding the hearing. Any moneys so assessed 26 27 shall be transferred to the nonintoxicating beer fund 28 created by section twenty-three of this article.

29 If, at the request of the licensee or on his motion, the 30 hearing shall be continued and shall not take place on 31 the day fixed by the commissioner in the notice above 32 provided for, then such licensee's license shall be 33 suspended until the hearing and decision of the commis-34 sioner, and in the event of revocation or suspension of 35 such license, upon hearing before the commissioner, the 36 licensee shall not be permitted to sell beer pending an 37 appeal as provided by this article. Any person contin-38 uing to sell beer after his license has been suspended or 39 revoked, as hereinbefore provided, is guilty of a 40 misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in 41 section nineteen of this article.

42 The action of the commissioner in revoking or suspending a license shall be subject to review by the 43 44 circuit court of Kanawha County, West Virginia, in the 45 manner provided in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, 46 when such licensee may be aggrieved by such revocation 47 or suspension. Petition for such review must be filed 48 with said circuit court within a period of thirty days from and after the date of revocation or suspension by 49 the commissioner; and any licensee obtaining an order 50 51 for such review shall be required to pay the costs and 52 fees incident to transcribing, certifying and transmit-53ting the records pertaining to such matter to the circuit court. An application to the supreme court of appeals 54 55 of West Virginia for a writ of error from any final order of the circuit court in any such matter shall be made 56

within thirty days from and after the entry of such finalorder.

59 All such hearings, upon notice to show cause why 60 license should be revoked or suspended, before the commissioner, shall be held in the offices of the 61 62 commissioner in Charleston, Kanawha County, West 63 Virginia, unless otherwise provided in such notice, or agreed upon between the licensee and the commissioner; 64 65 and when such hearing is held elsewhere than in the 66 commissioner's office, the licensee may be required to 67 make deposits of the estimated costs of such hearing.

68 Whenever any licensee has been convicted of any 69 offense constituting a violation of the laws of this state 70 or of the United States relating to nonintoxicating beer. or alcoholic liquor, and such conviction has become final, 71 72 the clerk of the court in which such licensee has been 73 convicted shall forward to the commissioner a certified copy of the order or judgment of conviction if such clerk 74 has knowledge that the person so convicted is a licensee, 75together with the certification of such clerk that the 76 77 conviction is final.

In the case of a Class B licensee with multiple licensed locations, the commissioner may, in his or her discretion, revoke, suspend or otherwise sanction, per the provisions of section twenty-three of this article, only the license for the location or locations involved in the unlawful conduct for which licensure is sanctioned as opposed to all separately licensed locations of such licensee.

CHAPTER 32 (H. B. 4386—By Delegate Ashcraft)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article three, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authorizing county boards of education to select the bidders from whom school buses are purchased.

Ł

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article three, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows: ARTICLE 3. PURCHASING DIVISION.

*§5A-3-14. Bids to be based on standard specifications; period for alteration or withdrawal of bids; awards to lowest responsible bidder; uniform bids; record of bids; and exception.

1 Bids shall be based on the standard specifications 2 promulgated and adopted in accordance with the 3 provisions of section five of this article, and shall not be altered or withdrawn after the appointed hour for the 4 5 opening of such bids. All open market orders, purchases 6 based on advertised bid requests or contracts made by 7 the director or by a state department shall be awarded 8 to the lowest responsible bidder, taking into considera-9 tion the qualities of the articles to be supplied, their 10 conformity with specifications, their suitability to the requirements of the government and the delivery terms: 11 12 Provided, That state bids on school buses shall be 13 accepted from all bidders who shall then be awarded 14 contracts if they meet the state board's "Minimum Standards for Design and Equipment of School Buses". 15 16 County boards of education may select from those 17 bidders who have been awarded contracts and shall pav 18 the difference between the state aid formula amount and 19 the actual cost of bus replacement. Any or all bids may 20 be rejected. If all bids received on a pending contract 21 are for the same unit price or total amount, the director 22 shall have authority to reject all bids, and to purchase 23 the required commodities and printing in the open 24 market, if the price paid in the open market does not 25exceed the bid prices.

All bidders submitting bid proposals to the purchasing division are required to submit an extra or duplicate copy to the state auditor. Both copies must be received at the respective offices prior to the specified date and time of the bid openings. The failure to deliver or the nonreceipt of these bid forms at either of these offices

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by SB 320 (Chapter 2), which passed subsequent to this act.

32 prior to the appointed date and hour are grounds for rejection of the bids. In the event of any deviation 33 between the copies submitted to the purchasing division 34 35and the state auditor, such bids as to which there is such deviation shall be rejected, if the deviation relates to the 36 quantity, quality or specifications of the commodities or 37 printing to be furnished or to the price therefor or to 38 39 the date of delivery or performance. After the award of the order or contract, the director, or someone appointed 40 by him for that purpose, shall indicate upon the 41 successful bid and its copy in the office of the state 42 auditor that it was the successful bid. Thereafter, the 43 44 copy of each bid in the possession of the director and the state auditor shall be maintained as a public record 45 by both of them, shall be open to public inspection in 46 47 the offices of both the director and the state auditor and shall not be destroyed by either of them without the 48 49 written consent of the legislative auditor: Provided, That the governing boards may certify in writing to the 50 51 director the need for a specific item essential to a 52particular usage either for instructional or research purposes at an institution of higher education and the 5354 director upon review of such certification may provide 55 for the purchase of said specific items in the open market without competitive bids. 56

CHAPTER 33

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4479-By Delegate M. Burke)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article eight, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the Blennerhassett historical state park generally; requiring the Blennerhassett historical park commission to conduct meetings in accordance with the open governmental meetings law; and granting exclusive regulatory authority over the water transport of visitors to Blennerhassett Island to the division of commerce. 71 shall not be required to take and pass gualifying or 72 competitive examinations upon or as a condition to being added to the classified service: Provided. That no person 73 included in the classified service by the provisions of this 74 75 section who is employed in any of such positions as of the effective date of this section, shall be thereafter 76 77 severed, removed or terminated from such employment prior to his entry into the classified service except for 78 79 cause as if such person had been in the classified service 80 when severed, removed or terminated.

81 Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 82 contrary, the division of commerce shall have exclusive 83 regulatory authority over watercraft transport of 84 visitors to the Blennerhassett Island portion of the 85 Blennerhassett historical state park and such watercraft 86 transport shall not be subject to the provisions of article 87 eighteen, chapter seventeen of this code.

CHAPTER 34

(S. B. 279—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed February 14, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a, relating to the West Virginia state board of investments; providing legislative findings; and prohibiting attempts to recover overpayments made from consolidated fund to local governments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS.

§12-6-5a. Legislative findings and limitation on certain board actions.

BOARD OF INVESTMENTS

1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that, 2 during the period beginning the first day of August, one 3 thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and ending on the 4 thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 5 eighty-nine, certain overapportionments or overpay-6 ments of interest earnings were made by the board of 7 investments to local government participants in the 8 consolidated investment fund local government account.

9 The Legislature also finds and declares that said 10 participants were not at fault for any losses incurred by 11 the consolidated fund during the aforesaid period, and 12 that the participants were justified in accepting and 13 using the overapportionments or overpayments of 14 interest earnings credited to their accounts.

15 The Legislature further finds and declares that 16 attempts by the board of investments, the state or any 17 other state officer or agency to recover the overapportionments or overpayments would harm the public good 18 and create economic hardship for local governments, 19 20and, therefore, said overapportionments or overpay-21 ments ought not to be subject to recovery by the board 22 or any other state officer or agency.

23 (b) Neither the state, the board of investments nor any 24 other state officer or agency may expend any funds or permit any personnel to seek, or attempt to recover, 25from participants in the consolidated fund local govern- $\mathbf{26}$ 27 ment account any moneys received by such participants 28 solely as a result of erroneous allocation of interest earnings to the participants' account during the period 29 of time beginning the first day of August, one thousand 30 nine hundred eighty-four, and ending on the thirty-first 31day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, 32 unless authorized to do so by enactment of a separate 33 34 and specific statute.

(c) This section shall not apply to any attempt by the
board, the state or any other state officer or agency to
recover moneys due for any other reason.

Ch. 34]

CHAPTER 35 (S. B. 37—By Senator Spears)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen, relating to continuation of the West Virginia board of investments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS.

§12-6-18. West Virginia board of investments continued.

1 After having conducted a performance and fiscal 2 audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter 3 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and 4 declares that the West Virginia board of investments 5 should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, 6 notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article 7 ten, chapter four of this code, the West Virginia board 8 9 of investments shall continue to exist until the first day 10 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

CHAPTER 36

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 67—By Senators Chafin, Blatnik, Wagner, J. Manchin and Warner)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article eighteen, relating to the regulation of cable television systems; providing for a short title; establishing legislative findings; defining certain terms; requiring all cable operators to obtain franchises for cable systems; designating franchising authorities; existing franchises to remain in effect; creating the West Virginia cable television advisory board: establishing the composition of, terms of office and certain duties and authority of the board; compensation for board members; setting forth specific duties of the board: establishing the application or proposal process for cable franchises and establishing fees and requirements therefor; requiring the holding of a public hearing for the issuance of a franchise with notice thereof to be given appropriate governing bodies and the general public; when cable franchise to be issued; establishing criteria to be considered by franchising authorities; providing for the terms and conditions of cable system installation, construction, operation and removal; when cable franchise may be revoked, altered or suspended; when civil fine may be imposed; establishing procedure for renewal of a cable franchise; prohibiting the transfer of any cable system or cable franchise without approval of appropriate franchising authorities; cable operators to file schedule of rates with board; authorizing board to regulate rates and other charges to the extent permitted by federal law; mandating cable operators to provide safe, adequate and reliable service; establishing procedures for the restoring of interrupted service and substandard service; when subscriber to receive credit or refund for interrupted service; setting forth office operating requirements for cable operators; requiring cable operators to mail notice to subscribers and prescribing contents thereof; requiring cable operators to maintain a record of all complaints regarding quality of service, rates, programming, equipment malfunctions, billing procedures, employee relations with customers and similar matters; mandating the filing of all franchise and related documents with the board: clarifying that application fees are franchise fees within the intent and meaning of federal law; prohibiting cable operators from discriminating against subscribers or

- -

;

channel users; establishing procedure for the consideration of consumer complaints by the board; when cable operator may be fined; prescribing further duties of the board; authorizing board to bring legal action for enforcement purposes; reports to be filed by cable operators; assessing annual fee against cable operators; clarifying effect of annual fee on other franchise fees; prohibiting the regulation of the cable television industry as a utility; and providing for the severability of the provisions of this article.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eighteen, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFI-CES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

ARTICLE 18. WEST VIRGINIA CABLE TELEVISION SYSTEMS ACT.

- §5-18-1. Short title.
- §5-18-2. Legislative findings.
- §5-18-3. Definitions.
- §5-18-4. Cable franchise required; franchising authority.
- §5-18-5. Existing cable franchises.
- §5-18-6. West Virginia cable television advisory board created; appointments and terms of members; meetings; vacancies; quorum.
- §5-18-7. Compensation and expenses of board members.
- §5-18-8. Duties of West Virginia cable television advisory board.
- §5-18-9. Application or proposal for cable franchise; fee; certain requirements.
- §5-18-10. Cable franchise application or proposal procedure; public hearing; notice.
- §5-18-11. Issuance of cable franchise authority; criteria; content.
- §5-18-12. Cable system installation, construction, operation, removal; general provisions.
- §5-18-13. Revocation, alteration, or suspension of cable franchise; penalties.
- §5-18-14. Renewal of cable franchise.
- §5-18-15. Transfer of cable franchise.
- §5-18-16. Rates; filing with board; approval.
- \$5-18-17. Requirement for adequate service; terms and conditions of service.

Ch. 36]

- §5-18-18. Procedure for restoring interrupted service and improving substandard service.
- §5-18-19. Credit or refund for interrrupted service.
- §5-18-20. Office operating requirements; office hours.
- §5-18-21. Notice to subscribers regarding quality of service.
- §5-18-22. Recording of subscriber complaints.
- §5-18-23. Franchise document clearinghouse.
- §5-18-24. Rights of individuals.
- §5-18-25. Complaints; violations; penalties.
- \$5-18-26. Other duties of board; suit to enforce article.
- §5-18-27. Reports.
- §5-18-28. Annual fees; effect of application and filing fees on franchise fees.
- §5-18-29. Cable television industry not regulated as a utility.
- §5-18-30. Severability.

§5-18-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as the "West Virginia Cable
- 2 Television Systems Act".

§5-18-2. Legislative findings.

1 The Legislature finds that television is an important 2 source of information and entertainment affecting the welfare and economy of the state, and that cable 3 television services have become widespread, often 4 5 providing the only access to quality television signals in many areas of the state. The Legislature finds that it 6 7 is in the public interest to establish uniform standards within the state of West Virginia for the issuance, 8 renewal and transfer of cable television franchises; to 9 establish uniform standards for the provision of cable 10 service; to establish uniform procedures for the inves-11 tigation and resolution of complaints concerning cable 12 service; and to establish just, reasonable and nondis-13 criminatory rates and charges for the provision of cable 14 service to the extent that the service is not subject to 15 effective competition. The purpose of this article is to 16 promote such goals by all available means not in conflict 17 with federal law, rules or regulations. 18

§5-18-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (1) "Applicant" means a person who initiates an
- 3 application or proposal.

4 (2) "Application" means an unsolicited filing for a 5 cable franchise.

6 (3) "Basic cable service" means any service tier which
7 includes the retransmission of local television broadcast
8 signals.

9 (4) "Board" means the West Virginia cable television 10 advisory board created under the provisions of this 11 article.

12 (5) "Cable franchise" means a nonexclusive initial 13 authorization or renewal thereof issued pursuant to this 14 article, whether the authorization is designated as a 15 franchise, permit, order, contract, agreement or other-16 wise, which authorizes the construction or operation of 17 a cable system.

18 (6) "Cable operator" means any person or group of 19 persons (A) who provides cable service over a cable 20 system and directly or through one or more affiliates 21 owns a significant interest in the cable system or (B) 22 who otherwise controls or is responsible for, through any 23 arrangement, the management and operation of a cable 24 system.

(7) "Cable service" means (A) the one-way transmission to subscribers of video programming or other
programming service and (B) subscriber interaction, if
any, which is required for the selection of video
programming or other programming service.

30 (8) "Cable system" means any facility within this state 31 consisting of a set of closed transmission paths and 32 associated signal generation, reception and control equipment that is designed to provide cable service 33 which includes video programming and which is 34provided to multiple subscribers within a community, 3536 but does not include (A) a facility that serves only to 37 retransmit the television signals of one or more televi-38 sion broadcast stations; (B) a facility that serves only subscribers in one or more multiple unit dwellings 39 40 under common ownership, control or management, unless that facility or facilities uses any public right-of-41 way; or (C) a facility of a public utility subject, in whole 42 43 or in part, to the provisions of chapter twenty-four of this code, except to the extent that those facilitiesprovide video programming directly to subscribers.

(9) "County commission" means the commissioners
composing the county commission in pursuance of
section nine, article IX of the constitution of this state
within whose jurisdiction there exists a cable system or
where such cable system is hereafter constructed,
operated, acquired or extended.

52 (10) "Facility" includes all real property, antennas, 53 poles, supporting structures, wires, cables, conduits, 54 amplifiers, instruments, appliances, fixtures and other 55 personal property used by a cable operator in providing 56 service to its subscribers.

57 (11) "Franchising authority" means a municipality, a
58 county commission or the West Virginia cable television
59 advisory board.

60 (12) "Institution of higher education" means an
61 academic college or university accredited by the North
62 Central Association of Colleges and Schools.

(13) "Municipality" means any municipal corporation
duly chartered in the state of West Virginia within
whose jurisdiction there exists a cable system or where
such cable system is hereafter constructed, operated,
acquired or extended.

(14) "Other programming service" means informationthat a cable operator makes available to all subscribersgenerally.

(15) "Person" means an individual, partnership,
association, joint stock company, trust, corporation or
governmental agency.

(16) "Proposal" means a filing solicited by thefranchising authority for a cable franchise.

(17) "Public, educational or governmental access
facilities" means (A) channel capacity designated for
public, educational or governmental uses and (B)
facilities and equipment for the use of that channel
capacity.

81 (18) "Public place" includes any property, building,
82 structure or water to which the public has a right of
83 access and use.

84 (19) "School" means an academic and noncollege type
85 regular or special education institution of learning
86 established and maintained by the department of
87 education and the arts or licensed and supervised by
88 that department.

89 (20) "Service area" means the geographic area for
90 which a cable operator has been issued a cable
91 franchise.

92 (21) "Video programming" means programming
93 provided by, or generally considered comparable to
94 programming provided by, a television broadcast
95 station.

§5-18-4. Cable franchise required; franchising authority.

1 (a) No person may construct, operate or acquire a 2 cable system, or extend an existing cable system outside 3 its designated service area, without first obtaining a 4 cable franchise from a franchising authority as provided 5 in this article.

6 (b) Any person operating a cable system on the 7 effective date of this article without a franchise shall, within sixty days of the effective date of this article, 8 9 notify the board in writing setting forth: (1) The name, 10 business address and telephone number of the cable 11 operator; (2) the principals and ultimate beneficial 12 owners of the cable system or systems; (3) the geogra-13 phic location and service area of any cable system operated by such person; and (4) the number of 14 subscribers within the cable system or systems. If the 15 16 board shall not have been appointed and organized 17 within sixty days of the effective date of this article, then such filing shall be made with the public service 18 commission where such documents shall be retained for 19 20 delivery to the board following the appointment and 21 organization of its members.

(c) The board shall, upon receipt of such information,determine the appropriate franchising authority or

24 authorities for the purposes of the consideration of the 25issuance of a franchise to such cable operator or 26 operators and shall notify the appropriate franchising 27authority or authorities and any such cable system 28 operator of the franchise application procedures to be 29 followed by the respective parties. Any such cable 30 operator shall, within sixty days of receipt of such notice 31 from the board, make formal application to the approp-32 riate franchise authority or authorities for a franchise 33 in accordance with the provisions of this article.

34 (d) The franchising authority shall be the municipal-35 ity in which a cable system is to be constructed. 36 operated, acquired or extended, or if there be no such 37 municipality, then the franchising authority shall be the 38 county commission of the county in which such cable 39 system is to be constructed, operated, acquired or extended: Provided. That nothing herein shall prohibit 40 41 any county commission of a county in which a munic-42 ipality acting as a franchising authority is located from 43 also acting as a franchising authority for any cable 44 system to be constructed, operated, acquired or ex-45 tended within the jurisdiction of such county 46 commission.

47 (e) Any municipality or county commission may elect 48 not to act as a franchising authority, in which event the 49 franchising authority for any cable system to be 50 constructed, operated, acquired or extended within the jurisdiction of such municipality or within the jurisdic-51 52 tion of such county commission shall be the board. If any 53 municipality or county commission so elects, the mayor 54 or president of the county commission shall certify such 55 delegation in writing to the presiding officer of the 56 board.

§5-18-5. Existing cable franchises.

1 (a) The provisions of any cable franchise in effect on 2 the effective date of this article shall remain in effect, 3 subject to the express provisions of this article, and for 4 no longer than the then current remaining term of the 5 franchise as such franchise existed on the effective date.

6 (b) For purposes of subsection (a) of this section and

4-

7 other provisions of this article, a cable franchise shall

8 be considered in effect on the effective date of this

9 article if such franchise was granted on or before such

10 effective date.

§5-18-6. West Virginia cable television advisory board created; appointments and terms of members; meetings; vacancies; quorum.

1 (a) There is hereby created a cable review board to 2 be known as the "West Virginia Cable Television 3 Advisory Board" which board shall, in consultation with 4 the attorney general's office, implement the provisions 5 of this article and consider subscriber complaints in 6 accordance with the provisions of section twenty-five of 7 this article.

8 (b) The board shall consist of seven members, who 9 shall be residents of this state, and who shall be 10 appointed as follows:

11 (1) The governor shall appoint one member to repres-12 ent the viewpoint of the public service commission. 13 When the member is to be appointed, the governor shall 14 request from the public service commission a list of three nominees for such position. A summary of the 15 qualifications of each nominee shall be submitted with 16 17 each list. When the completed list of nominees is 18 submitted in accordance with the provisions hereof, the 19 governor shall make his or her appointment from the 20 persons so nominated.

21 (2) The governor shall appoint one member to repres-22 ent the viewpoint of those cable operators whose cable 23system or systems in the aggregate have five thousand 24 subscribers or more, and one member to represent the 25 viewpoint of cable operators whose cable system or 26systems in the aggregate have less than five thousand 27 subscribers. The governor shall request from the trade 28 association representing cable operators in this state a 29 list of three nominees for each such position of the board. 30 All nominees shall be persons with special experience and competence in cable television operations. A 3132summary of the qualifications of each nominee shall be submitted with each list. When the completed list of 33

Ch. 36]

nominees for each position is submitted in accordance
with the provisions hereof, the governor shall make his
or her appointments from the persons so nominated.

37 (3) The governor shall appoint one member to repres-38 ent the viewpoint of municipalities within the state and 39 one member to represent the counties within the state. The governor shall request from the associations 40 representing the municipalities and counties, respec-41 tively, a list of three nominees for such position. A 42summary of the qualifications of each nominee shall be 43 44 submitted with each list. When the completed list of 45 nominees is submitted in accordance with the provisions hereof, the governor shall make his or her appointments 46 47 from the persons so nominated.

(4) The governor shall appoint two members from the
general public who shall be from different political
parties and who shall not represent the viewpoint of the
members appointed in accordance with the provisions of
subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection.

(5) All appointments made by the governor under the
provisions of this section shall be with the advice and
consent of the Senate.

56 (c) Upon the initial appointment of members, the 57 governor shall specify the length of the beginning term 58 which each member shall serve, pursuant to the 59 following formula:

60 (1) With regard to the two members appointed in 61 accordance with the provisions of subdivisions (2) and 62 (3), subsection (b) of this section, one member shall serve 63 a beginning term of two years, and one member shall 64 serve a beginning term of three years;

65 (2) The two members appointed in accordance with 66 the provisions of subdivision (3), subsection (b) of this 67 section shall serve a term of two years;

(3) The member appointed in accordance with the
provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section
shall be appointed to serve a beginning term of one year;
and

(4) Following the beginning terms provided for in this
subsection, members shall be nominated and appointed
in the manner provided for in this section and shall
serve for a term of three years. Members are eligible
for reappointment.

77 (d) The board shall meet at least once during each 78 calendar quarter, or more often as may be necessary, 79 and at other times upon the call of the chairman or upon 80 the request of any three members of the board. The 81 chairman shall set the agenda for all meetings. No meeting of the board may be conducted unless said 82 83 notice and agenda are given to the board members at 84 least five days in advance, as provided herein, except in 85 cases of emergency, as declared by the chairman, in which event members shall be notified of the board 86 87 meeting and the agenda in a manner to be determined by the chairman. Four members of the board shall 88 89 constitute a quorum and no action may be taken by the board unless agreed to by a majority of the members 90 91 present.

(e) Each member of the board shall take and subscribe to the oath or affirmation required pursuant to
section 5, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia.
A member may be removed by the governor for
substantial neglect of duty or gross misconduct in office,
after written notice and an opportunity to reply.

(f) The board shall meet within thirty days of the
initial appointments to the board, at a time and place
to be determined by the governor, who shall designate
a member to preside at that meeting until a chairman
is elected. At its first meeting, the board shall elect a
chairman and such other officers as are necessary.

104 (g) The board shall, within six months after the 105 appointment of the initial board, promulgate rules for 106 its procedure and to otherwise carry out its duties under 107 the provisions of this article. Such rules shall be 108 promulgated as legislative rules subject to legislative 109 rule-making review and subject to the administrative 110 procedures act.

111 (h) The board may subpoena witnesses, compel their

112 attendance and testimony, administer oaths and affir-113 mations, take evidence and require by subpoena the 114 production of books, logs, papers, records or other 115 evidence needed for the performance of the board's 116 duties or exercises of its power under the provisions of 117 section twenty-five of this article.

118 (i) The board may request the attorney general to provide legal advice to the board and the attorney 119 120 general shall comply with the request. The board shall 121 employ an executive secretary to be compensated from 122 the cable advisory board fund created under the 123 provisions of this article in an amount to be fixed by the 124 board. Such executive secretary shall be in charge of its 125offices which shall be within the public service commis-126 sion, shall be responsible to the board for the mainte-127 nance of such offices and shall be the custodian of all 128 documents filed by cable operators and of any complaints or other documents which may be filed with the 129 130 board in accordance with the provisions of this article. 131 The board is also authorized to employ and assign the 132necessary professional and clerical staff and such 133 hearing examiners as may be necessary to conduct 134 hearings in such various locations in the state, under the 135 provisions of section twenty-five of this article, in order 136 to provide a convenient forum for persons making subscriber complaints to be heard. The salaries and 137 expenses of any such staff and hearing examiners shall 138 be paid from the fees assessed and collected under 139 provisions of this article. 140

§5-18-7. Compensation and expenses of board members.

Each member of the board not otherwise employed by 1 2 the state shall receive a per diem in the amount of fifty 3 dollars while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of the board, which shall be paid out of the cable 4 advisory board fund created under the provisions of this 5 6 article. Each member shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred 7 8 during the performance of his or her duties. Each 9 member shall receive meals, lodging and mileage expense reimbursements at the rates established by rule 10 of the secretary of the department of administration for 11

- 12 in-state travel of public employees. The reimbursement
- 13 shall be paid out of the state treasury upon a requisition
- 14 upon the state auditor, properly certified by the
- 15 chairman of the board.

§5-18-8. Duties of West Virginia cable television advisory board.

1 The West Virginia cable television advisory board 2 shall:

- 3 (1) Develop and maintain a statewide plan for the
 4 provision of cable services, setting forth the objectives
 5 which the board deems to be in the best interest of the
 6 citizens of this state;
- 7 (2) To the extent permitted by, and not contrary to 8 applicable federal law, rules and regulations:

(A) Prescribe standards for procedures and practices 9 which franchising authorities shall follow in considering . 10 the issuance of cable franchises, which standards shall 11 provide for the forms of applications and proposals, the 12 filing of all franchise applications, proposals and related 13 documents as public records, with reasonable notice to 14 15 the public that such records are open to inspection and examination during reasonable business hours; the 16 holding of a public hearing, upon reasonable notice to 17 the public, at which the applications or proposals shall 18 be examined and members of the public and interested 19 parties are afforded a reasonable opportunity to express 20 their views thereon; the rendition of a written report by 21 the franchising authority made to the public, setting 22 forth the reasons for its decision in awarding or not 23 awarding the franchise; and such other procedural 24 standards governing the issuance of cable franchises 25mandated by the provisions of this article or as the 26 board may otherwise deem necessary or appropriate to 27 assure maximum public participation and competition 28 and to protect the public interest; 29

(B) Prescribe minimum standards for inclusion in
franchises, including maximum initial and renewal
terms; minimum channel capacity; provisions regarding
public, educational or governmental access facilities; a

34 requirement that no such franchise may be exclusive: 35 standards necessary or appropriate to protect the 36 interests of viewers of free broadcast television and the 37 public generally, which prohibit or limit cable operators 38 from prohibiting or entering into agreements prohibit-39 ing the sale or other transfer of rights for the simultane-40 ous or subsequent transmission over free broadcast 41 television; and such other standards for inclusion in 42 franchises as the board shall deem necessary or 43 appropriate to protect the public interest, including any 44 provision regulating the rates for cable services to the 45 extent that the same is not in conflict with federal law. 46 rules or regulations;

47 (C) Prescribe standards by which a franchising 48 authority shall determine whether an applicant pos-49 sesses (i) the technical ability, (ii) the financial ability, 50 (iii) the good character and (iv) other qualifications 51 necessary to operate a cable system in the public 52 interest;

53 (D) Prescribe standards for the construction and 54 operation of cable systems, which standards shall be designed to promote (i) safe, adequate and reliable 55 56 service to subscribers, (ii) the construction and operation 57 of systems consistent with the most advanced state of the 58 art. (iii) a construction schedule providing for maximum 59 penetration as rapidly as possible within the limitations of economic feasibility. (iv) the construction of systems 60 61 with the maximum practicable channel capacity, 62 facilities for local program origination, facilities to 63 provide service in areas conforming to various community interests, facilities with the technical capacity for 64 interconnection with other systems within regions as 65 established in the board's statewide plan and facilities 66 capable of transmitting signals from subscribers to the 67 cable system or to other points, and (v) the prompt 68 69 handling of inquiries, complaints and requests for 70 repairs:

(E) Prescribe such standards for the prohibition or
limitation of concentration of control over mass media
and communication companies and facilities and
methods of enforcing such standards, as the board may

determine to be necessary or appropriate to protect the
public interest: *Provided*, That nothing contained herein
shall be construed to authorize the impairment of any
existing rights of any mass media and communication
company or any subsidiary thereof;

80 (3) Provide advice and technical assistance to other
81 franchising authorities and community organizations in
82 matters relating to cable franchises and services;

83 (4) Establish minimum specifications for equipment,
84 service and safety of cable;

(5) Represent the interests of citizens of this state
before the federal communication commission and make
available information to the public on communications
developments at the federal level;

(6) Stimulate and encourage cooperative arrangements among organizations, institutions, counties and
municipalities in the development of public, educational
or governmental access facilities;

93 (7) Maintain liaison with the communications indus94 try and other parties, both public and private, having
95 an interest therein, other states and political subdivi96 sions of this state to promote the rapid and harmonious
97 development of cable services as set forth in the
98 legislative findings and intent of this article;

99 (8) Undertake such studies as may be necessary to
100 meet the responsibilities and objectives of this article;
101 and

(9) Implement the provisions of this article in a
manner which is cognizant of the differing financial and
administrative capabilities of cable systems of different
sizes.

§5-18-9. Application or proposal for cable franchise; fee; certain requirements.

1 (a) No cable franchise shall be issued except upon 2 written application or proposal therefor to the franchis-3 ing authority, accompanied by a fee of two hundred fifty

4 dollars.

5 (b) An application for issuance of a cable franchise 6 shall be made on a form prescribed by the board. The 7 application shall set forth the facts as required by the 8 board to determine whether a cable franchise should be 9 issued, including facts as to:

- 10 (1) The citizenship and character of the applicant;
- (2) The financial, technical and other qualifications ofthe applicant;

13 (3) The principals and ultimate beneficial owners of14 the applicant;

(4) The public interest to be served by the requestedissuance of a cable franchise; and

(5) Any other matters deemed appropriate and
necessary by the board including the proposed plans and
schedule of expenditures for or in support of the use of
public, educational and governmental access facilities.

(c) A proposal for issuance of a cable franchise shall
be accepted for filing only when made in response to the
written request of the franchising authority for the
submission of proposals.

§5-18-10. Cable franchise application or proposal procedure; public hearing; notice.

1 An application or proposal for a cable franchise shall 2 be processed as follows:

3 (1) After the application or proposal and required fee 4 are received by the franchising authority within a time 5 frame established by rule promulgated by the board, the 6 franchising authority shall notify an applicant in 7 writing of the acceptance or nonacceptance for filing of 8 an application or proposal for issuance of a cable 9 franchise required by this article.

10 (2) After the issuance of a notice of acceptance for 11 filing and within a time frame established by rule 12 promulgated by the board, the franchising authority 13 shall hold a public hearing on the application or 14 proposal to afford interested persons the opportunity to 15 submit data, views or arguments, orally or in writing.

2

16 If the franchising authority is the board, notice thereof 17 shall be given to the city council and mayor of any municipalities affected, the county commission of any 18 19 counties affected and to any telephone or other utility 20 and cable company in the county or counties in which the proposed service area is located, and a representa-21 22 tive of the governing body of a municipality or county 23 commission may appear at the public hearing to 24 represent the interests of the public which will be served by the issuance of a cable franchise. The franchising 25authority shall also cause notice of the application and 26 hearing to be published at least once in each of two 27 successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation 28 29 in the county or counties in which the proposed service area is located. The last published notice shall appear 30 31 at least fifteen days prior to the date of the hearing.

32 (3) After holding a public hearing, the franchising 33 authority shall approve the application or proposal, in 34 whole or in part, with or without conditions or modifi-35 cations, or shall deny the application or proposal, with 36 reasons for denial sent in writing to the applicant. Upon 37 denial of the application or proposal, the applicant may 38 appeal such denial to the circuit court of the county in 39 which the franchise is to be located, which appeal shall 40 be filed and considered in accordance with the provi-41 sions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-42 a of this code.

§5-18-11. Issuance of cable franchise authority; criteria; content.

1 (a) A franchising authority is empowered to issue a 2 cable franchise to construct or operate facilities for a 3 cable system upon the terms and conditions provided in 4 this article.

5 (b) The franchising authority, after a public hearing 6 as provided in this article, shall issue a cable franchise 7 to the applicant when the franchising authority is 8 convinced that it is in the public interest to do so. In 9 determining whether a cable franchise shall be issued, 10 the franchising authority shall take into consideration, 11 among other things, any objections arising from the

12 public hearing, the content of the application or 13 proposal, the public need for the proposed service, the ability of the applicant to offer safe, adequate and 14 15 reliable service at a reasonable cost to the subscribers, 16 the suitability of the applicant, the financial responsi-17 bility of the applicant, the technical and operational 18 ability of the applicant to perform efficiently the service for which authority is requested, and any other matters 19 20as the franchising authority considers appropriate in the 21 circumstances

(c) In determining the area which is to be serviced by
the applicant, the franchising authority shall take into
account the geography and topography of the proposed
service area, and the present, planned and potential
expansion in facilities or cable services of the applicant's
proposed cable system and any of the applicant's
existing cable systems.

29 (d) In issuing a cable franchise under this article, the 30 franchising authority is not restricted to approving or 31 disapproving the application or proposal, but may issue 32it for only partial exercise of the privilege sought or may 33 attach to the exercise of the right granted by the cable 34 franchise terms, limitations which the franchising 35 authority considers the public interest may require. The 36 cable franchise shall be nonexclusive, shall include a 37 description of the service area in which the cable system 38 is to be constructed, extended or operated and the 39 approximate date on which the service is to commence 40 and shall authorize the cable operator to provide service 41 for a term of fifteen years.

§5-18-12. Cable system installation, construction, operation, removal; general provisions.

1 (a) A cable franchise shall be construed to authorize 2 the construction or operation of a cable system within 3 the service area above, below, on, in or along any 4 highway or other public place and through easements 5 which have been dedicated for compatible purposes.

6 (b) The technical specifications, general routes of the 7 distribution system and the schedule for construction of 8 the cable system are subject to the approval of the 9 franchising authority.

(c) In installing, operating and maintaining facilities,
the cable operator shall avoid all unnecessary damage
and injury to any trees, structures and improvements in
and along the routes authorized by the franchising
authority.

15 (d) The cable operator shall indemnify and hold the state, county and municipality harmless at all times 16 from any and all claims for injury and damage to 17 18 persons or property, both real and personal, caused by the installation, operation or maintenance of its cable 19 20 system, notwithstanding any negligence on the part of the state, county and/or municipality, their employees or 21 22agents. Upon receipt of notice in writing from the state. 23county and/or municipality, the cable operator shall, at 24 its own expense, defend any action or proceeding against the state, county and/or municipality in which it is 2526 claimed that personal injury or property damage was 27 caused by activities of the cable operator in the 28 installation, operation or maintenance of its cable 29 system.

(e) The cable operator shall provide a cable drop and
basic cable service at no cost to any school or institution
of higher education within its service area if service is
actually being delivered within a reasonable distance
from the school or institution of higher education which
may request service.

36 (f) The cable operator shall be required to designate
37 at least ten percent but not more than three of all of its
38 channels for public, educational or governmental use.

39 (g) Upon termination of the period of the cable permit or of any renewal thereof, by passage of time or 40 otherwise, the cable operator shall remove its facilities 41 42 from the highways and other public places in. on. over. 43 under or along which they are installed if so ordered by the franchising authority and shall restore the areas to 44 45 their original or other acceptable condition or otherwise 46 dispose of its facilities. If removal is not completed within six months of the termination, any property not 47 removed shall be deemed to have been abandoned and 48

l

ſ

49 the cable operator shall be liable for the cost of its 50 removal.

51 (h) The use of public highways and other public 52 places shall be subject to:

(1) All applicable state statutes, municipal ordinances
and all applicable rules and orders of the public service
commission governing the construction, maintenance
and removal of overhead and underground facilities of
public utilities;

58 (2) For county highways, all applicable rules adopted
59 by the governing body of the county in which the county
60 highways are situated; and

61 (3) For state or federal-aid highways, all public
62 welfare rules adopted by the secretary of the depart63 ment of transportation.

64 (i) In the use of easements dedicated to compatible 65 purposes, the cable operator shall ensure:

(1) That the safety, functioning and appearance of the
property and the convenience and safety of other persons
is not adversely affected by the installation or construction of facilities necessary for a cable system;

(2) That the cost of the installation, construction,
operation or removal of facilities is borne by the cable
operator or subscribers, or a combination of both; and

(3) That the owner of the property is justly compensated by the cable operator for any damages caused by
the installation, construction, operation or removal of
facilities by the cable operator.

§5-18-13. Revocation, alteration, or suspension of cable franchise; penalties.

1 (a) Any cable franchise issued in accordance with the 2 provisions of this article may be revoked, altered or 3 suspended by the franchising authority upon the 4 recommendation of the cable advisory board to a 5 municipality or county acting as a franchising authority 6 or after a hearing before the franchising authority, for 7 the following reasons:

8 (1) For making material false or misleading statements in, or for material omissions from, any applica-9 tion or proposal or other filing made with the franchis-10 ing authority: 11 12 (2) For failure to maintain signal quality under the 13 standards prescribed by the board; 14 (3) For any sale, lease, assignment or other transfer 15of its cable franchise without consent of the franchising 16 authority: 17 (4) Except when commercially impracticable, for unreasonable delay in construction or operation or for 18 19 unreasonable withholding of the extension of cable service to any person in a service area; 2021 (5) For violation of the terms of its cable franchise: 22 (6) For failure to comply with this article or any rules, 23 regulations or orders prescribed by the board; 24 (7) For violation of its filed schedule of terms and 25conditions of service; and 26 (8) For engaging in any unfair or deceptive act or 27 practice. 28 (b) In lieu of, or in addition to, the relief provided by 29 subsection (a) hereof, the franchising authority may fine 30 a cable operator, for each violation under the provisions 31 of this section, in an amount not less than fifty dollars 32 nor more than five thousand dollars for each violation. Each day's continuance of a violation may be treated as 33 34 a separate violation pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the board. Any penalty assessed under this 35 section shall be in addition to any other costs, expenses 36 37 or payments for which the cable operator is responsible 38 under other provisions of this article. §5-18-14. Renewal of cable franchise.

1 Any cable franchise issued pursuant to this article 2 may be renewed by the franchising authority upon 3 approval of a cable operator's application or proposal 4 therefor and in accordance with the provisions of 47 5 U.S.C. §546 as the same is in effect on the effective date 1

3

of this article. The form of the application or proposal 6 $\mathbf{7}$ shall be prescribed by the board. The application or 8 proposal fee shall be the same fee prescribed for franchise applications. The periods of renewal shall be 9 not less than five nor more than twenty years each. The 10 board shall require of the applicant full disclosure, 11 12 including the proposed plans and schedule of expendi-13 tures for or in support of the use of public, educational or governmental access facilities. 14

§5-18-15. Transfer of cable franchise.

(a) No cable system and no cable franchise, including 1 2 any system without a franchise and any franchise in existence on the effective date of this article, and 3 4 including the rights, privileges and obligations thereof. 5 may be assigned, sold, leased, encumbered or otherwise transferred, voluntarily or involuntarily, directly or 6 7 indirectly, including a transfer of control of any cable system, whether by change in ownership or otherwise, 8 9 except upon written application to and approval of the appropriate franchising authority or authorities. The 1011 form of the application for transfer shall be prescribed by the board. 12

(b) The procedure for consideration of any transfer
under the provisions of this section shall conform, as
nearly as possible, to the procedures prescribed in
sections nine and ten of this article for the consideration
of issuing cable franchises, including the application fee
therefor.

§5-18-16. Rates; filing with board; approval.

1 (a) The board shall require each cable operator to file 2 a schedule of its rates of service on a form and with the 3 notice that the board may prescribe.

4 (b) To the extent permitted by federal law, the board 5 shall regulate rates to ensure that they are just and 6 reasonable both to the public and to the cable operator 7 and are not unduly discriminatory.

8 (c) To the extent permitted by federal law, the board 9 shall regulate charges other than those related to rates 10 for the provision of basic cable service to ensure that 11 they are just and reasonable and not unduly discrimi-12 natory.

§5-18-17. Requirement for adequate service; terms and conditions of service.

(a) Every cable operator shall provide safe, adequate
 and reliable service in accordance with applicable laws,
 rules, franchise requirements and its filed schedule of
 terms and conditions of service.

5 (b) The board shall require each cable operator to 6 submit a schedule of all terms and conditions of service 7 in the form and with the notice that the board may 8 prescribe.

9 (c) The board shall ensure that the terms and condi-10 tions upon which cable service is provided are fair both 11 to the public and to the cable operator, taking into 12 account the geographic, topographic and economic 13 characteristics of the service area and the economics of 14 providing cable service to subscribers in the service 15 area.

§5-18-18. Procedures for restoring interrupted service and improving substandard service.

(a) Each cable operator, for the purpose of restoring 1 2 interrupted service and improving substandard service, 3 shall be able to receive calls twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, and shall have one or more qualified 4 5 persons as may be necessary to repair the cable system, facilities and equipment owned by the cable operator 6 7 and located on a subscriber's premises, including, but not limited to, cable receiving equipment and directly 8 9 associated equipment.

10 (b) Each cable operator shall restore interrupted 11 service not later than twenty-four hours after being notified by a subscriber that service has been inter-12 13 rupted, unless (1) service cannot be restored until another company repairs facilities owned by such 14 15 company and leased to, or required for the operation of. 16 the cable service, (2) the interruption was caused by an act of nature or (3) the cable operator is unable to 17 restore service within twenty-four hours due to exte-18

J.

19 nuating circumstances. In the event of such extenuating

20 circumstances, the company shall restore service as soon 21 as feasible and then submit a written notice to the board

indicating that service has been restored and explaining

23 the nature of the extenuating circumstances.

§5-18-19. Credit or refund for interrupted service.

1 (a) If cable service to a subscriber is interrupted for 2 more than twenty-four continuous hours, such sub-3 scriber shall, upon request, receive a credit or refund 4 from the cable operator in an amount that represents 5 the proportionate share of such service not received in 6 a billing period, provided such interruption is not 7 caused by the subscriber.

8 (b) The board shall promulgate rules establishing a 9 viewing time reliability standard for cable operators 10 and requiring such companies to file with the board 11 information on service interruptions not caused by 12 subscribers.

§5-18-20. Office operating requirements; office hours.

Each cable operator shall operate a business office in 1 2 the service area or in an immediately adjacent franchise area as may be approved by the board that shall be open 3 during normal business hours, and each cable operator 4 shall operate sufficient telephone lines, including a toll-5 free number or any other free calling option, as 6 approved by the board, staffed by a company customer 7 service representative during normal business hours. 8

§5-18-21. Notice to subscribers regarding quality of service.

1 (a) Annually, every cable operator shall mail to each 2 of its subscribers a notice which:

3 (1) Informs subscribers how to communicate their
4 views and complaints to the cable operator and to the
5 board;

6 (2) States the responsibility of the board to receive 7 and act on consumer complaints concerning matters 8 other than channel selection, programming and rates; 9 and

Ľ

*

(3) States the policy regarding the method by which
subscribers may request rebates or pro rata credit as
described in section nineteen of this article.

(b) The notice shall be in nontechnical language,
understandable by the general public, and in a convenient format. On or before the thirtieth day of January
of each year, the operator shall certify to the franchising
authority and the board that it has distributed the notice
as provided in this section during the previous calendar
year as required by this section.

§5-18-22. Recording of subscriber complaints.

1 (a) Every cable operator shall keep a record or log of 2 all complaints received regarding quality of service, 3 rates, programming, equipment malfunctions, billing 4 procedure, employee relations with customers and 5 similar matters as may be prescribed by the board. The 6 records shall be maintained for a period of two years.

7 (b) The record or log shall contain the following 8 information for each complaint received:

- 9 (1) Date, time, nature of complaint;
- 10 (2) Name, address, telephone number of complainant;
- 11 (3) Investigation of complaint; and

12 (4) Manner and time of resolution of complaint.

(c) Consistent with the subscriber privacy provisions
contained in 47 U.S.C. §551 as the same is in effect on
the effective date of this article, every cable operator
shall make the logs or records, or both, of such
complaints available to any authorized agent of the
board and the franchising authority, upon request
during normal business hours for on-site review.

§5-18-23. Franchise document clearinghouse.

1 (a) Within sixty days of the effective date of this 2 article, all cable operators holding an existing franchise 3 shall file a copy of the franchise and any federal 4 communications commission rulings or other rulings 5 affecting such franchises with the board. If the board 6 shall not have been appointed and organized within

Ch. 36]

sixty days of the effective date of this article, then such
filing shall be made with the public service commission
where such documents shall be retained for delivery to
the board following the appointment and organization
of its members.

12 (b) Within sixty days of the granting of an initial 13 franchise, a renewal franchise or a transferred franchise, the franchisee shall file a copy of the franchise 14 15 and any federal communications commission rulings or 16 other rulings affecting such franchise with the board 17 and the franchising authority. The board and franchis-18 ing authority shall maintain a file of all franchise 19 documents so recorded and make copies available upon 20 request for the cost of reproduction and mailing, plus 21 a reasonable administrative fee. The filing fee for initial. 22 renewal or transfer franchise documents is fifty dollars 23per franchise, renewal or transfer of such franchise. In 24 years in which the filing of initial, renewal or transfer 25 franchise documents is not required, the franchisee shall pay a fee of twenty-five dollars for each franchise it 26 27 holds.

(c) All such fees paid by any cable operator are
franchise fees with the intent and meaning of 47 U.S.C.
§542 as the same is in effect on the effective date of this
article.

§5-18-24. Rights of individuals.

1 A cable television system operator may not deny 2 service, deny access, or otherwise discriminate against 3 subscribers, channel users, or any other citizens on the 4 basis of age, race, religion, sex, physical handicap or 5 country of natural origin.

§5-18-25. Complaints; violations; penalties.

1 (a) Subscriber complaints regarding the operation of 2 a cable system must be made in writing and filed with 3 the board. The board shall take up such complaints with 4 the cable operator complained against in an endeavor to 5 bring about satisfaction of the complaint without formal 6 hearing.

7 (b) The board shall resolve all complaints, if possible,

8 informally. No form of informal complaint is prescribed, 9 but the writing must contain the essential elements of 10 a complaint, including the name and address of the 11 complainant, the correct name of the cable operator 12 against which the complaint is made, a clear and concise 13 statement of the facts involved, and a request for 14 affirmative relief.

15 (c) In the event that the board cannot resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of all parties, the complain-16 17 ant may file a formal request to the board and he or 18 she is entitled to a hearing before the board, which 19 hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of the code, and the complainant and 20 cable operator shall be afforded all rights including the 21 22 right of appeal as set forth in said chapter twenty-nine-23 a.

(d) A cable operator may be subject to a fine in
accordance with subsection (e) hereof, upon a determination by the board that the cable operator has violated
any of the following:

28 (1) The material terms of its cable franchise; or

29 (2) Substantial compliance with rules or orders30 prescribed by the board.

(e) The board may fine a cable operator for each
violation of subsection (d) of this section in an amount
not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred
dollars for each violation. Any penalty assessed under
this section is in addition to any other costs, expenses,
or payments for which the cable operator is responsible
under other provisions of this section.

(f) The board may permit, in lieu of a full hearing
before the board, one of its hearing examiners to
conduct hearings and report its findings to the board.

41 (g) No cable operator shall charge for more than one 42 outlet per household.

43 (h) No cable operator shall add new channels and44 charge subscribers without the consent of the sub-45 scriber.

§5-18-26. Other duties of board; suit to enforce article.

1 (a) The board has the power and jurisdiction to 2 supervise every cable operator within this state so far 3 as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this 4 article and to do all things which are necessary or 5 convenient in the exercise of this power and jurisdiction.

6 (b) The board may adopt rules and regulations as are 7 necessary to implement the provisions of this article.

8 (c) The board or the board's designated representa-9 tives may, from time to time, visit the places of business 10 and other premises and examine the records and 11 facilities of all cable operators to ascertain if all laws. 12 rules, regulations and cable franchise provisions have been complied with, and may examine all officers. 13 14 agents and employees of cable operators and all other 15 persons, under oath, and compel the production of 16 papers and the attendance of witnesses to obtain the 17 information necessary for administering this article.

(d) The board may appoint or contract for assistants
and clerical, stenographic and other staff as may be
necessary for the proper administration and enforcement of this article.

(e) The board or other aggrieved party may institute,
or intervene as a party in, any action in any court of
law seeking a mandamus, or injunctive or other relief
to compel compliance with this article, or any rule,
regulation, or order adopted hereunder, or to restrain
or otherwise prevent or prohibit any illegal or unauthorized conduct in connection with this article.

§5-18-27. Reports.

Each cable operator shall file with the board reports of its financial, technical and operational condition and its ownership. The reports shall be made in a form and on the time schedule prescribed by the board and shall be kept on file open to the public.

§5-18-28. Annual fees; effect of application and filing fees on franchise fees.

1 (a) Each cable operator shall pay to the board an

2 annual fee in an amount not less than twenty cents per subscriber or such greater annual fee as may be 3 4 determined by the board. Such funds and all other funds to be paid to the board under the provisions of this 5 6 article shall be deposited into a special fund designated the "cable advisory board fund". Such fund shall be used 7 8 for purposes of administering the provisions of this article. To the extent permitted by federal law, the 9 board may prohibit cable operators from assessing 10 11 subscribers for any contribution toward the annual fee 12 to be paid hereunder.

(b) Any filing fee required under the provisions of this
article and the annual fee to be paid to the board under
the provisions of this section, together with any franchise fee paid to any franchising authority, may not
exceed the maximum amount for any franchise fee as
set forth in 47 U.S.C. §542 as the same is in effect on
the effective date of this article.

§5-18-29. Cable television industry not regulated as a utility.

- 1 No provision of this article may be construed to grant
- 2 the board the power to regulate the cable television
- 3 industry as a utility.

§5-18-30. Severability.

1 If any provision of any subparagraph, subsection or 2 section of this article is held to be unconstitutional or 3 void, the remaining provisions of such subparagraph, subdivision, subsection or section shall remain valid, 4 unless the court finds the valid provisions are so 5 essentially and inseparably connected with, and so 6 dependent upon the unconstitutional or void provision 7 8 that the court cannot presume the Legislature would 9 have enacted the remaining valid provisions without the unconstitutional or void one, or unless the court finds 10 11 that the remaining valid provisions, standing alone, are 12 incomplete and are incapable of being executed in 13 accordance with the legislative intent.

C

•

CHAPTER 37

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 459-By Senators Warner, Chafin and J. Manchin)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article one, chapter five-e of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to venture capital authority; the West Virginia capital company act; changing the designation "board" or "board of directors of the West Virginia industrial and trade jobs development corporation", wherever found to the designation "authority" or "West Virginia economic development authority"; definitions; and including computer companies engaged in the creation of computer software as a qualified activity for which venture or risk capital may be made available for investments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article one, chapter five-e of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. WEST VIRGINIA CAPITAL COMPANY ACT.

§5E-1-4. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, the following terms shall have 2 the meanings ascribed to them in this section, unless the 3 context in which the term is used clearly requires 4 another meaning or a specific different definition is 5 provided.

6 (a) "Authority" means the West Virginia economic 7 development authority, provided for in article fifteen, 8 chapter thirty-one of this code.

9 (b) "Capital base" means equity capital or net worth.

10 (c) "Certified West Virginia capital company" means:

(1) A West Virginia business development corporation
 created pursuant to article fourteen, chapter thirty-one
 of this code; or

(2) A profit or nonprofit entity organized and existing
under the laws of this state, created for the purpose of
making venture or risk capital available to qualified
investments, that has been certified by the authority.

(d) "Qualified investment" means a debt or equity 18 19 financing of a West Virginia business, but only if the business is engaged in one or more of the following 20 activities: Manufacturing; agricultural production or 21 22 processing; forestry production or processing; mineral 23 production or processing, except for conventional oil and 24 gas exploration; service industry; transportation; 25research and development of products or processes 26 associated with any of the activities previously enumer-27 ated above; tourism; computer software development companies engaged in the creation of computer soft-28 29 ware; and wholesale or retail distribution activities 30 within the state.

(e) "Qualified West Virginia capital company" means
a West Virginia capital company that has been designated by the authority as a qualified capital company
under the provisions of section six of this article.

35 (f) "State" means the state of West Virginia.



(Com. Sub. for S. B. 77—By Senator Rundle)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and four, article eight, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to continuing the capitol building commission; members of the commission; and powers and duties generally.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and four, article eight, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. CAPITOL BUILDING COMMISSION.

§4-8-1. Creation; composition; qualifications.

§4-8-4. Powers and duties generally.

§4-8-1. Creation; composition; qualifications.

There is continued a capitol building commission, 1 2 hereinafter referred to as the commission, which shall 3 be composed of five members, who shall be appointed 4 by the governor with the advice and consent of the 5 Senate, plus the secretary of the department of admin-6 istration who shall be a nonvoting member. No more than three members shall be of the same political party. $\mathbf{7}$ 8 One member shall be an architect selected from three 9 persons recommended by the board of architects, one 10 member shall be a registered professional engineer 11 selected from three persons recommended by the board 12 of engineers, one member shall be the commissioner of 13 the division of culture and history, who is chairman of 14 the commission, and two members shall be selected from 15 the public at large.

16 To allow for the completion of a performance audit 17 through its joint committee on government operations. 18 pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this 19 code, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the capitol building commission should be continued and 20 21 reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provi-22 sions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this 23code, the capitol building commission shall continue to 24 exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine 25 hundred ninety-two.

§4-8-4. Powers and duties generally.

The capitol building commission shall review and 1 2 approve or reject all plans recommending substantial physical changes inside or outside the state capitol 3 4 building or surrounding complex, including the public meeting rooms, hallways and grounds, which affect the 5 appearance thereof. The approval of the commission is 6 7 mandatory before a contract may be let for work which constitutes a substantial physical change, or before 8 9 changes are started if the work is not done under a contract. As used in this article, the surrounding 10

CHILD ADVOCATE

11 complex shall include the governor's mansion and other 12 buildings used by the governor as part of his residence. 13 the state science and cultural center, all state office 14 buildings located in the immediate vicinity of the state capitol, and the roadways, structures and facilities 15 16 which are incidental to such buildings. As used in this 17 article, substantial physical change shall include, but 18 not be limited to, permanent physical changes that alter the appearance of the public areas of the capitol 19 building and surrounding complex. The secretary of the 20 department of administration shall promulgate rules 21 22 and regulations, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 23 twenty-nine-a of this code, which rules and regulations shall be subject to the approval of the capitol building 24 commission, to implement the provisions of this article. 25

CHAPTER 39

(S. B. 1-By Senators Brackenrich and J. Manchin)

[Passed January 25, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing the child advocate office.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA CHILD ADVOCATE OFFICE.

§48A-2-1. Reestablishment of the West Virginia child advocate office.

1 (a) There is hereby established within the division of 2 human services the child advocate office.

3 (b) Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article
4 ten, chapter four of this code, the child advocate office
5 shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one

- 6 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to allow for the
- 7 completion of an audit by the joint committee on
- 8 government operations.



CHAPTER 40

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4398-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section five, article three, and section seven. article five, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections twelve, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, and twenty-four, article five, chapter sixteen of said code; to further amend said article five by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen-b; to amend and reenact sections one, fifteen, fifteen-a, twenty-seven and thirty-three, article two, chapter forty-eight: to further amend said article two by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen-b: to amend and reenact sections two and seven. article two; sections one, two, three, six and eight, article three: sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, and ten, article four, all of chapter fortyeight-a of said code; to further amend said article four by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections two-a and four-a: to amend and reenact sections one and three, article five; sections five and six, article six; and section fourteen, article seven, all of said chapter fortyeight-a; and to amend and reenact section four, article five, chapter fifty-seven of said code, all relating to the enforcement of support obligations generally; requiring parents to furnish social security account numbers in the administration of laws involving the issuance of birth certificates: limiting the use of social security numbers made available by the state registrar of vital statistics: defining certain terms relating to domestic relations: prescribing when prenuptial agreements are void: describing the relief which may be granted upon

ł

ordering a divorce or annulment or granting a decree of separate maintenance; providing an additional basis for revising or altering a child support order; providing for withholding from income of amounts due as support: authorizing the family law master to open and inspect sealed court files: providing that the giving of incorrect information is false swearing; describing legislative intent; describing the responsibilities of the child advocate office: removing mediation and counseling and the enforcement of custody and visitation as responsibilities of the child advocate office; within existing appropriations, director to install computers in the office of each children's advocate: establishing the position of general counsel for the child advocate office; clarifying the duties of the children's advocate as regards the supervision of employees and the exercise of professional judgment: providing for the temporary reassignment of children's advocates; eliminating the requirement that the children's advocate investigate domestic relations cases: providing for periodic review of support orders: establishing a minimum salary for the position of children's advocate; exempting certain family law masters from appointments in indigent cases: redistributing the family law masters geographically; providing for referral of matters to a family law master: describing the matters to be heard by a family law master and fixing the fees for hearings; describing the powers of a master presiding at a hearing; providing for duplicate copies of electronic recordings of hearings and the preparation of transcripts; establishing procedures to be used in case of contemptuous acts or failures to act before a master; providing for recommended orders and findings of fact and conclusions of law by a master; setting forth a form of notice of recommended order: describing orders to be entered exclusively by the circuit court; establishing procedures for review by the circuit court of a master's recommended order; providing for the filing of an answer in opposition to a petition for review; providing for withholding from income of amounts payable as support; requiring a parent to furnish a social security account number in connection with a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity; and

empowering a family law master to order the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article three, and section seven, article five, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections twelve, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and twenty-four, article five, chapter sixteen be amended and reenacted: that said article five be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen-b; that sections one, fifteen, fifteen-a, twenty-seven, and thirty-three, article two, chapter forty-eight be amended and reenacted: that said article two be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen-b; that sections two and seven, article two: sections one, two, three, six and eight, article three; sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten, article four, chapter forty-eight-a of said code be amended and reenacted: that said article four be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections two-a and four-a; that sections one and three, article five; sections five and six, article six; and section fourteen, article seven, all of said chapter forty-eight-a be amended and reenacted: and that section four. article five. chapter fifty-seven of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 16. Public Health.
- 48. Domestic Relations.
- 48A. Enforcement of Family Obligations.
- 57. Evidence and Witnesses.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

ARTICLE 5. VITAL STATISTICS.

- §16-5-12. Birth registration generally.
- §16-5-14. Delayed registration of births.
- \$16-5-15. Judicial procedure to establish facts of birth.
- §16-5-16. Court reports of adoption.
- \$16-5-17. Court reports of determination of paternity.
- \$16-5-18b. Limitation on use of social security numbers.
- §16-5-24. Correction and amendment of vital records.

§16-5-12. Birth registration generally.

1 (a) A certificate of birth for each live birth which

2 occurs in this state shall be filed with the local registrar 3 of the district in which the birth occurs within seven 4 days after such birth and shall be registered by such 5 registrar if it has been completed and filed in accor-6 dance with this section. When a birth occurs in a moving 7 conveyance, a birth certificate shall be filed in the district in which the child is first removed from the 8 9 conveyance. When a birth occurs in a district other than where the mother resides, a birth certificate shall be 10 11 filed in the district in which the child is born and in 12 the district in which the mother resides.

13 (b) When a birth occurs in an institution, the person in charge of the institution or his designated represen-14 tative shall obtain the personal data, prepare the 15 16 certificate, secure the signatures required for the 17 certificate and file it with the local registrar. The physician in attendance shall certify to the facts of birth 18 and provide the medical information required for the 19 certificate within five days after the birth. 20

(c) When a birth occurs outside an institution, the
certificate shall be prepared and filed by one of the
following in the indicated order of priority:

24 (1) The physician in attendance at or immediately25 after the birth, or in the absence of such a person,

26 (2) Any other person in attendance at or immediately27 after the birth, or in the absence of such a person,

(3) The father, the mother, or, in the absence of the
father and the inability of the mother, the person in
charge of the premises where the birth occurred.

(d) If the mother was married either at the time of conception or birth, the name of the husband shall be entered on the certificate as the father of the child unless paternity has been determined otherwise by a court of competent jurisdiction, in which case the name of the father as determined by the court shall be entered.

(e) If the mother was not married either at the time
of conception or birth, the name of the father shall not
be entered on the certificate of birth without the written

41 consent of the mother and of the person to be named as
42 the father unless a determination of paternity has been
43 made by a court of competent jurisdiction, in which case
44 the name of the father as determined by the court shall
45 be entered.

46 (f) Either of the parents of the child shall sign the
47 certificate of live birth to attest to the accuracy of the
48 personal data entered thereon, in time to permit its
49 filing within the seven days prescribed above.

50 (g) In order that each county may have a complete 51 record of the births occurring in said county, the local 52 registrar shall transmit each month to the county clerk 53 of his county the copies of the certificates of all births occurring in said county, from which copies the clerk 54 55 shall compile a record of such births and shall enter the 56 same in a systematic and orderly way in a well-bound 57 register of births, which said register shall be a public 58 record: Provided, That such copies and register shall not 59 state that any child was either legitimate or illegitimate. 60 The form of said register of births shall be prescribed 61 by the state registrar of vital statistics.

62 (h) On and after the first day of November, one 63 thousand nine hundred ninety, in addition to the 64 personal data furnished for the certificate of birth 65 issued for a live birth in accordance with the provisions 66 of this section, a person whose name is to appear on such 67 certificate of birth as a parent shall contemporaneously 68 furnish to the person preparing and filing the certificate 69 of birth the social security account number (or numbers, 70 if the parent has more than one such number) issued to 71 the parent. A record of the social security number or 72 numbers shall be filed with the local registrar of the 73 district in which the birth occurs within seven days 74 after such birth, and the local registrar shall transmit 75 such number or numbers to the state registrar of vital 76 statistics in the same manner as other personal data is 77 transmitted to the state registrar.

§16-5-14. Delayed registration of births.

1 (a) When the birth of a person born in this state has 2 not been registered within the time period provided in 3 section twelve of this article, a certificate may be filed 4 in accordance with a legislative rule promulgated by the 5 state board of health in accordance with the provisions 6 of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Such certificate 7 shall be registered subject to such evidentiary require-8 ments as the state board of health shall by rule prescribe 9 to substantiate the alleged facts of birth.

(b) Certificates of birth registered one year or more
after the date of occurrence shall be marked "Delayed"
and shall show on their face the date of the delayed
registration.

(c) A summary statement of the evidence submitted
in support of the delayed registration shall be endorsed
on the certificate.

17 (d) (1) When an applicant does not submit the 18 minimum documentation required in the rules for delayed registration or when the state registrar of vital 19 20 statistics finds reason to question the validity or 21 adequacy of the certificate or the documentary evidence, 22 the state registrar of vital statistics shall not register the 23 delayed certificate and shall advise the applicant in 24 writing of the reasons for this action.

25 (2) The state board of health may by legislative rule 26 promulgated in accordance with the provisions of 27 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code provide for the 28 dismissal of an application which is not actively 29 prosecuted.

30 (e) On and after the first day of November, one 31 thousand nine hundred ninety, in addition to the 32required documentation and other data furnished in an 33 application for a delayed registration of birth in 34 accordance with the provisions of this section, a person 35 whose name is to appear on the certificate of birth as a parent shall contemporaneously furnish with the 36 application the social security account number (or 37 numbers, if the parent has more than one such number) 38 39 issued to the parent.

§16-5-15. Judicial procedure to establish facts of birth.

1

(a) If a delayed certificate of birth is refused under

the provisions of section fourteen of this article, a petition may be filed in the circuit court of the county in which the petitioner resides or in the circuit court of Kanawha County for an order establishing a record of the date and place of the birth and the parentage of the person whose birth is to be registered.

8 (b) Such petition shall allege:

9 (1) That the person for whom a delayed registration 10 of birth is sought was born in this state;

(2) That no record of birth of such person can be
found in the office of the state or the local custodian of
birth records;

(3) That diligent efforts by the petitioner have failed
to obtain the evidence required in accordance with
section fourteen of this article and of any rules and
regulations adopted and promulgated thereunder;

18 (4) That the state registrar of vital statistics has19 refused to register a delayed certificate of birth; and

(5) Such other allegations as may be required by thecourt.

(c) The petition shall be accompanied by a copy of the
statement of reasons of the registration official made in
accordance with subsection (d)(1), section fourteen of
this article and by all documentary evidence which was
submitted to the registration official in support of such
registration.

(d) The court shall fix a time and place for hearing
the petition and shall require that the petitioner give the
registration official who refused to register the petitioner's delayed certificate of birth not less than twenty
days' notice of said hearing. Such official, or his
authorized representative, may appear and testify in the
proceeding.

(e) If the court finds from the evidence presented that
the person for whom a delayed certificate of birth is
sought was born in this state, it shall make findings as
to the place and date of birth, parentage, and such other

findings as the case may require and shall issue an order setting forth the information required under the provisions of this article to establish a record of birth. This order shall include the birth date to be registered, a summary statement of the evidence presented, and the date of the court's action.

45 (f) The clerk of the court shall forward each such 46 order to the state registrar of vital statistics not later 47 than the tenth day of the calendar month following the 48 month in which it was entered. Such order shall be 49 registered by the state registrar of vital statistics and shall constitute the record of birth, from which copies 50 51 may be issued in accordance with the provisions of this 52 article.

(g) Any judgment shall be final unless reversed,
vacated or modified on appeal, and any appeal shall be
sought in the manner and within the time provided by
law for appeals in other civil cases.

57 (h) On and after the first day of November, one 58 thousand nine hundred ninety, in addition to the 59 evidence presented to establish a record of birth in 60 accordance with the provisions of this section, a person 61 whose name is to appear on the delayed certificate of 62 birth as a parent shall furnish to the clerk of the circuit 63 court the social security account number (or numbers, 64 if the parent has more than one such number) issued to 65 the parent. A record of the social security number or 66 numbers shall be forwarded to the state registrar of 67 vital statistics along with the order establishing a record 68 of birth, as provided for in subsection (f) of this section.

§16-5-16. Court reports of adoption.

(a) In conformance with the provisions of section ten, 1 article four, chapter forty-eight of this code, any court 2 3 in this state entering an order of adoption shall require the preparation by the clerk of the court of a certificate 4 of adoption on a form prescribed and furnished by the 5 state registrar of vital statistics. Such certificate shall 6 include the factual information described in section ten. 7 8 article four, chapter forty-eight of this code; shall provide such additional information as may be required 9

Ch. 40]

under legislative rules duly adopted pursuant to this
article to establish a new certificate of birth of the
person adopted; shall identify the order of adoption; and
shall be certified by the clerk of court.

(b) Information in the possession of the petitioner 14 15 necessary to prepare the certificate of adoption shall be 16 pleaded in the petition for adoption or shall be furnished 17 to the clerk of the court by the petitioner for adoption 18 at the time the petition is filed. Any social or welfare 19 agency or other person concerned with the adoption 20shall supply the petitioner with such information in the 21 possession of such agency or person as may be necessary 22to complete the certificate.

(c) Whenever an adoption order or decree is amended
or vacated, the clerk of the court shall prepare a
certificate thereof, which shall include such facts as are
necessary to identify the original adoption certificate
and the facts amended in the adoption order or decree
which are required to properly amend the birth record.

(d) Not later than the tenth day of each calendar
month, the clerk of the court shall forward to the state
registrar of vital statistics a report of all orders or
decrees of adoption and of annulments or amendments
thereof, entered in the preceding month, together with
such related certificates and reports as may be required
under the provisions of this article.

(e) When the state registrar of vital statistics shall
receive a record of adoption or of an annulment or an
amendment of an order or decree of adoption from a
court for a person born outside of this state, such record
shall be forwarded to the appropriate registration
authority in the state of birth.

42 (f) On and after the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, in addition to the 43 information pleaded or furnished in accordance with the 44 45 provisions of subsection (b) of this section, each person whose name is to appear on the certificate of adoption 46 as a parent, whether as an adoptive parent or as a 47 natural parent who joins in the adoption without 48 relinguishing parental rights, shall furnish to the clerk 49

1

50 of the circuit court the social security account number 51 (or numbers, if the parent has more than one such 52 number) issued to the parent. A record of the social 53 security number or numbers shall be forwarded to the 54 state registrar of vital statistics along with the certif-55 icate of adoption, as provided for in subsection (d) of this 56 section.

§16-5-17. Court reports of determination of paternity.

1 (a) Whenever a judgment has been entered determin-2 ing the paternity of a child, the clerk of the court shall 3 prepare a certificate on a form prescribed and furnished 4 by the state registrar of vital statistics. The certificate 5 shall include such facts as are necessary to locate and identify the certificate of birth of the person whose 6 7 paternity is determined; shall provide information 8 necessary to establish a new certificate of birth of the 9 person whose paternity is determined; and shall identify 10 the action and be certified by the clerk of court.

(b) Not later than the tenth day of each calendar
month, the clerk of the court shall forward to the state
registrar of vital statistics certificates of paternity
entered in the preceding month, together with such
related reports as the state registrar of vital statistics
shall require.

17 (c) On and after the first day of November, one 18 thousand nine hundred ninety, in addition to providing 19 the information necessary to establish a new certificate of birth of the person whose paternity has been 2021 determined, in accordance with the provisions of 22 subsection (a) of this section, a person whose name is to 23 appear on the certificate of paternity as a parent shall furnish to the clerk of the circuit court the social 24 security account number (or numbers, if the parent has 2526 more than one such number) issued to the parent. A 27record of the social security number or numbers shall 28 be forwarded to the state registrar of vital statistics 29 along with the certificate of paternity, as provided for 30 in subsection (b) of this section.

§16-5-18b. Limitation on use of social security numbers.

1

(a) A social security account number obtained in

2 accordance with the provisions of this article with respect to the filing of (1) a certificate of birth, (2) an 3 4 application for a delayed registration of birth, (3) a judicial order establishing a record of birth, (4) an 5 adoption order or decree, or (5) a certificate of paternity 6 shall not be transmitted to a clerk of the county 7 commission. Such social security account number shall 8 not appear upon the public record of the register of 9 births or upon any certificate of birth registration issued 10 by the state registrar, local registrar, county clerk or 11 other issuing authority, if any. Such social security 12 13 account numbers shall be made available by the state registrar to the child advocate office upon its request, 14 15 to be used solely in connection with the enforcement of 16 child support orders.

(b) A parent who desires not to furnish a social 17 security account number as required by the provisions 18 19 of this article or section six, article six, chapter forty-20 eight-a of this code shall file with the person responsible for obtaining personal data from the parent, a request 2122 that he or she not be required to furnish such number. 23 The request shall be made on a form prescribed by the 24 state registrar of vital statistics or in a substantially 25similar instrument, and shall set forth the reasons that 26 the parent declines or is unable to furnish such number. 27Supplies of a form for the request shall be made 28 available to hospitals, circuit clerks, and other persons 29 responsible for obtaining personal data from parents, 30 and shall be provided to any parent who states that he 31 or she desires not to be required to furnish such number. 32 A request, when received, shall be transmitted in the 33 same manner as a record of a social security account 34 number. The board of health shall promulgate legisla-35 tive rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter 36 twenty-nine-a of this code which shall establish the 37 procedural means and substantive criteria by which the 38 state registrar may determine whether there exists good 39 cause for not requiring the furnishing of such number. 40 In proposing the promulgation of such rules, the board 41 of health shall give due consideration to related regulations prescribed by the secretary of health and 42 43 human services of the United States.

§16-5-24. Correction and amendment of vital records.

1 (a) A certificate or record registered pursuant to this 2 article may be amended only in accordance with the 3 provisions of this article and rules and regulations duly 4 adopted thereunder.

(b) A certificate that is amended under this section 5 shall be marked "amended," except as hereinafter 6 7 provided in this subsection and in subsection (d) of this section. The date of amendment and a summary 8 description of the evidence submitted in support of the 9 10 amendment shall be endorsed on or made a part of the 11 record. The state board of health shall prescribe by rule 12 and regulation the conditions under which additions or 13 minor corrections shall be made to birth certificates 14 within one year after the date of birth without the certificate being considered or marked as amended. The 15 16 state board of health shall also prescribe by legislative 17 rule promulgated in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code a simplified proce-18 dure for the correction of any certificate or record 19 20 registered pursuant to this article which is deficient in 21 any particular, including, but not limited to, the 22 omission or misspelling of a first name, and such rule 23 and regulation shall specify when and under what 24 circumstances a certificate or record so corrected shall 25be considered or marked as amended.

26 (c) Upon receipt of a certified copy of a court order 27 of a court of competent jurisdiction changing the name 28 of a person born in this state, which order was made 29 and entered in a proceeding brought for that purpose. 30 and upon request of such person or his parent, guardian, or legal representative, the state registrar of vital 31 32 statistics shall amend the certificate of birth to reflect 33 the new name.

(d) Upon request, and upon receipt of a sworn
acknowledgment of paternity of a child born out of
wedlock signed by both parents, the state registrar of
vital statistics shall amend the certificate of birth to
show such paternity if paternity is not shown on the

Ch. 40]

birth certificate. Upon request of both of the parents,
the surname of the child shall be changed on the
certificate to that of the father. Such certificate shall not
be marked "amended."

(e) When a certificate is amended under this section,
the state registrar of vital statistics shall report the
amendment to the custodian of any permanent local
records and such record shall be amended accordingly.

47 (f) On and after the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, in addition to providing 48 49 the information necessary to amend a certificate or record in accordance with the provisions of this section. 50 51 a person whose name is to appear on the amended 52certificate as a parent shall furnish to the person receiving the information the social security account 53 number (or numbers, if the parent has more than one 54 such number) issued to the parent. A record of the social 55 56 security number or numbers shall be forwarded to the state registrar of vital statistics along with the informa-57 tion required for the amended certificate. 58

CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

ARTICLE 2. DIVORCE, ANNULMENT AND SEPARATE MAINTENANCE.

- §48-2-1. Definitions.
- §48-2-15. Relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance.
- §48-2-15a. Withholding from income prior to November 1, 1990.
- §48-2-15b. Withholding from income on and after November 1, 1990.
- §48-2-27. Sealing by clerk of evidence and pleadings.
- §48-2-33. Disclosure of assets required.

§48-2-1. Definitions.

(a) "Alimony" means the allowance which a person 1 pays to or in behalf of the support of his or her spouse 2 or divorced spouse while they are separated or after they 3 are divorced. The payment of alimony may be required 4 by court order or by the terms of a separation agree-5 ment. Alimony may be paid in a lump sum or paid in 6 7 installments as periodic alimony. Alimony includes temporary alimony as that term is used in section 8 thirteen of this article, as well as alimony as that term 9

is used in section fifteen of this article and elsewherethroughout this article.

12 (b) "Antenuptial agreement" or "prenuptial agree-13 ment" means an agreement between a man and woman before marriage, but in contemplation and generally in 14 consideration of marriage, whereby the property rights 15 16 and interests of the prospective husband and wife, or 17 both of them, are determined, or where property is 18 secured to either or both of them, to their separate 19 estate, or to their children or other persons. An antenuptial agreement may include provisions which 20 define the respective property rights of the parties 21 22 during the marriage, or in the event of the death of 23 either or both of the parties, and may provide for the disposition of marital property upon an annulment of 24 25the marriage or a divorce or separation of the parties. $\mathbf{26}$ A prenuptial agreement is void if at the time it is made either of the parties is a minor. 27

28 (c) "Earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, 29 salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, and includes 30 periodic payments pursuant to a pension or retirement 31 program. "Disposable earnings" means that part of the 32 33 earnings of any individual remaining after the deduc-34 tion from those earnings of any amounts required by law 35 to be withheld.

36 (d) "Income" means any of the following:

37 (1) Commissions, earnings, salaries, wages, and other
38 income due or to be due in the future to an individual
39 from his employer and successor employers;

40 (2) Any payment due or to be due in the future to an
41 individual from a profit-sharing plan, a pension plan, an
42 insurance contract, an annuity, social security, unem43 ployment compensation, supplemental employment
44 benefits, and workers' compensation;

(3) Any amount of money which is owing to an
individual as a debt from an individual, partnership,
association, public or private corporation, the United
States or any federal agency, this state or any political

subdivision of this state, any other state or a political
subdivision of another state, or any other legal entity
which is indebted to the obligor.

52 (e) "Marital property" means:

53 (1) All property and earnings acquired by either 54 spouse during a marriage, including every valuable 55 right and interest, corporeal or incorporeal, tangible or 56 intangible, real or personal, regardless of the form of ownership, whether legal or beneficial, whether individ-57 58 ually held, held in trust by a third party, or whether 59 held by the parties to the marriage in some form of coownership such as joint tenancy or tenancy in common, 60 joint tenancy with the right of survivorship, or any other 61 62 form of shared ownership recognized in other jurisdic-63 tions without this state, except that marital property shall not include separate property as defined in 64 65 subsection (f) of this section; and

66 (2) The amount of any increase in value in the 67 separate property of either of the parties to a marriage. 68 which increase results from (A) an expenditure of funds 69 which are marital property, including an expenditure of 70 such funds which reduces indebtedness against separate 71property, extinguishes liens, or otherwise increases the 72 net value of separate property, or (B) work performed 73 by either or both of the parties during the marriage.

74 The definitions of "marital property" contained in this subsection and "separate property" contained in subsec-75 76 tion (f) of this section shall have no application outside 77 of the provisions of this article, and the common law as 78 to the ownership of the respective property and earnings 79 of a husband and wife, as altered by the provisions of 80 article three of this chapter and other provisions of this code, are not abrogated by implication or otherwise, 81 except as expressly provided for by the provisions of this 82 83 article as such provisions are applied in actions brought 84 under this article or for the enforcement of rights under 85 this article.

- 86 (f) "Separate property" means:
- 87 (1) Property acquired by a person before marriage; or

(2) Property acquired by a person during marriage in
exchange for separate property which was acquired
before the marriage; or

91 (3) Property acquired by a person during marriage,
92 but excluded from treatment as marital property by a
93 valid agreement of the parties entered into before or
94 during the marriage; or

95 (4) Property acquired by a party during marriage by96 gift, bequest, devise, descent or distribution; or

97 (5) Property acquired by a party during a marriage
98 but after the separation of the parties and before the
99 granting of a divorce, annulment or decree of separate
100 maintenance; and

101 (6) Any increase in the value of separate property as 102 defined in subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4) or (5) of this 103 subsection which is due to inflation or to a change in 104 market value resulting from conditions outside the 105 control of the parties.

106 (g) "Separation" or "separation of the parties" means 107 the separation of the parties next preceding the filing 108 of an action under the provisions of this article, which 109 separation continues, without the parties cohabiting or 110 otherwise living together as husband and wife, and 111 without interruption.

112 (h) "Separation agreement" means a written agree-113 ment entered into by a husband and wife whereby they 114 agree to live separate and apart from each other and, in connection therewith, agree to settle their property 115 116 rights; or to provide for the custody and support of their 117 minor child or children, if any; or to provide for the payment or waiver of alimony by either party to the 118 119 other; or to otherwise settle and compromise issues 120 arising out of their marital rights and obligations. 121 Insofar as an antenuptial agreement as defined in 122 subsection (b) of this section affects the property rights of the parties or the disposition of property upon an 123 124 annulment of the marriage, or a divorce or separation 125 of the parties, such antenuptial agreement shall be 126 regarded as a separation agreement under the provi-127 sions of this article.

1

2`

CHILD SUPPORT

§48-2-15. Relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance.

1 (a) Upon ordering a divorce or granting a decree of separate maintenance, the court may require either 2 party to pay alimony in the form of periodic install-3 ments, or a lump sum, or both, for the maintenance of 4 5 the other party. Payments of alimony and child support 6 are to be ordinarily made from a party's employment 7 income and other recurring earnings, but in cases where 8 the employment income and other recurring earnings are not sufficient to adequately provide for payments of 9 alimony and child support, the court may, upon specific 10 findings set forth in the order, order the party required 11 12to make such payments to make the same from the 13 corpus of his or her separate estate. An award of such relief shall not be disproportionate to a party's ability 14 15to pay as disclosed by the evidence before the court.

(b) Upon ordering the annulment of a marriage or a
divorce or granting of decree of separate maintenance,
the court may further order all or any part of the
following relief:

(1) The court may provide for the custody of minor 20children of the parties, subject to such rights of 21 visitation, both in and out of the residence of the 22 custodial parent or other person or persons having 23custody, as may be appropriate under the circumstan- $\mathbf{24}$ ces. In addition, the court may, in its discretion, make 25such further order as it shall deem expedient, concern-26 ing the grant of reasonable visitation rights to any 27 grandparent or grandparents of the minor children 28 upon application, if the grandparent or grandparents 29 are related to such minor child through a party: 30

31 (A) Whose whereabouts are unknown, or

32 (B) Who did not answer or otherwise appear and 33 defend the cause of action.

34 (2) The court may require either party to pay child
35 support in the form of periodic installments for the
36 maintenance of the minor children of the parties.

37 (3) As an incident to requiring the payment of 38 alimony or child support, the court may order either 39 party to continue in effect existing policies of insurance covering the costs of health care and hospitalization of 40 41 the other party and the minor children of the parties: 42 *Provided*. That if the other party is no longer eligible 43 to be covered by such insurance because of the granting of an annulment or divorce, the court may require a 44 party to substitute such insurance with a new policy to 45 cover the other party, or may consider the prospective 46 47 cost of such insurance in awarding alimony to be paid in periodic installments. If there is no such existing 48 49 policy or policies, the court shall order such health care 50 insurance coverage to be paid for by the noncustodial 51 parent, if the court determines that such health care 52insurance coverage is available to the noncustodial 53 parent at a reasonable cost. Payments made to an insurer pursuant to this subdivision, either directly or 54 by a deduction from wages, shall be deemed to be 55 56 alimony, child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, in such proportion as 57 the court shall direct: Provided, however, That if the 58 59 court does not set forth in the order that a portion of 60 such payments is to be deemed child support or 61 installment payments for the distribution of marital 62 property, then all such payments made pursuant to this 63 subdivision shall be deemed to be alimony: Provided 64 further. That the designation of insurance coverage as 65 alimony under the provisions of this subdivision shall 66 not, in and of itself, give rise to a subsequent modification of the order to provide for alimony other than 67 68 insurance for covering the costs of health care and 69 hospitalization.

70 (4) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony or child support, the court may grant the 71 72 exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home to one 73 of the parties, together with all or a portion of the household goods, furniture and furnishings reasonably 74 75 necessary for such use and occupancy. Such use and 76 occupancy shall be for a definite period, ending at a specific time set forth in the order, subject to modifi-77 78 cation upon the petition of either party. Except in

79 extraordinary cases supported by specific findings set 80 forth in the order granting relief, a grant of the 81 exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home shall 82 be limited to those situations where such use and 83 occupancy is reasonably necessary to accommodate the 84 rearing of minor children of the parties. The court may require payments to third parties in the form of home 85 86 loan installments, land contract payments, rent, pay-87 ments for utility services, property taxes, insurance 88 coverage, or other expenses or charges reasonably 89 necessary for the use and occupancy of the marital 90 domicile. Payments made to a third party pursuant to 91 this subdivision for the benefit of the other party shall 92 be deemed to be alimony, child support or installment 93 payments for the distribution of marital property, in 94 such proportion as the court shall direct: Provided, That 95 if the court does not set forth in the order that a portion 96 of such payments is to be deemed child support or 97 installment payments for the distribution of marital 98 property, then all such payments made pursuant to this 99 subdivision shall be deemed to be alimony. Nothing 100 contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing 101 contract between either of the parties and a third party. 102or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a 103 third party under the terms of such contract.

104 (5) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony, the court may grant the exclusive use and 105 possession of one or more motor vehicles to either of the 106 107 parties. The court may require payments to third 108 parties in the form of automobile loan installments or 109 insurance coverage if available at reasonable rates, and 110 any such payments made pursuant to this subdivision for the benefit of the other party shall be deemed to be 111 112 alimony or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, as the court may direct. Nothing 113 114 contained in this subsection shall abrogate an existing 115 contract between either of the parties and a third party, or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a 116 third party under the terms of such contract. 117

118 (6) Where the pleadings include a specific request for 119 specific property or raise issues concerning the equita-

ble division of marital property as defined in section one
of this article, the court shall order such relief as may
be required to effect a just and equitable distribution
of the property and to protect the equitable interests of
the parties therein.

125 (7) Unless a contrary disposition be found appropriate 126 and ordered pursuant to other provisions of this section, 127 then upon the motion of either party, the court may compel the other party to deliver to the movant party 128 129 any of his or her separate estate which may be in the 130 possession or control of the respondent party, and may 131 make such further order as is necessary to prevent 132either party from interfering with the separate estate 133 of the other.

(8) The court may enjoin either party from the
molesting or interfering with the other, or otherwise
imposing any restraint on the personal liberty of the
other, or interfering with the custodial or visitation
rights of the other.

139 (9) The court may order either party to take necessary 140 steps to transfer utility accounts and other accounts for 141 recurring expenses from the name of one party into the 142 name of the other party or from the joint names of the 143 parties into the name of one party. Nothing contained 144 in this subdivision shall affect the liability of the parties 145 for indebtedness on any such account incurred before 146 the transfer of such account.

(c) In any case where an annulment or divorce is
denied, the court shall retain jurisdiction of the case and
may order all or any portion of the relief provided for
in subsections (a) and (b) of this section which has been
demanded or prayed for in the pleadings.

(d) In any case where a divorce or annulment is
granted in this state upon constructive service of
process, and personal jurisdiction is thereafter obtained
of the defendant in such case, the court may order all
or any portion of the relief provided for in subsections
(a) and (b) of this section which has been demanded or
prayed for in the pleadings.

ł

CHILD SUPPORT

(e) At any time after the entry of an order pursuant 159to the provisions of this section, the court may, upon the 160 verified petition of either of the parties, revise or alter 161 162 such order concerning the maintenance of the parties, 163 or either of them, and make a new order concerning the same. as the altered circumstances or needs of the 164 parties may render necessary to meet the ends of justice. 165166 The court may also from time to time afterward, on the 167 verified petition of either of the parties or other proper person having actual or legal custody of the minor child 168 169 or children of the parties, revise or alter such order 170 concerning the custody and support of the children, and 171 make a new order concerning the same, as the circum-172 stances of the parents or other proper person or persons 173and the benefit of the children may require: Provided. 174That an order providing for child support payments 175 may be revised or altered for the reason, inter alia, that 176the existing order provides for child support payments 177 in an amount that is less than eighty-five percent or 178more than one hundred fifteen percent of the amount 179 that would be required to be paid under the child 180 support guidelines promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section eight, article two, chapter forty-eight-a 181 182 of this code. In granting relief under this subsection, the 183 court may, where other means are not conveniently 184 available, alter any prior order of the court with respect 185 to the distribution of marital property, if such property 186 is still held by the parties, and if necessary to give effect 187 to a modification of alimony, child support or child 188 custody or necessary to avoid an inequitable or unjust 189 result which would be caused by the manner in which 190the modification will affect the prior distribution of 191 marital property.

192 (f) In every case where a separation agreement is the 193 basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving 194 the agreement, shall examine the agreement to ascer-195 tain whether it clearly provides for alimony to continue 196 beyond the death of the payor party or to cease in such 197 event. Where alimony is to be paid pursuant to the terms 198 of a separation agreement which does not state whether 199 the payment of alimony is to continue beyond the death 200of the payor party or is to cease, or where the parties

1

T

have not entered into a separation agreement and alimony is to be awarded, the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the death of the payor party or cease.

206 (g) In every case where a separation agreement is the 207 basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving 208 the agreement, shall examine the agreement to ascer-209 tain whether it clearly provides for alimony to continue beyond the remarriage of the payee party or to cease in 210 211 such event. Where alimony is to be paid pursuant to the 212 terms of a separation agreement which does not state 213 whether the payment of alimony is to continue beyond 214 the remarriage of the payee party or is to cease, or 215where the parties have not entered into a separation 216 agreement and alimony is to be awarded, the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such 217 218 payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the 219 remarriage of the payee party or cease.

220 (h) In addition to the statement provided for in 221 subsection (d), section thirteen of this article and in 222 addition or in lieu of the disclosure requirements set 223 forth in section thirty-three of this article, the court may 224 order accounts to be taken as to all or any part of 225 marital property or the separate estates of the parties, 226 and may direct that the accounts be taken as of the date 227 of the marriage, the date upon which the parties 228 separated, or any other time deemed to be appropriate 229 in assisting the court in the determination and equitable 230 division of property.

(i) In determining whether alimony is to be awarded. 231 232 or in determining the amount of alimony, if any, to be 233 awarded under the provisions of this section, the court 234 shall consider and compare the fault or misconduct of 235either or both of the parties and the effect of such fault 236 or misconduct as a contributing factor to the deterioration of the marital relationship. However, alimony shall 237 238not be awarded in any case where both parties prove 239 grounds for divorce and are denied a divorce, nor shall an award of alimony under the provisions of this section 240 be ordered which directs the payment of alimony to a 241

Ch. 40]

CHILD SUPPORT

party determined to be at fault, when, as a grounds
granting the divorce, such party is determined by the
court:

245 (1) To have committed adultery; or

(2) To have been convicted for the commission of a
crime which is a felony, subsequent to the marriage if
such conviction has become final; or

(3) To have actually abandoned or deserted his or herspouse for six months.

251(i) Whenever under the terms of this section or section 252 thirteen of this article a court enters an order requiring 253 the payment of alimony or child support, if the court 254 anticipates the payment of such alimony or child 255 support or any portion thereof to be paid out of 256 "disposable retired or retainer pay" as that term is defined in 10 U.S.C. §1408, relating to members or 257 258 former members of the uniformed services of the United 259 States, the court shall specifically provide for the 260 payment of an amount, expressed in dollars or as a 261 percentage of disposable retired or retainer pay, from 262 the disposable retired or retainer pay of the payor party 263 to the pavee party.

§48-2-15a. Withholding from income prior to November 1, 1990.

1 (a) From the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, until the thirty-first day of October, 2 3 one thousand nine hundred ninety, both inclusive, every order entered or modified under the provisions of this 4 article which requires the payment of child support or 5 6 spousal support shall include a provision for automatic withholding from income of the obligor if arrearages in 7 such support occur, in order to facilitate income 8 withholding as a means of collecting support when such 9 10 arrearages occur.

(b) Every such order as described in subsection (a)
above shall contain or be considered to contain language
authorizing income withholding to commence without
further court action:

z

(1) When the support payments required by such
order are thirty days or more in arrears if the order
requires payments to be made in monthly installments;

18 (2) When the support payments required by such 19 order are twenty-eight days or more in arrears if the 20 order requires payments to be paid in weekly or bi-21 weekly installments; or

(3) When the obligor requests the child advocate officeto commence income withholding.

(c) For the purposes of this section, the number of
days support payments are in arrears shall be considered to be the total cumulative number of days during
which payments required by a court order have been
delinquent, whether or not such days are consecutive.

(d) The supreme court of appeals shall make available
to the circuit courts standard language to be included
in all such orders, so as to conform such orders to the
applicable requirements of state and federal law
regarding the withholding from income of amounts
payable as support.

(e) Every support order entered by a circuit court of
this state prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-six, shall be considered to provide for an
order of income withholding by operation of law,
notwithstanding the fact that such support order does
not in fact provide for an order of withholding.

§48-2-15b. Withholding from income on and after November 1, 1990.

1 (a) On and after the first day of November, one 2 thousand nine hundred ninety, every order entered or 3 modified under the provisions of this article which 4 requires the payment of child support or spousal support 5 shall include a provision for automatic withholding from 6 income of the obligor, in order to facilitate income 7 withholding as a means of collecting support.

8 (b) Every such order as described in subsection (a) of 9 this section shall contain language authorizing income 10 withholding to commence without further court action, 11 as follows:

12 (1) The order shall provide that income withholding 13 will begin immediately, without regard to whether there 14 is an arrearage. (A) when a child for whom support is 15 ordered is included or becomes included in a grant of 16 assistance from the division of human services or a 17 similar agency of a sister state for aid to families with 18 dependent children benefits, medical assistance only 19 benefits, or foster care benefits; or (B) when the support 20 obligee has applied for services from the child advocate 21 office or the support enforcement agency of another 22 state or is otherwise receiving services from the child 23 advocate office as provided for in chapter forty-eight-a 24 of this code. Such order may provide that income 25withholding shall not begin immediately in any case 26 where one of the parties demonstrates, and the court 27 finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate 28 income withholding, or in any case where there is filed 29 with the court a written agreement between the parties which provides for an alternative arrangement and the 30 31 agreement has been filed with the court.

32 (2) The order shall also provide that income withhold33 ing will begin immediately upon the occurrence of any
34 of the following:

35 (A) When the support payments required by such
36 order are thirty days or more in arrears if the order
37 requires payments to be made in monthly installments;

(B) When the support payments required by such
order are twenty-eight days or more in arrears if the
order requires payments to be paid in weekly or biweekly installments;

42 (C) When the obligor requests the child advocate 43 office to commence income withholding; or

(D) When the obligee requests that such withholding
begin, if the request is approved by the court in
accordance with procedures and standards established
by rules and regulations promulgated by the director of
the child advocate office.

49 (c) For the purposes of this section, the number of

c

days support payments are in arrears shall be considered to be the total cumulative number of days during
which payments required by a court order have been
delinguent, whether or not such days are consecutive.

(d) The supreme court of appeals shall make available
to the circuit courts standard language to be included
in all such orders, so as to conform such orders to the
applicable requirements of state and federal law
regarding the withholding from income of amounts
payable as support.

60 (e) Every support order entered by a circuit court of 61 this state prior to the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall be considered to 62 provide for an order of income withholding, by operation 63 64 of law, which complies with the provisions of this section, notwithstanding the fact that such support 65 order does not in fact provide for such order of 66 withholding. 67

§48-2-27. Sealing by clerk of evidence and pleadings.

When a judgment order is entered in any action for 1 2 annulment of marriage or for divorce, the clerk shall immediately seal in a package all pleadings, except the 3 orders of the court, all the written testimony, exhibits 4 5 to the testimony, the stenographic notes or other recordings of the testimony, if any were taken, the 6 7 commissioner's report, and all other evidence, and the 8 same shall not be again opened except upon written 9 permission of the court: Provided, That a family law 10 master before whom a subsequent matter in the same 11 action is pending may open and inspect the pleadings, testimony, exhibits, notes and recordings, reports. 12 13 evidence and all other contents of the sealed court file 14 without the written permission of the court.

§48-2-33. Disclosure of assets required.

1 (a) In addition to any discovery ordered by the court 2 pursuant to rule eighty-one of the rules of civil proce-3 dure, the court may, or upon pleadings or motion of 4 either party, the court shall, require each party to 5 furnish, on such standard forms as the court may

6 require, full disclosure of all assets owned in full or in $\mathbf{7}$ part by either party separately or by the parties jointly. Such disclosure may be made by each party individually 8 9 or by the parties jointly. Assets required to be disclosed 10 shall include, but shall not be limited to, real property. savings accounts, stocks and bonds, mortgages and 11 12 notes, life insurance, interest in a partnership or corporation, tangible personal property, income from 13 employment, future interests whether vested or non-14 15 vested, and any other financial interest or source. The 16 court may also require each party to furnish, on the 17 same standard form, information pertaining to all debts 18 and liabilities of the parties. The form used shall contain 19 a statement in conspicuous print that complete disclo-20 sure of assets and debts is required by law and 21 deliberate failure to provide complete disclosure as 22 ordered by the court constitutes false swearing. The 23court may on its own initiative and shall at the request 24 of either party require the parties to furnish copies of all state and federal income tax returns filed by them 2526for the past two years, and may require copies of such 27 returns for prior years.

(b) Disclosure forms required under this section shall
be filed within sixty days after the service of summons
or at such other time as ordered by the court.
Information contained on such forms shall be updated
on the record to the date of hearing.

33 (c) Information disclosed under this section shall be confidential and may not be made available to any 34 person for any purpose other than the adjudication, 35 36 appeal, modification or enforcement of judgment of an action affecting the family of the disclosing parties. The 37 court shall include in any order compelling disclosure 38 of assets such provisions as the court considers necessary 39 40 to preserve the confidentiality of the information 41 ordered disclosed.

(d) Upon the failure by either party timely to file a
complete disclosure statement as may be required by
this section, the court may accept the statement of the
other party as accurate.

46 (e) If any party deliberately or negligently fails to disclose information which may be required by this 47 48 section and in consequence thereof any asset or assets 49 with a fair market value of five hundred dollars or more 50 is omitted from the final distribution of property, the 51 party aggrieved by such nondisclosure may at any time 52 petition a court of competent jurisdiction to declare the 53 creation of a constructive trust as to all undisclosed 54 assets, for the benefit of the parties and their minor or dependent children, if any, with the party in whose 55 56 name the assets are held declared the constructive 57 trustee, such trust to include such terms and conditions 58 as the court may determine. The court shall impose the 59 trust upon a finding of a failure to disclose such assets 60 as required under this section.

61 (f) Any assets with a fair market value of five 62 hundred dollars or more which would be considered 63 part of the estate of either or both of the parties if owned 64 by either or both of them at the time of the action, but 65 which was transferred for inadequate consideration, 66 wasted, given away or otherwise unaccounted for by one 67 of the parties, within five years prior to the filing of the 68 petition or length of the marriage, whichever is shorter. 69 shall be presumed to be part of the estate and shall be 70 subject to the disclosure requirement contained in this 71 section. With respect to such transfers the spouse shall 72 have the same right and remedies as a creditor whose 73 debt was contracted at the time the transfer was made 74 under section three, article one, chapter forty of this 75 code. Transfers which resulted in an exchange of assets 76 of substantially equivalent value need not be specifically 77 disclosed where such assets are otherwise identified in 78 the statement of net worth.

(g) A person who knowingly provides incorrect
information pursuant to the provisions of this section is
guilty of false swearing.

CHAPTER 48A. ENFORCEMENT OF FAMILY OBLIGATIONS.

Article

- 2. West Virginia Child Advocate Office.
- 3. Children's Advocate.

- 4. Proceedings Before a Master.
- 5. Remedies for the Enforcement of Support Obligations and Visitation.
- 6. Establishment of Paternity.
- 7. Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA CHILD ADVOCATE OFFICE.

§48A-2-2. Legislative purpose and intent; responsibility of the child advocate office.

§48A-2-7. Powers and duties of the director; advisory council.

§48A-2-2. Legislative purpose and intent; responsibility of the child advocate office.

1 (a) This article is enacted for the purpose of creating 2 a child advocate office which will focus on the vital 3 issues of child support, spousal support, and the 4 establishment of paternity, inasmuch as such issues are 5 properly within the jurisdiction of the state of West 6 Virginia. The Legislature of the state of West Virginia, in creating the child advocate office, recognizes the 7 seriousness of family law issues as they affect the health 8 and welfare of the children of this state. The Legislature 9 intends, by the enactment of this article and through the 10 creation of this office, to specifically assign the highest 11 priority to these issues. It is the sense of the Legislature 12 that there must be a state office which, as its primary 13 function, protects and promotes the best interests of 14 children; which recognizes the rights and obligations of 15 all persons involved in family law issues; and which has 16 the authority and the means to resolve family law issues 17 fairly and efficiently. Through the establishment of the 18 child advocate office the Legislature intends to create an 19 impetus and a mechanism for dealing with the varied 20 problems associated with support enforcement, thereby 21 enhancing the health and welfare of our state's children 22 23 and their families.

(b) In order to carry out the purposes and intent of
the Legislature, the child advocate office shall have, as
its primary responsibilities, the following:

(1) The enforcement of support obligations owed by aparent to his or her child or children;

(2) The enforcement of support obligations owed by anindividual to his or her spouse or former spouse;

(3) Locating parents or spouses who owe a duty to paysupport;

(4) Establishing paternity on behalf of minors whose
paternal parentage has not been acknowledged by the
father or otherwise established by law;

36 (5) Obtaining court orders for child and spousal37 support; and

(6) Assuring that the assistance and services of the
office required to be provided under the provisions of
this chapter will be available to all individuals for whom
such assistance is required or requested.

§48A-2-7. Powers and duties of the director; advisory council.

1 (a) The director may promulgate legislative rules in 2 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter 3 twenty-nine-a of this code where such rules are required 4 to implement the provisions of this chapter.

5 (b) The director shall annually prepare a proposed 6 budget for the next fiscal year, and submit such budget 7 to the commissioner. Such budget shall include all sums 8 necessary to support the activities of the child advocate 9 office.

10 (c) In addition to any other duties required by this11 chapter, the director shall:

(1) Develop and recommend guidelines for the conduct, operations and procedures of the office and his or
her employees, including, but not limited to, the
following:

(A) Caseload and staffing standards for employees
who perform investigation and recommendation functions, enforcement functions and clerical functions.

19 (B) Orientation programs for clients of the office.

20 (C) Public educational programs regarding domestic 21 relations law and community resources, including 22 financial and other counseling, and employment oppor-23 tunities.

Ch. 40]

24 (D) Model pamphlets and procedural forms, which 25 shall be distributed to each local office serving clients.

(2) Provide training programs for the children's
advocates and other employees of the office, to better
enable them to carry out the duties described in this
chapter.

30 (3) Gather and monitor relevant statistics.

31 (4) Develop standards and procedures for the transfer
32 of part or all of the responsibilities for a case from one
33 office to another in situations considered appropriate.

(5) Subject to appropriation of funds by the Legislature, install in the office of each children's advocate,
adequate computer hardware and software to enable the
advocate to utilize word processing and other data
processing functions in the preparation of pleadings and
other documents required for the proper discharge of
the duties of the office.

(d) The commissioner of the division of human
services shall appoint a nine-person advisory committee,
serving without compensation except as provided in
subsection (e) of this section, composed of the following:

(1) Three public members who are eligible forservices with an office of the children's advocate;

47 (2) Three attorneys who are members of the West 48 Virginia state bar with experience in domestic relations 49 law, not more than two of whom may be employees of 50 the department of health and human resources: *Pro-*51 *vided*, That one of the attorneys appointed shall be a 52 children's advocate selected by the children's advocates 53 throughout the state; and

54 (3) Three human service professionals who provide 55 family counseling, not more than two of whom may be 56 employees of the department of health and human 57 resources.

58 Of the nine members initially appointed, one public 59 member, one attorney and one professional shall be

appointed for a term of one year; one public member, 60 one attorney and one professional shall be appointed for 61 62 a term of two years; and one public member, one attorney and one professional shall be appointed for a 63 term of three years. After the expiration of the initial 64 65 terms, appointments thereafter shall be made for terms 66 of three years. The commissioner shall fill any vacancies 67 resulting from death or resignation by appointment for 68 the unexpired term. Members of the advisory council may be reappointed. 69

(e) The advisory committee established under subsection (d) of this section shall advise the director in the
performance of his or her duties under this section.
Advisory committee members shall be reimbursed for
their actual expenses for mileage, meals, and, if
necessary, lodging.

76 (f) The director shall appoint general counsel for the child advocate office to supervise and assist the child-77 ren's advocates in the performance of their professional, 78 79 nonadministrative duties and to promote uniformity in. 80 and increase the quality of, legal services provided by children's advocates throughout the state. Such general 81 counsel shall also serve as counsel to the director. A 82 83 person appointed as general counsel shall be a member 84 in good standing of the West Virginia state bar. 85 Compensation and expenses of the general counsel shall 86 be fixed by the director and paid by the child advocate 87 office. The position of general counsel shall be a position 88 in the classified service.

ARTICLE 3. CHILDREN'S ADVOCATE.

- §48A-3-1. Purposes; how article to be construed.
- §48A-3-2. Placement of children's advocates throughout the state; supervision; office procedures.
- §48A-3-3. Duties of the children's advocate.
- §48A-3-6. Investigations of support orders; notice and hearing upon modification; petition for change.
- §48A-3-8. Compensation; expenses.

§48A-3-1. Purposes; how article to be construed.

- 1 (a) The purposes of this article are:
- 2 (1) To enumerate and describe the functions and

Ch. 40]

3 duties of the children's advocate as an employee of the
4 child advocate office;

5 (2) To ensure that procedures followed by the child-6 ren's advocate will protect the best interests of children 7 in domestic relations matters; and

8 (3) To compel the enforcement of support orders, 9 thereby ensuring that persons legally responsible for the 10 care and support of children assume their legal obliga-11 tions and reduce the financial cost to this state of 12 providing public assistance funds for the care of 13 children.

14 (b) This article shall be construed to facilitate the 15 resolution of domestic relations matters.

§48A-3-2. Placement of children's advocates throughout the state; supervision; office procedures.

1 (a) The child advocate office shall employ twenty-one 2 employees in the position of children's advocate, and the 3 offices of the children's advocates shall be distributed 4 geographically so as to provide an office for each of the 5 following areas of the state:

- 6 (1) The counties of Brooke, Hancock and Ohio;
- 7 (2) The counties of Marshall, Tyler and Wetzel;
- 8 (3) The counties of Pleasants, Ritchie, Wirt and Wood;
- 9 (4) The counties of Calhoun, Jackson and Roane;
- 10 (5) The counties of Mason and Putnam;
- 11 (6) The county of Cabell;
- 12 (7) The counties of McDowell and Wyoming;
- 13 (8) The counties of Logan and Mingo;
- 14 (9) The county of Kanawha;
- 15 (10) The county of Raleigh;
- 16 (11) The counties of Mercer, Monroe and Summers;
- 17 (12) The counties of Fayette and Nicholas;
- 18 (13) The counties of Greenbrier and Pocahontas;

(14) The counties of Braxton, Clay, Gilmer and 19 20 Webster: (15) The counties of Doddridge, Harrison, Lewis and 21 22 Upshur: 23 (16) The counties of Marion and Taylor; 24 (17) The counties of Monongalia and Preston; (18) The counties of Barbour, Randolph and Tucker; 25 (19) The counties of Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, 26 27 Mineral and Pendleton; (20) The counties of Berkeley, Jefferson and Morgan; 28 29 and (21) The counties of Boone, Lincoln and Wayne. 30 (b) Each children's advocate shall be appointed by the 31 director of the child advocate office. The children's 32 advocates shall be duly qualified attorneys licensed to 33 34 practice in the courts of this state. Children's advocates shall be exempted from the appointments in the 35 indigent cases which would otherwise be required 36 pursuant to article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of 37 38 this code. 39 (c) Nothing contained herein shall prohibit the 40 director from temporarily assigning, from time to time 41 as caseload may dictate, a children's advocate from one 42 geographical area to another geographical area. (d) The children's advocate is an employee of the child 43 44 advocate office. §48A-3-3. Duties of the children's advocate. (a) The children's advocate shall supervise and direct 1

2 the secretarial, clerical and other employees in his or her office in the performance of their duties as such 3 performance affects the delivery of legal services. The 4 5 children's advocate will provide appropriate instruction and supervision to employees of his or her office who are 6 nonlawyers, concerning matters of legal ethics and 7 8 matters of law, in accordance with applicable state and 9 federal statutes, rules, and regulations.

Ch. 40]

10 (b) In accordance with the requirements of rule 5.4(c)11 of the rules of professional conduct as promulgated and 12 adopted by the supreme court of appeals, the children's 13 advocate shall not permit a nonlawyer who is employed 14 by the department of health and human resources in a 15 supervisory position over the children's advocate to 16 direct or regulate the advocate's professional judgment 17 in rendering legal services to clients in accordance with 18 the provisions of this chapter; nor shall any nonlawyer 19 employee of the department attempt to direct or 20regulate the advocate's professional judgment.

21 (c) The children's advocate shall make available to the 22 public an informational pamphlet, designed in consul-23 tation with the director. The informational pamphlet $\mathbf{24}$ shall explain the procedures of the court and the 25children's advocate: the duties of the children's advocate: 26 the rights and responsibilities of the parties; and the 27availability of human services in the community. The 28 informational pamphlet shall be provided as soon as 29 possible after the filing of a complaint or other initiating 30pleading. Upon request, a party to a domestic relations 31 proceeding shall receive an oral explanation of the 32 informational pamphlet from the office of the children's 33 advocate.

34 (d) The children's advocate shall act to establish the 35 paternity of every child born out of wedlock for whom paternity has not been established, when such child's 36 37 primary caretaker is an applicant for or recipient of aid 38 to families with dependent children, and when such 39 primary caretaker has assigned to the division of human services any rights to support for the child which might **40** 41 be forthcoming from the putative father: *Provided*. That 42 if the children's advocate is informed by the secretary 43 of the department of health and human resources or his 44 or her authorized employee that it has been determined that it is against the best interest of the child to establish 45 paternity, the children's advocate shall decline to so act. 46 47 The children's advocate, upon the request of any 48 primary caretaker of a child born out of wedlock. 49 regardless of whether such primary caretaker is an 50 applicant or recipient of aid to families with dependent

51 children, shall undertake to establish the paternity of 52 such child.

53 (e) The children's advocate shall undertake to secure support for any individual who is receiving aid to 54 families with dependent children when such individual 55 has assigned to the division of human services any rights 56 57 to support from any other person such individual may have: Provided, That if the children's advocate is 58 59 informed by the secretary of the department of health and human resources or his or her authorized employee 60 61 that it has been determined that it is against the best 62 interests of a child to secure support on the child's 63 behalf, the children's advocate shall decline to so act. The children's advocate, upon the request of any 64 individual, regardless of whether such individual is an 65 66 applicant or recipient of aid to families with dependent 67 children, shall undertake to secure support for the individual. If circumstances require, the children's 68 advocate shall utilize the provisions of article seven of 69 70 this chapter and any other reciprocal arrangements 71 which may be adopted with other states for the establishment and enforcement of support obligations, 72 73 and if such arrangements and other means have proven 74 ineffective, the children's advocate may utilize the 75 federal courts to obtain and enforce court orders for 76 support.

(f) The children's advocate shall pursue the enforcement of support orders through the withholding from
income of amounts payable as support:

80 (1) Without the necessity of an application from the
81 obligee in the case of a support obligation owed to an
82 obligee to whom services are already being provided
83 under the provisions of this chapter; and

84 (2) On the basis of an application for services in the
85 case of any other support obligation arising from a
86 support order entered by a court of competent
87 jurisdiction.

(g) The children's advocate may decline to commence
an action to obtain an order of support under the
provisions of section one, article five of this chapter if

an action for divorce, annulment, or separate mainte-91 92 nance is pending, or the filing of such action is 93 imminent, and such action will determine the issue of 94 support for the child: Provided, That such action shall 95 be deemed to be imminent if it is proposed by the 96 obligee to be commenced within the twenty-eight days 97 next following a decision by the children's advocate that 98 an action should properly be brought to obtain an order 99 for support.

100 (h) If the child advocate office, through the children's advocate. shall undertake paternity determination 101 102 services, child support collection, or support collection 103 services for a spouse or former spouse upon the written 104 request of an individual who is not an applicant or 105 recipient of assistance from the division of human 106 services, the office may impose an application fee for 107 furnishing such services. Such application fee shall be 108 in a reasonable amount, not to exceed twenty-five 109 dollars, as determined by the director: Provided. That 110 the director may fix such amount at a higher or lower 111 rate which is uniform for this state and all other states 112 if the secretary of the federal department of health and 113 human services determines that a uniform rate is 114 appropriate for any fiscal year to reflect increases or 115decreases in administrative costs. Any cost in excess of the application fee so imposed may be collected from the 116 117 obligor who owes the child or spousal support obligation 118 involved.

§48A-3-6. Investigations of support orders; notice and hearing upon modifications; petition for change.

1 (a) In every case in which a final judgment containing 2 a child support order has been entered in a domestic 3 relations matter, the children's advocate shall once every three years or upon receipt of a written request from 4 an obligee or an obligor made not more than once by 5 a party each two years, examine the records and conduct 6 any investigation considered necessary to determine 7 8 whether the child support amount should be increased 9 or decreased in view of a temporary or permanent change in physical custody of the child which the court 10

has not ordered, increased need of the child or changedfinancial conditions, unless:

(1) If a child is being supported, in whole or in part,
by assistance payments from the division of human
services, the children's advocate has determined that
such a review would not be in the best interests of the
child and neither parent has requested a review;

(2) In the case of any other order, neither parent hasrequested a review.

(b) Within sixty days after receipt of a request under
subsection (a), the office of the children's advocate shall
complete its investigation and make any resulting
recommendations and supporting documents available
as required in section three of this article.

(c) Before a hearing on a proposed modification, the
office shall notify both parties of the proposed modification and afford the parties an opportunity for review
and comment.

(d) The office shall petition the court for modification
of the amount of a child support order if modification
is determined to be necessary under subsection (a). A
written report and recommendation shall accompany
the petition.

(e) As used in this section, "changed financial conditions" means increases or decreases in the resources
available to either party from any source. Changed
financial conditions includes, but is not limited to, the
application for or receipt of any form of public assistance payments, unemployment compensation and
workers' compensation.

§48A-3-8. Compensation; expenses.

The salary of a children's advocate shall be not less 1 2 than thirty-five thousand dollars per year, and shall be 3 fixed by the director, who shall take into consideration 4 ability, performance of duty and experience. The compensation and expenses of the employees of the office 5 6 and all operating expenses incurred by the office shall 7 be fixed by the director and paid by the child advocate 8 office.

Ch. 40]

ARTICLE 4. PROCEEDINGS BEFORE A MASTER.

- §48A-4-1. Appointment of family law masters; term of office; vacancy; qualifications; removal; compensation and expenses; budget; location of offices; matters to be heard by master; fees for hearings; notice of master's hearing; content of notice; determination of issues by consent; hearing.
- §48A-4-2. Hearing procedures.
- §48A-4-2a. Acts or failures to act in the physical presence of family law masters.
- §48A-4-3. Default orders; temporary orders.
- §48A-4-4. Recommended orders.
- §48A-4-4a. Form of notice of recommended order.
- §48A-4-5. Orders to be entered by circuit court exclusively.
- §48A-4-6. Circuit court review of master's action or recommended order.
- §48A-4-7. Procedure for review by circuit court.
- §48A-4-8. Form of petition for review.
- §48A-4-9. Answer in opposition to a petition for review.
- §48A-4-10. Circuit court review of master's recommended order.
- §48A-4-1. Appointment of family law masters; term of office; vacancy; qualifications; removal; compensation and expenses; budget; location of offices; matters to be heard by master; fees for hearings; notice of master's hearing; content of notice; determination of issues by consent; hearing.

(a) On or before the fifteenth day of September, one 1 2 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, the governor shall 3 appoint family law masters in such numbers and to 4 serve such areas of the state as provided for under the 5 provisions of this article, and such initial appointments 6 of individuals as family law masters shall be for a term 7 ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety. Thereafter, the length of the term of the 8 9 office of family law master shall be four years, with terms commencing on the first day of July, one thousand 10 nine hundred ninety, and on a like date in every fourth 11 year thereafter, and ending on the thirtieth day of June, 12 13 one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, and on a like date in every fourth year thereafter. Upon the expira-14 tion of his or her term, a family law master may 15 16 continue to perform the duties of the office until his or 17 her successor is appointed, or for sixty days after the 18 date of the expiration of the master's term, whichever 19 is earlier. If from any cause a vacancy shall occur in the

ł

20 office of family law master, the governor shall, within thirty days after such vacancy occurs, fill such vacancy 21 22 by appointment for the unexpired term: *Provided*. That if the remaining portion of the unexpired term to be 23 filled is less than one year, the governor may, in his 24 25 discretion, simultaneously appoint an individual to the unexpired term and to the next succeeding full four-26 27 year term. An individual may be reappointed to 28 succeeding terms as a family law master to serve in the 29 same or a different region of the state.

30 (b) No individual may be appointed to serve as a
31 family law master unless he or she is a member in good
32 standing of the West Virginia state bar.

(c) Removal of a master during the term for which he
or she is appointed shall be only for incompetency,
misconduct, neglect of duty, or physical or mental
disability.

37 (d) A family law master may not engage in any other 38 business, occupation, or employment inconsistent with the expeditious, proper, and impartial performance of 39 his or her duties as a judicial officer. Family law 40 41 masters who do not engage in the practice of criminal 42 law shall be exempted from the appointments in 43 indigent cases which would otherwise be required 44 pursuant to article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of 45 this code.

46 (e) All family law masters, and all necessary clerical and secretarial assistants employed in the offices of 47 48 family law masters shall be deemed to be officers and 49 employees in the judicial branch of state government. 50 The director of the child advocate office and the 51 commissioner of the division of human services shall 52 enter into an agreement with the administrative office 53of the supreme court of appeals whereby the office and 54 the division shall contract to pay the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals for the services 55 of the family law masters required to be furnished 56 under the provisions of this chapter which are not 57 otherwise payable from the family law masters fund 58

59 created under the provisions of section twenty-two,60 article two of this chapter.

61 Each county commission of this state shall enter into 62 an agreement with the administrative office of the 63 supreme court of appeals whereby the administrative 64 office of the supreme court of appeals shall contract to 65 pay to the county commission a reasonable amount as rent for premises furnished by the county commission 66 67 to the family law master and its staff, which premises 68 shall be adequate for the conduct of the duties required 69 of such master under the provisions of this chapter.

70 (f) A family law master appointed under the provi-71sions of this article shall receive as full compensation for 72his or her services an annual salary of thirty-five 73 thousand dollars. The secretary-clerk of the family law 74 master shall receive an annual salary of fifteen thousand 75dollars and shall be appointed by the family law master 76 and serve at his or her will and pleasure. Disbursement 77 of salaries shall be made by or pursuant to the order 78of the director of the administrative office of the 79 supreme court of appeals.

80 (g) Family law masters serving under the provisions 81 of this article shall be allowed their actual and necessary 82 expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. Such expenses and compensation shall be determined 83 and paid by the director of the administrative office of 84 the supreme court of appeals under such regulations as 85 he or she may prescribe with the approval of the 86 supreme court of appeals. 87

(h) The offices of the family law masters shall be
distributed geographically so as to provide an office of
the family law master for each of the following regions:

- 91 (1) The counties of Brooke, Hancock and Ohio;
- 92 (2) The counties of Marshall, Tyler and Wetzel;
- 93 (3) The counties of Pleasants, Ritchie, Wirt and Wood;
- 94 (4) The counties of Calhoun, Jackson and Roane;
- 95 (5) The counties of Mason and Putnam;
- 96 (6) The county of Cabell;

450	CHILD SUPPORT [C	h. 40
97	(7) The counties of McDowell and Wyoming;	
98	(8) The counties of Logan and Mingo;	
99	(9) The county of Kanawha;	
100	(10) The county of Raleigh;	
101	(11) The counties of Mercer and Summers;	
102	(12) The counties of Fayette and Nicholas;	
$\begin{array}{c} 103 \\ 104 \end{array}$	(13) The counties of Greenbrier, Pocahontas Monroe;	and
105 106	(14) The counties of Braxton, Clay, Gilmer Webster;	and
107 108	(15) The counties of Doddridge, Harrison, Lewis Upshur;	s and
109	(16) The counties of Marion and Taylor;	
110	(17) The counties of Monongalia and Preston;	
111	(18) The counties of Barbour, Randolph and Tuck	cer;
$\begin{array}{c} 112\\113\end{array}$	(19) The counties of Grant, Hampshire, Hamps	ardy,
114 115	(20) The counties of Berkeley, Jefferson and Mo and	rgan;
116	(21) The counties of Boone, Lincoln and Wayne.	
117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126	The governor shall appoint two masters to the of the family law master for the region of Kan County. In each of the other regions defined by subsection, the governor shall appoint one perso family law master from such region. Nothing cont herein shall prohibit the chief justice of the sup court of appeals from temporarily assigning, from to time as caseload may dictate, a family law m from one geographical region to another geograp region.	awha y this on as ained oreme time naster ohical
127 128 129 130	-	ing to rticle:

131 party, the circuit judge may revoke the referral of a 132 particular matter to a master if the master is recused, 133 if the matter is uncontested, or for other good cause, or 134 if the matter will be more expeditiously and inexpen-135 sively heard by the circuit judge without substantially 136 affecting the rights of parties in actions which must be 137 heard by the circuit court:

(1) Actions to obtain orders of support brought underthe provisions of section one, article five of this chapter;

(2) All actions to establish paternity under the
provisions of article six of this chapter: *Provided*, That
all actions wherein either or both of the parties have
demanded a trial by jury of the law and the facts shall
be heard by the circuit court;

145 (3) All motions for pendente lite relief affecting child 146 custody, visitation, child support or spousal support. 147 wherein either party has requested such referral or the 148 court on its own motion in individual cases or by general 149 order has referred such motions to the master: Provided. 150 That if the circuit court determines, in its discretion, 151 that the pleadings raise substantial issues concerning 152 the identification of separate property or the division of 153 marital property which may have a bearing on an 154 award of support, the court may decline to refer a motion for support pendente lite to the family law 155 156 master:

(4) All petitions for modification of an order involving
child custody, child visitation, child support or spousal
support;

(5) All actions for divorce, annulment or separate 160 161 maintenance brought pursuant to article two, chapter forty-eight of this code: Provided, That an action for 162 163 divorce, annulment or separate maintenance which does 164 not involve child custody or child support shall be heard by the circuit judge if, at the time of the filing of the 165 action, the parties file a written property settlement 166 agreement which has been signed by both parties; 167

168 (6) All actions wherein an obligor is contesting the 169 enforcement of an order to support through the with-

holding from income of amounts payable as support or
is contesting an affidavit of accrued support, filed with
a circuit clerk, which seeks to collect arrearages;

173 (7) All actions commenced under the provisions of
174 article seven of this chapter or under the provisions of
175 the revised uniform reciprocal enforcement of support
176 act of any other state;

(8) Proceedings for the enforcement of support,
custody, or visitation orders: *Provided*, That contempt
actions shall be heard by a circuit judge.

180 (j) The initial fees for hearings before a master shall 181 be paid before the commencement of the hearing, and additional hourly fees shall be paid at the conclusion of 182 183 the hearing, unless a party is excused from payment 184 thereof under the provisions of section one, article two, 185 chapter fifty-nine of this code. Such initial fees may be 186 paid at any time prior to such hearing, but shall not be 187 required at the time the action is filed.

188 (k) Fees for hearings before a master shall be taxed as court costs, which costs may be assessed against 189 190 either party or apportioned between the parties, in the 191 discretion of the master. The assessment of court costs 192 shall be made at the conclusion of the hearing and 193 included as findings in each case of a master's recommended order. The fees for hearings before a master 194 195 shall be as follows:

196 (1) For an action to establish an order of support, fifty197 dollars;

198 (2) For an action to establish paternity, one hundred199 dollars;

200 (3) For a motion for pendente lite relief affecting
201 custody, visitation, child support or spousal support,
202 fifty dollars;

(4) For a petition for modification of an order
involving child custody, child visitation, child support or
spousal support, fifty dollars: *Provided*, That if the
matter is contested, the fee shall be fifty dollars for the
first hour or any portion thereof, and thirty dollars per
hour for each subsequent hour or any portion thereof;

209 (5) For an uncontested divorce action, fifty dollars;

(6) For a proceeding for the enforcement of an order,
fifty dollars: *Provided*, That if the matter is contested,
the fee shall be fifty dollars for the first hour or any
portion thereof, and thirty dollars per hour for each
subsequent hour or any portion thereof;

(7) For a contested divorce action matured for final
hearing, fifty dollars for the first hour or any portion
thereof, and thirty dollars per hour for each subsequent
hour or any portion thereof.

(1) Persons entitled to notice of a master's hearingshall be timely informed of:

221

(1) The time, place and nature of the hearing;

(2) The legal authority and jurisdiction under whichthe hearing is to be held; and

224 (3) The matters of fact and law asserted.

225(m) The master shall give all interested parties 226 opportunity for the submission and consideration of 227 facts, arguments, offers of settlement or proposals of 228 adjustment when time, the nature of the proceedings and the public interest permit. To the extent that the 229 230parties are unable to settle or compromise a controversy 231 by consent, the master shall provide the parties a 232 hearing and make a recommended order in accordance 233 with the provisions of sections two and four of this 234 article.

235(n) The master who presides at the reception of 236 evidence pursuant to section two of this article shall 237 prepare the default order or make and enter the 238 pendente lite order provided for in section three of this article, or make the recommended order required by 239240 section four of this article, as the case may be. Except 241 to the extent required for disposition of ex parte matters 242 as authorized by this chapter, a master may not consult 243 a person or party on a fact in issue, unless on notice and 244 opportunity for all parties to participate; nor shall the 245master attempt to supervise or direct an employee or

agent engaged in the performance of investigative or
prosecuting functions for a prosecuting attorney, the
division of human services or any other agency or
political subdivision of this state.

§48A-4-2. Hearing procedures.

1 (a) This section applies, according to the provisions 2 thereof, to hearings required by section one of this 3 article to be conducted in accordance with this section.

(b) A master appointed under the provisions of section 4 one of this article shall preside at the taking of evidence. 5 The functions of the master shall be conducted in an 6 7 impartial manner. A master may at any time disgualify himself or herself. Upon such disgualification, or upon 8 the filing in good faith of a timely and sufficient 9 affidavit of personal bias or other disqualification of a 10 master, the circuit court or the chief judge thereof may 11 12 appoint a temporary master or the circuit court may receive the evidence and determine the matter. 13

14 (c) A master presiding at a hearing under the15 provisions of this chapter may:

16 (1) Administer oaths and affirmations, compel the 17 attendance of witnesses and the production of docu-18 ments, examine witnesses and parties, and otherwise 19 take testimony, receive relevant evidence and establish 20 a record;

21 (2) Rule on motions for discovery and offers of proof;

(3) Take depositions or have depositions taken whenthe ends of justice may be served;

24 (4) Regulate the course of the hearing;

(5) Hold pre-trial conferences for the settlement or
simplification of issues and enter time frame orders
which shall include, but not be limited to, discovery cutoffs, exchange of witness lists, and agreements on
stipulations, contested issues, and hearing schedules;

30 (6) Make and enter temporary orders on procedural
31 matters, including, but not limited to, substitution of
32 counsel, amendment of pleadings, requests for hearings
33 and other similar matters;

34 (7) Accept voluntary acknowledgements of support35 liability or paternity;

36 (8) Accept stipulated agreements;

(9) Prepare default orders for entry if the person
against whom an action is brought does not respond to
notice or process within the time required;

40 (10) Recommend orders in accordance with the 41 provisions of section four of this article;

42 (11) Require the issuance of subpoenas and subpoenas
43 duces tecum, issue writs of attachment, hold hearings
44 in aid of execution and propound interrogatories in aid
45 of execution, and fix bond or other security in connection
46 with an action for enforcement in a child or spousal
47 support matter; and

48 (12) Take other action authorized by general order of
49 the circuit court or the chief judge thereof consistent
50 with the provisions of this chapter.

51(d) Except as otherwise provided by law, a moving 52 party has the burden of proof on a particular question 53 presented. Any oral or documentary evidence may be 54 received, but the master shall exclude irrelevant, 55 immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence. A party is 56 entitled to present his or her case or defense by oral or 57 documentary evidence, to submit rebuttal evidence, and 58 to conduct such cross-examination as may be required 59 for a full and true disclosure of the facts. In determining 60 claims for money due or the amount of payments to be made, when a party will not be prejudiced thereby, the 61 62 master may adopt procedures for the submission of all 63 or part of the evidence in written form.

(e) Hearings before a master shall be recorded
electronically. When requested by either of the parties,
a master shall provide a duplicate copy of the tape or
other electronic recording medium of each hearing held.
The party requesting the copy shall pay to the master
an amount equal to the actual cost of the tape or other
medium or the sum of five dollars, whichever is greater.

71 Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the preparation

of a transcript and the payment of the cost thereof shall
be the responsibility of the party requesting the
transcript.

(f) The recording of the hearing or the transcript of 75 testimony, as the case may be, and the exhibits, together 76 77 with all papers and requests filed in the proceeding. constitute the exclusive record for recommending an 78 79 order in accordance with section four of this article, and 80 on payment of lawfully prescribed costs, shall be made available to the parties. When a master's final recom-81 82 mended order rests on official notice of a material fact not appearing in the evidence in the record, a party is 83 entitled, on timely request, to an opportunity to show the 84 85 contrary.

§48A-4-2a. Acts or failures to act in the physical presence of family law masters.

1 (a) If in the master's presence a party, witness or 2 other person conducts himself in a manner which would 3 constitute direct contempt if committed in the presence of a circuit judge, the master shall halt any proceeding 4 which may be in progress and inform the person that 5 6 their conduct constitutes direct contempt and give notice 7 of the procedures and possible dispositions which may 8 result.

9 (b) (1) If a circuit judge is sitting in the same county 10 in which the conduct occurred, or is otherwise available, 11 the alleged contemnor shall be immediately taken before 12 the circuit judge. Disposition of these matters shall be 13 given priority over any other matters, with the excep-14 tion of a criminal trial in progress.

15 (2) If a circuit judge is unavailable then the master shall schedule a hearing before the circuit court and the 16 alleged contemnor shall be advised, on the record, of the 17 time and place of the hearing. The master may elect. 18 in his or her discretion, to obtain a warrant for the 19 arrest of the alleged contemnor from the magistrate 20 21 court on the charge of contempt with the matter to be heard by the circuit court. 22

ļ

(c) At the hearing, the circuit court shall be advised
of the charges, receive the evidence and rule in the same
manner as would be appropriate if the conduct complained of occurred in the physical presence of a circuit
judge. In addition to other sanctions the court may
award attorney's fees and costs.

(d) Prior to or during any hearing before a master,
if the master determines that a situation exists which
warrants the presence of security during such hearing,
the master shall inform the sheriff of the need for such
security and the time and place of the hearing, and the
sheriff shall assign a deputy to act as bailiff during such
hearing.

§48A-4-3. Default orders; temporary orders.

1 (a) In any proceeding in which the amount of support 2 is to be established, if the obligor has been served with 3 notice of a hearing before a master and does not enter 4 an appearance, the family law master shall prepare a default order for entry by the circuit judge, which order 5 6 shall fix support in an amount at least equal to the 7 amount paid as public assistance under section four. 8 article three, chapter nine of this code, if the obligee or 9 custodian receives public assistance, or in an amount at 10 least equal to the amount that would be paid as public 11 assistance if the obligee or custodian were eligible to receive public assistance, unless the family law master 12has sufficient information in the record so as to 13 determine the amount to be fixed in accordance with the 14 15 child support guidelines.

16 (b) A master who presides at a hearing under the 17 provisions of section two of this article is authorized to 18 make and enter pendente lite support and custody orders which, when entered, shall be enforceable and 19 20 have the same force and effect under law as pendente 21 lite support orders made and entered by a judge of the 22circuit court, unless and until such support orders are 23 modified, vacated, or superseded by an order of the 24 circuit court.

25 (c) All orders prepared by a master shall provide for 26 automatic withholding from income of the obligor if

2

27 arrearages in support occur, if no such provision already

28 exists in prior orders or if the existing order as it relates

29 to withholding is not in compliance with applicable law.

§48A-4-4. Recommended orders.

1 (a) This section applies, according to the provisions 2 thereof, when a hearing has been conducted in accor-3 dance with section two of this article.

4 (b) A master who has presided at the hearing pursu-5 ant to section two of this article shall recommend an 6 order and findings of fact and conclusions of law to the 7 circuit court within ten days following the close of the 8 evidence. Before the recommended order is made, the 9 master may, in his discretion, require the parties to submit proposed findings and conclusions and the 10 11 supporting reasons therefor.

12 (c) The master shall sign and send the recommended 13 order, any separate document containing the findings of fact and conclusions of law and the notice of recom-14 15 mended order as set forth in section four-a of this article 16 to the attorney for each party, or if a party is unrepre-17 sented, directly to the party, in the same manner as 18 pleadings subsequent to an original complaint are 19 served in accordance with rule five of the rules of civil 20 procedure for trial courts of record. The master shall 21 file the recommended order and the record in the office 22 of the circuit clerk prior to the expiration of the ten-day 23 period during which exceptions can be filed.

24 (d) A copy of any supporting documents or a sum-25mary of supporting documents, prepared or used by the 26 children's advocate or an employee of the child advocate 27 office, and all documents introduced into evidence 28 before the master, shall be made available to the 29 attorney for each party and to each of the parties before 30 the circuit court takes any action on the recom-31 mendation.

(e) All recommended orders of the master shall
include the statement of findings of fact and conclusions
of law, and the reasons or basis therefor, on all the
material issues of fact, law, or discretion presented on

Ch. 40]

the record; and the appropriate sanction, relief, ordenial thereof.

§48A-4-4a. Form of notice of recommended order.

1	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COUNTY,
2	WEST VIRGINIA,
3	
4	Plaintiff,
5	vs. CIVIL ACTION NO.
6 7	Defendant.
8	NOTICE OF RECOMMENDED ORDER
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	The undersigned family law master hereby recom- mends the enclosed order to the circuit court of county. If you wish to file objections to this decision, you must file a written petition in accordance with the provisions of chapter 48A-4-8 of the West Virginia Code within a period of ten days ending on, 1990, with the circuit clerk of county and send a copy to counsel for the opposing party or if the party is unrepresented to the party, and to the office of the family law master located at
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	If no written petition for review is filed by , 1990, then the recommended order will be sent to the circuit judge assigned to this case. A recommended order which is not signed by a party, or counsel for a party who is represented, by the end of the ten-day period will still be sent to the circuit judge for entry. YOUR FAILURE TO SIGN THE ORDER AS HAV-
28 29	ING BEEN INSPECTED OR APPROVED WILL NOT DELAY THE ENTRY THEREOF.
30 31	Family Law Master
§48A	-4-5. Orders to be entered by circuit court exclusively.
1	With the exception of pendente lite support and

2 custody orders entered by a master in accordance with 3 the provisions of section three of this article, and 4 procedural orders entered pursuant to the provisions of 5 section two of this article, an order imposing sanctions 6 or granting or denying relief may not be made and 7 entered except by a circuit court within the jurisdiction 8 of said court and as authorized by law.

§48A-4-6. Circuit court review of master's action or recommended order.

A person who alleges that he or she will be adversely 1 affected or aggrieved by a recommended order of a 2 master is entitled to review of the proceedings. The 3 recommended order of the master is the subject of 4 review by the circuit court, and a procedural action or 5 ruling not otherwise directly reviewable is subject to 6 7 review only upon the review of the recommended order 8 by the circuit court.

§48A-4-7. Procedure for review by circuit court.

1 (a) Within ten days after the master's recommended 2 order, any separate document with findings of fact and 3 conclusions of law and the notice of recommended order is served on the parties as set forth in section four of 4 5 this article, any party may file exceptions thereto in a 6 petition requesting that the action by the master be 7 reviewed by the circuit court. Failure to timely file the petition shall constitute a waiver of exceptions, unless 8 the petitioner, prior to the expiration of the ten-day 9 period, moves for and is granted an extension of time 10 from the circuit court. At the time of filing the petition. 11 12 a copy of the petition for review shall be served on all parties to the proceeding, in the same manner as 13 pleadings subsequent to an original complaint are 14 served under rule five of the rules of civil procedure for 15 16 trial courts of record.

(b) Not more than ten days after the filing of the
petition for review, a responding party wishing to file
a cross-petition that would otherwise be untimely may
file, with proof of service on all parties, a cross-petition
for review.

§48A-4-8. Form of petition for review.

(a) The petition for review shall contain a list of 1 exceptions in the form of questions presented for review. 2 3 expressed in the terms and circumstances of the case. 4 designating and pointing out the errors complained of 5 with reasonable certainty, so as to direct the attention 6 of the circuit court specifically to them, but without 7 unnecessary detail. The statement of questions should be 8 short and concise and should not be argumentative or repetitious. The statement of a question presented will 9 be deemed to comprise every subsidiary question fairly 10 11 included therein. Only the questions set forth in the 12 petition or fairly included therein will be considered by 13 the court. Parts of the master's report not excepted to 14 are admitted to be correct, not only as regards the 15 principles, but as to the evidence, upon which they are 16 founded.

17 (b) The circuit court may require, or a party may 18 choose to submit with the petition for review a brief in 19 support thereof, which should include a direct and 20 concise argument amplifying the reasons relied upon for 21 modification of the master's recommended order and 22 citing the constitutional provisions, statutes and regula-23 tions which are applicable.

§48A-4-9. Answer in opposition to a petition for review.

(a) A respondent shall have ten days after the filing 1 2 of a petition within which to file an answer disclosing any matter or ground why the recommended order of 3 4 the master should not be modified by the court in the manner sought by the petition. The judge may require, 5 or a party may choose to submit with the answer, a brief 6 in opposition to the petition, which should include a 7 direct and concise argument in support of the master's 8 recommended order and citing the constitutional 9 10 provisions, statutes and regulations which are 11 applicable.

12 (b) No motion by a respondent to dismiss a petition13 for review will be received.

14

(c) Any party may file a supplemental brief at any

15 time while a petition for review is pending, calling

16 attention to new cases or legislation or other intervening

17 matter not available at the time of the party's last filing.

§48A-4-10. Circuit court review of master's recommended order.

1 (a) The circuit court shall proceed to a review of the 2 recommended order of the master when:

3 (1) No petition has been filed within the time allowed,
4 or the parties have expressly waived the right to file a
5 petition;

6 (2) A petition and an answer in opposition have been 7 filed, or the time for filing an answer in opposition has 8 expired, or the parties have expressly waived the right 9 to file an answer in opposition, as the case may be.

10 (b) To the extent necessary for decision and when 11 presented, the circuit court shall decide all relevant 12 questions of law, interpret constitutional and statutory 13 provisions, and determine the appropriateness of the 14 terms of the recommended order of the master.

15 (c) The circuit court shall examine the recommended 16 order of the master, along with the findings and conclusions of the master, and may enter the recom-17 18 mended order, may recommit the case, with instructions, for further hearing before the master or may, in 19 20 its discretion, enter an order upon different terms, as the ends of justice may require. The circuit court shall 21 22 not follow the recommendation, findings, and conclu-23 sions of a master found to be:

(1) Arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, orotherwise not in conformance with the law;

26 (2) Contrary to constitutional right, power, privilege,27 or immunity;

(3) In excess of statutory jurisdiction, authority, orlimitations, or short of statutory right;

30 (4) Without observance of procedure required by law;

31 (5) Unsupported by substantial evidence; or

32 (6) Unwarranted by the facts.

33 (d) In making its determinations under this section. 34 the circuit court shall review the whole record or those parts of it cited by a party. If the circuit court finds that 35 36 a master's recommended order is deficient as to matters 37 which might be affected by evidence not considered or inadequately developed in the master's recommended 38 order, the court may recommit the recommended order 39 to the master, with instructions indicating the court's 40 opinion, or the circuit court may proceed to take such 41 42 evidence without recommitting the matter.

(e) The order of the circuit court entered pursuant to
the provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall be
entered not later than ten days after the time for filing
pleadings or briefs has expired or after the filing of a
notice or notices waiving the right to file such pleading
or brief.

49 (f) If a case is recommitted by the circuit court, the50 master shall retry the matter within twenty days.

51 (g) At the time a case is recommitted, the circuit 52 court shall enter appropriate pendente lite orders 53 awarding custody, visitation, child support, spousal 54 support or such other temporary relief as the circum-55 stances of the parties may require.

ARTICLE 5. REMEDIES FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT OBLIGATIONS AND VISITATION.

§48A-5-1. Action to obtain an order for support of minor child.

§48A-5-3. Withholding from income of amounts payable as support.

§48A-5-1. Action to obtain an order for support of minor child.

1 (a) An action may be brought in circuit court to 2 obtain an order for the support of a minor child when:

3 (1) Such child has a parent and child relationship4 with an obligor;

5 (2) Such obligor is not the primary caretaker or 6 guardian of the child;

CHILD SUPPORT

7 (3) The obligor is not meeting an obligation to support8 the child;

9 (4) An enforceable order for the support of the child 10 by the obligor has not been entered by a court of 11 competent jurisdiction; and

(5) There is no pending action for divorce, separate
maintenance, or annulment in which the obligation of
support owing from the obligor to the child is at issue.

(b) An action may be brought under the provisions ofsubsection (a) of this section by:

17 (1) A custodial parent of a child, when the divorce
18 order or other order which granted custody did not
19 make provision for the support of the child by the
20 obligor;

21 (2) A primary caretaker of a child;

22 (3) A guardian of the property of a child or the 23 committee for a child; or

(4) The department of health and human resources,
when the department is providing assistance on behalf
of the child in the form of aid to families with dependent
children, and an assignment of any right to support has
been assigned to the department.

(c) An action under the provisions of this section may
be brought in the county where the obligee, the obligor
or the child resides.

(d) If an action for child support is brought under the
provisions of this section by an obligee against his or her
spouse, such obligee may also seek spousal support from
the obligor, unless such support has been previously
waived by agreement or otherwise.

(e) Every order of support heretofore or hereafter
entered or modified under the provisions of this section
shall include a provision for the income withholding in
accordance with the provisions of section fifteen-a or
fifteen-b, article two, chapter forty-eight of this code.

42 (f) At any time after the entry of an order for support,43 the court may, upon the verified petition of an obligee

44 or the obligor, revise or alter such order, and make a 45 new order, as the altered circumstances or needs of a

45 new order, as the altered circumstances or needs of a 46 child, an obligee, or the obligor may render necessary

40 cmid, an obligee, or the obligor may render neces 47 to meet the ends of justice.

§48A-5-3. Withholding from income of amounts payable as support.

1 (a) The withholding from an obligor's income of 2 amounts payable as spousal or child support shall be 3 enforced by the children's advocate in accordance with the provisions of this section. Every support order 4 5 heretofore or hereafter entered by a circuit court or a 6 magistrate of this state and every support order entered by a court of competent jurisdiction of another state 7 shall be considered to provide for an order of income 8 9 withholding in accordance with the provisions of section 10fifteen-a or fifteen-b, article two, chapter forty-eight of 11 this code, notwithstanding the fact that such support 12 order does not in fact provide for such an order of 13 withholding.

(b) (1) In any case in which immediate income
withholding is not required, the children's advocate
shall cause the mailing of a notice to the obligor
pursuant to this section when the support payments
required by the order are in arrears a specific number
of days, as follows:

(A) If the order requires support to be paid in
monthly installments, the notice shall be sent on the day
when the support payments are thirty days in arrears;
or

(B) If the order requires support to be paid in weekly
or bi-weekly installments, the notice shall be sent on the
day when the support payments are twenty-eight days
in arrears.

(2) The number of days support payments are in
arrears shall be considered to be the total cumulative
number of days during which payments required by a
court order have been delinquent, whether or not such
days are consecutive.

33 (c) If notice required by subsection (b) of this section

٤

34 is appropriate, the children's advocate shall determine 35 the time for a meeting between the obligor and the 36 children's advocate and the time for a hearing before the family law master, and shall then set forth in such 37 38 notice the times and places at which the meeting and hearing will be held if withholding is contested. The 39 40 meeting and hearing may be scheduled on the same 41 date, but in no case shall the meeting with the advocate 42 be scheduled less than fifteen days after the date the 43 notice is mailed nor shall the hearing before the master be scheduled more than twenty-one days after the date 44 the notice is mailed. The children's advocate shall send 45 such notice by first class mail to the delinquent obligor. 46 47 The notice shall inform the delinquent obligor of the 48 following:

49 (1) The amount owed;

50 (2) That it is proposed that there be withholding from 51 the obligor's income of amounts payable as support, and 52 that if withholding is uncontested, or is contested but 53 determined appropriate, the amount withheld will be 54 equal to the amount required under the terms of the 55 current support order, plus amounts for any outstanding 56 arrearages;

57 (3) An identification of the type or types of income 58 from which amounts payable as support will be with-59 held, and a statement of the amounts proposed to be 60 withheld, expressed in meaningful terminology such as 61 dollar amounts or a percentage of disposable earnings, 62 as may be appropriate for the type of income involved;

63 (4) That the withholding will apply to the obligor's64 present source of income and to any future source of65 income;

(5) That any action by the obligor to purposefully
minimize his or her income will result in the enforcement of support being based upon potential and not just
actual earnings;

(6) That payment of the arrearage after the date ofthe notice is not a bar to such withholding;

72 (7) That if the obligor wishes to agree to withholding

that he or she should notify the children's advocate, in
writing, within fourteen days from the date of the notice
in order to cancel a scheduled meeting with the office
of the children's advocate and a hearing with the family
law master;

(8) That if the obligor fails to respond to the notice
or fails to appear at the meeting or hearing after
responding to the notice, withholding will automatically
occur as described in the notice;

(9) That if the obligor desires to contest the withholding on the grounds that the amount to be withheld is
incorrect or that withholding is not proper because of
mistakes of fact, he or she must, within fourteen days
of the date of the notice, inform the children's advocate
in writing of the reasons why the proposed withholding
is contested;

(10) That a mistake of fact exists only when there is an error in the amount of current or overdue support claimed in the notice, there is a mistake as to the identity of the obligor, or the amount of the proposed withholding exceeds the amount permitted to be withheld under applicable federal or state law;

(11) That matters such as lack of visitation, inappropriateness of the support award, or changed financial
circumstances of the obligee or the obligor will not be
considered at any hearing held pursuant to the notice,
but may be raised by the filing of a separate petition;

100 (12) That if the obligor contests the withholding, in 101 writing, a meeting with the children's advocate will be 102 held at a time and place set forth in the notice, for the 103 purpose of attempting to settle any issues which are 104 contested;

105 (13) That if the meeting with the children's advocate 106 fails to resolve the issues being contested, a hearing 107 before the family law master will be held at a time and 108 place set forth in the notice, and that following such 109 hearing, the master will make a recommended order to 110 the circuit court;

111 (14) That a master's recommended order as to with-

holding will become effective when it is confirmed and
entered by the circuit court, and that if the obligor
disagrees with the master's recommended order, he or
she will be given the opportunity to make objections
known to the circuit court; and

117 (15) That if, while the withholding is being contested, 118 it is determined that the obligor is in arrears in an 119 amount equal to or greater than one month's support 120 obligation, but the amount of the arrearage is disputed, 121 then income withholding for the current payment of 122 support will be instituted, and may not be stayed 123 pending a final determination as to the amount of 124 arrearages due.

125 (d) Withholding should occur when the support order 126 provides for immediate income withholding, or if 127 immediate income withholding is not so provided, then 128 after entry of the master's recommended order by the 129 circuit court. In any case where withholding should 130 occur, the source of income shall proceed to withhold so 131 much of the obligor's income as is necessary to comply 132 with the order authorizing such withholding, up to the 133 maximum amount permitted under applicable law. 134 Such withholding, unless otherwise terminated under the provisions of this section, shall apply to any 135 subsequent source of income or any subsequent period 136 137 of time during which income is received by the obligor.

138 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary which provides for a limitation upon the 139 140 amount which may be withheld from earnings through 141 legal process, the amount of an obligor's aggregate 142 disposable earnings for any given workweek which can 143 be withheld as support payments is to be determined in 144 accordance with the provisions of this subsection, as 145 follows:

(1) After ascertaining the status of the payment
record of the obligor under the terms of the support
order, the payment record shall be examined to determine whether any arrearages are due for amounts
which should have been paid prior to a twelve-week

period which ends with the workweek for whichwithholding is sought to be enforced.

(2) If none of the withholding is for amounts whichcame due prior to such twelve-week period, then:

(A) When the obligor is supporting another spouse or
dependent child other than the spouse or child for whom
the proposed withholding is being sought, the amount
withheld may not exceed fifty percent of the obligor's
disposable earnings for that week; and

(B) When the obligor is not supporting another spouse
or dependent child as described in paragraph (A) of this
subdivision, the amount withheld may not exceed sixty
percent of the obligor's disposable earnings for that
week.

165 (3) If a part of the withholding is for amounts which 166 came due prior to such twelve-week period, then:

(A) Where the obligor is supporting another spouse or
dependent child other than the spouse or child for whom
the proposed withholding is being sought, the amount
withheld may not exceed fifty-five percent of the
obligor's disposable earnings for that week; and

(B) Where the obligor is not supporting another
spouse or dependent child as described in paragraph (A)
of this subdivision, the amount withheld may not exceed
sixty-five percent of the obligor's disposable earnings for
that week.

177 (4) In addition to the percentage limitations set forth 178 in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection, it shall be 179 a further limitation that in no case shall the total 180 amounts withheld for current payments plus arrearages 181 exceed the amounts withheld for current payments by 182 an amount greater than ten percent of the obligor's 183 disposable income.

(5) The provisions of this subsection shall apply
directly to the withholding of disposable earnings of an
obligor regardless of whether the obligor is paid on a
weekly, bi-weekly, monthly or other basis.

188 (6) If an obligor acts so as to purposefully minimize 189 his or her income and to thereby circumvent the

190 provisions of this section which provide for withholding 191 from income of amounts payable as support, the amount to be withheld as support payments may be based upon 192 193 the obligor's potential earnings rather than his or her actual earnings, and such obligor may not rely upon the 194 195 percentage limitations set forth in this subsection which 196 limit the amount to be withheld from disposable 197 earnings.

198 (f) The source of income of any obligor who is subject 199 to withholding, upon being given notice of withholding, 200 shall withhold from such obligor's income the amount 201 specified by the notice and pay such amount to the child 202 advocate office for distribution in accordance with the 203 provisions of section four, article three of this chapter. 204 The notice given to the source of income shall contain 205only such information as may be necessary for the 206 source of income to comply with the withholding order. 207 Such notice to the source of income shall include, at a 208 minimum, the following:

209 (1) The amount to be withheld from the obligor's 210 income, and a statement that the amount to be withheld 211 for support and other purposes, including the fee 212 specified under subdivision (3) of this subsection, may 213 not be in excess of the maximum amounts permitted 214 under section 303(b) of the Federal Consumer Credit 215 Protection Act or limitations imposed under the provi-216 sions of this code:

(2) That the source of income must send the amount
to be withheld from the obligor's income to the child
advocate office within ten days of the date the obligor
is paid;

(3) That, in addition to the amount withheld under the
provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the source
of income may deduct a fee, not to exceed fifty cents,
for administrative costs incurred by the source of
income, for each withholding;

(4) That withholding is binding on the source ofincome until further notice by the child advocate office;

228 (5) That the source of income is subject to a fine for

discharging an obligor from employment, refusing to
employ, or taking disciplinary action against any obligor
because of the withholding;

(6) That if the source of income fails to withhold
income in accordance with the provisions of the notice,
the source of income is liable for the accumulated
amount the source of income should have withheld from
the obligor's income;

(7) That the withholding under the provisions of this
section shall have priority over any other legal process
under the laws of this state against the same income,
and shall be effective despite any exemption that might
otherwise be applicable to the same income;

(8) That the source of income may combine withheld
amounts from obligors' income in a single payment to
the child advocate office and separately identify the
portion of the single payment which is attributable to
each obligor;

(9) That the source of income must implement withholding no later than the first pay period or first date
for payment of income that occurs after fourteen days
following the date the notice to the source of income was
mailed; and

(10) That the source of income must notify the child
advocate office promptly when the obligor terminates
his or her employment or otherwise ceases receiving
income from the source of income, and must provide the
obligor's last known address and the name and address
of the obligor's new source of income, if known.

(g) The director shall, by administrative rule, establish procedures for promptly refunding to obligors
amounts which have been improperly withheld under
the provisions of this section.

(h) A source of income must send the amount to be
withheld from the obligor's income to the child advocate
office and must notify the child advocate office of the
date of withholding, within ten days of the date the
obligor is paid.

(i) In addition to any amounts payable as support
withheld from the obligor's income, the source of income
may deduct a fee, not to exceed fifty cents, for administrative costs incurred by the source of income, for
each withholding.

(j) Withholding of amounts payable as support under
the provisions of this section is binding on the source of
income until further notice by the child advocate office.

(k) Every source of income who receives a notice of
withholding under the provisions of this section shall
implement withholding no later than the first pay
period or first date for the payment of income which
occurs after fourteen days following the date the notice
to the source of income was mailed.

281 (1) A source of income who employs or otherwise pays 282 income to an obligor who is subject to withholding under 283 the provisions of this section must notify the child 284 advocate office promptly when the obligor terminates employment or otherwise ceases receiving income from 285286 the source of income, and must provide the office with 287 the obligor's last known address and the name and 288 address of the obligor's new source of income, if known.

(m) A source of income who has more than a single
obligor who is subject to withholding from income under
the provisions of this article may combine all withheld
amounts into a single payment to the child advocate
office, with the portion thereof which is attributable to
each obligor being separately designated.

295 (n) A source of income is liable to an obligee, including the state of West Virginia or the department of 296 297 health and human resources where appropriate, for any 298 amount which the source of income fails to withhold 299 from income due an obligor following receipt by such 300 source of income of proper notice under subsection (f) 301 of this section: Provided, That a source of income shall 302not be required to vary the normal pay and disburse-303 ment cycles in order to comply with the provisions of 304 this section.

305 (o) That support collection under the provisions of this

section shall have priority over any other legal process
under the laws of this state against the same income,
and shall be effective despite any exemption that might
otherwise be applicable to the same income.

310 (p) Any source of income who discharges from 311 employment, refuses to employ, or takes disciplinary 312 action against any obligor subject to income withholding 313 required by this section because of the existence of such 314 withholding and the obligations or additional obligations 315which it imposes on the source of income, shall be guilty 316 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 317 fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than 318 one thousand dollars.

319 (q) In any case where immediate income withholding 320 is not required then, at any time following a period of 321 eighteen months during which the obligor has owed no 322 arrearages to the obligee or to the state of West Virginia 323 or any other state, if the obligee and obligor agree to 324 the termination of withholding and demonstrate to the 325 children's advocate that there is a reliable alternative 326 method by which to make the support payments, they 327 may request the children's advocate to terminate 328 withholding and such withholding from income may 329 cease until such time as further withholding is required by law. The director of the child advocate office shall, 330 by legislative rule, establish state termination standards 331 332 which will ensure, at a minimum, that withholding will 333 not be terminated where there are indications that it is unlikely that support will continue without such 334 335 withholding. The mere fact that all arrearages have been paid shall not be a sufficient ground for the 336 337 termination of withholding.

ARTICLE 6. ESTABLISHMENT OF PATERNITY.

§48A-6-5. Representation of parties.

§48A-6-6. Establishing paternity by acknowledgment of natural father.

§48A-6-5. Representation of parties.

1 (a) The children's advocate of the county where the 2 action under this section is brought shall litigate the 3 action in the best interests of the child although the 4 action is commenced in the name of a plaintiff listed in 5 section one of this article.

(b) The defendant shall be advised of his right to 6 7 counsel. In the event he files an affidavit that he is a 8 poor person within the meaning of section one, article 9 two, chapter fifty-nine of this code, counsel shall be 10 appointed to represent him. The service and expenses of counsel shall be paid in accordance with the provisions 11 of article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code: 12 13 Provided. That the court shall make a finding of 14 eligibility for appointed counsel in accordance with the 15 requirements of said article and, if the person qualifies, any blood or tissue tests ordered to be taken shall be 16 paid as part of the costs of the proceeding. 17

(c) The children's advocate shall litigate the action
only to the extent of establishing paternity and establishing and enforcing a child support order.

§48A-6-6. Establishing paternity by acknowledgment of natural father.

(a) The natural father of a child may file an applica-1 tion to establish paternity in circuit court when he 2 3 acknowledges that the child is his or when he has married the mother of the child after the child's birth 4 5 and upon consent of the mother, or if she is deceased 6 or incompetent, or has surrendered custody, upon the 7 consent of the person or agency having custody of the 8 child or of a court having jurisdiction over the child's custody. The application may be filed in the county 9 where the natural father resides, the child resides, or 10 11 the child was born. The circuit court, if satisfied that 12 the applicant is the natural father and that establish-13 ment of the relationship is for the best interest of the 14 child, shall enter the finding of fact and an order upon 15 its docket, and thereafter the child is the child of the 16 applicant, as though born to him in lawful wedlock.

(b) A written acknowledgment by both the man and
woman that the man is the father of the named child
legally establishes the man as the father of the child for
all purposes and child support can be established under
the provisions of this chapter.

22 (c) On and after the first day of November, one 23 thousand nine hundred ninety, in addition to providing

24 the information necessary to establish paternity in accordance with the provisions of this section, a person 2526 whose name is to appear in the order establishing 27 paternity as a parent shall furnish to the clerk of the 28 circuit court the social security account number (or 29 numbers, if the parent has more than one such number) 30 issued to the parent. A record of the social security number or numbers shall be forwarded to the state 31 registrar of vital statistics along with the order 32 33 establishing paternity.

ARTICLE 7. REVISED UNIFORM RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT ACT.

§48A-7-14. Duty of initiating court.

If the initiating court finds that the petition or 1 2 complaint sets forth facts from which it may be 3 determined that the obligor owes a duty of support and 4 that a court of the responding state may obtain 5 jurisdiction of the obligor or his property, it shall so 6 certify and cause three copies of the petition or 7 complaint, one of which copies shall be certified, and one 8 copy of this article to be sent to the responding court. 9 Certification shall be in accordance with the require-10 ments of the initiating state. If the name and address 11 of the responding court is unknown and the responding 12 state has an information agency comparable to that established in the initiating state, it shall cause the 13 14 copies to be sent to the state information agency or other 15 proper official of the responding state, with a request 16 that the agency or official forward them to the proper 17 court and that the court of the responding state acknowledge their receipt to the initiating court. 18

CHAPTER 57. EVIDENCE AND WITNESSES.

ARTICLE 5. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

§57-5-4. Production of writings—By person other than party.

1 When it appears by affidavit or otherwise that a 2 writing or document in the possession of any person not 3 a party to the matter in controversy is material and 4 proper to be produced before the court, or any person

CHILD WELFARE

appointed by it or acting under its process or authority,
or any such person as is named in section one of this
article, such court, family law master, judge or president thereof may order the clerk of the said court to
issue a subpoena duces tecum to compel such production
at a time and place to be specified in the order.

CHAPTER 41

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4044—By Delegate M. Burke)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article four, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen; to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter forty-nine of said code; and to amend and reenact section seven, article seven of said chapter, all relating to the prohibition of the sale or purchase of a child; creating penalties and exceptions; expanding the definition of "abused child"; and contributing to delinquency or neglect of child.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen; and that section three, article one, chapter forty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section seven, article seven, chapter forty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 48. Domestic Relations.
- 49. Child Welfare.

CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

ARTICLE 4. ADOPTION.

§48-4-16. Prohibition of purchase or sale of child; penalty; definitions; exceptions.

1 (a) Any person or agency who knowingly offers, gives,

2 or agrees to give to another person money, property, 3 service, or other thing of value in consideration for the recipient's locating, providing, or procuring a minor 4 $\mathbf{5}$ child for any purpose which entails a transfer of the legal or physical custody of said child, including, but not 6 7 limited to, adoption or placement, shall be guilty of a 8 misdemeanor and subject to fine and imprisonment as 9 provided herein.

10 (b) Any person who knowingly receives, accepts, or 11 offers to accept money, property, service, or other thing 12 of value to locate, provide, or procure a minor child for 13 any purpose which entails a transfer of the legal or 14 physical custody of said child, including, but not limited 15 to, adoption or placement, shall be guilty of a misdemea-16 nor and subject to fine and imprisonment as provided 17 herein.

18 (c) Any person who violates the provisions of this 19 section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 20 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one 21 hundred dollars nor more than two thousand dollars, or 22 may be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than 23 twelve months, or both fined and imprisoned.

24 (d) A child whose parent, guardian, or custodian has 25 sold or attempted to sell said child in violation of the 26provisions of this article may be deemed an abused child 27 as defined by section three, article one, chapter forty-28 nine of this code. The court may place such a child in 29 the custody of the department of human services or with 30 such other responsible person as the best interests of the 31 child dictate.

32 (e) This section does not prohibit the payment or 33 receipt of the following:

(1) Fees paid for reasonable and customary services
provided by the department of human services or any
licensed or duly authorized adoption or child-placing
agency.

(2) Reasonable and customary legal, medical, hospital,
or other expenses incurred in connection with legal
adoption proceedings.

(3) Fees and expenses included in any agreement inwhich a woman agrees to become a surrogate mother.

43 (4) Any fees or charges authorized by law or approved
44 by a court in a proceeding relating to the placement of
45 a minor child for adoption.

CHAPTER 49. CHILD WELFARE.

ARTICLE 1. PURPOSES; DEFINITIONS.

§49-1-3. Definitions relating to abuse and neglect.

§49-7-7. Contributing to delinquency or neglect of a child.

§49-1-3. Definitions relating to abuse and neglect.

1 (a) "Abused child" means a child whose health or 2 welfare is harmed or threatened by:

3 (1) A parent, guardian or custodian who knowingly or
4 intentionally inflicts, attempts to inflict, or knowingly
5 allows another person to inflict, physical injury, or
6 substantial mental or emotional injury, upon the child
7 or another child in the home; or

8 (2) Sexual abuse or sexual exploitation; or

9 (3) The sale or attempted sale of a child by a parent,
10 guardian, or custodian in violation of section sixteen,
11 article four, chapter forty-eight of this code.

12 In addition to its broader meaning, physical injury 13 may include an injury to the child as a result of 14 excessive corporal punishment.

(b) "Abusing parent" means a parent, guardian, or
other custodian, regardless of his or her age, whose
conduct, as alleged in the petition charging child abuse
or neglect, has been adjudged by the court to constitute
child abuse or neglect.

(c) "Child abuse and neglect" or "child abuse or
neglect" means physical injury, substantial mental or
emotional injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, sale
or attempted sale, or negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child by a parent, guardian, or custodian who

CHILD WELFARE

is responsible for the child's welfare, under circumstances which harm or threaten the health and welfare of
the child.

28 (d) "Child abuse and neglect services" means social29 services which are directed toward:

30 (1) Protecting and promoting the welfare of children31 who are abused or neglected;

32 (2) Identifying, preventing and remedying conditions33 which cause child abuse and neglect;

(3) Preventing the unnecessary removal of children
from their families by identifying family problems and
assisting families in resolving problems which could
lead to a removal of children and a breakup of the
family;

(4) In cases where children have been removed from
their families, providing services to the children and the
families so as to restore such children to their families;

42 (5) Placing children in suitable adoptive homes when
43 restoring the children to their families is not possible or
44 appropriate; and

(6) Assuring the adequate care of children away from
their families when the children have been placed in the
custody of the department or third parties.

(e) "Imminent danger to the physical well-being of the 48 child" means an emergency situation in which the 49 welfare or the life of the child is threatened. Such 50 emergency situation exists when there is reasonable 51 cause to believe that any child in the home is or has been 52 sexually abused or sexually exploited, or reasonable 53 cause to believe that the following conditions threaten 54 the health or life of any child in the home: 55

56 (1) Nonaccidental trauma inflicted by a parent, 57 guardian, custodian, sibling or a babysitter or other 58 caretaker; or

59 (2) A combination of physical and other signs indicat-

60 ing a pattern of abuse which may be medically diag-61 nosed as battered child syndrome; or

62 (3) Nutritional deprivation; or

63 (4) Abandonment by the parent, guardian or custo-64 dian; or

(5) Inadequate treatment of serious illness or disease;or

67 (6) Substantial emotional injury inflicted by a parent,68 guardian or custodian; or

69 (7) Sale or attempted sale of the child by the parent,70 guardian, or custodian.

71 (f) "Multidisciplinary team" means a group of profes-72 sionals and paraprofessionals representing a variety of 73 disciplines who interact and coordinate their efforts to 74 identify, diagnose and treat specific cases of child abuse and neglect. Multidisciplinary teams may include, but 75 76 are not limited to, medical, child care, and law-77 enforcement personnel, social workers, psychologists, 78 and psychiatrists. Their goal is to pool their respective 79 skills in order to formulate accurate diagnoses and to 80 provide comprehensive coordinated treatment with 81 continuity and follow-up for both parents and children. 82 "Community team" means a multidisciplinary group 83 which addresses the general problem of child abuse and 84 neglect in a given community, and may consist of 85 several multidisciplinary teams with different functions.

86 (g) (1) "Neglected child" means a child:

87 (A) Whose physical or mental health is harmed or 88 threatened by a present refusal, failure or inability of 89 the child's parent, guardian or custodian to supply the child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, supervision, 90 91 medical care or education, when such refusal, failure or inability is not due primarily to a lack of financial 92 93 means on the part of the parent, guardian or custodian; 94 or

95 (B) Who is presently without necessary food, clothing,96 shelter, medical care, education or supervision because

97 of the disappearance or absence of the child's parent or98 custodian.

99 (2) "Neglected child" does not mean a child whose
100 education is conducted within the provisions of section
101 one, article eight, chapter eighteen of this code.

(h) "Parenting skills" means a parent's competencies
in providing physical care, protection, supervision and
psychological support appropriate to a child's age and
state of development.

106 (i) "Sexual abuse" means:

107 (A) As to a child who is less than sixteen years of age. 108 any of the following acts which a parent, guardian or 109 custodian shall engage in, attempt to engage in, or 110 knowingly procure another person to engage in, with 111 such child, notwithstanding the fact that the child may 112have willingly participated in such conduct or the fact 113 that the child may have suffered no apparent physical 114 injury or mental or emotional injury as a result of such 115 conduct:

- 116 (i) Sexual intercourse; or
- 117 (ii) Sexual intrusion; or
- 118 (iii) Sexual contact; or

(B) As to a child who is sixteen years of age or older. 119 120 any of the following acts which a parent, guardian, or 121 custodian shall engage in, attempt to engage in, or 122 knowingly procure another person to engage in, with such child, notwithstanding the fact that the child may 123 have consented to such conduct or the fact that the child 124 may have suffered no apparent physical injury or 125 126 mental or emotional injury as a result of such conduct:

- 127 (i) Sexual intercourse; or
- 128 (ii) Sexual intrusion; or
- 129 (iii) Sexual contact; or
- 130 (C) Any conduct whereby a parent, guardian or

CHILD WELFARE

custodian displays his or her sex organs to a child, or
procures another person to display his or her sex organs
to a child, for the purpose of gratifying the sexual desire
of the parent, guardian or custodian, of the person
making such display, or of the child, or for the purpose
of affronting or alarming the child.

(j) "Sexual contact" means sexual contact as that term
is defined in section one, article eight-b, chapter sixtyone of this code.

140 (k) "Sexual exploitation" means an act whereby:

(1) A parent, custodian, or guardian, whether for
financial gain or not, persuades, induces, entices or
coerces a child to engage in sexually explicit conduct as
that term is defined in section one, article eight-c,
chapter sixty-one of this code;

146 (2) A parent, guardian, or custodian persuades, 147 induces, entices or coerces a child to display his or her sex organs for the sexual gratification of the parent, 148 guardian, custodian, or a third person, or to display his 149 150 or her sex organs under circumstances in which the 151parent, guardian, or custodian knows such display is 152likely to be observed by others who would be affronted 153or alarmed.

(l) "Sexual intercourse" means sexual intercourse as
that term is defined in section one, article eight-b,
chapter sixty-one of this code.

(m) "Sexual intrusion" means sexual intrusion as that
term is defined in section one, article eight-b, chapter
sixty-one of this code.

§49-7-7. Contributing to delinquency or neglect of a child.

1 (a) A person who by any act or omission contributes 2 to, encourages or tends to cause the delinquency or 3 neglect of any child, including, but not limited to, aiding 4 or encourageing any such child to habitually or contin-5 ually refuse to respond, without just cause, to the lawful 6 supervision of such child's parents, guardian or custo-7 dian or to be habitually absent from school without just 8 cause, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 9 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty nor 10 more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the 11 county jail for a period not exceeding one year, or both 12 fined and imprisoned.

13 (b) In addition to any penalty provided under this 14 section and any restitution which may be ordered by the 15 court under article eleven-a of chapter sixty-one, the 16 court may order any person convicted under the 17 provisions of this section to pay all or any portion of the 18 cost of medical, psychological or psychiatric treatment 19 of the child resulting from the act or acts for which the 20 person is convicted, whether or not the child is consi-21 dered to have sustained bodily injury.

22 (c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any 23parent, guardian or custodian who fails or refuses, or 24 allows another person to fail or refuse, to supply a child 25under the care, custody or control of such parent, guardian or custodian with necessary medical care. 26 27 when such medical care conflicts with the tenets and practices of a recognized religious denomination or 28 29 order of which such parent, guardian or custodian is an 30 adherent or member.

CHAPTER 42

(S. B. 401-By Senators Wolfe and Pritt)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article six, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the length of time the division of human services may keep an abused or neglected child in its custody during emergency situations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article six, chapter forty-nine of the code

of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. PROCEDURE IN CASES OF CHILD NEGLECT OR ABUSE.

§49-6-3. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused — Temporary custody.

1 (a) Upon the filing of a petition, the court may order 2 that the child alleged to be an abused or neglected child 3 be delivered for not more than ten days into the custody of the state department or a responsible relative, 4 pending a preliminary hearing, if it finds that: (1) There $\mathbf{5}$ 6 exists imminent danger to the physical well-being of the child, and (2) there are no reasonably available alterna-7 8 tives to removal of the child, including, but not limited 9 to, the provision of medical, psychiatric, psychological or homemaking services in the child's present custody. In 10 11 a case where there is more than one child in the home. 12 the petition shall so state, and notwithstanding the fact that the allegations of abuse or neglect may pertain to 13 14 less than all of such children, each child in the home for 15 whom relief is sought shall be made a party to the 16 proceeding. Even though the acts of abuse or neglect 17 alleged in the petition were not directed against a 18 specific child who is named in the petition, the court shall order the removal of such child, pending final 19 20 disposition, if it finds that there exists imminent danger 21 to the physical well-being of the child and a lack of 22 reasonable available alternatives to removal. The initial 23 order directing such custody shall contain an order 24 appointing counsel and scheduling the preliminary 25hearing, and upon its service shall require the imme-26 diate transfer of custody of such child or children to the 27 state department or a responsible relative. The court order shall state: (1) That continuation in the home is 28 29 contrary to the best interests of the child and why: and 30 (2) whether or not the state department made a reasonable effort to prevent the placement or that the 31 32 emergency situation made such efforts unreasonable or 33 impossible. The order may also direct any party or the 34 department to initiate or become involved in services to 35 facilitate reunification of the family.

36 (b) Whether or not the court orders immediate 37 transfer of custody as provided in subsection (a) of this 38 section, if the facts alleged in the petition demonstrate 39 to the court that there exists imminent danger to the 40 child, the court may schedule a preliminary hearing 41 giving the respondents at least five days' actual notice. 42 If the court finds at the preliminary hearing that there 43 are no alternatives less drastic than removal of the child 44 and that a hearing on the petition cannot be scheduled in the interim period, the court may order that the child 45 46 be delivered into the temporary custody of the state department or an appropriate person or agency for a 47 48 period not exceeding sixty days: Provided. That the 49 court order shall state (1) that continuation in the home 50 is contrary to the best interests of the child and state 51 the reasons therefor: (2) whether or not the department 52made reasonable efforts to prevent the child's removal from his or her home; (3) whether or not the state 5354department made a reasonable effort to prevent the placement or that the emergency situation made such 55efforts unreasonable or impossible; and (4) what efforts 56 should be made by the department to facilitate the 57child's return home: Provided, however. That if the court 58 grants an improvement period as provided in subsection 59 (b), section two of this article, the sixty-day limit upon 60 temporary custody may be waived. 61

62 (c) If a child or children shall, in the presence of a child protective service worker of the division of hu-63 man services, be in an emergency situation which con-64 stitutes an imminent danger to the physical well-65 being of the child or children, as that phrase is defined 66 in section three, article one of this chapter, and if such 67 worker has probable cause to believe that the child or 68 children will suffer additional child abuse or neglect or 69 70 will be removed from the county before a petition can 71 be filed and temporary custody can be ordered, the worker may, prior to the filing of a petition, take the 72 child or children into his or her custody without a court 73 order: Provided, That after taking custody of such child 74 or children prior to the filing of a petition, the worker 75 shall forthwith appear before a circuit judge or a 76

CHILD WELFARE

77 juvenile referee of the county wherein custody was 78 taken, or if no such judge or referee be available, before 79 a circuit judge or a juvenile referee of an adjoining county, and shall immediately apply for an order 80 81 ratifying the emergency custody of the child pending the 82 filing of a petition. The circuit court of every county in the state shall appoint at least one of the magistrates of 83 the county to act as a juvenile referee, who shall serve 84 85 at the will and pleasure of the appointing court, and who 86 shall perform the functions prescribed for such position by the provisions of this subsection. The parents. 87 guardians or custodians of the child or children may be 88 present at the time and place of application for an order 89 90 ratifying custody, and if at the time the child or children 91 are taken into custody by the worker, the worker knows which judge or referee is to receive the application. the 92 worker shall so inform the parents, guardians or 93 94 custodians. The application for emergency custody may 95 be on forms prescribed by the supreme court of appeals 96 or prepared by the prosecuting attorney or the appli-97 cant, and shall set forth facts from which it may be 98 determined that the probable cause described above in 99 this subsection exists. Upon such sworn testimony or 100 other evidence as the judge or referee deems sufficient, 101 the judge or referee may order the emergency taking 102by the worker to be ratified. If appropriate under the 103 circumstances, the order may include authorization for 104 an examination as provided for in subsection (b), section 105 four of this article. If a referee issues such an order, the 106 referee shall by telephonic communication have such 107 order orally confirmed by a circuit judge of the circuit or an adjoining circuit who shall on the next judicial day 108 enter an order of confirmation. If the emergency taking 109 110 is ratified by the judge or referee, emergency custody 111 of the child or children shall be vested in the state 112 department until the expiration of the next two judicial 113 days, at which time any such child taken into emergency 114 custody shall be returned to the custody of his or her 115 parent, guardian or custodian unless a petition has been filed and custody of the child has been transferred under 116 the provisions of section three of this article. 117

CHAPTER 43 (S. B. 532—By Senator Brackenrich)

[Passed March 5, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article six, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to civil service system; exemptions to coverage under classified service; changing definition of seasonal employee; exempting nine-month employees of state forests, parks and recreational areas from civil service coverage and benefits accorded full-time employees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article six, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM.

§29-6-4. Classified-exempt service; additions to classified service; exemptions.

(a) The classified-exempt service includes all positions
 included in the classified-exempt service on the effective
 date of this article.

(b) Except for the period commencing on the first day 4 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. and 5 ending on the first Monday after the second Wednesday 6 of the following January and except for the same periods 7 commencing in the year one thousand nine hundred 8 ninety-six, and in each fourth year thereafter, the 9 governor may, by executive order, with the written 10 consent of the state personnel board and the appointing 11 authority concerned, add to the list of positions in the 12 classified service, but such additions shall not include 13 any positions specifically exempted from coverage as 14 15 provided in this section.

16 (c) The following offices and positions are exempt 17 from coverage under the classified service:

488	CIVIL SERVICE [Ch. 43
18	(1) All judges, officers and employees of the judiciary;
19 20	(2) All members, officers and employees of the Legislature;
21 22	(3) All officers elected by popular vote and employees of the officer;
23 24	(4) All secretaries of departments and employees within the office of a secretary;
25 26 27 28	(5) Members of boards and commissions and heads of departments appointed by the governor or such heads of departments selected by commissions or boards when expressly exempt by law or board order;
29 30 31 32 33	(6) Excluding the policymaking positions in an agency, one principal assistant or deputy and one private secretary for each board or commission or head of a department elected or appointed by the governor or Legislature;
34	(7) All policymaking positions;
35	(8) Patients or inmates employed in state institutions;
36 37 38 39 40	(9) Persons employed in a professional or scientific capacity to make or conduct a temporary and special inquiry, investigation or examination on behalf of the Legislature or a committee thereof, an executive department or by authority of the governor;
41 42 43	(10) All employees of the office of the governor, including all employees assigned to the executive mansion;
44 45	(11) County road supervisors employed by the division of highways or their successors;
46 47 48 49	(12) Part-time professional personnel engaged in professional services without administrative duties and personnel employed for ninety days or less during a working year;
50 51	(13) Members and employees of the board of regents or its successor agencies;
52 53	(14) Uniformed personnel of the division of public safety; and

CLAIMS

(15) Seasonal employees in the state forests, parks,
and recreational areas working less than 1,560 hours per
calendar year: *Provided*, That notwithstanding any
provision of law to the contrary, seasonal employees
shall not be considered full-time employees.

59 (d) The Legislature finds that the holding of political beliefs and party commitments consistent or compatible 60 with those of the governor contributes in an essential 61 way to the effective performance of and is an approp-62 riate requirement for occupying certain offices or 63 positions in state government, such as the secretaries of 64 departments and the employees within their offices, the 65 heads of agencies appointed by the governor and, for 66 each such head of agency, a private secretary and one 67 principal assistant or deputy, all employees of the office 68 of the governor including all employees assigned to the 69 70 executive mansion, as well as any persons appointed by the governor to fill policymaking positions and county 71 road supervisors or their successors, in that such offices 72 or positions are confidential in character and/or require 73 74 their holders to act as advisors to the governor or his appointees, to formulate and implement the policies and 75 goals of the governor of his appointees, or to help the 76 governor or his appointees communicate with and 77 explain their policies and views to the public, the 78 79 Legislature and the press.



CHAPTER 44

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4359-By Delegates Seacrist and Minard)

[Passed March 6, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

CLAIMS

§1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the department of education; department of finance and administration; governor's office; and railroad maintenance authority; and Workers' Compensation Fund, to be moral obligations of the state and directing payments thereof.

The Legislature has heretofore made findings of fact 1 2 that the state has received the benefit of the commod-3 ities received and/or services rendered by certain 4 claimants herein and has considered these claims 5 against the state and agencies thereof, which have arisen due to over-expenditures of the departmental 6 appropriations by officers of such state spending units. 7 8 such claims having been previously considered by the court of claims which also found that the state has 9 received the benefit of the commodities received and/or 10 services rendered by the claimants, but were denied by 11 12 the court of claims on the purely statutory grounds that 13 to allow such claims would be condoning illegal acts contrary to the laws of the state. The Legislature, 14 15 pursuant to its findings of fact and also by the adoption 16 of the findings of fact by the court of claims as its own. and, while not condoning such illegal acts, hereby 17 18 declares it to be the moral obligation of the state to pay 19 these claims in the amounts specified below, and directs 20the auditor to issue warrants upon receipt of properly executed requisitions supported by itemized invoices, 21 statements or other satisfactory documents as required 22 23 by section ten, article three, chapter twelve of the code 24 of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. 25 as amended, for the payments thereof out of any fund 26 appropriated and available for the purpose.

- 27 (a) Claims against the Department of Education:
- 28 (TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND) 29 (1)Carole L. Ball \$ 199.00\$ 30 Rhandy L. Barnett 235.00 (2)Daniel C. Barnette \$ 31 (3) 199.00 \$ 32 Gregory D. Bonnell..... 199.00 (4) 33 (5) Cheri L. Brown \$ 235.00\$ 120.00 34 (6) Juanita Browning

Ch. 4	[4]
-------	-----

35	(7)	Judith C. Collins	\$	161.75
36	(8)	Mary K. Coontz	\$	199.00
37	(9)	Patricia L. Cowan	\$	199.00
38	(10)	James R. Gallaher	\$	470.00
39	(11)	Mary M. Gerba	\$	223.00
40	(12)	Lucy L. Wise-Gladwell	\$	97.00
41	(13)	Miller L. Hall	\$	314.00
42	(14)	Linda D. Harris	\$	199.00
43	(15)	Victoria A. Honaker	\$	230.00
44	(16)	Patsy A. Kerns	\$	398.00
45	(17)	Elizabeth Ann Kirby	\$	199.00
46	(18)	William N. Kraft	\$	282.00
47	(19)	Elizabeth M. Lathey	\$	398.00
48	(20)	Phyllis Ann Manley	\$	40.00
49	(21)	Pamela Lea McCourt	\$	199.00
50	(22)	Marquita Ann McIntyre	\$	199.00
51	(23)	Deborah A. Myers	\$	199.00
52	(24)	John Alan Quesenberry	\$	199.00
53	(25)	Kathleen L. Quesenberry	\$	199.00
54	(26)	Robert R. Reel	\$	384.00
55	(27)	Stanley Robinson	\$	384.00
56	(28)	Zelma Stewart	\$ ¢	$235.00 \\ 199.00$
57	(29)	Rose Mary Wentz	\$ \$	199.00
58	(30)	Jeffrey Zigray	Φ	192.00
59	(b) Clai	ims against the Department of		
60	F	inance and Administration:		
61		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE F	UNE))
62	(1)	Coal Valley News	\$	23.94
63	(2)	WV Newspaper Publishing		
64	(-)	Co., Inc	\$	33.11
65	(c) Clai	m against the Governor's Office:		
66		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE F	ואטי	D)
67	(1)	City of Elkins	\$	31,440.89
68 69		m against the Railroad Maintenanc uthority:	e	
70		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE F	UN	D)
71	(1)	CSX Transportation, Inc	\$	100.000.00
11	(*)		Ψ	

491

		L
72 73	(e) Claim against the Workers' Compensation Fund:	
74	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN))
75	(1) Mail-Well Envelope Company \$	15,572.95

CLAIMS

[Ch. 45]

492

CHAPTER 45

(H. B. 4360-By Delegates Seacrist and Minard)

[Passed March 5, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims for compensation of innocent victims of crimes occurring in West Virginia to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

COMPENSATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

§1. Finding and declaring certain crime victims claims for compensation to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.

The Legislature has duly considered the findings of 1 2 fact and recommendations for awards reported to it by 3 the court of claims in respect to the following named claimants who were innocent victims of crime within 4 this state and entitled to compensation; and in respect 5 to each of such named claimants the Legislature adopts 6 7 those findings of fact as its own, hereby declares it to be the moral obligation of the state to pay each such 8 9 claimant in the amount specified below, and directs the 10 auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof out of any fund appropriated and available for the purpose. 11

12 Claims for crime victims compensation awards:

13	(TO BE PAID FROM CRIME VICTIMS COMPENSATION	FUND)
14	(1) Angalich, Nancy A\$	5,000.00
15 16	(2) Angalich, Nancy A., as guardian of David Angalich\$	5,000.00

Ch. 46]

CLAIMS

17	(3)	Argabright, Charles C	.\$	15,000.00
18		Butler, John, as guardian of		
19	. ,	Robert Chester Tice	.\$	5,000.00
20	(5)	Cazad, Charles R.		
21		Ellis, Lenora H., as guardian of	•	,
22		Amanda Walls	.\$	5,000.00
23	(7)	Ellis, Lenora H., as guardian of		-,
24		Cassandra Walls	.\$	5.000.00
25	(8)	Escue, Wilson L.	•	,
26		Freeland, Joann C.		
27		Fulmer, Rebecca A.		
28		Galati, Wilma		
29		McCauley, Oma L.		
30		Oldham, Frances M., as guardian of	•	
31	. ,	Jeremy S. Parsons	.\$	5,000.00
32	(14)	Price, Gary E., and Janet D., guardians		·
33	. ,	of James and Jeremiah Marshall		20,000.00
34	(15)	Rakes, Judy M., guardian of	•	-
35	. ,	Tammy Jean Browning	.\$	5,000.00
36	(16)	Riggall, Elizabeth M.	\$	5,000.00
37		Shawver, William G.		
38		Wiliams, Edward P.		
39	(19)	Riffle, Barbara L.	.\$	2,500.00
40	. ,	TOTAL		
			•	-

The Legislature finds that the above moral obligations and the appropriations made in satisfaction thereof shall

43 be the full compensation for all claimants herein.

CHAPTER 46

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4459-By Delegates Seacrist and Minard)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

Finding and declaring certain claims against the **§1**. adjutant general; alcohol beverage control commissioner: board of education: attorney general: board of directors of the state college system; board of trustees of the University of West Virginia: department of agriculture: department of corrections: department of education; department of energy; department of finance and administration: department of health: department of health-office of the chief medical examiner: department of highways; department of human services: department of labor: department of motor vehicles: department of natural resources; department of public safety: division of forestry; education and state employees grievance board; human rights commission; nonintoxicating beer commission; public employees insurance agency; public service commission; secretary of state; state athletic commission; state fire marshal: state tax department: state treasurer: supreme court of appeals; and workers' compensation fund, to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof; and finding and declaring a claim against the state for unjust arrest and imprisonment to be a moral obligation of the state and directing payment thereof.

1 The Legislature has considered the findings of fact 2 and recommendations reported to it by the court of 3 claims concerning various claims against the state and agencies thereof, and in respect to each of the following 4 5 claims the Legislature adopts those findings of fact as its own, and in respect of certain claims herein, the 6 7 Legislature has independently made findings of fact and determinations of award and hereby declares it to be the 8 9 moral obligation of the state to pay each such claim in the amount specified below, and directs the auditor to 10 issue warrants for the payment thereof out of any fund 11 12 appropriated and available for the purpose.

Ch. 4	16] Claims	495
13 14	(a) Claim against the Adjutant General:	
15	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND))
16	(1) AT&T Communications, Inc \$	52.45
17 18	(b) Claims against the Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner:	
19	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)	
20 21 22 23 24 25	 AT&T Communications, Inc \$ J. David Cecil\$ John D. Jones and Carroll G. Jones, d/b/a Farmington Garbage Disposal Co\$ 	223.56 773.25 50.00
26 27	(c) Claims against the Board of Education:	
28	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND))
29 30 31	 (1) The Board of Education of the County of McDowell et al\$ 2,30 	05,816.60
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	Provided, That \$461,163.32 shall be paid du time period beginning the first day of July, one nine hundred ninety, and ending the last day one thousand nine hundred ninety-one; that \$4 shall be paid during the time period beginning day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety ending the last day of June, one thousand nine ninety-two; that \$461,163.32 shall be paid du time period beginning the first day of July, one nine hundred ninety-two, and ending the last June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-th \$461,163.32 shall be paid during the time beginning the first day of July, one thous hundred ninety-three, and ending the last day one thousand nine hundred ninety-four; that \$4 shall be paid during the time period beginning day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety- ending the last day of June, one thousand nine ninety-five: Provided, however, That the	thousand of June, 61,163.32 the first -one, and hundred uring the thousand st day of ree; that e period and nine of June, 61,163.32 g the first -four, and e hundred

,

CLAIMS

51 Education of the County of McDowell shall be paid the 52 full amount provided for in this act no later than the 53 last day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five.

54 55

(2) Board of Education of the County of Grant.....\$ 672,098.10

56 *Provided*, That \$336,049.05 shall be paid during the time period beginning the first day of July, one thousand 57 58 nine hundred ninety, and ending the last day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety one and that 59 \$336,049.05 shall be paid during the time period 60 beginning the first day of July one thousand nine 61 hundred ninety-one, and ending the last day of June one 62 63 thousand nine hundred ninety-two: Provided, however, 64 That the Board of Education of the County of Grant shall be paid the full amount provided for in this act 65 66 no later than the last day of June one thousand nine 67 hundred ninety-two.

68 69

(3) Board of Education of the County of Ritchie.....\$ 396.636.00

70 *Provided.* That \$198.318.00 shall be paid during the 71 time period beginning the first day of July one thousand 72nine hundred ninety, and ending the last day of June 73 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one and that 74 \$198,318.00 shall be paid during the time period 75 beginning the first day of July one thousand nine 76 hundred ninety-one, and ending the last day of June one thousand nine hundred ninety-two: Provided, however, 77 That the Board of Education of the County of Ritchie 78 shall be paid the full amount provided for in this act 79 no later than the last day of June one thousand nine 80 81 hundred ninety-two.

- 82 (d) Claims against the
- 83 Attorney General:

84		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	JND)
85	(1)	AT&T Companies\$	928.76
86	(2)	AT&T Communications, Inc \$	1,374.81
87	(3)	The Chesapeake and	
88		Potomac Telephone	
89		Company of West Virginia \$	2,486.03

Ch. 4	6] Claims	497
90 91 92 93	 (4) Dowdy Brothers, d/b/a Travel Host Inn\$ (5) West Publishing Company\$ (e) Claims against the Board of 	30.46 4,322.09
94 95	Directors of the State College System:	
96	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN)	D)
97	from Acct. No. 8623-11	
98	(1) James Whitlash\$	27.56
99	from Acct. No. 8855	
$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 101 \end{array}$	(2) Wiseman Construction Co., Inc\$	74,452.20
102 103 104	(f) Claim against the Board of Trustees of the University of West Virginia:	
105	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN	D)
106	from Acct. No. 8610-31	
107	(1) Kenneth Paul Pennington\$	540.85
108 109	(g) Claim against the Department of Agriculture:	
110	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	D)
111	(1) Jean F. Smith\$	936.00
$\frac{112}{113}$	(h) Claims against the Department of Corrections:	
114	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	(D)
$\frac{115}{116}$	(1) American White Goods/Mid American Bank & Trust\$	514.85
117 118 119 120	 (2) Braxton County Memorial Hospital\$ (3) The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company of 	524.75
121	West Virginia\$	1,563.15
$\frac{122}{123}$	(4) Hervis Leasing\$(5) John Marshall Independent	1,505.06
124	Laboratory\$	35.00

•

498		Claims	[Ch. 46
125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133	(6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13)	Kanawha County Commission \$ Lewisburg Cash Register, Inc \$ Potomac Valley Hospital \$ Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority \$ Reynolds Memorial Hospital \$ United Air Lines, Inc \$ Wheeling Hospital, Inc \$ Youth Services System \$	$\begin{array}{r} 48,870.89\\ 296.58\\ 1,589.18\\ 42,189.96\\ 3,391.75\\ 104.00\\ 86.00\\ 53.50\end{array}$
134 135		ns against the epartment of Education:	
136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN Richard G. Diefenbaugh\$ National Association of State Boards of Education\$ Jacqueline M. Senseney\$ Lynda Springston\$ Deborah D. Thomas\$ Deborah D. Thomas\$ Henry A. Thomas\$ Tichenor Reporting Service\$ Susan C. Veltri\$ West Virginia Press Services, Inc\$ n against the epartment of Energy:	ND) 271.60 7,000.00 235.00 666.87 235.00 235.00 391.00 235.00 1,372.00
150 151 152 153	(1)	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN Cole Business Furniture, a Division of Joyce International, Inc\$	D) 465.00
154 155	• •	ms against the Department Finance and Administration:	
156 157 158 159	(1) (2)	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN Phyllis Jeanne Eastwood\$ The Evening/Weekend Journal\$	100.00 16.61
160 161 162	(3) (4)	The Fayette Tribune\$ Multigraphics, a Division of A.M. International, Inc \$	41.35 2,845.00

Ch. 46]		Claims	499
163 164	(5)	West Virginia Newspaper Publishing Co., Inc \$	57.94
$\begin{array}{c} 165 \\ 166 \end{array}$		ms against the epartment of Health:	
167		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	ND)
168 169 170 171 172	(1) (2) (3)	American Mobilphone, Inc\$ Cabell Huntington Hospital\$ The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company of	80.00 423.60
$\frac{173}{174}$	(4)	West Virginia\$ Hamilton Business	801.29
$174 \\ 175 \\ 176$	(4) (5)	Systems, Inc	88.27
177 178 179	(6)	Health Services, Inc \$ Radiology, Inc \$ Summit Center for Human	8,657.00 31.20
179 180 181 182	(7) (8) (9)	Development, Inc\$ Carter Thompson\$ W. J. Clark Septic	32,855.00 20.00
183 184	(10)	Tank Service, Inc\$ Xerox Corporation\$	910.00 2,113.67
185 186 187	of	ims against the Department Health—Office of the hief Medical Examiner:	
188		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	ND)
189 190 191	(1) (2) (3)	John J. Keefe, M.D \$ Joseph E. Schreiber, D.O \$ Reynaldo B. Vista, M.D \$	50.00 250.00 100.00
192 193		ms against the epartment of Highways:	
194		(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND)	
195 196 197 198 199	 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) 	Frances Barker	65.63 545.71 750.00 150,000.00 15,000.00

500		CLAIMS	[Ch. 46
200	(6)	Benjamin F. Clansy and	
201	(0)	Bula D. Clansy\$	1,256.10
202	(7)	Sherlock Dean and	1,200.10
203	(.)	Evelyn Dean\$	5,364.00
204	(8)	Patricia L. Efaw\$	80.83
205	(9)	Virginia Ellison Foss\$	10,542.60
206	(10)	James M. Hunt and	,
207	()	Gale S. Hunt \$	53.00
208	(11)	Joni Carol Koenig\$	7,000.00
209	(12)	Karl E. Koenig\$	3,000.00
210	(13)	David L. Mallory\$	646.81
211	(14)	Virginia L. Margolis\$	3,500.00
212	(15)	Nationwide Mutual	
213		Insurance Company\$	215.00
214	(16)	Margaret L. Prager\$	88.73
215	(17)	Marvin L. Rush and Katherine	
216		Josephine Rush\$	1,500.00
217	(18)	Tri-State Asphalt	
218		Corporation \$	117,395.22
219	(19)	Vecellio & Grogan, Inc\$	3,214,006.75
220	(20)	Sarah J. Winchester\$	650.00
221	(o) Clai	ms against the Department	
222	of Human Services:		
223		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE F	UND)
224	(1)	Altmeyer Funeral	
225		Homes, Inc \$	2,000.00
226	(2)	Armstrong Funeral	
227		Home, Inc \$	400.00
228	(3)	Bartlett Funeral Home\$	400.00
229	(4)	Beard Mortuary\$	400.00
230	(5)	Bennett Widener	400.00
231	$\langle \alpha \rangle$	Funeral Home\$	400.00
232	(6)	Blue Ridge Funeral Home \$	650.00
233	(7)	Brown Funeral Home\$	325.00
234	(8)	Broyles-McGuire	400.00
235	(0)	Funeral Home\$ Carl Wilson Funeral Home\$	
236 237	(9) (10)	Carpenter & Ford, Inc\$	$1,450.00 \\ 400.00$
237	(10) (11)	Casto Funeral Home	400.00
230	(11) (12)	Chafin Funeral Home\$	1,200.00
239 240	(12) (13)	Chapman Funeral Home, Inc \$	400.00
240	(13)	Unapinan r unerai mune, mu ø	-100.00

Ch. 46]		CLAIMS	501
241	(14)	Chapman's Mortuary, Inc \$	1,450.00
242	(15)	Cravens-Shires Funeral	
243		Homes, Inc \$	325.00
244	(16)	Crow-Hussell Funeral	
245		Home, Inc\$	325.00
246	(17)	Cunningham-Parker-Johnson	
247		Funeral Home\$	1,525.00
248	(18)	Davis Funeral Home, Inc\$	800.00
249	(19)	Davis-Weaver Funeral	
250		Home, Inc \$	255.00
251	(20)	Dent Funeral Home, Inc\$	400.00
252	(21)	Dodd & Reed Funeral	
253		Home, Inc\$	800.00
254	(22)	Dodd-Payne-Hess	
255		Funeral Home\$	400.00
256	(23)	Dorsey Funeral Home, Inc\$	1,050.00
257	(24)	The Douglas Mortuary\$	725.00
258	(25)	Eckels Funeral Home\$	1,200.00
259	(26)	Elk Funeral Home\$	800.00
260	(27)	Evans Funeral Home	
261		(Oceana, WV)\$	400.00
262	(28)	Evans Funeral Home	
263		(Chapmanville, WV)\$	800.00
264	(29)	F. E. Runner Funeral Home \$	1,850.00
265	(30)	Fanning Funeral Home, Inc \$	400.00
266	(31)	Franklin Funeral Chapel\$	400.00
267	(32)	Fred L. Jenkins	005 00
268	(0.0)	Funeral Home\$	325.00
269	(33)	Frey Home for Funerals\$	325.00
270	(34)	Furbee Funeral Home\$	400.00
271	(35)	Greathouse Funeral Home\$	400.00
272	(36)	Greco-Bartolo Funeral Home \$	400.00
273	(37)	Greco-Hertnick Funeral Home \$	400.00
274	(38)	Greenlief-Combs	650.00
275	(00)	Funeral Home\$	650.00
276	(39)	Grisell Funeral Home\$	400.00
277	(40)	Hafer Funeral Home\$	400.00
278	(41)	Henson Mortuary\$	400.00
279	(42)	Honaker Funeral Home\$ Hundley Funeral Home, Inc\$	400.00 181.00
280	(43)	J. E. Johnson Funeral	101.00
281	(44)	Home, Inc\$	400.00
282		ποιπε, πιςφ	400.00

502		CLAIMS	[Ch. 46
283	(45)	James Funeral Home	
284	(10)	(Logan, WV)\$	400.00
285	(46)	James Funeral Home	100.00
286	(40)	(Follansbee, WV)\$	400.00
280 287	(47)	Jefferson Chapel	400.00
288	(41)	Funeral Home\$	800.00
289	(48)	Kepner Funeral Home\$	400.00
290	(49)	Kiger-Williams Funeral	100100
291	(10)	Home, Inc\$	400.00
292	(50)	Kincaid-Mann Mortuary\$	400.00
293	(51)	Kogelschatz Funeral Home \$	400.00
294	(52)	Koontz Funeral Home\$	400.00
295	(53)	Leavitt Funeral Home\$	1,555.00
296	(54)	Leonard Johnson Funeral	_,
297	(01)	Home, Inc\$	800.00
298	(55)	Long & Fisher Funeral	00000
299	(00)	Homes, Inc \$	400.00
300	(56)	Masters Funeral Home\$	1,200.00
301	(57)	McGlumphy Mortuary, Inc \$	400.00
302	(58)	Melton Mortuary, Inc\$	325.00
303	(59)	Melvin T. Strider Co., Inc \$	1,020.00
304	(60)	Memorial Funeral	_,
305	(00)	Directory, Inc \$	400.00
306	(61)	Morris Funeral Home, Inc\$	400.00
307	(62)	Mounts Funeral Home, Inc \$	400.00
308	(63)	O'Dell Funeral Home\$	400.00
309	(64)	Parsons Funeral Home\$	400.00
310	(65)	Pryor Funeral Home\$	400.00
311	(66)	Raiguel Funeral Home\$	400.00
312	(67)	Reger Funeral Home, Inc \$	310.00
313	(68)	Ronald Meadows	
314		Funeral Parlors\$	400.00
315	(69)	Rose & Quesenberry	
316	. ,	Funeral Home\$	650.00
317	(70)	Ruttencutter Funeral	
318		Home, Inc \$	400.00
319	(71)	Schaeffer Funeral Home\$	400.00
320	(72)	Shaffer Funeral Home, Inc \$	400.00
321	(73)	Shanklin Funeral Home, Inc\$	400.00
322	(74)	Simons-Coleman	
323		Funeral Home\$	400.00
324	(75)	Sinnett Funeral Home\$	400.00

Ch. 46]		Claims	503
325 326	Ì	ens & Grass Funeral Home\$	400.00
327 328 329	Ì	kert-Gibson Funeral Home\$ kersley Funeral	400.00
330 331	(79) Tayl	Home, Inc\$ lor Funeral Home\$	400.00 800.00
332 333	(81) Van	ee Funeral Home, Inc\$ Reenen Funeral Home\$	400.00 650.00
334 335 226	(83) Wild	ers Funeral Chapel\$ coxen Funeral Home\$	800.00 400.00
336 337	Ì	iam McCulla Funeral Home\$	725.00
338 (339	p) Claim ag Depar	ainst the •tment of Labor:	
340	(TO B	E PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	1D)
341	(1) Chap	man Printing Company\$	469.80
342 (343		gainst the Department tor Vehicles:	
344	(°	TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND)	
345 346 347 348 349 350	(2) Rita (3) Jam	erican Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators\$ Brock\$ es Stephen Dent\$ Compton, Inc\$	63,270.64 28.46 45.00 12,377.24
351 (352		gainst the Department tural Resources:	
353	(TO I	3E PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUR	ND)
354		from Acct. No. 8300-23	
355 356 357 358	(2) Moo	V. Painter, Inc., d/b/a Kentucky Fried Chicken\$ ore Business Forms & Systems Division\$	7,590.00 4,212.92
359 (360	s) Claims ag Depa	gainst the rtment of Public Safety:	

504	CLAIMS	[Ch. 46
361	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	D)
361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373	 (TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN (1) Associated Physical Therapists, Inc\$ (2) Associated Radiologists, Inc\$ (3) Harold L. Casto, D.C\$ (4) Davis Memorial Hospital\$ (5) Richard G. Gay\$ (6) Stephen Charles King\$ (7) Joseph F. Kyer\$ (8) Fred L. Morgan\$ (9) Orthopaedic Associates, Inc\$ (10) Philip G. Pollice, M.D\$ (11) Radiology, Inc\$ 	D) 381.00 46.50 320.00 72.00 1,000.00 28.90 120.00 180.27 852.00 760.00 7.56
374	(12) Roentgen Diagnostics, Inc \$	27.00
375 376 377	 (13) Martha Wolfe\$ (t) Claim against the Division of Forestry: 	395.00
378	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	D)
379	(1) Xerox Corporation\$	239.11
380 381 382 383	(u) Claim against the Education and State Employees Grievance Board: (TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	D)
384	(1) AT&T Communications, Inc \$	24.06
385 386	(v) Claims against the Human Rights Commission:	
387	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	D)
388 389 390 391 392 393	 Theodore R. Dues	46,600.00 190.00 200.00 5.00
394 395	(5) Phyllis Haynes Edens CCR, Inc \$	178.50
396 397	(w) Claims against the Nonintoxicating Beer Commission:	

Ch. 4	6]	Claims	505
398		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)	
399 400	(1) (2)	Harry G. Camper, Jr \$ Billy Williams \$	639.00 70.54
401 402	• •	ms against the Public Employees Insurance Agency:	
403		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)	
404 405	(1)	Eastern Panhandle Transit Authority\$	1,344.00
406 407		ms against the Public Service Commission:	
408		(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)	
409 410 411	(1) (2) (3)	AT&T Communications, Inc \$ Cole Office Environments \$ Hamilton Business	152.30 813.00
412 413 414	(4)	Systems, Inc	334.56
414 415			3,775.52
416 417	• •	m against the Secretary of State:	
418		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)	
419	(1)	The Monroe Watchman, Inc\$	90.00
420 421	• •	tims against the State the the the the the the the the the t	
422		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)	
423	(1)	Robert V. Lowery\$	141.42
424 425		aim against the State Fire Marshal:	
426		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
427	(1)	Arnold Corporation\$	92.18
428 429		vims against the State Tax Department:	
430		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)

•

506	CLAIMS [Ch. 46
431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438	 Bell Atlanticom Systems, Inc\$ 6,240.00 Capitol Business Interiors\$ 842.86 Gallatin National Bank\$ 27.50 Betty G. Linger, R. Thomas and R. B. Tracey, as Tenants in Common, d/b/a Morrison Building\$ 11,287.83 Standard Register Company\$ 465.00
439 440	(dd) Claims against the State Treasurer:
441	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
442 443 444 445	 The Michie Company\$ 355.99 The Monroe Watchman\$ 17.50 Multigraphics, a Division of A. M. International, Inc\$ 255.06
446 447	(ee) Claims against the Supreme Court of Appeals:
448	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
449 450	(1) Hamilton Business Systems\$ 539.27 (2) C. Reeves Taylor\$ 3,189.75
451 452	(ff) Claim against the Workers' Compensation Fund:
453	(TO BE PAID FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND)
454	(1) G. Nicholas Casey\$ 7,611.04
455	(gg) Claim against the State of West Virginia:
456	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
457	(1) Harry Lee Clayton\$ 35,000.00
458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465	The Legislature finds that the above moral obligations and the appropriations made in satisfaction thereof shall be the full compensation for all claimants, and that prior to the payments to any claimant provided for in this bill, the court of claims shall receive a release from said claimant releasing any and all claims for moral obligations arising from the matters considered by the Legislature in the finding of the moral obligations and

.

Ch. 47] CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION

466 the making of the appropriations for said claimant. The court of claims shall deliver all releases obtained from 467 claimants to the department against which the claim 468

469 was allowed.



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4066-By Delegates Phillips and Rutledge)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one hundred two. article one, chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend article two of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section one hundred thirty-nine, all relating to providing a mechanism by which persons may recover damages from and unsolicited commercial telefacsimile prohibit transmissions: notice to initiator of transmission: and defining "facsimile device" and "commercial facsimile transmission."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one hundred two, article one, chapter forty-sixa of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that article two of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one hundred thirty-nine, all to read as follows:

Article

- 1. Short Title, Definitions and General Provisions.
- **Consumer Credit Protection.** 2

ARTICLE 1. SHORT TITLE. DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS. N

§46A-1-102. General definitions.

- In addition to definitions appearing in subsequent 1 articles, in this chapter: (1) "Actuarial method" means 2
- the method, defined by rules adopted by the commis-
- 3
- sioner, of allocating payments made on a debt between 4

[Ch. 47

5 principal or amount financed and loan finance charge 6 or sales finance charge pursuant to which a payment is 7 applied first to the accumulated loan finance charge or 8 sales finance charge and the balance is applied to the 9 unpaid principal or unpaid amount financed.

10 (2) "Agreement" means the bargain of the parties in 11 fact as found in their language or by implication from 12 other circumstances including course of dealing or 13 usage of trade or course of performance. A "consumer 14 credit agreement" is an agreement where credit is 15 granted.

(3) "Agricultural purpose" means a purpose related to 16 the production, harvest, exhibition, marketing, trans-17 portation, processing or manufacture of agricultural 18 products by a natural person who cultivates, plants, 19 propagates or nurtures the agricultural products. 20 "Agricultural products" includes agricultural, horticul-21 22 tural, viticultural and dairy products, livestock, wildlife, 23 poultry, bees, forest products, fish and shellfish, and any 24 products thereof, including processed and manufactured 25products, and any and all products raised or produced 26 on farms and any processed or manufactured products 27 thereof.

(4) "Amount financed" means the total of the follow-ing items to the extent that payment is deferred:

30 (a) The cash price of the goods, services or interest in
31 land, less the amount of any down payment whether
32 made in cash or in property traded in;

(b) The amount actually paid or to be paid by the
seller pursuant to an agreement with the buyer to
discharge a security interest in or a lien on property
traded in; and

37 (c) If not included in the cash price:

38 (i) Any applicable sales, use, privilege, excise or
 39 documentary stamp taxes;

40 (ii) Amounts actually paid or to be paid by the seller 41 for registration, certificate of title or license fees; and

42 (iii) Additional charges permitted by this chapter.

(5) "Average daily balance" in a billing cycle for 43 which a sales finance charge or loan finance charge is 44 made is the sum of the amount unpaid each day during 45 that cycle divided by the number of days in that cycle. 46 47 The amount unpaid on a day is determined by adding to the balance, if any, unpaid as of the beginning of that 48 day all purchases and other debits and deducting all 49 50payments and other credits made or received as of that 51 day.

52 (6) The "cash price" of goods, services or an interest 53 in land means the price at which the goods, services or interest in land are offered for sale by the seller to cash 54 buyers in the ordinary course of business, and may 55 include (a) applicable sales, use, privilege, and excise 56 and documentary stamp taxes, (b) the cash price of 57 58 accessories or related services such as delivery, instal-59 lation, servicing, repairs, alterations and improvements, 60 and (c) amounts actually paid or to be paid by the seller 61 for registration, certificate of title, or license fees.

62 (7) "Closing costs" with respect to a debt secured by 63 an interest in land include:

64 (a) Fees or premiums for title examination, title 65 insurance or similar purposes including surveys;

(b) Fees for preparation of a deed, deed of trust,
mortgage, settlement statement or other documents;

68 (c) Escrows for future payments of taxes and 69 insurance;

70 (d) Official fees and fees for notarizing deeds and 71 other documents;

- 72 (e) Appraisal fees; and
- 73 (f) Credit reports.

(8) "Code" means the official code of West Virginia,one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.

(9) "Commercial facsimile transmission" means the
electronic or telephonic transmission in the state to a
facsimile device to encourage a person to purchase
goods, realty or services.

80 (10) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of81 banking of West Virginia.

(11) "Conspicuous": A term or clause is conspicuous
when it is so written that a reasonable person against
whom it is to operate ought to have noticed it. Whether
a term or clause is conspicuous or not is for decision by
the court.

87 (12) "Consumer" means a natural person who incurs
88 debt pursuant to a consumer credit sale or a consumer
89 loan.

90 (13) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), "consu91 mer credit sale" is a sale of goods, services or an interest
92 in land in which:

93 (i) Credit is granted either by a seller who regularly
94 engages as a seller in credit transactions of the same
95 kind or pursuant to a seller credit card;

96 (ii) The buyer is a person other than an organization;

97 (iii) The goods, services or interest in land are
98 purchased primarily for a personal, family, household or
99 agricultural purpose;

(iv) Either the debt is payable in installments or asales finance charge is made; and

(v) With respect to a sale of goods or services, the
amount financed does not exceed twenty-five thousand
dollars.

(b) "Consumer credit sale" does not include a sale in
which the seller allows the buyer to purchase goods or
services pursuant to a lender credit card or similar
arrangement.

109 (14) (a) "Consumer lease" means a lease of goods:

(i) Which a lessor regularly engaged in the business
of leasing makes to a person, other than an organization,
who takes under the lease primarily for a personal,
family, household or agricultural purpose;

(ii) In which the amount payable under the lease doesnot exceed twenty-five thousand dollars; and

116 (iii) Which is for a term exceeding four months.

(b) "Consumer lease" does not include a lease made
pursuant to a lender credit card or similar
arrangement.

(15) "Consumer loan" is a loan made by a person
regularly engaged in the business of making loans in
which:

123 (a) The debtor is a person other than an organization;

(b) The debt is incurred primarily for a personal,family, household or agricultural purpose;

(c) Either the debt is payable in installments or a loanfinance charge is made; and

(d) Either the principal does not exceed twenty-five
thousand dollars or the debt is secured by an interest
in land.

(16) "Cosigner" means a natural person who assumes 131 132liability for the obligation on a consumer credit sale or 133 consumer loan without receiving goods, services or 134 money in return for the obligation or, in the case of a 135 revolving charge account or revolving loan account of a consumer, without receiving the contractual right to 136 137 obtain extensions of credit under the account. The term 138 cosigner includes any person whose signature is re-139 quested as a condition to granting credit to a consumer 140 or as a condition for forbearance on collection of a 141 consumer's obligation that is in default. The term 142 cosigner does not include a spouse whose signature is 143 required to perfect a security interest. A person who meets the definition in this paragraph is a "cosigner" 144 whether or not the person is designated as such on the 145 146 credit obligation.

147 (17) "Credit" means the privilege granted by a
148 creditor to a debtor to defer payment of debt or to incur
149 debt and defer its payment.

(18) "Earnings" means compensation paid or payable
to an individual or for his account for personal services
rendered or to be rendered by him, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus or otherwise,

and includes periodic payments pursuant to a pension,retirement or disability program.

(19) "Facsimile device" means a machine that receives
and copies reproductions or facsimiles of documents or
photographs that have been transmitted electronically
or telephonically over telecommunications lines.

(20) "Federal Consumer Credit Protection Act" means
the "Consumer Credit Protection Act" (Public Law 90321; 82 Stat. 146), as amended, and includes regulations
issued pursuant to that act.

164 (21) "Goods" includes goods not in existence at the 165 time the transaction is entered into and gift and 166 merchandise certificates, but excludes money, chattel 167 paper, documents of title and instruments.

168 (22) "Home solicitation sale" means a consumer credit 169 sale in excess of twenty-five dollars in which the buyer 170 receives a solicitation of the sale at a place other than 171 the seller's business establishment at a fixed location and the buyer's agreement or offer to purchase is there 172 173 given to the seller or a person acting for the seller. The 174 term does not include a sale made pursuant to a 175 preexisting open-end credit account with the seller in 176 existence for at least three months prior to the transac-177 tion, a sale made pursuant to prior negotiations between 178 the parties at the seller's business establishment at a 179 fixed location, a sale of motor vehicles, mobile homes or farm equipment or a sale which may be rescinded under 180 181 the Federal Truth in Lending Act (being Title I of the 182 Federal Consumer Credit Protection Act). A sale which 183 would be a home solicitation sale if credit were extended 184 by the seller is a home solicitation sale although the 185 goods or services are paid for in whole or in part by a 186 consumer loan in which the creditor is subject to claims 187 and defenses arising from the sale.

188 (23) Except as otherwise provided, "lender" includes
189 an assignee of the lender's right to payment but use of
190 the term does not in itself impose on an assignee any
191 obligation of the lender.

192 (24) "Lender credit card or similar arrangement"

193 means an arrangement or loan agreement, other than 194 a seller credit card, pursuant to which a lender gives 195 a debtor the privilege of using a credit card, letter of 196 credit, or other credit confirmation or identification in 197 transactions out of which debt arises:

(a) By the lender's honoring a draft or similar order
for the payment of money drawn or accepted by the
consumer;

(b) By the lender's payment or agreement to pay theconsumer's obligations; or

203 (c) By the lender's purchase from the obligee of the204 consumer's obligations.

205 (25) "Loan" includes:

(a) The creation of debt by the lender's payment of or
agreement to pay money to the consumer or to a third
party for the account of the consumer other than debts
created pursuant to a seller credit card;

(b) The creation of debt by a credit to an account with
the lender upon which the consumer is entitled to draw
immediately;

(c) The creation of debt pursuant to a lender creditcard or similar arrangement; and

215 (d) The forbearance of debt arising from a loan.

(26) (a) "Loan finance charge" means the sum of (i) all 216 217 charges payable directly or indirectly by the debtor and 218 imposed directly or indirectly by the lender as an 219 incident to the extension of credit, including any of the following types of charges which are applicable: Interest 220 221 or any amount payable under a point, discount, or other 222 system of charges, however denominated, premium or 223 other charge for any guarantee or insurance protecting 224 the lender against the consumer's default or other credit 225 loss; and (ii) charges incurred for investigating the 226 collateral or credit worthiness of the consumer or for 227 commissions or brokerage for obtaining the credit, 228 irrespective of the person to whom the charges are paid 229 or payable, unless the lender had no notice of the charges when the loan was made. The term does not 230

É

include charges as a result of default, additionalcharges, delinquency charges or deferral charges.

(b) If a lender makes a loan to a consumer by
purchasing or satisfying obligations of the consumer
pursuant to a lender credit card or similar arrangement, and the purchase or satisfaction is made at less
than the face amount of the obligation, the discount is
not part of the loan finance charge.

(27) "Merchandise certificate" or "gift certificate"
means a writing issued by a seller or issuer of a seller
credit card, not redeemable in cash and usable in its
face amount in lieu of cash in exchange for goods or
services.

244 (28) "Official fees" means:

(a) Fees and charges prescribed by law which actually are or will be paid to public officials for determining the existence of or for perfecting, releasing,
terminating or satisfying a security interest related to
a consumer credit sale or consumer loan; or

(b) Premiums payable for insurance or fees escrowed in a special account for the purpose of funding selfinsurance or its equivalent in lieu of perfecting a security interest otherwise required by the creditor in connection with the sale, lease or loan, if such premium or fee does not exceed the fees and charges described in paragraph (a) which would otherwise be payable.

(29) "Organization" means a corporation, government
or governmental subdivision or agency, trust, estate,
partnership, cooperative or association.

260 (30) "Payable in installments" means that payment is 261 required or permitted by agreement to be made in (a) 262 two or more periodic payments, excluding a down 263 payment, with respect to a debt arising from a consumer 264 credit sale pursuant to which a sales finance charge is 265made, (b) four or more periodic payments, excluding a 266 down payment, with respect to a debt arising from a 267 consumer credit sale pursuant to which no sales finance 268 charge is made, or (c) two or more periodic payments with respect to a debt arising from a consumer loan. If 269

any periodic payment other than the down payment
under an agreement requiring or permitting two or
more periodic payments is more than twice the amount
of any other periodic payment, excluding the down
payment, the consumer credit sale or consumer loan is
"payable in installments."

(31) "Person" or "party" includes a natural person oran individual, and an organization.

278(32) "Person related to" with respect to an individual 279 means (a) the spouse of the individual. (b) a brother. 280brother-in-law, sister or sister-in-law of the individual, (c) an ancestor or lineal descendant of the individual or 281 282 his spouse, and (d) any other relative, by blood or 283marriage, of the individual or his spouse who shares the 284same home with the individual. "Person related to" with 285respect to an organization means (a) a person directly 286 or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common 287 control with the organization. (b) an officer or director 288 of the organization or a person performing similar 289 functions with respect to the organization or to a person 290related to the organization, (c) the spouse of a person related to the organization, and (d) a relative by blood 291 292or marriage of a person related to the organization who 293 shares the same home with him.

(33) "Precomputed loan." A loan, refinancing or
consolidation is "precomputed" if the debt is expressed
as a sum comprising the principal and the amount of
the loan finance charge computed in advance.

(34) "Precomputed sale." A sale, refinancing or
consolidation is "precomputed" if the debt is expressed
as a sum comprising the amount financed and the
amount of the sales finance charge computed in
advance.

303 (35) "Presumed" or "presumption" means that the
304 trier of fact must find the existence of the fact presumed
305 unless and until evidence is introduced which would
306 support a finding of its nonexistence.

307 (36) "Principal" of a loan means the total of:

308 (a) The net amount paid to, receivable by or paid or309 payable for the account of the debtor;

(b) The amount of any discount excluded from theloan finance charge; and

312 (c) To the extent that payment is deferred:

(i) Amounts actually paid or to be paid by the lender
for registration, certificate of title, or license fees if not
included in (a); and

316 (ii) Additional charges permitted by this chapter.

317 (37) "Revolving charge account" means an agreement 318 between a seller and a buyer by which (a) the buyer may 319 purchase goods or services on credit or a seller credit 320 card, (b) the balances of amounts financed and the sales 321 finance and other appropriate charges are debited to an 322account. (c) a sales finance charge if made is not 323 precomputed but is computed periodically on the 324 balances of the account from time to time, and (d) there 325is the privilege of paying the balances in installments.

326 (38) "Revolving loan account" means an arrangement 327 between a lender and a consumer including, but not 328 limited to, a lender credit card or similar arrangement. 329 pursuant to which (a) the lender may permit the 330 consumer to obtain loans from time to time, (b) the unpaid balances of principal and the loan finance and 331 332 other appropriate charges are debited to an account, (c) 333 a loan finance charge if made is not precomputed but 334 is computed periodically on the outstanding unpaid 335 balances of the principal of the consumer's account from 336 time to time, and (d) there is the privilege of paying the 337 balances in installments.

338 (39) "Sale of goods" includes any agreement in the 339 form of a bailment or lease of goods if the bailee or 340 lessee agrees to pay as compensation for use a sum 341 substantially equivalent to or in excess of the aggregate 342 value of the goods involved and it is agreed that the 343 bailee or lessee will become, or for no other or a nominal 344 consideration has the option to become, the owner of the 345goods upon full compliance with his obligations under 346 the agreement.

(40) "Sale of an interest in land" includes a lease in
which the lessee has an option to purchase the interest
and all or a substantial part of the rental or other

Ch. 47] CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION

350 payments previously made by him are applied to the 351 purchase price.

(41) "Sale of services" means furnishing or agreeing
to furnish services and includes making arrangements
to have services furnished by another.

355 (42) "Sales finance charge" means the sum of (a) all 356 charges payable directly or indirectly by the buyer and 357 imposed directly or indirectly by the seller or issuer of 358 a seller credit card as an incident to the extension of 359 credit, including any of the following types of charges 360 which are applicable: Time-price differential, however 361 denominated, including service, carrying or other 362 charge, premium or other charge for any guarantee or 363 insurance protecting the seller against the buyer's 364 default or other credit loss, and (b) charges incurred for 365 investigating the collateral or credit worthiness of the 366 buyer or for commissions or brokerage for obtaining the 367 credit, irrespective of the person to whom the charges 368 are paid or payable; unless the seller had no notice of 369 the charges when the credit was granted. The term does not include charges as a result of default, additional 370 371 charges, delinquency charges or deferral charges. If the 372 seller or issuer of a seller credit card purchases or satisfies obligations of the consumer and the purchase 373 374 or satisfaction is made at less than the face amount of the obligation, the discount is not part of the sales 375376 finance charge.

(43) Except as otherwise provided, "seller" includes
an assignee of the seller's right to payment but use of
the term does not in itself impose on an assignee any
obligation of the seller.

381 (44) "Seller credit card" means an arrangement pursuant to which a person gives to a buyer or lessee 382 the privilege of using a credit card, letter of credit, or 383 other credit confirmation or identification primarily for 384 the purpose of purchasing or leasing goods or services 385 from that person, that person and any other person or 386 387 persons, a person related to that person, or others 388 licensed or franchised or permitted to do business under 389 his business name or trade name or designation or on 390 his behalf.

391 (45) "Services" includes (a) work, labor and other
392 personal services, (b) privileges with respect to transpor393 tation, use of vehicles, hotel and restaurant accommoda394 tions, education, entertainment, recreation, physical
395 culture, hospital accommodations, funerals, cemetery
396 accommodations, and the like, and (c) insurance.

(46) "Supervised financial organization" means a
person, other than a supervised lender or an insurance
company or other organization primarily engaged in an
insurance business:

401 (a) Organized, chartered or holding an authorization
402 certificate under the laws of this state or of the United
403 States which authorizes the person to make consumer
404 loans; and

405 (b) Subject to supervision and examination with
406 respect to such loans by an official or agency of this state
407 or of the United States.

408 (47) "Supervised lender" means a person authorized to 409 make or take assignments of supervised loans.

410 (48) "Supervised loan" means a consumer loan made 411 by other than a supervised financial organization, 412 including a loan made pursuant to a revolving loan 413 account, where the principal does not exceed two 414 thousand dollars, and in which the rate of the loan 415 finance charge exceeds eight percent per year as 416 determined according to the actuarial method.

ARTICLE 2. CONSUMER CREDIT PROTECTION.

§46A-2-139. Unlawful commercial facsimile transmission; right of action for injunction, damages.

1 (a) No person or organization may initiate an unsol-2 icited commercial facsimile transmission from within 3 this state to another person or organization within this 4 state after the initiator has been given notice that the 5 recipient does not wish to receive such unsolicited 6 commercial facsimile transmissions.

7 (b) A recipient of an unsolicited commercial facsimile 8 transmission initiated in violation of subsection (a) of 9 this section may bring an action to recover actual

damages for any injury sustained by the receipt of 10 unsolicited commercial facsimile transmissions. In lieu 11 12 of actual damages, a minimum damage assessment of 13 three hundred dollars may be recovered for violations of this section. Punitive damages may be awarded for 14 the willful failure to cease initiating unsolicited 15commercial facsimile transmissions. Court costs and 16 17 reasonable attorney fees may be awarded for violations 18 of this section.

(c) A recipient of an unsolicited commercial facsimile
transmission initiated in violation of subsection (a) of
this section may bring an action to enjoin the initiator
from sending any further unsolicited commercial
facsimile transmissions to the recipient. Any court costs
or other costs incident to such action including reasonable attorney fees may be awarded.

(d) In any proceeding under this section, an unsolicited commercial facsimile transmission may be deemed
to have been committed either at the place of initiation
or at the place of receipt of such transmission.

(e) For purposes of this section, notice shall be
sufficient which conveys to the initiator of the unsolicited commercial transmission a desire on the part of
the recipient to receive no further unsolicited commercial facsimile transmissions and shall be served by
certified mail, return receipt requested, or by facsimile
transmission.



CHAPTER 48

(H. B. 4577-By Delegates Rowe and Shepherd)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one hundred two and one hundred three, article two, chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia Consumer Credit and Protection Act provisions rendering certain assignees and lenders subject to claims and

[Ch. 48

defenses; defining the extent of liability of such assignees and lenders; providing that certain limitations on such liability shall apply to claims or defenses founded in fraud arising on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety; and eliminating expired statutory language.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one hundred two and one hundred three, article two, chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. CONSUMER CREDIT PROTECTION.

§46A-2-102. Assignee subject to claims and defenses.
§46A-2-103. Lender subject to claims and defenses arising from sales.

§46A-2-102. Assignee subject to claims and defenses.

The following provisions shall be applicable to 1 instruments, contracts or other writings, other than 2 3 negotiable instruments, evidencing an obligation arising from a consumer credit sale or consumer lease, other 4 than a sale or lease primarily for an agricultural 5 purpose: (1) Notwithstanding any term or agreement to 6 the contrary or the provisions of article two, chapter 7 forty-six of this code or section two hundred six, article 8 9 nine of said chapter forty-six, an assignee of any such 10 instrument, contract or other writing shall take and hold such instrument, contract or other writing subject 11 to all claims and defenses of the buyer or lessee against 12 the seller or lessor arising from that specific consumer 13 credit sale or consumer lease of goods or services but 14 the total of all claims and defenses which may be 15 asserted against the assignee under this subsection or 16 subsection (3) or subsection (4) of this section shall not 17 18 exceed the amount owing to the assignee at the time of such assignment except (i) as to any claim or defense 19 founded in fraud: Provided, That as to any claim or 20 defense founded in fraud arising on or after the first day 21 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the total 22 sought shall not exceed the amount of the original 23 obligation under the instrument, contract or other 24

writing and (ii) for any excess charges and penalties
recoverable under section one hundred one, article five
of this chapter.

(2) For the purpose of determining the amount owing
to an assignee of any such instrument, contract or other
writing evidencing an obligation of a buyer or lessee
arising from a consumer credit sale or consumer lease:

(a) Payments received after the consolidation of two
or more consumer credit sales, other than pursuant to
a revolving charge account, are deemed to have been
first applied to the payment of the sales first made; if
the sales consolidated arose from sales made on the same
day, payments are deemed to have been first applied to
the smaller or smallest sale or sales;

(b) Payments received upon a revolving charge account are deemed to have been first applied to the payment of sales finance charges in the order of their entry to the account and then to the payment of debts in the order in which the entries of the debts are made to the account.

45 (3) A claim or defense which a buyer or lessee may assert against an assignee of such instrument, contract 46 47 or other writing under the provisions of this section may 48 be asserted only as a matter of defense to or setoff 49 against a claim by the assignee: Provided, That if a buyer or lessee shall have a claim or defense which could 50 be asserted under the provisions of this section as a 51matter of defense to or setoff against a claim by the 5253 assignee were such assignee to assert such claim against the buyer or lessee, then such buyer or lessee shall have 54 the right to institute and maintain an action or 55 proceeding seeking to obtain the cancellation, in whole 56 or in part, of the indebtedness evidenced by such 57 58 instrument, contract or other writing or the release, in whole or in part, of any lien upon real or personal 59 property securing the payment thereof: Provided, 60 however. That any claim or defense founded in fraud, 61 lack or failure of consideration or a violation of the 62 63 provisions of this chapter as specified in section one hundred one, article five of this chapter, may be 64

۶.

asserted by a buyer or lessee at any time, subject to theprovisions of this code relating to limitation of actions.

67 (4) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section, an68 assignee shall be subject to any claim or defense based69 upon lack or failure of consideration.

(5) Nothing contained in this section shall be
construed as affecting any buyer's or lessee's right of
action, claim or defense which is otherwise provided for
in this code or at common law.

(6) Nothing contained in this section shall be
construed in any manner as affecting any assignment of
any such instrument, contract or other writing, made
prior to the operative date of this chapter.

(7) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section, an
assignee shall not be subject to any claim or defense
arising from or growing out of personal injury or death
resulting therefrom or damage to property.

§46A-2-103. Lender subject to claims and defenses arising from sales.

1 (a) The following provisions shall be applicable to 2 claims and defenses of borrowers, arising from consu-3 mer sales, with respect to consumer loans:

4 A lender, other than the issuer of a lender credit card. 5 who, with respect to a particular transaction, makes a consumer loan for the purpose of enabling a borrower 6 to buy goods or services, other than primarily for an 7 agricultural purpose, is subject to all claims and 8 defenses of the borrower against the seller arising from 9 that specific sale of goods or services if the lender 10 11 participates in or is connected with the sales transaction. 12 A lender is considered to be connected with such sales transaction if: 13

(i) The lender and the seller have arranged for a
commission or brokerage or referral fee for the extension of credit by the lender;

(ii) The lender is a person related to the seller unless
the relationship is remote or is not a factor in the
transaction;

(iii) The seller guarantees the loan or otherwise
assumes the risk of loss by the lender upon the loan
other than a risk of loss arising solely from the seller's
failure to perfect a lien securing the loan;

(iv) The lender directly supplies the seller with
documents used by the borrower to evidence the
transaction or the seller directly supplies the lender
with documents used by the borrower to evidence the
transaction;

(v) The loan is conditioned upon the borrower's
purchase of the goods or services from the particular
seller, but the lender's payment of proceeds of the loan
to the seller does not in itself establish that the loan was
so conditioned;

34 (vi) The seller in such sale has specifically recom-35 mended such lender by name to the borrower and the 36 lender has made ten or more loans to borrowers within 37 a period of twelve months within which period the loan 38 in question was made, the proceeds of which other ten 39 or more loans were used in consumer credit sales with 40 the seller or a person related to the seller, if in 41 connection with such other ten or more loans, the seller also specifically recommended such lender by name to 42 43 the borrowers involved: or

,

(vii) The lender was the issuer of a credit card other
than a lender credit card which may be used by the
borrower in the sale transaction as a result of a prior
agreement between the issuer and the seller.

48 (b) The total of all claims and defenses which a 49 borrower is permitted to assert against a lender under the provisions of this section shall not exceed that 50 portion of the loan used for that sale, except (1) as to 51 52 any claim or defense founded in fraud: Provided. That 53 as to any claim or defense founded in fraud arising on 54 or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 55 ninety, the total sought shall not exceed the original 56 amount of the sale and (2) for any excess charges and penalties recoverable under section one hundred one. 57 58 article five of this chapter.

59 (c) An agreement may not limit or waive the claims 60 and defenses of a borrower under this section.

61 (d) "Lender credit card" as used in this section means 62 an arrangement or loan agreement, other than a seller 63 credit card, pursuant to which a lender gives a debtor 64 the privilege of using the credit card in transactions 65 which entitles the user thereof to purchase goods or 66 services from at least one hundred persons not related 67 to the issuer of the lender credit card, out of which debt 68 arises:

69 (1) By the lender's honoring a draft or similar order 70 for the payment of money drawn or accepted by the 71 consumer;

(2) By the lender's payment or agreement to pay theconsumer's obligation; or

(3) By the lender's purchase from the obligee of theconsumer's obligations.

76 (e) A claim or defense which a borrower may assert 77 against a lender under the provisions of this section may 78 be asserted only as a defense to or setoff against a claim by the lender: Provided, That if a borrower shall have 79 80 a claim or defense which could be asserted under the 81 provisions of this section as a matter of defense to or 82 setoff against a claim by the lender were such lender 83 to assert such claim against the borrower, then the 84 borrower shall have the right to institute and maintain 85 an action or proceeding seeking to obtain the cancellation, in whole or in part, of the indebtedness evidenced 86 87 by a negotiable instrument or other instrument or the 88 release, in whole or in part, of any lien upon real or 89 personal property securing the payment thereof: Pro-90 vided, however. That any claim or defense founded in 91 fraud, lack or failure of consideration or a violation of 92 the provisions of this chapter as specified in section one hundred one, article five of this chapter, may be 93 94 asserted by a borrower at any time, subject to the 95 provisions of this code relating to limitation of actions.

96 (f) Nothing contained in this section shall be
97 construed in any manner as affecting any loan made
98 prior to the operative date of this chapter.

Ch. 49] CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION

(g) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section, a
lender shall not be subject to any claim or defense
arising from or growing out of personal injury or death
resulting therefrom or damage to property.

(h) Nothing contained in this section shall be
construed as affecting any buyer's or lessee's right of
action, claim or defense which is otherwise provided for
in this code or at common law.



(H. B. 2537—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Sattes)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one hundred twentyeight, article two, chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to consumer credit protection; and increasing the recovery of attorney's fees and collection costs.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

2

That section one hundred twenty-eight, article two, chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. CONSUMER CREDIT PROTECTION.

§46A-2-128. Unfair or unconscionable means.

1 No debt collector shall use unfair or unconscionable 2 means to collect or attempt to collect any claim. Without 3 limiting the general application of the foregoing, the 4 following conduct is deemed to violate this section:

5 (a) The seeking or obtaining of any written statement 6 or acknowledgment in any form that specifies that a 7 consumer's obligation is one incurred for necessaries of 8 life where the original obligation was not in fact 9 incurred for such necessaries; 10 (b) The seeking or obtaining of any written statement 11 or acknowledgment in any form containing an affirma-12 tion of any obligation by a consumer who has been 13 declared bankrupt, without clearly disclosing the nature 14 and consequences of such affirmation and the fact that 15 the consumer is not legally obligated to make such 16 affirmation;

17 (c) The collection or the attempt to collect from the consumer all or any part of the debt collector's fee or 18 charge for services rendered: *Provided*. That attorney's 19 fees, court costs and other reasonable collection costs 20 and charges necessary for the collection of any amount 21 due upon delinquent educational loans made by any 22 institution of higher education within this state may be 23 24 recovered when the terms of the obligation so provide. 25Recovery of attorney's fees and collection costs may not 26 exceed thirty-three and one-third percent of the amount 27 due and owing to any such institution: Provided, 28 however. That nothing contained in this subsection shall 29 be construed to limit or prohibit any institution of 30 higher education from paying additional attorney fees 31 and collection costs as long as such additional attorney fees and collection costs do not exceed an amount equal 32 to five percent of the amount of the debt actually 33 34 recovered and such additional attorney fees and collec-35 tion costs are deducted or paid from the amount of the debt recovered for the institution or paid from other 36 37 funds available to the institution:

(d) The collection of or the attempt to collect any
interest or other charge, fee or expense incidental to the
principal obligation unless such interest or incidental
fee, charge or expense is expressly authorized by the
agreement creating the obligation and by statute; and

(e) Any communication with a consumer whenever it
appears that the consumer is represented by an attorney
and the attorney's name and address are known, or
could be easily ascertained, unless the attorney fails to
answer correspondence, return phone calls or discuss
the obligation in question or unless the attorney consents
to direct communication.

,

CHAPTER 50 (Com. Sub. for H. B. 4037—By Delegate Susman)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one hundred nine, article three, chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to finance charges and related provisions—additional charges; insurance; requiring the refund to debtors of unused insurance premiums upon payment in full of debt; and providing civil penalty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one hundred nine, article three, chapter fortysix-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. FINANCE CHARGES AND RELATED PROVISIONS.

§46A-3-109. Additional charges; insurance; when refund required; civil penalty.

1 (1) In addition to the sales finance charge or loan 2 finance charge permitted by this chapter, a creditor 3 may contract for and receive the following additional 4 charges in connection with a consumer credit sale or a 5 consumer loan:

6 (a) Official fees and taxes;

7 (b) Charges for insurance as described in subsection 8 (2): *Provided*, That nothing contained in this section with 9 respect to insurance shall be construed as in any way 10 limiting the power and jurisdiction of the insurance 11 commissioner of this state in the premises;

12 (c) Annual charges, payable in advance, for the 13 privilege of using a lender credit card or similar 14 arrangement which entitles the user to purchase goods 15 or services from at least one hundred persons not related 16 to the issuer of the lender credit card or similar 17 arrangement, under an arrangement pursuant to which the debts resulting from the purchases are payable tothe issuer;

20 (d) Charges for other benefits, including insurance. 21 conferred on the consumer, if the benefits are of value 22 to him/her and if the charges are reasonable in relation to the benefits. are of a type which is not for credit, and 23are excluded as permissible additional charges from the 24 25sales finance charge or loan finance charge by rule 26 adopted by the commissioner: Provided. That as to 27 insurance, the policy as distinguished from a certificate of coverage thereunder must be issued by an individual 28 29 licensed under the laws of this state to sell such insurance and the determination of whether the charges 30 31therefor are reasonable in relation to the benefits shall 32 be determined by the insurance commissioner of this 33 state: and

34 (e) Reasonable closing costs with respect to a debt35 secured by an interest in land.

36 (2) A creditor may take, obtain or provide reasonable insurance on the life and earning capacity of any 37 consumer obligated on the consumer credit sale or 38 consumer loan, reasonable insurance on any real or 39 personal property offered as security subject to the 40 41 provisions of this subsection, and vendor's or creditor's 42 single interest insurance with respect to which the insurer has no right of subrogation. Only one policy of 43 44 life insurance and/or one policy of health and accident 45 insurance and/or one policy of accident insurance and/or one policy of loss of income insurance on any one 46 consumer may be in force with respect to any one 47 contract or agreement at any one time, but one policy 48 49 may cover both a consumer and his/her spouse:

50(a) The amount, terms and conditions of property 51 insurance shall have a reasonable relation to the existing 52hazards or risk of loss, damage or destruction and be reasonable in relation to the character and value of the 53 property insured or to be insured; and the term of such 54 insurance shall be reasonable in relation to the terms of 55 credit: Provided, That nothing shall be deemed to 56 prohibit the consumer from obtaining, at his/her option, 57

Ch. 50] CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION

58 greater coverages for longer periods of time if he/she so 59 desires:

60 (b) Life insurance shall be in an initial amount not to 61 exceed the total amount repayable under the consumer 62 credit agreement, and where a consumer credit sale or 63 consumer loan is repayable in installments, such 64 insurance shall at no time exceed the scheduled or 65 actual amount of unpaid indebtedness, whichever is 66 greater. Life insurance authorized by this subdivision 67 shall provide that the benefits shall be paid to the 68 creditor to reduce or extinguish the unpaid indebted-69 ness: Provided. That if a separate charge is made for 70 such insurance and the amount of insurance exceeds the 71 unpaid indebtedness, where not prohibited, then such 72 excess shall be payable to the estate of the consumer. 73 The initial term of such life insurance in connection with 74 a consumer credit sale, other than a sale pursuant to a 75 revolving charge account, or in connection with a 76 consumer loan, other than a loan pursuant to a revolving 77 loan account, shall not exceed the scheduled term of the 78 consumer credit agreement by more than fifteen days. The aggregate amount of periodic benefits payable by 79 80 credit accident and health insurance in the event of 81 disability, as defined in the policy, and loss of income insurance in the event of involuntary loss of employ-82 83 ment, as defined in the policy, shall not exceed the 84 unpaid amount of such indebtedness; periodic benefits 85 payable in connection with a consumer credit sale pursuant to a revolving charge account or of a consumer 86 87 loan pursuant to a revolving loan account may be based upon the authorized credit limit: 88

(c) When the insurance is obtained or provided by or 89 through a creditor, the creditor may collect from the 90 consumer or include as part of the cash price of a 91 consumer credit sale or as part of the principal of a 92 consumer loan, or deduct from the proceeds of any 93 94 consumer loan the premium, or in the case of group insurance, the identifiable charge. The premium or 95 identifiable charge for such insurance required or 96 obtained by a creditor may equal, but shall not exceed, 97 the premium rate filed by the insurer with the insu-98

-

529

99 rance commissioner. In any case, when the creditor 100 collects the entire premium for such insurance in 101 advance, such premium shall be remitted by such 102 creditor to the insurer or the insurance agent, as 103 specified by the insurer, within ten days from or after 104 the end of the month in which such collection was made;

105 (d) With respect to insurance against loss of or 106 damage to property, or against liability, the creditor 107 shall furnish a clear and specific statement in writing 108 to the debtor, setting forth the cost of the insurance if 109 obtained from or through the creditor, and stating that 110 the debtor may choose the person through whom the 111 insurance is to be obtained;

(e) With respect to consumer credit insurance providing life, accident, health or loss of income coverage, no
creditor shall require a consumer to purchase such
insurance or to purchase such insurance from such
creditor or any particular agent, broker or insurance
company as a condition precedent to extending credit to
or on behalf of such consumer; and

119 (f) With respect to consumer credit insurance provid-120 ing life, accident, health or loss of income coverage, and 121 when a consumer credit sale or consumer loan, refinanc-122 ing or consolidation is paid in full, the creditor receiving 123 such payment shall inform the debtor of his/her right 124 to cancel any such insurance and to receive a refund of 125 unearned premiums: Provided. That notice shall be sent 126 in a form as prescribed by the commissioner as provided 127 in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Such notice shall 128contain the name and address of the seller and the 129 insurer. On the request of the debtor-insured of the 130 seller of such insurance, the seller shall notify or shall 131 cause the insurer to be notified of the debtor-insured's 132 request for cancellation of such insurance. On receipt by 133 the insurer of notification of the debtor-insured's 134 requested cancellation of such insurance, the insurer 135 shall cancel such insurance effective no later than thirty 136 days from the date of payment in full of such consumer 137 credit sale, consumer loan, refinancing or consolidation. 138 Within forty-five days following the date of notification 139 of cancellation of such insurance and if the debtor-

Ch. 51] CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION

140 insured has not received repayment of or a credit for the amount of any unearned premiums by the seller of 141 such insurance, the insurer shall pay any refund of 142 unearned premiums to the debtor-insurer or such other 143 144 person as directed by the debtor-insurer. An insurer. 145 seller or creditor who fails to refund any unused insurance premium or provide the proper notification of 146 147 payoff shall be liable for civil damages up to three times 148 the amount of the unused premium as well as other remedies as provided for by section one hundred nine. 149 150 article seven of this chapter.



CHAPTER 51

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 5-By Senators Spears, J. Manchin, Brackenrich and Boley)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section one hundred sixteen, article seven, chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to repealing the section creating the consumer affairs advisory council of the consumer protection division of the office of the attorney general.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 7. ADMINISTRATION.

Repeal of section relating to consumer affairs advisory council.

1 Section one hundred sixteen, article seven, chapter 2 forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand 3 nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, is hereby re-4 pealed.

CHAPTER 52 (S. B. 609—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and one-a, article eleven, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section twenty, article twenty, chapter thirty-one; to amend and reenact sections one, two and four-a, article three, chapter fifty; and to amend and reenact sections eleven and twenty-eight-a, article one, chapter fifty-nine of said code, all relating to the regional jail and prison development fund administered by the regional jail and correctional facilities authority; increasing maximum aggregate amount of indebtedness said authority may issue: increasing fees for filing civil actions in circuit and magistrate courts; creating filing fee schedule for civil actions in magistrate courts; increasing costs charged in criminal proceedings in circuit, magistrate and municipal courts, and requiring payment of increased amounts of such fees and costs into regional jail and prison development fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and one-a, article eleven, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section twenty, article twenty, chapter thirty-one of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two and four-a, article three, chapter fifty of said code be amended and reenacted; and that sections eleven and twenty-eight-a, article one, chapter fifty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 8. Municipal Corporations.
- 31. Corporations.
- 50. Magistrate Courts.
- 59. Fees, Allowances and Costs; Newspapers; Legal Advertisements.

2

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 11. POWERS AND DUTIES WITH RESPECT TO ORDI-NANCES AND ORDINANCE PROCEDURES.

- §8-11-1. Ordinances to make municipal powers effective; penalties imposed under judgment of mayor or police court or municipal judge; right to injunctive relief; right to maintain action to collect fines against nonresidents.
- §8-11-1a. Disposition of criminal costs into state treasury account for regional jail and prison development fund.
- §8-11-1. Ordinances to make municipal powers effective; penalties imposed under judgment of mayor or police court or municipal judge; right to injunctive relief; right to maintain action to collect fines against nonresidents.

1 To carry into effect the powers and authority con-2 ferred upon any municipality or its governing body by 3 the provisions of this chapter, or any past or future act of the Legislature of this state, the governing body shall 4 have plenary power and authority to make and pass all 5 6 needful ordinances, orders, bylaws, acts, resolutions, 7 rules and regulations not contrary to the constitution 8 and laws of this state; and, for a violation thereof, to 9 prescribe reasonable penalties in the form of fines, forfeitures and imprisonment in the county jail or the 10 place of imprisonment in such municipality, if there be 11 one, for a term not exceeding thirty days. Such fines, 12 13 forfeitures and imprisonment shall be recovered, imposed or enforced under the judgment of the mayor 14 of such municipality or the individual lawfully exercis-15 ing his functions, or the police court judge or municipal 16 court judge of a city, if there be one, and may be 17 suspended upon such reasonable conditions as may be 18 imposed by such mayor, other authorized individual or 19 judge. Any municipality may also maintain a civil action 20 in the name of the municipality in the circuit court of 21 the county in which the municipality or the major 22 portion of the territory thereof is located to obtain an 23 injunction to compel compliance with, or to enjoin a 24 violation or threatened violation of, any ordinance of 25 such municipality, and such circuit court shall have 26 jurisdiction to grant the relief sought. A certified 27

CORRECTIONS

transcript of a judgment for a fine rendered by a 28 municipal court may be filed in the office of the clerk 29 of a circuit court and docketed in the judgment lien book 30 kept in the office of the clerk of the county commission 31 32 in the same manner and with the same effect as the 33 filing and docketing of a certified transcript of judgment rendered by a magistrate court as provided for in 34 35 section two, article six, chapter fifty of this code. The 36 judgment shall include costs assessed against the defendant. In addition to any other costs which may be 37 38 lawfully imposed, an additional cost shall be imposed in 39 an amount of not less than forty-two dollars in each 40 proceeding, except that such additional cost shall not be 41 assessed for a traffic offense that is not a moving 42 violation, or an offense for which the ordinance does not 43 provide for a period of incarceration. Of the forty-two dollars imposed as an additional cost, two dollars shall 44 45 be an administrative cost to be retained by the 46 municipality.

47 Execution shall be by fieri facias issued by the clerk 48 of the circuit court in the same manner as such writs 49 are issued on judgments for a fine rendered by circuit 50 courts or other courts of record under the provisions of 51 section eleven, article four, chapter sixty-two of this 52 code.

§8-11-1a. Disposition of criminal costs into state treasury account for regional jail and prison development fund.

1 The clerk of each municipal court, or such person 2 designated to receive fines and costs, shall at the end of 3 each month pay into the regional jail and prison 4 development fund in the state treasury an amount equal 5 to forty dollars of the costs collected in each proceeding. 6 except for traffic offenses that are not moving violations: 7 Provided. That in a case where a defendant has failed 8 to pay all costs assessed against him, no payment shall 9 be made to the regional jail and prison development fund unless and until the defendant has paid all costs 10 11 which, when paid, are available for the use and benefit 12 of the municipality.

CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 20. WEST VIRGINIA REGIONAL JAIL AND CORREC-TIONAL FACILITY AUTHORITY.

§31-20-20. Authorized limit on borrowing.

1 The aggregate principal amount of notes, security 2 interests and bonds issued by the authority may not 3 exceed two hundred million dollars outstanding at any one time. In computing the total amount of notes, 4 security interests and bonds which may be outstanding 5 at any one time, the principal amount of any outstanding 6 $\mathbf{7}$ notes, security interests and bonds refunded or to be 8 refunded either by application of the proceeds of the sale of any refunding notes, security interests or refunding 9 bonds of the authority or by exchange for any such 10 notes, security interests or refunding bonds shall be 11 excluded. The state board of investments may have 12 13 invested no more than a total aggregate principal amount of fifteen million dollars at any one time in such 14 notes, security interests or bonds. 15

CHAPTER 50. MAGISTRATE COURTS.

ARTICLE 3. COSTS, FINES AND RECORDS.

- §50-3-1. Costs in civil actions.
- §50-3-2. Costs in criminal proceedings.
- §50-3-4a. Disposition of criminal costs and civil filing fees into state treasury account for regional jail and prison development fund.

§50-3-1. Costs in civil actions.

1 The following costs shall be charged in magistrate 2 courts in civil actions and shall be collected in advance:

3 (a) For filing and trying any civil action and for all
4 services connected therewith, but excluding services
5 regarding enforcement of judgment, the following
6 amounts dependent upon the amount of damages sought
7 in the complaint:

8 9	Where the action is for five hundred dollars or less	\$20.00
10	Where the action is for more than five	
11 12	hundred dollars but not more than one thousand dollars	\$25.00

536	Corrections [Ch. 52
13 14 15	Where the action is for more than one thousand dollars but not more than two thousand dollars \$30.00
16 17	Where the action is for more than two thousand dollars \$40.00
18 19	Where the action seeks relief other than money damages \$20.00
20 21 22	(b) For each service regarding enforcement of a judgment including execution, suggestion, garnishment and suggestee execution \$ 5.00
23	(c) For each bond filed in a case \$ 1.00
24 25	(d) For taking deposition of witness for each hour or portion thereof \$ 1.00
26 27 28	(e) For taking and certifying acknowledgment of a deed or other writing or taking oath upon an affidavit\$.50
29 30 31	(f) For mailing any matter required or provided by law to be mailed by certified or registered mail with return receipt \$ 1.00
32 33 34 35 36	Costs incurred in a civil action shall be reflected in any judgment rendered thereon. The provisions of section one, article two, chapter fifty-nine of this code, relating to the payment of costs by poor persons, shall be applicable to all costs in civil actions.

§50-3-2. Costs in criminal proceedings.

In each criminal case tried in a magistrate court in which the defendant is convicted, there shall be imposed, in addition to such other costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties as may be allowed by law, costs in the amount of fifty dollars. No such costs shall be collected in advance.

A magistrate shall assess costs in the amount of two
dollars and fifty cents for issuing a sheep warrant,
appointment and swearing appraisers and docketing the
same.

11 In each criminal case which must be tried by the

Corrections

12 circuit court but in which a magistrate renders some 13 service, costs in the amount of ten dollars shall be 14 imposed by the magistrate court and shall be certified 15 to the clerk of the circuit court in accordance with the 16 provisions of section six, article five, chapter sixty-two 17 of this code.

§50-3-4a. Disposition of criminal costs and civil filing fees into state treasury account for regional jail and prison development fund.

1 The clerk of each magistrate court shall, at the end 2 of each month, pay into the regional jail and prison 3 development fund in the state treasury an amount equal 4 to forty dollars of the costs collected in each criminal 5 proceeding and all but ten dollars of the costs collected 6 for the filing of each civil action.

CHAPTER 59. FEES, ALLOWANCES AND COSTS; NEWSPAPERS; LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

- §59-1-11. Fees to be charged by clerk of circuit court.
- §59-1-28a. Disposition of filing fees in civil actions and fees for services in criminal cases.

§59-1-11. Fees to be charged by clerk of circuit court.

- 1 The clerk of a circuit court shall charge and collect 2 for services rendered as such clerk the following fees,
- 3 and such fees shall be paid in advance by the parties
- 4 for whom such services are to be rendered:

For instituting any civil action under the rules of civil 5 procedure, any statutory summary proceeding, any 6 7 extraordinary remedy, the docketing of civil appeals, or any other action, cause, suit or proceeding, seventy 8 dollars: Provided, That the fee for instituting an action 9 for divorce shall be twenty dollars plus the fee required 10 by section six, article two-c, chapter forty-eight of this 11 12 code.

- 13 In addition to the foregoing fees, the following fees14 shall likewise be charged and collected:
- 15 For any transcript, copy or paper made by the clerk

538	Corrections	[Ch. 52
16 17	for use in any other court or otherwise office, for each page, twenty-five cents;	to go out of the
18	For action on suggestion, five dollars;	
19	For issuing an execution, two dollars;	
20 21 22 23	For issuing or renewing a sugges including copies, postage, registered or fees and the fee provided by section for a, chapter thirty-eight of this code, three	certified mail ur, article five-
24 25	For vacation or modification of a sugg one dollar;	estee execution,
26 27	For docketing and issuing an execut cript of judgment from magistrate's cour	
28 29 30	For arranging the papers in a certifier of error, appeal or removal to any ot dollars;	
31 32 33	For postage and express and for sendi decrees, orders or records, by mail or times the amount of the postage or expres	express, three
34 35 36	For each witness summons over and al part of either plaintiff or defendant, to party requesting the same, twenty-five ce	be paid by the
37 38 39	For additional services (plaintiff or a any case remains on the docket longer th for each additional year or part year, five	han three years,
40 41 42	The clerk shall tax the following fees any criminal case against any defenda such court:	
43	In the case of any misdemeanor, fifty d	ollars;
44	In the case of any felony, sixty dollars;	
45 46 47 48 49 50	No such clerk shall be required to ha for disbursement any fees, costs or account officer or party not payable into the con- except it be on order of the court or in co- the provisions of law governing such accounts.	nts, of any other ounty treasury, compliance with

Ch. 53]

Corrections

§59-1-28a. Disposition of filing fees in civil actions and fees for services in criminal cases.

1 (a) The clerk of each circuit court shall, at the end of 2 each month, pay into the regional jail and prison 3 development fund in the state treasury an amount equal 4 to sixty dollars of every filing fee received for instituting 5 any civil action under the rules of civil procedure, any 6 statutory summary proceeding, any extraordinary 7 remedy, the docketing of civil appeals, or any other 8 action, cause, suit or proceeding in the circuit court: 9 *Provided*. That in actions for divorce, the clerk shall pay 10 into such fund an amount equal to ten dollars of the 11 filing fee for instituting such actions.

12 (b) The clerk of each circuit court shall, at the end of 13 each month, pay into the regional jail and prison 14 development fund in the state treasury an amount equal 15 to forty dollars of every fee for service received in any 16 criminal case against any defendant convicted in such 17 court.

CHAPTER 53 (H. B. 4559—By Delegates Ashley and Rowe)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article twoa, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend chapter twenty-five of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article five; and to amend and reenact sections eight, nine, ten and twelve, article five, chapter sixty-one of said code, all relating to disallowing an award from the crime victims compensation fund for any victim if the injury occurred while the victim was confined in any state, county or city jail, prison, private prison or correctional facility; relating to the private prison enabling and contracting act; granting authority to the commissioner of the division of corrections; granting authority to the

CORRECTIONS

secretary of the department of public safety; prohibiting the operation of a private prison without the approval of the secretary; prohibiting the construction, modification, lease or alteration of a private prison without the approval of the regional jail authority; granting authority for the state or its political subdivisions to contract with private prisons for correctional services; granting the private prison contractor the ability to contract with foreign authorities for correctional services; allowing private prison contractors to house certain foreign inmates within West Virginia; limitations; requiring the contractor to report to the commissioner of the division of corrections and to appropriate foreign authorities regarding public information, inspections, crimes, extraordinary or unusual occurrences; mandating that certain records of the private prison be deemed public records; requiring the terms of the contract include provisions for security, discipline, adherence to rules of the commissioner, proper provisions for inmates, requiring the contractor and the contracting agency hold the state and its political subdivisions harmless, requiring the contractor to indemnify the state, requiring the contractor to transport an inmate back to the sending state for parole, furlough or release; allowing the regional jail authority to approve the site of a proposed facility; allowing for an exemption from regional jail authority approval for the Spencer state hospital location; providing for the standards of operation of the facility; requiring that services and programs meet the standards of the jail and correctional facility standards commission; requiring that the prison operations comply with all federal, state and local laws, rules, regulations, or ordinances, building, safety and health codes; providing a mechanism for notices of violations, assessing penalties, providing for a maximum dollar limit for violations and penalties, criteria for determining dollar amount; relating to hearing requirements and informal hearings; providing for a hearing board; providing for access by the contracting agency or the commissioner to the prison facility; creating a special fund; providing for reimbursement of expenses of inspections by the commissioner;

requiring annual report; providing for restrictions on the use of the defense of sovereign immunity; providing that certain powers and duties are not delegable to the contractor: providing for community service by inmates: requiring bonding; requiring insurance and the criteria therefor; prohibiting self-insurance; requiring indemnification to the state from the contractor; providing for approval of firearms training program; relating to the capture of escapees; providing that nonresident private correctional officers be deemed residents in certain circumstances; relating to employee training requirements and preference; requiring reimbursement to the state and its political subdivisions for expenses incurred in the recapture of escapees and the detention thereof: defining the offense of aiding escape from a jail, prison, private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile detention center and providing criminal penalties therefor; defining the offense of delivering anything to a person in the custody of a jail, prison, private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile detention center with the intent to aid or facilitate or attempt escape therefrom or for forcibly rescuing or attempting to rescue therefrom and providing criminal penalties therefor; defining the offense of delivering money or other thing of value, any written or printed matter, any article of merchandise, food or clothing, any medicine, utensil or instrument of any kind to an adult or inmate confined in a jail, prison, private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile detention center and providing criminal penalties therefor, exceptions; defining the offense of the transportation of alcoholic liquor, nonintoxicating beer, poison, explosive, firearm or other dangerous or deadly weapon or any controlled substance onto the grounds of jail, prison, private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile detention center and providing criminal penalties therefor; defining the offense of delivery of alcoholic liquor, nonintoxicating beer, poison, explosive, firearms or other dangerous or deadly weapon or any controlled substance to a person in the custody of a jail, prison, private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile detention center and providing criminal penalties therefor; defining the offense for the purchase, acceptance as a gift, securing by barter, trade or in any other manner. any article or articles manufactured at or belonging to any jail, prison, private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile detention center and providing criminal penalties therefor, exceptions; defining the offense of persuading, inducing or enticing or attempting to persuade, induce or entice any person confined in a jail, prison, private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile detention center to escape therefrom or to engage or aid in any insubordination to the authority of any jail. prison, private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile detention center and providing criminal penalties therefor: defining the offense for a jailer or other officer or private correctional officer for permitting escape or refusing to receive custody and providing criminal penalties therefor; defining the offense of breaking or escaping by force, violence, or by any subterfuge, device or deception from a jail or private prison by a convicted or unconvicted prisoner and providing criminal penalties therefor; defining the offense of the abduction or persuading, inducing or enticing escape from a state benevolent or correctional institution, private prison or mental health facility and providing criminal penalties therefor; defining the offense of concealment or harboring of an inmate or patient from a state benevolent or correctional institution, private prison or mental health facility and providing criminal penalties therefor; providing for the return of fugitives; defining the offense of trespassing, idling, lounging or loitering on the grounds of state benevolent or correctional institution, private prison or mental health facility and providing criminal penalties therefor; defining the offense of communicating or attempting to communicate, by signals, signs, writings or otherwise with an inmate or patient, or conveying or assisting in any way establishing communication with an inmate or patient of a state benevolent or correctional institution, private prison or mental health facility and providing criminal penalties therefor, exceptions; defining the offense of intent to defraud, purchase, accept gifts, secure by barter or trade, or in any other manner, any article of clothing from an inmate or patient of a state benevolent

or correctional institution, private prison or mental health facility and providing criminal penalties therefor, exceptions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article two-a, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that chapter twentyfive of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five; and that sections eight, nine, ten and twelve, article five, chapter sixty-one of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 14. Claims Due and Against the State.
- 25. Division of Corrections.
- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.

CHAPTER 14. CLAIMS DUE AND AGAINST THE STATE.

ARTICLE 2A. COMPENSATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

§*14-2A-14. Grounds for denial of claim or reduction of award; maximum awards; awards for emotional distress; mental anguish, etc.

1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), section ten 2 of this article, the judge or commissioner shall not 3 approve an award of compensation to a claimant who 4 did not file his application for an award of compensation 5 within two years after the date of the occurrence of the 6 criminally injurious conduct that caused the injury or 7 death for which he is seeking an award of compensation.

8 (b) An award of compensation shall not be approved 9 if the criminally injurious conduct upon which the claim 10 is based was not reported to a law-enforcement officer 11 or agency within seventy-two hours after the occurrence 12 of the conduct, unless it is determined that good cause 13 existed for the failure to report the conduct within the 14 seventy-two hour period.

(c) The judge or commissioner shall not approve anaward of compensation to a claimant who is the offender

^{*}Clerk's Note: §14-2A-14 was also amended by H. B. 4256 (Chapter 67), which passed subsequent to this act.

17 or an accomplice of the offender who committed the 18 criminally injurious conduct, nor to any claimant if the 19 award would unjustly benefit the offender or his 20accomplice. Unless a determination is made that the 21 interests of justice require that an award be approved 22in a particular case, an award of compensation shall not 23be made to the spouse of, or to a person living in the 24 same household with, the offender or accomplice of the 25offender, or to the parent, child, brother or sister of the 26 offender or his accomplice.

(d) A judge or commissioner, upon a finding that the
claimant or victim has not fully cooperated with
appropriate law-enforcement agencies, or the claim
investigator, may deny a claim, reduce an award of
compensation, and may reconsider a claim already
approved.

(e) An award of compensation shall not be approved
if the injury occurred while the victim was confined in
any state, county or city jail, prison, private prison or
correctional facility.

37 (f) After reaching a decision to approve an award of 38 compensation, but prior to announcing such approval. 39 the judge or commissioner shall require the claimant to 40 submit current information as to collateral sources on 41 forms prescribed by the clerk of the court of claims. The 42 judge or commissioner shall reduce an award of 43 compensation or deny a claim for an award of compensation that is otherwise payable to a claimant to the 44 45 extent that the economic loss upon which the claim is 46 based is or will be recouped from other persons. 47 including collateral sources, or if such reduction or 48 denial is determined to be reasonable because of the 49 contributory misconduct of the claimant or of a victim 50 through whom he claims. If an award is reduced or a 51 claim is denied because of the expected recoupment of 52all or part of the economic loss of the claimant from a 53 collateral source, the amount of the award or the denial of the claim shall be conditioned upon the claimant's 54 55 economic loss being recouped by the collateral source: 56 *Provided.* That if it is thereafter determined that the claimant will not receive all or part of the expected 57

CORRECTIONS

58 recoupment, the claim shall be reopened and an award 59 shall be approved in an amount equal to the amount of 60 expected recoupment that it is determined the claimant 61 will not receive from the collateral source, subject to the 62 limitation set forth in subsection (g) of this section.

63 (g) Except in the case of death, compensation payable 64 to a victim and to all other claimants sustaining 65 economic loss because of injury to that victim shall not 66 exceed thirty-five thousand dollars in the aggregate. 67 Compensation payable to a victim of criminally injur-68 ious conduct which causes permanent injury may 69 include, in addition to economic loss, an amount up to 70 fifteen thousand dollars for emotional distress and pain 71 and suffering which are proximately caused by such 72 conduct. Compensation payable to all claimants because 73 of the death of the victim shall not exceed fifty thousand 74 dollars in the aggregate, but may include, in addition 75 to economic loss, compensation to the claimants specified 76 in paragraph (2), subdivision (a), section three of this 77 article, for sorrow, mental anguish and solace.

CHAPTER 25. DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS.

ARTICLE 5. PRIVATE PRISONS.

- §25-5-1. Short title.
- §25-5-2. Legislative findings and purpose.
- §25-5-3. Definitions.
- §25-5-4. Authority of the commissioner of the division of corrections; authority of secretary of department of public safety.
- §25-5-5. Prohibition of constructing or operating a correctional facility; exceptions.
- §25-5-6. Authority of the state and its political subdivisions to contract for correctional services.
- §25-5-7. Granting private contractor ability to contract with foreign contracting agencies.
- §25-5-8. Reporting requirements.
- §25-5-9. Terms of contract.
- §25-5-10. Site selection.
- §25-5-11. Standards of operation; violations.
- §25-5-12. Access by contracting agency, commissioner; reimbursement of expenses; report by commissioner.
- §25-5-13. Sovereign immunity.
- §25-5-14. Powers and duties not delegable to contractor.
- §25-5-15. Bonding requirements.
- §25-5-16. Insurance.
- §25-5-17. Liability; indemnification.

CORRECTIONS

- §25-5-18. Firearms; capture of escapees; nonresident private correctional officers.
- §25-5-19. Employee training requirements; preference.
- §25-5-20. Reimbursement to state and its subdivisions.

§25-5-1. Short title.

This article shall be known as "The Private Prison
 Enabling and Contracting Act."

§25-5-2. Legislative findings and purpose.

1 The Legislature hereby finds that adequate and 2 modern prison facilities are essential to the safety and 3 welfare of the people of this state and other states, and 4 that contracting for portions of governmental services is 5 a viable alternative for this state and its political 6 subdivisions.

Further, the Legislature finds that allowing for the
establishment of private prison facilities is an economic
development opportunity for local communities and will
augment the general revenue fund.

§25-5-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless the context clearly 2 requires a different meaning, the term:

3 (a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the4 division of corrections.

5 (b) "Contracting agency" means the appropriate 6 governmental agency with the authority to enter into a 7 contract with a prison vendor for correctional services. 8 A contracting agency shall include, but not be limited to, the state of West Virginia and its political subdivi-9 sions, the federal government, any federal agency, one 10 11 or more of the remaining United States, or a political 12 subdivision of one or more of the remaining United 13 States.

(c) "Correctional services" means the following
functions, services and activities, when provided within
a prison or otherwise:

17 (1) Design and modification or construction of prison18 facilities;

Corrections

19 (2) Education, training and jobs programs: 20 (3) Development and implementation of systems for 21 the classification of inmates and management informa-22 tion systems or other information systems or services: 23(4) Food services, commissary, medical services. $\mathbf{24}$ transportation, sanitation or other ancillary services: 25(5) Counseling, special treatment programs or other 26 programs for special needs: 27 (6) Recreational, religious or other activities; and 28 (7) Operation of correctional facilities, including 29 management, custody of inmates, and providing 30 security. 31 (d) "Division" means the division of corrections of the 32department of public safety of West Virginia. 33 (e) "Foreign" in the context of a foreign state or other 34 unit of government means any state or political subdi-35vision or the District of Columbia or the federal 36 government or a federal agency other than the state of 37 West Virginia and its political subdivisions. (f) "Inmate" means an individual sentenced to incar-38 39 ceration by a court or contracting agency. (g) "Prison contractor" or "contractor" or "prison 40 vendor" means any individual, partnership, corporation, 41 unincorporated association or any other nongovernmen-42 43 tal entity which is licensed to do business in the state 44 of West Virginia and which has or will enter into a contractual agreement with a contracting agency to 45 provide correctional services. 46 (h) "Prison" or "prison facility" or "facility" means 47 48 any minimum or medium or maximum adult correctional institution operated under the authority of the 49 division or of a political subdivision of this state, 50 whether obtained by purchase, lease, construction. 51 52 reconstruction, restoration, improvement, alteration, 53 repair, or other means. (i) "Private correctional officer" means any full-time

(i) "Private correctional officer" means any full-timeor part-time employee of a prison vendor whose primary

547

Corrections

56 responsibility is the supervision, protection, care and 57 control of inmates within a private correctional facility.

(j) "Regional jail authority" means the West Virginia
regional jail and correctional facility authority created
by article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this code.

61 (k) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department 62 of public safety.

63 (1) "State" means the state of West Virginia.

§25-5-4. Authority of the commissioner of the division of corrections; authority of secretary of department of public safety.

(a) The commissioner of the division of corrections
 shall promulgate rules, in accordance with chapter
 twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement the provisions
 of this article.

5 (b) The commissioner shall have the authority to 6 recommend or to not recommend to the secretary that 7 a prison vendor be granted the privilege of operating a 8 prison facility in this state.

9 (c) The commissioner shall have the authority to issue 10 notices of violations, assess penalties and proceed in the 11 collection of money due the state by private contractors.

(d) The secretary of the department of public safety
may, upon the recommendation of the commissioner,
grant approval for a prison vendor to operate a private
prison in this state.

(e) The commissioner shall have the authority to
accept the custody of and to confine inmates from
sentencing authorities located outside the state of West
Virginia.

(f) The commissioner shall have the authority to
expend funds contained in the private prison fund,
established pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (g),
section eleven of this article, to cover any and all
expenses incurred because of private prison operations
within the state.

Ch. 53]

§25-5-5. Prohibition of constructing or operating a correctional facility; exceptions.

(a) No person may operate a private prison facility or
 provide correctional services in this state without first
 obtaining the written approval of the secretary.

4 (b) No person may construct, modify, lease, or 5 otherwise alter a private prison facility without first 6 obtaining the written approval of the regional jail 7 authority.

8 (c) Nothing in this section shall impair the right of the
9 state or its political subdivisions to operate a prison
10 facility or provide correctional services.

(d) No private contractor may operate a correctional
 facility in this state for the confinement of maximum
 security inmates sentenced to a term of incarceration by

14 a foreign court.

§25-5-6. Authority of the state and its political subdivisions to contract for correctional services.

1 A contracting agency of this state, its political 2 subdivisions or their designee may contract with a 3 prison contractor for the construction, lease, acquisition, 4 improvement, operation, and management of correc-5 tional facilities and services.

§25-5-7. Granting private contractor ability to contract with foreign contracting agencies.

1 A private contractor upon the approval of the secre-2 tary and the regional jail authority may contract for 3 correctional services with foreign contracting agencies 4 provided such contract meets the minimal requirements 5 contained in section nine of this article. Upon approval 6 the facility may receive inmates sentenced to confine-7 ment by a foreign authority.

