ACTS

OF THE

LEGISLATURE

0F

WEST VIRGINIA



Regular Session, 1991 First Extraordinary Session, 1991 BJW Printers, Beckley, W. Va.



FOREWORD

This volume contains the Acts of the First Regular and the First Extraordinary Sessions of the 70th Legislature, 1991.

First Regular Session, 1991

The First Regular Session of the 70th Legislature convened on January 9, 1991. The constitutional sixty-day limit on the duration of the session was midnight, March 9, 1991. However, the session was extended by Proclamation of the Governor for the sole consideration of the Budget Bill, and the Legislature adjourned its Regular Session sine die on March 17, 1991.

Bills totaling 1,624 were introduced in the two houses during this session (987 House and 637 Senate). The Legislature passed 179 bills, 91 House and 88 Senate. The Governor vetoed two Senate bills (S. B. 533 and S. B. 538), leaving a net total of 177 bills which became law.

One hundred nine concurrent resolutions were introduced during the session, 55 House and 54 Senate, of which 15 House and 10 Senate were adopted. Twenty-two House Joint and 11 Senate Joint Resolutions were introduced proposing amendments to the State Constitution. S. J. R. 4, Local Government Levy and Bond Issue Amendment, was adopted. The House had 21 House Resolutions and the Senate had 35 Senate Resolutions, of which 11 House and 30 Senate were adopted.

The Senate failed to pass 85 House bills passed by the House and 52 Senate bills failed passage by the House. One House bill (Com. Sub. for H. B. 2665) and one Senate bill (Com. Sub. for S. B. 485) died in conference.

First Extraordinary Session, 1991

The First Extraordinary Session convened at 12:36 P.M. on March 17, 1991, and adjourned sine die at 1:20 P.M., on March 17, 1991.

The Proclamation convening the session contained two items for consideration during the session.

Two House bills were introduced, passed and approved by the Governor.

The House introduced and adopted one House Resolution, authorizing the appointment of employees for the Extraordinary Session. The Senate introduced and adopted four Senate Resolutions.

* * * * * * * * * * *

This volume will be distributed as provided by sections thirteen and nineteen, article one, chapter four of the Code of West Virginia.

These Acts may be purchased from the Division of Purchasing, Department of Administration, State Capitol, Charleston, West Virginia 25305.

DONALD L. KOPP, Clerk of the House and Keeper of the Rolls.

ACTS AND RESOLUTIONS

Regular Session, 1991 First Extraordinary Session, 1991

GENERAL LAWS

Chap	oter	Page
	ABANDONED MINE LAND	•
1.	New Accounts for Abandoned Mine Land Reclamation	
	Program	. 1
	4 D. 4 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1	
	ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES	
2.		
	Disapprove Amendments to Emergency Rules	. 7
	AGRICULTURE	
3.	Meat Inspection Program Continued	. 13
4.	Tree Fruit Industry Self-Improvement Assessment Board	
5.	Disposal of Dead Poultry	
6.	Livestock Dealers	
7.	Milk, Dairy Products and Imitation Dairy Products	
8.	Plant Pests, Other Insects and Noxious Weeds	. 79
9.	West Virginia Commercial Feed Law	. 85
	APIARY LAW	
10.	West Virginia Apiary Law of 1991	103
	APPROPRIATIONS	
	Supplemental, 1991 Budget	
11.	Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, Account	
11.	No. 6700	113
12.	Department of Transportation, Division of Motor Vehicles,	
	Account No. 6710	115
	Budget Bill	
10	Budget Bill, Making Appropriations of Public Money for Fiscal	
13.	Year Beginning July 1, 1991	117
	BANKS AND BANKING	
14.	Bank Merger and Incorporation Fees	203
14.	See also TAXATION.	

Chapt	er BONDS	Page
15.	Changing Powers and Duties of the Municipal Bond Commission	216
	BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS	
16.	$\label{lem:combining} \textbf{Employment Security and Workers' Compensation}$	225
	CAPITAL COMPANY ACT	
17.	West Virginia Capital Company Act	358
	CHILD ADVOCATE	
18.	Child Advocate Office Continued	375
	CHILD WELFARE	
19. 20.	Administration of Programs for Handicapped ChildrenFamily Support Program	376 378
21.	Noncustodial Counseling of Child and Parent or Guardian	386
	CIVIL SERVICE	
22.	Employee Representative Organization Bulletin Boards	387
	CLAIMS	
23.	Department of Administration, Education, Health and Human	
0.4	Resources, Corrections and Workers' Compensation	388
24. 25.	Victims of Crimes	390 392
26.	Appointment of Guardian When Minor Has Received an Award	401
	CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION	
27.	Limited Documentary Charges by Creditors	405
28.	Regulation of Credit Service Organizations	410
	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES	
29.	Updating Lists of Controlled Substances	419
	CORPORATIONS	
30.	Repeal of Article Governing Building and Loan Associations	444
31.	Repeal of Article Governing Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation	
	CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS	
32.	Compensation of Correctional Officers Required to Work on Holidays	445
	COUNTY COMMISSIONS	
33.	Additional Duties of County Officials and Compensation Therefor	446

	Table of Contents			
Chap				
	COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS			
34.	Redefining Judicial Circuits			
	CRIME INVESTIGATORS			
35.	Full-Time Investigators Prohibited from Other Employment			
	CRIMES AND OFFENSES			
36.	Cruelty to Animals			
37.	Negligent Shooting of Humans or Livestock While Hunting			
38.	First and Second Degree Murder Defined			
39.	Purchase of Nonferrous Metals by Junk Dealers			
40.	Escape from Custody of Commissioner of Corrections			
41.	Increasing Criminal Penalties for Sexual Offenses.			
71.	Thereasing of initial Tenancies for Dexual Offenses			
	CULTURE AND HISTORY			
42.	Administrative Structure Within Division of Culture and History			
	DEPUTY SHERIFFS			
43.	Appointment as Jailer and Civil Service Coverage			
44.	Civil Service Coverage			
	DOMESTIC RELATIONS			
45.	Family Support Obligations			
46.	Authority of Circuit Courts to Issue Injunctions to Prevent Harassment			
47.	Authorizing Arrests for Domestic Violence			
48.	Voluntary Mutual Consent Registry for Identifying Information			
•0.	Concerning Birth Parents and Adult Adoptees			
	EDUCATION			
49.	Program in Physical Fitness			
50.	Performance Standards to Establish Impaired Schools			
51.	West Virginia Share in Your Future Act			
52.	School Library Media Improvement Grant Program			
53.	Superintendents, Personnel and Personal Leave for Service Employees			
54.	Emergency Powers of County Superintendent			
55.	Permitting School Employees to Serve on School Boards in			
	County of Residence			
56.	Donation of Unneeded Real Estate by County Boards of			
	Education			
57.	School Closing or Consolidation			
58.	Vocational-Technical School Improvement Councils			
59.	Salary Reduction by Employment Term Reduction Prohibited			
60 .	West Virginia State College Designated as a Land Grant			
	Institution			

Advanced Salary Classification.

61.

633

634

Chapt	er	Page
62.	Institutional and Statewide Report Cards to Ensure Account-	
	ability	641
63.	Classified Employee Experience Increment	651
64.	Classified Employees' Catastrophic Leave Transfer	653
65.	Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarship Program	655
	EDUCATIONAL BROADCASTING AUTHORITY	
6 6.	Distance Learning Coordinating Council	662
	ELECTIONS	
67.	Vendors Authorized to Print Ballots	667
6 8.	Election of Delegates and Alternate Delegates to National	
	Political Party Conventions	670
69.	Campaign Contribution Reporting	712
	FEES AND ALLOWANCES	
70.	Increasing Mileage Charge for Conveying Prisoners	718
10.	increasing mineage onarge for conveying trisoners	
	FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION	
71.	Repeal of Article Creating the Citizens Hearing Committee	720
72.	Financial Accounting and Reporting Section	720
	FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL	
73.	Requiring Installation of Smoke Detectors in All One- and Two-	
	Family Dwellings	724
	GUARANTEED WORK FORCE PROGRAM	
74.	Participation by Firms	726
	HAZARDOUS AND MEDICAL WASTE	
75.	Transportation of Hazardous Waste and Enacting the Medical	
10.	Waste Act	730
	HEALTH	
76.	West Virginia Health Care Planning Commission Act	751
76. 77.	Uniform Health Professionals Data Collection System	
77. 78.	Health Care Cost Containment (HCCRA)	
79.	WIC Program Special Funds Account	
80.	Hearing Impairment in Newborns	
81.	Repeal of Article Governing Continuum of Care for the Elderly,	
01.	Impaired and Terminally III	819
82.	Early Intervention Services for Children with Developmental Delays	
83.	Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program Act.	. 824
84.	Testing of Newborn Infants for Certain Diseases	. 846
05.	Procedures for Executing a Living Will	

ix

Chap	oter HORSE AND DOG RACING	Page		
86.				
	HUMAN SERVICES			
87.	Caseload Standards	865		
	HUNTING AND FISHING			
88.	Class K Nonresident Fishing License	866		
	INSURANCE			
89.	Insurance Generally, Agents, Brokers, Solicitors, Reciprocity			
	With Other States, Authority of Commissioner Regarding Hazardous Financial Condition of Companies	867		
90.	Creation of Office of Consumer Advocacy for Health Care and Insurance Costs			
91.	Requiring Certain Signatures on Life or Sickness Insurance Policies.	933		
92.	Insurance Coverage on Vehicles Loaned by Automobile Dealers			
93.	Individual, Employer and Small Employer Group Accident and Sickness Insurance	937		
94.	Third Party Reimbursement for Rehabilitation Services	968		
95.	Professional Liability Insurance and Tail Coverage	981		
	JURIES			
96.	Increasing Per Diem Allowance for Grand Jurors and Payment of Mileage and Expenses	985		
	LABOR			
97.	Increasing the Minimum Wage	986		
	LEGAL HOLIDAYS			
98.	Native American Indian Heritage Week as a Special Memorial Week.	987		
	LEGISLATIVE RULES			
99.	Promulgation of Administrative Rules and Regulations	988		
	LIENS			
100.	Entitlement of Architects. Engineers and Landscape Architects to Mechanic's Lien	1096		
	MEDICAID UNCOMPENSATED CARE FUND			
101.	New Article Establishing	1098		
	MINES AND MINERALS			
102.	Protective Clothing and Equipment to be Worn by Miners	1103		

Chap	ter MOTOR CARRIERS	Page
100		1104
103.	PSC Safety Inspection of Commercial Vehicles	1104
	MOTOR VEHICLES	
104.	Defining "Resident" for Registration Purposes	1108
105.	Recreating the Driver's Licensing Advisory Board	1109
106.	Emergency Vehicle Permits	1111
107.	Abolishing Administrative Hearing for DUI Convictions in Absence of Appeal	1115
108.	Clarifying Law Governing the Use of Sun Screening Devices	1117
109.	Motor Vehicle Dealers Permitted to Operate Certain Vehicles Without a Sticker	1121
		1121
	MUNICIPALITIES	
110.	Leases as Lessor by Municipalities	1122
11L	Paid Police and Fire Department Promotions Based on	
	Experience and Written Competitive Examinations	1124
112.	Disability and Retirement Benefits for Municipal Retirees	1126
113.	County Airport Authorities	1139
	NATURAL RESOURCES	
114	Possession of Wildlife After Hunting Season	1148
115.	Developmentally Disabled Residents Permitted to Fish Without a License	1149
116.	Clarifying "Owner" Within Provisions Regulating Underground Petroleum Storage Tanks	1152
117.	Groundwater Protection Act	1155
	NONINTOXICATING BEER	
118.	Merger of Nonintoxicating Beer Commissioner and Alcohol	
	Beverage Control Commissioner, Alcohol Beverage Control	1178
119.	Establishment of Brewpubs	1209
	PESTICIDES	
120.	Repeal of Article Creating Interagency Committee on Pesticides	1229
	POET LAUREATE	
121.	Salary Increase for West Virginia Poet Laureate	1229
	PROBATION AND PAROLE	
122.	Notification of Parole Hearing or Release Date of Prisoner to Victim or Immediate Family Member	1230
	PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS	
12%	Auctioneers and Apprentice Auctioneers	1231
124.	Contractor Licensing Act	
125.	Fractice of Medicine, Surgery and Podiatry and Continuing	
	Status of Certain Licenses	1264

Chap	ter	Page
126.	Continuing Education for Renewal of License to Practice Medicine and Surgery or Podiatry	1268
127.	Certification Requirements for Physician Assistants and Prohibiting Such Assistants from Dispensing a Prescription	1200
	for a Refraction	1271
128.	Registration and Licensing of Pharmacists, New Fees and	1070
129.	Creating Position of Pharmacist-In-Charge Permits for Mail-Order Houses Which Dispense Drugs	1278
130.	Osteopathic Physician Assistants	1200
131.	Licensure and Practice of School Psychology	1294
132.	Booth or Chair Rental by Barbers and Beauticians	
	PUBLIC DEFENDER	
133.	Prohibiting the Private Practice of Law by Public Defenders	1311
	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE	
134.	Prohibiting Balance Billing of Medical Bills Under PEIA	1313
	PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES	
135.	Debt Management Act of 1991	1326
136.	Certain Securities Exempt Under the Uniform Securities Act	1330
	PUBLIC PORT/WAYPORT AUTHORITY	
137.	Combining Public Port and Wayport Authorities	1336
	PUBLIC SAFETY	
138.	Notation on Birth Records of Missing Children and Exchange of Information Between Board of Education, Vital Statistics and Division of Public Safety	1354
	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	
139.	Publication of Rate Information of Public Utilities	1360
	RADIOACTIVE WASTE	
140.	Treatment of Low-Level Radioactive Waste and Prohibiting	
	Disposal of Radioactive Waste in Solid Waste Facilities	1361
	RAILROAD MAINTENANCE AUTHORITY	
141.	North Bend Rail Trail	1364
142.	Membership of the Authority	1365
	REAL ESTATE BROKERS	
143.	Actions for Fees, Commissions or Other Compensation,	
	Revocation of Broker's License as Suspending Salesperson's	
	License, Listing Agreements, Disclosure of Agency Status and Setting Forth Purchase Agreements	1368
	Definite a of the forest of the contents	1000

Chapt	ter REAL PROPERTY	Page
144.	Licensure and Certification of Real Estate Appraisers	1370
	SALVAGE YARDS	
145.	Defining Terms	1380
	Ţ	
	SUNSET	
146.	Rescheduling Termination Dates of Governmental Entities and Programs	1382
147.	Changing Termination Date of the Division of Parks and Tourism	1385
148.	Continuation of the Labor-Management Council	1385
149.	Repeal of Code Provisions Terminating Certain Agencies	1386
150 .	Continuing the Rural Resources Division, Known as the	
	Marketing and Development Division	1387
151.	Continuing the State Soil Conservation Committee	1387
152.	Continuing the Oil and Gas Conservation Commission	1391
153.	Continuing the Division of Corrections	1394
154.	Continuing the State Geological and Economic Survey	1395
155.	Placing the Division of Personnel Under Sunset Review	1396
156.	Continuing the Women's Commission	1397
157.	Continuing the State Lottery Commission	1398
158.	Continuing the Family Law Masters System	1399
	SURFACE MINING	
159.	Surface Mining Regulations	1400
	SYNTHETIC FUEL	
160.	Tax Credit for Investment in New Industrial Facilities	1453
	TAXATION	
161.	Filing of Hotel Occupancy Tax Reports by Convention and	
202.	Visitor's Bureaus	1464
162.	Disclosure of Certain Taxpayer Information	1469
163.	Dedication of Additional Coal Severance Tax for Counties and Municipalities	1473
164.	Business Franchise and Corporation Net Income Tax Credit for	
	Investment in Management Information Services Facility	1479
165.	Certification by Division of Culture and History for Historic Preservation Tax Credit	1522
166.	Personal Income Tax Terms	1528
167.	Tax on Financial Institutions Doing Business in the State	1529
168.	Business Franchise and Corporation Net Income Tax Terms	
_ , _ ,	•	
	VETERANS	
169.	Extending an Additional Five Point Civil Service Preference to Certain Veterans	1582
170	Providing Tax Benefits for Duty in the Persian Gulf	

	Table of Contents	xiii
Chapter	VOTER REGISTRATION	Page
171. R	Legistration of Voters at Driver's License Facilities	1615
	WINE	
172. W	Vine Retailer's License	1622
173. C	WOMEN'S COMMISSION continuation, Composition and Duties of Women's Commission	1627
174. W	WORKERS' COMPENSATION Vorkers' Compensation Generally and Appeal Board Findings	1631
175. S	LOCAL LAWS HUNTINGTON PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT evering the Village of Barboursville from the District	1660
176. Ir	WEIRTON ncreasing Certain Gross Weight Limitations on Certain Roads	1666
177. A	WHEELING uthorizing the Creation of Conditional Zoning * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1667
	RESOLUTIONS	
	(Only resolutions of general interest are included herein)	
Number	Concurrent	Page
HCR 12	. Requesting the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to Continue the Study of Area Health Education Centers (AHEC)	1669
HCR 27		1670
HCR 28		1671
HCR 32	. Urging the U.S. Congress to Enact a National Health Plan	
SCR 13.	Providing Access to Health Care for All Americans Commending Honorable Robert C. Byrd for a Lifetime of Service to the State	1671 1673
SCR 19.		1674
	House	
HR 9. HR 18.	Creating a Select Committee on Redistricting	1675 1675
	r un I Utchial	7010

	٠	
v	1	37
ж		v

Number		Page
HR 21.	Recognizing and Commending the Three Medical Schools for Collaborative Efforts in the Development of Foundation Support for Rural Primary Care Centers	1676
	Senate	
SR 8.	Requesting the United States Government to Release Information Regarding Unaccounted for WV POWs and MIAs	1677
SR 13.	Commemorating the Death of Rueben G. Kirk III, the First West Virginian to Die in Operation Desert Shield	1678
	Joint Resolution Adopted by Both Houses	
SJR 4.	Local Government Levy and Bond Issue Amendment	1679
	First Extraordinary Session, 1991	
Chapter		Page
	APPROPRIATIONS	
	Supplemental	
1. 2.	Division of Public Safety, Account No. 5700 Division of Public Safety, Inspection Fees,	1683
_,	Account No. 8350	1684

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE

REGULAR SESSION, 1991

OFFICERS

President—Keith Burdette, Parkersburg
President Pro Tem—William R. Sharpe, Jr., Weston
Clerk—Darrell E. Holmes, Charleston
Sergeant at Arms—Estil L. Bevins, Williamson
Doorkeeper—Porter Cotton, Chesapeake

District	Name	Address	Prior Service in Senate
First	Thais Blatnik (D) John G. Chernenko (D)		(House 63rd; 65th-67th); 69th 66th-69th
Second	Don Macnaughtan (D) Larry Wiedebusch (D)		
Third			Appt. 5/14/85, 67th; 68th-69th (House 64th-65th); 66th-69th
Fourth	Oshel B. Craigo (D) Robert L. Dittmar (D)		
Fifth	Homer Heck (D) Ned Jones (D)		65th-66th; 69th Appt. 12/30/85, 67th; 68th-69th
Sixth	H. Truman Chafin (D) A. Keith Wagner (D)	Williamson laeger	66th-69th 69th
Seventh	Sammy D. Dalton (D) Earl Ray Tomblin (D)	Harts Chapmanville	(House 62nd-67th; 69th) (House 62nd-64th); 65th-69th
Eighth	James F. Humphreys (D) Mark Anthony Manchin (D).	Charleston	(House 66th-68th); Appt. 9/13/89, 69th 69th
Ninth	Billy Wayne Bailey, Jr. (D) William R. Wooton (D)	Alpoca Beckley	Appt. 1/8/91 (House 63rd-67th; 69th)
Tenth	Leonard W. Anderson (D) Tony E. Whitlow (D)	Summers Kellysville	(House 60th-61st; 63rd-66th); 67th-69th
Eleventh	J. D. Brackenrich (D) Robert Kelvin Holliday (D)	Lewisburg Fayetteville	(8th-69th (House 56th-58th); 59th-60th; 65th-69th
Twelfth	. , Walt Helmick (D)	Marlinton Elkins	(House 1 yr., 69th); Appt. 9/25/89; 69th (House 62nd-64th); 65th-69th
Thirteenth	Joseph M. Minard (D) Wilham R. Sharpe, Jr. (D)	Clarksburg Weston	(House Appt. 1/10/83; 66th; 67th-69th) 55th-64th; 67th-69th
Fourteenth	Eugene Claypole (D) Joe Manchin, III (D)	Granville Fairmont	(House 66th); 68th-69th
Fifteenth	Charles B. Felton, Jr. (D) J. M. Withers (D)	Rowlesburg Grafton	Appt. 5/21/87, 68th; 69th
	Thomas J. Hawse, III (D) Sondra Moore Lucht (D)	Martinsburg	66th-69th
Seventeenth	Charlotte Jean Pritt (D) Martha G. Wehrle (D)	Charleston Charleston	(House 67th-68th); 69th (House 62nd-66th); Appt. 9/5/89, 69th
	(D) Democrats		<u>1</u>
	TOTAL		

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

REGULAR SESSION, 1991

OFFICERS

Speaker—Robert C. Chambers, Huntington Speaker Pro Tem—W. E. Anderson, Logan Clerk—Donald L. Kopp, Clarksburg Sergeant at Arms—Oce W. Smith, Jr., Fairmont Doorkeeper—E. Don Yoak, Spencer

District	Name	Address	Prior Service in House
First	Sam Love (D)		
Second	Paul R. Higgins (D) Robert G. Lindsey, Jr. (D)		
Third	Greg D. Martin (R) David B. McKinley, P.E. (R L. Gil White (R))Wheeling	.65th-69th
Fourth	Donald A. Haskins (R) Joseph D. Parriott (R)		
Fifth	Dave Pethtel (D)	Hundred	.69th
Sixth	James E. Willison (R)	Sistersville	.69th
Seventh	Otis A. Leggett (R)	St. Marys	68th-69th
Eighth	J. D. Beane (D)	Davisville	
	Barbara W. Sims (R)	Parkersburg	
Ninth	John Campbell (D) Randy Schoonover (D)		
Tenth	Bob Ashley (R)	Spencer	67th-69th
Eleventh	Bill Carmichael (R)	Ripley	Appt. 7/8/69; 61st; 64th-67th
Tweifth	Charley Damron (D) Deborah F. Phillips (D) Ben Vest (D) Patricia Holmes White (D)	Scott Depot	
Thirteenth	Robert C. Chambers (D) Rick Houvouras (D) John C. Huntwork, M.D. (I James Hanly Morgan (D). Evelyn E. Richards (R) Stephen T. Williams (D)	Huntington D)Huntington Huntington Huntington	68th-69th 69th 64th; 67th; 69th
Fourteenth	Kenneth Adkins (D) Walter Rollins (D)	Huntington Kenova	68th-69th 60th-62nd (Senate 63rd-64th); 67th-69th
Fifteenth	Grant Preece (D)	Ragland Williamson	68th-69th
	W. E. Anderson (D) Tracy Dempsey (D) Joe C. Ferrell (D) Larry Hendricks (D)	Harts Logan Chapmanville	66th-69th
	Delores W. Cook (D)		
Eighteenth	Ernest C. Moore (D) Rick Murensky (D)	Thorpe Welch	60th-63rd; 65th-69th 65th-69th

Nineteenth	. Richard Browning (D) W. Richard Staton (D)	.Oceana	.69th	
Twentieth	Gilbert E. Bailey (D)	.Camp Creek	.66th-68th	
	Richard D. Flanigan (D) Odell H. Huffman (D)	.PrincetonPrinceton	.66th-69th .59th-60th; (Senate 61st-66th)	
Twenty-First	. Mary Pearl Compton (D)	.Union	.69th	
Twenty-Second	Robert S. Kiss (D)	.Hinton		
	Pat Reed (D)	.Beckley	.66th-69th	
Tourse Missel	Tom Susman (D)			
I wenty-Intra	Bonnie L. Brown (D)	.Charleston		
	Ramona Tate Cerra (D) Joseph H. Farris (D)			
	Ruth Goldsmith (R)	.South Charleston	65th	
	David Grubb (D)			
	Charlotte R. Lane (R)	.Charleston	.64th	
	Margaret Miller (R) Phyllis J. Rutledge (D)			
	Sharon Spencer (D)	.Charleston	.66th; 68th-69th	
Twenty-Fourth	Martha Yeager Walker (D) Paul M. Blake, Jr. (D)			
1 wenty-1 our un	Tom Louisos (D)	.Oak Hill	.67th-68th	
	Lucile S. Meadows (D)	-		
Twenty-Fifth	.James J. Rowe (D)	.Lewisburg	.69th .69th	
Twenty-Sixth	.C. Farrell Johnson (D) Eugene T. Wilson (D)	.Summersville .Cowen	.68th-69th .69th	
Twenty-Seventh	Joe Martin (D)	.Elkins Elkins		
Twenty-Eighth	Dale F. Riggs (R) Donald L. Stemple (R)			
Twenty-Ninth	. Robert J. Conley (R)	.Weston	.65th-69th	
Thirtieth	Percy C. Ashcraft, II (D) Ron Fragale (D) Floyd Fullen (D) Barbara Ann Warner (D)	. Nutter Fort . Bridgeport	.66th-68th	
Thirty-First	. Roman W. Prezioso, Jr. (D)			
	Paul E. Prunty (R)	Fairmont	.66th; 68th	
Thirty-Second	.Robert C. Beach (D)			
	Stephen L. Cook (D)		(Senate 66th-67th); 69th	
	Brian Gallagher (D) Greg Sayre (D)	. Morgantown . Morgantown	. Appt. 5/22/89, 69th	
•	.David Collins (D)	.Kingwood	.69th	
Thirty-Fourth	.Allen V. Evans (R)	.Dorcas .Keyser	.69th	
Thirty-Fifth	, Harold K. Michael (D)	. Moorefield	.69th	
Thirty-SixthJerry L. Mezzatesta (D)Romney68th-69th				
Thirty-Seventh Vicki V. Douglas (D)Martinsburg				
Thirty-EighthLarry V. Faircloth (R)Inwood65th-69th				
Thirty-NinthJohn Overington (R)Martinsburg67th-69th				
Fortieth	.Dale Manuel (D)	.Charles Town	.69th	
(D) Democrats. 74 (R) Republicans. 26				
	TOTAL			

COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Regular Session, 1991

STANDING

Agriculture and Natural Resources

D. Miller (Chairman of Agriculture), Compton (Vice Chairman of Agriculture), Love (Chairman of Natural Resources), Johnson (Vice Chairman of Natural Resources), Bailey, Browning, Campbell, Fragale, Hendricks, Michael, Pethtel, Preece, Reed, Sayre, Schoonover, Stewart, Vest, Warner, Wilson, Border, Evans, Leggett, Riggs, Stemple and Willison.

Banking and Insurance

Rutledge (Chairman of Banking), Williams (Vice Chairman of Banking), Susman (Chairman of Insurance), Adkins (Vice Chairman of Insurance), Beane, Carper, Collins, S. Cook, Damron, Dempsey, Farris, Ferrell, Flanigan, Gallagher, Grubb, Michael, Staton, Vest, Ashley, Border, Carmichael, Goldsmith, McKinley, Riggs and L. White.

Constitutional Revision

Brown (Chairman), Blake (Vice Chairman), Beach, Beane, Browning, Fullen, Houvouras, Huffman, Kessel, Kiss, Lindsey, Louisos, Manuel, Meadows, Moore, Pethtel, Preece, Prezioso, Faircloth, McKinley, Overington, Parriott, Prunty, Stemple and Wallace.

Education

Ashcraft (Chairman), Prezioso (Vice Chairman), Beach, Blake, Carper, Compton, D. Cook, Hendricks, Kessel, Lindsey, Mezzatesta, D. Miller, Phillips, Proudfoot, Schoonover, Spencer, Susman, Williams, Border, Goldsmith, Haskins, Leggett, G. Martin, Prunty and Richards.

Finance

Murensky (Chairman), Kiss (Vice Chairman), Adkins, Anderson, Bailey, Browning, Campbell, Collins, S. Cook, Farris, Flanigan, Houvouras, Louisos, Mezzatesta, Morgan, Pettit, Rutledge, Warner, P. White, Burk, Conley, Faircloth, McKinley, M. Miller and Stemple.

Government Organization

J. Martin (Chairman), Cerra (Vice Chairman), Beane, Dempsey, Fragale, Fullen, Higgins, Johnson, Love, Meadows, Michael, Preece, Reed, Sayre, Stewart, Taylor, Vest, Walker, Calvert, Evans, Overington, Parriott, Wallace, L. White and Willison.

Health and Human Resources

P. White (Chairman), S. Cook (Vice Chairman), Brown, Brum, D. Cook, Douglas, Flanigan, Gallagher, Grubb, Huffman, Kessel, Mann, Mezzatesta, Morgan, Pettit, Roop, Susman, Taylor, Walker, Conley, Haskins, Lane, M. Miller, Richards and Sims.

Industry and Labor

Spencer (Chairman), Schoonover (Vice Chairman), Adkins, Campbell, Compton, Farris, Hendricks, Louisos, D. Miller, Phillips, Prezioso, Proudfoot, Reed, Reid, Stewart, Walker, Wilson, Calvert, Carmichael, Haskins, M. Miller, Overington, Parriott, Prunty and Sims.

Interstate Cooperation

Pethtel (Chairman), Brown, Ferrell, Fullen, Michael, Lane and Overington.

Judiciary

Rowe (Chairman), Staton (Vice Chairman), Brum, Brown, Damron, Douglas, Ferrell, Fullen, Gallagher, Grubb, Huffman, Huntwork, Mann, Manuel, Moore, Pethtel, Reid, Roop, Wilson, Ashley, Carmichael, Lane, Riggs, Schadler and Sims.

Pensions and Retirement

Browning (Chairman), Kiss (Vice Chairman), Morgan, Prezioso, Rollins, Ashley and Wallace.

Political Subdivisions

Roop (Chairman), Manuel (Vice Chairman), Bailey, Beach, Collins, Damron, Douglas, Higgins, Houvouras, Huntwork, Johnson, Kiss, Mann, Meadows, Pettit, Phillips, Proudfoot, Sayre, Calvert, Goldsmith, Faircloth, G. Martin, Richards, Schadler and Willison.

Roads and Transportation

Reid (Chairman), Warner (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Blake, Brum, Carper, Cerra, D. Cook, Dempsey, Ferrell, Fragale, Fullen, Higgins, Huntwork, Love, Morgan, Staton, Taylor, Conley, Evans, Leggett, G. Martin, Schadler, L. White and Wallace.

Rules

Chambers (Chairman), Ashcraft, Houvouras, J. Martin, Mezzatesta, Murensky, Rollins, Rowe, P. White, Burk, Faircloth and Stemple.

SELECT

Select Committee on Redistricting

Damron (Chairman), Staton (Vice Chairman), Blake, Brown, Ferrell, Flanigan, Houvouras, Love, Manuel, J. Martin, Moore, Roop, Warner, Burk, Faircloth, Lane and McKinley.

JOINT

Commission on Special Investigations

Chambers (Co-Chairman), J. Martin, Rowe, Faircloth and Lane.

Enrolled Bills

Moore (Chairman), D. Cook (Vice Chairman), Overington and Willison.

Government and Finance

Chambers (Co-Chairman), Murensky, Ashcraft, Rollins, Rowe, Ashley and Burk.

Government Operations

J. Martin (Co-Chairman), Cerra, Love, Wallace and L. White.

Legislative Commission on Juvenile Law

Brown (Co-Chairman), Douglas and Schadler.

Legislative Rule-Making Review

Grubb (Co-Chairman), Roop (Vice Chairman), Gallagher, Love, Burk and Faircloth.

Rules

Chambers (Co-Chairman) and Burk.

COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE

Regular Session, 1991

STANDING

Agriculture

Hawse (Chairman), Dalton (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Bailey, Dittmar, Helmick, Minard, Spears, Whitlow and Wiedebusch.

Banking and Insurance

Craigo (Chairman), Minard (Vice Chairman), Bailey, Dittmar, Hawse, Heck, Jones, J. Manchin, Pritt, Sharpe, Tomblin, Wagner and Wooton.

Confirmations

Whitlow (Chairman), Jones (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Chafin, Claypole, Lucht, Tomblin, Wehrle and Wooton.

Education

Lucht (Chairman), Wagner (Vice Chairman), Bailey, Blatnik, Brackenrich, Dalton, Felton, Hawse, Humphreys, Jones, M. Manchin, Withers and Boley.

Energy, Industry and Mining

Sharpe (Chairman), Macnaughtan (Vice Chairman), Brackenrich, Chernenko, Dalton, Felton, Helmick, J. Manchin, M. Manchin, Wagner, Wehrle, Withers and Boley.

Finance

Tomblin (Chairman), Craigo (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Brackenrich, Chernenko, Hawse, Jones, Lucht, J. Manchin, M. Manchin, Sharpe, Spears, Wagner, Whitlow, Withers, Wooton and Boley.

Government Organization

Spears (Chairman), Wiedebusch (Vice Chairman), Brackenrich, Chernenko, Claypole, Craigo, Felton, Holliday, Jones, Lucht, J. Manchin, Tomblin, Wehrle and Boley.

Health and Human Resources

Holliday (Chairman), Pritt (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Chernenko, Craigo, Macnaughtan, J. Manchin, Sharpe, Spears, Wooton and Boley.

Interstate Cooperation

Wagner (Chairman), Claypole (Vice Chairman), Dalton, Heck, Holliday, Humphreys and M. Manchin.

Judiciary

Humphreys (Chairman), Felton (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Bailey, Chafin, Claypole, Dalton, Dittmar, Heck, Helmick, Holliday, Macnaughtan, Minard, Pritt, Wehrle and Wiedebusch.

Labor

Chernenko (Chairman), Withers (Vice Chairman), Chafin, Claypole, Helmick, Holliday, Humphreys, Macnaughtan, Wagner and Wiedebusch.

Military

Felton (Chairman), Helmick (Vice Chairman), Bailey, Blatnik, Chernenko, Heck, Minard, Spears and Wooton.

Natural Resources

Brackenrich (Chairman), Anderson (Vice Chairman), Chafin, Craigo, Dittmar, Hawse, Helmick, Humphreys, Macnaughtan, Minard, Spears, Whitlow, Wiedebusch and Withers.

Pensions

Wehrle (Chairman), J. Manchin (Vice Chairman), Dittmar, Lucht, Wagner, Withers and Wooton.

Rules

Burdette (Chairman), Blatnik, Brackenrich, Chafin, Craigo, Humphreys, Lucht, Pritt, Tomblin and Boley.

Small Business

Blatnik (Chairman), M. Manchin (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Craigo, Hawse, Jones, Macnaughtan, Minard, Pritt, Sharpe, Tomblin and Whitlow.

Transportation

Dittmar (Chairman), Heck (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Craigo, Dalton, Sharpe, Tomblin, Wagner and Wiedebusch.

SELECT

Select Committee on Ethical Standards and Practices

Wehrle (Chairman), Dittmar, Holliday, Lucht, Wagner, Whitlow and Boley.

Select Committee on Redistricting

Wooton (Chairman), Spears (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Brackenrich, Chernenko, Craigo, Felton, Lucht, J. Manchin, Sharpe, Tomblin, Wagner, Wehrle, Wiedebusch and Boley.

JOINT

Commission on Special Investigations

Burdette (Co-Chairman), Blatnik, Craigo, Wooton and Boley.

Enrolled Bills

Heck (Chairman), Dittmar (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Claypole and M. Manchin.

Government and Finance

Burdette (Co-Chairman), Chafin, Craigo, Humphreys, Lucht, Tomblin and Boley.

Government Operations

Spears (Co-Chairman), Brackenrich, J. Manchin, Wiedebusch and Boley.

Legislative Commission on Juvenile Law

Lucht (Co-Chairman), Felton and Boley.

Legislative Rule-Making Review

Wooton (Co-Chairman), Chafin, J. Manchin, Tomblin, Wiedebusch and Boley.

Rules

Burdette (Co-Chairman), Chafin and Boley.



LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

ACTS

FIRST REGULAR SESSION, 1991

CHAPTER 1

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2492—By Delegates J. Martin and Kiss)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and four, article three, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the abandoned mine land reclamation program generally; establishing two new accounts in the state treasury; granting the commissioner of energy authority to expend funds; requirements for expenditures.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and four, article three, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. ABANDONED MINE LANDS AND RECLAMATION ACT.

- §22-3-2. Legislative findings; intent and purpose of article; jurisdiction and authority of commissioner.
- §22-3-4. Abandoned land reclamation fund and objectives of fund; lands eligible for reclamation.
- §22-3-2. Legislative findings; intent and purpose of article; jurisdiction and authority of commissioner.

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1 The Legislature finds that there are a substantial 2 number of acres of land throughout the state that were 3 disturbed by surface-mining operations prior to the time 4 of present day effective control and regulation. There 5 was little or no reclamation conducted and the impacts 6 from these unreclaimed lands impose social and eco-7 nomic costs on residents in nearby and adjoining areas 8 as well as continue to impair environmental quality, 9 prevent or damage the beneficial use of land or water resources, or endanger the health and safety of the 10 11 public.

Further the Legislature finds and declares that, due to the passage of Public Law 95-87, certain areas within the boundaries of this state do not meet present day standards for reclamation.

Further, the Legislature finds that Title IV of the 16 Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 17 "Public Law 95-87" provides for the collection of thirty-18 19 five cents per ton of coal produced from surface-mine operations and fifteen cents per ton of coal produced 20 from underground mine operations in West Virginia to 21 22 be collected by the secretary of the United States department of the interior until the thirtieth day of 23 September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five. At 24 least fifty percent of the funds so collected are to be 25 allocated directly to the state of West Virginia to 26 accomplish reclamation of abandoned coal mining 27 operations, as of the date the state of West Virginia 28 obtained an approved abandoned mine reclamation plan 29 in accordance with sections 405 and 503 of Public Law 30 31 95-87.

Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature by this article to vest jurisdiction and authority in the commissioner of the department of energy to maintain program approval by, and receipt of funds from, the United States department of the interior to accomplish the desired restoration and reclamation of our land and water resources.

§22-3-4. Abandoned land reclamation fund and objectives of fund; lands eligible for reclamation.

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- 1 (a) All abandoned land reclamation funds available 2 under Title IV of Public Law 95-87, private donations 3 received, any state appropriated or transferred funds, or 4 funds received from the sale of land by the director, 5 under this article shall be deposited with the treasurer 6 of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the 7 abandoned land reclamation fund heretofore created. 8 and expended pursuant to the requirements of this 9 article.
 - (b) Moneys in the fund may be used by the commissioner for the following:
 - (1) Reclamation and restoration of land and water resources adversely affected by past coal surface-mining operations, including, but not limited to, reclamation and restoration of abandoned surface mine areas. abandoned coal processing areas and abandoned coal processing waste areas; sealing and filling abandoned deep mine entries and voids; planting of land adversely affected by past coal surface-mining operations to prevent erosion and sedimentation; prevention, abatement, treatment and control of water pollution created by coal mine drainage, including restoration of stream beds and construction and operation of water treatment plants: prevention, abatement and control of burning coal processing waste areas and burning coal in situ; prevention, abatement and control of coal mine subsidence; and payment of administrative expenses and all other necessary expenses incurred to accomplish the purpose of this article: Provided, That all expenditures from this fund shall reflect the following priorities in the order stated:
 - (A) The protection of public health, safety, general welfare and property from extreme danger of adverse effects of past surface-mining practices;
 - (B) The protection of public health, safety and general welfare from adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices;
 - (C) The restoration of land and water resources and

- environment previously degraded by adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices, including measures for the conservation and development of soil, water (excluding channelization), woodland, fish and wildlife, recreation resources and agricultural productivity;
 - (D) Research and demonstration projects relating to the development of surface-mining reclamation and water quality control program methods and techniques;
 - (E) The protection, repair, replacement, construction or enhancement of public facilities such as utilities, roads, recreation and conservation facilities adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices;
 - (F) The development of publicly owned land adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices, including land acquired as provided in this article for recreation and historic purposes, conservation and reclamation purposes and open space benefits.
 - (2) (A) The commissioner may expend up to fifteen percent of the funds allocated to the state in any year through the grants made available under paragraphs (1) and (5), subsection (g) of section 402 of Public Law 95-87 for the purpose of protecting, repairing, replacing, constructing, or enhancing facilities relating to water supply, including water distribution facilities and treatment plants, to replace water supplies adversely affected by coal mining practices.
 - (B) If the adverse effects on water supplies referred to in this subdivision occurred both prior to and after the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, subdivision (3) of this subsection shall not be construed to prohibit the state from using funds for the purposes of this subdivision if the commissioner determines that such adverse effects occurred predominantly prior to the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven.
 - (3) The commissioner may receive and retain up to ten percent of the total of the grants made annually to such state under paragraphs (1) and (5), subsection (g) of

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77 section 404 of Public Law 95-87 if such amounts are deposited to the credit of either:

- (A) A special account in the state treasury designated the "Reclamation and Restoration Fund" which is hereby created. Moneys in the fund may be expended by the commissioner for administrative and personnel expenses and to achieve the priorities stated in subdivision (1) of this subsection after the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five; or
- (B) A special account in the state treasury designated the "Acid Mine Drainage Abatement and Treatment Fund" which is hereby created. Moneys in the fund may be expended by the commissioner for administrative and personnel expenses and to implement, in consultation with the United States Soil Conservation Service, acid mine drainage abatement and treatment plans approved by the secretary of the United States department of interior. Such plans shall provide for the comprehensive abatement of the causes and treatment of the effects of acid mine drainage within qualified hydrologic units affected by coal mining practices.
- (c) Except as provided for in this subsection, lands and 98 water eligible for reclamation or drainage abatement 99 100 expenditures under this article are those which were mined for coal or which were affected by such mining, 101 wastebanks, coal processing or other coal mining 102 processes, and abandoned or left in an inadequate 103 reclamation status prior to the third day of August, one 104 thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and for which 105 106 there is no continuing reclamation responsibility: Provided, That moneys from the funds made available 107 by the secretary of the United States department of 108 interior pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (5), subsection 109 (g), section 402 of Public Law 95-87 may be expended 110 for the reclamation or drainage abatement of a site that: 111 (1) The surface-mining operation occurred during the 112 period beginning on the fourth day of August, one 113 thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and ending on or 114 115 before the twenty-first day of January, one thousand

nine hundred eighty-one, and that any funds for reclamation or abatement which are available pursuant to a bond or other financial guarantee or from any other source, and not sufficient to provide for adequate reclamation or abatement of the site; or (2) the surface-mining operation occurred during the period beginning on the fourth day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and ending on or before the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and that the surety of such surface-mining operation became insolvent during such period, and as of the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, funds immediately available from proceedings relating to such insolvency or from any financial guarantees or other sources are not sufficient to provide for adequate reclamation of the site: Provided, however, That the commissioner, with the concurrence of the secretary. makes either of the above-stated findings, and that the site is eligible, or more urgent than the reclamation priorities set forth in paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivi-sion (1), subsection (a) of this section.

- (d) One purpose of this article is to provide additional and cumulative remedies to abate the pollution of the waters of the state and nothing herein contained shall abridge or alter rights of action or remedies now or hereafter existing, nor shall any provisions in this article or any act done by virtue of this article be construed as estopping the state, municipalities, public health officers or persons as riparian owners or otherwise in the exercise of their rights to suppress nuisances or to abate any pollution now or hereafter existing or to recover damages.
- (e) Where the governor certifies that the above objectives of the fund have been achieved and there is a need for construction of specific public facilities in communities impacted by coal development, and other sources of federal funds are inadequate and the secretary concurs, then the commissioner may expend money from the fund for such construction.

CHAPTER 2

(H. B. 2627—By Delegates Roop and Gallagher)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections fifteen, fifteen-a and fifteen-b, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, relating to the secretary of state's authority to disapprove amendments to emergency rules; granting the attorney general the authority to disapprove amendments to emergency rules filed by the secretary of state; amending time frames; and changing the effective date of an emergency rule.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections fifteen, fifteen-a and fifteen-b, article three. chapter twenty-nine-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- Emergency legislative rules; procedure for promulgation; §29A-3-15. definition.
- Disapproval of emergency rules and amendments to emergency §29A-3-15a. rules by the secretary of state; judicial review.
- §29A-3-15b. Disapproval of emergency rules and amendments to emergency rules by the attorney general; judicial review.

Emergency legislative rules; procedure for §29A-3-15. promulgation; definition.

- (a) Any agency with authority to propose legislative 1
- 2 rules may, without hearing, find that an emergency
- exists requiring that emergency rules be promulgated 3
- and promulgate the same in accordance with this 4
- section. Such emergency rules, together with a state-5
- ment of the facts and circumstances constituting the 6
- emergency, shall be filed in the state register and shall 7
- become effective upon the approval of the secretary of 8
- state in accordance with section fifteen-a of this article 9
- or upon the approval of the attorney general in accord-10
- ance with section fifteen-b or upon the thirty-fifth day 11
- following such filing, whichever occurs first. Such 12

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13 emergency rules may adopt, amend or repeal any 14 legislative rule, but the circumstances constituting the emergency requiring such adoption, amendment or 15 16 repeal shall be stated with particularity and be subject 17 to de novo review by any court having original jurisdic-18 tion of an action challenging their validity. Fourteen 19 copies of the rules and of the required statement shall 20 be filed immediately with the secretary of state and one 21 copy shall be filed immediately with the legislative rule-22 making review committee.

An emergency rule shall be effective for not more than fifteen months and shall expire earlier if any of the following occurs:

- (1) The secretary of state, acting under the authority provided for in section fifteen-a of this article, or the attorney general, acting under the authority provided for in section fifteen-b of this article, disapproves the emergency rule because (A) the agency has exceeded the scope of its statutory authority in promulgating the emergency rule; (B) an emergency does not exist justifying the promulgation of such rule; or (C) the rule was not promulgated in compliance with the provisions of this section.
- (2) The agency has not previously filed and fails to file a notice of public hearing on the proposed rule within thirty days of the date the proposed rule was filed as an emergency rule; in which case the emergency rule expires on the thirty-first day.
- (3) The agency has not previously filed and fails to file the proposed rule with the legislative rule-making review committee within ninety days of the date the proposed rule was filed as an emergency rule; in which case the emergency rule expires on the ninety-first day.
- (4) The Legislature has authorized or directed promulgation of an authorized legislative rule dealing with substantially the same subject matter since such emergency rule was first promulgated, and in which case the emergency rule expires on the date the authorized rule is made effective.
 - (5) The Legislature has, by law, disapproved of such

emergency rule; in which case the emergency rule expires on the date the law becomes effective.

- (b) Any amendment to an emergency rule made by the agency shall be filed in the state register and does not constitute a new emergency rule for the purpose of acquiring additional time or avoiding the expiration dates in subdivision (1), (2), (3) or (4), subsection (a) of this section: *Provided*, That such emergency amendment shall become effective upon the approval of the secretary of state in accordance with section fifteen-a of this article or upon approval of the attorney general in accordance with section fifteen-b of this article or upon the thirty-fifth day following such filing, whichever occurs first.
- (c) Once an emergency rule expires due to the conclusion of fifteen months or due to the effect of subdivision (1), (2), (3) or (4), subsection (a) of this section, the agency may not refile the same or similar rule as an emergency rule.
- (d) Emergency legislative rules currently in effect under the prior provisions of this section may be refiled under the provisions of this section.
- (e) The provision of this section shall not be used to avoid or evade any provision of this article or any other provisions of this code, including any provisions for legislative review and approval of proposed rules. Any emergency rule promulgated for any such purpose may be contested in a judicial proceeding before a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (f) The legislative rule-making review committee may review any emergency rule to determine (1) whether the agency has exceeded the scope of its statutory authority in promulgating the emergency rule; (2) whether there exists an emergency justifying the promulgation of such rule; and (3) whether the rule was promulgated in compliance with the requirements and prohibitions contained in this section. The committee may recommend to the agency, the Legislature, or the secretary of state such action as it may deem proper.

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92 (g) For the purposes of this section, an emergency 93 exists when the promulgation of a rule is necessary for 94 the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, 95 safety or welfare or is necessary to comply with a time 96 limitation established by this code or by a federal statute 97 or regulation or to prevent substantial harm to the 98 public interest.

§29A-3-15a. Disapproval of emergency rules and amendments to emergency rules by the secretary of state; judicial review.

- (a) Upon the filing of an emergency rule or filing of 1 an amendment to an emergency rule by an agency, 2 3 under the provisions of section fifteen of this article, by 4 any agency, except for the secretary of state, the 5 secretary of state shall review such rule or such 6 amendment and, within thirty-five days of such filing, 7 shall issue a decision as to whether or not such emergency rule or such amendment to an emergency 8 9 rule should be disapproved. An emergency rule filed by 10 the secretary of state shall be reviewed by the attorney general as provided for in section fifteen-b of this 11 12 article.
- 13 (b) The secretary of state shall disapprove an emer-14 gency rule or an amendment to an emergency rule if he 15 determines:
- 16 (1) That the agency has exceeded the scope of its 17 statutory authority in promulgating the emergency rule 18 or in filing an amendment to the emergency rule;
- 19 (2) That an emergency does not exist justifying the 20 promulgation of the rule or the filing of an amendment 21 to the rule; or
 - (3) That the rule or an amendment to the rule was not promulgated in compliance with the provisions of section fifteen of this article.
 - (c) If the secretary of state determines, based upon the contents of the rule or the supporting information filed by the agency, that the emergency rule should be disapproved, he may disapprove such rule without further investigation, notice or hearing. If, however, the

- 30 secretary of state concludes that the information 31 submitted by the agency is insufficient to allow a proper determination to be made as to whether the emergency 32 rule should be disapproved, he may make further 33 34 investigation, including, but not limited to, requiring the agency or other interested parties to submit 35 additional information or comment or fixing a date. 36 time and place for the taking of evidence on the issues 37 38 involved in making a determination under the provisions of this section. 39
- 40 (d) If the secretary of state determines, based upon 41 the contents of the amendment to an emergency rule or 42 the supporting information filed by the agency, that the 43 amendment to the emergency rule should be disap-44 proved, he may disapprove such amendment without 45 further investigation, notice or hearing. If, however, the 46 secretary of state concludes that the information 47 submitted by the agency is insufficient to allow a proper 48 determination to be made as to whether the amendment 49 should be disapproved, he may make further investiga-50 tion, including, but not limited to, requiring the agency or other interested parties to submit additional informa-51 52 tion or comment or fixing a date, time and place for the taking of evidence on the issues involved in making a 53 54 determination under the provisions of this section.
- 55 (e) The determination of the secretary of state shall 56 be reviewable by the supreme court of appeals under its 57 original jurisdiction, based upon a petition for a writ of 58 mandamus, prohibition or certiorari, as appropriate. 59 Such proceeding may be instituted by:
- 60 (1) The agency which promulgated the emergency 61 rule;
- 62 (2) A member of the Legislature; or
- 63 (3) Any person whose personal property interests will 64 be significantly affected by the approval or disapproval 65 of the emergency rule by the secretary of state.
- §29A-3-15b. Disapproval of emergency rules and amendments to emergency rules by the attorney general; judicial review.

- (a) Upon the filing of an emergency rule or filing of an amendment to an emergency rule by the secretary of state under the provisions of section fifteen of this article, the attorney general shall review such rule or such amendment and, within thirty-five days of such filing, shall issue a decision as to whether or not such emergency rule or such amendment to an emergency rule should be disapproved.
 - (b) The attorney general shall disapprove an emergency rule or an amendment to an emergency rule if he determines:
 - (1) That the secretary of state has exceeded the scope of its statutory authority in promulgating the emergency rule or in filing an amendment to the emergency rule;
 - (2) That an emergency does not exist justifying the promulgation of the rule or the filing of an amendment to the rule; or
 - (3) That the rule or an amendment to the rule was not promulgated in compliance with the provisions of section fifteen of this article.
 - (c) If the attorney general determines, based upon the contents of the rule or the supporting information filed by the secretary of state, that the emergency rule should be disapproved, he may disapprove such rule without further investigation, notice or hearing. If, however, the attorney general concludes that the information submitted by the secretary of state is insufficient to allow a proper determination to be made as to whether the emergency rule should be disapproved, he may make further investigation, including, but not limited to, requiring the secretary of state or other interested parties to submit additional information or comment or fixing a date, time and place for the taking of evidence on the issues involved in making a determination under the provisions of this section.
 - (d) If the attorney general determines, based upon the contents of the amendment to an emergency rule or the supporting information filed by the agency, that the amendment to the emergency rule should be disap-

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- 41 proved, he may disapprove such amendment without 42 further investigation, notice or hearing. If, however, the 43 attorney general concludes that the information submit-44 ted by the agency is insufficient to allow a proper 45 determination to be made as to whether the amendment 46 should be disapproved, he may make further investiga-47 tion, including, but not limited to, requiring the agency 48 or other interested parties to submit additional informa-49 tion or comment or fixing a date, time and place for the taking of evidence on the issues involved in making a 50 51 determination under the provisions of this section.
 - (e) The determination of the attorney general shall be reviewable by the supreme court of appeals under its original jurisdiction, based upon a petition for a writ of mandamus, prohibition or certiorari, as appropriate. Such proceeding may be instituted by:
- 57 (1) The secretary of state;
- 58 (2) A member of the Legislature; or
- (3) Any person whose personal property interests will
 be significantly affected by the approval or disapproval
 of the emergency rule by the attorney general.

CHAPTER 3

(H. B. 2210-By Delegates Love and Schadler)

[Passed February 19, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two-b, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the meat inspection program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two-b, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2B. INSPECTION OF ANIMALS, MEAT AND MEAT PRODUCTS.

§19-2B-1. Purpose and construction; continuation of meat inspection program.

- Subject to the provisions of subsection (a), section 1 2 seven hereof, the basic purpose of this article is to provide for the inspection, labeling and disposition of 3 animals, carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat 4 byproducts which are to be sold or offered for sale 5 through commercial outlets for human consumption, the licensing of commercial slaughterers, custom slaughter-7 ers, and processors, and the inspection of slaughter-8 houses and processing plants located in the state of West 9 Virginia. This article, being intended to protect the 10
- health of the citizens of West Virginia, shall be liberally 11 12 construed.
- Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, 13 chapter four of this code, the meat inspection program 14 shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one 15 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to allow for the 16 completion of an audit by the joint committee on 17 government operations. 18

CHAPTER 4

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 115—By Senators Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article two-g, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the tree fruit industry self-improvement assessment board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article two-g, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2G. TREE FRUIT INDUSTRY SELF-IMPROVEMENT ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.

§19-2G-10. Termination of program by law.

- Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the tree fruit industry self-
- 3 improvement assessment board shall continue to exist
- 4 until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 5 ninety-three, to allow for the completion of an audit by
- 6 the joint committee on government operations.

CHAPTER 5

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 87—By Senators Hawse and Brackenrich)

[Passed February 14, 1991: in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article nine, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-four-a, relating to authority of the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate rules regulating the disposal of dead poultry.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article nine, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-four-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 9. DISEASES AMONG DOMESTIC ANIMALS.

§19-9-34a. Authority of commissioner to promulgate rules regulating disposal of dead poultry.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, the
- 2 commissioner of agriculture is authorized to promulgate
- 3 rules to regulate the disposal of dead poultry or other
- 4 domestic fowl by persons, firms or corporations engaged
- 5 in growing poultry or other domestic fowl for commer-
- 6 cial purposes. Said rules shall encompass disposal
- 7 methodologies of composting, incineration and render-
- 8 ing and shall include emergency situations of flock
- 9 depopulation, abnormal death losses or serious disease
- 10 outbreak, all in accordance with the provisions of
- 11 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

CHAPTER 6

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2305—By Delegate D. Miller)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, four, six, seven and ten, article ten-b, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to livestock dealers; definitions; changing bonding requirements; investigation of complaints; establishing a board of review; commissioner's powers and duties; increasing criminal penalties; adding civil penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, four, six, seven and ten, article ten-b, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10B. LIVESTOCK DEALER'S LICENSING ACT.

§19-10B-2. Definitions.

§19-10B-4. Applicant to furnish bond.

§19-10B-6. Investigation of complaints; board of review; orders of the commissioner; hearing; review.

§19-10B-7. Refusals, suspensions or revocation of licenses.

§19-10B-10. Penalties.

§19-10B-2. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, as used 2 in this article:
- 3 (a) "Bond" means a written instrument guaranteeing
- 4 that the person bonded shall faithfully fulfill the terms
- 5 of the contract of purchase and guarantee payment of
- 6 the purchase price of all livestock purchased by
- 7 him/her, and made payable to the commissioner for the
- 8 benefit of persons sustaining loss resulting from the
- 9 nonpayment of the purchase price or the failure to fulfill
- 10 the terms of the contract of purchase.
- 11 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of
- 12 agriculture of the state of West Virginia and duly
- 13 authorized representatives.

- 14 (c) "Department" means the department of agricul-15 ture of the state of West Virginia.
- (d) "Livestock" means cattle, horses, swine, sheep,
 goats or any other animal of the bovine, equine, porcine,
 ovine or caprine specie, and domestic poultry.
- 19 (e) "Livestock dealer" means a person other than a 20 livestock producer who buys, receives or assembles 21 livestock for resale, either for his/her own account or 22 that of another person.
- 23 (f) "Livestock producer" means a person selling 24 livestock which he/she has raised or livestock which 25 he/she has additionally purchased and summered or 26 wintered.
- 27 (g) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corpo-28 ration, association or other legal entity.

§19-10B-4. Applicant to furnish bond.

- Before issuing any livestock dealer's license, the commissioner shall require the applicant to file either:
- 3 (1) A properly attested sworn statement that he or she 4 is maintaining a valid surety bond pursuant to the 5 requirements of The United States Department of 6 Agriculture Packers and Stockyards Act of 1921, 42 7 Stat 159.7 USCA, 181 as amended; or
- (2) A fully executed bond in an amount prescribed by 8 the commissioner by regulation, but not less than ten 9 thousand dollars, for the benefit of the sellers of 10 livestock who have been wronged or damaged by any 11 fraud or fraudulent practices of the livestock dealer and 12 so adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction, and 13 who shall have the rights of action for damage for 14 compensation against such bonds. The bond may 15 include, at the option of the applicant, corporate surety 16 bonding, collateral bonding (including costs and secur-17 ities), establishment of an escrow account, an irrevoca-18 ble letter of credit or a combination of these methods. 19 If collateral bonding is used, the livestock dealer may 20 elect to deposit cash, or collateral securities or certifi-21

cates as follows: Bonds of the United States or its

- 23 possessions, of the federal land bank, or of the home-24 owners' loan corporation; full faith and credit general 25 obligation bonds of the state of West Virginia, or other 26 states, and of any county, district, or municipality of the 27 state of West Virginia or other states; the certificates of 28 deposit in a bank in this state which certificates shall 29 be in favor of the department.
- 30 The cash deposit or market value of such securities or 31 certificates shall be equal to or greater than the sum of 32 the bond. It shall be the duty of the applicant to insure 33 that the market value of such bonds is sufficient.
- 34 (3) The commissioner shall, upon receipt of any such 35 deposits of cash, securities or certificates, promptly 36 place the same with the treasurer of the state of West 37 Virginia whose duty it shall be to receive and hold the 38 same in the name of the state in trust for the purpose 39 for which the deposit is made when the license is issued. 40 The applicant making the deposit shall be entitled from 41 time to time to receive from the state treasurer, upon 42 written approval of the commissioner, the whole or any 43 portion of any cash, securities or certificates so depos-44 ited, upon depositing with the treasurer in lieu thereof, cash or other securities or certificates of the classes 45 46 herein specified having value equal to or greater than 47 the sum of the bond. Such bond shall be open to public 48 inspection.

§19-10B-6. Investigation of complaints; board of review; orders of the commissioner; hearing; review.

1 (a) The commissioner of agriculture is hereby in-2 vested with the authority to, and shall upon the verified 3 written complaint of any person or by his/her own 4 initiative, investigate the actions of any livestock dealer, 5 or any person who assumes to act in that capacity. Upon 6 verification of the complaint that there is probable 7 cause, the commissioner shall present the complaint and 8 evidence to the board of review. The board of review 9 shall consider all of the facts and recommend a course 10 of action to the commissioner. The commissioner shall 11 then issue an order.

- 12 (b) The order by the commissioner shall be served upon all persons affected thereby by registered mail. 13 14 Within ten days of receipt of such order, any party adversely affected thereby may, in writing, request a 15 hearing before the commissioner. Such hearing and any 16 17 judicial review thereof shall be conducted in accordance 18 with the applicable provisions of articles five and six. 19 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, as if the same were set forth herein in extenso. The effect of any order shall 20 21 be suspended during the course of any hearing or 22 subsequent appeals.
- 23 (c) The board of review shall be appointed by the 24 commissioner and shall include three persons who are residents of West Virginia and citizens of the United 25 26 States. One member shall be a licensed livestock dealer. 27 one member shall be a verified livestock producer, and 28 one member shall represent the livestock public market 29 industry. The members shall be appointed for terms of 30 three years and may serve successive terms: Provided, 31 That at the inception of the board, one member shall be 32 appointed for a three year term, one member for a two 33 year term and one member for a one year term. The first year term shall expire on the first day of January, 34 one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and subse-35 quently thereafter the terms shall expire on the first day 36 of January of each year. There shall be no limit to the 37 number of consecutive terms a member may serve on 38 the board. Board members shall receive no compensa-39 tion for their service on the board, but shall be entitled 40 to receive reimbursement for expenses in accordance 41 with the department of agriculture's travel regulations. 42

§19-10B-7. Refusals, suspensions or revocation of licenses.

The commissioner may refuse to grant or may suspend or revoke a livestock dealer's license when it is determined from the evidence that there is reasonable cause to believe that any of the following situations exists:

6 (a) Where the applicant or licensee has violated the 7 laws of the state or official regulations governing the 8 interstate or intrastate movement, shipment or trans-9 portation of livestock.

- (b) Where there have been false or misleading statements as to the health or physical condition of the animals with regard to the official tests or quality of the animals, or the practice of fraud or misrepresentation in connection therewith; in the buying or receiving of animals; or in the receiving, selling, exchanging, soliciting or negotiation of the sale, resale, exchange, weighing or shipment of animals.
 - (c) Where the applicant or licensee acts as a dealer for a person attempting to conduct business in violation of this article, after the notice of such violation has been given the licensee by the commissioner.
 - (d) Where the applicant or licensee fails to practice measures of sanitation, disinfection and inspection of premises or vehicles used for the yarding, holding or transportation of livestock.
 - (e) Where there has been a failure to keep records required by the commissioner, or where there is a refusal on the part of the applicant or licensee to produce records of transactions in the carrying on of the business for which such license is granted.
 - (f) Where the licensee fails to maintain a bond or to adjust a bond upon thirty days notice, or refuses or neglects to pay the fees or inspection charges required to be paid.
 - (g) Where the licensee has been suspended by order of the secretary of agriculture of the United States department of agriculture under provisions of The United States Department of Agriculture Packers and Stockyards Act of 1921, 42 Stat 159.7 USCA, 181 as amended.

§19-10B-10. Penalties.

1 (a) Criminal penalties—Any person who shall violate
2 any of the provisions of this article or rule adopted
3 hereunder is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon
4 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one
5 hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars for
6 the first offense, and upon conviction of each subsequent
7 offense, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars
8 nor more than five thousand dollars. Magistrates have

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- concurrent jurisdiction with circuit courts to enforce the provisions of this article.
 - (b) Civil penalties.
 - (1) Any person violating a provision of this article or rule adopted hereunder may be assessed a civil penalty by the commissioner. In determining the amount of any civil penalty, the commissioner shall give due consideration to the history of previous violations of any person, the seriousness of the violation, and the demonstrated good faith of any person charged in attempting to achieve compliance with this article before and after written notification of the violation.
 - (2) The commissioner may assess a penalty of not more than five hundred dollars for the first offense, and not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars for the second and subsequent offenses.
 - (3) The civil penalty is payable to the state of West Virginia and is collectible in any manner now or hereafter provided for collection of a debt. Any person liable to pay the civil penalty and neglecting or refusing to pay the same, shall be assessed interest at ten percent from the date the penalty was assessed. Such penalty and interest constitute a lien in favor of the state of West Virginia and shall attach on the person's property when such lien is properly recorded in the county where the property is situated. There shall be no cost as a condition precedent to recording.
 - (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the commissioner may promulgate and adopt rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, which permit consent agreements or negotiated settlements for the civil penalties assessed as a result of violation of the provisions of this article, and which deal with the civil penalties and procedures thereunder.
 - (d) No state court may allow for the recovery of damages for any administrative action taken if the court finds that there was a probable cause for such action.

CHAPTER 7

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 381—By Senator Hawse)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact articles eleven and eleven-a. chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto two new articles, designated articles eleven-b and twenty-eight, all relating to bulk milk trade law; purpose; definitions; permit for the purchase of milk; certificates of proficiency; licenses; purchase of milk; adulteration; prohibited acts; powers and duties of commissioner; suspension, revocation or denial of permits, licenses and certificates of proficiency; hearings and appeals; criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreement; payment of fees; cooperation with other entities; confidentiality of trade secrets; dairy products and imitation dairy products standards law; purpose; definitions; permits; labeling; adulteration; misbranded; prohibited acts; approved sampling and testing methods; approved laboratories; powers and duties of commissioner; suspension, revocation or denial of permits; hearings and appeals; criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreement; payment of fees; cooperation with other entities; confidentiality of trade secrets; frozen desserts and imitation frozen desserts law; purpose; definitions; frozen dessert manufacturer permit; labeling; adulteration; misbranded; prohibited acts; approved sampling and testing methods; approved laboratories; powers and duties of commissioner; suspension, revocation or denial of permits: hearings and appeals; criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreement; payment of fees; cooperation with other entities; confidentiality of trade secrets; and moving the article relating to vitamin and mineral enrichment of flour and bread to a new place in the chapter to allow all articles relating to milk and milk products to be sequentially grouped together.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That articles eleven and eleven-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto two new articles, designated articles eleven-b and twenty-eight, all to read as follows:

Article

- 11. Bulk Milk Trade Law.
- 11A. Dairy Products and Imitation Dairy Products Law.
- 11B. Frozen Desserts and Imitation Frozen Desserts Law.
- 28. Vitamin and Mineral Enrichment of Flour and Bread.

ARTICLE 11. BULK MILK TRADE LAW.

- §19-11-1. Purpose.
- §19-11-2. Definitions.
- §19-11-3. Permit for the purchase of milk.
- §19-11-4. Certificates of proficiency.
- §19-11-5. Licenses.
- §19-11-6. Purchase of milk.
- §19-11-7. Adulteration.
- §19-11-8. Prohibited acts.
- §19-11-9. Powers and duties of commissioner.
- §19-11-10. Suspension, revocation or denial of permits, licenses and certificates of proficiency.
- §19-11-11. Hearings and appeals.
- §19-11-12. Criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreement.
- §19-11-13. Payment of fees.
- §19-11-14. Cooperation with other entities.
- §19-11-15. Confidentiality of trade secrets.

§19-11-1. Purpose.

- 1 It is the intent of the Legislature that this article
- 2 regulate the purchase of milk on the basis of weight,
- 3 measure or components in the milk; confer powers and
- 4 impose duties upon the commissioner of agriculture;
- 5 prescribe penalties; and provide for the enforcement
- 6 thereof.
- 7 Furthermore, except where otherwise indicated it is
- 8 the intent of the Legislature that this article substan-
- 9 tially conform with the federal regulations promulgated
- 10 under the authority of the United States secretary of
- health and human services in order to provide for the
- 12 movement of bulk milk, cream and the products

- 13 manufactured from milk and cream in interstate and
- 14 intrastate commerce with a minimum of economic
- 15 barriers.

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§19-11-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Adulterated" means milk or the products manu-2 factured from milk meeting one or several of the 3 conditions listed in section seven of this article.
- 4 (b) "Certified tester" means any person who has passed an examination in milk testing, weighing and sampling conducted by the commissioner.
 - (c) "Certified weigher and sampler" means any person who has passed an examination in milk weighing and sampling conducted by the commissioner.
- 10 (d) "Clean" means the condition where no residue 11 remains on a surface that will, or is likely to, cause 12 adulteration or other contamination.
- (e) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agri culture of the state of West Virginia or his or her duly
 authorized agent.
- 16 (f) "Component" means any of the constituent parts of 17 milk in the solids-not-fat, milk fat or water portion of 18 the milk.
 - (g) "Dairy plant" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk is collected, handled, processed, stored, pasteurized or prepared for further distribution.
- 23 (h) "Distribute" means the act of transporting, 24 holding for sale, offering for sale, selling, bartering, 25 parceling out, giving or otherwise disposing of milk.
- (i) "Embargo" means an order to withdraw milk from
 distribution. An embargo shall detain such milk or milk
 product and prohibit the transportation or distribution
 of milk as provided in section nine of this article.
 - (j) "Manufacture" means pasteurizing, ultrapasteurizing, formulating or compounding milk or packaging or preparing said product for distribution.

- (k) "Milk" means the normal lacteal secretion, practically free from colostrum, obtained by the complete milking of one or more healthy cows or goats prior to pasteurization or ultrapasteurization. The term may include the components of milk, including cream.
 - (l) "Milk fat" means fat or butterfat in milk.
- (m) "Milk producer" means any person who operates a dairy farm and who provides, sells or offers milk for sale.
 - (n) "Milk hauler" means any person who transports milk in an unpackaged form.
 - (o) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, fiduciary, firm, company, corporation, or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not. The term "person" extends to the agents, servants, officers and employees of the person.
 - (p) "Receiving station" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk in unpackaged form is received, collected, handled, stored or cooled and prepared for further transporting.
 - (q) "Sanitization" means the application of any effective method or substance to a clean surface for the destruction of pathogens, and of other organisms as far as practicable. Such treatment shall not adversely affect the equipment, the milk or the health of the consumers consuming the milk or milk products manufactured in the equipment and shall be a method acceptable to the commissioner.
 - (r) "Solids-not-fat" means all components of milk that are not milk fat or water.
 - (s) "Transport" means the movement of milk or milk products from one facility to another in a manner that maintains adequate temperatures and protects the product from freezing temperatures, exposure to the sun and from sources of contamination.
 - (t) "Transfer station" means any place, premises or establishment where milk is transferred directly from one transport tank to another.

71 (u) "Transport tank" means any tank which is used 72 for the pickup of milk or the transportation of milk to 73 or from any milk producer, dairy plant, receiving 74 station, or transfer station.

§19-11-3. Permit for the purchase of milk.

- (a) A "permit for the purchase of milk" shall be issued 1 2 by the commissioner to each place of operation of each 3 person receiving or buying milk on the basis of the 4 components in the product or weight or measure 5 regardless of the method of settlement, except that 6 transfer stations are exempt from this provision. The permit shall expire on the thirty-first day of March 7 8 following date of issue.
- 9 (b) Permits are not transferable with respect to persons or locations.
- 11 (c) Permits shall be applied for at least fifteen days 12 before the date that the current permit expires or within 13 fifteen days of the date that the person intends to engage 14 in business. Application for all permits shall be made 15 on forms supplied by the commissioner and provide such 16 information as may be considered reasonably necessary 17 by the commissioner. All applications shall be accom-18 panied by a fee of fifteen dollars. A penalty of two dollars shall be added to all permits that are not applied 19 20 for or renewed within the time limits set forth in this 21 subsection.
- 22 (d) Permits shall be posted prominently at the place 23 of operation.

§19-11-4. Certificates of proficiency.

- 1 (a) Certificates of proficiency shall be issued by the 2 commissioner to individuals who successfully pass an examination given under the terms of this article.
- 4 (b) Persons requesting an examination shall pay an examination fee of fifteen dollars at the time of the request. Requests for certification for several tests at one time shall be covered under one examination fee. Reexaminations or examinations for additional tests subsequent to the issuing of a certificate will require an

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- additional fee of fifteen dollars. Only persons of good character shall be allowed to take this examination.
- 12 Examinations shall be given within thirty days of the
- 13 request and at the time and place that the commissioner
- 14 shall designate.
- 15 (c) The examination to weigh and sample milk shall 16 cover the skills needed to weigh and sample milk for the 17 purpose of establishing a price based on the components 18 or weight or volume of the product.
 - (d) The examination to test milk shall cover the skills needed to test, weigh, measure and sample milk for the purpose of establishing a price based on the components or the weight or measure of the product. The examination will test the proficiency of performing the Babcock test and all other testing methods used by that person for determination of the components of milk. The certificate of proficiency shall state which testing methods the applicant will be certified to perform. Testers will have eight months from the effective date of this article to obtain certificates for specific tests and licenses shall be issued under the former certificates during this time period.
 - (e) Certificates shall be issued under a serial number to the person that passed the examination and shall be permanent, except that in the case where the person does not obtain a license as provided for under section five of this article for five successive years then the certificate will automatically expire.
- 38 (f) Certificates shall be posted prominently at the 39 person's place of business.
- 40 (g) Persons who fail the examination may be issued 41 a temporary waiver by the commissioner under terms 42 established by rule. The temporary waiver is intended 43 to give the person the opportunity to learn the skills 44 needed to pass the examination. No temporary waiver 45 will be issued if the interests of milk producers and 46 purchasers of milk are not protected.
- (h) If the examination to test milk is given at a site that requires travel to an out-of-state location, the

- expenses incurred by the commissioner to travel to the location shall be paid by the person requesting the
- 51 examination.

§19-11-5. Licenses.

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- 1 (a) Licenses shall be issued by the commissioner to certified testers, certified weighers and samplers and to laboratories performing tests for the components of milk. Licenses are not transferable.
- 5 (b) Licenses shall expire on the thirtieth day of June following date of issue: Provided, That weighers and 6 7 samplers licenses issued with an expiration date of the 8 thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 9 ninety-one, shall be extended, at no additional fee, 10 through the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine 11 hundred ninety-two. Applications for all licenses shall 12 be made on forms supplied by the commissioner and 13 shall provide such information as may be considered 14 reasonably necessary by the commissioner for the 15 administration of this article. Licenses shall be applied 16 for at least fifteen days previous to the date when the 17 current license expires or at least five days before the 18 person intends to do business, except for persons who 19 operate a laboratory for the testing of milk where the initial application shall be made at least thirty days 20 21 before the person intends to do business to allow for on-22 site inspection prior to issuing the license. The applica-23 tion for licenses shall be accompanied by a fee of ten 24 dollars. A penalty of two dollars shall be added to all 25 licenses that are not applied for or renewed within this 26 time limit.
 - (c) A "milk laboratory license" shall be issued to each laboratory where a licensed milk tester performs analytical operations. The license shall not be issued until the commissioner is satisfied that the tests made in such laboratory shall be conducted by qualified persons, with adequate facilities and that such tests shall be performed accurately and according to methods approved by the commissioner.
 - (d) A "milk tester license" shall be issued to persons
 who determine the weight, measure or components of

- 37 milk for the purpose of establishing a purchase price for
- 38 such milk. The license will cover the performance of
- 39 each test used to determine the purchase price as listed
- 40 on the person's certificate of proficiency. No test method
- 41 may be used under provisions of this license until the
- 42 person has obtained a certificate of proficiency for that
- 43 test.
- 44 (e) A "milk weighers and samplers license" shall be 45 issued to persons who weigh or sample milk for the
- 46 purpose of establishing a purchase price for such milk
- 47 and who are not involved in testing the components of
- 48 milk.

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49 (f) Licenses shall be posted prominently at the 50 person's place of business.

§19-11-6. Purchase of milk.

- 1 (a) No determination of the weight or measure of milk 2 may be made from a milk producer's tank that is not 3 properly calibrated and level.
- 4 (b) No determination of the weight of milk in a transport tank may be made with a device that is not accurate.
- 7 (c) Each person obtaining a sample of milk for the purpose of establishing a purchase price shall imme-8 9 diately record the sample data on the receipt. The 10 receipt shall contain the milk producer's name or number, the date and time of the sample, the temper-11 12 ature of the product, the measuring rod reading, the 13 calculated weight, the name of the employer of the 14 weigher and sampler and the signature of the weigher 15 and sampler. A copy of the receipt shall be left with the 16 milk producer, or seller, at the time of obtaining the 17 sample.
 - (d) No test on milk may be made from a sample which is in such condition as to prevent an accurate reading of the components in the product.
- 21 (e) Only testing methods approved by the commis-22 sioner may be used. The Babcock method or other 23 method approved by the commissioner shall be the

- reference method to establish calibration of other milk
 fat test methods.
 - (f) Each person making tests of samples of milk for the purpose of establishing a purchase price for such milk shall cause the test results to be accurately recorded in an unalterable or verifiable manner. Each method for recording test results may be examined by the commissioner to determine that the test results are recorded in an unalterable or verifiable manner. All test results shall identify the milk producer or seller of the milk, the results of each test for the components in the product and an identification of the person doing the test. The records shall be filed at the place where the testing occurred for a minimum of one year and shall be available to the milk producer, other seller, or the commissioner upon request.
 - (g) Each person testing milk for its components shall retain the remainder of the sample when the commissioner so requests for the purpose of verifying sample results.
 - (h) Each person providing payment to a milk pro-ducer or seller of milk on the basis of component content or weight or measure shall provide to the milk producer or seller at each time of payment a statement showing for each milk producer or seller the pay period, total weight or measure of milk received during this period, and the average content of the component(s) of the milk used to establish the purchase price; except that this statement format shall not apply to sales between milk cooperatives and purchasers of milk from cooperatives. Nothing in this requirement may prohibit persons purchasing or receiving milk from giving a more detailed report to the milk producer or seller.

§19-11-7. Adulteration.

- Any milk or any milk products are considered adulterated within the meaning of this article if:
- (a) They bear or contain any poisonous or deleterious
 substance or compound in a quantity which may render
 it injurious to health:

- (b) They bear or contain any added poisonous or 6 7 deleterious substance for which no safe tolerance has 8
- been established by state or federal law or regulation
- or which is found in the product in excess of an 9 10 established tolerance:
- 11 (c) They are or have been produced, transported, or 12 held under unsanitary conditions:
- 13 (d) They contain any substance added thereto so as to 14 make them appear better or of a greater value than they
- 15 are: or

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16 (e) They meet or have met other conditions of 17 adulteration as established by rule.

§19-11-8. Prohibited acts.

- 1 (a) No person may have in his possession with the 2 intent to sell, transport or manufacture any milk which 3 is adulterated within the meaning of this article.
- 4 (b) No person may interfere with or prohibit the 5 commissioner from performing the duties of his office.
- 6 (c) No person may fail to comply with the provisions 7 of an embargo order issued under this article.
- 8 (d) No person may fail to comply with the provisions 9 of a revocation, suspension or denial order issued under 10 this article.
- 11 (e) No person who in any official capacity obtains any 12 information under the provisions of this article that 13 would be considered trade secrets regarding the quality. 14 source and disposition of milk may use this information 15 to his or her own personal gain.
 - (f) No person may purchase milk in this state on the basis of, or in any manner with reference to, the weight or measure or the amount of components in the product without a valid "permit for the purchase of milk" and may not establish the price on the basis of measurements or tests that have been performed in a dishonest, incompetent, or inaccurate manner, or falsify the records thereof.
- (g) No person may weigh, measure, sample or test 24

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- milk produced in this state for the purpose of establishing a purchase price of the product without a valid "milk tester license" and may not perform these duties 28 in a dishonest, incompetent or inaccurate manner. 29 falsify the records thereof, or use a testing method 30 unless he has been certified to use that method.
 - (h) No person may weigh, measure or sample milk produced in this state for the purpose of establishing a purchase price of the product without a valid "milk weighers and samplers license" and may not perform these duties in a dishonest, incompetent manner or falsify the records thereof.
- 37 (i) No person may haul milk in or through this state 38 in a tank truck that has previously been used to haul 39 a chemical or foreign substance unless such tank truck 40 has been cleaned and sanitized according to the rules 41 promulgated by the commissioner prior to the hauling 42 of such milk.
- 43 (j) No person may sell, offer for sale or expose for sale 44 any milk that is from a herd that does not meet the 45 requirements for animal health as set by rule under this 46 article

§19-11-9. Powers and duties of commissioner.

- The commissioner has the power and duty to:
- 2 (a) Adopt, promulgate and enforce rules to carry out 3 the purpose of this article:
- (b) Have access to and enter at all reasonable times 4 all places where milk produced in this state is stored, 5 purchased on the basis of weight or measure or 6 7 component content, transferred, transported, held or used in the state and have access to all places where 8 9 samples, records, papers or documents relating to these transactions are kept; 10
 - (c) Inspect and photograph all places where milk produced in this state is stored, purchased on the basis of weight or measure or component content, transferred, transported, held or used; inspect, audit and copy records and papers relating to these activities and the

- sampling, testing and purchase of milk; examine measuring and testing apparatus; examine milk and milk samples and examine equipment used in holding and transporting milk, except that inspections performed under authority of the provisions of article seven, chapter sixteen of this code will not be duplicated:
 - (d) Examine tanks, holding containers, vehicles, and processing equipment holding or intended to hold milk and collect evidence, including samples, from these areas to establish compliance with this article;
 - (e) Open any tank or other container containing or believed to contain milk or samples of milk, for the purpose of inspecting and sampling;
 - (f) Issue permits, certificates, waivers and licenses;
- 30 (g) Suspend, revoke or deny permits, licenses or 31 certificates;
- 32 (h) Collect fees and expend moneys under the terms 33 of this article;
 - (i) Give examinations for proficiency in the weighing, sampling and testing of milk;
 - (j) Issue embargoes for any milk which is or is believed to be adulterated or that is not in compliance with this article and to cause the transportation or distribution of the milk to cease. Nothing in this article may be construed as requiring the commissioner to issue embargoes for minor violations of this article when he or she believes that a written notice will serve the public interest.
 - (1) When an embargo is issued, the commissioner shall affix to such product or holding container in an appropriate manner a tag or other marking giving warning that such product is under embargo.
 - (2) The commissioner shall give written notice to the custodian of the product under embargo describing the violation and stating that the product is prohibited from being transported or distributed and is ordered to be held on the premises. This notice shall notify the custodian of the right to request an immediate hearing

54 under the rules that the commissioner shall adopt.

- (3) The commissioner may take action to seize and condemn any product that is not brought into compliance with this article and the rules issued under this article within ninety days of the notice to the custodian of the product.
- (4) The commissioner has the authority to issue an embargo against a perishable product, even if the practical result is to bring about the involuntary disposal of the product. The commissioner shall exercise this power using all reasonable means to determine if the product is adulterated or otherwise not in compliance with this article in as short a time frame as possible and shall promptly lift the embargo order if the product is found to be in compliance with this article:
- (k) Establish, maintain and make provision for milk testing facilities; approve testing facilities; establish reasonable fees for such tests; and incur such expenses as may be necessary to maintain and operate these facilities;
- (l) Conduct all sampling and testing using methods set forth in the fifteenth edition of and supplement to the Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists, published by the Association of Official Analytical Chemists; or the fifteenth edition of the Standard Methods for the Examination of Dairy Products, published by the American Public Health Association, Inc.; or methods approved by the commissioner;
- (m) Obtain from any state court an order directing any person to submit to inspection and sampling subsequent to the refusal of any person to allow inspection and sampling;
- (n) Investigate complaints, showing good cause, that the weighing and sampling or the testing of the raw bulk milk is incorrect, inaccurate or performed in a deceitful manner:
 - (o) Conduct hearings as provided by this article; and

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92 (p) Assess civil penalties and refer violations to a 93 court of competent jurisdiction: *Provided*, That the 94 commissioner is not required to report for prosecution 95 minor violations of the article when he or she believes 96 that the public interest will be best served by a written 97 notice.

§19-11-10. Suspension, revocation or denial of permits, licenses and certificates of proficiency.

- 1 (a) The commissioner may deny any application for a 2 permit, license or certificate whenever said permit, 3 license or certificate has been applied for fraudulently, 4 the applicant has grossly interfered with the duties of 5 the commissioner or the applicant is determined to be 6 not in compliance with or not able to comply with this 7 article.
- 8 (b) The commissioner may suspend a permit, license 9 or certificate whenever a health hazard exists, the 10 permit, license, or certificate has been obtained fraud-11 ulently, the holder has grossly interfered with the duties 12 of the commissioner or it is determined that the permit. license or certificate holder is dishonest, deceitful, 13 incompetent or not in compliance with or is unable to 14 comply with this article. A person whose permit, license 15 16 or certificate has been suspended shall discontinue operations covered by the permit, license or certificate 17 during the period of the suspension. The commissioner 18 may issue a summary suspension in cases where 19 violations of this article constitute a hazard to the public 20 21 health, safety or welfare where the public interest 22 requires immediate action.
 - (1) Except for summary suspensions, the commissioner shall give written notice to the person(s) affected by the pending suspension, stating that he or she contemplates suspension of the permit, license or certificate and giving reasons therefor. The suspension notice shall appoint a time and place for hearing and shall be mailed by certified mail to the business address of the permit, license, or certificate holder at least ten days before the date set for the hearing. The commissioner shall review the evidence presented at the

33 hearing prior to issuing his decision.

- (2) All summary suspensions shall be followed by a notice of suspension, the reasons therefor, and an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with this article.
- (3) At the end of the period of suspension, the permit, license or certificate holder may resume operations without reapplication for a permit, license or certificate.
- (c) The commissioner may revoke any permit, license or certificate issued under this article whenever a health hazard exists, the permit, license or certificate has been obtained fraudulently, the holder has grossly interfered with the duties of the commissioner or it is determined that the holder is dishonest, deceitful, incompetent or not in compliance with or is unable to comply with this article. Any person whose permit, license or certificate has been revoked shall immediately discontinue all operations covered under the permit, license or certificate.
- (1) Before revoking any permit, license or certificate, the commissioner shall give written notice to the persons affected, stating that the revocation of the permit, license or certificate is being contemplated and giving reasons therefor. The revocation notice shall appoint a time and place for hearing and shall be mailed by certified mail to the business address of the permit, license or certificate holder at least ten days before the date set for the hearing. The commissioner shall review the evidence presented at the hearing prior to issuing his decision.
- 63 (2) At the end of the period of revocation a new 64 permit, license or certificate will not be issued without 65 the filing of an application, payment of the required fee 66 and compliance with all conditions that the commis-67 sioner shall require for the reissuing of such permit, 68 license or certificate.

§19-11-11. Hearings and appeals.

1 (a) Any person aggrieved by any action taken under 2 this article shall be afforded the opportunity for a

- hearing before the commissioner under the rules
 promulgated by the commissioner.
- 5 (b) Hearings shall be conducted according to procedures set forth by rule.
- 7 (c) All the testimony and evidence at a hearing shall 8 be recorded by mechanical means, which may include 9 the use of tape recordings.
- The mechanical record shall be maintained for ninety days from the date of the hearing and a transcript shall be made available to the aggrieved party.
- (d) Any party who feels aggrieved of the suspension,
 revocation or denial order may appeal within sixty days
 to the circuit court of the county in which the person's
 principal place of business is located.

§19-11-12. Criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreement.

- (a) Criminal penalties. Any person violating any 1 provision of this article or rules adopted hereunder is 2 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 3 shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more 4 than five hundred dollars for the first offense, and for 5 the second or subsequent offense shall be fined not less 6 than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, 7 or imprisoned in the county jail not more than six 8 months, or both fined and imprisoned. Magistrates have 9 concurrent jurisdiction with circuit courts to enforce the 10 11 provisions of this article.
- 12 (b) Civil penalties. —
- (1) Any person violating a provision of this article or 13 14 rules adopted hereunder may be assessed a civil penalty by the commissioner. In determining the amount of any 15 civil penalty, the commissioner shall give due consider-16 ation to the history of previous violations of any person, 17 the seriousness of the violation, including any irrepar-18 able harm to the environment, any hazards to the health 19 and safety of the public and any economic damages to 20 the public and the demonstrated good faith of any 21 person charged in attempting to achieve compliance 22

- with this article before and after written notification of the violation.
- 25 (2) The commissioner may assess a civil penalty of up to one thousand dollars for any violation.
 - (3) The civil penalty is payable to the state of West Virginia and is collectible in any manner now or hereafter provided for collection of debt. If any person liable to pay the civil penalty neglects or refuses to pay the same, the amount of the civil penalty, together with interest at ten percent, is a lien in favor of the state of West Virginia upon the property, both real and personal, of such a person after the same has been entered and docketed to record in the county where such property is situated. The clerk of the county, upon receipt of the certified copy of such, shall enter same to record without requiring the payment of costs as a condition precedent to recording.
 - (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the commissioner may promulgate and adopt rules which permit consent agreements or negotiated settlements for the civil penalties assessed as a result of violation of the provisions of this article.
 - (d) Nothing in this article may be construed as requiring the commissioner or his representative to report for prosecution as a result of minor violations of the article when he believes that the public interest will be best served by a suitable notice of warning in writing.
 - (e) Upon application by the commissioner therefor, the circuit court of the county in which the violation is occurring, has occurred or is about to occur, as the case may be, may grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of this article or any rule promulgated under this article, notwithstanding the existence of other remedies at law. Any such injunction shall be issued without bond.
 - (f) No state court may allow for the recovery of damages for any administrative action taken, if the

- court finds that there was a probable cause for the 62 63 action.
- 64 (g) It is the duty of the prosecuting attorney of the 65 county in which the violation occurred to represent the 66
- department of agriculture, to institute proceedings and 67 to prosecute the person charged with such violation.

§19-11-13. Payment of fees.

- All fees, penalties or other moneys collected by the 1
- 2 commissioner under the provisions of this article shall
- 3 be paid into a special account and expended upon the
- order of the commissioner for the purpose of the 4
- enforcement and administration of this article 5

§19-11-14. Cooperation with other entities.

- 1 The commissioner may cooperate with and enter into 2
 - agreements with governmental agencies of this state,
- 3 other states, agencies of the federal government,
- 4 agencies of foreign governments, and private associa-
- tions in order to carry out the purpose and provisions 5
- of this article.

§19-11-15. Confidentiality of trade secrets.

- 1 The commissioner may not make public information
- 2 which contains or relates to trade secrets, commercial
- 3 or financial information obtained from a person or
- 4 privileged or confidential information: Provided. That
- when revealing the information is necessary to carry out 5
- the provisions of this article, this information may be 6
- revealed, subject to a protective order, to any federal, 7
- state or local agency consultant; or may be revealed, 8
- subject to a protective order, at a closed hearing or in 9
- 10 findings of fact issued by the commissioner.

ARTICLE 11A. DAIRY PRODUCTS AND IMITATION DAIRY PRODUCTS LAW.

- §19-11A-1. Purpose.
- §19-11A-2. Definitions.
- §19-11A-3. Permits.
- §19-11A-4. Labeling.
- Adulteration. §19-11A-5.
- §19-11A-6. Misbranded.
- §19-11A-7. Prohibited acts.

- §19-11A-8. Approved sampling and testing methods.
- §19-11A-9. Approved laboratories.
- §19-11A-10. Powers and duties of commissioner.
- §19-11A-11. Suspension, revocation or denial of permits.
- §19-11A-12. Hearings and appeals.
- §19-11A-13. Criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreement.
- §19-11A-14. Payment of fees.
- §19-11A-15. Cooperation with other entities.
- §19-11A-16. Confidentiality of trade secrets.

§19-11A-1. Purpose.

- Advances in food technology have resulted in the 1 2 development of a variety of products of similar usage as 3 standardized dairy products that are so similar in 4 appearance, odor and taste that they are difficult to differentiate from dairy products. Therefore, it is the 5 6 purpose of this article to regulate these products in 7 addition to dairy products and to regulate their 8 marketing, to protect, promote and preserve the public 9 health and general welfare, to prevent fraud and 10 deception in the manufacture and trade of products 11 covered under this article, to establish labeling require-12 ments and to establish standards of identity for dairy products and imitation dairy products intended primar-13 14 ily for human consumption.
- Except where otherwise indicated, it is the intent of the Legislature that this article substantially conform with the federal regulations promulgated under the
- 18 authority of the United States secretary of health and
- 19 human services in order to provide for the movement of
- 20 milk products, cheeses and frozen desserts and imitation
- 21 dairy products in interstate and intrastate commerce
- 22 with a minimum of economic barriers.