§25-5-8. Reporting requirements.

1 The contractor shall prepare the following informa-2 tion and submit it to the commissioner, as applicable:

3 (1) The prison vendor shall develop and implement a 4 plan for the dissemination of information about the 5 facility to the public, government agencies and the

Corrections

6 media. This information shall be made available to all 7 persons. All documents and records, except financial 8 records, inmate records and personnel records, main-9 tained by the prison vendor, shall be deemed public 10 records.

(2) The facility shall comply with all applicable laws
and regulations of the local and state government
regarding sanitation, food service, safety and health.
Copies of inspections completed by the appropriate
authorities shall be sent by the contractor to the division.

16 (3) The facility shall report for investigation all 17 crimes in connection with the facility to the division of 18 public safety and all other political subdivisions' lawenforcement agencies having jurisdiction where the 19 20 prison is located. A written report shall be made of all 21 extraordinary or unusual occurrences and forwarded to the commissioner. Extraordinary or unusual occurren-22 ces shall include, but not be limited to: 23

- 24 (A) Death of an inmate or staff member;
- 25 (B) Attempted suicide or suicide;
- 26 (C) Serious injury, whether accidental or self-27 inflicted;
- 28 (D) Attempted escape or escape from confinement;
- 29 (E) Fire;
- 30 (F) Riot;
- 31 (G) Battery, whether by a staff member or inmate;
- 32 (H) Sexual assaults; and
- 33 (I) Occurrence of contagious diseases.

§25-5-9. Terms of contract.

1 Contracts awarded under the provisions of this article 2 shall:

3 (1) Provide for internal and perimeter security to4 protect the public, staff members and inmates.

5 (2) Impose discipline on inmates only in accordance 6 with the rules promulgated by the commissioner.

Corrections

Ch. 53]

7 (3) Provide for proper food, clothing, housing, and medical care for inmates. 8

à

ļ

9 (4) Require that a contractor shall adhere to the rules 10 promulgated by the commissioner.

11 (5) Require that the contractor and the contracting 12 agency shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the state, its agencies, political subdivisions, and the 13employees and other contractors of the state, its agencies 14 15 and political subdivisions from any claim or cause of 16 action which arises from any act or omission by the 17 contractor or any of the contractor's employees or 18 subcontractors.

19 (6) Require the contractor to indemnify the state or its political subdivisions for any moneys the state or its 20 21political subdivisions may expend for claims against the 22 state or its political subdivisions pursuant to section 23seventeen of this article.

24 (7) Require a foreign contracting agency to transport 25an inmate back to the contracting agency's state for 26 parole, furlough or release.

§25-5-10. Site selection.

(a) The regional jail authority shall approve the site 1 2 for the proposed facility. Approval shall be in accor-3 dance with legislative rules promulgated in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. One such 4 legislative rule shall establish criteria for identifying 5 and evaluating potential sites for private prisons and 6 shall provide for a public hearing or hearings to allow 7 reasonable participation in the selection process by the 8 citizens of the area to be affected by the construction 9 10 and operation of a private prison.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 11 (a) of this section, the Legislature hereby approves the 12 site at the former Spencer state hospital for a private 13 prison facility: Provided, That the contractor shall 14 comply with the remaining provisions of this article: 15 Provided, however, That the contractor shall not be 16 17 required to comply with subsection (b) of section five of 18 this article: *Provided further*. That the contractor shall

19 not be required to obtain the approval of the regional 20 jail authority as required by section seven of this article.

§25-5-11. Standards of operation; violations.

(a) The facility shall be staffed at all times. The 1 2 staffing pattern shall be adequate to ensure intense supervision of inmates and maintenance of security 3 within the facility. The staffing pattern shall address 4 the facility's operations and programs, transportation 5 and security needs. In determining security need. 6 considerations shall include, but not be limited to, the 7 proximity of the facility to neighborhoods and schools. 8

9 (b) The facility shall provide the following services 10 and programs which shall be consistent with the 11 standards of the jail and correctional facilities standards 12 commission:

- 13 (1) Health and medical services;
- 14 (2) Food services;
- 15 (3) Mail, telephone use, and visitation;
- 16 (4) Access to legal services and legal materials;
- 17 (5) Vocational training;
- 18 (6) Educational programs;
- 19 (7) Counseling services including personal counseling;
- 20 (8) Drug and alcohol counseling; and
- 21 (9) Sanitation services.

22 (c) In addition to the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, all facilities governed by this 23 article shall be designed, constructed and at all times 24 maintained and operated in accordance with standards 2526 and rules of the jail and correctional facility standards 27 commission pursuant to section nine, article twenty, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, as 28 amended: Provided, That any more stringent require-29 ments mandated by the commissioner shall be complied 30 31 with.

32 (d) All facilities governed by this article shall at all

times comply with all applicable federal and state
constitutional standards, all applicable federal laws and
rules and regulations, state laws and rules and local
ordinances, building, safety and health codes.

37 (e) If any of the requirements of subsection (d) of this 38 section have not been complied with, the commissioner 39 may cause a notice of violation to be served upon the contractor or his duly authorized agent. A copy of the 40 notice shall be handed to the contractor or his duly 41 42 authorized agent in person or served by United States certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the 43 44 contractor at the permanent address shown on the 45 application for approval to operate a prison facility. The 46 notice shall specify in what respects the contractor has 47 failed to comply with subsection (d) and shall specify a 48 reasonable time for abatement of the violation not to 49 exceed fifteen days. If the contractor has not abated the 50violation within the time specified in the notice, or any 51 reasonable extension thereof, which extension is not to 52 exceed seventy-five days, the commissioner shall assess 53 a penalty as hereinafter provided. If a violation is not 54 abated within the time specified or any extension 55 thereof, a mandatory civil penalty of not less than five hundred dollars per day per violation shall be assessed 56 57 until the violation is abated.

58 (f) Any contractor who violates any part of subsection 59 (d) may also be assessed an additional civil penalty in 60 the discretion of the commissioner. The penalty shall not 61 exceed five hundred dollars per day. Each day of 62 continuing violation may be deemed a separate violation for purposes of penalty assessments. In determining the 63 64 amount of the penalty, the commissioner shall consider the contractor's history of previous violations at the 65 particular facility, the seriousness of the violation, 66 67 including any hazard to the health or safety of the public, whether the contractor was negligent, and the 68 69 demonstrated good faith of the contractor in attempting 70 to achieve timely compliance after notification of the 71 violation.

(g) (1) Upon the issuance of a notice or order pursuant
to this section, the commissioner shall, within thirty

74 days, set a proposed penalty assessment and notify the contractor in writing of such proposed penalty assess-75ment. The proposed penalty assessment must be paid in 76 full within thirty days of receipt thereof or, if the 77 78 contractor desires to contest the violation, an informal 79 conference with the commissioner may be requested within fifteen days or a formal hearing before three 80 members of the regional jail authority, who are ap-81 82 pointed by the secretary to hear cases pursuant to this article, may be requested within thirty days. The notice 83 of proposed penalty assessment shall advise the contrac-84 tor of the right to an informal conference or a formal 85 hearing pursuant to this section. When an informal 86 conference is requested, the contractor shall have fifteen 87 days from receipt of the commissioner's decision 88 resulting therefrom to request a formal hearing before 89 three members of the regional jail authority. 90

91 (A) When an informal conference is held, the commis92 sioner shall have authority to affirm, modify or vacate
93 the notice, order or proposed penalty assessment.

94 (B) Formal hearings shall be subject to the provisions
95 of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
96 Following the hearing, the three regional jail authority
97 members may affirm, modify or vacate the notice, order
98 or proposed penalty assessment and, when appropriate,
99 incorporate an assessment order requiring that the
100 assessment and costs of the proceedings be paid.

101 (2) Civil penalties under this section may be recovered 102by the commissioner in the circuit court in the county 103 where the facility is located or in the circuit court of 104 Kanawha County. Civil penalties collected under this 105article shall be deposited with the state treasurer to the 106 credit of the division of corrections in a special revenue fund to be known as the "Private Prison Fund," which 107 108 is hereby created.

§25-5-12. Access by contracting agency, commissioner; reimbursement of expenses; report by commissioner.

1 (a) The commissioner shall cause to be made such 2 inspections of prison facilities as are necessary to

3 effectively enforce the requirements of this article. The

4 commissioner or his authorized representative or a 5 contracting agency shall have access to all areas of the 6 facility and to inmates and staff at all times. The 7 contractor shall provide to the commissioner any and all 8 data, reports, and other materials that the commissioner 9 determines are necessary to carry out inspections 10 pursuant to this article.

(b) The contractor shall reimburse the division of
corrections for expenses incurred for inspections. Such
reimbursement shall be payable to the division of
corrections.

15 (c) The commissioner shall report on the performance of contractors operating within this state, no less 16 17 frequently than annually, until the year one thousand 18 nine hundred ninety-three and thereafter as requested by either the speaker of the House of Delegates, the 19 president of the Senate, the regional jail authority or the 20 21 governor. Upon such request, the report shall be 22 submitted to the speaker of the House of Delegates, to 23 the president of the Senate, to the regional jail authority 24 and to the governor.

§25-5-13. Sovereign immunity.

1 The sovereign immunity of the state shall not extend 2 to the contractor or its insurer.

§25-5-14. Powers and duties not delegable to contractor.

1 (a) No contract for correctional services may autho-2 rize, allow or imply a delegation of the authority or 3 responsibility of the contracting agency to a prison 4 contractor for any of the following:

5 (1) Developing or implementing procedures for 6 calculating inmate release and parole eligibility dates;

7 (2) Developing or implementing procedures for8 calculating and awarding good time;

9 (3) Approving inmates for work release;

(4) Approving the type of work inmates may perform
and the wages or good time, if any, which may be given
to inmates engaging in such work;

t

Į

\$

-

000	CORRECTIONS
13	(5) Granting, denying or revoking good time; and
14	(6) Recommending that the contracting state's par

Connegatoria

(6) Recommending that the contracting state's parole
authority either deny or grant parole, although the
contractor may submit written reports that have been
prepared in the ordinary course of business.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection
(a) of this section, the contractor may use inmates for
community service upon the request and approval of the
political subdivision where the prison is located.

§25-5-15. Bonding requirements.

A contractor shall give a performance bond payable 1 2 to the state of West Virginia, in a form satisfactory to 3 the commissioner, executed by a surety company qualified to do business in this state and in the penal 4 sum, as determined by the commissioner, in an amount 5 6 not less than one hundred thousand dollars. The bond 7 shall be conditioned on the contractor performing all the 8 requirements of this article and the rules promulgated hereunder. 9

§25-5-16. Insurance.

1 (a) The contractor shall provide an adequate policy of 2 insurance specifically including insurance for civil 3 rights claims as determined by a risk management or 4 actuarial firm with demonstrated experience in public 5 liability for state governments. In determining the 6 adequacy of the policy, such risk management or 7 actuarial firm shall determine whether:

8 (1) The insurance is adequate to protect the state, its
9 political subdivisions or other contracting agencies from
10 actions by a third party against the contractor;

(2) The insurance is adequate to protect the state, its
political subdivisions or contracting agencies against
claims arising as a result of any occurrence; and

(3) The insurance is adequate to satisfy other requirements specified by the risk management or actuarial
firm.

17 (b) The insurance contract shall contain a provision

18 that the state, its political subdivisions and contracting 19 agencies are named insureds, and that the state, its 20 political subdivisions and contracting agencies shall be 21 sent any notice of cancellation.

22 (c) The contractor shall not self-insure.

§25-5-17. Liability; indemnification.

1 A contractor which has been approved to operate a 2 facility pursuant to this article shall indemnify, defend 3 and hold harmless the state, its officers, agents, and 4 employees, and any local government entity in the state 5 having jurisdiction over the facility or ownership of the 6 facility from:

7 (1) Any claims or losses for services rendered by the
8 contractor or person performing or supplying services
9 in connection with the performance of the contract;

10 (2) Any claims or losses to any person injured or 11 damaged by the willful or negligent acts of the contrac-12 tor, its officers or employees in the operation of a private 13 prison or in the performance of the contract;

14 (3) Any claims or losses resulting to any person 15 injured or damaged by the private contractor, its 16 officers or employees by the publication, translation, 17 reproduction, delivery, performance, use or disposition 18 of any data processed under the contract in a manner 19 not authorized by the contract, or by federal or state 20 regulations or statutes;

(4) Any failure of the contractor, its officers or
employees to adhere to West Virginia laws, including,
but not limited to, labor laws and minimum wage laws;

(5) Any constitutional, federal, state or civil rights
claim brought against the state related to the prison
facility;

27 (6) Any claims, losses, demands or causes of action 28 arising out of the contractor's activities in this state; and

(7) Any attorney's fees or court costs arising from any
habeas corpus actions or other inmate suits which may
arise, including, but not limited to, attorney's fees for

32 the state's representation as well as for any court 33 appointed representation of any inmate as well as the 34 costs of any special judge who may be appointed to hear 35 such actions.

§25-5-18. Firearms; capture of escapees; nonresident private correctional officers.

1 (a) Private correctional officers of a private contrac-2 tor shall be authorized to carry and use firearms in the 3 course of their employment only after completing a 4 training course, approved by the commissioner, in the 5 use of firearms in accordance with rules promulgated 6 by the division.

7 (b) Upon notification by the contractor of an escape
8 from the facility or a disturbance at the facility, the
9 state shall use all reasonable means to recapture
10 escapees or quell any disturbance.

(c) When acting within the scope of their normal
employment at the private prison facility, nonresident
private correctional officers shall be deemed residents
for purposes of section eleven, article six, chapter sixtyone of this code.

§25-5-19. Employee training requirements; preference.

(a) All employees of a facility operated pursuant to
 this article shall receive training in a program approved
 by the commissioner. All training expenses shall be the
 responsibility of the contractor.

5 (b) West Virginia residents shall be given a hiring 6 preference for positions at the facilities permitted to 7 operate in accordance with this article.

§25-5-20. Reimbursement to state and its subdivisions.

1 Any cost incurred by the state or its political subdi-2 visions relating to the apprehension of an escapee or the 3 quelling of a disturbance at the facility shall be 4 chargeable to and borne by the contractor. The contractor shall also reimburse the state or its political 5 6 subdivisions for all reasonable costs incurred relating to the temporary detention of the escapee following 7 8 recapture.

i

t

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 5. CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC JUSTICE.

- §61-5-8. Aiding escape and other offenses relating to adults and juveniles in custody, imprisoned or in detention; penalties.
- §61-5-9. Permitting escape; refusal of custody of prisoner; penalties.
- §61-5-12. Escapes from, and other offenses relating to, state benevolent and correctional institution, or private prison or mental health facilities; penalties.

§61-5-8. Aiding escape and other offenses relating to adults and juveniles in custody, imprisoned or in detention; penalties.

1 (a) Where any adult or juvenile is lawfully detained 2 in custody or as an inmate or prisoner in any jail, prison 3 or private prison or as a resident of any juvenile facility 4 or juvenile detention center, if any other person shall 5 deliver anything into the jail, prison, private prison, facility or juvenile detention center or other place of 6 7 custody of such adult or juvenile with the intent to aid or facilitate such adult's or juvenile's escape or attemp-8 9 ted escape therefrom, or if such other person shall 10 forcibly rescue or attempt to rescue such adult or juvenile therefrom, such other person is guilty of a 11 12felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in 13 the penitentiary not less than one nor more than five 14 vears.

15 (b) Where any adult or juvenile is lawfully detained 16 in custody or as an inmate or prisoner in any jail, prison or private prison or as a resident of any juvenile facility 17 or juvenile detention center, if any other person shall 18 deliver any money or other thing of value, any written 19 or printed matter, any article of merchandise, food or 20 21 clothing, any medicine, utensil or instrument of any 22 kind to such adult or juvenile without the express 23 authority and permission of the jailer, warden, private correctional officer or other supervising officer and with 24 knowledge that such adult or juvenile is so lawfully 25 detained, such other person is guilty of a misdemeanor, 26 27 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars and 28 imprisoned in the county jail not less than three nor 29

more than twelve months: *Provided*, That nothing herein
shall preclude an attorney or any of his or her employees
from supplying to such detainee any written or printed
material which pertains to that attorney's representation of said detainee.

35 (c) If any person transports any alcoholic liquor. nonintoxicating beer, poison, explosive, firearm or other 36 37 dangerous or deadly weapon or any controlled substance 38 as defined by chapter sixty-a of this code onto the grounds of any jail or prison, or private prison or 39 40 iuvenile facility or detention center within this state and 41 is unauthorized by law to do so, or is unauthorized by the administration of said jail or prison, or private 42 prison or juvenile facility or detention center, such 43 person is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, 44 45 shall be fined not less than one thousand nor more than 46 five thousand dollars or imprisoned in the penitentiary 47 not less than one year nor more than five years, or, in the discretion of the court, be confined in the county jail 48 49 not more than one year and shall be fined not more than 50 five hundred dollars.

51 (d) If any person delivers any alcoholic liquor, 52nonintoxicating beer, poison, explosive, firearm or other 53 dangerous or deadly weapon, or any controlled sub-54 stance as defined by chapter sixty-a of this code to an 55 inmate or prisoner in any jail, prison or private prison 56 or to any resident of any juvenile facility or juvenile 57 detention center within this state and is unauthorized by law to do so, or is unauthorized by the administration 58 of said jail or prison, or private prison or juvenile 59 facility or detention center, such person is guilty of a 60 61 felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 62 less than one thousand nor more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than 63 64 one year nor more than five years.

(e) Whoever purchases, accepts as a gift, or secures by
barter, trade or in any other manner, any article or
articles manufactured at or belonging to any jail, prison,
or private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile detention
center from any inmate, prisoner or resident detained
therein is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction

71thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor 72more than five hundred dollars and imprisoned in the 73 county jail not less than three nor more than twelve months: Provided, That this subsection (e) shall not 74 75 apply to articles specially manufactured in such jail, prison, or private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile 76 77 detention center under the authorization of the administration of such jail. prison, private prison, juvenile 78 facility or juvenile detention center for sale inside or 79 80 outside of such jail, prison, private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile detention center. 81

82 (f) Whoever persuades, induces or entices or attempts 83 to persuade, induce or entice, any person who is an 84 inmate or prisoner in any jail, prison, private prison or 85 resident of any juvenile facility or juvenile detention 86 center to escape therefrom or to engage or aid in any 87 insubordination to the authority of such jail, prison, 88 private prison, juvenile facility or juvenile detention 89 center is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 90 thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor 91 more than five hundred dollars and imprisoned in the 92 county jail not less than three nor more than twelve 93 months.

§61-5-9. Permitting escape; refusal of custody of prisoner; penalties.

If a jailer or other officer, or private correctional 1 2 officer aid or voluntarily suffer a prisoner convicted or charged with felony to escape from his custody, he shall 3 be deemed guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction, shall 4 be confined in the penitentiary not less than one nor 5 more than five years. If any such jailer or other officer, 6 7 or private correctional officer negligently, but not voluntarily, suffer a person convicted of or charged with 8 felony, or voluntarily or negligently suffer a person 9 10 convicted of or charged with an offense not a felony, to 11 escape from his custody, or willfully refuse to receive into his custody any person lawfully committed thereto, 12 he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon convic-13 tion, shall be confined in jail not less than six months, 14 or be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or both 15 such fine and confinement. 16

2

§61-5-10. Jail or private prison breaking by convicted or unconvicted prisoner; penalties.

1 (a) Any person confined in jail on conviction of a criminal offense, who escapes therefrom by force, 2 3 violence, or by any subterfuge, device or deception, 4 shall, if previously sentenced to confinement in the penitentiary, be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction. 5 shall be confined in the penitentiary for not less than 6 7 one nor more than five years; and if he be previously sentenced to confinement in jail, he shall be guilty of a 8 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be confined in 9 iail one year. 10

11 (b) If any person be lawfully confined in jail or private prison and not sentenced on conviction of a 12 criminal offense, shall escape therefrom by any means. 13 such person shall, (i) if he be confined upon a charge 14 of a felony, be guilty of an additional felony, and, upon 15 conviction thereof, shall be confined in the penitentiary 16 not less than one nor more than five years, or (ii) if he 17 be confined upon a charge of a misdemeanor, be guilty 18 of an additional misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 19 20 thereof, shall be confined in jail one year.

(c) If any person is lawfully confined in a private prison and escapes therefrom by force, violence, or by any subterfuge, device or deception, he or she shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned for not less than one nor more than five years.

§61-5-12. Escapes from, and other offenses relating to, state benevolent and correctional institution, or private prison or mental health facilities; penalties.

Except where otherwise provided, whoever abducts 1 any person who is an inmate or patient of any state 2 benevolent or correctional institution, private prison or 3 mental health facility shall be guilty of a felony, and, 4 upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the 5 penitentiary for not less than one nor more than five 6 years. Whoever persuades, induces or entices, or 7 attempts to persuade, induce or entice, any person who 8

9 is an inmate or patient of any such institution, private 10 prison or facility to escape therefrom, or whoever 11 conceals or harbors any such person, knowing him or 12 her to have run away from any such institution, private 13 prison or facility, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, 14 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one 15 hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and in 16 addition thereto, in the discretion of the court, may be 17 imprisoned in the county jail not less than one nor more 18 than six months.

19 Any fugitive from any state benevolent or correctional 20institution, private prison or mental health facility, may, 21 on the order of the superintendent or other officer of 22such institution or facility, be arrested and returned to 23such institution or facility, or to any officer or agent thereof, by any sheriff, police officer or other person, 2425and may also be arrested and returned by any officer 26or agent of such institution, private prison or facility.

27 Whoever trespasses, idles, lounges or loiters upon the 28 grounds of any other state benevolent or correctional 29 institution, private prison or mental health facility or 30 communicates, or attempts to communicate, by signals, 31 signs, writings or otherwise with any inmate or patient 32 of such institution, private prison or facility, or conveys or assists in any way in establishing communication 33 34 between an inmate or patient of such institution, private prison or facility and any person or persons outside 35 36 thereof, except as authorized by the rules or regulations 37 in force by the authority governing the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be 38 fined not less than twenty nor more than five hundred 39 dollars, or imprisoned not less than ten nor more than 40 thirty days in the county jail, or both, in the discretion 41 42 of the court or magistrate. Whoever, with intent to defraud, purchases, accepts as a gift, or secures by 43 barter or trade, or in any other manner, any article of 44 clothing from an inmate or patient of any state benev-45 olent or correctional institution, private prison or mental 46 47 health facility issued to him or her, by any officer of such institution or facility, or by any private correc-48 tional officer of such private prison for his or her use, 49

50 or, with such intent, secures any other article or articles belonging to any inmate or patient of such institution, 51 52 private prison or facility or to such institution, private 53 prison or facility from an inmate or patient thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 54 thereof, shall be fined a sum not less than double the 55 value of such articles, except that in no case shall the 56 fine be less than one hundred dollars. Magistrates shall 57 have jurisdiction of all misdemeanors included in this 58 paragraph, concurrently with the circuit court. 59



CHAPTER 54

(H. B. 4007—By Delegates Love and Schadler)

[Passed February 2, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing the division of corrections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. ORGANIZATION AND INSTITUTIONS.

§25-1-2. Reestablishment of division; findings.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the division of corrections shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.

CHAPTER 55 (H. B. 4780—By Delegates Roop and Jones)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen, relating to permitting the commissioner of the division of corrections to monitor telephone calls from inmates and patients of penal or correctional institutions; providing for procedures and restrictions; providing an exception for calls to attorneys; and granting the commissioner authority to promulgate legislative rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. ORGANIZATION AND INSTITUTIONS.

§25-1-17. Monitoring of inmate and patient telephone calls; procedures and restrictions; calls to attorneys excepted.

1 (a) The commissioner of corrections or his or her 2 designee shall have authority to monitor, intercept, 3 record, and disclose any telephone calls from an adult 4 inmate or patient of any state penal or correctional 5 institution in accordance with the following provisions:

6 (1) All adult inmates or patients of the state penal or 7 correctional institutions shall be notified in writing that 8 their telephone conversations may be monitored, inter-9 cepted, recorded, and disclosed;

10 (2) Except as provided for in this subsection, only the 11 commissioner and his or her designee shall have access 12 to any such recordings of telephone calls;

13 (3) A notice shall be prominently placed on or
14 immediately near every telephone on which monitoring
15 may take place;

16 (4) The contents of a telephone conversation shall be17 disclosed only if the disclosure is:

18 (A) Necessary to safeguard the orderly operation of19 the penal or correctional institution;

- 20 (B) Necessary for the investigation of a crime;
- 21 (C) Necessary for the prevention of a crime;
- 22 (D) Necessary for the prosecution of a crime; or

(E) Required by an order of a court of competentjurisdiction;

(5) All recordings of telephone conversations, unless
being disclosed in accordance with the preceding
subdivision, shall be destroyed within twelve months
after the recording; and

(6) To safeguard the sanctity of the attorney-client
privilege, a separate telephone line shall be made
available and no conversation between an inmate or
patient and an attorney shall be monitored, intercepted,
recorded or disclosed in any manner.

(b) The commissioner shall promulgate legislative
rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter
twenty-nine-a of this code for such monitoring, intercepting, recording or disclosing of telephone calls.

(c) The provisions of this section shall only apply to
those persons serving a sentence of imprisonment while
imprisoned in a facility under the direction of the
commissioner of corrections.

CHAPTER 56 (H. B. 2259—By Delegate Wilson)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections nine, ten and eleven, article one, chapter twenty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to payment by counties of costs of detention of youths by commissioner of corrections. Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 1. COMMITMENT OF YOUTHFUL MALE OFFENDERS.

§1. Repeal of sections relating to payment by counties of costs of detention of youths by commissioner of corrections.

1 Sections nine, ten and eleven, article one, chapter

2 twenty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand

3 nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, are hereby

4 repealed.



CHAPTER 57

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 438-By Senator Chafin, By Request)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections thirteen and fourteen, article five-b, chapter twenty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing the maximum amount allowed on deposit in the prison industries account; and appropriation for buildings, equipment, etc.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections thirteen and fourteen, article five-b, chapter twenty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5B. PRISON-MADE GOODS.

- §28-5B-13. Appropriation for buildings, equipment, etc.; self-liquidating contracts.
- §28-5B-14. Prison industries account.

§28-5B-13. Appropriation for buildings, equipment, etc.; self-liquidating contracts.

1 In order to carry out the provisions of this article 2 there is hereby appropriated out of the moneys in the 3 state fund, general revenue, not otherwise appropriated, 4 the sum of fifty thousand dollars, and the commissioner

567

5 of the division of corrections is authorized to expend such moneys from such appropriation as may be 6 7 necessary to erect buildings, to purchase equipment, to procure tools, supplies and materials, to purchase. 8 9 install or replace equipment, to employ personnel, and otherwise to defray the necessary expenses incident to 10 the employment of convicts as herein provided, and 11 12 further to aid in the above purposes the commissioner of the division of corrections is empowered to enter into 13 14 contracts and agreements with any person or persons upon a self-liquidating basis respecting the acquisition 15 and purchase of any such equipment, tools, supplies and 16 materials, to the end that the same may be paid for over 17 a period of not exceeding three years, and the aggregate 18 amount of such purchases or acquisitions not to exceed 19 20 one million dollars, such amounts to be payable solely 21 out of the revenues derived from the activities authorized by this article. Nothing in this section shall be so 22 23 construed or interpreted as to authorize or permit the incurring of a state debt of any kind or nature as 24 25contemplated by the constitution of this state in relation 26 to such debt.

§28-5B-4. Prison industries account.

All moneys collected by the commissioner of the 1 2 division of corrections from the sale or disposition of articles and products manufactured or produced by 3 convict labor in accordance with the provisions of this 4 article, shall be forthwith deposited with the state 5 6 treasurer to be there kept and maintained as a special 7 revolving account designated the "prison industries account" and such moneys so collected and deposited 8 9 shall be used solely for the purchase of manufacturing supplies, equipment, machinery and materials used to 10 11 carry out the purposes of this article, as well as for the 12 payment of the necessary personnel in charge thereof and to otherwise defray the necessary expenses incident 13 thereto, all of which are under the direction and subject 14 to the approval of the commissioner: Provided, That the 15 "prison industries account" shall never be maintained in 16 excess of the amount necessary to efficiently and 17 properly carry out the intentions of this article, and in 18

19 no event may the "prison industries account" be 20maintained in excess of the sum of one million dollars. When, in the opinion of the governor, the "prison 21 industries account" has reached a sum in excess of the 2223requirements of this article, the excess shall be trans-24 ferred by the commissioner of the division of corrections to the state fund, general revenue, and if the governor 2526 does not make such determination. any excess above one 27 million dollars shall be transferred to the state fund. 28 general revenue, by the commissioner of the division of 29 corrections at the end of each fiscal year.

CHAPTER 58

(H. B. 4553—By Delegates Otte and McKinley)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one-a, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to extending the January term of court in Ohio County for one month.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one-a, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. CIRCUIT COURTS; CIRCUIT JUDGES.

§51-2-1a. First circuit.

1 For the county of Ohio, on the second Monday in 2 January, May and September.

3 For the county of Brooke, on the first Monday in 4 March, June and November.

5 For the county of Hancock, beginning with the month 6 of September, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three, 7 on the Tuesday after the second Monday in January, 8 April and September.

CHAPTER 59 (H. B. 4679—By Delegates Prezioso and C. Starcher)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one-p, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to changing the date of the terms of court for the sixteenth judicial circuit in Marion County.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one-p, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. CIRCUIT COURTS; CIRCUIT JUDGES.

§51-2-1p. Sixteenth circuit.

- 1 For the county of Marion, on the second Monday in
- 2 February, June and October.

CHAPTER 60 (H. B. 4121—By Delegates Berry and Roop)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article four, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to preservation and destruction of papers filed in circuit courts; authorizing the establishment of a "Record Retention Schedule" for circuit court files; and authorizing storage of permanent record series by electronic as well as microphotographic means.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article four, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO CLERKS OF COURTS.

§51-4-3. Preservation and destruction of papers; microphotography and electronic storage.

1 All papers lawfully returned to or filed in the clerk's 2 office shall be preserved therein, subject to the condi-3 tions set out herein, until legally delivered out.

4 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 5 the contrary, the clerk may destroy all documents, 6 records, instruments, books, papers, depositions and 7 transcripts in any action or proceeding in the circuit 8 court or other court of record, or otherwise filed in his 9 office pursuant to law, provided that:

(a) Destruction is done in accordance with a "Record
Retention Schedule" to be adopted, promulgated and
amended, from time to time, by the Supreme Court of
Appeals; and

14 (b) The clerk maintains for the use of the public a 15 microphotographic film or electronic storage media 16 record of all documents required to be permanently 17 preserved under the "Record Retention Schedule," together with an index and a mechanical or electronic 18 19 device by which such microphotographic film or 20 electronic storage media record may be conveniently 21 examined. The clerk shall promptly seal and store at 22 least one original of each microphotographic film or 23 electronic storage media record in such manner and place as will reasonably assure its preservation indefi-24 25nitely against loss, theft, defacement, intentional 26 alteration, fire or other destruction. Any electronic 27 method used must provide an exact copy of each document so stored and must be secure to the point that 28 29 an attempt to alter a document is readily recognized.

30 A photographic reproduction or electronic media 31 reproduction of any of the records described in this 32 section, the negative or film or electronic record of 33 which has been certified by the clerk in charge of such 34 reproduction as being an exact replica of the original, 35 shall be received in evidence in all courts, and in 36 hearings before any officer, board or commission having

37 jurisdiction or authority to conduct such hearings, in

38 like manner as the original.

CHAPTER 61 (S. B. 22-By Senator Chafin)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article seven, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing court reporter original fees and fees for copies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article seven, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. OFFICIAL REPORTERS.

§51-7-4. Transcript of notes; fees; authenticity; transcript for judge in criminal cases.

The reporter shall furnish, upon request, to any party 1 2 to a case, a typewritten transcript of his shorthand notes 3 of the testimony or other proceedings, which shall be upon paper measuring eight and one-half inches in 4 width and eleven inches in length, with margins of one-5 6 half inch on the right side and bottom, one inch at the 7 top and one and one-half inches on the left, with the page 8 filled as completely as practicable, with at least twentyfour complete lines on each page, with no more than 9 double spacing used between lines, with no more than 10 11 five spaces used for indentation from the left margin, 12 with no larger than ten point pica type being used, and 13 shall certify the same as being correct and shall be paid therefor, by the party requesting such transcript, at the 14 rate of two dollars for each page so transcribed and 15 16 certified; and for each carbon copy of such transcript, 17 ordered at the same time, he shall be paid seventy-five cents for each page so furnished: Provided, That if any 18 transcript shall not conform with the specifications set 19

20

21

22A transcript of such testimony or proceedings, when 23certified by the official reporter and by the judge of the 24 court, shall be authentic for all purposes, and shall be 25used by the parties to the cause in any further proceed-26ing therein wherein the use of the same may be 27required. It may be used, without further authentica-28 tion, in making up the record on appeal, as provided in sections thirty-six and thirty-seven, article six, chapter 29 30 fifty-six of this code; and in all cases of appeal such 31 reporter shall also make a carbon copy of such trans-32 cript, which copy shall be filed in the office of the clerk 33 of the court in which the trial or proceedings were had, 34to be used, if necessary, in making up the record on 35 appeal, and, if so used, the clerk shall not be entitled to any fee for that part of the record. If, upon appeal 36 37 or writ of error, the judgment, decree or order entered in the cause be reversed, the cost of such transcript shall 38 39 be taxed as other costs; and if such transcript be 40 requested or required for the purpose of demurring to 41 the evidence, the cost thereof shall be taxed in favor of 42 the party prevailing on the demurrer.

43 It shall also be the duty of such reporter in any 44 criminal case, upon the request of the court or the judge 45 thereof, and for his use, to furnish a transcript of his 46 notes of the testimony and proceedings without extra 47 charge.

CHAPTER 62 (S. B. 307—By Senators Chafin and Jackson)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four, sixteen and seventeen, article five, chapter fifty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to reducing the time period for petitioning for an appeal from, or writ of error or supersedeas to a judgment, decree or order, and reducing other time limitations related to such petitions; providing for the dismissal of an appeal, writ of error or supersedeas upon failure to timely give bond; specifying the persons to whom a copy or copies of the record shall be delivered; and requiring that an unsuccessful party on appeal be assessed with the costs associated with the printing or reproduction of the copies of the documents submitted in support of, or in opposition to, any appeal.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four, sixteen and seventeen, article five, chapter fifty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. APPELLATE RELIEF IN SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS.

- §58-5-4. Time for appeal or writ of error; notice of intent to file petition in criminal cases to be filed with clerk stating grounds.
- §58-5-16. Time for giving bond.
- \$58-5-17. Court to prescribe method and form of reproducing record; reproduction of record by clerk; distribution; costs.

§58-5-4. Time for appeal or writ of error; notice of intent to file petition in criminal cases to be filed with clerk stating grounds.

No petition shall be presented for an appeal from, or 1 2 writ of error or supersedeas to, any judgment, decree 3 or order, whether the state be a party thereto or not. 4 which shall have been rendered or made more than four 5 months before such petition is filed with the clerk of the court where the judgment, decree or order being 6 7 appealed was entered: *Provided*, That the judge of the circuit court may, prior to the expiration of such period 8 9 of four months, by order entered of record extend and reextend such period for such additional period or 10 periods, not to exceed a total extension of two months, 11 for good cause shown, if the request for preparation of 12 the transcript was made by the party seeking such 13 appellate review within thirty days of the entry of such 14 15 judgment, decree or order.

16 In criminal cases no petition for appeal or writ of

COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS

17 error shall be presented unless a notice of intent to file 18 such petition shall have been filed with the clerk of the 19 court in which the judgment or order was entered 20 within thirty days after such judgment or order was 21 entered. The notice shall fairly state the grounds for the 22 petition without restricting the right to assign addi-23 tional grounds in the petition.

§58-5-16. Time for giving bond.

Ch. 62]

An appeal, writ of error or supersedeas allowed from or to a final judgment, decree or order shall be dismissed whenever it appears that two months have elapsed since the date when the appeal, writ of error or supersedeas was granted before such bond is given as is required to be given before the appeal, writ of error or supersedeas takes effect.

§58-5-17. Court to prescribe method and form of reproducing record; reproduction of record by clerk; distribution; costs.

1 The supreme court of appeals shall by order prescribe 2 the method and form of reproducing records. Such order 3 shall prescribe the number of copies to be reproduced, 4 the contents thereof, the type size and quality of paper 5 and the maximum rate per page that may be charged 6 for the printing or reproduction of such records.

7 The cost of printing or reproduction, photostating and 8 blueprinting, if any, shall be included at the end of the 9 record with the date the same was printed or otherwise 10 reproduced.

The clerk shall have the record printed or reproduced 11 when the party obtaining the appeal, writ of error or 12 supersedeas shall deposit with him a sufficient sum to 13 pay for same. The clerk shall deliver one copy to counsel 14 on each side and retain the remaining copies in his 15office. He shall cause all copies of the record remaining 16 in his office to be compared with the typewritten 17 transcript certified to the supreme court of appeals and 18 correct all errors that may appear therein. The cost of 19 such printing or reproduction, unless otherwise ordered 20 by the court, shall be taxed against the unsuccessful 21

575

22 party. In every felony and misdemeanor case, the clerk shall have the usual number of records printed or 2324 otherwise reproduced at a cost not exceeding the amount fixed by the court, and dispose of the same as in other 25 26 cases: and upon the certificate of the chief justice of the 27 supreme court of appeals stating that such record has 28 been printed or otherwise reproduced as required by the court, and the amount said clerk is entitled to, the cost 29 of printing or reproducing the same shall be paid to said 30 clerk out of the treasury of the state, and the auditor 31shall draw his warrant on the treasury for the payment 32 thereof out of the fund for criminal charges. 33

Any increased rate for printing or reproducing 34 35 records, as may be prescribed by order of the court, shall apply to all cases docketed in the supreme court 36 of appeals on the effective date of the order of the court, 37 pending reproduction of the record. Such latter cases, 38 however, shall not be subject to dismissal because of any 39 **4**0 increased rate, where statement for estimated costs has 41 been rendered and paid as provided in this section, but 42 they shall not be placed upon the argument docket until the increased cost thereof shall have been paid in full. 43

CHAPTER 63 (Com. Sub. for S. B. 327—By Senators Warner and Felton)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, relating to providing for the misdemeanor offense of impersonating a law-enforcement officer or official; definitions; and criminal penalty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. CRIMES AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT.

§61-1-9. Impersonation of law-enforcement officer or official; penalty.

Any person who shall falsely represent himself or 1 2 herself to be a law-enforcement officer or law-enforcement official or to be under the order or direction of any 3 such person, or any person not a law-enforcement officer 4 or law-enforcement official who shall wear the uniform 5 6 prescribed for such persons, or the badge or other insignia adopted for use by such persons with the intent 7 8 to deceive another person, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than 9 one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars. 10

For purposes of this section, the terms law-enforcement officer and law-enforcement official shall be defined by section one, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of this code, except that such terms shall not include members of the division of public safety and shall not include individuals hired by nonpublic entities for the provision of security services.

CHAPTER 64

(H. B. 4749-By Delegates Basham and Reid)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section forty-nine, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to purchase of metals by junk dealers, salvage yard or recycling facility owners or operators; maintaining records thereof; requiring proof of ownership; and providing criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-nine, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Ch. 64]

ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

§61-3-49. Purchase of metals by junk dealers, salvage yard or recycling facilities owners or operators; records of such purchases; penalties.

(a) Any person in the business of purchasing scrap 1 2 metal, such as a junk dealer, a salvage yard owner or 3 operator or a public or commercial recycling facility owner or operator, or any agent or employee thereof, 4 who purchases any form of copper, or aluminum wire, 5 brass bearings or fittings, mercury, lead or other 6 metallic material of any kind, shall make a permanent 7 8 record of such purchase. Such record shall accurately list the name, permanent and business addresses and 9 telephone number of the seller, the motor vehicle license 10 11 number of any vehicle used to transport the metals to 12 the place of purchase, the time and date of the transac-13 tion and a complete description of the kind and 14 character of the materials purchased. The person 15 purchasing the scrap metal shall also require from the 16 seller, and retain in the permanent record, affidavit of 17 ownership of the materials being sold. It shall be unlawful for any of the aforementioned persons to 18 19 purchase any metallic materials without affidavit of 20 ownership, or authorization from the owner to sell, on 21 the part of the seller. Such record shall be available for 22 inspection by any law-enforcement officer and must be 23 maintained for not less than one year after the date of 24 the purchase. On or before the first day of January, 25 April, July and October of each year, a purchaser of 26 scrap metal shall forward to the division of public safety 27 a copy of all records of purchases made in the preceding 28 three months.

29 (b) Should the transaction involve one hundred or 30 more pounds of copper or aluminum, in any form, the 31 purchaser of the scrap metal, or his or her agent, shall 32report in writing to the chief of police of the municipality or the sheriff of the county wherein he or she is 33 34 transacting business and to the local detachment of the 35 division of public safety all the information obtained. The report must be filed within twenty-four hours after 36 the transaction. The purchaser may not alter the form 37

Ch. 65]

38 or substance of, dispose of or remove from this state,
39 such copper or aluminum for a period of ten days after
40 the purchase.

41 (c) Every nonresident, before transporting from the 42 state any of the items hereinbefore mentioned, shall file 43 with the sheriff of the county where such purchase was 44 made a complete description of the property he or she 45 proposes to transport from the state, showing the date 46 of purchase, the names of the buyer and seller, the party 47 to whom consigned, and the license number of any automobile or truck which may be employed in trans-48 49 porting such junk or materials hereinbefore mentioned.

50 (d) Nothing in this section applies to scrap purchases 51 by manufacturing facilities that melt, or otherwise alter 52 the form of scrap metal and transform it into a new 53 product or to the purchase or transportation of food and 54 beverage containers or other nonindustrial metallic 55 materials having a marginal value per individual unit.

56 (e) Any person violating the provisions of this section, 57 including the knowing falsification of any required 58 information, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 59 conviction, shall be fined not less than one hundred nor 60 more than five hundred dollars or imprisoned in the 61 county jail for not more than six months, or both fined 62 and imprisoned.

CHAPTER 65

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 184-By Senators Wehrle, Humphreys and M. Manchin)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article eight-e, relating to the display of video ratings or the lack thereof; setting forth the legislative purpose; defining certain terms; prohibiting business entities from selling, offering for sale, renting or offering to rent, video movies without certain designations displayed upon the cassettes or jackets thereof; creating a misdemeanor crime; and establishing penalties therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eight-e, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8E. DISPLAY OF VIDEO RATINGS OR LACK THEREOF.

§61-8E-1. Legislative purpose.

§61-8E-2. Definitions.

§61-8E-3. Labeling of video movies designated for sale or rental; penalties.

§61-8E-1. Legislative purpose.

1 The Legislature finds that the motion picture industry 2 has had an effective voluntary film rating system for 3 many years. It further finds that with the advent of movie video cassette sales and rentals that the variety 4 and number of movie video cassettes available to the 5 6 consumer for home use has significantly increased. This 7 growth in the marketplace has resulted in some film 8 makers and distributors choosing not to be subject to the voluntary rating system, putting the consumer in the 9 position of being without the guidance of such rating 10 system in making rental or purchase decisions. The 11 12 Legislature believes that the public has a right to be $\cdot 13$ informed about movie video cassette ratings or the lack thereof in making rental or purchase decisions. 14

§61-8E-2. Definitions.

1 In this article, unless a different meaning is plainly 2 required:

3 (1) "Business entity" means any sole proprietorship,
4 partnership or corporation;

5 (2) "Official rating" means an official rating of the
6 Motion Picture Association of America and the Film
7 Advisory Board, Inc.; and

8 (3) "Video movie" means a video tape or video disc9 copy of a motion picture film.

Ch. 66]

§61-8E-3. Labeling of video movies designated for sale or rental; penalties.

(a) No business entity in this state shall sell, offer for
 sale, rent or offer for rent, any video movie which does
 not have visibly and legibly displayed on the cassette
 case or jacket, an official rating or, if the motion picture
 film has obtained no such rating, the designation "NOT
 RATED" or "N.R.".

7 (b) Any business entity which knowingly violates the 8 provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty 9 of a misdemeanor and for a first offense conviction shall 10 be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. A conviction 11 for a second or subsequent offense shall subject the 12 offender to a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars.

CHAPTER 66

(S. B. 147-By Senator Tomblin)

[Passed February 8, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter five-f of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to transferring the administration of the crime victims compensation fund from the department of public safety to the court of claims.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter five-f of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. TRANSFER OF AGENCIES AND BOARDS.

*§5F-2-1. Transfer and incorporation of agencies and boards.

1 (a) The following agencies and boards, including all 2 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and

^{*} Clerk's Note: §5F-2-1 was also amended by S. B. 615 (Chapter 187), which passed subsequent to this act.

CRIME VICTIMS

ź

funds associated with any such agency or board, are
hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be
administered as a part of the department of
administration:
(1) Building commission provided for in article six,
chapter five of this code;

9 (2) Records management and preservation advisory 10 committee provided for in article eight, chapter five of 11 this code;

(3) Public employees retirement system and board of
trustees provided for in article ten, chapter five of this
code;

(4) Public employees insurance agency and public
employees advisory board provided for in article sixteen,
chapter five of this code;

(5) Department of finance and administration and
council of finance and administration provided for in
article one, chapter five-a of this code;

21 (6) Employee suggestion award board provided for in
22 article one-a, chapter five-a of this code;

23 (7) Governor's mansion advisory committee provided
24 for in article four-a, chapter five-a of this code;

(8) Advisory commission to the information system
services division in the department of finance and
administration provided for in article seven, chapter
five-a of this code;

(9) Teachers retirement system and teachers' retirement board provided for in article seven-a, chapter
eighteen of this code;

32 (10) Commission on uniform state laws provided for33 in article one-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

34 (11) Department of personnel of the civil service
35 system and the civil service commission provided for in
36 article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

37

(12) Education and state employees grievance board

583

provided for in article twenty-nine, chapter eighteen 38 39 and article six-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code: 40 (13) Board of risk and insurance management provided for in article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of this 41 42 code: 43 (14) Boundary commission provided for in article 44 twenty-three, chapter twenty-nine of this code: 45 (15) Public legal services council provided for in 46 article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code; 47 (16) Division of personnel which may be hereafter 48 created by the Legislature; and 49 (17) The West Virginia ethics commission which may be hereafter created by the Legislature. 50 51(b) The following agencies and boards, including all 52 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and funds associated with any such agency or board, are 53 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 54 administered as a part of the department of commerce, 55 labor and environmental resources: 56 57 (1) Forest management review commission provided for in article twenty-four, chapter five of this code; 58 59 (2) Department of commerce provided for in article 60 one, chapter five-b of this code; 61 (3) Office of community and industrial development provided for in article two, chapter five-b of this code; 62 63 (4) Enterprise zone authority provided for in article 64 two-b, chapter five-b of this code; 65 (5) Office of federal procurement assistance provided for in article two-c, chapter five-b of this code; 66 67 (6) Export development authority provided for in article three, chapter five-b of this code; 68 69 (7) Labor-management council provided for in article 70 four, chapter five-b of this code;

584	CRIME VICTIMS [Ch. 66
71 72	(8) Industry and jobs development corporation pro- vided for in article one, chapter five-c of this code;
73 74	(9) Public energy authority and board provided for in chapter five-d of this code;
75 76	(10) Air pollution control commission provided for in article twenty, chapter sixteen of this code;
77 78 79	(11) Resource recovery-solid waste disposal author- ity provided for in article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of this code;
80 81 82	(12) Division of forestry and forestry commission provided for in article one-a, chapter nineteen of this code;
83 84 85	(13) Department of natural resources and natural resources commission provided for in article one, chapter twenty of this code;
86 87	(14) Water resources board provided for in article five, chapter twenty of this code;
88 89	(15) Water development authority and board provided for in article five-c, chapter twenty of this code;
90 91	(16) Department of labor provided for in article one, chapter twenty-one of this code;
92 93	(17) Labor-management relations board provided for in article one-b, chapter twenty-one of this code;
94 95 96	(18) Public employees occupational safety and health advisory board provided for in article three-a, chapter twenty-one of this code;
97 98	(19) Minimum wage rate board provided for in article five-a, chapter twenty-one of this code;
99 100 101	(20) Board of manufactured housing construction and safety provided for in article nine, chapter twenty-one of this code;
102 103	(21) Department of energy provided for in article one, chapter twenty-two of this code;

ŧ

4

ł

Ł

104 (22) Reclamation board of review provided for in
105 article four, chapter twenty-two of this code;
106 (23) Board of appeals provided for in article five

106 (23) Board of appeals provided for in article five,107 chapter twenty-two of this code;

108 (24) Board of coal mine health and safety and coal
109 mine safety and technical review committee provided
110 for in article six, chapter twenty-two of this code;

(25) Shallow gas well review board provided for inarticle seven, chapter twenty-two of this code;

(26) Oil and gas conservation commission provided forin article eight, chapter twenty-two of this code;

(27) Board of miner training, education and certification provided for in article nine, chapter twenty-two of
this code;

(28) Mine inspectors' examining board provided for inarticle eleven, chapter twenty-two of this code;

(29) Oil and gas inspectors' examining board providedfor in article thirteen, chapter twenty-two of this code;

(30) Geological and economic survey provided for inarticle two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

124 (31) Blennerhassett historical park commission pro-125 vided for in article eight, chapter twenty-nine of this 126 code;

127 (32) Tourist train and transportation board provided
128 for in article twenty-four, chapter twenty-nine of this
129 code;

(33) Economic development authority provided for inarticle fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code;

(34) Board of members of the forest industries
industrial foundation provided for in article sixteen,
chapter thirty-one of this code;

135 (35) Department of banking provided for in article136 two, chapter thirty-one-a of this code;

585

586	CRIME VICTIMS [Ch. 66	
137 138 139	(36) Board of banking and financial institutions provided for in article three, chapter thirty-one-a of this code;	
140 141	(37) Consumer affairs advisory council provided for in article seven, chapter forty-six-a of this code; and	
$\begin{array}{c} 142 \\ 143 \end{array}$	(38) Lending and credit rate board provided for in chapter forty-seven-a of this code.	
144 145 146 147 148 149	(c) The following agencies and boards, including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and funds associated with any such agency or board, are hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be administered as a part of the department of education and the arts:	
150 151	(1) Library commission provided for in article one, chapter ten of this code;	
$\begin{array}{c} 152 \\ 153 \end{array}$	(2) Educational broadcasting authority provided for in article five, chapter ten of this code;	
$154 \\ 155$	(3) Board of regents provided for in article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of this code; and	
156 157 158	(4) Department of culture and history, archives and history commission and commission on the arts provided for in article one, chapter twenty-nine of this code.	
159 160 161 162 163 164	(d) The following agencies and boards, including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and funds associated with any such agency or board, are hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be administered as a part of the department of health and human resources:	
165 166	(1) Human rights commission provided for in article eleven, chapter five of this code;	
$\begin{array}{c} 167 \\ 168 \end{array}$		
169 170 171	council provided for in article one, chapter nine-a of this	

ì

Į

nyê si wakrê

(4) Department of health and board of health pro-vided for in article one, chapter sixteen of this code;

(5) Health care planning council provided for inarticle two-d, chapter sixteen of this code;

(6) Office of emergency medical services and advisory
council thereto provided for in article four-c, chapter
sixteen of this code;

(7) Continuum of care board for the elderly, disabled
and terminally ill provided for in article five-d, chapter
sixteen of this code;

(8) Hospital finance authority provided for in articletwenty-nine-a, chapter sixteen of this code;

(9) Health care cost review authority provided for inarticle twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of this code;

(10) Structural barriers compliance board providedfor in article ten-f, chapter eighteen of this code;

(11) Department of employment security, state advisory council thereto and board of review provided for
in chapter twenty-one-a of this code;

(12) Office of workers' compensation commissioner,
advisory board thereto and workers' compensation
appeal board provided for in chapter twenty-three of
this code;

(13) Commission on aging provided for in articlefourteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

(14) Commission on mental retardation and advisory
committee thereto provided for in article fifteen,
chapter twenty-nine of this code;

(15) Women's commission provided for in articletwenty, chapter twenty-nine of this code; and

(16) Commission on children and youth provided forin article six-c, chapter forty-nine of this code.

204 (e) The following agencies and boards, including all 205 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and

588	CRIME VICTIMS	[Ch. 66
206 207 208 209	funds associated with any such agency hereby transferred to and incorporated administered as a part of the departs safety:	in and shall be
210 211	(1) Adjutant general's department p article one-a, chapter fifteen of this code;	
212 213	(2) Armory board provided for in arti fifteen of this code;	icle six, chapter
$\begin{array}{c} 214 \\ 215 \end{array}$	(3) Military awards board provided fo g, chapter fifteen of this code;	or in article one-
216 217 218	(4) Department of public safety and drunk driving prevention provided for chapter fifteen of this code;	
219 220 221	(5) Office of emergency services a services advisory council provided for chapter fifteen of this code;	
222 223	(6) Sheriffs' bureau provided for ir chapter fifteen of this code;	n article eight,
224 225	(7) Department of corrections provided twenty-five of this code;	d for in chapter
226 227 228	(8) Fire commission and state fire provided for in article three, chapter two code;	
229 230	(9) Regional jail and prison authority article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this	
231 232	(10) Board of probation and parole article twelve, chapter sixty-two of this c	
233 234 235 236 237 238	(f) The following agencies and boards, the allied, advisory, affiliated or relat funds associated with any such agency hereby transferred to and incorporated administered as a part of the departm revenue:	ed entities and y or board, are in and shall be
239 240	(1) Tax department provided for chapter eleven of this code;	in article one,

Ch.	66]CRIME VICTIMS589
241 242	(2) Appraisal control and review commission provided for in article one-a, chapter eleven of this code;
$243 \\ 244 \\ 245$	(3) Office of nonintoxicating beer commissioner provided for in article sixteen, chapter eleven of this code;
$\begin{array}{c} 246 \\ 247 \end{array}$	(4) Board of investments provided for in article six, chapter twelve of this code;
248 249	(5) Municipal bond commission provided for in article three, chapter thirteen of this code;
$250 \\ 251$	(6) Racing commission provided for in article twenty- three, chapter nineteen of this code;
252 253 254	(7) Lottery commission and position of lottery director provided for in article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
$\begin{array}{c} 255\\ 256 \end{array}$	(8) Agency of insurance commissioner provided for in article two, chapter thirty-three of this code;
257 258 259	(9) Office of alcohol beverage control commissioner provided for in article two, chapter sixty of this code; and
$\begin{array}{c} 260\\ 261 \end{array}$	(10) Division of professional and occupational licenses which may be hereafter created by the Legislature.
262 263 264 265 266 266	(g) The following agencies and boards, including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and funds associated with any such agency or board, are hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be administered as a part of the department of transportation:
268 269	(1) Road commission provided for in article two, chapter seventeen of this code;
270 271	(2) Department of highways provided for in article two-a, chapter seventeen of this code;
272 273	(3) Turnpike commission provided for in article sixteen-a, chapter seventeen of this code;

ſ

590	CRIME VICTIMS [Ch. 66	
$\frac{274}{275}$	(4) Department of motor vehicles provided for in article two, chapter seventeen-a of this code;	
$\begin{array}{c} 276 \\ 277 \end{array}$	(5) Driver's licensing advisory board provided for in article two, chapter seventeen-b of this code;	
278 279 280	(6) Motorcycle safety standards and specifications board provided for in article fifteen, chapter seventeen- c of this code;	
281 282	(7) Aeronautics commission provided for in article two-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code;	
283 284	(8) Railroad maintenance authority provided for in article eighteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code; and	
285 286	(9) Port authority which may be hereafter created by the Legislature.	
287 288 289 290 291 292 293	ments by the provisions of section two of this article, the existence of the position of administrator and of the agency and the powers, authority and duties of each administrator and agency shall not be affected by the	
294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 303 304	have been delegated to the secretaries of the depart- ments by the provisions of section two of this article, the existence, powers, authority and duties of boards and the membership, terms and qualifications of members of such boards shall not be affected by the enactment of this chapter, and all boards which are appellate bodies or were otherwise established to be independent decision-makers shall not have their appellate or independent decision-making status affected by the	
305 306 307 308 309 310	5 general or other law, in any rule or regulation, or in any ordinance, resolution or order, reference is made to any department transferred to and incorporated in a department created in section two, article one of this	

۱

ŧ

311 construed and understood to mean a division of the 312 appropriate department so created, and any such 313 reference elsewhere to a division of a department so 314 transferred and incorporated shall henceforth be read, 315 construed and understood to mean a section of the 316 appropriate division of the department so created.

(k) The crime victims compensation fund provided for
in article two-a, chapter fourteen of this code, including
all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities
and funds associated therewith, is hereby transferred to
and incorporated in and shall be administered as a part
of the court of claims.



[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four, fourteen and twenty-six, article two-a, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to imposing costs on persons convicted of driving under the influence, such costs being deposited in the crime victims fund, and to the award of compensation from the crime victims compensation fund to the spouse of, person living in the same household with, parent, child, brother or sister of the offender or his accomplice.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four, fourteen and twenty-six, article two-a, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2A. COMPENSATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

- §14-2A-4. Creation of crime victims compensation fund.
- §14-2A-14. Grounds for denial of claim or reduction of awards; maximum awards; awards for emotional distress; mental anguish, etc.
- §14-2A-26. Rules and regulations.

CRIME VICTIMS

§14-2A-4. Creation of crime victims compensation fund.

1 (a) Every person within the state who is convicted of 2 or pleads guilty to a misdemeanor or felony offense. 3 other than a traffic offense that is not a moving violation, shall pay the sum of three dollars as costs in 4 the case, in addition to any other court costs that the 5 6 court is required by law to impose upon such convicted 7 person. In addition to the three dollar sums required to be collected as costs under the provisions of this 8 9 subsection, there shall be collected from every person so convicted in any magistrate court and circuit court (and 10 excluding municipal courts) the sum of one dollar which 11 12 shall be in addition to any other court cost required by this section or which may be required by law. In 13 14 addition to any other costs previously specified, every person within the state who is convicted of or pleads 15 guilty to a violation of section two, article five, chapter 16 17 seventeen-c, shall pay the following cost:

18 (1) For a first offense, ten dollars;

19 (2) For a second offense, twenty-five dollars;

20 (3) For a third or subsequent offense, fifty dollars.

This shall be in addition to any other court cost required by this section or which may be required by law.

24 (b) The clerk of the circuit court, magistrate court or 25municipal court wherein such additional costs are 26 imposed under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall, on or before the last day of each month, 27 transmit all such costs received under this article to the 28 29 state treasurer for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of a special revenue fund to be known as the 30 "Crime Victims Compensation Fund," which is hereby 31 created. All moneys heretofore collected and received 32 33 under the prior enactment or reenactments of this article and deposited or to be deposited in the "Crime 34 35 Victims Reparation Fund" are hereby transferred to the crime victims compensation fund, and the treasurer 36 shall so deposit such moneys in the state treasury. All 37

38 moneys collected and received under this article and 39 paid into the state treasury and credited to the crime

paid into the state treasury and credited to the crime
victims compensation fund in the manner prescribed in
section two, article two, chapter twelve of this code, shall
be kept and maintained for the specific purposes of this
article, and shall not be treated by the auditor and
treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state.

(c) Moneys in the crime victims compensation fund shall be available for the payment of the costs of administration of this article in accordance with the budget of the court approved therefor: *Provided*, That the services of the office of the attorney general, as may be required or authorized by any of the provisions of this article, shall be rendered without charge to the fund.

*§14-2A-14. Grounds for denial of claim or reduction of awards; maximum awards; awards for emotional distress; mental anguish, etc.

1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), section ten 2 of this article, the judge or commissioner shall not 3 approve an award of compensation to a claimant who 4 did not file his application for an award of compensation 5 within two years after the date of the occurrence of the 6 criminally injurious conduct that caused the injury or 7 death for which he is seeking an award of compensation.

8 (b) An award of compensation shall not be approved 9 if the criminally injurious conduct upon which the claim 10 is based was not reported to a law-enforcement officer 11 or agency within seventy-two hours after the occurrence 12 of the conduct, unless it is determined that good cause 13 existed for the failure to report the conduct within the 14 seventy-two hour period.

(c) The judge or commissioner shall not approve an
award of compensation to a claimant who is the offender
or an accomplice of the offender who committed the
criminally injurious conduct, nor to any claimant if the
award would unjustly benefit the offender or his accomplice.

^{*}Clerk's Note: \$14-2A-14 was also amended by H. B. 4559 (Chapter 53), which passed prior to this act.

CRIME VICTIMS

(d) A judge or commissioner, upon a finding that the
claimant or victim has not fully cooperated with
appropriate law-enforcement agencies, or the claim
investigator, may deny a claim, reduce an award of
compensation, and may reconsider a claim already
approved.

(e) An award of compensation shall not be approved
if the injury occurred while the victim was confined in
any state, county or city jail, prison, private prison or
correctional facility.

30 (f) After reaching a decision to approve an award of 31compensation, but prior to announcing such approval, the judge or commissioner shall require the claimant to 32 33 submit current information as to collateral sources on 34 forms prescribed by the clerk of the court of claims. The 35 judge or commissioner shall reduce an award of 36 compensation or deny a claim for an award of compensation that is otherwise payable to a claimant to the 37 extent that the economic loss upon which the claim is 38 based is or will be recouped from other persons, 39 40 including collateral sources, or if such reduction or denial is determined to be reasonable because of the 41 contributory misconduct of the claimant or of a victim 42 through whom he claims. If an award is reduced or a 43 claim is denied because of the expected recoupment of 44 45 all or part of the economic loss of the claimant from a collateral source, the amount of the award or the denial 46 47 of the claim shall be conditioned upon the claimant's economic loss being recouped by the collateral source: 48 Provided. That if it is thereafter determined that the 49 50 claimant will not receive all or part of the expected recoupment, the claim shall be reopened and an award 51 shall be approved in an amount equal to the amount of 52 expected recoupment that it is determined the claimant 53 will not receive from the collateral source, subject to the 54 55 limitation set forth in subsection (g) of this section.

(g) Except in the case of death, compensation payable
to a victim and to all other claimants sustaining
economic loss because of injury to that victim shall not
exceed thirty-five thousand dollars in the aggregate.
Compensation payable to a victim of criminally injur-

DEPUTY SHERIFFS

61 ious conduct which causes permanent injury may 62 include, in addition to economic loss, an amount up to fifteen thousand dollars for emotional distress and pain 63 64 and suffering which are proximately caused by such 65 conduct. Compensation payable to all claimants because 66 of the death of the victim shall not exceed fifty thousand 67 dollars in the aggregate, but may include, in addition 68 to economic loss, compensation to the claimants specified in paragraph (2), subdivision (a), section three of this 69 70 article, for sorrow, mental anguish and solace.

§14-2A-26. Rules and regulations.

1 (a) The court of claims may promulgate legislative 2 rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter 3 twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions 4 of this article.

(b) The court of claims shall promulgate legislative 5 6 rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter 7 twenty-nine-a of this code to govern the award of 8 compensation to the spouse of, person living in the same 9 household with, parent, child, brother or sister of the offender or his accomplice in order to avoid an unjust 10 benefit to or the unjust enrichment of the offender or 11 12 his accomplice.

CHAPTER 68

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2727—By Delegate Damron)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventeen-b, article fourteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to counties; civil service for deputy sheriffs; increasing the maximum days of sick leave for deputy sheriffs; and allowing unlimited unpaid sick leave.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seventeen-b, article fourteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. CIVIL SERVICE FOR DEPUTY SHERIFFS.

§7-14-17b. Sick leave for deputy sheriffs.

(a) The county commission of each county shall allow 1 2 the sheriff's deputies sick leave with pay to be computed 3 as follows: Full-time deputies shall be entitled to one and one-half days sick leave for each calendar month 4 worked, or greater part thereof; part-time deputies shall 5 be entitled to sick leave at the same rate and in the same 6 proportion that hours actually worked bears to hours 7 regularly scheduled for full-time deputies: Provided, 8 That deputies may accumulate not more than one 9 10 hundred twenty sick leave days.

(b) Sick leave may be granted only when illness on the 11 part of or injury to the deputy incapacitates him for 12 duty: Provided. That the sheriff of the county in which 13 the deputy is employed shall have the authority to 14 15 require the deputy to produce a statement from an attending physician for each day of sick leave beyond 16 17 two days. This statement shall include dates of treatment and also state that the deputy was unable to work. 18 19 In the absence of the physician's statement, if required, annual leave shall be charged for the entire period. 20

(c) In the event of illness, a full-time deputy may take
without limit emergency sick leave without pay after all
accrued sick leave, annual leave and compensatory time
available to such full-time deputy has been exhausted.

CHAPTER 69 (S. B. 18—By Senator Holliday)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section sixteen, article one, chapter fortyeight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to marriages between colored persons.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Ch. 701

ARTICLE 1. MARRIAGE.

Repeal of section relating to marriages between **§1**. colored persons.

- Section sixteen, article one, chapter forty-eight of the 1
- 2 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred 3
- thirty-one, as amended, is hereby repealed.



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4109-By Delegates Murphy and Given)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten, article two-a, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to prevention of domestic violence; purposes; definitions; jurisdiction; priority of petitions; commencement of proceedings; temporary orders of courts; hearings; protective orders; testimony of husband and wife; record keeping and reporting requirements; contempt; purposes: penalty for contempt; and enforcement.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten, article two-a, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2A. PREVENTION OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

- §48-2A-1. Purpose.
- §48-2A-2. Definitions.
- \$48-2A-3. Jurisdiction; effect of complaining party leaving residence; priority of petitions filed under this article.
- §48-2A-4. Commencement of proceeding; counterclaim.
- §48-2A-5. Temporary orders of court; hearings.
- §48-2A-6. Protective orders.
- §48-2A-7. Contempt.
- §48-2A-8. Testimony of husband and wife.
- §48-2A-9. Record keeping and reporting.
- §48-2A-10. Enforcement procedure for temporary and protective order.

e.

§48-2A-1. Purpose.

1 The purpose of this article is to prevent continuing 2 abuse of one family or household member at the hands 3 of another family or household member. Nothing 4 contained in this article shall be construed as affecting 5 the abused party's rights of action or claims which are 6 otherwise provided for in this code or by common law. 7 An abusing party will remain subject to a damage claim 8 or charges of criminal conduct. It is the intent of the 9 Legislature to provide temporary and immediate relief 10 for an abused party so that he or she may make rational 11 decisions regarding their future, thus enabling them to initiate procedures for appropriate permanent remedies. 12 It is further intended that magistrates fully explain to 13 persons alleging spousal abuse the procedures involved 14 15 pursuant to a domestic violence petition. Magistrates shall also inform such persons alleging abuse to the 16 17 existence of the nearest residential or other protective facility. It is further intended that no proceeding under 18 this article shall be initiated during the pendency of a 19 divorce action between the person seeking relief under 20the provisions of this article and the alleged defendant. 21 22Any order entered by virtue of this article, unless it has 23expired by virtue of the provisions herein regarding 24 periods of time the order remains in effect, shall remain in full force and effect upon the filing by either party 25of a complaint for divorce, annulment or separate 2627 maintenance until such time as the family law master 28 or circuit judge, having jurisdiction over said action, 29 enters an order superseding such protective order.

§48-2A-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless the context clearly 2 requires otherwise:

3 (a) "Abuse" means the occurrence of one or more of
4 the following acts between family or household members
5 who reside together or who formerly resided together;

6 (1) Attempting to cause or intentionally, knowingly or
7 recklessly causing bodily injury with or without
8 dangerous or deadly weapons;

9 (2) Placing by physical menace another in fear of 10 imminent serious bodily injury;

(3) Creating fear of bodily injury by harassment,psychological abuse or threatening acts;

13 (4) Sexual abuse.

(b) "Family or household member" means spouses,
persons living as spouses, persons who formerly resided
as spouses, parents, children and stepchildren, or other
persons related by consanguinity or affinity.

(c) "Sexual abuse" has the same meaning as the
definitions of "sexual assault" and "sexual abuse" in this
code.

§48-2A-3. Jurisdiction; effect of complaining party leaving residence; priority of petitions filed under this article.

1 Circuit courts and magistrate courts, as constituted 2 under chapter fifty of this code, shall have concurrent 3 jurisdiction over proceedings under this article. The 4 complaining party's right to relief under this article 5 shall not be affected by his or her leaving the residence or household to avoid further abuse. Any petition filed 6 under the provisions of this article shall be given 7 8 priority over any other civil action before the court 9 except actions in which trial is in progress, and shall be docketed immediately upon filing. 10

§48-2A-4. Commencement of proceeding; counterclaim.

(a) A person may seek relief under this article for 1 2 himself or herself, or any parent or adult household member may seek relief under this article on behalf of 3 a minor child, by filing a verified petition alleging abuse 4 by the respondent. No person shall be refused the right 5 6 to file a petition under the provisions of this article if 7 he or she presents facts sufficient under the provisions of this article for the relief sought. 8

9 (b) The West Virginia supreme court of appeals shall 10 prescribe a form which shall be used for preparing a 11 petition under this article, and the court shall distribute 12 such forms to the clerk of the circuit court of each 13 county within the state. 14 (c) The respondent named in any petition alleging15 abuse may file a counterclaim or raise any affirmative16 defenses.

(d) No person accompanying a person who is seeking
to file a petition under the provisions of this article shall
be precluded from being present if his or her presence
is desired by the person seeking a petition unless the
person's behavior is disruptive to the proceeding or is
otherwise in violation of court rules.

§48-2A-5. Temporary orders of court; hearings.

1 (a) Upon filing of a verified petition under this article, the court may enter such temporary orders as it may $\mathbf{2}$ 3 deem necessary to protect the complainant or minor children from abuse, and, upon good cause shown, may 4 $\mathbf{5}$ do so ex parte without the necessity of bond being given by the plaintiff. Clear and convincing evidence of 6 immediate and present danger of abuse to the complain-7 8 ant or minor children shall constitute good cause for 9 purposes of this section. If the defendant is not present 10at the proceeding, complainant or complainant's legal representative shall certify to the court, in writing, the 11 12 efforts which have been made to give notice to the defendant or just cause why notice should not be 13 14 required. Following such proceeding, the court shall 15 order a copy of the petition to be served immediately 16 upon the defendant, together with a copy of any 17 protective order issued pursuant to the proceeding. 18 notice setting forth the time and place of the full hearing and a statement of the right of the defendant to be 19 20 present and to be represented by counsel. Such initial 21 protective order shall remain effective until such time 22as a hearing is held.

23 (b) Within five days following the issuance of the 24 court's temporary order, a full hearing shall be held at which the complainant must prove the allegation of 2526abuse by a preponderance of the evidence, or such 27 petition shall be dismissed. Copies of medical reports 28 may be admitted into evidence to the same extent as 29 though the original thereof, upon proper authentication, 30 by the custodian of such records. At the hearing, the court may make any protective order or approve anyconsent agreement authorized by this article.

(c) No person requested by a party to be present
during a hearing held under the provisions of this
article shall be precluded from being present unless
such person is to be a witness in the proceeding and a
motion for sequestration has been made and such has
been granted or is found by the court to be disruptive
or otherwise in violation of court rules.

40 (d) If a hearing is continued, the court may make or41 extend such temporary orders as it deems necessary.

§48-2A-6. Protective orders.

1 (a) The court may grant any protective order it deems 2 necessary to bring about a cessation of abuse of the 3 complainant or minor children, which may include:

4 (1) Directing the defendant to refrain from abusing 5 the complainant or minor children;

6 (2) Granting possession to the complainant of the 7 residence or household to the exclusion of the defendant 8 when the residence or household is jointly owned or 9 leased by the parties;

10 (3) When the defendant has a duty to support the 11 complainant or minor children living in the residence 12 or household and the defendant is the sole owner or 13 lessee, granting possession to the complainant of the 14 residence or household to the exclusion of the defendant 15 or by consent agreement allowing the defendant to 16 provide suitable alternate housing;

(4) Awarding temporary custody of or establishing
temporary visitation rights with regard to minor
children;

(5) Ordering the defendant to pay to the complainant a sum for temporary support and maintenance of the abused party. This order is of a temporary nature and, on the sixtieth day following issuance of the order, that portion of the order requiring the defendant to pay support, becomes void unless the beneficiary of that order has filed a petition for divorce with a prayer for

DOMESTIC RELATIONS

27 temporary support and maintenance under section 28 thirteen, article two, chapter forty-eight of this code or 29 has initiated an action for separate maintenance under section twenty-eight, article two, chapter forty-eight of 30 this code. When there is a subsequent ruling on a 31 petition for support under section thirteen, article two, 32 33 chapter forty-eight of this code, that portion of the order 34 requiring the defendant to pay support becomes void;

(6) Ordering the defendant to refrain from entering
the school, business or place of employment of the
complainant or household members or family members
for the purpose of violating the protective order;

39 (7) Directing the parties or a party to participate in40 counseling;

(8) Ordering the defendant to refrain from contacting,
telephoning, communicating, harassing or verbally
abusing the complainant in any public place.

(b) Any protective order shall be for a fixed period of
time not to exceed sixty days. The court may amend its
order at any time upon subsequent petition filed by
either party.

48 (c) No order under this article shall in any manner49 affect title to any real property.

(d) Certified copies of any order made under the
provisions of this article shall be issued to the plaintiff,
the defendant and any law-enforcement agency having
jurisdiction to enforce the order or agreement, including
the city police, the county sheriff's office or local office
of the state police.

§48-2A-7. Contempt.

1 (a) Upon violation of any order issued pursuant to this 2 article, the court shall, upon the filing of appropriate 3 pleadings by or on behalf of any aggrieved party, issue 4 an order to show cause why the person violating any 5 provisions of the court's order should not be held in 6 contempt of court and set a time for a hearing thereon 7 within five days of the filing of said motion.

8 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the

Ch. 70]

9 contrary, any sentence for contempt hereunder may 10 include imprisonment up to thirty days and a fine not 11 to exceed one thousand dollars or both. In lieu of 12 confinement, the court may allow the contemnor to post 13 bond as surety for the faithful compliance with the 14 orders of the court.

§48-2A-8. Testimony of husband and wife.

1 Husband and wife are competent witnesses in such 2 proceedings and cannot refuse to testify on the grounds 3 of the privileged nature of their communications.

§48-2A-9. Record keeping and reporting.

- 1 (a) Each law-enforcement agency shall maintain 2 records on all incidents of family or household abuse 3 reported to it, and shall monthly make and deliver to 4 the department of public safety a report on a form 5 prescribed by the department, listing all such incidents 6 of family or household abuse. Such reports shall include:
- 7 (1) The age and sex of the abused and abusing parties;
- 8 (2) The relationship between the parties;
- 9 (3) The type and extent of abuse;
- 10 (4) The number and type of weapons involved;

(5) Whether the law-enforcement agency responded to
the complaint and if so, the time involved, the action
taken and the time lapse between the agency's action
and the abused's request for assistance;

(6) Whether the complaining party reported having
filed complaints with regard to family or household
abuse on any prior occasion and if so, the number of
such prior complaints; and

19 (7) The effective dates and terms of any order of 20 protection issued prior to or following the incident to 21 protect the abused party: *Provided*, That no information 22 which will permit the identification of the parties 23 involved in any incident of abuse shall be included in 24 such report.

25 (b) The department of public safety shall tabulate and

DOMESTIC RELATIONS

2

1

į

26analyze any statistical data derived from the reports 27 made by law-enforcement agencies pursuant to this 28 section, and publish a statistical compilation in the 29 department's annual uniform crime report, as provided 30 for in section twenty-four, article two, chapter fifteen of 31 this code. 32 (c) The statistical compilation shall include, but is not 33 limited to, the following: 34 (1) The number of family violence complaints 35 received: 36 (2) The number of complaints investigated; 37 (3) The number of complaints received from alleged 38 victims of each sex: 39 (4) The average time lapse in responding to such complaints; 40 41 (5) The number of complaints received from alleged 42 victims who have filed such complaints on prior 43 occasions: 44 (6) The number of aggravated assaults and homicides 45 resulting from such repeat incidents: 46 (7) The type of police action taken in disposition of the 47 cases: and 48 (8) The number of alleged violations of orders of 49 protection. 50 (d) As used in this section, the terms "abuse" and 51 "family or household members" shall have the meanings 52 given them in section two, article two-a, chapter forty-53 eight of this code; and the term "law-enforcement 54 agency" shall include the West Virginia department of 55 health and human resources in those instances of child 56 abuse reported to the department which are not 57 otherwise reported to any other law-enforcement 58 agency. 59 (e) The department of public safety shall develop and 60 implement policies and procedures to guide law-

61 enforcement officers in responding to and investigating 62 domestic violence episodes, making arrests for domestic

604

DOMESTIC RELATIONS

violence episodes and in accordance with this section.
Such policies and procedures are to be in effect by the
first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety.
Copies of said policies and procedures are to be
distributed to all law-enforcement departments in this
state.

69 (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 70 authorize the inclusion of information contained in a report of an incident of abuse in any local, state, 7172interstate, national or international systems of criminal 73 identification pursuant to section twenty-four, article two, chapter fifteen of this code: Provided, That nothing 74 75 in this section shall prohibit the department of public 76 safety from processing information through its criminal 77 identification bureau with respect to any actual charge 78 or conviction of a crime.

§48-2A-10. Enforcement procedure for temporary and protective order.

1 (a) Upon issuance of a temporary order as provided 2 in section five of this article, and service thereof upon 3 the defendant, or under relief granted in a protective order as provided in subsections (a) and (b), section six 4 5 of this article of which the defendant has notice, a copy 6 of such order shall, no later than the close of the next business day, be delivered to a local office of the city 7 police, the county sheriff, and the West Virginia 8 department of public safety, where it shall be placed in 9 10 a confidential file, with access provided only to the law-11 enforcement agency and the respondent named on said 12 order: *Provided*, That upon the expiration of any order issued pursuant to section five or six of this article, any 13 14 such law-enforcement agency which has any such order 15 on file, shall immediately expunge its confidential file 16 of any reference thereto and destroy all copies of such 17 order in its possession, custody or control. A sworn 18 affidavit may be executed by the party awarded 19 exclusive possession of the residence or household, 20 pursuant to an order entered under subsection (b) of 21 section six of this article, and delivered to such law-22 enforcement agency simultaneously with any such 23order, giving his consent for a law-enforcement officer

Ch. 70]

ŧ

to enter such residence or household, without a warrant,to enforce such protective order or temporary order.

(b) Any person who observes a violation of such order
or the violated party may call a local law-enforcement
agency, which shall verify the existence of a current
order, and shall direct a law-enforcement officer to
immediately investigate the alleged violation.

31 (c) Where a law-enforcement officer observes a 32 violation of a valid order, he may immediately arrest the 33 subject of the order. In cases of violation of such orders occurring outside the presence of the investigating 34 officer, the complainant may apply to a court in session 35 36 for a warrant of arrest. If the court finds probable cause 37 to believe that a valid order has been violated, the court 38 shall issue such warrant for the arrest of the subject of 39 the order wherever he may be found.

40 (d) Where there is an arrest, the officer shall take the 41 arrested person before a court or the magistrate assigned to be available at such time and upon a finding 42 43 of probable cause to believe a violation of an order has 44 taken place, the court or magistrate shall set a time and 45 place for a hearing, to take place within five days, and 46 serve forthwith upon the alleged violator an order to 47 show cause why he or she should not be held in contempt for violation of the prior order, which unless waived by 48 49 the defendant shall be by trial by a jury of six persons. 50 The remedies provided by this section shall be limited 51 to violations of a temporary order or protective order entered pursuant to subsection (a) or (b), section six of 52 53 this article.





[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article three, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal section five, article two of said

chapter five-b; to amend and reenact sections one, two, four, five, six, six-a, seven, eight, ten, twelve, twelve-b, thirteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, article one, chapter five-b; to amend and reenact section three. article two, chapter five-b; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twoa: and to amend said chapter five-b by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-d, all relating to creating the division of tourism and parks; short title; legislative findings; sections created; appointment; compensation and qualifications of commissioner: general powers of the division; sections created; continuation of civil service coverage for persons employed in the former department of commerce: program and policy action statement; submission to joint committee on government and finance: section of tourism: purpose: powers and duties generally; section of advertising and promotion; purpose; powers and duties generally; section of product marketing; purpose; powers and duties generally; section of parks and recreation created; duties; records and equipment previously transferred from the department of natural resources to the department of commerce: funds: conveyance of Grandview State Park to the national park service; governor; director of the division of natural resources and director of the division of tourism and parks: section of parks and recreation: incorporating Moncove Lake public hunting and fishing area as a state park to be named Moncove State Park: contracts for operation of Lake commissaries: renewal option; purchase of investment and price determination; master plan development; public hearing on proposed contracts; promulgation of rules; purpose; powers and duties generally; acquisition of former railroad subdivision for establishment of Greenbrier River Trail; development; protection; operation and maintenance of trail: correlation of projects and services; sunset provision; governor's office of community and industrial development: general powers of the office: divisions created: creation of the West Virginia guaranteed work force program; short title; definitions; development of business and industrial training program; funding of program; program activities: reports to Legislature and governor and joint commission on vocational, technical, and occupational education; and marketing of program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed: that section five, article two of said chapter fiveb be repealed: that sections one, two, four, five, six, six-a, seven, eight. ten, twelve, twelve-b, thirteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, article one of said chapter five-b be amended and reenacted; that section three, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article two be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a; and that said chapter five-b be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-d, all to read as follows:

Article

- 1. Division of Tourism and Parks.
- 2. Office of Community and Industrial Development.
- 2D. West Virginia Guaranteed Work Force Program.

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF TOURISM AND PARKS.

- §5B-1-1. Short title.
- §5B-1-2. Legislative findings.
- §5B-1-4. Division created; appointment, compensation and qualifications of commissioner.
- §5B-1-5. General powers of the division.
- §5B-1-6. Sections created; continuation of civil service coverage for persons employed in the former department of commerce.
- §5B-1-6a. Program and policy action statement; submission to joint committee on government and finance.
- §5B-1-7. Section of tourism; purpose; powers and duties generally.
- \$5B-1-8. Section of advertising and promotion; purpose; powers and duties generally.
- §5B-1-10. Section of sales and marketing; purpose; powers and duties generally.
- §5B-1-12. Section of parks and recreation created; duties, records and equipment previously transferred from the department of natural resources to the department of commerce; funds.
- §5B-1-12b. Conveyance of Grandview State Park to the National Park Service; governor, director of the division of natural resources and director of the division of tourism and parks.
- §5B-1-13. Section of parks and recreation; purpose; powers and duties generally.

Ch. 71]

- §5B-1-15. Contracts for operation of commissaries. restaurants, recreational facilities and other establishments limited to ten years' duration; renewal at option of commissioner; termination of contract by the commissioner; contracts for development of revenue producing facilities within the state parks and recreational facilities; level of investment of contracts; term of investment contract; reservation of option to renew; and purchase of investment in event of default and price determination upon such event.
- §5B-1-16. Acquisition of former railroad subdivision for establishment of Greenbrier River Trail: development, protection, operation and maintenance of trail.
- §5B-1-17. Correlation of projects and services.
- §5B-1-18. Sunset provision.

§5B-1-1. Short title.

1 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as "The 2 Economic Development Act of 1990."

§5B-1-2. Legislative findings.

- 1 It is hereby determined and declared as a matter of 2 legislative finding:
- 3 (a) That seriously high unemployment exists in many4 areas of the state;
- 5 (b) That economic insecurity due to unemployment 6 undermines the health, safety and general welfare of the 7 people of the entire state;
- 8 (c) That the absence of employment and business 9 opportunities for youth is a serious threat and has 10 resulted in families leaving the state to find opportun-11 ities elsewhere, adversely affecting the tax base of the 12 state, counties and municipalities;
- (d) That the present and future welfare of the people
 of the state require as a public purpose a renewed effort
 toward the promotion and development of business
 enterprises with potential to help;
- 17 (e) That the legislative and executive branches of 18 state government must seek out and recruit exception-19 ally qualified individuals and organizations to adminis-20 ter, advise and manage the state's economic develop-21 ment programs;
- (f) That the state's leaders of business, labor, education and government must cooperate and advance

together on common ground, with the common purposeof the economic revitalization of our state; and

26 (g) That the industrial products and natural resources of the state need to be more thoroughly managed. 27 28 developed and promoted and the various industries 29 better coordinated and developed to provide a healthy 30 industry environment that will decrease unemployment. 31 promote the use of, while also protecting the renewable 32 natural resources of West Virginia, and otherwise provide for the economic revitalization of our state. 33

34 In recognition of these findings, it is in the best 35 interest of the citizens of this state to transfer the 36 management and responsibility of the division of parks 37 and recreation to the division of tourism and parks.

§5B-1-4. Division created; appointment, compensation and qualifications of commissioner.

Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 1 2 hundred ninety, there is hereby created in the executive 3 branch of state government a division of tourism and parks and the office of commissioner of tourism and 4 5 parks. The commissioner shall be the chief executive officer of the division with control and supervision of its 6 7 operations and shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and shall be paid 8 a salary of sixty-five thousand dollars a year. The 9 10 commissioner shall have control and supervision of the 11 division and shall be responsible for the work of each 12 of its sections. Under the control and supervision of the 13 commissioner, each section director shall be responsible 14 for the work of his section. The commissioner shall have 15 the authority to employ such assistants as may be 16 necessary for the efficient operation of the division.

The commissioner may appoint such deputy commissioners and assign them such duties as may be necessary
for the efficient management and operation of the
division.

§5B-1-5. General powers of the division.

1 The division of tourism and parks shall have the 2 authority and duty to:

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Ch. 71]

3 (1) Promote, encourage and facilitate the expansion
4 and development of markets for West Virginia products
5 and services and the state's national and international
6 image and prestige by any and all reasonable methods;

7 (2) Compile periodically a census of the crafts, trades, 8 skills and occupations of all adult persons in the state, 9 in cooperation with other agencies, and analyze and 10 publish the information in such form as to be most 11 valuable to business and industry;

(3) Advertise and publicize the material, economic
quality of life, recreational and other advantages of the
state which render it a desirable place for commerce
and residence;

16 (4) Collect, compile and distribute information and 17 literature concerning the advantages and attractions of 18 the state, its historic and scenic points of interest and 19 the highway, transportation and other facilities of the 20 state;

(5) Plan and carry out a program of information and
publicity designed to attract to West Virginia tourists,
visitors and other interested persons from outside the
state;

(6) Manage the state's park and recreation system for
the benefit of the people of this state, and effectively
promote and advertise the same to increase public
knowledge and use thereof;

29 (7) To acquire for the state in the name of the division 30of tourism and parks by purchase, lease or agreement, or accept or reject for the state, in the name of the 3132 division, gifts, donations, contributions, bequests or 33 devises of money, security or property, both real and personal, and any interest in such property, including 34lands and water, for state park or recreational areas for 35 36 the purpose of providing public recreation: Provided, That any sale, exchange or transfer of such property 37 38 shall be subject to the procedures of article one-a, 39 chapter twenty of this code: Provided, however, That no lands or waters which, on or before December thirty-40 first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, were part 41

42 of the state's system of parks, or which were held or used for recreational purposes, shall be subject to such sale. 43 44 exchange or transfer, by the division: *Provided further*. That nothing herein contained shall be construed to 45 prevent the division from selling, transferring or 46 conveying to any other division or agency of this state 47 any lands or waters to which it has title and which was 48 sold, conveyed or transferred to the division from the 49 division or agency to which it is being sold, conveyed or 50transferred: 51

52 (8) Make recommendations to the governor and the 53 Legislature of any legislation deemed necessary to 54 facilitate the carrying out of any of the foregoing powers 55 and duties, and to exercise any other power that may 56 be necessary or proper for the orderly conduct of the 57 business of the division and the effective discharge of the 58 duties of the division; and

59 (9) To cooperate and assist in the production of motion 60 pictures and television and other communications.

§5B-1-6. Sections created; continuation of civil service coverage for persons employed in the former department of commerce.

1 There is hereby created within the division of tourism 2 and parks:

- 3 (1) The section of tourism;
- 4 (2) The section of advertising and promotion;
- 5 (3) The section of sales and marketing; and
- 6 (4) The section of parks and recreation.

7 Each said section shall be under the control of a director to be appointed by the commissioner who shall 8 be qualified by reason of exceptional training and 9 experience in the field of activities of his respective 10 11 section and shall serve at the will and pleasure of the commissioner. The commissioner shall have authority to 12 establish such additional sections as may be determined 13 necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter. 14

15 All persons employed on the effective date of this

chapter in the department of commerce, the duties and 16 functions of which have been transferred to the division 17 18 of tourism and parks created by virtue of the provisions of the economic development act of one thousand nine 19 hundred ninety, are hereby assigned and transferred to 20 the division of tourism and parks, and no person's 21 22 employment shall be eliminated, nor shall any person's salary, benefits or position classification be reduced or 23 24 diminished by reason of the provisions of this chapter. All persons affected shall retain their coverage under 25 the civil service system and all matters relating to job 26 classification. job tenure. salary and conditions of 27 employment shall remain in force and effect from and 28 after the effective date of this chapter: Provided. That 29 30 nothing herein shall prohibit the disciplining or 31 dismissal of any employee for cause, or the dismissal of 32 any nonclassified supervising employees appointed by 33 the governor and serving at the will and pleasure of the 34 governor.

§5B-1-6a. Program and policy action statement; submission to joint committee on government and finance.

The division of tourism and parks, the office of 1 2 community and industrial development and any other 3 authorities, boards, commissions, corporations or other entities created or amended under chapters five-b and 4 article eleven, chapter eighteen-b of this code, shall 5 6 prepare and submit to the joint committee on government and finance on/or before the first day of De-7 cember, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and each 8 year thereafter, a program and policy action statement 9 which shall outline in specific detail according to the 10 purpose, powers and duties of the office or section, its 11 12 procedure, plan and program to be used in accomplishing its goals and duties as required under this article. 13

§5B-1-7. Section of tourism; purpose; powers and duties generally.

- 1 It shall be the duty of the section of tourism:
- 2 (a) To promote and enhance the tourist industry and 3 improve tourist facilities and attractions;

4 (b) To compile a listing of all tourist facilities in this 5 state, whether public or private, including, but not 6 limited to, state parks and forests, camping grounds, back-packing and hiking trails, public and private 7 hunting areas (including the game or fowl indigenous 8 9 thereto), fishing lakes, ponds, rivers and streams (including the type of fish indigenous thereto; and the 10 11 dates of the stocking thereof), ski resorts and areas, ice skating rinks or facilities, rifle and pistol target practice 12 13 areas, skeet and other shooting facilities, archery ranges, swimming pools, lakes, ponds, rivers and 14 15streams, hotels, motels, resorts and lodges (including any attendant restaurant, banquet, meeting or conven-16 tion facilities or services), health spas or mineral water 17 or spring water health facilities, museums, cultural 18 centers, live performance theaters, colleges, schools, 19 20 universities, technical centers, airports, railroad sta-21 tions, bus stations, river docks, boating areas, govern-22 ment or military installations (which are not restricted 23 to public access), historical places, markers or places of 24 events, birthplaces of famous West Virginians, or any other thing of like kind and nature, and to develop 25 26 relative thereto a series of films, videotapes, pamphlets, brochures and other advertising or promotional media. 27 28 and to distribute the same in such a manner as to enhance the public's knowledge about West Virginia 29 and its many attractions; 30

31 (c) Develop a plan for tourist facility expansion and
 32 new development, including financing;

33 (d) To develop a system, means and mechanism to 34 distribute the promotional media described in subdivi-35 sion (b) of this section, both nationally and internationally; and to make the same available to travel agents, 36 37 tour groups, senior citizen organizations, airlines, railroads. bus companies, newspapers, magazines, radio 38 39 and television stations, and the travel editors thereof; to **40** develop, in cooperation with the division of highways, a 41 series of information stations along interstate and other 42 major highways of this state, utilizing existing rest stop 43 areas and other areas at or near the main points of 44 egress and ingress of this state for the purpose of45 making said information available to the public at large;

(e) To develop and implement a marketing strategy,
employing radio, television, magazine and newspaper
advertising, or any combination thereof, in those major
metropolitan areas of the nation, in order to attract the
residents thereof to visit and enjoy the tourist facilities
of this state;

52 (f) To encourage, cooperate with and participate in, 53 any group or organization, including regional travel 54 councils, the purpose of which is to promote and 55 advertise, or encourage the use of, tourist facilities in 56 West Virginia;

57 (g) To provide professional assistance, technical 58 advice or marketing strategies to any privately owned 59 facility or attraction, as described in subdivision (b) of 60 this section, which is open and available to the general 61 public, which has developed or is attempting to develop 62 its own advertising program;

63 (h) To employ, train and supervise a corps of information specialists or tour guides in state parks and 64 65 facilities only who possess, or through their employment and training will possess, specific knowledge and 66 information about the historic, scenic, cultural, indus-67 68 trial, educational, governmental, recreational and 69 geographical significance of the state and the various facilities or attractions described in subdivision (b) of 70 71 this section. In hiring the information specialists herein 72 provided, special preference shall be given to senior citizens (those over sixty-two years of age) and college 73 74 students who are bona fide residents of the state and 75 enrolled in any college or university of this state, whether public or private, all of whom shall be hired 76 77 on a part-time basis and whose periods of employment 78 may be seasonable:

(i) To assist tour groups, travel agencies, public
carriers or other entities of like kind or nature in
developing a program of preplanned tours, visits or
vacations in West Virginia; and, in conjunction therewith, to coordinate the activities of said tour groups,
travel agencies, public carriers or other entities with the

services offered by any of the facilities set forth in
subdivision (b) of this section; and to encourage said
facilities to offer special or discount rates to any party
traveling with said tour groups, travel agencies, public
carriers or other entities of like kind or nature; and

(j) To cooperate with the division of highways in 90 developing a system of informational highway signing 91 relating to the recreational, scenic, historic and trans-92 portational facilities and attractions of the state that 93 comply with the current federal and state regulations 94 as related to outdoor advertising and signing as 95 required by the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control 96 Devices. 97

§5B-1-8. Section of advertising and promotion; purpose; powers and duties generally.

1 It shall be the duty of the section of advertising and 2 promotion:

(a) Based upon the information, statistics, facts, 3 studies and conclusions produced by or for the 4 governor's office of community and industrial develop-5 ment, to develop a program of advertising strategies and 6 7 plans to inform the public at large and specific target 8 groups about various aspects of the state of West Virginia, including, but not limited to, agriculture, 9 natural resources, timber and timber byproducts, coal, 10 oil, gas and their byproducts, existing industries and 11 existing and proposed industrial sites, educational, 12 research and technical institutions, the labor force, 13 transportation, public utilities, navigable waterways, 14 rivers, lakes and streams, taxation, revenue bonding 15 availability and assistance, governmental rules and 16 regulations relative to business and industry, and any 17 18 other fact, statistic or item of information which is or may be helpful to or of interest to any corporation, 19 partnership, association, individual or individuals who 20 or which is or may be interested in engaging in business 21 22 in the state of West Virginia;

(b) To develop such films, videotapes, computer
 software, phonograph records, tape recordings, pam phlets, brochures, booklets, information sheets, radio,

26television or newspaper advertising, magazine inserts, 27 advertisements or supplements, billboards or any other 28 thing of like kind or nature which is, or may be, likely 29 to inform the public at large or any specifically targeted 30 group or industry about the benefits of living in, 31 investing in, producing in, buying from, contracting 32 with, or in any other way related to, the state of West 33 Virginia or any business, industry, agency, institution or $\mathbf{34}$ other entity therein;

(c) To employ or contract with such professional or
technical experts or consultants as may be necessary to
create and produce the items set forth in subdivision (b)
of this section;

(d) To spend such sums of money as may be necessary,
within legislative appropriation therefor, to purchase
advertising time or space in or upon any medium
generally engaged or employed for said purpose to
distribute or disseminate the items of advertising
described in subdivision (b) of this section;

(e) To provide professional assistance, technical
advice or marketing strategies to any privately owned
business or industry in this state which has developed
or is attempting to develop its own advertising program;

(f) To cooperate with, or participate in, any group or
organization, whether public or private, the purpose of
which is to promote, enhance or develop a positive image
of the state of West Virginia or any business, industry,
institution or facility therein;

(g) To use such resources as are available to it to 54 distribute the items of advertising and promotion 55 described in subdivision (b) of this section, to such 56 group or groups, audience or audiences, corporations, 57partnerships, associations, including public and private 58 colleges and universities, and to individuals, who or 59 which are, or may be, interested in some aspect of the 60 61 state of West Virginia:

62 (h) To engage in, participate in, promote or sponsor, 63 such trade shows, fairs, information seminars or 64 symposiums, or other event or events of like kind and

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

65 nature, including privately funded trade shows, fairs, 66 information seminars or symposiums, or other event or events of like kind and nature, whether located within 67 or without this state, or beyond the borders of the 68 69 United States, to promote generally the state of West Virginia or to assist any business, industry or other 70 71 entity, whether public or private, in promoting, advertising or advancing the reputation of the state of West 72 73 Virginia or any corporation, association, partnership, institution, business, industry or other entity which is, 74 or may be, likely to produce additional employment or 75 employment opportunities, business or business oppor-76 tunities in the state of West Virginia; and 77

(i) To perform such other duties or functions, or to
engage in such other activities, as the commissioner may
from time to time direct.

§5B-1-10. Section of sales and marketing; purpose; powers and duties generally.

1 It shall be the duty of the section of sales and 2 marketing:

3 (a) To develop such programs as are necessary for the
4 promotion and marketing of West Virginia arts, crafts
5 and products, and to implement said program in this
6 state, in the United States and in other countries;

7 (b) To design, develop and create, or to provide for the 8 design, development and creation of, such films, 9 videotapes, pamphlets, brochures, and other advertising 10 and promotional media, and to distribute the same in 11 such a manner as to enhance the public's knowledge of 12 West Virginia arts, crafts and products;

(c) To sponsor or participate in trade shows, trade
fairs or other events the purpose of which is to display,
sell, or increase public awareness of, West Virginia arts,
crafts and products;

17 (d) To design and implement a program of direct 18 sales of West Virginia arts, crafts and products; and to 19 provide for the publication and distribution of a catalog 20 which adequately displays and describes the arts, crafts 21 and products being offered for sale, employing such direct mail or other means of distribution as the directordeems appropriate;

(e) To cooperate with artists, craftsmen, guilds,
cooperatives and other organizations, the purposes of
which are to enhance or promote West Virginia arts,
crafts and products, and to assist said artists, craftsmen,
guilds, cooperatives and organizations in the development of their own marketing programs;

(f) To develop markets in West Virginia, other states
and other nations for said arts, crafts and products by
employing persons who shall act as sales agents for said
arts, crafts and products;

(g) To cooperate with other governmental divisions,
and with other groups, guilds, cooperatives or other
entities, whether public or private, the purpose of which
is to further enhance and promote the sale, use,
distribution or public knowledge of West Virginia arts,
crafts and products; and

40 (h) To perform such other duties or functions, or to
41 engage in such other activities, as the director may from
42 time to time direct.

§5B-1-12. Section of parks and recreation created; duties, records and equipment previously transferred from the department of natural resources to the department of commerce; funds.

1 (a) The duties, powers and functions of the section of 2 parks and recreation within the division of natural 3 resources previously transferred to the division of 4 commerce are hereby transferred to the division of 5 tourism and parks.

6 (b) All books, papers, maps, charts, plans, literature 7 and other records, and all equipment in the possession 8 of the division of commerce shall be delivered or turned 9 over to the division of tourism and parks.

10 (c) The division of tourism and parks shall have the 11 duty and authority to administer those properties which 12 are a part of the state parks and public recreation 13 system, but the legal title to such properties shall14 remain with the division of natural resources.

(d) All existing contracts and obligations of the
division of parks and recreation shall remain in full
force and effect and any existing contracts and obligations relating to parks and recreation shall be performed by the division of tourism and parks.

(e) The unexpended balance existing on the effective
date of this chapter in any appropriation made to the
division of commerce is hereby transferred and appropriated to the division of tourism and parks.

24 The director of the division of natural resources and 25the commissioner of tourism and parks shall cooperate fully and exercise their powers to facilitate the devel-26 opment of new or the expansion of existing park 27 facilities, including, but not limited to, the authorities 28 29 as set forth in this chapter relating to the division of tourism and parks, and as set forth in section twenty, 30 article one, chapter twenty of this code, relating to the 31division of natural resources, as amended from time to 32 33 time.

§5B-1-12b. Conveyance of Grandview State Park to the National Park Service; governor, director of the division of natural resources and director of the division of tourism and parks.

1 The governor and the director of the division of 2 natural resources may convey, within one year of the effective date of this section, the lands and property of 3 Grandview State Park to the National Park Service of 4 the government of the United States of America: 5 Provided. That the National Park Service agrees to 6 7 accept the conveyance: Provided, however. That the division of natural resources shall hold public hearings 8 prior to making said conveyance. At least one public 9 hearing shall be held in the county where the park is 10 11 located.

12 The commissioner of the division of tourism and parks 13 shall cooperate with and aid the division of natural

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

14 resources in the conveyance. The conveyance is subject

15 to the provisions of article one-a, chapter twenty of the 16 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred

17 thirty-one, as amended.

*§5B-1-13. Section of parks and recreation; purpose; powers and duties generally.

1 It shall be the duty of the section of parks and 2 recreation to have within its jurisdiction and 3 supervision:

4 (a) All state parks and state recreation areas, includ-5 ing all lodges, cabins, swimming pools, motorboating 6 and all other recreational facilities therein, except the 7 roads therein which, by reason of section one, article 8 four, chapter seventeen of this code, are transferred to 9 the state road system and to the responsibility of the 10 commissioner of highways with respect to the construction, reconstruction and maintenance of the roads or any 11 12 future roads for public usage on publicly owned lands 13 in future state parks, state forests and public hunting 14 and fishing areas:

(b) The authority and responsibility to do the necessary cutting and planting of vegetation along road
rights-of-way in state parks and recreational areas;

18 (c) The administration of all laws and regulations 19 relating to the establishment, development, protection, use and enjoyment of all state parks and state recrea-20 tional facilities consistent with the provisions of this 21 22article: *Provided*. That nothing herein shall be construed to assign to the section of parks and recreation of the 23 24 division of tourism and parks the law-enforcement 25duties set forth in article seven, chapter twenty of this 26 code, which duties shall remain the responsibility of the 27 division of natural resources:

(d) The Berkeley Springs sanitarium in Morgan
County shall be continued as a state recreational facility
under the jurisdiction and supervision of the division of

^{*}Clerk's Note: §5B-1-13 was also amended by S. B. 563 (Chapter 103), which passed prior to this act.

tourism and parks and shall be managed, directed and
controlled as prescribed in this article and in article one,
chapter twenty of this code.

The commissioner shall have and is hereby granted all 34 35 of the powers and authority and shall perform all of the 36 functions and duties with regard to Berkeley Springs 37 sanitarium that were previously vested in and performed by the director of the division of natural 38 resources, who shall no longer have such power and 39 40 authority and whose power and authority with regard to Berkeley Springs sanitarium is hereby abolished; 41

42 (e) The Washington Carver camp in Fayette County 43 is hereby transferred from the division of natural resources to the commissioner who shall have the 44 jurisdiction and supervision of the camp subject to the 45 jurisdiction and authority of the division of culture and 46 history as provided under section thirteen, article one, 47 chapter twenty-nine of this code. The commissioner shall 48 manage the Washington Carver camp as a state 49 50 recreational facility and a component of the state park 51 system:

52 (f) The improved recreational area of Camp Creek 53 State Forest in Mercer County, as delineated according 54 to section three, article one-a, chapter nineteen of this 55 code, is hereby renamed as the Camp Creek State Park 56 and under that name shall be managed as a state 57 recreational facility;

58 (g) The improved recreational area of Moncove Lake 59 public hunting and fishing area, consisting of all improved recreational facilities, including all land 60 61 between the lake and private property beginning at the main entrance on secondary route eight to the first 62 63 stream on the southwest side of the improved recreational area, approximately two hundred feet southwest 64 of the private property corner where it meets the 65 Roxalia Springs trail, thence northwest to a stream and 66 along this stream northward to and across the Diamond 67 Hollow trail to the area boundary, thence continuing 68 69 around area boundary to the lake shore, thence following the lake shore around the shoreline to meet the line 70

71 drawn from the main entrance where the boundary 72 begins. This area is hereby renamed as the Moncove 73 Lake State Park and under that name shall be managed 74 as a state recreational facility: *Provided*, That the 75 boundary, as herein described, shall be plainly marked 76 within ninety days of the effective date of this article; 77 and

(h) The commissioner of the division of tourism and
parks shall be primarily responsible for the execution
and administration of the provisions herein as an
integral part of the parks and recreation program of the
state and shall organize and staff his section for the
orderly, efficient and economical accomplishment of
these ends.

§5B-1-15. Contracts for operation of commissaries, restaurants, recreational facilities and other establishments limited to ten years' duration; renewal at option of commissioner; termination of contract by the commissioner; contracts for development of revenue producing facilities within the state parks and recreational facilities; level of investment of contracts; term of investment contract; reservation of option to renew; and purchase of investment in event of default and price determination upon such event.

(a) When it is deemed necessary by the commissioner 1 to enter into a contract with a person, firm or corpora-2 tion for the operation of a commissary, restaurant, 3 4 recreational facility or other such establishment within the state parks and public recreation system, such 5 contract shall be for a duration not to exceed ten years, 6 but a contract so made may provide for an option to 7 renew at the commissioner's discretion for an additional 8 term or terms not to exceed ten years at the time of 9 10 renewal.

11 Any contract entered into by the commissioner shall 12 provide an obligation upon the part of the operator that 13 he or she maintain a level of performance satisfactory to the commissioner, and shall further provide that any
such contract may be terminated by the commissioner
in the event he or she determines that such performance
is unsatisfactory and has given the operator reasonable
notice thereof.

19 (b) When it is deemed necessary by the commissioner to enter into a contract with a person, firm or corpora-20 21 tion for the development of revenue producing facilities 22 within the state parks and public recreation system for 23 a period of more than ten years, such contract shall be 24 at least a one million dollar level of investment for such 25revenue producing facilities. The term of the investment 26 contract may be up to twenty-five years of duration at 27 the determination of the commissioner and based upon 28 the amount of the investment and the achievement of the 29 environmental, recreational and cultural goals of the 30 state park or recreation areas system of this state.

Any contract so entered into may provide for an option
to renew at the discretion of the commissioner for an
additional term not to exceed an additional fifteen-year
term at the time of renewal.

35 Any such investment contract entered into by the 36 commissioner shall contain a provision for the purchase 37 of the investment upon an event of default on the part of the investor on the contract. Such purchase may be 38 39 exercised only for default. The purchase price of the investment shall be determined by determining a 40 41 percentage by dividing the number of years remaining 42 in the term of the contract at the time of default by the 43 number of years of the term of the contract and then 44 reducing the purchase price by such percentage of the 45 amount of the investment. The amount of the investment 46 shall be the actual cost of constructing the facilities, not including overhead, called for in the contract, as 47 48 certified by a certified public accountant at the time the 49 facilities are completed. The contract shall provide that 50 the payments to the defaulting investor shall be made 51 in equal payments yearly during the remaining period 52 of the term of the contract.

53

(c) The commissioner may not solicit nor enter into

54 contracts, except for the operation of a commissary. 55 restaurant or marina for a period of less than ten years. 56 until a master plan for the administration of that state 57 park or recreation area has been developed. He or she 58 shall supervise the preparation of the plan and may 59 utilize the staff of the division of natural resources or 60 any other state governmental agency whose expertise he 61 or she desires to enlist in the preparation thereof. The 62 commissioner shall solicit public participation and 63 involvement in all stages of the preparation of the plan 64 and in the preparation of any requests for proposals for the development of a revenue producing facility, as 65 66 described herein, with a contract duration in excess of 67 ten years. The plan shall be consistent with the 68 environmental, recreational and cultural goals of the 69 state park and recreation areas system of the state and. 70 to the extent practical, with the public comments and 71 input received during plan development.

72 (d) If the commissioner considers a proposal for the 73 development of a revenue producing facility, as des-74 cribed herein, such proposal shall be made available to 75 the public in a convenient location in the county wherein 76 the proposed facility may be located. The commissioner shall publish a notice of the proposal by Class I legal 77 advertisement in accordance with the provisions of 78 79 article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code. The 80 publication area is the county in which the proposed facility would be located. Any citizen may communicate 81 by writing to the commissioner his or her opposition or 82 approval to such proposal within a period of not less 83 than thirty days from the date of the publication of 84 85 notice.

86 (e) No contract of a term greater than ten years may 87 be entered into by the commissioner until a public hearing is held in the vicinity of the location of the 88 proposed facility with at least two weeks notice of such 89 90 hearing by Class I publication pursuant to section two, article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code. The 91 commissioner shall make findings prior to rendering a 92 decision on any proposed contract of a duration of more 93 than ten years. All studies, records, documents and 94

other materials which are considered by the commissioner in making such findings as required herein shall
be made available for public inspection at the time of
the publication of the notice of public hearing and at a
convenient location in the county where the proposed
development may be located.

101 The commissioner shall make rules in accordance 102 with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the conduct 103 of the hearing required by this section. Persons attend-104 ing such hearings shall be permitted a reasonable 105 opportunity to be heard on the proposed development.

At such hearing the commissioner shall present in
writing the following findings and supporting statements therefor:

109 (1) That the proposed development will not deprive
110 users of the state park or recreational area of existing
111 recreational facilities in any significant fashion;

(2) That the proposed development will not have
substantial negative impact on the environmental,
scenic or cultural qualities of the said park or area; and

(3) That the proposed development, considered as a
whole, is of benefit to the recreational goals of the state
and is consistent with the master plan developed for that
park or recreational area.

119 (f) Following a public hearing as prescribed herein 120 any interested person may submit to the commissioner 121 written comments on the proposed development. All 122 comments made at a hearing, in addition to those 123 received in writing within thirty days after any such 124 hearing, shall be considered by the commissioner in the determination of whether to approve the proposed 125 126 development.

(g) The commissioner may not enter into any contract
of a duration of more than ten years unless all procedures and requirements as prescribed by this section
have been complied with.

(h) The commissioner shall make a decision whetherto approve any proposal to enter into a contract for a

ŧ

duration of more than ten years within sixty days afterthe conclusion of the hearing as specified herein.

§5B-1-16. Acquisition of former railroad subdivision for establishment of Greenbrier River Trail; development, protection, operation and maintenance of trail.

The commissioner may acquire from the West Virgi-1 2 nia railroad maintenance authority approximately 3 seventy-five miles of right-of-way along the former Greenbrier subdivision of the Chessie Railroad System 4 between Caldwell in Greenbrier County and Cass in 5 6 Pocahontas County to be developed as the "Greenbrier River Trail." The acquired property shall be operated 7 8 under the authority of the division of tourism and parks 9 and used for:

10 (1) The construction and maintenance of barriers for 11 the protection of the trail from motorized vehicular 12 traffic and for the protection of adjacent public and 13 private property; and

14 (2) The development, construction, operation and 15 maintenance of bicycle and hiking trails, horseback 16 trails, primitive camping facilities and other compatible 17 recreational facilities to be so designated by the 18 commissioner.

§5B-1-17. Correlation of projects and services.

The commissioner of the division of tourism and parks 1 shall correlate and coordinate his park and recreation 2 programs, projects and developments with the functions 3 and services of other offices and sections of the division 4 and other agencies of the state government so as to 5 provide, consistent with the provisions of this chapter, 6 suitable and adequate facilities, landscaping, personnel 7 and other services at and about all state parks and 8 public recreation facilities under his jurisdiction. 9

§5B-1-18. Sunset provision.

1 Unless sooner terminated by law, the division of 2 tourism and parks shall terminate on the first day of 3 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, in 4 accordance with the provisions of article ten, chapter 5 four of this code.

ARTICLE 2. OFFICE OF COMMUNITY AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT.

§5B-2-2a. General powers of the office.

§5B-2-3. Divisions created.

§5B-2-2a. General powers of the office.

1 The office of community and industrial development 2 shall have the authority and duty to:

3 (1) Promote and encourage the location and develop4 ment of new business in the state and the maintenance
5 and expansion of existing business;

6 (2) Investigate and study conditions affecting West 7 Virginia business, industry and commerce; collect and 8 disseminate information, and engage in technical 9 studies, scientific investigations, statistical research and 10 educational activities necessary or useful for the proper 11 execution of the powers and duties of the department;

(3) Plan and develop an effective economic information service that will directly assist business, education
and labor and also encourage businesses outside the
state to use industrial office facilities, professional,
labor, financial and recreational facilities, services and
products from within the state;

(4) Encourage and develop commerce with other 18 states and nations and devise methods of removing trade 19 20 barriers that hamper the free flow of commerce between 21 this and other states and nations and for these purposes 22 cooperate with governmental, quasi-public and private organizations in formulating and promoting the adop-23 24 tion of compacts and agreements helpful to commerce 25 and labor:

(5) Conduct or encourage research designed to further
new and more extensive uses of the natural, human,
professional, technical and other resources of the state
with a view to the development of new products,
industrial processes, services and markets;

31 (6) Compile periodically a census of business and

629

industry in the state, in cooperation with other agencies,
and analyze and publish the information in such form
as to be most valuable to business and industry:

(7) Study long-range trends and developments in the
industries, commerce and economic health of the state,
and analyze the reasons underlying such trends; study
costs and other factors affecting successful operation
and location of businesses within the state;

(8) Initiate, promote and conduct, or cause to be
conducted, research designed to further new and more
extensive uses and consumption of natural and other
resources and their byproducts; and for such purposes,
to enter into contracts and agreements with research
laboratories maintained by educational or endowed
institutions in this state;

47 (9) To establish as an independent entity at West 48 Virginia University in cooperation with and involving 49 other West Virginia colleges and universities a center 50 for economic research. The center shall be under the 51control and supervision of a director, who shall be 52appointed by the president of West Virginia University. 53The center shall employ such staff economists or 54 statisticians. such research assistants and secretaries, 55each of whom shall serve on a part-time basis and may 56 be members of the faculty or staff of West Virginia 57 University or any other college or university in the state. 58In addition, the center may employ student interns;

(10) The center shall provide the governor's office of 59community and industrial development, commissioner 60 61 of tourism and parks and the Legislature with an analysis of the quality of economic data pertaining to 62 63 West Virginia. The center shall recommend ways to obtain additional information necessary to better 64 understand the state's economy and to devise better 65 66 economic development strategies. The center is directed to establish priorities and coordinate its economic 67 68 research functions with the governor and the Legislature. To accomplish this purpose the advisory board 69 created for the institute of public affairs in section one. 70 71 article twenty-six-b, chapter eighteen of this code, shall

72 serve as the advisory board to the center. The director 73 of the center shall serve as the chairman of the advisory 74 board. The center shall publish results of its research, 75 maintain a comprehensive library with supporting 76 computer data bases and shall, upon request, provide a 77 review of the economy and major policy issues to the 78 joint committee on government and finance;

79 (11) During its first year of operation, the center shall 80 include in its research topics the desirability of estab-81 lishing a detailed gross state products series, modeled 82 after the national income and products accounts and the 83 desirability of constructing a periodic input/output table 84 for the state. It shall review the quality of current 85 statistics relating to employment and prices and statistics relating to poverty and the distribution of 86 income and wealth. The center may study the feasibility 87 88 of, and, based upon such study, establish a West Virginia econometric model project: 89

90 (12) Where deficiencies are found in existing data
91 sources, the center shall publish conclusions regarding
92 the benefits to be derived from gathering additional or
93 better information and shall make operational recom94 mendations on the best possible methods for obtaining
95 the desired information;

96 (13) The director of the center or members of its staff 97 shall meet on a regular basis with the director of the 98 governor's office of community and industrial develop-99 ment, the commissioner of tourism and parks, other 100 officials of the department and members of the Legis-101 lature to provide the results of its research and to 102 provide policy advice and analysis;

103 (14) The center shall develop and maintain an inven-104 tory of research efforts of universities and colleges and 105 other institutions or businesses within the state and a 106 register of scientific and technological research facilities 107 in the state. That function may be performed by 108 contract with the center for education and research with 109 industry of the board of regents;

110 (15) The governor's office of community and indus-111 trial development shall assist, promote, encourage, develop and advance economic prosperity and employment throughout this state by fostering the expansion
of exports of manufactured goods and services to foreign
purchasers and the investment of capital by foreign
countries in this state;

(16) The governor's office of community and industrial development shall cooperate and act in conjunction
with other organizations, public and private, the objects
of which are the promotion and advancement of export
trade and foreign investment activities in the state of
West Virginia;

(17) The governor's office of community and industrial development shall consider establishing a source of
funding credit guarantees and insurance to support
export development not otherwise available to West
Virginia small and medium sized businesses;

128 (18) The governor's office of community and indus-129 trial development shall develop a strategic plan for the 130 economic development of the state, its regions and 131 specific industries including tourism, manufacturing, 132 timber, agriculture and other rural development, coal, 133 oil, gas and other extractive resources, retail, service, 134 distribution and small businesses. Such a plan shall emphasize a coordinated effort of the public and private 135 136 sector toward balanced growth for the state. Such plan 137 shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

(A) Assessing the state's economic strengths andweaknesses;

(B) Developing and recommending short, intermediate and long-term economic goals and plans, together
with options;

(C) Identifying barriers to economic growth anddiversification in the state;

(D) Recommending implementation procedures and
options utilizing and maximizing existing public and
private mechanism;

148 (E) Fostering and supporting scientific and techno-149 logical research in this state in cooperation with the

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

150 federal government, the various offices and divisions of 151 the department of commerce and other state and local 152 governmental agencies, educational institutions, non-153 profit institutions and organizations, business enter-154 prises and others concerned with scientific and techno-155 logical research development;

156 (F) Developing a program to attract investment in 157 research and development in high technology industries;

(G) Conducting a series of studies to determine the
feasibility of constructing natural gas transmission
lines, electric power generating facilities and coal
processing plants to be owned, either in whole or in part,
or to be operated, either in whole or in part, by the state
of West Virginia; and

164 (H) Maintaining a library of research materials,
165 including computer data bases, to accomplish the goals
166 of the division.

§5B-2-3. Divisions created.

1 There are hereby created within the office of commun-2 ity and industrial development:

- 3 (1) The division of community development;
- 4 (2) The division of financial and technical assistance;
- 5 (3) The division of administration;
- 6 (4) The division of industrial development;
- 7 (5) The division of employment and training;
- 8 (6) The division of small business development; and
- 9 (7) The division of small business.

10 Each said division shall be under the control of a 11 director to be appointed by the director of the office of 12 community and industrial development and who shall be 13 qualified by reason of exceptional training and expe-14 rience in the field of activities of his respective division 15 and shall serve at the will and pleasure of the director.

16 The governor is hereby authorized to establish and 17 maintain foreign trade offices, personnel for same and 18 attendant services.

ARTICLE 2D. WEST VIRGINIA GUARANTEED WORK FORCE PROGRAM.

- §5B-2D-1. Short title.
- §5B-2D-2. Definitions.
- §5B-2D-3. Training program.
- §5B-2D-4. Funds.
- §5B-2D-5. Program activities.
- §5B-2D-6. Reporting.
- §5B-2D-7. Marketing.

§5B-2D-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "West Virginia Guaranteed Work Force Program."

§5B-2D-2. Definitions.

- (a) "GOCID" shall mean the Governor's Office of
 Community and Industrial Development;
- 3 (b) "Employer" shall mean an individual, partnership,
 4 corporation, or other legal entity that employs or plans
 5 to employ skilled workers;
- 6 (c) "Retraining and job upgrade" shall mean the 7 specialized training that is given to an identified level 8 of employees to enable them to advance to a higher level 9 of employment;
- (d) "Program" shall mean the West Virginia Guaranteed Work Force Program established pursuant to
 section three;
- (e) "Training" shall mean custom-designed training
 given to employees or prospective employees of new or
 expanding businesses and industries within the state;
- (f) "Training provider" shall mean any persons, public
 or private educational institutions, agencies, companies
 or other entities that may be utilized for training or
 consultative services for an employer.

§5B-2D-3. Training program.

1 The GOCID shall develop a business and industrial 2 training program, the purpose of which is to provide 3 assistance for new or expanding businesses for the 4 training, retraining or upgrading of the skills of

potential employees. The program shall emphasize 5 employee training specifically designed to accommodate 6 the needs of individual employers. The program shall 7 8 encourage the expansion of existing businesses and 9 industries within the state, promote retention of 10 businesses and industries within the state, promote 11 retention of existing jobs within the state, prevent 12 economic and industrial out-migration, and assist in the 13 relocation of out-of-state businesses and industries in the state. Under this program, GOCID may pay up to one 14 hundred percent (100%) or one thousand dollars (\$1,000) 15 16 per employee, whichever is less, of the training costs of 17 new employees in firms creating at least fifty (50) jobs in a one-year period. Training assistance may also be 18 provided to existing businesses in cases in which 19 training, retraining or upgrading services will result in 20 the creation of additional jobs: Provided. That GOCID 21 22 may pay up to one hundred percent (100%) or one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per employee. whichever is 23 24 less, for the training, retraining or upgrading. Training costs associated with this program will be paid directly 2526 by GOCID to the training provider.

27 Provision of training services will depend upon employer hiring performance and projections which 28 meet the fifty (50) jobs per year requirement. The state 29 of West Virginia guarantees if employer satisfaction is 30 not achieved. GOCID will upon a review of the program 31 with the employer and the training provider arrange 32 33 retraining of employees to meet the employer's specifications and satisfaction: Provided. That in no instance 34 35 may the cost of training and retraining an employee 36 exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000).

§5B-2D-4. Funds.

The funds made available by this section shall 1 2 supplement but not displace funds available through existing programs conducted by employers themselves 3 4 and public programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA), the Carl D. Perkins Vocational 5 Education Act, the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless 6 7 Assistance Act, and the JOBS Act, or apportionment fund allocated to the community colleges, regional 8

9 occupational centers and programs, or other local
10 educational agencies. In addition, it is further the
11 intention of the Governor's Office of Community and
12 Industrial Development that the program established
13 pursuant to this section shall not replace, parallel,
14 supplant, compete with, or duplicate in any way
15 existing, approved apprenticeship programs.

16 The fund shall consist of all moneys which may be transferred to it by the West Virginia Economic 17 18 Development Authority (WVEDA) and also any contri-19 butions, grants or bequests received from federal. 20 private or other sources. Appropriations made from the funds shall be for the purpose of providing contractual 21 services through GOCID for vocational related training 22 23 or retraining provided by public or private training 24 institutions within West Virginia and for contracted 25 services through the GOCID for vocational related 26 training, retraining or upgrading provided by public or private training institutions located outside of West 27 28 Virginia and for vocational related training or retrain-29 ing provided on site, within West Virginia by any 30 training provider as defined in this article.

§5B-2D-5. Program activities.

The primary concern in the provision of training 1 2 services shall be the needs and type of services identified 3 by the employer. A college or university, community college or area vocational education center shall be 4 5 given initial consideration to provide any training. retraining, or job upgrade training. The employer will 6 7 have the opportunity to participate in the selection of a training provider. Training services may begin upon 8 9 execution of a written agreement between GOCID and 10 the employer.

Program activities may include, but not be limited to,the following:

13 (a) Perform a job skills analysis and design a training14 curriculum for an employer.

15 (b) Recruit and refer trainee applicants to an em-16 ployer.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

ļ

(c) Provide off site preemployment training, or on site
preemployment training if off site preemployment
training is not practical, to prospective employees of a
new or expanding business or industry and to existing
employees for purposes of retraining or upgrading.

(d) Retrain employees in response to a technologicalchange.

(e) Provide job upgrade training if the training willincrease the employer's total work force.

26 (f) Contract with persons, public or private educa27 tional institutions, agencies, or other bodies for training
28 or consultative services for an employer.

(g) Provide materials and supplies used in the
training process, instructors with specialized skills,
instructional training aids and equipment, consultative
services relative to highly specific or technical data, and
other services.

(h) Assist a foreign employer locating or expanding in
this state by familiarizing the employer's foreign
personnel with the work attitudes, work methods,
expectations, customs, and life style of employees who
work within this state.

39 (i) Take other action that is considered to be necessary40 or desirable for the furtherance of this article.

(j) No funds shall be awarded or reimbursed to any
business or industry for the training, retraining or
upgrading of skills of potential employees with the
purpose of replacing or supplanting employees engaged
in an authorized work stoppage.

§5B-2D-6. Reporting.

1 The office shall file a report with the Legislature and 2 the governor at the end of each fiscal year, commencing 3 June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred ninety. This 4 report shall include the following:

5 (a) The number of persons trained and their 6 demographics.

7 (b) The number of persons placed in employment.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Ch. 72]

8 (c) The number of employers for which persons have9 been trained and placed.

10 (d) The number of persons trained and placed for 11 each employer.

12 (e) The types of work for which persons have been13 trained.

14 (f) The source of training fund.

15 (g) The overall effectiveness of this article in contri-16 buting to economic stabilization and business and 17 industrial growth within this state. In addition, the 18 Governor's Office of Community and Industrial Devel-19 opment shall report on a quarterly basis to the joint commission on vocational, technical and occupational 20 21 education, the following as they relate to the training 22 program established by this article:

(1) The names of all companies approved for trainingduring the reporting quarter.

(2) The names of all companies receiving funding fortraining during the reporting quarter.

(3) The amount and source of funds utilized for eachtraining program.

- 29 (4) The type of training being delivered.
- 30 (5) The number of employees trained.
- 31 (6) Those agencies providing the training.

§5B-2D-7. Marketing.

1 The Governor's Office of Community and Industrial 2 Development shall market and promote the program.

CHAPTER 72

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4800-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Farley)

[Passed March 10, 1990: in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, relating to the West Virginia Economic Development Authority; reciting legislative

ſ

findings; creating special fund to be used for job training program; authorizing transfers into such fund by authority; specifying source of such transfers, and specifying maximum amount thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

§31-15-6a. Special power of authority to transfer funds; limitations; fund created; use of funds to provide customized job training program by governor's office of economic and community development.

1 (a) The Legislature finds and declares that in order 2 to attract the new business and industry to this state and 3 retain the business and industry in this state which 4 provide the citizens of this state with economic security: 5 to advance the business prosperity and economic welfare of this state and to assure a pool of qualified employees 6 it is necessary that a training program exist to provide 7 8 both unemployed and under-employed workers of this 9 state a means to acquire or improve their working skills so as to insure availability of qualified employees that 10 is fundamental for business and industry to prosper. 11

12 (b) The authority is hereby empowered to transfer to 13 the special revenue fund herein created, a sum of money not to exceed two million five hundred thousand dollars. 14 15 to be used by the governor's office of community 16 development to establish, administer and operate a customized job training program. The authority may 17 18 only make transfers to said fund between the time period commencing with the effective date of this 19 20 section and ending the last day of June, one thousand 21 nine hundred ninety-one. Such transfers may only be 22 made from repayments of principal amounts from loans 23 made by the authority where such repayments of 24 principal are available for such use and are not

otherwise restricted. Transfers into the special revenue
fund created above may be made at such times and in
such amounts as the authority, in its discretion, deems
reasonable: *Provided*, That the total amount of all such
transfers may not exceed two million five hundred
thousand dollars in the aggregate.

31 (c) There is hereby created in the state treasury a 32 special revenue fund entitled the "Governor's Office of 33 Community and Industrial Development Customized Job Training Program Fund." This fund shall consist of 34 moneys paid into such fund in accordance with this 35 36 section. Moneys in said fund shall be used by the 37 governor's office of community and industrial development to establish and administer a customized job 38 training program to meet the needs of expanding 39 business and industry or to create new jobs, and the 40 41 governor's office of community and industrial development may make such withdrawals from this fund as 42 required to establish and administer said customized job 43 44 training program.

> CHAPTER 73 (S. B. 193—By Senators Holliday and Blatnik)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section one-a, article two, chapter two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section fifteen, article five, chapter eighteen of said code; and to amend and reenact section two, article five, chapter eighteen-a of said code, all relating to reducing the number of out of school environment days from seven to six; designating Martin Luther King's birthday as a legal school holiday; removing an obsolete term from the code; and repealing an obsolete code section to comport with the bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one-a, article two, chapter two of the code of

÷

West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section fifteen, article five, chapter eighteen of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article five, chapter eighteen-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

18. Education.

18A. School Personnel.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-15. School term; exception; levies; ages of persons to whom schools are open.

1 (a) The board shall provide a school term for its 2 schools which shall be comprised of (1) an employment 3 term for teachers, and (2) an instructional term for 4 pupils. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the 5 establishment of year-round schools in accordance with 6 rules to be established by the state board.

7 The employment term for teachers shall be no less 8 than ten months, a month to be defined as twenty 9 employment days exclusive of Saturdays and Sundays: Provided. That the board may contract with all or part 10 of the personnel for a longer term. The employment 11 term shall be fixed within such beginning and closing 12 dates as established by the state board: Provided, 13 however, That the time between the beginning and 14 15 closing dates does not exceed forty-three weeks.

Within the employment term there shall be an 16 instructional term for pupils of not less than one 17 hundred eighty nor more than one hundred eighty-five 18 19 instructional days: Provided, That the minimum instructional term may be decreased, by order of the state 20 superintendent of schools, in any West Virginia county 21 declared to be a federal disaster area by the federal 22 emergency management agency. Instructional and 2324 noninstructional activities may be scheduled during the same employment day. Noninstructional interruptions 2526 to the instructional day shall be minimized to allow the classroom teacher to teach. The instructional term shall 27

commence no earlier than the first day of Septemberand shall terminate no later than the eighth day of June.

30 Noninstructional days in the employment term may 31 be used for making up canceled instructional days. 32 curriculum development, preparation for opening and closing of the instructional term. in-service and profes-33 34 sional training of teachers, teacher-pupil-parent confer-35 ences, professional meetings and other related activities. 36 In addition, each board shall designate and schedule for 37 teachers and service personnel six days to be used by 38 the employee outside the school environment. However, 39 no more than eight noninstructional days, except 40 holidays, may be scheduled prior to the first day of 41 January in a school term.

42 Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law to the 43 contrary, if the board has canceled instructional days 44 equal to the difference between the total instructional 45 days scheduled and one hundred seventy-eight, each succeeding instructional day canceled shall be resche-46 duled, utilizing only the remaining noninstructional 47 48 days, except holidays, following such cancellation, which 49 are available prior to the second day before the end of 50 the employment term established by such county board.

51 Where the employment term overlaps a teacher's or 52service personnel's participation in a summer institute 53or institution of higher education for the purpose of 54 advancement or professional growth, the teacher or 55 service personnel may substitute, with the approval of 56 the county superintendent, such participation for not 57 more than five of the noninstructional days of the 58 employment term.

59 The board may extend the instructional term beyond 60 one hundred eighty-five instructional days provided the 61 employment term is extended an equal number of days. 62 If the state revenues and regular levies, as provided by 63 law, are insufficient to enable the board of education to 64 provide for the school term, the board may at any 65 general or special election, if petitioned by at least five 66 percent of the qualified voters in the district, submit the 67 question of additional levies to the voters. If at the

election a majority of the qualified voters cast their 68 ballots in favor of the additional levy, the board shall 69 70 fix the term and lay a levy necessary to pay the cost of 71 the additional term. The additional levy fixed by the election shall not continue longer than five years without 72submission to the voters. The additional rate shall not 73 74 exceed by more than one hundred percent the maximum school rate prescribed by article eight, chapter eleven 75 76 of the code, as amended.

77 (b) The Legislature finds and declares that excess levies as they currently exist create unequal educational 78 opportunities from county to county based on the 79 80 difference in the will of the voters and also based on the 81 differences in property wealth among the counties; that 82 prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 83 ninety-four, the Legislature shall proceed to equalize educational opportunities over and above the opportun-84 ities afforded by each county's property values by 85 considering the existence or nonexistence of excess 86 87 levies as a factor in the distribution of equity moneys; 88 and that on and after the first day of July, one thousand 89 nine hundred ninety-four, the Legislature shall imple-90 ment a plan for the equitable distribution of funds so 91 as to eliminate the inequities resulting from county 92 excess levies.

93 (c) The public schools shall be open for the full instructional term to all persons who have attained the 94 95 entrance age as stated in section five, article two and 96 section eighteen, article five, chapter eighteen of this 97 code: Provided. That persons over the age of twenty-one 98 may enter only those programs or classes authorized by 99 the state board of education and deemed appropriate by 100 the county board of education conducting any such program or class: Provided, however, That authorization 101 102 for such programs or classes shall in no way serve to 103 affect or eliminate programs or classes offered by 104 county boards of education at the adult level for which 105 fees are charged to support such programs or classes.

CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

ARTICLE 5. AUTHORITY; RIGHTS; RESPONSIBILITY.

§18A-5-2. Holidays; closing of schools; time lost because of such; special Saturday classes.

1 Schools shall not be kept open on any Saturday nor 2 on the following days which are designated as legal 3 school holidays, namely: Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, New 4 Year's Day, Martin Luther King's birthday, Memorial 5 Day and any day on which a primary election, general 6 election or special election is held throughout the state 7 or school district and any day appointed and set apart 8 9 by the president or the governor as a holiday of special observance by the people of the state. 10

11 When any such holiday falls within the employment 12 term, it shall be considered as a day of the employment term and the full-time school personnel shall receive his 13 or her pay for same. When any of the above designated 14 15 holidays, except a special election, falls on Saturday, the 16 schools shall be closed on the preceding Friday; when any such falls on Sunday, the schools shall be closed on 17 the following Monday. 18

19 Special classes may be conducted on Saturdays, 20 provided they are conducted on a voluntary basis, for 21 pupils and by teachers and service personnel, and that 22 such teachers and service personnel shall be remuner-23 ated in ratio to the regularly contracted pay.

Any school or schools may be closed by proper 24 authorities on account of the prevalence of contagious 25 disease, conditions of weather or any other calamitous 26 cause over which the board has no control. Under any 27 or all of the above provisions, the time lost by the closing 28 of schools is counted as days of employment and as 29 meeting a part of the requirements of the minimum 30 31 term of one hundred eighty days of instruction. On such day or days, county boards of education may provide 32 appropriate alternate work schedules for professional 33 and service personnel affected by the closing of any 34 school or schools under any or all of the above provisions. 35 Professional and service personnel shall receive pay the 36 same as if school were in session. Insofar as funds are 37 available or can be made available during the school 38

- 40 the purpose of making up time that might affect the 41 instructional term.
- In addition to any other provisions of this chapter, the
 board is further authorized to provide in its annual
 budget for meetings, workshops, vacation time or other
 holidays through extended employment of personnel at
- 46 the same rate of pay.



[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five-a, article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter twenty-nine-a of said code: to amend and reenact sections one and eleven-a. article three-a. chapter twenty-nine-a of said code; and to further amend said chapter twenty-nine-a by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-b, all relating to providing for adequate public participation in the promulgation of state board of education rules; exempting the secondary schools activities commission from the provisions of this article; redefining "board"; providing for the collection and preservation of state board of education rules in a manner easily accessible to the public; providing a process for clarification of legislative intent of statutes upon which state board of education rules are based; and changing obsolete code language and code references.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five-a, article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section three, article one, chapter twenty-nine-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one and eleven-a, article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter twenty-nine-a be further amended by adding

044

Ch. 74]

EDUCATION

thereto a new article, designated article three-b, all to a as follows:

Chapter

18. Education.

29A. State Administrative Procedures.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-5a. Board rules to be filed with Legislature.

The state board of education shall file a copy of any 1 2 rule that it proposes to promulgate, adopt, amend or 3 repeal under the authority of the constitution or of this code with the legislative oversight commission on 4 5 education accountability pursuant to article three-b. chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. "Rule," as used 6 herein, means a regulation, standard, statement of 7 policy, or interpretation of general application and 8 9 future effect.

CHAPTER 29A. STATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES.

Article

1. Definitions and Application of Chapter.

3A. Higher Education Rule Making.

3B. State Board of Education Rule Making.

ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS AND APPLICATION OF CHAPTER.

§29A-1-3. Application of chapter; limitations.

1 (a) The provisions of this chapter do not apply in any 2 respect whatever to executive orders of the governor, 3 which orders to the extent otherwise lawful shall be 4 effective according to their terms: Provided. That the executive orders shall be admitted to record in the state 5 6 register when and to the extent the governor deems 7 suitable and shall be included therein by the secretary 8 of state when tendered by the governor.

9 (b) Except as to requirements for filing in the state 10 register, and with the Legislature or its rule-making 11 review committee, provided in this chapter or other law, 12 the provisions of this chapter do not apply in any respect

whatever to the West Virginia board of probation and 13 parole, the public service commission, the board of 14 15 public works sitting as such and the secondary schools 16 activities commission: Provided. That rules of such agencies shall be filed in the state register in the form 17 prescribed by this chapter and be effective no sooner 18 19 than sixty consecutive days after being so filed: Provided, however, That the rules promulgated by the 20 state colleges and universities shall only be filed with 21 the higher education governing boards: Provided 22 23 further. That such agencies may promulgate emergency rules in conformity with section fifteen, article three of 24 25 this chapter.

26 (c) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to rules 27 relating to or contested cases involving the conduct of 28 inmates or other persons admitted to public institutions, 29 the open seasons and the bag, creel, size, age, weight and 30 sex limits with respect to the wildlife in this state, the conduct of persons in military service or the receipt of 31 public assistance. Such rules shall be filed in the state 32 register in the form prescribed by this chapter and be 33 34 effective upon filing.

(d) Nothing herein shall be construed to affect, limit
or expand any express and specific exemption from this
chapter contained in any other statute relating to a
specific agency, but such exemptions shall be construed
and applied in accordance with the provisions of this
chapter to effectuate any limitations on such exemptions
contained in any such other statute.

ARTICLE 3A. HIGHER EDUCATION RULE MAKING.

§29A-3A-1. Definitions. §29A-3A-11a. Additional powers and duties; subpoena powers.

§29A-3A-1. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (a) "Commission" means the legislative oversight3 commission on education accountability;

4 (b) "Board" means the university of West Virginia 5 board of trustees or the board of directors of the state 6 college system as defined in chapter eighteen-b of this 7 code, or both, or any person employed by such boards

8 who is granted rule-making authority under the 9 provisions of said chapter.

§29A-3A-11a. Additional powers and duties; subpoena powers.

1 (a) In addition to the powers and duties conferred upon the commission pursuant to the provisions of this 2 3 article, the commission shall make a continuing inves-4 tigation, study and review of the practices, policies and 5 procedures of the board and of any and all matters related to education in the state and shall make annual 6 7 reports to the Legislature of the results of such 8 investigation, study and review.

9 (b) These reports shall describe and evaluate in a 10 concise manner:

11 (1) The major activities of the board for the fiscal year immediately past, including important policy decisions 12reached on initiatives undertaken during that year, 13 14 especially as such activities, decisions and initiatives relate to the implementation of (1) the constitutional 15 requirement of providing a thorough and efficient 16 education to the children of this state and (2) the 17 objective of improving the quality of education at all 18 19 levels in this state.

20 (2) Other information considered by the commission 21 to be important, including recommendations for statu-22 tory, fiscal or other reform and reasons for such 23 recommendations.

Further, these reports may specify in what manner said practices, policies and procedures may or should be modified to satisfy said constitutional requirement and to improve the quality of education at all levels in this state.

29 The commission may meet as often as may be 30 necessary and employ such professional, clerical and 31 technical personnel as it considers necessary to perform 32 effectively the duties herein prescribed.

33 (c) The commission shall conduct a study to determine

whether the bureaucracies of the state board of education and each county board of education are of such size
and complexity that they do not best serve the educational needs of the children of the state. The commission
may request assistance from the legislative auditor to
conduct this study.

40 (d) For purposes of carrying out its duties, the 41 commission is hereby empowered and authorized to 42 examine witnesses and to subpoen a such persons and 43 books, records, documents, papers or any other tangible 44 things as it believes should be examined to make a 45 complete investigation. All witnesses appearing before 46 the commission shall testify under oath or affirmation. 47 and any member of the commission may administer 48 oaths or affirmations to such witnesses. To compel the 49 attendance of witnesses at such hearings or the production of any books, records, documents, papers or any 50 51 other tangible thing, the commission is hereby empow-52ered and authorized to issue subpoenas, signed by one 53 of the cochairmen, in accordance with section five. article one, chapter four of this code. Such subpoenas 54 shall be served by any person authorized by law to serve 55 56 and execute legal process and service shall be made 57 without charge. Witnesses subpoenaed to attend hear-58 ings shall be allowed the same mileage and per diem 59 as is allowed witnesses before any petit jury in this state.

60 If any person subpoenaed to appear at any hearing 61 shall refuse to appear or to answer inquiries there 62 propounded, or shall fail or refuse to produce books, 63 records, documents, papers or any other tangible thing 64 within his control when the same are demanded, the 65 commission shall report the facts to the circuit court of 66 Kanawha County or any other court of competent 67 jurisdiction and such court may compel obedience to the 68 subpoena as though such subpoena had been issued by 69 such court in the first instance.

ARTICLE 3B. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION RULE MAKING.

- §29A-3B-1. Definitions.
- §29A-3B-2. Rules to be promulgated in accordance with this article.
- §29A-3B-3. Rules of procedure required.
- §29A-3B-4. Filing of proposed rules.

- §29A-3B-5. Notice of proposed rule making.
- §29A-3B-6. Filing findings and determinations for rules in state register; evidence deemed public record.
- §29A-3B-7. Notice of hearings.
- §29A-3B-8. Adoption of rules.
- §29A-3B-9. Submission of legislative rules to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability.
- §29A-3B-10. Emergency legislative rules; procedure for promulgation; definition.

§29A-3B-11. Legislative review of procedural rules, interpretive rules and existing legislative rules.

§29A-3B-12. Prior rules.

§29A-3B-1. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (a) "Commission" means the legislative oversight
3 commission on education accountability created in
4 section eleven, article three-a of this chapter.

5 (b) "Board" means the West Virginia board of 6 education.

§29A-3B-2. Rules to be promulgated in accordance with this article.

1 In addition to other rule-making requirements im-2 posed by law and except to the extent specifically 3 exempted by the provisions of this chapter or other applicable law, every rule and regulation (including any 4 amendment of or rule to repeal any other rule) shall be 5 6 promulgated by the board in accordance with this article and shall be and remain effective only to the 7 extent that it has been or is promulgated in accordance 8 with this article. 9

§29A-3B-3. Rules of procedure required.

1 In addition to other rule-making requirements im-2 posed by law:

(a) The board shall adopt procedural rules governing
the formal and informal procedures prescribed or
authorized by this chapter. Procedural rules shall
include rules of practice before the board, together with
forms and instructions.

- 8

٤

(b) To assist interested persons dealing with it, the

9 board shall, so far as deemed practicable, supplement10 its rules or regulations with descriptive statements of its

11 procedures.

§29A-3B-4. Filing of proposed rules.

1 (a) When the board proposes a procedural, interpre-2 tive or legislative rule, the agency shall file in the state 3 register a notice of its action, including the text of the 4 rule as proposed.

5 (b) All proposed rules filed under subsection (a) of this 6 section shall have a fiscal note attached itemizing the 7 cost of implementing the rules as they relate to this state 8 and to persons affected by the rules and regulations. 9 Such fiscal note shall include all information included 10 in a fiscal note for either house of the Legislature and 11 a statement of the economic impact of the rule on the state or its residents. The objectives of the rules shall 12 13 be clearly and separately stated in the fiscal note by the 14 agency issuing the proposed rules. No procedural or 15 interpretive rule shall be void or voidable by virtue of 16 noncompliance with this subsection.

§29A-3B-5. Notice of proposed rule making.

1 When the board proposes to promulgate a rule other 2 than an emergency rule, it shall file in the state register 3 a notice of its action, including a text of the rule 4 proposed, a fiscal note as defined in subsection (b) of section four, and any request for the submission of 5 evidence to be presented on any factual determinations 6 7 or inquiries required by law to promulgate such rule. If the board is considering alternative draft proposals, 8 9 it may include the text thereof.

10 The notice shall fix a date, time and place for the taking of evidence for any findings and determinations 11 which are a condition precedent to promulgation of the 12 proposed rule and contain a general description of the 13 14 issues to be decided. If no findings and determinations are required as a condition precedent to promulgation, 15 the notice shall fix a date, time and place for receipt of 16 public comment on such proposed rule. 17

18 If findings and determinations are a condition

ł

l

6. .

EDUCATION

19 precedent to the promulgation of such rule, then an opportunity for public comment on the merits of the rule 20 shall be afforded after such findings and determinations 21 22 are made. In such event, notice of the hearing, or of the 23 period for receiving public comment on the proposed 24 rule, shall be attached to and filed as a part of the 25findings and determinations of the board when filed in 26 the state register.

In any hearing for public comment on the merits of the rule, the board may limit presentations to written material. The time, date and place fixed in the notice shall constitute the last opportunity to submit any written material relevant to any hearing, all of which may be earlier submitted by filing with the board.

The board may also, at its expense, cause to be
published as a Class I legal publication in every county
of the state, any notice required by this section.

36 Any citizen or other interested party may appear and 37 be heard at such hearings as are required by this 38 section.

§29A-3B-6. Filing findings and determinations for rules in state register; evidence deemed public record.

(a) Incident to fixing a date for public comment on a 1 proposed rule, the board shall promulgate the findings 2 3 and determinations required as a condition precedent thereto, and state fully and succinctly the reasons 4 therefor and file such findings and determinations in the 5 state register. If the board amends the proposed rule as 6 7 a result of the evidence or comment presented pursuant to section five, such amendment shall be filed with a 8 description of any changes and statement listed for the 9 10 amendment.

(b) The statement of reasons and a transcript of all evidence and public comment received pursuant to notice are public records and shall be carefully preserved by the board and be open for public inspection and copying for a period of not less than five years from the date of the hearing.

5

§29A-3B-7. Notice of hearings.

Notices of hearings required by section five of this 1 2 article shall be filed in the state register not less than 3 thirty nor more than sixty days before the date of such 4 hearing or the last day specified therein for receiving 5 written material. Any hearing may be continued from time to time and place to place by the board which shall 6 7 have the effect of extending the last day for receipt of evidence or public comment. Notice of such continuance 8 9 shall be promptly filed thereafter in the state register.

§29A-3B-8. Adoption of rules.

1 A rule shall be considered by the board for adoption 2 not later than six months after the close of public comment and a notice of withdrawal or adoption shall 3 be filed in the state register within that period. Failure 4 to file such notice shall constitute withdrawal and the 5 secretary of state shall note such failure in the state 6 7 register immediately upon the expiration of the six-8 month period.

9 A rule may be amended by the board prior to final adoption without further hearing or public comment. No 10 such amendment may change the main purpose of the 11 rule. If the fiscal implications have changed since the 12 rule was proposed, a new fiscal note shall be attached 13 to the notice of filing. Upon adoption of the rule 14 (including any such amendment), the board shall file the 15 16 text of the adopted rule with its notice of adoption in 17 the state register and the same shall be effective on the date specified in the rule or thirty days after such filing, 18 19 whichever is later.

§29A-3B-9. Submission of legislative rules to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability.

(a) When the board finally adopts a legislative rule,
the board shall submit to the legislative oversight
commission on education accountability at its offices or
at a regular meeting of such commission ten copies of
(1) the full text of the legislative rule as finally approved
by the board, with new language underlined and with

7 language to be deleted from any existing rule stricken 8 through but clearly legible; (2) a brief summary of the 9 content of the legislative rule and a description and a 10 copy of any existing rule which the agency proposes to 11 amend or repeal; (3) a statement of the circumstances which require the rule; (4) a fiscal note containing all 12 13 information included in a fiscal note for either house of the Legislature and a statement of the economic impact 14 15 of the rule on the state or its residents; and (5) any other 16 information which the commission may request or 17 which may be required by law.

(b) The commission shall review each proposed
legislative rule and, in its discretion, may hold public
hearings thereon. Such review shall include, but not be
limited to, a determination of:

(1) Whether the board has exceeded the scope of its
 statutory authority in approving the proposed legislative
 rule;

(2) Whether the proposed legislative rule is in conformity with the legislative intent of the statute which the
rule is intended to implement, extend, apply, interpret
or make specific;

(3) Whether the proposed legislative rule conflicts
with any other provision of this code or with any other
rule adopted by the same or a different agency;

32 (4) Whether the proposed legislative rule is necessary
33 to fully accomplish the objectives of the statute under
34 which the proposed rule was promulgated;

(5) Whether the proposed legislative rule is reasonable, especially as it affects the convenience of the
general public or of persons particularly affected by it;

38 (6) Whether the proposed legislative rule could be
39 made less complex or more readily understandable by
40 the general public; and

(7) Whether the proposed legislative rule was promulgated in compliance with the requirements of this
article and with any requirements imposed by any other
provision of this code.

ŧ

\$

(c) After reviewing the legislative rule, the commission shall recommend to the Legislature any statutory changes needed to clarify the legislative intent of the statute upon which the rule is based or to otherwise modify the activity subject to the rule, or may make such other recommendations to the Legislature or the board, or both, as it deems appropriate.

§29A-3B-10. Emergency legislative rules; procedure for promulgation; definition.

1 (a) The board may, without hearing, find that an emergency exists requiring that emergency rules be 2 3 promulgated and promulgate the same in accordance with this section. Such emergency rules, together with 4 5 a statement of the facts and circumstances constituting the emergency, shall be filed in the state register and 6 7 shall become effective immediately upon such filing. 8 Such emergency rules may adopt, amend or repeal any legislative rule, but the circumstances constituting the 9 emergency requiring such adoption, amendment or 10 11 repeal shall be stated with particularity and be subject 12 to de novo review by any court having original jurisdiction of an action challenging their validity. Ten copies 13 of the rules and of the required statement shall be filed 14 15 forthwith with the legislative oversight commission on 16 education accountability.

An emergency rule shall be effective for not morethan fifteen months and shall expire earlier if any of thefollowing occurs:

(1) The board has not previously filed and fails to file
a notice of public hearing on the proposed rule within
sixty days of the date the proposed rule was filed as an
emergency rule; in which case the emergency rule
expires on the sixty-first day.

(2) The board has not previously filed and fails to file
the proposed rule with the legislative oversight commission on education accountability within one hundred
eighty days of the date the proposed rule was filed as
an emergency rule; in which case the emergency rule
expires on the one hundred eighty-first day.

(3) The board adopts a legislative rule dealing with
substantially the same subject matter since such
emergency rule was first promulgated, and in which
case the emergency rule expires on the date the
authorized rule is made effective.

(b) Any amendment to an emergency rule made by
the board shall be filed in the state register and does
not constitute a new emergency rule for the purpose of
acquiring additional time or avoiding the expiration
dates in subdivision (1), (2) or (3), subsection (a) of this
section.

42 (c) Once an emergency rule expires due to the
43 conclusion of fifteen months or due to the effect of
44 subdivision (1), (2) or (3), subsection (a) of this section,
45 the board may not refile the same or similar rule as an
46 emergency rule.

47 (d) Emergency legislative rules currently in effect
48 under the prior provisions of this section may be refiled
49 under the provisions of this section.

(e) The provision of this section shall not be used to
avoid or evade any provision of this article or any other
provisions of this code, including any provisions for
legislative review of proposed rules. Any emergency
rule promulgated for any such purpose may be contested
in a judicial proceeding before a court of competent
jurisdiction.

57 (f) The legislative oversight commission on education 58 accountability may review any emergency rule to determine (1) whether the board has exceeded the scope 59 60 of its statutory authority in promulgating the emer-61 gency rule; (2) whether there exists an emergency justifying the promulgation of such rule; and (3) 62 63 whether the rule was promulgated in compliance with 64 the requirements and prohibitions contained in this 65 section. The commission may recommend to the board, 66 the Legislature, or the secretary of state such action as 67 it may deem proper.

§29A-3B-11. Legislative review of procedural rules, interpretive rules and existing legislative rules.

4

1 The legislative oversight commission on education 2 accountability may review any procedural rules, inter-3 pretive rules or existing legislative rules and may make 4 recommendations concerning such rules to the Legisla-5 ture, or to the board, or to both the Legislature and the 6 board.

§29A-3B-12. Prior rules.

1 Any rule lawfully promulgated prior to the effective 2 date of this chapter shall remain in full force and effect 3 until:

4 (1) Such rule is expressly made ineffective by the 5 provisions of this chapter; or

6 (2) Such rule should expire by reason of failure to
7 refile the same as provided in section five of article two,
8 or expires pursuant to its own terms and provisions
9 lawfully made before the effective date of this section;
10 or

(3) Such rule is repealed by the lawful act of theboard, in conformity with this chapter; or

(4) Such rule is invalidated by an act of the Legisla-ture or the force and effect of another law.



CHAPTER 75

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4648-By Delegates Mezzatesta and Murensky)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four, relating to school personnel; providing that the cost of a commercial driver's license of a school employee or qualified applicant who becomes an employee be paid for by the county board of education if the license is a condition of employment; and requiring the division of motor vehicles to accept other test results in certain instances. Ch. 76]

EDUCATION

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four, to read as follows:

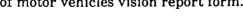
ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

§18A-2-4. Commercial driver's license for school personnel.

1 If a commercial driver's license is required as a 2 condition of employment for any school employee or 3 qualified applicant who becomes an employee by a 4 county board of education, the cost shall be paid in full 5 by the employer.

6 It is unlawful for any county board of education to 7 require any employee or applicant who becomes an 8 employee of the board to pay the cost of acquiring a 9 commercial driver's license as a condition of 10 employment.

11 The division of motor vehicles shall accept the West 12 Virginia department of education and the arts physical 13 and psychomotor test result forms in lieu of the division 14 of motor vehicles vision report form.



CHAPTER 76

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4560-By Delegates Long and Ashcraft)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to in-field master's degree generally; revising the definition; establishing the conditions for additional compensation; and providing for availability of course work.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

\$

That section one, article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES, AND OTHER BENEFITS.

§18A-4-1. Definitions.

For the purpose of this section, salaries shall be 1 2 defined as: (a) "Basic salaries" which shall mean the salaries paid to teachers with zero years of experience 3 4 and in accordance with the classification of certification and of training of said teachers; and (b) "advanced 5 salaries" which shall mean the basic salary plus an 6 experience increment based on the allowable years of 7 8 experience of the respective teachers in accordance with 9 the schedule established herein for the applicable classification of certification and of training of said 10 11 teachers.

12 "Classification of certification" means the class or type 13 of certificate issued by the state superintendent of 14 schools under the statutory provisions of this chapter. 15 "Classification of training" means the number of 16 collegiate or graduate hours necessary to meet the 17 requirements stipulated in the definitions set forth in 18 the next paragraph in items (2) to (11), inclusive.

19 The column heads of the state minimum salary 20 schedule set forth in section two of this article are 21 defined as follows:

22 (1) "Years of experience" means the number of years 23 the teacher has been employed in the teaching profes-24 sion, including active work in educational positions 25 other than the public schools, and service in the armed 26 forces of the United States if the teacher was under 27 contract to teach at the time of induction. For a registered professional nurse employed by a county 28 board of education, "years of experience" means the 29 30 number of years the nurse has been employed as a 31 public school health nurse, including active work in a nursing position related to education, and service in the 32 33 armed forces if the nurse was under contract with the county board at the time of induction. For the purpose 34

35 of section two of this article, the experience of a teacher 36 or a nurse shall be limited to that allowed under their

training classification as found in the minimum salary
 schedule.

39 (2) "Fourth class" means all certificates previously
40 identified as (a) "certificates secured by examination,"
41 and (b) "other first grade certificates."

42 (3) "Third class" means all certificates previously 43 identified as (a) "standard normal certificates" and (b) 44 "third class temporary (sixty-four semester hours) 45 certificates."

46 (4) "Second class" means all certificates previously
47 identified as "second class temporary certificates based
48 upon the required ninety-six hours of college work."

49 (5) "B.A." means a bachelor's degree, from an accre-50 dited institution of higher education, which has been 51 issued to, or for which the requirements for such have 52 been met by, a person who qualifies for or holds a 53 professional certificate or its equivalent. A registered professional nurse with a bachelor's degree, who is 54 55 licensed by the West Virginia board of examiners for 56 registered professional nurses and employed by a county 57 board of education, shall be within this classification for 58 payment in accordance with sections two and two-a of 59 this article.

60 (6) "B.A. plus 15" means a bachelor's degree as 61 defined above plus fifteen hours of graduate work, from 62 an accredited institution of higher education certified to 63 do graduate work, in an approved planned program at 64 the graduate level which requirements have been met 65 by a person who qualifies for or holds a professional 66 certificate or its equivalent.

67 (7) "M.A." means a master's degree, earned in an 68 institution of higher education approved to do graduate 69 work, which has been issued to, or the requirements for 70 such have been met by, a person who qualifies for or 71 holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.

72 (8) "M.A. plus 15" means the above-defined master's 73 degree plus fifteen hours of graduate work, earned in

EDUCATION

an institution of higher education approved to do
graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a
professional certificate or its equivalent.

(9) "M.A. plus 30" means the above-defined master's
degree plus thirty graduate hours, earned in an
institution approved to do graduate work, if the person
is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its
equivalent.

(10) "Doctorate" means a doctor's degree, earned from
a university qualified and approved to confer such a
degree, which has been issued to or the requirements for
such have been met by a person who qualifies for or
holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.

87 (11) "In-field master's" means the above-defined88 master's degree and one of the following:

(a) Twenty-four (24) semester hours of post baccalaureate graduate credit, within or external to the advanced degree, confined to one specialization completed
at the undergraduate level on the educator's professional
certificate or its equivalent, or

(b) A master's degree earned prior to the first day of
July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, in (i) a
program specialization completed at the undergraduate
level, or (ii) a state approved subarea of the specialization which is consistent with a specialization, completed
at the undergraduate level, on the educator's professional certificate or its equivalent, or

(c) Twelve (12) semester hours of graduate credit 101 above and beyond the course work completed for the 102103 endorsement recognized for in-field master's classifica-104 tion only if the course work for the endorsement was also 105 completed at the graduate level: Provided, That in 106 certification areas where the total course work require-107 ments for initial certification exceed the minimum 108 required for in-field classification, the state department 109 of education may by rule establish exceptions.

110 Notwithstanding the requirements set forth in subdi-111 visions (6), (8) and (9) of this section relating to hours 112 of graduate work at an institution certified to do such

Ch. 76]

113 work, fifteen undergraduate credit hours from a 114 regionally accredited institution of higher education. earned after the effective date of this section, may be 115 116 utilized for advanced salary classification if such hours 117 are in accordance with (a) the teacher's current 118 classification of certification and of training, (b) a 119 designated instructional shortage area documented by the employing county superintendent, or (c) an identi-120 121 fied teaching deficiency documented through the state 122 approved county personnel evaluation system.

123 In-field master's compensation is contingent upon 124 recognition of the in-field master's classification and the 125 educator's assignment. The West Virginia board of 126 education shall establish regulations for the administra-127 tion and implementation of the in-field master's salary 128 schedule.

129 Only those professional educators who are assigned to 130 teach, for a minimum of fifty (50) percent of the 131 instructional day, subjects which are consistent with the 132 endorsement(s) recognized as meeting the in-field master's classification shall be eligible for compensation 133 134 based on the in-field master's schedule. If scheduling 135 constraints prevent the educator from being assigned to endorsements recognized for the in-field master's 136 137 classification for a minimum of fifty (50) percent of the 138 instructional day, the educator may petition the county 139 board of education for such compensation. After review, 140 the county board of education shall submit the petition to the state department of education on behalf of the 141 142 educator for determination of in-field master's compen-143 sation. Such petitions must be filed on an annual basis.

144 If a professional educator, who was previously 145 employed in an area recognized for in-field master's 146 classification, is reassigned to work full-time in an area 147 not recognized on said educator's certificate for in-field master's classification as a result of (1) voluntary 148 149 reassignment to assist the county in meeting a critical 150 staffing need or (2) a reduction in force, the educator may petition the county board of education for continued 151 payment under the in-field master's salary schedule. 152 After review, the county board of education shall 153

petition the state department of education on an annual
basis to continue such payment. In no case shall
approval be granted for more than three years. The
county board of education must provide documentation
to justify each request.

159 Upon request for a specific master's degree program, the appropriate governing board of higher education 160 161 shall provide all of the course work for a master's degree 162 program that is designated as in-field for the certifica-163 tion area of the professional educator who makes the request. The course work for such program shall be 164 165 initiated no later than two years from the date requested 166 and shall be provided to the greatest extent feasible 167 within each regional educational service agency area in which the request has been made as follows: (1) Via 168 satellite instruction; (2) via public television home 169 170 instruction; or (3) in a manner prescribed by such 171 governing board. If the governing board fails to initiate 172 the course work within the above time period, an 173 individual shall be compensated at the appropriate level 174 of years of experience on the in-field master's salary 175schedule whenever the individual has obtained any 176 master's degree related to the public school program.

The appropriate governing board of higher education shall develop a plan to provide "M. A." classification programs to professional educators throughout this state by the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, with the objective being to provide course work enabling professional educators to achieve an "M. A." degree classification in their teaching field.

CHAPTER 77 (H. B. 4846—By Delegates Long and D. Miller)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated

section eight-e, relating to requiring state board of education to develop competency tests for all service personnel classification titles; establishing the classifications to be included in the same testing category; providing for the method, location and administration of such tests; designating the subject matter of such tests; addressing the utilization of such tests; providing for retaking such tests in certain instances; requiring county boards to schedule and a vocational center to administer such tests; permitting employees in certain instances to be excused from work with pay to take said competency tests; requiring a one day minimum of appropriate inservice training to be provided; and establishing the effective implementation date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-e, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES, AND OTHER BENEFITS.

§18A-4-8e. Competency testing for service personnel.

1 The state board of education shall develop and cause 2 to be made available competency tests for all of the 3 classification titles defined in section eight and listed in 4 section eight-a of this article for service personnel. Each 5 classification title defined and listed shall be considered a separate classification category of employment for 6 service personnel and shall have a separate competency 7 8 test, except for those class titles having Roman numeral designations, which shall be considered a single classi-9 10 fication of employment and shall have a single competency test. The cafeteria manager class title shall be 11 12 included in the same classification category as cooks and 13 shall have the same competency test. The executive 14 secretary class title shall be included in the same 15 classification category as secretaries and shall have the same competency test. The classification titles of chief 16 mechanic, mechanic, and assistant mechanic shall be 17 included in one classification title and shall have the 18 19 same competency test.

20 The purpose of these tests shall be to provide county 21 boards of education a uniform means of determining 22 whether school service personnel employees who do not 23 hold a classification title in a particular category of 24 employment can meet the definition of the classification title in another category of employment as defined in 25 section eight of this article. Competency tests shall not 26 27 be used to evaluate employees who hold the classification 28 title in the category of their employment.

29 The competency test shall consist of an objective 30 written and/or performance test: Provided. That appli-31 cants shall have the opportunity of taking the written 32 test orally if requested. Oral tests shall be recorded 33 mechanically and kept on file. Persons administering 34 the oral test shall not know the applicant personally. The performance test for all classifications and categories 35 36 other than Bus Operator shall be administered by a 37 vocational school which serves the county board of 38 education. A standard passing score shall be established 39 by the state department of education for each test and 40 shall be used by county boards of education. The subject 41 matter of each competency test shall be commensurate 42 with the requirements of the definitions of the classifi-43 cation titles as provided in section eight of this article. 44 The subject matter of each competency test shall be 45 designed in such a manner that achieving a passing 46 grade will not require knowledge and skill in excess of 47 the requirements of the definitions of the classification 48 titles. Achieving a passing score shall conclusively 49 demonstrate the qualification of an applicant for a 50 classification title. Once an employee passes the compet-51 ency test of a classification title, said applicant shall be 52 fully qualified to fill vacancies in that classification category of employment as provided in subsection (b), 53 54 section eight-b of this article and shall not be required 55 to take the competency test again.

56 An applicant who fails to achieve a passing score shall 57 be given other opportunities to pass the competency test 58 when making application for another vacancy within the 59 classification category.

60 Competency tests shall be administered to applicants

Ch. 78]

EDUCATION

61 in a uniform manner under uniform testing conditions.

62 County boards of education shall be responsible for 63 scheduling competency tests and shall not utilize a 64 competency test other than the test authorized by this 65 section.

66 When scheduling of the competency test conflicts with 67 the work schedule of a school employee who has applied 68 for a vacancy, said employee must be excused from work 69 to take said competency test without loss of pay.

A minimum of one day of appropriate inservice
training shall be provided employees to assist them in
preparing to take the competency tests.

73 Competency tests shall be utilized to determine the 74 qualification of new applicants seeking initial employ-75 ment in a particular classification title as either a 76 regular or substitute employee. Once an employee holds 77 a classification title in a category of employment, that employee shall be deemed qualified for said classifica-78 79 tion title even though that employee no longer holds that classification title. 80

81 The requirements of this section shall not be construed 82 to alter the definitions of class titles as provided in 83 section eight of this article nor the procedure and 84 requirements of subsection (b), section eight-b of this 85 article.

86 The testing procedures of this section shall be 87 implemented effective the first day of July, one thousand 88 nine hundred ninety-one.



(S. B. 302—By Senator Brackenrich)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and four, article six, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to higher education; providing for two-year terms for members of faculty and classified employee advisory councils; beginning such terms in July of even-numbered years; and changing required month of one quarterly meeting from May to July.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and four, article six, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. OTHER BOARDS AND ADVISORY COUNCILS.

§18B-6-2. Advisory councils of faculty.§18B-6-2. Advisory councils of classified employees.

§18B-62. Advisory councils of faculty.

1 Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred eighty-nine, each governing board shall be 3 assisted by an advisory council of faculty.

4 During the month of April of each year, each president or other administrative head of a state institution 5 of higher education, including Potomac State College of 6 7 West Virginia University and West Virginia University at Parkersburg, at the direction of the councils and in 8 9 accordance with procedures established by the councils, shall convene a meeting or otherwise institute a 10 11 balloting process to elect one faculty to serve on the appropriate governing board's advisory council of 12 13 faculty, which shall consist of one faculty, so elected, 14 from each such institution under the appropriate 15 governing board. Terms of the members of each council shall be for two years and shall begin on the first day 16 17 of July of each even-numbered year, and members of 18 each advisory council shall be eligible to succeed 19 themselves.

The advisory councils of faculty shall meet at least once each quarter. One of the quarterly meetings shall be during the month of July, at which meeting each council shall elect a chairman, who shall be by virtue of the office a voting member of the appropriate governing board. No member may vote by proxy at such election. In the event of a tie in the last vote taken for

27such election, a member authorized by the council shall 28 select the chairman by lot from the names of those 29 persons tied. Immediately following the election of a 30 chairman, each council shall elect, in the manner 31prescribed by this section for the election of a chairman. 32 a member of that council to preside over meetings of the 33 council in the chairman's absence. Should the chairman 34 vacate the position, the council shall meet and elect a 35 new chairman to fill the unexpired term within thirty 36 days following such vacancy.

Each advisory council of faculty, through its chairman
and in any other appropriate manner, shall consult and
advise its governing board in matters of higher education in which the faculty members may have an interest.

41 Members of each advisory council shall serve without 42 compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement 43 for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the 44 performance of their official duties from funds allocated 45 to the state institution of higher education served.

Each governing board shall furnish secretarial 46 services to its advisory council of faculty, and each 47 advisory council shall cause to be prepared minutes of 48 its meetings, which minutes shall be available, upon 49 request, to any faculty member of a state institution of 50 51 higher education represented on the council. Such 52minutes shall be forwarded to the advisory council of faculty serving the other governing board. 53

§18B-6-4. Advisory councils of classified employees.

1 Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred eighty-nine, each governing board shall be 3 assisted by an advisory council of classified employees.

4 During the month of April of each year, each president or other administrative head of a state institution 5 of higher education, including Potomac State College of 6 West Virginia University and West Virginia University 7 at Parkersburg, at the direction of the councils and in 8 9 accordance with procedures established by the councils, shall convene a meeting or otherwise institute a 10 balloting process to elect one classified employee to serve 11

12 on the appropriate governing board's advisory council of 13 classified employees, which shall consist of one classified employee, so elected, from each such institution under 14 the appropriate governing board. Terms of the members 15 16 of such councils shall be for two years and shall begin 17 on the first day of July of each even-numbered year, and 18 members of the advisory councils shall be eligible to 19 succeed themselves. For the purpose of this section the term "institution of higher education" includes the 20 21 facilities and staff supervised by the senior administra-22 tor employed by the governing boards, who shall be 23 deemed a part of the state college system, and the West 24 Virginia network for telecomputing, who shall be 25deemed a part of the state university system.

26 Each advisory council of classified employees shall 27 meet at least once each quarter. One of the quarterly 28 meetings shall be during the month of July, at which 29 meeting each council shall elect a chairman, who shall 30 be by virtue of the office a voting member of the appropriate governing board: Provided, That the board 31 32 of directors' advisory council for classified employees' 33 chairman shall not be a member of the staff supervised 34 by the central administrative official. No member may vote by proxy at such election. In the event of a tie in 35 36 the last vote taken for such election, a member autho-37 rized by the council shall select the chairman by lot 38 from the names of those persons tied. Immediately 39 following the election of a chairman, each council shall 40 elect, in the manner prescribed by this section for the 41 election of a chairman, a member of the council to 42 preside over meetings of the council in the chairman's 43 absence. Should the chairman vacate the position, the 44 council shall meet and elect a new chairman to fill the 45 unexpired term within thirty days following such 46 vacancy.

47 Each advisory council of classified employees, through
48 its chairman and in any other appropriate manner, shall
49 consult and advise its governing board in matters of
50 higher education in which the classified employees may
51 have an interest.

52 Members of each advisory council shall serve without

compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement
for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the
performance of their official duties from funds allocated
to the state institution of higher education served.

57 Each governing board shall furnish secretarial 58 services to its advisory council of classified employees. 59 and each advisory council shall cause to be prepared 60 minutes of its meetings, which minutes shall be 61 available, upon request, to any classified employee of a 62 state institution of higher education represented on the council. Such minutes shall be forwarded to the advisory 63 64 council of classified employees serving the other 65 governing board.



[Passed February 12, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventeen, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section twelve, article four-a of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections four and seven, article five of said chapter: to amend and reenact section three. article ten of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter fifty-one of said code, relating to the election of circuit judges generally; providing for numbered divisions within multi-judge circuits for election purposes only beginning with the primary and general elections to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two; providing for the filing of a certificate of candidacy in the numbered division of the circuit for which the candidate seeks office: establishing the method whereby vacancies in the office of certain state officials, United States senators and circuit judges are filled; and providing for the nomination or election of the candidate for circuit judge receiving the highest number of votes within a division.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seventeen, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section twelve, article four-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections four and seven, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section three, article ten of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section one, article two, chapter fifty-one of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 3. Elections.
- 51. Courts and Their Officers.

CHAPTER 3. ELECTIONS.

Article

- 1. General Provisions and Definitions.
- 4A. Electronic Voting Systems.
- 5. Primary Elections and Nominating Procedures.
- 10. Filling Vacancies.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

§3-1-17. Election of circuit judges; county and district officers; magistrates.

There shall be elected, at the general election to be 1 2 held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. 3 and in every eighth year thereafter, one judge of the 4 circuit court of every judicial circuit entitled to but one 5 judge, and one judge for each numbered division of the 6 judicial circuit in those judicial circuits entitled to two 7 or more circuit judges; and at the general election to be 8 held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, 9 and in every fourth year thereafter, a sheriff, prosecut-10 ing attorney, surveyor of lands, and the number of 11 assessors prescribed by law for the county, and the 12 number of magistrates prescribed by law for the county; 13 and at the general election to be held in the year one 14 thousand nine hundred ninety, and in every second year 15 thereafter, a commissioner of the county commission for 16 each county; and at the general election to be held in 17 the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and in 18 every sixth year thereafter, a clerk of the county 19 commission and a clerk of the circuit court for each 20 county.

ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

*§3-4A-12. Ballot label arrangement in vote recording devices; when uniform numbering required; drawing by lot to determine position of candidates on ballots or ballot labels; sealing of devices; record of identifying numbers.

When the ballot labels are printed and delivered to the 1 2 clerk of the county commission, he shall place them in the vote recording devices in such manner as will most 3 4 nearly conform to the arrangement prescribed for paper 5 ballots, and as will clearly indicate the party designation 6 or emblem of each candidate. Each column, row or page 7 containing the names of the office and candidates for 8 such office shall be so arranged as to clearly indicate the office for which the candidate is running. The names 9 of the candidates for each office indicated shall be 10 11 placed on the ballot label. The ballot label and the 12 arrangement of the ballot shall conform as nearly as 13 practicable to the plan herein given:

. =		
14	Democratic Ticket	Republican Ticket
15	For House of Delegates	For House of Delegates
16 = 17	Name	Name
17 - 18	70 ←	$\rightarrow 69$
19 20	72 🛶	→ 71
21 22 23	74	→ 73
23 24	76 ←	→ 75

The secretary of state shall assign a uniform number applicable to all counties using electronic voting for all straight party tickets and for all candidates running for offices to be voted upon by all of the voters of the state. The number so designated by the secretary of state shall be used by all counties using electronic voting systems irrespective of the fact that in one or more such counties

^{*}Clerk's Note: §3-4A-12 was also amended by H. B. 4770 (Chapter 80), which passed subsequent to this act.

the number or numbers so designated may result in 32 other than strict sequential ballot arrangement. After 33 taking into account the numbers so assigned by the 34 35 secretary of state to straight party tickets and all 36 candidates for offices to be voted upon by all the voters of the state, the clerk of the circuit court shall appoint 37 a time at which all candidates whose ballot positions are 38 39 to be determined by drawing by lot are to appear before the clerk for such drawing. Candidates whose ballot 40 41 positions are to be determined by drawing by lot are 42 those candidates for an office for which the voters will 43 elect more than one person to represent the electoral districts, including, but not limited to, House of 44 45 Delegates contests in multi-delegate districts, contests 46 for the office of county board of education, magistrate 47 and delegate to a political party national convention. 48 The clerk shall give due notice of such time to each 49 candidate by United States mail, directed to the address 50 given by the candidate in his announcement of candi-51 dacy. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state to 52 provide each circuit clerk with a list of names and 53 addresses of candidates running for office in such clerk's 54 county who have filed their announcement of candidacy with the secretary of state, and who are candidates 55 56 whose ballot positions are to be determined by drawing 57 by lot. At the time appointed, all such candidates whose 58 ballot positions are to be determined by lot shall 59 assemble in the office of such clerk and such candidates 60 shall then proceed to draw by lot to determine where their names shall appear on the ballots or ballot labels. 61 The number so drawn by each such candidate shall 62 63 determine where his or her name shall appear on the 64 ballots or ballot labels. In the event any candidate or 65 candidates fail to appear at the time appointed, the clerk 66 shall draw for such absent candidate or candidates in 67 the presence of those candidates assembled, if any, and 68 the number so drawn by the clerk shall determine 69 where the name of any absent candidate or candidates 70 shall appear on the ballots or ballot labels. The circuit 71 clerk shall record the number drawn by each candidate 72 and his name in an appropriate book. The ballot 73 commissioners shall proceed to have the ballot labels

74 printed according to the provisions of this article. After 75 receiving the printed ballot labels, the clerk of the 76 circuit court shall ascertain their accuracy and the clerk 77 of the county commission shall proceed to have the ballot 78 labels placed in the vote recording devices. The clerk of 79 the county commission shall then seal the vote recording 80 devices so as to prevent tampering with ballot labels. 81 and enter in an appropriate book, opposite the number of each precinct, the identifying or distinguishing 82 83 number of the specific vote recording device or devices 84 to be used in that precinct.

ARTICLE 5. PRIMARY ELECTIONS AND NOMINATING PROCEDURES.

- §3-5-4. Nomination of candidates in primary elections.
- §3-5-7. Filing announcements of candidates; re-requirements; when section applicable.

§3-5-4. Nomination of candidates in primary elections.

At each primary election, the candidate or candidates 1 2 of each political party for all offices to be filled at the 3 ensuing general election by the voters of the entire state. 4 of each congressional district, of each state senatorial 5 district, of each delegate district, of each judicial circuit 6 of West Virginia, of each county, and of each magisterial 7 district in the state shall be nominated by the voters of 8 the different political parties, except that no presiden-9 tial elector shall be nominated at a primary election.

In primary elections a plurality of the votes cast shall 10 11 be sufficient for the nomination of candidates for office. Where only one candidate of a political party for any 12 13 office in a political division, including party committee-14 men and delegates to national conventions, is to be 15 chosen, or where a judicial circuit has two or more 16 circuit judges and one circuit judge is to be chosen for 17 each numbered division within the circuit, the candidate 18 receiving the highest number of votes therefor in the primary election shall be declared the party nominee for 19 such office. Where two or more such candidates are to 20 be chosen in the primary election, the candidates 21 constituting the proper number to be so chosen who 22 23 shall receive the highest number of votes cast in the

24 political division in which they are candidates shall be 25declared the party nominees and choices for such offices. 26 except that: (1) Candidates for the office of commis-27 sioner of the county commission shall be nominated and 28 elected in accordance with the provisions of section ten, 29 article nine of the Constitution of the state of West 30 Virginia: (2) members of county boards of education shall be elected at primary elections in accordance with 31 the provisions of sections five and six of this article; (3) 32 candidates for the House of Delegates shall be nomi-33 nated and elected in accordance with the residence 34 35 restrictions provided in section two, article two, chapter one of this code; and (4) in judicial circuits having 36 numbered divisions, each numbered division shall be 37 tallied separately and the candidate in each division 38 39 receiving a plurality of the votes cast shall be declared the party nominee for the office in that numbered 40 41 division.

In case of tie votes between candidates for party
nominations or elections in primary elections, the choice
of the political party shall be determined by lot by the
executive committee of the party for the political
division in which such persons are candidates.

§3-5-7. Filing announcements of candidacies; requirements; when section applicable.

Any person who is eligible to hold and seeks to hold 1 an office (including that of member of any political 2 party executive committee) shall file with the secretary 3 4 of state, if it be an office to be filled by the voters of more than one county, or with the clerk of the circuit 5 6 court, if it be for an office to be filled by the voters of 7 a county or subdivision less than a county, a certificate declaring himself a candidate for the nomination for 8 such office, which certificate shall be in form or effect 9 10 as follows:

I, ______, hereby certify that I am
a candidate for the nomination for the office of
a _______ to represent the ______
Party, and desire my name printed on the official ballot
of said party to be voted at the primary election to be

held on the _____ day of _____, 19____; 16 17 that I am a legally qualified voter of the County of _____, State of West Virginia: that my 18 residence is number _____ of _____ 19 Street in the City (or Town) of ______ in 20 _____ County in said State; that I am 21 22 eligible to hold the said office; that I am a member of 23 and affiliated with said political party; that I am a 24 candidate for said office in good faith. 2526Candidate 27 Signed and acknowledged before me this _____ 28 day of _____, 19____, 29 30 Signature and official title of 31 person before whom signed. 32 Any candidate for circuit judge in a judicial circuit containing numbered divisions shall state in the 33 34 certificate the numbered division in the judicial circuit 35 for which the candidate seeks nomination. No person shall be a candidate for circuit judge in more than one 36 37 such numbered division. 38 Any candidate for delegate to the national convention of any political party shall provide, on a form prescribed 39 by the secretary of state, the information required in the 40 certificate hereinbefore described and shall also provide 41 the name of the person he prefers as the presidential 42 nominee of his party upon the first convention ballot, or 43 44 if he has no preference, a statement that he is uncom-45 mitted: Provided. That any candidate for delegate may change his statement of presidential preference by 46 notifying the secretary of state by registered letter, at 47 48 least seventy-seven days prior to the day fixed for the 49 primary election. 50 Such announcement shall be signed and acknowl-

50 Such announcement shall be signed and acknowl-51 edged by the candidate before some officer qualified to 52 administer oaths, who shall certify the same. Any person 53 who knowingly provides false information on said 54 certificate shall be guilty of an offense and shall be

675

55 punished as set forth in section twenty-three, article 56 nine of this chapter.

57 Such certificate shall be filed with the secretary of state or the clerk of the circuit court, as the case may 58 59 be, not earlier than the second Monday in January next preceding the primary election day, and not later than 60 the first Saturday of February next preceding the 61 primary election day, and must be received before 62 midnight, eastern standard time, of that day or, if 63 mailed, shall be postmarked before that hour. 64

The provisions of this section shall apply to the primary
election held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety
and every primary election held thereafter.

ARTICLE 10. FILLING VACANCIES.

§3-10-3. Vacancies in offices of state officials, United States senators and judges.

Any vacancy occurring in the office of secretary of 1 2 state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, commissioner 3 of agriculture. United States senator, judge of the supreme court of appeals, or in any office created or 4 made elective, to be filled by the voters of the entire 5 6 state, or judge of a circuit court, shall be filled by the 7 governor of the state by appointment. If the unexpired term of a judge of the supreme court of appeals, or a 8 judge of the circuit court, be for less than two years; or 9 if the unexpired term of any other office named in this 10 section be for a period of less than two years and six 11 12 months, the appointment to fill the vacancy shall be for the unexpired term. If the unexpired term of any office 13 14 be for a longer period than above specified, the 15appointment shall be until a successor to the office has 16 timely filed a certificate of candidacy, has been 17 nominated at the primary election next following such 18 timely filing and has thereafter been elected and 19 qualified to fill the unexpired term. Proclamation of any election to fill an unexpired term shall be made by the 20 governor of the state, and, in the case of an office to be 21 22 filled by the voters of the entire state, shall be published 23 prior to such election as a Class II-0 legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, 24

chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area 25 for such publication shall be each county of the state. 26 If the election be to fill a vacancy in the office of judge 27 28 of a circuit court, the proclamation shall be published 29 prior to such election as a Class II-0 legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three. 30 chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area 31 32 for such publication shall be each county in the judicial 33 circuit.

CHAPTER 51. COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 2. CIRCUIT COURTS; CIRCUIT JUDGES.

§51-2-1. Judicial circuits; terms of office; legislative findings and declarations; elections; terms of court.

1 (a) The state shall be divided into the following 2 judicial circuits with the following number of judges:

3 The counties of Brooke. Hancock and Ohio shall constitute the first circuit and shall have four judges; 4 the counties of Marshall. Tyler and Wetzel shall 5 constitute the second circuit and shall have two judges; 6 the counties of Doddridge. Pleasants and Ritchie shall 7 8 constitute the third circuit and shall have one judge: the 9 counties of Wood and Wirt shall constitute the fourth circuit and shall have three judges; the counties of 10 Calhoun, Jackson and Roane shall constitute the fifth 11 12 circuit and shall have one judge; the county of Cabell shall constitute the sixth circuit and shall have four 13 judges: the county of Logan shall constitute the seventh 14 circuit and shall have two judges; the county of 15 16 McDowell shall constitute the eighth circuit and shall have two judges; the county of Mercer shall constitute 17 18 the ninth circuit and shall have two judges; the county of Raleigh shall constitute the tenth circuit and shall 19 have three judges; the counties of Greenbrier, Monroe, 20 Pocahontas and Summers shall constitute the eleventh 21 22 circuit and shall have two judges; the county of Fayette shall constitute the twelfth circuit and shall have two 23 judges; the county of Kanawha shall constitute the 24 thirteenth circuit and shall have seven judges; the 25counties of Braxton, Clay, Gilmer and Webster shall 26

27 constitute the fourteenth circuit and shall have two 28 judges; the county of Harrison shall constitute the fifteenth circuit and shall have two judges; the county 29 30 of Marion shall constitute the sixteenth circuit and shall 31 have two judges; the county of Monongalia shall 32 constitute the seventeenth circuit and shall have two 33 judges; the county of Preston shall constitute the 34 eighteenth circuit and shall have one judge; the counties 35 of Barbour and Taylor shall constitute the nineteenth 36 circuit and shall have one judge; the county of Randolph 37 shall constitute the twentieth circuit and shall have one 38 judge: the counties of Grant. Mineral and Tucker shall 39 constitute the twenty-first circuit and shall have two 40 judges; the counties of Hampshire, Hardy and Pendleton 41 shall constitute the twenty-second circuit and shall have 42 one judge; the counties of Berkeley, Jefferson and 43 Morgan shall constitute the twenty-third circuit and 44 shall have one judge; the county of Wayne shall 45 constitute the twenty-fourth circuit and shall have one 46 judge; the counties of Lincoln and Boone shall constitute 47 the twenty-fifth circuit and shall have two judges; the 48 counties of Lewis and Upshur shall constitute the 49 twenty-sixth circuit and shall have one judge; the county 50 of Wyoming shall constitute the twenty-seventh circuit 51 and shall have one judge; the county of Nicholas shall 52constitute the twenty-eighth circuit and shall have one 53 judge: the counties of Mason and Putnam shall consti-54 tute the twenty-ninth circuit and shall have two judges; 55 the county of Mingo shall constitute the thirtieth circuit 56 and shall have one judge; and the counties of Berkeley, 57 Jefferson and Morgan shall constitute the thirty-first 58 circuit and shall have one judge.

(b) The terms of office of all circuit court judges shall
be for eight years, the first commencing on the first day
of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and
ending on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand
nine hundred ninety-two. Subsequent terms of said
judges shall be for eight years.

65 (c) Beginning with the primary and general elections 66 to be conducted in the year one thousand nine hundred 67 ninety-two, in all judicial circuits having two or more

68 judges there shall be, for election purposes, numbered 69 divisions corresponding to the number of circuit judges in each circuit. Each judge shall be elected at large from 70 the entire circuit. In each numbered division of a 71 72judicial circuit, the candidates for nomination or election shall be voted upon and the votes cast for the 73 candidates in each division shall be tallied separately 74 from the votes cast for candidates in other numbered 75 76 divisions within the circuit. The candidate receiving the 77 highest number of the votes cast within a numbered division shall be nominated or elected, as the case may 78 79 be.



CHAPTER 80 (Com. Sub. for H. B. 4770—By Delegates Merow and Buchanan)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, nine, ten, tena, twelve, thirteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, nineteen, nineteen-a, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-four and twenty-five, article four-a, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section elevena, all relating to electronic voting systems; updating terminology to allow for systems by which votes are recorded by means of marking with electronically sensible ink or pencil; setting forth the method by which straight party tickets are to be counted, consistent with the counting in other voting systems; clarifying that a voter in primary elections may vote for candidates of a party for which he or she is legally entitled to vote; providing that the clerk of the county commission is the custodian of the tabulating equipment; prescribing the form for ballots upon which votes may be recorded by means of marking with electronically sensible ink or pencil: removing certain candidates whose ballot positions are determined by drawing by lot; and providing for criminal penalties upon violation of certain provisions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, nine, ten, ten-a, twelve, thirteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, nineteen, nineteen-a, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-four and twenty-five, article four-a, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

- §3-4A-2. Definitions.
- §3-4A-9. Minimum requirements of electronic voting systems.
- §3-4A-10. County clerk to be custodian of vote re-recording devices and tabulating equipment; duties.
- §3-4A-10a. Proportional distribution of vote recording devices.
- §3-4A-11a. Ballots tabulated electronically; arrangement, quantity to be printed, ballot stub numbers.
- §3-4A-12. Ballot label arrangement in vote recording devices; when uniform numbering required; drawing by lot to determine position of candidates on ballots or ballot labels; sealing of devices; record of identifying numbers.
- §3-4A-13. Inspection of ballots and vote recording devices; duties of county commission, ballot commissioners and election commissioners; records relating to ballots and vote recording devices; receipt of election materials by ballot commissioners.
- §3-4A-15. Instructions and help to voters; vote recording device models; facsimile diagrams; sample ballots; legal ballot advertisements.
- §3-4A-16. Delivery of vote recording devices; time, arrangement for voting.
- §3-4A-17. Check of vote recording devices before use; corrections; reserve vote recording devices.
- §3-4A-19. Conducting electronic voting system elections generally; duties of election officers.
- §3-4A-19a. Form of ballots; requiring the signatures of poll clerks; prohibiting the counting of votes cast on ballots without such signatures.
- §3-4A-20. "Independent" voting in primary elections.
- §3-4A-21. Absent voter ballots; issuance, processing and tabulation.
- §3-4A-22. Assistance to illiterate and disabled voters.
- §3-4A-24. Voting by challenged voter.
- §3-4A-25. Closing polls.

§3-4A-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless otherwise specified:
- 2 (a) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means all

3 apparatus necessary to electronically count votes
4 recorded on ballots and tabulate the results;

5 (b) "Ballot" means a tabulating card or paper on 6 which votes may be recorded by means of perforating 7 or marking with electronically sensible ink or pencil;

8 (c) "Ballot labels" means the cards, papers, booklet, 9 pages or other material showing the names of offices 10 and candidates and the statements of measures to be 11 voted on, which are placed on the vote recording device 12 used for recording votes by means of perforating;

(d) "Central counting center" means a facility
equipped with suitable and necessary automatic tabulating equipment, selected by the county commission, for
the electronic counting of votes recorded on ballots;

17 (e) "Electronic voting system" is a means of conduct-18 ing an election whereby votes are recorded on ballots by 19 means of an electronically sensible marking ink or by 20 perforating, and such votes are subsequently counted by 21 automatic tabulating equipment at the central counting 22 center;

(f) "Program deck" means the actual punch card deck
or decks, or a computer program disk, diskette, tape or
other programming media, containing the program for
counting and tabulating the votes, including the
"application program deck";

(g) "Application program deck" means the punch
card deck or equivalent capacity in other program
medias as provided, containing specific options used and
necessary to modify the program of general application,
to conduct and tabulate a specific election according to
applicable law;

34 (h) "Standard validation test deck" means a group of
35 ballots wherein all voting possibilities which can occur
36 in an election are represented; and

37 (i) "Vote recording device" means equipment in which
38 ballot labels and ballots are placed to allow a voter to
39 record his vote by perforating.

§3-4A-9. Minimum requirements of electronic voting systems.

1 An electronic voting system of particular make and 2 design shall not be approved by the state election 3 commission or be purchased, leased or used, by any 4 county commission unless it shall fulfill the following 5 requirements:

6 (1) It shall secure or ensure the voter absolute secrecy 7 in the act of voting, or, at the voter's election, shall 8 provide for open voting;

9 (2) It shall be so constructed that no person except in 10 instances of open voting, as herein provided for, can see 11 or know for whom any voter has voted or is voting;

12 (3) It shall permit each voter to vote at any election 13 for all persons and offices for whom and which he is 14 lawfully entitled to vote, whether or not the name of any 15 such person appears on a ballot or ballot label as a 16 candidate; and it shall permit each voter to vote for as 17 many persons for an office as he is lawfully entitled to vote for: and to vote for or against any question upon 18 19 which he is lawfully entitled to vote. The automatic 20 tabulating equipment used in such electronic voting 21 systems shall reject choices recorded on any ballot if the 22 number of such choices exceeds the number to which a 23 voter is entitled:

(4) It shall permit each voter to deposit, write in, or
affix upon a ballot, card or envelope to be provided for
that purpose, ballots containing the names of persons for
whom he desires to vote whose names do not appear
upon the ballots or ballot labels;

(5) It shall permit each voter to change his vote for
any candidate and upon any question appearing upon
the ballots or ballot labels up to the time when his ballot
is deposited in the ballot box;

(6) It shall contain a program deck consisting of cards
that are sequentially numbered, or consisting of a
computer program disk, diskette, tape or other programming media containing sequentially numbered
program instructions and coded or otherwise protected
from tampering or substitution of the media or program

682

5

ELECTIONS

instructions by unauthorized persons, and capable oftabulating all votes cast in each election;

41 (7) It shall contain two standard validation test decks
42 approved as to form and testing capabilities by the state
43 election commission;

(8) It shall correctly record and count accurately all
votes cast for each candidate and for and against each
question appearing upon the ballots or ballot labels;

47 (9) It shall permit each voter at any election other
48 than primary elections, by one mark or punch to vote
49 a straight party ticket, as provided in section five,
50 article six of this chapter.

(10) It shall permit each voter in primary elections to vote only for the candidates of the party for which he or she is legally permitted to vote, and preclude him from voting for any candidate seeking nomination by any other political party, permit him to vote for the candidates, if any, for nonpartisan nomination or election, and permit him to vote on public questions;

58 (11) It shall, where applicable, be provided with 59 means for sealing the vote recording device to prevent 60 its use and to prevent tampering with ballot labels, both 61 before the polls are open or before the operation of the 62 vote recording device for an election is begun and 63 immediately after the polls are closed or after the operation of the vote recording device for an election is 64 65 completed:

(12) It shall have the capacity to contain the names
of candidates constituting the tickets of at least nine
political parties, and to accommodate the wording of at
least fifteen questions;

70 (13) Where vote recording devices are used, they 71 shall:

(A) Be durably constructed of material of good
quality and in a workmanlike manner and in a form
which shall make it safely transportable;

(B) Be so constructed with frames for the placing ofballot labels and with suitable means for the protection

of such labels, that the labels on which are printed the
names of candidates and their respective parties, titles
of offices, and wording of questions shall be so reasonably protected from mutilation, disfigurement or
disarrangement;

82 (C) Bear a number that will identify it or distinguish83 it from any other machine;

(D) Be so constructed that a voter may easily learn the
method of operating it and may expeditiously cast his
vote for all candidates of his choice, and upon any public
question; and

(E) Be accompanied by a mechanically operated
instruction model which shall show the arrangement of
ballot labels, party columns or rows, and questions.

§3-4A-10. County clerk to be custodian of vote recording devices and tabulating equipment; duties.

1 When an electronic voting system is acquired by any county commission, the vote recording devices, where 2 applicable, and the tabulating equipment shall be 3 immediately placed in the custody of the county clerk, 4 5 and shall remain in his or her custody at all times except when in use at an election or when in custody of a court 6 or court officers during contest proceedings. The clerk 7 8 shall see that the vote recording devices and the tabulating equipment are properly protected and 9 10 preserved from damage or unnecessary deterioration, 11 and shall not permit any unauthorized person to tamper 12 with them. The clerk shall also be charged with the duty of keeping the vote recording devices and tabulating 13 equipment in repair and of preparing the same for 14 voting. 15

§3-4A-10a. Proportional distribution of vote recording devices.

1 Where vote recording devices are used, the county 2 commission of each county shall, upon the close of 3 registration, review the total number of registered 4 voters and the number of registered voters of each party 5 in each precinct. Prior to each election, the commission 6 shall determine the number of voting devices needed to

7 accommodate voters without long delays and shall assign an appropriate number to each precinct. For the 8 9 purposes of the primary election, the commission shall assign the number of vote recording devices in each 10 11 precinct to be prepared for each party based as nearly 12as practicable on the proportion of registered voters of each party to the total: Provided, That a minimum of 13 14 one vote recording device per party be provided, except for "independent" voters, which shall be determined 15 16 under section twenty of this article.

§3-4A-11a. Ballots tabulated electronically; arrangement, quantity to be printed, ballot stub numbers.

1 (a) The board of ballot commissioners in counties 2 using ballots upon which votes may be recorded by 3 means of marking with electronically sensible ink or 4 pencil and which marks are tabulated electronically 5 shall cause the ballots to be printed for use in elections.

6 (b) (1) The heading of the ballot, the arrangement of 7 offices in columns, the spaces for marking votes, the 8 printing of offices, instructions and candidates names 9 shall conform as nearly as possible to that prescribed in 10 this chapter for paper ballots, except that the secretary 11 of state may prescribe necessary modifications to 12 accommodate the tabulating system. Nonpartisan 13 elections for board of education and any question to be 14 voted upon shall be separated from the partisan ballot and separately headed in display type with a title clearly 15 identifying the purpose of the election, and such 16 17 separate section shall constitute a separate ballot 18 wherever a separate ballot is required under the 19 provisions of this chapter.

(2) Both the face and the reverse side of the ballot
may contain the names of candidates, only if means to
ensure the secrecy of the ballot are provided and lines
for the signatures of the poll clerks on the ballot are
printed on a portion of the ballot which is deposited in
the ballot box and upon which marks do not interfere
with the proper tabulation of the votes.

(3) The arrangement of candidates within each officeshall be determined in the same manner as for other

29 electronic voting systems, as prescribed in this chapter. On the general election ballot only, lines for entering 30 31 write-in votes shall be provided below the names of 32 candidates for each office, and the number of lines 33 provided for any office shall equal the number of persons to be elected. The words "WRITE-IN, IF ANY" 34 shall be printed directly under each line for write-ins. 35 36 Such lines shall be opposite a position to mark the vote. 37 Write-in votes which appear on the ballot in places other 38 than the lines provided for write-ins shall not be 39 counted, but any name entered on a line for a write-in 40 vote shall be counted in accordance with the rules for 41 counting write-ins in a general election in other voting 42 systems.

(c) The ballot shall be printed in black ink on paper 43 suitable for automatic tabulation and in the color 44 specified by the secretary of state, and shall contain a 45 46 perforated stub at the top or bottom of the ballot which shall be numbered sequentially in the same manner as 47 48 provided in this article for ballots upon which votes are 49 recorded by means of perforating. The number of ballots 50 printed and the packaging of ballots for the precincts 51 shall conform to the requirements for paper ballots as 52 provided in this chapter.

(d) In addition to the official ballots, the ballot
commissioners shall provide all other materials and
equipment necessary to the proper conduct of the
election.

*§3-4A-12. Ballot label arrangement in vote recording devices; when uniform numbering required; drawing by lot to determine position of candidates on ballots or ballot labels; sealing of devices; record of identifying numbers.

1 (a) When the ballot labels are printed and delivered

2 to the clerk of the county commission of a county using

- 3 vote recording devices, he shall place them in the vote
- 4 recording devices in such manner as will most nearly
- 5 conform to the arrangement prescribed for paper

^{*}Clerk's Note: §3-4A-12 was also amended by H. B. 2305 (Chapter 79), which passed prior to this act.

6 ballots, and as will clearly indicate the party designation 7 or emblem of each candidate. Each column, row or page 8 containing the names of the office and candidates for such office shall be so arranged as to clearly indicate 9 the office for which the candidate is running. The names 10 11 of the candidates for each office indicated shall be 12 placed on the ballot label. The ballot label and the 13 arrangement of the ballot shall conform as nearly as 14 practicable to the plan herein given:

Democratic Ticket	Republican Ticket
For House of Delegates	For House of Delegates
Name	Name
70 ←	$\rightarrow 69$
72 ←	\rightarrow 71
74 ←	→ 73
14 🗨	\rightarrow 75
76 ←	

(b) The secretary of state shall assign a uniform 26 number applicable to all counties using electronic voting 27 for all straight party tickets and for all candidates 28 running for offices to be voted upon by all of the voters 29 of the state. The number so designated by the secretary 30of state shall be used by all counties using electronic 31 voting systems irrespective of the fact that in one or 32 more such counties the number or numbers so desig-33 nated may result in other than strict sequential ballot 34 35 arrangement.

(c) After taking into account the numbers so assigned 36 by the secretary of state to straight party tickets and 37 all candidates for offices to be voted upon by all the 38 voters of the state, the clerk of the circuit court shall 39 appoint a time at which all candidates whose ballot 40 positions are to be determined by drawing by lot are to 41 appear before the clerk for such drawing. Candidates 42 whose ballot positions are to be determined by drawing 43 by lot are those candidates for an office for which the 44 voters will elect more than one person to represent the 45 electoral districts, including, but not limited to, House 46

of Delegates contests in multi-delegate districts, contests
for the office of county board of education, magistrate
and delegate to a political party national convention.
The clerk shall give due notice of such time to each
candidate by United States mail, directed to the address
given by the candidate in his announcement of
candidacy.

54 (d) It shall be the duty of the secretary of state to 55 provide each circuit clerk with a list of names and addresses of candidates running for office in such clerk's 56 57 county who have filed their announcement of candidacy 58 with the secretary of state, and who are candidates 59 whose ballot positions are to be determined by drawing 60 by lot. At the time appointed, all such candidates whose 61 ballot positions are to be determined by lot shall 62 assemble in the office of such clerk and such candidates 63 shall then proceed to draw by lot to determine where their names shall appear on the ballots or ballot labels. 64 65 The number so drawn by each such candidate shall 66 determine where his or her name shall appear on the 67 ballots or ballot labels. In the event any candidate or 68 candidates fail to appear at the time appointed, the clerk 69 shall draw for such absent candidate or candidates in 70 the presence of those candidates assembled, if any, and 71 the number so drawn by the clerk shall determine 72 where the name of any absent candidate or candidates 73 shall appear on the ballots or ballot labels. The circuit 74 clerk shall record the number drawn by each candidate 75 and his name in an appropriate book. The ballot 76 commissioners shall proceed to have the ballots or ballot 77 labels printed according to the provisions of this article. 78 After receiving the printed ballots or ballot labels, the 79 clerk of the circuit court shall ascertain their accuracy 80 and the clerk of the county commission shall, in counties 81 utilizing vote recording devices, proceed to have the 82 ballot labels placed in the vote recording devices. The 83 clerk of the county commission shall then seal the vote 84 recording devices so as to prevent tampering with ballot 85 labels, and enter in an appropriate book, opposite the number of each precinct, the identifying or distinguish-86 87 ing number of the specific vote recording device or 88 devices to be used in that precinct.

§3-4A-13. Inspection of ballots and vote recording devices; duties of county commission, ballot commissioners and election commissioners; records relating to ballots and vote recording devices; receipt of election materials by ballot commissioners.

1 When the clerk of the county commission has com-2 pleted the preparation of the ballots and vote recording devices as provided in sections eleven, eleven-a and 3 4 twelve of this article and as provided in section twenty-5 one, article one of this chapter, and not later than seven 6 days before the day of the election, he or she shall notify 7 the members of the county commission and the ballot 8 commissioners that the ballots and devices, where 9 applicable, are ready for use. Thereupon the members 10 of the county commission and the ballot commissioners 11 shall convene at the office of the clerk or at such other 12 place wherein the vote recording devices, where 13 applicable, and ballots are stored, not later than five 14 days before the day of the election, and shall inspect the 15 devices and the ballots to determine whether the 16 requirements of this article have been met. Notice of the place and time of such inspection shall be published, no 17 less than three days prior thereto, as a Class I-0 legal 18 19 advertisement in compliance with the provisions of 20article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the 21 publication area for such publication shall be the county 22 involved. Any candidate and one representative of each political party on the ballot may be present during such 2324 examination. If the devices, where applicable, and ballots are found to be in proper order, the members of 2526 the county commission and the ballot commissioners 27 shall, where applicable, endorse their approval in the 28 book in which the clerk entered the numbers of the devices opposite the numbers of the precincts. The vote 29 30 recording devices and the ballots shall then be secured 31 in double lock rooms. The county clerk and the president 32 or president pro tempore of the county commission shall 33 each have a key. The rooms shall be unlocked only in 34 their presence and only for the removal of the devices, where applicable, and the ballots for transportation to 35the polls. Upon such removal of the devices and ballots, 36

the county clerk and president or president pro tempore
of the county commission shall certify in writing signed
by them that the devices, where applicable, and
packages of ballots were found to be sealed when
removed for transportation to the polls.

42 Not later than one day before the election, the election 43 commissioner of each precinct who shall have been 44 previously designated by the ballot commissioners, shall 45 attend at the office of the clerks of the circuit court and county commission of such county to receive the 46 necessary election records, books and supplies required 47 48 by law. Such election commissioners shall receive the 49 per diem mileage rate prescribed by law for this service. 50 Such election commissioners shall give the ballot 51 commissioners a sequentially numbered written receipt, 52 on a printed form, provided by the clerk of the county 53 commission, for such records, books and supplies. Such 54 receipt shall be prepared in duplicate. One copy of the receipt shall remain with the clerk of the county 55 commission and one copy shall be delivered to the 56 57 president or president pro tempore of the county 58 commission.

§3-4A-15. Instructions and help to voters; vote recording device models; facsimile diagrams; sample ballots; legal ballot advertisements.

(a) For the instruction of the voters on any election 1 day in counties utilizing an electronic voting system 2 3 where votes are to be recorded by means of perforating, 4 there shall be provided for each polling place one 5 instruction model for each vote recording device. Each 6 such instruction model shall be constructed so as to 7 provide a replica of a vote recording device, and shall 8 contain the arrangement of the ballot labels, party 9 columns or rows, office columns or rows, and questions. 10 Fictitious names shall be inserted in the ballot labels of 11 the models. Such models shall be located on the election 12 officers' tables or in some other place in which the voter 13 must pass to reach the vote recording device. Each 14 voter, upon request, before voting, shall be offered instruction by the election officers in the operation of the 15 vote recording device by use of the instruction model, 16

and each voter shall be given ample opportunity tooperate the model himself.

19 (b) The ballot commissioners shall also provide 20 facsimile ballots or ballot labels, as may be appropriate, at least two of which, or complete sets of which, shall 21 22 be posted on the walls of each polling place. The 23 facsimile diagrams shall be exact diagrams of the 24 ballots or ballot labels or paper ballots to the end that 25 the voter may become familiar with the location of the 26 parties, offices, candidates and questions as they appear 27 on the ballot to be used in his precinct.

(c) The ballot commissioners may, with the consent of
the county commission, or the county commission may,
prepare and mail to each qualified voter at his address
as shown on the registration books a facsimile sample
of the ballot or ballot labels for his precinct.

(d) In counties where an electronic voting system has
been adopted, the legal ballot advertisements required
by articles five and six of this chapter, shall consist of
a facsimile of the ballot or ballot labels with the names
of the candidates and the offices for which they are
running shown in their proper positions.

§3-4A-16. Delivery of vote recording devices; time, arrangement for voting.

The clerk of the county commission shall deliver or 1 cause to be delivered each vote recording device, where 2 applicable, and the package of ballots to the polling 3 place where they are to be employed. Such delivery shall 4 be made not less than one hour prior to the opening of 5 the polls and shall be made in the presence of the 6 precinct election commissioners. At the time of the 7 delivery of such vote recording device, where applicable, 8 and the ballots, the device shall be sealed in such a way 9 to prevent its use prior to the opening of the polls and 10 any tampering with the ballot labels and the ballots 11 12 shall be packaged and sealed in such a way to prevent any tampering with the ballots. Immediately prior to 13 the opening of the polls on election day, the sealed 14 packages of ballots shall be opened, and the seal of the 15 16 vote recording device shall be broken in the presence of

17 the precinct election commissioners, who shall certify in writing signed by them to the clerk of the county 18 commission, that the devices, where applicable, and the 19 20 ballots have been delivered in their presence, that the 21 devices and packages of ballots were found to be sealed 22 upon such delivery, and that the seals have been broken 23 and the devices opened in their presence, as may be 24 appropriate. The election commissioners shall then 25 cause the vote recording device, where applicable, to be 26 arranged in the voting booth in such manner that the 27 front of the vote recording device on which the ballot 28 labels appear will not be visible, when the vote record-29 ing device is being operated, to any person other than 30 the voter if the voter shall elect to close the curtain, 31 screen or hood to the voting booth.

§3-4A-17. Check of vote recording devices before use; corrections; reserve vote recording devices.

1 In counties utilizing an electronic voting system where 2 votes are to be recorded by means of perforating before 3 permitting the first voter to vote, the election commis-4 sioners shall examine the vote recording devices to 5 ascertain whether the ballot labels are arranged as specified on the facsimile diagram furnished to the 6 7 precinct. If the ballot labels are arranged incorrectly, the commissioners shall immediately notify the clerk of 8 the county commission of the foregoing facts in writing, 9 indicating the number of the device, and obtain from 10 11 such clerk a reserve vote recording device, and thereaf-12 ter proceed to conduct the election. Any reserve vote 13 recording device so used shall be prepared for use by the clerk or his duly appointed deputy and said reserve 14 vote recording device shall be prepared, inspected and 15 sealed, and delivered to the polling place wherein the 16 17 seal shall be broken and such device opened in the 18 presence of the precinct election commissioners who 19 shall certify in writing signed by them to the clerk of the county commission, that the reserve vote recording 20 21 device was found to be sealed upon delivery to the 22 polling place, that the seal was broken and the device opened in their presence at the polling place. The vote 23 recording device found to have been with incorrect 24

Ch. 801

ELECTIONS

ballot labels shall be returned immediately to the
custody of the clerk who shall then promptly cause such
vote recording device to be repaired, prepared and
resealed in order that it may be used as a reserve vote
recording device if needed.

§3-4A-19. Conducting electronic voting system elections generally; duties of election officers.

1 (1) The election officers shall constantly and diligently 2 maintain a watch in order to see that no person votes 3 more than once and to prevent any voter from occupying 4 the voting booth for more than five minutes.

5 (2) In primary elections, before a voter is permitted 6 to occupy the voting booth, the election commissioner 7 representing the party to which the voter belongs shall 8 direct the voter to the vote recording device or supply 9 the voter with a ballot, as may be appropriate, which will allow the voter to vote only for the candidates who 10 11 are seeking nomination on the ticket of the party with 12 which the voter is affiliated.

(3) The poll clerk shall issue to each voter when he
signs the pollbook a card or ticket numbered to
correspond to the number on the pollbook of such voter,
and in the case of a primary election, indicating the
party affiliation of such voter, which numbered card or
ticket shall be presented to the election commissioner in
charge of the voting booth.

(4) One hour before the opening of the polls the 20 precinct election commissioners shall arrive at the 21 polling place and set up the voting booths so that they 2223will be in clear view of the election commissioners. Where applicable, they shall open the vote recording 24 devices, place them in the voting booths, examine them 25to see that they have the correct ballots or ballot labels 26 by comparing them with the sample ballots, and 27 determine whether they are in proper working order. 28 They shall open and check the ballots, supplies, records 29 and forms, and post the sample ballots or ballot labels 30 and instructions to voters. Upon ascertaining that all 31 ballots, supplies, records and forms arrived intact, the 32 election commissioners shall so certify in writing their 33

findings upon forms provided and collected by the clerk 34 of the county commission over their signatures to the 35 36 clerk of the county commission. Any discrepancies shall 37 be so noted and reported immediately to the clerk of the 38 county commission. The election commissioners shall then number in sequential order the ballot stub of each 39 ballot in their possession and report in writing to the 40 clerk of the county commission the number of ballots 41 received. They shall issue such ballots in sequential 42 order to each voter. 43

44 (5) Where applicable, each voter shall be instructed45 how to operate the vote recording device before he46 enters the voting booth.

(6) Any voter who shall spoil, deface or mutilate the 47 ballot delivered to him, on returning the same to the poll 48 clerks, shall receive another in place thereof. Every 49 50 person who does not vote any ballot delivered to him shall, before leaving the election room, return such 51 ballot to the poll clerks. When a spoiled or defaced ballot 52is returned, the poll clerks shall make a minute of the 53fact on the pollbooks, at the time, and the word "spoiled" 54 shall be written across the face of the ballot and it shall 55 56 be placed in an envelope for spoiled ballots.

57 Immediately on closing the polls, the election commissioners shall ascertain the number of spoiled ballots 58 during the election and the number of ballots remaining 59 not voted. The election commissioners shall also ascer-60 61 tain from the pollbooks the number of persons who voted and shall report, in writing signed by them to the clerk 62 of the county commission, any irregularities in the ballot 63 boxes, the number of ballots cast, the number of ballots 64 spoiled during the election and the number of ballots 65 unused. All unused ballots shall at the same time be 66 returned to the clerk of the county commission who shall 67 count them and record the number. If there is no 68 discrepancy, the unused ballots shall be destroyed 69 forthwith, before a representative of each party on the 70 ballot, by fire or otherwise, by the clerk of the county 71 72 commission or a duly designated deputy clerk. If there 73 is a discrepancy, the unused ballots shall be impounded and secured under double locks until the discrepancy is 74

ELECTIONS

75 resolved. The county clerk and the president or president pro tempore of the county commission shall each have a key. Upon resolution of the discrepancy, the unused ballots shall forthwith, before a representative of each party on the ballot, be destroyed by fire or otherwise, by the clerk of the county commission or a duly designated deputy clerk.

Each commissioner who is a member of an election board which fails to account for every ballot delivered to it shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or confined in the county jail for not more than one year, or both.

The board of ballot commissioners of each county, or the chairman thereof, shall preserve the ballots that are left over in their hands, after supplying the precincts as provided, until the close of the polls on the day of election, and such ballots shall then be destroyed by such board, or the chairman thereof, by fire or otherwise.

94 (7) Where ballots are used, the voter, after he has marked his ballot shall, before leaving the voting booth, 95 96 place the ballot inside the envelope provided for this 97 purpose, with the stub extending outside said envelope, and return it to an election commissioner who shall 98 99 remove the stub and deposit the envelope with the ballot 100 inside in the ballot box. No ballot from which the stub has been detached shall be accepted by the officer in 101 charge of the ballot box, but such ballot shall be marked 102 103 "spoiled" and placed with the spoiled ballots.

(8) The precinct election commissioners shall prepare 104 a report in quadruplicate of the number of voters who 105 have voted, as indicated by the pollbooks, and shall place 106 two copies of this report in the ballot box, which 107 thereupon shall be sealed with a paper seal signed by 108 the election commissioners so that no additional ballots 109 may be deposited or removed from the ballot box. Two 110 election commissioners of different political parties shall 111 forthwith deliver the ballot box to the clerk of the county 112 113 commission at the central counting center and receive a signed numbered receipt therefor, which receipt shall 114

ELECTIONS

115 carefully set forth in detail any and all irregularities 116 pertaining to the ballot boxes and noted by the precinct

117 election officers.

118 The receipt shall be prepared in duplicate, a copy of 119 which shall remain with the clerk of the county 120 commission who shall have any and all irregularities 121 noted. The time of their departure from the polling 122 place shall be noted on the two remaining copies of the 123 report, which shall be immediately mailed to the clerk 124 of the county commission.

(9) The pollbooks, register of voters, unused ballots,
spoiled ballots and other records and supplies shall be
delivered to the clerk of the county commission, all in
conformity with the provisions of this section.

§3-4A-19a. Form of ballots; requiring the signatures of poll clerks; prohibiting the counting of votes cast on ballots without such signatures.

Every ballot utilized during the course of any 1 2 electronic voting system election conducted under the 3 provisions of this article shall provide two lines for the signatures of the poll clerks. Both of the signature lines 4 5 shall be printed on a portion of the ballot where votes 6 are not recorded by perforation or marking, but which 7 portion is an actual part of the ballot deposited in the 8 ballot box after the voter has perforated or marked his 9 ballot and after the ballot stub has been removed.

Each of the two poll clerks shall sign his name on one of the designated lines provided on each ballot before any ballot is distributed to a voter. After a voter has signed the pollbook, as required in section nineteen of this article, the two poll clerks shall deliver a ballot to the voter, which ballot has been signed by each of the two poll clerks as provided herein.

17 In the course of an election contest, if it is established 18 that a ballot does not contain the two signatures 19 required by this section, such ballot shall be null, void 20 and of no effect, and shall not be counted.

§3-4A-20. "Independent" voting in primary elections.

1 If at any primary elections, nonpartisan candidates

Elections

2 for office and public questions are submitted to the 3 voters and on which candidates and questions persons 4 registered as "independent" are entitled to vote, as 5 provided in section eighteen, article two of this chapter. 6 the election officers shall provide a vote recording 7 device, where applicable, or the appropriate ballot to be 8 marked by an electronically sensible pen or ink, so that 9 such "independent" voters may vote only those portions 10 of the ballot relating to the nonpartisan candidates and 11 the public questions submitted, or provide a ballot 12 containing only provision for voting for those candidates and/or upon those issues common to the ballots provided 13 14 to all voters regardless of political party affiliation.

In counties utilizing electronic voting systems in 15 16 which votes are recorded by perforating, if vote 17 recording devices are not available for the "independ-18 ent" voters, provision shall be made for sealing the 19 partisan section or sections of the ballot or ballot labels 20 on a vote recording device using temporary seals, thus 21 permitting the independent voter to vote for the 22nonpartisan section or sections of the ballot or ballot labels. After the "independent" voter has voted, the 23 24 temporary seals may be removed and the device may 25then be used by partisan voters.

§3-4A-21. Absent voter ballots; issuance, processing and tabulation.

Absentee voters shall cast their votes on absent voter 1 2 ballots. If absentee voters shall be deemed eligible to 3 vote in person at the office of the clerk of the circuit 4 court, in accordance with the provisions of article three of this chapter, the clerk of the circuit court of each 5 6 county shall provide a vote recording device or other 7 means, as may be appropriate for votes recorded by electronically sensible ink or pencil, for the use of such 8 9 absentee voters. For all absentee voters deemed eligible to vote an absent voter's ballot by mail, in accordance 10 with the provisions of article three of this chapter, the 11 clerk of the circuit court of each county shall prepare 12 13 and issue an absent voter ballot packet consisting of the 14 following:

15 (a) One official absent voter ballot;

(b) One punching tool for perforating or a device for
marking by electronically sensible pen or ink, as may
be appropriate;

(c) If a punching tool is to be utilized, one disposable
styrofoam block to be placed behind the ballot card for
voting purposes and to be discarded after use by the
voter;

23 (d) One absent voter instruction ballot;

(e) One absent voter's ballot envelope No. 1, unsealed,
which shall have no writing thereon and which shall be
identical to the secrecy envelope used for placement of
ballots at the polls; and

(f) One absent voter's ballot envelope No. 2, which
envelope shall be marked with the proper precinct
number and shall provide a place on its seal for the
absent voter to affix his signature. Such envelope shall
also otherwise contain the forms and instructions as
provided in section five, article three of this chapter,
relating to the absentee voting of paper ballots.

Upon receipt of an absent voter's ballot by mail, the voter shall mark the ballot with the punch tool or marking device, whichever is appropriate, and the voter may receive assistance in voting his absent voter's ballot in accordance with the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter.

41 After the voter has voted his absent voter's ballot, he 42 shall (1) enclose the same in absent voter's ballot envelope No. 1, and seal that envelope, (2) enclose sealed 43 absent voter's ballot envelope No. 1 in absent voter's 44 45 ballot envelope No. 2, (3) complete and sign the forms, 46 if any, on absent voter's ballot envelope No. 2 according 47 to the instructions thereon, and (4) mail, postage 48 prepaid, sealed absent voter's ballot envelope No. 2 to 49 the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which he 50 is registered to vote, unless the voter has appeared in 51 person, in which event he shall hand deliver the sealed absent voter's ballot envelope No. 2 to the clerk. 52

53Upon receipt of such sealed envelope, the circuit clerk 54 shall (1) enter onto the envelope such information as may 55 be required of him according to the instructions thereon: 56 (2) enter his challenge, if any, to the absent voter's 57 ballot; (3) enter the required information into a record of persons making application for and voting an absent 58 59 voter's ballot by personal appearance or by mail (the 60 form of which record and information to be entered 61 therein shall be prescribed by the secretary of state): 62 and (4) place such sealed envelope in a secure location in his office, there to remain until delivered to the 63 64 polling place in accordance with the provisions of this 65 article or, in case of a challenged ballot, to the county 66 commission sitting as a board of canvassers.

67 When absent voters' ballots have been delivered to the election board of any precinct, the election commission-68 **69** ers shall, at the close of the polls, proceed to determine 70 the legality of such ballots as prescribed in article three 71 of this chapter. The commissioners shall then open all 72 of the absent voter's ballot envelopes No. 2 which contain 73 ballots not challenged and remove therefrom the absent voter's ballot envelopes No. 1. These ballot envelopes No. 74 75 1 shall then be shuffled and intermingled. The election 76 commissioners and poll clerks, in the presence of each 77 other, shall next open all of the absent voter's ballot envelopes No. 1 and remove the ballots therefrom. The 78 79 poll clerks shall then affix their signatures thereto as 80 provided in section nineteen-a of this article. The commissioners shall then insert each ballot into a 81 82 secrecy envelope identical to the secrecy envelopes used 83 for the placement of ballots of voters who are voting in 84 person at the polls and shall deposit the ballot in the 85 ballot box.

§3-4A-22. Assistance to illiterate and disabled voters.

(a) Any duly registered voter, who requires assistance
to vote by reason of blindness, disability, advanced age
or inability to read and write, may be given assistance
by one of the following means:

5 (1) By a person of the voter's choice: *Provided*, That 6 such assistance may not be given by the voter's present

ELECTIONS

or former employer or agent of that employer or by an
officer or agent of a labor union of which the voter is
a past or present member; or

10 (2) If no person of the voter's choice be present at the polling place, the voter may request such assistance 11 12 from the poll clerks or ballot commissioners present at the polling place, whereupon such assistance may be 13 given by any two of such election officers of opposite 14 political party affiliation to whom such voter shall 15 thereupon declare his or her choice of candidates and 16 his or her position on public questions appearing on the 17 ballot. Such election officers, in the presence of the voter 18 19 and in the presence of each other, shall thereupon cause such voter's declared choices to be recorded on the ballot 20 or a vote recording device, as may be appropriate, as 21 22 votes.

23 (b) A person other than an election officer who assists a voter in voting under the provisions of this section 24 shall sign a written oath or affirmation before assisting 25 such voter, stating that he or she will not override the 26 27 actual preference of the voter being assisted or mislead the voter into voting for someone other than the 28 candidate of the voter's choice. Such person assisting the 29 voter shall also swear or affirm that he or she believes 30 31 that the voter is voting free of intimidation or manip-32 ulation.

§3-4A-24. Voting by challenged voter.

If the right of any person to vote be challenged in 1 accordance with the provisions of article one of this 2 3 chapter, relating to the challenging of voters, and a vote recording device or ballot is used that tabulates the vote 4 as an individual vote, such person shall be permitted to 5 cast his vote by use of the vote recording device or ballot. 6 as may be appropriate. He shall be provided with a 7 8 challenged ballot and ballot envelopes for the insertion of the ballot after voting. There shall be an inner 9 envelope marked with the precinct number for the 10 challenged ballot. There shall also be another envelope 11 for the inner envelope and the challenged voter stub. 12

Ch. 81]

Eminent Domain

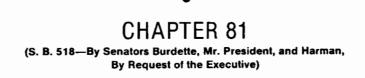
13 which envelope shall provide a place for the challenged

14 voter to affix his signature on the seal of such outer 15 envelope.

16 After the county commission, as prescribed in article 17 one of this chapter, has determined that the challenges are unfounded, the commissioners shall remove the 18 19 outer envelopes. Without opening the inner envelope, the 20 commissioners shall shuffle and intermingle such inner 21 envelopes. The commissioners shall then open the inner 22 envelopes, remove the ballots and add the votes to the 23previously counted totals.

§3-4A-25. Closing polls.

As soon as the polls have been closed and the last qualified voter has voted, no further voting on any ballot may be had and the vote recording devices utilized in counties with electronic voting systems where votes are recorded by perforating shall be sealed against further voting. All unused ballots shall be placed in a container for return to the clerk of the county commission.



[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article three, chapter fifty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to implementing the 1987 amendments to the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970; and expanding the definition of the term "acquiring agency".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article three, chapter fifty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Energy

ARTICLE 3. IMPLEMENTATION OF UNIFORM RELOCATION ASSISTANCE AND REAL PROPERTY ACQUISI-TION POLICIES ACT OF 1970 AND THE 1987 AMENDMENTS THERETO KNOWN AS TITLE IV OF THE SURFACE TRANSPORTATION AND UNI-FORM RELOCATION ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1987.

§54-3-1. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, the term:

2 (1) "Federal act" means the "Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act 3 of 1970", being Public Law 91-646, enacted by the 4 Ninety-first Congress of the United States of America. 5 and the 1987 amendments thereto known as Title IV of 6 the Surface Transportation and Uniform Relocation 7 Assistance Act of 1987 being Public Law 100-17 enacted 8 by the One Hundredth Congress of the United States of 9 America. 10

(2) "Acquiring agency" means the state of West 11 Virginia or any department, agency or instrumentality 12 thereof, or any county, municipality or other political 13 subdivision thereof or any department, agency or 14 instrumentality of two or more states or of two or more 15 political subdivisions of a state or states, and any person 16 carrying out a program or project with federal financial 17 assistance which causes a person to be a displaced 18 person within the intent and meaning of the federal act. 19

20 (3) "Person" means any individual, partnership,
21 association or corporation.

CHAPTER 82 (H. B. 4735—By Delegate Farley)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a; and to amend and reenact section eleven, article three, chapter twenty-two-a of said code, all

ENERGY

relating to the use of special revenue funds by the commissioner of energy to administer the division of energy; providing that federal funds may not be expended contrary to federal law; providing that moneys in the special reclamation fund are reserved for certain purposes; requiring the commissioner to develop a long-range planning process; restricting the amount of moneys which the commissioner may use for certain purposes; increasing the fee per ton of clean coal mined and specifying when it shall be collected; and removing provisions regarding assessments when the fund goes below a certain amount.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine-hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a; and that section eleven, article three, chapter twenty-two-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

22. Energy.

22A. Mines and Minerals.

CHAPTER 22. ENERGY.

ARTICLE 1. TITLE; PURPOSES; DIVISION OF ENERGY.

§22-1-5a. Special revenue.

1 Except as herein exempted and notwithstanding any 2 other provisions in this code to the contrary, the commissioner may, with the exception of the special 3 reclamation fund established in section eleven, article 4 three, chapter twenty-two-a of this code, expend, in 5 accordance with the provisions of chapter five-a of this 6 7 code, from special revenue accounts, and funds established pursuant to this chapter and chapters twenty-two-8 a and twenty-two-b of this code, amounts necessary to 9 implement and administer the general powers, duties 10 and responsibilities of the division of energy: Provided, 11 12 That federal funds required by law to be expended for a specific purpose may not be expended for any purpose 13 contrary to the laws, rules or regulations of the federal 14 15 government.

CHAPTER 22A. MINES AND MINERALS.

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA SURFACE COAL MINING AND RECLAMATION ACT.

§22A-3-11. Performance bonds; amount and method of bonding; bonding requirements; special reclamation tax and fund; prohibited acts; period of bond liability.

(a) After a surface-mining permit application has 1 2 been approved pursuant to this article, but before a permit has been issued, each operator shall furnish 3 bond, on a form to be prescribed and furnished by the 4 5 commissioner, payable to the state of West Virginia and conditioned upon the operator faithfully performing all 6 7 of the requirements of this article and of the permit. The 8 amount of the bond shall be one thousand dollars for each acre or fraction thereof. The bond shall cover (1) 9 10 the entire permit area, or (2) that increment of land within the permit area upon which the operator will 11 initiate and conduct surface-mining and reclamation 12 operations within the initial term of the permit. If the 13 operator chooses to use incremental bonding, as succeed-14 15 ing increments of surface mining and reclamation 16 operations are to be initiated and conducted within the permit area, the operator shall file with the commis-17 sioner an additional bond or bonds to cover such 18 increments in accordance with this section: Provided. 19 20 That once the operator has chosen to proceed with bonding either the entire permit area or with incremen-21 tal bonding, he shall continue bonding in that manner 22 for the term of the permit: Provided, however, That the 23 24 minimum amount of bond furnished shall be ten 25 thousand dollars.

(b) The period of liability for performance bond
coverage shall commence with issuance of a permit and
continue for the full term of the permit plus any
additional period necessary to achieve compliance with
the requirements in the reclamation plan of the permit.

31 (c) (1) The form of the performance bond shall be 32 approved by the commissioner and may include, at the 33 option of the operator, surety bonding, collateral

ENERGY

34 bonding (including cash and securities), establishment of an escrow account, self-bonding or a combination of 3536 these methods. If collateral bonding is used, the operator 37 may elect to deposit cash, or collateral securities or 38 certificates as follows: Bonds of the United States or its 39 possessions, of the federal land bank, or of the ho-40 meowners' loan corporation; full faith and credit general 41 obligation bonds of the state of West Virginia, or other 42 states, and of any county, district or municipality of the 43 state of West Virginia or other states; or certificates of 44 deposit in a bank in this state, which certificates shall 45 be in favor of the division. The cash deposit or market value of such securities or certificates shall be equal to 46 47 or greater than the sum of the bond. The commissioner 48 shall, upon receipt of any such deposit of cash, securities 49 or certificates, promptly place the same with the 50 treasurer of the state of West Virginia whose duty it 51 shall be to receive and hold the same in the name of the 52 state in trust for the purpose for which the deposit is 53 made when the permit is issued. The operator making 54 the deposit shall be entitled from time to time to receive 55 from the state treasurer, upon the written approval of 56 the commissioner, the whole or any portion of any cash, 57 securities or certificates so deposited, upon depositing 58 with him in lieu thereof, cash or other securities or 59 certificates of the classes herein specified having value 60 equal to or greater than the sum of the bond.

61 (2) The commissioner may approve an alternative 62 bonding system if it will (A) reasonably assure that 63 sufficient funds will be available to complete the 64 reclamation, restoration and abatement provisions for 65 all permit areas which may be in default at any time, 66 and (B) provide a substantial economic incentive for the 67 permittee to comply with all reclamation provisions.

68 (d) The commissioner may accept the bond of the 69 applicant itself without separate surety when the 70 applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the 71 commissioner the existence of a suitable agent to receive 72 service of process and a history of financial solvency and 73 continuous operation sufficient for authorization to self-74 insure.

ENERGY

(e) It shall be unlawful for the owner of surface or
mineral rights to interfere with the present operator in
the discharge of his obligations to the state for the
reclamation of lands disturbed by him.

(f) All bond releases shall be accomplished in accordance with the provisions of section twenty-three of this
article.

82 (g) All special reclamation taxes deposited by the 83 commissioner with the treasurer or the state of West 84 Virginia to the credit of the special reclamation fund prior to the effective date of this article shall be 85 86 transferred to the special reclamation fund created by 87 this section and shall be expended pursuant to the provisions of this subsection: Provided, That no taxes 88 89 transferred into the special reclamation fund created by 90 this section shall be subject to refund. The moneys accrued in the fund, including interest, are reserved 91 solely and exclusively for the purposes set forth in this 92 93 subsection. The fund shall be administered by the 94 commissioner, and he is authorized to expend the moneys in the fund for the reclamation and rehabilita-95 96 tion of lands which were subjected to permitted surface-97 mining operations and abandoned after the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven. 98 99 where the amount of the bond posted and forfeited on 100 such land is less than the actual cost of reclamation. The commissioner shall develop a long-range planning 101 process for selection and prioritization of sites to be 102 103 reclaimed so as to avoid inordinate short-term obliga-104 tions of the assets in the fund of such magnitude that 105the solvency of the fund is jeopardized. The commis-106 sioner may use an amount, not to exceed twenty-five percent of the annual amount of the fees collected, for 107 108 the purpose of designing, constructing and maintaining 109 water treatment systems when they are required for a complete reclamation of the affected lands described in 110 111 this subsection. The commissioner may also expend an 112 amount not to exceed ten percent of the total annual 113 assets in the fund to implement and administer the 114 provisions of this chapter and chapters twenty-two and 115 twenty-two-b of this code.

Ch. 83]

ETHICS

116 After the effective date of this subsection, every person then conducting coal surface-mining operations 117 118 shall contribute into the fund a sum equal to three cents 119 per ton of clean coal mined thereafter. This fee shall be 120 collected by the state tax commissioner in the same 121 manner as the West Virginia business and occupation 122 tax in accordance with the provisions of chapter eleven 123of this code. Such tax shall be collected whenever the 124 liabilities of the state established in this subsection 125exceed the accrued amount in the fund. The tax 126 commissioner shall deposit the fees collected with the 127 treasurer of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the special reclamation fund. The moneys in the fund 128 129 shall be placed by the treasurer in interest bearing 130 account with the interest being returned to the fund on 131 an annual basis. At the beginning of each quarter, the 132commissioner shall advise the state tax commissioner 133 and the governor of the assets, excluding payments, expenditures and liabilities, in the fund. 134

CHAPTER 83

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4596-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request)

(Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.)

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article one, chapter six-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections three, four, five, seven and eight, article two of said chapter; to amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-a; and to amend and reenact section four, article three of said chapter, all relating generally to ethical standards of governmental officials and employees and disclosure of financial interest of such persons; providing additional immunity from sanctions for persons acting in good faith reliance on ethics commission advisory opinions; the selection of investigative panel members; providing public disclosure of certain commission actions;

providing that members of an investigative panel which finds probable cause cannot serve on the commission panel which renders final decision in case; the finding of truth or falsity of charges by the commission: requiring public disclosure of conciliation agreements: abevance of commission action pending referral for criminal investigation; use of public office for private gain; permitting solicitation for charitable purposes; interests of public officials, public employees in public contracts; exemption from prohibited activities for persons employed in higher education; requiring disclosure of identity and nature of additional sources of income; excluding spouse's income from reporting requirements: disclosure of debtors and creditors: exempting certain debts and loans from being reported; requiring additional disclosure of gifts; emergency rule revoked: all disclosures made in manner prescribed by legislative rules; changes in expenditures to be reported by lobbyists; and deletion of provisions for requiring lobbvists to report additional information by legislative rule.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article one, chapter six-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections three, four, five, seven and eight, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-a; and that section four, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 1. Short Title; Legislative Findings, Purposes and Intent; Construction and Application of Chapter; Severability.
- 2. West Virginia Ethics Commission; Powers and Duties; Disclosure of Financial Interest by Public Officials and Employees; Appearances Before Public Agencies.
- 2A. Rules.
- 3. Lobbyists.

ARTICLE 1. SHORT TITLE; LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS, PUR-POSES AND INTENT; CONSTRUCTION AND AP-PLICATION OF CHAPTER; SEVERABILITY. Ch. 83]

ETHICS

§6B-1-4. Remedies and penalties in addition to other applicable remedies and penalties.

1 The provisions of this chapter shall be in addition to 2 any other applicable provisions of this code and except 3 for the immunity provided by section three, article two 4 of this chapter shall not be deemed to be in derogation 5 of or as a substitution for any other provisions of this 6 code, including, but not limited to, article five-a, chapter 7 sixty-one of this code and except for the immunity 8 provided by section three, article two of this chapter the 9 remedies and penalties provided in this chapter shall be in addition to any other remedies or penalties which 10 11 may be applicable to any circumstances relevant to both.

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA ETHICS COMMISSION; POWERS AND DUTIES; DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INTEREST BY PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND EM-PLOYEES; APPEARANCES BEFORE PUBLIC AGENCIES.

- §6B-2-3. Advisory opinions.
- §6B-2-4. Complaints; dismissals; hearings; disposition; judicial review.
- §6B-2-5. Ethical standards for elected and appointed officials and public employees.
- §6B-2-7. Financial disclosure statement; contents.
- §6B-2-8. Exceptions to financial disclosure requirements and conflicts of interest provisions.

§6B-2-3. Advisory opinions.

A person subject to the provisions of this chapter may 1 2 make application in writing to the ethics commission for an advisory opinion on whether an action or proposed 3 action violates the provisions of this chapter or the 4 5 provisions of section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixtyone of this code and would thereby expose the person 6 to sanctions by the commission or criminal prosecution. 7 The commission shall respond within thirty days from 8 the receipt of the request by issuing an advisory opinion 9 on the matter raised in the request. All advisory 10 opinions shall be published and indexed in the code of 11 state rules by the secretary of state: Provided. That 12 before an advisory opinion is made public, any material 13 which may identify the person who is the subject of the 14 opinion shall, to the fullest extent possible, be deleted 15

709

16 and the identity of the person shall not be revealed. A person subject to the provisions of this chapter may rely 17 upon the published guidelines or an advisory opinion of 18 19 the commission, and any person acting in good faith 20 reliance on any such guideline or opinion shall be 21 immune from the sanctions of this chapter and the 22 sanctions of section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixty-one 23of this code, and shall have an absolute defense to any criminal prosecution for actions taken in good faith 24 25 reliance upon any such opinion or guideline in regard 26 to the sanctions of this chapter and the sanctions of 27 section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixty-one of this code.

§6B-2-4. Complaints; dismissals; hearings; disposition; judicial review.

(a) Upon the filing by any person with the commission 1 2 of a complaint which is duly verified by oath or 3 affirmation, the executive director of the commission or 4 his or her designee shall, within three working days, 5 acknowledge the receipt of the complaint by first class 6 mail, unless the complainant or his or her representative 7 personally filed the complaint with the commission and 8 was given a receipt or other acknowledgement evidencing the filing. Within fourteen days after the receipt of 9 a complaint, an investigative panel shall be appointed 10 11 to investigate the substance of the allegations in the 12 complaint and to determine whether there is probable 13 cause to believe that a violation of this chapter has 14 occurred. The commission shall establish by legislative 15 rule promulgated in accordance with chapter twenty-16 nine-a of this code a rotation system for the selection of commission members to sit on investigative panels 17 18 whereby the caseload of commission investigations is 19 distributed among commission members as evenly and 20 randomly as possible.

(b) In the case of a filed complaint, the first inquiry of the investigative panel shall be a question as to whether or not the allegations of the complaint, if taken as true, would constitute a violation of law upon which the commission could properly act under the provisions of this chapter. If the complaint is determined by a majority vote of the investigative panel to be insufficient in this regard, the investigative panel shall dismiss thecomplaint.

30 (c) After the commission receives a complaint found 31 by the investigative panel to be sufficient, the executive 32 director shall give notice of a pending investigation by 33 the investigative panel to the complainant and respond-34 ent. The notice of investigation shall be mailed to the 35 parties. and. in the case of the respondent, shall be 36 mailed as certified mail, return receipt requested. marked "Addressee only, personal and confidential". 37 The notice shall describe the conduct of the respondent 38 which is the basis for an alleged violation of law, and 39 40 if a complaint has been filed, a copy of the complaint 41 shall be appended to the notice mailed to the respondent. 42 Each notice of investigation shall inform the respondent 43 that the purpose of the investigation is to determine 44 whether probable cause exists to believe that a violation 45 of law has occurred which may subject the respondent 46 to administrative sanctions by the commission, criminal 47 prosecution by the state, or civil liability. The notice 48 shall further inform the respondent that he or she has 49 a right to appear before the investigative panel, and that 50 he or she may respond in writing to the commission 51 within thirty days after the receipt of the notice, but 52that no fact or allegation shall be taken as admitted by 53 a failure or refusal to timely respond.

(d) Within the forty-five day period following the 54 55 mailing of a notice of investigation, the investigative 56 panel shall proceed to consider (1) the allegations raised 57 in the complaint, (2) any timely received written 58 response of the respondent, and (3) any other competent 59 evidence gathered by or submitted to the commission 60 which has a proper bearing on the issue of probable 61 cause. A respondent shall be afforded the opportunity 62 to appear before the investigative panel and make an oral response to the complaint. The commission shall, in 63 64 promulgating legislative rules pursuant to the provi-65 sions of subsection (a), section two of this article, 66 prescribe the manner in which a respondent may present his or her oral response to the investigative 67 68 panel. The commission may request a respondent to

69 disclose specific amounts received from a source, and 70 other detailed information not otherwise required to be 71 set forth in a statement or report filed under the 72 provisions of this chapter, if the information sought is 73 deemed to be probative as to the issues raised by a complaint or an investigation initiated by the commis-74 75 sion. Any information thus received shall be confidential 76 except as provided by subsection (f) of this section. If 77 the person so requested fails or refuses to furnish the 78 information to the commission, the commission may 79 exercise its subpoena power as provided for elsewhere 80 in this chapter, and any subpoena issued thereunder shall have the same force and effect as a subpoena issued 81 by a circuit court of this state, and enforcement of any 82 such subpoena may be had upon application to a circuit 83 court of the county in which the investigative panel is 84 conducting an investigation, through the issuance of a 85 rule or an attachment against the respondent as in cases 86 87 of contempt.

88 (e) (1) All investigations, complaints, reports, records, proceedings, and other information received by the 89 commission and related to complaints made to the 90 commission or investigations conducted by the commis-91 sion pursuant to this section, including the identity of 92 93 the complainant or respondent, shall be confidential and 94 shall not be knowingly and improperly disclosed by any member or former member of the commission or its 95 96 staff, except as follows:

97 (A) Upon a finding that probable cause exists to believe that a respondent has violated the provisions of 98 this chapter, the complaint and all reports, records, non-99 100 privileged and nondeliberative material introduced at 101 any probable cause hearing held pursuant to the complaint are thereafter not confidential: Provided, 102 103 That confidentiality of such information shall remain in full force and effect until the respondent has been served 104 105 by the commission with a copy of the investigative panel's order finding probable cause and with the 106 107 statement of charges prepared pursuant to the provisions of subsection (g) of this section. 108

109 (B) After a finding of probable cause as aforesaid, any

subsequent hearing held in the matter for the purpose of receiving evidence or the arguments of the parties or their representatives shall be open to the public and all reports, records and nondeliberative materials introduced into evidence at such subsequent hearing, as well as the commission's orders, are not confidential.

(C) The commission may release any information
relating to an investigation at any time if the release has
been agreed to in writing by the respondent.

119 (D) The complaint as well as the identity of the 120 complainant shall be disclosed to a person named as 121 respondent in any such complaint filed with the 122 commission immediately upon such respondent's 123 request.

124 (E) Where the commission is otherwise required by 125 the provisions of this chapter to disclose such informa-126 tion or to proceed in such a manner that disclosure is 127 necessary and required to fulfill such requirements.

128 (2) If, in a specific case, the commission finds that 129 there is a reasonable likelihood that the dissemination 130 of information or opinion in connection with a pending 131 or imminent proceeding will interfere with a fair 132hearing or otherwise prejudice the due administration 133 of justice, the commission shall order that all or a portion of the information communicated to the commis-134 sion to cause an investigation and all allegations of 135ethical misconduct or criminal acts contained in a 136 complaint shall be confidential, and the person provid-137 ing such information or filing a complaint shall be 138 bound to confidentiality until further order of the 139 140 commission.

(f) If a majority of the members of the investigative 141 panel fails to find probable cause, the proceedings shall 142 be dismissed by the commission in an order signed by 143 the majority members of the panel, and copies of the 144 order of dismissal shall be sent to the complainant and 145 served upon the respondent forthwith. If the investiga-146 tive panel decides by a majority vote that there is 147 probable cause to believe that a violation under this 148 chapter has occurred, the majority members of the 149 investigative panel shall sign an order directing the 150

151 commission staff to prepare a statement of charges, to 152 assign the matter for hearing to the commission or a 153 hearing examiner as the commission may subsequently 154 direct, and to schedule a hearing to determine the truth 155 or falsity of the charges, such hearing to be held within 156 ninety days after the date of the order. For the purpose 157 of this section, service of process upon the respondent 158 is obtained at the time the respondent or the respondent's agent physically receives the process, regardless of 159 160 whether the service of process is in person or by 161 certified mail.

162 (g) At least eighty days prior to the date of the 163 hearing, the respondent shall be served by certified mail, return receipt requested, with the statement of 164 charges and a notice of hearing setting forth the date, 165 time and place for the hearing. The scheduled hearing 166 167 may be continued only upon a showing of good cause by 168 the respondent or under such other circumstances as the 169 commission shall, by legislative rule, direct.

170 (h) The commission members who have not served as 171 members of an investigative panel in a particular case 172 may sit as a hearing board to adjudicate the case or may 173 permit an assigned hearing examiner employed by the 174 commission to preside at the taking of evidence. The commission shall, by legislative rule, establish the 175 176 general qualifications for hearing examiners. Such 177 legislative rule shall also contain provisions which seek 178 to ensure that the functions of a hearing examiner will 179 be conducted in an impartial manner, and shall describe 180 the circumstances and procedures for disqualification of 181 hearing examiners.

(i) A member of the commission or a hearing exa-miner presiding at a hearing may:

(1) Administer oaths and affirmations, compel the
attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, examine witnesses and parties, and otherwise
take testimony and establish a record;

188 (2) Rule on offers of proof and receive relevant189 evidence;

Ch. 83]

(3) Take depositions or have depositions taken whenthe ends of justice may be served;

192 (4) Regulate the course of the hearing;

(5) Hold conferences for the settlement or simplifica-tion of issues by consent of the parties;

195 (6) Dispose of procedural requests or similar matters;

196 (7) Accept stipulated agreements;

(8) Take other action authorized by the ethics commis-sion consistent with the provisions of this chapter.

199 (j) With respect to allegations of a violation under this 200 chapter, the complainant has the burden of proof. The 201West Virginia rules of evidence as used to govern proceedings in the courts of this state shall be given like 202203effect in hearings held before the commission or a 204 hearing examiner. The commission shall, by legislative 205rule, regulate the conduct of hearings so as to provide 206 full procedural due process to a respondent. Hearings 207 before a hearing examiner shall be recorded electron-208ically. When requested by either of the parties, the 209 presiding officer shall make a transcript, verified by 210 oath or affirmation, of each hearing held and so 211 recorded. In the discretion of the commission, a record 212 of the proceedings may be made by a certified court 213reporter. Unless otherwise ordered by the commission, 214 the cost of preparing a transcript shall be paid by the 215party requesting the transcript. Upon a showing of indigency, the commission may provide a transcript 216 without charge. Within fifteen days following the 217 hearing, either party may submit to the hearing 218 219 examiner that party's proposed findings of fact. The 220 hearing examiner shall thereafter prepare his or her 221 own proposed findings of fact and make copies of the 222 findings available to the parties. The hearing examiner 223 shall then submit the entire record to the commission for final decision. 224

(k) The recording of the hearing or the transcript of
testimony, as the case may be, and the exhibits, together
with all papers and requests filed in the proceeding, and
the proposed findings of fact of the hearing examiner

and the parties, constitute the exclusive record for
decision by the commission members who have not
served as members of the investigative panel, unless by
leave of the commission a party is permitted to submit
additional documentary evidence or take and file
depositions or otherwise exercise discovery.

235(1) The commission shall set a time and place for the 236 hearing of arguments by the complainant and respond-237 ent, or their respective representatives, and shall notify 238 the parties thereof, and briefs may be filed by the 239 parties in accordance with procedural rules promul-240 gated by the commission. The final decision of the 241 commission shall be made by the commission members 242 who have not served as members of the investigative 243 panel in writing within forty-five days of the receipt of the entire record of a hearing held before a hearing 244 examiner or, in the case of an evidentiary hearing held 245by the board in lieu of a hearing examiner, within 246 247 twenty-one days following the close of the evidence.

(m) A decision on the truth or falsity of the charges
against the respondent and a decision to impose
sanctions must be approved by at least six members of
the commission who have not served as members of the
investigative panel.

(n) Members of the commission shall recuse them-253 254 selves from a particular case upon their own motion 255 with the approval of the commission or for good cause 256shown upon motion of a party. The remaining members 257 of the commission shall, by majority vote, select a 258 temporary member of the commission to replace a 259 recused member: Provided, That the temporary member 260 selected to replace a recused member shall be a person 261 of the same status or category, provided by subsection 262 (b), section one of this article, as the recused member.

263 (o) A complainant may be assisted by a member of the
264 commission staff assigned by the commission after a
265 determination of probable cause.

266 (p) No member of the commission staff may partic-267 ipate in the commission deliberations or communicate

268 with commission members concerning the merits of a 269 complaint after being assigned to prosecute a complaint.

(q) If the commission finds by evidence beyond a
reasonable doubt that the facts alleged in the complaint
are true and constitute a material violation of this
article, it may impose one or more of the following
sanctions:

275 (1) Public reprimand;

276 (2) Cease and desist orders;

(3) Orders of restitution for money, things of value, or
services taken or received in violation of this chapter;
or

(4) Fines not to exceed one thousand dollars perviolation.

In addition to imposing such sanctions, the commission may recommend to the appropriate governmental
body that a respondent be terminated from employment
or removed from office.

The commission may institute civil proceedings in the
circuit court of the county wherein a violation occurred
for the enforcement of sanctions.

289 (r) At any stage of the proceedings under this section, 290 the commission may enter into a conciliation agreement 291 with a respondent if such agreement is deemed by a 292 majority of the members of the commission to be in the 293best interest of the state and the respondent. Any 294 conciliation agreement must be disclosed to the public: 295Provided. That negotiations leading to a conciliation 296 agreement, as well as information obtained by the 297 commission during such negotiations, shall remain 298 confidential except as may be otherwise set forth in the 299 agreement.

(s) Decisions of the commission involving the issuance
of sanctions may be appealed to the circuit court of
Kanawha County, West Virginia, or to the circuit court
of the county where the violation is alleged to have
occurred, only by the respondent, and only upon the
grounds set forth in section four, article five, chapter
twenty-nine-a of this code.

đ

307 (t) In the event the commission finds in favor of the 308 person complained against, the commission shall order 309 reimbursement of all actual costs incurred, including. 310 but not limited to, attorney fees to be paid to the person 311 complained against by the complainant, if the commis-312 sion finds that the complaint was brought or made in 313 bad faith. In addition, the aggrieved party shall have a 314 cause of action and be entitled to compensatory dam-315 ages, punitive damages, costs and attorney fees for a 316 complaint made or brought in bad faith.

317 (u) If at any stage in the proceedings under this 318 section, it appears to an investigative panel, a hearing 319 examiner or the commission that a criminal violation 320 may have been committed by a respondent, such 321 situation shall be brought before the full commission for 322 its consideration. If, by a vote of two thirds of the full 323 commission, it is determined that probable cause exists 324 to believe a criminal violation has occurred, it may 325 recommend to the appropriate county prosecuting 326 attorney having jurisdiction over the case that a 327 criminal investigation be commenced. Deliberations of 328 the commission with regard to a recommendation for 329 criminal investigation by a prosecuting attorney shall be 330 private and confidential. Notwithstanding any other 331 provision of this article, once a referral for criminal 332 investigation is made under the provisions of this 333 subsection, the ethics proceedings shall be held in 334 abevance until action on the referred matter is con-335 cluded. If the commission determines that a criminal 336 violation has not occurred, the commission shall remand 337 the matter to the investigative panel, the hearing 338 examiner or the commission itself as a hearing board, 339 as the case may be, for further proceedings under this 340 article.

(v) The provisions of this section shall apply to
violations of this chapter occurring after the thirtieth
day of September, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, and within one year before the filing of a
complaint under subsection (a) of this section or the
appointment of an investigative panel by the commission
under subsection (b) of this section.

§6B-2-5. Ethical standards for elected and appointed officials and public employees.

1 (a) Persons subject to section.—The provisions of this 2 section apply to all elected and appointed public officials 3 and public employees, whether full or part time, in 4 state, county, municipal governments and their respec-5 tive boards, agencies, departments, and commissions 6 and in any other regional or local governmental agency, 7 including county school boards.

8 (b) Use of public office for private gain.—(1) A public 9 official or public employee may not knowingly and 10 intentionally use his or her office or the prestige of his 11 or her office for his or her own private gain or that of 12 another person. The performance of usual and custom-13 ary duties associated with the office or position or the 14 advancement of public policy goals or constituent 15 services, without compensation, does not constitute the 16 use of prestige of office for private gain.

17 (2) The Legislature, in enacting this subsection (b). relating to the use of public office or public employment 18 19 for private gain, recognizes that there may be certain public officials or public employees who bring to their 20 21 respective offices or employment their own unique 22personal prestige which is based upon their intelligence, 23 education, experience, skills and abilities, or other 24 personal gifts or traits. In many cases, these persons bring a personal prestige to their office or employment 2526 which inures to the benefit of the state and its citizens. Such persons may, in fact, be sought by the state to 27 28 serve in their office or employment because, through their unusual gifts or traits, they bring stature and 29 recognition to their office or employment and to the 30 state itself. While the office or employment held or to 31 be held by such persons may have its own inherent 32 33 prestige, it would be unfair to such individuals and against the best interests of the citizens of this state to 34 deny such persons the right to hold public office or be 35 publicly employed on the grounds that they would, in 36 37addition to the emoluments of their office or employment, be in a position to benefit financially from the 38 personal prestige which otherwise inheres to them. 39

40 Accordingly, the commission is directed, by legislative 41 rule, to establish categories of such public officials and 42 public employees, identifying them generally by the 43 office or employment held, and offering persons who fit 44 within such categories the opportunity to apply for an 45 exemption from the application of the provisions of this 46 subsection. Such exemptions may be granted by the 47 commission, on a case-by-case basis, when it is shown 48 that: (A) The public office held or the public employ-49 ment engaged in is not such that it would ordinarily be 50 available or offered to a substantial number of the 51 citizens of this state; (B) the office held or the employ-52 ment engaged in is such that it normally or specifically 53 requires a person who possesses personal prestige; and 54 (C) the person's employment contract or letter of 55 appointment provides or anticipates that the person will 56 gain financially from activities which are not a part of 57 his or her office or employment.

(c) Gifts.—(1) A public official or public employee 58 59 may not solicit any gift unless the solicitation is for a 60 charitable purpose with no resulting direct pecuniary 61 benefit conferred upon the official or employee or his or her immediate family: Provided, That no public official 62 63 or public employee may solicit for a charitable purpose 64 any gift from any person who is also an official or 65 employee of the state and whose position as such is subordinate to the soliciting official or employee: 66 67 Provided, however. That nothing herein shall prohibit a 68 candidate for public office from soliciting a lawful 69 political contribution. No official or employee may 70 knowingly accept any gift, directly or indirectly, from 71 a lobbyist or from any person whom the official or 72 employee knows or has reason to know:

(A) Is doing or seeking to do business of any kind withhis or her agency;

75 (B) Is engaged in activities which are regulated or 76 controlled by his or her agency; or

(C) Has financial interests which may be substantiallyand materially affected, in a manner distinguishable

from the public generally, by the performance ornonperformance of his official duties.

81 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a person who is a public official or 82 public employee may accept a gift described in this 83 subdivision, and there shall be a presumption that the 84 receipt of such gift does not impair the impartiality and 85 independent judgment of the person. This presumption 86 may be rebutted only by direct objective evidence that 87 88 the gift did impair the impartiality and independent judgment of the person or that the person knew or had 89 90 reason to know that the gift was offered with the intent 91 to impair his or her impartiality and independent judgment. The provisions of subdivision (1) of this 92 subsection do not apply to: 93

94 (A) Meals and beverages;

95 (B) Ceremonial gifts or awards which have insignif-96 icant monetary value;

97 (C) Unsolicited gifts of nominal value or trivial items 98 of informational value;

(D) Reasonable expenses for food, travel and lodging
of the official or employee for a meeting at which the
official or employee participates in a panel or speaking
engagement at the meeting;

103 (E) Gifts of tickets or free admission extended to a 104 public official or public employee to attend charitable, 105 cultural or political events, if the purpose of such gift 106 or admission is a courtesy or ceremony customarily 107 extended to the office;

108 (F) Gifts that are purely private and personal in 109 nature; or

(G) Gifts from relatives by blood or marriage, or amember of the same household.

(3) The acceptance of an honorarium by an elected
public official is prohibited. The commission shall, by
legislative rule, establish guidelines for the acceptance
of reasonable honorariums by all other public officials
and public employees other than elected public officials.

•-

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to
prohibit the giving of a lawful political contribution as
defined by law.

120 (5) The governor or his designee may, in the name of 121 the state of West Virginia, accept and receive gifts from 122 any public or private source. Any such gift so obtained 123 shall become the property of the state and shall, within 124 thirty days of the receipt thereof, be registered with the 125 commission and the division of culture and history.

126 (d) Interests in public contracts. -(1) In addition to the 127 provisions of section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixty-128 one of this code, no elected or appointed public official 129 or public employee or member of his or her immediate 130 family or business with which he or she is associated 131 may be a party to or have an interest in the profits or 132 benefits of a contract which such official or employee 133 may have direct authority to enter into, or over which 134 he or she may have control: Provided. That nothing 135 herein shall be construed to prevent or make unlawful the employment of any person with any governmental 136 137 body: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall be 138 construed to prohibit a member of the Legislature from 139 entering into a contract with any governmental body, or 140 prohibit a part-time appointed public official from 141 entering into a contract which such part-time appointed 142 public official may have direct authority to enter into 143 or over which he or she may have control when such 144 official has been recused from deciding or evaluating 145 and excused from voting on such contract and has fully 146 disclosed the extent of such interest in the contract.

147 (2) In the absence of bribery or a purpose to defraud, 148 an elected or appointed public official or public 149 employee or a member of his or her immediate family 150 or a business with which he or she is associated shall 151 not be considered as having an interest in a public 152 contract when such a person has a limited interest as 153an owner, shareholder or creditor of the business which 154 is the contractor on the public contract involved. A 155 limited interest for the purposes of this subsection is:

156 (A) An interest:

Ch. 83]

ETHICS

(i) Not exceeding ten percent of the partnership or theoutstanding shares of a corporation; or

(ii) Not exceeding thirty thousand dollars interest inthe profits or benefits of the contract; or

161 (B) An interest as a creditor:

(i) Not exceeding ten percent of the total indebtednessof a business; or

(ii) Not exceeding thirty thousand dollars interest inthe profits or benefits of the contract.

166 (3) Where the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of 167 this subsection would result in the loss of a quorum in 168 a public body or agency, in excessive cost, undue 169 hardship, or other substantial interference with the 170 operation of a state, county, municipality, county school 171 board or other governmental agency, the affected governmental body or agency may make written 172 173 application to the ethics commission for an exemption 174 from subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.

175 (e) Confidential information.—No present or former 176 public official or employee may knowingly and improp-177 erly disclose any confidential information acquired by 178 him or her in the course of his or her official duties nor 179 use such information to further his or her personal 180 interests or the interests of another person.

181 (f) Prohibited representation.—No present or former 182 elected or appointed public official or public employee 183 shall during or after his or her public employment or service represent a client or act in a representative 184 185 capacity with or without compensation on behalf of any 186 person in a contested case, rate-making proceeding, 187 license or permit application, regulation filing or other 188 specific matter which arose during his or her period of 189 public service or employment and in which he or she 190 personally participated in a decision-making, advisory 191 or staff support capacity.

(g) Limitation on practice before a board, agency,
 commission or department.—(1) No elected or appointed
 public official and no full-time staff attorney or

723

195 accountant shall, during his or her public service or public employment or for a period of six months after 196 the termination of his or her public service or public 197 198 employment with a governmental entity authorized to 199 hear contested cases or promulgate regulations, appear 200 in a representative capacity before the governmental 201 entity in which he or she serves or served or is or was 202 employed in the following matters:

203 (A) A contested case involving an administrative
 204 sanction, action or refusal to act;

205 (B) To support or oppose a proposed regulation;

206 (C) To support or contest the issuance or denial of a207 license or permit;

208 (D) A rate-making proceeding; and

209 (E) To influence the expenditure of public funds.

(2) As used in this subsection, "represent" includes 210 211 any formal or informal appearance before, or any 212 written or oral communication with, any public agency on behalf of any person: Provided, That nothing 213 contained in this subsection shall prohibit, during any 214 215 period, a former public official or employee from being 216 retained by or employed to represent, assist, or act in 217 a representative capacity on behalf of the public agency 218 by which he or she was employed or in which he or she 219 served. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 220 prevent a former public official or employee from 221 representing another state, county, municipal or other 222 governmental entity before the governmental entity in 223 which he or she served or was employed within six 224 months after the termination of his or her employment 225or service in the entity.

(3) A present or former public official or employee
may appear at any time in a representative capacity
before the Legislature, a county commission, city or
town council or county school board in relation to the
consideration of a statute, budget, ordinance, rule,
resolution or enactment.

232 (4) Members and former members of the Legislature

and professional employees and former professional
employees of the Legislature shall be permitted to
appear in a representative capacity on behalf of clients
before any governmental agency of the state, or of
county or municipal governments including county
school boards.

239(5) An elected or appointed public official, full-time 240staff attorney or accountant who would be adversely 241 affected by the provisions of this subsection (g) may 242 apply to the ethics commission for an exemption from 243the six months prohibition against appearing in a 244 representative capacity, when the person's education 245and experience is such that the prohibition would, for 246 all practical purposes, deprive the person of the ability 247 to earn a livelihood in this state outside of the govern-248 mental agency. The ethics commission shall by legisla-249 tive rule establish general guidelines or standards for 250granting an exemption or reducing the time period, but 251shall decide each application on a case-by-case basis.

252(h) Seeking employment with regulated person prohi-253*bited.*—(1) No full-time public official or full-time public 254employee who exercises policymaking, nonministerial or 255regulatory authority may seek employment with, or 256 allow himself or herself to be employed by, any person 257who is or may be regulated by the governmental body 258which he or she serves while he or she is employed or 259serves in the governmental agency. The term "employ-260 ment" within the meaning of this section includes professional services and other services rendered by the 261262 public official or public employee whether rendered as 263 an employee or as an independent contractor.

(2) No person regulated by a governmental agency
shall offer employment to a full-time public official or
full-time public employee of the regulating governmental agency during the period of time the public official
or employee works or serves in such agency.

(3) A full-time public official or full-time public
employee who would be adversely affected by the
provisions of this subsection may apply to the ethics
commission for an exemption from the prohibition

273against seeking employment with a person who is or 274may be regulated, when the person's education and experience is such that the prohibition would, for all 275276practical purposes, deprive the person of the ability to 277 earn a livelihood in this state outside of the governmental agency. The ethics commission shall by legislative 278rule establish general guidelines or standards for 279 granting an exemption, but shall decide upon each 280 281 application on a case-by-case basis.

282 (i) Members of the Legislature required to vote.-283 Members of the Legislature who have asked to be excused from voting or who have made inquiry as to 284285 whether they should be excused from voting on a 286 particular matter and who are required by the presiding officer of the House of Delegates or Senate of West 287 Virginia to vote under the rules of the particular house 288 shall not be guilty of any violation of ethics under the 289 290 provisions of this section for a vote so cast.

291 (j) Limitations on participation in licensing and rate-292 making proceedings.-No public official or employee 293 may participate within the scope of his or her duties as a public official or employee, except through ministerial 294295 functions as defined in section three, article one of this 296 chapter, in any license or rate-making proceeding that 297 directly affects the license or rates of any person, 298 partnership, trust, business trust, corporation, or 299 association in which the public official or employee or 300 his or her immediate family owns or controls more than ten percent. No public official or public employee may 301 302 participate within the scope of his or her duties as a public official or public employee, except through 303 304 ministerial functions as defined in section three, article 305 one of this chapter, in any license or rate-making 306 proceeding that directly affects the license or rates of 307 any person to whom the public official or public employee or his or her immediate family, or a partner-308 ship, trust, business trust, corporation, or association of 309 which the public official or employee, or his or her 310 311 immediate family, owns or controls more than ten 312 percent, has sold goods or services totaling more than one thousand dollars during the preceding year, unless 313

314 the public official or public employee has filed a written 315 statement acknowledging such sale with the public 316 agency and the statement is entered in any public record 317 of the agency's proceedings. This subsection shall not be 318 construed to require the disclosure of clients of attorneys 319 or of patients or clients of persons licensed pursuant to 320 articles three, eight, fourteen, fourteen-a, fifteen, 321 sixteen, twenty, twenty-one or thirty-one, chapter thirty 322 of this code.

323 (k) Certain expenses prohibited.—No public official or public employee shall knowingly request or accept from 324 325 any governmental entity compensation or reimburse-326 ment for any expenses actually paid by a lobbyist and required by the provisions of this chapter to be reported, 327 328 or actually paid by any other person.

329 (1) Any person who is employed as a member of the 330 faculty or staff of a public institution of higher 331 education and who is engaged in teaching, research, 332 consulting or publication activities in his or her field of 333 expertise with public or private entities and thereby 334 derives private benefits from such activities shall be 335 exempt from the prohibitions contained in subsections 336 (b), (c) and (d) of this section when the activity is 337 approved as a part of an employment contract with the 338 governing board of such institution or has been ap-339 proved by the employees' department supervisor or the 340 president of the institution by which the faculty or staff 341 member is employed.

(m) The commission by legislative rule promulgated 342 343 in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code may define further exemptions from this section as 344 345 necessary or appropriate.

§6B-2-7. Financial disclosure statement: contents.

The financial disclosure statement required under this 1 2 article shall contain the following information:

^{*}3 (1) The name, residential and business addresses of the person filing the statement and all names under 4 which the person does business. 5

6 (2) The name and address of each employer of the 7 person.

8 (3) The identification, by category, of every source of 9 income over five thousand dollars received during the preceding calendar year, in his or her own name or by 10 11 any other person for his or her use or benefit, by the person filing the statement, and a brief description of 12 13 the nature of the services for which the income was received. This subdivision does not require a person 14 15 filing the statement who derives income from a business. profession or occupation to disclose the individual 16 17 sources and items of income that constitute the gross income of that business, profession or occupation, nor 18 does this subdivision require a person filing the 19 statement to report the source or amount of income 20 21 derived by his or her spouse.

(4) If the person profited or benefited in the year prior 22 23 to the date of filing from a contract for the sale of goods 24 or services to a state, county, municipal or other local governmental agency either directly or through a 25 partnership, corporation or association in which such 26 person owned or controlled more than ten percent, the 27 28 person shall describe the nature of the goods or services 29 and identify the governmental agencies which pur-30 chased the goods or services.

(5) Each interest group or category listed below doing 31 32 business in this state with which the person filing the 33 statement did business or furnished services and from which the person received more than twenty percent of 34 the person's gross income during the preceding calendar 35 36 year. The groups or categories are electric utilities, gas utilities, telephone utilities, water utilities, cable 37 television companies, interstate transportation compan-38 ies, intrastate transportation companies, oil or gas retail 39 40 companies, banks, savings and loan associations, loan or 41 finance companies, manufacturing companies, surface 42 mining companies, deep mining companies, mining equipment companies, chemical companies, insurance 43 companies, retail companies, beer, wine or liquor 44 companies or distributors, recreation related companies, 45 timbering companies, hospitals or other health care 46

Ethics

providers, trade associations, professional associations,
associations of public employees or public officials,
counties, cities or towns, labor organizations, waste
disposal companies, wholesale companies, groups or
associations seeking to legalize gambling, advertising
companies, media companies, race tracks and promotional companies.

54 (6) The names of all persons, excluding that person's 55 immediate family, parents, or grandparents residing or 56transacting business in the state to whom the person 57 filing the statement owes, on the date of execution of this 58 statement in the aggregate in his or her own name or 59 in the name of any other person more than twelve 60 thousand five hundred dollars: Provided. That nothing 61 herein shall require the disclosure of a mortgage on the 62 person's primary and secondary residences or of 63 automobile loans on automobiles maintained for the use 64 of the person's immediate family, or of a student loan, 65 nor shall this section require the disclosure of debts 66 which result from the ordinary conduct of such person's 67 business, profession, or occupation or of debts of the 68 person filing the statement to any financial institution, 69 credit card company, or business, in which the person has an ownership interest: Provided, however, That the 7071 previous proviso shall not exclude from disclosure loans 72obtained pursuant to the linked deposit program provided for in article one-a, chapter twelve of this code 73 or any other loan or debt incurred which requires 74 75 approval of the state or any of its political subdivisions.

(7) The names of all persons except immediate family 76 77 members, parents and grandparents residing or tran-78 sacting business in the state (other than a demand or 79 savings account in a bank, savings and loan association, 80 credit union or building and loan association or other similar depository) who owes on the date of execution 81 82 of this statement, more, in the aggregate, than twelve thousand five hundred dollars to the person filing the 83 84 statement, either in his or her own name or to any other person for his or her use or benefit. This subdivision 85 does not require the disclosure of debts owed to the 86 87 person filing the statement which debts result from the

ordinary conduct of such person's business, profession or
occupation or of loans made by the person filing the
statement to any business in which the person has an
ownership interest.

92 (8) The source of each gift having a value of over one 93 hundred dollars, received from a person having a direct 94 and immediate interest in a governmental activity over 95 which the person filing the statement has control, shall 96 be reported by the person filing the statement when such gift is given to said person in his or her name or 97 98 for his or her use or benefit during the preceding calendar year: Provided, That gifts received by will or 99 100 by virtue of the laws of descent and distribution, or 101 received from one's spouse, child, grandchild, parents or 102 grandparents, or received by way of distribution from 103 an inter vivos or testamentary trust established by the 104 spouse or child, grandchild, or by an ancestor of the 105 person filing the statement are not required to be reported. As used in this subdivision any series or 106 plurality of gifts which exceeds in the aggregate the 107 108 sum of one hundred dollars from the same source or 109 donor, either directly or indirectly, and in the same 110 calendar year, shall be regarded as a single gift in 111 excess of that aggregate amount.

§6B-2-8. Exceptions to financial disclosure requirements and conflicts of interest provisions.

1 (a) Any person regulated by the provisions of this 2 article need not report the holdings of or the source of 3 income from any of the holdings of:

- 4 (1) Any qualified blind trust; or
- 5 (2) A trust—

6 (A) Which was not created directly by such individ-7 ual, his spouse, or any dependent child, and

8 (B) The holdings or sources of income of which such 9 individual, or a member of his or her immediate family, 10 have no knowledge.