§19-11A-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Adulterated" means dairy products or imitation 2 dairy products meeting one or several of the conditions 3 listed in section five of this article.
- 4 (b) "Approved laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the commissioner under section nine of this article.
- 7 (c) "Cheese" means blue, cheddar, cottage, cream,

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- 8 edam, gouda, gruyere, limburger, monterey jack, 9 mozzarella, muenster, neufchatel, romano, roquefort, 10 swiss or cold-pack cheese; pasteurized blended cheese 11 whether made from cow or goat milk; and such other 12 products as established by rule as a cheese.
- 13 (d) "Clean" means the condition where no residue 14 remains on a surface that will, or is likely to, cause 15 adulteration.
- 16 (e) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of 17 agriculture of the state of West Virginia or his or her 18 duly authorized agent.
- 19 (f) "Dairy products" means milk products, frozen 20 desserts and cheeses as defined in this article which are 21 intended for human consumption.
 - (g) "Distributor" means any person who distributes dairy products or imitation dairy products. The term does not include persons who are exclusively retailers.
 - (h) "Distribute" means the act of transporting, holding for sale, offering for sale, selling, bartering, parceling out, giving or otherwise disposing of dairy products or imitation dairy products. This term does not apply to a firm listed as a distributor on the label if the firm is not engaged in the activities listed in this subsection within the state of West Virginia.
 - (i) "Embargo" means an order to withdraw a dairy product or imitation dairy product from distribution or to stop a manufacturing operation. An embargo shall detain such product and prohibit the manufacturing process as provided in section ten of this article.
- 37 (j) "Freezer" means mechanical equipment used to 38 lower the temperature of a mix, with or without 39 incorporating air into the mix during the freezing 40 process. Freezers may operate on a continuous or batch 41 basis.
- (k) "Frozen dessert" means ice cream, frozen custard, French ice cream, French custard ice cream, ice milk, goat's milk ice cream, goat's milk ice milk, fruit sherbet, nonfruit sherbets, frozen dietary dessert, frozen yogurt,

- frozen lowfat yogurt, milkshakes, any mix used to make such frozen desserts whether quiescently frozen or frozen while mixed and such other products as established by rule as a frozen dessert whether made with milk products from a cow or goat.
 - (l) "Imitation dairy products" means products that are manufactured, packaged or labeled so as to resemble the composition, physical and sensory properties of dairy products, which contain dairy products or milk-derived ingredients and which are intended to be used as a substitute for a dairy product.
 - (m) "Label" means the display of written, printed or graphic matter upon or affixed to the package in which the dairy product or imitation dairy product is distributed.
 - (n) "Labeling" means all representations disseminated in any manner or by any means other than by the label, which induce or which are likely or intended to induce the purchase or use of dairy products or imitation dairy products.
 - (o) "Manufacture" means pasteurizing, ultrapasteurizing, formulating, compounding, freezing, packaging or preparation for distribution of dairy products or imitation dairy products.
 - (p) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures dairy products or imitation dairy products.
 - (q) "Milk-derived ingredients" means whey, modified whey products, casein, caseinates, lactose, lactalbumins and lactoglobulins used in fluid, concentrated or dry form and such other ingredients established by rule as a milk-derived ingredient.
 - (r) "Milk products" means milk, acidified milk, cultured milk, concentrated milk, sweetened condensed milk, sweetened condensed skim milk, lowfat dry milk, nonfat dry milk fortified with vitamins A and D, evaporated milk, evaporated skim milk, lowfat milk, acidified lowfat milk, cultured lowfat milk, skim milk, acidified skim milk, cultured skim milk, dry whole milk, cream, dry cream, heavy cream, light

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- 85 cream, light whipping cream, sour cream, acidified sour 86 cream, eggnog, half-and-half, sour half-and-half, acidi-87 fied sour half-and-half, butter, vogurt, lowfat vogurt. 88 nonfat yogurt and such other products established by 89 rule as a milk product whether made with milk 90 products from a cow or goat.
 - (s) "Milk fat" means fat in dairy products or in milkderived ingredients.
 - (t) "Misbranded" means dairy products or imitation dairy products meeting one or several of the conditions listed in section six of this article.
- (u) "Mix" means the product that when frozen 96 97 produces a frozen dessert or an imitation of a frozen 98 dessert.
- 99 (v) "Official sample" means any sample taken in accordance with the provisions of this article. 100
- (w) "Package" means any container holding dairy products or imitation dairy products. 102
- (x) "Pasteurized" means the process of uniformly 103 heating every particle of a dairy product or imitation 104 dairy product, holding it in the heated state and cooling 105 it, in equipment under conditions of temperature and 106 time that is established in the Grade "A" Pasteurized 107 Milk Ordinance, 1989 revision, published by the United 108 States department of health and human services: 109 Provided. That nothing contained in this definition shall 110 111 be construed as barring any other process which may 112 be approved by the commissioner or the state director of health that results in products that are free from 113 114 pathogens.
- (y) "Person" means any individual, partnership, 115 association, fiduciary, firm, company, corporation, or 116 any organized group of persons whether incorporated or 117 not. The term "person" extends to the agents, servants, 118 officers and employees of the person. 119
- (z) "Retailer" means the person who sells dairy 120 products or imitation dairy products only to the ultimate 121 consumer, who does not transport dairy products or 122

- 123 imitation dairy products in any manner except between
- 124 buildings on the same lot or within the retail premises
- and who sells frozen desserts from a freezer only at the
- 126 firm where the freezer is located.
- 127 (aa) "Sanitization" means the application of any 128 effective method or substance to a clean surface for the 129 destruction, as far as practicable, of pathogens and other 130 organisms. Such treatment shall not adversely affect the 131 equipment, the milk or the health of the consumers 132 consuming the products manufactured in the equipment
- 133 and shall be a method acceptable to the commissioner.
- (bb) "Transport" means the movement from one facility to another of dairy products and imitation dairy products in a manner that maintains adequate temperatures and protects the product from freezing temperatures, exposure to the sun and from sources of contamination.
- (cc) "Ultrapasteurized" means the process of heating every particle of a dairy product or imitation dairy product at or above two hundred eighty degrees Fahrenheit for at least two seconds either before or after packaging so as to produce a product which has an extended shelf life under refrigerated conditions.

§19-11A-3. Permits.

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- 1 (a) Permits are not transferable with respect to 2 persons or locations.
 - (b) Application for all permits shall be made on forms supplied by the commissioner and shall provide such information as may be considered necessary by the commissioner.
- 7 (c) Permits shall be posted prominently at the place 8 of operation.
- 9 (d) A dairy products distributors permit shall be
 10 issued by the commissioner to each person distributing
 11 dairy products in this state, even if there is no perma12 nent location maintained in this state. Persons maintain13 ing multiple permanent locations in this state or
 14 distributing into this state from several locations shall

- obtain a permit for each location. Application shall be 15 16 made at least fifteen days before the date that the 17 current permit expires or within fifteen days of the date 18 that the person intends to engage in business. The 19 application shall be accompanied by a fee of fifteen 20 dollars. A penalty of two dollars shall be added to all 21 permits that are not applied for or renewed within this 22 time limit. Permits shall expire on the thirty-first day 23 of March following date of issue: Provided, That firms 24 that have a permit with an expiration date of the 25 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-26 one, on the date of implementation of this article shall 27 be allowed to make application for a dairy products 28 permit for the period of the first day of July, one 29 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, through the thirty-30 first day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-31 two, at a fee of ten dollars.
- 32 (e) A dairy products distributors permit is not 33 required for persons who distribute only aseptically 34 processed and hermetically sealed dairy products or 35 frozen desserts, dry dairy products or dry frozen dessert 36 mixes.
- 37 (f) A temporary marketing permit may be issued by 38 the commissioner for the marketing of dairy products that are not covered by an established standard. The 39 40 temporary permit may be issued according to proce-41 dures established by rule. Persons applying for a 42 temporary marketing permit shall have a valid dairy products distributors permit. There is no fee for the 43 44 permit.

§19-11A-4. Labeling.

- 1 (a) All packages of dairy products or imitation dairy 2 products shall have a label upon or affixed to the 3 package. The label shall be legible and of a print size
- 4 and style easily readable by the ordinary citizen. The
- 5 information required in this section shall be on each
- 6 label and shall be stated in English.
- 7 (b) The label shall contain the following information:
- 8 (1) The name of the product;

- 9 (2) The quantity of the contents;
- 10 (3) The name and address of the manufacturer,
- 11 packer or distributor: Provided, That the manufactur-
- 12 er's plant code or name and address shall always appear
- 13 on the label for Grade "A" products; and
- 14 (4) Such other information as the commissioner shall require by rule.

§19-11A-5. Adulteration.

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- Any dairy product or imitation dairy product referred to in this article is considered adulterated within the meaning of this article if it:
- 4 (a) Bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious 5 substance or compound in a quantity which may render 6 it injurious to health;
- 7 (b) Contains any coloring substance or flavoring 8 matter that may be deleterious to health;
- 9 (c) Bears or contains any added poisonous or delete10 rious substance for which no safe tolerance has been
 11 established by state or federal law or regulation or
 12 which is found in the product in excess of an established
 13 tolerance:
- 14 (d) Does not meet the quality standards set forth in this article;
- 16 (e) Is or has been manufactured under conditions not in conformity with the provisions of this article;
 - (f) Is or has been produced, processed, prepared or held under unsanitary conditions;
 - (g) Has not been manufactured according to the provisions of the applicable standard of identity or that contains pathogens after manufacture;
- 23 (h) Is or has been stored in a package composed, in 24 whole or in part, of any poisonous or deleterious 25 substance which may render the contents injurious to 26 health;
- 27 (i) Contains any substance added thereto or mixed or 28 packed therewith so as to make it appear better or of 29 greater value than it is: or

30 (j) Meets or has met other conditions of adulteration as established by rule.

§19-11A-6. Misbranded.

- Any dairy product or imitation dairy product referred to in this article is considered misbranded within the meaning of this article if:
- 4 (a) It is labeled as a product for which there is a standard established by this article and it does not conform to such standards:
- (b) Its label or labeling is false or misleading in anyparticular;
- 9 (c) It is not labeled in accordance with the requirements of this article;
- 11 (d) Any word, statement or other information required 12 by this article to appear on the label or the labeling is 13 not prominently placed thereon with such conspicuous-14 ness as compared with other words, statements, designs 15 or devices in the labeling and in such terms as to render 16 it likely to be read or understood by the ordinary person 17 under customary conditions of purchase and use;
- 18 (e) Damage or inferiority has been concealed by any 19 means; or
- 20 (f) It meets or has met other conditions of misbranding 21 as established by rule.

§19-11A-7. Prohibited acts.

- 1 (a) No person may distribute, sell, offer for sale, hold 2 for sale or have in his possession with the intent to sell 3 any dairy product or imitation dairy product which is 4 adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this 5 article.
- 6 (b) No person may interfere with or prohibit the 7 commissioner from performing the duties of his office.
- 8 (c) No person may fail to comply with the provisions of an embargo order issued under this article.
- 10 (d) No person may fail to comply with the provisions 11 of a revocation, suspension or denial order issued under

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12 this article.

- (e) No person who, in any official capacity, obtains any information under the provisions of this article that would be considered trade secrets regarding the quality, source and disposition of dairy products or imitation dairy products may use this information to his or her own personal gain.
- (f) No person may bring into, send into or receive into this state, distribute within this state or have in storage dairy products without a valid dairy products distributors permit, except that retailers are exempt from this 23 requirement.
 - (g) No person may distribute, sell, offer for sale, hold for sale or have in their possession with intent to sell, a dairy product or imitation dairy product in a container if the whole or any part of the item(s) required by this article to be on the label have been altered, mutilated. destroyed, obliterated, removed, concealed, replaced or otherwise falsely represented.
 - (h) No person may alter or deface any part of the items required by this article to be on the label after packaging.
 - (i) No person may offer for sale, transport, or distribution dairy products or imitation dairy products subsequent to packaging that have been allowed to exceed a temperature of forty-five degrees Fahrenheit for refrigerated noncultured products or zero degrees Fahrenheit for frozen products, except that dairy products or imitation dairy products containing active cultures shall not be allowed to exceed a temperature of fifty degrees Fahrenheit; and cheeses or imitations of cheeses shall not be allowed to reach temperatures that will allow for spoilage or mold organisms, other than those mold organisms that may be in the product as a result of the process used to make the product, to grow on or in the product. Dairy products or imitation dairy products that have been aseptically processed and hermetically sealed and dry dairy products or dry imitation dairy products are exempted from the requirements of this subsection.

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- 52 (j) No person may transport dairy products or 53 imitation dairy products in a vehicle that has previously 54 been used to haul a chemical or foreign substance unless 55 such vehicle has been cleaned according to rules 56 promulgated by the commissioner.
- (k) No person may sell or reprocess for human consumption dairy products or imitation dairy products that are in, or have been in, broken or opened retail packages that have been out of the possession of the manufacturer. Nothing in this provision prohibits the return of these containers to the distributor for inspection purposes only.
 - (l) No person may distribute or use for human consumption products manufactured from packaged dairy products or imitation dairy products that have been out of the possession of the manufacturer.
- (m) No person may distribute or use dairy products or imitation dairy products that have been repasteurized subsequent to transportation in bulk, except for products that have been handled in a sanitary manner and maintained at forty-five degrees Fahrenheit or less prior to repasteurization.
- (n) No person may sell, offer for sale or expose for sale any product containing milk products or milk-derived products that are from a herd that does not meet the requirements for animal health as set by rules promulgated under this article.
- 79 (o) No person may sell or exchange or have in his 80 possession with intent to sell or exchange in this state 81 any milk powder originating from any country or area outside the United States with reported cases of 82 83 rinderpest. African swine fever or foot and mouth disease unless that product is imported into this state 84 85 under conditions set by rules promulgated under this 86 article.

§19-11A-8. Approved sampling and testing methods.

1 (a) All sampling and testing methods shall be those 2 set forth in the fifteenth edition of and supplement to 3 the Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of

- 4 Official Analytical Chemists, published by the Associa-
- 5 tion of Official Analytical Chemists; or the fifteenth
- 6 edition of the Standard Methods for the Examination of
- 7 Dairy Products, published by the American Public
- 8 Health Association, Inc.; or methods approved by the
- 9 commissioner.
- 10 (b) The Babcock method or other methods approved
- 11 by the commissioner for determining the milk fat
- 12 content of dairy products shall be used as the reference
- 13 method to establish and maintain the calibration of
- 14 automated testing instruments.

§19-11A-9. Approved laboratories.

- 1 (a) Each person who desires to have his laboratory
 2 approved by the commissioner for testing official dairy
 3 product or imitation dairy product samples as herein
 4 provided shall first satisfy the commissioner that tests
- 5 to be made in such laboratory shall be conducted by
- 6 qualified persons, with adequate facilities and that such
- 7 tests are performed accurately and according to
- 8 methods approved by the commissioner.
- 9 (b) For the purpose of determining whether a labor-10 atory shall be designated as an approved laboratory the
- 11 commissioner shall designate a qualified person or
- 12 persons to inspect the laboratory, its equipment,
- 13 facilities and personnel at the expense of the applying
- 14 laboratory, and thereafter may have similar inspections
- 15 made at the expense of the approved laboratory for the
- 16 purpose of determining whether or not such approval
- purpose of determining whether or not such approva
- 17 should be continued.
- 18 (c) The commissioner may accept the test results of
- 19 any laboratory that has been approved under this 20 article: *Provided*. That the commissioner shall not
- 20 article: *Provided*, That the commissioner shall not 21 accept the test results of any approved laboratory for
- 22 samples manufactured, distributed or used by a firm the
- 23 same as or related to the approved laboratory.

§19-11A-10. Powers and duties of commissioner.

- 1 The commissioner has the power and duty to:
- 2 (a) Adopt, promulgate and enforce rules to carry out

- the purpose of this article, including establishing definitions and standards of quality and identity for dairy products and imitation dairy products;
 - (b) Have access to and enter at all reasonable times all places where dairy products or imitation dairy products are manufactured, packaged, stored, held, transported, distributed or used in this state and where records, papers or documents relating to these transactions are kept;
 - (c) Inspect and photograph all places where dairy products or imitation dairy products are manufactured, packaged, stored, held, transported, distributed or used, inspect, audit and copy records and papers relating to the manufacturing, distribution, sampling, testing and sale of dairy products or imitation dairy products, examine measuring and testing apparatus; and examine equipment used in manufacturing and transportation of dairy products or imitation dairy products, except that inspections performed under authority of the provisions of article seven, chapter sixteen of this code will not be duplicated;
- (d) Examine and sample dairy products or imitation dairy products, including, but not limited to, ingredients and packages that are used in the manufacture of these products, and may open any package containing or believed to contain any dairy product or imitation dairy product, or an ingredient to be used in the manufacture of these products for the purpose of inspecting and sampling;
- (e) Issue, suspend, revoke or deny permits;
- 33 (f) Collect fees and expend moneys under the terms 34 of this article;
 - (g) Collect evidence, including samples, of the condition of equipment, holding tanks, storage rooms and vehicles used, or intended to be used in the processing, packaging, transporting or holding of dairy products or imitation dairy products;
- 40 (h) Examine the labels and labeling of dairy products or imitation dairy products;

- (i) Issue embargoes for any dairy product or imitation dairy product which is or is believed to be adulterated. misbranded or that is not in compliance with this article and to cause the manufacturing and distributing of same to cease. Nothing in this article may be construed as requiring the commissioner to issue embargoes for minor violations of this article when he or she believes that a written notice of the violation will serve the public interest.
 - (1) When an embargo is issued, the commissioner shall affix to such product or manufacturing device in an appropriate manner a tag or other marking giving warning that such product is under embargo.
 - (2) The commissioner shall give written notice to the custodian of the product or process under embargo describing the violation and stating that the product is prohibited from being sold, offered for sale, exposed for sale or distributed and is ordered to be held on the premises and, further, that all manufacturing processes in the state of West Virginia for this product shall cease until the embargo is released. This notice shall notify the custodian of the right to request an immediate hearing under the rules adopted by the commissioner.
 - (3) The commissioner may take action to seize and condemn any product that is not brought into compliance with this article and the rules issued within ninety days of the notice to the custodian of the product.
 - (4) The commissioner has the authority to issue an embargo against a perishable product, even if the practical result is to bring about the involuntary disposal of the product. The commissioner shall exercise this power using all reasonable means to determine if the product is adulterated or otherwise not in compliance with this article in as short a time frame as possible and shall promptly lift the embargo order if the product is found to be in compliance with this article;
 - (j) Establish, maintain and make provision for dairy product and imitation dairy product testing facilities, to establish reasonable fees for such tests and to incur such expenses as may be necessary to maintain and operate

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- 82 these facilities:
- (k) Approve sampling and testing methods and evaluate and approve official laboratories:
 - (l) Obtain from any state court an order directing any person to submit to inspection and sampling subsequent to the refusal of any person to allow inspection and sampling;
 - (m) Conduct hearings as provided by this article; and
- 90 (n) Assess civil penalties and refer violations to a court 91 of competent jurisdiction: *Provided*, That the commissioner is not required to report for prosecution minor violations of the article when he or she believes that the 94 public interest will be best served by a written notice 95 of violation.

§19-11A-11. Suspension, revocation or denial of permits.

- 1 (a) The commissioner may deny any application for a 2 permit whenever said permit has been applied for 3 fraudulently, the applicant has grossly interfered with 4 the duties of the commissioner, or the applicant is 5 determined to be not in compliance with or not able to 6 comply with this article.
 - (b) The commissioner may suspend a permit whenever a health hazard exists or is believed to exist, the permit has been obtained fraudulently, the holder has grossly interfered with the duties of the commissioner or it is determined that the permit holder is dishonest, deceitful, incompetent or not in compliance with or is unable to comply with this article. Any person whose permit has been suspended shall immediately discontinue all operations covered under the permit. The commissioner may issue a summary suspension in cases where violations of this article constitute a hazard to the public health, safety or welfare or where the public interest requires immediate action.
 - (1) Except for summary suspensions, the commissioner shall give written notice to the persons affected of the pending suspension, stating that the suspension of the permit is being contemplated and giving reasons

- therefor. The suspension notice shall appoint a time and place for hearing and shall be mailed by certified mail to the business address of the permit holder at least ten days before the date set for the hearing. The commissioner shall review the evidence presented at the hearing prior to issuing his decision.
 - (2) All summary suspensions shall be followed by a notice of suspension, the reasons for the suspension, and an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with this article.

- (3) At the end of the period of suspension, the permit holder may resume operations without reapplication for a permit.
- (c) The commissioner may revoke any permit issued under this article whenever a health hazard exists, the permit has been obtained fraudulently, the holder has grossly interfered with the duties of the commissioner or it is determined that the holder is dishonest, deceitful, incompetent or not in compliance with or is unable to comply with this article. Any person whose permit has been revoked shall immediately discontinue all operations covered under the permit.
- (1) Before revoking any permit the commissioner shall give written notice to the persons affected, stating that the revocation of the permit is being contemplated and giving reasons for the revocation. The revocation notice shall appoint a time and place for hearing and shall be mailed by certified mail to the business address of the permit holder at least ten days before the date set for the hearing. The commissioner shall review the evidence presented at the hearing prior to issuing his decision.
- (2) At the end of the period of revocation the permit will not be issued without an application, payment of required fee and the compliance with all conditions that the commissioner shall require for the reissuing of such permit.

§19-11A-12. Hearings and appeals.

1 (a) Any person aggrieved by any action taken under 2 this article shall be afforded the opportunity for a

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- 3 hearing before the commissioner under rules promul-4 gated by the commissioner.
 - (b) Hearings shall be conducted according to procedures set forth by rule.
 - (c) All the testimony and evidence at a hearing shall be recorded by mechanical means, which may include the use of tape recordings. The mechanical record shall be maintained for ninety days from the date of the hearing and a transcript shall be made available to the aggrieved party.
- (d) Any party who feels aggrieved of the suspension, revocation or denial order may appeal within sixty days to the circuit court of the county in which the person has located its principal place of business or to the circuit court of Kanawha County.

§19-11A-13. Criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreement.

- (a) Criminal penalties. Any person violating any 1 provision of this article or rule adopted hereunder is 2 3 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 4 shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for the first offense, and for 5 6 the second or subsequent offense, shall be fined not less 7 than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than six 8 9 months, or both fined and imprisoned. Magistrates have 10 concurrent jurisdiction with circuit courts to enforce the 11 provisions of this article.
- 12 (b) Civil penalties.
 - (1) Any person violating a provision of this article or rules adopted hereunder may be assessed a civil penalty by the commissioner. In determining the amount of any civil penalty, the commissioner shall give due consideration to the history of previous violations of any person, the seriousness of the violation, including any irreparable harm to the environment, any hazards to the health and safety of the public and any economic damages to the public and the demonstrated good faith of any person charged in attempting to achieve compliance

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with this article before and after written notification of the violation.

- (2) The commissioner may assess a civil penalty of up to one thousand dollars for a violation.
- (3) The civil penalty is payable to the state of West Virginia and is collectible in any manner now or hereafter provided for collection of debt. If any person liable to pay the civil penalty neglects or refuses to pay the same, the amount of the civil penalty, together with interest at ten percent, is a lien in favor of the state of West Virginia upon the property, both real and personal, of such a person after the same has been entered and docketed to record in the county where such property is situated. The clerk of the county, upon receipt of the certified copy of such, shall enter same to record without requiring the payment of costs as a condition precedent to recording.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the commissioner may promulgate and adopt rules which permit consent agreements or negotiated settlements for the civil penalties assessed as a result of violation of the provisions of this article.
- (d) Upon application by the commissioner for an injunction, the circuit court of the county in which the violation is occurring, had occurred or is about to occur, as the case may be, may grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of this article or any rule promulgated under this article, notwithstanding the existence of other remedies at law. Any such injunction shall be issued without bond.
- (e) No state court may allow for the recovery of damages for any administrative action taken, if the court finds that there was a probable cause for such action.
- (f) It is the duty of the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the violation occurred to represent the department of agriculture, to institute proceedings and to prosecute the person charged with such violation.

§19-11A-14. Payment of fees.

1 All fees, penalties or other moneys collected by the

2 commissioner under the provisions of this article shall 3

be paid into a special account and expended upon the

order of the commissioner for the purpose of the

enforcement and administration of this article.

§19-11A-15. Cooperation with other entities.

1 The commissioner may cooperate with and enter into

2 agreements with governmental agencies of this state.

3 other states, agencies of the federal government,

4 agencies of foreign governments, and private associa-

tions in order to carry out the purpose and provisions

of this article.

§19-11A-16. Confidentiality of trade secrets.

The commissioner may not make public information 1

2 which contains or relates to trade secrets, commercial

3 or financial information obtained from a person or

privileged or confidential information: Provided, That 4

5 when the information is necessary to carry out the

6 provisions of this article, this information may be

7 revealed, subject to a protective order, to any federal,

8 state or local agency consultant or may be revealed,

subject to a protective order, at a closed hearing or in 9

findings of fact issued by the commissioner. 10

ARTICLE 11B. FROZEN DESSERTS AND IMITATION FROZEN DESSERTS LAW.

§19-11B-1. Purpose. §19-11B-2. Definitions.

§19-11B-3. Frozen dessert manufacturer permit.

§19-11B-4.

§19-11B-5. Adulteration.

Misbranded. §19-11B-6.

§19-11B-7. Prohibited acts.

§19-11B-8. Approved sampling and testing methods.

Approved laboratories. §19-11B-9.

§19-11B-10. Powers and duties of commissioner.

§19-11B-11. Suspension, revocation or denial of permits.

§19-11B-12. Hearings and appeals.

§19-11B-13. Criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreement.

§19-11B-14. Payment of fees.

§19-11B-15. Cooperation with other entities.

§19-11B-16. Confidentiality of trade secrets.

§19-11B-1. Purpose.

The legislative intent of this article is to protect, 1 promote and preserve the public health and general 2 3 welfare and to prevent fraud and deception in the manufacture, sale, offering for sale, exposing for sale, 4 and possession with intent to sell, frozen desserts and 5 products resembling frozen desserts for human consumption. Further, the Legislature recognizes that 7 advances in food technology have resulted in the 8 9 development of a variety of products of similar usage as standardized frozen desserts that are so similar in 10 appearance, odor and taste that they are difficult to 11 differentiate from frozen desserts. Therefore, this article 12 shall regulate these products in addition to frozen 13 14 desserts, establish definitions and standards for such foods or labeling requirements by rules which effect 15 their orderly marketing and ensure similar sanitary 16 17 standards for frozen desserts and imitation frozen 18 desserts.

19 Except where otherwise indicated, it is the intent of the Legislature that this article substantially conform 20 with the federal regulations promulgated under the 21 22 authority of the United States secretary of health and human services in order to provide for the movement of 23 frozen desserts and imitation frozen desserts in inter-24 25 state and intrastate commerce with a minimum of economic barriers. 26

§19-11B-2. Definitions.

- (a) "Adulterated" means frozen desserts or imitation 1 2 frozen desserts meeting one or several of the conditions 3
 - listed in section five of this article.
- 4 (b) "Approved laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the commissioner under section nine of this 5 article. 6
- 7 (c) "Clean" means the condition where no residue remains on a surface that will, or is likely to, cause 8 adulteration. 9
- (d) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of 10

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- agriculture of the state of West Virginia or his or her duly authorized agent.
- 13 (e) "Distributor" means any person who distributes 14 frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts. The term 15 does not include persons who are exclusively retailers 16 and who are not engaged in the transportation of frozen 17 desserts or imitation frozen desserts.
 - (f) "Distribute" means the act of transporting, holding for sale, offering for sale, selling, bartering, parceling out, giving or otherwise disposing of frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts.
 - (g) "Embargo" means an order to withdraw a frozen dessert or imitation frozen dessert from distribution or to stop a manufacturing operation as provided in section ten of this article.
 - (h) "Freezer" means mechanical equipment used to lower the temperature of a mix, with or without incorporating air into the mix during the freezing process. Freezers may operate on a continuous or batch basis.
 - (i) "Frozen dessert" means ice cream, frozen custard, French ice cream, French custard ice cream, ice milk, goat's milk ice cream, goat's milk ice milk, fruit sherbet, nonfruit sherbets, frozen dietary dessert, frozen yogurt, frozen lowfat yogurt, milkshakes, any mix used to make such frozen desserts whether quiescently frozen or frozen while mixed and such other products as established by rule as a frozen dessert whether made with milk products from a cow or goat.
 - (j) "Imitation frozen desserts" means products that are manufactured, packaged or labeled so as to resemble the composition, physical and sensory properties of frozen desserts which contain milk products or milk-derived ingredients whether from a cow or a goat and which are intended to be used as a substitute for a frozen dessert. This term includes any mix used to manufacture imitation frozen desserts.
 - (k) "Label" means the display of written, printed or

graphic matter upon or affixed to the package in which the frozen dessert or imitation frozen dessert is distributed.

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- (l) "Labeling" means all representations disseminated in any manner or by any means other than by the label which induce or which are likely or intended to induce the purchase or use of frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts.
- 57 (m) "Manufacture" means pasteurizing, ultrapasteur-58 izing, formulating, compounding, freezing, processing 59 or packaging a mix into a frozen dessert or imitation 60 frozen dessert.
- 61 (n) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufac-62 tures frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts.
 - (o) "Milk-derived ingredients" means whey, modified whey products, casein, caseinates, lactose, lactalbumins and lactoglobulins used in fluid, concentrated or dry form and other ingredients as established by rule as a milk-derived ingredient.
 - (p) "Milk products" means milk, acidified milk, cultured milk, concentrated milk, sweetened condensed milk, sweetened condensed skim milk, lowfat dry milk, nonfat dry milk fortified with vitamins A and D, evaporated milk, evaporated skim milk, lowfat milk, acidified lowfat milk, cultured lowfat milk, skim milk, acidified skim milk, cultured skim milk, dry whole milk, cream, dry cream, heavy cream, light cream, light whipping cream, sour cream, acidified sour cream, eggnog, half-and-half, sour half-and-half, acidified sour half-and-half, butter, yogurt, lowfat yogurt, nonfat yogurt and such other products as established by rule as a milk product whether made with milk products from a cow or goat.
 - (q) "Milk fat" means fat in frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts.
 - (r) "Misbranded" means frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts meeting one or several of the conditions listed in section six of this article.

- 87 (s) "Mix" means the product made from wholesome 88 ingredients that when frozen shall produce a frozen 89 dessert or imitation frozen dessert.
- 90 (t) "Official sample" means any sample taken in accordance with the provisions of this article.
 - (u) "Package" means any container holding frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts.
- 94 (v) "Pasteurized" means the process of uniformly heating every particle of a mix, holding in the heated 95 state and cooling it, in equipment under conditions of 96 97 temperature and time that is established in Grade "A" Pasteurized Milk Ordinance, 1989 revision, published by 98 99 the United States department of health and human 100 services: Provided, That nothing contained in this definition may be construed as barring any other 101 process which may be approved by the commissioner or 102 103 the state director of health that results in products that 104 are free from pathogens.
- (w) "Person" means any individual, partnership,
 association, fiduciary, firm, company, corporation or any
 organized group of persons whether incorporated or not.
 The term "person" extends to the agents, servants,
 officers and employees of the person.
- 110 (x) "Rerun" means a frozen dessert or imitation frozen 111 dessert that is removed from a freezer and is intended 112 to be reprocessed.
- 113 (y) "Retailer" means the person who sells frozen 114 desserts or imitation frozen desserts to the ultimate 115 consumer and who does not transport frozen desserts or 116 imitation frozen desserts to or from the location of the 117 freezer.
- 118 (z) "Sanitization" means the application of any effective method or substance to a clean surface for the 119 destruction of pathogens, and other organisms as far as 120 practicable. Such treatment shall not adversely affect 121 122 the equipment, the dairy product or the health of the 123 consumers consuming the products manufactured in the equipment and shall be a method acceptable to the 124 125 commissioner.

- 126 (aa) "Transport" means the movement from one 127 facility to another in a manner that maintains adequate 128 temperatures and protects the product from freezing 129 temperatures, exposure to the sun and from sources of 130 contamination.
- (bb) "Ultrapasteurized" means the process of heating every particle of a dairy product or mix at or above two hundred eighty degrees Fahrenheit for at least two seconds either before or after packaging so as to produce a product which has an extended shelf life under refrigerated conditions.

§19-11B-3. Frozen desserts manufacturer permit.

- 1 (a) A "frozen desserts manufacturer permit" shall be 2 issued to each manufacturer of frozen desserts or 3 imitation frozen desserts. Permits shall be issued for 4 each place of operation and shall not be transferable with respect to persons or locations. The permit may be 5 6 applied to the operation of several freezers at one 7 location. Each mobile unit shall be considered as 8 operating at one location.
- 9 (b) Application shall be made on forms supplied by the 10 commissioner and provide such information as may be 11 considered necessary by the commissioner. Permits shall 12 be applied for at least fifteen days before the date that 13 the current permit expires or within fifteen days of the 14 date that the person intends to engage in business. The application shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty 15 16 dollars. A penalty of two dollars shall be added to all permits that are not applied for or renewed within this 17 18 time limit. The permits shall expire on the thirty-first 19 day of March following date of issue: Provided. That 20 firms that have a permit with an expiration date of the 21 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-22 one, on the date of implementation of this article shall 23 be allowed to make application for a frozen desserts manufacturer permit for the period of the first day of 24 25 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, through the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred 26 ninety-two, at a fee of ten dollars. 27

28 (c) Permits shall be posted prominently at the place of operation.

§19-11B-4. Labeling.

- 1 (a) All packages of frozen desserts or imitation frozen
- 2 desserts shall have a label upon or affixed to the
- 3 package. The label shall be legible and of a print size
- 4 and style easily readable by the ordinary citizen. The
- 5 information required in this section shall be on each
- 6 label and shall be stated in English.
- 7 (b) The label shall contain the following information:
- (1) The name of the product;
- 9 (2) The quantity of the contents;
- 10 (3) The name and address of the manufacturer,
- 11 packer or distributor; and
- 12 (4) Such other information as the commissioner shall
- 13 establish by rule.

§19-11B-5. Adulteration.

- 1 Any frozen dessert or imitation frozen dessert re-
- 2 ferred to in this article is considered adulterated within
- 3 the meaning of this article if it:
- 4 (a) Bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious
- 5 substance or compound in a quantity which may render
- 6 it injurious to health;
- 7 (b) Contains any coloring substance or flavoring 8 matter that may be deleterious to health;
- 9 (c) Bears or contains any added poisonous or delete-
- 10 rious substance for which no safe tolerance has been
- 11 established by state or federal law or regulation or in
- 12 excess of an established tolerance;
- 13 (d) Does not meet the quality standards set forth in this article:
- 15 (e) Is or has been manufactured under conditions not
- 16 in conformity with the provisions of this article;

- 17 (f) Is or has been produced, processed, prepared or held under unsanitary conditions;
- (g) Is or has been stored in a package composed, in
 whole or in part, of any poisonous or deleterious
 substance which may render the contents injurious to
 health;
- 23 (h) Contains any substance added thereto or mixed or packed therewith so as to make it appear better or of greater value than it is; or
- 26 (i) Meets or has met other conditions of adulteration 27 as established by rule.

§19-11B-6. Misbranded.

- Any frozen dessert or imitation frozen dessert referred to in this article is considered misbranded within the meaning of this article if:
- 4 (a) It is labeled as a product for which there is a standard established by this article and it does not conform to such standards;
- (b) Its label or labeling is false or misleading in anyparticular;
- 9 (c) It is not labeled in accordance with this article;
- 10 (d) Any word, statement or other information required 11 by this article to appear on the label or the labeling is 12 not prominently placed thereon with such conspicuous-13 ness as compared with other words, statements, designs,
- or devices in the labeling and in such terms as to render
- 15 it likely to be read or understood by the ordinary person
- 16 under customary conditions of purchase and use;
- 17 (e) If damage or inferiority has been concealed by any 18 means; or
- 19 (f) It meets or has met other conditions of misbranding 20 as established by rule.

§19-11B-7. Prohibited acts.

- 1 (a) No person may distribute, sell, offer for sale, hold
- 2 for sale or have in his possession with the intent to sell
- 3 any frozen dessert or imitation frozen dessert which is

- 4 adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this article.
- 6 (b) No person may interfere with or prohibit the commissioner from performing the duties of his office.
 - (c) No person may fail to comply with the provisions of an embargo order issued under section ten of this article.
 - (d) No person may fail to comply with the provisions of a revocation, suspension or denial order issued under section eleven of this article.
 - (e) No person who in any official capacity obtains any information under the provisions of this article that would be considered trade secrets regarding the quality, source and disposition of frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts may use this information to his or her own personal gain.
- 20 (f) No person may dispense or manufacture frozen 21 desserts or imitation frozen desserts without a valid 22 frozen desserts manufacturer permit.
 - (g) No person may distribute, sell, offer for sale, hold for sale or have in their possession with intent to sell, a frozen dessert or imitation frozen dessert in a container if the whole or any part of the items required by this article to be on the label have been altered, mutilated, destroyed, obliterated, removed, concealed, replaced or otherwise falsely represented.
 - (h) No person may alter or deface any items required by this article to be on the label after packaging.
 - (i) No person may offer for sale, transport, or distribution, frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts subsequent to their packaging that have been allowed to exceed a temperature of forty-five degrees Fahrenheit for refrigerated noncultured products or zero degrees Fahrenheit for frozen products, except that mixes containing active cultures shall not be allowed to exceed a temperature of fifty degrees Fahrenheit. Mixes that have been sterilized and hermetically sealed and dry mixes are exempted from this provision.

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- 42 (j) No person may haul frozen desserts or imitation 43 frozen desserts in a vehicle that has previously been 44 used to haul a chemical or foreign substance unless such 45 vehicle has been cleaned according to the rules promul-46 gated by the commissioner prior to the hauling of such 47 frozen dessert or imitation frozen dessert.
 - (k) No person may sell or reprocess frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts for human consumption that are in or have been in broken or opened retail packages. Nothing in this provision may prohibit the return of these containers to the manufacturer or distributor for inspection purposes only.
 - 54 (1) No person may distribute or use for human 55 consumption products manufactured from returned 56 packaged frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts.
 - 57 (m) No person may distribute or use mix that has been 58 repasteurized subsequent to transportation in bulk, 59 except for products that have been handled in a sanitary 60 manner and maintained at forty-five degrees Fahren-61 heit or less prior to repasteurization.
 - 62 (n) No person may sell, offer for sale or expose for sale
 63 any product containing milk products or milk-derived
 64 products that are from a herd that does not meet the
 65 requirements for animal health as required by rules
 66 promulgated under this article.

§19-11B-8. Approved sampling and testing methods.

- 1 (a) All sampling and testing methods shall be those 2 set forth in the fifteenth edition of and supplement to 3 the Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of 4 Official Analytical Chemists, published by the Association of Official Analytical Chemists; or the fifteenth 5 edition of the Standard Methods for the Examination of 6 7 Dairy Products, published by the American Public Health Association, Inc.; or methods approved by the 8 commissioner as provided by rule. 9
- 10 (b) The Babcock method or other methods approved 11 by the commissioner for determining the milk fat 12 content of frozen desserts shall be used as the reference

method to establish and maintain the calibration of automated testing instruments.

§19-11B-9. Approved laboratories.

- 1 (a) Each person who desires to have his laboratory 2 approved by the commissioner for testing official frozen 3 dessert or imitation frozen dessert samples as provided 4 in this section shall first satisfy the commissioner that 5 tests to be made in such laboratory shall be conducted 6 by qualified persons with adequate facilities and that 7 such tests shall be performed accurately and according 8 to approved methods.
- 9 (b) For the purpose of determining whether or not a 10 laboratory shall be designated as an approved labora-11 tory the commissioner shall designate a qualified person 12 or persons to inspect the laboratory, its equipment, 13 facilities and personnel at the expense of the applying 14 laboratory, and thereafter may have similar inspections 15 made at the expense of the applying laboratory for the purpose of determining whether or not such approval 16 17 should be continued.
- 18 (c) The commissioner may accept the test results of 19 any laboratory that has been approved under this 20 article: *Provided*, That the commissioner shall not 21 accept the test results of any approved laboratory for 22 samples manufactured, distributed or used by a firm 23 related to or owned by the approved laboratory.

§19-11B-10. Powers and duties of commissioner.

- 1 The commissioner has the power and duty to:
- 2 (a) Adopt, promulgate and enforce rules to carry out the purpose of this article;
- 4 (b) Have access to and enter at all reasonable times
 5 all places where frozen desserts or imitation frozen
 6 desserts are manufactured, stored, held, transported,
 7 distributed or used in the state and where records,
 8 papers or documents relating to these transactions are
 9 kept;
- 10 (c) Inspect and photograph all places where frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts are manufactured,

packaged, stored, held, transported or distributed: inspect, audit and copy records and papers relating to the manufacturing, distribution, sampling, testing and sale of frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts: examine measuring and testing apparatus; and examine equipment used in manufacturing and transportation of frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts, except that inspections performed under authority of the provisions of article seven, chapter sixteen of this code will not be duplicated:

- (d) Sample frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts, including, but not limited to, ingredients and packages that are used in the manufacture of these products and may open any package containing or believed to contain any frozen dessert or imitation frozen dessert or an ingredient to be used in the manufacture of a frozen dessert or imitation frozen dessert for the purpose of inspecting and sampling;
 - (e) Issue, suspend, revoke or deny permits;

- (f) Collect fees and expend moneys under the terms of this article;
- (g) Collect evidence, including samples, of the condition of equipment, holding tanks, storage rooms and vehicles used, or intended to be used, in the processing, packaging, transporting or holding of frozen desserts or imitation frozen desserts;
- (h) Examine the labels and labeling of frozen desserts and imitation frozen desserts;
- (i) Issue embargoes for any product which is or is believed to be adulterated, misbranded or that is not in compliance with this article and to cause the manufacturing and distributing of same to cease. Nothing in this article may be construed as requiring the commissioner to issue embargoes for minor violations of this article when he or she believes that a written notice of violation will serve the public interest.
- (1) When an embargo is issued, the commissioner shall affix to such product or manufacturing device in an appropriate manner a tag or other marking giving warning that such product is under embargo.

- (2) The commissioner shall give written notice to the custodian of the product or process under embargo describing the violation and stating that the product is prohibited from being sold, offered for sale, exposed for sale or distributed and is ordered to be held on the premises and, further, that all manufacturing processes for this product shall cease until the embargo is released. This notice shall notify the custodian of the right to request an immediate hearing under the rules adopted by the commissioner.
- (3) The commissioner shall take action to seize and condemn any product that cannot be brought into compliance with this article and the rules issued under same within ninety days of notice to the custodian of the product.
- (4) The commissioner has the authority to issue an embargo against a perishable product, even if the practical result is to bring about the involuntary disposal of the product. The commissioner shall exercise this power using all reasonable means to determine if the product is adulterated or otherwise not in compliance with this article in as short a time frame as possible and shall promptly lift the embargo order if the product is found to be in compliance with this article;
- (j) Establish, maintain and make provision for frozen dessert and imitation frozen dessert testing facilities; to establish reasonable fees for such tests and to incur such expenses as may be necessary to maintain and operate these facilities;
- (k) Approve sampling and testing methods, and evaluate and approve official laboratories;
- 83 (1) Obtain from any state court an order directing any 84 person to submit to inspection and sampling subsequent 85 to the refusal of any person to allow inspection and 86 sampling;
 - (m) Conduct hearings as provided by this article; and
- 88 (n) Assess civil penalties and refer violations to a court 89 of competent jurisdiction: *Provided*, That the commis-90 sioner is not required to report for prosecution minor

- 91 violations of the article when he or she believes that the
- 92 public interest will be best served by a suitable notice
- 93 in writing.

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§19-11B-11. Suspension, revocation or denial of permits.

- 1 (a) The commissioner may deny any application for a 2 permit whenever said permit has been applied for 3 fraudulently, the applicant has grossly interfered with 4 the duties of the commissioner or the applicant is 5 determined to be not in compliance with or not able to 6 comply with this article.
- (b) The commissioner may suspend a permit whenever a health hazard exists or is believed to exist, said permit has been obtained fraudulently, the holder has grossly interfered with the duties of the commissioner or it is determined that the permit holder is dishonest, deceitful, incompetent or not in compliance with or is unable to comply with the provisions of this article. Any person whose permit has been suspended shall immediately 15 discontinue all operations covered under the permit. The 16 commissioner may issue a summary suspension in cases 17 where violations of this article constitute a hazard to the 18 public health, safety or welfare where the public interest requires immediate action. 19
 - (1) Except for summary suspensions, the commissioner shall give written notice to the persons affected of the pending suspension, stating that suspension of the permit is being contemplated and giving reasons therefor. The suspension notice shall appoint a time and place for hearing and shall be mailed by certified mail to the business address of the permit holder at least ten days before the date set for the hearing. The commissioner shall review the evidence presented at the hearing prior to issuing his decision.
- (2) All summary suspensions shall be followed by a notice of suspension, the reasons for the suspension and 32 an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with the 33 provisions of this article.
 - (3) At the end of the period of suspension, the permit holder may resume operations without reapplication for

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- 36 a permit.
- 37 (c) The commissioner may revoke any permit issued 38 under this article whenever a health hazard exists, the 39 permit has been obtained fraudulently, the holder has 40 grossly interfered with the duties of the commissioner 41 or it is determined that the holder is dishonest, deceitful. 42 incompetent or not in compliance with or is unable to 43 comply with this article. Any person whose permit has 44 been revoked shall immediately discontinue all opera-45 tions covered under the permit.
- 46 (1) Before revoking any permit, the commissioner 47 shall give written notice to the persons affected, stating 48 that revocation of the permit is being contemplated and 49 giving reasons for the revocation. The revocation notice 50 shall appoint a time and place for hearing and shall be 51 mailed by certified mail to the business address of the 52 permit holder at least ten days before the date set for 53 the hearing. The commissioner shall review the evidence 54 presented at the hearing prior to issuing his decision.
- 55 (2) At the end of the period of revocation, the permit 56 will not be issued without an application, payment of the 57 required fee and compliance with all conditions that the 58 commissioner shall require for the reissuing of such 59 permit.

§19-11B-12. Hearings and appeals.

- 1 (a) Any person aggrieved by any action taken under 2 this article shall be afforded the opportunity for a 3 hearing before the commissioner under the rules 4 promulgated by the commissioner.
- 5 (b) Hearings shall be conducted in accordance with 6 procedures set forth by rule.
 - (c) All the testimony and evidence at a hearing shall be recorded by mechanical means, which may include the use of tape recordings. The mechanical record shall be maintained for ninety days from the date of the hearing and a transcript shall be made available to the aggrieved party.
- 13 (d) Any party who feels aggrieved of the suspension,

- 14 revocation or denial order may appeal within sixty days
- to the circuit court of the county in which the person
- 16 has located its principal place of business.

§19-11B-13. Criminal penalties; civil penalties; negotiated agreement.

1 (a) Criminal penalties. — Any person violating any 2 provision of this article or rule adopted hereunder is 3 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof. 4 shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more 5 than five hundred dollars for the first offense, and for 6 the second or subsequent offense, shall be fined not less 7 than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars. or imprisoned in the county jail not more than six 9 months, or both fined and imprisoned. Magistrates have 10 concurrent jurisdiction with circuit courts to enforce the provisions of this article. 11

(b) Civil penalties. —

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- (1) Any person violating a provision of this article or rules adopted hereunder may be assessed a civil penalty by the commissioner. In determining the amount of any civil penalty, the commissioner shall give due consideration to the history of previous violations of any person, the seriousness of the violation, including any irreparable harm to the environment, any hazards to the health and safety of the public and any economic damages to the public and the demonstrated good faith of any person charged in attempting to achieve compliance with this article before and after written notification of the violation.
- 25 (2) The commissioner may assess a civil penalty of up to one thousand dollars for a violation.
- 27 (3) The civil penalty is payable to the state of West Virginia and is collectible in any manner now or 28 hereafter provided for collection of debt. If any person 29 liable to pay the civil penalty neglects or refuses to pay 30 the same, the amount of the civil penalty, together with 31 interest at ten percent, is a lien in favor of the state of 32 West Virginia upon the property, both real and per-33 sonal, of such a person after the same has been entered 34

- 35 and docketed to record in the county where such 36 property is situated. The clerk of the county, upon 37 receipt of the certified copy of such, shall enter same to 38 record without requiring the payment of costs as a 39 condition precedent to recording.
- 40 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 41 contrary, the commissioner may promulgate and adopt 42 rules which permit consent agreements or negotiated 43 settlements for the civil penalties assessed as a result of 44 violation of the provisions of this article.
- 45 (d) Upon application by the commissioner for an 46 injunction, the circuit court of the county in which the 47 violation is occurring, has occurred or is about to occur. 48 as the case may be, may grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating or 49 50 continuing to violate any of the provisions of this article 51 or any rule promulgated under this article, notwith-52 standing the existence of other remedies at law. Any 53 such injunction shall be issued without bond.
- 54 (e) No state court may allow for the recovery of 55 damages for any administrative action taken, if the 56 court finds that there was a probable cause for such 57 action.
- 58 (f) It is the duty of the prosecuting attorney of the 59 county in which the violation occurred to represent the 60 department of agriculture, to institute proceedings and 61 to prosecute the person charged with such violation.

§19-11B-14. Payment of fees.

- 1 All fees, penalties or other moneys collected by the 2 commissioner under the provisions of this article shall
- 3 be paid into a special account and expended upon the
- 4 order of the commissioner for the purpose of the
- enforcement and administration of this article. 5

§19-11B-15. Cooperation with other entities.

- The commissioner may cooperate with and enter into 1 agreements with governmental agencies of this state, 2
- other states, agencies of the federal government. 3
- agencies of foreign governments and private associa-4

- tions in order to carry out the purpose and provisions 5
- 6 of this article

§19-11B-16. Confidentiality of trade secrets.

- 1 The commissioner may not make public information 2
- which contains or relates to trade secrets, commercial 3
- or financial information obtained from a person or privileged or confidential information: Provided. That 4
- when the information is necessary to carry out the 5
- provisions of this article, this information may be 6
- 7 revealed, subject to a protective order, to any federal,
- state or local agency consultant or may be revealed, 8
- subject to a protective order, at a closed hearing or in 9
- 10 findings of fact issued by the commissioner.

ARTICLE 28. VITAMIN AND MINERAL ENRICHMENT OF FLOUR AND BREAD.

- §19-28-1. Definitions.
- §19-28-2. Vitamin and mineral requirements for flour: exceptions as to flour sold to distributors, bakers or other processors.
- Vitamin and mineral requirements for white bread or rolls. §19-28-3.
- §19-28-4. Enforcement of article; authority and duties of commissioner.
- §19-28-5. Penalties for violation of article; inconsistent acts repealed; provisions severable.

§19-28-1. Definitions.

- When used in this article, unless the context otherwise 1 2 requires:
- 3 (a) "Flour" includes, and is limited to, the foods
- commonly known in the milling and baking industries 4
- as: (1) White flour, also known as wheat flour or plain 5
- 6 flour: (2) bromated flour; (3) self-rising flour, also known as self-rising white flour or self-rising wheat flour; and
- 7 (4) phosphated flour, also known as phosphated white
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- flour, or phosphated wheat flour, but excludes whole 9
- wheat flour and also excludes special flours not used for 10
- bread, roll, bun or biscuit baking, such as specialty cake, 11
- pancake and pastry flours. 12
- (b) "White bread" means any bread made with flour 13
- as defined in paragraph (a) whether baked in a pan or 14
- on a hearth or screen, which is commonly known or 15
- usually represented and sold as white bread, including 16
- Vienna bread, French bread and Italian bread. 17

- 18 (c) "Rolls" include plain white rolls and buns of the 19 semibread dough type, namely soft rolls, such as 20 hamburger rolls, hot dog rolls, Parker House rolls and 21 hard rolls, such as Vienna rolls, Kaiser rolls, but shall 22 not include yeast-raised sweet rolls or sweet buns made 23 with fillings or coatings, such as cinnamon rolls or buns 24 and butterfly rolls.
- 25 (d) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture or his or her duly authorized agent.
- 27 (e) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a 28 partnership, an association, a joint stock company, a 29 trust or any group of persons whether incorporated or 30 not, engaged in the commercial manufacture or sale of 31 flour, white bread or rolls.

§19-28-2. Vitamin and mineral requirements for flour; exceptions as to flour sold to distributors, bakers or other processors.

1 It is unlawful for any person to manufacture, mix. 2 compound, sell or offer for sale, for human consumption 3 in this state, flour as defined in section one of this 4 article, unless the following vitamins and minerals are 5 contained in each pound of such flour: Not less than two and not more than two and five-tenths milligrams of 6 7 thiamine; not less than one and two-tenths and not more 8 than one and five-tenths milligrams of riboflavin; not 9 less than sixteen and not more than twenty milligrams 10 of niacin or niacinamide: not less than thirteen and not 11 more than sixteen and five-tenths milligrams of iron: 12 except in the case of self-rising flour which in addition to the above ingredients shall contain not less than five 13 hundred and not more than fifteen hundred milligrams 14 15 of calcium: Provided. That the provisions of this section 16 do not apply to flour sold to distributors, bakers or other 17 processors, if the purchaser furnishes to the seller a 18 certificate in such form as the commissioner has 19 prescribed by rule, certifying that such flour will be: (1) Resold to a distributor, baker or other processor; (2) 20 21 used in the manufacture, mixing or compounding of flour, white bread or rolls enriched to meet the 22 requirements of this article; or (3) used in the manufac-23

- 24 ture of products other than flour, white bread or rolls.
- 25 It is unlawful for any such purchaser furnishing any
- 26 such certificate to use or resell the flour purchased in
- 27 any manner other than as prescribed in this section:
- Provided, however, That the provisions of this section do 28
- 29 not apply to noncommercial flour manufactured by
- 30 small flour mills, located in this state, for persons from
- wheat harvested in this state or to any other flour 31
- 32 produced and sold at retail by such mills.

§19-28-3. Vitamin and mineral requirements for white bread or rolls.

1 It is unlawful for any person to manufacture, bake,

2 sell or offer for sale, for human consumption in this

3 state, any white bread or rolls, as defined in section one

of this article, unless the following vitamins and 4

5 minerals are contained in each pound of such bread or

6 rolls: Not less than one and one-tenth and not more than

7 one and eight-tenths milligrams of thiamine; not less

8 than seven-tenths and not more than one and six-tenths

milligrams of riboflavin; not less than ten and not more 9

10 than fifteen milligrams of niacin; and not less than eight

11 and not more than twelve and five-tenths milligrams of

12 iron.

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§19-28-4. Enforcement of article; authority and duties of commissioner.

- (a) The commissioner is hereby charged with the duty 1 of enforcing the provisions of this article and is hereby 2 authorized and directed to make, amend or rescind rules 3 4 and orders for the efficient enforcement of this article.
 - (b) Whenever the vitamin and mineral requirements set forth in sections two and three of this article are no longer in conformity with the legally established standards governing the interstate shipment of enriched flour and enriched white bread or enriched rolls, the commissioner, in order to maintain uniformity between the intrastate and interstate vitamin and mineral requirements for the foods within the provisions of this
- 12 article, and to maintain and protect the health of the 13
- citizens of this state, is authorized and directed to 14

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modify or revise such requirements to conform with amended standards governing interstate shipments, and there shall be a presumption that the amended standards governing interstate shipments actually represent the standards which will promote the health and wellbeing of such citizens.

(c) In the event of findings by the commissioner that there is an existing or imminent shortage of any ingredient required by section two or three of this article, and that because of such shortage the sale and distribution of flour or white bread or rolls may be impeded by the enforcement of this article, the commissioner shall issue an order, to be effective immediately upon issuance, permitting the omission of such ingredient from flour or white bread or rolls and, if he finds it necessary or appropriate, excepting such foods from labeling requirements until the further order of the commissioner. Any such findings may be made without hearing, on the basis of an order or of factual information supplied by the appropriate federal agency or officer. In the absence of any such order of the appropriate federal agency or factual information supplied by it, the commissioner on his motion may, and upon receiving the sworn statement of ten or more persons subject to this article that they believe such a shortage exists or is imminent shall, within twenty days thereafter hold a public hearing with respect thereto at which any interested person may present evidence, and shall make findings based upon the evidence presented.

Whenever the commissioner has reason to believe that such shortage no longer exists, he shall hold a public hearing, at which any interested person may present evidence, and he shall make findings based upon the evidence so presented. If his findings be that such shortage no longer exists, he shall issue an order to become effective not less than thirty days after date of issuance, revoking such previous order: *Provided*, That undisposed floor stocks of flour on hand at the effective date of such revocation order, or flour manufactured prior to such effective date, for sale in this state may thereafter be lawfully sold or disposed of.

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- (d) All orders and rules adopted by the commissioner pursuant to this article, and within the limits specified by this article, shall become effective upon a date fixed by the commissioner.
- (e) It is the duty of the commissioner to furnish to any person or organization, filing a written request for such information, a copy of any and all orders or rules, adopted pursuant to this article, at least ten days prior to the effective date of such orders or rules, and to make copies of same available to the press. In case any interested person files written objections to any proposed order or rule, the commissioner shall give an opportunity for a public hearing upon such order or rule before the same shall become effective.
- 70 (f) For the purpose of this article, the commissioner, 71 or such officers or employees under his supervision as 72 he may designate, is authorized to take samples for 73 analysis and to conduct examinations and investigations. and to enter, at reasonable times, any factory, mill, 74 75 bakery, warehouse, shop or establishment where flour, white bread or rolls are manufactured, processed, 76 packed, sold or held, or any vehicle being used for the 77 78 transportation thereof, and to inspect any such place or 79 vehicle and any flour, white bread or rolls therein and all pertinent equipment, material, containers and 80 81 labeling.

§19-28-5. Penalties for violation of article; inconsistent acts repealed; provisions severable.

1 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this 2 article or the orders or rules promulgated by the 3 commissioner is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined for each offense a sum 4 of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than two 5 6 hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed sixty days, or both fined and imprisoned. 7 8 Magistrates have jurisdiction to try cases involving violations of any provision of this article, or of the orders 9 or rules promulgated by the commissioner. 10

CHAPTER 8

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 150—By Senator Hawse)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, fourteen and sixteen, article twelve, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended: and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen, all relating to plant pests; defining and redefining certain terms; setting forth duties of the commissioner of agriculture; authorizing commissioner to enter into compliance agreements; requiring persons to obtain a state or federal permit; when state permit required; increasing criminal penalties upon a second and subsequent offense; authorizing commissioner to assess civil penalties; providing for the collection of such penalties: mandating commissioner to promulgate legislative rules; making trade secrets confidential; and setting forth exceptions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, fourteen and sixteen, article twelve, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. INSECT PESTS, PLANT DISEASES AND NOXIOUS WEEDS.

- §19-12-2. Definitions.
- §19-12-3. Commissioner to enforce article; powers and duties generally.
- §19-12-14. Permit required to sell, transport, etc., plant pests or noxious weeds.
- §19-12-16. Criminal penalties; civil penalties; duties of the prosecuting attorney.
- §19-12-18. Confidentiality of trade secrets.

§19-12-2. Definitions.

- 1 The following definitions shall apply in the interpre-
- 2 tation and enforcement of this article. All words shall

- be construed to import either the plural or the singular,
 as the case demands:
 - (a) "Agent" means any person soliciting orders for nursery stock under the partial or full control of a nurseryman or dealer.
 - (b) "Certificate" means a document issued or authorized by the commissioner indicating that a regulated article is not contaminated with a pest.
- 11 (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of 12 agriculture of the state of West Virginia and his or her 13 duly authorized representatives.
 - (d) "Compliance agreement" means a written agreement between the department and any person engaged in growing, handling or moving articles, plants or plant products regulated under this article, wherein the person agrees to comply with stipulated requirements.
 - (e) "Dealer" means any person who buys, receives on consignment or otherwise acquires and has in his or her possession nursery stock which that person has not grown from propagative material such as tissue culture plants, cuttings, liners, seeds or transplanted nursery stock for the purpose of offering or exposing for sale, reselling, reshipping or distributing same. Each separate location shall constitute a dealership.
 - (f) "Department" means the department of agricultureof the state of West Virginia.
 - (g) "Genetically modified organism" means any organism altered or produced through genetic modification from a donor, vector or recipient organism using modern molecular techniques.
 - (h) "Host" means any plant or plant product upon which a pest is dependent for completion of any portion of its life cycle.
 - (i) "Infested area" means any area of uncontrolled growth of insects, plant diseases, noxious weeds or other plant pests.
 - (j) "Noxious weed" means any living plant, or part

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- thereof, declared by the commissioner, after public hearing, to be detrimental to crops, other desirable plants, waterways, livestock, land or other property, or to be injurious to public health or the economy.
 - (k) "Nursery" means any grounds or premises on or in which nursery stock is being propagated or grown for sale or distribution, including any grounds or premises on or in which nursery stock is being fumigated, treated, packed or stored or otherwise prepared or offered for sale or movement to other localities.
- (l) "Nurseryman" means and includes any person who owns, leases, manages or is in charge of a nursery.
- 52 (m) "Nursery stock" means all trees, shrubs and 53 woody vines, including ornamentals, bush fruits, grapevines, fruit trees and nut trees, whether cultivated, 54 55 native or wild, and all buds, grafts, scions, fruit pits and 56 cuttings from such plants. It also means sod, including 57 sod plugs and sod-producing plants, and such herbaceous plants, including strawberry plants, narcissus 58 plants and narcissus bulbs as the commissioner declares 59 60 by rule to be so included whenever he or she considers control of the movement of such plants and bulbs 61 necessary for the control of any destructive plant pest. 62 Florists' or greenhouse plants for inside culture or use. 63 64 unless declared otherwise by the commissioner, as herein authorized, shall not be considered nursery stock, 65 except that all woody plants, whether greenhouse or 66 field grown, if for outside planting, are hereby defined 67 68 as nursery stock.
 - (n) "Permit" means a document issued or authorized by the commissioner to provide for a movement of regulated articles to restricted destinations for limited handling, utilization or processing.
 - (o) "Person" means any individual or combination of individuals, partnership, corporation, company, society, association, governmental organization or other business entity and each officer, agent or employee thereof.
 - (p) "Plant and plant products" means trees, shrubs, vines; forage, fiber, cereal plants and all other plants;

- cuttings, grafts, scions, buds and lumber and all other parts of plants and plant products; and fruit, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds and wood.
 - (q) "Plant pest" means any living stage of: Any insects, mites, nematodes, slugs, snails, protozoa or other invertebrate animals, bacteria, fungi, other parasitic plants or reproductive parts thereof, viruses or any organisms similar to or allied with any of the foregoing, or any infectious substances, and any genetically modified organisms for which there is reason to believe may directly or indirectly injure or cause disease or damage in any plants or parts thereof, or any processed, manufactured or other products of plants.
 - 92 (r) "Quarantine" means a legal declaration by the 93 commissioner which specifies:
 - 94 (1) The plant pest or noxious weeds.
 - 95 (2) The articles to be regulated.
 - 96 (3) Conditions governing movement.
 - 97 (4) The area or areas quarantined.
 - 98 (5) Exemptions.

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99 (s) "Regulated article" means any article of any 100 character, as described in quarantine or other order of the commissioner carrying or capable of carrying a pest.

§19-12-3. Commissioner to enforce article; powers and duties generally.

(a) It shall be the duty of the commissioner to exercise 1 2 the powers and duties imposed upon him or her by this 3 article for the purpose of protecting agricultural, horticultural and other interests of the state from plant 4 5 pests or other insects and noxious weeds and for this 6 purpose the commissioner is hereby authorized and empowered to promulgate such legislative rules, in 7 8 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-9 a of this code, as are necessary to effectively eradicate. suppress or control plant pests or other insects or 10 11 noxious weeds or to retard the dissemination of plant pests or other insects or noxious weeds as far as may 12

- be practical and to employ or contract with such persons
 as may be appropriate.
- 15 (b) The commissioner is hereby authorized and 16 empowered to cooperate with the federal government 17 and any agencies, departments and instrumentalities 18 thereof, the state of West Virginia and any agencies, 19 departments, divisions or political subdivisions thereof
- 20 and any other state or commonwealth and any agencies,
- departments or political subdivisions thereof, in order to carry out the effective administration of this article.
- 23 (c) The commissioner is empowered to enter into compliance agreements with any person engaged in growing, handling or moving articles, plants or plant products regulated by the provisions of this article.

§19-12-14. Permit required to sell, transport, etc., plant pests or noxious weeds.

1 No person may sell, barter, expose, offer for sale or 2 move, transport, deliver, ship or offer for shipment into 3 or within this state any plant pest or other insects or 4 noxious weeds in any living stage without first obtaining 5 either a federal permit, where applicable, or a state 6 permit from the commissioner. A state permit may be issued only after it has been determined that the plant 7 8 pests or other insects or noxious weeds are not injurious, 9 are generally present already or are for scientific purposes subject to specified safeguards. If a permit, 10 11 which addresses environmental safety, has been issued 12 by the appropriate federal regulatory agency in consul-13 tation with the commissioner, no state permit is required. If the appropriate federal regulatory agency 14 15 determines that a permit is unnecessary, the commissioner may, if he or she deems it necessary to protect 16 West Virginia's agricultural interests, require a state 17 18 permit.

§19-12-16. Criminal penalties; civil penalties; duties of the prosecuting attorney.

1 (a) Criminal penalties. — Any person violating any of 2 the provisions of this article, or the rules adopted 3 hereunder, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for the first offense; and for the second offense, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or confined in the county jail not more than six months, or both.

(b) Civil penalties. —

- (1) Any person violating a provision of this article or rules adopted hereunder may be assessed a civil penalty by the commissioner. In determining the amount of any civil penalty, the commissioner shall give due consideration to the history of previous violations of any person, the seriousness of the violation, including any irreparable harm to the environment, any hazards to the health and safety of the public and any economic damages to the public and the demonstrated good faith of any person charged in attempting to achieve compliance with the article before and after written notification of the violation.
- (2) The commissioner may assess a penalty of not more than five hundred dollars for each first offense or nonserious violation, and not more than one thousand dollars for a serious violation, or for a repeat or intentional violation.
- (3) The civil penalty is payable to the state of West Virginia and is collectible in any manner now or hereafter provided for collection of debt. If any person liable to pay the civil penalty neglects or refuses to pay the same, the amount of the civil penalty, together with interest at ten percent, is a lien in favor of the state of West Virginia upon the property, both real and personal, of such a person after the same has been entered and docketed to record in the county where such property is situated. The clerk of the county, upon receipt of the certified copy of such, shall enter same to record without requiring the payment of costs as a condition precedent to recording.
- (4) The commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to provide for the implemen-

- tation and assessment of civil penalties pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.
- 46 (5) The commissioner shall promulgate legislative 47 rules, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 48 twenty-nine-a of this code, to permit consent agreements 49 or negotiated settlements for the civil penalties which 50 may be assessed pursuant to the provisions of this 51 section
- 52 (c) No state court may allow for the recovery of 53 damages for any administrative action taken, if the 54 court finds that there was a probable cause for such 55 action.
- (d) It shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorney of
 the county in which the violation occurred to represent
 the department of agriculture, to institute proceedings
 and to prosecute the person charged with such violation.

§19-12-18. Confidentiality of trade secrets.

1 The commissioner may not make public information 2 which contains or relates to trade secrets. commercial 3 or financial information obtained from a person which is privileged or confidential information: Provided. That 4 5 when the information is necessary to carry out the provisions of this article, this information may be 6 revealed, subject to a protective order, to any federal, 7 state or local agency consultant; or may be revealed, 8 subject to a protective order, at a closed hearing or in 9 findings of fact issued by the commissioner. 10

CHAPTER 9

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2583—By Delegates D. Miller and Compton)

[Passed February 27, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article fourteen, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia Commercial Feed Law of 1991; definitions; commissioner's powers and duties; special revenue fund;

permits; registration; refusal of applications; suspension and revocation of registrations and permits; hearings and appeals; labeling; tonnage reports; inspection fees; adulteration; misbranding; embargoes; condemnation and confiscation; injunctions; confidentiality of trade secrets; prohibited acts; criminal and civil penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article fourteen, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. WEST VIRGINIA COMMERCIAL FEED LAW.

- §19-14-1. Title.
- §19-14-2. Definitions.
- §19-14-3. Powers and duties of the commissioner.
- §19-14-4. Special revenue fund.
- §19-14-5. Permits; registration.
- §19-14-6. Refusal of applications; suspension and revocation of registrations and permits.
- §19-14-7. Hearings and appeals.
- §19-14-8. Labeling.
- §19-14-9. Tonnage reports; inspection fees.
- §19-14-10. Adulteration.
- §19-14-11. Misbranding.
- §19-14-12. Embargoes; condemnation and confiscation; injunctions.
- §19-14-13. Confidentiality of trade secrets.
- §19-14-14. Prohibited acts.
- §19-14-15. Penalties.

§19-14-1. Title.

- 1 This article shall be known as the "West Virginia
- 2 Commercial Feed Law of 1991."

§19-14-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Brand name" means any word, name, symbol or
- 2 device, or any combination thereof, identifying the
- 3 commercial feed of a distributor or manufacturer and
- 4 distinguishing it from all others.
- 5 (b) "Bulk" refers to commercial feed distributed in
- 6 nonpackaged form and accompanied by an invoice or
- 7 delivery slip.
- 8 (c) "Commercial feed" means all materials distributed
- 9 for use as feed or for mixing in feed for animals, other

- 10 than man, except: (1) Unmixed or unprocessed whole 11 seeds when such whole or unprocessed seeds are not chemically changed or adulterated; (2) unground hay, 12 straw, stover, silage, cobs, husks, hulls, and raw meat 13 when not mixed with other materials and when not 14
- 15 adulterated: (3) individual chemical compounds when
- 16 not mixed with other materials. The term commercial 17 feed shall include the categories of feed ingredients.
- customer-formula feeds, pet foods and specialty pet 18
- 19 foods.

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- (d) "Commissioner" refers to the commissioner of agriculture of the state of West Virginia or a duly authorized employee.
- (e) "Contract feeder" means a person who, as an independent contractor, feeds commercial feed to animals pursuant to a contract and the commercial feed is supplied, furnished, or provided to the independent contractor and such contractor's remuneration is determined all or in part by feed consumption, mortality, profits, or the amount or quality of the product.
- (f) "Customer-formula feed" means a commercial feed which is manufactured according to the specific instructions of the final purchaser.
- (g) "Distribute" means to offer for sale, sell, expose for sale, exchange, or barter commercial feed; or to supply, furnish, or provide commercial feed to a contract feeder.
- (h) "Distributor" means any person who sells, exposes for sale, offers for sale, exchanges, barters, gives, parcels out, allots, shares, or dispenses a commercial feed.
- 40 (i) "Domesticated animal" means any species of animal living and bred in a tame condition. 41
 - (j) "Drug" means any substance intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in animals, other than man; and substances, other than nutritive components, intended to affect the structure or any function of the animal body.
- (k) "Feed ingredient" means each constituent mate-47

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- rial making up commercial feed, including individual chemical compounds labeled for use as a feed ingredient.
 - (l) "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter affixed to the container in which commercial feed is distributed; or affixed to the invoice, delivery slip, or other shipping document which accompanies bulk shipments of commercial feed or customerformula feed. All such labels shall be legible and in English.
 - 58 (m) "Labeling" means all written, printed, or graphic 59 matter, or advertising referencing such commercial 60 feed.
 - 61 (n) "Manufacture" means to grind, mix, blend, 62 package, pack, repackage, repack, or process a commer-63 cial feed for distribution.
 - 64 (o) "Medicated feed" means any commercial feed 65 which contains one or more drugs.
 - (p) "Mineral feed" means a commercial feed designed or intended to supply primarily mineral elements or inorganic nutrients.
 - (q) "Official sample" means any sample of commercial feed taken by the commissioner in accordance with the provisions of this article and rules promulgated hereunder.
 - 73 (r) "Percent" or "percentage" means percentage by 74 weights.
 - (s) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, fiduciary, firm, company, corporation or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not.
 - 78 (t) "Pet" means any domesticated species of animal 79 normally maintained in or near the household of the 80 owner including, but not limited to, dogs, cats and 81 specialty pets.
 - 82 (u) "Pet food" means any commercial feed manufac-83 tured and distributed for consumption by pets.
 - 84 (v) "Principal display panel" means the part of a label

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- that is intended to be shown and examined when the product is on display for retail sale.
- 87 (w) "Process" means any treatment that changes a 88 feed ingredient so that it can no longer be restored to 89 its previous form.
 - (x) "Product name" means the name of the commercial feed which identifies it, such as: Species of animal, age group of animal, characterizing ingredients, specific use, or other descriptive terms.
- 94 (y) "Registrant" means any person who registers 95 commercial feed for distribution or use in this state.
 - (z) "Repack" or "repackaging" means to pack and label a previously manufactured and packaged commercial feed prior to a specific request of a customer.
- 99 (aa) "Specialty pet" means any domesticated pet 100 normally maintained in a cage or tank including, but 101 not limited to, gerbils, hamsters, birds, tropical fish, 102 goldfish, snakes and turtles.
- 103 (bb) "Specialty pet food" means any commercial feed 104 intended for consumption by specialty pets.
- 105 (cc) "Ton" means a net weight of two thousand pounds 106 avoirdupois.

§19-14-3. Powers and duties of the commissioner.

- 1 The commissioner has the power and authority to:
- 2 (a) Enter and inspect, during reasonable hours, any location where commercial feeds are manufactured. 3 distributed, transported or used, and where records 4 relating to the manufacture, distribution, shipment, 5 labeling or sale of commercial feed are kept. Such 6 inspection includes, but is not limited to, examining, 7 photographing, verifying, copying, and auditing records 8 as is necessary to determine compliance with this 9 article. labels, consumer complaints, and papers relat-10 ing to the manufacturing, distribution, sampling, 11 testing and sale of commercial feeds. 12
- 13 (b) Open, examine, sample and test commercial feed, 14 unmixed or unprocessed whole seeds, equipment,

- 15 containers, transport containers, and packages used or 16 intended to be used in the manufacture and distribution 17 of commercial feeds.
- 18 (c) Issue permits and registrations pursuant to this 19 article.
- 20 (d) Refuse, suspend, or revoke permits and registra-21 tions as provided in this article.
- 22 (e) Issue embargoes as provided in this article.
- 23 (f) Condemn and confiscate any product that is not 24 brought into compliance with this article.
- 25 (g) Collect fees and penalties, and expend moneys 26 under the terms of this article.
- 27 (h) Conduct sampling in accordance with the official 28 methods published in the current edition of the Official 29 Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official 30 Analytical Chemists and supplements thereto, or methods approved by the commissioner by rules. 31
- 32 (i) Conduct hearings as provided by this article.

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- (j) Assess civil penalties and refer violations to a court 33 34 of competent jurisdiction.
 - (k) Obtain court orders directing any person refusing to submit to inspection, sampling, and auditing to submit.
 - (1) Establish and maintain feed testing facilities; establish reasonable fees for such tests; incur expenses; and conduct tests in accordance with the official methods published in the current edition of the Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists and supplements thereto, or methods approved by the commissioner by rules.
 - (m) Be guided by the analytical results of the official sample when determining whether the commercial feed is deficient in any component.
 - (n) Report the analytical results on all official samples to the registrant and, in the case of deficient samples, 49 also to the dealer and the purchaser, if known. 50

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- 51 (o) Upon request made within thirty days from the 52 date the official sample results are reported, furnish a 53 portion of the official sample to the registrant.
 - (p) Publish and distribute annually a composite report containing: (1) The sales of commercial feeds and feed ingredients during the preceding period, (2) the results of the analysis of official samples as compared with the guarantee on the label, (3) firms responsible for the product, and (4) such other data the commissioner deems necessary: Provided. That the information on production and use so provided does not disclose the operations of any person.
 - (q) To cooperate with and enter into agreements with governmental agencies of this state and other states, agencies of the federal government and foreign governments, and private associations in order to carry out the purpose and provisions of this article.
- 68 (r) Promulgate rules, in accordance with chapter 69 twenty-nine-a of this code, dealing with commercial 70 feeds and enforcement of this article.

§19-14-4. Special revenue fund.

- 1 All fees and penalties collected under the provisions 2
- of this article shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special revenue account. Such moneys shall be
- expended by the commissioner of agriculture for 4
- inspection, sampling, analysis, and other expenses 5
- necessary for the administration of this article. 6

§19-14-5. Permits; registration.

- (a) Permits and registrations shall not be transferra-1 2 ble with respect to persons or locations.
 - (b) A person must apply for a permit or registration at least fifteen days prior to the expiration of the current permit or registration expires; or at least fifteen days prior to the date that the person intends to engage in business or market products in this state. All applications shall be accompanied by the fee established in this section. A penalty of two dollars shall be added to the
- 9 fee for all permits or registrations that are not applied 10

11 for or renewed within the time limit.

- (c) Persons manufacturing commercial feed or customer-formula feed in this state must obtain a Commercial Feed Manufacturing Permit, except all persons manufacturing feed for only his/her animals on his/her premises. Application forms shall be provided by the commissioner and include such information as established by rules. A separate permit shall be obtained for each manufacturing facility or location in this state. Each Commercial Feed Manufacturing Permit application shall be accompanied by an application fee of fifteen dollars. Each permit issued shall expire on the thirty-first day of December next following the date of issue.
 - (d) Each person first distributing commercial feed into West Virginia trade channels must obtain a Commercial Feed Distributor Permit, except: (1) Persons distributing pet food exclusively, (2) persons holding a valid Commercial Feed Manufacturing Permit, and (3) persons distributing only those feeds that they register. Application forms shall be provided by the commissioner and include such information as established by rules. Each Commercial Feed Distributor Permit application shall be accompanied by an application fee of ten dollars. Each permit issued shall expire on the thirty-first day of December next following the date of issue.
 - (e) All commercial feed distributed or used in this state, except customer-formula feed, must be registered. Commercial feed that can be uniquely identified by its brand name, product name, physical form or other descriptive term shall be registered as a separate product. Commercial feed that is packaged in such weights as to apply to several categories shall be registered in each applicable category. Application forms shall be provided by the commissioner and include such information as established by rules.
 - (1) Commercial feed, other than pet food, in packages over ten pounds or bulk shall be registered permanently. A registration fee of ten dollars per product shall accompany each application for registration, except that

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- there will be no fee for a revision of a commercial feed already on file that involves a change in the net weight, a change in the list of ingredients, and/or a change in the guarantee for vitamins or minerals.
- 55 (2) On the thirty-first day of August, 1991, permanent 56 registrations for pet food in packages over ten pounds 57 are void and application for registration and payment 58 of fees will be required. Pet food, including specialty pet 59 foods, in packages over ten pounds or bulk shall be 60 registered annually. A registration fee of fifty dollars 61 per product shall accompany each application for 62 registration. The registration shall expire the thirty-63 first day of August next following the date of issue.
- (3) Commercial feed, excluding specialty pet food in packages of one pound or less, in packages of ten pounds and under shall be registered annually. A registration fee of forty dollars per product shall accompany each application for registration. The registration shall expire on the thirty-first day of December next following the date of issue.
- 71 (4) Specialty pet food in packages of one pound or less 72 shall be registered annually. A registration fee of twenty 73 dollars per product shall accompany each application 74 for registration. The registration shall expire on the 75 thirty-first day of December next following the date of 76 issue.
- 77 (f) A person is not required to register any brand 78 name or product name of commercial feed which is 79 already registered by another person.
- 80 (g) Alteration of commercial feed that changes the 81 label requires a new application for a Commercial Feed 82 Registration be made and approved before distribution.

§19-14-6. Refusal of applications; suspension and revocation of registrations and permits.

The commissioner may refuse to grant, or may suspend or revoke registration of any commercial feed; any commercial feed manufacturing permit; or any commercial feed distributor permit when it is determined that: (a) The applicant, permittee, or registrant

- 6 has violated the provisions of this article or any official
- 7 rule promulgated hereunder; or (b) this article or the
- 8 rules promulgated hereunder cannot be or will not be
- 9 complied with: Provided, That the permittee or regis-
- 10 trant shall have the opportunity to be heard prior to the
- 11 suspension or revocation of the registration or permit.

§19-14-7. Hearings and appeals.

- 1 (a) No application shall be refused until the applicant 2 has the opportunity to amend his/her application to 3 comply with the requirements of this article.
- No registration or permit shall be refused, suspended or revoked until the registrant or permittee shall have the opportunity to have a hearing before the commissioner.
- 8 (b) Any person adversely affected by an act, order or 9 ruling made pursuant to the provisions of this article, 10 may within forty-five days thereafter, bring an action 11 for judicial review in the circuit court of the county in which the violation occurred.
- Any party aggrieved by a final judgment entered by a circuit court, may appeal to the West Virginia
- 15 supreme court of appeals.

§19-14-8. Labeling.

- 1 (a) When commercial feed, except customer-formula
- 2 feed, is distributed in this state in bags or other
- 3 containers, the label shall be affixed to the container;
- 4 when commercial feed is distributed in bulk, the label
- 5 shall accompany delivery.
- 6 (b) All commercial feed labels, except customer-7 formula feeds, shall state the following:
- 8 (1) The net weight avoirdupois. The net weight may 9 also be stated in metric units.
- 10 (2) The product name, including brand name, if any, under which the commercial feed is distributed.
- 12 (3) The guaranteed analysis stating what the commis-13 sioner determines by rules is required to advise the user 14 of the composition of the feed and other necessary

- information to support claims made on the label. The substances or elements guaranteed must be determinable by laboratory methods published by the association of official analytical chemists or by an acceptable method supplied by the registrant.
- 20 (4) An ingredient statement, except that an ingre-21 dient statement is not required for single standardized 22 ingredient feeds or when such statement is not in the 23 interest of consumers. An ingredient statement shall 24 include:
- 25 (A) The common or usual name of each ingredient as 26 officially defined in the annual Official Publication of 27 the Association of American Feed Control Officials;
- 28 (B) Collective terms as defined in the annual Official 29 Publication of the Association of American Feed Control 30 Officials;
- 31 (C) The common or usual name of substances gener-32 ally recognized as safe (GRAS) as authorized by 21 Code 33 of Federal Regulations 570.30 (April 1, 1990) of the 34 Federal Drug and Cosmetic Act as amended August, 35 1985;
- 36 (D) The common or usual name of substances which 37 are so common so as to not need a definition, have a 38 substantially safe history, and no safety hazard is known 39 to exist after consumption by a significant number of 40 animals, including, but not limited to, salt and sugar; 41 or
- 42 (E) Other ingredients or additives that the commis-43 sioner, by rules, deems necessary.
- 44 (5) The name and principal mailing address of the manufacturer or the distributor.
- 46 (6) Adequate directions and precautionary statements for safe and effective use.
- 48 (7) If a drug or drug containing product is used, then 49 the following shall be stated:
- 50 (A) The established name of each active drug 51 ingredient;

- 52 (B) The level of each drug used in the final mixture;
- 53 (C) The purpose of the medication (claim statement);
- 54 (D) Appropriate cautions and warnings on the use of the medicated commercial feed:
- 56 (E) Withdrawal statements, if applicable;
- 57 (F) The word "medicated" shall appear directly 58 following and below the product name in type size, no 59 smaller than one-half the type size of the product name.
- 60 (c) Pet food labels shall have such additional informa-61 tion as required by the commissioner through rules.
- 62 (d) All customer-formula feeds shall be labeled at all 63 times and shall be supplied to the purchaser at the time 64 of delivery. The label shall bear the following 65 information:
- 66 (1) Name and address of the manufacturer.
- 67 (2) Name and address of the purchaser.
- 68 (3) Date of manufacture.
- 69 (4) Net weight (avoirdupois) of the commercial feed 70 and each feed ingredient used in the customer-formula 71 feed.
- 72 (5) Adequate directions and precautionary statements for safe and effective use.
- 74 (6) If a drug or drug containing product is used, then 75 the following shall be stated:
- 76 (A) The established name of each active drug77 ingredient;
- 78 (B) The level of each drug used in the final mixture;
- 79 (C) The purpose of the medication (claim statement);
- 80 (D) Appropriate cautions and warnings on the use of the commercial feed;
- 82 (E) Withdrawal statements, if applicable;
- 83 (F) The word "medicated" shall appear directly 84 following and below the product name in type size no

85 smaller than one-half the type size of the product name.

§19-14-9. Tonnage reports; inspection fees.

- 1 (a) Each person holding a Commercial Feed Manufacturing Permit, a Commercial Feed Distributor Permit, and every registrant, except those persons exempted in subsection (b) of this section, shall report the number of tons of commercial feed distributed and pay an inspec-
- 6 tion fee on all feed distributed, except no inspection fee
- 7 shall be due on:
- 8 (1) Commercial feed, if the payment was made by a previous distributor.
- 10 (2) Customer-formula feeds or commercial feeds
 11 manufactured in this state, if the inspection fee was paid
 12 on the commercial feed or all the feed ingredients used
 13 as ingredients therein. For the purpose of this exemp14 tion, the sale of the feed ingredients used in customer15 formula feeds are considered to have taken place before
 16 the processing of these items.
- 17 (3) Commercial feeds or commercial feeds manufac-18 tured in this state which are subsequently used as 19 ingredients in the continuing manufacture of commer-20 cial feeds in which the end product is registered.
- 21 (4) Commercial feed supplied to a poultry contract 22 feeder.
- 23 (5) Commercial feed in packages of ten pounds or less.
- 24 (6) Pet food or specialty pet food.
- 25 (7) Commercial feed, where the inspection fee was 26 paid during a previous quarter and is offered for sale 27 in the current quarter.
- 28 (b) Each person holding a Commercial Feed Manufacturing Permit, a Commercial Feed Distributor 29 Permit, or a registrant, except those persons: (1) 30 Exclusively distributing or manufacturing pet food or 31 specialty pet food; or (2) exclusively distributing or 32 manufacturing commercial feed in packages of ten 33 pounds or less, shall file a semiannual statement under 34 oath before the thirty-first day of January and July of 35

each year. The statement shall include the number of net tons of commercial feeds and feed ingredients manufactured or first distributed in this state during the preceding six-month period.

Each report shall be accompanied by an inspection fee at the rate of thirty-five cents per ton on commercial feed and feed ingredients with the minimum inspection fee being ten dollars each statement. The minimum fee is waived if the total amount of the calculated inspection fee due is two dollars or less. Such fees become effective on the first day of July, 1991.

Inspection fees which are due and payable and not remitted to the commissioner within fifteen days following the due date shall be assessed a penalty of ten percent of the amount due, except that semiannual reports with no fees due received fifteen days after the due date shall be assessed a penalty of ten dollars. The assessment of this penalty fee shall not prevent the commissioner from taking other actions as provided in this chapter.

(c) All persons must keep accurate records, as may be
 necessary or required by the commissioner, to indicate
 the tonnage of commercial feed distributed in this state.

§19-14-10. Adulteration.

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- 1 Commercial feed or feed ingredients is adulterated:
- 2 (a) If it contains any poisonous, deleterious or nonnutritive substance, including pesticide chemical residues, food additives, color additives or drugs which is or may be injurious to animals when fed such feed in accordance with the directions, or to humans who consume the resultant food product of the animal;
- 8 (b) If its composition or quality falls below or differs
 9 from what is stated on the label or by its labeling;
 - (c) If it contains viable weed seeds exceeding the limits set by the commissioner by rules;
 - (d) If the facilities, controls, or methods used in the manufacture, processing, or packaging do not conform to industry standards set by the commissioner by rules; or

- 16 (e) If it was manufactured or held under conditions
- 17 whereby it became contaminated by dust, dirt, insects,
- 18 birds, rodents, or animal excretion thereby rendering it
- 19 injurious to animal health.

§19-14-11. Misbranding.

- 1 Commercial feed is misbranded:
- 2 (a) If its label or labeling is false or misleading;
- 3 (b) If it is not labeled as required by this article;
- 4 (c) If any word, statement, or other information
- 5 required by this article to appear on the label is not
- 6 prominently and conspicuously placed so that it can be
- 7 read and understood by the ordinary individual under
- 8 customary conditions of purchase and use;
- 9 (d) If it purports to or contains a feed ingredient that
- does not conform to the definition of identity prescribed
- 11 by the commissioner by rules; or
- 12 (e) If any damage or inferiority has been concealed.

§19-14-12. Embargoes; condemnation and confiscation; injunctions.

- 1 (a) Embargo orders: When the commissioner has
- 2 reasonable cause to believe any lot of commercial feed
- 3 is being manufactured, distributed, offered for sale,
- 4 exposed for sale, or used in this state in violation of the
- 5 provisions of this article or any rule promulgated
- 6 hereunder, then he/she may issue and enforce a written
- 7 embargo order, warning the custodian of the commer-
- 8 cial feed not to manufacture, distribute, use, remove, or
- 9 dispose of the commercial feed in any manner until the
- 10 embargo is released by the commissioner or by court
- 11 order.
- When the embargo is issued, the commissioner shall
- affix a tag or other marking to the commercial feed and/or to the manufacturing device warning that such
- 15 product or process is under embargo and notify the
- 16 custodian that he/she has a right to request an imme-
- 17 diate hearing.

 The commissioner shall release the commercial feed so embargoed when said commercial feed has been brought into compliance with this article and its rules.

The commissioner shall have the authority to issue an embargo against a perishable product, even if the result is the involuntary disposal of the product.

The commissioner may take action to seize and condemn any product if not brought into compliance with this article and the rules issued hereunder, within ninety days of the notice to the custodian.

(b) Condemnation and confiscation: Any commercial feed not in compliance with the provisions of this article or the rules promulgated hereunder shall be subject to condemnation and confiscation on complaint of the commissioner to the circuit court of the county in which the commercial feed in question is located. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred upon the circuit courts to hear and determine such matter.

If the court finds that the commercial feed is in violation of the provisions of this article or its rules and should be confiscated, then the court shall order the condemnation and confiscation of such commercial feed and its disposition in a manner consistent with the quality of such commercial feed which is not in violation of any other laws of this state: *Provided*, That the owner thereof must first be given an opportunity to process or relabel such commercial feed or dispose of the same in full compliance with the provisions of this article and its rules.

(c) Injunctions: Upon application by the commis-sioner, the circuit court of the county in which the violation is occurring, has occurred or is about to occur, may grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of this article or any rule promulgated hereunder. An injunction shall be issued without bond.

§19-14-13. Confidentiality of trade secrets.

1 The commissioner may not make public any informa-

- 2 tion which contains or relates to trade secrets, acquired
- 3 under the authority of this article, concerning any
- 4 methods, formulas, processes, sales, or distribution
- 5 information: Provided, That the commissioner may
- 6 exchange information of a regulatory nature with duly
- 7 appointed officials of the United States Government, of
- 8 other states, or of other foreign governments who are
- 9 similarly prohibited by law from revealing this informa-
- 10 tion.

§19-14-14. Prohibited acts.

- 1 It shall be unlawful:
- 2 (a) To manufacture, distribute, or knowingly use any commercial feed that is adulterated or misbranded.
- 4 (b) To adulterate or misbrand any commercial feed.
- 5 (c) To distribute, use, remove, or dispose of commer-6 cial feed in violation of an embargo order, or condem-7 nation and confiscation order provided for under this 8 article.
- 9 (d) To manufacture, distribute, or use any commercial 10 feed containing a drug or drugs that cause or may cause 11 residue of the drug or drugs in the edible tissues, milk, 12 or eggs of the animals fed such feed in excess of the 13 acceptable residue levels set by the commissioner by
- 14 rules.
- 15 (e) To fail or refuse to register commercial feeds.
- 16 (f) To fail or refuse to obtain permits required under this article.
- 18 (g) To fail to make an accurate statement of tonnage.
- 19 (h) To fail to pay inspection fees as required under 20 this article.
- 21 (i) To distribute or knowingly use any commercial 22 feed that has not had an accurate statement of tonnage 23 reported to the commissioner in the previous reporting 24 period.
- 25 (j) To use or imply the name West Virginia depart-26 ment of agriculture, or reference any inspection or

- 27 sample findings made by the West Virginia department of agriculture on labels or labeling of commercial feed. 28
- 29 (k) To interfere with the commissioner's official 30 duties.

§19-14-15. Penalties.

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- (a) Criminal penalties.—Any person violating any of the provisions of this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, 3 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than 4 one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for the first offense, and for each subsequent offense, 5 6 shall be fined not less than five hundred nor more than 7 one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail 8 not more than six months, or both fined and imprisoned. 9 Magistrates have concurrent jurisdiction with circuit courts to enforce the provisions of this article. 10
 - (b) Civil penalties. —
 - (1) Any person violating any of the provisions of this article or the rules adopted hereunder may be assessed a civil penalty by the commissioner. In determining the amount of any civil penalty, the commissioner shall give due consideration to the history of previous violations of any person; the seriousness of the violation, including any irreparable harm to the environment, any hazards to the health and safety of the public and to the animals consuming or intended to consume the commercial feed; and the demonstrated good faith of any person charged in attempting to achieve compliance with this article after written notification of the violation.
 - (2) The commissioner may assess a penalty of not more than five hundred dollars for the first offense or nonserious violation, as determined by the commissioner in accordance with the rules promulgated in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and not more than one thousand dollars for a serious, repeat, or intentional violation, as determined by the commissioner in accordance with such promulgated rules.
- 33 (3) The civil penalty is payable to the state of West Virginia and is collectible in any manner now or 34

35 hereafter provided for collection of a debt. Any person 36 liable to pay the civil penalty and neglecting or refusing 37 to pay the same, shall be assessed interest at ten percent 38 from the date the penalty was assessed. Such penalty 39 and interest constitute a lien in favor of the state of West 40 Virginia and shall attach on the person's property when 41 such lien is properly recorded in the county where such 42 property is located. There shall be no cost as a condition 43 precedent to recording.

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- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the commissioner may promulgate and adopt rules which permit consent agreements or negotiated settlements for the civil penalties assessed as a result of a violation of the provisions of this article.
- (d) It shall be the duty of each prosecuting attorney to whom any violation is reported to cause appropriate proceedings to be instituted and prosecuted in a court of competent jurisdiction without delay.
- (e) Nothing in this article shall be construed as to require the commissioner to report minor violations of this article when he/she believes that the public interest will be best served by a written notice.
- (f) No state court may allow the recovery of damages for administrative action taken if the court finds that there was probable cause for such action.

CHAPTER 10

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2293—By Delegate D. Miller)

[Passed February 28, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article thirteen, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the apiary law; definitions; commissioner's powers and duties generally; apiary education; cooperation with governmental agencies; registration of bees and identifying apiaries; right of entry to inspect apiaries; authorizing

quarantines; abandoned apiaries and equipment; requirements for importing bees; pesticide poisoning to bees; candy for mailing cages; article violations; increasing criminal penalties; adding civil penalties; severability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article thirteen, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13. INSPECTION AND PROTECTION OF APICULTURE.

- §19-13-1. Title.
- §19-13-2. Definitions.
- §19-13-3. Commissioner's powers and duties; apiary education; cooperation with governmental agencies.
- §19-13-4. Registration of bees; identification of apiaries.
- §19-13-5. Right of entry; apiary inspections; quarantines.
- §19-13-6. Abandoned apiaries and equipment; notice.
- §19-13-7. Bees brought into state to carry inspection certificate; commissioner to be notified; interstate movement of bees.
- §19-13-8. Pesticide poisoning to bees.
- §19-13-9. Candy for mailing cages.
- §19-13-10. Violations.
- §19-13-11. Penalties for violations of article; rules.
- §19-13-12. Severability.

§19-13-1. Title.

- 1 This article shall be known by the short title as "The
- 2 West Virginia Apiary Law of 1991."

§19-13-2. Definitions.

- 1 The following definitions shall apply in the interpre-
- 2 tation and enforcement of this article. All words shall
- 3 be construed to impart either the plural or the singular,
- 4 as the case demands:
- 5 (a) "Abandoned apiary" means any apiary in which
- 6 the owner cannot be determined and in which twenty-
- 7 five percent or more of the colonies are dead or diseased,
- 8 or death or disarray of the colonies exposes them to
- 9 robbing, or diseased or potentially diseased abandoned
- 10 equipment which may jeopardize the welfare of neigh-
- 11 boring colonies.
- 12 (b) "Apiary" means any place where one or more

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- 13 colonies or nuclei of bees are kept or where bee 14 equipment is stored.
- 15 (c) "Appliances" means any apparatus, tool, machine 16 or other device, used in the handling and manipulating 17 of bees, honey, wax and hives. It also means any container of honey and wax that may be used in any 18 apiary or in transporting bees and their products and 19 20 apiary supplies.
 - (d) "Bees" shall be construed to mean any stage of the common hive or honeybee (Apis mellifera), or other species of the genus Apis.
- (e) "Bee diseases" shall be construed to mean American foulbrood (Bacillus larvae). European foulbrood (Bacillus pluton), Varroa mite (Varroa jacobsoni), honey bee tracheal mite (Acarapis woodi), or any other 27 infection or parasitic infestation determined by the commissioner to be transmissible to other bee colonies 29 and that represents a threat to beekeeping in West Virginia.
- (f) "Bee equipment" means hives, supers, frames, 32 veils, gloves or any other appliances. 33
- (g) "Colony" means the hive and includes bees, comb, 34 35 honey and equipment.
 - (h) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the department of agriculture of the state of West Virginia or a duly authorized employee.
- 39 (i) "Control agents or control mechanisms" means any method of chemical or mechanical control to suppress 40 or eradicate an apiary disease, pest, or parasitic 41 infestation in an apiary or the colonies contained 42 43 therein.
- 44 (j) "Department" means the department of agriculture of the state of West Virginia. 45
- 46 (k) "Hive" shall be construed to mean frame hive, box hive, box, barrel, log, gum, skep or any other receptacle 47 or container, natural or artificial, or any part thereof. 48 which may be used or employed as a domicile for bees. 49

(l) "Nuclei" means the removal of a split portion or division of any colony of honey bees for the express purpose of creating a numerical increase in colonies for honey production, pollination service or monetary gain through sale of honey bees.

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- (m) "Packaged bees" means bees shipped in combless packages which shall bear a valid certificate of health by an authorized state or federal agency verifying the absence or presence of any infectious or communicable diseases or parasitic infestations, and further provides that no honey has been used for food while in transit or that bears an affidavit that any honey used as food in transit was properly sterilized.
- (n) "Person" shall include all corporations, partnerships, associations, societies, individuals or group of individuals or any employee, servant or agent acting for or employed by any person as above defined.
- (o) "Premises" means any parcel of real estate and structures in which bee equipment, bees, bee products and bee appliances can be utilized for storage purposes.
- 70 (p) "Quarantine" means a specific period of enforced 71 isolation to contain and prevent the spread of contagious 72 bee diseases or parasites, which shall include specific 73 perimeters deemed by the commissioner to be affected 74 or potentially affected by such contagious bee diseases 75 or parasites.
- q) "Sterilized or sterilization" means to treat and neutralize contagious bee diseases by means of steam autoclave or ethylene oxide fumigation, boiling at a temperature of two hundred twelve degrees Fahrenheit for thirty minutes, pit incineration, or by any other acceptable method which the commissioner determines effective for control of bee diseases or parasites.

§19-13-3. Commissioner's powers and duties; apiary education; cooperation with governmental agencies.

1 (a) It shall be the duty of the commissioner of 2 agriculture to exercise the powers and duties imposed 3 by this article for the purpose of protecting agriculture.

- 4 For this purpose, the commissioner is hereby authorized 5 and empowered to promulgate such rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: 6 7 (1) To effectively eradicate, suppress or control bee 8 diseases as far as may be practical: (2) to regulate the 9 keeping and maintaining of bees, bee equipment, queen
- breeding equipment, apiaries and appliances: (3) to 10 11 regulate treatments, retreatments, and fees for said services; and (4) such other rules as are necessary to 12 13

effectuate the enforcement of this article.

- 14 (b) The commissioner is authorized to conduct apiary education in a manner which may advance and promote 15 16 bee culture in West Virginia.
- 17 (c) The commissioner is hereby authorized and 18 empowered to cooperate with the federal government and any agencies, departments and instrumentalities 19 thereof; the state of West Virginia and any agencies, 20 departments, divisions, or political subdivisions thereof; 21 22 and any other state or commonwealth and any agencies, departments or political subdivisions thereof, in order to 23 24 carry out the effective administration of this article.

§19-13-4. Registration of bees: identification of apiaries.

- (a) All persons keeping bees in this state shall, within 1 ninety days of the effective date of this article, notify the 2 3 commissioner in writing of the number and location of colonies they own or rent, or which they keep for 4 someone else, whether the bees are located on their own 5 property or someone else's property. Thereafter, such 6 information shall be provided within ten days of the 7 time the bees are acquired. Bees shall be registered on 8 9 an annual basis thereafter.
- 10 (b) All persons owning or operating an apiary which is not located on said owner's or operator's property 11 12 must post the name and address of the owner or operator in a conspicuous place in the apiary. 13

§19-13-5. Right of entry; apiary inspections; quarantines.

(a) To effectuate the purpose of this article, the 1 commissioner is hereby invested with authority, during 2 reasonable working hours, with prior consent by the 3

- owner or person in charge of such apiaries, if known, to enter upon any public or private premises, except private residences, and shall have access to any apiary for the purpose of inspecting or sampling.
- (b) The commissioner shall inspect, as practical, all colonies of honey bees domiciled within the state of West Virginia. If upon such inspection, it is found that any bee disease or parasite exists in such apiary, the inspector making the inspection shall immediately notify, in writing, the owner or person in charge of such apiary, stating the nature of the disease or parasite and whether the same may be successfully treated or not.

In cases where the disease or parasite is subject to treatment, the inspector shall specify and direct the necessary treatment, which shall be administered by the owner or person in charge, within fourteen days thereafter. Otherwise, the colonies contained in the apiary in which such bee diseases or parasites are found shall be depopulated without remuneration to the owner. All bee hives and related equipment found in any diseased apiary shall be destroyed or sterilized under the direction of the commissioner.

- (c) All queen breeding apiaries shall be thoroughly inspected twice each season. If upon such inspection it shall appear that any bee disease or parasite exists in such apiary, the inspector making the inspection shall immediately notify, in writing, the owner or person in charge thereof, and thereafter it shall be unlawful for any such person to ship, sell or give away any queen bees from such apiary until the disease or parasitic infestation has been eradicated.
- (d) The commissioner shall have the power to establish interior and exterior quarantines to prevent or contain the spread of contagious bee diseases and parasitic infestations. Such quarantines shall include specific perimeters to encompass any township, area, county or region within the state deemed by the commissioner, which may be affected by such contagious diseases or parasitic infestations.

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Exterior quarantines may be established to prevent diseased or parasitized bees and related equipment from being transported into West Virginia. When the commissioner issues a quarantine pursuant to this authority. he/she shall issue an order which specifies the type of contagious bee disease or parasitic infestation, the area or areas quarantined, conditions governing movement of bees or bee equipment from the quarantined area and such other information that protects the beekeeping industry as deemed necessary by the commissioner. The commissioner shall post a notice of quarantine at the primary location of the bee disease or parasitic infestation. If the quarantine affects more than three miles in radius, then notice of the order of quarantine shall be published as a Class I legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the quarantined area.

All apiaries, bees, bee products, premises, bee equipment and appliances wherein or on which bee diseases and parasites are found to exist shall be quarantined by the commissioner. Such quarantine shall continue until the commissioner declares the same to be apparently free from any such bee diseases and parasites.

The commissioner shall have authority to rescind quarantines as he/she determines the need or practicability no longer exists by the same notice method utilized to implement the quarantine.

§19-13-6. Abandoned apiaries and equipment; notice.

When any apiary or bee equipment is deemed by the 1 2 commissioner to be abandoned, the commissioner shall 3 give written notice by registered mail to the owner or 4 operator thereof, if such ownership or operator can be determined, that the commissioner deems such apiary 5 or bee equipment abandoned. If the owner or operator 6 of the property cannot be located after reasonable 7 inquiry, said notice shall be provided by the same 8 mailing requirement to the owner of the real property 9 on which the apiary or equipment is located. If such 10

- 11 apiary or equipment continues to be abandoned for a
- 12 period of sixty days thereafter, the commissioner may
- 13 seize the apiary or equipment and take such action as
- 14 is necessary to dispose or destroy said apiary or
- 15 equipment as its condition warrants. In order to halt the
- spread of bee diseases and parasitic infestation when an 16
- 17 abandoned apiary is found upon inspection to be
- 18 diseased, the commissioner is authorized to cause it to
- 19 be destroyed.

§19-13-7. Bees brought into state to carry inspection certificate; commissioner to be notified; interstate movement of bees.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to transport 1
- 2 bees, used hives, used bee equipment or used appliances
- 3 into West Virginia, unless the same be accompanied by
- 4 a certificate of inspection signed by an authorized 5
- inspection official of the state from which such bees or
- 6 equipment is being transported. Such certificate shall
- 7 certify the actual inspection of the bees made within
- 8 thirty days preceding the date of shipment, and that the
- 9 bees, hives, equipment and appliances contained in the
- shipment are apparently free from bee diseases and 10
- parasitic infestation. 11
- (b) Prior to the movement of any bees, used bee 12
- 13 equipment, combs, bee appliances or equipment into
- 14 West Virginia, and as a prerequisite to the issuance of
- a permit of entry, the commissioner shall be furnished 15
- by the owner, transporter, or lessee the following: 16
- 17 (1) The exact location or destination of the bees or 18 equipment.
- 19 (2) Name and address of the owner of the property 20 where the bees or equipment will be located.
- 21 (3) The exact number of colonies or amount of bee equipment and appliances in the shipment. 22
- 23 (4) A copy of the inspection certificate issued by the inspector of the state of origin. 24
- 25 Upon compliance with the mandatory requirements 26 set forth heretofore, the commissioner shall issue a

- 27 permit of entry not to exceed sixty days, unless said bees
- 28 and equipment are to be permanently located within
- 29 West Virginia, then the commissioner shall issue a
- 30 nonlimited permit.
- 31 If the commissioner denies the request for an entry
- 32 permit, then the commissioner shall notify the owner or
- 33 transporter of said denial and the reasons therefor.

§19-13-8. Pesticide poisoning to bees.

- Any application or treatment of any pesticide to 1
- 2 agricultural crops while in full bloom which is incon-
- sistent with product labeling of the pesticide and is 3
- 4 deemed by the commissioner to be injurious to bees shall
- 5 be prohibited.

§19-13-9. Candy for mailing cages.

- Any person who engages in the shipping of bees in 1
- 2 combless packages in this state shall, in manufacturing
- 3 candy for mailing cages, sterilize the same or use candy
- that does not contain honev.

§19-13-10. Violations.

- 1 It shall be unlawful for any person to:
- 2 (a) Knowingly keep in his/her possession without
- proper treatment, any colony of bees affected with any 3
- bee disease or parasitic infestation; or to expose any 4
- 5 diseased or infested colony, hive, or appliance so that
- foraging bees have access to them. 6
- 7 (b) To sell, barter, give away, accept, receive or transport any bees that are known to be affected with 8
- any bee disease or parasitic infestation. 9
- 10 (c) To resist, impede or hinder the commissioner or an authorized employee in the performance of his/her 11
- duties under the provision of this article. 12
- 13 (d) To use or apply any apiary disease, pest or
- parasite control chemical by any mechanism which is 14
- 15 inconsistent with the product label as approved by the
- 16 United States Environmental Protection Agency.

§19-13-11. Penalties for violations of article; rules.

(a) Criminal penalties.—Any person violating any provision of this article or rule adopted hereunder is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars for the first offense, and for each subsequent offense, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than six months, or both fined and imprisoned. Magistrates have concurrent jurisdiction with circuit courts to enforce the provisions of this article.

(b) Civil penalties. —

- (1) Any person violating the provisions of this article or rule adopted hereunder may be assessed a civil penalty by the commissioner. In determining the amount of any civil penalty, the commissioner shall give due consideration to the history of previous violation of any persons, the seriousness of the violation, including any hazards to agriculture in West Virginia and the demonstrated good faith of any person charged in attempting to achieve compliance with this article after written notification of the violation.
- (2) The commissioner may assess a penalty of not more than two hundred fifty dollars for the first offense or nonserious violation, as determined by the commissioner in accordance with the rules promulgated in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and not more than one thousand dollars for a serious, repeat or intentional violation, as determined by the commissioner in accordance with such promulgated rules.
- (3) The civil penalty is payable to the state of West Virginia and is collectible in any manner now or hereafter provided for collection of a debt. Any person liable to pay the civil penalty and neglecting or refusing to pay the same, shall be assessed interest at ten percent from the date the penalty was assessed. Such penalty and interest constitute a lien in favor of the state of West Virginia and shall attach on the person's property when

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- such lien is properly recorded in the county where the property is situated. There shall be no cost as a condition precedent to recording.
 - (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the commissioner may promulgate and adopt rules which permit consent agreements for the civil penalties assessed as a result of violation of the provisions of this article.
- 47 (5) No state court may allow the recovery of damages 48 for administrative action taken if the court finds that 49 there was probable cause for such action.
- 50 (6) It shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorney of 51 the county in which the violation occurred to represent 52 the department of agriculture, to institute proceedings, 53 and to prosecute the person charged with such violation.

§19-13-12. Severability.

If any provision of this article or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this article which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of the article are declared severable.

CHAPTER 11

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 101—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all state road funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to the West Virginia department of transportation, division of highways, account no. 6700, supplementing chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The governor submitted to the Legislature the executive budget document dated January 9, 1991, wherein on page X thereof are set forth the revenues and expenditures of the state road fund, including fiscal year 1990-1991; and

WHEREAS, It appears from such budget that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state road fund available for further appropriation during the fiscal year 1990-1991, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriations from the state road fund to the West Virginia department of transportation, division of highways, account no. 6700, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended and thereafter read as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	Sec. 4. Appropriations of federal funds.			
3	Sec. 5. Appropriations from other funds.			
4	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
5	157—Division of Highways			
6	(WV Code Chapters 17 and 17C)			
7	Acct. No. 6700			
8	TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND			
9	Fee	deral	Other	
10	Fu	ınds	Funds	
11	Fiscal Fiscal		Fiscal	
12			Year	
13	1990-91 1990-91		1990-91	
14	1 Maintenance, Expressway,			
15	2 Trunkline and Feeder \$	_	\$ 64,000,000	
16	3 Maintenance, State			
17	4 Local Services	_	90,500,000	

10	E Maintanana Contract			
18	5 Maintenance, Contract,			
19	6 Paving and Secondary			
20	7 Road Maintenance	_	58,500,000	
21	8 Bridge Repair			
22	9 and Replacement	_	30,000,000	
23	10 Industrial Access Roads	_	2,000,000	
24	11 Inventory Revolving		1,250,000	
25	12 Equipment Revolving		15,590,000	
26	13 General Operations	_	28,830,000	
27	14 Annual Increment	-	203,000	
28	15 Debt Service	_	113,300,000	
29	16 Interstate Construction	_	50,000,000	
30	17 Other Federal Aid Programs	_	128,500,000	
31	18 Appalachian Programs	_	67,000,000	
32	19 Nonfederal Aid Construction	_	21,140,000	
33	20 Highway Litter Control	_	2,000,000	
34	21 Railroad Highway Grade		_,,-	
35	22 Crossing Improvements	_	100,000	
				
36	23 Total \$	_	\$672,913,000	
37	The purpose of this supplement	ary appi	ropriation bill	
38	is to supplement and amend the existing items in the			
39	aforesaid account for expenditure in the fiscal year of			
40	1990-1991 and to reflect the new total spending author-			
41	ity of the spending unit for such fiscal year. Such			

CHAPTER 12

upon the effective date of this bill.

increased amounts shall be available for expenditure

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 85—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed February 18, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all state road funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to the West Virginia department of transportation, division of motor vehicles, account no. 6710, supplementing chapter ten, acts of the Legisla-

ture, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill, and chapter three, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

Whereas, The governor submitted to the Legislature the executive budget document dated January 9, 1991, wherein on page X thereof are set forth the revenues and expenditures of the state road fund, including fiscal year 1990-1991; and

WHEREAS, It appears from such budget that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state road fund available for further appropriation during the fiscal year 1990-1991, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriations from the state road fund to the West Virginia department of transportation, division of motor vehicles, account no. 6710, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill, and chapter three, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, be supplemented, amended and thereafter read as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIA	ATIONS.	
2	Sec. 4. Appropriations of federal funds.			
3	Sec. 5. Appropriations from other funds.			
4	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
5	158—Division of Motor Vehicles			
6	(WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B, 17C, 20 and 24)			
7	Acct. No. 6710			
8	TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND			
9		Fee	deral	Other
10		Fı	ınds	Funds
11		Fi	scal	Fiscal
				~ ~

Year

Year

13			1990-91	1990-91
14	1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 2,429,446
15	2	Annual Increment		37,278
16	3	Employee Benefits	_	661,133
17	4	Commercial Driver's		
18	5	License Program	_	2,989,288
19	6	Unclassified	413,931	3,722,033
20	7	Reimbursement to Division		
21	8	of Public Safety		6,000,000
22	9	Total	\$ 413,931	\$ 15,839,178
23	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill			
24	is to supplement and amend the unclassified item in the			
25	aforesaid account for expenditure in the fiscal year of			
26	1990-1991 and to reflect the new total spending author-			
27	ity of the spending unit for such fiscal year. Such			
28	increased amount shall be available for expenditure			
29	upon the effective date of this bill.			

CHAPTER 13

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2040—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)

[Passed March 17, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making appropriations of public money out of the treasury in accordance with section fifty-one, article six of the constitution.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Title

- I. General provisions.
- II. Appropriations.
- III. Administration.

TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §1. General policy.
- §2. Definitions.
- §3. Classification of appropriations.
- §4. Method of expenditure.
- §5. Maximum expenditures.

TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Section 1. General Policy.—The purpose of this bill is to appropriate money necessary for the economical and efficient discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the state and its agencies during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

Sec. 2. Definitions.—For the purpose of this bill:

2 "Governor" shall mean the governor of the state of West Virginia.

"Code" shall mean the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.

"Spending unit" shall mean the department, division, office, board, commission, agency or institution to which an appropriation is made.

The "fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninetytwo" shall mean the period from July first, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, through June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

"General Revenue Fund" shall mean the general operating fund of the State and includes all moneys received or collected by the State except as provided in section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code or as otherwise provided.

"Special Revenue Funds" shall mean specific revenue sources which by legislative enactments are not required to be accounted for as general revenue, including federal funds.

"From collections" shall mean that part of the total appropriation which must be collected by the spending unit to be available for expenditure. If the authorized amount of collections is not collected, the total appropriation for the spending unit shall be reduced automatically by the amount of the deficiency in the collections. If the amount collected exceeds the amount designated "from collections," the excess shall be set aside in a special surplus fund and may be expended for the purpose of the spending unit as provided by article two, chapter five-a of the code.

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Sec. 3. Classification of appropriations.—An appropriation for:

"Personal services" shall mean salaries, wages and other compensation paid to full-time, part-time and temporary employees of the spending unit but shall not include fees or contractual payments paid to consultants or to independent contractors engaged by the spending unit.

From appropriations made to the spending units of state government, upon approval of the governor there may be transferred to a special account an amount sufficient to match federal funds under any federal act.

Unless otherwise specified, appropriations for personal services shall include salaries of heads of spending units.

"Annual increment" shall mean funds appropriated for "eligible employees" and shall be disbursed only in accordance with article five, chapter five of the code.

Funds appropriated for "annual increment" shall be transferred to "personal services" or other designated items only as required.

Items designated as "total personal services" shall mean funds appropriated to cover the costs of personal services and annual increment.

"Employee benefits" shall mean social security matching, workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, pension and retirement contribution, public employees insurance matching, personnel fees or any other benefit normally paid by the employer as a direct cost of employment. Should the appropriation be insufficient to cover such costs, the remainder of such cost shall be paid by each spending unit from its "personal services" line item or its "unclassified" line item. If there is no appropriation for "employee benefits," such costs shall be paid by each spending unit from its "personal services" line item, its "total personal services" line item or its "unclassified" line item. Each spending unit is hereby authorized and required to make such payments in accordance with the provisions of article two, chapter five-a of the code.

"Current expenses" shall mean operating costs other than personal services and shall not include equipment, repairs and alterations, buildings or lands.

Each spending unit shall be responsible for all contributions, payments or other costs related to coverage and claims of its employees for unemployment compensation. Such expenditures shall be considered an employee benefit.

Each spending unit shall be responsible for and charged monthly for all postage meter service and shall reimburse the appropriate revolving fund monthly for all such amounts. Such expenditures shall be considered a current expense.

"Equipment" shall mean equipment items which have an appreciable and calculable period of usefulness in excess of one year.

"Repairs and alterations" shall mean routine maintenance and repairs to structures and minor improvements to property which do not increase the capital assets.

"Buildings" shall include new construction and major alteration of existing structures and the improvement of lands and shall include shelter, support, storage, protection or the improvement of a natural condition.

"Lands" shall mean the purchase of real property or interest in real property.

"Capital outlay" shall mean and include buildings, lands or buildings and lands, with such category or item of appropriation to remain in effect as provided by section twelve, article three, chapter twelve of the code.

Appropriations classified in any of the above categories shall be expended only for the purposes as defined above and only for the spending units herein designated: *Provided*, That the secretary of each department shall have the authority to transfer within the department those funds appropriated to the various agencies of the department: *Provided*, *however*, That no more than twenty-five percent of the funds appropriated to any one

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79 agency or board may be transferred to other agencies 80 or boards within the department: Provided further. That 81 no funds may be transferred from a special revenue 82 account, dedicated account, capital expenditure account or any other account or funds specifically exempted by 83 84 the Legislature from transfer, except that the use of 85 appropriations from the state road fund transferred to 86 the office of the secretary of the department of trans-87 portation is not a use other than the purpose for which 88 such funds were dedicated and is permitted: And 89 provided further, That if the Legislature by subsequent 90 enactment consolidates agencies, boards or functions, the secretary may transfer the funds formerly appro-91 priated to such agency, board or function in order to 92 implement such consideration. 93

Appropriations otherwise classified shall be expended only where the distribution of expenditures for different purposes cannot well be determined in advance or it is necessary or desirable to permit the spending unit the freedom to spend an appropriation for more than one of the above classifications.

Sec. 4. Method of expenditure.—Money appropriated by this bill, unless otherwise specifically directed, shall be appropriated and expended according to the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the code or according to any law detailing a procedure specifically limiting that article.

Funds of the State of West Virginia not heretofore classified as to purpose and existing within the funds of the treasury shall be determined by the Governor and transferred to a special account for the purpose of expenditure as part of the general fund of the State.

Sec. 5. Maximum expenditures.—No authority or requirement of law shall be interpreted as requiring or permitting an expenditure in excess of the appropriations set out in this bill.

TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.

- §1. Appropriations from general revenue.
- §2. Appropriations of federal funds.

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION	100
Board of Risk and Insurance Management—Acct. No. 2250 Commission on Uniform State Laws—Acct. No. 2450	
Committee for the Purchase of Commodities and Services for	
the Handicapped—Acct. No. 2140	
Division of Finance—Acct. No. 2110	
Division of Finance and Administration—Acct. No. 2100	
Division of General Services—Acct. No. 2130 Division of Purchasing—Acct. No. 2120.	
Education and State Employees Grievance Board—Acct. No. 6015	
Ethics Commission—Acct. No. 6180	
Office of the Secretary-Acct. No. 2105	
Public Defender Services—Acct. No. 5900	
Public Employees Insurance Agency—Acct. No. 6150	
Public Employees Retirement System—Acct. No. 6140	. 140
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES	
Air Pollution Control Commission—Acct. No. 4760	
Board of Coal Mine Health and Safety—Acct. No. 4720	
Coal Mine Safety and Technical Review Committee—Acct. No. 4750	. 143
Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5321	145
Division of Energy—Acct. No. 4775	
Division of Forestry-Acct. No. 4650	. 142
Division of Labor—Acct. No. 4500	
Division of Natural Resources—Acct. No. 5650	
Division of Tourism and Parks—Acct. No. 4625 Geological and Economic Survey—Acct. No. 5200	
Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin—Acct. No. 4730	
Office of Community and Industrial Development—Acct. No. 1210	
Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission-Acct. No. 4740	. 143
Water Resources Board—Acct. No. 5640	. 145
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	
State Board of Education-Vocational Division-Acct. No. 2890	. 146
State Board of Rehabilitation-Division of Rehabilitation Services-Acct. No. 4405	
State Department of Education—Acct. No. 2860	
State Department of Education—Aid for Exceptional Children—Acct. No. 2960	. 148
State Department of Education—School Lunch Program—Acct. No. 2870 State Department of Education—State Aid to Schools—Acct. No. 2950	140
State Department of Education—Vocational Division—Acct. No. 2890	
State FFA-FHA Camp and Conference Center—Acct. No. 3360	. 148
West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and the Blind-Acct. No. 3330	. 148
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS	
Board of Directors of the State College System-Acct. No. 2785	. 149
Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia—Acct. No. 2795	. 149
Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia—Acct. No. 2855	, 150
Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System—Acct. No. 2800	150
Department of Education and the Arts—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5332	. 152
Division of Culture and History—Acct. No. 3510	. 152
Educational Broadcasting Authority-Acct. No. 2910	. 151
Library Commission—Acct. No. 3500	. 152
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES	
Commission on Aging—Acet. No. 4060	. 158
Consolidated Medical Service Fund—Acct. No. 4190	
Division of Health—Central Office—Acct. No. 4000	
Division of Human Services—Acct. No. 4050	. 154
Human Rights Commission—Acct. No. 5980	

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY Adjutant General—State Militia—Acct. No. 5800 1 Board of Probation and Parole—Acct. No. 3650 1 Division of Corrections—Central Office—Acct. No. 3680 1 Division of Corrections—Correctional Units—Acct. No. 3770 1 Division of Public Safety—Acct. No. 5700 1 Division of Public Safety—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5354 1 Division of Veterans' Affairs—Acct. No. 4040 1 Division of Veterans' Affairs—Veterans' Home—Acct. No. 4010 1 Fire Commission—Acct. No. 6170 1 Office of Emergency Services and Advisory Council—Division of Emergency Services—Acct. No. 1300 1	157 158 159 159 159 158 160
DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE Department of Tax and Revenue—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5365 Division of Professional and Occupational Licenses— State Athletic Commission—Acct. No. 4790 Racing Commission—Acct. No. 4950 Tax Division—Acct. No. 1800	61 61
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 5376. 19 Railroad Maintenance Authority—Acct. No. 5690 19	61 62
EXECUTIVE Attorney General—Acct. No. 2400	133 135 136 136 135 132 132 132 132 134 135 133
JUDICIAL Supreme Court—General Judicial—Acct. No. 1110	131
LEGISLATIVE House of Delegates—Acct. No. 1020 Joint Expenses—Acct. No. 1030 Senate—Acct. No. 1010	130
MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS Board of Investments—Acct. No. 1900 Board of Investments—School Building Sinking Fund—Acct. No. 1905	162 162
§3. Appropriations from other funds. §4. Appropriations of federal funds.	
PAYABLE FROM MEDICAL SCHOOL FUND	
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS State University System—West Virginia University Health Sciences	172

PAYABLE FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION	
Division of Information Systems and Communications—Acct. No. 8151	166
Division of Personnel—Acct. No. 8402	167
Division of Purchasing—Revolving Fund—Acct. No. 8140	165
Division of Latenasing Increasing Land—Acce. 100 0240	
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES	
Division of Banking-Acet. No. 8393	
Division of Banking—Acct. No. 8395	
Division of Energy—Oil and Gas Operating Permits—Acct. No. 8539	173
Division of Energy-Oil and Gas Reclamation Trust-Acct. No. 8538	173
Division of Energy-Special Reclamation Fund-Acct. No. 8537	172
Division of Forestry—Acct. No. 8478	
Division of Natural Resources—Acct. No. 8300	
Division of Natural Resources—Game, Fish and Aquatic Life Fund—Acct. No. 8303	
Division of Natural Resources—Groundwater Planning—Acct. No. 8312	170
Division of Natural Resources—Hazardous Waste Emergency	
and Response Fund—Acct. No. 8323	170
Division of Natural Resources-Nongame Fund-Acct. No. 8304	169
Division of Natural Resources-Solid Waste Enforcement Fund-Acct. No. 8327	171
Division of Natural Resources—Solid Waste Reclamation and	
Environmental Response Fund—Acct. No. 8326	170
Division of Natural Resources—Underground Storage Tanks	
Administrative Fund—Acct. No. 8302	168
Division of Natural Resources—Use and Development—P.L.C.—Acct. No. 8306	
Geological and Economic Survey-Acct. No. 8589	173
Office of Community and Industrial Development—Acct. No. 8045	167
Oil and Gas Conservation Commission—Acct. No. 8097	167
Solid Waste Management Board—Acct. No. 8461	172
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION State Board of Rehabilitation—Division of Rehabilitation Services— West Virginia Rehabilitation Center—Special Account—Acct. No. 8137	174
State Department of Education—FFA-FHA Conference Center—Acct. No. 8244	174
State Department of Education—FFA-FHA Conference Center—Acct. No. 6244	117
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS	
State College and University Systems—State System Registration Fee—	
Revenue Bond Construction Fund—Acct. No. 8845	176
State College and University Systems—State Systems Tuition Fee—	
Revenue Bond Construction Fund—Acct. No. 8860	177
State College System—State System Registration Fee—	
Special Capital Improvement Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond	
Retirement Fund)—Acct. No. 8835	175
State College System-State System Tuition Fee-Special Capital Improvement Fund	
(Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)-Acct. No. 8855	176
State University System-State System Registration Fee-Special Capital Improvement	
Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)—Acct. No. 8830	175
State University System-State System Tuition Fee-Special Capital Improvement	
Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)—Acct. No. 8865	177
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES	
Board of Barbers and Beauticians—Acct. No. 8220	178
Division of Health—Health Facility Licensing—Acct. No. 8529	181
Division of Health—Hospital Services Revenue Account (Special Fund)	
(Capital Improvement, Renovation and Operations)—Acct. No. 8500	180
Division of Health—Laboratory Services—Acct. No. 8509	181
Division of Health—Vital Statistics—Acct. No. 8236	179
Health Care Cost Review Authority—Acct. No. 8564	182
Health Care Cost Review Authority-Planning-Acct. No. 8234	179
Hospital Finance Authority—Acct. No. 8330	179
West Virginia Health Care Planning Commission—Acct. No. 8530	181

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY Agency of Insurance Commissioner Consumer Advocate—Acct. No. 8015	18
Division of Public Safety-Barracks Construction-Acct. No. 8352	183
Division of Public Safety—Drunk Driving Prevention Fund—Acct. No. 8355	
Division of Veterans' Affairs—Veterans' Home—Acct. No. 8261	
Fire Commission—Fire Marshal Fees—Acct. No. 8465	184
Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority-Acct. No. 8051	182
State Armory Board—General Armory Fund—Acct. No. 8446	184
DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE	
Agency of Insurance Commissioner—Acct. No. 8016	
Insurance Commission—Examination Revolving Fund—Acct. No. 8018	
Municipal Bond Commission—Acet. No. 8040	185
Office of Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner—Acct. No. 9270	
Office of Chief Inspector—Acct. No. 8091 Racing Commission—Acct. No. 8080	
Racing Commission—Administration and Promotion—Acct. No. 8082	
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
Division of Motor Vehicles—Driver Rehabilitation—Acct. No. 8423	190
Division of Motor Vehicles—Driver's License Reinstatement Fund—Acct. No. 8422	189
Division of Motor Vehicles—Insurance Certificate Fees—Acct. No. 8424	190
Division of Motor Vehicles—Returned Check Fees—Acct. No. 8426	
EXECUTIVE	
Attorney General—Anti-Trust Enforcement—Acct. No. 8419	165
Auditor's Office-Land Department Operating Fund-Acct. No. 8120	163
Department of Agriculture—Acct. No. 8180	164
Department of Agriculture—West Virginia Rural Rehabilitation Program—Acct. No. 8192	164
LEGISLATIVE Crime Victims Compensation Fund—Acct. No. 8412	163
MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS	
Public Service Commission—Acct. No. 8280	192
Public Service Commission—Consumer Advocate—Acct. No. 8295	193
Public Service Commission—Gas Pipeline Division—Acct. No. 8290	193
Real Estate Commission-Acct. No. 8010	19
West Virginia Cable Television—Advisory Board—Acct. No. 8174	19
PAYABLE FROM STATE ROAD FUND	
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Division of Highways—Acct. No. 6700 Division of Motor Vehicles—Acct. No. 6710	
PAYABLE FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND	
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES	
Bureau of Employment Programs—Workers' Compensation Fund—Acct. No. 9000	17
§5. Appropriations from Lottery Net Profits.	
PAYABLE FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS	
Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board	
of Directors of the State College System—Acct. No. 8825 Division of Health—Acct. No. 8525	19
Division of Human Services—Acct. No. 9132	19

	on of Tourism and Parks—Acct. No. 8546	
•	wards for claims against the state. Appropriations and reappropriations.	
Divisio	on of Corrections—Correctional Units—Acct. No. 9719	196
§8. A	appropriations from surplus accrued.	
Divisi	ion of Energy—Acct. No. 4775 ion of Finance—Acct. No. 2110 ion of Human Services—Acct. No. 4050	198
§9. A	Appropriations from federal block grants.	
	PAYABLE FROM FEDERAL FUNDS	
Divis Divis Divis Divis Divis Divis Divis Offic Offic	ion of Employment Security—Job Training Partnership Act—Acct. No. 8255 ion of Health—Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health—Acct. No. 8503 ion of Health—Community Youth Activity Program—Acct. No. 8504 ion of Health—Maternal and Child Health—Acct. No. 8502 ion of Health—Mental Health Services for the Homeless—Acct. No. 8508 ion of Health—Preventive Health—Acct. No. 8506 ion of Human Services—Energy Assistance—Acct. No. 9147 ion of Human Services—Social Services—Acct. No. 9161 ice of Community and Industrial Development—Community Development—Acct. No. 8029 ice of Community and Industrial Development—Community Service—Acct. No. 8031 ie Department of Education—Education Grant—Acct. No. 8242	199 198 199 199 199 199 198 198
\$10. \$11. \$12. \$13. \$14. \$15. \$16. \$17. \$18.	Special revenue appropriations. State improvement fund appropriations. Specific funds and collection accounts. Appropriations for refunding erroneous payment. Sinking fund deficiencies. Appropriations to pay costs of publication of delinquent corporations. Appropriations for local governments. Total appropriations. General school fund.	

TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.

Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.—From the state fund, general revenue, there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

Sec. 2. Appropriations of federal funds.—In accordance with article eleven, chapter four of the code, from federal funds there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

LEGISLATIVE

1—Senate Acct. No. 1010

		Federal Funds Fiscal Year 1991-92	Fund Fiscal Year		
1	Compensation of Members :	\$ —	\$	277,000	
2	Compensation and Per				
3	Diem of Officers and				
4	Employees	_		1,100,000	
5	Expenses of Members	_		258,000	
6	Repairs and Alterations			33,000	
7	Current Expenses and				
8	Contingent Fund	_		561,000	
9	Computer Supplies			15,000	
10	Computer Systems	-		85,000	
11	Printing Blue Book	_		190,000	
12	Employee Benefits			131,400	
13	Public Employees Insurance			100,200	
14	Total	-	\$	2,750,600	

The appropriations for the senate for the fiscal year 1990-91 are to remain in full force and effect and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1992. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1991-92 accounts.

Upon the written request of the clerk of the senate, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

The clerk of the senate, with the approval of the president, is authorized to draw his requisitions upon the auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate, for any bills for supplies and services that may have been incurred by the senate and not included in the appropriation bill, for supplies and services incurred in preparation for the opening, the conduct of the business and after adjournment of any

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regular or extraordinary session, and for the necessary operation of the senate offices, the requisitions for the same to be accompanied by bills to be filed with the auditor.

The clerk of the senate, with the written approval of the president, or the president of the senate shall have authority to employ such staff personnel during any session of the Legislature as shall be needed in addition to staff personnel authorized by the senate resolution adopted during any such session. The clerk of the senate, with the written approval of the president, or the president of the senate shall have authority to employ such staff personnel between sessions of the Legislature as shall be needed, the compensation of all staff personnel during and between sessions of the Legislature, notwithstanding any such senate resolution, to be fixed by the president of the senate. The clerk is hereby authorized to draw his requisitions upon the auditor for the payment of all such staff personnel for such services, payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate.

For duties imposed by law and by the senate, the clerk of the senate shall be paid a monthly salary as provided by the senate resolution, unless increased between sessions under the authority of the president, payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate.

The distribution of the blue book shall be by the office of the clerk of the senate and shall include seventy-five copies for each member of the Legislature and two copies for each classified and approved high and junior high school and one copy for each elementary school within the state.

2—House of Delegates

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2	Compensation and		
3	Per Diem of Officers		
4	and Employees	_	583,531
5	Expenses of Members	_	633,825
6	Current Expenses and		
7	Contingent Fund	<u> </u>	1,352,710
8	Total \$		3.468.544

The appropriations for the house of delegates for the fiscal year 1990-91 are to remain in full force and effect and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1992. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1991-92 accounts.

Upon the written request of the clerk of the house of delegates, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of that total appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

The clerk of the house of delegates, with the approval of the speaker, is authorized to draw his requisitions upon the auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates, for any bills for supplies and services that may have been incurred by the house of delegates and not included in the appropriation bill, for bills for services and supplies incurred in preparation for the opening of the session and after adjournment, and for the necessary operation of the house of delegates' offices, the requisitions for the same to be accompanied by bills to be filed with the auditor.

The speaker of the house of delegates, upon approval of the house committee on rules, shall have authority to employ such staff personnel during and between sessions of the Legislature as shall be needed, in addition to personnel designated in the house resolution, and the compensation of all personnel shall be as fixed in such house resolution for the session, or fixed by the speaker, with the approval of the house committee on rules, during and between sessions of the Legislature, notwithstanding such house resolution. The clerk of the house is hereby authorized to draw requisitions upon the auditor for such services, payable out of the appropriation for the Compensation and Per Diem of Officers

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43 and Employees Fund or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates. 44

For duties imposed by law and by the house of delegates, including salary allowed by law as keeper of the rolls, the clerk of the house of delegates shall be paid a monthly salary as provided in the house resolution. unless increased between sessions under the authority of 50 the speaker, with the approval of the house committee 51 on rules, and payable out of the appropriation for 52 Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house 53 54 of delegates.

3—Joint Expenses

(WV Code Chapter 4)

Acct. No. 1030

1	Joint Committee on		
2	Government and Finance	\$ _	\$ 4,172,701
3	Legislative Printing	_	810,000
4	Legislative Rule-Making		
5	Review Committee		170,500
6	Legislative Computer		
7	System	_	350,000
8	Joint Standing Committee		
9	on Education		 40,000
10	Total	\$ 	\$ 5,543,201

The appropriation for Joint Expenses for the fiscal vear 1990-91 is to remain in full force and effect and is hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1992. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1991-92 accounts.

Upon the written request of the clerk of the senate. with the approval of the president of the senate, and the clerk of the house of delegates, with the approval of the speaker of the house of delegates, and a copy to the legislative auditor, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

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JUDICIAL

4—Supreme Court—General Judicial

Acct. No. 1110

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	20,665,498
2	Annual Increment		_		181,000
3	Other Expenses		_		2,800,000
4	Judges' Retirement				
5	System				1,718,256
6	Other Court Costs		_		2,000,000
7	Judicial Training				
8	Program				250,000
9	Mental Hygiene Fund				600,000
10	Social Security Matching		_		1,581,058
11	Public Employees				
12	Retirement Matching		_		1,777,972
13	Public Employees				
14	Health Insurance				
15	Matching		_		2,428,750
16	Total	\$		\$	34,002,534
17	Any unexpended balances	remain	ing ir	thi	is appropri-
18	ation at the close of the fisc	al year	1990	-91	are hereby
19	reappropriated for expendit	ure du	ring	the	fiscal year
20	1991-92. Any balances so	reapp	ropr	iate	ed may be

1991-92. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1991-92 accounts.

The appropriation shall be administered by the administrative director of the supreme court of appeals.

administrative director of the supreme court of appeals, who shall draw his requisitions for warrants in payment in the form of payrolls, making deductions therefrom as required by law for taxes and other items.

The appropriation for Judges' Retirement System is to be transferred to the judges' retirement fund, in accordance with the law relating thereto, upon requisition of the administrative director of the supreme court of appeals.

EXECUTIVE

5(Govern	or's	Office
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(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1200

1	Salary of Governor	\$ _	\$ 72,000
	Unclassified		1,245,667
3	Total	\$ 	\$ 1,317,667

6—Governor's Office—Custodial Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1230

1 Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 361,651 2 To be used for current general expenses, including 3 compensation of employees, household maintenance, cost 4 of official functions and additional household expenses 5 occasioned by such official functions.

7—Governor's Office— Civil Contingent Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1240

1	Civil Contingent		
2	Fund—Total	\$ _	\$ 1,851,297

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation (account no. 1240-06) at the close of the fiscal year 1990-91 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure

6 during the fiscal year 1991-92.

Civil Contingent

From this appropriation there may be expended, at the discretion of the governor, an amount not to exceed \$1,000 as West Virginia's contribution to the interstate oil compact commission.

8—Governor's Office— Educational Programs

1	Early Childhood		
2	Development	\$ _	\$ 500,000

3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Center for Professional Development			
••	9—Auditor's Office—General Administration			
	(WV Code Chapter 12)			
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Acct. No. 1500			
1	Salary of Auditor \$ - \$ 46,800			
2	Total Personal Services — — — 0—			
3	Personal Services 1,494,038			
4	Annual Increment – 28,728			
5	Employee Benefits 487,842 Office Automation - 500,000			
6	Office Hutomation Hilling			
7	Unclassified 553,722			
8	Total \$ - \$ 3,111,130			
	10—Treasurer's Office			
	(WV Code Chapter 12)			
	Acct. No. 1600			
1	Salary of Treasurer \$ - \$ 50,400			
2	Total Personal Services — — — 0—			
3	Personal Services – 458,050			
4	Annual Increment – 5,500			
5	Employee Benefits — 136,533			
6	Unclassified 228,730			
7	Total \$ - \$ 879,212			
11—Treasurer's Office— School Building Sinking Fund				

Acct. No. 1650

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Treasurer's Office—School Building Sinking

- 3 Fund (account no. 1650-06) at the close of the fiscal year
- 4 1990-91 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure
- 5 during the fiscal year 1991-92 and redesignated as
- 6 Board of Investments-School Building Sinking Fund
- 7 (account no. 1905-06).

12-Attorney General

(WV Code Chapters 5, 14, 46 and 47)

Acct. No. 2400

1	Salary of Attorney				
2	General	\$	_	\$	50,400
3	Total Personal Services		_		0-
4	Personal Services		_		1,787,640
5	Annual Increment				12,132
6	Employee Benefits		_		505,988
7	Unclassified				648,882
8	Total	\$	_	\$	3,005,042
9	When legal counsel or secr	eta	rial help is	ap	pointed by
10	the attorney general for an	y si	tate spend	ing	unit, this
11	account shall be reimbursed	l fr	om such	unit	t's approp-
12	riated account.				

13—Secretary of State

(WV Code Chapters 3, 5 and 59)

1	Salary of Secretary		
2	of State \$	_	\$ 43,200
3	Total Personal Services		-0-
4	Personal Services	- .	434,143
5	Annual Increment		4,608
6	Employee Benefits		160,603
7	Office Automation	_	52,422
8	Unclassified		 187,042
9	Total \$		\$ 882,018

14-State Elections Commission

(WV Code Chapter 3)

Acct. No. 2600

1	Unclassified-Total	s —	\$	11,058
-	Chiclassifica I coal		Ψ	11,000

15—Department of Agriculture

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5100

			•		
1	Salary of				
2	Commissioner	\$	_	\$	46,800
3	Total Personal Services		_		-0-
4	Personal Services		_		1,983,382
5	Annual Increment		_		37,188
6	Employee Benefits				720,380
7	Gypsy Moth Program				350,000
8	Unclassified		3,045,257		526,936
9	Total	\$	3,045,257	\$	3,664,686
10	Out of the above general	re	venue fund	ls a	sum may
11	be used to match federal fur	nds	s for the en	adi	cation and
12	control of pest and plant disea	ase).		

16—Department of Agriculture— Soil Conservation Committee

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5120

1	Total Personal Services \$		\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	334,734
3	Annual Increment	_	5,184
4	Employee Benefits	_	105,372
5	Soil Conservation Projects	_	1,750,000
6	Unclassified		341,825
7	Total \$	_	\$ 2,537,115

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for unclassified (account no. 5121-18) at the close of the fiscal year 1990-91 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92.

17—Department of Agriculture— Marketing and Development Division (Matching Fund)

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5130

1 2	Total Personal Services Personal Services	\$	_	\$	—0— 377,477
3	Annual Increment		_		5,652
4	Employee Benefits		_		145,170
5	Unclassified		17,240		208,846
6	Total	\$	17,240	\$	737,145
7	Any part or all of this appr	opri	ation fro	m tl	he general
8	revenue fund may be transfe				
9	fund for the purpose of mate	hing	g federal	fun	ds for the
10	above-named program.				

18—Department of Agriculture— Meat Inspection

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5140

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services	_		246,012
3	Annual Increment	_		5,184
4	Employee Benefits			110,715
5	Unclassified	478,534		14,093
6	Total \$	478,534	\$	376,004
7	Any part or all of this app	ropriation	from	general
8	revenue fund may be transfer	red to a sp	pecia	l revenue
9	fund for the purpose of matchi	ng federal	func	ds for the
10	above-named program.			

19—Department of Agriculture— Agricultural Awards

(WV Code Chapter 19)

1	Agricultural Awards	\$ 	\$ 62,569
2	Fairs and Festivals		 175,598
3	Total	\$ _	\$ 238,167

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

20—Division of Finance and Administration

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

	` <u>-</u>	•			
	Acct. No. 2100				
Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Urban Mass Transit—Matching Funds (account no. 2100-41) at the close of the fiscal year 1990-91 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92 and redesignated as Department of Transportation—Office of the Secretary—Public Transportation (account no. 5376-41).					
	21—Office of the Secre	tary			
	(WV Code Chapter 5	F)			
	Acct. No. 2105				
1	Unclassified—Total \$	_	\$	272,184	
	22—Division of Fina	nce			
	(WV Code Chapter 5	A)			
	Acct. No. 2110				
1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$	0-	
2	Personal Services			602,626	
3	Annual Increment	_		6,000	
4	Employee Benefits	_		130,197	
5	National Governors'			63,580	
6	Association	_		05,560	
7 8	Southern States Energy Board			28,732	
9	GAAP Project			2,400,000	
10	Unclassified	_		522,928	
			<u> </u>		
11	Total \$		\$	3,754,063	
	23—Division of Purch	ising			
	(WV Code Chapter 5A)				

Acct. No. 2120

Total Personal Services..... \$

1

138	Appropriations		[Ch. 13
2 3 4 5	Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified —		585,840 5,960 165,120 98,483
6	Total \$ —	\$	855,403
7 8 9 10	The division of highways shall reimb 8148-42 for all actual expenses incurred provisions of section thirteen, article seventeen of the code.	pursi	ant to the
	24—Division of General Service	s	
	(WV Code Chapter 5A)		۵,
	Acct. No. 2130	_	~
1 2 3 4 5 6	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Fire Service Fee — Unclassified —	\$	-0- $489,484$ $11,160$ $204,401$ $14,000$ $804,862$
7	Total \$ —		1,523,907
·	25—Committee for the Purchase Commodities and Services from the Han	of .	·
	(WV Code Chapter 5A)		
4	Acct. No. 2140	on.	F 000
1	Unclassified—Total \$ — 26—Board of Risk and Insurance Management (WV Code Chapter 29) Acct. No. 2250	\$	5,000
1	Total Personal Services \$ —	\$	-0-
$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	Unclassified	Ψ	3,910,537
3	Total \$ —	- \$	3,910,537
4 5 6 7	FEMA reimbursement (account no. 225 of fiscal year 1990-91 is hereby rea	1-29) : pprop	at the close

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8 The Unclassified item of appropriation herein in-9 cludes funding for the purpose of paying premiums, self-10 insurance losses, loss adjustment expenses and loss 11 prevention engineering fees for property, casualty and 12 fidelity insurance for the various state agencies, except those operating from special revenue funds, with such 13 14 special revenue fund agencies to be billed by the board 15 of risk and insurance management and with such costs 16 to be a proper charge against such spending units.

These funds may be transferred to a special account for the payment of premiums, self-insurance losses, loss adjustment expenses and loss prevention engineering fees and may be transferred to a special account for disbursement for payment of premiums and insurance losses.

27—Commission on Uniform State Laws

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 2450

1	Unclassified—Total \$	_	\$	14,550
2	To nay expenses of members	of the	comm	ission on

2 To pay expenses of members of the commission on 3 uniform state laws.

28—Public Defender Services

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5900

1	Total Personal Services	\$ —	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	227,547
3	Annual Increment	_	2,232
4	Employee Benefits	_	56,169
5	Appointed Counsel Fees		
6	and Public Defender		
7	Corporations	_	9,515,969
8	Unclassified		102,095
9	Total	\$	\$ 9,904,012

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Unclassified (account no. 5900-18) at the close of the fiscal year 1990-91 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92.

11

29-Education and State Employees Grievance Board

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 6015

1	Total Personal Services	\$ —	\$	0-
2	Personal Services	· _	•	410,454
3	Annual Increment	_		3,348
4	Employee Benefits	_		112,548
5	Unclassified			138,770
6	Total	\$ —	\$	665,120

30-Public Employees Retirement System

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Supplemental Benefits for

Acct. No. 6140

2	Annuitants—Total \$ - \$ 1,890,725
3	The division of highways, division of motor vehicles,
4	workers' compensation commissioner, public service
5	commission and other departments or divisions operat-
6	ing from special revenue funds and/or federal funds
7	shall pay their proportionate share of the retirement
8	costs for their respective divisions. When specific
9	appropriations are not made, such payments may be
10	made from the balances in the various special revenue

31—Public Employees Insurance Agency

funds in excess of specific appropriations.

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 6150

1 The division of highways, division of motor vehicles, workers' compensation commissioner, public service 2 commission and other departments or divisions operat-3 ing from special revenue funds and/or federal funds 4 shall pay their proportionate share of the public 6 employees health insurance cost for their respective divisions. When specific appropriations are not made, 7 such payments may be made from the balances in the 8 various special revenue funds in excess of specific 9 10 appropriations.

32—Ethics Commission

(WV Code Chapter 6B)

Acct. No. 6180

1	Total Personal Services	\$ 	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services		120,734
3	Employee Benefits		26,676
4	Unclassified		233,467
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 380,877

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

33—Office of Community and Industrial Development

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 1210

1 2 3	Total Personal Services Personal Services Annual Increment	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	—0— 2,080,242 19,758
4	Employee Benefits	_		586,526
5	Guaranteed Work			
6	Force Grant	_		850,000
7	Partnership Grant			2,100,000
8	Unclassified	13,795,339		2,724,591
9	Total	\$13,795,339	\$	8,361,117
10	Any unexpended balance	emaining in	the	appropri-
11	ations for Partnership Gran			
12	the close of the fiscal year 19			
13	riated for expenditure during		-	

34-Division of Labor

(WV Code Chapters 21 and 47)

1	Total Personal Services	\$ _	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	849,677
3	Annual Increment	_	13,371
4	Employee Benefits		311,775
5	Unclassified	 315,722	 245,989
6	Total	\$ 315,722	\$ 1,420,812

35—Division of Tourism and Parks

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 4625

1	Total Personal Services	\$ —	\$	-0
2	Personal Services			4,432,455
3	Annual Increment			89,676
4	Employee Benefits	_		1,689,368
5	Unclassified			0
6	Total	\$ -	\$	6,211,499
7	Any revenue derived from	mineral ext	racti	on at any
8	state park shall be deposi	ted in a sp	ecial	revenue
9	account of the division of to	urism and p	arks	, first for
10	bond debt payment purposes	s and with a	ny r	emainder

to be for park operation and improvement purposes. 36—Division of Forestry

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 4650

1	Total Personal Services \$		\$	-0-
2	Personal Services	_		2,014,731
3	Annual Increment	_		38,484
4	Employee Benefits	_		758,697
5	Unclassified	898,100		217,378
6	Total \$	898,100	\$	3,029,290
7	Out of the above general rev	enue fund	s, a	sum may

be used to match federal funds for cooperative studies or other funds for similar purposes.

37—Board of Coal Mine Health and Safety

(WV Code Chapter 22)

1	Total Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 0-
2	Personal Services	-	43,378
3	Annual Increment		310
4	Employee Benefits	_	12,695
5	Unclassified		 4,288
6	Total	\$ —	\$ 60,671

38—Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin

(WV Code Chapter 29)

	Acct. No. 4730	
1 2 3 4 5 6	West Virginia's Contribution to the Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin— Total\$ 39—Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission	\$ 28,250
	(WV Code Chapter 29)	
	Acet. No. 4740	
1 2 3 4	West Virginia's Contribution to the Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission—Total \$ — 40—Coal Mine Safety and Technical Review Committee	\$ 92,720
	(WV Code Chapter 22)	
	Acet. No. 4750	
1 2 3 4	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Employee Benefits — Unclassified —	\$ -0- 6,536 3,734 57,465
5	Total \$ -	\$ 67,735
	41—Air Pollution Control Commission	
	(WV Code Chapter 16)	
	Acct. No. 4760	
1 2 3 4	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits	\$ -0- 428,574 6,408 153,700

144	Appropriations [Ch. 13
5 6	Unclassified 1,133,335 161,854 Total \$ 1,133,335 \$ 750,536
	42—Division of Energy
	•
	(WV Code Chapter 22) Acct. No. 4775
_	
1 2	Total Personal Services \$ -0- Personal Services
3	Personal Services — 4,563,782 Annual Increment — 56,000
4	Employee Benefits — 1,468,874
5	Unclassified
5	Total
	43—Geological and Economic Survey
	(WV Code Chapter 29)
	Acct. No. 5200
1	Total Personal Services \$ - \$ -0-
2	Personal Services
3	Annual Increment — 20,052
4	Employee Benefits — 371,920
5	Unclassified 220,500 97,171
6	Total\$ 220,500 \$ 1,672,792
7	The Unclassified appropriation includes funding to
8	secure federal and other contracts and may be trans-
9	ferred to a special revenue account for the purpose of
10	providing advance funding for such contracts.
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12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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21 22	
22	2. Durbenient and or completion or contractual perform.

23 ance and will be available for future advance funding 24 purposes.

44—Department of Commerce, Labor and Environmental Resources—

Office of the Secretary			
(WV Code Chapter 5F)			
Acct. No. 5321			
Unclassified—Total \$	\$	391,139	
45—Water Resources Board			
(WV Code Chapter 20)			
Acct. No. 5640			
Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified — Total \$ — 46—Division of Natural Resource (WV Code Chapter 20)	\$ 	-0- 60,152 900 18,690 40,288 120,030	
Acet. No. 5650			
Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Black Fly Control — Waste Water Treatment Revolving Fund — Unclassified 41,337.87	\$	-0- 2,359,169 47,214 786,820 216,000 4,100,000 314,315	
	(WV Code Chapter 5F) Acct. No. 5321 Unclassified—Total\$ 45—Water Resources Board (WV Code Chapter 20) Acct. No. 5640 Total Personal Services\$ Personal Services	(WV Code Chapter 5F) Acct. No. 5321 Unclassified—Total\$ — \$ 45—Water Resources Board (WV Code Chapter 20) Acct. No. 5640 Total Personal Services\$ — \$ Personal Services	

Any part or all of the above appropriation for the 10

Waste Water Treatment Revolving Fund shall be 11 12

transferred to a special revenue fund for the purpose of

Total......\$41,337,876 \$ 7,823,518

matching federal funds for the above-named program. 13

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

47—State Department of Education

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Acct. No. 2860

1 2 3 4	Total Personal Services	\$ <u>-</u> -	\$ —0— 2,548,968 37,126 724,416
5	Computer Basic Skills		3,500,000
6	Unclassified	2,704,214	11,025,094
7	Education of	_,,	,,,,,
8	Institutionalized		
9	Juveniles		1,219,344
10	Total	\$ 2,704,214	\$ 19,054,948
11 12	The above appropriation in education and their executive		state board of
13 14 15 16	Any unexpended balance r fied appropriation at the closhall be reappropriated for year 1991-92.	ose of fiscal	year 1990-91

48—State Department of Education— School Lunch Program

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Acct. No. 2870

1	Total Personal Services	\$ —	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	138,814
3	Annual Increment	_	1,703
4	Employee Benefits	_	44,305
5	Unclassified	50,119,714	 1,711,753
6	Total	\$50,119,714	\$ 1,896,575

49—State Board of Education— Vocational Division

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Acct. No. 2890

1 Total Personal Services \$ -0-

2	Personal Services		620,000
3	Annual Increment	_	8,831
4	Employee Benefits		171,047
5	Unclassified	10,581,913	12,541,754
6	Wood Products—Forestry		
7	Vocational Programs	_	100,000
8	Albert Yanni		
9	Vocational Program		160,000
10	Total	\$10,581,913	\$ 13,601,632
11	Any unexpended balance r	emaining in	the appropri-
12	ation for Wood Products-Fo	restry Vocati	onal Program
13	(Acct. No. 2890-47 and Acct	. No. 2891-47	() at the close
14	of fiscal year 1990-91 is h	ereby reapp	ropriated for
15	expenditure during the fiscal		

50—State Department of Education— State Aid to Schools

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

1	Professional Educators	\$	\$557,592,107
2	Service Personnel	· —	188,217,739
3	Fixed Charges		62,648,027
4	Transportation		26,604,625
5	Administration	_	6,869,251
6	Other Current Expenses	_	90,434,617
7	Improve Instructional		
8	Programs	_	62,153,166
9	Basic Foundation		
10	Allowances	_	994,519,532
11	Less Local Share	_	(158,203,891)
11	Dess Local blidge		
12	Total Basic State Aid	_	836,315,641
13	Public Employees Health		
14	Insurance Agency	_	115,341,336
15	Teachers' Retirement		
16	System		113,243,931
17	Incentive for Adminis-		
18	trative Efficiency	_	241,459
19	Increased Enrollment	_	1,812,906
20	Rural Counties	_	1,000,000

148	Appropriations			[Ch. 13
21 22 23 24	School Media Improvement Grant Program Unclassifed 4,5 Total \$ 4,5	500,000 500,000	\$1,0	50,000 —0— 68,005,273
	51—State Department of Ed Aid for Exceptional Chi		-	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 an	id 18A)		
	Acct. No. 2960			
1	Unclassified—Total \$25,	675,000	\$	-0
	52—West Virginia School Deaf and the Blind	-		
	(WV Code Chapters 18 ar	nd 18A)		
	Acct. No. 3330			
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services		\$	0- 4,554,290 4,608 1,348,229 1,088,436
6	Total \$		\$	6,995,563
	53—State FFA-FHA Camp and C	onferenc	e Ce	enter
	(WV Code Chapters 18 as	nd 18A)		
	Acet. No. 3360			
1 2 3 4 5		 	\$	0- 127,331 2,873 45,572 46,424
6	Total \$		\$	222,200
	54—State Board of Rehabi Division of Rehabilitation (WV Code Chapter	Service		
	Acct. No. 4405			
1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$	-0-

2	Personal Services	_	4,002,403
3	Annual Increment		85,000
4	Employee Benefits	_	1,296,835
5	Workshop Development	_	1,700,000
6	Case Services		2,000,000
7	Unclassified	28,573,483	1,098,402
8	Total	\$28,573,483	\$ 10,182,640

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS

55—Board of Directors of the State College System

Control Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Acct. No. 2785

1	Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 73,993,465
2	From the above appropriation, no institution shall
3	receive an allocation from the general fund that is less
4	than the allocation received from the same fund during
5	the fiscal year 1990-91.

56—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia

Control Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

1	Unclassified—Total \$ - \$136,579,342
2	From the above appropriation, no institution shall
3	receive an allocation from the general revenue fund that
4	is less than the percentage allocation received from the
5	same fund during the fiscal year 1990-91.

57—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Account No. 2800

1	Total Personal Services	\$ -	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services	_		725,000
3	Annual Increment	_		8,000
4	Employee Benefits	_		162,000
5	Higher Education			
6	Grant Program			3,795,000
7	Tuition Contract Program	_		606,000
8	Eminent Scholars Program	_		100,000
9	Underwood—Smith			
10	Scholarship Program-			
11	Student Awards	_		750,000
12	West Virginia			
13	Humanities Council			100,000
14	Unclassified—Central Office			120,353
15	Total	\$ —	\$	6,366,353
16	Any unexpended balance	remaining	in the	e appropri-
17	ation for Asbestos Litigation	(account n	o. <mark>2</mark> 80	0-21) at the
18	close of the fiscal year 1990-9	1 is hereb	y reap	propriated
19	for expenditures during the f	iscal year	1991-9	2.

58—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia

University of West Virginia

Health Sciences Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

1	Unclassified—Total \$		\$	0
2	School of			
3	Osteopathic Medicine			5,263,930
4	Marshall Medical School			9,403,523
5	WVU—School of			
6	Health Sciences	-	3	3,167,862

7	WVU—School of Health		
8	Sciences—		
9	Charleston Division		3,270,790
10	Health Sciences		
11	Scholarship Fund		150,000
12	WV—NET		425,000
13	Total \$	- \$	51,681,105
14	The Health Sciences Scholar	ship appropri	ation above
15	shall be used to establish a	revolving loa	n fund for
16	medical students who are \	West Virginia	a residents
17	committed to practicing med	icine in an u	ınderserved
18	area and in a specialty in whi	ich there is a	shortage of
19	practitioners.		

59—Educational Broadcasting Authority

59—Educational Broadcasting Authority						
(WV Code Chapter 10)						
	Acct. No. 2910					
1	Total Personal Services \$ -0-					
2	Personal Services – 2,999,090					
3	Annual Increment – 42,984					
4	Employee Benefits — 1,014,049					
5	Unclassified 960,000 1,626,899					
6	Total \$ 960,000 \$ 5,683,022					
7	These funds may be transferred to special revenue					
8	accounts for matching college, university, city, county,					
9	federal and/or other generated revenues.					
10	Effective from passage, from the sum of \$450,000					
11	transferred during fiscal year 1990-91 from the secre-					
12						
13	·					
14						
15						
16						
17	and redesignated WNPB Transmitter—Capital Outlay.					

57—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Account No. 2800

1	Total Personal Services	e	\$	0_
-		φ —	φ	705 000
2	Personal Services	_		725,000
3	Annual Increment	_		8,000
4	Employee Benefits			162,000
5	Higher Education			
6	Grant Program	_		3,795,000
7	Tuition Contract Program	_		606,000
8	Eminent Scholars Program	_		100,000
9	Underwood-Smith			
10	Scholarship Program—			
11	Student Awards	_		750,000
12	West Virginia			
13	Humanities Council	_		100,000
14	Unclassified—Central Office			120,353
15	Total	\$ -	\$	6,366,353
16	Any unexpended balance	remaining in	the	appropri-
17	ation for Asbestos Litigation	(account no. 2	2800)-21) at the
18	close of the fiscal year 1990-			
19	for expenditures during the			
19	for expenditures during the	liscal year 199	T-9	۵.

58—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia

University of West Virginia

Health Sciences Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

1	Unclassified—Total \$		\$	0-
2	School of			
3	Osteopathic Medicine	_		5,263,930
4	Marshall Medical School	_		9,403,523
5	WVU—School of			
6	Health Sciences	_	;	33,167,862

7	WVU—School of Health	
8	Sciences—	
9	Charleston Division – 3,	270,790
10	Health Sciences	
11	Scholarship Fund —	150,000
12	WV—NET	425,000
13	Total \$ - \$ 51,	681,105
14	The Health Sciences Scholarship appropriation	n above
15	shall be used to establish a revolving loan fu	and for
16	medical students who are West Virginia re	sidents
17	committed to practicing medicine in an under	rserved
18	area and in a specialty in which there is a shor	tage of
19	practitioners.	

59—Educational Broadcasting Authority

(WV Code Chapter 10)

	120001 = 101 =				
1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$	-0-	
2	Personal Services			2,999,090	
3	Annual Increment			42,984	
4	Employee Benefits			1,014,049	
5	Unclassified	960,000		1,626,899	
6	Total \$	960,000	\$	5,683,022	
7	These funds may be transfe	rred to sp	eci	al revenue	
8	accounts for matching college, university, city, county,				
9	federal and/or other generated revenues.				
10	Effective from passage, from	m the sun	n o	f \$450,000	
11	transferred during fiscal year 1990-91 from the secre-				
12	tary of education and the arts, Unclassified (account no.				
13	5332-23) to the division of culture and history, Unclass-				
14	ified (account no. 3510-22), for the West Virginia history				
15	project, the sum of \$100,000 shall be transferred to the				
16	educational broadcasting author			-	
17	and redesignated WNPB Transn	nitter—Cap	oital	l Outlay.	

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60-Library Commission

(WV Code Chapter 10)

Acct. No. 3500

1	Total Personal Services \$		\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	966,602
3	Annual Increment	_	23,076
4	Employee Benefits	-	321,422
5	Unclassified	1,992,579	6,367,925
6	Total \$	1.992.579	\$ 7.679.025

61—Division of Culture and History

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 3510

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	1,292,045
3	Annual Increment		17,838
4	Employee Benefits	_	436,492
5	Unclassified	2,407,500	 2,548,223
6	Total \$	2,407,500	\$ 4,294,598

The Unclassified appropriation includes funding for the Arts Funds, Department Programming Funds, Grants, Fairs and Festivals and Washington Carver Camp and shall be expended only upon authorization of the division of culture and history and in accordance with the provisions of chapter five-a and article three, chapter twelve of the code.

All federal moneys received as reimbursement to the division of culture and history for moneys expended from the general revenue fund for the Arts Fund and Historical Preservation are hereby reappropriated for the purposes as originally made, including personal services, current expenses and equipment.

Effective from passage, from the sum of \$450,000 transferred during fiscal year 1990-91 from the secretary of education and the arts, Unclassified (account no. 5332-23) to the division of culture and history, Unclassified (account no. 3510-22), for the West Virginia history project, the sum of \$100,000 shall be transferred to the

educational broadcasting authority (account no. 2910)
 and redesignated WNPB Transmitter—Capital Outlay.

62—Department of Education and the Arts— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 5332

1	Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 153,399
2	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-
3	ation for unclassified (account no. 5332-23) at the close
4	of the fiscal year 1990-91 is hereby reappropriated for
5	expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

63—Division of Health→ Central Office

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 4000

	m . ID IO (Þ	e 0
1	Total Personal Services) —	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	5,331,820
3	Annual Increment		85,000
4	Employee Benefits	_	1,793,178
5	Corporate Nonprofit		
6	Community Health		
7	Centers—F.M.H.A.		
8	Mortgage Finance	_	137,269
9	Appalachian States Low		:
10	Level Radiocative Waste		
11	Commission	_	58,300
12	Hemophilia Program		27,689
13	Unclassified		3,972,927
14	Total \$	3 —	\$ 11,406,183
T.2	TOOM INTERNATION TO		+ ==,=00,=

64-Division of Human Services

(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)

Acct. No. 4050

1	Total Personal Services	\$ —	\$0-
2	Personal Services	-	14,866,432
3	Annual Increment	_	326,002
4	Employee Benefits	_	5,743,772
5	OSCAR and FAMIS	6,383,139	1,105,693
6	Medical Services	386,600,590	111,344,356
7	Family Law Masters	_	827,165
8	Women's Commission	_	53,505
9	Commission on		
10	Hearing Impaired		43,000
11	Public Assistance	108,781,610	24,544,637
12	Emergency Assistance	15,350,000	1,410,216
13	Social Services		28,437,862
14	Family Preservation		
15	Program	_	1,500,000
16	JOBS Program	8,909,058	4,329,058
17	Unclassified		13,553,614
18	Total	\$526,024,397	\$208,085,312

No funds from this account, or any other department of health and human resources account, shall be used to pay family law master salaries or expenses in excess of the Family Law Masters line item appropriation. It is anticipated that the family law master program will generate sufficient revenue from fees and federal child support funds to cover the remainder of its program costs.

None of the funds from this account shall be used to perform abortions except where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term.

The secretary of the department of health and human resources shall have the authority to transfer funds within the above account: *Provided*, That no more than ten percent of the funds appropriated to one line may be transferred to other lines: *Provided*, *however*, That no funds from other lines shall be transferred to the Personal Services line.

65—Commission on Aging

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 4060

1	Total Personal Services	\$ —	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	110,795
3	Annual Increment	_	1,591
4	Employee Benefits	_	52,190
5	Local Programs		
6	Service Delivery Costs		2,650,052
7	Silver Haired Legislature		15,000
8	Senior Citizens' Centers—		
9	Land Acquisition,		
10	Construction, and		
11	Repairs and Alterations	_	75,000
12	Area Agencies:		
13	Administration	-	91,072
14	Substate Ombudsman	_	143,730
15	Unclassified	10,925,500	233,060
16	Total	\$10,925,500	\$ 3,372,490

66—Consolidated Medical Service Fund

Acct. No. 4190

1	Foster Grandparents		
2	Stipends/Travel	\$ —	\$ 62,000
3	Institutional Facilities		
4	Operations	_	42,010,316
5	Employee Benefits	_	15,589,369
6	Poison Control Hotline	_	250,000
7	Special Olympics		28,000
8	State Aid to Local Agencies	_	7,200,000
9	Women, Infants		
10	and Children	_	400,000
11	Maternal and Child Health		
12	Clinics, Clinicians and		
13	Medical Contracts		
14	and Fees	_	4,815,670
15	Preventive Re-Vaccination		200,000
16	Primary Care Contracts to		
17	Community Health		
18	Centers	_	2,800,000

156	Appropriation	ons	[Ch. 13
19	Epidemiology Research	_	250,000
20 21 22 23	Grants to Counties and EMS Entities Behavioral Health Program Behavioral Health	=	1,725,000 —0—
24 25	Program—Personal Services	_	1,444,192
26 27 28	Behavioral Health Program—Unclassified Behavioral Health	_	516,800
29 30 31 32 33	Program—Community Programs Family Support Act Unclassified Total\$	28,230,761 28,230,761	$33,257,210 \\ 200,000 \\ -0- \\ \$110,748,557$
34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	The secretary of the depart resources, prior to the beginn file with the legislative audito for each formerly separate been consolidated into the a receives a portion of the a secretary shall also, within f of the six-month period of sal legislative auditor an itemiz made during the preceding si	ing of the first an expending use above accountable appropriate of the first and the f	scal year, shall liture schedule nit which has nt and which opriation. The after the close r, file with the f expenditures
44 45			
	67—Department of Health and Office of the Sec		sources—
	(WV Code Chap		
	Acct. No. 53	343	
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	\$ 181,619
	68—Human Rights (Commission	
	(WV Code Cha	pter 5)	
	Acct. No. 5	980	
	Total Personal Services Personal Services	\$ _	\$ —0— 367,025

CL	101
Ch.	131

Δ	ÞР	RΛ	PPI	ΔТ	IONS
$\overline{}$	r	K.L.J	r R.	A 1	

Ch.	Appropriations		157
3 4 5 6	Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified 102,190 Total \$ 102,190	<u> </u>	6,430 126,419 156,665 656,539
	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFE	ETY	
	69—Office of Emergency Services and Advisory Council— Division of Emergency Services		
	(WV Code Chapter 15)		
	Acct. No. 1300		
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified 2,759,426 Total \$ 2,759,426	\$	$\begin{array}{r} -0 - \\ 163,974 \\ 3,096 \\ 54,838 \\ 30,963 \\ \hline 252,871 \end{array}$
	70—Board of Probation and Parole	:	
	(WV Code Chapter 62)		
	Acet. No. 3650		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Salaries of Members of Board of Probation and Parole\$ Total Personal Services Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	\$	84,900 -0- 50,414 1,152 36,221 10,620
9	Total \$ —	\$	183,307
	71—Division of Corrections— Central Office (WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 29 and 62	2)	
	Acct. No. 3680		
1 2	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services	\$	-0- 331,044

158	Appropriations		[Ch. 13
3 4 5	Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	_ _ 	5,688 99,894 147,748
6	Total \$	- \$	584,374
	72—Division of Corrections Correctional Units	3—	
	(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 29 a	and 62)	
	Acct. No. 3770		
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services \$ Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Capital Outlay—	- \$ - -	-0- 13,325,856 205,092 4,672,816
6 7	Davis Center		350,000 8,844,185
8	Total	 _	27,397,949
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	The commissioner of corrections, ning of the fiscal year, shall file wauditor an expenditure schedule separate spending unit which has been the above account and which receive above appropriation. He shall also, after the close of each six-month payear, file with the legislative auditor of expenditures made during the properiod. Such report shall include the tures made for personal services, current expenses (inmate medical expensive and alterations and equipment).	with the for each en consol es a por within fi eriod of an item receding the total of annual expenses int.	legislative formerly idated into tion of the fteen days said fiscal ized report six-month of expendincrement,
	73—Division of Veterans' Affo Veterans' Home	airs—	
	(WV Code Chapter 9A)		
	Acet. No. 4010		
1 2 3 4	Personal Services	_ \$ _ _ _	-0- 290,904 5,800 123,036

5	Unclassified	473,600	_	22,363
6	Total	473,600	\$	442,103
7 8 9 10 11	Any unexpended balances reations for Repairs and Alterat and Equipment (account no. 4 fiscal year 1990-91 are her expenditure during the fiscal y	ions (accoun 010-03) at tl eby reappi	it i he rop	no. 4010-02) close of the
	74—Division of Vetera	ns' Affairs		
	(WV Code Chapte	er 9A)		
	Acct. No. 404	10		
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services		\$	$\begin{array}{r} -0-\\ 595,691\\ 11,916\\ 265,578\\ 51,089\\ \hline 924,274\\ \end{array}$
	75—Division of Publi Office of the Secr	etary		
	(WV Code Chapte			
•	Acct. No. 535			
1	Unclassified—Total \$;	\$	171,286
	76—Division of Publ	lic Safety		
	(WV Code Chapt	er 15)		
	Acet. No. 570	00		
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services \$ Personal Services \$ Annual Increment \$ Employee Benefits \$ Unclassified \$ Total \$	538,613	\$ - \$	-0- 14,407,730 81,108 4,365,901 4,545,726 23,400,465

77—Adjutant General—State Militia

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 5800

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services			249,021
3	Annual Increment	_		5,760
4	Employee Benefits	_		99,365
5	College Education Fund	_		750,000
6	Unclassified	4,865,870		3,238,614
7	Total	4,865,870	\$	4,342,760
8	The item designated college	education	fun	d shall be
9	the total annual appropriation	n for awar	din	g scholar-
10	ships.			

78—Fire Commission

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 6170

1	Total Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 0
2	Personal Services	_	351,336
3	Annual Increment	_	7,740
4	Employee Benefits	_	128,532
5	Unclassified		91,563
6	Total	\$ 	\$ 579,171

DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE

79—Tax Division

(WV Code Chapter 11)

Acct. No. 1800

1	Total Personal Services	\$ —	\$	-0
$\hat{2}$	Personal Services	· —		8,828,263
3	Annual Increment			146,124
4	Employee Benefits			2,780,250
5	Unclassified			5,695,610
6	Total	\$	\$	17,450,247
7	Any unexpended balance r	emaining in	th	e appropri-

8 9 10 11	ation for Unclassified (account no. 1800-1 of the fiscal year 1990-91 is hereby reap expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92 \$850,000.	proj	priated for
	80—Division of Professional a Occupational Licenses— State Athletic Commission	nd	
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Acct. No. 4790		
1	Unclassified—Total \$ —	\$	5,068
	81—Racing Commission		
	(WV Code Chapter 19)		
	Acct. No. 4950		
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified —	\$	0- 995,862 9,252 279,451 54,029
6	Total \$ -	\$	1,338,594
	82—Department of Tax and Revenue Office of the Secretary	_	
	(WV Code Chapter 5F)		
	Acet. No. 5365		
1	Unclassified—Total \$	\$	183,186
	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTA	rio	N
	83—Department of Transportation– Office of the Secretary	-	
	(WV Code Chapter 5F)		
	Acet. No. 5376		
1 2 3 4	Public Transportation \$10,226,029 Civil Air Patrol — Unclassified — Total \$10,226,029	\$ 	1,384,206 82,450 179,546 1,646,202

84—Railroad Maintenance Authority

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5690

1	Total Personal Services	\$ —	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	409,355
3	Annual Increment	_	5,940
4	Employee Benefits	_	259,816
5	Capital Outlay	_	500,000
6	Unclassified	348,000	 131,693
7	Total	348,000	\$ 1,306,804

MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

85-Board of Investments-

(WV Code Chapter 12)

Acct. No. 1900

1	Total Personal Services \$	-	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services		1,176,013
3	Annual Increment		10,924
4	Employee Benefits	_	366,332
5	Unclassified		 2,289,928
6	Total\$	_	\$ 3,843,197

86—Board of Investments— School Building Sinking Fund

(WV Code Chapter 12)

Acct. No. 1905

1	Sec. 3. Appropriations from	n other	fundsFrom
3	General Revenue \$	_	\$1,963,278,698
2	Total TITLE II, Section 1—		
1	Total\$		\$ 12,455,500

2

3

5

Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.—From the funds designated there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

Sec. 4. Appropriations of federal funds.—In accordance with article eleven, chapter four of the code, from federal funds there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code of the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditures during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

LEGISLATIVE

87-Crime Victims Compensation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 14)

Acct. No. 8412

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

		-	Federal Funds Fiscal Year 1991-92		Other Funds Fiscal Year 1991-92
1	Total Personal Services	\$	_	\$	—0—
2	Personal Services		_		105,503
3	Annual Increment		_		684
4	Employee Benefits				26,755
5	Unclassified		700,000		34,728
6	Total	-\$	700,000	\$	167,670
7	These funds are intended	to	be expen	ded	l for court
8	costs and administrative cos				
9	ment for compensation paid t				

EXECUTIVE

88—Auditor's Office— Land Department Operating Fund

(WV Code Chapters 11A, 12 and 36)

Acct. No. 8120

1	Total Personal Services	\$ 	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	44,087

164	Appropriation	ns			[Ch. 13
3 4 5 6	Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified Total	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		540 13,974 11,058 69,659
7 8 9	The total amount of this ap from the special revenue fund as provided by law.	ppropr		shall	be paid
	89—Department of A	$l\mathit{gricul}$	ture		
	(WV Code Chap	ter 19)			
	Acct. No. 81	80			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL 1	REVENU	JE FUN	D	
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	\$		\$	-0- 202,315 396 61,047 460,776
6	Total	\$		\$	724,534
7 8 9	The total amount of this agree from a special revenue fund the department of agriculture	out of	collec	tions	made by
	90—Department o West Virginia Rural Re				am
	(WV Code Cl	napter	19)		
	Acct. No	. 8192			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPEC	IAL REV	ENUE I	TUND	
1 2	Student and Farm Loans— Total	\$	_	\$	375,000
	91—General John McCau	sland	Memo	rial F	'arm
	(WV Code C	hapter	19)		
	Acct. No	. 8194			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPEC	IAL REV	ENUE	FUND	
1		\$	_	\$	—0— 8,793

Ch.	131
O11.	101

APPROPRIATIONS

165

3	Annual Increment	_		324
4	Employee Benefits	_		3,653
5	Unclassified	_		61,599
6	Total	\$	\$	74,369
7	Funds for the above approp	riation shall	l be	expended
8	in accordance with article two	enty-six, cha	pter	nineteen
9	of the code.		_	

92—Attorney General— Anti-Trust Enforcement

(WV Code Chapter 47)

Acct. No. 8419

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services \$	— \$	-0-
2	Personal Services	_	207,450
3	Annual Increment	_	252
4	Employee Benefits	_	57,387
5	Unclassified		179,541
6	Total \$		444,630

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

93—Division of Purchasing— Revolving Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 8140

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services	_	•	667,215
3	Annual Increment	_		15,840
4	Employee Benefits	_		294,146
5	Unclassified			515,827
6	Total\$	_	\$	1,493,028
7	The total amount of this appr			

8 from a special revenue fund as provided by article two,

9 chapter five-a of the code.

10 The above appropriation includes salaries and operat-

11 ing expenses.

20

21

23

24

25

12 There is hereby appropriated from this fund, in 13 addition to the above appropriation, the necessary amount for the purchase of supplies for resale. 14

94—Division of Information Systems and Communications

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 8151

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	10 22 11112 111011 2120				_
1	Total Personal Services	\$	_	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services		_		2,880,263
3	Annual Increment				45,300
4	Employee Benefits				889,816
5	Unclassified		_		682,064
6	Total	\$	_	\$	4,497,443
7	The total amount of this a	ppre	priatio	n sh	all be paid
8	from a special revenue fund		-		_
9	the division of information sy	sten	ns and c	omn	nunications
10	as provided by law.				
11	There is hereby appropr	iate	d from	thi	s fund. in
12	addition to the above app				
13	amount for the expenditure of	_			_
14	services or employee benefits	s to e	nable I	S&C	to provide
15	information processing servi	ces t	o user :	agen	cies. These
16	services include but are not	limi	ited to o	lata	processing
17	equipment, office automation	and	telecon	ımuı	nications.
18	There is hereby establis			_	
19	postage meter service requ	irem	ents fo	r al	l spending

postage meter service requirements for all spending units operating from the general revenue fund, from special revenue funds or receiving reimbursement for postage from the federal government.

22

Each spending unit shall be charged monthly for all postage meter service and shall reimburse the revolving fund monthly for all such amounts.

95—Division of Personnel

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 8402

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$	_	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services		_		1,988,570
3	Annual Increment		_		35,352
4	Employee Benefits		_		625,110
5	Unclassified		_		465,968
6	Total	\$	_	\$	3,115,000
7	The total amount of this a	ppro	oriation	sha	ll be paid
8	from a special revenue fund				
9	division of personnel.				

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

96-Office of Community and Industrial Development

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 8045

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Energy Assistance—
2	Total \$ - \$ 1,000,000
	These funds shall be transferred to the division of
4	human services for enhancement of the federal energy
5	assistance program.

97-Oil and Gas Conservation Commission

(WV Code Chapter 22)

Acct. No. 8097

1	Total Personal Services	\$ _	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services		166,435
3	Annual Increment		504
4	Employee Benefits		38,645

5 Unclassified — 65 6 Total \$ - \$ 270 98—Division of Natural Resources (WV Code Chapter 20) Acct. No. 8300 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 1 Total Personal Services \$ - \$ - 2 Personal Services - 5,202 3 Annual Increment - 89 4 Employee Benefits - 1,954 5 Wonderful West - 1,954					
6 Total \$ - \$ 270 98—Division of Natural Resources (WV Code Chapter 20) Acct. No. 8300 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 1 Total Personal Services \$ - 2 Personal Services - 5,202 3 Annual Increment - 89 4 Employee Benefits - 1,954 5 Wonderful West - 150 7 Capital Improvements and - 1,245 9 Unclassified - 2,008	ı. 13				
6 Total	,274				
(WV Code Chapter 20) Acct. No. 8300 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 1 Total Personal Services	,858				
Acct. No. 8300 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 1 Total Personal Services \$ - \$ - 5,202 2 Personal Services 5,202 3 Annual Increment 89 4 Employee Benefits 1,954 5 Wonderful West 6 Virginia Magazine 150 7 Capital Improvements and 8 Land Purchase 1,245 9 Unclassified 2,008					
TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 1 Total Personal Services \$ — \$ — 5,202 2 Personal Services — 5,202 3 Annual Increment — 89 4 Employee Benefits — 1,954 5 Wonderful West 6 Virginia Magazine — 150 7 Capital Improvements and 8 Land Purchase — 1,245 9 Unclassified — 2,008					
1 Total Personal Services \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,202 \$ 3 Annual Increment — 89 4 Employee Benefits — 1,954 \$ 5 Wonderful West — 150 \$ 7 Capital Improvements and — 150 \$ 1,245 \$ 9 \$ 1,245 \$ 2,008 \$ 2,008 \$ 1,205 \$ 1,205 \$ 1,205 \$ 2,008 \$ 1,205 \$ 2,008 \$ 1,205 \$ 2,008					
2 Personal Services — 5,202 3 Annual Increment — 89 4 Employee Benefits — 1,954 5 Wonderful West — 150 7 Capital Improvements and — 1,245 8 Land Purchase — 1,245 9 Unclassified — 2,008					
2 Personal Services — 5,202 3 Annual Increment — 89 4 Employee Benefits — 1,954 5 Wonderful West — 150 7 Capital Improvements and — 1,245 8 Land Purchase — 1,245 9 Unclassified — 2,008	-0-				
3 Annual Increment — 89 4 Employee Benefits — 1,954 5 Wonderful West — 150 7 Capital Improvements and — 1,245 9 Unclassified — 2,008	-				
5 Wonderful West 6 Virginia Magazine	,868,				
7 Capital Improvements and 8 Land Purchase — 1,245 9 Unclassified — 2,008	,051				
8 Land Purchase — 1,245 9 Unclassified — 2,008	,000				
9 Unclassified 2,008					
	-				
10 Total @ @ 10.650					
то токат ф — ф 10,000	,000				
The total amount of this appropriation shall be properties from a special revenue fund out of fees collected by division of natural resources.					
15 Land Purchases and Buildings and Renovation of D	Land Purchases and Buildings and Renovation of Dams at the close of fiscal year 1990-91 shall be reappro-				
99—Division of Natural Resources— Underground Storage Tanks Administrative Fund					
(WV Code Chapter 20)					
Acct. No. 8302					
TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND					
2 Personal Services	-0- 0,000 .,008 3,737 5,191				

450,936

6

100—Division of Natural Resources— Game, Fish and Aquatic Life Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8303

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 35,000

101—Division of Natural Resources— Nongame Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8304

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 0-
2	Personal Services	_	79,300
3	Annual Increment	_	216
4	Employee Benefits	_	21,618
5	Unclassified	 	148,819
6	Total	\$ 	\$ 249.953

102—Division of Natural Resources— Use and Development—P.L.C.

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8306

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$ 0
2	Personal Services	_	116,000
3	Annual Increment	_	1,980
4	Employee Benefits		42,316
5	Land Purchase	_	75,000
6	Unclassified		 31,228
7	Total\$	_	\$ 266,524

103—Division of Natural Resources— Groundwater Planning

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8312

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 0-
2	Personal Services		55,678
3	Annual Increment	_	216
4	Employee Benefits		16,685
5	Unclassified		230,081
6	Total	\$ _	\$ 302,660

104—Division of Natural Resources— Hazardous Waste Emergency and Response Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8323

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 0-
2	Personal Services	_	340,000
3	Annual Increment	_	648
4	Employee Benefits	_	139,119
5	Unclassified	 	1,624,273
6	Total	\$ _	\$ 2,104,040

105—Division of Natural Resources— Solid Waste Reclamation and Environmental Response Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8326

1	Total Personal Services	\$ 	\$ -0-
2	Unclassified		 840,000
3	Total	\$ 	\$ 840,000

106—Division of Natural Resources— Solid Waste Enforcement Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8327

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	1,598,632
3	Annual Increment	_	12,000
4	Employee Benefits	_	484,368
5	Unclassified		 400,000
6	Total \$		\$ 2,495,000

107-Division of Banking

(WV Code Chapter 47A)

Acct. No. 8393

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$ _	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	10,586
3	Employee Benefits	_	4,372
4	Unclassified	 	 9,680
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 24,638

108-Division of Banking

(WV Code Chapter 31A)

Acct. No. 8395

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$ 0
2	Personal Services	_	854,419
3	Annual Increment	_	4,752
4	Employee Benefits	_	240,868
5	Unclassified		400,498
6	Total\$		\$ 1,500,537

109-Solid Waste Management Board

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acet. No. 8461

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services	_	•	163,284
3	Annual Increment	_		2,340
4	Employee Benefits	_		52,692
5	Unclassified			1,808,336
6	Total\$	_	\$	2,026,652

110—Division of Forestry

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8478

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$ 	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services		216,000
3	Annual Increment		1,296
4	Employee Benefits	_	45,535
5	Unclassified	 	446,996
6	Total	\$ 	\$ 709,827

111—Division of Energy— Special Reclamation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 22A)

Acct. No. 8537

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services	_	•	343,605
3	Annual Increment	_		4,900
4	Employee Benefits	_		121,709
5	Unclassified			7,772,905
6	Total \$	_	\$	8,243,119

Notwithstanding any provisions of TITLE I, Sec. 3 of

this bill, the secretary of the department of commerce,

labor and environmental resources shall have the 9 authority to transfer spending authority from the 10 Unclassified line above to the Personal Services and 11 Employee Benefits lines above in order to comply with 12 13 federal mandates to increase inspection personnel. 112—Division of Energy— Oil and Gas Reclamation Trust (WV Code Chapter 22B) Acct. No. 8538 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Unclassified—Total..... \$ 250.000 1 113—Division of Energy— Oil and Gas Operating Permits (WV Code Chapter 22B) Acct. No. 8539 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND -0-Total Personal Services \$ 1 180,000 2 Personal Services Annual Increment 2.088 3 62.058 Employee Benefits 4 Unclassified 255,854 5 500,000 Total \$ 6 114—Geological and Economic Survey (WV Code Chapter 29) Acct. No. 8589 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Personal Services \$ 30,000 1 Employee Benefits 2,796 2 Unclassified 105,554 3 Total \$ 138.350 4

The above appropriation shall be used in accordance with section four, article two, chapter twenty-nine of the code.

6,812

115—Bureau of Employment Programs— Workers' Compensation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 23)

Acct. No. 9000

TO BE PAID FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND

	TO BE PAID FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services \$ -0 - Personal Services - 8,469,489 Annual Increment - 141,138 Employee Benefits - 2,891,667 Unclassified - 6,525,351
6	Total \$ - \$ 18,027,645
7 8 9 10 11	There is hereby authorized to be paid out of the above appropriation, the amount necessary for the premiums on bonds given by the treasurer as bond custodian for the protection of the workers' compensation fund. This sum shall be transferred to the state board of insurance.
	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
	116—State Board of Rehabilitation— Division of Rehabilitation Services— West Virginia Rehabilitation Center—Special Account
	(WV Code Chapter 18)
	Acct. No. 8137
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
1	Personal Services—Total \$ — \$ 300,000
	117—State Department of Education— FFA-FHA Conference Center
	(WV Code Chapter 18)
	Acct. No. 8244
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
1 2	Total Personal Services \$ -0- Personal Services - \$ 477,369

Annual Increment

3

	Employee Benefits		185,645
5	Unclassified		 401,860
6	Total	\$ —	\$ 1,071,686

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS

118—State University System—
State System Registration Fee—
Special Capital Improvement Fund
(Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Acct. No. 8830

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Debt Service	\$	_	\$	4,290,000
2	Capital Repairs and				
3	Alterations		_		3,000,000
4	Miscellaneous Projects				500,000
5	Total	\$	_	\$	7,790,000
6	The total amount of this a	.ppr	opriation	sha	all be paid
7	from the special capital imp	rov	ement fu	nd	created in
8	section four, article twenty-fo	ur,	chapter e	eigh	teen of the
9	code. Projects are to be paid	on	a cash ba	asis	and made
10	available from the date of pas	sage	е.		

119—State College System—
State System Registration Fee—
Special Capital Improvement Fund
(Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Acct. No. 8835

1	Debt Service	\$ _	\$ 1,840,000
2	Capital Repairs and		
3	Alterations		1,800,000
4	Miscellaneous Projects	 	 250,000
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 3,890,000

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Any unexpended balances remaining in the prior years' and 1990-91 appropriations are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92.

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special capital improvement fund created by section four, article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the 11 code. Projects are to be paid on a cash basis and made 12 13 available from the date of passage.

> 120—State College and University Systems— State System Registration Fee— Revenue Bond Construction Fund

> > (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Acct. No. 8845

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the proceeds of revenue bonds issued pursuant to section four, article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the code. Projects are to be available from the date of passage.

Any unexpended balances remaining in the prior 6 years' and the 1990-91 appropriations are hereby 7 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 8 1991-92.

> 121—State College System— State System Tuition Fee-Special Capital Improvement Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Acct. No. 8855

1	Debt Service \$	_	\$ 3,310,000
2	Building and		
	Campus Renewal	_	3,000,000
4	Capital		
5	Improvements (New)		1,885,000

OII.	APPROPRIATIONS		177	
6 7 8	Facilities Planning & Administration	- <u>-</u>	165,000	
	Total\$ —	\$	8,360,000	
9 10 11 12 13	Any unexpended balances remaining years' and 1990-91 appropriations are hardled for expenditure during the fiscal except account number 8855-46 fiscal yearservice), which shall expire on June 30, 19	ereb Il ye Ir 19	y reappro- ar 1991-92,	
14 15 16 17 18	The total amount of this appropriation from the special capital improvement f article twelve-b, chapter eighteen of the are to be paid on a cash basis and made the date of passage.	und cod	created in e. Projects	
122—State College and University Systems— State Systems Tuition Fee— Revenue Bond Construction Fund				
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)			
	Acct. No. 8860			
	· TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUL	ND		
1 2 3 4	The total amount of this appropriation from the proceeds of revenue bonds issu article twelve-b, chapter eighteen of the are to be made available from the date of	ed p	ursuant to e. Projects	
5 6 7	"Any unexpended balances remaining and 1990-91 appropriations are hereby for expenditure during the fiscal year 199	reap	propriated	
123—State University System— State System Tuition Fee— Special Capital Improvement Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)				
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)			
	Acct. No. 8865			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUR	ND		
1 2	Debt Service \$ Building and	\$	7,710,000	
3	Campus Renewal		10,685,000	

124—State University System— West Virginia University Health Sciences Center Spending Authority

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 9280

TO BE PAID FROM THE MEDICAL SCHOOL FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$ —	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services	_		2,992,000
3	Annual Increment	_		8,000
4	Employee Benefits	_		5,375,000
5	Unclassified		_	6,625,000
6	Total	\$ -	\$	15,000,000
7	Any unexpended balances i	emaining in	the	fiscal year
8	1989-90 and fiscal year 1990	-91 appropri	ati	ons for the
9	West Virginia University He			
10	close of the fiscal year 199	0-91 are he	reb	y reappro-
11	priated for expenditure durin	g the fiscal y	ear	1991-92.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

125—Board of Barbers and Beauticians

(WV Code Chapters 16 and 30)

Acct. No. 8220

1	Total Personal Services	\$ _	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	151,120

	TIT KOT KIATIO	110		210
3 4 5	Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	_ 		2,556 47,826 75,360
6	Total §	-	\$	276,862
7 8 9	The total amount of this ap from a special revenue fund of the board of barbers and beaut	out of collect	ions	made by
	126—Health Care Cost Rev Planning	riew Authori	ty—	
	(WV Code Chapt	er 16)		
	Acct. No. 828	34		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL R	EVENUE FUN	D	
1 2	Total Personal Services \$ Unclassified	B	\$	_0 <u>_</u>
3	Total	-	\$	-0-
	127—Division of H Vital Statisti			
	(WV Code Chapt	er 16)		
	Acct. No 823	36		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL R	EVENUE FUNI)	
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services	_ _ _ _	\$	-0- 166,314 4,896 68,867 82,540
6	Total	-	\$	322,617
	128—Hospital Finance	e Authority		
	(WV Code Chapt	er 16)		
	Acet. No. 833	30		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL R	EVENUE FUNI)	
1 2 3	Total Personal Services \$ Personal Services Employee Benefits	3 — — —	\$	-0- 47,619 13,901

4	Unclassified				64,743
5	Total	\$	_	\$	126,263
6	The total amount of this a	pp	ropriation	shall	be paid
7	from the special revenue fund	l o	ut of fees a	ınd co	llections
8	as provided by article twenty	-n	ine-a, chap	oter si	xteen of
9	the code.				

129—Division of Health— Hospital Services Revenue Account (Special Fund)

(Capital Improvement, Renovation and Operations)

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8500

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND						
1 2	Debt Service \$ - \$ 2,740,000 Institutional Facilities					
3	Operations — 21,900,000					
4	Total \$ - \$ 24,640,000					
5	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-					
6	ation for hospital services revenue account at the close					
7	of the fiscal year 1990-91 is hereby reappropriated for					
8	expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92 except for					
9	account number 8500-37 and account no. 8500-40 (fiscal					
10	year 1984-85); account no. 8500-16, account no. 8500-49					
11	and account no. 8500-51 (fiscal year 1987-88); account					
12	no. 8500-52 and account no. 8500-53 (fiscal year 1988-					
13	89) which shall expire on June 30, 1991.					
14	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid					
15	from the hospital services revenue account special fund					
16	created by section fifteen-a, article one, chapter sixteen					
17	of the code, and shall be used only for operating					
18	expenses and for improvements in connection with					
19	existing facilities and bond payments.					
20	Projects are to be paid on a cash basis. Items and					
21	projects of this appropriation are to begin as funds					
22	become available in the special fund or from bond					
23	proceeds.					