11 Failure to report the holdings of or the source of 12 income of any trust referred to herein in good faith

Ch. 83]

ETHICS

reliance upon this section shall not constitute a violationof sections six or seven of this article.

(b) The provisions of subsection (d), section five of this
article shall not apply to holdings which are assets
within the trusts referred to in subsection (a) of this
section.

(c) For purposes of this section, the term "qualified
blind trust" includes a trust in which a regulated person
or immediate family has a beneficial interest in the
principal or income, and which meets the following
requirements:

(1) The trustee of the trust is a financial institution,
an attorney, a certified public accountant, a broker, or
an investment adviser, who (in the case of a financial
institution or investment company, any officer or
employee involved in the management or control of the
trust)—

30 (A) Is independent of and unassociated with any
31 interested party so that the trustee cannot be controlled
32 or influenced in the administration of the trust by any
33 interested party;

(B) Is not or has not been an employee of any
interested party, or any organization affiliated with any
interested party and is not a partner of, or involved in
any joint venture or other investment with, any interested party; and

39 (C) Is not a relative of any interested party.

40 (2) Any asset transferred to the trust by an interested
41 party is free of any restriction with respect to its
42 transfer or sale unless such restriction is expressly
43 approved by the ethics commission;

(3) The trust instrument which establishes the trustprovides that—

46 (A) Except to the extent provided in paragraph (F) 47 of this subdivision the trustee in the exercise of his 48 authority and discretion to manage and control the 49 assets of the trust shall not consult or notify any 50 interested party;

ETHICS

51 (B) The trust shall not contain any asset the holding 52 of which by an interested party is prohibited by any law 53 or regulation;

54 (C) The trustee shall promptly notify the regulated 55 person and the ethics commission when the holdings of 56 any particular asset transferred to the trust by any 57 interested party are disposed of;

58 (D) The trust tax return shall be prepared by the 59 trustee or his designee, and such return and any 60 information relating thereto (other than the trust 61 income summarized in appropriate categories necessary 62 to complete an interested party's tax return), shall not 63 be disclosed to any interested party;

64 (E) An interested party shall not receive any report 65 on the holdings and sources of income of the trust. except a report at the end of each calendar quarter with 66 67 respect to the total cash value of the interest of the 68 interested party in the trust or the net income or loss 69 of the trust or any reports necessary to enable the interested party to complete an individual tax return 70 required by law, but such report shall not identify any 71 72 asset or holding:

73 (F) Except for communications which solely consist of 74 requests for distribution of cash or other unspecified assets of the trust, there shall be no direct or indirect 75 76 communication between the trustee and an interested 77 party with respect to the trust unless such communica-78 tion is in writing and unless it relates only (i) to the 79 general financial interest and needs of the interested party (including, but not limited to, an interest in 80 81 maximizing income or long-term capital gain), (ii) to the notification of the trustee of a law or regulation 82 83 subsequently applicable to the reporting individual 84 which prohibits the interested party from holding an 85 asset, which notification directs that the asset not be held by the trust, or (iii) to directions to the trustee to 86 sell all of an asset initially placed in the trust by an 87 interested party which in the determination of the 88 reporting individual creates a conflict of interest or the 89 appearance thereof due to the subsequent assumption of 90

Ch. 83]

ETHICS

91 duties by the reporting individual (but nothing herein92 shall require any such direction); and

93 (G) The interested parties shall make no effort to
94 obtain information with respect to the holdings of the
95 trust, including obtaining a copy of any trust tax return
96 filed or any information relating thereto except as
97 otherwise provided in this section.

98 (4) The proposed trust instrument and the proposed 99 trustee is approved by the ethics commission and 100 approval shall be given if the conditions of this section 101 are met.

ARTICLE 2A. RULES.

§6B-2A-1. Legislative rules; revocation of existing commission emergency rules; manner of reporting.

- 1 (a) West Virginia ethics commission emergency rule
- 2 one hundred fifty-eight is hereby revoked.
- 3 (b) Any disclosure form, statement or report required
- 4 under any provision of this chapter shall be made in a
- 5 manner prescribed by legislative rule of the commission.

ARTICLE 3. LOBBYISTS.

§6B-3-4. Reporting by lobbyists.

(a) A lobbyist shall file with the commission reports 1 2 of his lobbying activities, signed under oath or affirma-3 tion by the lobbyist. Lobbyists who are required under 4 this article to file copies of their registration statements with the clerks of the respective houses of the Legisla-5 ture shall also contemporaneously file copies of all 6 reports required under this section with the clerks. Such 7 8 reports shall be filed as follows:

9 (1) On or before the second Monday in January of 10 each year, a lobbyist shall file an annual report of all 11 lobbying activities which he or she engaged in during 12 the preceding calendar year; and

13 (2) If a lobbyist engages in lobbying with respect to14 legislation, then:

(A) Between the fortieth and forty-fifth days of any
regular session of the Legislature in which any such
lobbying occurred, the lobbyist shall file a report
describing all of his or her lobbying activities which
occurred since the beginning of the calendar year; and

(B) Within twenty-one days after the adjournment
sine die of any regular or extraordinary session of the
Legislature in which any such lobbying occurred, the
lobbyist shall file a report describing all of his or her
lobbying activities which occurred since the beginning
of the calendar year or since the filing of the last report
required by this section, whichever is later.

27 (b) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, each report filed by a lobbyist shall show the total 28 29 amount of all expenditures for lobbying made or 30 incurred by such lobbyist, or on behalf of such lobbyist 31 by the lobbyist's employer, during the period covered by the report. The report shall also show subtotals segre-32 gated according to financial category, including meals 33 and beverages; living accommodations; advertising; 34 travel: contributions: gifts to public officials or em-35 ployees or to members of the immediate family of such 36 persons: and other expenses or services. 37

38 (2) Lobbyists are not required to report the following:

39 (A) Unreimbursed personal living and travel ex-40 penses not incurred directly for lobbying;

41 (B) Any expenses incurred for his or her own living42 accommodations;

43 (C) Any expenses incurred for his or her own travel
44 to and from public meetings or hearings of the legisla45 tive and executive branches;

46 (D) Any expenses incurred for telephone, and any
47 office expenses, including rent and salaries and wages
48 paid for staff and secretarial assistance; and

49 (E) Separate expenditures to or on behalf of a public 50 official or employee in an amount of less than five 51 dollars.

52 (c) If a lobbyist is employed by more than one

53 employer, the report shall show the proportionate
54 amount of such expenditures in each category incurred
55 on behalf of each of his employers.

(d) The report shall describe the subject matter of the
lobbying activities in which the lobbyist has been
engaged during the reporting period.

59 (e) If, during the period covered by the report, the 60 lobbyist made expenditures in the reporting categories 61 of meals and beverages, living accommodations, travel. 62 gifts or other expenditures, other than for those 63 expenditures governed by subsection (f) of this section. 64 which expenditures in any such reporting category total 65 more than twenty-five dollars to or on behalf of any 66 particular public official or employee, the lobbyist shall 67 report the name of the public official or employee to 68 whom or on whose behalf the expenditures were made. 69 the total amount of the expenditures, and the subject 70 matter of the lobbying activity, if any. Under this 71 subsection (e), no portion of the amount of an expendi-72 ture for a dinner, party, or other function sponsored by 73 a lobbyist or a lobbyist's employer need be attributed to 74 or counted toward the reporting amount of twenty-five 75 dollars for a particular public official or employee who 76 attends such function if the sponsor has invited to the 77 function all the members of (1) the Legislature, (2)78 either house of the Legislature, (3) a standing or select 79 committee of either house, or (4) a joint committee of the two houses of the Legislature. However, the amount 80 spent for such function shall be added to other expen-81 ditures for the purpose of determining the total amount 82 83 of expenditures reported under subsection (b) of this 84 section.

(f) If, during the period covered by the report, the 85 lobbyist made expenditures in the reporting categories 86 87 of meals and beverages, lodging, travel, gifts and scheduled entertainment, which reporting expenditures 88 in any such reporting category total more than twenty-89 five dollars for or on behalf of a particular public official 90 or public employee in return for the participation of the 91 92 public official or employee in a panel or speaking engagement at the meeting, the lobbyist shall report the 93

name of the public official or employee to whom or on
whose behalf the expenditures were made and the total
amount of the expenditures.



CHAPTER 84

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 61—By Senators Wolfe, Boley, Harman, Jackson, Whitlow, Thomas, Heck, Helmick, Sharpe, Warner and Wiedebusch)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter fifty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, relating to authorized priests, nuns, members of the clergy or rabbis not being compelled to testify in criminal, grand jury or domestic relations proceedings as to communications made to them in their professional capacities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter fifty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. COMPETENCY OF WITNESSES.

§57-3-9. Communications to priests, nuns, clergymen, rabbis or other religious counselors not subject to being compelled as testimony.

1 No priest, nun, rabbi or member of the clergy 2 authorized to celebrate the rites of marriage in this state 3 pursuant to the provisions of article one, chapter forty-4 eight of this code shall be compelled to testify in any 5 criminal or grand jury proceedings or in any domestic 6 relations action in any court of this state:

7 (1) With respect to any confession or communication,
8 made to such person, in his or her professional capacity
9 in the course of discipline enjoined by the church or

Ch. 851

other religious body to which he or she belongs, without
the consent of the person making such confession or
communication; or

13 (2) With respect to any communication made to such 14 person, in his or her professional capacity, by either 15 spouse, in connection with any effort to reconcile 16 estranged spouses, without the consent of the spouse making the communication. This subsection is in 17 addition to the protection and privilege afforded 18 pursuant to section ten-a, article two, chapter forty-eight 19 20 of this code.



CHAPTER 85

(S. B. 614—Originating in the Senate Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter fifty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve, relating to evidence and witnesses; and certain reproductions deemed duplicates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter fifty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

§57-5-12. Certain documents deemed duplicates.

1 A reproduction of a document acquired from the 2 employment of a system of microphotography, optical 3 discs or computerized techniques which system does not 4 permit additions, deletions or changes to the record of 5 the original document contained within the system shall 6 be deemed to be a duplicate for purposes of admission 7 into evidence in the courts of this state.

8 A reproduction deemed a duplicate pursuant to the

9 provisions of this section shall be authenticated by 10 competent testimony or by an attestation which shall 11 recite the type of recording system employed, that such 12 system does not permit additions, deletions or changes 13 to the record and that the attestant has actual knowl-14 edge of the aforementioned facts.

15 The provisions of this section shall be construed to 16 provide an additional method of qualifying original 17 writings or recordings and duplicates thereof as 18 admissible in evidence, and shall not replace or derogate 19 any other methods set forth elsewhere in this code or 20 provided for in the West Virginia rules of evidence as 21 adopted by the supreme court of appeals.

CHAPTER 86

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4502—By Delegates Mezzatesta and Kelly)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section nine, article twelve-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections three, five, six and eight of said article; and to further amend said article twelve-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, all relating to the farm management commission; deleting penalty; continuing commission to allow for completion of performance audit; powers and duties of commission; management plan; requiring the purchase and sale of food produced at institutional farms at prevailing wholesale prices; transfer of certain lands to the public land corporation to be sold; special revenue account; employees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article twelve-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections three, five, six and eight of said article be amended and reenacted; and that said article twelve-a be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 19. AGRICULTURE.

ARTICLE 12A. FARM MANAGEMENT COMMISSION.

- §19-12A-3. Farm management commission continued; composition; chairman; quorum; meetings; vacancies.
- §19-12A-5. Powers, duties and responsibilities of commission.
- §19-12A-6. Appointment of farm management director; qualifications; powers and duties.
- §19-12A-6a. Special revenue account.
- §19-12A-8. Effect of management plan on employees.

§19-12A-3. Farm management commission continued; composition; chairman; quorum; meetings; vacancies.

The farm management commission heretofore created 1 2 is hereby continued and shall be composed of three 3 members who are the commissioner of agriculture, who 4 shall be chairman, the secretary of the department of 5 administration, and the dean of the West Virginia 6 University College of Agriculture and Forestry. No 7 business may be transacted by the commission in the 8 absence of a quorum which consists of two members 9 including the chairman. The farm management commission shall hold meetings at least once every two 10 11 months, and on call of the chairman.

12 If a vacancy occurs on the commission, the farm 13 management director, as provided in this article, shall 14 act as a member of the commission until the vacancy 15 is filled.

16 If a vacancy occurs in the office of the commissioner 17 of agriculture, the members of the commission and the 18 farm management director shall select, from among 19 them, a chairman to serve until a commissioner of 20 agriculture is appointed or elected and qualified.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the farm management commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.

FARM MANAGEMENT COMMISSION

§19-12A-5. Powers, duties and responsibilities of commission.

(a) On or before the first day of July, one thousand 1 2 nine hundred ninety, the commission shall meet and 3 confer with respect to the development of a management 4 plan to determine the optimum use or disposition of all institutional farms, at which time the farm management 5 6 director shall provide the commission with a complete 7 inventory of all institutional farms, and such informa-8 tion relating to easements, mineral rights, appurtenances, farm equipment, agricultural products, livestock, 9 inventories and farm facilities as may be necessary to 10 develop such management plan. The commission shall 11 12 complete and provide to the governor a management plan, which plan shall set forth the objectives of the 13 14 commission with respect to institutional farms, the 15 criteria by which the commission shall determine the 16 optimum use or disposition of such property, and 17 determinations as to whether each institutional farm 18 shall be used in production, sold, or leased, in whole or in part. Prior to the adoption of any plan, the commis-19 20 sion shall consult with the secretaries of the various 21 departments of state government and shall request from 22 such secretaries suggestions for land use and resource development on farm commission lands. On or before 23 the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 24 ninety, such management plan shall be presented to the 25 26 Legislature, by providing a copy to the president of the 27 Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates. The 28 commission may confer with any other agency or individual in implementing and adjusting its manage-29 ment plan. The management plan established pursuant 30 31 to this subsection may be amended, from time to time, 32 as may be necessary.

(b) The commission shall manage its institutional
farms, equipment and other property in order to most
efficiently produce food products for state institutions
and shall implement the intent of the Legislature as set
forth by this article. From the total amount of food, milk
and other commodities produced on institutional farms,
the commission shall sell, at prevailing wholesale prices,

Ch. 86] FARM MANAGEMENT COMMISSION

40 and each of the institutions under the control of the
41 division of health and the division of corrections shall
42 purchase, a proportionate amount of these products
43 based on the dietary needs of each institution.

(c) If requested by the commissioner of corrections,
the commission may authorize the division of corrections
to operate a farm or other enterprise using inmates as
labor on such lands. The commissioner of corrections
shall be responsible for the selection, direction and
supervision of the inmates and shall assign the work to
be performed by inmates.

51 (d) The commission is hereby authorized and empo-52 wered to:

53 (1) Lease to public or private parties, for purposes including agricultural production or experimentation. 54 public necessity, or other purposes permitted by the 55 56 management plan, any land, easements, equipment, or other property, except that property may not be leased 57 58 for any use in any manner that would render the land toxic for agricultural use, nor may toxic or hazardous 59 materials as identified by the commissioner of agricul-60 ture be used or stored upon such property unless all 61 applicable state and federal permits necessary are 62 obtained. Any lease for an annual consideration of one 63 thousand dollars or more shall be by sealed bid auction 64 and the commission shall give notice of such auction by 65 publication thereof as a Class II-0 legal advertisement 66 in compliance with the provisions of article three, 67 chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area 68 for such publication shall be the county in which the 69 70 property to be leased is located;

(2) Transfer to the public land corporation land 71 designated in its management plan as land to be 72 disposed of, which land shall be sold, exchanged or 73 otherwise transferred pursuant to sections four and five. 74 article one-a, chapter twenty of this code: Provided, That 75 the net proceeds of the sale of farm commission lands 76 shall be deposited in the general revenue fund of the 77 state: Provided. however. That no sale may be concluded 78 until on or after the fifteenth day of March, one 79

thousand nine hundred ninety-one, except with respect
to any properties located at institutions closed on or
before the effective date of this section.

83 (3) Develop lands to which it has title for the public 84 use including forestation, recreation, wildlife, stock 85 grazing, agricultural production, rehabilitation and/or 86 other conservation activities and may contract or lease 87 for the proper development of timber, oil, gas or mineral 88 resources, including coal by underground mining or by 89 surface mining where reclamation as required by 90 specifications of the division of energy will increase the 91 beneficial use of such property. Any such contract or 92 lease shall be by sealed bid auction as provided for in 93 subdivision (1) above;

94 (4) Exercise all other powers and duties necessary to95 effectuate the purposes of this article.

96 (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d) 97 herein, no timberland may be leased, sold, exchanged or 98 otherwise disposed of, unless the division of forestry of 99 the department of commerce, labor and environmental 100 resources certifies that there is no commercially salable 101 timber on the timberland, an inventory is provided, an 102 appraisal of the timber is provided, and the sale, lease, 103 exchange or other disposition is accomplished by the 104 sealed bid auction procedure provided above in subdi-105 visions (1) or (2), as applicable.

(f) The commission shall promulgate, pursuant to
chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, rules and regulations
relating to the powers and duties of the commission as
enumerated in this section.

§19-12A-6. Appointment of farm management director; qualifications; powers and duties.

1 The commission shall appoint a farm management 2 director who, in addition to qualifications established by 3 the commission, shall have owned, operated or managed 4 a farm for at least five years within ten years imme-5 diately prior to being appointed. The farm management 6 director is the chief executive officer of the commission 7 and is responsible for conducting the operations of the

Ch. 86] FARM MANAGEMENT COMMISSION

8 farms. The director shall prepare an annual report of
9 the farming operations, including a listing of all receipts
10 and expenditures and shall present it to the commission
11 and the Legislature at the end of each fiscal year.

12 As authorized or directed by the commission, the 13 director shall also:

(1) Prepare the annual budget request for the operation of the institutional farms and submit it to the
commission for approval and submission to the secretary
of the department of administration.

18 (2) Receive and approve all requisitions for farm19 supplies and equipment.

20 (3) Supervise the operation of all canneries and21 determine what foods are to be canned.

(4) Recruit and approve assistant farm managers tosupervise each institutional farm.

- 24 (5) Implement all orders of the commission.
- 25 (6) Supervise all other employees of the commission.

26 (7) Transfer farm supplies, farm equipment, farm
27 facilities, food stuffs and produce from one institutional
28 farm to another to promote efficiency and improve farm
29 management.

30 With the approval of the commission, the farm 31 management director may rent or lease additional land 32 for farm use.

33 By the thirtieth day of September each year, each 34 institution under the control of the division of health and 35 the division of corrections shall present to the farm 36 management director a purchase order for its food 37 requirements during the next fiscal year as determined 38 by the institution. If, during the year, an institution 39 finds that it needs other or additional food, milk, or commodities not included in its purchase order for the 40 41 year, the institutional superintendent may forward a 42 supplemental request to the farm management director, 43 which order may be filled depending on availability. If institutional farms produce more food, milk and other 44

45 commodities than can be sold to the institutions, the 46 farm management director may sell the surplus to other state agencies willing to purchase. If any surplus 47 remains after sales to other state agencies, the director 48 49 may sell the surplus on the open market, or at the discretion of the director, turn over any surplus food 50 products to appropriate public, nonprofit agencies upon 51 52 application.

53 On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 54 ninety, the division of health and the division of 55 corrections shall each transfer, by interdepartmental 56 transfer, the sum of two hundred thousand dollars to the 57 farm management commission to be credited toward 58 their purchase of food products from the commission. 59 Such credits shall be treated as advance payments for food products purchased by these divisions pursuant to 60 61 this section and such divisions shall not be required to make actual payments for food products until such 62 63 credits have been completely expended.

§19-12A-6a. Special revenue account.

1 All funds collected by the commission by virtue of this 2 article, whether from the sale of food, the disposition of 3 assets other than land, the lease of land or minerals, or 4 any other source, shall be paid into a special revenue 5 account to be used for the purposes of this article: 6 Provided. That when the aggregate of said funds so 7 collected and deposited in the special revenue account 8 in any fiscal year total one million five hundred thousand dollars, the commission shall deposit any funds 9 collected in excess thereof in the general revenue fund 10 11 of the state.

§19-12A-8. Effect of management plan on employees.

1 Nothing contained in section five of this article shall 2 be construed to abridge the rights of farm employees of 3 the commission within the classified service of the state 4 to the procedures and protections of sections ten and ten-5 a, article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code, subject 6 to the limitations set forth in subsection (d), section two, 7 article two, chapter five-f of this code.

CHAPTER 87 (S. B. 548—By Senator Dittmar)

[Passed March 6, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five-b, article three, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to removing the requirement that a copy of the state fire code and amendments to the code be filed with each county clerk.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five-b, article three, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT.

§29-3-5b. Promulgation of rules, regulations and statewide building code.

(a) The state fire commission shall promulgate and 1 2 repeal rules and regulations to safeguard life and 3 property and to ensure the quality of construction of all 4 structures erected or renovated throughout this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of 5 6 this code through the adoption of a state building code. 7 Such rules, regulations, amendments or repeals thereof 8 shall be in accordance with standard safe practices so 9 embodied in widely recognized standards of good 10 practice for building construction and all aspects related thereto and shall have force and effect in those counties 11 12 and municipalities adopting the state building code.

(b) Pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-ninea of this code, on the first day of July, 1988, the state
fire commission shall commence promulgation of
comprehensive rules and regulations regarding building
construction, renovation and all other aspects as related
to the construction and mechanical operations of a

FIRE PREVENTION

structure. Upon the completion of the promulgation of
the rules and regulations, such rules and regulations
shall be known as the "State Building Code".

22 (c) For the purpose of this section the term "building 23 code" is intended to include all aspects of safe building 24 construction and mechanical operations and all safety 25 aspects related thereto: Provided, That the state fire 26 marshal shall provide compliance alternatives for 27 historic structures and sites as provided for in section 28 five, article one of this chapter, which compliance 29 alternatives shall take into account the historic integrity 30 of said historic structures and sites. Whenever any other 31 state law, county or municipal ordinance or regulation 32 of any agency thereof is more stringent or imposes a 33 higher standard than is required by the state fire code, the provisions of such state law, county or municipal 34 ordinance or regulation of any agency thereof shall 35 govern, provided they are not inconsistent with the laws 36 37 of West Virginia and are not contrary to recognized 38 standards and good engineering practices. In any 39 question, the decision of the state fire commission 40 determines the relative priority of any such state law, 41 county or municipal ordinance or regulation of any 42 agency thereof and determines compliance with state 43 fire regulations by officials of the state, counties, 44 municipalities and political subdivisions of the state.

(d) Enforcement of the provisions of the state building
code is the responsibility of the respective local jurisdiction. Also, any county or municipality may enter into an
agreement with any other county or municipality to
provide inspection and enforcement services.

(e) After the state fire commission has promulgated
rules and regulations as provided herein, each county or
municipality intending to adopt the state building code
shall notify the state fire commission of its intent.

54 The state fire commission may conduct public meet-55 ings in each county or municipality adopting the state 56 building code to explain the provisions of such rules and 57 regulations.

CHAPTER 88 (Com. Sub. for H. B. 2609—By Delegate Murphy)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen-b, relating to the fire prevention and control act; and authorizing the use of live trees in public buildings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT.

§29-3-16b. Use of live trees in public buildings; exceptions.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, live trees may be displayed in public buildings if the trees are not decorated with electrical lights or are decorated with U.L. approved miniature lights. The provisions of this section do not apply to public buildings used for education, health care, nursing homes or correctional facilities.



[Passed March 8, 1990: in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article ten, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, relating to the posting of the alcoholic content of gasoline offered for retail sale.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. LIQUID FUELS AND LUBRICATING OILS.

§47-10-6a. Posting of the alcoholic content of gasoline.

1 Any retail distributor of gasoline who sells gasoline to 2 which has been added any alcohol, whether methanol, 3 ethanol or other form of alcohol, shall post upon or near 4 every pump maintained for the delivery of gasoline to 5 a consumer a prominent notice stating the name of the 6 alcoholic additive and the percentage it comprises of the 7 gasoline delivered through the pumps.

CHAPTER 90

(H. B. 4011-By Delegate Love)

[Passed January 26, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen-d, article one, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the United States geological survey program within the department of natural resources.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen-d, article one, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION.

§20-1-18d. United States geological survey continued and reestablished.

1 After having conducted a performance and fiscal 2 audit through its joint committee on government 3 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter 4 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and

748

5 declares that the United States geological survey 6 program within the department of natural resources 7 should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, 8 notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article 9 ten, chapter four of this code, the United States 10 geological survey program within the department of natural resources shall continue to exist until the first 11 12 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

CHAPTER 91

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4344—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 28, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to powers and duties of the director of health and providing the director, upon gubernatorial approval, the power to close, sell, lease or contract out the operation of specified health care facilities; providing for a report to the joint committee on government and finance relative to patient transfers; requiring public hearings under specified conditions; providing certain employment preferences in state agencies for specified employees; and requiring an annual report to the Legislature.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. STATE DIVISION OF HEALTH.

§16-1-10. Powers and duties of the director of health.

- 1 The director shall be the chief executive, administra-
- 2 tive and fiscal officer of the division of health and shall
- 3 have the following powers and duties:
- 4 (1) To supervise and control the business, fiscal,

HEALTH

6

5 administrative and health affairs of the division of health, and in that regard and in accordance with law, 6 employ, fix the compensation of, and discharge all 7 8 persons necessary for the proper execution of the laws 9 of this state relating to health and mental health, and the efficient and proper discharge of the duties imposed 10 upon, and execution of powers vested in the director by 11 law; to that end the director may promulgate such 12 13 written rules as are necessary and proper to delegate 14 functions, establish subdivisions, specify duties and 15 responsibilities, prescribe qualifications of subdivision directors and otherwise administer or supervise the 16 17 division, subject to the safeguards of the state civil 18 service system as it now exists:

19 (2) To enforce all laws of this state concerning public 20 health, health and mental health; to that end, the 21 director shall make, or cause to be made, sanitary investigations and inquiries respecting the cause of 22 23 disease, especially of epidemics and endemic conditions, 24 and the means of prevention, suppression or control of such conditions; the source of sickness and mortality. 25 26 and the effects of environment, employment, habits and 27 circumstances of life on the public health. The director 28 shall further make, or cause to be made, inspections and examinations of food, drink and drugs offered for sale 29 30 or public consumption in such manner as the director shall deem necessary to protect the public health and 31 shall report all violations of laws and regulations 32 relating thereto to the prosecuting attorney of the county 33 34 in which such violations occur:

(3) To make complaint or cause proceedings to be
instituted against any person, corporation or other entity
for the violation of any health law before any court or
agency, without being required to give security for costs;
such action may be taken without the sanction of the
prosecuting attorney of the county in which the proceedings are instituted or to which the proceedings relate;

42 (4) To supervise and coordinate the administration
43 and operation of the state hospitals named in article two,
44 chapter twenty-seven of this code, and any other state

45 facility hereafter created for the mentally ill, mentally 46 retarded or addicted: Provided. That notwithstanding 47 any other provisions of this code, in the interest of 48 promoting cost effective health care in government, the 49 director, with the approval of the secretary of the 50 department of health and human resources and the 51 governor, has the power to close, sell or lease or 52 otherwise transfer the Greenbrier School for Retarded 53 Children or Spencer State Hospital, or to arrange for the administration and operation of said facility by 54 contract or other means: Provided. however. That 55 56 savings realized pursuant to the closure, sale or lease of 57 the facility or the contracting out of the operation of the facility shall remain in the "Hospital Services Revenue 58 59 Account": Provided further. That prior to any transfer of patients as a result of any closure, sale, lease, **6**0 61 contracting out of the operations, or other transfer made 62 pursuant to this subdivision, a comprehensive plan 63 detailing specifically which hospitals are to be closed. 64 sold, leased or managed under contract in whole or in part: an analysis of the impact such action will have on 65 66 other state facilities, their patients and their staff; a 67 detailed plan for the care, placement and movement of patients including offering relocation counseling; a plan 68 to assist affected employees in finding other employ-69 70 ment, including retraining and education and relocation counseling; an economic and community impact state-71 72 ment detailing savings and costs associated with the 73 proposed closing, sale, lease or management of such state facilities, and the effect on local and state 74 employment, revenues and services. shall be submitted 75 to the joint committee on government and finance: And 76 provided further. That prior to any closure, sale, lease, 77 contracting out of the operations, or other transfer, the 78 joint committee on government and finance shall 79 conduct a public hearing on the proposal in the affected 80 area of the state. Any person to whom such facility is 81 sold, leased, or otherwise transferred or by contract or 82 83 other means administers and operates such facility or who operates such facility as an intermediate care 84 facility for the mentally retarded shall operate such 85 facility in accordance with applicable federal laws and 86

HEALTH

2

ŗ

87 regulations and with chapter twenty-seven of this code and shall use best efforts to employ qualified persons 88 who were employed at the facility by the state imme-89 90 diately prior to such transfer or contract: And provided 91 further. That, notwithstanding any other provision of the 92 code to the contrary, in filling vacancies at other 93 facilities or state agencies the director and other directors of state agencies shall, for a period of twenty-94 four months after such transfer or contract, give 95 preference, over all but existing employees in such other 96 97 facilities named in article two, chapter twenty-seven and article five-c. chapter sixteen of this code, to qualified 98 persons who were permanently employed at the facility 99 immediately prior to such transfer or contract: And 100 provided further. That qualified persons who were 101 102 permanently employed at the facility immediately prior to such transfer or contract shall not supersede those 103 employees with recall rights in other state agencies: And 104 provided further, That preferential consideration be 105 106 given to West Virginia businesses or corporations headquartered in West Virginia, whenever possible, for 107 the purchase, lease or other transfer of a facility under 108 109 the provisions of this subsection;

110 (5) To supervise and coordinate the administration 111 and operation of the health and other facilities named in chapter twenty-six of this code, except as otherwise 112 therein provided, and any other state facility hereafter 113 created relating to health, not otherwise provided for: 114 115 Provided. That notwithstanding any other provisions of 116 this code, in the interest of promoting cost effective health care in government, the director, with the 117 118 approval of the secretary of the department of health 119 and human resources and the governor, has the power 120 to close, sell or lease or otherwise transfer Andrew S. Rowan Memorial Home and the Denmar State Hospital, 121 or to arrange for the administration and operation of 122 such facilities by contract or other means: Provided, 123 however, That savings realized pursuant to the closure, 124 sale or lease of any facility or the contracting out of the 125 operation of any facility shall remain in the "Hospital 126 Services Revenue Account": Provided further, That prior 127 to any transfer of patients as a result of any closure, sale, 128

HEALTH

129 lease. contracting out of the operations, or other transfer 130 made pursuant to this subdivision, a comprehensive plan detailing specifically which hospitals are to be closed, 131 sold. leased or managed under contract in whole or in 132 133 part; an analysis of the impact such action will have on 134 other state facilities, their patients and their staff; a 135 detailed plan for the care, placement and movement of 136 patients including offering relocation counseling; a plan 137 to assist affected employees in finding other employ-138 ment. including retraining and education and relocation 139 counseling; an economic and community impact state-140 ment detailing savings and costs associated with the 141 proposed closing, sale, lease or management of such state facilities. and the effect on local and state 142 employment. revenues and services, shall be submitted 143 144 to the joint committee on government and finance: And provided further. That prior to any closure, sale, lease. 145 contracting out of the operations, or other transfer, the 146 147 joint committee on government and finance shall 148 conduct a public hearing on the proposal in the affected 149 area of the state. Any person to whom such facility is 150 sold, leased, or otherwise transferred, or by contract or 151 other means administers and operates such facility or 152who operates such facility as a personal care home or 153 nursing home for the mentally retarded, shall operate 154 such facility in accordance with applicable federal laws 155 and regulations and with chapter twenty-seven or 156 article five-c, chapter sixteen of this code and shall use 157 best efforts to employ qualified persons who were employed at the facility by the state immediately prior 158 to such transfer or contract: And provided further, That, 159 160 notwithstanding any other provision of the code to the 161 contrary, in filling vacancies at other facilities or other 162 state agencies the director and the directors of other 163 state agencies shall, for a period of twenty-four months 164 after such transfer or contract, give preference, over all 165 but existing employees in such other facilities named in 166 article two, chapter twenty-seven and article five-c, 167 chapter sixteen of this code, to qualified persons who 168 were permanently employed at the facility immediately 169 prior to such transfer or contract: And provided further, 170 That qualified persons who were permanently employed

ċ

S

171 at the facility immediately prior to such transfer or 172 contract shall not supersede those employees with recall rights in other state agencies: And provided further, 173 174 That preferential consideration be given to West Virginia businesses or corporations headquartered in 175 West Virginia, whenever possible, for the purchase, 176 177 lease or other transfer of a facility under the provisions 178 of this subsection:

179 (6) To supervise and coordinate the administration
180 and operation of the county and municipal boards of
181 health and health officers;

182 (7) To develop and maintain a state plan of operation 183 which sets forth the needs of the state in the areas of 184 health and mental health; goals and objectives for 185 meeting those needs; methods for achieving the stated 186 goals and objectives; and needed personnel, funds and 187 authority for achieving the goals and objectives;

188 (8) To collect data as may be required to foster
189 knowledge on the citizenry's health status, the health
190 system and costs of health care;

(9) To delegate to any appointee, assistant or employee
any and all powers and duties vested in the director,
including, but not limited to, the power to execute
contracts and agreements in the name of the division: *Provided*, That the director shall be responsible for the
acts of such appointees, assistants and employees;

197 (10) To transfer, notwithstanding other provisions of 198 this code, any patient or resident between hospitals and 199 facilities under the control of the director and, by 200 agreement with the state commissioner of corrections or 201 successor thereto and otherwise in accord with law, 202 accept a transfer of a resident of a facility under the 203 jurisdiction of the state commissioner of corrections or 204 successor thereto:

(11) To make periodic reports to the governor and to the Legislature relative to specific subject areas of public health or mental health, the state facilities under the supervision of the director, or other matters affecting the health or mental health of the people of the state;

211 (12) To accept and use for the benefit of the state, for 212 the benefit of the health of the people of this state, any 213 gift or devise of any property or thing which is lawfully given: Provided. That if any gift is for a specific purpose 214 215 or for a particular state hospital or facility, it shall be 216 used as specified. Any profit which may arise from any 217 such gift or devise of any property or thing shall be 218 deposited in a special revenue fund with the state treasurer and shall be used only as specified by the 219 220 donor or donors:

221 (13) To acquire by condemnation or otherwise any 222 interest, right, privilege, land or improvement and hold 223 title thereto, for the use or benefit of the state or a state 224 hospital or facility, and, by and with the consent of the 225 governor, to sell, exchange or otherwise convey any 226 interest, right, privilege, land or improvement acquired 227 or held by the state, state hospital or state facility and 228 deposit the proceeds from such sale, exchange or other 229 conveyance into the hospital services revenue account. 230 Any condemnation proceedings shall be conducted pursuant to chapter fifty-four of this code; 231

232 (14) To inspect and enforce rules and regulations to 233 control the sanitary conditions of and license all 234 institutions and health care facilities as set forth in this chapter, including, but not limited to, schools, whether 235 236 public or private, public conveyances, dairies, slaughterhouses, workshops, factories, labor camps, places of 237 238 entertainment, hotels, motels, tourist camps, all other 239 places open to the general public and inviting public 240 patronage or public assembly, or tendering to the public 241 any item for human consumption and places where 242 trades or industries are conducted:

243 (15) To make inspections, conduct hearings, and to enforce the rules and regulations of the board concern-244 ing occupational and industrial health hazards, the 245 sanitary condition of streams, sources of water supply, 246 sewerage facilities, and plumbing systems, and the 247 248 qualifications of personnel connected with such supplies. 249 facilities or systems without regard to whether they are 250publicly or privately owned; and to make inspections, 251conduct hearings and enforce the rules and regulations

ć

Ċ

of the board concerning the design of chlorination andfiltration facilities and swimming pools;

254 (16) To reorganize the functions and subdivisions of 255the division of health, structuring all functions pre-256 viously assigned to the board of health, department of 257 health, department of mental health, and otherwise 258assigned to the division of health by this chapter, to the 259 end of establishing the most efficient and economic delivery of health services in accord with the purposes 260 261 of this chapter; to achieve such goal the director shall establish such subdivisions, and delegate and assign 262 263 such responsibilities and functions as he deems neces-264 sary to accomplish such reorganization;

265 (17) To direct and supervise the provision of dental266 services in all state institutions;

267 (18) To provide for, except as otherwise specified 268 herein, a comprehensive system of community mental 269 health and mental retardation supportive services to the 270 end of preventing the unnecessary institutionalization of 271 persons and promoting the community placement of 272 persons presently residing in mental health and mental 273 retardation facilities and other institutions and for the planning of the provisions of comprehensive mental 274 275 health and mental retardation services throughout the 276 state:

277 (19) To provide in accordance with this subdivision 278 and the definitions and other provisions of article one-279 a, chapter twenty-seven of the code, for a comprehensive 280 program for the care, treatment and rehabilitation of 281 alcoholics and drug abusers; for research into the cause 282 and prevention of alcoholism and drug abuse; for the 283 training and employment of personnel to provide the 284 requisite rehabilitation of alcoholics and drug abusers; 285 and for the education of the public concerning alcoho-286 lism and drug abuse:

(20) To provide in accordance with this subdivision
for a program for the care, treatment and rehabilitation
of the parents of sudden infant death syndrome victims;
for the training and employment of personnel to provide
the requisite rehabilitation of parents of sudden infant

ţ

Health

292 death syndrome victims; for the education of the public 293 concerning sudden infant death syndrome; for the 294 responsibility of reporting to the Legislature on a 295 quarterly basis the incidence of sudden infant death 296 syndrome cases occurring in West Virginia; for the 297 education of police, employees and volunteers of all 298 emergency services concerning sudden infant death 299 syndrome; for the state sudden infant death syndrome 300 advisory council to develop regional family support 301 groups to provide peer support to families of sudden 302 infant death syndrome victims; and for requesting 303 appropriation of funds in both federal and state budgets 304 to fund the sudden infant death syndrome program;

305 (21) To exercise all other powers delegated to the 306 division by this chapter or otherwise in this code, to 307 enforce all health laws and the rules and regulations 308 promulgated by the board, and to pursue all other 309 activities necessary and incident to the authority and 310 area of concern entrusted to the division or director; and

(22) To provide to the Legislature, after approval by 311 the secretary of the department of health and human 312 resources, a report on the long term plans for state 313 314 hospitals named in article two, chapter twenty-seven of 315 this code and the health facilities named in chapter twenty-six of this code on or before the fifteenth day of 316 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and 317 318 annually updated thereafter.

CHAPTER 92

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4660—By Delegates White and B. Hatfield)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one, relating to authorizing the administrator of the division of health to charge for services rendered; creating a special revolving fund for moneys

received; allowing the administrator to authorize county or municipal boards of health to charge for services; and directing the administrator to promulgate rules establishing the fees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. STATE DIVISION OF HEALTH.

§16-1-21. Fees for services; health services fund.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 1 2 chapter, the administrator of the division of health may 3 assess and charge reasonable fees for the provision of 4 services provided by the division of health: Provided, That no individual may be denied health care services 5 because of the inability of the individual to pay for 6 7 services when services are provided to similarly situated individuals who have the ability to pay for them. 8 9 Payments of fees shall be deposited into a special revolving fund in the state treasury. 10

(b) Any balance including accrued interest in the
special revolving fund at the end of any fiscal year shall
not revert to the general revenue fund but shall remain
in the special revolving fund for use by the administrator of the division of health for funding health programs
in the ensuing fiscal years.

17 (c) The administrator of the division of health may 18 authorize reasonable fees for the provision of services by 19 county or municipal boards of health as created in 20 article two or article two-a of this chapter: Provided, 21 That no individual may be denied health care services 22 because of the inability of the individual to pay for 23 services when services are provided to similarly situated 24 individuals who have the ability to pay for them. 25 Payments of fees shall be deposited into the local board of health account for use by the local board of health 26 for funding health programs. The fees established will 27 be created on a sliding fee basis determined by an 28

29 individual's ability to pay: Provided, however. That the 30 board of health may submit a request through the 31 administrator for third party reimbursement where such request is appropriate: Provided further. That 32 33 boards of health which establish such fees shall annually submit a schedule of fees, a sliding fee scale and an 34 35 accounting of amounts collected to the administrator of 36 the division of health for approval on an annual basis.

37 (d) The administrator of the division of health shall
38 promulgate rules in accordance with article three,
39 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, setting forth the fees
40 established, assessed, charged, authorized, or approved
41 by the administrator.



[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and four, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the certificate of need program; restricting certificate of need exemption for private office practice for certain medical technologies; providing the health care cost review authority shall adopt rules on what technology can be exempted from the certificate of need program; requiring the health care cost review authority to annually review existing technologies to determine if shared services exemptions should be expanded.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and four, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2D. CERTIFICATE OF NEED.

§16-2D-2. Definitions.

§16-2D-4. Exemptions from certificate of need program.

§16-2D-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless otherwise indicated by 2 the context:

3 (a) "Affected person" means:

4 (1) The applicant;

5 (2) An agency or organization representing 6 consumers;

7 (3) Any individual residing within the geographic 8 area served or to be served by the applicant;

9 (4) Any individual who regularly uses the health care10 facilities within that geographic area;

(5) The health care facilities which provide services
similar to the services of the facility under review and
which will be significantly affected by the proposed
project;

(6) The health care facilities which, prior to receipt
by the state agency of the proposal being reviewed, have
formally indicated an intention to provide similar
services in the future;

19 (7) Third party payers who reimburse health care20 facilities similar to those proposed for services;

(8) Any agency which establishes rates for health carefacilities similar to those proposed; or

23 (9) Organizations representing health care providers.

(b) "Ambulatory health care facility" means a facility 24 25 which is free-standing and not physically attached to a health care facility and which provides health care to 26 27 noninstitutionalized and nonhomebound persons on an 28 outpatient basis. This definition does not include the 29 private office practice of any one or more health professionals licensed to practice in this state pursuant 30 31to the provisions of chapter thirty of this code: *Provided*, 32 That such exemption from review of private office 33 practice shall not be construed to include such practices where major medical equipment otherwise subject to 34 review under the provisions of this article is acquired. 35

760

36 offered or developed: *Provided, however*, That such 37 exemption from review of private office practice shall 38 not be construed to include certain health services 39 otherwise subject to review under the provisions of 40 subdivision (1), subsection (a), section four, of this 41 article.

42 (c) "Ambulatory surgical facility" means a facility 43 which is free-standing and not physically attached to a health care facility and which provides surgical treat-44 45 ment to patients not requiring hospitalization. This 46 definition does not include the private office practice of 47 any one or more health professionals licensed to practice 48 surgery in this state pursuant to the provisions of 49 chapter thirty of this code: Provided. That such exemp-50 tion from review of private office practice shall not be 51 construed to include such practices where major 52medical equipment otherwise subject to review under 53the provisions of this article is acquired, offered or 54 developed: Provided, however, That such exemption from 55review of private office practice shall not be construed 56 to include certain health services otherwise subject to 57review under the provisions of subdivision (1), subsec-58 tion (a), section four, of this article.

(d) "Applicant" means: (1) The governing body or the 59 person proposing a new institutional health service who 60 61 is, or will be, the health care facility licensee wherein 62 the new institutional health service is proposed to be 63 located, and (2) in the case of a proposed new institutional health service not to be located in a licensed 64 health care facility, the governing body or the person 65 66 proposing to provide such new institutional health 67 service. Incorporators or promoters who will not constitute the governing body or persons responsible for 68 69 the new institutional health service may not be an 70 applicant.

(e) "Bed capacity" means the number of beds for
which a license is issued to a health care facility, or, if
a facility is unlicensed, the number of adult and
pediatric beds permanently staffed and maintained for
immediate use by inpatients in patient rooms or wards.

HEALTH

- 76 (f) "Capital expenditure" means an expenditure:
- 77
- (1) Made by or on behalf of a health care facility; and

78 (2) (A) Which (i) under generally accepted accounting 79 principles is not properly chargeable as an expense of operation and maintenance, or (ii) is made to obtain 80 81 either by lease or comparable arrangement any facility 82 or part thereof or any equipment for a facility or part: 83 and (B) which (i) exceeds the expenditure minimum, or 84 (ii) is a substantial change to the bed capacity of the 85 facility with respect to which the expenditure is made. 86 or (iii) is a substantial change to the services of such 87 facility. For purposes of part (i), subparagraph (B), 88 subdivision (2) of this definition, the cost of any studies, 89 surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifica-90 tions, and other activities, including staff effort and 91 consulting and other services, essential to the acquisition. improvement, expansion, or replacement of any 92 93 plant or equipment with respect to which an expendi-94 ture described in subparagraph (B), subdivision (2) of 95 this definition is made shall be included in determining 96 if such expenditure exceeds the expenditure minimum. 97 Donations of equipment or facilities to a health care 98 facility which if acquired directly by such facility would 99 be subject to review shall be considered capital expen-100 ditures, and a transfer of equipment or facilities for less 101 than fair market value shall be considered a capital 102 expenditure for purposes of such subdivisions if a 103 transfer of the equipment or facilities at fair market 104 value would be subject to review. A series of expendi-105tures, each less than the expenditure minimum, which 106 when taken together are in excess of the expenditure 107 minimum, may be determined by the state agency to be 108 a single capital expenditure subject to review. In 109 making its determination, the state agency shall 110 consider: Whether the expenditures are for components 111 of a system which is required to accomplish a single 112 purpose; whether the expenditures are to be made over 113 a two-year period and are directed towards the accomp-114 lishment of a single goal within the health care facility's long-range plan; or, whether the expenditures are to be 115 116 made within a two-year period within a single depart-

762

117 ment such that they will constitute a significant118 modernization of the department.

(g) "Expenditure minimum" means one million
dollars for the twelve-month period beginning the first
day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.
For each twelve-month period thereafter, the state
agency may, by regulations adopted pursuant to section
eight of this article, adjust the expenditure minimum to
reflect the impact of inflation.

126 (h) "Health," used as a term, includes physical and 127 mental health.

128 (i) "Health care facility" is defined as including 129hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, kidney disease 130 treatment centers, including free-standing hemodialysis 131 units. intermediate care facilities, ambulatory health 132care facilities, ambulatory surgical facilities, home 133health agencies, rehabilitation facilities and health 134maintenance organizations: community mental health 135and mental retardation facilities, whether under public 136 or private ownership, or as a profit or nonprofit 137 organization and whether or not licensed or required to 138be licensed in whole or in part by the state. For purposes 139of this definition, "community mental health and mental retardation facility" means a private facility which 140 141 provides such comprehensive services and continuity of 142 care as emergency, outpatient, partial hospitalization, 143 inpatient and consultation and education for individuals with mental illness, mental retardation or drug or 144 145alcohol addiction.

(j) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership, corporation, facility or institution licensed or
certified or authorized by law to provide professional
health care service in this state to an individual during
that individual's medical care, treatment or
confinement.

(k) "Health maintenance organization" means a
public or private organization, organized under the laws
of this state, which:

155 (1) Is a qualified health maintenance organization

under Section 1310(d) of the Public Health Service Act,
as amended, Title 42 United States Code Section 300e9(d); or

(2) (A) Provides or otherwise makes available to
enrolled participants health care services, including
substantially the following basic health care services:
Usual physician services, hospitalization, laboratory, X
ray, emergency and preventive services and out-of-area
coverage; and

165 (B) Is compensated except for copayments for the 166 provision of the basic health care services listed in 167 subparagraph (2)(A), subdivision (k) of this definition to enrolled participants on a predetermined periodic rate 168 169 basis without regard to the date the health care services 170 are provided and which is fixed without regard to the 171 frequency, extent or kind of health service actually 172 provided; and

(C) Provides physicians' services primarily (i) directly
through physicians who are either employees or
partners of such organization, or (ii) through arrangements with individual physicians or one or more groups
of physicians organized on a group practice or individual practice basis.

(l) "Health services" means clinically related preventive, diagnostic, treatment or rehabilitative services,
including alcohol, drug abuse and mental health
services.

183 (m) "Home health agency" is an organization primarily engaged in providing directly or through contract 184 185 arrangements, professional nursing services, home 186 health aide services, and other therapeutic and related services, including, but not limited to, physical, speech 187 188 and occupational therapy and nutritional and medical 189 social services to persons in their place of residence on 190 a part-time or intermittent basis.

(n) "Hospital" means an institution which is primarily
engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the
supervision of physicians, diagnostic and therapeutic
services for medical diagnosis, treatment, and care of

injured, disabled or sick persons, or rehabilitation
services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick
persons. This term also includes psychiatric and
tuberculosis hospitals.

199 (o) "Intermediate care facility" means an institution 200 which provides, on a regular basis, health-related care 201 and services to individuals who do not require the 202 degree of care and treatment which a hospital or skilled nursing facility is designed to provide, but who, because 203 204of their mental or physical condition require health-205related care and services above the level of room and 206 board.

(p) "Long-range plan" means a document formally
adopted by the legally constituted governing body of an
existing health care facility or by a person proposing a
new institutional health service. Each long-range plan
shall consist of the information required by the state
agency in regulations adopted pursuant to section eight
of this article.

214 (q) "Major medical equipment" means a single unit of 215 medical equipment or a single system of components 216with related functions which is used for the provision 217 of medical and other health services and which costs in 218 excess of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars, except 219 that such term does not include medical equipment 220 acquired by or on behalf of a clinical laboratory to 221 provide clinical laboratory services if the clinical 222 laboratory is independent of a physician's office and a 223 hospital and it has been determined under Title XVIII 224 of the Social Security Act to meet the requirements of 225paragraphs ten and eleven of Section 1861(s) of such act, 226 Title 42 United States Code Sections 1395x (10) and (11). 227 In determining whether medical equipment costs more 228 than seven hundred fifty thousand dollars, the cost of 229 studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, 230 specifications, and other activities essential to the acquisition of such equipment shall be included. If the 231 232 equipment is acquired for less than fair market value, the term "cost" includes the fair market value. 233

234 (r) "Medically underserved population" means the

population of an urban or rural area designated by the 235 236 state agency as an area with a shortage of personal 237 health services or a population having a shortage of such 238services, after taking into account unusual local conditions which are a barrier to accessibility or availability 239 240 of such services. Such designation shall be in regulations 241 adopted by the state agency pursuant to section eight of 242 this article, and the population so designated may 243 include the state's medically underserved population 244 designated by the Federal Secretary of Health and 245 Human Services under Section 330(b)(3) of the Public 246 Health Service Act. as amended. Title 42 United States 247 Code Section 254(b)(3).

(s) "New institutional health service" means suchservice as described in section three of this article.

(t) "Offer" when used in connection with health services, means that the health care facility or health maintenance organization holds itself out as capable of providing, or as having the means for the provision of, specified health services.

(u) "Person" means an individual, trust, estate,
partnership, committee, corporation, association and
other organizations such as joint-stock companies and
insurance companies, a state or a political subdivision
or instrumentality thereof or any legal entity recognized
by the state.

(v) "Physician" means a doctor of medicine or osteopathy legally authorized to practice medicine and
surgery by the state.

(w) "Proposed new institutional health service" meanssuch service as described in section three of this article.

(x) "Psychiatric hospital" means an institution which
primarily provides to inpatients, by or under the
supervision of a physician, specialized services for the
diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation of mentally ill
and emotionally disturbed persons.

(y) "Rehabilitation facility" means an inpatient
facility which is operated for the primary purpose of
assisting in the rehabilitation of disabled persons

through an integrated program of medical and other
services which are provided under competent professional supervision.

(z) "Review agency" means an agency of the state,
designated by the governor as the agency for the review
of state agency decisions.

(aa) "Skilled nursing facility" means an institution or
a distinct part of an institution which is primarily
engaged in providing to inpatients skilled nursing care
and related services for patients who require medical or
nursing care, or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons.

(bb) "State agency" means the health care cost review
authority created, established, and continued pursuant
to article twenty-nine-b of this chapter.

(cc) "State health plan" means the document approved
by the governor after preparation by the former
statewide health coordinating council, or that document
as approved by the governor after amendment by the
health care planning council.

(dd) "Health care planning council" means the body
established by section five-a of this article to participate
in the preparation and amendment of the state health
plan and to advise the state agency.

298 (ee) "Substantial change to the bed capacity" of a health care facility means a change, with which a 299 300 capital expenditure is associated, in any two-year period 301 of ten or more beds or more than ten percent, whichever is less, of the bed capacity of such facility that increases 302 or decreases the bed capacity, or relocates beds from one 303 physical facility or site to another, but does not include 304 a change by which a health care facility reassigns 305 existing beds as swing beds between acute care and 306 long-term care categories. A series of changes to the bed 307 capacity of a health care facility in any two-year period, 308 309 each less than ten beds or ten percent of the bed capacity of such facility, but which when taken together comprise 310 311 ten or more beds or more than ten percent of the bed 312 capacity of such facility, whichever is less, is a substan-313 tial change to the bed capacity.

314 (ff) "Substantial change to the health services" of a 315 health care facility means the addition of a health 316 service which is offered by or on behalf of the health 317 care facility and which was not offered by or on behalf 318 of the facility within the twelve-month period before the 319 month in which the service is first offered, or the 320 termination of a health service which was offered by or on behalf of the facility, but does not include the 321 322 providing of hospice care, ambulance service, wellness 323 centers or programs, adult day care, or respite care by 324 acute care facilities.

325 (gg) "To develop," when used in connection with 326 health services, means to undertake those activities 327 which upon their completion will result in the offer of 328 a new institutional health service or the incurring of a 329 financial obligation, in relation to the offering of such 330 a service.

§16-2D-4. Exemptions from certificate of need program.

(a) Except as provided in subdivision (h), section three · 1 2 of this article, nothing in this article or the rules and 3 regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions of this 4 article may be construed to authorize the licensure. 5 supervision, regulation or control in any manner of: (1) Private office practice of any one or more health 6 7 professionals licensed to practice in this state pursuant 8 to the provisions of chapter thirty of this code: Provided, 9 That such exemption from review of private office 10 practice shall not be construed to include such practices 11 where major medical equipment otherwise subject to 12 review under the provisions of this article is acquired, 13 offered or developed: Provided, however, That such 14 exemption from review of private office practice shall 15 not be construed to include the acquisition, offering or 16 development of one or more health services, including 17 ambulatory surgical facilities or centers, lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging and radiation therapy by 18 19 one or more health professionals. The state agency shall 20adopt rules pursuant to section eight of this article 21 which specify the health services acquired, offered or developed by health professionals which are subject to 22

certificate of need review: (2) dispensaries and first-aid 2324 stations located within business or industrial establish-25 ments maintained solely for the use of employees: Provided further, That such facility does not contain 26 27 inpatient or resident beds for patients or employees who 28 generally remain in the facility for more than twenty-29 four hours; (3) establishments, such as motels, hotels and 30 boardinghouses, which provide medical, nursing person-31 nel and health related services: and (4) the remedial care or treatment of residents or patients in any home or 32 33 institution conducted only for those who rely solely upon 34 treatment by prayer or spiritual means in accordance with the creed or tenets of any recognized church or 35 36 religious denomination.

37 (b) (1) A certificate of need is not required for the 38 offering of an inpatient institutional health service or the acquisition of major medical equipment for the 39 40 provision of an inpatient institutional health service or 41 the obligation of a capital expenditure for the provisions of an inpatient institutional health service, if with 42 43 respect to such offering, acquisition or obligation, the 44 state agency has, upon application under subdivision (2). 45 subsection (b) of this section, granted an exemption to:

46 (A) A health maintenance organization or a combina-47 tion of health maintenance organizations if (i) the 48 organization or combination of organizations has, in the 49 service area of the organization or the service areas of 50 the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of 51 at least fifty thousand individuals. (ii) the facility in 52 which the service will be provided is or will be 53 geographically located so that the service will be 54 reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and 55 (iii) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can 56 reasonably be expected to receive the institutional 57 health service will be individuals enrolled with such 58 organization or organizations in the combination;

(B) A health care facility if (i) the facility primarily
provides or will provide inpatient health services, (ii) the
facility is or will be controlled, directly or indirectly, by
a health maintenance organization or a combination of
health maintenance organizations which has, in the

service area of the organization or service areas of the 64 organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at 65 least fifty thousand individuals, (iii) the facility is or will 66 67 be geographically located so that the service will be 68 reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and 69 (iv) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can 70 reasonably be expected to receive the institutional health service will be individuals enrolled with such 71 72 organization or organizations in the combination; or

73 (C) A health care facility, or portion thereof, if (i) the 74 facility is or will be leased by a health maintenance 75 organization or combination of health maintenance organizations which has, in the service area of the 76 77 organization or the service areas of the organizations in 78 the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand 79 individuals and on the date the application is submitted 80 under subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this section, at 81 least fifteen years remain in the term of the lease. (ii) 82 the facility is or will be geographically located so that 83 the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled 84 individuals, and (iii) at least seventy-five percent of the 85 patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the 86 new institutional health service will be individuals 87 enrolled with such organization.

(2) (A) A health maintenance organization, combination of health maintenance organizations, or other health
care facility is not exempt under subdivision (1),
subsection (b) of this section from obtaining a certificate
of need unless:

93 (i) It has submitted, at such time and in such form
94 and manner as the state agency shall prescribe, an
95 application for such exemption to the state agency;

96 (ii) The application contains such information respect97 ing the organization, combination or facility and the
98 proposed offering, acquisition or obligation as the state
99 agency may require to determine if the organization or
100 combination meets the requirements of subdivision (1),
101 subsection (b) of this section or the facility meets or will
102 meet such requirements; and

103 (iii) The state agency approves such application.

104 (B) The state agency shall approve an application 105 submitted under subparagraph (A), subdivision (2), 106 subsection (b) of this section, if it determines that the 107 applicable requirements of subdivision (1), subsection 108 (b) of this section, are met or will be met on the date 109 the proposed activity for which an exemption was 110 requested will be undertaken.

(3) A health care facility, or any part thereof, or 111 112 medical equipment with respect to which an exemption 113 was granted under subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this 114 section, may not be sold or leased and a controlling 115 interest in such facility or equipment or in a lease of 116 such facility or equipment may not be acquired and a 117 health care facility described in subparagraph (C). 118 subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, which was granted an exemption under subdivision (1), subsection 119 (b) of this section, may not be used by any person other 120 121 than the lessee described in subparagraph (C), subdivi-122 sion (1), subsection (b) of this section, unless:

123 (A) The state agency issues a certificate of need 124 approving the sale, lease, acquisition or use; or

(B) The state agency determines, upon application,
that the entity to which the facility or equipment is
proposed to be sold or leased, which intends to acquire
the controlling interest in or to use the facility is:

129 (i) A health maintenance organization or a combina-130 tion of health maintenance organizations which meets 131 the enrollment requirements of part (i), subparagraph (A), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, and 132133 with respect to such facility or equipment, the entity 134 meets the accessibility and patient enrollment requirements of parts (ii) and (iii), subparagraph (A), subdivi-135 136 sion (1), subsection (b) of this section; or

(ii) A health care facility which meets the inpatient,
enrollment and accessibility requirements of parts (i),
(ii) and (iii), subparagraph (B), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section and with respect to its patients
meets the enrollment requirements of part (iv), subpar-

142 agraph (B), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this143 section.

144 (4) In the case of a health maintenance organization 145 or an ambulatory care facility or health care facility 146 which ambulatory or health care facility is controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organ-147 148 ization or a combination of health maintenance organ-149 izations, the certificate of need requirements apply only 150 to the offering of inpatient institutional health services. 151 the acquisition of major medical equipment, and the 152 obligation of capital expenditures for the offering of 153 inpatient institutional health services and then only to 154 the extent that such offering, acquisition or obligation 155 is not exempt under subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this 156 section.

(5) The state agency shall establish the period within
which approval or disapproval by the state agency of
applications for exemptions under subdivision (1),
subsection (b) of this section, shall be made.

161 (c) (1) A health care facility is not required to obtain 162 a certificate of need for the acquisition of major medical 163 equipment to be used solely for research, the addition 164 of health services to be offered solely for research, or the 165 obligation of a capital expenditure to be made solely for 166 research if the health care facility provides the notice 167 required in subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section, 168 and the state agency does not find, within sixty days after it receives such notice, that the acquisition, 169 170 offering or obligation will, or will have the effect to:

171 (A) Affect the charges of the facility for the provision
172 of medical or other patient care services other than the
173 services which are included in the research;

(B) Result in a substantial change to the bed capacityof the facility; or

176 (C) Result in a substantial change to the health177 services of the facility.

178 (2) Before a health care facility acquires major
179 medical equipment to be used solely for research, offers
180 a health service solely for research, or obligates a capital

expenditure solely for research, such health care facility
shall notify in writing the state agency of such facility's
intent and the use to be made of such medical equipment, health service or capital expenditure.

185 (3) If major medical equipment is acquired, a health 186 service is offered, or a capital expenditure is obligated and a certificate of need is not required for such 187 188 acquisition, offering or obligation as provided in 189 subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section, such equipment or service or equipment or facilities acquired 190 191 through the obligation of such capital expenditure may 192 not be used in such a manner as to have the effect or 193 to make a change described in subparagraphs (A). (B) 194 and (C), subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section 195unless the state agency issues a certificate of need 196 approving such use.

(4) For purposes of this subsection, the term "solely
for research" includes patient care provided on an
occasional and irregular basis and not as part of a
research program.

201 (d) (1) The state agency may adopt regulations 202 pursuant to section eight of this article to specify the 203 circumstances under which a certificate of need may not 204 be required for the obligation of a capital expenditure to acquire, either by purchase or under lease or 205206 comparable arrangement, an existing health care 207 facility: Provided. That a certificate of need shall be 208 required for the obligation of a capital expenditure to 209 acquire, either by purchase or under lease or compar-210 able arrangement, an existing health care facility if:

(A) The notice required by subdivision (2), subsection 211 212 (d) of this section is not filed in accordance with that 213 subdivision with respect to such acquisition; or (B) the 214 state agency finds, within thirty days after the date it 215 receives a notice in accordance with subdivision (2). 216 subsection (d) of this section, with respect to such 217 acquisition, that the services or bed capacity of the 218 facility will be changed by reason of said acquisition.

(2) Before any person enters into a contractual
 arrangement to acquire an existing health care facility,

221 such person shall notify the state agency of his or her 222 intent to acquire the facility and of the services to be 223 offered in the facility and its bed capacity. Such notice 224 shall be made in writing and shall be made at least 225thirty days before contractual arrangements are entered 226 into to acquire the facility with respect to which the 227 notice is given. The notice shall contain all information 228 the state agency requires in accordance with subsections 229 (e) and (s), section seven of this article.

230 (e) The state agency shall adopt regulations, pursuant 231to section eight of this article, wherein criteria are 232 established to exempt from review the addition of 233 certain health services, not associated with a capital 234 expenditure, that are projected to entail annual operat-235 ing costs of less than the expenditure minimum for annual operating costs. For purposes of this subsection, 236 237 "expenditure minimum for annual operating costs" 238 means five hundred thousand dollars for the twelve-239 month period beginning the first day of October, one 240 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and for each twelve-241 month period thereafter, the state agency may, by 242 regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this 243 article, adjust the expenditure minimum for annual 244 operating costs to reflect the impact of inflation.

245(f) The state agency may adopt regulations pursuant 246 to section eight of this article to specify the circumstan-247 ces under which and the procedures by which a 248 certificate of need may not be required for the obligation 249 of a capital expenditure to acquire, either by purchase 250 or under lease or comparable arrangement, major 251medical equipment which merely replaces medical 252 equipment which is already owned by the health care 253 facility and which has become outdated, worn-out or 254obsolete.

(g) The state agency may adopt regulations pursuant to section eight of this article to specify the circumstances under which and the procedures by which a certificate of need may not be required for the obligation of a capital expenditure in excess of the expenditure minimum for certain items not directly related to the provision of health services. The state agency shall specify the types of items in the regulations which maybe so exempted from review.

264(h) The state agency shall adopt rules within ninety 265 days of the effective date of the amendment of this 266 section in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety 267pursuant to section eight of this article to specify the circumstances under which and the procedures by 268269 which a certificate of need may not be required for 270shared services between two or more acute care 271facilities providing services made available through 272existing technology that can reasonably be mobile. The 273 state agency shall specify the types of items in the 274regulations and under what circumstances mobile MRI 275and mobile lithotripsy may be so exempted from review. 276 In no case, however, will mobile cardiac catheterization 277 be exempted from certificate of need review. In 278 addition, if the shared services mobile unit proves less 279 cost effective than a fixed unit, the acute care facility 280 will not be exempted from certificate of need review.

281 On a yearly basis, the state agency shall review 282 existing technologies to determine if other shared 283 services should be included under this exemption.

284 (i) Nothing in this article shall be construed to require 285 the filing of a certificate of need application for any 286 expenditure, health service, or change in health service 287which is exempt from review under this article. 288 However, the state agency may promulgate rules and 289 regulations pursuant to section eight of this article to 290 require the filing of a notice with the state agency by 291 a health care facility that proposes to make such an 292 expenditure, initiate a health service, or effect a change 293 in a health service for which the health care facility 294 claims an exemption from review. The state agency shall, within ten days of a receipt of such notice, make 295 296 one of the following responses:

297 (1) Accept the claim of exemption;

(2) Require the health care facility to furnish the stateagency with additional information;

300 (3) Reject the claim of exemption; or

301 (4) Determine that a certificate of need application is 302 necessary for a review of the proposed expenditure, new 303 health service, or change in a health service in order to 304 determine if the claim of exemption may be upheld: 305 *Provided*. That when a new health service is proposed 306 to be developed, the state agency shall, within the ten 307 days of receipt of the required notice, determine 308 whether or not economic and geographic factors within the geographic area of the proposed addition to service 309 310 are such that the proposed new health service will be 311 offered in competition with other health care facilities 312 providing the same or similar service. In the event that an affirmative determination is made on the issue of 313 competition, then the state agency shall require a 314 certificate of need application for the proposed new 315 316 health service.



(H. B. 4820—By Delegates White and S. Cook)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the powers and duties of the state health planning and development agency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§16-2D-5. Powers and duties of state health planning and development agency.

(a) The state agency is hereby empowered to admin ister the certificate of need program as provided by this
 article.

4 (b) The state agency shall cooperate with the health 5 care planning council in developing rules and regula-

tions for the certificate of need program to the extent
appropriate for the achievement of efficiency in their
reviews and consistency in criteria for such reviews.

9 (c) The state agency may seek advice and assistance 10 of other persons, organizations, and other state agencies 11 in the performance of the state agency's responsibilities 12 under this article.

13 (d) For health services for which competition approp-14 riately allocates supply consistent with the state health 15 plan, the state agency shall, in the performance of its functions under this article, give priority, where 16 17 appropriate to advance the purposes of quality assurance. cost effectiveness and access, to actions which 18 would strengthen the effect of competition on the supply 19 20 of such services.

21 (e) For health services for which competition does not 22 or will not appropriately allocate supply consistent with 23 the state health plan, the state agency shall, in the 24 exercise of its functions under this article, take actions. 25where appropriate to advance the purposes of quality 26 assurance, cost effectiveness and access and the other purposes of this article, to allocate the supply of such 27 28 services.

29 (f) The state agency is hereby empowered to order a moratorium upon the processing of an application or 30 applications for the acquisition of major medical 3132 equipment filed pursuant to section three of this article 33 and considered by the agency to be new medical 34 technology, when criteria and guidelines for evaluating 35 the need for such new medical technology have not yet 36 been adopted. Such moratoriums shall be declared by 37 a written order which shall detail the circumstances requiring the moratorium. Upon the adoption of criteria 38 39 for evaluating the need for the new medical technology 40 affected by the moratorium, or ninety days from the declaration of a moratorium, whichever is less, the 41 moratorium shall be declared to be over and affected 42 applications shall be processed pursuant to section six 43 of this article. 44

45 (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of section seven of

46 this article, the state agency may charge a fee for the 47 filing of any application, the filing of any notice in lieu of an application, the filing of any exemption determi-48 49 nation request, or the filing of any request for a 50 declaratory ruling. The fees charged may vary accord-51ing to the type of matter involved, the type of health service or facility involved, or the amount of capital 5253 expenditure involved. The state agency shall implement 54 this subsection by filing procedural rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The fees charged 55 56 shall be deposited into a special fund known as the 57 certificate of need program fund to be expended for the 58 purposes of this article.

59 (h) No additional intermediate care facility/skilled 60 nursing facility (ICF/SNF) nursing home beds shall be 61 granted a certificate of need, except for applicants 62 which have filed letters of intent or applications for 63 certificates of need for such facilities prior to the 64 fifteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 65 eighty-seven, and except in the case of facilities designed 66 to replace existing beds in unsafe or substandard 67 existing facilities.

68 (i) No additional intermediate care facility for the 69 mentally retarded (ICF/MR) beds shall be granted a certificate of need. except that prohibition does not 70 apply to ICF/MR beds approved under the Kanawha 71 72 County circuit court order of the third day of August. 73 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, civil action 74 number MISC-81-585 issued in the case of E. H. v. 75 Matin. 168 W.Va. 248, 284 S.E.2d 232 (1981), and does 76 not apply to existing ICF/MR beds to be replaced, sold, 77 leased, transferred, or operated under contract or other 78 means.

79 (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (h). 80 section five of this article, and, further, notwithstanding 81 the provisions of subsection (d), section three of this 82 article, an existing acute care hospital with no skilled 83 nursing beds may apply to the health care cost review 84 authority for a certificate of need to convert acute care 85 beds to skilled nursing beds provided the proposed skilled beds are medicare certified only. On a statewide 86

basis a maximum of one hundred acute care beds may
be converted to skilled beds which are medicare
certified only pursuant to this subsection. The health
care cost review authority shall adopt rules to implement this subsection which shall include:

92 (1) A requirement that the one hundred beds be
93 distributed statewide on a regional basis. The agency
94 shall determine the hospitals to be included in each
95 region.

96 (2) There shall be a minimum of ten beds and a 97 maximum of twenty-five beds in each approved unit.

98 (3) In converting beds, the hospital must convert one
99 acute care bed into one medicare certified only skilled
100 nursing bed.

101 (4) All acute care beds converted shall be perman-102 ently deleted from the hospital's acute care bed complement and the hospital may not thereafter add by 103 104 conversion or otherwise, acute care beds to its bed 105 complement without satisfying the requirements of 106 subsection (d), section three of this article for which 107 purposes such an addition, whether by conversion or 108 otherwise, shall be considered a substantial change to the bed capacity of the hospital notwithstanding the 109 110 definition of that term found in subsection (ee), section 111 two of this article.

(5) The hospital shall meet all federal and state
licensing certification and operational requirements
applicable to nursing homes including a requirement
that all skilled care beds created under this subsection
shall be located in distinct-part, long-term care units.

117 (6) The hospital must demonstrate a need for the 118 project.

119 (7) The hospital must use existing space for the 120 medicare certified only skilled nursing beds. Under no 121 circumstances shall the hospital construct, lease or 122 acquire additional space for purposes of this subsection.

(8) The hospital must notify the acute care patient,prior to discharge, of facilities with skilled nursing beds

125 which are located in or near the patient's county of 126 residence.

127 Nothing in this subsection shall negatively affect the 128 rights of inspection and certification which are other-129 wise required by federal law or regulations or by this 130 code of duly adopted regulations of an authorized state 131 entity.

(k) The provisions of this article are severable and if
any provision, section or part thereby shall be held
invalid, unconstitutional or inapplicable to any person or
circumstance, such invalidity, unconstitutionality or
inapplicability shall not affect or impair any other
remaining provisions contained herein.

CHAPTER 95

(S. B. 610—Originating in the Senate Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and two, article twenty-nine, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to revising methods by which health care records are furnished to patients; and limiting copying fees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and two, article twenty-nine, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 29. HEALTH CARE RECORDS.

§16-29-1. Copies of health care records to be furnished to patients.§16-29-2. Reasonable expenses to be reimbursed.

\$16-29-1. Copies of health care records to be furnished to patients.

1 Any licensed, certified or registered health care

780

2 provider so licensed, certified or registered under the 3 laws of this state shall, upon the written request of a 4 patient, his authorized agent or authorized representa-5 tive, within a reasonable time, furnish a copy, as 6 requested, of all or a portion of the patient's record to 7 the patient, his authorized agent or authorized represen-8 tative subject to the following exceptions:

HEALTH

9 (a) In the case of a patient receiving treatment for 10 psychiatric or psychological problems, a summary of the 11 record shall be made available to the patient, his 12 authorized agent or authorized representative following 13 termination of the treatment program.

14 (b) Nothing in this article shall be construed to 15 require a health care provider responsible for diagnosis. treatment or administering health care services in the 16 17 case of minors for birth control, prenatal care, drug rehabilitation or related services, or venereal disease 18 19 according to any provision of the code, to release patient 20 records of such diagnosis, treatment or provision of 21 health care as aforesaid to a parent or guardian, without prior written consent therefor from the patient, nor 22 23 shall anything in this article be construed to apply to persons regulated under the provisions of chapter 24 25 eighteen of this code or the rules and regulations 26 established thereunder.

(c) The furnishing of a copy, as requested, of the
reports of X-ray examinations, electrocardiograms and
other diagnostic procedures shall be deemed to comply
with the provisions of this article.

31 (d) This article shall not apply to records subpoenaed32 or otherwise requested through court process.

(e) The provisions of this article may be enforced by
a patient, authorized agent or authorized representative,
and any health care provider found to be in violation of
this article shall pay any attorney fees and costs,
including court costs incurred in the course of such
enforcement.

(f) Nothing in this article shall be construed to applyto health care records maintained by health care

- 41 providers governed by the AIDS-related medical testing
- 42 and records confidentiality act under the provisions of
- 43 article three-c of this chapter.

§16-29-2. Reasonable expenses to be reimbursed.

1 The provider shall be reimbursed by the person 2 requesting in writing a copy of such records at the time 3 of delivery for all reasonable expenses incurred in 4 complying with this article. However, such cost shall not 5 exceed seventy-five cents per page for the copying of any 6 such record or records which have already been reduced 7 to written form.

CHAPTER 96 (H. B. 4128—By Delegate White)

[Passed March 6, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four and five, article twenty-nine-c, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to changing the termination date of the task force on uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditures.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four and five, article twenty-nine-c, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 29C. INDIGENT CARE.

- §16-29C-4. Legislative study; appointment of members; expenses; reports; termination.
- §16-29C-5. Effective date and termination date.

§16-29C-4. Legislative study; appointment of members; expenses; reports; termination.

- 1 Not later than the first day of June, one thousand nine
- 2 hundred eighty-five, the president of the Senate and
- 3 speaker of the House of Delegates of the West Virginia

782

4 Legislature shall appoint a legislative task force on 5 uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditures 6 which shall meet, study and make recommendations as 7 herein provided.

8 The task force shall be composed of three members 9 of the Senate appointed by the president from the membership of the Senate standing committee on health 10 and human resources, three members of the House of 11 12 Delegates appointed by the speaker from the membership of the House of Delegates standing committee on 13 14 health and human resources, and a number of citizens 15 appointed jointly by the president and speaker which. 16 in their discretion, adequately provides for the approp-17 riate representation of the interests of the providers of 18 health care services, the providers of health care 19 insurance, state departments involved in the administra-20 tion of health care and health care related programs and 21 the citizens of this state. Of the members of the Senate 22 appointed by the president, not more than two shall be 23 from the same political party. Of the members of the 24 House of Delegates appointed by the speaker, not more 25than two shall be from the same political party.

26 Members originally appointed to the task force shall 27 serve for terms beginning on the date of appointment 28 and ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand 29nine hundred ninety-three, unless sooner replaced by the 30 president or the speaker as applicable, or, in the 31 discretion of the president and the speaker, unless the 32 work of the task force is completed or the need for the 33 task force no longer exists prior to that date. The task force shall cease to exist on the thirtieth day of June. 34 35 one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

36 The task force shall meet on such dates as may be approved by the joint committee on government and 37 finance for the regular meetings of its subcommittees 38 unless approval is first obtained from the joint commit-39 40 tee on government and finance for additional meetings. The task force shall conduct studies on the amount of 41 funds expended by hospitals and other health care 42 providers of this state for services to persons who are 43 unable to pay for those services and for which they 44

5

t

45 receive no other form of reimbursement, the extent to 46 which persons in this state forego needed medical 47 services because of insufficient income and assets to pay 48 for those services, the extent to which the state is 49 maximizing available federal programs and moneys in providing health care services to the citizens of this 50 51state, the operation of the programs and funds created 52 by this article and the roles of the public, private and 53 private nonprofit sectors in providing health care services to the citizens of this state. The task force shall 54 55 also study the state medicaid program in order to 56 determine if the state medicaid agency, as the payor of 57 last resort, is expending maximum effort to identify 58 alternate private insurance resources for medicaid 59 beneficiaries and shall study the feasibility and financial 60 impact upon the state of assuring increased access to 61 medicaid beneficiaries to primary health care in the 62 nonhospital setting by requiring enrollment in a 63 primary care clinic program, if available, and of the 64 establishment of different and lesser schedules of payment for primary health services delivered by a 65 hospital emergency room as compared to the schedule 66 of payments for emergency room services of a true 67 68 medical emergency nature. On or before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the 69 task force shall contact, review and study the indigent 70 71 care program of the health care access committee in the 72 state of Kentucky. The task force shall make such 73 recommendations as it deems appropriate to address the 74 needs identified in the studies.

75 The task force shall file an interim report with the joint committee on government and finance and the 76 Legislature on the date of the last meeting of the joint 77 committee on government and finance prior to com-78 79 mencement of the regular session of the Legislature in 80 each year before the final report of the task force is filed with the joint committee on government and finance and 81 82 the Legislature on or before the thirtieth day of June, 83 one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

84 The members of the task force shall be entitled to 85 compensation at the rate authorized for members of the

86 Legislature participating in legislative interim meetings 87 and to reimbursement for reasonable and necessary 88 expenses actually incurred in attending meetings of the 89 task force, except that any employee of the state 90 appointed to the task force is not entitled to such 91 compensation. Funds necessary for the work of the task force shall be paid from joint appropriations to the 92 93 Senate and House of Delegates but no such funds shall be spent or obligations incurred in the conduct of such 94 work without prior approval of the joint committee on 95 government and finance. 96

§16-29C-5. Effective date and termination date.

- 1 This article shall be effective from passage, and,
- 2 notwithstanding the provisions of section four of this
- 3 article, shall terminate on the thirtieth day of June, one
- 4 thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

CHAPTER 97

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4197—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 1, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-a, relating to the adoption of a medical power of attorney act for the state of West Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 30A. MEDICAL POWER OF ATTORNEY.

- §16-30A-1. Short title.
- §16-30A-2. Statement of purpose and legislative findings.
- §16-30A-3. Medical power of attorney.
- §16-30A-4. Powers of representative.

ŧ

- §16-30A-5. Successor representative.
- §16-30A-6. Executing a medical power of attorney.
- §16-30A-7. Nomination of committee or guardian.
- §16-30A-8. Presumption of validity.
- §16-30A-9. Proof of continuance of medical power of attorney by affidavit.
- §16-30A-10. Protection of health care providers.
- §16-30A-11. Medical power of attorney to be made part of the medical records.
- §16-30A-12. Right to receive information regarding proposed health care; medical records.
- §16-30A-13. Revocation.
- §16-30A-14. Insurance; other laws.
- §16-30A-15. Preservation of existing rights.
- §16-30A-16. Prohibition.
- §16-30A-17. Reciprocity.
- §16-30A-18. Standard form.
- §16-30A-19. Public education; guidelines for execution in health care facilities.
- §16-30A-20. Severability.

§16-30A-1. Short title.

1 This article may be cited as the "Medical Power of 2 Attorney Act."

§16-30A-2. Statement of purpose and legislative findings.

- 1 (a) *Purpose.*—It is the purpose of this article to ensure 2 that a patient's right to self-determination in health care
- 3 decisions be communicated and protected.

4 (b) *Findings.*—The Legislature hereby finds that:

5 (1) Common law tradition and the medical profession 6 in general have traditionally recognized the right of a 7 capable adult to accept or reject medical or surgical 8 intervention affecting one's own medical condition;

9 (2) The application of recent advances in medical 10 science and technology increasingly involves patients 11 who are unconscious or otherwise unable to accept or 12 reject medical or surgical treatment affecting their 13 medical conditions;

(3) Such advances have also made it possible to
prolong the dying process artificially through the use of
intervening treatments or procedures which, in some
cases, offer no medical hope of benefit;

18 (4) Capable adults should be encouraged to issue

advance directives designating their health care representatives so that in the event any such adult becomes
unconscious or otherwise incapable of making health
care decisions, the decisions may be made by others who
are aware of such person's own wishes and values; and

(5) While providers of services have a duty to respect
the known wishes of patients even in the absence of
written directives, increased awareness of medical
powers of attorney as a vehicle of patient decisionmaking would enhance and protect patient participation
in health care decisions.

30 Therefore, in recognition of a patient's reasonable expectations of dignity and privacy, the Legislature 31 32 hereby declares that all capable adults shall have the 33 right to have their decisions for medical treatment or diagnostic procedures, including decisions regarding 34 life-prolonging intervention, carried out by the use of 35 36 advance directives when such adults are no longer able 37 to communicate those decisions.

38 It is the intent of the Legislature to establish an effective method for use of advance directives, and it is 39 also the intent of the Legislature that the courts should 40 41 not be the usual venue for making such decisions. It is not the intent of the Legislature that the procedures 42 described herein be the only means or form of advance 43 directives concerning the provision of medical treatment 44 or withholding thereof for persons who become incap-45 able of communicating their desires relating thereto. 46

§16-30A-3. Medical power of attorney.

A medical power of attorney is a springing durable 1 power of attorney by which any person (hereinafter the 2 "principal") designates another person (hereinafter the 3 "representative") in writing to make health care 4 decisions for him or her in the event he or she is unable 5 6 to do so. The instrument shall contain the following 7 words, or words of like import, "THIS MEDICAL POWER OF ATTORNEY SHALL BECOME EFFEC-8 TIVE ONLY UPON MY INCAPACITY TO GIVE, 9 WITHDRAW OR WITHHOLD INFORMED CON-10 SENT TO MY OWN MEDICAL CARE." For purposes 11

12 of this article, "incapacity" or words of like import shall mean the inability, because of physical or mental 13 14 impairment, to appreciate the nature and implications 15 of a health care decision, to make an informed choice 16 regarding the alternatives presented, and to commun-17 icate that choice in an unambiguous manner, as 18 determined by two physicians or by one physician and 19 one licensed psychologist, both of whom are licensed to 20 practice in this state, and additionally, have examined the principal. The principal's attending physician shall 21 22 be one of those who makes the determination required 23 herein.

§16-30A-4. Powers of representative.

1 (a) The desires of a principal having capacity at all 2 times supersede the effect of the medical power of 3 attorney.

4 (b) In exercising the authority under the medical power of attorney, the representative has the duty to act 5 6 consistently with the desires of the principal either as 7 expressed in such medical power of attorney or which have otherwise been made known to such representative. 8 9 If the principal's desires are unknown, then such representative shall act in the best interests of the 10 11 principal.

(c) A medical power of attorney may include a
statement of the personal values of the principal and
specific instructions to the representative to cover
particular circumstances.

(d) A representative shall have the authority to give,
withhold or withdraw informed consent to the health
care of the principal, which authority shall include, but
not be limited to, the following, unless the principal
expressly provides to the contrary:

(1) Making decisions relating to medical treatment,
surgical treatment, nursing care, medication, hospitalization, care and treatment in a nursing home or other
facility, and home health care;

(2) Permitting or gaining access to all medicalrecords;

(3) Acknowledging receipt of notifications of rights or
responsibilities and any applicable rules of medical or
health care facilities;

30 (4) Employing or discharging medical providers;

(5) Making decisions about measures for the relief ofpain;

(6) Consenting to, refusing or withdrawing any and
all medical treatment or diagnostic procedures, including, but not limited to, life-prolonging intervention when
in the opinion of two physicians who have examined the
principal, one of whom being the principal's attending
physician, such life-prolonging intervention offers no
medical hope of benefit;

40 (7) Making decisions about the gift or donation of a41 body organ or tissue;

42 (8) Enforcing a declaration made pursuant to the 43 West Virginia Natural Death Act, as provided in 44 chapter sixteen, article thirty of this code: *Provided*, 45 That where the provisions of such a declaration and the 46 special directives to the representative hereunder are in 47 conflict, the provisions of the document executed later 48 in time shall control or govern.

49 (e) If proceedings are initiated before a county 50 commission for the appointment of a committee or 51 guardian for the person of the principal subsequent to 52the execution of a medical power of attorney by the 53 principal, the county commission shall, provided it has 54 notice of a duly executed medical power of attorney, 55 name the representative so designated as committee or 56 guardian of the person for medical decision-making 57 purposes, absent good cause shown against such desig-58 nation.

§16-30A-5. Successor representative.

(a) The principal may appoint one or more successor
 representatives in the medical power of attorney in the
 event the original representative named therein is
 unable, unwilling or disqualified to serve. In such case,
 the successor representative shall succeed to all duties

and powers given to the original representative, unlessthe principal expressly provides to the contrary.

(b) Should the representative and the successor 8 9 representative(s) named in the medical power of attorney be unable, unwilling or disqualified to serve, 10 then the medical power of attorney shall lapse. However, 11 12 such lapse shall not prevent any advance directives. 13 statement of personal values or specific instructions 14 therein from serving as guidelines for the medical or 15 health care of the principal.

§16-30A-6. Executing a medical power of attorney.

1 (a) Any person eighteen years of age or older having 2 the capacity to do so may execute a medical power of 3 attorney. A medical power of attorney made pursuant 4 to this article shall be: (1) In writing; (2) signed by the 5 person making the medical power of attorney or by another person in the principal's presence at the 6 principal's express direction; (3) dated; (4) signed in the 7 presence of two or more witnesses at least eighteen years 8 of age; and (5) acknowledged before a notary public. 9

10 (b) Each witness shall attest that he or she is not: (1) 11 The person who signed the medical power of attorney 12 on behalf of and at the direction of the principal; (2) 13 related to the principal by blood or marriage; (3) 14 entitled to any portion of the estate of the principal 15 according to the laws of intestate succession of the state 16 of the principal's domicile or under any will of the 17 principal or any codicil thereto: Provided. That the 18 validity of the medical power of attorney shall not be 19 affected when a witness at the time of witnessing the 20 same was unaware that he or she was named a bene-21 ficiary of the principal's will; (4) legally responsible for 22 the costs of the principal's medical or other care; (5) the 23 attending physician; or (6) the representative or any successor representative appointed pursuant to this 24 25article.

(c) The following persons may not serve as a representative or successor representative: (1) A treating
health care provider of the principal; (2) an employee
of a treating health care provider not related to the

Ch. 97]

Health

30 principal; (3) an operator of a health care facility

31 serving the principal; or (4) an employee of an operator

32 of a health care facility not related to the principal.

§16-30A-7. Nomination of committee or guardian.

1 A principal may nominate, by a medical power of 2 attorney, the committee or guardian of his person for 3 consideration by the court or county commission if 4 protective proceedings for the principal's person are thereafter commenced. The court or county commission 5 6 shall make its appointment in accordance with the 7 principal's most recent nomination in a medical power of attorney, except for good cause or disgualification. 8

§16-30A-8. Presumption of validity.

1 If the principal is incapacitated at the time of any 2 health care decision, a medical power of attorney executed in accordance with this article is presumed to 3 be valid. For the purposes of this article, a physician or 4 5 health care facility may presume, in the absence of actual notice to the contrary, that a principal who 6 7 executed a medical power of attorney was of sound mind 8 when it was executed. The fact that an individual 9 executed a medical power of attorney is not an indication of the principal's incapacity. In addition, a physi-10 cian or health care facility may presume, in the absence 11 12 of actual notice to the contrary, that any witness who 13 executed a medical power of attorney in accordance with this article was qualified to do so. 14

\$16-30A-9. Proof of continuance of medical power of attorney by affidavit.

When acts are undertaken in good-faith reliance upon 1 2 a medical power of attorney as prescribed herein, an affidavit given by a representative stating that he or she 3 did not have, at the time of any exercise of such power, 4 knowledge concerning any revocation thereof, shall be 5 considered to be clear and convincing evidence of the 6 validity of the power at that time. This section shall not 7 affect any provision in a medical power of attorney for 8 9 its termination by expiration of time or occurrence of 10 any event other than express revocation by the princi-11 pal.

§16-30A-10. Protection of health care providers.

1 (a) A physician, licensed health care professional, 2 health facility or employee thereof shall not be subject 3 to criminal or civil liability for good-faith compliance 4 with or reliance upon the directions of the representa-5 tive in accordance with this article.

6 (b) An attending physician who cannot or will not 7 comply with or act in reliance upon the directions of the 8 representative shall, in conjunction with the represen-9 tative, cause the transfer of the principal to another 10 physician who will comply with the directions of the 11 representative. Transfer under such circumstances does 12 not constitute abandonment of the principal.

§16-30A-11. Medical power of attorney to be made part of the medical records.

1 A physician or other health care provider who 2 receives a copy of a medical power of attorney or the

3 revocation thereof shall make it part of the principal's

4 then current medical record.

§16-30A-12. Right to receive information regarding proposed health care; medical records.

1 Except to the extent the right is limited by a medical 2 power of attorney, a representative designated to make 3 health care decisions under a medical power of attorney has the same legal right as the principal to receive 4 5 information, including information requiring a special release under applicable laws, regarding the proposed 6 health care, to receive and review medical records, and 7 8 to consent to the disclosure of medical records.

§16-30A-13. Revocation.

1 A medical power of attorney may be revoked at any 2 time by the principal by any of the following methods:

3 (a) By destruction thereof, either by the principal or
4 by some person in the principal's presence and at his or
5 her direction;

6 (b) By written revocation, signed and dated by the

7 principal or other person acting at the direction of the 8 principal. Such revocation shall become effective only 9 upon communication thereof to the attending physician 10 by the principal or by a person acting on behalf of the 11 principal. The attending physician shall record in the 12 patient's medical record the time and date when he or 13 she receives notification of the written revocation;

14 (c) By a verbal expression of the intent to revoke in 15 the presence of a witness eighteen years of age or older 16 who contemporaneously signs and dates a writing 17 confirming such expression was made. Any verbal 18 revocation shall become effective only upon communica-19 tion of the revocation to the attending physician by the 20 principal or by a person acting on behalf of the 21 principal. The attending physician shall record, in the patient's medical record, the time, date and place 22 23 wherein he or she received such notification; or

(d) The grant of a final divorce decree shall act as an
automatic revocation of the designation of the former
spouse to act as a representative or successor representative.

§16-30A-14. Insurance; other laws.

(a) The compliance by a health care provider with any 1 2 direction from a representative that results in the 3 withholding or withdrawal of medical treatment or 4 diagnostic procedures, including life-prolonging intervention, from a principal shall not be considered for any 5 purpose homicide, suicide or assisting suicide. A 6 representative's refusal to give consent to, withdrawal 7 or withholding of any such treatment or procedure 8 9 pursuant to the authority granted by the principal shall not be considered for any purpose as homicide or 10 11 assisting suicide.

12 (b) The making of a medical power of attorney 13 pursuant to this article may not affect in any manner 14 the sale, procurement or issuance of any policy of life 15 insurance, nor may it modify the terms of any existing 16 policy of life insurance. No policy of life insurance may 17 be legally impaired or invalidated in any manner by the 18 withholding or withdrawal of life-prolonging interven19 tion from an insured principal, notwithstanding any20 provision of the policy to the contrary.

§16-30A-15. Preservation of existing rights.

(a) Any durable power of attorney that was executed 1 2 in accordance with the provisions of article four, chapter 3 thirty-nine of this code prior to the effective date of this 4 article and which expressly delegates to the attorney in 5 fact named therein any health care decisions by and on 6 behalf of the principal is hereby recognized as a valid 7 grant of authority, as though it were executed in 8 compliance with the provisions of this article.

9 (b) Subsequent to the effective date of this article, an 10 instrument made in accordance with article four, 11 chapter thirty-nine of this code and also in accordance 12 with the terms of this article shall be effective to 13 authorize the exercise of health care decision-making 14 and other authority as provided in such instrument.

(c) This article creates no presumption concerning the
intention of an individual who has not executed a
medical power of attorney to consent to, refuse or
withdraw any and all medical treatment or diagnostic
procedures, including, but not limited to, life-prolonging
intervention.

§16-30A-16. Prohibition.

1 (a) Nothing in this article may be construed to 2 condone, authorize or approve mercy killing or to permit 3 any affirmative or deliberate act or omission to end a 4 human life other than to permit the natural process of 5 dying.

6 (b) Under no circumstances may the presence or 7 absence of a medical power of attorney be used to deny 8 a patient admission to a health care facility.

§16-30A-17. Reciprocity.

1 A durable power of attorney executed in another state 2 is validly executed for purposes of this article if it is 3 executed in compliance with the laws of this state or the 4 laws of the state where executed and expressly delegates 5 health care decisions. Ch. 97]

HEALTH

§16-30A-18. Standard form.

1 A medical power of attorney shall be drafted in the 2 following form or in such form which substantially 3 complies with the requirements set forth herein. The 4 provision of medical power of attorney forms substan-5 tially in compliance with this article by health care 6 providers, medical practitioners, social workers, social 7 service agencies, senior citizens centers, hospitals, 8 nursing homes, personal care homes, community care facilities or any other similar person or group, without 9 10 separate compensation, does not constitute the unauthorized practice of law within this state. 11

MEDICAL POWER OF ATTORNEY

13

12

- Dated: _____, 19 ____.
- _____, (insert your name I. 14 and address), hereby appoint _____ 15 (insert the name, address, area code and telephone 16 number of the person you wish to designate as your 17 representative) as my representative to act on my behalf 18 19 to give, withhold or withdraw informed consent to 20 health care decisions in the event that I am not able to do so myself. If my representative is unable, unwilling 21
- 22 disqualified to serve, then I appoint or 23 _____ as my successor representative.

24 This appointment shall extend to (but not be limited 25 to) decisions relating to medical treatment, surgical 26 treatment, nursing care, medication, hospitalization, 27 care and treatment in a nursing home or other facility, and home health care. The representative appointed by 28 this document is specifically authorized to act on my 29 behalf to consent to, refuse or withdraw any and all 30 medical treatment or diagnostic procedures, if my 31representative determines that I, if able to do so, would 32 consent to, refuse or withdraw such treatment or 33 procedures. Such authority shall include, but not be 34 limited to, the withholding or withdrawal of life-35 prolonging intervention when in the opinion of two 36 37 physicians who have examined me, one of whom is my attending physician, such life-prolonging intervention 38 39 offers no medical hope of benefit.

ł

40 I appoint this representative because I believe this person understands my wishes and values and will act 41 to carry into effect the health care decisions that I would 42 43 make if I were able to do so, and because I also believe that this person will act in my best interests when my 44 45 wishes are unknown. It is my intent that my family, my 46 physician and all legal authorities be bound by the 47 decisions that are made by the representative appointed by this document, and it is my intent that these decisions 48 should not be the subject of review by any health care 49 50 provider, or administrative or judicial agency.

It is my intent that this document be legally binding 51 52 and effective. In the event that the law does not recognize this document as legally binding and effective, 53 54 it is my intent that this document be taken as a formal statement of my desire concerning the method by which 55 any health care decisions should be made on my behalf 56 during any period when I am unable to make such 57 decisions. 58

59 In exercising the authority under this medical power 60 of attorney, my representative shall act consistently with 61 my special directives or limitations as stated below.

62 SPECIAL DIRECTIVES OR LIMITATIONS ON 63 THIS POWER: (If none, write "none.")

65 _____

67 THIS MEDICAL POWER OF ATTORNEY SHALL
68 BECOME EFFECTIVE ONLY UPON MY INCAPAC69 ITY TO GIVE, WITHHOLD OR WITHDRAW IN70 FORMED CONSENT TO MY OWN MEDICAL
71 CARE.

72 These directives shall supersede any directives made 73 in any previously executed document concerning my 74 health care.

X _____

75 76

64

66

Signature of Principal

00

1

WITNESS.

Health

77 I did not sign the principal's signature above. I am at least eighteen years of age and am not related to the 78 79 principal by blood or marriage. I am not entitled to any 80 portion of the estate of the principal according to the laws of intestate succession of the state of the principal's 81 domicile or to the best of my knowledge under any will 82 of the principal or codicil thereto, or legally responsible 83 for the costs of the principal's medical or other care. I 84 am not the principal's attending physician, nor am I the 85 representative or successor representative of the 86 87 principal.

89	WIINE55.	DATE:
90 91	WITNESS:	DATE:
91 92	STATE OF	
93	COUNTY OF	
94	I,	
95	of said County, do certify that	-
96	as principal, and	
97	, as witnesses, whose names are	
98	signed to the writing above bearing date on the	
99	day of	, 19, have this
100	day acknowledged the same before me.	
101	Given under my hand this day of	
102	, 19	
103	My commission expires:	
104		
105	Notary Public	
§16- 3	0A-19. Public education; guide health care facilities.	lines for execution in

(a) The secretary of health and human resources, no

later than one year after the effective date of this article,
shall develop and implement a statewide educational
effort to inform the public of the option to execute a
medical power of attorney and of patients' rights to
participate in and direct health care decisions.

7 (b) The secretary of health and human resources shall publish, and may revise from time to time, guidelines 8 9 concerning the manner of execution and revocation of medical powers of attorney while a person is a patient 10 in a health care facility. The guidelines shall (1) inform 11 12 patients of their right to execute a medical power of 13 attorney concerning their health care; (2) assure patients that their decision concerning the execution of a medical 14 15 power of attorney will not be used to deny them admission to or continued stay at the health care facility; 16 (3) inform patients of their right to revoke such medical 17 power of attorney at any time; and (4) address such 18 other matters as the secretary may consider approp-19 20 riate.

§16-30A-20. Severability.

1 The provisions of this article are severable and if any 2 provision, section or part thereof shall be held invalid, 3 unconstitutional or inapplicable to any person or 4 circumstance, such invalidity, unconstitutionality or 5 inapplicability shall not affect or impair any other 6 remaining provisions contained herein.

CHAPTER 98 (S. B. 466—By Senator Holliday)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the board of medicine and definitions permitting a designee of the director of health to be a member of the board and to act as its secretary. Ch. 98]

Health

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

§30-3-4. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (1) "Board" means the West Virginia board of med-3 icine established in section five of this article. Whenever 4 any other provision of this code refers to the "medical 5 licensing board of West Virginia", such reference shall 6 be construed to mean and refer to the "West Virginia 7 board of medicine" as created and established in this 8 article.

9 (2) "Medical peer review committee" means a committee of, or appointed by, a state or local professional 10 11 medical society, or a committee of, or appointed by, a 12 medical staff of a licensed hospital, long-term care facility or other health care facility, or any health care 13 14 peer review organization as defined in section one, 15 article three-c of this chapter, or any other organization of professionals in this state formed pursuant to state or 16 federal law and authorized to evaluate medical and 17 18 health care services.

(3) "Practice of medicine and surgery" means the
diagnosis or treatment of, or operation or prescription
for, any human disease, pain, injury, deformity or other
physical or mental condition.

23 (4) "Practice of podiatry" means the examination, diagnosis, treatment, prevention and care of conditions 24 25 and functions of the human foot by medical, surgical and other scientific knowledge and methods; and 26 27 medical and surgical treatment of warts and other 28 dermatological lesions of the hand which similarly occur 29 in the foot. When a podiatrist uses other than local anesthesia, in surgical treatment of the foot, such 30 anesthesia must be administered by, or under the 31 direction of, an anesthesiologist or certified nurse 32

HORSE AND DOG RACING

anesthetist authorized under the state of West Virginia
to administer anesthesia. A medical evaluation shall be
made by a physician of every patient prior to the
administration of other than local anesthesia.

37 (5) "State director of health" means the state director
38 of health or his or her designee, which designee shall
39 act as secretary of the board and shall carry out any and

40 all responsibilities assigned in this article to the

41 secretary of the board.

800

CHAPTER 99 (Com. Sub. for S. B. 338—By Senator Lucht)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article twentythree, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to powers and authority of racing commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 23. HORSE AND DOG RACING.

§19-23-6. Powers and authority of racing commission.

1 The racing commission shall have full jurisdiction 2 over and shall supervise all horse race meetings, all dog 3 race meetings and all persons involved in the holding 4 or conducting of horse or dog race meetings, and, in this 5 regard, it shall have plenary power and authority:

6 (1) To investigate applicants and determine the 7 eligibility of such applicants for a license or permit or 8 construction permit under the provisions of this article;

9 (2) To fix, from time to time, the annual fee to be paid 10 to the racing commission for any permit required under 11 the provisions of section two of this article;

12 (3) To promulgate reasonable rules and regulations implementing and making effective the provisions of 13 this article and the powers and authority conferred and 14 15 the duties imposed upon the racing commission under the provisions of this article, including, but not limited 16 17 to, reasonable rules and regulations under which all 18 horse races, dog races, horse race meetings and dog race 19 meetings shall be held and conducted, all of which 20 reasonable rules and regulations shall be promulgated 21 in accordance with the provisions of article three. 22 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code:

(4) To register colors and assumed names and to fix,
from time to time, the annual fee to be paid to the racing
commission for any such registration;

(5) To fix and regulate the minimum purse to beoffered during any horse or dog race meeting;

(6) To fix a minimum and a maximum number of
horse races or dog races to be held on any respective
racing day;

31 (7) To enter the office, horse racetrack, dog racetrack. 32 kennel, facilities and other places of business of any 33 licensee to determine whether the provisions of this 34 article and its reasonable rules and regulations are 35 being complied with, and for this purpose, the racing commission, its racing secretary, representatives and 36 37 employees may visit, investigate and have free access to 38 any such office, horse racetrack, dog racetrack, kennel, facilities and other places of business: 39

40 (8) To investigate alleged violations of the provisions of this article, its reasonable rules and regulations, 41 42 orders and final decisions and to take appropriate disciplinary action against any licensee or permit holder 43 or construction permit holder for the violation thereof 44 or institute appropriate legal action for the enforcement 45 thereof or take such disciplinary action and institute 46 47 such legal action;

48 (9) By reasonable rules and regulations, to authorize
49 stewards, starters and other racing officials to impose
50 reasonable fines or other sanctions upon any person

51 connected with or involved in any horse or dog racing 52 or any horse or dog race meeting; and to authorize 53 stewards to rule off the grounds of any horse or dog 54 racetrack any tout, bookmaker or other undesirable 55 individual deemed inimical to the best interests of horse 56 and dog racing or the pari-mutuel system of wagering 57 in connection therewith;

(10) To require at any time the removal of any racing
official or racing employee of any licensee, for the
violation of any provision of this article, any reasonable
rule and regulation of the racing commission or for any
fraudulent practice;

63 (11) To acquire, establish, maintain and operate, or to 64 provide by contract for the maintenance and operation of, a testing laboratory and related facilities, for the 65 purpose of conducting saliva, urine and other tests on 66 the horse or dog or horses or dogs run or to be run in 67 any horse or dog race meeting, and to purchase all 68 69 equipment and supplies deemed necessary or desirable 70 in connection with the acquisition, establishment, maintenance and operation of any such testing labora-71 tory and related facilities and all such tests; 72

(12) To hold up, in any disputed horse or dog race, the
payment of any purse, pending a final determination of
the results thereof;

(13) To require each licensee to file an annual balance
sheet and profit and loss statement pertaining to such
licensee's horse or dog racing activities in this state,
together with a list of each such licensee's stockholders
or other persons having any beneficial interest in the
horse or dog racing activities of such licensee;

(14) To issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum for the production of
any books, records and other pertinent documents, and
to administer oaths and affirmations to such witnesses,
whenever, in the judgment of the racing commission, it
is necessary to do so for the effective discharge of its
duties under the provisions of this article;

89 (15) To keep accurate and complete records of its

90 proceedings and to certify the same as may be 91 appropriate;

92 (16) To take such other action as may be reasonable
93 or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of this article
94 and its reasonable rules and regulations;

95 (17) To provide breeders' awards, purse supplements
96 and moneys for capital improvements at racetracks in
97 compliance with section thirteen-b of this article; and

98 (18) The racing commission shall, upon request of 99 either party, mediate on site, all disputes existing 100 between the racetrack licensees' located in this state and 101 representatives of a majority of the horse owners and 102trainers licensed at the track, which threaten to disrupt 103 any scheduled racing event or events. When any such 104 request is made, the commission shall designate from 105 among its members, one person to act as mediator in 106 each such dispute that arises. Each opposing party 107 involved in any dispute shall negotiate in good faith with 108 the goal of reaching a fair and mutual resolution. The 109 mediator may issue recommendations designed to assist each side toward reaching a fair compromise: Provided, 110 111 That no owner or operator or any horse owner or trainer 112 licensed at the track may be required to abide by any 113 recommendation made by any mediator acting pursuant 114 to this subsection.

115 The racing commission shall not interfere in the 116 internal business or internal affairs of any licensee.

CHAPTER 100 (Com. Sub. for S. B. 270—By Senator Blatnik)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-b, relating to the West Virginia racing commission; permitting televised racing days for racetrack licensees and authorizing commission to assign such days; permitting the commingling of parimutuel wagering pools on televised interstate races;

HORSE AND DOG RACING

[Ch. 100

providing certain definitions; requiring commission's auditor or steward to preside at televised racing day; providing for tax on licensees for televised racing days; providing for deposit into purse fund, and making certain federal law controlling in determining intent.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 23. HORSE AND DOG RACING.

§19-23-12b. Televised racing days; merging of parimutuel wagering pools.

1 (a) For the purposes of this section:

2 (1) "Televised racing day" means a day, assigned by 3 the commission, at a licensed racetrack on which pari-4 mutuel betting is conducted on horse or dog races run at racetracks outside of the state which are broadcast 5 6 by television at a licensed racetrack and which day or days have had the prior written approval of the 7 representative of the majority of the owners and trainers 8 who hold permits required by section two of this article; 9 10 and

11 (2) "Host racing association" means any person who, 12 pursuant to a license or other permission granted by the 13 host state, conducts the horse or dog race subject to the 14 interstate wager.

15 (b) A licensee conducting not less than two hundred twenty live racing dates for each horse or dog race 16 meeting may, with the prior approval of the state racing 17 commission, contract with any legal wagering entity in 18 any other state to receive telecasts and accept wagers 19 20 on races conducted by such legal wagering entity: 21 Provided. That a track licensed to conduct only horse racing may not receive telecasts of dog races, and a 22track licensed to conduct only dog racing may not 23receive telecasts of horse races other than nationally 24 25 televised special events such as the Kentucky Derby, the

Preakness. the Belmont Stakes and not more than $\mathbf{26}$ 27 fifteen other special events deemed by the racing 28 commission to be of national significance. The telecasts 29 may be received and wagers accepted at any location 30 authorized by the provisions of section twelve-a of this 31 article. Such contract must receive the approval of the 32 representative of the majority of the owners and trainers who hold permits required by section two of this article 33 34 at the receiving racetrack.

35 (c) The commission may allow the licensee to commin-36 gle its wagering pools with the wagering pools of the 37 host racing association. If the pools are commingled, the 38 wagering at the licensee's racetrack must be on 39 tabulating equipment capable of issuing pari-mutuel 40 tickets and be electronically linked with the equipment at the sending racetrack. Subject to the approval of the 41 42 commission, the types of betting, licensee commissions 43 and distribution of winnings on pari-mutuel pools of the 44 sending licensee racetrack are those in effect at the 45 licensee racetrack. Breakage for pari-mutuel pools on a 46 televised racing day must be calculated in accordance with the law or rules governing the sending racetrack. 47 and must be distributed in a manner agreed to between 48 49 the licensee and the sending racetrack.

(d) The commission may assign televised racing days
at any time. When a televised racing day is assigned,
the commission shall assign either a steward or an
auditor to preside over the televised races at the licensee
racetrack.

(e) From the licensee commissions authorized by 55 subsection (c) of this section, there is imposed and the 56 licensee shall pay, for each televised racing day on 57 which the total pari-mutuel pool exceeds fifty thousand 58 dollars, the greater of either: (i) The total of the daily 59 license tax and the pari-mutuel pools tax required by 60 section ten of this article; or (ii) a daily license tax of 61 five hundred dollars. For each televised racing day on 62 which the total pari-mutuel pool is fifty thousand dollars 63 or less the licensee shall pay a daily license tax of five 64 hundred dollars. Payments of the tax imposed by this 65

Human	Services
-------	----------

section are subject to the requirements of subsection (e),section ten of this article.

(f) After deducting the tax required by subsection (e) 68 69 of this section, the amount required to be paid under the 70 terms of the contract with the legal wagering entity of 71 another state and the cost of transmission, the horse 72 racing association shall make a deposit equal to fifty 73 percent of the remainder into the purse fund established 74 under the provisions of subdivision (b) (1), section nine 75 of this article.

(g) The provisions of the "Federal Interstate Horseracing Act of 1978", also known as Public Law 95-515,
Section 3001-3007 of Title 15, U.S. Code, as amended,
shall be controlling in determining the intent of this
section.



CHAPTER 101

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 507—By Senators Thomas and Blatnik)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article five, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing provisions regarding the reimbursement of capital costs for certain health care facilities financed by public bonded indebtedness and limiting the amount of reimbursement.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article five, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- §9-5-14. Medicaid program; health care facilities financed by bonds; rules regarding reimbursement of capital costs.
 - 1 (a) The Legislature finds and declares that a number

806

of health care facilities have been financed by public 2 3 bonded indebtedness, and as a result of policies, rules 4 and standards which may be in conflict, the facilities 5 and the health and welfare of those citizens served by such facilities are in jeopardy. The provisions of 6 7 subsection (b) are enacted for the purpose of addressing 8 this as a short-term solution. The provisions of subsec-9 tion (d) are enacted for the purpose of further address-10 ing such conflicting policies, rules and standards.

11 (b) As to any health care facility licensed under article five-c, chapter sixteen of this code, constructed 12 after the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred 13 eighty-one, and affected on or after that date by the 14 15reimbursement methodology implemented by the de-16 partment regarding standard appraised value, begin-17 ning on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and for a two-year period only, 18 ending on the thirty-first day of March, one thousand 19 20 nine hundred ninety, all in compliance with federal 21 rules and regulations, the department shall reimburse 22 such health care facilities no less than any actual annual 23 capital costs, including, but not limited to, debt service. 24 lease payments or costs of comparable financing 25arrangements incurred in connection with any capital 26 expenditure approved pursuant to article two-d, chapter 27 sixteen of this code or any rule promulgated thereunder or in conjunction with the financing of such capital 28 29 expenditure pursuant to article two-c, chapter thirteen 30 of this code, whichever is greater; and in no event, for 31 the purpose of reimbursement of such capital costs, may 32 the value of any health care facility licensed pursuant to article five-c. chapter sixteen of this code be deemed 33 34 to be less than the greater of the aggregate principal 35 amount of any public bond issue undertaken pursuant 36 to the provisions of article two-c, chapter thirteen of this 37 code or the maximum capital expenditure approved pursuant to article two-d, chapter sixteen of this code 38 or any rule promulgated thereunder, and any appraisal 39 made by the department in connection therewith shall 40 41 include costs related to the financing of the bond issue or the maximum capital expenditure approved pursuant 42 to article two-d, chapter sixteen of this code, as 43

HUMAN SERVICES

applicable: Provided, That said values may be reduced 44 45 by (A) any functional obsolescence which is determined 46 and identified annually pursuant to any rule promulgated hereunder and (B) the pro rata share of such value 47 48 which is attributable to capital expenditures incurred 49 with respect to facilities which provide services which 50 are not eligible for reimbursement under Title XIX of the social security act: Provided, however, That the 51 52 department may not exceed the medicare upper pav-53 ment limit for medicaid in making any reimbursement 54 pursuant to this section.

As to any health care facility constructed after the 55 56 first day of April. one thousand nine hundred eighty-57 one, and affected on or after that date by the reimbur-58 sement methodology implemented by the department 59 regarding standard appraised value, with respect to 60 reimbursement to the state by such health care facility arising from adjustment of projected rates, the depart-61 62 ment shall provide for the adjustment of projected rates 63 based upon values which are consistent with the 64 provisions of this section and based upon the actual 65 occupancy experience of the health care facility during 66 the projected rate period, all in compliance with federal 67 rules and regulations.

68 (c) The medicaid payments that a long-term care
69 facility would otherwise receive may not be reduced in
70 any manner as a result of the operation of this section.

71 (d) For the rate setting cycle beginning on the first 72 day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and for 73 a period ending on the first day of July, one thousand 74 nine hundred ninety-two, the department shall reim-75 burse health care facilities described in subsection (b). 76 with sixty or more licensed beds, for actual annual 77 capital costs in the manner prescribed in subsection (b): 78 Provided. That the capital costs reimbursement attrib-79 utable to subsection (b) of this section may not exceed 80 the medicare upper payment limit based upon presumed 81 occupancy of ninety percent or actual occupancy of the facility, whichever is greater: Provided, however. That 82 any capital cost reimbursement attributable to the 83 computation made pursuant to the provisions of this 84

85 subsection (d) shall not exceed the per patient day cost 86 of capital as computed under the rules of the depart-87 ment, without reference to this section, plus six dollars 88 per patient day. Requests for information from the 89 department regarding reimbursement pursuant to this 90 subsection (d) shall be completed and submitted to the department not later than sixty days subsequent to the 91 92 receipt of the department's request by the facility.

93 The department shall provide for the adjustment of 94 projected rates for health care facilities described in 95 subsection (b), with sixty or more licensed beds, in the 96 manner prescribed in subsection (b).

CHAPTER 102

(H. B. 4720—By Delegates Wilson and Pitrolo)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a, relating to prohibiting the department of commerce, labor and environmental resources from transferring authority from the division of commerce to the division of natural resources for Plum Orchard Lake, Pleasants Creek, Big Ditch Lake and Teeter Creek.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF COMMERCE.

§5B-1-12a. Certain hunting and fishing areas prohibited from transfer.

- 1 Notwithstanding the provisions of article two, chapter
- 2 five-f the following state hunting and fishing areas may

not be transferred from the authority of the division ofcommerce:

- 5 (a) Plum Orchard Lake in Fayette County;
- 6 (b) Pleasants Creek in Taylor County;
- 7 (c) Big Ditch Lake in Webster County; and
- 8 (d) Teeter Creek in Barbour County.

CHAPTER 103 (S. B. 563—By Senator Parker)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirteen, article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the department of commerce, labor and environmental resources and incorporating Moncove Lake public hunting and fishing area as a state park to be named Moncove Lake State Park.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF COMMERCE.

*§5B-1-13. Division of parks and recreation; purpose; powers and duties generally.

- 1 The division of parks and recreation has within its 2 jurisdiction and supervision:
- 3 (a) All state parks and state recreation areas, includ-4 ing all lodges, cabins, swimming pools, motorboating 5 and all other recreational facilities therein, except the 6 roads therein which, by reason of section one, article

^{*}Clerk's Note: §5B-1-13 was also amended by H. B. 4799 (Chapter 71), which passed subsequent to this act.

four, chapter seventeen of this code, are transferred to
the state road system and to the responsibility of the
commissioner of highways with respect to the construction, reconstruction and maintenance of the roads or any
future roads for public usage on publicly owned lands
in future state parks, state forests and public hunting
and fishing areas;

(b) The authority and responsibility to do the necessary cutting and planting of vegetation along road
rights-of-way in state parks and recreational areas;

(c) The administration of all laws and rules relating
to the establishment, development, protection, use and
enjoyment of all state parks and state recreational
facilities consistent with the provisions of this article;

(d) The Berkeley Springs sanitarium in Morgan
County shall be continued as a state recreational facility
under the jurisdiction and supervision of the department
of commerce, labor and environmental resources and
shall be managed, directed and controlled as prescribed
here in this article and in article one, chapter twenty
of this code.

The commissioner has all of the powers and authority and shall perform all of the functions and duties with regard to Berkeley Springs sanitarium as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this article;

(e) The Washington Carver camp in Fayette County
subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the division of culture and history as provided under section
thirteen, article one, chapter twenty-nine of this code
shall be managed by the commissioner as a state
recreational facility and a component of the state park
system;

(f) The improved recreational area of Camp Creek
State Forest in Mercer County, as delineated according
to section three, article one-a, chapter nineteen of this
code, is hereby renamed as the Camp Creek State Park
and under that name shall be managed as a state
recreational facility;

45 (g) The improved recreational area of Moncove Lake

HUNTING AND FISHING

46 public hunting and fishing area, consisting of all improved recreational facilities, including all land 47 between the lake and private property beginning at the 48 main entrance on secondary route eight to the first 49 50stream on the southwest side of the improved recrea-51tional area, approximately two hundred feet southwest 52 of the private property corner where it meets the Roxalia Springs trail, thence northwest to a stream and 53 along this stream northward to and across the Diamond 54 55 Hollow trail to the area boundary, thence continuing around area boundary to the lake shore, thence follow-56 57 ing the lake shore around the shoreline to meet the line 58 drawn from the main entrance where the boundary begins. This area is hereby renamed as the Moncove 59 60 Lake State Park and under that name shall be managed as a state recreational facility: Provided. That the 61 62 boundary, as herein described, shall be plainly marked 63 within ninety days of the effective date of this act; and

64 (h) The secretary of the department of commerce, 65 labor and environmental resources shall be primarily 66 responsible for the execution and administration of the 67 provisions herein as an integral part of the parks and 68 recreation program of the state and shall organize and 69 staff the department for the orderly, efficient and 70 economical accomplishment of these ends.

CHAPTER 104

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4176-By Delegates Schoonover and Tribett)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-three, article two, chapter twenty of the code West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing the compensation paid to county officials and agents for the issuance of hunting, trapping and fishing licenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Ch. 104] HUNTING AND FISHING

That section thirty-three, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-33. Authority of director to designate agents to issue licenses; bonds; fees.

1 The director may appoint, in addition to the clerk of 2 the county commission, agents to issue licenses under 3 the provisions of this article to serve the convenience of 4 the public. Each person, so appointed, shall, before 5 issuing any license, file with the director a bond payable 6 to the state of West Virginia, in the amount to be fixed 7 by the director at not less than one thousand dollars. 8 conditioned upon the faithful performance of his or her 9 obligation to issue licenses only in conformity with the provisions of this article and to account for all license 10 fees received by him or her. The form of the bond shall 11 12 be prescribed by the attorney general. No person, other 13 than those designated as issuing agents by the director, shall sell licenses or buy the same for the purposes of 14 15 resale.

16 After the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, except when a license is purchased 17 from a state official, every person making application 18 for a license shall pay, in addition to the license fee 19 20 prescribed therefor in the later sections of this article, 21 an additional fee of seventy-five cents to any county 22 official issuing the license and all fees collected by county officials shall be paid by them into the general 23 fund of the county treasury or, in the case of an agent 24 issuing the license, an additional fee of one dollar as 2526 compensation: Provided. That only one fee of seventy-27 five cents or one dollar shall be collected by county 28 officials or authorized agents, respectively, for issuing two or more licenses at the same time for use by the 29 same person or for issuing combination resident 30 statewide hunting, trapping and fishing Class AB 31 32 licenses.

CHAPTER 105

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4097-By Delegate Love)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section forty-b, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to Class A-1 small arms hunting licenses; allowing nonresident Class A-1 licenses; providing for a lifetime Class A-1 hunting license; requiring a fee for the issuance of a lifetime Class A-1 hunting license; and permitting clerks of county commissions to issue Class A-1 licenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-b, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-40b. Class A-1 small arms hunting license.

1 Notwithstanding the provisions of section two, article 2 seven, chapter sixty-one of this code, a Class A-1 license 3 shall be a small arms hunting license. If a person is 4 otherwise qualified, a Class A-1 license may be issued 5 by the division, pursuant to rules and regulations 6 promulgated by the director, which regulations shall 7 include provisions for the establishment of a voluntary 8 program available to citizens of the state pertaining to 9 safety and proficiency in the use of a revolver or pistol, to a person twenty-one years of age or older who holds 10 a valid resident or nonresident hunting license, or to a 11 12 person who is a resident and sixty-five years of age or 13 older, but a Class A-1 license shall never be issued to 14 a person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor in any way associated with the use of firearms or danger-15 16 ous weapons or who has been convicted of any felony.

A Class A-1 license shall entitle the licensee to hunt,
as otherwise permitted by the provisions of this chapter,
but only during small game and big game seasons as

20established annually by the director, with either a 21 revolver or pistol which has a barrel at least four inches 22 in length, A Class A-1 license shall entitle the licensee 23 to carry or have in his possession one, and only one. 24 revolver or pistol when going to and from his home or 25residence and a place of hunting and while hunting in 26 the place: Provided. That such Class A-1 license shall not 27 be valid unless the licensee have in his possession a valid 28 resident or nonresident hunting license or to a person 29 who is a resident and sixty-five years of age or older: 30 Provided, however, That at all times, when not actually 31 hunting, the revolver or pistol shall be unloaded.

While hunting, the licensee shall carry the revolver or pistol outside of his person in an unconcealed and easily visible place. At all other times the revolver or pistol shall be cased or dismantled in a way to cause it not to operate. When being transported in a vehicle it shall be kept in a locked compartment of the vehicle which shall not be accessible from the inside of such vehicle.

The fee shall be five dollars for a Class A-1 license. All such fees collected shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the law-enforcement division of the division of natural resources. Such fees shall be paid out of the state treasury on order of the director and used solely for law-enforcement purposes.

For a fee of seventy-five dollars, a lifetime Class A-45 1 license may be issued to anyone otherwise qualified 46 and holding a valid Class A or Class AB license issued 47 for a lifetime or to a person who is a resident and sixty-48 five years of age or older. All fees collected for the 49 issuance of a lifetime Class A-1 license shall be deposited 50 in the state treasury and credited to the law-enforce-51 52 ment division of the division of natural resources. The fees collected shall be paid out of the state treasury on 53 order of the director and used solely for law-enforce-54 ment purposes: Provided, That upon conviction of a 55 misdemeanor in any way associated with the use of 56 firearms or dangerous weapons or conviction of any 57 felony, a lifetime Class A-1 licensee shall immediately 58 surrender said license to the division of natural 59 60 resources.

CHAPTER 106

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4354-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Love)

[Passed February 27, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section forty-six-j, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to Class V resident and Class VV nonresident muzzleloading deer hunting licenses; limitations removed; and specifying the bore diameter of thirty-eight onehundredths inch as the minimum legal bore diameter permitted.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-six-j, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-46j. Class V resident and Class VV nonresident muzzle-loading deer hunting licenses.

1 There shall be a special season of at least three days each year for the taking of deer with muzzle-loading 2 firearms, either rifles or pistols, to be set at such time 3 and to be of such duration as determined by the 4 5 commission. For a minimum of two days during this 6 season, deer of either sex may be taken with muzzle-7 loading firearms in all counties open for the taking of antlerless deer as provided in section forty-six-b of this 8 article. Antlered deer only may be taken in all other 9 counties open for the taking of deer with firearms. 10

11 Only single shot muzzle-loading firearms with iron 12 sights having a bore diameter of no less than thirty-13 eight one-hundredths inch are legal firearms for the 14 taking of deer during the special season provided herein.

15 The special season provided herein shall be concurrent16 with all other seasons designated for the taking of game.

17 Any person wishing to hunt for and kill deer during

18 the special muzzle-loading season must possess a valid 19 Class V or Class VV license, except that this require-20 ment does not apply to a resident of West Virginia who 21 is not required to obtain a license or permit to hunt as 22 provided in this chapter. A Class V license shall be a 23 resident muzzle-loading deer hunting license. A Class 24 VV license shall be a nonresident muzzle-loading deer 25 hunting license. The licenses shall be issued in a form 26 prescribed by the director, are in addition to a Class A. Class AB or Class E license and are valid only when 27 accompanied thereby. The fee for the Class V license 28 29 shall be five dollars. The fee for the Class VV license 30 shall be ten dollars.

CHAPTER 107

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4151—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five-c, article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to establishing the amount and type of insurance coverage for obstetric treatment of medicaid patients; including provisions for primary insurance coverage for specified medical practitioners; excess insurance coverage for specified medical practitioners; and authorizing the board of risk and insurance management, with approval of the insurance commissioner, to promulgate rules and regulations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five-c, article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows: ARTICLE 12. STATE INSURANCE.

§29-12-5c. Insurance for damages allegedly resulting from obstetric treatment of medicaid patients.

1 (a) In accordance with the provisions of this article,

2 the state board of risk and insurance management shall 3 provide professional malpractice insurance for all medical practitioners who provide obstetric treatment to 4 patients which is reimbursed or reimbursable by state 5 medicaid funds: Provided, That such medical practi-6 7 tioner has, prior to the alleged negligent act or acts, become a participant in the primary professional 8 malpractice insurance program. 9

Said primary insurance shall cover any claim, 10 demand, action, suit or judgment by reason of alleged 11 negligence in the course of providing such obstetric 12 treatment which results in injury. Such primary 13 insurance coverage shall be in an amount to be deter-14 mined by the state board of risk and insurance manage-15 ment, but in no event less than one million dollars for 16 17 each occurrence.

18 Such primary insurance coverage shall be mandatory 19 for medical practitioners covered for obstetric treatment 20 by the board of risk and insurance management. Such 21 primary coverage shall be optional for any other 22 medical practitioner who treats medicaid obstetric 23 patients.

The board of risk and insurance management shall establish the criteria for the program for the approval of the insurance commissioner on or before the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

28 The insurance coverage specified in this subsection shall not apply to any hospital which is the site of the 29 obstetric treatment or to any employee of said hospital, 30 except that a medical practitioner providing the 31 obstetric treatment who is also an employee of the 32 hospital which is the site of the treatment shall be 33 included in the insurance coverage required by this 34 35 section.

36 (b) In accordance with the provisions of this article,
37 the state board of risk and insurance management shall
38 provide optional excess professional malpractice insu-

39 rance for all medical practitioners who provide obstetric 40 treatment to patients which is reimbursed or reimbur-41 sable by state medicaid funds: *Provided*, That such 42 medical practitioner has, prior to the alleged negligent 43 act or acts, become a participant in the excess insurance 44 program. Such excess insurance coverage shall, in no 45 event, exceed three million dollars.

46 For the purposes of this subsection, excess insurance 47 shall be defined as coverage over and above any other 48 primary or collectible malpractice liability coverage. In 49 no event shall this coverage be primary. Each insured 50 must carry primary insurance of at least one million 51 dollars. Such liability excess malpractice coverage shall 52 be in an amount to be determined by the state board 53of risk and insurance management, but in no event less 54 than one million dollars for each occurrence.

The board of risk and insurance management shall establish the criteria for an optional program of excess professional malpractice insurance for the approval of the insurance commissioner on or before the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

60 (c) For the purpose of this section, the definition of 61 medical practitioner shall be limited to physicians, 62 obstetric/gynecological nurse practitioners, certified 63 nurse midwives, nurse anesthetists, and physicians 64 assistants.

65 (d) Any premiums assessed and collected under the 66 provisions of this section, or rules and regulations 67 promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this section, 68 shall be placed in a separate insurance pool known as 69 the obstetrical/gynecological liability pool. Said pool is 70 to be administered and maintained by the board of risk 71 and insurance management.

72 (e) The board of risk and insurance management, 73 with approval of the insurance commissioner, shall have 74 the authority to make needful rules and regulations for 75 the administration of this section, as provided in the 76 State Administrative Procedures Act in chapter twenty-77 nine-a of this code: *Provided*, That the board of risk and 78 insurance management, with approval of the insurance

- 79 commissioner, shall have the authority to promulgate
- 80 rules and regulations regarding the discontinuance of 81 the program if participation in the program is insuffi-
- 81 the program is participation in the program is inst
- 82 cient to make said program economically feasible.

CHAPTER 108

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4493-By Delegates Susman and Ashley, By Request)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections five-b and seventeen, relating to insurance licensing fees and taxation; capital and surplus requirements; and taxation of insurers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections five-b and seventeen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES AND TAXATION OF INSURERS.

§33-3-5b. Capital and surplus requirements. §33-3-17. Minimum tax payable.

§33-3-5b. Capital and surplus requirements.

No insurer shall hereafter be licensed to transact the 1 2 business of insurance in the state of West Virginia unless it has fully paid in capital stock, if a stock 3 4 insurer, or surplus, if a mutual insurer, of at least one 5 million dollars. In addition, each such insurer shall have 6 and maintain additional surplus funds of at least one million dollars: Provided, That insurers duly licensed to 7 8 transact insurance in West Virginia prior to the effective date of this section whose capital and surplus 9 requirements are increased by virtue of this section 10 shall have until the first day of January, one thousand 11 nine hundred ninety-three, to meet such increased 12 13 requirements.

§33-3-17. Minimum tax payable.

1 The minimum amount of tax payable by any insurer 2 licensed in the state of West Virginia when considering 3 the aggregate payments due from all of the taxes 4 imposed by this article shall be two hundred dollars 5 (\$200.00) for any calendar year. This minimum tax shall 6 be payable annually on or before the first day of March 7 and shall be calculated on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Except as otherwise provided in this 8 section, all provisions of this article relating to the levy. 9 10 imposition and collection of the regular premium tax shall be applicable to the levy, imposition and collection 11 of this minimum tax. All moneys received by the 12 commissioner from this minimum tax shall be paid into 13 14 the state treasury for the benefit of the state fund.

CHAPTER 109 (Com. Sub. for H. B. 4130—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Ashcraft)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirteen, article three, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend article twelve of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, all relating to establishing a continuing education program for agents; suspension for failure to meet requirements; and giving the insurance commissioner certain responsibilities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article three, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that article twelve of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES AND TAXATION OF INSURERS.

§33-3-13. Fees and charges.

1 (a) Except where it is otherwise specially provided,

2 the commissioner shall demand and receive the follow-3 ing fees from all insurers: For annual fee for each license, two hundred dollars; for receiving and filing 4 5 annual reports, one hundred dollars; for valuation of 6 policies of life insurers organized under the laws of this 7 state, one and one-half cents for each one thousand dollars of insurance; for valuation of policies of life 8 9 insurers organized under the laws of any other state 10 licensed to transact insurance in this state the rate for each one thousand dollars of insurance valued as is 11 12 imposed by the other state upon any similar insurer 13 organized under the laws of this state licensed to transact insurance in the other state: for filing certified 14 copy of articles of incorporation, fifty dollars; for filing 15 16 copy of its charter, fifty dollars; for filing statements preliminary to admission, one hundred dollars; for filing 17 any additional paper required by law or furnishing 18 copies thereof, one dollar; for every certificate of 19 20 valuation, copy of report or certificate of condition of 21 company to be filed in any other state, fifteen dollars; for each licensed agent, twenty-five dollars. The 22 commissioner may by regulation set reasonable charges 23 for printed forms for the annual statements required by 24 law. He may sell at cost publications purchased by, or 25 26 printed on behalf of the commissioner.

27 (b) Such fees and charges collected by the commis-28 sioner under the provisions of this section or elsewhere 29 in this chapter and designated for use by the commissioner for the operation of the department of insurance 30 or for the purposes of this section, shall be paid into a 31 special revenue account, hereby created in the state 32 33 treasury, to be expended and used by the commissioner, upon his requisition and after appropriation by the 34 Legislature, for the operation of the department of 35 insurance. Notwithstanding any provisions in this code 36 to the contrary, the commissioner may expend, in 37 accordance with the provisions of section two-a, article 38 twelve of this chapter, from the special revenue account 39 established pursuant to this section, amounts necessary 40 to establish and maintain a system of continuing 41 education for agents as provided in section two-a, article 42 43 twelve of this chapter.

ARTICLE 12. AGENTS, BROKERS, SOLICITORS AND EXCESS LINE.

§33-12-2a. Duty to receive continuing education; educational requirements; compliance; penalties.

1 The purpose of this provision is to provide continuing 2 education under guidelines set up under the insurance 3 commissioner's office effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, with the guidelines 4 5 to be set up under the board of insurance agent 6 education. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an $\mathbf{7}$ individual from receiving commissions which have been 8 vested and earned while that individual maintained an approved insurance agent's license. 9

(a) This section applies to persons licensed to engagein the sale of the following types of insurance:

(1) Life insurance, annuity contracts, variable annuitycontracts and variable life insurance;

14 (2) Sickness, accident and health insurance;

15 (3) All lines of property and casualty insurance; and

16 (4) All other lines of insurance for which an exami-17 nation is required for licensing.

18 (b) This section does not apply to:

(1) Persons holding resident licenses for any kind or
kinds of insurance offered in connection with loans or
other credit transactions or insurance for which an
examination is not required by the commissioner, nor
does it apply to any such limited or restricted license
as the commissioner may exempt;

(2) Individuals selling credit life or credit accidentand health insurance.

(c) (1) The board of insurance agent education as established by section two of this article shall develop a program of continuing insurance education and submit the proposal for the approval of the commissioner on or before the thirty-first day of December of each year. No program shall be approved by the commissioner that includes a requirement that any agent complete more than thirty hours of continuinginsurance education biennially.

36 (2) The commissioner and the board, under standards 37 established by the board, may approve any course or 38 program of instruction developed or sponsored by an 39 authorized insurer, accredited college or university, 40 agents' association, insurance trade association or independent program of instruction that presents the 41 criteria and the number of hours that the board and 42 43 commissioner determine appropriate for the purpose of 44 this section.

(d) Persons licensed to sell insurance and who are not
otherwise exempt shall satisfactorily complete the
courses or programs of instruction as the commissioner
may prescribe.

49 (e) Every person, subject to the continuing education 50 requirements shall furnish, at intervals and on forms as 51 may be prescribed by the commissioner, written certification listing the courses, programs or seminars 52 of instruction successfully completed by the person. The 53 certification shall be executed by, or on behalf of, the 54 organization sponsoring the courses, programs or 55 56 seminars of instruction.

57 (f) Any person, failing to meet the requirements 58 mandated in this section, and who has not been granted 59 an extension of time, with respect to such requirements. 60 or who has submitted to the commissioner a false or fraudulent certificate of compliance shall, after a 61 hearing thereon, which hearing may be waived by the 62 person, be subjected to suspension of all licenses issued 63 for any kind or kinds of insurance. No further license 64 65 may be issued to the person for any kind or kinds of insurance until he or she has demonstrated to the 66 satisfaction of the commissioner that he or she has 67 complied with all of the requirements mandated by this 68 69 section and all other applicable laws or rules.

(g) Hearings for the violation of any provision of this
section, and the administrative procedure prior to,
during and following these hearings shall be conducted

Ch. 110]

INSURANCE

in accordance with the provisions of article two of thischapter.

(h) The commissioner is authorized to hire personnel
and make reasonable expenditures as deemed necessary
for purposes of establishing and maintaining a system
of continuing education for insurers.



CHAPTER 110

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4195—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five, seven, eight, ten, fourteen, eighteen, nineteen-a, twenty-one, twenty-nine and thirty-six, article ten, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article ten by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections thirty-seven, thirtyeight and thirty-nine: to amend and reenact section two. article twenty-two: section two, article twenty-three: section four, article twenty-four; section six, article thirty-one: and section three, article thirty-two, all of chapter thirty-three: to further amend said article twenty-four by adding thereto twenty-nine new sections, designated sections fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirtyone, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one and forty-two: to amend article twenty-five of said chapter thirty-three by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen; to amend article twenty-five-a of said chapter thirty-three by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty; and to further amend chapter thirty-three by adding thereto two new articles, designated articles thirty-four and thirty-five, all relating to insurance; rehabilitation and

liquidation; definitions; jurisdiction; venue; appeal of delinguency proceedings: exclusive remedy: commencement of delinquency proceedings; injunction or other orders; grounds for rehabilitation of domestic insurers; grounds for conserving assets of foreign and alien insurer: order of rehabilitation: conduct of delinquency proceedings against domestic or alien insurers; proof of claims; priority of distribution; uniform insurers liquidation act: allowance of certain claims: creating preference among creditors: disbursement of assets: distribution of assets: unclaimed and withheld funds: immunity in receivership proceedings; representation of the special deputy supervisor; farmers' mutual fire insurance companies, applicability of other provisions: fraternal benefit societies, applicability of other provisions; hospital service corporations; medical service corporations: dental service corporations; exemptions; applicability of insurance laws; definitions; jurisdiction; venue and appeal of delinquency proceedings; exclusive remedy; commencement of delinquency proceedings; ex parte orders; injunctions and other orders: grounds for rehabilitation of a corporation; grounds for liquidation: grounds for administrative supervision: order of rehabilitation: order of liquidation; conduct of deliquency proceedings against a corporation: claims of nonresidents against a corporation; proof of claims; priority of certain claims; order of distribution; attachment; garnishment; execution; deposit of moneys collected; exemption of commissioner from fees; borrowing on pledge of assets; date rights fixed on liquidation; voidable transfers; priority of claims for compensation: offsets; allowance of claims; time within which claims to be filed; assessment; creating preference among creditors; disbursement of assets: distribution of assets; unclaimed and withheld funds; immunity in receivership proceedings; health care corporations, administrative supervision; health maintenance organization act, administrative supervision; captive insurance, corporate organization; risk retention act. charter and license requirements for domestic groups; administrative supervision; definitions; applicability; notice to comply with written require-

ments of commissioner; noncompliance; administrative supervision; confidentiality of certain proceedings and records; prohibited acts during period of supervision; administrative election of proceedings; rules; meetings between the commissioner and the special deputy supervisor; special deputy supervisor appointed; expenses; immunity; severability; criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment; definitions; duty to notify; and penalty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four, five, seven, eight, ten, fourteen, eighteen, nineteen-a, twenty-one, twenty-nine and thirty-six, article ten, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article ten be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections thirty-seven, thirty-eight and thirty-nine; that section two, article twenty-two; section two. article twenty-three: section four, article twenty-four; section six, article thirty-one; and section three, article thirty-two, all of chapter thirty-three be amended and reenacted; that article twenty-four be further amended by adding thereto twenty-nine new sections, designated sections fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twentyeight, twenty-nine, thirty. thirty-one. thirty-two, thirty-three. thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one and forty-two; that article twentyfive of said chapter thirty-three be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen; that article twentyfive-a of said chapter thirty-three be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty; and that said chapter thirty-three be further amended by adding thereto two new articles, designated articles thirty-four and thirtyfive, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

Article

- 10. Rehabilitation and Liquidation.
- 22. Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Companies.
- 23. Fraternal Benefit Societies.

- 24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations, Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Corporations.
- 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.
- 31. Captive Insurance.
- 32. Risk Retention Act.
- 34. Administrative Supervision.
- 35. Criminal Sanctions for Failure to Report Impairment.

ARTICLE 10. REHABILITATION AND LIQUIDATION.

- §33-10-1. Definitions.
- §33-10-2. Jurisdiction, venue and appeal of delinquency proceedings; exclusive remedy.
- §33-10-3. Commencement of delinquency proceedings.
- §33-10-4. Injunctions or other orders.
- §33-10-5. Grounds for rehabilitation of domestic insurers.
- §33-10-7. Grounds for conserving assets of foreign insurers.
- §33-10-8. Grounds for conserving assets of alien insurers.
- §33-10-10. Order of rehabilitation.
- §33-10-14. Conduct of delinquency proceedings against domestic or alien insurers.
- §33-10-18. Proof of claims.
- §33-10-19a. Priority of distribution.
- §33-10-21. Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act.
- §33-10-29. Allowance of certain claims.
- §33-10-36. Creating preference among creditors; disbursement of assets.
- §33-10-37. Distribution of assets.
- \$33-10-38. Unclaimed and withheld funds.
- §33-10-39. Immunity in receivership proceedings and representation of the special deputy supervisor.

§33-10-1. Definitions.

1 For the purpose of this article the following defini-2 tions shall apply:

3 (a) "Impairment" or "insolvency" means when the capital of a stock insurer, or the surplus of a mutual or 4 5 reciprocal insurer shall not at least equal all liabilities and required reserves together with its total issued and 6 outstanding capital stock if a stock insurer, or the 7 minimum surplus if a mutual or reciprocal insurer, 8 required by this chapter to be maintained for the kind 9 or kinds of insurance it is then licensed to transact. 10

(b) "Insurer" means any person, firm, corporation,
association or aggregation of persons doing an insurance
business and which is or has been subject to the
insurance supervisory authority of, or to liquidation,

rehabilitation, reorganization or conservation by the
commissioner or the equivalent insurance supervisory
official of another state.

(c) "Delinquency proceeding" means any proceeding
commenced against an insurer pursuant to this article
for the purpose of liquidating, rehabilitating, reorganizing or conserving such insurer.

(d) "State" means any state, district or territory of theUnited States.

(e) "Foreign country" means any other jurisdiction notin any state.

26 (f) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an insurer is incorporated or organized, or in the case of 27 an alien insurer as defined in section eight, article one 28 29 of this chapter, the state in which such insurer, having 30 become authorized to do business in such state, has at 31 the commencement of delinquency proceedings, the largest amount of its assets held in trust and assets held 32 on deposit for the benefit of its policyholders or 33 policyholders and creditors in the United States or its 34 state of entry. 35

36 (g) "Ancillary state" means any state other than a 37 domiciliary state.

(h) "Reciprocal state" means any state other than this
state in which in substance and effect the provisions of
the Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act, as defined in
section twenty-one of this article, are in force, including
the provisions requiring that the insurance commissioner or equivalent insurance supervisory official be the
receiver of a delinquent insurer.

(i) "General assets" means all property, real, personal 45 or otherwise, not specifically mortgaged, pledged, 46 deposited or otherwise encumbered for the security or 47 benefit of specified persons or a limited class or classes 48 of persons, and as to such specifically encumbered 49 property the term includes all such property or its 50 proceeds in excess of the amount necessary to discharge 51 the sum or sums secured thereby. Assets held in trust 52 and assets held on deposit for the security or benefit of 53

all policyholders or all policyholders and creditors inmore than a single state shall be deemed general assets.

56 (j) "Preferred claim" means any claim with respect to 57 which the terms of this article accord priority of 58 payments from the general assets of the insurer.

(k) "Special deposit claim" means any claim secured
by a deposit made pursuant to statute for the security
or benefit of a limited class or classes of persons, but
not including any general assets.

63 (1) "Secured claim" means any claim secured by mortgage, trust deed, pledge, deposit as security, 64 escrow, or otherwise, but not including special deposit 65 claim or claims against general assets. The term also 66 includes claims which more than four months prior to 67 the commencement of delinquency proceedings in the 68 state of the insurer's domicile have become liens upon 69 specific assets by reason of judicial process. 70

71 (m) "Receiver" means receiver, liquidator, rehabilita-72 tor, or conservator as the context may require.

73 (n) "Guaranty association" means the West Virginia 74 Insurance Guaranty Association created by article 75 twenty-six of this chapter, the West Virginia Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act created by 76 article twenty-six-a of this chapter, and any other 77 78 similar entity now or hereafter created by the Legisla-79 ture of this state for the payment of claims of insolvent 80 insurers.

81 (o) "Foreign guaranty association" means any similar
82 entities now in existence in or hereafter created by the
83 Legislature of any other state.

§33-10-2. Jurisdiction, venue and appeal of delinquency proceedings; exclusive remedy.

1 (a) The circuit courts of this state or the judges thereof 2 in vacation are vested with exclusive original jurisdic-3 tion of delinquency proceedings under this article, and 4 are authorized to make all necessary and proper orders 5 to carry out the purposes of this article.

6 (b) The venue of delinquency proceedings against a 7 domestic insurer shall be in the circuit court of the

8 county of the insurer's principal place of business. The
9 venue of such proceedings against foreign insurers, alien
10 insurers or domestic insurers in which their principal
11 place of business is outside of the State of West Virginia
12 shall be in the circuit court of Kanawha county.

13 (c) With the exception of administrative supervision pursuant to article thirty-four of this chapter, delin-14 15 quency proceedings pursuant to this article shall 16 constitute the sole and exclusive method of liquidating. rehabilitating, reorganizing or conserving an insurer, 17 and no court shall entertain a petition for the commence-18 19 ment of such proceedings unless the same has been filed 20 in the name of the state on the relation of the insurance 21 commissioner.

(d) An appeal shall lie to the supreme court of appeals
from an order granting or refusing rehabilitation,
liquidation, or conservation, and from every other order
in delinquency proceedings having the character of a
final order as to the particular portion of the proceedings embraced therein.

(e) At any time after an order is made under section 28 ten or eleven of this article, the commissioner may 29 remove the principal office of the insurer proceeded 30 against to Kanawha County. In the event of such 31 removal, the court wherein the proceeding was origi-32 nally commenced shall, upon the application of the 33 commissioner, direct its clerk to transmit all the 34 pleadings, motions and other papers filed therein with 35 such clerk to the clerk of the circuit court of Kanawha 36 County. The proceeding shall thereafter be subject to the 37 jurisdiction of the Kanawha County circuit court and 38 conducted in the same manner as though it had been 39 40 commenced in the Kanawha County circuit court.

§33-10-3. Commencement of delinquency proceedings.

1 (a) The commissioner may file in the appropriate 2 circuit court of this state, as provided in section two of 3 this article, a petition alleging, with respect to a 4 domestic insurer:

5 (1) That there exists any grounds that would justify

a court order for a delinquency proceeding against an
insurer under this act;

8 (2) That the interests of policyholders, creditors or the9 public will be endangered by delay; and

10 (3) The contents of an order deemed necessary by the11 commissioner.

12 (b) Upon a filing under subsection (a), the court may 13 issue forthwith, ex parte and without a hearing, the 14 requested order which shall direct the commissioner to 15 take possession and control of all or a part of the 16 property, books, accounts, documents, and other records 17 of an insurer, and of the premises occupied by it for transaction of its business: and until further order of the 18 19 court enjoin the insurer and its officers, managers, 20 agents, and employees from disposition of its property 21 and from the transaction of its business except with the 22 written consent of the commissioner.

23 (c) The court shall specify in the order what its 24 duration shall be, which shall be such time as the court 25 deems necessary for the commissioner to ascertain the 26 condition of the insurer. On motion of either party or 27 on its own motion, the court may from time to time hold 28 such hearings as it deems desirable after such notice as 29 it deems appropriate, and may extend, shorten, or 30 modify the terms of the seizure order. The court shall 31 vacate the seizure order if the commissioner fails to 32 commence a delinquency proceeding under this article 33 after having had a reasonable opportunity to do so. An 34 order of the court pursuant to a formal proceeding under this article shall ipso facto vacate the seizure 35 36 order.

37 (d) Entry of a seizure order under this section shall
38 not constitute an anticipatory breach of any contract of
39 the insurer.

40 (e) An insurer subject to an ex parte order under this
41 section may petition the court at any time after the
42 issuance of such order for a hearing and review of the
43 order. The court shall hold such hearing and review not
44 more than fifteen days after the request. Subject to the

45 approval of the court, a hearing under this subsection
46 may be held privately in chambers if the insurer
47 proceeded against so requests.

(f) If, at any time after the issuance of such an order, it appears to the court that any person whose interest is or will be substantially affected by the order did not appear at the hearing and has not been served, the court may order that notice be given. An order that notice be given shall not stay the effect of any order previously issued by the court.

§33-10-4. Injunctions or other orders.

1 (a) Upon application by the commissioner for an order 2 under this article:

(1) The court may without notice issue an injunction
restraining the insurer, its officers, directors, stockholders, members, subscribers, agents and all other
persons from the transaction of its business or the waste
or disposition of its property until the further order of
the court.

9 (2) The court may at any time during a proceeding 10 under this article issue such other injunctions or orders as may be deemed necessary to prevent interference 11 with the commissioner or the proceeding, or waste of the 12 13 assets of the insurer, or the commencement or prosecution of any actions, or the obtaining of preferences, 14 15 judgments, attachments or other liens, or the making of any levy against the insurer or against its assets or any 16 17 part thereof.

18 (3) The court may order any managing general agent or attorney in fact to release to the commissioner any 19 books, records, accounts, documents or other writings 20 relating to the business of such person: Provided. That 21 any of the same or the property of such an agent or 22 23 attorney shall be returned when no longer necessary to the commissioner or at any time the court after notice 24 25 and hearing shall so direct.

(b) Any person having possession of and refusing to
deliver any of the books, records, or assets of an insurer
against whom a seizure order has been issued by the

commissioner, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and
punishable by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars
or imprisoned not more than one year, or both such fine
and imprisonment.

(c) Whenever the commissioner makes any seizure as
provided in section three, it shall be the duty of the
sheriff of any county of this state, and of the police
department of any municipality therein, to furnish the
commissioner, upon demand, with such deputies,
patrolmen or officers as may be necessary to assist the
commissioner in making and enforcing any such seizure.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no
bond shall be required of the commissioner as a
prerequisite for the issuance of any injunction or
restraining order pursuant to this section.

§33-10-5. Grounds for rehabilitation of domestic insurers.

1 The commissioner may apply to the court for an order 2 appointing him as receiver of and directing him to 3 rehabilitate a domestic insurer or the United States 4 branch of an alien insurer having trusteed assets in this 5 state, upon one or more of the following grounds. That 6 the insurer:

7 (a) Is impaired or insolvent.

8 (b) Has refused to submit to reasonable examination 9 by the commissioner, its property, books, records, 10 accounts or affairs or those of any subsidiary or related 11 company within the control of the insurer, or those of 12 any person having executive authority in the insurer as 13 far as they pertain to the insurer.

(c) Has failed to comply with an order of the commis-sioner to make good an impairment of capital or surplusor both.

17 (d) Has transferred or attempted to transfer substan-18 tially its entire property or business, or has entered into 19 any transaction the effect of which is to merge substan-20 tially its entire property or business in that of any other 21 insurer or other legal entity without having first 22 obtained the written approval of the commissioner.

(e) Has willfully violated its charter, articles of
incorporation, its bylaws, any law of this state or any
valid order of the commissioner.

26 (f) Has an officer, director, or manager who has 27 refused to be examined under oath concerning its 28 affairs, for which purpose the commissioner is hereby 29 authorized to conduct and to enforce by all appropriate 30 and available means any such examination under oath 31 in any other state or territory of the United States. in 32 which any such officer, director, or manager may then presently be, to the full extent permitted by the laws of 33 34 such other state or territory, this special authorization 35 considered.

36 (g) Has been the subject of an application for the 37 appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian, or 38 sequestrator of the insurer or its property otherwise 39 than pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, but only 40 if such appointment has been made or is imminent and 41 its effect is or would be to oust the courts of this state 42 of jurisdiction hereunder.

43 (h) Has consented to such an order through a majority44 of its directors, stockholders, members or subscribers.

(i) Has failed to pay a final judgment rendered against
it in this state upon any insurance contract issued or
assumed by it, within thirty days after the judgment
became final or within thirty days after the time for
taking an appeal has expired or within thirty days after
dismissal of an appeal before final determination,
whichever date is the later.

§33-10-7. Grounds for conserving assets of foreign insurers.

1 The commissioner may apply to the court for an order 2 appointing him as receiver or ancillary receiver, and 3 directing him to conserve the assets within this state, of 4 a foreign insurer upon any of the following grounds:

5 (a) Upon any of the grounds specified in sections five 6 or six of this article, or

7 (b) Upon the ground that its property has been

8 sequestrated in its domiciliary state or in any other9 state.

§33-10-8. Grounds for conserving assets of alien insurers.

1 The commissioner may apply to the court for an order 2 appointing him as receiver or ancillary receiver, and 3 directing him to conserve the assets within this state, of 4 any alien insurer upon any of the following grounds:

5 (a) Upon any of the grounds specified in sections five 6 or six of this article,

7 (b) Upon the ground that the insurer has failed to
8 comply, within the time designated by the commis9 sioner, with an order made by him to make good an
10 impairment of its trusteed funds, or

(c) Upon the ground that the property of the insurer
has been sequestrated in a country other than the
United States.

§33-10-10. Order of rehabilitation.

(a) An order to rehabilitate a domestic insurer or the 1 2 United States branch of an alien insurer having trusteed assets in this state shall direct the commissioner 3 4 forthwith to take possession of the property of the insurer and to conduct the business thereof, and to take 5 such steps toward removal of the causes and conditions 6 7 which have made rehabilitation necessary as the court 8 may direct.

9 (b) If at any time the commissioner deems that further
10 efforts to rehabilitate the insurer would be useless, he
11 may apply to the court for an order of liquidation.

12 (c) The commissioner, or any interested person upon 13 due notice to the commissioner, at any time may apply 14 to the court for an order terminating the rehabilitation 15 proceedings and permitting the insurer to resume possession of its property and the conduct of its business. 16 17 but no such order shall be granted except when, after 18 a full hearing, the court has determined that the purposes of the proceeding have been fully accomp-19 20 lished.

Ch. 110]

§33-10-14. Conduct of delinquency proceedings against domestic or alien insurers.

1 (a) Whenever under this article a receiver is to be 2 appointed in delinquency proceedings for a domestic or 3 alien insurer, the court shall appoint the insurance 4 commissioner as such receiver. The court shall order the 5 commissioner forthwith to take possession of the assets 6 of the insurer and to administer the same under the 7 orders of the court.

8 (b) As domiciliary receiver, the commissioner shall be 9 vested by operation of law with the title to all the property, contracts, and rights of action and all of the 10 books and records of the insurer, wherever located, as 11 12 of the date of entry of the order directing him to 13 rehabilitate or liquidate a domestic insurer or to 14 liquidate the United States branch of an alien insurer 15 domiciled in this state and he shall have the right to 16 recover the same and reduce the same to possession; 17 except that ancillary receivers in reciprocal states shall 18 have, as to assets located in their respective states, the rights and powers which are herein prescribed for 19 ancillary receivers appointed in this state as to assets 20 21 located in this state.

22 (c) The recording of a certified copy of the order 23 directing possession to be taken in the office of the clerk 24 of the county commission of the county where the 25proceedings are pending and in the office of the clerk 26 of the county commission of any county wherein the 27 insurer has property or other assets, recorded in the same manner as deeds to real property are recorded, 28 29 shall impart the same notice as would be imparted by 30 a deed, bill of sale, or other evidence of title duly 31 recorded or filed.

(d) The commissioner as domiciliary receiver shall be
responsible for the proper administration of all assets
coming into his possession or control. The court may at
any time require a bond from him or his deputies if
deemed desirable for the protection of such assets. The
cost of such shall be paid out of the assets of the insurer
as a cost of administration.

(e) Upon taking possession of the assets of an insurer,
the domiciliary receiver shall, subject to the direction of
the court, immediately proceed to conduct the business
of the insurer or to take such steps as are authorized
by this article for the purpose of rehabilitating,
liquidating, or conserving the affairs or assets of the
insurer.

46 (f) In connection with delinquency proceedings, the 47 commissioner may appoint one or more special deputy 48 commissioners of insurance to act for him and may employ such counsel, clerks, and assistants as he deems 49 50 necessary. The compensation of the special deputies, counsel, clerks, or assistants and all expenses of taking 51 52 possession of the insurer and of conducting the proceedings shall be fixed by the receiver, subject to the 53 54 approval of the court, and shall be paid out of the funds or assets of the insurer. In the event the property of such 55 person does not contain cash or liquid assets sufficient 56 57 to defrav the cost of the service required to be performed under the terms of this article, the commissioner 58 may pay the cost of such services out of the commission-59 er's "Operating-Additional Fees" account. Any amount 60 so paid shall be deemed expenses of administration and 61 shall be repaid to said fund out of the first available 62 63 moneys in the estate. Within the limits of duties imposed upon them, special deputies shall possess all the powers 64 65 given to and, in the exercise of those powers, shall be 66 subject to all of the duties imposed upon the receiver 67 with respect to such proceedings.

§33-10-18. Proof of claims.

(a) All claims against an insurer against which 1 2 delinquency proceedings have begun shall set forth in 3 reasonable detail the amount of the claim, or the basis upon which such amount can be ascertained, the facts 4 upon which the claim is based, and the priorities 5 6 asserted, if any. All such claims shall be verified by the 7 affidavit of the claimant, or someone authorized to act on his behalf and having knowledge of the facts, and 8 shall be supported by such documents as may be 9 material thereto. 10

(b) All claims filed in this state shall be filed with the
receiver, whether domiciliary or ancillary, in this state,
on or before the last date for filing as specified in this
article.

15(c) When a claim is denied in whole or in part by the 16 liquidator, written notice of the determination shall be 17 given to the claimant or his attorney by first class mail 18 at the address shown in the proof of claim. Within sixty 19 days from the mailing of the notice, the claimant may 20 file his objections with the liquidator. If no such filing is made, the claimant may not further object to the 21 22 determination.

23 (d) Whenever objections are filed with the liquidator 24 and the liquidator does not alter his denial of the claim 25as a result of the objections, the liquidator shall ask the 26 court for a hearing as soon as practicable and give notice 27 of the hearing by first class mail to the claimant or his 28 attorney and to any other persons directly affected, not 29 less than ten nor more than thirty days before the date 30 of the hearing. The matter may be heard by the court 31or by a court-appointed referee who shall submit 32 findings of fact along with his recommendation. Upon receipt of such report, the court shall fix a time for 33 hearing the claim and shall direct that the claimant or 34 the receiver, as the court shall specify, shall give such 35 36 notice as the court shall determine to such persons as 37 shall appear to the court to be interested therein. All 38 such notices shall specify the time and place of the hearing and shall concisely state the amount and nature 39 of the claim, the priorities asserted, if any, and the 40 recommendation of the receiver with reference thereto. 41

42 (e) At the hearing, all persons interested shall be
43 entitled to appear and the court shall enter an order
44 allowing, allowing in part, or disallowing the claim. Any
45 such order shall be deemed to be an appealable order.

§33-10-19a. Priority of distribution.

1 The priority of distribution of claims from the 2 insurer's estate shall be in accordance with the order in 3 which each class of claims is herein set forth. Every 4 claim in each class shall be paid in full or adequate

5 funds retained for such payment before the members of 6 the next class receive any payment. No subclasses shall 7 be established within any class. No claim by a share-8 holder, policyholder or other creditor shall be permitted 9 to circumvent the priority classes through the use of 10 equitable remedies. The order of distribution shall be: 11 (a) Class I. The costs and expenses of administration. 12 including, but not limited to, the following: 13 (1) The actual and necessary costs of preserving or 14 recovering the assets of the insurer: (2) Compensation for all services rendered in the 15 16 liquidation; 17 (3) Any necessary filing fees; 18 (4) The fees and mileage payable to witnesses: 19 (5) Reasonable attorney's fees; and 20 (6) All expenses incurred by the department of insurance arising out of the enforcement of chapter 21 22 thirty-three and its regulations. 23 (b) Class II. Debts due to employees for compensation 24 under the provisions of section twenty-seven of this 25 article. 26 (c) Class III. All claims for refund of unearned 27 premiums under nonassessable policies and all claims of 28 policyholders including such claims of the federal or any 29 state or local government for losses incurred and third 30 party claims of an insolvent insurer and all reasonable 31 claims of the West Virginia insurance guaranty associ-32 ations and associations or entities performing a similar function in other states. 33 34 (d) Class IV. Claims of general creditors including 35 claims of ceding and assuming companies in their 36 capacity as such. (e) Class V. Claims of the federal or any state or local

(e) Class V. Claims of the federal or any state or local
government. Claims, including those of any governmental body for a penalty or forfeiture, shall be allowed in
this class only to the extent of the pecuniary loss
sustained from the act, transaction or proceeding out of

42 which the penalty or forfeiture arose, with reasonable

- 43 and actual costs occasioned thereby. The remainder of
- such claims shall be postponed to the class of claimsunder subdivision (h) of this section.
- 46 (f) Class VI. Claims filed late or any other claims other 47 than claims under subdivisions (g) and (h) of this section.
- (g) Class VII. Surplus or contribution notes, or similar
 obligations and premium refunds on assessable policies.
 Payments to members of domestic mutual insurance
- 51 companies shall be limited in accordance with law.
- 52 (h) Class VIII. The claims of shareholders or other 53 owners.

§33-10-21. Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act.

1 (a) Paragraphs (b) to (m), inclusive, of section one of 2 this article, together with sections four, and fourteen to 3 twenty, inclusive, of this article constitute and may be 4 referred to as the Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act.

5 (b) The Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act shall be so 6 interpreted and construed as to effectuate its general 7 purpose to make uniform the law of those states that 8 enact it. To the extent that its provisions when appli-9 cable conflict with other provisions of this article the 10 provisions of such act shall control.

§33-10-29. Allowance of certain claims.

- (a) No contingent claim shall share in a distribution
 of the assets of an insurer which has been adjudicated
 to be insolvent by an order made pursuant to this article,
 except that such claim shall be considered, if properly
 presented, and may be allowed to share where:
- 6 (1) It does not prejudice the orderly administration of 7 the liquidation, or
- 8 (2) There is a surplus and the liquidation is thereafter9 conducted upon the basis that such insurer is solvent.
- 10 (b) Where an insurer has been so adjudicated to be 11 insolvent any person who has a cause of action against 12 an insured of such insurer under a liability insurance 13 policy issued by such insurer shall have the right to file

a claim in the liquidation proceeding, regardless of the
fact that such claim may be contingent, and such claim
may be allowed:

(1) If it may be reasonably inferred from the proof
presented upon such claim that such person would be
able to obtain a judgment upon such cause of action
against such insured, and

(2) If such person shall furnish suitable proof, unless
the court for good cause shown shall otherwise direct,
that no further valid claim against such insurer arising
out of his cause of action other than those already
presented can be made, and

(3) If the total liability of such insurer to all claimants
arising out of the same act of its insured shall be no
greater than its maximum liability would be were it not
in liquidation.

30 (c) No judgment against such an insured taken after 31 the date of entry of the liquidation order shall be 32 considered in the liquidation proceedings as evidence of 33 liability, or of the amount of damages, and no judgment 34 against an insured taken by default or by collusion prior 35 to the entry of the liquidation order shall be considered 36 as conclusive evidence in the liquidation proceedings, 37 either of the liability of such insured to such person upon 38 such cause of action or of the amount of damages to 39 which such person is therein entitled.

40 A claim by a third party founded upon an insurance 41 policy may be allowed without requiring such claim to 42 be reduced to judgment, provided it can be reasonably 43 inferred from the proof presented that the claimant 44 would be able to obtain a judgment upon his cause of 45 action against the insured and that such judgment 46 would represent a liability of the insurer in liquidation 47 under the policy of insurance upon which such claim is 48 founded.

(d) No claim of any secured claimant shall be allowed
at a sum greater than the difference between the value
of the claim without security and the value of the
security itself as of the date of the entry of the order

of liquidation or such other date set by the court for determining rights and liabilities as provided in section twenty-five of this article unless the claimant shall surrender his security to the commissioner, in which event the claim shall be allowed in the full amount for which it is valued.

59 (e) Whenever a creditor, whose claim against an insurer is secured, in whole or in part, by the under-60 taking of another person, fails to prove and file that 61 claim, the other person may do so in the creditor's name. 62 and shall be subrogated to the rights of the creditor, 63 whether the claim has been filed by the creditor or by 64 the other person in the creditor's name, to the extent 65 that he discharges the undertaking. In the absence of 66 an agreement with the creditor to the contrary, the 67 other person shall not be entitled to any distribution. 68 69 however, until the amount paid to the creditor on the 70 undertaking plus the distributions paid on the claim from the insurer's estate to the creditor equals the 71amount of the entire claim of the creditor. Any excess 72received by the creditor shall be held by him in trust 73 for such other person. The term "other person", as used 74 75 in this section, is not intended to apply to a guaranty 76 association or foreign guaranty association.

(f) Unless such claim is filed in the manner and within 77 the time provided in section eighteen, it shall not be 78 entitled to filing or allowance, and no action may be 79 maintained thereon. In the liquidation, pursuant to the 80 provisions of this article, of any domestic insurer which 81 has issued policies insuring the lives of persons, the 82 commissioner shall, within thirty days after the last day 83 set for the filing of claims, make a list of the persons 84 who have not filed proofs of claim with him and to 85 whom, according to the books of said insurer, there are 86 amounts owing under such policies, and he shall set 87 opposite the name of each such person the amount so 88 owing to such person. Each person whose name shall 89 appear upon said list shall be deemed to have duly filed, 90 prior to the last day set for the filing of claims, a claim 91 for the amount set opposite his name on said list. 92

93 (g) Claims founded upon unliquidated or undeter-

94 mined demands must be filed within the time limit provided in this article for the filing of claims, but 95 96 claims founded upon such demands shall not share in any distribution to creditors of a person proceeded 97 against under section nineteen-a, until such claims have 98 been definitely determined, proved and allowed. 99 100 Thereafter, such claims shall share ratably with other 101 claims of the same class in all subsequent distributions.

102 An unliquidated or undetermined claim or demand 103 within the meaning of this article shall be deemed to be 104 any such claim or demand upon which a right of action 105 has accrued at the date of the order of liquidation and 106 upon which the liability has not been determined or the 107 amount thereof liquidated.

(h) The commissioner may require, as a condition of
payment of the final liquidation dividend to a lender, or
his assignee, who has filed a claim for an unearned
premium as an assignee of the insured for valuable
consideration:

113 That such assignee of the insured shall assign to the 114 liquidator all his right, title, and interest in any 115 unsatisfied debt of the insured to such assignee, 116 pertaining to policies of the insolvent insurer, remaining 117 unpaid after crediting the final liquidation dividend, if 118 the amount of such unsatisfied debt is less than one 119 hundred dollars and one cent.

120 That all of the documents giving rise to such debt be 121 delivered to him or her.

(i) The commissioner may determine whether or not
it will be feasible to attempt to collect any such assigned
debt. If he determines not to pursue collection of any
such debt, he shall file a declaration to that effect with
the liquidation court and be relieved of any further
responsibility in respect to such debt.

(j) As used in this section, "insured" means a natural
person who purchased insurance from the insolvent
insurer for personal, family, or household purposes.

§33-10-36. Creating preference among creditors; disbursement of assets.

1 (a) Within one hundred twenty days of a final

2 determination of insolvency of an insurance company by 3 the circuit court, the commissioner shall make applica-4 tion to the court for approval of a proposal to disburse 5 assets out of such company's marshaled assets, from 6 time to time as such assets become available, to the West 7 Virginia insurance guaranty association and any similar 8 organization performing a similar function in another state. The West Virginia insurance guaranty association 9 10 and any entity or person performing a similar function in other states shall hereinafter be referred to collec-11 12 tively as the associations. If the commissioner deter-13 mines that there are insufficient assets to disburse, the application required by this section shall be satisfied by 14 a filing by the commissioner stating the reasons for this 15 determination. 16

17 (b) Such proposal shall at least include provisions for:

(1) Reserving amounts for the payment of expenses of
administration and of claims falling within the priorities established in the Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act
but only with respect to such priorities higher than that
of the associations;

(2) Disbursement of the assets marshaled to date and
subsequent disbursement of assets as they become
available;

26 (3) Equitable allocation of disbursements to each of27 the associations entitled thereto;

(4) The securing by the commissioner from each of the 28 associations entitled to disbursements pursuant to this 29 section of an agreement to return to the commissioner 30 such assets, together with income earned on assets 31 previously disbursed, as may be required to pay claims 32 of secured creditors and claims falling within the 33 priorities established in section twenty-seven of this 34 article. No bond shall be required of any such associ-35 36 ation: and

(5) A full report to be made by the association to the
commissioner accounting for all assets so disbursed to
the association, all disbursements made therefrom, any

interest earned by the association on such assets and anyother matter as the court may direct.

42 (c) The commissioner's proposal shall provide for 43 disbursements to the associations in amounts estimated 44 at least equal to the claim payments made or to be made 45 thereby for which such associations could assert a claim against the commissioner, and shall further provide that 46 if the assets available for disbursement from time to 47 48 time do not equal or exceed the amount of such claim payments made or to be made by the association, then 49 50 disbursements shall be in the amount of available assets.

51 (d) Notice of such application shall be given to the 52 associations in and to the commissioners of insurance of 53 each of the states. Any such notice shall be deemed to 54 have been given when deposited in the United States 55 mail, first class postage prepaid, at least thirty days 56 prior to submission of such application to the court. 57 Action on the application may be taken by the court 58 provided the above required notice has been given and 59 provided that the commissioner's proposal complies with 60 subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (b) hereof.

§33-10-37. Distribution of assets.

1 Under the direction of court, the liquidator shall pay 2 distributions in a manner that will assure the proper 3 recognition of priorities and a reasonable balance 4 between the expeditious completion of the liquidation 5 and the protection of unliquidated and undetermined 6 claims, including third party claims. Distribution of 7 assets in kind may be made at valuations set by 8 agreement between the liquidator and the creditor and 9 approved by the court.

§33-10-38. Unclaimed and withheld funds.

All unclaimed funds subject to distribution remaining in the liquidator's hands when he is ready to apply to the court for discharge, including the amount distributable to any creditor, shareholder, member or other person who is unknown or cannot be found, shall be deposited with the state treasurer, and shall be paid without interest to the person entitled thereto or his

8 legal representative upon proof satisfactory to the state 9 treasurer of his right thereto. Any amount on deposit not 10 claimed within six years from the discharge of the 11 liquidator shall be deemed to have been abandoned and 12 shall be escheated to the state of West Virginia without 13 formal escheat proceedings and be deposited with the 14 general fund.

§33-10-39. Immunity in receivership proceedings and representation of the special deputy supervisor.

1 (a) No claim of any nature whatsoever that is directly 2 related to the receivership of an insurer shall arise 3 against, and no liability shall be imposed upon, the insurance commissioner, deputy commissioner, special 4 deputy supervisor, or any person or entity acting as a 5 6 receiver of an insurer, including surety, in rehabilita-7 tion, liquidation, or conservation as a result of a court 8 order issued on or after the effective date of this article 9 for any statement made or actions taken or not taken in the good faith exercise of their powers under law. 10 11 However, this immunity shall not extend to acts or omissions which are malicious or grossly negligent. This 12 13 qualified immunity extends to agents and employees of 14 the receiver.

(b) In any civil proceeding filed against a special
deputy supervisor appointed pursuant to this article, the
special deputy supervisor shall be entitled to be
represented by the attorney general.

ARTICLE 22. FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

§33-22-2. Applicability of other provisions.

Each company to the same extent such provisions are 1 2 applicable to domestic mutual insurers shall be governed by and be subject to the following articles of this 3 4 chapter: Article one (definitions), article two (insurance commissioner), article four (general provisions) except 5 that section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable 6 thereto, article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation) 7 except that under the provisions of section thirty-two of 8 said article ten no assessment shall be levied against any 9

10 former member of a farmers' mutual fire insurance 11 company who is no longer a member of the company at 12 the time the order to show cause was issued, article 13 eleven (unfair practices and frauds), article twelve (agents, brokers and solicitors) except that the agents' 14 15 license fee shall be five dollars, article twenty-six (West 16 Virginia Insurance Guaranty Association Act), article 17 thirty (mine subsidence insurance) except that under the provisions of section six, article thirty, a farmers' 18 19 mutual insurance company shall have the option of 20 offering mine subsidence coverage to all of its policy-21 holders but shall not be required to do so, article thirty-22 three (annual audited financial report), and article 23 thirty-four (administrative supervision), but only to the 24 extent these provisions are not inconsistent with the 25 provisions of this article.

ARTICLE 23. FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES.

§33-23-2. Applicability of other provisions.

1 Every fraternal benefit society shall be governed and 2 be subject, to the same extent as other insurers 3 transacting like kinds of insurance, to the following articles of this chapter: Article one (definitions), article 4 5 two (insurance commissioner), article four (general provisions), article six, section thirty (fee for form and 6 7 rate filing), article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation). 8 article eleven (unfair trade practices), article twelve 9 (agents, brokers, solicitors and excess lines), article thirteen (life insurance), article fifteen-a (long-term care 10 insurance), article thirty-three (annual audited financial 11 12 report) and article thirty-four (administrative supervi-13 sion).

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

- §33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of insurance laws.
- §33-24-14. Definitions.
- §33-24-15. Jurisdiction, venue and appeal of delinquency proceedings; exclusive remedy.
- §33-24-16. Commencement of delinquency proceedings.
- §33-24-17. Ex parte orders, injunctions and other orders.

Ch. 110]

INSURANCE

- §33-24-18. Grounds for rehabilitation of a corporation.
- §33-24-19. Grounds for liquidation.
- §33-24-20. Grounds for administrative supervision.
- §33-24-21. Order of rehabilitation.
- §33-24-22. Order of liquidation of corporation.
- §33-24-23. Conduct of delinquency proceedings against a corporation.
- §33-24-24. Claims of nonresidents against a corporation.
- §33-24-25. Proof of claims.
- §33-24-26. Priority of certain claims.
- §33-24-27. Order of distribution.
- §33-24-28. Attachment, garnishment or execution.
- §33-24-29. Deposit of moneys collected.
- §33-24-30. Exemption of commissioner from fees.
- §33-24-31. Borrowing on pledge of assets.
- §33-24-32. Date rights fixed on liquidation.
- §33-24-33. Voidable transfers.
- §33-24-34. Priority of claims for compensation.
- §33-24-35. Offsets.
- §33-24-36. Allowance of claims.
- §33-24-37. Time within which claims to be filed.
- §33-24-38. Assessment.
- §33-24-39. Creating preference among creditors; disbursement of assets.
- §33-24-40. Distribution of assets.
- \$33-24-41. Unclaimed and withheld funds.
- §33-24-42. Immunity in receivership proceedings.

*§33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of insurance laws.

Every such corporation is hereby declared to be a 1 2 scientific, nonprofit institution and as such exempt from 3 the payment of all property and other taxes. Every such 4 corporation, to the same extent such provisions are 5 applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of 6 insurance and not inconsistent with the provisions of this 7 article, shall be governed by and be subject to the provisions as hereinbelow indicated, of the following 8 9 articles of this chapter: Article two (insurance commissioner) except that under section nine of article two 10 11 examinations shall be conducted at least once every four 12 years, article four (general provisions) except that section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable 13 thereto, article six, section thirty-four (fee for form and 14 15 rate filing), article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation), article eleven (unfair practices and frauds), article 16

^{*}Clerk's Note: §33-24-4 was also amended by S. B. 481 (Chapter 117), which passed prior to this act.

17 twelve (agents, brokers and solicitors) except that the agent's license fee shall be five dollars, article fifteen-18 19 a (long-term care insurance), section three-a, article 20 sixteen (mental illness), section three-c, article sixteen (group accident and sickness insurance), section three-21 22 d, article sixteen (medicare supplement), section three-23 f, article sixteen (treatment of temporomandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder), article 24 25 twenty-eight (individual accident and sickness insurance minimum standards), article thirty-three (annual 26 27 audited financial report) and article thirty-four (admi-28 nistrative supervision); and no other provision of this chapter shall apply to such corporations unless specif-29 ically made applicable by the provisions of this article. 30 31 If, however, any such corporation shall be converted into 32 a corporation organized for a pecuniary profit, or if it 33 shall transact business without having obtained a license as required by section five of this article, it shall 34 thereupon forfeit its right to these exemptions. 35

§33-24-14. Definitions.

1 For the purpose of sections fourteen through forty-six 2 of this article:

3 (a) "Impairment" or "insolvency". A corporation shall
4 be deemed to be impaired and the corporation shall be
5 deemed to be insolvent, when such corporation shall not
6 be possessed of assets at least equal to all liabilities and
7 required reserves.

8 (b) "Corporation" shall be defined in section two of this9 article.

(c) "Delinquency proceeding" means any proceeding
commenced against a corporation pursuant to this
article for the purpose of liquidating, rehabilitating,
supervising, reorganizing or conserving such
corporation.

15 (d) "State" means any state, district or territory of the16 United States.

17 (e) "Foreign country" means any other jurisdiction not18 in any state.

19 (f) "Domiciliary state" means the state of West20 Virginia for any corporation.

(g) "Ancillary state" means any state other than WestVirginia.

(h) "Reciprocal state" means any state other than this
state in which in substance and effect the provisions of
the Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act, as defined in
section twenty-one of article ten of chapter thirty-three,
are in force, including the provisions requiring that the
insurance commissioner or equivalent insurance supervisory official be the receiver of a delinquent insurer.

30 (i) "General assets" means all property, real, personal or otherwise, not specifically mortgaged, pledged, 31 deposited or otherwise encumbered for the security or 32 benefit of specified persons or a limited class or classes 33 of persons, and as to such specifically encumbered 34 property the term includes all such property or its 35 36 proceeds in excess of the amount necessary to discharge 37 the sum or sums secured thereby. Assets held in trust and assets held on deposit for the security or benefit of 38 all policyholders or all policyholders and creditors in 39 40 more than a single state shall be deemed general assets.

(j) "Preferred claim" means any claim with respect to
which the terms of this article accord priority of
payments from the general assets of the insurer.

(k) "Special deposit claim" means any claim secured
by a deposit made pursuant to statute for the security
or benefit of a limited class or classes of persons, but
not including any general assets.

(1) "Secured claim" means any claim secured by 48 mortgage, trust, deed, pledge, deposit as security, 49 escrow, or otherwise, but not including special deposit 50claim or claims against general assets. The term also 5152includes claims which more than four months prior to the commencement of delinquency proceedings have 53 become liens upon specific assets by reason of judicial 54 55 process.

56 (m) "Receiver" means receiver, liquidator, rehabilita-57 tor, supervisor or conservator as the context may 58 require.

§33-24-15. Jurisdiction, venue and appeal of delinquency proceedings; exclusive remedy.

1 (a) The circuit courts of this state or the judges thereof 2 in vacation are vested with exclusive original jurisdic-3 tion of delinquency proceedings under this article, and 4 are authorized to make all necessary and proper orders 5 to carry out the purposes of this article.

6 (b) The venue of delinquency proceedings against a 7 corporation shall be in the circuit court of the county 8 of the corporation's principal place of business.

9 (c) Delinquency proceedings pursuant to this article 10 shall constitute the sole and exclusive method of 11 liquidating, rehabilitating, supervising, reorganizing or 12 conserving a corporation, and no court shall entertain 13 a petition for the commencement of such proceedings 14 unless the same has been filed in the name of the state 15 on the relation of the insurance commissioner.

(d) An appeal shall lie to the supreme court of appeals
from an order granting or refusing rehabilitation,
liquidation, supervision or conservation, and from every
other order in delinquency proceedings having the
character of a final order as to the particular portion
of the proceedings embraced therein.

22 (e) At any time after an order is made under section 23 sixteen or seventeen of this article the commissioner 24 may remove the principal office of the corporation 25 proceeded against to Kanawha County. In the event of 26 such removal, the court wherein the proceeding was 27 originally commenced shall, upon the application of the commissioner, direct its clerk to transmit all the 28 pleadings, motions and other papers filed therein with 29 such clerk to the clerk of the circuit court of Kanawha 30 County. The proceeding shall thereafter be subject to the 31 32 jurisdiction of the Kanawha County circuit court and conducted in the same manner as though it had been 33 34 commenced in the Kanawha County circuit court.

§33-24-16. Commencement of delinquency proceedings.

1 The insurance commissioner shall commence any such

2 proceeding by an application to the court for an order directing the corporation to show cause why the 3 commissioner should not have the relief praved for. On 4 5 the return of such order to show cause, and after a full hearing, the court, after consideration of the best 6 7 interest of the insurer, policyholders, members, sub-8 scribers, creditors and the public, shall either deny the application or, upon a finding that there exists any 9 ground set forth in this article for a delinquency 10 proceeding and a finding that the relief praved for by 11 12 the commissioner is necessary, grant the application, 13 together with such other relief as the nature of the case and the interest of policyholders, creditors, stockholders, 14 members, subscribers, or the public require. 15

§33-24-17. Ex parte orders, injunctions and other orders.

1 (a) The commissioner may file in the appropriate 2 circuit court of this state a petition for an ex parte order 3 alleging, with respect to a corporation:

4 (1) That there exists any ground that would justify an 5 application for a court order for a delinquency proceed-6 ing against a corporation under this article;

7 (2) That there exist sufficient exigent circumstances
8 for an order to be issued without prior notice to the
9 corporation and that the interests of policyholders,
10 creditors or the public will be significantly endangered
11 by delay or prior notice to the corporation; and

12 (3) The contents of a proposed order deemed necessary13 by the commissioner.

(b) Upon a filing under subsection (a), the court may 14 issue forthwith, ex parte and without a hearing, the 15 requested order, with such modifications as the court 16 may deem necessary and appropriate, which shall direct 17 the commissioner to take possession and control of all 18 or a part of the property, books, accounts, documents, 19 and other records of a corporation, and of the premises 20 occupied by it for transaction of its business, and until 21 further order of the court enjoin the corporation and its 22 officers, managers, agents and employees from disposi-23

tion of its property and from the transaction of its
business except with the written consent of the
commissioner.

27 (c) The court shall specify in the order what its duration shall be, which shall be such time as the court 28 29 deems necessary for the commissioner to ascertain the condition of the corporation. On motion of either party 30 31 or on its own motion, the court may from time to time 32 hold such hearings as it deems desirable after such 33 notice as it deems appropriate, and may extend, shorten. 34 or modify the terms of the order. The court shall vacate 35 the seizure order if the commissioner fails to commence 36 a delinquency proceeding under this article within a 37 reasonable time after entry of the ex parte order or the conclusion of any hearing held pursuant to subsection (e) 38 39 whichever is later. An order of the court pursuant to a 40 formal proceeding under this article shall ipso facto 41 vacate the order.

42 (d) Entry of an order under this section shall not 43 constitute an anticipatory breach of any contract of the 44 corporation.

45 (e) A corporation subject to an ex parte order under this section may petition the court at any time after the 46 issuance of such order for a hearing and review of the 47 order. The court shall hold such hearing and review not 48 more than fifteen days after the request. Subject to the 49 approval of the court, a hearing under this subsection 50 51 may be held privately in chambers if the corporation 52 proceeded against so requests.

(f) If, at any time after the issuance of such an order,
it appears to the court that any person whose interest
is or will be substantially affected by the order did not
appear at the hearing and has not been served, the court
may order that notice be given. An order that notice be
given shall not stay the effect of any order previously
issued by the court.

60 (g) Upon application by the commissioner for an order 61 under this article, or at any time thereafter:

62 (1) The court may without notice issue an injunction

restraining the corporation, its officers, directors,
members, subscribers, agents and all other persons from
the transaction of its business or the waste or disposition
of its property until the further order of the court.

67 (2) The court may at any time during a proceeding 68 under this article issue such other injunctions or orders as may be deemed necessary to prevent interference 69 70 with the commissioner or the proceeding, or waste of the assets of the corporation, or the commencement or 71 72 prosecution of any actions, or the obtaining of preferences. judgments. attachments or other liens, or the 73 making of any levy against the insurer or against its 74 75 assets or any part thereof.

76 (3) The court may order any managing general agent 77 or attorney in fact to release to the commissioner any books, records, accounts, documents or other writing 78 relating to the business of such person: Provided. That 79 80 any of the same or the property of such an agent or 81 attorney shall be returned when no longer necessary to 82 the commissioner or at any time the court after notice 83 and hearing shall so direct.

(h) Any person having possession of and refusing to
deliver any of the books, records, or assets of a
corporation against whom a seizure order has been
issued by the commissioner shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable by fine not exceeding one
thousand dollars or imprisonment not exceeding one
year, or both such fine and imprisonment.

(i) Whenever the commissioner makes any seizures as
provided in this article, it shall, on the demand of the
commissioner, be the duty of the sheriff of any county
of this state, and of the police department of any
municipality therein, to furnish him with such deputies,
patrolmen or officers as may be necessary to assist the
commissioner in making and enforcing any such seizure.

(j) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no
bond shall be required of the commissioner as a
prerequisite for the issuance of any injunction or
restraining order pursuant to this section.

§33-24-18. Grounds for rehabilitation of a corporation.

1 The commissioner may apply to the court for an order 2 appointing him as receiver of and directing him to 3 rehabilitate a corporation upon one or more of the 4 following grounds. That the corporation:

5 (a) Is impaired or insolvent.

6 (b) Has refused to submit to reasonable examination 7 by the commissioner its property, books, records, 8 accounts or affairs or those of any subsidiary or related 9 company within the control of the insurer, or those of 10 any person having executive authority in the corporation 11 as far as they pertain to the corporation.

12 (c) Has failed to comply with an order of the commis-13 sioner to make good an impairment of surplus.

(d) Has transferred or attempted to transfer substantially its entire property or business, or has entered into
any transaction the effect of which is to merge substantially its entire property or business in that of any other
corporation or other legal entity without having first
obtained the written approval of the commissioner.

20 (e) Has willfully violated its charter, articles of
21 incorporation, its bylaws, or any law of this state or any
22 valid order of the commissioner.

23(f) Has an officer, director, or manager who has 24 refused to be examined under oath concerning its affairs, for which purpose the commissioner is hereby 25 26 authorized to conduct and to enforce by all appropriate and available means any such examination under oath 27 in any other state or territory of the United States, in 28 29 which any such officer, director, or manager may then 30 presently be, to the full extent permitted by the laws of 31 such other state or territory, this special authorization 32 considered.

(g) Has been the subject of an application for the
appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian, or
sequestrator of the corporation or its property otherwise
than pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, but only
if such appointment has been made or is imminent and

856

Ch. 110]

INSURANCE

its effect is or would be to oust the courts of this stateof jurisdiction hereunder.

40 (h) Has consented to such an order through a majority41 of its directors, stockholders, members or subscribers.

(i) Has failed to pay a final judgment rendered against
it in this state upon any insurance contract issued or
assumed by it, within thirty days after the judgment
became final or within thirty days after the time for
taking an appeal has expired or within thirty days after
dismissal of an appeal before final determination,
whichever date is the later.

§33-24-19. Grounds for liquidation.

The commissioner may apply to the court for an order appointing him as a receiver (if his appointment as receiver shall not be then in effect) and directing him to liquidate the business of such corporation regardless of whether or not there has been a prior order directing him to rehabilitate such corporation, upon any of the grounds specified in this article, or if such corporation:

8 (a) Has ceased transacting business for a period of one9 year, or

10 (b) Is an insolvent corporation and has commenced 11 voluntary liquidation or dissolution, or attempts to 12 commence or prosecute any action or proceeding to 13 liquidate its business or affairs, or to dissolve its 14 corporate charter, or to procure the appointment of a 15 receiver, trustee, custodian, or sequestrator under any 16 law except this chapter.

§33-24-20. Grounds for administrative supervision.

(a) Whenever the commissioner has reasonable cause 1 to believe, and determines after a hearing held under 2 subsection (e) of this section, that any such corporation 3 has committed or engaged in, or is about to commit or 4 5 engage in, any act, practice, or transaction that would subject it to delinguency proceedings under this article, 6 he may make and serve upon such corporation and any 7 other persons involved, such orders as are reasonably 8 necessary to correct, eliminate or remedy such conduct, 9 10 condition or ground.

(b) If upon examination or at any other time the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe that such corporation is in such condition as to render the continuance of its business hazardous to the public or to holders of its policies or certificates of insurance, or if such corporation gives its consent, then the commissioner shall upon his determination:

18 (1) Notify such corporation of his determination; and

19 (2) Furnish to the insurer a written list of the
20 commissioner's requirements to abate his determination;
21 or

(3) File an application with the court for an order ofadministrative supervision pursuant to sections sixteenand seventeen of this article.

25(c) Upon the issuance of a court order of administrative supervision to the commissioner, the commissioner 26 may appoint a supervisor to supervise such corporation. 27 28 The order appointing a supervisor shall direct the 29 supervisor to enforce orders issued by the court including orders requiring that such corporation may 30 not do any of the following things during the period of 31 supervision, without the prior approval of the commis-32 33 sioner or his supervisor:

34 (1) Dispose of, convey or encumber any of its assets35 or its business in force;

- 36 (2) Withdraw from any of its bank accounts;
- 37 (3) Lend any of its funds;
- 38 (4) Invest any of its funds;
- 39 (5) Transfer any of its property;
- 40 (6) Incur any debt, obligation or liability;
- 41 (7) Merge or consolidate with any company;
- 42 (8) Enter into any new reinsurance contract or treaty;
- 43 (9) Approve new premiums or renew any policies;
- 44 (10) Terminate, surrender, forfeit, convert or lapse

any insurance policy, certificate or contract, except for
nonpayment of premiums due;

47 (11) Release, pay or refund premium deposits, accrued
48 cash or loan values, unearned premiums, or other
49 reserves on any insurance policy, certificate or contract;

- 50 (12) Make any material change in management; or
- (13) Increase salaries and benefits of officers or
 directors or the preferential payment of bonuses,
 dividends, or other payments deemed preferential.

54 (d) Any such corporation subject to an order under 55 this section shall comply with the lawful requirements of the commissioner and, if placed under supervision. 56 57 shall have sixty days from the date the supervision order 58 is served within which to comply with the requirements 59 of the commissioner. In the event of such corporation's failure to comply within such times, the commissioner 60 61 may institute proceedings under section sixteen of this 62 article to have a rehabilitator or liquidator appointed. 63 or extend the period of supervision.

64 (e) The notice of hearing under subsection (a) and any 65 order issued pursuant to such subsection shall be served 66 upon the insurer pursuant to the applicable rules of civil or administrative procedure. The notice of hearing shall 67 68 state the time and place of hearing, and the conduct, 69 condition or ground upon which the commissioner would base his order. Unless mutually agreed between the 70 commissioner and the insurer, the hearing shall occur 71 72 not less than ten days nor more than thirty days after 73 the notice is served and shall be either in Kanawha 74 County or in some other place convenient to the parties to be designated by the commissioner. The commissioner 75 shall hold all hearings under subsection (a) privately 76 77 unless the insurer requests a public hearing, in which case the hearing shall be public. Any order issued by 78 79 the commissioner under subsection (a) shall be subject to immediate review by the appropriate circuit court 80 upon application by the corporation or any party whose 81 82 interests are substantially affected thereby.

83 (f) If any person has violated any supervision order

4

issued under this section which as to him was then still
in effect, he shall be liable to pay a civil penalty imposed
by the circuit court not to exceed ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the provisions of this subsection shall not
apply to the commissioner, his employees or the
supervisor.

(g) The commissioner may, at any time, pursuant to
section sixteen or seventeen of this article, apply to the
court which issued the order of administrative supervision for such orders as may reasonably be necessary and
proper to enforce its orders of supervision, including,
but not limited to, restraining orders, preliminary
injunctions and permanent injunctions.

97 (h) In the event that any person, subject to the 98 provisions of this article, including officers, managers, directors, trustees, owners, employees or agents or any 99 100 person with authority over or in charge of the corpora-101 tion's affairs, shall knowingly violate any valid order of the commissioner issued under the provisions of this 102 section and, as a result of such violation, the net worth 103 104 of the corporation shall be reduced or the corporation 105 shall suffer loss it would not otherwise have suffered, 106 said person shall become personally liable to the 107 corporation for the amount of any such reduction or loss. 108 The commissioner or supervisor is authorized to bring 109 an action on behalf of the corporation in the circuit court to recover the amount of the reduction or loss together 110 111 with any costs.

§33-24-21. Order of rehabilitation.

1 (a) An order to rehabilitate a corporation shall direct 2 the commissioner forthwith to take possession of the 3 property of the corporation and to conduct the business 4 thereof, and to take such steps toward removal of the 5 causes and conditions which have made rehabilitation 6 necessary as the court may direct.

7 (b) If at any time the commissioner deems that further
8 efforts to rehabilitate the corporation would be useless,
9 he may apply to the court for an order of liquidation.

10 (c) The commissioner, or any interested person upon

11 due notice to the commissioner, at any time may apply 12 to the court for an order terminating the rehabilitation 13 proceedings and permitting the corporation to resume 14 possession of its property and the conduct of its business. 15 but no such order shall be granted except when, after a full hearing, the court has determined that the 16 17 purposes of the proceedings have been fully accom-18 plished.

§33-24-22. Order of liquidation of corporation.

1 (a) An order to liquidate the business of a corporation 2 shall direct the commissioner forthwith to take posses-3 sion of the property of the corporation, to liquidate its business, to deal with the corporation's property and 4 business in his own name as insurance commissioner or 5 in the name of the corporation, as the court may direct, 6 and to give notice to all creditors who may have claims 7 8 against the corporation to present such claims.

9 (b) The commissioner may apply for and secure an 10 order dissolving the corporate existence of a corporation 11 upon his application for an order of liquidation of such 12 corporation or at any time after such order has been 13 granted.

§33-24-23. Conduct of delinquency proceedings against a corporation.

1 (a) Whenever under this article a receiver is to be 2 appointed in delinquency proceedings for a corporation, 3 the court shall appoint the insurance commissioner as 4 such receiver. The court shall order the commissioner 5 forthwith to take possession of the assets of the corpo-6 ration and to administer the same under the orders of 7 the court.

8 (b) As domiciliary receiver, the commissioner shall be vested by operation of law with the title to all the 9 property, contracts, and rights of action and all of the 10 11 books and records of the corporation, wherever located, as of the date of entry of the order directing him to 12 rehabilitate or liquidate a corporation and he shall have 13 the right to recover the same and reduce the same to 14 possession: except ancillary receivers in reciprocal states 15

I

shall have, as to assets located in their respective states,
the rights and powers which are herein prescribed for
ancillary receivers appointed in this state as to assets
located in this state.

20 (c) The recording of a certified copy of the order 21 directing possession to be taken in the office of the clerk 22 of the county commission of the county where the 23 proceedings are pending and in the office of the clerk 24 of the county commission of any county wherein the 25corporation has property or other assets, recorded in the 26 same manner as deeds to real property are recorded, 27 shall impart the same notice as would be imparted by 28 a deed, bill of sale, or other evidence of title duly 29 recorded or filed.

(d) The commissioner as domiciliary receiver shall be
responsible for the proper administration of all assets
coming into his possession or control. The court may at
any time require a bond from him or his deputies if
deemed desirable for the protection of such assets. The
cost of such shall be paid out of the assets of the
corporation as a cost of administration.

(e) Upon taking possession of the assets of an insurer,
the domiciliary receiver shall, subject to the direction of
the court, immediately proceed to conduct the business
of the corporation or to take such steps as are authorized
by this article for the purpose of rehabilitating,
liquidating, supervising or conserving the affairs or
assets of the corporation.

44 (f) In connection with delinquency proceedings, the 45 commissioner may appoint one or more special deputy 46 commissioners of insurance to act for him and may 47 employ such counsel, clerks, and assistants as he deems 48 necessary. The compensation of the special deputies, 49 counsel, clerks, or assistants and all expenses of taking 50 possession of the corporation and of conducting the 51 proceedings shall be fixed by the receiver, subject to the 52 approval of the court, and shall be paid out of the funds 53 or assets of the corporation. In the event the property 54 of such person does not contain cash or liquid assets 55 sufficient to defrav the cost of the service required to

56 be performed under the terms of this article, the commissioner may pay the cost of such services out of 57 the commissioner's "Operating-Additional Fees" ac-58 count. Any amount so paid shall be deemed expenses of 59 administration and shall be repaid to said fund out of 60 the first available moneys in the estate. Within the 61 limits of duties imposed upon them, special deputies 62 shall possess all the powers given to and, in the exercise 63 of those powers, shall be subject to all of the duties 64 imposed upon the receiver with respect to such proceed-65 66 ings.

§33-24-24. Claims of nonresidents against a corporation.

1 (a) In a delinquency proceeding begun in this state 2 against a corporation, claimants residing in reciprocal 3 states may file claims either with the ancillary receiv-4 ers, if any, in their respective states, or with the 5 domiciliary receiver. All such claims must be filed on 6 or before the last date fixed for the filing of claims in 7 the domiciliary delinquency proceedings.

8 (b) Controverted claims belonging to claimants residing in reciprocal states may either be proved in this 9 state, or if ancillary proceedings have been commenced 10 in such reciprocal states, may be proved in those 11 proceedings. In the event a claimant elects to prove his 12 claim in ancillary proceeding, if notice of the claim and 13 opportunity to appear and be heard is afforded the 14 domiciliary receiver of this state as provided in section 15 seventeen, article ten of this chapter with respect to 16 ancillary proceedings in this state, the final allowance 17 of such claim by the courts in the ancillary state shall 18 be accepted in this state as conclusive as to its amount 19 and shall also be accepted as conclusive as to its priority, 20 if any, against special deposits or other security located 21 within the ancillary state. 22

§33-24-25. Proof of claims.

1 (a) All claims against a corporation against which 2 delinquency proceedings have begun shall set forth in 3 reasonable detail the amount of the claim, or the basis 4 upon which such amount can be ascertained, the facts 5 upon which the claim is based, and the priorities

asserted, if any. All such claims shall be verified by the
affidavit of the claimant, or someone authorized to act
on his behalf and having knowledge of the facts, and
shall be supported by such documents as may be
material thereto.

(b) All claims filed in this state shall be filed with the
receiver, whether domiciliary or ancillary, in this state,
on or before the last date for filing as specified in this
article.

15 (c) When a claim is denied in whole or in part by the liquidator, written notice of the determination shall be 16 17 given to the claimant or his attorney by first class mail 18 at the address shown in the proof of claim. Within sixty 19 days from the mailing of the notice, the claimant may 20 file his objections with the liquidator. If no such filing 21 is made, the claimant may not further object to the 22 determination.

23 (d) Whenever objections are filed with the liquidator 24 and the liquidator does not alter his denial of the claim 25as a result of the objections, the liquidator shall ask the 26 court for a hearing by first class mail to the claimant 27 or his attorney and to any other persons directly 28 affected, not less than ten nor more than thirty days 29 before the date of the hearing. The matter may be heard 30 by the court or by a court-appointed referee who shall 31 submit findings of fact along with his recommendation. 32Upon receipt of such report, the court shall fix a time 33 for hearing the claim and shall direct that the claimant 34 or the receiver, as the court shall specify, shall give such 35 notice as the court shall determine to such persons as 36 shall appear to the court to be interested therein. All 37 such notices shall specify the time and place of the 38 hearing and shall concisely state the amount and nature 39 of the claim, the priorities asserted, if any, and the recommendation of the receiver with reference thereto. 40

41 (e) At the hearing, all persons interested shall be
42 entitled to appear and the court shall enter an order
43 allowing, allowing in part, or disallowing the claim. Any
44 such order shall be deemed to be an appealable order.

§33-24-26. Priority of certain claims.

1 (a) In a delinquency proceeding against a corporation 2 domiciled in this state, claims owing to residents of 3 ancillary states shall be preferred claims if like claims 4 are preferred under the laws of this state. All such 5 claims owing to residents or nonresidents shall be given 6 equal priority of payment from general assets regard-1 less of where such assets are located.

8 (b) The owners of special deposit claims against a 9 corporation for which a receiver is appointed in this or 10 any other state shall be given priority against their 11 several special deposits in accordance with the provi-12 sions of the statutes governing the creation and main-13 tenance of such deposits. If there is a deficiency in any 14 such deposit so that the claims secured thereby are not 15 fully discharged therefrom, the claimants may share in 16 the general assets, but such sharing shall be deferred 17 until general creditors, and also claimants against other 18 special deposits who have received smaller percentages 19 from their respective special deposits, have been paid 20 percentages of their claims equal to the percentage paid 21 from the special deposit.

22 (c) The owner of a secured claim against a corporation 23 for which a receiver has been appointed in this or any 24 other state may surrender his security and file his claim 25as a general creditor, or the claim may be discharged 26 by resort to the security, in which case the deficiency, 27 if any, shall be treated as a claim against the general 28 assets of the corporation on the same basis as claims of 29 unsecured creditors. If the amount of the deficiency has 30 been adjudicated in ancillary proceedings as provided in 31 this article or if it has been adjudicated by a court of 32 competent jurisdiction in proceedings in which the 33 domiciliary receiver has had notice and opportunity to be heard, such amounts shall be conclusive; otherwise 34 the amount shall be determined in the delinquency 35 36 proceeding in the domiciliary state.

§33-24-27. Order of distribution.

1 The priority of distribution of claims from the 2 corporation estate shall be in accordance with the order

3 in which each class of claims is herein set forth. Every claim in each class shall be paid in full or adequate 4 5 funds retained for such payment before the members of 6 the next class receive any payment. No subclasses shall be established within any class. No claim by a policy-7 8 holder or other creditor shall be permitted to circumvent the priority classes through the use of equitable 9 10 remedies. The order of distribution shall be:

(a) Class I. The costs and expenses of administration,including, but not limited to, the following:

13 (1) The actual and necessary costs of preserving or14 recovering the assets of the corporation;

15 (2) Compensation for all services rendered in the16 liquidation;

17 (3) Any necessary filing fees;

18 (4) The fees and mileage payable to witnesses;

19 (5) Reasonable attorney's fees; and

20 (6) All expenses incurred by the division of insurance
21 arising out of the enforcement of chapter thirty-three
22 and its regulations.

(b) Class II. Debts due to employees for compensationunder the provision of section thirty-four of this article.

(c) Class III. All claims for refund of unearned
premiums under nonassessable policies and all claims of
policyholders including such claims of the federal or any
state or local government for losses incurred and third
party claims of an insolvent insurer.

30 (d) Class IV. Claims of general creditors including
31 claims of ceding and assuming companies in their
32 capacity as such.

(e) Class V. Claims of the federal or any state or local
government. Claims, including those of any governmental body for a penalty or forfeiture, shall be allowed in
this class only to the extent of the pecuniary loss
sustained from the act, transaction, or proceeding out of
which the penalty or forfeiture arose, with reasonable
and actual costs occasioned thereby. The remainder of

40 such claims shall be postponed to the class of claims41 under subdivision (h) of this section.

42 (f) Class VI. Claims filed late or any other claims other 43 than claims under subdivisions (g) and (h) of this section.

44 (g) Class VII. Surplus or contribution notes, or similar

45 obligations and premium refunds on assessable policies.

46 Payments to members of domestic mutual corporations

47 shall be limited in accordance with law.

§33-24-28. Attachment, garnishment or execution.

1 During the pendency of delinquency proceedings in 2 this or any reciprocal state, no action or proceeding in 3 the nature of an attachment, garnishment or execution 4 shall be commenced or maintained in the courts of this 5 state against a delinquent corporation or its assets. Any 6 lien obtained by any such action or proceeding within four months prior to the commencement of any such 7 8 delinquency proceeding or at any time thereafter shall 9 be void as against any rights arising in such delinquency 10 proceeding.

§33-24-29. Deposit of moneys collected.

The moneys collected by the commissioner in a 1 2 proceeding under this article shall be from time to time 3 deposited in one or more state or national banks, savings 4 banks, or trust companies, and in the case of the 5 insolvency or voluntary or involuntary liquidation of any 6 such depository which is an institution organized and supervised under the laws of this state, such deposits 7 shall be entitled to priority of payment on an equality 8 with any other priority given by the banking laws of this 9 state. The commissioner may in his discretion deposit 10 11 such moneys or any part thereof in a national bank or 12 trust company as a trust fund.

§33-24-30. Exemption of commissioner from fees.

1 The commissioner shall not be required to pay any fee 2 to any public officer in this state for filing, recording, 3 issuing a transcript or certificate or authenticating any 4 paper or instrument pertaining to the exercise by the 5 commissioner of any of the powers or duties conferred 6 upon him under this article, whether or not such paper

7 or instrument be executed by the commissioner or his 8 deputies, employees or attorneys of record and whether 9 or not it is connected with the commencement of any 10 action or proceeding by or against the commissioner, or 11 with the subsequent conduct of such action or proceed-12 ing.

§33-24-31. Borrowing on pledge of assets.

1 For the purpose of facilitating the rehabilitation, 2 liquidation, supervision, conservation or dissolution of a 3 corporation pursuant to this article, the commissioner may, subject to the approval of the court, borrow money 4 5 and execute, acknowledge and deliver notes or other 6 evidences of indebtedness therefor and secure the 7 repayment of the same by the mortgage, pledge, 8 assignment, transfer in trust, or hypothecation of any or 9 all of the property, whether real, personal or mixed, of such corporation, and the commissioner, subject to the 10 11 approval of the court, shall have power to take any and 12 all other action necessary and proper to consummate 13 any such loan and to provide for the repayment thereof. The commissioner shall be under no obligation person-14 15 ally or in his official capacity to repay any loan made 16 pursuant to this section.

§33-24-32. Date rights fixed on liquidation.

The rights and liabilities of the corporation and of its 1 2 creditors, policyholders, members, subscribers, and all 3 other persons interested in its estate shall, unless 4 otherwise directed by the court, be fixed as of the date 5 on which the order directing the liquidation of the 6 corporation is entered in the office of the clerk of the 7 court which made the order, subject to the provisions of this article with respect to the rights of claimants 8 9 holding contingent claims.

§33-24-33. Voidable transfers.

1 (a) Any transfer of, or lien upon, the property of a 2 corporation which is made or created within four 3 months prior to the granting of an order to show cause 4 under this article with the intent of giving to any 5 creditor or of enabling him to obtain a greater percen-

6 tage of his debt than any other creditor of the same class

- 7 and which is accepted by such creditor having reason-
- 8 able cause to believe that such preference will occur,9 shall be voidable.

10 (b) Every director, officer, employee, member, subscriber, and any other person acting on behalf of such 12 corporation who shall be concerned in any such act or 13 deed and every person receiving thereby any property 14 of such corporation or the benefit thereof shall be 15 personally liable therefor and shall be bound to account 16 to the insurance commissioner.

17 (c) The insurance commissioner as a receiver in any 18 proceeding under this article may avoid any transfer of 19 or lien upon the property of a corporation which any creditor, subscriber or member of such corporation 20 21 might have avoided and may recover the property so 22 transferred unless such person was a bona fide holder 23 for value prior to the date of the granting of an order to show cause under this article. Such property or its 24 25value may be recovered from anyone who has received 26 it except a bona fide holder for value as herein specified.

§33-24-34. Priority of claims for compensation.

(a) Compensation actually owing to employees other 1 2 than officers of an insurer, for services rendered within 3 three months prior to the commencement of a proceed-4 ing against the corporation under this article, but not 5 exceeding three hundred dollars for each such employee, 6 shall be paid prior to the payment of any other debt or claim, and in the discretion of the commissioner may be 7 8 paid as soon as practicable after the proceeding has been commenced: except that at all times the commissioner 9 shall reserve such funds as will in his opinion be 10 11 sufficient for the expenses of administration.

(b) Such priority shall be in lieu of any other similar
priority which may be authorized by law as to wages
or compensation of such employees.

§33-24-35. Offsets.

1 (a) In all cases of mutual debts or mutual credits 2 between the corporation and another person in connec-

tion with any action or proceeding under this article,
such credits and debts shall be set off and the balance
only shall be allowed or paid, except as provided in
subsection (b) below.

7 (b) No offset shall be allowed in favor of any such 8 person where (1) the obligation of the corporation to 9 such person would not at the date of the entry of any liquidation order or otherwise, as provided in section 10 11 thirty-two of this article, entitle him to share as a 12 claimant in the assets of the corporation, or (2) the 13 obligation of the corporation to such person was 14 purchased by or transferred to such person with a view 15 of its being used as an offset, or (3) the obligation of such 16 person is to pay any assessment levied against the 17 members of a mutual insurer.

§33-24-36. Allowance of claims.

(a) No contingent claim shall share in a distribution
 of the assets of a corporation which has been adjudicated
 to be insolvent by an order made pursuant to this article,
 except that such claim shall be considered, if properly
 presented, and may be allowed to share where:

6 (1) It does not prejudice the orderly administration of 7 the liquidation, or

8 (2) There is a surplus and the liquidation is thereafter
9 conducted upon the basis that such corporation is
10 solvent.

(b) Where a corporation has been so adjudicated to be insolvent any person who has a cause of action against a member of such corporation under a policy issued by such corporation shall have the right to file a claim in the liquidation proceeding, regardless of the fact that such claim may be contingent, and such claim may be allowed:

(1) If it may be reasonably inferred from the proof
presented upon such claim that such person would be
able to obtain a judgment upon such cause of action
against such member, and

22 (2) If such person shall furnish suitable proof, unless

the court for good cause shown shall otherwise direct,
that no further valid claim against such corporation
arising out of his cause of action other than those
already presented can be made, and

(3) If the total liability of such corporation to all
claimants arising on behalf of its member shall be no
greater than its maximum liability would be were it not
in liquidation.

31 (c) (1) No judgment against such a member taken 32 after the date of entry of the liquidation order shall be 33 considered in the liquidation proceedings as evidence of liability, or of the amount of damages, and no judgment 34 35 against a member taken by default or by collusion prior 36 to the entry of the liquidation order shall be considered 37 as conclusive evidence in the liquidation proceedings. 38 either of the liability of such member to such person 39 upon such cause of action or of the amount of damages 40 to which such person is therein entitled.

41 (2) A claim by a third party founded upon a policy may be allowed without requiring such claim to be 42 43 reduced to judgment, provided it can be reasonably inferred from the proof presented that the claimant 44 45 would be able to obtain a judgment upon his cause of action against the member and that such judgment 46 would represent a liability of the corporation in 47 liquidation under the policy upon which such claim is 48 49 founded.

50 (d) No claim of any secured claimant shall be allowed 51at a sum greater than the difference between the value 52 of the claim without security and the value of the 53 security itself as of the date of the entry of the order 54 of liquidation or such other date set by the court for 55 determining rights and liabilities as provided in section 56 thirty-two of this article unless the claimant shall surrender his security to the commissioner, in which 57 event the claim shall be allowed in the full amount for 58 59 which it is valued.

60 (e) Whenever a creditor whose claim against a 61 corporation is secured, in whole or in part, by the 62 undertaking of another person fails to prove and file

63 that claim, the other person may do so in the creditor's 64 name, and shall be subrogated to the rights of the 65 creditor, whether the claim has been filed by the 66 creditor or by the other person in the creditor's name. to the extent that he discharges the undertaking. In the 67 68 absence of an agreement with the creditor to the 69 contrary, the other person shall not be entitled to any 70 distribution, however, until the amount paid to the 71 creditor on the undertaking plus the distributions paid on the claim from the insurer's estate to the creditor 72 73 equals the amount of the entire claim of the creditor. 74 Any excess received by the creditor shall be held by him 75 in trust for such other person. The term "other person", 76 as used in this section, is not intended to apply to a 77 guaranty association or foreign guaranty association.

78 (f) Unless such claim is filed in the manner and within 79 the time provided in section twenty-five, it shall not be 80 entitled to filing or allowance, and no action may be 81 maintained thereon. In the liquidation, pursuant to the 82 provisions of this article, of any domestic corporation 83 which has issued policies insuring the lives of persons, 84 the commissioner shall, within thirty days after the last 85 day set for the filing of claims, make a list of the persons 86 who have not filed proofs of claim with him and to 87 whom, according to the books of said insurer, there are 88 amounts owing under such policies, and he shall set 89 opposite the name of each such person the amount so 90 owing to such person. Each person whose name shall 91 appear upon said list shall be deemed to have duly filed, 92 prior to the last day set for the filing of claims, a claim 93 for the amount set opposite his name on said list.

94 (g) (1) Claims founded upon unliquidated or undetermined demands must be filed within the time limit 95 96 provided in this article for the filing of claims, but 97 claims founded upon such demands shall not share in 98 any distribution to creditors of a person proceeded 99 against under section twenty-seven until such claims have been definitely determined, proved and allowed. 100 Thereafter, such claims shall share ratably with other 101 102 claims of the same class in all subsequent distributions.

103 (2) An unliquidated or undetermined claim or demand

within the meaning of this article shall be deemed to be
any such claim or demand upon which a right of action
has accrued at the date of the order of liquidation and
upon which the liability has not been determined or the
amount thereof liquidated.

(h) (1) The commissioner may require, as a condition
of payment of the final liquidation dividend to a lender,
or his assignee, who has filed a claim for an unearned
premium as an assignee of the member for valuable
consideration:

(A) That such assignee of the member shall assign to
the liquidator all his right, title, and interest in any
unsatisfied debt of the member to such assignee,
pertaining to policies of the insolvent corporation,
remaining unpaid after crediting the final liquidation
dividend, if the amount of such unsatisfied debt is less
than one hundred dollars and one cent.

121 (B) The delivery to him of all the documents giving 122 rise to such debt.

123 (2) The commissioner may determine whether or not 124 it will be feasible to attempt to collect any such assigned 125 debt. If he determines not to pursue collection of any 126 such debt, he shall file a declaration to that effect with 127 the liquidation court and be relieved of any further 128 responsibility in respect to such debt.

(3) As used in this subsection, "member" means a
natural person who purchased coverage from the
insolvent corporation for personal or family purposes.

§33-24-37. Time within which claims to be filed.

1 (a) If upon the granting of an order of liquidation 2 under this article or at any time thereafter during the liquidation proceeding, the corporation shall not be 3 clearly solvent, the court shall, after such notice and 4 hearing as it deems proper, make an order declaring the 5 corporation to be insolvent. Thereupon regardless of any 6 7 prior notice which may have been given to creditors, the commissioner shall notify all persons who may have 8 claims against such corporation and who have not filed 9 proper proofs thereof to present the same to him, at a 10

11 place specified in such notice, within four months from 12 the date of entry of such order, or if the commissioner 13 shall certify that it is necessary, within such longer time 14 as the court shall prescribe. The last day for filing of 15 proofs of claims shall be specified in the notice, and 16 notice shall be given in a manner to be determined by 17 the court.

(b) Proofs of claim may be filed subsequent to the date
specified, but no such claim shall share in the distribution of the assets until all allowed claims, proofs of
which have been filed before said date, have been paid
in full with interest.

§33-24-38. Assessment.

1 The provisions of sections thirty-one, thirty-two,

2 thirty-three, thirty-four and thirty-five, article ten of

3 this chapter shall apply to any corporation organized

4 under this article as a mutual corporation.

§33-24-39. Creating preference among creditors; disbursement of assets.

(a) Within one hundred twenty days of a final 1 2 determination of insolvency of a corporation by the 3 circuit court, the commissioner shall make application 4 to the court for approval of a proposal to disburse assets out of such company's marshaled assets. from time to 5 time as such assets become available. If the commis-6 7 sioner determines that there are insufficient assets to 8 disburse, the application required by this section shall be satisfied by a filing by the commissioner stating the 9 10 reasons for this determination.

11 (b) Such proposal shall at least include provisions for:

(1) Reserving amounts for the payment of expenses of
administration and of claims falling within the priorities established in this article but only with respect to
such priorities higher than that of the associations;

16 (2) Disbursement of the assets marshaled to date and 17 subsequent disbursement of assets as they become 18 available.

19 (c) Action on the application may be taken by the

- 20 court provided the above required notice has been given
- 21 and provided that the commissioner's proposal complies
- 22 with subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection (b) hereof.

§33-24-40. Distribution of assets.

Under the direction of the court, the liquidator shall 1 2 pay distributions in a manner that will assure the 3 proper recognition of priorities and a reasonable balance 4 between the expeditious completion of the liquidation 5 and the protection of unliquidated and undetermined 6 claims, including third party claims. Distribution of assets in kind may be made at valuations set by 7 8 agreement between the liquidator and the creditor and 9 approved by the court.

§33-24-41. Unclaimed and withheld funds.

1 All unclaimed funds subject to distribution remaining 2 in the liquidator's hands when he is ready to apply to the court for discharge, including the amount distrib-3 utable to any creditor, member or other person who is 4 unknown or cannot be found, shall be deposited with the 5 state treasurer, and shall be paid without interest to the 6 person entitled thereto or his legal representative upon 7 proof satisfactory to the state treasurer of his right 8 thereto. Any amount on deposit not claimed within six 9 years from the discharge of the liquidator shall be 10 deemed to have been abandoned and shall be escheated 11 to the state of West Virginia without formal escheat 12 proceedings and be deposited with the general fund. 13

§33-24-42. Immunity in receivership proceedings.

(a) No claim of any nature whatsoever that is directly 1 related to the receivership of a corporation shall rise 2 against, and no liability shall be imposed upon, the 3 insurance commissioner, special deputy commissioner, 4 or any person or entity acting as a receiver of a 5 corporation, including surety, in rehabilitation, liquida-6 tion, supervision or conservation as a result of a court 7 order issued on or after the first day of January, one 8 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, for any statement 9 made or actions taken or not taken in the good faith 10 exercise of their powers under law. However, this 11

12 immunity shall not extend to acts or omissions which are

- malicious or grossly negligent. This qualified immunityextends to agents and employees of the receiver.
- 15 (b) Representation of special deputy commissioners. In 16 any civil proceeding filed against a special deputy 17 commissioner appointed pursuant to this subtitle, the 18 special deputy commissioner shall be entitled to be 19 represented by the attorney general.

ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

§33-25-19. Administrative supervision.

- 1 Every health care corporation subject to the provi-
- 2 sions of this article is subject to the provisions of article
- 3 thirty-four of this chapter.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

§33-25A-30. Administrative supervision.

- 1 Every health maintenance organization subject to the
- 2 provisions of this article is subject to the provisions of 3 article thirty-four of this chapter.

ARTICLE 31. CAPTIVE INSURANCE.

§33-31-6. Corporate organization.

1 (a) A pure captive insurance company shall be 2 incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided 3 into shares and held by the stockholders.

4 (b) An association captive insurance company or an 5 industrial insured captive insurance company may be 6 incorporated:

7 (1) As a stock insurer with its capital divided into 8 shares and held by the stockholders; or

9 (2) As a mutual insurer without capital stock, the 10 governing body of which is elected by the member 11 organizations of its association.

12 (c) A captive insurance company shall have at least 13 one incorporator who shall be a resident of this state.

14 (d) Before the articles of association are transmitted15 to the secretary of state, the incorporators shall petition

the commissioner to issue a certificate setting forth his
finding that the establishment and maintenance of the
proposed corporation will promote the general good of
the state. In arriving at such finding the commissioner
shall consider:

(1) The character, reputation, financial standing and
 purpose of the incorporators;

(2) The character, reputation, financial responsibility,
insurance experience and business qualifications of the
officers and directors; and

26 (3) Such other aspects as the commissioner shall deem27 advisable.

(e) The articles of association, such certificate and the
organization fee shall be transmitted to the secretary of
state, who shall thereupon record both the articles of
incorporation and the certificate.

32 (f) The capital stock of a captive insurance company
33 incorporated as a stock insurer shall be issued at not less
34 than par value.

35 (g) At least one of the members of the board of
36 directors of a captive insurance company incorporated
37 in this state shall be a resident of this state.

38 (h) Captive insurance companies formed under the provisions of this chapter shall have the privileges and 39 be subject to the provisions of the general corporation 40 law as well as the applicable provisions contained in this 41 42 chapter. Captive insurance companies are subject to the 43 provisions of article thirty-three and article thirty-four 44 of this chapter. In the event of conflict between the 45 provisions of said general corporation law and the provisions of this chapter, the latter shall control. 46

ARTICLE 32. RISK RETENTION ACT.

§33-32-3. Charter and license requirements for domestic groups.

1 A risk retention group seeking to be chartered in this 2 state must be chartered and licensed as a liability

3 insurance company authorized by the insurance laws of

4 this state and, except as provided elsewhere in this 5 article, must comply with all of the laws, rules. 6 regulations and requirements applicable to such insur-7 ers chartered and licensed in this state and with section 8 four of this article to the extent such requirements are not a limitation on laws, rules, regulations or require-9 10 ments of this state. Risk retention groups are subject to 11 the provisions of article thirty-three and article thirty-12 four of this chapter. Before it may offer insurance in any 13 state, each risk retention group shall also submit for 14 approval to the insurance commissioner of this state a plan of operation or a feasibility study and revisions of 15 such plan or study if the group intends to offer any 16 additional lines of liability insurance. 17

ARTICLE 34. ADMINISTRATIVE SUPERVISION.

- §33-34-1. Definitions.
- §33-34-2. Applicability.
- §33-34-3. Notice to comply with written requirements of commissioner, noncompliance and administrative supervision.
- §33-34-4. Confidentiality of certain proceedings and records.
- §33-34-5. Prohibited acts during periods of supervision.
- §33-34-6. Administrative election of proceedings.
- \$33-34-7. Rules.
- §33-34-8. Meetings between the commissioner and the special deputy supervisor.
- §33-34-9. Special deputy supervisor appointed and expenses.
- §33-34-10. Immunity.

§33-34-11. Severability.

§33-34-1. Definitions.

1 For the purposes of this article the following defini-2 tions shall apply:

3 (a) "Insurer" means and includes every person
4 engaged as indemnitor, surety or contractor in the
5 business of entering into contracts of insurance or of
6 annuities as limited to:

7 Any insurer who is doing an insurer business, or has
8 transacted insurance in this state, and against whom
9 claims arising from that transaction may exist now or
10 in the future;

11 This shall include, but not be limited to, any domestic 12 insurer as defined in section six, article one of chapter

13 thirty-three and any foreign insurer as defined in section seven, article one of said chapter thirty-three 14 including any stock insurer, mutual insurer, reciprocal 15 16 insurer, farmers' mutual fire insurance company. 17 fraternal benefit society, hospital service corporation, medical service corporation, dental service corporation. 18 19 health service corporation, health care corporation. 20 health maintenance organization, captive insurance 21 company or risk retention group.

(b) "Exceeded its powers" means the followingconditions:

(1) The insurer has refused to permit examination of
its books, papers, accounts, records or affairs by the
commissioner, his deputy, employees, or duly commissioned examiners;

(2) A domestic insurer has unlawfully removed from
this state books, papers, accounts or records necessary
for an examination of the insurer;

(3) The insurer has failed to promptly comply with the
applicable financial reporting statutes or rules and
departmental requests relating thereto;

(4) The insurer has neglected or refused to observe an
order of the commissioner to make good, within the time
prescribed by law, any prohibited deficiency in its
capital, capital stock or surplus;

(5) The insurer is continuing to transact business or
write insurance after its license has been revoked or
suspended by the commissioner;

(6) The insurer, by contract or otherwise, has unlawfully or has in violation of an order of the commissioner
or has without first having obtained written approval of
the commissioner if approval is required by law;

(A) Totally reinsured its entire outstanding business;or

47 (B) Merged or consolidated substantially its entire48 property or business with another insurer.

49 (7) The insurer engaged in any transaction in which

L

50 it is not authorized to engage under the laws of this 51 state; or

52 (8) The insurer refused to comply with a lawful order 53 of the commissioner.

54 (c) "Consent" means agreement to administrative 55 supervision by the insurer.

§33-34-2. Applicability.

1 The provisions of this article shall only apply to:

2 (a) All domestic insurers; and

3 (b) Any other insurer doing business in this state
4 whose state of domicile has asked the commissioner to
5 apply the provisions of this article as regards such
6 insurer.

§33-34-3. Notice to comply with written requirements of commissioner, noncompliance and administrative supervision.

1 (a) An insurer may be subject to administrative 2 supervision by the commissioner if upon examination or 3 at any other time it appears in the commissioner's 4 discretion that:

5 (1) The insurer's condition renders the continuance of 6 its business hazardous to the public or to its insureds;

7 (2) The insurer has or appears to have exceeded its
8 powers granted under its certificate of authority and
9 applicable law;

10 (3) The insurer has failed to comply with the appli-11 cable provisions of the insurance code;

12 (4) The business of the insurer is being conducted13 fraudulently; or

14 (5) The insurer gives its consent.

(b) If the commissioner determines that the conditionsset forth in subsection (a) of this section exist, thecommissioner shall:

18 (1) Notify the insurer of his determination;

880

19 (2) Furnish to the insurer a written list of his20 requirements to abate his determination; and

(3) Notify the insurer that it is under the supervision
of the commissioner and that the commissioner is
applying and effectuating the provisions of the article.
Such action by the commissioner shall be subject to
review pursuant to applicable state administrative
procedures under article two of this chapter.

(c) If placed under administrative supervision, within
sixty days the insurer shall comply with the requirements of the commissioner subject to the provisions of
this article.

(d) If it is determined after notice and hearing that
conditions giving rise to the supervision still exist at the
end of the supervision period specified above, the
commissioner may extend such period.

(e) If it is determined by the commissioner that
conditions giving rise to the supervision have been
corrected, said commissioner shall release the insurer
from supervision.

§33-34-4. Confidentiality of certain proceedings and records.

Proceedings, hearings, notices, correspondence, reports, records and other information in the possession of the commissioner or the division relating to the supervision of any insurer shall not be subject to disclosure as provided in article one, chapter twenty-nine-b of this code.

§33-34-5. Prohibited acts during period of supervision.

1 An insurer may not engage in the following actions 2 during the period of supervision, without the prior 3 approval of the commissioner or his or her special 4 deputy supervisor:

5 (1) Dispose of, convey, or encumber any of its assets 6 or its business in force;

- 7 (2) Withdraw any of its bank accounts;
- 8 (3) Lend any of its funds;

- 9 (4) Invest any of its funds;
- 10 (5) Transfer any of its property;
- 11 (6) Incur any debt, obligation or liability;
- 12 (7) Merge or consolidate with another company;
- 13 (8) Approve new premiums or renew any policies;
- 14 (9) Enter into any new reinsurance contract or treaty;

(10) Terminate, surrender, forfeit, convert or lapse
any insurance policy, certificate or contract, except for
nonpayment of premiums due;

(11) Release, pay or refund premium deposits,
accrued cash or loan values, unearned premiums, or
other reserves on any insurance policy, certificate or
contract;

22 (12) Make any material change in management; or

(13) Increase salaries and benefits of officers or
directors or the preferential payment of bonuses,
dividends, or other payments deemed preferential.

§33-34-6. Administrative election of proceedings.

Nothing contained in this article shall preclude the 1 2 commissioner from initiating judicial proceedings to place an insurer in rehabilitation or liquidation proceed-3 ings or other delinquency proceedings, however desig-4 nated under the laws of this state, regardless of whether 5 the commissioner has previously initiated administra-6 tive supervision proceedings under this article against 7 8 the insurer.

§33-34-7. Rules.

1 The division is empowered to adopt reasonable rules

2 pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code deemed

3 necessary for the implementation of this article.

§33-34-8. Meetings between the commissioner and the special deputy supervisor.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to
- 2 the contrary, the commissioner may meet with a special
- 3 deputy supervisor appointed under this article and with

4 the attorney or other representative of the special deputy supervisor, without the presence of any other 5 6 person, at the time of any proceeding or during the 7 pendency of any proceeding held under authority of this 8 article to carry out the commissioner's responsibilities as provided in this article or for the special deputy 9 10 supervisor to carry out his or her duties as provided in 11 this article.

§33-34-9. Special deputy supervisor appointed and expenses.

1 (1) During the period of supervision the division by 2 contract or otherwise may appoint a special deputy 3 supervisor to supervise the insurer. In the event that a 4 special deputy supervisor is not appointed, the commis-5 sioner shall serve in such capacity.

6 (2) Each insurer which is subject to administrative 7 supervision by the department shall pay to the division 8 the expenses of its administrative supervision at the 9 rates established by the division. Expenses shall include 10 actual travel expenses, a reasonable living expense 11 allowance, compensation of the special deputy supervi-12 sor or other persons employed or appointed by the 13 division for purposes of the supervision, and necessary attendant administrative cost of the division directly 14 15 related to the supervision. The travel expense and living expense allowance shall be limited to those expenses 16 necessarily incurred in the performance of official 17 duties relating to the administrative supervision and 18 19 shall be paid by the insurer together with compensation 20 upon presentation by the division to the insurer of a 21 detailed account of the charges and expenses after a detailed statement has been filed by the special deputy 22 supervisor or other person employed or appointed by the 23 24 division and approved by the division.

(3) All moneys collected from insurers for the expenses of administrative supervision shall be deposited
into an account created in the state treasury designated
the "Insurance Commissioner's Regulatory Trust Fund",
and the division is authorized to make deposits when

required into this fund from moneys collected in the
 commissioner's "Operating-Additional Fees" account.

32 (4) The division is authorized to pay to the special deputy supervisor or person employed or appointed by 33 the division for purposes of the supervision out of such 34 35 trust fund, as created in subsection three of this section. 36 the actual travel expenses, reasonable living expense 37 allowance, and compensation in accordance with the statement filed with the division by the special deputy 38 supervisor or other person, as provided in subsection (2), 39 40 upon approval by the division.

(5) The division may in whole or in part defer payment
of expenses due from the insurer pursuant to this section
upon a showing that payment would adversely impact
the financial condition of the insurer and jeopardize its
rehabilitation. The payment shall be made by the
insurer when the condition is removed and the payment
would no longer jeopardize the insurer's financial
condition.

§33-34-10. Immunity.

- 1 There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause
- 2 of action of any nature shall arise against, the insurance
- 3 commissioner or the division or its employees or agents
- 4 thereof for any action taken by them in the performance
- 5 of their powers and duties under this article.

§33-34-11. Severability.

- 1 In the event any part or provision of this article be
- 2 held to be unconstitutional by any court of competent
- 3 jurisdiction, such holding and decision of the court shall
- 4 not affect the validity and constitutionality of the
- 5 remaining parts and provisions of this article.

ARTICLE 35. CRIMINAL SANCTIONS FOR FAILURE TO REPORT IMPAIRMENT.

- §33-35-1. Definitions.
- §33-35-2. Duty to notify.
- §33-35-3. Penalty.

§33-35-1. Definitions.

1 For the purposes of this article, the following words 2 shall mean:

3 (a) "Insurer" means any insurance company or other 4 insurer licensed to do business in this state. This 5 includes, but is not limited to, any domestic insurer as 6 defined in section six, article one of this chapter and 7 includes any domestic stock insurance company, mutual 8 insurance company, reciprocal insurance company, 9 farmers' mutual fire insurance company, fraternal benefit society, hospital service corporation, medical 10 11 service corporation, dental service corporation, health 12 service corporation, health care corporation, health 13 maintenance organization, captive insurance company 14 or risk retention group.

15 (b) "Impaired" means a financial situation in which. 16 based upon the requirements of this chapter for the 17 preparation of the insurer's annual statement, the 18 insurer's assets are less than the insurer's liabilities and 19 the required reserves together with the insurer's 20 minimum required capital and minimum required 21 surplus as required by this chapter to be maintained to transact the type of business for which the insurer is 22 authorized by this chapter to transact. 23

(c) "Chief executive officer" means the person,
irrespective of their title, designated by the board of
directors or board of trustees or other similar governing
body of an insurer as the person charged with the
responsibility and authority of administering and
implementing the insurer's policies and procedures.

§33-35-2. Duty to notify.

1 (a) Whenever an insurer is impaired, its chief 2 executive officer shall immediately notify the commis-3 sioner in writing of such impairment and shall also 4 immediately notify in writing all of the members of the 5 board of directors, board of trustees or other similar 6 governing body of the insurer.

(b) Any officer, director or trustee of an insurer shall
immediately notify the person serving as chief executive
officer of the impairment of such insurer in the event
such officer, director, or trustee knows or has reason to
know that the insurer is impaired.

§33-35-3. Penalty.

(a) Any person who knowingly violates section two of
this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon
conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than fifty
thousand dollars or be imprisoned in the county jail not
more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

6 (b) Any person who knowingly:

7 (1) Conceals any property belonging to an insurer;

8 (2) Transfers or conceals in contemplation of a state
9 insolvency proceeding his own property or property
10 belonging to an insurer;

(3) Conceals, destroys, mutilates, alters or makes a
false entry in any document which affects or relates to
the property of an insurer or withholds any such
document from a receiver, trustee or other officer of a
court entitled to its possession; or

16 (4) Gives, obtains or receives a thing of value for 17 acting or forbearing to act in any court proceeding, and 18 any such act results in or contributes to an insurer 19 becoming impaired or insolvent, is guilty of a felony, 20 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the 21 penitentiary not more than five years.

CHAPTER 111

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4501-By Delegates Susman and Ashley, By Request)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and six, article twelve, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend article twelve by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eight-a and twenty-nine, all relating to insurance; agents; brokers; solicitors; excess line; the discontinuance of the broker's license and solicitor's license classification; expanding representation of the board of insurance agent educa-

886

tion; fees charged to agents for the issuance of certain documents; the licensing of nonresident property and casualty agents; and the requirements that all agents, brokers, solicitors, excess line brokers and service representatives file and maintain their current mailing address with the insurance commissioner.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and six, article twelve, chapter thirtythree of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eight-a and twenty-nine, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. AGENTS, BROKERS, SOLICITORS AND EXCESS LINE.

- §33-12-2. Qualifications.
- §33-12-6. Fees.
- §33-12-8a. Licensing of nonresident property casualty agents.

§33-12-29. Change of address.

§33-12-2. Qualifications.

1 For the protection of the people of West Virginia, the 2 commissioner shall not issue, renew or permit to exist 3 any agent's, broker's or solicitor's license except to an 4 individual who:

5 (a) Is eighteen years of age or more.

6 (b) Is a resident of West Virginia, except that a 7 broker's license shall be issued only to nonresidents, and 8 except for nonresident life and accident and sickness 9 agents as provided in section eight of this article.

Effective the first day of June, one thousand nine
hundred ninety-one, brokers' licenses shall cease to exist.
Licensing of nonresidents for property casualty will be
made pursuant to section eight (a) of this article.

(c) Is, in the case of an agent applicant, appointed as
agent by a licensed insurer for the kind or kinds of
insurance for which application is made, subject to
issuance of license, or, in the case of a solicitor applicant,
appointed as solicitor by a licensed resident agent,

subject to issuance of license, except that on or after the
first day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, no
solicitor's license will be issued which is not a renewal
of an existing license.

23 (d) Does not intend to use the license principally for 24 the purpose, in the case of life or accident and sickness 25insurance, of procuring insurance on himself, members 26 of his family or his relatives; or, as to insurance other 27 than life and accident and sickness, upon his property 28 or insurable interests of those of his family or his 29 relatives or those of his employer, employees or firm, or 30 corporation in which he owns a substantial interest, or of the employees of such firm or corporation, or on 31 32 property or insurable interests for which the applicant 33 or any such relative, employer, firm or corporation is the 34trustee, bailee or receiver. For the purposes of this 35 provision, a vendor's or lender's interest in property sold 36 or being sold under contract or which is the security for any loan, shall not be deemed to constitute property or 37 38 an insurable interest of such vendor or lender.

39 (e) Satisfies the commissioner that he is trustworthy 40 and competent. The commissioner may test the competency of an applicant for a license under this section by 41 42 examination. Each examinee shall pay a twenty-five 43 dollar examination fee for each examination to the 44 commissioner who shall deposit said examination fee 45 into the state treasury for the benefit of the state fund, 46 general revenue. The commissioner may, at his discre-47 tion. designate an independent testing service to prepare 48 and administer such examination subject to direction 49 and approval by the commissioner, and examination fees 50 charged by such service shall be paid by the applicant.

(f) For new agents first licensed on or after the first
day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine,
completes a program of insurance education as established below.

55 There is hereby created the board of insurance agent 56 education. The board of insurance agent education shall 57 consist of the commissioner of insurance and six 58 members appointed by the commissioner. The members

59appointed by the commissioner shall be two licensed 60 property and casualty insurance agents, one licensed life insurance agent, one licensed health and accident 61 62 insurance agent, one representative of a domestic 63 insurance company, and one representative of a foreign 64 insurance company: Provided, That no board shall be appointed that fails to include companies or agents for 65 66 companies representing at least two thirds of the net 67 written insurance premiums in the state. Each member 68 shall serve a term of three years and shall be eligible 69 for reappointment.

(1) The board of insurance agent education shall
establish the criteria for a program of insurance
education and submit the proposal for the approval of
the commissioner on or before the thirty-first day of
December of each year.

75(2) The commissioner and the board, under standards established by the board, may approve any course or 76 77 program of instruction developed or sponsored by an 78 authorized insurer, accredited college or university, 79 agents association, insurance trade association, or independent program of instruction that presents the 80 criteria and the number of hours that the board and 81 commissioner determine appropriate for the purpose of 82 83 this article: Provided, That any person who was a licensed agent, broker or solicitor on the first day of 84 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and who 85 subsequently terminates the contractual relationship 86 with the insurer or employing agent, may have that 87 license renewed within five years of such termination 88 without complying with the competency testing provi-89 sions of subdivision (e) or the education provisions of 90 91 subdivision (f) of this section.

§33-12-6. Fees.

1 The fee for an agent's license shall be twenty-five 2 dollars as provided in section thirteen, article three of 3 this chapter, the fee for a solicitor's license shall be 4 twenty-five dollars, and the fee for a broker's license 5 shall be twenty-five dollars. The commissioner shall 6 receive the following fees from insurance agents,

brokers, solicitors and excess line brokers: For letters
of certification, five dollars; for letters of clearance, ten
dollars; for duplicate license, five dollars. All fees and
moneys so collected shall be used for the purposes set
forth in section thirteen, article three of this chapter.

§33-12-8a. Licensing of nonresident property casualty agents.

1 (a) Nonresidents otherwise complying with the provi-2 sions of this chapter may be licensed as a property 3 casualty agent but all policies issued as a result of 4 solicitation on the part of such nonresident in this state 5 shall be reported, placed, countersigned, and consum-6 mated by and through a duly licensed resident agent of 7 the issuing insurer.

8 (b) An individual otherwise complying with the provisions of this chapter, who is a resident of another 9 state and who is a licensed property casualty agent of 10 11 such state, may be licensed as a nonresident property 12 casualty agent in this state, if the state of residence of 13 such nonresident has established, by law or regulation, 14 like requirements for the licensing of a resident of this 15 state as a nonresident property casualty agent. All policies issued as a result of solicitation by such 16 nonresident property casualty agents shall be reported, 17 placed, countersigned and consummated by and through 18 a duly licensed resident agent of the issuing insurer. 19

§33-12-29. Change of address.

1 When applying for a license to act as an agent, broker, 2 solicitor, excess line broker, or service representative, each applicant shall report his or her mailing address 3 to the commissioner. An agent, broker, solicitor, excess 4 line broker, or service representative shall notify the 5 commissioner of any change in his or her mailing 6 address within thirty days of such change. The commis-7 sioner shall maintain the mailing address of each agent, 8 broker, solicitor, excess line broker, and service 9 representative on file. 10

CHAPTER 112

(H. B. 4515—By Delegates Susman and Minard, By Request)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article fourteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the amount of group life insurance coverage permissible on dependents of the group member.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article fourteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE.

§33-14-7. Dependent coverage.

1 Any policy issued pursuant to sections two, four and 2 five of this article may be extended to insure the 3 employees or members against loss due to the death of 4 their spouses and minor children, or any class or classes 5 thereof, subject to the following requirements:

6 (a) The premium for the insurance shall be paid by 7 the policyholder, either from the employer's or union's funds or funds contributed by the employer or union, or 8 from funds contributed by the insured employees or 9 10 members, or from both. If any part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured 11 employees or members, the insurance with respect to 12 spouses and children may be placed in force only if at 13 least seventy-five percent of the then eligible employees 14 or members, excluding any as to whose family members 15 16 evidence of insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer, 17 elect to make the required contribution. If no part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the 18 employees or members, all eligible employees or 19

20 members, excluding any as to whose family members 21 evidence of insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer, 22 must be insured with respect to their spouses and 23 children.

(b) The amounts of insurance must be based upon
some plan precluding individual selection either by the
employees or members or by the policyholder, employer
or union.

28 (c) Upon termination of the insurance with respect to 29 the members of the family of any employee or member 30 by reason of the employee's or member's termination of 31 employment, termination of membership in the class or 32 classes eligible for coverage under the policy, or death, 33 the spouse shall be entitled to have issued by the insurer. without evidence of insurability, an individual policy of 34 35 life insurance without disability or other supplementary benefits, providing application for the individual policy 36 37 shall be made, and the first premium paid to the 38 insurer, within thirty-one days after such termination, 39 subject to the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b) and 40 (c) of section sixteen of this article. If the group policy 41 terminates or is amended so as to terminate the 42 insurance of any class of employees or members and the 43 employee or member is entitled to have issued an 44 individual policy under section seventeen of this article. 45 the spouse shall also be entitled to have issued by the insurer an individual policy, subject to the conditions 46 and limitations provided above. If the spouse dies within 47 the period during which he would have been entitled to 48 have an individual policy issued in accordance with this 49 50 provision, the amount of life insurance which he would 51have been entitled to have issued under such individual 52policy shall be payable as a claim under the group 53 policy, whether or not application for the individual policy or the payment of the first premium therefor has 54 55 been made.

(d) Notwithstanding section fifteen of this article, only
one certificate need be issued for delivery to an insured
person if a statement concerning any dependent's
coverage is included in such certificate.

CHAPTER 113 (H. B. 4467—By Delegate Berry)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-d; to amend article sixteen, chapter thirty-three of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-h; to amend article twenty-four of said chapter thirty-three by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-c; to amend article twenty-five of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-b; and to amend article twenty-five-a of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-b, all relating to insurance; and requiring third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-d; that article sixteen, chapter thirty-three of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-h; that article twenty-four of chapter thirty-three of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-c; that article twenty-five of chapter thirty-three of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-b; and that article twentyfive-a of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-b, all to read as follows:

Article

- 15. Accident and Sickness Insurance.
- 16. Group Accident and Sickness Insurance.
- 24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations, Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Corporations.
- 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.

ARTICLE 15. ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-15-4d. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of any policy,
provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this
article applies, any entity regulated by this article shall,
on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine
hundred ninety, make available as benefits to all
subscribers and members coverage for rehabilitation
services as hereinafter set forth.

8 (b) For purposes of this article and section, "rehabil-9 itation services" includes those services which are designed to remediate patient's condition or restore 10 11 patients to their optimal physical, medical, psychological, social, emotional, vocational and economic status. 12 Rehabilitative services include by illustration and not 13 limitation diagnostic testing, assessment, monitoring or 14 treatment of the following conditions individually or in 15 a combination: 16

- 17 (1) Stroke;
- 18 (2) Spinal cord injury;
- 19 (3) Congenital deformity;
- 20 (4) Amputation;
- 21 (5) Major multiple trauma;
- 22 (6) Fracture of femur;
- 23 (7) Brain injury;
- 24 (8) Polyarthritis, including rheumatoid arthritis;

(9) Neurological disorders, including, but not limited
to, multiple sclerosis, motor neuron diseases, polyneuropathy, muscular dystrophy and Parkinson's disease;

(10) Cardiac disorders, including, but not limited to,
acute myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary
arterial insufficiency, angioplasty, heart transplantation, chronic arrhythmias, congestive heart failure,
valvular heart disease;

33 (11) Burns. Rehabilitation services do not include 34 services for mental health, chemical dependency, vocational rehabilitation, long-term maintenance orcustodial services.

37 (c) Rehabilitation services includes care rendered by38 any of the following:

(1) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
Virginia that meets the requirements for rehabilitation
hospitals as described in Section 2803.2 of the Medicare
Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 1, as published
by the U. S. Health Care Financing Administration;

44 (2) A distinct part rehabilitation unit in a hospital
45 duly licensed by the state of West Virginia. The distinct
46 part unit must meet the requirements of Section 2803.61
47 of the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part
48 1, as published by the U. S. Health Care Financing
49 Administration;

(3) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
Virginia which meets the requirements for cardiac
rehabilitation as described in Section 35-25, Transmittal
41, dated August, 1989, as promulgated by the U. S.
Health Care Financing Administration.

(d) A policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement
may apply to rehabilitation services the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other
covered services.

ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-16-3h. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, 2 provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this 3 article applies, any entity regulated by this article shall, 4 on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 5 hundred ninety, make available as benefits to all 6 subscribers and members coverage for rehabilitation 7 services as hereinafter set forth.

8 (b) For purposes of this article and section, "rehabil-9 itation services" includes those services which are 10 designed to remediate patient's condition or restore 11 patients to their optimal physical, medical, psychologi-

cal, social, emotional, vocational and economic status.
Rehabilitative services include by illustration and not
limitation diagnostic testing, assessment, monitoring or
treatment of the following conditions individually or in
a combination:

- 17 (1) Stroke;
- 18 (2) Spinal cord injury;

19 (3) Congenital deformity;

20 (4) Amputation;

21 (5) Major multiple trauma;

- 22 (6) Fracture of femur;
- 23 (7) Brain injury;

24 (8) Polyarthritis, including rheumatoid arthritis;

(9) Neurological disorders, including, but not limited
to, multiple sclerosis, motor neuron diseases, polyneuropathy, muscular dystrophy and Parkinson's disease;

(10) Cardiac disorders, including, but not limited to,
acute myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary
arterial insufficiency, angioplasty, heart transplantation, chronic arrhythmias, congestive heart failure,
valvular heart disease;

33 (11) Burns. Rehabilitation services do not include
34 services for mental health, chemical dependency,
35 vocational rehabilitation, long-term maintenance or
36 custodial services.

37 (c) Rehabilitative services includes care rendered by38 any of the following:

(1) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
Virginia that meets the requirements for rehabilitation
hospitals as described in Section 2803.2 of the Medicare
Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 1, as published
by the U. S. Health Care Financing Administration;

44 (2) A distinct part rehabilitation unit in a hospital
45 duly licensed by the state of West Virginia. The distinct
46 part unit must meet the requirements of Section 2803.61

47 of the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part

48 1, as published by the U. S. Health Care Financing49 Administration:

(3) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
Virginia which meets the requirements for cardiac
rehabilitation as described in Section 35-25, Transmittal
41, dated August, 1989, as promulgated by the U. S.
Health Care Financing Administration.

(d) A policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement
may apply to rehabilitation services the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other
covered services.

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

§33-24-7c. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, 2 provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this 3 article applies, any entity regulated by this article shall, 4 on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 5 hundred ninety, make available as benefits to all 6 subscribers and members coverage for rehabilitation 7 services as hereinafter set forth.

8 (b) For purposes of this article and section, "rehabilitation services" includes those services which are 9 designed to remediate patient's condition or restore 10 11 patients to their optimal physical, medical, psychological. social. emotional. vocational and economic status. 12 Rehabilitative services include by illustration and not 13 limitation diagnostic testing, assessment, monitoring or 14 treatment of the following conditions individually or in 15 16 a combination:

- 17 (1) Stroke;
- 18 (2) Spinal cord injury;
- 19 (3) Congenital deformity;
- 20 (4) Amputation;

21 (5) Major multiple trauma;

22 (6) Fracture of femur;

23 (7) Brain injury;

24 (8) Polyarthritis, including rheumatoid arthritis;

(9) Neurological disorders, including, but not limited
to, multiple sclerosis, motor neuron diseases, polyneuropathy, muscular dystrophy and Parkinson's disease;

(10) Cardiac disorders, including, but not limited to,
acute myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary
arterial insufficiency, angioplasty, heart transplantation, chronic arrhythmias, congestive heart failure,
valvular heart disease;

33 (11) Burns. Rehabilitation services do not include
34 services for mental health, chemical dependency,
35 vocational rehabilitation, long-term maintenance or
36 custodial services.

37 (c) Rehabilitative services includes care rendered by38 any of the following:

(1) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
Virginia that meets the requirements for rehabilitation
hospitals as described in Section 2803.2 of the Medicare
Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 1, as published
by the U. S. Health Care Financing Administration;

44 (2) A distinct part rehabilitation unit in a hospital
45 duly licensed by the state of West Virginia. The distinct
46 part unit must meet the requirements of Section 2803.61
47 of the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part
48 1, as published by the U. S. Health Care Financing
49 Administration;

(3) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
Virginia which meets the requirements for cardiac
rehabilitation as described in Section 35-25, Transmittal
41, dated August, 1989, as promulgated by the U. S.
Health Care Financing Administration.

55 (d) A policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement 56 may apply to rehabilitation services the same deducti-57 bles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other 58 covered services.

898

ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

§33-25-8b. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, 2 provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this 3 article applies, any entity regulated by this article shall, 4 on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 5 hundred ninety, make available as benefits to all 6 subscribers and members coverage for rehabilitation 7 services as hereinafter set forth.

8 (b) For purposes of this article and section, "rehabil-9 itation services" includes those services which are 10 designed to remediate patient's condition or restore patients to their optimal physical, medical, psychologi-11 12 cal, social, emotional, vocational and economic status. Rehabilitative services include by illustration and not 13 14 limitation diagnostic testing, assessment, monitoring or treatment of the following conditions individually or in 15 16 a combination:

- 17 (1) Stroke;
- 18 (2) Spinal cord injury;
- 19 (3) Congenital deformity;
- 20 (4) Amputation;
- 21 (5) Major multiple trauma;
- 22 (6) Fracture of femur;
- 23 (7) Brain injury;
- 24 (8) Polyarthritis, including rheumatoid arthritis;

(9) Neurological disorders, including, but not limited
to, multiple sclerosis, motor neuron diseases, polyneuropathy, muscular dystrophy and Parkinson's disease;

(10) Cardiac disorders, including, but not limited to,
acute myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary
arterial insufficiency, angioplasty, heart transplantation, chronic arrhythmias, congestive heart failure,
valvular heart disease;

(11) Burns. Rehabilitation services do not include
services for mental health, chemical dependency,
vocational rehabilitation, long-term maintenance or
custodial services.

37 (c) Rehabilitative services includes care rendered by38 any of the following:

(1) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
Virginia that meets the requirements for rehabilitation
hospitals as described in Section 2803.2 of the Medicare
Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 1, as published
by the U. S. Health Care Financing Administration;

(2) A distinct part rehabilitation unit in a hospital
duly licensed by the state of West Virginia. The distinct
part unit must meet the requirements of Section 2803.61
of the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part
1, as published by the U. S. Health Care Financing
Administration;

(3) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
Virginia which meets the requirements for cardiac
rehabilitation as described in Section 35-25, Transmittal
41, dated August, 1989, as promulgated by the U. S.
Health Care Financing Administration.

(d) A policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement
may apply to rehabilitation services the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other
covered services.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

§33-25A-8b. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, 2 provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this 3 article applies, any entity regulated by this article shall, 4 on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 5 hundred ninety, make available as benefits to all 6 subscribers and members coverage for rehabilitation 7 services as hereinafter set forth.

8 (b) For purposes of this article and section, "rehabil-9 itation services" includes those services which are

10 designed to remediate patient's condition or restore 11 patients to their optimal physical, medical, psychologi-12 cal, social, emotional, vocational and economic status. 13 Rehabilitative services include by illustration and not 14 limitation diagnostic testing, assessment, monitoring or 15 treatment of the following conditions individually or in 16 a combination:

- 17 (1) Stroke;
- 18 (2) Spinal cord injury;
- 19 (3) Congenital deformity;
- 20 (4) Amputation;
- 21 (5) Major multiple trauma;
- 22 (6) Fracture of femur;
- 23 (7) Brain injury;
- 24 (8) Polyarthritis, including rheumatoid arthritis;
- (9) Neurological disorders, including, but not limited
 to, multiple sclerosis, motor neuron diseases, polyneuropathy, muscular dystrophy and Parkinson's disease;

(10) Cardiac disorders, including, but not limited to,
acute myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary
arterial insufficiency, angioplasty, heart transplantation, chronic arrhythmias, congestive heart failure,
valvular heart disease;

(11) Burns. Rehabilitation services do not include
services for mental health, chemical dependency,
vocational rehabilitation, long-term maintenance or
custodial services.

37 (c) Rehabilitative services includes care rendered by38 any of the following:

(1) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
Virginia that meets the requirements for rehabilitation
hospitals as described in Section 2803.2 of the Medicare
Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 1, as published
by the U. S. Health Care Financing Administration;

44 (2) A distinct part rehabilitation unit in a hospital

duly licensed by the state of West Virginia. The distinct
part unit must meet the requirements of Section 2803.61
of the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part
1, as published by the U. S. Health Care Financing
Administration:

(3) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
Virginia which meets the requirements for cardiac
rehabilitation as described in Section 35-25, Transmittal
41, dated August, 1989, as promulgated by the U. S.
Health Care Financing Administration.

(d) A policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement
may apply to rehabilitation services the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other
covered services.

CHAPTER 114

(H. B. 4126-By Delegate Deem)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article sixteen-a, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to group health insurance conversion; benefit levels; election to provide group coverage; notification of conversion privilege; and policies delivered outside state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article sixteen-a, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16A. GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE CONVERSION.

§33-16A-14. Benefit levels; election to provide group coverage; notification of conversion privilege; policy delivered outside state.

- 1
- If the benefit levels required in section nine of this

2 article exceed the benefit levels provided under the 3 group policy, the conversion policy may offer benefits 4 which are substantially similar to those provided under 5 the group policy in lieu of those required in section nine.

6 The insurer may elect to provide group insurance 7 coverage in lieu of the issuance of a converted individual 8 policy.

9 The insurer, prior to terminating the policy for any reason, shall notify each employee or member, or such 10 11 employee's or member's spouse, child or dependent 12 entitled to the conversion privilege under this article, at 13 least forty-five days in advance of the termination, in 14 writing, of the pending termination. The notice shall inform the employee or member of the conversion 15 privilege provided in this article. 16

17 A notification of the conversion privilege shall also be 18 included in each certificate of coverage.

19 A converted policy which is delivered outside this 20 state must be on a form which could be delivered in such 21 other jurisdiction as a converted policy had the group 22 policy been issued in that jurisdiction.

CHAPTER 115

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 162—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article seventeen-a, relating to insurance; and providing a mechanism to regulate the declination and termination of property insurance policies and to provide for disclosure of the reasons for declinations and terminations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article seventeen-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 17A. PROPERTY INSURANCE DECLINATION, TERMI-NATION AND DISCLOSURE.

- §33-17A-1. Purpose of article.
- §33-17A-2. Scope of article.
- §33-17A-3. Definitions.
- §33-17A-4. Notification and reasons for a transfer, declination or termination.
- §33-17A-5. Permissible cancellations.
- §33-17A-6. Discriminatory terminations and declinations prohibited.
- §33-17A-7. Hearings and administrative procedure.
- §33-17A-8. Sanctions.
- §33-17A-9. Civil liability and actions.
- §33-17A-10. Immunity.
- §33-17A-11. Severability.

§33-17A-1. Purpose of article.

- 1 The purpose of this article is to regulate declinations,
- 2 cancellations and refusals to renew certain policies of
- 3 property insurance and to provide for disclosure of the
- 4 reasons for these actions.

§33-17A-2. Scope of article.

1 This article applies to policies of property insurance, 2 other than policies of inland marine insurance and 3 policies of property insurance issued through a residual 4 market mechanism, covering risks to property located 5 in this state which take effect or are renewed after the 6 effective date of this article and which insure any of the 7 following contingencies:

8 (a) Loss of or damage to real property which is used 9 predominantly for the residential purposes of the named 10 insured and which consists of not more than four 11 dwelling units; or

(b) Loss of or damage to personal property in whichthe named insured has an insurable interest where:

14 (1) The personal property is used for personal, family15 or household purposes; and

Ch. 115]

INSURANCE

16 (2) The personal property is within a residential 17 dwelling.

§33-17A-3. Definitions.

(a) "Declination" is the refusal of an insurer to issue 1 a property insurance policy on a written application or 2 3 written request for coverage. For the purposes of this 4 article, the offering of insurance coverage with a 5 company within an insurance group which is different from the company requested on the application or 6 7 written request for coverage or the offering of insurance upon different terms than requested in the application 8 9 or written request for coverage is not considered a 10 declination if such offering of such insurance is based upon any valid underwriting reason which involves a 11 substantial increase in the risk. Each company or 12 13 groups of companies instituting such transfer shall give 14 notice in the manner provided in subsection (c), section 15 four of this article, to the insured as to the reasons for 16 such transfer.

17 (b) "Nonpayment of premium" means the failure of 18 the named insured to discharge any obligation in 19 connection with the payment of premiums on policies of 20 property insurance, subject to this article, whether the 21 payments are directly payable to the insurer or its agent 22 or indirectly payable to the insurer or its agent or 23 indirectly payable under a premium finance plan or extension of credit. "Nonpayment of premium" includes 24 the failure to pay dues or fees where payment of dues 25 26 or fees is a prerequisite to obtaining or continuing 27 property insurance coverage.

(c) "Renewal" or "to renew" means the issuance and 28 29 delivery by an insurer at the end of a policy period of a policy superseding a policy previously issued and 30 31 delivered by the same insurer, or the issuance and delivery of a certificate or notice extending the term of 32 33 an existing policy beyond its policy period or term. For the purpose of this article, any policy period or term of 34 35 less than six months is considered a policy period or term of six months, and any policy period or term of 36 more than one year or any policy with no fixed 37

expiration date is considered a policy period or term ofone year.

40 (d) "Termination" means either a cancellation or 41 nonrenewal of property insurance coverage in whole or 42 in part. A cancellation occurs during the policy term. A nonrenewal occurs at the end of the policy term as 43 set forth in subsection (c) of this section. For purposes 44 45 of this article, the transfer of a policyholder between 46 companies within the same insurance group is not considered a termination, if such transfer is based upon 47 any valid underwriting reason which involves a substan-48 tial increase in the risk. Each company or group of 49 50 companies instituting such transfer shall give notice in 51 the manner provided in subsection (c), section four of 52 this article, to the insured as to the reasons for such 53transfer. Requiring a reasonable deductible, reasonable changes in the amount of insurance or reasonable 54 reductions in policy limits or coverage is not considered 55 a termination if the requirements are directly related 56 to the hazard involved and are made on the renewal date 57 58 of the policy.

§33-17A-4. Notification and reasons for a transfer, declination or termination.

1 (a) Upon declining to insure any real or personal property, subject to this article, the insurer making a 2 declination shall provide the insurance applicant with a 3 written explanation of the specific reason or reasons for 4 5 the declination at the time of the declination. The provision of such insurance application form by an 6 insurer shall create no right to coverage on the behalf 7 8 of the insured to which the insured is not otherwise entitled. 9

10 (b) A notice of cancellation of property insurance coverage by an insurer shall be in writing, shall be 11 delivered to the named insured or sent by first class 12 mail to the named insured at the last known address of 13 the named insured, shall state the effective date of the 14 cancellation and shall be accompanied by a written 15 explanation of the specific reason or reasons for the 16 cancellation. 17

18 (c) At least thirty days before the end of a policy 19 period. as described in subsection (c), section three of 20 this article, an insurer shall deliver or send by first class 21 mail to the named insured at the last known address of 22 the named insured, notice of its intention regarding the renewal of the property insurance policy. Notice of an 23 24 intention not to renew a property insurance policy shall 25be accompanied by an explanation of the specific reasons for the nonrenewal: Provided, That no insurer 26 27 shall fail to renew an outstanding property insurance 28 policy which has been in existence for four years or 29 longer except for the reasons as set forth in section five 30 of this article; or for other valid underwriting reasons 31 which involve a substantial increase in the risk.

§33-17A-5. Permissible cancellations.

1 After coverage has been in effect for more than sixty 2 days or after the effective date of a renewal policy, a 3 notice of cancellation may not be issued unless it is based 4 on at least one of the following reasons:

5 (a) Nonpayment of premium;

6 (b) Conviction of the insured of any crime having as 7 one of its necessary elements an act increasing any 8 hazard insured against;

9 (c) Discovery of fraud or material misrepresentation 10 made by or with the knowledge of the named insured 11 in obtaining the policy, continuing the policy or in 12 presenting a claim under the policy;

(d) Discovery of willful or reckless acts or omissions
on the part of the named insured which increase any
hazard insured against;

(e) The occurrence of a change in the risk which
substantially increases any hazard insured against after
insurance coverage has been issued or renewed;

(f) A violation of any local fire, health, safety, building
or construction regulation or ordinance with respect to
any insured property or the occupancy thereof which
substantially increases any hazard insured against;

23 (g) A determination by the commissioner that the

continuation of the policy would place the insurer inviolation of the insurance laws of this state;

(h) Real property taxes owing on the insured property
have been delinquent for two or more years and continue
delinquent at the time notice of cancellation is issued;

(i) The insurer which issues said policy of insurance
ceases writing the particular type or line of insurance
coverage contained in said policy throughout the state
or should such insurer discontinue operations within the
state; or

34 (j) Substantial breach of the provisions of the policy.

§33-17A-6. Discriminatory terminations and declinations prohibited.

1 No insurer may decline to issue or terminate a policy 2 or insurance subject to this article if the declination or

3 termination is:

4 (a) Based upon the race, religion, nationality, ethnic
5 group, age, sex or marital status of the applicant or
6 named insured;

7 (b) Based solely upon the lawful occupation or profession of the applicant or named insured, unless 8 such decision is for a business purpose which is not a 9 mere pretext for unfair discrimination: Provided. That 10 this provision shall not apply to any insurer, agent or 11 12 broker which limits its market to one lawful occupation or profession or to several related lawful occupations or 13 14 professions:

(c) Based upon the age or location of the residence of
the applicant or named insured unless the decision is for
a business purpose which is not a mere pretext for
unfair discrimination or unless the age or location
materially affects the risk;

20 (d) Based upon the fact that another insurer pre21 viously declined to insure the applicant or terminated
22 an existing policy in which the applicant was the named
23 insured;

(e) Based upon the fact that the applicant or named
insured previously obtained insurance coverage through
a residual market insurance mechanism;

27 (f) Based upon the fact that the applicant has not28 previously been insured; or

29 (g) Based upon the fact that the applicant did not 30 have insurance coverage for a period of time prior to the

31 application.

§33-17A-7. Hearings and administrative procedure.

Hearings for the violation of any provision of this article, and the administrative procedure prior to, during and following these hearings, shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of article two of this chapter.

§33-17A-8. Sanctions.

1 If the commissioner determines in a final order that:

2 (a) An insurer has violated section five or six of this3 article, he may require the insurer to:

- 4 (1) Accept the application or written request for 5 insurance coverage at a rate and on the same terms and 6 conditions as are available to other risks similarly 7 situated;
- 8 (2) Reinstate insurance coverage to the end of the 9 policy period; or
- (3) Continue insurance coverage at a rate and on the
 same terms and conditions as are available to other risks
 similarly situated.
- 13 (b) Any person has violated any provision of this14 article, he may:

15 (1) Issue a cease and desist order to restrain the 16 person from engaging in practices which violate this 17 article; and

(2) Assess a penalty against the person of up to fivethousand dollars for each willful and knowing violationof this article.

§33-17A-9. Civil liability and actions.

1 (a) If the commissioner determines in a final order 2 that an insurer has violated section five or six of this 3 article, the applicant or named insured aggrieved by the 4 violation may bring an action in a court of competent 5 jurisdiction in this state to recover from the insurer any

loss, not otherwise recovered through insurance, which
would have been paid under the insurance coverage that

8 was declined or terminated in violation of this article.

9 (b) Any amount recovered under subsection (a) of this
section may not be duplicative of any recovery obtained
through the exercise of any other statutory or common
law cause of action arising out of the same occurrence.
No action under this section may be brought two years
after the date of a final order of the commissioner
finding a violation of section five or six of this article.

§33-17A-10. Immunity.

(a) There is no liability on the part of and no cause
of action shall arise against the commissioner, any
insurer or its authorized representative, or any licensed
insurance agent or broker for furnishing information to
an insurer as to reasons for a termination or declination,
or for any communication giving notice of, or specifying
the reasons for, a declination or termination.

8 (b) Subsection (a) above does not apply to statements9 made in bad faith with malice in fact.

§33-17A-11. Severability.

1 If any provisions of this article or the application 2 thereof to any person or circumstances is for any reason 3 held to be invalid, the remainder of the article and the 4 application of such provision to other persons or 5 circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

CHAPTER 116

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4384-By Delegates Susman and Flanigan)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen, article twenty, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to motor vehicle insurance and providing a premium reduction for drivers fifty-five INSURANCE

years of age or older who have successfully completed an approved accident prevention course.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article twenty, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. RATES AND RATING ORGANIZATIONS.

§33-20-18. Reduction of premium charges for persons fifty-five years of age or older.

1 (a) Any rates, rating schedules or rating manuals for 2 the liability, personal injury protection and collision 3 coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy submitted to or filed with the insurance commissioner shall 4 provide for an appropriate reduction in premium 5 6 charges as to such coverages when the principal 7 operator and spouse on the covered vehicle is an insured 8 who is fifty-five years of age or older and who has successfully completed a motor vehicle accident preven-9 tion course approved by the division of motor vehicles. 10 Such reductions of premium rates shall be made in 11 12 compliance with the provisions of subsections (a) and (b). section three of this article. Any discount used by an 13 insurer shall be presumed appropriate unless credible 14 data demonstrates otherwise. 15

16 (b) The premium reduction required by this section 17 shall be effective for an insured and spouse for a three-18 year period after successful completion of the approved 19 course, except that the insurer may require, as a 20 condition of maintaining the discount, that the insured 21 and spouse:

(1) Not be involved in an accident for which theinsured or spouse is at fault;

(2) Not be convicted, plead guilty or nolo contendere
to a moving traffic violation, or to a traffic related
alcohol or narcotics offense; and

27 (3) Have maintained a driving record free of viola28 tions and liability for accidents for a three-year period
29 prior to course completion.

INSURANCE

30 (c) Upon successfully completing the approved course,
31 each person shall be issued a certificate by the organ32 ization offering the course which shall be used to qualify
33 for the premium discount required by this section.

34 (d) This section shall not apply in the event the
35 approved course is taken as punishment specified by a
36 court or other governmental entity resulting from a
37 moving traffic violation.

(e) An insured shall only be entitled to a discount
equal to the greater of the premium reduction required
by this section or any discretionary discount offered by
insurers to persons fifty-five years of age or older who
have not completed the approved motor vehicle accident
course and specifically shall not be entitled to more than
one discount.

45 (f) Each participant shall take an approved course
46 every three years to continue to be eligible for the
47 reduction in premiums.

CHAPTER 117 (S. B. 481—By Senator Hawse)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article twentyfour, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to insurance; hospital service corporations, medical service corporations and dental service corporations; and requiring such corporations to provide coverage for mental illness.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article twenty-four, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

*§33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of other laws.

Every such corporation is hereby declared to be a 1 2 scientific, nonprofit institution and as such exempt from 3 the payment of all property and other taxes. Every such 4 corporation, to the same extent such provisions are applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of 5 insurance and not inconsistent with the provisions of this 6 7 article, shall be governed by and be subject to the 8 provisions as hereinbelow indicated, of the following 9 articles of this chapter: Article two (insurance commis-10 sioner) except that under section nine of article two 11 examinations shall be conducted at least once every four 12 years, article four (general provisions) except that 13 section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable 14 thereto, article six, section thirty-four (fee for form and 15 rate filing), article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation), 16 article eleven (unfair practices and frauds), article 17 twelve (agents, brokers and solicitors) except that the 18 agent's license fee shall be five dollars, article fifteena (long-term care insurance), section three-a, article 19 20 sixteen (mental illness), section three-c, article sixteen 21 (group accident and sickness insurance), section three-22 d, article sixteen (medicare supplement), section three-23 f. article sixteen (treatment of temporomandibular joint 24 disorder and craniomandibular disorder). article 25twenty-eight (individual accident and sickness insurance 26 minimum standards) and article thirty-three (annual 27 audited financial report); and no other provision of this 28 chapter shall apply to such corporations unless specif-29 ically made applicable by the provisions of this article. 30 If, however, any such corporation shall be converted into a corporation organized for a pecuniary profit, or if it 31 shall transact business without having obtained a license 32 33 as required by section five of this article, it shall 34 thereupon forfeit its right to these exemptions.

^{*}Clerk's Note: §33-24-4 was also amended by H. B. 4195 (Chapter 110), which passed subsequent to this act.

CHAPTER 118

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 15-By Senator Holliday)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-b, relating to creating the home detention act; providing for a short title; providing definitions; providing the requirements for an order for home detention; describing circumstances for not granting an order for home detention; requiring fees; mandating the creation of a special fund; making offender responsible for certain expenses; describing information to be provided law-enforcement agencies; prescribing penalties for violation of conditions of an order, procedures therein; and providing that provisions may be applied as an alternate means of detention.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-b, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 62. CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

ARTICLE 11B. HOME DETENTION ACT.

- §62-11B-1. Short title.
- §62-11B-2. Applicability.

§62-11B-3. Definitions.

§62-11B-4. Home detention; period of home detention; applicability.

§62-11B-5. Requirements for order for home detention.

- §62-11B-6. Circumstances under which home detention may not be ordered.
- §62-11B-7. Home detention fees; special fund.

§62-11B-8. Offender responsible for certain expenses.

§62-11B-9. Violation of order of home confinement; procedures; penalties.

§62-11B-10. Information to be provided law-enforcement agencies.

§62-11B-11. Provisions of article not exclusive.

§62-11B-1. Short title.

1 This article may be cited as the "Home Detention 2 Act."

§62-11B-2. Applicability.

- 1 This article applies to adult offenders and to juveniles
- 2 who have committed a delinquent act that would be a
- 3 crime if committed by an adult.

§62-11B-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (1) "Home" means the actual living area of the 3 temporary or permanent residence of an offender. The 4 term includes, but is not limited to, a hospital, health 5 care facility, hospice, group home, residential treatment 6 facility and boarding house.