<i>7</i> 11.	10] MITHOLINATIONS		101		
24 25 26 27 28	used for medical facilities operations, either in connec- tion with this account or in connection with the item designated Institutional Facilities Operations in the				
	130—Division of Health— Laboratory Services				
	(WV Code Chapter 16)	•	•		
	Acct. No. 8509				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUR	۱D			
1 2 3 4 5 6	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified — Total \$ — 131—Division of Health— Health Facility Licensing (WV Code Chapter 16) Acct. No. 8529	\$ \$	-0- 395,820 4,788 123,360 581,378 1,105,346		
		ID.			
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified — Total \$ —	\$ 	-0- 153,772 720 41,000 35,000 230,492		
J	132—West Virginia Health Care Planning Commission	•	,_ _		
	(WW Code Chapter 16)				

Acct. No. 8530

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 350,000

133—Health Care Cost Review Authority

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8564

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$ —	\$	0-
2	Personal Services			944,477
3	Annual Increment	_		5,616
4	Employee Benefits	_		312,375
5	Unclassified			1,046,519
6	Total	\$ —	\$	2,308,987
7	The above appropriation is	to be expe	ended	in accord-
8	ance with and pursuant to	the prov	isions	of article
9	twenty-nine-b, chapter sixtee	n of the co	de an	d from the
10	special revolving fund des	ignated h	ealth	care cost
11	review fund.			

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

134—Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority

(WV Code Chapter 31)

Acct. No. 8051

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$ _	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services	_	412,113
3	Annual Increment	_	2,952
4	Employee Benefits	_	139,330
5	Unclassified	_	195,823
	Debt Service	_	10,000,000
7	Total	\$ 	\$ 10,750,218

135—Division of Veterans' Affairs— Veterans' Home

(WV Code Chapter 19A)

Acct. No. 8261

1	Total Personal Services \$	— {	3 —0—
	Personal Services		489,000

/11	IOJ AFFROFRIATIONS			100		
3 4 5	Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	- -		9,752 206,821 —0—		
6	Total\$	_	\$	705,573		
	136—Division of Public Safet Inspection Fees	ty—				
	(WV Code Chapter 15)					
	Acct. No. 8350					
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE	FUNI)			
1 2 3 4 5 6	Total Personal Services \$ Personal Services \$ Annual Increment \$ Employee Benefits Unclassified \$		\$ \$	-0- 522,804 1,836 142,087 139,547 806,274		
7 8 9	8 from the special revenue fund out of fees collected for					
	137—Division of Public Safet Barracks Construction	ty—				
	(WV Code Chapter 17C)					
	Acet. No. 8352					
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE	E FUN	D			
1 2 3 4 5 6	Total Personal Services \$ Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified Total \$ 138—Division of Public Safe Drunk Driving Prevention F		\$ \$	-0- 58,632 1,476 25,428 411,174 496,710		
	(WV Code Chapter 15)					
	Acet. No. 8355					
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUI	E FUN	D			
1	Unclassified—Total \$	_	\$	622,740		

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5 6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special revenue fund out of receipts collected pursuant to sections nine-a and sixteen, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code and paid into a revolving fund account in the state treasury.

139—State Armory Board— General Armory Fund

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 8446

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Unclassified—Total...... \$ - \$ 240,000

140—Fire Commission— Fire Marshal Fees

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 8465

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 0-
2	Personal Services	—	289,280
3	Annual Increment	_	720
4	Employee Benefits		118,900
5	Unclassified		 216,900
6	Total	\$ 	\$ 625,800

141—Agency of Insurance Commissioner Consumer Advocate

(WV Code Chapter 33)

Acct. No. 8015

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$	72,500
2	Employee Benefits	_		27,255
3	Unclassified		_	123,000
4	Total	\$ 	\$	222,755

DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE

142—Agency of Insurance Commissioner

(WV Code Chapter 33)

Acct. No. 8016

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$	_	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services		_		1,219,512
3	Annual Increment		_		11,376
4	Employee Benefits				421,278
5	Unclassified		_		523,659
6	Total	\$		\$	2,175,825
7	The total amount of this a	ppr	opriation	sha	all be paid
8	from a special revenue fund of				
9	charges as provided by law.				

143—Insurance Commission— Examination Revolving Fund

(WV Code Chapter 33)

Acct. No. 8018

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$ 251,000
	Annual Increment	·	_	900
3	Employee Benefits			70,370
4	Unclassified		_	177,730
5	Total	\$		\$ 500,000

144-Municipal Bond Commission

(WV Code Chapter 13)

Acct. No. 8040

1	Personal Services	\$	 \$	102,270
2	Annual Increment	-		1,404
3	Employee Benefit			31,300
4	Unclassified		 	35,000
5	Total	\$	 \$	169,974

145—Racing Commission

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8080

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Medical Expenses—Total \$ - \$ 57,000
2 3 4	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special revenue fund out of collections of license fees and fines as provided by law.
5	No expenditures shall be made from this account
6	except for hospitalization, medical care and/or funeral
7	expenses for persons contributing to this fund.

146—Racing Commission— Administration and Promotion

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8082

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$	_	\$ 0-
2		,	_	46,000
3	Annual Increment		_	180
4	Employee Benefits			12,498
5	Unclassified		_	47,408
6	Total	\$	_	\$ 106,086

147—Office of Chief Inspector

(WV Code Chapter 6)

Acct. No. 8091

1	Total Personal Services	\$ -	- \$	3	0
	Personal Services	· _	_		1,228,310
3	Annual Increment	-	_		12,816
4	Employee Benefits	-	-		349,540
5	Unclassified	_			312,851
6	Total	\$ -	- {	B	1,903,517

148—Alcohol Beverage Control Commission— Wine License Special Fund

(WV Code Chapter 60)

Acct. No. 8592

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services \$		\$ 0
2	Personal Services	_	52,500
3	Annual Increment	_	648
4	Employee Benefits		19,460
5	Unclassified		 326,379
6	Total\$	_	\$ 398,987

149—Office of Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner

(WV Code Chapter 60)

Acct. No. 9270

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services Personal Services	\$ _	\$ _0_ 3,191,972
3	Annual Increment		49,032
4 5	Employee Benefits Unclassified		 2,103,861 2,829,888
6	Total	\$ _	\$ 8,174,753
7 8	The total amount of this a from a special revenue fund o		-

The above appropriation includes the salary of the commissioner, salaries of store personnel and store inspectors, store operating expenses and equipment, and salaries expenses and equipment of administration

12 salaries, expenses and equipment of administration

13 offices.

There is hereby appropriated from liquor revenues, in addition to the appropriation, the necessary amount for the purchase of liquor as provided by law.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

150—Division of Highways

(WV Code Chapters 17 and 17C)

Acct. No. 6700

TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1	Maintenance, Expressway,						
2	Trunkline and Feeder \$	_	\$ 66,000,000				
3	Maintenance, State						
4	Local Services	_	93,700,000				
5	Maintenance, Contract						
6	Paving and Secondary						
7	Road Maintenance	_	36,711,000				
8	Bridge Repair and						
9	Replacement	_	32,000,000				
10	Industrial Access Roads		2,000,000				
11	Inventory Revolving		1,250,000				
12	Equipment Revolving	_	11,950,000				
13	General Operations	_	30,675,000				
14	Debt Service	_	93,300,000				
15	Interstate Construction	_	50,000,000				
16	Other Federal Aid						
17	Programs	_	150,000,000				
18	Appalachian Programs	_	110,000,000				
19	Nonfederal Aid						
20	Construction		25,716,000				
21	Highway Litter Control	_	1,500,000				
22	Railroad Highway Grade						
23	Crossing Improvements		200,000				
24			\$705,002,000				
25	The above appropriations	are to be	expended in				
26	accordance with the provision						
27	<u>-</u>						
		, ,, ,					
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32							
33	3 inventories and materials and supplies.						

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There is hereby appropriated within the above items sufficient money for the payment of claims, accrued or arising during this budgetary period, to be paid in accordance with sections seventeen and eighteen, article two, chapter fourteen of the code.

189

It is the intent of the Legislature to capture and match all federal funds available for expenditure on the Appalachian Highway system at the earliest possible time. Therefore, should amounts in excess of those appropriated be required for the purposes of Appalachian programs, funds in excess of the amount appropriated may be made available upon recommendation of the commissioner and approval of the governor. Further, for the purpose of Appalachian programs, funds appropriated to line items may be transferred to other line items upon recommendation of the commissioner and approval of the governor.

151—Division of Motor Vehicles

(WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B, 17C, 20 and 24)

Acct. No. 6710

TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$ -0-	
2	Personal Services	_	2,547,166	
3	Annual Increment	_	39,564	
4	Employee Benefits		901,442	1
5	License Plate			
6	Replacement Program	_	881,780	
7	Unclassified	387,214	12,261,588	
8	Total \$	387.214	\$ 16,631,540)

152—Division of Motor Vehicles— Driver's License Reinstatement Fund

(WV Code Chapter 17B)

Acct. No. 8422

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services \$	- \$	0-
2	Personal Services		148,844

190	Appropriations		[Ch. 13
3 4 5 6	Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified — Total \$		1,764 44,238 85,154 280,000
	153—Division of Motor Vehicles— Driver Rehabilitation	-	
	(WV Code Chapter 17C)		
	Acct. No. 8423		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FU	ND	
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified —	\$	-0- 54,766 576 21,541 481,158
6	Total \$ —	\$	558,041
	154—Division of Motor Vehicles— Insurance Certificate Fees (WV Code Chapter 17A) Acct. No. 8424	• •	
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUL	ND.	
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits	\$	0- 489,504 6,768 195,916 90,433
6	Total \$ —	\$	782,621
	155—Division of Motor Vehicles— Motorboat Licenses	-	
	(WV Code Chapter 20)		
	Acct. No. 8425		
	to be paid from special revenue fu	ND	
	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services —	\$	—0— 62,238

3 4 5	Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified —		1,728 21,733 64,301
6	Total\$ —	\$	150,000
	156—Division of Motor Vehicles— Returned Check Fees		
	(WV Code Chapter 17)		
	Acct. No. 8426		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN	D	
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified —	\$	-0 13,898 108 4,830 9,164
6	Total	\$	28,000
N	IISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMN 157—Real Estate Commission (WV Code Chapter 47) Acct. No. 8010 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN		SIONS
1 2 3 4 5	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified —	\$	0- 169,332 1,728 54,528 90,057
6	Total\$ —	\$	315,645
7 8	The total amount of this appropriation out of collections of license fees as provided		-
	158—West Virginia Cable Television Advisory Board		
	(WV Code Chapter 5)		
	Acct. No. 8174		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN	D	
1 2	Total Personal Services \$ — Personal Services —	\$	—0— 152,000

192	Appropriati	ons			[Ch. 13
3	Annual Increment		_		2,160
4	Employee Benefits		_		39,968
5	Unclassified		_		63,564
6	Total	<u>e</u>		•	257 692

159—Public Service Commission

(WV Code Chapter 24)

Acct. No. 8280

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services	\$ -	- \$	-0-
2	Personal Services	· -	-	4,625,423
3	Annual Increment	_	-	42,523
4	Employee Benefits	_	-	1,427,307
5	Unclassified			1,437,389
6	Total	\$ -	- \$	7,532,642
7	The total amount of this a	.ppropria	tion sh	all be paid
8	from a special revenue fund of	out of coll	ection	s for special
9	license fees from public servi	ce corpor	ations	as provided
10	by law.			

160—Public Service Commission— Gas Pipeline Division

(WV Code Chapter 24B)

Acct. No. 8285

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$	0
2	Personal Services	_		123,363
3	Annual Increment	_		1,200
4	Employee Benefits			32,323
5	Unclassified	172,817		70,369
6	Total	172,817	\$	227,255
7	The total amount of this app	ropriation	sha	ll be paid
8	from a special revenue fund out			
9	or by the public service commis			
10	the exercise of regulatory a	uthority (over	pipeline
11	companies as provided by law.			

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161—Public Service Commission— Motor Carrier Division

(WV Code Chapter 24A)

Acct. No. 8290

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services	_		1,116,885
3	Annual Increment			18,000
4	Employee Benefits	_		365,006
5	Unclassified	628,985		320,678
6	Total \$	628,985	\$	1,820,569
7	The total amount of this appr	ropriation	sha	all be paid
8	from a special revenue fund out	of receipt	s co	ollected for
9	or by the public service commis	ssion pursi	ani	t to and in
10	the exercise of regulatory autho	rity over r	note	or carriers
11	as provided by law.			

162—Public Service Commission— Consumer Advocate

(WV Code Chapter 24)

Acct. No. 8295

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Total Personal Services \$	_	\$	-0-
2	Personal Services			308,195
3		_		1,512
4	Employee Benefits	_		87,814
5	Unclassified			260,795
6	Total		\$	658,316
7	The total amount of this appro			
	Total		shal	ll be pai

7 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 8 from a special revenue fund out of collections made by the public service commission.

Sec. 5. Appropriations from Lottery Net Profits.—Net profits of the lottery, not to exceed twenty-eight million dollars, are to be deposited by the lottery director to the following accounts in the amounts indicated. The auditor shall prorate each deposit of net profits by the lottery director amount account nos. 8243,

- 7 8525, 8825, 8546 and 9132 in the proportion the
- 8 appropriations for each account bear to the total of the
- 9 appropriations for the five accounts.

163-State Department of Education

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Acct. No. 8243

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

1	Elementary Computer
2	Education—Total \$ - \$ 3,520,000
3	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-
4	ation Elementary Computer Education (account no.
5	8243-06) at the close of the fiscal year 1990-91 is hereby
6	reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year
7	1991-92.

164—Division of Health

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 8525

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

1	In-Home Services For		
2	Senior Citizens	\$ _	\$ 1,800,000
3	Unclassified		 1,600,000
4	Total	\$ _	\$ 3,400,000

165-Division of Tourism and Parks

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 8546

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

1	Capital Outlay—Parks	\$		\$	1,340,000
_	Unclassified		-	•	11,020,000
3	Total	\$		\$	12,360,000
4	Any unexpended balance	ren	naining in	th	e appropri-
5	ation (account no. 8546-06) at	t th	e close of t	he	fiscal year
6	1990-91 is hereby reappre	age	iated for	ex	xpenditure

during the fiscal year 1991-92.

166—Division of Human Services (WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)

Acct. No. 9132

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

- 1 Health Care and Title
- 2 XIX Waiver for
- 3 Senior Citizens—Total \$ \$ 5,200,000

167—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Acct. No. 8825

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

Unclassified—Total\$ — \$ 3,520,000
 Sec. 6. Awards for claims against the state.—There are hereby appropriated, for the remainder of the fiscal

year 1990-91 and to remain in effect until June 30, 1992

from the fund as designated in the amounts as specified and for the claimants named in enrolled house bill no.

6 2727, regular session 1991—crime victims compensation

7 funds of \$253,000.00 for payment of claims against the

8 state.

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There are hereby appropriated for the fiscal year 1991-92 from the funds as designated in the amounts specified and for claimants as named in committee substitute for enrolled house bill no. 2726, regular session 1991 and enrolled senate bill no. 625, regular session 1991—workers' compensation funds of \$21,277.71.

There are hereby appropriated for the fiscal year 1991-92 from the funds as designated in the amounts as specified and for the claimants as named in enrolled house bill no. 2726, regular session 1991 and enrolled senate bill no. 625, regular session 1991—general research funds of \$1,842,126,75

21 revenue funds of \$1,842,136.75.

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The total of general revenue funds above does not include payment for claims in the amount of \$22,523.65 from the supreme court—general judicial, account no. 1110, specifically made payable from the appropriation for the current fiscal year 1990-91.

There are hereby appropriated for the fiscal year 1991-92 from the funds as designated in the amounts as specified and for claimants as named in enrolled senate bill 625, regular session 1991—special revenue funds of \$9,319.99; state road funds of \$810,668.68 and federal funds of \$3,558.03.

Sec. 7. Appropriations and reappropriations—revenue sharing trust fund.—Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation Chief Mingo Recreation Park—Capital Outlay (account no. 9705-30) and Building Repairs and Alterations (account no. 9740-10) at the close of the fiscal year 1990-91 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92.

The following item is hereby appropriated from the revenue sharing trust fund and is to be available for expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92 out of surplus funds only, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section.

It is the intent and mandate of this Legislature that the following appropriation made by this section shall be payable only from the surplus accrued as of July 31, 16 1991.

In the event that surplus funds as of July 31, 1991 are not sufficient to meet all of the appropriations made by this section, then the appropriation shall be made to the extent that surplus funds are available as of July 31, 1991.

168—Division of Corrections— Correctional Units

(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 29, and 62)

Acct. No. 9719

1 Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 238,608

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Sec. 8. Appropriations from surplus accrued.—
The following items are hereby appropriated from the state fund, general revenue, and are to be available for expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92 out of surplus funds only, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section.

It is the intent and mandate of the Legislature that the following approriations be payable only from surplus accrued as of the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

In the event that surplus revenues available on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one are not sufficient to meet all appropriations made pursuant to this section, then surplus shall be allocated first to provide the necessary funds to meet the first appropriation of this section; next, to provide the funds necessary for the second appropriation of this section; and subsequently to provide the funds necessary for each appropriation in succession before any funds are provided for the next subsequent appropriation.

Any surplus balance remaining, after the allocation to meet the appropriation set forth in this section, shall be transferred and made available to the state fund, general revenue during the fiscal year 1991-92. This transfer of the surplus balance shall be taken into consideration in making any determination pursuant to section nine-d, article six, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, with respect to the sufficiency or insufficiency of funds available for the timely payment for necessary improvements in public education.

169—Division of Human Services (WV Code Chapters 9, 48, and 49)

Acct. No. 4050

6,500,000

171—Division of Finance (WV Code Chapter 5A)			
Acct. No. 2110 1 GAAP Project \$ 900,000			
Sec. 9. Appropriations from federal block grants.—The following items are hereby appropriated from federal block grants to be available for expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92.			
172—Office of Community and Industrial Development— Community Development			
Acct. No. 8029			
TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS			
1 Unclassified—Total			
173—Office of Community and Industrial Development— Community Service			
Acct. No. 8031			
TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS			
1 Unclassified—Total \$ 6,996,154			
$174-State\ Department\ of\ Education-Education\ Grant$			
Acct. No. 8242			
TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS			
1 Unclassified—Total \$ 66,584,609			
175—Division of Employment Security— Job Training Partnership Act			
Acet. No. 8255			
TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS			
1 Unclassified—Total \$ 46,717,454			
176—Division of Health— Maternal and Child Health			
Acct. No. 8502			
TO DE BALD BROW TERRES AVENUES			

1 Unclassified—Total \$

	177—Division of Health— Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health	ı
	Acet. No. 8503	
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS	
1	Unclassified—Total \$	6,500,000
	178—Division of Health— Community Youth Activity Program	
	Acct. No. 8504	
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS	
1	Unclassified—Total \$	95,000
	179—Division of Health— Preventive Health	
	Acet. No. 8506	
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS	
1	Unclassified—Total \$	900,000
	180—Division of Health— Mental Health Services for the Homeless	
	Acct. No. 8508	
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS	
1	Unclassified—Total \$	400,000
	181—Division of Human Services— Energy Assistance	
	Acct. No. 9147	
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS	
1	Unclassified—Total \$	10,500,000
	182—Division of Human Services— Social Services	
	Acct. No. 9161	
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS	
1	Unclassified—Total \$	21,000,000

Sec. 10. Special revenue appropriations.—There are hereby appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two appropriations made by general law from special revenue which are not paid into the state fund as general revenue under the provisions of section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code: *Provided*, That none of the money so appropriated by this section shall be available for expenditure except in compliance with and in conformity to the provisions of articles two and three, chapter twelve and article two, chapter five-a of the code, unless the spending unit has filed with the director of the budget, the auditor and the legislative auditor prior to the beginning of each fiscal year:

- 15 (a) An estimate of the amount and sources of all revenues accruing to such fund;
- (b) A detailed expenditure schedule showing for whatpurposes the fund is to be expended.
 - Sec. 11. State improvement fund appropriations.—Bequests or donations of nonpublic funds, received by the governor on behalf of the state during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, for the purpose of making studies and recommendations relative to improvements of the administration and management of spending units in the executive branch of state government, shall be deposited in the state treasury in a separate account therein designated state improvement fund.

There are hereby appropriated all moneys so deposited during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two to be expended as authorized by the governor, for such studies and recommendations which may encompass any problems of organization, procedures, systems, functions, powers or duties of a state spending unit in the executive branch, or the betterment of the economic, social, educational, health and general welfare of the state or its citizens.

Sec. 12. Specific funds and collection accounts.—
A fund or collection account which by law is dedicated
to a specific use is hereby appropriated in sufficient

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4 amount to meet all lawful demands upon the fund or collection account and shall be expended according to the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the code.

Sec. 13. Appropriations for refunding erroneous payment.— Money that has been erroneously paid into the state treasury is hereby appropriated out of the fund into which it was paid, for refund to the proper person.

When the officer authorized by law to collect money for the state finds that a sum has been erroneously paid, he shall issue his requisition upon the auditor for the refunding of the proper amount. The auditor shall issue his warrant to the treasurer and the treasurer shall pay the warrant out of the fund into which the amount was originally paid.

Sec. 14. Sinking fund deficiencies.—There is 1 hereby appropriated to the governor a sufficient amount 2 3 to meet any deficiencies that may arise in the mortgage 4 finance bond insurance fund of the West Virginia 5 housing development fund which is under the supervision and control of the municipal bond commission as 6 provided by section twenty-b, article eighteen, chapter 7 thirty-one of the code, or in the funds of the municipal 8 bond commission because of the failure of any state 9 agency for either general obligations or revenue bonds 10 or any local taxing district for general obligation bonds 11 to remit funds necessary for the payment of interest and 12 sinking fund requirements. The governor is authorized 13 to transfer from time to time such amounts to the 14 municipal bond commission as may be necessary for 15 16 these purposes.

The municipal bond commission shall reimburse the state of West Virginia through the governor from the first remittance collected from the West Virginia housing development fund or from any state agency or local taxing district for which the governor advanced funds, with interest at the rate carried by the bonds for security or payment of which the advance was made.

Sec. 15. Appropriations to pay costs of publication of delinquent corporations.—There is hereby

- 3 appropriated out of the state fund, general revenue, out
- 4 of funds not otherwise appropriated, to be paid upon
- 5 requisition of the auditor and/or the governor, as the
- 6 case may be, a sum sufficient to pay the cost of publication of delinquent corporations as provided by
- 8 sections eighty-four and eighty-six, article twelve.
- 9 chapter eleven of the code.
- 1 Sec. 16. Appropriations for local governments.—
- 2 There are hereby appropriated for payment to counties,
- 3 districts and municipal corporations such amounts as
- 4 will be necessary to pay taxes due counties, districts and
- 5 municipal corporations and which have been paid into
- 6 the treasury:
- 7 (a) For redemption of lands;
 - (b) By public service corporations;
- 9 (c) For tax forfeitures.
- Sec. 17. Total appropriations.—Where only a total sum is appropriated to a spending unit, the total sum
- 3 shall include personal services, annual increment.
- 4 employee benefits, current expenses, repairs and
- 5 alterations, equipment and capital outlay, where not
- 6 otherwise specifically provided and except as otherwise
- 7 provided in TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS, Sec.
- 8 3.

- 1 Sec. 18. General school fund.—The balance of the
- 2 proceeds of the general school fund remaining after the
- 3 payment of the appropriations made by this act is
- 4 appropriated for expenditure in accordance with section
 - sixteen, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of the code.

TITLE III - ADMINISTRATION.

- §1. Appropriations conditional.
- §2. Constitutionality.

TITLE III — ADMINISTRATION.

- 1 Section 1. Appropriations conditional.—The ex-
- 2 penditure of the appropriations made by this act, except
- 3 those appropriations made to the legislative and judicial
- 4 branches of the state government, are conditioned upon

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the compliance by the spending unit with the requirements of article two, chapter five-a of the code.

Where spending units or parts of spending units have been absorbed by or combined with other spending units, it is the intent of this act that reappropriations shall be to the succeeding or later spending unit created unless otherwise indicated

Sec. 2. Constitutionality.—If any part of this act is declared unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, its decision shall not affect any portion of this act which remains, but the remaining portion shall be in full force and effect as if the portion declared unconstitutional had never been a part of the act.

CHAPTER 14

(H. B. 2793-By Delegates Rutledge and Williams)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five, fourteen, fifteen and thirty-three, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section twelve, article eight and section four, article eight-a of said chapter, all relating to banking institutions, increasing certain fees for investigation of bank incorporation; eliminating certificates of unimpaired capital and replacing certificates with annual reports; deposits in trust; limitation on liability of institutions making payments from certain accounts; and reducing investigation fees for mergers and share acquisition.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five, fourteen, fifteen and thirty-three, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section twelve, article eight and section four, article eight-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 4. Banking Institutions and Services Generally.
- Hearings; Administrative Procedures; Judicial Review; Unlawful Acts; Penalties.
- 8A. Acquisition of Bank Shares.

ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.

- §31A-4-5. Requirements and procedure for incorporation of state banks.
- §31A-4-14. Trust powers of banking institutions.
- §31A-4-15. Certificate showing unimpaired capital to be filed before exercising trust powers; penalties; notice of failure to comply.
- §31A-4-33. Deposits in trust; deposits in more than one name; limitation on liability of institutions making payments from certain accounts.

§31A-4-5. Requirements and procedure for incorporation of state banks.

- 1 A state bank may be organized by five or more
- 2 incorporators, a majority of whom shall be residents of
- 3 the state of West Virginia. Such banking institution
- 4 shall have as a part of its corporate name or title one
- 5 or more of the following words indicative of the business
- 6 which it is authorized to conduct, namely, "bank,"
- 7 "banking company," "banking association," "trust
- 8 company," "banking and trust company" or "bank and
- 9 trust company."
- 10 The incorporators shall file with the board an
- 11 agreement of incorporation, in duplicate, following
- 12 generally the form prescribed by the secretary of state
- 13 for chartering corporations under provisions of article
- 14 one, chapter thirty-one of this code. The information set
- 15 forth in the agreement shall include the following:
- 16 (1) The name of the proposed bank;
- 17 (2) The community and county in which the bank is
- to be located, together with the post-office address of the
- 19 place of business of the bank;
- 20 (3) Whether such bank proposes also to engage in the trust business;
- 22 (4) The name, residence and occupation of each
- 23 incorporator, and the amount of capital stock subscribed

24 and paid for by each;

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- 25 (5) The names of the persons who are to serve as 26 officers and directors of the banking institution and the 27 official position proposed to be held by each; and
 - (6) The total authorized capital stock of the institution.

29 The agreement of incorporation shall be signed and 30 acknowledged by each of the incorporators and, when filed with the board, shall be accompanied by the statutory corporation charter fees, and an examination and investigation fee of five thousand dollars payable to the board. However, if the agreement is for the incorporation of a bank to be organized solely for the purpose of facilitating the acquisition of another bank, the examination and investigation fee is five hundred 38 dollars payable to the board. When transmitting the 39 agreement to the board, the incorporators shall desig-40 nate by name and give the address of the attorney, agent or other responsible party with whom the board may communicate, on whom the board may call for further information, and to whom the board may officially report as to action on the agreement so filed with him. The agreement shall constitute and may be considered and treated by the board as an application for the board's approval to incorporate and organize a banking institution in this state.

§31A-4-14. Trust powers of banking institutions.

Every state banking institution, except industrial banks created and organized pursuant to the provisions of article seven, chapter thirty-one of this code, which files the reports required in the following section and which is not otherwise prohibited by the commissioner or federal bank regulators from doing so, shall have and exercise the following powers:

- 8 (a) All the powers, rights and privileges of any state banking institution; 9
 - (b) To act as trustee, assignee, special commissioner, general or special receiver, guardian, executor, administrator, committee, agent, curator, or in any other fiduciary capacity, and to take, assume, accept and execute trusts of every description not inconsistent with

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- the constitution and laws of the United States of America or of this state; and to receive, hold, manage and apply any sinking fund on the terms and for the purposes specified in the instrument creating such fund;
- 19 (c) To act as registrar, transfer agent or dividend or coupon paying agent for any corporation;
 - (d) To make, hold and dispose of investments and establish common trust funds, and account therefor, pursuant to the provisions of chapter forty-four of this code;
 - (e) To purchase and sell and take charge of and receive the rents, issues and profits of any real estate for other persons or corporations;
- 28 (f) To act as trustee or agent in any collateral trust and in order to secure the payment of any obligations 29 of any person, firm, private corporation, public corpo-30 31 ration, public body or public agency to receive and hold 32 in trust any items of personal property (including 33 without limitation notes, bonds, debentures, obligations 34 and certificates for shares of stock) with the right in case of default to sell and dispose of such personal 35 36 property and to collect, settle and adjust any obligations 37 for the payment of money, and at any sale of such personal property held by it, to purchase the same for 38 the benefit of all or any of the holders of the obligations, 39 to secure the payment of which such items of personal 40 41 property were pledged and delivered to the trustee or agent. Any such sale may be made without any proceed-42 ings in any court, and at such times and upon such 43 terms as may be specified in the instrument or instru-44 ments creating the trust, or, in the absence of any 45 46 specification of terms, at such time and upon such terms as the trustee shall deem reasonable; and 47
 - (g) To do and perform any act or thing requisite or necessary in, or incidental to, the exercise of the general powers herein set forth.

All national banks having their principal offices in this state which have been, or hereafter may be, authorized under the laws of the United States to act

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- as trustee and in other fiduciary capacities in the state 54
- 55 of West Virginia shall have all the rights, powers.
- privileges and immunities conferred hereunder, pro-56
- 57 vided they comply with the requirements hereof.

§31A-4-15. Certificate showing unimpaired capital to be filed before exercising trust powers; penalties; notice of failure to comply.

1 No banking institution shall exercise any of the trust

2 powers mentioned in the preceding section until it shall

3 have filed with the commissioner of banking an annual

4 report of trust assets each calendar year as filed with

5 federal regulators. If any such banking institution shall 6

exercise, or attempt to exercise, any such powers or

7 rights without having complied with the requirements

8 of this section as to the filing of such report, it shall be

9 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof,

shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars; and 10

11 in every such case, whether or not there shall have been

12 a prosecution or conviction of the company so offending,

the commissioner of banking, being satisfied of the facts, 13

14 may publish a notice of the fact that it has failed to

comply with the requirements of this section and is 15

therefore not entitled to exercise the trust powers and 16

rights mentioned in the preceding section. In the event 17 a notice is published as aforesaid, it shall be published

18 19 as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the

20 provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code,

and the publication area for such publication shall be 21

the county in which such institution is located. 22

§31A-4-33. Deposits in trust; deposits in more than one name: limitation on liability of institutions making payments from certain accounts.

If any deposit in any banking institution be made by any person describing himself in making such deposit as trustee for another, and no other or further notice of the existence and terms of a legal and valid trust than such description shall be given in writing to the banking institution, in the event of the death of the person so described as trustee, such deposit, or any part thereof.

together with the interest thereon, may be paid to the R

9 person for whom the deposit was thus stated to have 10 been made.

11 When a deposit is made by any person in the name 12 of such depositor and another or others and in form to 13 be paid to any one of such depositors, or the survivor or survivors of them, such deposit, and any additions 14 15 thereto, made by any of such persons, upon the making thereof, shall become the property of such persons as 16 17 joint tenants; and the same, together with all interest 18 thereon, shall be held for the exclusive use of the persons 19 so named, and may be paid to any one of them during 20 the lifetime of them, or to the survivor or survivors after 21 the death of any of them; and such payment and the 22 receipt or the acquittance of the one to whom such 23 payment is made shall be a valid and sufficient release 24 and discharge for all payments made on account of such deposit, prior to the receipt by the banking institution 25 26 of notice in writing, signed by any one of such joint 27 tenants not to pay such deposit in accordance with the 28 terms thereof. Prior to the receipt of such notice no 29 banking institution shall be liable for the payment of 30 such sums.

ARTICLE 8. HEARINGS; ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES; JUDICIAL REVIEW; UNLAWFUL ACTS; PENALTIES.

§31A-8-12. Procedure for authorization of branch banks; penalties for violation of section.

(a) No banking institution shall engage in business at 1 2 any place other than at its principal office in this state. 3 at a branch bank in this state permitted by this section as a customer bank communication terminal permitted 4 5 by section twelve-b of this article or at any loan 6 organization office permitted by section twelve-c of this article: Provided. That acceptance of a deposit at the 7 offices of any subsidiary, as defined in section two, 8 article eight-a of this chapter, for credit to the custom-9 er's account at any other subsidiary of the same bank 10 holding company is permissible and does not constitute 11 12 branch banking.

13 Any banking institution which on January one, one

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- 14 thousand nine hundred eighty-four, was authorized to 15 operate an off-premises walk-in or drive-in facility. 16 pursuant to the law then in effect, may, as of the seventh 17 day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, 18 operate such facility as a branch bank and it shall not 19 be necessary, for the continued operation of such branch 20 bank, to obtain additional approvals, notwithstanding 21 the provisions of subsection (d) of this section and 22 subdivision (6), subsection (b), section two, article three 23 of this chapter.
 - (b) Except for a bank holding company, it shall be unlawful for any individual, partnership, society, association, firm, institution, trust, syndicate, public or private corporation, or any other legal entity, or combination of entities acting in concert, to directly or indirectly own, control or hold with power to vote, twenty-five percent or more of the voting shares of each of two or more banks, or to control in any manner the election of a majority of the directors of two or more banks.
- 34 (c) A banking institution may establish branch banks 35 either by:
 - (1) The construction, lease or acquisition of branch bank facilities as follows:
 - (A) After the seventh of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, within the county in which that banking institution's principal office is located or within the county in which that banking institution had prior to January first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, established a branch bank, pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection; and
- 45 (B) After the thirty-first of December, one thousand 46 nine hundred eighty-six, within any county in this state; 47 or
 - (2) The purchase of the business and assets and assumption of the liabilities of, or merger or consolidation with, another banking institution.
- 51 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 52 chapter to the contrary, subject to and in furtherance

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of the board's authority under the provisions of subdivision (6), subsection (b), section two, article three of this chapter, and subsection (g) of this section, the board may approve or disapprove the application of any state banking institution to establish a branch bank.

- (e) The principal office of a banking institution as of the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, shall continue to be the principal office of such banking institution for purposes of establishing branch banks under this section, notwithstanding any subsequent change in the location of such banking institution's principal office.
- (f) Any banking institution which is authorized to establish branch banks pursuant to this section may provide the same banking services and exercise the same powers at each such branch bank as may be provided and exercised at its principal banking house.
- (g) The board shall, upon receipt of any application to establish a branch bank, provide notice of such application to all banking institutions. A banking institution may, within ten days after receipt of such notice, file a petition to intervene and shall, if it so files such petition, thereupon become a party to any hearing relating thereto before the board.
- (h) The commissioner shall prescribe the form of the application for a branch bank and shall collect an examination and investigation fee of one thousand dollars for each filed application for a branch bank that is to be established by the construction, lease or acquisition of a branch bank facility, and two thousand five hundred dollars for a branch bank that is to be established by the purchase of the business and assets and assumption of the liabilities of, or merger or consolidation with another banking institution. Notwithstanding the above, if the merger or consolidation is between an existing banking institution and a bank newly incorporated solely for the purpose of facilitating the acquisition of the existing banking institution, the commissioner shall collect an examination and investigation fee of five hundred dollars. The

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- 93 board shall complete the examination and investigation 94 within ninety days from the date on which such 95 application and fee are received, unless the board 96 request in writing additional information and disclo-97 sures concerning the proposed branch bank from the applicant banking institution, in which event such 98 99 ninety-day period shall be extended for an additional 100 period of thirty days plus the number of days between 101 the date of such request and the date such additional information and disclosures are received. 102
 - (i) Upon completion of the examination and investigation with respect to such application, the board shall, if a hearing be required pursuant to subsection (j) of this section, forthwith give notice and hold a hearing pursuant to the following provisions:
 - (1) Notice of such hearing shall be given to the banking institution with respect to which the hearing is to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section two, article seven, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and such hearing and the administrative procedures in connection therewith shall be governed by all of the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and shall be held at a time and place set by the board but shall not be less than ten nor more than thirty days after such notice is given.
 - (2) At any such hearing a party may represent himself or be represented by an attorney-at-law admitted to practice before any circuit court of this state.
 - (3) After such hearing and consideration of all the testimony and evidence, the board shall make and enter an order approving or disapproving the application, which order shall be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions of law as specified in section three, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and a copy of such order and accompanying findings and conclusions shall be served upon all parties to such hearing, and their attorneys of record, if any.
 - (j) No state banking institution may establish a branch bank until the board, following an examination, investigation, notice and hearing, enters an order approving

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- an application for that branch bank: *Provided*, That no such hearing shall be required with respect to any application to establish a branch bank which is approved by the board unless a banking institution has timely filed a petition to intervene pursuant to subsection (g) of this section. The order shall be accompanied by findings of fact that:
- 140 (1) Public convenience and advantage will be pro-141 moted by the establishment of the proposed branch 142 bank;
- 143 (2) Local conditions assure reasonable promise of 144 successful operation of the proposed branch bank and of 145 those banks and branches thereof already established in 146 the community;
- 147 (3) Suitable physical facilities will be provided for the branch bank;
 - (4) The applicant state-chartered banking institution satisfies such reasonable and appropriate requirements as to sound financial condition as the commissioner or board may from time to time establish by regulation;
 - (5) The establishment of the proposed branch bank would not result in a monopoly, nor be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize the business of banking in any section of this state; and
- 157 (6) The establishment of the proposed branch bank would not have the effect in any section of the state of 158 159 substantially lessening competition, nor tend to create a 160 monopoly or in any other manner be in restraint of 161 trade, unless the anticompetitive effects of the establish-162 ment of that proposed branch bank are clearly out-163 weighed in the public interest by the probable effect of 164 the establishment of the proposed branch bank in meeting the convenience and needs of the community to 165 be served by that proposed branch bank. 166
- 167 (k) Any party who is adversely affected by the order 168 of the board shall be entitled to judicial review thereof 169 in the manner provided in section four, article five, 170 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Any such party 171 adversely affected by a final judgment of a circuit court

- 172 following judicial review as provided in the foregoing
- 173 sentence may seek review thereof by appeal to the
- 174 supreme court of appeals in the manner provided in
- 175 article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 176 (1) Pursuant to the resolution of its board of directors
- and with the prior written approval of the commis-177
- 178 sioner, a state banking institution may discontinue the
- 179 operation of a branch bank upon at least thirty days'
- prior public notice given in such form and manner as 180
- 181 the commissioner prescribes.
- 182 (m) Any violation of any provision of this section shall
- constitute a misdemeanor offense punishable by appli-183
- cable penalties as provided in section fifteen of this 184
- 185 article

ARTICLE 8A. ACQUISITION OF BANK SHARES.

§31A-8A-4. Acquisition of bank shares; when prior notification of board necessary; exemptions.

- 1 (a) Unless an order approving such action has been
- entered by the board, it is unlawful, prior to one 2
- hundred and twenty days following the date of the 3
- submission to the board of complete, true and accurate 4
- copies of the reports required under federal laws or 5 regulations pursuant to Title 12. United States Code.
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- §§1841-1850 (being the act of Congress entitled the Bank 7
- Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended), and the 8
- payment of an examination and investigation fee to the 9
- board of four thousand five hundred dollars: 10
- 11 (1) For any action to be taken that causes any company to become a bank holding company; 12
- (2) For any action to be taken that causes any bank 13 to become a subsidiary of a bank holding company; 14
- (3) For any bank holding company to acquire direct 15
- or indirect ownership or control of any shares of any 16
- bank if, after such acquisition, such company will 17
- directly or indirectly own or control more than five 18
- percent of the voting shares of such bank; 19
- (4) For any bank holding company or subsidiary 20

- thereof, other than a bank, to acquire all or substantially all of the assets of a bank;
 - (5) For any bank holding company to merge or consolidate with any other bank holding company; or
 - (6) For any bank holding company to take any action which would violate the Federal Bank Holding Company Act.
 - (b) If a bank holding company, pursuant to subsection (a), subdivision (3) above, acquires more than five percent, but less than twenty-five percent of the voting shares of a bank, and is not determined to be acquiring control over the bank, the examination and investigation fee to be paid to the board shall be determined by multiplying the examination and investigation fee established in subsection (a) by the percentage of voting shares to be acquired.
 - (c) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to:
 - (1) Shares acquired by a bank:
 - (A) In good faith in a fiduciary capacity, except where shares are held under a trust that constitutes a company as defined in section two of this article and except as provided in subdivisions (2) and (3), subsection (b), section three of this article; or
 - (B) In the regular course of securing or collecting a debt previously contracted in good faith, but any shares acquired after the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, in securing or collecting any such previously contracted debt shall be disposed of within a period of five years from the date on which they were acquired; or
 - (2) Additional shares acquired by a bank holding company in a bank in which such bank holding company owned or controlled a majority of the voting shares prior to such acquisition. For the purpose of the preceding sentence, bank shares acquired after the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, shall not be deemed to have been acquired in good faith in a

- fiduciary capacity if the acquiring bank or company has sole discretionary authority to exercise voting rights with respect thereto, but in such instances acquisitions may be made without prior notice to the board if the board, upon notice and submission of information in form and content as it shall approve, filed within ninety days after the shares are acquired, approved retention or, if retention is disapproved, the acquiring bank disposes of the shares or its sole discretionary voting rights within five years after issuance of the order of disapproval.
 - (d) If, within one hundred twenty days from the date of submission pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, after notice and a hearing pursuant to the provisions of section three, article three of this chapter, the board enters an order disapproving the proposed action described in subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6), subsection (a) of this section, it shall be unlawful to take such action. The board shall disapprove the proposed action described in subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6), subsection (a) of this section on the following grounds:
 - (1) The action would result in a monopoly, or would be in furtherance of any combination of conspiracy to monopolize or to attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any section of this state;
 - (2) The action would have the effect in any section of the state of substantially lessening competition, or would tend to create a monopoly or in any other manner would be in restraint of trade, unless the anticompetitive effects of the proposed action are clearly outweighed in the public interest by the probable effect of the action in meeting the convenience and needs of the community to be served: or
 - (3) Taking into consideration the financial and managerial resources and further prospects of the company or companies and the banks concerned, the action would be contrary to the best interests of the shareholders or customers of the bank whose shares are affected by such action.
 - (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no

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109 110 bank holding company, or any other company, shall establish, acquire or control any banking institution as defined in section three of this article, when said banking institution does not both (i) accept deposits that the depositor has a legal right to withdraw on demand and (ii) engage in the business of making commercial loans.

(f) Nothing contained in this section shall affect the obligation of any person or company to comply with the provisions of any order of any court or the commissioner entered prior to the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four.

CHAPTER 15

(S. B. 618—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, five, six, seven, eight, nine, eleven, thirteen and fourteen, article three, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections five-a and seven-a, all relating to the municipal bond commission; exempting the executive secretary of the municipal bond commission from the list of officers whose salaries are set by statute; providing for meetings and voting quorums; authorizing the commission to charge fees for services rendered; changing the powers and duties of the commission; expanding the list of permissible investments: requiring quarterly proration of interest income: permitting escrowing advanced payments of bond principal and interest; requiring notification by issuers of bond sales; providing for collection, deposit and accounting of funds; providing for the determination of levy amount; permitting withdrawal of excess funds; requiring commission to annually estimate the amount of levy necessary for an issuer to make required debt service payments, prescribing rules for making such estimates; expanding grounds for appointment of substitute paying agents; and requiring sixty days notice for withdrawal of funds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, five, six, seven, eight, nine, eleven, thirteen and fourteen, article three, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections five-a and seven-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. MUNICIPAL BOND COMMISSION.

- §13-3-3. Officers; employees; chief administrative officer; meetings; quorum; compensation and expenses; legal representation.
- §13-3-5. Officer and employee bonds.
- §13-3-5a. Costs and expenses; fees for services.
- §13-3-6. Powers and duties of commission.
- §13-3-7. Permissible investments; limitations and prohibitions on purchase, sale or exchange of securities; public records; combining funds and proration of interest; custody of securities.
- §13-3-7a. Escrowing bond issues.
- §13-3-8. Notification by issuer of bond sale.
- §13-3-9. Collection, deposit and accounting funds; insufficient deposit; withdrawal of additional funds.
- §13-3-11. Statement by commission to political subdivision showing levy required; determination of levy.
- §13-3-13. Substitute paying agents.
- §13-3-14. Authorizing the transfer and investment of funds raised by levy, sale of bonds or otherwise.

§13-3-3. Officers; employees; chief administrative officer; meetings; quorum; compensation and expenses; legal representation.

- (a) The secretary of the department of tax and revenue
 or his or her designee shall be chair of the commission.
- 3 (b) The members of the commission shall appoint a chief administrative officer and may fix his title and 4 duties. Notwithstanding the provisions of section two-a. 5 article seven, chapter six of this code, the commission 6 shall have the authority to set the compensation of the 7 chief administrative officer. The chief administrative 8 officer shall serve as secretary to the board and 9 treasurer of the commission. The chair may designate 10
- 11 a board member to serve as secretary in the absence of

- the chief administrative officer. The chair is authorized, with the approval of the commission, to employ such other employees as may be necessary and such consul-
- tants as the commission deems advisable and fix their
- 16 compensation and prescribe their duties.
- 17 (c) Appointed members of the commission shall be
 18 paid fifty dollars for each day or substantial portion
 19 thereof that they are engaged in the work of the
 20 commission. Each member of the commission may be
 21 reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses
 22 actually incurred in the performance of duties on behalf
 23 of the commission.
 - (d) The commission shall hold at least three meetings in each fiscal year, one of which meetings shall be held within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year and shall be the annual meeting. Such meetings shall be held on such dates and at such places as the chair may prescribe. Additional meetings may be held at the call of the chair or upon the written request of three members at such time and place as designated in such call or request. Three members of the commission constitute a quorum.
 - 34 (e) The attorney general shall be the legal advisor to 35 the commission.

§13-3-5. Officer and employee bonds.

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- 1 The chief administrative officer and the employees
- 2 designated by the commission shall furnish bonds in
- 3 such form and in such amounts as the commission shall,
- 4 from time to time, determine. The costs of such bonds
- 5 shall be paid by the commission and such bonds shall
- 6 be filed in the same office as are the bonds of state
- 7 officers. The attorney general's approval of all bonds
- 8 required by this section shall be obtained.

§13-3-5a. Costs and expenses; fees for services.

- 1 The commission shall set a schedule of fees to be
- 2 charged for the commission's services, sufficient to meet
- all expenses of the commission. These fees shall be
- 4 assessed on the basis of debt service paid by the
- 5 commission for each issuer and shall not exceed one half

of one percent of the debt service paid, but in no case shall the fee exceed two thousand dollars per issue or series per annum. The commission may assess additional fees, sufficient to recover the expenses of special projects undertaken to benefit the users of the commission's services, against specific issuers who are the beneficiaries of such projects.

All sums collected by the commission for its services shall be deposited in a separate account at the state treasury to the credit of the municipal bond commission, and no expenditures for purposes of this article are authorized from collections except in accordance with appropriations by the Legislature and in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of this code and upon fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of this code. Any amounts collected which are found from time to time to exceed the funds needed for purposes set forth in this article may be transferred to other accounts or funds and redesignated for other purposes as appropriated by the Legislature. No expenses incurred under this article shall be a charge against the general funds of this state.

§13-3-6. Powers and duties of commission.

- 1 (a) The commission shall serve as fiscal agent for all 2 issuers of general obligation bonds issued by the 3 counties, municipalities, and school districts of the state 4 of West Virginia when the commission is specifically 5 named as the fiscal agent by statute.
 - (b) The commission shall serve as fiscal agent for all issuers of revenue bonds issued by the counties, municipalities, and school districts of this state when the commission is specifically named as the fiscal agent by statute.
 - (c) The commission shall serve as fiscal agent for the issuers of revenue bonds issued by the state of West Virginia through its departments, commissions, boards, or agencies, when the commission is specifically named as the fiscal agent by statute.
- 16 (d) The commission may serve as fiscal agent for the

- issuer of other public purpose revenue bond issues when so provided by bond ordinance.
- 19 (e) The commission may agree to serve as paying 20 agent for all issuers when so provided by bond 21 ordinance.
- 22 (f) The commission may conduct business by tele-23 phonic conference when necessary.
- 24 (g) The commission is hereby granted, has and may 25 exercise all powers necessary or appropriate to effectu-26 ate the purposes of this article.
- §13-3-7. Permissible investments; limitations and prohibitions on purchase, sale or exchange of securities; public records; combining funds and proration of interest; custody of securities.
 - 1 (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the 2 contrary, the commission may invest funds under its 3 control in the following classes of securities and not 4 otherwise:
 - 5 (1) Securities of the United States or any agency 6 thereof which are guaranteed by or for which the full 7 faith and credit of the United States is pledged for the 8 payment of the principal and interest;
 - 9 (2) General obligations of this state or any of its agencies, boards or commissions;
 - 11 (3) General obligations of any county, municipality or school district in this state;
 - 13 (4) Pools of investment operated by the West Virginia 14 board of investments provided that their investments 15 are limited to the above named securities, and provided 16 that securities purchased for these pools following the 17 date of the enactment of this article shall not have 18 maturities greater than five years in length; and
 - 19 (5) Repurchase agreements or similar banking ar-20 rangements with a member bank of banks of the federal 21 reserve system or a bank, the deposits of which are 22 insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation, or 23 its successor: *Provided*, That such investments shall only

- be made to the extent insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation or to the extent that the principal amount thereof shall be fully collateralized by direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America
 - (b) Securities purchased or held under the provisions of this article may be sold or exchanged for other securities: *Provided*, That: (1) No security shall be purchased, sold or exchanged without the concurrence or ratification of a majority of all members of the commission; (2) no security shall be purchased at a price above, nor sold or exchanged at a price below, its prevailing fair market value; (3) no security shall be purchased, sold or exchanged for the purpose of aiding any individual, firm or corporation by the payment of brokerage commissions or fees thereto; (4) no security purchased, sold or exchanged shall benefit any member or employee of the commission; and (5) no security shall be received in exchange which does not comply with the requirements of this article.
 - (c) The commission shall record all pertinent information related to any purchase, sale or exchange of securities and make such information available for public inspection during normal office hours of the commission.
- (d) Funds from several or all accounts may be combined for investment and any interest earned shall be prorated and credited quarterly to the various contributing accounts on the basis of amount thereof invested, calculated according to an average periodic balance or other generally accepted accounting principle.
- 56 (e) All securities purchased by the commission as an investment for the funds shall remain in the custody of the state board of investments until the same are sold, exchanged, retired or mature and are paid.

§13-3-7a. Escrowing bond issues.

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1 (a) All bond issues for which the commission is serving 2 as fiscal agent shall be considered to have been canceled

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- and paid in advance of their due date or date of redemption if there shall have been deposited with the commissioner either:
- 6 (1) Moneys sufficient to pay when and as due all 7 amounts of principal and interest payable on such 8 bonds; or
- 9 (2) Securities of a quality in which the commission is 10 authorized by law to invest moneys under its control, the 11 principal of and interest on which will provide moneys 12 sufficient to pay when and as due all amounts of 13 principal and interest payable on such bonds.
- 14 (b) The moneys and securities held by the commission 15 pursuant to this section shall be held by the commission 16 in trust and irrevocably dedicated solely to the payment 17 of principal or redemption price, if applicable, of and 18 interest on the bonds: Provided, That this action shall 19 be taken solely at the direction of the issuer. Following 20 such irrevocable commitment of moneys and securities 21 in trust, funds on account with the commission for said 22 bonds which are surplus may be immediately returned 23 to the issuer as specified by statute for paid out 24 surpluses.

§13-3-8. Notification by issuer of bond sale.

1 For any issue for which the commission shall serve as 2 fiscal agent, either by statute or provisions of bond 3 ordinance, or for any issue which refunds an issue for 4 which the commission is currently serving as fiscal 5 agent, the issuer shall notify the commission of the issuance of such bonds not more than five days after 6 7 closing, and provide the commission with a copy of the official statement and bond ordinance or resolution not 8 9 more than forty-five days following closing.

§13-3-9. Collection, deposit and accounting funds; insufficient deposit; withdrawal of additional funds.

1 (a) Deposit of funds. — All tax receipts and interest
2 belonging to the counties, municipalities or school
3 districts and earmarked for the purpose of amortizing
4 bonded indebtedness, shall be, by the treasurer or
5 collector thereof, forwarded to the commission at least

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quarterly to be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the municipal bond commission: *Provided*, That all funds from the prior fiscal year shall be forwarded to the commission not later than the following thirtieth day of September.

- (b) Insufficient deposit. Whenever the amount deposited for any issuer is not sufficient to meet the interest or principal due, it shall be the duty of the treasurer or collector of such issuer, upon being notified of that fact by the commission, to immediately remit all funds in his possession that have been earmarked by the issuer for the purpose of amortizing bonded indebtedness plus such additional funds as are necessary to meet the interest or principal due.
- (c) Withdrawal of additional funds. If an issuer has remitted to the commission funds not earmarked for the purpose of amortizing bonded indebtedness, all or a portion of such funds may be withdrawn by the issuer upon sixty days' written notice to the commission: Provided, That such withdrawal shall neither create a deficit in the issuer's account with the commission nor be in conflict with terms of the bond issue.
- (d) Payment of taxes. Any taxes to provide for the payment of principal, creation of a reserve or sinking fund, or for the payment of interest on bonds by any county, municipality or school district which shall be collected by any state officer, shall be paid by such officer to the commission to be at once applied to the payment of the debt of the county, municipality or school district and the fact of such application of such fund shall be reported by the auditor to the treasurer or collector of such issuer, which report shall be a receipt for the amount therein named.
- (e) Municipal bond commission fund. The state auditor and the state treasurer shall carry an account to be known as the municipal bond commission fund. All deposits shall be carried as a part of such fund.
- (f) Deposit of collections. The commission shall deposit all collections and receipts with the treasurer daily.

§13-3-11. Statement by commission to political subdivision showing levy required; determination of levy.

The commission shall, annually, at least thirty days before the time for making up the estimate for levy purposes, render to each political subdivision having outstanding general obligation bonds, a statement showing the levy required to pay the interest on and provide for the retirement of the subdivision's outstanding general obligation bonds.

In determining the levy required, the commission 8 9 shall be governed by the terms of section thirty-four or section thirty-five, article one of this chapter: Provided, 10 That the commission may augment the levy by a 11 reasonable amount to provide for delinquencies and 12 exonerations; and the commissioner may include in the 13 estimate the principal and interest due on bond issues 14 15 in July, August and September of the following fiscal year. For the purposes of this section, the amount of any 16 moneys, not earmarked for amortizing bonded indebted-17 18 ness, but which was forwarded by the issuer to the commission for the purpose of meeting principal and 19 20 interest due under section nine of this article, shall be 21 considered a deficiency for a prior year.

§13-3-13. Substitute paying agents.

1 The commission may appoint a new paying agent on 2 any issue for which the commission acts as fiscal agent, in the event of the insolvency, threat of insolvency, 3 malfeasance, misfeasance, incompetence, resignation, or 4 discontinuance from business of the paying agent or in 5 the case of discontinuance of the place of payment as 6 7 designated by the terms of such bonds. Upon appointment of a substitute paying agent, the commission shall 8 9 publish notice of such action as a Class II legal 10 advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the 11 12 publication area for such publication shall be the county in which the former paying agent had residence. Upon 13 designation of another place of payment, publication of 14

notice shall be made in the equity in which was located
 the former place of payment.

\$13-3-14. Authorizing the transfer and investment of funds raised by levy, sale of bonds or otherwise.

1 Any funds of a political subdivision or of any of the 2 agencies, boards, commission or departments of the 3 state of West Virginia raised by levy, sale of bonds or 4 otherwise and which cannot be used within a reasonable 5 time may be transferred to the municipal bond commis-6 sion. Any funds so transferred shall be invested by the 7 commission in accordance with the provisions of this 8 article. Any such funds so transferred may be withdrawn by the public body which transferred the same 9 10 as authorized by this article upon sixty days' notice in 11 writing to the commission.

CHAPTER 16

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 132—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections one-a, seven and nine, article two, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to repeal article three of said chapter; to amend and reenact section one, article three, chapter five of said code; to amend and reenact section seventeen, article ten of said chapter; to amend and reenact section sixteen, article eleven of said chapter; to amend and reenact section seven, article sixteen-a of said chapter; to amend and reenact section one, article four, chapter five-b of said code: to amend and reenact section ten, article thirteen, chapter seven of said code; to amend and reenact section six, article sixteen of said chapter; to amend and reenact section twenty-seven, article twenty-seven, chapter eight of said code; to amend and reenact section nineteen. article twenty-nine of said chapter; to amend and reenact section five, article twenty-nine-a of said

chapter; to amend and reenact section eleven, article thirty-three of said chapter; to amend and reenact section twelve, article one-a, chapter eleven of said code; to amend and reenact section four, article six-b of said chapter: to amend and reenact section seven, article twelve of said chapter; to amend and reenact section ten, article twenty-four of said chapter; to amend and reenact section two, article twenty-five of said chapter; to amend and reenact section five, article one-a, chapter twelve of said code; to amend and reenact section sixteen, article one, chapter sixteen of said code; to amend and reenact section three, article twenty-nine-d of said chapter; to amend and reenact section three, article twenty-two, chapter seventeen-c of said code; to amend and reenact section twelve, article four, chapter seventeen-d of said code; to amend and reenact section twenty, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of said code; to amend and reenact section sixteen, article nine-b of said chapter; to amend and reenact section fourteen, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of said code; to amend and reenact section fourteen, article five, chapter twenty-one of said code; to amend and reenact sections three, four, five, six and seven, article one, chapter twenty-one-a of said code; to amend and reenact sections one, five, six, six-b, eight, eleven, thirteen, sixteen, sixteen-a and twenty-three, article two of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two and four, article twoa of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one, two and four, article two-b of said chapter; to amend and reenact section six, article two-c of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections ten-a, sixteen and seventeenb, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact section nine, article six of said chapter; to amend and reenact section twenty-three, article seven of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections eleven, nineteen, twenty and twenty-two, article ten of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, six, ten, fourteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, article one, chapter twenty-three of said code; to amend and reenact sections one-c, six, eight and eleven, article two of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one-a, two and three, article three of said chapter; to amend and

reenact sections one-c, two, seven and fourteen, article four of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two. three, four, five and eight, article four-a of said chapter: to amend and reenact sections two and seven, article four-b of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two and five, article four-c of said chapter; to amend and reenact section two, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact section two, article eight, chapter twenty-six of said code; to amend and reenact section two, article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of said code: to amend and reenact section six, article eighteen of said chapter: to amend and reenact section five, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of said code: to amend and reenact section sixty-one, article one, chapter thirty-one of said code; to amend and reenact section ten, article eighteen-b of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one and five, article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of said code; to amend and reenact section one, article sixteen of said chapter: to amend and reenact section three, article twenty-six of said chapter; to amend and reenact section twelve, article five-b, chapter thirtyeight of said code; to amend and reenact sections seventeen and eighteen, article two, chapter forty-eighta of said code; to amend and reenact section four-d, article five, chapter fifty-seven of said code; and to amend and reenact section thirty, article three-a, chapter sixty of said code, all relating to combining employment security and workers' compensation into the bureau of employment programs and changing references thereto throughout the code; written opinions and advice and other legal services from the attorney general: membership of the West Virginia public employees retirement system; providing that the maintenance of certain records by the bureau of employment programs is not an unlawful discriminatory practice; the availability of data from the bureau of employment programs to the public employees insurance agency and the legislative task force on uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditures; membership of the West Virginia labor-management advisory council; coverage of employees of a community action program organizations, county solid waste

authorities, urban mass transportation authorities, regional airport authorities, county airport authorities and building commissions under the workers' compensation act: functions of the tax commissioner and county assessors in the appraisal of property for periodic statewide appraisals; claims for homestead property tax exemption: reciprocal exchange of information between the tax commissioner and the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs relating to the business registration tax and the corporation net income tax; defining terms relating to tax relief for elderly homeowners and renters; acceptance or rejection of linked deposit loan packages by the state treasurer; defining terms relating to the West Virginia state board of investments: making results of investigations and hearings by the board of health available to the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs; requiring all agencies of the state to cooperate in the development of health care plans; exempting ridesharing from workers' compensation law: defining "motor vehicle liability policy" and setting forth the scope and provisions of such a policy: investment of funds of the state teachers retirement system; transmission and investment of proceeds of permanent improvement funds of county boards of education; disposition of permit fees, registration fees and fines relating to horse and dog racing; employer's bond for wages and benefits: defining terms relating to the bureau of employment programs; placing the bureau under the department of commerce, labor and environmental resources; requiring the bureau to cooperate with the United States department of labor and similar agencies of other states; setting forth duties of the commissioner and the advisory council regarding employment stabilization; creation of the state employment service division within the bureau; setting the salary of the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs; setting forth the powers and duties of the commissioner of the bureau; requiring the tax commissioner to furnish certain information to the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs; compensation of assistants and employees of the bureau: dismissals, terminations,

layoffs and suspensions of bureau employees: appointment of deputies; federal-state cooperation; work incentive program; veteran's training program; defining terms relating to the emergency employment supplemental matching program; providing for notice to private business employers applications for prospective employers and listing of job openings; providing for group insurance plans for regular employees of the bureau and setting forth terms and conditions for such plans: providing for payroll deductions for such plans and allowing employees to continue in group after retirement: administration of the veterans incentive program; optional assessments on employers and employees for unemployment compensation fund: collection of payments from employers and comity for collection of past due payments and overpayments: payment of unemployment benefits: claim procedure and calendar preference for unemployment benefit claims; reports required from employing units; disclosure of certain information to child support and food stamp agencies and the department of housing and urban development; payment of salaries and expenses of commissioner of bureau of employment programs and his employees; allowing the commissioner to employ a secretary and other assistants; payment of fees for officers serving subpoenas; provision of blank forms of applications for workers' compensation benefits; omission to subscribe to workers' compensation fund; annual bv commissioner and occupational report pneumoconiosis board: creation of compensation programs advisory board; appointment and terms of members for the advisory board; extraterritorial coverage: furnishing of information by employers, the state tax commissioner and the division of employment compensation and the secrecy of said information: exempting contributing employees from liability to respond in damages for the injury or death of an employee: liability of an employer electing not to pay or defaulting in payment of premiums; election of emplover to provide own system of compensation and mandatory participation in second injury reserve of surplus fund; validity of workers' compensation law to

employers adjudicated outside the lawful scope of the workers' compensation law; transfer of silicosis fund to workers' compensation fund; custody investment and disbursement of workers' compensation fund; requiring investment of surplus funds; payment of temporary total disability and medical benefits to claimants: disbursement of workers' compensation fund where injury is self inflicted or intentionally caused by the employer; release of medical information to employer and duty of employer; computation of benefits; specifying to whom benefits may be paid from the disabled workers' relief fund and computation of benefits; providing for payment of benefits from the fund; information required from employers providing own system; funding of disabled workers' relief fund; establishment and administration of coal workers' pneumoconiosis fund; establishment and administration of employers' excess liability fund: creation and membership of workers' compensation appeal board; payment of emergency hospital expenses for entitled persons by commissioner of employment programs; defining terms relating to state insurance for miscellaneous boards and officers: powers, duties and responsibilities of West Virginia railroad maintenance authority; providing exemptions from contested case provisions of state administrative procedures act; issuance of certificates by secretary of state to business and nonprofit corporations; disposition of interest income and repayment of principal of the mortgage and industrial development investment pool; application of the law regarding accident and sickness insurance: optional accident and sickness insurance policy provisions; application of the law regarding group accident and sickness insurance; application of the West Virginia guaranty association act; exemptions relating to the suggestion of the state and political subdivisions; obtaining support from unemployment compensation and workers' compensation benefits to pay child support obligations; exemption for workers' compensation proceedings regarding hospital records and sealed envelopes; requiring certain departments to work with employees whose jobs were terminated by the sale of the state liquor stores; and providing criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one-a, seven and nine, article two, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that article three of said chapter be repealed; that section one, article three, chapter five of said code be amended and reenacted; that section seventeen, article ten of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section sixteen, article eleven of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section seven, article sixteena of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section one. article four, chapter five-b of said code be amended and reenacted; that section ten, article thirteen, chapter seven of said code be amended and reenacted; that section six, article sixteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section twenty-seven, article twenty-seven, chapter eight of said code be amended and reenacted; that section nineteen, article twenty-nine of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section five, article twenty-nine-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section eleven, article thirty-three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section twelve, article one-a. chapter eleven of said code be amended and reenacted; that section four, article six-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section seven, article twelve of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section ten, article twenty-four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section two, article twenty-five of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section five, article one-a, chapter twelve of said code be amended and reenacted; that section sixteen, article one, chapter sixteen of said code be amended and reenacted: that section three, article twenty-nine-d of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section three, article twenty-two, chapter seventeen-c of said code be amended and reenacted: that section twelve, article four, chapter seventeen-d of said code be amended and reenacted; that section twenty, article sevena, chapter eighteen of said code be amended and reenacted: that section sixteen, article nine-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section fourteen, article twenty-three. chapter nineteen of said code be amended and reenacted: that section fourteen, article five, chapter twenty-one of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections three, four, five, six and seven, article one, chapter twenty-one-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one, five, six, six-b,

eight, eleven, thirteen, sixteen, sixteen-a and twenty-three, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two and four, article two-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two and four, article two-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section six, article two-c of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections ten-a, sixteen and seventeen-b, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section nine, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section twenty-three, article seven of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections eleven, nineteen, twenty and twentytwo, article ten of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two, three, six, ten, fourteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, article one, chapter twenty-three of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one-c, six, eight and eleven, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one-a, two and three, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one-c, two, seven and fourteen, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two, three, four, five and eight, article four-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two and seven, article four-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that sections two and five, article four-c of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section two, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section two, article eight, chapter twenty-six of said code be amended and reenacted; that section two, article twelve, chapter twentynine of said code be amended and reenacted; that section six, article eighteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section five, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that section sixty-one, article one, chapter thirty-one of said code be amended and reenacted; that section ten, article eighteen-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one and five, article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of said code be amended and reenacted; that section one, article sixteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section three, article twenty-six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section twelve, article five-b, chapter thirty-eight of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections seventeen and eighteen, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that section four-d, article five, chapter fifty-seven of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section thirty, article three-a, chapter sixty of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, Etc.
- 5B. Economic Development Act of 1985.
- 7. Training Programs for County Employees, Etc.; Compensation of Elected County Officials; County Assistants, Deputies and Employees; Their Number and Compensation.
- 8. Municipal Corporations.
- 11. Taxation.
- 12. Public Moneys and Securities.
- 16. Public Health.
- 17C. Traffic Regulations and Laws of the Road.
- 17D. Motor Vehicle Safety Responsibility Law.
- 18. Education.
- 19. Agriculture.
- 21. Labor.
- 21A. Unemployment Compensation.
- 23. Workers' Compensation.
- 26. State Benevolent Institutions.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.
- 29A. State Administrative Procedures Act.
- 31. Corporations.
- 33. Insurance.
- 38. Liens.
- 48A. Enforcement of Family Obligations.
- 57. Evidence and Witnesses.
- 60. Alcohol Beverage Control.
- CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

Article

- 3. Attorney General.
- 10. West Virginia Public Employees Retirement Act.

- 11. Human Rights Commission.
- 16A. The West Virginia Health Care Insurance Act.

ARTICLE 3. ATTORNEY GENERAL.

§5-3-1. Written opinions and advice and other legal services; expenditures by state officers, boards and commissions for legal services prohibited.

1 The attorney general shall give his written opinion 2 and advice upon questions of law, and shall prosecute 3 and defend suits, actions, and other legal proceedings, 4 and generally render and perform all other legal 5 services, whenever required to do so, in writing, by the 6 governor, the secretary of state, the auditor, the state superintendent of free schools, the treasurer, the 7 8 commissioner of agriculture, the board of public works, 9 the tax commissioner, the state archivist and historian, 10 the commissioner of banking, the adjutant general, the 11 commissioner of the division of energy, the superintendent of public safety, the state commissioner of public 12 13 institutions, the state road commission, the commis-14 sioner of the bureau of employment programs, the 15 public service commission, or any other state officer, board or commission, or the head of any state educa-16 17 tional, correctional, penal or eleemosynary institution; and it shall be unlawful from and after the time this 18 19 section becomes effective for any of the public officers, commissions, or other persons above mentioned to 20 21 expend any public funds of the state of West Virginia for the purpose of paying any person, firm, or corpora-22 tion for the performance of any legal services: Provided, 23 That nothing contained in this section shall impair or 24 25 affect any existing valid contracts of employment for the 26 performance of legal services heretofore made.

It shall also be the duty of the attorney general to render to the president of the Senate and/or the speaker of the House of Delegates a written opinion or advice upon any questions submitted to him by them or either of them whenever he shall be requested in writing so to do.

ARTICLE 10. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ACT.

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§5-10-17. Retirement system membership.

- The membership of the retirement system shall consist of the following persons:
- 3 (a) All employees, as defined in section two of this article, who are in the employ of a political subdivision 4 5 the day preceding the date it becomes a participating 6 public employer and who continue in the employ of the 7 said participating public employer on and after the said 8 date shall become members of the retirement system; 9 and all persons who become employees of a participating public employer on or after the said date shall thereupon 10 11 become members of the system; except as provided in 12 subdivisions (b) and (c) of this section.
- 13 (b) The membership of the retirement system shall not 14 include any person who is a member of, or who has been 15 retired by, the state teachers retirement system, the judges retirement system, the retirement system of the 16 division of public safety, or any municipal retirement 17 18 system for either, or both, policemen or firemen; and the bureau of employment programs, by the commissioner 19 of such bureau, may elect whether its employees will 20 accept coverage under this article or be covered under 21 the authorization of a separate enactment: Provided. 22 23 That such exclusions of membership shall not apply to any member of the state Legislature, the clerk of the 24 House of Delegates, the clerk of the state Senate or to 25 any member of the legislative body of any political 26 27 subdivision provided he once becomes a contributing member of the retirement system: Provided, however. 28 29 That any retired member of the retirement system of the division of public safety, and any retired member 30 of any municipal retirement system for either, or both, 31 policemen or firemen may on and after the effective date 32 of this section become a member of the retirement 33 system as provided in this article, without receiving 34 credit for prior service as a municipal policeman or 35 fireman or as a member of the division of public safety. 36
 - (c) Any member of the state Legislature, the clerk of the House of Delegates, the clerk of the state Senate and any employee of the state Legislature whose employ-

40 ment is otherwise classified as temporary and who is employed to perform services required by the Legisla-41 ture for its regular sessions or during the interim 42 between regular sessions and who has been or is so 43 employed during regular sessions or during the interim 44 45 between sessions for ten or more years, or any member of the legislative body of any other political subdivision 46 shall become a member of the retirement system 47 provided he notifies the retirement system in writing of 48 49 his intention to be a member of the system and files a 50 membership enrollment form as the board of trustees shall prescribe, and each person, upon filing his written 51 52 notice to participate in the retirement system, shall by 53 said act authorize the clerk of the House of Delegates or the clerk of the state Senate or such person or 54 legislative agency as the legislative body of any other 55 56 political subdivision shall designate to deduct such member's contribution, as provided in subsection (b), 57 section twenty-nine of this article, and after said 58 59 deductions have been made from said member's compensation, such deductions shall be forwarded to the 60 61 retirement system.

62 (d) Should any question arise regarding the member-63 ship status of any employee, the board of trustees has 64 the final power to decide the question.

ARTICLE 11. HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION.

§5-11-16. Certain records exempt.

1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, 2 it shall not be an unlawful discriminatory practice for 3 the bureau of employment programs to ascertain and record the age, sex, race, religion, color, national origin, 4 ancestry, blindness or handicap of any individual for the 5 6 purpose of making such reports as may from time to time be required by agencies of the federal government 7 or be necessary to show compliance with any rule or 8 regulation issued by any such agency. Said records may 9 be made and kept in the manner required by the federal 10 government: Provided. That such recording of the age, 11 sex, race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, 12 blindness or handicap of any individual shall not be used 13

- 14 to discriminate, within the meaning of this article,
- 15 directly or indirectly, against any such individual as
- 16 prohibited by all other sections of this article.

ARTICLE 16A. THE WEST VIRGINIA HEALTH CARE INSURANCE ACT.

§5-16A-7. Availability of data of bureau of employment programs.

- 1 In furtherance of the purposes of this article, the
- 2 bureau of employment programs shall, notwithstanding
- 3 the provisions of section eleven, article ten, chapter
- 4 twenty-one-a of this code, cooperate to make available
- 5 to the public employees insurance agency and the
- 6 legislative task force on uncompensated health care and
- 7 medicaid expenditures such information as they may
- 8 request for purposes consistent with this article to
- 9 identify and facilitate contact with small business
- 10 employers who may be eligible for participation in the
- 11 plan. The provisions of this section shall be liberally
- 12 construed by the bureau of employment programs in
- 13 order to effectuate the development of the health care
- 14 insurance plan.
- 15 Information thus obtained by the public employees
- 16 insurance agency and the legislative task force on
- 17 uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditures
- 18 shall be maintained as strictly confidential and shall be
- 19 exempt from disclosure to the public.

CHAPTER 5B. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1985.

ARTICLE 4. LABOR-MANAGEMENT COUNCIL.

§5B-4-1. Appointment, terms, vacancies, chairman, quorum of the labor-management council.

- 1 The West Virginia labor-management advisory coun-
- 2 cil, heretofore created under the provisions of article
- 3 one-c, chapter twenty-one of this code, shall be continued
- 4 and be so designated as the West Virginia labor-
- 5 management council. The council shall consist of
- 6 twenty-six members. One member of the council shall
- 7 be the commissioner of labor, one member of the council
- 8 shall be a member of the economic development

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9 authority, one member of the council shall be the 10 commissioner of the bureau of employment programs or 11 his designated representative, one member of the 12 council shall be the state superintendent of schools, one 13 member of the council shall be a member of the economic development board to be selected by it 14 15 annually, and one member of the council shall be a member of the board of regents to be selected by it 16 annually, all of whom shall be ex officio nonvoting 17 members of the council. The other members of the 18 19 council shall be appointed by the governor by and with 20 the advice and consent of the Senate for terms of four 21 years or until their successors have been appointed and have qualified. The members of the council appointed 22 23 by the governor shall include one president of a state 24 university, one president of a state college or community 25 college, and two persons representing public secondary 26 schools in the state, who shall be appointed for terms of two, three and four years, respectively, as designated 27 28 by the governor at the time of their appointment, and 29 until their successors have been appointed and have 30 qualified. The present members of the council shall 31 continue to serve out the terms to which they were 32 appointed.

Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the unexpired term of the member whose office is vacant and the appointment shall be made within sixty days of the occurrence of the vacancy.

In making appointments to the council, the governor shall consider names of persons recommended to him by the West Virginia chamber of commerce, the West Virginia coal association, the West Virginia manufacturers' association, the West Virginia retailers' association, utilities, other industrial groups in this state, the West Virginia labor federation, the united mine workers union, the West Virginia building trades council, other labor organizations in the state, the institutional boards of advisors for state colleges and universities, the state board of education, and the West Virginia school board association. Membership shall be composed of, in addition to those of the state or other government

- 50 agencies and educational institutions, no less than eight
- 51 members from industry and eight from labor. The
- 52 council shall elect one of its members as chairman and
- 53 may elect such other officers as the council may deem
- 54 necessary or desirable. Such persons shall serve as such
- 55 for one year or until their successors are elected and
- shall be eligible for reelection.
- 57 The council shall meet at least four times each year
- and at other times on call of the chairman or a majority
- 59 of the members. Thirteen members of the council shall
- 60 constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

CHAPTER 7. TRAINING PROGRAMS FOR COUNTY EMPLOYEES, ETC.; COMPENSATION OF ELECTED COUNTY OFFICIALS; COUNTY ASSISTANTS, DEPUTIES AND EMPLOYEES, THEIR NUMBER AND COMPENSATION.

Article

- 13. Economic Opportunity Programs.
- 16. County Solid Waste Authorities.

ARTICLE 13. ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY PROGRAMS.

§7-13-10. Employees covered by workers' compensation.

- 1 All employees of a community action program organ-
- 2 ization eligible thereto shall be considered to be within
- 3 the workers' compensation act of West Virginia and
- 4 premiums on their compensation shall be paid by the
- 5 organization as required by law.

ARTICLE 16. COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITIES.

§7-16-6. Employees to be covered by workers' compensation.

- 1 All employees of the authority eligible thereto shall be
- 2 considered to be within the workers' compensation act
- 3 of West Virginia and premiums on their compensation
- 4 shall be paid by the authority as required by law.

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

Article

27. Intergovernmental Relations-Urban Mass Transportation Systems.

- 29. Intergovernmental Relations-Regional Airports.
- 29A. County Airport Authorities.
- 33. Intergovernmental Relations-Building Commissions.

ARTICLE 27. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS-URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS.

PART XI. DISSOLUTION OF AUTHORITY; WORKERS' COMPENSATION.

§8-27-27. Employees to be covered by workers' compensation.

- 1 All eligible employees of any authority shall be
- 2 considered to be within the workers' compensation
- 3 statute of this state and premiums on their compensa-
- 4 tion shall be paid by the authority as required by law.

ARTICLE 29. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS-REGIONAL AIRPORTS.

§8-29-19. Employees to be covered by workers' compensation.

- 1 All eligible employees of any authority shall be
- 2 considered to be within the workers' compensation
- 3 statute of this state and premiums on their compensa-
- 4 tion shall be paid by the authority as required by law.

ARTICLE 29A. COUNTY AIRPORT AUTHORITIES.

*§8-29A-5. Full-time employees of the authority to be public employees.

- 1 Any person who serves regularly as an employee, full
- 2 time, on a salary basis, whose tenure is not restricted
- 3 as to temporary or provisional appointment, in the
- 4 service of, and whose compensation is payable in whole
- 5 or in part by the authority, shall be considered to be a
- 6 public employee and shall be subject to any and all
- 7 applicable provisions of law relating thereto, including, 8 but not limited to, the workers' compensation act and
- 9 the West Virginia public employees insurance act.

ARTICLE 33. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS-BUILDING COMMISSIONS.

PART IV. WORKERS' COMPENSATION; CONSTRUCTION.

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S.B. 512 (Chapter 113), which passed prior to this act.

§8-33-11. Workers' compensation.

- 1 Each commission shall subscribe to the workers'
- 2 compensation fund of this state and pay all necessary
- 3 premiums thereto, to the end that all eligible employees
- 4 of such commission shall be covered by workers'
- 5 compensation.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

Article

- 1A. Appraisal of Property for Periodic Statewide Reappraisals.
- 6B. Homestead Property Tax Exemption.
- 12. Business Registration Tax.
- 24. Corporation Net Income Tax.
- 25. Tax Relief for Elderly Homeowners and Renters.

ARTICLE 1A. APPRAISAL OF PROPERTY FOR PERIODIC STATEWIDE REAPPRAISALS.

§11-1A-12. Division of functions between the tax commissioner and assessor; local exceptions to value; revisions by tax commissioner; participation by assessor in hearings and appeals.

(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that in carrying 1 2 out the appraisal functions required by this article, the 3 tax commissioner shall utilize the county assessors and their employees. The county clerk shall prepare a list 4 5 of all transfers of real property recorded during the calendar year one thousand nine hundred eighty-three 6 7 for which payment of the excise tax on the privilege of 8 transferring real property, required by article twenty-9 two of this chapter was required, and forward such list 10 to the tax commissioner during the second month following such transfers' recording with the clerk of the 11 12 county commission. The assessor shall review the 13 landbooks for his county for the tax year one thousand nine hundred eighty-three and one thousand nine 14 15 hundred eighty-four, and shall prepare a written property description of every parcel of real property not 16 previously described on a property record card provided 17 to the assessor by the tax commissioner under the 18 provisions of section eleven, article nine-a, chapter 19 eighteen of this code. The assessors may compile lists of 20 comparable property sales and recommend appraisal 21

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values with respect to any property in their districts to which the tax commissioner shall give consideration when he fixes values for such property for reappraisement purposes to the extent such recommended values are supported by competent evidence.

- (b) In each county during the reappraisal function, the tax commissioner shall designate a tax department employee as the coordinator of reappraisal functions among the commissioner's personnel, the commissioner's designated agents, and the assessor's personnel so as to ensure that the resulting appraisal shall be complete. equal and uniform. In each county, the tax commissioner or his designated agent shall prepare a description of the number, job description and minimum qualifications of personnel needed to accomplish the reappraisal, other than permanent employees of the tax commissioner or employees of the assessor. The tax commissioner or his designated agent shall employ qualified individuals to fill the positions giving first preference to persons registered with the bureau of employment programs' job service program, but all such persons shall be residents of the county, or if the tax commissioner finds it necessary for efficiency, any contiguous county, or if none be available, the state. The tax commissioner shall make reasonable efforts to assure that the additional employment required by this article is allocated equitably among the several counties. with attention to the level of unemployment in and the population of each county.
 - (c) To the extent that the tax commissioner concludes that assessors and local employees have overemphasized or underemphasized local aspects in determining value, the tax commissioner may revise information concerning such values so as to achieve uniformity in the statewide reappraisal: *Provided*, That in any hearings or appeals under the provisions of this article the assessor or employee who participated in the gathering of such information may be a competent witness as to how tentative values were arrived at in the process of reappraisal before any such revision.

§11-6B-4. Claim for exemption; renewals; waiver of exemption.

- 1 (a) General. No exemption shall be allowed under this article unless a claim of exemption is filed with the 3 assessor of the county in which the homestead is located, 4 on or before the first day of October following the July 5 first assessment day. In the case of sickness, absence or other disability of the claimant, the claim may be filed by the claimant or his duly authorized agent.
- 8 (b) Claims for disability exemption. — Each claim for exemption based on the owner being permanently and 9 10 totally disabled shall include one of the following forms 11 of documentation in support of said claim: (1) A written 12 certification by a doctor of medicine or doctor of 13 osteopathy licensed to practice their particular profes-14 sion in this state that the claimant is permanently and 15 totally disabled: (2) a written certification by the social 16 security administration that the claimant is currently 17 receiving benefits for permanent and total disability; (3) 18 a copy of the letter from the social security administra-19 tion originally awarding benefits to the claimant for 20 permanent and total disability and a copy of a current 21 check for such benefits, marked void; (4) a current social 22 security health insurance (medicare) card in the name 23 of the claimant and a copy of a current check to the 24 claimant, marked void, for benefits from the social 25 security administration for permanent and total disabil-26 ity: (5) a written certification signed by the veterans 27 administration certifying that a person is totally and permanently disabled; (6) any lawfully recognized 28 29 workers' compensation documentation certifying that a 30 person is totally and permanently disabled: (7) any lawfully recognized pneumoconiosis documentation 31 32 certifying that a person is totally and permanently disabled; or (8) any other lawfully recognized documen-33 tation certifying that a person is totally and perman-34 35 ently disabled.
 - (c) Renewals.—

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37 (1) Senior citizens. — If the claimant is age sixty-five 38 or older, then after the claimant has filed for the

- exemption once with his assessor, there shall be no need for that claimant to refile unless the claimant moves to a new homestead.
- 42 (2) Disabled. — If the claimant is permanently and 43 totally disabled, then after the claimant has filed for the exemption once with his assessor, and signed a state-44 ment certifying that he will notify the assessor if he is 45 46 no longer eligible for an exemption on the basis of being 47 permanently and totally disabled and that the claimant will notify the assessor within thirty days of the 48 49 discontinuance of the receipt of benefits for permanent 50 and total disability, if the claimant originally claimed 51 receipt of said benefits to document his claim for exemption, there shall be no need for that claimant to 52 53 refile, unless the claimant moves to a new homestead.
 - 54 (3) Waiver of exemption. Any person not filing his 55 claim for exemption on or before the first day of October 56 shall be determined to have waived his right to 57 exemption for the next tax year.

ARTICLE 12. BUSINESS REGISTRATION TAX.

§11-12-7. Display of registration certificate; injunction; public information, reciprocal exchange of information.

1 Any person to whom a certificate of registration shall 2 be issued under the provisions of section four of this 3 article shall keep such certificate posted in a conspicuous position in the place where the privilege of such 4 business is exercised. Such certificate of registration 5 6 shall be produced for inspection whenever required by 7 the tax commissioner or by any law-enforcement officers 8 of this state, county or municipality wherein the privileges to conduct business are exercised. 9

No injunction shall issue from any court in the state enjoining the collection of any business registration certificate tax required herein; and any person claiming that any business certificate is not due, for any reason, shall pay the same under protest and petition the tax commissioner for a refund in accordance with the provisions of section fourteen, article ten of this chapter.

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56 57 If any person engaging in or prosecuting any business, or trade, contrary to any other provisions of this article, whether without obtaining a business certificate therefor before commencing the same, or by continuing the same after the termination of the effective period of any such business certificate, the circuit court or the judge thereof in vacation, of the county in which such violation occurred, shall, upon proper application in the name of the state, and after ten days' written notice thereof to such person, grant an injunction prohibiting such person from continuing such business, activity or trade until he has fully complied with the provisions of this article. The remedy provided in this section shall be in addition to all other penalties and remedies provided by law.

The tax commissioner shall make available, when requested, information as to whether a person is registered to do business in the state of West Virginia.

The tax commissioner shall deliver to the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs the information contained in the business franchise registration certificate, when this information is used to implement and administer a single point of registration program for persons engaging in any business activity in the state of West Virginia. The single point of registration program shall provide that, once an individual has received a business franchise registration certificate, the tax commissioner shall notify the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs of the names, addresses and other identifying information of that individual or entity. Upon receiving this information the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs shall contact all businesses receiving a business franchise registration certificate and provide all necessary forms and paperwork to register a business within the bureau, pursuant to subsection (b). section six-b, article two, chapter twenty-one-a and subsection (c), section two, article two, chapter twentythree of this code.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section five, article ten of this chapter, the tax commissioner may enter into a reciprocal agreement with the governor's office of

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58 community and industrial development and other 59 departments or agencies of this state for the exchange of information contained in the application for a 60 61 business franchise registration certificate filed under 62 section four of this article, when the purpose for the 63 exchange is to implement and administer a single-point registration program for persons engaging in business 64 65 in this state. Such other departments and agencies shall have authority to enter into a reciprocal exchange 66 agreement for this purpose notwithstanding any provi-67 sion of this code to the contrary. 68

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-10. Credit for hiring of qualified employees by eligible taxpayers engaged in manufacturing.

- (a) A credit shall be allowed under the provisions of 1 this section against the primary tax liability of the 2 3 taxpayer under this article to eligible taxpayers who 4 hire qualified employees during the period beginning 5 the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eightythree, and ending the thirty-first day of December, one 6 thousand nine hundred eighty-four. 7
- 8 (b) For the purpose of this section, the term "eligible taxpayer" means a taxpayer who: 9
- 10 (1) Is subject to tax liability under section two-b, article thirteen, chapter eleven of this code, relating to 11 business and occupation tax upon the business of 12 manufacturing, compounding or preparing for sale any 13 14 articles, substances or commodities; and
- (2) Hires a qualified employee, as defined herein, during the period beginning the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, and ending the 17 18 thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four; which employee to such employer is not a 19 returning seasonal employee or employee of like type. 20
 - (c) For the purpose of this section, the term "qualified employee" means an employee who is hired and employed at a location within this state by an eligible taxpayer for full-time employment, which, for the

- purposes of this section, means employment for at least one hundred twenty hours per month at a wage equal to, or greater than, the prevailing federal minimum wage and:
 - (1) At the time he or she is hired, has either exhausted entitlement to unemployment compensation benefits under the provisions of chapter twenty-one-a of this code or would have exhausted such benefits within a period of six weeks from date of employment; or
 - (2) At the time of employment, he or she is hired so that one or more present employees will not be required to continue working overtime, and with a resultant decrease in the amount of overtime compensation paid by the employer.
 - (d) The term "qualified employee" does not include a person who displaces an employed individual, other than an individual who is discharged for cause, or does not include an individual employed and who is closely related to a person who owns, directly or indirectly, more than fifty percent of the outstanding stock of the business, or an individual employed and who is closely related to the owner or owners of an unincorporated business.
 - (e) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the bureau of employment programs shall disclose, upon request, to the state tax commissioner or his employees, any wage, benefits or eligibility information with respect to an identified individual which is contained in its records.
 - (f) The maximum total credits allowed to any eligible taxpayer in all taxable years because of the hiring of any one qualified employee shall be one thousand dollars: Provided, That the amount of the credit allowed by this section in any one taxable year shall be the lesser of either one thousand dollars for each qualified employee hired in such taxable year or ten percent of the gross wages paid by the eligible taxpayer to each qualified employee hired in such taxable year: Provided, however, That unused credit for an eligible employee may be carried forward to the next tax year if necessary

65 and until the lesser of either one thousand dollars for 66 each qualified employee or ten percent of the gross 67 wages paid to the eligible employee during his or her 68 first employment year is taken as a credit by the eligible 69 taxpayer. The credit allowable by this section for a taxable year is not subject to the fifty percent limitation 70 71 specified in section nine of this article, and any unused 72 credit may be carried over to each of the next three 73 taxable years following the unused credit year until used or forfeited due to lapse of time. 74

ARTICLE 25. TAX RELIEF FOR ELDERLY HOMEOWNERS AND RENTERS.

§11-25-2. Definitions.

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- When used in this article, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:
- 3 (1) "Claimant" means a person sixty-five years of age 4 or older who was domiciled in this state during any 5 portion of the calendar year preceding the year in which 6 the claimant is eligible to file a claim for relief under 7 this article and who had a gross household income of not 8 more than five thousand dollars during the calendar 9 year preceding the year in which he is eligible to file 10 a claim for relief under this article. If two or more 11 individuals, who otherwise qualify as claimants under 12 this article, occupy a single homestead, such individuals 13 may determine between themselves as to which individ-14 ual shall be the claimant; however, if such individuals 15 are unable to agree, the matters shall be referred to the 16 state tax commissioner for determination and his 17 decision shall be final.
 - (2) "Claimant's spouse" means the spouse of the claimant if such spouse resides in the homestead during any portion of the calendar year preceding the year in which the claimant is eligible to file a claim for relief under this article.
 - (3) "Gross household income" means all actual income received by a claimant and the claimant's spouse during the calendar year preceding the year in which he is eligible to file a claim for relief under this article and such actual income shall be computed by adding to the

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- West Virginia adjusted gross income (as that term is defined in section twelve, article twenty-one of this chapter) of such claimant and the claimant's spouse all of the following actually received by the claimant and
- 32 claimant's spouse during such calendar year:
- 33 (a) Amount of capital gains excluded from West 34 Virginia adjusted gross income;
- 35 (b) Support money;
- 36 (c) Nontaxable strike benefits;
- (d) Cash public assistance, welfare and relief but not
 any relief under this article;
- 39 (e) Gross amount of any pension or annuity, including 40 railroad retirement benefits:
- 41 (f) Social security benefits;
- 42 (g) Unemployment compensation benefits;
- 43 (h) Veterans disability pensions;
- 44 (i) Workers' compensation benefits; and
- 45 (j) Private disability insurance benefits.

Gross household income does not include gifts from nongovernmental sources, or surplus foods or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency.

- (4) "Gross rent" means the total amount of money or its equivalent actually paid by a claimant during a particular calendar year to his landlord in a bona fide manner solely for the right of occupancy of a homestead, exclusive of any charges for utilities, services, furniture, furnishings or electrical or other appliances furnished by such landlord to such claimant; and if the state tax commissioner determines that the rent charged was excessive for the purposes of this article, he may adjust the same, for the purposes of this article, to a reasonable amount.
- (5) "Homestead" means a single family residential house and the land surrounding such structure; or a part of a multi-dwelling building, multi-purpose building or apartment house; or a mobile home which is used as a

- 64 permanent residence and the land upon which such 65 mobile home is situate; and it is immaterial for the 66 purposes of this article whether the foregoing are being 67 purchased, are owned or are rented.
- 68 (6) "Household" means a claimant, a claimant and the claimant's spouse or a claimant and any other person or persons who resides or reside in a homestead.
- 71 (7) "Property taxes" means the amount of the real property taxes, exclusive of any interest or charges for 72 delinquency thereof, paid by a claimant on his home-73 74 stead beginning with the calendar year one thousand 75 nine hundred seventy-two, and for any particular calendar year thereafter: Provided, That if a homestead 76 77 is owned by a claimant and a person or persons (other 78 than the claimant's spouse) as joint tenants or as tenants 79 in common, and such person or persons owning such 80 interest in such homestead do not reside in such homestead, then for the purposes of this article, the 81 82 property taxes paid by the claimant shall be prorated according to such claimant's percentage of ownership of 83 84 such homestead: Provided, however. That if the claim-85 ant's homestead is a single unit within any multi-86 dwelling building, multi-purpose building or apartment 87 house, and such claimant owns the entirety of any such 88 structure, the property taxes paid by the claimant for 89 the purposes of this article shall be prorated so as to 90 reflect the percentage of value which the claimant's homestead is to the value of the entire structure which 91 92 is assessed in a single assessment based upon the entire 93 property.
 - 94 (8) "Rent constituting property taxes" means twelve 95 percent of the gross rent paid by a claimant for the right 96 of occupancy of his homestead beginning with the 97 calendar year one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, 98 and for any particular calendar year thereafter.

CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.

ARTICLE 1A. LINKED DEPOSIT PROGRAM.

§12-1A-5. Acceptance or rejection of loan package; deposit agreement.

- (a) The board of investments may accept or reject a linked deposit loan package or any portion thereof based on the ratio of state funds to be deposited to jobs sustained or created: Provided, That notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, the board of investments may not accept any linked deposit loan package or any portion thereof unless the same has been reviewed and approved by the director in his sole discretion.
 - (b) The board of investments shall reject any linked deposit loan package if the small business requesting such loan is not in good standing with the state tax department and the bureau of employment programs, and these agencies shall provide the board of investments with such information as to the standing of each small business loan applicant, notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary.
 - (c) Any linked deposit loan package that is being made to refinance an existing debt, or any portion thereof, must meet one of the following criteria:
 - (1) The small business can demonstrate in good faith that it is experiencing a substantial loss in its current (fiscal or calendar) tax-year period;
 - (2) The small business recently experienced a natural disaster and suffered unreimbursable casualty losses:
 - (3) The small business has filed to recover under the Federal Bankruptcy Act and meets the criteria in (1) above; or
 - (4) The small business can provide compelling information to the board of investments that jobs will be saved and/or created as a result of loan refinancing.
 - (d) Upon acceptance of the linked deposit loan package or any portion thereof by the board of investments and the director, the board of investments may place certificates of deposit with the eligible lending institution at three percent below current market rates, as determined and calculated by the board of investments. Upon acceptance of the linked deposit loan package for flood victims or any portion thereof, the

- board of investments may place certificates of deposit with the eligible lending institution at five percent below current market rates, as determined and calculated by the board of investments. When necessary, the board may place certificates of deposit prior to acceptance of a linked deposit loan package.
- 46 (e) The eligible lending institution shall enter into a 47 deposit agreement with the board, which shall include 48 requirements necessary to carry out the purposes of this 49 article. Such requirements shall reflect the market 50 conditions prevailing in the eligible lending institution's lending area. The agreement may include a specification 51 52 of the period of time in which the lending institution is 53 to lend funds upon the placement of a linked deposit and 54 shall include provisions for the certificates of deposit to 55 be placed for up to two-year maturities that may be renewed for up to an additional two years. Interest shall 56 be paid at the times determined by the board. 57

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

Article

- 1. State Division of Health.
- 29D. State Health Care.

ARTICLE 1. STATE DIVISION OF HEALTH.

§16-1-16. Investigations and hearings; power to administer oaths, subpoena witnesses, etc.; use of information and material acquired.

- 1 The state board of health, any member thereof, the director of health, or any officer or employee of the 2 3 department of health designated by the board of health, 4 shall have the power to hold investigations, inquiries 5 and hearings concerning matters covered by the laws of 6 this state pertaining to public health and within the 7 authority of the state board of health, and the rules, 8 regulations and orders of the board. Hearings shall be open to the public and shall be held upon such call or 9 10 notice as the board shall deem advisable.
- Each member of the board, the director and every officer or employee of the department of health designated to hold any inquiry, investigation or hearing shall

14 have the power to administer oaths and affirmations. 15 certify to all official acts, issue subpoenas and order the 16 attendance and testimony of witnesses in the production 17 of papers, books and documents. In case of the failure 18 of any person to comply with any subpoena or order issued under the authority of this section, the board or 19 20 its authorized representative may invoke the aid of any 21 circuit court of this state. The court may thereupon 22 order such person to comply with the requirements of the subpoena order or to give evidence touching the 23 24 matter in question. Failure to obey the order of the court 25 may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof.

Subject to the foregoing provision the board may in $\frac{26}{27}$ its discretion make available to appropriate federal. 28 state and municipal agencies information and material 29 developed in the course of its investigation and hearings: 30 Provided. That information obtained from studies or 31 from any investigation made or hearing held pursuant 32 to the provisions of this article shall not be admissible 33 in evidence in any action at law to recover damages for personal injury or in any action under the workers' 34 35 compensation act, but such information, if available, shall be furnished upon request to the commissioner of 36 the bureau of employment programs for the sole purpose 37 38 of adjusting claims presented to the said commissioner.

ARTICLE 29D. STATE HEALTH CARE.

*§16-29D-3. Agencies to cooperate and to provide plan; contents of plan; reports to Legislature; late payments by state agencies and interest thereon.

1 (a) All departments and divisions of the state, 2 including, but not limited to, the division of health and 3 the division of human services within the department of 4 health and human resources; the bureau of employment programs within the department of commerce, labor 5 and environmental resources; the public employees 6 7 insurance agency within the department of administra-8 tion; the division of rehabilitation services or such other department or division as shall supervise or provide 9 rehabilitation; and the West Virginia board of regents 10

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2979 (Chapter 134), which passed subsequent to this act.

- or such other department or division as shall govern the state medical schools, are authorized and directed to cooperate in order, among other things, to ensure the quality of the health care services delivered to the beneficiaries of such departments and divisions and to ensure the containment of costs in the payment for such services.
 - (b) It is expressly recognized that no other entity may interfere with the discretion and judgment given to the single state agency which administers the state's medicaid program. Thus, it is the intention of the Legislature that nothing contained in this article shall be interpreted, construed, or applied to interfere with the powers and actions of the single state agency which, in keeping with applicable federal law, shall administer the state's medicaid program as it perceives to be in the best interest of that program and its beneficiaries.
 - (c) Such departments and divisions shall develop a plan or plans to ensure that a reasonable and appropriate level of health care is provided to the beneficiaries of the various programs including the public employees insurance agency and the workers' compensation fund, the division of rehabilitation services and, to the extent permissible, the state medicaid program. The plan or plans may include, among other things, and the departments and divisions are hereby authorized to enter into:
 - (1) Utilization review and quality assurance programs;
 - (2) The establishment of a schedule or schedules of the maximum reasonable amounts to be paid to health care providers for the delivery of health care services covered by the plan or plans. Such a schedule or schedules may be either prospective in nature or cost reimbursement in nature, or a mixture of both: *Provided*, That any payment methods or schedules for institutions which provide inpatient care shall be institution-specific and shall, at a minimum, take into account a disproportionate share of medicaid, charity care and medical education: *Provided*, *however*, That in no event may any rate set in this article for an institutional health care

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- provider be greater than such institution's current rate established and approved by the health care cost review 53 54 authority pursuant to article twenty-nine-b of this 55 chapter:
 - (3) Provisions for making payments in advance of the receipt of health care services by a beneficiary, or in advance of the receipt of specific charges for such services, or both:
 - (4) Provisions for the receipt or payment of charges by electronic transfers:
 - (5) Arrangements, including contracts, with preferred provider organizations; and
 - (6) Arrangements, including contracts, with particular health care providers to deliver health care services to the beneficiaries of the programs of the departments and divisions at agreed upon rates in exchange for controlled access to the beneficiary populations.
 - (d) The director of the public employees insurance agency shall contract with an independent actuarial company for a review every four years of the claims experience of all governmental entities whose employees participate in the public employees insurance agency program, including, but not limited to, all branches of state government, all state departments or agencies (including those receiving funds from the federal government or a federal agency), all county and municipal governments, or any other similar entities for the purpose of determining the cost of providing coverage under the program, including administrative cost, to each such governmental entity.
 - (e) Except as provided in subsection (h) of this section, any health care provider who agrees to deliver health care services to any beneficiary of a health care program of a department or division of the state. including the public employees insurance agency, the state medicaid program, the workers' compensation fund and the division of rehabilitation services, the charges for which shall be paid by or reimbursed by any department or division which participates in a plan or

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91 plans as described in this section, shall be deemed to 92 have agreed to provide health care services to the 93 beneficiaries of health care programs of all of the other departments and divisions participating in a plan or 94 95 plans: Provided, That a health care provider shall be in 96 compliance with this subsection if the health care 97 provider actually delivers health care services to all 98 such patients who request such services or if the health 99 care provider actually delivers health care services to at 100 least a sufficient number of patients who are beneficiar-101 ies under the state's medicaid program to equate to at 102 least fifteen percent of the health care provider's total 103 patient population: Provided, however, That the delivery of health care services immediately needed to resolve an 104 105 imminent life-threatening medical or surgical emer-106 gency shall not be deemed to be an agreement under this 107 subsection: Provided further, That nothing contained in 108 this article may be deemed to, or purport to, imply any 109 consent by any physician on the staff of any hospital or 110 other health care institution to accepting or agreeing to 111 deliver health care services to any beneficiary of a 112 health care program of a division or department of this 113 state in any such physician's private office or practice 114 by virtue of the fact that such physician saw such 115 patient in connection with such physician's duties as an 116 on-call staff physician.

- (f) The administrators of the divisions of health, human services, workers' compensation, and the public employees insurance agency shall report to the Legislature no later than the first day of the regular session of the Legislature of the year one thousand nine hundred ninety concerning the plan or plans developed: *Provided*, That the plan or plans may be implemented prior to the delivery of such report.
- (g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to give or reserve to the Legislature any further or greater power or jurisdiction over the operations or programs of the various departments and divisions affected by this article than that already possessed by the Legislature in the absence of this article.
- (h) A health care provider who provides health care

132 services to any beneficiary of a health care program of 133 a department or division of the state pursuant to the 134 plan or plans developed in accordance with this article 135 may withdraw from participation in said plan or plans: 136 *Provided.* That the health care provider shall provide 137 written notice of withdrawal from participation in said 138 plan or plans to the administrator of the public 139 employees insurance agency: Provided, however, That a 140 provider who has withdrawn from further participation is not required to render services to any beneficiaries 141 142 under the plan or plans who are not his or her patients 143 at the time the notice of withdrawal is provided and the provider may continue to provide services to his or her 144 145 preexisting patients for not more than forty-five days after tendering the notice of withdrawal without 146 147 obligating his or herself to treat such other 148 beneficiaries.

149 (i) For the purchase of health care or health care 150 services by a health care provider participating in a 151 plan under this section or in a contract under subsection (d) or (e) of section four of this article on or after the 152 153 first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, by the public employees insurance agency, 154 155 the division of rehabilitation services and the division of 156 workers' compensation, a state check shall be issued in 157 payment thereof within sixty-five days after a legitimate 158 uncontested invoice is actually received by such division 159 or agency. Any state check issued after sixty-five days shall include interest at the current rate, as determined 160 161 by the state tax commissioner under the provisions of section seventeen-a, article ten, chapter eleven of this 162 163 code, which interest shall be calculated from the sixty-164 sixth day after such invoice was actually received by the division or agency until the date on which the state 165 166 check is mailed to the vendor.

CHAPTER 17C. TRAFFIC REGULATIONS AND LAWS OF THE ROAD.

ARTICLE 22. RIDESHARING.

§17C-22-3. Workers' compensation law does not apply to ridesharing; exceptions thereto.

1 Chapter twenty-three of this code providing compen-2 sation for workers injured during the course of their employment shall not apply to a person injured while 3 participating in a ridesharing arrangement between his 4 5 or her place of residence and place of employment or termini near such places: Provided, That if the employer 6 owns, leases or contracts for the motor vehicle used in 7 such arrangement, chapter twenty-three shall apply. 8

CHAPTER 17D. MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY RESPONSIBILITY LAW.

ARTICLE 4. PROOF OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FUTURE.

§17D-4-12. "Motor vehicle liability policy" defined; scope and provisions of policy.

- 1 (a) A "motor vehicle liability policy" as said term is 2 used in this chapter means an "owner's policy" or an 3 "operator's policy" of liability insurance certified as
- provided in section ten or section eleven of this article
 as proof of financial responsibility, and issued, except as
- 6 otherwise provided in section eleven, by an insurance
- 7 carrier duly authorized to transact business in this state.
- 8 to or for the benefit of the person named therein as
- 9 insured.
- 10 (b) Such owner's policy of liability insurance:
- 11 (1) Shall designate by explicit description or by 12 appropriate reference all vehicles with respect to which 13 coverage is thereby to be granted; and
- 14 (2) Shall insure the person named therein and any other person, as insured, using any such vehicle or 15 16 vehicles with the express or implied permission of such named insured, against loss from the liability imposed 17 by law for damages arising out of the ownership, 18 operation, maintenance or use of such vehicle or vehicles 19 within the United States of America or the Dominion 20 of Canada, subject to limits exclusive of interest and 21 costs, with respect to each such vehicle, as follows: 22 Twenty thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or 23 death of one person in any one accident and, subject to 24 said limit for one person, forty thousand dollars because 25

- of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one accident, and ten thousand dollars because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident.
 - (c) Such operator's policy of liability insurance shall insure the person named as insured therein against loss from the liability imposed upon him by law for damages arising out of the use by him of any motor vehicle not owned by him, within the same territorial limits and subject to the same limits of liability as are set forth above with respect to an owner's policy of liability insurance.
 - (d) Such motor vehicle liability policy shall state the name and address of the named insured, the coverage afforded by the policy, the premium charged therefor, the policy period, and the limits of liability, and shall contain an agreement or be endorsed that insurance is provided thereunder in accordance with the coverage defined in this chapter as respects bodily injury and death or property damage, or both, and is subject to all the provisions of this chapter.
 - (e) Such motor vehicle liability policy need not insure any liability under any workers' compensation law nor any liability on account of bodily injury to or death of an employee of the insured while engaged in the employment, other than domestic, of the insured, or while engaged in the operation, maintenance or repair of any such vehicle nor any liability for damage to property owned by, rented to, in charge of or transported by the insured.
 - (f) Every motor vehicle liability policy shall be subject to the following provisions which need not be contained therein:
 - (1) The liability of the insurance carrier with respect to the insurance required by this chapter shall become absolute whenever injury or damage covered by said motor vehicle liability policy occurs; said policy may not be canceled or annulled as to such liability by an agreement between the insurance carrier and the insured after the occurrence of the injury or damage;

no statement made by the insured or on his behalf and no violation of said policy shall defeat or void said policy.

- (2) The satisfaction by the insured of a judgment for such injury or damage shall not be a condition precedent to the right or duty of the insurance carrier to make payment on account of such injury or damage.
- (3) The insurance carrier shall have the right to settle any claim covered by the policy, and if such settlement is made in good faith, the amount thereof shall be deductible from the limits of liability specified in subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this section.
- (4) The policy, the written application therefor, if any, and any rider or endorsement which does not conflict with the provisions of this chapter shall constitute the entire contract between parties.
- (g) Any policy which grants the coverage required for a motor vehicle liability policy may also grant any lawful coverage in excess of or in addition to the coverage specified for a motor vehicle liability policy and such excess or additional coverage shall not be subject to the provisions of this chapter. With respect to a policy which grants such excess or additional coverage, the term "motor vehicle liability policy" applies only to that part of the coverage which is required by this section.
- (h) Any motor vehicle liability policy may provide that the insured shall reimburse the insurance carrier for any payment the insurance carrier would not have been obligated to make under the terms of the policy except for the provisions of this chapter.
- (i) Any motor vehicle liability policy may provide for the prorating of the insurance thereunder with other valid and collectible insurance.
- 99 (j) The requirements for a motor vehicle liability 100 policy may be fulfilled by the policies of one or more 101 insurance carriers which policies together meet such 102 requirements.
 - (k) Any binder issued pending the issuance of a motor

vehicle policy shall be deemed to fulfill the requirements for such a policy.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

Article

7A. State Teachers Retirement System.

9B. State Board of School Finance.

ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

§18-7A-20. Investment of funds.

1 The members of the retirement board shall be the 2 trustees of the several funds created by this article, and 3 shall determine from time to time what part of the 4 moneys belonging to the retirement system shall be 5 invested. When such board shall determine to invest any 6 moneys or to convert or sell any securities, it shall by 7 resolution so direct the custodian. The board of public 8 works is hereby empowered to determine in what securities the investments shall be made, but such 9 10 investments shall be made only in those securities to 11 which the board of public works is limited in the investment of workers' compensation funds under 12 13 section two, article three, chapter twenty-three of this code, or in bonds, notes, or other instruments evidencing 14 15 loans secured by mortgages or deeds of trust insured. 16 or with respect to which commitments to insure have 17 been made by the United States, or by the secretary of 18 agriculture, pursuant to the Bankhead-Jones Farm 19 Tenant Act of 1937, as heretofore or hereinafter 20 amended. It shall be the duty of every county, school 21 district or municipality issuing any bonds to offer them 22 in writing to the board of public works, prior to 23 advertising the bonds for sale. The board of public 24 works, within fifteen days after receipt of such offer. 25 may accept or reject such offer in whole or in part. It shall be the duty of the custodian to collect the principal 26 27 and the interest on investments when they become due 28 and payable and to credit such collections to the 29 retirement system.

ARTICLE 9B. STATE BOARD OF SCHOOL FINANCE.

§18-9B-16. Transmission and investment of proceeds of permanent improvement fund.

1 If a county board accumulates the permanent im-2 provement fund for more than two years, the proceeds 3 of the fund shall be transmitted to the state sinking fund commission on or before the first day of December of 4 5 the year in which the second successive levy for the fund 6 is laid. Amounts subsequently accruing to the fund as 7 of the first day of July of each year shall be transmitted 8 to the state sinking fund commission on or before the 9 first day of December ensuing. The state sinking fund 10 commission shall keep a separate account for the fund 11 of the county and shall invest the proceeds in any 12 obligations authorized for the investment of the state workers' compensation fund. The proceeds of the fund 13 14 may be withdrawn by the county board of education as authorized by this article upon sixty days' notice in 15 16 writing to the state sinking fund commission.

CHAPTER 19. AGRICULTURE.

ARTICLE 23. HORSE AND DOG RACING.

§19-23-14. Disposition of permit fees, registration fees and fines.

1 All permit fees, fees paid for the registration of colors 2 or assumed names and fines imposed by the stewards, starters or other racing officials shall be paid into a 3 4 relief fund and paid out on the order of the racing 5 commission for hospitalization, medical care and funeral 6 expenses occasioned by injuries or death resulting from 7 an accident sustained by any permit holder while in the 8 discharge of his duties under the jurisdiction of the 9 racing commission. No payment shall be made, however, for any hospitalization, medical care or funeral expenses 10 11 as to any permit holder who is covered under the 12 workers' compensation fund of this state, or any 13 insurance policy providing payments for hospitalization, 14 medical care or funeral expenses. Any balance in said relief fund at any time in excess of five thousand dollars. 15 less any relief obligations then outstanding, shall 16 thereupon be transferred by the racing commission to 17 the state treasurer for deposit to the credit of the 18 19 general revenue fund of this state.

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CHAPTER 21. LABOR.

ARTICLE 5. WAGE PAYMENT AND COLLECTION.

§21-5-14. Employer's bond for wages and benefits.

- 1 (a) Bond required. — With the exception of those who 2 have been doing business in this state actively and 3 actually engaged in construction work, or the severance, 4 production or transportation of minerals for at least five 5 consecutive years next preceding the posting of the bond 6 required by this section, every employer, person, firm 7 or corporation engaged in or about to engage in 8 construction work, or the severance, production or 9 transportation (excluding railroads and water transporters) of minerals, shall, prior to engaging in any 10 11 construction work, or the severance, production or 12 transportation of minerals, furnish a bond on a form 13 prescribed by the commissioner, payable to the state of 14 West Virginia, with the condition that the person, firm or corporation pay the wages and fringe benefits of his 15 16 or its employees when due. The amount of the bond shall 17 be equal to the total of the employer's gross payroll for four weeks at full capacity or production. plus fifteen 18 percent of the said total of employer's gross payroll for 19 20 four weeks at full capacity or production. The amount 21 of the bond shall increase or decrease as the employer's payroll increases or decreases: Provided, That the 22 amount of the bond shall not be decreased, except with 23 24 the commissioner's approval and determination that 25 there are not outstanding claims against the bond.
 - (b) Waiver. The commissioner shall waive the posting of any bond required by subsection (a) of this section upon his determination that an employer is of sufficient financial responsibility to pay wages and fringe benefits. The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations according to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code which prescribe standards for the granting of such waivers.
 - (c) Form of bond; filing in office of circuit clerk. The bond may include, with the approval of the commissioner, surety bonding, collateral bonding (including cash and securities), letters of credit, establishment of

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38 an escrow account or a combination of these methods. 39 The commissioner shall accept an irrevocable letter of credit in lieu of any other bonding requirement. If 40 collateral bonding is used, the employer may deposit 41 42 cash, or collateral securities or certificates as follows: Bonds of the United States or its possessions, or of the 43 44 federal land bank, or of the homeowner's loan corporation; full faith and credit general obligation bonds of the 45 46 state of West Virginia or other states, and of any county, 47 district or municipality of the state of West Virginia or other states; or certificates of deposit in a bank in this 48 49 state, which certificates shall be in favor of the state. The cash deposit or market value of such securities or 50 51 certificates shall be equal to or greater than the sum of the bond. The commissioner shall, upon receipt of any 52 such deposit of cash, securities or certificates, promptly 53 place the same with the state treasurer whose duty it 54 55 shall be to receive and hold the same in the name of the 56 state in trust for the purpose for which such deposit is 57 made. The employer making the deposit shall be entitled 58 from time to time to receive from the state treasurer, upon the written approval of the commissioner, the 59 60 whole or any portion of any cash, securities or certifi-61 cates so deposited, upon depositing with him in lieu 62 thereof, cash or other securities or certificates of the 63 classes herein specified having value equal to or greater 64 than the sum of the bond. The commissioner shall cause 65 a copy of the bond to be filed in the office of the clerk of the county commission of the county wherein the 66 person, firm or corporation is doing business to be 67 available for public inspection. 68

- (d) Employee cause of action. Notwithstanding any other provision in this article, any employee, whose wages and fringe benefits are secured by the bond, as specified in subsection (c) of this section, has a direct cause of action against the bond for wages and fringe benefits that are due and unpaid.
- (e) Action of commissioner. Any employee having wages and fringe benefits unpaid may inform the commissioner of the claim for unpaid wages and fringe benefits and request certification thereof. If the commis-

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79 sioner, upon notice to the employer and investigation. 80 finds that such wages and fringe benefits or a portion 81 thereof are unpaid, he shall make demand of such 82 employer for the payment of such wages and fringe 83 benefits. If payment for such wages and fringe benefits 84 is not forthcoming within the time specified by the 85 commissioner, not to exceed thirty days, the commis-86 sioner shall certify such claim or portion thereof, and 87 forward the certification to the bonding company or the 88 state treasurer, who shall provide payment to the 89 affected employee within fourteen days of receipt of 90 such certification. The bonding company, or any person, 91 firm or corporation posting a bond, thereafter shall have 92 the right to proceed against a defaulting employer for 93 that part of the claim the employee paid. The procedure 94 specified herein shall not be construed to preclude other actions by the commissioner or employee to seek 95 96 enforcement of the provisions of this article by any civil 97 proceedings for the payment of wages and fringe 98 benefits or by criminal proceedings as may be deter-99 mined appropriate.

- (f) Posting and reporting by employer. With the exception of those exempt under subsection (a) of this section, any employer who is engaged in construction work or the severance, production or transportation (excluding railroad and water transporters) of minerals shall post the following in a place accessible to his or its employees:
- (1) A copy of the bond or other evidence of surety specifying the number of employees covered as provided under subsection (a) of this section, or notification that the posting of a bond has been waived by the commissioner; and
- 112 (2) A copy of the notice in the form prescribed by the 113 commissioner regarding the duties of employers under this section. During the first two years that any person. 114 115 firm or corporation is doing business in this state in 116 construction work, or in the severance, production or transportation of minerals, such person, firm or corpo-117 ration shall on or before the first day of February, May, 118 August and November of each calendar year file with 119

- the department a verified statement of the number of employees, or a copy of the quarterly report filed with the bureau of employment programs showing the accurate number of employees, unless the commissioner waives the filing of the report upon his determination that the person, firm or corporation is of sufficient
- 126 stability that the reporting is unnecessary.
- 127 (g) Termination of bond. — The bond may be terminated, with the approval of the commissioner, after an 128 employer submits a statement, under oath or affirma-129 130 tion lawfully administered, to the commissioner that the 131 following has occurred: The employer has ceased doing business and all wages and fringe benefits have been 132 133 paid, or the employer has been doing business in this 134 state for at least five consecutive years and has paid all 135 wages and fringe benefits. The approval of the commis-136 sioner will be granted only after the commissioner has 137 determined that the wages and fringe benefits of all employees have been paid. The bond may also be 138 terminated upon a determination by the commissioner 139 140 that an employer is of sufficient financial responsibility 141 to pay wages and fringe benefits.

CHAPTER 21A. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION.

Article

- 1. Bureau of Employment Programs.
- 2. The Commissioner of the Bureau of Employment Programs.
- 2A. Emergency Employment Supplemental Matching Program.
- 2B. Group Insurance Plans for Regular Employees.
- 2C. Veterans Incentive Program.
- 5. Employer Coverage and Responsibility.
- 6. Employee Eligibility: Benefits.
- 7. Claim Procedure.
- General Provisions.

ARTICLE 1. BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS.

- §21A-1-3. Definitions.
- §21A-1-4. Bureau of employment programs created; division; "bureau" defined.
- §21A-1-5. Federal-state cooperation.
- §21A-1-6. Employment stabilization.
- §21A-1-7. State public employment agency to become state employment service division.

§21A-1-3. Definitions.

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As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

"Administration fund" means the employment security administration fund, from which the administrative expenses under this chapter shall be paid.

"Annual payroll" means the total amount of wages for employment paid by an employer during a twelvemonth period ending with the thirtieth day of June of any calendar year.

"Average annual payroll" means the average of the last three annual payrolls of an employer.

"Base period" means the first four out of the last five completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of the individual benefit year.

"Base period employer" means any employer who in the base period for any benefit year paid wages to an individual who filed claim for unemployment compensation within such benefit year.

"Base period wages" means wages paid to an individual during the base period by all his base period employers.

"Benefit year" with respect to an individual means the fifty-two-week period beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which a valid claim is effective, and thereafter the fifty-two-week period beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which such individual next files a valid claim for benefits after the termination of his last preceding benefit year; however, if a claim is effective on the first day of a quarter, the benefit year will be fifty-three weeks, in order to prevent an overlapping of the base period wages. An initial claim for benefits filed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter shall be considered to be a valid claim within the purposes of this definition if the individual has been paid wages in his base period sufficient to make him eligible for benefits under the provisions of this chapter.

"Benefits" means the money payable to an individual

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- 39 with respect to his unemployment.
- 40 "Board" means board of review.

"Calendar quarter" means the period of three consecutive calendar months ending on the thirty-first day of March, the thirtieth day of June, the thirtieth day of September, the thirty-first day of December, or the equivalent thereof as the commissioner may by regulation prescribe.

"Commissioner" means the bureau of employment programs' commissioner.

"Computation date" means the thirtieth day of June the year immediately preceding the first day of January on which an employer's contribution rate becomes effective.

"Employing unit" means an individual, or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company, corporation (domestic or foreign), state or political subdivision thereof, or their instrumentalities, as provided in paragraph (b), subdivision (9) of the definition of "employment" in this section, institution of higher education, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal representative of a deceased person, which has on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five, or subsequent thereto, had in its employ one or more individuals performing service within this state.

"Employer" means:

- (1) Until the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, any employing unit which for some portion of a day, not necessarily simultaneously, in each of twenty different calendar weeks, which weeks need not be consecutive, within either the current calendar year, or the preceding calendar year, has had in employment four or more individuals irrespective of whether the same individuals were or were not employed on each of such days;
- 76 (2) Any employing unit which is or becomes a liable

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- 77 employer under any federal unemployment tax act;
 - (3) Any employing unit which has acquired or acquires the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets thereof, of an employing unit which at the time of such acquisition was an employer subject to this chapter;
 - (4) Any employing unit which, after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred sixty-three, and until the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, in any one calendar quarter, in any calendar year, has in employment four or more individuals and has paid wages for employment in the total sum of five thousand dollars or more, or which, after such date, has paid wages for employment in any calendar year in the sum total of twenty thousand dollars or more;
 - (5) Any employing unit which, after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred sixty-three, and until the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, in any three-week period, in any calendar year, has in employment ten or more individuals;
 - (6) For the effective period of its election pursuant to section three, article five of this chapter, any employing unit which has elected to become subject to this chapter;
 - (7) Any employing unit which, after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, (i) in any calendar quarter in either the current or preceding calendar year paid for service in employment wages of one thousand five hundred dollars or more, or (ii) for some portion of a day in each of twenty different calendar weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, in either the current or the preceding calendar year had in employment at least one individual (irrespective of whether the same individual was in employment in each such day) except as provided in subdivisions (11) and (12) thereof;
 - (8) Any employing unit for which service in employment, as defined in subdivision (9) of the definition of

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- "employment" in this section, is performed after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one;
- 119 (9) Any employing unit for which service in employ-120 ment, as defined in subdivision (10) of the definition of 121 "employment" in this section, is performed after the 122 thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 123 seventy-one:
- 124 (10) Any employing unit for which service in employ-125 ment, as defined in paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 126 (9) of the definition of "employment" in this section, is 127 performed after the thirty-first day of December, one 128 thousand nine hundred seventy-seven;
- 129 (11) Any employing unit for which agricultural labor, 130 as defined in subdivision (12) of the definition of 131 "employment" in this section, is performed after the 132 thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 133 seventy-seven; or
- 134 (12) Any employing unit for which domestic service 135 in employment, as defined in subdivision (13) of the 136 definition of "employment" in this section, is performed 137 after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine 138 hundred seventy-seven.
- "Employment", subject to the other provisions of this section, means:
 - (1) Service, including service in interstate commerce, performed for wages or under any contract of hire, written or oral, express or implied;
- 144 (2) Any service performed prior to the first day of 145 January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, which 146 was employment as defined in this section prior to such 147 date and, subject to the other provisions of this section, 148 service performed after the thirty-first day of De-149 cember, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, by an 150 employee, as defined in section 3306 (i) of the Federal 151 Unemployment Tax Act, including service in interstate 152 commerce:
 - 153 (3) Any service performed prior to the first day of

- January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, which was employment as defined in this section prior to such date and, subject to the other provisions of this section, service performed after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, including service in interstate commerce, by any officer of a corporation:
 - (4) An individual's entire service, performed within or both within and without this state if: (a) The service is localized in this state, or (b) the service is not localized in any state but some of the service is performed in this state and (i) the base of operations, or, if there is no base of operations, then the place from which such service is directed or controlled, is in this state; or (ii) the base of operations or place from which such service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed but the individual's residence is in this state:
 - (5) Service not covered under paragraph (4) of this subdivision and performed entirely without this state with respect to no part of which contributions are required and paid under an unemployment compensation law of any other state or of the federal government, is employment subject to this chapter if the individual performing such services is a resident of this state and the commissioner approves the election of the employing unit for whom such services are performed that the entire service of such individual is employment subject to this chapter;
 - (6) Service is localized within a state, if: (a) The service is performed entirely within such state; or (b) the service is performed both within and without such state, but the service performed without such state is incidental to the individual's service within this state, as, for example, is temporary or transitory in nature or consists of isolated transactions;
 - (7) Services performed by an individual for wages are employment subject to this chapter unless and until it is shown to the satisfaction of the commissioner that: (a) Such individual has been and will continue to be free

from control or direction over the performance of such services, both under his contract of service and in fact: and (b) such service is either outside the usual course of the business for which such service is performed or that such service is performed outside of all the places of business of the enterprise for which such service is performed; and (c) such individual is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupa-tion, profession or business;

- (8) All service performed by an officer or member of the crew of an American vessel (as defined in section three hundred five of an act of Congress entitled Social Security Act Amendment of 1946, approved the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred forty-six), on or in connection with such vessel, provided that the operating office, from which the operations of such vessel operating on navigable waters within and without the United States is ordinarily and regularly supervised, managed, directed and controlled, is within this state;
- (9) (a) Service performed after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, by an individual in the employ of this state or any of its instrumentalities (or in the employ of this state and one or more other states or their instrumentalities) for a hospital or institution of higher education located in this state: *Provided*, That such service is excluded from "employment" as defined in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act solely by reason of section 3306 (c) (7) of that act and is not excluded from "employment" under subdivision (11) of the exclusion from employment in this section;
- (b) Service performed after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, in the employ of this state or any of its instrumentalities or political subdivisions thereof or any of its instrumentalities or any instrumentality of more than one of the foregoing or any instrumentality of any foregoing and one or more other states or political subdivisions: *Provided*, That such service is excluded from "employment" as defined in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act by section 3306 (c) (7) of that act and is not excluded

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- from "employment" under subdivision (15) of the exclusion from employment in this section; and
 - (c) Service performed after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, in the employ of a nonprofit educational institution which is not an institution of higher education;
 - (10) Service performed after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, by an individual in the employ of a religious, charitable, educational or other organization but only if the following conditions are met:
 - (a) The service is excluded from "employment" as defined in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act solely by reason of section 3306 (c) (8) of that act; and
 - (b) The organization had four or more individuals in employment for some portion of a day in each of twenty different weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, within either the current or preceding calendar year, regardless of whether they were employed at the same moment of time;
 - (11) Service of an individual who is a citizen of the United States, performed outside the United States after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one (except in Canada and in the case of Virgin Islands after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and before the first day of January, the year following the year in which the secretary of labor approves for the first time an unemployment insurance law submitted to him by the Virgin Islands for approval) in the employ of an American employer (other than service which is considered "employment" under the provisions of subdivision (4), (5) or (6) of this definition of "employment" or the parallel provisions of another state's law) if:
 - (a) The employer's principal place of business in the United States is located in this state; or
- 272 (b) The employer has no place of business in the 273 United States, but (i) the employer is an individual who 274 is a resident of this state; or (ii) the employer is a

corporation which is organized under the laws of this state; or (iii) the employer is a partnership or a trust and the number of the partners or trustees who are residents of this state is greater than the number who are residents of any one other state; or

(c) None of the criteria of subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision (11) is met but the employer has elected coverage in this state or, the employer having failed to elect coverage in any state, the individual has filed a claim for benefits, based on such service, under the law of this state.

An "American employer", for purposes of this subdivision (11), means a person who is (i) an individual who is a resident of the United States; or (ii) a partnership if two thirds or more of the partners are residents of the United States; or (iii) a trust, if all of the trustees are residents of the United States; or (iv) a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or of any state:

- (12) Service performed after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, by an individual in agricultural labor as defined in subdivision (5) of the exclusions from employment in this section when:
- (a) Such service is performed for a person who (i) during any calendar quarter in either the current or the preceding calendar year paid remuneration in cash of twenty thousand dollars or more to individuals employed in agricultural labor including labor performed by an alien referred to in paragraph (b) of this subdivision (12); or (ii) for some portion of a day in each of twenty different calendar weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, in either the current or the preceding calendar year, employed in agricultural labor, including labor performed by an alien referred to in paragraph (b) of this subdivision (12), ten or more individuals, regardless of whether they were employed at the same moment of time;
- 313 (b) Such service is not performed in agricultural labor 314 if performed before the first day of January, one

- thousand nine hundred ninety-three, by an individual who is an alien admitted to the United States to perform service in agricultural labor pursuant to sections 214 (c) and 101 (a) (15) (H) of the Immigration and Nationality Act:
 - (c) For the purposes of the definition of employment, any individual who is a member of a crew furnished by a crew leader to perform service in agricultural labor for any other person shall be treated as an employee of such crew leader (i) if such crew leader holds a valid certificate of registration under the Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act; or substantially all the members of such crew operate or maintain tractors, mechanized harvesting or cropdusting equipment, or any other mechanized equipment, which is provided by such crew leader; and (ii) if such individual is not an employee of such other person within the meaning of subdivision (7) of the definition of employer;
 - (d) For the purposes of this subdivision (12), in the case of any individual who is furnished by a crew leader to perform service in agricultural labor for any other person and who is not treated as an employee of such crew leader under subparagraph (c) of this subdivision (12), (i) such other person and not the crew leader shall be treated as the employer of such individual; and (ii) such other person shall be treated as having paid cash remuneration to such individual in an amount equal to the amount of cash remuneration paid to such individual by the crew leader (either on his own behalf or on behalf of such other person) for the service in agricultural labor performed for such other person; and
 - (e) For the purposes of this subdivision (12), the term "crew leader" means an individual who (i) furnishes individuals to perform service in agricultural labor for any other person, (ii) pays (either on his own behalf or on behalf of such other person) the individuals so furnished by him for the service in agricultural labor performed by them, and (iii) has not entered into a written agreement with such other person under which such individual is designated as an employee of such

356 other person;

(13) The term "employment" includes domestic service after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, in a private home, local college club or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority performed for a person who paid cash remuneration of one thousand dollars or more after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven. in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year to individuals employed in such domestic service.

Notwithstanding the foregoing definition of "employment", if the services performed during one half or more of any pay period by an employee for the person employing him constitute employment, all the services of such employee for such period are employment; but if the services performed during more than one half of any such pay period by an employee for the person employing him do not constitute employment, then none of the services of such employee for such period are employment.

The term "employment" does not include:

- (1) Service performed in the employ of this state or any political subdivision thereof, or any instrumentality of this state or its subdivisions, except as otherwise provided herein until the thirty-first day of December, one/thousand nine hundred seventy-seven;
- (2) Service performed directly in the employ of another state, or its political subdivisions, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a), subdivision (9) of the definition of "employment", until the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven;
- (3) Service performed in the employ of the United States or any instrumentality of the United States exempt under the constitution of the United States from the payments imposed by this law, except that to the extent that the Congress of the United States shall permit states to require any instrumentalities of the United States to make payments into an unemployment

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395 fund under a state unemployment compensation law, all 396 of the provisions of this law shall be applicable to such 397 instrumentalities and to service performed for such 398 instrumentalities in the same manner, to the same 399 extent and on the same terms as to all other employers. 400 employing units, individuals and services: Provided, 401 That if this state shall not be certified for any year by 402 the secretary of labor under section 1603 (c) of the 403 federal Internal Revenue Code, the payments required 404 of such instrumentalities with respect to such year shall 405 be refunded by the commissioner from the fund in the 406 same manner and within the same period as is provided 407 in section nineteen, article five of this chapter, with 408 respect to payments erroneously collected;

- (4) Service performed after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine, with respect to which unemployment compensation is payable under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act and service with respect to which unemployment benefits are payable under an unemployment compensation system for maritime employees established by an act of Congress. The commissioner may enter into agreements with the proper agency established under such an act of Congress to provide reciprocal treatment to individuals who, after acquiring potential rights to unemployment compensation under an act of Congress, or who have, after acquiring potential rights to unemployment compensation under an act of Congress, acquired rights to benefit under this chapter. Such agreement shall become effective ten days after such publications which shall comply with the general rules of the department;
- (5) Service performed by an individual in agricultural labor, except as provided in subdivision (12) of the definition of "employment" in this section. For purposes of this subdivision (5), the term "agricultural labor" includes all services performed:
- (a) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training and management of

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livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wildlife;

- (b) In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm, in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a hurricane, if the major part of such service is performed on a farm;
- 445 (c) In connection with the production or harvesting of 446 any commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in 447 section fifteen (g) of the Agricultural Marketing Act. as 448 amended, or in connection with the ginning of cotton, 449 or in connection with the operation or maintenance of 450 ditches, canals, reservoirs or waterways, not owned or 451 operated for profit, used exclusively for supplying and 452 storing water for farming purposes;
 - (d) (i) In the employ of the operator of a farm in handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing or delivering to storage or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured state, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; but only if such operator produced more than one half of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed; or (ii) in the employ of a group of operators of farms (or a cooperative organization of which such operators are members) in the performance of service described in clause (i), but only if such operators produced more than one half of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed; but the provisions of clauses (i) and (ii) are not applicable with respect to service performed in connection with commercial canning or commercial freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption:
 - (e) On a farm operated for profit if such service is not in the course of the employer's trade or business or is domestic service in a private home of the employer. As used in this subdivision (5), the term "farm" includes

- stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animals, truck farms, plantations, ranches, greenhouses, ranges and nurseries, or other similar land areas or structures used primarily for the raising of any agricultural or horticultural commodities:
- 481 (6) Domestic service in a private home except as 482 provided in subdivision (13) of the definition of "employment" in this section:
- 484 (7) Service performed by an individual in the employ 485 of his son, daughter or spouse;
- 486 (8) Service performed by a child under the age of 487 eighteen years in the employ of his father or mother;
 - (9) Service as an officer or member of a crew of an American vessel, performed on or in connection with such vessel, if the operating office, from which the operations of the vessel operating on navigable waters within or without the United States are ordinarily and regularly supervised, managed, directed and controlled, is without this state;
 - (10) Service performed by agents of mutual fund broker-dealers or insurance companies, exclusive of industrial insurance agents, or by agents of investment companies, who are compensated wholly on a commission basis;
 - (11) Service performed (i) in the employ of a church or convention or association of churches, or an organization which is operated primarily for religious purposes and which is operated, supervised, controlled or principally supported by a church or convention or association of churches; or (ii) by a duly ordained, commissioned or licensed minister of a church in the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by such order; or (iii) prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, in the employ of a school which is not an institution of higher education; or (iv) in a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out a program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or

mental deficiency or injury or providing remunerative work for individuals who because of their impaired physical or mental capacity cannot be readily absorbed in the competitive labor market by an individual receiving such rehabilitation or remunerative work; or (v) as part of an unemployment work-relief or worktraining program assisted or financed in whole or in part by any federal agency or an agency of a state or political subdivision thereof, by an individual receiving such work relief or work training; or (vi) prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, for a hospital in a state prison or other state correctional institution by an inmate of the prison or correctional institution, and after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, by an inmate of a custodial or penal institution:

- (12) Service performed in the employ of a school, college or university, if such service is performed (i) by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at such school, college or university; or (ii) by the spouse of such a student, if such spouse is advised, at the time such spouse commences to perform such service, that (I) the employment of such spouse to perform such service is provided under a program to provide financial assistance to such student by such school, college or university; and (II) such employment will not be covered by any program of unemployment insurance:
- (13) Service performed by an individual who is enrolled at a nonprofit or public educational institution which normally maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body of students in attendance at the place where its educational activities are carried on as a student in a full-time program, taken for credit at such institution, which combines academic instruction with work experience, if such service is an integral part of such program, and such institution has so certified to the employer, except that this subdivision shall not apply to service performed in a program established for or on behalf of an employer or group of employers:

- 556 (14) Service performed in the employ of a hospital, if 557 such service is performed by a patient of the hospital, 558 as defined in this section; and
 - (15) Service in the employ of a governmental entity referred to in subdivision (9) of the definition of "employment" in this section if such service is performed by an individual in the exercise of duties (i) as an elected official; (ii) as a member of a legislative body, or a member of the judiciary, of a state or political subdivision; (iii) as a member of the state national guard or air national guard; (iv) as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood or similar emergency; (v) in a position which, under or pursuant to the laws of this state, is designated as (I) a major nontenured policymaking or advisory position, or (II) a policymaking or advisory position the performance of the duties of which ordinarily does not require more than eight hours per week.

Notwithstanding the foregoing exclusions from the definition of "employment", services, except agricultural labor and domestic service in a private home, are in employment if with respect to such services a tax is required to be paid under any federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment compensation fund, or which as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act are required to be covered under this chapter.

"Employment office" means a free employment office or branch thereof, operated by this state, or any free public employment office maintained as a part of a state controlled system of public employment offices in any other state.

"Fund" means the unemployment compensation fund established by this chapter.

"Hospital" means an institution which has been licensed, certified or approved by the state department of health as a hospital.

- "Institution of higher education" means an educational institution which:
- 595 (1) Admits as regular students only individuals having 596 a certificate of graduation from a high school, or the 597 recognized equivalent of such a certificate;
- 598 (2) Is legally authorized in this state to provide a program of education beyond high school;
- 600 (3) Provides an educational program for which it 601 awards a bachelor's or higher degree, or provides a 602 program which is acceptable for full credit toward such 603 a degree, or provides a program of post-graduate or 604 post-doctoral studies, or provides a program of training 605 to prepare students for gainful employment in a 606 recognized occupation; and
- 607 (4) Is a public or other nonprofit institution.
- Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this definition all colleges and universities in this state are institutions of higher education for purposes of this section.
- 612 "Payments" means the money required to be paid or 613 that may be voluntarily paid into the state unemploy-614 ment compensation fund as provided in article five of 615 this chapter.
- "Separated from employment" means, for the purformal poses of this chapter, the total severance, whether by quitting, discharge or otherwise, of the employeremployee relationship.
- "State" includes, in addition to the states of the United
 States, Puerto Rico, District of Columbia and the Virgin
 Islands.
- 623 "Total and partial unemployment" means:
- 624 (1) An individual is totally unemployed in any week 625 in which such individual is separated from employment 626 for an employing unit and during which he performs no 627 services and with respect to which no wages are payable 628 to him.
- 629 (2) An individual who has not been separated from

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employment is partially unemployed in any week in which due to lack of full-time work wages payable to him are less than his weekly benefit amount plus twenty-five dollars: *Provided*, That said individual must have earnings of at least twenty-six dollars.

"Wages" means all remuneration for personal service, including commissions, gratuities customarily received by an individual in the course of employment from persons other than the employing unit, as long as such gratuities equal or exceed an amount of not less than twenty dollars each month and which are required to be reported to the employer by the employee, bonuses, and the cash value of all remuneration in any medium other than cash except for agricultural labor and domestic service: *Provided*, That the term "wages" does not include:

(1) That part of the remuneration which, after remuneration equal to three thousand dollars has been paid to an individual by an employer with respect to employment during any calendar year, is paid after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine, and prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven, to such individual by such employer with respect to employment during such calendar year: or that part of the remuneration which, after remuneration equal to three thousand dollars with respect to employment after one thousand nine hundred thirty-eight, has been paid to an individual by an employer during any calendar year after one thousand nine hundred forty-six, is paid to such individual by such employer during such calendar year, except that for the purposes of sections one, ten, eleven and thirteen, article six of this chapter, all remuneration earned by an individual in employment shall be credited to the individual and included in his computation of base period wages: Provided, That notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, the term "wages" does not include:

That part of the remuneration which, after remuneration equal to three thousand six hundred dollars has

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been paid to an individual by an employer with respect to employment during any calendar year, is paid during any calendar year after one thousand nine hundred sixty-one; and shall not include that part of remuneration which, after remuneration equal to four thousand two hundred dollars is paid during a calendar year after one thousand nine hundred seventy-one; and shall not include that part of remuneration which, after remuneration equal to six thousand dollars is paid during a calendar year after one thousand nine hundred seventyseven; and shall not include that part of remuneration which, after remuneration equal to eight thousand dollars is paid during a calendar year after one thousand nine hundred eighty, to an individual by an employer or his predecessor with respect to employment during any calendar year, is paid to such individual by such employer during such calendar year unless that part of the remuneration is subject to a tax under a federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment fund. For the purposes of this subdivision (1), the term "employment" includes service constituting employment under any unemployment compensation law of another state: or which as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act is required to be covered under this chapter; and, except that for the purposes of sections one, ten, eleven and thirteen, article six of this chapter, all remuneration earned by an individual in employment shall be credited to the individual and included in his computation of base period wages: Provided. That the remuneration paid to an individual by an employer with respect to employment in another state or other states upon which contributions were required of and paid by such employer under an unemployment compensation law of such other state or states shall be included as a part of the remuneration equal to the amounts of three thousand six hundred dollars or four thousand two hundred dollars or six thousand dollars or eight thousand dollars herein referred to. In applying such limitation on the amount of remuneration that is taxable, an employer

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shall be accorded the benefit of all or any portion of such amount which may have been paid by its predecessor or predecessors: Provided, however, That if the definition of the term "wages" as contained in section 3306 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, is amended: (a) Effective prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, to include remuneration in excess of three thousand dollars, or (b) effective on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, to include remuneration in excess of three thousand six hundred dollars, or (c) effective on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, to include remuneration in excess of four thousand two hundred dollars, or (d) effective on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, to include remuneration in excess of six thousand dollars, or (e) effective on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty, to include remuneration in excess of eight thousand dollars, paid to an individual by an employer under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act during any calendar year, wages for the purposes of this definition shall include remuneration paid in a calendar year to an individual by an employer subject to this article or his predecessor with respect to employment during any calendar year up to an amount equal to the amount of remuneration taxable under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act;

(2) The amount of any payment made after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment), to, or on behalf of, an individual in its employ or any of his dependents, under a plan or system established by an employer which makes provision for individuals in its employ generally (or for such individuals and their dependents), or for a class or classes of such individuals (or for a class or classes of such individuals and their dependents), on account of (A) retirement, or (B) sickness or accident disability payments made to an employee under an approved state workers' compensation law, or (C) medical or hospital-

ization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability; or (D) death;

- (3) Any payment made after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, by an employer to an individual in its employ (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment) on account of retirement;
 - (4) Any payment made after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, by an employer on account of sickness or accident disability, or medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, to, or on behalf of, an individual in its employ after the expiration of six calendar months following the last calendar month in which such individual worked for such employer;
 - (5) Any payment made after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, by an employer to, or on behalf of, an individual in its employ or his beneficiary (A) from or to a trust described in section 401 (a) which is exempt from tax under section 501 (a) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code at the time of such payments unless such payment is made to such individual as an employee of the trust as remuneration for services rendered by such individual and not as a beneficiary of the trust or (B) under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such payment, is a plan described in section 403 (a) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code;
 - (6) The payment by an employer of the tax imposed upon an employer under section 3101 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code with respect to remuneration paid to an employee for domestic service in a private home or the employer of agricultural labor;
 - (7) Remuneration paid by an employer after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, in any medium other than cash to an individual in its employ for service not in the course of the employer's trade or business;

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- 794 (8) Any payment (other than vacation or sick pay)
 795 made by an employer after the thirty-first day of
 796 December, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, to an
 797 individual in its employ after the month in which he
 798 attains the age of sixty-five, if he did not work for the
 799 employer in the period for which such payment is made;
 - (9) Payments, not required under any contract of hire, made to an individual with respect to his period of training or service in the armed forces of the United States by an employer by which such individual was formerly employed; and
 - (10) Vacation pay, severance pay or savings plans received by an individual before or after becoming totally or partially unemployed but earned prior to becoming totally or partially unemployed: Provided. That the term totally or partially unemployed shall not be interpreted to include: (A) Employees who are on vacation by reason of the request of the employees or their duly authorized agent, for a vacation at a specific time, and which request by the employees or their agent is acceded to by their employer; (B) employees who are on vacation by reason of the employer's request provided they are so informed at least ninety days prior to such vacation; or (C) employees who are on vacation by reason of the employer's request where such vacation is in addition to the regular vacation and the employer compensates such employee at a rate equal to or exceeding their regular daily rate of pay during the vacation period.

The reasonable cash value of remuneration in any medium other than cash shall be estimated and determined in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner, except for remuneration other than cash for services performed in agricultural labor and domestic service.

"Week" means a calendar week, ending at midnight Saturday, or the equivalent thereof, as determined in accordance with the regulations prescribed by the commissioner.

"Weekly benefit rate" means the maximum amount of

- benefit an eligible individual will receive for one week of total unemployment.
- "Year" means a calendar year or the equivalent thereof, as determined by the commissioner.

§21A-1-4. Bureau of employment programs created; division; "bureau" defined.

- 1 There is created an agency designated as the bureau
- 2 of employment programs, composed of a division of
- 3 unemployment compensation, a division of employment
- 4 service, a division of job training programs, a division 5 of workers' compensation, and such other divisions or
- 6 units as the commissioner determines to be necessary.
- Wherever, within this chapter, or in chapter twentythree of this code, the term "department", "bureau",
- 9 "fund" or "workers' compensation fund" is used, it shall
- 10 be taken to mean bureau of employment programs.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d) (11)
- 12 and subsection (d) (12), section one, article two, chapter
- 13 five-f of this code, the division of employment security
- 14 and the division of workers' compensation programs are
- 15 hereby consolidated in an agency designated as the
- 16 bureau of employment programs, which bureau shall be
- 17 administered as part of the department of commerce,
- 18 labor and environmental resources created pursuant to
- 19 subsection (b), section one, article two, chapter five-f of
- 20 this code.

§21A-1-5. Federal-state cooperation.

- 1 The bureau shall cooperate with the United States
- 2 department of labor, similar agencies of the several
- 3 states, and such other agencies as are concerned with
- 4 the problem of employment security and public assist-
- 5 ance and relief.

§21A-1-6. Employment stabilization.

- 1 The bureau, through the commissioner and the
- 2 advisory council, shall take all steps to:
- 3 (1) Reduce and prevent unemployment.
- 4 (2) Encourage and assist in the adoption of practical

- 5 methods of vocational training and guidance.
- 6 (3) Encourage the establishment by the state and local
- 7 subdivisions of public works reserves to finance con-
- 8 struction programs in times of unemployment.
- 9 (4) Promote reemployment and employment readjust-
- 10 ment between industries.
- 11 (5) Conduct researches and investigations toward
- 12 these ends and publish the results.

§21A-1-7. State public employment agency to become state employment service division.

- 1 The "state public employment agency" now main-
- 2 tained in the department of labor shall be transferred
- 3 on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred
- 4 thirty-seven, and shall be made the state employment
- 5 service division of the bureau of employment programs.

ARTICLE 2. THE COMMISSIONER OF THE BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS.

- §21A-2-1. Appointment; term of office.
- §21A-2-5. Compensation: traveling expenses.
- §21A-2-6. Powers and duties generally.
- §21A-2-6b. Commissioner to be furnished information by state tax commissioner; secrecy of information; violation a misdemeanor.
- §21A-2-8. Assistants and employees.
- §21A-2-11. Dismissals, terminations, layoffs and suspensions.
- §21A-2-13. Deputies.
- §21A-2-16. Federal-state cooperation.
- §21A-2-16a. Work incentive program.
- §21A-2-23. Veteran's training program.

§21A-2-1. Appointment; term of office.

- 1 The bureau shall be under the supervision of a
- 2 commissioner of the bureau of employment programs.
- 3 The commissioner shall be appointed by the governor,
- 4 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and
- 5 shall hold his office subject to the will and pleasure of
- 6 the governor.

§21A-2-5. Compensation; traveling expenses.

- 1 Notwithstanding the provisions of section two-a.
- 2 article seven, chapter six of this code, the commissioner
- 3 of the bureau of employment programs shall receive a

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- 4 yearly salary of sixty-five thousand dollars and the
- 5 necessary traveling expenses incident to the perform-
- 6 ance of his duties. Requisition for traveling expenses
- 7 shall be accompanied by a sworn itemized statement
- 8 which shall be filed with the auditor and preserved as
- 9 a public record.

§21A-2-6. Powers and duties generally.

- The commissioner shall be the executive and administrative head of the bureau and shall have the power and duty to:
- 4 (1) Exercise general supervision of and make regulations for the government of the bureau;
- 6 (2) Prescribe uniform rules pertaining to investiga-7 tions, departmental hearings, and promulgate rules and 8 regulations;
- 9 (3) Supervise fiscal affairs and responsibilities of the bureau;
- 11 (4) Prescribe the qualifications of, appoint, remove, 12 and fix the compensation of the officers and employees 13 of the bureau, subject to the provisions of section ten, 14 article four of this chapter, relating to the board of 15 review;
 - (5) Organize and administer the bureau so as to comply with the requirements of this chapter and chapter twenty-three of this code and to satisfy any conditions established in applicable federal legislation;
 - (6) Make reports in such form and containing such information as the United States department of labor may from time to time require, and comply with such provisions as the United States department of labor may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports;
 - (7) Make available to any agency of the United States charged with the administration of public works or assistance through public employment, upon its request, the name, address, ordinary occupation and employment status of each recipient of unemployment compensation, and a statement of the recipient's rights to further

- 32 compensation under this chapter;
- 33 (8) Keep an accurate and complete record of all 34 bureau proceedings; record and file all bonds and 35 contracts and assume responsibility for the custody and 36 preservation of all papers and documents of the bureau:
- 37 (9) Sign and execute in the name of the state, by "The 38 Bureau of Employment Programs", any contract or 39 agreement with the federal government, its agencies, other states, their subdivisions, or private persons;
- 41 (10) Prescribe a salary scale to govern compensation 42 of appointees and employees of the bureau;
- 43 (11) Make the original determination of right in 44 claims for benefits:
- 45 (12) Make recommendations and an annual report to 46 the governor concerning the condition, operation, and 47 functioning of the bureau;
- 48 (13) Invoke any legal or special remedy for the 49 enforcement of orders or the provisions of this chapter 50 and chapter twenty-three of this code;
- 51 (14) Exercise any other power necessary to standard-52 ize administration, expedite bureau business, assure the 53 establishment of fair rules and regulations and promote 54 the efficiency of the service; and
- 55 (15) Keep an accurate and complete record and 56 prepare a monthly report of the number of persons 57 employed and unemployed in the state, which report 58 shall be made available upon request to members of the 59 public and press.

§21A-2-6b. Commissioner to be furnished information by state tax commissioner; secrecy of information; violation a misdemeanor.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other statute
 2 in this code, specifically, but not exclusively, section five,
 3 article ten, chapter eleven of this code, the state tax
 4 commissioner shall deliver to the commissioner of the
- bureau of employment programs the following informa-
- 6 tion: The names, addresses and other identifying

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information of all business receiving a business franchise registration certificate.

- (b) All information acquired by the bureau of employment programs commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be used to implement and administer a single point of registration program as created in section seven, article twelve, chapter eleven of this code. The commissioner of the bureau of employment programs, upon receiving the business franchise certificate information made available pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, shall contact all businesses receiving a business franchise registration certificate and provide all necessary forms to register the business under the provisions of article five of this chapter.
- 21 (c) Any officer or employee of this state who uses the 22 aforementioned information in any manner other than 23 the one stated herein or authorized elsewhere in this code or who divulges or makes known in any manner 24 25 any of the aforementioned information shall be guilty of 26 a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 27 fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned 28 in the county jail for not more than one year, or both, 29 together with cost of prosecution.
- 30 (d) Reasonable cost of compilation and production of any information made available pursuant to subsection 31 32 (a) of this section shall be charged to the bureau of 33 employment programs.
- (e) Information acquired by the bureau of employment 34 programs commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of 35 this section shall not be subject to disclosure under the 36 37 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this code.

§21A-2-8. Assistants and employees.

- The commissioner shall appoint, upon a nonpartisan 1
- merit basis, the division and unit heads and such assistants and employees as may be necessary to the
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- efficient operation of the bureau. He shall fix their 4
- compensation in accordance with the provisions of 5
- article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code. 6

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§21A-2-11. Dismissals, terminations, layoffs and suspensions.

- 1 The commissioner shall establish regulations govern-
- 2 ing dismissals, terminations, layoffs and suspensions.
- 3 Severance of employees' relationship with the bureau
- 4 shall be in accordance with these regulations. All
- 5 severances shall be for good cause. Failure to maintain
- 6 technical or professional qualifications shall be a good
- 7 cause for severance.

§21A-2-13. Deputies.

- 1 For the original determination of claims under this
- 2 chapter and chapter twenty-three of this code the
- 3 commissioner shall appoint a necessary number of
- 4 deputies as his representatives.

§21A-2-16. Federal-state cooperation.

- The commissioner shall have all powers and duties necessary to secure to the state the benefits of congres-
- 3 sional action for the promotion and maintenance of a
- 4 system of public employment offices. To this end the
- 5 provisions of the act referred to in the preceding section
- 6 and such additional congressional action consistent with
- 7 the above act are accepted by the state and the state
- 8 pledges its observance and compliance therewith.
- The bureau of employment programs, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of compliance with the act of Congress entitled
- 12 "An act to provide for the establishment of a national
- employment system and for cooperation with states in the promotion of such systems, and for other purposes,"
- 15 approved the sixth day of June, one thousand nine
- 16 hundred thirty-three, as amended: Provided, That the
- 17 functions formerly performed by the advisory council
- 18 under article three of this chapter, which advisory
- 19 council was required under the provisions of section
- 20 eleven of the Wagner-Peyser Act, shall be performed by
- the state job training coordinating council in accordance with section 122 (c) of the Job Training Partnership Act.
 - The bureau of employment programs, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of compliance with the act of Congress entitled

"An act to provide for a job training program, and for other purposes," enacted the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, as amended.

The bureau of employment programs, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering sections sixteen and seventeen of an act of Congress entitled "An act to extend and improve the unemployment compensation program," approved the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred fifty-four.

The bureau of employment programs, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering an act of Congress entitled "An act to amend Title XV of the Social Security Act to extend the unemployment insurance system to exservicemen, and for other purposes," approved the twenty-eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred fifty-eight.

The bureau of employment programs, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering an act of Congress entitled "An act relating to manpower requirements, resources, development, and utilization, and for other purposes," approved the fifteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two.

The bureau of employment programs, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering an act of Congress entitled "An act to establish an effective program to alleviate conditions of substantial and persistent unemployment and under employment in certain economically distressed areas," approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one.

The bureau of employment programs, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering chapter three of Title III of an act of Congress entitled "An act to promote the general welfare, foreign policy, and security of the United States through international trade agreements and through adjustment assistance to

domestic industry, agriculture, and labor, and for other purposes," approved the eleventh day of October, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two.

The bureau of employment programs, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering an act of Congress entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of a temporary program of extended unemployment compensation, to provide for a temporary increase in the rate of the federal unemployment tax, and for other purposes," approved the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one.

The bureau of employment programs, by its commissioner, is also designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering other programs of the United States government such as the foregoing.

The commissioner of the bureau of employment programs is designated as the officer of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering the tasks assigned to the bureau of employment programs pursuant to section six, article two-b, chapter eighteen of this code relating to the area vocational educational program of this state.

The commissioner is also authorized to apply for an advance to the unemployment compensation fund in accordance with the conditions specified in Title XII of the "Social Security Act." as amended, in order to secure to this state and its citizens the advantages available under the provisions of that title.

In the administration of this chapter the commissioner shall cooperate with the United States department of labor to the fullest extent consistent with the provisions of this chapter, and shall take such action through the adoption of appropriate rules, regulations, administrative methods and standards, as may be necessary to secure to this state and its citizens all advantages available under the provisions of the "Social Security Act" which relate to unemployment compensation, the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," the "Wagner-Peyser

106 Act," and the "Federal-State Extended Unemployment 107 Compensation Act of 1970."

108 In the administration of the provisions in article sixa of this chapter, which are enacted to conform with the 109 requirements of the "Federal-State Extended Unem-110 ployment Compensation Act of 1970," the commissioner 111 shall take such action as may be necessary (i) to ensure 112 113 that the provisions are so interpreted and applied as to 114 meet the requirements of such federal act, and (ii) to 115 secure this state the full reimbursement of the federal share of extended and regular benefits paid under this 116 117 chapter which are reimbursable under said federal act.

§21A-2-16a. Work incentive program.

1 The bureau of employment programs, by its commis-2 sioner, is hereby designated the sponsor or agent of the 3 United States department of labor for the establishment 4 and operation within the state of West Virginia of the 5 work incentive program for recipients of aid under Part 6 A of Title IV of the Social Security Act. Such work 7 incentive program is provided for in Part C of said Title 8 IV of said Social Security Act. Part C was enacted by 9 the Ninetieth Congress in Social Security Amendments 10 of 1967. Public Law 90-248, under Section 204 thereof.

The commissioner, on behalf of the bureau, may do any and all acts necessary to establish and operate such work incentive program within the state of West Virginia.

The commissioner is hereby empowered and authorized to enter into agreements with the secretary of labor, or his designee, for the purpose of establishing and operating said work incentive program, or any part thereof, within the state of West Virginia.

§21A-2-23. Veteran's training program.

1 (1) The bureau of employment programs, by its commissioner, is hereby authorized and empowered to establish a training program for qualified veteran medical personnel and former military medical corpsmen under the "medex" training program for the

6 training of medical assistants or any similar program.

- 7 (2) The commissioner, on behalf of the bureau, may 8 do any and all acts necessary to establish and operate 9 such training program within the state of West 10 Virginia.
- 11 (3) The commissioner is hereby empowered and 12 authorized to receive funds to finance such program 13 from agencies of the United States government, includ-14 ing the department of labor, the veterans administration 15 and the department of health, education and welfare, 16 and from other appropriate fund sources.
- 17 (4) In order to assist in the administration of this program, the commissioner shall appoint an advisory 18 19 committee consisting of not more than nine members 20 which members shall be qualified medical professionals 21 and shall consist of representatives of state medical 22 departments and the state medical association. This 23 committee shall be advisory to the commissioner and 24 shall determine general guidelines for the development 25 and promotion of the program.
- 26 (5) The trainee under this program shall work under 27 the supervision of a licensed physician for a period of 28 one year and shall receive an appropriate training 29 allowance.

ARTICLE 2A. EMERGENCY EMPLOYMENT SUPPLEMENTAL MATCHING PROGRAM.

§21A-2A-2. Definitions.

§21A-2A-4. Notice to private business employers; applications for prospective employers.

§21A-2A-2. Definitions.

- For the purposes of this article the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context in which they are used clearly indicates otherwise:
- 4 (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs.
- 6 (2) "Private business" means any nongovernmental
 7 business or industry in the private sector which
 8 maintains an active, bona fide place of business in this
 9 state, is duly qualified to do business in the state, and

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- 10 is in good standing under the laws of this state.
- 13 (3) "Eligible unemployed person" means any person 12 who is a bona fide resident of this state who has been 13 eligible for unemployment compensation benefits and 14 has received all the benefits available to him or her, and 15 who is not gainfully employed.
- (4) "Head of household" means any person who: (A) 16 17 Claims one or more persons, other than the filing 18 taxpaver, as a dependent on his or her federal income 19 tax return; (B) has living in the same household one or 20 more dependents; and (C) receives no income from the 21 household and does not have a spouse or dependent 22 living in the same household who is employed in regular full-time employment: Provided, That participation in 23 24 any public assistance program or receipt of public 25 assistance benefits shall not disqualify any person from 26 entitlement to head of household status.

§21A-2A-4. Notice to private business employers; applications for prospective employers.

The commissioner, within fifteen days after the effective date of legislation appropriating funds for the implementation of this article, shall publish statewide a notice to private business employers of the opportunity to employ eligible unemployed persons as provided for under this article.

7 Any private business, as defined in section two of this 8 article, seeking to employ eligible unemployed persons 9 may make application at any local job service office on 10 forms to be supplied by the commissioner. Such forms 11 shall provide space for a listing of the nature of the 12 employment position available and the minimum 13 experience, skills and educational requirements there-14 for. The form shall also provide space for an affidavit 15 by the employer that the employment position to be 16 filled is not being used in lieu of the recall of laid-off 17 workers, to replace existing employees or to supplement the compensation paid existing employees. This affidavit 18 shall also contain a statement by the private business 19 20 employer that there is a reasonable expectation that this 21 employment may continue beyond the end of the six-

- 22 month reimbursement period provided for under this
- 23 article. At each job service office of the bureau of
- 24 employment programs, the commissioner shall cause to
- 25 be compiled a list of job openings under this program.
- 26 The list shall be available for inspection by any eligible
- 27 unemployed person applying for employment here-
- 28 under. The commissioner is authorized to require, prior
- 29 to approval of an application by an employer, examina-
- 30 tion of such records and documents of the employer as
- 31 the commissioner may consider necessary to ensure the
- 32 correctness and truthfulness of the employer's affidavit.

ARTICLE 2B. GROUP INSURANCE PLANS FOR REGULAR EMPLOYEES.

- §21A-2B-1. Inaugurating group insurance plans.
- \$21A-2B-2. Acceptance of grants from United States department of labor. bureau of employment security; state not to pay premiums.
- §21A-2B-4. Payroll deductions; employee continuing in group after retirement.

§21A-2B-1. Inaugurating group insurance plans.

- The commissioner of the bureau of employment 1
- 2 programs is hereby authorized and empowered to
- 3 negotiate for, secure and adopt for the regular em-
- ployees thereof (other than provisional, temporary, 4
- emergency, and intermittent employees) who are in 5
- employee status with the bureau of employment pro-6
- grams on and after effective date of this article, a policy 7
- 8 or policies of group insurance written by a carrier or carriers chartered under the laws of any state and duly
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- 10 licensed to do business in this state and covering life:
- health; hospital care; surgical or medical diagnosis, 11 12
- care, and treatment; drugs and medicines; remedial 13 care; other medical supplies and services; or any other
- 14 combination of these; and any other policy or policies of
- 15 group insurance which in the discretion of the commis-
- sioner bear a reasonable relationship to the foregoing 16
- coverages: but subject to the terms and conditions of this 17
- 18 article.

§21A-2B-2. Acceptance of grants from United States department of labor, bureau of employment security; state not to pay premiums.

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The group insurance plans so authorized to be established shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

4 The commissioner is hereby authorized and empow-5 ered to accept on behalf of the regular employees of the 6 bureau of employment programs, who in writing agree 7 to participate in any plan of group insurance, granted 8 funds provided by the United States department of labor, bureau of employment security, to pay the 9 agency's share of the premium cost of said group policy 10 11 or policies. The state of West Virginia shall not pay, or be liable for the payment of, any portion of said 12 13 premiums for such group insurance.

§21A-2B-4. Payroll deductions; employee continuing in group after retirement.

- (a) Whenever the above-described regular employees shall indicate in writing that they have subscribed to any of the aforesaid insurance plans on a group basis, the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs is hereby authorized and empowered to approve periodic premium deductions from the salary payments due such employees as specified in a written assignment furnished the commissioner by each such employee subscribing to a group insurance plan, which deductions shall be made by the auditor of the state of West Virginia.
 - (b) Upon proper requisition of the commissioner, the auditor shall periodically issue a warrant payable as specified in the requisition, for the total deductions from the salaries of employees participating in any such group insurance plan. To promote efficiency and economy in making deductions and issuing warrants as provided herein, the auditor is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations specifying the form and the time and manner of presentation of requisitions issued pursuant to this section.
 - (c) When a participating employee shall retire from his employment, he may, if he so elects and the insurance carrier or carriers agree, remain a member of the group plan by paying the entire premium for the

26 coverage involved.

ARTICLE 2C. VETERANS INCENTIVE PROGRAM.

*§21A-2C-6. Program administration.

1 The program established by this article shall be 2 conducted primarily under the direction of the division 3 of employment service of the bureau of employment 4 programs. Each veteran who qualifies under this article 5 for participation in this program shall be given, upon request, a voucher from a local employment service 6 office certifying that the veteran is eligible for partic-7 8 ipation in the program described in this article. The 9 voucher shall be in a form prescribed by the commis-10 sioner of the bureau of employment programs and the 11 commissioner may conduct such investigations and 12 collect such data as he considers necessary to ensure that 13 each veteran applying for the voucher is actually 14 qualified for participation in the program.

When an employer employs a veteran who presents 15 16 the voucher herein provided for, the employer shall 17 submit the voucher along with basic information to the 18 bureau of employment programs as may be required for 19 participation in this program. Each year, the commis-20 sioner of the bureau of employment programs shall 21 certify to the state tax commissioner a list of employers 22 who may be qualified to receive a tax credit under this 23 program. In order to receive the appropriate tax credit, 24 an employer must file for the tax credit provided for under this article as required by section forty-two, 25 article twenty-one, chapter eleven of this code or by 26 section twelve, article twenty-four, chapter eleven of this 27 28 code.

ARTICLE 5. EMPLOYER COVERAGE AND RESPONSIBILITY.

§21A-5-10a. Optional assessments on employers and employees.

§21A-5-16. Collection of payments.

§21A-5-17b. Comity in collection of past-due payments and overpayments.

§21A-5-10a. Optional assessments on employers and employees.

1 (a) On and after the first day of July, one thousand 2 nine hundred eighty-seven, if the commissioner deter-

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H.B. 2834 (Chapter 170), which passed subsequent to this act.

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mines for a given projected quarter that the rates established under the provisions of section ten of this article will not result in payments being made to the unemployment compensation fund in an amount suffi-7 cient to finance the payment of benefits during such quarter, the commissioner shall certify such fact to the 8 governor, and the governor shall, by executive order, 9 direct the commissioner to establish a level of assess-10 ment for employees and employers in accordance with 11 the provisions of this section which is sufficient to 12 prevent, to the extent possible, a deficit in the funds 13 available to pay benefits to eligible individuals. 14

- (b) Pursuant to such executive order, every employer, contributing and reimbursable, subject to this chapter, shall be required to withhold from all persons in his employment an assessment which shall be in an amount not to exceed fifteen one hundredths (15/100) of one percent of an employee's gross wages, which amount, together with an assessment contributed by the employer in an amount as determined in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, except for reimbursable employers who shall not be assessed, shall be paid to the bureau of employment programs on a form prescribed by the commissioner, at the same time and under the same conditions as the quarterly contribution payments required under the provisions of section seven, article five, chapter twenty-one-a of this code. The commissioner shall have the right to collect any delinquent assessments under this section in the same manner as provided for in section sixteen, article five, chapter twenty-one-a of this code; and in addition, any delinquency hereunder shall bear interest as set forth in section seventeen, article five, chapter twentyone-a of this code.
 - (c) The commissioner shall establish the exact amounts of the employers' and employees' assessments at a level sufficient to generate the revenues needed to prevent a deficit which would otherwise result from the payment of benefits to eligible individuals, subject only to the limitation established in the preceding subsection (b) of this section. After determining the level of

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- 44 assessment on the gross wages of employees, the 45 commissioner shall determine a rate of assessment to be 46 imposed upon employers, except reimbursable employ-47 ers, which rate shall be expressed as a percentage of 48 wages as defined in section three, article one of this 49 chapter, and which is sufficient to cause the total 50 statewide assessment on such employers to equal the 51 total statewide assessment imposed upon employees.
 - Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, the solvency assessments on employers and employees established by this section hereby terminate on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

§21A-5-16. Collection of payments.

- (1) The commissioner in the name of the state shall 1 2 commence a civil action against an employer who, after 3 due notice, defaults in any payment or interest thereon. 4 If judgment is against the employer he shall pay the 5 costs of the action. Civil actions under this section shall 6 be given preference on the calendar of the court over 7 all other civil actions except petitions for judicial review 8 under article seven of this chapter and cases arising 9 under the workers' compensation law.
- 10 (2) A payment and interest thereon due and unpaid 11 under this chapter shall be a debt due the state in favor 12 of the commissioner. It shall be a personal obligation of the employer and shall, in addition thereto, be a lien. 13 enforceable by suit in equity, upon all the property of 14 15 the employer: Provided, That no such lien shall be 16 enforceable as against a purchaser (including lien creditor) of real estate or personal property for a 17 valuable consideration, without notice, unless docketed 18 19 as provided in chapter ninety-nine, acts of the Legisla-20 ture, regular session, one thousand nine hundred forty-21 three.
- 22 (3) In addition to all other civil remedies prescribed 23 herein the commissioner may in the name of the state 24 distrain upon any personal property, including intan-25 gibles, of any employer delinquent for any payment and 26 interest thereon. If the commissioner has good reason to

believe that such property or a substantial portion thereof is about to be removed from the county in which it is situated, he may likewise distrain in the name of the state before such delinquency occurs. For such purpose, the commissioner may require the services of a sheriff of any county in the state in levying such distress in the county in which such sheriff is an officer and in which such personal property is situated. A sheriff so collecting any payments and interest thereon shall be entitled to such compensation as is provided by law for his services in the levy and enforcement of executions.

- (4) In case a business subject to the payments and interest thereon imposed under this chapter shall be operated in connection with a receivership or insolvency proceeding in any state court in this state, the court under whose direction such business is operated shall, by the entry of a proper order or decree in the cause, make provision, so far as the assets in administration will permit, for the regular payment of such payments as the same become due.
- (5) The secretary of state of this state shall withhold the issuance of any certificate of dissolution or withdrawal in the case of any corporation organized under the laws of this state, or organized under the laws of another state and admitted to do business in this state, until notified by the commissioner that all payments and interest thereon against any such corporation which is an employer under this chapter have been paid or that provision satisfactory to the commissioner has been made for payment.
- (6) In any case where an employer defaults in payments, or interest thereon, for as many as two calendar quarters, which quarters need not be consecutive, and remains delinquent after due notice, and the commissioner has been unable to collect such payments by any of the other civil remedies prescribed herein, the commissioner may bring action in the circuit court of Kanawha county to enjoin such employer from continuing to carry on the business in which such liability was incurred: *Provided*, That the commissioner may as an

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alternative to this action require such delinquent employer to file a bond in the form prescribed by the commissioner with satisfactory surety in an amount not less than fifty percent more than the tax due.

72 (7) All state, county, district and municipal officers 73 and agents making contracts on behalf of the state of 74 West Virginia or any political subdivision thereof shall 75 withhold payment in the final settlement of such 76 contracts until the receipt of a certificate from the 77 commissioner to the effect that all payments and 78 interest thereon accrued against the contractor under 79 this chapter have been paid or that provisions satisfac-80 tory to the commissioner have been made for payment. 81 Any official violating this section shall be guilty of a 82 misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not 83 84 exceeding one year in the county jail, or shall be subject 85 to both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of 86 the court.

§21A-5-17b. Comity in collection of past-due payments and overpayments.

1 The courts of this state shall recognize and enforce liabilities for unemployment contributions imposed by 2 other states which extend a like comity to this state. The 3 commissioner in the name of this state is hereby 4 empowered to sue in the courts of any other jurisdiction 5 which extends such comity, to collect unemployment 6 contributions and interest due this state. The officials of 7 other states which by statute or otherwise extend a like 8 comity to this state may sue in the courts of this state. 9 to collect for such contributions and interest and 10 penalties if any, due such state; in any such case the 11 commissioner of the bureau of employment programs of 12 this state may through his legal assistant or assistants 13 institute and conduct such suit for such other state. 14

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the commissioner may recover an overpayment of benefits paid to any individual under this state or another state law or under an unemployment benefit program of the United States.

ARTICLE 6. EMPLOYEE ELIGIBILITY: BENEFITS.

§21A-6-9. Place of payment.

- 1 Benefits shall be paid through employment offices or,
- 2 if the commissioner by rules so prescribes, through the
- 3 bureau of employment programs' offices, in accordance
- 4 with such regulations as the commissioner shall pre-
- 5 scribe.

ARTICLE 7. CLAIM PROCEDURE.

§21A-7-23. Trial; preference on calendar.

- 1 Except as limited by section twenty-one of this article,
- 2 a decision of the board taken to the circuit court of
- 3 Kanawha county for judicial review shall be tried as any
- 4 other civil action: Provided, That such actions shall have
- 5 preference on the calendar of the court over all other
- 6 civil actions, except cases arising under the workers'
- 7 compensation law.

ARTICLE 10. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §21A-10-11. Requiring information; use of information; libel and slander actions prohibited.
- §21A-10-19. Disclosure of information to child support agencies.
- §21A-10-20. Disclosure of information to food stamp agencies.
- §21A-10-22. Disclosure of information to department of housing and urban development.

§21A-10-11. Requiring information; use of information; libel and slander actions prohibited.

- 1 (a) The commissioner may require an employing unit
- 2 to provide sworn or unsworn reports concerning:
- 3 (1) The number of individuals in its employ.
- 4 (2) Individually their hours of labor.
- 5 (3) Individually the rate and amount of wages.
- 6 (4) Such other information as is reasonably connected with the administration of this chapter.
- 8 (b) Information thus obtained shall not be published
- 9 or be open to public inspection so as to reveal the
- 10 identity of the employing unit or the individual.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of

- 12 this section, the commissioner may provide information
- 13 thus obtained to the following governmental entities for
- 14 purposes consistent with state and federal laws:
- 15 (1) The United States department of agriculture;
- (2) The state agency responsible for enforcement of the
 medicaid program under Title XIX of the Social
 Security Act;
 - (3) The United States department of health and human services or any state or federal program operating and approved under Title I, Title II, Title X, Title XIV or Title XVI of the Social Security Act;
 - (4) Those agencies of state government responsible for economic and community development; secondary, post-secondary and vocational education; vocational rehabilitation, employment and training, including, but not limited to, the administration of the perkins act and the job training and partnership act;
- 29 (5) The tax division, but only for the purposes of 30 collection and enforcement;
 - (6) The division of labor for purposes of enforcing the wage bond provisions of chapter twenty-one of this code;
 - (7) Any agency of this or any other state, or any federal agency, charged with the administration of an unemployment compensation law or the maintenance of a system of public employment offices;
 - (8) Any claimant for benefits or any other interested party to the extent necessary for the proper presentation or defense of a claim; and
 - (9) The division of workers' compensation for purposes of collection and enforcement: *Provided*, That the division of workers' compensation shall provide similar information to the other divisions of the bureau of employment programs.
 - (d) The agencies or organizations which receive information under subsection (c) shall agree that such information shall remain confidential so as not to reveal the identity of the employing unit or the individual

- 49 consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
- 50 (e) The commissioner may, before furnishing any 51 information permitted under this section, require that 52 those who request the information shall reimburse the 53 division of employment security for any cost associated 54 therewith.
- 55 (f) The commissioner may refuse to provide any 56 information requested under this section if the agency 57 or organization making the request does not certify that 58 it will comply with the state and federal law protecting 59 the confidentiality of such information.

A person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than twenty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned not longer than ninety days, or both.

No action for slander or libel, either criminal or civil, shall be predicated upon information furnished by any employer or any employee to the commissioner in connection with the administration of any of the provisions of this chapter.

§21A-10-19. Disclosure of information to child support agencies.

- 1 (1) The bureau of employment programs shall dis-2 close, upon request, to officers or employees of any state 3 or local child support enforcement agency, to employees 4 of the secretary of health and human services, any wage 5 and benefit information with respect to an identified 6 individual which is contained in its records.
- The term "state or local child support enforcement agency" means any agency of a state or political subdivision thereof operating pursuant to a plan described in sections 453 and 454 of the Social Security Act, which has been approved by the secretary of health and human services under Part D, Title IV of the Social Security Act.
- 14 (2) The requesting agency shall agree that such information is to be used only for the purpose of

- 16 establishing and collecting child support obligations
- 17 from, and locating, individuals owing such obligations
- 18 which are being enforced pursuant to a plan described
- 19 in sections 453 and 454 of the Social Security Act which
- 20 has been approved by the secretary of health and human
- 21 services under Part D, Title IV of the Social Security
- 22 Act.
- 23 (3) The information shall not be released unless the 24 requesting agency agrees to reimburse the costs 25 involved for furnishing such information.
- 26 (4) In addition to the requirements of this section, all 27 other requirements with respect to confidentiality of 28 information obtained in the administration of this 29 chapter and the sanctions imposed on improper disclo-
- 30 sure shall apply to the use of such information by
- 31 officers and employees of child support agencies.

§21A-10-20. Disclosure of information to food stamp agencies.

- 1 (1) The bureau of employment programs shall dis-2 close, upon request, to officers and employees of the
- 3 United States department of agriculture and any state
- 4 food stamp agency, with respect to an identified
- 5 individual, any of the following information which is
- 6 contained in its records:
- 7 (a) Wage information;
- 8 (b) Whether the individual is receiving, has received, or has made application for unemployment compensa-
- 10 tion and the amount of any compensation being received
- 11 or to be received by such individual;
- 12 (c) The current or most recent home address of the individual; and
- 14 (d) Whether the individual has refused an offer of 15 employment and if so, a description of the employment 16 offered and the terms, conditions and rate of pay
- 17 therefor.
- 18 (2) The term "state food stamp agency" means any agency described in section (3) (n) (1) of the Food Stamp
- 20 Act of 1977 which administers the food stamp program

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- 21 established under such act.
- 22 (3) The requesting agency shall agree that such information shall be used only for purposes of determining the applicant's eligibility for benefits, or the amount of benefits, under the food stamp program established under the Food Stamp Act of 1977.
- 27 (4) In addition to the requirements of this section, all other requirements with respect to confidentiality of 28 29 information obtained in the administration of this 30 chapter and the sanctions imposed for improper disclo-31 sure of information obtained in the administration of 32 this article shall apply to the use of such information by 33 the officers and employees of any food stamp agency or 34 the United States department of agriculture.

§21A-10-22. Disclosure of information to department of housing and urban development.

- (1) The bureau of employment programs shall dis-1 2 close, upon request, to officers and employees of the department of housing and urban development and to 3 4 representatives of public housing agencies, any wage 5 and benefit information with respect to an identified individual which is contained in its records. The term 6 7 "public housing agencies" means any agency described 8 in section 3 (b) (6) of the United States Housing Act of 9 1937.
- 10 (2) The requesting agency shall agree that such information is to be used only for the purpose of determining an individual's eligibility for benefits, or the amount of benefits under any housing assistance program of the department of housing and urban development.
 - (3) The information shall not be released unless the requesting agency agrees to reimburse the costs involved for furnishing such information.
 - (4) In addition to the requirements of this section, all other requirements with respect to confidentiality of information obtained in the administration of this chapter and the sanctions imposed on improper disclosure shall apply to the use of such information by

- 24 officers and employees of any public housing agency or
- 25 the department of housing and urban development.

CHAPTER 23. WORKERS' COMPENSATION.

Article

- 1. General Administrative Provisions.
- Employers and Employees Subject to Chapter; Extraterritorial Coverage.
- 3. Workers' Compensation Fund.
- 4. Disability and Death Benefits.
- 4A. Disabled Workers' Relief Fund.
- 4B. Coal-Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund.
- 4C. Employers' Excess Liability Fund.
- Review.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

- §23-1-1. Commissioner of the bureau of employment programs; official seal; legal services.
- §23-1-2. Payment of salaries and expenses Generally.
- §23-1-3. Payment of salaries and expenses Manner; limitation.
- §23-1-6. Employment of secretary and other assistants; compensation and travel expenses thereof.
- §23-1-10. Fee of officer serving subpoena; fees and mileage of witnesses.
- §23-1-14. Blank forms.
- \$23-1-16. Omission to subscribe to workers' compensation fund or to perform duty required by commissioner; perjury.
- §23-1-17. Annual report by commissioner and occupational pneumoconiosis
- §23-1-18. Compensation programs advisory board created; membership; appointment; terms; meetings; duties; annual reports.

§23-1-1. Commissioner of the bureau of employment programs; official seal; legal services.

- 1 The commissioner of the bureau of employment
- 2 programs appointed under the provisions of section one,
- 3 article two of chapter twenty-one-a, has the sole
- 4 responsibility for the administration of this chapter. In
- 5 the administration of this chapter, the commissioner
- 6 shall exercise all the powers and duties described in this
- 7 chapter and in article two of chapter twenty-one-a of
- 8 this code. The commissioner shall have an official seal
- 9 for the authentication of orders and proceedings, upon
- 10 which seal shall be engraved the words "West Virginia
- 11 Commissioner of Employment Programs" and such
- 12 other design as the commissioner may prescribe. The
- 13 courts in this state shall take judicial notice of the seal

14 of the commissioner and in all cases copies of orders, 15 proceedings or records in the office of the West Virginia 16 commissioner of employment programs shall be equal to 17 the original in evidence.

18 The attorney general shall perform all legal services 19 required by the commissioner under the provisions of this chapter: Provided, That in any case in which an 20 21 application for review is prosecuted from any final decision of the workers' compensation appeal board to 22 23 the supreme court of appeals, as provided by section four, article five of this chapter, or in any court 24 25 proceeding before the workers' compensation appeal 26 board, or in any proceedings before the office of judges, 27 in which such representation shall appear to the 28 commissioner to be desirable, the commissioner may 29 designate a regular employee of this office, qualified to 30 practice before such court to represent the commissioner 31 upon such appeal or proceeding, and in no case shall the 32 person so appearing for the commissioner before the 33 court receive remuneration therefor other than such 34 person's regular salary.

§23-1-2. Payment of salaries and expenses — Generally.

1 All expenses peculiar to the administration of this chapter, and, when on official business, the traveling 2 and incidental expenses of the commissioner and 3 salaries or other compensation, traveling and other 4 5 expenses of all officers or employees of the commis-6 sioner, and all expenses for furniture, books, maps, stationery, appliances, property of all kinds and dues for 7 membership in all organizations pertaining to workers' 8 compensation or safety in which the commissioner 9 considers it advisable to maintain membership, shall be 10 paid out of the workers' compensation fund. 11

§23-1-3. Payment of salaries and expenses — Manner; limitation.

All payments of salaries and expenses in the admin-1 2 istration of this chapter shall be made by the state 3 treasurer upon requisitions signed by the commissioner, directed to the auditor of the state, who shall draw his 4

warrant therefor, and any such payment shall be

- 6 charged to the workers' compensation fund: Provided,
- 7 That the total charges against such fund under this
- 8 section for any one fiscal year shall not exceed the
- 9 amount appropriated therefor.

§23-1-6. Employment of secretary and other assistants; compensation and travel expenses thereof.

- 1 The commissioner may employ a secretary, actuary,
- 2 accountants, inspectors, examiners, experts, clerks,
- 3 stenographers and other assistants, and fix their
- 4 compensation, which shall be paid as provided in
- 5 sections two and three of this article. The commissioner.
- 6 secretary, actuaries, accountants, inspectors, examiners,
- 7 experts, clerks, stenographers and other assistants who
- 8 may be employed shall be entitled to receive from the
- 9 workers' compensation fund their actual and necessary
- 10 expense while traveling on business of the commis-
- 11 sioner. Such expenses shall be itemized and sworn to by
- 12 the person who incurred the expense, and shall be
- 13 subject to the approval of the commissioner.

§23-1-10. Fee of officer serving subpoena; fees and mileage of witnesses.

- 1 Each officer who serves such subpoenas shall receive
- 2 the same fee as a sheriff, and each witness who appears
- 3 in obedience to a subpoena before the commissioner, or
- 4 an inspector, or an examiner, shall receive for his
- 5 attendance the fees and mileage provided for witnesses
- 6 in civil cases in the circuit court, which shall be audited
- 7 and paid out of the workers' compensation fund in the
- 8 same manner as other expenses are audited and paid,
- 9 if such witness was subpoenaed without the request of
- 10 either claimant or employer at the instance of the
- 11 commissioner or an inspector or an examiner. The
- 12 witness fees and mileage of any witness subpoenaed by,
- 13 or at the instance of, either claimant or employer shall
- 14 be paid by the party who subpoenas such witness.

§23-1-14. Blank forms.

- 1 The commissioner shall prepare and furnish free of
- 2 cost blank forms (and provide in his rules for their
- 3 distribution so that the same may be readily available)

of applications for benefits for compensation from the 4 workers' compensation fund, or directly from employers. 5 6 as the case may be, notices to employers, proofs of injury 7 or death, of medical attendance, of employment and 8 wage earnings, and such other blanks as may be deemed proper and advisable, and it shall be the duty of 9 10 employers to constantly keep on hand a sufficient supply 11 of such blanks.

§23-1-16. Omission to subscribe to workers' compensation fund or to perform duty required by commissioner; perjury.

Any person, firm or corporation which is required by 1 2 the provisions of this chapter to subscribe to the 3 workers' compensation fund, and which knowingly fails 4 to subscribe thereto, or which knowingly fails to make 5 any report or perform any other act or duty required 6 by the commissioner within the time specified by the commissioner, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, 7 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than 8 five thousand dollars. Any person or firm, or the officer 9 10 of any corporation, who knowingly makes a false report 11 or statement under oath, affidavit or certification 12 respecting any information required by the commis-13 sioner, or who shall knowingly testify falsely in any proceeding before the commissioner, shall be considered 14 guilty of perjury, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 15 punished as provided by law. 16

§23-1-17. Annual report by commissioner and occupational pneumoconiosis board.

1 Annually, on or about the fifteenth day of September 2 in each year, the commissioner and the occupational pneumoconiosis board shall make a report as of the 3 4 thirtieth day of June addressed to the governor, which 5 shall include a statement of the causes of the injuries 6 for which the awards were made, an explanation of the 7 diagnostic techniques used by the occupational pneumo-8 coniosis board and all examining physicians to deter-9 mine the presence of disease, the extent of impairment attributable thereto, a description of the scientific 10 support for such techniques, and a summary of public 11

- 12 and private research relating to problems and preven-
- 13 tion of occupational diseases. The report shall include a
- 14 detailed statement of all disbursements, and the
- 15 condition of the fund, together with any specific
- 16 recommendations for improvements in the workers'
- 17 compensation law and for more efficient and responsive
- 18 administration thereof, which the commissioner may
- 19 consider appropriate. Copies of all annual reports shall
- 20 be filed with the secretary of state and shall be made
- 21 available to the Legislature and to the public at large.

§23-1-18. Compensation programs advisory board created; membership; appointment; terms; meetings; duties; annual reports.

There is hereby created an advisory board to the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs to

be known as "the compensation programs advisory

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The compensation programs advisory board consists of thirteen members. The commissioner of the bureau of employment programs is an ex officio member of the board whose term as such member continues for that period in which he holds that office. The other twelve members of the board shall be appointed by the governor with three members representing employees subject to this chapter and chapter twenty-one-a of this code, three members representing employers subject to this chapter and chapter twenty-one-a of this code. three members representing providers of medical services to such employees for which such providers are compensated under the provisions of this chapter, and three members representing the citizens of this state. The term of each member except the commissioner shall be three years. Of the persons originally appointed, four members, including one member of each of the four representative groups, shall be designated to serve for terms of one year each, four members, including one member of each of the four representative groups, shall be designated to serve for terms of two years each and four members, including one member of each of the four representative groups, shall be designated to serve for a term of three years each. The terms of all the initially

appointed members of the board shall begin on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. Upon the expiration of each of such initial appointments the term of each new appointee shall be three years, but any person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of such term. Each member shall serve until the appointment and qualification of his successor. Members shall be eligible for reappointment. No more than seven of the twelve members appointed by the governor may be of the same political party.

The commissioner shall serve as chairman of the board. The other twelve members shall select one of their number to serve as vice chairman of the board and to preside in the absence of the commissioner. Meetings may be held at any time at the call of the commissioner. The commissioner shall call a meeting whenever a majority of the other members of the board request the commissioner to do so. At least one meeting shall be held annually.

The purpose of the board and the duty of its members are to advise the commissioner on matters pertinent to the administration of the workers' compensation program and the unemployment compensation program, and such other matters as the commissioner may desire. The board shall consider any matter brought before it by the commissioner or any appointed member and may consider any matter referred to it by a person not a member of the board. At the conclusion of its consideration of any proposal the board shall make its recommendation to the commissioner. The commissioner is not bound by any recommendation of the board. The board also may formulate general or long-range plans for improvements in the administration of the programs for the consideration of the commissioner.

By the second Wednesday of January of each year the board shall prepare and deliver to the commissioner and to the Legislature a report of all the matters it considered, recommendations it made and plans it formulated during the preceding calendar year. The

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- 70 report shall include any recommendations it may have
- 71 for changes in the law which would be necessary to
- 72 implement any of its administrative recommendations.

ARTICLE 2. EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES SUBJECT TO CHAPTER; EXTRATERRITORIAL COVERAGE.

- §23-2-1c. Extraterritorial coverage.
- §23-2-6. Exemption of contributing employers from liability.
- §23-2-8. Liability of employer electing not to pay or defaulting in payment of premiums; certain common-law defenses prohibited; exceptions.
- §23-2-11. Partial invalidity of chapter.

§23-2-1c. Extraterritorial coverage.

1 Whenever, with respect to an employee of an employer 2 who is a subscriber in good standing to the workers' 3 compensation fund or an employer who has ejected to 4 pay compensation directly, as provided in section nine 5 of this article, there is a possibility of conflict with 6 respect to the application of workers' compensation laws 7 because the contract of employment is entered into and 8 all or some portion of the work is performed or is to be 9 performed in a state or states other than this state, the 10 employer and the employee may agree to be bound by 11 the laws of this state or by the laws of such other state in which all or some portion of the work of the employee 12 is to be performed. Such agreement shall be in writing 13 and filed with the commissioner within ten days after 14 15 execution thereof and shall remain in effect until terminated or modified by agreement of the parties 16 similarly filed. If the parties agree to be bound by the 17 18 laws of this state, an employee injured within the terms and provisions of this chapter shall be entitled to 19 benefits under this chapter regardless of the situs of the 20 21 injury or exposure to occupational pneumoconiosis or other occupational disease, and the rights of the 22 employee and his dependents under the laws of this state 23 shall be the exclusive remedy against the employer on 24 25 account of injury, disease or death in the course of and as a result of the employment. 26

If the parties agree to be bound by the laws of another state and the employer has complied with the laws of that state, the rights of the employee and his dependents

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under the laws of that state shall be the exclusive remedy against the employer on account of injury, disease or death in the course of and as a result of the employment without regard to the situs of the injury or exposure to occupational pneumoconiosis or other 35 occupational disease.

If the employee is a resident of a state other than this state and is subject to the terms and provisions of the workers' compensation law or similar laws of a state other than this state, such employee and his dependents shall not be entitled to the benefits payable under this chapter on account of injury, disease or death in the course of and as a result of employment temporarily within this state, and the rights of such employee and his dependents under the laws of such other state shall be the exclusive remedy against the employer on account of such injury, disease or death.

If any employee or his dependents be awarded workers' compensation benefits or recover damages from the employer under the laws of another state for an injury received in the course of and resulting from the employment, the amount so awarded or recovered, whether paid or to be paid in future installments, shall be credited against the amount of any benefits payable under this chapter for the same injury.

§23-2-6. Exemption of contributing employers from liability.