7 (2) "Monitoring device" means an electronic device 8 that is:

9 (A) Limited in capability to the recording or trans-10 mitting of information regarding an offender's presence 11 or absence from the offender's home;

(B) Minimally intrusive upon the privacy of theoffender or other persons residing in the offender'shome; and

- 15 (C) Incapable of recording or transmitting:
- 16 (i) Visual images;

17 (ii) Oral or wire communications or any auditory18 sound; or

(iii) Information regarding the offender's activitieswhile inside the offender's home.

(3) "Offender" means any adult convicted of a crime
punishable by imprisonment or detention in a county jail
or state penitentiary; or a juvenile convicted of a
delinquent act that would be a crime punishable by
imprisonment or incarceration in the state penitentiary
or county jail, if committed by an adult.

§62-11B-4. Home detention; period of home detention; applicability.

1 (a) As a condition of probation or as an alternative

2 sentence to another form of incarceration, a court may3 order an offender confined to the offender's home for a

4 period of home detention.

5 (b) The period of home detention may be continuous 6 or intermittent, as the court orders. However, the 7 aggregate time actually spent in home detention may 8 not exceed the term of imprisonment or incarceration 9 prescribed by this code for the offense committed by the 10 offender.

§62-11B-5. Requirements for order for home detention.

1 An order for home detention of an offender under 2 section four of this article shall include, but not be 3 limited to, the following:

4 (1) A requirement that the offender be confined to the 5 offender's home at all times except when the offender 6 is:

7 (A) Working at employment approved by the court or8 traveling to or from approved employment;

9 (B) Unemployed and seeking employment approved 10 for the offender by the court;

11 (C) Undergoing medical, psychiatric, mental health
12 treatment, counseling or other treatment programs
13 approved for the offender by the court;

(D) Attending an educational institution or a programapproved for the offender by the court;

16 (E) Attending a regularly scheduled religious service17 at a place of worship;

18 (F) Participating in a community work release or
19 community service program approved for the offender
20 by the court; or

(G) Engaging in other activities specifically approvedfor the offender by the court.

(2) Notice to the offender of the penalties which may
be imposed if the court subsequently finds the offender
to have violated the terms and conditions in the order
of home detention.

(3) A requirement that the offender abide by a
schedule prepared by the probation officer specifically
setting forth the times when the offender may be absent
from the offender's home and the locations the offender
is allowed to be during the scheduled absences.

32 (4) A requirement that the offender is not to commit
33 another crime during the period of home detention
34 ordered by the court.

(5) A requirement that the offender obtain approval
from the probation officer before the offender changes
residence or the schedule described in subdivision (3) of
this section.

39 (6) A requirement that the offender maintain:

40 (A) A working telephone in the offender's home;

41 (B) If ordered by the court, a monitoring device in the 42 offender's home, or on the offender's person, or both; and

43 (C) Electric service in the offender's home if use of a44 monitoring device is ordered by the court.

45 (7) A requirement that the offender pay a home46 detention fee set by the court.

47 (8) A requirement that the offender abide by other48 conditions of probation set by the court.

§62-11B-6. Circumstances under which home detention may not be ordered.

1 (a) A court may not order home detention for an 2 offender unless the offender agrees to abide by all of the 3 requirements set forth in the court's order issued under 4 this article.

5 (b) A court may not order home detention for an 6 offender who is being held under a detainer, warrant 7 or process issued by a court of another jurisdiction.

§62-11B-7. Home detention fees; special fund.

1 All home detention fees shall be deposited with the

JUVENILE OFFENDERS

2 circuit clerk who shall deposit the fees into the county 3 sheriff's special adult or juvenile probation services 4 fund, which fund is hereby mandated. The county 5 commission shall appropriate money from the fund to 6 administer a home detention program, including the 7 purchase of monitoring devices and other supervision 8 expenses, and may as necessary supplement the fund 9 with additional appropriations.

§62-11B-8. Offender responsible for certain expenses.

1 An offender ordered to undergo home detention under 2 section four of this article is responsible for providing 3 his own food, housing, clothing, medical care and other 4 treatment expenses. The offender is eligible to receive 5 government benefits allowable for persons on probation, 6 parole or other conditional discharge from confinement.

§62-11B-9. Violation of order of home confinement; procedures; penalties.

1 (a) If at any time during the period of home detention 2 there shall be reasonable cause to believe that a 3 participant in a home detention program has violated 4 the terms and conditions of the court's home confine-5 ment order, he or she shall be subject to the procedures 6 and penalties set forth in section ten, article twelve of 7 this chapter.

8 (b) If at any time during the period of home detention there shall be reasonable cause to believe that a 9 participant has violated the terms and conditions of the 10 11 court's order of home detention and said participant's 12 participation was imposed as an alternative sentence to 13 another form of incarceration, said participant shall be 14 subject to the same procedures involving revocation as would a probationer charged with a violation of the 15 order of home detention. Any participant under an order 16 17 of home detention shall be subject to the same penalty or penalties, upon the court's finding of a violation of the 18 order of home detention, as he or she could have received 19 at the initial disposition hearing: Provided, That the 20 participant shall receive credit towards any sen-21

Ch. 119] LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

22 tence imposed after a finding of violation for the time 23 spent in home confinement.

§62-11B-10. Information to be provided law-enforcement agencies.

1 A probation department charged by a court with 2 supervision of offenders ordered to undergo home 3 detention shall provide all law-enforcement agencies 4 having jurisdiction in the place where the probation department is located with a list of offenders under 5 6 home detention supervised by the probation department. 7 The list must include the following information about each offender: 8

9 (1) The offender's name, any known aliases, and the 10 location of the offender's home detention;

11 (2) The crime for which the offender was convicted;

12 (3) The date the offender's home detention expires;13 and

(4) The name, address and telephone number of theoffender's supervising probation officer for homedetention.

§62-11B-11. Provisions of article not exclusive.

1 The provisions of this article are not to be considered 2 exclusive nor do they supersede existing statutes 3 relating to the detention of adult or juvenile offenders. 4 The provisions of this article may be applied at the 5 discretion of the trial court as an alternate means of 6 detention.



CHAPTER 119 (Com. Sub. for H. B. 4666-By Delegate Spencer)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections fifteen-a and nineteena, article fourteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as

[Ch. 119

amended; and to amend and reenact section three, article fourteen, chapter eight of said code, all relating to prohibiting off-duty employment of law-enforcement officers in labor disputes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections fifteen-a and nineteen-a, article fourteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section three, article fourteen, chapter eight of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 8. Municipal Corporations.

CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 14. CIVIL SERVICE FOR DEPUTY SHERIFFS.

- §7-14-15a. Additional part-time police work permitted.
- §7-14-19a. Additional police work for deputy sheriffs in noncivil service counties.

§7-14-15a. Additional part-time police work permitted.

1 Deputy sheriffs shall be allowed to engage in police 2 work for pay in addition to their regular work as a 3 deputy sheriff. However, they may not engage in such 4 police work for any party engaged in or involved in any 5 labor trouble or dispute between employer and 6 employee.

7 The deputy sheriffs civil service commission shall prescribe and enforce rules and regulations fixing the 8 terms and conditions under which deputy sheriffs may 9 engage in police work in addition to their normal duties 10 as deputy sheriffs. These rules and regulations must 11 prohibit discrimination, as far as practicable, between 12 deputy sheriffs with regard to the allocation of addi-13 tional police work. No sheriff may have a direct or 14 15 indirect pecuniary interest in any outside employment. A deputy sheriff performing additional police work 16 shall wear an identifying armband to indicate special 17 18 duty.

Ch. 119]

§7-14-19a. Additional police work for deputy sheriffs in noncivil service counties.

1 The sheriff of any county with a population of less 2 than twelve thousand five hundred which has not 3 adopted civil service for deputy sheriffs pursuant to the provisions of section nineteen, article fourteen, chapter 4 seven, may allow his deputy sheriffs to do additional 5 6 police work in addition to their normal duties as a 7 deputy sheriff. However, they may not be allowed to 8 engage in such police work for any party engaged in or 9 involved in any labor trouble or dispute between 10 employer and employee. Before such sheriff shall be 11 allowed to grant such additional police work to his deputy sheriffs, he must prepare a plan setting forth the 12 terms and conditions under which his deputy sheriffs 13 14 may engage in additional police work. Such terms and 15 conditions must prohibit discrimination between deputies with regard to the allocation of additional police 16 work. Such plans shall be submitted to the county 17 18 commission of such county and shall be subject to the 19 approval of said county commission. No sheriff may 20 have a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in any 21 outside employment. A deputy sheriff performing additional police work shall wear an identifying 22 23 armband to indicate special duty.

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 14. LAW AND ORDER; POLICE FORCE OR DEPART-MENTS; POWERS, AUTHORITY AND DUTIES OF LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS AND POLICE-MEN; POLICE MATRONS; SPECIAL SCHOOL ZONE AND PARKING LOT OR PARKING BUILD-ING POLICE OFFICERS; CIVIL SERVICE FOR CERTAIN POLICE DEPARTMENTS.

§8-14-3. Powers, authority and duties of law-enforcement officials and policemen.

1 The chief and any member of the police force or 2 department of a municipality and any municipal 3 sergeant shall have all of the powers, authority, rights 4 and privileges within the corporate limits of the 5 municipality with regard to the arrest of persons, the

LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

6 collection of claims, and the execution and return of any 7 search warrant, warrant of arrest or other process. which can legally be exercised or discharged by a 8 9 deputy sheriff of a county. In order to arrest for the 10 violation of municipal ordinances and as to all matters 11 arising within the corporate limits and coming within 12 the scope of his official duties, the powers of any chief. 13 policeman or sergeant shall extend anywhere within the 14 county or counties in which the municipality is located, 15 and any such chief, policeman or sergeant shall have the 16 same authority of pursuit and arrest beyond his normal jurisdiction as has a sheriff. For an offense committed 17 18 in his presence, any such officer may arrest the offender 19 without a warrant and take him before the mayor or 20police court or municipal court to be dealt with 21 according to law. He and his sureties shall be liable to 22 all the fines, penalties and forfeitures which a deputy 23 sheriff is liable to, for any failure or dereliction in such 24 office, to be recovered in the same manner and in the same courts in which such fines, penalties and forfei-2526 tures are recovered against a deputy sheriff. In addition to the mayor, or police court judge or municipal court 27 judge. if any, of a city, the chief of police of any 28 29 municipality and in the absence from the station house 30 of the chief of police the captains of police and lieuten-31 ants of police shall each have authority to administer 32 oaths to complainants and to issue arrest warrants 33 thereon for all violations of the ordinances of such 34 municipality.

35 It shall be the duty of the mayor and police officers 36 of every municipality and any municipal sergeant to aid 37 in the enforcement of the criminal laws of the state within the municipality, independently of any charter 38 provision or any ordinance or lack of an ordinance with 39 respect thereto, and to cause the arrest of or arrest any 40 offender and take him before a magistrate to be dealt 41 42 with according to the law. Failure on the part of any such official or officer to discharge any duty imposed by 43 the provisions of this section shall be deemed official 44 misconduct for which he may be removed from office. 45 Any such official or officer shall have the same authority 46 to execute a warrant issued by a magistrate, and the 47

48 same authority to arrest without a warrant for offenses49 committed in his presence, as a deputy sheriff.

50 No officer or member of the police force or depart-51 ment of a municipality may aid or assist either party 52 in any labor trouble or dispute between employer and 53 employee. They shall in such cases see that the statutes 54 and laws of this state and municipal ordinances are enforced in a legal way and manner. Nor shall he or she 55 56 engage in off-duty police work for any party engaged in or involved in such labor dispute or trouble between 57 58 employer and employee.

59 The chief of police shall be charged with the keeping 60 and security of the jail and at any time that one or more 61 prisoners are being held in the jail, he shall require that 62 the jail be attended by a police officer or other 63 responsible person.



[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to legislative authorization of legislative rules proposed by various executive agencies following review by the legislative rule-making review committee and recommended by the legislative rulemaking review committee as filed, with modifications as filed, as amended, or as directed and authorized; declaration by the Legislature of legislative rules authorized as complying with the intent of the statute under which the legislative rule was proposed.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

CHAPTER 64. LEGISLATIVE RULES.

Article

- 1. General Legislative Authorization.
- 2. Authorization for Department of Administration to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 3. Authorization for Department of Commerce, Labor and Environmental Resources to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 4. Authorization for Department of Education and the Arts to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 5. Authorization for Department of Health and Human Resources to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 6. Authorization for Department of Public Safety to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 7. Authorization for Department of Tax and Revenue to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 8. Authorization for Department of Transportation to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 9. Authorization for Miscellaneous Agencies and Boards to promulgate Legislative Rules.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL LEGISLATIVE AUTHORIZATION.

- §64-1-1. Legislative authorization.
- §64-1-2. Effective date of rules.
- §64-1-3. Technical deficiencies waived.

§64-1-1. Legislative authorization.

Under the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-1 nine-a of the code of West Virginia, the Legislature 2 3 expressly authorizes the promulgation of the rules 4 described in articles two through nine of this chapter, subject only to the limitations set forth with respect to 5 each such rule in the section or sections of this chapter 6 authorizing its promulgation. The Legislature further 7 declares that all rules now or hereafter authorized 8 under articles two through nine of this chapter are 9 within the legislative intent of the statute which the rule 10 11 is intended to implement, extend, apply or interpret.

§64-1-2. Effective date of rules.

The effective date of the legislative rules authorized 1 in articles two through nine of this chapter shall be 2 governed by the provisions of section thirteen, article 3 three, chapter twenty-nine-a, unless the agency promul-4 gating the rules establishes an effective date which is 5 earlier than that provided by section thirteen, article 6 three, chapter twenty-nine-a, in which case the effective 7 date established by the agency shall control, unless the 8

- 9 Legislature in the bill authorizing the rules establishes
- 10 an effective date for such rules in which case the
- 11 effective date established by the Legislature shall
- 12 control.

§64-1-3. Technical deficiencies waived.

The Legislature further declares each legislative rule 1 2 now or hereafter authorized under articles two through 3 nine of this chapter to have been validly promulgated 4 notwithstanding any failure to comply with any require-5 ment of chapter twenty-nine-a for the promulgation of rules at any stage of the promulgation process prior to 6 7 authorization by the Legislature in articles two through 8 nine of this chapter.

ARTICLE 2. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF ADMINIS-TRATION TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-2-1. Employee suggestion award board.
- §64-2-2. Division of finance and administration.
- §64-2-3. Division of personnel.
- §64-2-4. Public employees insurance agency.
- §64-2-5. Board of risk and insurance management.
- §64-2-6. Teachers retirement board.

§64-2-1. Employee suggestion award board.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-third day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-two, relating to the employee suggestion award
- 4 board (public employee suggestion program), are authorized.

§64-2-2. Division of finance and administration.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 2 3 eighty-eight, modified by the director of the purchasing division of the department of finance and administration 4 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 5 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 6 7 nineteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-nine, relating to the director of the purchasing division of the department of finance and administration 9 (purchasing division), are authorized. 10

§64-2-3. Division of personnel.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the nineteenth day of November, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-six, modified by the civil service 4 commission to meet the objection of the legislative rule-5 making review committee and refiled in the state 6 register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand 7 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the civil service commission (civil service system), are authorized. 8

9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred 10 eighty-eight, modified by the civil service commission to 11 12 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the 13 14 twenty-third day of February, one thousand nine 15 hundred eighty-nine, relating to the civil service commission (civil service system), are authorized with 16 17 the amendments set forth below:

18 On page fifteen, section 5.05(d), after the words 19 "established in" by striking out the remainder of the 20 sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the words 21 "Chapter 29-6A of the Code of West Virginia, as 22 amended."

On page fifteen, section 5.06, after the words "established in" by striking out the remainder of the sentence
and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Chapter 29-6A
of the Code of West Virginia, as amended."

27 And

28 On pages sixteen and seventeen by deleting all of 29 section 5.07.

30 And,

On page 46, section 13(f) line 2 by striking the words
"previously held".

§64-2-4. Public employees insurance agency.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

2 the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred

3 eighty-three, relating to the public employees insurance

4 board (public employees insurance plan), are authorized
5 with the amendments set forth below:

6 §6.03.—In the second sentence delete the words 7 "Executive Secretary" and insert the word "Board".

8 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of September, one thousand nine 9 hundred eighty-four, modified by the public employees 10 11 insurance board to meet the objections of the legislative 12 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 13 register on the fourth day of March, one thousand nine 14 hundred eighty-five, relating to the public employees insurance board (credit for accrued sick/annual leave 15 16 and optional life insurance), are authorized.

17 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 18 the twelfth day of September, one thousand nine 19 hundred eighty-four, relating to the public employees 20 insurance board (late enrollment in the public em-21 ployees insurance program), are authorized with the 22 amendments set forth below:

23 §2.01(b) shall read as follows:

24 "(b) 'children' shall mean unmarried children between 25birth and age nineteen and shall include: (1) The employee's natural children, (2) legally adopted child-26 27 ren, including children living with the employee during 28 the period of probation. (3) stepchildren residing in the 29 employee's household and (4) other children fully 30 dependent upon the employee for support and maintenance and residing in the household of which the 31 employee is head and actually being supported by the 32 employee. Children may be included after the attain-33 34 ment of age nineteen, but not beyond the attainment of 35 age twenty-five, if they are enrolled as full-time 36 students, are unmarried, and are dependent upon the 37 employee for support. Children may also be included 38 after the attainment of age nineteen while incapable of 39 self-support because of mental illness, mental retardation or a permanent physical disability, if the child was 40 dependent upon the employee for support and mainte-41 nance at the onset of the mental illness, mental 42 retardation or permanent physical disability. For the 43

LEGISLATIVE RULES

44 purpose of this section, mental illness includes addiction as defined in Code 27-1-11 as is defined as a manifes-45 46 tation in a person of significantly impaired capacity to 47 maintain acceptable levels of functioning in the areas of 48 intellect, emotion and physical well-being, only if such 49 impairment renders the person dangerous to himself or 50 others or such person is substantially unable to protect 51 himself from significant hazard: Provided. That child-52 ren included because of addiction as hereinbefore 53 defined shall not be included beyond the attainment of 54 age twenty-five."

55 On page six, at 4.01(g)(2) shall read as follows:

56 "The end of any 12 month period after enrollment during which no diagnosis or treatment is received, and no expenses are incurred for care of the injury, illness or related conditions."

60 Also, insert a new section, designated section 5.07, to 61 read as follows:

62 "5.07.—Coverage for dependents shall terminate at the 63 end of the month in which they no longer meet the 64 definition of 'dependent' as set forth in section 2.01 of 65 these rules."

§64-2-5. Board of risk and insurance management.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the board of risk and 4 insurance management (mine subsidence), are 5 authorized.

6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand nine 8 hundred eighty-five, modified by the state board of risk 9 and insurance management to meet the objections of the 10 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 11 the state register on the eighth day of December, one 12 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of risk and insurance management (mine subsi-13 dence insurance program), are authorized. 14

15 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

16 the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand nine 17 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the board of risk and 18 insurance management to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 19 20the state register on the seventeeth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the 2122board of risk and insurance management (West Virginia board of risk and insurance management), are autho-2324 rized.

§64-2-6. Teachers retirement board.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-two, relating to the teachers retirement board, 4 are authorized with the following amendments:

5 Section VI, subsection 6, D, (a)(ii) of the rules is to be 6 amended on line two by striking out the words "(3) thru 7 (7)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "(3) thru (13)"; Section VII, subsection 7, B, (c) of the rules is to 8 9 be amended on line three after the word "100" by striking out the word "consecutive," and by redesignat-10 ing the subsection as subsection "(a)"; and Section X, 11 12 subsection 10. A. (c), of the rules is to be amended on line one after the word "physicians," by striking out the 13 words "of member's choice," and inserting in lieu thereof 14 the words "one selected by the Board and one selected 15 16 by the member".

ARTICLE 3. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF COM-MERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RE-SOURCES TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-3-1. Air pollution control commission.
- §64-3-2. Division of banking.
- §64-3-3. Division of commerce.
- §64-3-4. Division of energy.
- §64-3-5. Enterprise zone authority.
- §64-3-6. West Virginia industrial and trade jobs development corporation.
- §64-3-7. Division of labor.
- §64-3-8. Division of natural resources.
- §64-3-9. Water development authority.
- §64-3-10. Water resources board.
- §64-3-11. Economic development authority.

§64-3-1. Air pollution control commission.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
 eighty-two, relating to the air pollution control commis sion (series VII), are authorized.

(b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-two, relating to the air pollution control commission (series XIX), are authorized.

9 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10 the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine 11 hundred eighty-three, relating to the air pollution 12 control commission (emission standards for hazardous 13 air pollutants) (series XV), are authorized.

(d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three, relating to the air pollution
control commission (standards of performance for new
stationary sources) (series XVI), are authorized.

(e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the air pollution control commission (to prevent and control air pollution from hazardous
waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities)(series
XXV), are authorized with the amendments set forth
below:

Page 3, §1.06, change the § title from "Enforcement"
to "Procedure"; place an "(a)" in front of the existing
paragraph and add the following:

29 "(b) Permit applications filed pursuant to this regu-30 lation shall be processed in accordance with the 31 permitting procedures as set forth in code §20-5E of this 32 regulation. Permit procedures set forth in code §16-20 33 and any other regulation of this commission are not 34 applicable to any permit application filed pursuant to 35 this regulation."

36 Such rules shall also include a section which shall 37 read as follows:

930

38 "The commission shall report to the legislative rule-39 making review committee as required by that commit-40 tee, but in no event later than the first day of the regular session of the Legislature in the year one thousand nine 41 42 hundred eighty-five. Such report shall include informa-43 tion regarding the commission's data gathering efforts. 44 the development of compliance programs, the progress 45 in implementation, and such other matters as the 46 committee may require, pertaining to the regulations 47 hereby authorized."

48 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 49 the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 50 eighty-four, relating to the air pollution control commis-51 sion (permits for construction and modification of 52 stationary sources of air pollution for the prevention of 53 significant deterioration) (series XIV), are authorized.

54 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 55 the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the air pollution 56 57control commission to meet the objections of the 58 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 59 the state register on the twenty-third day of February. 60 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. relating to the 61 air pollution control commission (prevention and control 62 of air pollution from hazardous waste treatment, storage 63 or disposal facilities), are authorized.

(h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 64 65 the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the air pollution 66 67 control commission to meet the objections of the 68 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 69 the state register on the twenty-third day of February, 70 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the air pollution control commission (good engineering 7172 practice as applicable to stack heights), are authorized.

(i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-eight, modified by the air pollution
control commission to meet the objections of the
legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in

the state register on the twenty-third day of February,
one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the
air pollution control commission (TP-2, compliance test
procedures for regulation 2-to prevent and control
particulate air pollution from combustion of fuel in
indirect heat exchangers), are authorized.

84 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 85 the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 86 eighty-nine, modified by the air pollution control 87 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-88 making review committee and refiled in the state 89 register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine 90 hundred ninety, relating to the air pollution control 91 commission (ambient air quality standards for sulfur 92 oxides and particulate matter), are authorized.

93 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 94 the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the air pollution control 95 96 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-97 making review committee and refiled in the state 98 register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine 99 hundred ninety, relating to the air pollution control 100 commission (prevention of air pollution emergency 101 episodes), are authorized.

102 (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 103 the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 104 eighty-nine, modified by the air pollution control 105commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-106 making review committee and refiled in the state 107 register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine 108 hundred ninety, relating to the air pollution control 109 commission (permits for construction and major modi-110 fication of major stationary sources of air pollution for 111 the prevention of significant deterioration), are 112 authorized.

(m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-nine, relating to the air pollution control commission (standards of performance for new stationary
sources), are authorized.

(n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-nine, relating to the air pollution control commission (emission standards for hazardous air pollutants),
are authorized.

123 (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 124 the sixteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the air pollution control 125 126 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 127 128 register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine 129 hundred ninety, relating to the air pollution control 130 commission (prevention and control of emissions of toxic 131 air pollutants), are authorized.

§64-3-2. Division of banking.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-two, relating to commissioner of banking (com-4 munication terminals and interchange systems), are 5 authorized.

6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine 8 hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of 9 banking (consumer credit sales), are authorized.

10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the nineteenth day of August, one thousand nine 12 hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of 13 banking (legal lending limit), are authorized.

14 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of November, one thousand nine 15 hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of 16 banking to meet the objections of the legislative rule-17 making review committee and refiled in the state 18 register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand 19 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of 20 banking (implementing the West Virginia community 21 22 reinvestment act), are authorized.

(e) The legislative rules filed in the state register onthe twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine

LEGISLATIVE RULES

hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of
banking to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state
register on the seventh day of December, one thousand
nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner
of banking (subsidiary bank holding the stock of its
parent company as collateral), are authorized.

§64-3-3. Division of commerce.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the eighteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of 3 commerce to meet the objections of the legislative rule-4 making review committee and refiled in the state 5 register on the ninth day of October, one thousand nine 6 7 hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of commerce (public use of West Virginia state parks, 8 forests, and hunting and fishing areas), are authorized 9 10 with the amendments as set forth below:

11 On page 1, section 2.1 after the words "fishing area." 12 add "This rule does not apply to the erection of 13 temporary blinds or tree stands in public hunting 14 areas."

And, on page 3, section 2.12 after the word "guests"
by adding "licensed hunters and fishermen while
hunting or fishing".

And, on page 5, section 2.22 by adding at the end of 18 the section the following sentence: "Any person may 19 apply to the Superintendent of the park for a special 20 event permit and pay an application fee for use of 21 firearms during historical reenactments, or the use of 22 hay, straw, boughs, pine needles or similar materials for 23 special events. The Park Superintendent may issue a 24 permit to limit areas of use of any of these exceptions 25 and require damage assessments, if necessary." 26

27 On page 8, section 4.5 by deleting the word "water" 28 and inserting in lieu thereof the word "swimming pool", 29 and on page 9 section 4.5 after the word "water." add 30 the following: "These restrictions do not apply to 31 swimming areas which are natural bodies of water." 32 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 33 the thirteenth day of September, one thousand nine 34 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the commissioner of 35 commerce to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 36 register on the thirteenth day of December, one 37 38 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of commerce (public use of state recrea-39 tional areas), are authorized with the following **40** 41 amendment:

42 On page 9, after the word "Code", by adding a new 43 section, designated section six, to read as follows:

44 "144-1-6. Contracts, public hearings and procedural 45 requirements.

46 6.1 The commissioner may not solicit nor enter into contracts, except for the operation of a commissary, 47 48 restaurant or marina for a period of less than ten years, 49 until a master plan for the administration of that state 50 park or recreation area has been developed. He or she 51 shall supervise the preparation of the plan and may utilize the staff of the division of natural resources or 52 53 any other state governmental agency whose expertise he 54 or she desires to enlist in the preparation thereof. The commissioner shall solicit public participation and 55 involvement in all stages of the preparation of the plan 56 57 and in the preparation of any requests for proposals for 58 the development of a revenue producing facility, as 59 described herein, with a contract duration in excess of 60 ten years. The plan shall be consistent with the environmental, recreational and cultural goals of the 61 state park and recreation areas system of the state and, 62 63 to the extent practicable, with the public comments and 64 input received during plan development.

65 6.2 If the commissioner intends to accept a proposal 66 for the development of a revenue producing facility, as 67 described herein, such proposal shall be made available 68 to the public in a convenient location in the county 69 wherein the proposed facility may be located. The 70 commissioner shall publish a notice of the proposal by 71 Class I legal advertisement in accordance with the

LEGISLATIVE RULES

72 provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code. 73 The publication area is the county in which the proposed 74 facility would be located. Any citizen may communicate 75 by writing to the commissioner his or her opposition or 76 approval to such proposal within a period of not less 77 than thirty days from the date of the publication of 78 notice.

79 6.3 No contract of a term greater than ten years may 80 be entered into by the commissioner until a public hearing is held in the vicinity of the location of the 81 82 proposed facility with at least two weeks notice of such 83 hearing by Class I publication pursuant to section two. 84 article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code. The commissioner shall make findings prior to rendering a 85 86 decision on any proposed contract of a duration of more 87 than ten years. All studies, records, documents and 88 other materials which are considered by the commis-89 sioner in making such findings as required herein shall 90 be made available for public inspection at the time of 91 the publication of the notice of public hearing and at a 92 convenient location in the county where the proposed 93 development may be located. Persons attending such 94 hearings shall be permitted a reasonable opportunity to 95 be heard on the proposed development.

96 6.4 At such hearing the commissioner shall present in
97 writing the following findings and supporting state98 ments therefor:

99 (A) That the proposed development will not deprive
100 users of the state park or recreational area of existing
101 recreational facilities in any significant fashion;

102 (B) That the proposed development will not have
103 substantial negative impact on the environmental,
104 scenic or cultural qualities of the said park or area; and

105 (C) That the proposed development, considered as a 106 whole, is of benefit to the recreational goals of the state 107 and is consistent with the master plan developed for that 108 park or recreational area.

109 6.5 Following a public hearing as prescribed herein110 any interested person may submit to the commissioner

111 written comments on the proposed development. All 112 comments made at a hearing, in addition to those 113 received in writing within thirty days after any such 114 hearing, shall be considered by the commissioner in the 115 determination of whether to approve the proposed 116 development.

6.6 The commissioner may not enter into any contract
of a duration of more than ten years unless all procedures and requirements as prescribed by this section
have been complied with.

6.7 The commissioner shall make a decision whether
to approve any proposal to enter into a contract for a
duration of more than ten years within sixty days after
the conclusion of the hearing as specified herein."

§64-3-4. Division of energy.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
 the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred
 eighty-two, relating to the department of mines (energy)
 (mine safety program), are authorized.

5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of 8 energy (governing the safety of those employed in and 9 around surface mines), are authorized.

10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the seventh day of December, one thousand nine 12 hundred eighty-three, relating to the office of oil and 13 gas, department of mines (energy) (oil and gas and other 14 wells), are authorized with the amendments set forth 15 below:

16 Page viii, place an * in front of section 32.02.

17 Page ix, after section 35.04 add the following:

18 "*35.05 Extra Powers of the Administrator64."

Page 1, section 1.03 in the list of additional regulations, add 35.05; in the list of revised regulations, add
32.02, 32.03 and 33.00.

Page 52, section 32.04 and section 32.05 add at the end of (ii) the words "and (iii) definition of proration unit".

LEGISLATIVE RULES

Page 53, section 33 after the word "definitions" add the following sentence: "The following definitions are applicable to these regulations used for purposes of implementing the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 and are not intended to be used in any other context."

Page 55, section 33.02 (b)(16) after the word "formations" in the third lines of (i) and (ii), add the words "for
which a well has been".

32 Page 64, after section 35.04 add the following section:

33 "35.05 Extra Powers of the Administrator.

The administrator may also certify or provide a waiver for a well located within a proration unit as defined in 32.02 (b)(16) or any other well sought to be certified under these regulations after notice and hearing."

39 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 40 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 41 eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil 42 and gas of the department of energy to meet the 43 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-44 tee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, 45 relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of 46 the department of energy (oil and gas wells and other 47 48 wells), are authorized.

49 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 50 eighty-six, modified by the director of the oil and gas 51 52division of the department of energy to meet the 53 objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day 54 of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, 55 56 relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of 57 the department of energy (certification of gas wells), are 58 authorized.

59 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 60 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 61 eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil 62 and gas of the department of energy to meet the 63 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-64 tee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day 65 of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, 66 relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (underground injection 67 68 control), are authorized.

69 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 70 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 71 eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil 72 and gas of the department of energy to meet the 73 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-74 tee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day 75 of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, 76 relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of 77 the department of energy (state national pollutant 78 discharge elimination system (NPDES) program), are 79 authorized.

80 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 81 the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine 82 hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the 83 department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 84 the state register on the sixteenth day of December. one 85 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the 86 commissioner of the department of energy (standards 87 for certification of coal mine electricians), are autho-88 89 rized with the following amendments:

Page one, §2.1, subsection (a), following the second
word, "electrician" by striking the colon and inserting
the following: "under the supervision required by section
4.1(d) of these rules:".

Page one, §2.1, subsection (a), by deleting all of
subdivision (6) and renumbering the subsequent
subdivisions.

97 Page two, §2.1, subsection (a), by deleting all of 98 subdivision (9).

99 Page two, §2.1, subsection (b), by deleting all of

subdivision (14) and inserting in lieu thereof a new
subdivision (14) to read as follows: "(14) Replace blown
fuses on trolley poles and nips."

Page five, §4.1, subsection (d), line three, following the
words "certified electrician prior" by inserting the
words "to any work being performed and again prior".

106 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 107 the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine 108 hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the 109 department of energy to meet the objections of the 110 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 111 the state register on the twenty-first day of January, one 112 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 113 commissioner of the department of energy (safety training program for prospective underground coal 114 115 miners in West Virginia), are authorized.

116 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 117 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 118 eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the depart-119 ment of energy to meet the objections of the legislative 120 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 121 register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand 122 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of 123 the department of energy (miscellaneous water pollution 124 control), are authorized.

125 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 126 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 127 eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the depart-128 ment of energy to meet the objections of the legislative 129 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 130 register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand 131 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of 132 the department of energy (dam control), are authorized.

(1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative
rule-making review committee and refiled in the state
register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand
nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of

í

ŝ

the department of energy (solid waste management), areauthorized.

142(m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 143 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 144 eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the depart-145 ment of energy to meet the objections of the legislative 146 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 147 register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of 148 the department of energy (hazardous waste manage-149 150 ment), are authorized.

(n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twentieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the
department of energy (roof control), are authorized.

(o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the third day of April, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-seven, relating to the department of energy
(standards for certification of underground belt examiners for underground coal mines), are authorized.

160 (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 161 the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred 162 eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the 163 department of energy (performance standards for 164 blasting on surface mines), are authorized.

165 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 166 the twelfth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 167 eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the 168 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 169 170 the state register on the twentieth day of February, one 171 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 172 commissioner of the department of energy (state national pollutant discharge elimination system 173 174 (NPDES) for mines and minerals), are authorized.

(r) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the
department of energy to promulgate the procedural
rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day
of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven,

LEGISLATIVE RULES	
-------------------	--

- 179 relating to the department of energy (requests for180 information) with the amendments set forth below:
- 181 On page two, subsection 3.1, by striking subdivision182 (d) and renumbering the remaining subdivisions.
- 183 And,

184 On page three, section 6, by striking all of subsection185 6.1 and inserting in lieu thereof, the following:

"6.1 The department shall establish fixed rate fees for
reproduction of documents, records, and files on the
basis of the actual cost of such reproduction and shall
document such costs: *Provided*, That where total costs
are less than five dollars, no fee shall be charged."

191 (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred 192 193 eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of the 194 department of energy to meet the objections of the 195 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 196 the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one 197 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 198 commissioner of the department of energy (blasters 199 certification for surface coal mines and surface areas of 200 coal mines), are authorized.

201 (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 202 the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine 203 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the 204 205 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 206 the state register on the twenty-eighth day of November, 207 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 208 commissioner of the department of energy (abandoned 209 mine reclamation). are authorized.

210 (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 211 the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine 212 hundred eighty-eight, and modified to meet the objec-213 tions of the West Virginia Legislature and refiled in the 214 state register on the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner 215 of the department of energy (West Virginia surface 216 mining reclamation regulations (repealer)), are autho-217 rized. 218

942

í

219(v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine 220 221 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of 222 energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-223 making review committee and refiled in the state 224 register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine 225 hundred ninety, relating to the department of energy 226 (submission and approval of a comprehensive mine 227 safety program for coal mining operations in the State 228 of West Virginia), are authorized.

229 (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 230 the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine 231 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of energy 232 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 233 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 234 twenty-fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 235 ninety, relating to the division of energy (surface mining 236 reclamation), are authorized with the amendments set forth below: 237

On page 64, section 3.25(a)(2), after the words "section 18 of the Act and paragraph" by deleting the "(c)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(a), (b), (c), (d), (i), (j), and (k)".

242 And,

243 On page 148, section 12.4(d)(2), by deleting the current 244 language and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2) In the event the Commissioner is unable to collect 245 246 the costs from the permittee, the Commissioner shall in a timely manner but not later than one hundred eighty 247 days after forfeiture of the site-specific bond utilize 248 moneys in the Special Reclamation Fund created by 249 Subsection (g), Section 11 of the Act, to accomplish the 250 completion of reclamation, including the requirements 251 of Section 23 of the Act and Subsection 14.5 of these 252 regulations governing water quality." 253

§64-3-5. Enterprise zone authority.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the

LEGISLATIVE RULES

2 twenty-sixth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-eight, modified by the enterprise zone authority 4 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 5 review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of February, one thousand nine 6 7 hundred eighty-nine, relating to the enterprise zone 8 authority (creation of enterprise zone authority to designate certain enterprise zones and provide for tax 9 benefits within those zones), are authorized. 10

§64-3-6. West Virginia industrial and trade jobs development corporation.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 1 fifteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-six, modified by the West Virginia industrial and 3 4 trade jobs development corporation to meet the objec-5 tions of the legislative rule-making review committee 6 and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, 7 relating to the West Virginia industrial and trade jobs 8 development corporation (general administration of the 9 West Virginia capital company act and establishment of 10 application procedures to implement the act). are 11 12 authorized.

§64-3-7. Division of labor.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
 the tenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty two, relating to the commissioner of labor (steam boiler
 rules) as modified by the legislative rule-making review
 committee are authorized.

6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the seventh day of December, one thousand nine 8 hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of 9 labor (hazardous chemical substances), are authorized.

10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the second day of February, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-four, relating to the department of labor (poly-13 graph examinations), are authorized.

14 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on15 the twenty-second day of December, one thousand nine

ł

16 hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of

17 labor (West Virginia occupational safety and health act),18 are authorized.

19 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 20 the twenty-second day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of 21 22 labor to meet the objections of the legislative rule-23 making review committee and refiled in the state 24 register on the twentieth day of January, one thousand 25nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner 26 of labor (wage payment and collection act), are 27 authorized.

(f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of
the department of labor (standards for weights and
measures inspectors—adoption of NBS Handbook 130,
1987), are authorized.

(g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twelfth day of January, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of labor
(steam boiler inspection fee schedule), are authorized.

38 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of September, one thousand nine 39 40 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the department of labor to meet the objections of the legislative rule-41 making review committee and refiled in the state 42 43 register on the seventh day of December, one thousand 44 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the department of 45 labor (amusement rides and amusement attractions 46 safety act), are authorized.

47 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 48 49 eighty-nine, modified by the department of labor to meet 50 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 51 committee and refiled in the state register on the first 52 day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, 53 relating to the department of labor (wage payment and collection act), are authorized. 54

ž

§64-3-8. Division of natural resources.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
 the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred
 eighty-three, relating to the department of natural
 resources (surface mining), are authorized with the
 amendments set forth below:

Page 3-4, §3E.01 by adding after the word "engineer"
the words "or licensed land surveyor".

8 Page 3-5, §3E.02, subsection (a), by adding after the
9 word "mining" the words "or civil".

Page 3-5, §3E.02, subsection (b), by adding after the
first sentence — "Those persons who have been approved
to date need not make said demonstration."

(b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of
natural resources (solid waste management), are
authorized with the amendments set forth below:

18 Page 9, section 4.04, line five, add the following19 paragraph:

20 "Upon request of any applicant, the division shall 21 meet with the applicant for prefiling review of the 22 application. The division, with the cooperation of the 23 solid waste authority, shall assist the applicant in 24 preparing a complete and proper application which 25 would not be rejected as incomplete."

26 On page 15, section 6.03 (c)(1) in the first full sentence, after the word "cease", strike the remainder of the 27 28 sentence and insert in lieu thereof the words "within 29 fifteen (15) days of receipt of an order of suspension" and 30 in the second sentence strike the word "recommence" 31 and insert the words "continue beyond fifteen (15) days"; 32 (c)(2) in the first full sentence, after the word "cease" 33 by striking out the remainder of the sentence and insert in lieu thereof the words "immediately upon receipt of 34 35 an order of revocation."

36 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on37 the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine

hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of
natural resources (public use of state parks, forests,
hunting and fishing areas), are authorized.

41 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 42 the seventh day of November, one thousand nine 43 hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of 44 natural resources (surface mining reclamation), are 45 authorized.

(e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the seventh day of November, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of
natural resources (coal refuse disposal), are authorized.

50 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 51 the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 52 eighty-four, relating to the department of natural 53 resources (transfer of the state national pollutant 54 discharge elimination system program), are authorized 55 with the amendments set forth below:

Page 10-5, by striking § 10B.19 and inserting in lieu 56 thereof a new § 10B.19, to read as follows: "'Effluent 57 58 limitations guidelines' means a regulation published by the Administrator under Section 304(b) or Section 59 301(b)(1)(B) of the CWA to adopt or revise effluent 60 limitations or levels of effluent quality attainable 61 through the application of secondary or equivalent 62 63 treatment. For the coal industry these regulations are published at 40 C.F.R. Parts 434 and 133. (See: 64 65 Appendix G and H)".

66 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 67 the twenty-eighth day of August, one thousand nine 68 hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of 69 natural resources (small arms hunting), are authorized.

(h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the department of natural
resources (hazardous waste management), are
authorized.

(i) The legislative rules filed in the state register onthe third day of December, one thousand nine hundred

LEGISLATIVE RULES

e

eighty-four, modified by the department of natural
resources to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state
register on the thirteenth day of February, one thousand
nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the department of
natural resources (hazardous waste management), are
authorized.

(j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the tenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-five, relating to the department of natural
resources (hazardous waste management: small quantity
generators and waste minimization certification), are
authorized with the amendments set forth below:

90 On page 1, §3.1.4b, delete the word "or" in the 91 reference to "paragraph (g) or (j)" and insert in lieu 92 thereof the words "and, if applicable".

(k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the ninth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-five, relating to the department of natural
resources (WV/NPDES regulations for the coal mining
point source category and related sewage facilities), are
authorized.

99 (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine 100 hundred eighty-five, modified by the department of 101 102 natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative 103 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 104 register on the twentieth day of February, one thousand 105 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the department of 106 natural resources (hazardous waste management), are 107 authorized.

(m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 108 109 the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the department of 110 111 natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative 112 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of December, one thousand 113 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the department of 114 natural resources (hazardous waste management regu-115 lations), are authorized. 116

(n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the seventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-six, relating to the director of the department of
natural resources (procedures for transporting and
dealing in furbearing animals), are authorized.

122 (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 123 the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine 124 hundred eighty-six, relating to the department of 125 natural resources (WV/NPDES program for coal mines 126 and preparation plants, and the refuse and waste 127 therefrom), are authorized with the amendments set 128 forth below:

129 On page four, § 1.9.1.a by inserting the words "five 130 thousand dollars or" after the words "'significant 131 portion of income' means",

132 And,

133 On page four, § 1.9.1.a by inserting the words
134 "whichever is less," after the words "ten percent or more
135 of gross personal income for a calendar year".

(p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the fifth day of March, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-six, relating to the department of natural
resources (hazardous waste management), are
authorized.

(q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-seven, relating to the department of natural
resources (WV/NPDES regulations for coal mining
facilities), are authorized.

(r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department
of natural resources (outfitters and guides), are
authorized.

(s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-seven, relating to the department of natural
resources (hazardous waste management regulations),
are authorized.

(t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the fifth day of March, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-seven, relating to the department of natural
resources (hazardous waste management regulations,
series 35), are authorized.

(u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the seventh day of December, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of
natural resources (hazardous waste management regulations, series 35), are authorized.

166 (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 167 the sixteenth day of December, one thousand nine 168 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the department of 169 natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative 170 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 171 register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand 172 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the department of 173 natural resources (solid waste management), are 174 authorized.

175 (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 176 the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand nine 177 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the director of the 178 department of natural resources to meet the objections 179 of the legislative rule-making review committee and 180 refiled in the state register on the seventh day of 181 August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, 182 relating to the director of the department of natural 183 resources (boating regulations), are authorized with the 184 amendment set forth below:

185 On page 16, section 6.2, line 3 by inserting following 186 the period "This regulation does not apply to licensed 187 outfitters and guides." These rules were proposed by the 188 director of the department of natural resources pursu-189 ant to section seven, article one and section twenty-two, 190 article seven, chapter twenty of this code.

191 (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
192 the second day of September, one thousand nine
193 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the department of

194 natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative 195 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 196 register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand 197 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the department of 198 natural resources (hazardous waste management), are 199 authorized.

200 (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 201 the thirty-first day of August, one thousand nine 202 hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the 203 department of natural resources (boating), are 204 authorized.

205 (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 206 the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 207 eighty-eight, modified by the director of the department 208 of natural resources to meet the objections of the 209 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 210 the state register on the thirtieth day of August, one 211 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 212 director of the department of natural resources (com-213 mercial sale of wildlife), are authorized.

(aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the
department of natural resources (catching and selling
bait fish), are authorized.

(bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the
department of natural resources (West Virginia public
hunting and fishing areas), are authorized with the
following amendment:

225 On page three, section 3.8.4, by inserting after the 226 word "vehicle" the following: ", all terrain vehicle 227 (ATV)".

(cc) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the seventeenth day of March, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of natural
resources to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state

LEGISLATIVE RULES

register on the sixteenth day of January, one thousand
nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural
resources (solid waste management), are authorized
with the amendments set forth below:

237 On page 13, section 3.2.6, by deleting the current 238 language and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

239 "3.2.6. Within two hundred (200) feet of faults that
240 have had displacement in Holocence time (i.e., during
241 the last eleven thousand years);"

On page 64, section 3.14.25, by deleting the current
language and inserting in lieu thereof the following
language:

"3.14.25. Environmental Compliance History. The 245 246 chief or the director may refuse to grant any permit if 247 he has reasonable cause to believe, as indicated by 248 documented evidence, that the applicant, or any officer, director or manager, thereof, or shareholder owning 249 250 twenty percent (20%) or more of its capital stock, beneficial or otherwise, or other person conducting or 251 252 managing the affairs of the applicant or of the proposed 253 permitted premises, in whole or part, has exhibited a 254 pattern of violation of the environmental statutes or 255 regulations of this state, any other state, or the federal 256 government."

257 On page 104, section 4.5.4.a, by inserting after the 258 words "at that landfill" the following:

259 "Nothing within these regulations shall be construed 260 to allow the installations of any liner or system on areas 261 not lined as of November 30, 1989, that is not in 262 conformance with section 4.5.4.a.E or 4.5.4.a.G. of these 263 regulations. Landfills that do have an article 5f permit 264 and a liner installed as of November 30, 1989, may 265 install a liner as approved by the chief."

266 And,

267 On pages 147 through 151, sections 4.11.5 and 4.11.6,
268 by deleting the current language and inserting in lieu
269 thereof the following:

270 "4.11.5 Corrective Action Program.

952

271Whenever a statistically significant increase is found 272in a Phase II or Phase III monitoring parameter, or 273when groundwater contamination is otherwise identified 274 by the Chief at sites without monitoring programs. 275which is determined by the Chief to have resulted in a 276 significant adverse effect on an aquifer, and which is 277 attributable to a solid waste facility, the Chief may 278require appropriate corrective or remedial action 279 pursuant to West Virginia Code Chapter 20. Article 5A. 280and Chapter 20. Article 5F to abate, remediate or 281 correct such pollution. Any such corrective or remedial 282 action order shall take into account any applicable 283 groundwater quality protection standards, the existing use of such waters. the reasonable uses of such waters. 284 285 background water quality, and the protection of human 286 health and the environment."

(dd) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the seventeenth day of February, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the
department of natural resources (underground storage
tanks), are authorized.

(ee) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the
department of natural resources (transporting and
selling wildlife pelts), are authorized.

297 (ff) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 298 the seventeenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the director of the 299 300 department of natural resources to meet the objections 301 of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of August, 302 303 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (under-304 305 ground storage tank fee assessments), are authorized.

(gg) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-nine, modified by the director of the
department of natural resources to meet the objections
of the legislative rule-making review committee and

311 refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of

312 May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to 313 the director of the department of natural resources

314 (public hunting and fishing areas), are authorized.

(hh) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-nine, relating to the department of natural
resources (water pollution control permit fee schedules),
are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

320 On page five, section 3.3, by deleting the following: 321 "Submitted fees are not refundable."

322 On page two, after section 2.6, by inserting the 323 following:

324 "'customer' means any person that purchases waste 325 disposal services from a facility permitted under article five-a, chapter twenty, of the code of West Virginia, one 326 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended. For the 327 purposes of these regulations, commercial and other 328 non-single family dwelling customers shall be translated 329 into customer equivalents by dividing the total daily 330 estimated volume of waste water by three hundred and 331fifty gallons per day." and renumbering the remaining 332 subsections. 333

334 On page nine, section 7.2, by striking out the words 335 "seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750)." and inserting in 336 lieu thereof the following:

337 "determined using Table D, but in no case shall be less338 than two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250)."

339 And,

On page thirteen, by striking out all of Table D,
Schedule of Annual Permit Fees, and inserting in lieu
thereof a new Table D, designated "Schedule of Annual
Permit Fees", to read as follows:

347	Number of Customers	Annual Permit Fee
346	SEWAGE FACILITIES	
345	SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL PERMIT FEES	
344	"TABL	E D

348 less than 1000

Ch. 120]		Legislative Rules	955
349	1000 to 1499	\$	500
350	1500 to 1999	\$	750
351	2000 to 2499	Ś	1000
352	2500 to 2999	• \$	1250
353	3000 to 3499	\$	1500
354	3500 to 3999	\$	1750
355	4000 to 4499	\$	2000
356	4500 to 4999	\$	2250
357	greater than 5	000 \$	2500
358	INDUSTRIA	L OR OTHER WASTE FAC	ILITIES
35 9	Average Discha	arge Volume Annual H	Permit Fee
360	(gallons per d	ay)	
361	less than 1,000	\$	50
362	1,001 to 10,000	\$	500
363	10,001 to 50,00	0 \$	1000
364	greater than 5	0,000 \$	2500"

365 (ii) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 366 the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the director of the department 367 368 of natural resources to meet the objections of the 369 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 370 the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one 371 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (revoca-372 373 tion of hunting and fishing licenses), are authorized.

374 (ij) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 375 the twentieth day of December. one thousand nine 376 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of natural 377 resources to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 378 379 register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one 380 thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division 381 of natural resources (state water pollution control revolving fund program), are authorized. 382

§64-3-9. Water development authority.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-four, relating to the water development authority4 (hardship grant funds), are authorized.

5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-six, relating to the water development 8 authority (requirements governing disbursements of 9 loans and grants to governmental agencies for the 10 acquisition or construction of water development 11 projects), are authorized.

§64-3-10. Water resources board.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board 4 (underground injection control program), are 5 authorized.

6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine 8 hundred eighty-three, relating to the state water 9 resources board (special regulations), are authorized.

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board
(groundwater protection standards), are authorized.

(d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three, relating to the state water
resources board (state national pollutant discharge
elimination system (NPDES) program), are authorized.

19 (e) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the 20 state water resources board to promulgate rules relating to water quality standards in exact conformity with the 21 rules relating to water quality standards tendered to the 22 secretary of state on the seventh day of March. one 23 thousand nine hundred eighty-four, by the executive 24 secretary of the state water resources board, to be 25 received and filed for inclusion in the state register by 26 the secretary of state. 27

28 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

29 the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine 30 hundred eighty-five, and modified by the state water 31 resources board to meet the objections of the legislative 32 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 33 register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 34 35 state water resources board (special regulations), are 36 authorized.

37 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 38 the seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred 39 eighty-five, modified by the water resources board to 40 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the 41 thirteenth day of February. one thousand nine hundred 42 43 eighty-five, relating to the water resources board (water 44 quality standards), are authorized.

45 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 46 the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine 47 hundred eighty-five, modified by the state water 48 resources board to meet the objections of the legislative 49 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 50 register on the eighth day of January, one thousand nine 51hundred eighty-seven, and further modified by the state 52water resources board to meet the objections of the 53legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 54 the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February. one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 5556 state water resources board (water quality standards), 57 are authorized.

58 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 59 the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine 60 hundred eighty-five, modified by the state water 61 resources board to meet the objections of the legislative 62 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 63 register on the eighth day of January, one thousand nine 64 hundred eighty-seven, and further modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the 65 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 66 the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, 67 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 68 69 state water resources board (state national pollutant

LEGISLATIVE RULES

discharge elimination system (NPDES) program), areauthorized.

72 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 73 the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine 74 hundred eighty-five, and modified by the state water 75 resources board to meet the objections of the legislative 76 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February. one 77 78 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 79 state water resources board (underground injection 80 control program), are authorized.

81 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine 82 hundred eighty-five, and modified by the state water 83 resources board to meet the objections of the legislative 84 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 85 register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one 86 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 87 88 state water resources board (special regulations), are 89 authorized.

90 (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
91 the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred
92 eighty-seven, relating to the water resources board
93 (water quality standards), are authorized.

94 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
95 the fourteenth day of October, one thousand nine
96 hundred eighty-eight, relating to the water resources
97 board (water quality standards), are authorized.

§64-3-11. Economic development authority.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 1 twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia economic 3 development authority to meet the objections of the 4 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 5 the state register on the twenty-fifth day of January, one 6 thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the West 7 Virginia economic development authority (general 8 administration of the West Virginia capital company act 9 and the establishment of the application procedures to 10 11 implement the act), are authorized.

Ch. 120]

ARTICLE 4. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF EDUCA-TION AND THE ARTS TO PROMULGATE LEGIS-LATIVE RULES.

§64-4-1. Archives and history division.

§64-4-2. Library commission.

§64-4-1. Archives and history division.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the fourteenth day of September, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-four, relating to the archives and history 4 commission (certified local government program) are 5 authorized with the following amendments:

6 §4.02, subsections a, b, c, d, e, g and i are amended 7 in their entirety to read as follows:

8 "a. The local government shall have created a historic 9 landmark commission or commission, consisting of five 10 (5) members, to carry out the provisions of the ordinance 11 or order."

"b. HLC or commission membership shall be drawn 12 from among persons with demonstrated interest, 13 competence, or knowledge in historic preservation and 14 15 local history. To the extent available in the community. 16 members of the HLC shall be preservation-related 17 professionals (including the professions of history, architecture, architectural history, planning, real estate, 18 American studies, geography, landscape architecture, 19 20 law, engineering, or archaeology). When a discipline is not represented in the Commission membership, com-21 missioners shall seek expertise in this area when 22 reporting on National Register nominations and other 23 actions that will impact properties which are normally 24 25evaluated by a professional in such discipline. This may be accomplished through consultation with universities 26 or colleges. Prior to the consultation process, the 27 28 Commission must notify the State Historic Preservation Officer in writing that the appropriate professional 29 30 assistance has been obtained and identified."

31 "c. The local government, be certified without the 32 minimum number or types of professional disciplines, must report to the SHPO's satisfaction that it has made
a reasonable effort to fill those positions. The requirements for professional representation on the Commission
shall not exceed those of the State Review Board."

"d. Commission meetings shall be held at regular
intervals at least four times each year, advertised in
advance, and open to the public. The Commission shall
establish rules of procedure or bylaws including a code
of conduct."

42 "e. The Commission shall transmit an annual report of its activities to the State Historic Preservation 43 Officer. Such reports shall include, at a minimum, new 44 designations made, progress on survey activities, and 45 attendance records. Reports shall be submitted within 46 sixty days after the end of the fiscal year for the local 47 government or portion of the fiscal year in the first year 48 of the establishment of the commission. These reports 49 50 will be reviewed and evaluated by the SHPO to ensure 51that the Commission's activities are consistent with the 52 State Historic Preservation Plan."

53 "g. Records of proceedings shall be transmitted to the
54 State Historic Preservation Officer at the same time
55 they are transmitted to members of the Commission."

56 "i. Commission responsibilities must be complementary to and carried out in coordination with those of the 57 State Historic Preservation Office as outlined in 36 CFR 58 61.4(b). The State Historic Preservation Office shall 59 cooperate with the HLC or Commission by making 60 available materials and training to provide a working 61 62 knowledge of the roles and operations of federal, state and local preservation programs." 63

64 §5.01, subsections a and d are amended to read in 65 their entirety as follows:

66 "a. A written assurance by the chief elected official 67 that the local government does fulfill all the standards 68 for certification outlined above."

69 "d. Resumes of each of the members of the historic 70 landmark commission including credentials of member 71 expertise in fields related to historic preservation. Where no professional members have been appointed an
explanation and information demonstrating good faith
efforts to obtain such members shall be included."

75 §5.03 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

76 "5.03-Determination that Local Government Fulfills Requirements for Certification-If the State Historic 77 78 Preservation Officer determines that the local govern-79 ment fulfills the requirements for certification, the State 80 Historic Preservation Officer will prepare a written 81 certification agreement with the local government that 82 lists the specific responsibilities of the local government 83 where certified. These responsibilities will include those powers and duties as stated in 4.02. The SHPO will 84 85 notify the United States Secretary of the Interior, or 86 designee and furnish a copy of the approved request and 87 the certification agreement and shall respond to the 88 local government within fifteen days of the Secretary's 89 response."

90 The fourth line of §5.04 is amended to read as follows:
91 "Secretary of the Interior within 15 working days. The
92 certification".

93 The last line of §6 is amended to read as follows:
94 "(National Historic Preservation Act, Section 101(c)(2)".

95 The section heading to §6.01 is amended in its entirety
96 to read as follows: "6.01 Notification of Commission by
97 SHPO of National Register Nomination of Property
98 Within Local Government Jurisdiction—"

99 The last three lines of §6.01 are amended in their 100 entirety to read as follows: "101(a) of the National 101 Historic Preservation Act, as amended. The State may 102 expedite such process with the concurrence of the 103 certified local government."

104 The first line after the section heading of §6.02 is 105 amended to read as follows: "(National Historic Preser-106 vation Act, Sec. 101(c)(2)(b). If" and the third sentence 107 of said §6.02 is amended in its entirety to read as follows: 108 "If such an appeal is filed, the State shall follow the 109 procedures for making a nomination pursuant to 110 established procedures (section 101(a) of the Act)." 111 The second sentence of §6.03 is amended in its entirety 112 to read as follows: "If an HLC or commission does not 113 have a professional member with the necessary federal 114 qualifications in the area, the HLC can obtain the 115 opinion of a qualified professional in the area and 116 consider their opinion in their recommendation."

117 §6.04 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

118 "6.04—Commission Qualifications for Federal Pass 119 Through Funds—Federal regulations also require that 120 commissions possess certain qualifications in order to 121 receive federal pass through funds. These are explained 122 in Section 4.02."

123 §7.01 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

124 "7.01—Performance Review of Certified Local Government by SHPO-The SHPO will review the commission's 125 126 annual report to ensure that the performance of the local 127 government is consistent with the State Historic 128 Preservation Plan. If the SHPO determines that the 129 performance of a certified local government is not in 130 conformance with the certification agreement and the 131 State Historic Preservation Plan the State Historic 132 Preservation Officer shall document that determination 133 and recommend to the certified local government steps 134 which may be taken to improve their performance. The 135 Historic Preservation Officer shall also review the 136 administration of funds allocated from the Historic 137 Preservation Fund and other documents as necessary. 138 The SHPO shall maintain written records for all SHPO 139 evaluation of CLG's so that they may be available to the 140 Secretary at any time."

141 The last sentence of §7.03 is amended in its entirety
142 to read as follows: "This closeout will follow procedures
143 specified in National Register Programs Guidelines."

144 The first sentence of §8.01 is amended in its entirety 145 to read as follows: "A minimum of 10% of the state's 146 annual apportionment from the Historic Preservation 147 Fund of the Department of the Interior will be set aside 148 for transfer to qualified CLG's in accordance with the 149 National Historic Preservation Act as amended. In any year in which the total Historic Preservation Fund
appropriation exceeds sixty-five (65) million dollars, one
half (1/2) of the amount over sixty-five (65) million
dollars will also be transferred to CLG according to
procedures to be provided by the Secretary."

155 The third line of the first sentence of \$8.04 is amended 156 in its entirety to read as follows: "consistent with 157 35CFR61.7(f)(1) which states that the amount awarded 158 to".

159 §8.05 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

160 "8.05-Application and Selection Criteria-Project 161 application forms and selection criteria will be made 162 available through individual notification and public 163 advertisement from the SHPO of the West Virginia 164 Department of Culture and History in June of each year. 165 The criteria will be coordinated with those used to select 166 survey and planning grants during the fiscal year. 167 Funds must be applied for by August 30 of each year. Funding in any prior year does not guarantee continued 168 169 funding. The project schedule and deadlines may vary 170 from year to year and is dependent upon the time frame in which the Secretary of the Interior notifies the state 171 of its apportionment from the annual Historic Preser-172 173 vation Fund."

174 The third sentence of §8.06 is amended in its entirety 175 to read as follows: "The SHPO is responsible for proper 176 accounting of Historic Preservation Fund grants to 177 CLG's in accordance with Office Management and 178 Budget Circular A-102, Attachment P Audit 179 Requirement."

(b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 180 the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine 181 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the 182 division of archives and history of the department of 183 culture and history to meet the objections of the 184 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 185 the state register on the fourteenth day of December. 186 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 187 director of the division of archives and history of the 188 department of culture and history (standards and 189

- 190 procedures for administering state historic preservation
- 191 programs), are authorized with the amendment set forth:

Section 3.2.b.A after the word "days" by inserting thewords "after receipt of actual notice".

§64-4-2. Library commission.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of October, one thousand nine 2 hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia 3 library commission to meet the objections of the 4 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 5 the state register on the twelfth day of November, one 6 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the West 7 Virginia library commission (designating a grace period 8 for the return of library materials), are authorized. 9

ARTICLE 5. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES

- §64-5-1. Department of health and human resources.
- §64-5-2. State board of health; division of health.
- §64-5-3. West Virginia health care cost review authority.
- §64-5-4. West Virginia hospital finance authority.
- §64-5-5. Division of human services; director of the child advocate office.
- §64-5-6. Office of workers' compensation commissioner.

§64-5-1. Department of health and human resources.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the secretary of the 3 department of health and human resources to meet the 4 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-5 tee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fifth 6 day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, 7 relating to the secretary of the department of health and 8 human resources (implementation of omnibus health 9 care act), are authorized. 10

(b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the secretary of the department of health and human resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fifth

964

Ch. 120] LEGISLATIVE RULES

17 day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety,
18 relating to the secretary of the department of health and
19 human resources (implementation of omnibus health
20 care act payment provisions), are authorized.

§64-5-2. State board of health; division of health.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (waste 4 water treatment works operations), are authorized.

5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred 7 eighty-two, relating to the state board of health 8 (laboratory reporting of syphilis and gonorrhea), are 9 authorized.

10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (public 13 water supply operators) with the modification of §11.02 14 as presented to the legislative rule-making review 15 committee on the ninth day of November, one thousand 16 nine hundred eighty-two, are authorized.

17 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 18 the twenty-second day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health 19 20 (sewage systems) with the modification presented to the 21 legislative rule-making review committee on the sixth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-22 23 two, are authorized except lines ten through seventeen, page eight of the rules shall be stricken in their entirety 24 and the remaining paragraphs renumbered. 25

(e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-two, relating to the state board of health
(approval of laboratories), are authorized.

(f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-fourth day of November, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health
(permit fees), are authorized.

i

(g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightytwo, relating to the state board of health (certificate of
need), are authorized.

(h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (eyes of
newborn children), are authorized.

(i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-two, and filed with amendments on the eleventh
day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three,
relating to the state board of health (nursing home
licensure), are authorized with the amendment of
§5.15.02 of those rules as set forth below:

By striking the word "and" at the end of subdivision (f), by changing the period at the end of subdivision (g) to a semicolon, and by adding the following after subdivision (g): "(h) one (1) member who represents social work services."

54 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 55 the twenty-fourth day of November, one thousand nine 56 hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health 57 (guardianship service), are authorized with the excep-58 tion of section 9.3 of those rules which may not be 59 promulgated.

60 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 61 the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-62 two, relating to the state board of health (controlled 63 substances research program and certification), are 64 authorized.

65 (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 66 the fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 67 eighty-two, relating to the state board of health 68 (chemical test for intoxication), are authorized.

69 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 70 the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine 71 hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of 72 health (birthing center licensure), are authorized. (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of
health (licensure of behavioral health centers), are
authorized with the amendments set forth below:

Page 45, §12.8.2. In the first sentence delete the words
"without delay" and insert in lieu thereof the words
"within twenty-four hours after receiving a report of a
complaint."

(o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of
health (procedures for recovery of corneal tissue for
transplant), are authorized.

(p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the seventh day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of
health (well water regulations), are authorized with the
amendments set forth below:

92 §4.1. In the first sentence delete the word "obtaining"
93 and insert in lieu thereof the words "applying for". In
94 the second sentence after "4.3" add "and 4.5".

§4.2. At the end of the second sentence, strike the
period and add the words "unless emergency conditions
prevail as noted under §4.3."

98 With the balance of §4.2 and create a new §4.3 with 99 the following changes: In the first sentence delete the 100 word "deadline" and insert in lieu thereof the word 101 "requirements". Add after the first sentence the sentence, "Emergency conditions and unavoidable 102 circumstances are those conditions involving acts of God, 103 water outages or disruption of water service, unsatisfac-104 tory water quality or quantity or public health threats." 105 In the third sentence delete the word "exceed" and insert 106 in lieu thereof the words "be made in excess of". 107

108 Renumber §4.3 as §4.4 and add the following two
109 sentences at the end of the section: "Such standards shall
110 constitute the minimum standards for the installation,
111 the alteration or the deepening of water wells. Any plans

LEGISLATIVE	Rules
-------------	-------

ţ,

112 approved by the director pursuant to these regulations

113 shall be in substantial compliance with the heretofore 114 mentioned standards."

115Renumber §4.4 as §4.5, §4.5 as §4.6, §4.6 as §4.7, §4.7116as §4.8 and §4.8 as §4.9.

\$5.2. Delete the words "four (4)" and insert in lieu
thereof the words "two (2)" and delete the words "active,
continuous".

(q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (trauma
center or facility designation), are authorized.

(r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of
health (reportable diseases), are authorized.

(s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of
health (licensure of medical adult day care centers), are
authorized.

(t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (retail
food store sanitation), are authorized.

137 (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 138 the seventeenth day of December, one thousand nine 139 hundred eighty-five, modified by the director of health 140 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 141 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 142 fifteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 143 eighty-six, relating to the director of health (adult group 144 home licensure), are authorized.

(v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-ninth day of October, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-five, modified by the state board of
health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state

register on the twenty-seventh day of December, one
thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state
board of health (licensure of hospice care programs), are
authorized.

154 (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 155 the thirty-first day of October, one thousand nine 156 hundred eighty-five, modified by the director of health 157 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 158 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 159 twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand nine 160 hundred eighty-five, relating to the director of health 161 (rules governing emergency medical services), are 162 authorized with the amendments set forth below:

163 On page 3, §3.9 shall read as follows:

164 "3.9 Quorum—When applied to the EMSAC, a major-165 ity of the members thereof, except in the instance when 166 at any meeting of the EMSAC, where a quorum is not 167 present and the director causes to be deposited in the 168 United States mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, to each member of the EMSAC within three 169 170 days, a notice calling a meeting of the EMSAC at some 171 convenient place in the state of West Virginia two weeks 172 after the meeting at which no quorum was present. 173 Quorum means any number of members of the EMSAC who attend such subsequent meeting. Any member 174 175 missing two consecutive meetings shall be removed from 176 the EMSAC."

177 On page 6, §4.7.1 shall be deleted in its entirety;

178 And,

179 On page 7, §4.10.1 shall read as follows:

"4.10.1 Every applicant for certification as an EMSP
prior to such certification, shall demonstrate his or her
knowledge and ability by undergoing a written examination and a demonstration of skills, and by attaining
a passing score on the same. Passing score shall be the
same for all testing programs."

186 (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on187 the fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred

188 eighty-five, relating to the state department of health
189 (revising the list of hazardous substances), are
190 authorized.

191 (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 192 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 193 eighty-six, modified by the director of the department 194 of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-195 making review committee and refiled in the state 196 register on the sixteenth day of October, one thousand 197 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the department of health (hazardous material treatment 198 199 information repository), are authorized.

200 (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 201 the seventeenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 202 eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet 203 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 204 committee and refiled in the state register on the 205 sixteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (methods 206 207 and standards for chemical tests for intoxication), are 208 authorized.

209 (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of November, one thousand nine 210 hundred eighty-six, modified by the state board of 211 212 health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-213making review committee and refiled in the state 214 register on the twenty-third day of December, one 215thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (licensure of behavioral health centers), 216 217 are authorized.

218 (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 219 the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred 220 eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet 221 the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the 222 seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 223 224 eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (hospital licensure), are authorized. 225

(cc) The legislative rules filed in the state register onthe ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred

228 eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet 229 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 230committee and refiled in the state register on the 231 twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine 232 hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health 233 (hospital licensure and allowing hospitals to have 234 licensed hospital professionals, other than licensed 235physicians, on their medical staff), are authorized.

236 (dd) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 237 the ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 238 eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet 239the objections of the legislative rule-making review 240 committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine 241 242 hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health 243 (vital statistics), are authorized.

(ee) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the eleventh day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the
department of health (immunization criteria for
transfer students), are authorized.

(ff) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the
department of health (hazardous substances), are
authorized with the amendment set forth below:

Page 33, section 8, line 8 (unnumbered), by adding at the end of section 8 the following proviso: "*Provided*, That the owner's or operator's submissions are based on the threshold reporting requirements contained in section 5, article 31, chapter 16."

(gg) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the eighteenth day of November, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the
department of health (trauma center or facility designation), are authorized.

(hh) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of

health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (licensure of hospice care programs), are authorized.

273 (ii) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 274 the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine 275hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of 276 health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-277 making review committee and refiled in the state 278 register on the third day of November, one thousand 279 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of 280 health (water wells) are authorized with the amendment 281 set forth below:

282 On page 2, §3.8, shall read as follows:

283 "3.8 Water Well-Any excavation or penetration in the ground, whether drilled, bored, cored, driven or 284 285 jetted that enters or passes through an aquifer for 286 purposes that may include, but are not limited to: A 287 water supply, exploration for water, dewatering or heat 288 pump wells, except that this definition shall not include 289 groundwater monitoring activities and all activities for 290 the exploration, development, production, storage and 291 recovery of coal, oil and gas and other mineral resources 292 which are regulated under chapter 22, 22A or 22B of 293 the code."

294 (jj) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 295 the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine 296 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of 297 health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-298 making review committee and refiled in the state 299 register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand 300 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of 301 health (plumbing requirements), are authorized.

302 (kk) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
303 the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine
304 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of
305 health to meet the objections of the legislative rule306 making review committee and refiled in the state

register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand
nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of
health (public water supply operators), are authorized.

310 (11) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 311 the nineteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of 312 313 health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-314 making review committee and refiled in the state 315 register on the twentieth day of December, one thousand 316 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of 317 health (volatile synthetic organic chemicals), are 318 authorized.

319 (mm) The legislative rules filed in the state register 320 on the second day of January, one thousand nine 321 hundred ninety, modified by the division of health to 322 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 323 committee and refiled in the state register on the 324 seventeenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 325 ninety, relating to the division of health (asbestos 326 abatement licensing), are authorized.

327 (nn) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 328 the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 329 eighty-nine, modified by the division of health to meet 330 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 331 committee and refiled in the state register on the 332 seventeenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the division of public 333 334 health (AIDS-related medical testing and confidential-335 ity), are authorized.

336 (oo) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 337 the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine 338 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the state board of 339 health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-340 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one 341 thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the state 342 343 board of health (nursing home licensure), are 344 authorized.

345 (pp) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 346 the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine

LEGISLATIVE RULES

hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state board of
health (licensure of behavioral health centers), are
authorized.

(qq) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-eighth day of December, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state board of
health (methods and standards for chemical test for
intoxication), are authorized.

§64-5-3. West Virginia health care cost review authority.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the health care cost 4 review authority (limitation on hospital gross patient 5 revenue), are authorized.

6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine 8 hundred eighty-three, relating to the health care cost 9 review authority (freeze on hospital rates and granting 10 temporary rate increases), are authorized.

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-four, relating to the health care cost
review authority (implementation of the utilization
review and quality assurance program), are authorized.

16 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 17 the fifteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 18 eighty-four, relating to the health care cost review 19 authority (hospital cost containment methodology), are 20 authorized.

21 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand nine 22 hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia 23 health care cost review authority to meet the objections 24 of the legislative rule-making review committee and 25 refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of 26 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating 27 to the West Virginia health care cost review authority 28 (interim standards for lithotripsy services), are 29 authorized. 30

974

31(f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 32 the third day of September, one thousand nine hundred 33 eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia health care 34 cost review authority to meet the objections of the 35 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 36 the state register on the twenty-seventh day of January, 37 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 38 West Virginia health care cost review authority (exemp-39 tions from certificate of need review), are authorized.

40 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 41 the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine 42 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the health care cost 43 review authority to meet the objections of the legislative 44 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of February, one 45 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the 46 health care cost review authority (financial disclosure). 47 are authorized. 48

49 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 50 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia 51 52 health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and 53 refiled in the state register on the fifth day of December, 54 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the 55 West Virginia health care cost review authority (expe-56 57 dited review for rate changes), are authorized with the 58 amendments set forth below:

On page 5, Section 4.1, after the words: "affected by 59 the increase." by inserting the following language: "The 60 hospital shall also reconcile any excesses in gross 61 revenue, gross patient revenue, gross inpatient revenue 62 or charges per discharge. Within fifteen days of 63 submission the Authority shall inform the hospital if it 64 accepts the justification for excesses provided by the 65 66 hospital."

67 And,

68 On page 6, section 4.2, after the words "the excess in 69 gross outpatient revenue" by striking the period and 70 inserting the following: "or if any excesses in the above categories (1 through
4) have been sufficiently justified to the Authority as
required in Section 4.1 of this rule."

74 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 75 the eleventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia 76 77 health care cost review authority to meet the objections 78 of the legislative rule-making review committee and 79 refiled in the state register on the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the 80 West Virginia health care cost review authority (exemp-81 82 tion for conversion of acute care beds to skilled nursing 83 care beds), are authorized.

§64-5-4. West Virginia hospital finance authority.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-3 six, modified by the West Virginia hospital finance authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-4 making review committee and refiled in the state 5 register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine 6 7 hundred eighty-seven, relating to the West Virginia hospital finance authority (establishment of fee schedule 8 9 and cost allocation applicable to issuance of bonds), are 10 authorized.

§64-5-5. Division of human services; director of the child advocate office.

1 (a) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the 2 director of the child advocate office of the department 3 of human services to promulgate rules relating to guidelines for child support awards in exact conformity 4 with the rules relating to guidelines for child support 5 6 awards tendered to the secretary of state by the Senate committee on the judiciary on the twelfth day of March. 7 8 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight.

9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10 the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine 11 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the 12 child advocate office of the department of human 13 services to meet the objections of the legislative rule14 making review committee and refiled in the state 15 register on the twenty-third day of September, one 16 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 17 director of the child advocate office of the department 18 of human services (interstate income withholding), are 19 authorized.

20 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 21 the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine 22 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the 23 child advocate office of the department of human services to meet the objections of the legislative rule-24 25 making review committee and refiled in the state 26 register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 27 28 director of the child advocate office of the department 29 of human services (obtaining support from federal and 30 state income tax refunds), are authorized.

31 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine 32 33 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the child advocate office of the department of human 34 35 services to meet the objections of the legislative rule-36 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one 37 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 38 director of the child advocate office of the department 39 of human services (termination of income withholding), 40 41 are authorized.

(e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 42 the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine 43 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the 44 child advocate office of the department of human 45 services to meet the objections of the legislative rule-46 47 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one 48 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 49 50 director of the child advocate office of the department 51 of human services (providing information to credit 52 reporting agencies), are authorized.

Ľ

§64-5-6. Office of workers' compensation commissioner.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
 the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine
 hundred eighty-three, relating to the workers' compen sation commissioner (employers' excess liability fund),
 are authorized.

6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine 8 hundred eighty-four, relating to the workers' compensa-9 tion commissioner (time limits for the administrative 10 proceedings of adjudications and awards), are 11 authorized.

12 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 13 the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the workers' compen-14 15 sation commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 16 17 the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the 18 19 workers' compensation commissioner (self-insured 20 employers), are authorized.

21 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 22 the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine 23 hundred eighty-four, modified by the workers' compen-24 sation commissioner to meet the objections of the 25 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 26 the state register on the fifth day of December, one 27 thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the 28 workers' compensation commissioner (payment of 29 attorney's fees), are authorized.

(e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-five, relating to the workers' compensation
commissioner (standards for medical examination in
occupational pneumoconiosis claims), are authorized
with the amendments set forth below:

36 On page 1, the second and third unnumbered para-37 graphs on page one are amended to read as follows:

38 "When two or more ventilatory function tests per-39 formed in reasonably close proximity in time produce

978

40 differing but acceptable results, the Commissioner, at 41 the request of the O. P. Board, may direct the parties 42 to furnish additional evidence and/or order additional 43 testing at the laboratory utilized by the O. P. Board or 44 other laboratories, all for the purpose of determining whether any of the results are unreliable or incorrect 45 46 or are clearly attributable to some identifiable disease 47 or illness other than occupational pneumoconiosis.

48 When blood gas studies are performed and abnormal 49 values are obtained and thereafter new blood gas studies 50 are performed and normal or significantly higher values 51are further obtained, the Commissioner, at the request 52 of the O. P. Board, may direct the parties to furnish 53 additional evidence and/or order additional studies at 54 the laboratory utilized by the O. P. Board or other laboratories, all for the purpose of determining whether 55 any of the values are unreliable or incorrect or are 56 clearly attributable to some identifiable disease or 57illness other than occupational pneumoconiosis." 58

59 And,

60 On page 7, paragraph (11) is amended to read as 61 follows:

"(11) It is recognized that arterial blood gas studies 62 done in laboratories throughout this state are obtained 63 at different altitudes. Only by 'standardizing' for 64 altitude can an equitable assessment be made of 65 impairment when values of arterial oxygen are being 66 measured at remarkably different altitudes. Therefore, 67 the results reported from laboratories should include the 68 name of the laboratory and the date and time of the 69 testing, altitude of the laboratory and barometric 70 pressure at the laboratory on the day the samples were 71 collected. The O. P. Board will evaluate the arterial 72 blood gas values by converting those values to the 73 average altitude of Charleston, West Virginia. For this 74 purpose, it shall be sufficient to add 1 mmHg to each 75 arterial oxygen tension for each 300 feet or fraction 76 thereof that the testing laboratory is located above the 77 average altitude of Charleston, because the relationship 78 of barometric pressure (altitude) and alveolar oxygen is 79

۶

ť

approximately linear up to 4,000 feet as long as thesubject breathes room air.

As an example, Bluefield is located approximately 2,600 feet above sea level. Charleston is approximately 600 feet above sea level. Thus, arterial oxygen values obtained in Bluefield should have 6.67 mmHg added to them before applying the table to them to obtain 'percent impairment'. The calculations are as follows:

88 'Bluefield (2,600') minus Charleston (600') equals 89 2,000'

90 differential 2,000' divided by 300' altitude equals 6.67

6.67 multiplied by 1 mmHg per 300' altitude equals6.67

93 mmHg.'"

94 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 95 the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 96 eighty-five, modified by the workers' compensation 97 commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative 98 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 99 register on the fifteenth day of January, one thousand 100 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the workers' 101 compensation commissioner (administration of the coal-102 workers' pneumoconiosis fund), are authorized.

103 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 104 the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of 105 106 workers' compensation to meet the objections of the 107 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 108 the state register on the tenth day of January, one 109 thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division 110 of workers' compensation (enforcement of reporting and 111 payment requirements), are authorized.

(h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred
ninety, modified by the division of workers' compensation to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making
review committee and refiled in the state register on the
twenty-third day of January, one thousand nine hundred

118 ninety, relating to the division of workers' compensation119 (self-insured employers), are authorized.

ARTICLE 6. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-6-1. Division of corrections.
- §64-6-2. Fire commission.
- §64-6-3. Jail and prison standards commission.

§64-6-4. Division of public safety.

§64-6-1. Division of corrections.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine 2 3 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of 4 the department of corrections to meet the objections of 5 the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of 6 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, 7 relating to the commissioner of the department of 8 9 corrections (parole supervision), are authorized.

10 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of 12 the department of corrections to meet the objections of 13 the legislative rule-making review committee and 14 refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of 15January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, 16 relating to the commissioner of the department of 17 corrections (furlough programs for inmates under the 18 custody and control of the commissioner of the depart-19 20 ment of corrections), are authorized.

§64-6-2. Fire commission.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-four, relating to the state fire commission (state 4 fire code), are authorized with the amendments set forth 5 below:

6 On page 1, section 106, line 1, after the word "to" add 7 the words "personal care homes caring for five or less 8 patients or"; 9 And,

10 On page 26, section 11.06 (3) A. (3), strike the period 11 at the end of the sentence and add the words "except 12 for existing sleeping rooms owned by the state and 13 located in dormitories or state parks."

14 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 15 the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred 16 eighty-six, modified by the state fire commission to meet 17 the objection of the legislative rule-making review 18 committee and refiled in the state register on the 19 twenty-eighth day of October, one thousand nine 20 hundred eighty-six, relating to the state fire commission 21 (hazardous substance emergency response training 22 program), are authorized.

23 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 24 the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 25eighty-eight, modified by the state fire commission to 26 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 27 committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eightv-28 29 eight, relating to the state fire commission (state 30 building code), are authorized.

31 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 32 33 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the state fire commis-34 sion to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 35 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 36 fifteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the state fire commission (electrician 37 38 licensing). are authorized with the following 39 amendment:

40 On page 6, section 3.03, by deleting all of subsection41 (A) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

42 "(A) Any person who performs electrical work with 43 respect to any property owned or leased by such person. 44 For purposes of this subparagraph: (1) 'property owner' 45 includes the property owner, lessee, and his or her 46 maintenance personnel; and, (2) 'performs electrical 47 work' includes routine maintenance, repairs, and 48 improvements to existing structures; or". 49 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 50 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 51 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the state fire commis-52 sion to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 53 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 54 twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 55 eighty-nine, relating to the state fire commission (fees 56 for services rendered), are authorized with the amend-57 ment set forth below:

58 On page 1, section 2.1(G), by striking out the word 59 "underground".

60 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 61 62 eighty-nine, modified by the state fire commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 63 committee and refiled in the state register on the 64 65 twenty-sixth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 66 eighty-nine, relating to the state fire commission (fire 67 code), are authorized.

§64-6-3. Jail and prison standards commission.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-seven, relating to the jail and prison standards 4 commission (West Virginia minimum standards for 5 construction, operation and maintenance of jails), are 6 authorized.

7 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 8 the ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eightyeight, modified by the jail and prison standards 9 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-10 making review committee and refiled in the state 11 register on the twenty-seventh day of February, one 12 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the jail 13 and prison standards commission (West Virginia 14 minimum standards for construction, operation and 15 16 maintenance of holding facilities), are authorized.

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register onthe eighteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred

LEGISLATIVE RULES

19 eighty-eight, modified by the jail and prison standards 20 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-21 making review committee and refiled in the state 22 register on the twenty-seventh day of February, one 23 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the jail 24 and prison standards commission (West Virginia 25 minimum standards for construction, operation and 26 maintenance of prisons), are authorized.

27 (d) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the 28 jail and prison standards commission to amend its rules 29 relating to West Virginia minimum standards for 30 construction, operation and maintenance of jails which 31 were filed in the code of state regulations (95 CSR 1) 32 on the fifth day of April, one thousand nine hundred 33 eighty-eight, with the following amendment set forth 34 below:

On page 7, §8.10 by striking out in the first sentence,
after the word "house", the following words: "no less
than four (4)" and

38 On page 30 by adding a new section 17.21 to read as 39 follows:

40 "17.21 Visitation to Home County. To the extent that 41 the previous subsections provide requirements for 42 visitation with inmates housed in regional jail facilities, 43 it is the intent that such requirements apply only to 44 visitation provided in a regional jail facility. When 45 visitation with family and friends is required to be 46 provided to a person incarcerated in a regional jail 47 facility in a location other than the regional jail, the 48 following provisions shall apply:

17.21.1 The regional jail need not assume the responsibility for transportation to the home county seat of a person incarcerated in the regional jail facility for visitation with their family and friends unless that person has had no visits from family and friends in the previous three months.

17.21.2 In providing any transportation under subsection 17.21.1 the regional jail has the right to schedule
such transportation for visits with family and friends of

the person incarcerated in a manner which would utilize
to the utmost the regional jail's regularly scheduled
trips to each of the respective counties it serves,
including the scheduling of round-trips, so long as a
minimum of 30 minutes is available for visitation.

17.21.3 The regional jail need not assume any responsibility for transportation under subsection 17.21.1 when
the distance from the regional jail to the respective
county seat is less than two hours driving time."

§64-6-4. Division of public safety.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of 4 public safety (general orders), are authorized with the 5 amendment set forth below:

6 Page 23, §9.10, remove the period at the end of the 7 sentence and add the words "or municipalities."

8 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June. one thousand nine 9 10 hundred eighty-four, modified by the department of 11 public safety to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 12 13 register on the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of 14 public safety (commission on drunk driving), are 15 16 authorized.

ARTICLE 7. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-7-1. Office of alcohol beverage control commission.
- §64-7-2. Agency of insurance commissioner.
- §64-7-3. Board of investments.
- §64-7-4. Lottery commission.
- §64-7-5. Racing commission.
- §64-7-6. Tax department.

§64-7-1. Office of alcohol beverage control commission.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine

3 hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage

4 control commission (transportation of alcoholic bever-5 ages), are authorized.

6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control 9 commissioner (lighting of licensed premises), are 10 authorized.

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control
commissioner (kitchen and dining facilities), are
authorized.

(d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-fourth day of August, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage
control commissioner (refusal to license private clubs),
are authorized with the exception of subsection (a) of the
rules which shall be promulgated as set forth below in
this section as follows:

23 "(a) For purposes of this regulation, the commissioner may refuse to grant any license if he has reasonable 24 cause to believe, as indicated by documented evidence, 25 that the applicant, or any officer, director or manager 26 27 thereof, or shareholder owning twenty percent or more 28 of its capital stock, beneficial or otherwise, or other 29 person conducting or managing the affairs of the 30 applicant or of the proposed licensed premises, in whole 31 or part:

32 (1) Is not a person of good moral character or repute;

33 (2) Has maintained a noisy, loud, disorderly or
 34 unsanitary establishment;

(3) Has demonstrated, either by his police record or
by his record as former licensee under chapter sixty or
chapter eleven, article sixteen of the West Virginia code,
a lack of respect for law and order, generally, or for the
laws and rules governing the sale and distribution of
alcoholic beverages or nonintoxicating beer;

41 (4) Has the general reputation of drinking alcoholic

42 beverages to excess, or is addicted to the use of 43 narcotics;

(5) Has misrepresented a material fact in applying tothe commissioner for a license.

46 (b) For purposes of this regulation, the commissioner shall refuse to grant any license if he has reasonable 47 48 cause to believe, as indicated by documented evidence 49 that the applicant, or any officer, director or manager 50 thereof, or shareholder owning twenty percent or more of its capital stock, beneficial or otherwise, or other 5152 person conducting or managing the affairs of the 53 applicant or of the proposed licensed premises, in whole 54 or part:

55 (1) Is not eighteen years of age or older;

56 (2) Has been convicted of a felony or other crime 57 involving moral turpitude, and, upon such conviction, 58 the applicant shall not be eligible for licensure within 59 five years next preceding successful completion of all 60 conditions of probation, discharge from parole supervi-61 sion or expiration of sentence;

62 (3) Has been convicted of violating the liquor laws of 63 any state or the United States, and, upon such convic-64 tion, the applicant shall not be eligible for licensure 65 within five years next preceding successful completion 66 of all conditions of probation, discharge from parole 67 supervision or expiration of sentence;

68 (4) Has had any license revoked under the liquor laws
69 of any state or the United States within five years next
70 preceding the filing date of the application;

(5) Is not the legitimate owner of the business
proposed to be licensed, or other persons have ownership
interests in the business which have not been disclosed;

(6) Is a person to whom alcoholic beverages may not
be sold under the provisions of chapter sixty of the West
Virginia code;

77 (7) Has been adjudicated an incompetent;

(8) Is an officer or employee of the alcohol beveragecontrol commissioner of West Virginia; or

LEGISLATIVE RULES

80 (9) Is violating or allowing the violation of any
81 provision of chapter sixty, chapter sixty-one or chapter
82 eleven, article sixteen of the code in its establishment
83 at the time its application for a license is pending."

§64-7-2. Agency of insurance commissioner.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
 the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine
 hundred eighty-three, relating to the insurance commis sioner (excess line brokers), are authorized.

5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-six, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-8 9 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of December, one thousand 10 11 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the insurance 12 commissioner (examiners' compensation, gualification 13 and classification), are authorized.

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twentieth day of February, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commissioner (West Virginia essential property insurance
association), are authorized.

(d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commissioner
(medical malpractice annual reporting requirements),
are authorized.

24 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 25 eighty-seven, modified by the insurance commissioner to 26 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 27 28 committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred 29 eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commissioner 30 (medical malpractice loss experience and loss expense 31 reporting requirements), are authorized. 32

33 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 34 the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the insurance com-35 36 missioner to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 37 38 register on the twenty-first day of February, one 39 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the 40 insurance commissioner (transitional requirements for 41 the conversion of medicare supplement insurance benefits and premiums to conform to medicare program 42 43 revisions), are authorized.

44 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 45 the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the insurance commissioner to 46 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 47 48 committee and refiled in the state register on the 49 twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the insurance commis-50 sioner (insurance adjusters), are authorized. 51

§64-7-3. Board of investments.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-four, relating to the state board of investments 4 (selection of state depositories for disbursement accounts 5 through competitive bidding), are authorized.

6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-four, relating to the state board of investments 9 (administration of the consolidated fund), are 10 authorized.

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 12 ninety, modified by the state board of investments to 13 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 14 committee and refiled in the state register on the 15 twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine 16 hundred ninety, relating to the state board of invest-17 ments (administration of the consolidated fund), are 18 authorized. 19

LEGISLATIVE RULES

20 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 21 22 ninety, modified by the state board of investments to 23 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 24 committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine 25 hundred ninety, relating to the state board of invest-26 ments (administration of the consolidated pension fund), 27 28 are authorized.

§64-7-4. Lottery commission.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-seven, modified by the state lottery commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 4 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 5 fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 6 eighty-seven, relating to the state lottery commission 7 (state lottery), are authorized. 8

§64-7-5. Racing commission.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia 4 racing commission (Rule 795), are authorized.

5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia 8 racing commission (Rule 819), are authorized.

9 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10 the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine 11 hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia 12 racing commission (Rule 107), are authorized.

(d) The legislative rules filed with the legislative rulemaking review committee on the tenth day of January,
one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the
West Virginia racing commission (Rule 471), are
authorized.

(e) The legislative rules filed in the state register onthe tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred

20 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing
21 commission (Rule 526), are authorized.

(f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia
racing commission (Rule 107) greyhound racing, are
authorized.

(g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia
racing commission (Rule 108) greyhound racing, are
authorized with the amendment set forth below:

Following the word "Association" insert a period andstrike the remainder of the sentence.

(h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia
racing commission (Rule 108) thoroughbred racing, are
authorized with the amendment set forth below:

Following the word "Association" insert a period and strike the remainder of the sentence.

(i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia
racing commission (Rule 392) greyhound racing, are
authorized.

(j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia
racing commission (Rule 455) greyhound racing, are
authorized.

51 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 52 the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine 53 hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia 54 racing commission (Rule 609A) greyhound racing, are 55 authorized.

56 (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 57 the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine

LEGISLATIVE RULES

hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia
racing commission (Rule 627) greyhound racing, are
authorized.

61 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 62 the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine 63 hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia 64 racing commission (Rule 845) thoroughbred racing, are 65 authorized.

(n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing
commission (greyhound racing — Rule 628), are
authorized.

(o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia
racing commission (greyhound racing - Rule 672), are
authorized.

(p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing
commission (thoroughbred racing - Rule 808), are
authorized.

(q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia
racing commission (thoroughbred racing-Rule 843),
are authorized.

(r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing
commission (greyhound racing — Rule 845-I), are
authorized.

91 (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
92 the third day of September, one thousand nine hundred
93 eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia racing
94 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule95 making review committee and refiled in the state
96 register on the twenty-first day of December, one

97 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the
98 West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing),
99 are authorized.

100 (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 101 the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 102 eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia racing 103 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-104 making review committee and refiled in the state 105 register on the eighteenth day of December, one 106 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 107 West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred rac-108 ing), are authorized with the amendments set forth 109 below:

110 On page fifty-five, Section 61.3(f), by striking all of 111 subsection (f) and inserting in lieu thereof the existing 112 provisions of subsection (f) as contained in 178 CSR 1, 113 which reads as follows:

114 All moneys held by any licensee for the payment of 115outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets, if not 116 claimed within ninety (90) days after the close of the 117 horse race meeting in connection with which the tickets 118 were issued, shall be turned over by the licensee to the 119 Racing Commission within fifteen (15) days after the 120 expiration of such ninety (90) day period and the 121 licensee shall give such information as the Racing 122 Commission may require concerning such outstanding 123 and unredeemed tickets; viz. The outs ledger enumer-124 ating all outstanding tickets at the close of each meeting, 125 to contain a record of all tickets redeemed in the ninety 126 (90) day following period, together with all redeemed 127 tickets which shall bear the stamp of the cashier(s) 128 making redemption: A stamp indicating "Outs Ticket". 129 In addition, a statement to accompany said ledger and 130 tickets, setting forth the quantity and amount of each denomination redeemed in the ninety (90) day period, 131 with a grand total indicating the sum paid in "Outs". 132 133 This sum subtracted from the outs on the closing day 134 to equal the remittance of the Association in settlement 135 of the "Out" account for the meeting.

136 (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

137 the ninth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 138 eighty-eight, relating to the West Virginia racing

139 commission (thoroughbred racing), are authorized.

140 (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine 141 142 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legis-143 144 lative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of February, one 145 146 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West 147 Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing), are 148 authorized.

149 (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 150 the fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 151 eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia racing 152 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 153 register on the first day of June, one thousand nine 154 hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia 155 156 racing commission (thoroughbred racing), are 157 authorized.

158 (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 159 the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine 160 hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia 161 racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized.

§64-7-6. Tax department.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-four, relating to the state tax commissioner 3 (appraisal of property for periodic statewide reapprai-4 sals for ad valorem property tax purposes), are autho-5 rized with the amendments set forth below: 6

On page 8, section 11.04 (b)(2), definition of "Active 7 Mining Property," at the end of the first paragraph 8 following the "period," by adding the following: "In the 9 application of the herein provided valuation formula on 10 'active mining property,' the appropriate formula 11 calculation will be based upon the actual market to 12 which the coal from that tract and seam is currently 13 being sold, whether it is 'metallurgical' or 'steam'." 14

On page 9, section 11.04 (b)(3), definition of "Active 15 Reserves," at the end of the subsection. following the 16 "period," by adding the following: "In the application of 17 the herein provided valuation formula on 'active 18 19 reserves.' the appropriate formula calculation will be based upon the actual market to which the coal from 20 21 that tract and seam is currently being sold, whether it 22 is 'metallurgical' or 'steam'."

On page 11, section 11.04 (b)(11), definition of
"Mineable Coal," by striking the subsection and substituting in lieu thereof the following: "(11) Mineable Coal.
Coal which can be mined under present day mining
technology and economics."

On page 25, section 11.04 (c)(2)(C), entitled "Property Tax Component," by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(C) Property Tax Component—This component will be derived by multiplying the assessment rate by the statewide average of tax rates on Class III property."

On page 30, section 11.04 (c)(4), entitled "Valuation of Mined-Out/Unmineable/Barren Coal Properties," by striking the numbers "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "\$1.00".

38 On page 31, section 11.04 (c)(5)(B), by striking the 39 words and numbers "Five Dollars (\$5.00)" and inserting 40 in lieu thereof the following: "One Dollar (\$1.00)".

41 On page 53, section 11.05 (h) by striking the symbol 42 and figures "(\$5.00)" and inserting in lieu the following: 43 "(\$1.00)".

44 On page 73, section 11.06 (h) by striking the symbol 45 and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu the following: 46 "\$1.00".

On page 81, section 11.07 (e)(15)(B)(4) at the end of the second sentence remove the period after the word "property" and insert the words "unless the land is used for some other purpose in which case it will be taxed according to its actual use." 52 On page 86, section 11.07 (k) delete all of subsection 53 (k).

54 On page 110, section 11.08 (c)(4) by striking the 55 symbol and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof 56 the following: "\$1.00".

57 On page 111, section 11.08 (c)(5)(B) by striking the 58 symbol and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof 59 the following: "\$1.00".

60 On page 115, section 11.09 (a)(3) in the first sentence, 61 insert after the word "land" the words "excluding farm-62 land."

(b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-four, relating to the state tax commissioner (estimated personal income tax), are authorized
with the amendments set forth below:

68 55.02(a)(2)(on page 182.2) line 18, after the word 69 "profession" strike the words "on his own account" and 70 the comma(,).

55.12(b)(1)(page 182.35) at the end of the section,
change the period to a comma, and add the following
language: "and in the case of a court appointed agent,
a copy of the court order of appointment is sufficient."

55.12(c)(page 182.36) after the word "for," strike the
word "erroneous".

77 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine 78 hundred eighty-four, modified by the state tax commis-79 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-80 making review committee and refiled in the state 81 register on the fourteenth day of November, one 82 83 thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and on the twenty-84 first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-85 five, relating to the state tax commissioner (estimated corporation net income tax), are authorized. 86

(d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twelfth day of March, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-five, relating to the state tax commissioner

996

(identification and appraisal of farmland subsequent to

90

91 the base year of statewide reappraisal), are authorized 92 and directed to be promulgated with the following 93 amendments: 94 Title page, Subject; following the word "Farmland," 95 insert the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon." 96 Page i, Subject; following the word "Farmland," 97 insert the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon." 98 Page i, TABLE OF CONTENTS, Section 10; follow-99 ing the words "Valuation of Farmland" add the words 100 "and of Structures Situated Thereon." 101 Page 10.1, Title; following the word "FARMLAND" insert the words "AND STRUCTURES SITUATED 102 103 THEREON." 104 Page 10.1, Section 10, Title; following the word 105 "Farmland" add the words "and Structures Situated Thereon." 106 107 Page 10.1. Section 10.01(b); following the word 108 "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated 109 thereon." 110 Page 10.2, Section 10.02(a), first sentence; following 111 the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures 112 situated thereon." Page 10.3. Section 10.02(b), first sentence; following 113 the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures 114 115 situated thereon." Delete the words "for purposes of the 116 statewide reappraisal." 117 Page 10.3. Section 10.02(b), last sentence; following the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures 118 situated thereon." 119 120 Page 10.8, Section 10.04(5)(B), last sentence; delete the period and add "or the incapability to be adapted to 121 122 alternative uses." 123 Page 10.9, Section 10.04(6), first sentence; following the words "land currently being used" insert the words 124 125 "as part of a farming operation."

4

(

Ť

-

126 Page 10.9, Section 10.04(6), following the last sent-127 ence; add the sentence "For the purposes of this 128 definition, 'contiguous tracts' are farmlands which are 129 in close proximity, but not necessarily adjacent: 130 *Provided*, That all such contiguous tracts are operated 131 as part of the same farm management plan."

Page 10.10, Section 10.04(8), is amended to read in itsentirety as follows:

"(8) Farm buildings.—The term 'farm buildings' shall
mean structures which directly contribute to the
operation of the farm, and shall include tenant houses
and quarters furnished farm employees without rent as
a part of the terms of their employment."

Page 10.11, Section 10.04; delete the word "November" and insert in lieu thereof the word "September". Delete the period following the word "valuation" and add the words, "for the assessment year
beginning July first of each year."

144 Page 10.11, Section 10.04, insert the following subdivision; "(12) Application Form: The application 145 146 form required to be filed with the assessor on or before 147 September first of each year shall require certification 148 that the farm complies with criteria set forth in Section 149 10.05(c) of these regulations, and renewal applications 150 from year to year shall be sufficient upon statement 151 certifying that no change has been made in the use of 152 farm property which would disqualify 'farm use' 153 classification for assessment purposes." Renumber the subdivisions of Section 10.04 following the new 154 155 10.04(12); formerly 10.04(12) through 10.04(28), to 10.04(13) through 10.04(29), respectively. 156

Page 10.14, Section 10.04(28) (formerly 10.04(27));
following the words "woodland products" insert a
comma and the words "such as nuts or fruits harvested"
and add a comma following the words "human consumption" on Page 10.15.

162 Page 10.16, Section 10.05, subsection (a), following the 163 words "land is used for farm purposes" by striking the 164 period and inserting in lieu thereof a colon and the 165 following: "Provided. That the true and actual value of 166 all farm used, occupied and cultivated by their owners 167 or bona fide tenants shall be arrived at according to the 168 fair and reasonable value of the property for the purpose 169 for which it is actually used regardless of what the value 170 of the property would be if used for some other purpose: 171 and that the true and actual value shall be arrived at 172 by giving consideration to the fair and reasonable 173 income which the same might be expected to earn under 174 normal conditions in the locality wherein situated, if 175 rented: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall 176 alter the method of assessment of lands or minerals 177 owned by domestic or foreign corporations."

178 Page 10.16, Section 10.05(b), first clause; following the 179 words "following factors shall be" insert the words 180 "indicative of but not conclusive" and delete the word 181 "considered".

Page 10.16, Section 10.05(b)(2); delete the period and
add the words "such as soil conservation, farmland
preservation or federal farm lending agencies."

Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(7); delete the section and insert in lieu thereof the words "(7) Whether or not the farmer practices 'custom farming' on the land in question."

189 Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(9); following the word 190 "type" add a comma and insert the word "utility".

191 Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(11), first sentence;
192 following the word "sales" insert the words "for nonfarm
193 uses."

194 Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(12)(A); following the 195 words "part of" insert the words "or appurtenant to."

Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(12)(B); following the
words "contiguous to" insert the words "or operated in
common with".

Page 10.18, Section 10.05, subsection (c), the first sentence of which is amended in its entirety to read as follows: "Qualifying farmland and the structures situated thereon shall be subject to farm use valuation, t

with primary consideration being given to the income
which the property might be expected to earn, in the
locality wherein situate, if rented."

Page 10.18, Section 10.05(b)(12)(B); delete the semicolons and the words "it was purchased at the same time as the tract so used." Delete the period following the word "purposes" and add the words "or any nonfarm use."

211 Page 10.19, Section 10.05(c)(2); following the words
212 "Provided, That no" delete the word "reason" and insert
213 in lieu thereof the words "individual event".

Page 10.20, Section 10.05(c)(4)(C); following the words
"(1,000) minimum production value" insert the words
"or the small farm five hundred dollars (\$500) minimum
production and sale."

Page 10.23, Section 10.05(d)(3)(B), third sentence;
following the word "If" insert the words "timber from".
Delete the period following the word "purpose" and add
the words "or is being converted to farm production
uses."

Page 10.26, Section 10.05(f)(2) is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

225 "(2) Farm buildings.—Rental value of farm buildings 226 and other improvements on the farmland shall be valued 227 by determining the replacement cost of the building or 228 structure by usual farm construction practices, and 229 farm labor standards and subtracting therefrom 230 depreciation.¹ Both of these determinations shall be 231 made in accordance with the tax department's real 232 property appraisal manual² as filed in the state register 233 in accordance with chapter 29A of the code of West 234 Virginia, 1931, as amended, and as it relates to 235 agricultural buildings and structures. One (1) acre of 236 land shall be assigned to all buildings as a unit situate 237 on the property, regardless of the actual acreage 238 occupied by such buildings and shall be appraised at its farm-use valuation based on the highest class of 239 farmland present on the farm." 240

241 Page 10.28, Section 10.05(f)(3)(B)(1); following the 242 words "or more of the" insert the word "usual". 243 Page 10.28, Section 10.05(f)(3)(B)(2); following the 244 words "(50%) of the" insert the word "usual".

Page 10.29, Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(1)(a); following the words "(50%) or more of the" insert the word "usual".

247 Page 10.29, Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(1)(b); following the 248 words "(50%) of the" insert the word "usual".

Page 10.31, Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(2)(b); following the last sentence insert the sentence "An individual employed other than in farming is not an unincorporated business."

253 Page 10.35, Section 10.07, Title; following the word
254 "Farmland" insert the words "and Structures Situated
255 Thereon."

Page 10.35, Section 10.07(a), first sentence; following
the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures
situated thereon."

Page 10.46, Subject; following the word "Farmland"insert the words "and Structures Situated Thereon."

(e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state tax commissioner (rules governing the operation of a statewide electronic data processing system network, to facilitate administration of the ad valorem property tax on real and personal property), are authorized.

(f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner (listing of interests in natural resources for the first statewide reappraisal; provision for penalties), are authorized.

(g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state

register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand
nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax
commissioner (review of appraisals by county commissions sitting as administrative appraisal review boards),
are authorized.

284 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 285 the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine 286 hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commis-287 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-288 making review committee and refiled in the state 289 register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand 290 nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax 291 commissioner (review of appraisals by a circuit court on 292 certiorari), are authorized with the following 293 amendment:

294 On page 3, §18.3.1 is stricken in its entirety and a new
295 §18.3.1 is inserted in lieu thereof to read as follows:

296 "18.3.1 Who May Request Review.-The property 297 owner, Tax Commissioner, protestor or intervenor may request the county commission to certify the evidence 298 and remove and return the record to the circuit court 299 of the county on a writ of certiorari. Parties to the 300 301 proceeding wherein review by the circuit court is sought shall pay costs and fees as they are incurred: Provided, 302 That the circuit court upon rendering judgment or 303 304 making any order may award costs to any party in 305 accordance with the provisions of W. Va. Code §53-3-5."

306 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine 307 308 hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commis-309 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 310 register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand 311 nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax 312 313 commissioner (administrative review of appraisals by 314 the state tax commissioner), are authorized.

(j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-

making review committee and refiled in the state
register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand
nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax
commissioner (additional review and implementation of
property appraisals), are authorized.

(k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner
(guidelines for assessors to assure fair and uniform
personal property values), are authorized.

(1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 329 330 the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine 331 hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commis-332 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-333 making review committee and refiled in the state 334 register on the tenth day of December, one thousand 335 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner (registration of transient vendors), are 336 337 authorized.

338 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred 339 eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to 340 341 meet the objection of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the 342 343 fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner 344 (business and occupation tax), are authorized. 345

346 (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 347 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commis-348 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-349 350 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourth day of November, one thousand 351 nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax 352 commissioner (telecommunications tax), are authorized. 353

(o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (business franchise tax), are authorized.

358 (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine 359 360 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commis-361 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-362 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one 363 364 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state 365 tax commissioner (consumers sales and service tax and 366 use tax). are authorized.

367 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 368 369 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commis-370 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-371 making review committee and refiled in the state 372 register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand 373 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax commissioner (appraisal of property for periodic 374 statewide reappraisals for ad valorem property tax 375 376 purposes), are authorized.

377 (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 378 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 379 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commis-380 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-381 making review committee and refiled in the state 382 register on the twelfth day of January, one thousand 383 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax 384 commissioner (severance tax), are authorized.

385 (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 386 the second day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commis-387 388 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-389 making review committee and refiled in the state 390 register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one 391 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax commissioner (solid waste assessment fee). are 392 393 authorized.

(t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commissioner to
meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review

committee and refiled in the state register on the
twenty-first day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax commissioner (electronic data processing system network for
property tax administration), are authorized.

403(u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 404 the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine 405 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-406 407 making review committee and refiled in the state 408 register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state 409 410 tax commissioner (exemption of property from ad 411 valorem property taxation), are authorized.

412 (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 413 the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine 414 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commis-415 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-416 making review committee and refiled in the state 417 register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand 418 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax 419 commissioner (consumers sales and service tax and use 420 tax), are authorized.

(w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-nine, relating to the state tax department
(personal income tax), are authorized.

(x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twenty-ninth day of June, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax department (severance tax), are authorized.

429 (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 430 431 eighty-nine, modified by the state tax department to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 432 433 committee and refiled in the state register on the 434 eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred 435 eighty-nine, relating to the state tax department (solid 436 waste assessment fee), are authorized.

i

437 (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 438 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 439 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax 440 and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative 441 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 442 register on the twelfth day of December, one thousand 443 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of 444 tax and revenue (business franchise tax), are authorized.

445 (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 446 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 447 eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and 448 revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 449 450 register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand 451 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of 452 tax and revenue (business and occupation tax), are 453 authorized.

454 (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 455 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 456 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax 457 and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative 458 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 459 register on the nineteenth day of January, one thousand 460 nine hundred ninety, relating to the department of tax 461 and revenue (consumers sales and service tax and use 462 tax), are authorized with the amendments set forth 463 below:

464 On page eight, Section 2.28, after the word "as" by 465 inserting the words "art, science,".

466 On pages eight and nine, Section 2.28.1, after the word
467 "intellectual" by deleting the word "or" and inserting in
468 lieu thereof the words "physical and".

469 On page nine, Section 2.28.2, by deleting the words "or470 instruction".

471 On page nine, Section 2.28.2, after the word "training"472 by adding the word "or".

473 On page nine, Section 2.28.2, by deleting the words "or
474 any portion of a school curriculum classified as physical
475 education".

476 On page nine, by deleting all of Section 2.28.2.1.

477 On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, by deleting the section478 number.

479 On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, by deleting the words480 "or instruction".

481 On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, after the word 482 "training" by adding the word "or".

483 On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, after the word 484 "conditioning" by inserting a period and striking the 485 remainder of the sentence.

486 On page one hundred twelve, Section 59.2, after the
487 words "sales of the service of cremation" by adding the
488 words "sales on perpetual care trust fund deposits".

489 And,

490 On page one hundred twenty-eight, Section 91.2, after
491 the words "include food" by inserting the following: ",
492 as defined in section 2.30 of this rule,".

493 (cc) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 494 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 495 eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and 496 revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-497 making review committee and refiled in the state 498 register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand 499 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of 500 tax and revenue (motor carrier road tax), are 501 authorized.

502 (dd) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 503 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 504 eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and 505 revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-506 making review committee and refiled in the state 507 register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand 508 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of 509 tax and revenue (gasoline and special fuel excise tax), 510 are authorized.

511 (ee) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 512 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred

LEGISLATIVE RULES

[Ch. 120

ŗ

513 eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and 514 revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-515 making review committee and refiled in the state 516 register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand 517 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of 518 tax and revenue (corporation net income tax), are 519 authorized.

520 (ff) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 521 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 522 eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and 523 revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-524 making review committee and refiled in the state 525 register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of 526 527 tax and revenue (soft drinks tax), are authorized.

ARTICLE 8. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF TRANS-PORTATION TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-8-1. Division of highways.
- §64-8-2. Division of motor vehicles.

§64-8-1. Division of highways.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of 4 highways (transportation of hazardous waste by high-5 way transporters), are authorized with the amendments 6 set forth below:

Pages 3 and 7 after "40 CFR part 262" add the words
"as amended through March 8, 1986,"

9 Page 7 after "49 CFR parts 171-179" add the words
10 "as amended through March 8, 1986," and

Page 11 after "49 CFR part 171.16" add the words "as
amended through March 8, 1986."

13 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
14 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
15 eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of highways
16 (construction and reconstruction of state roads), are
17 authorized with the amendments set forth below:

1008

Page 16, Sec. 8.08, line 21, (unnumbered), by inserting
after the word "all" the following language: "reasonable
and necessary" and after the word "project" inserting
the following language: "by the Railroad".

Page 16, Sec. 8.08, line 22, (unnumbered), after the
word "the" by striking the words "Railroad's Chief".

Page 19, Sec. 8.08, line 25, (unnumbered), by striking
"Railroad's Chief" and adding the following new
language:

27 Any approval by the Department of any activity by 28 the Contractor upon the right-of-way or premises of any 29 Railroad which is provided for in this Section (8.08) 30 (including, but not limited to, approval of work, 31 methods, or procedures of work to be done, and the 32 condition of premises after completion of work by the Contractor) shall in no way create any liability by the 33 34 Department to the Railroad except to the extent 35 provided otherwise by law and the Contractor shall, 36 during all periods of construction and thereafter. 37 indemnify and save harmless the department from any 38 and all liability to the Railroad or any third parties for 39 any damages as a result of the work of the Contractor. 40 the methods and procedures for performing work, the 41 failure of the Contractor to properly remove equipment, 42 surplus material and other debris upon the Railroad 43 premises, or the condition of the premises of the Railroad during construction or after completion of 44 45 construction by the Contractor as approved by the 46 Department or otherwise.

47 Page 18, Sec. 8.08, subdivision (a), line 22, (unnum-48 bered), by striking the words "single limit" and 49 inserting in lieu thereof the following language: "per 50 occurrence".

51 Page 19, Sec. 8.08, subdivision (b), line 8, (unnum-52 bered), by striking the words "single limit" and 53 inserting in lieu thereof the following language: "per 54 occurrence".

55 Page 19, Sec. 8.08 (c), line 18, (unnumbered), by 56 inserting after the word "occurrence" the following 57 language: "of"; and after the word "injury" insert a 58 comma and strike the word "or".

59 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 60 the seventh day of September, one thousand nine 61 hundred eighty-four, modified by the commissioner of 62 highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-63 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of October. one thousand nine 64 hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of 65 highways (transportation of hazardous waste), are 66 67 authorized with the amendment set forth below:

Page 5, by amending §3.01 by adding thereto a new
subsection, designated subsection (4), to read as follows:
"(4) Before accepting hazardous waste from a rail
transporter, a highway transporter must sign and date
the manifest and provide a copy to the rail transporter."

73 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 74 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 75 hundred eighty-four, modified by the commissioner of 76 highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-77 making review committee and refiled in the state 78 register on the fifth day of October, one thousand nine 79 hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of 80 highways (disgualification and suspension of preguali-81 fied contractors), are authorized.

(e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twelfth day of December, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of highways
(transportation of hazardous wastes by vehicle upon the
roads and highways of this state), are authorized with
the amendments set forth below:

88 On page 18, the first line of §3.03 shall read as follows:

89 "3.03. Transporters who only accept Hazardous Waste90 from".

91 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

92 the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 93 eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of highways 94 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 95 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 96 fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 97 eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of highways (traffic and safety rules and regulations), are authorized 98 99 with the amendment set forth below:

100 On page 8, section 7.2, line 9, (unnumbered), by 101 striking everything after the word "structures".

(g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of highways
(construction and reconstruction of state roads), are
authorized.

107 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 108 the twenty-fifth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of 109 110 highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-111 making review committee and refiled in the state 112 register on the twenty-third day of November, one 113 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 114 commissioner of highways (transportation of hazardous 115 wastes upon the roads and highways), are authorized.

116 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 117 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of 118 119 highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-120 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand 121 122 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the division of 123 highways (use of state road rights-of-way and areas 124 adjacent thereto), are authorized with the amendments 125 set forth below:

126 On Pages 14 and 15, Section 7.5, by deleting the 127 following language:

"Upon receipt of a permit application an application
number shall be assigned by the Division of Highways.
The applicant shall be notified of the temporary

application number and shall then be required to
publish a Class II legal advertisement in the newspaper(s) serving the area where the proposed outdoor
advertising sign, display or device is proposed to be
located. A copy of the certificate of publication shall be
provided to the Department within ten (10) days of the
final publication date.

138 "As a minimum the advertisement shall include the 139 application number, the location (including ownership of the property upon which the sign is to be placed) and 140 shall notify the public that comments will be received 141 by the Division of Highways, Highway Services Section, 142 until 10 days after the final publication. The advertise-143 144 ment shall also state that all comments must include the 145 specific application number to which they refer.

"Any person who claims to be affected by the proposed
sign may submit written comments to the Division of
Highways, Highway Services Section, and may request
a public hearing within ten days of the final publication.
Within ten working days of the close of the comment
period the Division shall determine whether to approve,
deny, or hold a public hearing for said permit.

153 "When the Division determines that a public hearing 154 is required it shall notify the person(s) who requested 155 the hearing and the permit applicant. The Division shall 156 cause notice to be published and hold the hearing in accordance with Administrative Regulations, Commis-157 sioner of Highways, Chapter 17-2A, Series I (1982), 158 159 Section 3. Hearing Procedures (hereinafter WV Adm. 160 Reg. 17-2A).

161 "The Division Administrator shall assess the Div-162 ision's costs of the hearing against the permit applicant 163 or against the party requesting the hearing if he finds 164 that either the application for the permit or the request 165 for hearing was filed in bad faith.

166 "Any party adversely affected by the final decision of
167 the Division Administrator may apply for judicial
168 review through application for a writ of certiorari to the
169 Circuit Court of Kanawha County in accordance with W.
170 Va. Code § 53-3-1 and W. Va. Code § 14-2-2.

"The regulations in the preceding six paragraphs 171 relating to publication of notice of an application. 172173 comments on a pending application, notice of hearing, hearing on permit, assessment of costs and judicial 174 review shall not apply to an application for a permit for 175 176 an advertising sign, display or device to be located 177 within the boundaries of an incorporated municipality 178 or of a county-zoned commercial or industrial area."

179 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 180 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 181 eighty-nine, modified by the division of highways to 182 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 183 committee and refiled in the state register on the 184 seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the division of highways 185 186 (construction and reconstruction of state roads), are 187 authorized.

188 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 189 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of 190 191 highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-192 making review committee and refiled in the state 193 register on the seventh day of December, one thousand 194 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the division of highways (acquisition, disposal, lease and management 195 of real property and appurtenant structures and 196 197 relocation assistance), are authorized.

§64-8-2. Division of motor vehicles.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the second day of December, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-two, relating to the commissioner of motor 4 vehicles (denial of driving privileges), are authorized 5 with the amendments set forth below:

6 By inserting the words "licensed in the United States" 7 after the phrase "physician of the applicant's choice," on 8 page five, line two, and page seven, line one; and by 9 striking out the words "licensed vision specialist" and 10 inserting in lieu thereof the words "an optometrist or 11 ophthalmologist licensed in the United States," on page 12 five, line three, and on page seven, line two. -----

(b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of motor
vehicles (driving under the influence, drivers' license
revocation administrative hearings), are authorized.

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of
motor vehicles (safety and treatment program), are
authorized.

(d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the sixteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of motor
vehicles (compulsory insurance), are authorized.

(e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twentieth day of November, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of
motor vehicles (titling a vehicle), are authorized.

 $\mathbf{31}$ (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 32 eighty-four, modified by the commissioner of motor 33 34 vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-35 making review committee and refiled in the state 36 register on the fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of 37 38 motor vehicles (compulsory motor vehicle liability 39 insurance). are authorized.

40 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 41 the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the commissioner of motor 42 vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-43 making review committee and refiled in the state 44 register on the fourth day of October, one thousand nine 45 hundred eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of 46 motor vehicles (eligibility for reinstatement following 47 suspension or revocation of driving privileges), are 48 49 authorized.

50 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 51 the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 52 eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of motor
53 vehicles (the administration and enforcement of motor
54 vehicle inspections), are authorized.

55 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 56 the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 57 eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of motor 58 vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-59 making review committee and refiled in the state 60 register on the ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of 61 62 motor vehicles (seizure of a driver's license and issuance of a temporary driver's license), are authorized. 63

64 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 65 the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 66 eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of motor 67 vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 68 69 register on the ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of 70 71 motor vehicles (federal safety standards inspection 72 program), are authorized.

73 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine 74 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of 75 76 motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative 77 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of September, one 78 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 79 commissioner of motor vehicles (denial, suspension, 80 revocation or renewal of driving privileges), are 81 authorized with the amendment set forth below: 82

83 On page 7, section 7.2 after the words "75 m.p.h.", add 84 the words "except on highways where the established 85 speed limit is 65 m.p.h., and conviction was in excess 86 of 80 m.p.h.",

87 And,

88 On page 14, section 8.1 by inserting the words "not 89 to exceed fifteen hours" after the word "course" and in 90 section 8.2 by inserting the words "not to exceed fifteen 91 hours" after the word "course".

92 (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 93 the twenty-second day of November, one thousand nine 94 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of 95 motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative 96 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 97 register on the twentieth day of January, one thousand 98 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (denial, suspension, revocation or 99 100 nonrenewal of driving privileges), are authorized.

ARTICLE 9. AUTHORIZATION FOR MISCELLANEOUS AGEN-CIES AND BOARDS TO PROMULGATE LEGISLA-TIVE RULES.

- §64-9-1. Commissioner of agriculture.
- §64-9-2. State athletic commission.
- §64-9-3. Attorney general.
- \$64-9-4. State auditor.
- §64-9-5. Board of barbers and beauticians.
- §64-9-6. Beef industry self-improvement assessment board.
- §64-9-7. State boards of examination or registration; West Virginia board of chiropractic examiners.
- §64-9-8. West Virginia board of examiners in counseling.
- §64-9-9. Governor's committee on crime, delinquency and corrections.
- §64-9-10. West Virginia board of dental examiners.
- §64-9-11. Board of embalmers and funeral directors.
- §64-9-12. West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers.
- §64-9-13. West Virginia board of hearing-aid dealers.
- §64-9-14. West Virginia housing development fund.
- §64-9-15. State board of examiners of land surveyors.
- §64-9-16. Board of medicine.
- §64-9-17. West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses.
- §64-9-18. Board of examiners for registered professional nurses.
- §64-9-19. Nursing home administrators licensing board.
- §64-9-20. Board of pharmacy.
- §64-9-21. Board of examiners of psychologists.
- §64-9-22. Radiologic technology board of examiners.
- §64-9-23. Real estate commission.
- §64-9-24. Secretary of state.
- §64-9-25. Structural barriers compliance board.
- §64-9-26. State treasurer.
- §64-9-27. Commercial whitewater advisory board.

§64-9-1. Commissioner of agriculture.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of agriculture

1016

4 (schedule of charges for inspection services: fruit), are 5 authorized.

6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of agriculture 9 (licensing of auctioneers), are authorized.

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture
(conduct of beef industry self-improvement assessment
program referendum), are authorized.

(d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture
(feeding untreated garbage to swine), are authorized.

19 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 20 the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 21 eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture 22 (registration, taxation and control of dogs), are 23 authorized.

(f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture
(public markets), are authorized.

(g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the tenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture
(noxious weed rules), are authorized.

(h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture
(animal disease control), are authorized.

36 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
37 the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred
38 eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture
39 (use of certain picloram products), are authorized.

40 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 41 the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 42 eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of agriculture
43 (increasing certain fees by rules and regulations), are
44 authorized.

45 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine 46 47 hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of 48 agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-49 making review committee and refiled in the state 50 register on the thirty-first day of January, one thousand 51 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of 52 agriculture (licensing of livestock dealers), are 53 authorized.

54 (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 55 the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of agriculture 56 57 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 58 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 59 fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-60 seven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (West 61 Virginia pesticide use and application act), are 62 authorized.

63 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 64 the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the 65 division of forestry of the department of agriculture to 66 67 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 68 committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth 69 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-70 seven, relating to the director of the division of forestry 71 of the department of agriculture (ginseng), are 72 authorized.

(n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the tenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture
(schedule of charges for inspection services: fruit), are
authorized.

(o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making

101

82 review committee and refiled in the state register on the
83 eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
84 eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture
85 (animal disease control), are authorized.

(p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of
agriculture (sale and distribution of commercial fertilizer), are authorized.

91 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 92 the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine 93 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of 94 agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-95 making review committee and refiled in the state 96 register on the twenty-sixth day of October, one 97 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 98 commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control). 99 are authorized.

100 (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 101 the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred 102 eighty-nine, modified by the commissioner of agricul-103 ture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 104 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 105 twenty-first day of August, one thousand nine hundred 106 eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of agriculture 107 (production of milk and cream for manufacturing 108 purposes), are authorized.

109 (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 110 111 eighty-nine, modified by the commissioner of agricul-112 ture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 113 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 114 twenty-third day of October, one thousand nine hundred 115 eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized. 116

§64-9-2. State athletic commission.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-five, relating to the state athletic commission 4 (professional and amateur boxing), are authorized. ١

1

§64-9-3. Attorney general.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
 the sixth day of December, one thousand nine hundred
 eighty-four, relating to the attorney general (third party
 dispute mechanisms), are authorized.

5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 7 eighty-five, relating to the attorney general (fair 8 treatment of crime victims and witnesses), are 9 authorized.

10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine 11 12 hundred eighty-six, modified by the attorney general to 13 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 14 committee and refiled in the state register on the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six. 15 relating to the attorney general (prevention of unfair or 16 17 deceptive acts or practices in home improvement and home construction transactions), are authorized. These 18 rules were proposed by the attorney general pursuant 19 20 to section one hundred three, article six and section one 21 hundred two, article seven of chapter forty-six-a of this 22 code with the following amendments:

Amending the title to the proposed legislative rule wherever said title may appear, on lines three and four thereof, by striking the words "and home construction".

26 On the index page following "3." by striking the words 27 "and home construction".

On page 1, §1.2, line three, after the first word "transactions" on line three, by striking the comma and the words "and home construction transactions" and on line five, by striking the period and inserting the words "but shall not cover new construction of single-family dwellings or rebuilding all or substantially all of an existing or preexisting single-family dwelling."

Page 2, section 2.2 by striking all of lines seven andeight and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

1020

Ch. 120]

"unless: (a) it appears in printed or typed face larger
than the largest type used in the written contract,
apart".

40 On page 2, section 2.4, by striking all of section 2.4 41 and inserting in lieu thereof a new section 2.4, to read 42 as follows:

"2.4 'Home Construction' means, for the purpose of 43 this Rule, the repair, remodeling or the building of 44 additions to existing single-family dwelling units, 45 46 including single-family homes, condominium units or any other dwelling unit to be used by any person 47 48 primarily for personal or family use, but shall not include new single-family home construction or the 49 rebuilding of all or substantially all of an existing or 50 51 preexisting single-family dwelling."

52 Page 3, section 2.6, on line two thereof, after the 53 second comma by inserting the word "replacement".

54 Page 3, section 3, by striking the words "and home 55 construction" from the section heading.

56 Page 3, section 3.1, lines one and two, by striking the 57 words "or home construction".

58 Page 4, section 3.1.4, on lines one and two thereof, by 59 striking the words "or home construction".

60 Page 4, section 3.1.8, on line two thereof, by striking 61 the words "or home construction".

62 Page 4, section 3.1.9, on lines two and three thereof, 63 by striking the words "or home construction".

64 Page 5, section 3.1.12, on lines one and two thereof, 65 by striking the words "or home construction".

Page 6, section 3.1.26, by striking all of section 3.1.26and renumbering the subsequent subsections.

Page 7, section 3.1.29, on lines one and two thereof,by striking the words "or home construction".

Page 7, section 3.1.29, on line six thereof, following the
word "contract" by inserting a period and striking the
remainder of the section.

73 Page 7, following section 3.1.29 by adding a new section to be designated section 3.1.29, to read as follows: 74 75 "failed to file a certificate in the office of the Clerk 76 of the County Commission in the county in which the principal place of business of the seller is located, setting 77 78 forth the assumed name in or by which the business is being conducted in conformity with the provisions of 79 80 Chapter 47, Article 8, Section 2 of the Code of West 81 Virginia, 1931, as amended." 82 Page 7, section 3.2, on lines two and three thereof, by striking the words, "or home solicitation sale of home 83 construction" and the comma on line three. 84 Page 9, section 4.1, on line eight thereof, by deleting 85 86 the period and inserting the following: 87 "to the extent permitted by statute." 88 Page 10, section 4.2, on line 9 thereof, by striking the period and inserting the following: 89 90 "to the extent permitted by statute." 91 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine 92 hundred eighty-six, modified by the attorney general to 93 94 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the first 95 day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six. 96 relating to the attorney general (prevention of unfair or 97 deceptive acts or practices in the sale of damaged goods 98 or products), are authorized. 99 100 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine 101 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the attorney general 102103 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 104 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 105 twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the attorney general 106 (administration of preneed burial contracts), are 107 authorized with the following amendments set forth 108 109 below:

110 On page 9, section 8.2 by striking the words "within

thirty days after the death of a contract beneficiary," and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "On or before the first day of January and the first day of July of each year," and after the word "provided" by striking the comma and inserting in lieu thereof "after the death of any contract beneficiary during the previous six-month period,".

118 On page 12, section 9.7 by striking all of 9.7.

119 Beginning on page 15, by striking the entirety of 120 section 15.

121 And,

122 Beginning on page 18, by striking the entirety of 123 section 16, and by renumbering the remaining sections.

124 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 125 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the attorney general to meet 126 127 the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the 128 129 twenty-sixth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 130 eighty-nine, relating to the attorney general (allowing persons who are indirectly injured by violations of the 131 West Virginia antitrust act to recover damages), are 132 133 authorized.

134 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 135 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the attorney general 136 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 137 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 138 fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 139 eighty-nine, relating to the attorney general (health 140 141 spas), are authorized.

§64-9-4. State auditor.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the state auditor, 4 securities commissioner (broker-dealers, agents and 5 advisors), are authorized with the amendments set forth 6 below:

LEGISLATIVE RULES

7 Section 14.06, delete the words "as subsequently 8 amended" and reinsert the words "as amended March

9 30, 1982".

10 Section 14.07 place a period after "1976" and delete 11 the words "as subsequently amended".

(b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-five, relating to the state auditor,
securities commissioner (filing fee), are authorized.

§64-9-5. Board of barbers and beauticians.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 4 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-5 making review committee and refiled in the state 6 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 7 8 barbers and beauticians (minimum curriculum for 9 schools of barbering), are authorized with the amend-10 ment set forth below:

11 On page 9, by inserting a new section, designated 12 section 3-6-14, to read as follows:

13 "§3-6-14. Repeal of rule—This rule will automati14 cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior
15 to that date by an act of the Legislature."

16 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 17 the tenth day of June. one thousand nine hundred 18 eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 19 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-20 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand 21 22 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 23 barbers and beauticians (qualifications, training, 24 examination and registration of instructors in barbering 25and beauty culture), are authorized with the amendment set forth below: 26

27 On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated 28 section 3-2-9, to read as follows: 29 "§3-2-9. Repeal of rule—This rule will automati30 cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior
31 to that date by an act of the Legislature."

32 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 33 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 34 35 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-36 making review committee and refiled in the state 37 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 38 39 barbers and beauticians (operation of barber shops and 40 schools of barbering), are authorized with the amend-41 ment set forth below:

42 On page 5, by inserting a new section, designated 43 section 3-3-6, to read as follows:

44 "§3-3-6. Repeal of rule—This rule will automati45 cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior
46 to that date by an act of the Legislature."

47 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 48 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 49 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-50 making review committee and refiled in the state 51 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand 52 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 53 barbers and beauticians (curriculum and minimum 54 requirements, subjects and hour schedule, rules and 55 regulations for schools of beauty culture operation in 56 West Virginia: joint barbers and beauticians license). 57 58 are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

59 On page 7, by inserting a new section, designated 60 section 3-1-11, to read as follows:

61 "§3-1-11. Repeal of rule—This rule will automati-62 cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior 63 to that date by an act of the Legislature."

64 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 65 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 66 eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 67 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule68 making review committee and refiled in the state 69 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand 70 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 71 barbers and beauticians (operation of beauty shops and 72 schools of beauty culture), are authorized with the 73 amendments set forth below:

74 On page 4, by inserting a new section, designated 75 section 3-4-6, to read as follows:

76 "§3-4-6. Repeal of rule—This rule will automati77 cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior
78 to that date by an act of the Legislature."

79 And,

80 On page 4, by inserting a new subsection, designated 81 section 3.25, to read as follows:

82 "3.25 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary or
83 interpretation of law to the contrary, any licensed
84 beautician may trim beards or mustaches."

85 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 86 eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 87 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-88 89 making review committee and refiled in the state 90 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 91 barbers and beauticians (licensing schools of barbering 92 or beauty culture), are authorized with the amendments 93 94 set forth below:

95 On page 2, subsection 4.1, by deleting subdivision (b) 96 and relettering the remaining subdivisions.

97 On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated 98 section 3-5-8, to read as follows:

99 "§3-5-8. Repeal of rule—This rule will automati-100 cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior 101 to that date by an act of the Legislature."

§64-9-6. Beef industry self-improvement assessment board.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the

- 2 nineteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-five, relating to the beef industry self-improve-
- 4 ment assessment board (beef industry self-improvement
- 5 assessment program), are authorized.

§64-9-7. State boards of examination or registration; West Virginia board of chiropractic examiners.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 1 2 twenty-sixth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia board of 4 chiropractic examiners to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 5 the state register on the twenty-seventh day of January, 6 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 7 8 West Virginia board of chiropractic examiners (West Virginia board of chiropractic examiners), are autho-9 10 rized.

§64-9-8. West Virginia board of examiners in counseling.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia board of 3 4 examiners in counseling to meet the objections of the 5 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 6 the state register on the twelfth day of September, one 7 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West 8 Virginia board of examiners in counseling (licensing), are authorized. 9

§64-9-9. Governor's committee on crime, delinquency and corrections.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 1 twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-eight, modified by the governor's committee on 3 crime, delinguency and corrections to meet the objec-4 tions of the legislative rule-making review committee 5 6 and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, 7 8 relating to the governor's committee on crime, delin-9 quency and corrections (basic training academy, annual in-service and biennial in-service training standards), 10 11 are authorized.

£.

§64-9-10. West Virginia board of dental examiners.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia board of 4 dental examiners to meet the objections of the legislative 5 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 6 register on the twenty-third day of October, one 7 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West 8 Virginia board of dental examiners (West Virginia 9 board of dental examiners), are authorized.

§64-9-11. Board of embalmers and funeral directors.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the twenty-seventh day of July, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-four, modified by the board of embalmers and funeral directors to meet the objections of 4 the legislative rule-making review committee and 5 6 refiled in the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the 7 board of embalmers and funeral directors (apprentice-8 9 ship), are authorized.

10 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the sixteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the board of embalmers and 12 13 funeral directors to meet the objections of the legislative 14 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 15 register on the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine 16 hundred eighty-six, relating to the board of embalmers 17 and funeral directors (governing the board of embalmers and funeral directors), are authorized. 18

§64-9-12. West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia 3 state board of registration for professional engineers to 4 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 5 committee and refiled in the state register on the 6 twenty-eighth day of January, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia state 8

9 board of registration for professional engineers (legisla-

- 10 tive rules governing the West Virginia state board of
- 11 registration for professional engineers), are authorized.

12 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 13 the twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine 14 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers to 15 16 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 17 committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 18 eighty-eight, relating to the West Virginia state board 19 20 of registration for professional engineers (rules of the West Virginia state board of registration for profes-21 22 sional engineers), are authorized.

§64-9-13. West Virginia board of hearing-aid dealers.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 1 2 twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia board of hearing-aid dealers to meet the objections of the 4 5 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 6 the state register on the twenty-eighth day of January, 7 one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia board of hearing-aid dealers (rules 8 governing the West Virginia board of hearing-aid 9 10 dealers), are authorized.

§64-9-14. West Virginia housing development fund.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia 4 housing development fund (single-family mortgage 5 loans), are authorized.

§64-9-15. State board of examiners of land surveyors.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state board of examiners of land surveyors to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state 8 board of examiners of land surveyors (practice of land

9 surveying in West Virginia), are authorized.

§64-9-16. Board of medicine.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-three, relating to the board of medicine (licensing, disciplinary and complaint procedures; podiatry;
physicians assistants), are authorized with the modifications set forth below:

7 **"**§24.12.

8 (b) It shall be the responsibility of the supervising 9 physician to obtain consent in writing from the patient 10 before Type A physician assistants employed in a 11 satellite clinic may render general medical or surgical 12 services, except in emergencies.

13 §24.16.

(c) No physician assistant shall render nonemergency
outpatient medical services until the patient has been
informed that the individual providing care is a
physician assistant."

18 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 19 the twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand nine 20 hundred eighty-five, modified by the board of medicine 21 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 22 review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 23 24 eighty-six, relating to the board of medicine (licensing, disciplinary and complaint procedures; podiatry; physi-25 26 cians assistants), are authorized.

27 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 28 29 eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia board of 30 medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-31 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of December, one 32 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the West 33 Virginia board of medicine (rules governing the 34 approval of medical schools not accredited by the liaison 35 committee on medical education), are authorized. 36

1030

(d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven, relating to the board of medicine (fees for services
rendered by the board of medicine), are authorized.

41 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 42 the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine 43 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of medicine 44 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 45 review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine 46 47 hundred eighty-nine, relating to the board of medicine (dispensing of legend drugs by physicians and podia-48 49 trists), are authorized with the following amendments:

50 Section 2.6 to read as follows: Dispense means to 51 deliver a legend drug to an ultimate user or research 52 subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a physician 53 or podiatrist, including the prescribing, packaging, 54 labeling, administering or compounding necessary to 55 prepare the drug for that delivery.

56 Section 3.3 to read as follows: Physicians or podiatrists 57 who are not registered with the Board as dispensing 58 physicians may not dispense legend drugs. However, the 59 following activities by a physician or podiatrist shall be 60 exempt from the requirements of section 3 through 8 61 applicable to dispensing physicians:

a. Legend drugs administered to the patient, which
are not controlled substance when an appropriate record
is made in the patient's chart.

b. Professional samples distributed free of charge by
a physician or podiatrist or certified physician assistant
under his or her supervision to the patient when an
appropriate record is made in the patient's chart; or

69 c. Legend drugs which are not controlled substances 70 provided by free clinics or under West Virginia state 71 authorized programs, including the medicaid, family 72 planning, maternal and child health, and early and 73 periodic screening and diagnosis and treatment pro-74 grams: *Provided*, That all labeling provisions of section 8 shall be applicable except the requirements of section8.3 (a).

§64-9-17. West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the thirtieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the West Virginia board of 3 examiners for licensed practical nurses to meet the 4 5 objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirtieth day 6 of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, 7 relating to the West Virginia board of examiners for 8 licensed practical nurses (policies relating to licensure 9 of the licensed practical nurse), are authorized. 10

(b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the thirtieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia board of
examiners for licensed practical nurses (legal standards
of nursing practice for the licensed practical nurse), are
authorized.

17 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 18 the thirtieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 19 eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia board of 20 examiners for licensed practical nurses (fees for services 21 rendered by the board), are authorized.

§64-9-18. Board of examiners for registered professional nurses.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the board of examiners for registered professional nurses (qualifications of graduates of foreign nursing schools for admission to the professional nurse licensing examination), are authorized.

§64-9-19. Nursing home administrators licensing board.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred

3 eighty-five, modified by the nursing home administra-

1

tors licensing board to meet the objections of the
legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in
the state register on the twenty-eighth day of January,
one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the
nursing home administrators licensing board (governing
nursing home administrators), are authorized.

§64-9-20. Board of pharmacy.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the second day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the board of pharmacy to meet 3 4 the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth 5 6 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. relating to the board of pharmacy (parenteral/enteral 7 compounding), are authorized. 8

9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10 the twelfth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the board of phar-11 macy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-12 making review committee and refiled in the state 13 register on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand 14 15nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the board of pharmacy (board of pharmacy), are authorized. 16

§64-9-21. Board of examiners of psychologists.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-four, relating to the board of examiners 4 of psychologists (examination fee), are authorized.

(b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 5 the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine 6 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of examin-7 ers of psychologists to meet the objections of the 8 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 9 the state register on the twenty-third day of November. 10 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 11 board of examiners of psychologists (penalties and fees), 12 are authorized. 13

§64-9-22. Radiologic technology board of examiners.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the

LEGISLATIVE RULES

- 2 twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-four, relating to the radiologic technol-
- 4 ogy board of examiners are authorized.

§64-9-23. Real estate commission.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 fourth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-nine, modified by the real estate commission to 4 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 5 committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, 6 7 relating to the real estate commission (renewal of license -continuing education), are authorized. 8

§64-9-24. Secretary of state.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 the fifteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred 2 3 eighty-five, modified by the secretary of state to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 4 committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth 5 day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, 6 relating to the secretary of state (standard size and 7 8 format for rules and related documents filed in the 9 secretary of state's office), are authorized.

10 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine 11 12 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the secretary of state 13 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 14 review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine 15 hundred eighty-seven, relating to the secretary of state 16 (standard size and format for rules and procedures for 17 publication of the state register or parts of the state 18 19 register), are authorized.

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-nine, modified by the secretary of state to meet
the objections of the legislative rule-making review
committee and refiled in the state register on the
twentieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred

Ch. 120]

LEGISLATIVE RULES

26 eighty-nine, relating to the secretary of state (West

27 Virginia farm product lien central filing system), are 28 authorized.

§64-9-25. Structural barriers compliance board.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 twenty-fourth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-eight, modified by the structural barriers 4 compliance board to meet the objections of the legisla-5 tive rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one 6 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the 7 structural barriers compliance board (elimination of 8 9 structural barriers in public buildings), are authorized.

§64-9-26. State treasurer.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the

2 third day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-

3 four, relating to the state treasurer (establishment of

4 imprest funds), are authorized.

§64-9-27. Commercial whitewater advisory board.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-six, modified by the commercial whitewater 4 advisory board to meet the objections of the legislative 5 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of January, one thousand 6 7 nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commercial 8 whitewater advisory board (commercial whitewater 9 outfitters), are authorized with the following 10 amendment:

11 "On page 1, §2.1, by striking all of §2.1 and inserting in lieu thereof the following: '2.1 Commercial white-12 water outfitter means any person, partnership, corpora-13 tion or other organization, or any combination thereof, 14 15 duly authorized and operating from within or from without the state, which for monetary profit or gain, 16 provides whitewater expeditions or rents whitewater 17 craft or equipment for use in whitewater expeditions on 18 any river, portions of rivers or waters of the state." 19

CHAPTER 121

(S. B. 188—Originating in the Committee on Confirmations)

[Passed March 6, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, relating to defining the phrase "next meeting of the Senate".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. OFFICERS, MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES: AP-PROPRIATIONS; INVESTIGATIONS; DISPLAY OF FLAGS; RECORDS; USE OF CAPITOL BUILD-ING; PREFILING OF BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS; STANDING COMMITTEES; INTERIM MEETINGS; NEXT MEETING OF THE SENATE.

§4-1-22. "Next meeting of the Senate" defined.

The phrase "next meeting of the Senate" contained in 1 2 article seven, section nine of the constitution of West Virginia means any time the full Senate is convened and 3 includes, but is not limited to, any regular session, any 4 extraordinary session called during any recess or 5 6 adjournment of the Legislature, during any impeach-7 ment proceeding or any time the Senate is convened 8 pursuant to section ten-a of this article.

CHAPTER 122

(H. B. 4257—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Sattes)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section five, relating to authorizing the joint committee

LIENS

on government and finance to charge state executive and judicial agencies and private persons, corporations and associations for use of the Legislature's computer subscriber system data bases and providing that the fees collected be deposited in a special revolving fund of the joint committee and be expended on the Legislature's computer system as authorized by the joint committee.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. JOINT COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE.

§4-3-5. Charges for use of the Legislature's computer subscriber system.

1 The joint committee on government and finance is 2 hereby authorized to charge and collect fees from 3 agencies of state executive and judicial departments and from private persons, corporations and associations for 4 access to and use of the Legislature's computer sub-5 scriber system data bases in accordance with fees. 6 procedures and restrictions approved by the joint 7 8 committee. Fees collected are to be deposited in a special revolving fund of the joint committee on government 9 and finance and may be expended for expansion, 10 maintenance and support of the Legislature's computer 11 system as authorized by the joint committee. 12

CHAPTER 123 (Com. Sub. for H. B. 4712—By Delegate R. Burk)

[Passed March 6, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article one, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to future advances secured by a credit line deed of trust; form; priority over other liens; release; providing an alternative to the caption entitled a credit line deed of trust; to further define future advances to include obligations other than those arising from traditional loan transactions; and to clarify the distinction between obligatory and nonobligatory future advances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article one, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. VENDOR'S AND TRUST DEED LIENS.

§38-1-14. Future advances secured by credit line deed of trust; definitions; notice requirements and form; priority over other liens; release.

1 (a) Definitions: For purposes of this section, the 2 following definitions shall apply:

3 (1) "Credit line deed of trust" is a deed of trust 4 securing any obligation arising out of a loan agreement, 5 a promissory note, a sales contract, a performance 6 contract, or any other agreement or writing, under the 7 terms of which the indebtedness or other obligation 8 created may increase and/or decrease from time to time.

9 (2) "Future advance" means any form of increase in the indebtedness or obligation owed to the secured party 10 11 under the terms of the credit line deed of trust, 12 including, but not limited to, an increase arising from, 13 but not limited to, an application for the same by the 14 obligor: the advancement of loan proceeds pursuant to 15 the terms of the credit line deed of trust or other 16 agreement; the payment of any taxes, insurance premiums, interest, or other obligations pursuant to the terms 17 of the credit line deed of trust or other agreement; or 18 the occurrence of any condition, event or circumstance 19 set forth in the credit line deed of trust. 20

(3) "Obligatory advance" means any advance which,
under the terms of the credit line deed of trust or other
agreement, the secured party has legally obligated itself
to make in the absence of a default, breach, or other

LIENS

25such event. Obligatory advances include, but are not 26limited to, advances which the secured party has agreed 27 to make as a term or condition of the credit line deed 28 of trust or other related agreement: obligations arising 29 out of the occurrence of a condition, event or circum-30 stance contemplated by the agreement; obligations 31 arising on a specified date or time; or advances made 32 upon application therefor by the grantor under the 33 credit line deed of trust or by another obligor whose 34 indebtedness is secured by the deed of trust.

35 (b) A credit line deed of trust shall comply with all 36 the provisions of this article and shall either (i) have 37 clearly entitled at the beginning thereof either in capital 38 letters or in language underscored, the words, "A CREDIT LINE DEED OF TRUST", or (ii) state 39 40 conspicuously either immediately above or beneath the 41 caption at the top of the first page of the credit line deed of trust the words, "This instrument secures an obliga-42 43 tion that may increase and decrease from time to time."

44 A credit line deed of trust shall be, from the time it is duly recorded as required by law, security for all 45 46 indebtedness or other obligations secured thereby at the 47 time of recording and for all future advances secured 48 thereby in an aggregate principal amount outstanding 49 at any time not to exceed the maximum amount stated in the credit line deed of trust, without regard to 50 51 whether the future advances are contracted for at the 52 time of recordation of the credit line deed of trust or 53 whether the secured party under the credit line deed of trust readvances principal sums repaid. The credit line 54 deed of trust shall also be security for interest on the 55 56 principal sums and for taxes, insurance premiums and 57 other obligations, including interest thereon, undertaken 58 by the secured party in the credit line deed of trust or 59 in the related loan agreement, note, contract, or other 60 agreement or evidences of indebtedness or obligations secured thereby. The interest, taxes, insurance premi-61 ums and other obligations when added to the total 62 principal amount of the obligations outstanding at any 63 time may increase the amount secured by the credit line 64 deed of trust above the stated maximum amount. 65

66 (c) A credit line deed of trust, in addition to other 67 provisions of this code, shall conform with the following:

(1) The credit line deed of trust shall contain specific
provisions permitting or requiring future advances and
stating whether the future advances are intended to be
obligatory or nonobligatory;

(2) At no time may the unpaid principal balance of
the obligation or indebtedness secured by the credit line
deed of trust exceed the maximum amount stated
therein, except as specifically provided for in subsection
(b) of this section; and

(3) The original credit line deed of trust must be
executed and recorded after the sixth day of June, one
thousand nine hundred eighty-four.

80 (d) Except as otherwise provided herein, a credit line 81 deed of trust, to the extent of the principal amount of 82 the loan indebtedness or obligation secured thereby, 83 interest thereon, taxes, insurance premiums and other 84 obligations, including interest thereon, secured thereby, 85 has priority over all other deeds of trust, liens and 86 encumbrances of every nature, however created or 87 arising, to the same extent and for the same amount as 88 if all the amounts were advanced on the date and at the 89 time the credit line deed of trust is recorded.

90 (e) Any mechanic's lien, abstract of judgment, notice of lis pendens, other deed of trust or other lien of 91 92 encumbrance, which affects the property encumbered 93 by the credit line deed of trust and which is duly recorded and perfected as required by law after the 94 recording of the credit line deed of trust, shall have 95 priority over any advances secured by the credit line 96 97 deed of trust that are not obligatory and that are made 98 by the secured party under the credit line deed of trust after receipt by the secured party, at the address 99 provided for the purpose of notification in the credit line 100 101 deed of trust, of written notice of such mechanic's lien, judgment lien, notice of lis pendens, other deed of trust 102 or other lien or encumbrance. However, any obligatory 103 advances made by the secured party that are secured 104 by the credit line deed of trust or any other related 105

106 agreement, and any taxes, insurance premiums and 107 obligations which the secured party has agreed to pay, 108 or which under the credit line deed of trust or otherwise 109 the secured party has the right to pay in connection with 110 such credit line deed of trust, shall continue to have the 111 priority created under subsection (b) of this section over 112 a mechanic's lien, judgment lien, notice of lis pendens, 113 deed of trust or other lien or encumbrance.

114 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code. 115 the secured party under a credit line deed of trust 116 subject to this section shall be obligated to release the 117 credit line deed of trust at such time as all indebtedness. 118 or other obligations secured thereby have been paid in 119 full or otherwise satisfied and the secured party has 120 been duly released from any further obligation to make 121 future advances under any note or agreement secured 122 by the credit line deed of trust. This release shall 123 become effective upon the recording of the release and 124 the secured party shall be released and discharged from 125 any further obligation.

CHAPTER 124

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4187-By Delegates Murphy and Manuel)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty, relating to the local powers act; purpose and findings; definitions; authorizing counties to collect fees; credits and offsets accruing for benefit of development; implementation criteria and requirements; establishment of new levies and fees; use and administration of impact fees; refunds of impact fees; and impact fees being required to be consistent with development regulations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by

-

adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. FEES AND EXPENDITURES FOR COUNTY DEVELOPMENT.

- §7-20-1. Short title.
- §7-20-2. Purpose and findings.
- §7-20-3. Definitions.
- §7-20-4. Counties authorized to collect fees.
- §7-20-5. Credits or offests to be adjusted; incidental benefit by one development not construed as denying reasonable benefit to new development.
- §7-20-6. Criteria and requirements necessary to implement collection of fees.
- §7-20-7. Establishment of impact fees; levies may be used to fund existing capital improvements.
- §7-20-8. Use and administration of impact fees.
- §7-20-9. Refund of unexpended impact fees.
- §7-20-10. Impact fees required to be consistent with other development regulations.

§7-20-1. Short title.

1 This article shall be known as the "Local Powers Act."

§7-20-2. Purpose and findings.

1 (a) It is the purpose of this article to provide for the 2 fair distribution of costs for county development by 3 authorizing the assessment and collection of fees to 4 offset the cost of commercial and residential develop-5 ment within affected counties.

6 (b) The Legislature hereby makes the following 7 findings:

8 (1) The residents, taxpayers and users of county 9 facilities and services, in affected counties, have 10 contributed significant funds in the form of taxes and 11 user charges toward the cost of existing county facilities 12 and services, which represent a substantial and incal-13 culable investment;

14 (2) Affected counties in West Virginia are experienc-15 ing an increased demand for development which is 16 causing strain on tax revenues and user charges at 17 existing levels and impairing the ability of taxpayers, 18 residents and users to bear the cost of increased demand 19 for county facilities and services. In some instances, 20 county borrowing has been required to meet the 21 demand;

(3) Equitable considerations require that future
residents and users of existing county facilities and
services contribute toward the investment already made
in those facilities and services;

(4) Sound fiscal policy in the efficient administration
of county government requires that the imposition of
taxes and user charges be commensurate to the actual
yearly cost of county facilities and services;

30 (5) Accumulations of large financial reserves for
31 future capital expenditures unjustly exact unneeded
32 current funds from taxpayers and users; and

(6) County borrowing unnecessarily increases the cost
of government by the amount of debt service and should
be avoided unless considered absolutely necessary to
meet an existing public need.

§7-20-3. Definitions.

1 (a) "Capital improvements" means the following 2 public facilities or assets that are owned, supported or 3 established by county government:

4 (1) Water treatment and distribution facilities;

5 (2) Wastewater treatment and disposal facilities;

6 (3) Sanitary sewers;

7 (4) Storm water, drainage, and flood control facilities;

8 (5) Public primary and secondary school facilities;

9 (6) Public road systems and rights-of-way;

10 (7) Parks and recreational facilities; and

11 (8) Police, emergency medical, rescue, and fire 12 protection facilities.

"Capital improvements" as defined herein is limited
to those improvements that are treated as capitalized
expenses according to generally accepted governmental.
accounting principles and that have an expected useful
life of no less than three years. "Capital improvement"

18 does not include costs associated with the operation, 19 repair, maintenance, or full replacement of capital 20 improvements. "Capital improvement" does include 21 reasonable costs for planning, design, engineering, land 22 acquisition, and other costs directly associated with the 23 capital improvements described herein.

24 (b) "County services" means the following: (1) Services 25 provided by administration and administrative person-26 nel, law enforcement and its support personnel; (2) 27 street light service: (3) fire-fighting service: (4) ambu-28 lance service; (5) fire hydrant service; (6) roadway 29 maintenance and other services provided by roadway maintenance personnel; (7) public utility systems and 30 services provided by public utility systems personnel. 31 32 water; and (8) all other direct and indirect county 33 services authorized by this code.

34 (c) "Direct county services" means those public
35 services authorized and provided by various county
36 agencies or departments.

37 (d) "Indirect county services" means those public
38 services authorized and provided by commissioned
39 agents, agencies or departments of the county.

(e) "Growth county" means any county within the 40 41 state with an averaged population growth rate in excess 42 of one percent per year as determined from the most 43 recent decennial census counts and forecasted, within decennial census count years, by official records of 44 45 government or generally approved standard statistical 46 estimate procedures: Provided. That once "growth 47 county" status is achieved it is permanent in nature and 48 the powers derived hereby are continued.

49 (f) "User" means any member of the public who uses
50 or may have occasion to use county facilities and services
51 as defined herein.

52 (g) "Impact fees" means any charge, fee, or assess-53 ment levied as a condition of the following: (1) Issuance 54 of a subdivision or site plan approval; (2) issuance of a 55 building permit; and (3) approval of a certificate of 56 occupancy, or other development or construction appro-

val when any portion of the revenues collected is 57 intended to fund any portion of the costs of capital 58 59 improvements for any public facilities or county services 60 not otherwise permitted by law. An impact fee does not include charges for remodeling, rehabilitation, or other 61 improvements to an existing structure or rebuilding a 62 damaged structure, provided there is no increase in 63 64 gross floor area or in the number of dwelling units that 65 result therefrom.

(h) "Proportionate share" means the cost of capital 66 67 improvements that are reasonably attributed to new development less any credits or offsets for construction 68 or dedication of land or capital improvements, past or 69 70 future payments made or reasonably anticipated to be 71 made by new development in the form of user fees, debt 72 service payments, taxes or other payments toward capital improvement costs. 73

(i) "Reasonable benefit" means a benefit received
from the provision of a capital improvement greater
than that received by the general public located within
the county wherein an impact fee is being imposed.

(j) "Plan" means a county, comprehensive, general,master or other land use plan as described herein.

80 (k) "Program" means the capital improvements81 program described herein.

82 (1) "Unincorporated area" and "total unincorporated 83 area" means all lands and resident estates of a county 84 that are not included within the corporate, annexed 85 areas or legal service areas of an incorporated or 86 chartered municipality, city, town or village located in 87 the state of West Virginia.

§7-20-4. Counties authorized to collect fees.

1 County governments affected by the construction of 2 new development projects are hereby authorized to 3 require the payment of fees for any new development 4 projects constructed therein in the event any costs 5 associated with capital improvements or the provision of 6 other services are attributable to such project. Such fees 7 shall not exceed a proportionate share of such costs

- 8 required to accommodate any such new development.
- 9 Before requiring payment of any fee authorized he-
- 10 reunder, it must be evident that some reasonable benefit
- 11 from any such capital improvements will be realized by
- 12 any such development project.

§7-20-5. Credits or offsets to be adjusted; incidental benefit by one development not construed as denying reasonable benefit to new development.

- 1 Credits or offsets for past or future payments toward
- 2 capital improvement costs shall be adjusted for time-
- 3 price differentials inherent in fair comparisons of
- 4 monetary amounts paid or received at different times.
- 5 The receipt of an incidental benefit by any develop-6 ment shall not be construed as denying a reasonable 7 benefit to any other new development.

§7-20-6. Criteria and requirements necessary to implement collection of fees.

(a) As a prerequisite to authorizing counties to levy
 impact fees related to population growth and public
 service needs, counties shall meet the following
 requirements:

5 (1) A demonstration that population growth rate history as determined from the most recent base 6 decennial census counts of a county, utilizing generally 7 approved standard statistical estimate procedures, in 8 9 excess of one percent annually averaged over a five-year 10 period since the last decennial census count; or a 11 demonstration that a total population growth rate 12 projection of one percent per annum for an ensuing fiveyear period, based on standard statistical estimate 13 14 procedures, from the current official population estimate of the county: 15

16 (2) Adopting a county-wide comprehensive plan;

17 (3) Reviewing and updating any comprehensive plan18 at no less than five-year intervals;

19 (4) Drafting and adopting a comprehensive zoning20 ordinance;

(5) Drafting and adopting a subdivision controlordinance;

23 (6) Keeping in place a formal building permit and 24 review system, which provides a process to regulate the 25authorization of applications relating to construction or 26 structural modification and which further provides for 27 the systematic and ongoing inspection of existing 28 structures. The county shall adopt, pursuant to section 29 three-n, article one of this chapter, the state building code into any such building permit and review system; 30 31 and

32 (7) Providing an improvement program which shall33 include:

34 (A) Developing and maintaining a list within the35 county of particular sites with development potential;

(B) Developing and maintaining standards of service
for capital improvements which are fully or partially
funded with revenues collected from impact fees; and

(C) Lists of proposed capital improvements from all
areas, containing descriptions of any such proposed
capital improvements, cost estimates, projected time
frames for constructing such improvements and proposed or anticipated funding sources.

44 (b) Capital improvement programs may include provisions to provide for the expenditure of impact fees 45 for any legitimate county purpose. This may include the 46 expenditure of fees for partial funding of any particular 47 capital improvement where other funding exists from 48 any source other than the county, or exists in combina-49 tion with other funds available to the county: Provided. 50 That for such expenditures to be considered legitimate 51 no county or other local authority may deny or withhold 52 any reasonable benefit that may be derived therefrom 53 from any development project for which such impact fee 54 55 or fees have been paid.

(c) Capital improvement programs for public elementary and secondary school facilities may include
provisions to spend impact fees based on a computation
related to the following: (1) The existing local tax base;

60 and (2) the adjusted value of accumulated infrastruc-61 ture investment, based on net depreciation, and any 62 remaining debt owed thereon. Any such computation 63 must establish the value of any equity shares in the net 64 worth of an impacted school system facility, regardless of the existence of any need to expand such facility. 65 66 Impact fee revenues may only be used for capital 67 replacement or expansion.

68 (d) Additional development areas may be added to 69 any plan or capital improvements program provided for 70 hereunder if a county government so desires. The 71 standards governing the construction or structural 72 modification for any such additional area shall not 73 deviate from those adopted and maintained at the time 74 such addition is made.

(e) The county may modify annually any capital
improvements plan in addition to any impact fee rates
based thereon, pursuant to the following:

(1) The number and extent of development projectsbegun in the past year;

80 (2) The number and extent of public facilities existing81 or under construction;

82 (3) The changing needs of the general population;

83 (4) The availability of any other funding sources; and

84 (5) Any other relevant and significant factor applica85 ble to a legitimate goal or goals of any such capital
86 improvement plan.

§7-20-7. Establishment of impact fees; levies may be used to fund existing capital improvements.

1 (a) Impact fees assessed against a development 2 project to fund capital improvements and public 3 services may not exceed the actual proportionate share 4 of any benefit realized by such project relative to the 5 benefit to the resident taxpayers.

6 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 7 the contrary, those counties that meet the requirements 8 of section six of this article are hereby authorized to

9 assess, levy, collect and administer any tax or fee as has 10 been or may be specifically authorized by the Legislature by general law to the municipalities of this state: 11 12 Provided. That any assessment, levy or collection shall 13 be delayed sixty days from its regular effective date: 14 Provided, however. That in the event fifteen percent of 15 the qualified voters of the county by petition duly signed 16 by them in their own handwriting and filed with the 17 county commission within forty-five days after any 18 impact fee or levy is imposed by the county commission. 19 pursuant to this article, the fee or levy protested may 20 not become effective until it is ratified by a majority of 21 the legal votes cast thereon by the qualified voters of 22 such county at any primary, general or special election 23 as the county commission directs. Voting thereon may 24 not take place until after notice of the subcommission 25 of the fee a levy on the ballot has been given by 26 publication of Class II legal advertisement and publica-27 tion area shall be the county where such fee or levy is imposed: Provided further, That counties may not 28 29 "double tax" by applying a given tax within any corporate boundary in which that municipality has 30 31 implemented such tax. Any such taxes or fees collected 32 under this law may be used to fund a proportionate share of the cost of existing capital improvements and 33 34 public services where it is shown that all or a portion 35 of existing capital improvements and public services 36 were provided in anticipation of the needs of new 37 development.

(b) In determining a proportionate share of capital
improvements and public services costs, the following
factors shall be considered:

41 (1) The need for new capital improvements and public services to serve new development based on an existing 42 capital improvements plan that shows (A) any current 43 deficiencies in existing capital improvements and 44 services that serve existing development and the means 45 46 by which any such deficiencies may be eliminated within a reasonable period of time by means other than 47 impact fees or additional levies; and (B) any additional 48 demands reasonably anticipated as the result of capital 49

50 improvements and public services created by new 51 development;

52 (2) The availability of other sources of revenue to fund 53 capital improvements and public services, including 54 user charges, existing taxes, intergovernmental 55 transfers, in addition to any special tax or assessment 56 alternatives that may exist;

57 (3) The cost of existing capital improvements and 58 public services;

59 (4) The method by which the existing capital improve-60 ments and public services are financed;

(5) The extent to which any new development, required to pay impact fees, has contributed to the cost
of existing capital improvements and public services in
order to determine if any credit or offset may be due
such development as a result thereof;

66 (6) The extent to which any new development, re-67 quired to pay impact fees, is reasonably projected to 68 contribute to the cost of the existing capital improve-69 ments and public services in the future through user 70 fees, debt service payments, or other necessary pay-71 ments related to funding the cost of existing capital 72 improvements and public services;

(7) The extent to which any new development is
required, as a condition of approval, to construct and
dedicate capital improvements and public services
which may give rise to the future accrual of any credit
or offsetting contribution; and

(8) The time-price differentials inherent in reasonably
determining amounts paid and benefits received at
various times that may give rise to the accrual of credits
or offsets due new development as a result of past
payments.

(c) Each county shall assess impact fees pursuant to
a standard formula so as to ensure fair and similar
treatment to all affected persons or projects. A county
commission may provide partial or total funding from
general or other nonimpact fee funding sources for

capital improvements and public services directly
related to new development, when such development
benefits some public purpose, such as providing affordable housing and creating or retaining employment in
the community.

§7-20-8. Use and administration of impact fees.

(a) Revenues collected from the payment of impact 1 2 fees shall be restricted to funding new and additional 3 capital improvements or expanded or extended public 4 services which benefit the particular developments from which they were paid. Except as provided herein, to 5 6 ensure that developments for which impact fees have 7 been paid receive reasonable benefits relative to such 8 payments, the use of such funds shall be restricted to 9 areas wherein development projects are located. County 10 commissions shall have discretion in determining geographical configurations related to the expenditure 11 12 of impact fee collections.

(b) Impact fees may only be spent on those projects
specified in the capital improvement plan described in
this article.

(c) When impact fees are collected, the county commission shall enter into agreements with any affected
party providing new development in order to ensure
compliance with the provisions of this article.

20 (d) Impact fee receipts shall be specifically earmarked and retained in a special account. All receipts 21 shall be placed in interest-bearing accounts wherein the 22 23 interest gained thereon shall accrue. All accumulated 24 interest shall be published at least once each fiscal period. The county commission shall provide an annual 2526 accounting for each account containing impact fee receipts showing the particular source and amount of all 27 such receipts collected, earned, or received, and the 28 capital improvements and public services that were 29 funded, in whole or in part, thereby. 30

(e) Impact fees shall be expended only in compliance
with the plan. Impact fee receipts shall be expended
within six years of receipt thereof unless extraordinary

and compelling reasons exist to retain them beyond this
period. Such extraordinary or compelling reasons shall
be identified and published by the county commission
in a local newspaper of general circulation for at least
two consecutive weeks.

§7-20-9. Refund of unexpended impact fees.

1 (a) The owner or purchaser of property for which 2 impact fees have been paid may apply for a refund of 3 any such paid fees. Such refund shall be made when a 4 county commission fails to expend such funds within six 5 years from the date such fees were originally collected. 6 The county commission shall notify potential claimants 7 by first class mail deposited in the United States mail 8 and directed to the last known address of any such 9 claimant. Only the owner or purchaser may apply for 10 such refund. Application for any refund must be 11 submitted to the county commission within one year of 12the date the right to claim the refund arises. All refunds 13 due and unclaimed shall be retained in the special 14 account and expended as required herein, except as 15provided in this section. The right to claim any refund 16 may be limited by the provisions of section five in this 17 article.

18 (b) When a county commission seeks to terminate any 19 impact fee requirement, all unexpended funds shall be 20refunded to the owner or purchaser of the property from 21 whom such fund was initially collected. Upon the 22 finding that any or all fee requirements are to be 23 terminated, the county commission shall place notice of 24 such termination and the availability of refunds in a 25newspaper of general circulation one time a week for $\mathbf{26}$ two consecutive weeks and shall also notify all known 27 potential claimants by first class mail deposited with the 28 United States postal service at their last known address. 29 All funds available for refund shall be retained for a 30 period of one year. At the end of one year, any 31 remaining funds may be transferred to the general fund and used for any public purpose. A county commission 32 is released from this notice requirement if there are no 33 unexpended balances within an account or funds being 34 35 terminated.

Ch. 125]

LOTTERY

§7-20-10. Impact fees required to be consistent with other development regulations.

1 County commissions that require the payment of 2 impact fees in providing capital improvements and 3 public services shall incorporate such financial requirements within a master land use plan in order that any 4 new development or developments are not required to 5 6 contribute more than their proportionate share of the 7 cost of providing such capital improvements and public 8 services.



CHAPTER 125

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4399—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 27, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections nine, ten, thirteen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty and twenty-one, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the state lottery; permitting lottery games to use certain gaming themes; permitting security other than bonds to be provided for issuance of licenses; prohibiting lottery director from having any interest in dealing in a lottery; defining and allocating net profit as a residual amount in order to increase prize payouts and total revenues; permitting the legislative auditor to accept the annual audit of an independent certified public accountant to meet the yearly post audit requirement; and permitting official's names to be used in connection with lottery tickets, materials and advertisements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nine, ten, thirteen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty and twenty-one, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

1053

ARTICLE 22. STATE LOTTERY ACT.

- §29-22-9. Initiation and operation of lottery; restrictions; prohibited themes, games, machines or devices; distinguishing numbers; winner selection; public drawings; witnessing of results; testing and inspection of equipment; price of tickets; claim for and payment of prizes; invalid, counterfeit tickets; estimated prizes and odds of winning; participant bound by lottery rules and validation procedures; security procedures; additional games; electronic and computer systems.
- §29-22-10. Licensed lottery sales agents; restrictions; annual license and fee; factors; application; bond; age; nonassignable license; organizations qualified; commissions; display of license; geographic distribution; monopoly prohibited; lottery retailers; preprinted instant type lottery tickets; fee; certificate of authority; security; bond.
- §29-22-13. Prohibited acts; conflict of interest; prohibited gifts and gratuities.
- §29-22-18. State lottery fund; appropriations and deposits; not part of general revenue; no transfer of state funds after initial appropriation; use and repayment of initial appropriation; allocation of fund for prizes, net profit and expenses; surplus; state lottery education fund; state lottery senior citizens fund; allocation and appropriation of net profits.
- §29-22-19. Post audit of accounts and transactions of office.
- §29-22-20. Monthly and annual reports.
- §29-22-21. Officials who may appear at lottery drawing.
- §29-22-9. Initiation and operation of lottery; restrictions; prohibited themes, games, machines or devices; distinguishing numbers; winner selection; public drawings; witnessing of results; testing and inspection of equipment; price of tickets; claim for and payment of prizes; invalid, counterfeit tickets; estimated prizes and odds of winning; participant bound by lottery rules and validation procedures; security procedures; additional games; electronic and computer systems.

1 (a) The commission shall initiate operation of the state 2 lottery on a continuous basis at the earliest feasible and practical time, first initiating operation of the pre-3 printed instant winner type lottery. The lottery shall be 4 5 initiated and shall continue to be operated so as to produce the maximum amount of net revenues to benefit 6 the public purpose described in this article consonant 7 with the public good. Other state government depart-8

9 ments, boards, commissions, agencies and their officers 10 shall cooperate with the lottery commission so as to aid the lottery commission in fulfilling these objectives. 11 12 (b) The commission shall promulgate rules and 13 regulations specifying the types of lottery games to be 14 conducted by the lottery: Provided, That: 15 (1) No lottery may use the results of any amateur or 16 professional sporting event, dog race or horse race to 17 determine the winner. 18 (2) Electronic video lottery systems must include a 19 central site system of monitoring the lottery terminals 20 utilizing an on-line or dial-up inquiry. 21 (3) In a lottery utilizing a ticket, each ticket shall bear a unique number distinguishing it from each other 22 23 ticket. 24 (4) No lottery utilizing a machine may use machines which dispense coins or currency. 2526 (5) Selection of the winner must be predicted totally 27 on chance. 28 (6) Any drawings or winner selections shall be held in public and witnessed by an independent accountant 29 designated by the director for such purposes. 30 (7) All lottery equipment and materials shall be 31 regularly inspected and tested, before and after any 32 drawings or winner selections, by independent qualified 33 34 technicians. (8) The director shall establish the price for each 35 36 lottery and determine the method of selecting winners and the manner of payment of prizes, including 37 providing for payment by the purchase of annuities for 38 39 prizes payable in installments. (9) All claims for prizes shall be examined and no 40 prize shall be paid as a result of altered, stolen or 41 counterfeit tickets or materials, or which fail to meet 42 validation rules or regulations established for a lottery. 43 No prize shall be paid more than once, and, in the event 44 of a binding determination by the commission that more 45

46 than one person is entitled to a particular prize, the sole 47 remedy of the claimants shall be the award to each of

48 them of an equal share in the single prize.

(10) A detailed tabulation of the estimated number of prizes of each particular prize denomination that are expected to be awarded in each lottery, or the estimated odds of winning such prizes shall be printed on any lottery ticket, where feasible, or in descriptive materials, and shall be available at the offices of the commission.

56 (11) No prizes shall be paid which are invalid and not
57 contemplated by the prize structure of the lottery
58 involved.

59 (12) By purchasing a ticket or participation in a 60 lottery, a participant agrees to abide by, and be bound by, the lottery rules which apply to the lottery or game 61 62 play involved. An abbreviated form of such rules may appear on tickets and shall appear on descriptive 63 materials and shall be available at the offices of the 64 65 commission. A participant in a lottery agrees that the 66 determination of whether the participant is a valid 67 winner is subject to the lottery or game play rules and the winner validation tests established by the commis-68 sion. The determination of the winner by the commission 69 shall be final and binding upon all participants in a 70 71 lottery and shall not be subject to review or appeal.

72 (13) The commission shall institute such security 73 procedures as it deems necessary to ensure the honesty and integrity of the winner selection process for each 74 75 lottery. All such security and validation procedures and techniques shall be, and remain, confidential, and shall 76 not be subject to any discovery procedure in any civil 77 judicial, administrative or other proceeding, nor subject 78 79 to the provisions of article one, chapter twenty-nine-b of 80 the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred 81 thirty-one, as amended.

(c) The commission shall proceed with operation of
such additional lottery games, including the implementation of games utilizing a variety of existing or future
technological advances at the earliest feasible date. The

86 commission may operate lottery games utilizing elec-87 tronic computers and electronic computer terminal 88 devices and systems, which systems must include a 89 central site system of monitoring the lottery terminals 90 utilizing direct communication systems, or other 91 technological advances and procedures, ensuring hon-92 esty and integrity in the operation of the lottery.

§29-22-10. Licensed lottery sales agents; restrictions; annual license and fee; factors; application; bond; age; nonassignable license; organizations qualified; commissions; display of license; geographic distribution; monopoly prohibited; lottery retailers; preprinted instant type lottery tickets; fee; certificate of authority; security; bond.

1 (a) The commission shall promulgate rules and 2 regulations for the licensing of lottery sales agents for 3 the sale and dispensing of lottery tickets, materials and 4 lottery games, and the operations of electronic computer 5 terminals therefor, subject to the following:

6 (1) The commission shall issue its annual license to 7 such lottery sales agents for each lottery outlet and for 8 such fee as is established by the commission to cover its 9 costs thereof, but not to exceed one thousand dollars. 10 Application for licensing as a lottery sales agent shall 11 be on forms to be prescribed and furnished by the 12 director.

13 (2) No licensee may engage in business exclusively as14 a lottery sales agent.

(3) The commission shall ensure geographic distribu-tion of lottery sales agents throughout the state.

(4) Before issuance of a license to an applicant, the
commission shall consider factors such as the financial
responsibility, security, background, accessibility of the
place of business or activity to the public, public
convenience and the volume of expected sales.

(5) No person under the age of twenty-one may be
licensed as an agent. No licensed agent shall employ any
person under the age of eighteen for sales or dispensing

of lottery tickets or materials or operation of a lotteryterminal.

27 (6) A license is valid only for the premises stated28 thereon.

(7) The director may issue a temporary license whendeemed necessary.

31 (8) A license is not assignable or transferable.

(9) Before a license is issued, an agent shall be bonded
for an amount and in the form and manner to be
determined by the director, or shall provide such other
security, in an amount, form and manner determined by
the director, as will ensure the performance of the
agent's duties and responsibilities as a licensed lottery
agent or the indemnification of the commission.

39 (10) The commission may issue licenses to any legit-**40** imate business, organization, person or entity, including, 41 but not limited to, civic or fraternal organizations; parks 42 and recreation commissions or similar authorities; 43 senior citizen centers, state owned stores, persons 44 lawfully engaged in nongovernmental business on state 45 property, persons lawfully engaged in the sale of 46 alcoholic beverages; political subdivisions or their 47 agencies or departments, state agencies, commission 48 operated agencies; persons licensed under the provisions 49 of article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of this code, 50 and religious, charitable or seasonal businesses.

51 (11) Licensed lottery sales agents shall receive five 52 percent of gross sales as commission for the perfor-53 mance of their duties. In addition, the commission may 54 promulgate a bonus-incentive plan as additional com-55 pensation not to exceed one percent of annual gross 56 sales. The method and time of payment shall be 57 determined by the commission.

58 (12) Licensed lottery sales agents shall prominently
59 display the license on the premises where lottery sales
60 are made.

61 (13) No person or entity or subsidiary, agent or 62 subcontractor thereof shall receive or hold more than

1058

63 twenty-five percent of the licenses to act as licensed 64 lottery sales agent in any one county or municipality nor 65 more than five percent of the licenses issued throughout 66 this state: Provided. That the limitations of twenty-five 67 percent and five percent in this subdivision shall not 68 apply if it is determined by the commission that there 69 are not a sufficient number of qualified applicants for 70 licenses to comply with these requirements.

71 (b) The commission shall promulgate rules and 72 regulations specifying the terms and conditions for 73 contracting with lottery retailers for sale of preprinted instant type lottery tickets and may provide for the 74 75 dispensing of such tickets through machines and 76 devices. Tickets may be sold or dispensed in any public 77 or private store, operation or organization, without 78 limitation. The commission may establish an annual fee 79 not to exceed fifty dollars for such persons, per location 80 or site, and shall issue a certificate of authority to act 81 as a lottery retailer to such persons. The commission 82 shall establish procedures to ensure the security, honesty 83 and integrity of the lottery and distribution system. The 84 commission shall establish the method of payment, 85 commission structure, methods of payment of winners, 86 including payment in merchandise and tickets, and may 87 require prepayment by lottery retailers, require bond or security for payment and require deposit of receipts in 88 89 accounts established therefor. Retailers shall promi-90 nently display the certificate of authority issued by the commission on the premises where lottery sales are 91 92 made.

§29-22-13. Prohibited acts; conflict of interest; prohibited gifts and gratuities.

1 (1) The commissioners, the director, the deputy 2 directors and the employees of the lottery may not, 3 directly or indirectly, individually, or as a member of 4 a partnership or as a shareholder of a corporation have 5 an interest in dealing in a lottery.

6 (2) A member of the commission, the director, and an 7 employee of the lottery or a member of their immediate 8 families may not ask for, offer to accept, or receive any

gift, gratuity or other thing of value from any person,
corporation, association or firm contracting or seeking
to contract with the state to supply gaming equipment
or materials for use in the operation of a lottery or from
an applicant for a license to sell tickets in the lottery
or from a licensee.

15 (3) A person, corporation, association or firm con-16 tracting or seeking to contract with the state to supply 17 gaming equipment or materials for use in the operation 18 of a lottery, an applicant for a license to sell tickets in 19 the lottery or a licensee may not offer a member of the 20 commission, an employee of the lottery, or a member of their immediate families any gift, gratuity or other 21 22 thing of value.

§29-22-18. State lottery fund; appropriations and deposits; not part of general revenue; no transfer of state funds after initial appropriation; use and repayment of initial appropriation; allocation of fund for prizes, net profit and expenses; surplus; state lottery education fund; state lottery senior citizens fund; allocation and appropriation of net profits.

1 (a) There is hereby created a special fund in the state 2 treasury which shall be designated and known as the "state lottery fund." The fund shall consist of all 3 4 appropriations to the fund and all interest earned from 5 investment of the fund, and any gifts, grants or 6 contributions received by the fund. All revenues 7 received from the sale of lottery tickets, materials and 8 games shall be deposited with the state treasurer and placed into the "state lottery fund." The revenue shall 9 10 be disbursed in the manner herein provided for the 11 purposes stated herein and shall not be treated by the 12 auditor and treasurer as part of the general revenue of 13 the state.

(b) No appropriation, loan or other transfer of state
funds shall be made to the commission or lottery fund
after the initial appropriation.

17 (c) A minimum annual average of forty-five percent 18 of the gross amount received from each lottery shall be 19 allocated and disbursed as prizes.

Ch. 125]

LOTTERY

(d) Not more than fifteen percent of the gross amount
received from each lottery shall be allocated to and may
be disbursed as necessary for fund operation and
administration expenses.

24 (e) The excess of the aggregate of the gross amount 25 received from all lotteries over the sum of the amounts 26 allocated by subsections (c) and (d) shall be allocated as 27 net profit. The director is authorized to expend the 28 necessary percentage of the amount allocated as net 29 profit, not to exceed six percent of the gross amount 30 received, for the purposes of entering into contractual 31 arrangements for the acquisition, financing, lease and 32 lease-purchase, and other financing transactions, of 33 lottery goods and services, including tickets, equipment, 34 machinery, electronic computer systems and terminals, 35 and supplies and maintenance therefor, for the first 36 thirty-six months of operation, and may apportion the 37 costs, expenses and expenditures related thereto among 38 the commission, vendor or vendors and licensed lottery 39 sales agents. In the event that the percentage allotted 40 for operations and administration generates a surplus, 41 the surplus will be allowed to accumulate to an amount 42 not to exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars. On a monthly basis the director shall report to the joint 43 44 committee on government and finance of the Legislature 45 any surplus in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars and remit to the state treasurer the entire 46 amount of those surplus funds in excess of two hundred 47 fifty thousand dollars which shall be allocated as net 48 49 profit.

50 (f) Annually, the Legislature shall appropriate all of the amounts allocated as net profits above, in such 51 proportions as it deems beneficial to the citizens of this 52 state, to (1) the lottery education fund created in 53 subsection (g) of this section, (2) the lottery senior 54 citizens fund created in subsection (h) of this section, 55 and (3) the commerce division created in article one, 56chapter five-b of this code, in accordance with subsec-57 tion (i) of this section. 58

59 (g) There is hereby created a special fund in the state 60 treasury which shall be designated and known as the 61 "lottery education fund." The fund shall consist of the 62 amounts allocated pursuant to subsection (f) of this 63 section, which amounts shall be deposited into the 64 lottery education fund by the state treasurer. The lottery education fund shall also consist of all interest earned 65 66 from investment of the lottery education fund, and any 67 other appropriations, gifts, grants, contributions or 68 moneys received by the lottery education fund from any 69 source. The revenues received or earned by the lottery 70 education fund shall be disbursed in the manner 71 provided below and shall not be treated by the auditor 72 and treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state. 73 Annually, the Legislature shall appropriate the re-74 venues received or earned by the lottery education fund 75 to the state system of public and higher education for such educational programs as it considers beneficial to 76 77 the citizens of this state.

78 (h) There is hereby created a special fund in the state 79 treasury which shall be designated and known as the 80 "lottery senior citizens fund." The fund shall consist of 81 the amounts allocated pursuant to subsection (f) of this 82 section, which amounts shall be deposited into the 83 lottery senior citizens fund by the state treasurer. The 84 lottery senior citizens fund shall also consist of all 85 interest earned from investment of the lottery senior 86 citizens fund, and any other appropriations, gifts, 87 grants, contributions or moneys received by the lottery 88 senior citizens fund from any source. The revenues 89 received or earned by the lottery senior citizens fund 90 shall be disbursed in the manner provided below and 91 shall not be treated by the auditor or treasurer as part 92 of the general revenue of the state. Annually, the Legislature shall appropriate the revenues received or 93 94 earned by the lottery senior citizens fund to such senior 95 citizens medical care and other programs as it considers 96 beneficial to the citizens of this state.

97 (i) The commerce division may use the amounts
98 allocated to it pursuant to subsection (f) of this section
99 for one or more of the following purposes: (1) The

100 payment of any or all of the costs incurred in the 101 development, construction, reconstruction, maintenance 102 or repair of any project or recreational facility, as such 103 terms are defined in section thirteen-a, article one, chapter five-b of this code, pursuant to the authority 104 105granted to it under article one, chapter five-b of this 106 code, (2) the payment, funding or refunding of the 107 principal of, interest on, or redemption premiums on 108 any bonds, security interests or notes issued by the parks 109 and recreation section of the commerce division under 110 article one, chapter five-b of this code, or (3) the 111 payment of any advertising and marketing expenses for 112 the promotion and development of tourism or any tourist 113 facility or attraction in this state.

§29-22-19. Post audit of accounts and transactions of office.

The legislative auditor shall conduct a yearly post 1 2 audit of all accounts and transactions of the state lottery office. The cost of the audit shall be paid out of the state 3 lottery fund moneys designated for payment of operat-4 5 ing expenses. The commission shall have an annual 6 audit performed by an independent certified public accountant, and such audit may be accepted by the 7 8 legislative auditor in lieu of performance of its yearly 9 post audit.

§29-22-20. Monthly and annual reports.

(a) The director shall, upon the twentieth day of each 1 month, provide the joint committee on government and 2 finance of the Legislature with a report reviewing the 3 lottery operations, including, but not limited to, the 4 amount of gross sales, the amount of net profit, the types 5 of games being played, the number of licensed sales 6 agents, the names and amounts of winners and any other 7 information requested by the Legislature or by the joint 8 9 committee on government and finance.

10 (b) The director shall, no later than the tenth day of 11 each regular session of the Legislature, provide to the 12 Legislature, legislative auditor, governor and state 13 treasurer an annual report focused upon subjects of 14 interest concerning lottery operations, including, but not

MENTALLY ILL PERSONS

limited to, an annual financial analysis of the lottery
operations, a discussion of the types of games played and
revenues generated, a statement of expenditures for the
last fiscal year, a summary of the benefit programs and
recommendations to the Legislature.

§29-22-21. Officials who may appear at lottery drawing.

- 1 No elected or appointed official, other than the
- 2 members of the lottery commission, the director or
- 3 deputy directors, may preside or appear at any lottery
- 4 drawing.

CHAPTER 126

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4102—By Delegates Pettit and Murensky)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article eleven, chapter twenty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to removing the requirement that a duly licensed physician treating a person subject to a competency hearing be licensed in West Virginia and providing that no person may be adjudged incompetent upon a mere written certification of incompetency if the person is denied the opportunity to cross-examine the physician making such certification.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article eleven, chapter twenty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11. COMMITTEE; DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY.

§27-11-1. Appointment of committees; hearing; appointment of guardian ad litem; certification of incompetency; appeal; habeas corpus.

1 (a) The county commission of a person's residence 2 may appoint a committee for a person found to be

3 incompetent. Any finding of incompetency under this

4 article shall be made separately and at a different 5 proceeding from any finding of mental illness, mental 6 retardation or addiction under article four or five of this

7 chapter.

8 (b) Proceedings for the appointment of a committee 9 for an alleged incompetent may be commenced by the 10 filing of a verified petition of a person setting forth the 11 facts showing the incompetency of an individual with 12 the county commission. Upon receipt of a petition, the 13 clerk of the county commission shall give notice of the 14 hearing thereon to the individual and to the individual's 15 spouse, or if the individual does not have a spouse, to 16 the individual's adult next of kin: Provided, That the 17 aforesaid clerk is not required to give notice of the 18 hearing to the spouse or adult next of kin if he or she 19 is the petitioner: Provided, however, That the individual 20 shall be served with notice of the hearing by delivering 21 to him or her, in person, written notice with a true copy 22 of the verified petition. The notice shall be served upon 23 the individual alleged to be incompetent at least ten 24 days before the time of the hearing.

25 An individual alleged to be incompetent shall be 26 accorded the right to subpoena witnesses, to be con-27 fronted with witnesses and the right to cross-examine 28 witnesses which may be offered against him or her, and 29 the county commission on or before the commencement 30 of the hearing shall appoint a competent attorney 31 practicing before the bar of the circuit court of the 32 county wherein the hearing is to be held as guardian ad 33 litem for the purpose of representing the interest of the individual throughout the proceedings under this 34 35 section. Notwithstanding any requirement hereof to the contrary, the hearing may proceed without the presence 36 of the individual alleged to be incompetent if (1) proper 37 notice has been served upon the individual alleged to be 38 incompetent as required herein, and (2) a duly licensed 39 physician certifies in writing and upon affidavit that he 40 41 or she has examined the individual and that the individual is physically unable to appear at the hearing 42 or that an appearance would likely impair or endanger 43 the health of the individual, or (3) the individual refuses 44

to appear, and (4) upon the specific written findings by
the commission of facts as will justify a hearing without
the presence of the individual as provided in this
subsection.

49 (c) A record shall be made of all proceedings either 50 by the court reporter for the circuit court of that county 51 or some other person employed by the county commis-52 sion for the purpose. A transcript shall be made 53 available to the individual or his or her counsel within thirty days if requested for purposes of appeal. In any 54 55 case wherein an indigent person whose incompetency is alleged pursuant to the provisions of this section seeks 56 57 an appeal, the circuit court shall by order entered of 58 record authorize and direct the person making the record of the proceeding to furnish a transcript of the 59 hearing, and the cost shall be paid by the county 60 commission from funds appropriated for this purpose. 61

62 (d) Upon completion of the hearing and upon the 63 evidence presented therein, the county commission may find that (1) the individual is unable to manage his or 64 65 her business affairs, or (2) the individual is unable to care for his or her physical well-being, or (3) both, and 66 67 is therefore incompetent, or (4) that the individual is 68 competent. Evidence of mere poor judgment or of 69 different life style shall not be competent evidence upon 70 which to base a finding of incompetency.

"Unable to manage one's business affairs" means the
inability to know and appreciate the nature and effect
of his or her business transactions, notwithstanding the
fact that he or she may display poor judgment.

"Unable to care for one's physical well-being" means the substantial risk of physical harm to himself or herself as evidenced by conduct demonstrating that he or she is dangerous to himself or herself, notwithstanding the fact that he or she may display poor judgment.

80 (e) If the county commission finds the person to be
81 competent, the proceedings shall be dismissed. No
82 appointment of a committee shall be made on evidence
83 which is uncorroborated by the testimony of a medical
84 expert or by a certified statement upon affidavit as

85 hereinafter provided. If the individual refuses to submit 86 to an examination by a physician, the circuit court may 87 upon petition issue a rule against the individual to show 88 cause why the individual should not submit to an 89 examination. A copy of the petition shall accompany 90 service of the rule and such rule shall be returnable at 91 a time to be fixed by the court. Any physician duly 92 licensed to practice medicine in this state or any state 93 contiguous to this state who is currently treating the 94 individual alleged to be incompetent may file with the 95 county commission his or her certified statement upon 96 affidavit stating that he or she is currently treating the 97 individual and setting forth his or her opinion of the 98 individual's ability to manage his or her business affairs 99 and care for his or her physical well-being, and stating 100 in detail the grounds for the opinion. The statement may 101 be considered by the county commission as evidence in 102the case: Provided. That the circuit court upon the 103petition of the attorney or guardian ad litem for the 104 alleged incompetent shall issue a subpoena for the 105 treating physician to appear as a witness at the 106 proceeding: Provided, however, That a certified state-107 ment upon affidavit is not admissible as evidence of 108 incompetency under this section where

(1) The guardian ad litem or attorney for the individual makes a timely request of the commission for the
opportunity to cross-examine the treating physician who
filed the certified statement upon affidavit; and

(2) The commission requests such treating physicianto appear for cross-examination; and

(3) Such treating physician fails to appear and answerquestions under cross-examination.

(f) The extent of the committee's authority shall be specified in the order of the county commission. No authority of a committee shall extend beyond what is necessary for the protection of the individual. A finding of inability to care for one's physical well-being shall entitle the committee to custody of the individual, except when the individual is under a commitment order to a 124 mental health facility, but only to the extent as is 125 necessary for the protection of the individual.

(g) An individual found incompetent pursuant to
subsection (d) of this section shall have the right to an
appeal and hearing thereon in the circuit court of the
county. The judge shall hear the matter on appeal as
provided in article three, chapter fifty-eight of this code
or order a hearing de novo on the matter.

(h) The individual or any person may apply to the
county commission in the manner provided by subsection
tion (b) of this section for termination of his or her
committee at any time and appeal from a determination
thereon in the manner provided by this section, or in the
alternative, the individual may seek such termination by
habeas corpus.

CHAPTER 127

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4602—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Houvouras)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect May 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section three, article ten of said chapter, all relating to the certification of title tax and the registration fee for certain classes of vehicles; exempting certain classes of vehicles over fifty-five thousand pounds from the certification of title tax; and providing a new registration fee for vehicles over fiftyfive thousand pounds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section three, article ten of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

1068

Ch. 127]

Article

3. Original and Renewal of registration; Issuance of Certificates of Title.

10. Fees for Registration, Licensing, Etc.

ARTICLE 3. ORIGINAL AND RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION; ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES OF TITLE.

§17A-3-4. Application for certificate of title; tax for privilege of certification of title; penalty for false swearing.

(a) Certificates of registration of any vehicle or 1 2 registration plates therefor, whether original issues or 3 duplicates, shall not be issued or furnished by the division of motor vehicles or any other officer charged 4 5 with the duty, unless the applicant therefor already has 6 received, or at the same time makes application for and is granted, an official certificate of title of the vehicle. 7 8 The application shall be upon a blank form to be 9 furnished by the division of motor vehicles and shall 10 contain a full description of the vehicle, which descrip-11 tion shall contain a manufacturer's serial or identifica-12 tion number or other number as determined by the 13 commissioner and any distinguishing marks, together 14 with a statement of the applicant's title and of any liens 15 or encumbrances upon the vehicle, the names and addresses of the holders of the liens and any other 16 17 information as the division of motor vehicles may 18 require. The application shall be signed and sworn to 19 by the applicant.

20(b) A tax is hereby imposed upon the privilege of effecting the certification of title of each vehicle in the 21 22 amount equal to five percent of the value of said motor 23 vehicle at the time of such certification. If the vehicle 24 is new, the actual purchase price or consideration to the purchaser thereof is the value of the vehicle; if the 25 vehicle is a used or secondhand vehicle, the present 26 market value at time of transfer or purchase is the value 27 thereof for the purposes of this section: Provided. That 28 29 so much of the purchase price or consideration as is represented by the exchange of other vehicles on which 30 the tax herein imposed has been paid by the purchaser 31 shall be deducted from the total actual price or 32

MOTOR VEHICLES

consideration paid for the vehicle, whether the same be 33 34 new or secondhand; if the vehicle is acquired through 35 gift, or by any manner whatsoever, unless specifically exempted in this section, the present market value of the 36 37 vehicle at the time of the gift or transfer is the value 38 thereof for the purposes of this section. No certificate of 39 title for any vehicle shall be issued to any applicant 40 unless the applicant has paid to the division of motor 41 vehicles the tax imposed by this section which is five 42 percent of the true and actual value of said vehicle 43 whether the vehicle is acquired through purchase, by gift or by any other manner whatsoever except gifts 44 between husband and wife or between parents and 45 children: Provided, however. That the husband or wife, 46 47 or the parents or children previously have paid the tax 48 on the vehicles so transferred to the state of West Virginia: Provided further, That the division of motor 49 vehicles may issue a certificate of registration and title 50 51 to an applicant if the applicant provides sufficient proof 52 to the division of motor vehicles that the applicant has 53 paid the taxes and fees required by this section to a 54 motor vehicle dealership that has filed bankruptcy 55 proceedings in the United States bankruptcy court and 56 the taxes and fees so required to be paid by the applicant have been impounded due to the bankruptcy 57 proceedings: And provided further. That the applicant 58 makes an affidavit of the same and assigns all rights to 59 60 claims for money the applicant may have against the motor vehicle dealership to the division of motor 61 62 vehicles.

63 The tax imposed by this section does not apply to vehicles to be registered as Class H vehicles, or Class 64 65 S vehicles, as defined in section one, article ten of this chapter, which are used or to be used in interstate 66 67 commerce. Nor does the tax imposed by this section apply to the titling of Class B, Class K or Class E 68 vehicles registered at a gross weight of fifty-five 69 thousand pounds or more, or to the titling of Class C or 70 Class L semitrailers, full trailers, pole trailers, and 71 converter gear: Provided, That, if an owner of a vehicle 72 has previously titled the vehicle at a declared gross 73 weight of fifty-five thousand pounds or more and title 74

75 was issued without the payment of the tax imposed by 76 this section, then before the owner may obtain registra-77 tion for the vehicle at a gross weight less than fifty-five 78 thousand pounds, the owner must surrender to the 79 commissioner the exempted registration, the exempted 80 certificate of title, and pay the tax imposed by this 81 section based upon the current market value of the 82 vehicle: Provided, however, That notwithstanding the 83 provisions of section nine, article fifteen, chapter eleven 84 of this code, the exemption from tax under this section 85 for Class B, Class K or Class E vehicles in excess of fifty-86 five thousand pounds and Class C or Class L semitrail-87 ers, full trailers, pole trailers and converter gear shall 88 not subject the sale or purchase of said vehicles to the consumers sales tax. The tax imposed by this section 89 does not apply to titling of vehicles by a registered 90 91 dealer of this state for resale only, nor does the tax imposed by this section apply to titling of vehicles by 92 this state or any political subdivision thereof, or by any 93 94 volunteer fire department or duly chartered rescue or 95 ambulance squad organized and incorporated under the 96 laws of the state of West Virginia as a nonprofit 97 corporation for protection of life or property. The total 98 amount of revenue collected by reason of this tax shall 99 be paid into the state road fund and expended by the 100 commissioner of highways for matching federal funds 101 allocated for West Virginia. In addition to the tax, there 102 shall be a charge of five dollars for each original 103 certificate of title or duplicate certificate of title so 104 issued: Provided further. That this state or any political 105 subdivision thereof, or any volunteer fire department, or duly chartered rescue squad, is exempt from payment 106 107 of such charge.

108 Such certificate is good for the life of the vehicle, so 109 long as the same is owned or held by the original holder 110 of such certificate, and need not be renewed annually, 111 or any other time, except as herein provided.

112 If, by will or direct inheritance, a person becomes the 113 owner of a motor vehicle and the tax herein imposed 114 previously has been paid, to the division of motor

MOTOR VEHICLES

115 vehicles, on that vehicle, he or she is not required to pay 116 such tax.

117 A person who has paid the tax imposed by this section 118 is not required to pay the tax a second time for the same 119 motor vehicle, but is required to pay a charge of five 120 dollars for the certificate of retitle of that motor vehicle. 121 except that the tax shall be paid by the person when the 122 title to the vehicle has been transferred either in this 123 or another state from such person to another person and 124 transferred back to such person.

125 (c) Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the 126 contrary, the owners of trailers, semitrailers, recrea-127 tional vehicles and other vehicles not subject to the 128 certificate of title tax prior to the enactment of this 129 chapter are subject to the privilege tax imposed by this 130 section: Provided. That the certification of title of any 131 recreational vehicle owned by the applicant on the 132 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-133 nine, is not subject to the tax imposed by this section: 134 Provided, however, That mobile homes, house trailers. modular homes and similar nonmotive propelled vehi-135 136 cles, except recreational vehicles, susceptible of being 137 moved upon the highways but primarily designed for 138 habitation and occupancy, rather than for transporting 139 persons or property, or any vehicle operated on a 140 nonprofit basis and used exclusively for the transporta-141 tion of mentally retarded or physically handicapped 142 children when the application for certificate of registra-143 tion for such vehicle is accompanied by an affidavit 144 stating that such vehicle will be operated on a nonprofit 145 basis and used exclusively for the transportation of 146 mentally retarded and physically handicapped children. 147 are not subject to the tax imposed by this section, but 148 are taxable under the provisions of articles fifteen and 149 fifteen-a, chapter eleven of this code.

150 (d) Any person making any affidavit required under 151 any provision of this section, who knowingly swears 152 falsely, or any person who counsels, advises, aids or 153 abets another in the commission of false swearing, is on 154 the first offense guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 155 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five

156 hundred dollars or be imprisoned in the county jail for 157 a period not to exceed six months, or, in the discretion 158 of the court, both fined and imprisoned. For a second 159 or any subsequent conviction within five years any such 160 person is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof. 161 shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars or be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one year 162 163 nor more than five years or, in the discretion of the 164 court, fined and imprisoned.

ARTICLE 10. FEES FOR REGISTRATION, LICENSING, ETC.

§17A-10-3. Registration fees for vehicles equipped with pneumatic tires.

1 The following registration fees for the classes indi-2 cated shall be paid annually to the division for the 3 registration of vehicles subject to registration hereunder 4 when equipped with pneumatic tires:

5 Class A. The registration fee for all motor vehicles of 6 this class is as follows:

7 (1) For motor vehicles of a weight of three thousand 8 pounds or less—twenty-five dollars.

9 (2) For motor vehicles of a weight of three thousand 10 and one pounds to four thousand pounds—thirty dollars.

(3) For motor vehicles of a weight in excess of fourthousand pounds—thirty-six dollars.

13 (4) For motor vehicles designed as trucks with
14 declared gross weights of four thousand pounds or less—
15 twenty-five dollars.

(5) For motor vehicles designed as trucks with
declared gross weights of four thousand and one pounds
to eight thousand pounds—thirty dollars.

For the purpose of determining the weight, the actual weight of the vehicle shall be taken: *Provided*, That for vehicles owned by churches, or by trustees for churches, which vehicles are regularly used for transporting parishioners to and from church services, no license fee shall be charged, but notwithstanding such exemption, the certificate of registration and license plates shall be

5

obtained the same as other cards and plates under thisarticle.

28 Class B, Class E and Class K. The registration fee for29 all motor vehicles of these three classes is as follows:

30 (1) For declared gross weights of eight thousand and
31 one pounds to sixteen thousand pounds—twenty-eight
32 dollars plus five dollars for each one thousand pounds
33 or fraction thereof that the gross weight of such vehicle
34 or combination of vehicles exceeds eight thousand
35 pounds.

36 (2) For declared gross weights greater than sixteen
37 thousand pounds, but less than fifty-five thousand
38 pounds—seventy-eight dollars and fifty cents plus ten
39 dollars for each one thousand pounds or fraction thereof
40 that the gross weight of such vehicle or combination of
41 vehicles exceeds sixteen thousand pounds.

42 (3) For declared gross weights of fifty-five thousand
43 pounds or more—seven hundred thirty-seven dollars and
44 fifty cents plus fifteen dollars and seventy-five cents for
45 each one thousand pounds or fraction thereof that the
46 gross weight of such vehicle or combination of vehicles
47 exceeds fifty-five thousand pounds.

48 Class C and Class L. The registration fee for all 49 vehicles of these two classes is seventeen dollars and 50 fifty cents except that semitrailers, full trailers, pole 51 trailers, and converter gear registered as Class C and 52 Class L may be registered for a period of ten years at 53 a fee of one hundred dollars.

54 Class G. The registration fee for each motorcycle is 55 eight dollars.

56 Class H. The registration fee for all vehicles for this 57 class operating entirely within the state is five dollars: 58 and for vehicles engaged in interstate transportation of 59 persons, the registration fee is the amount of the fees 60 provided by this section for Class B. Class E and Class 61 K reduced by the amount that the mileage of such 62 vehicles operated in states other than West Virginia 63 bears to the total mileage operated by such vehicles in all states under a formula to be established by the 64 division of motor vehicles. 65

Class J. The registration fee for all motor vehicles of
this class is eighty-five dollars. Ambulances and hearses
used exclusively as such are exempt from the above
special fees.

70 Class R. The registration fee for all vehicles of this 71 class is twelve dollars.

72 Class S. The registration fee for all vehicles of this 73 class is seventeen dollars and fifty cents.

74 Class T. The registration fee for all vehicles of this 75 class is eight dollars.

76 Class U. The registration fee for all vehicles of this 77 class is fifty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

78 Class Farm Truck. The registration fee for all motor vehicles of this class is as follows: (1) For farm trucks 79 80 of declared gross weights of eight thousand and one pounds to sixteen thousand pounds-thirty dollars; (2) 81 82 for farm trucks of declared gross weights of sixteen thousand and one pounds to twenty-two thousand 83 84 pounds—sixty dollars; (3) for farm trucks of declared 85 gross weights of twenty-two thousand and one pounds 86 to twenty-eight thousand pounds-ninety dollars; (4) for 87 farm trucks of declared gross weights of twenty-eight thousand and one pounds to thirty-four thousand 88 89 pounds—one hundred fifteen dollars; (5) for farm trucks 90 of declared gross weights of thirty-four thousand and 91 one pounds to forty-four thousand pounds-one hundred sixty dollars; (6) for farm trucks of declared gross 92 weights of forty-four thousand and one pounds to fifty-93 four thousand pounds-two hundred five dollars; and (7) 94 for farm trucks of declared gross weights of fifty-four 95 thousand and one pounds to sixty-four thousand 96 97 pounds-two hundred fifty dollars.

CHAPTER 128

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4458-By Delegates Seacrist and Anderson)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one

thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to registration plates for motor vehicles; authorizing special registration plates for members of United States Armed Forces Reserve Units, veterans, survivors of the attack on Pearl Harbor, certified paramedics, and emergency medical technicians; vehicles of the survivors of the attack on Pearl Harbor are exempt from payment of registration fees; special fees to be charged to veterans, certified paramedics, and emergency medical technicians.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. ORIGINAL AND RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION; ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES OF TITLE.

§17A-3-14. Registration plates generally.

1 The division upon registering a vehicle shall issue to 2 the owner one registration plate for a motorcycle, 3 trailer, semitrailer or other motor vehicle.

4 Every registration plate shall be of reflectorized 5 material and have displayed upon it the registration 6 number assigned to the vehicle for which it is issued, 7 also the name of this state, which may be abbreviated, 8 and the year number for which it is issued or the date 9 of expiration thereof.

10 Such registration plate and the required letters and 11 numerals thereon, except the year number for which 12 issued or the date of expiration, shall be of sufficient size 13 to be plainly readable from a distance of one hundred 14 feet during daylight, said registration numbering to 15 begin with number two.

16 The division shall not issue, permit to be issued, or 17 distribute any special numbers except as follows:

(a) The governor shall be issued registration plates, on
one of which shall be imprinted the numeral one and
on the other the word one.

21 (b) Upon appropriate application, there shall be

.

22 issued to the secretary of state, state superintendent of 23 free schools, auditor, treasurer, commissioner of agricul-24 ture, and the attorney general, the members of both 25 houses of the Legislature, including the elected officials thereof, the justices of the supreme court of appeals of 26 27 West Virginia, the representatives and senators of the 28 state in the Congress of the United States, the judges of the United States district courts for the state of West 29 30 Virginia and the judges of the United States court of appeals for the fourth circuit, if any of said judges shall 31 32 be residents of West Virginia, a special registration 33 plate for a motor vehicle owned by said official or 34 spouse, but not to exceed two plates for each such official, which plate shall bear any combination of 35 36 letters not to exceed an amount determined by the 37 commissioner, and with a designation of the office and 38 which plate shall supersede, during his term of office 39 and while such motor vehicle is owned by said official **40** or spouse, the regular numbered plate assigned to him.

41 (c) Upon receipt of an application on a form pres-42 cribed by the division and receipt of written evidence from the chief executive officer of the army national 43 44 guard or air national guard, as appropriate, or the 45 commanding officer of any United States Armed Forces 46 Reserve Unit that the applicant is a member thereof, the 47 division shall issue to any member of the national guard 48 of this state or a member of any reserve unit of the 49 United States Armed Forces a special registration plate 50 designed by the commissioner for a motor vehicle owned 51 by the member or the member's spouse, but not to 52 exceed one plate for each such member.

53 (d) Upon appropriate application, any owner of a 54 motor vehicle subject to Class A registration, or the 55 owner of a motorcycle subject to Class G registration, 56 under the provisions of this article, may request that the 57 division issue a registration plate bearing specially 58 arranged letters or numbers with the maximum 59 number of letters or numbers to be determined by the commissioner. The division shall attempt to comply with 60 61 such request wherever possible and shall promulgate 62 appropriate rules and regulations for the orderly

- 1 - 2 distribution of such plates: *Provided*, That for purposes
of this subdivision, such registration plates so requested
and issued shall include all plates bearing the numbers
two through two thousand and shall be subject to the
provisions of subdivision (k) of this section.

68 (e) Upon appropriate application, there shall be 69 issued to any honorably discharged veteran, of any 70 branch of the armed services of the United States, a 71 special registration plate with an insignia designed by 72 the commissioner of the division of motor vehicles. A special fee of five dollars shall be charged in addition 73 74 to all other fees required by law. This special fee is to 75 compensate the division of motor vehicles for additional 76 costs and services required in the issuing of such special registration and shall be collected by the division and 77 78 deposited in a special revolving fund to be used for the 79 administration of this section: Provided, That nothing in 80 this section shall be construed to exempt said veterans 81 from any other provision in this chapter.

(f) Upon appropriate application, there shall be issued
to any disabled veteran, who is exempt from the
payment of registration fees under the provisions of this
chapter, a registration plate which bears the letters
"DV" in red, and also the regular identification
numerals in red.

88 (g) Upon appropriate application, there shall be 89 issued to any armed service person holding the distin-90 guished purple heart medal for persons wounded in 91 combat a registration plate bearing letters or numbers. 92 The registration plate designed by the commissioner of 93 motor vehicles shall denote that those individuals who 94 are granted this special registration plate are recipients 95 of the purple heart. All letterings as herein provided 96 shall be in purple where practical. Further, the 97 registration plates herein provided shall be exempt from 98 registration fees under the provisions of this chapter.

99 (h) Upon appropriate application, the owner of a
100 motor vehicle who was enlisted in any branch of the
101 armed services that participated in and survived the
102 attack on Pearl Harbor on the seventh day of December,

103 one thousand nine hundred forty-one, shall be issued a
104 special registration plate designed by the commissioner
105 of motor vehicles and shall be exempt from the payment
106 of registration fees as required under the provisions of
107 this chapter.

108 (i) Subject to rules promulgated by the commissioner. 109 nonprofit charitable and educational organizations shall be authorized to design a logo or emblem for inclusion 110 111 on a special registration plate and to market this special 112 registration plate to organization members and the 113 general public. Approved nonprofit organizations may accept applications for the special registration plate 114 115 from the owner of motor vehicles subject to a Class A registration and payment of fees therefor under the 116 provisions of this article and may request that the 117 118 division issue a registration plate bearing a combination 119 of letters or numbers with the organizations' logo or 120 emblem, with the maximum number of letters or 121 numbers to be determined by the commissioner: 122 *Provided*, That such rules, regulations and standards 123 that are promulgated by the commissioner for purpose 124 of this subdivision shall be promulgated in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. 125 126 Nonprofit organizations seeking to market such plates 127 shall be authorized to collect a fee for successfully 128 processing a registration plate application and shall 129 deposit an appropriate fee, which shall be determined 130 by the commissioner, with the division of motor vehicles 131 to defrav the administrative costs associated with 132 designing and manufacturing special registration plates 133 for the organization.

134 (j) Any owner of a motor vehicle who is a resident of the state of West Virginia, and who is a certified 135 136 paramedic or emergency medical technician, a member 137 of a volunteer fire company, a paid fire department, a member of the state fire commission, the state fire 138 139 marshal, the state fire marshal's assistants, the state fire 140 administrator and voluntary rescue squad members 141 upon application, accompanied by an affidavit signed by 142 the fire chief or department head of the applicant, stating that the applicant is justified in having a 143

į

144 registration with an insignia designed by the commis-145 sioner of the division of motor vehicles to denote those individuals who are granted special registration plates 146 under this article, complying with the motor vehicle 147 148 laws of the state relative to registration and licensing 149 of motor vehicles, and upon payment of the registration. 150 license and other fees required by law, and the payment 151 of the additional special fee herein provided, shall be 152issued a license plate for a private passenger car, upon 153 which, in lieu of the registration number prescribed by law, shall be inscribed the insignia designed by the 154 155commissioner of the division of motor vehicles to denote those individuals who are granted this special registra-156tion insignia in addition to their existing registration 157 158 numbers.

159 The special fee that shall be charged each applicant 160 for the issuance of a license plate bearing the insignia designed by the commissioner of the division of motor 161 vehicles to denote those individuals who are granted this 162 163 special registration insignia in addition to their existing 164 registration number, shall be five dollars, which special 165 fee shall be in addition to all other fees required by law. 166 This special fee is for the purpose of compensating the 167 division of motor vehicles for additional costs and 168 services required in the issuing of such special registration and shall be collected by the division and deposited 169 170 in a special revolving fund to be used for the administration of this section. 171

The commissioner is authorized to prescribe proper
forms to be used in making application for the special
license plates authorized by this section.

175 (k) In addition to the regular registration fees set 176 forth in section three, article ten of this chapter, a fee 177 of fifteen dollars shall be paid to the division in each 178 case in which an application for a special registration 179 plate is made as provided in subdivisions (a), (b), (c) and (d): Provided, That nothing in this section shall be 180 181 construed to require a charge for a free prisoner of war license plate authorized by other provisions of this code. 182

183 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, or of

184 any other provision of this chapter, the commissioner 185 may, in his discretion, issue a type of registration plate of reflectorized material suitable for permanent use on 186 187 motor vehicles, trailers and semitrailers, together with 188 appropriate devices to be attached thereto to indicate the year for which such vehicles have been properly 189 190 registered or the date of expiration of such registration. 191 The design of such plates shall be determined by the 192 commissioner.

193 Further, notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, any license plate issued or 194 renewed pursuant to this chapter, which is paid for by 195 a check that is returned for nonsufficient funds, shall 196 197 be void without further notice to the applicant, and the applicant may not reinstate the registration until the 198 returned check is paid by the applicant in cash, money 199 200 order or certified check and all applicable fees assessed as a result thereof have been paid. 201

CHAPTER 129 (H. B. 4540—By Delegate Anderson)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article four, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact sections one, four, five, ten and fifteen, article six of said chapter; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-b, relating to motor vehicle administration; transfers of title: providing a definition of a total loss vehicle; providing for inspection of rebuilt motor vehicles by an inspector from the division of motor vehicles; setting fees; criminal penalties; licensing of wreckers/dismantlers/rebuilder; providing definitions; authorizing a special plate; setting fees; motor vehicles; licensing of license service businesses to issue temporary registration plates; requiring a bond; fees; creating a special fund; procedure for refusal to issue; form of

license certificate; certified copies; license good for one year; renewals; investigations and confidentiality; suspension and revocation; violations and criminal penalties; injunctive relief; and promulgation of rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article four, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections one, four, five, ten and fifteen, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-b, all to read as follows:

Article

- 4. Transfers of Title or Interest.
- 6. Licensing of Dealers and Wreckers or Dismantlers; Special Plates; Temporary Plates or Markers, Etc.
- 6B. License Services.

ARTICLE 4. TRANSFERS OF TITLE OR INTEREST.

§17A-4-10. Salvage certificates for certain wrecked or damaged vehicles; fee; penalty.

1 In the event a motor vehicle is determined to be a total loss or otherwise designated as "totaled" by any 2 insurance company or insurer, and upon payment of an 3 agreed price as a claim settlement to any insured or 4 claimant owner for the purchase of the vehicle, the 5 insurance company or the insurer shall receive the 6 certificate of title and the vehicle. The insurance 7 company or insurer shall within ten days surrender the 8 certificate of title and a copy of the claim settlement to 9 the division of motor vehicles. The division shall issue 10 11 a "salvage certificate," on a form prescribed by the commissioner, in the name of the insurance company or 12 the insurer. Such certificate shall contain on the reverse 13 thereof spaces for one successive assignment before a 14 15 new certificate at an additional fee is required. Upon the sale of the vehicle the insurance company or insurer 16 shall endorse the assignment of ownership on the 17 salvage certificate and deliver it to the purchaser. The 18 vehicle shall not be titled or registered for operation on 19 the streets or highways of this state unless there is 20

21 compliance with subsection (b) of this section. In the 22 event a motor vehicle is determined to be damaged in 23 excess of seventy-five percent of its retail price as 24 described in the national automobile dealers association 25 official used car guide, a junk card will be issued in lieu 26 of a salvage certificate.

27 (a) Any owner, who scraps, compresses, dismantles or 28 destroys a vehicle for which a certificate of title or 29 salvage certificate has been issued, shall, within twenty 30 days, surrender the certificate of title or salvage 31 certificate to the division for cancellation. Any person 32 who purchases or acquires a vehicle as salvage or scrap. 33 to be dismantled, compressed or destroyed, shall within 34 twenty days surrender the certificate to the division. 35 Should a vehicle less than eight years old be determined 36 to be a complete fire, flood or basket, a photograph of 37 the vehicle shall accompany the surrendered certificate: 38 Provided. That the term "basket" means a vehicle which 39 has been damaged more than seventy-five percent of the 40 retail price as described in the national automobile 41 dealers association official used car guide. If the vehicle 42 is to be reconstructed, the owner must obtain a salvage 43 certificate and comply with the provisions of subsection 44 (b) of this section.

(b) If the motor vehicle is a "reconstructed vehicle" as 45 46 defined in section one, article one of this chapter, it may 47 not be titled or registered for operation until it has been inspected by an official state inspection station and by 48 49 a representative of the division of motor vehicles who 50 has been designated by the commissioner as an inves-51 tigator. Following an approved inspection, an applica-52 tion for a new certificate of title may be submitted to 53 the division; however, the applicant shall be required to 54 retain all receipts for component parts, equipment and 55 materials used in the reconstruction. The salvage 56 certificate must also be surrendered to the division 57 before a certificate of title may be issued.

(c) The division shall charge a fee of fifteen dollars for
the issuance of each salvage certificate but shall not
require the payment of the five percent privilege tax.
However, upon application for a certificate of title for

MOTOR VEHICLES

62 a reconstructed vehicle, the division shall collect the five 63 percent privilege tax on the fair market value of the 64 vehicle as determined by the commissioner unless the 65 applicant is otherwise exempt from the payment of such 66 privilege tax. A wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder is ex-67 empt from the five percent privilege tax upon titling a 68 reconstructed vehicle. The division shall collect a fee of thirty-five dollars per vehicle for inspections of recon-69 70 structed vehicles. These fees shall be deposited in a 71 special fund created in the state treasurer's office and 72 may be expended by the division to carry out the 73 provisions of this article. Licensed wreckers/-74 dismantler/rebuilders may charge a fee not to exceed twenty-five dollars for all vehicles owned by private 75 76 rebuilders which are inspected at the place of business 77 of a wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder.

78 (d) A certificate of title issued by the division for a 79 reconstructed vehicle shall contain markings in bold 80 print on the face of the title that it is for a reconstructed 81 vehicle: Provided. That if the application for a certifi-82 cate of title is accompanied by a certificate of inspection 83 certifying that no more than two major components (as 84 that term is defined in section one of article six of this 85 chapter) were replaced, the boldface markings "recon-86 structed vehicle" shall not appear on the title.

87 Any person who violates the provisions of this section 88 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 89 thereof, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars 90 nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in 91 the county jail for not more than one year, or both fined 92 and imprisoned.

ARTICLE 6. LICENSING OF DEALERS AND WRECKERS OR DISMANTLERS; SPECIAL PLATES; TEMPORARY PLATES OR MARKERS, ETC.

PART I. DEFINITIONS; LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PUBLIC POLICY.

- §17A-6-1. Definitions.
- §17A-6-4. Application for license certificate; insurance; bonds; investigation; information confidential.

Ch. 129]

1085

- §17A-6-5. License certificate exemption.
- §17A-6-10. Fee required for license certificate; dealer special plates.

§17A-6-15. Temporary registration plates or markers.

§17A-6-1. Definitions.

1 (a) Unless the context in which used clearly requires 2 a different meaning, as used in this article:

3 (1) "New motor vehicle dealer" means every person 4 (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employ-5 6 ment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public 7 to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling five 8 or more new motor vehicles or new and used motor vehicles in any fiscal year of a type required to be 9 registered under the provisions of this chapter, except, 10 11 for the purposes of this article only, motorcycles.

12 (2) "Used motor vehicle dealer" means every person 13 (other than his agents and employees, if any, while 14 acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or holds himself out to the public to 15 16 be engaged in, the business in this state of selling five 17 or more used motor vehicles in any fiscal year of a type required to be registered under the provisions of this 18 19 chapter, except, for the purposes of this article only, 20 motorcycles.

(3) "House trailer dealer" means every person (other
than his agents and employees, if any, while acting
within the scope of their authority or employment),
engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be
engaged in, the business in this state of selling new
and/or used house trailers, or new and/or used house
trailers and trailers.

(4) "Trailer dealer" means every person (other than
his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the
scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or
who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in,
the business in this state of selling new and/or used
trailers.

34 (5) "Motorcycle dealer" means every person (other 35 than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment),
engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be
engaged in, the business in this state of selling new
and/or used motorcycles.

40 (6) "Used parts dealer" means every person (other 41 than his agents and employees, if any, while acting 42 within the scope of their authority or employment), 43 engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be 44 engaged in, the business in this state of selling any used 45 appliance, accessory, member, portion or other part of 46 any vehicle.

47 (7) "Wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, 48 while acting within the scope of their authority or 49 employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to 50 51 the public to be engaged in, the business in this state 52 of dealing in wrecked or damaged motor vehicles or motor vehicle parts for the purpose of selling the parts 53 54 thereof or scrap therefrom or who are in the business of rebuilding salvage motor vehicles for the purpose of 55 56 resale to the public.

57 (8) "New motor vehicles" means all motor vehicles, 58 except motorcycles and used motor vehicles, of a type 59 required to be registered under the provisions of this 60 chapter.

61 (9) "Used motor vehicles" means all motor vehicles, 62 except motorcycles, of a type required to be registered 63 under the provisions of this chapter which have been 64 sold and operated, or which have been registered or 65 titled, in this or any other state or jurisdiction.

66 (10) "House trailers" means all trailers designed or 67 intended for human occupancy and commonly referred 68 to as mobile homes or house trailers, but shall not 69 include fold down camping and travel trailers.

(11) "Trailers" means all types of trailers other than
house trailers, and shall include, but not be limited to,
pole trailers and semitrailers but excluding recreational
vehicles.

74 (12) "Sales instrument" means any document result-

ing from the sale of a vehicle, which shall include, but
not be limited to, a bill of sale, invoice, conditional sales
contract, chattel mortgage, chattel trust deed, security
agreement or similar document.

(13) "Sell," "sale" or "selling" shall, in addition to the
ordinary definitions of such terms, include offering for
sale, soliciting sales of, negotiating for the sale of,
displaying for sale, or advertising for sale, any vehicle,
whether at retail, wholesale or at auction. "Selling"
shall, in addition to the ordinary definition of that term,
also include buying and exchanging.

86 (14) "Applicant" means any person making applica87 tion for an original or renewal license certificate under
88 the provisions of this article.

(15) "Licensee" means any person holding any licensecertificate issued under the provisions of this article.

91 (16) "Predecessor" means the former owner or owners
92 or operator or operators of any new motor vehicle dealer
93 business or used motor vehicle dealer business.

(17) "Established place of business" shall, in the case 94 of a new motor vehicle dealer, mean a permanent 95 96 location, not a temporary stand or other temporary 97 quarters, owned or leased by the licensee or applicant 98 and actually occupied or to be occupied by him, as the 99 case may be, which is or is to be used exclusively for the purpose of selling new motor vehicles or new and 100 used motor vehicles, which shall have space under roof 101 for the display of at least one new motor vehicle and 102 103 facilities and space therewith for the servicing and repair of at least one motor vehicle, which servicing and 104 repair facilities and space shall be adequate and suitable 105 106 to carry out servicing and to make repairs necessary to keep and carry out all representations. warranties and 107 agreements made or to be made by such dealer with 108 respect to motor vehicles sold by him, which shall be 109 easily accessible to the public, which shall conform to 110 all applicable laws of the state of West Virginia and the 111 ordinances of the municipality in which it is located, if 112 any, which shall display thereon at least one permanent 113 sign, clearly visible from the principal public street or 114

MOTOR VEHICLES

115 highway nearest said location and clearly stating the 116 business which is or shall be conducted thereat, and 117 which shall have adequate facilities to keep, maintain and preserve records, papers and documents necessary 118 119 to carry on such business and to make the same 120 available to inspection by the commissioner at all reasonable times: Provided. That the requirement of 121 122 exclusive use shall be met even though (i) some new and any used motor vehicles sold or to be sold by such dealer 123 124 are sold or are to be sold at a different location or 125locations not meeting the definition of an established place of business of a new motor vehicle dealer, if each 126 127 such location is or is to be served by other facilities and 128 space of such dealer for the servicing and repair of at least one motor vehicle, adequate and suitable as 129 aforesaid, and each such location used for the sale of 130 131 some new and any used motor vehicles otherwise meets 132 the definition of an established place of business of a used motor vehicle dealer; (ii) house trailers. trailers 133 134 and/or motorcycles are sold or are to be sold thereat, if, subject to the provisions of section five of this article, 135 136 a separate license certificate is obtained for each such type of vehicle business, which license certificate 137 remains unexpired, unsuspended and unrevoked; (iii) 138 farm machinery is sold thereat; and (iv) accessory, 139 gasoline and oil, or storage departments are maintained 140 141 thereat, if such departments are operated for the purpose of furthering and assisting in the licensed 142 143 business or businesses.

144 (18) "Farm machinery" means all machines and tools
145 used in the production, harvesting or care of farm
146 products.

(19) "Established place of business" shall, in the case 147 of a used motor vehicle dealer, mean a permanent 148 location, not a temporary stand or other temporary 149 quarters, owned or leased by the licensee or applicant 150 and actually occupied or to be occupied by him, as the 151 case may be, which is or is to be used exclusively for 152the purpose of selling used motor vehicles, which shall 153 have facilities and space therewith for the servicing and 154 repair of at least one motor vehicle, which servicing and 155

repair facilities and space shall be adequate and suitable 156 157 to carry out servicing and to make repairs necessary to 158 keep and carry out all representations. warranties and 159 agreements made or to be made by such dealer with 160 respect to used motor vehicles sold by him, which shall 161 be easily accessible to the public, shall conform to all 162 applicable laws of the state of West Virginia, and the 163 ordinances of the municipality in which it is located, if 164 any, which shall display thereon at least one permanent 165 sign, clearly visible from the principal public street or 166 highway nearest said location and clearly stating the 167 business which is or shall be conducted thereat. and 168 which shall have adequate facilities to keep, maintain 169 and preserve records, papers and documents necessary 170 to carry on such business and to make the same 171 available to inspection by the commissioner at all 172 reasonable times: Provided, That if a used motor vehicle 173 dealer has entered into a written agreement or agree-174 ments with a person or persons owning or operating a 175 servicing and repair facility or facilities adequate and 176 suitable as aforesaid, the effect of which agreement or 177 agreements is to provide such servicing and repair 178 services and space in like manner as if said servicing 179 and repair facilities and space were located in or on said 180 dealer's place of business, then, so long as such an agreement or agreements are in effect, it shall not be 181 necessary for such dealer to maintain such servicing and 182 183 repair facilities and space at his place of business in order for such place of business to be an established 184 place of business as herein defined: Provided, however, 185 That the requirement of exclusive use shall be met even 186 though (i) house trailers, trailers and/or motorcycles are 187 sold or are to be sold thereat, if, subject to the provisions 188 of section five of this article, a separate license 189 certificate is obtained for each such type of vehicle 190 191 business, which license certificate remains unexpired, 192 unsuspended and unrevoked; (ii) farm machinery is sold thereat; and (iii) accessory, gasoline and oil, or storage 193 departments are maintained thereat, if such depart-194 ments are operated for the purpose of furthering and 195 assisting in the licensed business or businesses. 196

197 (20) "Established place of business" shall, in the case

MOTOR VEHICLES

198 of a house trailer dealer, trailer dealer, recreational 199 vehicle dealer, motorcycle dealer, used parts dealer and 200 wrecker or dismantler, mean a permanent location, not 201 a temporary stand or other temporary quarters, owned 202 or leased by the licensee or applicant and actually 203 occupied or to be occupied by him, as the case may be, 204 which shall be easily accessible to the public, which 205shall conform to all applicable laws of the state of West 206 Virginia and the ordinances of the municipality in 207 which it is located, if any, which shall display thereon 208 at least one permanent sign, clearly visible from the 209 principal public street or highway nearest said location 210 and clearly stating the business which is or shall be 211 conducted thereat, and which shall have adequate facilities to keep, maintain and preserve records, papers 212 213 and documents necessary to carry on such business and 214 to make the same available to inspection by the 215 commissioner at all reasonable times.

(21) "Manufacturer" means every person engaged in
the business of reconstructing, assembling or reassembling vehicles with a special type body required by the
purchaser if said vehicle is subject to the title and
registration provision of the code.

(22) "Transporter" means every person engaged in the
business of transporting vehicles to or from a manufacturing, assembling or distributing plant to dealers or
sales agents of a manufacturer, or purchasers.

(23) "Recreational vehicle dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling new and/or used recreational vehicles.

(24) "Motorboat" means any vessel propelled by an electrical, steam, gas, diesel or other fuel propelled or driven motor, whether or not such motor is the principal source of propulsion, but shall not include a vessel which has a valid marine document issued by the bureau of customs of the United States government or any federal agency successor thereto. (25) "Motorboat trailer" means every vehicle designed
for or ordinarily used for the transportation of a
motorboat.

(26) "All-terrain vehicle" (ATV) means any motor
vehicle designed for off-highway use and designed for
operator use only with no passengers, having a seat or
saddle designed to be straddled by the operator, and
handlebars for steering control.

(27) "Travel trailer" means every vehicle, mounted on
wheels, designed to provide temporary living quarters
for recreational, camping or travel use of such size or
weight as not to require special highway movement
permits when towed by a motor vehicle and of gross
trailer area less than four hundred square feet.

(28) "Fold down camping trailer" means every vehicle
consisting of a portable unit mounted on wheels and
constructed with collapsible partial sidewalls which fold
for towing by another vehicle and unfold at the camp
site to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping or travel use.

258 (29) "Motor home" means every vehicle, designed to 259 provide temporary living quarters, built into an integral 260 part of or permanently attached to a self-propelled 261 motor vehicle, chassis or van including: (1) Type A 262 motor home built on an incomplete truck chassis with 263 the truck cab constructed by the second stage manufac-264 turer: (2) Type B motor home consisting of a van-type 265 vehicle which has been altered to provide temporary 266 living quarters; and (3) Type C motor home built on an 267 incomplete van or truck chassis with a cab constructed by the chassis manufacturer. 268

(30) "Snowmobile" means a self-propelled vehicle
intended for travel primarily on snow and driven by a
track or tracks in contact with the snow and steered by
a ski or skis in contact with the snow.

(31) "Recreational vehicle" means a motorboat,
motorboat trailer, all-terrain vehicle, travel trailer, fold
down camping trailer, motor home or snowmobile.

276 (32) "Major component" means any one of the follow-

ing subassemblies of a motor vehicle: (i) Front clip
assembly consisting of fenders, grille, hood, bumper and
related parts; (ii) engine; (iii) transmission; (iv) rear clip
assembly consisting of quarter panels and floor panel
assembly; or (v) two or more doors.

282 (b) Under no circumstances whatever shall the terms "new motor vehicle dealer," "used motor vehicle dealer," 283 284 "house trailer dealer," "trailer dealer," "recreational vehicle dealer," "motorcycle dealer," "used parts dealer" 285 286 or "wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder" be construed or applied under this article in such a way as to include 287 288 a banking institution, insurance company, finance 289 company, or other lending or financial institution, or 290 other person, the state or any agency or political 291 subdivision thereof, or any municipality, who or which 292 owns or shall come in possession or ownership of, or acquire contract rights, or security interests in or to, any 293 294 vehicle or vehicles or any part thereof and shall sell such vehicle or vehicles or any part thereof for purposes other 295 296 than engaging in and holding himself or itself out to the 297 public to be engaged in the business of selling vehicles 298 or any part thereof.

299 (c) It is recognized that throughout this code the term "trailer" or "trailers" is used to include, among other 300 301 types of trailers, house trailers. It is also recognized that throughout this code the term "trailer" or "trailers" is 302 303 seldom used to include semitrailers or pole trailers. 304 However, for the purposes of this article only, the term "trailers" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in 305 306 subsection (a) of this section.

§17A-6-4. Application for license certificate; insurance; bonds; investigation; information confidential.

1 (a) Application for any license certificate required by 2 section three of this article shall be made on such form 3 as may be prescribed by the commissioner. There shall 4 be attached to the application a certificate of insurance 5 certifying that the applicant has in force an insurance 6 policy issued by an insurance company authorized to do 7 business in this state insuring the applicant and any

8 other person, as insured, using any vehicle or vehicles 9 owned by the applicant with the express or implied 10 permission of such named insured, against loss from the 11 liability imposed by law for damages arising out of the 12 ownership, operation, maintenance or use of such vehicle 13 or vehicles, subject to minimum limits, exclusive of 14 interest and costs, with respect to each such vehicle, as 15 follows: Twenty thousand dollars because of bodily 16 injury to or death of one person in any one accident and. 17 subject to said limit for one person, forty thousand 18 dollars because of bodily injury to or death of two or 19 more persons in any one accident, and ten thousand 20 dollars because of injury to or destruction of property 21 of others in any one accident.

(b) In the case of an application for a license certificate to engage in the business of new motor vehicle
dealer, used motor vehicle dealer or house trailer dealer,
such application shall disclose, but not be limited to, the
following:

(1) The type of business for which a license certificateis sought;

(2) If the applicant be an individual, the full name
and address of the applicant and any trade name under
which he will engage in said business;

(3) If the applicant be a copartnership, the full name
and address of each partner therein, the name of the
copartnership, its post-office address and any trade
name under which it will engage in said business;

36 (4) If the applicant be a corporation, its name, the 37 state of its incorporation, its post-office address and the 38 full name and address of each officer and director 39 thereof;

(5) The location of each place in this state at which
the applicant will engage in said business and whether
the same is owned or leased by the applicant;

(6) Whether the applicant, any partner, officer or
director thereof has previously engaged in said business
or any other business required to be licensed under the
provisions of this article and if so, with or for whom,
at what location and for what periods of time;

48 (7) Whether the applicant, any partner, officer, 49 director or employer thereof has previously applied for 50 a license certificate under the provisions of this article 51 or a similar license certificate in this or any other state, 52 and if so, whether such license certificate was issued or 53 refused, and, if issued, whether it was ever suspended 54 or revoked;

55 (8) A statement of previous general business experi-56 ence and past history of the applicant; and

57 (9) Such other information as the commissioner may 58 reasonably require which may include information 59 relating to any contracts, agreements or understandings between the applicant and other persons respecting the 60 61 transaction of said business, and any criminal record of the applicant if an individual, or of each partner if a 62 copartnership, or of each officer and director. if a 63 64 corporation.

(c) In the case of an application for a license certificate to engage in the business of new motor vehicle
dealer, such application shall, in addition to the matters
outlined in subsection (b) of this section disclose:

69 (1) The make or makes of new motor vehicles which70 the applicant will offer for sale in this state during the71 ensuing fiscal year; and

72 (2) The exact number of new motor vehicles, if any, sold at retail in this state by such applicant or his 73 predecessor, if any, during the preceding fiscal year, 74 and if no new motor vehicles were sold at retail in this 75 state by such applicant or his predecessor, if any, during 76 77 the preceding fiscal year, the number of new motor 78 vehicles the applicant reasonably expects to sell at retail 79 in this state during the ensuing fiscal year.

(d) In the case of an application for a license certificate to engage in the business of used motor vehicle
dealer, such application shall in addition to the matters
outlined in subsection (b) of this section, disclose the
exact number of used motor vehicles, if any, sold at
retail in this state by such applicant or his predecessor,

if any, during the preceding fiscal year, and if no used
motor vehicles were sold at retail in this state by such
applicant or his predecessor, if any, during the preceding fiscal year, the number of used motor vehicles the
applicant reasonably expects to sell at retail in this state
during the ensuing fiscal year.

92 (e) In the case of an application for a license certif-93 icate to engage in the business of trailer dealer, 94 recreational vehicle dealer, motorcycle dealer, used 95 parts dealer, or wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder, such 96 application shall disclose such information as the 97 commissioner may reasonably require.

98 (f) Such application shall be verified by the oath or 99 affirmation of the applicant, if an individual, or if the 100 applicant is a copartnership or corporation, by a partner or officer thereof, as the case may be. Such application 101 102must be accompanied by a bond of the applicant in the 103penal sum of two thousand dollars, in such form as may be prescribed by the commissioner, conditioned that the 104 applicant will not in the conduct of his business practice 105106 any fraud which, or make any fraudulent representation 107 which, shall cause a financial loss to any purchaser, seller or financial institution or agency, or the state of 108 West Virginia, with a corporate surety thereon autho-109rized to do business in this state, which bond shall be 110 effective as of the date on which the license certificate 111 112 sought is issued.

(g) Upon receipt of any such fully completed applica-113 tion, together with any bond required as aforesaid, the 114 certificate of insurance as aforesaid and the appropriate 115 fee as hereinafter provided in section ten of this article, 116 the commissioner may conduct such investigation, as he 117 deems necessary to determine the accuracy of any 118 statements contained in such application and the 119 existence of any other facts which he deems relevant in 120 considering such application. To facilitate such investi-121 122 gation, the commissioner may withhold issuance or refusal of the license certificate for a period not to 123 124 exceed twenty days.

125 (h) Any application for a license certificate under the

126 provisions of this article and any information submitted 127 therewith shall be confidential for the use of the 128 division. No person shall divulge any information 129 contained in any such application or any information 130 submitted therewith except in response to a valid 131 subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued pursuant to 132 law.

§17A-6-5. License certificate exemption.

1 Any new motor vehicle dealer, used motor vehicle 2 dealer, house trailer dealer, trailer dealer, recreational 3 vehicle dealer, motorcycle dealer or wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder receiving a vehicle in trade of a type 4 5 other than that he is licensed to sell hereunder may sell such vehicle without obtaining a license certificate to 6 engage in the business of selling vehicles of such type 7 8 and without being considered to be a dealer in vehicles 9 of such type.

Part III. FEES AND DEALER SPECIAL Plates Generally.

§17A-6-10. Fee required for license certificate; dealer special plates.

1 (a) The initial application fee for a license certificate to engage in the business of a new motor vehicle dealer. 2 used motor vehicle dealer, house trailer dealer, trailer 3 4 dealer, motorcycle dealer, recreational vehicle dealer, or 5 wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder shall be two hundred and fifty dollars: Provided. That if an application for a 6 7 license certificate is denied or refused in accordance 8 with section six of this article, one hundred twenty-five 9 dollars shall be refunded to the applicant. The initial 10 application fee shall entitle the licensee to dealer special 11 plates as prescribed by subsections (b), (c), (d) and (e) 12 of this section.

13 (b) The annual renewal fee required for a license
14 certificate to engage in the business of new motor
15 vehicle dealer shall be one hundred dollars. This fee
16 shall also entitle such licensee to one dealer's special
17 plate which shall be known as a Class D special plate.
18 Up to nine additional Class D special plates shall be

1096

19 issued to any such licensee upon application therefor on 20 a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose 21 and the payment of a fee of five dollars for each 22 additional Class D special plate. Any such licensee who 23 obtains a total of ten Class D special plates as aforesaid 24 shall be entitled to receive additional Class D special 25 plates on a formula basis, that is, one additional Class D special plate per twenty new motor vehicles sold at 26 27 retail in this state by such licensee or his predecessor 28 during the preceding fiscal year, upon application 29 therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for 30 such purpose and the payment of a fee of five dollars 31 for each such additional Class D special plate: Provided. 32 That in the case of a licensee who did not own or operate 33 such business during such preceding fiscal year and who 34 has no predecessor who owned or operated such business 35 during the preceding fiscal year, additional Class D 36 special plates shall be issued, for the ensuing fiscal year 37 only, on a formula basis of one additional Class D special 38 plate per twenty new motor vehicles which such licensee 39 estimates on his application for his license certificate he 40 will sell at retail in this state during said ensuing fiscal vear. Any such licensee may obtain Class D special 41 plates in addition to the ten plates authorized above and 42 any authorized on a formula basis, but the cost of each 43 44 such Class D special plate shall be thirty dollars.

45 (c) The annual renewal fee required for a license certificate to engage in the business of used motor 46 47 vehicle dealer shall be one hundred dollars. This fee 48 shall also entitle such licensee to one dealer's special 49 plate which shall be known as a Class D-U/C special plate. Up to four additional Class D-U/C special plates 50shall be issued to any such licensee upon application 51 therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for 5253 such purpose and the payment of a fee of five dollars 54 for each additional Class D-U/C special plate. Any such licensee who obtains a total of five Class D-U/C special 55 plates as aforesaid shall be entitled to receive additional 56 Class D-U/C special plates on a formula basis, that is, 57 one additional Class D-U/C special plate per thirty used 58 motor vehicles sold at retail in this state by such licensee 59 or his predecessor during the preceding fiscal year, 60

MOTOR VEHICLES

61 upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee 62 63 of five dollars for each such additional Class D-U/C special plate: Provided, That in the case of a licensee 64 65 who did not own or operate such business during such 66 preceding fiscal year and who has no predecessor who 67 owned or operated such business during the preceding 68 fiscal year, additional Class D-U/C special plates shall 69 be issued, for the ensuing fiscal year only, on a formula 70 basis of one additional Class D-U/C special plate per 71 thirty used motor vehicles which such licensee estimates 72 on his application for his license certificate he will sell 73 at retail in this state during said ensuing fiscal year. 74 Any such licensee may obtain Class D-U/C special plates 75 in addition to the five plates authorized above and any 76 authorized on a formula basis, but the cost of each such 77 Class D-U/C special plate shall be thirty dollars.

78 (d) The annual renewal fee required for a license 79 certificate to engage in the business of house trailer 80 dealer or trailer dealer, as the case may be, shall be 81 twenty-five dollars. This fee shall also entitle such 82 licensee to four dealer's special plates which shall be 83 known as Class D-T/R special plates. Additional Class D-T/R special plates shall be issued to any such licensee 84 85 upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the 86 commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee 87 of five dollars for each such additional Class D-T/R 88 special plate.

89 (e) The annual renewal fee required for a license 90 certificate to engage in the business of recreational vehicle dealer shall be one hundred dollars. This fee 91 92 shall also entitle such licensee to four dealer special 93 plates which shall be known as Class D-R/V special 94 plates. Additional Class D-R/V special plates shall be 95 issued to any such licensee upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose 96 on the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars for each 97 such additional Class D-R/V special plate. **98**

99 (f) The annual renewal fee required for a license 100 certificate to engage in the business of motorcycle dealer 101 shall be ten dollars. This fee shall also entitle such 102 licensee to two dealer's special plates which shall be 103 known as Class F special plates. Additional Class F 104 special plates shall be issued to any such dealer upon 105 application therefor on a form prescribed by the 106 commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee 107 of five dollars for each such additional Class F special 108 plate.

109 (g) The annual renewal fee required for a license 110 certificate the to engage in business of 111 wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder, shall be fifteen dollars. Upon payment of the fee for said license certificate, a 112 licensee shall be entitled to up to four special license 113 114 plates which shall be known as Class WD special plates. 115 Such plates shall be issued to any such licensee upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the 116 117 commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee 118 of twenty-five dollars for each such plate. Such plate 119 issued under the provisions of this subsection shall have 120 the words "Towing Only" affixed thereon. A 121 wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder is entitled to one special plate known as a Class WD/Demo special plate upon 122 123 payment of a twenty-five dollar fee. This plate shall only 124 be used for demonstrating rebuilt automobiles owned by 125 the wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder.

(h) All of the special plates provided for in this section
shall be of such form and design and contain such other
distinguishing marks or characteristics as the commissioner may prescribe.

§17A-6-15. Temporary registration plates or markers.

(a) In order to permit a vehicle which is sold to a 1 $\mathbf{2}$ purchaser by a dealer to be operated on the streets and 3 highways pending receipt of the annual registration 4 plate from the division for such vehicle, the commissioner may, subject to the limitations and conditions 5 hereinafter set forth, deliver temporary vehicle registra-6 7 tion plates or markers to dealers who in turn may, subject to the limitations and conditions hereinafter set 8 9 forth, issue the same to purchasers of vehicles, but such 10 purchasers must comply with the pertinent provisions of this section. 11

12 (b) Application by a dealer to the commissioner for 13 such temporary registration plates or markers shall be made on the form prescribed and furnished by the 14 15 commissioner for such purpose and shall be accompan-16 ied by a fee of three dollars for each such temporary 17 registration plate or marker. No refund or credit of fees paid by dealers to the commissioner for temporary 18 19 registration plates or markers shall be allowed, except 20 that in the event the commissioner discontinues the 21 issuance of such temporary plates or markers, dealers 22 returning temporary registration plates or markers to the commissioner may petition for and be entitled to a 23 24 refund or a credit thereof. No temporary registration 25 plates or markers shall be delivered by the commissioner to any dealer in house trailers only, and no such 26 temporary plates or markers shall be issued for or used 27 28 on any house trailer for any purpose.

29 (c) Every dealer who has made application for and received temporary registration plates or markers shall 30 maintain in permanent form a record of all temporary 31 32 registration plates or markers delivered to him, a record of all temporary registration plates or markers issued 33 34 by him, and a record of any other information pertaining to the receipt or the issuance of temporary registra-35 36 tion plates or markers which the commissioner may require. Each such record shall be kept for a period of 37 at least three years from the date of the making thereof. 38 39 Every dealer who issues a temporary registration plate or marker shall, within five working days after he issues 40 such plate or marker, send to the division a copy of the 41 temporary registration plate or marker certificate 42 properly executed by such dealer and the purchaser. No 43 44 temporary registration plates or markers may be delivered to any dealer until such dealer has fully 45 accounted to the commissioner for the temporary 46 registration plates or markers last delivered to such 47 dealer, by showing the number issued to purchasers by 48 49 such dealer and any on hand.

50 (d) A dealer shall not issue, assign, transfer or deliver 51 a temporary registration plate or marker to anyone 52 other than the bona fide purchaser of the vehicle to be

53 registered; nor shall a dealer issue a temporary 54 registration plate or marker to anyone possessed of an 55 annual registration plate for a vehicle which has been sold or exchanged, except a dealer may issue a tempor-56 57 ary registration plate or marker to the bona fide 58 purchaser of a vehicle to be registered who possesses an 59 annual registration plate of a different class and makes 60 application to the division to exchange such annual 61 registration plate of a different class in accordance with 62 the provisions of section one, article four of this chapter: nor shall a dealer lend to anyone, or use on any vehicle 63 which he may own, a temporary registration plate or 64 65 marker. It shall be unlawful for any dealer to issue any temporary registration plate or marker knowingly 66 67 containing any misstatement of fact, or knowingly to 68 insert any false information upon the face thereof.

(e) Every dealer who issues temporary registration
plates or markers shall affix or insert clearly and
indelibly on the face of each temporary registration
plate or marker the date of issuance and expiration
thereof, and the make and motor or serial number of the
vehicle for which issued.

(f) If the commissioner finds that the provisions of this
section or his directions are not being complied with by
a dealer, he may suspend the right of such dealer to
issue temporary registration plates or markers.

79 (g) Every person to whom a temporary registration plate or marker has been issued shall permanently 80 81 destroy such temporary registration plate or marker 82 immediately upon receiving the annual registration plate for such vehicle from the division: Provided, That 83 84 if the annual registration plate is not received within 85 sixty days of the issuance of the temporary registration 86 plate or marker, the owner shall, notwithstanding the fact that the annual registration plate has not been 87 received, immediately and permanently destroy the 88 89 temporary registration plate or marker: Provided. 90 however, That not more than one temporary registration 91 plate or marker shall be issued to the same bona fide purchaser for the same vehicle. 92

MOTOR VEHICLES

93 (h) A temporary registration plate or marker shall
94 expire and become void upon the receipt of the annual
95 registration plate from the division or upon the rescis96 sion of the contract to purchase the vehicle in question,
97 or upon the expiration of sixty days from the date of
98 issuance, depending upon whichever event shall first
99 occur.

(i) For the purpose of this section, the term "dealer"includes a wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder.

ARTICLE 6B. LICENSE SERVICES.

- §17A-6B-1. License certificate required; application.
- §17A-6B-2. Applicant must be bonded.
- §17A-6B-3. Fee required for license certificate; special fund created.
- §17A-6B-4. Investigation prior to issuance of license certificate; information confidential.
- §17A-6B-5. Refusal of license certificate.
- §17A-6B-6. When application to be made; expiration of license certificate; renewal.
- §17A-6B-7. Form and display of license certificate; certified copies of license.
- §17A-6B-8. Changes in business; action required.
- §17A-6B-9. Investigation; grounds for suspending or revoking license certificate; notice of refusal, suspension or revocation of license certificate; relinquishing license certificate and temporary plates or markers.
- §17A-6B-10. Temporary registration plates or markers.
- §17A-6B-11. Inspections; violations and penalties.
- §17A-6B-12. Injunctive relief.
- §17A-6B-13. Promulgation of rules.

§17A-6B-1. License certificate required; application.

1 No person shall engage in the license service business 2 in West Virginia without a license certificate. For 3 purposes of this article, the term "license service or 4 services" shall mean any person processing division of 5 motor vehicle documents for compensation when such 6 service or services are offered to the general public.

7 Application for a license certificate shall be made on 8 a form prescribed by the commissioner and shall 9 disclose such information the commissioner requires. 10 Such application shall be verified by an oath or 11 affirmation of the applicant, if an individual, or if the 12 applicant is a copartnership or corporation, by a partner 13 or officer thereof.

1102

§17A-6B-2. Applicant must be bonded.

An application for a license certificate must be 1 2 accompanied by a bond in the penal sum of twenty-five 3 thousand dollars and have a corporate surety authorized 4 to do business in this state, to ensure that the applicant will not, in the conduct of his or her business, make any 5 fraudulent representation which shall cause a financial 6 7 loss to any purchaser, seller, financial institution. agency, or the state of West Virginia. The bond shall be 8 9 effective on the date the license certificate is issued.

10 A licensee shall keep the bond in full force and effect 11 at all times. The aggregate liability of the surety in no 12 event shall exceed the principal sum of the bond. The surety on such bond shall have the right to cancel such 13 14 bond upon giving thirty days notice to the commissioner 15 and thereafter shall be relieved of liability for any 16 breach of condition occurring after the effective date of 17 said cancellation.

§17A-6B-3. Fee required for license certificate; special fund created.

1 (a) The initial application fee for a certificate to 2 engage in the license service business is twenty-five 3 dollars. The renewal fee for such certificate is twenty-4 five dollars.

5 (b) There is hereby created in the treasury a special 6 fund, named the "motor vehicle license service admin-7 istration fund," into which shall be paid all of the initial 8 licensing fees, the renewal licensing fees, and certified 9 copies fees. The commissioner of motor vehicles shall use 10 the moneys in this account to administer and enforce the 11 provisions of this article.

§17A-6B-4. Investigation prior to issuance of license certificate; information confidential.

1 Upon receipt of a completed application, the required 2 bond, and the application fee, the commissioner may 3 conduct such investigation, as necessary, to determine 4 the accuracy of any statements contained in the 5 application and the existence of any other facts relevant 6 in considering such application. To facilitate such

7 investigation, the commissioner may withhold issuance

8 or refusal of the license certificate for a period not to9 exceed twenty days.

10 Any application for a license certificate under the 11 provisions of this article and any information submitted 12 therewith shall be confidential for the use of the 13 division. No person shall divulge any information 14 contained in any application or any information submit-15 ted therewith, except in response to a valid subpoena or 16 subpoena duces tecum issued pursuant to law.

§17A-6B-5. Refusal of license certificate.

1 If the commissioner finds that the applicant:

2 (1) Has failed to furnish the required bond;

3 (2) Has knowingly made a false statement of a
4 material fact in the application;

5 (3) Has habitually defaulted on financial obligations;

6 (4) Has been convicted of a felony within five years 7 immediately preceding receipt of the application by the 8 commissioner;

9 (5) So far as can be ascertained, has not complied with 10 and will not comply with the registration and title laws 11 of this state;

12 (6) Has been guilty of any fraudulent act in connec-13 tion with the business of licensing service; or

14 (7) Has done any act or has failed or refused to 15 perform any duty for which the license certificate 16 sought could be suspended or revoked were it then 17 issued and outstanding.

Then, upon the basis of the application, such findings, 18 and all other information, the commissioner shall make 19 20 and enter an order denying the application for a license certificate, which denial is final and conclusive unless 21 an appeal is taken. Otherwise, the commissioner shall 22 issue to the applicant the license certificate which shall 23 entitle the licensee to engage in the license service 24 25 business.

§17A-6B-6. When application to be made; expiration of license certificate; renewal.

1 (a) The initial application for a license certificate to 2 engage in a license service business shall be made thirty 3 days prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine 4 hundred ninety-one. This license shall be valid for one 5 year.

(b) Any initial application made after the first day of
January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and any
year thereafter, shall expire on the thirty-first day of
December of that year.

10 (c) A license certificate may be renewed by paying the11 renewal fee and after review by the commissioner.

12 (d) A license certificate issued in accordance with the 13 provisions of this article shall not be transferable.

§17A-6B-7. Form and display of license certificate; certified copies of license.

1 (a) The commissioner shall prescribe the form of the 2 license certificate for a license service business. Each license certificate shall have printed thereon the seal of 3 the division, the location of each place of business of the 4 licensee, the year for which the license is issued, the 5 serial number, and such other information the commis-6 sioner may prescribe. The license certificate shall be 7 delivered or mailed to the licensee. 8

(b) When a licensee conducts his or her licensed 9 business at more than one location, he or she shall, upon 10 application therefor, obtain from the commissioner, for 11 each such place of business, one certified copy of the 12 license certificate. A fee of one dollar shall be paid for 13 each such certified copy. Each licensee shall keep his or 14 15 her license certificate or certified copy thereof conspicuously posted at each place of business. 16

(c) In the event of the loss or destruction of a license
certificate or a certified copy thereof, the licensee shall
immediately make application for a certified copy of the
license certificate. A fee of one dollar shall be required
for any such certified copy.

§17A-6B-8. Changes in business; action required.

1 Every license service business shall notify the commis-

2 sioner within sixty days from the date on which any of3 the following changes in the business occur:

4 (1) A change of the location of any place of business;

5 (2) A change of the name or trade name under which6 the licensee engages or will engage in the business;

7 (3) The death of the licensee or any partner or 8 partners thereof;

9 (4) A change in any partners, officers or directors;

10 (5) A change in ownership of the business;

(6) A change in the type of legal entity by and through
which the licensee engages or will engage in the
business; or

14 (7) The appointment of any trustee in bankruptcy,
15 trustee under an assignment for the benefit of creditors,
16 master or receiver.

17 When any change specified in subdivision (1), (2), (3), 18 (4), (5) or (6) occurs, an application for a new license certificate shall immediately be filed with the commis-19 sioner: Provided. That when a subdivision (3) change is 20 21 involved, an application for a new license certificate 22 need not be filed during the balance of the license year 23 if a member of the family of such deceased person succeeds to the interest in the business. Upon receipt 24 and review of the application, a new license certificate 25 shall be issued incorporating the changes. No additional 26 27 fee for the balance of the license year shall be required 28 for the issuance of any new license certificate issued as 29 a result of any change specified in this section.

No new license certificate shall be required for any trustee in bankruptcy, trustee under an assignment for the benefit of creditors, receiver or master, appointed pursuant to law, who shall take charge of or operate such business for the purpose of winding up the affairs of such business or protecting the interests of the creditors of such business.

§17A-6B-9. Investigation; grounds for suspending or revoking license certificate; notice of refusal, suspension or revocation of license certificate; relinquishing license certificate and temporary plates or markers.

1 The commissioner may conduct an investigation to 2 determine whether any provisions of this chapter have 3 been violated by a licensee. Any investigation shall be 4 kept in strictest confidence by the commissioner, the 5 division, the licensee, any complainant and all other 6 persons, unless and until the commissioner suspends or 7 revokes the license certificate of the licensee involved.

8 (a) The commissioner may suspend or revoke a license
9 certificate if the commissioner finds that the licensee:

10 (1) Has failed or refused to comply with the laws of 11 this state relating to the registration and titling of 12 vehicles and the giving of notices of transfers;

13 (2) Has failed or refused to comply with the provisions 14 and requirements of this article, and the promulgated 15 rules and regulations authorized in section nine, article 16 two of this chapter which were implemented by the 17 commissioner, in accordance with the provisions of 18 article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to 19 enforce the provisions of this article; or

20 (b) The commissioner shall suspend or revoke a 21 license certificate if the commissioner finds that the 22 licensee:

(1) Has knowingly made a false statement of a
material fact in his or her application for the license
certificate then issued and outstanding;

26 (2) Has habitually defaulted on financial obligations;

(3) Has been guilty of any fraudulent act in connec-tion with the license service business;

(4) Has defrauded or is attempting to defraud the
state or any political subdivision of the state of any taxes
or fees in connection with the sale or transfer of any
vehicle;

ť

2

33 (5) Has committed fraud in the registration of a34 vehicle;

35 (6) Has knowingly purchased, sold or otherwise dealt36 in a stolen vehicle or vehicles;

37 (7) Has advertised by any means, with intent to
38 defraud, any material representation or statement of
39 fact which is untrue, misleading or deceptive in any
40 particular, relating to the conduct of the licensed
41 business;

42 (8) Has a license certificate to which he is not lawfully43 entitled; or

(9) The existence of any other ground upon which the
license certificate could have been refused, or any
ground which would be cause for refusing a license
certificate to such licensee were he then applying for the
same.

(c) Whenever a licensee fails or refuses to keep the
bond required by section two of this article in full force
and effect, the license certificate of such licensee shall
automatically be suspended unless and until the required bond is furnished to the commissioner, in which
event the suspension shall be vacated.

55 (d) Whenever the commissioner shall refuse to issue a license certificate, or shall suspend or revoke a license 56 certificate, or shall suspend the right of a licensee to 57 58 issue temporary plates or markers under the provisions 59 of section fifteen, article six of this chapter, he or she shall make and enter an order to that effect and shall 60 61 cause a copy of such order to be served in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested, on the applicant 62 63 or licensee, as the case may be.

(e) Suspensions hereunder shall continue until the 64 cause therefor has been eliminated or corrected. 65 66 Whenever a license certificate and the right of a licensee to issue temporary registration plates or markers is 67 suspended or revoked, the commissioner shall, in the 68 order of suspension or revocation, direct the licensee to 69 return to the division his or her license certificate and 70 any temporary registration plates or markers still in the 71

12 licensee's possession and issued in conjunction with the issuance of such license service certificate. It is the duty of the licensee to comply with the order. Whenever a licensee fails or refuses to comply with any order herein specified, the commissioner shall proceed as provided in section seven, article nine of this chapter.

(f) Any applicant whose request for a license certificate is refused, and any licensee whose license certificate is suspended or revoked, may appeal such order
in accordance with the procedures set by the
commissioner.

83 (g) Revocation of a license certificate shall not 84 preclude application for a new license certificate, which 85 application shall be processed in the same manner. The 86 license certificate shall be issued or refused on the same 87 grounds as any other application for a license certificate. 88 except that any previous suspension and revocation may be considered in deciding whether to issue or refuse 89 90 such license certificate.

§17A-6B-10. Temporary registration plates or markers.

(a) In order to permit a vehicle which is to be titled 1 2 and registered to be operated on the streets and 3 highways pending receipt of the annual registration 4 plate from the division for such vehicle, the commis-5 sioner may, subject to the limitations and conditions 6 hereinafter set forth, deliver temporary vehicle registra-7 tion plates or markers to persons engaged in license service businesses who in turn may, subject to the 8 9 limitations and conditions hereinafter set forth, issue the 10 same to applicants for title and registration of vehicles, but such applicants must comply with the pertinent 11 12 provisions of this section.

13 (b) Application by a license service business to the 14 commissioner for such temporary registration plates or markers shall be made on the form prescribed and 15 furnished by the commissioner for such purpose and 16 17 shall be accompanied by a fee of three dollars for each such temporary registration plate or marker. No refund 18 or credit of fees paid by license services to the commis-19 sioner for temporary registration plates or markers 20

MOTOR VEHICLES

shall be allowed, except that in the event the commissioner discontinues the issuance of such temporary plates or markers, license services returning temporary registration plates or markers to the commissioner may petition for and be entitled to a refund or a credit thereof.

27 (c) Every license service who has made application for 28 and received temporary registration plates or markers shall maintain in permanent form a record of all 29 30 temporary registration plates or markers delivered to 31 the licensee, a record of all temporary registration 32 plates or markers issued, and a record of any other information pertaining to the receipt or the issuance of 33 temporary registration plates or markers which the 34 35 commissioner may require. Each such record shall be kept for a period of at least three years from the date 36 37 of the making thereof.

Every licensee who issues a temporary registration plate or marker shall, within five working days after the issuance of such plate or marker, send to the division a copy of the temporary registration plate or marker certificate properly executed by the license service and the purchaser.

No temporary registration plates or markers may be delivered to any license service until such license service has fully accounted to the commissioner for the temporary registration plates or markers last delivered to such license service, by showing the number issued to purchasers by such license service and any on hand.

50 (d) A license service shall not issue, assign, or deliver a temporary registration plate or marker to anyone 51 other than the bona fide applicant for title and regis-52 tration of the vehicle to be registered. Not more than 53 one temporary registration plate or marker shall be 54 55 issued to the same bona fide applicant for the same vehicle. A license service shall not issue a temporary 56 registration plate or marker to anyone possessed of an 57 annual registration plate for a vehicle which has been 58 sold or exchanged, except a license service may issue a 59 temporary registration plate or marker to the bona fide 60

MOTOR VEHICLES

61 applicant of a vehicle to be registered who possesses an 62 annual registration plate of a different class and makes 63 application to the division to exchange such annual 64 registration plate of a different class in accordance with 65 the provisions of section one, article four of this chapter. A license service shall not lend to anyone, or use on any 66 67 vehicle which he may own, a temporary registration 68 plate or marker.

It is unlawful for any license service to issue any
temporary registration plate or marker which contains
a misstatement of fact or false information.

72 No license service shall issue, assign or deliver a 73 temporary registration plate or marker to anyone unless and until the license service has physical possession of 74 75 the application and appropriate fees and taxes of the vehicle to be titled and registered. Such application, 76 77 fees, and taxes shall be postmarked to the issuing 78 agency or submitted to the division of motor vehicles 79 within forty-eight hours after issuance of the temporary 80 plate or marker.

81 (e) Every license service who issues temporary 82 registration plates or markers shall affix or insert 83 clearly and indelibly on the face of each temporary 84 registration plate or marker the date of issuance and 85 expiration thereof, and the make, model, and serial 86 number of the vehicle for which issued.

(f) If the commissioner finds that the provisions of this
section or his or her directions are not being complied
with by a license service, he or she may suspend the
right of such license service to issue temporary registration plates or markers.

(g) A temporary registration plate or marker shall
expire upon the receipt of the annual registration plate
from the division, or upon the rescission of the contract
to purchase the vehicle in question, or upon the
expiration of sixty days from the date of issuance,
depending upon which event occurs first.

98 (h) A license service may charge a fee not to exceed
99 five dollars for issuing a temporary registration plate or
100 marker.

§17A-6B-11. Inspections; violations and penalties.

1 (a) The commissioner and all law-enforcement offic-2 ers of the state, acting at the commissioner's request, are hereby authorized to inspect the place of business and 3 pertinent records, documents and papers of any person 4 required to be licensed under the provisions of this 5 6 article to the extent deemed reasonably necessary to 7 determine compliance with and violations of this article. 8 For the purpose of making any such inspection, the 9 commissioner and such law-enforcement officers are authorized, at reasonable times, to enter in and upon any 10 11 such place of business.

(b) Any person who shall violate any provision of this
article or any final order of the commissioner or board
hereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and the
provisions of article eleven of this chapter governing
violations of this chapter generally shall be fully
applicable thereto.

§17A-6B-12. Injunctive relief.

(a) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any 1 2 person or licensee has violated any provision of this article or any final order of the commissioner, the 3 commissioner may petition, in the name of the state, the 4 circuit court of the county in which the violation or 5 6 violations occurred, for an injunction against such person or licensee. A violation or violations resulting in 7 8 prosecution or conviction under the provisions of article eleven of this chapter shall not prohibit injunctive relief. 9

10 The circuit court may, by mandatory or prohibitory 11 injunction, compel compliance with the provisions of this 12 article and all final orders of the commissioner. The 13 court may also issue temporary injunctions.

14 (b) The judgment by the circuit court shall be final 15 unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the 16 supreme court of appeals. Any such appeal shall be 17 sought in the manner and within the time provided by 18 law for appeals from circuit courts in other civil cases.

§17A-6B-13. Promulgation of rules.

- 1 The commissioner shall promulgate rules in accor-
- 2 dance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code in order
- 3 to effect the provisions of this article.





[Passed February 28, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, relating to motor vehicle administration; providing a definition of automobile broker; making it unlawful to be an automobile broker; and providing criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. LICENSING OF DEALERS AND WRECKERS OR DISMANTLERS; SPECIAL PLATES; TEMPORARY PLATES OR MARKERS, ETC..

§17A-6-1a. Unlawful to be an automobile broker; definition; criminal penalties.

1 No person, except as provided below, shall arrange or offer to arrange for a fee, commission, or other valuable 2 consideration, a transaction involving the sale of more 3 than two new or used motor vehicles per calendar year. 4 Such person shall be deemed an automobile broker: 5 Provided. That a licensed new or used motor vehicle 6 dealer in the state of West Virginia or an agent or 7 employee of such dealer; an authorized distributor or an 8 agent or employee of such distributor; an authorized 9 automobile auction held by a licensed auctioneer; any 10 person who sells a motor vehicle pursuant to a pledge 11

MOTOR VEHICLES

of security and lien as established in article four-a of this
chapter; and an individual or corporation, including
banks and financial institutions, who is the owner of the
new or used motor vehicle titled in the state of West
Virginia which is the object of a sale are not automobile
brokers.

18 Any person violating the provisions of this section is 19 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 20 shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or 21 imprisoned in the county jail not more than sixty days, 22 or both fined and imprisoned.

CHAPTER 131

(H. B. 4542—By Delegates Anderson and Peddicord)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six-a, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a, relating to compensation to motor vehicle dealers for service rendered on warranty and factory recall work; compensation from manufacturers to dealers for warranty and recall work must be the same as the amount charged by the dealer for nonwarranty and nonrecall work, and cannot be based on a flat rate figure; time limit for compensation by manufacturer; dealer's limited responsibility for product liability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six-a, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6A. MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS, DISTRIBUTORS, WHOLESALERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

§17A-6A-8a. Compensation to dealers for service rendered.

1 Every motor vehicle manufacturer, distributor or

1114

2 wholesaler, factory branch or distributor branch, or 3 officer, agent or representative thereof, shall specify in writing to each of its motor vehicle dealers, the dealer's 4 obligation for delivery, preparation, warranty, and 5 6 factory recall services on its products, shall compensate 7 the motor vehicle dealer for warranty and factory recall 8 service required of the dealer by the manufacturer, 9 distributor or wholesaler, factory branch or distributor 10 branch, or officer, agent or representative thereof, and 11 shall provide the dealer the schedule of compensation to be paid such dealer for parts, work, and service in 12 13 connection with warranty and recall services, and the time allowance for the performance of such work and 14 15 service.

16 In no event shall such schedule of compensation fail 17 to compensate such dealers for the work and services 18 they are required to perform in connection with the 19 dealer's delivery and preparation obligations, or fail to 20 adequately and fairly compensate such dealers for labor, parts and other expenses incurred by such dealer to 21 perform under and comply with manufacturer's war-22 23 ranty agreements and factory recalls. In no event shall 24 any manufacturer, distributor or wholesaler, or repre-25sentative thereof, pay its dealers an amount of money for warranty or recall work that is less than that 26charged by the dealer to the retail customers of the 27 dealer for nonwarranty and nonrecall work of the like 28 29 kind: and, in no event shall any manufacturer, distributor or wholesaler, or representative thereof, compen-30 sate for warranty and recall work based on a flat rate 31 figure that is less than what the dealer charges for retail 32 33 work.

All claims made by motor vehicle dealers pursuant to 34 this section for compensation for delivery, preparation, 35 warranty and recall work including labor, parts and 36 other expenses, shall be paid by the manufacturer 37 within thirty days after approval and shall be approved 38 or disapproved by the manufacturer within thirty days 39 after receipt. When any claim is disapproved, the dealer 40 shall be notified in writing of the grounds for disappro-41 val. No claim which has been approved and paid may 42

be charged back to the dealer unless it can be shown
that the claim was false or fraudulent, that the repairs
were not properly made or were unnecessary to correct
the defective condition, or the dealer failed to reasonably
substantiate the claim in accordance with the written
requirements of the manufacturer or distributor in
effect at the time the claim arose.

50 Notwithstanding the terms of a franchise agreement 51 or provision of law in conflict with this section, the 52 dealer's delivery, preparation, warranty and recall 53 obligations shall constitute the dealer's sole responsibility for product liability as between the dealer and 54 55 manufacturer, and, except for a loss caused by the 56 dealer's failure to adhere to these obligations, a loss caused by the dealer's negligence or intentional miscon-57 58 duct, or a loss caused by the dealer's modification of a product without manufacturer authorization, the manu-59 60 facturer shall reimburse the dealer for all loss incurred 61 by the dealer, including legal fees, court costs, and 62 damages, as a result of the dealer having been named 63 a party in a product liability action.



CHAPTER 132 (Com, Sub. for H. B. 2159-By Delegate Given)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article eight, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to special antitheft laws; defining the felony offense of theft of a rented or leased vehicle and establishing the penalty therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article eight, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. SPECIAL ANTITHEFT LAWS.

§17A-8-9. Theft of a rental vehicle; penalty.

1 (a) A person is guilty of theft of a rental vehicle when:

2 (1) Such person, under the terms of a written rental 3 or lease agreement, obtains a motor vehicle and, in so 4 doing, makes a false or fraudulent representation or 5 utilizes a false pretense or personation, trick, artifice or 6 device; and

7 (2) Such person thereafter possesses such motor
8 vehicle with the intent to permanently deprive the
9 owner of such motor vehicle of his property.