Any employer subject to this chapter who shall subscribe and pay into the workers' compensation fund the premiums provided by this chapter or who shall elect to make direct payments of compensation as herein provided shall not be liable to respond in damages at common law or by statute for the injury or death of any employee, however occurring, after so subscribing or electing, and during any period in which such employer shall not be in default in the payment of such premiums 10 or direct payments and shall have complied fully with 11 all other provisions of this chapter. The continuation in 12 the service of such employer shall be considered a 13 waiver by the employee and by the parents of any minor

14 employee of the right of action as aforesaid, which the 15 employee or his or her parents would otherwise have: 16 Provided, That in case of employers not required by this 17 chapter to subscribe and pay premiums into the workers' compensation fund, the injured employee has 18 remained in such employer's service with notice that his 19 20 employer has elected to pay into the workers' compen-21 sation fund the premiums provided by this chapter, or 22 has elected to make direct payments as aforesaid.

§23-2-8. Liability of employer electing not to pay or defaulting in payment of premiums; certain common-law defenses prohibited; exceptions.

All employers required by this chapter to subscribe 1 2 to and pay premiums into the workers' compensation 3 fund, except the state of West Virginia, the governmen-4 tal agencies or departments created by it, and munic-5 ipalities and political subdivisions of the state, and who 6 do not subscribe to and pay premiums into the workers' 7 compensation fund as required by this chapter and have 8 not elected to pay individually and directly or from 9 benefit funds compensation and expenses to injured 10 employees or fatally injured employees' dependents 11 under the provisions of section nine of this article, or 12 having so subscribed or elected, shall be in default in 13 the payment of same, or not having otherwise fully 14 complied with the provisions of section five or section 15 nine of this article, shall be liable to their employees 16 (within the meaning of this article) for all damages 17 suffered by reason of personal injuries sustained in the 18 course of employment caused by the wrongful act, 19 neglect or default of the employer or any of the 20 employer's officers, agents or employees while acting 21 within the scope of their employment and in the course of their employment and also to the personal represen-22 23 tatives of such employees where death results from such personal injuries, and in any action by any such 24 25 employee or personal representative thereof, such 26 defendant shall not avail himself of the following 27 common-law defenses: The defense of the fellow-servant rule: the defense of the assumption of risk; or the defense 28 of contributory negligence; and further shall not avail 29

- 30 himself of any defense that the negligence in question
- 31 was that of someone whose duties are prescribed by
- 32 statute: Provided, That such provision depriving a
- 33 defendant employer of certain common-law defenses
- 34 under the circumstances therein set forth shall not apply
- 35 to an action brought against a county court, board of
- 36 education, municipality, or other political subdivision of
- 37 the state or against any employer not required to cover
- 38 his employees under the provisions of this chapter.

§23-2-11. Partial invalidity of chapter.

- 1 If any employer shall be adjudicated to be outside the
- 2 lawful scope of this chapter, the chapter shall not apply
- 3 to him or his employee; or if any employee shall be
- 4 adjudicated to be outside the lawful scope of this
- 5 chapter, because of remoteness of his work from the
- o chapter, because of remoteness of his work from the
- 6 hazard of his employer's work, any such adjudication
- 7 shall not impair the validity of this chapter in other
- 8 respects, and in every such case an accounting in
- 9 accordance with the justice of the case shall be had of
- 10 moneys received. If the provisions of this chapter for the
- 11 creation of the workers' compensation fund, or the
- 12 provisions of this chapter making the compensation to
- 13 the employee provided in it exclusive of any other
- 14 remedy on the part of the employee, shall be held
- 15 invalid, the entire chapter shall be thereby invalidated
- 16 and an accounting according to the justice of the case
- 17 shall be had of money received. In other respects an
- 18 adjudication of invalidity of any part of this chapter
- 19 shall not affect the validity of the chapter as a whole
- 20 or any part thereof.

ARTICLE 3. WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND.

- §23-3-1a. Transfer of silicosis fund to workers' compensation fund; claims under former article six.
- §23-3-2. Custody, investment and disbursement of fund.
- §23-3-3. Investment of surplus funds required.

§23-3-1a. Transfer of silicosis fund to workers' compensation fund; claims under former article six.

- 1 Ten percent of the funds collected and held as the
- 2 workers' compensation silicosis fund under the provi-
- 3 sions of former article six of this chapter, which article

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4 is by this act repealed, shall be transferred to and made 5 a part of the workers' compensation fund provided for 6 in the preceding section, and the balance thereof shall 7 be refunded to the subscribers thereto in proportion to 8 their contributions to the same under the provisions of 9 said former article six: and all awards heretofore made under the provisions of article six shall be paid from the 10 workers' compensation fund, or directly by the em-11 12 ployer, under order of the commissioner, if the employer 13 has elected to carry his own risk under the provisions 14 of section nine, article two of this chapter: Provided, 15 That notwithstanding the repeal of said article six, the 16 provisions thereof shall be applicable in all cases of the 17 disease or death, because of silicosis, or an employee 18 whose last exposure to silicon dioxide dust has occurred prior to the effective date of this section, whose claim 19 or application for compensation benefits for silicosis, or 20 that of his dependent, has not been filed prior to said 21 22 date, and whose employer, at the time of such exposure, was subject to the provisions of said article six. 23

§23-3-2. Custody, investment and disbursement of fund.

1 The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the 2 workers' compensation fund and all premiums, deposits 3 or other moneys paid thereto shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the workers' compensation 4 fund in the manner prescribed in section five, article 5 two of this chapter. The workers' compensation fund 6 shall consist of the premiums and deposits provided by 7 this chapter and all interest accruing thereto upon 8 investments and deposits in the state depositories, and 9 any other moneys or funds which may be given. 10 appropriated or otherwise designated or accruing 11 thereto. Said fund shall be a separate and distinct fund 12 and shall be so kept upon the books and records of the 13 auditor and treasurer and the state depositories in 14 which any part is deposited. Disbursements therefrom 15 shall be made upon requisitions signed by the secretary 16 and approved by the commissioner of the bureau of 17 18 employment programs.

The board of investments shall have authority to invest the surplus, reserve or other moneys belonging to

21 the fund in the bonds of the United States, notes or 22 bonds of this state, bridge revenue bonds of this state issued prior to the first day of January, one thousand 23 24 nine hundred thirty-nine, or any bonds issued to refund 25 the same, bonds of any county, city, town, village or 26 school district of the state. No such investment shall be 27 made, nor any investment sold or otherwise disposed of 28 without the concurrence of a majority of all members 29 of the board of investments. It shall be the duty of every 30 county, school district or municipality issuing any 31 bonds, to offer the same in writing to the board of 32 investments, prior to advertising the same for sale, and the board of investments shall, within fifteen days after 33 34 receipt of such offer, accept the same and purchase such 35 bonds, or any portion thereof at par and accrued interest, or reject such offer. All securities purchased by 36 the board of investments for investment for the workers' 37 compensation fund shall be placed in the hands of the 38 39 state treasurer as the custodian thereof, and it shall be 40 his duty to keep and account for the same as he keeps and accounts for other securities of the state, and to 41 42 collect the interest thereon as the same becomes due and 43 payable and the principal when the same is due. No 44 notes, bonds or other securities shall be purchased by 45 the board of investments until and unless the attorney general shall investigate the issuance of such notes, 46 47 bonds or securities and shall give a written opinion to 48 the board that the same have been regularly issued 49 according to the constitution and the laws of this state, which opinion, if such notes, bonds or securities be 50 purchased, shall be filed with the treasurer with such 51 52 bonds or securities.

§23-3-3. Investment of surplus funds required.

Whenever there shall be in the state treasury any 1 funds belonging to the workers' compensation fund not 2 likely, in the opinion of the commissioner, to be required 3 for immediate use, it shall be the duty of the board of 4 investments to invest the same as prescribed in the 5 preceding section. Whenever it may become necessary 6 or expedient to use any of the funds so invested, the 7 board of investments. at the direction of the commis-8

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- 9 sioner, shall collect, sell or otherwise realize upon any
- 10 investment to the amount considered necessary or
- 11 expedient to use.

ARTICLE 4. DISABILITY AND DEATH BENEFITS.

- §23-4-1c. Payment of temporary total disability benefits directly to claimant; payment of medical benefits; payments of benefits during protest; right of commissioner to collect payments improperly made.
- §23-4-2. Disbursement where injury is self-inflicted or intentionally caused by employer; legislative declarations and findings; "deliberate intention" defined.
- §23-4-7. Release of medical information to employer: legislative findings: effect of application for benefits; duty of employer.
- §23-4-14. Computation of benefits.
- §23-4-1c. Payment of temporary total disability benefits directly to claimant; payment of medical benefits: payments of benefits during protest: right of commissioner to collect payments improperly made.
 - (a) In any claim for benefits under this chapter, the 2 commissioner shall determine whether the claimant has 3 sustained a compensable injury within the meaning of section one of this article, and he shall enter an order 4 giving all parties immediate notice of such decision. Any 6 party shall have the right to protest the order of the commissioner and obtain an evidentiary hearing as provided in section one, article five of this chapter. 8
 - 9 (b) Where it appears from the employer's report, or from proper medical evidence, that a compensable 10 11 injury will result in a disability which will last longer than three days as provided in section five of this article, 12 13 the commissioner may immediately enter an order commencing the payment of temporary total disability 14 15 benefits to the claimant in the amounts provided for in 16 sections six and fourteen of this article, and payment of the expenses provided for in subdivision (a), section 17 three of this article, relating to said injury, without 18 waiting for the expiration of the thirty-day period 19 20 during which objections may be filed to such findings
 - as provided in section one, article five of this chapter. 21
- The commissioner shall enter an order commencing the 22

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payment of temporary total disability or medical benefits within fifteen days of receipt of either the employee's or employer's report of injury, whichever is received sooner, and also upon receipt of either a proper physician's report or any other information necessary for a determination. The commissioner shall give to the parties immediate notice of any order granting tempor-30 ary total disability or medical benefits.

- (c) The commissioner may enter orders granting temporary total disability benefits upon receipt of medical evidence justifying the payment of such benefits. In no claim shall the commissioner enter an order granting prospective temporary total disability benefits for a period of more than ninety days: Provided. That when the commissioner determines that the claimant remains disabled beyond the period specified in the prior order granting temporary total disability benefits, the commissioner shall enter an order continuing the payment of temporary total disability benefits for an additional period not to exceed ninety days, and shall give immediate notice to all parties of such decision.
- (d) Upon receipt of the first report of injury in claim, the commissioner shall request from the employer or employers any wage information necessary for determining the rate of benefits to which the employee is entitled. If an employer does not furnish the commissioner with this information within fifteen days from the date the commissioner received the first report of injury in the case, the employee shall be paid temporary total disability benefits for lost time at the rate the commissioner believes would be justified by the usual rate of pay for the occupation of the injured employee. The commissioner shall adjust the rate of benefits both retroactively and prospectively upon receipt of proper wage information. The commissioner shall have access to all wage information in the possession of any state agency, including wage information received by the unemployment compensation commission under chapter twenty-one-a of this code, pertinent to determination.

- (e) Upon a finding of the commissioner that a claim-ant who has sustained a previous compensable injury which has been closed by any order of the commissioner. or by the claimant's return to work, suffers further temporary total disability or requires further medical or hospital treatment resulting from the compensable injury, the commissioner shall immediately enter an order commencing the payment of temporary total disability benefits to the claimant in the amount provided for in sections six and fourteen of this article. and the expenses provided for in subdivision (a), section three of this article, relating to said disability, without waiting for the expiration of the thirty-day period during which objections may be filed to such findings as provided in section one, article five of this chapter. The commissioner shall give immediate notice to the parties of his order.
 - (f) Where the employer is a subscriber to the workers' compensation fund under the provisions of article three of this chapter, and upon the findings aforesaid, the commissioner shall mail all workers' compensation checks paying temporary total disability benefits directly to the claimant and not to the employer for delivery to the claimant.
 - (g) Where the employer has elected to carry his own risk under section nine, article two of this chapter, and upon the findings aforesaid, the commissioner shall immediately issue a pay order directing the employer to pay such amounts as are due the claimant for temporary total disability benefits. A copy of the order shall be sent to the claimant. The self-insured employer shall commence such payments by mailing or delivering the payments directly to the employee within ten days of the date of the receipt of the pay order by the employer. If the self-insured employer believes that his employee is entitled to benefits, he may start payments before receiving a pay order from the commissioner.
 - (h) In the event that an employer files a timely objection to any order of the commissioner with respect to compensability, or any order denying an application for modification with respect to temporary total

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105 disability benefits, or with respect to those expenses 106 outlined in subdivision (a), section three of this article. 107 the commissioner shall continue to pay to the claimant such benefits and expenses during the period of such 108 109 disability. Where it is subsequently found by the 110 commissioner that the claimant was not entitled to 111 receive such temporary total disability benefits or 112 expenses, or any part thereof, so paid, the commissioner 113 shall, when the employer is a subscriber to the fund. 114 credit said employer's account with the amount of the 115 overpayment: and, when the employer has elected to 116 carry its own risk, the commissioner shall refund to such employer the amount of the overpayment. The amounts 117 so credited to a subscriber or repaid to a self insurer 118 119 shall be charged by the commissioner to the surplus fund created in section one, article three of this chapter. 120

- (i) When the employer has protested the compensability or applied for modification of a temporary total disability benefit award or expenses and the final decision in such case determines that the claimant was not entitled to such benefits or expenses, the amount of such benefits or expenses shall be considered overpaid. The commissioner may only recover the amount of such benefits or expenses by withholding, in whole or in part, as determined by the commissioner, future permanent partial disability benefits payable to the individual in the same or other claims and credit such amount against the overpayment until it is repaid in full.
- 133 (j) In the event that the commissioner finds that based 134 upon the employer's report of injury, the claim is not 135 compensable, the commissioner shall provide a copy of 136 such employer's report in addition to the order denying 137 the claim.
- §23-4-2. Disbursement where injury is self-inflicted or intentionally caused by employer; legislative declarations and findings; "deliberate intention" defined.
 - 1 (a) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore or here-2 inafter contained, no employee or dependent of any 3 employee shall be entitled to receive any sum from the

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- 4 workers' compensation fund, or to direct compensation 5 from any employer making the election and receiving 6 the permission mentioned in section nine, article two of 7 this chapter, or otherwise under the provisions of this 8 chapter, on account of any personal injury to or death 9 to any employee caused by a self-inflicted injury or the intoxication of such employee. For the purpose of this 10 11 chapter, the commissioner may cooperate with the 12 division of energy and the state department of labor in 13 promoting general safety programs and in formulating 14 rules and regulations to govern hazardous employments.
 - (b) If injury or death result to any employee from the deliberate intention of his employer to produce such injury or death, the employee, the widow, widower, child or dependent of the employee shall have the privilege to take under this chapter, and shall also have cause of action against the employer, as if this chapter had not been enacted, for any excess of damages over the amount received or receivable under this chapter.
 - (c) (1) It is declared that enactment of this chapter and the establishment of the workers' compensation system in this chapter was and is intended to remove from the common law tort system all disputes between or among employers and employees regarding the compensation to be received for injury or death to an employee except as herein expressly provided, and to establish a system which compensates even though the injury or death of an employee may be caused by his own fault or the fault of a co-employee; that the immunity established in sections six and six-a, article two of this chapter, is an essential aspect of this workers' compensation system: that the intent of the Legislature in providing immunity from common law suit was and is to protect those so immunized from litigation outside the workers' compensation system except as herein expressly provided; that, in enacting the immunity provisions of this chapter, the Legislature intended to create a legislative standard for loss of that immunity of more narrow application and containing more specific mandatory elements than the common law tort system concept and standard of willful, wanton and reckless

misconduct; and that it was and is the legislative intent to promote prompt judicial resolution of the question of whether a suit prosecuted under the asserted authority of this section is or is not prohibited by the immunity granted under this chapter.

- (2) The immunity from suit provided under this section and under section six-a, article two of this chapter, may be lost only if the employer or person against whom liability is asserted acted with "deliberate intention". This requirement may be satisfied only if:
- (i) It is proved that such employer or person against whom liability is asserted acted with a consciously, subjectively and deliberately formed intention to produce the specific result of injury or death to an employee. This standard requires a showing of an actual, specific intent and may not be satisfied by allegation or proof of (A) conduct which produces a result that was not specifically intended; (B) conduct which constitutes negligence, no matter how gross or aggravated; or (C) willful, wanton or reckless misconduct: or
- (ii) The trier of fact determines, either through specific findings of fact made by the court in a trial without a jury, or through special interrogatories to the jury in a jury trial, that all of the following facts are proven:
- (A) That a specific unsafe working condition existed in the workplace which presented a high degree of risk and a strong probability of serious injury or death;
- (B) That the employer had a subjective realization and an appreciation of the existence of such specific unsafe working condition and of the high degree of risk and the strong probability of serious injury or death presented by such specific unsafe working condition;
- (C) That such specific unsafe working condition was a violation of a state or federal safety statute, rule or regulation, whether cited or not, or of a commonly accepted and well-known safety standard within the industry or business of such employer, which statute,

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- rule, regulation or standard was specifically applicable to the particular work and working condition involved, as contrasted with a statute, rule, regulation or standard generally requiring safe workplaces, equipment or working conditions;
- 89 (D) That notwithstanding the existence of the facts set 90 forth in subparagraphs (A) through (C) hereof, such 91 employer nevertheless thereafter exposed an employee 92 to such specific unsafe working condition intentionally; 93 and
- 94 (E) That such employee so exposed suffered serious 95 injury or death as a direct and proximate result of such 96 specific unsafe working condition.
- 97 (iii) In cases alleging liability under the provisions of 98 the preceding paragraph (ii):
 - (A) No punitive or exemplary damages shall be awarded to the employee or other plaintiff;
- 101 (B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or 102 rule to the contrary, and consistent with the legislative 103 findings of intent to promote prompt judicial resolution 104 of issues of immunity from litigation under this chapter. 105 the court shall dismiss the action upon motion for 106. summary judgment if it shall find, pursuant to Rule 56 107 of the Rules of Civil Procedure that one or more of the 108 facts required to be proved by the provisions of 109 subparagraphs (A) through (E) of the preceding 110 paragraph (ii) do not exist, and the court shall dismiss 111 the action upon a timely motion for a directed verdict 112 against the plaintiff if after considering all the evidence 113 and every inference legitimately and reasonably raised 114 thereby most favorably to the plaintiff, the court shall determine that there is not sufficient evidence to find 115 116 each and every one of the facts required to be proven by the provisions of subparagraphs (A) through (E) of 117 118 the preceding paragraph (ii); and
 - (C) The provisions of this paragraph and of each subparagraph thereof shall be severable from the provisions of each other subparagraph, subsection, section, article or chapter of this code so that if any

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- provision of a subparagraph of this paragraph be held void, the remaining provisions of this act and this code shall remain valid.
- (d) The reenactment of this section in the regular session of the Legislature during the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-three shall not in any way affect the right of any person to bring an action with respect to or upon any cause of action which arose or accrued prior to the effective date of such reenactment.

§23-4-7. Release of medical information to employer; legislative findings; effect of application for benefits; duty of employer.

- 1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that 2 two of the primary objectives of the workers' compen-3 sation system established by this chapter are to provide 4 benefits to an injured claimant promptly and to 5 effectuate his return to work at the earliest possible time; that the prompt dissemination of medical informa-6 7 tion to the commissioner and employer as to diagnosis. 8 treatment and recovery is essential if these two objec-9 tives are to be achieved: that claimants are increasingly burdened with the task of contacting their treating 10 11 physicians to request the furnishing of detailed medical 12 information to the commissioner and their employers: 13 that the commissioner is increasingly burdened with the 14 administrative responsibility of providing copies of medical reports to the employer involved, whereas in 15 16 other states the employer can obtain the necessary 17 medical information direct from the treating physician; 18 that much litigation is occasioned in this state because 19 of a lack of medical information having been received 20 by the employer as to the continuing disability of a claimant; and that detailed narrative reports from the 21 22 treating physician are often necessary in order for the 23 commissioner, the claimant's representatives and the 24 employer to evaluate a claim and determine whether additional or different treatment is indicated. 25
 - (b) In view of the foregoing findings, on and after the effective date of this section, a claimant shall irrevocably agree by the filing of his application for benefits

that any physician may release, to the claimant's employer or its representative, from time to time to such claimant's employer medical reports containing detailed information as to the claimant's condition, treatment. prognosis and anticipated period of disability and dates as to when the claimant will reach or has reached his maximum degree of improvement or will be or was released to return to work. Whenever a copy of any such medical report is obtained by the employer or their representative and the physician has not also forwarded a copy of the same to the commissioner, the employer shall forward a copy of such medical report to the commissioner within ten days from the date such employer received the same from such physician.

§23-4-14. Computation of benefits.

The average weekly wage earnings, wherever earned, of the injured person at the date of injury, and the average weekly wage in West Virginia as determined by the commissioner, in effect at the date of injury, shall be taken as the basis upon which to compute the benefits.

In cases involving occupational pneumoconiosis or other occupational diseases, the "date of injury" shall be the date of the last exposure to the hazards of occupational pneumoconiosis or other occupational diseases.

In computing benefits payable on account of occupational pneumoconiosis, the commissioner shall deduct the amount of all prior workers' compensation benefits paid to the same claimant on account of silicosis, but a prior silicosis award shall not, in any event, preclude an award for occupational pneumoconiosis otherwise payable under this article.

The expression "average weekly wage earnings, wherever earned, of the injured person, at the date of injury", within the meaning of this chapter, shall be computed based upon the daily rate of pay at the time of the injury or upon the average pay received during the two months, six months or twelve months immediately preceding the date of the injury, whichever is most favorable to the injured employee, except for the

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purpose of computing temporary total disability benefits for part-time employees pursuant to the provisions of section six-d of this article.

The expression "average weekly wage in West Virginia", within the meaning of this chapter, shall be the average weekly wage in West Virginia as determined by the commissioner in accordance with the provisions of sections ten and eleven, article six, chapter twenty-one-a of this code, and other applicable provisions of said chapter twenty-one-a.

In any claim for injuries, including occupational pneumoconiosis and other occupational diseases, occurring on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, any award for temporary total, permanent partial or permanent total disability benefits or for dependent benefits, shall be paid at the weekly rates or in the monthly amount in the case of dependent benefits applicable to the claimant therein in effect on the date of such injury. If during the life of such award for temporary total, permanent partial or permanent total disability benefits or for dependent benefits, the weekly rates or the monthly amount in the case of dependent benefits are increased or decreased, the claimant shall receive such increased or decreased benefits beginning as of the effective date of said increase or decrease.

ARTICLE 4A. DISABLED WORKERS' RELIEF FUND.

§23-4A-2. To whom benefits paid.

§23-4A-3. Computation of benefits.

§23-4A-4. Mode of payment.

§23-4A-5. Employers providing own system of compensation.

§23-4A-8. Disabled workers' relief fund; how funded.

§23-4A-2. To whom benefits paid.

In order to participate in the disabled workers' relief fund, an individual must be receiving workers' compensation benefits by virtue of and under the laws of this state in amounts less than those set forth in section one of this article, and be receiving such benefits under a permanent total disability award or be receiving such benefits because of the death of an employee: *Provided*,

- 8 That a child of an employee deceased before the first day
- 9 of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, who is
- 10 under the age of twenty-three and is a full-time student,
- 11 and, who, at the time of injury causing death, was
- 12 dependent in whole or part upon the earnings of the
- 13 deceased employee, shall be eligible for benefits payable
- 14 from the fund established by this article in the same
- 15 manner and amount as if death had occurred after the
- 16 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven.

§23-4A-3. Computation of benefits.

1 Each individual entitled to participate in the disabled 2

workers' relief fund shall be entitled to receive pay-3 ments without application (except that an application

4 shall be required under section five of this article) from

5 said fund of an amount equal to the difference between

6 the amounts set forth in section one of this article, and

7 the amount said individual is in fact receiving by virtue 8

of and under the laws of this state. The first such

9 payment shall be made concurrently with the payment

10 to him of workers' compensation on the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-six and 11

12 subsequent payments shall be made during the period

13 thereafter in which such participant shall be entitled to

14 workers' compensation benefits by virtue of and under

15 the laws of this state.

§23-4A-4. Mode of payment.

- Payments to an individual entitled to participate in 1 2
- the disabled workers' relief fund may be made from said 3 fund by separate check or may be made from said fund
- 4 and from the workers' compensation fund by one check.
- 5 but each such check drawn on the two funds shall be
- 6 so written as to show plainly the payments made from
- 7 each fund. No disbursements shall be made from the
- 8 workers' compensation fund on account of any provisions
- 9 of this article.

§23-4A-5. Employers providing own system of compensation.

- The commissioner shall promptly require of each 1 employer who has elected to pay compensation direct 2
- under the provisions of section nine, article two of this 3

- 4 chapter a verified list of the names and addresses of all
- 5 persons to whom such employer is paying workers'
- compensation on account of permanent total disability 6
- or because of the death of an employee and such 7
- evidence respecting such persons as the commissioner 8
- may reasonably consider necessary to determine the 9
- eligibility of any such person to participate in the 10
- disabled workers' relief fund. Any person claiming the 11
- 12 right to participate in said fund under the provisions of
- this section may file his application therefor with the 13
- commissioner and shall be accorded a hearing thereon. 14

§23-4A-8. Disabled workers' relief fund; how funded.

- For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this 1
- article, the commissioner shall transfer annually, out of 2
- the interest earned during the previous year on invest-3
- 4 ments held by the workers' compensation fund, and out
- 5 of the amount assessed against self-insured employers
- pursuant to the provisions of article two, section nine, 6
- 7 an amount estimated by the commissioner to be neces-
- sary to carry out the provisions of this article for one 8
- 9 year.
- Such money shall be deposited by the commissioner 10
- 11 in the disabled workers' relief fund, as required by this
- 12 article.

ARTICLE 4B. COAL-WORKERS' PNEUMOCONIOSIS FUND.

- §23-4B-2. Coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund established.
- §23-4B-7. Administration.

§23-4B-2. Coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund established.

- For the relief of persons who are entitled to receive 1
- benefits by virtue of Title IV of the Federal Coal Mine 2
- Health and Safety Act of 1969, as amended, there is 3
- hereby established a fund to be known as the coal-4
- workers' pneumoconiosis fund, which fund shall be 5
- separate from the workers' compensation fund. The coal-6
- workers' pneumoconiosis fund shall consist of premiums 7
- and other funds paid thereto by employers, subject to 8
- the provisions of Title IV of the Federal Coal Mine 9
- Health and Safety Act of 1969, as amended, who shall 10

- 11 elect to subscribe to such fund to ensure the payment 12 of benefits required by such act.
- 13 The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the coal-14
- workers' pneumoconiosis fund, and all premiums, 15 deposits or other moneys paid thereto shall be deposited
- 16 in the state treasury to the credit of the coal-workers'
- pneumoconiosis fund. Disbursements from such fund 17
- shall be made upon requisition signed by the commis-18
- 19 sioner to those persons entitled to participate therein.
- 20 The West Virginia state board of investments shall have
- 21 authority to invest any surplus, reserve or other moneys
- 22 belonging to the coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund in
- 23 accordance with article six, chapter twelve of this code.

§23-4B-7. Administration.

- 1 The coal-workers' pneumoconiosis fund shall be
- 2 administered by the commissioner of the bureau of
- 3 employment programs, who shall employ such em-
- 4 ployees as may be necessary to discharge his duties and
- 5 responsibilities under this article. All payments of
- 6 salaries and expenses of such employees and all
- 7 expenses peculiar to the administration of this article
- 8 shall be made by the state treasurer from the coal-
- 9 workers' pneumoconiosis fund upon requisitions signed
- 10 by the commissioner.

ARTICLE 4C. EMPLOYERS' EXCESS LIABILITY FUND.

- §23-4C-2. Employers' excess liability fund established.
- §23-4C-5. Administration.

§23-4C-2. Employers' excess liability fund established.

- To provide insurance coverage for employers subject 1
- 2 to this chapter who may be subjected to liability for any
- 3 excess of damages over the amount received or receiv-
- 4 able under this chapter, there is hereby established a
- fund to be known as the employers' excess liability fund, 5
- which fund shall be separate from the workers' compen-6
- sation fund. The employers' excess liability fund shall 7
- consist of premiums paid thereto by employers who may 8
- voluntarily elect to subscribe to the fund for coverage 9
- 10 of potential liability to any person who may be entitled

11 to any excess of damages over the amount received or 12 receivable under this chapter.

§23-4C-5. Administration.

- 1 The employers' excess liability fund shall be admin-
- 2 istered by the commissioner of employment programs.
- 3 who shall employ such employees as may be necessary
- 4 to discharge his duties and responsibilities under this
- 5 article. All payments of salaries and expenses of the
- employees and all expenses peculiar to the administra-6
- 7 tion of this article shall be made by the state treasurer
- 8 from the employers' excess liability fund upon requisi-
- 9 tions signed by the commissioner.

ARTICLE 5. REVIEW.

§23-5-2. Workers' compensation appeal board — Generallv.

- 1 There shall be a board to be known as the "Workers'
- Compensation Appeal Board", which shall be referred 2
- to in this article as the "board", to be composed of three 3
- 4 members.
- 5 Two members of such board shall be of opposite
- 6 politics to the third, and all three shall be citizens of this
- 7 state who have resided therein for a period of at least
- 8 five years. All members of the board shall be appointed
- 9 by the governor and shall receive an annual salary in
- 10 accordance with the provisions of section two-a, article
- 11 seven, chapter six of this code. The salaries shall be
- 12 payable in monthly installments, and the members shall
- 13 also be entitled to all reasonable and necessary traveling
- and other expenses actually incurred while engaged in 14
- the performance of their duties. The governor shall 15
- 16 designate one of the members of the board as chairman
- thereof, and the board shall meet at the capitol or at 17
- such other places throughout the state as it may consider 18
- proper at regular sessions designated as "Appeal Board 19
- Hearing Days" commencing on the first Tuesday of 20
- every month or the next regular business day, for a 21
- period of at least three days, for the purpose of 22
- conducting hearings on appeals, and continuing as long 23
- as may be necessary for the proper and expeditious 24

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25 transaction of the hearings, decisions and other business 26 before it. All clerical services required by the board 27 shall be paid for by the commissioner from any funds 28 at his disposal. The board shall, from time to time. 29 compile and promulgate such rules of practice and 30 procedure as to it shall appear proper for the prompt 31 and efficient discharge of its business and such rules shall be submitted to the supreme court of appeals for 32 33 approval, and if approved by such court shall have the 34 same force and effect as the approved rules of procedure 35 of circuit courts. The board shall employ such clerical 36 staff as may be necessary for the efficient conduct of its 37 business but the number of such employees shall not 38 exceed four. Salaries of the board, and its employees, 39 and all of its necessary operating expenses shall be paid from the workers' compensation fund. The board shall 40 41 submit its annual budget to the commissioner for 42 inclusion as a separate item in the budget estimates 43 prepared by him annually and within the limits of such 44 budget, all expenses of the board shall be by the 45 requisition of the commissioner. Salaries of the em-46 ployees of the board shall be fixed by the board.

The board shall report monthly to the governor and commissioner on the status of all claims on appeal.

CHAPTER 26. STATE BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS.

ARTICLE 8. EMERGENCY HOSPITALS.

§26-8-2. Patients; expenses; disposition of receipts.

1 The state commissioner of public institutions shall 2 admit to said hospitals, under its rules and regulations. 3 persons requiring hospital care, and shall treat free of charge persons accidentally injured in this state while 4 5 engaged in their usual employment, but preference at 6 all times shall be given to persons accidentally injured: 7 Provided. That the commissioner of the bureau of 8 employment programs shall pay to said hospitals for the 9 treatment of anyone entitled to benefits or aid out of the workers' compensation fund the same fee or expenses as 10 would be paid to a private hospital for similar treat-11 ment. All moneys collected under this section shall be 12

- 13 paid into the state treasury through the state commis-
- sioner of public institutions as required in section 14
- 15 thirteen, article one, chapter twenty-five of this code.

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

Article

- 12. State Insurance.
- 18. West Virginia Railroad Maintenance Authority.

ARTICLE 12. STATE INSURANCE.

§29-12-2. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context otherwise 1
- 2 clearly requires:
- (a) "Board" means the "State Board of Insurance of 3 4 West Virginia".
- (b) "Company" means and includes corporations, 5 associations, partnerships and individuals. 6
- (c) "Insurance" means all forms of insurance and 7 bonding services available for protection and indemni-8
- 9 fication of the state and its officials, employees,
- properties, activities and responsibilities against loss or 10
- damage or liability, including fire, marine, casualty, 11
- and surety insurance. 12
- (d) "Insurance company" means all insurers or 13
- insurance carriers, including, but not limited to, stock 14
- 15 insurance companies, mutual insurance companies,
- reciprocal and interinsurance exchanges, and all other 16
- types of insurers and insurance carriers, including life, 17 accident, health, fidelity, indemnity, casualty, hospital-18
- ization and other types and kinds of insurance compa-19
- nies, organizations and associations, but excepting and 20
- 21 excluding workers' compensation coverage.
- (e) "State property activities" and "state responsibil-22 ities" shall mean and include all operations, boards.
- 23 commission, works, projects and functions of the state.
- 24 its properties, officials, agents and employees which. 25
- within the scope and in the course of governmental 26
- employment, may be subject to liability, loss, damage, 27

- 28 risks and hazards recognized to be and normally 29 included within insurance and bond coverages.
- 30 (f) "State property" means all property belonging to the state of West Virginia and any boards or commis-31
- 32 sions thereof wherever situated and which is the subject
- 33 of risk or reasonably considered to be subject to loss or
- damage or liability by any single occurrence of any 34
- 35 event insured against.

ARTICLE 18. WEST VIRGINIA RAILROAD MAINTENANCE AUTHORITY.

§29-18-6. Powers, duties and responsibilities of authority generally.

- The West Virginia railroad maintenance authority is 1
- 2 hereby granted, has and may exercise all powers
- 3 necessary or appropriate to carry out and effectuate its
- 4 corporate purpose.
- 5 (a) The authority shall have the power and capacity 6 to:
- 7 (1) Adopt, and from time to time, amend and repeal
- bylaws necessary and proper for the regulation of its 8
- 9 affairs and the conduct of its business and rules and
- regulations to implement and make effective its powers 10
- and duties, such rules and regulations to be promul-11
- 12 gated in accordance with the provisions of chapter
- 13 twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 14 (2) Adopt an official seal.
- (3) Maintain a principal office and, if necessary, 15
- regional suboffices at locations properly designated or 16
- 17 provided.
- (4) Sue and be sued in its own name and plead and 18
- be impleaded in its own name, and particularly to 19
- 20 enforce the obligations and covenants made under
- 21 sections ten, eleven and sixteen of this article. Any
- actions against the authority shall be brought in the 22
- circuit court of Kanawha County. The location of the 23
- 24 principal office of the authority shall be determined by
- 25 the governor.
- (5) Make loans and grants to governmental agencies 26

- and persons for carrying out railroad projects by any such governmental agency or person and, in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, adopt rules and procedures for making such loans and grants.
 - (6) Acquire, construct, reconstruct, enlarge, improve, furnish, equip, maintain, repair, operate, lease or rent to, or contract for operation by a governmental agency or person, railroad projects, and, in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, adopt rules and regulations for the use of such projects.
 - (7) Make available the use or services of any railroad project to one or more persons, one or more governmental agencies, or any combination thereof.
 - (8) Issue railroad maintenance authority bonds and notes and refunding bonds of the state, payable solely from revenues as provided in section ten of this article unless the bonds are refunded by refunding bonds, for the purpose of paying any part of the cost of one or more railroad projects or parts thereof.
 - (9) Acquire, by gift or purchase, hold and dispose of real and personal property in the exercise of its powers and the performance of its duties as set forth in this article.
 - (10) Acquire in the name of the state, by purchase or otherwise, on such terms and in such manner as it deems proper, or by the exercise of the right of eminent domain in the manner provided in chapter fifty-four of this code, rail properties and appurtenant rights and interests necessary for carrying out railroad projects.
 - (11) Make and enter into all contracts and agreements and execute all instruments necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and the execution of its powers. When the cost under any such contract or agreement, other than compensation for personal services, involves an expenditure of more than two thousand dollars, the authority shall make a written contract with the lowest responsible bidder after public notice published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter

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fifty-nine of this code, the publication area for such publication to be the county wherein the work is to be performed or which is affected by the contract, which notice shall state the general character of the work and the general character of the materials to be furnished. the place where plans and specifications therefor may be examined and the time and place of receiving bids. but a contract or lease for the operation of a railroad project constructed and owned by the authority or an agreement for cooperation in the acquisition or construction of a railroad project pursuant to section sixteen of this article is not subject to the foregoing requirements and the authority may enter into such contract or lease or such agreement pursuant to negotiation and upon such terms and conditions and for such period as it finds to be reasonable and proper under the circumstances and in the best interests of proper operation or of efficient acquisition or construction of such railroad project. The authority may reject any and all bids. A bond with good and sufficient surety, approved by the authority, shall be required of all contractors in an amount equal to at least fifty percent of the contract price, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the contract.

- (12) Appoint a director and employ managers, superintendents and other employees and retain or contract with consulting engineers, financial consultants, accountants, attorneys and such other consultants and independent contractors as are necessary in its judgment to carry out the provisions of this article, and fix the compensation or fees thereof. All expenses thereof shall be payable from the proceeds of railroad maintenance authority revenue bonds or notes issued by the authority, from revenues and funds appropriated for such purpose by the Legislature or from grants from the federal government which may be used for such purpose.
- (13) Receive and accept from any state or federal agency, grants for or in aid of the construction of any railroad project or for research and development with respect to railroads and receive and accept aid or contributions from any source of money, property, labor

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- 107 or other things of value, to be held, used and applied 108 only for the purposes for which such grants and 109 contributions are made.
- 110 (14) Engage in research and development with 111 respect to railroads.
- 112 (15) Purchase fire and extended coverage and liability insurance for any railroad project and for the principal 113 114 office and suboffices of the authority, insurance protect-115 ing the authority and its officers and employees against 116 liability, if any, for damage to property or injury to or 117 death of persons arising from its operations and be a 118 member of, and to participate in, the state workers' 119 compensation program.
 - (16) Charge, alter and collect rates, rentals and other charges for the use or services of any railroad project 122 as provided in this article.
 - 123 (17) Do all acts necessary and proper to carry out the 124 powers expressly granted to the authority in this article.
 - (b) In addition, the authority shall have the power to: 125
 - (1) Acquire rail properties both within and not within the jurisdiction of the interstate commerce commission 128 and rail properties within the purview of the federal 129 Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, any amend-130 ments to it and any other relevant federal legislation.
 - (2) Enter into agreements with owners of rail properties for the acquisition of rail properties or use, or both of rail properties upon such terms, conditions, rates or rentals as can best effectuate the purposes of this article.
 - (3) Acquire rail properties and other property of a railroad in concert with another state or states as is necessary to ensure continued rail service in this state.
 - (4) Establish a state plan for rail transportation and 139 local rail services.
 - 140 (5) Administer and coordinate such state plan.
 - 141 (6) Provide in such state plan for the equitable 142 distribution of federal rail service continuation subsidies 143 among state, local and regional transportation authorities. 144

- 145 (7) Promote, supervise and support safe, adequate and efficient rail services.
- 147 (8) Employ sufficiently trained and qualified personnel for these purposes.
- 149 (9) Maintain adequate programs of investigation, 150 research, promotion and development in connection with 151 such purposes and to provide for public participation 152 therein.
- 153 (10) Provide satisfactory assurances on behalf of the 154 state that fiscal control and fund accounting procedures 155 will be adopted by the state necessary to assure proper 156 disbursement of and accounting for federal funds paid 157 to the state as rail service continuation subsidies.
- 158 (11) Comply with the regulations of the secretary of 159 transportation of the United States department of 160 transportation affecting federal rail service continuation 161 programs.
- 162 (12) Do all things otherwise necessary to maximize 163 federal assistance to the state under Title IV of the 164 federal Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 and to 165 qualify for rail service continuation subsidies pursuant 166 to the federal Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973.

CHAPTER 29A. STATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES ACT.

ARTICLE 5. CONTESTED CASES.

§29A-5-5. Exceptions.

- 1 The provisions of this article shall not apply to the
- 2 workers' compensation fund, the bureau of employment
- 3 programs, the state tax commissioner, the state road
- 4 commissioner, the state road commission, and the
- 5 teachers' retirement board.

CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

Article

- 1. Business and Nonprofit Corporations.
- 18B. Mortgage and Industrial Development Investment Pool.

ARTICLE 1. BUSINESS AND NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS.

19 (d) Reinsurance.

§33-15-5. Optional policy provisions.

1 Except as provided in section six of this article, no 2 such policy delivered or issued for delivery to any person 3 in this state shall contain provisions respecting the 4 matters set forth below unless such provisions are in the words in which the same appear in this section: 5 6 *Provided*, That the insurer may, at its option, use in lieu 7 of any such provision a corresponding provision of different wording approved by the commissioner which 8 9 is not less favorable in any respect to the insured or the 10 beneficiary. Any such provision contained in the policy shall be preceded individually by the appropriate 11 12 caption appearing in this section or, at the option of the 13 insurer, by such appropriate individual or group 14 captions or subcaptions as the commissioner may 15 approve.

(a) A provision as follows:

17 "Change of Occupation: If the insured be injured or 18 contract sickness after having changed his occupation to 19 one classified by the insurer as more hazardous than 20 that stated in this policy or while doing for compensa-21 tion anything pertaining to an occupation so classified, 22 the insurer will pay only such portion of the indemnities 23 provided in this policy as the premium paid would have 24 purchased at the rates and within the limits fixed by 25 the insurer for such more hazardous occupation. If the 26 insured changes his occupation to one classified by the 27 insurer as less hazardous than that stated in this policy. 28 the insurer, upon receipt of proof of such change of occupation, will reduce the premium rate accordingly, 29 30 and will return the excess pro rata unearned premium 31 from the date of change of occupation or from the policy anniversary date immediately preceding receipt of such 32 proof, whichever is the more recent. In applying this 33 34 provision, the classification of occupational risk and the premium rates shall be such as have been last filed by 35 36 the insurer prior to the occurrence of the loss for which 37 the insurer is liable or prior to date of proof of change 38 in occupation with the state official having supervision

- of insurance in the state where the insured resided at the time this policy was issued; but if such filing was not required, then the classification of occupational risk and the premium rates shall be those last made effective by the insurer in such state prior to the occurrence of the loss or prior to the date of proof of change in occupation."
 - (b) A provision as follows:

"Misstatement of Age: If the age of the insured has been misstated, all amounts payable under this policy shall be such as the premium paid would have purchased at the correct age."

(c) A provision as follows:

"Other Insurance in This Insurer: If an accident or sickness or accident and sickness policy or policies previously issued by the insurer to the insured be in force concurrently herewith, making the aggregate indemnity for ______ (insert type of coverage or coverages) in excess of \$ ______ (insert maximum limit of indemnity or indemnities) the excess insurance shall be void and all premiums paid for such excess shall be returned to the insured or to his estate."

Or, in lieu thereof:

"Insurance effective at any one time on the insured under a like policy or policies in this insurer is limited to the one such policy elected by the insured, his beneficiary or his estate, as the case may be, and the insurer will return all premiums paid for all other such policies."

Provided that no policy hereafter issued for delivery in this state which provides, with or without other benefits, for the payment of benefits or reimbursement for expenses with respect to hospitalization, nursing care, medical or surgical examination or treatment, or ambulance transportation shall contain any provision for a reduction of such benefits or reimbursement, or any provision for avoidance of the policy, on account of other insurance of such nature carried by the same insured with the same or another insurer.

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(d) A provision as follows:

"Insurance with Other Insurers: If there be other valid coverage, not with this insurer, providing benefits for the same loss on other than an expense incurred basis and of which this insurer has not been given written notice prior to the occurrence or commencement of loss, the only liability for such benefits under this policy shall be for such proportion of the indemnities otherwise provided hereunder for such loss as the like indemnities of which the insurer had notice (including the indemnities under this policy) bear to the total amount of all like indemnities for such loss, and for the return of such portion of the premium paid as shall exceed the pro rata portion for the indemnities thus determined."

The insurer may, at its option, include in this provision a definition of "other valid coverage", approved as to form by the commissioner, which definitions shall be limited in subject matter to coverage provided by organizations subject to regulation by insurance law or by insurance authorities of this or any other state of the United States or any province of Canada, and to any other coverage the inclusion of which may be approved by the commissioner. In the absence of such definition such term shall not include group insurance, or benefits provided by union welfare plans or by employer or employee benefit organizations. For the purpose of applying the foregoing policy provisions with respect to any insured any amount of benefit provided for such insured pursuant to any compulsory benefit statute (including any workers' compensation or employer's liability statute) whether provided by a governmental agency or otherwise shall in all cases be deemed to be "other valid coverage" of which the insurer has had notice. In applying the foregoing policy provision no third party liability coverage shall be included as "other valid coverage".

(e) A provision as follows:

"Relation of Earnings to Insurance: If the total monthly amount of loss of time benefits promised for the

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118 same loss under all valid loss of time coverage upon the 119 insured, whether payable on a weekly or monthly basis, 120 shall exceed the monthly earnings of the insured at the 121 time disability commenced or his average monthly 122 earnings for the period of two years immediately 123 preceding a disability for which claim is made, which-124 ever is the greater, the insurer will be liable only for 125 such proportionate amount of such benefits under this 126 policy as the amount of such monthly earnings or such 127 average monthly earnings of the insured bears to the 128 total amount of monthly benefits for the same loss under 129 all such coverage upon the insured at the time such 130 disability commences and for the return of such part of 131 the premiums paid during such two years as shall 132 exceed the pro rata amount of the premiums for the 133 benefits actually paid hereunder; but this shall not 134 operate to reduce the total monthly amount of benefits 135 payable under all such coverage upon the insured below 136 the sum of two hundred dollars or the sum of the 137 monthly benefits specified in such coverages, whichever 138 is the lesser, nor shall it operate to reduce benefits other 139 than those payable for loss of time."

The foregoing policy provision may be inserted only in a policy which the insured has the right to continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of premiums (1) until at least age fifty, or (2) in the case of a policy issued after age forty-four, for at least five years from its date of issue. The insurer may, at its option, include in this provision a definition of "valid loss of time coverage", approved as to form by the commissioner, which definition shall be limited in subject matter to coverage provided by governmental agencies or by organizations subject to regulation by insurance law or by insurance authorities of this or any other state of the United States or any province of Canada, or to any other coverage the inclusion of which may be approved by the commissioner or any combination of such coverages. In the absence of such definition such term shall not include any coverage provided for such insured pursuant to any compulsory benefit statute (including any workers' compensation or employer's liability statute), or benefits provided by union welfare

[Ch. 16]

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160 plans or by employer or employee benefit organizations.

161 (f) A provision as follows:

162 "Unpaid Premium: Upon the payment of a claim under this policy, any premiums then due and unpaid 163 164 or covered by any note or written order may be deducted 165 therefrom."

166 (g) A provision as follows:

167 "Return of Premium on Cancellation: If the insured 168 cancels this policy, the earned premium shall be computed by the use of the short-rate table last filed 169 170 with the state official having supervision of insurance 171 in the state where the insured resided when the policy was issued. Cancellation shall be without prejudice to 172 173 any claim originating prior to the effective date of cancellation." 174

(h) A provision as follows:

176 "Conformity with State Statutes: Any provision of this 177 policy which, on its effective date, is in conflict with the 178 statutes of the state in which the insured resides on such 179 date is hereby amended to conform to the minimum 180 requirements of such statutes."

181 (i) A provision as follows:

> "Illegal Occupation: The insurer shall not be liable for any loss to which a contributing cause was the insured's commission of or attempt to commit a felony or to which a contributing cause was the insured's being engaged in an illegal occupation."

187 (i) A provision as follows:

"Intoxicants and Narcotics: The insurer shall not be 188 liable for any loss sustained or contracted in conse-189 190 quence of the insured's being intoxicated or under the influence of any narcotic unless administered on the 191 192 advice of a physician."

ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-16-1. Scope of article.

(a) Nothing in this article shall apply to or affect any 1

- 2 policy of liability or workers' compensation insurance.
- 3 or any policy of individual accident and sickness
- 4 insurance issued in accordance with article fifteen of
- this chapter, or any policy issued by a fraternal benefit 5
- 6 society.
- 7 (b) Nothing in this article shall apply to or in any way
- 8 affect life insurance, endowment or annuity contracts or
- 9 contracts supplemental thereto which contain no
- provisions relating to accident or sickness insurance 10
- except (a) such as provide additional benefits in case of 11 death by accidental means and except (b) such as 12
- 13 operate to safeguard such contracts against lapse, or to give a special surrender value or special benefit or an 14
- 15 annuity in the event that the insured or annuitant shall
- 16 become totally and permanently disabled as defined by
- 17 the contract or supplemental contract.
- 18 (c) No accident and sickness policy or certificate shall
- be delivered or issued for delivery in this state insuring 19
- 20 more than one individual (subject to the same exceptions
- provided for group life insurance in section one of article 21
- fourteen of this chapter) unless to one of the groups set 22
- forth in section two of this article and unless otherwise 23
- 24 in compliance with this article.

ARTICLE 26. WEST VIRGINIA GUARANTY ASSOCIATION ACT. §33-26-3. Scope.

- This article shall apply to all kinds of direct insu-1
- rance, except life, title, surety, disability, credit, 2
- mortgage guaranty, ocean marine, and workers' com-3
 - pensation insurance.

CHAPTER 38. LIENS.

ARTICLE 5B. SUGGESTION OF THE STATE AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS: GARNISHMENT AND SUGGES-TION OF PUBLIC OFFICERS.

§38-5B-12. Exemptions.

- A judgment debtor to whom money is due or to 1
- become due which would otherwise be subject to 2
- suggestion under this article may have the same 3
- exempted from levy in the manner and to the extent 4
- provided by article eight of this chapter. In the case of

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6 salary or wages the exemption may be claimed for sums currently accruing but must be asserted anew as to any 7 salary or wages which shall begin to accrue after the 8 9 next payment date. Such exemption shall not be binding upon the state, state agency or political subdivision of 10 which the judgment debtor is an officer or employee 11 unless and until a certificate of exemption or true copy 12 13 thereof shall have been delivered to the proper officer upon whom to make service of a suggestee execution 14 15 under this article.

Money due to any lawful beneficiary thereof from any workers' compensation, unemployment compensation. pension or retirement, public assistance or relief fund or system, or under the state's emergency employment program as provided by section six. Title II of Enrolled Senate Bill No. 1 (Budget Bill), enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, or any laws amendatory of, supplementary or successor to, such program that may hereafter be enacted, shall not be subject to suggestion under this article.

27 Public obligations, whether in the form of bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or otherwise, and 28 whether negotiable or nonnegotiable, shall not be 29 30 subject to suggestion under this article.

CHAPTER 48A. ENFORCEMENT OF FAMILY OBLIGATIONS.

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA CHILD ADVOCATE OFFICE.

§48-2-17. Obtaining support from unemployment compensation benefits. §48-2-18. Obtaining support from workers' compensation.

§48A-2-17. Obtaining support from unemployment compensation benefits.

- (a) The director shall determine on a periodic basis 1
- 2 whether individuals receiving unemployment compensa-
- tion owe child support obligations which are being 3 enforced or have been requested to be enforced by the
- 4 office. If an individual is receiving such compensation
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- and owes any such child support obligation which is not 6
- being met, the office shall enter into an agreement with 7

- 8 such individual to have specified amounts withheld 9 otherwise payable to such individual, and shall submit 10 a copy of such agreement to the bureau of employment 11 programs. In the absence of such agreement, the office 12 shall bring legal process to require the withholding of 13 amounts from such compensation.
 - (b) The director shall enter into a written agreement with the bureau of employment programs for the purpose of withholding unemployment compensation from individuals with unmet support obligations being enforced by the office. The office shall agree only to a withholding program that it expects to be cost effective, and, as to reimbursement, shall agree only to reimburse the bureau of employment programs for its actual, incremental costs of providing services to the office.
 - (c) The director shall establish and use written criteria for selecting cases to pursue through the withholding of unemployment compensation for support purposes. These criteria shall be designed to insure maximum case selection and minimal discretion in the selection process.
 - (d) The director shall, not less than annually, provide a receipt to an individual who requests a receipt for the support paid through the withholding of unemployment compensation, if receipts are not provided through other means.
 - (e) The director shall, through direct contact with the bureau of employment programs, process cases through the bureau of employment programs in this state, and shall process cases through support enforcement agencies in other states. The director shall receive all amounts withheld by the bureau of employment programs in this state, forwarding any amounts withheld on behalf of support enforcement agencies in other states to those agencies.
 - (f) The director shall, not less than annually, review and document program operations, including case selection criteria established under subsection (c) of this section, and the costs of the withholding process versus the amounts collected and, as necessary, modify proce-

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- dures and renegotiate the services provided by the bureau of employment programs to improve program and cost effectiveness.
- 51 (g) For the purposes of this section:
- 52 (1) "Legal process" means a writ, order, summons or 53 other similar process in the nature of garnishment 54 which is issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or 55 by an authorized official pursuant to an order to such 56 court or pursuant to state or local law.
- 57 (2) "Unemployment compensation" means any compensation under state unemployment compensation law 58 (including amounts payable in accordance with agree-59 ments under any federal unemployment compensation 60 law). It includes extended benefits, unemployment 61 compensation for federal employees, unemployment 62 63 compensation for ex-servicemen, trade readjustment allowances, disaster unemployment assistance, and 64 payments under the Federal Redwood National Park 65 66 Expansion Act.

§48A-2-18. Obtaining support from workers' compensation.

- (a) The director shall determine on a periodic basis 1 whether individuals receiving workers' compensation 2 3 benefits owe child support obligations which are being enforced or have been requested to be enforced by the 4 5 office. If an individual is receiving such compensation and owes any such child support obligation which is not 6 being met, the office shall enter into an agreement with 7 such individual to have specified amounts withheld 8 otherwise payable to such individual, and shall submit 9 a copy of such agreement to the commissioner of the 10 bureau of employment programs. In the absence of such 11 agreement, the office shall bring legal process to require 12 13 the withholding of amounts from such compensation.
 - (b) The director shall enter into a written agreement with the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs for the purpose of withholding workers' compensation benefits from individuals with unmet

- support obligations being enforced by the office. The office shall agree only to a withholding program that it expects to be cost effective, and, as to reimbursement, shall agree only to reimburse the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs for the commissioner's actual, incremental costs of providing services to the support enforcement agency.
 - (c) The director shall establish and use written criteria for selecting cases to pursue through the withholding of workers' compensation benefits for support purposes. These criteria shall be designed to insure maximum case selection and minimal discretion in the selection process.
- 31 (d) The director shall, not less than annually, provide 32 a receipt to an individual who requests a receipt for the 33 support paid through the withholding of workers' 34 compensation benefits, if receipts are not provided 35 through other means.
 - (e) The director shall, through direct contact with the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs, process cases through the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs in this state, and shall process cases through support enforcement agencies in other states. The director shall receive all amounts withheld by the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs in this state, forwarding any amounts withheld on behalf of support enforcement agencies in other states to those agencies.
 - (f) The director shall, not less than annually, review and document program operations, including case selection criteria established under subsection (c) of this section, and the costs of the withholding process versus the amounts collected and, as necessary, modify procedures and renegotiate the services provided by the commissioner of the bureau of employment programs to improve program and cost effectiveness.

- 54 (g) For the purposes of this section:
- 55 (1) "Legal process" means a writ, order, summons or 56 other similar process in the nature of garnishment
- 57 which is issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or 58 by an authorized official pursuant to an order of such
- 59 court or pursuant to state or local law.
- (2) "Workers' compensation benefits" means any 60
- compensation payable under state workers' compensa-61
- 62 tion law as temporary total disability benefits.

CHAPTER 57. EVIDENCE AND WITNESSES.

ARTICLE 5. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

57-5-4d. Hospital records; opening of sealed envelopes.

- Unless the sealed envelope or wrapper is returned to 1
- 2 a witness who is to appear personally, the copy of the
- records shall remain sealed and shall be opened only at 3
- 4 the time of trial, deposition, or other hearing, upon the
- direction of the judge, court, officer, body or tribunal 5
- conducting the proceeding, in the presence of all parties 6
- who have appeared in person or by counsel at such trial, 7
- 8 deposition or hearing. Before directing that such inner-
- envelope or wrapper be opened, the judge, court, officer, 9
- body or tribunal shall first ascertain that either (1) the 10
- records have been subpoenaed at the insistance of the 11
- patient involved or his counsel of record, or (2) the 12
- patient involved or someone authorized in his behalf to 13
- do so for him has consented thereto and waived any 14
- privilege of confidence involved. Records which are not 15 introduced in evidence or required as part of the record
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- shall be returned to the person or entity from whom 17
- 18 received.
- The provisions of this section shall not apply in a 19
- workers' compensation proceeding if the pertinent 20 record is the record of the claimant therein or a 21
- claimant's decedent: Provided, That nothing in this 22
- section, or the preceding section, shall limit in any 23
- manner the availability of and access to documents as 24

25 provided in the rules of civil procedure or elsewhere in

26 this code by the parties to any civil action and their

27 counsel.

CHAPTER 60. ALCOHOL BEVERAGE CONTROL.

ARTICLE 3A. SALES BY RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSEES.

§60-3A-30. Employees.

1 The department of health and human resources, the 2 bureau of employment programs, the public employees 3 retirement system, the public employees insurance 4 agency, any state agency or local community action agency receiving job training partnership act funds and 5 6 any other agency of the state involved with benefits or 7 services to the unemployed, shall work individually with 8 all employees whose jobs have been terminated by this 9 chapter in order to recommend benefits, services, 10 training, interagency employment transfer or other employment. The alcohol beverage control commission 11 director and directors of all other state agencies shall 12 13 use best efforts to employ qualified employees who were 14 employed at the facility immediately prior to such sale 15 or transfer: Provided, That notwithstanding any other 16 provision of the code to the contrary, in filling vacancies 17 at other facilities or other state agencies the director and the directors of other agencies shall, for a period of 18 19 twenty-four months after such transfer or sale give preference over all but existing employees to qualified 20 employees who were permanently employed at the 21 facility immediately prior to such transfer or sale: 22 Provided, however. That qualified persons who were 23 permanently employed at an alcohol beverage control 24 commission facility immediately prior to such transfer 25 or sale shall not supersede those employees with recall 26

rights in other state agencies.

CHAPTER 17

(H. B. 2837—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, five. six, seven, eight, nine, ten, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen, article one, chapter fivee of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections eighteen, nineteen, twenty and twenty-one, all relating to the West Virginia capital company act; declaration of policy and purposes; definitions; rules; standards; tax credits; recapture provisions; unqualified investments; disclosure requirements; application requirements; qualified investments; liquidation and dissolution; restrictions on investments; conflict of interest; investment reporting and record keeping; examinations; results of failure to comply; ruling procedure; effective date; transition rules; limitation on financial institutions and confidentiality.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen, article one, chapter five-e of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article one be further amended by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections eighteen, nineteen, twenty and twenty-one, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. WEST VIRGINIA CAPITAL COMPANY ACT.

- §5E-1-2. Declaration of policy.
- §5E-1-3. Purposes.
- §5E-1-4. Definitions.
- §5E-1-5. Rules.
- §5E-1-6. Qualification of West Virginia capital companies.
- §5E-1-7. Minimum standards of qualified West Virginia capital companies.
- §5E-1-8. Tax credits.

- §5E-1-9. Recaptures; unqualified investments.
- §5E-1-10. Application requirements.
- §5E-1-12. Qualified investments; liquidation or dissolution.
- §5E-1-13. Restrictions on investment.
- §5E-1-14. Conflict of interest.
- §5E-1-15. Investment reporting and record keeping.
- §5E-1-16. Examination.
- §5E-1-17. Failure to comply.
- §5E-1-18. Ruling procedure.
- §5E-1-19. Effective date: transition rules.
- §5E-1-20. Limitation on financial institutions.
- §5E-1-21. Confidentiality.

§5E-1-2. Declaration of policy.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds and declares that the West
- 2 Virginia economy can be strengthened by promoting
- 3 private investment in West Virginia businesses.
- 4 (b) The Legislature further finds that:
- 5 (1) Investment of capital in the West Virginia
- 6 economy can be promoted by making tax credits
- 7 available to taxpayers investing in West Virginia capital
- 8 companies;
- 9 (2) Demands on state revenues restrict the financial
- 10 ability of this state to make unlimited tax credits
- 11 available for investment purposes and require that this
- state place reasonable limits on the total amount of tax
- 13 credits to be made available for investment incentives;
- 14 (3) Establishment of a tax credit program, which
- 15 gives priority to investments in capital companies in the
- 16 order in which they are qualified as such, will encourage
- 17 investment in West Virginia businesses; and
- 18 (4) The promotion of private investment in West
- 19 Virginia businesses will tend to reduce unemployment
- 20 by creating new or maintaining existing employment
- 21 opportunities for the citizens of this state.

§5E-1-3. Purposes.

- 1 (a) The purpose of this article is to promote the
- 2 development of the human resources and the diversifi-
- 3 cation of the economy of West Virginia. The investment
- 4 capital generated by this article must be used to
- 5 encourage and assist the strengthening of the economy

- 6 through loans, equity investments, and other business
- 7 transactions for purposes of developing new business
- 8 and industry in West Virginia, rehabilitating existing
- 9 business and industry, and stimulating and assisting in
- 10 the expansion of business activities that promote and
- 11 maintain the economic stability of this state by provid-
- 12 ing maximum opportunities for employment of West
- 13 Virginians and improving the standard of living of the
- 14 people of this state.
- 15 (b) This article is aimed at:
- 16 (1) Increasing the availability of development capital
- 17 in order to encourage and assist in the creation.
- 18 development and expansion of businesses based in West
- 19 Virginia;
- 20 (2) Developing, preserving, diversifying, expanding
- 21 and strengthening the agricultural, industrial and
- 22 business base of West Virginia's economy, particularly
- 23 for those businesses utilizing this state's technical,
- 24 managerial and research resources in domestic and
- 25 international markets; and
- 26 (3) Providing the residents of West Virginia with
- 27 greater opportunities to invest and participate in the
- 28 economic development and potential of this state.

§5E-1-4. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, the following terms have the
- 2 meanings ascribed to them in this section, unless the
- 3 context in which the term is used clearly requires
- 4 another meaning or a specific different definition is
- 5 provided:
- 6 (a) "Authority" means the West Virginia economic
- 7 development authority, provided for in article fifteen,
- 8 chapter thirty-one of this code.
- 9 (b) "Capital base" means equity capital or net worth.
- 10 (c) "Certified West Virginia capital company" means:
- 11 (1) A West Virginia business development corporation
- 12 created pursuant to article fourteen, chapter thirty-one
- 13 of this code; or

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- (2) A profit or nonprofit entity organized and existing under the laws of this state, created for the purpose of making venture or risk capital available to qualified investments that has been certified by the authority.
- (d) "Qualified investment" means a debt or equity financing of a West Virginia business, but only if the business is engaged in one or more of the following activities: Manufacturing: agricultural production or processing; forestry production or processing; mineral production or processing, except for conventional oil and gas exploration; service industry; transportation; research and development of products or processes associated with any of the activities previously enumerated above; tourism; computer software development companies engaged in the creation of computer software; and wholesale or retail distribution activities within the state. The investment by a West Virginia capital company in purchases of property to be leased by it, as lessor, through a capital lease to a West Virginia business lessee engaged in one of the above enumerated activities is a qualified investment.
- (e) "Qualified West Virginia capital company" means a West Virginia capital company that has been designated by the authority as a qualified capital company under the provisions of section six of this article.
- 39 (f) "State" means the state of West Virginia.
 - (g) "Capital lease" means a lease meeting one or more of the following criteria:
 - (1) The lease transfers ownership of the property to the lessee at the end of the lease term by the lessee's exercise of a purchase option which is de minimis in amount; or
 - (2) The lease term is equal to seventy-five percent or more of the estimated economic life of the leased property. However, if the beginning of the lease term falls within the last twenty-five percent of the total estimated economic life of the leased property, including earlier years of use, this criterion shall not be used; or
 - (3) Under generally accepted accounting principles,

- the lessee cannot treat payments to the capital company as payments under an operating lease; or
- 55 (4) For federal income tax purposes, the parties are required to treat payments as amortization of principal and interest.

§5E-1-5. Rules.

- The authority shall promulgate rules in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to
- 3 carry out the policy and purposes of this article, to
- 4 provide any necessary clarification of the provisions of
- 5 this article, and to efficiently provide for the general
- 6 administration of this article.

§5E-1-6. Qualification of West Virginia capital companies.

- 1 (a) The authority shall qualify West Virginia capital companies commencing after the effective date of this
- 3 article. A company seeking to be qualified as a West
- 4 Virginia capital company must make written applica-
- 5 tion to the authority on forms provided by the authority.
- 6 The application must contain the information required
- 7 by section ten of this article. Further, the application
- 8 must specify the level of capitalization of the company.
- 9 (b) The application shall set forth the applicant's purpose.
- 11 (c) The authority may certify West Virginia capital 12 companies in existence after the first day of July, one 13 thousand nine hundred eighty-six.
- (d) An applicant shall establish an escrow account located in West Virginia, into which account funds invested in the applicant shall be deposited and held for the period of time between their receipt by the applicant and the designation of the applicant as a qualified company. Such funds shall not be invested by the
- 19 company. Such funds shall not be invested by the 20 applicant until such designation by the authority. In the
- 21 event the authority does not designate the applicant a
- 22 qualified company, such funds shall be returned to the
- 23 investors, if requested by the investors.
- 24 (e) A West Virginia capital company may not qualify

- 25 or be issued a certification under this article unless the
- 26 company holds a valid business registration certificate
- 27 issued pursuant to article twelve, chapter eleven of this
- 28 code. A company exempt from registration under said
- 29 article twelve may qualify and be certified under this
- 30 article upon proof of its exemption.

§5E-1-7. Minimum standards of qualified West Virginia capital companies.

- The following requirements apply to all qualified companies:
- 3 (a) A qualified company shall be a certified West Virginia capital company.
- 5 (b) A qualified company shall have a reasonably 6 accessible business office located within the state of
- West Virginia, which office shall have a listed telephone number and shall be open to the public during normal
- 9 business hours.

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- 10 (c) A qualified company shall maintain all of its 11 capital base, except that which has been invested to
- meet the purposes of this article, in bank accounts and
- 13 financial institutions which are located in the state of
- West Virginia, or in such other interest bearing
- 15 instruments with a maturity of less than one year which
- are obtained from and managed by a West Virginia
- are obtained from and managed by a West Virgini 17 corporation.
- (d) A qualified company shall have a capital base of at least one million dollars, but not greater than four million dollars, which capital base must be raised after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six. If the amount of the investment in a qualified company in any fiscal year exceeds four million dollars, such amount in excess of four million dollars is not
- such amount in excess of four million dollars is no eligible for tax credits under this article.
 - (e) No more than twenty-five percent of each separate capital base of a qualified company shall be in the form of full recourse, interest bearing demand notes, backed by an irrevocable letter of credit or bond from a reputable source, as determined by the authority.

- (f) A qualified company's stated purpose must be to encourage and assist in the creation, development or expansion of West Virginia businesses.
 - (g) A qualified company, seeking to establish a separate capital base or increase its capital base, shall establish an escrow account located in West Virginia, into which account funds invested in the qualified company shall be deposited and held for the period of time between their receipt by the qualified company and the designation as qualified of a separate capital base or an increase to capital base. Such funds shall not be invested by the qualified company until such designation by the authority. In the event the authority does not designate as qualified a separate capital base or an increase to capital base, such funds shall be returned to the investors, if requested by the investors.
 - (h) A qualified company, when soliciting funds for its capital base, must disclose that no tax credit for the investor's investment will be available until the authority designates as qualified a capital base or an increase to capital base and issues to the qualified company notice of such qualification and a certificate of tax credit.

§5E-1-8. Tax credits.

- 1 (a) The total amount of tax credits authorized for a 2 single qualified company may not exceed two million 3 dollars. Capitalization of the company may be increased 4 pursuant to rule of the authority.
 - (b) The total credits authorized by the authority for all companies may not exceed a total of ten million dollars each fiscal year. The authority shall allocate these credits to qualified companies in the order that said companies are qualified.
 - (c) Any investor, including an individual, partnership or corporation who makes a capital investment in a qualified West Virginia capital company is entitled to a tax credit equal to fifty percent of the investment. The credit allowed by this article shall be taken after all other credits allowed by chapter eleven of this code. It

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- shall be taken against the same taxes and in the same order as set forth in subsections (c) through (i), section five, article thirteen-c, chapter eleven of this code. The credit for investments by a partnership or by a corporation electing to be treated as a Subchapter S corporation may be divided pursuant to election of partners or shareholders.
- 23 (d) The tax credit allowed under this section is to be 24 credited against the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year in which the investment in a qualified West 25 26 Virginia capital company is made. If the amount of the 27 tax credit exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability for the 28 taxable year, the amount of the credit which exceeds the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried to 29 30 succeeding taxable years until used in full, or until 31 forfeited: Provided, That (i) tax credits may not be carried forward beyond fifteen years, and (ii) tax credits 32 33 may not be carried back to prior taxable years. Any tax 34 credit remaining after the fifteenth taxable year is 35 forfeited.
- 36 (e) The tax credit provided for in this section is 37 available only to those taxpayers whose investment in a 38 qualified West Virginia capital company occurs after 39 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-40 six.
 - (f) The tax credit allowed under this section may not be used against any liability the taxpayer may have for interest, penalties or additions to tax.
- 44 (g) Notwithstanding any provision in this code to the contrary, the tax commissioner shall publish in the state 45 register the name and address of every taxpayer, and 46 the amount, by category, of any credit asserted under 47 this article for any tax year beginning on or after the 48 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninetv-49 one. The categories by dollar amount of credit received 50 51 shall be as follows:
 - (1) More than \$1.00, but not more than \$50,000;
- 53 (2) More than \$50,000, but not more than \$100,000;
- 54 (3) More than \$100,000, but not more than \$250,000;

- 55 (4) More than \$250,000, but not more than \$500,000;
- 56 (5) More than \$500,000, but not more than \$1,000,000;
- 57 (6) More than \$1,000,000.

§5E-1-9. Recaptures; unqualified investments.

- 1 A taxpayer receiving a credit hereunder is not subject
- 2 to a recapture provision for any credit claimed by the
- 3 taxpayer but the company is subject to the civil penalty
- 4 provided for in subsection (e), section twelve of this
- 5 article.

§5E-1-10. Application requirements.

- 1 Each company shall make application to the authority
- 2 on forms provided therefor, which shall set forth:
- 3 (1) Capitalization level of capital company;
- 4 (2) Purpose of the company;
- 5 (3) Names of investors;
- 6 (4) A process for disclosing to investors the tax credit
- 7 available pursuant to this article. Such disclosure shall
- 8 clearly set forth that no tax credit will be available until
- 9 the qualification of said company shall be granted by the
- 10 authority and the disclosure of immunity of the state for
- 11 damages is provided to said investors; and
- 12 (5) The location of the escrow account which has been
- 13 established for investors for the period of time between
- 14 the investment and the qualification of the capital
- 15 company by the authority.

§5E-1-12. Qualified investments; liquidation or dissolution.

- 1 (a) A qualified West Virginia capital company must
- 2 use its capital base to make qualified investments
- 3 according to the following schedule:
- 4 (1) At least thirty-five percent of its capital base
- 5 within the first year of the date on which the capital
- 6 company was designated as qualified by the authority;
- 7 (2) At least fifty-five percent of its capital base within
- 8 two years of the date on which the capital company was
- 9 designated as qualified by the authority; and

- (3) At least seventy-five percent of its capital base within three years of the date on which the capital company was designated as qualified by the authority.
- (b) A qualified West Virginia capital company shall maintain its qualified investments for a period of at least five years, except that a qualified West Virginia capital company receiving repayment or return of a qualified investment (exclusive of interest, dividends or other earnings on such investment) shall reinvest the company's repaid or returned cost basis in the investment in a qualified investment which remains outstanding for a period of time at least equal to the remainder of the initial five-year term, such reinvestment to be made within twenty-four months from the date of repayment or return, unless a waiver is obtained from the authority prior to the end of said twenty-four month period: Provided, That such returned amounts may be accumulated for six months before the aforesaid twentyfour month period commences.
- (c) A qualified West Virginia capital company may be dissolved or liquidated only after notice and approval of such dissolution or liquidation by the authority. The authority shall provide by rule a procedure for application for approval to dissolve or liquidate a capital company and such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, the intention of this provision being to ensure compliance with subsection (b) of this section. Unless waived by the authority, no dissolution or liquidation of any qualified West Virginia capital company may be made if such dissolution or liquidation would cause the provisions of subsection (b) of this section to be violated.
- (d) The authority shall annually audit the certified audit of each qualified company, as required by section sixteen of this article, and the results of said audit shall be used to notify the tax commissioner of any companies that are not in compliance with this section.
- (e) A qualified West Virginia capital company that fails to make or maintain qualified investments pursuant to this section shall pay to the tax commissioner a penalty equal to all of the tax credits allowed to the

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50 taxpayers investing in said company with interest at the 51 rate of one and one-half percent per month, compounded 52 monthly, from the date the tax credits were certified as 53 allocated to the qualified West Virginia capital company. The tax commissioner shall give notice to the 54 55 company of any penalties under this section. The tax 56 commissioner may abate said penalty upon written 57 request if the capital company establishes reasonable 58 cause for the failure to make qualified investments. The 59 tax commissioner shall deposit any amounts received 60 under this subsection in the state general fund.

§5E-1-13. Restrictions on investment.

- 1 (a) No more than thirty percent of the equity raised 2 by a West Virginia capital company under this article 3 may be invested in any one West Virginia business.
- (b) No portion of the capital base of a West Virginia 5 capital company may be invested in a business that is 6 the "alter ego" of that West Virginia capital company. 7 Furthermore, after the effective date of this article no investments shall be made by a West Virginia capital 8 company to a business that is an "alter ego" of the West 9 10 Virginia capital company: Provided, That this restric-11 tion on investments shall not effect any contracts 12 entered into prior to the effective date of this article. For purposes of this subsection, a business is an "alter ego" 13 14 of the West Virginia capital company if any one or more 15 of the following criteria are satisfied:
 - (1) The ownership of the business is substantially related to the ownership of the capital company; or
 - (2) The board of directors of the business is controlled by the capital company: Provided. That a capital company may control the board of directors of a business if control consists of no more than a simple majority of the board.
 - (c) No owner, director, officer or employee of a West Virginia capital company may occupy any management position in any business in which that capital company has invested, unless such person is filling that management position in an effort to remedy problems arising

- 28 from a lack of profitability of the business or from
- 29 dishonesty of the persons otherwise managing the
- 30 business.
- 31 (d) Each qualified West Virginia capital company
- 32 may not invest any of its capital base in any of the
- 33 following businesses:
- 34 (1) Banks;
- 35 (2) Savings and loan associations;
- 36 (3) Credit companies;
- 37 (4) Financial or investment advisors;
- 38 (5) Brokerage or financial firms;
- 39 (6) Other capital companies;
- 40 (7) Charitable and religious institutions;
- 41 (8) Conventional oil and gas exploration;
- 42 (9) Insurance companies;
- 43 (10) Residential housing or development; or
- 44 (11) Any other business which the authority deter-
- 45 mines to be against the public interest, the purposes of
- 46 this article or in violation of any law.
- 47 The authority, by the promulgation of rules in
- 48 accordance with section five of this article, may
- 49 designate, in addition to those listed in this subsection,
- 50 other businesses in which capital companies may not
- 51 invest any of their capital base.

§5E-1-14. Conflict of interest.

- 1 No officer, member or employee of the authority shall
- 2 be financially interested, directly or indirectly, in any
- 3 capital company.

§5E-1-15. Investment reporting and record keeping.

- 1 (a) Each qualified West Virginia capital company
- 2 shall report, at a minimum, to the tax commissioner and
- 3 the authority on a semiannual basis:
- 4 (1) The name of each investor in the qualified West

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- 5 Virginia capital company who is entitled to a tax credit;
 - (2) The amount of each investor's investment in the capital company;
 - (3) The amount of the tax credit allowed to the investor and the date on which the qualified investment that generated the tax credit was made;
 - (4) All qualified investments the company has made;
- 12 (5) An affidavit for each business invested in, pre-13 pared by any officer or partner of each such respective 14 business which sets forth (A) that it is a business located 15 in or principally based in West Virginia; (B) that more 16 than fifty percent of its assets, operations and employees 17 are located in West Virginia; and (C) a brief description 18 of the activities the business is engaged in; and
 - (6) An affidavit pertaining to each business invested in, prepared by an officer, partner or trustee of the qualified West Virginia capital company which demonstrates with respect to such business (A) that the business invested in is not a business engaged in an activity prohibited by subsection (d), section thirteen of this article; (B) that more than fifty percent of the assets, operations and employees of the business invested in are located in West Virginia; and (C) that, if a qualified investment, the business invested in is engaged in activities that meet the requirements of a qualified investment as listed in subdivision (d), section four of this article.
 - (b) The authority, by the promulgation of rules, in accordance with section five of this article, may require that each qualified West Virginia capital company, in its semiannual report to the tax commissioner and the authority, disclose information in addition to the disclosures required by subsection (a) of this section.
 - (c) The company shall provide each investor in a qualified West Virginia capital company with a certificate authorizing the tax credits, and a true copy of the certificate shall be submitted with each taxpayer's tax return claiming a credit under section eight of this article.

§5E-1-16. Examination.

- (a) Annually each qualified capital company shall cause its books and records to be audited by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted auditing and accounting principles. In addition to the performance of a financial audit, the audit shall address the methods of operation and conduct of the business of the West Virginia capital company to determine compliance with this article and that the funds received by the company have been invested within the time limits required by this article. Upon completion, a copy of the audit report shall be certified and sent to the authority.
 - (b) The authority may examine, under oath, any of the officers, directors, agents, employees or investors of a West Virginia capital company regarding the affairs and business of the company. The authority may issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum and administer oaths. Refusal to obey such a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum may at once be reported to the circuit court of the county in which the company is located or the persons subpoenaed reside and the circuit court shall enforce obedience to the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum in the manner provided by law for compliance with a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued by a circuit court of this state.
 - (c) In addition to the audits herein required, the authority and the tax commissioner may jointly audit any capital company or number of capital companies in any year on a random basis, or for cause, or for any other basis the authority or the tax commissioner may select. The tax commissioner may also audit any company or business in which a capital company has made an investment, or which a capital company proposes to invest, on a random audit selection basis, or for cause, or on any other basis the tax commissioner may select. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the tax commissioner from conducting any audit relating to the administration or enforcement of the tax laws of this state which the tax commissioner may, in his discretion, determine to be appropriate.

§5E-1-17. Failure to comply.

- 1 (a) If the examination conducted pursuant to section 2 sixteen discloses that a West Virginia capital company 3 is not in compliance with the provisions of this article, 4 the authority may exercise any of the powers necessary 5 and appropriate to protect the authority's interest.
- 6 (b) The authority shall give a West Virginia capital
 7 company written notice of any inadequacies in its
 8 compliance with the provisions of this article, and
 9 specify a period of time the company has to redress such
 10 inadequacies. Failure within said time period to make
 11 corrections will result in further action by the authority
 12 pursuant to this section.

§5E-1-18. Ruling procedure.

- 1 (a) The authority may issue an informal ruling as to 2 its position on the application of this article and the 3 rules promulgated thereunder to a stated transaction or 4 event.
- 5 (b) Such rulings will only be issued after receipt of a written request and payment of a nonrefundable filing fee.
- (c) Such rulings shall not constitute binding prece-8 9 dent, and are issued solely for the guidance of those persons requesting the ruling. Such rulings may be 10 modified prospectively at any time with notice to the 11 recipient of the ruling at said recipient's last address 12 known to the authority and may be published or 13 released by the authority with facts or characteristics 14 identifying the person or persons requesting the ruling 15 omitted or modified. 16
- 17 (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, 18 rulings relating to issues of taxation may be issued only 19 by the state tax commissioner and may not be issued by 20 the authority.

§5E-1-19. Effective date; transition rules.

1 (a) The provisions of subsection (d), section eight of 2 this article relating to credit carryback that were in 3 effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine

- hundred ninety, apply to any credit earned prior to the effective date of the amendments to that subsection, notwithstanding the fact that the taxpayer's taxable year does not end until a date on or after the effective date of the amendments to that subsection. The provi-sions of subsections (d) and (f), section eight of this article, as amended, prohibiting credit carryback and application of credit against interest, penalties and additions to tax apply to any credit earned on or after the effective date of the amendments to that subsection.
 - (b) The provisions of section twelve of this article relating to minimum investment time limitations that were in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, apply to any capital base qualified prior to the effective date of the amendments to that subsection. The provisions of subsection (a), subsection (b), subsection (c), section twelve of this article, as amended, apply to any capital base qualified on a date on or after the effective date of the amendments to that section.
 - (c) The provisions of section twenty of this article relating to financial institutions are applicable to investments by financial institutions made on a date on or after the effective date of that section. Investments made on a date prior to the effective date of that section remain unaffected by the provisions of that section.
 - (d) The provisions of subsections (b) through (d), section thirteen of this article relating to investment restrictions are applicable to investments made on a date on or after the effective date of those subsections. Investments made on dates prior to the effective date of those subsections remain unaffected by the provisions of those subsections.
- 37 (e) As used in this section "amendments" means 38 changes made in this article during the regular session 39 of the Legislature in the year one thousand nine hundred 40 ninety-one.

§5E-1-20. Limitation on financial institutions.

1 Not more than forty-nine percent of the total capital

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base of any capital company may be owned by banks, savings and loan associations, savings banks or other financial institutions, or any affiliate thereof, as investors. No officer, employee or director of any such financial institution may serve on the board of any capital company formed under the provisions of this article.

§5E-1-21. Confidentiality.

(a) The authority shall, by the promulgation of rules, determine which records, reports, or information obtained from any person or entity under this article are to be treated by the agency as confidential and not subject to disclosure, except as hereinafter provided in subsection (c) of this section: *Provided*, That notwith-standing any other provision of law to the contrary, the authority shall make available to the public the name of any business or company receiving a qualified investment from a capital company and the name of the capital company so investing.

(b) Any other records, reports, or information obtained from any person or entity under this article shall be made available to the public, except that upon a showing at the time of submission, satisfactory to the authority, by any person or entity, that records, reports or information, or a particular part thereof, to which the authority or any officer, employee or representative thereof has or will have access under this section, if made public, would divulge information entitled to protection under Section 1905 of Title 18 of the United States Code as said section reads on the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, such information or particular portion thereof is confidential in accordance with the purposes of this section. In submitting data under this article, a person required to provide such data may designate the data which he or she believes is entitled to protection under this subsection and submit such designated data separately from other data submitted under this article. A designation under this subsection shall be made in writing and in such manner as the authority may prescribe.

33 (c) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, any record, report, document, or information 34 35 may be disclosed to other officers, employees, or 36 authorized representatives of this state charged with 37 administering the provisions of this article and may be 38 disclosed pursuant to proceeding under subsection (b), section sixteen of this article. Notwithstanding the 39 previous sentence, and notwithstanding any provision of 40 41 this article, the provisions of this code regarding 42 confidentiality and the disclosure of tax returns and tax 43 information, including specifically section five-d, article 44 ten, chapter eleven of this code, apply to the authority, its agents and employees and to information submitted 45 to the authority under this article. 46

CHAPTER 18

(S. B. 108—By Senators Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the child advocate office.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA CHILD ADVOCATE OFFICE.

§48A-2-1. Reestablishment of the West Virginia child advocate office.

- 1 (a) There is hereby established within the department 2 of human services the child advocate office.
- 3 (b) Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article
 4 ten, chapter four of this code, the child advocate office
 5 shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one
 6 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to allow for the
- 7 completion of an audit by the joint committee on
- 8 government operations.

(S. B. 393—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article four, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the administration of programs for handicapped children by the bureau of public health.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. HANDICAPPED CHILDREN.

§49-4-1. Purpose.

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§49-4-2. Children to whom article applies.

§49-4-3. Powers of state bureau.

§49-4-4. Report of birth of handicapped child.

§49-4-5. Assistance by other agencies.

§49-4-6. Cost of treatment.

§49-4-1. Purpose.

- 1 The purpose of this article is to provide for the
- 2 continuation and development of services for handi-
- 3 capped children. The state bureau of public health
- 4 within the department of health and human resources
- 5 shall formulate and apply administrative policies
- 6 concerning the care and treatment of physically handi-
- 7 capped children and shall cooperate with other agencies
- 8 responsible for such care and treatment.
- 9 In the development of administrative policies, the
- 10 state bureau shall cooperate with the United States
- 11 department of health and human services and shall
- 12 comply with the regulations that agency prescribes
- 13 under the authority of the "Social Security Act", and is
- 14 hereby authorized to receive and expend federal funds
- 15 for these services.

§49-4-2. Children to whom article applies.

- 1 It is the intention of this article that services for
- 2 handicapped children shall be extended only to those
- 3 children for whom adequate care, treatment and
- 4 rehabilitation are not available from other than public
- 5 sources.

§49-4-3. Powers of state bureau.

- 1 In the care and treatment of handicapped children the
- 2 state bureau of public health shall, so far as funds are
- 3 available for the purpose:
- 4 (1) Locate handicapped children requiring medical,
- 5 surgical, or other corrective treatment and provide
- 6 competent diagnosis to determine the treatment
- 7 required.
- 8 (2) Supply to handicapped children treatment, includ-
- 9 ing hospitalization and aftercare leading to correction
- 10 and rehabilitation.
- 11 (3) Guide and supervise handicapped children to
- 12 assure adequate care and treatment.

§49-4-4. Report of birth of handicapped child.

- 1 Within thirty days after the birth of a child with a
- 2 congenital deformity, the physician, midwife, or other
- 3 person attending the birth shall report to the state
- 4 bureau of public health, on forms prescribed by them,
- 5 the birth of such child.
- 6 The report shall be solely for the use of the state
- 7 department of health and human resources and shall not
- 8 be open for public inspection.

§49-4-5. Assistance by other agencies.

- 1 So far as practicable, the services and facilities of the
- 2 state departments of health, education, vocational
- 3 rehabilitation and corrections or their successors shall
- 4 be available to the state bureau of public health for the
- 5 purposes of this article.

§49-4-6. Cost of treatment.

- 1 All payments from any corporation, association,
- 2 program or fund providing insurance coverage or other

- payment for medicine, medical, surgical and hospital 3
- treatment, crutches, artificial limbs and such other and 4
- additional approved mechanical appliances and devices 5
- as may be reasonably required for a handicapped child, 6
 - shall be applied toward the total cost of treatment.

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 29-By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, Holliday, M. Manchin, Pritt, Wehrle and J. Manchin)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article four-a, relating to providing services to families of people with developmental disabilities through the West Virginia family support program; setting forth findings; defining terms; specifying services which may be provided under the program; setting forth eligibility criteria; setting forth the primary focus of the program; specifying the administering agency and setting forth its duties; providing for the establishment of state and regional family support councils; and providing for the reimbursement of certain expenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article four-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4A. WEST VIRGINIA FAMILY SUPPORT PROGRAM.

§49-4A-1. Findings.

§49-4A-2. Definitions.

§49-4A-3. Family support services.

§49-4A-4. Eligibility; primary focus.

§49-4A-5. Program administration.

849-4A-6. Regional and state family support councils.

§49-4A-1. Findings.

- (a) The West Virginia Legislature finds that families are the greatest resource available to individuals with developmental disabilities, and they must be supported in their role as primary caregivers. It further finds that supporting families in their effort to care for their family members at home is more efficient, cost effective and humane than placing the developmentally disabled person in an institutional setting.
 - (b) The Legislature accepts the following as basic principles for providing services to support families of people with developmental disabilities:
 - (1) The quality of life of children with developmental disabilities, their families and communities is enhanced by caring for the children within their own homes. Children with disabilities benefit by growing up in their own families, families benefit by staying together and communities benefit from the inclusion of people with diverse abilities.
 - (2) Adults with developmental disabilities should be afforded the opportunity to make decisions for themselves, live in typical homes and communities and exercise their full rights as citizens. Developmentally disabled adults should have the option of living separately from their families but when this is not the case, families of disabled adults should be provided the support services they need.
 - (3) Services and support for families should be individualized and flexible, should focus on the entire family and should promote the inclusion of people with developmental disabilities in all aspects of school and community life.
 - (4) Families are the best experts about what they need. The service system can best assist families by supporting families as decision makers as opposed to making decisions for them.
 - (c) The Legislature finds that there are at least ten thousand West Virginians with developmental disabilities who live with and are supported by their families,

- and that the state's policy is to prevent the institutionalization of people with developmental disabilities.
- 41 (d) To maximize the number of families supported by 42 this program, each family will contribute to the cost of 43 goods and services based on their ability to pay, taking 44 into account their needs and resources.
- 45 (e) Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature to 46 initiate, within the resources available, a program of 47 services to support families who are caring for family 48 members with developmental disabilities in their homes.

§49-4A-2. Definitions.

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- 1 (a) "Family or primary caregiver" means the person 2 or persons with whom the developmentally disabled 3 person resides and who is primarily responsible for the 4 physical care, education, health and nurturing of the 5 disabled person. The term does not include hospitals, 6 sanitariums, nursing homes, personal care homes or any 7 other such institution.
 - (b) "Legal guardian" means the person who is appointed legal guardian of a developmentally disabled person and who is responsible for the physical and financial aspects of caring for such person, regardless of whether the disabled person resides with his or her legal guardian or another family member.
- 14 (c) "Family support" means goods and services needed 15 by families to care for their family members with 16 developmental disabilities and to enjoy a quality of life 17 comparable to other community members.
- 18 (d) "Family support program" means a coordinated 19 system of family support services administered by the 20 department of health and human resources through 21 initial contracts with agencies within four of the state's 22 behavioral health regions.
- 23 (e) "Developmental disability" means a severe, chronic disability of a person which:
- 25 (1) Is attributable to a mental or physical impairment 26 or a combination of mental and physical impairments;

- 27 (2) Is manifested before the person attains age twenty-28 two;
- 29 (3) Results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: (A) Self-care; (B) receptive and expressive language; (C) learning; (D) mobility; (E) self-direction; (F) capacity for independent living; and (G) economic self-sufficiency; and
- 35 (4) Reflects the person's need for services and supports 36 which are of lifelong or extended duration and are 37 individually planned and coordinated.
- The term "developmental disability", when applied to infants and young children, means individuals from birth to age five, inclusive, who have substantial developmental delays or specific congenital or acquired conditions with a high probability of resulting in developmental disabilities if services are not provided.
- 44 (f) "Regional family support council" means the 45 council established by the regional family support 46 agency under the provisions of section six of this article 47 to carry out the responsibilities specified in this article.
- 48 (g) "State family support council" means the council
 49 established by the department of health and human
 50 resources under section six of this article to carry out
 51 the responsibilities specified in this article.

§49-4A-3. Family support services.

- (a) The regional family support agency, designated 1 under section five of this article, shall direct and be 2 responsible for the individual assessment of each 3 developmentally disabled person which it has desig-4 nated and shall prepare a service plan with such 5 developmentally disabled person's family. The needs and 6 preferences of the family will be the basis for determin-7 ing what goods and services will be made available 8 within the resources available. 9
- 10 (b) The family support program may provide funds to 11 families to purchase goods and services included in the 12 family service plan. Such goods and services related to

- 13 the care of the developmentally disabled person may
- 14 include, but are not limited to:
- 15 (1) Respite care;
- 16 (2) Personal and attendant care;
- 17 (3) Child care:
- 18 (4) Architectural and vehicular modifications;
- 19 (5) Health-related costs not otherwise covered;
- 20 (6) Equipment and supplies;
- 21 (7) Specialized nutrition and clothing;
- 22 (8) Homemaker services:
- 23 (9) Transportation;
- 24 (10) Utility costs;
- 25 (11) Integrated community activities; and
- 26 (12) Training and technical assistance.
- 27 (c) As part of the family support program, the 28 regional family support agency, designated under 29 section five of this article, shall provide case manage-30 ment for each family to provide information, service 31 coordination and other assistance as needed by the 32 family.
- 33 (d) The family support program shall assist families 34 of developmentally disabled adults in planning and 35 obtaining community living arrangements, employment 36 services and other resources needed to achieve, to the 37 greatest extent possible, independence, productivity and 38 integration of the developmentally disabled adult into 39 the community.
- 40 (e) The family support program shall conduct out-41 reach to identify families in need of assistance and shall 42 maintain a waiting list of individuals and families in the 43 event that there are insufficient resources to provide 44 services to all those who request them.
- 45 (f) The family support program may provide for 46 differential fees for services under the program or for

- appropriate cost participation by the recipient families
 consistent with the goals of the program and the overall
- 49 financial condition of the family.
- 50 (g) Funds, goods or services provided to eligible 51 families by the family support program under this 52 article shall not be considered as income to those 53 families for any purpose under this code or under the 54 rules and regulations of any agency of state government.

§49-4A-4. Eligibility; primary focus.

- 1 (a) To be eligible for the family support program, a 2 family must have at least one family member who has 3 a developmental disability, as defined in this article, 4 living with the family.
- 5 (b) The primary focus of the family support program is supporting: (1) Developmentally disabled children, 6 7 school age and younger, within their families; (2) adults 8 with developmental disabilities who choose to live with their families: and (3) adults with developmental 9 10 disabilities for whom other community living arrangements are not available and who are living with their 11 12 families.

§49-4A-5. Program administration.

- 1 (a) The administering agency for the family support 2 program is the department of health and human 3 resources.
- 4 (b) The department of health and human resources 5 shall initially implement the family support program through contracts with an agency within four of the 6 state's behavioral health regions, with the four regions 7 to be determined by the department of health and 8 human resources in consultation with the state family 9 support council. These regional family support agencies 10 of the family support program will be responsible for 11 implementing the provisions of this article and subse-12 quent policies for the families of persons with develop-13 mental disabilities residing within their respective 14 regions. Each regional family support agency must 15 serve at least twenty-five families from each fifty 16 thousand dollars allocated. The total appropriation from 17

- 18 general revenue funds for this program shall not exceed
- 19 two hundred thousand dollars for the fiscal year
- 20 beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 21 hundred ninety-one.
- (c) The department of health and human resources, in
 conjunction with the state family support council, shall
 adopt policies and procedures regarding:
- 25 (1) Development of annual budgets:
- 26 (2) Program specifications;
- 27 (3) Criteria for awarding contracts for operation of 28 regional family support programs and the role of 29 regional family support councils:
- 30 (4) Annual evaluation of services provided by each 31 regional family support agency, including consumer 32 satisfaction;
- 33 (5) Coordination of the family support program and 34 the use of its funds, throughout the state and within each 35 region, with other publicly funded programs, including 36 medicaid;
- 37 (6) Performance of family needs assessments and 38 development of family service plans;
- 39 (7) Methodology for allocating resources to families 40 within the funds available; and
- 41 (8) Resolution of grievances filed by families pertain-42 ing to actions of the family support program.
- 43 (d) The department of health and human resources
- shall submit a report to the governor and the Legislature on the family support program, by the fifteenth day
- 46 of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and
- 47 by the fifteenth day of September every year thereafter.
- 48 so long as the program is funded.