10 (b) Any person who violates the provisions of this 11 section is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, 12 shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one 13 nor more than two years, or, in the discretion of the 14 court, be confined in the county jail not more than one 15 year and shall be fined not more than five hundred 16 dollars.

(c) For purposes of this section, the making of a false
or fraudulent representation or the utilization of a false
pretense or personation, trick, artifice or device shall
include, but not be limited to, a false representation as
to name, residence, employment, or operator's license.

CHAPTER 133

(H. B. 4843—By Delegates Pitrolo and Ferrell)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article eight, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen, relating to special antitheft laws; defining the felony offense of theft of a motor vehicle offered for sale which had been obtained for temporary use for demonstration purposes; and establishing the penalty therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article eight, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West

Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. SPECIAL ANTITHEFT LAWS.

§17A-8-13. Theft of a motor vehicle offered for sale which had been obtained for temporary use for demonstration purposes; penalty.

1 (a) A person is guilty of theft of a motor vehicle when:

2 (1) Such person, under the terms of an oral agree-3 ment, obtains, for demonstration purposes, the tempor-4 ary use of a motor vehicle offered for sale and, in so 5 doing, makes a false or fraudulent representation or 6 utilizes a false pretense or personation, trick, artifice or 7 device; and

8 (2) Such person thereafter possesses such motor 9 vehicle with the intent to permanently deprive the 10 owner of such motor vehicle of his property.

11 (b) Any person who violates the provisions of this 12 section is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, 13 shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one 14 nor more than ten years, or, in the discretion of the 15 court, be confined in the county jail not more than one 16 year and shall be fined not more than five hundred 17 dollars.

(c) For purposes of this section, the making of a false
or fraudulent representation or the utilization of a false
pretense or personation, trick, artifice or device shall
include, but not be limited to, a false representation as
to name, residence, employment, or operator's license.

CHAPTER 134 (S. B. 550—By Senators Craigo, Dittmar and Blatnik)

[Passed March 9, 1990: in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article ten, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-b; to amend and reenact section one, article one, and sections one, five, eight and twelve, article two. chapter seventeen-b of said code: to further amend said chapter seventeen-b by adding thereto a new article. designated article one-d; and to further amend article two of said chapter seventeen-b by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections seven-b, seven-c and fifteen, all relating to motorcycle safety; establishing a motorcycle safety fee; providing a definition of motorcycle: providing a definition of driver and driver license: providing for motorcycle education; establishing motorcycle education program; providing for rider training; setting forth instructor training and education; setting forth program implementation: providing for exemption from motorcycle examination: establishing motorcycle safety fund: providing division of motor vehicles with authority for regulations; establishing effective date; establishing motorcycle driver license; establishing qualifications and fee for issuance of driving instruction permits to fifteen year olds; establishing motorcycle instruction permit; providing for separate examination for motorcycle license: establishing motorcycle license examination fund; providing for motorcycle license and endorsement fee; providing division of motor vehicles and department of public safety with authority to promulgate rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-b; that section one, article one, and sections one, five, eight and twelve, article two, chapter seventeen-b of said code be amended and reenacted; that chapter seventeen-b be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-d; and that article two of said chapter seventeenb be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections seven-b, seven-c and fifteen, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 17A. Motor Vehicle Administration, Registration, Certificate of Title, and Antitheft Provisions.
- 17B. Motor Vehicle Driver Licenses.

CHAPTER 17A. MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION, REGISTRATION, CERTIFICATE OF TITLE, AND ANTITHEFT PROVISIONS.

ARTICLE 10. FEES FOR REGISTRATION, LICENSING, ETC.

§17A-10-3b. Motorcycle safety fee.

1 Upon the annual registration of any motorcycle, the 2 division shall collect a four dollar motorcycle safety fee in addition to the registration fee specified in section 3 three of this article. The division shall deposit one half 4 of the motorcycle safety fee into the state treasury and 5 credit the moneys to the motorcycle safety fund. The 6 division shall deposit the remaining one half of the 7 motorcycle safety fee into the state treasury and credit 8 the moneys collected to the motorcycle license examina-9 tion fund established in section seven-c, article two. 10 chapter seventeen-b of this code. 11

CHAPTER 17B. MOTOR VEHICLE DRIVER LICENSES.

Article

1. Words and Phrases Defined.

1D. Motorcycle Safety Education.

2. Issuance of License, Expiration and Renewal.

ARTICLE 1. WORDS AND PHRASES DEFINED.

§17B-1-1. Definitions.

1 The following words and phrases when used in this 2 chapter shall, for the purpose of this chapter, have the 3 meanings respectively ascribed to them in this article:

4 (a) Vehicle.—Every device in, upon, or by which any 5 person or property is or may be transported or drawn 6 upon a public highway, excepting devices moved by 7 human power or used exclusively upon stationary rails 8 or tracks;

9 (b) Motor vehicle.—Every vehicle which is self-10 propelled and every vehicle which is propelled by 11 electric power obtained from overhead trolley wires, but 12 not operated upon rails;

13 (c) Motorcycle.—Every motor vehicle having a seat or

14 saddle for the use of the rider and designed to travel 15 on not more than three wheels in contact with the ground, but excluding a farm tractor as defined herein. 16 17 a moped as defined in section five-a, article one, chapter seventeen-c. a snowmobile as defined in section one-mm. 18 19 article one, chapter seventeen-a and an all-terrain vehicle as defined in section one-ii, article one, chapter 20 21 seventeen-a:

(d) Farm tractor.—Every motor vehicle designed and
used primarily as a farm implement for drawing plows,
mowing machines, and other implements of husbandry;

(e) School bus.—Every motor vehicle owned by a
public governmental agency and operated for the
transportation of children to or from school or privately
owned and operated for compensation for the transportation of children to or from school;

30 (f) Person.—Every natural person, firm, copartner31 ship, association or corporation;

(g) Operator.—Every person, other than a chauffeur,
who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor
vehicle upon a highway or who is exercising control over
or steering a vehicle being towed by a motor vehicle;

(h) Chauffeur.—Every person who is employed by
another for the principal purpose of driving a motor
vehicle and every person who drives a school bus
transporting school children or any motor vehicle when
in use for the transportation of persons or property for
compensation;

42 (i) *Driver.*—Means any person who drives, operates or 43 is in physical control of a motor vehicle, in any place 44 open to the general public for purposes of vehicular 45 traffic, or who is required to hold a driver license;

46 (j) Driver License.—Means any permit or license 47 issued by this state to a person which authorizes the 48 person to drive a motor vehicle of a specific class or 49 classes subject to any restriction or endorsement 50 contained thereon;

51 (k) Owner.-A person who holds the legal title of a

MOTOR VEHICLES

52vehicle or in the event a vehicle is the subject of an 53 agreement for the conditional sale or lease thereof with 54 the right of purchase upon performance of the condi-55 tions stated in the agreement and with an immediate 56 right of possession vested in the conditional vendee or 57 lessee, or in the event a mortgagor of a vehicle is entitled 58 to possession, then such conditional vendee or lessee or 59 mortgagor shall be deemed the owner for the purpose 60 of this chapter:

61 (1) Nonresident.—Every person who is not a resident 62 of this state;

63 (m) Street or highway.—The entire width between the 64 boundary lines of every way publicly maintained when 65 any part thereof is open to the use of the public for 66 purposes of vehicular travel;

67 (n) Commissioner.—The commissioner of motor vehi-68 cles of this state;

69 (o) Department.—The department of motor vehicles of 70 this state acting directly or through its duly authorized 71 officers or agents;

(p) Suspension.—Suspension means that the driver's
license and privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the
public highways are temporarily withdrawn but only
during the period of such suspension;

76 (a) Revocation.—Revocation means that the driver's 77 license and privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways are terminated and shall not be 78 renewed or restored, except that an application for a 79 80 new license may be presented and acted upon by the 81 division after the expiration of at least one year after 82 the date of revocation, except as otherwise provided in 83 section two, article five-a, chapter seventeen-c of this 84 code:

(r) Cancellation.—Cancellation means that a driver's
license is annulled and terminated because of some error
or defect or because the licensee is no longer entitled to
such license, but the cancellation of a license is without
prejudice and application for a new license may be made
at any time after such cancellation.

ARTICLE 1D. MOTORCYCLE SAFETY EDUCATION.

- \$17B-1D-1. Legislative findings.
- §17B-1D-2. Program established.
- §17B-1D-3. Rider training.
- §17B-1D-4. Instructor training and qualification.
- §17B-1D-5. Program implementation.
- §17B-1D-6. Exemption from motorcycle license examination.
- \$17B-1D-7. Motorcycle safety account.
- \$17B-1D-8. Authority for regulations.
- \$17B-1D-9. Effective date.

§17B-1D-1. Legislative findings.

1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that:

(a) Motorcycles account for approximately three
percent of the state's registered motor vehicles but are
involved in over six percent of the state's motor vehicle
fatalities.

6 (b) In terms of fatalities per vehicle mile traveled, the 7 state's motorcyclists face about ten times the risk of 8 passenger car occupants.

9 (c) Lack of proper riding skills have been shown to be 10 largely responsible for the motorcycle fatality problem.

(d) It is therefore the purpose of this article to providefor a motorcycle safety education program in this state.

§17B-1D-2. Program established.

1 (a) The West Virginia motorcycle safety education 2 program is hereby established within the division to be 3 administered by the commissioner. The program shall include rider training courses and instructor training 4 courses. It may also include efforts to enhance public 5 motorcycle safety awareness, alcohol and drug effects 6 awareness for motorcyclists, driver improvement 7 8 efforts, licensing improvement efforts, program promotion and other efforts to enhance motorcycle safety 9 10 through education.

11 (b) The commissioner shall appoint a program coor-12 dinator who shall oversee and direct the program, and 13 conduct an annual evaluation.

§17B-1D-3. Rider training.

1 (a) The division shall establish standards for the rider 2 training course designed to develop and instill the 3 knowledge, attitudes, habits and skills necessary for safe 4 operation of a motorcycle.

5 (b) Rider training courses shall be open to all resi-6 dents of the state who are eligible for a motorcycle 7 learner's permit. An adequate number of rider training 8 courses shall be provided to meet the reasonably 9 anticipated needs of all persons in the state who are 10 eligible and who desire to participate in the program. 11 Program delivery may be phased in over a reasonable 12 period of time.

(c) The division shall issue certificates of completion
in the manner and form prescribed by the commissioner
to persons who satisfactorily complete the requirements
of the course.

§17B-1D-4. Instructor training and qualification.

1 (a) The division shall establish standards for an 2 approved motorcycle rider education instructor prepa-3 ration course. Successful completion of the course shall 4 require the participant to demonstrate knowledge of the 5 course material, knowledge of safe motorcycle operating 6 practices, and the necessary aptitude for instructing 7 students.

8 (b) The division shall establish minimum require-9 ments for the qualification of a rider education instruc-10 tor.

§17B-1D-5. Program implementation.

1 The division may enter into contracts with either 2 public or private organizations for technical assistance in conducting rider and instructor training courses, if 3 the courses are administered and taught according to 4 standards established by the division. An organization 5 conducting such courses may charge a reasonable 6 tuition fee. The division shall determine the maximum 7 tuition fee an organization may charge. 8

1124

§17B-1D-6. Exemption from motorcycle license examination.

1 The commissioner may exempt applicants for a 2 motorcycle driver's license or endorsement from all or 3 part of the special motorcycle license examination 4 required by section seven-b, article two of this chapter 5 if the applicant presents a certificate of completion of 6 the rider training course specified in sections two and 7 three, article one-d of this chapter.

§17B-1D-7. Motorcycle safety account.

1 (a) There is hereby created a special fund in the state treasury which shall be designated the "motorcycle 2 safety fund". The fund shall consist of all moneys 3 received from motorcycle driver licensing fees except 4 5 instruction permit fees, one half of the moneys received 6 from the motorcycle safety fee assessed with each 7 motorcycle registration under section three-b, article ten, chapter seventeen-a of this code and any other 8 moneys specifically allocated to the fund. The fund shall 9 10 not be treated by the auditor and treasurer as part of 11 the general revenue of the state. The fund shall be a special revolving fund to be used and paid out upon 12 order of the commissioner of motor vehicles solely for 13 the purposes specified in this chapter. 14

(b) The fund shall be used by the division of motor
vehicles to defray the cost of implementing and administering the motorcycle safety education program
established in section two, article one-d of this chapter.
Moneys in the special revolving fund may also be used
to defray the cost of implementing and administering
the motorcycle driver licensing program.

§17B-1D-8. Authority for regulations.

1 The division is authorized to adopt such rules and 2 regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions 3 of this article in accordance with the provisions of

4 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

§17B-1D-9. Effective date.

- 1 This article shall become effective on the first day of
- 2 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

ARTICLE 2. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE, EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL.

- §17B-2-1. Drivers must be licensed; chauffeur licensee need not procure driver license; licensees need not obtain local government license; motorcycle driver license.
- §17B-2-5. Qualifications, issuance and fee for instruction permits.
- §17B-2-7b. Separate examination and endorsement for a license valid for operation of motorcycle.
- §17B-2-7c. Motorcycle license examination fund.
- §17B-2-8. Issuance and contents of licenses; fees.
- §17B-2-12. Expiration of licenses; renewal; renewal fees.
- §17B-2-15. Authority for regulations.

§17B-2-1. Drivers must be licensed; chauffeur licensee need not procure driver license; licensees need not obtain local government license; motorcycle driver license.

(a) No person, except those hereinafter expressly
exempted, may drive any motor vehicle upon a street or
highway in this state or upon any subdivision street, as
used in article twenty-four, chapter eight of this code,
when the use of such subdivision street is generally used
by the public unless the person has a valid driver license
under the provisions of this code.

8 No person shall drive a motor vehicle as a chauffeur 9 unless he holds a valid chauffeur license. No person may 10 receive a chauffeur license until he surrenders to the 11 division any driver license issued to him or an affidavit 12 that he does not possess a driver license.

13 Any person holding a valid chauffeur license he-14 reunder need not procure a driver license.

15 Any person licensed to operate a motor vehicle as 16 provided in this code may exercise the privilege thereby 17 granted as provided in this code and, except as other-18 wise provided by law, shall not be required to obtain any 19 other license to exercise such privilege by any county, 20 municipality or local board or body having authority to 21 adopt local police regulations.

(b) No person, except those hereinafter expressly
exempted, shall drive any motorcycle upon a street or
highway in this state or upon any subdivision street, as
used in article twenty-four, chapter eight, when the use

26

of such subdivision street is generally used by the public

27 unless the person has a valid motorcycle license or a28 valid license which has been endorsed under section

29 seven-b, article two of this chapter for motorcycle

30 operation or has a valid motorcycle instruction permit.

§17B-2-5. Qualifications, issuance and fee for instruction permits.

1 Any person who is at least fifteen years of age may 2 apply to the division for an instruction permit. The 3 division may, in its discretion, after the applicant has appeared before the department of public safety and 4 5 successfully passed all parts of the examination other 6 than the driving test and presented documentation of compliance with the provisions of section eleven, article 7 8 eight, chapter eighteen of this code, issue to the applicant an instruction permit which shall entitle the 9 10 applicant while having such permit in his immediate possession to drive a motor vehicle upon the public 11 highways when accompanied by a licensed driver of at 12 13 least twenty-one years of age or a driver's education or 14 driving school instructor that is acting in an official 15 capacity as an instructor, who is occupying a seat beside 16 the driver, except in the event the permittee is operating 17 a motorcycle, but in no event shall the permittee be 18 allowed to operate a motorcycle upon a public highway 19 until reaching sixteen years of age. Any such instruction 20 permit issued to a person under the age of sixteen shall expire sixty days after the permittee reaches sixteen 21 years of age: Provided, That only permittees who have 22 reached their sixteenth birthday are eligible to take the 23 24 driving examination as provided in section six of this 25 article. The instruction permit may be renewed for an additional period of sixty days. Any such permit issued 26 27 to a person who has reached the age of sixteen shall be 28 valid for a period of sixty days and may be renewed for 29 an additional period of sixty days or a new permit 30 issued. The fee for such instruction permit shall be four 31 dollars, one dollar of which shall be paid into the state 32 treasury and credited to the state road fund, and the 33 other three dollars of which shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the general fund to be approp-34

riated to the department of public safety for applicationin the enforcement of the road law.

37 Any person sixteen years of age or older may apply 38 to the division for a motorcycle instruction permit. The 39 division of motor vehicles may, in its discretion, after the applicant has appeared before the department of public 40 41 safety and successfully passed all parts of the motorcycle 42 examination other than the driving test, and presented documentation of compliance with the provisions of 43 section eleven, article eight, chapter eighteen of this 44 code, issue to the applicant an instruction permit which 45 entitles the applicant while having such permit in his 46 47 immediate possession to drive a motorcycle upon the public streets or highways for a period of sixty days, 48 during the daylight hours between sunrise and sunset 49 50 only. No holder of a motorcycle instruction permit shall operate a motorcycle while carrying any passenger on 51 the vehicle. A motorcycle instruction permit is not 52 53 renewable, but a qualified applicant may apply for a new permit. The fee for a motorcycle instruction permit 54 55 shall be five dollars, which shall be paid into a special fund in the state treasury known as the motorcycle 56 license examination fund as established in section seven-57 c, article two, chapter seventeen-b of this code. 58

§17B-2-7b. Separate examination and endorsement for a license valid for operation of motorcycle.

1 The department of public safety shall administer a 2 separate motorcycle examination for applicants for a 3 license valid for operation of a motorcycle. Any applicant for a license valid for operation of a motorcycle 4 shall be required to successfully complete the motorcy-5 cle examination, which shall be in addition to the 6 examination administered pursuant to section seven, 7 article two, chapter seventeen-b of this code: Provided, 8 That the commissioner of motor vehicles may exempt an 9 applicant for a motorcycle driver license or endorsement 10 from all or part of the motorcycle license examination 11 as provided in section six, article one-d of this chapter. 12 The motorcycle examination shall test the applicant's 13 knowledge of the operation of a motorcycle and of any 14 traffic laws specifically relating thereto and shall 15

16 include an actual demonstration of the ability to exercise 17 ordinary and reasonable control in the operation of a 18 motorcycle. An applicant for a license valid for the 19 operation of only a motorcycle shall be tested as 20provided in this section and in section seven, article two. 21 chapter seventeen-b of this code, but need not demon-22 strate actual driving ability in any vehicle other than 23 a motorcycle. The examination provided in this section 24 shall not be made a condition upon the renewal of the 25license of any person under this section.

For an applicant who successfully completes the motorcycle examination, upon payment of the required fee, the department shall issue a motorcycle endorsement on the driver license of the applicant, or shall issue a special motorcycle-only license if the applicant does not possess a driver license.

32 Any person who already holds a valid driver license 33 on or before the first day of April, one thousand nine 34 hundred ninety-two, upon application and payment of 35 the required fee to the division of motor vehicles at any 36 time between the first day of April, one thousand nine 37 hundred ninety-two, and the thirtieth day of June, one 38 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, may be issued a 39 motorcycle endorsement without being required to take the examination specified in this section. On or after the 40 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, 41 every person, including those holding valid driver 42 license, shall be required to take the examination 43 specified in this section to obtain a motorcycle license 44 45 or endorsement.

§17B-2-7c. Motorcycle license examination fund.

There is hereby created a special revolving fund in the 1 2 state treasury which shall be designated as the "motor-3 cycle license examination fund". The fund shall consist of all moneys received from fees collected for motorcycle 4 instruction permits under this article and any other 5 6 moneys specifically allocated to the fund. The fund shall 7 not be treated by the auditor or treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state. The fund shall be a special 8 revolving fund to be used and paid out upon order of 9

10 the superintendent of public safety solely for the 11 purposes specified in this article.

12 The fund shall be used by the department of public 13 safety to defray the costs of implementing and admin-14 istering a special motorcycle license examination,

15 including a motorcycle driving test.

§17B-2-8. Issuance and contents of licenses; fees.

(1) The department shall, upon payment of the 1 2 required fee, issue to every applicant qualifying therefor 3 a driver license. or motorcycle-only license. Each license 4 shall contain a coded number assigned to the licensee. 5 the full name, date of birth, residence address, a brief 6 description and a color photograph of the licensee and 7 either a facsimile of the signature of the licensee or a 8 space upon which the signature of the licensee shall be 9 written with pen and ink immediately upon receipt of 10 the license. No license shall be valid until it has been 11 so signed by the licensee. A driver license which is valid 12 for operation of a motorcycle shall contain a motorcycle 13 endorsement. The department shall use such process or 14 processes in the issuance of licenses that will, insofar as 15 possible, prevent any alteration, counterfeiting, duplica-16 tion, reproduction, forging or modification of, or the 17 superimposition of a photograph on, such license.

(2) The fee for the issuance of a driver license shall 18 19 be ten dollars. The one-time only additional fee for 20 adding a motorcycle endorsement to a driver license 21 shall be five dollars. The fee for issuance of a motorcy-22 cle-only license shall be ten dollars. The fees for the 23 motorcycle endorsement or motorcycle-only license shall 24 be paid into a special fund in the state treasury known 25 as the motorcycle safety fund as established in section 26 seven, article one-d, chapter seventeen-b of this code.

(3) The division of motor vehicles shall mark any
license which is reissued following a suspension of a
person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state
with the type of violation for which the original license
was suspended and shall indicate the date of the
violation. For purposes of this section, any conviction
under the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of the

MOTOR VEHICLES

34 prior enactment of section two, article five, chapter seventeen-c of this code which offense was committed 35 36 within a period of five years immediately preceding the effective date of the present section two, article five, 37 38 chapter seventeen-c of this code, shall be treated as a 39 violation to which this section is applicable and revoca-40 tions based on such convictions shall be marked on 41 licenses which are hereafter issued.

§17B-2-12. Expiration of licenses; renewal; renewal fees.

1 (1) Every driver license shall expire four years from 2 the date of its issuance, except that the driver license 3 of any person in the armed forces shall be extended for 4 a period of six months from the date the person is 5 separated under honorable circumstances from active 6 duty in the armed forces.

7 (2) A person who allows his driver license to expire 8 may apply to the department for renewal thereof. 9 Application shall be made upon a form furnished by the department and shall be accompanied by payment of the 10 fee required by section eight of this article plus an 11 additional fee of one dollar and fifty cents. The 12 13 commissioner shall determine whether such person 14 qualifies for a renewed license and may, in his discretion, renew any expired license without examination of 15 the applicant. 16

(3) Each renewal of a driver license shall contain a 17 18 new color photograph of the licensee. By first class mail 19 to the address last known to the department, the 20 commissioner shall notify each person who holds a valid driver license of the expiration date of the license. The 21 22 notice shall be mailed at least thirty days prior to the expiration date of the license and shall include a 23 renewal application form. 24

§17B-2-15. Authority for regulations.

1 (a) The commissioner of the division of motor vehi-2 cles is authorized to adopt such rules and regula-3 tions as are necessary to carry out the license and 4 endorsement provisions of this chapter and the provi-

MOTOR VEHICLES

sions regarding motor vehicle registration in accordance
with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

7 (b) The superintendent of the department of public
8 safety is authorized to adopt such rules and regulations
9 as are necessary to carry out the provisions relating to
10 the issuance of an instruction permit and conducting the
11 license qualifying examinations provided for in this
12 chapter in accordance with the provisions of chapter

13 twenty-nine-a of this code.



CHAPTER 135

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4544-By Delegates Ashcraft and Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article twelve, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to overtaking and passing school buses; and criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article twelve, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. SPECIAL STOPS REQUIRED.

§17C-12-7. Overtaking and passing school bus; penalties; signs and warning lights upon buses; removal of warning lights, lettering, etc., upon sale of buses; highways with separate roadways.

1 (a) The driver of a vehicle upon meeting or overtaking 2 from either direction any school bus which has stopped 3 for the purpose of receiving or discharging any school 4 children shall stop the vehicle before reaching such 5 school bus when there is in operation on said school bus

6 flashing warning signal lights, as referred to in section 7 eight of this article, and said driver shall not proceed 8 until such school bus resumes motion, or is signaled by 9 the school bus driver to proceed or the visual signals are 10 no longer actuated. This section applies wherever the 11 school bus is receiving or discharging children, includ-12 ing, but not limited to, any street, highway, parking lot, private road or driveway: Provided, That the driver of 13 14 a vehicle upon a controlled access highway need not stop upon meeting or passing a school bus which is on a 1516 different roadway or adjacent to such highway and 17where pedestrians are not permitted to cross the roadway. Any such driver acting in violation of this 18 subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 19 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty nor 20 more than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the 21 county jail not more than six months, or both fined and 22imprisoned. If the identity of the driver cannot be 2324 ascertained, then any such owner or lessee of the vehicle in violation of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor, 25and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than 26 twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars: Pro-27 vided, however. That such conviction shall not subject 28 29 such owner or lessee to further administrative or other penalties for said offense, notwithstanding other provi-30 sions of this code to the contrary. 31

(b) Every bus used for the transportation of school 32 children shall bear upon the front and rear thereof a 33 plainly visible sign containing the words "school bus" in 34 letters not less than eight inches in height. When a 35 contract school bus is being operated upon a highway 36 for purposes other than the actual transportation of 37 children either to or from school, all markings thereon 38 indicating "school bus" shall be covered or concealed. 39 Any school bus sold or transferred to another owner by 40 a county board of education, agency or individual shall 41 have all flashing warning lights disconnected and all 42 lettering removed or permanently obscured, except 43 when sold or transferred for the transportation of school 44 45 children.

CHAPTER 136 (S. B. 386—By Senators Pritt and Holliday)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section forty-eight, article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to altered suspension systems of motor vehicles; unlawful acts; and providing special inspection stickers for certain specially designed or modified motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-eight, article fifteen, chapter seventeenc of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. EQUIPMENT.

§17C-15-48. Alteration of suspension system.

(a) No person may operate upon a public highway any 1 2 motor vehicle registered or required to be registered in 3 this state if it has been modified by alteration of its 4 bumper mounting on the frame more than four inches 5 from the lower edge of the original manufactured 6 bumper configuration for that vehicle. The bumper 7 must be at least three inches in vertical width, centered 8 on the center line of the motor vehicle and not less than 9 the width of the wheel track distance. The maximum 10 distance between the vehicle body to the vehicle frame 11 may not exceed three inches. The distance from the 12 vehicle body to the vehicle frame shall be measured 13 from the vehicle body mount seat to the vehicle frame mount seat. No vehicle may be modified to cause the 14 vehicle body or chassis to come in contact with the 15 ground, expose the fuel tank to damage from collision, 16 17 or cause the wheels to come in contact with the body under normal operation. No part of the original 18 suspension system may be disconnected to defeat the 19 safe operation of the suspension system. Front end 20

;

21 suspension by the use of lift blocks is expressly prohibited. However, nothing contained in this section 22 23 prevents the installation of heavy duty equipment. 24 including shock absorbers and overload springs. No-25thing contained in this section prohibits the operation on 26 a public highway of a motor vehicle with normal wear 27 to the suspension system if such normal wear does not 28 adversely affect the control of the vehicle.

29 (b) No person may operate upon a public highway any 30 motor vehicle registered in this state if it has been 31 modified by alteration of its altitude from the ground 32 to the extent that its bumpers, measured to any point 33 on the lower edge of the main horizontal bumper bar. 34 exclusive of any bumper guards, do not fall within the 35 limits specified herein for its gross vehicle weight rating 36 category. The front and rear bumper height of trucks 37 whose gross vehicle weight rating is ten thousand 38 pounds or less may be no less than six inches and no more than thirty-one inches. The provisions of this 39 subsection do not apply to trucks with a gross vehicle 40 41 weight rating in excess of ten thousand pounds. For the purpose of this section, the term "gross vehicle weight 42 43 ratings" means manufacturer's gross vehicle weight 44 ratings established for that vehicle.

(c) In the absence of bumpers, and in cases where
bumper heights have been lowered or modified more
than four inches, height measurements under subsection
(a) or (b) shall be made to the bottom of the frame rail.

(d) This section does not apply to specially designed
or modified motor vehicles when operated off the public
highways in races and similar events. Such motor
vehicles may be lawfully towed on the highways of this
state.

(e) No person may operate upon a public highway any
motor vehicle registered or required to be registered in
this state if it has been modified by alteration as set out
in the provisions of this section unless the tires on the
altered motor vehicle meet specifications approved by
the United States department of transportation. In

MOTOR VEHICLES

addition, neither the motor vehicle nor the chassis may
come in contact with the tires under normal operation.

62 (f) Modified vehicles must have a special inspection 63 sticker which must be inspected by the thirty-first day of July. one thousand nine hundred ninety. The fee for 64 65 the modified vehicle stickers will be twenty-five dollars. with the department of public safety establishing rules 66 concerning such inspection. Each municipal, county and 67 68 state law-enforcement agency must record on accident 69 report forms whether a modified vehicle was involved 70 in the accident.

CHAPTER 137

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 339-By Senator Whitlow)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections one, nine, ten, eleven, thirteen and twenty, article four, chapter seventeen-d of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections five and seven, article two-a of said chapter, relating to the suspension of the driver license; decreasing the number of days of suspension for failure to have insurance; providing the commissioner authority to withdraw suspension of driver license; and eliminating the requirement that certain persons get high risk insurance before reinstatement of their driver license.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, nine, ten, eleven, thirteen and twenty, article four, chapter seventeen-d of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that sections five and seven, article two-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2A. SECURITY UPON MOTOR VEHICLES.

- §17D-2A-5. Cancellation of insurance policy; suspension of registration; minimum policy term.
- §17D-2A-7. Suspension or revocation of license, registration; reinstatement.

§17D-2A-5. Cancellation of insurance policy; suspension of registration; minimum policy term.

1 (a) An insurance company shall provide the division 2 of motor vehicles with a cancellation notice within ten 3 days of the effective date of cancellation whenever the 4 company issues or causes to be issued a cancellation under the provisions of subsections (b) through (e). 5 section one. article six-a, chapter thirty-three of this 6 code. The division shall then suspend the driver license 7 8 of the owner of such vehicle for a period of thirty days 9 and shall suspend the motor vehicle registration until 10 proof of insurance is presented to the division.

11 (b) On or before the fifteenth day of January, one 12 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the commissioner of 13 motor vehicles shall report to the Legislature upon 14 proceedings pursuant to this section. The report shall include the total number of statements selected for 15 16 verification as required by section three, article three, 17 chapter seventeen-a, the total number of notices received from insurers, the total number of notices of pending 18 suspensions issued and the total number of cases in 19 20 which cancellation was found to have resulted in a lapse of coverage upon a vehicle operated upon the highways 21 22 of this state during the prior year.

(c) No policy of motor vehicle liability insurance
issued or delivered for issuance in this state shall be
contracted for a period of less than ninety days: *Provided*, That the insurance commissioner may establish exceptions thereto by rules and regulations to
chapter twenty-nine-a.

§17D-2A-7. Suspension or revocation of license, registration; reinstatement.

(a) Any owner of a motor vehicle, subject to the 1 provisions of this article, who fails to have the required 2 security in effect at the time such vehicle is being 3 operated upon the roads or highways of this state, shall 4 have his or her driver license suspended by the 5 commissioner of the division of motor vehicles for a 6 period of thirty days and shall have his or her motor 7 vehicle registration revoked until such time as he or she 8

MOTOR VEHICLES

Ĺ

9 shall present to the division of motor vehicles the proof
10 of security required by this article: *Provided*, That if a
11 motor vehicle is registered in more than one name, the
12 driver license of only one of the owners shall be
13 suspended by the commissioner.

(b) Any person who knowingly operates a motor
vehicle upon the roads or highways of this state, which
does not have the security required by the provisions of
this article, shall have his or her driver license
suspended by the commissioner for a period of thirty
days.

(c) A person's driver license shall be suspended for a
period of thirty days, if the person is operating a motor
vehicle designated for off highway use upon the roads
and highways of this state without the required security
in effect, if the motor vehicle is not properly registered
and licensed, or if the required security was cancelled.

26 (d) The commissioner may withdraw a suspension of a driver license provided that the commissioner is 27 28 satisfied that there was not a violation of the provisions 29 of required security related to operation of a motor 30 vehicle upon the roads or highways of this state by such person. The commissioner may request additional 31 32 information as needed in order to make such 33 determination.

(e) No person shall have his or her driver license or 34 motor vehicle registration suspended or revoked under 35 36 any provisions of this section unless he or she shall first 37 be given written notice of such suspension or revocation sent by certified mail, at least twenty days prior to the 38 39 effective date of such suspension or revocation, and upon such person's written request, sent by certified mail, he 40 or she shall be afforded an opportunity for a hearing 41 thereupon as well as a stay of the commissioner's order 42 of suspension or revocation and an opportunity for 43 judicial review of such hearing. Upon affirmation of the 44 commissioner's order, the owner or operator, as the case 45 may be, shall surrender such revoked license and/or 46 registration or have the same impounded in the manner 47

Ch. 138]

48 set forth in the provisions of section seven, article nine,49 chapter seventeen-a of the code.

(f) Such suspended driver license shall be reinstated
following the period of suspension upon compliance with
the conditions set forth in this article and such revoked
motor vehicle registration shall be reissued only upon
lawful compliance with the provisions of this article.

(g) If the commissioner has previously suspended the
person's driver license under the provisions of this
section or section five of this article, the period of
suspension shall be for a period of ninety days.

CHAPTER 138 (S. B. 136—By Senators Jackson and Chafin)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-one, article three, chapter fifty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to writs, process and orders of publication; authorizing the service of process upon nonresident motorists involved in accidents or collisions while in the state of West Virginia; appointing the secretary of state as agent or attorney-in-fact for purposes of service of process upon such nonresident motorists: appointing such nonresident defendant's insurance company as agent or attorney-in-fact for purposes of service of process upon failure of secretary of state to effect service; actions by or against nonresident's estate; bond requirements; notice of service, summons and complaint to be sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, by secretary of state to nonresident defendant; fees for service; requirements for service upon nonresident defendant's insurance company upon affidavit of defendant's nonresidency and failure to obtain service by secretary of state; and definitions of terms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ž

That section thirty-one, article three, chapter fifty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. WRITS, PROCESS AND ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

§56-3-31. Actions by or against nonresident operators of motor vehicles involved in highway accidents; appointment of secretary of state, insurance company, as agents; service of process.

1 (a) Every nonresident, for the privilege of operating a motor vehicle on a public street, road or highway of 2 this state, either personally or through an agent, 3 appoints the secretary of state, or his or her successor 4 in office, to be his or her agent or attorney-in-fact upon 5 whom may be served all lawful process in any action or 6 proceeding against him or her in any court of record in 7 this state arising out of any accident or collision 8 occurring in the state of West Virginia in which such 9 nonresident may be involved: Provided, That in the 10 11 event process against a nonresident defendant cannot be effected through the secretary of state, as provided by 12 this section, for the purpose only of service of process, 13 such nonresident motorist shall be deemed to have 14 15 appointed as his or her agent or attorney-in-fact any 16 insurance company which has a contract of automobile or liability insurance with said nonresident defendant. 17

18 (b) For purposes of service of process as provided in 19 this section, every insurance company shall be deemed the agent or attorney-in-fact of every nonresident 20 motorist insured by such company if the insured 21 nonresident motorist is involved in any accident or 22 23 collision in this state and service of process cannot be effected upon said nonresident through the office of the 24 secretary of state. Upon receipt of process as hereinafter 25 provided, the insurance company may, within thirty 26 27 days, file an answer or other pleading or take any action allowed by law on behalf of the defendant. 28

(c) A nonresident operating a motor vehicle in this
state, either personally or through an agent, is deemed
to acknowledge the appointment of the secretary of

32 state, or, as the case may be, his or her automobile 33 insurance company, as his or her agent or attorney-in-34 fact, or the agent or attorney-in-fact of his or her 35 administrator, administratrix, executor or executrix in 36 the event the nonresident dies, and furthermore is 37 deemed to agree that any process against him or her or 38 against his or her administrator, administratrix. 39 executor or executrix, which is served in the manner 40 hereinafter provided, shall be of the same legal force 41 and validity as though said nonresident or his or her administrator, administratrix, executor or executrix 42 43 were personally served with a summons and complaint 44 within this state.

Any action or proceeding may be instituted, continued or maintained on behalf of or against the administrator, administratrix, executor or executrix of any nonresident who dies during or subsequent to an accident or collision resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle in this state by the nonresident or his or her duly authorized agent.

52(d) At the time of filing a complaint against a 53 nonresident motorist who has been involved in an 54 accident or collision in the state of West Virginia and before a summons is issued thereon, the plaintiff, or 55 someone for him or her, shall execute a bond in the sum 56 of one hundred dollars before the clerk of the court in 57 58 which the action is filed, with surety to be approved by said clerk, conditioned that on failure of the plaintiff to 59 prevail in the action he or she will reimburse the 60 defendant, or cause the defendant to be reimbursed. the 61 necessary expense incurred in the defense of the action 62 in this state. Upon the issue of a summons the clerk will 63 certify thereon that the bond has been given and 64 65 approved.

66 (e) Service of process upon a nonresident defendant 67 shall be made by leaving the original and two copies of 68 both the summons and complaint, together with the 69 bond certificate of the clerk, and a fee of five dollars 70 with the secretary of state, or in his or her office, and 71 said service shall be sufficient upon the nonresident 72 defendant or, if a natural person, his or her administra-

MOTOR VEHICLES

73 tor, administratrix, executor or executrix: Provided. 74 That notice of service and a copy of the summons and 75 complaint shall be sent by registered or certified mail, 76 return receipt requested, by the secretary of state to the 77 nonresident defendant. The return receipt signed by the 78 defendant or his or her duly authorized agent shall be 79 attached to the original summons and complaint and 80 filed in the office of the clerk of the court from which 81 process is issued. In the event the registered or certified 82 mail sent by the secretary of state is refused or 83 unclaimed by the addressee or if the addressee has moved without any forwarding address, the registered 84 85 or certified mail returned to the secretary of state, or to his or her office, showing thereon the stamp of the 86 87 post office department that delivery has been refused or not claimed or that the addressee has moved without any 88 forwarding address, shall be appended to the original 89 90 summons and complaint and filed in the clerk's office of the court from which process issued. The court may 91 order such continuances as may be reasonable to afford 92 93 the defendant opportunity to defend the action.

94 (f) The fee of five dollars, remitted to the secretary of 95 state at the time of service, shall be taxed in the costs 96 of the proceeding and the secretary of state shall pay 97 into the state treasury all funds so coming into his or 98 her hands from such service. The secretary of state shall 99 keep a record in his or her office of all service of process 100 and the day and hour of service thereof.

101 (g) In the event service of process upon a nonresident 102 defendant cannot be effected through the secretary of state as provided by this section, service may be made 103 104 upon the defendant's insurance company. The plaintiff 105 must file with the clerk of the circuit court an affidavit 106 alleging that the defendant is not a resident of this state; 107 that process directed to the secretary of state was sent 108 by registered or certified mail. return receipt requested: 109 that the registered or certified mail was returned to the 110 office of the secretary of state showing the stamp of the 111 post office department that delivery was refused or that 112 the notice was unclaimed or that the defendant addressee moved without any forwarding address; and that the 113

secretary of state has complied with the provisions of
subsection (e) herein. Upon receipt of process the
insurance company may, within thirty days, file an
answer or other pleading and take any action allowed
by law in the name of the defendant.

(h) The following words and phrases, when used in
this article, shall, for the purpose of this article and
unless a different intent on the part of the Legislature
is apparent from the context, have the following
meanings:

124 (1) "Duly authorized agent" means and includes, 125among others, a person who operates a motor vehicle in 126 this state for a nonresident as defined in this section and 127 chapter, in pursuit of business, pleasure or otherwise, or 128 who comes into this state and operates a motor vehicle 129 for, or with the knowledge or acquiescence of, a 130 nonresident; and includes, among others, a member of 131 the family of such nonresident or a person who, at the 132residence, place of business or post office of such 133 nonresident, usually receives and acknowledges receipt 134 for mail addressed to the nonresident.

(2) "Motor vehicle" means and includes any selfpropelled vehicle, including motorcycle, tractor and
trailer, not operated exclusively upon stationary tracks.

138 (3) "Nonresident" means any person who is not a resident of this state or a resident who has moved from 139 the state subsequent to an accident or collision, and 140 among others includes a nonresident firm, partnership, 141 corporation or voluntary association, or a firm, partner-142 ship, corporation or voluntary association that has 143 144 moved from the state subsequent to an accident or 145 collision.

(4) "Nonresident plaintiff or plaintiffs" means a
nonresident who institutes an action in a court in this
state having jurisdiction against a nonresident in
pursuance of the provisions of this article.

(5) "Nonresident defendant or defendants" means a
nonresident motorist who, either personally or through
his or her agent, operated a motor vehicle on a public

street, highway or road in this state and was involved
in an accident or collision which has given rise to a civil
action filed in any court in this state.

(6) "Street", "road" or "highway" means the entire
width between property lines of every way or place of
whatever nature when any part thereof is open to the
use of the public, as a matter of right, for purposes of
vehicular traffic.

161 (7) "Insurance company" means any firm, corpora162 tion, partnership or other organization which issues
163 automobile insurance.

(i) The provision for service of process herein is
cumulative and nothing herein contained shall be
construed as a bar to the plaintiff in any action from
having process in such action served in any other mode
and manner provided by law.

CHAPTER 139

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 11-By Senator Jackson)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section twenty, article twelve, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to notice of suit against municipalities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- ARTICLE 12. GENERAL AND SPECIFIC POWERS, DUTIES AND ALLIED RELATIONS OF MUNICIPALITIES, GOVERNING BODIES AND MUNICIPAL OFFIC-ERS AND EMPLOYEES; SUITS AGAINST MUNICIPALITIES.
- §1. Repeal of article relating to notice of suit against municipalities.
 - 1 Section twenty, article twelve, chapter eight of the 2 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred
 - 3 thirty-one, as amended, is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 140

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4061—By Delegate Farley)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-three, article eighteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section twelve-a, article nineteen of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section ten, article twenty of said chapter, all relating to liens for delinquent sewer, water or electric service rates and charges; failure of user to cure delinquency; providing that an owner of real property may not be liable for delinquent rates or charges of a tenant; suits to collect delinquent charges; deferral of filing fees and court costs; limitations on foreclosure.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-three, article eighteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section twelve-a, article nineteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section ten, article twenty of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 18. Assessments to Improve Streets, Sidewalks and Sewers; Sewer Connections and Board of Health; Enforcement of Duty to Pay for Service.
- 19. Municipal Waterworks and Electric Power Systems.
- 20. Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Systems.
- ARTICLE 18. ASSESSMENTS TO IMPROVE STREETS, SIDE-WALKS AND SEWERS: SEWER CONNECTIONS AND BOARD OF HEALTH; ENFORCEMENT OF DUTY TO PAY FOR SERVICE.
- §8-18-23. Authority to require discontinuance of water service by provider utility for nonpayment of sewer service rates and charges; lien for delinquent service rates and charges; failure to cure delinquency; civil actions; deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure.

1 (a) When any municipality owns, maintains, operates 2 or provides sewer facilities to its residents and custo-3 mers and does not own, maintain, operate or provide water facilities to them when the same is provided by 4 any other publicly or privately owned utility, municipal-5 6 ity or public service district, the municipality providing 7 sewer facilities may require the provider of water 8 facilities to discontinue water service to any of its users 9 who are delinquent in the payment of sewer service 10 rates and charges to the municipality. The provider of · 11 water facilities is empowered and authorized hereby to 12 discontinue water service upon demand of the munici-13 pality for this purpose; however, prior to discontinuance 14 of any water service, the municipality shall contract 15 with the provider of water facilities which contract shall 16 provide that the municipality shall reimburse the 17 provider of water facilities for all costs and expenses 18 incurred in both the termination of water service to the 19 delinquent user of sewer facilities and the subsequent 20 resumption of water service to such user. The contract 21 shall provide for reasonable methods and assurances so 22 that the provider of water facilities will be protected 23 and held harmless from claims and damages when 24 water service is discontinued in error or in violation of 25the rights of the user through the fault of the munic-26 ipality providing sewer facilities and making the 27 demand for discontinuance of water service to the user 28 of such sewer facilities. Any contract made for this 29 purpose shall have the approval of the public service 30 commission prior to its execution and performance. Any 31 disconnection of water service must comply with all 32 rules, regulations and orders of the public service 33 commission.

(b) Whenever any rates and charges for services or
facilities furnished remain unpaid for a period of thirty
days after the same become due and payable, the user
of the services and facilities provided shall be delinquent
and the user shall be held liable at law until such time
as all such rates and charges are fully paid.

40 (c) All rates and charges whenever delinquent, as 41 provided by ordinance of the municipality, shall, when 42 notice thereof is duly recorded in the office of the clerk 43 of the county commission wherein the subject real 44 property is situate, be liens of equal dignity, rank and 45 priority with the lien on such premises of state, county, 46 school and municipal taxes for the amount thereof upon 47 the real property served, and the municipality shall 48 have plenary power and authority from time to time to enforce such lien in a civil action to recover the money 49 50due for such services rendered plus court fees and costs 51and a reasonable attorney's fee: Provided, That an owner 52of real property may not be held liable for the delin-53 quent rates or charges for services or facilities of a tenant, nor shall any lien attach to real property for the 54 55 reason of delinquent rates or charges for services or 56 facilities of a tenant of such real property, unless the 57 owner has contracted directly with the municipality to purchase such services or facilities. 58

59 (d) Municipalities are hereby granted a deferral of filing fees or other fees and costs incidental to the 60 bringing and maintenance of an action in magistrate 61 court for the collection of the delinquent rates and 62 charges. If the municipality collects the delinquent 63 account, plus fees and costs, from its customer or other 64 responsible party, the municipality shall pay to the 65 magistrate court the filing fees or other fees and costs 66 67 which were previously deferred.

(e) No municipality may foreclose upon the premises 68 served by it for delinquent rates and charges for which 69 a lien is authorized by this section except through the 70 bringing and maintenance of a civil action for such 71 72 purpose brought in the circuit court of the county wherein the municipality lies. In every such action, the 73 court shall be required to make a finding based upon 74 the evidence and facts presented that the municipality 75 had exhausted all other remedies for the collection of 76 debts with respect to such delinquencies prior to the 77 bringing of such action. In no event shall foreclosure 78 procedures be instituted by any municipality or on its 79 behalf unless such delinquency has been in existence or 80 continued for a period of two years from the date of the 81

1

82 first such delinquency for which foreclosure is being83 instituted.

ARTICLE 19. MUNICIPAL WATERWORKS AND ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEMS.

*§8-19-12a. Lien for delinquent service rates and charges; failure to cure delinquency; civil actions; deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure.

1 (a) Whenever any rates and charges for water servi-2 ces or facilities furnished remain unpaid for a period of 3 thirty days after the same become due and payable, the 4 user of the services and facilities provided shall be 5 delinquent and the user shall be held liable at law until 6 such time as all such rates and charges are fully paid.

7 (b) All rates or charges for water service whenever 8 delinquent, as provided by ordinance of the municipality, shall be liens of equal dignity, rank and priority 9 with the lien on such premises of state, county, school 10 and municipal taxes for the amount thereof upon the 11 12 real property served, and the municipality shall have plenary power and authority from time to time to 13 enforce such lien in a civil action to recover the money 14 due for such services rendered plus court fees and costs 15 and a reasonable attorney's fee: Provided. That an owner 16 17 of real property may not be held liable for the delinquent rates or charges for services or facilities of a 18 tenant, nor shall any lien attach to real property for the 19 reason of delinquent rates or charges for services or 20 facilities of a tenant of such real property, unless the 21 22 owner has contracted directly with the municipality to purchase such services or facilities. 23

(c) Municipalities are hereby granted a deferral of filing fees or other fees and costs incidental to the bringing and maintenance of an action in magistrate court for the collection of the delinquent rates and charges. If the municipality collects the delinquent account, plus fees and costs, from its customer or other responsible party, the municipality shall pay to the

[•] Clerk's Notes: §8-19-12a was also amended by H. B. 4084 (Chapter 141), which passed prior to this act.

magistrate court the filing fees or other fees and costswhich were previously deferred.

33 (d) No municipality may foreclose upon the premises 34 served by it for delinquent rates or charges for which 35 a lien is authorized by this section except through the 36 bringing and maintenance of a civil action for such 37 purpose brought in the circuit court of the county 38 wherein the municipality lies. In every such action, the court shall be required to make a finding based upon 39 40 the evidence and facts presented that the municipality 41 had exhausted all other remedies for the collection of debts with respect to such delinquencies prior to the 42 43 bringing of such action. In no event shall foreclosure 44 procedures be instituted by any municipality or on its behalf unless such delinquency had been in existence or 45 continued for a period of two years from the date of the 46 47 first such delinquency for which foreclosure is being 48 sought.

ARTICLE 20. COMBINED WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEMS.

§8-20-10. Power and authority of municipality to enact ordinances and make rules and regulations and fix rates or charges; change in rates or charges; failure to cure delinquency; delinquent rates or charges as liens; civil action for recovery thereof; deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure.

(a) The governing body of any municipality availing 1 itself of the provisions of this article shall have plenary 2 power and authority to make, enact and enforce all 3 needful rules and regulations for the repair, mainte-4 nance and operation and management of the combined 5 waterworks and sewerage system of such municipality 6 and for the use thereof, and shall also have plenary 7 8 power and authority to make, enact and enforce all needful rules and regulations and ordinances for the 9 care and protection of any such system, which may be 10 conducive to the preservation of the public health, 11 comfort and convenience and to rendering the water 12 supply of such municipality pure and the sewerage 13

14 harmless insofar as it is reasonably possible so to do, and 15 any such municipality shall have plenary power and 16 authority to charge the users for the use and service of 17 such combined waterworks and sewerage system and to 18 establish rates or charges for such purpose. Separate 19 rates or charges may be fixed for the water and sewer 20 services respectively or combined rates or charges for 21 the combined water and sewer services. Such rates or charges, whether separate or combined, shall be 22 23 sufficient at all times to pay the cost of repair. 24 maintenance and operation of the combined waterworks and sewerage system, provide an adequate reserve fund 25 and adequate depreciation fund and pay the principal 26 27 of and interest upon all revenue bonds issued under this 28 article. Rates or charges shall be established, revised 29 and maintained by ordinance and become payable as the 30 governing body may determine by ordinance, and such 31 rates or charges shall be changed from time to time as 32 needful, consistent with the provisions of this article.

(b) Whenever any rates and charges for services or
facilities furnished remain unpaid for a period of thirty
days after the same become due and payable, the user
of the services and facilities provided shall be delinquent
and the user shall be held liable at law until such time
as all such rates and charges are fully paid.

39 (c) All rates or charges for water service and sewer service whenever delinquent, as provided by ordinance 40 of the municipality, shall be liens of equal dignity, rank 41 42 and priority with the lien on such premises of state, county, school and municipal taxes for the amount 43 thereof upon the real property served, and the munic-44 ipality shall have plenary power and authority from 45 time to time to enforce such lien in a civil action to 46 47 recover the money due for such services rendered plus 48 court fees and costs and a reasonable attorney's fee: Provided, That an owner of real property may not be 49 50 held liable for the delinquent rates or charges for 51 services or facilities of a tenant, nor shall any lien attach to real property for the reason of delinquent rates or 52 charges for services or facilities of a tenant of such real 53

54 property, unless the owner has contracted directly with 55 the municipality to purchase such services or facilities.

56 (d) Municipalities are hereby granted a deferral of 57 filing fees or other fees and costs incidental to the 58 bringing and maintenance of an action in magistrate 59 court for the collection of the delinquent rates and charges. If the municipality collects the delinquent 60 61 account, plus fees and costs, from its customer or other 62 responsible party, the municipality shall pay to the 63 magistrate court the filing fees or other fees and costs which were previously deferred. 64

65 (e) No municipality may foreclose upon the premises 66 served by it for delinquent rates, fees or charges for 67 which a lien is authorized by this section except through the bringing and maintenance of a civil action for such 68 purpose brought in the circuit court of the county 69 wherein the municipality lies. In every such action, the 70 court shall be required to make a finding based upon 71 72the evidence and facts presented that the municipality had exhausted all other remedies for the collection of 73 debts with respect to such delinquencies prior to the 74 bringing of such action. In no event shall foreclosure 75 procedures be instituted by any municipality or on its 76 77 behalf unless such delinquency had been in existence or continued for a period of two years from the date of the 78 first such delinquency for which foreclosure is being 79 sought. 80



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4084-By Delegates Farley and R. Burk)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article nineteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the acquisition, construction and operation of municipal and county waterworks and electric power systems; defining terms; extension of corporate and county limits; notice provi-

sions; right of eminent domain when acquiring, constructing, establishing or extending waterworks or electric power systems; providing for revenue bond financing for such projects; issuance of revenue bonds; providing for exemption from taxation of all such bonds and interest earned thereon; providing for exemption from taxation of municipally-owned waterworks systems and electric power systems; publication of abstract of ordinance or order; terms of bonds; bonds do not constitute indebtedness of municipality or county commission; lien of bondholders: covenants with bondholders: operating contract: rates or charges for water or electric power and disposition of surplus; service charges; authorizing municipality or county commission to determine amount of bonds; liens for delinguent service rates and charges; discontinuance of water or electric power service for nonpayment; bonds for additions, betterments and improvements; system of accounts: rights of bondholders; permitting acceptance of grants, loans, advances and agreements; alternative method for constructing or improving and for financing waterworks or electric power systems; alternative procedure for acquisition, construction or improvement of waterworks or electric power system; and liberal construction.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article nineteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 19. MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY WATERWORKS AND ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEMS.

- PART I. MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY WATERWORKS AND ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEMS AUTHORIZED; DEFINITION.
- §8-19-1. Acquisition and operation of municipal and county waterworks and electric power systems; construction of improvements to municipal and county electric power systems; extension beyond corporate limits; definitions.
- §8-19-3. Right of eminent domain; limitations.
- §8-19-4. Estimate of cost; ordinance or order for issuance of revenue bonds; interest on bonds; rates for services; exemption from taxation.
- \$8-19-5. Publication of abstract of ordinance or order and notice; hearing.

- §8-19-6. Amount, negotiability and execution of bonds.
- §8-19-7. Bonds payable solely from revenues; not to constitute municipal or county indebtedness.
- §8-19-8. Lien on bondholders; deeds of trust; security agreements; priority of liens.
- §8-19-9. Covenants with bondholders.
- §8-19-10. Operating contract.
- §8-19-11. Rates or charges for water and electric power must be sufficient to pay bonds, etc.; disposition of surplus.
- §8-19-12. Service charges; sinking fund; amount of bonds; additional bonds; surplus.
- §8-19-12a. Lien for delinquent service rates and charges; notice of delinquency; failure to cure delinquency; civil actions; deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure.
- §8-19-13. Discontinuance of water or electric power service for nonpayment of rates or charges.
- §8-19-14. Bonds for additions, betterments and improvements.
- §8-19-15. System of accounts; audit.
- §8-19-16. Protection and enforcement of rights of bondholders, etc.; receivership.
- §8-19-17. Grants, loans, advances and agreements.
- §8-19-18. Additional and alternative method for constructing or improving and for financing waterworks or electric power system; cumulative authority.
- §8-19-19. Alternative procedure for acquisition, construction or improvement of waterworks or electric power system.
- §8-19-20. Article to be liberally construed.
- §8-19-1. Acquisition and operation of municipal and county waterworks and electric power systems; construction of improvements to municipal and county electric power systems; extension beyond corporate limits; definitions.

(a) Subject to and in accordance with the provisions 1 2 of this article, any municipality or county commission may acquire, construct, establish, extend, equip, repair, 3 maintain and operate or lease to others for operation, a 4 5 waterworks system or an electric power system or 6 construct, maintain and operate additions, betterments and improvements to an existing waterworks system or 7 an existing electric power system, notwithstanding any 8 provision or limitation to the contrary in any other law 9 or charter: Provided, That such municipality or county 10 commission shall not serve or supply water facilities or 11 electric power facilities or services within the corporate 12 limits of any other municipality or county commission 13

without the consent of the governing body of such othermunicipality or county commission.

16 (b) Any municipality or county commission which 17 intends to file an application with the federal energy regulatory commission for a license to acquire, con-18 19 struct, establish, extend, maintain and operate, or lease 20 to others for operation, an electric power system, shall 21 give written notice by certified mail. return receipt 22 requested, and shall give public notice by Class I legal 23 advertisement in compliance with the provisions of 24 article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code and the 25publication area shall be the municipality or county in 26 which the system is to be located to the governing body 27 of the municipality or the county commission in which 28 such system is or shall be located or, if such system is 29 or shall be located outside of a municipality or county, 30 to the county commission of the county in which such 31system is or shall be located, at least sixty days prior 32 to the filing of such application: Provided, That the 33 provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any municipality or county commission which, on the date 34 of the passage of this act, has obtained a license from 35 36 the federal energy regulatory commission to acquire, 37 construct, establish, extend, maintain and operate, or 38 lease to others for operation, an electric power system. 39 If the municipality or county commission receiving such 40 notice does not respond to the notice within sixty days 41 of receipt of such notice, then such other municipality or the county commission shall be deemed to have 42 43 consented to the application for the proposed electric 44 power system. If such other municipality or the county 45 commission notifies the municipality or county commis-46 sion that it objects to the proposed electric power 47 system, such other municipality or the county commission shall hold a public hearing on the proposed system 48 49 within sixty days of receipt of such notice from the 50 municipality or county commission.

51 (c) As used in this article:

52 (1) "Waterworks system" means a waterworks system 53 in its entirety or any integral part thereof, including 54 mains, hydrants, meters, valves, standpipes, storage

tanks, pump tanks, pumping stations, intakes, wells,
impounding reservoirs, pumps, machinery, purification
plants, softening apparatus and all other facilities
necessary, appropriate, useful, convenient or incidental
in connection with or to a water supply system.

60 (2) "Electric power system" means a system or facility which produces electric power in its entirety or provides 61 for the distribution of electric power for local consump-62 tion and use or for distribution and resale or any 63 combination thereof, or any integral part thereof, 64 65 including, but not limited to, power lines and wires, 66 power poles, guy wires, insulators, transformers, generators, cables, power line towers, voltage regula-67 68 tors, meters, power substations, machinery and all other 69 facilities necessary, appropriate, useful or convenient or 70 incidental in connection with or to an electric power 71supply system.

PART III. RIGHT OF EMINENT DOMAIN.

§8-19-3. Right of eminent domain; limitations.

1 For the purpose of acquiring, constructing, establish-2 ing or extending any waterworks system or electric 3 power system, or for the purpose of constructing any additions, betterments or improvements to any water-4 works or electric power system, or for the purpose of 5 acquiring any property necessary, appropriate, useful, 6 convenient or incidental for or to any waterworks or 7 electric power system, under the provisions of this 8 article, the municipality or county commission shall 9 have the right of eminent domain as provided in chapter 10 fifty-four of this code: Provided, That such right of 11 12 eminent domain for the acquisition of a privately owned waterworks system, or electric power system, or any 13 part thereof, shall not be exercised without prior 14 15 approval of the public service commission, and in no event shall any municipality or county commission 16 17 construct, establish or extend beyond the corporate limits of said municipality or county line a municipal 18 or county waterworks or electric power system under 19 the provisions of this article to supply service in 20 competition with an existing privately or municipally or 21

22 county owned waterworks or electric power system in such municipality or county or within the proposed 23 extension of such system, unless a certificate of public 24 convenience and necessity therefor shall have been 25 issued by the public service commission: Provided. 26 however, That a municipality or county commission may 27 not exercise such right of eminent domain over a 28 29 privately owned electric power system or any part thereof for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, 30 establishing or extending an electric power system. 31

32 Subject to the provisions of this article and notwithstanding the provisions of section nineteen, article 33 twelve of this chapter to the contrary, a municipality or 34 county commission may acquire, construct, establish, 35 extend, equip, repair, maintain and operate, or lease to 36 others for operation, electric generators or electric 37 generating systems or electric transmission systems 38 more than one mile beyond the corporate limits of such 39 municipality or county line and said electric generation 40 41 systems shall not be under the jurisdiction of the public 42 service commission.

PART IV. REVENUE BOND FINANCING.

§8-19-4. Estimate of cost; ordinance or order for issuance of revenue bonds; interest on bonds; rates for services; exemption from taxation.

1 Whenever a municipality or county commission shall, under the provisions of this article, determine to 2 acquire, by purchase or otherwise, construct, establish, 3 extend or equip a waterworks system or an electric 4 power system, or to construct any additions, betterments 5 or improvements to any waterworks or electric power 6 system, it shall cause an estimate to be made of the cost 7 thereof, and may, by ordinance or order, provide for the 8 issuance of revenue bonds under the provisions of this 9 article, which ordinance or order shall set forth a brief 10 description of the contemplated undertaking, the 11 estimated cost thereof, the amount, rate or rates of 12 interest, the time and place of payment, and other 13 details in connection with the issuance of the bonds. 14 Such bonds shall be in such form and shall be negotiated 15

16 and sold in such manner and upon such terms as the 17 governing body of such municipality or county commis-18 sion may by ordinance or order specify. All such bonds 19 and the interest thereon shall be exempt from all 20 taxation by this state, or any county, municipality or county commission, political subdivision or agency 21 22 thereof. Notwithstanding any other provision of this 23 code to the contrary, the real and personal property 24 which a municipality or county has acquired and 25constructed according to the provisions of this article. 26 and any leasehold interest therein held by other persons. 27 shall be deemed public property and shall be exempt 28 from taxation by the state, or any county, municipality 29 or other levying body, so long as the same is owned by 30 such municipality or county. Such bonds shall bear 31 interest at a rate per annum set by the municipality or 32 county commission, payable at such times, and shall be 33 payable as to principal at such times, not exceeding fifty 34 years from their date, and at such place or places. 35 within or without the state, as shall be prescribed in the ordinance or order providing for their issuance. Unless 36 37 the governing body of the municipality or county 38 commission shall otherwise determine, such ordinance 39 or order shall also declare that a statutory mortgage lien 40 shall exist upon the property so to be acquired, 41 constructed, established, extended or equipped, fix 42 minimum rates or charges for water or electricity to be 43 collected prior to the payment of all of said bonds and shall pledge the revenues derived from the waterworks 44 45 or electric power system for the purpose of paying such bonds and interest thereon, which pledge shall definitely 46 47 fix and determine the amount of revenues which shall be necessary to be set apart and applied to the payment 48 49 of the principal of and interest upon the bonds and the 50 proportion of the balance of such revenues, which are 51 to be set aside as a proper and adequate depreciation 52account, and the remainder shall be set aside for the 53 reasonable and proper maintenance and operation 54 thereof. The rates or charges to be charged for the services from such waterworks or electric power system 55 56 shall be sufficient at all times to provide for the payment of interest upon all bonds and to create a sinking fund 57

58 to pay the principal thereof as and when the same 59 become due, and reasonable reserves therefor, and to **60** provide for the repair, maintenance and operation of the 61 waterworks or electric power system, and to provide an adequate depreciation fund, and to make any other 62 63 payments which shall be required or provided for in the ordinance or order authorizing the issuance of said 64 65 bonds.

§8-19-5. Publication of abstract of ordinance or order and notice; hearing.

1 After the ordinance or order for any project under this 2 article has been adopted, an abstract of the ordinance 3 or order, determined by the governing body to contain 4 sufficient information as to give notice of the contents 5 of such ordinance or order, together with the following 6 described notice, shall be published as a Class II legal 7 advertisement in compliance with the provisions of 8 article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the 9 10 municipality or county. The notice to be published with 11 said abstract of the ordinance or order shall state that 12 said ordinance or order has been adopted, that the 13 municipality or county commission contemplates the 14 issuance of the bonds described in the ordinance or 15 order, that any person interested may appear before the 16 governing body, upon a certain date, which shall be not 17 less than ten days subsequent to the date of the first 18 publication of such abstract and notice and which shall 19 not be prior to the date of the last publication by such 20 abstract and notice, and present protests, and that a 21 certified copy of the ordinance or order is on file with 22 the governing body for review by interested parties 23 during the office hours of the governing body. At such 24 hearing all protests and suggestions shall be heard and 25the governing body shall take such action as it considers proper in the premises: Provided, That if at such 26 27 hearing written protest is filed by thirty percent or more of the freeholders of the municipality or county, 28 then the governing body of said municipality or county 29 shall not take further action unless four fifths of the 30

Ch. 141]

 $\frac{31}{32}$

qualified members of said governing body assent thereto.

§8-19-6. Amount, negotiability and execution of bonds.

1 Bonds herein provided for shall be issued in such 2 amounts as may be necessary to provide sufficient funds 3 to pay all costs of acquisition, construction, establish-4 ment, extension or equipment, including engineering. 5 legal and other expenses, together with interest to a date 6 six months subsequent to the estimated date of comple-7 tion. Bonds issued under the provisions of this article are 8 hereby declared to be negotiable instruments, and the 9 same shall be executed by the proper legally constituted authorities of the municipality or county commission. 10 and be sealed with the corporate seal of the municipality 11 12 or certified by the county commission, and in case any 13 of the officers whose signatures appear on the bonds or 14 coupons shall cease to be such officers before delivery 15 of such bonds, such signatures shall nevertheless be 16 valid and sufficient for all purposes the same as if they had remained in office until such delivery. All signa-17 18 tures on the bonds or coupons and the corporate seal 19 may be mechanically reproduced if authorized in the ordinance or order authorizing the issuance of the 20 21 bonds.

§8-19-7. Bonds payable solely from revenues; not to constitute municipal or county indebtedness.

1 Bonds issued under the provisions of this article shall 2 be payable solely from the revenues derived from such 3 waterworks or electric power system, and such bonds shall not in any event constitute an indebtedness of such 4 municipality or county within the meaning of any 5 6 constitutional or statutory provision or limitation, and it 7 shall be plainly stated on the face of each bond that the 8 same has been issued under the provisions of this article. and that it does not constitute an indebtedness of such 9 municipality or county within constitutional or statutory 10 11 provision or limitation. Subject to the provisions of subsection (b), section twelve of this article, the 12 ordinance or order authorizing the issuance of the bonds 13 may contain such covenants and restrictions upon the 14 issuance of additional revenue bonds thereafter as may 15

- 16 be considered necessary or advisable for the assurance
- 17 of payment of the bonds thereby authorized and as may
- 18 thereafter be issued.

§8-19-8. Lien of bondholders; deeds of trust; security agreements; priority of liens.

1 Unless the governing body shall otherwise determine 2 in the ordinance or order authorizing the issuance of bonds under this article, there shall be and there is 3 4 hereby created and granted a statutory mortgage lien upon the waterworks or electric power system so 5 acquired, constructed, established, equipped, extended 6 7 or improved from the proceeds of bonds hereby authorized to be issued, which shall exist in favor of the 8 holder of said bonds and each of them, and to and in 9 10 favor of the holder of the coupons attached to said bonds, and such waterworks or electric power system shall 11 remain subject to such statutory mortgage lien until 12 payment in full of the principal of and interest upon said 13 14 bonds.

15 Any municipality or county commission in acquiring an existing waterworks system or in improving an 16 existing waterworks or electric power system may 17 provide that financing therefor may be made by issuing 18 revenue bonds and delivering the same at such prices 19 as may be agreed upon within the limitations prescribed 20 in section six of this article. Any revenue bonds so issued 21 22 to provide financing for such existing waterworks or electric power system or for any improvements to an 23 existing waterworks or electric power system may be 24 secured by a mortgage or deed of trust upon and 25security interest in the property so acquired or im-26 proved or any other interest of the municipality or 27 county commission in property related thereto as 28 determined by the municipality or county commission in 29 the ordinance or order authorizing the issuance of such 30 31 revenue bonds: and in such event the holders thereof shall have, in addition to any other remedies and rights 32 prescribed by this article, such remedies and rights as 33 may now or hereafter exist in law in the case of 34 mortgages or deeds of trust on real property and 35 security interests in personal property. Such mortgage 36

37 or deed of trust, upon its recordation, shall have priority 38 over all other liens or encumbrances, however created 39 or arising, on the property covered by such mortgage 40 or deed of trust, to the same extent and for the same 41 amount as if the municipality or county were obligated to pay the full amount secured by such mortgage or deed 42 43 of trust immediately upon the recordation of such 44 mortgage or deed of trust and remained so obligated 45 until the obligations secured are fully discharged.

§8-19-9. Covenants with bondholders.

1 Any ordinance or order authorizing the issuance of 2 bonds hereunder, or any trust indenture with any 3 banking institution or trust company within or without 4 the state for the security of said bonds, which any such 5 municipality or county commission is hereby empow-6 ered and authorized to enter into and execute, may 7 contain covenants with the holders of such bonds as to:

8 (a) The purpose or purposes to which the proceeds of 9 sale of such bonds or the revenues derived from said 10 waterworks or electric power system may be applied 11 and the securing, use and disposition thereof, including, 12 if deemed desirable, the appointment of a trustee or 13 depository for any of such funds;

14 (b) The pledging of all or any part of the revenues derived from the ownership, control or operation of such 15 waterworks or electric power system, including any part 16 thereof heretofore or hereafter acquired, constructed, 17 established, extended or equipped or derived from any 18 other sources, to the payment of the principal of or 19 20 interest thereon of bonds issued hereunder and for such 21 reserve or other funds as may be considered necessary 22 or desirable:

23 (c) The fixing, establishing and collecting of such 24 rates or charges for the use of the services and facilities of the waterworks or electric power system, including 25 26 the parts thereof heretofore or hereafter acquired, constructed, established, extended or equipped and the 27 revision of same from time to time. as will always 28 provide revenues at least sufficient to provide for all 29 expenses of repair, maintenance and operation of such 30

31 waterworks or electric power system, the payment of the 32 principal of and interest upon all bonds or other 33 obligations payable from the revenues of such water-34 works or electric power system, and all reserve and 35 other funds required by the terms of the ordinance or 36 order authorizing the issuance of such bonds;

37 (d) The transfer from the general funds of the 38 municipality or county commission to the account or 39 accounts of the waterworks or electric power system of an amount equal to the cost of furnishing the munici-40 pality or county commission or any of its departments, 41 boards or agencies or the county commission with the 42 43 services and facilities of such waterworks or electric 44 power system;

45 (e) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b), section 46 twelve of this article. limitations or restrictions upon the 47 issuance of additional bonds or other obligations payable 48 from the revenues of such waterworks or electric power 49 system, and the rank or priority, as to lien and source 50 and security for payment from the revenues of such 51 waterworks or electric power system, between bonds 52 pavable from such revenues:

53 (f) The manner and terms upon which all bonds and other obligations issued hereunder may be declared 54 55 immediately due and payable upon the happening of a 56 default in the payment of the principal of or interest thereon, or in the performance of any covenant or 57 agreement with bondholders, and the manner and terms 58 upon which such defaults may be declared cured and the 59 acceleration of the maturity of such bonds rescinded and 60 61 repealed:

62 (g) Budgets for the annual repair, maintenance and 63 operation of such waterworks or electric power system 64 and restrictions and limitations upon expenditures for 65 such purposes, and the manner of adoption, modifica-66 tion, repeal or amendment thereof, including the 67 approval of such budgets by consulting engineers 68 designated by holders of bonds issued hereunder;

69 (h) The amounts of insurance to be maintained upon 70 such waterworks or electric power system, or any part

116

71 thereof, and the use and disposition of the proceeds of 72 any insurance; and

(i) The keeping of books of account, relating to such
undertakings and the audit and inspection thereof, and
the furnishing to the holders of bonds issued hereunder
or their representatives, reports prepared, certified or
approved by accountants designated or approved by the
holders of bonds issued hereunder.

79 Any such ordinance, order or trust indenture may also 80 contain such other additional covenants as shall be 81 considered necessary or desirable for the security of the 82 holders of bonds issued hereunder, notwithstanding that 83 such other covenants are not expressly enumerated 84 above, it being the intention hereof to grant to munic-85 ipalities or county commissions plenary power and 86 authority to make any and all covenants or agreements 87 necessary in order to secure greater marketability for 88 bonds issued hereunder as fully and to the same extent 89 as such covenants or agreements could be made by a private corporation rendering similar services and 90 91 facilities and to grant to municipalities and counties full 92 and complete power and authority to enter into any contracts, covenants or agreements with holders of 93 94 bonds issued hereunder not inconsistent with the 95 constitution of this state.

§8-19-10. Operating contract.

Any such municipality or county commission may 1 2 enter into contracts or agreements with any persons for 3 (1) the repair, maintenance and operation and management of the facilities and properties of said waterworks 4 5 or electric power system, or any part thereof, or (2) the 6 collection and disbursement of the income and revenues 7 therefor, or for both (1) and (2), for such period of time 8 and under such terms and conditions as shall be agreed 9 upon between such municipality or county commission 10 and such persons. Any such municipality or county 11 commission shall have plenary power and authority to provide in the ordinance or order authorizing the 12 issuance of bonds hereunder, or in any trust indenture 13 securing such bonds, that such contracts or agreements 14

- 15 shall be valid and binding upon the municipality and
- 16 county commission as long as any of said bonds, or
- 17 interest thereon, is outstanding and unpaid.

§8-19-11. Rates or charges for water and electric power must be sufficient to pay bonds, etc.; disposition of surplus.

1 Rates or charges for water or electric power fixed 2 precedent to the issuance of bonds shall not be reduced 3 until all of said bonds shall have been fully paid, and 4 may, whenever necessary, be increased in amounts 5 sufficient to provide for the payment of the principal of and interest upon such bonds, and to provide proper 6 funds for the depreciation account and repair, mainte-7 nance and operation charges. If any surplus shall be 8 9 accumulated in the repair, maintenance and operation fund which shall be in excess of the cost of repairing. 10 maintaining and operating the waterworks or electric 11 12 power system during the remainder of the fiscal year 13 then current, and the cost of repairing, maintaining and 14 operating the said waterworks or electric power system 15 during the fiscal year then next ensuing, then any such 16 excess may be transferred to either the depreciation account or to the bond and interest redemption account, 17 18 and if any surplus shall be accumulated in the depre-19 ciation account over and above that which the munic-20 ipality or county commission shall find may be necessary for the probable replacements which may be 21 22 needed during the then present fiscal year, and the next 23 ensuing fiscal year, such excess may be transferred to the bond and interest redemption account, and, if any 24 surplus shall exist in the bond and interest redemption 25account, the same shall be applied insofar as possible in 26 the purchase or retirement of outstanding revenue 27 28 bonds payable from such account.

§8-19-12. Service charges; sinking fund; amount of bonds; additional bonds; surplus.

1 (a) Every municipality or county commission issuing 2 bonds under the provisions of this article shall thereaf-3 ter, so long as any of such bonds remain outstanding, 4 repair, maintain and operate its waterworks or electric ÷

MUNICIPALITIES

5 power system as hereinafter provided and shall charge, 6 collect and account for revenues therefrom as will be 7 sufficient to pay all repair, maintenance and operation 8 costs, provide a depreciation fund, retire the bonds and 9 pay the interest requirements of the bonds as the same 10 become due. The ordinance or order pursuant to which any such bonds are issued shall pledge the revenues 11 12derived from the waterworks or electric power system 13 to the purposes aforesaid and shall definitely fix and 14 determine the amount of revenues which shall be 15 necessary and set apart in a special fund for the bond requirements. The amounts as and when so set apart 16 into said special fund for the bond requirements shall 17 18 be remitted to the West Virginia municipal bond 19 commission to be retained and paid out by said commis-20 sion consistent with the provisions of this article and the 21 ordinance or order pursuant to which such bonds have 22 been issued: Provided, That payment of principal of and 23 interest on any bonds owned by the United States of 24 America or any agency or department thereof may be 25made by the municipality or county commission directly 26 to the United States of America or said agency or 27 department thereof. The bonds hereby authorized shall be issued in such amounts as may be determined 28 29 necessary to provide funds for the purpose for which 30 they are authorized, and in determining the amount of 31 bonds to be issued it shall be proper to include interest 32 on the bonds for a period not beyond six months from 33 the estimated date of completion.

34 (b) If the proceeds of the bonds, because of error or 35 otherwise, shall be less than the cost of the property or undertaking for which authorized, additional bonds may 36 be issued to provide the amount of such deficit and such 37 additional bonds shall be considered to be of the same 38 issue and shall be entitled to payment from the same 39 40 fund without preference or priority over the bonds first authorized and issued. 41

42 (c) If the proceeds of the bonds shall exceed the cost
43 of the property or undertaking, the surplus shall be
44 converted into the fund thereon.

*§8-19-12a. Lien for delinquent service rates and charges; notice of delinquency; failure to cure delinquency; civil actions; deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure.

(a) Whenever any rates and charges for water servi-1 2 ces or facilities furnished remain unpaid for a period of 3 thirty days after the same become due and payable, the 4 property and the owner thereof, as well as the user of 5 the services and facilities provided, shall be delinquent 6 and the owner, user and property shall be held liable 7 at law until such time as all such rates and charges are 8 fully paid: Provided. That in the event the user is a 9 tenant, the property owner shall be given notice of any 10 said delinquency by certified mail, return receipt 11 requested, and the user shall be given such notice by first-class mail: Provided, however. That failure of the 12 user to cure the delinquency within a thirty-day period 13 14 after receipt of such notice shall constitute grounds to 15terminate the user's lease of the premises concerned.

(b) All rates or charges for water service whenever 16 17 delinquent, as provided by ordinance of the municipality 18 or order of the county commission, shall be liens of equal 19 dignity, rank and priority with the lien on such premises 20 of state, county, school and municipal taxes for the 21 amount thereof upon the real property served, and the 22 municipality or county commission shall have plenary 23 power and authority from time to time to enforce such 24 lien in a civil action to recover the money due for such services rendered plus court fees and costs and a 25 reasonable attorney's fee: Provided, That a municipality 26 27 or county commission shall have exhausted all remedies 28 available against such delinquent users before it may 29 proceed in a civil action against the owner.

30 (c) Municipalities and county commissions are hereby
 31 granted a deferral of filing fees or other fees and costs

^{*}Clerk's Notes: §8-19-12a was also amended by H. B. 4061 (Chapter 140), which passed subsequent to this act.

MUNICIPALITIES

32incidental to the bringing and maintenance of an action 33 in magistrate court for the collection of the delinquent rates and charges. If the municipality or county 34 35 commission collects the delinquent account. plus fees 36 and costs, from its customer or other responsible party. 37 the municipality or county commission shall pay to the 38 magistrate court the filing fees or other fees and costs 39 which were previously deferred.

40 (d) No municipality or county commission may 41 foreclose upon the premises served by it for delinquent 42 rates or charges for which a lien is authorized by this 43 section except through the bringing and maintenance of 44 a civil action for such purpose brought in the circuit 45 court of the county or the county wherein the munici-46 pality lies. In every such action, the court shall be required to make a finding based upon the evidence and 47 48 facts presented that the municipality or county commis-49 sion had exhausted all other remedies for the collection 50 of debts with respect to such delinquencies prior to the 51 bringing of such action. In no event shall foreclosure 52procedures be instituted by any municipality or county commission or on its behalf unless such delinquency had 53 54 been in existence or continued for a period of two years from the date of the first such delinquency for which 55 56 foreclosure is being sought.

§8-19-13. Discontinuance of water or electric power service for nonpayment of rates or charges.

1 Any such municipality or county commission shall 2 also have plenary power and authority, and may 3 covenant with the holders of any bonds issued here-4 under, to shut off and discontinue the supplying of the 5 water or electric power service of said waterworks or 6 electric power system for the nonpayment of the rates 7 or charges for said water or electric power service.

§8-19-14. Bonds for additions, betterments and improvements.

1 Whenever any municipality or county commission 2 shall now or hereafter own and operate a waterworks 3 or electric power system, whether acquired, constructed, 4 established, extended or equipped under the provisions

MUNICIPALITIES

5 of this article or not, and shall desire to construct additions, betterments or improvements thereto, it may 6 7 issue revenue bonds under the provisions of this article 8 to pay for the same, and the procedure therefor, 9 including the fixing of rates or charges and the 10 computation of the amount thereof, and the power and 11 authority in connection therewith, shall be the same as 12 in this article provided for the issuance of bonds for the 13 acquisition, construction, establishment, extension or 14 equipment of a waterworks system or electric power 15 system in a municipality or county which has not 16 heretofore owned and operated a waterworks or electric 17 power system: Provided, That nothing in this article 18 shall be construed as authorizing any municipality or 19 county commission to impair or commit a breach of the 20 obligation of any valid lien or contract created or 21 entered into by it, the intention being to authorize the 22 pledging, setting aside and segregation of such revenues 23 for the construction of such additions, betterments or 24 improvements only where and to the extent consistent 25with outstanding obligations of such municipality or 26 county commission, and in accordance with the provi-27 sions of this article.

§8-19-15. System of accounts; audit.

1 Any municipality or county commission operating a 2 waterworks or electric power system under the provi-3 sions of this article shall set up and maintain a proper 4 system of accounts in accordance with the requirements 5 of the public service commission, showing the amount 6 of revenues received from such waterworks or electric 7 power system and the application of the same. At least once each year such municipality or county commission 8 shall cause such accounts to be properly audited, and a 9 10 report of such audit shall be open to the public for 11 inspection at all reasonable times.

§8-19-16. Protection and enforcement of rights of bondholders, etc.; receivership.

1 Any holder of any bonds issued under the provisions 2 of this article or of any coupons representing interest

3 accrued thereon may by civil action, mandamus or other

4 proper proceeding enforce the statutory mortgage lien 5 created and granted in section eight of this article. protect and enforce any and all rights granted here-6 7 under or under any such ordinance, order or trust indenture, and may enforce and compel performance of 8 9 all duties required by the provisions of this article or by any such ordinance, order or trust indenture to be 10 11 performed by the municipality or county commission, or 12 by the governing body or any officer, including the making and collecting of reasonable and sufficient rates 13 14 or charges for services rendered by the waterworks or 15 electric power system. If there be default in the payment 16 of the principal of or interest upon any of such bonds. 17 or of both principal and interest, any court having 18 jurisdiction shall appoint a receiver to administer said 19 waterworks or electric power system on behalf of the $\mathbf{20}$ municipality or county commission, and the bondholders or trustee, or both, with power to charge and collect 2122 rates or charges sufficient to provide for the retirement 23of the bonds and pay the interest thereon, and for the 24 payment of the repair, maintenance and operation 25expenses, and such receiver shall apply the revenues in conformity with the provisions of this article and the 26 ordinance or order pursuant to which such bonds have 27 28 been issued or any trust indenture, or both.

PART V. GRANTS, LOANS, ADVANCES AND AGREEMENTS; CUMULATIVE AUTHORITY.

§8-19-17. Grants, loans, advances and agreements.

As an alternative to, or in conjunction with, the 1 2 issuance of revenue bonds authorized by this article, any 3 municipality or county commission is hereby empowered and authorized to accept loans or grants and 4 5 procure loans or temporary advances evidenced by notes or other negotiable instruments issued in the manner, 6 and subject to the privileges and limitations, set forth 7 8 with respect to bonds authorized to be issued under the provisions of this article, or otherwise enter into 9 agreement, including, but not limited to, agreements of 10 indemnity, assurance or guarantee with respect to, and 11 for the purpose of financing part or all of, the cost of 12 acquisition, construction, establishment, extension or 13

MUNICIPALITIES

14 equipment of waterworks or electric power systems and the construction of additions, betterments and improve-15 16 ments to existing waterworks systems or to existing 17 electric power systems, and for the other purposes 18 herein authorized, from or with any authorized agency 19 of the state or from the United States of America or any 20 federal or public agency or department of the United 21 States or any private agency, corporation or individual, 22 which loans or temporary advances, including the 23 interest thereon, or the municipality's or county's financial obligations contained in such other agree-24 25 ments, which need not bear interest, may be repaid out 26 of the proceeds of bonds authorized to be issued under 27 the provisions of this article, the revenues of or proceeds 28 from the said waterworks system or electric power 29 system or grants to the municipality or county commis-30 sion from any agency of the state or from the United 31 States of America or any federal or public agency or 32 department of the United States or any private agency. 33 corporation or individual or from any combination of such sources of payment, and may be secured in the 34 35 manner provided in sections eight, nine and sixteen of 36 this article to secure bonds issued under the provisions 37 of this article, but shall not otherwise be subject to the 38 requirements of sections eleven and twelve of this 39 article, and to enter into the necessary contracts and 40 agreements to carry out the purposes hereof with any agency of the state, the United States of America or any 41 42 federal or public agency or department of the United 43 States, or with any private agency, corporation or 44 individual.

In no event shall any such loan or temporary advance
or agreement be a general obligation of the municipality
or county and such loans or temporary advances or
agreements, including the interest thereon, shall be paid
solely from the sources specified in this section.

§8-19-18. Additional and alternative method for constructing or improving and for financing waterworks or electric power system; cumulative authority.

1 This article shall, without reference to any other

MUNICIPALITIES

2 statute or charter provision, be deemed full authority for 3 the acquisition, construction, establishment, extension, equipment, additions, betterment, improvement, repair, 4 5 maintenance and operation of or to a waterworks or 6 electric power system or for the construction of any additions, betterments, improvements, repairs, mainte-7 8 nance or operation of or to an existing electric power 9 system as herein provided and for the issuance and sale 10 of the bonds or the alternative methods of financing by 11 this article authorized, and shall be construed as an 12 additional and alternative method therefor and for the 13 financing thereof, and no petition, referendum or election or other or further proceeding with respect to 14 15 any such undertaking or to the issuance or sale of bonds or the alternative methods of financing under the 16 17 provisions of this article and no publication of any 18 resolution, ordinance, order, notice or proceeding 19 relating to any such undertaking or to the issuance or 20 sale of such bonds or the alternative methods of 21 financing shall be required, except as prescribed by this 22 article, any provisions of other statutes of the state to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided, That all 23 functions, powers and duties of the state division of 24 health shall remain unaffected by this article. 25

This article shall be construed as cumulative authority for any undertaking herein authorized, and shall not be construed to repeal any existing laws with respect thereto.

PART VI. OPERATION BY BOARD; CONSTRUCTION.

§8-19-19. Alternative procedure for acquisition, construction or improvement of waterworks or electric power system.

As an alternative to the procedures hereinabove 1 provided, any municipality or county commission is 2 hereby empowered and authorized to acquire, construct, 3 establish, extend, equip, repair, maintain and operate a 4 waterworks or an electric power system or to construct, 5 maintain and operate additions, betterments and 6 improvements to an existing waterworks system or an 7 existing electric power system, whether acquired, 8

NATIONAL GUARD

[Ch. 142

constructed, established, extended or equipped under 9 10 the provisions of this article or not, and to collect the 11 revenues therefrom for the services rendered thereby. 12 through the supervision and control of a committee, by 13 whatever name called, composed of all or a portion of 14 the governing body, or of a board or commission 15 appointed by such governing body, as may be provided 16 by the governing body, and if such alternative is 17 followed, said committee, board or commission shall have and be limited to all the powers, authority and 18 19 duties granted to and imposed upon a board as provided 20 in article sixteen of this chapter.

§8-19-20. Article to be liberally construed.

- 1 This article is necessary for the public health, safety
- 2 and welfare and shall be liberally construed to effectu-
- 3 ate its purposes.

CHAPTER 142 (Com. Sub. for H. B. 2655—By Delegate Wooton)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one-b, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three, relating to presentation of a flag of the United States to a person designated to direct disposition of the remains of a decedent who has completed an obligatory period of service in the national guard, and who has not been dishonorably discharged, and who is not otherwise eligible to receive such flag; providing that such flag shall be used for burial; and providing for the presentation of a flag to the parent or spouse of such decedent.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one-b, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1B. NATIONAL GUARD.

§15-1B-23. American flag for burial of deceased members of the national guard; presentation of flag to parent or spouse.

1 (a) The adjutant general shall pay the necessary 2 expenses for the presentation of a flag of the United 3 States with care to the person designated to direct disposition of the remains of a deceased person who 4 served in a federally recognized unit of the national 5 6 guard of this state, upon request of such designated 7 person, if the deceased member of the national guard 8 has not been dishonorably discharged from service as 9 provided for in section nine of this article, and if such deceased person is not otherwise eligible to receive such 10 11 flag under any other provision of the laws of this state 12 or federal law. Such flag shall be provided in order that 13 the casket of the deceased person may be draped in a 14 flag of the United States.

(b) After the burial of the deceased member, the flag
so furnished pursuant to subsection (a) of this section
shall be given to the parent or parents or to the spouse
or children of the deceased person. If no claim is made
by a parent or spouse for the flag furnished under
subsection (a), the flag may be given, upon request, to
a close friend or associate of the deceased member.

(c) For the purposes of this section, the term "parent" 22 23includes a natural parent, a step-parent, a parent by 24 adoption or a person who for a period of not less than 25 one year before the death of the decedent stood in loco 26 parentis to him, and preference under this clause shall be given to the persons who exercised a parental 27 relationship at the time of, or most nearly before, the 28 death of the decedent. 29

CHAPTER 143

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 276-By Senator Burdette, Mr. President, By Request)

[Passed March 9, 1990: in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article one-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one

1

thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to sales of public land to federal or state entities for less than fair market value.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article one-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1A. REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT AND PROCE-DURES.

§20-1A-4. Public land corporation to conduct sales of public lands by competitive bidding, modified competitive bidding or direct sale.

(a) Sales, exchanges or transfers of public lands under 1 2 this article shall be conducted under competitive 3 bidding procedures. However, where the secretary 4 determines it necessary and proper in order to assure 5 the following public policies, including, but not limited to, a preference to users, lands may be sold by modified 6 competitive bidding or without competitive bidding. In 7 recognizing public policies, the secretary shall give 8 9 consideration to the following potential purchasers:

10 (1) The local government entities which are in the 11 vicinity of the lands; and

12 (2) Adjoining landowners.

13 (b) The policy for selecting the methods of sale is as14 follows:

15 (1) Competitive sale is the general procedure for sales
16 of public lands and shall be used in the following
17 circumstances:

18 (A) Wherever in the judgment of the secretary the
19 lands are accessible and usable regardless of adjoining
20 land ownership; or

(B) Wherever the lands are within a developing or
urbanizing area and land values are increasing due to
the location of the land and interest on the competitive
market.

25 (2) Modified competitive sales may be used to permit

26 the adjoining landowner or local governmental entity to 27 meet the high bid at the public sale. Lands otherwise 28 offered under this procedure would normally be public 29 lands not located near urban expansion areas, or not 30 located near areas with rapidly increasing land values. and where existing use of adjacent lands would be 31 ieopardized by sale under competitive bidding 32 33 procedures.

34 (3) Direct sale may be used when the lands offered for
35 sale are completely surrounded by lands in one owner36 ship with no public access, or where the lands are
37 needed by local governments.

(4) In no event shall lands be offered for sale by
"modified competitive sales" or "direct sale" unless and
until the corporation makes a written finding of
justification for use of an alternative bidding procedure.

(5) Subject to the bidding procedures set forth herein,
the corporation is authorized, at its discretion, to sell
public lands subject to rights-of-way, restrictive covenants or easements retained by the corporation, limiting
the use of such lands to purposes consistent with the use
of adjoining or nearby lands owned by the corporation.

48 (c) When lands have been offered for sale by one
49 method of sale and the lands remain unsold, then the
50 lands may be reoffered by another method of sale.

51 (d) Except as provided herein, public lands may not 52 be sold, exchanged or transferred by the corporation for less than fair market value. Fair market value shall be 53 54 determined by an appraisal made by an independent person or firm chosen by the public land corporation. 55 The appraisal shall be performed using the principles 56 57 contained in the "Uniform Appraisal Standards for Federal Land Acquisitions" published under the auspi-58 ces of the Interagency Land Acquisition Conference, 59 United States Government Printing Office, 1972: 60 Provided, That public lands may be sold, exchanged or 61 transferred to any federal agency or to the state or any 62 of its political subdivisions for less than fair market 63 value if, upon a specific written finding of fact, the 64

65 corporation determines that such a transfer would be in66 the best interests of the corporation and the state.

67 (e) The corporation may reject all bids when such bids
68 do not represent the corporation's considered value of
69 the property exclusive of the fair market value.

(f) The corporation shall promulgate rules, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of
this code, regarding procedures for conducting public
land sales by competitive bidding, modified competitive
bidding and direct sales.



(Com. Sub. for S. B. 298-By Senator Burdette, Mr. President, By Request)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-c, relating to an interstate wildlife violator compact.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-c, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2C. INTERSTATE WILDLIFE VIOLATOR COMPACT.

§20-2C-1. Governor's authority to execute.

§20-2C-2. When and how compact becomes operative.

§20-2C-3. Compensation and expenses of compact administrator.

§20-2C-1. Governor's authority to execute.

1 The governor of West Virginia, on behalf of this state,

2 is hereby authorized to execute a compact in substan-

- 3 tially the following form with any one or more of the
- 4 states of the United States and the Legislature hereby
- 5 signifies in advance its approval and ratification of such
- 6 compact:

INTERSTATE WILDLIFE VIOLATOR COMPACT

ARTICLE I. FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY AND PURPOSE.

1 (a) The participating states find that:

2 (1) Wildlife resources are managed in trust by the
3 respective states for the benefit of all residents and
4 visitors.

5 (2) The protection of the wildlife resources of a state 6 is materially affected by the degree of compliance with 7 state statues, rules, regulations and ordinances relating 8 to the management of such resources.

9 (3) The preservation, protection, management and 10 restoration of wildlife resources contributes immeasur-11 ably to the aesthetic, recreational and economic values 12 of a state.

13 (4) Wildlife resources are valuable without regard to political boundaries; therefore, every person should be 14 15 required to comply with wildlife preservation, protec-16 tion, management and restoration statutes, rules, 17 regulations and ordinances of the participating states as 18 a condition precedent to the continuance or issuance of 19 any license to hunt, trap, fish or otherwise possess 20 wildlife.

(5) The violation of wildlife laws interferes with the
management of wildlife resources and may endanger
the safety of people and property.

(6) The mobility of many wildlife law violators
necessitates the maintenance of channels of communication among the participating states.

(7) In most instances, a person who is cited for a
wildlife violation in a state other than his home state is
required to post collateral or a bond to secure appearance for trial at a later date, is taken into custody until
the collateral or bond is posted or is taken directly to
court for an immediate appearance.

(8) The purpose of the aforementioned enforcement
practices is to ensure compliance with the terms of the
wildlife citation by the cited person who, if permitted

to continue on his way after receiving the citation, could
return to his home state and disregard his duty under
the terms of the citation.

(9) In most instances, a person receiving a wildlife
citation in his home state is permitted to accept the
citation from the officer at the scene of the violation and
immediately continue on his way after agreeing or being
instructed to comply with the terms of the citation.

(10) The aforementioned enforcement practices cause
unnecessary inconvenience and, at times, a hardship for
the person who is unable at the time to post collateral,
furnish a bond, stand trial or pay a fine and thus is
compelled to remain in custody until some alternative
arrangement is made.

50 (11) The aforementioned enforcement practices con-51 sume an undue amount of law-enforcement time.

52 (b) It is the policy of the participating states to:

53 (1) Promote compliance with the statutes, rules,
54 regulations and ordinances relating to the management
55 of wildlife resources in their respective states.

(2) Recognize the suspension of wildlife license
privileges of any person whose license privileges have
been suspended by a participating state and treat such
suspension as if it occurred in their state.

60 (3) Allow a violator, except as provided in subsection 61 (b) of article III of this compact, to accept a wildlife 62 citation and, without delay, proceed on his way regard-63 less of his state of residence: *Provided*, That the 64 violator's home state is party to this compact.

65 (4) Report to the appropriate participating state, as 66 provided in the compact manual, any conviction re-67 corded against any person whose home state was not the 68 issuing state.

69 (5) Allow the home state to recognize and treat 70 convictions recorded against its residents which oc-71 curred in a participating state as though they had 72 occurred in the home state. (6) Extend cooperation to its fullest extent among the
participating states for enforcing compliance with the
terms of a wildlife citation issued in one participating
state to a resident of another participating state.

(7) Maximize the effective use of law-enforcementpersonnel and information.

(8) Assist court systems in the efficient disposition ofwildlife violations.

81 (c) The purpose of this compact is to:

82 (1) Provide a means through which participating
83 states may join in a reciprocal program to effectuate the
84 policies enumerated in subsection (b) of article I of this
85 compact in a uniform and orderly manner.

86 (2) Provide for the fair and impartial treatment of
87 wildlife violators operating within participating states
88 in recognition of the violator's right to due process and
89 the sovereign status of a participating state.

ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS.

1 Unless the context in which used clearly requires a 2 different meaning, as used in this compact:

3 (a) "Citation" means any summons, complaint, summons and complaint, ticket, penalty assessment or other
5 official document issued to a person by a wildlife officer
6 or other peace officer for a wildlife violation which
7 contains an order requiring the person to respond.

8 (b) "Collateral" means any cash or other security 9 deposited to secure an appearance for trial in connection 10 with the issuance by a wildlife officer or other peace 11 officer of a citation for a wildlife violation.

12 (c) "Compliance" with respect to a citation means the 13 act of answering a citation through an appearance in a 14 court or tribunal or through the payment of fines, costs 15 and surcharges, if any.

16 (d) "Conviction" means a conviction, including any 17 court conviction, for any offense related to the preser-18 vation, protection, management or restoration of wildlife 19 which is prohibited by state statute, rule, regulation or ordinance. The term "conviction" shall also include the
forfeiture of any bail, bond or other security deposited
to secure appearance by a person charged with having
committed any such offense, the payment of a penalty
assessment, a plea of nolo contendere or the imposition
of a deferred or suspended sentence by the court.

26 (e) "Court" means a court of law, including magis-27 trate's court.

(f) "Home state" means the state of primary residenceof a person.

30 (g) "Issuing state" means the participating state31 which issues a wildlife citation to the violator.

(h) "License" means any license, permit or other
public document which conveys to the person to whom
it was issued the privilege of pursuing, possessing or
taking any wildlife regulated by statute, rule, regulation
or ordinance of a participating state.

(i) "Licensing authority" means the governmental
agency within each participating state that is authorized
by law to issue or approve licenses or permits to hunt,
trap, fish or otherwise possess wildlife.

(j) "Participating state" means any state which enactslegislation to become a member of this wildlife compact.

(k) "Personal recognizance" means an agreement by
a person made at the time of issuance of the wildlife
citation that such person will comply with the terms of
the citation.

47 (1) "State" means any state, territory or possession of
48 the United States, including the District of Columbia
49 and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

50 (m) "Suspension" means any revocation, denial or 51 withdrawal of any or all license privileges, including the 52 privilege to apply for, purchase or exercise the benefits 53 conferred by any license.

54 (n) "Terms of the citation" means those conditions and 55 options expressly stated upon the citation.

56 (o) "Wildlife" means all species of animals including,

57 but not limited to, mammals, birds, fish, reptiles, 58 amphibians, mollusks and crustaceans which are 59 defined as "wildlife" and are protected or otherwise 60 regulated by statute, rule, regulation or ordinance in a 61 participating state. Species included in the definition of "wildlife" vary from state to state and determination of 62 63 whether a species is "wildlife" for the purposes of this 64 compact shall be based on the law in the issuing state.

(p) "Wildlife law" means any statute, rule, regulation
or ordinance developed and enacted for the management
of wildlife resources and the uses thereof.

68 (q) "Wildlife officer" means any individual authorized
69 by a participating state to issue a citation for a wildlife
70 violation.

(r) "Wildlife violation" means any cited violation of a
statute, rule, regulation or ordinance developed and
enacted for the management of wildlife resources and
the uses thereof.

ARTICLE III. PROCEDURES FOR ISSUING STATE.

1 (a) When issuing a citation for a wildlife violation, a 2 wildlife officer shall issue a citation to any person whose 3 primary residence is in a participating state in the same 4 manner as though the person were a resident of the 5 issuing state and shall not require such person to post 6 collateral to secure appearance, subject to the exceptions 7 noted in subsection (b) of article III of this compact, if 8 the officer receives the recognizance of such person that 9 he will comply with the terms of the citation.

10 (b) Personal recognizance is acceptable if not prohi-11 bited by law in the issuing state or by the compact 12 manual and if the violator provides adequate proof of 13 identification to the wildlife officer.

(c) Upon conviction or failure of a person to comply
with the terms of a wildlife citation, the appropriate
official shall report the conviction or failure to comply
to the licensing authority of the participating state in
which the wildlife citation was issued. The report shall
be made in accordance with procedures specified by the
issuing state and shall contain information as specified

in the compact manual as minimum requirements foreffective processing by the home state.

(d) Upon receipt of the report of conviction or
noncompliance pursuant to subsection (c) of article III
of this compact, the licensing authority of the issuing
state shall transmit to the licensing authority of the
home state of the violator the information in form and
content as prescribed in the compact manual.

ARTICLE IV. PROCEDURES FOR HOME STATE.

1 (a) Upon receipt of a report from the licensing 2 authority of the issuing state reporting the failure of a 3 violator to comply with the terms of a citation, the licensing authority of the home state shall notify the 4 5 violator and shall initiate a suspension action in 6 accordance with the home state's suspension procedures and shall suspend the violator's license privileges until 7 satisfactory evidence of compliance with the terms of the 8 9 wildlife citation has been furnished by the issuing state to the home state licensing authority. Due process 10 11 safeguards shall be accorded.

12 (b) Upon receipt of a report of conviction from the 13 licensing authority of the issuing state, the licensing 14 authority of the home state shall enter such conviction 15 in its records and shall treat such conviction as though 16 it occurred in the home state for the purposes of the 17 suspension of license privileges.

18 (c) The licensing authority of the home state shall 19 maintain a record of actions taken and shall make 20 reports to issuing states as provided in the compact 21 manual.

ARTICLE V. RECIPROCAL RECOGNITION OF SUSPENSION.

1 (a) All participating states shall recognize the suspen-2 sion of license privileges of any person by any partic-3 ipating state as though the violation resulting in the 4 suspension had occurred in their state and could have 5 been the basis for suspension of license privileges in 6 their state.

7 (b) Each participating state shall communicate

1182

8 suspension information to other participating states in9 form and content as contained in the compact manual.

ARTICLE VI. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS.

1 Except as expressly required by the provisions of this 2 compact, nothing herein shall be construed to affect the 3 right of any participating state to apply any of its laws 4 relating to license privileges to any person or circum-5 stance or to invalidate or prevent any agreement or 6 other cooperative arrangement between a participating 7 state and a nonparticipating state concerning wildlife 8 law enforcement.

ARTICLE VII. BOARD OF COMPACT ADMINISTRATORS.

1 (a) For the purpose of administering the provisions of 2 this compact and to serve as a governing body for the 3 resolution of all matters relating to the operation of this 4 compact, a board of compact administrators is estab-5 lished. The board shall be composed of one representa-6 tive from each of the participating states to be known 7 as the compact administrator. The compact administrator shall be appointed by the head of the licensing 8 9 authority of each participating state and shall serve and 10 be subject to removal in accordance with the laws of the state he represents. A compact administrator may 11 12 provide for the discharge of his duties and the performance of his functions as a board member by an 13 14 alternate. An alternate shall not be entitled to serve 15 unless written notification of his identity has been given 16 to the board.

17 (b) Each member of the board of compact administra-18 tors shall be entitled to one vote. No action of the board 19 shall be binding unless taken at a meeting at which a 20 majority of the total number of the board's votes are cast 21 in favor thereof. Action by the board shall be only at 22 a meeting at which a majority of the participating states 23 are represented.

(c) The board shall elect annually from its member-ship a chairman and vice-chairman.

26 (d) The board shall adopt bylaws not inconsistent with27 the provisions of this compact or the laws of a partic-

ipating state for the conduct of its business and shallhave the power to amend and rescind its bylaws.

(e) The board may accept for any of its purposes and
functions under this compact any and all donations and
grants of moneys, equipment, supplies, materials and
services, conditional or otherwise, from any state and
may receive, utilize and dispose of same.

(f) The board may contract with or accept services of
personnel from any governmental or intergovernmental
agency, individual, firm or corporation or from any
private nonprofit organization or institution.

(g) The board shall formulate all necessary procedures and develop uniform forms and documents for
administering the provisions of this compact. All
procedures and forms adopted pursuant to board action
shall be contained in the compact manual.

ARTICLE VIII. ENTRY INTO COMPACT AND WITHDRAWAL.

1 (a) This compact shall become effective at such time 2 as it is adopted in a substantially similar form by two 3 or more states.

4 (b) (1) Entry into the compact shall be made by 5 resolution of ratification executed by the authorized 6 officials of the applying state and submitted to the 7 chairman of the board.

8 (2) The resolution shall substantially be in the form 9 and content as provided in the compact manual and 10 shall include the following:

(A) A citation of the authority from which the stateis empowered to become a part to this compact;

(B) An agreement of compliance with the terms andprovisions of this compact; and

15 (C) An agreement that compact entry is with all 16 states participating in the compact and with all 17 additional states legally becoming a party to the 18 compact.

19 (3) The effective date of entry shall be specified by the 20 applying state but shall not be less than sixty days after notice has been given by the chairman of the board of
compact administrators or by the secretariat of the
board of each participating state that the resolution
from the applying state has been received.

25 (c) A participating state may withdraw from this compact by official written notice to each member state 26 27 but withdrawal shall not become effective until ninety days after the notice of withdrawal is given. The notice 28 29 shall be directed to the compact administrator of each 30 member state. No withdrawal of any state shall affect the validity of this compact as to the remaining 31 32 participating states.

ARTICLE IX. AMENDMENTS TO THE COMPACT.

1 (a) This compact may be amended from time to time. 2 Each proposed amendment shall be presented in 3 resolution form to the chairman of the board of compact 4 administrators and shall be initiated by one or more 5 participating states.

6 (b) Adoption of an amendment shall require endorse-7 ment by all participating states and shall become 8 effective thirty days after the date of the last 9 endorsement.

10 (c) Failure of a participating state to respond to the 11 compact chairman within one hundred twenty days 12 after receipt of a proposed amendment shall constitute 13 endorsement thereof.

ARTICLE X. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY.

1 This compact shall be liberally construed so as to 2 effectuate the purposes stated herein. The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, 3 clause, sentence or provision of this compact is declared 4 to be contrary to the constitution of any participating 5 state or of the United States, or the applicability thereof 6 7 to any government, agency, individual or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this 8 compact shall not be affected thereby. If this compact 9 shall be held contrary to the constitution of any 10 participating state, the compact shall remain in full 11 force and effect as to the remaining states and in full 12

13 force and effect as to the participating state affected as14 to all severable matters.

§20-2C-2. When and how compact becomes operative.

1 When the governor shall have executed said compact 2 on behalf of this state and shall have caused a verified 3 copy thereof to be filed with the secretary of state and 4 when said compact shall have been ratified by one or 5 more other states, then said compact shall become 6 operative and effective between this state and such other state or states. The governor is hereby authorized and 7 directed to take such action as may be necessary to 8 9 complete the exchange of official documents between 10 this state and any other state ratifying said compact.

§20-2C-3. Compensation and expenses of compact administrator.

1 The compact administrator representing this state, as provided for in article VII of the Interstate Wildlife 2 3 Violator Compact, shall not be entitled to any additional 4 compensation for his duties and responsibilities as said 5 administrator but shall be entitled to reimbursement for reasonable expenses actually incurred in connection 6 7 with his duties and responsibilities as said administrator 8 in the same manner as for expenses incurred in connection with other duties and responsibilities of his 9 10 office or employment.

CHAPTER 145

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 44—By Senators Spears, Jones and J. Manchin)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article four, relating to limiting the tort liability of persons organizing, promoting, presenting or providing equestrian activities or providing facilities for equestrian activities; describing legislative purpose; defining

1186

certain terms; describing the duties of horsemen; describing the duties of persons who are participants in equestrian activities; providing for the liability of horsemen; providing for the liability of participants; and exempting the horse racing industry from the provisions of said article four.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article four, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. EQUESTRIAN ACTIVITIES RESPONSIBILITY ACT.

- §20-4-1. Legislative purpose.
- §20-4-2. Definitions.
- §20-4-3. Duties of horsemen.
- §20-4-4. Duties of participants.
- §20-4-5. Liability of horsemen.
- §20-4-6. Liability of participants.
- §20-4-7. Applicability of article.

§20-4-1. Legislative purpose.

1 The Legislature finds that equestrian activities are engaged in by a large number of citizens of West 2 Virginia and that such activities also attract to West 3 Virginia a large number of nonresidents, significantly 4 contributing to the economy of West Virginia. Since it 5 is recognized that there are inherent risks in equestrian 6 activities which should be understood by participants 7 therein and which are essentially impossible for the 8 operators of equestrian businesses to eliminate, it is the 9 purpose of this article to define those areas of respon-10 sibility and those affirmative acts for which the 11 operators of equestrian businesses shall be liable for 12 loss, damage or injury suffered by participants, and to 13 further define those risks which the participants 14 expressly assume and for which there can be no 15 16 recovery.

§20-4-2. Definitions.

1 In this article, unless a different meaning plainly is 2 required:

NATURAL RESOURCES

a series and a state and a bear and a series of a

3 (1) "Equestrian activity" means any sporting event or
4 other activity involving a horse or horses, including, but
5 not limited to:

6 (A) Shows, fairs, competitions, performances or 7 parades;

8 (B) Any of the equine disciplines such as dressage,
9 hunter and jumper shows, grand prix jumping, three
10 day events, combined training, rodeos, driving, western
11 games and hunting;

12 (C) Rides, trips or hunts;

(D) Riding classes, therapeutic riding programs,
school and college sponsored classes and programs, or
other classes in horsemanship;

16 (E) The boarding or keeping of horses; and

17 (F) Providing equipment or tack.

(2) "Horseman" or "operator of a horseman's business" 18 19 means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, 20 association, public or private corporation, the United 21 States or any federal agency, this state or any political 22 subdivision of this state, and any other legal entity 23 which engages, with or without compensation, in organizing, promoting, presenting or providing eques-24 25trian activities or in providing facilities for equestrian 26 activities.

(3) "Horse" means each animal of the horse kind, in
every class or breed of horses, and, without limitation
or exception, all members of the genus Equus and
family Equidae.

31 (4) "Participant" means any person using the services
32 or facilities of a horseman so as to be directly involved
33 in an equestrian activity.

§20-4-3. Duties of horsemen.

1 Every horseman shall:

2 (1) Make reasonable and prudent efforts to determine
3 the ability of a participant to safely engage in the
4 equestrian activity, to determine the ability of the horse

to behave safely with the participant, and to determine
the ability of the participant to safely manage, care for
and control the particular horse involved;

8 (2) Make known to any participant any dangerous 9 traits or characteristics or any physical impairments or 10 conditions related to a particular horse which is involved 11 in the equestrian activity of which the horseman knows 12 or through the exercise of due diligence could know;

(3) Make known to any participant any dangerous
condition as to land or facilities under the lawful
possession and control of the horseman of which the
horseman knows or through the exercise of due diligence could know, by advising the participant in writing
or by conspicuously posting warning signs upon the
premises;

(4) In providing equipment or tack to a participant,
make reasonable and prudent efforts to inspect such
equipment or tack to assure that it is in proper working
condition and safe for use in the equestrian activity;

(5) Prepare and present to each participant or
prospective participant, for his or her inspection and
signature, a statement which clearly and concisely
explains the liability limitations, restrictions and
responsibilities set forth in this article.

§20-4-4. Duties of participants.

1 It is recognized that equestrian activities are hazard-2 ous to participants, regardless of all feasible safety 3 measures which can be taken.

4 Each participant in an equestrian activity expressly 5 assumes the risk of and legal responsibility for any injury, loss or damage to person or property which 6 7 results from participation in an equestrian activity. 8 Each participant shall have the sole individual respon-9 sibility for knowing the range of his or her own ability to manage, care for, and control a particular horse or 10 11 perform a particular equestrian activity, and it shall be the duty of each participant to act within the limits of 12 the participant's own ability, to maintain reasonable 13 control of the particular horse or horses at all times 14

NATURAL RESOURCES

[Ch. 145

and allow - the

at a Train

ù,

15 while participating in an equestrian activity, to heed all 16 posted warnings, to perform equestrian activities only 17 in an area or in facilities designated by the horseman 18 and to refrain from acting in a manner which may cause 19 or contribute to the injury of anyone. If while actually 20 riding in an equestrian event, any participant collides 21 with any object or person, except an obviously intoxi-22 cated person of whom the horseman is aware, or if the 23 participant falls from the horse or from a horse-drawn conveyance, the responsibility for such collision or fall 24 shall be solely that of the participant or participants 25 involved and not that of the horseman. 26

27 A participant involved in an accident shall not depart 28 from the area or facility where the equestrian activity 29 took place without leaving personal identification. 30 including name and address, or without notifying the proper authorities, or without obtaining assistance when 31 32 that person knows or reasonably should know that any 33 other person involved in the accident is in need of medical or other assistance. 34

§20-4-5. Liability of horsemen.

(a) A horseman shall be liable for injury, loss or
damage caused by failure to follow the duties set forth
in section three of this article where the violation of duty
is causally related to the injury, loss or damage suffered.
A horseman shall not be liable for any injury, loss or
damage caused by the negligence of any person who is
not an agent or employee of such horseman.

8 (b) A horseman shall be liable for acts or omissions
9 which constitute gross negligence or willful and wanton
10 conduct which is the proximate cause of injury to a
11 participant.

(c) A horseman shall be liable for an intentional injurywhich he or she inflicts upon a participant.

(d) Every horseman shall carry public liability
insurance in limits of no less than one hundred thousand
dollars per person, three hundred thousand dollars per
occurrence and ten thousand dollars for property
damage.

§20-4-6. Liability of participants.

- 1 Any participant shall be liable for injury, loss or
- 2 damage resulting from violations of the duties set forth
- 3 in section four of this article.

§20-4-7. Applicability of article.

- 1 The provisions of this article do not apply to the horse
- 2 racing industry that is regulated by the provisions of
- 3 article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of this code.



CHAPTER 146

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 149—By Senators Brackenrich, Parker, Chernenko and Hawse)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article five-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, further defining the term "other wastes" in the water pollution control act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article five-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5A. WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT.

§20-5A-2. Definitions.

1 Unless the context in which used clearly requires a 2 different meaning, as used in this article:

3 (a) "Director" shall mean the director of the division4 of natural resources;

5 (b) "Board" shall mean the state water resources 6 board;

7 (c) "Chief" shall mean the chief of the section of water
8 resources of the division of natural resources;

(d) "Person", "persons" or "applicant" shall mean any 9 10 industrial user, public or private corporation, institu-11 tion, association, firm or company organized or existing 12 under the laws of this or any other state or country; state of West Virginia; governmental agency, including 13 14 federal facilities: political subdivision: county commis-15 sion: municipal corporation; industry; sanitary district; 16 public service district: drainage district: soil conserva-17 tion district: watershed improvement district: partnership: trust: estate: person or individual; group of persons 18 19 or individuals acting individually or as a group; or any 20 legal entity whatever:

(e) "Water resources", "water" or "waters" shall mean 21 22 any and all water on or beneath the surface of the ground, whether percolating, standing, diffused or 23 24 flowing, wholly or partially within this state, or 25 bordering this state and within its jurisdiction, and shall 26 include, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, 27 natural or artificial lakes, rivers, streams, creeks, branches, brooks, ponds (except farm ponds, industrial 28 29 settling basins and ponds and water treatment facili-30 ties), impounding reservoirs, springs, wells, water-31 courses and wetlands;

32 (f) "Pollution" shall mean the man-made or man33 induced alteration of the chemical, physical, biological
34 and radiological integrity of the waters of the state;

(g) "Sewage" shall mean water-carried human or
animal wastes from residences, buildings, industrial
establishments or other places, together with such
groundwater infiltration and surface waters as may be
present;

40 (h) "Industrial wastes" shall mean any liquid, gaseous, 41 solid or other waste substance, or a combination thereof, 42 resulting from or incidental to any process of industry, 43 manufacturing, trade or business, or from or incidental 44 to the development, processing or recovery of any 45 natural resources: and the admixture with such industrial wastes of sewage or other wastes, as hereinafter 46 defined, shall also be considered "industrial wastes" 47 within the meaning of this article; 48

49 (i) "Industrial user" shall mean those industries 50identified in the standard industrial classification manual, United States Bureau of the Budget, 1967, as 51 52amended and supplemented, under the category "division d-manufacturing" and other classes of significant 5354 waste producers identified under regulations issued by the board or the administrator of the United States 55 environmental protection agency: 56

57 (j) "Other wastes" shall mean garbage, refuse, decayed wood, sawdust, shavings, bark and other wood 58 debris and residues resulting from secondary process-59 ing; sand, lime, cinders, ashes, offal, night soil, silt, oil, 60 61 tar, dyestuffs, acids, chemicals, heat or all other materials and substances not sewage or industrial 62 wastes which may cause or might reasonably be 63 expected to cause or to contribute to the pollution of any 64 of the waters of the state: 65

(k) "Establishment" shall mean an industrial establishment, mill, factory, tannery, paper or pulp mill,
mine, colliery, breaker or mineral processing operation,
quarry, refinery, well and each and every industry or
plant or works in the operation or process of which
industrial wastes, sewage or other wastes are produced;

(l) "Sewer system" shall mean pipelines or conduits,
pumping stations, force mains and all other constructions, facilities, devices and appliances appurtenant
thereto, used for collecting or conducting sewage,
industrial wastes or other wastes to a point of disposal
or treatment;

(m) "Treatment works" shall mean any plant, facility, 78 means, system, disposal field, lagoon, pumping station, 79 constructed drainage ditch or surface water intercept-80 ing ditch, diversion ditch above or below the surface of 81 the ground, settling tank or pond, earthen pit, inciner-82 ator, area devoted to sanitary landfills or other works 83 not specifically mentioned herein, installed for the 84 purpose of treating, neutralizing, stabilizing, holding or 85 disposing of sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes 86 or for the purpose of regulating or controlling the 87 quality and rate of flow thereof; 88

89 (n) "Publicly owned treatment works" shall mean any
90 treatment works owned by the state or any political
91 subdivision thereof, any municipality or any other
92 public entity, for the treatment of pollutants;

93 (o) "Disposal system" shall mean a system for treating
94 or disposing of sewage, industrial wastes or other
95 wastes, or the effluent therefrom, either by surface or
96 underground methods, and shall be construed to include
97 sewer systems, the use of subterranean spaces, treat98 ment works, disposal wells and other systems;

(p) "Outlet" shall mean the terminus of a sewer
system or the point of emergence of any water-carried
sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes, or the effluent
therefrom, into any of the waters of this state, and shall
include a point source;

(q) "Point source" shall mean any discernible, confined and discrete conveyance, including, but not limited
to, any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well,
discrete fissure, container, rolling stock or vessel or
other floating craft, from which pollutants are or may
be discharged;

(r) "Activity" or "activities" shall mean any activity or
activities for which a permit is required by the
provisions of section five of this article;

(s) "Disposal well" shall mean any well drilled or used
for the injection or disposal of treated or untreated
sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes into underground strata;

(t) "Effluent limitation" shall mean any restriction
established on quantities, rates and concentrations of
chemical, physical, biological and other constituents
which are discharged into the waters of this state;

121 (u) "Code" shall mean the code of West Virginia, one 122 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended;

123 (v) "Division" shall mean the division of natural 124 resources;

(w) "Well" shall mean any shaft or hole sunk, drilled,bored or dug into the earth or into underground strata

Ch. 147]

127 for the extraction or injection or placement of any liquid 128 or gas, or any shaft or hole sunk or used in conjunction 129 with such extraction or injection or placement. The term 130. "well" shall not have included within its meaning any 131 shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or dug into the earth 132 for the sole purpose of core drilling or pumping or extracting therefrom potable, fresh or usable water for 133 134 household, domestic, industrial, agricultural or public 135 use: and

136 (x) "Pollutant" shall mean industrial wastes, sewage137 or other wastes as defined in this section.

CHAPTER 147

(S. B. 608—Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections six and twenty-two, article five-h, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to underground storage tank management.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections six and twenty-two, article five-h, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5H. WEST VIRGINIA UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK ACT.

§20-5H-6. Promulgation of rules, regulations and standards by director. §20-5H-22. Underground storage tank insurance fund.

§20-5H-6. Promulgation of rules, regulations and standards by director.

(a) The director has overall responsibility for the
 promulgation of rules and regulations under this article.
 In promulgating and revising such rules and regulations
 the director shall comply with the provisions of chapter

twenty-nine-a of this code. Such rules and regulations
shall be no more stringent than the rules and regulations promulgated by the United States environmental
protection agency pursuant to Subtitle I.

9 (b) The director shall promulgate rules and regula-10 tions applicable to owners or operators of underground 11 storage tanks or other affected persons, as appropriate, 12 as follows:

13 (1) A requirement for a yearly registration fee for14 underground storage tanks;

(2) A requirement that an owner or operator register
with the director each underground storage tank after
the effective date of the regulations and that an owner
or operator report annually on changes in status of any
underground storage tank;

(3) Such release detection, prevention and correction
rules applicable to underground storage tanks as may
be necessary to protect human health and the
environment;

(4) Requirements for maintaining a leak detection
system, inventory control systems together with tank
testing, or a comparable system or method designed to
identify releases from underground storage tanks in a
manner consistent with the protection of human health
and the environment;

30 (5) Requirements for maintaining records of any
31 monitoring or leak detection system or inventory control
32 system or tank testing system;

33 (6) Regulations for procedures and amount of fees to be assessed for the underground storage tank adminis-34 35 trative fund, the leaking underground storage tank 36 response fund and the underground storage tank 37 insurance fund established pursuant to this article, 38 which shall include a capitalization fee to be assessed 39 against all owners or operators of underground tanks to 40 be used for initial establishment of the underground 41 storage tank insurance fund;

42 (7) Procedures for making expenditures from the

43 underground storage tank administrative fund, the 44 leaking underground storage tank response fund and 45 the underground storage tank response fund and

45 the underground storage tank insurance fund;

46 (8) Acceptable methods by which an owner or oper-47 ator may demonstrate financial responsibility;

48 (9) Requirements for reporting of releases and correc49 tive action taken in response to a release;

50 (10) Requirements for taking corrective action in 51 response to a release from an underground storage tank;

52 (11) Requirements for the closure of tanks to prevent 53 future releases of regulated substances to the 54 environment;

(12) Requirements for certification of installation,
removal, retrofit, testing and inspection of underground
storage tanks and leak detection systems by a registered
professional engineer or other qualified person;

(13) Requirements for public participation in the
enforcement of the state underground storage tank
program;

62 (14) Procedures establishing when and how the
63 director shall determine if information obtained by any
64 agency under this article is confidential;

(15) Standards of performance for new undergroundstorage tanks; or

67 (16) Any other rules, regulations or standards neces68 sary and appropriate for the effective implementation
69 and administration of this article.

§20-5H-22. Underground storage tank insurance fund.

1 (a) The director may establish an underground 2 storage tank insurance fund for the purpose of satisfying 3 the financial responsibility requirements established 4 pursuant to section ten of this article. In addition to the capitalization fee to be assessed against all owners or 5 operators of underground storage tanks provided by 6 7 subdivision (6), subsection (b), section six of this article, the director shall promulgate rules and regulations 8 establishing an annual financial responsibility assess-9

10 ment to be assessed on and paid by owners or operators 11 of underground storage tanks who are unable to obtain 12 insurance or otherwise meet the financial responsibility 13 requirements established pursuant to section ten of this 14 article. Such assessments shall be paid into the state 15 treasury into a special fund designated "the under-16 ground storage tank insurance fund".

(b) At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended
balance of such assessment shall not be transferred to
the general revenue fund but shall remain in the
underground storage tank insurance fund.

CHAPTER 148

(S. B. 277-By Senator Burdette, Mr. President, By Request)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections twelve and thirteen, article seven, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section fifty-seven, article two, chapter twenty of said code, relating to the negligent shooting, wounding or killing of a human being or livestock while hunting and the penalty therefor; and shooting across a road or near a building or crowd and the penalty therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections twelve and thirteen, article seven, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that section fifty-seven, article two, chapter twenty of said code be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

- §20-2-57. Negligent shooting, wounding or killing of human being or livestock while hunting; penalty.
 - 1 It shall be unlawful for any person, while engaged in
 - 2 hunting or pursuing wild animals, wild birds or wild
 - 3 fowl, carelessly or negligently to shoot, wound or kill any

4 human being, or any livestock, or destroy or injure any5 other chattels or property.

6 It is unlawful for any person, while engaged in 7 hunting, pursuing, taking or killing wild animals or 8 wild birds, to carelessly or negligently shoot, wound or 9 kill any human being or livestock, or to destroy or injure 10 any other chattels or property.

11 Any person who, in the act of hunting, pursuing, 12 taking or killing of wild animals or wild birds, in any 13 manner injures any person or property shall file with 14 the director a full description of the accident or other 15 casualty, including such information as the director may 16 require. Such report must be filed during a period not 17 to exceed seventy-two hours following such incident.

18 Any person violating this section shall be deemed 19 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 20 shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, and, 21 in the discretion of the court trying the case, may in 22 addition thereto be confined in the county jail for a 23 period not exceeding one year.

24 Any person violating this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 25fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than 26 ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not 27 more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned. 28 Restitution of the value of the livestock, chattel or 29 property injured or destroyed shall be required upon 30 conviction. 31

CHAPTER 149 (H. B. 4664-By Delegate Farley)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article one, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to officers, boards and commissions; how costs are paid; and how costs of confinement are paid for extradition expenses incurred. Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article one, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. THE GOVERNOR.

§5-1-12. How costs paid; complainant responsible for.

1 When the punishment of the crime shall be the 2 confinement of the criminal in the penitentiary, ex-3 penses incurred shall be paid from funds available to the 4 division of corrections. In all other cases such expenses 5 shall be paid out of the county treasury of the county 6 wherein the crime is alleged to have been committed.

7 The complainant in each case is answerable for all the 8 actual costs and charges, and for the support in prison 9 of any person so committed; and, if the charge for his 10 or her support in prison shall not be paid when 11 demanded, the jailer may discharge such person from 12 prison.



CHAPTER 150

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4706-By Delegates Riggs and Farmer)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article three-b, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to journeyman electricians licenses; requirements; and allowing graduates of approved vocational education programs to take the journeyman electrician's test and if successful, to be granted a license.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article three-b, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Ch. 150] PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS

ARTICLE 3B. SUPERVISION OF ELECTRICIANS.

§29-3B-4. Licenses; classes of licenses; issuance of licenses by commissioner; qualifications required for license; nontransferability and nonassignability of licenses; expiration of license; renewal.

1 (a) The following three classes of license may be 2 issued by the state fire marshal: "Master electrician 3 license," "journeyman electrician's license" and "ap-4 prentice electrician license."

5 (b) The state fire marshal shall issue the appropriate 6 class of license to a person, firm or corporation upon a 7 finding that such person, firm or corporation possesses 8 the qualifications for the class of license to be issued.

9 (c) The qualifications for each class of license to be 10 issued are as follows:

(1) For a "master electrician license" a person must 11 12 have five years of experience in electrical work of such breadth, independence and quality that such work 13 indicates that the applicant is competent to perform all 14 types of electrical work and can direct and instruct 15 journeyman electricians and apprentice electricians in 16 the performance of electrical work. Such applicant, or 17 a member of a firm or an officer of a corporation if the 18 applicant be a firm or corporation, must also pass the 19 master electrician examination given by the state fire 20 marshal with a grade of eighty percent correct or better; 21

(2) For a "journeyman electrician's license," a person 22 must have at least two years of experience in perform-23ing electrical work under the direction or instruction of 24 25 a master electrician or must have completed a formal apprentice program, or a vocational education program 26 of at least one thousand eighty hours in length and 27 approved by the state board of education or its succes-28 sor, providing actual electrical work experience and 29 30 training conducted by one or more master electricians. Such applicant must also pass the journeyman electri-31 cian's examination given by the state fire marshal with 32a grade of eighty percent correct or better. 33

Ş

34 (3) For an "apprentice electrician license," a person
35 must pass the apprentice electrician's examination given
36 by the state fire marshal with a grade of eighty percent
37 correct or better.

(d) (1) Certificates of license for a master electrician's
license issued by the state fire marshal shall specify the
name of the person, firm or corporation so qualifying
and the name of the person, who in the case of a firm
shall be one of its members and in the case of a
corporation shall be one of its officers, passing the
master electrician examination.

45 (2) Licenses issued to journeyman electricians and
46 apprentice electricians shall specify the name of the
47 person who is thereby authorized to perform electrical
48 work or, in the case of apprentice electricians, to work
49 with other classes of electricians to perform electrical
50 work.

51 (e) No license issued under this article is assignable 52 or transferable.

(f) All licenses issued by the state fire marshal shall
expire on the thirtieth day of June following the year
of issue or renewal.

56 (g) (1) Each expiring license may be renewed without need for examination and without limit as to the number 57 of times renewed, for the same class of license previously 58 issued and for the same person, firm or corporation to 59 whom it was originally issued upon payment to the state 60 61 fire marshal of a renewal fee of fifty dollars if such 62 application for renewal and payment of such fee is made 63 before the date of expiration of the license.

64 (2) In the case of a failure to renew a license on or 65 before the thirtieth day of June the person named in the 66 license may, upon payment of the renewal fee and an additional fee of fifteen dollars, receive from the state 67 fire marshal a deferred renewal of such license which 68 69 shall expire on the thirtieth day of June in the ensuing year. No person, firm or corporation may perform 70 electrical work upon expiration of such person's, firm's 71 or corporation's license until a deferred renewal for such 72

Ch. 151]

73 license is issued by the state fire marshal even if such

- 74 person, firm or corporation has applied for the deferred
- 75 renewal of such license.

CHAPTER 151

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4131—By Delegates B. Hatfield and White)

[Passed March 6, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia Medical Practice Act and the records of the board of medicine; eliminating the confidentiality of certain records and the criminal penalty for violations of the same; providing a method to encourage physicians, podiatrists and physician assistants to voluntarily seek treatment of an alcohol or chemical dependency; and providing that one voluntary agreement to seek treatment shall be confidential and not available to public access or discovery.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

§30-3-9. Records of board; expungement; examination; notice; public information; voluntary agreements relating to alcohol or chemical dependency; confidentiality of same; physicianpatient privileges.

1 (a) The board shall maintain a permanent record of 2 the names of all physicians, podiatrists, and physician 3 assistants, licensed, certified, or otherwise lawfully 4 practicing in this state, and of all persons applying to 5 be so licensed to practice, along with an individual 6 historical record for each such individual containing 7 reports and all other information furnished the board

PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS

[Ch. 151

8 under this article or otherwise. Such record may 9 include, in accordance with rules established by the 10 board, additional items relating to the individual's 11 record of professional practice that will facilitate proper 12 review of such individual's professional competence.

(b) Upon a determination by the board that any
report submitted to it is without merit, the report shall
be expunged from the individual's historical record.

16 (c) A physician, podiatrist, physician assistant, or 17 applicant, or authorized representative thereof, has the right, upon request, to examine his or her own individ-18 ual historical record maintained by the board pursuant 19 20 to this article and to place into such record a statement 21 of reasonable length of his or her own view of the 22 correctness or relevance of any information existing in 23 such record. Such statement shall at all times accom-24 pany that part of the record in contention.

(d) A physician, podiatrist, physician assistant or
applicant has the right to seek through court action the
amendment or expungement of any part of his or her
historical record.

(e) A physician, podiatrist, physician assistant or
applicant shall be provided written notice within thirty
days of the placement and substance of any information
in his individual historical record that pertains to him
and that was not submitted to the board by him.

34 (f) Except for information relating to biographical background, education, professional training and 35 practice, a voluntary agreement entered into pursuant 36 to subsection (h) of this section, prior disciplinary action 37 by any entity, or information contained on the licensure 38 39 application, the board shall expunge information in an individual's historical record unless it has initiated a 40 proceeding for a hearing upon such information within 41 42 two years of the placing of the information into the 43 historical record.

44 (g) Orders of the board relating to disciplinary action
45 against a physician, podiatrist, or physician assistant
46 are public information.

47 (h) (1) In order to encourage voluntary reporting of 48 alcohol or other chemical dependency impairment and 49 in recognition of the fact that alcoholism and chemical 50 dependency are illnesses, a physician, podiatrist, or physician assistant licensed, certified, or otherwise 5152 lawfully practicing in this state may enter into a 53 voluntary agreement with the board reporting his or her participation in a chemical dependency or alcohol 54 55 treatment program or reporting an alcohol or chemical 56 dependency impairment to the board and seek treat-57 ment for his or her dependency. Pursuant to said agreement the board shall impose limitations on the 58 practice of said physician, podiatrist, or physician 59 60 assistant.

61 (2) Any voluntary agreement entered into pursuant to
62 this subsection shall not be considered a disciplinary
63 action or order by the board and shall not be public
64 information if:

(A) Such voluntary agreement is the result of the
physician, podiatrist, or physician assistant reporting to
the board his or her participation in a chemical
dependency or alcohol treatment program or reporting
to the board his or her alcohol or chemical dependency
impairment and requesting such an agreement for the
purpose of seeking treatment; and

(B) The board has not received nor filed any written complaints regarding said physician, podiatrist, or physician assistant relating to an alcohol or chemical dependency impairment affecting the care and treatment of patients, nor received any reports pursuant to subsection (b), section fourteen of this article relating to an alcohol or chemical dependency impairment.

(3) If any physician, podiatrist, or physician assistant
enters into a voluntary agreement with the board
pursuant to this subsection and then fails to comply with
or fulfill the terms of said agreement, the board shall
initiate disciplinary proceedings pursuant to subsection
(a), section fourteen of this article.

(4) If the board has not instituted any disciplinary
proceeding as provided for in this article, any information received, maintained, or developed by the board relating

88 to the alcohol or chemical dependency impairment of 89 any physician, podiatrist or physician assistant and any 90 voluntary agreement made pursuant to this subsection 91 shall be confidential and not available for public 92 information, discovery, or court subpoena, nor for 93 introduction into evidence in any medical professional 94 liability action or other action for damages arising out 95 of the provision of or failure to provide health care 96 services.

97 In the board's annual report of its activities to the 98 Legislature required under section seven of this article. 99 the board shall include information regarding the 100 success of the voluntary agreement mechanism established therein: *Provided*. That in making such report the 101 board shall not disclose any personally identifiable 102 103 information relating to any physician, podiatrist, or 104 physician assistant participating in a voluntary agree-105 ment as provided herein.

106 Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions, the 107 board may cooperate with and provide documentation of 108 any voluntary agreement entered into pursuant to this 109 subsection to licensing boards in other jurisdictions, as 110 may be appropriate.

111 (i) Any physician-patient privilege does not apply in 112 any investigation or proceeding by the board or by a 113 medical peer review committee or by a hospital govern-114 ing board with respect to relevant hospital medical 115 records, while any of the aforesaid are acting within the 116 scope of their authority: Provided, That the disclosure 117 of any information pursuant to this provision shall not be considered a waiver of any such privilege in any 118 119 other proceeding.

CHAPTER 152

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4134-By Delegates Louderback and Wooton)

[Passed March 6, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article twelve, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to architects; the West Virginia board of architects; definitions; fees; registration qualifications; registration renewal; certificate of registration; requiring seal; disciplinary powers of board; disciplinary proceedings; registration prima facie evidence; prohibited acts; construction administration services; exceptions; enforcement of rules by attorney general or prosecuting attorney; and providing criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twelve, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. ARCHITECTS.

- §30-12-1. Board of architects.
- §30-12-2. Definitions.
- §30-12-3. Fees.
- §30-12-4. Registration qualifications.
- §30-12-5. Registration renewal.
- §30-12-6. Certificate of registration.
- §30-12-7. Seal.
- §30-12-8. Disciplinary powers.
- §30-12-9. Disciplinary proceedings.
- §30-12-10. Registration; prima facie evidence.
- §30-12-11. Prohibition.
- §30-12-11a. Construction administration services required.
- §30-12-12. Exceptions.
- §30-12-13. Enforcement.
- §30-12-14. Penalties.

§30-12-1. Board of architects.

The West Virginia board of architects, heretofore 1 created, shall continue in existence and shall consist of 2 seven members, five of whom shall be architects, 3 appointed by the governor by and with the advice and 4 consent of the Senate and two of whom shall be lay 5 members, not of the same political party affiliation, 6 appointed by the governor by and with the advice and 7 consent of the Senate. Each member who is an architect 8 shall have been engaged in the active practice of his 9 profession in the state of West Virginia for not fewer 10 than ten years previous to his appointment. The 11 members of the board in office on the date this article 12

takes effect, in the year one thousand nine hundred
ninety, shall, unless sooner removed, continue to serve
until their respective terms expire and until their
successors have been appointed and have qualified.

17 The board, in addition to the authority, powers and 18 duties granted to it by this article, has the authority to 19 promulgate rules, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 20 twenty-nine-a of this code. Any disciplinary proceedings held by the board shall be held in accordance with the 21 22 provisions of the administrative procedures act for contested cases pursuant to the provisions of article five 23 24 of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten,
chapter four of this code, the West Virginia board of
architects shall continue to exist until the first day of
July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

§30-12-2. Definitions.

1 The following words as used in this article, unless the 2 context otherwise requires, have the following 3 meanings:

4 (1) "Architect" means any person who engages in the 5 practice of architecture as hereinafter defined.

6 (2) "Board" means the West Virginia board of archi-7 tects established by section one of this article.

8 (3) "Direct supervision" means that degree of super-9 vision by a person overseeing the work of another person 10 whereby the supervisor has both control over and 11 detailed professional knowledge of the work prepared 12 under his or her supervision.

(4) "Good moral character" means such character as
will enable a person to discharge the fiduciary duties of
an architect to his client and to the public for the
protection of health, safety and welfare. Evidence of
inability to discharge such duties include the commission of an offense justifying discipline under section
eight of this article.

20 (5) "Practice of architecture" means rendering or 21 offering to render those services, hereinafter described,

Ch. 152] PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS

22in connection with the design and construction, enlar-23 gement or alteration of a building or group of buildings 24 and the space within and surrounding such buildings. 25which have as their principal purpose human occupancy or habitation; the services referred to include planning, 26 providing preliminary studies, designs, drawings, 27 specifications and other technical submissions and 28 29 administration of construction contracts.

30 (6) "Registered architect" means an architect holding31 a current registration.

32 (7) "Registration" means the certificate of registration33 issued by board.

34 (8) "Technical submissions" means designs, drawings,
35 specifications, studies and other technical reports
36 prepared in the course of practicing architecture.

§30-12-3. Fees.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of the law to
 the contrary, the board is authorized and empowered to
 establish a schedule of fees to be charged to applicants.
 The board shall charge for: Examination, reexamina tion, renewal of certificates, restoration of expired
 certificates, reciprocal registration and for any other
 matters deemed appropriate by the board.

8 (b) The board shall cause such schedule of fees to be
9 published annually in the state register. Until such time
10 as the board establishes otherwise, the fees previously
11 set by statute remain in effect.

§30-12-4. Registration qualifications.

Every person applying to the board for initial 1 registration shall submit an application accompanied by 2 the fee established in accordance with section three of 3 4 this article with satisfactory evidence that such person holds an accredited professional degree in architecture 5 or has completed such other education as the board 6 considers equivalent to an accredited professional 7 degree and with satisfactory evidence that such person 8 has completed such practical training in architectural 9 work as the board requires. If an applicant is qualified, 10

1209

11 the board shall, by means of a written examination. 12 examine the applicant on such technical and profes-13 sional subjects as prescribed by it. None of the exam-14 ination materials are public records as defined in article 15 one, chapter twenty-nine-b of this code. The board may 16 exempt from such written examination an applicant who holds certification issued by the national council of 17 architectural registration boards. The board may adopt 18 19 as its own rules governing practical training and 20 education those guidelines published from time to time 21 by the national council of architectural registration 22 boards. The board may also adopt the examinations and 23 grading procedures of the national council of architec-24 tural registration board and the accreditation decisions of the national architectural accrediting board. The 2526 board shall issue its registration to each applicant who 27 is found to be of good moral character and who satisfies 28 the requirements set forth in this section. The registra-29 tion is effective upon issuance.

§30-12-5. Registration renewal.

1 The board shall mail each year to every registered 2 architect an application for renewal of registration. The 3 application, properly filled out and accompanied by the 4 renewal fee established in accordance with section three 5 of this article, shall be returned to the board on or before 6 the date established by the board. After verification of 7 the facts stated in the renewal application, the board 8 shall issue a registration which is valid for one year. 9 expiring on the thirtieth day of June of each year. Any 10 holder of a registration who fails to renew his or her 11 application on or before the prescribed date, before 12 again engaging in the practice of architecture within the state, is required to apply for reinstatement, pay the 13 14 prescribed fee and, in circumstances considered approp-15 riate by the board, may be required to be reexamined.

§30-12-6. Certificate of registration.

1 Every registered architect having a place of business 2 or employment within the state shall display his or her

- 3 certificate of registration in a conspicuous place in such
- 4 place of business or employment. A new certificate of

Ch. 152] PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS

5 registration, to replace a lost, destroyed or mutilated 6 certificate, shall be issued by the board upon payment 7 of a fee established in accordance with section three of 8 this article and such certificate shall be stamped or 9 marked "duplicate."

§30-12-7. Seal.

1 (a) Every registered architect shall have a seal of a 2 design authorized by the board by rule. All technical 3 submissions prepared by such architect, or under his or her direct supervision, shall be stamped with the 4 impression of his or her seal. No architect holding a 5 registration may impress his or her seal on any technical 6 7 submissions unless they were prepared under his or her 8 direct supervision: Provided. That in the case of the 9 portions of such technical submissions prepared under the direct supervision of persons consulting with or 10 11 employed by the architect, the architect may sign or seal those portions of the technical submission if the 12 13 architect has reviewed such portions and has coordi-14 nated their preparation.

15 (b) No public official charged with the enforcement 16 duties of a municipal building inspector may accept or 17 approve any technical submissions involving the practice of architecture unless the technical submissions 18 have been stamped as required by this section or by a 19 20 registered engineer or the applicant has certified 21 thereon the applicability of a specific exception under 22 section twelve of this article permitting the preparation 23 of such technical submissions by a person not registered thereunder. A building permit issued with respect to 24 25technical submissions which do not conform with the 26 requirements of this section is invalid.

§30-12-8. Disciplinary powers.

1 The board may revoke, suspend or annul a registra-2 tion, or impose a civil penalty in an amount not more 3 than two thousand dollars for each violation, upon 4 satisfactory proof to the board that any person has 5 violated the provisions of this article or any rules 6 promulgated by the board under this article. In hearing 7 matters arising under this section, the board may take8 into account suitable evidence of reform.

§30-12-9. Disciplinary proceedings.

Charges against any person involving any matter 1 2 coming within the jurisdiction of the board shall be in 3 writing and shall be filed with the board. Such charges, 4 at the discretion of the board, shall be heard within a 5 reasonable time after being so filed. The accused person has the right at such hearing to appear personally, with 6 7 or without counsel, to cross-examine adverse witnesses 8 and to produce evidence and witnesses in his or her 9 defense. The board shall set the time and place for such hearing and shall cause a copy of the charges, together 10 with a notice of the time and place fixed for the hearing, 11 12 to be sent by registered mail to the accused person, at his or her latest place or residence or business known 13 to the board, at least thirty days before such date. If 14 15 after such hearing the board finds the accused person 16 has violated any of the provisions of this article or any 17 of the rules promulgated by the board, it may issue any 18 order described in section eight of this article. If the 19 board finds no such violation, then it shall enter an order dismissing the charges. If the order revokes, suspends 20 21 or annuls an architect's registration, the board shall so 22 notify, in writing, the secretary of state and the clerk of the municipality in the state wherein such architect 23 24 has a place of business, if any.

The board may reissue a registration to any person whose registration has been revoked. Application for the reissuance of the registration shall be made in such a manner as the board may direct and shall be accompanied by a fee established in accordance with section three of this article.

§30-12-10. Registration; prima facie evidence.

1 Every registration issued and remaining in force is 2 prima facie evidence in all courts of the state that the 3 person named therein is legally registered as an 4 architect for the period for which it is issued and of all 5 other facts stated therein.

§30-12-11. Prohibition.

1 Except as hereinafter set forth in section twelve of 2 this article, no person may directly or indirectly engage 3 in the practice of architecture in the state or use the title "architect," "registered architect," "architectural 4 5 designer," or display or use any words, letters, figures, titles, sign, card, advertisement or other symbol or 6 7 device indicating that such person is an architect or is practicing architecture, unless he or she is registered 8 under the provisions of this article. No person may aid 9 or abet any person, not registered under the provisions 10 of this chapter, in the practice of architecture. 11

§30-12-11a. Construction administration services required.

1 (a) The owner of any real property who allows a 2 project to be constructed on such real property shall be 3 engaged in the practice of architecture unless such 4 owner may have employed or may have caused others 5 to have employed a registered architect or registered 6 engineer to furnish "construction administration servi-7 ces" with respect to such project.

8 (b) For purposes of this section, the following terms9 shall have the following meanings:

10 (1) "Building official" means the person appointed by 11 the municipality or state subdivision having jurisdiction 12 over the project to have principal responsibility for the 13 safety of the project as finally built.

(2) "Construction administration services" comprises 14 at the following services: (A) Visiting the construction 15 site on a regular basis as is necessary to determine that 16 the work is proceeding generally in accordance with the 17 technical submissions submitted to the building official 18 at the time the building permit was issued; (B) process-19 ing shop drawings, samples, and other submittals 20 21 required of the contractor by the terms of construction contract documents; and (C) notifying an owner and the 22 building official of any code violations, changes which 23 affect code compliance, the use of any materials, 24 assemblies, components, or equipment prohibited by a 25 code, major or substantial changes between such 26

technical submissions which he or she identifies as
constituting a hazard to the public, which he or she
observes in the course of performing his or her duties.

30 (3) "Owner" means with respect to any real property 31 and of the following persons: (A) The holder of a 32 mortgage secured by such real property; (B) the holder. 33 directly or indirectly, of an equity interest in such real 34 property exceeding ten percent of the aggregate equity 35 interests in such real property; (C) the record owner of 36 such real property; or (D) the lessee of all or any portion 37 of such real property when the lease covers all of that 38 portion of such real property upon which the project is 39 being constructed, the lessee has significant approval 40 rights with respect to the project, and the lease, at the 41 time the construction of the project begins, has a 42 remaining term of not less than ten years.

43 (4) "Project" means the construction, enlargement, or
44 alteration of a building, other than a building exempted
45 by the provisions of section twelve of this article, which
46 has as its principal purpose human occupancy or
47 habitation.

48 (c) If the registered engineer or registered architect 49 who sealed the technical submissions which were 50 submitted to the building official at the time the 51 building permit was issued has not been employed to 52 furnish construction administration services at the time 53 such registered architect or registered engineer issued 54 such technical submissions, he or she shall note on such 55 technical submissions that he or she has not been so 56 employed. If he or she is not employed to furnish 57 construction administration services when construction 58 of the project begins, he or she shall file, not later than 59 thirty days after such construction begins, with the 60 board and with the building official, on a form pres-61 cribed by the board, a notice setting forth the names of 62 the owner or owners known to him or her, the address 63 of the project, and the name, if known to him or her, of the registered architect employed to perform con-64 65 struction administration services. If he or she believes that no registered architect or registered engineer has 66 been so employed, he or she shall so state on the form. 67

Ch. 152] PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS

Any registered architect or registered engineer who
fails to place the note on his or her technical submissions
or to file such notice, as required by this paragraph,
shall have violated the provisions of this chapter and
shall be subject to discipline as set forth herein.

(d) If the board determines, with respect to a particular project or class of projects, that the public is
adequately protected without the necessity of a registered architect or registered engineer performing
construction administrative services, the board may
waive the requirements of this section with respect to
such project or class of projects.

§30-12-12. Exceptions.

1 Nothing in this article may be construed to prevent:

2 (a) Any of the activities that, apart from this exemp3 tion, would constitute the practice of architecture, if
4 performed in connection with any of the following:

5 (1) A detached single family dwelling and any sheds,
6 storage buildings and garages incidental thereto;

7 (2) A multi-family residential structure not in excess
8 of three stories excluding any basement area;

9 (3) Farm buildings, including barns, silos, sheds or 10 housing for farm equipment and machinery, livestock, 11 poultry or storage, if such structures are designed to be 12 occupied by no more than ten persons;

(4) Any alteration, renovation or remodeling of a
building, if such alteration, renovation or remodeling
does not affect structural or other safety features of the
building or if the work contemplated by the design does
not require the issuance of a permit under any applicable building code;

19 (5) Preengineered buildings, including mobile class-20 rooms purchased by county school boards; and

(6) A commercial structure which is to contain not
more than seventy-six hundred square feet and not in
excess of one story excluding any basement area.

24 (b) The preparation of any detailed or shop drawings

required to be furnished by a contractor, or the
administration of construction contracts by persons
customarily engaged in contracting work.

(c) The preparation of technical submissions or the
administration of construction contracts by employees of
a person or organization lawfully engaged in the
practice of architecture when such employees are acting
under the direct supervision of a registered architect.

33 (d) Officers and employees of the United States of
34 America from engaging in the practice of architecture
35 as employees of said United States of America.

(e) A partnership, corporation or other business entity
from performing or holding itself out as able to perform
any of the services involved in the practice of architecture, provided such practice is actually carried on under
the direct supervision of architects registered in the
state of West Virginia.

42 (f) A nonresident, who holds a certificate to practice 43 architecture in the state in which he resides and in addition holds the certification issued by the national 44 45 council of architectural registration boards, from agreeing to perform or holding herself or himself out as 46 47 able to perform any of the professional services involved 48 in the practice of architecture: Provided. That he or she may not perform any of the professional services 49 50 involved in the practice of architecture until registered 51 as hereinbefore provided and he or she notifies the board 52 in writing if, prior to registration, he or she engages in 53 any of the activities permitted by this paragraph.

54 (g) The practice of landscape architecture as defined 55 in section two, article twenty-two of this chapter.

§30-12-13. Enforcement.

1 The board shall enforce the provisions of this article 2 and of the rules adopted hereunder. If any person 3 refuses to obey any decision or order of the board, the 4 board or, upon the request of the board, the attorney 5 general or the appropriate prosecuting attorney, may 6 file an action for the enforcement of such decision or 7 order, including injunctive relief, in the circuit court of

Ch. 153] Professions and Occupations

8 the county of residence of such person. After due 9 hearing, the court shall order the enforcement of such 10 decision or order, or any part thereof, if legally and 11 properly made by the board and, where appropriate, 12 injunctive relief.

§30-12-14. Penalties.

1 Whoever violates any provision of this article is guilty 2 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 3 fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned 4 in the county jail for not more then twelve months, or 5 both fined and imprisoned.



{Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, five, seven, nine and twelve, article twenty-six, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to permitting license fees for hearing-aid dealers and fitters to be established by rule.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, five, seven, nine and twelve, article twenty-six, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 26. HEARING-AID DEALERS AND FITTERS.

- §30-26-3. West Virginia board of hearing-aid dealers created; members; qualifications; term; oath; salary and expenses; powers and duties.
- §30-26-5. Application for licenses; qualifications of applicants; fees; duties of the board with respect thereto.
- §30-26-7. Results of examination disclosed to applicant; issuance of license; fees.
- §30-26-9. Renewal of license.
- §30-26-12. Temporary trainee permits.

[Ch. 153

§30-26-3. West Virginia board of hearing-aid dealers created; members; qualifications; term; oath; salary and expenses; powers and duties.

1 There is hereby created the West Virginia board of 2 hearing-aid dealers, which shall be composed of five 3 members to be appointed by the governor, by and with 4 the advice and consent of the Senate. The members of 5 the board shall be residents of this state. One member 6 shall be a person licensed to practice medicine in this 7 state and one member shall hold a degree in audiology 8 from an accredited college or university. The remaining 9 three members shall be persons having no less than five 10 vears' experience as hearing-aid dealers or fitters and 11 shall hold a valid license under the provisions of this 12 article, except that the hearing-aid dealers or fitters to 13 be first appointed to the board shall obtain a license 14 under the provisions of this article within six months 15 following their appointment to the board.

16 The term of office of each member of the board shall 17 be four years, excepting that as to the members first 18 appointed to the board, one shall be appointed for two 19 years; two shall be appointed for three years; and two 20shall be appointed for four years. A board member shall 21 serve until his successor has been duly appointed and 22 qualified and any vacancy in the office of a member 23 shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term 24 of such member. Any member of the board shall be 25eligible for reappointment.

The board shall annually at its meeting first succeeding the first day of May elect from its own members a chairman and vice chairman.

29 Each member of the board shall receive for each day 30 actually engaged in the duties of his office, a per diem 31 salary of one hundred dollars and shall be reimbursed 32 for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually 33 incurred in the performance of his duties as a member 34 of such board. All fees and other moneys collected by 35 the board, pursuant to the provisions of this article, shall 36 be kept in a separate fund and shall be expended solely 37 for the purposes of this article. The compensation for the

Ch. 153] PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS

38 members of the board and all expenses incurred under 39 this article shall be paid from this special fund and no 40 such compensation or expenses shall be paid from the 41 general revenue fund of this state. All disbursements of 42 funds necessary to carry out the provisions of this article 43 shall be so disbursed only upon the authority of the 44 board.

The board is hereby empowered, with the assistance of the department to generally supervise, regulate and control the practice of dealing in or fitting of hearing aids in this state, and in so doing, shall administer qualifying examinations in accordance with the provisions of this article to test the knowledge and proficiency of all prospective licensees or trainees.

52 The board may purchase and maintain or rent 53 audiometric equipment and other facilities necessary to 54 carry out the examination of applicants as provided in 55 this article and may purchase such other equipment and 56 supplies and employ such persons as it deems approp-57 riate to carry out the provisions of this article.

58 The board shall promulgate reasonable rules and 59 regulations in accordance with and subject to the 60 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code:

61 (a) For the proper performance of its duties;

(b) To define and prescribe the ethical practice of
dealing in or fitting of hearing aids for the safety,
protection and welfare of the public;

65 (c) To govern the time, place and manner of conduct-66 ing the examinations required by this article and the 67 standard, scope and subject of such examinations, which 68 examinations shall, as a minimum, conform with the 69 standards, scope and subjects set forth in section six of 70 this article and manner and form in which applications 71 for such examinations shall be filed;

(d) To establish procedures for determining whether
persons holding similar valid licenses from other states
or jurisdictions shall be required to take and successfully pass the appropriate qualifying examination as a
condition for such licensing in this state;

(e) To establish such fees for examinations, permits,licenses and renewals as may be necessary to cover the

79 costs of administration.

§30-26-5. Application for licenses; qualifications of applicants; fees; duties of the board with respect thereto.

Each person desiring to obtain a license from the board to engage in the practice of dealing in or fitting of hearing aids shall make application to the board. The application shall be made in such manner and form as prescribed by the board and shall be accompanied by the prescribed fee. The application shall state under oath that the applicant:

8 (1) Intends to maintain a permanent office or place of 9 business in this state or that the applicant has at the 10 time of application a permanent office or place of 11 business in another state within a reasonable commut-12 ing distance from this state. The board shall determine 13 and prescribe by regulation the term "reasonable 14 distance" as used herein;

(2) Is a person of good moral character and that he
has never been convicted of nor is presently under
indictment for a crime involving moral turpitude;

18 (3) Is eighteen years of age or older;

19 (4) Has an education equivalent to a four-year course20 in an accredited high school; and

21 (5) Is free of chronic infectious or contagious diseases.

Any person who fails to meet any of the standards set forth in the next preceding paragraph shall not be eligible or qualified to take the examination nor shall any such person be eligible or qualified to engage in the practice of dealing in or fitting of hearing aids.

The board, after first determining that the applicant is qualified and eligible in every respect to take the examination, shall notify the applicant that he has fulfilled all of the qualifications and eligibility requirements as required by this section and shall advise him of the date, time and place for him to appear to be

Ch. 153] Professions and Occupations

examined as required by the provisions of this article
and the regulations promulgated by the board pursuant
to this article.

The board, with the aid and assistance of the department, shall give at least one annual examination of the type required by this article and may give such additional examinations, at such times and places, as the board and the department may deem proper, giving consideration to the number of applications.

§30-26-7. Results of examination disclosed to applicant; issuance of license; fees.

1 (a) Any person who has taken the examination shall 2 be notified by the board within thirty days following such examination as to whether he has satisfactorily 3 passed the examination. If such person has failed to pass 4 5 the examination, he shall be notified of the reasons for 6 such failure and the particular portions of the examination which he failed to pass. Such person shall also 7 8 be advised of his right to take the examination in the 9 future.

10 If such applicant has satisfactorily passed the exam-11 ination, he shall be advised of that fact by the board and, 12 upon payment of the prescribed fee, the board shall 13 register the applicant as a licensee and shall issue a 14 license to such applicant. Such license shall remain in 15 effect until the next succeeding thirtieth day of June.

16 (b) Within six months following the effective date of this article, any applicant for a license who has been 17 engaged in the practice of dealing in or fitting of 18 hearing aids in this state for a period of three years 19 immediately prior to such effective date, shall be so 2021 registered and issued a license without being required to undergo or take the examination required by this 22 article: Provided, That such person meets all other 23 requirements of this article and the rules and regula-24 tions promulgated pursuant thereto. All of the fees 25which such prospective licensee would be otherwise 26 required to pay shall be paid by such prospective 27 licensee in the same manner and to the same extent as 28

29 if such prospective licensee had not so engaged in such 30 practice in this state for such three-year period.

31 (c) The issuance of a license by the board must have32 the concurrence of a majority of its members.

§30-26-9. Renewal of license.

1222

(a) A person who is engaged in the practice of dealing 1 2 in or fitting of hearing aids shall renew his license annually upon payment of the prescribed renewal fee. 3 4 A thirty-day period shall be allowed after expiration of 5 a license during which any such license may be renewed 6 upon payment of the renewal fee plus a penalty for late 7 filing. After the expiration of such thirty-day period, the 8 board may renew such license upon payment of twice the prescribed renewal fee. No person who applies for 9 10 renewal, whose license was suspended for failure to 11 renew, may be required to submit to any examination as a condition of renewal if application is made within 12 two years following the date such license was so 13 14 suspended.

(b) In each even numbered year beginning with the 15 year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, each 16 17 applicant for renewal of license shall present to the 18 board evidence of continuing study and education of not less than twenty hours in a course of study approved by 19 20 the board. Such twenty hours of instruction must have 21 been gained during the immediately preceding two 22 vears.

§30-26-12. Temporary trainee permits.

A person who meets all of the qualifications and requirements set forth in subdivision (2), section five of this article may obtain a temporary trainee permit upon application to the board. All such applications for a temporary trainee permit shall be made in the manner and form prescribed in the rules and regulations of the board.

8 Upon receiving an application for a temporary trainee 9 permit as prescribed in this section, accompanied by the 10 prescribed fee, the board shall issue such permit which 11 shall entitle the applicant trainee to engage in the

Ch. 154]

PUBLIC DEFENDER

12 practice of dealing in or fitting of hearing aids for a 13 period of one year under the supervision and control of 14 a licensee, such licensee to be responsible for the 15 supervision, training and control of such trainee.

16 If a person holding a temporary trainee permit under 17 this section has not successfully passed the licensing 18 examination within one year from the date of issuance 19 of such permit, the permit may be renewed or reissued 20 under such conditions as the board may require in its 21 rules and regulations for an additional one-year period 22 upon payment of the prescribed fee. No such temporary 23 trainee permit shall be reissued, renewed or extended 24 more than once.

CHAPTER 154

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4254-By Delegates Buchanan and Gallagher)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and nineteen, article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections. designated sections thirteen-a and twenty-one, all relating to public defender services; definitions of eligible proceeding; executive director; powers and duties of agency; services of criminal law research center: activation and funding of public defender corporations; appointment of public defenders; applications for funding of public defender corporations; increasing compensation and expenses for panel attornevs: authority of board of directors for public defender corporations: eligibility guidelines and supporting affidavits; audits; private practice of law by public defenders; and forgiveness of public defender services loans.

1223

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and nineteen, article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections thirteen-a and twenty-one, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21. PUBLIC DEFENDER SERVICES.

- §29-21-2. Definitions.
- §29-21-5. Executive director.
- §29-21-6. , Powers, duties and limitations.
- §29-21-7. Criminal law research center established; functions.
- §29-21-8. Public defender corporations.
- §29-21-9. Panel attorneys.
- §29-21-10. Public defender corporations-Intent to apply for funding.
- §29-21-11. Public defender corporations—Funding applications; legal representation plans; review.
- §29-21-12. Public defender corporation funding applications.
- §29-21-13. Approval of public defender corporation funding applications; funding; record keeping by public defender corporations.
- §29-21-13a. Compensation and expenses for panel attorneys.
- §29-21-15. Public defender corporations—Board of directors.
- §29-21-16. Determination of maximum income levels; eligibility guidelines; use of form affidavit; inquiry by court; denial of services; repayment; limitation on remedies against affiant.
- §29-21-17. Private practice of law by public defenders.
- §29-21-19. Audits.
- §29-21-21. Forgiveness of loans; reversion of public defender corporation assets.

§29-21-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, the following words and 2 phrases are hereby defined:

3 (1) "Eligible client": Any person who meets the
4 requirements established by this article to receive
5 publicly funded legal representation in an eligible
6 proceeding as defined herein;

7 (2) "Eligible proceeding": Criminal charges which 8 may result in incarceration, juvenile proceedings, 9 proceedings to revoke parole or probation if the 10 revocation may result in incarceration, contempts of 11 court, child abuse and neglect proceedings which may

result in a termination of parental rights, mental 12 hygiene commitment proceedings, paternity proceed-13 ings. extradition proceedings, proceedings brought in 14 15 aid of an eligible proceeding, and appeals from or post 16 conviction challenges to the final judgment in an eligible 17 proceeding. Legal representation provided pursuant to the provisions of this article is limited to the court 18 19 system of the state of West Virginia, but does not 20 include representation in municipal courts unless the 21 accused is at risk of incarceration:

(3) "Legal representation": The provision of any legal
services or legal assistance consistent with the purposes
and provisions of this article;

(4) "Private practice of law": The provision of legal
representation by a public defender or assistant public
defender to a client who is not entitled to receive legal
representation under the provisions of this article, but
does not include, among other activities, teaching;

30 (5) "Public defender": The staff attorney employed on 31 a full-time basis by a public defender corporation who. 32 in addition to providing direct representation to eligible 33 clients, has administrative responsibility for the opera-34 tion of the public defender corporation. The public 35 defender may be a part-time employee if the board of 36 directors of the public defender corporation finds 37 efficient operation of the corporation does not require a 38 full-time attorney and the executive director approves 39 such part-time employment;

40 (6) "Assistant public defender": A staff attorney 41 providing direct representation to eligible clients whose 42 salary and status as a full-time or part-time employee 43 are fixed by the board of directors of the public defender 44 corporation;

45 (7) "Public defender corporation": A corporation
46 created under section eight of this article for the sole
47 purpose of providing legal representation to eligible
48 clients; and

49 (8) "Public defender office": An office operated by a
50 public defender corporation to provide legal represen51 tation under the provisions of this article.

§29-21-5. Executive director.

(a) The governor shall appoint, by and with the advice 1 2 and consent of the Senate, the executive director of 3 public defender services, who shall serve at the will and 4 pleasure of the governor. The executive director shall be a qualified administrator as determined by the gover-5 6 nor, and shall be a member of the bar of the supreme 7 court of appeals. In addition to the executive director 8 there shall be such other employees as the executive 9 director determines to be necessary. The executive 10 director shall have the authority to promulgate rules, 11 and shall have such other authority and perform such 12 duties as may be required or necessary to effectuate this 13 article. The executive director shall provide supervision 14 and direction to the other agency employees in the performance of their duties. 15

(b) The executive director's annual salary shall be asdetermined by the Legislature.

§29-21-6. Powers, duties and limitations.

1 (a) Consistent with the provisions of this article, the 2 agency is authorized to make grants to and contracts 3 with public defender corporations and with individuals. 4 partnerships, firms, corporations and nonprofit organ-5 izations, for the purpose of providing legal representa-6 tion under this article, and may make such other grants 7 and contracts as are necessary to carry out the purposes 8 and provisions of this article.

9 (b) The agency is authorized to accept, and employ or 10 dispose of in furtherance of the purposes of this article, 11 any money or property, real, personal or mixed, tangible 12 or intangible, received by gift, devise, bequest or 13 otherwise.

(c) The agency shall establish and the executive
director or his designate shall operate a criminal law
research center as provided for in section seven of this
article. This center shall undertake directly, or by grant
or contract, to serve as a clearinghouse for information;
to provide training and technical assistance relating to

1226

the delivery of legal representation; and to engage in
research, except that broad general legal or policy
research unrelated to direct representation of eligible
clients may not be undertaken.

24 (d) The agency shall establish and the executive 25 director or his designate shall operate an accounting and 26 auditing division to require and monitor the compliance 27 with this article by public defender corporations and other persons or entities receiving funding or compen-28 sation from the agency. This division shall review all 29 30 plans and proposals for grants and contracts, and shall 31 make a recommendation of approval or disapproval to the executive director. The division shall prepare, or 32 33 cause to be prepared, reports concerning the evaluation. 34 inspection, or monitoring of public defender 35 corporations and other grantees, contractors, persons or 36 entities receiving financial assistance under this article. 37 and shall further carry out the agency's responsibilities 38 for records and reports as set forth in section eighteen 39 of this article.

40 The accounting and auditing division shall require 41 each public defender corporation to annually report on 42 the billable and nonbillable time of its professional 43 employees, including time utilized in administration of 44 the respective offices, so as to compare such time to 45 similar time expended in nonpublic law offices for like 46 activities.

The accounting and auditing division shall provide to the executive director assistance in the fiscal administration of all of the agency's divisions. Such assistance shall include, but not be limited to, budget preparation and statistical analysis.

52 (e) The agency shall establish and the executive 53 director or a person designated by the executive director shall operate an appellate advocacy division for the 54 purpose of prosecuting litigation on behalf of eligible 55 clients in the supreme court of appeals. The executive 56 director or a person designated by the executive director 57 shall be the director of the appellate advocacy division. 58 The appellate advocacy division shall represent eligible 59

PUBLIC DEFENDER

60 clients upon appointment by the circuit courts, or by the 61 supreme court of appeals. The division may, however, refuse such appointments due to a conflict of interest or 62 63 if the executive director has determined the existing 64 caseload cannot be increased without jeopardizing the 65 appellate division's ability to provide effective represen-66 tation. In order to effectively and efficiently utilize the 67 resources of the appellate division the executive director 68 may restrict the provision of appellate representation to 69 certain types of cases.

The executive director is empowered to select and
employ staff attorneys to perform the duties prescribed
by this subsection. The division shall maintain vouchers
and records for representation of eligible clients, for
record purposes only.

§29-21-7. Criminal law research center established; functions.

(a) Within the agency, there shall be a division known
 as the criminal law research center which may:

3 (1) Undertake research, studies and analyses and act
4 as a central repository, clearinghouse and disseminator
5 of research materials;

6 (2) Prepare and distribute a criminal law manual and 7 other materials and establish and implement standard 8 and specialized training programs for attorneys practic-9 ing criminal law;

(3) Provide and coordinate continuing legal education
 programs and services for attorneys practicing criminal
 law; and

(4) Prepare, supplement and disseminate indices and
digests of decisions of the West Virginia supreme court
of appeals and other courts, statutes and other legal
authorities relating to criminal law.

17 (b) The services of the criminal law research center 18 shall be offered at reasonable rates or by subscription 19 to prosecuting attorneys and their professional staffs, 20 panel attorneys, and private attorneys engaged in the 21 practice of criminal law. The services may be provided to public defender corporations, public defenders andassistant public defenders at reduced rates.

§29-21-8. Public defender corporations.

1 (a) In each judicial circuit of the state, there is hereby 2 created a "public defender corporation" of the circuit: 3 *Provided*, That one such public defender corporation 4 shall serve both the twenty-third and thirty-first judicial 5 circuits. The purpose of such public defender corpora-6 tions is to provide legal representation in the respective 7 circuits in accordance with the provisions of this article.

8 (b) If the judge of a single judge circuit, the chief 9 judge of a multijudge circuit or a majority of the active members of the bar in the circuit determine there is a 10 need to activate the corporation they shall certify that 11 12 fact in writing to the executive director. The executive 13 director shall allocate funds to those corporations so certifying in the order in which he or she deems most 14 efficient and cost effective. 15

(c) Public defender corporations may apply in writing
to the executive director for permission to merge to form
multicircuit or regional public defender corporations.
Applications for mergers shall be subject to the review
procedures set forth in section eleven of this article.

§29-21-9. Panel attorneys.

1 (a) In each circuit of the state, the circuit court shall 2 establish and maintain regional and local panels of 3 private attorneys-at-law who shall be available to serve 4 as counsel for eligible clients.

5 (b) An attorney-at-law may become a panel attorney and be enrolled on the regional or local panel, or both, 6 to serve as counsel for eligible clients, by informing the 7 court. A prospective panel attorney shall inform the 8 court in writing, on forms provided by the executive 9 director, of a desire to accept appointments generally, 10 or of the specific types of cases in which he or she will 11 accept appointments. The attorney shall also indicate 12 whether or not he or she will accept appointments in 13 adjoining circuits and, if so, in which circuits. An 14 agreement to accept cases generally or certain types of 15

16 cases particularly shall not prevent a panel attorney17 from declining an appointment in a specific case.

18 (c) In all cases where an attorney-at-law is required 19 to be appointed for an eligible client, the appointment 20 shall be made by the circuit judge. In circuits where a public defender office is in operation, the judge shall 21 appoint the public defender office unless such appoint-22 ment is not appropriate due to a conflict of interest or 23 24 unless the public defender corporation board of directors or the public defender, with the approval of the 25board, has notified the court that the existing caseload 26 cannot be increased without jeopardizing the ability of 27 28 defenders to provide effective representation.

29 If the public defender office is not available for 30 appointment, the court shall appoint one or more panel attorneys from the local panel. If there is no local panel 31 attorney available, the judge shall appoint one or more 32 panel attorneys from the regional panel. If there is no 33 regional panel attorney available, the judge may appoint 34 a public defender office from an adjoining circuit if such 35 public defender office agrees to the appointment. 36

37 In circuits where no public defender office is in 38 operation, the judge shall first refer to the local panel and then to the regional panel in making appointments, 39 and if an appointment cannot be made from the panel **40** attorneys, the judge may appoint the public defender 41 42 office of an adjoining circuit if the office agrees to the appointment. In any circuit, when there is no public 43 defender, or assistant public defender, local panel 44 attorney or regional panel attorney available, the judge 45 may appoint one or more gualified private attorneys to 46 provide representation, and such private attorney or 47 48 attorneys shall be treated as panel attorneys for that specific case. In any given case, the appointing judge 49 may alter the order in which attorneys are appointed if 50 51the case requires particular knowledge or experience on 52 the part of the attorney to be appointed.

§29-21-10. Public defender corporation—Intent to apply for funding.

1 (a) Any public defender corporation applying to

2 public defender services for financial assistance to 3 establish a program to provide legal representation or 4 proposing a major substantive modification to an 5 existing program shall notify the executive director and 6 the circuit judges in the area in which the program will 7 deliver legal representation of the intent to apply for such assistance or modification. Such notice shall be 8 9 given at least thirty days prior to the filing of an 10 application or a proposal for modification.

(b) Notifications shall include a summary description
of the proposed program. The summary description
shall contain the following information:

14 (1) The identity of the applicant;

(2) The geographical area to be served by the pro-posed program;

(3) A brief description of the proposed program,
general size or scale, estimated cost, or other characteristics which will enable the circuit court to determine
how the system for representation of indigents within
the circuit may be affected by the proposed program;
and

(4) The estimated date the public defender corporation expects to formally file an application or modification proposal.

§29-21-11. Public defender corporations—Funding applications; legal representation plans; review.

1 (a) Any public defender corporation or any other 2 entity wishing to secure state financial assistance 3 through the agency shall submit a funding application 4 to the executive director.

5 (b) The funding application, which is to be submitted 6 in a form prescribed by the executive director, shall 7 contain a general description of the plans and policies 8 the applicant intends to utilize in providing legal 9 representation, and such other information prescribed 10 by the executive director.

11 (c) All applications for financial assistance from

public defender services under the provisions of this
article must be submitted to the circuit judges of the
circuit for review prior to their submission to public
defender services.

16 Reviews shall be completed by circuit judges within 17 fifteen days after receipt. If the public defender 18 corporation or other applicant has not received a 19 response within the fifteen-day period, the public 20 defender corporation may consider the judge to have 21 waived his or her opportunity to review and comment 22 on the proposed program or program modification and 23 may submit the application to public defender services.

24 (d) Completed applications shall include:

(1) All comments and recommendations made by the
circuit judges, along with a statement that such
comments have been considered prior to submission of
the application; or

(2) If no comments have been received from circuit
judges, a statement that the procedures outlined in this
section have been followed and that no comments or
recommendations have been received.

§29-21-12. Public defender corporation funding applications.

1 (a) If an application does not carry evidence that 2 appropriate circuit judges have been given an opportun-3 ity to review the application, the application shall be 4 returned with instructions to fulfill the requirements of 5 section eleven of this article.

6 (b) The executive director shall within seven working 7 days after taking any major action on an application 8 notify the circuit judges who have reviewed the appli-9 cation of the action taken. Major actions include 10 program approvals, rejections, returns for amendment, 11 deferrals or withdrawals.

(c) If a judge has recommended against approval, or
has recommended approval only with specific and major
substantive changes, and the executive director approves the application substantially as submitted, the

16 executive director shall provide the judge with an17 explanation of the approval of the application.

§29-21-13. Approval of public defender corporation funding applications; funding; record keeping by public defender corporations.

1 (a) The accounting and auditing division shall review 2 all funding applications and prepare recommendations 3 for an operating plan and budget. The executive 4 director shall review the funding applications and the 5 accounting and auditing recommendations and shall, in 6 consultation with the applicants, prepare a plan for 7 providing legal services.

8 (b) Upon final approval of a funding application by 9 the executive director, the approved budget shall be set 10 forth in an approval notice. The total cost to the agency 11 shall not exceed the amount set forth in the approval 12 notice and the agency shall not be obligated to reim-13 burse the recipient for costs incurred in excess of the 14 amount unless and until a program modification has 15 been approved in accordance with the provisions of this article. 16

(c) Funding of public defender corporations or other
programs or entities providing legal representation
under the provisions of this article shall be by annual
grants disbursed in such periodic allotments as the
executive director shall deem appropriate.

(d) All recipients of funding under this article shall
maintain such records as required by the executive
director.

§29-21-13a. Compensation and expenses for panel attorneys.

(a) All panel attorneys shall maintain detailed and 1 accurate records of the time expended and expenses 2 incurred on behalf of eligible clients, and upon comple-3 tion of each case, exclusive of appeal, shall submit to the 4 appointing court a voucher for services. Claims for fees 5 and expense reimbursements shall be submitted to the 6 appointing court on forms approved by the executive 7 director. The appointing court shall review the voucher 8

PUBLIC DEFENDER

9 to determine if the time and expense claims are reasonable, necessary and valid and shall forward the 10 11 voucher to the agency with an order approving payment of the claimed amount or of such lesser sum the court 12 13 considers appropriate. Notwithstanding any other 14 provision of this section, public defender services may 15 pay by direct bill, prior to the completion of the case. 16 litigation expenses incurred by attorneys appointed 17 under this article: *Provided*. That a panel attorney may 18 be compensated for services rendered and reimbursed 19 for expenses incurred prior to the completion of the case 20 where (1) more than six months have expired since the 21 commencement of the panel attorney's representation in 22 the case; and (2) no prior payment of attorney fees has 23 been made to the panel attorney by public defender 24 services during the case: Provided, however. That the 25amounts of any fees or expenses paid to the panel 26 attorney on such an interim basis, when combined with 27 any such amounts paid to the panel attorney at the 28 conclusion of the case, shall not exceed the limitations 29 on fees and expenses imposed by this section.

30 (b) In each case in which a panel attorney provides 31 legal representation under this article, and in each 32 appeal after conviction in circuit court, the panel 33 attorney shall be compensated at the following rates for 34 actual and necessary time expended for services 35 performed and expenses incurred subsequent to the 36 effective date of this article:

(1) For work performed out of court, compensation
shall be at the rate of forty-five dollars per hour. Outof-court work includes, but is not limited to, travel,
interviews of clients or witnesses, preparation of
pleadings, and prehearing or pretrial research.

42 (2) For work performed in court, compensation shall
43 be at the rate of sixty-five dollars per hour. In-court
44 work includes, but is not limited to, all time spent
45 awaiting hearing or trial if the presence of the attorney
46 is required at the time.

47 (3) The maximum amount of compensation for out-of-48 court and in-court work under this subsection is as

PUBLIC DEFENDER

1235

follows: For proceedings of any kind involving felonies
for which a penalty of life imprisonment may be
imposed, such amount as the court may approve; for all
other eligible proceedings, three thousand dollars.

53 (c) Actual and necessary expenses incurred in provid-54 ing legal representation, including, but not limited to. 55 expenses for travel, transcripts, salaried or contracted 56 investigative services, and expert witnesses shall be 57 reimbursed to a maximum of fifteen hundred dollars 58 unless the court, for good cause shown, gives advance approval to incur expenses for a larger sum: Provided, 59 60 That when an attorney is appointed to a case outside of 61 the circuit where his or her principal office is located, 62 travel expenses incurred for travel as the result of 63 providing legal representation in the case shall be 64 reimbursed not withstanding the fifteen hundred dollar 65 limit provided by this subsection: Provided, however, 66 That notwithstanding any other provision of this article, 67 these travel expenses incurred by an attorney appointed 68 to a case outside of his or her circuit as aforesaid shall 69 be reimbursed by public defender services prior to the 70 completion of the case upon the request of the panel 71 attorney on such forms approved by the executive 72 director.

Expense vouchers shall specifically set forth the
nature, amount and purpose of expenses incurred and
shall provide such receipts, invoices or other documentation required by the executive director.

(d) For purposes of compensation under this section,
an appeal to the supreme court of appeals from a final
order of the circuit court shall be considered a separate
case.

81 (e) Vouchers submitted under this section shall 82 specifically set forth the nature of the service rendered. the stage of proceeding or type of hearing involved, the 83 date and place the service was rendered and the amount 84 of time expended in each instance. All time claimed on 85 86 the vouchers shall be itemized to the nearest tenth of an hour. If the charge against the eligible client for which 87 services were rendered is one of several charges 88

PUBLIC DEFENDER

89 involving multiple warrants or indictments, the voucher 90 shall indicate such fact and sufficiently identify the 91 several charges so as to enable the court to avoid a 92 duplication of compensation for services rendered. The 93 voucher shall indicate whether the services were 94 rendered by a local panel attorney, a regional panel attorney, or such other private attorney as may have 95 96 been appointed. The executive director shall refuse to 97 requisition payment for any voucher which is not in 98 conformity with the record keeping, compensation or 99 other provisions of this article and in such circumstance 100 shall return the voucher to the court for further review.

§29-21-15. Public defender corporations—Board of directors.

1 (a) The governing body of each public defender 2 corporation shall be a board of directors consisting of 3 persons who are residents of the area to be served by 4 the public defender corporation.

5 (1) In multi-county circuits, and in the case of multi-6 circuit or regional corporations, the county commission 7 of each county within the area served shall appoint a 8 director, who shall not be an attorney-at-law. The 9 president of each county bar association within the area 10 served shall appoint a director, who shall be an attorney-11 at-law: *Provided*, That in a county where there is not an 12 organized and active bar association, the circuit court 13 shall convene a meeting of the members of the bar of 14 the court resident within the county and such members 15 of the bar shall elect one of their number as a director. 16 The governor shall appoint one director, who shall serve 17 as chairman, who may be an attorney-at-law, unless 18 such appointment would result in there being an even number of directors, in which event the governor shall 19 20 appoint two directors, one of whom may be an attorney-21 at-law.

(2) In single-county circuits, the manner of selecting
directors shall be the same as that described in
subdivision (1) of this subsection, except that the county
commission shall appoint two directors rather than one,
and the bar shall appoint two directors rather than one.

(b) The board of directors shall have at least four
meetings a year. Timely and effective prior public notice
of all meetings shall be given, and all meetings shall be
public except for those concerned with matters properly
discussed in executive session.

(c) The board of directors shall establish and enforce
broad policies governing the operation of the public
defender corporation but shall not interfere with any
attorney's professional responsibilities to clients. The
duties of the board of directors shall include, but not be
limited to, the following:

(1) Appointment of the public defender and any
assistant public defenders as may be necessary to enable
the public defender corporation to provide legal representation to eligible clients; and

42 (2) Approval of the public defender corporation's
43 budget and the fixing of professional and clerical
44 salaries; and

(3) Renewal of the employment contract of the public
defender on an annual basis except where such renewal
is denied for cause: *Provided*, That the board of directors
shall have the power at any time to remove the public
defender for misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance.

(d) To the extent that the provisions of chapter thirtyone of this code regarding nonprofit corporations are not
inconsistent with this article, the provisions of such
chapter shall be applicable to the board of directors of
the public defender corporation.

(e) While serving on the board of directors, no
member may receive compensation from the public
defender corporation, but a member may receive
payment for normal travel and other out-of-pocket
expenses required for fulfillment of the obligations of
membership.

- §29-21-16. Determination of maximum income levels; eligibility guidelines; use of form affidavit; inquiry by court; denial of services; repayment; limitation on remedies against affiant.
 - 1
- (a) The agency shall establish, and periodically review

and update financial guidelines for determining eligibility for legal representation made available under the
provisions of this article. The agency shall adopt a
financial affidavit form for use by persons seeking legal
representation made available under the provisions of
this article.

8 (b) All persons seeking legal representation made 9 available under the provisions of this article shall 10 complete the agency's financial affidavit form, which 11 shall be considered as an application for the provision 12 of publicly funded legal representation.

13 (c) Any juvenile shall have the right to be effectively 14 represented by counsel at all stages of proceedings brought under the provisions of article five, chapter 15 16 forty-nine of this code. If the child advises the court of his or her inability to pay for counsel, the court shall 17 18 require the child's parent or custodian to execute a 19 financial affidavit. If the financial affidavit demon-20 strates that neither of the child's parents, or, if 21 applicable, the child's custodian, has sufficient assets to 22 pay for counsel, the court shall appoint counsel for the 23 child. If the financial affidavit demonstrates that either 24 of the child's parents, or, if applicable, the child's 25custodian, does have sufficient assets to pay for counsel, 26 the court shall order the parent, or, if applicable, the 27 custodian, to provide, by paying for, legal representation 28 for the child in the proceedings.

29 The court may disregard the assets of the child's 30 parents or custodian and appoint counsel for the child, 31 as provided above, if the court concludes, as a matter 32 of law, that the child and the parent or custodian have 33 a conflict of interest that would adversely affect the 34 child's right to effective representation of counsel, or concludes, as a matter of law, that requiring the child's 35 36 parent or custodian to provide legal representation for 37 the child would otherwise jeopardize the best interests 38 of the child.

39 (d) In circuits in which no public defender office is in
40 operation, circuit judges shall make all determinations
41 of eligibility. In circuits in which a public defender

42 office is in operation, all determinations of indigency 43 shall be made by a public defender office employee 44 designated by the executive director. Such determina-45 tions shall be made after a careful review of the 46 financial affidavit submitted by the person seeking 47 representation. The review of the affidavit shall be 48 conducted in accord with the financial eligibility guidelines established by the agency pursuant to 49 50 subsection (a) of this section. In addition to the financial 51 eligibility guidelines, the person determining eligibility 52 shall consider other relevant factors, including, but not 53 limited to, those set forth in subdivisions (1) through (9) of subsection (e) of this section. If there is substantial 54 55 reason to doubt the accuracy of information in the 56 financial affidavit, the person determining eligibility 57 may make such inquiries as are necessary to determine 58 whether the affiant has truthfully and completely 59 disclosed the required financial information.

60 After reviewing all pertinent matters the person 61 determining eligibility may find the affiant to be 62 eligible to have the total cost of legal representation 63 provided by the state, or may find that the total cost of 64 providing representation shall be apportioned between 65 the state and the eligible person. A person whose annual 66 income exceeds the maximum annual income level 67 allowed for eligibility may receive all or part of the 68 necessary legal representation, or a person whose 69 income falls below the maximum annual income level 70 for eligibility may be denied all or part of the necessary legal representation if the person determining eligibility 71 72 finds the person's particular circumstances require that 73 eligibility be allowed or disallowed, as the case may be, 74 on the basis of one or more of the nine factors set forth in subsection (e) of this section. If legal representation 75 76 is made available to a person whose income exceeds the maximum annual income level for eligibility, or if legal 77 representation is denied to a person whose income falls 78 below the maximum annual income level for eligibility, 79 the person determining eligibility shall make a written 80 statement of the reasons for the action and shall 81 specifically relate those reasons to one or more of the 82 factors set forth in subsection (e) of this section. 83

(e) The following factors shall be considered in
determining eligibility for legal representation made
available under the provisions of this article:

87 (1) Current income prospects, taking into account88 seasonal variations in income;

(2) Liquid assets, assets which may provide collateral
to obtain funds to employ private counsel and other
assets which may be liquidated to provide funds to
employ private counsel;

93 (3) Fixed debts and obligations, including federal,94 state and local taxes and medical expenses;

95 (4) Child care, transportation and other expenses96 necessary for employment;

97 (5) Age or physical infirmity of resident family98 members;

99 (6) Whether the person seeking publicly funded legal
100 representation has made reasonable and diligent efforts
101 to obtain private legal representation, and the results of
102 those efforts;

103 (7) The cost of obtaining private legal representation
104 with respect to the particular matter in which assistance
105 is sought;

106 (8) Whether the person seeking publicly funded legal
107 representation has posted a cash bond for bail or has
108 obtained release on bond for bail through the services
109 of a professional bondsman for compensation and the
110 amount and source of the money provided for such bond;

(9) The consequences for the individual if legalassistance is denied.

113 (f) Legal representation requested by the affiant may 114 not be denied in whole or part unless the affiant can 115 obtain legal representation without undue financial 116 hardship. Persons determined to be ineligible by public 117 defender personnel may have the initial determination reviewed by a local circuit judge who may amend, 118 119 modify or rewrite the initial determination. At any stage of the proceedings a circuit court may determine a prior 120

finding of eligibility was incorrect or has become incorrect as the result of the affiant's changed financial circumstances, and may revoke any prior order providing legal representation. In such event any attorney previously appointed shall be entitled to compensation under the provisions of law applicable to such appointment for services already rendered.

(g) In the circumstances and manner set forth below,
circuit judges may order repayment to the state,
through the office of the clerk of the circuit court having
jurisdiction over the proceedings, of the costs of
representation provided under this article:

133 (1) In every case in which services are provided to an indigent person and an adverse judgment has been 134 135 rendered against such person, the court may require 136 that person, and in juvenile cases, may require the 137 juvenile's parents or custodian, to pay as costs the 138 compensation of appointed counsel, the expenses of the 139defense and such other fees and costs as authorized by 140 statute.

141 (2) The court shall not order a person to pay costs 142 unless the person is able to pay without undue hardship. 143 In determining the amount and method of repayment of 144 costs, the court shall take account of the financial resources of the person, the person's ability to pay and 145 146 the nature of the burden that payment of costs will 147 impose. The fact that the court initially determines, at 148 the time of a case's conclusion, that it is not proper to 149 order the repayment of costs does not preclude the court 150 from subsequently ordering repayment should the 151 person's financial circumstances change.

152(3) When a person is ordered to repay costs, the court may order payment to be made forthwith or within a 153154 specified period of time or in specified installments. If 155a person is sentenced to a term of imprisonment, an 156 order for repayment of costs is not enforceable during 157 the period of imprisonment unless the court expressly finds, at the time of sentencing, that the person has 158 159 sufficient assets to pay the amounts ordered to be paid or finds there is a reasonable likelihood the person will 160 acquire the necessary assets in the foreseeable future. 161

162 (4) A person who has been ordered to repay costs, and 163 who is not in contumacious default in the payment 164 thereof, may at any time petition the sentencing court 165 for modification of the repayment order. If it appears 166 to the satisfaction of the court that continued payment of the amount ordered will impose undue hardship on 167 168 the person or the person's dependents, the court may 169 modify the method or amount of payment.

(5) When a person ordered to pay costs is also placed
on probation or imposition or execution of sentence is
suspended, the court may make the repayment of costs
a condition of probation or suspension of sentence.

(h) Circuit clerks shall keep a record of repaid counsel
fees and defense expenses collected pursuant to this
section and shall, quarterly, pay the moneys to the state
auditor who shall deposit the funds in the general
revenue fund of the state.

179 (i) The making of an affidavit subject to inquiry 180 under this section does not in any event give rise to 181 criminal remedies against the affiant nor occasion any 182 civil action against the affiant except for the recovery 183 of costs as in any other case where costs may be 184 recovered and the recovery of the value of services, if 185 any, provided pursuant to this article. A person who has 186 made an affidavit knowing the contents thereof to be 187 false may be prosecuted for false swearing as provided 188 by law.

§29-21-17. Private practice of law by public defenders.

1 (a) No full-time public defender or full-time assistant 2 public defender may engage in any private practice of 3 law except as provided in this section.

4 (b) A board of directors may permit a newly em-5 ployed full-time public defender or full-time assistant 6 public defender to engage in the private practice of law 7 for compensation for the sole purpose of expeditiously 8 closing and withdrawing from existing private cases 9 from a prior private practice. In no event shall any 10 person employed for more than ninety days as a fulltime public defender or full-time assistant public defender be engaged in any other private practice of law for compensation: *Provided*, That the prohibition against the private practice of law does not apply to full-time public defenders employed in class III or class IV counties as defined by article seven, chapter seven of this code.

(c) A board of directors may permit a full-time public
defender or full-time assistant public defender to engage
in private practice for compensation if the defender is
acting pursuant to an appointment made under a court
rule or practice of equal applicability to all attorneys in
the jurisdiction and if the defender remits to the public
defender corporation all compensation received.

(d) A board of directors may permit a full-time public
defender or full-time assistant public defender to engage
in uncompensated private practice of law if the public
defender or assistant public defender is acting:

(1) Pursuant to an appointment made under a court
rule or practice of equal applicability to all attorneys in
the jurisdiction; or

32 (2) On behalf of a close friend or family member; or

(3) On behalf of a religious, community or charitablegroup.

35 (e) Violation of the requirements of this section is 36 sufficient grounds for immediate summary dismissal.

§29-21-19. Audits.

1 (a) The accounts of each public defender corporation 2 shall be audited annually as soon as possible after the 3 end of each state fiscal year. Such audits shall be 4 conducted in accordance with generally accepted 5 auditing standards by the state tax commissioner.

6 (b) The audits shall be conducted at the place or 7 places where the accounts of the public defender 8 corporation are normally kept. All books, accounts, 9 financial records, reports, files, and other papers or 10 property belonging to or in use by the public defender

PUBLIC LIBRARIES

corporation and necessary to facilitate the audits shall
be made available to the person or persons conducting
the audits; and full facilities for verifying transactions
with the balances and securities held by depositories,
fiscal agents, and custodians shall be afforded to any
such person.

17 (c) The report of the annual audit shall be filed with 18 the agency and shall be available for public inspection 19 during business hours at the principal office of the 20 public defender corporation. The report of each such 21 audit shall be maintained for a period of at least five 22 years at the office of the agency.

§29-21-21. Forgiveness of loans; reversion of public defender corporation assets.

1 All equipment, operational or supplemental loans 2 heretofore made under the former provisions of article 3 twenty-one are forgiven and declared null and void and shall not be an obligation of a public defender corpora-4 tion formerly established under the previous provisions 5 6 of article twenty-one, nor an obligation of any successor 7 organization or of the members of any board of directors 8 of any public defender corporation.



CHAPTER 155

(S. B. 492-By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and M. Manchin)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article one, chapter ten of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the powers and duties of the state library commission; and authorizing the state library commission to offer certain printed material for sale.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article one, chapter ten of the code of

Ch. 155]

West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. PUBLIC LIBRARIES.

§10-1-14. Same-Powers and duties.

The commission shall give assistance, advice and 1 counsel to all school, state-institutional, free and public 2 libraries, and to all communities in the state which may 3 propose to establish libraries, as to the best means of 4 establishing and administering them, selecting and $\mathbf{5}$ cataloging books, and other details of library manage-6 ment, and may send any of its members to aid in 7 organizing such libraries or assist in the improvement 8 9 of those already established.

10 It may also receive gifts of money, books, or other 11 property which may be used or held for the purpose or 12 purposes given; and may purchase and operate traveling 13 libraries under such conditions and rules as the 14 commission deems necessary to protect the interests of 15 the state and best increase the efficiency of the service 16 it is expected to render the public.

17 It may purchase suitable books for traveling libraries 18 and distribute them as needed to those persons and 19 places in the state without adequate public library 20 service. It may collect books and other suitable library 21 matter and distribute the same among state institutions 22 desiring the same.

23 The commission may issue and offer for sale printed material, such as lists and circulars of information, and 24 in the publication thereof may cooperate with other state 25library commissions and libraries, in order to secure the 26 more economical administration of the work for which 27 it was formed. It may conduct courses of library 28 instruction and hold librarians' institutes in various 29 30 parts of the state.

The commission shall perform such other service in behalf of public libraries as it may consider for the best interests of the state.

CHAPTER 156

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4579-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter ten of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, relating to public libraries; and the confidential nature of certain library records.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter ten of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. PUBLIC LIBRARIES.

§10-1-22. Confidential nature of certain library records.

- 1 (a) Circulation and similar records of any public 2 library in this state which identify the user of library 3 materials are not public records but shall be confiden-4 tial and may not be disclosed except:
- 5 (1) To members of the library staff in the ordinary 6 course of business;
- 7 (2) Upon written consent of the user of the library
 8 materials or the user's parents or guardian if the user
 9 is a minor or ward; or
- 10 (3) Upon appropriate court order or subpoena.

(b) Any disclosure authorized by subsection (a) of this
section or any unauthorized disclosure of materials
made confidential by that subsection (a) does not in any
way destroy the confidential nature of that material,
except for the purpose for which an authorized disclosure is made. A person disclosing material as authorized
by subsection (a) of this section is not liable therefor.

CHAPTER 157 (H. B. 4690—By Delegates White and M. Burke)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections one-a and nine, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections four and five of said article, relating to the department of public safety; providing for classification of members; requiring superintendent to establish a system of classification and promotion within the department and authorizing superintendent to promulgate rules for such system; creating salary schedule for members; increasing salaries of members, and repealing certain other provisions dealing with rank restructuring, promotion and promotion evaluation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one-a and nine, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be repealed; and that sections four and five of said article be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DIVISION OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

- §15-2-4. Appointment of commissioned officers, noncommissioned officers, other members; temporary and permanent positions.
- §15-2-5. Career progression system; salaries; exclusion from wage and hour law, with supplemental payment; bond; leave time for members called to duty in guard or reserves.

§15-2-4. Appointment of commissioned officers, noncommissioned officers, other members; temporary and permanent positions.

The superintendent shall appoint, from the enlisted 1 membership of the department, a deputy superintendent 2 3 who shall hold the rank of lieutenant colonel and be next in authority to the superintendent. The superintendent 4 shall appoint, from the enlisted membership of the 5 department, the number of other officers and members 6 he deems necessary to operate and maintain the 7 executive offices, training school, scientific laboratory, 8

9 keep records relating to crimes and criminals, coordi10 nate traffic safety activities, maintain a system of
11 supplies and accounting and perform other necessary
12 services.

13 The ranks within the membership of the department 14 shall be colonel, lieutenant colonel, major, captain, first 15 lieutenant, second lieutenant, first sergeant, sergeant, 16 corporal, trooper first class, senior trooper or trooper. 17 Each such member while in uniform shall wear the 18 insignia of rank as provided by law and departmental 19 regulations.

20 The superintendent may appoint from the member-21 ship of the department eleven principal supervisors who 22 shall receive the compensation and hold the temporary 23 rank of lieutenant colonel, major or captain at the will 24 and pleasure of the superintendent. Such appointments 25shall be exempt from any eligibility requirements 26 established by the career progression system. Any 27 person appointed to a temporary rank under the 28 provisions of this article shall retain his permanent rank 29 or classification and shall remain eligible for promotion or reclassification if his permanent rank is below that 30 31 of captain. Upon the termination of a temporary 32 appointment by the superintendent, the member shall 33 be entitled to the full rights and privileges of his permanent rank or classification and shall remain 34 35 eligible for subsequent appointment to a temporary 36 rank.

§15-2-5. Career progression system; salaries; exclusion from wage and hour law, with supplemental payment; bond; leave time for members called to duty in guard or reserves.

1 The superintendent shall establish within the depart-2 ment of public safety a system to provide for: The 3 promotion of members to the supervisory ranks of sergeant, first sergeant, second lieutenant and first 4 5 lieutenant: the classification of nonsupervisory members within the field operations force to the ranks of trooper, 6 senior trooper, trooper first class or corporal; the 7 8 classification of members assigned to the forensic

9 laboratory as criminalist I-VII; and the temporary
10 reclassification of members assigned to administrative
11 duties as administrative support specialist I-VIII.

12 The superintendent shall, only in the initial implemen-13 tation of this section, reclassify nonsupervisory members 14 without benefit or requirement of a promotional or 15 reclassification system as long as those reclassified meet 16 the longevity requirements for advancement as follows: 17 Trooper-less than three years; senior trooper-three 18 years to eight years; trooper first class-nine years to 19 fourteen years; corporal-more than fourteen years.

The superintendent is authorized to promulgate legislative rules in accordance with chapter twentynine-a of this code for the purpose of ensuring consistency, predictability and independent review of any system developed under the provisions of this section.

The superintendent shall provide to each member a written manual governing any system established under the provisions of this section and specific procedures shall be identified for the evaluation and testing of members for promotion or reclassification and the subsequent placement of any members on a promotional eligibility or reclassification recommendation list.

32 Members shall receive annual salaries as follows:

ANNUAL SALARY SCHEDULE (BASE PAY)
 SUPERVISORY AND NONSUPERVISORY RANKS

35	Cadet During Training \$1,600 Mo.	\$19,200
36	Cadet Trooper After Training \$1,715 Mo.	20,580
37	Trooper Second Year	20,976
38	Trooper Third Year	21,300
39	Trooper Fourth & Fifth Year	21,552
40	Senior Trooper	23,352
41	Trooper First Class	25,152
42	Corporal	26,952
43	Sergeant	30,552
44	First Sergeant	32,352
45	Second Lieutenant	34,152
46	First Lieutenant	35,952
47	Captain	37,752

[Ch. 157

48 49	Major 39,552 Lieutenant Colonel 41,352		
$\begin{array}{c} 50 \\ 51 \end{array}$	ANNUAL SALARY SCHEDULE (BASE PAY) ADMINISTRATION		
52	SUPPORT SPECIALIST CLASSIFICATION		
53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60	I 21,552 II 23,352 III 25,152 IV 26,952 V 30,552 VI 32,352 VII 34,152 VIII 35,952		
61 62	ANNUAL SALARY SCHEDULE (BASE PAY) CRIMINALIST CLASSIFICATION		
63 64 65 66 67 68 69	I 21,552 II 23,352 III 25,152 IV 26,952 V 30,552 VI 32,352 VII 34,152		
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80	Each member of the department whose salary is fixed and specified herein shall receive and be entitled to an increase in salary over that hereinbefore set forth, for grade in rank, based on length of service, including that heretofore and hereafter served with the department as follows: At the end of five years of service with the department, such member shall receive a salary increase of three hundred dollars to be effective during his next three years of service and a like increase at three-year intervals thereafter, with such increases to be cumulative.		
81 82 83 84 85	In applying the foregoing salary schedule where salary increases are provided for length of service, members of the department in service at the time this article becomes effective shall be given credit for prior service and shall be paid such salaries as the same	3	

length of service will entitle them to receive under theprovisions hereof.

88 The Legislature finds and declares that because of the 89 unique duties of members of the department, it is not 90 appropriate to apply the provisions of state wage and 91 hour laws to them. Accordingly, members of the department of public safety are hereby excluded from 92 93 the provisions of state wage and hour law. The express 94 exclusion hereby enacted shall not be construed as any indication that such members were or were not here-95 96 tofore covered by said wage and hour law.

In lieu of any overtime pay they might otherwise have
received under the wage and hour law, and in addition
to their salaries and increases for length of service,
members who have completed basic training and who
are exempt from Federal Fair Labor Standards Act
guidelines may receive supplemental pay as hereinafter
provided.

104 The superintendent shall, within thirty days after the 105 effective date hereof, promulgate a rule to establish the number of hours per month which shall constitute the 106 107 standard work month for the members of the depart-108 ment. The rule shall further establish, on a graduated 109 hourly basis, the criteria for receipt of a portion or all 110 of such supplemental payment when hours are worked in excess of said standard work month. The rule shall 111 112 be promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The superintendent shall 113 114 certify monthly to the department's payroll officer the 115 names of those members who have worked in excess of the standard work month and the amount of their 116 117 entitlement to supplemental payment.

118 The supplemental payment shall not exceed two 119 hundred thirty-six dollars monthly. The superintendent 120 and civilian employees of the department shall not be 121 eligible for any such supplemental payments.

Each member of the department, except the superintendent and civilian employees, shall execute, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, a bond with security in the sum of five thousand dollars payable to the state of West Virginia, conditioned upon the faithful performance of his or her duties, and such bond shall be approved as to form by the attorney general and to sufficiency by the governor.

130 Any member of the department who is called to 131 perform active duty for training or inactive duty 132 training in the national guard or any reserve component 133 of the armed forces of the United States annually shall 134 be granted upon request leave time not to exceed thirty 135 calendar days for the purpose of performing such active duty for training or inactive duty training, and the time 136 137 so granted shall not be deducted from any leave 138 accumulated as a member of the department.

> CHAPTER 158 (H. B. 4740—By Delegate Farley)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the reimbursement by the division of motor vehicles to the division of public safety for services rendered.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DIVISION OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

§15-2-12. Mission of the division; powers of superintendent, officers and members; patrol of turnpike.

1 (a) The West Virginia division of public safety shall 2 have the mission of statewide enforcement of criminal 3 and traffic laws with emphasis on providing basic

1252

4 enforcement and citizen protection from criminal

- 5 depredation throughout the state and maintaining the 6 safety of the state's public streets, roads and highways.
- 7 (b) The superintendent and each of the officers and 8 members of the division are hereby empowered:

9 (1) To make arrests anywhere within the state of any 10 persons charged with the violation of any law of this 11 state, or of the United States, and when a witness to the 12 perpetration of any offense or crime, or to the violation 13 of any law of this state, or of the United States, may 14 arrest without warrant; to arrest and detain any persons 15 suspected of the commission of any felony or misdemea-16 nor whenever complaint is made and warrant is issued 17 thereon for such arrest, and any person so arrested shall 18 be forthwith brought before the proper tribunal for 19 examination and trial in the county where the offense 20 for which any such arrest has been made was 21 committed:

(2) To serve criminal process issued by any court or
magistrate anywhere within this state (they shall not
serve civil process); and

(3) To cooperate with local authorities in detecting 25 crime and in apprehending any person or persons 26 27 engaged in or suspected of the commission of any crime, misdemeanor or offense against the law of this state. or 28 of the United States, or of any ordinance of any 29 municipality in this state; and to take affidavits in 30 connection with any application to the division of 31 highways, division of motor vehicles and division of 32 public safety of West Virginia for any license, permit 33 or certificate that may be lawfully issued by these 34 35 divisions of state government.

36 (c) Members of the division of public safety are 37 hereby created forest patrolmen and game and fish 38 wardens throughout the state to do and perform any 39 duties and exercise any powers of such officers, and may 40 apprehend and bring before any court or magistrate 41 having jurisdiction of such matters, anyone violating 42 any of the provisions of chapters twenty, sixty and sixty43 one of this code, and the division of public safety shall at any time be subject to the call of the West Virginia 44 alcohol beverage control commissioner to aid in appre-45 46 hending any person violating any of the provisions of said chapter sixty of this code. They shall serve and 47 48 execute warrants for the arrest of any person and 49 warrants for the search of any premises issued by any 50 properly constituted authority, and shall exercise all of the powers conferred by law upon a sheriff. They shall 51 52 not serve any civil process or exercise any of the powers 53 of such officer in civil matters.

54 (d) Any member of the division of public safety knowing or having reason to believe that anyone has 55 violated the law may make complaint in writing before 56 any court or officer having jurisdiction and procure a 57 58 warrant for such offender, execute the same and bring such person before the proper tribunal having jurisdic-59 tion. He shall make return on all such warrants to such 60 tribunals and his official title shall be "member of the 61 division of public safety." Members of the division of 62 63 public safety may execute any summons or process issued by any tribunal having jurisdiction requiring the 64 attendance of any person as a witness before such 65 tribunal and make return thereon as provided by law. 66 and any return by a member of the division of public 67 68 safety showing the manner of executing such warrant or process shall have the same force and effect as if 69 70 made by a sheriff.

(e) Each member of the division of public safety. 71 when called by the sheriff of any county, or when the 72 73 governor by proclamation so directs, shall have full 74 power and authority within such county, or within the 75 territory defined by the governor, to direct and com-76 mand absolutely the assistance of any sheriff, deputy 77 sheriff, chief of police, policeman, game and fish 78 warden, and peace officer of the state, or of any county 79 or municipality therein, or of any able-bodied citizen of the United States, to assist and aid in accomplishing the 80 purposes expressed in this article. When so called, any 81 officer or person shall, during the time his assistance is 82 83 required, be for all purposes, a member of the division

84 of public safety and subject to all the provisions of this 85 article.

86 (f) The superintendent may also assign members of the division to perform police duties on any turnpike or 87 toll road, or any section thereof, operated by the West 88 Virginia parkways, economic development and tourism 89 authority: Provided, That such authority shall reim-90 91 burse the division of public safety for salaries paid to 92 such members, and shall either pay directly or reimburse the division for all other expenses of such group 93 of members in accordance with actual or estimated costs 94 determined by the superintendent. 95

96 (g) The division of public safety may develop propos-97 als for a comprehensive county or multi-county plan on 98 the implementation of an enhanced emergency service 99 telephone system and for causing a public meeting on 100 such proposals, all as set forth in section six-a, article 101 six, chapter twenty-four of this code.

102 (h) The superintendent may also assign members of the division to administer tests for the issuance of 103 commercial drivers' licenses, operator and junior 104 105 operator licenses as provided for in section seven, article 106 two, chapter seventeen-b of this code: Provided, That the 107 division of motor vehicles shall reimburse the division of public safety for salaries and employee benefits paid 108 to such members, and shall either pay directly or 109 reimburse the division for all other expenses of such 110 group of members in accordance with actual costs 111 determined by the superintendent. 112

113 (i) The superintendent shall be reimbursed by the division of motor vehicles for salaries and employee 114 115 benefits paid to members of the division of public safety, and shall either be paid directly or reimbursed by the 116 division of motor vehicles for all other expenses of such 117 group of members in accordance with actual costs 118 determined by the superintendent, for services per-119 formed by such members relating to the duties and 120 obligations of the division of motor vehicles set forth in 121 chapters seventeen, seventeen-a, seventeen-b, seventeen-122 c and seventeen-d of this code. 123

CHAPTER 159

(S. B. 127-By Senators Jackson and Warner)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-five, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to rules for the administration of the division of public safety and carrying of weapons upon retirement or medical discharge.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-five, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DIVISION OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

§15-2-25. Rules and regulations generally; carrying of weapons upon retirement or medical discharge.

1 Subject to the written approval of the governor and the provisions of this article, the superintendent may 2 make and promulgate proper rules and regulations for 3 the government, discipline and control of the division of 4 public safety, and shall also cause to be established 5 proper rules and regulations for the examinations of all 6 applicants for appointment thereto. The members of the 7 division of public safety shall be permitted to carry 8 arms and weapons, and no license shall be required for 9 such privilege. 10

Upon retirement or medical discharge from the 11 division of public safety, and with the written consent 12 of the superintendent, any retired or medically dis-13 charged member may carry a handgun for a period of 14 five years following retirement or medical discharge 15 notwithstanding the provisions of article seven, chapter 16 17 sixty-one of this code. A retired or medically discharged member desiring to carry a handgun after retirement 18 or medical discharge must provide his or her own 19

20 handgun. If. upon retirement or medical discharge, a member elects to carry a handgun as provided herein, 21 22 the division of public safety shall maintain and pay for 23 the bond required under the provisions of section five 24 of this article for five years following such member's 25 retirement or medical discharge. Upon request, each 26 member shall be presented with a letter of authorization 27 signed by the superintendent authorizing the retired or 28 medically discharged member to carry a handgun, and 29 the written authorization shall be carried by the retired 30 or medically discharged member at all times that he or 31 she has a handgun on his or her person. The superintendent may revoke the authority at any time without 32 33 cause and without recourse. Conviction of the retired or 34 medically discharged member for the commission of any 35 felony or for a misdemeanor involving the improper or 36 illegal use of a firearm shall cause this authority to 37 terminate immediately without a hearing or other 38 recourse and without any action on the part of the superintendent. The superintendent shall promulgate a 39 40 legislative rule in accordance with the provisions of 41 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, which rule shall 42 prescribe requirements necessary for the issuance and 43 continuance of the authority herein granted. The authority granted herein shall be for a period of five 44 vears immediately following retirement or medical 45 discharge and shall not be renewed or extended for a 46 47 longer term.

CHAPTER 160

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 477-By Senators Jackson, Sharpe and Warner)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-three, relating to awarding members of the department of public safety their service revolver upon retirement.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-three, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

§15-2-43. Awarding service revolver upon retirement.

(a) Upon the retirement of a member of the depart ment of public safety, the superintendent shall award to
 the retiring member his or her service revolver, without
 charge, upon determining:

5 (1) That the retiring member is retiring honorably6 with at least twenty years of service; or

7 (2) Such retiring member is retiring with less than
8 twenty years of service based upon a determination that
9 such member is totally physically disabled as a result
10 of his or her service with the department.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of
this section, the superintendent shall not award his or
her service revolver to any member whom the superintendent finds to be mentally incapacitated or who
constitutes a danger to any person or the community.

CHAPTER 161

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 520—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect January 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-c, relating to public service commissions; cessation of jurisdiction over rates for certain services of telephone utilities subject to competition.

1258

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-c, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

§24-2-3c. Cessation of jurisdiction over rates for certain services subject to competition.

1 (a) Upon the application of any telephone utility, the commission shall, unless it finds that the continued 2 3 availability of adequate, economical and reliable local 4 exchange telephone service will be adversely affected 5 thereby, permanently cease its regulation of the rates 6 charged by the telephone utility for any commodity or 7 service, except carrier access service, which the 8 commission determines to be subject to workable 9 competition: Provided. That if any such commodity or 10 service thereafter ceases being subject to workable competition by reason of lawful governmental action, or, 11 12 if the market forces fail to constrain monopolistic 13 practices or anticompetitive behavior, the commission shall upon notice and hearing, reinstitute its regulation 14 of the rates charged for such commodity or service. 15 Evidence of ease of market entry, the presence of other 16 competitors and the availability of like or substitute 17 18 services shall, for purposes of this section, be sufficient 19 to show that a commodity or service is subject to workable competition. In making its determination, the 20 commission shall not be bound by any previous deter-21 mination of competitiveness for any other purpose. The 22 23 furnishing of all such commodities and services shall in all other respects remain fully subject to the commis-24 25sion's jurisdiction.

(b) The commission shall ensure through such accounting system as it deems appropriate that the costs and revenues associated with the furnishing of those commodities and services that the commission determines to be subject to workable competition are not charged against or credited to the utility's cost of

[Ch. 161

32 furnishing other services; except, however, that the 33 commission may, in connection with any general 34 increase in local exchange telephone rates proposed by 35 the telephone utility within ten years from the effective 36 date of this section, credit to the utility's cost of 37 furnishing local exchange telephone service the contri-38 bution, if any, then being yielded by those competitive 39 commodities or services that such utility was offering as 40 of the effective date of this section: *Provided*. That if the 41 contribution from such competitive commodities or 42 services is less than the contribution that was being 43 vielded by those commodities or services during the year preceding the year in which such commodities or 44 45 services were determined to be subject to workable 46 competition, the commission may, in order to eliminate 47 such deficiency, further credit to the cost of furnishing local exchange telephone service any contribution that 48 is then being yielded by those competitive commodities 49 or services that were not being offered by the utility as 50 51 of the effective date of this section. In no case, however, 52 shall the additional contribution so credited exceed the 53 contribution that is actually being yielded by such new commodities or services, nor shall the commission, in 54 connection with the crediting of any contribution under 55 the provisions of this subsection, credit any amount of 56 contribution that exceeds that which is reasonably 57 58 necessary to the continued availability of adequate, 59 economical, and reliable local exchange telephone 60 service. Contribution shall be defined to mean the excess 61 of revenues over costs.

62 (c) The application of the telephone utility shall be in 63 such form as the commission may prescribe and shall 64 contain:

65 (1) A designation of the commodities or services that66 are the subject of the application;

67 (2) A statement explaining why the applicant believes
68 that each commodity or service so designated is subject
69 to workable competition; and

(3) Such other information as the applicant may deem
relevant or the commission may require.

(d) Within sixty days after the filing of the application, or if hearing shall be held thereon, within ninety
days after final submission upon oral argument or brief,
but in no event longer than one hundred eighty days
after the filing of the application, the commission shall
enter a final order granting, in whole or in part, or
denying the application.

79 (e) Nothing in this section limits the commission's 80 power to require telephone utilities to maintain uniform, statewide toll rates, or to require that public and semi-81 82 public coin telephone service be offered at a flat per 83 message rate. Nothing in this section limits the commission's power to continue to engage in incentive or other 84 85 innovative forms of ratemaking in connection with its regulation of those services which it has not determined 86 87 to be subject to workable competition.

Nothing in this section limits the power or right of the
consumer advocate division to petition to decrease rates
and tariffs in the event of decreases in costs of service.

91 (f) The provisions of this section do not go into effect 92 until the first day of January, one thousand nine 93 hundred ninety-one.



CHAPTER 162 (Com. Sub. for S. B. 310—By Senator Hawse)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four-b, article two, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to conferring ratemaking jurisdiction for access charges of telephone cooperatives upon the public service commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four-b, article two, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

§24-2-4b. Procedures for changing rates of electric and natural gas cooperatives, local exchange services of telephone cooperatives and municipally operated public utilities.

(a) The rates and charges of electric cooperatives, 1 2 natural gas cooperatives and municipally operated 3 public utilities, except for municipally operated com-4 mercial solid waste facilities as defined in section two-5 h. article five-f. chapter twenty of this code, and the 6 rates and charges for local exchange services provided 7 by telephone cooperatives are not subject to the rate approval provisions of section four or four-a of this 8 9 article, but are subject to the limited rate provisions of 10 this section.

11 (b) All rates and charges set by electric cooperatives. 12 natural gas cooperatives and municipally operated 13 public utilities and all rates and charges for local 14 exchange services set by telephone cooperatives shall be 15 just, reasonable, applied without unjust discrimination 16 or preference and based primarily on the costs of providing these services. Such rates and charges shall 17 18 be adopted by the electric, natural gas or telephone cooperative's governing board and in the case of the 19 20 municipally operated public utility by municipal 21 ordinance to be effective not sooner than forty-five days 22 after adoption: Provided, That notice of intent to effect 23 a rate change shall be specified on the monthly billing 24 statement of the customers of such utility for the month 25 next preceding the month in which the rate change is 26 to become effective or the utility shall give its customers, 27 and in the case of a cooperative, its customers, members 28 and stockholders, such other reasonable notices as will 29 allow filing of timely objections to such rate change. Such rates and charges shall be filed with the commis-30 31 sion together with such information showing the basis 32 of such rates and charges and such other information 33 as the commission considers necessary. Any change in 34 such rates and charges with updated information shall be filed with the commission. If a petition, as set out in 35

36 subdivision (1), (2) or (3), subsection (c) of this section. 37 is received and the electric cooperative, natural gas 38 cooperative, telephone cooperative or municipality has 39 failed to file with the commission such rates and charges 40 with such information showing the basis of rates and 41 charges and such other information as the commission 42 considers necessary, the suspension period limitation of 43 one hundred twenty days and the one hundred day period limitation for issuance of an order by a hearing 44 45 examiner, as contained in subsections (d) and (e) of this 46 section, is tolled until the necessary information is filed. 47 The electric cooperative, natural gas cooperative. 48 telephone cooperative or municipality shall set the date 49 when any new rate or charge is to go into effect.

50 (c) The commission shall review and approve or
51 modify such rates upon the filing of a petition within
52 thirty days of the adoption of the ordinance or resolution
53 changing said rates or charges by:

(1) Any customer aggrieved by the changed rates or charges who presents to the commission a petition signed by not less than twenty-five percent of the customers served by such municipally operated public utility, or twenty-five percent of the membership of the electric, natural gas or telephone cooperative residing within the state; or

61 (2) Any customer who is served by a municipally operated public utility and who resides outside the 62 corporate limits and who is affected by the change in 63 said rates or charges and who presents to the commis-64 sion a petition alleging discrimination between custo-65 mers within and without the municipal boundaries. Said 66 petition shall be accompanied by evidence of discrimi-67 68 nation: or

69 (3) Any customer or group of customers who are 70 affected by said change in rates who reside within the 71 municipal boundaries and who present a petition to the 72 commission alleging discrimination between said 73 customer or group of customers and other customers of 74 the municipal utility. Said petition shall be accompanied 75 by evidence of discrimination. 76 (d) (1) The filing of a petition with the commission 77 signed by not less than twenty-five percent of the 78 customers served by the municipally operated public 79 utility, or twenty-five percent of the membership of the 80 electric, natural gas or telephone cooperative residing 81 within the state, under subdivision (1), subsection (c) of 82 this section, shall suspend the adoption of the rate 83 change contained in the ordinance or resolution for a 84 period of one hundred twenty days from the date said 85 rates or charges would otherwise go into effect, or until 86 an order is issued as provided herein.

87 (2) Upon sufficient showing of discrimination by 88 customers outside the municipal boundaries, or a customer or a group of customers within the municipal 89 boundaries, under a petition filed under subdivision (2) 90 or (3), subsection (c) of this section, the commission shall 91 suspend the adoption of the rate change contained in the 92 ordinance for a period of one hundred twenty days from 93 94 the date said rates or charges would otherwise go into 95 effect or until an order is issued as provided herein.

96 (e) The commission shall forthwith appoint a hearing 97 examiner from its staff to review the grievances raised **98** by the petitioners. Said hearing examiner shall conduct 99 a public hearing, and shall within one hundred days 100 from the date the said rates or charges would otherwise 101 go into effect, unless otherwise tolled as provided in 102 subsection (b) of this section, issue an order approving. 103 disapproving or modifying, in whole or in part, the rates or charges imposed by the electric, natural gas or 104 105 telephone cooperative or by the municipally operated 106 public utility pursuant to this section.

107 (f) Upon receipt of a petition for review of the rates 108 under the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, the 109 commission may exercise the power granted to it under 110 the provisions of section three of this article. The 111 commission may determine the method by which such 112 rates are reviewed and may grant and conduct a de novo 113 hearing on the matter if the customer, electric, natural 114 gas or telephone cooperative or municipality requests 115 such a hearing.

116 (g) The commission may, upon petition by a munic-117 ipality or electric, natural gas or telephone cooperative. 118 allow an interim or emergency rate to take effect. 119 subject to future modification, if it is determined that 120 such interim or emergency rate is necessary to protect 121 the municipality from financial hardship and if that 122 financial hardship is attributable solely to the purchase 123 of the utility commodity sold. In such cases, the 124 commission may waive the forty-five-day waiting period 125 provided for in subsection (b) of this section and the one 126 hundred twenty-day suspension period provided for in 127 subsection (d) of this section.

128 (h) Notwithstanding any other provision, the commis-129 sion shall have no authority or responsibility with 130 regard to the regulation of rates, income, services or 131 contracts by municipally operated public utilities for 132 services which are transmitted and sold outside of the 133 state of West Virginia.



(H. B. 4147-By Delegates Jones and Manuel)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and three, article six, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to public service commission's regulation of local emergency telephone systems and the participation by the department of public safety in these proceedings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and three, article six, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

CHAPTER 24. PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

ARTICLE 6. LOCAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM.

§24-6-2. Definitions.

§24-6-3. Adoption of emergency telephone system plan.

§24-6-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless the context clearly 2 requires a different meaning:

3 (1) "County answering point" means a facility to which enhanced emergency telephone system calls for a 4 county are initially routed for response, and where 5 6 county personnel respond to specific requests for 7 emergency service by directly dispatching the approp-8 riate emergency service provider, relaying a message to 9 the appropriate provider or transferring the call to the 10 appropriate provider.

(2) "Emergency services organization" means the
organization established under article five, chapter
fifteen of this code.

14 (3) "Emergency service provider" means any emer-15 gency services organization or public safety unit.

16 (4) "Emergency telephone system" means a telephone 17 system which through normal telephone service facili-18 ties automatically connects a person dialing the primary 19 emergency telephone number to an established public 20 agency answering point, but does not include an 21 enhanced emergency telephone system.

22 (5) "Enhanced emergency telephone system" means a 23 telephone system which automatically connects the person dialing the primary emergency number to the 24 county answering point and in which the telephone 25 network system automatically provides to personnel 26 27 receiving the call, immediately on answering the call, information on the location and the telephone number 28 29 from which the call is being made, and upon direction from the personnel receiving the call routes or dis-30 patches such call by telephone, radio or any other 31 appropriate means of communication to emergency 32

Ch. 163] PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

33 service providers that serve the location from which the34 call is made.

(6) "Public agency" means the state, and any municipality, county, public district or public authority which
provides or has authority to provide fire-fighting, police,
ambulance, medical, rescue or other emergency
services.

40 (7) "Public safety unit" means a functional division of
41 a public agency which provides fire-fighting, police,
42 medical, rescue or other emergency services.

43 (8) "Telephone company" means a public utility which44 is engaged in the provision of telephone service.

(9) "Comprehensive plan" means a plan pertaining to 45 the installing, modifying or replacing of telephone 46 switching equipment; telephone utilities' response in a 47 timely manner to requests for emergency telephone 48 49 service by a public agency; telephone utilities' responsibility to report to the public service commission; 50 51 charges and tariffs for the services and facilities 52 provided by telephone utilities; and access to emergency 53 telephone system by emergency service organizations.

54 (10) "Technical and operational standards" means
55 those standards of telephone equipment and processes
56 necessary for the implementation of the comprehensive
57 plan as defined in subdivision (9) above.

§24-6-3. Adoption of emergency telephone system plan.

1 (a) The public service commission shall develop, adopt 2 and periodically review a comprehensive plan establish-3 ing the technical and operational standards to be 4 followed in establishing and maintaining emergency 5 telephone systems and enhanced emergency telephone 6 systems.

7 (b) In developing the comprehensive plan, the public 8 service commission shall consult with telephone compan-9 ies, and with the various public agencies and public 10 safety units, including, but not limited to, emergency 11 services organizations.

1267

7 40.000

RAFFLES

(c) The public service commission shall annually
review with each operating telephone company their
construction and switching replacements projections.
During this review, the public service commission shall
ensure that all new switching facilities will accommodate the emergency telephone system.



CHAPTER 164

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4351-By Delegates Love and Berry)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and seven, article twenty-one, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to definitions; including political party executive committees within the definition of "charitable or public service activity or endeavor"; and license fees for charitable raffles.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and seven, article twenty-one, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21. CHARITABLE RAFFLES.

§47-21-2. Definitions.

§47-21-7. License fee and exemption from taxes.

§47-21-2. Definitions.

1 For purposes of this article, unless specified other-2 wise:

3 (a) "Charitable or public service activity or endeavor"
4 means any bona fide activity or endeavor which directly
5 benefits a number of people by:

6 (1) Contributing to educational or religious purposes; 7 or

1268

8 (2) Relieving them from disease, distress, suffering,
9 constraint or the effects of poverty; or

(3) Increasing their comprehension of and devotion to
the principles upon which this nation was founded and
to the principles of good citizenship; or

(4) Making them aware of or educating them about
issues of public concern so long as the activity or
endeavor is not aimed at supporting or participating in
the campaign of any candidate for public office; or

(5) By lessening the burdens borne by government or
voluntarily supporting, augmenting or supplementing
services which government would normally render to
the people; or

(6) Providing or supporting nonprofit community
activities for youth, senior citizens or the disabled; or

23 (7) Providing or supporting nonprofit cultural or24 artistic activities; or

25 (8) Providing or supporting any political party
26 executive committee.

27 (b) "Charitable or public service organization" means 28 a bona fide, not for profit, tax-exempt, benevolent, 29 educational, philanthropic, humane, patriotic, civic, religious, fraternal or eleemosynary incorporated or 30 31 unincorporated association or organization; or a volun-32 teer fire department, rescue unit or other similar 33 volunteer community service organization or association; but does not include any nonprofit association or 34 organization, whether incorporated or not, which is 35 organized primarily for the purposes of influencing 36 legislation or supporting or promoting the campaign of 37 38 any single candidate for public office.

39 (c) "Commissioner" means the state tax commissioner.

(d) "Concession" means any stand, booth, cart, counter
or other facility, whether stationary or movable, where
beverages, both alcoholic and nonalcoholic, food, snacks,
cigarettes or other tobacco products, newspapers,
souvenirs or any other items are sold to patrons by an
individual operating the facility. Notwithstanding
anything contained in subdivision (2), subsection (a),

RAFFLES

47 section twelve, article seven, chapter sixty of this code
48 to the contrary, "concession" includes beverages which
49 are regulated by and shall be subject to the provisions
50 of chapter sixty of this code.

(e) "Conduct" means to direct the actual holding of a
raffle by activities including, but not limited to, handing
out tickets, collecting money, drawing the winning
numbers or names, announcing the winning numbers or
names, posting the winning numbers or names, verifying winners and awarding prizes.

57 (f) "Expend net proceeds for charitable or public 58 service purposes" means to devote the net proceeds of 59 a raffle occasion or occasions to a qualified recipient 60 organization or as otherwise provided by this article and 61 approved by the commissioner pursuant to section 62 fifteen of this article.

(g) "Gross proceeds" means all moneys collected or
received from the conduct of a raffle or raffles at all
raffle occasions held by a licensee during a license
period; this term shall not be deemed to include any
moneys collected or received from the sale of concessions
at raffle occasions.

69 (h) "Joint raffle occasion" means a single gathering or
70 session at which a series of one or more successive
71 raffles is conducted by two or more licensees.

(i) "Licensee" means any organization or association
granted an annual or limited occasion license pursuant
to the provisions of this article.

(j) "Net proceeds" means all moneys collected or
received from the conduct of raffle or raffles at
occasions held by a licensee during a license period after
payment of the raffle expenses authorized by sections
eleven, thirteen and fifteen of this article; this term shall
not be deemed to include moneys collected or received
from the sale of concessions at raffle occasions.

82 (k) "Person" means any individual, association,
83 society, incorporated or unincorporated organization,
84 firm, partnership or other nongovernmental entity or
85 institution.

RAFFLES

(1) "Patron" means any individual who attends a raffle
occasion other than an individual who is participating
in the conduct of the occasion or in the operation of any
concession, whether or not the individual is charged an
entrance fee or participates in any raffle.

(m) "Qualified recipient organization" means any 91 92 bona fide, not for profit, tax-exempt, as defined in 93 subdivision (p) of this section, incorporated or unincor-94 porated association or organization which is organized 95 and functions exclusively to directly benefit a number 96 of people as provided in subparagraphs (1) through (7). subdivision (a) of this section. "Qualified recipient 97 98 organization" includes, without limitation, any licensee 99 which is organized and functions exclusively as provided 100 in this subdivision.

101 (n) "Raffle" means a game involving the selling of
102 tickets to participate in such game entitling the holder
103 or holders to a chance on a prize or prizes.

104 (o) "Raffle occasion" or "occasion" means a single
105 gathering or session at which a series of one or more
106 successive raffles is conducted by a single licensee.

107 (p) "Tax-exempt association or organization" means an association or organization which is, and has received 108 from the "Internal Revenue Service" a determination 109 letter that is currently in effect stating that the 110 organization is exempt from federal income taxation 111 112 under subsection 501(a) and described in subsection 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(8), 501(c)(10), 501(c)(19) or 113 501(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 114 115 amended: or is exempt from income taxes under 116 subsection 527(a) of said code.

§47-21-7. License fee and exemption from taxes.

1 (a) A license fee shall be paid to the tax commissioner 2 for annual licenses in the amount of one thousand 3 dollars. A license fee shall be paid to the tax commis-4 sioner for a limited occasion license in the amount of 5 fifty dollars. The license fee imposed by this section is 6 in lieu of all other license or franchise taxes or fees of 7 this state, and no county, or municipality or other 8 political subdivision of this state is empowered to impose

9 a license or franchise tax or fee on any raffle or raffle10 occasion.

11 (b) The gross proceeds derived from the conduct of a 12 raffle occasion are exempt from state and local business 13 and occupation taxes, income taxes, excise taxes and all special taxes. Any charitable or public service organi-14 zation conducting a raffle occasion pursuant to the 15 16 provisions of this article is exempt from payment of consumers sales and service taxes, use taxes and all 17 18 other taxes on all purchases for use or consumption in the conduct of a raffle occasion and is exempt from 19 collecting consumers sales taxes on any admission fees 20 21 and sales of raffle tickets.



[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen, relating to the creation of the West Virginia Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board to be charged with licensing and certifying real estate appraisers; requiring licenses for persons appraising real estate; exceptions; powers and duties of board; requiring certification for persons using the term "state certified real estate appraiser" or signing certified appraisal reports; hearings and orders of board; applications: qualifications for licensure and certification: education. experience, and examination requirements: continuing education requirements; complaints, investigations and disciplinary proceedings; fees; criminal penalties; waiver of license requirements; prohibited acts and omissions: nonresident licensure and certification: and attorney general opinion and duties.

Ch. 165]

REAL PROPERTY

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. THE REAL ESTATE APPRAISER LICENSING AND CERTIFICATION ACT.

- §37-14-1. Short title.
- §37-14-2. Definitions.
- §37-14-3. Real estate appraiser license required.
- §37-14-4. Exceptions to license requirement.
- §37-14-5. Board created; appointment, qualifications, terms, oath, etc., of members; quorum; meetings; when members are disqualified from participation; compensation; records; office space; personnel.
- §37-14-6. General powers and duties.
- §37-14-7. Hearings and orders; entry of order without notice and hearing.
- §37-14-8. Judicial review; appeals to supreme court of appeals.
- §37-14-9. Applications for license.
- §37-14-10. Scope of real estate appraiser license.
- §37-14-11. Qualifications for license.
- §37-14-12. Courses of study.
- §37-14-13. Term of license.
- §37-14-14. Continuing education.
- §37-14-15. Renewal of license.
- §37-14-16. Complaints and investigations relating to real estate appraiser licenses.
- §37-14-17. Professional corporations.
- §37-14-18. Collection of appraisal fees.
- §37-14-19. Penalties.
- §37-14-20. Waiver of license qualification requirements.
- §37-14-21. Special waiver of license qualification requirements.
- §37-14-22. Standards of professional appraisal practice.
- §37-14-23. Prohibited acts and omissions-Licensees.
- §37-14-24. Classification of service.
- §37-14-25. Contingent fees.
- \$37-14-26. State certified real estate appraiser; use of term.
- §37-14-27. Certification application.
- §37-14-28. Classes of certification.
- §37-14-29. Experience requirement.
- §37-14-30. Education requirement.
- §37-14-31. Examination required.
- §37-14-32. Term of certification.
- §37-14-33. Renewal of certification.
- §37-14-34. Basis for denial.
- \$37-14-35. Use of term "state certified real estate appraiser."
- \$37-14-36. Continuing education requirement.
- §37-14-37. Prohibited acts and omissions-State certified real estate appraiser.

- §37-14-38. Disciplinary proceedings.
- §37-14-39. Hearing and judicial review.
- §37-14-40. Licensing and certification fees.
- §37-14-41. Licenses, certificates and related records.
- §37-14-42. Roster of licensed appraisers and certified appraisers.
- §37-14-43. Certificate of good standing.
- §37-14-44. Licensure and certification of nonresidents.
- §37-14-45. Attorney general opinions and duties.

§37-14-1. Short title.

1 This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Real

2 Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act."

§37-14-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, the following terms shall have 2 the following meanings:

3 (a) "Appraisal" means an analysis, opinion or conclu-4 sion prepared by a real estate appraiser relating to the 5 nature, quality, value or utility of specified interests in. 6 or aspects of, identified real estate or identified real 7 property. An appraisal may be classified by the nature 8 of the assignment as a valuation appraisal, an analysis 9 assignment, or a review assignment. The term "valua-10 tion appraisal" refers to an analysis, opinion or conclu-11 sion prepared by a real estate appraiser that estimates 12 the value of an identified parcel of real estate or identified real property at a particular point in time. An 13 14 "analysis assignment" refers to an analysis, opinion or 15 conclusion prepared by a real estate appraiser that 16 relates to the nature, quality or utility of identified real estate or identified real property. A "review assign-17 18 ment" refers to an analysis, opinion or conclusion 19 prepared by a real estate appraiser that forms an 20 opinion as to the adequacy and appropriateness of a 21 valuation appraisal or an analysis assignment;

(b) "Appraisal foundation" means the appraisal
foundation established on the thirtieth day of November,
one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, as a not-forprofit corporation under the laws of Illinois;

26 (c) "Appraisal report" means any communication,
27 written or oral, of an appraisal. An appraisal report
28 may be classified by the nature of the assignment as a

29 "valuation report," "analysis report" or "review report." 30 For the purposes of this act, the testimony of an 31 appraiser dealing with the appraiser's analyses, conclu-32 sions or opinions concerning identified real estate or 33 identified real property is deemed to be an oral 34 appraisal report;

35 (d) "Board" means the real estate appraiser licensing
36 and certification board established pursuant to the
37 provisions of this article;

38 (e) "Certified appraisal report" means a written or 39 oral appraisal report that is certified as such by a state 40 certified real estate appraiser. When a state certified 41 real estate appraiser identifies an appraisal report as "certified", such state certified real estate appraiser 42 43 must indicate which type of certification he or she holds. 44 The certification of an appraisal report by a state 45 certified real estate appraiser represents to the public 46 that it meets the appraisal standards established 47 pursuant to this article:

48 (f) "Licensed real estate appraiser" means a person
49 who holds a current, valid real estate appraiser license
50 issued to him or her under the provisions of this article;

51 (g) "Real estate" means an identified parcel or tract 52 of land, including improvements, if any;

(h) "Real estate appraisal activity" means the act or
process of making an appraisal of real estate or real
property and preparing an appraisal report;

(i) "Real estate appraiser" means a person who
engages in real estate appraisal activity for a fee or
other valuable consideration;

59 (j) "Real property interests" means one or more 60 defined interests, benefits or rights inherent in the 61 ownership of real estate; and

62 (k) "State certified real estate appraiser" means a 63 person who holds a current, valid certification as a real 64 estate appraiser issued to him or her under the 65 provisions of this article.

§37-14-3. Real estate appraiser license required.

Beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine 1 hundred ninety-one, it is unlawful for any person, for 2 3 compensation or valuable consideration, to prepare a 4 valuation appraisal or a valuation appraisal report 5 relating to real estate or real property in this state 6 without first obtaining a real estate appraiser license as 7 provided in this article. This section shall not be construed to apply to persons who do not render 8 9 significant professional assistance in arriving at a real estate appraisal analysis, opinion or conclusion. Nothing 10 11 in this article, however, shall be construed to prohibit 12 any person who is licensed to practice in this state under any other law from engaging in the practice for which 13 he or she is licensed. 14

§37-14-4. Exceptions to license requirement.

1 This article does not apply to:

2 (a) A real estate broker or salesperson licensed by this 3 state who, in the ordinary course of his or her business, gives an opinion to a potential seller or third party as 4 5 to the recommended listing price of real estate or an 6 opinion to a potential purchaser or third party as to the 7 recommended purchase price of real estate, when this opinion as to the listing price or the purchase price is 8 not to be referred to as an appraisal, no opinion is 9 rendered as to the value of the real estate, and no fee 10 11 is charged;

12 (b) A casual or drive-by inspection of real estate in 13 connection with a consumer loan secured by the said 14 real estate, when the inspection is not referred to as an 15 appraisal, no opinion is rendered as to the value of the 16 real estate, and no fee is charged for the inspection;

17 (c) An employee who renders an opinion as to the 18 value of real estate for his full-time employer, for the 19 employer's internal use only and performed in the 20 regular course of the employee's position, when the 21 opinion is not referred to as an appraisal and no fee is 22 charged; and

23 (d) An appraisal or opinion with regard to the value

24 of a manufactured home, as such term is defined in

25 section two, article nine, chapter twenty-one of this code,

26 if the property appraised does not include real estate or

27 an interest therein.

§37-14-5. Board created; appointment, qualifications, terms, oath, etc., of members; quorum; meetings; when members are disqualified from participation; compensation; records; office space; personnel.

(a) There is hereby created the West Virginia Real 1 2 Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board 3 which consists of seven members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. 4 Each member shall be a resident of the state of West 5 6 Virginia. Two members shall be real estate appraisers 7 having at least five years' experience in appraisal as a 8 principal line of work immediately preceding their 9 appointment, two members shall be selected from 10 financial institutions having at least five years' exper-11 ience in real estate lending, and three members who 12 shall not be engaged in the practice of real estate 13 appraisal, real estate brokerage or sales, or have any financial interest in such practices. No member of the 14 board may concurrently be a member of the West 15 16 Virginia real estate commission. Not more than one 17 appraiser member may be appointed from each congres-18 sional district.

19 (b) Appointments shall be for a three-year term, except of the members first appointed, three shall serve 20 for two years and one for one year. Each real estate 21 appraiser appointed after the first day of January, one 22 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall have appraisal 23 24 as their principal work and must be a state certified real estate appraiser under this article at the time of 25appointment and during the term of appointment. No 26 27 member appointed shall serve for more than six consecutive years. Before entering upon the perfor-28 mance of his duties, each member shall subscribe to the 29 oath required by section five, article four of the 30 constitution of this state. The governor shall, within 31 sixty days following the occurrence of a vacancy on the 32

board, fill the same by appointing a person for the
unexpired term of, and meeting the same requirements
for membership as, the person vacating said office. Any
member may be removed by the governor in case of
incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality or
malfeasance in office.

39 (c) The board shall elect a chairman. A majority of 40 the members of the board shall constitute a quorum. The 41 board shall meet at least once in each calendar quarter 42 on a date fixed by the board. The board may, upon its own motion, or shall upon the written request of three 43 members of the board, call additional meetings of the 44 board upon at least twenty-four hours' notice. No 45 member shall participate in a proceeding before the 46 board to which a corporation, partnership or unincor-47 porated association is a party, and of which he is or was 48 at any time in the preceding twelve months a director, 49 officer, owner, partner, employee, member or stock-50 holder. A member may disqualify himself from partic-51 ipation in a proceeding for any other cause deemed by 52 him to be sufficient. Each member shall receive fifty 53 dollars for each day or portion thereof spent in attending 54 55 meetings of the board and shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred incidental 56 to his duties as a member of the board. 57

(d) The board shall keep an accurate record of all of
its proceedings and make certificates thereupon as may
be required by law.

§37-14-6. General powers and duties.

1 The board shall:

2 (a) Define by rule the type of educational experience,
3 appraisal experience and equivalent experience that
4 will meet the statutory requirements of this article;

5 (b) Establish examination specifications as prescribed 6 herein and provide or procure appropriate 7 examinations;

8 (c) Approve or disapprove applications for certifica-9 tion and licensure;

10 (d) Define by rule continuing education requirements11 for the renewal of certification and licenses;

(e) Censure, suspend or revoke licenses and certifica-tion as provided in this article;

(f) Hold meetings, hearings and examinations inplaces and at times as it shall designate;

16 (g) Establish procedures for submitting, approving17 and disapproving applications;

(h) Maintain an accurate registry of the names and
addresses of all persons certified or issued a license to
practice under this article;

(i) Maintain accurate records on applicants and
 licensed or certified real estate appraisers;

23 (j) Issue to each licensed or certified real estate 24 appraiser a pocket card with the name and license or 25certification number on each in the size and form it may 26 approve. The license or certification pocket card shall 27 remain the property of the state of West Virginia, and, upon suspension or revocation of the license to practice 28 29 pursuant to this article, shall be returned immediately 30 to the commission:

(k) Deposit all fees collected by the commission in the
state treasury. The state treasurer shall deposit the fees
to the credit of the West Virginia appraiser licensing
and certification board and shall disburse moneys from
the account to pay the cost of board operation.
Disbursements from the account shall not exceed the
moneys credited to it;

(1) Hire employees to assist in the discharge of the
duties imposed upon it by this article subject to the
policies and standards of the department of administration. No employee of the commission may be a paid
employee of any real estate association, group or real
estate dealers, brokers, appraisers or lenders;

(m) Perform any other functions and duties as may benecessary in carrying out the provisions of this article.

46 All rules shall be promulgated pursuant to the

Real Property

47 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The 48 members of the board shall be immune from any civil action or criminal prosecution for initiating or assisting 49 50 in any lawful investigation of the actions of, or participating in any disciplinary proceeding concerning a 51 licensed or certified real estate appraiser pursuant to 52this article: Provided. That such action is taken without 53 54 malicious intent and in the reasonable belief that the 55 action was taken pursuant to the powers and duties 56 vested in the members of the board under this article.

§37-14-7. Hearings and orders; entry of order without notice and hearing.

(a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this 1 2 section, notice and hearing shall be provided in advance of the entry of any order by the board. Such notice shall 3 be given to the person with respect to whom the hearing 4 is to be conducted and such hearing and the adminis-5 trative procedures in connection therewith shall be 6 governed by all of the provisions of article five, chapter 7 8 twenty-nine-a of this code, and shall be held at a time and place set by the board, but shall not be held less 9 than ten or more than thirty days after such notice is 10 given. A hearing may be continued by the board on its 11 own motion or for good cause shown. At any such 12 13 hearing a party may represent himself or be repres-14 ented by an attorney admitted to practice before any 15 circuit court of this state.

16 (b) The board shall have the power and authority to 17 issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum, administer 18 oaths and examine any person under oath in connection 19 with any subject relating to duties imposed upon or 20 powers vested in the board.

(c) Whenever the board shall find that extraordinary 21 circumstances exist which require immediate action, it 22 may forthwith without notice or hearing enter an order 23 taking any action permitted by this article. Immediately 24 upon the entry of such order, certified copies thereof 25 shall be served upon all persons affected thereby and 26 upon demand such persons shall be entitled to a hearing 27 thereon at the earliest practicable time. 28

Ch. 165]

§37-14-8. Judicial review; appeals to supreme court of appeals.

1 (a) Any party to a hearing before the board affected 2 by any order of the board made and entered after a 3 hearing as provided in this chapter shall be entitled to 4 judicial review thereof in the manner provided in article 5 five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

6 (b) Any such party adversely affected by a final 7 judgment of a circuit court following judicial review as 8 provided in subsection (a) of this section may seek 9 review thereof by appeal to the supreme court of appeals 10 in the manner provided in article six, chapter twenty-11 nine-a of this code.

§37-14-9. Applications for license.

1 An individual who desires to engage in real estate 2 appraisal activity in this state shall make application for 3 a license, in writing, in such form as the board may 4 prescribe.

5 To assist the board in determining whether grounds 6 exist to deny the issuance of a license to an applicant, 7 the board may require the fingerprinting of every 8 applicant for an original license.

§37-14-10. Scope of real estate appraiser license.

1 A licensed real estate appraiser is authorized to 2 appraise all types of real estate and real property in this 3 state, including, but not limited to, commercial, indus-4 trial, residential and special purpose.

§37-14-11. Qualifications for license.

1 To qualify for a real estate appraiser license, an 2 applicant shall:

(a) Successfully complete not less than forty-five 3 classroom hours in courses of study approved by the 4 board which relate to real estate appraisal. The required 5 forty-five classroom hours shall include (1) not less than 6 thirty classroom hours of study relating to the basic 7 principles of land economics and the basic principles of 8 real estate appraising, and (2) not less than fifteen 9 classroom hours of study specifically relating to the 10

REAL PROPERTY

standards of professional appraisal practice and the
ethical rules to be observed by a real estate appraiser
as required by section twenty-three of this article;

(b) Pass an examination administered by the board that is based upon forty-five classroom hours of appraisal study and is designed to test an individual's knowledge of the basic principles of land economics, the basic principles of real estate appraising, the standards of professional appraisal practice, and the ethical rules to be observed by a real estate appraiser; and

21 (c) Be of good moral character, in the opinion of the 22 board.

The courses of study referred to in subsection (a) (1) above must be conducted by (i) an accredited university, college or junior college; (ii) an approved appraisal society, institute or association; or (iii) such other school as may be approved by the board.

§37-14-12. Courses of study.

1 In making its determinations with respect to the 2 courses of study required by section eleven, the board 3 shall give weight to courses which teach one or more of 4 the following:

5 (a) Appropriate knowledge of technical terms com6 monly used in or related to real estate appraising,
7 appraisal report writing and economical concepts
8 applicable to real estate;

9 (b) An understanding of the basic principles of land 10 economics, the basic principles of the real estate 11 appraisal process, and the problems likely to be 12 encountered in gathering, interpreting, and processing 13 the data required in the real estate appraisal process;

(c) An understanding of the standards for the development and communication of real estate appraisals as
provided in this article;

17 (d) An understanding of the ethical rules that a real18 estate appraiser is required to observe;

19 (e) Appropriate knowledge of theories of depreciation,

20 cost estimating, methods of capitalization, and the
21 mathematics of real estate appraisal;

22 (f) An understanding of basic real estate law; and

- (g) An understanding of the types of misconduct for
 which disciplinary proceedings may be initiated against
- 25 a licensed real estate appraiser.

§37-14-13. Term of license.

1 If the board determines that an applicant meets the 2 requirements of this act and is qualified for a real estate 3 appraiser license, it shall issue a license to the applicant 4 that shall expire one year following the date of issuance 5 unless revoked or suspended prior thereto. The board 6 shall approve or deny each application within ninety 7 days of receipt. If no action is taken within ninety days, the application will be deemed approved and the board 8 9 shall issue the license.

§37-14-14. Continuing education.

(a) As a prerequisite to renewal of license, a licensed
 real estate appraiser shall present evidence satisfactory
 to the board of having obtained ten hours of continuing
 education.

5 (b) The board shall adopt rules for the implementa-6 tion of the provisions of this section to the end of 7 assuring that each individual renewing his or her 8 license as a real estate appraiser under this article has 9 a working knowledge of current real estate appraisal theories, practices and techniques that will enable such 10 11 individual to provide competent real estate appraisal 12 services to the members of the public and to financial 13 institutions with whom such individual deals in a 14 professional relationship under the authority of his or 15 her real estate appraiser license.

§37-14-15. Renewal of license.

1 To renew a current, valid real estate appraiser license, 2 other than a temporary license issued under section 3 forty-four of this article, the holder of such license shall 4 file an application on a form approved by the board and 5 pay the prescribed renewal fee to the board not earlier 6 than one hundred twenty days nor later than thirty days
7 prior to the expiration date of the license then held.
8 Each application for renewal shall be accompanied by
9 evidence in the form prescribed by the board of having
10 completed the continuing education requirement for
11 renewal specified in this article.

12 If a licensee fails to apply for a renewal of his or her 13 license as a real estate appraiser within the period prescribed above, such licensee may, within a period of 14 two years following the expiration date of his or her 15 license, obtain a renewal of such license by satisfying all 16 17 of the requirements for renewal and paying a late 18 renewal fee. The board may refuse to renew any license 19 if the licensee has continued to perform real estate 20 appraisal activities in this state following the expiration 21 of his or her license.

§37-14-16. Complaints and investigations relating to real estate appraiser licenses.

1 The board may, upon its own motion, and shall, upon 2 the written complaint of any aggrieved person, cause an 3 investigation to be made with respect to an alleged 4 violation of section twenty-three of this article by any licensee or applicant for license in this state. If any 5 6 investigation discloses a probable violation of section twenty-three of this article by a licensee or applicant. 7 8 a formal complaint shall be filed. The board shall have 9 the power to deny, suspend, or revoke a license, issue a formal reprimand or impose a fine not to exceed five 10 hundred dollars against an applicant or licensee if, after 11 12 hearing and notice as provided in this article, the board 13 finds that an applicant or licensee has violated the 14 provisions of section twenty-three of this article.

§37-14-17. Professional corporations.

1 Nothing contained in this article shall be deemed to 2 prohibit any licensee from engaging in the practice of 3 real estate appraising as a professional corporation in 4 accordance with the provisions of the professional 5 service corporation act of this state. Ch. 165]

Real Property

§37-14-18. Collection of appraisal fees.

1 No person engaged in the business of real estate 2 appraising in this state or acting in the capacity of a 3 real estate appraiser in this state may bring or maintain 4 any action in any court of this state to collect compen-5 sation for the performance of real appraisal services for 6 which a license is required by this article without 7 alleging and proving that he or she was the holder of 8 a valid real estate appraiser license in this state at all 9 times during the performance of such services.

§37-14-19. Penalties.

(a) A person required by this article to be licensed 1 2 who engages in real estate appraisal activity in this state 3 without obtaining a license therefor shall be guilty of a 4 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be punished 5 by fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more 6 than one thousand dollars and shall be ineligible to 7 obtain a license for a period of one year from the date 8 of his or her conviction of such offense: Provided. That 9 the board, at its discretion, may grant a license to such 10 person within such one-year period upon application, 11 upon a finding of extenuating circumstances, and after 12 an administrative hearing thereon.

(b) Any person acting or purporting to act as a
certified real estate appraiser without first obtaining a
license to practice under this article is guilty of a
misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined not
more than two thousand five hundred dollars or
imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one year,
or both fined and imprisoned.

20 (c) If any person receives any money or the equivalent thereof as a fee, commission, compensation or profit by 21 22 or in consequence of a violation of any provision of this 23 article, he shall, in addition to the penalties prescribed above, be subject to a penalty of not less than the sum 24 of money so received nor more than three times such 25sum as may be determined by the court, which penalty 26 may be recovered in a court of competent jurisdiction 27 by any person aggrieved as a result of any such 28 violation. 29

;

REAL PROPERTY

§37-14-20. Waiver of license qualification requirements.

1 Upon an individual review of the qualifications of a 2 real estate appraiser who is actively engaged in 3 appraising real estate or real property in this state on 4 the effective date of this article, the board may waive the requirements in section eleven of this article relating 5 6 to the successful completion of forty-five classroom hours of appraisal study and the passing of an exam-7 8 ination administered by the board that is based upon 9 forty-five classroom hours of appraisal study.

10 Within ninety days after the effective date of this 11 article, the board shall develop general standards and 12 criteria for its use in conducting an individual review 13 of the qualifications of a real estate appraiser who is 14 actively engaged in appraising real estate or real 15 property in this state. These general standards and criteria shall include a requirement that an applicant 16 for a license under this section must have obtained a 17 minimum of two years of real estate appraisal expe-18 19 rience within the last five years preceding the date of 20 application. The general standards and criteria devel-21 oped by the board shall be printed and distributed 22 without charge to all presently practicing real estate 23 appraisers who request a copy.

24 Each real estate appraiser who is actively engaged in 25 appraising real estate in this state on the effective date 26 of this article and wishes to apply for a real estate 27 appraiser's license under the waiver provisions of this 28 section shall file an application for a license on or before the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine 29 hundred ninety, on a form approved by the board. If a 30 timely application is filed and the applicant demon-31 32 strates competence and experience satisfactory to the 33 board, he or she shall be granted a license under the provisions of this article. 34

§37-14-21. Special waiver of license qualification requirements.

1 The board may waive the requirements of this article 2 relating to the successful completion of forty-five 3 classroom hours of appraisal study if an applicant:

4 (1) Submits satisfactory evidence of having obtained

1287

5 a minimum of five years of real estate appraisal 6 experience within the last seven years preceding the 7 date of application; and

8 (2) Passes the examination approved by the board

9 that satisfies the requirement in subsection (b) of section

10 eleven of this article.

§37-14-22. Standards of professional appraisal practice.

1 Each real estate appraiser licensed or certified under this act shall comply with generally accepted standards 2 3 of professional appraisal practice and generally accepted ethical rules to be observed by a real estate 4 appraiser. Generally accepted standards of professional 5 appraisal practice are currently evidenced by the 6 uniform standards of professional appraisal practice 7 promulgated by the appraisal foundation; however, after 8 a public hearing held in accordance with provisions of 9 the state statutes applicable to public hearings, the 10 board may make such modifications of or additions to 11 the uniform standards of professional appraisal practice 12 as may be appropriate. 13

§37-14-23. Prohibited acts and omissions-Licensees.

1 The following acts and omissions shall be considered 2 grounds for disciplinary action by the board:

(1) Procuring or attempting to procure license under
this article by knowingly making a false statement,
submitting false information or making a material
misrepresentation in an application filed with the board,
or procuring or attempting to procure a license through
fraud or misrepresentation;

9 (2) Paying money other than the fees provided for by 10 this article to any member or employee of the board to 11 procure a license under this article;

(3) An act or omission in the practice of real estate
appraising which constitutes dishonesty, fraud or
misrepresentation with the intent to substantially
benefit the licensee or another person or with the intent
to substantially injure another person;

17 (4) Entry of a final civil or criminal judgment against

a licensee on grounds of fraud, misrepresentation or
deceit in the making of an appraisal of real estate;

(5) Conviction, including a conviction based upon a
plea of guilty or nolo contendre, of a crime which is
substantially related to the qualifications, functions or
duties of a person developing real estate appraisals and
communicating real estate appraisals to others;

(6) Making a false or misleading statement in that
portion of a written appraisal report that deals with
professional qualifications or in any testimony concerning professional qualifications;

(7) Violation of any section of this article, or any rule
promulgated thereunder, other than section twentythree;

32 (8) Violation of section twenty-three of this article, or
33 any rule promulgated thereunder, as determined by
34 order of the board and related findings of fact;

(9) Violation of the confidential nature of governmental records to which a licensee gained access through
employment or engagement as an appraiser by a
governmental agency; and

(10) Acceptance of a fee for performing an independent appraisal service, when, in fact, the fee is or was
contingent upon the appraiser reporting a predetermined analysis, opinion, or conclusion, or is or was
contingent upon the analysis, opinion, conclusion or
valuation reached, or upon the consequences resulting
from the appraisal assignment.

In a disciplinary proceeding based upon a civil
judgment, the licensee shall be afforded an opportunity
to present matters in mitigation and extenuation but
may not collaterally attack the civil judgment.

§37-14-24. Classification of service.

1 A client or employer may retain or employ a licensed 2 or certified real estate appraiser to act as a disinterested 3 third party in rendering an unbiased estimate of value 4 or an unbiased analysis, opinion or conclusion. A client 5 or employer may also retain or employ a licensed or 6 certified real estate appraiser to provide specialized 7 appraisal services to facilitate the client's or employer's 8 objectives. In either case, the appraisal and the apprai-9 sal report must comply with the provisions of this 10 article.

11 The term "independent appraisal service" means an 12 engagement for which an appraiser is employed or retained to act, or would be perceived by third parties 13 or the public as acting, as a disinterested third party 14 in rendering an unbiased analysis, opinion, or conclusion 15 16 relating to the nature, quality, value, or utility of 17 identified real estate or identified real property. The term "specialized appraisal service" means an engage-18 19 ment to provide an appraisal service which does not fall 20 within the definition of independent appraisal service. 21 The term specialized appraisal service may include 22 valuation appraisals, analysis assignments and review 23 assignments. Regardless of the intention of the client or employer, if the appraiser is, in fact, perceived by third 24 parties or the public as acting as a disinterested third 25 party in rendering an unbiased analysis, opinion or 26 conclusion, the work is classified as an independent 27 appraisal service and not as a specialized appraisal 28 29 service.

§37-14-25. Contingent fees.

A licensed or certified real estate appraiser who 1 2 enters into an agreement to perform an independent appraisal service as defined in section twenty-four of 3 4 this article may not accept a fee that is contingent upon the appraiser reporting a predetermined analysis, 5 opinion, or conclusion that is contingent upon the 6 analysis, opinion, or conclusion reached, or is contingent 7 upon the results achieved by the appraisal assignment. 8

9 A licensed or certified real estate appraiser who 10 enters into an agreement to perform a specialized 11 appraisal service as defined in section twenty-four of 12 this article may be paid a fixed fee or a fee that is 13 contingent on the results achieved by the specialized 14 appraisal service. If a licensed or certified real estate 15 appraiser enters into an agreement to perform a 16 specialized appraisal service for a contingent fee, this 17 fact shall be clearly stated in each written and oral 18 appraisal report. In each written report, this fact shall 19 be clearly stated in a prominent location in such report 20 and also in each letter of transmittal and in the 21 certification statement made by the appraiser in such 22 report.

§37-14-26. State certified real estate appraiser; use of term.

1 No person other than a state certified real estate 2 appraiser under this article shall assume or use that 3 title or any title, designation, or abbreviation likely to 4 create the impression of certification as a real estate 5 appraiser by this state.

6 Only an individual who has qualified as a state 7 certified real estate appraiser under this article is 8 authorized to prepare and sign a certified appraisal 9 report relating to real estate or real property in this 10 state.

11 If an appraisal report is prepared and signed by a 12 state certified real estate appraiser and such appraisal 13 report is certified as such by the state certified real 14 estate appraiser, a holder of a real estate appraiser 15 license under this article who assisted in the preparation 16 of such appraisal report is authorized to cosign such 17 appraisal report.

18 An individual who has not qualified as a state 19 certified real estate appraiser under this article shall 20 not describe or refer to any appraisal or appraisal report 21 relating to real estate or real property in this state by 22 the terms "certified appraisal" or "certified appraisal 23 report."

§37-14-27. Certification application.

1 Applications for original certification, applications for 2 renewal of certification and applications to take an 3 examination shall be made in writing to the board on 4 forms approved by the board.

5 The payment of the appropriate fee must accompany

REAL PROPERTY

6 all applications for original certification and renewal of 7 certification and all applications to take an examination.

8 At the time of filing an application for original 9 certification or for renewal of certification, each 10 applicant shall sign a pledge to comply with the standards of professional appraisal practice and the 11 12 ethical rules to be observed by an appraiser that are 13 established from time to time for state certified real 14 estate appraisers under this article. Each applicant 15 shall also certify that he or she understands the types 16 of misconduct, as set forth in this article, for which 17 disciplinary proceedings may be initiated against a state 18 certified real estate appraiser.

§37-14-28. Classes of certification.

1 There shall be two classes of certification for state 2 certified real estate appraisers:

3 (a) State certified residential real estate appraiser. 4 The state certified residential real estate appraiser 5 classification shall consist of those persons who meet the 6 requirements for certification that relate to the apprai-7 sal of residential real estate of one to four units, and to 8 the appraisal of residential real estate of up to twelve 9 units when a net income capitalization analysis is not 10 required by the terms of the assignment.

11 (b) State certified general real estate appraiser.—The 12 state certified general real estate appraiser classifica-13 tion shall consist of those persons who meet the 14 requirements for certification relating to the appraisal 15 of all types of real estate.

16 Each application for original certification or for the 17 renewal of certification and each application to take an 18 examination shall specify the classification of certifica-19 tion being applied for and, if applicable, the certification 20 previously granted.

§37-14-29. Experience requirement.

1 As a prerequisite to taking the examination for 2 certification as a state certified real estate appraiser, an 3 applicant shall present evidence satisfactory to the

REAL PROPERTY

board that he or she possesses the equivalent of two
years of experience in real property appraisal supported
by adequate written reports or file memoranda. Such
experience, or the equivalent thereof, must be acquired
within a period of five years immediately preceding the
filing of the application for certification.

Each applicant for certification shall furnish under oath a detailed listing of the real estate appraisal reports or file memoranda for each year for which experience is claimed by the applicant. Upon request, the applicant shall make available to the board for examination a sample of appraisal reports which the applicant has prepared in the course of his or her appraisal practice.

§37-14-30. Education requirement.

1 (a) Residential classification.—As a prerequisite to 2 taking the examination for certification as a state 3 certified residential real estate appraiser, an applicant 4 shall present evidence satisfactory to the board that he 5 or she is the holder of a valid real estate appraiser 6 license under this act, and either:

7 (1) Has a college degree; or

8 (2) Has successfully completed not less than seventyfive classroom hours in courses of study approved by the 9 board. To meet the seventy-five classroom hour require-10 11 ment, an applicant must successfully complete not less 12 than sixty classroom hours in courses of study approved by the board which relate to real estate appraisal theory 13 14 and practice, plus fifteen classroom hours in courses of 15 study approved by the board which relate specifically 16 to the standards of professional appraisal practice, to the 17 ethical rules to be observed by a real estate appraiser, 18 and to the provisions of this article. The courses of study referred to above must be conducted by (1) an accredited 19 university, college or junior college, (2) an approved 20 appraisal society, institute or association, or (3) such 21 22 other school as may be approved by the board.

23 (b) General classification.—As a prerequisite to 24 taking the examination for certification as a state 25 certified general real estate appraiser, an applicant

r

shall present evidence satisfactory to the board that he
or she is the holder of a valid real estate appraiser
license under this article, and either:

29 (1) Has a college degree; or

30 (2) Has successfully completed not less than one 31 hundred sixty-five classroom hours in courses of study approved by the board. To meet the one hundred sixty-32 33 five classroom hour requirement, an applicant must 34 successfully complete not less than one hundred fifty 35 classroom hours in courses of study approved by the 36 board which relate to real estate appraisal theory and 37 practice, plus fifteen classroom hours in courses of study approved by the board which relate specifically to the 38 39 standards of professional appraisal practice, to the 40 ethical rules to be observed by a real estate appraiser. 41 and to the provisions of this article. The courses of study 42 referred to above must be conducted by (1) an accredited 43 university, college or junior college, (2) an approved 44 appraisal society, institute or association, or (3) such 45 other school as may be approved by the board.

§37-14-31. Examination required.

1 An original certification as a state certified real estate 2 appraiser shall not be issued to any person who has not 3 demonstrated through a written examination process 4 that he or she possesses the following:

5 (a) Appropriate knowledge of technical terms com-6 monly used in or related to real estate appraising, 7 appraisal report writing, and economic concepts appli-8 cable to real estate;

9 (b) An understanding of the basic principles of land 10 economics, the basic principles of the real estate 11 appraisal process, and the problems likely to be 12 encountered in gathering, interpreting, and processing 13 the data that is required in the real estate appraisal 14 process;

(c) An understanding of the standards for the development and communication of real estate appraisals as
provided in this article;

18 (d) An understanding of the ethical rules that a real19 estate appraiser is required to observe;

(e) Knowledge of theories of depreciation, cost estimating, methods of capitalization, and the mathematics
of real estate appraisal that are appropriate for the
classification of certification applied for;

(f) Knowledge of such other principles and procedures
as may be appropriate for the classification of certification applied for;

27 (g) An understanding of basic real estate law; and

(h) An understanding of the types of misconduct for
which disciplinary proceedings may be initiated against
a state certified real estate appraiser, as set forth in this
article.

§37-14-32. Term of certification.

The initial certification issued pursuant to this article 1 2 shall expire upon the expiration date of the license held 3 by the certificate holder. Thereafter, a certification 4 issued pursuant to this article shall expire four years 5 from the date of issuance or upon the date that the state certified appraiser no longer holds a valid license as a 6 7 real estate appraiser in this state, whichever first 8 occurs. The scheduled expiration date of the certificate 9 shall appear on the certificate and no other notice of its 10 expiration need be given to its holder.

§37-14-33. Renewal of certification.

To obtain a renewal of certification as a state certified 1 2 real estate appraiser under this act, the holder of a 3 current, valid certification shall make application and 4 pay the prescribed fee to the board no earlier than one 5 hundred twenty days nor later than thirty days prior to 6 the expiration date of the certification then held. Each 7 application for renewal shall be accompanied by 8 evidence in the form prescribed by the board of having 9 completed the continuing education requirements for 10 renewal specified in this article.

11 If the board determines that an applicant for renewal 12 has failed to meet the requirements for renewal of REAL PROPERTY

13 certification through mistake, misunderstanding, or 14 circumstances beyond the control of the applicant. the 15 board may extend the term of the applicant's certifica-16 tion for a period not to exceed six months upon payment 17 by the applicant of a prescribed fee for the extension. 18 If the applicant for renewal of certification satisfies the requirements for renewal during the extension period. 19 the beginning date of his or her renewal certificate shall 20 21 be the day following the expiration of the certificate 22 previously held by the applicant.

23 If a state certified real estate appraiser under this 24 article fails to renew his or her certification prior to its expiration or within any period of extension granted by 25the board pursuant to this article, such person may 26 obtain a renewal of his or her certification by satisfying 27all of the requirements for renewal and filing an 28 29 application for renewal, accompanied by a late renewal fee, within two years of the date that his or her 30 certification expired. 31

§37-14-34. Basis for denial.

1 The board may deny the issuance of a certificate as 2 a state certified real estate appraiser to an applicant on 3 any ground enumerated in this article. Any applicant 4 whose application for certification is denied may 5 demand and shall be afforded a hearing pursuant to 6 section seven of this article.

§37-14-35. Use of term "state certified real estate appraiser."

The term "state certified real estate appraiser" may 1 be used to refer only to an individual who is a state 2 certified real estate appraiser under this article and 3 may not be used following, or immediately in connection 4 with, the name or signature of a firm, partnership, 5 corporation, group, or in such manner that it might be 6 interpreted as referring to a firm, partnership, corpo-7 ration or group or to anyone other than the individual 8 who is certified under this article. This requirement 9 shall not be construed to prevent a state certified real 10 estate appraiser from signing an appraisal report on 11 behalf of a corporation, partnership, firm or group 12

REAL PROPERTY

- 13 practice if it is clear that only the individual is certified
- 14 and that the corporation, partnership, firm or group
- 15 practice is not. No certificate shall be issued under the
- 16 provisions of this acticle to a corporation, partnership,
- 17 firm or group.

§37-14-36. Continuing education requirement.

- 1 As a prerequisite to renewal of certification, a state 2 certified real estate appraiser shall present evidence 3 satisfactory to the board of having met the continuing 4 education requirements of this section.
- 5 The basic continuing education requirement for 6 renewal of certification shall be the completion by the 7 applicant, during the immediately preceding term of 8 certification, of not less than ten classroom hours of 9 instruction per year in courses or seminars which have 10 received the approval of the board.
- 11 In lieu of meeting the requirements set forth above, 12 an applicant for recertification may satisfy all or part 13 of the requirements by presenting evidence of the 14 following:
- (a) Completion of an educational program of study
 determined by the board to be equivalent, for continuing
 education purposes, to courses or seminars approved by
 the board; or
- (b) Participation other than as a student in educational processes and programs approved by the board
 which relate to real property appraisal theory, practices
 or techniques, including, but not necessarily limited to,
 teaching, program development and preparation of
 textbooks, monographs, articles and other instructional
 materials.

26 The board shall develop rules for the implementation of the provisions of this section to the end of assuring 27 that an individual who renews his or her certification 28 29 as a state certified real estate appraiser under this 30 article has a working knowledge of current real estate appraisal theories, practices and techniques that will 31 enable such individual to provide competent real estate 32 appraisal services to the members of the public with 33

whom such individual deals in a professional relationship under the authority of his or her certification. All
rules shall be promulgated pursuant to the provisions of
chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and shall prescribe
the following:

39 (1) Policies and procedures to be followed in approval40 of courses of instruction and seminars;

41 (2) Standards, policies and procedures to be used in42 evaluating an applicant's claim of equivalency;

43 (3) Standards, monitoring methods, and systems for
44 recording attendance to be employed by course and
45 seminar sponsors as a prerequisite to approval of
46 courses and seminars for credit.

47 In developing and proposing rules pursuant to this 48 section, the board shall give consideration to courses of instruction, seminars, and other appraisal education 49 programs developed by or under the auspices of 50 51 organizations or associations of professional real estate appraisers which are utilized by such organizations or 52 53 associations for the purpose of awarding real estate 54 appraisal designations or indicating compliance with 55 the continuing education requirements of such organi-56 zations or associations.

57 No amendment or repeal of a rule adopted by the 58 board pursuant to this section shall operate to deprive 59 a state certified real estate appraiser of credit toward 60 renewal of his or her certification for any course of 61 instruction or seminar that has been completed by such 62 state certified real estate appraiser prior to the adoption 63 of the rule.

64 On or after the first day of January, one thousand nine 65 hundred ninety-one, a certification as a state certified 66 real estate appraiser that has been revoked or suspended 67 as the result of a disciplinary action taken by the board shall not be reinstated unless the applicant for reinstate-68 ment presents evidence that he or she has completed the 69 continuing education requirement that is provided in 70 this acticle for the renewal of certification. This 71 continuing education requirement shall not be imposed 72

upon an applicant for reinstatement who has been
required by the board to successfully complete the
examination for state certified real estate appraiser
required by section thirty-one of this article as a
condition for reinstatement of certification.

§37-14-37. Prohibited acts and omissions—State certified real estate appraisers.

1 An application for certification or recertification may 2 be denied, and the rights of any state certified real 3 estate appraiser may be revoked or suspended, or the 4 holder of the certificate may be otherwise disciplined in 5 accordance with the provisions of this article, for any of 6 the following acts or omissions:

7 (a) Failing to meet the minimum qualifications for
8 state certification established by or pursuant to this
9 article;

10 (b) Procuring or attempting to procure state certifi-11 cation pursuant to this article by knowingly making a 12 false statement, submitting false information, or making 13 a material misrepresentation in an application filed 14 with the board or procuring or attempting to procure 15 state certification through any form of fraud or 16 misrepresentation;

(c) Paying money other than the fees provided for in
this article to any member or employee of the board to
procure state certification under this article;

20 (d) Violation of section twenty-three of this article, or21 any rule promulgated thereunder;

(e) Failure or refusal without good cause to exercise
reasonable diligence in developing an appraisal, preparing an appraisal report or communicating an appraisal;
and

26 (f) Negligence or incompetence in developing an
27 appraisal, preparing an appraisal report, or communi28 cating an appraisal.

§37-14-38. Disciplinary proceedings.

1 The board may investigate the actions of a state

2 certified real estate appraiser or an applicant for 3 certification or recertification and may, upon com-4 pliance with the procedural requirements set forth in 5 section seven of this article, revoke or suspend both the 6 license and the certificate or otherwise discipline a state 7 certified real estate appraiser, or deny an application. 8 for any of the acts or omissions set forth in section 9 thirty-seven herein.

10 If an investigation indicates that a state certified real 11 estate appraiser under this act has violated section 12 thirty-seven of this article, a formal complaint shall be 13 prepared by the board staff and served upon such state 14 certified real estate appraiser. This complaint shall 15 require the accused party to file an answer to the 16 complaint within twenty days of the date of service.

17 In responding to a complaint filed by the staff of the 18 board, the accused party may admit the allegations of 19 the complaint, deny the allegations of the complaint or 20otherwise plead. Failure to make a timely response shall 21 be deemed an admission of the allegations of the 22 complaint. Upon receipt of an answer to the complaint. the board shall refer the file to the chairperson of the 2324 board. Upon receipt of such file, the chairperson of the board shall set a date, time and place for a hearing on 25the complaint. The date of the hearing shall not be less $\mathbf{26}$ than thirty nor more than ninety days from the date that 27 the file is received, unless such date is extended by the 28 29 board for good cause shown.

§37-14-39. Hearing and judicial review.

The hearing on the allegations in the complaint shall 1 be at the time and place prescribed by the board and 2 in the manner set forth in section seven of this article. 3 If, at the conclusion of the hearing, the board determines 4 that a state certified real estate appraiser is guilty of 5 a violation of any of the provisions of this article, it shall 6 prepare a formal decision that shall contain findings of 7 fact and a recommendation concerning the appropriate 8 disciplinary action to be taken. 9

10 Upon receipt of a decision containing findings of fact 11 and a recommendation, the board shall carefully review

REAL PROPERTY

12 the decision, the findings of fact and the recommendation made and take such disciplinary action as the board deems appropriate. Disciplinary actions include suspension and revocation of certification, suspension and revocation of license and formal reprimand.

Any party to a hearing before the board affected by
any order of the board made and entered after a hearing
as provided in this chapter shall be entitled to judicial
review as provided in section eight of this article.

§37-14-40. Licensing and certification fees.

1 The board shall charge and collect appropriate fees 2 annually for its services under this article. The fees 3 charged by the board shall not exceed the amounts 4 indicated below:

- 5 (1) A license application fee of fifty dollars;
- 6 (2) A license examination fee of twenty-five dollars;
- 7 (3) A license renewal fee of fifty dollars;
- 8 (4) A delinquent license renewal fee of seventy9 dollars;
- 10 (5) A temporary license fee of thirty dollars;
- (6) A certification application fee of two hundred fiftydollars;
- 13 (7) A certification examination fee of one hundred14 dollars;
- 15 (8) A certification renewal fee of one hundred dollars;
- 16 (9) A delinquent certification renewal fee of two17 hundred dollars;

18 (10) The board is also required to collect from 19 individuals who perform or seek to perform appraisal 20 transactions where required by federal law an annual 21 registry fee in an amount to be set by regulation in order 22 to enable the board to transfer the necessary fees to the 23 appraisal subcommittee of the Federal Financial 24 Institution Examination Council.

25 All fees and revenues collected by the board pursuant

26 to this act shall be deposited in a special fund that shall

be used solely for the purpose of paying the expenses
incurred in connection with the administration of this
article.

§37-14-41. Licenses, certificates and related records.

1 The board shall issue to each licensee a document 2 stating that such licensee has been licensed under this 3 article and specifying the expiration date.

4 The board shall issue to each state certified real estate 5 appraiser under this article a certificate evidencing 6 such certification and specifying the expiration date. A 7 certificate issued under authority of this article shall 8 bear a certificate number assigned by the board. When 9 signing a certified appraisal report, a state certified real estate appraiser shall place his or her certificate 10 11 number adjacent to or immediately below his or her title 12 of "State certified residential real estate appraiser" or 13 "State certified general real estate appraiser." Such 14 certificate number shall also be used in all statements 15 of qualification, contracts or other instruments, including advertising media used by the certificate holder, 16 17 when reference is made to his or her status as a state 18 certified real estate appraiser.

19 License documents and certificates shall remain the 20 property of the state, and, upon any suspension or 21 revocation of a license or certification pursuant to this 22 acticle, the individual holding the related license 23 document and certificate shall immediately return such 24 license document and certificate to the board.

25The board shall maintain and keep open for public 26 inspection during office hours a complete and properly 27 indexed record of all applications for license or certifi-28 cation received, licenses and certificates issued, licenses 29 and certificates renewed, and licenses and certificates 30 revoked, canceled or suspended under the provisions of 31 this article. A copy of any such record shall be made 32 available to the public, upon application to the board, 33 at such reasonable price per copy as may be fixed by 34 the board.

§37-14-42. Roster of licensed appraisers and certified appraisers.

The board shall publish annually a roster of all licensed and certified appraisers and transmit the roster annually to the applicable federal regulator. A copy of such roster shall be made available to the public, upon application to the board, at such reasonable price per copy as may be fixed by the board.

§37-14-43. Certificate of good standing.

1 The board may, upon payment of a fee in an amount 2 specified by rule, issue a certificate of good standing to 3 any licensed real estate appraiser or any certified real

4 estate appraiser who is in good standing in this state.

§37-14-44. Licensure and certification of nonresidents.

(a) Consent to service of process.—Each applicant for 1 2 licensure and each applicant for certification who is not 3 a resident of this state shall submit, with his or her application, an irrevocable consent that service of 4 process upon him or her may be made by delivery of 5 6 the process to the secretary of state if, in an action 7 against the applicant in a court of this state arising out 8 of the applicant's activities as a real estate appraiser in 9 this state, the plaintiff cannot, in the exercise of due 10 diligence, effect personal service upon the applicant.

11 (b) Nonresident license.—A nonresident of this state 12 who has complied with the provisions of subsection (a) 13 of this section may obtain a license as a real estate 14 appraiser in this state by complying with all of the 15 provisions of this article relating to the licensing of real 16 estate appraisers.

17 (c) Temporary License.—A nonresident of this state 18 who has complied with the provisions of subsection (a) 19 of this section may obtain a temporary license to 20 perform a contract relating to the appraisal of real 21 estate or real property in this state. To qualify for the 22 issuance of a temporary license, an applicant shall:

(1) Submit an application on a form approved by theboard;

1302

(2) Submit evidence that he or she is licensed or
otherwise authorized to appraise real estate and real
property in his or her state of domicile;

(3) Submit a copy of the contract for appraisal
services that requires the applicant to appraise real
estate or real property in this state and certify that such
contract is in full force and effect;

(4) Certify that disciplinary proceedings are not
 pending against the applicant in the applicant's state of
 domicile; and

(5) Pay the temporary license fee set forth in sectionforty of this article.

No more than three temporary licenses shall be granted to an individual in any three-year period.

39 A temporary license issued under this section shall be 40 expressly limited to a grant of authority to perform the 41 appraisal work required by the contract for appraisal 42 services that is submitted with the application for a temporary license. Each temporary license shall expire 43 upon the completion of the appraisal work required by 44 45 the contract for appraisal services or upon the expira-46 tion of a period six months from the date of issuance. 47 whichever shall first occur. A temporary license may 48 not be renewed.

49 (d) License by reciprocity.—If, in the determination of the board, another state or territory or the District of 50 51Columbia is deemed to have substantially equivalent 52license laws for real estate appraisers, an applicant for 53 license in this state who is licensed under the law of such 54 other state, territory or district may obtain a license as 55 a real estate appraiser in this state upon such terms and conditions as may be determined by the board: Provided, 56 57 That the laws of such state, territory or district accord substantially equal reciprocal rights to a licensed real 58 estate appraiser in good standing in this state: Provided. 59 however. That disciplinary proceedings are not pending 60 61 against such applicant in his or her state of license.

62 (e) Nonresident certification.—A nonresident of this 63 state may be certified as a state certified real estate **REGULATION OF TRADE**

64 appraiser under this act by complying with all of the
65 provisions of this article relating to state certified real
66 estate appraisers.

67 (f) Nonresident certification by reciprocity.—If, in the 68 determination of the board, another state, territory or 69 the District of Columbia is deemed to have substantially 70 equivalent certification requirements, an applicant who 71 is certified under the laws of such other state, territory 72 or district may be certified as a state certified real 73 estate appraiser upon such terms and conditions as may 74 be determined by the board.

75 If the appraiser's business is of a temporary nature, 76 and if the property to be appraised is part of a federally 77 related transaction, and if the appraiser is registered 78 with the appraiser licensing or certifying agency of 79 another state, the board shall recognize the license or 80 certification of such appraiser.

§37-14-45. Attorney general opinions and duties.

1 At the request of the board, the state attorney general 2 shall render to the board an opinion with respect to all 3 questions of law arising in connection with the admin-4 istration of this article and shall act as attorney for the 5 board in all actions and proceedings brought by or against the board under, or pursuant to, any of the 6 provisions of this article. All fees and expenses of the 7 8 attorney general arising out of such duties shall be paid 9 out of the special fund created under this acticle to pay 10 the expenses of the administration of this article.

CHAPTER 166 (H. B. 4060—By Delegate Farley)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article onea, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to removing the annual registration fee for dealers and retailers of articles of bedding.

Ch. 167]

RETIREMENT

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article one-a, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1A. BEDDING AND UPHOLSTERY BUSINESS.

§47-1A-14. Annual registration fees.

1 The annual registration fee for all manufacturers 2 shipping or selling articles of bedding, as defined in this 3 article, in the state of West Virginia shall be fifty 4 dollars, payable on the first day of the fiscal year.

5 The annual registration fee for an upholsterer or 6 renovator of articles of bedding, as defined in this 7 article, in the state of West Virginia shall be ten dollars, 8 payable on the first day of the fiscal year.

CHAPTER 167

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2788-By Delegates Damron and Seacrist)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections thirteen and twentysix-a, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authorizing that an actuarial valuation report is to be prepared every five years, making all retirees, surviving spouses or future retirees eligible for a supplement cost of living benefit after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections thirteen and twenty-six-a, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22. RETIREMENT BENEFITS GENERALLY; POLICE-MEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; FIRE-MEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; PENSION PLANS FOR EMPLOYEES OF WATERWORKS SYSTEM, SEWERAGE SYSTEM OR COMBINED WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

- §8-22-13. Reports by board of trustees.
- §8-22-26a. Supplemental pension benefits entitlement; benefit payable; application of section; construction.

§8-22-13. Reports by board of trustees.

1 The board of trustees for each retirement fund shall 2 have regularly scheduled actuarial valuation reports 3 prepared by a qualified actuary.

An actuarial valuation report shall be prepared at least once every five years commencing with the later of (1) the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, or (2) five years following the most recently prepared actuarial valuation report.

9 For purposes of this section the term "qualified 10 actuary" means only an actuary who is a member of the 11 society of actuaries or the American academy of 12 actuaries. The qualified actuary shall be designated a 13 fiduciary and shall discharge his duties with respect to 14 a fund solely in the interest of the members and 15 members' beneficiaries of that fund. In order for the standard of this section to be met, the qualified actuary 16 17 shall certify that the actuarial valuation report is complete and accurate and that in his opinion the 18 19 technique and assumptions used are reasonable and 20 meet the requirements of this section of this article.

The board of trustees shall submit to the governing body an annual report showing the condition of the fund under its control. It shall certify in such report the amount of accumulated cash and securities in the fund and shall present a full account of the operation of the system.

§8-22-26a. Supplemental pension benefits entitlement; benefit payable; application of section; construction.

1 (a) On and after the first day of July, one thousand 2 nine hundred ninety, all retirees, surviving spouses or 3 future retirees thereafter shall receive as a supplemen-4 tal pension benefit an amount based on a percentage 5 increase equal to any increase in the consumer price

1306

6 index as calculated by the United States Department of
7 Labor, Bureau of Statistics, for the preceding year. The
8 supplemental pension benefit payable under the provi9 sions of this section shall be paid in equal monthly
10 installments.

(b) This section shall be construed liberally to effectuate the purpose of establishing minimum pension
benefits under this article for members and surviving
spouses.

CHAPTER 168

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4693—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article six, relating to the small business expansion assistance program; and providing that a qualified small business may be partially reimbursed by the governor's office of community and industrial development for the total cost of obtaining consulting services from a qualified consultant for the purpose of implementing a qualified plan.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. SMALL BUSINESS EXPANSION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

§5B-6-1. Legislative purpose.

- §5B-6-2. Definitions.
- §5B-6-3. Small business expansion assistance program.

§5B-6-4. Application.

§5B-6-5. Certification; reimbursement.

§5B-6-1. Legislative purpose.

1 Small businesses operating within this state, due to 2 the rapidly changing economic environment, must 3 compete not only with large in-state and national firms, but also with international firms with greater access to 4 the tools and resources of modern-day businesses. Small 5 businesses serve vital functions of enhancing competi-6 tion, breeding innovation, and providing much-needed 7 8 jobs in West Virginia's communities. Therefore, small 9 businesses must be encouraged and offered the opportunity to improve the manner in which they operate so 10 that they may continue to serve these vital functions. 11

12 The purpose of this article is to assist and encourage 13 small businesses within this state to increase both their 14 level and efficiency of production, and to expand the 15 market for their products both within and without this 16 state.

§5B-6-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (1) "Small business" means any business or enterprise
3 of any type, whether sole proprietorship, partnership,
4 corporation, or otherwise, which meets the following
5 criteria:

6 (A) Employs at least ten but not more than one 7 hundred persons;

8 (B) Has been engaged in the same business in the 9 state for a minimum of one year;

10 (C) Is in good standing with the department of tax 11 and revenue; and

12 (D) Can demonstrate that a significant portion of 13 their product is exported out of state or that the 14 opportunity exists for a significant portion of their 15 product to be exported out of state;

16 (2) "Total cost" means any and all fees actually 17 charged to a qualified small business by a qualified 18 consultant as presented in the application for the small 19 business expansion assistance program;

1308

(3) "Qualified consultant" means any persons engaged
in the business of providing consulting services in areas
of expertise needed by a certified small business, who
is registered with the governor's office of community
and industrial development as a provider of services to
small business and who possesses at least the following
credentials:

(A) Has been established as a consulting business for
at least five years, three years of which they must have
been established in business in West Virginia; and

30 (B) Is in good standing with the department of tax 31 and revenue;

(4) "Plan" means a plan by which a small business
seeks to increase their level of productivity or efficiency,
expand into a new product area, develop new markets
or in general to overcome barriers to growth; and

36 (5) "Consultant's report" means a written report by 37 the consultant containing recommendations on how the 38 small business may proceed to overcome barriers they 39 have identified in their plan. A duplicate copy of the 40 consultant's report must also be submitted to the 41 governor's office of community and industrial develop-42 ment for their review.

§5B-6-3. Small business expansion assistance program.

1 There is hereby created within the governor's office 2 of community and industrial development a program for small business expansion assistance. The director of the 3 governor's office of community and industrial develop-4 ment shall establish a voucher program to be utilized 5 by qualified small businesses to defray certain costs that 6 7 may be incurred by these small businesses in an effort 8 to expand the market for their products, increase both their level and efficiency of production and address 9 other areas that may be a hindrance to the growth of 10 small business in this state: Provided, That the total 11 expenditures for this program shall not exceed one 12 hundred thousand dollars. 13

§5B-6-4. Application.

1 The director of the governor's office of community and 2 industrial development shall establish criteria and an

SMALL BUSINESS ASSISTANCE

[Ch. 168

3 application process to be used to determine approval or 4 denial for participation in the voucher program. The 5 application from the qualified small business shall 6 contain at least the following information: The number 7 of persons employed by the applicant; the total capital-8 ization of the small business; an explanation of the need 9 for the service to be obtained and how that service will 10 impact the small business: an estimate of the cost of the 11 services to be obtained; information on product market 12 area; and the number of years in business.

The governor's office of community and industrial
development shall accept applications for this program
on the first day of each month and shall notify the
applicant of their decision for approval or denial within
thirty days of the day of receipt.

§5B-6-5. Certification; reimbursement.

Any small business which satisfies the requirements 1 for proper application as set forth in section four of this 2 3 article shall be approved by the governor's office of community and industrial development as a certified 4 5 small business and is eligible for reimbursement for up 6 to fifty percent of the total cost of obtaining consulting 7 services from a qualified consultant, or one thousand 8 five hundred dollars, whichever is less: Provided, That 9 in order for an applicant to be approved as a certified small business said applicant may not have been so 10 11 certified at any time previously.

12 Upon certification, the governor's office of community 13 and industrial development shall issue to said certified small business a voucher on which shall be stated either 14 15 the percentage, not to exceed fifty percent or a certain 16 dollar amount, not to exceed one thousand five hundred 17 dollars of the amount which the certified small business 18 may expect to be reimbursed for services delivered by 19 their consultant.

20 Upon presentation to the governor's office of commun-21 ity and industrial development of a paid invoice or other 22 satisfactory proof of payment to a company registered 23 with the governor's office of community and industrial 24 development in the voucher program, the office shall

25 issue reimbursement in the amount previously certified

26 on the voucher, to the certified small business.

CHAPTER 169

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4364—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Wooton)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-two, article five. chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact sections one, two and four-a, article five-f, chapter twenty of said code: to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-b; to amend and reenact sections five. fiveb and five-c of said article: to amend and reenact sections one, two and seven, article nine of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto ten new sections, designated sections ten-a, ten-b, ten-c, ten-d, ten-e, ten-f, ten-g, ten-h, ten-i and ten-j; to amend and reenact sections twelve, twelve-a, twelve-b and twelvec of said article; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelved, all relating to county solid waste assessment fees; adding additional legislative findings and definitions; requiring site approval permits for all solid waste disposal facilities; establishing priority for disposal needs; establishing special provision for residential solid waste disposal; setting priorities of disposal at a permit site: requiring bonding of solid waste facilities operating under a compliance order: making performance bonds liable for thirty years after closure of a permit site; eliminating ninety-day comment period by a county or regional solid waste authority on a pre-siting notice; requiring county and regional solid waste authorities to establish a waste management hierarchy; extending until one thousand nine hundred ninety-one the time within which county and regional solid waste authorities

must submit comprehensive litter and solid waste control plans and commercial solid waste facility siting plans; providing for bonds and notes for constructing or acquiring or improving or extending solid waste facilities; allowing referendums on the continuation of establishment of Class A landfills; extending until one thousand nine hundred ninety-two the requirements regarding interim site approval; and making the solid waste assessment fee permanent.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-two, article five, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two and four-a, article five-f of chapter twenty be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-b; that sections five, five-b and five-c of said article be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two and seven, article nine of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto ten new sections, designated sections ten-a, ten-b, ten-c, ten-d, ten-e, ten-f, ten-g, ten-h, teni and ten-j; that sections twelve, twelve-a, twelve-b and twelvec of said article be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-d, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 20. Natural Resources.

CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 5. FISCAL AFFAIRS.

§7-5-22. County solid waste assessment fees authorized.

1 Each county or regional solid waste authority is 2 hereby authorized to impose a similar solid waste 3 assessment fee to that imposed by section five, article 4 five-f, chapter twenty of this code at a rate not to exceed 5 fifty cents per ton or part thereof upon the disposal of 6 solid waste in that county or region. All assessments due 7 shall be applied to the reasonable costs of administration

- 8 of the county's regional or county solid waste authority
- 9 including the necessary and reasonable expenses of its
- 10 members, and any other expenses incurred from refuse
- 11 cleanup, litter control programs, or any solid waste
- 12 programs deemed necessary to fulfill its duties.

CHAPTER 20. NATURAL RESOURCES.

Article

- 5F. Solid Waste Management Act.
- 9. County and Regional Solid Waste Authorities.

ARTICLE 5F. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT.

- §20-5F-1. Purpose and legislative findings.
- §20-5F-2. Definitions.
- §20-5F-4a. Certificate for site approval required for certain solid waste disposal facilities; fee required.
- §20-5F-4b. Special provision for residential solid waste disposal.
- §20-5F-5. Prohibitions; permits required; priority of disposal.
- §20-5F-5b. Performance bonds; amount and method of bonding; bonding requirements; period of bond liability.

§20-5F-5c. Pre-siting notice.

§20-5F-1. Purpose and legislative findings.

1 (a) The purpose of this article is to transfer jurisdic-2 tion over the management of solid waste under section 3 nine, article one, chapter sixteen of the code from the 4 division of health to the division of natural resources and 5 to establish a comprehensive program of controlling 6 solid waste disposal.

7 (b) The Legislature finds that uncontrolled, inadequately controlled and improper collection, transporta-8 tion, processing and disposal of solid waste (1) is a public 9 nuisance and a clear and present danger to people; (2) 10 provides harborages and breeding places for disease-11 carrying, injurious insects, rodents and other pests 12 harmful to the public health, safety and welfare: (3) 13 constitutes a danger to livestock and domestic animals; 14 (4) decreases the value of private and public property, 15 causes pollution, blight and deterioration of the natural 16 beauty and resources of the state and has adverse 17 economic and social effects on the state and its citizens; 18 (5) results in the squandering of valuable nonrenewable 19 and nonreplenishable resources contained in solid waste; 20

(6) that resource recovery and recycling reduces the
need for landfills and extends their life; and that (7)
proper disposal, resource recovery or recycling of solid
waste is for the general welfare of the citizens of this
state.

(c) The Legislature further finds that disposal in West
Virginia of solid waste from unknown origins threatens
the environment and the public health, safety and
welfare, and therefore, it is in the interest of the public
to identify the type, amount and origin of solid waste
accepted for disposal at West Virginia solid waste
facilities.

33 (d) The Legislature further finds that other states of 34 these United States of America have imposed stringent 35 standards for the proper collection and disposal of solid 36 waste and that the relative lack of such standards and 37 enforcement for such activities in West Virginia has 38 resulted in the importation and disposal in the state of 39 increasingly large amounts of infectious, dangerous and 40 undesirable solid wastes and hazardous waste from 41 other states by persons and firms who wish to avoid the costs and requirements for proper, effective and safe 42 43 disposal of such wastes in the states of origin.

(e) The Legislature further finds that Class A landfills often have capacities far exceeding the needs of the
state or the areas of the state which they serve and that
such landfills create special environmental problems
that require statewide coordination of the management
of such landfills.

§20-5F-2. Definitions.

1 Unless the context clearly requires a different 2 meaning, as used in this article the terms:

3 (a) "Approved solid waste facility" means a solid
4 waste facility or practice which has a valid permit
5 under this article;

6 (b) "Chief" shall mean the chief of the section of waste 7 management of the division of natural resources;

8 (c) "Commercial solid waste facility" means any solid

Solid Waste

9 waste facility which accepts solid waste generated by 10 sources other than the owner or operator of the facility 11 and shall not include an approved solid waste facility 12 owned and operated by a person for the sole purpose of 13 disposing of solid wastes created by that person or such 14 person and other persons on a cost-sharing or nonprofit 15 basis;

16 (d) "Division" shall mean the division of natural17 resources;

(e) "Director" shall mean the director of the divisionof natural resources;

(f) "Open dump" means any solid waste disposal
which does not have a permit under this article, or is
in violation of state law, or where solid waste is disposed
in a manner that does not protect the environment;

24 (g) "Person," "persons" or "applicant" shall mean any 25 industrial user, public or private corporation, institu-26 tion, association, firm or company organized or existing 27 under the laws of this or any other state or country: state 28 of West Virginia; governmental agency, including 29 federal facilities; political subdivision; county commis-30 sion; municipal corporation; industry; sanitary district; 31 public service district; drainage district; soil conserva-32 tion district: watershed improvement district: partner-33 ship: trust: estate: person or individual: group of persons or individuals acting individually or as a group; or any 34 35 legal entity whatever:

(h) "Sludge" means any solid, semisolid, residue or
precipitate, separated from or created by a municipal,
commercial or industrial waste treatment plant, water
supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility
or any other such waste having similar origin;

(i) "Solid waste" means any garbage, paper, litter,
refuse, cans, bottles, sludge from a waste treatment
plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution
control facility, other discarded material, including
carcasses of any dead animal or any other offensive or
unsightly matter, solid, liquid, semisolid or contained
liquid or gaseous material resulting from industrial,

48 commercial, mining or from community activities but 49 does not include solid or dissolved material in sewage, 50 or solid or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows or industrial discharges which are point sources and 51 52 have permits under article five-a, chapter twenty of the 53 code, or source, special nuclear or byproduct material as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as 54 55 amended, or a hazardous waste either identified or listed under article five-e, chapter twenty of the code or 56 57 refuse. slurry, overburden or other wastes or material resulting from coal-fired electric power generation, the 58 exploration, development, production, storage and 59 recovery of coal, oil and gas, and other mineral 60 resources placed or disposed of at a facility which is 61 62 regulated under chapter twenty-two, twenty-two-a or twenty-two-b of the code, so long as such placement or 63 64 disposal is in conformance with a permit issued pursuant to such chapters: "solid waste" shall not 65 include materials which are recycled by being used or 66 67 reused in an industrial process to make a product, as effective substitute for commercial products, or are 68 69 returned to the original process as a substitute for raw 70 material feed stock:

(j) "Solid waste disposal" means the practice of
disposing of solid waste including placing, depositing,
dumping or throwing or causing to be placed, deposited,
dumped or thrown any solid waste;

(k) "Solid waste disposal shed" means the geographical area which the solid waste management board
designates and files in the state register pursuant to
section eight, article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of this
code;

(1) "Solid waste facility" means any system, facility, 80 81 land, contiguous land, improvements on the land, 82 structures or other appurtenances or methods used for 83 processing, recycling or disposing of solid waste, 84 including landfills, transfer stations, resource recovery 85 facilities and other such facilities not herein specified. Such facility shall be deemed to be situated, for 86 purposes of this article, in the county where the majority 87 of the spatial area of such facility is located; 88

(m) "Class A facility" means a commercial solid waste
disposal facility which handles an aggregate of ten
thousand tons or more of solid waste per month; and

92 (n) "Applicant" means the person applying for a
93 commercial solid waste disposal permit or similar
94 renewal permit and any person related to such person
95 by virtue of common ownership, common management
96 or family relationships as the director of the division of
97 natural resources may specify including the following:
98 Spouses, parents and children and siblings.

§20-5F-4a. Certificate for site approval required for certain solid waste disposal facilities; fee required.

1 (a) (1) For each commercial solid waste disposal 2 permit or similar renewal permit application filed with 3 the division of natural resources on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, 4 5 prior to filing said application, an applicant shall first 6 obtain a certificate of site approval from the county or 7 regional solid waste authority, as the case may be, 8 established in accordance with article nine of this 9 chapter, covering the geographic area in which the solid waste disposal facility is to be located. 10

(2) For each such solid waste permit or renewal 11 12 permit application filed with the division of natural resources after the effective date of this act but before 13 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 14 eighty-nine, an applicant shall first obtain a certificate 15 of site approval from the county commission of the 16 17 county in which the solid waste disposal facility is to be 18 located.

19 (3) For each such solid waste permit or renewal 20 permit application pending before the division of 21 natural resources on the effective date of this act, an 22 applicant shall within thirty days of the effective date 23 of this act obtain a certificate of site approval from the 24 county commission of the county in which the solid 25 waste disposal facility is to be located.

26 (4) Notwithstanding anything in this section to the

contrary, nothing contained in this section shall be
construed to require an applicant for such a solid waste
disposal permit or renewal permit to obtain more than
one certificate of site approval from the county or
authority relating to the same solid waste disposal
facility.

(b) The fee for the certificate of site approval is
twenty-five dollars payable upon the filing of the
application therefor with the county, county solid waste
authority or regional solid waste authority, as the case
may be.

(c) Each county commission and authority shall as 38 39 soon as practicable promulgate reasonable rules includ-40 ing, but not limited to, rules for determining the effect of the proposed solid waste facility on residential, 41 business or commercial property investment and values, 42 and the social, economic, aesthetic and environmental · 43 impact on community growth and development in 44 utilities, health, education, recreation, safety, welfare 45 and convenience, if any, before issuing any certificate of 46 site approval pursuant to this section. Each county 47 commission and authority may deny a certificate of site 48 approval based upon said rules and regulations or upon 49 50a finding of adverse public sentiment.

51 (d) Any person adversely affected by a decision of a 52 county commission or authority under the provisions of 53 this section may appeal that decision to the circuit court 54 for the county in which the proposed facility is to be 55 located.

§20-5F-4b. Special provision for residential solid waste disposal.

1 All commercial and public solid waste disposal 2 facilities shall establish and publish a yearly schedule 3 providing for one day per month on which a person not 4 in the business of hauling or disposing of solid waste 5 may dispose of an amount of residential solid waste up 6 to one pick-up truckload or its equivalent, free of all 7 charges and fees. Ch. 169]

§20-5F-5. Prohibitions; permits required; priority of disposal.

1 (a) Open dumps are prohibited and it shall be 2 unlawful for any person to create, contribute to or 3 operate an open dump or for any landowner to allow an open dump to exist on his property unless that open 4 5 dump is under a compliance schedule approved by the 6 chief. Such compliance schedule shall contain an 7 enforceable sequence of actions leading to compliance and shall not exceed two years. Open dumps operated 8 9 prior to the first day of April, one thousand nine 10 hundred eighty-eight, by a landowner or tenant for the 11 disposal of solid waste generated by the landowner or tenant at his or her residence or farm shall not be 12 13 deemed to constitute a violation of this section if such 14 open dump did not constitute a violation of law on the 15 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eightyeight, and unauthorized dumps which were created by 16 17 unknown persons shall not constitute a violation of this section: Provided, That no person shall contribute 18 additional solid waste to any such dump after the first 19 20 day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, 21 except that the owners of the land on which unauthorized dumps have been or are being made shall not be 22 liable for such unauthorized dumping unless such 23 landowners refuse to cooperate with the division of 24 natural resources in stopping such unauthorized 25 26 dumping.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person, unless he holds
a valid permit from the division to install, establish,
construct, modify, operate or abandon any solid waste
facility. All approved solid waste facilities shall be
installed, established, constructed, modified, operated or
abandoned in accordance with this article, plans,
specifications, orders, instructions and rules in effect.

34 (c) Any permit issued under this article shall be 35 issued in compliance with the requirements of this 36 article, its rules and article five-a and the rules 37 promulgated thereunder, so that only a single permit 38 shall be required of a solid waste facility under these 39 two articles. Each permit issued under this article shall

40 have a fixed term not to exceed five years: *Provided*. 41 That the chief may administratively extend a permit 42 beyond its five-year term if the approved solid waste 43 facility is in compliance with this article, its rules and 44 article five-a of this chapter and the rules promulgated 45 thereunder: Provided, however. That such administra-46 tive extension may not be for more than one year. Upon expiration of a permit, renewal permits may be issued 47 48 in compliance with rules and regulations promulgated 49 by the director of the division of natural resources.

50 (d) All existing permits of the division of health for 51 solid waste facilities under section nine, article one, 52 chapter sixteen of the code shall continue in full force 53 and effect until a permit is issued for that approved 54 solid waste facility under this article: Provided. That all 55 such existing permits of the division of health shall 56 expire within five years of the effective date of this 57 article. Within four years of the effective date of this 58 article, all persons holding such division of health 59 permits shall apply to the chief for a permit under this article: Provided, however, That the chief may require 60 persons holding such existing health division permits to 61 62 reapply under this section prior to four years from the 63 effective date of this article if persistent violations of 64 this article, any permit term or condition, orders or 65 rules promulgated under this article, exist at that 66 facility. Notwithstanding any other provision contained 67 in this subsection, the division of natural resources may 68 enter an extension order for a period of two years while 69 an application for a permit pursuant to this article is 70 pending.

71 (e) No person may dispose in the state of any solid 72 waste, whether such waste originates in state or out of 73 state, in a manner which endangers the environment or 74 the public health, safety or welfare as determined by the director of the division of natural resources. Upon 75 76 request by the director of the division of natural resources, the director of the division of health shall 77 provide technical advice concerning the disposal of solid 78 79 waste within the state.

80 (f) To the extent permissible by law, a commercial

81 solid waste facility shall first ensure that the disposal needs of the county, or if applicable the region, in which 82 it is located are met. If the county solid waste authority, 83 or regional solid waste authority if applicable, in which 84 85 the facility is located determines that the present or 86 future disposal needs of the county, or if applicable the 87 region, are not being, or will not be, met by the commercial solid waste facility, such authority may 88 89 apply to the director of the division of natural resources. 90 to modify the applicable permit in order to reduce the total monthly tonnage of out of county waste, or if 91 92 applicable, out of region waste, the facility is permitted 93 to accept by an amount that shall not exceed the total monthly tonnage generated by the county, or if appli-94 95 cable the region, in which the facility is located.

96 The director of the division of natural resources shall 97 promulgate legislative rules pursuant to chapter twenty-98 nine-a of this code which reflect the purposes as set forth 99 in this article.

§20-5F-5b. Performance bonds; amount and method of bonding; bonding requirements; period of bond liability.

1 (a) After a solid waste permit application has been 2 approved pursuant to this article, or once operations 3 have commenced pursuant to a compliance order, but before a permit has been issued, each operator of a 4 5 commercial solid waste facility shall furnish bond, on a 6 form to be prescribed and furnished by the director, 7 payable to the state of West Virginia and conditioned upon the operator faithfully performing all of the 8 requirements of this article, regulations promulgated 9 hereunder and the permit: Provided, That the director 10 shall have the discretion to waive the requirement of a 11 12 bond from the operator of a commercial solid waste 13 facility, other than a Class A facility, which is operating under a compliance order. The amount of the bond 14 required shall be one thousand dollars per acre and may 15 include an additional amount determined by the 16 director based upon the total estimated cost to the state 17 of completing final closure according to the permit 18 granted to such facility and such measures as are 19

20 necessary to prevent adverse effects upon the environ-21 ment; such measures shall include, but not be limited 22 to, satisfactory monitoring, post-closure care and 23remedial measures: Provided, however, That the amount 24 of the bond shall not exceed eight thousand dollars per 25acre. All permits shall be bonded for at least ten 26 thousand dollars. The bond shall cover either (1) the 27 entire area to be used for the disposal of solid waste, or 28 (2) that increment of land within the permit area upon 29 which the operator will initiate and conduct commercial 30 solid waste facility operations within the initial term of 31 the permit pursuant to legislative rules promulgated by 32 the director pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this 33 code. If the operator chooses to use incremental bonding. as succeeding increments of commercial solid waste 34 35 facility operations are to be initiated and conducted within the permit area, the operator shall file with the 36 37 director an additional bond or bonds to cover such increments in accordance with this section: Provided 38 39 further, That once the operator has chosen to proceed 40 with bonding either the entire area to be used for the 41 disposal of solid waste or with incremental bonding, the 42 operator shall continue bonding in that manner for the 43 term of the permit.

44 (b) The period of liability for performance bond 45 coverage shall commence with issuance of a permit and 46 continue for the full term of the permit and for a period 47 of up to thirty full years after final closure of the permit 48 site: Provided, That any further time period necessary 49 to achieve compliance with the requirements in the closure plan of the permit shall be considered an 50 51 additional liability period.

52 (c) The form of the performance bond shall be 53 approved by the director and may include, at the option 54 of the director, surety bonding, collateral bonding (including cash and securities), establishment of an 55 escrow account. letters of credit, performance bonding 56 57 fund participation (as established by the director), selfbonding or a combination of these methods. If collateral 58 59 bonding is used, the operator may elect to deposit cash, or collateral securities or certificates as follows: Bonds 60

61 of the United States or its possessions, of the federal 62 land bank, or of the homeowners' loan corporation; full 63 faith and credit general obligation bonds of the state of 64 West Virginia, or other states, and of any county, 65 district or municipality of the state of West Virginia or 66 other states; or certificates of deposit in a bank in this 67 state, which certificates shall be in favor of the division. 68 The cash deposit or market value of such securities or 69 certificates shall be equal to or greater than the sum of 70 the bond. The director shall, upon receipt of any such 71 deposit of cash, securities or certificates, promptly place 72 the same with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia 73 whose duty it shall be to receive and hold the same in 74 the name of the state in trust for the purpose for which 75 the deposit is made when the permit is issued. The 76 operator making the deposit shall be entitled from time 77 to time to receive from the state treasurer, upon the 78 written approval of the director, the whole or any 79 portion of any cash, securities or certificates so deposited, upon depositing with him in lieu thereof. cash or 80 other securities or certificates of the classes herein 81 82 specified having value equal to or greater than the sum 83 of the bond.

(d) Within twelve months prior to the expiration of 84 the thirty-year period following final closure, the 85 division will conduct a final inspection of the facility. 86 The purpose of the inspection shall be to determine 87 compliance with this article, the division's regulations, 88 the terms and conditions of the permit, orders of the 89 division and the terms and conditions of the bond. Based 90 upon this determination, the division will either forfeit 91 the bond prior to the expiration of the thirty-year period 92 following final closure, or release the bond at the 93 expiration of the thirty-year period following final 94 closure. Bond release requirements shall be provided in 95 regulations promulgated by the director. 96

97 (e) If the operator of a commercial solid waste facility 98 abandons the operation of a solid waste disposal facility 99 for which a permit is required by this article or if the 100 permittee fails or refuses to comply with the require-101 ments of this article in any respect for which liability

102 has been charged on the bond, the director shall declare 103 the bond forfeited and shall certify the same to the 104 attorney general who shall proceed to enforce and collect 105 the amount of liability forfeited thereon, and where the 106 operation has deposited cash or securities as collateral 107 in lieu of corporate surety, the secretary shall declare said collateral forfeited and shall direct the state 108 109 treasurer to pay said funds into a waste management 110 fund to be used by the director to effect proper closure 111 and to defray the cost of administering this article. 112 Should any corporate surety fail to promptly pay, in full, 113 forfeited bond, it shall be disqualified from writing any 114 further surety bonds under this article.

§20-5F-5c. Pre-siting notice.

1 Any person investigating an area for the purpose of 2 siting a commercial solid waste facility where no 3 current solid waste permit exists, in order to determine 4 a feasible, approximate location, shall prior to filing an 5 application for a solid waste permit publish a Class II 6 legal advertisement in a qualified newspaper serving 7 the county where the proposed site is to be located. Such 8 notice shall inform the public of the location, nature and 9 other details of the proposed activity as prescribed in 10 rules and regulations to be promulgated as soon as 11 practicable by the director. Within five days of such 12 publication such person shall file with the director a 13 pre-siting notice, which shall be made in writing on 14 forms prescribed by the director and shall be signed and 15 verified by the applicant. Such notice shall contain a 16 certification of publication from a qualified newspaper, 17 description of the area, the period of investigative 18 review, a United States geological survey topographic 19 map and a map showing the location of property 20 boundaries of the area proposed for siting and other 21 such information as required by rules and regulations 22 promulgated pursuant to this section. The director shall 23 hold a public hearing on the pre-siting notice in the area 24 affected. The director shall define pre-siting activities by promulgating legislative rules pursuant to chapter 25twenty-nine-a of this code. On or after the first day of 26 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the 27

pre-siting notice, as prescribed by the director, shall also be filed with the county or regional solid waste authority, established pursuant to article nine, chapter twenty of this code, in which the proposed site is located within five days of the publication of the notice.

ARTICLE 9. COUNTY AND REGIONAL SOLID WASTE AUTHORITIES.

- §20-9-1. Legislative findings and purposes.
- §20-9-2. Definitions.
- §20-9-7. Authority to develop litter and solid waste control plan; approval by solid waste management board; development of plan by director; advisory rules.
- §20-9-10a. Bonds and notes.
- §20-9-10b. Items included in cost of properties.
- §20-9-10c. Bonds or notes may be secured by trust indenture.
- §20-9-10d. Sinking fund for bonds or notes.
- §20-9-10e. Collection, etc., of revenues and funds and enforcement of covenants; default; suit, etc., by bondholder or noteholder or trustee to compel performance of duties; appointment and powers of receiver.
- §20-9-10f. Operating contracts.
- §20-9-10g. Statutory mortgage lien created unless otherwise provided; foreclosure thereof.
- §20-9-10h. Refunding bonds or notes.
- §20-9-10i. Indebtedness of authority.
- §20-9-10j. Property, bonds or notes and obligations of authority exempt from taxation.
- §20-9-12. Powers, duties and responsibilities of authority generally.
- §20-9-12a. Commercial solid waste facility siting plan; facilities subject to plan; criteria; approval by West Virginia state solid waste management board; effect on facility siting; public hearings; rules and regulations.
- §20-9-12b. Interim siting approval for commercial solid waste facilities.
- §20-9-12c. Approval of establishment or continuation of Class A facility by county commission and/or referendum.
- §20-9-12d. Solid waste assessment interim fee; regulated motor carriers; dedication of proceeds; criminal penalties.

§20-9-1. Legislative findings and purposes.

1 The Legislature finds that the improper and uncon-2 trolled collection, transportation, processing and dispo-3 sal of domestic and commercial garbage, refuse and 4 other solid wastes in the state of West Virginia results 5 in: (1) A public nuisance and a clear and present danger 6 to the citizens of West Virginia, (2) the degradation of 7 the state's environmental quality including both surface

8 and groundwaters which provide essential and irre-9 placeable sources of domestic and industrial water supplies, (3) provides harborages and breeding places 10 11 for disease-carrying, injurious insects, rodents and other pests injurious to the public health, safety and welfare, 12 13 (4) decreases public and private property values and 14 results in the blight and deterioration of the natural 15 beauty of the state. (5) has adverse social and economic 16 effects on the state and its citizens, and (6) results in the 17 waste and squandering of valuable nonrenewable 18 resources contained in such solid wastes which can be 19 recovered through proper recycling and resource-20recovery techniques with great social and economic 21 benefits for the state.

22 The Legislature further finds that the proper collec-23 tion, transportation, processing, recycling and disposal 24 of solid waste is for the general welfare of the citizens 25of the state and that the lack of proper and effective 26 solid waste collection services and disposal facilities 27 demands that the state of West Virginia and its political 28 subdivisions act promptly to secure such services and 29 facilities in both the public and private sectors.

30 The Legislature further finds that other states of these 31 United States of America have imposed stringent 32 standards for the proper collection and disposal of solid 33 waste and that the relative lack of such standards and 34 enforcement for such activities in West Virginia has 35 resulted in the importation and disposal into the state 36 of increasingly large amounts of infectious, dangerous 37 and undesirable solid waste and hazardous waste from other states by persons and firms who wish to avoid the 38 39 costs and requirements for proper, effective and safe 40 disposal of such wastes in the states of origin.

41 Therefore, it is the purpose of the Legislature to 42 protect the public health and welfare by providing for 43 a comprehensive program of solid waste collection, 44 processing, recycling and disposal to be implemented by state and local government in cooperation with the 45 private sector. The Legislature intends to accomplish 46 this goal by establishing county and regional solid waste 47 48 authorities throughout the state to develop and imple49 ment litter and solid waste control plans. It is the 50 further purpose of the Legislature to restrict and 51 regulate persons and firms from exploiting and endan-52 gering the public health and welfare of the state by 53 disposing of solid wastes and other dangerous materials 54 which would not be accepted for disposal in the location 55 where such wastes or materials were generated.

56 It is further the purpose of the Legislature to reduce 57 our solid waste management problems and to meet the 58 purposes of this article by requiring county and regional 59 solid waste authorities to establish programs and plans 60 based on an integrated waste management hierarchy. In 61 order of preference, the hierarchy is as follows:

62 (1) Source reduction.—This involves minimizing waste 63 production and generation through product design, 64 reduction of toxic constituents of solid waste, and 65 similar activities.

66 (2) Recycling, reuse and resource recovery.—This 67 involves separating and recovering valuable resources 68 from the waste stream, composting food and yard waste, 69 marketing of recyclables and, if environmentally 70 acceptable, incineration.

(3) Landfilling.—This is the lowest priority in the
hierarchy and involves the waste management option of
last resort. To the maximum extent possible, it should
be reserved for nonrecyclables and other materials that
cannot practically be managed in any other way.

76 The Legislature further finds that the potential 77 impacts of proposed commercial solid waste facilities may have a deleterious and debilitating impact upon the 78 transportation network, property values, economic 79 80 growth, environmental quality, other land uses and the public health and welfare in affected communities. The 81 Legislature also finds that the siting of such facilities 82 is not being adequately addressed to protect these 83 compelling interests of counties and local communities. 84

The Legislature further finds that affected citizens and local governments often look to state environmental regulatory agencies to resolve local land use conflicts engendered by these proposed facilities. The Legislature 89 also finds that such local land use conflicts are most 90 effectively resolved in a local governmental forum 91 where citizens can most easily participate in the 92 decision-making process and the land use values of local 93 communities most effectively identified and incorpo-94 rated into a comprehensive policy which reflects the 95 values and goals of those communities.

96 Therefore, it is the purpose of the Legislature to 97 enable local citizens to resolve the land-use conflicts 98 which may be created by proposed commercial solid 99 waste facilities through the existing forum of county or 100 regional solid waste authorities.

§20-9-2. Definitions.

1 Unless the context clearly requires a different 2 meaning, as used in this article the terms:

3 (a) "Approved solid waste facility" means a commer4 cial solid waste facility or practice which has a valid
5 permit or compliance order under article five-f of this
6 chapter;

7 (b) "Commercial solid waste facility" means any solid 8 waste facility which accepts solid waste generated by 9 sources other than the owner or operator of the facility 10 and shall not include an approved solid waste facility 11 owned and operated by a person for the sole purpose of 12 disposing of solid wastes created by that person or that 13 person and another person on a cost-sharing or nonprofit 14 basis and shall not include the legitimate reuse and 15 recycling of materials for structural fill, road base, mine 16 reclamation, and similar applications;

(c) "Compliance order" means an administrative
order issued pursuant to section five, article five-f,
chapter twenty of this code authorizing a solid waste
facility to operate without a solid waste permit;

(d) "Open dump" means any solid waste disposal
which does not have a permit under this article, or is
in violation of state law, or where solid waste is disposed
in a manner that does not protect the environment;

25 (e) "Person" means any industrial user, public or

26 private corporation, institution, association, firm or 27 company organized or existing under the laws of this or 28 any other state or country; the state of West Virginia; 29 governmental agency, including federal facilities; 30 political subdivision; county commission; municipal 31 corporation; industry; sanitary district; public service 32 district; drainage district; soil conservation district; 33 watershed improvement district; partnership; trust; 34 estate; person or individual; group of persons or 35 individuals acting individually or as a group; or any 36 legal entity whatever:

(f) "Sludge" means any solid, semisolid, residue or
precipitate, separated from or created by a municipal,
commercial or industrial waste treatment plant, water
supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility
or any other such waste having similar origin;

42 (g) "Solid waste" means any garbage, paper, litter, 43 refuse, cans, bottles, sludge from a waste treatment 44 plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution 45 control facility, other discarded material, including 46 carcasses of any dead animal or any other offensive or unsightly matter, solid, liquid, semisolid or contained 47 liquid or gaseous material resulting from industrial, 48 commercial, mining or from community activities but 49 does not include solid or dissolved material in sewage. 50 or solid or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows 5152or industrial discharges which are point sources and have permits under article five-a, chapter twenty of this 53 code, or source, special nuclear or byproduct material 54 as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as 55 amended, or a hazardous waste either identified or 56 57 listed under article five-e, chapter twenty of this code, 58 or refuse, slurry, overburden or other waste or material resulting from coal-fired electric power generation, the 59 exploration, development, production, storage and 60 recovery of coal, oil and gas, and other mineral 61 resources placed or disposed of at a facility which is 62 regulated under chapter twenty-two, twenty-two-a or 63 twenty-two-b of this code, so long as such placement or 64 disposal is in conformance with a permit issued 65 pursuant to said chapters; "solid waste" shall also not 66

67 include materials which are recycled by being used or
68 reused in an industrial process to make a product, as
69 effective substitutes for commercial products, or are
70 returned to the original process as a substitute for raw
71 material feedstock;

(h) "Solid waste disposal" means the practice of
disposing of solid waste including placing, depositing,
dumping or throwing or causing to be placed, deposited,
dumped or thrown any solid waste;

(i) "Solid waste disposal shed" means the geographical
area which the solid waste management board designates and files in the state register pursuant to section
eight, article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of this code;

80 (j) "Solid waste facility" means any system, facility, 81 land, contiguous land, improvements on the land, 82 structures or other appurtenances or methods used for processing, recycling or disposing of solid waste, 83 84 including landfills, transfer stations, resource recovery 85 facilities and other such facilities not herein specified. 86 Such facility shall be deemed to be situated, for 87 purposes of this article, in the county where the majority 88 of the spatial area of such facility is located; and

(k) "Class A facility" means a commercial solid waste
disposal facility which handles an aggregate of ten
thousand tons or more of solid waste per month.

§20-9-7. Authority to develop litter and solid waste control plan; approval by solid waste management board; development of plan by director; advisory rules.

(a) Each county and regional solid waste authority 1 shall be required to develop a comprehensive litter and 2 3 solid waste control plan for its geographic area and to 4 submit said plan to the solid waste management board 5 on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine 6 hundred ninety-one. Each authority shall submit a draft 7 litter and solid waste control plan to the solid waste management board by the thirty-first day of March, one 8 thousand nine hundred ninety-one. The comments 9 received by the county or regional solid waste authority 10

at public hearings, two of which shall be required, shallbe considered in developing the final plan.

(b) Each litter and solid waste control plan shallinclude provisions for:

(1) An assessment of litter and solid waste problemsin the county;

17 (2) The establishment of solid waste collection and 18 disposal services for all county residents at their 19 residences, where practicable, or the use of refuse 20 collection stations at disposal access points in areas where residential collection is not practicable. In 21 22 developing such collection services, primacy shall be 23 given to private collection services currently operating 24 with a certificate of convenience and necessity from the 25 motor carrier division of the public service commission:

(3) The evaluation of the feasibility of requiring or
encouraging the separation of residential or commercial
solid waste at its source prior to collection for the
purpose of facilitating the efficient and effective
recycling of such wastes and the reduction of those
wastes which must be disposed of in landfills or by other
nonrecycling means;

(4) The establishment of an appropriate mandatory
garbage disposal program which shall include methods
whereby residents must prove either (i) payment of
garbage collection fee or (ii) proper disposal at an
approved solid waste facility or in an otherwise lawful
manner;

(5) A recommendation for the siting of one or more properly permitted public or private solid waste landfills and other facilities, whether existing or proposed, to serve the solid waste needs of the county or the region, as the case may be, consistent with the comprehensive county plan prepared by the county planning commission;

46 (6) A timetable for the implementation of said plan;

47 (7) A program for the cleanup, reclamation and48 stabilization of any open and unpermitted dumps;

49 (8) The coordination of the plan with the related solid
50 waste collection and disposal services of municipalities
51 and, if applicable, other counties;

52 (9) A program to enlist the voluntary assistance of
53 private industry and civic groups in volunteer cleanup
54 efforts to the maximum practicable extent;

(10) Innovative incentives to promote recyclingefforts;

(11) A program to identify the disposal of solid wastes
which are not generated by sources situated within the
boundaries of the county or the region established
pursuant to this section;

61 (12) Coordination with the division of highways and
62 other local, state and federal agencies in the control and
63 removal of litter and the cleanup of open and unpermit64 ted dumps;

(13) Establishment of a program to encourage and
utilize those individuals incarcerated in the county jail
and those adults and juveniles sentenced to probation for
the purposes of litter pickup; and

(14) Provision for the safe and sanitary disposal of all
refuse from commercial and industrial sources within
the county or region, as the case may be, including
refuse from commercial and industrial sources, but
excluding refuse from sources owned or operated by the
state or federal governments.

(c) The solid waste management board shall establish
advisory rules to guide and assist the counties in the
development of the plans required by this section.

78 (d) Each plan prepared under this section shall be 79 subject to approval by the solid waste management 80 board. Any plan rejected by the solid waste manage-81 ment board shall be returned to the regional or county solid waste authority with a statement of the insufficien-82 cies in such plan. The authority shall revise the plan to 83 eliminate the insufficiencies and submit it to the 84 director within ninety days. 85

86 (e) The solid waste management board shall develop

87

88

89

90 nine hundred ninety-one: *Provided*, That in preparing
91 such plans the director may determine in his discretion

- 92 whether to prepare a regional or county based plan for
- 93 those counties which fail to complete such a plan.

§20-9-10a. Bonds and notes.

1 For constructing or acquiring any solid waste facil-2 ities for the authorized purposes of the authority, or 3 necessary or incidental thereto, and for constructing 4 improvements and extension thereto, and also for 5 reimbursing or paying the costs and expenses of 6 creating the authority, if any, the board of any such 7 authority is hereby authorized to borrow money from time to time and in evidence thereof issue the bonds or 8 9 notes of such authority, payable from the revenues derived from the operation of the solid waste facilities 10 under control of the authority or from such other funds 11 12 as are available to the authority for such purpose. Such bonds or notes may be issued in one or more series, may 13 14 bear such date or dates, may mature at such time or times not to exceed forty years from their respective 15 dates, may bear interest at such rate or rates, payable 16 at such times, may be in such form, may carry such 17 registration privileges, may be executed in such 18 19 manner, may be payable at such place or places, may 20 be subject to such terms of redemption with or without premium, may be declared or become due before 21 maturity date thereof, may be authenticated in any 22 manner, and upon compliance with such conditions, and 23 may contain such terms and covenants as may be 24 provided by resolution or resolutions of the board. 25Notwithstanding the form or tenor thereof, and in the $\mathbf{26}$ absence of any express recital on the face thereof, that 27 the bond or note is nonnegotiable, all such bonds or notes 28 shall be, and shall be treated as, negotiable instruments 29 for all purposes. The bonds or notes shall be executed 30 by the chairman of the board, who may use a facsimile 31 signature. The official seal of the authority or a 32 facsimile thereof shall be affixed to or printed on each 33

34 bond or note and attested, manually or by facsimile 35 signature, by the secretary-treasurer of the board, and 36 any coupons attached to any bond or note shall bear the 37 signature or facsimile signature of the chairman of the 38 board. Bonds or notes bearing the signatures of officers 39 in office on the date of the signing thereof shall be valid 40 and binding for all purposes notwithstanding that 41 before the delivery thereof any or all of the persons whose signatures appear thereon shall have ceased to be 42 43 such officers. Notwithstanding the requirements or 44 provisions of any other law, any such bonds or notes may 45 be negotiated or sold in such manner and at such time or times as is found by the board to be most advantage-46 47 ous. Any resolution or resolutions providing for the issuance of such bonds or notes may contain such 48 49 covenants and restrictions upon the issuance of additional bonds or notes thereafter as may be deemed 50 51necessary or advisable for the assurance of the payment 52 of the bonds or notes thereby authorized.

§20-9-10b. Items included in cost of properties.

1 The cost of any solid waste facilities acquired under the provisions of this article shall be deemed to include 2 the cost of the acquisition or construction thereof, costs 3 of closure of solid waste facilities, the cost of all property 4 rights, easements and franchises deemed necessary or 5 convenient therefor and for the improvements and 6 7 extensions thereto; interest upon bonds or notes prior to and during construction or acquisition and for twelve 8 9 months after completion of construction or of acquisition of the improvements and extensions; engineering, fiscal 10 agents and legal expenses; expenses for estimates of cost 11 12 and of revenues, expenses for plans, specifications and 13 surveys; other expenses necessary or incident to deter-14 mining the feasibility or practicability of the enterprise, 15 administrative expense, and such other expenses as may 16 be necessary or incident to the financing herein 17 authorized, and the construction or acquisition of the 18 properties and the placing of same in operation, and the 19 performance of the things herein required or permitted, 20 in connection with any thereof.

§20-9-10c. Bonds or notes may be secured by trust indenture.

1 In the discretion and at the option of the board such 2 bonds or notes may be secured by a trust indenture by 3 and between the authority and a corporate trustee. 4 which may be a trust company or bank having powers 5 of a trust company within or without the state of West Virginia. The resolution authorizing the bonds or notes 6 7 and fixing the details thereof may provide that such trust indenture may contain such provisions for protect-8 9 ing and enforcing the rights and remedies of bondholders as may be reasonable and proper, not in 1011 violation of law, including covenants setting forth the 12duties of the authority and the members of its board and 13 officers in relation to the construction or acquisition of solid waste facilities and the improvement, extension, 14 operation, repair, maintenance and insurance thereof. 1516 and the custody, safeguarding and application of all moneys, and may provide that all or any part of the 17 construction work shall be contracted for, constructed 18 and paid for, under the supervision and approval of 19 consulting engineers employed or designated by the 20 board and satisfactory to the original bond purchasers, 21 22their successors, assignees or nominees, who may be given the right to require the security given by 23contractors and by any depository of the proceeds of 24 bonds or notes or revenues of the solid waste facilities 25or other money pertaining thereto be satisfactory to such 26 27 purchasers, their successors, assignees or nominees. Such indenture may set forth the rights and remedies 28 29 of the bondholders or noteholders and such trustee.

§20-9-10d. Sinking fund for bonds or notes.

At or before the time of the issuance of any bonds or 1 2 notes under this article, the board may by resolution or in the trust indenture provide for the creation of a 3 sinking fund and for payments into such fund from the 4 revenues of the solid waste facilities operated by the 5 authority or from other funds available thereto such 6 sums in excess of the cost of maintenance and operation 7 of such properties as will be sufficient to pay the 8 accruing interest and retire the bonds or notes at or 9

before the time each will respectively become due and
to establish and maintain reserves therefor. All sums
which are or should be, in accordance with such
provisions, paid into such sinking fund shall be used
solely for payment of interest and principal and for the
retirement of such bonds or notes or at prior to maturity
as may be provided or required by such resolution.

§20-9-10e. Collection, etc., of revenues and funds and enforcement of covenants; default; suit, etc., by bondholder or noteholder or trustee to compel performance of duties; appointment and powers of receiver.

1 The board for any such authority shall have power to 2 insert enforceable provisions in any resolution authoriz-3 ing the issuance of bonds or notes relating to the 4 collection, custody and application of revenues or of the 5 authority from the operation of the solid waste facilities 6 under its control or other funds available to the 7 authority and to the enforcement of the covenants and 8 undertakings of the authority. In the event there shall 9 be default in the sinking fund provisions aforesaid or in 10 the payment of the principal or interest on any of such 11 bonds or notes or, in the event the authority or its board 12 or any of its officers, agents or employees, shall fail or 13 refuse to comply with the provisions of this article, or 14 shall default in any covenant or agreement made with 15 respect to the issuance of such bonds or notes or offered 16 as security therefor, then any holder or holders of such 17 bonds or notes and any such trustee under the trust 18 indenture, if there be one, shall have the right by suit, action, mandamus or other proceeding instituted in the 19 circuit court for the county or any of the counties 20 21 wherein the authority extends, or in any other court of 22 competent jurisdiction, to enforce and compel perfor-23 mance of all duties required by this article or under-24 taken by the authority in connection with the issuance 25of such bonds or notes, and upon application of any such 26 holder or holders, or such trustee, such court shall, upon 27 proof of such defaults, appoint a receiver for the affairs 28 of the authority and its properties, which receiver so appointed shall forthwith directly, or by his agents and 29

30 attorneys, enter into and upon and take possession of the 31 affairs of the authority and each and every part thereof, 32 and hold, use, operate, manage and control the same, 33 and in the name of the authority exercise all of the 34 rights and powers of such authority as shall be deemed 35 expedient, and such receiver shall have power and 36 authority to collect and receive all revenues and apply 37 same in such manner as the court shall direct. Whenever 38 the default causing the appointment of such receiver 39 shall have been cleared and fully discharged and all 40 other defaults shall have been cured, the court may in its discretion and after such notice and hearing as it 41 deems reasonable and proper direct the receiver to 42 43 surrender possession of the affairs of the authority to its 44 board. Such receiver so appointed shall have no power to sell, assign, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of any 45 46 assets of the authority except as hereinbefore provided.

§20-9-10f. Operating contracts.

1 The board may enter into contracts or agreements 2 with any persons, firms or corporations for the operation 3 and management of the solid waste facilities for such period of time and under such terms and conditions as 4 5 shall be agreed upon between the board and such persons, firms or corporations. The board shall have 6 power to provide in the resolution authorizing the 7 issuance of bonds or notes, or in any trust indenture 8 9 securing such bonds or notes, that such contracts or agreements shall be valid and binding upon the 10 authority as long as any of said bonds or notes, or 11 interest thereon, are outstanding and unpaid. 12

§20-9-10g. Statutory mortgage lien created unless otherwise provided; foreclosure thereof.

Unless otherwise provided by resolution of the board, 1 there shall be and is hereby created a statutory 2 mortgage lien upon such solid waste facilities of the 3 authority, which shall exist in favor of the holders of 4 bonds or notes hereby authorized to be issued, and each 5 of them, and the coupons attached to said bonds or notes, 6 and such solid waste facilities shall remain subject to 7 such statutory mortgage lien until payment in full of all 8

9 principal of and interest on such bonds or notes. Any 10 holder of such bonds or notes, of any coupons attached 11 thereto, may, either at law or in equity, enforce said 12 statutory mortgage lien conferred hereby and upon 13 default in the payment of the principal of or interest on 14 said bonds or notes, and may foreclose such statutory 15 mortgage lien in the manner now provided by the laws 16 of the state of West Virginia for the foreclosure of 17 mortgages on real property.

§20-9-10h. Refunding bonds or notes.

1 The board of any authority having issued bonds or 2 notes under the provisions of this article is hereby 3 empowered thereafter by resolution to issue refunding 4 bonds or notes of such authority for the purpose of 5 retiring or refinancing any or all outstanding bonds or notes, together with any unpaid interest thereon and 6 redemption premium thereunto appertaining and all of 7 the provisions of this article relating to the issuance, 8 security and payment of bonds or notes shall be 9 applicable to such refunding bonds or notes, subject, 10 however, to the provisions of the proceedings which 11 12 authorized the issuance of the bonds or notes to be so 13 refunded.

§20-9-10i. Indebtedness of authority.

1 No constitutional or statutory limitation with respect 2 to the nature or amount of or rate of interest on indebtedness which may be incurred by municipalities. 3 counties or other public or governmental bodies shall 4 5 apply to the indebtedness of an authority. No indebtedness of any nature of authority shall constitute an 6 7 indebtedness of the state of West Virginia or any municipality or county therein or a charge against any 8 9 property of said state of West Virginia or any munic-10 ipalities or counties. No indebtedness or obligation 11 incurred by any authority shall give any right against 12 any member of the governing body of any municipality 13 or any member of the authority of any county or any 14 member of the board of any authority. The rights of creditors of any authority shall be solely against the 15authority as a corporate body and shall be satisfied only 16 out of property held by it in its corporate capacity. 17

§20-9-10j. Property, bonds or notes and obligations of authority exempt from taxation.

1 The authority shall be exempt from the payment of 2 any taxes or fees to the state or any subdivisions thereof 3 or any municipalities or to any officer or employee of 4 the state or of any subdivision thereof or of any 5 municipalities. The property of the authority shall be 6 exempt from all local and municipal taxes. Bonds, notes, 7 debentures and other evidence of indebtedness of the 8 authority are declared to be issued for a public purpose and to be public instrumentalities, and, together with 9 10 interest thereon, shall be exempt from taxes.

§20-9-12. Powers, duties and responsibilities of authority generally.

1 The authority may exercise all powers necessary or 2 appropriate to carry out the purposes and duties 3 provided in this article, including the following:

4 (1) Sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded and have 5 and use a common seal.

6 (2) To conduct its business in the name of the county 7 solid waste authority or the regional solid waste 8 authority, as the case may be, in the names of the 9 appropriate counties.

10 (3) The authority board of directors shall promulgate 11 rules and regulations to implement the provisions of 12 sections eight and nine of this article and is authorized 13 to promulgate rules and regulations for purposes of this 14 article and the general operation and administration of 15 authority affairs.

16 (4) Adopt, and from time to time, amend and repeal 17 bylaws necessary and proper for the conduct of its 18 affairs consistent with this article.

(5) To promulgate such rules and regulations as may
be proper and necessary to implement the purposes and
duties of this article.

(6) Acquire, construct, reconstruct, enlarge, improve,
furnish, equip, maintain, repair, operate, lease or rent
to, or contract for the operation by any person, partner-

ship, corporation or governmental agency, any solid
waste facility or collection, transportation and processing facilities related thereto.

(7) Issue negotiable bonds, notes, debentures or other
evidences of indebtedness and provide for the rights of
the holders thereof, incur any proper indebtedness and
issue any obligations and give any security therefor
which it may deem necessary or advisable in connection
with exercising powers as provided herein.

34 (8) Make available the use or services of any solid
35 waste facility collection, transportation and processing
36 facilities related thereto, to any person, partnership,
37 corporation or governmental agency consistent with this
38 article.

39 (9) Acquire by gift or purchase, hold and dispose of
40 real and personal property in the exercise of its powers
41 and duties.

42 (10) Make and enter all contracts, leases and agree43 ments and to execute all instruments necessary or
44 incidental to the performance of its duties and powers.

45 (11) Employ managers, engineers, accountants, attor46 neys, planners and such other professional and support
47 personnel as are necessary in its judgment to carry out
48 the provisions of this article.

49 (12) Receive and accept from any source such grants,
50 fees, real and personal property, contributions and funds
51 of any nature as may become available to the authority
52 in order to carry out the purposes of this article.

(13) Cooperate with and make such recommendations
to local, state and federal government and the private
sector in the technical, planning and public policy
aspects of litter control and solid waste management as
the authority may find appropriate and effective to
carry out the purposes of this article.

(14) Charge, alter and collect rentals, fees, service
charges and other charges for the use or services of any
solid waste facilities or any solid waste collection,
transportation and processing services provided by the
authority.

64 (15) Do all acts necessary and proper to carry out the 65 powers expressly granted to the authority by this article

65 powers expressly granted to the authority by this article 66 and powers conferred upon the authority by this article.

67 All rules and regulations promulgated by the author-68 ity pursuant to this article are exempt from the 69 provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of the

70 code.

§20-9-12a. Commercial solid waste facility siting plan; facilities subject to plan; criteria; approval by West Virginia state solid waste management board; effect on facility siting; public hearings; rules and regulations.

1 (a) On or before the first day of July, one thousand 2 nine hundred ninety-one, each county or regional solid 3 waste authority shall prepare and complete a commercial solid waste facilities siting plan for the county or 4 5 counties within its jurisdiction: Provided. That the West 6 Virginia state solid waste management board may authorize any reasonable extension of up to one year for 7 8 the completion of the said siting plan by any county or regional solid waste authority. The siting plan shall 9 10 identify zones within each county where siting of the 11 following facilities is authorized or prohibited:

12 (1) Commercial solid waste landfills which may
13 accept an aggregate of more than ten thousand tons of
14 solid waste per month.

(2) Commercial solid waste landfills which shall
accept only less than an aggregate of ten thousand tons
of solid waste per month.

(3) Commercial solid waste transfer stations or
commercial facilities for the processing or recycling of
solid waste.

The siting plan shall include an explanation of the rationale for the zones established therein based on the criteria established in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) The county or regional solid waste authority shalldevelop the siting plan authorized by this section based

26 upon the consideration of one or more of the following 27 criteria: The efficient disposal of solid waste, including all solid waste generated within the county or region, 28 29 economic development, transportation facilities, property values, groundwater and surface waters, geological 30 31 and hydrological conditions, aesthetic and environmental quality, historic and cultural resources, the present 32 33 or potential land uses for residential, commercial, 34 recreational, environmental conservation or industrial 35 purposes and the public health, welfare and convenience. The plan shall be developed based upon informa-36 37 tion readily available. Due to the limited funds and time available the plan need not be an exhaustive and 38 39 technically detailed analysis of the criteria set forth above. Unless the information readily available clearly 40 41 establishes that an area is suitable for the location of a 42 commercial solid waste facility or not suitable for such 43 a facility, the area shall be designated as an area in 44 which the location of a commercial solid waste facility is tentatively prohibited. Any person making an 45 46 application for the redesignation of a tentatively 47 prohibited area shall make whatever examination is 48 necessary and submit specific detailed information in 49 order to meet the provision established in subsection (g) 50 of this section.

51 (c) Prior to completion of the siting plan, the county 52 or regional solid waste authority shall complete a draft 53siting plan and hold at least one public hearing in each county encompassed in said draft siting plan for the 54 55 purpose of receiving public comment thereon. The 56 authority shall provide notice of such public hearings 57 and encourage and solicit other public participation in 58 the preparation of the siting plan as required by the 59 rules and regulations promulgated by the West Virginia 60 state solid waste management board for this purpose. Upon completion of the siting plan, the county or 61 62 regional solid waste authority shall file said plan with 63 the West Virginia state solid waste authority.

64 (d) The siting plan shall take effect upon approval by 65 the West Virginia state solid waste management board 66 pursuant to the rules and regulations promulgated for 67 this purpose. Upon approval of said plan, the West 68 Virginia state solid waste management board shall 69 transmit a copy thereof to the director of the division of natural resources and to the clerk of the county 70 71 commission of the county encompassed by said plan 72 which county clerk shall file the plan in an appropriate 73 manner and shall make the plan available for inspection 74 by the public.

75 (e) Effective upon approval of the siting plan by the 76 West Virginia state solid waste management board, it 77 shall be unlawful for any person to establish, construct. 78 install or operate a commercial solid waste landfill or transfer station at a site not authorized by the siting 79 80 plan: Provided, That an existing commercial solid waste 81 landfill or transfer station which, on the effective date 82 of this section, held a valid solid waste permit or 83 compliance order issued by the division of natural 84 resources pursuant to article five-f of this chapter may 85 continue to operate but may not expand the spatial land 86 area of the said facility beyond that authorized by said 87 solid waste permit or compliance order, and may not 88 increase the aggregate monthly solid waste capacity in 89 excess of ten thousand tons monthly unless such a 90 facility is authorized by the siting plan.

91 (f) The county or regional solid waste authority may, 92 from time to time, amend the siting plan in a manner 93 consistent with the requirements of this section for 94 completing the initial siting plan and the rules and 95 regulations promulgated by the West Virginia state 96 solid waste management board for the purpose of such 97 amendments.

(g) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 98 99 contrary, upon application from a person who has filed a pre-siting notice pursuant to section five-c, article five-100 101 f of this chapter, the county or regional solid waste 102 authority or county commission, as appropriate, may amend the siting plan by redesignating a zone that has 103 104 been designated as an area where a commercial solid 105 waste facility is tentatively prohibited to an area where one is authorized. In such case, the person seeking the 106 change has the burden to affirmatively and clearly 107

SOLID WASTE

108 demonstrate, based on the criteria set forth in subsection 109 (b) of this section, that a solid waste facility could be 110 appropriately operated in the public interest at such 111 location. The West Virginia state solid waste manage-112 ment board shall provide, within available resources, 113 technical support to a county or regional solid waste 114 authority, or county commission as appropriate, when 115 requested by such authority or commission to assist it 116 in reviewing an application for any such amendment.

117 (h) The West Virginia state solid waste management 118 board shall prepare and adopt a siting plan for any 119 county or regional solid waste authority which does not 120 complete and file with the said state authority such a 121 siting plan in compliance with the provisions of this 122 section and the rules and regulations promulgated 123 thereunder. Any siting plan adopted by the West 124 Virginia state solid waste authority pursuant to this 125 subsection shall comply with the provisions of this 126 section, and the rules and regulations promulgated 127 thereunder, and shall have the same effect as a siting 128 plan prepared by a county or regional solid waste 129 authority and approved by the said state authority.

130 (i) The siting plan adopted pursuant to this section 131 shall incorporate the provisions of the litter and solid 132 waste control plan, as approved by the West Virginia 133 state solid waste management board pursuant to section 134 seven of this article, regarding collection and disposal 135 of solid waste and the requirements. if any, for additional commercial solid waste landfill and transfer 136 137 station capacity.

(j) The West Virginia state solid waste management
board is authorized and directed to promulgate rules
and regulations specifying the public participation
process, content, format, amendment, review and
approval of siting plans for the purposes of this section.

§20-9-12b. Interim siting approval for commercial solid waste facilities.

1 (a) Until the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety-two, or the effective date of the commer-3 cial solid waste facility siting plan authorized by section

SOLID WASTE

4 twelve-a of this article, whichever date occurs first, it 5 shall be unlawful for any person to establish, construct 6 or install a commercial solid waste landfill or transfer 7 station, or to expand the spatial land area of such an 8 existing facility, without a certificate of site approval 9 from the county or regional solid waste authority for the 10 county in which the facility would be situated: Provided. 11 That a person, who, on the effective date of this section. 12 holds a valid Class A approval permit issued by a county 13 commission, may obtain site approval from the county 14 commission for the county in which the facility would be situated: Provided, however, That no such certificate 15 will be required for such an existing commercial solid 16 waste facility which on the effective date of this section 17 18 held a valid solid waste permit or compliance order 19 issued by the division of natural resources unless such 20 facility increases its spatial land area beyond that authorized by such solid waste permit or compliance 21 22order.

23 (b) The county or regional solid waste authority, or 24 county commission, as appropriate, shall issue or deny 25the certificate of site approval based upon the consideration of the effects of the proposed commercial solid 26 27 waste landfill or transfer station upon one or more of the following criteria: The efficient disposal of solid 28 waste generated within the county or region, economic 29 30 development, transportation facilities, property values, 31 groundwater and surface waters, geological and hydro-32 logical conditions, aesthetic and environmental quality, historic or cultural resources, the present or potential 33 land uses for residential, commercial, recreational, 34 industrial or environmental conservation purposes and 35 36 the public health, welfare and convenience.

(c) The county or regional solid waste authority, or
county commission, as appropriate, shall issue or deny
the certificate of site approval within a reasonable
period upon receiving the pre-siting notice for the
proposed commercial solid waste facility required by
section five-c, article five-f of this chapter.

43 (d) The county or regional solid waste authority, or 44 county commission, as appropriate, shall hold a public hearing prior to the issuance of a certificate of site
approval for the purpose of receiving public comment
upon the siting of the proposed commercial solid waste
facility. The authority shall provide notice of such public
hearing with publication of a Class II legal advertisement in a qualified newspaper serving the county where
the proposed site is situated.

52 (e) The county or regional solid waste authority, or 53 county commission, as appropriate, shall complete 54 findings of fact and conclusions relating to the criteria 55 authorized in subsection (b) hereof which support its 56 decision to issue or deny a certificate of site approval.

57 (f) Any person adversely affected by a decision of a 58 county or regional solid waste authority, or county 59 commission, as appropriate, to issue or deny a certificate 60 of site approval pursuant to this section may appeal that 61 decision to the circuit court for the county in which the 62 proposed commercial solid waste facility would be 63 located.

§20-9-12c. Approval of establishment or continuation of Class A facility by county commission and/or referendum.

1 (a) If a Class A applicant obtains a certificate of site 2 approval from the county or regional solid waste 3 authority regarding establishing, constructing or 4 operating a commercial solid waste landfill, said 5 applicant shall also file a notice with the county 6 commission of the county within whose boundaries such landfill would be situated or of the county commission 7 8 where it would be situated if its spatial area covers more 9 than one county. The applicant shall request the 10 approval of the county commission of the affected county 11 to establish, construct or operate such landfill within the 12 county. The county commission must act on such request 13 and either grant or deny its approval within thirty days 14 after the filing of such notice and request. The county 15 commission may hold public hearings and solicit public 16 comment for the purposes of this section.

Following the decision by the county commission and upon the written petition of registered voters residing

SOLID WASTE

19 in the county equal to not less than fifteen percent of 20 the number of votes cast within the county for governor at the preceding gubernatorial election, which petition 21 shall be filed with the county commission within sixty 22 23 days after it has rendered its decision, the county 24 commission shall, upon verification of the required 25 number of signatures on the petition, and not less than 26 fifty-six days before the election, order a referendum be 27 placed upon the ballot.

28 Any referendum conducted pursuant to this section 29 shall be held at the next primary, general or other 30 county-wide election: Provided. That the election shall 31 be held within nine months following the decision of the 32 county commission. If no primary, general or county-33 wide election is scheduled within such nine-month period. then the county commission shall schedule a 34 35 special election to be held within such time period.

36 (1) Such referendum will be to determine whether it 37 is the will of the voters of the county that a solid waste 38 facility handling ten thousand tons or more of solid 39 waste per month be located in the county. Any election 40 at which the question of locating a solid waste disposal 41 facility is voted upon shall be held at the voting 42 precincts established for holding primary or general 43 elections. All of the provisions of the general election laws, when not in conflict with the provisions of this 44 article, shall apply to voting and elections hereunder, 45 insofar as practicable. The secretary of state shall 46 prescribe the form of the petition which shall include 47 48 the printed name, address and date of birth of each person whose signature appears on the petition. 49

50 (2) The ballot, or the ballot labels where voting 51 machines are used, shall have printed thereon substan-52 tially the following:

53 "Shall a solid waste disposal facility handling ten 54 thousand tons or more of solid waste per month be 55 located within _____ County, West Virginia?

- 56 🛛 For the Facility
- 57 🛛 Against the Facility

58 (Place a cross mark in the square opposite your 59 choice.)"

60 (3) If a majority of the legal votes cast upon the 61 question be against the siting of a Class A landfill within 62 the county, then the county commission, the county or 63 regional solid waste authority and the division of natural 64 resources shall not proceed any further with the pending notice or application nor may any of them allow to be 65 filed subsequent notices or applications to site a Class 66 67 A landfill within the county. If a majority of the legal votes cast upon the question be for siting a Class A 68 landfill within the county, then the application process 69 70 as set forth in this article and article five-f of this 71chapter may proceed, but such vote shall not be binding on or require the county or regional solid waste 7273 authority or the division of natural resources to approve an application to establish, construct or operate a Class 74 75 A landfill. If the majority of the legal votes cast be 76 against the question, that does not prevent the question 77 from again being submitted to a vote at any subsequent 78 election in the manner herein provided.

79 (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 80 chapter to the contrary, a person who, on the effective 81 date of this section, holds a valid Class A approval 82 permit or compliance order issued by the division of 83 natural resources, pursuant to article five-f of this chapter, may continue to operate if, by the first day of 84 85 June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the county 86 commission of the county in which such facility is 87 located approves the continued handling of ten thousand 88 tons or more of solid waste per month: Provided, That 89 the decision of the county commission is subject to 90 review by referendum of the citizens of the county in 91 which such facility is located.

92 (1) Any referendum held pursuant to this subsection
93 shall comply with the procedure set forth in subsection
94 (a) of this section. Further, the ballot, or ballot labels
95 where voting machines are used, shall have printed
96 thereon substantially the following: "Shall the ___________
97 _________ landfill continue to handle ten
98 thousand tons or more of solid waste per month?

Ch. 169]

99 □ For continued handling of ten thousand tons or 100 more of solid waste per month

101 □ Against continued handling of ten thousand tons
 102 or more of solid waste per month

103 (Place a cross mark in the square opposite your 104 choice.)"

105(2) If a majority of the legal votes cast upon the 106 question are against the continued handling of ten 107 thousand tons or more of solid waste per month, or if 108 the county commission disapproves the continued 109 operation of such facility, the director of the division of 110 natural resources shall, within thirty days following 111 certification of the election results, or the decision of the 112 county commission, amend the permit or compliance 113 order to require a decrease, over a period lasting no 114 more than one year, in total tonnage to a level below ten thousand tons of solid waste per month. 115

§20-9-12d. Solid waste assessment interim fee; regulated motor carriers; dedication of proceeds; criminal penalties.

1 (a) Imposition.-Effective the first day of July, one 2 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, a solid waste 3 assessment fee is hereby levied and imposed upon the disposal of solid waste at any solid waste disposal facility 4 in this state to be collected at the rate of one dollar per 5 ton or part thereof of solid waste. The fee imposed by 6 this section shall be in addition to all other fees levied 7 8 by law.

9 (b) Collection, return, payment and record.—The fee 10 herein imposed shall be paid by the person disposing of 11 solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility and shall be collected by the operator of such facility and remitted 12 to the state tax commissioner. The fee accrues at the 13 time the solid waste is disposed of in this state. The fee 14 imposed by this section shall be due and payable on or 15 before the fifteenth day of the month next succeeding 16 17 the month in which the fee accrued together with a return on such form or forms as prescribed by the state 18 tax commissioner. Each person disposing of solid waste 19

1349

at a solid waste disposal facility and each person
required to collect the fee imposed by this section shall
keep complete and accurate records in such form as the
state tax commissioner may by regulation require.

24 (c) Regulated motor carriers.—The fee imposed by this 25 section and section twenty-two, article five, chapter 26 seven of this code shall be considered a necessary and 27 reasonable cost for motor carriers of solid waste subject 28 to the jurisdiction of the public service commission 29 under chapter twenty-four-a of this code. 30 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, 31 upon the filing of a petition by an affected motor carrier, the public service commission shall, within fourteen 32 days, reflect the cost of said fee in said motor carrier's 33 34 rates for solid waste removal service.

(d) Definition of solid waste disposal facility.—For
purposes of this section, the term "solid waste disposal
facility" means any approved solid waste facility or open
dump in this state. Nothing herein shall be construed
to authorize in any way the creation or operation of or
contribution to an open dump.

41 (e) *Exemptions.*—The following transactions shall be 42 exempt from the fee imposed by this section:

(1) Disposal of solid waste at a solid waste disposal
facility by the person who owns, operates or leases the
solid waste disposal facility if it is used exclusively to
dispose of waste originally produced by such person in
such person's regular business or personal activities or
by persons utilizing the facility on a cost-sharing or
nonprofit basis;

50 (2) Reuse or recycling of any solid waste; and

51 (3) Disposal of residential solid waste by an individual 52 not in the business of hauling or disposing of solid waste 53 on such days and times as designated by the director of 54 the division of natural resources by regulation as 55 exempt from the fee imposed pursuant to section five-56 a, article five-f, chapter twenty of this code.

57 (f) Procedure and administration.—Each and every 58 provision of the "West Virginia Tax Procedure and

SOLID WASTE

59 Administration Act" set forth in article ten, chapter 60 eleven of this code shall apply to the fee imposed by this 61 section with like effect as if said act were applicable 62 only to the fee imposed by this section and were set forth 63 in extenso herein.

64 (g) Criminal penalties.—Notwithstanding section two, 65 article nine, chapter eleven of this code, sections three 66 through seventeen, article nine, chapter eleven of this 67 code shall apply to the fee imposed by this section with 68 like effect as if said sections were the only fee imposed 69 by this section and were set forth in extenso herein.

(h) Dedication of proceeds.—The net proceeds of the
fee collected pursuant to this section shall be transferred
to a special revenue account designated as the "Solid
Waste Planning Fund" as such proceeds are received by
the state tax commissioner. The West Virginia state
solid waste management board shall allocate the
proceeds of the said fund as follows:

77 (1) Fifty percent of the total proceeds shall be divided 78 equally among, and paid over to, each county solid waste 79 authority to be expended for the purposes of this article: 80 *Provided*. That where a regional solid waste authority 81 exists, such funds shall be paid over to the regional solid waste authority to be expended for the purposes of this 82 83 article in an amount equal to the total share of all counties within the jurisdiction of said regional solid 84 85 waste authority: and

86 (2) Fifty percent of the total proceeds shall be expended by the West Virginia state solid waste 87 management board for: (i) Grants to the county or 88 regional solid waste authorities for the purposes of this 89 article: (ii) administration, technical assistance or other 90 91 costs of the state solid waste management board necessary to implement the purposes of this article and 92 article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of the code of West 93 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as 94 95 amended.

96 (i) Severability.—If any provision of this section or the
97 application thereof shall for any reason be adjudged by
98 any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such

SOLID WASTE

99 judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the 100 remainder of this section, but shall be confined in its 101 operation to the provision thereof directly involved in 102 the controversy in which such judgment shall have been 103 rendered, and the applicability of such provision to other 104 persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

105 (j) *Effective date.*—This section is effective on the first 106 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

CHAPTER 170

(S. B. 41—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Warner)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article eleven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to specifying the percentage of registered voters required for petitions to establish or rescind a county recycling program for solid waste; establishing filing deadlines; giving the secretary of state the authority to prescribe the form of the petition; and including certain identifying information on the petition.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article eleven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11. WEST VIRGINIA RECYCLING PROGRAM.

- §20-11-5. Establishment of county recycling programs for solid waste; petition for referendum; ballot contents; election procedure; effect of such election.
 - 1 (a) A comprehensive recycling program for solid 2 waste may be established in any county of this state by
 - 3 action of a county commission in accordance with the
 - 4 provisions of this section. Such program shall require:
 - 5 (1) That, prior to collection at its source, all solid

6 waste shall be segregated into separate identifiable
7 recyclable materials by each person, partnership,
8 corporation and governmental agency subscribing to a
9 solid waste collection service in the county or transport10 ing solid waste to a commercial solid waste facility in
11 the county;

12 (2) That each commercial solid waste facility located 13 in the county and each person engaged in the commer-14 cial collection, transportation, processing or disposal of 15 solid waste within the county shall accept only such solid 16 waste from which recyclable materials in accordance 17 with said county's comprehensive recycling program 18 have been segregated; and

(3) That the provisions of the recycling plan prepared
pursuant to section four of this article shall, to the extent
practicable, be incorporated in said county's comprehensive recycling program.

(b) For the purposes of this article, recyclable
materials shall include, but not be limited to, steel and
bi-metallic cans, aluminum, glass, paper and such other
solid waste materials as may be specified by the county
commission with the advice of the county or regional
solid waste authority.

29 (c) A comprehensive recycling program for solid 30 waste may be established in any county of this state by: (1) A petition filed with the county commission bearing 31 32 the signatures of registered voters of the county equal to not less than five percent of the number of votes cast 33 34 within the county for governor at the preceding 35gubernatorial election; and (2) approval by a majority of the voters in a subsequent referendum on the issue. 36 A referendum to determine whether it is the will of the 37 38 voters of a county that a comprehensive recycling program for solid waste be established in the county 39 40 may be held at any regular primary or general election or in conjunction with any other countywide election. 41 Any election at which the question of establishing a 42 policy of comprehensive recycling for solid waste is 43 voted upon shall be held at the voting precincts 44 established for holding primary or general elections. All 45

SOLID WASTE

46 of the provisions of the general election laws, when not 47 in conflict with the provisions of this article, shall apply 48 to voting and elections hereunder, insofar as practicable. 49 The secretary of state shall prescribe the form of the 50 petition which shall include the printed name, address 51 and date of birth of each person whose signature 52 appears on the petition. Upon verification of the 53 required number of signatures on the petition, the 54 county commission shall, not less than seventy days 55 before the election, order that the issue be placed on the 56 ballot and referendum held at the next primary, general 57 or special election to determine whether it is the will of 58 the voters of said county that a policy of comprehensive 59 recycling of solid waste be established in the county: Provided. That the petition bearing the necessary 60 61 signatures has been filed with the county commission at 62 least one hundred days prior to the election.

63 The ballot, or the ballot labels where voting machines
64 are used, shall have printed thereon substantially the
65 following:

66 "Shall the County Commission be required to establish
67 a comprehensive recycling program for solid waste in
68 County, West Virginia?

 $69 \qquad \Box \quad For Recycling$

70 🗆 Against Recycling

71 (Place a cross mark in the square opposite your 72 choice.)"

73 If a majority of legal votes cast upon the question be 74 for the establishment of a policy of comprehensive 75 recycling of solid waste, the county commission shall, 76 after the certification of the results of the referendum, thereafter establish by ordinance a comprehensive 77 78 recycling program for solid waste in the county within 79 ninety days of said certification. If a majority of the 80 legal votes cast upon the question be against the 81 establishment of a policy of comprehensive recycling of 82 solid waste, said policy shall not take effect, but the question may again be submitted to a vote at any 83 84 subsequent election in the manner herein provided.

SUNSET

(d) A comprehensive recycling program for solid
waste established by petition and referendum may be
rescinded only pursuant to the procedures set out herein
to establish the program.

89 To rescind the program, the ballot, or the ballot labels 90 where voting machines are used, shall have printed 91 thereon substantially the following:

92 "Shall the County Commission be required to termi93 nate the comprehensive recycling program for solid
94 waste in ______ County, West Virginia?

95 🛛 Continue Recycling

96 \square End Recycling

97 (Place a cross mark in the square opposite your 98 choice.)"

99 (e) If a majority of legal votes cast upon the question be for the termination of a policy of comprehensive 100 101 recycling of solid waste previously established in the 102 county, the county commission shall, after the certifica-103 tion of the results of the referendum, thereafter rescind by ordinance the comprehensive recycling program for 104 105 solid waste in the county within ninety days of said 106 certification. If a majority of the legal votes cast upon 107 the question be for the continuation of the policy of 108 comprehensive recycling of solid waste, said ordinance 109 shall not be rescinded, but the question may again be 110 submitted to a vote at any subsequent election in the 111 manner herein provided.

CHAPTER 171

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 92-By Senators Brackenrich and Spears)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article ten, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to scheduling governmental agencies or programs for termination pursuant to the West Virginia sunset law. Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article ten, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. THE WEST VIRGINIA SUNSET LAW.

§4-10-4. Termination of governmental entities or programs.

1 The following governmental entities and programs 2 shall be terminated on the date indicated but no 3 governmental entity or program shall be terminated 4 under this article unless a performance audit has been 5 conducted of such entity or program, except as autho-6 rized under section fourteen of this article:

7 (1) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
8 hundred eighty-one: Judicial council of West Virginia;
9 motor vehicle certificate appeal board; child welfare
10 licensing board.

(2) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-two: Ohio River basin commission;
commission on postmortem examination; state commission on manpower, training and technology.

(3) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-three: Anatomical board; economic
opportunity advisory committee; community development authority board.

19 (4) On the first day of July, one thousand nine 20 hundred eighty-four: The following programs of the 21 department of natural resources: Rabies control, work 22 incentive program; West Virginia alcoholic beverage 23 control licensing advisory board.

(5) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-five: Beautification commission; labor
management advisory council.

(6) On the first day of July, one thousand ninehundred eighty-six: Health resources advisory council.

29 (7) On the first day of July, one thousand nine

1356

SUNSET

30 hundred eighty-seven: Civil service commission advisory

31 board; council of finance and administration; and the

32 motorcycle safety standards and specifications board.

(8) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-eight: Veteran's council; labor management relations board; records management and preservation advisory committee; minimum wage rate board;
commission on mass transportation; and the public
employees insurance board.

(9) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-nine: Mental retardation advisory
committee; board of school finance; veteran's affairs
advisory council; and the reclamation commission.

(10) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
hundred ninety: Consumer affairs advisory council;
savings and loan association; forest industries industrial
foundation; and drivers' license advisory board.

47 (11) On the first day of July, one thousand nine 48 hundred ninety-one: State advisory council of the 49 division of employment security; department of health 50 and human resources; oil and gas conservation commis-51 sion: the family law masters system; state lottery 52 commission; the department of commerce, labor and 53environmental resources; West Virginia health care cost review authority; the following divisions or programs of 54 the department of agriculture: Soil conservation com-55 mittee, rural resource division, meat inspection pro-56 gram; interagency committee on pesticides; pesticides 57 board of review; and the geological and economic 58 survey; women's commission, child advocate office, 59 60 department of health and human resources; the division of corrections; and the office of workers' compensation 61 62 commissioner.

63 (12) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
64 hundred ninety-two: State water resources board; water
65 resources division, division of natural resources; white66 water advisory board; state board of risk and insurance
67 management; West Virginia's membership in the
68 interstate commission on the Potomac River basin;
69 board of banking and financial institutions; the farm

70 management commission; state building commission; 71 the capitol building commission: the board of examiners 72 in counseling; and the public service commission: 73 Provided, That in the case of the public service commission, the performance and fiscal audit required 74 by this article shall be completed and transmitted to the 75 76 joint committee on government and finance on or before 77 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninetyone, in order that the joint committee or its designated 78 subcommittee may review the audit pursuant to the 79 80 provisions of section one, article one, chapter twenty-81 four of this code.

82 (13) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
83 hundred ninety-three: Commission on uniform state
84 laws; state structural barriers compliance board; and
85 the oil and gas inspectors examining board.

86 (14) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
87 hundred ninety-four: Ohio River valley water sanitation
88 commission; the southern regional education board; real
89 estate commission; the division of labor and the section
90 of archives and history of the division of culture and
91 history.

92 (15) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
93 hundred ninety-five: Emergency medical services
94 advisory council; commission on charitable organiza95 tions; information system advisory commission; and the
96 board of social work examiners.

97 (16) On the first day of July, one thousand nine
98 hundred ninety-six: U.S. geological survey program
99 within the division of natural resources; and the board
100 of investments.



CHAPTER 172

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4127-By Delegates Sattes and Susman)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by

adding thereto a new article, designated article one-c; to amend article eight of said chapter eleven by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections six-e and six-f; and to amend and reenact section eleven, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of said code, all relating to taxation and property valuation; reciting legislative findings; defining terms; creating property valuation training and procedures commission; providing for composition of commission, terms of members and their compensation; prescribing powers and duties of commission; authorizing commission to borrow from board of investments: authorizing commission to make rules; requiring certain training for assessors, their staffs and county commissioners; specifying certain duties of county assessors relating to appraisal of property; prescribing additional powers and duties of tax commissioner relating to property valuation; providing for additional funding for assessors' offices; requiring periodic valuations of property; providing criminal penalties for failure to list property or file return or report; creating classification designated managed timberland; requiring assessment at certain percent of appraisal value for all property including property assessed by board of public works: providing severability clause; requiring reduction in levy rate when appraisal results in tax increase; requiring notice and public hearing prior to decision in lieu of such reduction by county commissions and municipalities; providing that Legislature effects any increase of school board levy rate after public hearing; transferring certain existing duties regarding appraisal to new article one-c; providing for total assessed taxable value for next fiscal year; and deleting outdated provisions of code.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-c; that article eight of said chapter eleven be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections six-e and six-f; and that section eleven, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of said code, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows: Chapter

11. Taxation.

18. Education.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

Article

- 1C. Fair and Equitable Property Valuation.
- 8. Levies.

ARTICLE 1C. FAIR AND EQUITABLE PROPERTY VALUATION.

- §11-1C-1. Legislative findings.
- §11-1C-2. Definitions.
- §11-1C-3. Property valuation training and procedures commission generally; appointment; term of office; meetings; compensation.
- §11-1C-4. Commission powers and duties; rule making.
- §11-1C-5. Tax commissioner powers and duties.
- §11-1C-6. Required training for assessors, their staffs and county commissioners.
- \$11-1C-7. Duties of county assessors; property to be appraised at fair market value; exceptions; initial equalization; valuation plan.
- §11-1C-8. Additional funding for assessors' offices; maintenance funding.
- §11-1C-9. Periodic valuations.
- \$11-1C-10. Valuation of industrial property and natural resources property by tax commissioner; penalties; methods; values sent to assessors.
- §11-1C-11. Managed timberland.
- \$11-1C-12. Board of equalization and review; assessments; board of public works.
- §11-1C-13. Severability.

§11-1C-1. Legislative findings.

1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that all 2 property in this state should be fairly and equitably 3 valued wherever it is situated so that all citizens will 4 be treated fairly and no individual species or class of 5 property will be overvalued or undervalued in relation 6 to all other similar property within each county and 7 throughout the state.

8 (b) The Legislature by this article seeks to create a 9 method to establish and maintain fair and equitable 10 values for all property. The Legislature does not intend 11 by this article to implement the reappraisal as con-12 ducted under articles one-a and one-b of this chapter, 13 nor does it intend to affect tax revenue in any manner.

14 (c) The Legislature finds that requiring the valuation15 of property to occur in three-year cycles with an annual

1360

16 adjustment of assessments as to those properties for 17 which a change in value is discovered shall not violate the equal and uniform provision of section one, article 18 19 ten of the West Virginia Constitution, the Legislature further finding that such three-year cycle and annual 20 21 adjustment are an integral and indispensable part of a 22 systematic review of all properties in order to achieve 23 equality of assessed valuation within and among the 24 counties of this state.

25 (d) The Legislature deems that the goal of this article 26 is that by the end of the three-year cycle contemplated by this article, and thereafter from year to year, all 27 28 property shall be annually assessed at sixty percent of 29 its then current fair market value except for the values 30 derived for farms and managed timberland properties. 31 which are to be valued as prescribed by articles one-c 32 and four of this chapter.

§11-1C-2. Definitions.

1 For the purposes of this article, the following words 2 shall have the meanings hereafter ascribed to them 3 unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

4 (a) "Timberland" means any surface real property 5 except farm woodlots of not less than ten contiguous 6 acres which is primarily in forest and which, in 7 consideration of their size, has sufficient numbers of 8 commercially valuable species of trees to constitute at 9 least forty percent normal stocking of forest trees which 10 are well distributed over the growing site.

(b) "Managed timberland" means surface real prop-11 erty, except farm woodlots, of not less than ten contig-12 uous acres which is devoted primarily to forest use and 13 which, in consideration of their size, has sufficient 14 15 numbers of commercially valuable species of trees to constitute at least forty percent normal stocking of 16 forest trees which are well distributed over the growing 17 site, and that is managed pursuant to a plan provided 18 for in section ten of this article. 19

20 (c) "Tax commissioner", "commissioner", or "tax
21 department" means the state tax commissioner or a
22 designee of the state tax commissioner.

23 (d) "Valuation commission" or "commission" means24 the commission created in section three of this article.

(e) "County board of education" or "board" means theduly elected board of education of each county.

§11-1C-3. Property valuation training and procedures commission generally; appointment; term of office; meetings; compensation.

(a) There is hereby created, under the department of 1 tax and revenue, a property valuation training and 2 procedures commission which consists of the state tax 3 4 commissioner, or a designee, who shall serve as chairperson of the commission, three county assessors, four 5 citizens of the state, one of which shall be a certified 6 appraiser, and two county commissioners. The assessors, 7 four citizen members and two county commissioners 8 shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and 9 consent of the Senate. For each assessor to be appointed. 10 the West Virginia Assessors Association shall nominate 11 three assessors, no more than two of whom shall belong 12 13 to the same political party, and shall submit such list of nominees to the governor. For each of the two county 14 15 commissioners to be appointed, the County Commission-16 er's Association of West Virginia shall nominate three 17 commissioners, no more than two of whom shall belong 18 to the same political party, and shall submit such list of nominees to the governor. Except for the tax 19 commissioner, there may not be more than one member 20 21 from any one county. No more than seven members of 22 the commission shall belong to the same political party: Provided. That any member of the commission who is 23 a direct party to any dispute before the board shall 24 25 excuse himself or herself from any consideration or vote 26 regarding the dispute.

A list of nine assessor nominees shall be submitted to the governor by the assessors association within thirty days of the effective date of this article, and not more than six of such nominees shall belong to the same political party. Within sixty days of such effective date, the governor shall appoint the assessor and citizen members of the commission.

A list of six county commissioner nominees shall be submitted to the governor by the county commissioners association within thirty days of the effective date of this article, and not more than four of such nominees shall belong to the same political party. Within sixty days of such effective date, the governor shall appoint two county commission members of the commission.

41 (b) All members, except the tax commissioner, shall 42 serve for four-year terms: Provided. That of the 43 members initially appointed, two assessors, one county 44 commission member and one citizen shall serve two-year 45 terms, and one assessor, one county commissioner 46 member and three citizen members shall serve four-47 year terms. Any assessor member and county commis-48 sioner member ceases to be a member immediately upon 49 leaving the office of assessor or county commissioner. 50 Members shall remain members of the commission until 51their successors have been appointed. In case of a 52 vacancy occurring prior to the end of the term of a 53member, a replacement shall be appointed within thirty 54 days in the same manner as the member was appointed 55 and shall serve until the end of the term of the member 56 so replaced.

57 (c) The tax commissioner shall call the first meeting 58 of the commission within thirty days of the appointment of the assessor, county commissioner and citizen 59 60 members. Subsequently, meetings shall be at the call of 61 the chairperson or at the written request of any four 62 members, except that the commission shall meet at least 63 twice annually. Assessor members, county commissioner members and the tax commissioner shall serve without 64 compensation, and citizen members shall receive fifty 65 dollars per day for each day of actual service rendered. 66 67 All members shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the perfor-68 mance of their duties as members of the commission. 69

(d) The commission shall be funded by an appropriation by the Legislature through a separate line item
appropriated to the state tax commissioner.

§11-1C-4. Commission powers and duties; rule making.

(a) On or before the first day of October, one thousand
 nine hundred ninety, and thereafter as necessary, the
 property valuation training and procedures commission
 shall perform the following duties:

5 (1) Devise training and certification criteria for 6 county assessors and their employees and members of 7 county commissions, which shall include a definition of 8 "appropriate staff member" as the term is used in 9 section six of this article relating to required training, 10 which definition shall include deputy assessors as 11 provided for in section three, article two of this chapter;

(2) Establish uniform, statewide procedures and 12 13 methodologies for the mapping, visitation, identification 14 and collection of information on the different species of 15 property, which procedures and methodologies shall include reasonable requirements for visitation of 16 17 property, including a requirement that a good faith 18 effort be made to contact any owner of owner-occupied 19 residential property: Provided. That the commission is 20 not authorized to establish the methods to value real and 21 personal property, but shall have the authority to 22 approve such methods:

(3) Develop an outline of items to be included in the
county property valuation plan required in section seven
of this article, which shall include information to assist
the property valuation training and procedures commission in its determination of the distribution of state
funds provided pursuant to section eight of this article.

(b) On or before the first day of July, one thousand
nine hundred ninety-one, the commission shall establish
objective criteria for the evaluation of the performance
of the duties of county assessors and the tax
commissioner.

34 (c) In the event the tax commissioner and a county
35 assessor cannot agree on the content of the plan required
36 under section seven of this article, the commission shall
37 examine the plan and the objections of the tax commis38 sioner and shall resolve the dispute on or before the first

1364

day of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in whichthe plan was submitted to the commission for resolution.

41 (d) The commission shall have the power to make such 42 rules as it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Any rules adopted by the commission 43 prior to the first day of October, one thousand nine 44 45 hundred ninety, under subsection (a) of this section are 46 exempt from the provisions of article three of chapter 47 twenty-nine-a of this code: Provided. That the commis-48 sion shall file a copy of any rule so exempted from the 49 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code with the 50 legislative rule-making review committee created 51 pursuant to section eleven, article three of said chapter 52 prior to the thirtieth day of November, one thousand 53 nine hundred ninety.

(e) The commission shall have the authority to make
and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary
or incidental to the performance of its duties and the
execution of its powers under this article.

58 (f) In order to fund the costs of the requirements of 59 this article, the valuation commission shall have the 60 authority, on a one time basis, to borrow five million 61 dollars and to distribute such funds according to need 62 and the valuation plan submitted by the counties. Upon 63 request of the valuation commission, the state board of 64 investments shall loan, under commercially reasonable 65 terms to be determined by the parties, up to five million 66 dollars to the valuation commission, on a one time basis, 67 from one of the various funds administered by the state 68 board of investments.

69 (g) The commission shall be required, in the event 70 that the tax commissioner has failed to do so, to appoint one or more special assessors if it is the determination 71 72 of the commission that an assessor has substantially 73 failed to perform the duties required by sections seven 74 and eight of this article. A writ of mandamus shall be the proper remedy if the commission fails to perform 75 any of its duties required by law. 76

§11-1C-5. Tax commissioner powers and duties.

1 (a) In addition to the powers and duties of the tax 2 commissioner in other provisions of this article and this 3 code, the tax commissioner shall have the power and 4 duty to:

5 (1) Perform such duties and exercise such powers as 6 may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this 7 article;

8 (2) Determine the methods of valuation for both real 9 and personal property in accordance with the following:

10 (A) As to personal property, the tax commissioner 11 shall provide a method to appraise each major specie of 12 personal property in the state so that all such items of 13 personal property are valued in the same manner no 14 matter where situated in the state, shall transmit these 15 methods to each county assessor who shall use these 16 methods to value the various species of personal property. The tax commissioner shall periodically 17 18 conduct such studies as are necessary to determine that 19 such methods are being followed. Such method shall be 20 in accordance with the provisions of article five of this 21 chapter: Provided, That notwithstanding any other 22 provision of this code to the contrary, the several county 23 assessors shall appraise motor vehicles as follows: The 24 state tax commissioner shall annually compile a sche-25dule of automobile values based upon the lowest values 26 shown in a nationally accepted used car guide, which 27 said schedule shall be furnished to each assessor and 28 shall be used by the several county assessors to deter-29 mine the assessed value for all motor vehicles in an 30 amount equal to sixty percent of said lowest values.

31(B) As to managed timberland as defined in section 32 two of this article, the tax commissioner shall provide 33 a method to appraise such property in the state so that all such property is valued in the same manner no 34 35matter where it is situated in the state, which shall be 36 a valuation based on its use and productive potential as managed timberland, which may be accorded special 37 valuation as forestlands as authorized by section fifty-38 three, article six of the Constitution of West Virginia: 39 40 Provided. That timberland that does not qualify for

1366

41 identification as managed timberland shall be valued at 42 market value: Provided, however. That the tax commis-43 sioner may not implement any rules or regulations in title one hundred ten, which relate to valuation or 44 45 classification of timberland: Provided further. That on or 46 before the first day of October, one thousand nine 47 hundred ninety, the tax commissioner shall, in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, promul-48 49 gate new rules relating to the valuation and classification of timberland. 50

51 (C) As to farmland used, occupied and cultivated by 52 an owner or bona fide tenant, the tax commissioner shall 53 provide a method to appraise such property in the state so that all such property is valued in the same manner 54 55no matter where it is situated in the state, which valuation shall be arrived at according to the fair and 56 reasonable value of the property for the purpose for 5758 which it is actually used regardless of what the value 59 of the property would be if used for some other purpose. in accordance with section one, article three of this 60 chapter and as authorized by subsection B, section one-61 62 b, article X of the Constitution of West Virginia.

63 (D) As to public utility property, the tax commissioner shall prescribe appropriate methods for the 64 appraisal of the various types of property subject to 65 taxation as public utilities and the types of property 66 which are to be included in the operating property of 67 a public utility and thereby not subject to taxation by 68 the county assessor. Only parcels or other property, or 69 portions thereof, which are an integral part of the public 70 utility's function as a utility shall be included as 71 72 operating property and assessed by the board of public works under provisions of article six of this chapter; 73

74 (3) Evaluate the performance of each assessor based upon the criteria established by the commission and 75 each county's approved plan and take appropriate 76 measures to require any assessor who does not meet 77 these criteria or adequately carry out the provisions of 78 the plan to correct any deficiencies. Such evaluation 79 shall include the periodic review of the progress of each 80 assessor in conducting the appraisals required in 81

82 sections seven and nine of this article and in following 83 the approved valuation plan. If the tax commissioner 84 determines that an assessor has substantially failed to 85 perform the duties required by said sections, the tax commissioner shall take all necessary steps, including 86 87 the appointment of one or more special assessors in 88 accordance with the provisions of section one, article 89 three of this chapter, or utilize such other authority as 90 the commissioner has over county assessors pursuant to 91 other provisions of this code as may be necessary to complete the tasks and duties imposed by this article: 92 93 Provided. That a writ of mandamus shall be the 94 appropriate remedy if the tax commissioner fails to perform his or her statutory duty provided for in section 95 96 five, article one of this chapter:

97 (4) Submit to the Legislature, on or before the fifteenth day of February of each year, a preliminary 98 99 statewide aggregate tax revenue projection and other 100 information which shall assist the Legislature in its 101 deliberations regarding county board of education levy 102 rates pursuant to section six-f, article eight of this 103 chapter, which information shall include any amount of reduction required by said section six-f; 104

105 (5) Maintain the valuations each year by making or
106 causing to be made such surveys, examinations, audits
107 and investigations of the value of the several classes of
108 property in each county which should be listed and
109 taxed under the several classifications; and

(6) Establish by uniform rules a procedure for the
sale of computer generated material, appraisal manuals
and reproduction of microfilm, photography and maps.
Any funds received as a result of the sale of such
reproductions shall be deposited to the appropriate
account from which the payment for reproduction is
made.

(b) The tax commissioner may adopt any regulation
adopted prior to the first day of January, one thousand
nine hundred ninety, pursuant to article one-a of this
chapter, which adoption shall not constitute an implementation of the statewide mass reappraisal of property.

122 Such adoption, including context modifications made 123 necessary by the enactment of this article, shall occur 124 on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine 125 hundred ninety-one, through inclusion in the plan 126 required by section ten of this article or inclusion in the 127 minute record of the valuation commission. Upon the 128 adoption of any such regulations, any modification or 129 repeal of such regulation shall be in accordance with the 130 provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 131 code.

§11-1C-6. Required training for assessors, their staffs and county commissioners.

1 (a) All county assessors and their appropriate staff 2 members are required to participate in a training 3 program which meets the basic criteria set by the 4 property valuation training and procedures commission. The tax commissioner shall provide the training 5 6 programs, which shall commence on or before the first 7 day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety. The tax commissioner shall determine which persons 8 have met the basic criteria established by the property 9 10 valuation training and procedures commission for certification in their respective positions. Those persons 11 who have met the basic criteria shall be issued approp-12 riate certificates so signifying. Those persons who have 13 failed to meet the basic criteria shall be required to take 14 additional training in those areas in which they are 15 deficient. Any staff person employed as of the effective 16 date of this section who fails to meet the basic criteria 17 within one calendar year of his or her first training shall 18 be placed on probationary status for six months and, 19 upon continued failure to meet the criteria. shall be 20 dismissed of any duties related to the actual valuation 21 of property. Any staff person employed after the 22 23 effective date of this section shall become certified within six months of his or her first training, and 24 otherwise shall be placed on probationary status for six 25months and, unless becoming certified, shall be dis-26 missed of any duties related to the actual valuation of 27 property. The tax commissioner shall conduct periodic 28 training sessions of a continuing education nature for all 29

30 assessors and appropriate staff members whether 31 certified or not. These sessions shall be held at least once 32 a year. All newly elected or newly appointed assessors 33 shall participate in a basic training program prior to 34 taking office. Newly appointed appropriate staff 35 members are required to participate in the next 36 available basic training program. The commission shall 37 further establish requirements for minimum continuing 38 education for each appropriate staff member in order 39 to maintain a certification.

40 (b) All county commissioners are required to partic41 ipate in a training program which meets the criteria set
42 by the property valuation training and procedures
43 commission. The tax commissioner shall conduct such
44 programs to educate county commissioners in their
45 duties as a board of equalization and review and to make
46 them generally familiar with appraisal techniques.

§11-1C-7. Duties of county assessors; property to be appraised at fair market value; exceptions; initial equalization; valuation plan.

1 (a) Except for property appraised by the state tax 2 commissioner under section ten of this article and 3 property appraised and assessed under article six of this 4 chapter, all assessors shall, within three years of the 5 approval of the county valuation plan required pursuant 6 to this section, appraise all real and personal property 7 in their jurisdiction at fair market value except for 8 special valuation provided for farmland and managed 9 timberland. They shall utilize the procedures and 10 methodologies established by the property valuation 11 training and procedures commission and the valuation system established by the tax commissioner. 12

13 (b) In determining the fair market value of the 14 property in their jurisdictions, assessors may use as an 15 aid to valuation any information available on the 16 character and values of such property including, but not 17 limited to, the updated information found on any 18 statewide electronic data processing system network 19 established pursuant to section twenty-one, article onea of this chapter. Valuations shall not be based exclu-20

sively on such statewide electronic data processing system network, and usage of the information on such files as an aid to proper valuation shall not constitute an implementation of the statewide mass reappraisal of property.

26 (c) Before beginning the valuation process, each 27 assessor shall develop a county valuation plan for using 28 information currently available, for checking its 29 accuracy and for correcting any errors found. The plan 30 must be submitted to the tax commissioner on or before 31 the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, for review and approval, and such plan must be 32 33 revised as necessary and resubmitted every three years 34 thereafter. Whenever a plan is submitted to the tax 35 commissioner, a copy shall also be submitted to the 36 county commission of that county and the property 37 valuation training and procedures commission, and that 38 county commission and the property valuation training 39 and procedures commission may forward comments to 40 the tax commissioner. The tax commissioner shall respond to any plan submitted or resubmitted within 41 42 sixty days of its receipt. The valuation process shall not 43 begin nor shall funds provided in section eight of this 44 article be available until the plan has received approval 45 by the tax commissioner: Provided. That any initial plan 46 that has not received approval by the commissioner 47 prior to the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall be submitted on or by such date to the 48 49 valuation commission for resolution prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, by which 50date all counties shall have an approved valuation plan 5152in effect.

(d) Upon approval of the valuation plan, the assessor
shall immediately begin implementation of the valuation
process. Any change in value discovered subsequent to
the certification of values by the assessor to the county
commission, acting as the board of equalization and
review, in any given year shall be placed upon the
property books for the next certification of values.

60 (e) Willing and knowing refusal of the assessor or the 61 county commission to comply with and effect the

62 provisions of this article, or to correct any deficiencies 63 as may be ordered by the tax commissioner with the 64 concurrence of the valuation commission under any 65 authority granted pursuant to this article or other 66 provisions of this code, shall constitute grounds for 67 removal from office. Such removal may be appealed to 68 the circuit court.

§11-1C-8. Additional funding for assessors' offices; maintenance funding.

1 (a) In order to finance the extra costs associated with 2 the valuation and training mandated by this article, 3 there is hereby created a revolving valuation fund in each county which shall be used exclusively to fund the 4 5 assessor's office. The valuation and training programs, 6 for the fiscal year commencing on the first day of July, 7 one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall be funded 8 through the valuation commission and distributed in accordance with need on a county by county basis and 9 the county's approved plan. The necessary funds shall 10 11 be transferred to each county's valuation fund following 12 approval of the plans submitted by the respective assessors. The said funds shall be transferred by the 13 valuation commission on condition that no persons shall 14 15 be hired hereunder without the approval of the valua-16 tion commission and such hirings shall be without 17 regard to political favor or affiliation. And further, such 18 persons hired hereunder shall be subject to the provi-19 sions of the ethics act, chapter six-b of this code, including, but not limited to, the conflict of interest 20 21 provisions thereunder.

22 During the fiscal year commencing the first day of 23 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, and 24 thereafter as necessary, any county receiving moneys 25provided by the valuation commission under this section, shall use the county's valuation fund first to repay the 26 valuation commission the money so received plus 27 accrued interest, provided that the fund should not drop 28 29 below one percent of the total municipal, county 30 commission and county school board revenues generated 31 by application of the respective regular levy rates.

1372

32 (b) To finance the ongoing extra costs associated with 33 the valuation and training mandated by this article, beginning with the fiscal year commencing on the first 34 35 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and 36 for a period of three consecutive years, an amount equal 37 to two percent of the previous year's projected tax 38 collections from the regular levy set by, or for, the 39 county commission, the county school board and any **40** municipality in the county shall be prorated as to each 41 levying body, set aside and placed in the valuation fund. 42 Commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine 43 hundred ninety-four, and each year thereafter, the 44 valuation fund shall be continued at an annual amount 45 of one percent of the previous year's projected tax 46 collections from such regular levies: Provided, That 47 county commissions and municipalities may present 48 written evidence, prior to the thirty-first day of March 49 each year, acceptable to the valuation commission 50showing that a lesser amount would be adequate to fund 51the extra costs associated with the valuation mandated 52by section seven of this article: Provided, however, That the valuation commission shall meet prior to the 53 54 fifteenth day of April to consider and decide upon all written evidence so submitted: Provided further. That 55 the county commissions, in addition, shall fund the 56 57 county assessor's office at least the level of funding 58 provided during the fiscal year in which this section was 59 initially enacted.

60 These additional funds are intended to enable asses-61 sors to maintain current valuations and to perform the 62 periodic reevaluation required under section nine of this article. Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 63 64 thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, any unexpended balance in the valuation fund at the end of 65 the fiscal year shall expire back proportionately into the 66 67 respective accounts of the levving bodies.

(c) Any funds provided by the valuation commission
shall be distributed among the counties by the property
valuation training and procedures commission based
upon workload, need and other relevant factors as shown

by the valuation plans developed under section seven ofthis article.

(d) Moneys due the valuation fund shall be deposited
by the sheriff of the county on a monthly basis for the
benefit of the assessor and shall be available to and may
be spent by the assessor without prior approval of the
county commission, which shall not exercise any control
over the fund.

§11-1C-9. Periodic valuations.

(a) After completion of the initial valuation required 1 2 under section seven of this article, each assessor shall 3 maintain current values on the real and personal property within the county. In repeating three-year 4 cycles, every parcel of real property shall be visited by 5 a member of the assessor's staff who has been trained 6 7 pursuant to section six of this article to determine if any changes have occurred which would affect the valuation 8 for the property. With this information and information 9 such as sales ratio studies provided by the tax commis-10 sioner, the assessor shall make such adjustments as are 11 12 necessary to maintain accurate, current valuations of all the real and personal property in the county and shall 13 14 adjust the assessments accordingly.

15 (b) In any year the assessed value of a property or species of property be less than or exceed sixty percent 16 17 of current market value, the tax commissioner shall direct the assessor to make the necessary adjustments. 18 If any assessor fails to comply with the provisions of this 19 20 section, the tax commissioner may, at the county commission's expense, take reasonable steps to remedy 21 22 the assessment deficiencies.

§11-1C-10. Valuation of industrial property and natural resources property by tax commissioner; penalties; methods; values sent to assessors.

1 (a) As used in this section:

2 (1) "Industrial property" means real and personal 3 property integrated as a functioning unit intended for 4 the assembling, processing and manufacturing of 5 finished or partially finished products. 6 (2) "Natural resources property" means coal, oil, 7 natural gas, limestone, fireclay, dolomite, sandstone, 8 shale, sand and gravel, salt, lead, zinc, manganese, iron 9 ore, radioactive minerals, oil shale, managed timberland 10 as defined in section two of this article, and other 11 minerals.

12 (b) All owners of industrial property and natural 13 resources property each year shall make a return to the state tax commissioner and, if requested in writing by 14 15 the assessor of the county where situated, to such county assessor at a time and in the form specified by the 16 17 commissioner of all industrial or natural resources 18 property owned by them. The commissioner may 19 require any information to be filed which would be 20 useful in valuing the property covered in the return. Any penalties provided for in this chapter or elsewhere 21 22 in this code relating to failure to list any property or 23to file any return or report may be applied to any owner 24 of property required to make a return pursuant to this 25section.

(c) The state tax commissioner shall value all indus-26 27 trial property in the state at its fair market value within three years of the approval date of the plan for 28 industrial property required in subsection (e) of this 29 section. The commissioner shall thereafter maintain 30accurate values for all such property. The tax commis-3132 sioner shall forward each industrial property appraisal to the county assessor of the county in which that 33 property is located and the assessor shall multiply each 34 such appraisal by sixty percent and include the result-35 ing assessed value in the landbook or the personal 36 property book, as appropriate for each tax year. The 37 commissioner shall supply support data that the assessor 38 39 might need to evaluate the appraisal.

(d) Within three years of the approval date of the plan
required for natural resources property required
pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, the state tax
commissioner shall determine the fair market value as
defined in section one, article three of this chapter of all
natural resources property in the state. The commis-

sioner shall thereafter maintain accurate values for allsuch property.

48 (1) In order to qualify for identification as managed 49 timberland for property tax purposes the owner must 50 annually certify, in writing to the division of forestry, 51that the property meets the definition of managed 52timberland as set forth in this article and contracts to manage property according to a plan that will maintain 53 54 the property as managed timberland. In addition, each 55 owner's certification must state that forest management 56 practices will be conducted in accordance with approved practices from the publication "Best Management 57 Practices for Forestry." Property certified as managed 58 59 timberland shall be valued according to its use and productive potential. The tax commissioner shall 60 promulgate rules and regulations for certification as 61 62 managed timberland.

63 (2) In the case of all other natural resources property. 64 the commissioner shall develop an inventory on a county 65 by county basis of all such property and may use any 66 resources, including, but not limited to, geological survey information; exploratory, drilling, mining and 67 other information supplied by natural resources prop-68 69 erty owners: and maps and other information on file 70 with the state department of energy. Any information 71 supplied by natural resources owners or any proprietary 72 or otherwise privileged information supplied by the 73 state division of energy shall be kept confidential unless 74 needed to defend an appraisal challenged by a natural 75 resources owner. Formulas for natural resources 76 valuation may contain differing variables based upon 77 known geological or other common factors. The tax 78 commissioner shall forward each natural resources 79 property appraisal to the county assessor of the county 80 in which that property is located and the assessor shall 81 multiply each such appraisal by sixty percent and 82 include the resulting assessed value in the landbook or 83 the personal property book, as appropriate, for each tax year. The commissioner shall supply support data that 84 85 the assessor might need to explain or defend the appraisal. The commissioner shall directly defend any 86

87 challenged appraisal when the assessed value of the 88 property in question exceeds two million dollars or an 89 owner challenging an appraisal holds or controls 90 property situated in the same county with an assessed 91 value exceeding two million dollars. At least every five vears, the commissioner shall review current technology 92 93 for the recovery of natural resources property to 94 determine if valuation methodologies need to be adjusted to reflect changes in value which result from 95 development of new recovery technologies. 96

97 (e) The tax commissioner shall develop a plan for the 98 valuation of industrial property and a plan for the 99 valuation of natural resources property. The plans shall 100 include expected costs and reimbursements, and shall be submitted to the property valuation training and 101 102 procedures commission on or before the first day of 103 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, for its 104 approval on or before the first day of July of such year. 105Such plan shall be revised, resubmitted to the commis-106 sion and approved every three years thereafter.

107 (f) To perform the valuation duties under this section. 108 the state tax commissioner shall have the authority to 109 contract with a competent property appraisal firm or 110 firms to assist with or to conduct the valuation process 111 as to any discernible species of property statewide if the contract and the entity performing such contract is 112 113 specifically included in a plan required by subsection 114 (e) of this section or otherwise approved by the commis-115 sion. If the tax commissioner desires to contract for 116 valuation services only in one county or a group of counties, the contract must be approved by the assessor 117 118 of the county and by the commission.

119 (g) The county assessor may accept the appraisal 120 provided, pursuant to this section, by the state tax 121 commissioner: *Provided*, That if the county assessor fails 122 to accept the appraisal provided by the state tax 123 commissioner, the county assessor shall show just cause 124 to the valuation commission for the failure to accept 125 such appraisal and shall further provide to the valuation 126 commission a plan by which a different appraisal will127 be conducted.

128 (h) The tax commissioner may charge each county 129 assessor's office the costs of appraising the industrial 130 and natural resources property within that county, and any costs of defending same: Provided, That the office 131 132 of the state attorney general shall provide legal 133 representation on behalf of the tax commissioner or 134 assessor, at no cost, in the event the industrial and 135 natural resources appraisal is challenged in court. Such 136 charges shall be paid from the county valuation fund. 137 Any moneys so received from the counties shall be 138 placed in a revolving state fund established in the state 139 treasurer's office and shall be expended only to carry out 140 the duties imposed upon the commissioner under this 141 section.

142 (i) For purposes of revaluing managed timberland as 143 defined in section two of this article, any increase or decrease in valuation by the commissioner shall not 144 145 become effective prior to the first day of July, one 146 thousand nine hundred ninety-one. The property owner 147 may request a hearing by the director of the division of 148 forestry, who may thereafter rescind the disgualification 149 or allow the property owner a reasonable period of time 150 in which to qualify the property. A property owner may 151 appeal a disgualification to the circuit court in which 152 the property is located.

§11-1C-11. Managed timberland.

1 Upon request of state, county or other taxing author-2 ities of appropriate jurisdiction, the division of forestry 3 shall inspect property under contract as managed 4 timberland and determine whether or not such proper-5 ties do qualify. In the event that a property is found not 6 to qualify by reason of a change in use, or it is 7 discovered that a material misstatement of fact was 8 made by the owner in the certification required in subdivision (1), subsection (d), section ten of this article, 9 the division of forestry shall notify the state tax 10 11 commissioner that the property is disgualified from its 12 identification as managed timberland.

§11-1C-12. Board of equalization and review; assessments; board of public works.

1 (a) As valuations of property in a county are com-2 pleted to the extent that a total valuation for each class 3 of property can be determined, such valuation shall be 4 delivered by the assessor to the county commission, and the county commission, sitting as a board of equalization 5 and review, shall use such appraised valuations as a 6 basis for determining the true and actual value for 7 assessment purposes of the several classes of property. 8

9 (b) For the tax year subsequent to the end of the 10 initial valuation period in each county, and for each year 11 thereafter, each county shall implement a uniform 12 assessment that is equal to sixty percent of the most 13 current appraised value for all real and personal 14 property situated within the county. Such implementa-15 tion shall be in accordance with provisions to be 16 included in the plan required by section seven of this article. 17

18 (c) Until such time as the uniform sixty percent 19 assessment required in subsection (b) is effected, the 20 total assessed valuation in each of the four classes of 21 property shall not be less than sixty percent nor more 22 than one hundred percent of the appraised valuation of 23 each said class of property.

24 (d) The board of public works, in performing the 25duties required in article six of this chapter relating to the assessment of public service businesses, shall submit 26on or before the first day of January, one thousand nine 27 28 hundred ninety-one, a plan to the property valuation 29 training and procedures commission for implementing on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine-30 hundred ninety-four, and for each year thereafter, a 31 32 uniform assessment that is equal to sixty percent of the most current valuation for all property valued by the 33 34 board of public works. Such plan shall be approved on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine 35 hundred ninety-one. 36

§11-1C-13. Severability.

- 1 If any provisions of this article or the application
- 2 thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid,
- 3 such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or
- 4 applications of the article which can be given effect
- 5 without the invalid provision or its application and to
- 6 this end the provisions of this article are declared to be
- 7 severable.

ARTICLE 8. LEVIES.

- §11-8-6e. Effect on levy rate when appraisal results in tax increase; public hearings.
- §11-8-6f. Effect on school board levy rate when appraisal results in tax increase.

§11-8-6e. Effect on levy rate when appraisal results in tax increase; public hearings.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where 1 2 any annual appraisal, triennial appraisal or general 3 valuation of property would produce an assessment that would cause an increase of one percent or more in the 4 5 total projected property tax revenues that would be 6 realized were the then current levy rates by the county 7 commission and the municipalities to be imposed, the 8 rate of levy shall be reduced proportionately as between 9 the county commission and the municipalities and for all 10 classes of property for the forthcoming tax year so as 11 to cause such rate of levy to produce no more than one hundred one percent of the previous year's projected 12 13 property tax revenues from extending the county 14 commission and municipality levy rates, unless there 15 has been compliance with subsection (c) of this section. 16 An additional appraisal or valuation due to new 17 construction or improvements to existing real property, 18 including beginning recovery of natural resources, and 19 newly acquired personal property shall not be an annual 20appraisal or general valuation within the meaning of 21 this section, nor shall the assessed value of such 22 improvements be included in calculating the new tax 23 levy for purposes of this section. Special levies shall not be included in the reduced levy calculation set forth in 24 subsection (b) of this section, but shall be continued for 2526 the remainder of the established period on the basis of

1380

Ch. 172]

TAXATION

the property values and levy rates in effect on theeffective date of this bill.

(b) The reduced rates of levy shall be calculated in thefollowing manner:

(1) The total assessed value of each class of property
as is defined by section five, article eight of this chapter
for the assessment period just concluded shall be
reduced by deducting the total assessed value of newly
created properties not assessed in the previous year's tax
book for each class of property;

37 (2) The resulting net assessed value of Class I
38 property shall be multiplied by .01; the value of Class
39 II by .02; and the values of Class III and IV, each by
40 .04;

41 (3) Total the current year's property tax revenue 42 resulting from regular levies for each county commis-43 sion and municipality and multiply the resulting sum by 44 one hundred one percent: Provided, That the one 45 hundred one percent figure shall be increased by the 46 amount the county's or municipality's increased levy 47 provided for in subsection (b), section eight, article one-48 c of this chapter.

(4) Divide the total regular levy tax revenues, thus
increased in subdivision (3), above, by the total weighted
net assessed value as calculated in paragraph two of this
section and multiply the resulting product by one
hundred; the resulting number is the Class I regular
levy rate, stated as cents-per-one hundred dollars of
assessed value;

56 (5) The Class II rate is two times the Class I rate; 57 Classes III and IV, four times the Class I rate as 58 calculated in the preceding subdivision.

(c) The governing body of a county or municipality may, after conducting a public hearing, which may be held at the same time and place as the annual budget hearing, increase the rate above the reduced rate required in this section if any such increase is deemed to be necessary by such governing body: *Provided*, That

.

65 in no event shall the governing body of a county or 66 municipality increase the rate above the reduced rate 67 required by subsection (b) of this section for any single 68 year in a manner which would cause total property tax 69 revenues accruing to the governing body of the county 70 or municipality, excepting additional revenue attributa-71 ble to assessed valuations of newly created properties 72 not assessed in the previous year's tax book for each 73 class of property, to exceed by more than ten percent 74 those property tax revenues received by the governing 75 body of the county or municipality for the next preceding year: Provided, however, That this provision shall not 76 77 restrict the ability of a county or municipality to enact 78 excess levies as authorized under existing statutory or 79 constitutional provisions.

80 Notice of the public hearing and the meeting in which 81 the levy rate shall be on the agenda shall be given at 82 least seven days before the date for each public hearing 83 by the publication of a notice in at least one newspaper 84 of general circulation in such county or municipality: 85 Provided, That a Class IV town or village as defined in 86 section two, article one, chapter eight of this code, in lieu 87 of the publication notice required by this subsection, may post no less than four notices of each public 88 89 hearing, which posted notices shall contain the informa-90 tion required by the publication notice and which shall 91 be in available, visible locations including the town hall. 92 The notice shall be at least the size of one-eighth page 93 of a standard size newspaper or one-fourth page of a tabloid size newspaper, and the headline in the adver-94 95 tisement shall be in a type no smaller than twenty-four 96 point. The publication notice shall be placed outside that 97 portion, if any, of the newspaper reserved for legal 98 notices and classified advertisements and shall also be 99 published as a Class II-O legal advertisement in 100 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code. The publication area is the 101 county. The notice shall be in the following form and 102contain the following information, in addition to such 103 other information as the local governing body may elect 104 to include: 105

Ch. 172]

106 NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE

107 The (name of the county or municipality) proposes to 108 increase property tax levies.

109 1. Appraisal/Assessment Increase: Total assessed
110 value of property, excluding additional assessments due
111 to new or improved property, exceeds last year's total
112 assessed value of property by _____ percent.

113 2. Lowered Rate Necessary to Offset Increased 114 Assessment: The tax rate which would levy the same 115 amount of property tax as last year, when multiplied by the new total assessed value of property with the 116 exclusions mentioned above, would be \$____ per \$100 of 117 118 assessed value for Class I property, \$____ per \$100 of assessed value for Class II property, \$____ per \$100 of 119 120 assessed value for Class III and \$____ per \$100 of 121 assessed value for Class IV property. These rates will 122 be known as the "lowered tax rates."

123 3. Effective Rate Increase: The (name of the county 124 or municipality) proposes to adopt a tax rate of \$____ 125 per \$100 of assessed value for Class I property, \$____ per \$100 of assessed value for Class II property. \$____ 126 per \$100 of assessed value for Class III property and 127 128 \$____ per \$100 of assessed value for Class IV property. 129 The difference between the lowered tax rates and the 130 proposed rates would be \$____ per \$100, or ____ percent for Class I; \$_____ per \$100, or _____ percent for Class II; 131 \$____ per \$100, or ____ percent for Class III; and \$____ 132per \$100, or ____ percent for Class IV. These differences 133 will be known as the "effective tax rate increases." 134

135 Individual property taxes may, however, increase at
136 a percentage greater than or less than the above
137 percentage.

138 4. Revenue produced last year: \$____

139 5. Revenue projected under the effective rate in-140 creases: \$_____

6. Revenue projected from new property or improvements: \$_____

143 7. General areas in which new revenue is to be 144 allocated: ______.

145 A public hearing on the increases will be held on (date 146 and time) at (meeting place). A decision regarding the 147 rate increase will be made on (date and time) at 148 (meeting place).

(d) All hearings are open to the public. The governing
body shall permit persons desiring to be heard an
opportunity to present oral testimony within such
reasonable time limits as are determined by the
governing body.

154 (e) This section shall be effective as to any regular levy rate imposed by the county commission or a 155 156 municipality for taxes due and payable on or after the 157 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. 158 If any provision of this section is held invalid, such 159 invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applica-160 tions of this section which can be given effect without 161 the invalid provision or its application and to this end the provisions of this section are declared to be 162 163 severable.

§11-8-6f. Effect on school board levy rate when appraisal results in tax increase.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where any annual appraisal, triennial appraisal or general 2 3 valuation of property would produce a statewide 4 aggregate assessment that would cause an increase of 5 one percent or more in the total property tax revenues 6 that would be realized were the then current levy rates 7 of the county boards of education to be imposed, the rate 8 of levy for county boards of education shall be reduced uniformly statewide and proportionately for all classes 9 of property for the forthcoming tax year so as to cause 10 such rate of levy to produce no more than one hundred 11 one percent of the previous year's projected statewide 12aggregate property tax revenues from extending the 13 county board of education levy rate, unless subsection (b) 14 of this section is complied with. The reduced rates of 15 levy shall be calculated in the following manner: (1) The 16 total assessed value of each class of property as it is 17

18 defined by section five, article eight of this chapter for 19 the assessment period just concluded shall be reduced by deducting the total assessed value of newly created 20 21 properties not assessed in the previous year's tax book 22 for each class of property; (2) the resulting net assessed 23 value of Class I property shall be multiplied by .01; the 24 value of Class II by .02: and the values of Class III and 25IV. each by .04; (3) Total the current year's property tax $\mathbf{26}$ revenue resulting from regular levies for the boards of 27 education throughout this state and multiply the 28 resulting sum by one hundred one percent: Provided. 29 That the one hundred one percent figure shall be 30 increased by the amount the boards of educations' increased levy provided for in subsection (b), section 31 32 eight, article one-c of this chapter; (4) Divide the total regular levy tax revenues, thus increased in subdivision 33 34 (3), above, by the total weighted net assessed value as calculated in paragraph two of this section and multiply 35 the resulting product by one hundred; the resulting 36 number is the Class I regular levy rate. stated as cents-37 per-one hundred dollars of assessed value: and (5) The 38 39 Class II rate is two times the Class I rate: Classes III and IV, four times the Class I rate as calculated in the 40 preceding subdivision. An additional appraisal or 41 valuation due to new construction or improvements. 42 including beginning recovery of natural resources, to 43 44 existing real property or newly acquired personal property shall not be an annual appraisal or general 45 valuation within the meaning of this section, nor shall 46 the assessed value of such improvements be included in 47 calculating the new tax levy for purposes of this section. 48 Special levies shall not be included in any calculations 49 under this section, but shall be continued for the 50remainder of the established period on the basis of the 51property values and levy rates in effect on the effective 52date of this bill. 53

(b) After conducting a public hearing, the Legislature
may, by act, increase the rate above the reduced rate
required in subsection (a) of this section if any such
increase is deemed to be necessary.

58 (c) This section shall be effective as to any regular

59 levy rate imposed for the county boards of education for 60 taxes due and payable on or after the first day of July, 61 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. If any provision 62 of this section is held invalid, such invalidity shall not 63 affect other provisions or applications of this section which can be given effect without the invalid provision 64 or its application and to this end the provisions of this 65 66 section are declared to be severable.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

§18-9A-11. Computation of local share; appraisal and assessment of property.

(a) For the fiscal year beginning on the first day of 1 2 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the total 3 assessed taxable value required for each class of property in each county shall not exceed the value so 4 5 required by the tax commissioner for the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine 6 hundred eighty-nine. Thereafter, on the basis of the 7 most recent property valuations in the state as to all 8 classes of property in all counties as determined and 9 10 published by the tax commissioner in reliance upon the appraised values annually developed by each county 11 assessor pursuant to the provisions of article one-c and 12 13 article three, chapter eleven of this code, the state board 14 shall for each county compute by application of the 15 levies for general current expense purposes, as defined in section two of this article, the amount of revenue 16 17 which such levies would produce if levied upon one hundred percent of the appraised value of each of the 18 19 several classes of property contained in the report or 20 revised report of such value, made to it by the tax commissioner as follows: 21

(1) The state board shall first take ninety-seven and
one-half percent of the amount ascertained by applying
these rates to the total assessed public utility valuation
in each classification of property in the county.

(2) The state board shall then apply these rates to the
assessed taxable value of other property in each
classification in the county as determined by the tax
commissioner and shall deduct therefrom five percent

as an allowance for the usual losses in collections due
to discounts, exonerations, delinquencies and the like.
All of the amount so determined shall be added to the
ninety-seven and one-half percent of public utility taxes
computed as provided above and this total shall be the
local share of the particular county.

36 (b) Whenever in any year a county assessor or a county commission shall fail or refuse to comply with 37 the provisions of this section in setting the valuations of 38 39 property for assessment purposes in any class or classes 40 of property in the county, the state tax commissioner 41 shall review the valuations for assessment purposes 42 made by the county assessor and the county commission 43 and shall direct the county assessor and the county commission to make such corrections in the valuations 44 as may be necessary so that they shall comply with the 45 requirements of chapter eleven of this code and this 46 section, and the tax commissioner shall enter the county 47 48 and fix the assessments at the required ratios. Refusal 49 of the assessor or the county commission to make such corrections shall constitute ground for removal from 50 51 office.



CHAPTER 173 (H. B. 4475—By Delegate Murensky)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to exempting from taxation property used by nonprofit corporations providing natural gas for public purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

1387

ARTICLE 3. ASSESSMENTS GENERALLY.

§11-3-9. Property exempt from taxation.

All property, real and personal. described in this 1 2 section, and to the extent herein limited, shall be exempt 3 from taxation, that is to say: Property belonging to the United States, other than property permitted by the 4 United States to be taxed under state law; property 5 belonging exclusively to the state; property belonging 6 exclusively to any county, district, city, village or town 7 in this state, and used for public purposes; property 8 9 located in this state, belonging to any city, town, village, 10 county or any other political subdivision of another state. and used for public purposes; property used exclusively 11 12 for divine worship; parsonages, and the household goods 13 and furniture pertaining thereto: mortgages, bonds and 14 other evidence of indebtedness in the hands of bona fide 15 owners and holders hereafter issued and sold by 16 churches and religious societies for the purposes of securing money to be used in the erection of church 17 buildings used exclusively for divine worship, or for the 18 purpose of paying indebtedness thereon; cemeteries; 19 20 property belonging to, or held in trust for, colleges, 21 seminaries, academies and free schools, if used for 22 educational, literary or scientific purposes, including 23 books, apparatus, annuities and furniture; property belonging to, or held in trust for, colleges or universities 24 located in West Virginia, or any public or private 25 26 nonprofit foundation or corporation which receives 27 contributions exclusively for such college or university, 28 if the property or dividends, interest, rents or royalties 29 derived therefrom are used or devoted to educational purposes of such college or university; public and family 30 libraries; property used for charitable purposes, and not 31 held or leased out for profit; property used for the public 32 purposes of distributing water or natural gas, or 33 providing sewer service by a duly chartered nonprofit 34 corporation when such property is not held, leased out 35 or used for profit; property used for area economic 36 development purposes by nonprofit corporations when 37 such property is not leased out for profit; all real estate 38

39 not exceeding one-half acre in extent, and the buildings 40 thereon, and used exclusively by any college or univer-41 sity society as a literary hall, or as a dormitory or clubroom, if not leased or otherwise used with a view 42 to profit; all property belonging to benevolent associa-43 44 tions, not conducted for private profit; property belong-45 ing to any public institution for the education of the 46 deaf, dumb or blind, or any hospital not held or leased 47 out for profit; house of refuge, lunatic or orphan asylum: 48 homes for children or for the aged, friendless or infirm. 49 not conducted for private profit; fire engines and 50 implements for extinguishing fires, and property used 51 exclusively for the safekeeping thereof, and for the 52 meeting of fire companies; all property on hand to be 53 used in the subsistence of livestock on hand at the 54 commencement of the assessment year; household goods 55 to the value of two hundred dollars, whether or not held 56 or used for profit; bank deposits and money; household 57 goods (which term is deemed for purposes of this section to mean only personal property and household goods 58 59 commonly found within the house and items used to care 60 for the house and its surrounding property) when not 61 held or used for profit, and personal effects (which term 62 is deemed for purposes of this section to mean only 63 articles and items of personal property commonly worn 64 on or about the human body, or carried by a person and 65 normally thought to be associated with the person) when 66 not held or used for profit; dead victuals laid away for 67 family use and any other property or security exempted 68 by any other provision of law; but no property shall be 69 exempt from taxation which shall have been purchased 70 or procured for the purpose of evading taxation, 71 whether temporarily holding the same over the first day of the assessment year or otherwise: Provided, That real 72 73 property which is exempt from taxation by this section shall be entered upon the assessor's books, together with 74 75 the true and actual value thereof, but no taxes shall be 76 levied upon the same or extended upon the assessor's 77 books.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section,
however, no language herein shall be construed to
exempt from taxation any property owned by, or held

in trust for. educational, literary, scientific, religious or 81 82 other charitable corporations or organizations, including 83 any public or private nonprofit foundation or corpora-84 tion existing for the support of any college or university 85 located in West Virginia, unless such property, or the 86 dividends, interest, rents or royalties derived therefrom, 87 is used primarily and immediately for the purposes of 88 such corporations or organizations.

89 The tax commissioner shall, by issuance of regula-90 tions, provide each assessor with guidelines to ensure 91 uniform assessment practices statewide to effect the 92 intent of this section.

CHAPTER 174

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4005-By Delegates Louderback and Jones)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter eleven-a of said code, relating to providing that ad valorem taxes on real or personal property will be considered as being timely filed and paid when delivered to the sheriff by the same methods prescribed for timely filing and payment with the state tax commissioner or state tax department.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section three, article one, chapter eleven-a of said code be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Chapter

11. Taxation.

11A. Collection and Enforcement of Property Taxes.

1390

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 10. PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION.

§11-10-3. Application of this article.

1 (a) The provisions of this article shall apply to the 2 inheritance and transfer taxes, the estate tax, and 3 interstate compromise and arbitration of inheritance 4 and death taxes, the business franchise registration 5 certificate tax, the annual tax on incomes of certain 6 carriers, the business and occupation tax, the consumers sales and service tax, the use tax, the cigarette tax, the 7 8 soft drinks tax, the personal income tax, the corporation 9 net income tax, the gasoline and special fuel excise tax. 10 the motor carrier road tax and the tax relief for elderly 11 homeowners and renters administered by the state tax 12 commissioner. This article shall not apply to ad valorem 13 taxes on real and personal property, the corporate 14 license tax or any other tax not listed hereinabove, 15 except that in the case of ad valorem taxes on real and 16 personal property, when any return, claim, statement or other document is required to be filed. or any payment 17 18 is required to be made within a prescribed period or 19 before a prescribed date, and the applicable law 20 requires delivery to the office of the sheriff of a county 21 of this state, the methods prescribed in section five-f of 22 this article for timely filing and payment to the tax 23 commissioner or state tax department shall be the same 24 methods utilized for timely filing and payment with 25such sheriff.

(b) The provision of this article shall also apply to any
other article of this chapter when such application is
expressly provided for by the Legislature.

CHAPTER 11A. COLLECTION AND ENFORCEMENT OF PROPERTY TAXES.

ARTICLE 1. ACCRUAL AND COLLECTION OF TAXES.

§11A-1-3. Accrual; time for payment; interest on delinquent taxes.

1 (a) All current taxes assessed on real and personal 2 property may be paid in two installments. The first

3 installment shall be payable on September first of the year for which the assessment is made, and shall become 4 delinquent on October first; the second installment shall 5 be payable on the first day of the following March and 6 7 shall become delinquent on April first. Taxes paid on or before the date when they are payable, including both 8 first and second installments, shall be subject to a 9 10 discount of two and one-half percent. If taxes are not 11 paid on or before the date on which they become 12 delinquent, including both first and second installments. 13 interest at the rate of nine percent per annum shall be added from the date they become delinquent until paid. 14

15 (b) With regard to real and personal property taxes, 16 when any return, claim, statement or other document is 17 required to be filed, or any payment is required to be 18 made within a prescribed period or before a prescribed 19 date, and the applicable law requires delivery to the 20 office of the sheriff of a county of this state, the methods prescribed in section five-f, article ten, chapter eleven 21 22 of this code for timely filing and payment to the tax 23 commissioner or department of tax and revenue shall be 24 the same methods utilized for timely filing and payment 25with such sheriff. Nothing contained in this subsection 26 (b) shall prohibit the sheriff from establishing additional 27 methods of payment in accordance with the provisions 28 of section eight-a of this article.

CHAPTER 175

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4247-By Delegates Pitrolo and Prezioso)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section ten-a, article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections two, nine and thirty-three, article fifteen of said chapter eleven; to amend and reenact section eighteen, article twenty-one of said chapter; and to further amend said article twenty-one by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventy-one-a, relating generally to taxation; repealing the authority of the tax commissioner to use staff attorneys rather than the office of attorney general; exempting governmental units of other states from payment of the sales tax: providing that charitable or nonprofit organizations are able to claim an exemption from the state sales tax for sales or donations of food made to persons in need thereof; exempting from consumers sales tax charges for opening and closing burial lots; exempting sales of livestock, poultry or other farm products from consumers sales tax under certain circumstances: exempting from consumers sales tax sales of motion pictures and video arcade games under certain circumstances: exempting sales of certain services and tangible personal property relating to aircraft under certain circumstances; providing that lump sum distributions be added to the taxable income of resident estates or trusts; requiring pass through entities to deduct and withhold tax from distributions, whether actual or deemed distributions for federal income tax purposes, of West Virginia source income to nonresident partners. nonresident shareholders in S corporations, and nonresident beneficiaries of trusts; including corporations subject to corporation net income tax; providing administrative procedures for payment and collection of tax including liability for withheld tax; and providing for administrative procedures and effective dates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten-a, article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections two, nine and thirty-three, article fifteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section eighteen, article twenty-one of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article twenty-one be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventy-one-a, all to read as follows:

Article

15. Consumers Sales Tax.

21. Personal Income Tax.

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

§11-15-2. Definitions.

§11-15-9. Exemptions.

§11-15-33. Effective date.

§11-15-2. Definitions.

1 For the purpose of this article:

2 (a) "Persons" means any individual, partnership,
3 association, corporation, state or its political subdivi4 sions or agency of either, guardian, trustee, committee,
5 executor or administrator.

6 (b) "Tax commissioner" means the state tax 7 commissioner.

8 (c) "Gross proceeds" means the amount received in 9 money, credits, property or other consideration from 10 sales and services within this state, without deduction 11 on account of the cost of property sold, amounts paid for 12 interest or discounts or other expenses whatsoever. 13 Losses shall not be deducted, but any credit or refund 14 made for goods returned may be deducted.

15 (d) "Sale," "sales" or "selling" includes any transfer of 16 the possession or ownership of tangible personal 17 property for a consideration, including a lease or rental, 18 when the transfer or delivery is made in the ordinary 19 course of the transferor's business and is made to the 20 transferee or his agent for consumption or use or any 21 other purpose.

(e) "Vendor" means any person engaged in this state
in furnishing services taxed by this article or making
sales of tangible personal property.

(f) "Ultimate consumer" or "consumer" means a
person who uses or consumes services or personal
property.

(g) "Business" includes all activities engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or economic benefit, direct or indirect, and all activities of the state and its political subdivisions which involve sales of tangible personal property or the rendering of services when those service activities compete with or may compete with the activities of other persons.

1394

(h) "Tax" includes all taxes, interest and penaltieslevied hereunder.

(i) "Service" or "selected service" includes all nonprofessional activities engaged in for other persons for a
consideration, which involve the rendering of a service
as distinguished from the sale of tangible personal
property, but shall not include contracting, personal
services or the services rendered by an employee to his
employer or any service rendered for resale.

44 (j) "Purchaser" means a person who purchases tang-45 ible personal property or a service taxed by this article.

46 (k) "Personal service" includes those:

47 (1) Compensated by the payment of wages in the48 ordinary course of employment;

49 (2) Rendered to the person of an individual without,
50 at the same time, selling tangible personal property,
51 such as nursing, barbering, shoe shining, manicuring
52 and similar services.

(1) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for the taximposed by this article.

55 (m) "Drugs" includes all sales of drugs or appliances 56 to a purchaser, upon prescription of a physician or 57 dentist and any other professional person licensed to 58 prescribe.

59 (n) (1) "Directly used or consumed" in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communi-60 61 cation or the production of natural resources means used 62 or consumed in those activities or operations which 63 constitute an integral and essential part of such activities, as contrasted with and distinguished from 64 those activities or operations which are simply inciden-65 tal, convenient or remote to such activities. 66

67 (2) Uses of property or consumption of services which 68 constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of 69 manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communi-70 cation or the production of natural resources includes 71 only:

(A) In the case of tangible personal property, physical
incorporation of property into a finished product
resulting from manufacturing production or the production of natural resources;

(B) Causing a direct physical, chemical or other
change upon property undergoing manufacturing
production or production of natural resources;

79 (C) Transporting or storing property undergoing
80 transportation, communication, transmission, manufac81 turing production or production of natural resources;

82 (D) Measuring or verifying a change in property 83 directly used in transportation, communication, trans-84 mission, manufacturing production or production of 85 natural resources;

(E) Physically controlling or directing the physical
movement or operation of property directly used in
transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;

90 (F) Directly and physically recording the flow of
91 property undergoing transportation, communication,
92 transmission, manufacturing production or production
93 of natural resources;

94 (G) Producing energy for property directly used in
95 transportation, communication, transmission, manufac96 turing production or production of natural resources;

97 (H) Facilitating the transmission of gas, water, steam
98 or electricity from the point of their diversion to
99 property directly used in transportation, communica100 tion, transmission, manufacturing production or produc101 tion of natural resources;

(I) Controlling or otherwise regulating atmospheric
conditions required for transportation, communication,
transmission, manufacturing production or production
of natural resources;

(J) Serving as an operating supply for property
undergoing transmission, manufacturing production or
production of natural resources, or for property directly
used in transportation, communication, transmission,

110 manufacturing production or production of natural 111 resources;

(K) Maintenance or repair of property directly used
 in transportation, communication, transmission, manu facturing production or production of natural resources;

(L) Storage, removal or transportation of economic
waste resulting from the activities of manufacturing,
transportation, communication, transmission or the
production of natural resources;

119 (M) Pollution control or environmental quality or 120 protection activity directly relating to the activities of 121 manufacturing, transportation, communication, trans-122 mission or the production of natural resources and 123 personnel, plant, product or community safety or 124 security activity directly relating to the activities of 125 manufacturing, transportation, communication, trans-126 mission or the production of natural resources; or

127 (N) Otherwise be used as an integral and essential
128 part of transportation, communication, transmission,
129 manufacturing production or production of natural
130 resources.

(3) Uses of property or services which would not
constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of
manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources includes,
but are not limited to:

136 (A) Heating and illumination of office buildings;

137 (B) Janitorial or general cleaning activities;

138 (C) Personal comfort of personnel;

(D) Production planning, scheduling of work, orinventory control;

141 (E) Marketing, general management, supervision,
142 finance, training, accounting and administration; or

(F) An activity or function incidental or convenient to
transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources,
rather than an integral and essential part of such
activities.

111

1398

148 (o) "Contracting."

(1) In general.—"Contracting" means and includes the 149 150 furnishing of work, or both materials and work, for 151 another (by a sole contractor, general contractor, prime 152contractor or subcontractor) in fulfillment of a contract for the construction, alteration, repair, decoration or 153 154 improvement of a new or existing building or structure. 155 or any part thereof, or for removal or demolition of a 156 building or structure, or any part thereof, or for the 157 álteration, improvement or development of real 158 property.

159 (2) Form of contract not controlling.—An activity that falls within the scope of the definition of contracting 160 161 shall constitute contracting regardless of whether such 162 contract governing the activity is written or verbal and 163 regardless of whether it is in substance or form a lump 164 sum contract, a cost-plus contract, a time and materials 165 contract (whether or not open-ended), or any other kind 166 of construction contract.

167 (3) Special rules.—For purposes of this definition:

(A) The term "structure" includes, but is not limited
to, everything built up or composed of parts joined
together in some definite manner and attached or
affixed to real property, or which adds utility to real
property or any part thereof, or which adds utility to
a particular parcel of property and is intended to
remain there for an indefinite period of time.

(B) The term "alteration" means and is limited to
alterations which are capital improvements to a building or structure or to real property.

178 (C) The term "repair" means and is limited to repairs
179 which are capital improvements to a building or
180 structure or to real property.

181 (D) The term "decoration" means and is limited to
182 decorations which are capital improvements to a
183 building or structure or to real property.

184 (E) The term "improvement" means and is limited to

improvements which are capital improvements to abuilding or structure or to real property.

187 (F) The term "capital improvement" means improve-188 ments that are affixed to or attached to and become a 189 part of a building or structure or the real property or which add utility to real property or any part thereof 190 191 and that last, or are intended to be relatively permanent. As used herein, "relatively permanent" means lasting at 192 193 least a year or longer in duration without the necessity 194 for regularly scheduled recurring service to maintain 195 such capital improvement. "Regular recurring service" 196 means regularly scheduled service intervals of less than 197 one year.

198 (G) Contracting does not include the furnishing of 199 work. or both materials and work in the nature of 200 hookup, connection, installation or other services if such 201 service is incidental to the retail sale of tangible personal property from the service provider's inventory: 202 203 Provided. That such hookup, connection or installation of the foregoing is incidental to the sale of the same and 204 performed by the seller thereof or performed in 205 206 accordance with arrangements made by the seller 207 thereof. Examples of transactions that are excluded from the definition of contracting pursuant hereto 208 include, but are not limited to, the sale of wall-to-wall 209 carpeting and the installation of wall-to-wall carpeting, 210 the sale, hookup, and connection of mobile homes. 211 212window air conditioning units, dishwashers, clothing washing machines or dryers, other household applian-213 ces, drapery rods, window shades, venetian blinds, 214 canvas awnings, free standing industrial or commercial 215 equipment and other similar items of tangible personal 216 property. Repairs made to the foregoing are within the 217 definition of contracting if such repairs involve perman-218 219 ently affixing to or improving real property or something attached thereto which extends the life of the real 220 property or something affixed thereto or allows or is 221 intended to allow such real property or thing perman-222 ently attached thereto to remain in service for a year 223 224 or longer.

225

(p) "Manufacturing" means a systematic operation or

integrated series of systematic operations engaged in as
a business or segment of a business which transforms
or converts tangible personal property by physical,
chemical or other means into a different form, composition or character from that in which it originally
existed.

(q) "Transportation" means the act or process of
conveying, as a commercial enterprise, passengers or
goods from one place or geographical location to another
place or geographical location.

(r) "Transmission" means the act or process of causing
liquid, natural gas or electricity to pass or be conveyed
from one place or geographical location to another place
or geographical location through a pipeline or other
medium for commercial purposes.

(s) "Communication" means all telephone, radio, light,
light wave, radio telephone, telegraph and other
communication or means of communication, whether
used for voice communication, computer data transmission or other encoded symbolic information transfers
and shall include commercial broadcast radio, commercial broadcast television and cable television.

248 (t) "Production of natural resources" means the performance, by either the owner of the natural 249 resources or another, of the act or process of exploring, 250 developing, severing, extracting, reducing to possession 251 252 and loading for shipment for sale, profit or commercial use of any natural resource products and any reclama-253 tion, waste disposal or environmental activities asso-254255 ciated therewith.

§11-15-9. Exemptions.

1 The following sales and services are exempt:

2 (a) Sales of gas, steam and water delivered to consumers through mains or pipes, and sales of electricity;

4 (b) Sales of textbooks required to be used in any of 5 the schools of this state or in any institution in this state 6 which qualifies as a nonprofit or educational institution 7 subject to the West Virginia department of education

8 and the arts; board of trustees of the university system
9 of West Virginia, or the board of directors for colleges
10 located in this state;

11 (c) Sales of property or services to the state, its 12 institutions or subdivisions, governmental units, institutions or subdivisions of other states: Provided. That the 13 14 law of such other state provides the same exemption to 15 governmental units or subdivisions of this state and to 16 the United States, including agencies of federal, state or 17 local governments for distribution in public welfare or 18 relief work:

(d) Sales of vehicles which are titled by the division
of motor vehicles and which are subject to the tax
imposed by section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code, or like tax;

23 (e) Sales of property or services to churches and bona 24 fide charitable organizations who make no charge 25whatsoever for the services they render: Provided. That 26 the exemption herein granted shall apply only to 27 services, equipment, supplies, food for meals and 28 materials directly used or consumed by these organiza-29 tions, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or 30 special fuel;

(f) Sales of tangible personal property or services to
a corporation or organization which has a current
registration certificate issued under article twelve of
this chapter is exempt from federal income taxes under
section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code
of one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, as amended,
and is:

(1) A church or a convention or association of
churches as defined in section 170 of the Internal
Revenue Code of one thousand nine hundred eighty-six,
as amended;

42 (2) An elementary or secondary school which main-43 tains a regular faculty and curriculum and has a 44 regularly enrolled body of pupils or students in attend-45 ance at the place in this state where its educational 46 activities are regularly carried on; 47 (3) A corporation or organization which annually
48 receives more than one half of its support from any
49 combination of gifts, grants, direct or indirect charita50 ble contributions, or membership fees;

51 (4) An organization which has no paid employees and 52 its gross income from fund raisers, less reasonable and 53 necessary expenses incurred to raise such gross income (or the tangible personal property or services purchased 54 55 with such net income), is donated to an organization 56 which is exempt from income taxes under section 57 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of one 58 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, as amended; or

(5) A youth organization, such as the Girl Scouts of the United States of America, the Boy Scouts of America, or the YMCA Indian Guide/Princess Program, and the local affiliates thereof, which is organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and has as its primary purpose the nonsectarian character development and citizenship training of its members.

66 (6) For purposes of this subsection:

67 (A) The term "support" includes, but is not limited to:

68 (i) Gifts, grants, contributions or membership fees;

(ii) Gross receipts from fund raisers which include
receipts from admissions, sales of merchandise, performance of services or furnishing of facilities in any
activity which is not an unrelated trade or business
within the meaning of section 513 of the Internal
Revenue Code of one thousand nine hundred eighty-six,
as amended;

(iii) Net income from unrelated business activities,
whether or not such activities are carried on regularly
as a trade or business;

(iv) Gross investment income as defined in section
509(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of one thousand
nine hundred eighty-six, as amended;

(v) Tax revenues levied for the benefit of a corporation or organization either paid to or expended on behalf
of such organization; and

85 (vi) The value of services or facilities (exclusive of 86 services or facilities generally furnished to the public 87 without charge) furnished by a governmental unit 88 referred to in section 170(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue 89 Code of one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, as amended, to an organization without charge. This term 90 91 does not include any gain from the sale or other 92 disposition of property which would be considered as gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset, or the 93 value of an exemption from any federal, state or local 94 95 tax or any similar benefit:

96 (B) The term "charitable contribution" means a 97 contribution or gift to or for the use of a corporation or 98 organization, described in section 170(c)(2) of the 99 Internal Revenue Code of one thousand nine hundred 100 eighty-six, as amended;

101 (C) The term "membership fee" does not include any
102 amounts paid for tangible personal property or specific
103 services rendered to members by the corporation or
104 organization;

105 (7) The exemption allowed by this subsection (f) does not apply to sales of gasoline or special fuel or to sales 106 107 of tangible personal property or services to be used or 108 consumed in the generation of unrelated business 109 income as defined in section 513 of the Internal Revenue 110 Code of one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, as amended. The provisions of this subsection as amended 111 112by this act shall apply to sales made after the thirtieth 113 day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: Provided. That the exemption herein granted shall 114 115 apply only to services, equipment, supplies and materials used or consumed in the activities for which such 116 organizations qualify as tax exempt organizations under 117 118 the Internal Revenue Code by these organizations and 119 shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;

120 (g) Sales of property or services to persons engaged 121 in this state in the business of manufacturing, transpor-122 tation, transmission, communication or in the produc-123 tion of natural resources: *Provided*, That the exemption 124 herein granted shall apply only to services, machinery, 125 supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the 126 businesses or organizations named above, and shall not 127 apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel: Provided, 128 however. That on and after the first day of July, one 129 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the exemption 130 provided in this subsection shall apply only to services, 131 machinery, supplies and materials directly used or 132 consumed in the activities of manufacturing, transpor-133 tation, transmission, communication or the production of 134 natural resources in the businesses or organizations 135named above and shall not apply to purchases of 136 gasoline or special fuel;

137 (h) An isolated transaction in which any taxable 138 service or any tangible personal property is sold, 139 transferred, offered for sale or delivered by the owner 140 thereof or by his representative for the owner's account, 141 such sale, transfer, offer for sale or delivery not being 142 made in the ordinary course of repeated and successive 143 transactions of like character by such owner or on his 144 account by such representative: Provided. That nothing 145 contained herein may be construed to prevent an owner 146 who sells, transfers or offers for sale tangible personal 147 property in an isolated transaction through an auction-148 eer from availing himself or herself of the exemption 149 provided herein, regardless where such isolated sale 150 takes place. The tax commissioner may adopt such 151 legislative rule pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this 152 code as he deems necessary for the efficient administra-153 tion of this exemption:

154 (i) Sales of tangible personal property or of any 155 taxable services rendered for use or consumption in connection with the commercial production of an 156 157 agricultural product the ultimate sale of which will be 158subject to the tax imposed by this article or which would 159 have been subject to tax under this article: Provided, 160 That sales of tangible personal property and services to 161 be used or consumed in the construction of or permanent 162 improvement to real property and sales of gasoline and 163 special fuel shall not be exempt;

164 (j) Sales of tangible personal property to a person for 165 the purpose of resale in the form of tangible personal

166 property: *Provided*. That sales of gasoline and special 167 fuel by distributors and importers shall be taxable 168 except when the sale is to another distributor for resale: 169 Provided, however, That sales of building materials or 170 building supplies or other property to any person 171 engaging in the activity of contracting, as defined in this 172article, which is to be installed in, affixed to or 173 incorporated by such person or his agent into any real 174 property, building or structure shall not be exempt 175 under this subsection, except that sales of tangible 176 personal property to a person engaging in the activity 177 of contracting pursuant to a written contract with the 178 United States, this state, or with a political subdivision 179 thereof, or with a public corporation created by the 180 Legislature or by another government entity pursuant 181 to an act of the Legislature, for a building or structure. 182 or improvement thereto, or other improvement to real 183 property that is or will be owned and used by the governmental entity for a governmental or proprietary 184 purpose, who incorporates such property in such 185 186 building, structure or improvement shall, with respect to such tangible personal property, nevertheless be 187 188 deemed to be the vendor of such property to the 189 governmental entity and any person seeking to qualify 190 for and assert this exception must do so pursuant to such 191 legislative rules and regulations as the tax commissioner 192 may promulgate and upon such forms as the tax commissioner may prescribe. A subcontractor who, 193 pursuant to a written subcontract with a prime contrac-194 tor who qualifies for this exception, provides equipment, 195or materials, and labor to such a prime contractor shall 196 be treated in the same manner as the prime contractor 197 is treated with respect to the prime contract under this 198 exception and the legislative rules and regulations 199 promulgated by the tax commissioner; 200

(k) Sales of property or services to nationally chartered fraternal or social organizations for the sole
purpose of free distribution in public welfare or relief
work: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel
shall be taxable;

206 (1) Sales and services, fire fighting or station house

207 equipment, including construction and automotive,
208 made to any volunteer fire department organized and
209 incorporated under the laws of the state of West
210 Virginia: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special
211 fuel shall be taxable:

(m) Sales of newspapers when delivered to consumersby route carriers;

(n) Sales of drugs dispensed upon prescription andsales of insulin to consumers for medical purposes;

(o) Sales of radio and television broadcasting time,
preprinted advertising circulars and newspaper and
outdoor advertising space for the advertisement of goods
or services;

220 (p) Sales and services performed by day-care centers;

(q) Casual and occasional sales of property or services
not conducted in a repeated manner or in the ordinary
course of repetitive and successive transactions of like
character by a corporation or organization which is
exempt from tax under subsection (f) of this section on
its purchases of tangible personal property or services:

227 (1) For purposes of this subsection, the term "casual 228 and occasional sales not conducted in repeated manner 229 or in the ordinary course of repetitive and successive 230 transactions of like character" means sales of tangible personal property or services at fund raisers sponsored 231232 by a corporation or organization which is exempt, under 233 subsection (f) of this section, from payment of the tax imposed by this article on its purchases, when such fund 234 235raisers are of limited duration and are held no more 236 than six times during any twelve-month period and 237 limited duration means no more than eighty-four 238 consecutive hours:

(2) The provisions of this subsection (q), as amended
by this act, shall apply to sales made after the thirtieth
day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine;

(r) Sales of property or services to a school which has
approval from the board of trustees of the university
system of West Virginia or the board of directors of the

state college system to award degrees, which has its
principal campus in this state, and which is exempt
from federal and state income taxes under section
501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of one thousand
nine hundred eighty-six, as amended: *Provided*, That
sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;

(s) Sales of mobile homes to be utilized by purchasers
as their principal year-round residence and dwelling: *Provided*, That these mobile homes shall be subject to
tax at the three-percent rate;

(t) Sales of lottery tickets and materials by licensed
lottery sales agents and lottery retailers authorized by
the state lottery commission, under the provisions of
article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

259 (u) Leases of motor vehicles titled pursuant to the 260 provisions of article three, chapter seventeen-a of this 261 code to lessees for a period of thirty or more consecutive 262 days. This exemption shall apply to leases executed on 263 or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and to payments under long-term leases 264 executed before such date, for months thereof beginning 265266 on or after such date:

267 (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g) of this section or any provisions of this article to the 268 contrary, sales of property and services to persons 269 subject to tax under article thirteen, thirteen-a or 270 271 thirteen-b of this chapter: Provided, That the exemption herein granted shall apply both to property or services 272 directly or not directly used or consumed in the conduct 273 of privileges which are subject to tax under such articles 274 but shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special 275276 fuel:

(w) Sales of propane to consumers for poultry house 277 heating purposes, with any seller to such consumer who 278 may have prior paid such tax in his price, to not pass 279 on the same to the consumer, but to make application 280 and receive refund of such tax from the tax commis-281 sioner, pursuant to rules and regulations which shall be 282 promulgated by the tax commissioner; and notwith-283 standing the provisions of section eighteen of this article 284 or any other provisions of such article to the contrary; 285

286 (x) Any sales of tangible personal property or services 287 purchased after the thirtieth day of September, one 288thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and lawfully paid 289 for with food stamps pursuant to the federal food stamp 290 program codified in 7 United States Code, §2011, et seq., 291 as amended, or with drafts issued through the West 292Virginia special supplemental food program for women, 293 infants and children codified in 42 United States Code. 294 §1786;

(y) Sales of tickets for activities sponsored by elementary and secondary schools located within this state;

297 (z) Sales of electronic data processing services and 298 related software: Provided, That for the purposes of this subsection (z) "electronic data processing services" 299 300 means (1) the processing of another's data, including all 301 processes incident to processing of data such as key-302 punching, keystroke verification, rearranging or sorting 303 of previously documented data for the purpose of data 304 entry or automatic processing, and changing the medium on which data is sorted, whether these pro-305 306 cesses are done by the same person or several persons; 307 and (2) providing access to computer equipment for the 308 purpose of processing data or examining or acquiring 309 data stored in or accessible to such computer equipment;

310 (aa) Tuition charged for attending educational311 summer camps;

312 (bb) Sales of building materials or building supplies or other property to an organization qualified under 313 314 section 501 (c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code 315 of one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, as amended. 316 which are to be installed in, affixed to or incorporated 317 by such organization or its agent into real property, or 318 into a building or structure which is or will be used as 319 permanent low-income housing, transitional housing, 320 emergency homeless shelter, domestic violence shelter 321 or emergency children and youth shelter if such shelter is owned, managed, developed or operated by an 322 323 organization qualified under section 501(c)(3) or 324 (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of one thousand nine 325 hundred eighty-six, as amended;

326 (cc) Dispensing of services performed by one corpora-327 tion for another corporation when both corporations are 328 members of the same controlled group. Control means 329 ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing 330 fifty percent or more of the total combined voting power 331of all classes of the stock of a corporation entitled to vote 332 or ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing 333 fifty percent or more of the value of the corporation;

334 (dd) Food for the following shall be exempt:

(1) Food purchased or sold by public or private
schools, school sponsored student organizations, or
school sponsored parent-teacher associations to students
enrolled in such school or to employees of such school
during normal school hours; but not those sales of food
made to the general public;

341(2) Food purchased or sold by a public or private 342 college or university or by a student organization 343 officially recognized by such college or university to 344 students enrolled at such college or university when 345 such sales are made on a contract basis so that a fixed price is paid for consumption of food products for a 346 347 specific period of time without respect to the amount of 348 food product actually consumed by the particular 349 individual contracting for the sale and no money is paid 350at the time the food product is served or consumed:

(3) Food purchased or sold by a charitable or private
nonprofit organization, a nonprofit organization or a
governmental agency under a program to provide food
to low-income persons at or below cost;

(4) Food sold in an occasional sale by a charitable or
nonprofit organization including volunteer fire departments and rescue squads, if the purpose of the sale is
to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of the
organization and the revenue so obtained is actually
expended for that purpose;

(5) Food sold by any religious organization at a social
or other gathering conducted by it or under its auspices,
if the purpose in selling the food is to obtain revenue

for the functions and activities of the organization and
the revenue obtained from selling the food is actually
used in carrying on such functions and activities: *Provided*, That purchases made by such organizations
shall not be exempt as a purchase for resale;

369 (ee) Sales of food by little leagues, midget football 370 leagues, youth football or soccer leagues and similar types of organizations including scouting groups and 371 372 church youth groups if the purpose in selling the food 373 is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of 374 the organization and the revenues obtained from selling 375 the food is actually used in supporting or carrying on 376 functions and activities of the groups: Provided, That 377 such purchases made by such organizations shall not be 378 exempt as a purchase for resale;

(ff) Charges for room and meals by fraternities and
sororities to their members: *Provided*, That such
purchases made by a fraternity or sorority shall not be
exempt as a purchase for resale;

383 (gg) Sales of or charges for the transportation of384 passengers in interstate commerce;

(hh) Sales of tangible personal property or services to
any person which this state is prohibited from taxing
under the laws of the United States or under the
constitution of this state;

(ii) Sales of tangible personal property or services to
any person who claims exemption from the tax imposed
by this article or article fifteen-a of this chapter
pursuant to the provisions of any other chapter of this
code;

(jj) Charges for the services of opening and closing aburial lot;

(kk) Sales of livestock, poultry or other farm products
in their original state by the producer thereof (or a
member of the producer's immediate family) who is not
otherwise engaged in making retail sales of tangible
personal property; and sales of livestock sold at public
sales sponsored by breeder's or registry associations or
livestock auction markets: *Provided*, That the exemp-

403 tions allowed by this subsection shall apply to sales
404 made on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine
405 hundred ninety, and may be claimed without presenting
406 or obtaining exemption certificates: *Provided, however*,
407 That the farmer shall maintain adequate records;

408 (11) Sales of motion picture films to motion picture 409 exhibitors for exhibition if the sale of tickets or the 410 charge for admission to the exhibition of the film is 411 subject to the tax imposed by this article and sales of 412 coin operated video arcade machines, or video arcade 413 games, to a person engaged in the business of providing such machines to the public for a charge upon which the 414 415 tax imposed by this article is remitted to the tax 416 commissioner: Provided. That the exemption provided in 417 this subsection shall apply to sales made on or after the 418 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and 419 may be claimed by presenting to the seller a properly 420 executed exemption certificate; and

421 (mm) Sales of aircraft repair, remodeling and main-422 tenance services when such services are to an aircraft 423 operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons 424 or property, or by a governmental entity, or to an engine 425 or other component part of an aircraft operated by a 426 certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property, or by a governmental entity, and sales of tangible 427 personal property that is permanently affixed or 428 429 permanently attached as a component part of an aircraft 430 owned or operated by a certificated or licensed carrier 431 of persons or property, or by a governmental entity, as part of the repair, remodeling or maintenance service 432 and sales of machinery, tools, or equipment, directly 433 434 used or consumed exclusively in the repair, remodeling, 435 or maintenance of aircraft, aircraft engines, or aircraft component parts, for a certificated or licensed carrier 436 437 of persons or property, or for a governmental entity.

§11-15-33. Effective date.

1 (a) The provisions of this article as amended or added 2 by Senate Bill No. 1 took effect on the first day of 3 March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and 4 apply to all sales made on or after that date: *Provided*, 5 That if an effective date was expressly provided in a 6 provision of such act, that specific effective date 7 controlled in lieu of this general effective date provision.

8 (b) The provisions of this article as amended or added 9 by chapter two hundred one, Acts of the Legislature, one 10 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, took effect on the first day of July. one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, 11 12 and apply to all sales made on or after that date: 13 *Provided*. That if an effective date is expressly provided 14 in any provision, that specific effective date shall control in lieu of this general effective date provision. 15

16 (c) The provisions of this article as amended or added 17 by Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 4247 shall take effect on the first day of July, one thousand nine 18 19 hundred ninety, and apply to all sales made on or after 20 that date: *Provided*. That if an effective date is expressly provided in any provision of such act, that specific 21 22 effective date shall control in lieu of this general 23 effective date provision with respect to such provision.

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-18. West Virginia taxable income of resident estate or trust.

§11-21-71a. Withholding tax on effectively connected income of nonresident partners, shareholders or beneficiaries.

§11-21-18. West Virginia taxable income of resident estate or trust.

1 The West Virginia taxable income of a resident estate 2 or trust means its federal taxable income as defined in 3 the laws of the United States for the taxable year, with 4 the following modifications:

5 (1) There shall be subtracted six hundred dollars as 6 the West Virginia exemption of the estate or trust, and 7 there shall be added the amount of its federal deduction 8 for a personal exemption.

9 (2) There shall be subtracted the modification des-10 cribed in subdivision (3), subsection (c), section twelve 11 of this article, with respect to gains from the sale or 12 other disposition of property, to the extent such gains 13 are excluded from distributable net income of the estate 14 or trust for federal income tax purposes.

(3) There shall be added or subtracted (as the case
may be) the share of the estate or trust in the West
Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined under section
nineteen.

19 (4) There shall be added to federal adjusted gross 20 income, unless already included therein, the amount of 21 a lump sum distribution for which the taxpayer has 22elected under section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue 23Code of one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, as 24 amended, to be separately taxed for federal income tax 25purposes: Provided. That the provisions of this subdivi-26sion shall be effective for taxable year beginning after 27 the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine 28 hundred ninety.

§11-21-71a. Withholding tax on effectively connected income of nonresident partners, share-holders or beneficiaries.

1 (a) General Rule.—For the privilege of doing business 2 in this state or deriving rents or royalties from realty 3 property located in this state, including natural resources in place and standing timber, a partnership, S 4 5 corporation, or trust, treated as a pass through entity for federal income tax purposes, which has effectively 6 7 connected taxable income for the taxable year any 8 portion of which is allocable to a nonresident partner, nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary, as 9 the case may be, shall pay a withholding tax under this 10 11 section.

12 (b) Amount of withholding tax.

13 (1) In general.—The amount of the withholding tax payable by any partnership. S corporation, or trust. 14 under subsection (a) shall be equal to the applicable 15 16 percentage of the effectively connected taxable income of the partnership, S corporation, or trust, as the case 17 may be, which is allocable to a nonresident partner. 18 nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary of a 19 20 trust.

(2) Applicable percentage.—For purposes of subdivi sion (1), the term "applicable percentage" means:

(A) Four percent in the case of the portion of the
effectively connected taxable income which is allocable
to nonresident persons who are not corporations, and

(B) Nine percent in the case of the portion of effectively connected taxable income which is allocable to
nonresident persons who are corporations taxable under
article twenty-four of this chapter.

30 (c) Payment of withheld tax.—Each partnership, S 31 corporation, or trust, required to withhold tax under 32 this section shall pay the amount required to be 33 withheld to the tax commissioner no later than:

(1) S corporations.—The fifteenth day of the third
month following the close of the taxable year of the S
corporation with the annual information return due
under article twenty-four of this chapter unless paragraph (3) applies.

(2) Partnerships and trusts.—The fifteenth day of the
fourth month following the close of the taxable year of
the partnership or trust, with the annual return of the
partnership or trust due under this article, unless
paragraph (3) applies.

44 (3) Composite returns.—The fifteenth day of the
45 fourth month of the taxable year with the composite
46 return filed under section fifty-one-a of this article.

47 (d) Effectively connected taxable income.-For purposes of this section, the term "effectively connected 48 49 taxable income" means the federal taxable income or 50 portion thereof of a partnership. S corporation, or trust, 51 as the case may be, which is derived from or attribu-52 table to West Virginia sources as determined under 53 section thirty-two of this article and such regulations as the tax commissioner may prescribe, whether such 54 amount is actually distributed or is deemed to have been 55 56 distributed for federal income tax purposes.

57 (e) Treatment of nonresident partners, S corporation
58 shareholders or beneficiaries of a trust.

59 (1) Allowance of credit.—Each nonresident partner, 60 nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary

61 shall be allowed a credit for such partner's or share-62 holder's or beneficiary's share of the tax withheld by the 63 partnership. S corporation, or trust, under this section: 64 Provided. That when the distribution is to a corporation taxable under article twenty-four of this chapter, the 65 credit allowed by this section shall be applied against 66 67 the corporation's liability for tax under article twenty-68 four of this chapter.

69 (2) Credit treated as distributed to partner, shareholder or beneficiary.-Except as provided in regula-70 tions. a nonresident partner's share, a nonresident 71 72 shareholder's share, or a nonresident beneficiary's share. of any withholding tax paid by the partnership. S 73 74 corporation, or trust, under this section shall be treated as distributed to such partner by such partnership, or 75 to such shareholder by such S corporation, or to such 76 77 beneficiary by such trust, on the earlier of:

(A) The day on which such tax was paid by thepartnership, S corporation, or trust; or

80 (B) The last day of the taxable year for which such 81 tax was paid by partnership, S corporation or trust.

(f) Regulations.—The tax commissioner shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out
the purposes of this section.

85 (g) Information statement.—Every person required to 86 deduct and withhold tax under this section shall furnish 87 to each nonresident partner, or nonresident shareholder. 88 or nonresident beneficiary, as the case may be, on or 89 before the fifteenth day of February of the succeeding taxable year of the partner, shareholder, or beneficiary, 90 a written statement as prescribed by the tax commis-91 sioner showing the amount of distributions by such 92 93 partnership, S corporation, or trust to such nonresident partner, or nonresident shareholder, or nonresident 94 beneficiary for federal income tax purposes; the amount 95 deducted and withheld as tax under this section; and 96 such other information as the tax commissioner may 97 98 require.

99

(h) Liability for withheld tax.—Every person required

100 to deduct and withhold tax under this section is hereby 101 made liable for the payment of such tax. The amount of tax required to be withheld and paid over to the tax 102 103 commissioner shall be considered the tax of the partner-104 ship, S corporation, or trust, as the case may be, for 105purposes of articles nine and ten of this chapter. Any 106 amount of tax withheld under this section shall be held 107 in trust for the tax commissioner. No partner, S 108 corporation shareholder, or beneficiary of a trust, shall 109 have a right of action against the partnership. S 110 corporation, or trust, in respect to any moneys deducted 111 and withheld from such person's distributive share and 112 paid over to the tax commissioner in compliance with or in intended compliance with this section. 113

114 (i) Failure to withhold.—If any partnership, S corpo-115 ration, or trust, fails to deduct and withhold tax as required by this section, and thereafter the tax against 116 117 which such tax may be credited is paid, the tax so 118 required to be deducted and withheld under this section 119 shall not be collected from the partnership. S corpora-120 tion, or trust, as the case may be, but the partnership, 121 S corporation, or trust, shall not be relieved from 122 liability for any penalties, interest, on additions to tax 123 otherwise applicable in respect of such failure to 124 withhold.

(j) *Effective date.*—The provisions of this section shall
apply to taxable years ending after the effective date of
this acticle.



CHAPTER 176

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 333—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article thirteen-c, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen, relating generally to the

1416

business investment and jobs expansion tax credits; narrowing, restricting and otherwise limiting the availability and benefits of such credits to taxpayers; making legislative findings; providing rule of construction; prohibiting application of credit against severance taxes, subject to transition rules; requiring persons who will claim credit under transition rules to timely file notice of intent with tax commissioner; limiting credit available to project successors under certain circumstances; defining or redefining certain terms; requiring timely filing of application for credit; providing for forfeiture of credit under specified circumstances; providing other administration provisions; and specifying internal effective dates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article thirteen-c, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13C. BUSINESS INVESTMENT AND JOBS EXPANSION CREDIT.

§11-13C-14. Restrictions and limitations on credits allowed by this article.

(a) Findings.—The Legislature finds that the tax 1 credits allowed under provisions of this article hereto-2 fore enacted have not effectively and efficiently in-3 creased employment through investment in certain 4 5 industry segments; that while there has been a significant net decrease in employment in the coal industry 6 in recent years the amount of credit being claimed by 7 producers of coal has significantly increased; that the 8 increasing cost of the credits allowed by this article to 9 coal producers is eroding the state's ability to reasonably 10 11 fund essential state services such as public education, public safety and basic human services; and that this 12 erosion will continue unless remedial legislation is 13 14 enacted.

(b) Construction.—The rule of statutory construction
codified in subsection (b), section twelve of this article,
is hereby replaced with a rule of reasonable construction

in which the burden of proof is on the taxpayer to
establish by clear and convincing evidence that the
taxpayer is entitled to the benefits allowed by this
article.

22 (c) Credit not to be applied against severance taxes.

(1) Notwithstanding any provision in this chapter to
the contrary, no credit shall be allowed against the taxes
imposed by article thirteen-a of this chapter for taxable
years ending on or after the date of passage of this
section unless one of the transition rules in paragraph
(2) of this subsection (c) applies.

(2) Transition rules.—The general rule stated in
paragraph (1) of this subsection (c) shall not apply:

31 (A) To qualified investment property placed in service32 or use prior to the date of passage of this section.

(B) To property purchased or leased for business
expansion that is placed in service or use on or after the
date of passage of this section, if at least one of the
following clauses applies to such property:

37 (i) The new or expanded business facility was con-38 structed, reconstructed or erected, pursuant to a written 39 construction contract executed prior to the date of 40 passage of this section, as limited to the provisions of 41 such contract as of such date then binding on the 42 taxpayer, but only to the extent such new or expanded 43 business facility is placed in service or use prior to the 44 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-45 two.

46 (ii) The new or expanded business facility which is 47 part of a project described in paragraph (1), subsection 48 (a), section four-b of this article, was constructed, 49 reconstructed or erected, pursuant to a written construc-50 tion contract executed prior to the date of passage of this 51 section, as limited to the provisions of such contract as 52 of such date then binding on the taxpaver: Provided. 53 That only that portion of the contract price attributable to that percentage of the construction contract com-54 pleted prior to the first day of January, one thousand 55 nine hundred ninety-two (determined under principles 56

57 set forth in Section 460(b) of the Internal Revenue Code 58 of 1986, as in effect before the date of passage of this 59 section) which is placed in service or use prior to the 60 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-61 four, may be treated as property purchased for business 62 expansion under section six of this article.

63 (iii) The new or expanded business facility was purchased or leased pursuant to a written contract 64 65 executed prior to the date of passage of this section, as limited to the provisions then binding on the taxpayer 66 67 as of such date, but only to the extent such new or 68 expanded business facility is placed in service or use 69 prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine 70 hundred ninety-two.

71 (iv) The machinery or equipment or other tangible 72 personal property purchased or leased for business 73 expansion at a new or expanded business facility was 74purchased or leased by the taxpaver pursuant to a written contract to purchase or lease identifiable 7576 tangible personal property executed before the date of 77 passage of this section, as limited to the provisions of 78 such written contract then binding on the taxpayer, but only to the extent the tangible personal property 79 purchased or leased under such contract is placed in 80 service or use before the first day of January, one 81 82 thousand nine hundred ninety-two: Provided, That when such tangible personal property is purchased or leased 83 as aforesaid as part of a project described in clause (ii) 84 of this subparagraph (B), such tangible personal 85 property must be placed in service or use prior to the 86 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-87 four, to be treated as property purchased or leased for 88 89 business expansion under section six of this article.

90 (C) To property purchased or leased for business 91 expansion that is placed in service or use on or after the 92 date of passage of this section as part of a project 93 otherwise eligible for the credit under subsection (a), 94 section four-b of this article, if all of the requirements 95 of clauses (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) of this subparagraph are 96 satisfied:

97 (i) The taxpayer and other participants in the project,
98 if any, have made investments in property purchased or
99 leased for business expansion as defined in subsection
100 (b)(19), section three of this article prior to the date of
101 passage of this section in excess of ten million dollars.

(ii) The investments described in clause (i) were made
pursuant to a plan for an integrated project to be
developed over a period of one or more years and with
the expectation of making additional investments in the
integrated project.

(iii) The portion of the project constructed, purchased
or leased after the date of passage of this section meets
the definition of new business facility in subsection (e)(3)
of this section.

(iv) The new jobs created by the project after the date
of passage of this section are filled by new employees
as defined in subsection (e) (4) of this section.

114 (3) Notice of claim under transition rules.

(A) Notice required.—Any person intending to assert 115 116 a claim for credit based in whole or in part on 117 application of the transition rules in subparagraph (B) or (C), paragraph (2) of this subsection (c), shall file 118 119 written notice of such intention with the tax commis-120 sioner on or before the first day of July, one thousand 121 nine hundred ninety. In the case of a multiparticipant 122 project, this notice may be filed by the managing project 123 participant on behalf of all participants in such project. 124 Such notice shall be in a form prescribed by the tax 125 commissioner and all information required by such form 126 shall be provided.

127 (B) Failure to file notice.—If any person fails to timely 128 file the notice required by this paragraph (3), such 129 person shall be precluded from claiming credit under 130 this article for such investment.

131 (d) Treatment of successor project participants.—
132 Whenever a participant in a project certified under
133 paragraph (2) or (3), subsection (a), section four-b of this
134 article, is replaced by another participant in that project
135 on or after the date of passage of this section, the tax

credits available to such successor participant as a 136result of the transfer shall not exceed the amount of 137 138 credits that would have been available to the predeces-139 sor participant had the transfer to the successor 140 participant not occurred: Provided. That if the project 141 plan provides for annual recalculation of the division of 142 the credit allowable for each year among the partici-143 pants in the project in order to maximize the collective 144 use of such credit by the project participants, or for any 145 other purpose, then the credit available to the successor 146 participant as a result of the transfer shall be limited 147 each year to the amount of credit actually used by the 148 predecessor participant to offset taxes for the taxable 149 vear immediately preceding the taxable year in which 150 such participant's obligations or interest in the project. 151 as described in the project plan certified by the tax 152 commissioner, passed to the successor participant in the 153 project.

154 (e) Certain terms redefined.—Notwithstanding the 155 provisions of subsection (b), section three of this article, 156 or any other provision of this article, to the contrary, the 157 following terms have the meanings assigned to them by 158 this section.

159 (1) Construction contract.—The term "construction 160 contract" means any contract for the building, construc-161 tion, reconstruction or rehabilitation of, or the installa-162 tion of any integral components to, or improvements of, 163 a new or existing business facility.

164 (2) Excluded property.—The term "property pur-165 chased or leased for business expansion" shall not 166 include:

167 (A) Property owned or leased by the taxpayer and for 168 which the taxpayer was previously allowed tax credit 169 for industrial expansion, tax credit for industrial 170 revitalization, tax credit for coal loading facilities or the 171 tax credits allowed by this article.

(B) Property owned or leased by the taxpayer and for
which the seller, lessor, or other transferor, was
previously allowed tax credit for industrial expansion,
tax credit for industrial revitalization, tax credit for

176 coal loading facilities, or the tax credits allowed by this177 article.

178 (C) Repair costs, including materials used in the
179 repair, unless for federal income tax purposes the cost
180 of the repair must be capitalized and not expensed.

181 (D) Airplanes.

(E) Property which is primarily used outside this
state, with use being determined based upon the amount
of time the property is actually used both within and
without this state.

(F) Property which is acquired incident to the
purchase of the stock or assets of the seller, unless for
good cause shown, the tax commissioner consents to
waiving this requirement.

190 (G) Natural resources in place purchased or leased 191 prior to the first day of March, one thousand nine 192 hundred eighty-five, or purchased or leased after such 193 date pursuant to an option to purchase or lease such 194 natural resources in place acquired prior to such date 195 but exercised in whole or in part on or after the date 196 of passage of this section; and natural resources in place 197 purchased or leased on or after the date of passage of 198 this section unless pursuant to a written contract to 199 purchase or lease executed prior to the passage of this 200 section.

201 (H) Property purchased or leased on or after the date 202 of passage of this section, unless pursuant to a written 203 contract to purchase or lease executed prior to the passage of this section, the cost or consideration for 204 which cannot be quantified with any reasonable degree 205of accuracy at the time such property is placed in 206 service or use: Provided, That when the contract of 207 purchase or lease specifies a minimum purchase price $208 \cdot$ or minimum annual rent the amount thereof shall be 209 used to determine the qualified investment in such 210 property under section six of this article if the property 211 otherwise qualifies as property purchased or leased for 212 213 business expansion.

214 (3) New business facility.—The term "new business

215 facility" means a business facility which satisfies all the

216 requirements of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C) and (D) of

217 this paragraph.

(A) The facility is employed by the taxpayer in the
conduct of a business the net income of which is or
would be taxable under article twenty-one or twentyfour of this chapter. Such facility shall not be considered
a new business facility in the hands of the taxpayer if
the taxpayer's only activity with respect to such facility
is to lease it to another person or persons.

(B) Such facility is purchased by, or leased to, the
taxpayer after the first day of March, one thousand nine
hundred eighty-five.

(C) The facility was not purchased or leased by the
taxpayer from a related person or a project participant,
or related person of a project participant, in any
certified project in which the taxpayer is a participant.
The tax commissioner may waive this requirement if the
facility was acquired from a related party for its fair
market value and the acquisition was not tax motivated.

235(D) Such facility was not in service or use during the 236 ninety days immediately prior to transfer of the title to 237 such facility, or prior to the commencement of the term 238of the lease of such facility: Provided, That this ninety 239 day period may be waived by the tax commissioner if 240 the commissioner determines that persons employed at 241 the facility may be treated as "new employees" as that 242 term is defined under paragraph (4) of this subsection.

243 (4) New Employee.—

(A) The term "new employee" means a person resid-244 ing and domiciled in this state, hired by the taxpayer 245246 to fill a position or a job in this state which previously did not exist in taxpayer's business enterprise in this 247 state prior to the date on which the taxpayer's qualified 248investment is placed in service or use in this state. In 249 no case shall the number of new employees directly 250 attributable to such investment for purposes of this 251credit exceed the total net increase in the taxpayer's 252employment in this state: Provided, That with respect 253

254 to taxpayers who file application for certification after 255 the date of passage of this section, the tax commissioner 256 may require that the net increase in the taxpayer's 257 employment in this state be determined and certified for the taxpayer's controlled group; and in the case of a 258259 project involving more than one person for the con-260 trolled groups of all participants, taken as a whole: 261 Provided, however, That persons filling jobs saved as a 262 direct result of taxpayer's qualified investment in 263 property purchased or leased for business expansion on 264 or after the effective date of this section may be treated 265as new employees filling new jobs if the taxpayer 266 certifies the material facts to the tax commissioner and 267 the tax commissioner expressly finds that:

268 (i) But for the new employer purchasing the assets of 269 a business in bankruptcy under chapter seven or eleven 270 of the United States Bankruptcy Code and such new 271 employer making qualified investment in property 272 purchased or leased for business expansion, the assets 273 would have been sold by the United States bankruptcy 274 court in a liquidation sale and the jobs so saved would 275 have been lost; or

276 (ii) But for taxpayer's qualified investment in prop-277 erty purchased or leased for business expansion in this 278 state, taxpayer would have closed its business facility in 279 this state and the employees of the taxpayer located at 280 such facility would have lost their jobs: Provided. That the tax commissioner shall not make this certification 281 282 unless the tax commissioner finds that the taxpayer is 283 insolvent as defined in 11 U.S.C. §101 (31) or that the 284 taxpayer's business facility was destroyed in whole or in 285 significant part by fire, flood or other act of God.

(B) A person shall be deemed to be a "new employee"
only if such person's duties in connection with the
operation of the business facility are on:

(i) A regular, full-time and permanent basis.

(I) "Full-time employment" means employment for at
least one hundred forty hours per month at a wage not
less than the prevailing state or federal minimum wage,

293 depending on which minimum wage provision is 294 applicable to the business;

(II) "Permanent employment" does not include employment that is temporary or seasonal and therefore
the wages, salaries and other compensation paid to such
temporary or seasonal employees will not be considered
for purposes of sections five and seven of this article; or

300 (ii) A regular, part-time and permanent basis:
301 Provided, That such person is customarily performing
302 such duties at least twenty hours per week for at least
303 six months during the taxable year.

304 (5) Leased property.—The term "leased property" does 305 not include property which the taxpayer is required to show on its books and records as an asset under 306 307 generally accepted principles of financial accounting. If 308 the taxpayer is prohibited from expensing the lease payments for federal income tax purposes, the property 309 310 shall be treated as purchased property under this 311 section if the property was purchased on or after the 312 date of passage of this section.

313 (6) Small business.—The term "small business" means 314 a small business which has an annual payroll of one 315 million seven hundred thousand dollars or less, and 316 annual gross receipts of not more than five million five hundred thousand dollars: Provided, That on or before 317 318 the fifteenth of January, one thousand nine hundred 319 ninety-one, and on or before each fifteenth day of 320 January thereafter, the tax commissioner shall pres-321 cribe amounts which shall apply in lieu of the above 322 amounts for taxable years beginning on or after the first 323 day of January of the calendar year in which determi-324 nation is made: Provided, however, That this determina-325 tion shall not apply to small business projects which 326 have received certification from the tax commissioner 327 prior to the passage of this section if the said small 328 business projects which have previously received certification continue to meet the requirements of a 329 330 small business as in effect at the time of the certification 331 of the project. Such prescribed amounts shall be determined in accordance with section seven-a of this 332

333 article and notice thereof shall be filed in the state 334 register. For purposes of this definition:

335 (A) Annual Payroll.-The annual payroll of a busi-336 ness shall include the employees of its domestic and 337 foreign affiliates, whether employed on a full-time, part-338 time, temporary, or other basis, during the preceding 339 twelve months. If a business has not been in existence 340 for twelve months, the payroll of the business shall be 341 divided by the number of weeks, including fractions of 342 a week, that it has been in business, and the result 343 multiplied by fifty-two. That amount shall then be 344 added to the twelve month payrolls of its domestic and 345 foreign affiliates to determine the annual payroll of the 346 business for purposes of this section.

347 (B) Annual gross receipts.—The annual gross receipts
348 of a business shall include the annual gross receipts of
349 its foreign and domestic affiliates.

350 (i) The "annual gross receipts" of a business which has 351been in business for three or more complete fiscal years means the annual gross revenues of the business for the 352 last three fiscal years. For purposes of this definition, 353 354the gross revenues of the business includes revenues 355 from sales of tangible personal property and services, 356 interest, rents, royalties, fees, commissions and receipts 357 from any other source, but less returns and allowances, 358 sales of fixed assets, interaffiliated transactions between 359 a business and its domestic and foreign affiliates, and 360 taxes collected for remittance to a third party, as shown on its books for federal income tax purposes. 361

(ii) The annual receipts of a business that has been in
business for less than three complete fiscal years means
its total receipts for the period it has been in business,
divided by the number of weeks including fractions of
a week that it has been in business, and multiplied by
fifty-two.

368 (C) Affiliates.—The term "affiliates" includes all 369 concerns which are affiliates of each other when either 370 directly or indirectly (i) one concern controls or has the 371 power to control the other or (ii) a third party or parties 372 controls or has the power to control both. In determining 373 whether concerns are independently owned and oper-

ļ

7

TAXATION

ated and whether or not affiliation exists, consideration
shall be given to all appropriate factors, including
common ownership, common management and contractual relationships.

378 (D) Concern.-The term "concern" means any busi-379 ness entity organized for profit (even if its ownership is 380 in the hands of a nonprofit entity), having a place of 381 business located in this state, and which makes a contribution to the economy of this state through 382 383 payment of taxes, or the sale or use in this state of 384 tangible personal property, or the procurement or 385 providing of services in this state, or the hiring of 386 employees who work in this state. "Concern" includes. 387 but is not limited to, any person as defined in paragraph 388 eighteen, subsection (b), section three of this article.

389 (f) Application for credit required.

390 (1) Application required.—Notwithstanding any pro-391 vision of this article to the contrary, no credit shall be 392 allowed or applied under this article for any gualified 393 investment property placed in service or use on or after 394 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 395 ninety, until the person asserting a claim for the 396 allowance of credit under this article makes written 397 application to the tax commissioner for allowance of credit as provided in this subsection and receives 398 399 written acknowledgement of its receipt from tax commissioner: Provided, That in the case of a multipar-400 401 ticipant project this notice may be filed by the managing 402 project participant on behalf of all participants in that 403 project. An application for credit shall be filed no later than the last day of the due date, without extensions, for 404 filing the tax returns required under article twenty-one 405 or twenty-four of this chapter for the taxable year in 406 which the property to which the credit relates is placed 407 408 in service or use and all information required by such 409 form shall be provided.

410 (2) Failure to file.—The failure to timely apply for the 411 credit shall result in the forfeiture of fifty percent of the 412 annual credit allowance otherwise allowable under this 413 article. This penalty shall apply annually until such 414 application is filed. 415 (g) Regulations.—Within one hundred eighty days 416 after the effective date of this section, the tax commis-417 sioner shall promulgate emergency regulations for this 418 section, which shall also be filed as proposed legislative 419 rules, in conformity with the provisions of article three, 420 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code; and, if such regula-421 tions are timely filed, the Legislature shall act upon 422 such proposed legislative regulations at its next regular 423 session to begin in the year one thousand nine hundred 424 ninetv-one.

425 (h) Studies and reviews.—The tax commissioner shall 426 review the accounts of all taxpayers who are currently 427 claiming tax credits under this article for the purpose 428 of ensuring that such credits are being claimed only in 429 accordance with this article. The tax commissioner shall 430 report his findings and conclusions based on such 431 reviews at the next regular session of the Legislature 432 along with recommendations for any further legislative 433 change: Provided. That the confidentiality of all 434 taxpayers and taxpayer information shall be preserved 435 in such report and that this report shall in no way be 436 deemed to affect future enforcement of this section.

437 (i) Effective date.

438 (1) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 439 section, the provisions of this section shall apply to 440 property placed in service or use on or after the date 441 of passage of this section by the Legislature, notwithstanding any provision of prior law which may be in 442 443 conflict with this section. In the case of any such ambiguity, the provisions of this section shall control 444 445 resolution of such ambiguity.

446 (2) The term "date of passage of this section" means
447 the date on which this bill, as enacted, becomes an
448 enrolled bill.



[[]Passed March 7, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred

thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections eight-a, eight-b, eight-c, eight-d, eight-e and eight-f; and to amend article twentyfour of said chapter eleven by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections twenty-three-a, twentythree-b, twenty-three-c, twenty-three-d, twenty-three-e and twenty-three-f, all relating to allowing a tax credit against the personal income tax liability of individuals and the corporate net income tax of businesses for investments in rehabilitated buildings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections eight-a, eight-b, eight-c, eight-d, eight-e and eight-f; and that article twenty-four of said chapter be amended by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections twentythree-a, twenty-three-b, twenty-three-c, twenty-three-d, twenty-three-e and twenty-three-f, all to read as follows:

Article

- 21. Personal Income Tax.
- 24. Corporate Net Income Tax.

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

- §11-21-8a. Credit for qualified rehabilitated buildings investment.
- §11-21-8b. Definitions.
- §11-21-8c. Procedures.
- §11-21-8d. Standards.
- §11-21-8e. Fees.
- §11-21-8f. Termination of credit by law.

§11-21-8a. Credit for qualified rehabilitated buildings investment.

1 A credit against the tax imposed by the provisions of 2 this article shall be allowed as follows:

3 Certified historic structures.—For certified historic 4 structures, the credit is equal to ten percent of qualified 5 rehabilitation expenditures. This credit is available for 6 both residential and nonresidential buildings that are 7 designated by the National Park Service, United States 8 department of the interior as "certified historic struc9 tures", and further defined as a "qualified rehabilitated
10 structure", as defined under §48g, Title 26, of the United
11 States Code, and the Tax Reform Act of 1986 (PL99-514)
12 and amendments thereto.

§11-21-8b. Definitions.

1 (a) "Certified historic structure" means any building 2 that is listed individually in the national register of 3 historic places or located in a registered historic district 4 and certified as being of historic significance to the 5 district.

6 (b) "Certified rehabilitation" means any rehabilitation 7 of a certified historic structure that is certified by the 8 National Park Service and the Internal Revenue Service 9 as being consistent with the historic character of the 10 property and, where applicable, the district in which it 11 is located.

12 (c) "Historic district" means any district that is listed 13 in the national register of historic places or designated 14 under a state or local statute which has been certified 15 as containing criteria which will substantially achieve 16 the purpose of preserving and rehabilitating buildings 17 of significance to the district and which is certified as 18 substantially meeting all of the requirements for listing 19 of districts in the national register of historic places.

(d) "Historic preservation certification application"
means the application forms published by the National
Park Service, United States department of the interior,
Parts 1, 2 and 3, form No. 10-168.

(e) "Secretary of the interior standards" means
standards and guidelines adopted and published by the
National Park Service, United States department of the
interior for rehabilitation of historic properties.

(f) "State historic preservation officer" means the
state official designated by the governor pursuant to
provisions in the National Historic Preservation Act of
1966, as amended and further defined in section six,
article one, chapter twenty-nine of this code.

§11-21-8c. Procedures.

1 Application and processing procedures for provisions 2 of this section shall be the same as any required under 3 provisions of Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations, 4 Part 67, and Title 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations. 5 Part 1. Successful completion of a historic preservation 6 certification application automatically gualifies the applicant to be considered for tax credits under this 7 8 section.

9 Successful certification by the National Park Service 10 of a certified rehabilitation automatically qualifies the 11 applicant for tax credits under this section. The state 12 historic preservation officer's role in the application 13 procedure shall be identical to that in Title 36 of the 14 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 67, and Title 26 of 15 the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1.

§11-21-8d. Standards.

1 All standards including the secretary of the interior 2 standards and provisions in Title 36 of the Code of 3 Federal Regulations, Part 67, and Title 26 of the Code 4 of Federal Regulations, Part 1, that apply to tax credits 5 available from the United States government apply to 6 this section as well.

§11-21-8e. Fees.

1 The state tax department shall set fees as appropriate

2 for applicants.

§11-21-8f. Termination of credit by law.

The tax credit allowed by this section shall be 1 2 terminated on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, unless review of the 3 4 tax credit shall be undertaken pursuant to the provisions of sections nine, ten and eleven, article ten, chapter 5 four of this code: Provided, That for those structures 6 7 certified prior to that date, the credit shall continue to 8 be allowed pursuant to this article.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATE NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-23a. Credit for qualified rehabilitated buildings investment.§11-24-23b. Definitions.

§11-24-23c. Procedures. §11-24-23d. Standards.

§11-24-23e. Fees.

§11-24-23f. Termination of credit by law.

§11-24-23a. Credit for qualified rehabilitated buildings investment.

1 A credit against the tax imposed by the provisions of 2 this article shall be allowed as follows:

3 Certified historic structures.—For certified historic 4 structures, the credit is equal to ten percent of qualified 5 rehabilitation expenditures. This credit is available for 6 both residential and nonresidential buildings that are 7 designated by the National Park Service, United States 8 department of the interior as "certified historic structures", and further defined as a "qualified rehabilitated 9 structure", as defined under §48g. Title 26, of the United 10 States Code, and the Tax Reform Act of 1986 (PL99-514) 11 12 and amendments.

§11-24-23b. Definitions.

1 (a) "Certified historic structure" means any building 2 that is listed individually in the national register of 3 historic places or located in a registered historic district 4 and certified as being of historic significance to the 5 district.

6 (b) "Certified rehabilitation" means any rehabilitation 7 of a certified historic structure that is certified by the 8 National Park Service and the Internal Revenue Service 9 as being consistent with the historic character of the 10 property and, where applicable, the district in which it 11 is located.

(c) "Historic district" means any district that is listed 12 in the national register of historic places or designated 13 under a state or local statute which has been certified 14 as containing criteria which will substantially achieve 15 16 the purpose of preserving and rehabilitating buildings of significance to the district and which is certified as 17 substantially meeting all of the requirements for listing 18 of districts in the national register of historic places. 19

20 (d) "Historic preservation certification application"

1432

21 means application forms published by the National Park

- 22 Service. United States department of the interior, Parts 23
- 1, 2 and 3, form No. 10-168.

24 (e) "Secretary of the interior standards" means 25 standards and guidelines adopted and published by the 26 National Park Service, United States department of the 27 interior for rehabilitation of historic properties.

28 (f) "State historic preservation officer" means the 29 state official designated by the governor pursuant to 30 provisions in the National Historic Preservation Act of 31 1966 as amended and further defined in section six. 32 article one, chapter twenty-nine of this code.

§11-24-23c. Procedures.

1 Application and processing procedures for provisions 2 of this section shall be the same as any required under 3 provisions of Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations. 4 Part 67, and Title 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations. 5 Part 1. Successful completion of a historic preservation 6 certification application shall automatically qualify the 7 applicant to be considered for tax credits under this 8 section.

9 Successful certification by the National Park Service 10 of a certified rehabilitation shall automatically qualify 11 the applicant for tax credits under this section. The state 12 historic preservation officer's role in the application 13 procedure shall be identical to that in Title 36 of the 14 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 67, and Title 26 of 15 the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1.

§11-24-23d. Standards.

1 All standards including the secretary of the interior 2 standards and provisions in Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 67, and Title 26 of the Code 3 of Federal Regulations, Part 1, that apply to tax credits 4 available from the United States government shall 5 6 apply to this section as well.

§11-24-23e. Fees.

The state department of tax and revenue shall set fees 1 2 as appropriate for applicants.

§11-24-23f. Termination of credit by law.

1 The tax credit allowed by section twenty-three-a of 2 this article shall be terminated on the thirty-first day 3 of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. 4 unless review of the tax credit shall be undertaken pursuant to the provisions of sections nine, ten and 5 eleven, article ten, chapter four of this code: Provided, 6 7 That for those structures certified prior to that date, the credit shall continue to be allowed pursuant to this 8 9 article.

CHAPTER 178 (H. B. 4793—By Delegates Farley and Kiss)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections nine and fifty-five, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to annual updating of meaning of certain terms used in personal income tax law to bring them into conformity with their meanings for federal income tax purpose for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight; and allowing the annual return of farmers to be treated as a declaration of estimated tax if filed on or before the first day of March of succeeding tax year.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nine and fifty-five, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

- §11-21-9. Meaning of terms.
- §11-21-55. Declaration of estimated tax.

1434

Ch. 178]

§11-21-9. Meaning of terms.

1 Any term used in this article shall have the same 2 meaning as when used in a comparable context in the 3 laws of the United States relating to income taxes. 4 unless a different meaning is clearly required. Any 5 reference in this article to the laws of the United States 6 shall mean the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code 7 of 1986, as amended, and such other provisions of the 8 laws of the United States as relate to the determination 9 of income for federal income tax purposes. All amend-10 ments made to the laws of the United States prior to 11 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 12 ninety, shall be given effect in determining the taxes 13 imposed by this article for any taxable year beginning 14 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 15 eighty-nine, or thereafter, but no amendment to the laws 16 of the United States made on or after the first day of 17 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall be 18 given effect.

§11-21-55. Declaration of estimated tax.

1 (a) Requirement of declaration.-Every resident and 2 nonresident individual shall make a declaration of his 3 estimated tax for the taxable year, containing such 4 information as the tax commissioner may prescribe by 5 regulations or instructions, if his West Virginia adjusted 6 gross income, other than from wages on which tax is $\mathbf{7}$ withheld under this article, can reasonably be expected to exceed four hundred dollars plus the sum of the West 8 9 Virginia personal exemptions to which he is entitled.

10 (b) Definition of estimated tax.—The term "estimated 11 tax" means the amount which an individual estimates 12 to be his income tax under this article for the taxable 13 year, less the amount which he estimates to be the sum 14 of any credits allowable against the tax.

15 (c) Joint declaration of husband and wife.—A husband 16 and wife may make a joint declaration of estimated tax 17 as if they were one taxpayer, in which case the liability 18 with respect to the estimated tax shall be joint and 19 several. No joint declaration may be made if husband 20 and wife are separated under a decree of divorce or of 21 separate maintenance, or if they have different taxable

years. If a joint declaration is made but husband and
wife elect to determine their taxes under this article
separately, the estimated tax for such year may be
treated as the estimated tax of either husband or wife,
or may be divided between them, as they may elect.

(d) Time for filing declaration.—A declaration of
estimated tax of an individual other than a farmer shall
be filed on or before the fifteenth day of April of the
taxable year, except that if the requirements of
subsection (a) are first met:

32 (1) After the first day of April and before the second
33 day of June of the taxable year, the declaration shall be
34 filed on or before the fifteenth day of June, or

35 (2) After the first day of June and before the second
36 day of September of the taxable year, the declaration
37 shall be filed on or before the fifteenth day of Sep38 tember, or

39 (3) After the first day of September of the taxable
40 year, the declaration shall be filed on or before the
41 fifteenth day of January of the succeeding year.

42 (e) Declaration of estimated tax by a farmer.-A 43 declaration of estimated tax of an individual having an 44 estimated West Virginia adjusted gross income from 45 farming for the taxable year which is at least two thirds of his total estimated West Virginia adjusted gross 46 income for the taxable year may be filed at any time 47 48 on or before the fifteenth day of January of the succeeding year, in lieu of the time otherwise 49 50 prescribed.

51 (f) Declaration of estimated tax of forty dollars or 52 less.—A declaration of estimated tax of an individual 53 having a total estimated tax for the taxable year of forty 54 dollars or less may be filed at any time on or before the 55 fifteenth day of January of the succeeding year under 56 regulations of the tax commissioner.

57 (g) Amendments of declaration.—An individual may 58 amend a declaration under regulations of the tax 59 commissioner.

60 (h) Return as declaration or amendment.—If on or 61 before the fifteenth day of February of the succeeding 62 taxable year an individual other than a farmer files his 63 return for the taxable year for which the declaration is 64 required, and pays therewith the full amount of the tax 65 shown to be due on the return:

(1) Such return shall be considered as his declaration,
if no declaration was required to be filed during the
taxable year, but is otherwise required to be filed on or
before the fifteenth day of January.

(2) Such return, if filed on or before the fifteenth day
of January, shall be considered an amendment permitted by subsection (g) if the tax shown on the return is
greater than the estimated tax shown in a declaration
previously made.

(i) Fiscal year.—This section shall apply to a taxable
year other than a calendar year by the substitution of
the months of such fiscal year for the corresponding
months specified in this section.

(j) Short taxable year.—An individual having a
taxable year of less than twelve months shall make a
declaration in accordance with regulations of the tax
commissioner.

83 (k) Declaration for individual under a disability.— 84 The declaration of estimated tax for an individual who is unable to make a declaration by reason of minority 85 86 or other disability shall be made and filed by his guardian, committee, fiduciary or other person charged 87 with the care of his person or property (other than a 88 receiver in possession of only a part of his property), or 89 90 by his duly authorized agent.

(1) Return of farmer as declaration of estimated tax.— 91 If on or before the first day of March of the succeeding 92 93 taxable year an individual who is a farmer files his return for the taxable year for which the declaration is 94 required, and pays therewith the full amount of the tax 95 shown to be due on the return, such return shall be 96 considered as his declaration, if no declaration was 97 required to be filed during the taxable year, but is 98

99 otherwise required to be filed on or before the fifteenth

- 100 day of January, for a taxable year ending after the
- 101 thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred
- 102 eighty-nine.

CHAPTER 179 (H. B. 4794—By Delegates Farley and Kiss)

[Passed March 8, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three-a and five. article twenty-three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: and to amend and reenact sections three. thirteen and thirteen-a, article twenty-four of said chapter eleven, all relating generally to business franchise and corporation net income taxes; updating meaning of certain terms used in such tax laws to bring them into conformity with their meanings for federal income tax purposes for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight; making the business franchise tax rules for allocation of other sales conform with the corporation net income tax rules for apportionment of such other sales; authorizing use of combined business franchise tax and corporation net income tax returns and combined forms for declaring estimated tax and making installment payments of estimated tax; providing rule for when amount remitted with combined return is less than the taxes show due on such combined return: requiring the method of filing for business franchise tax to be the same as the method of filing for corporation net income tax and specifying effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three-a and five, article twenty-three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections three, thirteen and thirteen-a, article twenty-four of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Ch. 179]

TAXATION

Article

23. Business Franchise Tax.

24. Corporation Net Income Tax.

ARTICLE 23. BUSINESS FRANCHISE TAX.

§11-23-3a. Meaning of terms; general rule.§11-23-5. Apportionment of tax base.

§11-23-3a. Meaning of terms; general rule.

1 Any term used in this article shall have the meaning 2 as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the 3 United States relating to federal income taxes, unless a 4 different meaning is clearly required by the context or 5 by definition of this article. Any reference in this article 6 to the laws of the United States, or to the Internal 7 Revenue Code. or to the federal income tax law shall 8 mean the provisions of the laws of the United States as 9 related to the determination of income for federal 10 income tax purposes. All amendments made to the laws 11 of the United States prior to the first day of January, 12 one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall be given effect 13 in determining the taxes imposed by this article for the tax period beginning the first day of January, one 14 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and thereafter. but 15 16 no amendment to laws of the United States made on or 17 after the first day of January, one thousand nine 18 hundred ninety, shall be given effect.

§11-23-5. Apportionment of tax base.

(a) A taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by this 1 article and also taxable in another state shall, for the 2 3 purposes of this tax, apportion its tax base to this state by multiplying its tax base by a fraction, the numerator 4 of which is the sum of the property factor, plus the 5 payroll factor, plus two times the sales factor, all of 6 which shall be determined as hereinafter provided in 7 this section, and the denominator of which is four, 8 reduced by the number of factors, if any, having no 9 denominator, with the sales factor counting as two 10 11 factors.

12 (b) Property factor.—The property factor is a fraction, 13 the numerator of which is the average value of the

14 taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or 15 rented and used by it in this state during the taxable 16 year, and the denominator of which is the average value 17 of all real and tangible personal property owned or 18 rented by the taxpayer and used by it during the taxable 19 year, which is reported on Schedule L of Federal Form 20 1120 (or 1065 for partnerships), plus the average value 21 of all real and tangible personal property leased and 22 used by the taxpayer during the taxable year.

23 (c) Value of property.—Property owned by the tax-24 paver shall be valued at its original cost, adjusted by 25subsequent capital additions or improvements thereto 26 and partial disposition thereof, by reason of sale, 27 exchange, abandonment, etc.: Provided, That where 28 records of original cost are unavailable or cannot be 29 obtained without unreasonable expense, property shall 30 be valued at original cost as determined under regula-31 tions of the tax commissioner. Property rented by the 32 taxpayer from others shall be valued at eight times the 33 net annual rental rate. Net annual rental rate is the 34 annual rental paid, directly or indirectly, by the 35 taxpayer, or for its benefit, in money or other consid-36 eration for the use of the property and includes:

(1) Any amount payable for the use of real or tangible
personal property, or any part thereof, whether designated as a fixed sum of money or as a percentage of
sales, profits or otherwise.

(2) Any amount payable as additional rent or in lieu 41 of rents, such as interest, taxes, insurance, repairs or 42 43 any other items which are required to be paid by the 44 terms of the lease or other arrangement, not including 45 amounts paid as service charges, such as utilities, 46 janitor services, etc. If a payment includes rent and other charges unsegregated, the amount of rent shall be 47 48 determined by consideration of the relative values of the 49 rent and the other items.

50 (d) Movable property.—The value of movable tangible 51 personal property used both within and without this 52 state shall be included in the numerator to the extent 53 of its utilization in this state. The extent of such

54 utilization shall be determined by multiplying the 55 original cost of such property by a fraction, the 56 numerator of which is the number of days of physical 57 location of the property in this state during the taxable 58 period, and the denominator of which is the number of days of physical location of the property everywhere 59 60 during the taxable year. The number of days of physical 61 location of the property may be determined on a 62 statistical basis or by such other reasonable method 63 acceptable to the tax commissioner.

64 (e) Leasehold improvements.--Leasehold improve-65 ments shall, for the purposes of the property factor, be 66 treated as property owned by the lessee regardless of 67 whether the lessee is entitled to remove the improve-68 ments or the improvements revert to the lessor upon 69 expiration of the lease. Leasehold improvements shall be 70 included in the property factor at their original cost.

71 (f) Average value of property.—The average value of 72 property shall be determined by averaging the values 73 at the beginning and ending of the taxable year: Provided. That the tax commissioner may require the 74 75 averaging of monthly values during the taxable year if substantial fluctuations in the values of the property 76 exist during the taxable year, or where property is 77 78 acquired after the beginning of the taxable year, or is 79 disposed of, or whose rental contract ceases, before the 80 end of the taxable year.

81 (g) Payroll factor.—The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total compensation paid 82 in this state during the taxable year by the taxpayer, 83 and the denominator of which is the total compensation 84 85 paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year as shown on the taxpayer's federal income tax return as filed with 86 the internal revenue service, as reflected in the schedule 87 of wages and salaries and that portion of cost of goods 88 sold which reflects compensation, or as shown on a pro 89 90 forma return.

91 (h) Compensation.—The term "compensation" means
92 wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of
93 remuneration paid to employees for personal services.

94 Payments made to an independent contractor or to any 95 other person not properly classifiable as an employee shall be excluded. Only the amounts paid directly to 96 97 employees shall be included in the payroll factor. 98 Amounts considered paid directly to employees include 99 the value of board, rent, housing, lodging, and other 100 benefits or services furnished to employees by the 101 taxpayer in return for personal services, provided such 102 amounts constitute income to the recipient for federal 103 income tax purposes.

104 (i) *Employee.*—The term "employee" means:

105 (1) Any officer of a corporation; or

106 (2) Any individual who, under the usual common-law
107 rules applicable in determining the employer-employee
108 relationship, has the status of an employee.

109 (j) Compensation paid in this state.—Compensation is 110 paid in this state if:

111 (1) The employee's service is performed entirely112 within the state;

(2) The employee's service is performed both within
and without the state, but the service performed without
the state is incidental to the individual's service within
the state. The word "incidental" means any service
which is temporary or transitory in nature, or which is
rendered in connection with an isolated transaction; or

119 (3) Some of the service is performed in the state and:

(A) The employee's base of operations or, if there is
no base of operations, the place from which the service
is directed or controlled is in the state, or

(B) The base of operations or the place from which the
service is directed or controlled is not in any state in
which some part of the service is performed, but the
employee's residence is in this state.

127 The term "base of operations" is the place of more or 128 less permanent nature from which the employee starts 129 his work and to which he customarily returns in order 130 to receive instructions from the taxpayer or communi-

131 cations from his customers or other persons or to 132 replenish stock or other materials, repair equipment, or 133 perform any other functions necessary to the exercise of 134 his trade or profession at some other point or points. The 135 term "place from which the service is directed or 136 controlled" refers to the place from which the power to 137 direct or control is exercised by the taxpayer.

138 (k) Sales factor.-The sales factor is a fraction, the 139 numerator of which is the gross receipts of the taxpayer derived from transactions and activity in the regular 140141 course of its trade or business in this state during the 142 taxable year (business income), less returns and allow-143 ances. The denominator of the fraction shall be the total 144 gross receipts derived by the taxpaver from transactions 145and activity in the regular course of its trade or business 146 during the taxable year (business income), and reflected 147 in its gross income reported and as appearing on the 148 taxpayer's Federal Form 1120 or 1065, and consisting 149 of those certain pertinent portions of the (gross income) 150elements set forth: Provided, That if either the numer-151 ator or the denominator includes interest or dividends 152from obligations of the United States government which 153are exempt from taxation by this state, the amount of 154such interest and dividends, if any, shall be subtracted from the numerator or denominator in which it is 155156 included.

157

(1) Allocation of sales of tangible personal property.

(1) Sales of tangible personal property are in thisstate if:

(A) The property is received in this state by the 160 purchaser, other than the United States government, 161 regardless of the f.o.b. point or other conditions of the 162 163 sale. In the case of delivery by common carrier or other means of transportation, the place at which such 164 property is ultimately received after all transportation 165 has been completed shall be considered as the place at 166 which such property is received by the purchaser. 167 Direct delivery in this state, other than for purposes of 168 transportation, to a person or firm designated by the 169 purchaser, constitutes delivery to the purchaser in this 170

state, and direct delivery outside this state to a person
or firm designated by the purchaser does not constitute
delivery to the purchaser in this state, regardless of
where title passes or other conditions of sale; or

(B) The property is shipped from an office, store,
warehouse, factory or other place of storage in this state
and the purchaser is the United States government.

(2) All other sales of tangible personal property
delivered or shipped to a purchaser within a state in
which the taxpayer is not taxed as defined in subsection
(b), section seven, article twenty-four of this chapter
shall be excluded from the denominator of the sales
factor.

(m) Allocation of other sales.—Sales, other than sales
of tangible personal property, are in this state if:

186 (1) The income-producing activity is performed in this187 state; or

(2) The income-producing activity is performed both
in and outside this state and a greater proportion of the
income-producing activity is performed in this state
than in any other state, based on costs of performance.

192 (n) Income-producing activity.-The term "income-193 producing activity" applies to each separate item of 194 income and means the transactions and activity directly 195 engaged in by the taxpaver in the regular course of its 196 trade or business for the ultimate purpose of obtaining 197 gain or profit. Such activity does not include transac-198 tions and activities performed on behalf of the taxpayer. 199 such as those conducted on its behalf by an independent 200 contractor. "Income-producing activity" includes, but is 201 not limited to, the following:

202 (1) The rendering of personal services by employees
203 with utilization of tangible and intangible property by
204 the taxpayer in performing a service;

205 (2) The sale, rental, leasing, licensing or other use of 206 real property;

207 (3) The sale, rental, leasing, licensing or other use of208 tangible personal property; or

(4) The sale, licensing or other use of intangible
personal property. The mere holding of intangible
personal property is not, in itself, an income-producing
activity.

(o) Cost of performance.—The term "cost of performance" means direct costs determined in a manner
consistent with generally accepted accounting principles
and in accordance with accepted conditions or practices
in the trade or business of the taxpayer.

218 (p) Other methods of allocation.

(1) General.—If the allocation and apportionment
provisions of subsection (a) do not fairly represent the
extent of the taxpayer's business activities in this state,
the taxpayer may petition for, or the tax commissioner
may require, in respect to all or any part of the
taxpayer's business activities, if reasonable:

225 (A) Separate accounting;

226 (B) The exclusion of one of the factors;

(C) The inclusion of one or more additional factors
which will fairly represent the taxpayer's business
activity in this state; or

230 (D) The employment of any other method to effectuate 231 an equitable allocation or apportionment of the taxpayer's tax base. Such petition shall be filed no later than 232 233 the due date of the annual return for the taxable year 234 for which the alternative method is requested, deter-235mined without regard to any extension of time for filing 236 such return, and the petition shall include a statement 237 of the petitioner's objections and of such alternative 238 method of allocation or apportionment as it believes to 239 be proper under the circumstances with such detail and 240 proof as the tax commissioner may require.

(2) Burden of proof.—In any proceeding before the tax
commissioner or in any court in which employment of
one of the methods of allocation or apportionment
provided for in subdivision (1) of this subsection is
sought, on the ground that the allocation and apportionment provisions of subsection (a) do not fairly represent

1446

TAXATION

the extent of the taxpayer's business activities in thisstate, the burden of proof shall:

(A) If the tax commissioner seeks employment of oneof such methods, be on the tax commissioner, or

(B) If the taxpayer seeks employment of one of suchother methods, be on the taxpayer.

(q) Effective date.—The amendments to this section
made by this act shall apply to all taxable years ending
after the effective date of this act.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-3. Meaning of terms; general rule.

§11-24-13. Returns; time for filing.

§11-24-13a. Method of filing for business taxes.

§11-24-3. Meaning of terms; general rule.

(a) Any term used in this article shall have the same 1 2 meaning as when used in a comparable context in the 3 laws of the United States relating to federal income 4 taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required by 5 the context or by definition in this article. Any reference 6 in this article to the laws of the United States shall mean 7 the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 8 amended, and such other provisions of the laws of the 9 United States as relate to the determination of income 10 for federal income tax purposes. All amendments made 11 to the laws of the United States prior to the first day 12 of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall be 13 given effect in determining the taxes imposed by this 14 article for any taxable year beginning the first day of 15 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and 16 thereafter, but no amendment to the laws of the United 17 States effective on or after the first day of January, one 18 thousand nine hundred ninety, shall be given any effect.

(b) The term "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means
the Internal Revenue Code of the United States enacted
by the "Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986" and includes
the provisions of law formerly known as the Internal
Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and in effect when
the "Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986" was enacted, that
were not amended or repealed by the "Federal Tax

Ch. 179]

TAXATION

26 Reform Act of 1986." Except when inappropriate, any 27 references in any law. executive order, or other

- 28 document:
- (1) To the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall includereference to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and

31 (2) To the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall include
32 a reference to the provisions of law formerly known as
33 the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

§11-24-13. Returns; time for filing.

1 (a) On or before the fifteenth day of the third month 2 following the close of a taxable year, an income tax 3 return under this article shall be made and filed by or 4 for every corporation subject to the tax imposed by this 5 article.

6 (b) The tax commissioner may combine into one form 7 the annual return due under this article and the annual 8 return due under article twenty-three of this chapter. 9 When a combined business franchise tax and corpora-10 tion net income tax annual return is filed by a taxpayer. 11 the amount of tax remitted shall be applied first against any business franchise tax that may be due for the 12 13 taxable year under article twenty-three of this chapter and then against any corporation net income tax that 14 may be due for the taxable year. The tax commissioner 15 may also combine the forms for filing declarations of 16 17 estimated tax and the forms for making installment 18 payments of estimated tax.

(c) Effective date.—The amendments to this section
made by this act shall apply to all taxable years ending
after the effective date of this act.

§11-24-13a. Method of filing for business taxes.

1 (a) *Privilege to file.*—An "affiliated group" of corpora-2 tions (as defined for purposes of filing a consolidated 3 federal income tax return) shall, subject to the provi-4 sions of this section and in accordance with any 5 regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner, have 6 the privilege of filing a consolidated return with respect 7 to the tax imposed by this article for the taxable year

8 in lieu of separate returns. The making of a consolidated 9 return shall be upon the condition that all corporations 10 which at any time during the taxable year have been 11 members of the affiliated group and which are included 12 in such return consent to the filing of such return. The 13 filing of a consolidated return shall be considered as 14 such consent. In the case of a corporation which is a 15 member of the affiliated group for a fractional part of 16 the year, the consolidated return shall include the 17 income of such corporation for such part of the year as 18 it is a member of the affiliated group.

(b) Election binding.—If an affiliated group of corporations elects to file a consolidated return under this
article for any taxable year ending after June thirtieth,
one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, such elections
once made, shall not be revoked for any subsequent
taxable year without the written approval of the tax
commissioner consenting to the revocation.

26 (c) Method of filing under this article deemed 27 controlling for filing under other business taxes arti-28 cles.—The taxpayer shall file on the same basis under 29 article twenty-three of this chapter as such taxpayer has 30 filed pursuant to this article. Such filing method may 31 not be changed in respect of this article or article 32 twenty-three of this chapter without the written consent 33 of the tax commissioner.

34 (d) Regulations.-The tax commissioner shall pres-35 cribe such regulations as he may deem necessary in 36 order that the tax liability of any affiliated group of 37 corporations making a consolidated return and of each 38 corporation in the group, both during and after the 39 period of affiliation, may be returned, determined, computed, assessed, collected and adjusted, in such 40 41 manner as the tax commissioner deems necessary to clearly reflect the income tax liability and the income 42 43 factors necessary for the determination of such liability. 44 and in order to prevent avoidance of such tax liability.

45 (e) Computation and payment of tax.—In any case in 46 which a consolidated return is filed, or is required to be 47 filed, the tax due under this article from the affiliated group, shall be determined, computed, assessed, collected and adjusted in accordance with regulations
prescribed by the tax commissioner, in effect on the last
day prescribed by law for the filing of such return, and
such affiliated group shall be treated as the taxpayer.

53 (f) Consolidated return required.—If any affiliated 54 group of corporations has not elected to file a consoli-55 dated return, the tax commissioner may require such 56 corporations to make a consolidated return in order to 57 clearly reflect the taxable income of such corporations.

58 (g) *Effective date.*—The amendments to this section 59 made by this act shall apply to all taxable years ending 60 after the effective date of this acticle.

CHAPTER 180 (Com. Sub. for H. B. 4035—By Delegate D. Cook)

[Passed February 27, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article thirteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to prohibiting nonhandicapped people from parking in parking spaces in privately owned parking lots, parking garages, or other parking areas clearly marked for people with handicapping conditions or people who are physically disabled, and providing a penalty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article thirteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13. STOPPING, STANDING AND PARKING.

§17C-13-6. Stopping, standing or parking privileges for disabled; qualification; application; violation.

- 1 (a) Any owner of a Class A motor vehicle subject to
- 2 registration under the provisions of article three,
- 3 chapter seventeen-a of this code, who is:

4 (1) A physically handicapped person with limited 5 mobility;

6 (2) A relative of a person who is a physically handi-7 capped person with limited mobility;

8 (3) A person who regularly resides with a person who
9 is a physically handicapped person with limited mobil10 ity; or

(4) A person who regularly transports a person who
is a physically handicapped person with limited mobility, may apply for a special registration plate or a
mobile windshield placard by submitting to the
commissioner:

(i) An application therefor on a form prescribed and
furnished by the commissioner, specifying whether the
applicant desires a special registration plate or a mobile
windshield placard; and

(ii) A certificate issued by a person licensed to
practice medicine stating that the applicant or the
applicant's spouse or a member of the applicant's
immediate family residing with him is a physically
handicapped person with limited mobility as defined in
this section.

26 Upon receipt of the application, the physician's 27 certificate and the registration fee, if he finds that the 28 applicant qualifies for the special registration plate or 29 mobile windshield placard provided for in this subsec-30 tion, the commissioner shall issue to such applicant an 31 appropriately designed and appropriately designated 32 special registration plate or mobile windshield placard. 33 The special plate shall be used in place of a regular 34 license plate.

As used in this section, a physically handicapped
person with limited mobility is any person who suffers
from a permanent physical condition making it unduly
difficult and burdensome for such person to walk.

Any person who falsely or fraudulently obtains or seeks to obtain the special plate or the mobile windshield placard provided for in this subsection (a), and any person who falsely certifies that a person is physically handicapped with limited mobility in order that an 44 applicant may be issued the special plate, is guilty of
45 a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, in addition
46 to any other penalty he may otherwise incur, shall be
47 fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than
48 one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail
49 not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

50 (b) Any physically disabled person, any person who is 51 a relative of a physically disabled person, any person 52 who regularly resides with a physically disabled person, 53 or any person who regularly transports a physically 54 disabled person, may apply for a vehicle decal for a 55 Class A vehicle by submitting to the commissioner:

56 (1) An application therefor on a form prescribed and57 furnished by the commissioner;

58 (2) A certificate issued by a person licensed to 59 practice medicine stating that the applicant or the 60 applicant's relative is a physically disabled person, or 61 that the person regularly residing with the applicant or 62 regularly transported by the applicant is a physically 63 disabled person, as defined in this section, and stating 64 the expected duration of the disability; and

65 (3) A fee of one dollar.

Upon receipt of the application, the physician's 66 67 certificate and the registration fee, if he finds that the applicant qualifies for the vehicle decal provided for in 68 69 this subsection, the commissioner shall issue to such applicant an appropriately designed decal. The decal 70 shall be displayed on the motor vehicle in the manner 71 prescribed by the commissioner and shall be valid for 72such period of time as the certifying physician has 73 determined that the disability will continue, which 74 period of time, reflecting the date of expiration, shall be 75 conspicuously shown on the face of the decal. 76

As used in this section "physically disabled person"
means any person who has sustained a temporary
disability rendering it unduly difficult and burdensome
for him to walk.

81 Any person who falsely or fraudulently obtains or 82 seeks to obtain the vehicle decal provided for in this 83 subsection, and any person who falsely certifies that a 84 person is physically disabled in order that an applicant may be issued the vehicle decal, is guilty of a misdemea-85 86 nor, and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to any 87 other penalty he may otherwise incur, shall be fined not 88 less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars, or 89 imprisoned in the county jail not more than thirty days. 90 or both fined and imprisoned.

91 (c) Free stopping, standing or parking places marked
92 "reserved for disabled persons" shall be designated in
93 close proximity to all state, county and municipal
94 buildings and other public facilities. Such places shall
95 be reserved solely for physically disabled and handi96 capped persons during the hours that such buildings are
97 open for business.

98 Any person whose vehicle properly displays a valid 99 special registration plate, mobile windshield placard or 100 decal may park the vehicle for unlimited periods of time in parking zones unrestricted as to length of parking 101 102time permitted: *Provided*. That this privilege does not 103 mean that the vehicle may park in any zone where stopping, standing or parking is prohibited or which 104 105 creates parking zones for special types of vehicles or 106 which prohibits parking during heavy traffic periods 107 during specified rush hours or where parking would 108 clearly present a traffic hazard. To the extent any 109 provision of any ordinance of any political subdivision 110 of this state is contrary to the provisions of this section, 111 the provisions of this section shall take precedence and 112 shall apply.

113 The privileges provided for in this subsection shall 114 apply only during those times when the vehicle is being 115 used for the transportation of a physically handicapped 116 or disabled person. Any person who knowingly exer-117 cises, or attempts to exercise, such privileges at a time 118 when the vehicle is not being used for the transportation 119 of a physically handicapped or disabled person is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, in 120 121 addition to any other penalty he may otherwise incur,

shall be fined not less than ten nor more than fifty
dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more
than thirty days, or both fined and imprisoned.

125 (d) No person may stop, stand or park a motor vehicle 126 in an area designated, zoned or marked for the handi-127 capped or physically disabled, and no person may stop. 128 stand or park any motor vehicle at special, clearly 129 marked, parking locations provided for the handicapped 130 or physically disabled in or on privately owned parking 131 lots, parking garages, or other parking areas, when such 132 person is not physically disabled or handicapped and 133 does not have displayed upon his vehicle a distinguish-134 ing insignia for the handicapped issued by the commis-135 sioner: Provided. That any person in the act of transport-136 ing a handicapped or physically disabled person, as 137 defined by this article, may stop, stand or park a motor 138 vehicle not displaying a distinguishing insignia for the 139 handicapped in an area designated, zoned or marked for 140 the handicapped or physically disabled for the limited 141 purposes of loading or unloading his handicapped or 142 physically disabled passenger: Provided, however, That 143 such vehicle shall be promptly moved after the comple-144 tion of such limited purposes.

145 Any person who violates the provisions of this 146 subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 147 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than twenty-148 five dollars.

(e) The commissioner shall adopt and promulgate
rules and regulations in accordance with the provisions
of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to effectuate the
provisions of this section.

CHAPTER 181

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 109-By Senators Brackenrich and Spears)

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article one, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said

[[]Passed March 5, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

article by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen; to amend and reenact section five. article five of said chapter; and to amend and reenact sections four, five, six, nine, nine-c and fifteen, article six of said chapter, all relating to responsibilities of state treasurer; removing certain reporting requirements; requiring monthly reconciliation of statements and records; authorizing payment for banking services; protection and handling of securities; requiring the board to appoint an executive secretary upon vacancy; term; organization; qualifications of executive secretary; allowing board of investments to appoint its own staff; powers of and removing board of investments: authorizing contracting with in or out-of-state banks; costs and expenses of board: special revenue account established: requiring the deposit of charges against earnings into the general revenue fund; authorizing expenditure of certain funds for expenses for claims, for restructuring and expenses relating to third party liability for certain losses: permitting transfer of certain funds into special revenue account: permitting transfer of excess funds in liquidity investment pool; permissible investments; providing quarterly audits of transactions of board of investments: providing itemized accounts; and permitting state board of investments and removing authority of certain state agencies to make independent investments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article one, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen; that section five, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that sections four, five, six, nine, nine-c and fifteen, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 1. State Depositories.
- 5. Public Securities.
- 6. West Virginia Board of Investments.

Ch. 181]

ARTICLE 1. STATE DEPOSITORIES.

- §12-1-10. Treasurer to keep accounts with depositories; settlements with depositories; statements of depository balances; reconciliation of statements and records.
- §12-1-13. Payment of banking services.

§12-1-10. Treasurer to keep accounts with depositories; settlements with depositories; statements of depository balances; reconciliation of statements and records.

The treasurer shall keep in his or her office a record 1 2 showing the account of each depository. Under the 3 account of each depository entry shall be made showing 4 the amount and date of each deposit, the amount and 5 date of each withdrawal and the balance on deposit. The 6 treasurer shall cause the state's account with each 7 depository to be settled at the end of every month of the 8 year and the balance in the depository to the credit of 9 the treasury to be carried forward to the account of the 10 next month.

All the statements and records shall be reconciled monthly and the reconciled reports showing the average daily balances of each month shall be kept in the treasurer's office. The reconciled records of the average daily balance for each month shall be kept in the treasurer's office for a period of five years.

§12-1-13. Payment of banking services.

1 The treasurer is authorized to pay for banking 2 services, and services ancillary thereto, by either a 3 compensating balance in a noninterest bearing account 4 maintained at the financial institution providing the 5 services or with a state warrant as described in section 6 one, article five of this chapter.

7 If payment is made by a state warrant, the board of 8 investments is authorized to establish within the consolidated fund an investment pool which will 9 generate sufficient income to pay for all banking service 10 provided to the state. All income earned by the invest-11 ment pool shall be paid into a special account of the state 12 treasurer of West Virginia to be known as the banking 13 services account and shall be used solely for the purpose 14

- 15 of paying for all banking services and services ancillary
- 16 thereto, provided to the state.

ARTICLE 5. PUBLIC SECURITIES.

§12-5-5. Protection and handling of securities.

1 The securities retained in the treasury shall be kept 2 in a vault. The treasurer shall use due diligence in 3 protecting the securities against loss from any cause. 4 The treasurer shall designate certain employees to take 5 special care of the securities. Only the treasurer and the 6 designated employees may have access to such securities, and at least two of these persons shall be present 7 8 whenever the securities are handled in any manner. The 9 treasurer may, with the approval of the board of investments, contract with one or more banking insti-10 tutions in or outside the state for the custody, safekeep-11 ing and management of such securities, which contract 12 13 shall prescribe the rules for the handling and protection 14 thereof.

ARTICLE 6. WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS.

- §12-6-4. Officers; executive secretary; term; organization; board staff; surety bonds for members and employees.
- §12-6-5. Powers of the board.
- §12-6-6. Costs and expenses; fees for services; special revenue account; costs of determining third parties' liability; recoupment of investment losses.
- **§12-6-9.** Permissible investments.
- §12-6-9c. Authorization of additional investments.
- §12-6-15. Audits.

§12-6-4. Officers; executive secretary; term; organization; board staff; surety bonds for members and employees.

(a) The governor shall be the chairman and the 1 2 custodian of all funds, securities and assets held by the board. The office of the state treasurer shall act as a 3 depository for all funds, that may, from time to time, 4 from whatever source, be made available to the board 5 for investment. The board shall elect an executive 6 7 secretary to serve for a term of six years, such election to be held at the board's first meeting after the first 8 effective date of this article. Effective with any vacancy 9 in the position of executive secretary, the board shall 10

1456

11 appoint an executive secretary to serve at the will and 12 pleasure of the board, which executive secretary may 13 not be a member of the board: Provided, That the 14 executive secretary shall have at least a bachelor's 15 degree in either business administration or accounting 16 in an accredited program and/or have at least five years' 17 experience in investment management or securities 18 markets, said experience to have occurred within the ten 19 years next preceding the date of appointment of the 20 secretary: Provided, however, That the executive secre-21 tary may be paid a salary as determined by the board 22 out of appropriations by the Legislature. The office of 23the state treasurer may act as staff agency for the board: 24 Provided further. That effective the first day of July, one 25thousand nine hundred ninety, the board may appoint 26 a staff to act for the board.

(b) The board shall meet quarterly and may include
in its bylaws procedures for the calling and holding of
additional meetings.

30 (c) Each member of the board shall give a separate 31 and additional fidelity bond from a surety company 32 qualified to do business within this state in a penalty 33 amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars for the 34 faithful performance of his duties as a member of the 35 board. In addition, the board will purchase a blanket bond for the faithful performance of its duties in the 36 amount of five million dollars excess of the two hundred 37 38 fifty thousand dollar individual bond required of each member by the provisions of this section. The board may 39 require a fidelity bond from a surety company qualified 40 to do business in this state for any person who has 41 charge of, or access to, any securities, funds or other 42 moneys held by the board, and the amount of such 43 44 fidelity bond shall be fixed by the board. The premiums payable on all fidelity bonds shall be an expense of the 45 board. 46

§12-6-5. Powers of the board.

1 The board may exercise all powers necessary or 2 appropriate to carry out and effectuate its corporate 3 purposes. The board may:

4 (1) Adopt and use a common seal and alter the same 5 at pleasure;

6 (2) Sue and be sued;

7 (3) Enter into contracts and execute and deliver8 instruments;

9 (4) Acquire (by purchase, gift or otherwise), hold, use
10 and dispose of real and personal property, deeds,
11 mortgages and other instruments;

12 (5) Promulgate and enforce bylaws and rules for the13 management and conduct of its affairs;

(6) Retain and employ legal, accounting, financial andinvestment advisors and consultants;

16 (7) Acquire (by purchase, gift or otherwise), hold,
17 exchange, pledge, lend and sell or otherwise dispose of
18 securities and invest funds in interest earning deposits;

19 (8) Maintain accounts with banks, securities dealers
20 and financial institutions both within and outside this
21 state;

(9) Engage in financial transactions whereby securities are purchased by the board under an agreement
providing for the resale of such securities to the original
seller at a stated price;

(10) Engage in financial transactions whereby securities held by the board are sold under an agreement
providing for the repurchase of such securities by the
board at a stated price;

30 (11) Consolidate and manage moneys, securities and
31 other assets of the pension funds and other funds and
32 accounts of the state and the moneys of political
33 subdivisions which may be made available to it under
34 the provisions of this article;

35 (12) Enter into agreements with political subdivisions
36 of the state whereby moneys of such political subdivi37 sions are invested on their behalf by the board;

38 (13) Charge and collect administrative fees from
39 political subdivisions for its services;

1458

40 (14) Exercise all powers generally granted to and
41 exercised by the holders of investment securities with
42 respect to management thereof; and

43 (15) Contract with one or more banking institutions in
44 or outside the state for the custody, safekeeping and
45 management of securities held by the board.

§12-6-6. Costs and expenses; fees for services; special revenue account; costs of determining third parties' liability; recoupment of investment losses.

1 (a) The board shall make a charge against the 2 earnings of the various funds managed by the board for 3 all necessary expenses of the board. The charge shall be 4 on a pro rata basis of actual earnings of the various 5 funds managed by the board. The charge shall be 6 deposited to the credit of the general revenue fund. All 7 expenses relating to the responsibilities of the office of 8 the state treasurer as staff agency for the board of 9 investments shall be paid from the general appropria-10 tion for that office.

11 (b) There is hereby created in the state treasury a 12 special revenue account to be known as the "loss 13 expenses account". The purpose of this account is to pay 14 costs, fees and expenses incurred, or to be incurred, for 15 the following: (1) Investigation and pursuit of claims 16 against third parties for the investment losses incurred 17 during the period beginning the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and ending on the 18 thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 19 20 eighty-nine; (2) for consulting services regarding the 21 restructuring of the office of the treasurer following said 22 losses; and (3) for implementation of the recommendations made as a result of the consultations regarding 23 restructuring. That special revenue account shall be 24 funded by depositing income derived by the board from 2526 securities lending and recoveries from third parties. The board is authorized to deposit into the special revenue 27 account, and to expend in accordance with the provi-28 sions of this section, those funds received from such 29 recoveries and not more than two million dollars 30

31 annually from income derived by the board from 32 securities lending. Funds in the loss expenses account 33 in excess of reasonably estimated costs, fees and 34 expenses for any fiscal year and any funds remaining 35 in such special revenue account at the end of each fiscal 36 year after expenditures, for the purposes specified 37 above, may be transferred by the board to its "liquidity 38 investment pool", to be used, in such manner as the 39 board determines, to eliminate the present imbalance in 40 the state accounts caused by the investment losses 41 described above in this subsection. The authority for this 42 special revenue account expires on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five. 43

§12-6-9. Permissible investments.

1 Notwithstanding the restrictions which may otherwise 2 be provided by law as to the investment of funds, the 3 board may invest funds made available to it in any of 4 the following:

5 (a) Any direct obligation of, or obligation guaranteed
6 as to the payment of both principal and interest by, the
7 United States of America;

8 (b) Any evidence of indebtedness issued by any 9 United States government agency guaranteed as to the payment of both principal and interest, directly or 10 11 indirectly, by the United States of America, including, 12 but not limited to, the following: Government National 13 Mortgage Association, Federal Land Banks, Federal 14 Home Loan Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, Banks for Cooperatives, Tennessee Valley Authority, 15 United States Postal Service, Farmers Home Adminis-16 tration, Export-Import Bank, Federal Financing Bank, 17 18 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Student Loan Marketing Association and Federal Farm Credit 19 20 Banks:

(c) Any evidence of indebtedness issued by the
Federal National Mortgage Association to the extent
such indebtedness is guaranteed by the Government
National Mortgage Association;

25 (d) Any evidence of indebtedness that is secured by a

first lien deed of trust or mortgage upon real property
situate within this state, if the payment thereof is
substantially insured or guaranteed by the United
States of America or any agency thereof;

30 (e) Direct and general obligations of this state;

(f) Any undivided interest in a trust, the corpus of
which is restricted to mortgages on real property and,
unless all of such property is situate within the state and
insured, such trust at the time of the acquisition of such
undivided interest, is rated in one of the three highest
rating grades by an agency which is nationally known
in the field of rating pooled mortgage trusts;

38 (g) Any bond, note, debenture, commercial paper or 39 other evidence of indebtedness of any private corpora-40 tion or association organized and operating in the 41 United States: Provided, That any such security is, at the time of its acquisition, rated in one of the three 42 43 highest rating grades by an agency which is nationally 44 known in the field of rating corporate securities: 45 Provided, however, That if any commercial paper and/or 46 any such security will mature within one year from the 47 date of its issuance, it shall, at the time of its acquisition. 48 be rated in one of the two highest rating grades by such 49 an agency: Provided further, That any such security not rated in one of the two highest rating grades by any 50 51 such agency and commercial paper or other evidence of 52 indebtedness of any private corporation or association 53 shall be purchased only upon the written recommenda-54 tion from an investment adviser that has over three 55 hundred million dollars in other funds under its 56 management:

57 (h) Negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any 58 bank, trust company, national banking association or 59 savings institution organized and operating in the 60 United States, which mature in less than one year and 61 are fully collateralized; and

62 (i) Interest earning deposits including certificates of
63 deposit, with any duly designated state depository,
64 which deposits are fully secured by a collaterally

secured bond as provided in section four, article one ofthis chapter.

§12-6-9c. Authorization of additional investments.

1 Notwithstanding the restrictions which may otherwise 2 be provided by law with respect to the investment of 3 funds, the state board of investments, all administrators, 4 custodians or trustees of pension funds, each political 5 subdivision of this state and each county board of 6 education is authorized to invest funds in the securities 7 of or any other interest in any investment company or 8 investment trust registered under the Investment 9 Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. §80a, the portfolio of 10 which is limited to direct obligations of or obligations 11 guaranteed as to the payment of both principal and 12 interest by the United States of America and to 13 repurchase agreements fully collateralized by United 14 States government obligations: Provided. That the 15 investment company or investment trust takes delivery 16 of the collateral either directly or through an authorized 17 custodian.

§12-6-15. Audits.

1 There shall be a continuous postaudit conducted by 2 the legislative auditor of the investment transactions of 3 the board, and a copy thereof for the preceding calendar year shall be furnished to each member of the Legisla-4 5 ture on or before the first day of February of each year. The board shall further cause to be conducted a 6 quarterly internal audit, by the state treasurer's staff 7 8 using generally accepted government auditing stand-9 ards, of all investment transactions of the board and an 10 annual external audit, by a nationally recognized 11 accounting firm in conjunction with the annual federal 12 audit, of all investment transactions of the board: Provided. That the board shall on a monthly basis 13 provide to each political subdivision, state agency and 14 any other entity investing moneys in the consolidated 15 16 fund or consolidated pension fund an itemized account reflecting the portfolio value of the investments of each 17 said political subdivision, state agency and any other 18 entity in the consolidated fund or consolidated pension 19

Ch. 182]

TREASURER

fund. The board shall further provide a monthly
statement reflecting the interest earned by each said
political subdivision, state agency or other investing
entity and the method by which said interest has been
calculated.



CHAPTER 182 (Com. Sub. for S. B. 581—By Senator Tomblin)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article four, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen, relating to the state treasurer; making certain legislative findings regarding unreconciled items in state bank accounts; requiring treasurer to reconcile items and make certain transfers; requiring treasurer to make certain reports; creating special account known as "single audit account" and authorizing board of investments to apply balances in single audit account toward imbalances caused by investment losses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. ACCOUNTS, REPORTS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§12-4-13. Bank reconciliations; balancing state accounts.

The Legislature finds that the bank accounts of the 1 2 treasury contain numerous unreconciled items and that the single audit report for the period ending on the 3 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-4 nine, states that as of the end of the audit period there 5 were forty million, ninety-three thousand, six hundred 6 eighty-one dollars and forty-seven cents more in the 7 bank accounts maintained by the state treasurer than 8

9 recorded on the accounting records of the state.10 Therefore, the Legislature directs that:

11 (a) The state treasurer shall take all necessary actions 12 to identify all unreconciled items on the bank accounts 13 maintained by the state treasurer. All items identified 14 on or before the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine 15 hundred ninety, shall be recorded in the state account(s) 16 to which they have been identified. Any unreconciled 17 items not identified on or before the thirtieth day of 18 June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall be 19 recorded in a special revenue account known as the 20 "single audit account".

21 (b) All moneys identified in the single audit report as 22 not having been recorded on the accounting records of 23the state treasurer shall be recorded in the single audit 24 account. If after the recording of said moneys in the 25 single audit account, the treasurer is able to identify the 26 appropriate state accounts the moneys should be 27 credited to, he is hereby authorized to transfer such 28 moneys from the single audit account to the appropriate 29 account.

30 (c) Effective on the first day of July, one thousand 31 nine hundred ninety, the state treasurer shall file a 32 report with the governor reflecting all actions taken 33 concerning unreconciled items in bank accounts main-34 tained by the state treasurer through the period ending 35 on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 36 ninety. After the governor has reviewed the report and 37 determined that the state treasurer has complied with 38 all previous provisions of this code section, the governor 39 shall certify the report to the board of investments. The 40 board of investments is then authorized to use, in such 41 manner as it determines, the balance in the single audit 42 account to eliminate any imbalance in the state accounts 43 caused by the investment losses incurred during the 44 period beginning on the first day of August, one 45 thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and ending on the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 46 47 eighty-nine.

48 (d) Effective on the first day of July, one thousand

TURNPIKE

49 nine hundred ninety, the state treasurer shall take 50 action to ensure that all bank accounts of the state 51 treasurer are reconciled each month. If after six months 52 from receipt of a bank statement, any items remain as 53 unreconcilable, the state treasurer shall record such 54 amounts as a debit or credit to the state's general 55 revenue fund.



CHAPTER 183 (Com. Sub. for S. B. 101—By Senator Chafin)

[Passed February 8, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen, article sixteen-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen-a, permitting the continued toll collection at the intersection of U.S. Route 19 and the West Virginia Turnpike; implementing a system of commuter passes; and providing for the application of rule making to certain toll increases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article sixteen-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16A. WEST VIRGINIA PARKWAYS, ECONOMIC DE-VELOPMENT AND TOURISM AUTHORITY.

§17-16A-18. Cessation of tolls; commuter pass system.
§17-16A-18a. Corridor "L" toll fees authorized; commuter pass; annual report.

§17-16A-18. Cessation of tolls; commuter pass system.

1 (a) Except as provided herein, when all bonds issued 2 under the provisions of this article in connection with 3 any parkway project or projects and the interest thereon 4 shall have been paid or a sufficient amount for the

1465

TURNPIKE

5 payment of all such bonds and the interest thereon to 6 the maturity thereof shall have been set aside in trust 7 for the benefit of the bondholders, such project or 8 projects, if then in good condition and repair to the 9 satisfaction of the commissioner of the state division of 10 highways, shall be transferred to the state division of 11 highways and shall thereafter be maintained by the 12 state division of highways free of tolls: Provided, That 13 the parkways authority may thereafter charge tolls for 14 the use of any such project and for the reconstruction, 15 improvement, maintenance and repair thereof, except as 16 may be limited by applicable federal laws, and pledge 17 such tolls to the payment of bonds issued under the 18 provisions of this article in connection with another 19 project or projects, or any combination thereof, but any 20 such pledge of tolls of a parkway project to the payment of bonds issued in connection with another project or 21 22 projects shall not be effectual until the principal of and 23 the interest on the bonds issued in connection with the 24 first mentioned project shall have been paid or provision 25 made for their payment.

26 (b) No later than the first day of February, one 27 thousand nine hundred ninety, the parkways authority 28 shall discontinue, remove and not relocate all toll 29 collection facilities on the West Virginia Turnpike as the 30 same existed on June first, one thousand nine hundred 31 eighty-nine, except for the three main toll barriers and collection facilities, and provided solely that the 32 provisions of section eighteen-a are complied with, the 33 34 toll collection facilities at the intersection of U.S. Route 35 19 (Corridor "L") and said turnpike: Provided, That 36 nothing herein may be construed to prohibit placement 37 of new tolls to the extent permitted by federal law for 38 any new expressway, turnpike, trunkline, feeder road, state local service road, or park and forest road 39 connected to the West Virginia Turnpike and con-40 41 structed after the first day of June, one thousand nine 42 hundred eighty-nine.

§17-16A-18a. Corridor "L" toll fees authorized; commuter pass; annual report.

1 (a) The parkways authority is hereby authorized to

TURNPIKE

2 operate the currently existing toll collection facility
3 located at the interchange of U.S. Route 19 (Corridor
4 "L") and said turnpike subject to the following:

5 (1) The toll fee charges by the parkways, economic 6 development and tourism authority at its toll facilities located at the interchange of U.S. Route 19 (Corridor 7 8 "L") and said turnpike shall not exceed those toll charges levied and collected by the authority at said 9 10 interchange as of the first day of January, one thousand 11 nine hundred ninety, and hereafter, no proposed 12 increase in such toll fees shall be implemented by the 13 parkways authority unless the authority shall have first 14 complied with validly promulgated and legislatively 15 approved rules and regulations pursuant to the applica-16 ble provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code:

17 (2) As soon as reasonably possible after the effective 18 date of this legislation, but in no event later than the 19 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the 20 authority shall establish, advertise, implement and 21 otherwise make generally available to all qualified 22 members of the public, resident or nonresident, a system 23 of commuter passes, in a form to be determined by the authority: Provided, That said system of commuter 24 25passes shall, at a minimum, permit the holder of such pass or passes, after paying the applicable fee to the 26 27 authority, to travel through the U.S. Route 19 (Corridor 28 "L") turnpike interchange and toll facilities on an 29 unlimited basis, without additional charge therefor, for 30 a period of one year after the issuance of said commuter 31 pass or passes: Provided, however, That the cost for such 32 commuter pass or passes shall in no event aggregate 33 more than five dollars per year for a full calendar year 34 of unlimited travel through the U.S. Route 19 (Corridor 35 "L") turnpike interchange toll facilities.

To the extent required or necessary, the parkways authority is further hereby authorized and empowered, in addition to the extent previously authorized and empowered pursuant to section six and section thirteenb, article sixteen-a of this chapter, to promulgate rules in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code with regard to the implementation of proposed future 43 toll increases at the U.S. Route 19 (Corridor "L")
44 turnpike toll facility;

45 (3) The system of commuter passes implemented in 46 accordance with the provisions of subdivision (2). subsection (a), above, shall be available only for use 47 48 when operating or traveling in a Class "A" motor vehicle 49 as herein defined. Whoever shall knowingly or intention-50 ally utilize any commuter pass issued in accordance 51 with this section while operating other than a Class "A" 52 motor vehicle, as herein defined, at the U.S. Route 19 53 (Corridor "L") turnpike toll facility, or any other toll 54 facility at or upon which such pass may later be usable, 55 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and for every such 56 offense shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished in 57 accordance with the provisions of section seventeen, 58 article sixteen-a of this chapter; and the parkways 59 authority shall hereafter be authorized and empowered 60 to cancel any such commuter pass or passes improperly 61 used in accordance with this section:

62 (4) In addition to the annual report required by 63 section twenty-six of this article, the parkways authority 64 will prepare and deliver to the governor, the speaker of 65 the house of delegates and the president of the senate 66 a separate annual report of toll revenues collected from the U.S. Route 19 (Corridor "L") turnpike toll facility. 67 68 The report shall disclose separately the toll revenues 69 generated from regular traffic and the commuter pass 70 created herein. The reports shall include, but not be 71 limited to, disclosing separately the expenditure of said 72 toll revenues generated from the U.S. Route 19 (Corri-73 dor "L") turnpike toll facility including a description of 74 the purposes for which such toll revenues are expended:

75 (5) In the event any court of competent jurisdiction 76 shall issue an order which adjudges that any portion of 77 subdivision (1), (2) or (3), subsection (a) of this section 78 is illegal, unconstitutional, unenforceable or in any 79 manner invalid, the parkways authority shall discontinue, remove and not otherwise relocate the U.S. Route 80 19 (Corridor "L") turnpike toll facility within three 81 hundred sixty-five days after the date upon which said 82

court order is final or all appeals to said order have beenexhausted;

(6) For the purpose of this section, a Class "A" vehicle
shall be defined as a motor vehicle of passenger type and
truck with a gross weight of not more than 8,000 pounds
and registered or eligible for registration as a Class "A"
vehicle in accordance with section one, article ten,
chapter seventeen-a of this code as the same is currently
constituted; and

92 (7) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the code
93 to the contrary, the parkways authority may not
94 promulgate emergency rules in accordance with section
95 fifteen, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code
96 to increase or decrease toll fees or the commuter pass
97 fee established herein.

(b) Nothing in this section is to be construed to apply
to, regulate, or in any manner affect the operation of the
three main line toll barriers and toll collection facilities
currently located on the West Virginia Turnpike and
operated by the parkways authority as Barrier A,
Barrier B and Barrier C (I-64, I-77).

CHAPTER 184 (H. B. 4722—By Delegates Farley and Kiss)

[Passed March 6, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections eight, eleven, sixteen and eighteen, article eight, chapter thirty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eight-a and eight-b, all relating to the uniform disposition of unclaimed property act; property held by courts; providing for recovery of abandoned property; presumption of abandonment by federal government; report of abandoned property; statute of limitations; and deposit to state general fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections eight, eleven, sixteen and eighteen, article eight, chapter thirty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eight-a and eight-b, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. UNIFORM DISPOSITION OF UNCLAIMED PROP-ERTY ACT.

- §36-8-8. Property held by courts and public officers and agencies.
- §36-8-8a. Providing for recovery of abandoned property.
- §36-8-8b. Presumption of abandonment of personal property held by federal government.
- §36-8-11. Report of abandoned property.
- §36-8-16. Periods of limitation not a bar.
- §36-8-18. Deposits of funds; trust and expense fund; records of deposits.

§36-8-8. Property held by courts and public officers and agencies.

1 (a) All intangible personal property held for the owner by any state or federal court, public corporation, 2 public authority, or public officer in this state, or a 3 political subdivision thereof, that has remained un-4 5 claimed by the owner for more than seven years is presumed abandoned: Provided, That this provision 6 7 shall in no way affect such property in the custody or 8 control of any state or federal court in any pending 9 action.

10 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of 11 this section, all intangible personal property in the 12 custody or control of a general receiver of a state court 13 of record appointed pursuant to the provisions of article 14 six, chapter fifty-one of this code, that has remained unclaimed by the owner for more than seven years is 15 16 presumed abandoned: Provided, That any such property 17 in the custody or control of any such general receiver 18 in which there is any contingent remainder interest, or 19 any vested remainder interest which is subject to open 20 to let in persons not yet in being or to open to let in members of any class, or any executory interest, or 21 22 executory devise interest, or any base, gualified, conditional, or limited fee estate or interest, or any other 23

1470

qualified, conditional, limited or determinable estate or
interest, shall not be presumed abandoned until such
property has remained unclaimed for more than seven
years after such estate or interest has vested or any such
class has closed and the persons entitled to such
property have been determined.

§36-8-8a. Providing for recovery of abandoned property.

1 With respect to property originated or issued by this 2 state, any political subdivision thereof or any entity 3 incorporated, organized or created therein, the following 4 provision shall apply:

5 (a) Unless presumed abandoned and subject to the 6 custody of this state by any other provision of law, all 7 intangible property, including, but not limited to, any 8 interest, dividend, or other earnings thereon, less any 9 lawful charges, that is held by a business association, 10 federal, state or local government or governmental 11 subdivision, agency or entity, or any other person or 12 entity, regardless of where the holder may be found, is 13presumed abandoned and subject to the custody of this 14 state as unclaimed property if:

(1) The address of the owner was never known or thelast-known address of the owner is unknown; and

17 (2) The entity originating or issuing the intangible 18 property is in this state or any of its political subdivi-19 sions or is incorporated, organized or created in this 20 state.

(b) Subsection (a) shall apply to all property held at
the time of enactment, or at any time thereafter,
regardless of when such property became or becomes
presumptively abandoned.

§36-8-8b. Presumption of abandonment of personal property held by federal government.

1 (a) All tangible personal property or intangible 2 personal property, including choses in action in amounts 3 certain, and all debts owed, entrusted funds or other 4 property held by any federal, state or local government 5 or governmental subdivision, agency, entity, officer or

UNCLAIMED PROPERTY

6 appointee thereof, shall be presumed abandoned in this 7 state if the last-known address of the owner of the 8 property is in this state and the property has remained unclaimed for seven years: Provided, That if another 9 provision of law provides for a presumption of abandon-10 11 ment and custodial taking of the subject property by this 12 state upon the passage of a longer period of time, such 13 longer period of time shall control.

(b) This section shall apply to all abandoned property
held by any federal, state or local government or
governmental subdivision, agency, entity, officer or
appointee thereof, at the time of enactment, or at any
time thereafter, regardless of when such property
became or becomes presumptively abandoned.

§36-8-11. Report of abandoned property.

(a) Every person holding funds or other property,
 tangible or intangible, presumed abandoned under this
 article shall report to the state treasurer with respect
 to the property as hereinafter provided.

5 (b) The report shall be verified and shall include:

6 (1) The name, if known, and last-known address, if 7 any, of each person appearing from the records of the 8 holder to be the owner of any property of the value of 9 fifty dollars or more presumed abandoned under this 10 article;

(2) In case of unclaimed funds of life insurance
corporations, the full name of the insured or annuitant
and his last-known address according to the life
insurance corporation's records;

(3) The nature and identifying number, if any, or
description of the property and the amount appearing
from the records to be due, except that items of value
under fifty dollars each may be reported in aggregate;

(4) The date when the property became payable,
demandable or returnable, and the date of the last
transaction with the owner with respect to the property;
and

23 (5) Other information which the state treasurer

prescribes by rule as necessary for the administrationof this article.

(c) If the person holding property presumed abandoned is a successor to other persons who previously
held the property for the owner, or if the holder has
changed his name while holding the property, he shall
file with his report all prior known names and addresses
of each holder of the property.

(d) The report shall be filed before the thirty-first day
of March of each year as of the thirty-first day of
December next preceding. The state treasurer may
postpone the reporting date upon written request by any
person required to file a report.

37 (e) If the holder of property presumed abandoned 38 under this article knows the whereabouts of the owner 39 and if the owner's claim has not been barred by the 40 statute of limitations, the holder shall, before filing the 41 annual report, attempt to communicate with the owner 42 so that the owner may take necessary steps to prevent abandonment from being presumed. A notice from the 43 44 holder to the owner sent to the owner's last-known address by United States mail, postage prepaid, shall 45 46 satisfy the requirements of this subsection (e).

47 (f) Verification, if made by a partnership, shall be
48 executed by a partner; if made by an unincorporated
49 association or private corporation, by an officer, and if
50 made by a public corporation, by its chief fiscal officer.

51 (g) The initial report filed under this article shall 52 include all items of property which, under the provisions 53 hereof, would have been presumed abandoned on the 54 effective date of this article had this article been in 55 effect on the first day of July, one thousand nine 56 hundred fifty-two.

(h) The state treasurer may at reasonable times and
upon reasonable notice examine the records of any
person if he has reason to believe that the person has
failed to report property that should have been reported
pursuant to this section.

62 (i) Every person filing a report shall deliver or pay

63 to the state treasurer all abandoned property specified64 in the report, at the time of the report.

65 If an examination of the records of a person results 66 in disclosure of property reportable and deliverable 67 under this section, the treasurer may assess the cost of the examination against the holder at a rate established 68 69 by administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to 70 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, but in no case may 71 the charges exceed the value of the property found to 72 be reportable and deliverable.

§36-8-16. Periods of limitation not a bar.

(1) The expiration of any period of time specified by 1 2 statute or court order, during which an action or 3 proceeding may be commenced or enforced to obtain payment of a claim for money or recovery of property. 4 shall not prevent the money or property from being 5 presumed abandoned property, nor affect any duty to 6 7 file a report required by this article or to pay or deliver 8 abandoned property to the state treasurer.

9 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 10 expiration of any period of time specified by law during 11 which an action or proceeding may be commenced or 12 enforced to obtain payment of a claim for money or 13 recovery of property shall not serve as a defense in any action or proceeding brought by or on behalf of the state 14 treasurer against any federal, state or local government 15 16 or governmental subdivision, agency, entity, officer or appointee thereof, for the payment or delivery of any 17 abandoned property to the state treasurer pursuant to 18 this chapter or to enforce or collect any penalty provided 19 by this article. 20

(3) This section shall apply to all abandoned property
held by any federal, state or local government or
governmental subdivision, agency, entity, officer or
appointee thereof, at the time of enactment, or at any
time thereafter, regardless of when such property
became or becomes presumptively abandoned.