§49-4A-6. Regional and state family support councils.

- 1 (a) Each regional family support agency shall estab-
- 2 lish a regional family support council comprised of at

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- 3 least seven members, of whom at least a majority shall be persons with developmental disabilities or their 4 5 parents or primary caregivers. Each regional family support council shall meet at least quarterly to advise 6 7 the regional family support agency on matters related to local implementation of the family support program 8 and to communicate information and recommendations 9 10 regarding the family support program to the state family support council. 11
- 12 (b) The secretary of the department of health and 13 human resources shall appoint a state family support council comprised of at least twenty-two members, of 14 15 whom at least a majority shall be persons with devel-16 opmental disabilities or their parents or primary 17 caregivers. A representative elected by each regional council shall serve on the state council. The state council 18 19 shall also include a representative from each of the following agencies: The state developmental disabilities 20 planning council, the state protection and advocacy 21 agency, the university affiliated center for developmen-22 tal disabilities, the office of special education, the 23 24 association of community mental health/mental retarda-25 tion programs and the early intervention interagency 26 coordinating council.
 - (c) The state council shall meet at least quarterly. The state council will participate in the development of program policies and procedures, annual contracts and perform such other duties as are necessary for statewide implementation of the family support program.
 - (d) Members of the state and regional councils who are a member of the family or the primary caregiver of a developmentally disabled person shall be reimbursed for travel and lodging expenses incurred in attending official meetings of their councils. Child care expenses related to the developmentally disabled person shall also be reimbursed. Members of regional councils who are eligible for expense reimbursement shall be reimbursed by their respective regional family support agencies.

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2897—By Delegates Douglas and Staton)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article five, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to noncustodial counseling of a child and his or her parent or guardian.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article five, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. JUVENILE PROCEEDINGS.

§49-5-3. Noncustodial counseling of a child.

1 The court at any time, or the state department or 2 other official upon a request from a parent, guardian, or custodian, may, without institution of proceedings 3 under this article, refer a child alleged to be delinquent 4 to a counselor at the state department or a community 6 mental health center or other professional counselor in 7 the community. In the event the child refuses to respond 8 to such reference the state department may serve a notice by first-class mail or personal service of process 9 upon the child, setting forth the facts and stating that 10 the department will seek a noncustodial order from the 11 12 court directing the child to submit to counseling. The notice shall set forth the time and place for the hearing 13 14 on the matter. The court or referee after hearing may 15 direct the child to participate in a noncustodial period of counseling not to exceed six months. Upon recommen-16 17 dation of the department, and with the consent of the 18 child's parent or guardian, the court or referee may also 19 allow the participation of such parent or guardian in 20 said counseling. No information obtained as the result 21 of such counseling shall be admissible in a subsequent proceeding under this article except a dispositional 22 23 proceeding.

(S. B. 584-By Senator Pritt)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-six, relating to employee representative organization bulletin boards.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended. be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-six, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM.

§29-6-26. Employee representative organization bulletin boards.

- 1 A bulletin board of a limited size shall be provided
- for posting notices of employee representative organizations. Such bulletin boards will be placed in convenient 3
- and generally accessible locations in all workplaces 4
- where the members of such organizations are employed. 5
- Provisions shall be made for separate bulletin boards for 6
- each employee representative organization. The cost of 7
- such bulletin boards will be assumed by the requesting 8
- employee or the employee's representative organization. 9
- Such boards shall be used exclusively by the employee 10
- representative organization and for organization pur-11
- 12 poses only.

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2726—By Delegates Murensky and Stemple)

[Passed March 5, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

§1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the department of administration; department of education; department of health and human resources; division of corrections; and Workers' Compensation Fund, to be moral obligations of the state and directing payments thereof.

1 The Legislature has heretofore made findings of fact 2 that the state has received the benefit of the commod-3 ities received and/or services rendered by certain 4 claimants herein and has considered these claims against the state and agencies thereof, which have 5 arisen due to over-expenditures of the departmental 6 appropriations by officers of such state spending units. 7 such claims having been previously considered by the 8 court of claims which also found that the state has 9 received the benefit of the commodities received and/or 10 services rendered by the claimants, but were denied by 11 the court of claims on the purely statutory grounds that 12 to allow such claims would be condoning illegal acts 13 contrary to the laws of the state. The Legislature. 14 pursuant to its findings of fact and also by the adoption 15 of the findings of fact by the court of claims as its own. 16 and, while not condoning such illegal acts, hereby 17 declares it to be the moral obligation of the state to pay 18 these claims in the amounts specified below, and directs 19 the auditor to issue warrants upon receipt of properly 20 executed requisitions supported by itemized invoices. 21 statements or other satisfactory documents as required 22

23 24 25 26	by section ten, article three, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, for the payments thereof out of any fund appropriated and available for the purpose.
27	(a) Claim against the Department of Administration:
28	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
29	(1) Xerox Corporation \$ 444.90
30	(b) Claims against the Department of Education:
31	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
32 33 34 35 36 37	(1) Trilla J. Daubenspeck \$ 295.00 (2) Sherry S. Hetzel \$ 212.00 (3) Steven J. Klos \$ 517.00 (4) Patricia F. Stine \$ 250.00 (5) Dennis L. Venderlic \$ 485.00 (6) Salena M. Williams \$ 250.00
38 39	(c) Claims against the Department of Health and Human Resources:
40	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
41 42 43	 (1) Blue Ridge Funeral Homes \$ 800.00 (2) Copeland & Associates of West Virginia \$ 100,000.00
44	(d) Claims against the Division of Corrections:
45	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
46 47 48	(1) Fisher Auto Parts \$ 203.71 (2) General Anesthesia Services, Inc \$ 2,200.00
49	(3) Richard E. McCray, DDS \$ 185.00
50	(4) Reynolds Memorial Hospital\$ 43.00
51	(e) Claims against the Workers' Compensation Fund:
52	(TO BE PAID FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND)
53 54 55 56	(1) James W. Lane, M.D
57	Water Company \$ 839.27

(H. B. 2727—By Delegates Murensky and Stemple)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims for compensation of innocent victims of crimes occurring in West Virginia to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

COMPENSATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

§1. Finding and declaring certain crime victims claims for compensation to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.

1	The Legislature has duly considered the findings of
2	fact and recommendations for awards reported to it by
3	the court of claims in respect to the following named
4	claimants who were innocent victims of crime within
5	this state and entitled to compensation; and in respect
6	to each of such named claimants the Legislature adopts
7	those findings of fact as its own, hereby declares it to
8	be the moral obligation of the state to pay each such
9	claimant in the amount specified below, and directs the
10	auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof out
11	of any fund appropriated and available for the purpose.
12	Claims for crime victims compensation awards:

13 (To be paid from Crime Victims Compensation Fund)

	•	•
14	(1) Adkins, Debra L.	\$ 5,000.00
15	(2) Adkins, Debra L., as guardian of	
16	Eric Wayne Adkins	\$ 5,000.00
17	(3) Adkins, Debra L., as guardian of	
18	Tracy Lynn Adkins	\$ 5,000.00
19	(4) Ball, Juanita	\$ 5,000.00
20	(5) Barrett, Edna S.	\$ 15,000.00
21	(6) Clark, Jacquelyn M	\$ 15,000.00
22	(7) Davison, Joyce E.	

23	(8)	Edwards, Rodney L.	ው	15 000 00
24	(0)	Escue, Jesse A.	Ф	5,000.00
25	(10)	Escue, Noah A.	Ф. Ф	5,000.00
26	(11)	Escue, Shirley	. Ф Ф	5,000.00
27	(12)	Farrar, Debra M.	. Ф	5,000.00
28		Fields, Rickey L.		
29				10,000.00
30	(15)	Fowler, Joseph E. Hitchings, Susan F., as guardian of	Φ	10,000.00
31	(13)	Cheryl E. Hitchings	Φ	10,000.00
32	(16)	Honaker, Sueanne B.		
33		Jackson, Margaret L.		
34		Jackson, Margaret L. Jackson, Margaret L., as guardian of	. Φ	5,000.00
35	(10)	Jamey S. Jackson	œ	5,000.00
36	(10)	Jackson, Margaret L., as guardian of	. φ	5,000.00
37	(13)	Matthew D. Jackson	æ	5,000.00
38	(20)	Johnson, Eunice D., as guardian of	Ψ	5,000.00
39	(20)	Faith A. Coles	œ	10,000.00
40	(91)	Kerry, Thomas E.		5,000.00
41		Kimbler, Brady		500.00
41		Lowe, Dennie L.		5,000.00
42 43		Mason, Floyd L., III		5,000.00
43 44		Mason, L. Hope, as guardian of	Ψ	5,000.00
44 45	(25)	the estate of Brandon C. Mason	æ	5,000.00
	(96)	Mason, L. Hope, as guardian of	φ	5,000.00
46 47	(26)	the estate of Lisa C. Mason	æ	5,000.00
	(97)	Mays, James A.		1,000.00
48 49	(27)	McEwan, Jane, as guardian of	Φ	1,000.00
50	(20)	Amanda Beth Murphy	œ	5,000.00
50 51	(90)	Miller, Charles W., as guardian of	Ψ	5,000.00
51 52	(29)	Joshua W. Miller	æ	5,000.00
52 53	(20)	Norman, Cheryl, as guardian of	φ	5,000.00
53 54	(30)	Casey Nuckols	æ	5,000.00
54 55	(91)	Radcliffe, Rex A.		•
56		Rhodes, Patricia S.		2,500.00
57		Rinard, Phyllis J.		15,000.00
58		Stafford, Judy Nuckols		5,000.00
59	(95)	Stafford, Judy Nuckols, as guardian of	Ψ	5,000.00
60	(35)	Brittany Nuckols	æ	5,000.00
61	(96)	Stafford, Judy Nuckols, as guardian of	Ψ	3,000.00
62	(30)	Christopher Bennett	æ	5,000.00
63	(97)	m Torra A	φ C	
64	(37)	Townsend, Joyce A.	φ φ	500.00
04	(38)	Wallace, Reginald N	φ	500.00

65	(39) Watts, Warren C \$ 1	1,000.00
66	TOTAL\$255	3,000.00
67	The Legislature finds that the above moral obli	igations
68	and the appropriations made in satisfaction there	of shall
69	he the full compensation for all claimants herein	

(S. B. 625—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

§1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the adjutant general: alcohol beverage control administration; attorney general; board of education; board of trustees of the university of West Virginia: commission on aging; department of administration: department of health and human resources: department of public safety: department of tax and revenue: department of veterans affairs; division of corrections; division of culture and history; division of forestry; division of highways; division of motor vehicles: division of tourism and parks; ethics commission: farm management commission; governor's office of community and industrial development; human rights commission; public employees insurance agency; railroad maintenance authority: real estate commission; state treasurer; supreme court of appeals; and West Virginia public defender services; workers' compensation fund, to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.

1	The Legislature has considered the finding	
2	and recommendations reported to it by th	
3	claims concerning various claims against the	
4	agencies thereof, and in respect to each of the	
5	claims the Legislature adopts those findings	
6 7	its own, and in respect of certain claims l	
8	Legislature has independently made findings	
9	determinations of award and hereby declares moral obligation of the state to pay each suc	
10	the amount specified below, and directs the	
11	issue warrants for the payment thereof out o	
12	appropriated and available for the purpose.	i willy ruilla
13	(a) Claims against the Adjutant General:	
14	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	D)
15	(1) Appalachian Power Company\$	1,971.62
16	(2) Enviro-San, Inc\$	33.00
17	(3) West Virginia Power Gas Service\$	3,171.71
18	(b) Claims against the Alcohol Beverage	e Control
19	Administration:	
20	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND))
21	(1) Greenbrier County Public	
22	Service District No. 2\$	235.17
23	(2) J. Don McClung\$	76.80
24	(3) Ryder Truck Rental, Inc\$	1,607.17
25	(c) Claims against the Attorney General:	
26	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND	D)
27	(1) American Telephone and	
28	Telegraph Company\$	1,378.77
29	(2) Federal Express Corporation\$	39.00
30	(3) Government Institutes, Inc\$	52.50
31	(4) National Association of	007.00
32	Attorneys General\$	225.00
33	(5) National Business Institute, Inc\$	420.00 381.75
34 35	(6) Barbara Steinke\$ (7) Viking Way Limited Partnership\$	74.59
งอ 36	(8) Xerox Corporation\$	2,864.47
97	(d) Claime against the Roard of Education:	, •

38	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
39	(1) The Board of Education of the
40	County of McDowell et al \$ 461,163.32
41	That \$461,163.32 shall be paid during the time period
42	beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine
43	hundred ninety-one, and ending the last day of June, one
44	thousand nine hundred ninety-two; that \$461,163.32
45	shall be paid during the time period beginning the first
46	day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and
47	ending the last day of June, one thousand nine hundred
48 49	ninety-three; that \$461,163.32 shall be paid during the
50	time period beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, and ending the last day of
51	June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four; that
52	\$461,163.32 shall be paid during the time period
53	beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine
54	hundred ninety-four, and ending the last day of June,
55	one thousand nine hundred ninety-five: Provided, That
56	the Board of Education of the County of McDowell shall
57	be paid the full amount provided for in this bill no later
58	than the last day of June, one thousand nine hundred
59	ninety-five.
60	(2) The Board of Education of the
61	County of Grant\$ 336,049.05
62	That \$336,049.05 shall be paid during the time period
63	beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine
64	hundred ninety-one, and ending the last day of June, one
65 66	thousand nine hundred ninety-two: Provided, That the
67	Board of Education of the County of Grant shall be paid the full amount provided for in this bill no later than
68	the last day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
69	two.
70	
70 71	(3) The Board of Education of the County of Ritchie 198,318.00
	•
72	, ,
73 74	
75	
76	Time the same of t

77 78 79	paid the full amount provided for in this lathan the last day of June, one thousand ni ninety-two.	oill no later ne hundred
80 81	(e) Claims against the Board of Trustees of th University of West Virginia:	e
82	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUI	ND)
83 84	(1) Larry James Williams\$ (2) Xerox Corporation\$	844.23 6,001.45
85	(f) Claim against the Commission on Aging:	
86	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	ND)
87	(1) Robert C. Bianchinotti\$	576.00
88	(g) Claim against the Department of Adminis	stration:
89	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	ND)
90	(1) William F. Moore\$	32.78
91 92	(h) Claims against the Department of Health and Human Resources:	
93	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	ND)
94	(1) Area Psychiatric and	
95	Psychotherapy Group\$	2,205.00
96	(2) The Douglas Mortuary\$	325.00
97	(3) Greenbrier Medical	
98	Arts Pharmacy\$	290.62
99	(4) Hamilton Business Systems\$	375.00
100	(5) HCA River Park Hospital,	
$\frac{101}{102}$	formerly known as HCA Huntington Hospital\$	2,979.00
102	(6) Manpower Temporary Services\$	105.40
103	(7) Res-Care, Inc	182,299.45
105	(8) Saint Albans	202,200.10
106	Psychiatric Hospital\$	18,560.00
107	(9) Allan Saoud, D.O\$	450.00
108	(10) Scott Funeral Home, Inc\$	800.00
109	(11) Mary Swim\$	10,000.00
110	(12) Xerox Corporation\$	7,639.76
111	(i) Claims against the Department of Public S	afety:

396	CLAIMS	[Ch. 25
112	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	(D)
113 114 115 116	(1) Kanawha Valley Radiologists \$ (2) Richard Wayne Kocher \$ (3) Orthopaedic Associates, Inc \$ (4) Charles Winkler, Sr \$	42.00 25,000.00 74.00 35,000.00
117	(j) Claim against the Department of Tax and I	Revenue:
118	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	ID)
119	(1) F.W. Dodge\$	354.77
120	(k) Claim against the Department of Veterans	Affairs:
121	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	ID)
122	(1) AT&T\$	125.81
123	(1) Claims against the Division of Corrections:	•
124	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	
125	(1) Michael W. Blatt, M.D\$	865.00
126 127	(2) Builders Service and Supply Company\$	542.46
128 129	(3) Cabell Huntington Surgery Center\$	676.00
130 131	(4) County Commission of Barbour County\$	2,850.00
132 133	(5) County Commission of Cabell County\$	25,470.00
134	(6) County Commission of	05 104 17
135 136	Fayette County\$ (7) County Commission of	35,184.17
137	Gilmer County\$	2,415.00
138	(8) County Commission of	24 206 26
139 140	Greenbrier County\$ (9) County Commission of	34,286.86
141	Logan County\$	23,505.00
142	(10) County Commission of	,
143	Marion County\$	27,594.06
144	(11) County Commission of	
145	Marshall County\$	1,669.97
146	, ,	05 407 00
147	,	25,407.90
148	(13) County Commission of	

149	Mercer County\$	46,605.00
150	(14) County Commission of	
151	Mineral County\$	44,751.46
152	(15) County Commission of	
153	Mingo County\$	15,290.00
154	(16) County Commission of	
155	Morgan County\$	8,160.00
156	(17) County Commission of	
157	Nicholas County\$	13,880.89
158	(18) County Commission of	
159	Pendleton County\$	1,530.00
160	(19) County Commission of	
161	Putnam County\$	5,295.00
162	(20) County Commission of	
163	Raleigh County\$	31,597.62
164	(21) County Commission of	
165	Randolph County\$	10,050.00
166	(22) County Commission of	10 000 11
167	Roane County\$	19,232.44
168	(23) County Commission of	1 405 00
169	Wirt County\$	1,407.29
170	(24) Nephrology Associates, Inc\$	1,378.00
171	(25) Pinewood Medical Corporation\$	212.00
172	(26) Princeton Community Hospital\$	250.78
173	(27) Radiology, Inc\$	27.00
174	(28) West Virginia	1 005 00
175	University Hospital\$	1,325.00
176	(29) James D. Weinstein\$	150.00
177	(30) Wheeling Clinic\$	410.75
178	(m) Claims against the Division of Culture and	d History:
179	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	D)
180	(1) Alpine Festival, Inc\$	4,282.83
181	(2) Charleston Cash Register	·
182	Co., Inc\$	1,688.00
183	(3) Xerox Corporation\$	310.00
184	(n) Claims against the Division of Forestry:	
185	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUNI	D)
186	(1) Robert E. Smith\$	483.04
187	(2) Juergen Wildman\$	718.00
201	(-) - ασι βσιιαα	1 70.00

398	Claims	[Ch. 25
188	(3) John L. Anderson\$	102.52
189	(4) Phillip T. Carnell\$	481.85
190	(5) James P. Owens\$	33.62
191	(6) Joseph S. Jelich \$	354.91
192	(7) Michael McWhorter\$	586.33
193	(8) James P. Schaffner\$	3,192.37
194	(9) Arthur J. Yagel, III\$	1,334.99
195	(10) Charles E. Bowling\$	397.19
196	(11) George P. Clarkson\$	400.98
197	(12) Lawrence E. Cook\$	1,352.16
198	(13) Robert S. Dameron\$	1,865.53
199	(14) Walter L. Lester\$	596.27
200	(15) Kevin I. Arnold\$	1,053.65
201	(16) Howard M. Dempsey\$	361.44
202	(17) James L. Dickerson\$	713.39
203	(18) Tex Fields\$	950.59
204	(19) Robert L. Hannah\$	522.27
205	(20) John F. Looney\$	345.15
206	(21) Craig M. Minton	649.43
207	(22) Alan G. Sowards\$	662.15
208	(23) Richard H. Strickland\$	1,246.34
209	(24) Thomas E. Withrow\$	237.99
210	(25) Edward D. Walker\$	1,307.24
211	(26) Bernard R. Boggs\$	468.04
212	(27) Marla Clifton\$	139.79
213	(28) Thomas Halki\$	52.02
214	(29) David Warner\$	652.72
215	(30) Scott Eggerud	1,669.52
216	(31) Stephen Forry\$	433.22
217	(32) Jane Ohi\$	1,280.82
218	(33) Earl Reaves, Jr\$	1,358.81
219	(34) Joseph Taylor\$	996.24
220	(35) Billy Sirk\$	42.36
221	(36) John M. Gibson\$	526.06
222	(37) Earl Bibb\$	214.04
223	(38) Joseph Lilly\$	157.27
224	(39) Avary McMillian\$	414.46
225	(40) Woodrow Smith\$	449.59
226	(41) Division of Forestry\$	4,073.27
227	(o) Claims against the Division of Highways:	
228	(TO BE PAID EDOM STATE BOAD SIMIL)	

229	(1) Paul H. Anderson	1,666.67
230	(2) Joe O. Baldwin and	
231	Elaine Baldwin\$	200.00
232	(3) Edith R. Bence\$	1,666.67
233	(4) Mary Berkley\$	11,153.40
234	(5) Craig Callison\$	500.00
235	(6) Trudy L. Corr\$	341.78
236	(7) Esther Deal\$	1,400.00
237	(8) Angela M. DeMary\$	88.99
238	(9) Berniece E. Fatony\$	6,425.00
239	(10) Kimberly D. Golden\$	170.97
240	(11) Neva D. Graziani\$	231.28
241	(12) David T. Holcomb, Jr\$	800.00
242	(13) Rodney Shawn Johnson\$	3,000.00
243	(14) L. G. DeFelice, Inc	142,513.88
244	(15) Connie Michael\$	220.39
245	(16) Mathilda Mae Miller\$	1,666.66
246	(17) Virgil O'Neal	98.57
247	(18) Junior J. Orsburn\$	10,312.11
248	(19) Margaret Orsburn\$	1,000.00
249	(20) Blanche Osborne and	
250	Arthur Osborne\$	818.00
251	(21) Wanita Sommerville\$	100.00
252	(22) Tri-State Asphalt Corporation\$	10,030.45
253	(23) Sheri Waggoner\$	500.00
254	(24) Westbrook Construction, Inc\$	613,245.92
255	(25) Bonnie H. Woody\$	151.62
256	(26) Chiquita Rose Yanero\$	116.32
257	(27) Betty J. Zator\$	2,250.00
258	(p) Claims against the Division of Tourism an	d Parks:
259	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	D)
260	(1) Avis/Checker Leasing, Inc\$	1,234.78
261	(2) Hamilton Business Systems\$	23.72
262	(3) Cecil E. Lacy\$	300.00
263	(q) Claim against the Ethics Commission:	
264	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	D)
265	(1) Lyne Ranson\$	2,037.50
266	(r) Claims against the Farm Management Com	ımission:

400	Claims	[Ch. 25	
267	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)		
268 269 270	(1) Associated Fabricators, Inc\$(2) Beckley Veterinary Hospital\$(3) MGM/Farm City, Inc\$	81.18 265.50 330.36	
271 272	(s) Claim against the Governor's Office of Community and Industrial Development:		
273	(TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS)		
274	from Account No. 7755-40		
275	(1) Xerox Corporation\$	3,558.03	
276 (t) Claim against the Human Rights Commission:			
277	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)		
278 279	(1) Bickley, Jacobs and Barkus, Attorneys at Law\$	1,200.00	
280 281	(u) Claims against the Public Employees Insurance Agency:		
282	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)		
283 284	(1) Donald A. Lewis	1,105.00 12,060.00	
285	(v) Claim against the Railroad Maintenance Authority:		
286	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)		
287	from Account No. 8344		
288	(1) The Potomac Edison Company\$	480.17	
289	(w) Claim against the Real Estate Commission	n:	
290	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN	D)	
291	(1) Hamilton Business Systems\$	75.00	
292	(x) Claims against the State Treasurer:		
293	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	ID)	
294 295	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	863.62 1,194.00	
296	(y) Claims against the Supreme Court of Appe	als:	
297	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	(D)	

298 299 300 301	 (1) Gary E. Keller, Sheriff of Tyler County\$ (2) Roche Biomedical Laboratories, Inc. \$ (3) Strategic Ventures, Inc\$ 	11,003.65 4,938.00 6,582.00
302 303	(z) Claim against the West Virginia Public Defender Services:	
304	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUN	D)
305	(1) Earl F. Young\$	1,000.00
306	(aa) Claims against the Workers' Compensation Fund:	
307	(TO BE PAID FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND)	
308 309 310 311 312	 (1) American Telephone and Telegraph Company\$ (2) Phyllis Haynes Edens, CCR, Inc\$ (3) Donna Sue Warman\$ (4) Xerox Corporation\$ 	46.98 43.20 62.50 1,115.42
313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324	The Legislature finds that the above moral of and the appropriations made in satisfaction the bethe full compensation for all claimants, and to the payments to any claimant provided for in the court of claims shall receive a release claimant releasing any and all claims for obligations arising from the matters consider Legislature in the finding of the moral obligation the making of the appropriations for said claim court of claims shall deliver all releases obtain claimants to the department against which was allowed.	that prior n this bill, from said or moral ed by the utions and nant. The ined from

(S. B. 620-By Senator Felton)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections fourteen, nineteen and twenty-six, article two-a, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to appointment of guardian when a

minor has received an award; attorneys' fees to be the same as those allowed attorneys in indigent criminal cases; and rules and regulations of court of claims.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections fourteen, nineteen and twenty-six, article twoa, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2A. COMPENSATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

- §14-2A-14. Grounds for denial of claim or reduction of awards; maximum awards; awards for emotional distress; mental anguish, etc.
- §14-2A-19. Attorney and witness fees.
- §14-2A-26. Rules and regulations.

§14-2A-14. Grounds for denial of claim or reduction of awards; maximum awards; awards for emotional distress; mental anguish, etc.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), section ten
 2 of this article, the judge or commissioner shall not
 3 approve an award of compensation to a claimant who
 4 did not file his application for an award of compensation
 5 within two years after the date of the occurrence of the
 6 criminally injurious conduct that caused the injury or
 7 death for which he is seeking an award of compensation.
- 8 (b) An award of compensation shall not be approved if the criminally injurious conduct upon which the claim is based was not reported to a law-enforcement officer or agency within seventy-two hours after the occurrence of the conduct, unless it is determined that good cause existed for the failure to report the conduct within the seventy-two hour period.
- 15 (c) The judge or commissioner shall not approve an award of compensation to a claimant who is the offender or an accomplice of the offender who committed the criminally injurious conduct, nor to any claimant if the award would unjustly benefit the offender or his accomplice.
- 21 (d) A judge or commissioner, upon a finding that the 22 claimant or victim has not fully cooperated with

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- appropriate law-enforcement agencies, or the claim investigator, may deny a claim, reduce an award of compensation, and may reconsider a claim already approved.
 - (e) An award of compensation shall not be approved if the injury occurred while the victim was confined in any state, county or city jail, prison, private prison or correctional facility.
 - (f) After reaching a decision to approve an award of compensation, but prior to announcing such approval, the judge or commissioner shall require the claimant to submit current information as to collateral sources on forms prescribed by the clerk of the court of claims. The judge or commissioner shall reduce an award of compensation or deny a claim for an award of compensation that is otherwise payable to a claimant to the extent that the economic loss upon which the claim is based is or will be recouped from other persons, including collateral sources, or if such reduction or denial is determined to be reasonable because of the contributory misconduct of the claimant or of a victim through whom he claims. If an award is reduced or a claim is denied because of the expected recoupment of all or part of the economic loss of the claimant from a collateral source, the amount of the award or the denial of the claim shall be conditioned upon the claimant's economic loss being recouped by the collateral source: Provided. That if it is thereafter determined that the claimant will not receive all or part of the expected recoupment, the claim shall be reopened and an award shall be approved in an amount equal to the amount of expected recoupment that it is determined the claimant will not receive from the collateral source, subject to the limitation set forth in subsection (g) of this section.
 - (g) Except in the case of death, compensation payable to a victim and to all other claimants sustaining economic loss because of injury to that victim shall not exceed thirty-five thousand dollars in the aggregate. Compensation payable to a victim of criminally injurious conduct which causes permanent injury may include, in addition to economic loss, an amount up to

64 fifteen thousand dollars for emotional distress and pain and suffering which are proximately caused by such 65 66 conduct. Compensation payable to all claimants because 67 of the death of the victim shall not exceed fifty thousand 68 dollars in the aggregate, but may include, in addition 69 to economic loss, compensation to the claimants specified 70 in paragraph (2), subdivision (a), section three of this 71 article, for sorrow, mental anguish and solace.

72 (h) If an award of compensation of five thousand 73 dollars or more is made to a minor, a guardian shall be 74 appointed pursuant to the provisions of article ten, 75 chapter forty-four of this code to manage the minor's 76 estate.

§14-2A-19. Attorney and witness fees.

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- 1 (a) By separate order, the court, or a judge or 2 commissioner thereof, shall determine and award 3 reasonable attorney's fees, commensurate with services 4 rendered and reimbursement for reasonable and neces-5 sary expenses actually incurred shall be paid from the 6 crime victims compensation fund to the attorney 7 representing a claimant in a proceeding under this 8 article at the same rates as set forth in section thirteena, article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code. 9 Attorney's fees and reimbursement may be denied upon 10 a finding that the claim or appeal is frivolous. Awards 11 12 of attorney's fees and reimbursement shall be in 13 addition to awards of compensation, and attorney's fees 14 and reimbursement may be awarded whether or not an 15 award of compensation is approved. An attorney shall 16 not contract for or receive any larger sum than the 17 amount allowed under this section. In no event may a 18 prosecuting attorney or assistant prosecuting attorney 19 represent any victim seeking compensation under this 20 article.
- (b) Each witness called by the court to appear in a hearing on a claim for an award of compensation shall receive compensation and expenses in an amount equal 24 to that received by witnesses in civil cases as provided in section sixteen, article one, chapter fifty-nine of this 25 code to be paid from the crime victims compensation 27 fund.

§14-2A-26. Rules and regulations.

- 1 (a) The court of claims may promulgate rules and 2 regulations to implement the provisions of this article.
- 3 (b) The court of claims shall promulgate rules and 4 regulations to govern the award of compensation to the 5 spouse of, person living in the same household with, 6 parent, child, brother or sister of the offender or his 7 accomplice in order to avoid an unjust benefit to or the

8 unjust enrichment of the offender or his accomplice.

CHAPTER 27

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2873—By Delegate Rollins)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one hundred nine, article three, chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to West Virginia consumer credit and protection act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one hundred nine, article three, chapter fortysix-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. FINANCE CHARGES AND RELATED PROVISIONS.

- §46A-3-109. Additional charges; insurance; when refund required; civil penalty; rules relating to insurance.
 - 1 (1) In addition to the sales finance charge or loan 2 finance charge permitted by this chapter, a creditor
 - 3 may contract for and receive the following additional
 - 4 charges in connection with a consumer credit sale or a
 - 5 consumer loan:
 - 6 (a) Official fees and taxes;

- (b) Charges for insurance as described in subsection (2): *Provided*, That nothing contained in this section with respect to insurance shall be construed as in any way limiting the power and jurisdiction of the insurance commissioner of this state in the premises;
 - (c) Annual charges, payable in advance, for the privilege of using a lender credit card or similar arrangement which entitles the user to purchase goods or services from at least one hundred persons not related to the issuer of the lender credit card or similar arrangement, under an arrangement pursuant to which the debts resulting from the purchases are payable to the issuer:
 - (d) Charges for other benefits, including insurance, conferred on the consumer, if the benefits are of value to him/her and if the charges are reasonable in relation to the benefits, are of a type which is not for credit, and are excluded as permissible additional charges from the sales finance charge or loan finance charge by rule adopted by the commissioner: *Provided*, That as to insurance, the policy as distinguished from a certificate of coverage thereunder must be issued by an individual licensed under the laws of this state to sell such insurance and the determination of whether the charges therefor are reasonable in relation to the benefits shall be determined by the insurance commissioner of this state;
 - (e) Reasonable closing costs with respect to a debt secured by an interest in land; and
 - (f) Documentary charge or any other similar charge for documentary services in relation to securing a title, so long as said charge is applied equally to cash customers and credit customers alike and so long as such documentary charge does not exceed fifty dollars.
 - (2) A creditor may take, obtain or provide reasonable insurance on the life and earning capacity of any consumer obligated on the consumer credit sale or consumer loan, reasonable insurance on any real or

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45 personal property offered as security subject to the provisions of this subsection, and vendor's or creditor's 46 47 single interest insurance with respect to which the insurer has no right of subrogation. Only one policy of 48 49 life insurance and/or one policy of health and accident insurance and/or one policy of accident insurance and/or 50 51 one policy of loss of income insurance on any one 52 consumer may be in force with respect to any one 53 contract or agreement at any one time, but one policy 54 may cover both a consumer and his/her spouse:

- (a) The amount, terms and conditions of property insurance shall have a reasonable relation to the existing hazards or risk of loss, damage or destruction and be reasonable in relation to the character and value of the property insured or to be insured; and the term of such insurance shall be reasonable in relation to the terms of credit: *Provided*, That nothing shall be deemed to prohibit the consumer from obtaining, at his/her option, greater coverages for longer periods of time if he/she so desires;
- 65 (b) Life insurance shall be in an initial amount not to 66 exceed the total amount repayable under the consumer 67 credit agreement, and where a consumer credit sale or 68 consumer loan is repayable in installments, such 69 insurance shall at no time exceed the scheduled or 70 actual amount of unpaid indebtedness, whichever is 71 greater. Life insurance authorized by this subdivision 72 shall provide that the benefits shall be paid to the 73 creditor to reduce or extinguish the unpaid indebted-74 ness: Provided, That if a separate charge is made for 75 such insurance and the amount of insurance exceeds the 76 unpaid indebtedness, where not prohibited, then such 77 excess shall be payable to the estate of the consumer. 78 The initial term of such life insurance in connection with a consumer credit sale, other than a sale pursuant to a 79 80 revolving charge account, or in connection with a consumer loan, other than a loan pursuant to a revolving 81 loan account, shall not exceed the scheduled term of the 82 83 consumer credit agreement by more than fifteen days. 84 The aggregate amount of periodic benefits payable by

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85 credit accident and health insurance in the event of disability, as defined in the policy, and loss of income 86 87 insurance in the event of involuntary loss of employ-88 ment, as defined in the policy, shall not exceed the 89 unpaid amount of such indebtedness; periodic benefits 90 payable in connection with a consumer credit sale 91 pursuant to a revolving charge account or of a consumer 92 loan pursuant to a revolving loan account may be based 93 upon the authorized credit limit:

- (c) When the insurance is obtained or provided by or through a creditor, the creditor may collect from the consumer or include as part of the cash price of a consumer credit sale or as part of the principal of a consumer loan, or deduct from the proceeds of any consumer loan the premium, or in the case of group insurance, the identifiable charge. The premium or identifiable charge for such insurance required or obtained by a creditor may equal, but shall not exceed the premium rate filed by the insurer with the insurance commissioner. In any case, when the creditor collects the entire premium for such insurance in advance, such premium shall be remitted by such creditor to the insurer or the insurance agent, as specified by the insurer, within ten days from or after the end of the month in which such collection was made:
 - (d) With respect to insurance against loss of or damage to property, or against liability, the creditor shall furnish a clear and specific statement in writing to the debtor, setting forth the cost of the insurance if obtained from or through the creditor, and stating that the debtor may choose the person through whom the insurance is to be obtained:
 - (e) With respect to consumer credit insurance providing life, accident, health or loss of income coverage, no creditor shall require a consumer to purchase such insurance or to purchase such insurance from such creditor or any particular agent, broker or insurance company as a condition precedent to extending credit to or on behalf of such consumer; and

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124 (f) With respect to consumer credit insurance provid-125 ing life, accident, health or loss of income coverage, and 126 when a consumer credit sale or consumer loan, refinanc-127 ing or consolidation is paid in full, the creditor receiving 128 such payment shall inform the debtor of his/her right 129 to cancel any such insurance and to receive a refund of 130 unearned premiums: Provided. That notice shall be sent 131 in a form as prescribed by the insurance commissioner 132 as provided in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Such 133 notice shall contain the name and address of the seller 134 and the insurer. On the request of the debtor-insured of 135 the seller of such insurance, the seller shall notify or 136 shall cause the insurer to be notified of the debtor-137 insured's request for cancellation of such insurance. On 138 receipt by the insurer of notification of the debtor-139 insured's requested cancellation of such insurance, the 140 insurer shall cancel such insurance effective no later 141 than thirty days from the date of payment in full of such consumer credit sale, consumer loan, refinancing or 142 143 consolidation. Within forty-five days following the date 144 of notification of cancellation of such insurance and if the debtor-insured has not received repayment of or a 145 146 credit for the amount of any unearned premiums by the seller of such insurance, the insurer shall pay any 147 148 refund of unearned premiums to the debtor-insurer or 149 such other person as directed by the debtor-insurer. An 150 insurer, seller or creditor who fails to refund any unused 151 insurance premium or provide the proper notification of 152 payoff shall be liable for civil damages up to three times the amount of the unused premium as well as other 153 remedies as provided for by section one hundred nine. 154 155 article seven of this chapter.

(3) The insurance commissioner of this state shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions of this article relating to insurance, and the authority of the insurance commissioner to promulgate the same shall be exclusive notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary.

CHAPTER 28

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2632—By Delegates Susman and Rutledge)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-c, relating to the regulation of credit services organizations; definitions; conduct prohibited; requiring a bond or surety account; registration with secretary of state, disclosure statement; form and terms of contracts; waiver action for damages; criminal penalties; examinations; and providing that the remedies are cumulative.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-c, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6C. CREDIT SERVICES ORGANIZATIONS.

§46A-6C-1. Definitions.

§46A-6C-2. Credit services organization.

\$46A-6C-3. Prohibited conduct. \$46A-6C-4. Bond; surety account.

§46A-6C-5. Registration.

§46A-6C-6. Disclosure statement.

§46A-6C-7. Form and terms of contract.

§46A-6C-8. Waiver.

§46A-6C-9. Action for damages.

§46A-6C-10. Criminal penalty.

§46A-6C-11. Burden of proving exemption.

§46A-6C-12. Remedies cumulative.

§46A-6C-1. Definitions.

- (1) "Buyer" means an individual who is solicited to 1 purchase or who purchases the services of a credit
- services organization as defined in section two of this
- 4 article.
- 5 (2) "Consumer reporting agency" has the meaning
- assigned by Section 603(f). Fair Credit Reporting Act

- 7 (15 U.S.C. Section 1681a(f)).
- 8 (3) "Extension of credit" means the "right to defer
- 9 payment of debt or to incur debt and defer its payment
- 10 offered or granted primarily for personal, family,
- 11 household or agriculture purposes."

§46A-6C-2. Credit services organization.

- 1 (a) A credit services organization is a person who,
- 2 with respect to the extension of credit by others and in
- 3 return for the payment of money or other valuable
- 4 consideration, provides, or represents that the person
- 5 can or will provide, any of the following services:
- 6 (1) Improving a buyer's credit record, history or rating;
 - (2) Obtaining an extension of credit for a buyer; or
- 9 (3) Providing advice or assistance to a buyer with 10 regard to subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection.
- 11 (b) The following are exempt from this article:
- 12 (1) A person authorized to make loans or extension of
- 13 credit under the law of this state or the United States
- 14 who is subject to regulation and supervision by this state
- or the United States, or a lender approved by the United
- 16 States secretary of housing and urban development for
- participation in a mortgage insurance program under
- 18 the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. Section 1701 et
- 19 seq.);

- 20 (2) A bank or savings and loan association whose
- 21 deposit or accounts are eligible for insurance by the
- 22 federal deposit insurance corporation or the federal
- 23 savings and loan insurance corporation, or a subsidiary
- 24 of such a bank or savings and loan association;
- 25 (3) A credit union doing business in this state;
- 26 (4) A nonprofit organization exempt from taxation
- 27 under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 28 1986;
- 29 (5) A person licensed as a real estate broker or 30 salesman under the Real Estate Brokers License Act

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- 31 acting within the course and scope of that license;
- 32 (6) A person licensed to practice law in this state 33 acting within the course and scope of the person's 34 practice as an attorney;
- 35 (7) A broker-dealer registered with the securities and 36 exchange commission or the commodity future trading 37 commission acting within the course and scope of that 38 regulation;
- 39 (8) A consumer reporting agency;
- 40 (9) A person whose primary business is making loans 41 secured by liens on real property; and
- 42 (10) A person licensed to practice public accounting 43 in this state acting within the course and scope of the 44 person's practice as an accountant.

§46A-6C-3. Prohibited conduct.

A credit services organization, a salesperson, agency or representative of a credit services organization or an independent contractor who sells or attempts to sell the services of a credit services organization may not:

- (1) Charge a buyer or receive from a buyer money or other valuable consideration before completing performance of all services the credit services organization has agreed to perform for the buyer, unless the credit services organization has obtained in accordance with section four of this article a surety bond in the amount required by section four of this article issued by a surety company authorized to do business in this state or established and maintained a surety account at a federally insured bank or savings and loan association located in this state in which the amount required is held in trust as required by section four of this article;
- 17 (2) Charge a buyer or receive from a buyer money or 18 other valuable consideration solely for referral of the 19 buyer to a retail seller who will or may extend credit 20 to the buyer if the credit that is or will be extended to 21 the buyer is substantially the same as that available to 22 the general public from other sources:

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- 23 (3) Make or use a false or misleading representation 24 in the offer or sale of the services of a credit services 25 organization, including:
- 26 (A) Guaranteeing to "erase bad credit" or words to 27 that effect unless the representation clearly discloses 28 that this can be done only if the credit history is 29 inaccurate or obsolete; and
 - (B) Guaranteeing an extension of credit regardless of the person's previous credit problem or credit history unless the representation clearly discloses the eligibility requirements for obtaining an extension of credit.
 - (4) Engage, directly or indirectly, in an unfair or deceptive act, practice, or course of business in connection with the offer or sale of the services of a credit services organization;
- 38 (5) Make, or advise a buyer to make a statement with 39 respect to a buyer's credit worthiness, credit standing, 40 or credit capacity that is false or misleading or that 41 should be known by the exercise of reasonable care to 42 be false or misleading, to a consumer reporting agency 43 or to a person who has extended credit to a buyer or 44 to whom a buyer is applying for an extension of credit;
- 45 (6) Advertise or cause to be advertised, in any manner 46 whatsoever, the services of a credit services organization 47 without filing a registration statement with the secre-48 tary of state, unless otherwise provided by this chapter.

§46A-6C-4. Bond; surety account.

- 1 (a) This section applies to a credit services organiza-2 tion required by section three of this article to obtain 3 a surety bond or establish a surety account.
 - (b) If a bond is obtained, a copy of it shall be filed with the secretary of state. If a surety account is established, notification of the depository, the trustee, and the account number shall be filed with the secretary of state.
- 9 (c) The bond or surety account required must be in 10 favor of the state of the benefit of any person who is 11 damaged by any violation of this article. The bond or

- surety account must also be in favor of any person damaged by such a violation.
- 14 (d) Any person claiming against the bond or surety 15 account for a violation of this article may maintain an action at law against the credit services organization 16 17 and against the surety or trustee. The surety or trustee 18 shall be liable only for damages awarded under section 19 nine of this article and not the punitive damages 20 permitted under that section. The aggregate liability of 21 the surety or trustee to all persons damaged by a credit 22 services organization's violation of this chapter may not 23 exceed the amount of the surety account or bond.
 - 24 (e) The bond or the surety account shall be in the 25 amount of fifteen thousand dollars.
 - 26 (f) A depository holding money in a surety account 27 under this chapter may not convey money in the account 28 to the credit services organization that established the 29 account or a representative of the credit services organization unless the credit services organization or 30 31 representative presents a statement issued by the 32 secretary of state indicating that section five of this article has been satisfied in relation to the account. The 33 34 secretary of state may conduct investigations and 35 require submission of information as necessary to enforce this subsection. 36

§46A-6C-5. Registration.

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- 1 (a) A credit services organization shall file a registra-2 tion statement with the secretary of state before 3 conducting business in this state. The registration 4 statement must contain:
- 5 (1) The name and address of the credit services organization; and
 - (2) The name and address of any person who directly or indirectly owns or controls ten percent or more of the outstanding shares of stock in the credit services organization.
- 11 (b) The registration statement must also contain 12 either:

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- 13 (1) A full and complete disclosure of any litigation or 14 unresolved complaint filed with a governmental author-15 ity of this state relating to the operation of the credit 16 services organization; or
 - (2) A notarized statement that states that there has been no litigation or unresolved complaint filed with a governmental authority of this state relating to the operation of the credit services organization.
 - (c) The credit services organization shall update the statement not later than the ninetieth day after the date on which a change in the information required in the statement occurs.
 - (d) Each credit services organization registering under this section shall maintain a copy of the registration statement in the files of the credit services organization. The credit services organization shall allow a buyer to inspect the registration statement on request.
 - (e) The secretary of state may charge each credit services organization that files a registration statement with the secretary of state a reasonable fee not to exceed one hundred dollars to cover the cost of filing. The secretary of state may not require a credit services organization to provide information other than that provided in the registration statement.
- 38 (f) The bond or surety account shall be maintained 39 until two years after the date that the credit services 40 organization ceases operations.

§46A-6C-6. Disclosure statement.

- 1 (a) Before executing a contract or agreement with a 2 buyer or receiving money or other valuable considera-3 tion, a credit services organization shall provide the 4 buyer with a statement in writing, containing:
 - (1) A complete and detailed description of the services to be performed by the credit services organization for the buyer and the total cost of the services;
- 8 (2) A statement explaining the buyer's right to 9 proceed against the bond or surety account required by

- 10 section three of this article:
- 11 (3) The name and address of the surety company that 12 issued the bond, or the name and address of the 13 depository and the trustee, and the account number of 14 the surety account:
- 15 (4) A complete and accurate statement of the buver's 16 right to review any file on the buyer maintained by a 17 consumer reporting agency, as provided by the Fair 18 Credit Reporting Act. (15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.);
- (5) A statement that the buyer's file is available for 20 review at no charge on request made to the consumer 21 reporting agency within thirty days after the date of 22 receipt of notice that credit has been denied, and that 23 the buyer's file is available for a minimal charge at any other time: 24
- 25 (6) A complete and accurate statement of the buyer's right to dispute directly with the consumer reporting 26 27 agency the completeness or accuracy of any item 28 contained in a file on the buyer maintained by that 29 consumer reporting agency:
- 30 (7) A statement that accurate information cannot be 31 permanently removed from the files of a consumer 32 reporting agency;
- 33 (8) A complete and accurate statement of when consumer information becomes obsolete, and of when 34 35 consumer reporting agencies are prevented from issuing 36 reports containing obsolete information; and
- 37 (9) A complete and accurate statement of the availa-38 bility of nonprofit credit counseling services.
- 39 (b) The credit services organization shall maintain on file, for a period of two years after the date the 40 41 statement is provided, an exact copy of the statement, signed by the buyer, acknowledging receipt of the 42 43 statement.

§46A-6C-7. Form and terms of contract.

1 (a) Each contract between the buyer and a credit 2 services organization for the purchase of the services of

- the credit services organization must be in writing,
 dated, signed by the buyer, and must include:
 - (1) A statement in type that is boldfaced, capitalized, underlined, or otherwise set out from surrounding written materials so as to be conspicuous, in immediate proximity to the space reserved for the signature of the buyer, as follows: "You, the buyer, may cancel this contract at any time before midnight of the third day after the date of the transaction. See the attached notice of cancellation form for an explanation of this right";
 - (2) The terms and conditions of payment, including the total of all payments to be made by the buyer, whether to the credit services organization or to another person;
 - (3) A full and detailed description of the services to be performed by the credit services organization for the buyer, including all guarantees and all promises of full or partial refunds, and the estimated length of time, not to exceed one hundred eighty days, for performing the services; and
 - (4) The address of the credit services organization's principal place of business and the name and address of its agent in the state authorized to receive service or process.
 - (b) The contract must have attached two easily detachable copies of a notice of cancellation. The notice must be in boldfaced type and in the following form:

"Notice of Cancellation

You may cancel this contract, without any penalty or obligation, within three days after the date the contract is signed.

If you cancel, any payment made by you under this contract will be returned within ten days after the date of receipt by the seller of your cancellation notice.

To cancel this contract, mail or deliver a signed dated copy of this cancellation notice, or other written notice to:

- 40 (name of seller) at (address of seller) (place of business)
- 41 not later than midnight (date)
- 42 I hereby cancel this transaction.
- 43 (date)
- 44 (purchaser's signature)"
- 45 (c) The credit services organization shall give to the 46 buyer a copy of the completed contract and all other 47 documents the credit services organization requires the 48 buyer to sign at the time they are signed.
- (d) The breach by a credit services organization of a contract under this article, or of any obligation arising from this article, is an unfair or deceptive act or practice.

§46A-6C-8. Waiver.

- 1 (a) A credit services organization may not attempt to 2 cause a buyer to waive a right under this article.
- 3 (b) A waiver by a buyer of any part of this article is 4 void.

§46A-6C-9. Action for damages.

- 1 (a) A buyer injured by a violation of this article may
- 2 bring any action for recovery of damages. The damages
- 3 awarded may not be less than the amount paid by the
- 4 buyer to the credit services organization, plus reasona-
- ble attorney's fees and court costs.
- 6 (b) The buyer may also be awarded punitive damages.

§46A-6C-10. Criminal penalty.

- 1 A person who violates the provisions of this article is
- 2 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof,
- 3 shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars,
- 4 imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year,
- 5 or both fined and imprisoned.

§46A-6C-11. Burden of proving exemption.

- In an action under this article, the burden of proving
- 2 an exemption under section two of this article is on the
- 3 person claiming the exemption.

§46A-6C-12. Remedies cumulative.

- The remedies provided by this article are in addition
- 2 to other remedies provided by law.

CHAPTER 29

(S. B. 453—By Senator Humphreys)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two hundred four, two hundred six and two hundred eight, article two, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article eight, all relating to the uniform controlled substances act; changing the lists of controlled substances in Schedule I, Schedule II and Schedule III; relating to licensing of those engaged in wholesale distribution of prescription drugs; and wholesale drug distributor advisory committee.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two hundred four, two hundred six and two hundred eight, article two, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be futher amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eight, to read as follows:

Article

- 2. Standards and Schedules.
- 8. Wholesale Drug Distribution Licensing Act of 1991.

ARTICLE 2. STANDARDS AND SCHEDULES.

\$60A-2-204. Schedule I. \$60A-2-206. Schedule II.

§60A-2-208. Schedule III.

§60A-2-204. Schedule I.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section are
- 2 included in Schedule I.

- 3 (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in 4 another schedule, any of the following opiates, including 5 its isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, 6 esters and ethers whenever the existence of such 7 isomers, esters, ethers and salts is possible within the 8 specific chemical designation:
- 9 (1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(-methyl-2-10 phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
- 11 (2) Acetylmethadol;
- 12 (3) Allylprodine:
- 13 (4) Alphacetylmethadol;
- 14 (5) Alphameprodine;
- 15 (6) Alphamethadol;
- (7) Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl) ethyl-4-piperidyl] propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine);
- 19 (8) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thie-20 nyl) ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
- 21 (9) Benzethidine;
- 22 (10) Betacetylmethadol;
- 23 (11) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phene-24 thyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
- 25 (12) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (other name:
- 26 N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl] -
- 27 N-phenylpropanamide);
- 28 (13) Betameprodine;
- 29 (14) Betamethadol;
- 30 (15) Betaprodine;
- 31 (16) Clonitazene;
- 32 (17) Dextromoramide;
- 33 (18) Diampromide;
- 34 (19) Diethylthiambutene;

58 (39) Norlevorphanol; 59 (40) Normethadone: 60 (41) Norpipanone; 61 (42) Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl) (N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide); 62 63 (43) PEPAP(1-(-2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiper-64 idine):

(11) Heroin:

65 (44) Phenadoxone: 66 (45) Phenampromide: 67 (46) Phenomorphan: 68 (47) Phenoperidine: 69 (48) Piritramide: 70 (49) Proheptazine: 71 (50) Properidine: 72 (51) Propiram: 73 (52) Racemoramide: 74 (53) Thiofentanyl 75 (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-propana-76 mide): 77 (54) Tilidine: 78 (55) Trimeperidine. 79 (c) Opium derivatives. — Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following 80 81 opium derivatives, its salts, isomers and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers and salts 82 of isomers is possible within the specific chemical 83 designation: 84 85 (1) Acetorphine: 86 (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine: 87 (3) Benzylmorphine: 88 (4) Codeine methylbromide; 89 (5) Codeine-N-Oxide: 90 (6) Cyprenorphine; 91 (7) Desomorphine: 92 (8) Dihydromorphine: 93 (9) Drotebanol: 94 (10) Etorphine (except HCl Salt):

- 96 (12) Hydromorphinol:
- 97 (13) Methyldesorphine;
- 98 (14) Methyldihydromorphine:
- 99 (15) Morphine methylbromide:
- 100 (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
- 101 (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 102 (18) Myrophine:
- 103 (19) Nicocodeine:
- 104 (20) Nicomorphine:
- 105 (21) Normorphine:
- 106 (22) Phoclodine:
- 107 (23) Thebacon.
- 108 (d) Hallucinogenic substances. Unless specifically 109 excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any
- 110 material, compound, mixture or preparation, which
- 111 contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic
- 112 substances, or which contains any of the salts, isomers
- 113 and salts of isomers is possible within the specific
- 114 chemical designation (for the purposes of this subsection
- only, the term "isomer" includes the optical, position and
- 116 geometric isomers):
- 117 (1) 4-bromo-2, 5-dimethoxy-amphetamine; some trade
- 118 or other names: 4-bromo-2, 5-dimethoxy-a-methylphe-
- 119 nethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;
- 120 (2) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine; some trade or other
- 121 names: 2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-
- 122 DMA;
- 123 (3) 4-methoxyamphetamine; some trade or other
- 124 names: 4-methoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; paramen-
- 125 thoxyamphetamine; PMA;
- 126 (4) 5-methyloxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine;
- 127 (5) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine; some trade
- 128 and other names: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphe-
- 129 nethylamine; "DOM"; and "STP";

- 130 (6) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 131 (7) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA);
- 132 (8) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
- 133 (9) Bufotenine; some trade and other names: 3-(B-
- 134 Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-dimethyla-
- 135 minoethyl)-5-indolol; N, N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hy-
- 136 droxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine;
- 137 (10) Diethyltryptamine; some trade and other names:
- 138 N, N-Diethyltryptamine; DET;
- 139 (11) Dimethyltryptamine; some trade or other names:
- 140 DMT;
- 141 (12) Ibogaine; some trade and other names: 7-Ethyl-
- 142 6, 6B, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6, 9-
- 143 methano-5H-pyrido [1', 2': 1, 2] azepino [5,4-b] indole;
- 144 Tabernanthe iboga;
- 145 (13) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
- 146 (14) Marihuana;
- 147 (15) Mescaline;
- 148 (16) Parahexyl-7374; some trade or other names: 3-
- 149 Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7, 8, 9, 10-tetrahydro-6, 6, 9-triethyl-
- 150 6H-dibenzo [b,d] pyran; Synhexyl;
- 151 (17) Peyote; meaning all parts of the plant presently
- 152 classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire,
- 153 whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract
- 154 from any part of such plant, and every compound,
- 155 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of
- 156 such plant, its seeds or extracts;
- 157 (18) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 158 (19) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 159 (20) Psilocybin;
- 160 (21) Psilocyn;
- 161 (22) Tetrahydrocannabinols; synthetic equivalents of
- 162 the substances contained in the plant, or in the resinous
- 163 extractives of Cannabis, sp. and/or synthetic substances,

- 164 derivatives and their isomers with similar chemical
- 165 structure and pharmacological activity such as the
- 166 following:
- 167 -1 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical
- 168 isomers;
- -6 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical
- 170 isomers;
- 171 -3,4 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical
- 172 isomers:
- 173 (Since nomenclature of these substances is not
- 174 internationally standardized, compounds of these
- 175 structures, regardless of numerical designation of
- 176 atomic positions covered.)
- 177 (23) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine; some trade
- 178 or other names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclo-hexylamine, (1-
- 179 phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)
- 180 ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE;
- 181 (24) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine; some trade
- 182 or other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine,
- 183 PCPy, PHP;
- 184 (25) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine; some trade or
- 185 other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine, 2-
- thienylanalog of phencyclidine; TPCP, TCP;
- 187 (26) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine; some trade
- 188 or other names: l-(l-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine,
- 189 PCPv. PHP;
- 190 (27) N-ethylamphetamine;
- 191 (28) Parahexyl;
- 192 (29) 4-Methylaminorex;
- 193 (30) 3.4-Methylenedioxy-N-Ethylamphetamine;
- 194 (31) N-Hydroxy-3, 4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine.
- 195 (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
- 196 another schedule, any of the following depressants, its
- 197 salts, isomers and salts of isomers whenever the
- 198 existence of such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is

- 199 possible within the specific chemical designation: 200 (1) Mecloqualone: 201 (2) Methaqualone. 202 (f) Any material, compound, mixture or preparation 203 which contains any quantity of the following substances: 204 (1) Acetyl-alphamethylfentanyl: 205 (2) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl; 206 (3) Benzylfentanyl; 207 (4) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl: (5) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl; 208 (6) 3-Methylthiofentanyl: 209 210 (7) Thenylfentanyl; 211 (8) Thiofentanyl: 212 1-Methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine
 - 213 (MPPP), its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers;
 - 214 (10) 1-(2-Phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetyloxypiperdine 215 (PEPAP), its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers;
 - 216 (11) 3-Methylfentanyl (N-(3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)
 - 216 (11) 3-Methylfentanyl (N-(3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl) 4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide), its optical and
 - 218 geometric isomers, salts and salts of isomers.

§60A-2-206. Schedule II.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section are included in Schedule II.
- 3 (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in 4 another schedule, any of the following substances 5 whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction 6 from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by 7 means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of 8 extraction and chemical synthesis:
- 9 (1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, 10 derivative or preparation of opium or opiate excluding 11 nalorphine, nalmefene, naloxone and naltrexone and 12 their respective salts, but including the following:

- 13 (A) Raw opium;
- 14 (B) Opium extracts;
- 15 (C) Opium fluid extracts;
- 16 (D) Powdered opium;
- 17 (E) Granulated opium;
- 18 (F) Tincture of opium;
- 19 (G) Codeine;
- 20 (H) Ethylmorphine;
- 21 (I) Ethrophine HCL;
- 22 (J) Hydromorphone;
- 23 (K) Metopon;
- 24 (L) Morphine:
- 25 (M) Oxycodone;
- 26 (N) Oxymorphone;
- 27 (O) Thebaine;
- 28 (2) Any salt, compound, isomer derivative or prepa-29 ration thereof which is chemically equivalent or 30 identical with any of the substances referred to in 31 subdivision (1) of this subsection, except that these 32 substances shall not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of 33 opium:
- 34 (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw;
- (4) Coca leaves (9040) and any salt, compound, 35 36 derivative or preparation of coca leaves (including cocaine 9041) and ecgonine (9180) and their salts. 37 isomers, derivatives (and salts of isomers and deriva-38 tives), and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation 39 thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with 40 any of these substances, except that the substances shall 41 42 not include decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves, which extractions do not contain cocaine or 43 ecgonine: 44
- 45 (5) Concentrate of poppy straw (the crude extract of

- 46 poppy straw in either liquid, solid or powder form which 47 contains the phenanthrine alkaloids of the opium poppy), 48 9670. 49 (c) Opiates. — Unless specifically excepted or unless in another schedule, any of the following opiates, 50 including its isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of 51 52 isomers, esters and ethers whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers and salts is possible within 53 54 the specific chemical designation, dextrorphan and 55 levopropoxyphene excepted: 56 (1) Alfentanil; 57 (2) Alphaprodine; 58 (3) Anileridine: 59 (4) Bezitramide: 60 (5) Bulk dextropropoxyphene (nondosage forms); 61 (6) Carfentanil; 62 (7) Dihydrocodeine: 63 (8) Diphenoxylate; (9) Fentanyl; 64 65 (10) Isomethadone; 66 (11) Levomethorphan; 67 (12) Levorphanol; 68 (13) Metazocine: 69 (14) Methadone: 70 (15) Methadone-Intermediate. 71 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane; 72 (16) Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1. 1-diphenyl-propane-carboxylic acid; 73
 - 74 (17) Pethidine; (meperidine);
 - 75 (18) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-76 phenylpiperidine:
 - 77 (19) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperi-

- 78 dine-ethyl-4-phenylpiper-idin-4-carboxylate;
- 79 (20) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpip-80 eridine-4-carboxylic acid;
- 81 (21) Phenazocine;
- 82 (22) Piminodine:
- 83 (23) Racemethorphan;
- 84 (24) Racemorphan;
- 85 (25) Sufentanil.
- 86 (d) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:
- 91 (1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers and salts 92 of its optical isomers;
- 93 (2) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers and salts of 94 isomers;
- 95 (3) Methylphenidate;
- 96 (4) Phenmetrazine and its salts.
- 97 (e) Depressants. — Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, com-98 99 pound, mixture or preparation which contains any 100 quantity of the following substances having a depressant 101 effect on the central nervous system, including its salts. 102 isomers and salts of isomers whenever the existence of 103 such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within 104 the specific chemical designation:
- 105 (1) Amobarbital;
- 106 (2) Secobarbital;
- 107 (3) Pentobarbital;
- 108 (4) Phencyclidine.
- 109 (f) Hallucinogenic substances:
- 110 (1) Dronabinol (synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsu-

- 111 lated in a soft gelatin capsule in a United States food
- 112 and drug administration approved drug product. (Some
- 113 other names for dronabinol: (6aRtrans)-6a, 7, 8, 10a-
- 114 tetrahydro-6, 6, 9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo 9b,d)
- pyran-1-od or (-) delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocanna-bonil);
- 116 (2) Nabilone: THC-like antiemetic/cancer chemo-117 therapy.
- 118 (g) Immediate precursors. Unless specifically ex-
- 119 cepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
- 120 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any
- 121 quantity of the following substances:
- 122 (1) Immediate precursor to amphetamine and 123 methamphetamine:
- 124 (A) Phenylacetone; Some trade or other names:
- 125 phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzylymethyl ketone; methyl
- 126 benzyl ketone;

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- 127 (2) Immediate precursors to phencyclidine (PCP):
- 128 (A) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine;
- 129 (B) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile (PCC).

§60A-2-208. Schedule III.

- 1 (a) Schedule III shall consist of the drugs and other 2 substances, by whatever official name, common or usual 3 name, chemical name or brand name designated, listed 4 in this section.
- 5 (b) Stimulants. — Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, com-6 pound, mixture or preparation which contains any 7 quantity of the following substances having a stimulant 8 effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, 9 isomers (whether optical, position or geometric), and 10 11 salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the 12 specific chemical designation: 13
 - (1) Those compounds, mixtures or preparations in dosage unit form containing any stimulant substances listed in Schedule II which compounds, mixtures or preparations were listed on the twenty-fifth day of

- 18 August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, as
- 19 excepted compounds under §308.32, and any other drug
- 20 of the quantitative composition shown in that list for
- 21 those drugs or which is the same except that it contains
- 22 a lesser quantity of controlled substances:
- 23 (2) Benzphetamine:
- 24 (3) Chlorphentermine:
- 25 (4) Clortermine:
- 26 (5) Phendimetrazine.
- 27 (c) Depressants. — Unless specifically excepted or
- 28 unless listed in another schedule, any material, com-29
- pound, mixture or preparation which contains any
- 30 quantity of the following substances having a depressant
- effect on the central nervous system: 31
- 32 (1) Any compound, mixture or preparation containing:
- 33 (A) Amobarbital:
- 34 (B) Secobarbital:
- 35 (C) Pentobarbital: or any salt thereof and one or more
- other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed 36
- 37 in any schedule:
- 38 (2) Any suppository dosage form containing:
- 39 (A) Amobarbital:
- 40 (B) Secobarbital:
- (C) Pentobarbital; or any salt of any of these drugs and 41
- approved by the food and drug administration for 42
- 43 marketing only as a suppository;
- (3) Any substance which contains any quantity of a 44
- 45 derivative of barbituric acid or any salt thereof;
- 46 (4) Chlorhexadol:
- 47 (5) Glutethimide:
- 48 (6) Lysergic acid:
- (7) Lysergic acid amide: 49
- 50 (8) Methyprylon:

- 51 (9) Sulfondiethylmethane;
- 52 (10) Sulfonethylmethane;
- 53 (11) Sulfonmethane;
- 54 (12) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any salt thereof;
- 55 some trade or other names for a tiletamine-zolazepam
- 56 combination product: Telazol; some trade or other
- 57 names for tiletamine: 2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-
- 58 cyclohexanone; some trade or other names for zolaze-
- 59 pam: 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6, 8-dihydro-1, 3, 8-trimethylpy-
- 60 razolo-[3.4-e][1.4]-diazepin-7(1H)-one, flupyrazapon;
- 61 (13) Human growth hormones or anabolic steroids.

ARTICLE 8. WHOLESALE DRUG DISTRIBUTION LICENSING ACT OF 1991.

- §60A-8-1. Short title.
- §60A-8-2. Scope.
- §60A-8-3. Purpose.
- §60A-8-4. West Virginia board of pharmacy wholesale drug distributor advisory committee; composition; duties.
- §60A-8-5. Definitions.
- §60A-8-6. Prohibited drug purchases or receipt; penalties.
- §60A-8-7. Wholesale drug distributor licensing requirements.
- \$60A-8-8. License renewal application procedures.
- §60A-8-9. West Virginia board of pharmacy powers to promulgate rules.
- §60A-8-10. West Virginia board of pharmacy complaint provisions.
- §60A-8-11. The West Virginia board of pharmacy inspection powers and access to wholesale drug distributor records.
- §60A-8-12. Judicial enforcement of the article.
- §60A-8-13. Criminal penalties.

§60A-8-1. Short title.

- I This article may be cited as the "Wholesale Drug
- 2 Distribution Licensing Act of 1991".

§60A-8-2. Scope.

- 1 This article applies to any person, partnership,
- 2 corporation or business firm engaging in the wholesale
- 3 distribution of human prescription drugs within this
- 4 state.

§60A-8-3. Purpose.

- 1 The purpose of this article is to implement the federal
- 2 prescription drug marketing act of one thousand nine
- 3 hundred eighty-seven ("PDMA"), U.S. Pubic Law 100-

- 4 293, 102 Stat. 95, codified at 21 U.S. Code §321; and
- 5 particularly PDMA requirements that no person or
- 6 entity may engage in the wholesale distribution of
- 7 human prescription drugs in any state unless such
- 8 person or entity is licensed by such state in accordance
- 9 with federally-prescribed minimum standards, terms
- 10 and conditions as set forth in guidelines issued by
- 11 United States food and drug administration (FDA)
- 12 regulations pursuant to 21 U.S. Code §§353(e)(2)(A) and
- 13 (B); and such regulations as are set forth in 21 C.F.R.
- 14 Part 205.

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§60A-8-4. West Virginia board of pharmacy wholesale drug distributor advisory committee; composition; duties.

The board of pharmacy shall appoint a wholesale drug distributor advisory committee composed of five members. The committee shall be composed and shall perform its duties and responsibilities as follows:

- 5 (a) At least one member shall be a pharmacy distributor as defined in subdivision (c), section five of this 6 article, but who shall be neither a member of the West 7 8 Virginia board of pharmacy nor a board of pharmacy employee, except that if no such pharmacy distributor 9 is available to be a committee member, the member 10 required by this subdivision shall be a representative of 11 12 wholesale drug distributors in addition to those repre-13 sentatives provided for in subdivision (b).
 - (b) At least two members shall be representatives of wholesale drug distributors as defined in subdivision (b), section five of this article, except that the wholesale drug distributors in this subdivision shall not include any drug manufacturer.
- 19 (c) At least one member shall be a representative of 20 drug manufacturers.
 - (d) The advisory committee shall review and make recommendations to the board of pharmacy on the merit of all rules dealing with wholesale drug distributors, pharmacy distributors and drug manufacturers which are proposed by the board of pharmacy. No rule

affecting wholesale drug distributors or pharmacy distributors promulgated by the board of pharmacy shall be approved without first being submitted to the committee reasonably ahead of time for review and comment.

(e) In making advisory committee appointments, the board of pharmacy shall consider recommendations received from each of the wholesale drug distributor, pharmacy distributor and drug manufacturer classes cited in subdivisions (a) through (c) herein and shall promulgate rules which provide for solicitation of such recommendations.

§60A-8-5. Definitions.

- As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Wholesale distribution" and "wholesale distribu-3 tions" mean distribution of prescription drugs to persons 4 other than a consumer or patient, but does not include:
 - (1) Intracompany sales, being defined as any transaction or transfer between any division, subsidiary, parent and/or affiliated or related company under the common ownership and control of a corporate entity;
 - (2) The purchase or other acquisition by a hospital or other health care entity that is a member of a group purchasing organization of a drug for its own use from the group purchasing organization or from other hospitals or health care entities that are members of such organizations;
 - (3) The sale, purchase or trade of a drug or an offer to sell, purchase or trade a drug by a charitable organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to a nonprofit affiliate of the organization to the extent otherwise permitted by law;
 - (4) The sale, purchase or trade of a drug or an offer to sell, purchase or trade a drug among hospitals or other health care entities that are under common control. For purposes of this article, "common control" means the power to direct or cause the direction of the

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- management and policies of a person or an organization, whether by ownership of stock, voting rights, by contract, or otherwise;
 - (5) The sale, purchase or trade of a drug or an offer to sell, purchase or trade a drug for "emergency medical reasons" for purposes of this article includes transfers of prescription drugs by a retail pharmacy to another retail pharmacy to alleviate a temporary shortage, except that the gross dollar value of such transfers shall not exceed five percent of the total prescription drug sales revenue of either the transferor or transfere pharmacy during any twelve consecutive month period;
 - (6) The sale, purchase or trade of a drug, an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug or the dispensing of a drug pursuant to a prescription;
- 41 (7) The distribution of drug samples by manufactur-42 ers' representatives or distributors' representatives; or
 - (8) The sale, purchase or trade of blood and blood components intended for transfusion.
 - (b) "Wholesale drug distributor" means any person or entity engaged in wholesale distribution of prescription drugs, including, but not limited to, manufacturers, repackers, own-label distributors, jobbers, private-label distributors, brokers, warehouses, including manufacturers' and distributors' warehouses, chain drug warehouses and wholesale drug warehouses, independent wholesale drug traders, prescription drug repackagers, physicians, dentists, veterinarians, birth control and other clinics, individuals, hospitals, nursing homes and/or their providers, health maintenance organizations and other health care providers, and retail and hospital pharmacies that conduct wholesale distributions, including, but not limited to, any pharmacy distributor as defined in this section. A wholesale drug distributor shall not include any for hire carrier or person or entity hired solely to transport prescription drugs.
 - (c) "Pharmacy distributor" means any pharmacy licensed in this state or hospital pharmacy which is

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- 65 engaged in the delivery or distribution of prescription drugs either to any other pharmacy licensed in this state 66 or to any other person or entity, including, but not 67 limited to, a wholesale drug distributor as defined in 68 69 subdivision (b) of this section engaged in the delivery or 70 distribution of prescription drugs and who is involved in the actual, constructive or attempted transfer of a 71 72 drug in this state to other than the ultimate consumer 73 except as otherwise provided for by law.
 - (d) "Manufacturer" means anyone who is engaged in manufacturing, preparing, propagating, compounding, 76 processing, packaging, repackaging or labeling of a 77 prescription drug.
 - (e) "West Virginia board of pharmacy" means the agency of this state authorized to license wholesale drug distribution except where otherwise provided.
 - (f) "Prescription drug" means any human drug 81 82 required by federal law or regulation to be dispensed only by prescription, including finished dosage forms 83 84 and active ingredients subject to section 503(b) of the 85 federal food, drug and cosmetic act.
 - 86 (g) "Blood" means whole blood collected from a single 87 donor and processed either for transfusion or further 88 manufacturing.
 - 89 (h) "Blood component" means that part of blood 90 separated by physical or mechanical means.
 - 91 (i) "Drug sample" means a unit of a prescription drug 92 that is not intended to be sold and is intended to promote 93 the sale of the drug.

§60A-8-6. Prohibited drug purchases or receipt; penalties.

It is unlawful for any person or entity to knowingly 1 purchase or receive any prescription drug from any 2 source other than a person or entity licensed pursuant 3 4 to the laws of this state except where otherwise provided, such person or entity to include, but not be 5 6 limited to, a wholesale distributor, manufacturer, pharmacy distributor or pharmacy. Any person violat-7

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- 8 ing the provisions of this section is guilty of a misde-
- 9 meanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not
- 10 more than one thousand dollars. Any person who
- 11 violates this section shall for a second offense be guilty
- 12 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 13 fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than
- 14 five thousand dollars.

§60A-8-7. Wholesale drug distributor licensing requirements.

All wholesale distributors and pharmacy distributors shall be subject to the following requirements:

- (a) No person or distribution outlet may act as a wholesale drug distributor without first obtaining a license to do so from the board of pharmacy and paying any reasonable fee required by the board of pharmacy, such fee not to exceed two hundred dollars per year.
- (b) The board of pharmacy may grant a temporary license when a wholesale drug distributor first applies for a license to operate within this state and such temporary license shall remain valid until the board of pharmacy finds that the applicant meets or fails to meet the requirements for regular licensure, except that no such temporary license shall be valid for more than ninety days from the date of issuance. Any temporary license issued pursuant to this subdivision shall be renewable for a similar period of time not to exceed ninety days pursuant to policies and procedures to be prescribed by the board of pharmacy.
 - (c) No license may be issued or renewed for a wholesale drug distributor to operate unless the distributor operates in a manner prescribed by law and according to the rules promulgated by the board of pharmacy with respect thereto.
 - (d) The board of pharmacy may require a separate license for each facility directly or indirectly owned or operated by the same business entity within this state, or for a parent entity with divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliate companies within this state when operations are conducted at more than one location and there exists

- 31 joint ownership and control among all the entities.
- 32 (e) (1) As a condition for receiving and retaining any wholesale drug distributor license issued pursuant to this article, each applicant shall satisfy the board of pharmacy that it has and will continuously maintain:
- 36 (A) Acceptable storage and handling conditions plus 37 facilities standards:
 - (B) Minimum liability and other insurance as may be required under any applicable federal or state law;
 - (C) A security system which includes after hours central alarm or comparable entry detection capability, restricted premises access, adequate outside perimeter lighting, comprehensive employment applicant screening and safeguards against employee theft;
 - (D) An electronic, manual or any other reasonable system of records describing all wholesale distributor activities governed by this article for the two-year period following disposition of each product and being reasonably accessible as defined by board of pharmacy regulations during any inspection authorized by the board of pharmacy;
 - (E) Officers, directors, managers and other persons in charge of wholesale drug distribution, storage and handling, who must at all times demonstrate and maintain their capability of conducting business according to sound financial practices as well as state and federal law:
 - (F) Complete, updated information to be provided the board of pharmacy as a condition for obtaining and retaining a license about each wholesale distributor to be licensed under this article including all pertinent licensee ownership and other key personnel and facilities information deemed necessary for enforcement of this article, with any changes in such information to be submitted at the time of license renewal or within twelve months from the date of such change, whichever occurs first;
 - (G) Written policies and procedures which assure

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- 69 reasonable wholesale distributor preparation for protec-
- 70 tion against and handling of any facility security or
- operation problems, including, but not limited to, those
- 72 caused by natural disaster or government emergency,
- 73 inventory inaccuracies or product shipping and receiv-
- 74 ing, outdated product or other unauthorized product
- 75 control, appropriate disposition of returned goods and 76 product recalls:
- 77 (H) Sufficient inspection procedures for all incoming 78 and outgoing product shipments; and
- 79 (I) Operations in compliance with all federal legal 80 requirements applicable to wholesale drug distribution.
 - (2) The board of pharmacy shall consider, at a minimum, the following factors in reviewing the qualifications of persons who engage in wholesale distribution of prescription drugs with this state:
- 85 (A) Any conviction of the applicant under any federal, 86 state or local laws relating to drug samples, wholesale 87 or retail drug distribution or distribution of controlled 88 substances;
- 89 (B) Any felony convictions of the applicant under 90 federal, state or local laws;
- 91 (C) The applicant's past experience in the manufac-92 ture or distribution of prescription drugs, including 93 controlled substances;
- 94 (D) The furnishing by the applicant of false or 95 fraudulent material in any application made in connec-96 tion with drug manufacturing or distribution;
- 97 (E) Suspension or revocation by federal, state or local 98 government of any license currently or previously held 99 by the applicant for the manufacture or distribution of 100 any drug, including controlled substances;
- 101 (F) Compliance with licensing requirements under 102 previously granted licenses, if any;
- 103 (G) Compliance with requirements to maintain and/or 104 make available to the board of pharmacy or to federal.

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- state or local law-enforcement officials those records required by this article; and
- 107 (H) Any other factors or qualifications the board of 108 pharmacy considers relevant to and consistent with the 109 public health and safety, including whether the grant-110 ing of the license would not be in the public interest.
- 111 (3) All requirements set forth in this subsection shall 112 conform to wholesale drug distributor licensing guide-113 lines formally adopted by the United States food and drug administration (FDA); and in case of conflict 114 between any wholesale drug distributor licensing 115 116 requirement imposed by the board of pharmacy pursu-117 ant to this subsection and any food and drug adminis-118 tration wholesale drug distributor licensing guideline. 119 the latter shall control
 - 120 (f) An agent or employee of any licensed wholesale 121 drug distributor need not seek licensure under this 122 section and may lawfully possess pharmaceutical drugs 123 when such agent or employee is acting in the usual 124 course of business or employment.
 - (g) The issuance of a license pursuant to this article does not change or affect tax liability imposed by this state's department of tax and revenue on any wholesale drug distributor.
 - 129 (h) The board of pharmacy may adopt rules pursuant to section nine of this article which permit out-of-state 130 131 wholesale drug distributors to obtain any license 132 required by this article on the basis of reciprocity to the 133 extent that: (i) An out-of-state wholesale drug distributor possesses a valid license granted by another state 134 135 pursuant to legal standards comparable to those which 136 must be met by a wholesale drug distributor of this state as prerequisites for obtaining a license under the laws 137 of this state: and (ii) such other state would extend 138 reciprocal treatment under its own laws to a wholesale 139 140 drug distributor of this state.

§60A-8-8. License renewal application procedures.

Application blanks for renewal of any license required by this article shall be mailed to each licensee at least

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- 3 thirty days before the first day of July of each calendar
- 4 year by the board. All licenses issued under this section
- 5 are not transferable and expire on the thirtieth day of
- 6 June of each calendar year. If application for renewal
- 7 of such license with required fee is not made before the
- 8 expiration date of the license, the existing license, or
- 9 renewal thereof, shall lapse and become null and void
- 10 upon the last day of June of each calendar year.

§60A-8-9. West Virginia board of pharmacy powers to promulgate rules.

1 The board of pharmacy shall promulgate rules not 2 inconsistent with law, as may be necessary to carry out 3 the purposes and enforce the provisions of this article 4 pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Rules 5 which incorporate and set detailed standards for meeting each of the license prerequisites set forth in 6 7 section seven of this article shall be promulgated in final 8 form by no later than the fourteenth day of September. 9 one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. All rules 10 promulgated pursuant to this section shall conform to

wholesale drug distributor licensing guidelines formally

12 adopted by the food and drug administration at 21

13 C.F.R. Part 205; and in case of conflict between any rule

adopted by the board of pharmacy and any food and

15 drug administration wholesale drug distributor guide-

16 line, the latter shall control.

§60A-8-10. West Virginia board of pharmacy complaint provisions.

Complaints arising under any provision of this article shall be handled as follows:

(a) The board of pharmacy is hereby authorized and empowered, when complaints or examinations or inspections of a wholesale drug distributor disclose that a wholesale drug distributor is not operating or conducting business according to the state and federal laws, to file a written complaint with the board charging the holder of a license to operate a wholesale drug distributorship operation with violations of this article which are grounds for restriction, suspension or

12 revocation of the wholesale drug distributor's license.

- 13 (b) If the board of pharmacy concludes that a 14 wholesale drug distributor has committed an act or is 15 engaging in a course of conduct which constitutes a 16 clear and present danger to the public health and safety 17 in this state, the board of pharmacy may hold an expedited hearing. Within fifteen days after service of 18 19 the complaint on a wholesale drug distributor, the West 20 Virginia board of pharmacy shall conduct a preliminary 21 hearing to determine whether the alleged activities of the wholesale drug distributor appear to constitute a 22 23 clear and present danger to the public health and safety 24 which justify that the wholesale drug distributor's 25 license be immediately restricted or suspended. The burden of proving that a wholesale drug distributor is 26 27 a clear and present danger to the public health and 28 safety shall be upon the board. The board shall issue its decision immediately after the hearing and shall dismiss 29 30 the action or suspend, restrict or revoke the license. The 31 board shall require any wholesale drug distributor 32 found in violation of this article to take all necessary 33 measures for compliance.
 - 34 (c) If the board restricts, revokes or suspends the wholesale drug distributor's license, such temporary 35 restriction, revocation or suspension shall become a final 36 restriction or suspension if there is no request by the 37 38 wholesale drug distributor for a final hearing within 39 thirty days of the preliminary hearing. The board shall, 40 if requested by the wholesale drug distributor named in 41 the complaint, set a date to hold a final hearing which 42 shall be held pursuant to the provisions of chapter 43 twenty-nine-a of this code.

§60A-8-11. The West Virginia board of pharmacy inspection powers and access to wholesale drug distributor records.

1 (a) A person authorized by the board may inspect
2 during normal business hours any premises being used
3 by a wholesale drug distributor in this state in the
4 course of its business. Any wholesale drug distributor
5 providing adequate documentation of the most recent
6 satisfactory inspection less than three years old of such
7 distributor's wholesale drug distribution activities and

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- facilities by either the food and drug administration or 8 9 a state agency, or any person or entity lawfully 10 designated by a state agency to perform such inspection. 11 determined to be comparable by the board shall be 12 exempt from further inspection for a period of time to 13 be determined by the board of pharmacy. Such exemp-14 tion shall not bar the board from initiating an investi-15 gation pursuant to a public or governmental complaint 16 received by the board regarding a wholesale drug 17 distributor.
- (b) Wholesale drug distributors may keep records 18 19 regarding purchase and sales transactions at a central 20 location apart from the principal office of the wholesale 21 drug distributor or the location at which the drugs were 22 stored and from which they were shipped: Provided. 23 That such records shall be made available for inspection 24 within two working days after a request to inspect by 25 the board is made. Such records may be kept in any 26 form permissible under federal law applicable to 27 prescription drugs record keeping.

§60A-8-12. Judicial enforcement of the article.

- 1 (a) Upon proper application by the board, a court of competent jurisdiction may grant an injunction, res-3 training order or other order as may be appropriate to enjoin a person from offering to engage or engaging in the performance of any acts or practices for which a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license is required by any applicable federal or state law. including, but not limited to, this act upon a showing that such acts or practices were or are likely to be 10 performed or offered to be performed without a 11 certificate of registration or authority, permit or license.
 - (b) Any such judicial actions shall be commenced either in the county in which such conduct occurred or in the county in which defendant resides.
 - (c) Any action brought under this section shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other penalty provided hv law and may be brought concurrently with other actions to enforce this article.

§60A-8-13. Criminal penalties.

- 1 Every person who violates any provision of section
- 2 seven of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor,
- 3 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than
- 4 two hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars.

CHAPTER 30

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2792—By Delegates Rutledge and Williams)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article six, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to building and loan associations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 6. BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

- §1. Repeal of article relating to building and loan associations.
 - 1 Article six, chapter thirty-one of the code of West
 - 2 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
 - 3 amended, is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 31

(H. B. 2763—By Delegates Rutledge and Williams)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article six-a, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the federal savings and loan insurance corporation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 6A. FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN INSURANCE CORPORATION.

§1. Repeal of article relating to the federal savings and loan insurance corporation.

1 Article six-a, chapter thirty-one of the code of West

2 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as

3 amended, is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 32

(H. B. 2548—By Delegates Murensky and Moore)

[Passed February 27, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article fourteen-b, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen-a, relating to compensation of correctional officers required to work certain holidays.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article fourteen-b, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14B. CIVIL SERVICE FOR CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS.

§7-14B-18a. Correctional officers who are required to work during holidays; how compensated.

- 1 From the effective date of this section, if any correc-
- 2 tional officer is required to work during a legal holiday
- 3 as is specified in section one, article two, chapter two
- 4 of this code, or if a legal holiday falls on the member's
- 5 regular scheduled day off, he or she shall be allowed
- 6 equal time off at such time as may be approved by the
- 7 sheriff under whom he or she serves, or in the alterna-
- 8 tive, shall be paid at a rate not less than one and one-
- 9 half times his or her regular rate of pay.

(H. B. 2688—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Roop)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five-a, article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section four, article seven of said chapter, all relating to additional duties of county officials and compensation therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five-a, article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section four, article seven of said chapter be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Article

- 1. County Commissions Generally.
- 7. Training Programs for County Employees, Etc.; Compensation of Elected County Officials; County Assistants, Deputies and Employees; Their Number and Compensation.

ARTICLE 1. COUNTY COMMISSIONS GENERALLY.

§7-1-5a. Excusal of commissioner from voting where conflict of interest involved.

- 1 Each county commissioner present during any county
- 2 commission meeting when any question is put shall vote
- 3 unless he is immediately and particularly interested
- 4 therein. Before such question is put, any member having
- 5 a direct personal or pecuniary interest therein should
- 6 announce this fact, and request to be excused from
- 7 voting. The disqualifying interest must be such as
- 8 affects the member directly, and not as one of a class.

ARTICLE 7. TRAINING PROGRAMS FOR COUNTY EMPLOYEES, ETC.; COMPENSATION OF ELECTED COUNTY OFFICIALS; COUNTY ASSISTANTS, DEPUTIES AND EMPLOYEES, THEIR NUMBER AND COMPENSATION.

§7-7-4. Compensation of elected county officials and county commissioners for each class of county; effective date.

(a) (1) All county commissioners shall be paid compensation out of the county treasury in amounts and according to the schedule hereafter set forth for each class of county as determined by the provisions of section three, article seven, chapter seven: *Provided*, That as to any county having a tribunal in lieu of a county commission, the county commissioners of such county may be paid less than the minimum compensation limits of the county commission for the particular class of such county.

11	Class I	\$20,000
12	Class II	\$15,500
13	Class III	\$14,000
14	Class IV	\$10,000
15	Class V	\$ 7,000
16	Class VI	\$ 4,000

The compensation hereinabove provided shall be paid on and after January one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to each county commissioner. Within each county, every county commissioner whose term of office commenced prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall receive the same annual compensation as commissioners commencing a term of office on or after that date by virtue of the new duties imposed upon county commissioners pursuant to the provisions of chapter fifteen, acts of the Legislature, first extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three.

(2) For the purpose of determining the compensation to be paid to the elected county officials of each county, the following compensations for each county office by class are hereby established and shall be used by each county commission in determining the compensation of each of their county officials other than compensation of members of the county commission:

$\begin{array}{c} 36 \\ 37 \end{array}$		Sheriff	County Clerk	Circuit Clerk	Assessor	Prosecuting Attorney
38	Class I	\$24,200	\$31,300	\$31,300	\$24,200	\$41,500
39	Class II	\$24,200	\$28,000	\$28,000	\$24,200	\$39,500
4 0	Class III	\$24,200	\$28,000	\$28,000	\$24,200	\$30,000
41	Class IV	\$22,300	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$22,300	\$26,500
42	Class V	\$20,400	\$22,000	\$22,000	\$20,400	\$23,500
43	Class VI	\$17,200	\$17,200	\$17,200	\$17,200	\$17,000

Any county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the county commission and circuit court, if any, county assessor, sheriff and prosecuting attorney of a Class I county, any assessor of a Class II and Class III county, any sheriff of a Class II and Class III county, and any prosecuting attorney of a Class II county shall devote full time to his public duties to the exclusion of any other employment: *Provided*, That any such public official, whose term of office begins when his county's classification imposes no restriction on his outside activities, shall not be restricted on his outside activities during the remainder of the term for which he is elected. The compensation hereinabove provided shall be paid on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to each elected county official.

In the case of a county that has a joint clerk of the county commission and circuit court, the compensation of the joint clerk shall be fixed in an amount twenty-five percent higher than the compensation would be fixed for the county clerk if it had separate offices of county clerk and circuit clerk.

The Legislature finds, as a fact, that the duties imposed upon county clerks by the provisions of chapter sixty-four, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, and by chapter fifteen, acts of the Legislature, first extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, constitute new and additional duties for county clerks and as such justify the additional compensation provided in this section without violating the provisions of section thirty-eight, article six of the constitution of West Virginia.

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76 The Legislature further finds as a fact that the duties 77 imposed upon circuit clerks by the provisions of 78 chapters sixty-one and one hundred eighty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine 79 80 hundred eighty-one, and by chapter sixty, acts of the 81 Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, constitute new and additional duties for 82 83 circuit clerks and as such justify the additional compensation provided by this section without violating the 84 provisions of section thirty-eight, article six of the 85 constitution of West Virginia. 86

(b) Prior to the primary election in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and for the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, or for any subsequent fiscal year if the approval set out herein is not granted for any fiscal year, and at least thirty days prior to the meeting to approve the county budget, the commission shall provide notice to the public of the date and time of the meeting and that the purpose of the meeting of the county commission is to decide upon their budget certification to the tax department. Upon submission by the county commission to the chief inspector division of the department of tax and revenue of a proposed annual budget which contains anticipated receipts into the county's general revenue fund, less anticipated moneys from the unencumbered fund balance, equal to anticipated receipts into the county's general revenue fund, less anticipated moneys from the unencumbered fund balance and any federal or state special grants, for the immediately preceding fiscal year, plus such additional amount as is necessary for payment of the increases in the salaries set out herein and related employment taxes over that paid for the immediately preceding fiscal year. and upon approval thereof by the chief inspector, which approval shall not be granted for any proposed annual budget containing anticipated receipts which are unreasonably greater or lesser than that of the immediately preceding fiscal year, for the purpose of determining the compensation to be paid to the elected county officials of each county office by class are hereby

established and shall be used by each county commission in determining the compensation of each of their county officials: *Provided*, That as to any county having a tribunal in lieu of a county commission, the county commissioners of such county may be paid less than the minimum compensation limits of the county commission for the particular class of such county.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

125	Class I	\$24,000
126	Class II	\$18,600
127	Class III	\$16,800
128	Class IV	\$12,000
129	Class V	\$ 8,400

If the approval set out hereinabove is granted, the compensation hereinabove provided shall be paid on and after January one, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to each county commissioner. Within each county, every county commissioner shall receive the same annual compensation by virtue of the new duties imposed upon county commissioners pursuant to the provisions of chapter one hundred seventy-two, acts of the Legislature, second regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and chapter five, acts of the Legislature, third extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

OTHER ELECTED OFFICIALS

$\begin{array}{c} 143 \\ 144 \end{array}$		Sheriff	County Clerk	Circuit Clerk	Assessor	Prosecuting Attorney
145	Class I	\$29,040	\$37,560	\$37,560	\$29,040	\$59,500
146	Class II	\$29,040	\$33,600	\$33,600	\$29,040	\$59,500
147	Class III	\$29,040	\$33,600	\$33,600	\$29,040	\$36,000
148	Class IV	\$26,760	\$28,800	\$28,800	\$26,760	\$31,800
149	Class V	\$24,480	\$26,400	\$26,400	\$24,480	\$28,200
150	Class VI	\$24,480	\$26,400	\$26,400	\$24,480	\$28,200

Any county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the county commission and circuit court, if any, county assessor, sheriff and prosecuting attorney of a Class I

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154 county, any assessor of a Class II and Class III county. 155 any sheriff of a Class II and Class III county, and any 156 prosecuting attorney of a Class II county shall devote 157 full time to his or her public duties to the exclusion of 158 any other employment: Provided. That any such public 159 official, whose term of office begins when his or her 160 county's classification imposes no restriction on his or 161 her outside activities, shall not be restricted on his or 162 her outside activities during the remainder of the term 163 for which he or she is elected. If the approval set out 164 hereinabove is granted, the compensation hereinabove provided shall be paid on and after the first day of 165 166 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to 167 each elected county official.

In the case of a county that has a joint clerk of the county commission and circuit court, the compensation of the joint clerk shall be fixed in an amount twenty-five percent higher than the compensation would be fixed for the county clerk if it had separate offices of county clerk and circuit clerk.

Prior to the primary election in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, in the case of a Class III, Class IV or Class V county which has a part-time prosecuting attorney, the county commission may find that such facts and circumstances exist that require the prosecuting attorney to devote full time to his or her public duties for the four-year term, beginning the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three. If the county commission makes such a finding, it may by proper order adopted and entered, require the prosecuting attorney who takes office on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to devote full time to his or her public duties and the county commission shall then compensate said prosecuting attorney at the same rate of compensation as that of a prosecuting attorney in a Class II county.

(H. B. 2908—By Delegates Flanigan and J. Martin)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections one-a through one-ee, inclusive, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section one of said article; to amend and reenact section ten, article nine of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section nine, article twelve, chapter sixty-two, relating to circuit court judges; providing twenty-third circuit with three judges; reconstituting eleventh and thirty-first circuits; providing for concurrent jurisdiction as to single judge circuits; providing for term of office for new judges; providing that supreme court shall set terms of court; providing for a panel of senior judges; payment of senior judges; and conditions of probation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one-a through one-ee, inclusive, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section one of said article be amended and reenacted; that section ten, article nine of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section nine, article twelve, chapter sixty-two be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Chapter

- 51. Courts and Their Officers.
- 62. Criminal Procedure.

CHAPTER 51. COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS.

Article

- 2. Circuit Courts: Circuit Judges.
- 9. Retirement System for Judges of Courts of Record.

ARTICLE 2. CIRCUIT COURTS; CIRCUIT JUDGES.

§51-2-1. Judicial circuits; terms of office; legislative findings and declarations; elections; terms of court.