§36-8-18. Deposits of funds; trust and expense fund; records of deposits.

1 (a) All funds received under this article, including the 2 proceeds from the sale of abandoned property under 3 section seventeen, shall forthwith be deposited by the 4 state treasurer in a special fund to be known as the 5 "trust and expense fund". Effective the first day of July. 6 one thousand nine hundred ninety, all funds received 7 under this article, including the proceeds from the sale 8 of abandoned property under section seventeen of this article, shall forthwith be deposited by the state 9 10 treasurer in the general fund.

11 (b) From said fund the state treasurer shall make 12 prompt payment of claims duly allowed as hereinafter 13 provided, and shall pay the necessary costs of selling 14 abandoned property, of mailing notices, of making 15 publications required by this article and of paying other 16 operating expenses and administrative expenses reason-17 ably incurred by the treasurer in the administration and 18 enforcement of the provisions of this article. At any time 19 when the balance of said fund shall exceed one hundred 20 fifty thousand dollars, the state treasurer may, and at 21 least once every fiscal year shall, transfer to the general 22 revenue fund the balance of the trust and expense fund 23 which shall exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars. 24 The treasurer is authorized to draw his requisitions for 25 such sums upon the auditor in the manner provided by 26 law. Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 27 hundred ninety, all operating expenses and administra-28 tive expenses incurred by the treasurer in the admin-29 istration and enforcement of the provisions of this article 30 shall be paid from an appropriation from the general 31 revenue fund. The treasurer is further directed to make 32 prompt payment of claims duly allowed as hereinafter 33 provided from the general revenue fund.

(c) Before making any deposit to said fund, the state
treasurer shall record the name and last-known address
of each person appearing from the holder's reports to be
entitled to the abandoned property, and the name and
last-known address of each insured person or annuitant,
and with respect to each policy or contract listed in the

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

[Ch. 185

40 report of a life insurance corporation, its number, the
41 name of the corporation and the amount due. Such
42 records shall be available for public inspection at all
43 reasonable business hours.

CHAPTER 185

(S. B. 301—Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed February 16, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six. article four. chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact sections ten and ten-a, article five; section three, article six; and section eight, article eighta. all of chapter twenty-one-a; to amend article nine, chapter twenty-one-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; and to amend and reenact sections seven, eight, eleven and nineteen, article ten, chapter twenty-one-a of said code, all relating to unemployment compensation generally; providing for meetings of the board of review; establishing formulas and tables to determine payment rates; providing for the termination of solvency assessments on employers and employees; describing the conditions under which an individual is disqualified for benefits: providing for assessments on employers and employees to retire bonds and notes and pay interest owing to the federal government; defining the felony offense of failing to remit assessments, and establishing the penalty therefor; appropriating certain funds made available to the state under federal law; defining the misdemeanor offense of fraudulently obtaining or attempting to obtain benefits, and establishing the penalty therefor; providing for the recovery of benefits paid on misrepresentation; authorizing the commissioner to require certain information, and providing for the dissemination or confidentiality of information; and providing for the disclosure of information to child support agencies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Ch. 185] UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

That section six, article four, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections ten and ten-a, article five, chapter twenty-one-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that section three, article six, chapter twenty-one-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that section eight, article eight-a, chapter twenty-one-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that article nine, chapter twentyone-a be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; that sections seven, eight, eleven and nineteen, article ten, chapter twenty-one-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 4. Board of Review.
- 5. Employee Coverage and Responsibility.
- 6. Employee Eligibility; Benefits.
- 8A. Employment Security Debt Funds.
- 9. Employment Security Administration Fund.
- 10. General Provisions.

ARTICLE 4. BOARD OF REVIEW.

§21A-4-6. Offices; meetings.

- 1 The offices and meeting place of the board shall be
- 2 at the capital; but the board may sit at such other places
- 3 as the prompt and efficient hearing of claims may
- 4 require. The board shall sit for hearing of appeals at
- 5 least every ten days.

ARTICLE 5. EMPLOYER COVERAGE AND RESPONSIBILITY.

§21A-5-10. Experience ratings; decreased rates; adjustment of accounts and rates; debit balance account rates.

§21A-5-10a. Optional assessments on employers and employees.

§21A-5-10. Experience ratings; decreased rates; adjustment of accounts and rates; debit balance account rates.

- 1 (a) On and after July first, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-one, an employer's payment shall remain two and 3 seven-tenths percent, until:
- 4 (1) There have elapsed thirty-six consecutive months 5 immediately preceding the computation date throughout 6 which an employer's account was chargeable with 7 benefits.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

[Ch. 185

8 (2) His payments credited to his account for all past 9 years exceed the benefits charged to his account by an 10 amount equal to at least the percent of his average 11 annual payroll as shown in Column B of Table II. His 12 rate shall be the amount appearing in Column C of 13 Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

When the total assets of the fund as of January first of a calendar year equal or exceed one hundred percent but are less than one hundred twenty-five percent of the average benefit payments from the trust fund for the three preceding calendar years, an employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column D of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

When the total assets of the fund as of January first of a calendar year equal or exceed one hundred twentyfive percent but are less than one hundred fifty percent, an employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column E of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

When the total assets of the fund as of January first of a calendar year equal or exceed one hundred fifty percent, an employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column F of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

32

TABLE II

33 34 35 36 37	Col. A	Col. B Percentage of Average Annual Payroll By Which	Col. C	Col. D	Col. E	Col. F
38	Rate	Credits Exceed	Employe	r's		
39	Class	Charges	Rate			
40	(1)	0.0 to 6.0	4.5	3.5	2.5	1.5
41	(2)	6.0	4.1	3.1	2.1	1.1
42	(3)	7.0	3.9	2.9	1.9	0.9
43	(4)	8.0	3.7	2.7	1.7	0.7
44	(5)	9.0	3.5	2.5	1.5	0.5
45	(6)	10.0	3.3	2.3	1.3	0.3
46	(7)	10.5	3.1	2.1	1.1	0.1
47	(8)	11.0	2.9	1.9	0.9	0.0

48	(9)	11.5	2.7	1.7	0.7	0.0
49	(10)	12.0	2.5	1.5	0.5	0.0
50	(11)	12.5	2.3	1.3	0.3	0.0
51	(12)	13.0	2.1	1.1	0.1	0.0
52	(13)	14.0	1.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
53	(14)	16.0	1.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
54	(15)	18.0 and over	1.5	0.5	0.0	0.0

All employer accounts in which charges for all past years exceed credits for such past years shall be adjusted effective June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, so that as of said date, for the purpose of determining such employer's rate of contribution, the credits for all past years shall be deemed to equal the charges to such accounts.

62 Effective on and after the computation date of June 63 thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, the 64 noncredited contribution identified in section seven of 65 this article shall not be added to the employer's debit 66 balance to determine the employer contribution rate.

67 Effective on and after the computation date of June 68 thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, all 69 employers with a debit balance account in which the benefits charged to their account for all past years 70 71 exceed the payments credited to their account for such 72 past years by an amount up to and including ten percent 73 of their average annual payroll shall make payments to the unemployment compensation fund at the rate of 74 75 three percent of wages paid by them with respect to 76 employment; except that effective on and after July 77 first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, all employ-78 ers with a debit balance account in which the benefits 79 charged to their account for all past years exceed the 80 payments credited to their account for such past years 81 by an amount up to and including five percent of their 82 average annual payroll shall make payments to the 83 unemployment compensation fund at the rate of five and 84 five-tenths percent of wages paid by them with respect 85 to employment.

86 Effective on or after July first, one thousand nine 87 hundred eighty-one, all employers with a debit balance 88 account in which the benefits charged to their account 89 for all past years exceed the payments credited to their 90 account for such past years by an amount in excess of 91 five percent but less than ten percent of their average annual payroll shall make payments to the unemploy-92 93 ment compensation fund at the rate of six and fivetenths percent of wages paid by them with respect to 94 95 employment.

96 Effective on and after the computation date of June 97 thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, all employers with a debit balance account in which the 98 99 benefits charged to their account for all past years 100 exceed the payments credited to their account for such 101 past years by an amount of ten percent or above of their 102 average annual payroll shall make payments to the 103 unemployment compensation fund at the rate of three 104 and three-tenths percent of wages paid by them with 105 respect to employment; except that effective on and 106 after July first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, such payments to the unemployment compensation fund 107 108 shall be at the rate of seven and five-tenths percent of 109 wages paid by them with respect to employment or at such other rate authorized by this article. 110

"Debit balance account" for the purpose of this section
means an account in which the benefits charged for all
past years exceed the payments credited for such past
years.

115 "Credit balance account" for the purposes of this 116 section means an account in which the payments 117 credited for all past years exceed the benefits charged 118 for such past years.

119 Once a debit balance account rate is established for 120 an employer's account for a year, it shall apply for the 121 entire year.

122 "Due date" means the last day of the month next 123 following a calendar quarter. In determining the 124 amount in the fund on any due date, contributions 125 received, but not benefits paid, for such month next 126 following the end of a calendar quarter shall be 127 included.

Ch. 185] UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

128 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 129 section, every debit balance employer subject to the 130provisions of this chapter, and any foreign corporation 131 or business entity engaged in the construction trades 132 which has not been an employer in the state of West 133 Virginia for thirty-six consecutive months ending on the 134 computation date, shall, in addition to any other tax 135 provided for in this section, pay contributions at the rate 136 of one percent surtax on wages paid by him with respect 137 to employment for a period of eight years, beginning 138 January first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six.

139 (c) Effective June thirtieth, one thousand nine 140 hundred eighty-five, and each computation date thereaf-141 ter, the reserve balance of a debit balance employer shall be reduced to fifteen percent if such balance 142 143 exceeds fifteen percent. The amount of noncredited tax shall be reduced by an amount equal to the eliminated 144 145 charges. If the eliminated charges exceed the amount of 146 noncredited tax, the noncredited tax shall be reduced to 147 zero.

148 (d) On and after January first, one thousand nine
149 hundred ninety-one, an employer's payment shall
150 remain two and seven-tenths percent, until:

(1) There have elapsed thirty-six consecutive months
immediately preceding the computation date throughout
which an employer's account was chargeable with
benefits; and

155 (2) The payments credited to the account for all past 156 years exceed the benefits charged to the account by an 157 amount equal to at least the percent of the average 158 annual payroll as shown in Column B of Table III. The 159 rate shall be the amount appearing in Column C of 160 Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

161 When the total assets of the fund as of January first 162 of a calendar year equal or exceed one and seventy-five 163 one-hundredths percent but are less than two and 164 twenty-five one-hundredths percent of gross covered 165 wages for the twelve-month period ending on June

1482 UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION [Ch. 185

thirtieth of the preceding year, an employer's rate shall
be the amount appearing in Column D of Table III on
line with the percentage in Column B.

169 When the total assets of the fund as of January first 170 of a calendar year equal or exceed two and twenty-five 171 one-hundredths percent but are less than two and 172 seventy-five one-hundredths percent of gross covered 173 wages for the twelve-month period ending on June 174 thirtieth of the preceding year, an employer's rate shall 175 be the amount appearing in Column E of Table III on 176 line with the percentage in Column B.

177 When the total assets of the fund as of January first 178 of a calendar year equal or exceed two and seventy-five one-hundredths percent but are less than three percent 179 of gross covered wages for the twelve-month period 180 181 ending on June thirtieth of the preceding year, an 182 employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column F of Table III on line with the percentage in 183 184 Column B.

185 When the total assets of the fund as of January first 186 of a calendar year equal or exceed three percent of gross 187 covered wages for the twelve-month period ending on 188 June thirtieth of the preceding year, an employer's rate 189 shall be the amount appearing in Column G of Table III 190 on line with the percentage in Column B.

191

TABLE III

192 193 194 195 196	Col. A	Col. B Percentage of Average Annual Payroll By Which	Col. C	Col. D	Col. E	Col.77	Col. G
197	Rate	Credits Exceed	Employ	er's			
198	Class	Charges	Rate				
199	(1)	0.0 to 6.0	4.5	4.0	3.5	3.0	2.0
200	(2)	6.0	4.1	3.6	3.1	2.6	1.6
201	(3)	7.0	3.9	3.4	2.9	2.4	1.4
202	(4)	8.0	3.7	3.2	2.7	2.2	1.2
203	(5)	9.0	3.5	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.0
204	(6)	10.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	0.8
205	(7)	10.5	3.1	2.6	2.1	1.6	0.6
206	(8)	11.0	2.9	2.4	1.9	1.4	0.4

207	(9)	11.5	2.7	2.2	1.7	1.2	0.2
208	(10)	12.0	2.5	2.0	1.5	1.0	0.0
209	(11)	12.5	2.3	1.8	1.3	0.8	0.0
210	(12)	13.0	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.6	0.0
211	(13)	14.0	1.9	1.4	0.9	0.4	0.0
212	(14)	16.0	1.7	1.2	0.7	0.2	0.0
213	(15)	18.0 and over	1.5	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.0

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
section, all employers' rates for the calendar year
beginning January first, one thousand nine hundred
ninety, and ending on the thirty-first day of December,
one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall be the amount
in Column D of Table II on line with the percentage in
Column B.

§21A-5-10a. Optional assessments on employers and employees.

1 (a) On and after the first day of July, one thousand 2 nine hundred eighty-seven, if the commissioner deter-3 mines for a given projected quarter that the rates 4 established under the provisions of section ten of this 5 article will not result in payments being made to the 6 unemployment compensation fund in an amount suffi-7 cient to finance the payment of benefits during such 8 quarter, the commissioner shall certify such fact to the 9 governor, and the governor shall, by executive order, direct the commissioner to establish a level of assess-10 11 ment for employees and employers in accordance with 12 the provisions of this section which is sufficient to prevent, to the extent possible, a deficit in the funds 13 14 available to pay benefits to eligible individuals.

15 (b) Pursuant to such executive order, every employer, contributing and reimbursable, subject to this chapter, 16 17 shall be required to withhold from all persons in his employment an assessment which shall be in an amount 18 not to exceed fifteen one-hundredths (15/100) of one 19 percent of an employee's gross wages, which amount, 20 together with an assessment contributed by the em-21 ployer in an amount as determined in accordance with 22 the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, except for 23 reimbursable employers who shall not be assessed, shall 24

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

[Ch. 185

25 be paid to the division of employment security on a 26 form prescribed by the commissioner, at the same time 27 and under the same conditions as the quarterly contri-28 bution payments required under the provisions of 29 section seven, article five, chapter twenty-one-a of this 30 code. The commissioner shall have the right to collect 31 any delinquent assessments under this section in the 32 same manner as provided for in section sixteen, article 33 five, chapter twenty-one-a of this code: and in addition. 34 any delinquency hereunder shall bear interest as set 35 forth in section seventeen, article five, chapter twenty-36 one-a of this code.

37 (c) The commissioner shall establish the exact 38 amounts of the employers' and employees' assessments 39 at a level sufficient to generate the revenues needed to 40 prevent a deficit which would otherwise result from the payment of benefits to eligible individuals, subject only 41 42 to the limitation established in the preceding subsection 43 (b) of this section. After determining the level of 44 assessment on the gross wages of employees, the 45 commissioner shall determine a rate of assessment to be 46 imposed upon employers, except reimbursable employ-47 ers, which rate shall be expressed as a percentage of 48 wages as defined in section three, article one of this chapter, and which is sufficient to cause the total 49 statewide assessment on such employers to equal the 50 51 total statewide assessment imposed upon employees.

52 Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to 53 the contrary, the solvency assessments on employers and 54 employees established by this section hereby terminate 55 on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred 56 ninety.

ARTICLE 6. EMPLOYEE ELIGIBILITY; BENEFITS.

§21A-6-3. Disqualification for benefits.

1 Upon the determination of the facts by the commis-2 sioner, an individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

- 3 (1) For the week in which he left his most recent work 4 voluntarily without good cause involving fault on the
- 5 part of the employer and until the individual returns to

6

7

employment at least thirty working days.

covered employment and has been employed in covered

8 For the purpose of this subdivision (1), an individual 9 shall not be deemed to have left his most recent work 10 voluntarily without good cause involving fault on the 11 part of the employer, if such individual leaves his most 12 recent work with an employer and if he in fact, within a fourteen-day calendar period, does return to employ-13 14 ment with the last preceding employer with whom he 15 was previously employed within the past year prior to 16 his return to work day, and which last preceding 17employer, after having previously employed such individual for thirty working days or more, laid off such 18 19 individual because of lack of work, which lavoff 20 occasioned the payment of benefits under this chapter 21 or could have occasioned the payment of benefits under 22this chapter had such individual applied for such 23 benefits. It is the intent of this paragraph to cause no 24 disqualification for benefits for such an individual who 25complies with the foregoing set of requirements and 26 conditions. Further, for the purpose of this subdivision, 27 an individual shall not be deemed to have left his most 28 recent work voluntarily without good cause involving 29 fault on the part of the employer, if such individual was 30 compelled to leave his work for his own health-related 31 reasons and presents certification from a licensed physician that his work aggravated. worsened, or will 32 33 worsen the individual's health problem.

(2) For the week in which he was discharged from his 34 most recent work for misconduct and the six weeks 35 immediately following such week; or for the week in 36 which he was discharged from his last thirty-day 37 employing unit for misconduct and the six weeks 38 immediately following such week. Such disgualification 39 shall carry a reduction in the maximum benefit amount 40 equal to six times the individual's weekly benefit. 41 42 However, if the claimant returns to work in covered employment for thirty days during his benefit year, 43 whether or not such days are consecutive, the maximum 44 benefit amount shall be increased by the amount of the 45

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

46 decrease imposed under the disqualification; except 47 that:

48 If he were discharged from his most recent work for 49 one of the following reasons, or if he were discharged 50 from his last thirty days employing unit for one of the 51 following reasons: Misconduct consisting of willful 52 destruction of his employer's property; assault upon the 53person of his employer or any employee of his employer; 54 if such assault is committed at such individual's place 55 of employment or in the course of employment; reporting to work in an intoxicated condition, or being 56 57 intoxicated while at work; reporting to work under the 58 influence of any controlled substance, or being under the 59 influence of any controlled substance while at work: arson, theft, larceny, fraud or embezzlement in connec-60 61 tion with his work; or any other gross misconduct; he 62 shall be and remain disqualified for benefits until he has 63 thereafter worked for at least thirty days in covered employment: Provided, That for the purpose of this 64 subdivision the words "any other gross misconduct" 65 shall include. but not be limited to, any act or acts of 66 67 misconduct where the individual has received prior 68 written warning that termination of employment may 69 result from such act or acts.

70 (3) For the week in which he failed without good 71 cause to apply for available, suitable work, accept 72 suitable work when offered, or return to his customary 73 self-employment when directed to do so by the commissioner, and for the four weeks which immediately follow 74 75 for such additional period as any offer of suitable work 76 shall continue open for his acceptance. Such disqualifi-77 cation shall carry a reduction in the maximum benefit 78 amount equal to four times the individual's weekly 79 benefit amount.

80 (4) For a week in which his total or partial unemploy81 ment is due to a stoppage of work which exists because
82 of a labor dispute at the factory, establishment or other
83 premises at which he was last employed, unless the
84 commissioner is satisfied that he (1) was not participat85 ing, financing, or directly interested in such dispute,
86 and (2) did not belong to a grade or class of workers who

35] UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

87 were participating, financing or directly interested in the labor dispute which resulted in the stoppage of 88 89 work. No disgualification under this subdivision shall be 90 imposed if the employees are required to accept wages. hours or conditions of employment substantially less 91 favorable than those prevailing for similar work in the 92 93 locality, or if employees are denied the right of collective 94 bargaining under generally prevailing conditions, or if an employer shuts down his plant or operation or 95 96 dismisses his employees in order to force wage reduction, changes in hours or working conditions. 97

98 For the purpose of this subdivision, if any stoppage 99 of work continues longer than four weeks after the 100 termination of the labor dispute which caused stoppage of work, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that 101 102 part of the stoppage of work which exists after said 103 period of four weeks after the termination of said labor 104 dispute did not exist because of said labor dispute; and 105 in such event the burden shall be upon the employer or 106 other interested party to show otherwise.

107 (5) For a week with respect to which he is receiving108 or has received:

109 (a) Wages in lieu of notice;

(b) Compensation for temporary total disability under
the workers' compensation law of any state or under a
similar law of the United States; or

(c) Unemployment compensation benefits under thelaws of the United States or any other state.

(6) For the week in which an individual has voluntarily quit employment to marry or to perform any marital,
parental or family duty, or to attend to his or her
personal business or affairs and until the individual
returns to covered employment and has been employed
in covered employment at least thirty working days.

121 (7) Benefits shall not be paid to any individual on the 122 basis of any services, substantially all of which consist 123 of participating in sports or athletic events or training 124 or preparing to so participate, for any week which 125 commences during the period between two successive 126 sport seasons (or similar periods) if such individual

[Ch. 185

127 performed such services in the first of such seasons (or
128 similar periods) and there is a reasonable assurance that
129 such individual will perform such services in the later
130 of such seasons (or similar periods).

131 (8) (a) Benefits shall not be paid on the basis of 132 services performed by an alien unless such alien is an 133 individual who was lawfully admitted for permanent 134 residence at the time such services were performed, was 135 lawfully present for purposes of performing such 136 services, or was permanently residing in the United 137 States under color of law at the time such services were 138 performed (including an alien who is lawfully present 139 in the United States as a result of the application of the 140 provisions of section 203(a)(7) or section 212(d)(5) of the 141 Immigration and Nationality Act): Provided. That any 142 modifications to the provisions of section 3304(a)(14) of 143 the federal unemployment tax act as provided by Public 144 Law 94-566 which specify other conditions or other effective date than stated herein for the denial of 145 benefits based on services performed by aliens and 146 147 which modifications are required to be implemented 148 under state law as a condition for full tax credit against 149 the tax imposed by the federal unemployment tax act 150 shall be deemed applicable under the provisions of this 151 section:

(b) Any data or information required of individuals
applying for benefits to determine whether benefits are
not payable to them because of their alien status shall
be uniformly required from all applicants for benefits;

(c) In the case of an individual whose application for
benefits would otherwise be approved, no determination
that benefits to such individual are not payable because
of his alien status shall be made except upon a preponderance of the evidence.

161 (9) For each week in which an individual is unem-162 ployed because, having voluntarily left employment to 163 attend a school, college, university or other educational 164 institution, he is attending such school, college, univer-165 sity or other educational institution, or is awaiting 166 entrance thereto or is awaiting the starting of a new term or session thereof, and until the individual returnsto covered employment.

169 (10) For each week in which he is unemployed 170 because of his request, or that of his duly authorized 171 agent, for a vacation period at a specified time that 172 would leave the employer no other alternative but to 173 suspend operations.

174 (11) For each week with respect to which he is receiving or has received benefits under Title II of the 175 176 social security act or similar payments under any act of 177 Congress and/or remuneration in the form of an annuity, pension or other retirement pay from a base 178 179 period and/or chargeable employer or from any trust or 180 fund contributed to by a base period and/or chargeable employer, the weekly benefit amount payable to such 181 182 individual for such week shall be reduced (but not below 183 zero) by the prorated weekly amount of said benefits, 184 payments and/or remuneration: Provided, That if such 185 amount of benefits is not a multiple of one dollar, it shall 186 be computed to the next lowest multiple of one dollar: 187 Provided, however, That there shall be no disgualifica-188 tion if in the individual's base period there are no wages 189 which were paid by the base period and/or chargeable 190 employer paying such remuneration, or by a fund into 191 which the employer has paid during said base period. 192 Claimant may be required to certify as to whether or 193 not he is receiving or has been receiving remuneration 194 in the form of an annuity, pension or other retirement 195 pay from a base period and/or chargeable employer or 196 from a trust fund contributed to by a base period and/or 197 chargeable employer.

198 (12) For each week in which and for fifty-two weeks 199 thereafter, beginning with the date of the decision, if the 200 commissioner finds such individual who within twentyfour calendar months immediately preceding such 201 202 decision, has made a false statement or representation 203knowing it to be false or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to obtain or increase any benefit or 204 205 payment under this article: Provided. That disgualification under this subdivision shall not preclude prosecu-206 tion under section seven, article ten of this chapter. 207

ARTICLE 8A. EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEBT FUNDS.

§21A-8A-8. Assessments; dedication of assessments; commissioner's authority to adjust assessments.

1 (a) On and after the first day of July, one thousand 2 nine hundred eighty-seven, every employer, contribut-3 ing and reimbursable, subject to this chapter, shall be 4 required to withhold from all persons in his employment 5 an assessment which shall be in an amount not to exceed thirty-five one-hundredths (35/100) of one percent of 6 7 said employee's gross wages, which amount, together 8 with an assessment contributed by the employer in an 9 amount as determined in accordance with the provisions 10 of subsection (b) of this section, except for reimbursable 11 employers who shall not be assessed, shall be paid to the 12 division of employment security on a form prescribed by 13 the commissioner, at the same time and under the same 14 conditions as the quarterly contribution payments 15 required under the provisions of section seven, article 16 five, chapter twenty-one-a of this code. The commis-17 sioner shall have the right to collect any delinquent 18 assessments under this section in the same manner as 19 provided for in section sixteen, article five, chapter 20 twenty-one-a of this code; and in addition, any delin-21 quency hereunder shall bear interest as set forth in 22 section seventeen, article five, chapter twenty-one-a of 23 this code.

24 (b) The commissioner shall establish the exact amounts of the employers' and employees' assessments 25 26 at a level sufficient to generate the revenues needed to 27 retire the bonds or notes issued pursuant to this article 28 and to pay deferred interest owed to the federal 29 government when due, subject only to the limitation 30 established in the preceding subsection (a) of this 31 section. After determining the level of assessment on the gross wages of employees, the commissioner shall 32 determine a rate of assessment to be imposed upon 33 34 employers, except reimbursable employers, which rate shall be expressed as a percentage of wages, as defined 35 in section three, article one of this chapter, except that 36 for purposes of this section such wages shall include all 37

38 of that part of the remuneration paid to an employee 39 that is less than twenty-one thousand dollars during any 40 calendar year, and which is sufficient to cause the total 41 statewide assessment on such employers to equal the 42 total statewide assessment imposed upon employees.

43 (c) The proceeds derived from the assessments pro-44 vided for in this section shall be placed in the special 45 nonrevolving revenue funds established pursuant to the 46 provisions of section two of this article to be held by the 47 commissioner separate and apart from all other funds 48 and accounts created under this chapter and the funds. 49 together with the interest derived therefrom, shall be 50 pledged and utilized only for the repayment of bonds or 51 notes issued under the provisions of this article and the 52payment of deferred interest owed to the federal 53government as the same becomes due. At such time as 54 there are no longer any bonds, notes or other evidences 55 of indebtedness outstanding which are payable from the 56 special nonrevolving revenue funds, any remaining 57 balance in these special accounts shall be paid into the 58 unemployment compensation trust fund. The commis-59 sioner may establish additional special accounts and 60 subaccounts with the employment security administra-61 tion fund for the purpose of identifying more precisely 62 the sources of payments into and disbursements from 63 the employment security administration fund.

64 (d) Prior to the beginning of any quarter during which bonds or notes authorized by this article will be 65 66 outstanding, the commissioner may adjust the amount 67 of the assessment set forth in subsection (a) of this section: however, the amount is never to exceed thirty-68 five one-hundredths (35/100) of one percent of each said 69 employee's gross wages. The assessment shall cease 70 71 when all the bonds or notes are repaid.

(e) Any employer or corporate officer if employer is a corporation, who fails to remit to the division of employment security the assessments provided for under this section shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand

,

dollars, or by imprisonment of not less than one year,or both.

ARTICLE 9. EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ADMINISTRATION FUND.

§21A-9-9. Reed Act appropriations.

(1) There is hereby appropriated out of funds made 1 2 available to this state under section 903 of the social 3 security act, as amended, the sum of one million, two hundred eighty-nine thousand, eight hundred thirty-4 5 nine dollars. or so much thereof as may be necessary, 6 to be used, for the purpose of property improvements 7 and/or automation enhancements of the unemployment 8 insurance or job service activities within the division of 9 employment security.

(2) No part of the money hereby appropriated may be
obligated after the expiration of the two-year period
beginning on the date of enactment of this act.

13 (3) The amount obligated pursuant to this act during 14 any twelve-month period beginning on the first day of July and ending on June thirtieth shall not exceed the 15 16 amount by which (a) the aggregate of the amounts 17 credited to the account of this state pursuant to section 18 903 of the social security act during such twelve-month period and the thirty-four preceding twelve-month 19 20 periods exceeds (b) the aggregate of the amounts 21 obligated for administration and paid out for benefits 22 and charged against the amounts credited to the account of this state during such thirty-five twelve-month 23 24 periods.

ARTICLE 10. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §21A-10-7. False representations; penalties.
- §21A-10-8. Recovery of benefits paid on misrepresentation; limitations.
- §21A-10-11. Requiring information; use of information; libel and slander actions prohibited.

§21A-10-19. Disclosure of information to child support agencies.

§21A-10-7. False representations; penalties.

1 A person who makes a false statement or representa-

- 2 tion knowing it to be false or who knowingly fails to
- 3 disclose a material fact in order to obtain or attempt to
- 4 obtain or increase a benefit, either for himself or

1492

5 another, under this chapter, or under an employment 6 security law of any other state or of the federal 7 government for either of which jurisdictions this state 8 is acting as an agent, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. 9 and, upon conviction, punished by a fine of not less than 10 one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars. 11 or by imprisonment for not longer than thirty days, or 12 both, and by full repayment of all benefits so obtained 13 fraudulently. Each false statement or representation, or 14 failure to disclose a material fact, shall constitute a 15 separate offense.

§21A-10-8. Recovery of benefits paid on misrepresentation; limitations.

1 A person who, by reason of nondisclosure or misre-2 presentation, either by himself or another (irrespective 3 of whether such nondisclosure or misrepresentation was 4 known or fraudulent), has received a sum as a benefit 5 under this chapter, shall either have such sum deducted 6 from a future benefit payable to him or shall repay to 7 the commissioner the amount which he has received. 8 Collection shall be made in the same manner as 9 collection of past-due payments against employers as set forth in section sixteen of article five of this chapter, 10 which specifically includes the institution of civil action 11 and collection procedures thereon enumerated in said 12 section: Provided. That such collection or deduction of 13 benefits shall be barred after the expiration of five 14 15 years, except for known or fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation which shall be barred after the 16 expiration of ten years, from the date of the filing of the 17 claim in connection with which such nondisclosure or 18 19 misrepresentation occurred.

§21A-10-11. Requiring information; use of information; libel and slander actions prohibited.

- 1 (a) The commissioner may require an employing unit
- 2 to provide sworn or unsworn reports concerning:
- 3 (1) The number of individuals in its employ.
- 4 (2) Individually their hours of labor.
- 5 (3) Individually the rate and amount of wages.

6 (4) Such other information as is reasonably connected 7 with the administration of this chapter.

8 (b) Information thus obtained shall not be published
9 or be open to public inspection so as to reveal the
10 identity of the employing unit or the individual.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of
this section, the commissioner may provide information
thus obtained to the following governmental entities for
purposes consistent with state and federal laws:

15 (1) The United States department of agriculture;

(2) The state agency responsible for enforcement of
the medicaid program under Title Nineteen of the social
security act;

(3) The United States department of health and
human services or any state or federal program
operating and approved under Title One, Title Two,
Title Ten, Title Fourteen or Title Sixteen of the social
security act;

(4) Those agencies of state government responsible for
economic and community development; secondary, postsecondary and vocational education; vocational rehabilitation, employment and training, including, but not
limited to, the administration of the perkins act and the
job training and partnership act;

30 (5) The tax division, but only for the purposes of 31 collection and enforcement;

32 (6) The division of labor for purposes of enforcing the
33 wage bond provisions of chapter twenty-one of this code;

34 (7) Any agency of this or any other state, or any
35 federal agency, charged with the administration of an
36 unemployment compensation law or the maintenance of
37 a system of public employment offices;

(8) Any claimant for benefits or any other interested
party to the extent necessary for the proper presentation
or defense of a claim.

41 (d) The agencies or organizations which receive 42 information under subsection (c) shall agree that such

Ch. 185] UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

information shall remain confidential so as not to reveal
the identity of the employing unit or the individual
consistent with the provisions of this chapter.

(e) The commissioner may, before furnishing any
information permitted under this section, require that
those who request the information shall reimburse the
division of employment security for any cost associated
therewith.

(f) The commissioner may refuse to provide any
information requested under this section if the agency
or organization making the request does not certify that
it will comply with the state and federal law protecting
the confidentiality of such information.

56 A person who violates the provisions of this section 57 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, 58 shall be fined not less than twenty dollars nor more than 59 two hundred dollars, or imprisoned not longer than 60 ninety days, or both.

61 No action for slander or libel, either criminal or civil, 62 shall be predicated upon information furnished by any 63 employer or any employee to the commissioner in 64 connection with the administration of any of the 65 provisions of this chapter.

§21A-10-19. Disclosure of information to child support agencies.

1 (1) The division of employment security shall disclose, 2 upon request, to officers or employees of any state or 3 local child support enforcement agency, to employees of 4 the secretary of health and human services, any wage 5 and benefit information with respect to an identified 6 individual which is contained in its records.

7 The term "state or local child support enforcement 8 agency" means any agency of a state or political 9 subdivision thereof operating pursuant to a plan 10 described in sections 453 and 454 of the social security 11 act, which has been approved by the secretary of health 12 and human services under Part D, Title IV of the social 13 security act.

......

1

UNIFORM STATE LAWS

(2) The requesting agency shall agree that such 14 15 information is to be used only for the purpose of establishing and collecting child support obligations 16 from, and locating, individuals owing such obligations 17 which are being enforced pursuant to a plan described 18 19 in sections 453 and 454 of the social security act which has been approved by the secretary of health and human 20 21 services under Part D. Title IV of the social security act.

(3) The information shall not be released unless the
requesting agency agrees to reimburse the costs
involved for furnishing such information.

(4) In addition to the requirements of this section, all
other requirements with respect to confidentiality of
information obtained in the administration of this
chapter and the sanctions imposed on improper disclosure shall apply to the use of such information by
officers and employees of child support agencies.

CHAPTER 186

(S. B. 62—By Senators Dittmar and Heck)

[Passed March 6, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one-a, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, relating to the commission on uniform state laws; and adding life members to the commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one-a, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1A. COMMISSION ON UNIFORM STATE LAWS.

§29-1A-2a. Life members.

1 In addition to the commissioners appointed and

VETERANS

2 serving pursuant to other provisions of this article, any 3 person who serves as a member of the commission for 4 twenty years and because of such years of service is 5 appointed by the national conference of commissioners on uniform state laws as a life member of such 6 conference shall remain as an additional member of the 7 commission, and shall have the same duties, responsibil-8 9 ities and privileges as any member of the commission appointed by the governor. 10

CHAPTER 187

(S. B. 615—Originating in the Committee on Government Organization)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter five-f of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to transferring the administration of the department of veterans' affairs and veterans' council from the department of health and human resources to the department of public safety.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter five-f of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. TRANSFER OF AGENCIES AND BOARDS.

*§5F-2-1. Transfer and incorporation of agencies and boards.

1 (a) The following agencies and boards, including all 2 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 3 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 4 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 5 administered as a part of the department of 6 administration:

7 (1) Building commission provided for in article six,8 chapter five of this code;

^{*}Clerk's Notes: §5F-2-1 was also amended by S. B. 147 (Chapter 66), which passed prior to this act.

VETERANS

9 (2) Records management and preservation advisory
10 committee provided for in article eight, chapter five of
11 this code;

(3) Public employees retirement system and board of
trustees provided for in article ten, chapter five of this
code;

(4) Public employees insurance agency and public
employees advisory board provided for in article sixteen,
chapter five of this code;

(5) Department of finance and administration and
council of finance and administration provided for in
article one, chapter five-a of this code;

21 (6) Employee suggestion award board provided for in
22 article one-a, chapter five-a of this code;

23 (7) Governor's mansion advisory committee provided
24 for in article five, chapter five-a of this code;

(8) Advisory commission to the information system
services division in the department of finance and
administration provided for in article seven, chapter
five-a of this code;

(9) Teachers retirement system and teachers' retirement board provided for in article seven-a, chapter
eighteen of this code;

32 (10) Commission on uniform state laws provided for
33 in article one-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

34 (11) Department of personnel of the civil service
35 system and the civil service commission provided for in
36 article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

37 (12) Education and state employees grievance board
38 provided for in article twenty-nine, chapter eighteen
39 and article six-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

40 (13) Board of risk and insurance management pro41 vided for in article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of this
42 code;

43 (14) Boundary commission provided for in article
44 twenty-three, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

45 (15) Public legal services council provided for in
46 article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
47 (16) Division of personnel which may be beyout the

47 (16) Division of personnel which may be hereafter48 created by the Legislature; and

49 (17) The West Virginia ethics commission which may50 be hereafter created by the Legislature.

51 (b) The following agencies and boards, including all 52 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 53 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 54 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 55 administered as a part of the department of commerce, 56 labor and environmental resources:

57 (1) Forest management review commission provided 58 for in article twenty-four, chapter five of this code;

59 (2) Department of commerce provided for in article60 one, chapter five-b of this code;

61 (3) Office of community and industrial development
62 provided for in article two, chapter five-b of this code;

63 (4) Enterprise zone authority provided for in article64 two-b, chapter five-b of this code;

(5) Office of federal procurement assistance provided
for in article two-c, chapter five-b of this code;

67 (6) Export development authority provided for in 68 article three, chapter five-b of this code;

69 (7) Labor-management council provided for in article70 four, chapter five-b of this code;

(8) Industry and jobs development corporation pro-vided for in article one, chapter five-c of this code;

(9) Public energy authority and board provided for inchapter five-d of this code;

(10) Air pollution control commission provided for inarticle twenty, chapter sixteen of this code;

(11) Resource recovery—solid waste disposal authority provided for in article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of
this code;

11111

Į

80 (12) Division of forestry and forestry commission
 81 provided for in article one-a, chapter nineteen of this
 82 code;

83 (13) Department of natural resources and natural
84 resources commission provided for in article one,
85 chapter twenty of this code;

86 (14) Water resources board provided for in article87 five, chapter twenty of this code;

88 (15) Water development authority and board provided
89 for in article five-c, chapter twenty of this code;

90 (16) Department of labor provided for in article one,91 chapter twenty-one of this code;

92 (17) Labor-management relations board provided for93 in article one-b, chapter twenty-one of this code;

94 (18) Public employees occupational safety and health
95 advisory board provided for in article three-a, chapter
96 twenty-one of this code;

97 (19) Minimum wage rate board provided for in article98 five-a, chapter twenty-one of this code;

99 (20) Board of manufactured housing construction and
100 safety provided for in article nine, chapter twenty-one
101 of this code;

102 (21) Department of energy provided for in article one,103 chapter twenty-two of this code;

104 (22) Reclamation board of review provided for in105 article four, chapter twenty-two of this code;

106 (23) Board of appeals provided for in article five,107 chapter twenty-two of this code;

108 (24) Board of coal mine health and safety and coal
109 mine safety and technical review committee provided
110 for in article six, chapter twenty-two of this code;

(25) Shallow gas well review board provided for inarticle seven, chapter twenty-two of this code;

(26) Oil and gas conservation commission provided forin article eight, chapter twenty-two of this code;

Ch. 187] VETERANS 1501 115 (27) Board of miner training, education and certification provided for in article nine, chapter twenty-two of 116 117 this code: 118 (28) Mine inspectors' examining board provided for in 119 article eleven, chapter twenty-two of this code: 120 (29) Oil and gas inspectors' examining board provided 121 for in article thirteen, chapter twenty-two of this code: 122 (30) Geological and economic survey provided for in 123 article two, chapter twenty-nine of this code: 124 (31) Blennerhassett historical park commission pro-125 vided for in article eight, chapter twenty-nine of this 126 code: 127 (32) Tourist train and transportation board provided 128 for in article twenty-four, chapter twenty-nine of this 129 code; 130 (33) Economic development authority provided for in article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code; 131 132 (34) Board of members of the forest industries 133 industrial foundation provided for in article sixteen, 134 chapter thirty-one of this code: 135 (35) Department of banking provided for in article 136 two. chapter thirty-one-a of this code: 137 (36) Board of banking and financial institutions 138 provided for in article three, chapter thirty-one-a of this 139 code; 140 (37) Consumer affairs advisory council provided for in 141 article seven, chapter forty-six-a of this code; and 142 (38) Lending and credit rate board provided for in chapter forty-seven-a of this code. 143 144 (c) The following agencies and boards, including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 145 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 146 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 147 administered as a part of the department of education 148 149 and the arts:

1502 VETERANS [Ch. 187 150 (1) Library commission provided for in article one, 151 chapter ten of this code: 152 (2) Educational broadcasting authority provided for 153 in article five, chapter ten of this code: 154 (3) Board of regents provided for in article twenty-six, 155 chapter eighteen of this code; and 156 (4) Department of culture and history, archives and 157 history commission and commission on the arts provided 158 for in article one, chapter twenty-nine of this code. 159 (d) The following agencies and boards, including all 160 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 161 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 162 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 163 administered as a part of the department of health and 164 human resources: 165 (1) Human rights commission provided for in article 166 eleven, chapter five of this code; 167 (2) Department of human services provided for in 168 article two, chapter nine of this code; 169 (3) Department of health and board of health pro-170 vided for in article one, chapter sixteen of this code; 171 (4) Health care planning council provided for in 172 article two-d, chapter sixteen of this code: 173 (5) Office of emergency medical services and advisory 174 council thereto provided for in article four-c, chapter 175 sixteen of this code: 176 (6) Continuum of care board for the elderly, disabled and terminally ill provided for in article five-d, chapter 177 178 sixteen of this code: 179 (7) Hospital finance authority provided for in article 180 twenty-nine-a, chapter sixteen of this code; 181 (8) Health care cost review authority provided for in 182 article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of this code; (9) Structural barriers compliance board provided for 183 in article ten-f, chapter eighteen of this code; 184

(10) Department of employment security, state advisory council thereto and board of review provided for
in chapter twenty-one-a of this code:

(11) Office of workers' compensation commissioner,
advisory board thereto and workers' compensation
appeal board provided for in chapter twenty-three of
this code;

(12) Commission on aging provided for in articlefourteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

(13) Commission on mental retardation and advisory
committee thereto provided for in article fifteen,
chapter twenty-nine of this code;

(14) Women's commission provided for in articletwenty, chapter twenty-nine of this code; and

199 (15) Commission on children and youth provided for 200 in article six-c, chapter forty-nine of this code.

(e) The following agencies and boards, including all
of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and
funds associated with any such agency or board, are
hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be
administered as a part of the department of public
safety:

207 (1) Adjutant general's department provided for in 208 article one-a, chapter fifteen of this code;

209 (2) Armory board provided for in article six, chapter210 fifteen of this code;

(3) Military awards board provided for in article one-g, chapter fifteen of this code;

(4) Department of public safety and commission on
drunk driving prevention provided for in article two,
chapter fifteen of this code;

(5) Office of emergency services and emergency
services advisory council provided for in article five,
chapter fifteen of this code;

(6) Sheriffs' bureau provided for in article eight,chapter fifteen of this code;

1504 VETERANS [Ch. 187 221 (7) Department of corrections provided for in chapter 222 twenty-five of this code: 223 (8) Fire commission and state fire administrator 224 provided for in article three, chapter twenty-nine of this 225 code: 226 (9) Regional jail and prison authority provided for in 227 article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this code: 228 (10) Board of probation and parole provided for in 229 article twelve, chapter sixty-two of this code: and 230 (11) Department of veterans' affairs and veterans' 231council provided for in article one, chapter nine-a of this 232 code. 233 (f) The following agencies and boards, including all of 234 the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 235 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 236 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 237 administered as a part of the department of tax and 238 revenue: 239 (1) Tax department provided for in article one, 240 chapter eleven of this code: 241 (2) Appraisal control and review commission provided for in article one-a, chapter eleven of this code; 242 243 (3) Office of nonintoxicating beer commissioner 244 provided for in article sixteen, chapter eleven of this 245 code: 246 (4) Board of investments provided for in article six, 247 chapter twelve of this code: 248 (5) Municipal bond commission provided for in article 249 three, chapter thirteen of this code: 250 (6) Racing commission provided for in article twenty-251 three, chapter nineteen of this code; 252 (7) Lottery commission and position of lottery director 253 provided for in article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine 254 of this code: (8) Agency of insurance commissioner provided for in 255 article two, chapter thirty-three of this code; 256

VETERANS

(9) Office of alcohol beverage control commissioner
provided for in article two, chapter sixty of this code;
and

(10) Division of professional and occupational licenseswhich may be hereafter created by the Legislature.

262 (g) The following agencies and boards, including all 263 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 264 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 265 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 266 administered as a part of the department of 267 transportation:

268 (1) Road commission provided for in article two,269 chapter seventeen of this code;

(2) Department of highways provided for in articletwo-a, chapter seventeen of this code;

(3) Turnpike commission provided for in articlesixteen-a, chapter seventeen of this code;

(4) Department of motor vehicles provided for inarticle two, chapter seventeen-a of this code;

(5) Driver's licensing advisory board provided for inarticle two, chapter seventeen-b of this code;

(6) Motorcycle safety standards and specifications
board provided for in article fifteen, chapter seventeenc of this code;

(7) Aeronautics commission provided for in article
two-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

(8) Railroad maintenance authority provided for inarticle eighteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code; and

(9) Port authority which may be hereafter created bythe Legislature.

(h) Except for such powers, authority and duties as have been delegated to the secretaries of the departments by the provisions of section two of this article, the existence of the position of administrator and of the agency and the powers, authority and duties of each administrator and agency shall not be affected by the enactment of this chapter.

294 (i) Except for such powers, authority and duties as

295have been delegated to the secretaries of the depart-296 ments by the provisions of section two of this article, the 297 existence, powers, authority and duties of boards and the membership, terms and qualifications of members 298299 of such boards shall not be affected by the enactment 300 of this chapter, and all boards which are appellate 301 bodies or were otherwise established to be independent 302 decision-makers shall not have their appellate or 303 independent decision-making status affected by the 304 enactment of this chapter.

305 (i) Wherever elsewhere in this code, in any act, in 306 general or other law, in any rule or regulation, or in any 307 ordinance, resolution or order, reference is made to any 308 department transferred to and incorporated in a 309 department created in section two, article one of this 310 chapter, such reference shall henceforth be read. 311 construed and understood to mean a division of the 312 appropriate department so created, and any such reference elsewhere to a division of a department so 313 314 transferred and incorporated shall henceforth be read. 315 construed and understood to mean a section of the 316 appropriate division of the department so created.

(k) The crime victims compensation fund provided for
in article two-a, chapter fourteen of this code, including
all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities
and funds associated therewith is hereby transferred to
and incorporated in and shall be administered as a part
of the court of claims.

(1) The department of veterans' affairs and veterans'
council provided for in article one, chapter nine-a of this
code, including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or
related entities and funds associated therewith is hereby
transferred to and incorporated in and shall be administered as a part of the department of public safety.

CHAPTER 188

(H. B. 4769-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Houvouras)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter nine-a of the code of West Virginia, one VETERANS

thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to state homes for veterans.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter nine-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. STATE HOMES FOR VETERANS.

§9A-2-1. State homes for veterans.

1 In consultation with the governor and other approp-2 riate state agencies, the division of veterans' affairs shall 3 establish and maintain throughout the state a home or 4 homes for qualified veterans. The present Soldiers 5 Home at Weston State Hospital shall be reidentified as 6 Veterans Unit of Weston State Hospital and continued $\overline{7}$ as formerly constituted. As used in this article the term 8 "qualified veteran" means a veteran as determined by 9 the division of veterans' affairs, who: (a) Is ambulatory 10 and is able to attend to his personal needs, dress himself 11 and attend a general mess; (b) served on active duty in 12 the armed forces of the United States of America or a 13 nation allied therewith: and (c) was discharged or 14 separated with an honorable discharge or with a general 15 discharge under honorable conditions.

16 A veteran who meets conditions (b) and (c) but due 17 to worsening conditions of health cannot meet condition 18 (a), and therefore requires a higher level of health care, 19 shall be deemed a qualified veteran.

20 Any individual enlisting for the first time on or after 21 the eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty, who fails to complete at least twenty-four months 22 of his enlistment is not eligible for any right, privilege 23 24 or benefit for which eligibility is based on active duty in the armed forces. This provision does not apply when 25 a person (a) is discharged because of hardship, (b) is 26 retired or separated because of disability or (c) is later 27 determined to have a service connected disability 28 incurred during a completed period of enlistment. 29

30 In the event that a residential vacancy exists at any

[Ch. 189

31 veterans home or facility created and established 32 pursuant to this article, a veteran who has been a 33 resident of the state of West Virginia for one year or 34 more prior to filing for admission shall be given 35 preference in filling such residential vacancy over 36 nonresident veterans.



(Com. Sub. for S. B. 559—By Senators Jones, Heck, Burdette, Mr. President, Brackenrich, Craigo, Dittmar, Blatnik, Chernenko, Tomblin, Jackson and Spears)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article sixteen-c, relating to creation of the West Virginia wayport authority; board of directors; members; officers; qualifications; terms; oath; compensation; quorum; delegation of power; executive director; purpose of authority; transportation development; definitions; powers and duties of authority; wayport revenue bonds; and special West Virginia wayport authority operations fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article sixteen-c, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 17. ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

ARTICLE 16C. WAYPORT AUTHORITY.

- §17-16C-1. Creation of authority.
- §17-16C-2. Board of directors; members; officers; qualifications; terms; oath; compensation; quorum and delegation of power.
- §17-16C-3. Executive director.
- §17-16C-4. Purposes of authority; transportation development.
- §17-16C-5. Definitions.
- §17-16C-6. Powers and duties of authority.
- §17-16C-7. Wayport revenue bonds-Generally.

Ch. 189]

- \$17-16C-8. Wayport revenue bonds—Trust agreements.
- §17-16C-9. Tolls, rents, fees, charges and revenues.
- §17-16C-10. Trust funds.
- §17-16C-11. Remedies.
- §17-16C-12. Exemption from taxes.
- §17-16C-13. Preliminary expenses.
- §17-16C-14. Wayport revenue refunding bonds-Generally.
- §17-16C-15. Special West Virginia Wayport Authority operations fund.
- §17-16C-16. Severability.

§17-16C-1. Creation of authority.

- 1 The West Virginia Wayport Authority is hereby
- 2 created and shall be under the supervision of the
- 3 secretary of transportation pursuant to the provisions of
- 4 chapter five-f of this code.

§17-16C-2. Board of directors; members; officers; qualifications; terms; oath; compensation; quorum and delegation of power.

1 (a) The governing and administrative powers of the 2 authority shall be vested in a board of directors consisting of seven members, including the transporta-3 4 tion secretary, or his or her designee, who shall serve 5 as the chairman of the wayport authority, and six 6 individuals shall be appointed by the governor with the 7 advice and consent of the Senate: Provided. That no 8 more than four members shall be members of the same 9 political party.

10 All directors of the authority shall be residents of the 11 state of West Virginia.

12 The directors shall annually elect one of their 13 members as vice chairman, one as secretary and one as 14 treasurer. The board may elect such other officers from 15 its membership or from its staff as it deems proper, and 16 prescribe their powers and duties. Appointments to fill 17 a vacancy of one of the appointed members shall be 18 made in the same manner as the original appointment.

(b) All appointed members of the board shall be from
the private sector, with one member of the board from
each congressional district of the state as of the effective
date of this article, and shall represent the public
interest generally. At least one member may be

appointed that has recognized ability and practical
experience in transportation. At least one member may
be appointed that has recognized ability and practical
experience in banking and finance. At least one member
may be appointed that has recognized ability and
practical experience in accounting.

30 (c) The governor shall appoint two members of the 31 board whose terms shall expire on the first day of July. one thousand nine hundred ninety-one: two members of 32 33 the board whose term shall expire on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two; two 3435 members of the board whose term shall expire on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-36 37 three. Their respective successors shall be appointed for 38 terms of three years from the first day of July of the 39 year of appointment. Each member shall serve until his 40 successor is appointed and qualified.

(d) Each director, before entering upon the duties of
the board, shall take and subscribe to the oath or
affirmation required by the West Virginia constitution.
A record of each such oath or affirmation shall be filed
in the office of the secretary of state.

46 (e) Members of the board shall not be entitled to
47 compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed
48 for all necessary expenses actually incurred in connec49 tion with the performance of their duties as members.

50 (f) Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum and the affirmative vote of the majority of 51 members present at a meeting of the board shall be 5253 necessary and sufficient for any action taken by the board, except that the affirmative vote of at least four 54 members is required for the approval of any resolution 55 authorizing the issuance of any wayport bonds pursuant 56 57 to this article.

(g) No vacancy in the membership or the board impairs the right of a quorum to exercise all rights and perform all duties of the board. Any action taken by the board may be authorized by resolution at any regular or special meeting and shall take effect upon the date the chairman certifies the action of the authority by affixing his or her signature to the resolution unlesssome other date is otherwise provided in the resolution.

66 (h) The board may delegate to one or more of its 67 members or to its officials, agents or employees such 68 powers and duties as it may deem proper.

§17-16C-3. Executive director.

1 The executive director of the West Virginia Public

2 Port Authority shall serve as the executive director of

3 the wayport authority pursuant to article sixteen-b of

4 this chapter.

17-16C-4. Purposes of authority; transportation development.

1 The Legislature finds that the state of West Virginia 2 must look to new opportunities to expand and diversify 3 its economy; that there exists a continuing need for 4 gainful employment for the citizens of this state and that 5 innovative concepts must be explored in order for the 6 state of West Virginia to maintain our competitive edge 7 with the rest of the world.

8 The Legislature further finds that transportation is 9 about to enter a new era. The Legislature finds that to 10 ensure our global competitiveness, to successfully 11 provide for the demands of our domestic economy, to 12 maintain our military defense readiness, our transpor-13 tation system must be renewed with the future in mind.

14 The Legislature further finds that America's unity 15 and vitality are inextricably entwined with the growth 16 of transportation. The Legislature finds that annual 17 expenditures for transportation products and services in 18 the United States total nearly eight hundred billion 19 dollars and therefore, that growth and demand for 20 transportation services parallels economic activity.

The Legislature further finds that as the national economy grows, so will the demand for transportation services and transportation-related products. The Legislature finds that higher levels of economic activity will mean more jobs, more goods to be shipped, higher incomes and greater demand for travel. The Legislature finds that continuation of this trend will affect the total demand for freight transportation and alter the patternof commodity movements.

30 The Legislature further finds that one of the new. 31 innovative proposals being investigated is the creation 32 of wayports. The Legislature finds that if it is to keep 33 and attract industry, it should explore the concept of the 34 wayport, that is an airport located in a rural area, used primarily as a location at which passengers and cargo 35 36 may be transferred between connecting flights of air 37 carriers engaged in commerce. The Legislature finds 38 that there exists substantial economic benefits to new 39 airports: Economic activity attracts growth industry to 40 the area; the property values increase; transportation 41 centers develop and businesses will go where they can 42 go in an efficient manner.

43 The Legislature further finds that Congress has 44 introduced two bills that "provide for the establishment 45 of a revolving loan fund for the development of wayports and to establish a commission to propose areas suitable 46 for the locations of such wayports". The Legislature 47 48 finds that these bills allow for the creation of a wayport 49 revolving loan fund, with authorization of appropria-50 tions from unobligated amounts in the airport and 51 airway trust fund.

52 The Legislature further finds that it would be to the 53 benefit of the people and the state of West Virginia to 54 pursue the opportunity of identifying potential sites for 55 a wayport designation. The Legislature finds that the 56 creation of a West Virginia Wayport Authority could 57 assist and develop in the application and location of a 58 wayport in West Virginia.

59 The Legislature further finds that it is a corollary 60 purpose of the wayport authority to coordinate and 61 cooperate with the public port authority to keep and 62 attract industry, to provide for a modern and efficient 63 transportation infrastructure that will allow and 64 facilitate business to compete on a regional, national and 65 international basis.

§17-16C-5. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, the following words and terms 2 shall have the following meanings, unless the context 3 shall indicate another or different meaning or intent:

4 (a) The word "authority" means the West Virginia 5 Wayport Authority as created by section one of this 6 article.

7 (b) The words "operation fund" means the special
8 West Virginia Wayport Authority operation fund as
9 created by section seven of this article.

10 (c) The word "wayport" means an airport used 11 primarily as a location at which passengers and cargo 12 may be transferred between connecting flights of air 13 carriers engaged in air commerce; but also allows 14 passengers to initiate and terminate flights, and 15 shipments of cargo to originate and terminate at said 16 airport or similar type facility.

(d) The words "wayport development" means any
activities which are undertaken with respect to a
wayport by a wayport authority.

§17-16C-6. Powers and duties of authority.

1 The authority is granted the following powers and 2 duties:

3 (1) The authority is hereby designated and empo4 wered to act on behalf of the state on submitting a siting
5 proposal for a wayport.

6 (2) The authority is empowered to take all steps 7 appropriate and necessary to effect siting, development, 8 and operation of a wayport within the state.

9 (3) To adopt bylaws for the regulations of its affairs 10 and the conduct of its business.

11 (4) To adopt an official seal and alter the same at 12 pleasure.

(5) To maintain an office at such place or placeswithin the state as it may designate.

15 (6) The powers of a body corporate, including the 16 power to sue and be sued. 17 (7) To construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain,
18 repair and operate infrastructure projects at the
19 designated wayport site as determined by the wayport
20 authority.

(8) To enter into agreements, contracts or other
transactions with any federal, state, county, municipal
agency or private entity.

(9) To receive and accept from any federal agency
grants for or in aid of the construction of any project,
and to receive and accept aid or contributions from any
sources of either money, property, labor or other things
of value, to be held, used and applied only for the
purposes for which such grants and contributions may
be made.

31 (10) The wayport authority is authorized and empo-32 wered to acquire by purchase, whenever it shall deem 33 such purchase expedient, any land, property, rights, rights-of-way, franchises, easements and other interests 34 in lands as it may deem necessary or convenient for the 35 36 construction or operation of any project upon such terms 37 and at such price as may be considered by it to be 38 reasonable and to take title in the name of the state; and 39 for the purpose of acquiring any lands, rights or 40 easements deemed necessary or incidental for the 41 purposes of the wayport authority, the authority has the 42 right of eminent domain to the same extent and to be 43 exercised in the same manner as now or hereafter 44 provided by law for such right of eminent domain by cities, incorporated towns, and other municipal 45 46 corporations.

47 (11) If the state is selected as a site for a wayport, the authority is hereby designated and empowered to act on 48 behalf of the state and to represent the state in the 49 planning, financing, development, construction and 50 operation of the project or any facility related to the 51 52 project, with the concurrence of the affected public agency. Other state agencies and local governmental 53 entities in this state, including the West Virginia 54 housing development fund, shall cooperate to the fullest 55 extent the authority deems appropriate to effectuate the 56

57 duties of the authority. If requested to do so by the authority, the West Virginia housing development fund 58 shall, subject to the provisions of article eighteen. 59 chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one 60 61 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, including without limitation the approval of its board of 62 63 directors, issue or use its best efforts to issue, either in its own name or on behalf of the authority, such bonds 64 65 and notes as may be required to finance the planning. 66 development, construction and operation of a project or 67 any facility related to a project. In the event such bonds 68 or notes are issued by the West Virginia housing 69 development fund, the authority shall enter into all such 70 agreements as the West Virginia housing development fund may determine are necessary to pledge revenues 71 from projects or other funds of the authority sufficient 72 73 to pay such bonds and notes and to pay all related fees. 74 costs and expenses.

(12) The authority shall initiate meetings with local
and area wayport committees in the development of a
possible wayport site designation. The authority shall
seek coordination, cooperation, and feasibility studies
from local and area wayport committees.

(13) The authority shall take affirmative steps to
coordinate freely all aspects of the submission of a siting
proposal for the wayport project, and if the state is
selected as a site, to coordinate fully the development of
the project or any facility related to the project with the
federal government agency.

(14) To do any and all things necessary to carry out
and accomplish the purposes of this article, including
issuing wayport revenue bonds or requesting other
appropriate state agencies to issue and administer
wayport revenue bonds to finance wayport projects.

§17-16C-7. Wayport revenue bonds-Generally.

1 The wayport authority is hereby authorized to provide 2 by resolution at one time or from time to time, for the 3 issuance of wayport revenue bonds of the state for the 4 purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of one or 5 more wayport projects. The principal of and the interest

6 on such bonds shall be payable solely from the funds 7 herein provided for such payment. The bonds of each 8 issue shall be dated, shall bear interest at such rate or 9 rates as may be determined by the authority in its sole 10 discretion, shall mature at such time or times not exceeding forty years from their date or dates, as may 11 be determined by the authority, and may be made 12 redeemable before maturity, at the option of the 13 wayport authority, at such price or prices and under 14 15 such terms and conditions as may be fixed by the 16 wayport authority prior to the issuance of the bonds. The 17 wayport authority shall determine the form of the 18 bonds, including any interest coupons to be attached thereto, and shall fix the denomination or denominations 19 of the bonds and the place or places of payment of 2021 principal and interest, which may be at any bank or 22 trust company within or without the state. The bonds 23 shall be executed by manual or facsimile signature by the governor and by the chairman of the wayport 24 25authority, and the official seal of the wayport authority 26 shall be affixed to or printed on each bond, and attested, 27 manually or by facsimile signature, by the secretary of 28 the wayport authority, and any coupons attached to any 29 bond shall bear the manual or facsimile signature of the 30 chairman of the wayport authority. In case any officer 31 whose signature or a facsimile of whose signature appears on any bonds or coupons shall cease to be such 32 33 officer before the delivery of such bonds, such signature 34 or facsimile shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for 35 all purposes the same as if he had remained in office 36 until such delivery; and, in case the seal of the wayport 37 authority has been changed after a facsimile has been 38 imprinted on such bonds, such facsimile seal will 39 continue to be sufficient for all purposes. All bonds 40 issued under the provisions of this article shall have and 41 are hereby declared to have all the qualities and 42 incidents of negotiable instruments under the negotiable 43 instruments law of the state. The bonds may be issued in coupon or in registered form, or both, as the wayport 44 authority may determine, and provision may be made 45 for the registration of any coupon bonds as to principal 46 47 alone and also as to both principal and interest, and for

101

48 the reconversion into coupon bonds of any bonds 49 registered as to both principal and interest. The wayport 50 authority may sell such bonds in such manner, either at 51 public or at private sale, and for such price as it may 52 determine to be in the best interests of the state.

53 The proceeds of the bonds of each issue shall be used 54 solely for the payment of the cost of the wayport 55 authority project or projects for which such bonds shall 56 have been issued, and shall be disbursed in such manner and under such restrictions, if any, as the wayport 57 58 authority may provide in the resolution authorizing the 59 issuance of such bonds or in the trust agreement hereinafter mentioned securing the same. If the pro-60 ceeds of the bonds of any issue, by error of estimates or 61 62 otherwise, shall be less than such cost, additional 63 wayport bonds may in like manner be used to provide 64 the amount of such deficit, and, unless otherwise 65 provided in the resolution authorizing the issuance of 66 such bonds or in the trust agreement securing the same. 67 shall be deemed to be of the same issue and shall be 68 entitled to payment from the same fund without 69 preference or priority of the bonds first issued. If the 70 proceeds of the bonds of any issue shall exceed the cost 71 of the project or projects for which the same shall have been issued, the surplus shall be deposited to the credit 72 73 of the sinking fund for such bonds.

Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the 74 wayport authority may, under like restrictions, issue 75 interim receipts or temporary bonds, with or without 76 coupons, exchangeable for definitive bonds when such 77 bonds shall have been executed and are available for 78 delivery. The wayport authority may also provide for the 79 replacement of any bonds which shall become mutilated 80 or shall be destroyed or lost. Bonds may be issued under 81 the provisions of this article without obtaining the 82 83 consent of any department, division, commission, board, bureau or agency of the state, and without any other 84 proceedings or the happening of any other conditions or 85 things than those proceedings, conditions or things 86 which are specifically required by this article. 87

§17-16C-8. Wayport revenue bonds-Trust agreements.

1 In the discretion of the wayport authority any wayport 2 bonds issued under the provisions of this article may be 3 secured by a trust agreement by and between the 4 wayport authority and a corporate trustee, which may 5 be any trust company or bank having the powers of a 6 trust company within or without the state. Any such 7 trust agreement may pledge or assign the tolls, rents. 8 fees, charges and other revenues to be received, but shall 9 not convey or mortgage any project or any part thereof. Any such trust agreement or any resolution providing 10 11 for the issuance of such bonds may contain such 12 provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bondholders as may be reasonable and 13 proper and not in violation of law, including covenants 14 15 setting forth the duties of the wavport authority in 16 relation to the acquisition of property and the construc-17 tion, reconstruction, improvement, maintenance, repair, operation and insurance of the project or projects in 18 connection with which such bonds shall have been 19 20 authorized, and the custody, safeguarding and applica-21 tion of all moneys, and provisions for the employment 22 of consulting engineers in connection with the construc-23 tion or operation of such project or projects. It shall be lawful for any bank or trust company incorporated 24 25 under the laws of the state which may act as depository 26 of the proceeds of bonds or of revenues to furnish such 27 indemnifying bonds or to pledge such securities as may 28 be required by the wayport authority. Any such trust 29 agreement may set forth the rights and remedies of the bondholders and of the trustee, and may restrict the 30 31 individual right of action by bondholders as is custom-32 ary in trust agreements securing bonds and debentures 33 of corporations. In addition to the foregoing, any such trust agreement may contain such other provisions as 34 the wayport authority may deem reasonable and proper 35 for the security of the bondholders. All expenses 36 incurred in carrying out the provisions of any such trust 37 38 agreement may be treated as a part of the cost of the operation of the project or projects to which the trust 39 40 agreement applies.

Ch. 189]

§17-16C-9. Tolls, rents, fees, charges and revenues.

1 (a) The wayport authority is hereby authorized to fix. 2 revise, charge and collect tolls for the use of each 3 wayport project and the different parts or sections thereof, and to fix, revise, charge and collect rents, fees, 4 5 charges and other revenues, of whatever kind or 6 character, for the use of each economic development 7 project or tourism project, or any part or section thereof. 8 and to contract with any person, partnership, association 9 or corporation desiring the use of any part thereof. 10 including the right-of-way adjoining the paved portion. for placing thereon telephone, telegraph, electric light. 11 12 power or other utility lines, gas stations, garages, stores, hotels, restaurants and advertising signs, or for any 13 14 other purpose, and to fix the terms, conditions, rents and rates of charges for such use. Such tolls, rents, fees and 15 charges shall be so fixed and adjusted in respect of the 16 17 aggregate of tolls, or in respect of the aggregate rents. fees and charges, from the project or projects in 18 19 connection with which the bonds of any issue shall have 20 been issued as to provide a fund sufficient with other revenues, if any, to pay (A) the cost of maintaining, 21 repairing and operating such project or projects and (B) 22 the principal of and the interest on such bonds as the 23 same shall become due and payable, and to create 24 25reserves for such purposes. Such tolls, rents, fees and other charges shall not be subject to supervision or 26 regulation by any other commission, board, bureau, 27 department or agency of the state. The tolls, rents, fees, 28 charges and all other revenues derived from the project 29 or projects in connection with which the bonds of any 30 issue shall have been issued, except such part thereof as 31 may be necessary to pay such cost of maintenance. 32 repair and operation and to provide such reserves 33 therefor as may be provided for in the resolution 34 authorizing the issuance of such bonds or in the trust 35 agreement securing the same shall be set aside at such 36 regular intervals as may be provided in such resolution 37 or such trust agreement in a sinking fund which is 38 hereby pledged to, and charged with, the payment of (1) 39 the interest upon such bonds as such interest shall fall 40

41 due, (2) the principal of such bonds as the same shall 42 fall due, (3) the necessary charges of paying agents for 43 paying principal and interest and (4) the redemption 44 price or the purchase price of bonds retired by call or 45 purchase as therein provided. The use and disposition 46 of moneys to the credit of such sinking fund shall be 47 subject to the provisions of the resolution authorizing the 48 issuance of such wayport bonds or of such trust agreement. Except as may otherwise be provided in 49 such resolution or such trust agreement, such sinking 50 fund shall be a fund for all such bonds without 51 52distinction or priority of one over another. The moneys 53in the sinking fund, less such reserve as may be 54 provided in such resolution or trust agreement, if not 55 used within a reasonable time for the purchase of bonds 56 for cancellation as above provided, shall be applied to 57 the redemption of bonds at the redemption price then 58 applicable.

§17-16C-10. Trust funds.

All moneys received pursuant to the authority of this 1 2 article, whether as proceeds from the sale of bonds or 3 as revenues, shall be deemed to be trust funds, to be held 4 and applied solely as provided in this article. The resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds of any issue 5 6 of the trust agreement securing such bonds shall provide that any officer to whom, or any bank or trust company 7 8 to which, such moneys shall be paid shall act as trustee 9 of such moneys and shall hold and apply the same for the purposes hereof, subject to such regulations as this 10 article and such resolution or trust agreement may 11 12 provide.

§17-16C-11. Remedies.

Any holder of bonds issued under the provisions of this 1 2 article or any of the coupons appertaining thereto, and 3 the trustee under any trust agreement, except to the extent the rights herein given may be restricted by such 4 trust agreement, may either at law or in equity, by suit, 5 action, mandamus or other proceeding, protect and 6 enforce any and all rights under the laws of the state 7 or granted hereunder or under such trust agreement or 8

r

9 the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds, 10 and may enforce and compel the performance of all 11 duties required by this article or by such trust agree-12 ment or resolution to be performed by the wayport 13 authority or by any officer thereof, including the fixing, 14 charging and collecting of tolls, rents, fees and charges.

§17-16C-12. Exemption from taxes.

1 (a) The exercise of the powers granted by this article 2 will be in all respects for the benefit of the people of 3 the state, for the increase of their commerce and 4 prosperity, and for the improvement of their health and 5 living conditions, and as the operation and maintenance of projects by the wayport authority will constitute the 6 7 performance of essential governmental functions, the 8 wayport authority shall not be required to pay any taxes 9 or assessments upon any project or any property acquired or used by the wayport authority under the 10 provisions of this article or upon the income therefrom, 11 12 and the bonds issued under the provisions of this article, their transfer and the income therefrom (including any 13 14 profit made on the sale thereof) shall at all times be free 15 from taxation within the state.

16 (b) In lieu of payment by the wayport authority of county property taxes and other assessments on facilities 17 18 owned by it, or upon any facility which is leased to any 19 private person, corporation, or entity, the wayport authority shall make an annual payment as provided 20 herein to the county commission of such county. Any 21 22 wayport authority project which is leased and is exempt from taxation shall be subject to a payment in lieu of 23 taxes. Said payment shall be made to the county 24 commission of the county in which the project is located 25 and shall be in an amount equal to the property taxes 26 otherwise pavable. The county commission receiving 27 such in lieu of payment shall distribute such payment 28 to the different levying bodies in that county in the same 29 manner as are property taxes. Nothing contained herein 30 may be construed to prohibit the wayport authority 31from collecting such in lieu of payment from any private 32 party by contract or otherwise. 33

§17-16C-13. Preliminary expenses.

1 The secretary of transportation is hereby authorized. 2 in his or her discretion, to expend out of any funds available for the purpose, such moneys as may be 3 necessary for the study of any wayport economic 4 5 development or tourism project or projects and to use the division of highway's engineering and other forces. 6 7 including consulting engineers and traffic engineers, for 8 the purpose of effecting such study and to pay for such 9 additional engineering and traffic and other expert 10 studies as he may deem expedient; and all such expenses 11 incurred by the state department of transportation and the state division of highways prior to the issuance of 12 wayport revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds 13 14 under the provisions of this article shall be paid by the 15 state division of highways or the state department of 16 transportation and charged to the appropriate project or projects, and the state division of highways and the state 17 18 department of transportation shall keep proper records and accounts showing each amount so charged. Upon 19 20 the sale of wayport revenue bonds or revenue refunding 21 bonds for any wayport project or projects, the funds so 22 expended by the state division of highways or the state 23 department of transportation in connection with such 24 project or projects shall be reimbursed to the state division of highways and the state department of 25 26 transportation from the proceeds of such bonds.

§17-16C-14. Wayport revenue refunding bonds— Generally.

The wayport authority is hereby authorized to provide 1 by resolution for the issuance of wayport revenue 2 refunding bonds of the state for the purpose of refund-3 ing any bonds then outstanding which shall have been 4 issued under the provisions of this article, including the 5 payment of any redemption premium thereon and any 6 interest accrued or to accrue to the date of redemption 7 of such bonds; and if deemed advisable by the wayport 8 authority, for the additional purpose of constructing 9 improvements, extensions or enlargements of the project 10

1522

11 or projects in connection with which the bonds to be 12 refunded shall have been issued.

13 The wayport authority is further authorized to 14 provide by resolution for the issuance of wavport 15 refunding revenue bonds of the state for the combined 16 purpose of two or more of the following: (a) Refunding 17 any wayport bonds then outstanding which shall have 18 been issued under the provisions of this article, includ-19 ing the payment of any redemption premium thereon 20 and any interest accrued or to accrue to the date of 21 redemption of such bonds and (b) paying all or any part 22 of the cost of any additional wayport project or projects.

The issuance of such bonds, the maturities and other details thereof, the rights of the holders thereof, and the rights, duties and obligations of the wayport authority in respect of the same, shall be governed by the provisions of this article insofar as the same may be applicable.

§17-16C-15. Special West Virginia Wayport Authority operations fund.

1 There is hereby established a special West Virginia 2 Wayport Authority operations fund which shall operate 3 as a special revolving fund. All proceeds and revenues of the authority shall be credited to the fund by the state 4 5 treasurer on a monthly basis. At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended funds in this account shall be 6 reappropriated and available for expenditure for the 7 subsequent fiscal year: Provided, That no funds shall be 8 appropriated from the general revenue fund of the state 9 of West Virginia for the operation of the authority. 10

§17-16C-16. Severability.

1 If any part or provision of this article be held to be 2 unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, 3 such holding and decision of the court shall not affect 4 the validity and constitutionality of the remaining parts 5 and provisions of this article, and to this end the parts 6 and provisions of this article are declared to be 7 severable.

CHAPTER 190

(S. B. 14-By Senators Spears, Brackenrich and J. Manchin)

[Passed January 29, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article twenty, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing the women's commission and correcting designation of ex officio members.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article twenty, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. WOMEN'S COMMISSION.

§29-20-1. Creation; membership; appointment and terms of members; organization; reimbursement for expenses.

1 The West Virginia commission on the status of women 2 is hereby abolished, and there is hereby created within the office of the governor the West Virginia women's 3 commission, to consist of seventeen members, six of 4 5 whom shall be ex officio members, not entitled to vote: The attorney general, the state superintendent of 6 7 schools, the commissioner of labor, the commissioner of human services, the director of the human rights 8 9 commission and the director of the division of personnel. 10 Each ex officio member may designate one representa-11 tive employed by his department to meet with the commission in his absence. The governor shall appoint 12 the additional eleven members, by and with the advice 13 and consent of the Senate, from among the citizens of 14 15 the state. The governor shall designate the chairman 16 and vice chairman of the commission and the commission may elect such other officers as it deems necessary. 17 18 The members shall serve a term beginning the first day 19 of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, three to serve for a term of one year, four to serve for a term 20 of two years, and the remaining four to serve for a term 21

22 of three years. The successors of the members initially 23 appointed as provided herein shall be appointed for a 24 term of three years each in the same manner as the 25members initially appointed under this article, except 26 that any person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring 27 prior to the expiration of the term for which his 28 predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the 29 remainder of such term. Each member shall serve until 30 the appointment and qualification of his successor.

31No member may receive any salary for his services. 32but each may be reimbursed for actual and necessary 33 expenses incurred by him in the performance of his 34 duties out of funds received by the commission under 35 section four of this article, except that in the event the 36 expenses are paid, or are to be paid, by a third party, 37 the members shall not be reimbursed by the 38 commission.

39 Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, 40 chapter four of this code, the West Virginia women's 41 commission shall continue to exist until the first day of 42 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to allow for 43 the completion of an audit by the joint committee on 44 government operations.



CHAPTER 191

(S. B. 89-By Senators Brackenrich and Spears)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article one, chapter twenty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing the office of workers' compensation commissioner.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article one, chapter twenty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows: §23-1-1. Workers' compensation commissioner; appointment; term; oath; bond; conflict of interest; compensation; official seal; legal services; references to director deemed to mean commissioner; references to workmen's compensation deemed to mean workers' compensation.

1 There shall be a state workers' compensation commis-2 sioner who shall be appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and who shall 3 serve at the will and pleasure of the governor during 4 5 the term for which the governor was elected and until 6 the commissioner's successor has been appointed and 7 qualified. An appointment may be made to fill a vacancy or otherwise when the Senate is not in session, but shall 8 9 be acted upon at the next session thereof. The person so 10 appointed shall take the oath or affirmation prescribed 11 by section five, article IV of the Constitution, and such 12 oath shall be certified by the person who administers the 13 same and shall be filed in the office of the secretary of 14 state. The person so appointed shall give bond in the penalty of twenty-five thousand dollars conditioned for 15 16 the faithful performance of the duties of this office, 17 which bond shall be approved by the attorney general 18 as to form, and by the governor as to sufficiency. The 19 surety of such bond may be a bonding or surety 20 company, in which case the premiums shall be paid out 21 of the appropriation made for the administration of this 22 chapter. The commissioner shall hold no position of trust 23 or profit, or engage in any occupation or business, interfering or inconsistent with the duties as such 24 commissioner. The commissioner shall have an official 25seal for the authentication of orders and proceedings, 26 27 upon which seal shall be engraved the words "West 28 Virginia Compensation Commissioner" and such other design as the commissioner may prescribe. The courts 29 30 in this state shall take judicial notice of the seal of the commissioner and in all cases copies of orders, proceed-31 ings or records in the office of the West Virginia 32 33 compensation commissioner shall be equal to the original in evidence. 34

35The attorney general shall perform all legal services 36 required by the commissioner under the provisions of this chapter: Provided. That in any case in which an 37 38 application for review is prosecuted from any final 39 decision of the workers' compensation appeal board to 40 the supreme court of appeals, as provided by section 41 four, article five of this chapter, or in any court 42 proceeding before the workers' compensation appeal board, or in any proceedings before the office of judges. 43 44 in which such representation shall appear to the commissioner to be desirable, the commissioner may 45 46 designate a regular employee of this office, qualified to 47 practice before such court to represent the commissioner 48 upon such appeal or proceeding, and in no case shall the 49 person so appearing for the commissioner before the 50court receive remuneration therefor other than such 51 person's regular salary.

52 Whenever in this chapter or elsewhere in law refer-53 ence is made to "state director of workmen's compensa-54 tion" or "compensation commissioner" such reference 55 shall henceforth be construed and understood to mean 56 "state workers' compensation commissioner".

57 Whenever in this chapter or elsewhere in law reference is made to the term "workmen's compensation" or 58 59 reference is made to the "workmen's compensation advisory board", "workmen's compensation fund", 60 "disabled workmen's relief fund" and "workmen's 61 compensation appeal board," such references to and the 62 titles of each such board or fund shall henceforth be 63 64 construed to mean, and shall be defined to mean, respectively "workers' compensation", "workers' com-65 pensation advisory board", "workers' compensation 66 fund", "disabled workers' relief fund" and "workers' 67 68 compensation appeal board".

69 Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, 70 chapter four of this code, the office of workers' compen-71 sation commissioner shall continue to exist until the first 72 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to 73 allow for the completion of an audit by the joint 74 committee on government operations.

CHAPTER 192

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 441-By Senators Brackenrich, Holliday and Rundle)

[Passed March 10, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to establish the Fayette County New River Gorge Bridge Day Commission to sanction and coordinate activities associated with the annual bridge day at the New River Gorge Bridge in Fayette County, to authorize the commission to license vendors and otherwise oversee bridge day activities, to require the promulgation of rules and regulations by the division of highways respecting the closing of certain highways during bridge day activities, and to limit the liability of the state and its political subdivisions respecting such activities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- FAYETTE COUNTY NEW RIVER GORGE BRIDGE DAY COMMISSION.
- §1. Bridge day commission created; terms of members; vacancies.
- Office space and staff support; officers; meeting; reimbursement for expenses.
- Commission powers; rules and regulations promulgated by the county commission.
- §4. Restriction on use of public highways.
- §5. Limitation of liability.
- Bridge day commission created; terms of members; vacancies.
- (a) The Fayette County New River Gorge Bridge Day 1 Commission is hereby created, which bridge day 2 commission shall consist of six members who shall serve 3 without compensation. The members shall be appointed 4 by the county commission of Fayette County with one 5 member representing each of the following: The county 6 commission of Fayette County, the Fayette County 7 chamber of commerce, the town of Fayetteville, the 8 sheriff of Fayette County, the secretary of the depart-9 ment of transportation and the secretary of the depart-10 ment of public safety. 11

12 (b) The terms of office for the bridge day commission 13 members first appointed shall be two years for two 14 members, four years for two members and six years for 15 two members, and the successor of each appointed 16 member shall be appointed for a term of six years in 17 the same manner as the original appointments were made, except that any person appointed by the county 18 commission to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the 19 20 expiration of the term for which his or her predecessor 21 was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder 22 of such term. Each bridge day commission member 23 shall serve until the appointment of his or her successor.

§2. Office space and staff support; officers; meeting; reimbursement for expenses.

1 (a) The county commission of Fayette County shall 2 supply the bridge day commission with such office space 3 and staff support as may be necessary for the efficient 4 conduct of the business of the bridge day commission.

5 (b) The county commission of Fayette County shall 6 appoint a chairman of the bridge day commission. The 7 bridge day commission shall then elect such other 8 officers as it deems appropriate for the conduct of its 9 business.

(c) The bridge day commission shall hold a regular 10 monthly meeting on the day of each month as a majority 11 of the members of the bridge day commission shall 12 designate. Special meetings may be convened on the call 13 of the chairman or a majority of the members. A 14 majority of the members of the bridge day commission 15 shall constitute a quorum for the conduct of business 16 and a majority of the members present at a meeting 17 shall be required to determine any issues brought before 18 it. 19

(d) Each member of the bridge day commission shall
be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses
actually incurred in the performance of his or her duties
as a member of the commission. Requisition for such
expenses shall be accompanied by a sworn and itemized
statement which shall be filed with the county
commission.

§3. Commission powers; rules and regulations promulgated by the county commission.

1 (a) The bridge day commission shall be and is hereby 2 designated as the official public body to sanction and 3 coordinate all bridge day activities in accordance with 4 the rules and regulations promulgated by the county 5 commission as hereinafter provided.

6 (b) The county commission of Fayette County shall 7 promulgate rules and regulations governing the plan-8 ning, implementation and oversight of bridge day 9 activities by the bridge day commission, which rules and 10 regulations shall include, but not necessarily be limited 11 to, provisions:

12 (1) Designated the third Saturday in October of each 13 year, or any other day as may reasonably be recom-14 mended by the bridge day commission, as Bridge Day 15 in Fayette County, which day shall be the official day 16 for activities on and associated with the New River 17 Gorge Bridge;

(2) Requiring the licensure of all vendors desiring to
conduct vending operations in conjunction with bridge
day activities and the payment of a licensure fee
therefor;

(3) Requiring the timely application and approval by
the bridge day commission of any activity or event in
which any person, firm, organization, corporation or
other entity desires to operate or participate in conjunction with bridge day activities;

27 (4) Requiring the execution of a release of liability by
28 all persons who participate in any such event or activity
29 as set forth in subdivision (3) hereof;

(5) Authorizing the imposition of a civil penalty not
to exceed one thousand dollars or the denial of participation in any bridge day activities, or both, against any
person, firm, organization, corporation, or other entity
who fails to obtain a vendor's license or approval of an
activity from the bridge day commission; and

36 (6) Providing for the maintenance and use of all funds

1530

37 received by the bridge day commission, whether 38 received through private contributions, grants, dona-

38 received through priva39 tions. or licensing fees.

§4. Restriction on use of public highways.

1 The division of highways, in cooperation with the 2 bridge day commission, shall promulgate rules and 3 regulations governing the closure to motor vehicular 4 traffic of the New River Gorge Bridge, parts of United 5 States route nineteen and such other adjacent roadways 6 as may be necessary for the proper and safe implemen-7 tation of bridge day activities.

§5. Limitation of liability.

(a) The bridge day commission is hereby declared to 1 2 be a political subdivision within the intent and meaning 3 of section three, article twelve-a, chapter twenty-nine of 4 the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, and as such, is subject to all the 5 6 rights, privileges and immunities afforded such political subdivisions under the provisions of article twelve-a, 7 8 chapter twenty-nine of said code.

9 (b) Any person who desires to base jump, parachute, rappel or otherwise participate in any similar activity 10 on bridge day shall, prior to participation in such 11 activity, execute a release of liability releasing the 12 bridge day commission, the state of West Virginia and 13 all of its political subdivisions from any liability 14 associated with such activity, and the bridge day 15 commission, the state of West Virginia and all other 16 political subdivisions thereof, shall be immune from 17 liability for any and all injuries suffered or damages 18 sustained by any person engaging in such activities, 19 notwithstanding that such release may not have been 20 21 duly executed.

CHAPTER 193 (H. B. 4095—By Delegates Love and Pettit)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal chapter one hundred fifty-one, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred

1

MERCER COUNTY

twenty-seven, relating to requiring the county commission of Hancock County to mark by suitable monuments or markers the frontier forts and block houses occupied by the early settlers during Indian wars, also graves of pioneers and soldiers; and care and upkeep of public cemeteries or burying grounds, where no charge was or is made for burying therein, wherein are buried the remains of pioneers, early settlers, soldiers and sailors, and authorizing said commission to lay a levy to carry out the purposes of this act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- §1. Repeal of act requiring the county of Hancock to provide funds for certain monuments; marking certain graves; providing for a caretaker, bequests and endowments; providing a levy not to exceed two cents; and appointing a committee.
 - 1 Chapter one hundred fifty-one, acts of the Legislature,
 - 2 regular session, one thousand nine hundred twenty-
 - 3 seven, as amended, is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 194

(H. B. 4356—By Delegates Flanigan and Basham)

[Passed February 16, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to authorize the Mercer County commission to appoint a five-member tourist train authority to operate a pilot tourist train project and to exercise certain powers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

MERCER COUNTY TOURIST TRAIN AUTHORITY.

- Mercer County tourist train authority; powers and pilot project.
 - 1 The Mercer County commission may establish a
 - 2 tourist train authority. The authority shall be composed
 - 3 of five members appointed by the county commission. Of
 - 4 the members appointed, at least two members shall have

5 had experience or involvement in the management or

6 maintenance of a railroad and at least one member shall

7 have had experience or involvement in the development
8 or management of a tourist attraction.

9 The authority shall have the responsibility for and 10 shall establish the pilot project to create a tourist train 11 network in the area involving routes between Bluefield, 12 Bramwell and Matoaka, West Virginia, and Pocahontas, 13 Virginia, as described in chapter one hundred fifty-14 seven, acts of the Legislature, one thousand nine 15 hundred eighty-nine.

16 The authority may also:

(1) Sue and be sued, make contracts, and adopt and
use a common seal and alter the same as may be deemed
expedient;

20 (2) Acquire, purchase, install, lease, construct, own, hold, operate, maintain, equip, use and control termi-21 22 nals, buildings, roadways, rights-of-way, rails and 23 structures, equipment, facilities or improvements and 24 lease, install, construct, acquire, own, maintain, control and use any and every kind or character of motive 25 powers and conveyances or appliances necessary or 26 proper to carry persons, goods, wares and merchandise 27 28 over, along, upon or through the railway system;

29 (3) Apply for and accept loans, grants or gifts of money, property or service from any federal agency or 30 the state of West Virginia or any political subdivision 31 thereof or from any public or private sources available 32 33 for any and all of the purposes authorized in this article, 34 or imposed thereon by any such federal agency, the state of West Virginia or any political subdivision thereof, or 35 36 any public or private lender or donor, and give evidences of indebtedness as may be required; 37

(4) Act as agent for the United States of America, or
any agency, department, corporation or instrumentality
thereof, in any manner coming within the purposes or
powers of the authority;

42 (5) Initiate preservation of railroad facilities, promote
43 economic development and tourism of a specific nature
44 in this state;

MORGAN COUNTY

(6) Meet and cooperate with similar authorities or
bodies of any of the several states contiguous with this
state, whose purpose in their respective states is to
establish an interstate or intermodal transportation
network;

50 (7) Enter into agreements, contracts or other transac51 tions with any federal, state, county, municipal agency
52 or private entity;

(8) Report annually to the county commission by the
first day of January of each year on the status of
projects, operations, financial condition and other
necessary information relating to the tourist train
project;

(9) Enter into agreements or contracts with the West
Virginia railroad maintenance authority for the preservation, operation and use of railroad lines;

(10) Assist and encourage the West Virginia railroad
maintenance authority to purchase railroad tracks being
abandoned by any common carrier, and to financially
assist the railroad maintenance authority in making
such purchase;

(11) Collect reasonable fees and charges in connection
with making and servicing loans, notes, bonds, obligations, commitments and other evidence of indebtedness,
and in connection with providing technical, consultive
and project assistance services;

(12) Do any and all things necessary to carry out andaccomplish the purposes of this act.

CHAPTER 195

(H. B. 4161—By Delegates Murphy and Mezzatesta)

[Passed February 5, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, chapter one hundred seventy-eight, Acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven, as last amended in chapter one hundred thirty-five, Acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred

MORGAN COUNTY

eighty-eight, relating to the composition of the board of directors of the Morgan County War Memorial Hospital and to permit the representatives of an entity which has entered a management contract or affiliation agreement with Morgan County War Memorial Hospital to occupy positions on the board of directors of the hospital.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

WAR MEMORIAL HOSPITAL TO THE VETERANS OF THE WORLD WARS FROM MORGAN COUNTY.

§2. Board of Directors.

1 On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-eight, the terms of all members of the board of directors of the Morgan County War Memorial Hospital 3 4 shall expire. The board of directors of the Morgan County War Memorial Hospital shall be appointed by 5 6 the Morgan County commission and shall be comprised of not less than five members, plus the president of the 7 hospital medical staff, who shall be a voting member. 8 9 and hospital administrator or superintendent, who shall be an ex officio member without voting authority. The 1011 members appointed by the commission shall serve for 12 terms of three years from the first day of July following 13 their appointment, except that effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, one third 14 of the members, or as close thereto as possible, shall be 15 appointed for one year, one third of the members, or as 16 close thereto as possible, for two years, and one third of 17 the members, or as close thereto as possible, for three 18 19 years. Thereafter, such members shall be appointed for 20regular three-year terms. The terms of the president of the hospital medical staff and the hospital administrator 21 22 shall be concurrent with their appointment. No person 23 shall be ineligible to appointment by reason of sex, political or religious affiliations. The board may act as 24 its own treasurer. Vacancies in the board shall be 2526 reported to the county commission and filled by 27 appointment in like manner as original appointments for the unexpired term. The county commission may 28 remove any director for misconduct or neglect of duty. 29 No compensation shall be paid or allowed any director. 30

PUTNAM COUNTY

31Notwithstanding any other provision of law, one or more representatives of an entity that has concluded a 32 management contract or affiliation agreement with War 33 Memorial Hospital may serve on the board of directors 34 of the hospital so long as either the management 35 contract or affiliation agreement is in effect or amounts 36 under such contract or agreement are owed to the entity 37 38 by War Memorial Hospital.



(S. B. 551-By Senators Craigo and Dittmar)

[Passed March 9, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to extend the time for the county commission of Putnam County, West Virginia, to meet as a levying body for the purpose of presenting to the voters of the county an election to extend the additional county levy for parks, recreation and library services in Putnam County, from between the seventh and twenty-eighth days of March until the first Thursday in June, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

PUTNAM COUNTY COMMISSION MEETING AS LEVYING BODY EXTENDED TO CONTINUE ADDITIONAL LEVY FOR PARKS, RECREATION AND LIBRARY SERVICES.

§1. Extending time for Putnam County Commission to meet as levying body for election to continue additional levy for parks, recreation and library services.

Notwithstanding the provisions of article eight, 1 chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one 2 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, to the 3 contrary, the county commission of Putnam County is 4 hereby authorized to extend the time for its meeting as 5 a levying body and certifying its actions to the state tax 6 commissioner from between the seventh and twenty-7 eighth days of March until the first Thursday in June, 8 one thousand nine hundred ninety, for the purpose of 9

- 10 submitting to the voters of Putnam County the extension
- 11 for the additional county levy for parks, recreation and
- 12 library services in Putnam County.

CHAPTER 197

(S. B. 554—By Senators Craigo and Dittmar)

[Passed March 7, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT directing the division of health and the farm management commission to convey real property and the improvements thereon to the city of Spencer; requiring conditions in deeds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

SPENCER STATE HOSPITAL.

§1. Farm management commission and the division of health directed to convey Spencer State Hospital institutional farm and Spencer State Hospital to the city of Spencer.

The Legislature hereby recognizes that unemploy-1 ment is of serious concern to the people of the county 2 of Roane and the city of Spencer, that the problem of 3 unemployment has been exacerbated by the closing of 4 Spencer State Hospital, and that new economic oppor-5 6 tunities may be developed by the city of Spencer through the utilization of the Spencer State Hospital 7 institutional farm and the Spencer State Hospital 8 facility. Accordingly, the Legislature hereby finds and 9 declares that the transfer of the Spencer State Hospital 10 and the Spencer State Hospital institutional farm to the 11 city of Spencer located in Roane County promotes the 12 general welfare of the public and, therefore, is a public 13 14 purpose.

15 The farm management commission and the division of 16 health are hereby directed to transfer and convey unto 17 the city of Spencer certain plots or parcels of land 18 consisting of one hundred thirty-three acres more or less 19 and thirty-two acres more or less and the improvements

Spencer

20 thereto known as the Spencer State Hospital institu-21 tional farm and Spencer State Hospital, being situate in 22 Sector West Winstein

22 Roane County, West Virginia.

The deed transferring the above described thirty-two acres of property shall contain a provision that the owner of the property shall provide the division of human services, or its successor, with office space without charge for a period of time to be designated in the deed.

Any proper conveyance made by the farm management commission and the division of health transferring ownership of the above described parcels to the city of Spencer shall contain a provision that ownership of such property shall revert to the state should the land or the improvements thereto cease to be used for purposes approved by the city of Spencer.

(Only resolutions of general interest are included herein.)

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 1 (By Delegate Murensky) [Adopted January 10, 1990]

Raising a Joint Assembly to hear an address by His Excellency, the Governor.

WHEREAS, His Excellency, the Governor, has advised the committee to notify him that the Legislature has assembled and is ready to receive any communication he may desire to present, that he will be pleased to address a joint assembly of the Senate and House of Delegates at the convenience of the two houses; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That His Excellency, the Governor, be hereby invited to address a Joint Assembly of the Legislature at 7:00 o'clock post meridian the 10th day of January, 1990; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Delegates appoint three members of each of the respective houses of the Legislature as a committee to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor, and escort him into the hall of the House of Delegates at the time herein appointed for hearing the address.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 21

(By Mr. Speaker (Mr. Chambers), Delegates Queen, Minard, Ashcraft, Warner, Kelly, Givens, Whitman, Dalton, Martin, Rutledge, Spencer, Williams, Given, Richards, C. Starcher, Damron, Ryan, Fantasia, Leggett, Schoonover, Farley, Clonch, R. Burk, Kiss, M. Miller, Reid, T. Hatfield, Cerra, Louderback, Phillips, Ferrell, Farmer, Pethtel, Schadler, Morgan, Grubb, Cole, White, Moore, Pitrolo, Mezzatesta, D. Cook, Shepherd, Peddicord, S. Cook, Prezioso, Pettit, Roop, Susman, Love, Michael, Adkins, Tribett, Blake, Manuel, Basham, Anderson, Rowe, Flanigan, Bird, Katz, McKinley, Riggs, Otte, Stemple, Conley, Overington, Merow and Murensky)

[Adopted February 23, 1990]

Urging the West Virginia Congressional Delegation to continue its efforts to have the Federal Bureau of Investigation relocate its Identification Division to West Virginia and urging the Governor of West Virginia to assist the delegation in its efforts.

WHEREAS, The Federal Bureau of Investigation is considering relocating its Identification Division employing approximately two thousand; and

WHEREAS, Several West Virginia cities are being considered as potential sites for relocation of the Identification Division; and

WHEREAS, West Virginia has many distinct advantages such as way of life, low cost of living, an outstanding higher education system, a dedicated work force and many other advantages and opportunities; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Legislature of West Virginia fully supports the efforts of the Congressional Delegation to have the Federal Bureau of Investigation locate its Identification Division in West Virginia, pledges its support in this endeavor and urges the Governor to assist the delegation in its efforts; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the House of Delegates be directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the West Virginia Congressional Delegation and the Governor of West Virginia.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 40 (By Mr. Speaker (Mr. Chambers) and Delegate Grubb)

[Adopted March 10, 1990]

Requesting the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to establish an interim committee to review, examine and study matters related to solid and toxic waste management.

WHEREAS, Problems involving the proper management of solid and toxic waste continue to impact the public health, welfare and safety; and

WHEREAS, The Legislature has taken important steps in recent years to address these problems; and

WHEREAS, The public policy of the State of West Virginia

calls for the reduction of the solid waste stream by twenty percent in the year ending the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, and thirty percent in the year ending the thirty-first day of December, two thousand; and

WHEREAS, Pursuant to law the director of the division of administration filed a report on the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to establishment of a state procurement program for recycled paper products; and

WHEREAS, Source reduction of solid and toxic waste should be considered the highest priority in the management hierarchy for such waste; and

WHEREAS, The development of markets for recycled products is essential to the implementation of effective recycling programs; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is hereby requested to establish an interim committee to review, examine and study potential source reduction strategies for solid and toxic waste, market development and governmental procurement programs for recycled products, and the overall status of our state and county programs designed to manage and dispose of solid waste; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance report to the regular session of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, on its findings, conclusions, and recommendations, together with a draft of any legislation necessary to effectuate its recommendations; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct this study, to prepare a report, and to draft necessary legislation be paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 19 (By Senators Holliday and Pritt)

[Adopted March 10, 1990]

Establishing a West Virginia health care delivery and

ł

accessibility task force and directing said task force to report to the Legislature.

WHEREAS, There are 300,797 people in West Virginia without any health care insurance and no financial ability to seek health care when it is necessary; and

WHEREAS, The number of West Virginians who do not have adequate access to quality and timely health care is much greater than the 300,797 figure due to the fact that many people who are insured are not able to afford health insurance that adequately meets their real needs; and

WHEREAS, Among the uninsured in West Virginia are 96,300 children who are forced to go without adequate health care during the most important growth years of their lives; and

WHEREAS, Nearly half of all those who have no medical insurance are actively employed workers whose incomes are too inadequate to meet their health care needs; and

WHEREAS, The number of state residents decreased by 30,000 from 1980 to 1989, but the number of state residents without health insurance increased by 30,000; and

WHEREAS, The depth of the health care problem in West Virginia, in all likelihood, will worsen during the next decade to a point of crisis by the turn of the century; and

WHEREAS, These statistics represent the horrible legacy of a failed health care delivery system, the needless pain and suffering of our sister and brother West Virginians, and an unacceptable waste of human and financial resources in our state; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That a task force be established by this Legislature for the purpose of studying the issue of access to health care in West Virginia, such task force to be composed of the chair and four members of the House Health and Human Resources Committee, to be chosen by the Speaker of the House; the chair and four members of the Senate Health and Human Resources Committee, chosen by the President of the Senate; eight members from the public appointed by the Governor, who shall include representatives from labor; consumers; providers, one of which must be a certified advanced practice nurse;

community organizations with an interest in the subject; and one representative from the Division of Health and one representative from the Division of Human Resources of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources; and, be it

Further Resolved, That this task force shall meet as necessary, including during interim committee meetings of the Legislature, and shall investigate all relevant issues related to health care delivery and accessibility; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the task force shall hold public hearings for the purpose of receiving comments on these issues; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the task force shall recommend options for providing adequate and accessible health care to all West Virginians; and, be it

Further Resolved, That such options, findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of any legislation necessary to effectuate such recommendations, shall be reported by the task force to the next regular session of the Legislature, 1991; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct this work of the task force be paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 30 (Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Adopted March 1, 1990]

Relating to approving the purpose and amount of certain projects of the West Virginia Regional Jail and Correctional Facilities Authority.

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals, in the matter of *Crain v. Bordenkircher*, 376 S.E.2d 141, on November 30, 1988 (the "November 1988 Order"), ruled that the West Virginia Penitentiary located at Moundsville must be closed before July 1, 1992, and a new facility must be constructed to eliminate unconstitutional conditions of confinement; and

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals, in

its November 1988 Order, made the Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, Treasurer, members of the State Building Commission, President of the State Senate and all members of the State Senate, Speaker of the House of Delegates and all members of the House of Delegates, Auditor and Commissioner of the Department of Administration parties to the November 1988 Order, individually and in their official capacities; and

WHEREAS, Nine county jails have been closed as a result of court actions or the extreme costs associated with the upgrading of the facilities to meet modern standards for conditions of confinement; and

WHEREAS, There are twenty-seven counties engaged in court actions which, in various ways, challenge the conditions of confinement in the county jail of each respective county; and

WHEREAS, The costs of upgrading the county jails of fiftyfive counties would impose an unbearable financial burden upon the resources of the counties; and

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Legislature enacted Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Number 389 on April 8, 1989, to be effective from passage ("S. B. 389"), which act amended the Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority Act (as amended by S. B. 389, the "Act"), codified as Article 20, Chapter 31 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended (the "Code"); and

WHEREAS, The Act imposed upon the Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority (the "Authority") the responsibility for the submission of a plan to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance (the "Joint Committee") detailing the means by which the Authority will comply with the orders of the Supreme Court of Appeals as to the structural and internal conditions and programs of the correctional facilities, including regional jails, in this state; and

WHEREAS, The Authority submitted such a plan to the Joint Committee pursuant to the Act (the "Master Plan") which details the means by which the conditions of confinement in the correctional facilities and regional jails in this state may be brought into compliance with constitutional standards; and

WHEREAS, Chapter thirty-one, article twenty, section five,

subsection (m) of the West Virginia Code requires that no bonds or other obligations may be issued or incurred by the Authority unless and until the Legislature by concurrent resolution has approved the purpose and amount of each project for which proceeds from the issuance of such bond or other obligation will be used; and

WHEREAS, The further progress toward implementation of the plan for the improvement of correctional facilities and the establishment of regional jails awaits the approval of the Legislature; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the issuance and sale by the Authority of revenue or lease/purchase bonds or other obligations permitted by the Act, or other financing or financings permitted by the Code, in an amount sufficient to fund not more than one hundred ninety-seven million, four hundred forty-eight thousand, nine hundred dollars (\$197,448,900.00) in projects, and all steps necessary or desirable to provide for the security for and sale of such obligations or other financings, are hereby approved by the Legislature for the following projects as described in the Master Plan and as may be further described in revisions of the Master Plan, as hereinafter provided.

The proceeds of the bonds or other obligations issued by the Authority pursuant to this Senate Concurrent Resolution may be used for any and all purposes, costs and expenses of any nature whatsoever under the Act, including, without limitation, the following:

(1) Acquisition of property, site preparation, design, construction, renovation, expansion, equipping, furnishing and related costs necessary to construct and prepare the following correctional facilities for operation, all at an estimated cost of sixty-one million, nine hundred thirty-two thousand dollars (\$61,932,000.00), as follows:

NEW CONSTRUCTION:

REPLACEMENT FOR WEST VIRGINIA PENITENTIARY ... \$ 46,200,000.00 (Fayette County Complex)

RENOVATION AND EXPANSION:

HUTTONSVILLE	
CORRECTIONAL CENTER	\$ 8,017,000.00
PRUNTYTOWN	
CORRECTIONAL CENTER	\$ 1,523,000.00
ANTHONY CORRECTIONAL CENTER	\$ 3,712,000.00
WORK RELEASE CENTERS	\$ 2,480,000.00
TOTAL, CORRECTIONAL	
FACILITIES	\$ 61,932,000.00

and,

(2) Acquisition of property, site preparation, design, construction, equipping and furnishing, including related costs necessary to construct and prepare the following regional jails for operation, all at an estimated cost of one hundred thirty-five million, five hundred sixteen thousand, nine hundred dollars (\$135,516,900.00), as follows:

SOUTH CENTRAL REGIONAL JAIL	\$ 16,063,500.00
CENTRAL REGIONAL JAIL	\$ 10,360,800.00
SOUTHWESTERN REGIONAL JAIL	\$ 11,014,200.00
NORTHERN REGIONAL JAIL AND	
CORRECTIONAL FACILITY	\$ 19,082,000.00
(Marshall County Complex)	
WEST CENTRAL REGIONAL JAIL	12,721,400.00
SOUTHERN REGIONAL JAIL	17,669,800.00
WESTERN REGIONAL JAIL	\$ 12,721,400.00
NORTH CENTRAL REGIONAL JAIL	\$ 18,553,300.00
TYGART VALLEY REGIONAL JAIL	\$ 12,432,900.00
EASTERN REGIONAL JAIL	\$ 4,897,600.00
REGIONAL JAIL TOTAL	\$ 135,516,900.00

Provided, That the total amount of one hundred ninety-seven million, four hundred forty-eight thousand, nine hundred dollars (\$197,448,900.00) in project costs, exclusive of financing and issuance costs and capitalized interest costs, if any, as provided above, may not be exceeded although it is specifically recognized and authorized that the actual cost of any project may vary from the aforementioned estimated costs, in which event transfers may be made between and among the identified projects; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate transmit a

copy of this resolution to the Governor, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Appeals and the Chairman of the Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority.

HOUSE RESOLUTION 19 (Originating in the Committee on Rules)

[Adopted February 19, 1990]

Amending the Rules of the House of Delegates relating to prohibiting smoking and the use of all other tobacco products in the House of Delegates Chamber, galleries and in House committee rooms during meetings.

Resolved by the House of Delegates:

That the standing Rules of the House of Delegates be amended to read as follows:

Smoking and use of tobacco products prohibited

136a. Smoking and the use of tobacco products are prohibited in the House chamber and House galleries during sessions and in House committee rooms during committee meetings or public hearings; provided, however, smoking and the use of tobacco products by members shall be allowed in the vestibule of the chamber.

SENATE RESOLUTION 3 (By Senator Chafin)

[Adopted January 10, 1990]

Amending Senate Rule No. 27, relating to the appointment of standing committees.

Resolved by the Senate:

That Senate Rule No. 27 be amended to read as follows:

Committees.

27. At the commencement of each Legislature, standing committees shall be appointed, each committee to consist of the number of members indicated in the parentheses following the naming of the committee. The following committees shall be named:

- 1. On Agriculture (9).
- 2. On Banking and Insurance (13).
- 3. On Confirmations (9).
- 4. On Education (12).
- 5. On Energy, Industry and Mining (13).
- 6. On Finance (17).
- 7. On Government Organization (12).
- 8. On Health and Human Resources (11).
- 9. On Interstate Cooperation (7); (the President of the Senate is to be ex officio cochairperson).
- 10. On the Judiciary (16).
- 11. On Labor (9).
- 12. On Military (9).
- 13. On Natural Resources (13).
- 14. On Rules (10); (the President of the Senate is to be ex officio chairperson).
- 15. On Transportation (9).
- 16. On Small Business (9).

SENATE RESOLUTION 13

(Originating in the Committee on Confirmations)

[Adopted March 5, 1990]

Amending the Rules of the Senate, relating to defining "next meeting of the Senate" for the purpose of confirmations.

Resolved by the Senate:

That the Standing Rules of the Senate be amended by adding thereto a new rule as follows:

Defining Next Meeting of the Senate

57a. The phrase "next meeting of the Senate" contained in article seven, section nine of the constitution of West Virginia

1548

means any time the full Senate is convened and includes, but is not limited to, any regular session, any extraordinary session called during any recess or adjournment of the Legislature, during any impeachment proceeding or any time the Senate is convened pursuant to section ten-a, article one, chapter four of the code of West Virginia.

LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SESSION, 1990

CHAPTER 1

(H. B. 102-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Farley)

[Passed March 15, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring appropriations in Account No. 2950, as specified, including all necessary adjustments of increases, reductions or transfers of appropriations and language of appropriation in specified items and those items created herein, all supplementing and amending Enrolled Com. Sub. for S. B. 35, second regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That specified items of Account No. 2950, as found in Com. Sub. for S.B. 35, second regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended, reduced and transferred by the items and language of appropriation to such extent as set forth herein to read as follows:

1 TITLE II. APPROPRIATIONS.

- 2 Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
- 3 Sec. 2. Appropriations of federal funds.

Appropriations

4		DEPARTMENT OF	F EDUCAT	ION		
5	51—State Department of Education—					
6		State Aid to	Schools			
7		(WV Code Chapte	r 18 and 18A	A)		
8		Acct. No. 2950				
9	1	Professional				
		Educators	\$4,500,000	\$483,923,054		
10	2	Service Personnel		173,763,615		
11	3	Salary Equity		23,923,098		
12	4	Fixed Charges		54,564,182		
13	5	Transportation	_	25,022,924		
14	6	Administration	_	6,105,288		
15	7	Other Current		•,,		
	-	Expenses	_	82,773,334		
16	8	Improve Instructions		0_,,		
17	9	Programs	_	53,652,893		
18	10	Basic Foundation				
19	11	Allowances	4 500 000	903,728,388		
20	12	Less Local Share	4,000,000	(149,642,825)		
21	13	Total Basic State Aid	4,500,000	754,085,563		
22	14	Public Employees				
23	15	Insurance Agency		78,449,000		
24	16	Teachers' Retirement				
25	17	System	—	106,987,401		
26	18	Incentive for				
		Administrative				
27	19	Efficiency	—	103,623		
28	20	Increased Enrollment		758,745		
29	21	Unclassified				
30	22	Total	\$4,500,000	\$940,384,332		
31	Т	he purpose of this supplen	nentary app	ropriation bill		
32						
33						
34						
35	•					
36	reduction or transfer required. These public moneys, as					
37	newly provided for, shall be available for such use and					
38	expenditure upon passage of the bill and in fiscal year					
30 39	1990-91, supplementing the budget bill for such fiscal					
40	year	carner enacteu.				

CHAPTER 2

(H. B. 101-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Sattes)

[Passed March 15, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section fourteen, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend article two of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-b: to amend article two-b of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a: to amend and reenact section thirteen. article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact section one, article eight of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections four, five, five-a, seven, nine, ten, thirteen and thirteen-b, article nine-a of said chapter; to amend article nine-b of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a; to amend and reenact section one, article twenty of said chapter; to further amend said article twenty by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-b; to amend and reenact section seven, article two, chapter eighteen-a of said code; to amend and reenact sections five-a, five-b and seven, article four of said chapter; to further amend said article four by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-d; and to amend article one, chapter eighteen-b of said code by adding thereto a new section. designated section eleven, all relating to public education generally; authorizing the state board to become a medicaid provider and ascertaining eligible students; permitting the state board to delegate provider status in certain instances and requiring an annual report; prohibiting withdrawal from participation in a multicounty vocational center; allowing county school boards to contract with colleges or universities or recognized campus organizations to provide school buses to transport college or university students, faculty and staff to and from such college or university; providing for the aforesaid contract to include cost of service and rules concerning student behavior; requiring certain individuals to be provided with information relating to

EDUCATION

ţ

vocational or higher education opportunities; deleting obsolete language pertaining to meetings and reports for the joint establishment of county school systems; conforming the compulsory school attendance age with other sections of the code: requiring test publishers to norm homeschooling standardized tests; authorizing an additional test choice; requiring the standardized test to be less than ten years old; providing the test results to be reported as a national percentile; requiring test results to be made available by a certain date; decreasing the professional educator ratio of fifty-five per thousand and establishing priorities in the event of a reduction in force: providing for a minimum number of principals and central office administrators; deleting obsolete language pertaining to the foundation allowance for the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight; removing the prohibition that certain school employees may not be reduced-in-force in certain instances: permitting counties with increasing student populations to apply for additional bus funding; providing ninety percent of transportation costs to counties to cover certain costs in transporting certain students to and from multi-county vocational schools; delaying the increase in the allowance for other current expense for one year: providing an appropriation of fifteen million four hundred forty thousand four hundred ninety-three dollars for the school building authority for the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and increasing such amount by at least seven million seven hundred thousand dollars in each subsequent year: changing the allowance for loss reduction to an allowance for counties in severe financial crisis: deleting obsolete language pertaining to total state appropriation for the basic foundation program; providing for an amount of funds for salary equity; delaying allocation of funding for remedial and accelerated programs for one year; delaying submission of county board's budget to the state board until the tenth day next following the state board's transmittal of the final state aid computations; decreasing the maximum age addressed by special education programs; permitting special education program completion by students

at least twenty-one years of age and enrolled prior to a certain date; requiring the education of exceptional and handicapped children in foster care and correctional facilities beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety; deleting obsolete language pertaining to establishment of special education program for certain children; expanding the services provided to the severely handicapped to include handicapped children ages three through five, inclusive, beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety; broadening the definition of the term "handicapped children" beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety; requiring state board of education to adopt rules to assure appropriate educational programs for certain children in foster care and correctional facilities beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety; removing the limits placed on counties for teacher and service personnel salary supplements for one year and changing certain effective dates; authorizing a salary equity appropriation; providing for an adjustment in substitute teacher compensation; requiring state funded institutions of higher education to provide appropriate services to meet the needs of students with handicapping conditions; and repealing the section providing for incentives for staffing improvements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that article two of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-b; that article two-b of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a; that section thirteen, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section one, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections four, five, five-a, seven, nine, ten, thirteen and thirteen-b, article nine-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article nine-b of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a; that section one, article twenty of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article twenty be further

EDUCATION

amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-b; that section seven, article two, chapter eighteen-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections five-a, five-b and seven, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article four be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-d; and that article one, chapter eighteen-b of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 18. Education.
- 18A. School Personnel.
- 18B. Higher Education.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

Article.

- 2. State Board of Education.
- 2B. Area Vocational Program.
- 5. County Board of Education.
- 8. Compulsory School Attendance.
- 9A. Public School Support.
- 9B. State Board of School Finance.
- 20. Education of Exceptional Children.

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-5b. Medicaid eligible children.

The state board of education shall become a medicaid 1 2 provider and seek out medicaid eligible students for the 3 purpose of providing medicaid and related services to 4 students eligible under the medicaid program and to maximize federal reimbursement for all services 5 6 available under the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, as it relates 7 to medicaid expansion and any future expansions in the 8 medicaid program for medicaid and related services for 9 which state dollars are or will be expended: Provided, 10 11 That the state board may delegate this provider status and subsequent reimbursement to regional educational 12 service agencies (RESA) and/or county boards of 13 education: Provided, however, That annually the state 14 board of education shall report to the Legislature the 15 number and age of children eligible for medicaid, the 16 number and age of children with medicaid coverage. the 17 types of medicaid eligible services provided, the 18

Ch. 2]

EDUCATION

19 frequency of services provided, the medicaid dollars
20 reimbursed; and that this report shall be on a county
21 by county basis and made available no later than the

22 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-

23 one, and annually thereafter.

ARTICLE 2B. AREA VOCATIONAL PROGRAM.

§18-2B-2a. Withdrawal from multi-county vocational center prohibited.

- 1 Any county which participates in the operation of a
- 2 multi-county vocational center shall not be permitted to
- 3 withdraw from such participation.

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-13. Authority of boards generally.

1 The boards, subject to the provisions of this chapter 2 and the rules and regulations of the state board, shall 3 have authority:

4 (1) To control and manage all of the schools and school 5 interests for all school activities and upon all school 6 property, whether owned or leased by the county, including the authority to require that records be kept 7 8 of all receipts and disbursements of all funds collected 9 or received by any principal, teacher, student or other person in connection therewith, any programs, activities 10 or other endeavors of any nature operated or carried on 11 12 by or in the name of the school, or any organization or body directly connected with the school, to audit such 13 14 records and to conserve such funds, which shall be 15 deemed quasi-public moneys, including securing surety 16 bonds by expenditure of board moneys;

17 (2) To establish schools, from preschool through high 18 school, inclusive of vocational schools; and to establish 19 schools and programs, or both, for post high school 20 instruction, subject to approval of the state board of 21 education;

(3) To close any school which is unnecessary and to
assign the pupils thereof to other schools: *Provided*, That
such closing shall be officially acted upon and teachers
and service personnel involved notified on or before the

EDUCATION

30 (4) To consolidate schools;

(5) To close any elementary school whose average daily attendance falls below twenty pupils for two months in succession and send the pupils to other schools in the district or to schools in adjoining districts. If the teachers in the school so closed are not transferred or reassigned to other schools, they receive one month's salary;

38 (6) (a) To provide at public expense adequate means 39 of transportation, including transportation across county lines, for all children of school age who live more than 40 41 two miles distance from school by the nearest available 42 road; to provide at public expense and according to such 43 regulations as the board may establish, adequate means 44 of transportation for school children participating in 45 board-approved curricular and extracurricular activi-46 ties; and to provide in addition thereto at public expense. 47 by rules and regulations and within the available revenues, transportation for those within two miles 48 49 distance; to provide in addition thereto, at no cost to the 50 board and according to rules and regulations established 51 by the board, transportation for participants in projects 52 operated, financed, sponsored or approved by the 53 commission on aging: Provided, That all costs and 54 expenses incident in any way to transportation for projects connected with the commission on aging shall 55 56 be borne by such commission, or the local or county 57 chapter thereof: Provided, however, That in all cases the 58 school buses owned by the board of education shall be driven or operated only by drivers regularly employed 59 60 by the board of education: Provided further, That the 61 county board may provide, under rules established by 62 the state board, for the certification of professional 63 employees as drivers of board-owned vehicles with a seating capacity of less than ten passengers used for the 64 transportation of pupils for school-sponsored activities 65 other than transporting students between school and 66

67 home: And provided further, That the use of such 68 vehicles shall be limited to one for each school-sponsored 69 activity: And provided further, That buses shall be used 70 for extracurricular activities as herein provided only 71 when the insurance provided for by this section shall 72 have been effected;

(b) To enter into agreements with one another to
provide, on a cooperative basis, adequate means of
transportation across county lines for children of school
age subject to the conditions and restrictions of subdivisions (6) and (8) of this section;

78 (7) (a) To lease school buses operated only by drivers 79 regularly employed by the board to public and private 80 nonprofit organizations or private corporations to 81 transport school-age children to and from camps or 82 educational activities in accordance with rules and 83 regulations established by the board. All costs and 84 expenses incurred by or incidental to the transportation 85 of such children shall be borne by the lessee:

86 (b) To contract with any college or university or 87 officially recognized campus organizations to provide 88 transportation for college or university students, faculty 89 or staff to and from such college or university: Provided, 90 That only college and/or university students, faculty and staff are being transported. The contract shall include 91 92 consideration and compensation for bus operators, 93 repairs and other costs of service, insurance and any 94 rules and regulations concerning student behavior;

95 (8) To provide at public expense for insurance against 96 the negligence of the drivers of school buses, trucks or 97 other vehicles operated by the board; and if the 98 transportation of pupils be contracted, then the contract 99 therefor shall provide that the contractor shall carry 100 insurance against negligence in such an amount as the 101 board shall specify;

(9) To provide solely from county funds for all regular
full-time employees of the board all or any part of the
cost of a group plan or plans of insurance coverage not
provided or available under the West Virginia public
employees insurance act;

ł

107 (10) To employ teacher aides, to provide in-service 108 training for teacher aides, the training to be in 109 accordance with rules and regulations of the state board and, in the case of service personnel assuming duties as 110 111 teacher aides in exceptional children programs, to 112 provide a four-clock-hour program of training prior to 113 such assignment which shall, in accordance with rules 114 and regulations of the state board, consist of training in 115 areas specifically related to the education of exceptional 116 children:

(11) To establish and conduct a self-supporting
dormitory for the accommodation of the pupils attending a high school or participating in a post high school
program and of persons employed to teach therein;

121 (12) To employ legal counsel;

122 (13) To provide appropriate uniforms for school123 service personnel;

(14) To provide at public expense and under regulations as established by any county board of education for
the payment of traveling expenses incurred by any
person invited to appear to be interviewed concerning
possible employment by such county board of education;

129 (15) To allow or disallow their designated employees 130 to use publicly provided carriage to travel from their 131 residences to their workplace and return: *Provided*, 132 That such usage is subject to the supervision of such 133 board and is directly connected with and required by 134 the nature and in the performance of such employee's 135 duties and responsibilities;

(16) To provide, at public expense, adequate public
liability insurance, including professional liability
insurance for board employees;

(17) To enter into agreements with one another to
provide, on a cooperative basis, improvements to the
instructional needs of each county. Said cooperative
agreements may be used to employ specialists in a field
of academic study or support functions or services,
therefor. Such agreements shall be subject to approval
by the state board of education; and

146 (18) To provide information about vocational or 147 higher education opportunities to students with handi-148 capping conditions. The board shall provide in writing 149 to the students and their parents or guardians informa-150 tion relating to programs of vocational education and to 151 programs available at state funded institutions of higher 152education. Such information may include sources of available funding, including grants, mentorships and 153 154 loans for students who wish to attend classes at 155 institutions of higher education.

"Quasi-public funds" as used herein means any money
received by any principal, teacher, student or other
person for the benefit of the school system as a result
of curricular or noncurricular activities.

160 The board of each county shall expend under such 161 regulations as it establishes for each child an amount not 162 to exceed the proportion of all school funds of the district 163 that each child would be entitled to receive if all the 164 funds were distributed equally among all the children 165 of school age in the district upon a per capita basis.

ARTICLE 8. COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

§18-8-1. Commencement and termination of compulsory school attendance; exemptions.

1 Compulsory school attendance shall begin with the 2 school year in which the sixth birthday is reached prior 3 to the first day of September of such year or upon 4 enrolling in a publicly supported kindergarten program 5 and continue to the sixteenth birthday.

6 Exemption from the foregoing requirements of 7 compulsory public school attendance shall be made on 8 behalf of any child for the following causes or conditions, 9 each such cause or condition being subject to confirma-10 tion by the attendance authority of the county:

11 Exemption A. Instruction in a private, parochial or 12 other approved school.—Such instruction shall be in a 13 school approved by the county board of education and 14 for a time equal to the school term of the county for the 15 year. In all such schools it shall be the duty of the 16 principal or other person in control, upon the request of the county superintendent of schools, to furnish to the
county board of education such information and records
as may be required with respect to attendance, instruction and progress of pupils enrolled between the
entrance age and sixteen years;

22 Exemption B. Instruction in home or other approved 23 *place.*—(a) Such instruction shall be in the home of such 24 child or children or at some other place approved by the 25county board of education and for a time equal to the 26 school term of the county. If such request for home 27 instruction is denied by the county board of education, 28 good and reasonable justification for such denial must 29 be furnished in writing to the applicant by the county 30 board of education. The instruction in such cases shall 31 be conducted by a person or persons who, in the 32 judgment of the county superintendent and county 33 board of education, are gualified to give instruction in 34 subjects required to be taught in the free elementary schools of the state. It shall be the duty of the person 35 36 or persons providing the instruction, upon request of the 37 county superintendent, to furnish to the county board of 38 education such information and records as may be 39 required from time to time with respect to attendance, 40 instruction and progress of pupils enrolled between the 41 entrance age and sixteen years receiving such instruc-42 tion. The state department of education shall develop 43 guidelines for the homeschooling of special education 44 students including alternative assessment measures to 45 assure that satisfactory academic progress is achieved.

46 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 47 (a) of this Exemption B, the person or persons providing 48 home instruction meet the requirements for Exemption 49 B when the conditions of this subsection are met: 50 *Provided.* That the county superintendent shall have the 51 right to seek from the circuit court of the county an 52order denving the home instruction, which order may be granted upon a showing of clear and convincing 53 54 evidence that the child will suffer educational neglect or that there are other compelling reasons to deny home 55 56 instruction.

57 (1) The person or persons providing home instruction

58 present to the county superintendent or county board of 59 education a notice of intent to provide home instruction 60 and the name and address of any child of compulsory 61 school age to be instructed: *Provided*, That if a child is 62 enrolled in a public school, notice of intent to provide 63 home instruction shall be given at least two weeks prior 64 to withdrawing such child from public school;

(2) The person or persons providing home instruction
submit satisfactory evidence of (i) a high school diploma
or equivalent and (ii) formal education at least four
years higher than the most academically advanced child
for whom the instruction will be provided or achievement of a score on the National Teachers Examination
sufficient for teacher certification in this state;

(3) The person or persons providing home instruction
outline a plan of instruction for the ensuing school year;
and

75 (4) The child receiving home instruction annually 76 takes a standardized test, to be administered at a public 77 school in the county where the child resides, or admin-78 istered by a licensed psychologist or other person 79 authorized by the publisher of the test, or administered 80 by a person authorized by the county superintendent or county board of education. The child shall be adminis-81 82 tered a test which has been normed by the test publisher 83 on that child's age or grade group. In no event may the 84 child's parent or legal guardian administer the test. 85 Where a test is administered outside of a public school, the child's parent or legal guardian shall pay the cost 86 of administering the test. The public school or other 87 88 qualified person shall administer to children of compul-89 sory school age the Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills, the California achievement test, the Stanford achieve-90 91 ment test, or the Iowa tests of basic skills, achievement and proficiency which test will be selected by the public 92 school, or other person administering the test, in the 93 subjects of English, grammar, reading, social studies, 94 science and mathematics; and shall be administered 95 under standardized conditions as set forth by the 96 published instructions of the selected test. No test shall 97 be administered if the publication date is more than ten 98

99 years from the date of the administration of the test. 100 Each child's test results shall be reported as a national 101 percentile for each of the six subjects tested. Each 102 child's test results shall be made available on or before 103 the thirtieth day of June of the school year in which the 104 test is to be administered to the person or persons 105 providing home instruction, the child's parent or legal 106 guardian and the county superintendent. Upon request 107 of a duly authorized representative of the West Virginia 108 department of education, each child's test results shall 109 be furnished by the person or persons providing home 110 instruction, or by the child's parent or legal guardian, 111 to the state superintendent of schools.

112 If the child's composite test results for any single year 113 for English, grammar, reading, social studies, science 114 and mathematics fall below the fortieth percentile on 115 the selected tests, the person or persons providing home 116 instruction shall initiate a remedial program to foster 117 achievement above that level. If, after one calendar year, 118 the child's composite test results are not above the 119 fortieth percentile level, home instruction shall no 120 longer satisfy the compulsory school attendance require-121 ment exemption.

122 The superintendent or a designee shall offer such 123 assistance, including textbooks, other teaching materials 124 and available resources, as may assist the person or persons providing home instruction subject to their 125 126 availability. Any child receiving home instruction may, 127 upon approval of the county board of education, exercise 128 the option to attend any class offered by the county board of education as the person or persons providing 129 130 home instruction may deem appropriate subject to 131 normal registration and attendance requirements.

Exemption C. Physical or mental incapacity.-132 Physical or mental incapacity shall consist of incapacity 133 for school attendance and the performance of school 134 work. In all cases of prolonged absence from school due 135 to incapacity of the child to attend, the written state-136 ment of a licensed physician or authorized school nurse 137 shall be required under the provisions of this article: 138 Provided. That in all cases incapacity shall be narrowly 139

defined and in no case shall the provisions of this article
allow for the exclusion of the mentally, physically,
emotionally or behaviorally handicapped child otherwise
entitled to a free appropriate education;

144 Exemption D. Residence more than two miles from 145 school or school bus route.-The distance of residence 146 from a school, or school bus route providing free 147 transportation, shall be reckoned by the shortest practicable road or path, which contemplates travel 148 through fields by right of permission from the land-149 150 holders or their agents. It shall be the duty of the county 151 board of education, subject to written consent of 152landholders, or their agents, to provide and maintain 153 safe foot bridges across streams off the public highways 154 where such are required for the safety and welfare of 155 pupils whose mode of travel from home to school or to 156 school bus route must necessarily be other than along the public highway in order for said road or path to be 157 158 not over two miles from home to school or to school bus 159 providing free transportation:

160 Exemption E. Hazardous conditions.—Conditions
161 rendering school attendance impossible or hazardous to
162 the life, health or safety of the child;

163 Exemption F. High school graduation.—Such ex-164 emption shall consist of regular graduation from a 165 standard senior high school;

166 Exemption G. Granting work permits.—The county 167 superintendent may, after due investigation, grant work 168 permits to youths under sixteen years of age, subject to 169 state and federal labor laws and regulations: Provided, 170 That a work permit may not be granted on behalf of any 171 youth who has not completed the eighth grade of school;

172 Exemption H. Serious illness or death in the imme-173 diate family of the pupil.—It is expected that the county 174 attendance director will ascertain the facts in all cases 175 of such absences about which information is inadequate 176 and report same to the county superintendent of schools;

177 Exemption I. Destitution in the home.—Exemption 178 based on a condition of extreme destitution in the home

179 may be granted only upon the written recommendation 180 of the county attendance director to the county super-181 intendent following careful investigation of the case. A 182 copy of the report confirming such condition and school 183 exemption shall be placed with the county director of public assistance. This enactment contemplates every 184 185 reasonable effort that may properly be taken on the part 186 of both school and public assistance authorities for the 187 relief of home conditions officially recognized as being 188 so destitute as to deprive children of the privilege of 189 school attendance. Exemption for this cause shall not be 190 allowed when such destitution is relieved through public 191 or private means;

192 Exemption J. Church ordinances: observances of regular church ordinances.--The county board of educa-193 194 tion may approve exemption for religious instruction 195 upon written request of the person having legal or 196 actual charge of a child or children: Provided. That such 197 exemption shall be subject to the rules and regulations 198 prescribed by the county superintendent and approved 199 by the county board of education;

200 Exemption K. Alternative private, parochial, church 201 or religious school instruction.-In lieu of the provisions 202 of Exemption A hereinabove, exemption shall be made for any child attending any private school, parochial 203 school, church school, school operated by a religious 204 205 order, or other nonpublic school which elects to comply with the provisions of article twenty-eight, chapter 206 eighteen of the code of West Virginia. 207

208 The completion of the eighth grade shall not exempt 209 any child under sixteen years of age from the compulsory attendance provision of this article: Provided, That 210 211 there is a public high school or other public school of 212 advanced grades or a school bus providing free transportation to any such school, the route of which is within 213 214 two miles of the child's home by the shortest practicable route or path as hereinbefore specified under Exemp-215 216 tion D of this section.

ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

§18-9A-4. Foundation allowance for professional educators.

Ch. 2]

.

- §18-9A-5. Foundation allowance for service personnel.
- §18-9A-5a. Ratio of foundation allowances for professional educators and service personnel to net enrollment.
- §18-9A-7. Foundation allowance for transportation cost.
- §18-9A-9. Foundation allowance for other current expense and substitute employees.
- §18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.
- §18-9A-13. Allowance for counties in severe financial crisis.
- \$18-9A-13b. Allowances for remedial and accelerated education programs and salary equity.

§18-9A-4. Foundation allowance for professional educators.

The basic foundation allowance to the county for 1 2 professional educators shall be the amount of money 3 required to pay the state minimum salaries, in accordance with provisions of article four, chapter eighteen-4 5 a of the code, to such personnel employed: Provided. 6 That in making this computation no county shall receive 7 an allowance for such personnel which number is in 8 excess of fifty-five professional educators to each one 9 thousand students in adjusted enrollment: Provided, 10 however, That for the school year commencing on the 11 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, no 12 county shall receive an allowance for such personnel 13 which number is in excess of fifty-four and thirty-three 14 one-hundredths professional educators to each one 15 thousand students in adjusted enrollment: Provided further. That for the school year commencing on the first 16 17 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one and thereafter, no county shall receive an allowance for such 18 19 personnel which number is in excess of fifty-three and 20 one-half professional educators to each one thousand 21 students in adjusted enrollment: And provided further, 22 That any county not qualifying under the provision of 23 section fourteen of this article shall be eligible for a growth rate in professional personnel in any one year 24 not to exceed twenty percent of its total potential 25 increase under this provision, except that in no case 26 27 shall such limit be fewer than five professionals: And 28 provided further. That the number of and the allowance for personnel paid in part by state and county funds 29 shall be prorated: And provided further, That where two 30 or more counties join together in support of a vocational 31

32 or comprehensive high school or any other program or 33 service, the professional educators for such school or 34 program may be prorated among the participating 35counties on the basis of each one's enrollment therein 36 and that such personnel shall be considered within the 37 above-stated limit: And provided further. That in the 38 school year beginning the first day of July, one thousand 39 nine hundred eighty-eight, and the succeeding school year, each county board shall establish and maintain a 40 41 minimum ratio of fifty professional instructional 42 personnel per one thousand students in adjusted enrollment, and in the school year beginning the first 43 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and for 44 45 each succeeding school year, each county board shall 46 establish and maintain a minimum ratio of fifty-one 47 professional instructional personnel per one thousand 48 students in adjusted enrollment: And provided further, 49 That no county shall have less than a total of five 50 principals and central office administrators. Any county 51board which does not establish and maintain this 52minimum ratio shall suffer a pro rata reduction in the allowance for professional educators under this section, 53 and, further, any county board which does not establish 54 55 and maintain this minimum ratio shall utilize any and all allocations to it by provision of section fourteen of 56 57 this article solely to employ professional instructional 58 personnel until the minimum ratio is attained. Every 59 county shall utilize methods other than reductions in force, such as attrition and early retirement, before 60 implementing their reductions in force policy to comply 61 62 with the limitations of this section. Any reductions resulting from the provisions of this section shall be 63 made in the following order: (1) central office adminis-64 65 trators, (2) assistant principals, and (3) principals.

66 Every county board of education shall annually determine the number of professional educators em-67 ployed that exceeds the number allowed by the public 68 school support plan and determine the amount of salary 69 supplement that would be available per state authorized 70 employee if all expenditures for such excess employees 71 were converted to annual salaries for state authorized 72 professional educators. Such information shall be 73

74 published annually in each school report card of each 75 county.

§18-9A-5. Foundation allowance for service personnel.

1 The basic foundation allowance to the county for 2 service personnel shall be the amount of money required 3 to pay the annual state minimum salaries in accordance with the provisions of article four, chapter eighteen-a of 4 5 the code, to such service personnel employed: Provided. That no county shall receive an allowance for an amount 6 7 in excess of thirty-four service personnel per one 8 thousand students in adjusted enrollment: Provided. 9 however. That the state superintendent of schools is authorized in accordance with rules and regulations 10 established by the state board and upon request of a 11 12 county superintendent to waive the maximum ratio of 13 thirty-four service personnel per one thousand students in adjusted enrollment and the twenty percent per year 14 15 growth cap provided in this section, to the extent 16 appropriations are provided, in those cases where the 17 state superintendent determines that student population 18 density and miles of bus route driven justify such 19 waiver, except that no waiver shall be granted to any 20 county whose financial statement shows a net balance 21 in general current expense funds greater than three 22 percent at the end of the previous fiscal year: Provided 23 further. That on or before the first day of each regular 24 session of the Legislature, the state board, through the 25 state superintendent, shall make to the Legislature a full report concerning the number of waivers granted and 26 the fiscal impact related thereto. Every county shall 27 28 utilize methods other than reduction in force, such as 29 attrition and early retirement, before implementing 30 their reductions in force policy to comply with the 31 limitations of this section.

For any county which has in excess of thirty-four service personnel per one thousand students in adjusted enrollment, such allowance shall be computed based upon the average state minimum pay scale salary of all service personnel in such county: *Provided*, That for any county having fewer than thirty-four service personnel per one thousand students in adjusted enrollment, in any

Ch. 2]

one year, the number of service personnel used in 39 40 making this computation may be increased the succeed-41 ing years by no more than twenty percent per year of 42 its total potential increase under this provision, except 43 that in no case shall such limit be fewer than two service 44 personnel until the county attains the maximum ratio 45 set forth: Provided, however, That where two or more 46 counties join together in support of a vocational or 47 comprehensive high school or any other program or 48 service, the service personnel for such school or program may be prorated among the participating counties on 49 50 the basis of each one's enrollment therein and that such 51 personnel shall be considered within the above-stated 52 limit.

53 Every county board of education shall annually determine the number of service personnel employed 54 55 that exceeds the number allowed by the public school 56 support plan and determine the amount of salary 57supplement that would be available per state authorized 58 employee if all expenditures for such excess employees 59were converted to annual salaries for state authorized service personnel. Such information shall be published 60 61 annually in each school report card of each county.

§18-9A-5a. Ratio of foundation allowances for professional educators and service personnel to net enrollment.

1 (a) The purpose of this section is to establish maxi-2 mum ratios between the numbers of professional 3 educators and service personnel in the counties which 4 are funded through the public school support plan and 5 the net enrollment in the counties, such ratios are in addition to the ratios provided for in sections four and 6 7 five of this article. It is the intent of the Legislature to adjust these ratios pursuant to legislative act as may be 8 9 appropriate when additional personnel are needed to perform additional duties. 10

(b) Commencing with the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine—ninety, and each year thereafter, in computing the basic foundation allowance to a county for professional educators and the basic

Ch.	2]
-----	----

15 foundation allowance to a county for service personnel 16 under sections four and five of this article, a county shall 17 not receive an allowance for such personnel which 18 number per one thousand students in net enrollment is 19 in excess of the number of professional educators and 20 the number of service personnel in the county computed 21 as follows:

22 23 24 25	For the school year	Maximum professional educators per 1000 net enrollment the preceding year	Maximum service personnel per 1000 net enrollment the preceding year
26	1989-90	76.5	45.5
27	1990-91	76.0	45.0
28	1991-92	75.5	44.5
29	1992-93	75.0	44.0
30	1993-94	74.5	43.75
31	1994-95 and	74.0	43.5
32	thereafter		

(c) Every county shall utilize methods other than
reductions in force, such as attrition and early retirement, before implementing their reductions in force
policy to comply with the limitations of this section.

37 (d) For the school years one thousand nine hundred 38 eighty-nine-ninety and one thousand nine hundred 39 ninety-ninety-one only, if a school district loses more 40 than six percent of the number chargeable for the 41 previous school year for professional educator positions 42 or service personnel positions, due to the maximum 43 ratios established in subsection (b) of this section, it may 44 apply to the state board for a waiver of said ratios to 45 the extent that the loss exceeds either six percent of its 46 professional educators or service personnel: Provided. 47 That the county board of education establishes and 48 maintains a minimum ratio of fifty professional instruc-49 tional personnel per one thousand students in adjusted 50enrollment for the school year beginning the first day 51of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and 52 fifty-one professional instructional personnel per one 53 thousand students in adjusted enrollment for the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety-ninety-one as 54

55required in section four of this article. Waivers shall be 56 determined on a case by case basis according to rules 57 adopted by the state board and granted to the extent 58 funds are appropriated by the Legislature for this 59 purpose. Prior to the adoption of such rules, the state 60 board shall conduct a thorough review of the staffing patterns in each county. Any personnel positions funded 61 62 as a result of a waiver granted under the provisions of 63 this subsection shall not be included in the computations set forth in sections four and five of this article. 64

§18-9A-7. Foundation allowance for transportation cost.

1 The allowance in the foundation school program for 2 each county for transportation shall be the sum of the 3 following computations:

4 (1) Eighty percent of the transportation cost within 5 each county for maintenance, operation and related 6 costs, exclusive of all salaries;

7 (2) The total cost, within each county, of insurance
8 premiums on buses, buildings and equipment used in
9 transportation: *Provided*, That such premiums were
10 procured through competitive bidding;

11 (3) For the school year beginning the first day of July, 12 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and thereafter, 13 an amount equal to ten percent of the current replace-14 ment value of the bus fleet within each county as 15 determined by the state board, such amount to be used 16 only for the replacement of buses. In addition, in any 17 school year in which its net enrollment increases when 18 compared to the net enrollment the year immediately 19 preceding, a school district may apply to the state superintendent for funding for an additional bus. 20 Furthermore, large, sparsely populated counties may 21 22 also apply to the state superintendent for funding for additional mini-buses. The state superintendent shall 23 24 make a decision regarding each application based upon 25 an analysis of the individual school district's net enrollment history and transportation needs or, in the 26 case of a large, sparsely populated county, the popula-27 tion of the county: Provided, That the superintendent 28 shall not consider any application which fails to 29

document that the county has applied for federal
funding for additional buses. If the state superintendent
finds that a need exists, a request for funding shall be
included in the budget request submitted by the state
board for the upcoming fiscal year.

35 (4) Eighty percent of the cost of contracted transpor 36 tation services and public utility transportation with
 37 each county;

38 (5) Aid in lieu of transportation equal to the state
39 average amount per pupil for each pupil receiving such
40 aid within each county; and

41 (6) Ninety percent of the total cost of transportation
42 operations and related expenses, excluding salaries and
43 maintenance for transporting students to and from
44 classes at a multi-county vocational center.

The total state share for this purpose shall be the sum of the county shares: *Provided*, That no county shall receive an allowance which is greater than one third above the computed state average allowance per mile multiplied by the total mileage in the county.

§18-9A-9. Foundation allowance for other current expense and substitute employees.

1 The total allowance for other current expense and 2 substitute employees shall be the sum of the following:

3 (1) For current expense, for the year one thousand 4 nine hundred ninety-ninety-one only, ten percent of the 5 sum of the computed state allocation for professional 6 educators and service personnel as determined in 7 sections four and five of this article, and thereafter the 8 rate shall be ten and six-tenths percent. Distribution to 9 the counties shall be made proportional to the average 10 of each county's average daily attendance for the 11 preceding year and the county's second month net 12 enrollment; plus

(2) For professional educator substitutes or current
expense, two and five-tenths percent of the computed
state allocation for professional educators as determined
in section four of this article. Distribution to the counties

shall be made proportional to the total county allocationfor professional educators; plus

(3) For service personnel substitutes or current
expense, two and five-tenths percent of the computed
state allocation for service personnel as determined in
section five of this article. Distribution to the counties
shall be made proportional to the total county allocation
for service personnel.

§18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.

1 (a) Commencing with the school year beginning on 2 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, 3 and thereafter, twenty-eight million eight hundred 4 thousand dollars, in addition to funds which accrue from 5 allocations due to increase in total local share above that 6 computed for the school year beginning on the first day 7 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, from 8 balances in the general school fund, or from appropri-9 ations for such purpose shall be allocated to increase 10 state support of counties as follows:

(1) Twenty percent of these funds shall be allocatedto the counties proportional to adjusted enrollment; and

(2) Each county whose allocation in subsection (1) is
less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars in any fiscal
year shall then receive an amount which equals the
difference between such amount received and one
hundred fifty thousand dollars.

(b) The remainder of these funds shall be allocated
according to the following plan for progress toward
basic resources per pupil equity:

21 Beginning with the county which has the lowest basic resources per pupil and progressing through the 22 counties successively to and beyond the county with the 23 24 highest basic resources per pupil, the funds available shall be allocated in amounts necessary to increase 25moneys available to the county or counties to the basic 26 resources per pupil level, as nearly as is possible, of the 27 county having the next higher basic resources per pupil: 28 Provided, That to be eligible for its allocation under this 29

30 section, a county board shall lay the maximum regular 31 tax rates set out in section six-c, article eight, chapter 32 eleven of this code: Provided, however, That moneys 33 allocated by provision of this section shall be used to improve instructional programs according to a plan for 34 instructional improvement which the affected county 35 board shall file with the state board by the first day of 36 37 August of each year, to be approved by the state board 38 by the first day of September of that year if such plan 39 substantially complies with standards to be adopted by 40 the state board: Provided further, That no part of this 41 allocation may be used to employ professional educators 42 in counties until and unless all applicable provisions of 43 sections four and fourteen of this article have been fully utilized. Such instructional improvement plan shall be 44 45 made available for distribution to the public at the office 46 of each affected county board.

47 (c) Commencing with the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, 48 49 fifteen million, four hundred forty thousand, four 50 hundred ninety-three dollars shall be paid into the 51school building capital improvements fund created by 52section six, article nine-d of this chapter, and shall be 53 used solely for the purposes of said article nine-d. In each fiscal year thereafter, fifty percent of the funds 54 55 which accrue due to an increase in local share above that 56 computed for the school year beginning on the first day 57 of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall 58 be paid into the school building capital improvements 59 fund created by section six, article nine-d of this chapter, and shall be used solely for the purposes of said 60 61 article nine-d: Provided, That in each such subsequent fiscal year, not less than seven million seven hundred 62 63 thousand dollars shall be added to the amount of the 64 prior year's appropriation for such fund.

(d) There shall be appropriated seven million, four
hundred ten thousand, six hundred sixty-eight dollars
for aid to counties which may be expended by the county
boards for the initiation, and/or improvements of special
education programs including employment of new
special education professional personnel solely serving

71 exceptional children; instructional programs which utilize state of the art technology; training of educa-72 73 tional personnel to work with exceptional children; and 74 supportive costs such as materials, transportation, 75 contracted services, minor renovations and other costs 76 directly related to the special education delivery process 77 prescribed by the state board. The appropriation may 78 also be used for nonpersonnel costs associated with the 79 maintenance of special education programs in accor-80 dance with such rules as established by the state board. 81 The appropriation includes out-of-state instruction and 82 may be expended to provide instruction, care and 83 maintenance for educable persons who are severely 84 handicapped and for whom the state provides no 85 facilities.

86 (e) There shall be appropriated two million, one 87 thousand, seven hundred thirty-two dollars to be used 88 by the state department of education which may be 89 expended for the purposes of paving staff and operating 90 costs of both administrative/program personnel and 91 instructional personnel delivering education to handicapped children in facilities operated by the state 92 93 division of health; paving state department of education 94 staff, current expenses and equipment; supporting a gifted summer camp; and supporting special state 95 96 projects, including, but not limited to, (1) an instruc-97 tional materials center for visually handicapped child-98 ren at the West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, (2) the state special olympics program, (3) the 99 West Virginia advisory council for the education of 100 101 exceptional children at the West Virginia College of 102 Graduate Studies, (4) statewide training activities or 103 other programs benefiting exceptional children and 104 (5) the state very special arts program.

§18-9A-13. Allowance for counties in severe financial crisis.

1 For the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, 2 one thousand nine hundred ninety only, there shall be 3 an allowance for counties who have suffered a severe 4 financial crisis for two or more consecutive years, as 5 determined by the department of education, after taking

6 under consideration funding stability, sparcity of population and staffing ratio to students, among other 7 8 factors. The amount of such allowance shall be deter-9 mined by policies adopted by the state board of education. The amount of such allowance shall be 10 11 contingent upon appropriations provided by the Legis-12 lature and shall be allocated to counties in accordance 13 with policies adopted by the state board of education.

§18-9A-13b. Allowances for remedial and accelerated education programs and salary equity.

For the school year one thousand nine hundred eightynine—ninety only, funds which accrue from allocations due to changes in adjusted enrollment above that computed for the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall be distributed for the purpose of achieving equity within the state basic foundation program.

8 Commencing with the school year beginning on the 9 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one 10 and thereafter, funds which accrue from allocations due 11 to changes in adjusted enrollment above that computed 12 for the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, or from 13 appropriations for such purpose, shall be allocated to 14 15increase state support for salary equity and to develop and implement remedial and accelerated programs in 16 the following manner: 17

18 Eighty percent of these funds shall be allocated for the purpose of attaining salary equity among the counties 19 20 pursuant to section five, article four, chapter eighteena. except that for the school year commencing on the 21 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety only, 22 the allocation to salary equity shall be made in accor-23 24 dance with the provisions of section five-d, article four, 25chapter eighteen-a of this code; and

Twenty percent of these funds shall be allocated to implement remedial and accelerated programs as developed under guidelines of the state board, except that for the school year commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety only, the

- 31 allocation to implement remedial and accelerated
- 32 programs shall be made only to the extent funds are 33 appropriated for such programs.

ARTICLE 9B. STATE BOARD OF SCHOOL FINANCE.

§18-9B-6a. Delaying submission of budget.

1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of the code to 2 the contrary, the county board shall not be required to 3 submit its budget for approval by the state board of education as provided by section twelve-a, article eight, 4 chapter eleven of this code and sections six and seven 5 6 of article nine-b, chapter eighteen of this code, until the 7 tenth day next following the state board's transmittal of 8 final state aid computations following the adoption of the state budget, but no later than the thirtieth day of 9 May: Provided. That, in any year in which the state 10 11 budget is not adopted on or before the first day of May, 12 the state board may require the county board to adopt 13 a preliminary budget and to submit it to the state board no later than the thirtieth day of May, and when final 14 15 computations of state aid are transmitted to the county board, the county board shall make such adjustments as 16 17 are necessary prior to final adoption of the budget.

ARTICLE 20. EDUCATION OF EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN.

- §18-20-1. Establishment of special programs and teaching services for exceptional children.
- §18-20-1b. Preschool programs for handicapped children; rules and regulations.

§18-20-1. Establishment of special programs and teaching services for exceptional children.

In accordance with the following provisions, county 1 2 boards of education throughout the state shall establish and maintain for all exceptional children between five 3 and twenty-one years of age special educational pro-4 grams, including, but not limited to, special schools or 5 6 classes, regular classroom programs, home-teaching or visiting-teacher services for any type or classification as 7 the state board shall approve. Special educational 8 programs shall continue to be provided to those children 9 who are at least twenty-one years of age and enrolled 10

1578

11 in the above mentioned "special education program" 12 prior to the first day of September. one thousand nine 13 hundred ninety-one, until they reach twenty-three years of age. Provisions shall be made for educating excep-14 15 tional children (including the handicapped and the 16 gifted) who differ from the average or normal in 17 physical, mental or emotional characteristics, or in 18 communicative or intellectual deviation characteristics. or in both communicative and intellectual deviation 19 20 characteristics, to the extent that they cannot be 21 educated safely or profitably in the regular classes of the 22 public schools or to the extent that they need special educational provisions within the regular classroom in 23 24 order to educate them in accordance with their capac-25ities, limitations and needs: Provided, That for the school 26year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, provisions shall be made for 27 28 educating exceptional children, including the handicapped, the gifted in grades one through eight, the 29 30 pupils enrolled on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, in the gifted program in 31grades nine through twelve and the exceptional gifted 32 33 in grades nine through twelve. The term "exceptional 34 gifted" means those students in grades nine through 35 twelve identified as gifted and at least one of the 36 following: Behavior disorder, specific learning disabil-37 ities, psychological adjustment disorder, underachiev-38 ing, or economically disadvantaged. Exceptional gifted 39 children shall be referred for identification pursuant to 40 recommendation by a school psychologist, school coun-41 selor, principal, teacher, parent or by self-referral, at 42 which time the placement process, including development of an individualized education program, and 43 attendant due process rights, shall commence. 44 Exceptional gifted children, for purposes of calculating 45 adjusted enrollment pursuant to section two, article 46 nine-a of this chapter, shall not exceed one percent of 47 48 net enrollment in grades nine through twelve. Nothing 49 herein shall be construed to limit the number of students 50 identified as exceptional gifted and who receive appropriate services. Each county board of education is 51 mandated to provide gifted education to its students 52

53 according to guidelines promulgated by the state board 54 and consistent with the provisions of this chapter. Upon 55 the recommendation of a principal, counselor, teacher 56 and parent, a student who does not meet the gifted 57 eligibility criteria may participate in any school 58 program deemed appropriate for the student provided 59 that classroom space is available. In addition, county 60 boards of education may establish and maintain other 61 educational services for exceptional children as the state 62 superintendent of schools may approve.

63 County boards of education shall establish and 64 maintain these special educational programs, including, 65 but not limited to, special schools classes, regular class 66 programs, home-teaching and visiting-teacher services. 67 The special education programs shall include home-68 teaching or visiting-teacher services for children who 69 are homebound due to injury or who for any other reason as certified by a licensed physician are home-70 71 bound for a period that has lasted or will last more than 72 three weeks: Provided, That pupils receiving such 73 homebound or visiting-teacher services shall not be 74 included when computing adjusted enrollment as 75 defined in section two, article nine-a, chapter eighteen 76 of this code. The state board shall adopt rules to advance 77 and accomplish this program and to assure that all 78 exceptional children in the state, including children in 79 mental health facilities, residential institutions and 80 private schools, will receive an education in accordance with the mandates of state and federal laws: Provided. 81 however. That commencing with the school year begin-82 ning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 83 84 ninety-one, all exceptional children in the state in foster 85 care and correctional facilities will receive an education in accordance with the mandates of state and federal 86 87 laws.

§18-20-1b. Preschool programs for handicapped children; rules and regulations.

1 (a) During the school year beginning on the first day 2 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, each 3 county board of education shall develop a coordinated 4 service delivery plan in accordance with standards for

5 preschool programs for handicapped children to be 6 developed by the state board of education and begin 7 services where plans are already developed.

8 (b) Each county board of education shall establish and 9 maintain special education programs, including, but not 10 limited to, special classes, regular classes and home-11 teaching and visiting-teacher services for all handi-12 capped children ages three through five, inclusive.

13 As used in this section, the term "handicapped 14 children" means those children who fall in any one of 15 the following categories as defined or to be defined in 16 the state board of education standards for the education 17 of exceptional children: Severe behavioral disorders. communication disordered, deaf-blind, developmentally 18 delayed, hearing impaired, other health impaired 19 including autism, physically handicapped. mentally 20 21 impaired or visually impaired.

22 Before the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the state board of education shall 23 24 adopt rules to advance and accomplish this program and to assure that an appropriate educational program is 25 available to all such children in the state, including 26 children in mental health facilities, residential institu-27 28 tions, foster care, correctional facilities and private 29 schools.

This section does not prevent county boards of education from providing special education programs, including, but not limited to, special schools or classes, regular class programs and home-teaching or visitingteacher services for severely handicapped preschool children prior to such times as are required by this section.

CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

Article

- 2. School Personnel.
- 4. Salaries, Wages, and Other Benefits.

ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

§18A-2-7. Assignment, transfer, promotion, demotion, suspension and recommendation of dismis-

sal of school personnel by superintendent; preliminary notice of transfer; hearing on the transfer; proof required.

1 The superintendent, subject only to approval of the 2 board, shall have authority to assign, transfer, promote, 3 demote or suspend school personnel and to recommend 4 their dismissal pursuant to provisions of this chapter. 5 However, an employee shall be notified in writing by the 6 superintendent on or before the first Monday in April 7 if he is being considered for transfer or to be trans-8 ferred, except that for the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine-ninety only, the superintendent 9 10 shall have until the fourth Monday of April to provide 11 an employee with such written notice. Any teacher or 12 employee who desires to protest such proposed transfer 13 may request in writing a statement of the reasons for 14 the proposed transfer. Such statement of reasons shall 15 be delivered to the teacher or employee within ten days of the receipt of the request. Within ten days of the 16 17 receipt of the statement of the reasons, the teacher or 18 employee may make written demand upon the superin-19 tendent for a hearing on the proposed transfer before 20 the county board of education. The hearing on the 21 proposed transfer shall be held on or before the first Monday in May, except that for the school year one 22 23 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine-ninety only, the hearing shall be held on or before the fourth Monday 24 in May, one thousand nine hundred ninety. At the 2526 hearing, the reasons for the proposed transfer must be 27 shown.

28 The superintendent at a meeting of the board on or 29 before the first Monday in May shall furnish in writing 30 to the board a list of teachers and other employees to 31 be considered for transfer and subsequent assignment for the next ensuing school year, except that for the 32 school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine-33 ninety only, the superintendent shall have until the 34 fourth Monday in May to provide the board with such 35 written list. All other teachers and employees not so 36 listed shall be considered as reassigned to the positions 37 or jobs held at the time of this meeting. The list of those 38

39 recommended for transfer shall be included in the 40 minute record of such meeting and all those so listed 41 shall be notified in writing, which notice shall be 42 delivered in writing, by certified mail, return receipt 43 requested, to such persons' last known addresses within ten days following said board meeting, of their having 44 45 been so recommended for transfer and subsequent 46 assignment and the reasons therefor. The superintendent's authority to suspend school personnel shall be 47 48 temporary only pending a hearing upon charges filed by 49 the superintendent with the board of education and such period of suspension shall not exceed thirty days unless 50 51 extended by order of the board.

52 The provisions of this section respecting hearing upon 53 notice of transfer shall not be applicable in emergency 54 situations where the school building becomes damaged 55 or destroyed through an unforeseeable act and which act 56 necessitates a transfer of such school personnel because 57 of the aforementioned condition of the building.

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES, AND OTHER BENEFITS.

- §18A-4-5a. County salary supplements for teachers.
- §18A-4-5b. County salary supplements for school service personnel.
- §18A-4-5d. 1990 appropriation for salary equity.
- §18A-4-7. Substitute teachers pay.

§18A-4-5a. County salary supplements for teachers.

County boards of education in fixing the salaries of 1 2 teachers shall use at least the state minimum salaries 3 established under the provisions of this article. The 4 board may establish salary schedules which shall be in 5 excess of the state minimums fixed by this article, such county schedules to be uniform throughout the county 6 7 as to the above stipulated training classifications, experience, responsibility and other requirements. 8 9 Beginning with the school year commencing on the first 10 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, no 11 such county schedule may exceed one hundred two and 12 one-half percent of a schedule which incorporates the 13 state minimum salary for teachers in effect on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and 14 adopts a supplement which equals the highest supple-15

16 ment provided by a county on the first day of January. 17 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, so as to assist the 18 state in meeting its objective of salary equity among the 19 counties: Provided, That all teachers in the state shall 20 be entitled to any increases in the minimum salary 21 schedules established under the provisions of this article, and when a county schedule changes due to said 22 increase in the state minimum salary taking effect after 23 24 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-25one, it shall not be deemed to exceed the maximum 26 salary schedule prescribed herein.

27 Counties may fix higher salaries for teachers placed 28 in special instructional assignments, for those assigned 29 to or employed for duties other than regular instruc-30 tional duties, and for teachers of one-teacher schools, 31 and they may provide additional compensation for any 32 teacher assigned duties in addition to the teacher's 33 regular instructional duties wherein such noninstruc-34 tional duties are not a part of the scheduled hours of the regular school day. Uniformity also shall apply to such 35 36 additional salary increments or compensation for all 37 persons performing like assignments and duties within 38 the county: Provided, That in establishing such local 39 salary schedules, no county shall reduce local funds 40 allocated for salaries in effect on the first day of 41 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and used in 42 supplementing the state minimum salaries as provided 43 for in this article, unless forced to do so by defeat of a 44 special levy, or a loss in assessed values or events over 45 which it has no control and for which the county board 46 has received approval from the state board prior to 47 making such reduction.

Counties may provide, in a uniform manner, benefits 48 for teachers which require an appropriation from local 49 funds including, but not limited to, dental, optical, 50 health and income protection insurance, vacation time 51 and retirement plans excluding the state teachers 52 retirement system. Nothing herein shall prohibit the 53maintenance nor result in the reduction of any benefits 54 in effect on January one, one thousand nine hundred 55 eighty-four. by any county board of education. 56

57 To further assist the state in meeting such objective. 58 each county board of education shall provide to the state 59 board of education on or before the first day of 60 November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, such 61 information as the state board directs to assist the state superintendent of schools in preparing a report to be 62 63 submitted to the Legislature on the first day of the 64 regular session thereof in the year one thousand nine 65 hundred ninety. Such report shall include findings, conclusions and recommendations with respect to 66 67 benefits provided and meeting the objective of benefit 68 equity among the counties.

§18A-4-5b. County salary supplements for school service personnel.

1 The county board of education may establish salary 2 schedules which shall be in excess of the state min-3 imums fixed by this article. Beginning with the school 4 year commencing on the first day of July, one thousand 5 nine hundred ninety-one, no such schedule may exceed 6 one hundred two and one-half percent of a schedule 7 which incorporates the state minimum salary for school service personnel in effect on the first day of July, one 8 9 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and adopts a monthly 10 supplement of two hundred and five dollars for zero years of experience for all pay grades and which 11 12 increases said monthly supplement by two dollars for 13 each year of experience codified for school service 14 personnel in this article, so as to assist the state in meeting its objective of salary equity among the 15counties: Provided, That all school service personnel in 16 17 the state shall be entitled to any increases in the 18 minimum salary for school service personnel established 19 under the provisions of this article, and when a county 20 schedule changes due to said increase in the state 21 minimum salary taking effect after the first day of July. 22 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, it shall not be 23 deemed to exceed the maximum salary schedule prescribed herein. Any county supplement for any position 24 25 which, on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, extends the schedule beyond the 26 maximum prescribed herein for such position shall be 27

exempt from the maximums stated herein, subject to the
approval of the state board, but no such supplement
shall be increased beyond the amount received on the
first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninetyone.

33 These county schedules shall be uniform throughout 34 the county with regard to any training classification, 35 experience, years of employment, responsibility, duties, pupil participation, pupil enrollment, size of buildings, 36 37 operation of equipment or other requirements. Further, 38 uniformity shall apply to all salaries, rates of pay, 39 benefits, increments or compensation for all persons regularly employed and performing like assignments 40 41 and duties within the county: Provided, That in estab-42 lishing such local salary schedules, no county shall 43 reduce local funds allocated for salaries in effect on the 44 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety. 45 and used in supplementing the state minimum salaries 46 as provided for in this article, unless forced to do so by 47 defeat of a special levy, or a loss in assessed values or 48 events over which it has no control and for which the 49 county board has received approval from the state board 50 prior to making such reduction.

51 Counties may provide, in a uniform manner, benefits 52 for service personnel which require an appropriation 53 from local funds including, but not limited to, dental, 54 optical, health and income protection insurance, vaca-55 tion time and retirement plans excluding the state 56 teachers retirement system. Nothing herein shall prohibit the maintenance nor result in the reduction of 57 58 any benefits in effect on January one, one thousand nine 59 hundred eighty-four, by any county board of education.

60 To further assist the state in meeting such objective. each county board of education shall provide to the state 61 board of education on or before the first day of 62 November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, such 63 information as the state board directs to assist the state 64 superintendent of schools in preparing a report to be 65 submitted to the Legislature on the first day of the 66 regular session thereof in the year one thousand nine 67 hundred ninety. Such report shall include findings, 68

69 conclusions, and recommendations with respect to 70 benefits provided and meeting the objective of benefit

71 equity among the counties.

§18A-4-5d. 1990 appropriation for salary equity.

1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, for the fiscal year beginning on the first 2 3 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety only, not less than twenty-seven million, four hundred thousand 4 5 dollars shall be appropriated and expended for salary 6 equity among the counties in addition to such amounts 7 as were expended for such purpose prior to the effective 8 date of this section: Provided, That for professional 9 educators each person shall receive a minimum salary 10 equity adjustment of five hundred thirty-five dollars per 11 year and that for service personnel each person shall 12 receive a minimum salary equity adjustment of twenty 13 dollars per month: Provided, however, That the re-14 mainder of the equity money shall be distributed as directed in section five of this article: Provided further, 15 That an adequate amount of such funds shall be 16 reserved to finance the appropriate foundation allowan-17 18 ces for fixed charges as provided for in section six, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of this code: And 19 20provided further. That notwithstanding the provisions of said sections five and five-c of this article, foundation 21 22 allowances other than for fixed charges shall not be 23 financed from such funds.

§18A-4-7. Substitute teachers pay.

The pay of a substitute teacher shall not be less than 1 2 eighty percent of the daily rate of the state basic salary paid to teachers: Provided, That any substitute teacher 3 who teaches in excess of ten consecutive instructional 4 days in the same position shall, thereafter, not be paid 5 less than eighty percent of the daily rate of the state 6 advanced salary based upon teaching experience: 7 Provided, however, That any substitute teacher who 8 teaches in excess of thirty days in the same position shall 9 be paid the daily rate of the advanced salary, within that 10 teacher's county. 11

CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 1. GOVERNANCE.

§18B-1-11. Colleges and universities to provide appropriate services to meet needs of students with handicapping conditions.

Each state funded institution of higher education 1 accepting students with handicapping conditions, such 2 as physical, learning, or severe sensory disabilities, shall 3 provide services in accordance with Rehabilitation Act 4 504 appropriate to meet the educational needs of these 5 students. Such information shall be provided to local 6 boards of education for information dissemination to 7 students and parents to fulfill the goals of transition. 8

LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

ł

ACTS

SECOND EXTRAORDINARY SESSION, 1990

CHAPTER 1

(S. B. 8—By Mr. Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 27, 1990; in effect from passage.]

AN ACT making supplementary appropriation of public moneys, as specified, out of the treasury with insertion thereof into appropriation accounts, as specified, and with all necessary adjustments of increase of items and language of appropriation in such specified accounts; supplementing and amending chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account Nos. 1210, 1245, 1800, 2785, 2795, 2855, 3330, 3500, 3770, 4405, 5200 and 5640, chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill, be added, supplemented and amended by the items and language of appropriation to such extent as set forth herein, with all other items and language of appropriation of such accounts, as set forth in the budget bill, to remain unchanged and unaffected, to read as follows:

1590	Appropriations	[Ch. 1
1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.	
2	Section 8. Appropriations from surplus rev	enue.
3 4	173b—Office of Community and Industrial Development	
5	(WV Code Chapter 5B)	
6	Acct. No. 1210	
7	1 Personal Services—Total \$	400,000
1 2 3	173c—Board of Directors of the State College System Control Account	
4	(WV Code Chapter 18B)	
5	Acct. No. 2785	
6	1 Unclassified—Total \$	500,000
7 8	It is the intent of the Legislature for this ag ation to be used solely for increases in employee s	
1 2 3	173d—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia Control Account	
4	(WV Code Chapter 18B)	
5	Acct. No. 2795	
6	1 Unclassified—Total \$ 1,	,000,000
7 8	It is the intent of the Legislature for this ag ation to be used solely for increases in employee s	
1 2 3 4	173e—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia University of West Virginia Health Sciences Account	
5	(WV Code Chapter 18B)	
6	Acct. No. 2855	
7	1 Unclassified—Total \$ 1,	,500,000

CL	11
Un.	1]

;

;;;;

: ;

8 9	It is the intent of the Legislature for this appropri- ation to be used solely for increases in employee salaries.
1 2	173f—West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and the Blind
3	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)
4	Acct. No. 3330
5	1 Personal Services—Total \$ 200,000
1 2	173g—State Board of Rehabilitation— Division of Rehabilitation Services
3	(WV Code Chapter 18)
4	Acct. No. 4405
5	1 Personal Services—Total \$ 200,000
1 2	173h—Division of Corrections— Correctional Units
3	(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 29 and 62)
4	Acct. No. 3770
5	1 Personal Services—Total \$ 1,200,000
1	173i—Tax Division
2	(WV Code Chapter 11)
3	Acct. No. 1800
4 5	1 Personal Services
6	3 Total \$ 700,000
7 8 9 10 11 12	The Unclassified appropriation above shall be used for salaries and related expenses to originate and maintain and make public on a recurring basis a tax expenditure study to identify the cost to the state in foregone revenues caused by tax credits administered by the department of tax and revenue.

1592	Appropriations [Ch. 1
1	173j—Library Commission
2	(WV Code Chapter 10)
3	Acct. No. 3500
4	1 Personal Services—Total \$ 50,000
5	173k—Geological and Economic Survey
6	(WV Code Chapter 29)
7	Acct. No. 5200
8	1 Personal Services—Total \$ 50,000
1	1731Governor's Office
2	(WV Code Chapter 5)
3	Acct. No. 1245
4	1 Unclassified—Total \$ 1,000,000
5 6 7 8	Any part or all of this appropriation may be trans- ferred to any other account within the general revenue fund to provide for a salary increase for employees of the state.
1	173m—Water Resources Board
2	(WV Code Chapter 20)
3	Acct. No. 5640
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	1Personal Services\$ 60,1522Annual Increment8643Employee Benefits18,6904Unclassified41,7525Total\$ 121,458The purpose of this supplementary appropriation billis to appropriate public money, as specified, withinsertion of such moneys into accounts in the budget billand specified items thereof, together with all adjustments of increase required. These public moneys, asnewly provided for, shall be available for such use andand specified items defined items

15 expenditure upon passage of the bill and in fiscal year

16 1990-91, supplementing the budget bill for such fiscal 17 year earlier enacted.

18 It is the intent of the Legislature that salary increases 19 made possible by these appropriations and other funds 20available to agencies be implemented by the division of personnel, excluding accounts governed by the board of 21 22 directors of the college system and the board of trustees 23 of the university system, by establishing a minimum 24 annual salary for full-time regular employees within the 25 classified service of ten thousand dollars per annum. It 26 is further the intent of the Legislature to increase every 27 annual salary in the pay plan for full-time regular 28 employees by one thousand and eight dollars unless the 29 ten thousand dollars mentioned above establishes a 30 higher increase: Provided, That any full-time state 31 employee, except employees of the board of directors of 32 the college system and the board of trustees of the 33 university system, who has received a salary increase of 34 four thousand dollars per annum or more during the last 35 twelve months and has not changed classification shall 36 be excluded from this salary increase.

CHAPTER 2

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 212—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 27, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making supplementary appropriation of public moneys, as specified, out of the treasury with insertion thereof into appropriation accounts, as specified, and with all necessary adjustments of increase of items and language of appropriation in such specified accounts; supplementing and amending chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 4190, chapter ten, acts of the Legislature,

Appropriations

regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill, be added, supplemented and amended by the items and language of appropriation to such extent as set forth herein, with all other items and language of appropriation of such accounts, as set forth in the budget bill, to remain unchanged and unaffected, to read as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 8. Appropriations from surplus revenue.
3	173a–Consolidated Medical
4	Services Fund
5	Acct. No. 4190
6	1 Special Supplementary
7	2 Food Program for Women,
8	3 Infants and Children \$ 400,000
9	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill
10	is to appropriate public money, as specified (general
11	revenues), with insertion of such moneys into accounts
12	in the budget bill and specified items thereof, together
13	with all adjustments of increase required. These public
14	moneys, as newly provided for, shall be available for
15	such use and expenditure upon passage of the bill and
16	in fiscal year 1990-91, supplementing the budget bill for
17	such fiscal year earlier enacted.
	<u> </u>

CHAPTER 3

(S. B. 11—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 25, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all state road funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to the West Virginia Department of Transportation, Division of Motor Vehicles, Account No. 6710, supplementing chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill.

1594

Ch. 4]

APPROPRIATIONS

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriations from the State Road Fund to the West Virginia Department of Transportation, Division of Motor Vehicles, Account No. 6710, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninetyone, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding the following sum to the designated line item:

1 TITLE II-APPROPRIATIONS. 2 Section 5. Appropriations from other funds. 3 158-Division of Motor Vehicles (WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B, 17C, 20 and 24) 4 5 Acct. No. 6710 6 TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND 7 1 Personal Services.....\$ \$ 150.000 8 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill 9 is to supplement this account and the existing line item 10 therein for expenditure in fiscal year 1990-91. These public moneys, as newly provided for. shall be available 11 12 for such use and expenditure upon passage of the bill 13 and in fiscal year 1990-91, supplementing the budget 14 bill for such fiscal year earlier enacted.

CHAPTER 4

(S. B. 13—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 27, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring appropriations in Account Nos. 8311-10, 8311-26, 8311-31, 8311-32, 8311-34, 8324-26, 8329-07, 8350 and 8540, as specified, including all necessary adjustments of increases, reductions or transfers of appropriations and language of appropriation in specified items and those items created herein, all supplementing and amending chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That specified items of Account Nos. 8311-10, 8311-26, 8311-31, 8311-32, 8311-34, 8324-26, 8329-07, 8350 and 8540, as found in chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended, reduced and transferred by the items and language of appropriation to such extent as set forth herein, to read as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.						
2	S	ection 5.	Appropriatio	ons fro	m oth	er fu	unds.
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES						
5 6	126—Division of Natural Resources— Groundwater Planning						
7	(WV Code Chapter 20)						
8	Acct. No. 8311-10						
9		to be f	AID FROM SPECIA	AL REVI	ENUE FI	JND	
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	1 2 3 4 5 6 6a	Annual In Employee Current E Repairs ar Equipmen	Services crement Benefits xpenses nd Alterations nt ed	•		\$	55,678 0 16,685 0 0 230,297
17	7	Total		. \$	_	\$	302,660
1 2 3 4 5	H	lazardous 1	Division of Nat Waste Emergen (WV Code Ch Acct. No. 8 PAID FROM SPECL	apter 311-26	l Respo 20) 5	mse	Fund
6	1	Personal S	Services	. \$	_	\$	350,000

1596

8 3 Employee Benefits - 105,324 9 4 Current Expenses -	Ch. 4]		Appropriation	IS		1597	
2Solid Waste Reclamation and Environmental Response Fund4(WV Code Chapter 20)5Acct. No. 8311-316TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND71Personal Services \$ - \$ 77,84482Employee Benefits 23,35393Current Expenses 0-104Repairs and Alterations 0-115Equipment 0-125aUnclassified 0-136Total 0-14129-Division of Natural Resources-2Solid Waste Enforcement Fund3(WV Code Chapter 20)4Acct. No. 8311-325TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND61Personal Services \$ - \$ 8,89283Employee Benefits 8,89283Employee Benefits 0-105Repairs and Alterations 0-105Repairs and Alterations 0-116Equipment 218,128	8 9 10 11 12	3 4 5 6 6a	Employee Benefits Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment Unclassified	\$		-0	
5 Acct. No. 8311-31 6 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 7 1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 77,844 8 2 Employee Benefits 23,353 9 3 Current Expenses0- 10 4 Repairs and Alterations0- 11 5 Equipment0- 12 5a Unclassified	2	Solid Waste Reclamation and Environmental					
6 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 7 1 Personal Services\$ — \$ 77,844 8 2 Employee Benefits — 23,353 9 3 Current Expenses —	4		(WV Code Cha	pter 2	0)		
7 1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 77,844 8 2 Employee Benefits 23,353 9 3 Current Expenses -0- 10 4 Repairs and Alterations -0- 10 4 Repairs and Alterations -0- 11 5 Equipment -0- 12 5a Unclassified 12 5a Unclassified 13 6 Total \$ - \$ 740,196 1 129-Division of Natural Resources- \$ 740,196 2 Anct. No. 8311-32 \$ 75 5 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND \$ 8,892 8 Employee Benefits </td <td>5</td> <td></td> <td>Acct. No. 83</td> <td>11-31</td> <td></td> <td></td>	5		Acct. No. 83	11-31			
8 2 Employee Benefits	6	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND					
2Solid Waste Enforcement Fund3(WV Code Chapter 20)4Acct. No. 8311-325TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND61Personal Services72Annual Increment83Employee Benefits94Current Expenses105Repairs and Alterations116Equipment126aUnclassified	8 9 10 11 12	-2 3 4 5 5a	Employee Benefits Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment Unclassified			23,353 0 0 0 638,999	
4 Acct. No. 8311-32 5 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 6 1 Personal Services \$							
5 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 6 1 Personal Services\$ — \$ 1,514,740 7 2 Annual Increment — \$ 1,514,740 7 2 Annual Increment — \$ 1,514,740 7 2 Annual Increment — \$ 8,892 8 3 Employee Benefits — 457,090 9 4 Current Expenses — -0 10 5 Repairs and Alterations — -0 11 6 Equipment — -0 12 6a Unclassified — 218,128	3	(WV Code Chapter 20)					
6 1 Personal Services \$ \$ 1,514,740 7 2 Annual Increment 8,892 8 3 Employee Benefits 457,090 9 4 Current Expenses 10 5 Repairs and Alterations 11 6 Equipment 12 6a Unclassified 218,128	4	Acct. No. 8311-32					
7 2 Annual Increment — 8,892 8 3 Employee Benefits — 457,090 9 4 Current Expenses — — -0— 10 5 Repairs and Alterations — — -0— 11 6 Equipment — — 218,128 12 6a Unclassified — 218,128	5	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND					
13 (10tal	7 8 9 10 11	2 3 4 5 6	Annual Increment Employee Benefits Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment	\$		8,892 457,090 0 0 0	

APPROPRIATIONS

ŧ

1 2		130—Division of Natur Leaking Underground				
3	(WV Code Chapter 20)					
4		Acct. No. 831	11-34			
5		TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL	REVE	ENUE FU	IND	
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	1 2 3 4 5 6 6a		\$		\$	290,000 936 87,000 0 0 73,000
13	7	Total	\$	—	\$	450,936
1 2 3	2 Nongame Fund					
4	Acet. No. 8324-26					
5		TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL			IND	
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	1 2 3 4 5 6 6a	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment Unclassified	\$		\$	67,824 216 20,347 0- 0- 161,566
13	7	Total	\$		\$	249,953
1 2		133—Division of Natur Planning and Develop				
3		(WV Code Chaj	-			
4		Acct. No. 832	29-07			
5		TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL	REVE	ENUE FU	IND	
6 7 8	1 2 3	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits	\$		\$	100,000 2,052 30,616

Ch. 4	4] Appropriations	1599			
9 10 11 12 13	4Current Expenses5Repairs and Alterations6Equipment6aUnclassified7Total\$	$ \begin{array}{r} -0-\\ -0-\\ -0-\\ 58,856\\ \hline \$ 191,524 \end{array} $			
1	141—Water Resources Board				
2	(WV Code Chapter 20)				
3	Acct. No. 8540				
4	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN	١D			
5 6 7 8 9	2 Annual Increment — 3 Employee Benefits — 4 Equipment —	$ \begin{array}{cccc} \$ & -0- \\ & -0- \\ & -0- \\ & -0- \\ \hline \$ & -0- \\ \end{array} $			
1 2	151—Division of Public Safety— Inspection Fees				
3	(WV Code Chapter 15)				
4	Acct. No. 8350				
5	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN	D			
6 7 8 9 10 11	1 Personal Services \$ \$ 2 Annual Increment \$ 3 Employee Benefits \$ 4 Equipment 5 Unclassified \$ 6 Total \$ \$	\$ 480,000 2,160 137,956 30,000 93,070 \$ 743,186			
12 13 14 15	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special revenue fund out of fees collected for inspection stickers as provided by law.				
15 16	None of the amount of appropriation for Equipment shall be expended for motor vehicles.				
17 18 19	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to appropriate public money, as specified, with insertion of such moneys into accounts in the budget bill				

CHARITABLE FUNDS

and specified items thereof, together with adjustments
of increase, reduction or transfer required. These public
moneys, as newly provided for, shall be available for
such use and expenditure upon passage of the bill and
in fiscal year 1990-91, supplementing the budget bill for
such fiscal year earlier enacted.

CHAPTER 5 (S. B. 14—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 26, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, six, seven, eight, nine, thirteen and fifteen, article nineteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the repeal of administrative adjudications under the charitable solicitation act and the establishment of circuit court actions in lieu thereof; allowing secretary of state to seek injunctive reliefs, clarifying exemption status of political party executive committees; and clarifying the notice on solicitation materials.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, six, seven, eight, nine, thirteen and fifteen, article nineteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 19. SOLICITATION OF CHARITABLE FUNDS ACT.

- §29-19-3. Commission on charitable organizations; powers and duties.
- §29-19-6. Certain persons and organizations exempt from registration.
- §29-19-7. Filing of solicitation contracts.
- §29-19-8. Limitations on activities of charitable organizations.
- §29-19-9. Registration of professional fund-raising counsel and professional solicitor; bonds; records; books.
- §29-19-13. Prohibited acts.
- 829-19-15. Enforcement and penalties.

1600

Ch. 5]

§29-19-3. Commission on charitable organizations; powers and duties.

1 (a) The commission on charitable organizations. 2 herein referred to as the "commission", consists of seven 3 members, including the secretary of state or his or her 4 designate, who shall be the chairman, the attorney 5 general or his or her designate, the commissioner of human services or his or her designate, the director of 6 7 the state department of health or his or her designate, 8 and three members to be appointed by the governor who 9 shall serve at his will and pleasure.

10 (b) The commission shall serve as body advisory to 11 the secretary of state and, as such, shall have the 12 following powers and duties:

13 (1) To hold investigations as provided in section14 fifteen of this article;

15 (2) To advise and make recommendations to the
16 secretary of state on policies and practices to effect the
17 purposes of this article;

(3) To request that the attorney general, and, when
appropriate, the prosecuting attorney of any county,
take action to enforce this article or protect the public
from any fraudulent scheme or criminal act; and

(4) To meet at the request of the secretary of state or
pursuant to regulations promulgated by him. Minutes of
each meeting shall be public records and filed with the
secretary of state.

(c) The secretary of state shall administer this article,
prescribe forms for registration or other purposes, and
promulgate rules and regulations in furtherance of this
article in accordance with the provisions of chapter
twenty-nine-a of this code.

§29-19-6. Certain persons and organizations exempt from registration.

- 1 (a) The following charitable organizations shall not
- 2 be required to file an annual registration statement with
- 3 the secretary of state:

4 (1) Educational institutions, the curriculums of which 5 in whole or in part are registered or approved by the 6 state board of education, either directly or by acceptance 7 of accreditation by an accrediting body recognized by 8 the state board of education; and any auxiliary associ-9 ations, foundations and support groups which are 10 directly responsible to any such educational institutions;

(2) Persons requesting contributions for the relief of
any individual specified by name at the time of the
solicitation when all of the contributions collected
without any deductions whatsoever are turned over to
the named beneficiary for his or her use;

16 (3) Hospitals which are nonprofit and charitable;

17 (4) Organizations which solicit only within the 18 membership of the organization by the members 19 thereof: Provided, That the term "membership" shall not 20 include those persons who are granted a membership upon making a contribution as the result of solicitation. 21 For the purpose of this section, "member" means a 2223 person having membership in a nonprofit corporation, 24 or other organization, in accordance with the provisions 25of its articles of incorporation, bylaws or other instru-26 ments creating its form and organization; and, having 27 bona fide rights and privileges in the organization, such 28 as the right to vote, to elect officers, directors and issues. 29 to hold office or otherwise as ordinarily conferred on 30 members of such organizations:

(5) Religious organizations, churches or any group
affiliated with and forming an integral part of these
organizations of which no part of the net income inures
to the direct benefits of any individual and which have
received a declaration of current tax-exempt status from
the government of the United States; and

(6) Political party executive committees that areconducting raffles.

(b) The following charitable organizations are exempt from filing an annual registration statement with
the secretary of state if they do not employ a professional
solicitor or fund-raiser or do not intend to solicit and

CHARITABLE	FUNDS
------------	-------

43 receive and do not actually raise or receive contributions

43 receive and do not actually raise or receive contributions 44 from the public in excess of ten thousand dollars during

45 a calendar year:

46 (1) Local youth athletic organizations: *Provided*, That
47 such organizations may solicit and receive contributions
48 from the public in excess of ten thousand dollars during
49 a calendar year and still be exempt from filing an
50 annual registration statement;

51 (2) Community civic clubs;

52 (3) Community service clubs;

53 (4) Fraternal organizations;

54 (5) Labor unions;

(6) Local posts, camps, chapters or similarly designated elements or county units of such elements of bona
fide veterans organizations or auxiliaries which issue
charters to such local elements throughout the state;

59 (7) Bona fide organizations of volunteer firemen or 60 auxiliaries;

61 (8) Bona fide ambulance associations or auxiliaries; 62 and

63 (9) Bona fide rescue squad associations or auxiliaries.

64 Charitable organizations which do not intend to solicit 65 and receive in excess of ten thousand dollars, but do 66 receive in excess of that amount from the public, shall 67 file the annual registration statement within thirty days 68 after contributions are in excess of ten thousand dollars.

69 (c) Every printed solicitation shall include the 70 following statement: "West Virginia residents may 71 obtain a summary of the registration and financial 72 documents from the secretary of state, state capitol, 73 Charleston, West Virginia 25305. Registration does not 74 imply endorsement."

§29-19-7. Filing of solicitation contracts.

1 (a) Every written contract or agreement between 2 professional fund-raising counsel and a charitable 3 organization shall be filed with the secretary of state

.....

Ch. 5]

4 within ten days after such contract or agreement is 5 concluded.

6 (b) Every written contract or agreement between a 7 professional solicitor and a charitable organization shall 8 be filed with the secretary of state within ten days after 9 such agreement is concluded. In the absence of a written 10 contract or agreement between a professional solicitor 11 and a charitable organization, a written statement of the 12 nature of the arrangement to prevail in lieu thereof shall 13 be filed.

14 (c) Each statement must clearly provide the amount, 15 percentage or other method of compensation to be 16 received by the professional solicitor or professional 17 fund-raising counsel as a result of the contract or 18 arrangement.

(d) For purposes of this section, the total moneys,
funds, pledges or other property raised or received shall
not include the actual cost to the charitable organization
or professional solicitor of goods sold or service provided
to the public in connection with the soliciting of
contributions.

§29-19-8. Limitations on activities of charitable organizations.

1 No charitable organizations subject to this article may 2 solicit funds from the public except for charitable 3 purposes or expend funds raised for charitable purposes 4 for noncharitable purposes.

5 All registered charitable organizations and their 6 professional fund-raisers and solicitors are required to disclose in writing: (1) The name of a representative of 7 the charitable organization to whom inquiries can be 8 made, (2) the name of the charitable organization, (3) the 9 purpose of the solicitation, (4) upon request of the person 10 solicited, the estimated percentage of the money 11 12 collected which will be applied to the cost of solicitation. and administration or how much of the money collected 13 will be applied directly for the charitable purpose, and 14 (5) the number of the raffle, bingo or other such state 15 permit used for fund-raising. 16

1604 .

17 The disclosure statement shall be conspicuously 18 displayed on any written or printed solicitation. Where 19 the solicitation consists of more than one piece, the 20 disclosure statement shall be displayed on a prominent 21 part of the solicitation materials.

Organizations applying for registration shall be
reviewed according to objective standards, including,
but not limited to, the following:

(a) Charitable organizations shall include in each
solicitation a clear description of programs for which
funds are requested and source from which written
information is available. Expenditures shall be related
in a primary degree to stated purpose (programs and
activities) described in solicitations and in accordance
with reasonable donor expectations.

(b) Charitable organizations shall establish and
exercise controls over fund-raising activities conducted
for the organizations' benefit, including written contracts and agreements and assurance of fund-raising
activities without excessive pressure.

37 (c) Charitable organizations shall substantiate a valid
38 governing structure and members shall comply with the
39 provisions for conflict of interest as defined in section
40 twenty-five, article one, chapter thirty-one of this code.

(d) No charitable organization, professional fundraiser or other person soliciting contributions for or on
behalf of a charitable organization may use a name,
symbol or statement so closely related or similar to that
used by another charitable organization or governmental agency that the use thereof would tend to confuse or
mislead the public.

§29-19-9. Registration of professional fund-raising counsel and professional solicitor; bonds; records; books.

1 (a) No person may act as a professional fund-raising 2 counsel or professional solicitor for a charitable organ-3 ization subject to the provisions of this article, unless he 4 or she has first registered with the secretary of state. 5 Applications for such registration shall be in writing

CHARITABLE FUNDS

6 under oath or affirmation in the form prescribed by the 7 secretary of state and contain such information as he or 8 she may require. The application for registration by 9 professional fund-raising counsel or professional solici-10 tor shall be accompanied by an annual fee in the sum 11 of fifty dollars. A partnership or corporation, which is 12 a professional fund-raising counsel or professional 13 solicitor, may register for and pay a single fee on behalf 14 of all its members, officers, agents and employees, 15 However, the names and addresses of all officers, agents 16 and employees of professional fund-raising counsel and 17 all professional solicitors, their officers, agents, servants 18 or employees employed to work under the direction of 19 a professional solicitor shall be listed in the application.

20 (b) The applicant shall, at the time of the making of 21 an application, file with and have approved by the 22 secretary of state a bond in which the applicant shall 23 be the principal obligor in the sum of ten thousand 24 dollars and which shall have one or more sureties 25 satisfactory to the secretary of state, whose liability in 26 the aggregate as such sureties will at least equal the 27 said sum and maintain said bond in effect so long as a 28 registration is in effect. The bond shall run to the state 29 for the use of the secretary of state and any person who 30 may have a cause of action against the obligor of said 31 bonds for any losses resulting from malfeasance, 32 nonfeasance or misfeasance in the conduct of solicitation 33 activities. A partnership or corporation which is a 34 professional fund-raising counsel or professional solicitor may file a consolidated bond on behalf of all its 35 36 members, officers and employees.

37 (c) Each registration shall be valid throughout the
38 state for a period of one year and may be renewed for
39 additional one-year periods upon written application
40 under oath in the form prescribed by the secretary of
41 state and the payment of the fee prescribed herein.

(d) The secretary of state or his or her designate shall
examine each application, and if he or she finds it to be
in conformity with the requirements of this article and
all relevant rules and regulations and the registrant has
complied with the requirements of this article and all

CHARITABLE FUNDS

47 relevant rules and regulations, he or she shall approve48 the registration.

§29-19-13. Prohibited acts.

1 (a) No charitable organization, professional fund-2 raising counsel or professional solicitor subject to the 3 provisions of this article may use or exploit the fact of 4 registration so as to lead the public to believe that such 5 registration in any manner constitutes an endorsement 6 or approval by the state.

7 (b) No person may, in connection with the solicitation 8 of contributions for or the sale of goods or services of 9 a person other than a charitable organization, misre-10 present to or mislead anyone by any manner, means, 11 practice or device whatsoever, to believe that the person 12 on whose behalf such solicitation or sale is being 13 conducted is a charitable organization or that the 14 proceeds of such solicitation or sale will be used for 15 charitable purposes, if such is not the fact.

16 (c) No person may in connection with the solicitation 17 of contributions or the sale of goods or services for 18 charitable purposes represent to or lead anyone by any 19 manner, means, practice or device whatsoever, to 20 believe that any other person sponsors or endorses such 21 solicitation of contributions, sale of goods or services for 22 charitable purposes or approves of such charitable 23 purposes of a charitable organization connected there-24 with when such other person has not given consent to 25the use of his or her name for these purposes: Provided, 26 That any member of the board of directors or trustees 27 of a charitable organization or any other person who has 28 agreed either to serve or to participate in any voluntary 29 capacity in the campaign shall be deemed thereby to 30 have given his or her consent to the use of his or her 31 name in said campaign.

(d) No person may make any representation that he or she is soliciting contributions for or on behalf of a charitable organization or shall use or display any emblem, device or printed matter belonging to or associated with a charitable organization for the purpose of soliciting or inducing contributions from the

Ch. 5]

38 public without first being authorized to do so by the39 charitable organization.

40 (e) No professional solicitor may solicit in the name
41 of or on behalf of any charitable organization unless
42 such solicitor:

(1) Has obtained the written authorization of two
officers of such organization, a copy of which shall be
filed with the secretary of state. Such written authorization shall bear the signature of the solicitor and shall
expressly state on its face the period for which it is
valid, which shall not exceed one year from the date
issued; and

50 (2) Carries such authorization on his or her person 51 when making solicitations and exhibits the same on 52 request to persons solicited or police officers or agents 53 of the secretary of state.

§29-19-15. Enforcement and penalties.

1 (a) The secretary of state, upon his or her own motion. 2 upon request of the commission, or upon complaint of 3 any person, may, if he or she finds reasonable ground to suspect a violation, investigate any charitable 4 5 organization, professional fund-raising counsel or 6 professional solicitor to determine whether such charit-7 able organization, professional fund-raising counsel or 8 professional solicitor has violated the provisions of this article or has filed any application or other information 9 required under this article which contains false or 10 misleading statements. 11

12 (b) In addition to the foregoing, any person who willfully and knowingly violates any provision of this 13 article, or who shall willfully and knowingly give false 14 15or incorrect information to the secretary of state in filing statements or reports required by this article, 16 whether such report or statement is verified or not. shall 17 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 18 thereof, shall be fined upon first conviction thereof in 19 an amount not less than one hundred dollars nor more 20 than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned in the 21 county jail for not more than six months, or be both 22

CHARITABLE FUNDS

fined and imprisoned, and for the second and any subsequent offense to pay a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned for not more than one year, or be both fined and imprisoned.

28 (c) Whenever the secretary of state, attorney general 29 or any prosecuting attorney has reason to believe that 30 any charitable organization, professional fund-raising 31 counsel or professional solicitor is operating in violation 32of the provisions of this article, the secretary of state, 33 attorney general or prosecuting attorney may bring an 34 action in the name of the state against such charitable 35 organization and its officers, such professional fundraising counsel or professional solicitor or any other 36 person who has violated this article in the circuit court 37 of the county wherein the cause of action arises to enjoin 38 39 such charitable organization or professional fundraising counsel or professional solicitor or other person 40 from continuing such violation, solicitation or collection, 41 or from engaging therein or from doing any acts in 42 furtherance thereof and for such other relief as the court 43 44 deems appropriate.

(d) In addition to the foregoing, any charitable 45 46 organization, professional fund-raising counsel or professional solicitor who willfully and knowingly 47 violates any provisions of this article by employing any 48 device, scheme, artifice, false representation or promise 49 with intent to defraud or obtain money or other property 50 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 51 thereof, for a first offense, shall be fined not less than 52 53 one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. or be confined in the county jail not more than six 54 months, or be both fined and imprisoned; and for a 55 second and any subsequent offense, shall be fined not 56 less than five hundred dollars nor more than one 57 thousand dollars, or confined in the county jail not more 58 than one year, or be both fined and imprisoned. 59

60 At any proceeding under this section, the court shall 61 also determine whether it is possible to return to the 62 contributors the contributions which were thereby 63 obtained.

Ch. 5]

CHILD SUPPORT

Comments .

64 If the court finds that the said contributions are 65 readily returnable to the original contributors, it may 66 order the money to be placed in the custody and control 67 of a general receiver, appointed pursuant to the 68 provisions of article six, chapter fifty-one of this code, 69 who shall be responsible for its proper disbursement to 70 such contributors.

71 If the court finds that: (1) It is impossible to obtain the names of over one half the persons who were 72 73 solicited and in violation of this article. or (2) if the 74 majority of individual contributions was of an amount 75 less than five dollars, or (3) if the cost to the state of 76 returning these contributions is equal to or more than 77 the total sum to be refunded, the court shall order the 78 money to be placed in the custody and control of a general receiver appointed pursuant to the provisions of 79 article six, chapter fifty-one of this code. The general 80 receiver shall maintain this money pursuant to the 81 82 provisions of article eight, chapter thirty-six of this code.



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 206—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 25, 1990; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen-b, article two, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section six, article three, chapter forty-eight-a of said code, all relating to domestic relations; child and spousal support, and conforming state law to the requirements of federal law with regard to the enforcement of support obligations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen-b, article two, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section six, article three, chapter forty-eight-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

48. Domestic Relations.

48A. Enforcement of Family Obligations.

CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

ARTICLE 2. DIVORCE, ANNULMENT AND SEPARATE MAINTENANCE.

§48-2-15b. Withholding from income on and after November 1, 1990.

1 (a) On and after the first day of November, one 2 thousand nine hundred ninety, every order entered or 3 modified under the provisions of this article which 4 requires the payment of child support or spousal support 5 shall include a provision for automatic withholding from 6 income of the obligor, in order to facilitate income 7 withholding as a means of collecting support.

8 (b) Every such order as described in subsection (a) of 9 this section shall contain language authorizing income 10 withholding to commence without further court action, 11 as follows:

12 (1) The order shall provide that income withholding will begin immediately, without regard to whether there 13 is an arrearage, (A) when a child for whom support is 14 ordered is included or becomes included in a grant of 15 assistance from the division of human services or a 16 similar agency of a sister state for aid to families with 17 dependent children benefits, medical assistance only 18 benefits, or foster care benefits; or (B) when the support 19 obligee has applied for services from the child advocate 20 office or the support enforcement agency of another 21 22 state or is otherwise receiving services from the child advocate office as provided for in chapter forty-eight-a 23 of this code. In any case where one of the parties 24 demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good 25cause not to require immediate income withholding, or 26 in any case where there is filed with the court a written 27 agreement between the parties which provides for an 28

CHILD SUPPORT

7

alternative arrangement, such order shall not providefor income withholding to begin immediately.

(2) The order shall also provide that income withholding will begin immediately upon the occurrence of any
of the following:

34 (A) When the support payments required by such
35 order are thirty days or more in arrears if the order
36 requires payments to be made in monthly installments;

(B) When the support payments required by such
order are twenty-eight days or more in arrears if the
order requires payments to be paid in weekly or biweekly installments;

41 (C) When the obligor requests the child advocate 42 office to commence income withholding; or

43 (D) When the obligee requests that such withholding
44 begin, if the request is approved by the court in
45 accordance with procedures and standards established
46 by rules and regulations promulgated by the director of
47 the child advocate office.

(c) For the purposes of this section, the number of
days support payments are in arrears shall be considered to be the total cumulative number of days during
which payments required by a court order have been
delinquent, whether or not such days are consecutive.

(d) The supreme court of appeals shall make available to the circuit courts standard language to be
included in all such orders, so as to conform such orders
to the applicable requirements of state and federal law
regarding the withholding from income of amounts
payable as support.

59 (e) Every support order entered by a circuit court of 60 this state prior to the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall be considered to 61 provide for an order of income withholding, by operation 62 of law, which complies with the provisions of this 63 section, notwithstanding the fact that such support 64 order does not in fact provide for such order of 65 66 withholding.

CHAPTER 48A. ENFORCEMENT OF FAMILY OBLIGATIONS.

ARTICLE 3. CHILDREN'S ADVOCATE.

§48A-3-6. Investigations of support orders; notice and hearing upon modifications; petition for change.

1 (a) In every case in which a final judgment contain-2 ing a child support order has been entered in a domestic 3 relations matter, the children's advocate shall, once 4 every three years or upon receipt of a written request 5 from an obligee or an obligor made not more than once 6 by a party each two years, examine the records and 7 conduct any investigation considered necessary to 8 determine whether the child support amount should be 9 increased or decreased in view of a temporary or permanent change in physical custody of the child which 10 11 the court has not ordered, increased need of the child or changed financial conditions, unless: 12

(1) If a child is being supported, in whole or in part,
by assistance payments from the division of human
services, the children's advocate has determined that
such a review would not be in the best interests of the
child and neither parent has requested a review;

18 (2) In the case of any other order, neither parent has19 requested a review.

20 (b) The office shall notify both parents of their right to request a review of a child support order, and shall 21 22 give each parent at least thirty days' notice before commencing any review, and shall further notify each 23 parent, upon completion of a review, of the results of the 24 review, whether of a proposal to petition to seek 25 26 modification or of a proposal that there should be no 27 change.

(c) If the result of the review is a proposal to petition
to seek modification, then each parent shall be given
thirty days' notice of the hearing on the petition, the
notice to be directed to the last known address of each
party by first class mail.

If the result of the review is a proposal that there be
no change, then any parent disagreeing with that
proposal may, within thirty days of the notice of the
results of the review, file with the court a petition for
modification setting forth in full the grounds therefor.

(d) The office shall petition the court for modification
of the amount of a child support order if modification
is determined to be necessary under subsection (a). A
written report and recommendation shall accompany
the petition.

43 (e) As used in this section, "changed financial 44 conditions" means increases or decreases in the resour-45 ces available to either party from any source. Changed 46 financial conditions includes, but is not limited to, the 47 application for or receipt of any form of public assist-48 ance payments, unemployment compensation and 49 workers' compensation.

CHAPTER 7

(S. B. 15—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 27, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, four, twenty and twenty-three, article five, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article five by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections four-b, four-c, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six and twenty-seven, all relating to the abolishment of the emergency services advisory council and the creation of a disaster recovery board; its members, terms, meetings, officers, qualifications, compensation, vacancies, quorums, powers and duties; providing definitions; providing for the creation of a disaster recovery trust fund: providing for acceptance and disbursement of assets and funds from said fund; providing for investments of funds; providing for a semi-annual report by the director relating to certain disaster prevention

measures; providing a tax exemption for the disaster recovery trust fund; providing permissible uses of funds and assets of the disaster recovery trust fund; providing for an annual report; and providing a severability clause.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, four, twenty and twenty-three, article five, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article five be further amended by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections four-b, four-c, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six and twenty-seven, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. EMERGENCY SERVICES.

- §15-5-2. Definitions.
- §15-5-4. West Virginia disaster recovery board created; organization of board; appointment of board members; term of office and expenses of board members; meetings.
- §15-5-4b. West Virginia disaster recovery board to disburse funds from recovery fund.
- §15-5-4c. Powers and duties of the West Virginia disaster recovery board.
- §15-5-20. Disaster prevention.
- §15-5-23. Severability; conflicts.
- §15-5-24. Disaster recovery trust fund; use of funds of authority.
- \$15-5-25. Prohibition on funds inuring to the benefit of or being distributable to members, officers or private persons.
- §15-5-26. Tax exemption.
- §15-5-27. Annual report.

§15-5-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

(a) "Emergency services" means the preparation for 2 and the carrying out of all emergency functions, other 3 than functions for which military forces are primarily 4 responsible, to prevent, minimize and repair injury and 5 damage resulting from disasters caused by enemy 6 attack, sabotage or other natural or other man-made 7 causes. These functions include, without limitation. fire-8 fighting services, police services, medical and health 9 services, communications, radiological, chemical and 10 other special weapons defense, evacuation of persons 11 from stricken areas, emergency welfare services, 12

13 emergency transportation, existing or properly assigned functions of plant protection, temporary restoration of 14 15 public utility services and other functions related to 16 civilian protection, together with all other activities 17 necessary or incidental to the preparation for and 18 carrying out of the foregoing functions. Disaster 19 includes the imminent threat of disaster as well as its 20 occurrence and any power or authority exercisable on 21 account of a disaster may be exercised during the period when there is an imminent threat thereof: 22

(b) "Local organization for emergency services"
means an organization created in accordance with the
provisions of this article by state or local authority to
perform local emergency service function;

(c) "Mobile support unit" means an organization for
emergency services created in accordance with the
provisions of this article by state or local authority to
be dispatched by the governor to supplement local
organizations for emergency services in a stricken area;

32 (d) "Political subdivision" means any county or
33 municipal corporation in this state;

34 (e) "Board" means the West Virginia disaster recov-35 ery board created by this article;

36 (f) "Code" means the code of West Virginia, one37 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended;

(g) "Community facilities" means a specific work or
improvement within this state or a specific item of
equipment or tangible personal property owned or
operated by any political subdivision or nonprofit
corporation and used within this state to provide any
essential service to the general public;

44 (h) "Disaster" means the occurrence or imminent threat of widespread or severe damage, injury, or loss 45 of life or property resulting from any natural or man-46 47 made cause, including fire, flood, earthquake, wind, snow, storm, chemical or oil spill or other water or soil 48 contamination, epidemic, air contamination, blight. **49** drought, infestation or other public calamity requiring 50 51 emergency action;

٣

(i) "Disaster recovery activities" means activities
undertaken prior to, during or following a disaster to
provide, or to participate in the provision of, emergency
services, temporary housing, residential housing,
essential business activities and community facilities;

(j) "Emergency services" means the preparation for 57 58 and the carrying out of all emergency functions to 59 prevent, minimize and repair injury and damage 60 resulting from a disaster, including, without limitation. 61 fire-fighting services, police services, medical and 62 health services, communications, evacuation of persons and property from stricken areas, welfare services, 63 transportation, temporary restoration of public utility 64 services, and other functions related to the health, safety 65 66 and welfare of the citizens of this state, together with all other activities necessary or incidental to the 67 68 preparation for and the carrying out of the foregoing 69 functions:

(k) "Essential business activities" means a specific
work or improvement within this state or a specific item
of equipment or tangible personal property used within
this state by any person to provide any essential goods
or service deemed by the authority to be necessary for
recovery from a disaster;

(1) "Person" means any individual, corporation,
voluntary organization or entity, partnership, firm or
other association, organization or entity organized or
existing under the laws of this or any other state or
country;

81 (m) "Recovery fund" means the West Virginia disas-82 ter recovery trust fund created by this article;

(n) "Residential housing" means a specific work or 83 improvement within this state undertaken primarily to 84 provide dwelling accommodations, including the acqui-85 sition, construction or rehabilitation of land, buildings 86 and improvements thereto, for residential housing, 87 including, but not limited to, facilities for temporary 88 housing and emergency housing, and such other non-89 housing facilities as may be incidental or appurtenant 90 thereto: and 91

92 (o) "Temporary housing" means a specific work or improvement within this state undertaken primarily to 93 94 provide dwelling accommodations, including the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of land, buildings 95 96 and improvements thereto, for temporary residential 97 shelters or housing for victims of a disaster and such other nonhousing facilities as may be incidental or 98 99 appurtenant thereto.

§15-5-4. West Virginia disaster recovery board created; organization of board; appointment of board members; term of office and expenses of board members; meetings.

1 (a) There is hereby created the West Virginia disas-2 ter recovery board. The board shall advise the governor 3 and the director on all matters pertaining to emergency 4 services and to perform such other duties as set forth 5 in this article. The board shall be composed of nine 6 members, seven of whom shall be appointed by the 7 governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and one of whom shall be the governor or his 8 9 or her designee, who shall be chairman of the board and 10 one of whom shall be the secretary of the department 11 of public safety or his or her designee. The successor of 12 each such appointed member shall be appointed in the 13 same manner as the original appointments were made. 14 No more than four of the appointed board members 15 shall at any one time belong to the same political party: 16 Provided. That each congressional district of this state 17 shall be represented by a member of the board.

18 (b) The provisions of this subsection apply to the 19 seven members appointed by the governor. They shall 20 be appointed for overlapping terms of three years and 21 until their respective successors have been appointed 22 and have qualified. For the purpose of original appointments, three members shall be appointed for a term of 23 three years, two members shall be appointed for a term 24 of two years, and two members shall be appointed for 25a term of one year. Members may be reappointed for 26 any number of terms. Before entering upon the perfor-27mance of his or her duties, each member shall take and 28 subscribe to the oath prescribed by section five, article 29

30 four of the constitution of this state. Vacancies shall be 31filled by appointment by the governor for the unexpired 32term of the member whose office shall be vacant and 33 such appointment shall be made within sixty days of the 34occurrence of such vacancy. Members shall receive no 35 compensation for the performance of their duties as 36 members, but shall be entitled to be reimbursed for all 37 reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in 38 the performance of their duties.

(c) A majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum and meetings shall be held at the call
of the chairman. No vacancy or absence in the membership of the board shall impair the rights of a quorum
by a vote of the majority participating in such meeting
to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of
the board and the authority.

46 (d) Upon the occurrence of a disaster requiring 47 immediate action by the board, meetings of the board 48 may be held by telephone conference call or other 49 electronic communications and shall be exempt from the 50 notice requirements of article nine-a, chapter six of this 51code. Any action taken pursuant to a vote of the board 52at any such meeting shall not be subject to invalidation 53by a person adversely affected by such action.

(e) The board shall annually elect one of the appointed members as vice chairman, and shall appoint
one of its appointed members as secretary-treasurer.
The member appointed as secretary-treasurer shall give
bond in the sum of fifty thousand dollars in the manner
provided in article two, chapter six of this code.

60 (f) All expenses incurred by the board shall be 61 payable solely from funds of the board or from funds 62 appropriated for such purpose by the Legislature and 63 no liability or obligation shall be incurred by the board 64 beyond the extent to which moneys are available from 65 funds of the board or from such appropriations.

66 (g) Due to the fact that a natural disaster could strike 67 any part of the state at any time, it is necessary to 68 effectuate a means to immediately implement the 69 provisions of this article. Therefore, until the board has 70 been appointed the governor shall have the authority to: (1) Accept and expend any private funds and expend
no more than one million dollars of the governor's
contingency fund for fiscal year one thousand nine
hundred ninety to provide disaster relief as authorized
in this article for any counties where disasters may
occur before the board is appointed; and

(2) Report to the board when it is appointed on
moneys expended and actions taken so that the board
may include this information in its annual report
required by section twelve of this article.

§15-5-4b. West Virginia disaster recovery board to disburse funds from recovery fund.

The board shall have the power, upon its own 1 determination that a disaster has occurred or is about 2 3 to occur in this state, to disburse funds from the disaster 4 relief recovery trust fund created pursuant to section 5 twenty-four of this article to any person, political 6 subdivision or local organization for emergency services in such amounts and in such manner, and to take such 7 other actions, as the board may determine is necessary 8 9 or appropriate in order to provide assistance to any person, political subdivision or local organization for 10 emergency services responding to or recovering from 11 the disaster, or otherwise involved in disaster recovery 12 13 activities.

§15-5-4c. Powers and duties of the West Virginia disaster recovery board.

1 The board is hereby granted, has and may exercise 2 all powers necessary or appropriate to carry out and 3 effectuate the purposes set forth in section four-b of this 4 article. The authority has the power:

5 (1) To accept appropriations, gifts, grants, bequests 6 and devises from any source, public or private, for 7 deposit into the recovery fund, and to use or dispose of 8 the same to provide assistance to any person, political 9 subdivision or local organization for emergency services 10 responding to or recovering from a disaster, or other-11 wise involved in disaster recovery activities;

12 (2) To make and execute contracts, leases, releases
13 and other instruments necessary or convenient for the
14 exercise of its power;

(3) To make, and from time to time, amend and
repeal bylaws for the governance of its activities not
inconsistent with the provisions of this article;

18 (4) To sue and be sued;

19 (5) To acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal20 property;

(6) To enter into agreements or other transactions
with any federal or state agency, political subdivision or
person;

(7) To provide for the deposit of any funds or assets
of the West Virginia disaster relief recovery trust fund
with the state board of investments for investment;

(8) To procure insurance against any loss in connection with its property in such amounts, and from such
insurers, as may be necessary or desirable;

(9) To use the recovery trust fund to pay the costs
incurred by any state department or agency for the
purpose of obtaining property appraisals and other
certifications necessary to justify the involvement of the
federal emergency management agency and to allow its
determination of a presidentially declared disaster;

(10) To establish, or assist in the establishment of,
temporary housing and residential housing by, with or
for political subdivisions declared to be in a disaster
area by the federal emergency management agency or
other agency or instrumentality of the United States or
by the governor of this state;

42 (11) To enter into purchase, lease, or other arrange-43 ments with an agency of the United States or this state 44 for temporary housing or residential housing units to be 45 occupied by disaster victims and make such units 46 available to any political subdivision or persons;

47 (12) To assist political subdivisions, local organiza-48 tions for emergency services and nonprofit corporations

......

in acquiring sites necessary for temporary housing or
residential housing for disaster victims and in otherwise
preparing the sites to receive and use temporary
housing or residential housing units, including payment
of transportation charges, by advancing or lending
funds available to the board from the recovery fund;

55 (13) To make grants and provide technical services to 56 assist in the purchase or other acquisition, planning. processing, design, construction, or rehabilitation. 57 improvement or operation of temporary housing or 58 residential housing: Provided. That no such grant or 59 other financial assistance shall be provided except upon 60 61 a written finding by the board that such assistance and 62 the manner in which it will be provided constitute a 63 disaster recovery activity;

(14) To make or participate in the making of insured 64 65 or uninsured construction and permanent loans or 66 grants for temporary housing or residential housing, 67 community facilities and essential business activities: Provided, That no such loan or grant shall be made 68 69 except upon a written finding by the board that the loan or grant and the manner in which it will be provided 70 71 constitute a disaster recovery activity and that the loan 72 or grant is not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from a private or public lender upon reasonably 73 equivalent terms and conditions; and 74

(15) Do all acts necessary and proper to carry out thepowers granted to the board under this article.

§15-5-20. Disaster prevention.

(a) In addition to disaster prevention measures as 1 2 included in the state, local, regional and interjurisdictional disaster plans, the governor shall consider on a 3 continuing basis steps that could be taken to prevent or 4 5 reduce the harmful consequences of disasters. At his direction, and pursuant to any other authority and 6 competence they have, state agencies, including, but not 7 limited to, those charged with responsibilities in 8 connection with flood plain management, stream 9 encroachment and flow regulation, weather modifica-10 tion, fire prevention and control, air quality, public 11

12 works, land use and land-use planning and construction 13 standards, shall make studies of disaster prevention-14 related matters. The governor, from time to time, shall 15 make such recommendation to the Legislature, political 16 subdivisions and other appropriate public and private 17 entities as may facilitate measures for prevention or 18 reduction of the harmful consequences of disasters.

19 (b) At the request of and in conjunction with the 20 office of emergency services, the divisions of energy, 21 natural resources and highways and any state depart-22 ment insured by the board of risk and insurance 23 management shall keep land use and construction of 24 structures and other facilities under continuing study 25and identify areas which are particularly susceptible to 26 severe land shifting, subsidence, flooding or other catastrophic occurrences. Such studies shall concentrate 27 on means of reducing or avoiding the dangers caused by 28 29 such occurrences and the consequences thereof.

30 (c) In conjunction with the board of risk and insurance management and such other offices or agencies of 31 state government as the board may deem appropriate, 32 the director of the office of emergency services shall 33 make a semi-annual report to the West Virginia disaster 34 recovery board on the existence and location of aban-35 doned motor vehicles, trash, debris and refuse that may 36 in the event of a disaster cause an obstruction to natural 37 water flow and thereby cause excessive and more 38 extensive damage to property. The report shall further 39 set forth a plan to remove and dispose of such trash. 40 debris and refuse within the following semi-annual 41 42 reporting period.

§15-5-23. Severability; conflicts.

(a) If any section, subsection, subdivision, provision, 1 clause or phrase of this article or the application thereof 2 to any person or circumstance is held unconstitutional 3 or invalid, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall 4 not affect other sections, subsections, subdivisions, 5 provisions, clauses or phrases or applications of the 6 article, and to this end each and every section, subsec-7 tion, subdivision, provision, clause and phrase of this 8

9 article is declared to be severable. The Legislature 10 hereby declares that it would have enacted the remain-11 ing sections, subsections, provisions, clauses and phrases 12 of this article even if it had known that any section. subsection, subdivision, provision, clause and phrase 13 14 thereof would be declared to be unconstitutional or invalid, and that it would have enacted this article even 15 16 if it had known that the application thereof to any person or circumstance would be held to be unconstitu-17 18 tional or invalid.

19 (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section 20 shall be fully applicable to all future amendments or 21 additions to this article, with like effect as if the 22 provisions of said subsection (a) were set forth in extenso 23 in every such amendment or addition and were ree-24 nacted as a part thereof.

§15-5-24. Disaster recovery trust fund; use of funds of authority.

1 (a) There is hereby created a special trust fund which 2 shall be designated and known as the "West Virginia 3 Disaster Recovery Trust Fund" to be administered by the West Virginia disaster recovery board. The recovery 4 fund shall consist of (i) any appropriations, grants, gifts, 5 6 contributions or revenues received by the recovery fund 7 from any source, public or private, and (ii) all income earned on moneys, properties and assets held in the 8 recovery fund. When any funds are received by the 9 board from any source, they shall be paid into the 10 recovery fund, and shall be disbursed and otherwise 11 managed in the manner set forth in this article. The 12 recovery fund shall be treated by the auditor and 13 treasurer as a special revenue fund and not as part of 14 the general revenues of the state. 15

16 (b) All moneys, properties and assets acquired by the 17 West Virginia disaster recovery board shall be held by 18 it in trust for the purposes of carrying out its powers 19 and duties, and shall be used and re-used in accordance 20 with the purposes and provisions of this article. Such 21 moneys, properties and assets shall at no time be 22 commingled with other public funds. Disbursements

from the recovery fund shall be made only upon the written requisition of the chairman accompanied by a certified resolution of the board. If no need exists for immediate use or disbursement, moneys, properties and assets in the recovery fund shall be invested or reinvested by the board as provided in this article.

§15-5-25. Prohibition on funds inuring to the benefit of or being distributable to members, officers or private persons.

1 No portion of the recovery fund shall inure to the 2 benefit of or be distributable to members of the West 3 Virginia disaster recovery board or other private 4 persons except that the board shall be authorized and 5 empowered to make loans or grants and exercise its 6 other powers as specified in this article in furtherance 7 of its purpose: Provided, That no such loans or grants 8 shall be made to and no property shall be purchased or 9 leased from, or sold, leased or otherwise disposed of to, 10 any member or officer of the board except as provided 11 under subsection (d), section five, article two, chapter 12 six-b of this code.

§15-5-26. Tax exemption.

1 The board shall not be required to pay any taxes and 2 assessments to the state or any political subdivision of 3 the state upon any of its moneys, properties or assets or 4 upon its obligations or other evidences of indebtedness 5 pursuant to the provisions of this article, or upon any 6 moneys, funds, revenues or other income held or 7 received by the West Virginia disaster recovery board.

§15-5-27. Annual report.

1 The board shall prepare and transmit to the Legislature annually as of the thirtieth day of June a report 2 3 of its disaster recovery activities. The report shall include the number of requests for distributions, the 4 number of distributions made and the amount of each 5 distribution; a listing by source and amount of moneys, 6 properties and assets that have been contributed to the 7 recovery fund since the thirtieth day of June of the 8 preceding year; the outstanding balance of the recovery 9

Ch. 7]

1625

- 10 fund; and an itemized list of any administrative costs
- 11 incurred.



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 202—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 27, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four, five and nine. article one, chapter five-d of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to further amend said article one by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections five-a and five-b: to amend and reenact sections two and five, article one. chapter twenty-two of said code: to further amend said article one by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a; and to amend and reenact section one. article four of said chapter twenty-two, relating to transferring and vesting in the public energy authority certain duties and responsibilities of the division of energy to foster, encourage and promote the mineral development industry; continuing the public energy authority; continuing the public energy board; requiring certain members on board be experienced in environmental protection; changing the compensation of members of the board; powers, duties and responsibilities of authority generally; requiring environmental impact statement or assessment under certain circumstances; requiring certain types of notice of certain meetings; requiring public hearing before certain actions of board with respect to project; expenses of authority; division of energy; declaration of legislative findings and policy; qualifications of commissioner; creating advisory board: reclamation board of review; adding two members to board; conflicts of interest affecting eligibility for board or participation in certain matters; and changing the compensation of members of the board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four, five and nine, article one, chapter five-d

Ch. 8]

ENERGY

of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article one be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections five-a and five-b; that sections two and five, article one, chapter twenty-two of said code be amended and reenacted; that said article one be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a; and that section one, article four of said chapter twenty-two be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

5D. Public Energy Authority Act. 22. Energy.

E. Energy.

CHAPTER 5D. PUBLIC ENERGY AUTHORITY ACT.

ARTICLE 1. PUBLIC ENERGY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

- §5D-1-4. West Virginia public energy authority continued; West Virginia public energy board continued; organization of authority and board; appointment of board members; term, compensation and expenses; director of authority; appointment.
- §5D-1-5. Powers, duties and responsibilities of authority generally.
- §5D-1-5a. Publication of notice of certain meetings.
- §5D-1-5b. Public hearing before final consideration of bond issue or exercise of right of eminent domain.
- §5D-1-9. Expenses of authority.
- §5D-1-4. West Virginia public energy authority continued; West Virginia public energy board continued; organization of authority and board; appointment of board members; term, compensation and expenses; director of authority; appointment.

The West Virginia public energy authority heretofore created is hereby continued. The authority is a governmental instrumentality of the state and a body corporate. The exercise by the authority of the powers conferred by this article and the carrying out of its purposes and duties are determined to be essential governmental functions and for a public purpose.

8

The authority shall be controlled, managed and

ENERGY

9 operated by a nine member board known as the West 10 Virginia public energy authority board which is hereby 11 continued. The nine members of the board shall be 12 appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and 13 consent of the Senate. Two members shall be appointed 14 to serve a term of two years; two members shall be 15 appointed to serve a term of three years; two members 16 shall be appointed to serve a term of four years; two 17 members shall be appointed to serve a term of five 18 years; and one member shall be appointed to serve a 19 term of six years. The successor of each such appointed 20 member shall be appointed for a term of five years, 21 except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy 22 occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which 23 his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of such term. Each board member 24 25shall serve until the appointment of his successor. No 26 more than five of the board members shall at any one 27 time belong to the same political party. No more than 28 four members of the board shall be employed by or 29 associated with any industry this authority is empo-30 wered to affect. Two members of the board shall be 31 persons who have significant experience in the advocacy 32 of environmental protection. Board members may be 33 reappointed to serve additional terms.

All members of the board shall be citizens of the state. 34 35Before entering upon his or her duties, each member of 36 the board shall comply with the requirements of article 37 one, chapter six of this code and give bond in the sum 38 of twenty-five thousand dollars in the manner provided 39 in article two, chapter six of this code. The governor **40** may remove any board member for cause as provided 41 in article six, chapter six of this code.

42 Annually the board shall elect one of its members as 43 chairman and another as vice chairman, and shall 44 appoint a secretary-treasurer, who need not be a member of the board. Five members of the board shall 45 constitute a quorum and the affirmative vote of the 46 47 majority of members present at any meeting shall be necessary for any action taken by vote of the board. No 48 vacancy in the membership of the board shall impair the 49

rights of a quorum by such vote to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the board and the authority. The person appointed as secretary-treasurer, including a board member if he is so appointed, shall give bond in the sum of fifty thousand dollars in the manner provided in article two, chapter six of this code.

56 Each member of the board appointed prior to the first 57 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall 58 receive an annual salary of six thousand dollars. Each 59 member appointed thereafter shall receive two hundred 60 dollars per diem for each day or portion thereof spent 61 in the discharge of his or her official duties, not to 62 exceed six thousand dollars in any fiscal year. Each 63 member of the board shall be reimbursed for all 64 reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in 65 the performance of his or her duty as a member of such board. All such expenses incurred by the board shall be 66 67 payable solely from funds of the authority or from funds 68 appropriated to the authority for such purpose by the Legislature and no liability or obligation shall be 69 incurred by the authority beyond the extent to which 70moneys are available from funds of the authority or 71 72 from such appropriations.

73 There shall also be a director of the authority appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent 74 of the Senate, who shall serve at the governor's will and 75 pleasure, who shall be responsible for managing and 76 administering the daily functions of the authority and 77 for performing any and all other functions necessary or 78 helpful to the effective functioning of the authority, 79 together with all other functions and powers as may be 80 delegated by the board. 81

§5D-1-5. Powers, duties and responsibilities of authority generally.

1 The West Virginia public energy authority is hereby 2 granted, has and may exercise all powers necessary or 3 appropriate to carry out and effectuate its corporate 4 purpose. The authority shall have the power and 5 capacity to:

6 (1) Adopt, and from time to time, amend and repeal

ENERGY

7 bylaws necessary and proper for the regulation of its
8 affairs and the conduct of its business and rules and
9 regulations to implement and make effective its powers
10 and duties, such rules and regulations to be promul11 gated in accordance with the provisions of chapter
12 twenty-nine-a of this code.

(2) Adopt and use an official seal and alter the sameat pleasure.

(3) Maintain a principal office and, if necessary,
regional suboffices at locations properly designated or
provided.

(4) Sue and be sued in its own name and plead and
be impleaded in its own name, and particularly to
enforce the obligations and covenants made under this
article. Any actions against the authority shall be
brought in the circuit court of Kanawha County.

(5) Foster, encourage and promote the mineraldevelopment industry.

(6) Represent the state with respect to national
initiatives concerning the mineral development industry, and international marketing activities affecting the
mineral development industry.

(7) Engage in strategic planning to enable the stateto cope with changes affecting or which may affect themineral development industry.

(8) Acquire, whether by purchase, construction, gift. 32 33 lease, lease-purchase or otherwise, any electric power project or natural gas transmission project. In the event 34 35 that an electric power project to be constructed pursuant to this article is designed to utilize coal wastes for 36 37 the generation of electricity or the production of other energy, such project shall also be capable of using coal 38 as its primary energy input: Provided, That it shall be 39 demonstrated to the authority's satisfaction that quan-40 tities of coal wastes exist in amounts sufficient to 41 provide energy input for such project for the term of the 42 bonds or notes issued by the authority to finance the 43 project and are accessible to the project. 44

(9) Lease, lease with an option by the lessee to purchase, sell, by installment sale or otherwise, or otherwise dispose of, to persons other than governmental agencies, any or all of its electric power projects or natural gas transmission projects for such rentals or amounts and upon such terms and conditions as the public energy authority board may deem advisable.

52 (10) Finance one or more electric power projects or 53 natural gas transmission projects by making secured 54 loans to persons other than governmental agencies to 55 provide funds for the acquisition, by purchase, construc-56 tion or otherwise, of any such project or projects.

57 (11) Issue bonds for the purpose of financing the cost 58of acquisition and construction of one or more electric 59 power projects or natural gas transmission projects or 60 any additions, extensions or improvements thereto 61 which will be sold, leased with an option by the lessee 62 to purchase, leased or otherwise disposed of to persons 63 other than governmental agencies or for the purpose of 64 loaning the proceeds thereof to persons other than 65 governmental agencies for the acquisition and construc-66 tion of said projects or both. Such bonds shall be issued 67 and the payment of such bonds secured in the manner 68 provided by the applicable provisions of sections seven. 69 eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen and seventeen, 70 article two-c, chapter thirteen of this code: Provided, That the principal and interest on such bonds shall be 7172payable out of the revenues derived from the lease, lease 73 with an option by the lessee to purchase, sale or other 74 disposition of or from loan payments in connection with 75 the electric power project or natural gas transmission 76 project for which the bonds are issued, or any other 77 revenue derived from such electric power project or 78 natural gas transmission project.

(12) In the event that the electric power project or natural gas transmission project is to be owned by a governmental agency, apply to the economic development authority for the issuance of bonds payable solely from revenues as provided in article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code: *Provided*, That the economic development authority shall not issue any such bonds

I

ENERGY

except by an act of general law: *Provided, however*, That
the authority shall require that in the construction of
any such project, prevailing wages shall be paid as part
of a project specific agreement which also takes into
account terms and conditions contained in the West
Virginia-Ohio valley market retention and recovery
agreement or a comparable agreement.

93 (13) Acquire by gift or purchase, hold and dispose of
94 real and personal property in the exercise of its powers
95 and the performance of its duties as set forth in this
96 article.

97 (14) Acquire in the name of the state, by purchase or 98 otherwise, on such terms and in such manner as it 99 deems proper, or by the exercise of the right of eminent domain in the manner provided in chapter fifty-four of 100 101 this code, such real property or parts thereof or rights 102 therein, rights-of-way, property, rights, easements and interests it deems necessary for carrying out the 103 104 provisions of this article, and compensation shall be paid 105 for public or private lands so taken; and the authority 106 may sell any of the real property or parts thereof or 107 rights therein, rights-of-way, property, rights, ease-108 ments and interests acquired hereunder in such manner 109 and upon such terms and conditions as the authority deems proper: Provided. That if the authority deter-110 111 mines that land or an interest therein acquired by the 112 authority through the exercise of the power of eminent 113 domain for the purpose of this article is no longer 114 necessary or useful for such purposes, and if the 115 authority desires to sell such land or interest therein, the 116 authority shall first offer to sell such land or interest to the owner or owners from whom it was acquired, at a 117 price equal to its fair market value: Provided, however, 118 119 That if the prior owner or owners shall decline to reacquire the land or interest therein, the authority 120 shall be authorized to dispose of such property by direct 121 122 sale, auction, or competitive bidding. In no case shall such land or an interest therein acquired under this 123 subdivision be sold for less than its fair market value. 124 This article does not authorize the authority to take or 125 disturb property or facilities belonging to any public 126

ENERGY

127 utility or to a common carrier, which property or 128 facilities are required for the proper and convenient 129 operation of such public utility or common carrier, 130 except for the acquisition of easements or rights-of-way 131 which will not unreasonably interfere with the operation 132 of the property or facilities of such public utility or 133 common carrier, and in the event of the taking or 134 disturbance of property or facilities of public utility or 135common carrier, provision shall be made for the 136 restoration, relocation or duplication of such property or 137 facilities elsewhere at the sole cost of the authority.

138 The term "real property" as used in this article is 139 defined to include lands, structures, franchises and 140 interests in land, including lands under water and 141 riparian rights, and any and all other things and rights 142 usually included within the said term, and includes also 143 any and all interests in such property less than full title. 144 such as easements, rights-of-way, uses, leases, licenses 145 and all other incorporeal hereditaments and every 146 estate, interest or right, legal or equitable, including 147 terms for years and liens thereon by way of judgments, 148 mortgages or otherwise, and also all claims for damages 149 for such real estate.

150 For the purposes of this section "fair market value" shall be determined by an appraisal made by an 151 152independent person or firm chosen by the authority. The 153 appraisal shall be performed using the principles contained in the "Uniform Appraisal Standards for 154 Federal Land Acquisitions" published under the auspi-155 156 ces of the Interagency Land Acquisition Conference, 157 United States Government Printing Office, 1972.

158 (15) Make and enter into all contracts and agreements 159 and execute all instruments necessary or incidental to 160 the performance of its duties and the execution of its 161 powers: Provided. That if any electric power project or 162 natural gas transmission project is to be constructed by a person other than a governmental agency, and with 163 whom the authority has contracted to lease, sell or 164 finance such project upon its completion, then the 165 authority shall not be required to comply with the 166 provisions of article twenty-two, chapter five of this code 167

168 requiring the solicitation of competitive bids for the 169 construction of such a project.

170 (16) Employ managers, superintendents and other 171 employees, and retain or contract with consulting 172engineers, financial consultants, accountants, architects, 173 attorneys, and such other consultants and independent 174 contractors as are necessary in its judgment to carry out 175the provisions of this article, and fix the compensation 176 or fees thereof. All expenses thereof shall be payable 177 solely from the proceeds of bonds issued by the economic 178 development authority, from the proceeds of bonds 179 issued by or loan payments, lease payments or other 180 payments received by the authority, from revenues and 181 from funds appropriated for such purpose by the 182 Legislature.

183 (17) Receive and accept from any federal agency, or 184 any other source, grants for or in aid of the construction 185 of any project or for research and development with 186 respect to electric power projects, natural gas transmis-187 sion projects or other energy projects, and receive and 188 accept aid or contribution from any source of money, 189 property, labor or other things of value to be held, used 190 and applied only for the purpose for which such grants 191 and contributions are made.

192 (18) Purchase property coverage and liability insurance for any electric power project or natural gas 193 194 transmission project or other energy project and for the 195 principal office and suboffices of the authority, insu-196 rance protecting the authority and its officers and 197 employees against liability, if any, for damage to 198 property or injury to or death of persons arising from its operations and any other insurance which may be 199 200 provided for under a resolution authorizing the issuance 201 of bonds or in any trust agreement securing the same.

202 (19) Charge, alter and collect transportation fees and
203 other charges for the use or services of any natural gas
204 transmission project as provided in this article.

205 (20) Charge and collect fees or other charges from any
206 energy project undertaken as a result of this article.

207 (21) When the electric power project is owned and
208 operated by the authority, charge reasonable fees in
209 connection with the making and providing of electric

210 power and the sale thereof to corporations, states,
211 municipalities or other entities in the furtherance of the
212 purposes of this article.

(22) Purchase and sell electricity or other energy
produced by an electric power project in and out of the
state of West Virginia.

(23) Enter into wheeling contracts for the transmission of electric power over the authority's or another
party's lines.

(24) Make and enter into contracts for the construction of a project facility and joint ownership with
another utility, and the provisions of this article shall
not constrain the authority from participating as a joint
partner therein.

224 (25) Make and enter into joint ownership agreements.

(26) Establish or increase reserves from moneys
received or to be received by the authority to secure or
to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds issued
by the economic development authority pursuant to the
provisions of article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this
code or bonds issued by the authority.

(27) Broker the purchase of natural gas for resale to
end-users: *Provided*, That whenever there are local
distribution company pipelines already in place the
authority shall arrange to transport the gas through
such pipelines at the rates approved by the public
service commission of West Virginia.

(28) Engage in market research, feasibility studies,
commercial research, and other studies and research
pertaining to electric power projects and natural gas
transmission projects or any other functions of the
authority pursuant to this article.

(29) Enter upon any lands, waters and premises in the
state for the purpose of making surveys and examinations as it may deem necessary or convenient for the

purpose of this article, and such entry shall not be deemed a trespass, nor shall an entry for such purposes be deemed an entry under any condemnation proceedings which may be then pending, and the authority shall make reimbursement for any actual damages resulting to such lands, waters and premises as a result of such activities.

252 (30) Participate in any reorganization proceeding 253pending pursuant to the United States Code (being the 254act of Congress establishing a uniform system of 255bankruptcy throughout the United States. as 256amended) or any receivership proceeding in a state or 257federal court for the reorganization or liquidation of a 258responsible buyer or responsible tenant. The authority 259may file its claim against any such responsible buyer or 260 responsible tenant in any of the foregoing proceedings. 261 vote upon any question pending therein, which requires 262 the approval of the creditors participating in any 263 reorganization proceeding or receivership, exchange 264 any evidence of such indebtedness for any property, 265security or evidence of indebtedness offered as a part of 266 the reorganization of such responsible buyer or respon-267 sible tenant or of any entity formed to acquire the assets thereof and may compromise or reduce the amount of 268 269 any indebtedness owing to it as a part of any such 270 reorganization.

(31) Make or enter into management contracts with
a second party or parties to operate any electric power
project or any gas transmission project and associated
facilities, or other related energy project, either during
construction or permanent operation.

(32) Do all acts necessary and proper to carry out thepowers expressly granted to the authority in this article.

(33) Nothing herein shall be construed to permit the
transportation of gas produced outside of this state
through a natural gas transmission project.

(34) The authority shall, after consultation with other
agencies of state government having environmental
regulatory functions, promulgate legislative rules
pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to

Energy

285establish standards and principles to be applied to all 286 projects in assessing the effects of projects on the 287 environment: Provided, That when a proposed project 288 requires an environmental impact statement pursuant 289 to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, a 290 copy of the environmental impact statement shall be 291 filed with the authority and be made available prior to 292 any final decision or final approval of any project and 293 prior to the conducting of any public hearings regarding 294 the project, and in any such case, no assessment 295pursuant to the legislative rule need be made.

§5D-1-5a. Publication of notice of certain meetings.

1 For all meetings of the board at which a bond issue 2 of the authority will be finally considered, and for all 3 meetings of the board at which the exercise of the right 4 of eminent domain will be finally considered, whether 5 such meeting be a regular or special meeting, the 6 chairman shall cause a notice of said meeting to be 7 published as a class II legal advertisement in com-8 pliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-9 nine of this code and the publication area shall be each county in which the project is located. In addition, notice 10 in writing of such meeting shall be given, by regular 11 12 United States mail, to any person who shall have 13 previously made a request, in writing, to be so notified 14 with regard to a particular project.

§5D-1-5b. Public hearing before final consideration of bond issue or exercise of right of eminent domain.

1 (a) Prior to any final decision of the board to take 2 action with respect to the issuance of revenue bonds or 3 to authorize the exercise of the right of eminent domain 4 with respect to any electric power or natural gas 5 transmission project, the authority shall:

6 (1) Prepare and reduce to writing the nature of the 7 proposed project, a summary of the data supporting the 8 board's determination and a description and location 9 identification of the proposed real property, right of 10 way, or easement to be acquired. The written statement 11 under this section and the environmental impact 12 statement or assessment required pursuant to section 13 five of this article shall be available for public inspection 14 at the office of the county clerk at the county courthouse 15 of each county in which the project is located during the 16 two successive weeks before the date of the public 17 hearing required by this section;

(2) Provide for a public hearing to be held at a
reasonable time and place within at least one county in
which the project is located to allow interested members
of the public to attend the hearing without undue
hardship. Members of the public may be present, submit
statements and testimony and question the authority's
representative appointed pursuant to this section;

(3) Not less than thirty days prior to such public
hearing, provide notice to all members of the Legislature, unless otherwise notified by a member that such
member does not desire such notice, to the county
commission of each county within which the project is
located and to the municipal council of each municipality in said county;

32 (4) Cause to be published a notice of the required 33 public hearing. The notice shall be published as a class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions 34 35 of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code and the 36 publication area shall be each county in which the 37 project is located. The public hearing shall be held no earlier than the fourteenth successive day and no later 38 than the twenty-first successive day following the first 39 publication of the notice. The notice shall contain the 40 41 time and place of the public hearing along with a brief 42 description of the project and its proposed location;

43 (5) Cause a copy of the required notice to be posted
44 at the county seat of each county within which the
45 project is located for members of the public to observe.
46 Such notice shall remain posted for two successive
47 weeks prior to the date of the public hearing;

(6) Appoint a representative of the authority who shall
conduct the required public hearing. The representative
of the authority shall make a report of the public
hearing available for inspection by the public or, upon

ENERGY

52 written request of any interested person, provide a 53 written copy thereof and to all individuals previously 54 receiving written notice of the hearing within thirty 55 days following the public hearing; and

56 (7) The representative of the authority conducting the 57 public hearing shall make the results of the hearing 58 available to the board for its consideration prior to the 59 board making decisions regarding the proposed project.

60 (b) No final action of the board with respect to the 61 issuance of revenue bonds or authorizing the exercise of 62 the right of eminent domain with respect to a proposed 63 project may be made before the thirtieth successive day 64 following the public hearing required by this section. 65 but in no event shall final action of the board be made 66 prior to fifteen days after the report of the public 67 hearings are made available to the public in general.

§5D-1-9. Expenses of authority.

1 From time to time the Legislature may appropriate funds to be used for the purposes of this article. All 2 3 expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this article shall be payable solely from funds of the 4 authority or from funds appropriated to the authority 5 for such purpose by the Legislature. Such article does 6 not authorize the authority to incur indebtedness or 7 liability on behalf of or payable by the state. 8

CHAPTER 22. ENERGY.

Article

- 1. Commissioner of Energy.
- 4. Reclamation Board of Review.

ARTICLE 1. COMMISSIONER OF ENERGY.

- §22-1-2. Declaration of legislative findings and policy.
- §22-1-5. Commissioner of energy; appointment; duties; qualifications; removal; salary; expenses; oath and bond.

§22-1-7a. Advisory board.

§22-1-2. Declaration of legislative findings and policy.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the
- 2 mineral development industry is vital to the state's
- 3 economy and the employment of many of its citizens;

ENERGY

4 that the division of energy and sections of such division 5 have heretofore been charged with the dual responsibil-6 ity of fostering, encouraging and promoting the mineral 7 development industry, while at the same time issuing 8 permits to and regulating the mineral development 9 industry, and that these roles should not be vested in the 10 same agency of state government: that the responsibility 11 for fostering, encouraging and promoting this industry 12 should be vested in the public energy authority of this 13 state: that there exists a need to focus upon the 14 comprehensive regulation of this industry by the 15 division of energy so as to protect the environment and 16 promote health and safety within the mineral develop-17 ment industry, and a need for the consolidation of 18 regulatory power and statutes in a single act and under 19 a single agency of state government with related boards 20 and commissions; that such consolidation will result in 21 more efficient administration, avoid unnecessary delays 22 in permitting and other matters, provide better and 23 more expeditious enforcement and application of environmental and safety laws as herein provided, result 24 25 in better cooperation between agencies, provide for 26 uniform policies and consistent treatment of entities 27 engaged in mineral development; and that such efficient 28 and uniform administration and regulation will make 29 this state's industry more competitive with that in other 30 energy-producing states.

Accordingly, it is hereby declared the public policy ofthis state and the purpose of this act:

(a) To effectively regulate the exploration for and the
development, production, utilization and conservation of
coal, oil and gas and other mineral resources of the state
through the fullest practical means, and at the same
time promote economic development in the state, protect
the environment and enhance safety and health in these
vital industries;

40 (b) To provide a comprehensive program for the
41 exploration, conservation, development, protection,
42 enjoyment, recovery and use of coal, oil and gas, and
43 other mineral resources in this state;

44 (c) To aid in such a comprehensive program by 45 creating a single department, designated the depart-46 ment of energy, to have the regulatory powers with respect to this industry and to have the general duties 47 48 and responsibilities heretofore existing in the department of natural resources and department of mines, and 49 that the department will perform such duties and 5051 functions in conjunction with the respective boards and commissions which are herein continued in effect: 52

(d) To expedite and facilitate, consistent with applicable environmental standards, the issuance of permits
for mines, surface mining operations, oil and gas wells
and other well work; to avoid conflicting permitting
requirements and regulations in this state or with
federal agencies; and to provide uniform policies with
respect to this industry;

(e) To provide for a single agency of this state to
implement requirements and programs of federal law
affecting the exploration, development, production,
recovery and utilization of coal, oil and gas, and other
mineral resources in this state;

65 (f) To provide for an agency of this state which can 66 be consulted with by other agencies of this state prior 67 to the adoption or implementation of rules, regulations, 68 standards, programs or requirements affecting the 69 exploration, development, production, recovery and 70 utilization of coal, oil and gas, and other mineral 71 resources in this state.

§22-1-5. Commissioner of energy; appointment; duties; qualifications; removal; salary; expenses; oath and bond.

The commissioner shall be the chief executive officer 1 of the division of energy. Subject to provisions of law, 2 he shall organize the division into such offices, divisions, 3 agencies and other units of activity as may be found by 4 the commissioner to be desirable for the orderly. 5 efficient and economical administration of the division 6 and for the accomplishment of its objects and purposes. 7 The commissioner may appoint assistants, hearing 8 officers, clerks, stenographers, and other officers and 9

10 employees needed for the operation of the division and 11 may prescribe their powers and duties and fix their

.

12 may preserve their powers and duties and fix their 12 compensation within amounts appropriated therefor. 13 The commissioner shall have the power to and may 14 designate the deputy commissioner or other officers or 15 employees of the division to substitute for him on any 16 board or commission established under this chapter or 17 to sit in his place in any hearings, appeals, meetings or

18 other activities with such substitute having the same 19 powers, duties, authority and responsibility as the $\mathbf{20}$ commissioner. Additionally, the commissioner shall 21 have the power to delegate to the deputy commissioner. 22 division directors, section deputies or other personnel, $\mathbf{23}$ his powers, duties, authority and responsibility relating 24 to issuing permits, hiring and training inspectors and 25other employees of the division, conducting hearings and 26 appeals and such other duties and functions set forth in 27 this chapter or chapters twenty-two-a and twenty-two-28 b as he considers appropriate.

The commissioner shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor.

32 At the time of his initial appointment, the commis-33 sioner shall be at least thirty years old and shall be selected with special reference and consideration given 34 35 to his administrative experience and ability, to his 36 demonstrated interest in the effective and responsible 37 regulation of the energy industry and the conservation 38 and wise use of natural resources. The commissioner shall not be a candidate for or hold any other public 39 40 office, shall not be a member of any political party committee and shall immediately forfeit and vacate his 41 office as commissioner in the event he becomes a 42 candidate for or accepts appointment to any other public 43 office or political party committee. 44

The commissioner shall receive an annual salary of sixty-five thousand dollars and shall be allowed and paid necessary expenses incident to the performance of his official duties. Prior to the assumption of the duties of his office, the commissioner shall take and subscribe to

Ch. 8]

ENERGY

50 the oath required of public officers prescribed by section 51 5, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia and 52 shall execute a bond, with surety approved by the 53 governor, in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars, 54 which executed oath and bond shall be filed in the office 55 of the secretary of state. Premiums on the bond shall be 56 paid from the department funds.

§22-1-7a. Advisory board.

On or before the first day of November, one thousand 1 2 nine hundred ninety, the commissioner shall convene a 3 division of energy advisory board consisting of nine 4 members appointed by the governor, for terms of two years and who shall serve without compensation. Three 5 6 members of the board shall have significant experience 7 in the energy industry, three members shall have 8 significant experience in the advocacy of environmental 9 protection, one member shall be a representative of 10 organized labor, one member shall be a member of the 11 House of Delegates recommended by the speaker of the House of Delegates, and one member shall be a member 12 13 of the Senate recommended by the president of the 14 Senate. The commissioner shall serve as an ex officio 15 member and chairman of the board. The advisory board shall meet at least every two months, or upon the call 16 17 of four members, to discuss all aspects of the division 18 of energy's environmental protection and environmental regulatory functions, collection of penalties and fines, 19 20and responsibilities.

ARTICLE 4. RECLAMATION BOARD OF REVIEW.

§22-4-1. Appointment and organization of reclamation board of review; authority, compensation, expenses and removal of board members.

(a) There is hereby continued a reclamation board of 1 review consisting of seven members to be appointed by 2 the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. 3 Two members shall be appointed to serve a term of two 4 years. Two members shall be appointed to serve a term 5 of three years. Two members shall be appointed to serve 6 a term of four years. One member shall be appointed 7 to serve a term of five years. The successor of each such 8

ENERGY

9 appointed member shall be appointed for a term of five 10 years, except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy 11 occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which 12 his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only 13 for the remainder of such term. Any vacancy in the 14 office of a member of said board shall be filled by 15 appointment by the governor for the unexpired term of 16 the member whose office is vacant. Each vacancy 17 occurring on said board shall be filled by appointment 18 within sixty days after such vacancy occurs. One of the 19 appointees to such board shall be a person who, by 20 reason of his previous vocation, employment or affilia-21 tions, can be classed as one capable and experienced in 22 coal mining. One of the appointees to such board shall be a person who, by reason of his training and expe-23 24 rience, can be classed as one capable and experienced 25 in the practice of agriculture. One of the appointees to 26 such board shall be a person who, by reason of his 27 training and experience, can be classed as one capable 28 and experienced in modern forestry practices. One of the appointees to such board shall be a person who, by 29 30 reason of his training and experience, can be classed as 31 one capable and experienced in engineering. One of the 32 appointees to such board shall be a person who, by reason of his training and experience, can be classed as 33 one capable and experienced in water pollution control 34 35 or water conservation problems. One of the appointees to such board shall be a person with significant 36 experience in the advocacy of environmental protection. 37 One of the appointees to such board shall be a person 38 39 who represents the general public interest. Not more 40 than four members shall be members of the same political party. During his tenure on the board, no 41 member shall receive significant direct or indirect 42 financial compensation from or exercise any control over 43 any person or entity which holds or has held, within the 44 two years next preceding the member's appointment. a 45 permit to conduct activity regulated by the division of 46 energy, or any similar agency of any other state or of 47 the federal government: Provided, That the member 48 classed as experienced in coal mining, the member 49 classed as experienced in engineering, and the member 50

ENERGY

classed as experienced in water pollution control or 51 52 water conservation problems may receive significant 53 financial compensation from regulated entities for 54 professional services or regular employment so long as 55 the professional or employment relationship is disclosed to the board. No member shall participate in any matter 56 57 before the board related to a regulated entity from which the member receives or has received within the 58 59 preceding two years direct or indirect financial compensation. For purposes of this section, "significant direct 60 or indirect financial compensation" means twenty 61 62 percent of gross income for a calendar year received by 63 the member, any member of his or her immediate 64 family, or the member's primary employer.

(b) The board may employ supporting staff including
hearings examiners to aid and assist in performing its
responsibilities under this article.

68 (c) Four members shall constitute a quorum and no 69 action of the board is valid unless it has the concurrence 70 of at least four members. The board shall keep a record 71of its proceedings. Each member shall be paid as 72 compensation for his work as such member, from funds 73 appropriated for such purposes, one hundred dollars per 74 day when actually engaged in the performance of his 75 work as a board member. In addition to such compen-76 sation, each member shall be reimbursed for all 77 reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in 78 the performance of his duties, except that in the event 79 the expenses are paid, or are to be paid, by a third party, 80 the members shall not be reimbursed by the state.

81 (d) Annually, one member shall be elected as chair-82 man and another member shall be elected as vice 83 chairman. Such officers shall serve for terms of one 84 year. The governor may remove any member of the board from office for inefficiency, neglect of duty, 85 malfeasance or nonfeasance, after delivery to such 86 87 member the charges against him in writing, together with at least ten days' written notice of the time and 88 place at which the governor will publicly hear such 89 member, either in person or by counsel, in defense of 90 the charges against him, and affording the member 91

1646 HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION [Ch. 9

92 such hearing. If such member is removed from office,
93 the governor shall file in the office of the secretary of
94 state a complete statement of the charges made against
95 such member and a complete report of the proceedings
96 thereon. In such case the action of the governor
97 removing such member from office shall be final.



(Com. Sub. for H. B. 201—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 27, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three and twelve, article six-b, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating generally to the homestead property tax exemption allowable to senior citizens and to persons who are permanently and totally disabled; definitions; amending the requirements, limitations and conditions for the homestead exemption; and specifying that such changes shall apply when determining the measure against which property taxes are levied for the current tax year.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three and twelve, article six-b, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6B. HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION.

- §11-6B-2. Definitions.
- \$11-6B-3. Twenty thousand dollar homestead exemption allowed.
- §11-6B-12. Effective date.

§11-6B-2. Definitions.

- 1 For purposes of this article, the term:
- 2 (1) "Assessed value" means the value of property as
- 3 determined under article three of this chapter.

4 (2) "Claimant" means a person who is age sixty-five 5 or older or who is certified as being permanently and 6 totally disabled, and who owns a homestead that is used 7 and occupied by the owner thereof exclusively for 8 residential purposes.

9 (3) "Homestead" means a single family residential 10 house, including a mobile or manufactured or modular 11 home, and the land surrounding such structure; or a 12 mobile or manufactured or modular home regardless of 13 whether the land upon which such mobile or manufac-14 tured or modular home is situated is owned or leased.

(4) "Owner" means the person who is possessed of the 15 homestead, whether in fee or for life. A person seized 16 17 or entitled in fee subject to a mortgage or deed of trust 18 shall be deemed the owner. A person who has an equitable estate of freehold, or is a purchaser of a 19 20 freehold estate who is in possession before transfer of 21 legal title shall also be deemed the owner. Personal 22 property mortgaged or pledged shall, for the purpose of 23 taxation, be deemed the property of the party in 24 possession.

(5) "Permanently and totally disabled" means a
person who is unable to engage in any substantial
gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable
physical or mental condition which can be expected to
result in death or which has lasted or can be expected
to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve
months.

32 (6) "Sixty-five years of age or older" includes a person
33 who attains the age of sixty-five on or before the
34 thirtieth day of June following the July first assessment
35 day.

36 (7) "Used and occupied exclusively for residential purposes" means that the property is used as an abode. 37 dwelling or habitat for more than six consecutive 38 months of the calendar year prior to the date of 39 application by the owner thereof; and that the property 40 is used only as an abode, dwelling or habitat to the 41 exclusion of any commercial use: Provided, That failure 42 to satisfy this six-month period shall not prevent 43

1647

44 allowance of a homestead exemption to a former45 resident in accordance with section three of this article.

46 (8) "Tax year" means the calendar year following the47 July first assessment day.

48 (9) "Resident of this state" means an individual who
49 is domiciled in this state for more than six months of
50 the calendar year.

§11-6B-3. Twenty thousand dollar homestead exemption allowed.

1 (a) General.—An exemption from ad valorem prop-2 erty taxes shall be allowed for the first twenty thousand 3 dollars of assessed value of a homestead that is used and 4 occupied by the owner thereof exclusively for residential purposes, when such owner is sixty-five years of age or 5 older or is certified as being permanently and totally 6 7 disabled provided the owner has been or will be a resident of the state of West Virginia for the two 8 9 consecutive calendar years preceding the tax year to which the homestead exemption relates: Provided, That 10 an owner who receives a similar exemption for a 11 12 homestead in another state is ineligible for the exemption provided by this section. The owner's application for 13 14 exemption shall be accompanied by a sworn affidavit stating that such owner is not receiving a similar 15 exemption in another state: Provided, however, That 16 when a resident of West Virginia establishes residency 17 in another state or country and subsequently returns 18 19 and reestablishes residency in West Virginia within a period of five years, such resident may be allowed a 20 homestead exemption without satisfying the require-21 ment of two years consecutive residency if such person 22 was a resident of this state for two calendar years out 23of the ten calendar years immediately preceding the tax 24 year for which the homestead exemption is sought. Proof 25 of residency includes, but is not limited to, the owner's 26 voter's registration card issued in this state or a motor 27 vehicle registration card issued in this state. Addition-28 ally, when a person is a resident of this state at the time 29 such person enters upon active duty in the military 30 service of this country and throughout such service 31

Ch. 9] HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION

32 maintains this state as his or her state of residence, and 33 upon retirement from the military service, or earlier 34 separation due to a permanent and total physical or 35 mental disability, such person returns to this state and 36 purchases a homestead, such person is deemed to satisfy 37 the residency test required by this section and shall be allowed a homestead exemption under this section if 38 39 such person is otherwise eligible for a homestead 40 exemption under this article; and the tax commissioner 41 may specify, by regulation promulgated under chapter 42 twenty-nine-a of this code, what constitutes acceptable 43 proof of these facts. Only one exemption shall be allowed 44 for each homestead used and occupied exclusively for 45 residential purposes by the owner thereof, regardless of 46 the number of qualified owners residing therein.

47 (b) Attachment of exemption.-This exemption shall 48 attach to the homestead occupied by the qualified owner 49 on the July first assessment date and shall be applicable 50to taxes for the following tax year. An exemption shall 51not be transferred to another homestead until the 52following July first. If the homestead of an owner 53 qualified under this article is transferred by deed, will 54 or otherwise, the twenty thousand dollar exemption 55 shall be removed from the property on the next July 56 first assessment date unless the new owner qualifies for 57 the exemption.

58 (c) Construction.—The residency requirement specified in subsection (a) is enacted pursuant to the 59 60 Legislature's authority to prescribe by general law 61 requirements, limitations and conditions for the homestead exemption, as set forth in section one-b, article ten 62 63 of the constitution of this state. Should the supreme court of appeals or a federal court of competent 64 jurisdiction determine that this residency requirement 65 violates federal law in a decision that becomes final, this 66 section shall then be construed and applied, beginning 67 with the July first assessment day immediately follow-68 ing the date the decision became final, as if the 69 70 residency requirement had not been enacted, thereby preserving the availability of the homestead exemption 71

1649

and the fiscal integrity of local government levyingbodies.

§11-6B-12. Effective date.

1 (a) The provisions of this article enacted in the year 2 one thousand nine hundred eighty-one took effect on the 3 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one.

4 (b) Amendments to this article enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety shall, regardless of 5 6 the effective date of this act, be used to determine the 7 assessed value of property on which ad valorem property 8 taxes are levied for tax years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety. 9 10 Assessors and county commissioners are hereby autho-11 rized and directed to review the claims for homestead 12 exemption for the current tax year filed in their counties 13 prior to the second day of October, one thousand nine 14 hundred eighty-nine, and to make such changes in their books for the current tax year as may be needed to give 15 these amendments their intended effect, regardless of 16 any other provision in this chapter that may prohibit 17 18 such action. Any person who has already paid property 19 taxes for tax year one thousand nine hundred ninety, 20 and who is considered eligible for homestead exemption under this article, may apply pursuant to section 21 22 twenty-seven, article three of this chapter for a refund 23 for property taxes erroneously paid.

CHAPTER 10

(S. B. 5—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 27, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections nineteen and twenty-two-c, article ten, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifty-four, all relating to retirement; requiring certain information to

1650

be filed by employers; providing legislative findings; defining the term "contract"; prohibiting retirants under the early retirement incentive program from accepting work on a contract basis with the state or any of its political subdivisions; providing for exceptions; allowing persons who are elected or appointed to government positions and who do not receive any income from such positions to continue to receive incentive annuities under the public employees retirement system; authorizing the promulgation of rules; and establishing a procedure for termination of benefits.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nineteen and twenty-two-c, article ten, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifty-four, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIRE-MENT ACT.

§5-10-19. Employers to file information as to employees' service.

§5-10-22c. Temporary early retirement incentives program; legislative declaration and finding of compelling state interest and public purpose; specifying eligible and ineligible members for incentives program; options, conditions, and exceptions; certain positions abolished; special rule of eighty; effective, termination, and notice dates.

§5-10-54. Termination of benefits; procedure.

§5-10-19. Employers to file information as to employees' service.

1 Each participating public employer shall file with the 2 board of trustees, in such form as the board shall from time to time prescribe, a detailed statement of all 3 service rendered to participating public employers by 4 each of its employees and by any retirant who retired 5 under section twenty-two-c of this article and who is 6 working for the employer on a contract basis, as defined 7 in section twenty-two-c of this article, and such other 8 information as the board shall require in the operation 9 of the retirement system. 10

§5-10-22c. Temporary early retirement incentives program; legislative declaration and finding of compelling state interest and public purpose; specifying eligible and ineligible members for incentives program; options, conditions, and exceptions; certain positions abolished; special rule of eighty; effective, termination, and notice dates.

1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that a 2 compelling state interest exists in providing a temporary early retirement incentives program for encourag-3 ing the early, voluntary retirement of those public 4 employees who were current, active contributing 5 6 members of this retirement system on the first day of 7 April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, in the 8 reduction of the number of such employees and in 9 reduction of governmental costs therefor; that such program constitutes a public purpose; and that the 10 11 special classifications and differentiations provided in 12 respect of such program are reasonable and equitable 13 ones for the accomplishment of such purpose and 14 program as enacted in Enrolled Committee Substitute for H. B. No. 4672, regular session, one thousand nine 15 16 hundred eighty-eight, and as clarified and supplemented herein, retroactive to such beginning date, 17 18 aforesaid. The Legislature further finds that maintain-19 ing an actuarily sound retirement fund is a necessity and that the reemployment of persons who retire under 20 21 this section in any manner, including reemployment on a contract basis, is contrary to the intent of the early 22 retirement program and severely threatens the fiscal 23 24 integrity of the retirement fund.

(a) For the purposes of this section, the term "con-25 tract" means any personal service agreement, not 26 involving the sale of commodities, that cannot be 27 performed within sixty days or that exceeds two 28 thousand five hundred dollars in any twelve month 29 period. The term "contract" does not include any 30 agreement obtained by a retirant through a bidding 31 process and which is for the furnishing of any commod-32ity to a government agency. 33

34 (b) Beginning on the first day of April, one thousand

35 nine hundred eighty-eight, and continuing through the 36 thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 37 eighty-eight (or as extended by eligibility qualification 38 requirement, as hereinafter specified), eligible 39 members, being those active, contributing members 40 actually and currently employed on such beginning 41 date, retiring pursuant to this section, and from any 42 state, county or municipal position, covered under the 43 two divisions of this retirement system (the state 44 division and the public employer, nonstate division) 45 including those so employed on said beginning date and leaving the system during the incentive period and who 46 47 are eligible for taking deferred retirement (but not disability retirees) may elect to participate in this 48 49 incentives program and may elect any one of the three 50following incentive options:

51 (1) Retirement incentive option one:

52 For the purpose of computing the member's annuity, 53 the normal final average salary shall be computed and 54 one-eighth thereof shall be added thereto in arriving at 55 the true final average salary for use in actual compu-56 tation of retirement benefit.

57 (2) Retirement incentive option two:

A member may elect a lump sum payment, in addition to his regular retirement annuity, equal to ten percent of his final average salary not to exceed five thousand dollars, and in the case of a deferred retirement electing this option, such lump sum payment shall be receivable and deferred to the time of receipt of such deferred retirement annuity.

65 (3) Retirement incentive option three:

66 A person shall be credited with an additional two 67 years of contributing service and an additional two 68 years of age. The years credited under this option shall 69 in no way add to a member's final average salary factor 70 of computation.

Active, contributing members who desire to retire under this section but who are unable to retire by the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and make use of the incentive retirement

٤

program because an element of eligibility for retire-75 ment, such as age or other element, will not be met until 76 a date after the thirty-first day of December, one 77 78 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and before the first 79 day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. 80 shall be permitted to postpone actual retirement until the date of fulfilling such element of eligibility and shall 81 82 retire on such date, before the temporary retirement 83 incentive program ends on the thirtieth day of June, one 84 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; with proper credit to be granted for such extended period: Provided, That 85 86 they shall have made application for retirement, 87 including choice of their respective option, and given notice to their respective employer by the thirty-first 88 89 day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-90 eight, although postponing actual retirement, as 91 aforesaid.

92 (c) Any member participating in this retirement 93 incentive program is not eligible to accept further 94 employment or accept, directly or indirectly, work on a 95 contract basis from the state or any of its political subdivisions: *Provided*. That the executive director may 96 97 approve, upon written request and for good cause 98 shown, an exception allowing a retirant to perform work 99 on a contract basis. The executive director shall report 100 all approved exceptions to the board of trustees: 101 Provided, however, That a person may retire under this 102 section and thereafter serve in an elective office: 103 Provided further. That he shall not receive an incentive 104 option under this section during the term of service in 105said office, but shall receive his or her annuity calcu-106 lated on regular basis, as if originally taken not under 107 this section but on such regular basis. At the end of such 108 term and cessation of service in such office during which 109 the member shall rejoin and reenter the retirement system and pay contributions therefor, such regular 110 annuity shall be recalculated and an increased annuity 111 due to such additional employment shall be granted and 112 computed on regular basis and in similar manner as 113 under section forty-eight of this article. In respect of an 114 appointive office, as distinguished from an elective 115 office, any person retiring under this section and 116

117 thereafter serving in such appointive office shall not 118 receive an incentive option under this section during the 119 term of service in said office, but the same shall be 120 suspended during such period: And provided further. 121 That at the end of such term and cessation of service 122 in such appointive office the incentive option provided 123 for under this section shall be resumed: And provided 124 further. That any person elected or appointed to office 125 by the state or any of its political subdivisions who 126 waives whatever salary, wage or per diem compensation 127 he may be entitled to by virtue of service in such office 128 and who does not receive any income therefrom except 129 such reimbursement of out-of-pocket costs and expenses 130 as may be permitted by the statutes governing such 131 office shall continue to receive an incentive option under 132 this section. Such service shall not be counted as 133 contributed or credited service for purposes of comput-134 ing retirement benefits.

135 In any event, an eligible member may retire under 136 this section and thereafter continue to receive his 137 incentive annuity and be employed as a substitute 138 teacher or as adjunct faculty.

139Any such incentive retirants, under this section, may 140 not thereafter receive such annuity and enter or reenter 141 any governmental retirement system established or 142 authorized to be established by the state, notwithstand-143 ing any provision of the code to the contrary, unless required by constitutional provision or as hereby 144 145 specifically permitted to those retiring and thereafter 146 serving in elective office, as aforesaid.

147 The additional annuity allowed for temporary early 148 retirement under these options, in respect of state 149 division retirants of this system, is intended to be paid 150 from the retirement incentive account hereby created as 151 a special account in the state treasury and from the 152funds therein established with moneys required to be 153 transferred by heads of spending units from the unused 154 portion of salary and fringe benefits in their budgets accruing in respect of such positions vacated and 155 156 subsequently canceled under this temporary early retirement program. Salary and fringe benefit moneys 157

 \mathbb{F}^1

158actually saved in a particular fiscal year shall constitute 159 the fund source for payment of such additional annuity, 160 the funds of the retirement system to be used for 161 payment of the base annuity under the early retirement 162 incentive program: Provided. That such additional 163 annuity shall be paid from the unused portion of both 164 salary and fringe benefits and with any remainder of 165any fringe benefit moneys, as such, to remain with the 166 spending unit and any remainder of salary, as such, to 167 be directed as additional funding to the teachers 168 retirement system and as a part of the assets thereof. 169 No such additional annuity shall be disallowed even 170 though initial receipts may not be sufficient, with funds 171 of the system to be applied for such purpose, as for the base annuity. With respect to public employer division 172 173 retirants (nonstate division retirants of the system), such 174 incentive annuity shall be paid from the nonstate 175 division funds of the system.

176 (d) The executive secretary of the retirement system
177 shall provide forms for applicants. Such forms shall
178 include a detailed description of the incentive plan
179 options.

180 The executive secretary of the retirement system shall 181 file a report to the Legislature no later than the fifteenth 182 day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-183 nine, and quarterly thereafter, detailing the number of 184 retirees who have elected to accept early retirement incentive options, the dollar cost to date by option 185 186 selected, and the projected annual cost through the year 187 two thousand.

188 (e) Within every spending unit, department, board, 189 corporation, commission, or any other agency or entity 190 wherein two or multiples of two members elect to retire 191 either under the temporary early retirement incentives 192set forth above, or under regular, voluntary retirement, 193 and countable on an agency-wide or entity-wide basis, no more than one of such vacated positions may be filled, 194 with the second position being abolished upon the 195 effective day of the member's retirement. The vacant 196 position abolishment requirement shall not apply to 197 elective positions or appointed public officers whose 198

199 positions are established by state constitutional or 200 statutory provision. The retirant's employing entity shall 201 decide as to which of the vacated positions made 202 available through special early retirement or through 203 regular, voluntary retirement are to be abolished and 204 the head of such spending unit shall immediately notify 205the state auditor, the legislative auditor, and the 206 commissioner of the department of finance and admin-207 istration of the decisions and shall then apply and/or 208 transfer the remaining salary and fringe benefits as 209 aforesaid: Provided. That this vacant position abolishment provision shall not apply to any county or 210 211 municipal position except those under the authority of 212 a county board of education, nor to any position or 213positions, whether designated by spending unit, depart-214 ment, agency, commission, entity or otherwise, which 215the governor in respect of the executive branch, or the 216 chief justice of the supreme court of appeals in respect 217 of the judicial branch, or the president of the Senate or 218speaker of the House of Delegates, in respect of the 219 legislative branch, may exempt or amend, under such 220abolishment provision, upon his respective recommenda-221 tion that such exemption or amendment is necessary to provide for continuity of governmental operation or to 222223 preserve the health, welfare or safety of the people of 224 West Virginia, and with the prior concurrence of the 225joint committee on government and finance in such 226 recommendation, after the chairmen thereof shall cause 227 such committee to meet.

(f) Special rule of eighty.-Any active, contributing 228 229 member of the retirement system as of the first day of 230April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, who selects one of the incentive options in this section, may 231 retire under the special early retirement provisions with 232 233 full pension rights, without reduction of benefits if the 234 sum of such member's age plus years of contributing service equals or exceeds eighty: Provided, That such 235person has at least twenty years of contributing service; 236up to two years of which may be military service, or 237prior service, or any combination thereof not exceeding 238an aggregate of two years. 239

WIC PROGRAM

(g) Termination of temporary retirement incentives
program.—The right to elect, choose, select or use any
of the options, special rule of eighty, or other benefits
set forth in this section shall terminate on the thirtieth
day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

(h) The board shall promulgate rules and regulations
in accordance with the provisions of article three,
chapter twenty-nine of this code regarding the calculation of the amount of incentive option that may be
forfeited pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b) of
this section.

§5-10-54. Termination of benefits; procedure.

1 Whenever the board determines that any person has knowingly made any false statement or falsified or 2 3 permitted to be falsified any record or records of the retirement system in an attempt to defraud the system, 4 5 the board shall terminate any benefit that person has 6 received, is receiving and is entitled to receive under this article. Any termination of benefits may be 7 8 appealed pursuant to the state administrative procedures act in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The 9 board shall promulgate rules and regulations regarding 10 the procedure for termination of benefits in accordance 11 with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-12 13 a of this code.

CHAPTER 11

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 204—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 27, 1990; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

1658

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two-g, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to federal "WIC" program; requiring banks in the state to accept WIC vouchers or coupons or drafts from

vendors; requiring director of health to deposit WIC funds in state bank, authorizing advance payments from such funds, providing for method of selection of bank; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two-g, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2G. SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTARY FOOD PROGRAM FOR WOMEN, INFANTS AND CHILDREN (WIC).

§16-2G-1. Voucher or coupon redemption and payment.

1 With respect to the vouchers or coupons or drafts 2 authorized by the division of health in the administra-3 tion of the special supplementary food program for 4 women, infants and children, commonly known as the 5 WIC program, under the auspices and guidelines of the 6 United States department of agriculture, such vouchers or coupons or drafts, when received by a vendor from 7 a holder thereof in exchange for food, food stuffs, or 8 authorized goods or services, may be deposited by the 9 vendor in any federally insured bank in this state for 10 collection and payment thereof, and such bank shall 11 accept the same as equivalent to a negotiable instrument 12 13 from a holder in due course pursuant to chapter fortysix of this code, and shall collect the funds for such 14 15 vouchers or coupons so received.

All moneys received from the United States depart-16 ment of agriculture under the WIC program, except for 17 moneys to be used for administration, shall be deposited 18 by the director of health in a special account in a 19 20 federally insured bank in this state, and notwithstanding other provisions of this code to the contrary, this 21 22 special account shall be funded by the director of health as a special advance payment imprest funds account to 23be reconciled at least annually by the state treasurer 24 from which said bank can daily make required wire 25 transfers to pay each day's presentments of vouchers or 26 coupons or drafts. The director of health shall select the 27 bank by competitive bidding in the same manner as the 28 state treasurer selects depository banks for state funds, 29

30 subject to applicable federal laws or regulations31 governing such selection.

The provisions of this section enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine shall take effect on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety, except that the director shall commence procedures for the selection of the bank and for implementation of the other provisions of this section upon the passage hereof.

Nothing in this section shall make such vouchers or
coupons or drafts negotiable instruments for any
purpose other than expressly set forth herein or as
permitted by applicable federal laws or regulations.

CHAPTER 12

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 213—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed June 27, 1990; in effect July 1, 1990. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four, five-a and nine, article two, chapter twenty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended: to further amend said article two by adding thereto five new sections, designated sections fourteen through eighteen; to amend said chapter twenty-three by adding thereto a new article, designated article twoa; to amend and reenact section one. article three of said chapter: to amend and reenact sections one-d, three, three-a, six, seven-a, eight, eight-c, nine, fourteen, fifteen-b and nineteen, article four of said chapter: to further amend said article four by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections three-b, three-c, six-d and seven-b; to amend and reenact section eight, article four-b of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one, one-a, one-b, one-c, one-d, one-e, three, three-a and four-b, article five of said chapter; to further amend said article five by adding thereto four new sections. designated sections one-f, one-g, one-h and one-i; and to amend article five-a of said chapter by adding thereto

1660

a new section, designated section three, all relating to prospective and retroactive adjustment of premium rates; liens for payments, interest and penalties due and not paid; enforcement of liens; notice provisions for commissioner's exercise of distraint powers; mandatory employer payment into second injury reserve of surplus fund and exceptions; criteria for exceptions; establishment of classes for employers and computation of payments to be made into said second injury reserve by said employers; continuation of existing bond for employers exempted from mandatory participation in said second injury reserve; election of self-insured employer to pay into catastrophe reserve of surplus fund; employer indebtedness to commissioner becoming due and owing upon sale or transfer of business; lien for indebtedness being a personal obligation of employer; commissioner's certificate of good standing; lien against assets purchased by successor employer for indebtedness of predecessor employer to commissioner upon sale or transfer of business; duty of successor employer to verify predecessor employer's good standing with commissioner; waiver by commissioner of successor employer's payment of predecessor employer's indebtedness; publication of notice before waiver issued; hearing upon objection to waiver; circumstances under which successor employer to assume predecessor employer's premium rates: premium rates to be assigned to new corporate employer when new corporate employer is created by officers or shareholders of preexisting corporate employer; required payment of deficiency in payments to commissioner for failure of new corporate employer to make disclosure of relationship with preexisting corporate employer; employer right to object to commissioner's decisions relating to employer's obligations to the commissioner; hearings thereon and appeals; commissioner authority to promulgate rules; subrogation right of commissioner or self-insured employer to recover workers' compensation medical benefits paid from proceeds of recovery from third party tort-feasor; limitations thereon; legislative committee study of applicability of expanded subrogation; employer payment of second injury awards; employer being

credited for overpayments determined by administrative law judge; commissioner's determination in accordance with guidelines of medical services which are reasonably required; review of requests to exceed guidelines; commissioner being authorized to enter into preferred provider agreements; required disclosure of financial interest in sale or rental of medical appliances or devices by referring medical providers; commissioner being authorized to promulgate rules for enforcement of required disclosure; consequences of failure to disclose; criminal penalties for employer who contracts with hospital for treatment of compensable injuries or who requires employee to pay for services rendered by such hospital; criminal penalties for health care providers who, having had the right to receive payment for services related to work-related injuries suspended or terminated by the commissioner, fail to post notice of the suspension or termination or attempt to collect money for such services: establishment of health care advisory panel; compensation for services and expenses; liability insurance for members: duties thereof: development and utilization of guidelines for services, treatment, care and review; suspension or termination of right of certain health care providers to obtain payment for services to injured employees; exception for rendering medical services under emergency circumstances; consultation by commissioner with health care advisory panel being required prior to suspension or termination; procedures for suspension or termination; hearings; appeal; notice to injured employees by suspended or terminated medical provider; circumstances under which injured employee may pay suspended or terminated medical provider directly; commissioner's notification of injured employee of suspension or termination and assistance in obtaining new medical provider; reinstatement of suspended or terminated medical provider; commissioner being required to promulgate rules; exceptions to definitions relating to weekly wages; exception to minimum weekly benefits paid for temporary total disability; definition of part-time employee: computation of benefits for part-time employees; performance of medical examinations and evaluations in accordance

with procedures established by health care advisory panel and exceptions; suspension of temporary total disability benefits during trial return to work; eligibility for said benefits to continue; medical certification of ability to perform work or successful completion of three month trial return to work period resulting in termination of eligibility for said benefits; unsuccessful trial return to work resulting in immediate reinstatement of said benefits; rehabilitation and permanent disability evaluations; employee not otherwise being prevented from returning to work; employee not being required to return to work; provisions relating to trial return to work to terminate on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four; medical examinations being required to follow procedures established by health care advisory panel and exceptions; the filing of objections to findings of occupational pneumoconiosis board with office of judges beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one: administrative law judge being required to rule thereon; physical and vocational rehabilitation; legislative findings; determination of eligibility of injured employee for rehabilitation services: development, payment for and monitoring of rehabilitation plan; computation and payment of temporary partial rehabilitation benefits when employee returns to work under rehabilitation program; commissioner being required to promulgate rules to develop comprehensive rehabilitation program; provisions relating to rehabilitation to terminate on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four; exception for computation of "average weekly wage earnings, wherever earned, of the injured person, at the date of injury"; chief administrative law judge being required to set hearing for and rule upon objections to commissioner's non-medical findings relating to applications for occupational pneumoconiosis benefits; appeals therefrom; increased criminal penalties for fraudulently obtaining workers' compensation benefits; restitution; legislative findings regarding surplus in coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund; commissioner being directed to conduct audit of said fund and transfer up to two hundred fifty million dollars to workers' compen-

sation fund; expenditures of principal amount transferred being prohibited until all other assets of workers' compensation fund expended; expenditure of interest earned on amount transferred being permitted to satisfy obligations of workers' compensation fund; retention of adequate reserves in coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund to guarantee payment of all claims: inclusion of all moneys previously transferred from and still due and owing to the coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund as part of said amount transferred; commissioner being required to transfer such portion of said amount back to coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund as will meet required standards of federal law for reserves if such standards change; required filing of objections made to decisions of commissioner on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, with office of judges; transfer of all objections pending before the commissioner on or before the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to office of judges for final resolution; rulings of administrative law judges upon applications for modification of prior orders and for reopening of claims; factors administrative law judges are to consider when determining whether objections and appeals have been timely filed; settlement of protests to certain permanent partial disability awards; notice to commissioner of intended settlement; participation by commissioner in settlement proceedings; the required filing of joint written memorandum of settlement; the required approval of settlement by administrative law judge; failure to approve settlement being appealable; limitations on amounts of settlement; payment of settlement; settlements being set aside upon finding of fraud, undue influence or coercion; petition to vacate settlement and hearing thereon; final order on petition and appeal therefrom; settlement not affecting future right to benefits; commissioner being permitted to approve settlements of such disputed awards which are pending for resolution before the commissioner: creation of workers' compensation office of administrative law judges within workers' compensation appeal board: appointment of chief administrative law judge: qualifi-

cations therefor; salary for and removal of chief administrative law judge; employment of administrative law judges and other personnel; qualifications for administrative law judges; budget of office of judges being included in budget of appeal board; appeal board being required to promulgate rules of practice and procedure by the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one; powers of chief administrative law judge and delegation of powers; filing of objections to commissioner's decisions with office of judges being required after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one; office of judges being required to schedule hearings: notice: commissioner being a party in certain proceedings; commissioner being permitted to appear under certain circumstances; office of judges being required to keep records and make decisions thereon; commissioner being required to provide records to chief administrative law judge; rules of evidence; supplemental hearings; chief administrative law judge being required to conduct hearings and render final rulings on evidence of record: taking appeals therefrom to appeal board; appeal board being required to rule upon appeal; commissioner's right to appeal; filing of notice of appeal with office of judges; notice to other parties; duties of appeal board and administrative law judges; administrative law judge being required to act to prevent delay in determination of disputes; decisions of chief administrative law judge as to jurisdiction to hear dispute being a final, appealable order; inclusion of the termination by an employer of an injured employee off work due to a compensable injury who is receiving or eligible for temporary total disability benefits within the meaning of a discriminatory practice: exceptions: inclusion of the failure to reinstate an employee who has sustained a compensable injury to the employee's former or comparable position of employment, if available, within the meaning of a discriminatory practice; exceptions; medical certification of ability to perform duties: employee right to preferential recall where no position available; duty of employee; civil action being subject to provisions of collective bargaining agreement, arbitrator's decision, administrative or

court order, or federal statute; and employee eligibility for benefits not being affected.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four, five-a and nine, article two, chapter twenty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article two be further amended by adding thereto five new sections, designated sections fourteen through eighteen; that said chapter twenty-three be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-a; that section one, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that sections one-d. three. three-a. six, seven-a. eight, eight-c, nine, fourteen, fifteen-b and nineteen, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article four be further amended by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections three-b, three-c, six-d and sevenb; that section eight, article four-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one, one-a, one-b, one-c, one-d, onee, three, three-a and four-b, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that said article five be further amended by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections one-f, one-g, one-h and one-i; and that article five-a of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three, all to read as follows:

Article

- 2. Employers and Employees Subject to Chapter; Extraterritorial Coverage.
- 2A. Subrogation.
- 3. Workers' Compensation Fund.
- 4. Disability and Death Benefits.
- 4B. Coal-Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund.
- 5. Review.
- 5A. Discriminatory Practices.

ARTICLE 2. EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES SUBJECT TO CHAPTER; EXTRATERRITORIAL COVERAGE.

- §23-2-4. Classification of industries; accounts, rate of premiums.
- §23-2-5a. Collection of premiums from defaulting employers; interest and penalties; civil remedies; creation and enforcement of lien against employer and purchaser; distraint powers; insolvency proceedings; secretary of state to withhold certificates of dissolution; injunctive relief; bond.
- §23-2-9. Election of employer to provide own system of compensation; mandatory participation in second injury reserve of surplus fund and exceptions; election to provide catastrophe coverage.

Ch. 12]	Workers' Compensation

- §23-2-14. Sale or transfer of business; attachment of lien for premium, etc., payments due; criminal penalties for failure to pay; creation and avoidance or elimination of lien; enforcement of lien.
- §23-2-15. Liabilities of successor employer; waiver of payment by commissioner; assignment of predecessor employer's premium rate to successor.
- §23-2-16. Acceptance or assignment of premium rate.
- §23-2-17. Employer right to hearing; content of petition; appeal.
- §23-2-18. Rules.

§23-2-4. Classification of industries; accounts; rate of premiums.

1 The commissioner shall distribute into groups or 2 classes the employments subject to this chapter, in 3 accordance with the nature of the business and the degree of hazard incident thereto. And the commis-4 sioner shall have power, in like manner, to reclassify 5 6 such industries into groups or classes at any time, and 7 to create additional groups or classes. The commissioner may make necessary expenditures to obtain statistical 8 9 and other information to establish the classes provided for in this section. 10

11 The commissioner shall keep an accurate account of 12 all money or moneys paid or credited to the compensa-13 tion fund, and of the liability incurred and disbursements made against same; and an accurate account of 14 all money or moneys received from each individual 15 subscriber, and of the liability incurred and disburse-16 ments made on account of injuries and death of the 17 employees of each subscriber, and of the receipts and 18 19 incurred liability of each group or class.

20 In compensable fatal and total permanent disability 21 cases, other than occupational pneumoconiosis, the 22 amount charged against the employer's account shall be 23 such sum as is estimated to be the average incurred loss of such cases to the fund. The amount charged against 24 the employer's account in compensable occupational 25pneumoconiosis claims for total permanent disability or 26 for death shall be such sum as is estimated to be the 27 average incurred loss of such occupational pneumoconi-28 29 osis cases to the fund.

30 It shall be the duty of the commissioner to fix and 31 maintain the lowest possible rates of premiums consist-32 ent with the maintenance of a solvent workers' compen-33 sation fund and the creation and maintenance of a 34 reasonable surplus in each group after providing for the 35 payment to maturity of all liability incurred by reason 36 of injury or death to employees entitled to benefits under 37 the provisions of this chapter. A readjustment of rates 38 shall be made yearly on the first day of July, or at any 39 time the same may be necessary: Provided. That on and 40 after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 41 ninety-one, the commissioner shall, at least thirty days 42 prior to the first day of the quarter to which an 43 adjustment of rates is to be applicable, file a schedule 44 of the readjusted rates with the office of the secretary of state for publication in the state register pursuant to 45 article two, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: Provided. 46 47 however. That from the effective date of this section to 48 the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 49 ninety-one, the commissioner shall be permitted to 50 retroactively readjust rates to the first day of the 51 quarter within which notice of the readjustment is 52given. The determination of the lowest possible rates of premiums within the meaning hereof and of the 53 54 existence of any surplus or deficit in the fund shall be 55predicated solely upon the experience and statistical 56 data compiled from the records and files in the 57 commissioner's office under this and prior workers' 58 compensation laws of this state for the period from the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen. 59 60 to the nearest practicable date prior to such adjustment: 61 Provided further, That any expected future return, in 62 the nature of interest or income from invested funds, shall be predicated upon the average realization from 63 investments to the credit of the compensation fund for 64 65 the two years next preceding. Any reserves set up for future liabilities and any commutation of benefits shall 66 likewise be predicated solely upon prior experience 67 under this and preceding workers' compensation laws 68 and upon expected realization from investments deter-69 mined by the respective past periods, as aforesaid. 70

71 The commissioner may fix a rate of premiums

72 applicable alike to all subscribers forming a group or 73 class, and such rates shall be determined from the record of such group or class shown upon the books of 74 the commissioner: Provided, That if any group has a 75 sufficient number of employers with considerable 76 difference in their degrees of hazard, the commissioner 77 78 may fix a rate for each subscriber of such group, such 79 rate to be based upon the subscriber's record on the books of the commissioner for a period not to exceed 80 81 three years ending December thirty-first of the year 82 preceding the year in which the rate is to be effective: 83 and the liability part of such record shall include such 84 cases as have been acted upon by the commissioner 85 during such three-year period, irrespective of the date 86 the injury was received; and any subscriber in a group 87 so rated, whose record for such period cannot be 88 obtained, shall be given a rate based upon the subscrib-89 er's record for any part of such period as may be deemed 90 just and equitable by the commissioner; and the 91 commissioner shall have authority to fix a reasonable 92 minimum and maximum for any group to which this 93 individual method of rating is applied, and to add to the 94 rate determined from the subscriber's record such amount as is necessary to liquidate any deficit in the 95 96 schedule as to create a reasonable surplus.

97 It shall be the duty of the commissioner, when the 98 commissioner changes any rate, to notify every employer affected thereby of that fact and of the new rate and 99 when the same takes effect. It shall also be the 100 101 commissioner's duty to furnish to each employer yearly. 102 or more often if requested by the employer, a statement giving the name of each of the employer's employees 103 who were paid for injury and the amounts so paid 104 105 during the period covered by the statement.

§23-2-5a. Collection of premiums from defaulting employers; interest and penalties; civil remedies; creation and enforcement of lien against employer and purchaser; distraint powers; insolvency proceedings; secretary of state to withhold certificates of dissolution; injunctive relief; bond.

1 The commissioner in the name of the state may 2 commence a civil action against an employer who, after 3 due notice, defaults in any payment required by this 4 chapter. If judgment is against the employer, such 5 employer shall pay the costs of the action. Civil action 6 under this section shall be given preference on the 7 calendar of the court over all other civil actions.

8 In addition to the foregoing provisions of this section. 9 any payment, interest and penalty thereon due and unpaid under this chapter shall be a personal obligation 10 11 of the employer immediately due and owing to the 12 commissioner and shall, in addition thereto, be a lien 13 enforceable against all the property of the employer: 14 Provided, That no such lien shall be enforceable as 15 against a purchaser (including a lien creditor) of real 16 estate or personal property for a valuable consideration 17 without notice, unless docketed as provided in section one, article ten-c, chapter thirty-eight of this code: 18 Provided, however, That such lien may be enforced as 19 20 other judgment liens are enforced through the provi-21 sions of chapter thirty-eight of this code and the same shall be deemed by the circuit court to be a judgment 22 23 lien for this purpose.

24 In addition to all other civil remedies prescribed 25herein the commissioner may in the name of the state, $\mathbf{26}$ after giving appropriate notice as required by due 27 process, distrain upon any personal property, including 28 intangible property, of any employer delinquent for any 29 payment, interest and penalty thereon. If the commis-30 sioner has good reason to believe that such property or a substantial portion thereof is about to be removed 31 from the county in which it is situated, upon giving 32 33 appropriate notice, either before or after the seizure, as is proper in the circumstances, he or she may likewise 34 distrain in the name of the state before such delinquency 35 occurs. For such purpose, the commissioner may require 36 the services of a sheriff of any county in the state in 37 levving such distress in the county in which the sheriff 38 is an officer and in which such personal property is 39 situated. A sheriff so collecting any payment, interest 40 and penalty thereon shall be entitled to such compen-41

sation as is provided by law for his or her services inthe levy and enforcement of executions.

44 In case a business subject to the payments, interest 45 and penalties thereon imposed under this chapter shall 46 be operated in connection with a receivership or 47 insolvency proceeding in any state court in this state, the 48 court under whose direction such business is operated 49 shall, by the entry of a proper order or decree in the 50 cause, make provisions, so far as the assets in admin-51 istration will permit, for the regular payment of such 52payments, interest and penalties as the same become 53 due.

54 The secretary of state of this state shall withhold the 55 issuance of any certificate of dissolution or withdrawal 56 in the case of any corporation organized under the laws 57 of this state or organized under the laws of any other state and admitted to do business in this state, until 58 59 notified by the commissioner that all payments, interest 60 and penalties thereon against any such corporation 61 which is an employer under this chapter have been paid 62 or that provision satisfactory to the commissioner has 63 been made for payment.

64 In any case when an employer required to subscribe 65 to the fund defaults in payments of premium, premium deposits, or interest thereon, for as many as two 66 67 calendar guarters, which guarters need not be consec-68 utive, and remains in default after due notice, and the 69 commissioner has been unable to collect such payments 70 by any of the other civil remedies prescribed herein, the 71 commissioner may bring action in the circuit court of 72 Kanawha County to enjoin such employer from continuing to carry on the business in which such liability was 73 incurred: Provided. That the commissioner may as an 74 alternative to this action require such delinquent 75 76 employer to file a bond in the form prescribed by the 77 commissioner with satisfactory surety in an amount not 78 less than fifty percent more than the payments, interest 79 and penalties due.

§23-2-9. Election of employer to provide own system of compensation; mandatory participation in second injury reserve of surplus fund and exceptions; election to provide catastrophe coverage.

1 (a) (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this 2 chapter, employers subject to this chapter who are of 3 sufficient financial responsibility to insure the payment 4 of compensation to injured employees and the dependents of fatally injured employees, whether in the form 5 of pecuniary compensation or medical attention, funeral 6 expenses or otherwise as herein provided, of the value 7 at least equal to the compensation provided in this 8 chapter, or employers of such financial responsibility 9 who maintain their own benefit funds, or system of 10 compensation to which their employees are not required 11 or permitted to contribute, or such employers as shall 12 13 furnish bond or other security to insure such payments, may, upon a finding of such facts by the compensation 14 commissioner, elect to pay individually and directly, or 15 from such benefit funds, department or association, such 16 17 compensation and expenses to injured employees or 18 fatally injured employees' dependents. The compensa-19 tion commissioner shall require security or bond from 20 such employer, to be approved by the commissioner, and 21 of such amount as is by the commissioner considered adequate and sufficient to compel or secure to such 22 employees, or their dependents, payment of the compen- $\mathbf{23}$ 24 sation and expenses herein provided for, which shall in no event be less than the compensation paid or furnished 25 out of the state workers' compensation fund in similar 26 cases to injured employees or the dependents of fatally 27 injured employees whose employers contribute to such 28 29 fund.

(2) Any employer electing under this section to insure
payment of compensation to injured employees and the
dependents of fatally injured employees shall on or
before the last day of the first month of each quarter,
for the preceding quarter, file with the commissioner a
sworn statement of the total earnings of all the employer's employees subject to this chapter for such preceding

quarter, and shall pay into the workers' compensationfund:

(A) A sum sufficient to pay the employer's proper
proportion of the expenses of the administration of this
chapter; and

42 (B) A sum sufficient to pay the employer's proper
43 portion of the expenses for claims for those employers
44 who are delinquent in the payment of premiums; and

45 (C) A sum sufficient to pay the employer's fair
46 portion of the expenses of the disabled workers' relief
47 fund, as may be determined by the commissioner.

48 (3) The commissioner shall make and promulgate legislative rules in accordance with chapter twenty-49 50nine-a of this code governing the mode and manner of 51making application, and the nature and extent of the 52 proof required to justify the finding of facts by the 53 commissioner, to consider and pass upon such election 54 by employers subject to this chapter, which rules shall 55 be general in their application.

56 (4) Any employer whose record upon the books of the 57 compensation commissioner shows a liability against the 58 workers' compensation fund incurred on account of 59 injury to or death of any of the employer's employees. 60 in excess of premiums paid by such employer, shall not be granted the right, individually and directly or from 61 62 such benefit funds, department or association, to 63 compensate the employer's injured employees and the dependents of the employer's fatally injured employees 64 65 until the employer has paid into the workers' compen-66 sation fund the amount of such excess of liability over 67 premiums paid, including the employer's proper propor-68 tion of the liability incurred on account of explosions, 69 catastrophes or second injuries as defined in section one. 70 article three of this chapter, occurring within the state 71 and charged against such fund.

(b) (1) Subject to any limitations set forth herein, all
employers who have heretofore elected, or shall hereafter elect, to pay compensation and expenses directly as
provided in subsection (a) of this section, shall, unless
they be permitted under the provisions of this subsection
hereinafter set forth to give the second injury security

or bond hereinafter provided for, pay into the second
injury reserve of the surplus fund referred to in section
one, article three of this chapter, upon the basis set forth
herein, such payments to be made at the same time as
provided in this section for the payment of proportion
of expenses of administration.

84 (2) To determine the contribution for second injury 85 coverage for self-insured employers, the commissioner shall first establish, based upon actuarial advice, the 86 87 projected funding cost for incurred losses for the second. 88 injury reserve of the surplus fund for the prospective 89 year for each industrial group or class, so that industrial groups or classes with significantly different experience 90 91 in use of the second injury reserve shall pay their proper share based upon the record of that industrial group or 92 93 class: Provided. That the commissioner shall establish 94 industrial groups or classes as permitted by section four of this article but need not establish the same number 95 96 of industrial groups or classes as the number established 97 for purposes of section four of this article. The commis-98 sioner shall further allocate such cost within the industrial group or class to individual employers based 99 upon the ratio of the individual employer's record of 100 actual paid losses for claims chargeable to that employer 101 102 to the total actual paid losses for claims chargeable to all employers in that industrial group or class. Actual 103 paid losses shall mean cash payments made under this 104 chapter as reflected on the books of the commissioner 105 for a period not to exceed three years ending the thirty-106 first day of December of the year preceding the year in 107 which the rate is to be effective but shall not include 108 any payments or losses charged to any portion of the 109 surplus fund: Provided, however, That any employer 110 whose record for such period cannot be obtained shall 111 be given a rate based upon the employer's record for any 112 part of such period as may be deemed just and equitable 113 by the commissioner. 114

(3) In case there be a second injury, as defined in
section one, article three of this chapter, to an employee
of any employer making such second injury reserve
payments, the employer shall not be liable to pay

119 compensation or expenses arising from or necessitated 120 by the second injury, and such compensation and 121 expenses shall not be charged against such employer, 122 but such compensation and expenses shall be paid from 123 the second injury reserve of the surplus fund in the same 124 manner and to the same extent as in the case of 125 premium-paying subscribers.

(4) (A) Any employer who has heretofore elected to
pay compensation and expenses directly under the
provisions of subsection (a) of this section, and who:

(i) Elected prior to the first day of January, one
thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, not to make payments into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund,
and

(ii) Continuously without interruption, from the first
day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine,
to the effective date of this section, elected not to make
payments into the second injury reserve of the surplus
fund, may elect to continue not to make payments into
the second injury reserve of the surplus fund.

(B) Any employer who has heretofore elected to pay
compensation and expenses directly under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, and who:

(i) Was making payments into the second injury
reserve of the surplus fund on the first day of January,
one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and

(ii) Elected not to make such payments during
calendar year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine,
and

(iii) Has not thereafter, to the effective date of this
section, recommenced making such payments, shall
elect one of the two following options:

151 (I) Begin payments into the second injury reserve of 152 the surplus fund as of the first day of July, one thousand 153 nine hundred ninety, in which event such employer shall 154 not thereafter be permitted to elect not to make such 155 payments; or

156 (II) Elect to continue not making such payments in 157 which event the commissioner shall examine the

158employer's record with regard to the second injury 159reserve of the surplus fund upon the books of the 160 commissioner and if such record shows a liability 161 against the surplus fund incurred on account of injury to any of the employer's employees, in excess of 162 163 premiums paid by such employer to the second injury reserve of the surplus fund, then such employer shall 164 165 pay to the commissioner the present value of that 166 liability.

167 (C) Any employer who is permitted by paragraphs 168 (A) and (B) of this subdivision not to make payments into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund shall, 169 170 in addition to bond or security required by subsection 171 (a) of this section, furnish second injury security or 172 bond, approved by the commissioner, in such amount 173 and form as the commissioner shall consider adequate 174 and sufficient to compel or secure payment of all 175compensation and expenses arising from, or necessitated 176 by, any second injury that is or remains to be paid by 177 the employer: Provided, That any second injury security or bond given by any such employer pursuant to rules 178 promulgated by the commissioner and with the approval 179 180 of the commissioner prior to the effective date of this 181 section shall remain valid upon the effective date of this 182 section until such time thereafter as the commissioner 183 notifies such employer to the contrary.

(D) Any employer permitted by paragraphs (A) and
(B) of this subdivision not to make payments into the
second injury reserve of the surplus fund who on or after
the effective date of this section elects to make payments
into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund shall
not thereafter be permitted to elect not to make such
payments.

191 (5) Except as provided in paragraphs (A) and (B). subdivision (4) of this subsection, all other employers 192 who have heretofore elected or who henceforth elect to 193 pay compensation and expenses directly under the 194 provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall pay into 195 the second injury reserve of the surplus fund such 196 amounts as are determined by the commissioner 197 pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this 198

199 section: *Provided*, That all such other employers who, as 200 of the date immediately preceding the effective date of 201 this section, have been permitted by the commissioner 202 not to make such payments are not required to com-203 mence making such payments until the first day of July, 204 one thousand nine hundred ninety.

205(c) (1) All employers who have heretofore elected, or 206 shall hereafter elect, to pay compensation and expenses 207 directly as provided in subsection (a) of this section 208shall, unless they give the catastrophe security or bond 209 hereinafter provided for, pay into the catastrophe 210 reserve of the surplus fund referred to in section one, 211 article three of this chapter, upon the same basis and 212 in the same percentages, subject to the limitations 213 herein set forth, as funds are set aside for the mainte-214 nance of the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund out 215 of payments made by premium-paying subscribers, such 216 payments to be made at the same time as hereinbefore 217 provided with respect to payment of proportion of 218 expenses of administration.

219 (2) In case there be a catastrophe, as defined in 220 section one, article three of this chapter, to the em-221 ployees of any employer making such payments, the 222 employer shall not be liable to pay compensation or 223expenses arising from or necessitated by the catas-224 trophe, and such compensation and expenses shall not 225 be charged against such employer, but such compensation and expenses shall be paid from the catastrophe 226 227 reserve of the surplus fund in the same manner and to 228 the same extent as in the case of premium-paying 229 subscribers.

230 (3) If an employer elects to make payments into the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund as aforesaid, 231 then the bond or other security required by this section 232 233shall be of such amount as the commissioner considers adequate and sufficient to compel or secure to the 234 employees or their dependents payments of compensa-235tion and expenses, except any compensation and 236expenses that may arise from, or be necessitated by, any 237 catastrophe as defined in section one, article three of this 238 chapter, which last are secured by and shall be paid 239

240 from the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund as 241 hereinbefore provided.

242 (4) If any employer elects not to make payments into the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund, as herein-243 244 before provided, then, in addition to bond or security in 245 the amount hereinbefore set forth, such employer shall 246 furnish catastrophe security or bond, approved by the 247 commissioner, in such additional amount as the commissioner shall consider adequate and sufficient to compel 248 249 or secure payment of all compensation and expenses 250 arising from, or necessitated by, any catastrophe that 251 might thereafter ensue.

252 (5) All employers hereafter making application to 253 carry their own risk under the provisions of this 254 subsection shall, with such application, make a written 255statement as to whether such employer elects to make 256 payments as aforesaid into the catastrophe reserve of the 257 surplus fund or not to make such payments and to give 258 catastrophe security or bond hereinbefore in such case 259 provided for.

260 (d) In any case under the provisions of this section 261 that shall require the payment of compensation or 262 benefits by an employer in periodical payments, and the 263 nature of the case makes it possible to compute the 264 present value of all future payments, the commissioner 265 may, in his or her discretion, at any time compute and 266 permit or require to be paid into the workers' compen-267 sation fund an amount equal to the present value of all 268 unpaid compensation for which liability exists, in trust; 269 and thereupon such employer shall be discharged from 270any further liability upon such award, and payment of the same shall be assumed by the workers' compensation 271 272 fund.

(e) Any employer subject to this chapter who shall
elect to carry the employer's own risk and who has
complied with the requirements of this section and the
rules of the compensation commissioner shall not be
liable to respond in damages at common law or by
statute for the injury or death of any employee, however
occurring, after such election and during the period that

Ch. 12]

the employer is allowed by the commissioner to carrythe employer's own risk.

§23-2-14. Sale or transfer of business; attachment of lien for premium, etc., payments due; criminal penalties for failure to pay; creation and avoidance or elimination of lien; enforcement of lien.

1 (a) If any employer is required to subscribe to the 2 workers' compensation fund pursuant to section one of this article and does not elect to provide the employer's 3 4 own system of compensation pursuant to section nine of 5 this article, and shall sell or otherwise transfer substan-6 tially all of the employer's assets, so as to give up 7 substantially all of the employer's capacity and ability 8 to continue in the business in which the employer has 9 previously engaged, then such employer's premiums. 10 premium deposits, interest, and claims losses shall 11 become due and owing to the commissioner upon the 12 execution of the agreement of sale or other transfer. In 13 addition, any repayment agreement entered into by the 14 employer with the commissioner pursuant to section five 15 of this article shall terminate upon the execution of the 16 aforesaid agreement of sale or other transfer and all 17 amounts owed to the commissioner but not yet paid shall become due. Upon execution of an agreement of sale or 18 19 other transfer, as aforesaid, the commissioner shall continue to have a lien, as provided for in section five-20 a of this article, against all of the other property of the 21 employer and which lien shall constitute a personal 22 23 obligation of the employer. As used in this section, the 24 term "assets" means all property of whatever type in which the employer has an interest including, but not 25limited to, good will, access to leases such as the right 26 to sublease, assignment of contracts for the sale of 27 28 products, inventory or stock of goods in bulk, or accounts 29 receivable.

30 (b) If an employer subject to subsection (a) of this 31 section pays to the commissioner, prior to the execution 32 of an agreement of sale or other transfer, a sum 33 sufficient to retire all of the indebtedness that the 34 employer would owe at the time of the execution, then

1679

35 the commissioner shall issue a certificate to the 36 employer stating that the employer's account is in good standing with the commissioner and that the assets may 37 38 be sold or otherwise transferred without the attachment 39 of the commissioner's lien. In the event that the employer would not owe any sum to the commissioner **40** 41 on the aforesaid date of execution, then a certificate shall also be issued to the employer upon the employer's 42 43 request stating that the employer's account is in good standing with the commissioner and that the assets may 44 45 be sold or otherwise transferred without the attachment 46 of the commissioner's lien.

§23-2-15. Liabilities of successor employer; waiver of payment by commissioner; assignment of predecessor employer's premium rate to successor.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of section five-a of 2 this article to the contrary, in the event that a new 3 employer acquires by sale or other transfer or assumes 4 all or substantially all of a predecessor employer's actual business, business assets, customers, clients, contracts, 5 6 operations, stock of goods, equipment, or substantially all of its employees, then any liens for payments owed 7 8 to the commissioner for premiums, premium deposits, interest, or claims losses by the predecessor employer or 9 any liens held by the commissioner against the prede-10 cessor employer's property shall be extended to the 11 12 assets acquired as the result of the sale or transfer by 13 the new employer and shall be enforceable against such 14 assets by the commissioner to the same extent as provided for the enforcement of liens against the 15 predecessor employer pursuant to section five-a of this 16 article. As used in this section, the term "assets" is 17 defined as provided in section fourteen of this article. 18 The foregoing provisions are expressly intended to 19 impose upon such new employers the duty of obtaining, 20 prior to the date of such acquisition, verification from 21 the commissioner that the predecessor employer's 22 account with the commissioner is in good standing. 23

24 (b) At any time prior to or following the acquisition 25 described in subsection (a) of this section, the buyer or 26 other recipient may file a verified petition with the 27 commissioner requesting that the commissioner waive 28 the payment by the buyer or other recipient of premi-29 ums, premium deposits, interest, and claims losses, or 30 any combination thereof. The commissioner shall review $\mathbf{31}$ the petition by considering the six factors set forth in 32 subsection (f) of section five of this article. Unless 33 requested by a party or by the commissioner, no hearing 34 need be held on the petition. However, any decision 35 made by the commissioner on the petition shall be in 36 writing and shall include appropriate findings of fact 37 and conclusions of law. Such decision shall be effective 38 ten days following notice to the public of the decision 39 unless an objection is filed in the manner herein 40 provided. Such notice shall be given by the commission-41 er's publication of a Class I legal advertisement which 42 complies with the provisions of article three, chapter 43 fifty-nine of this code. The publication shall include a 44 summary of the decision and a statement advising that 45 any person objecting to the decision must file, within ten 46 days after publication of the notice, a verified response 47 with the commissioner setting forth the objection and the basis therefor. The publication area shall be 48 49 Kanawha County, West Virginia. If any such objection 50 is filed, the commissioner shall hold an administrative hearing, conducted pursuant to article five, chapter 51 52twenty-nine-a of this code, within fifteen days of 53 receiving the response unless the buyer or other recipient consents to a later hearing. Nothing in this 54 55subsection shall be construed to be applicable to the seller or other transferor or to affect in any way a 56 proceeding under sections five and five-a of this article. 57

58 (c) In the factual situations set forth in subsection (a) of this section, if the predecessor's modified rate of 59 premium, as calculated in accordance with section four 60 of this article, is greater than the manual rate of 61 premium, as calculated in accordance with section four 62 of this article, for other employers in the same class or 63 group, then the new employer shall also assume the 64 predecessor employer's modified rates for the payment 65 of premiums as determined under sections four and five 66 of this article until sufficient time has elapsed for the 67

new employer's experience record to be combined withthe experience record of the predecessor employer.

§23-2-16. Acceptance or assignment of premium rate.

1 (a) If a new corporate employer which is not subject 2 to the provisions of section fifteen of this article is 3 created by the officers or shareholders of a preexisting 4 corporate employer and if the new corporate employer 5 preexisting corporate employer and the are (1) managed by the same, or substantially the same, 6 7 management personnel, and (2) have a common owner-8 ship by at least forty percent of each corporation's 9 shareholders, and (3) is in the same class or group as 10 determined by the commissioner under the provisions of 11 section four of this article, and (4) if the preexisting 12 corporate employer's account is in good standing with 13 the commissioner, then, at the time the new corporate 14 employer registers with the commissioner, the new 15 corporate employer may request that the commissioner 16 assign to it the same rate of payment of premiums as 17 that assigned to the preexisting corporate employer. If 18 the commissioner decides that the granting of such a 19 request is in keeping with his or her fiduciary obligations to the workers' compensation fund, then the 20 commissioner may grant the request of the employer. 21

22 (b) If a new corporate employer which is not subject 23 to the provisions of section fifteen of this article is 24 created by the officers or shareholders of a preexisting 25 corporate employer and if the new corporate employer 26 and the preexisting corporate employer are (1) managed by the same, or substantially the same, 27 management personnel, and (2) have a common owner-28 29 ship by at least forty percent of each corporation's shareholders, and (3) is in the same class or group as 30 determined by the commissioner under the provisions of 31 section four of this article, then, at any time within one 32 year of the new corporate employer's registration with 33 the commissioner, the commissioner may decide that. in 34 keeping with his or her fiduciary obligations to the 35 workers' compensation fund, the new corporate em-36 ployer shall be assigned the same rate of payment of 37 premiums as that assigned to the preexisting corporate 38

39 employer at any time within the aforesaid one year period: Provided, That if the new corporate employer 40 41 fails to reveal to the commissioner on the forms provided 42 by the commissioner that its situation meets the factual 43 requirements of this section, then the commissioner may 44 demand payment from the new corporate employer in 45 an amount sufficient to eliminate the deficiency in 46 payments by the new corporate employer from the date 47 of registration to the date of discovery plus interest 48 thereon as provided for by section thirteen of this 49 article. The commissioner may utilize the powers given to the commissioner in section five-a of this article to 50 51 collect the amount due.

§23-2-17. Employer right to hearing; content of petition; appeal.

1 Notwithstanding any provision in this chapter to the 2 contrary other than the provisions of section six, article 3 five of this chapter, and notwithstanding any provision 4 in section five, article five of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to the contrary, in any situation where an 5 6 employer objects to a decision or action of the commis-7 sioner made under the provisions of this article, then 8 such employer shall be entitled to file a petition 9 demanding a hearing upon such decision or action which petition must be filed within thirty days of the employ-10 11 er's receipt of notice of the disputed commissioner's 12 decision or action or, in the absence of such receipt, 13 within sixty days of the date of the commissioner's 14 making such disputed decision or taking such disputed action, such time limitations being hereby declared to 15 be a condition of the right to litigate such decision or 16 action and hence jurisdictional. The employer's petition 17 shall clearly identify the decision or action disputed and 18 the bases upon which the employer disputes the decision 19 or action. Upon receipt of such a petition, the commis-20 sioner shall schedule a hearing which shall be conducted 21 in accordance with the provisions of article five of 22 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. An appeal from a 23final decision of the commissioner shall be taken in 24 accord with the provisions of articles five and six, 25 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: Provided, That all 26

27 such appeals shall be taken to the circuit court of28 Kanawha County.

§23-2-18. Rules.

1 The commissioner is authorized to promulgate legis-2 lative rules pursuant to the provisions of article three 3 of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the implemen-4 tation of this article: Provided, That no such legislative 5 rule may prohibit the right of an employer to perform 6 any function not constituting the practice of law and to represent itself at any hearing to which the employer 7 8 may be entitled pursuant to section seventeen of this 9 article other than appellate proceedings and upon its 10 election to do so without benefit of counsel or other legal 11 representation. Such election shall be in writing upon 12 a form prescribed by the commissioner which desig-13 nates its duly authorized representative in the perfor-14 mance of such functions.

ARTICLE 2A. SUBROGATION.

§23-2A-1. Subrogation; limitations; effective date.

§23-2A-2. Study of subrogation.

§23-2A-1. Subrogation; limitations; effective date.

(a) Where a compensable injury or death is caused, 1 2 in whole or in part, by the act or omission of a third party, the injured worker, or if he or she is deceased or 3 physically or mentally incompetent, his dependents or 4 personal representative shall be entitled to compensa-5 tion under the provisions of this chapter and shall not 6 by having received same be precluded from making 7 claim against said third party. 8

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 9 (a) of this section, if an injured worker, his or her 10 dependents or his or her personal representative makes 11 a claim against said third party and recovers any sum 12 thereby, the commissioner or a self-insured employer 13 shall be allowed subrogation with regard to medical 14 benefits paid as of the date of the recovery: Provided. 15 That under no circumstances shall any moneys received 16 by the commissioner or self-insured employer as 17 subrogation to medical benefits expended on behalf of 18 the injured or deceased worker exceed fifty percent of 19 the amount received from the third party as a result of 20

the claim made by the injured worker, his or her
dependents or personal representative, after payment of
attorney's fees and costs, if such exist.

24 (c) In the event that an injured worker, his or her dependents or personal representative makes a claim 2526 against a third party, there shall be, and there is hereby 27 created, a statutory subrogation lien upon such moneys $\mathbf{28}$ received which shall exist in favor of the commissioner $\mathbf{29}$ or self-insured employer. Any injured worker, his or her 30 dependents or personal representative who receives 31 moneys in settlement in any manner of a claim against 32 a third party shall remain subject to the subrogation 33 lien until payment in full of the amount permitted to be 34 subrogated under subsection (b) of this section is paid.

(d) The right of subrogation granted by the provisions
of this section shall not attach to any claim arising from
a right of action which arose or accrued, in whole or in
part, prior to the effective date of this article.

§23-2A-2. Study of subrogation.

The legislative joint committee on government and 1 finance is hereby instructed to undertake a review of the 2 applicability of expanded subrogation policies with 3 regard to the workers' compensation fund including, but 4 not limited to, an analysis of the cost incurred by the 5 fund or other governmental agencies, the effect of such 6 subrogation at various levels upon the generation of 7 revenues for the fund, and the equity or fairness of the 8 withholding of moneys, services or things of value from 9 injured workers as the result of such subrogation. Such 10 study shall be reflective of the views not only of the 11 commissioner, but also of claimants, claimants' counsel, 12 employers, and actuaries or others with unique or 13 special knowledge of subrogation programs in the area 14 of workers' compensation. 15

ARTICLE 3. WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND.

§23-3-1. Compensation fund; surplus fund; catastrophe and catastrophe payment defined; second injury and second injury reserve; compensation by employers.

1 (a) The commissioner shall establish a workers'

2 compensation fund from the premiums and other funds 3 paid thereto by employers, as herein provided, for the 4 benefit of employees of employers who have paid the 5 premiums applicable to such employers and have 6 otherwise complied fully with the provisions of section 7 five, article two of this chapter, and for the benefit, to 8 the extent elsewhere in this chapter set out, of employees 9 of employers who have elected, under section nine. 10 article two of this chapter, to make payments into the 11 surplus fund hereinafter provided for, and for the 12 benefit of the dependents of all such employees, and for 13 the payment of the administration expenses of this 14 chapter and shall promulgate legislative rules pursuant 15 to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code with respect to the 16 collection, maintenance and disbursement of such fund 17 not in conflict with the provisions of this chapter.

18 (b) A portion of all premiums that shall be paid into 19 the workers' compensation fund by subscribers not 20 electing to carry their own risk under section nine. 21 article two of this chapter, shall be set aside to create 22 and maintain a surplus fund to cover the catastrophe 23 hazard, the second injury hazard, and all losses not otherwise specifically provided for in this chapter. The 24 25percentage to be set aside shall be determined by the 26 commissioner as necessary to maintain a solvent surplus 27fund. All interest earned on investments by the workers' 28 compensation fund, which is attributable to the surplus 29 fund, shall be credited to the surplus fund.

30 (c) A catastrophe is hereby defined as an accident in 31 which three or more employees are killed or receive 32 injuries, which, in the case of each individual, consist of: 33 Loss of both eves or the sight thereof; or loss of both hands or the use thereof; or loss of both feet or the use 34 35 thereof: or loss of one hand and one foot or the use thereof. The aggregate of all medical and hospital bills 36 and other costs, and all benefits payable on account of 37 a catastrophe is hereby defined as "catastrophe pay-38 ment". In case of a catastrophe to the employees of an 39 employer who is an ordinary premium-paying sub-40 scriber to the fund, or to the employees of an employer 41

42 who, having elected to carry the employer's own risk 43 under section nine, article two of this chapter, has 44 heretofore elected, or may hereafter elect, to pay into the 45 catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund under the 46 provisions of that section, then the catastrophe payment 47 arising from such catastrophe shall not be charged 48 against, or paid by, such employer but shall be paid 49 from the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund.

50(d) (1) If an employee who has a definitely ascertai-51 nable physical impairment, caused by a previous injury. 52irrespective of its compensability, becomes permanently 53 and totally disabled through the combined effect of such 54 previous injury and a second injury received in the 55course of and as a result of his or her employment, the 56 employer shall be chargeable only for the compensation 57 payable for such second injury: Provided. That in 58 addition to such compensation, and after the completion 59of the payments therefor, the employee shall be paid the 60 remainder of the compensation that would be due for 61 permanent total disability out of a special reserve of the 62 surplus fund known as the second injury reserve. 63 created in the manner hereinbefore set forth.

64 (2) If an employee of an employer, where the em-65 plover has elected to carry his own risk under section nine, article two of this chapter, and is permitted not 66 to make payments into the second injury reserve of 67 surplus fund under the provisions of that section, has a 68 definitely ascertainable physical impairment caused by 69 a previous injury, irrespective of its compensability, and 70 71 becomes permanently and totally disabled from the combined effect of such previous injury and a second 72 injury received in the course of and as a result of his 73 or her employment, the employee shall be granted an 74 award of total permanent disability and his or her 75 employer shall, upon order of the commissioner, 76 77 compensate the said employee in the same manner as if the total permanent disability of the employee had 78 resulted from a single injury while in the employ of such 79 80 employer.

81

(e) Employers electing, as herein provided, to com-

[Ch. 12

82 pensate individually and directly their injured em-83 ployees and their fatally injured employees' dependents 84 shall do so in the manner prescribed by the commis-85 sioner, and shall make all reports and execute all 86 blanks, forms and papers as directed by the commis-87 sioner, and as provided in this chapter.

ARTICLE 4. DISABILITY AND DEATH BENEFITS.

- §23-4-1d. Method and time of payments for permanent disability.
- §23-4-3. Schedule of maximum disbursements for medical, surgical, dental and hospital treatment; legislative approval; guidelines; preferred provider agreements; charges in excess of scheduled amounts not to be made; required disclosure of financial interest in sale or rental of medically related mechanical appliances or devices; promulgation of rules to enforce requirement; consequences of failure to disclose; contract by employer with hospital, physician, etc., prohibited; criminal penalties for violation; payments to certain providers prohibited.
- §23-4-3a. Wrongfully seeking payment for services or supplies; criminal penalties.
- §23-4-3b. Creation of health care advisory panel.
- §23-4-3c. Suspension or termination of providers of health care.
- §23-4-6. Classification of disability benefits.
- §23-4-6d. Benefits payable to part-time employees.
- §23-4-7a. Monitoring of injury claims; legislative findings; review of medical evidence; recommendation of authorized treating physician; independent medical evaluations; temporary total disability benefits and the termination thereof; mandatory action; additional authority.
- §23-4-7b. Trial return to work.
- §23-4-8. Physical examination of claimant.
- §23-4-8c. Occupational pneumoconiosis board—Reports and distribution thereof; presumption; findings required of board; objection to findings; procedure thereon.
- §23-4-9. Physical and vocational rehabilitation.
- §23-4-14. Computation of benefits.
- §23-4-15b. Determination of nonmedical questions by commissioner; claims for occupational pneumoconiosis; hearing.
- §23-4-19. Wrongfully seeking compensation; criminal penalties; restitution.

§23-4-1d. Method and time of payments for permanent disability.

- 1 (a) If the commissioner makes an award for perman-
- 2 ent partial or permanent total disability, the commis-
- 3 sioner or self-insured employer shall start payment of
- 4 benefits by mailing or delivering the amount due
- 5 directly to the employee within fifteen days from the
- 6 date of the award.

7 (b) If a timely protest to the award is filed, as 8 provided in section one or section one-h, article five of 9 this chapter, the commissioner or self-insured employer 10 shall continue to pay to the claimant such benefits 11 during the period of such disability unless it is subse-12 quently found by the commissioner or administrative 13 law judge that the claimant was not entitled to receive the benefits, or any part thereof, so paid, in which event 14 15 the commissioner shall, where the employer is a 16 subscriber to the fund, credit said employer's account 17 with the amount of the overpayment; and, where the 18 employer has elected to carry the employer's own risk. 19 the commissioner shall refund to such employer the 20amount of the overpayment. The amounts so credited to 21 a subscriber or repaid to a self-insurer shall be charged 22 by the commissioner to the surplus fund created by 23section one, article three of this chapter. If the final 24 decision in any case determines that a claimant was not 25 lawfully entitled to benefits paid to him or her pursuant 26 to a prior decision, such amount of benefits so paid shall 27 be deemed overpaid. The commissioner may only recover such amount by withholding, in whole or in 28 29 part, as determined by the commissioner, future permanent partial disability benefits payable to the 30 31 individual in the same or other claims and credit such 32 amount against the overpayment until it is repaid in 33 full.

§23-4-3. Schedule of maximum disbursements for medical, surgical, dental and hospital treatment; legislative approval; guidelines; preferred provider agreements; charges in excess of scheduled amounts not to be made; required disclosure of financial interest in sale or rental of medically related mechanical appliances or devices; promulgation of rules to enforce requirement; consequences of failure to disclose; contract by employer with hospital, physician, etc., prohibited; criminal penalties for violation; payments to certain providers prohibited.

The commissioner shall establish and alter from time

¹

2 to time as he or she may determine to be appropriate 3 a schedule of the maximum reasonable amounts to be 4 paid to chiropractic physicians, medical physicians, osteopathic physicians, podiatrists, optometrists, voca-5 tional rehabilitation specialists, pharmacists, ophthal-6 7 mologists, and others practicing medicine and surgery, 8 surgeons, hospitals or other persons, firms or corpora-9 tions for the rendering of treatment to injured em-10 ployees under this chapter. The commissioner also, on 11 the first day of each regular session, and also from time 12 to time, as the commissioner may consider appropriate, shall submit the schedule, with any changes thereto, to 13 14 the Legislature. The promulgation of the schedule is not 15 subject to the legislative rule-making review procedures 16 established in sections eleven through fifteen, article 17 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

The commissioner shall disburse and pay from the
fund for such personal injuries to such employees as may
be entitled thereto hereunder as follows:

21 (a) Such sums for medicines, medical, surgical, 22 dental and hospital treatment, crutches, artificial limbs 23and such other and additional approved mechanical 24 appliances and devices as may be reasonably required. 25 The commissioner shall determine that which is reason-26 ably required within the meaning of this section in 27 accordance with the guidelines developed by the health 28 care advisory panel pursuant to section three-b of this 29 article: Provided, That nothing herein shall prevent the 30 implementation of guidelines applicable to a particular 31 type of treatment or service or to a particular type of 32 injury before guidelines have been developed for other 33 types of treatment or services or injuries: Provided, 34 however. That any guidelines for utilization review which are developed in addition to the guidelines 35 provided for in section three-b of this article may be 36 utilized by the commissioner until superseded by 37 guidelines developed by the health care advisory panel 38 pursuant to section three-b of this article. Each health 39 care provider who seeks to provide services or treatment **4**0 which are not within any such guideline shall submit to 41

42 the commissioner specific justification for the need for such additional services in the particular case and the commissioner shall have the justification reviewed by a health care professional before authorizing any such additional services. The commissioner is authorized to enter into preferred provider agreements.

48 (b) Payment for such medicine, medical, surgical, 49 dental and hospital treatment, crutches, artificial limbs 50 and such other and additional approved mechanical 51appliances and devices authorized under subdivision 52(a) hereof may be made to the injured employee, or to 53the person, firm or corporation who or which has 54rendered such treatment or furnished any of the items specified above, or who has advanced payment for same, 55 56 as the commissioner may deem proper, but no such 57payments or disbursements shall be made or awarded 58 by the commissioner unless duly verified statements on 59 forms prescribed by the commissioner shall be filed 60 with the commissioner within two years after the 61 cessation of such treatment or the delivery of such 62 appliances: Provided, That no payment hereunder shall 63 be made unless such verified statement shows no charge 64 for or with respect to such treatment or for or with 65 respect to any of the items specified above has been or 66 will be made against the injured employee or any other 67 person, firm or corporation, and when an employee 68 covered under the provisions of this chapter is injured in the course of and as a result of his or her employment 69 70 and is accepted for medical, surgical, dental or hospital treatment, the person, firm or corporation rendering 71 72 such treatment is hereby prohibited from making any charge or charges therefor or with respect thereto 73 against the injured employee or any other person, firm 74 or corporation which would result in a total charge for 75 76 the treatment rendered in excess of the maximum 77 amount set forth therefor in the commissioner's schedule 78 established as aforesaid.

(c) No chiropractic physician, medical physician,
osteopathic physician, podiatrist, or others practicing
medicine or surgery (collectively and individually

82 referred to hereinafter as "practitioner" or "practition-83 ers") shall refer his or her patients to the practitioner 84 himself or herself or to a supplier of mechanical 85 appliances or devices owned in whole or in part by the 86 practitioner, the practitioner's partnership or profes-87 sional corporation, or a member of the practitioner's 88 immediate family for the purchase or rental of any 89 mechanical appliances or devices which the practitioner 90 has prescribed or recommended to such patient except 91 upon the terms prescribed by this section. Examples of 92 mechanical appliances or devices are described as 93 follows, but these examples are described for illustrative 94 purposes only and are not intended to limit the range of items included by this phrase: Hearing aids; crutches; 95 96 artificial limbs: oxygen concentrators: TENS units. For 97 the purposes of this subsection, the term "practitioner" 98 shall include natural persons, partnerships, and profes-99 sional corporations.

100 (1) In order to avoid the bar of this subdivision (c). 101 a practitioner shall first disclose to his or her patient 102 the ownership interest of the practitioner, or of the 103 practitioner's partnership or professional corporation, or 104 of a member of the practitioner's immediate family in 105 the entity which would sell or rent the mechanical 106 appliance or device to the patient. If the practitioner 107 would sell or rent the mechanical appliance or device 108 as part of his or her practice and not as a separate legal 109 entity, the practitioner shall disclose this fact to the 110 patient. These disclosures must be delivered in writing 111 to the patient.

(2) The commissioner is authorized to promulgate 112 legislative rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of 113 this code for the enforcement and implementation of this 114 subdivision (c). The commissioner may include in those 115 rules a requirement that the written notice disclose to 116 the patient that he or she is free to use any lawful 117 supplier of the mechanical appliance or device pres-118 cribed or recommended and that other suppliers may 119 offer the mechanical appliance or device for less cost but 120 of equal or better quality elsewhere and that the patient 121 is encouraged to comparison shop. The commissioner's 122

123 rule may also provide for a differing level of reimbur-124 sement to the supplier if the supplier is the practitioner 125 himself or herself or if the supplier is owned in whole 126 or in part by the practitioner, the practitioner's 127 partnership or professional corporation, or a member of 128 the practitioner's immediate family as compared to the 129 reimbursement of a supplier who is wholly independent 130 from the practitioner.

131 (3) Failure by a practitioner to comply with the 132 provisions of this subdivision (c) shall cause the 133 practitioner to forfeit his, her, or its right to reimbur-134 sement for the services rendered by the practitioner to 135the patient and, if any such services have previously 136 been reimbursed, the commissioner shall either seek 137 recovery of such funds by any lawful means or by 138 deducting such amounts from future payments to the 139 practitioner on account of services rendered to the same patient or to other claimants of the workers' compensa-140 141 tion fund. In addition, failure by a practitioner to 142 comply with the provisions of this subdivision (c) shall 143 also result in the denial of payment to the supplier of 144 the mechanical appliance or device if that supplier is 145 one which is owned in whole or in part by the practi-146 tioner, the practitioner's partnership or professional 147 corporation, or a member of the practitioner's imme-148 diate family. If such supplier has already been reim-149 bursed for the cost of the pertinent mechanical ap-150 pliance or device, then the commissioner shall either 151 seek recovery of such funds by any lawful means or by 152 deducting such amounts from future payments to the 153 supplier on account of goods delivered to the same 154 patient or to other claimants of the workers' compensa-155 tion fund.

156 (d) No employer shall enter into any contracts with any hospital, its physicians, officers, agents or employees 157 to render medical, dental or hospital service or to give 158 medical or surgical attention therein to any employee 159 for injury compensable within the purview of this 160 chapter, and no employer shall permit or require any 161 employee to contribute, directly or indirectly, to any 162 fund for the payment of such medical, surgical, dental 163

1 575 560

164 or hospital service within such hospital for such 165 compensable injury. Any employer violating this section 166 shall be liable in damages to the employer's employees 167 as provided in section eight, article two of this chapter. 168 and any employer or hospital or agent or employee 169 thereof violating the provisions of this section shall be 170 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 171 shall be punished by a fine not less than one hundred 172dollars nor more than one thousand dollars or by 173 imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both: Provided, 174 That the foregoing provisions of this subdivision (d) shall 175not be deemed to prohibit an employer from participat-176 ing in a preferred provider organization or program or 177 a health maintenance organization or other medical cost containment relationship with the providers of medical. 178 179 hospital or other health care: Provided, however, That 180 nothing in this section shall be deemed to restrict the 181 right of a claimant to select a health care provider for 182 treatment of a compensable injury or disease.

183 (e) When an injury has been reported to the commis-184 sioner by the employer without protest, the commis-185 sioner may pay, or order an employer who or which 186 made the election and who or which received the 187 permission mentioned in section nine, article two of this 188 chapter to pay, within the maximum amount provided 189 by schedule established by the commissioner as aforesaid, bills for medical or hospital services without 190 191 requiring the injured employee to file an application for 192 benefits.

(f) The commissioner shall provide for the replace-193 ment of artificial limbs, crutches, hearing aids, eye-194 glasses and all other mechanical appliances provided in 195 accordance with this section which later wear out. or 196 which later need to be refitted because of the progres-197 sion of the injury which caused the same to be originally 198 furnished, or which are broken in the course of and as 199 a result of the employee's employment. The fund or self-200 insured employer shall pay for these devices, when 201 needed, notwithstanding any time limits provided by 202 203 law.

204 (g) No payment shall be made to a health care

205 provider who is suspended or terminated under the
206 terms of section three-c of this article except as provided
207 in subsection (c) of said section.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the commissioner
may establish fee schedules, make payments and take
other actions required or allowed pursuant to article
twenty-nine-d, chapter sixteen of this code.

§23-4-3a. Wrongfully seeking payment for services or supplies; criminal penalties.

1 (a) If any person who is a health care provider shall 2 knowingly, and with intent to defraud, secure or 3 attempt to secure payment from the workers' compen-4 sation fund for services or supplies when such person is 5 not entitled to such payment or is entitled to some lesser 6 amount of payment, such person shall be guilty of a $\overline{7}$ misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 8 fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned 9 in the county jail not more than twelve months, or both 10 fined and imprisoned.

11 (b) Any person who is a health care provider who 12 fails, in violation of subsection (e), section three-c of this 13 article, to post a notice, in the form required by the 14 commissioner, in the provider's public waiting area that 15 the provider cannot accept any patient whose treatment 16 or other services or supplies would ordinarily be paid 17 for from the workers' compensation fund unless such patient consents, in writing, prior to the provision of 18 19 such treatment or other services or supplies, to make 20payment for that treatment or other services or supplies 21 himself or herself, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, 22 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined one thousand 23 dollars.

24 (c) Any person who is a health care provider, who is suspended or terminated under section three-c of this 25 article and, who intentionally attempts to collect any 26 sum of money from an injured employee who was not, 27 prior to the provision of any treatment or other services 28 or supplies, provided with the notice required by 29 subsection (c), section three-c of this article, shall be 30 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, 31

Ch. 12]

shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or
imprisoned in the county jail not more than twelve
months, or both fined and imprisoned.

35 (d) For the purposes of this section, the term "person who is a health care provider" shall mean any person 36 37 who has rendered, or who represents that he has 38 rendered, any treatment to an injured employee under 39 this chapter, or any person who has supplied, or who 40 represents that he has supplied, any medication or any 41 crutches, artificial limbs and other mechanical applian-42 ces and devices for such injured employee. The term 43 shall include, but not be limited to, persons practicing 44 medicine and surgery, podiatry, dentistry, nursing, 45 pharmacy, optometry, osteopathic medicine and 46 surgery, chiropractic, physical therapy, psychology, radiologic technology, occupational therapy or voca-47 48 tional rehabilitation, and shall also include hospitals, 49 professional corporations, and other corporations, firms 50 and business entities.

(e) Any person convicted under the provisions of this
section shall, from and after such conviction, be barred
from providing future services or supplies to injured
employees under this chapter and shall cease to receive
payment for such services or supplies.

§23-4-3b. Creation of health care advisory panel.

meaning of section three of this article.

1 The commissioner shall establish a health care advisory panel consisting of representatives of the 2 3 various branches and specialties among health care 4 providers in this state. There shall be a minimum of five 5 members of the health care advisory panel who shall receive reasonable compensation for their services and 6 7 reimbursement for reasonable actual expenses. Each member of this panel shall be provided appropriate 8 professional or other liability insurance, without 9 additional premium, by the state board of risk and 10 insurance management created pursuant to article 11 twelve, chapter twenty-nine of this code. The panel shall: 12 (a) Establish guidelines for the health care which is 13 reasonably required for the treatment of the various 14 types of injuries and occupational diseases within the 15

16

(b) Establish protocols and procedures for the performance of examinations or evaluations performed by
physicians or medical examiners pursuant to sections
seven-a and eight of this article.

(c) Assist the commissioner in establishing guidelines
for the evaluation of the care provided by health care
providers to injured employees for purposes of section
three-c of this article.

(d) Assist the commissioner in establishing guidelines
as to the anticipated period of disability for the various
types of injuries pursuant to subsection (b), section
seven-a of this article.

(e) Assist the commissioner in establishing appropriate professional review of requests by health care
providers to exceed the guidelines for treatment of
injuries and occupational diseases established pursuant
to subsection (a) of this section.

§23-4-3c. Suspension or termination of providers of health care.

1 (a) The commissioner may suspend for up to one year 2 or terminate the right of any health care provider, 3 including a provider of rehabilitation services within the 4 meaning of section nine of this article, to obtain payment 5 for services rendered to injured employees if the 6 commissioner finds that the health care provider is 7 regularly providing excessive, medically unreasonable 8 or unethical care to injured employees or if the 9 commissioner finds that a health care provider is 10 attempting to make any charge or charges against the 11 injured employee or any other person, firm or corpora-12 tion which would result in a total charge for any 13 treatment rendered in excess of the maximum amount 14 set by the commissioner, in violation of section three of 15 this article. The commissioner shall consult with 16 medical experts, including the health care advisory 17 panel established pursuant to section three-b of this 18 article, for purposes of determining whether a health care provider should be suspended or terminated 19 20pursuant to this section.

21 (b) Upon the commissioner determining that there is 22 probable cause to believe that a health care provider should be suspended or terminated pursuant to this 23 24 section, the commissioner shall provide such health care 25provider with written notice which shall state the nature 26 of the charges against the health care provider and the 27 time and place at which such health care provider shall 28 appear to show cause why the health care provider's 29 right to receive payment under this chapter should not 30 be suspended or terminated, at which time and place 31 such health care provider shall be afforded an opportun-32 ity to review the commissioner's evidence and to cross-33 examine the commissioner's witnesses and also afforded 34 the opportunity to present testimony and enter evidence 35 in support of its position. The hearing shall be conducted 36 in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter 37 twenty-nine-a of this code. The hearing may be con-38 ducted by the commissioner or a hearing officer 39 appointed by the commissioner. The commissioner or hearing officer shall have the power to subpoena 40 witnesses, papers, records, documents and other data 41 42 and things in connection with the proceeding hereunder and to administer oaths or affirmations in any such 43 44 hearing. If, after reviewing the record of such hearing, 45 the commissioner determines that the right of such 46 health care provider to obtain payment under this article should be suspended for a specified period of 47 time or should be terminated, the commissioner shall 48 issue a final order suspending or terminating the right 49 50 of such health care provider to obtain payment for services under this article. Any health care provider so 51 suspended or terminated shall be notified in writing and 52 the notice shall specify the reasons for the action so 53 taken. Any appeal by the health care provider shall be 54 brought in the circuit court of Kanawha County or in 55 the county in which the provider's principal place of 56 business is located. The scope of the court's review of 57 such an appeal shall be as provided in section four. 58 article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The 59 provider may be suspended or terminated, based upon 60 the final order of the commissioner, pending final 61 disposition of any appeal. Such final order may be 62

i

stayed by the circuit court after hearing, but shall not
be stayed in or as a result of any ex parte proceeding.
If the health care provider does not appeal the final
order of the commissioner within thirty days, it shall be
final.

68 (c) No payment shall be made to a health care 69 provider or to an injured employee for services provided 70 by a health care provider after the effective date of a 71 commissioner's final order terminating or suspending 72 the health care provider: Provided, That nothing herein 73shall prohibit payment by the commissioner or self-74 insured employer to a suspended or terminated health 75 care provider for medical services rendered where the 76 medical services were rendered to an injured employee 77 in an emergency situation. The suspended or terminated 78 provider is prohibited from making any charge or 79 charges for any services so provided against the injured 80 employee unless the injured employee, before any 81 services are rendered, is given notice by the provider in 82 writing that the provider does not participate in the 83 workers' compensation program and that the injured 84 employee will be solely responsible for all payments to 85 the provider, and unless the injured employee also signs 86 a written consent, before any services are rendered, to 87 make payment directly and to waive any right to 88 reimbursement from the commissioner or the self-89 insured employer. The written consent and waiver 90 signed by the injured employee shall be filed by the 91 provider with the commissioner and shall be made a 92 part of the claim file.

93 (d) The commissioner shall notify each claimant. 94 whose duly authorized treating physician or other health 95 care provider has been suspended or terminated 96 pursuant to this section, of the suspension or termination 97 of the provider's rights to obtain payment under this 98 chapter and shall assist the claimant in arranging for transfer of his or her care to another physician or 99 100 provider.

(e) Each suspended or terminated provider shall postin the provider's public waiting area or areas a written

1700 WORKERS' COMPENSATION [Ch. 12

103 notice, in the form required by the commissioner, of the 104 suspension or termination of the provider's rights to

105 obtain payment under this chapter.

(f) A suspended or terminated provider may apply for
reinstatement at the end of the term of suspension or,
if terminated, after one year from the effective date of
termination.

(g) The commissioner shall promulgate legislative
rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for
the purpose of implementing this section.

§23-4-6. Classification of disability benefits.

1 Where compensation is due an employee under the 2 provisions of this chapter for personal injury, such 3 compensation shall be as provided in the following 4 schedule:

5 (a) The expressions "average weekly wage earnings. 6 wherever earned, of the injured employee, at the date of injury" and "average weekly wage in West Virginia". 7 8 as used in this chapter, shall have the meaning and shall 9 be computed as set forth in section fourteen of this 10 article except for the purpose of computing temporary 11 total disability benefits for part-time employees pursu-12 ant to the provisions of section six-d of this article.

(b) If the injury causes temporary total disability, the 13 14 employee shall receive during the continuance thereof 15 weekly benefits as follows: A maximum weekly benefit 16 to be computed on the basis of seventy percent of the 17 average weekly wage earnings, wherever earned, of the 18 injured employee, at the date of injury, not to exceed the 19 percentage of the average weekly wage in West Virgi-20 nia, as follows: On or after July one, one thousand nine 21 hundred sixty-nine, forty-five percent; on or after July 22 one, one thousand nine hundred seventy, fifty percent; 23 on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventyone, fifty-five percent; on or after July one, one thousand 24 nine hundred seventy-three, sixty percent; on or after 25July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four. 26eighty percent; on or after July one, one thousand nine 27 hundred seventy-five, one hundred percent. 28

29 The minimum weekly benefits paid hereunder shall 30 not be less than twenty-six dollars per week for injuries 31 occurring on or after July one, one thousand nine 32 hundred sixty-nine: not less than thirty-five dollars per 33 week for injuries occurring on or after July one, one 34 thousand nine hundred seventy-one: not less than forty 35dollars per week for injuries occurring on or after July 36 one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-three: not less 37 than forty-five dollars per week for injuries occurring 38 on or after July one. one thousand nine hundred seventy-39 four; and for injuries occurring on or after July one, one 40 thousand nine hundred seventy-six, thirty-three and one-41 third percent of the average weekly wage in West 42 Virginia, except as provided in section six-d of this 43 article.

44 (c) Subdivision (b) shall be limited as follows: Aggre45 gate award for a single injury causing temporary
46 disability shall be for a period not exceeding two
47 hundred eight weeks.

48 (d) If the injury causes permanent total disability. 49 benefits shall be payable during the remainder of life 50 at the maximum or minimum weekly benefits as 51 provided in subdivision (b) of this section for temporary 52total disability. A permanent disability of eighty-five 53percent or more shall be deemed a permanent total 54 disability for the purpose of this section. Under no 55 circumstances shall the commissioner grant an addi-56 tional permanent disability award to a claimant 57 receiving a permanent total disability award, or to a 58 claimant who has previously been granted permanent 59 disability awards totaling eighty-five percent or more 60 and hence is entitled to a permanent total disability 61 award: Provided. That if any such claimant thereafter 62 sustains another compensable injury and has permanent 63 partial disability resulting therefrom, the total perman-64 ent disability award benefit rate shall be computed at 65 the highest benefit rate justified by any of the compen-66 sable injuries, and the cost of any increase in such 67 permanent total disability benefit rate shall be paid from the second injury reserve created by section one, 68 **69** article three of this chapter.

1701

70 (e) If the injury causes permanent disability less than 71 permanent total disability, the percentage of disability 72 to total disability shall be determined and the award 73 computed on the basis of four weeks' compensation for 74 each percent of disability determined, at the following maximum or minimum benefit rates: Seventy percent 75 76 of the average weekly wage earnings, wherever earned, 77 of the injured employee, at the date of injury, not to exceed the percentage of the average weekly wage in 78 West Virginia, as follows: On or after July one, one 79 80 thousand nine hundred sixty-nine. forty-five percent: on 81 or after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy. 82 fifty percent; on or after July one, one thousand nine 83 hundred seventy-one, fifty-five percent; on or after July 84 one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-three, sixty 85 percent; on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred 86 seventy-five, sixty-six and two-thirds percent.

87 The minimum weekly benefit under this subdivision
88 shall be as provided in subdivision (b) of this section for
89 temporary total disability.

90 (f) If the injury results in the total loss by severance 91 of any of the members named in this subdivision, the 92 percentage of disability shall be determined by the 93 commissioner, with the following table establishing the 94 minimum percentage of disability. In determining the 95 percentage of disability, the commissioner may be guided by, but shall not be limited to, the disabilities 96 enumerated in the following table, and in no event shall 97 the disability be less than that specified in the following 98 99 table:

100 The loss of a great toe shall be considered a ten 101 percent disability.

102 The loss of a great toe (one phalanx) shall be 103 considered a five percent disability.

104 The loss of other toes shall be considered a four 105 percent disability.

106 The loss of other toes (one phalanx) shall be consi-107 dered a two percent disability.

108 The loss of all toes shall be considered a twenty-five 109 percent disability.

Ch. 1	2] WORKERS' COMPENSATION 1703
110 111	The loss of forepart of foot shall be considered a thirty percent disability.
112 113	The loss of a foot shall be considered a thirty-five percent disability.
114 115	The loss of a leg shall be considered a forty-five percent disability.
116 117	The loss of thigh shall be considered a fifty percent disability.
118 119	The loss of thigh at hip joint shall be considered a sixty percent disability.
120	The loss of a little or fourth finger (one phalanx) shall
121	be considered a three percent disability.
122	The loss of a little or fourth finger shall be considered
123	a five percent disability.
124	The loss of ring or third finger (one phalanx) shall be
125	considered a three percent disability.
126 127	The loss of ring or third finger shall be considered a five percent disability.
128	The loss of middle or second finger (one phalanx) shall
129	be considered a three percent disability.
130	The loss of middle or second finger shall be considered
131	a seven percent disability.
132	The loss of index or first finger (one phalanx) shall
133	be considered a six percent disability.
134	The loss of index or first finger shall be considered
135	a ten percent disability.
136	The loss of thumb (one phalanx) shall be considered
137	a twelve percent disability.
138 139	The loss of thumb shall be considered a twenty percent disability.
140	The loss of thumb and index finger shall be consi-
141	dered a thirty-two percent disability.
142	The loss of index and middle finger shall be consi-
143	dered a twenty percent disability.

1704	Workers' Compensation [Ch. 12
144	The loss of middle and ring finger shall be considered
145	a fifteen percent disability.
146	The loss of ring and little finger shall be considered
147	a ten percent disability.
148 149	The loss of thumb, index and middle finger shall be considered a forty percent disability.
150 151	The loss of index, middle and ring finger shall be considered a thirty percent disability.
152 153	The loss of middle, ring and little finger shall be considered a twenty percent disability.
154	The loss of four fingers shall be considered a thirty-
155	two percent disability.
156 157	The loss of hand shall be considered a fifty percent disability.
158 159	The loss of forearm shall be considered a fifty-five percent disability.
160 161	The loss of arm shall be considered a sixty percent disability.
162	The total and irrecoverable loss of the sight of one eye
163	shall be considered a thirty-three percent disability. For
164	the partial loss of vision in one, or both eyes, the
165	percentages of disability shall be determined by the
166	commissioner, using as a basis the total loss of one eye.
167	The total and irrecoverable loss of the hearing of one
168	ear shall be considered a twenty-two and one-half
169	percent disability. The total and irrecoverable loss of
170	hearing of both ears shall be considered a fifty-five
171	percent disability.
172	For the partial loss of hearing in one, or both ears,
173	the percentage of disability shall be determined by the
174	commissioner, using as a basis the total loss of hearing
175	in both ears.
176	Should a claimant sustain a compensable injury
177	which results in the total loss by severance of any of the
178	bodily members named in this subdivision, die from
179	sickness or noncompensable injury before the commis-

2

180 sioner makes the proper award for such injury, the 181 commissioner shall make such award to claimant's 182 dependents as defined in this chapter, if any; such 183 payment to be made in the same installments that would 184 have been paid to claimant if living: Provided, That no 185payment shall be made to any surviving spouse of such claimant after his or her remarriage, and that this 186 187 liability shall not accrue to the estate of such claimant 188 and shall not be subject to any debts of, or charges 189 against, such estate.

190 (g) Should a claimant to whom has been made a 191 permanent partial award of from one percent to eighty-192four percent, both inclusive, die from sickness or 193noncompensable injury, the unpaid balance of such 194 award shall be paid to claimant's dependents as defined 195in this chapter, if any; such payment to be made in the 196 same installments that would have been paid to clai-197 mant if living: Provided, That no payment shall be made 198 to any surviving spouse of such claimant after his or her 199 remarriage, and that this liability shall not accrue to the 200estate of such claimant and shall not be subject to any 201 debts of, or charges against, such estate.

(h) For the purposes of this chapter, a finding of the
occupational pneumoconiosis board shall have the force
and effect of an award.

(i) The award for permanent disabilities intermediate
to those fixed by the foregoing schedule and permanent
disability of from one percent to eighty-four percent
shall be the same proportion and shall be computed and
allowed by the commissioner.

210 (i) The percentage of all permanent disabilities other 211 than those enumerated in subdivision (f) of this section 212 shall be determined by the commissioner, and awards made in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 213 (d) or (e) of this section. Where there has been an injury 214to a member as distinguished from total loss by 215severance of that member, the commissioner in deter-216 mining the percentage of disability may be guided by 217 but shall not be limited to the disabilities enumerated 218 in subdivision (f) of this section. 219

(k) Compensation payable under any subdivision of
this section shall not exceed the maximum nor be less
than the weekly benefits specified in subdivision (b) of
this section.

224 (1) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, temporary total disability benefits payable 225under subdivision (b) of this section shall not be 226 deductible from permanent partial disability awards 227 payable under subdivision (e) or (f) of this section. 228 229 Compensation, either temporary total or permanent 230 partial, under this section shall be payable only to the injured employee and the right thereto shall not vest in 231 232 his or her estate, except that any unpaid compensation 233 which would have been paid or payable to the employee 234 up to the time of his or her death, if he or she had lived, shall be paid to the dependents of such injured employee 235 236 if there be such dependents at the time of death.

237 (m) The following permanent disabilities shall be 238 conclusively presumed to be total in character:

239 Loss of both eyes or the sight thereof.

240 Loss of both hands or the use thereof.

241 Loss of both feet or the use thereof.

242 Loss of one hand and one foot or the use thereof.

In all other cases permanent disability shall be determined by the commissioner in accordance with the facts in the case, and award made in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (d) or (e).

(n) A disability which renders the injured employee
unable to engage in substantial gainful activity requiring skills or abilities comparable to those of any gainful
activity in which he or she has previously engaged with
some regularity and over a substantial period of time
shall be considered in determining the issue of total
disability.

§23-4-6d. Benefits payable to part-time employees.

1 (a) For purposes of this section, a part-time employee

2 means an employee who, at the date of injury, is 3 customarily employed twenty-five hours per week or less on a regular basis and is classified by the employer as 4 5 a part-time employee: Provided, That the term "part-6 time employee" shall not include an employee who 7 regularly works more than twenty-five hours per week 8 for the employer, nor shall it include an employee who regularly works for more than one employer and whose 9 10 regular combined working hours total more than twenty-five hours per week when that employee is 11 12 rendered unable to perform the duties of all such 13 employment as a result of the injury, nor shall it include 14 any employee in the construction industry who works 15 less than twenty-five hours per week.

16 (b) For purposes of establishing temporary total 17 disability weekly benefits pursuant to subdivision (b). 18 section six of this article for part-time employees, the 19 "average weekly wage earnings, wherever earned, of the 20 injured person, at the date of injury", shall be computed 21 based upon the average gross pay, wherever earned, 22 which is received by the employee during the two 23 months, six months or twelve months immediately preceding the date of the injury, whichever is most 24 25favorable to the injured employee: Provided, That for part-time employees who have been employed less than 26 27 two months but more than one week prior to the date of injury, the average weekly wage earnings shall be 28 29 calculated based upon the average gross earnings in the weeks actually worked: Provided, however, That for 30 31 part-time employees who have been employed one week 32 or less, the average weekly wage earnings shall be calculated based upon the average weekly wage prevail-33 ing for the same or similar part-time employment at the 34 time of injury except that when an employer has agreed 35 to pay a certain hourly wage to such part-time employee, 36 the average weekly wage shall be computed by multip-37 38 lying such hourly wage by the regular numbers of hours contracted to be worked each week: Provided further. 39 That notwithstanding any provision of this article to the 40 contrary, no part-time employee shall receive temporary 41 total disability benefits greater than his or her average 42 weekly wage earnings as so calculated. 43

(c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this
article to the contrary, benefits payable to a part-time
injured employee for any permanent disability shall be
computed and paid on the same basis as if the injured
employee is not a part-time employee within the
meaning of this section.

§23-4-7a. Monitoring of injury claims; legislative findings; review of medical evidence; recommendation of authorized treating physician; independent medical evaluations; temporary total disability benefits and the termination thereof; mandatory action; additional authority.

(a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that 1 2 injured claimants should receive the type of treatment needed as promptly as possible; that overpayments of 3 temporary total disability benefits with the resultant 4 5 hardship created by the requirement of repayment 6 should be minimized: and that to achieve these two 7 objectives, it is essential that the commissioner establish 8 and operate a systematic program for the monitoring of 9 injury claims where the disability continues longer than 10 might ordinarily be expected.

11 (b) In view of the foregoing findings, the commis-12 sioner, in consultation with medical experts, shall establish guidelines as to the anticipated period of 13 disability for the various types of injuries. Each injury 14 15 claim in which temporary total disability continues beyond the anticipated period of disability so established 16 17 for the injury involved shall be reviewed by the commissioner. If satisfied, after reviewing the medical 18 evidence, that the claimant would not benefit by an 19 independent medical evaluation, the commissioner shall 20 mark the claim file accordingly and shall diary such 21 claim file as to the next date for required review which 22 shall not exceed sixty days. If the commissioner 23 concludes that the claimant might benefit by an 24 independent medical evaluation, he or she shall proceed 25 as specified in subsections (d) and (e) of this section. 26

27 (c) When the authorized treating physician concludes

28 that the claimant has either reached his or her maxi-29 mum degree of improvement or is ready for disability 30 evaluation, or when the claimant has returned to work. 31 such authorized treating physician may recommend a 32 permanent partial disability award for residual impair-33 ment relating to and resulting from the compensable 34 injury, and the following provisions shall govern and 35 control:

36 (1) If the authorized treating physician recommends 37 a permanent partial disability award of fifteen percent 38 or less, the commissioner shall enter an award of 39 permanent partial disability benefits based upon such 40 recommendation and all other available information. 41 and the claimant's entitlement to temporary total 42 disability benefits shall cease upon the entry of such 43 award unless previously terminated under the provi-44 sions of subsection (e) of this section.

45 (2) If, however, the authorized treating physician 46 recommends a permanent partial disability award in 47 excess of fifteen percent, or recommends a permanent 48 total disability award, the claimant's entitlement to temporary total disability benefits shall cease upon the 49 receipt by the commissioner of such report and the 5051 commissioner shall refer the claimant to a physician or physicians of the commissioner's selection for independ-5253 ent evaluation prior to the entry of a permanent 54 disability award: Provided. That the claimant shall thereupon receive benefits which shall then be at the 55 permanent partial disability rate as provided in 56 subdivision (e), section six of this article until the entry 57 of a permanent disability award, and which amount of 58 59 such benefits paid prior to the receipt of such report 60 shall be considered and deemed to be payment of the permanent disability award then granted, if any. In the 61 event that benefits actually paid exceed the amount 62 granted by the permanent partial disability award, 63 claimant shall be entitled to no further benefits by such 64 award but shall not be liable by offset or otherwise for 65 66 the excess paid.

67 (d) When the commissioner concludes that an inde-68 pendent medical evaluation is indicated, or that a 69 claimant may be ready for disability evaluation in 70 accordance with other provisions of this chapter, the 71 commissioner shall refer the claimant to a physician or 72 physicians of the commissioner's selection for examina-73 tion and evaluation. If the physician or physicians so 74 selected recommend continued, additional or different 75 treatment, the recommendation shall be relayed to the 76 claimant and the claimant's then treating physician and 77 the recommended treatment may be authorized by the 78 commissioner.

(e) Notwithstanding any provision in subsection (c) of
this section, the commissioner shall enter a notice
suspending the payment of temporary total disability
benefits but providing a reasonable period of time
during which the claimant may submit evidence
justifying the continued payment of temporary total
disability benefits when:

86 (1) The physician or physicians selected by the
87 . commissioner conclude that the claimant has reached
88 his or her maximum degree of improvement; or

89 (2) When the authorized treating physician shall 90 advise the commissioner that the claimant has reached 91 his or her maximum degree of improvement or that he 92 or she is ready for disability evaluation and when the 93 authorized treating physician has not made any recom-94 mendation with respect to a permanent disability award 95 as provided in subsection (c) of this section; or

96 (3) When other evidence submitted to the commissioner justifies a finding that the claimant has reached 97 his or her maximum degree of improvement: Provided. 98 99 That in all cases a finding by the commissioner that the 100 claimant has reached his or her maximum degree of improvement shall terminate the claimant's entitlement 101 to temporary total disability benefits regardless of 102 whether the claimant has been released to return to 103 work: Provided, however, That under no circumstances 104 shall a claimant be entitled to receive temporary total 105 disability benefits either beyond the date the claimant 106 is released to return to work or beyond the date he or 107 she actually returns to work. 108

109 In the event that the medical or other evidence 110 indicates that claimant has a permanent disability. 111 claimant shall thereupon receive benefits which shall 112then be at the permanent partial disability rate as 113 provided in subdivision (e), section six of this article 114 until entry of a permanent disability award, pursuant 115 to an evaluation by a physician or physicians selected 116 by the commissioner, and which amount of benefits shall 117 be considered and deemed to be payment of the 118 permanent disability award then granted, if any. In the 119 event that benefits actually paid exceed the amount 120 granted under the permanent disability award, clai-121 mant shall be entitled to no further benefits by such 122 order but shall not be liable by offset or otherwise for 123 the excess paid.

124 (f) Notwithstanding the anticipated period of disabil-125ity established pursuant to the provisions of subsection 126 (b) of this section, whenever in any claim temporary 127 total disability shall continue longer than one hundred twenty days from the date of injury (or from the date 128129 of the last preceding examination and evaluation 130 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection or pursuant 131 to the directions of the commissioner under other 132 provisions of this chapter), the commissioner shall refer 133 the claimant to a physician or physicians of the 134 commissioner's selection for examination and evaluation 135in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of 136 this section and the provisions of subsection (e) of this 137 section shall be fully applicable: Provided, That the 138 requirement of mandatory examinations and evalua-139 tions pursuant to the provisions of this subsection (f) 140 shall not apply to any claimant who sustained a brain 141 stem or spinal cord injury with resultant paralysis or 142 an injury which resulted in an amputation necessitating 143 a prosthetic appliance.

(g) The provisions of this section are in addition to
and in no way in derogation of the power and authority
vested in the commissioner by other provisions of this
chapter or vested in the employer to have a claimant
examined by a physician or physicians of the employer's
selection and at the employer's expense, or vested in the

claimant or employer to file a protest, under otherprovisions of this chapter.

(h) All evaluations and examinations performed by
physicians shall be performed in accordance with the
protocols and procedures established by the health care
advisory panel pursuant to section three-b of this article: *Provided*, That the physician may exceed these protocols
when additional evaluation is medically necessary.

§23-4-7b. Trial return to work.

1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that it 2 is in the interest of employees, employers and the 3 commissioner that injured employees be encouraged to 4 return to work as quickly as possible after an injury and 5 that appropriate protections be afforded to injured 6 employees who return to work on a trial basis.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 7 chapter to the contrary, the injured employee shall not 8 9 have his or her eligibility to receive temporary total 10 disability benefits terminated when he or she returns to 11 work on a trial basis as set forth herein. An employee 12 shall be eligible to return to work on a trial basis when 13 he or she is released to work on a trial basis by the 14 treating physician.

15 (c) When an injured employee returns to work on a 16 trial basis, the employer shall provide a trial return to 17 work notification to the commissioner. Upon receipt 18 thereof, the commissioner shall note the date of the first 19 day of work pursuant to the trial return and shall 20 continue the claimant's eligibility for temporary total disability benefits, but shall temporarily suspend the 21 22 payment of temporary total disability benefits during 23 the period actually worked by the injured employee. The 24 claim shall be closed on a temporary total disability basis either when the injured employee or the autho-25rized treating physician notifies the commissioner that 26 the injured employee is able to perform his or her job 27 or automatically at the end of a period of three months 28 from the date of the first day of work unless the 29 employee notifies the commissioner that he or she is 30 unable to perform the duties of the job, whichever 31

32 occurs first. If the injured employee is unable to 33 continue working due to the compensable injury for a 34 three month period, the injured employee shall notify 35 the commissioner and temporary total disability benefits 36 shall be reinstated immediately and he or she shall be 37 referred for a rehabilitation evaluation as provided in 38 section nine of this article. No provision of this section 39 shall be construed to prohibit the commissioner from 40 referring the injured employee for any permanent 41 disability evaluation required or permitted by any other 42 provision of this article.

(d) Nothing in this section shall prevent the employee
from returning to work without a trial return to work
period.

46 (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to
47 require an injured employee to return to work on a trial
48 basis.

(f) The provisions of this section shall be terminated
and be of no further force and effect on the first day
of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four.

§23-4-8. Physical examination of claimant.

1 The commissioner shall have authority, after due 2 notice to the employer and claimant, whenever in the 3 commissioner's opinion it shall be necessary, to order a claimant of compensation for a personal injury other 4 5 than occupational pneumoconiosis to appear for examination before a medical examiner or examiners selected 6 7 by the commissioner; and the claimant and employer, respectively, shall each have the right to select a 8 physician of the claimant's or the employer's own 9 10 choosing and at the claimant's or the employer's own expense to participate in such examination. All such 11 examinations shall be performed in accordance with the 12 13 protocols and procedures established by the health care advisory panel pursuant to section three-b of this article: 14 15 *Provided.* That the physician may exceed these protocols when additional evaluation is medically necessary. The 16 claimant and employer shall, respectively, be furnished 17 with a copy of the report of examination made by the 18 medical examiner or examiners selected by the commis-19

20 sioner. The respective physicians selected by the 21 claimant and employer shall have the right to concur in 22 any report made by the medical examiner or examiners selected by the commissioner, or each may file with the 23 commissioner a separate report, which separate report 24 25shall be considered by the commissioner in passing upon 26 the claim. If the compensation claimed is for occupa-27 tional pneumoconiosis, the commissioner shall have the 28 power, after due notice to the employer, and whenever 29 in the commissioner's opinion it shall be necessary, to 30 order a claimant to appear for examination before the 31 occupational pneumoconiosis board hereinafter provided. In any case the claimant shall be entitled to 32 reimbursement for loss of wages, and to reasonable 33 traveling and other expenses necessarily incurred by 34 35 him or her in obeving such order.

36 Where the claimant is required to undergo a medical examination or examinations by a physician or physi-37 38 cians selected by the employer, as aforesaid or in connection with any claim which is in litigation. the 39 employer shall reimburse the claimant for loss of wages. **40** and reasonable traveling and other expenses in connec-41 tion with such examination or examinations, not to 42 exceed the expenses paid when a claimant is examined 43 by a physician or physicians selected by the commis-44 45 sioner.

§23-4-8c. Occupational pneumoconiosis board—Reports and distribution thereof; presumption; findings required of board; objection to findings; procedure thereon.

(a) The occupational pneumoconiosis board, as soon as 1 practicable, after it has completed its investigation, 2 shall make its written report, to the commissioner, of its 3 findings and conclusions on every medical question in 4 controversy, and the commissioner shall send one copy 5 thereof to the employee or claimant and one copy to the 6 employer, and the board shall also return to and file 7 with the commissioner all the evidence as well as all 8 statements under oath, if any, of the persons who appear 9 before it on behalf of the employee or claimant, or 10 employer and also all medical reports and X-ray 11

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Ch. 12]

examinations produced by or on behalf of the employeeor claimant, or employer.

14 (b) If it can be shown that the claimant or deceased 15 employee has been exposed to the hazard of inhaling 16 minute particles of dust in the course of and resulting 17 from his or her employment for a period of ten years 18 during the fifteen years immediately preceding the date 19 of his or her last exposure to such hazard and that such 20 claimant or deceased employee has sustained a chronic 21 respiratory disability, then it shall be presumed that 22such claimant is suffering or such deceased employee 23 was suffering at the time of his or her death from 24 occupational pneumoconiosis which arose out of and in 25the course of his or her employment. This presumption 26 shall not be conclusive.

(c) The findings and conclusions of the board shall setforth, among other things, the following:

(1) Whether or not the claimant or the deceased
employee has contracted occupational pneumoconiosis,
and if so, the percentage of permanent disability
resulting therefrom.

(2) Whether or not the exposure in the employment
was sufficient to have caused the claimant's or deceased
employee's occupational pneumoconiosis or to have
perceptibly aggravated an existing occupational pneumoconiosis, or other occupational disease.

(3) What, if any, physician appeared before the board
on behalf of the claimant or employer, and what, if any,
medical evidence was produced by or on behalf of the
claimant or employer.

42 If either party objects to the whole or any part of such 43 findings and conclusions of the board, such party shall file with the commissioner or, on or after the first day 44 45 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, with the 46 office of judges, within thirty days from receipt of such 47 copy to such party, unless for good cause shown, the commissioner or chief administrative law judge extends 48 such time, such party's objections thereto in writing, 49 specifying the particular statements of the board's 50

51findings and conclusions to which such party objects. 52 The filing of an objection within the time specified is hereby declared to be a condition of the right to litigate 53 54 such findings and hence jurisdictional. After the time 55 has expired for the filing of objections to the findings 56 and conclusions of the board, the commissioner or administrative law judge shall proceed to act as 57 58 provided in this chapter. If after the time has expired 59 for the filing of objections to the findings and conclu-60 sions of the board no objections have been filed, the report of a majority of the board of its findings and 61 62 conclusions on any medical question shall be taken to be 63 plenary and conclusive evidence of the findings and 64 conclusions therein stated. If objection has been filed to 65 the findings and conclusions of the board, notice thereof 66 shall be given to the board, and the members thereof 67 joining in such findings and conclusions shall appear at the time fixed by the commissioner or office of judges 68 for the hearing to submit to examination and cross-69 70 examination in respect to such findings and conclusions. 71 At such hearing, evidence to support or controvert the 72 findings and conclusions of the board shall be limited 73 to examination and cross-examination of the members 74 of the board, and to the taking of testimony of other 75 qualified physicians and roentgenologists.

§23-4-9. Physical and vocational rehabilitation.

(a) The Legislature hereby finds that it is a goal of 1 the workers' compensation program to assist workers to 2 return to suitable gainful employment after an injury. 3 In order to encourage workers to return to employment 4 and to encourage and assist employers in providing 5 suitable employment to injured employees. it shall be a 6 priority of the commissioner to achieve early identifica-7 tion of individuals likely to need rehabilitation services 8 and to assess the rehabilitation needs of these injured 9 employees. It shall be the goal of rehabilitation to return 10 injured workers to employment which shall be compar-11 able in work and pay to that which the individual 12 performed prior to the injury. If a return to comparable 13 work is not possible, the goal of rehabilitation shall be 14 to return the individual to alternative suitable employ-15

16 ment, using all possible alternatives of job modification. 17 restructuring, reassignment and training, so that the 18 individual will return to productivity with his or her 19 employer or, if necessary, with another employer. The 20 Legislature further finds that it is the shared respon-21 sibility of the employer, the employee, the physician and 22 the commissioner to cooperate in the development of a 23 rehabilitation process designed to promote re-employ-24 ment for the injured employee.

25 (b) In cases where an employee has sustained 26 a permanent disability, or has sustained an injury like-27 ly to result in temporary disability in excess of 28 one hundred twenty days, and such fact has been 29 determined by the commissioner, the commissioner shall 30 at the earliest possible time determine whether the 31 employee would be assisted in returning to remunera-32 tive employment with the provision of rehabilitation 33 services and if the commissioner determines that the 34 employee can be physically and vocationally rehabili-35 tated and returned to remunerative employment by the 36 provision of rehabilitation services including, but not 37 limited to, vocational or on-the-job training, counseling, 38 assistance in obtaining appropriate temporary or 39 permanent work site, work duties or work hours 40 modification, by the provision of crutches, artificial limbs, or other approved mechanical appliances, or 41 42 medicines, medical, surgical, dental or hospital treat-43 ment, the commissioner shall forthwith develop a 44 rehabilitation plan for the employee and, after due 45 notice to the employer, expend such an amount as may be necessary for the aforesaid purposes: Provided, That 46 47 such expenditure for vocational rehabilitation shall not 48 exceed ten thousand dollars for any one injured em-49 ployee: Provided, however, That no payment shall be made for such vocational rehabilitation purposes as 50 provided in this section unless authorized by the 51 commissioner prior to the rendering of such physical or 52 53 vocational rehabilitation, except that payments shall be 54 made for reasonable medical expenses without prior authorization if sufficient evidence exists which would 55 relate the treatment to the injury and the attending 56 physician or physicians have requested authorization 57

į

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

58 prior to the rendering of such treatment: Provided 59 further, That payment for physical rehabilitation, 60 including the purchase of prosthetic devices and other 61 equipment and training in use of such devices and 62 equipment, shall be considered expenses within the 63 meaning of section three of this article and shall be 64 subject to the provisions of sections three, three-a, three-65 b, and three-c of this article. The provision of any 66 rehabilitation services shall be pursuant to a rehabili-67 tation plan to be developed and monitored by a rehabil-68 itation professional for each injured employee.

69 (c) In every case in which the commissioner shall 70 order physical or vocational rehabilitation of a claimant 71 as provided herein, the claimant shall, during the time 72 he or she is receiving any vocational rehabilitation or 73 rehabilitative treatment that renders him or her totally 74 disabled during the period thereof, be compensated on 75 a temporary total disability basis for such period.

(d) In every case in which the claimant returns to 76 77 gainful employment as part of a rehabilitation plan, and 78 the employee's average weekly wage earnings are less 79 than the average weekly wage earnings earned by the 80 injured employee at the time of the injury, he or she 81 shall receive temporary partial rehabilitation benefits 82 calculated as follows: The temporary partial rehabilitation benefit shall be seventy percent of the difference 83 84 between the average weekly wage earnings earned at 85 the time of the injury and the average weekly wage earnings earned at the new employment, both to be 86 87 calculated as provided in sections six, six-d and fourteen 88 of this article as such calculation is performed for 89 temporary total disability benefits, subject to the 90 following limitations: In no event shall such benefits be subject to the minimum benefit amounts required by the 91 provisions of subdivision (b), section six of this article, 92 93 nor shall such benefits exceed the temporary total disability benefits to which the injured employee would 94 be entitled pursuant to sections six, six-d and fourteen 95 of this article during any period of temporary total 96 disability resulting from the injury in the claim: 97 Provided, That no temporary total disability benefits 98

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

99 shall be paid for any period for which temporary partial 100 rehabilitation benefits are paid. The amount of tempor-101 ary partial rehabilitation benefits pavable under this 102subsection shall be reviewed every ninety days to 103 determine whether the injured employee's average 104 weekly wage in the new employment has changed and. 105if such change has occurred, the amount of benefits 106 payable hereunder shall be adjusted prospectively. 107 Temporary partial rehabilitation benefits shall only be 108 payable when the injured employee is receiving voca-109tional rehabilitation services in accordance with a 110 rehabilitation plan developed under this section.

111 (e) The commissioner shall promulgate legislative 112 rules on or before the first day of July, one thousand 113 nine hundred ninety-one, pursuant to the provisions of 114 article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the 115 purpose of developing a comprehensive rehabilitation 116 program which will assist injured workers to return to 117 suitable gainful employment after an injury in a manner 118 consistent with the provisions and findings of this 119 section. Such legislative rules shall provide definitions 120 for rehabilitation facilities and rehabilitation services 121 pursuant to this section.

(f) The provisions of this section shall be terminated
and be of no further force or effect on the first day of
July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four.

§23-4-14. Computation of benefits.

1 The average weekly wage earnings, wherever earned, 2 of the injured person at the date of injury, and the 3 average weekly wage in West Virginia as determined 4 by the commissioner of employment security, in effect 5 at the date of injury, shall be taken as the basis upon 6 which to compute the benefits.

7 In cases involving occupational pneumoconiosis or 8 other occupational diseases, the "date of injury" shall be 9 the date of the last exposure to the hazards of occupa-10 tional pneumoconiosis or other occupational diseases.

11 In computing benefits payable on account of occupa-12 tional pneumoconiosis, the commissioner shall deduct the amount of all prior workers' compensation benefits
paid to the same claimant on account of silicosis, but a
prior silicosis award shall not, in any event, preclude an
award for occupational pneumoconiosis otherwise
payable under this article.

18 The expression "average weekly wage earnings, 19 wherever earned, of the injured person, at the date of 20 injury", within the meaning of this chapter, shall be 21 computed based upon the daily rate of pay at the time 22 of the injury or upon the average pay received during 23 the two months, six months or twelve months imme-24 diately preceding the date of the injury, whichever is 25 most favorable to the injured employee, except for the 26 purpose of computing temporary total disability benefits 27 for part-time employees pursuant to the provisions of 28 section six-d of this article.

29 The expression "average weekly wage in West 30 Virginia", within the meaning of this chapter, shall be the average weekly wage in West Virginia as deter-31 32 mined by the commissioner of employment security in 33 accordance with the provisions of sections ten and eleven, article six, chapter twenty-one-a of this code, and 34 35 other applicable provisions of said chapter twenty-one-36 a.

37 In any claim for injuries, including occupational pneumoconiosis and other occupational diseases, occur-38 39 ring on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, any award for temporary total, permanent 40 partial or permanent total disability benefits or for 41 dependent benefits, shall be paid at the weekly rates or 42 43 in the monthly amount in the case of dependent benefits applicable to the claimant therein in effect on the date 44 of such injury. If during the life of such award for 45 temporary total, permanent partial or permanent total 46 disability benefits or for dependent benefits, the weekly 47 rates or the monthly amount in the case of dependent 48 benefits are increased or decreased, the claimant shall 49 receive such increased or decreased benefits beginning 50 as of the effective date of said increase or decrease. 51

§23-4-15b. Determination of nonmedical questions by commissioner; claims for occupational pneumoconiosis; hearing.

1 If a claim for occupational pneumoconiosis benefits be 2 filed by an employee within three years from and after 3 the last day of the last continuous period of sixty days 4 exposure to the hazards of occupational pneumoconiosis, 5 the commissioner shall determine whether the claimant 6 was exposed to the hazards of occupational pneumoco-7 niosis for a continuous period of not less than sixty days 8 while in the employ of the employer within three years 9 prior to the filing of his or her claim, whether in the 10 state of West Virginia the claimant was exposed to such 11 hazard over a continuous period of not less than two 12 years during the ten years immediately preceding the 13 date of his or her last exposure thereto and whether the 14 claimant was exposed to such hazard over a period of 15 not less than ten years during the fifteen years imme-16 diately preceding the date of his or her last exposure 17 thereto. If a claim for occupational pneumoconiosis 18 benefits be filed by an employee within three years from 19 and after the employee's occupational pneumoconiosis 20was made known to the employee by a physician or 21otherwise should have reasonably been known to the 22 employee, the commissioner shall determine whether 23 the claimant filed his or her application within said 24 period and whether in the state of West Virginia the 25 claimant was exposed to such hazard over a continuous period of not less than two years during the ten years 2627 immediately preceding the date of last exposure thereto 28 and whether the claimant was exposed to such hazard 29 over a period of not less than ten years during the fifteen 30 years immediately preceding the date of last exposure 31 thereto. If a claim for occupational pneumoconiosis 32 benefits be filed by a dependent of a deceased employee, 33 the commissioner shall determine whether the deceased 34 employee was exposed to the hazards of occupational 35 pneumoconiosis for a continuous period of not less than 36 sixty days while in the employ of the employer within ten years prior to the filing of the claim, whether in the 37 state of West Virginia the deceased employee was 38 exposed to such hazard over a continuous period of not 39

40 less than two years during the ten years immediately 41 preceding the date of his or her last exposure thereto 42 and whether the claimant was exposed to such hazard 43 over a period of not less than ten years during the fifteen 44 years immediately preceding the date of his or her last 45 exposure thereto. The commissioner shall also determine 46 such other nonmedical facts as may in the commission-47 er's opinion be pertinent to a decision on the validity of 48 the claim

49 The commissioner shall enter an order with respect 50 to such nonmedical findings within ninety days follow-51 ing receipt by the commissioner of both the claimant's 52 application for occupational pneumoconiosis benefits 53 and the physician's report filed in connection therewith. 54 and shall give each interested party notice in writing of 55 these findings with respect to all such nonmedical facts and such findings and such actions of the commissioner 56 57 shall be final unless the employer, employee, claimant 58 or dependent shall, within thirty days after receipt of 59 such notice, object to such findings, and unless an 60 objection is filed within such thirty-day period, such 61 findings shall be forever final, such time limitation 62 being hereby declared to be a condition of the right to 63 litigate such findings and hence jurisdictional. Upon 64 receipt of such objection, the commissioner shall set a 65 hearing as provided in section one, article five of this 66 chapter or the chief administrative law judge shall set 67 a hearing as provided in section one-h, article five of this 68 chapter. In the event of an objection to such findings by 69 the employer, the claim shall, notwithstanding the fact 70 that one or more hearings may be held with respect to such objection, mature for reference to the occupational 71 72 pneumoconiosis board with like effect as if the objection had not been filed. If the commissioner or administra-73 tive law judge concludes after the protest hearings that 74 the claim should be dismissed, a final order of dismissal 75 shall be entered, which final order shall be subject to 76 appeal in accordance with the provisions of section one 77 or section one-i and section three, article five of this 78 chapter. If the commissioner or administrative law 79 judge concludes after such protest hearings that the 80 claim should be referred to the occupational pneumoco-81

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Ch. 12]

82 niosis board for its review, the order entered shall be

83 interlocutory only and may be appealed only in conjunc-

84 tion with an appeal from a final order with respect to

85 the findings of the occupational pneumoconiosis board.

§23-4-19. Wrongfully seeking compensation; criminal penalties; restitution.

1 Any person who shall knowingly and with fraudulent 2 intent secure or attempt to secure larger compensation. 3 or compensation for a longer term than he or she is 4 entitled to, from the workers' compensation fund, or 5 knowingly and with like intent secure or attempt to 6 secure compensation from such fund when he or she is 7 not entitled thereto, or shall knowingly and with like 8 intent aid and abet anyone in the commission of the offenses herein set forth, shall be guilty of a misdemea-9 10 nor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 11 exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not 12 exceeding twelve months, or both, and in addition to any 13 other penalty imposed, the court shall order any person 14 convicted under this section to make full restitution of 15 all moneys paid by the commissioner or self-insured 16 employer as the result of the violation of this section. If 17 the person so convicted is receiving compensation from 18 such fund, he or she shall, from and after such 19 conviction, cease to receive such compensation.

ARTICLE 4B. COAL-WORKERS' PNEUMOCONIOSIS FUND.

§23-4B-8. Separable from workers' compensation fund.

(a) No disbursements shall be made from the 1 2 workers' compensation fund on account of any provision of this article: Provided. That the Legislature may at 3 4 any time merge, consolidate, alter or liquidate this fund as it may determine and in no instance shall the 5 operation of this article be construed as creating any 6 contract which would deprive any injured employee of 7 8 future benefits or increases awarded by an act of Congress, nor shall this section operate to create any 9 10 liability upon the state of West Virginia.

11 (b) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that 12 there is a substantial actuarial surplus in the coal-

1723

13workers' pneumoconiosis fund in excess of two hundred 14 million dollars. The Legislature further finds and 15 declares that there is a substantial actuarial deficit in 16 the workers' compensation fund in excess of four 17 hundred million dollars, and that this deficit is in large 18 part attributable to claims arising out of the coal industry. The commissioner is hereby directed to 19 20 conduct an actuarial audit to determine the amount. 21 computed at book value, of the actuarial surplus in the 22 coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund as of the thirtieth 23 day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and to 24 certify such amount, as of that date, in a written order 25which together with the results of said audit shall be a 26 public record. Notwithstanding the provisions of 27 subsection (a) of this section or any other provision of 28 this article to the contrary, the commissioner shall, by 29 written order, transfer the assets underlying said 30 surplus to the workers' compensation fund, which assets 31 shall thereupon become merged into and consolidated 32 with the workers' compensation fund: Provided, That 33 the value of the assets so transferred, when computed 34 according to the book value of said assets on the date 35 of transfer, shall not exceed two hundred fifty million 36 dollars: Provided, however, That such assets so trans-37 ferred shall be held in a separate account and shall not 38 be used for the satisfaction of obligations of the workers' 39 compensation fund until all other assets of the workers' 40 compensation fund have been expended: Provided 41 further. That the income earned. from time to time. on 42 the assets so transferred may be used to satisfy obligations of the workers' compensation fund: And 43 provided further. That a sufficient reserve shall be 44 45 retained in the coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund to guarantee the payment of all claims incurred, including 46 claims which were incurred but not reported, on or 47 48 before the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine 49 hundred ninety: And provided further. That any moneys due and owing to the coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund 50 51 as a result of any transfer of moneys pursuant to section eight-a of this article shall be construed as an asset of 52the coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund and shall be 53 included as an asset transferred to the workers' 54

Ch. 12]

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

55 compensation fund under the provisions of this section. 56 If at any time subsequent to the transfer of the aforesaid 57 assets to the workers' compensation fund, the standards 58 for obtaining benefits under Title IV of the Federal Coal 59Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969, as amended and 60 as subsequently amended, are changed such that the 61 actuarial audit performed hereunder may no longer 62 accurately reflect the liabilities of the coal-workers' 63 pneumoconiosis fund for claims arising prior to the first 64 day of July. one thousand nine hundred ninety, the 65 commissioner shall promptly conduct a new audit to 66 determine whether any portion of the foregoing separate 67 account should be returned to the coal-workers' pneumo-68 coniosis fund in order to provide adequate reserves for 69 claims arising prior to the first day of July, one 70 thousand nine hundred ninety, and, if the results of such 71 new audit determine that said reserves are inadequate. 72the commissioner shall transfer back to the coal-73 workers' pneumoconiosis fund that portion of the assets 74 in the separate account necessary to provide adequate 75reserves for such claims.

ARTICLE 5. REVIEW.

- §23-5-1. Notice by commissioner of decision; objections and hearing; appeal.
- §23-5-1a. Application by employee for further adjustment of claim-Objection to modification; hearing.
- §23-5-1b. Refusal to reopen claim; notice; objection.
- §23-5-1c. Application by employer for modification of award—Objection to modification; hearing.
- §23-5-1d. Refusal of modification; notice; objection.
- §23-5-1e. Time periods for objections and appeals; extensions.
- §23-5-1f. Compromise and settlement of permanent partial disability awards.
- §23-5-1g. Creation of office of administrative law judges; powers of chief administrative law judge and said office.
- §23-5-1h. Hearings on objections to commissioner's decisions by office of administrative law judges.
- §23-5-1i. Appeal from administrative law judge decision to appeal board.
- §23-5-3. Appeal to board; procedure; remand and supplemental hearing.
- §23-5-3a. Continuances and supplemental hearings; claims not to be denied on technicalities.
- §23-5-4b. Jurisdictional findings and decisions appealable.

§23-5-1. Notice by commissioner of decision; objections and hearing; appeal.

1 The commissioner shall have full power and authority

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

2 to hear and determine all questions within his or her 3 jurisdiction, but upon the making or refusing to make 4 any award, or upon the making of any modification or 5 change with respect to former findings or orders, as 6 provided by section sixteen, article four of this chapter. 7 the commissioner shall give notice, in writing, to the 8 employer, employee, claimant or dependent, as the case 9 may be, of his or her action, which notice shall state the 10 time allowed for filing an objection to such finding, and 11 such action of the commissioner shall be final unless the 12 employer, employee, claimant or dependent shall, within 13 thirty days after the receipt of such notice, object in writing, to such finding, and unless an objection is filed 14 within such thirty-day period, such finding or action 15 shall be forever final, such time limitation being hereby 16 17 declared to be a condition of the right to litigate such finding or action and hence jurisdictional. Upon receipt 18 19 of such objection the commissioner shall, within fifteen days from receipt thereof, set a time and place for the 20 hearing of evidence. Any such hearing may be con-21 ducted by the commissioner or the commissioner's duly 22 authorized representative at the county seat of the 23 county wherein the injury occurred, or at any other 24 place which may be agreed upon by the interested 25parties, and in the event the interested parties cannot 26 agree, and it appears in the opinion of the commissioner 27 that the ends of justice require the taking of evidence 28 29 elsewhere, then at such place as the commissioner may 30 direct, having due regard for the convenience of witnesses. Both the employer and claimant shall be 31 notified of such hearing at least ten days in advance, and 32 the hearing shall be held within thirty days after the 33 filing of objection to the commissioner's findings as 34 hereinabove provided, unless such hearing be postponed 35 by agreement of the parties or by the commissioner for 36 good cause. The evidence taken at such hearing shall be 37 transcribed and become part of the record of the 38 proceedings, together with the other records thereof in 39 the commissioner's office. At any time within thirty days 40 after hearing, if the commissioner is of the opinion that 41 the facts have not been adequately developed at such 42 hearing, he or she may order supplemental hearings 43

44 upon due notice to the parties. After final hearing the 45 commissioner shall, within thirty days, render his or her 46 decision affirming, reversing or modifying his or her 47 former action, which shall be final: Provided. That the 48 claimant or the employer may apply to the appeal board 49 herein created for a review of such decision: but no appeal or review shall lie unless application therefor be 50 51 made within thirty days of receipt of notice of the 52 commissioner's final action, or in any event within sixty 53 days of the date of such final action, regardless of notice, 54 and unless the application for appeal or review is filed 55 within the time specified, no such appeal or review shall 56 be allowed, such time limitation being hereby declared 57 to be a condition of the right to such appeal or review 58 and hence jurisdictional.

59 All objections to commissioner's decisions filed prior 60 to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 61 ninety-one, shall be handled in accordance with the foregoing procedures set forth in this section. All 62 objections to commissioner's decisions which are not 63 appealable to the appeal board and which are filed on 64 or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 65 66 ninety-one, shall be filed with the office of judges in 67 accordance with the procedures set forth in section one-68 g and section one-h of this article.

69 Any proceeding on an objection in which the commissioner has not concluded hearings and issued a final 70 order appealable to the appeal board on or before the 71 thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 72 ninety-one, shall be transferred to the office of judges 73 for final resolution. If additional evidentiary hearings 74 are necessary in any matter so transferred, such 75 hearings shall be conducted in accordance with section 76 one-h of this article. Decisions on transferred cases shall 77 likewise be rendered in accordance with section one-h 78 79 of this article.

80 Where a finding or determination of the commissioner 81 is protested only by the employer, and the employer does 82 not prevail in its protest and, in the event the claimant 83 is required to attend a hearing by subpoena or agree:

84 ment of counsel or at the express direction of the 85 commissioner, then such claimant in addition to reaso-86 nable traveling and other expenses shall be reimbursed 87 for loss of wages incurred by the claimant in attending 88 such hearing.

§23-5-1a. Application by employee for further adjustment of claim—Objection to modification; hearing.

1 In any case where an injured employee makes 2 application in writing for a further adjustment of his or 3 her claim under the provisions of section sixteen, article 4 four of this chapter, and such application discloses cause 5 for a further adjustment thereof, the commissioner shall, after due notice to the employer, make such 6 7 modifications or changes with respect to former findings 8 or orders in such claim as may be justified, and any 9 party dissatisfied with any such modification or change so made by the commissioner shall, upon proper and 10 timely objection, be entitled to a hearing, as provided 11 12 in section one or section one-h of this article.

§23-5-1b. Refusal to reopen claim; notice; objection.

If, however, in any case in which application for 1 2 further adjustment of a claim is filed under the next 3 preceding section, it shall appear to the commissioner 4 that such application fails to disclose a progression or 5 aggravation in the claimant's condition, or some other 6 fact or facts which were not theretofore considered by the commissioner in his or her former findings, and 7 which would entitle such claimant to greater benefits 8 than the claimant has already received, the commis-9 sioner shall, within sixty days from the receipt of such 10 application, notify the claimant and the employer that 11 such application fails to establish a prima facie cause 12 for reopening the claim. Such notice shall be in writing 13 stating the reasons for denial and the time allowed for 14 objection to such decision of the commissioner. The 15 claimant may, within thirty days after receipt of such 16 notice, object in writing to such finding and unless the 17 objection is filed within such thirty-day period, no such 18 objection shall be allowed, such time limitation being 19

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

hereby declared to be a condition of the right to such
objection and hence jurisdictional. Upon receipt of an
objection, the commissioner or office of judges shall
afford the claimant an evidentiary hearing as provided
in section one or section one-h of this article.

§23-5-1c. Application by employer for modification of award—Objection to modification; hearing.

1 In any case wherein an employer makes application 2 in writing for a modification of any award previously 3 made to an employee of said employer, and such 4 application discloses cause for a further adjustment 5 thereof, the commissioner shall, after due notice to the employee, make such modifications or changes with 6 7 respect to former findings or orders in such form as may be justified, and any party dissatisfied with any such 8 9 modification or change so made by the commissioner, 10 shall upon proper and timely objection, be entitled to a 11 hearing as provided in section one or section one-h of 12 this article.

§23-5-1d. Refusal of modification; notice; objection.

If in any such case it shall appear to the commissioner 1 2 that such application fails to disclose some fact or facts which were not theretofore considered by the commis-3 sioner in his or her former findings, and which would 4 entitle such employer to any modification of said 5 6 previous award, the commissioner shall, within sixty days from the receipt of such application, notify the 7 claimant and employer that such application fails to 8 establish a just cause for modification of said award. 9 Such notice shall be in writing stating the reasons for 10 denial and the time allowed for objection to such 11 12 decision of the commissioner. The employer may, within thirty days after receipt of said notice, object in writing 13 to such decision, and unless the objection is filed within 14 such thirty-day period, no such objection shall be 15 allowed, such time limitation being hereby declared to 16 be a condition of the right to such objection and hence 17 jurisdictional. Upon receipt of such objection, the 18 commissioner or office of judges shall afford the 19 employer an evidentiary hearing as provided in section 20 one or section one-h of this article. 21

§23-5-1e. Time periods for objections and appeals; extensions.

1 Notwithstanding the fact that the time periods set 2 forth for objections, protests, and appeals to or from the 3 workers' compensation appeal board, are jurisdictional, such periods may be extended or excused upon appli-4 5 cation of either party within a period of time equal to 6 the applicable period by requesting an extension of such 7 time period showing good cause or excusable neglect, accompanied by the objection, protest, or appeal 8 9 petition. In exercising such discretion the commissioner, 10 administrative law judge, appeal board, or court, as the 11 case may be, shall consider whether the applicant was represented by counsel and whether timely and proper 12 notice was actually received by the applicant or the 13 14 applicant's representative.

§23-5-1f. Compromise and settlement of permanent partial disability awards.

(a) After an objection is filed to a commissioner's 1 2 decision either granting a permanent partial disability award of fifteen percent or less, or making no award 3 4 upon a finding that no permanent partial disability was 5 suffered as the result of the injury received, the parties may agree to compromise and settle the award in 6 controversy under the conditions and limitations set out 7 in this section. In addition, a reopening petition 8 resulting in an increased permanent partial disability 9 award of fifteen percent or less may similarly be 10 compromised and settled. No other types of settlements 11 shall be permitted. The terms of such settlement shall 12 be reviewed by the administrative law judge as herein 13 14 provided.

15 (b) In any claim involving an employer not electing 16 to carry its own risk within the meaning of section nine, 17 article two of this chapter, the parties shall notify the 18 commissioner of their intent to settle a claim and the 19 commissioner may participate, at his or her discretion, 20 as a party in interest in any settlement proceeding 21 under this section. 22 (c) The parties seeking to settle and compromise an 23 objection to a commissioner's decision described in 24 subsection (a) of this section shall jointly file with the 25chief administrative law judge a written memorandum of settlement, signed by all parties in interest. An 26 administrative law judge shall review the written 27 28 memorandum to determine if it is reasonable and fair. 29 after giving due consideration to the interests of all parties, and if it is in conformity with the provisions of 30 31 this chapter. The administrative law judge, in his or her 32 discretion, may hear testimony relating to any proposed 33 settlement. If the administrative law judge finds the 34 settlement to be fair and reasonable, he or she shall issue 35 an order so finding which shall, for all purposes, 36 constitute an order appealable to the appeal board as 37 provided under sections one and three of this article. If 38 the settlement is not approved by the administrative law 39 judge, the settlement agreement between the parties 40 shall be null and void, and the administrative law judge shall issue an order so finding which shall be appealable 41 42 to the appeal board.

- (d) A settlement may provide for a final award of
 greater than fifteen percent permanent partial disability: *Provided*, That no settlement shall be approved
 which provides for or would result in a permanent total
 disability or second injury life award.
- 48 (e) The amounts of compensation payable under a
 49 settlement may be commuted to one or more lump sum
 50 payments by agreement of the parties.

(f) A party seeking to vacate an order approving a 51 settlement on the grounds that a settlement was 52 obtained by fraud, undue influence or coercion shall file 53a petition therefor with the office of judges within six 54 months after the date of the order approving the 55 settlement. The petition shall set forth in particular the 56 facts upon which the grounds alleged therein are based 57 and shall be served upon all other parties to the 58 59 settlement. Upon request by any party to the settlement, the chief administrative law judge shall set the matter 60 down for hearing. At the conclusion thereof, the chief 61 administrative law judge shall enter an order setting 62

forth his or her findings of fact and conclusions of law,
which order shall be appealable to the appeal board.
Upon a finding, by clear and convincing evidence, that
the settlement was obtained by fraud, undue influence
or coercion, the chief administrative law judge shall
vacate and set aside the order approving the settlement.

69 (g) A settlement approved by the administrative law judge shall be final and binding as to the particular 70 71 award in controversy but shall not affect any right 72 under article four of this chapter to future medical 73 benefits, to physical and vocational rehabilitation, or the right to seek a reopening of the claim pursuant to 74 section sixteen, article four of this chapter and section 75 one-a of this article. 76

(h) For matters pending before the commissioner on
the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety,
or thereafter, the foregoing procedures for settlement
shall apply except the commissioner shall act in the
place of the administrative law judge or chief administrative law judge.

§23-5-1g. Creation of office of administrative law judges; powers of chief administrative law judge and said office.

1 (a) There is hereby created within the workers' 2 compensation appeal board the workers' compensation 3 office of administrative law judges which shall be 4 referred to as the office of judges. The office of judges 5 shall be under the supervision of a chief administrative 6 law judge who shall be appointed by the governor, with 7 the advice and consent of the Senate.

(b) The chief administrative law judge shall be a 8 person who has been admitted to the practice of law in 9 this state and shall also have had at least four years of 10 experience as an attorney. The chief administrative law 11 judge's salary shall be set by the appeal board created 12 in section two of this article. Said salary shall be within 13 the salary range for comparable chief administrative 14 law judges as determined by the state personnel board 15 created by section six, article six of chapter twenty-nine 16 of this code. The chief administrative law judge may 17

18 only be removed by the appeal board and shall not be removed except for official misconduct, incompetence, 19 neglect of duty. gross immorality, or malfeasance and 20 21 then only after he or she has been presented in writing 22 with the reasons for his or her removal and then only 23 in the manner prescribed in article six-a of chapter 24 twenty-nine of this code. No other provision of this code 25purporting to limit the term of office of any appointed 26 official or employee or affecting the removal of any appointed official or employee shall be applicable to the 2728 chief administrative law judge.

29 (c) By and with the consent of the commissioner, the 30 chief administrative law judge shall employ such additional administrative law judges and other person-31 32 nel as are necessary for the proper conduct of a system 33 of administrative review of orders issued by the 34 commissioner which orders have been objected to by a 35 party, and all such employees shall be in the classified 36 service of the state. Qualifications, compensation and 37 personnel practice relating to the employees of the office 38 of judges, other than the chief administrative law judge, 39 shall be governed by the provisions of the statutes, rules 40 and regulations of the classified service pursuant to 41 article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code. All such additional administrative law judges shall be persons 42 43 who have been admitted to the practice of law in this 44 state and shall also have had at least two years of experience as an attorney. The chief administrative law 45 46 judge shall supervise the other administrative law judges and other personnel which collectively shall be 47 referred to in this chapter as the office of judges. 48

(d) The administrative expense of the office of judges
shall be included by the appeal board in its annual
budget when it submits that budget to the commissioner
pursuant to section two of this article.

(e) With the advice and consent of the commissioner,
on or before the first day of May, one thousand nine
hundred ninety-one, the appeal board shall promulgate
rules of practice and procedure for the hearing and
determination of all objections to findings or orders of
the commissioner pursuant to section one of this article

and for the settlement of claims pursuant to section onef of this article. Such rules of practice and procedure shall be promulgated in accordance with the provisions of article three of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The appeal board shall not have the power to promulgate legislative rules as that phrase is defined in article three of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

66 (f) On and after the first day of July, one thousand 67 nine hundred ninety-one, the chief administrative law judge shall have the power, which shall be delegated by 68 69 the appeal board, to hear and determine all disputed 70 claims in accordance with the provisions of this article, establish a procedure for the hearing of disputed claims, 71 72take oaths, examine witnesses, issue subpoenas, establish the amount of witness fees, keep such records and 73 74 make such reports as are necessary for disputed claims, 75 review and approve agreements to compromise and 76 settle claims involving permanent partial disability 77 awards permitted by the provisions of section one-f. 78 article five of this chapter, and exercise such additional powers, including the delegation of such powers to 79 administrative law judges or hearing examiners as may 80 be necessary for the proper conduct of a system of 81 administrative review of disputed claims. 82

§23-5-1h. Hearings on objections to commissioner's decisions by office of administrative law judges.

On or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 1 2 hundred ninety-one, objections to a commissioner's decision made pursuant to the provisions of section one 3 of this article shall be filed with the office of judges. 4 Upon receipt of an objection, the office of judges shall, $\mathbf{5}$ within fifteen days from receipt thereof, set a time and 6 place for the hearing of evidence and shall notify the 7 commissioner of the filing of the objection. Hearings 8 may be conducted at the county seat of the county 9 wherein the injury occurred, or at any other place which 10 may be agreed upon by the interested parties, and in 11 the event the interested parties cannot agree, and it 12 appears in the opinion of the chief administrative law 13

14 judge or the chief administrative law judge's authorized 15 representative that the ends of justice require the taking 16 of evidence elsewhere, then at such place as the chief 17 administrative law judge or such authorized represen-18 tative may direct, having due regard for the convenience 19 of witnesses. The employer, the claimant and the 20 commissioner shall be notified of such hearing at least 21 ten days in advance, and the hearing shall be held 22 within thirty days after the filing of the objection unless such hearing be postponed by agreement of the parties 23 24 or by the chief administrative law judge or such 25authorized representative for good cause. The commissioner shall be considered a party to any proceeding 26 27under this article which involves a claim chargeable 28 against the workers' compensation fund, the disabled workers' relief fund or such other fund as may then be 29 30 under the commissioner's management and control, and may appear only in any proceedings involving a claim 31 that is or may be asserted against any portion of the 32 surplus fund or any claim in which the employer fails 33 34 to appear.

The office of judges shall keep full and complete 35 36 records of all proceedings concerning a disputed claim. All testimony upon a disputed claim shall be recorded 37 but need not be transcribed unless the claim is appealed 38 39 or in such other circumstances as, in the opinion of the chief administrative law judge, may require such 40 transcription. Upon receipt of notice of the filing of an 41 objection, the commissioner shall forthwith forward to 42 43 the chief administrative law judge all records, or copies of such records, in the commissioner's office which 44 relate to the matter objected to. All such records or 45 copies thereof and any evidence taken at hearings 46 conducted by the office of judges shall constitute the 47 record upon which the matter shall be decided. The 48 49 office of judges shall not be bound by the usual common law or statutory rules of evidence. At any time within 50 thirty days after hearing, if the chief administrative law 51 judge or the chief administrative law judge's authorized 52representative is of the opinion that the facts have not 53 been adequately developed at such hearing, he or she 54 may order supplemental hearings or obtain such 55

additional evidence as he or she deems warranted upondue notice to the parties.

58 All hearings shall be conducted as determined by the 59 chief administrative law judge pursuant to the rules of practice and procedure promulgated pursuant to section 60 61 one-g of this article. Upon consideration of the entire 62 record, the chief administrative law judge or an 63 administrative law judge within the office of judges shall, within thirty days after final hearing, render a 64 65 decision affirming, reversing or modifying the commissioner's action. Said decision shall contain findings of 66 fact and conclusions of law and shall be mailed to all 67 68 interested parties.

§23-5-1i. Appeal from administrative law judge decision to appeal board.

1 The employer, claimant or commissioner may appeal 2 to the appeal board created in section two of this article 3 for a review of a decision by an administrative law judge. No appeal or review shall lie unless application 4 5 therefor be made within thirty days of receipt of notice 6 of the administrative law judge's final action or in any 7 event within sixty days of the date of such final action, regardless of notice and, unless the application for 8 appeal or review is filed within the time specified, no 9 10 such appeal or review shall be allowed, such time 11 limitation being hereby declared to be a condition of the right of such appeal or review and hence jurisdictional. 12

§23-5-3. Appeal to board; procedure; remand and supplemental hearing.

1 Any employer, employee, claimant, or dependent, who 2 shall feel aggrieved at any final action of the commissioner or administrative law judge taken after a hearing 3 held in accordance with the provisions of section one or 4 section one-h of this article, shall have the right to 5 appeal to the board created in section two of this article 6 for a review of such action. The commissioner shall 7 likewise have the right to appeal to the appeal board any 8 final action taken in a proceeding in which he or she 9 is a party. The aggrieved party shall file a written notice 10 of appeal with the compensation commissioner or, after 11 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninetv-12

13 one. with the office of judges directed to such board. 14 within thirty days after receipt of notice of the action 15 complained of, or in any event, regardless of notice, 16 within sixty days after the date of the action complained 17 of, and unless the notice of appeal is filed within the 18 time specified. no such appeal shall be allowed, such 19 time limitation being hereby declared to be a condition 20 of the right to such appeal and hence jurisdictional; and 21the commissioner or the office of judges shall notify the 22 other parties immediately upon the filing of a notice of 23appeal. The commissioner or the office of judges shall forthwith make up a transcript of the proceedings $\mathbf{24}$ 25before the commissioner or the office of judges and 26certify and transmit the same to the board. Such 27certificate shall incorporate a brief recital of the 28 proceedings therein had and recite each order entered 29 and the date thereof. The board shall review the action 30 of the commissioner or administrative law judge 31 complained of at its next meeting after the filing of 32 notice of appeal, provided such notice of appeal shall 33 have been filed thirty days before such meeting of the 34 board, unless such review be postponed by agreement 35 of parties or by the board for good cause. The board 36 shall set a time and place for the hearing of arguments 37 on each claim and shall notify the interested parties thereof, and briefs may be filed by the interested parties 38 39 in accordance with the rules of procedure prescribed by 40 the board. And thereupon, after a review of the case, the 41 board shall sustain the finding of the commissioner or administrative law judge or enter such order or make 42 43 such award as the commissioner or administrative law judge should have made, stating in writing its reasons 44 45 therefor, and shall thereupon certify the same to the commissioner, or chief administrative law judge, who 46 shall proceed in accordance therewith. Or, instead of 47 affirming or reversing the commissioner or administra-48 tive law judge as aforesaid, the board may, upon motion **49** 50 of either party or upon its own motion, for good cause shown, to be set forth in the order of the board, remand 51 the case to the commissioner or chief administrative law 52 judge for the taking of such new, additional or further 53 evidence as in the opinion of the board may be necessary 54

55 for a full and complete development of the facts of the 56 case. In the event the board shall remand the case to the commissioner or chief administrative law judge for 57 58 the taking of further evidence therein, the commissioner 59 or administrative law judge shall proceed to take such 60 new, additional or further evidence in accordance with any instruction given by the board, and shall take the 61 62 same within thirty days after receipt of the order 63 remanding the case, giving to the interested parties at least ten days' written notice of such supplemental 64 hearing, unless the taking of evidence shall be postponed 65 66 by agreement of parties, or by the commissioner or 67 administrative law judge for good cause. After the 68 completion of such supplemental hearing, the commissioner or administrative law judge shall, within sixty 69 days, render his or her decision affirming, reversing or 70 71 modifying the former action of the commissioner or 72 administrative law judge, which decision shall be 73 appealable to, and proceeded with by the appeal board in like manner as in the first instance. The board may 74 remand any case as often as in its opinion is necessary 75 76 for a full development and just decision of the case. The board may take evidence or consider ex parte state-77 78 ments furnished in support of any motion to remand the case to the commissioner or chief administrative law 79 judge. All evidence taken by or filed with the board 80 shall become a part of the record. All appeals from the 81 action of the commissioner or administrative law judge 82 83 shall be decided by the board at the same session at which they are heard, unless good cause for delay 84 thereof be shown and entered of record. In all proceed-85 ings before the board, any party may be represented by 86 87 counsel.

§23-5-3a. Continuances and supplemental hearings; claims not to be denied on technicalities.

1 It is the policy of this chapter that the rights of 2 claimants for workers' compensation be determined as 3 speedily and expeditiously as possible to the end that 4 those incapacitated by injuries and the dependents of 5 deceased workers may receive benefits as quickly as 6 possible in view of the severe economic hardships which

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

7 immediately befall the families of injured or deceased 8 workers. Therefore, the criteria for continuances and 9 supplemental hearings "for good cause shown" are to be 10 strictly construed by the commissioner and chief 11 administrative law judge and their authorized representatives to prevent delay when granting or denying 12 13 continuances and supplemental hearings. It is also the 14 policy of this chapter to prohibit the denial of just claims 15 of injured or deceased workers or their dependents on 16 technicalities.

§23-5-4b. Jurisdictional findings and decisions appealable.

1 In any case where the jurisdiction of the commissioner $\mathbf{2}$ or chief administrative law judge is contested, the order 3 of the commissioner or chief administrative law judge in respect thereto shall be deemed final for the purpose 4 5 of appeal to the board and any decision of the board in 6 respect to such questions of jurisdiction shall be deemed

- 7
- final for the purpose of appeal to the supreme court of
- 8 appeals.

ARTICLE 5A, DISCRIMINATORY PRACTICES.

§23-5A-3. Termination of injured employee prohibited; re-employment of injured employees.

(a) It shall be a discriminatory practice within the 1 2 meaning of section one of this article to terminate an injured employee while the injured employee is off work 3 due to a compensable injury within the meaning of 4 article four of this chapter and is receiving or is eligible 5 to receive temporary total disability benefits, unless the 6 injured employee has committed a separate discharge-7 8 able offense. A separate dischargeable offense shall mean misconduct by the injured employee wholly 9 unrelated to the injury or the absence from work 10 resulting from the injury. A separate dischargeable 11 offense shall not include absence resulting from the 12 injury or from the inclusion or aggregation of absence 13 due to the injury with any other absence from work. 14

(b) It shall be a discriminatory practice within the 15 meaning of section one of this article for an employer 16

17 to fail to reinstate an employee who has sustained a 18 compensable injury to the employee's former position of employment upon demand for such reinstatement 19 provided that the position is available and the employee 20 21 is not disabled from performing the duties of such position. If the former position is not available, the 22 23 employee shall be reinstated to another comparable 24 position which is available and which the employee is $\mathbf{25}$ capable of performing. A comparable position for the purposes of this section shall mean a position which is 26 comparable as to wages, working conditions and, to the 27 28 extent reasonably practicable, duties to the position held 29 at the time of injury. A written statement from a duly licensed physician that the physician approves the 30 injured employee's return to his or her regular employ-31 ment shall be prima facie evidence that the worker is 32 able to perform such duties. In the event that neither 33 34 the former position nor a comparable position is 35 available, the employee shall have a right to preferential recall to any job which the injured employee is capable 36 37 of performing which becomes open after the injured employee notifies the employer that he or she desired 38 39 reinstatement. Said right of preferential recall shall be in effect for one year from the day the injured employee 40 notifies the employer that he or she desires reinstate-41 ment: Provided, That the employee provides to the 42 employer a current mailing address during this one year 43 44 period.

(c) Any civil action brought under this section shall
be subject to the seniority provisions of a valid and
applicable collective bargaining agreement, or arbitrator's decision thereunder, or to any court or administrative order applying specifically to the injured employee's
employer, and shall further be subject to any applicable
federal statute or regulation.

52 (d) Nothing in this section shall affect the eligibility 53 of the injured employee to workers' compensation 54 benefits under this chapter.

DISPOSITION OF BILLS ENACTED The first column gives the number of the bill and the second column gives the chapter assigned to it.

r

Regular Session, 1990 HOUSE BILLS

Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
2159		4224		4559	
2219		4226		4560	
2259	56	4227		4577	
2305		4230		4579	
2537	49	4247		4588	
2609		4254			
2655	142	4256			6
2727				4592	
2788		4344			23
2813		4349		4596	
4005		4351		4602	
4007		4352		4648	
4011		4354		4659	
4012		4356		4660	
4035		4359	44	4664	
4037		4360	45	4666	
4044		4364		4670	21
4045		4384		4678	17
4060		4386		4679	59
4061		4387		4690	
4066	47	4398		4693	
4084		4399		4706	
4095				4712	
4097		4456		4720	
4102		4458		4722	
4109		4459		4735	
4121		4467		4740	
4126		4475			64
4127		4479			25
4128	96	4493		4769	
4130	109	4501			
4131		4502			55
4134			4		
4147		4515			
4151	107			4799	
4161		4541			
4176					
4187					
4195		4553			
4197				4846	
	ł				

[1741]

DISPOSITION OF BILLS

Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
1		162		438	
5		184	65	441	
11		188		450	
14		193		459	
15		243		466	
18	69	270		477	
22		276		481	
35	10	277		492	
37	35	279		507	
41		280	26	518	81
44		298		520	
61		301		532	43
62		302		545	
67		307	62	548	
77	38	310		550	
89		320	2	551	
92		327	63	554	
101		333		559	
109		337		563	
127		338		581	
136		339		608	
138		355		609	
146		386	136	610	
147	66	401		614	
148	27	419		615	
149		437		624	

SENATE BILLS

First Extraordinary Session, 1990 HOUSE BILLS

Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
101	2	102	1

Second Extraordinary Session, 1990 HOUSE BILLS

Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
201		206	
202		212	
204		213	
	SENAT	E BILLS	
Bill No.	SENAT Chapter	E BILLS Bill No.	Chapter
_	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
5	Chapter	Bill No.	

INDEX SECOND REGULAR SESSION, 1990 FIRST AND SECOND EXTRAORDINARY SESSIONS, 1990

ACTIONS AND SUITS:	Ch.	Page
Statute of Frauds \$55-1-1. When writing required	1	1
ADMINISTRATION:		
Appropriations, Expenditures and Deductions §12-3-17. Liabilities incurred by state boards, commissions,		
officers or employees which cannot be paid out of current appropriations	2	107
Central Nonprofit Coordinating Agency and Committee, Purchase of Commodities and Services from the Handicapped		
§5A-3A-1. Purpose	2	82
§5A-3A-2. Central nonprofit agency.	2	82
§5A-3A-3. Committee for the purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped	2	83
§5A-3A-4. Responsibilities of the committee for the purchase of	-	
commodities and services from the handicapped	2	84
§5A-3A-5. Rules	2	85
§5A-3A-6. Exceptions	2	85
Civil Service System §29-6-7. Director of personnel; appointment; qualifications;		
powers and duties	2	110
§29-6-23. Special fund; appropriations; cost of administering article; acceptance of grants or contribution;		
disbursements Department of Administration	2	111
§5A-1-1. Definitions	2	17
§5A-1-2. Department of administration and office of secretary;	2	14
secretary; division of finance and administration		
abolished: divisions: directors	2	18
	2	10
§5A-1-3. Powers and duties of secretary, division heads and	2	19
employees	2	20
\$5A-1-4. Council of finance and administration	2	20
§5A-1-5. Reports by secretary	4	21
§5A-1-6. Oath and bond of secretary; bond required for director of		
the purchasing division; bonds for other directors and	2	21
employees: cost of bonds	2	21
§5A-1-7. Delegation of powers and duties by secretary	2	22
§5A-1-8. Right of appeal from interference with functioning of	2	22
agency	2	22
Employee Suggestion Award Board	•	00
§5A-1A-1. Employee suggestion award program continued	2	23
§5A-1A-2. Board created; term of members	2	23
§5A-1A-3. Duties of board; excluded employees	2	23
§5A-1A-4. Awards	2	24
§5A-1A-5. State ownership of suggestions	2	25
Finance Division		
§5A-2-1. Finance division created: director; sections; powers and		
duties	2	26
\$5A-2-2. General powers and duties of secretary as director of	•	
budget	2	26
85A-2-3 Requests for appropriations: copies to legislative auditor	2	27
85A-2-4 Contents of requests	2	28
§5A-2-5. Form of requests	2	29

[1743]

	FRATION —(continued): 'ision—(continued):	Ch.	Page
			~~
§5A-2-6.	Information concerning state finances	2	29
§5A-2-7.	Appropriations for judiciary	2	29
§5A-2-8.	Examination of requests for appropriations	2	29
§5A-2-9.	Appropriation requests by other than spending units	2	30
§5A-2-10.	Powers of secretary in administration of expenditures	2	30
§5A-2-11.	Estimates of revenue; reports on revenue collections;		
	withholding department funds on noncompliance	2	30
§5A-2-12.	Submission of expenditure schedules; contents;		
	submission of information on unpaid obligations;		
	copies to legislative auditor	2	31
§5A-2-13.	Examination and approval of expenditure schedules;	_	
0	amendments; copies to legislative auditor	2	33
§5A-2-14.	Reserves for emergencies.	2	33
§5A-2-15.	Requests for quarterly allotments; approval or reduction	2	
3011-2-10.		0	94
§5A-2-16.	by governor.	2	34
	Limitation on expenditures	2	34
§5A-2-17.	Transfers between items of appropriation of executive,		<u>.</u>
	legislative and judicial branches	2	34
§5A-2-18.	Expenditure of excess in collections; notices to auditor		
	and treasurer	2	35
§5A-2-19.	Reports by spending units; copies to legislative auditor	2	36
§5A-2-20.	Reduction of appropriations—Powers of governor	2	36
§5A-2-21.	Reduction of appropriations—Pro rata reduction of		
	appropriations from general revenue	2	36
§5A-2-22.			
•	appropriations from other funds	2	36
§5A-2-23.			
0	receipt and expenditure of federal funds by state		
	agencies; copies or sufficient summary information to		
	be furnished to secretary and legislative auditor; and		
	consolidated report of federal funds	2	39
§5A-2-24.		2	39
\$5A-2-25.		4	05
30H-7-70.	auditor	2	40
§5A-2-26.		2	40
§5A-2-20.		2	40
90A-2-21.		2	40
851 0 00	purchases of commodities.	2	40
§5A-2-28.			41
85 A 0 00	commodities	2	41
§5A-2-29.		0	41
054.0.00	services	2	41
§5A-2-30.	Expenditure of appropriations—Legislative and		10
	judicial expenditures	2	42
§5A-2-31.	Appropriations for officers, commissions, boards or	~	40
	institutions without office at capitol	2	42
§5A-2-32.		-	
	legislative auditor; penalty for noncompliance	2	42
General Ser	vices Division		
§5A-4-1.	General services division; director	2	86
§5A-4-2.	Care, control and custody of capitol buildings and		
3011 1	grounds	2	86
§5A-4-3.	Security officers; appointment; oath; carrying weapons;		
3011 1 01	powers and duties generally, etc	2	87
§5A-4-4.	Unlawful to kill or molest animals, birds or fowls upon		
3011-4 4.	grounds of capitol; powers and duties of security		
	officers; penalties	2	88
REA AE	Regulation of parking on state-owned property in	-	20
§5A-4-5.	Charleston; penalties; jurisdiction	2	89
		-	
Governor's N	fansion Advisory Committee		
§5A-5-1.	Committee continued: appointment, terms, etc., of ment-	2	91
	bers; meetings and responsibilities; annual report	4	91

;

•

:

-

•

ADMINIST Governor's I	FRATION—(continued): Mansion Advisory Committee—(continued):	Ch.	Page
§5A-5-2.	Office of governor's mansion director created; duties and responsibilities	2	92
§5A-5-3.	Official use of state rooms in governor's mansion;	_	
Information	vacating private rooms of mansion Services and Communications Division	2	93
§5A-7-1.	Definitions	2	94
§5A-7-2.	Division created; purpose; use of facilities, rules and regulations	2	94
§5A-7-3.	Director; appointment and qualifications	2	95
§5A-7-4.	Powers and duties of division generally; review of findings by governor; authority of governor to order		
	transfer of equipment and personnel; professional		
	staff	2	95
§5A-7-5.	Control over central mailing office	2	96
§5A-7-6.	Central mailing office employees	2	96
§5A-7-7.	Central mailing office responsibilities	2	96
§5A-7-8.	Use of the central mailing office	2 2	96 97
§5A-7-9.	Preparation of mail for special rates	Z	97
§5A-7-10.	Special fund created; payments into fund; charges for	2	97
85 4 7 11	services; disbursements from fund	2	98
§5A-7-11.	Confidential records	2	30
	Public Contracts		
§14-3-1.	Payment of interest by the State on contracts when final	2	107
	payment is delayed	4	107
	rds Management and Preservation Act		00
§5A-8-1.	Short title	2	98
§5A-8-2.	Declaration of policy	2	98 99
§5A-8-3.	Definitions	2 2	99 100
§5A-8-4.	Categories of records to be preserved	2	100
§5A-8-5. §5A-8-6.	State records administrator Records management and preservation advisory	2	100
\$0A-0-0.	committee	2	100
§5A-8-7.	Duties of administrator	2	101
§5A-8-8.	Rules and regulations	2	102
§5A-8-9.	Duties of agency heads	2	102
§5A-8-10.	Essential state records—Preservation duplicates	2	103
§5A-8-11.	Essential state records—Safekeeping	2	103
§5A-8-12.	Essential state records-Maintenance, inspection and	•	101
	use	2	104
§5A-8-13.	Essential state records-Confidential records	2	105 105
§5A-8-14.	Essential state records-Review of program	2	105
\$5A-8-15.	Records management and preservation of local records	2 2	105
§5A-8-16.	Assistance to legislative and judicial branches	2	106
§5A-8-17.	Disposal of records	2	106
§5A-8-18.	Destruction of nonrecord materials	2	106
§5A-8-19.	Annual report	2	100
Purchasing 1 §5A-3-1.	Division created; purpose; director; applicability of		
894-9-1	article	2	44
§5A-3-1a.	Prescription drug products	2	45
§5A-3-2.	Books and records of director	2	46
§5A-3-3.	Powers and duties of director of purchasing	2	46
§5A-3-4.	Rules and regulations of director	2	48
§5A-3-5.	Purchasing section standard specifications-		
•	Promulgation and adoption by director; applicable to		
	all purchases	2	50
§5A-3-6.	Purchasing section standard specifications-Advisers		50
	from spending units	2	50
§5A-3-7.	Director to advise with heads of state and other institu-	2	50
	tions producing commodities, services and printing	4	

	RATION—(continued):	Ch.	Page
	Division—(continued):		
§5A-3-8.	Facilities of division available to local governmental bodies	2	51
§5A-3-9.	Examination and testing of purchases; report required	2	51
§5A-3-10.	Competitive bids; publication of solicitations for sealed	2	51
3011 0 10.	bids; purchase of products of nonprofit workshops;		
	employee to assist in dealings with nonprofit		
	workshops	2	51
§5A-3-11.	Purchasing in open market on competitive bids; bids to	2	51
301-0-11.	be based on standard specifications; period for		
	alteration or withdrawal of bids; awards to lowest		
	responsible bidder; uniform bids; record of bids; and	0	52
§5A-3-12.	exception Prequalification disclosure and payment of annual fee	2	52
30A-0-12.			
	by vendors required; form and contents; register of	0	E 4
85 A 9 19	vendors; false affidavits, etc.; penalties	2	54
§5A-3-13.	Contracts to be approved as to form; filing	2	56
§5A-3-14.	Copies of purchase orders sent to finance division;	0.00	50 000
85 A 0 15	certificates required before contracts awarded		56, 370
\$5A-3-15.	Emergency purchases in open market	2	56
§5A-3-16.	Special fund; purposes; how composed	2	57
§5A-3-17.	Purchases or contracts violating article void; personal	•	F F 1
65 A 0 10	liability	2	57
§5A-3-18.	Substituting for commodity bearing particular trade	•	
054 0 10	name or brand	2	58
§5A-3-19.	Purchases from federal government and other sources	2	58
§5A-3-20.	Spending units to submit lists of expendable	•	
051 0.01	commodities	2	58
§5A-3-21.	Contracts for public printing and paper for spending		
054.0.00	units; printing plants at institutions	2	58
§5A-3-22.	Legislative printing	2	59
§5A-3-23.	Publication of reports of supreme court of appeals	2	59
§5A-3-24.	Publication of departmental reports; uniform standards;		
	limiting number of publications; requiring division to	•	
854 0.05	perform printing and binding	2	61
§5A-3-25.	Printing, binding and stationery to be paid from current	•	00
854.0.00	expense appropriations	2	62
§5A-3-26.	Custodian of reports and acts; delivery to state law	•	CO
85 A 0 07	librarian for distribution; sale	2	62
§5A-3-27.	Director to establish central duplicating office;		
	exemption of particular spending units; contracts for	•	C 0
PE 4 0 00	duplicating	2	63
§5A-3-28.	Financial interest of secretary, etc.; receiving reward		
	from interested party; penalty; application of bribery	2	63
85 A 0 00	statute	2	64
§5A-3-29.	Penalty for violation of article	4	04
§5A-3-30.	Obtaining money and property under false pretenses or	2	64
85 A 0 01	by fraud from state; penalties	2	04
§5A-3-31.	Corrupt combinations, collusions or conspiracies	2	65
65 A 9 99	prohibited; penalties	2	65
§5A-3-32.	Power of director to suspend right to bid; notice of suspension	2	65
§5A-3-33.	Review of suspension by secretary	2	65
§5A-3-34.	Authority over inventories and property	2	66
§5A-3-35.	Submission of annual inventories.	4	00
§5A-3-36.	Inventory of removable property; maintenance and	2	66
	repair of office furniture, machinery and equipment	2	00
§5A-3-37.	Preference for resident vendors; preference for vendors	2	66
054 0 05	employing state residents; exceptions	4	00
95A-3-37a.	Preference for resident vendors; exceptions; reciprocal preference.	2	69
ar 4 0 00	Leases for space to be made in accordance with article;	-	05
§5A-3-38.	exception	2	70
	exception	-	

ADMINISTRATION—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Purchasing Division-(continued):		
 \$5A-3-39. Leasing of space by secretary; delegation of authority \$5A-3-40. Selection of grounds, etc.; acquisition by contract or 	2	70
lease; long-term leases; requiring approval of		
secretary for permanent changes.	2	71
§5A-3-41. Leases and other instruments for space signed by	-	
secretary or director; approval as to form; filing	2	72
§5A-3-42. Leasing for space rules and regulations	2	72
§5A-3-43. State agency for surplus property created	2	72
§5A-3-44. Authority and duties of state agency for surplus		
property	2	73
§5A-3-45. Disposition of surplus state property; semiannual report;		
application of proceeds from sale	2	74
§5A-3-46. Warehousing, transfer, etc., charges	2	77
§5A-3-47. Department of agriculture and other agencies exempted	2	77
§5A-3-48. Travel rules and regulations; exceptions	2	78
§5A-3-49. Central motor pool for state-owned vehicles and aircraft	2	78
§5A-3-50. Acquiring and disposing of vehicles and aircraft	2	79
§5A-3-51. Maintenance and service to vehicles and aircraft	2	79
§5A-3-52. Special fund for travel management created	2	79
§5A-3-53. Enforcement of travel management regulations	2	79
§5A-3-54. Payment of legitimate uncontested invoices; interest on		
late payments	2	80
State Building Commission		
§5-6-3. Definitions	2	11
\$5-6-4. Powers of commission	2	13
§5-6-7. Contracts with commission to be secured by bond;		
competitive bids required for certain contracts	2	16
Voluntary Gilding the Dome Check-Off Program		
§5A-9-3. Contributions credited to special fund	2	106
AGRICULTURE:		
Cooperative Extension Workers		
\$19-8-1. County extension service committee; composition;		
organization; duties and responsibilities; employemnt		
and compensation of extension workers	4	114
Insect Pests, Plant Diseases and Noxious Weeds		
§19-12-2. Definitions	5	117
\$19-12-16. Penalty for violation of article, rules and regulations;	-	
duties of prosecuting attorney	5	119
Public Markets		
§19-2A-8. Applicant for permit to furnish surety bond for benefit		
of consignors; form of surety bond	3	112
	°,	
West Virginia Agricultural Liming Materials Law	6	120
§19-15A-1. Definitions of words and terms §19-15A-2. Registration of brands; registration fees	6	120
	6	123
§19-15A-3. Required labeling; toxic materials prohibited §19-15A-4. Inspection fee; report of tonnage; annual report	6	124
\$19-15A-5. Inspection; sampling; analysis	ě	125
§19-15A-6. Embargo: suspension or cancellation of registration;	•	
seizure of materials	6	126
§19-15A-7. Deficiency assessment, tolerances and payment	6	127
§19-15A-8. Regulations	6	128
§19-15A-9. Lime fund	6	128
§19-15A-10. Penalties	6	128
West Virginia Pesticide Control Act		
§19-16A-1. Short title	7	130
§19-16A-2. Declaration of purpose; legislative finding	7	130
§19-16A-3. Definitions	7	131
§19-16A-4. Powers and duties of the commissioner	7	139

,

-

• •

	RE(continued):	Ch.	Page
	Pesticide Control Act-(continued):		
§19-16A-5.	Registration of pesticides; fees; confidentiality of trade	_	
810 1CA C	secrets.	7	141
§19-16A-6.	Refusal or cancellation of registration	7	143
§19-16A-7.	Annual pesticide business license	7	144
§19-16A-8.	Financial security requirement for licensed pesticide	-	
810 104 0	business.	7	146
§19-16A-9.	Records of pesticide businesses	7	147
§19-16A-10.	Restricted use pesticides	7	147
§19-16A-11.	Application of this article to government entities;	-	1 4 7
\$10 1CA 10	liability	7	147
§19-16A-12.	Private and commercial applicator's license and	7	148
§19-16A-13.	certificate; registered technician certificate	7	140
§19-16A-14.	Renewals	7	149
	Exemptions	7	
§19-16A-15. §19-16A-16.	Reexamination or special examinations	7	151 151
§19-16A-17.	Employee training program Reciprocal agreement	7	151
§19-16A-18.	Denial, suspension or revocation of license, permit or	'	101
\$19-10A-10.	certification; civil penalty	7	152
\$10 JEA 10	Pesticide accidents; incidents or loss	7	152
§19-16A-19. §19-16A-20.	Legal recourse of aggrieved persons	7	152
		7	153
§19-16A-21.	Violations.	1	100
§19-16A-22.	Criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated	7	157
§19-16A-23.	agreement Creation of pesticide control fund in state treasury;	"	157
\$19-10A-23.		7	158
§19-16A-24.	disposition of certain fees to general revenue fund Issuance of subpoenas	7	158
§19-16A-25.	Right of commissioner to enter and inspect;	•	105
919-10A-20.	enforcement of article	7	159
§19-16A-26.	Issuance of stop-sale; use or renewal orders; judicial	4	105
§19-10A-20.	review	7	160
§19-16A-27.	Issuing warnings	7	161
313-10A-27.	Issuing warnings	•	101
AIR POLLU	FION CONTROL:		
Air Pollution (Control		
§16-20-5. A	Air pollution control commission—Powers and duties;		
Ū	legal services; rules; public hearings	8	162
§16-20-8. F	Penalties; recovery and disposition; duties of prosecuting		
0	attorneys	8	166
§16-20-9. A	Applications for injunctive relief	8	167
•			
ALCOHOLIC			
Licenses to Pri			
§60-7-11. I	icensee must purchase alcoholic liquors from or	_	
	through commissioner or retail licensee; exceptions	9	193
Sales By Retai	l Liquor Licensees		
§60-3A-1.	Short title	9	171
§60-3A-2.	Legislative findings and declarations; legislative		
-	purpose	9	171
§60-3A-3.	Sale of liquor by retail licensees permitted; cessation of		
-	retail sale of liquor by state	9	172
§60-3A-4.	Definitions	9	172
§60-3A-5.	Creation of retail liquor licensing board; members,		
-	terms, meetings and officers; general provisions	9	173
§60-3A-6.	General powers and duties of board and commissioner	9	175
§60-3A-7.	Market zones; Class A and Class B retail licenses	9	176
§60-3A-8.	Retail license application requirements; retail licensee		_
-	qualifications	9	177
§60-3A-9.	Investigation of applicants for retail license;		
-	notification to applicants approving or denying	~	
	application; general provisions relating to licensing	9	178

÷

ALCOHOLIC	LIQUOR-(continued):	Ch.	Page
Sales By Retai	Liquor Licensees-(continued):	•	
§60-3A-10.	Bidding procedure	. 9	179
	Preference for resident bidders		181
§60-3A-11.	Bonding requirements	9	181
§60-3A-12.	Annual retail license fee; expiration and renewal of	•	
600 04 10	retail licenses		182
§60-3A-13.	Annual reports		183
§60-3A-14.	Sale, assignment or transfer of retail license		183
§60-3A-15.	Surrender of retail license		183
§60-3A-16.	Restriction on location of retail outlets	9	184
§60-3A-17.	Wholesale prices set by commissioner; continuation of		
	price increases on liquor; retail licensees to		
	purchase liquor from state; transportation and		
	storage; method of payment		184
§60-3A-18.	Days and hours retail licensees may sell liquor		185
§60-3A-19.	Limitation on amount to be sold	9	185
§60-3A-20.	Nonapplication of article to retail sales of		
	nonintoxicating beer	9	185
§60-3A-21.	Tax on purchases of liquor	9	186
§60-3A-22.	Requirement for posting informational sign	9	186
§60-3A-23.	Records required of retail licensees; inspection of records	9	186
§60-3A-24.	Unlawful acts by persons	9	187
§60-3A-25.	Certain acts of retail licensees prohibited; criminal		
0	penalties	9	187
§60-3A-26.	Civil penalties	9	189
§60-3A-27.	Suspension or revocation of retail license	9	190
§60-3A-28.	Notice of and hearing on revocation	9	190
§60-3A-29.	Disposition of inventory upon revocation or surrender	•	
300 011 20.	of retail license	9	191
§60-3A-30.	Employees	9	192
§60-3A-31.	Rules of construction; severability	9	192
	itules of consu detion, sever ability	Ũ	102
Taxation §11-15-9a.	Exemptions; exceptions for sales of liquors and wines to		
	private clubs	9	170
APPROPRIA	TIONS.		
Budget Bill		10	198
Index to, by	accounts	10	150
	ropriations of public money out of the Treasury for	10	194
•	r 1990	10	134
Supplemental		14	279
	on Aging	14	279
	lighways	18	-+-
	Motor Vehicles	19,3	285,1595
Division of I	Personnel, Civil Service System and	10	282
Civil Serv	ice Commission	17	282
Drunk Driv	ing Prevention Fund, Division of Public Safety	22	294 295
	vices Revenue Account, Division of Health	23 21	293
Information	System Services Division Fund		293
	vices Fund	11	275
Nonintoxica	ting Beer Commissioner	15	1551
State Depar	tment of Education, State Aid to Schools	1	276
Supreme Co	urt-General Judicial	12	278
Tax Division	1	13	
Various Acc	ounts	20,1,4	287,1589,
		10	1595 281
Racing Com	mission	16	1594
Consolidated	d Medical Services Fund	2	1094
ARCHITECT	-ENGINEER SERVICES:		
Progurement	Architect-Engineer Services		
§5G-1-1. D	eclaration of legislative policy	24	297

Procurement o		Ch.	Page
§5G-1-2. D §5G-1-3. Co	efinitions ontracts for architectural and engineering services; selection process where total project costs are	24	297
§5G-1-4. Co	estimated to cost two hundred fifty thousand dollars or more ontracts for architectural and engineering services; selection process where total project costs are estimated to cost less than two hundred fifty	24	298
	thousand dollars	24	299
	ND HISTORY: ture and History		
§29-1-5. A1	chives and history section; director otection of human skeletal remains; grave artifacts and grave markers; permits for excavation and	25	301
§29-1-7. Pr	removal; penalties otection of historic and prehistoric sites; penalties	25 25	304 312
0	- •	20	312
BANKS AND Acquisition of			
\$31A-8A-1. \$31A-8A-7.	Legislative findings and purpose Acquisition of state bank or holding company by foreign bank; reciprocity; authority of the	28	317
	commissioner and of the board	28	318
Banking Instit §31A-4-3.	utions and Services Generally Minimum capital stock; one class of stock; par value;		
30171-4-0.	capitalization of surplus	28	317
§31A-4-44.	Employment information	29	324
	ing and Financial Institutions Board created; appointment, qualifications, terms, oath, etc., of members; quorum; meetings; when members disqualified from participation; compensation; records; office space; personnel	27	313
	Finance and Administration porting of state assets held to secretary and state		
•	treasurer	26	313
Funds Transfe	rs ject Matter and Definitions.		
\$46-4A-10		30	326
§46-4A-10	2. Subject matter	30	326
§46-4A-10	3. Payment order—Definitions	30	326
§46-4A-104	4. Funds transfer—Definitions	30	327
§46-4A-10	5. Other definitions	30	328
§46-4A-106		30	330
§46-4A-107		30	331
§46-4A-108	 Exclusion of consumer transactions governed by federal law 	30	331
PART II. Iss	UE AND ACCEPTANCE OF PAYMENT ORDER.	00	0.01
§46-4A-201		30	331
§46-4A-202		30	332
§46-4A-203		30	333
§46-4A-204			
•	with respect to unauthorized payment order	30	334
§46-4A-205		30	334
§46-4A-206	5. Transmission of payment order through funds- transfer or other communication system	30	336
§46-4A-207		30	336
§46-4A-208	 Misdescription of intermediary bank or 		
-	beneficiary's bank	30	338
§46-4A-209	Acceptance of payment order	30	339
§46-4A-210		30	341

BANKS AND BA	ANKING(continued):	Ch.	Page
Funds Transfers-			
§46-4A-211. §46-4A-212.	Cancellation and amendment of payment order Liability and duty of receiving bank regarding	. 30	342
	unaccepted payment order	. 30	344
PART III. EXEC	UTION OF SENDER'S PAYMENT ORDER BY RECEIVING BANK.		
§46-4A-301.	Execution and execution date	. 30	344
§46-4A-302.	Obligations of receiving bank in execution of		
	payment order	. 30	345
§46-4A-303.	Erroneous execution of payment order	. 30	346
§46-4A-304.	Duty of sender to report erroneously executed payment order	30	347
§46-4A-305.	Liability for late or improper execution of failure to		
	execute payment order	30	348
PART IV. PAYME	ENT.		
§46-4A-401.	Payment date	30	349
§46-4A-402.	Obligation of sender to pay receiving bank	30	349
§46-4A-403.	Payment by sender to receiving bank		351
§46-4A-404.	Obligation of beneficiary's bank to pay and give		
U	notice to beneficiary	30	352
§46-4A-405. §46-4A-406.	Payment by beneficiary's bank to beneficiary Payment by originator to beneficiary; discharge of		353
U U	underlying obligation	30	355
PART V. MISCEL	LANEOUS PROVISIONS.		
§46-4A-501.	Variation by agreement and effect of funds-transfer		
340-41-001.	system rule	30	356
§46-4A-502.	Creditor process served on receiving bank; setoff by		
	beneficiary's bank	30	356
§46-4A-503.	Injunction or restraining order with respect to		050
§46-4A-504.	funds transfer Order in which items and payment orders may be charged to account; order of withdrawals from	30	358
	accounts	30	358
§46-4A-505.	Preclusion of objection to debit of customer's		
•	account	30	358
§46-4A-506.	Rate of interest	30	358
§46-4A-507.	Choice of law	30	359
Lending and Cred	it Rate Board		
§47A-1-2. Boa	rd staff, offices, funding	28	323
BEER:			
Nonintoxicating B	Beer		
	m of application for license; fee and bond; refusal of		
gii 10 0. 10.	license	31	362
§11-16-22. Pov	vers of the commissioner; rules, or orders	31	364
	vocation or suspension of license; monetary penalty;	-	
J- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	hearing assessment of costs; establishment of		
	enforcement fund	31	366
§11-16-24. Hea	aring on sanctioning of license; notice; review of		
•	action of commissioner; clerk of court to furnish		
	commissioner copy of order or judgment of		
	conviction of licensee assessment of costs	31	367
BIDS:			
Purchasing Divisi			
§5A-3-14. Bids	s to be based on standard specifications; period for alteration or withdrawal of bids; awards to lowest		
	responsible bidder, uniform bids; record of bids;		
	and exception	2,32	56,370
	and ever hourseless and the second se		

.

INDEX

		Ch.	Pag
BLENNER	HASSETT PARK:		
Blennerhass	ett Historic Park Commission		
§29-8-2.	Blennerhassett historical state park commission		
	established; members; terms; meeting; quorum;		
	compensation; expenses	33	37
POAPDO	F INVESTMENTS:		
	ia Board of Investments		
§12-6-5a.	Legislative findings and limitation on certain board		
912-0-0a.	actions	34	37
§12-6-18.	West Virginia board of investments continued	35	37
DUDCET			
BUDGET I	DRIATIONS		
See AFFRC	JPRIATIONS		
CABLE TE	ELEVISION:		
West Virgin	nia Cable Television Systems Act		
§5-18-1.	Short title	36	37
§5-18 - 2.	Legislative findings	36	37
§5-18-3.	Definitions	36	31
§5-18-4.	Cable franchise required; franchising authority	36	- 31
§5-18-5.	Existing cable franchises	36	3
§5-18-6.	West Virginia cable television advisory board created:		
	appointments and terms of members; meetings;		
	vacancies; quorum	36	3
§5-18-7.	Compensation and expenses of board members	36	3
§5-18-8.	Duties of West Virginia cable television advisory board	36	3
§5-18-9.	Application or proposal for cable franchise; fee; certain	0.0	
	requirements	36	3
§5-18-10.	Cable franchise application or proposal procedure: public	0.0	
er 10.11	hearing; notice	36	3
§5-18-11.	Issuance of cable franchise authority; criteria; content	36	3
§5-18-12.	Cable system installation, construction, operation,	36	3
85 10 19	removal; general provisions	30	0
§5-18-13.	Revocation, alteration, or suspension of cable franchise; penalties	36	3
§ 5-18-14.	Renewal of cable franchise	36	3
§5-18-14.	Transfer of cable franchise	36	3
§5-18-16.	Rates; filing with board; approval	36	3
§5-18-17.	Requirement for adequate service; terms and conditions		Ŭ
30 10-11.	of service	36	3
§5-18-18.	Procedure for restoring interrupted service and		
30 10 10	improving substandard service	36	3
§5-18-19.	Credit or refund for interrupted service	36	3
§5-18-20.	Office operating requirements; office hours	36	3
§5-18-21.	Notice to subscribers regarding quality of service	36	3
§5-18-22.	Recording of subscriber complaints	36	4
§5-18-23.	Franchise document clearinghouse	36	4
§5-18-24.	Rights of individuals	36	4
§5-18-25.	Complaints; violations; penalties	36	4
§5-18-26.	Other duties of board; suit to enforce article	36	4
§5-18-27.	Reports	36	4
§5-18-28.	Annual fees: effect of application and filing fees on		
	franchise fees	36	4
§5-18-29.	Cable television industry not regulated as a utility	36	4
§5-18-30.	Severability	36	4
CAPITAL	COMPANY ACT:		
§5E-1-4.	Definitions	37	4
0	BUILDING COMMISSION:		
\$4-8-1	Creation: composition: qualifications	38	4
§4-8-1. §4-8-4.	Powers and duties generally	38	4
17.0.1			

1753

Ch.

Page

CHARITAB	LE FUNDS:		
Solicitation o	f Charitable Funds Act		
§29-19-3.	Commission on charitable organizations; powers and		
•	duties	5	1601
§29-19-6.	Certain persons and organizations exempt from		
	registration	5	1601
§29-19-7.	Filing of solicitation contracts	5	1603
§29-19-8.	Limitations on activities of charitable organizations	5	1604
§29-19-9.	Registration of professional fund-raising counsel and		
	professional solicitor; bonds; records; books	5	1605
§29-19-13.	Prohibited acts	5	1607
§29-19-15.	Enforcement and penalties	5	1608
CHILD ADV	VOCATE:		
West Virgini	a Child Advocate Office		
	Reestablishment	39	408
3.011.0 1.	Accounting the second s		
CHILD SUP	PPORT:		
Child Advoca			
§48A-2-2.	Legislative purpose and intent; responsibility of the	· · ·	100
	child advocate office	40	437
§48A-2-7.	Powers and duties of the director; advisory council	40	438
Children's Ac	lvocate		
§48A-3-1.	Purposes; how article to be construed	40	440
§48A-3-2.	Placement of children's advocates throughout the state;		
	supervision; office procedures	40	441
§48A-3-3.	Duties of the children's advocate	40	442
§48A-3-6.	Investigations of support orders; notice and hearing		
	upon modifications; petition for change	40,6	445,1613
§48A-3-8.	Compensation; expenses	40	446
	ulment and Separate Maintenance		
§48-2-1.	Definitions	40	421
§48-2-15.	Relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting		105
	decree of separate maintenance	40	425 431
§48-2-15a.	Withholding from income prior to November 1, 1990		431
	Withholding from income on and after November 1, 1990	40 40	434
§48-2-27.	Sealing by clerk of evidence and pleadings	40	434
§48-2-33.	Disclosure of assets required	6	1611
	Withholding from income on and after November 1, 1990	0	1011
	nt of Paternity	40	473
§48A-6-5.	Representation of parties	40	413
§48A-6-6.	Establishing paternity by acknowledgement of natural	40	474
	father	40	111
Evidence and			
	ous Provisions	40	475
§57-5-4.	Production of writings by person other than party	40	410
	Before a Master		
§48A-4-1.	Appointment of family law masters; term of office;		
	vacancy: qualifications; removal; compensation and		
	expenses; budget; location of offices; matters to be		
	heard by master; fees for hearings; notice of		
	master's hearing; content of notice; determination	40	447
	of issues by consent; hearing	40	454
§48A-4-2.	Hearing procedures	40	404
§48A-4-2a.	Acts or failures to act in the physical presence of family	40	456
	law masters	40	457
§48A-4-3.	Default orders; temporary orders Recommended orders	40	458
§48A-4-4.	Recommended orders		

- 1

CHILD SUPPORT—(continued): Proceedings Before a Master—(continued):	Ch.	Page
\$48A-4-4a. Form of notice of recommended order	40	450
\$48A-4-5. Orders to be entered by circuit court exclusively \$48A-4-6. Circuit court review of master's action or recommended	40 40	459 459
order	40	460
§48A-4-7. Procedure for review by circuit court	40	460
§48A-4-8. Form of petition for review	40	461
§48A-4-9. Answer in opposition to a petition for review	40	461
§48A-4-10. Circuit court review of master's recommended order	40	462
Remedies for the Enforcement of Support Obligations and Visitation §48A-5-1. Action to obtain an order for support of minor child §48A-5-3. Withholding from income of amounts payable as support	40 40	463 465
Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act	40	400
§48A-7-14. Duty of initiating court	40	475
Vital Statistics		
\$16-5-12. Birth registration generally	40	411
§16-5-14. Delayed registration of births	40	413
\$16-5-15. Judicial procedure to establish facts of birth	40	414
§16-5-16. Court reports of adoption	40	416
§16-5-17. Court reports of determination of paternity	40	418
§16-5-18b. Limitation on use of social security numbers	40	418
§16-5-24. Correction and amendment of vital records	40	420
CHILD WELFARE: Adoption §48-4-16. Prohibition of purchase or sale of child; penalty;		
definitions; exceptions Procedure in Cases of Child Neglect or Abuse	41	476
§49-6-3. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused—Temporary custody	42	484
Purposes; Definitions		
 §49-1-3. Definitions relating to abuse and neglect §49-7-7. Contributing to delinquency or neglect of a child 	41 41	478 482
CIVIL SERVICE:		
Civil Service System		
§29-6-4. Classified-exempt service; additions to classified service; exemptions	43	487
CLAIMS:		
Claims Against the State		
Adjutant General	46	495
Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner	46	495
Attorney General	46	496
Board of Education	46	495
Board of Directors, State College System	46	497
Board of Trustees, WVU	46	497
Department of Agriculture	46	497
Department of Corrections	46	497
Department of Education		490,498
Department of Energy	46	498
Department of Finance and Administration	44,46	491,498
Department of Health	46	499
Department of Health—Chief Medical Examiner	46	499
Department of Highwave	46	499
Department of Human Services	46	500
Department of Labor	46	503
Department of Motor Vahicles	46	503
Department of Natural Resources	46	503

Ì

CLAIMS-(continued):	Ch.	Page
Department of Public Safety	46	503
Division of Forestry	46	504
Education and State Employees Grievance Board	46	504
Governor's Office	44	491
Human Rights Commission	46	504
Nonintoxicating Beer Commission		504
Public Employees Insurance Agency	46	505
Public Service Commission	46	505
Railroad Maintenance Authority	44	491
Secretary of State	46	505
State Athletic Commission	46	505
State Fire Marshal	46	505
State Tax Department	46	505
State Treasurer	46	506
Supreme Court of Appeals	46	506
Workers' Compensation Fund	44,46	492,506
West Virginia, State of	46	506
Crime Victims		
Claims for compensation	45	492

CODE AMENDED:

Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Page
3	1	17	Election of circuit judges, county and district officers and magistrates
3	4A	2.9,10,10a;11a*;12, 13,15,16,17,19,19a, 20,21,22,24,25	Electronic voting systems
3	4A	12	Ballot label arrangement in vote recording devices
3	5	4,7	Nominations in primary elections, filing announcements of candidates
3	10	3	Vacancies in state offices, U. S. senators and judges
4	1	22*	Defining the phrase "next meeting of the Senate"
4	3	5*	Charges for use of legislative computer system
4	8	1,4	Continuing Capitol Building Commission
4	10	4	Rescheduling termination of governmental agencies
5	1	12	Payment of costs of confinement 1200
5	6	3,4,7	Definitions, powers of state building commission, contracts to be secured by bond
5	10	19,22c;54*	Public employees retirement and permitting persons who are elected or appointed to nonremunerative governmental positions to continue to receive incentive annuities
5	18*		Cable Television Systems Act 378
5A	1	1.2.3,4,5,6;7*;8*	Department of Administration. delegation of powers and duties by secretary, right of appeal from interference with functioning of agency

* Indicates new chapter, article or section.

		ED-(Continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.		Page
5A	1	9*	Reporting of state assets held to secretary of administration and state treasurer	313
5A	1A	•	Employee Suggestion Award Board	
5A	2	1 through 9; 10*;11*;12 through 32	Finance Division, powers of secretary in administration of expenditures, estimates of revenue	26
5A	3	1;1a*;2 through 5; 6;7*;8 through 22; 23*;24 through 37; 37a*;38 through 47; 48*;49*;50*;51*; 52*;53*;54*	Purchasing Division	
5A	3	14	Bid specifications, bids on school buses, copies of purchase orders sent to finance division	56, 370
5 A	3A		Central nonprofit coordinating agency and committee for the purchase of commodities and service from the handicapped	
5A	4	1,2,3,4,5	General Services Division	86
5A	5	1,2,3	Governor's Mansion Advisory Committee	91
5A	7	1,2,3,4,5, 6,7,8;9*;10*;11*	Information Services and Communications Division	93
5A	8	1,2,3,4,5,6, 7;8* through 19*	Public Records Management and Preservation Act	98
5 A	9	3	Special fund for deposit of voluntary contributions for guilding capitol dome	106
5B	1	1,2,4,5,6,6a,7, 8,10,12,12b,13, 15,16,17,18	Division of Tourism and Parks	608
5B	1	12a*	Prohibiting the transfer of Plum Orchard Lake, Pleasants Creek, Big Ditch Lake and Teeter Creek	809
5B	1	13	Moncove Lake State Park	
5B	2	2a*;3	General powers of Office of Community and Industrial	
5B	2D*		Development, divisions created West Virginia Guaranteed Work	628
эD	20*		Force Program	633
5B	6*		Small Business Expansion Assistance Program	
5D	1	4,5;5a*;5b*;9	Public Energy Authority	
5E	1	4	Definitions, Capital Company Act	405
5F	2	1	Transferring administration of crime victims compensation fund from Department of Public Safety to Court of Claims	581
5F	2	1	Administration of Department of Veterans' Affairs and Veterans' Council transferred from Department of Health and Human Resources to Department of Public Safety	

*Indicates new chapter, article or section.

Ch.	Art.)—(Continued): Sec.		Pa
5G*			Procurement of Architect-Engineer Services	-
6B	1	4	Remedies and penalties in ethics law in addition to other applicable remedies and penalties	
6B	2	3,4,5,7,8	Immunity from sanctions for persons acting in good faith reliance on Ethics Commission advisory opinions, selec- tion of investigative panel members, public disclosure of certain commis- sion actions, financial disclosure and exceptions thereto, conflicts of interest	7
6B	2A*		Disclosures to be made in manner prescribed by legislative rules	7
6B	3	4	Expenditure changes to be reported by lobbyists and deletion of provision requiring lobbyists to report additional information by legislative rule	73
7	5	22	County solid waste assessment fees authorized	13
7	14	15a,19a	Prohibiting off-duty employment of law-enforcement officers in labor disputes	9
7	14	17b	Sick leave and unlimited unpaid sick leave for deputy sheriffs	5
7 8	20* 11	1,1a	Local Powers Act Ordinances to make municipal powers effective, disposition of criminal costs into State Treasury account for regional jail and prison development fund	10
8	14	3	Powers, authority and duties of law- enforcement officers and policemen	92
8	18	23	Discontinuance of water service for nonpayment of sewer service rates and charges	114
8	19		Municipal and county waterworks and electric power systems	115
8	19	12a	Lien for delinquent service rates and charges	114
3	20	10	Nonliability of owner of real property for delinquent water and sewer service charges of a tenant	114
3	22	13,26a	Actuarial valuation report, policemen's firemen's, etc., pension and relief funds and supplemental cost of living benefit	130
•	5	14	Reimbursement of capital costs for certain health care facilities financed by public bonded indebtedness	80
9A	2	1	State homes for veterans	
0	I	14	Library Commission to offer certain printed material for sale	24

*Indicates new chapter, article or section.

,

ì

		DED-(Continued):	
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Page
10	1	22*	Confidential nature of certain library records
11	1C*		Fair and equitable property valuation
11	3	9	Exempting from taxation property used by nonprofit corporations providing natural gas for public purposes
11	6B	2,3,12	Twenty thousand dollar Homestead Property Tax Exemption allowed and specifying requirements, limitations and conditions therefor
11	8	6e*;6f*	Levy rates when appraisal results in tax increase
11	10	3	Application of article governing tax procedure and administration
11	13C	14*	Restrictions and limitations on credits allowed under business investment and jobs expansion credit
11	15	2,9,33	Consumers sales tax, definitions, exemptions and effective date
11	15	9a	Exception to tax exemption for sales of liquor and wine to private clubs
11	16	8,22,23,24	Licenses for retail sale of nonintoxicating beer
11	21	8a through 8f*	Personal income tax credit for invest- ment in rehabilitated buildings
11	21	9.55	Personal income tax terms
11	21	18;71a*	Taxable income of resident estate or trust, withholding tax on effectively connected income of nonresident partners, shareholders or beneficiaries
11	23	3a,5	Business franchise tax terms and apportionment of tax base
11	24	3,13,13a	Corporation net income tax terms, returns, time for filing and method of filing for business taxes
11	24	23a through 23f*	Corporate net income tax credit of businesses for investment in rehabilitated buildings
11A	1	3	Accrual, time for payment and interest on delinguent taxes
12	1	10;13*	Treasurer to keep accounts with state depositories, payment of banking services
12	3	17	Liabilities incurred which cannot be paid out of current appropriations
12	4	13*	Requiring state treasurer to reconcile banks in a timely manner
12	5	Б	Protection and handling of securities 1456
12	6	4,5,6,9,9c,15	Board of Investments 1456
12	6	5a*	Prohibiting attempts to recover overpayments from consolidated fund to local governments

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

		D-(Continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.		Page
12	6	18*	Continuation of Board of Investments	376
14	2A	4,14,26	Imposing costs on persons convicted of driving under the influence and deposit of such costs into the crime victims compensation fund	591
14	2A	14	Grounds for denial of claim by crime victims	543
14	3	1	Payment of interest by state on con- tracts when final payment delayed	
15	1B	23*	American flag for burial of deceased members of national guard	
15	2	4,5	Appointment of commissioned and noncommissioned officers, career progression system, Division of Public Safety	1247
15	2	12	Reimbursement by Division of Motor Vehicles of Division of Public Safety for services rendered	
15	2	25	Carrying of weapons upon retirement or medical discharge from Division of Public Safety	
15	2	43*	Awarding service revolver upon retirement from Department of Public Safety	1258
15	5	2,4;4b*;4c*;20, 23;24*;25*;26*;27*	Abolishment of Emergency Services Advisory Council and creation of Disaster Recovery Board, providing for a Disaster Recovery Trust Fund and the use thereof, tax exemption for such fund and permissible uses of assets thereof, annual report and severability	. 1615
16	1	10	Powers and duties of the Director of Health	. 749
16	1	21*	Administrator of Division of Health authorized to charge for services	850
16	2D	2,4	rendered Definitions, restricting certificate of need exemption for private office practice for certain medical technologies	
16	2D	5	Powers and duties, State Health Planning and Development Agency	
16	2G	1	WIC Program and authorizing advance payments from special account	1659
16	5	12,14,15,16, 17;18b*;24	Birth registration, procedure, court reports of adoption, paternity, limitation on use of social security numbers, correction of vital records	411
16	20	5.8,9	Air Pollution Control	161
16	29	1,2	Furnishing of copies of health care records to patients, reasonable expenses to be reimbursed	780

*Indicates new chapter, article or section.

1759

• • • • • • • •

-

CODE	AMENI)ED(Continued):	
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Page
16	29C	4,5	Termination date, Task Force on Uncompensated Health Care and Medicaid Expenditures
16	30A*		Medical Power of Attorney Act 785
17	16A	18;18a*	Continued toll collection at inter- section of U. S. Route 19 and the Turnpike, commuter pass system
17	16C*		West Virginia Wayport Authority 1508
17A	3	4	Certification of title tax
17A	3	14	Registration plates
17A	4	10	Salvage certificates for certain wrecked or damaged vehicles
17A	6	la*	Unlawful to be an automobile broker 1113
17A	6	1,4,5,10.15	Licensing of wreckers. dis- mantlers and rebuilders
17A	6A	8a*	Compensation to dealers for service rendered on warranty and factory recall work
17A	6B*		License services
17A	8	9	Theft of a rented or leased vehicle
17A	8	13*	Theft of a motor vehicle offered for
117	ð	10	sale which has been obtained for temporary use for demonstration purposes
17A	10	3	Registration fees for certain classes of vehicles
17A	10	3b*	Motorcycle safety fee 1120
17B	1	1	Driver licenses, words and phrases defined
17B	1D*		Motorcycle safety education 1123
17B	2	1,5.7b*:7c*; 8,12;15*	Issuance, expiration and renewal of license
17C	12	7	Overtaking and passing school buses 1132
17C	13	6	Handicapped parking and violations by nonhandicapped persons
17C	15	48	Altered suspension systems 1134
17D	2A	5,7	Suspension of driver license 1137
18	2	5a	State Board of Education rules to be filed with Legislature
18	2	5b*	State Board of Education, Medicaid eligible children
18	2B	2a*	County withdrawal from multi-county vocational center prohibited
18	5	13	General authority, county boards of education
18	5	15	Reducing number of days to be used outside school environment
18	8	1	Commencement and termination of compulsory school attendance
18	9A	4,5,5a,7,9, 10,13,13b	Foundation allowances
18	9A	11	Computation of local share, appraisal and assessment of property 1386

*Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODE	AMENDED	(Continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Pag	ge
18	9B	6a*	Submission of budget	78
18	20	1;1b*	Special programs and teaching services for exceptional children, preschool programs for handicapped children	
18A	2	4*	Commercial driver's license for school personnel	
18A	2	7	Assignment, transfer, promotion, demotion, suspension and dismissal of school personnel	31
18A 18A	4 4	1 5a,5b;5d*;7	In-field master's degree	
18A	4	8e*	Competency testing for service personnel	3
18A	5	2	Including Martin Luther King Day as a legal school holiday	
18B	1	11*	Colleges and universities to provide appropriate services to meet needs of students with handicapping conditions	8
18B	6	2,4	Advisory councils of faculty and of classified employees	
19	2A	8	Applicant for public market permit to furnish surety bond	-
19	8	1	State-funded raise for cooperative extension service employees	_
19	12	2,16	Additional definition of "dealer" and increasing penalty for violation of article governing noxious weeds	
19	12A	3,5,6;6a*;8	Farm Management Commission continued, powers, duties and responsibilities, appointment of director, special revenue account, effect of management plan on	•
			employees	-
19 19	15A 16A	1 through 10	Agricultural liming materials law	-
19	23	6	Powers and authority of Racing	
19	23	12b*	Commission	
20	1	120 18d	Continuing the U. S Geological Survey	
20	ÎA	4	Sales of public land to federal or state entities for less than fair	-
20	2	33	market value	
20	2	40b	Class A-1 small arms hunting license	
20	2	46j	Minimum legal bore diameter permitted for muzzle-loading hunting of deer	
20	2	57	Negligent shooting, wounding or killing of human beings or livestock while hunting, and shooting across road or near building or crowd	

.

*Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODE	AMEND	ED—(Continued):	
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Page
20	2C*		Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact 1176
20	4*		Equestrian Activities Responsibility Act
20	5A	2	Further defining the term "other wastes" in the Water Pollution Control Act 1191
20	5F	1,2,4a;4b*;5,5b,5c	Solid waste management
20	5H	6,22	Underground storage tank management
20	9	1,2,7;10a through 10j*; 12,12a,12b, 12c;12d*	County and regional solid waste authorities
20	11	5	Petition for referendum, county recycling of solid waste
21A	4	6	Offices and meetings of the Unemployment Compensation Board of Review
21A	5	10,10a	Unemployment Compensation, experience ratings, optional assessments on employers and employees
21A	6	3	Disqualification for benefits under Unemployment Compensation
21A	8A	8	Unemployment Compensation assessments
21A	9	9*	Reed Act appropriations 1492
21A	10	7,8,11,19	Unemployment Compensation, false representations, recovery of benefits paid on misrepre- sentation, requiring information and disclosure of information to child support agencies
22	1	2,5;7a*	Commissioner of Energy and Division of Energy Advisory Board
22	1	5a*	Use of special revenue funds by Commissioner of Energy
22	4	1	Reclamation Board of Review 1643
22A	3	11	Surface coal mining and reclamation bonding requirements, increasing tonnage fee of clean coal mined
23	1	1	Office of Workers' Compensation Commissioner continued
23	2	4,5a,9;14*;15*; 16*;17*;18	Workers' Compensation, classification of industries, collection of premiums, election of employer to provide own system of compensation, mandatory participation, sale or transfer of business, liabilities of successor employer, acceptance or assignment of premium rate, right of employer to hearing and promulgation of legislative rules for implementation 1667
23	2A*		Workers' Compensation, subrogation 1684

^{*}Indicates new chapter, article or section.

Ch.	Art.	ED(Continued): Sec.	Page
23	3	1	Workers' Compensation Fund
23	4	1d,3,3a;3b*; 3c*;6,6d*;7a,7b*; 8,8c,9,14,15b,19	Workers' Compensation, disability and death benefits
23	4B	8	Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund and transfers to Workers' Compensation Fund
23	5	1,1a,1b,1c,1d, 1e;1f*;1g*;1h*; 1i*;3,3a,4b	Workers' Compensation, review by Commissioner
23	5A	3*	Termination of Workers' Com- pensation benefits of injured employees prohibited under certain circumstances
24	2	3c*	Cessation of PSC jurisdiction over rates for certain services of telephone utilities
24	2	4b	Ratemaking jurisdiction for access charges of telephone cooperatives conferred upon PSC
24	6	2,3	Regulation of local emergency telephone systems
25	1	2	Division of Corrections continued 564
25	1	17*	Monitoring of inmate telephone calls
25	5*		Private prisons
27	11	1	Removing requirement that a duly licensed physician treating a person subject to a competency hearing be licensed in the state
28	5B	13,14	Appropriation for buildings, equipment, etc., and increasing maximum permissible amount on deposit in prison industries account
29	1	5;6b*;7	Issuance of permits for excavation, destruction or removal of historic ruins, burial grounds, etc
29	1A	2a*	Life members of the Commission on Uniform State Laws
29	3	5b	Removing requirement that a copy of state fire code and amendments thereto be filed with each county clerk
29	3	16b*	Use of live trees in public buildings
29	3B	4	Journeyman electrician's test and granting of license
29	6	4	Exemptions to coverage under classified civil service
29	6	7,23	Director of personnel, division of personnel created
29	8	2	Regulatory authority over water transport of visitors to Blenner- hassett Island
29	12	5с	Insurance for damages allegedly resulting from obstetric treatment of medicaid patients

* Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODE	AMEND	ED-(Continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.		Page
2 9	19	3,6,7,8,9,13,15	Solicitation of charitable funds	1600
29	20	1	Women's Commission continued and correcting designation of ex officio	
29	21	95679	members	
		2,5,6,7,8, 9,10,11,12,13;13a*; 15,16,17,19;21*	Public defender services	1224
29	22	9,10,13,18,19,20,21	State Lottery Act	1054
29A	1	3	Administrative procedures, definitions, application of chapter	645
29A	3A	1,11a	Definitions, additional powers and duties of Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability	
29A	3B*		State Board of Education Rule Making	648
30	3	4	Designee of Director of Health permitted to be a member of the Board of Medicine	799
30	3	9	Voluntary agreement of physicians to seek alcohol or chemical dependency treatment to be confidential	1203
30	12		Architects	1207
30	26	3,5,7,9,12	License fees for hearing-aid dealers and fitters to be established by rule	1217
31	15	6a*	Special power of Economic Develop- ment Authority to transfer funds, use of such funds	638
31	20	20	Increasing maximum amount of indebtedness of Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority	535
31 A	3	1	Bank assets required to qualify as member of board of banking and financial institutions	
31A	4	3	Minimum capital stock	
31 A	4	44*	Revealing certain employment in- formation by banking institutions	
31A	8A	1,7	Acquisition of bank shares by foreign banks	
33	3	5b*;17*	Insurance licensing fees, capital and surplus requirements and taxation of insurers	820
33	3	13	Insurance license fees and charges	
33	10	1,2,3,4,5,7,8,10, 14,18,19a,21,29, 36;37*;38*;39*	Rehabilitation and liquidation	. 828
33	12	2,6;8a*;29*	Qualifications, fees, licensing of	
			nonresident property casualty	005
•••		• •	agents, change of address	. 887
33	12	2a*	Continuing education program for insurance agents	823
33	14	7	Dependent coverage, group life insurance	
33	15	4d*	Third party reimbursement for	
			rehabilitation services	. 894
33	16	3h*	Third party reimbursement for	
			rehabilitation services, group accident and sickness insurance	. 895
			acciucitt and sickliess mout dife	

ţ

*Indicates new chapter, article or section.

1765

CODE	AMEN	DED—(Continued):	•	
Ch.	Art.	Sec.		Page
33	16A	- 14	Benefit levels, election to provide group coverage, notification of conversion privilege, policy delivered outside state	902
33	17A*		Property insurance declination, termination and disclosure	
33	20	18	Premium reduction for certain drivers fifty-five years of age or older	
33	22	2	Applicability of other code provisions	
33	23	2	Applicability of other code provisions	848
33	24	4	Hospital, medical, dental and health service corporations, exemptions and applicability of other laws	913
33	24	4:14 through 42*	Hospital, medical, dental and health service corporations	848
33	24	7c*	Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services, hospital, medical, dental and other service corporations	897
33	25	8b*	Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services, health care corporations	899
33	25	19*	Administrative supervision, health care corporations	
33	25A	8b*	Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services, Health Maintenance Organization Act	
33	25A	30*	Administrative supervision, health maintenance organizations	
33	31	6	Corporate organization, captive	876
33	32	3	Charter and license requirements for domestic groups, risk retention	., 877
33	34*		Administrative supervision	878
33	35*		Criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment	. 884
36	8	8:8a*:8b*: 11,16,18	Disposition of unclaimed property	. 1470
37	14•		Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification	. 1274
38	1	14	Future advances secured by credit line deed of trust	. 1038
46	4A*		Funds transfers	. 325
46A	1	102	Consumer credit definitions	. 507
46A	2	102,103	Assignee subject to claims and defenses, lender subject to same arising from sales	. 520
46A	2	128	Increasing recovery of attorney's fees and collection costs	525
46A	2	139*	Unlawful commercial telefacsimile transmission	518
46A	3	109	Additional creditor's fees for insurance purposes	527

* Indicates new chapter, article or section.

Ch.	Art.	Sec.		Page
47	1A	14	Removing annual registration fee for dealers and retailers of articles of bedding	1305
47	10	6a*	Posting of alcoholic content of gasoline	
47	21	2,7	Definitions and license fees for charitable raffles	
47A	1	2	Lending and Credit Rate Board staff	
48	2	1,15,15a; 15b*;27,33	Definitions, divorce, annulment, decree of separate maintenance, withholding from income, sealing of evidence and pleadings, disclosure of assets required.	
48	2	15b	Withholding child support payments from income	1611
48	2A	1 through 10	Prevention of domestic violence	597
48	4	- 16*	Prohibition of purchase or sale of a child	476
48A	2	1	Child Advocate Office Reestablished	408
48A	2	2,7	Child Advocate Office responsibilities, powers and duties of director	437
48A	3	1,2,3,6,8	Children's advocate, placement, duties, investigations, compensation	440
48A	3	6	Investigations of support orders, notice and hearing upon modifi- cations and petition for change	1613
48A	4	1,2;2a*;3,4; 4a*;5,6,7,8,9,10	Proceedings before a Family Law Master, acts or failure to act in presence of, recommended orders	
48A	5	1,3	Action to obtain order for support of minor child, withholding income for payment of support	463
48A	6	5,6	Establishment of paternity, representation of parties, establishment by acknowledgment of natural father	
48A	7	14	Duty of initiating court, enforcement of support	478
49	1	3	Definitions relating to abuse and neglect	478
49 .	6	3	Custody of abused or neglected children during emergency situations	484
49	7	7	Contributing to delinquency or neglect of a child	482
50	3	1,2,4a	Fee increase, filing civil actions in magistrate court and deposit of fees into Regional Jail and Prison Development Fund	53
51	2	1	Numbered divisions within multi-judge circuits for election purposes	67'
51	2	la	Extending the January term of court in Ohio County for one month	
51	2	1p	Terms of court, sixteenth judicial circuit in Marion County	57(

*Indicates new chapter, article or section.

	C AMENDE	D—(Continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.		Page
51	4	3	Preservation of court records	570
51	7	4	Court reporter fees and copying fees	572
54	3	1	Expanding definition of "acquiring agency"	
55	1	1	When writing required	
56	3	31	Actions by or against nonresident operators of motor vehicles involved in highway accidents	
57	3	9*	When communications to priests, nuns, clergymen, rabbis or other religious counselors not subject to being compelled as testimony	
57	5	4	Production of writings by person other than party	
57	5	12*	Certain reproductions of documents deemed duplicates	
58	5	4,16,17	Time for appeal or writ of error, time for giving bond, court prescribed method and form of reproducing record	
59	1	11,28a	Fee increase, filing civil actions in circuit court and deposit of fees into Regional Jail and Prison Development Fund	537
60	3A*		Sale of alcoholic liquor by retail licensee	
60	7	11	Purchase by retail licensee of alcoholic liquor from commissioner	
61	1	9*	Misdemeanor offense for imperson- ating a law-enforcement officer	576
61	3	49	Proof of ownership upon purchase of metals by junk dealers	578
61	5	8,9,10,12	Escape of prisoners	559
61	8E*		Display of video ratings or lack thereof	580
62	11B*		Home Detention Act	914
64			Legislative Rules	924
CODE	E REPEALE	D:		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.		Page
2	2	la	Special Memorial Days	639
5	8		Public Records Management and Preservation Act	10
5A	1	2a,2b,2c	Powers and duties of Commissioner of Finance and Administration, division heads and employees; security officers; unlawful to kill or molest animals, birds or fowls upon capitol grounds	. 10
5A	2	19a,33,35,36	Transfers between items of allocation within general revenue accounts of state institutions of higher education; legislative and judicial expenditures; appropriations for officers, commissions, boards or institutions	

CODE AMENDED-(Continued):

Þ

^{*}Indicates new chapter, article or section.

1768

INDEX

Ch.	Art.	—(Continued): Sec.		Page
			without office at capitol; submission of requests, amends, reports, etc., to Legislative Auditor	
5A	3	14 a	Prequalification disclosure by vendors	. 10
5A	4	1a,6,7	Regulation of parking on state-owned property in Charleston; right of appeal from interference with functioning of agency; preparation of mail for special postal rates	. 1
5A	4A		Governor's Mansion Advisory Committee	. 1
5A	5	4,5	Leases and other instruments signed by commissioner; commissioner's power and authority generally	. 1
5A	8	3a	Disposition by director of surplus state property	. 1
5B	2	5	Division of Research and Strategic Planning	. 60
5B	3		West Virginia Export Development Authority	. 60
8	12	20	Notice of suit against municipalities	. 114
11	10	10a	Legal services, tax procedure and administration	. 139
15	2	1a,9	Department of Public Safety rank restructure and establishment of promotion evaluation board	. 124
17D	4	1,9,10,11,13,20	Proof required upon certain con- victions, proof to be furnished for each registered vehicle, certificate of insurance as proof, notice of cancellation or termination of certified policy, duration of proof	. 113
18	9A	14	Incentive for staffing improvement	. 155
19	12 A	9	Penalty provision, Farm Manage- ment Commission	. 73
19	16B		WV Pesticide Use and Application Act	. 12
28	1	9,10,11	Payment by counties of costs of detention of youths by Com- missioner of Corrections	. 56
46A	7	116	Consumer Affairs Advisory Council	. 53
48	1	16	Marriages between colored persons	
48A	3	5	Relinquishment of contingent right of dower by spouse not joining in conveyance or contract to convey	
18A	5	7	Visitation enforcement, contempt and penalty	. 41
51	7	12,13	Negligent shooting, wounding or killing of human beings or livestock while hunting, and shooting across road or near building or crowd	. 119

*Indicates new chapter, article or section.

•

~

•

	Ch.	Page
CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION:		
Consumer Affairs Advisory Council		
Repeal of section creating	51	531
Consumer Credit Protection		
§46A-2-139. Unlawful commercial facsimile transmission; right of action for injunction, damages	47	r10
§46A-2-102. Assignee subject to claims and defenses	47 48	518 520
§46A-2-103. Lender subject to claims and defenses arising from		020
sales §48A-2-128. Unfair or unconscionable means of debt collection	48	522
Finance Charges and Related Provisions	49	525
§46A-3-109. Additional charges; insurance; when refund required;	•	
civil penalty	50	527
Short Title, Definitions and General Provisions		
§46A-1-102. General definitions	47	507
CORRECTIONS:		
Commitment of Youthful Male Offenders		
§1. Repeal of sections relating to payment by counties of costs of		
detention of youths by commissioner of corrections	56	567
Compensation Awards to Victims of Crimes		
§14-2A-14. Grounds for denial of claims or reduction of award;		
maximum awards; awards for emotional distress; mental anguish, etc	53 67	543,593
Crimes Against Public Justice	00,01	010,000
§61-5-8. Aiding escape and other offenses relating to adults and		
juveniles in custody, imprisoned or in detention;		
penalties	53	559
§61-5-9. Permitting escape; refusal of custody of prisoner; penalties	. 53	561
§61-5-10 Jail or private prison breaking by convicted or		
unconvicted prisoner; penalties	. 53	562
§61-5-12. Escapes from, and other offenses relating to, state benevolent and correctional institution, or private		
prison or mental health facilities; penalties	. 53	562
Fees and Allowances		
§59-1-11. Fees to be charged by clerk of circuit court	. 52	537
§59-1-28a. Disposition of filing fees in civil actions and fees for	. 52	539
services in criminal cases	. 52	009
Magistrate Courts §50-3-1. Costs in civil actions	. 52	535
§50-3-2. Costs in criminal proceedings		536
\$50-3-4a. Disposition of criminal costs and civil filing fees into state		
treasury account for regional jail and prison development fund	52	537
-	02	001
Municipal Corporations §8-11-1. Ordinances to make municipal powers effective; penalties		
imposed under judgment of mayor or police court or		
municipal judge: right to injunctive relief: right to	52	533
maintain action to collect fines against nonresidents §8-11-1a. Disposition of criminal costs into state treasury account	52	000
for regional jail and prison development fund	52	534
Organization and Institutions		
§25-1-2. Reestablishment of division: findings	54	564
§25-1-17. Monitoring of inmate and patient telephone calls; procedures and restrictions; calls to attorneys		
excepted	55	565

CORRECT	IONS—(continued):	Ch.	Page
\$28-5B-13			
300 00 10	liquidating contracts	57	567
§28-5B-14		57	568
Private Pris		•.	000
§25-5-1.	Short title	53	546
§25-5-2.	Legislative findings and purpose	53	546
§25-5-3.	Definitions	53	546
§25-5-4.	Authority of the commissioner of the division of	00	040
3-0 0 11	corrections; authority of secretary of department of		
	public safety	53	548
§25-5-5 .	Prohibition of constructing or operating a correctional		• • •
•	facility; exceptions	53	549
§25-5-6.	Authority of the state and its political subdivisions to		
	contract for correctional services	53	549
§25-5-7.	Granting private contractor ability to contract with		
	foreign contracting agencies	53	549
§25-5-8.	Reporting requirements	53	549
§25-5-9.	Terms of contract	53	550
§25-5-10.	Site selection	53	551
\$25-5-11 .	Standards of operation; violations	53	552
§25-5-12.	Access by contracting agency, commissioner;	-0	
805 5 10	reimbursement of expenses; report by commissioner	53	554
§25-5-13.	Sovereign immunity	53	555
§25-5-14.	Powers and duties not delegable to contractor	53	555 556
§25-5-15. §25-5-16.	Bonding requirements Insurance	53 53	556
§25-5-17.	Liability; indemnification	53	550
§25-5-18.	Firearms; capture of escapees; nonresident private	00	001
320 0 10.	correctional officers	53	558
§25-5-19.	Employee training requirements; preference	53	558
§25-5-20.	Reimbursement to state and its subdivisions	53	558
•	il and Correctional Facility Authority		
	Authorized limit on borrowing	52	535
•	2	••	
	ND THEIR OFFICERS:		
	elief in Supreme Court of Appeals		
§58-5-4.	Time for appeal or writ of error; notice of intent to file		
	petition in criminal cases to be filed with clerk	62	574
§58-5-16.	stating grounds Time for giving bond	62	575
§58-5-17.	Court to prescribe method and form of reproducing	02	0.0
300-0-11.	record; reproduction of record by clerk; distribution;		
	costs	62	575
Circuit Cour	ts; Circuit Judges		
§51-2-1a.	First circuit	58	569
§51-2-1p.	Sixteenth circuit	58	570
	visions Relating to Clerks of Courts		
§51-4-3.	Preservation and destruction of papers; micro-		
•	photography and electronic storage	60	571
Official Rep	orters		
§51-7-4.	Transcript of notes; fees; authenticity; transcript for		
-	judge in criminal cases	61	572
CRIMES A	ND THEIR PUNISHMENT:		
	nst the Government		
§61-1-9.	Impersonation of law-enforcement officer or official;		
201 1 0.	penalty	63	577
Crimes Agai	nst Property		
861-3-49	Purchase of metals by junk dealers, salvage yard or		
201 0 101	recycling facilities owners or operators; records of		
	such purchases; penalties	64	578

:

.

Ł

~

:

-

Display of V	ND THEIR PUNISHMENT—(continued): ideo Ratings or Lack Thereof	Ch.	Page
§61-8E-1.		. 65	580
§61-8E-2.	Definitions	65	580
§61-8E-3.	Labeling of video movies designated for sale or rental; penalties	65	581
CRIME VIO	CTIMS:		
	on Awards to Victims of Crimes		
§14-2A-4. §14-2A-14	Creation of crime victims compensation fund	67	592
	mental anguish, etc	53.67	543,593
§14-2A-26.	Rules and regulations	67	595
Transfer of A	Agencies and Boards		
§5F-2-1.	Transfer and incorporation of agencies and boards	66,187	581,1497
DEPUTIES	3:		
See LAW-EI	NFORCEMENT OFFICERS.		
	CRELATIONS:		
	al of section relating to marriages between colored persons	69	597
	f Domestic Violence		
§48-2A-1.	Purpose	70	598
§48-2A-2. §48-2A-	Definitions	70	598
	3. Jurisdiction; effect of complaining party leaving res		
840 0 A 4	priority of petitions filed under this article	70	599
§48-2A-4. §48-2A-5.	Commencement of proceeding; counterclaim Temporary orders of court; hearings	70 70	599 600
§48-2A-6.	Protective orders	70	601
§48-2A-7.	Contempt	70	602
§48-2A-8.	Testimony of husband and wife	70	603
§48-2A-9.	Record keeping and reporting	70	603
§48-2A-10.	Enforcement procedure for temporary and protective		
	order	70	605
	C DEVELOPMENT:		
	ourism and Parks		600
§5B-1-1.	Short title Legislative findings	71 71	609 609
§5B-1-2. §5B-1-4.	Division created; appointment, compensation and		005
3013 1 4.	qualifications of commissioner	71	610
§5B-1-5.	General powers of the division	71	610
§5B-1-6.	Sections created; continuation of civil service coverage		
	for persons employed in the former department of		010
ern i e.	commerce	71	612
§5B-1-6a.	Program and policy action statement; submission to joint committee on government and finance	71	613
§5B-1-7.	Section of tourism: purpose; powers and duties generally	71	613
§5B-1-8.	Section of advertising and promotion; purpose; powers		
U	and duties generally	71	616
§5B-1-10.	Section of sales and marketing; purpose; powers and	-	
	duties generally	71	618
§5B-1-12.	Section of parks and recreation created; duties, records and equipment previously transferred from the		
	department of natural resources to the department of		
	commerce; funds	71	619
§5B-1-12b.	Conveyance of Grandview State Park to the National		
	Park Service; governor, director of the division of		
	natural resources and director of the division of		

ECONOMIC	DEVELOPMENT-(continued):	Ch.	Page
Division of To	urism and Parks—(continued):		
§5B-1-13.	Section of parks and recreation; purpose; powers and		
0- ·	duties generally	71 103	621,810
\$5B-1-15.	Contracts for operation of commissaries, restaurants, recreational facilities and other establishments limited to ten years' duration; renewal at option of	.,,100	021,010
	commissioner; termination of contract by the		
	commissioner; contracts for development of revenue		
	producing facilities within the state parks and recreational facilities; level of investment of		
	 contracts; term of investment contract; reservation of 		
	option to renew; and purchase of investment in event		
§5B-1-16.	of default and price determination upon such event Acquisition of former railroad subdivision for	. 71	623
	establishment of Greenbrier River Trail;		
	development, protection, operation and maintenance		
	of trail	. 71	627
	Correlation of projects and services		627
§5B-1-18.	Sunset provision	. 71	627
Office of Com	munity and Industrial Development		
§5B-2-2a. (General powers of the office	. 71	628
§5B-2-3.	Divisions created	. 71	632
	Economic Development Authority		
	Special power of authority to transfer funds; limitations;		
301 10 04.	fund created; use of funds to provide customized job		
	training program by governor's office of economic		
	and community development	. 72	638
Mit and Mit and a fee			000
	Guaranteed Work Force Program	71	633
	Short title		
	Definitions		633
	Training program		633
	Funds		634
	Program activities		635
	Reporting		636
§5B-2D-7.	Marketing	. 71	637
EDUCATION	J.		
Area Vocation §18-2B-2a.	al Frogram Withdrawal from multi-county vocational center prohibited	. 2	1557
Authority Dia	hts; Responsibility		1001
§18A-5-2. H	Iolidays, closing of schools; time lost because of such; special Saturday classes	. 73	643
Commulating Se	chool Attendance		
§18-8-1. C	ommencement and termination of compulsory school		
31001. 0	attendance; exemptions	. 2	1561
County Board	· · ·	. –	
	uthority of boards generally	. 2	1557
	chool term; exception; levies; ages of persons to whom		1001
\$10-0-10. D	schools are open	. 73	640
D.C. Hins and	•		010
	Application of Chapter	. 74	645
	pplication of chapter; limitations	. /4	040
Education of E	xceptional Children		
§18-20-1.	Establishment of special programs and teaching	. 2	1578
	services for exceptional children.	. 4	10/0
§18-20-1b. J	Preschool programs for handicapped children; rules and	. 2	1590
	regulations	. 2	1580
Governance			
§18B-1-11.	Colleges and universities to provide appropriate		
	services to meet needs of students with handicapping	. 2	1588
	conditions	. Z	1988

I

-7

ł

 \sim

t

EDUCATION-(continued):	Ch.	Page
Higher Education Rule Making		
§29A-3A-1. Definitions	74	646
§29A-3A-11a. Additional powers and duties; subpoena powers	74	647
Other Boards and Advisory Councils		
§18B-6-2. Advisory councils of faculty	78	666
§18B-6-4. Advisory councils of classified employees	78	667
Public School Support	~	1505
§18-9A-4. Foundation allowance for professional educators	2 2	1567
 §18-9A-5. Foundation allowance for service personnel §18-9A-5a. Ratio of foundation allowances for professional 	2	1569
educators and service personnel to net enrollment	2	1570
§18-9A-7. Foundation allowance for transportation cost	2	1572
§18-9A-9. Foundation allowance for other current expense and	-	1010
substitute employees	2	1573
§18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional		
programs	2	1574
§18-9A-13. Allowance for counties in severe financial crisis	2	1576
§18-9A-13b. Allowances for remedial and accelerated education		
programs and salary equity	2	1577
State Board of Education		
§18-2-5a. Board rules to be filed with Legislature	74	645
§18-2-5b. Medicaid eligible children	2	1556
Salaries, Wages, and Other Benefits		
§18A-4-1. Definitions	76	658
§18A-4-5a. County salary supplements for teachers	2	1583
§18A-4-5b. County salary supplements for school service personnel	2	1585
§18A-4-5d. 1990 appropriation for salary equity	2	1587
§18A-4-7. Substitute teachers pay	2	1587
§18A-4-8e. Competency testing for service personnel	77	663
School Personnel		
§18A-2-4. Commercial driver's license for school personnel	75	657
§18A-2-7. Assignment, transfer, promotion, demotion, suspension		
and recommendation of dismissal of school personnel		
by superintendent; preliminary notice of transfer; hearing on the transfer; proof required	2	1581
	2	1301
State Board of Education Rule Making		
\$29A-3B-1. Definitions	74	649
§29A-3B-2. Rules to be promulgated in accordance with this article §29A-3B-3. Rules of procedure required	74 74	649 649
§29A-3B-3. Rules of procedure required §29A-3B-4. Filing of proposed rules	74	650
§29A-3B-5. Notice of proposed rule making	74	650
§29A-3B-6. Filing findings and determinations for rules in state	• •	000
register; evidence deemed public record	74	651
\$29A-3B-7. Notice of hearings	74	652
§29A-3B-8. Adoption of rules	74	652
§29A-3B-9. Submission of legislative rules to the legislative		
oversight commission on education accountability	74	652
§29A-3B-10. Emergency legislative rules; procedure for		05.
promulgation; definition	74	654
§29A-3B-11. Legislative review of procedural rules, interpretive rules and existing legislative rules	74	655
§29A-3B-12. Prior rules	74	656
-		000
State Board of School Finance	2	1578
§18-9B-6a. Delaying submission of budget	4	1010
ELECTIONS:		
Circuit Courts; Circuit Judges §51-2-1. Judicial circuits; terms of office; legislative findings and		
§51-2-1. Judicial circuits; terms of office; legislative findings and declarations; elections; terms of court	79	677
uectal abons, electrons, terms of court		~

ELECTION	S—(continued):	Ch.	Page
	oting Systems		
§3-4A-2.	Definitions	80	680
§3-4A-9. §3-4A-10.	Minimum requirements of electronic voting systems County clerk to be custodian of vote re-recording devices	80	682
PO / A 10-	and tabulating equipment; duties	80	684
	Proportional distribution of vote recording devices	80	684
30-4A-11a.	Ballots tabulated electronically; arrangement, quantity to be printed, ballot stub numbers	80	685
§3-4A-12.	Ballot label arrangement in vote recording devices;	00	000
	when uniform numbering required; drawing by lot to		
	determine position of candidates on ballots or ballot		
	labels; sealing of devices; record of identifying		
80 44 10	numbers	79,80	671,686
§3-4A-13.	Inspection of ballots and vote recording devices; duties of		
	county commission, ballot commissioners and election commissioners; records relating to ballots and vote		
	recording devices; receipt of election materials by		
	ballot commissioners	80	689
§3-4A-15.	Instructions and help to voters; vote recording device		
	models; facsimile diagrams; sample ballots; legal		
	ballot advertisements	80	690
§3-4A-16.	Delivery of vote recording devices; time, arrangement	80	691
§3-4A-17.	for voting Check of vote recording devices before use; corrections;	80	091
30-411-11.	reserve vote recording devices	80	692
§3-4A-19.	Conducting electronic voting system elections generally;		
•	duties of election officers	80	693
§3-4A-19a.	Form of ballots; requiring the signatures of poll clerks;		
	prohibiting the counting of votes cast on ballots		
§3-4A-20.	without such signatures	80 80	696 696
§3-4A-20. §3-4A-21.	"Independent" voting in primary elections Absent voter ballots; issuance, processing and tabulation	80	697
§3-4A-22.	Assistance to illiterate and disabled voters	80	699
§3-4A-24.	Voting by challenged voter	80	700
§3-4A-25.	Closing polls	80	701
Filling Vacancies			
§ 3-10-3.	Vacancies in offices of state officials, United States	70	070
0	senators and judges	79	676
General Provisions and Definitions §3-1-17. Election of circuit judges; county and district officers;			
go-1-17.	magistrates	79	670
Primary Ele	ctions and Nominating Procedures	10	0.0
	Nomination of candidates in primary elections	79	673
	iling announcements of candidates; re-requirements;		
	when section applicable	79	674
EMERGEN	CY SERVICES:		
Emergency S			
§15-5-2.	Definitions	7	1615
§15-5-4.	West Virginia disaster recovery board created;		
	organization of board; appointment of board		
	members; term of office and expenses of board members; meetings	7	1618
§15-5-4b.	West Virginia disaster recovery board to disburse funds	•	1010
§10-0-40.	from recovery fund	7	1620
§15-5-4c.	Powers and duties of the West Virginia disaster recovery		
•	board	7	1620
	Disaster prevention	7 7	1622 1623
§15-5-23.	Severability; conflicts	7	1623
	Disaster recovery trust lund; use of lunds of authority Prohibition on funds inuring to the benefit of or being	r	1041
§15-5-25.	distributable to members, officers or private persons	7	1625

l

-

i

÷.

EMERGENCY SERVICES(continued): Emergency Services(continued):	Ch.	Page
§15-5-26. Tax exemption	7	1625
§15-5-27. Annual report	7	1625
ENERGY:		
Commissioner of Energy		
§22-1-2. Declaration of legislative findings and policy	8	1639
§22-1-5. Commissioner of energy; appointment; duties;		
qualifications; removal; salary; expenses; oath and	~	
bond §22-1-7a. Advisory board		1641
• •	0	1643
Implementation of Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 and the 1987 Amendments thereto known as Title IV of the Surface Transportation and Uniform Relocation Assistance Act of 1987.		
§54-3-1. Definitions	. 81	702
Public Energy Authority	. 01	102
\$5D-1-4. West Virginia public energy authority continued; West		
Virginia public energy board continued; west Virginia public energy board continued; organization of authority and board; appointment of board members; term, compensation and expenses; director		
of authority; appointment		1627
§5D-1-5. Powers, duties and responsibilities of authority generally	. 0	1629
§5D-1-5a. Publication of notice of certain meetings	. 8	1637
§5D-1-5b. Public hearing before final consideration of bond issue or		
exercise of right of eminent domain		1637
§5D-1-9. Expenses of authority	. 8	1639
Reclamation Board of Review §22-4-1. Appointment and organization of reclamation board of review; authority, compensation, expenses and		
removal of board members	. 8	1643
Title: Purposes: Division of Energy §22-1-5a. Special revenue	82	703
West Virginia Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Act		
§22A-3-11. Performance bonds; amount and method of bonding;		
bonding requirements, special reclamation tax and		
fund; prohibited acts; period of bond liability	82	704
ETHICS:		
Lobbyists		
§6B-3-4. Reporting by lobbyists	83	733
Rules		
§6B-2A-1. Legislative rules; revocation of existing commission	83	733
emergency rules; manner of reporting	00	100
Short Title; Legislative Findings; Purposes and Intent; Construction and Application of Chapter; Severability.		
§6B-1-4. Remedies and penalties in addition to other applicable		
remedies and penalties	83	709
West Virginia Ethics Commission; Powers and Duties; Disclosure of		
Financial Interest by Public Officials and Employees; Appearances		
Before Public Agencies,		
§6B-2-3. Advisory opinions	83	709
§6B-2-4. Complaints; dismissals; hearings; disposition; judicial	83	710
review	00	110
§6B-2-5. Ethical standards for elected and appointed officials and public employees	83	719
§6B-2-7. Financial disclosure statement; contents	83	727
§6B-2-8. Exceptions to financial disclosure requirements and		
conflicts of interest provisions	83	730

	Ch.	Page
EVIDENCE AND WITNESSES:		
Competency of Witnesses §57-3-9. Communications to priests, nuns, clergymen, rabbis or		
other religious counselors not subject to being compelled as testimony	84	736
Miscellaneous Provisions §57-5-12. Certain documents deemed duplicates	85	737
FARM MANAGEMENT COMMISSION:		
Farm Management Commission §19-12A-3. Farm management commission continued; composition;		
chairman; quorum; meetings; vacancies	86	739
§19-12A-5. Powers, duties and responsibilities of commission§19-12A-6. Appointment of farm management director;	86	740
qualifications; powers and duties	86	742
§19-12A-6a. Special revenue account	86	744
§19-12A-8. Effect of management plan on employees FAYETTE COUNTY:	86	744
New River Gorge Bridge Day Commission Bridge day commission created; terms of members; vacancies Office space and staff support; officers; meeting; reimbursement	192	1528
for expenses	192	1529
the county commission	192	1530
Restriction on use of public highways	192	1531
Limitation of liability	192	1531
FIRE PREVENTION:		
Fire Prevention and Control Act §29-3-5b. Promulgation of rules, regulations and statewide		
building code	87	745
\$29-3-16b. Use of live trees in public buildings, exceptions	88	747
Liquid Fuels and Lubricating Oils §47-10-6a. Posting of the alcoholic content of gasoline	89	748
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY:		
Organization and Administration		
§20-1-18d. United States geological survey continued and		
reestablished	90	748
HANCOCK COUNTY:		
Repeal of act requiring the county of Hancock to provide funds for		
certain monuments; marking certain graves; providing for a caretaker, bequests and endowments; providing a levy not to		
exceed two cents; and appointing a committee	193	1532
HEALTH:		
Certificate of Need		
§16-2D-2. Definitions	93	760
\$16-2D-4. Exemptions from certificate of need program	93	768
§16-2D-5. Powers and duties of state health planning and development agency	94	776
Health Care Records	95	780
\$16-29-1. Copies of health care records to be furnished to patients \$16-29-2. Reasonable expenses to be reimbursed	95 95	780
Indigent Care		
§16-29C-4. Legislative study; appointment of members; expenses; reports; termination	96	782
\$16-29C-5. Effective date and termination date	96	785

:

1

(~~

2

	-(continued): rer of Attorney	Ch.	Page
§16-30A-1.	. Short title	97	786
§16-30A-2.	Statement of purpose and legislative findings	97	786
§16-30A-3.	Medical power of attorney	97	787
§16-30A-4.	Powers of representative	97	788
§16-30A-5.	Successor representative	97	789
§16-30A-6.	Executing a medical power of attorney	97	790
§16-30A-7.	Nomination of committee or guardian	97	791
§16-30A-8.		97	791
§16-30A-9.	affidavit		791
	Protection of health care providers	97	792
	 Medical power of attorney to be made part of the medical records 	97	792
§16-30A-12	2. Right to receive information regarding proposed health		
	care; medical records		792
	3. Revocation		792
	4. Insurance; other laws		793
	5. Preservation of existing rights		794
	5. Prohibition		794
	7. Reciprocity		794
§16-30A-18	3. Standard form	97	795
	 Public education; guidelines for execution in health care facilities 	97	797
§16-30A-20). Severability	97	7 9 8
State Divisio §16-1-10.	n of Health Powers and duties of the director of health	91	749
§16-1-21.	Fees for services; health services fund	92	758
§30-3-4.	a Medical Practice Act Definitions	98	799
	AD PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION:		
§11-6B-2.	Property Tax Exemption Definitions	9	1646
§11-6B-3.	Twenty thousand dollar homestead exemption allowed	9	1648
§11-6B-12.	Effective date	9	1650
	D DOG RACING:		
Horse and Do §19-23-6.	Powers and authority of racing commission	99	800
	Televised racing days; merging of pari-mutuel wagering pools	100	804
HUMAN SE			004
Miscellaneous §9-5-14.	s Provisions Medicaid program; health care facilities financed by bonds; rules regarding reimbursement of capital costs	101	806
UUNTING /	costs	101	800
Division of Co §5B-1-12a.	Onmerce Certain hunting and fishing areas prohibited from transfer	102	809
§5B-1-13.	Division of parks and recreation; purpose; powers and duties generally		621,810
Wildlife Reso			
§20-2-33.	Authority of director to designate agents to issue	104	813
§20-2-40b.	licenses; bonds; fees Class A-1 small arms hunting license	105	814
920-2-406. §20-2-46j.	Class V resident and Class VV nonresident muzzle-	106	816

		Ch.	Page
INSURANC	E:		
	Sickness Insurance		00.4
§33-15-4d.	Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services	113	894
§33-34-1.	ve Supervision Definitions	110	878
§33-34-2.	Applicability	110	880
§33-34-3.	Notice to comply with written requirements of commissioner, noncompliance and administrative		000
§33-34-4 .	supervision Confidentiality of certain proceedings and records	110 110	880 881
§33-34-5.	Prohibited acts during periods of supervision	110	881
§33-34-6.	Administrative election of proceedings	110	882
§ 33-34-7.	Rules	110	882
§33-34-8.	Meetings between the commissioner and the special	110	882
§33-34-9.	deputy supervisor Special deputy supervisor appointed and expenses	110 110	883
§33-34-10.	Immunity	110	884
§33-34-11.	Severability	110	884
	ers, Solicitors and Excess Line		
§33-12-2.	Qualifications	111	887
§33-12-2a.	Duty to receive continuing education; educational	100	823
§ 33-12-6.	requirements, compliance; penalties Fees	109 111	889
§33-12-8a.	Licensing of nonresident property casualty agents	111	890
§33-12-29.	Change of address	111	890
Captive Insu	rance		
§33-31-6.	Corporate organization	110	876
	ctions for Failure to Report Impairment		
§33-35-1.	Definitions	110	884
§33-35-2. §33-35-3.	Duty to notify Penalty	$\frac{110}{110}$	885 886
	tual Fire Insurance Companies	110	000
§ 33-22-2.	Applicability of other provisions	110	847
§33-23-2.	nefit Societies Applicability of other provisions	110	848
Group Accide §33-16-3h.	ent and Sickness Insurance Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services	113	895
	Insurance Commission		
§33-16A-14	. Benefit levels; election to provide group coverage;		
	notification of conversion privilege; policy delivered outside state	114	902
Group Life In			001
§33-14-7.	Dependent coverage	112	891
Health Care (
§33-25-8b.	Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services	113	899
§33-25-19.	Administrative supervision	110	876
	enance Organization Act	119	900
	. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services	113 110	900 876
	Administrative supervision	***	0.0
Dontal Serv	ice Corporations, Medical Service Corporations, vice Corporations and Health Service Corporations		
§33-24-4.	Exemptions: applicability of insurance laws	110,117	849,913
§33-24-7c.	Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services	113	897
§33-24-14.	Definitions	110	850
§33-24-15.	Jurisdiction, venue and appeal of delinquency proceedings; exclusive remedy	110	852
§33-24-16.	Commencement of delinquency proceedings	110	852
§33-24-10. §33-24-17.	Ex parte orders, injunctions and other orders	110	853

.

-

:

~

-

	E—(continued):	Ch.	Page
	vice Corporations, Medical Service Corporations-(continued):		
§33-24-18.	Grounds for rehabilitation of a corporation	110	856
§33-24-19.	Grounds for liquidation		857
§33-24-20.	Grounds for administrative supervision		857
§33-24-21.	Order of rehabilitation	110	860
§33-24-22.	Order of liquidation of corporation	110	861
§33-24-23.	Conduct of delinquency proceedings against a		
	corporation	110	861
§33-24-24.	Claims of nonresidents against a corporation		863
§33-24-25.	Proof of claims	110	863
\$33-24-26.	Priority of certain claims		865
\$33-24-27.	Order of distribution		865
§33-24-28.	Attachment, garnishment or execution		867
\$33-24-29.	Deposit of moneys collected		867
\$33-24-30.	Exemption of commissioner from fees		867
§33-24-31.	Borrowing on pledge of assets		868
§33-24-31.	Date rights fixed on liquidation		868
§33-24-32.	Voidable transfers		868
§33-24-33.	Priority of claims for compensation		869
§33-24-34.	Offsets		869
			870
§33-24-36.	Allowance of claims Time within which claims to be filed		873
§33-24-37.			
§33-24-38.	Assessment	110	874
§33-24-39.	Creating preference among creditors; disbursement of	110	074
	assets	110	874
§33-24-40 .	Distribution of assets	110	875
§33-24-41.	Unclaimed and withheld funds	110	875
§33-24-42.	Immunity in receivership proceedings	110	875
Licensing, Fe	ees and Taxation of Insurers		
§33-3-5b.	Capital and surplus requirements	108	820
§33-3-13.	Fees and charges	109	821
§33-3-17.	Minimum tax payable	108	821
Property Ins	arance Declination, Termination and Disclosure		
§33-17A-1.	Purpose of article	115	904
\$33-17A-1.	Scope of article	115	904
§33-17A-2.	Definitions	115	905
	Notification and reasons for a transfer, declination or	110	200
§33-17A-4.	termination	115	906
600 174 F		115	907
§33-17A-5.	Permissible cancellations	110	501
§33-17A-6.	Discriminatory terminations and declinations	115	908
800 15 L 5	prohibited.	115	909
§33-17A-7.	Hearings and administrative procedure	115	909
§33-17A-8.	Sanctions	115	909
§33-17A-9.	Civil liability and actions	115	910
	Immunity	115	910
	Severability	115	510
Rates and Rat	ing Organizations		
§33-20-18.	Reduction of premium charges for persons fifty-five		
	years of age or older	116	911
Rehabilitation	and Liquidation		
§33-10-1.	Definitions	110	828
\$33-10-2.	Jurisdiction, venue and appeal of delinquency		
3 00 1 0 -0	proceedings; exclusive remedy	110	830
§33-10-3.	Commencement of delinquency proceedings	110	831
§33-10-4.	Injunctions or other orders	110	833
§33-10-5.	Grounds for rehabilitation of domestic insurers	110	834
§33-10-7.	Grounds for conserving assets of foreign insurers	110	835
§33-10-8.	Grounds for conserving assets of alien insurers	110	836
§33-10-3.	Order of rehabilitation	110	836
§33-10-14.	Conduct of delinquency proceedings against domestic or		
200-10-14.	alien insurers	110	837

INSURANCE—(continued): Rehabilitation and Liquidation—(continued):	Ch.	Page
§33-10-18. Proof of claims	110	838
§33-10-19a. Priority of distribution		839
§33-10-21. Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act		841
§33-10-29. Allowance of certain claims		841
§33-10-36. Creating preference among creditors; disbursement of		
assets	110	844
§33-10-37. Distribution of assets		846
§33-10-38. Unclaimed and withheld funds	110	846
§33-10-39. Immunity in receivership proceedings and representation of the special deputy supervisor	110	847
Risk Retention Act §33-32-3. Chapter and license requirements for domestic groups.	110	877
State Insurance		
\$29-12-5c. Insurance for damages allegedly resulting from obstetric treatment of medicaid patients	107	817
JUVENILE OFFENDERS:		
Home Detention Act		
§62-11B-1. Short title	118	914
§62-11B-2. Applicability	118	915
§62-11B-3. Definitions	118	915
§62-11B-4. Home detention; period of home detention; applicabilit	y 118	915
§62-11B-5. Requirements for order for home detention	118	916
§62-11B-6. Circumstances under which home detention may not b	e	
ordered	118	917
§62-11B-7. Home detention fees; special fund		917
 §62-11B-8. Offender responsible for certain expenses	118	918
penalties	118	918
§62-11B-10. Information to be provided law-enforcement agencies.		919
§62-11B-11. Provisions of article not exclusive	118	919
LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS:		
Civil Service for Deputy Sheriffs	110	920
§7-14-15a. Additional part-time police work permitted		520
§7-14-17b. Sick leave for deputy sheriffs	00	050
§7-14-19a. Additional police work for deputy sheriffs in noncivil service counties	119	921
Law and Order; Police Force or Departments; Powers, Authority and Duties of Law-Enforcement Officials and Policemen; Police Matrons; Special School Zone and Parking Lot or Parking		
Building Police Officers; Civil Service for Certain Police		
Departments	1	
§8-14-3. Powers, authority and duties of law-enforcement official and policemen	119	921
LEGISLATIVE RULES:		
Authorization to Promulgate		
Agriculture	120	1016
Air Pollution Control Commission	120	930
Alcohol Beverage Control Commission	120	985
Archives and History	120	959
Athletic Commission	120	1019
Attorney General	120	1020
Auditor	120	1023
Banking	120	933
Bashana and Baauticians	120	1024
Roof Industry Self-Improvement Assessment Board	120	1026
Deand of Invoctments	120	989
Board of Risk and Insurance	120	928

LEGISLATIVE RULES—(continued): Authorization to Promulgate—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Chiropractic Examiners	. 120	1007
Commerce		· 1027 · 934
Commercial Whitewater Advisory Board		1035
Corrections		981
Counseling		1027
Crime, Delinquency and Corrections	120	1027
Dental Examiners	120	1028
Economic Development Authority		958
Embalmers and Funeral Directors		1028
Employee Suggestion Award Board		925
Energy	. 120	937
Engineers, Professional	. 120	1028
Enterprise Zone Authority	. 120	943
Finance and Administration	. 120	937
Fire Commission	. 120	981
Health and Human Resources	. 120	964
Health Care Cost Review Authority	. 120	974
Health, Division and State Board of		965
Hearing-Aid Dealers	. 120	1029
Highways	. 120	1008
Hospital Finance Authority	. 120	976
Housing Development Fund	. 120	1029
Human Services, Director of Child Advocate Office		976
Industrial and Trade Jobs Development Corporation		944
Insurance Commissioner		988
Jail and Prison Standards Commission		983
Labor		944
Land Surveyors		1029
Library Commission		964
Lottery Commission		990
Medicine, Board of		1030
Motor Vehicles		1013
Natural Resources		946
Nurses, Licensed Practical		1032
Nurses, Registered Professional		1032
Nursing Home Administrators		1032
Personnel, Division of	120	926
Pharmacy, Board of	120 120	1033 1033
Psychologists	120	926
Public Employees Insurance Agency	120	920 985
Public Safety Racing Commission	120	990
Radiologic Technology Board	120	1033
Real Estate Commission	120	1034
Secretary of State	120	1034
Structural Barriers Compliance Board	120	1035
Tax Department	120	994
Teachers Retirement Board	120	929
Treasurer	120	1035
Water Development Authority	120	955
Water Resources Board	120	956
Workers' Compensation	120	978
Effective date of rules	120	924
Fechnical deficiencies waived	120	925
LEGISLATURE:		
Joint Committee on Government and Finance		
§4-3-5. Charges for use of the Legislature's computer subscriber	122	1037
system	166	1001

ł

3

•

-

•

	FURE—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Next Meetin §4-1-22.	ng of the Senate "Next meeting of the Senate" defined	121	1036
LIENS:			
Vendor's and §38-1-14.	d Trust Deed Liens Future advances secured by credit line deed of trust; definitions; notice requirements and form; priority		
	over other liens; release	123	1038
LOCAL PO	WERS ACT:		
Fees and Ex §7-20-1.	spenditures for County Development	104	10.00
	Short title	124	1042
§7-20-2.	Purpose and findings	124	1042
§7-20-3.	Definitions	124	1043
§7-20-4. §7-20-5.	Counties authorized to collect fees Credits or offsets to be adjusted; incidental benefit by one	124	1045
3	development not construed as denying reasonable		
	benefit to new development	124	1046
§7-20-6.	Criteria and requirements necessary to implement collection of fees	124	1046
§7-20-7.	Establishment of impact fees; levies may be used to fund		
	existing capital improvements	124	1048
§7-20-8.	Use and administration of impact fees	124	1051
§7-20-9. §7-20-10.	Refund of unexpended impact fees Impact fees required to be consistent with other	124	1052
97-20-10.	development regulations	124	1053
State Lotter §29-22-9. §29-22-10.	 Initiation and operation of lottery; restrictions; prohibited themes, games, machines or devices; distinguishing numbers; winner selection; public drawings; witnessing of results; testing and inspection of equipment; price of tickets; claim for and payment of prizes; invalid, counterfeit tickets; estimated prizes and odds of winning; participant bound by lottery rules and validation procedures; security procedures; additional games; electronic and computer systems. Licensed lottery sales agents; restrictions; annual license and fee; factors; application; bond; age; nonassignable license; organizations qualified; commissions; display of license; geographic distribution; monopoly prohibited; lottery retailers; preprinted instant type 	125	1054
§29-22-13.	lottery tickets; fee; certificate of authority; security; bond Prohibited acts; conflict of interest; prohibited gifts and	125	1057
§29-22-18.	gratuities State lottery fund; appropriations and deposits; not part	125	1059
g23-22-10.	of general revenue; no transfer of state funds after initial appropriation; use and repayment of initial appropriation; allocation of fund for prizes, net profit and expenses; surplus; state lottery education fund; state lottery senior citizens fund; allocation and		
	appropriation of net profits	125	1060
§29-22-19.	Post audit of accounts and transactions of office	125	1063
§29-22-20.	Monthly and annual reports	125	1063
§29-22-21.	Officials who may appear at lottery drawing	125	1064

MENTALLY	Y ILL PERSONS:	Ch.	Page
	Disposition of Property Appointment of committees; hearing; appointment of guardian ad litem; certification of incompetency; appeal; habeas corpus	. 126	1064
MERCER C	OUNTY		
Tourist Train			
Tourist train	in authority; powers and pilot project	. 194	1532
MORGAN C	OUNTY:	,	
War Memoria	al Hospital to the Veterans of the World Wars from		
Morgan Co	unty		
Board of	Directors	. 195	1535
MOTOR VE	HICLES:		
Equipment			
§17C-15-48.	Alteration of suspension system	136	1134
Fees for Regi	stration, Licensing, Etc.		
§17A-10-3.	Registration fees for vehicles equipped with pneumatic		
A	tires		1073
	. Motorcycle safety fee	134	1120
Issuance of Li	cense, Expiration and Renewal		
§17B-2-1.	Drivers must be licensed; chauffeur licensee need not		
	procure driver license; licensees need not obtain local		
	government license; motorcycle driver license		1126
§17B-2-5.	Qualifications, issuance and fee for instruction permits	134	1127
§17B-2-7b.	Separate examination and endorsement for a license	104	1128
817D 0 7-	valid for operation of motorcycle		1128
§17B-2-7c.	Motorcycle license examination fund		1129
§17B-2-8. §17B-2-12.	Issuance and contents of licenses; fees Expiration of licenses; renewal; renewal fees	134	1131
\$17B-2-12.	Authority for regulations	134	1131
License Servic		10.	1101
§17A-6B-1.	License certificate required; application	129	1102
§17A-6B-2.	Applicant must be bonded	129	1103
§17A-6B-3.	Fee required for license certificate; special fund		
31111 00 0.	created	129	1103
§17A-6B-4.	Investigation prior to issuance of license certificate;		
	information confidential	129	1103
§17A-6B-5.	Refusal of license certificate	129	1104
§17A-6B-6.	When application to be made; expiration of license		1105
	certificate; renewal	129	1105
§17A-6B-7.	Form and display of license certificate; certified	129	1105
§17A-6B-8.	copies of license Changes in business; action required	129	1106
§17A-6B-9.	Investigation; grounds for suspending or revoking	120	
gina-ob-5.	license certificate; notice of refusal, suspension or		
	revocation of license certificate; relinquishing license		
	certificate and temporary plates or markers	129	1107
§17A-6B-10.		129	1109
§17A-6B-11.	Inspections: violations and penalties	129	1112
§17A-6B-12.		129	1112
§17A-6B-13.	Promulgation of rules	129	1113
Licensing of D	ealers and Wreckers or Dismantlers; Special Plates;		
Temporary I	Plates or Markers, Etc.	129	1085
§17A-6-1.	Definitions	125	1000
§17A-6-1a.	Unlawful to be an automobile broker; definition;	130	1113
§17A-6-4.	criminal penalties Application for license certificate; insurance; bonds;		
311A-0-4.	investigation; information confidential	129	1092

...

MOTOR VE	HICLES—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Temporary	Dealers and Wreckers or Dismantlers; Special Plates; Plates or Markers, Etc.—(continued):		
§17A-6-5.	License certificate exemption	129	1096
§17A-6-10,	Fee required for license certificate: dealer special	129	1090
31111 0 10.	plates	129	1096
§17A-6-15.	Temporary registration plates or markers	129	1099
•		120	1000
§17B-1D-1.	Ifety Education	104	1100
§17B-1D-1.	Legislative findings Program established	134	1123 1123
§17B-1D-3.	Rider training	$134 \\ 134$	1123
§17B-1D-3.	Instructor training and qualification.	134	1124
§17B-1D-5.	Program implementation	134	1124
§17B-1D-6.	Exemption from motorcycle license examination	134	1124
\$17B-1D-7.	Motorcycle safety account.	134	1125
§17B-1D-8.	Authority for regulations	134	1125
§17B-1D-9.	Effective date	134	1125
	Dealers. Distributors, Wholesalers and Manufacturers Compensation to dealers for service rendered	131	1114
	-	101	
§17A-3-4.	Renewal of Registration: Issuance of Certificates of Title Application for certificate of title: tax for privilege of	107	1069
§17A-3-14.	certification of title; penalty for false swearing Registration plates generally	127 128	1069
•		120	1010
Security Upo §17D-2A-5.			
	registration; minimum policy term	137	1137
§17D-2A-7.	reinstatement	137	1137
Special Antit			
§17A-8-9. §17A-8-13.	Theft of a rental vehicle; penalty Theft of a motor vehicle offered for sale which had been obtained for temporary use for demonstration	132	1117
a 110.	purposes; penalty	133	1118
Special Stops §17C-12-7.	Overtaking and passing school bus; penalties; signs and		
	warning lights upon buses; removal of warning lights, lettering, etc., upon sale of buses; highways		
	with separate roadways	135	1132
Transfers of T	`itle or Interest		
§17A-4-10.	Salvage certificates for certain wrecked or damaged vehicles; fee; penalty	129	1082
Words and Ph	rases Defined		
§17B-1-1.	Definitions	134	1120
Writs, Process	s and Order of Publication		
	Actions by or against nonresident operators of motor vehicles involved in highway accidents; appointment		
	of secretary of state, insurance company, as agents; service of process	138	1140
MULTINITATION + T	ITTE.		
	o Improve Streets, Sidewalks and Sewers; Sewer and Board of Health; Enforcement of Duty to Pay		
for Service			
§8-18-23.	Authority to require discontinuance of water service by		
-	provider utility for nonpayment of sewer service		
	rates and charges; lien for delinquent service rates		
	and charges; failure to cure delinquency; civil		
	actions; deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure	140	1145

Combined V	ALITIES—(continued): Vaterworks and Sewerage Systems	Ch.	Page
§8-20-10.	Power and authority of municipality to enact ordinances and make rules and regulations and fix rates or charges; change in rates or charges; failure to cure delinquency; delinquent rates or charges as liens; civil action for recovery thereof; deferral of filing feet and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with	5	
	respect to foreclosure		1149
Municipal and Empl	Specific Powers, Duties and Allied Relations of lities, Governing Bodies and Municipal Officers loyees; Suits Against Municipalities		
	al of article relating to notice of suit against municipalities	139	1144
\$8-19-1.	nd County Waterworks and Electric Power Systems Acquisition and operation of municipal and county waterworks and electric power systems; construction of improvements to municipal and county electric power systems; extension beyond corporate limits;		
§ 8-19-3.	definitions.		1153 1155
§8-19-3. §8-19-4.	Right of eminent domain; limitations Estimate of cost; ordinance or order for issuance of revenue bonds; interest on bonds; rates for services;	. 141	1199
§8-19-5.	exemption from taxation Publication of abstract of ordinance or order and notice;	. 141	1156
30 40 01	hearing	141	1158
§8-19-6. §8-19-7.	Amount, negotiability and execution of bonds Bonds payable solely from revenues; not to constitute		1159
§8-19-8.	municipal or county indebtedness Lien on bondholders; deeds of trust; security agreements;	141	115 9
30 10 0.	priority of liens	141	1160
§8-19-9.	Covenants with bondholders		1161
§8-19-10.	Operating contract	141	1163
§ 8-19 - 11.	Rates or charges for water and electric power must be sufficient to pay bonds, etc.; disposition of surplus	141	1164
§ 8-19-12.	Service charges; sinking fund; amount of bonds; additional bonds; surplus		1164
§8-19-12a.	Lien for delinquent service rates and charges; notice of		
	delinquency; failure to cure delinquency; civil actions; deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate		
	court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure	40,141	1148,1166
§8-19-13.	Discontinuance of water or electric power service for		
_	nonpayment of rates or charges	141	1167
§8-19-14.	Bonds for additions, betterments and improvements	141	1167
§8-19-15.	System of accounts; audit	141	1168
§8-19-16.	Protection and enforcement of rights of bondholders, etc.; receivership	141	1168
§8-19-17.	Grants, loans, advances and agreements	141	1169
§8-19-18.	Additional and alternative method for constructing or		
•	improving and for financing waterworks or electric		
	power system; cumulative authority	141	1170
§ 8-19-19.	Alternative procedure for acquisition, construction or	141	1121
§8-19-20.	improvement of waterworks or electric power system Article to be liberally construed	141 141	1171 1172
	aterworks and Electric Power Systems	~ * *	
	Lien for delinquent service rates and charges; failure to		
	cure delinquency; civil actions; deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure	40.141	1148.1166
NATIONAT			
NATIONAL National Gua			
§15-1B-23.	American flag for burial of deceased members of the		
0	national guard; presentation of flag to parent or spouse	142	1173
	• • •		

-

~

		Ch.	Page
NATURAL	RESOURCES:		
	ctivities Responsibility Act		
	Legislative purpose	145	1187
	Definitions	145	1187
	Duties of horsemen	145	1188
§20-4-4.	Duties of participants	145	1189
§20-4-5.	Liability of horsemen	145	1190
	Liability of participants	145	1191
§20-4-7.	Applicability of article	145	1191
Interstate Wi	Idlife Violator Compact		
§20-2C-1.	Governor's authority to execute	144	1176
§20-2C-2.	When and how compact becomes operative	144	1186
§20-2C-3.	Compensation and expenses of compact administrator	144	1186
Real Estate M §20-1A-4.	Management and Procedures Public land corporation to conduct sales of public lands by competitive bidding, modified competitive bidding or direct sale	143	1174
Water Pollut	ion Control Act		
§20-5A-2.	Definitions	146	1191
•	a Underground Storage Tank Act Promulgation of rules, regulations and standards by		
	director	147	1195
§20-5H-22.	Underground storage tank insurance fund	147	1197
Wildlife Reso §20-2-57.	Negligent shooting, wounding or killing of human being or livestock while hunting; penalty	148	1198
PRISONER The Governo §5-1-12.		149	1200
	ONS AND OCCUPATIONS:		
Architects §30-12-1.	Board of architects	152	1207
§30-12-1.	Definitions	152	1208
§30-12-2.	Fees	152	1209
§30-12-3.	Registration qualifications	152	1209
§30-12-5.	Registration renewal	152	1210
§30-12-6.	Certificate of registration	152	1210
\$30-12-7.	Seal	152	1211
§30-12-8.	Disciplinary powers	152	1211
§30-12-9.	Disciplinary proceedings	152	1212
§30-12-10.	Registration: prima facie evidence	152	1212
§30-12-11.	Prohibition	152	1213
§30-12-11a.	Construction administration services required	152	1213
§30-12-12.	Exceptions	152	1215
§30-12-13.	Enforcement	$\begin{array}{c} 152 \\ 152 \end{array}$	1216 1217
§30-12-14.	Penalties	192	1217
Hearing-Aid §30-26-3.	Dealers and Fitters West Virginia board of hearing-aid dealers created; members; qualifications; term; oath; salary and		
§30-26-5.	expenses; powers and duties Application for licenses; qualifications of applicants;	153	1218
§30-26-7.	fees; duties of the board with respect thereto Results of examination disclosed to applicant; issuance	153	1220
300 20	of license: fees	153	1221
§30-26-9. §30-26-12.	Renewal of license Temporary trainee permits	153 153	1222 1222

PROFESSI	ONS AND OCCUPATIONS—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Supervision (§29-3B-4.	of Electricians Licenses; classes of licenses; issuance of licenses by commissioner; qualifications required for license; nontransferability and nonassignability of licenses;		
	expiration of license; renewal	150	1201
	a Medical Practice Act		
§30-3-9.	Records of board; expungement; examination; notice; public information; voluntary agreements relating to		
	alcohol or chemical dependency; confidentiality of	161	1203
	same; physician-patient privileges	151	1203
PUBLIC DE			
Public Defen §29-21-2.		154	1224
§29-21-2. §29-21-5.	Definitions Executive director	154	1224
§29-21-5.	Powers, duties and limitations	154	1226
§29-21-0.	Criminal law research center established; functions	154	1228
§29-21-8.	Public defender corporations	154	1229
§29-21-9.	Panel attorneys	154	1229
§29-21-10.	Public defender corporations-Intent to apply for		
•	funding	154	1230
§29-21-11 .	Public defender corporations—Funding applications;		
	legal representation plans; review	154	1231
§29-21-12.	Public defender corporation funding applications	154	1232
§29-21-13.	Approval of public defender corporation funding		
	applications; funding; record keeping by public	154	1000
£00 01 10-	defender corporations	154 154	1233 1233
\$29-21-13a		154	1233
§29-21-15. §29-21-16.	Public defender corporations—Board of directors Determination of maximum income levels; eligibility	104	1200
<i>§25-21-10</i> .	guidelines; use of form affidavit; inquiry by court;		
	denial of services; repayment; limitation on remedies		
	against affiant	154	1237
§29-21-17.	Private practice of law by public defenders	154	1242
§29-21-19.	Audits	154	1243
§29-21-21.	Forgiveness of loans; reversion of public defender		
	corporation assets	154	1244
PUBLIC LI	BRARIES:		
Public Libra	ries		
§10-1-14.	Powers and duties	155	1245
§10-1-22.	Confidential nature of certain library records	156	1246
PUBLIC SA	FFTV.		
Division of Pi			
	Appointment of commissioned officers, noncommissioned		
910-2-4.	officers, other members; temporary and permanent positions	157	1247
§15-2-5.	Career progression system; salaries; exclusion from wage		
000 - 00	and hour law, with supplemental payment; bond;		
	leave time for members called to duty in guard or		
	reserves	157	1248
§15-2-12.	Mission of the division; powers of superintendent, officers		1050
	and members: patrol of turnpike	158	1252
§15-2-25.	Rules and regulations generally; carrying of weapons	159	1256
\$1E 0 49	upon retirement or medical discharge Awarding service revolver upon retirement	160	1258
		100	1200
	RVICE COMMISSION:		
Local Emerg	ency Telephone System	163	1266
§24-6-2.	Definitions	163	1267
§24-6-3.	Adoption of emergency telephone system plan		

-

.

Powers and 1	CRVICE COMMISSION(continued): Duties of Public Service Commission Cessation of jurisdiction over rates for certain services	Ch.	Page
§24-2-4b.	subject to competition Procedures for changing rates of electric and natural gas cooperatives, local exchange services of telephone	161	. 1259
	cooperatives and municipally operated public utilities	162	1262
PUTNAM (COUNTY:		
Extending ti	ime for Putnam County Commission to meet as		
	dy for election to continue additional levy for reation and library services	196	1536
RAFFLES:		100	1000
Charitable F			
§47-21-2.	Definitions	164	1268
§47-21-2.	License fee and exemption from taxes	164	1208
REAL PRO	PERTY:		
Real Estate	Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act		
§37-14-1.	Short title	165	1274
§37-14-2.	Definitions	165	1274
§37-14-3.	Real estate appraiser license required	165	1276
§ 37-14-4.	Exceptions to license requirement	165	1276
§ 37-14-5.	Board created; appointment, qualifications, terms, oath,		
	etc., of members; quorum; meetings; when members		
	are disqualified from participation; compensation;	165	1277
697 14 C	records; office space; personnel General powers and duties	165 165	1277
§37-14-6. §37-14-7.	Hearings and orders; entry of order without notice and		
	hearing	165	1280
§ 37-14-8.	Judicial review; appeals to supreme court of appeals	165	1281
§37-14-9.	Applications for license	165	1281
§37-14-10.		165	1281 1281
§37-14-11.		165 165	1281
\$37-14-12. \$37-14-13.		165	1282
§37-14-14.		165	1283
§37-14-14.		165	1283
§37-14-16.		100	1200
301 11 10.	appraiser licenses	165	1284
§37-14-17.		165	1284
§37-14-18.	Collection of appraisal fees	165	1285
§37-14-19.	Penalties	165	1285
§37-14-20.	Waiver of license qualification requirements	165	1286
§37-14-21.	Special waiver of license qualification requirements	165	1286
§37-14-22.	Standards of professional appraisal practice	165	1287
§37-14-23.		165 165	1287
§37-14-24.	Classification of service	165	1288 1289
§37-14-25.	Contingent fees	165	1205
§37-14-26.	State certified real estate appraiser; use of term Certification application	165	1290
§37-14-27. §37-14-28.	Classes of certification	165	1291
§37-14-28.	Experience requirement	165	1291
§37-14-25. §37-14-30.	Education requirement	165	1292
§37-14-30.	Examination required	165	1293
§37-14-31.	Term of certification	165	1294
§37-14-32.	Renewal of certification	165	1294
§37-14-34.	Resis for denial	165	1295
\$37-14-35.	Use of term "state certified real estate appraiser"	165	1295
§37-14-36.	Continuing education requirement	165	1296

REAL PROPERTY—(continued): Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act—(continued): §37-14-37. Prohibited acts and omissions—State certified real estate	Ch.	Page
appraiser	165	1298
§37-14-38. Disciplinary proceedings	165	1298
§37-14-39. Hearing and judicial review	165	1299
\$37-14-40. Licensing and certification fees	165	1300
§37-14-41. Licenses, certificates and related records	165	1301
§37-14-42. Roster of licensed appraisers and certified appraisers	165	1302
	165	1302
§37-14-44. Licensure and certification of nonresidents§37-14-45. Attorney general opinions and duties		1302 1304
REGULATION OF TRADE:		
Bedding and Upholstery Business §47-1A-14. Annual registration fees	166	1305
RESOLUTIONS:		
Concurrent HCR 1, Raising a Joint Assembly to hear an address by His Excellency, the Governor		1539
HCR 21, Urging the West Virginia Congressional Delegation to continue its efforts to have the Federal Bureau of Investigation relocate its Identification Division to West Virginia and urging the Governor of West Virginia		1000
to assist the delegation in its efforts HCR 40, Requesting the Joint Committee on Government and		1539
Finance to establish an interim committee to review, examine and study matters related to solid and toxic waste management		1540
SCR 19, Establishing a West Virginia health care delivery and accessability task force and directing said task		
force to report to the Legislature SCR 30, Relating to approving the purpose and amount of		1541
certain projects of the West Virginia Regional Jail and Correctional Facilities Authority		1543
House		
HR 19. Amending the Rules of the House of Delegates relating to prohibiting smoking and the use of all other tobacco	,	
products in the House of Delegates Chamber, galleries and in House committee rooms during meetings		1547
Senate SR 3, Amending Senate Rule No. 27, relating to the appointment of standing committees		1547
SR 13, Amending the rules of the Senate, relating to defining "next		
meeting of the Senate" for the purpose of confirmations		1548
RETIREMENT:		
Public Employees Retirement Act		
§5-10-19. Employers to file information as to employees' service	10	1651
§5-10-22c. Temporary early retirement incentives program; legislative declaration and finding of compelling		
state interest and public purpose; specifying eligible		
and ineligible members for incentives program;		
options, conditions, and exceptions; certain positions		
abolished; special rule of eighty; effective,		1.000
termination, and notice dates	10	1652
\$5-10-54. Termination of benefits; procedure	10	1658
Retirement Benefits Generally; Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund; Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund; Pension Plans for		
Employees of Waterworks System, Sewerage System or		
Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System		
§8-22-13. Reports by board of trustees	167	1306

RETIREMENT—(continued): Retirement Benefits Generally: Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund; Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund; Pension Plans for Employees of Waterworks System, Sewerage System or Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System—(continued): \$8-22-26a. Supplemental pension benefits entitlement: benefit			Page
90-22-20a.	Supplemental pension benefits entitlement; benefit payable; application of section; construction	167	1306
SMALL BU	SINESS ASSISTANCE:		
	ess Expansion Assistance Program		
§5B-6-1.	Legislative purpose	168	1308
§5B-6-2.	Definitions	168	1308
§5B-6-3. §5B-6-4.	Small business expansion assistance program Application	168 168	$1309 \\ 1309$
§5B-6-5.	Certification; reimbursement	168	1310
SOLID WA	STF.		
	Regional Solid Waste Authorities		
§20-9-1.	Legislative findings and purposes	169	1325
§20-9-2.	Definitions	169	1328
§20- 9 -7.	Authority to develop litter and solid waste control plan;		
	approval by solid waste management board; development of plan by director; advisory rules	169	1330
§20-9-10a.	Bonds and notes.	169	1333
§20-9-10b.	Items included in cost of properties	169	1334
§20-9-10c. §20-9-10d.	Bonds or notes may be secured by trust indenture	169 169	1335 1335
§20-9-10d.	Sinking fund for bonds or notes Collection, etc., of revenues and funds and enforcement	109	1000
320 0 100.	of covenants; default; suit, etc., by bondholder or		
	noteholder or trustee to compel performance of		
000 0 105	duties; appointment and powers of receiver	169	1336
§20-9-10f. §20-9-10g.	Operating contracts Statutory mortgage lien created unless otherwise	169	1337
320-3-10g.	provided; foreclosure thereof	169	1337
§20-9-10h.	Refunding bonds or notes	169	1338
§20-9-10i.	Indebtedness of authority	169	1338
§20-9-10j.	Property, bonds or notes and obligations of authority exempt from taxation	169	1339
§20-9-12.	Powers, duties and responsibilities of authority generally	169	1339
§20-9-12a.	Commercial solid waste facility siting plan; facilities		
	subject to plan; criteria; approval by West Virginia		
	state solid waste management board; effect on facility siting; public hearings; rules and regulations	169	1341
§20-9-12b.	Interim siting approval for commercial solid waste	100	
	facilities	169	1344
§20-9-12c.	Approval of establishment or continuation of Class A facility by county commission and/or referendum	169	1346
§20-9-12d.	Solid waste assessment interim fee; regulated motor	103	1040
320 0 1220	carriers; dedication of proceeds; criminal penalties	169	1349
Fiscal Affair			
§7-5-22.	County solid waste assessment fees authorized	169	1312
	Management Act	169	1313
§20-5F-1. §20-5F-2.	Purpose and legislative findings Definitions	169	1313
§20-5F-4a.	Certificate for site approval required for certain solid		
	waste disposal facilities; fee required	169	1317
§20-5F-4b.	Special provision for residential solid waste disposal Prohibitions; permits required; priority of disposal	169 169	$ 1318 \\ 1319 $
§20-5F-5. §20-5F-5b.	Performance bonds: amount and method of bonding;	100	2020
300 01 001	bonding requirements; period of bond liability	169	1321
§20-5F-5c.	Pre-siting notice	169	1324
West Virgini	a Recycling Program		
§20-11-5.	Establishment of county recycling programs for solid		
	waste; petition for referendum; ballot contents; election procedure; effect of such election	170	1352
	election procedure, encorer election		

INDEX	I	N	D	EX	
-------	---	---	---	----	--

	Ch.	rage
SPENCER:		
Spencer State Hospital		
Farm management commission and the division of health directed to convey Spencer State Hospital institutional farm and Spencer State Hospital to the city of Spencer	. 197	1537
SUNSET:		
The West Virginia Sunset Law		
§4-10-4. Termination of governmental entities or programs	. 171	1356
TAXATION:		
Accrual and Collection of Taxes		
§11A-1-3. Accrual; time for payment; interest on delinquent taxes	174	1391
Assessments Generally §11-3-9. Property exempt from taxation	173	1388
	. 110	1000
Business Franchise Tax §11-23-3a. Meaning of terms; general rule	179	1439
§11-23-5a. Meaning of terms, general rule	179	1439
Business Investment and Jobs Expansion Credit		*100
\$11-13C-14. Restrictions and limitations on credits allowed by this		
article	. 176	1417
Consumers Sales Tax		
§11-15-2. Definitions	. 175	1394
§11-15-9. Exemptions		1400
§11-15-33. Effective date		1411
Corporation Net Income Tax		
§11-24-3. Meaning of terms; general rule	. 179	1446
§11-24-13. Returns; time for filing	. 179	1447
§11-24-13a. Method of filing for business taxes	. 179	1447
§11-24-23a. Credit for qualified rehabilitated buildings investment	177	1432
\$11-24-23b. Definitions		1432
\$11-24-23c. Procedures		1433 1433
§11-24-23d. Standards		1433
§11-24-23e. Fees §11-24-23f. Termination of credit by law		1434
Fair and Equitable Property Valuation §11-1C-1. Legislative findings	172	1360
§11-1C-2. Definitions		1361
\$11-1C-3. Property valuation training and procedures commission		
generally; appointment; term of office; meetings;		
compensation	172	1362
\$11-1C-4. Commission powers and duties; rule making	172	1364
\$11-1C-5. Tax commissioner powers and duties	172	1366
\$11-1C-6. Required training for assessors, their staffs and county	172	1369
commissioners	112	1000
fair market value; exceptions; initial equalization;		
valuation plan	172	1370
§11-1C-8. Additional funding for assessors' offices; maintenance		
funding		1372
§11-1C-9. Periodic valuations	172	1374
\$11-1C-10. Valuation of industrial property and natural resources		
property by tax commissioner; penalties: methods; values sent to assessors	172	1374
811-1C-11 Managed timberland	172	1378
\$11-1C-12 Board of equalization and review: assessments; board of		
public works	172	1379
§11-1C-13. Severability	172	1380

t

,

-1

TAXATION Levies	(continued):	Ch.	Page
	Effect on levy rate when appraisal results in tax increase;		
311 0 000	public hearings	172	1380
§11-8-6f.	Effect on school board levy rate when appraisal results in		
0	tax increase	172	1384
Personal Inco	ume Tax		
§11-21-8a.	Credit for qualified rehabilitated buildings investment	177	1429
§11-21-8b.	Definitions	177	1430
§11-21-8c.	Procedures	177	1431
§11-21-8d.	Standards	177	1431
§11-21-8e.	Fees	177	1431
§11-21-8f.	Termination of credit by law	177	1431
§11-21-9.	Meaning of terms	178	1435
§11-21-18.	West Virginia taxable income of resident estate or trust	175	1412
§11-21-55.	Declaration of estimated tax	178	1435
§11-21-71a	. Withholding tax on effectively connected income of		
•	nonresident partners, shareholders or beneficiaries	175	1413
Procedure ar	nd Administration		
§11-10-3.	Application of this article	174	1391
0		212	1001
Public Schoo			
§18-9A-11.	•	172	1386
	property	172	1000
TRAFFIC F	REGULATIONS:		
Stopping Sta	anding and Parking		
	Stopping, standing or parking privileges for disabled;		
3110 10 0.	qualification; application; violation	180	1449
TREASURE	CR:		
Accounts, Re	ports and General Provisions		
§12-4-13.	Bank reconciliations; balancing state accounts	182	1463
Public Secur	ities		
§12-5-5.	Protection and handling of securities	181	1456
State Deposit	-		
§12-1-10.	Treasurer to keep accounts with depositories:		
312 1 10.	settlements with depositories; statements of		
	depository balances; reconciliation of statements and		
	records	181	1455
§12-1-13.	Payment of banking services.	181	1455
*	a Board of Investments		
§12-6-4.	Officers; executive secretary; term; organization; board		
§12-0-4.	staff; surety bonds for members and employees	181	1456
§12-6-5 .	Powers of the board	181	1457
§12-6-6.	Costs and expenses; fees for services; special revenue		
312 0 0.	account; costs of determining third parties' liability;		
	recoupment of investment losses	181	1459
§12-6-9.	Permissible investments	181	1460
§12-6-9c.	Authorization of additional investments	181	1462
§12-6-15.	Audits	181	1462
0			
FURNPIKE :			
Nest Virginia	Parkways, Economic Development and Tourism		
Authority			
§17-16A-18.	Cessation of tolls; commuter pass system	183	1465
§17-16A-18a	a. Corridor "L" toll fees authorized; commuter pass;		
-	annual report	183	1466
NOT 4 1345	D DDADEDTY.		
	D PROPERTY:		
Iniform Disp	osition of Unclaimed Property Act	104	1 400
§36-8-8.	Property held by courts and public officers and agencies	184 184	1470 1471
§36-8-8a. I	Providing for recovery of abandoned property	104	1471

Uniform Disp	D PROPERTY—(continued): position of Unclaimed Property Act—(continued): Presumption of abandonment of personal property held	Ch.	Page
	by federal government	184	1471
	Report of abandoned property		1472
	Periods of limitation not a bar	184	1474
§ 36-8-18.	Deposits of funds; trust and expense fund; records of deposits	184	1475
UNEMPLOY	MENT COMPENSATION:	104	1470
Board of Revi		185	1477
Employee Eli	gibility; Benefits Disqualification for benefits		1484
	verage and Responsibility Experience ratings; decreased rates; adjustment of		
0	accounts and rates; debit balance account rates	185	1477
§21A-5-10a	Optional assessments on employers and employees		1483
	Security Administration Fund Reed Act appropriations		1492
•		100	1400
§21A-8A-8.			1490
a	authority to adjust assessments	160	1430
General Provi §21A-10-7.	False representations; penalties	185	1492
§21A-10-8.	Recovery of benefits paid on misrepresentation; limitations Requiring information; use of information; libel and	185	1493
§21A-10-11.	slander actions prohibited	185	1493
§21A-10-19.			1495
	STATE LAWS:		
	n Uniform State Laws	186	1496
•	Life members	100	1450
VETERANS			
State Homes f §9A-2-1.	for Veterans State homes for veterans	188	1507
Transfer of A §5F-2-1.	gencies and Boards Transfer and incorporation of agencies and boards6	6.187	581,1497
	AUTHORITY:		
Wayport Auth	nority		
§17-16C-1.	Creation of authority	189	1509
§17-16C-2.	Board of directors; members; officers; qualifications;		
	terms; oath; compensation; quorum and delegation of	100	1500
A	power	189 189	1509 1511
§17-16C-3.	Executive director	189	1511
§17-16C-4.	Purposes of authority; transportation development	189	1513
§17-16C-5.	Definitions Powers and duties of authority	189	1513
§17-16C-6.	Wayport revenue bonds—Generally	189	1515
§17-16C-7.	Wayport revenue bonds-Generally	189	1518
§17-16C-8. §17-16C-9.	Wayport revenue bonds—Trust agreements Tolls, rents, fees, charges and revenues	189	1519
\$17-16C-10	Trust funds	189	1520
\$17-16C-10. 817-16C-11	Remedies	189	1520
\$17-16C-19	Exemption from taxes	189	1521
\$17-16C-13	Preliminary expenses	189	1522
817-16C-1A	Wayport revenue refunding bonds-Generally	189	1522
§17-16C-15.	Special West Virginia Wayport Authority operations	189	1523
§17-16C-16.	Severability	189	1523

•

		Ch.	Page
WIC PROC	GRAM:		
Children			
§16-2G-1.	Voucher or coupon redemption and payment	11	1659
	COMMISSION:		
Women's Co			
§29-20-1,	Creation; membership; appointment and terms of members; organization; reimbursement for expenses	190	1524
WORKER	S' COMPENSATION:		
Coal-Worke §23-4B-8.	ers Pneumoconiosis Fund Separable from workers' compensation fund	12	1723
	nd Death Benefits		
\$23-4-1d. \$23-4-3.	Method and time of payments for permanent disability Schedule of maximum disbursements for medical, surgical, dental and hospital treatment; legislative approval; guidelines; preferred provider agreements; charges in excess of scheduled amounts not to be made; required disclosure of financial interest in sale or rental of medically related mechanical appliances or devices; promulgation of rules to enforce requirement; consequences of failure to disclose; contract by employer with hospital, physician, etc., prohibited; criminal penalties for violation; payments	12	1688
§23-4-3a.	to certain providers prohibited Wrongfully seeking payment for services or supplies;	12	1689
820-4-0a.	criminal penalties	12	1695
§23-4-3b.	Creation of health care advisory panel.	12	1696
§23-4-3c.	Suspension or termination of providers of health care	12	1697
§23-4-6 .	Classification of disability benefits	12	1700
§23-4-6d. §23-4-7a.	Benefits payable to part-time employees Monitoring of injury claims; legislative findings; review of medical evidence; recommendation of authorized treating physician; independent medical evaluations; temporary total disability benefits and the termination thereof; mandatory action; additional	12	1706
	authority	12	1708
§23-4-7b.	Trial return to work	12	1712
§23-4-8. §23-4-8c.	Physical examination of claimant Occupational pneumoconiosis board—Reports and distribution thereof; presumption; findings required	12	1713
	of board; objection to findings; procedure thereon	12	1714
§23-4-9.	Physical and vocational rehabilitation	12	1716
§23-4-14.	Computation of benefits	12	1719
§23-4-15b.			
§23-4-19.	pneumoconiosis; hearing	12	1721
	restitution	12	1723
Discriminat §23-5A-3.	ory Practices Termination of injured employee prohibited; re-	10	1790
	employment of injured employees and Employees Subject to Chapter;	12	1739
	itorial Coverage Classification of industries; accounts, rate of premiums	12	1667
§23-2-4. §23-2-5a.	Collection of premiums from defaulting employers; interest and penalties; civil remedies; creation and enforcement of lien against employer and purchaser; distraint powers; insolvency proceedings; secretary of state to withhold certificates of dissolution; injunctive		1001
	relief; bond	12	1669

WORKERS' COMPENSATION—(continued): Employers and Employees Subject to Chapter;			Page
Extraterri	itorial Coverage—(continued):		
§23-2-9.	Election of employer to provide own system of compensation; mandatory participation in second injury reserve of surplus fund and exceptions;		
§23-2-14.	election to provide catastrophe coverage Sale or transfer of business; attachment of lien for premium, etc., payments due; criminal penalties for failure to pay; creation and avoidance or elimination	12	1672
§ 23-2-15.	of lien; enforcement of lien Liabilities of successor employer; waiver of payment by commissioner; assignment of predecessor employer's	12	1679
	premium rate to successor	12	1680
§23-2-16.	Acceptance or assignment of premium rate	12	1682
§23-2-17. §23-2-18.	Employer right to hearing; content of petition; appeal Rules	12 12	1683 1684
General Adr	ninistrative Provisions		
§23-1-1.	Workers' compensation commissioner; appointment;		
920-1-1.	term; oath; bond; conflict of interest; compensation;		
	official seal; legal services; references to director		
	deemed to mean commissioner; references to		
	workmen's compensation deemed to mean workers'		1500
	compensation	191	1526
Review			
§23-5-1.	Notice by commissioner of decision; objections and		
	hearing; appeal	12	1725
§23-5-1a.	Application by employee for further adjustment of		
-	claim-Objection to modification; hearing	12	1728
§23-5-1b.	Refusal to reopen claim; notice; objection	12	1728
§23-5-1c.	Application by employer for modification of award-		
	Objection to modification; hearing	12	1729
§23-5-1d.	Refusal of modification; notice; objection	12	1729
§23-5-1e.	Time periods for objections and appeals; extensions	12	1730
§23-5-1f.	Compromise and settlement of permanent partial		
-	disability awards	12	1730
§23-5-1g.	Creation of office of administrative law judges; powers of		
§23-5-1h.	chief administrative law judge and said office	12	1732
320 0 200	office of administrative law judges	12	1734
§23-5-1i.	Appeal from administrative law judge decision to appeal		
	board Appeal to board; procedure; remand and supplemental	12	1736
§23-5-3.		12	1736
§23-5-3a.	hearing Continuances and supplemental hearings; claims not to		
	be denied on technicalities	12	1738
§23-5-4b.	Jurisdictional findings and decisions appealable	12	1739
Subrogation			
§23-2A-1.	Subrogation limitations: effective date	12	1684
\$23-2A-2.	Study of subrogation	12	1685
0	• –		
	mpensation Fund		
§23-3-1.	Compensation fund; surplus fund; catastrophe and		
	catastrophe payment defined; second injury and	12	1685
	second injury reserve; compensation by employers	14	1000

I

Ş