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(a) The state shall be divided into the following judicial circuits with the following number of judges:

3 The counties of Brooke, Hancock and Ohio shall 4 constitute the first circuit and shall have four judges: 5 the counties of Marshall, Tyler and Wetzel shall 6 constitute the second circuit and shall have two judges: 7 the counties of Doddridge, Pleasants and Ritchie shall 8 constitute the third circuit and shall have one judge; the 9 counties of Wood and Wirt shall constitute the fourth 10 circuit and shall have three judges; the counties of 11 Calhoun, Jackson and Roane shall constitute the fifth 12 circuit and shall have one judge; the county of Cabell 13 shall constitute the sixth circuit and shall have four 14 judges: the county of Logan shall constitute the seventh 15 circuit and shall have two judges; the county of 16 McDowell shall constitute the eighth circuit and shall 17 have two judges: the county of Mercer shall constitute 18 the ninth circuit and shall have two judges; the county 19 of Raleigh shall constitute the tenth circuit and shall 20 have three judges: the counties of Greenbrier and 21 Pocahontas shall constitute the eleventh circuit and shall 22 have two judges: the county of Fayette shall constitute 23 the twelfth circuit and shall have two judges; the county of Kanawha shall constitute the thirteenth circuit and 24 shall have seven judges; the counties of Braxton. Clay. 25 26 Gilmer and Webster shall constitute the fourteenth 27 circuit and shall have two judges: the county of Harrison 28 shall constitute the fifteenth circuit and shall have two judges; the county of Marion shall constitute the 29 sixteenth circuit and shall have two judges; the county 30 31 of Monongalia shall constitute the seventeenth circuit and shall have two judges; the county of Preston shall 32 constitute the eighteenth circuit and shall have one 33 judge: the counties of Barbour and Taylor shall consti-34 tute the nineteenth circuit and shall have one judge; the 35 county of Randolph shall constitute the twentieth circuit 36 and shall have one judge; the counties of Grant, Mineral 37 and Tucker shall constitute the twenty-first circuit and 38 shall have two judges; the counties of Hampshire, Hardy 39 and Pendleton shall constitute the twenty-second circuit 40 and shall have one judge; the counties of Berkeley, 41 Jefferson and Morgan shall constitute the twenty-third 42

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circuit and shall have three judges; the county of Wayne shall constitute the twenty-fourth circuit and shall have one judge: the counties of Lincoln and Boone shall constitute the twenty-fifth circuit and shall have two judges: the counties of Lewis and Upshur shall constitute the twenty-sixth circuit and shall have one judge: the county of Wyoming shall constitute the twentyseventh circuit and shall have one judge: the county of Nicholas shall constitute the twenty-eighth circuit and 52 shall have one judge; the counties of Mason and Putnam shall constitute the twenty-ninth circuit and shall have 53 two judges: the county of Mingo shall constitute the 54 55 thirtieth circuit and shall have one judge; and the counties of Monroe and Summers shall constitute the 56 57 thirty-first circuit and shall have one judge: Provided. 58 That the Kanawha County circuit court shall be a court 59 of concurrent jurisdiction with each single judge circuit 60 where the sitting judge in such single judge circuit is 61 unavailable by reason of sickness, vacation or other 62 reason.

The term of office of the second and third circuit court judges of the twenty-third circuit created by the provisions of this section shall commence on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three. Any judge in office at the time of the effective date of this section shall continue as a judge of the circuit as constituted under prior enactments of this section. unless sooner removed or retired as provided by law. until the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

- (b) The terms of office of all circuit court judges shall be for eight years, the first commencing on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and ending on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. Subsequent terms of said judges shall be for eight years.
- (c) Beginning with the primary and general elections to be conducted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, in all judicial circuits having two or more 82 judges there shall be, for election purposes, numbered 83 divisions corresponding to the number of circuit judges

- 84 in each circuit. Each judge shall be elected at large from the entire circuit. In each numbered division of a 85 86 judicial circuit, the candidates for nomination or 87 election shall be voted upon and the votes cast for the 88 candidates in each division shall be tallied separately 29 from the votes cast for candidates in other numbered divisions within the circuit. The candidate receiving the 90 91 highest number of the votes cast within a numbered 92 division shall be nominated or elected, as the case may 93 he.
- 94 (d) The supreme court shall, by rule, establish the 95 terms of court of circuit judges. Until such rule is 96 effective, terms of court shall continue to be set in 97 accordance with the last enactment of sections one-a 98 through one-ee of this article prior to the repeal of such 99 sections.

ARTICLE 9. RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR JUDGES OF COURTS OF RECORD.

§51-9-10. Services of senior judges.

1 The West Virginia supreme court of appeals is 2 authorized and empowered to create a panel of senior judges to utilize the talent and experience of former 3 circuit court judges and supreme court justices of this 4 state. The supreme court of appeals shall promulgate 5 6 rules providing for said judges and justices to be assigned duties as needed and as feasible toward the 7 objective of reducing caseloads and providing speedier 8 trials to litigants throughout the state: Provided. That 9 reasonable payment shall be made to said judges and 10 justices on a per diem basis: Provided, however, That the 11 12 per diem and retirement compensation of a senior judge shall not exceed the salary of a sitting judge, and 13 allowances shall also be made for necessary expenses as 14 provided for special judges under articles two and nine 15 16 of this chapter.

CHAPTER 62. CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

ARTICLE 12. PROBATION AND PAROLE.

§62-12-9. Conditions of release on probation.

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Release on probation shall be upon the following conditions:

- (1) That the probationer shall not, during the term of his probation, violate any criminal law of this or any other state or of the United States.
- (2) That he shall not, during the term of his probation, leave the state without the consent of the court which placed him on probation.
- 9 (3) That he shall comply with the rules and regula-10 tions prescribed by the court or by the board of 11 probation and parole, as the case may be, for his 12 supervision by the probation officer.

In addition, the court may impose, subject to modification at any time, any other conditions which it may deem advisable, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

- 17 (1) That he shall make restitution or reparation, in whole or in part, immediately or within the period of probation, to any party injured by the crime for which he has been convicted.
- 21 (2) That he shall pay any fine assessed and the costs of the proceeding in such installments as the court may direct.
 - (3) That he shall make contribution from his earnings, in such sums as the court may direct, for the support of his dependents.
- 27 (4) That he shall, in the discretion of the court, be 28 required to serve a period of confinement in the county 29 jail of the county in which he was convicted for a period 30 not to exceed one third of the minimum sentence established by law or one third of the least possible 31 period of confinement in an indeterminate sentence, but 32 33 in no case shall such period of confinement exceed six consecutive months. The court shall have authority to 34 sentence the defendant within such six-month period to 35 intermittent periods of confinement including, but not 36 37 limited to, weekends or holidays and may grant unto the 38 defendant intermittent periods of release in order that

- 39 he may work at his employment or for such other
- 40 reasons or purposes as the court may deem appropriate:
- 41 Provided, That the provisions of article eleven-a of this
- 42 chapter shall not apply to such intermittent periods of
- 43 confinement and release except to the extent that the
- 44 court may direct. If a period of confinement is required
- 45 as a condition of probation, the court shall make special
- 46 findings that other conditions of probation are inade-
- 47 quate and that a period of confinement is necessary.

(H. B. 2544—By Delegates Damron and Beach)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article four, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to full-time investigators of crime.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article four, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 4. PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, REWARDS AND LEGAL ADVICE.
- §7-4-2. Rewards for apprehension of persons charged with crime and expenditure of money for detection of crime; appointment of investigators of crime.

The prosecuting attorney of any county, with the approval of the county commission, or of the governor, or of the court of the county vested with authority to try criminal offenses, or of the judge thereof in vacation, may, within his discretion, offer rewards for the apprehension of persons charged with crime, or may

- 6 apprehension of persons charged with crime, or may 7 expend money for the detection of crime. Any money
- 8 expended under this section shall, when approved by the
- 9 prosecuting attorney, be paid out of the county fund, in

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10 the same manner as other county expenses are paid: 11 *Provided*, That the prosecuting attorneys of the several counties of the state may, with the approval of the 12 13 county commissions of their respective counties, entered 14 of record, appoint to assist them in the discharge of their 15 official duties, trained and qualified full-time or parttime investigators of crime. Such full-time investigators 16 17 shall accept no other public employment or employment 18 in a private police or investigative capacity during the 19 term of their appointment and shall be paid such salary 20 and expenses as may be fixed by the county commission. Such expenses shall be itemized and sworn to by the 21 22 investigator upon presentation to the county commission. 23

> Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the prosecuting attorney of any county, with the consent of the judge of the court of competent jurisdiction and the county commission, may appoint an investigator of crime who need not be a resident of this state.

CHAPTER 36

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2297—By Delegates Spencer and Gallagher)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and four, article ten, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article ten by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a; and to amend and reenact sections nineteen and nineteen-a, article eight, chapter sixty-one of said code, all relating to cruelty to animals; setting forth duties of humane officers; permitting humane officers to inspect certain records and property; redefining acts of cruelty to animals; providing for notice and hearing to owners of seized animals; establishing evidence of abandonment; setting

forth when ownership may be forfeited; requiring owner to pay for costs of animal care; permitting veterinarian to determine when animal should be humanely destroyed; limiting liability of certain persons; requiring veterinarians and permitting other persons to report acts of cruelty; defining the crime of forcibly interfering with the reporting of acts of cruelty and providing criminal penalties therefor; expanding the circumstances under which it is a crime to administer drugs to animals participating in contests; exempting certain activities and practices under certain circumstances; prohibiting certain participation in animal fighting ventures; and providing for and increasing certain civil and criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and four, article ten, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article ten be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a; and that sections nineteen and nineteen-a, article eight, chapter sixty-one of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.

CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 10. HUMANE OFFICERS.

- §7-10-2. Duty of humane officers; interference with.
- §7-10-4. Custody and care of animals abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated; hearing; liability for costs; exclusions.
- §7-10-4a. Reporting of animals abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated; enforcement.

§7-10-2. Duty of humane officers; interference with.

- 1 It is the duty of such officers to prevent the perpetra-
- 2 tion or continuance of any act of cruelty upon any
- 3 animal and to investigate, and upon probable cause, to
- 4 cause the arrest and assist in the prosecution of any

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5 person engaging in such cruel and forbidden practices. 6 Upon reasonable cause, and as provided by law, such 7 officers have the right to access and inspection of 8 records and property as may be reasonably necessary to any investigation. Any person who interferes with, 9 obstructs or resists any such officer in the discharge of 10 his duty is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon convic-11 12 tion thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred nor 13 more than five hundred dollars, or confined in the 14 county jail not more than thirty days, or both so fined 15 and confined. Any such penalties are in addition to any penalties such person may incur for cruel or inhumane 16 17 treatment of any animal.

§7-10-4. Custody and care of animals abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated; hearing; liability for costs; exclusions.

- (a) A humane officer shall take possession of any animal, including birds or wildlife in captivity, known or believed to be abandoned, neglected, deprived of necessary sustenance, shelter or medical care or cruelly treated or used, as defined in sections nineteen and nineteen-a, article eight, chapter sixty-one of this code.
- 7 (b) The owner, or person in possession, if his or her 8 identity and residence is known, of any animal seized pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, shall be 9 10 provided written notice of such seizure, their liability 11 for the cost and care of the animal seized as herein 12 provided, and the right to request a hearing before a 13 magistrate in the county wherein the animal was seized. 14 The magistrate court shall schedule any hearing so 15 requested within ten working days of the receipt of the 16 request. The failure of an owner or person in possession 17 to request a hearing within five working days of the 18 seizure shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the 19 abandonment of said animal. At the hearing, if requested, the magistrate shall determine if probable 20 21 cause exists to believe that such animal was abandoned. 22 neglected or deprived of necessary sustenance, shelter or 23 medical care, or otherwise treated or used cruelly as set

- 24 forth herein.
 - (c) Upon finding of such probable cause, or if no hearing is requested, if the magistrate finds probable cause based upon the affidavit of the humane officer, the magistrate shall enter an order authorizing any humane officer to maintain possession of the animal pending further proceedings, appeal or the disposition of any criminal charges pursuant to chapter sixty-one of this code.
 - (d) Any person whose animal is seized and against whom a finding of probable cause is rendered pursuant to this section is liable for the costs of the care, medical treatment and provisions for such animal during any period it remains in the possession of the humane officer.
 - (e) If, after the humane officer takes possession of the animal pursuant to the finding of probable cause, it is determined by a licensed veterinarian that the animal should be humanely destroyed to end its suffering, the veterinarian may order the animal to be humanely destroyed according to acceptable humane standards and neither the humane officer nor the veterinarian may be subject to any civil or criminal liability as a result of any such determination.
 - (f) The provisions of this section do not apply to farm livestock, poultry, gaming fowl or wildlife kept in private or licensed game farms if kept and maintained according to usual and accepted standards of livestock, poultry, gaming fowl, wildlife or game farm production and management, nor to the humane use of animals or activities regulated under and in conformity with the provisions of 7 U.S.C. §2131 et seq. and the regulations promulgated thereunder, as both such statutes and regulations are in effect on the effective date of this section.

§7-10-4a. Reporting of animals abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated; enforcement.

(a) It is the duty of any licensed veterinarian and the

- right of any other person to report to a humane officer any animal found, reasonably known or believed to be abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated as set forth in this article, and such veterinarian or other person may not be subject to any civil or criminal liability as a result of such reporting.
- 8 (b) Any person who, with force, assaults, resists, or 9 impedes any other person engaged in the reporting of abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated animals as 10 provided for in this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, 11 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than 12 two hundred fifty nor more than one thousand dollars. 13 or confined in the county jail not more than one year. 14 15 or both so fined and confined.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 8. CRIMES AGAINST CHASTITY, MORALITY AND DECENCY.

§61-8-19. Cruelty to animals; penalties; exclusions. §61-8-19a. Animal fighting ventures prohibited.

§61-8-19. Cruelty to animals; penalties; exclusions.

- (a) If any person cruelly mistreats, abandons or 1 withholds proper sustenance, including food, water, 2 3 shelter or medical treatment necessary to sustain 4 normal health and fitness or to end suffering or abandons any animal to die, or uses, trains or possesses 5 any domesticated animal for the purpose of seizing, 6 detaining or maltreating any other domesticated 7 animal, he or she is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 8 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one 9 hundred nor more than one thousand dollars. or 10 confined in the county jail not more than six months, or 11 12 both so fined and confined.
- 13 (b) Any person, other than a licensed veterinarian or 14 a person acting under the direction or with the approval 15 of a licensed veterinarian, who knowingly and willfully 16 administers or causes to be administered to any animal 17 participating in any contest any controlled substance or 18 any other drug for the purpose of altering or otherwise

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- affecting said animal's performance is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars.
 - (c) Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall forfeit his or her interest in any such animal and all interest in such animal shall vest in the humane society or county pound of the county in which said conviction was rendered, and such person shall, in addition to any fine imposed, be liable for any costs incurred or to be incurred by the humane society or county pound as a result.
 - (d) For the purpose of this section, the term "controlled substance" shall have the same meaning ascribed to it by subsection (d), section one hundred one, article one, chapter sixty-a of this code.
- (e) The provisions of this section do not apply to farm livestock, poultry, gaming fowl or wildlife kept in private or licensed game farms if kept and maintained according to usual and accepted standards of livestock, poultry, gaming fowl or wildlife or game farm produc-tion and management, nor to humane use of animals or activities regulated under and in conformity with the provisions of 7 U.S.C. §2131 et seq. and the regulations promulgated thereunder, as both such statutes and regulations are in effect on the effective date of this section.

§61-8-19a. Animal fighting ventures prohibited.

- (a) It is unlawful for any person to engage in, be employed at, or to purchase or sell an admission to any animal fighting venture.
- (b) Any person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars and not more than one thousand dollars, or confined in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both so fined and confined, and may be divested of ownership and control of such animals, and be liable for all costs for their care and maintenance.

(H. B. 2267-By Delegates Roop and Brum)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifty-seven, article two. chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to negligent shooting and providing criminal penalties therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifty-seven, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§20-2-57. Negligent shooting, wounding or killing of human being or livestock while hunting: penalty.

1 It is unlawful for any person, while engaged in 2

hunting, pursuing, taking or killing wild animals or wild birds, to carelessly or negligently shoot, wound or

3 kill any human being or livestock, or to destroy or injure

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any other chattels or property. 5

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6 Any person who, in the act of hunting, pursuing, taking or killing of wild animals or wild birds, in any 7 manner injures any person or property shall file with 8

the director a full description of the accident or other 9

casualty, including such information as the director may 10 11

require. Such report must be filed during a period not

12 to exceed seventy-two hours following such incident.

Any person violating this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be

fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than 15 16 ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not

17 more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

18 Restitution of the value of the livestock, chattel or

property injured or destroyed shall be required upon 19 conviction. 20

(S. B. 323-By Senators Humphreys, Felton, Minard, Dittmar, Dalton, Bailey, Heck, Wiedebusch, Anderson and Claypole)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, defining first and second degree murder; providing that murder in the commission of, or attempt to commit, arson, kidnapping, sexual assault, robbery, burglary, breaking and entering, escape from lawful custody, or a felony offense of manufacturing or delivering a controlled substance is murder of the first degree; and prescribing the contents of an indictment for murder and manslaughter.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.

§61-2-1. First and second degree murder defined; allegations in indictment for homicide.

Murder by poison, lying in wait, imprisonment, 1 starving, or by any willful, deliberate and premeditated 2 killing, or in the commission of, or attempt to commit, arson, kidnapping, sexual assault, robbery, burglary, 4 breaking and entering, escape from lawful custody, or 5 6 a felony offense of manufacturing or delivering a controlled substance as defined in article four, chapter 7

sixty-a of this code, is murder of the first degree. All 8 9

other murder is murder of the second degree.

In an indictment for murder and manslaughter, it 10 11 shall not be necessary to set forth the manner in which, or the means by which, the death of the deceased was 12

caused, but it shall be sufficient in every such indict-13

ment to charge that the defendant did feloniously, 14 willfully, maliciously, deliberately and unlawfully slay,

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16 kill and murder the deceased.

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2103—By Delegates Houvouras and Reid)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section forty-nine, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to purchase of nonferrous metal by persons in the businesses of purchasing scrap metal, salvage, and recycling; requiring signed certificates from sellers; removing provisions providing for quarterly report to division of public safety; increasing time to report certain transactions; exempting certain sales from required transaction reporting; removing provisions requiring reports to sheriffs by nonresidents prior to transporting metal from state; increasing the amount of criminal fines for violations; and removing provisions permitting imposition of criminal penalties for violation of section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-nine, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

- §61-3-49. Purchase of nonferrous metals by scrap metal purchasing businesses, salvage yards, or recycling facilities; certificates, records and reports of such purchases; criminal penalties.
 - 1 (a) Any person in the business of purchasing scrap 2 metal, any salvage yard owner or operator, or any public
 - 3 or commercial recycling facility owner or operator, or
 - 4 any agent or employee thereof, who purchases any form
 - 5 of copper, aluminum, brass, lead or other nonferrous
 - 6 metal of any kind, shall make a record of such purchase.
 - 7 Such record shall accurately list the name, permanent
 - 8 and business addresses and telephone number of the

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seller, the motor vehicle license number of any vehicle used to transport the nonferrous metal to the place of purchase, the time and date of the transaction and a complete description of the kind and character of the nonferrous metal purchased. The person purchasing the nonferrous metal shall also require from the seller, and retain in the record, a signed certificate of ownership of the nonferrous metal being sold or authorization from the owner to sell. It shall be unlawful for any of the aforementioned persons to purchase any nonferrous metal without obtaining the certificate of ownership, or authorization from the owner to sell, on the part of the seller. Such record and certificate shall be available for inspection by any law-enforcement officer and must be maintained by the purchaser for not less than one year after the date of the purchase.

- (b) Should the transaction involve one hundred or more pounds of copper or aluminum, in any form, the purchaser of the copper or aluminum, or his or her agent, shall report in writing to the chief of police of the municipality or the sheriff of the county wherein he or she is transacting business and to the local detachment of the division of public safety all the information obtained. The report must be filed within seventy-two hours after the transaction. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to purchases made at wholesale under contract or as a result of a bidding process.
- (c) Nothing in this section applies to scrap purchases by manufacturing facilities that melt, or otherwise alter the form of scrap metal and transform it into a new product or to the purchase or transportation of food and beverage containers or other nonindustrial materials having a marginal value per individual unit.
- (d) Any person violating the provisions of this section, including the knowing falsification of any required information, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than five hundred nor more than two thousand dollars.

(S. B. 322—By Senators Holliday, Felton, Dittmar, Helmick, Wiedebusch, Anderson, Dalton and Minard)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a; and to amend and reenact section one, article eight and section seven-a, article twelve, chapter sixty-two of said code, all relating to the felony offense of escaping from the custody of the commissioner of corrections; defining the offense of escaping from the custody of the commissioner of corrections and establishing the penalty therefor; and prescribing the venue for violations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a; and that section one, article eight and section seven-a, article twelve, chapter sixty-two of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.
- 62. Criminal Procedure.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 5. CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC JUSTICE.

§61-5-12a. Escape from custody of the commissioner of corrections.

- 1 Any person who escapes from the custody of the
- 2 commissioner of corrections, regardless of where such
- 3 person is confined or where such escape occurs, is guilty
- 4 of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 5 imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one year
- 6 nor more than five years. A term of imprisonment

- 7 imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section shall
- 8 be imposed as a consecutive sentence and shall not be
- 9 served concurrently with any imprisonment, confine-
- 10 ment or detention imposed under any prior sentence
- 11 being served or otherwise being discharged at the time
- 12 such person commits an offense under the provisions of
- 13 this section. A person charged with an offense under the
- 14 provisions of this section shall not be released from the
- 15 custody of the commissioner of corrections while the
- 16 prosecution of the alleged offense is pending: Provided.
- 17 That time served by such person after any other prior
- 18 sentence has been served or otherwise discharged shall
- be applied to any sentence which may ultimately be 19
- 20 imposed for an offense under this section. Venue for the
- 21 prosecution of a violation of this section shall be in the
- 22 county in which the escape occurs.

CHAPTER 62. CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

Article

- 8. Crimes By and Proceedings Against Convicts.
- 12. Probation and Parole.

ARTICLE 8. CRIMES BY AND PROCEEDINGS AGAINST CONVICTS.

§62-8-1. Offenses by convicts; conspiracy.

- A person imprisoned or otherwise in the custody of the 1
- 2 commissioner of corrections is guilty of a felony if he
- 3 shall kill, wound or inflict other bodily injury upon an
- 4 officer or guard of the penitentiary or medium security
- prison; or shall break, cut or injure any building, fixture 5
- or fastening of the penitentiary or medium security 6
- 7 prison, or any part thereof, for the purpose of escaping
- or aiding any other convict to escape therefrom, or 8 rendering the penitentiary or medium security prison
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- less secure as a place of confinement; or shall make, 10
- procure, secrete, or have in his possession, any instru-11
- ment, tool or other thing for such purpose, or with intent 12
- to kill, wound or inflict bodily injury as aforesaid; or 13
- shall resist the lawful authority of an officer or guard 14
- of the penitentiary or medium security prison for such 15
- purpose or with such intent. Any three or more convicts 16

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- 17 so confined, or in such custody, who shall conspire
- 18 together to commit any offense mentioned in this section
- 19 shall each be deemed guilty of a felony.

ARTICLE 12. PROBATION AND PAROLE.

§62-12-7a. Presentence diagnosis and classification; power of court; custody of convicted person; provision for presentence reports; penalty for escape.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when any 1 person has been found guilty of, or pleads guilty to, a 2 felony, the court may, prior to pronouncing of sentence. 3 direct that the person be delivered into the custody of 4 5 the commissioner of corrections, for the purpose of diagnosis and classification for a period not to exceed 6 7 sixty days: Provided. That the court shall require that 8 a presentence report be completed by the probation 9 officer assigned to that person and be made available to the commissioner of corrections prior to delivery of 10 the person to a statutorily approved diagnosis and 11 classification unit of the division of corrections. While 12 13 at the diagnosis and classification unit the person shall 14 undergo examination, diagnosis and classification and 15 shall then be remanded and delivered to the custody of 16 the sheriff of the county wherein he or she was found guilty or entered such plea. Within ten days following 17 the termination of the examination, diagnosis and 18 classification, the commissioner of corrections shall 19 20 make or cause to be made a report to the court wherein the person was found guilty, or entered a plea of guilty. 21 containing the results, findings, conclusions and recom-22 mendations of the commissioner with respect to such 23 24 person.

Whenever a person is remanded into the custody of the commissioner of corrections pursuant to this section, the person shall be given credit on any sentence subsequently imposed by the court equal to the time spent in such custody.

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 304—(By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article eight; sections three and four, article eight-b; and section five, article eight-d, all of chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the offenses of incest, sexual assault in the first degree, sexual assault in the second degree, and sexual exploitation, sexual intercourse, sexual intrusion, or sexual contact by a parent, guardian or custodian, and the penalties therefor; and increasing the criminal penalties for such offenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article eight; sections three and four, article eight-b; and section five, article eight-d, all of chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 8. Crimes Against Chastity, Morality and Decency.
- 8B. Sexual Offenses.
- 8D. Child Abuse.

ARTICLE 8. CRIMES AGAINST CHASTITY, MORALITY AND DECENCY.

§61-8-12. Incest; penalty.

- 1 (a) For the purposes of this section:
- 2 (1) "Aunt" means the sister of a person's mother or
- 3 father;
- 4 (2) "Brother" means the son of a person's mother or
- 5 father;
- 6 (3) "Daughter" means a person's natural daughter,
- 7 adoptive daughter or the daughter of a person's husband
- 8 or wife:

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- 9 (4) "Father" means a person's natural father, adoptive 10 father or the husband of a person's mother;
- 11 (5) "Granddaughter" means the daughter of a person's son or daughter;
- 13 (6) "Grandfather" means the father of a person's 14 father or mother;
- 15 (7) "Grandmother" means the mother of a person's father or mother;
- 17 (8) "Grandson" means the son of a person's son or 18 daughter;
- 19 (9) "Mother" means a person's natural mother, 20 adoptive mother or the wife of a person's father;
- 21 (10) "Niece" means the daughter of a person's brother 22 or sister;
- 23 (11) "Nephew" means the son of a person's brother or 24 sister;
- 25 (12) "Sexual intercourse" means any act between 26 persons involving penetration, however slight, of the 27 female sex organ by the male sex organ or involving 28 contact between the sex organs of one person and the 29 mouth or anus of another person;
 - (13) "Sexual intrusion" means any act between persons involving penetration, however slight, of the female sex organ or of the anus of any person by an object for the purpose of degrading or humiliating the person so penetrated or for gratifying the sexual desire of either party;
- 36 (14) "Sister" means the daughter of a person's father 37 or mother;
- 38 (15) "Son" means a person's natural son, adoptive son or the son of a person's husband or wife; and
- 40 (16) "Uncle" means the brother of a person's father or 41 mother.
- 42 (b) A person is guilty of incest when such person 43 engages in sexual intercourse or sexual intrusion with 44 his or her father, mother, brother, sister, daughter, son,

- grandfather, grandmother, grandson, granddaughter, nephew, niece, uncle or aunt.
- 47 (c) Any person who violates the provisions of this 48 section shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction 49 thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less 50 than five years nor more than fifteen years, or fined not 51 less than five hundred dollars nor more than five 52 thousand dollars and imprisoned in the penitentiary not 53 less than five years nor more than fifteen years.
- 54 (d) In addition to any penalty provided under this 55 section and any restitution which may be ordered by the 56 court under article eleven-a of this chapter, the court 57 may order any person convicted under the provisions of 58 this section where the victim is a minor to pay all or 59 any portion of the cost of medical, psychological or 60 psychiatric treatment of the victim, the need for which 61 results from the act or acts for which the person is 62 convicted, whether or not the victim is considered to 63 have sustained bodily injury.

ARTICLE 8B. SEXUAL OFFENSES.

- §61-8B-3. Sexual assault in the first degree.
- §61-8B-4. Sexual assault in the second degree.

§61-8B-3. Sexual assault in the first degree.

- 1 (a) A person is guilty of sexual assault in the first 2 degree when:
- 3 (1) Such person engages in sexual intercourse or sexual intrusion with another person and, in so doing:
- 5 (i) Inflicts serious bodily injury upon anyone; or
- 6 (ii) Employs a deadly weapon in the commission of the 7 act; or
- 8 (2) Such person, being fourteen years old or more, 9 engages in sexual intercourse or sexual intrusion with 10 another person who is eleven years old or less.
- 11 (b) Any person who violates the provisions of this 12 section shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction 13 thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less 14 than fifteen nor more than thirty-five years, or fined not

- less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten 15
- thousand dollars and imprisoned in the penitentiary not 16
- 17 less than fifteen nor more than thirty-five years.

§61-8B-4. Sexual assault in the second degree.

- 1 (a) A person is guilty of sexual assault in the second 2 degree when:
- 3 (1) Such person engages in sexual intercourse or 4 sexual intrusion with another person without the person's consent, and the lack of consent results from 5
- forcible compulsion; or 6
- 7 (2) Such person engages in sexual intercourse or 8 sexual intrusion with another person who is physically 9 helpless.
- 10 (b) Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction 11
- 12 thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less
- 13 than ten nor more than twenty-five years, or fined not 14
- less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten
- thousand dollars and imprisoned in the penitentiary not 15
- less than ten nor more than twenty-five years. 16

ARTICLE 8D. CHILD ABUSE.

- §61-8D-5. Sexual abuse by a parent, guardian or custodian; parent, guardian or custodian allowing sexual abuse to be inflicted upon a child; displaying of sex organs by a parent, guardian or custodian; penalties.
 - 1 (a) In addition to any other offenses set forth in this 2 code, the Legislature hereby declares a separate and
 - 3 distinct offense under this subsection, as follows: If any
 - 4 parent, guardian or custodian of a child under his or her
 - 5 care, custody or control, shall engage in or attempt to
 - 6 engage in sexual exploitation of, or in sexual inter-7 course, sexual intrusion or sexual contact with, a child
 - 8 under his or her care, custody or control, notwithstand-
 - 9 ing the fact that the child may have willingly partici-
- 10 pated in such conduct, or the fact that the child may
- have consented to such conduct or the fact that the child 11
- 12 may have suffered no apparent physical injury or
- 13 mental or emotional injury as a result of such conduct,

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- then such guardian or custodian shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than five nor more than fifteen years, or fined not less than five hundred nor more than five thousand dollars and imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than five years nor more than fifteen years.
 - (b) If any parent, guardian or custodian shall knowingly procure another person to engage in or attempt to engage in sexual exploitation of, or sexual intercourse, sexual intrusion or sexual contact with, a child under the care, custody or control of such parent, guardian or custodian when such child is less than sixteen years of age, notwithstanding the fact that the child may have willingly participated in such conduct or the fact that the child may have suffered no apparent physical injury or mental or emotional injury as a result of such conduct, such parent, guardian or custodian shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one year nor more than five years, or fined not less than one thousand nor more than ten thousand dollars and imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one year nor more than five years.
 - (c) If any parent, guardian or custodian shall knowingly procure another person to engage in or attempt to engage in sexual exploitation of, or sexual intercourse, sexual intrusion or sexual contact with, a child under the care, custody or control of such parent, guardian or custodian when such child is sixteen years of age or older, notwithstanding the fact that the child may have consented to such conduct or the fact that the child may have suffered no apparent physical injury or mental or emotional injury as a result of such conduct, then such parent, guardian or custodian shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county jail not less than six months nor more than one year.
 - (d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a custodian whose age exceeds the age of the child by less than four years.

(H. B. 2951—By Delegates J. Martin and Cerra)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article one, chapter twentynine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine
hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the
division of culture and history; qualifications of commissioner; changing administrative structure within the
division; permitting three additional sections within the
division; reordering sections and changing references;
authorizing fees prescribed by the commissioner by rule
for use of facilities; increasing membership on the
archives and history commission from nine to thirteen
and adding an archivist, a librarian, and a museum
specialist to the commission; and authorizing division to
enter into agreements with responsible individuals in
carrying out its purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF CULTURE AND HISTORY.

- §29-1-1. Division of culture and history continued; sections and commissions; purposes; definitions; effective date.
- §29-1-1a. Transfer of powers and duties; existing contracts and obligations.
- §29-1-1b. Termination date.
- §29-1-2. General powers of commissioner.
- §29-1-3. Commission on the arts.
- §29-1-4. Arts and humanities section; director.
- §29-1-5. Archives and history commission.
- §29-1-6. Archives and history section; director.
- §29-1-7. Museums section; director.
- §29-1-8. Historic preservation section; director.
- §29-1-8a. Protection of human skeletal remains; grave artifacts and grave markers; permits for excavation and removal; penalties.
- §29-1-8b. Protection of historic and prehistoric sites; penalties.
- §29-1-9. Administrative section; director.
- §29-1-10. Division employees classified by civil service; exceptions.

- §29-1-11. Power to accept and receive funds; power to apply for grants; disbursal of funds; restrictions on expenditure; disposition of funds heretofore received or appropriated.
- §29-1-12. Publication of materials; agreements.
- §29-1-13. Land; control and disposal; rules and regulations.
- §29-1-14. Washington-Carver Camp; prohibition of disposition or removal of minerals without authorization by the Legislature.

§29-1-1. Division of culture and history continued; sections and commissions; purposes; definitions: effective date.

- 1 The division of culture and history and the office of
- 2 commissioner of culture and history heretofore created
- are hereby continued. The governor shall nominate, and 3
- 4 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- appoint the commissioner, who shall be the chief 5
- 6 executive officer of the division and shall be paid an
- annual salary and be governed by the provisions of
- section two-a, article seven, chapter six of this code. The 8
- 9 commissioner so appointed shall have: (1) A bachelor's
- degree in one of the fine arts, social sciences, library 10
- 11 science or a related field; or (2) four years' experience
- 12 in the administration of museum management, public
- 13 administration, arts, history or a related field.
- 14 The division shall consist of five sections and two
- 15 citizen's commissions as follows:
- (1) The arts and humanities section and a commission 16 17 on the arts:
- 18 (2) The archives and history section and a commission 19 on archives and history;
- 20 (3) The museums section:
- 21 (4) The historic preservation section; and
- 22 (5) The administrative section.
- 23 The commissioner shall exercise control and supervi-
- sion of the division and shall be responsible for the 24 projects, programs and actions of each of its sections. 25
- The purpose and duty of the division is to advance, foster 26
- and promote the creative and performing arts and 27
- 28 crafts, including both indoor and outdoor exhibits and
- performances: to advance, foster, promote, identify, 29

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30 register, acquire, mark and care for historical, prehis-31 torical, archaeological and significant architectural 32 sites, structures and objects in the state; to encourage 33 the promotion, preservation and development of signif-34 icant sites, structures and objects through the use of 35 economic development activities such as loans, subsidies. 36 grants and other incentives; to coordinate all cultural, 37 historical and artistic activities in state government and 38 at state-owned facilities; to acquire, preserve and 39 classify books, documents, records and memorabilia of 40 historical interest or importance; and, in general, to do 41 all things necessary or convenient to preserve and 42 advance the culture of the state.

The division shall have jurisdiction and control and may set and collect fees for the use of all space in the building presently known as the West Virginia science and culture center, including the deck and courtyards forming an integral part thereof; the building presently known as West Virginia Independence Hall in Wheeling, including all the grounds and appurtenances thereof; "Camp Washington-Carver" in Fayette County, as provided for in section fourteen of this article; and any other sites as may be transferred to or acquired by the division.

For the purposes of this article "commissioner" means the commissioner of culture and history, and "division" means the division of culture and history.

§29-1-1a. Transfer of powers and duties; existing contracts and obligations.

Except as otherwise provided in this article, the 1 powers and duties of the West Virginia antiquities 2 commission, the West Virginia arts and humanities 3 council and the department of archives and history are 4 hereby transferred to the division of culture and history. 5 All existing contracts and obligations of the West 6 Virginia antiquities commission, the West Virginia arts 7 and humanities council and the department of archives 8 and history, or relating to the present science and 9 culture center, shall remain in full force and effect and 10 shall be performed by the division of culture and 11 12 history.

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§29-1-1b. Termination date.

- The division of culture and history, together with its citizen's commissions, shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, upon which date it shall terminate unless sooner continued and reestablished pursuant to the provisions
- 6 of article ten, chapter four of this code.

§29-1-2. General powers of commissioner.

1 The commissioner shall assign and allocate space in 2 all facilities assigned to the division and all space in the 3 building presently known as the West Virginia science and culture center, and any other buildings or sites 4 5 under the control of the commissioner, and may, in 6 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-ninea of this code, prescribe rules, regulations and fees for 7 8 the use and occupancy of said facilities, including tours.

9 The commissioner shall coordinate the operations and affairs of the sections and commissions of the division 10 and assign each section or commission responsibilities 11 12 according to criteria the commissioner deems most 13 efficient, productive and best calculated to carry out the 14 purposes of this article. The commissioner shall provide 15 to the fullest extent possible for centralization and 16 coordination of the bookkeeping, personnel, purchasing, 17 printing, duplicating, binding and other services which can be efficiently combined. The commissioner may 18 establish such other sections for such purposes as he or 19 20 she deems necessary, and may appoint directors thereof. 21 The commissioner may appoint a director of the West Virginia science and culture center. The commissioner 22 23 shall serve as the state historic preservation officer and shall chair the capitol building commission. 24

After consultation with the section directors and the commissions, the commissioner shall prepare a proposed division budget for submission to the governor for each fiscal year.

No contract, agreement or undertaking may be entered into by any section of the division which involves

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the expenditure of funds without the express written approval of the commissioner as to fiscal responsibility.

The commissioner shall prepare and submit to the governor an annual report in accordance with the provisions of section twenty, article one, chapter five of this code, which report shall include a detailed account of the activities of each section and commission of the division

The commissioner shall employ all personnel for the sections, except for persons in the professional positions established within the sections as provided in this article; and shall supply support services to the commissions and to the governor's mansion advisory committee.

§29-1-3. Commission on the arts.

The commission on the arts heretofore created is hereby continued and shall be composed of fifteen appointed members.

The governor shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint the members of the commission for staggered terms of three years. A person appointed to fill a vacancy shall be appointed only for the remainder of that term.

No more than eight members may be of the same political party. Members of the commission shall be appointed so as to fairly represent both sexes, the ethnic and cultural diversity of the state and the geographic regions of the state.

14 The commission shall elect one of its members chair. 15 It shall meet at such time as shall be specified by the 16 chair. Notice of each meeting shall be given to each member by the chair in compliance with the open 17 18 meetings laws of the state. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. 19 The director of the arts and humanities section shall be 20 an ex officio nonvoting member of the commission and 21 shall serve as secretary. The director or a majority of 22 23 the members may also call a meeting upon such notice 24 as provided in this section.

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25 Each member or ex officio member of the commission 26 shall serve without compensation, but shall be reim-27 bursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses 28 actually incurred in the performance of the duties of the 29 office: except that in the event the expenses are paid. 30 or are to be paid, by a third party, the member or ex 31 officio member, as the case may be, shall not be 32 reimbursed by the state.

Upon recommendation of the commissioner, the governor may also appoint such officers of the state as may be appropriate to serve on the commission as ex officio nonvoting members.

The commission shall have the following powers:

- (1) To advise the commissioner and the director of the arts and humanities section concerning the accomplishment of the purposes of that section and to establish a state plan with respect thereto;
- 42 (2) To approve and distribute grants-in-aid and 43 awards from federal and state funds relating to the 44 purposes of the arts and humanities section;
- 45 (3) To request, accept or expend federal funds to 46 accomplish the purposes of the arts and humanities 47 section when federal law or regulations would prohibit 48 the same by the commissioner or section director, but 49 would permit the same to be done by the commission 50 on the arts:
- 51 (4) To otherwise encourage and promote the purposes 52 of the arts and humanities section:
- 53 (5) To approve rules and regulations concerning the 54 professional policies and functions of the section as 55 promulgated by the director of the arts and humanities 56 section; and
- 57 (6) To advise and consent to the appointment of the director by the commissioner.

§29-1-4. Arts and humanities section; director.

The purposes and duties of the arts and humanities section are to stimulate, encourage, assist, promote,

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3 foster and develop the performing and creative arts and 4 crafts in the state; and in furtherance thereof to make 5 awards, prizes and grants to individual performers, artists or craftsmen and to public or private corpora-6 7 tions or associations in the field of either the performing 8 or creative arts and crafts that would tend to encourage 9 and foster the advancement of such arts and crafts: to support cultural, artistic or craft exhibits or perform-10 11 ances at the division's facilities or on tour: and to 12 perform such other duties as may be assigned to said 13 section by the commissioner.

With the advice and consent of the commission on the arts, the commissioner shall appoint a director of the arts and humanities section, who shall have: (1) A bachelor's degree in the fine arts or related field or equivalent training and experience; or (2) three years' experience in administration of the fine arts or a related field. Notwithstanding these qualifications, the person serving as the executive director of the arts and humanities council on the date of the enactment of this article shall be eligible for appointment as the director 23 24 of the arts and humanities section.

With the approval of the commissioner, the director shall establish professional positions within the section. 26 27 The director shall employ the personnel within these 28 professional positions for the section.

The director may promulgate rules and regulations in 29 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-30 a of this code concerning the professional policies and 31 32 functions of the arts and humanities section, subject to 33 the approval of the commission on the arts.

§29-1-5. Archives and history commission.

The archives and history commission which is hereby created shall be composed of thirteen appointed members, two ex officio voting members and five ex officio nonvoting members as provided in this section.

5 The governor shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint the members 6 of the commission for staggered terms of three years. 7

A person appointed to fill a vacancy shall be appointed only for the remainder of that term.

No more than seven of the appointed members may be of the same political party. Members of the commission shall be appointed so as to fairly represent both sexes, the ethnic and cultural diversity of the state and the geographic regions of the state. The archives and history commission shall contain the required professional representation necessary to carry out the provisions of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and shall serve as the "state review board" and shall follow all rules and regulations as specified therein. This representation shall include the following professions: Historian, architectural historian, historical architect, archaeologist specializing in historic and prehistoric archaeology, archivist, librarian and museum specialist.

The commission shall elect one of its members chair. It shall meet at such time as shall be specified by the chair. Notice of each meeting shall be given to each member by the chair in compliance with the open meetings law. A majority of the voting members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

In addition to the thirteen appointed members, the president of the state historical society and the president of the state historical association shall serve as ex officio voting members of the archives and history commission. The director of the state geological and economic survey, the president of the West Virginia Preservation Alliance, Inc., and the state historic preservation officer shall serve as ex officio nonvoting members of the archives and history commission.

The directors of the archives and history section, the historic preservation section and the museums section shall be ex officio nonvoting members of the commission. The director of the archives and history section shall serve as secretary of the commission. The secretary, or a majority of the members, may also call a meeting upon such notice as provided in this section.

Each member or ex officio member of the commission

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shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of the duties of the commission; except that in the event the expenses are paid, or are to be paid, by a third party, the member or ex officio member, as the case may be, shall not be reimbursed by the state.

The commission shall have the following powers:

- (a) To advise the commissioner and the directors of the archives and history section, the historic preservation section and the museums section concerning the accomplishment of the purposes of those sections and to establish a state plan with respect thereto;
- (b) To approve and distribute grants-in-aid and awards from federal and state funds relating to the purposes of the archives and history section, the historic preservation section and the museums section;
 - (c) To request, accept or expend federal funds to accomplish the purposes of the archives and history section, the historic preservation section and the museums section when federal law or regulations would prohibit the same by the commissioner or section director, but would permit the same to be done by the archives and history commission;
- 72 (d) To otherwise encourage and promote the purposes 73 of the archives and history section, the historic preser-74 vation section and the museums section:
 - (e) To approve rules and regulations concerning the professional policies and functions of the archives and history section, the historic preservation section and the museums section as promulgated by the directors of those sections;
- 80 (f) To advise and consent to the appointment of the section directors by the commissioner; and
- 82 (g) To review and approve nominations to the state 83 and national registers of historic places.

§29-1-6. Archives and history section; director.

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(a) The purposes and duties of the archives and history section are to locate, survey, investigate. register, identify, preserve, protect, restore and recommend to the commissioner for acquisition documents and records having historical, evidential, administrative and/or legal value relating to the state of West Virginia and the territory included therein from the earliest times to the present, upon its own initiative or in cooperation with any private or public society, organization or agency; to conduct a continuing survey and study throughout the state to develop a state plan to determine the needs and priorities for the preservation of such documents and records; to direct, protect, preserve, study and disseminate information on such documents and records; to operate and maintain a state library for the preservation of all public records, state papers, documents and reports of all three branches of state government including all boards, commissions, departments and agencies as well as any other private or public papers, books or documents of peculiar or historic interest or significance; to designate appropriate monuments, tablets or markers for historic, architectural and scenic sites within the state and to arrange for the purchase, replacement, care of and maintenance of such monuments, tablets and markers and to formulate and prepare suitable copy for them; to edit and publish a historical journal devoted to the history, biography, bibliography and genealogy of West Virginia; and to perform such other duties as may be assigned to the section by the commissioner.

(b) With the advice and consent of the archives and history commission, the commissioner shall appoint a director of the archives and history section, who shall have: (1) A graduate degree in one of the social sciences, or equivalent training and experience in the field of West Virginia history, history, or in records, library or archives management; and (2) three years' experience in administration in the field of West Virginia history, history, or in records, library or archives management. Notwithstanding these qualifications, the person serving as the state historian and archivist on the date of enactment of this article shall be eligible for appoint-

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- ment as the director of the archives and history section.
 The director of the archives and history section shall serve as the state historian and archivist.
- 46 (c) With the approval of the commissioner, the 47 director shall establish professional positions within the 48 section and develop appropriate organizational struc-49 tures to carry out the duties of the section. The director shall employ the personnel with applicable professional 50 51 qualifications to fill positions within the organizational 52 structure with the minimum professional qualifications. At the minimum, the following professions shall be 53 represented within the section staff: Historian, archivist, 54 librarian and technical and clerical positions as are 55
- 57 (d) The director shall promulgate rules and regula-58 tions with the approval of the archives and history 59 commission and in accordance with chapter twentynine-a of this code concerning: (1) The professional 60 policies and functions of the archives and history section; 61 and (2) such other rules and regulations as may be 62 63 deemed necessary to effectuate the purposes of this 64 article.

§29-1-7. Museums section; director.

(a) The purposes and duties of the museums section 1 are to locate, survey, investigate, register, identify, 2 excavate, preserve, protect, restore and recommend to 3 4 the commissioner for acquisition historic objects worthy 5 of preservation, relating to the state of West Virginia 6 and the territory included therein from the earliest times to the present, upon its own initiative or in 7 cooperation with any private or public society, organi-8 zation or agency; to conduct a continuing survey and 9 study throughout the state to develop a state plan to 10 11 determine the needs and priorities for the preservation, restoration or development of such objects: to direct. 12 protect, excavate, preserve, study or develop such 13 objects; to preserve and protect all battle or regimental 14 flags borne by West Virginians and other memorabilia 15 of historic interest; to operate and maintain a state 16 museum, and to coordinate activities with other muse-17

ums in the state; and to perform such other duties as may be assigned to the section by the commissioner.

- (b) With the advice and consent of the archives and history commission, in addition to the duties above set forth, the section shall determine the whereabouts of and require the return of furnishings and objects missing from the capitol building and other state-owned or controlled buildings, including, but not limited to, furnishings chosen or purchased for the capitol by its architect. Cass Gilbert. No furnishings from the capitol may be sold or disposed of except pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter five-a of this code. If furnishings originally designated as capitol building furnishings have been sold or otherwise disposed of without the requisite sale procedures, such furnishings shall be returned to the capitol and, upon presentation of proof of the amount paid, the current owner shall be reimbursed for the cost of the furnishing less any appropriate depreciation or wear and tear.
- (c) With the advice and consent of the archives and history commission, the commissioner shall appoint a director of the museums section, who shall have: (1) A graduate degree in one of the social sciences, or equivalent training and experience in the field of West Virginia history, history, archaeology, or in museum administration; and (2) three years' experience in administration in the field of West Virginia history, history, archaeology, or in museum management.
- (d) With the approval of the commissioner, the director shall establish professional positions within the section and develop appropriate organizational structures to carry out the duties of the section. The director shall employ the personnel with applicable professional qualifications to fill positions within the organizational structure. At the minimum, the following professions shall be represented within the section staff: Curator and such technical and clerical positions as are required. With the approval of the commissioner, the director shall establish professional positions within the section. The director shall employ the personnel within these professional positions for the section.

60 (e) The director shall promulgate rules and regula-60 tions with the approval of the archives and history 61 commission and in accordance with chapter twenty-62 nine-a of this code concerning: (1) The professional 63 policies and functions of the museums section; and (2) 64 such other rules and regulations as may be deemed 65 necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section.

§29-1-8. Historic preservation section; director.

1 (a) The purposes and duties of the historic preserva-2 tion section are to locate, survey, investigate, register, 3 identify, preserve, protect, restore and recommend to 4 the commissioner for acquisition historic, architectural, 5 archaeological and cultural sites, structures and objects worthy of preservation, including human skeletal 6 remains, graves, grave artifacts and grave markers, 7 relating to the state of West Virginia and the territory 8 9 included therein from the earliest times to the present. upon its own initiative or in cooperation with any 10 private or public society, organization or agency; to 11 12 conduct a continuing survey and study throughout the 13 state to develop a state plan to determine the needs and 14 priorities for the preservation, restoration or develop-15 ment of such sites, structures and objects; to direct, protect, excavate, preserve, study or develop such sites 16 17 and structures; to review all undertakings permitted. funded, licensed or otherwise assisted, in whole or in 18 19 part, by the state for the purposes of furthering the duties of the section; to carry out the duties and 20 21 responsibilities enumerated in the National Historic 22 Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, as they pertain to the duties of the section; to develop and maintain a 23 24 West Virginia state register of historic places for use as 25 a planning tool for state and local government; to 26 cooperate with state and federal agencies in archaeological work; to issue permits for the excavation or removal 27 of human skeletal remains, grave artifacts and grave 28 markers, archaeological, and prehistoric and historic 29 features under the provisions of section eight-a of this 30 article; and to perform such other duties as may be 31 assigned to the section by the commissioner. 32

(b) With the advice and consent of the archives and

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history commission, the commissioner shall appoint a director of the historic preservation section, who shall have: (1) A graduate degree in one of the social sciences, or equivalent training and experience in the field of historic preservation, archaeology, West Virginia history, or history; and (2) three years' experience in administration in the field of West Virginia history, history, historic preservation or archaeology. Notwithstanding these qualifications, the person serving as the deputy state historic preservation officer on the date of enactment of this article shall be eligible for appointment as the director of the historic preservation section. The director of the historic preservation section shall serve as the deputy state historic preservation officer.

- (c) With the approval of the commissioner, the director shall establish professional positions within the section and develop appropriate organizational structures to carry out the duties of the section. The director shall employ the personnel with applicable professional qualifications to fill positions within the organizational structure with the minimum professional qualifications necessary to carry out the provisions of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended. At the minimum, the following professions shall be represented within the section staff: Historian, architectural historian, a structural historian who specializes in historical preservation, an archaeologist specializing in historic and prehistoric archaeology, and such technical and clerical positions as are required.
- (d) The director shall promulgate rules and regulations with the approval of the archives and history commission and in accordance with chapter twentynine-a of this code concerning: (1) The professional policies and functions of the historic preservation section; (2) the review of, and, when required, issuance of permits for, all undertakings permitted, funded, licensed or otherwise assisted, in whole or in part, by the state as indicated in subsection (a) of this section, in order to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the section; (3) the establishment and maintenance of a West Virginia state register of historic places, including

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the criteria for eligibility of buildings, structures, sites, 75 districts and objects for the state register and proce-76 dures for nominations to the state register and protec-77 78 tion of nominated and listed properties: (4) the review of historic structures in accordance with compliance 79 alternatives and other provisions in any state fire 80 81 regulation, and shall coordinate standards with the appropriate regulatory officials regarding their applica-82 83 tion: (5) review of historic structures in conjunction with existing state or local building codes, and shall coordi-84 85 nate standards with the appropriate regulatory officials for their application; and (6) such other rules and 86 87 regulations as may be deemed necessary to effectuate the purposes of this article. 88

§29-1-8a. Protection of human skeletal remains, grave artifacts and grave markers; permits for excavation and removal; penalties.

(a) Legislative findings and purpose.

2 The Legislature finds that there is a real and growing 3 threat to the safety and sanctity of unmarked human 4 graves in West Virginia and the existing laws of the 5 state do not provide equal or adequate protection for all such graves. As evident by the numerous incidents in 6 7 West Virginia which have resulted in the desecration of 8 human remains and vandalism to grave markers, there is an immediate need to protect the graves of earlier 9 West Virginians from such desecration. Therefore, the 10 purpose of this article is to assure that all human burials 11 12 be accorded equal treatment and respect for human dignity without reference to ethnic origins, cultural 13 14 backgrounds, or religious affiliations.

The Legislature also finds that those persons engaged in the scientific study or recovery of artifacts which have been acquired in accordance with the law are engaged in legitimate and worthy scientific and educational activities. Therefore, this legislation is intended to permit the appropriate pursuit of those lawful activities.

Finally, this legislation is not intended to interfere with the normal activities of private property owners, farmers, or those engaged in the development, mining

- 24 or improvement of real property.
- 25 (b) Definitions.
- For the purposes of this section:
- 27 (1) "Human skeletal remains" means the bones, teeth, hair or tissue of a deceased human body;
 - (2) "Unmarked grave" means any grave or location where a human body or bodies have been buried or deposited for at least fifty years and the grave or location is not in a publicly or privately maintained cemetery or in the care of a cemetery association, or is located within such cemetery or in such care and is not commonly marked;
 - (3) "Grave artifact" means any items of human manufacture or use that are associated with the human skeletal remains in a grave;
 - (4) "Grave marker" means any tomb, monument, stone, ornament, mound, or other item of human manufacture that is associated with a grave;
- 42 (5) "Person" includes the federal and state govern-43 ments and any political subdivision of this state; and
 - (6) "Disturb" means the excavating, removing, exposing, defacing, mutilating, destroying, molesting, or desecrating in any way of human skeletal remains, unmarked graves, grave artifacts or grave markers.
- 48 (c) Acts prohibited; penalties.
 - (1) No person may excavate, remove, destroy, or otherwise disturb any historic or prehistoric ruins, burial grounds, archaeological site, or human skeletal remains, unmarked grave, grave artifact or grave marker of historical significance unless such person has a valid permit issued to him or her by the director of the historic preservation section: *Provided*, That the supervising archaeologist of an archaeological investigation being undertaken in compliance with the federal Archaeological Resources Protection Act (Public Law 96-95 at 16 USC 470(aa)) and regulations promulgated thereunder shall not be required to obtain such permit,

but shall notify the director of the historic preservation section that such investigation is being undertaken and file reports as are required of persons issued a permit under this section: *Provided*, *however*, That projects being undertaken in compliance with section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, or subsection (a), section five of this article shall not be required to obtain such permit for excavation, removal, destruction or disturbance of historic or prehistoric ruins or archaeological sites.

A person who, either by himself or through an agent, intentionally excavates, removes, destroys or otherwise disturbs any historic or prehistoric ruins, burial grounds or archaeological site, or unmarked grave, grave artifact or grave marker of historical significance without first having been issued a valid permit by the director of the historic preservation section, or who fails to comply with the terms and conditions of such permit, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, and may be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten days nor more than six months or both fined and imprisoned.

A person who, either by himself or through an agent, intentionally excavates, removes, destroys or otherwise disturbs human skeletal remains of historical significance without first having been issued a valid permit by the director of the historic preservation section, or who fails to comply with the terms and conditions relating to disinterment or displacement of human skeletal remains of such permit, is guilty of the felony of disinterment or displacement of a dead human body or parts thereof under section fourteen, article eight, chapter sixty-one of this code and, upon conviction, shall be confined in the state penitentiary not less than two nor more than five years.

A person who intentionally withholds information about the excavation, removal, destruction, or other disturbance of any historic or prehistoric ruins, burial grounds, archaeological site, or human skeletal remains, unmarked grave, grave artifact or grave marker of

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102 historical significance is guilty of a misdemeanor and. 103 upon conviction, shall be fined not more than one 104 hundred dollars, and may be imprisoned in the county 105 jail not more than ten days.

(2) No person may offer for sale or exchange any human skeletal remains, grave artifact or grave marker obtained in violation of this section.

A person who, either by himself or through an agent. offers for sale or exchange any human skeletal remains. grave artifact or grave marker obtained in violation of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars, and may be imprisoned in the county jail not less than six months nor more than one year.

- 117 (3) Each instance of excavation, removal, destruction. disturbance or offering for sale or exchange under (1) and (2) of this subsection shall constitute a separate offense.
 - (d) Notification of discovery of human skeletal remains in unmarked locations.

Within forty-eight hours of the discovery of human skeletal remains, grave artifact or grave marker in an unmarked grave on any publicly or privately owned property the person making such discovery shall notify the county sheriff of the discovery and its location. If the human remains, grave artifact or grave marker appear to be from an unmarked grave, the sheriff shall promptly, and prior to any further disturbance or removal of the remains, notify the director of the historic preservation section. The director shall cause an on-site inspection of the disturbance to be made to determine the potential for archaeological significance of the site: Provided. That when the discovery is made by an archaeological investigation permitted under state or federal law, the supervising archaeologist shall notify the director of the historic preservation section directly.

If the director of the historic preservation section determines that the site has no archaeological signifi-

 cance, the removal, transfer and disposition of the remains shall be subject to the provisions of article thirteen, chapter thirty-seven of this code, and the director shall notify the circuit court of the county wherein the site is located.

If the director of historic preservation determines that the site has a potential for archaeological significance, the director shall take such action as is reasonable, necessary and prudent, including consultation with appropriate private or public organizations, to preserve and advance the culture of the state in accordance with the powers and duties granted to the director, including the issuance of a permit for the archaeological excavation or removal of the remains. If the director determines that the issuance of a permit for the archaeological excavation or removal of the remains is not reasonable, necessary or prudent, the director shall provide written reasons to the applicant for not issuing the permit.

(e) Issuance of permits.

All permits issued by the director of the historic preservation section for the disturbance of human skeletal remains, grave artifacts, or grave markers shall at a minimum address the following conditions: (1) The methods by which descendents of proven kinship to the deceased are notified prior to the disturbance; (2) the respectful manner in which the remains, artifacts or markers are to be removed and handled; (3) the need for any scientific analysis of the remains, artifacts or markers and the duration of those studies: (4) the way in which the remains may be reburied in consultation with any descendents of proven kinship, when available; and (5) such other conditions as the director may deem necessary. Expenses accrued in meeting the permit conditions shall be borne by the permit applicant, except in cases where the deceased descendents or sponsors are willing to share or assume the costs. A permit to disturb human skeletal remains, grave artifacts or grave markers will be issued only after alternatives to disturbance and other mitigative measures have been considered.

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- In addition, a person applying for a permit to excavate or remove human skeletal remains, grave artifacts, grave markers, or any historic or prehistoric features of archaeological significance must:
 - (1) Provide a detailed statement to the director of the historic preservation section giving the reasons and objectives for excavation or removal and the benefits expected to be obtained from the contemplated work;
 - (2) Provide data and results of any excavation, study or collection in annual reports to the director of the historic preservation section and submit a final report to the director upon completion of the excavation; and
 - (3) Obtain the prior written permission of the owner if the site of such proposed excavation is on privately owned land.
 - Such permits shall be issued for a period of two years and may be renewed at expiration. The permits are not transferable but other persons who have not been issued a permit may work under the direct supervision of the person holding the permit. The person or persons to whom a permit was issued must carry the permit while exercising the privileges granted and must be present at the site whenever work is being done.
 - Notwithstanding any other penalties to which a person may be subject under this section for failing to comply with the terms and conditions of a permit, the permit of a person who violates any of the provisions of this subsection shall be revoked.
 - As permits are issued, the director of the historic preservation section shall maintain a catalogue of unmarked grave locations throughout the state.
 - (f) Property tax exemption for unmarked grave sites.
- To serve as an incentive for the protection of unmarked graves, the owner, having evidence of the presence of unmarked graves on his or her property, may apply to the director of the historic preservation section for a determination as to whether such is the case. Upon making such a determination in the affirma-

tive, the director of the historic preservation section shall provide written certification to the land owner that the site containing the graves is a cemetery and as such is exempt from property taxation upon presentation of the certification to the county assessor. The area of the site to receive property tax exempt status shall be determined by the director of the historic preservation section. Additionally, a property owner may establish protective easements for the location of unmarked graves.

- (g) Additional provisions for enforcement; civil penalties; rewards for information.
- (1) The prosecuting attorney of the county in which a violation of any provision of this section is alleged to have occurred may be requested by the director of the historic preservation section to initiate criminal prosecutions or to seek civil damages, injunctive relief and any other appropriate relief. The director of the historic preservation section shall cooperate with the prosecuting attorney in resolving such allegations.
- (2) Persons convicted of any prohibited act involving the excavation, removal, destruction, disturbance or offering for sale or exchange of historic or prehistoric ruins, burial grounds, archaeological site, human skeletal remains, unmarked grave, grave artifact or grave marker under the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (c) of this section shall also be liable for civil damages to be assessed by the prosecuting attorney in consultation with the director of the historic preservation section.

250 Civil damages may include:

- (i) Forfeiture of any and all equipment used in disturbing the protected unmarked graves or grave markers;
- 254 (ii) any and all costs incurred in cleaning, restoring, 255 analyzing, accessioning and curating the recovered 256 material;
- 257 (iii) any and all costs associated with recovery of data, 258 and analyzing, publishing, accessioning and curating

- materials when the prohibited activity is so extensive as to preclude the restoration of the unmarked burials or grave markers;
- 262 (iv) any and all costs associated with restoring the 263 land to its original contour or the grave marker to its 264 original condition;
- 265 (v) any and all costs associated with reinterment of the human skeletal remains; and
 - (vi) any and all costs associated with the determination and collection of the civil damages.

When civil damages are recovered, the proceeds, less the costs of the prosecuting attorney associated with the determination and collection of such damages, shall be deposited into the endangered historic properties fund and may be expended by the commissioner of culture and history for archaeological programs at the state level, including the payment of rewards for information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons violating the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (c) of this section.

- (3) The commissioner of culture and history is authorized to offer and pay rewards of up to one thousand dollars from funds on deposit in the endangered historic properties fund for information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons who violate the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (c) of this section.
- (h) Disposition of remains and artifacts not subject to reburial.

All human skeletal remains and grave artifacts found in unmarked graves on public or private land, and not subject to reburial, under the provisions of subsection (e) of this section, are held in trust for the people of West Virginia by the state and are under the jurisdiction of the director of historic preservation. All materials collected and not reburied through this section shall be maintained with dignity and respect for the people of the state under the care of the West Virginia state museum.

§29-1-8b. Protection of historic and prehistoric sites; penalties.

- 1 Historic and prehistoric landmarks, sites and dis-
- 2 tricts, identified by the historic preservation section, on
- 3 lands owned or leased by the state, or on private lands
- 4 where investigation and development rights have been
- 5 acquired by the state by lease or contract, shall not be
- acquired by the state by lease or contract, shall not be
- 6 disturbed, or destroyed except as permitted under
- 7 sections eight and eight-a of this article.
- 8 Any person violating the provisions of this section
- 9 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction
- 10 thereof, shall be fined not more than five hundred
- 11 dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than
- 12 six months, or both fined and imprisoned.

§29-1-9. Administrative section; director.

- 1 The purposes and duties of the administrative section
- 2 are to provide centralized support to the division in all
- 3 areas of operations.
- 4 The commissioner shall appoint a director of the
- 5 administrative section who shall have a bachelor's
- 6 degree and two years' experience in responsible posi-
- 7 tions involving office management, public administra-
- 8 tion, budget and fiscal administration, or related fields;
- 9 or six years' experience as outlined above.
- 10 Notwithstanding these qualifications, the person serving
- 11 as director of the administrative section on the date of
- 12 enactment of this section shall be eligible for appoint-
- 13 ment as director of the administrative section.
- 14 With approval of the commissioner, the director of the
- 15 administrative section shall establish professional
- 16 positions within the section.

§29-1-10. Division employees classified by civil service; exceptions.

- 1 Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 2 hundred seventy-seven, any person employed in any of
- 3 the agencies consolidated by this article who is a
- 4 classified civil service employee shall, within the limits
- 5 provided in article six of this chapter, remain in the civil

- 6 service system as a covered employee; and all persons
- 7 employed by the division of culture and history shall be
- 8 employed under the classified service of the civil service
- 9 system within the limits provided in article six of this
- 10 chapter.

§29-1-11. Power to accept and receive funds; power to apply for grants; disbursal of funds; restrictions on expenditure; disposition of funds heretofore received or appropriated.

1 The division may, in the name of the state of West 2 Virginia, through the commissioner or its commissions, 3 accept and receive grants, appropriations, gifts, be-4 quests and funds from any public or private source for the purpose of carrying out the duties and purposes of 5 6 this article. The division may, through the commissioner 7 or its commissions, apply for grants from the federal 8 government, private foundations and any other source 9 for the purposes of this article. All funds received from 10 any source shall be paid into the treasury of the state 11 and disbursed upon warrant by the state auditor 12 following requisition by the division. Such requisitions 13 shall be signed by the commissioner or by such other 14 person as the commissioner may authorize by written 15 document deposited with the auditor or, in the event of 16 emergency, by the governor or the governor's designee. 17 No funds or gifts received from any source shall be expended or used for any purpose other than that 18 intended as evidenced by a positive and affirmative 19 20 declaration or by a negative restriction or limitation.

21 All federal or state funds received to provide grantsin-aid or awards to further the purposes of this article 22 shall be approved and distributed by the appropriate 23 commission established by this article. 24

§29-1-12. Publication of materials; agreements.

The division of culture and history shall have the 1 power, responsibility and duty to publish or republish 2 material of prehistorical, historical, archaeological, 3 architectural or cultural interest. The division of culture 4 and history may sell such publications as well as 5

postcards and other items of such interest at the state

- 7 museum or any other site or property administered by
- 8 the state or at any special event sponsored by the state.
- The division shall have the right to enter into agree-9
- 10 ments with responsible individuals, private historical.
- archaeological, architectural or cultural associations. 11
- foundations or similar organizations or any agency of 12
- the federal, state or local government for the purpose 13
- of carrying out its purposes or for raising money to fund 14
- the functions of the division. 15

§29-1-13. Land; control and disposal; rules and regulations.

1 All land owned or leased by the division of culture and

2 history shall be titled in the name of the public land 3

corporation of West Virginia but shall be controlled,

administered and supervised by the division. The 4 division, in the discretion of its commissioner, may sell 5

or dispose of any real or personal property which, in his

or her opinion, does not have sufficient prehistorical, 7

historical, archaeological, architectural or cultural value 8

to justify its retention. 9

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10 The commissioner shall have the power to make and

promulgate rules and regulations relating to the general 11

12 management and administration of the division.

§29-1-14. Washington-Carver Camp; prohibition of disposition or removal of minerals without authorization by the Legislature.

Washington-Carver Camp in Fayette County, hereto-1 2 fore transferred to the public land corporation under the control, administration and supervision of the division 3 of culture and history shall continue under the control, 4 5 administration and supervision of the division.

The division of culture and history shall undertake to develop such cultural and multicultural, artistic, humanistic and educational programs at the camp as will serve and benefit the citizens of the state and the many cultures represented therein. In order to ensure the maximum reasonable utilization of that portion of the camp under its jurisdiction, the division shall, during times the camp is not being used for the

13 division's purposes, make the camp available, under 14

such terms as the division deems proper, to any other 15

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- 16 agency of government or nonprofit group desiring to use
- 17 the camp. The camp shall retain the name "Camp
- 18 Washington-Carver" as indicative of its heritage of
- 19 serving the black citizens of the state. The division is
- 20 authorized to provide necessary and suitable equipment
- 21 and other resources for implementing the provisions of
- 22 this section.

No minerals may be assigned, leased or otherwise encumbered, sold, mined, or removed with respect to the property heretofore transferred or the mineral rights retained without specific authorization by the Legislature.

CHAPTER 43

(S. B. 351—By Senators Bailey, Minard, Dittmar, Wiedebusch, Anderson and Felton)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and thirteen, article fourteen, and sections one and thirteen, article fourteen-b, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to civil service for deputy sheriffs and correctional officers; and providing that deputy sheriffs or correctional officers who are appointed jailer shall be entitled to rights and benefits under civil service, except that they may be removed without cause, retaining their former rank.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and thirteen, article fourteen, and sections one and thirteen, article fourteen-b, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 14. Civil Service for Deputy Sheriffs.
- 14B. Civil Service for Correctional Officers.

ARTICLE 14. CIVIL SERVICE FOR DEPUTY SHERIFFS.

§7-14-1. Appointments and promotions of deputy sheriffs.

§7-14-13. Vacancies filled by promotions; eligibility for promotion; rights of chief deputy.

*§7-14-1. Appointments and promotions of deputy sheriffs.

1 Notwithstanding the provisions of article three, 2 chapter six, and article seven, chapter seven of this code, 3 all appointments and promotions of full-time deputy 4 sheriffs, as defined in section two of this article, in the offices of sheriffs of counties of twenty-five thousand 5 population or more, shall be made only according to 6 7 qualifications and fitness to be ascertained by examinations, which, so far as practicable, shall be competitive, 8 9 as hereinafter provided. On and after the effective date of this article, no person except the chief deputy or a 10 deputy sheriff appointed as jailer pursuant to the 11 provisions of section two, article eight of this chapter 12 shall be appointed, promoted, reinstated, removed, 13 discharged, suspended or reduced in rank or pay as a 14 full-time deputy sheriff, as defined in said section two, 15 16 of any county in the state of West Virginia subject to the provisions hereof, in any manner or by any means 17 other than those prescribed in this article. 18

§7-14-13. Vacancies filled by promotions; eligibility for promotion; rights of chief deputy.

Vacancies in positions of deputy sheriff shall be filled, 1 2 so far as practicable, by promotion from among persons holding positions in the next lower grade. Promotions 3 shall be based upon merit and fitness, to be ascertained 4 by competitive examinations to be provided by the civil 5 service commission, and upon the superior qualifications 6 of the persons promoted, as shown by their previous 7 service and experience: Provided, That, except for the 8 chief deputy or jailer, no person shall be eligible for 9 promotion from the lower grade to the next higher 10 grade until such person shall have completed at least 11 two years' service in the next lower grade: Provided, 12 however, That notwithstanding the provisions of section 13 one of this article, any person occupying the office of 14 chief deputy or any deputy sheriff occupying the office 15 16 of jailer pursuant to the provisions of section two, article eight of this chapter in any such county on the effective 17

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 478 (Chapter 44), which passed subsequent to this act.

18 date of this article, or thereafter appointed to such 19 office, shall, except as hereinafter provided in this 20 section, be and shall continue to be entitled to all of the 21 rights and benefits of the provisions of this article. 22 except that he or she may be removed from such office 23 of chief deputy or jailer without cause and the time 24 spent by such person in the office of such chief deputy 25 or jailer shall be added to the time, if any, served by 26 such person during the entire time he or she was a deputy sheriff of such county prior to his or her 27 appointment as chief deputy or jailer, and shall in all 28 29 cases of removal, except for removal for just cause, 30 retain the regular rank within said sheriff's office which 31 he or she held, if any, at the time of his or her 32 appointment to the office of chief deputy or jailer or 33 which he or she has attained, if any, during his or her term of service as chief deputy or jailer. The provisions 34 of this section shall be construed to apply and to inure 35 to the benefit of all persons who have ever been subject 36 37 to the provisions of this article. The commission shall 38 have the power to determine in each instance whether 39 an increase in salary constitutes a promotion.

ARTICLE 14B. CIVIL SERVICE FOR CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS.

§7-14B-1. Appointments and promotions of correctional officers.

§7-14B-13. Vacancies filled by promotions; eligibility for promotion.

§7-14B-1. Appointments and promotions of correctional officers.

1 Notwithstanding the provisions of article three, 2 chapter six, and article seven, chapter seven of this code, all appointments and promotions of full-time correc-3 tional officers, as defined in section two of this article. 4 in the offices of sheriffs of counties of twenty-five 5 6 thousand population or more, shall be made only 7 according to qualifications and fitness to be ascertained by examinations, which, so far as practicable, shall be 8 competitive, as hereinafter provided. On and after the 9 effective date of this article, no person except a 10 correctional officer appointed as jailer pursuant to the 11 12 provisions of section two, article eight of this chapter shall be appointed, promoted, reinstated, removed. 13 discharged, suspended or reduced in rank or pay as a 14 full-time correctional officer, as defined in said section 15

16 two, of any county in the state of West Virginia subject

17 to the provisions hereof, in any manner or by any means

18 other than those prescribed in this article.

§7-14B-13. Vacancies filled by promotions; eligibility for promotion.

Vacancies in positions of correctional officer shall be 1 filled, so far as practicable, by promotion from among 2 persons holding positions in the next lower grade. 3 Promotions shall be based upon merit and fitness, to be 4 5 ascertained by competitive examinations to be provided by the civil service commission, and upon the superior 6 qualifications of the persons promoted, as shown by 7 their previous service and experience: Provided, That, 8 except for a correctional officer appointed jailer 9 10 pursuant to the provisions of section two, article eight of this chapter, no person shall be eligible for promotion 11 from the lower grade to the next higher grade until such 12 person shall have completed at least two years' service 13 in the next lower grade: Provided, however, That 14 notwithstanding the provisions of section one of this 15 article, any correctional officer occupying the office of ·16 17 jailer pursuant to the provisions of section two, article eight of this chapter in any such county on the effective 18 date of this article, or thereafter appointed to such 19 office, shall, except as hereinafter provided in this 20 section, be and shall continue to be entitled to all of the 21 rights and benefits of the provisions of this article, 22 23 except that he or she may be removed from such office 24 of jailer without cause and the time spent by such person 25 in the office of such jailer shall be added to the time, 26 if any, served by such person during the entire time he or she was a correctional officer of such county prior to 27 his or her appointment as jailer, and shall in all cases 28 29 of removal, except for removal for just cause, retain the regular rank within said sheriff's office which he or she 30 held, if any, at the time of his or her appointment to the 31 office of jailer or which he or she has attained, if any, 32 during his or her term of service as jailer. The 33 provisions of this section shall be construed to apply and 34 to inure to the benefit of all persons who have ever been 35 subject to the provisions of this article. The commission 36 shall have the power to determine in each instance 37 whether an increase in salary constitutes a promotion. 38

CHAPTER 44

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 478-By Senator Felton)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section nineteen, article fourteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections one, three and twenty of said article, relating to civil service for deputy sheriffs; and providing that persons who are currently or who hereinafter serve as deputy sheriffs shall be covered by civil service.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nineteen, article fourteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that sections one, three and twenty of said article be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. CIVIL SERVICE FOR DEPUTY SHERIFFS.

- §7-14-1. Appointments and promotions of deputy sheriffs.
- §7-14-3. Civil service commission.
- §7-14-20. Inconsistent acts repealed; once established civil service remains mandatory.

*§7-14-1. Appointments and promotions of deputy sheriffs.

- 1 Notwithstanding the provisions of article three,
- 2 chapter six and article seven, chapter seven of this code,
- 3 all appointments and promotions of full-time deputy
- 4 sheriffs shall be made only according to qualifications
- 5 and fitness to be ascertained by examinations, which, so
- 6 far as practicable, shall be competitive, as hereinafter
- 7 provided. On and after the effective date of this article,
- 8 no person except the chief deputy shall be appointed,
- 9 promoted, reinstated, removed, discharged, suspended
- 10 or reduced in rank or pay as a full-time deputy sheriff,
- 11 as defined in said section two, of any county in the state
- 12 of West Virginia subject to the provisions hereof, in any
- 13 manner or by any means other than those prescribed in
- 14 this article.

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S.B. 351 (Chapter 43), which passed prior to this act.

§7-14-3. Civil service commission.

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There shall be a civil service commission in each 1 2 county and the state. Each such civil service commission 3 shall consist of three commissioners, one of whom shall 4 be appointed by the bar association of such county, one 5 of whom shall be appointed by the deputy sheriff's 6 association of such county, and one of whom shall be 7 appointed by the county commission of such county. In 8 the event the bar association or deputy sheriff's 9 association fails to make an appointment within the time prescribed in this section therefor, then such appoint-10 ment shall be made by the county commission. The 11 12 persons appointed commissioners shall be qualified voters of the county for which they are appointed, and 13 14 at least two of the commissioners shall be persons in full 15 sympathy with the purposes of this article. Not more 16 than two of the commissioners, at any one time, shall 17 be members of the same political party. The commis-18 sioners in each county shall be appointed as follows: 19 Within sixty days from the effective date of this article, 20 the authorities having the power to appoint members to 21 the civil service commission shall appoint the three 22 commissioners, the first to be appointed by the bar 23 association of the county shall serve for six years from 24 the date of appointment, the second to be appointed by 25 the deputy sheriff's association of the county shall serve 26 for four years from the date of appointment, and the 27 third to be appointed by the county commission of the 28 county shall serve for a term of two years from the date 29 of appointment. All subsequent appointments shall be 30 made for terms of four years. In the event that any 31 commissioner of the civil service commission ceases to 32 be a member thereof by virtue of death, final removal or other cause, a new commissioner shall be appointed 33 to fill the unexpired term of that commissioner within 34 ten days after said ex-commissioner ceased to be a 35 member of the commission. Such appointment shall be 36 made by the authority who appointed the commissioner 37 who is no longer a member of the commission. Each 38 year the three members of the commission shall, 39 together, elect one of their number to act as president 40 of the commission for a term of one year. The county 41

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commission may at any time remove a commissioner for good cause, which shall be stated in writing and made a part of the records of the commission. Once the county commission has removed any commissioner, such county commission shall within ten days thereafter file in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county a petition setting forth in full the reason for the removal and praying for the confirmation of the circuit court of the action of the county commission in removing the said commissioner. A copy of the petition shall be served upon the commissioner so removed simultaneously with its filing in the office of the clerk of the circuit court and has precedence on the docket of the circuit court and shall be heard by the court as soon as practicable upon the request of the removed commissioner. All rights hereby vested in the circuit court may be exercised by the judge thereof in vacation. In the event that no term of the circuit court is being held at the time of the filing of the petition, and the judge thereof cannot be reached in the county wherein the petition was filed. the petition shall be heard at the next succeeding term of the circuit court, whether regular or special, and the commissioner so removed shall remain removed until a hearing is had upon the petition of the county commission. The circuit court, or the judge thereof in vacation, shall hear and decide the issues presented by the petition. The county commission or commissioner, as the case may be, against whom the decisions of the circuit court or judge thereof in vacation is rendered has the right to petition the supreme court of appeals for a review of the decision of the circuit court or the judge thereof in vacation as in other civil cases. In the event that the county commission fails to file its petition in the office of the clerk of the circuit court, as hereinbefore provided, within ten days after the removal of the commissioner, such commissioner immediately resumes his position as a member of the civil service commission.

Any resident of the county has the right at any time to file charges against and seek the removal of any member of the civil service commission. The charges shall be filed in the form of a petition in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county. A copy of

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84 the petition shall be served upon the commissioner 85 sought to be removed. The petition shall be matured for 86 hearing and heard as a civil action by the circuit court 87 of the county for which the commissioner serves as a 88 member of the civil service commission or by the judge 89 thereof in vacation. The party against whom the decision 90 of the circuit court or judge thereof in vacation is 91 rendered has the right to petition the supreme court of 92 appeals for a review of the decision of the circuit court 93 or judge thereof in vacation as in other civil cases.

No commissioner may hold any other office (other than the office of notary public) under the United States, this state or any municipality, county or other political subdivision thereof; nor may any commissioner serve on any political party committee or take any active part in the management of any political campaign.

§7-14-20. Inconsistent acts repealed; once established civil service remains mandatory.

All acts and parts of acts of the Legislature, whether general, special or local, in relation to deputy sheriffs inconsistent with the provisions of this article are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency.

CHAPTER 45

(S. B. 631—By Senators Holliday and Macnaughtan)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen; to amend article sixteen of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven; to amend and reenact sections fifteen-a, fifteen-b and thirty-three, article two, chapter forty-eight of said code; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen-c; to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter forty-eight-a of said code; to amend and reenact

sections twelve and fifteen, article two of said chapter: to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three; to amend and reenact section three-a, article three of said chapter: to amend and reenact section one, article four of said chapter: to amend and reenact sections two and three. article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact section five, article six of said chapter; and to amend and reenact sections twelve and thirty-six, article seven of said chapter, all relating to the enforcement of family obligations generally; requiring insurers to provide coverage for children of insureds; requiring courts when establishing or modifying support orders to ascertain the ability of parties to provide medical care for children; providing for the establishment and enforcement of medical support orders; providing for withholding from income of amounts payable as support: directing the supreme court of appeals to provide forms for petitions for modification of an order for support; requiring the disclosure of assets in an action for divorce or annulment; clarifying the meaning of the term "source of income"; changing the definition of "support" to include interest on unpaid support; providing for the distribution of amounts collected as support by the child advocate office; removing the specific requirements as to the contents of legislative rules relating to obtaining support from federal tax refunds; prescribing procedures for obtaining access to records in the possession of the children's advocate; providing that the children's advocate represents the state of West Virginia; increasing the statutory salary for secretary-clerks of the family law master; restating that for hearings before a master, advance payment of additional fees beyond the initial fee charged shall be required: providing for interest on judgments for mature, unpaid installments of child support; directing an obligor who contests an affidavit for child support arrearages to obtain a date for hearing before the family law master: establishing the priority of writs of execution, suggestions or suggestee executions as to other legal process; providing for the amount to be withheld from the disposable income of an obligor

pursuant to a suggestee execution; establishing when a notice of wage withholding is sent to an obligor; prescribing the contents of such notice; providing for certain limitations on the amount which may be withheld from income; defining the misdemeanor offense of concealing the payment of income to an obligor with the intent to avoid income withholding and establishing penalties therefor; requiring a source of income to provide income information to the children's advocate; and providing that the children's advocate represents the state of West Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen; that article sixteen of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven; that sections fifteen-a. fifteen-b and thirty-three, article two, chapter forty-eight of said code be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen-c; that section three, article one, chapter forty-eight-a be amended and reenacted; that sections twelve and fifteen, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twentythree; that section three-a, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section one, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two and three, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section five, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that sections twelve and thirty-six, article seven of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 33. Insurance.
- 48. Domestic Relations.
- 48A. Enforcement of Family Obligations.

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

Article

- 15. Accident and Sickness Insurance.
- 16. Group Accident and Sickness Insurance.

ARTICLE 15. ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-15-16. Policies not to exclude insured's children from coverage.

- An insurer issuing accident and sickness policies in 1
- 2 this state shall provide coverage for the child or children
- of the insured without regard to the amount of child 3
- support ordered to be paid or actually paid by the 4
- insured, if any, and without regard to the fact that the 5
- insured may not have legal custody of the child or
- 7 children or that the child or children may not be
- 8 residing in the home of the insured.

ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-16-11. Group policies not to exclude insured's children from coverage.

- An insurer issuing group accident and sickness 1
- policies in this state shall provide coverage for the child 2
- 3 or children of each employee or member of the insured
- 4 group without regard to the amount of child support
- 5 ordered to be paid or actually paid by such employee
- or member, if any, and without regard to the fact that 6
- 7 the employee or member may not have legal custody of
- the child or children or that the child or children may 8
- not be residing in the home of the employee or member.

CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

ARTICLE 2. DIVORCE. SEPARATE ANNULMENT AND MAINTENANCE.

- §48-2-15a. Medical support enforcement.
- §48-2-15b. Withhholding from income on and after November 1, 1990.
- §48-2-15c. Modification forms.
- §48-2-33. Disclosure of assets required.

§48-2-15a. Medical support enforcement.

- (a) For the purposes of this section: 1
- 2 (1) "Custodian for the children" means a parent, legal
- 3 guardian, committee or other third party appointed by
- court order as custodian of child or children for whom
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- 5 child support is ordered.
- (2) "Obligated parent" means a natural or adoptive 6
- parent who is required by agreement or order to pay 7
- for insurance coverage and medical care, or some 8
- portion thereof, for his or her child. 9

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- 10 (3) "Insurance coverage" means coverage for medical, 11 dental, including orthodontic, optical, psychological, 12 psychiatric or other health care service.
- 13 (4) "Child" means a child to whom a duty of child support is owed.
- 15 (5) "Medical care" means medical, dental, optical, 16 psychological, psychiatric or other health care service 17 for children in need of child support.
- 18 (6) "Insurer" means any company, trust or other entity 19 which provides insurance coverage.
 - (b) In every action to establish or modify an order which requires the payment of child support, the court shall ascertain the ability of each parent to provide medical care for the children of the parties. The court shall order one or more of the following:
- (1) The court may order either parent or both parents 25 26 to provide insurance coverage for a child, if such 27 insurance coverage is available to that parent on a group basis through an employer or through an employee's 28 29 union. If similar insurance coverage is available to both 30 parents, the court shall order the child to be insured 31 under the insurance coverage which provides more 32 comprehensive benefits. If such insurance coverage is 33 not available at the time of the entry of the order, the 34 order shall require that if such coverage thereafter 35 becomes available to either party, that party shall 36 promptly notify the other party of the availability of 37 insurance coverage for the child.
 - (2) If the court finds that insurance coverage is not available to either parent on a group basis through an employer, multi-employer trust or employees' union, or that the group insurer is not accessible to the parties, the court may order either parent or both parents to obtain insurance coverage which is otherwise available at a reasonable cost.
- 45 (3) Based upon the respective ability of the parents to pay, the court may order either parent or both parents to be liable for reasonable and necessary medical care

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- for a child. The court shall specify the proportion of the medical care for which each party shall be responsible.
 - (4) If insurance coverage is available, the court shall also determine the amount of the annual deductible on insurance coverage which is attributable to the children and designate the proportion of the deductible which each party shall pay.
 - (c) The cost of insurance coverage shall be considered by the court in applying the child support guidelines provided for in section eight, article two, chapter fortyeight-a of this code.
 - (d) Within thirty days after the entry of an order requiring the obligated parent to provide insurance coverage for the children, that parent shall submit to the custodian for the child written proof that the insurance has been obtained or that an application for insurance has been made. Such proof of insurance coverage shall consist of, at a minimum:
- 66 (1) The name of the insurer;
- 67 (2) The policy number;
- 68 (3) An insurance card;
- 69 (4) The address to which all claims should be mailed;
- 70 (5) A description of any restrictions on usage, such as 71 prior approval for hospital admission, and the manner 72 in which to obtain such approval;
- 73 (6) A description of all deductibles; and
- 74 (7) Five copies of claim forms.
 - (e) The custodian for the child shall send the insurer or the obligated parent's employer the children's address and notice that the custodian will be submitting claims on behalf of the children. Upon receipt of such notice, or an order for insurance coverage under this section, the obligated parent's employer, multi-employer trust or union shall, upon the request of the custodian for the child, release information on the coverage for the children, including the name of the insurer.

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- (f) A copy of the court order for insurance coverage shall not be provided to the obligated parent's employer or union or the insurer unless ordered by the court, or unless:
 - (1) The obligated parent, within thirty days of receiving effective notice of the court order, fails to provide to the custodian for the child written proof that the insurance has been obtained or that an application for insurance has been made:
- 93 (2) The custodian for the child serves written notice 94 by mail at the obligated parent's last known address of 95 intention to enforce the order requiring insurance 96 coverage for the child; and
- 97 (3) The obligated parent fails within fifteen days after 98 the mailing of the notice to provide written proof to the 99 custodian for the child that the child has insurance coverage.
- 100 (g) (1) Upon service of the order requiring insurance 101 coverage for the children, the employer, multi-employer 102 trust or union shall enroll the child as a beneficiary in 103 the group insurance plan and withhold any required 104 premium from the obligated parent's income or wages.
 - (2) If more than one plan is offered by the employer, multi-employer trust or union, the child shall be enrolled in the most comprehensive plan otherwise available to the obligated parent at a reasonable cost.
- 109 (3) Insurance coverage for the child which is ordered 110 pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not be 111 terminated except as provided in subsection (i) of this 112 section.
- 113 (h) (1) The signature of the custodian for the child 114 shall constitute a valid authorization to the insurer for 115 the purposes of processing an insurance payment to the 116 provider of medical care for the child.
 - (2) No insurer, employer or multi-employer trust in this state may refuse to honor a claim for a covered service when the custodian for the child or the obligated parent submits proof of payment for medical bills for the child.

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- 122 (3) The insurer shall reimburse the custodian for the child or the obligated parent who submits copies of 123 medical bills for the child with proof of payment. 124
- 125 (4) All insurers in this state shall provide insurance 126 coverage for the child of a covered employee notwith-127 standing the amount of support otherwise ordered by the court and regardless of the fact that the child may 128 129 not be living in the home of the covered employee.
- 130 (i) When an order for insurance coverage for a child pursuant to this section is in effect and the obligated 132 parent's employment is terminated, or the insurance 133 coverage for the child is denied, modified or terminated. the insurer shall, within ten days after the notice of change in coverage is sent to the covered employee, notify the custodian for the child and provide an explanation of any conversion privileges available from 137 138 the insurer.
- 139 (i) A child of an obligated parent shall remain eligible 140 for insurance coverage until the child is emancipated or 141 until the insurer under the terms of the applicable insurance policy terminates said child from coverage. 142 whichever is later in time, or until further order of the 143 144 court.
- 145 (k) If the obligated parent fails to comply with the order to provide insurance coverage for the child, the 146 147 court shall:
 - (1) Hold the obligated parent in contempt for failing or refusing to provide the insurance coverage, or for failing or refusing to provide the information required in subsection (d) of this section;
 - (2) Enter an order for a sum certain against the obligated parent for the cost of medical care for the child, and any insurance premiums paid or provided for the child during any period in which the obligated parent failed to provide the required coverage: and
- (3) In the alternative, other enforcement remedies 157 available under sections two and three, article five. 158 chapter forty-eight-a of this code, or otherwise available 159

- under law, may be used to recover from the obligated parent the cost of medical care or insurance coverage for the child.
- (l) Proof of failure to maintain court ordered insurance coverage for the child constitutes a showing of substantial change in circumstances or increased need pursuant to section fifteen of this article, and provides a basis for modification of the child support order.

§48-2-15b. Withholding from income on and after November 1, 1990.

- 1 (a) On and after the first day of November, one
 2 thousand nine hundred ninety, every order entered or
 3 modified under the provisions of this article which
 4 requires the payment of child support or spousal support
 5 shall include a provision for automatic withholding from
 6 income of the obligor, in order to facilitate income
 7 withholding as a means of collecting support.
- 8 (b) Every such order as described in subsection (a) of 9 this section shall contain language authorizing income 10 withholding to commence without further court action, 11 as follows:
- 12 (1) The order shall provide that income withholding 13 will begin immediately, without regard to whether there is an arrearage: (A) When a child for whom support is 14 ordered is included or becomes included in a grant of 15 assistance from the division of human services or a 16 17 similar agency of a sister state for aid to families with 18 dependent children benefits, medical assistance only 19 benefits, or foster care benefits; or (B) when the support 20 obligee has applied for services from the child advocate office or the support enforcement agency of another 21 state or is otherwise receiving services from the child 22 23 advocate office as provided for in chapter forty-eight-a of this code. In any case where one of the parties 24 demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good 25 26 cause not to require immediate income withholding, or 27 in any case where there is filed with the court a written agreement between the parties which provides for an 28 alternative arrangement, such order shall not provide 29

- 30 for income withholding to begin immediately.
- 31 (2) The order shall also provide that income withhold-32 ing will begin immediately upon the occurrence of any 33 of the following:
- 34 (A) When the payments which the obligor has failed 35 to make under the order are at least equal to the support 36 payable for one month, if the order requires support to 37 be paid in monthly installments;
 - (B) When the payments which the obligor has failed to make under the order are at least equal to the support payable for four weeks, if the order requires support to be paid in weekly or biweekly installments;
- 42 (C) When the obligor requests the child advocate office 43 to commence income withholding; or
 - (D) When the obligee requests that such withholding begin, if the request is approved by the court in accordance with procedures and standards established by rules and regulations promulgated by the director of the child advocate office.
 - (c) For the purposes of this section, the number of days support payments are in arrears shall be considered to be the total cumulative number of days during which payments required by a court order have been delinquent, whether or not such days are consecutive.
 - (d) The supreme court of appeals shall make available to the circuit courts standard language to be included in all such orders, so as to conform such orders to the applicable requirements of state and federal law regarding the withholding from income of amounts payable as support.
 - (e) Every support order entered by a circuit court of this state prior to the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall be considered to provide for an order of income withholding, by operation of law, which complies with the provisions of this section, notwithstanding the fact that such support order does not in fact provide for such order of withholding.

 $\S48-2-15c.$ Modification forms.

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The supreme court of appeals shall make available to 1 2 the circuit courts a standard form for a petition for modification of an order for support, which form will 3 4 allege that the existing order should be altered or 5 revised because of a loss or change of employment or other substantial change affecting income, or that the 6 7 amount of support required to be paid is not within fifteen percent of the child support guidelines. The clerk 8 9 of the circuit court shall make such forms available to persons desiring to petition the court pro se for a 10 modification of the support award. 11

§48-2-33. Disclosure of assets required.

- (a) In addition to any discovery ordered by the court pursuant to rule eighty-one of the rules of civil procedure, the court may, or upon pleadings or motion of either party, the court shall, require each party to furnish, on such standard forms as the court may require, full disclosure of all assets owned in full or in part by either party separately or by the parties jointly. Such disclosure may be made by each party individually or by the parties jointly. Assets required to be disclosed shall include, but shall not be limited to, real property, savings accounts, stocks and bonds, mortgages and notes, life insurance, health insurance coverage, interest in a partnership or corporation, tangible personal property, income from employment, future interests whether vested or nonvested, and any other financial interest or source. The court may also require each party to furnish, on the same standard form, information pertaining to all debts and liabilities of the parties. The form used shall contain a statement in conspicuous print that complete disclosure of assets and debts is required by law and deliberate failure to provide complete disclosure as ordered by the court constitutes false swearing. The court may on its own initiative and shall at the request of either party require the parties to furnish copies of all state and federal income tax returns filed by them for the past two years, and may require copies of such returns for prior years.
 - (b) Disclosure forms required under this section shall be filed within forty days after the service of summons

- or at such other time as ordered by the court. Information contained on such forms shall be updated on the record to the date of hearing.
 - (c) Information disclosed under this section shall be confidential and may not be made available to any person for any purpose other than the adjudication, appeal, modification or enforcement of judgment of an action affecting the family of the disclosing parties. The court shall include in any order compelling disclosure of assets such provisions as the court considers necessary to preserve the confidentiality of the information ordered disclosed.
 - (d) Upon the failure by either party timely to file a complete disclosure statement as may be required by this section, the court may accept the statement of the other party as accurate.
 - (e) If any party deliberately or negligently fails to disclose information which may be required by this section and in consequence thereof any asset or assets with a fair market value of five hundred dollars or more is omitted from the final distribution of property, the party aggrieved by such nondisclosure may at any time petition a court of competent jurisdiction to declare the creation of a constructive trust as to all undisclosed assets, for the benefit of the parties and their minor or dependent children, if any, with the party in whose name the assets are held declared the constructive trustee, such trust to include such terms and conditions as the court may determine. The court shall impose the trust upon a finding of a failure to disclose such assets as required under this section.
 - (f) Any assets with a fair market value of five hundred dollars or more which would be considered part of the estate of either or both of the parties if owned by either or both of them at the time of the action, but which was transferred for inadequate consideration, wasted, given away or otherwise unaccounted for by one of the parties, within five years prior to the filing of the petition or length of the marriage, whichever is shorter, shall be presumed to be part of the estate and shall be subject

- 70 to the disclosure requirement contained in this section.
- With respect to such transfers the spouse shall have the 71
- 72 same right and remedies as a creditor whose debt was
- 73 contracted at the time the transfer was made under
- article one-a, chapter forty of this code. Transfers which 74
- resulted in an exchange of assets of substantially 75
- equivalent value need not be specifically disclosed where 76
- such assets are otherwise identified in the statement of 77
- net worth. 78
- 79 (g) A person who knowingly provides incorrect 80 information pursuant to the provisions of this section is 81 guilty of false swearing.

CHAPTER 48A. ENFORCEMENT OF FAMILY OBLIGATIONS.

Article

- 1. General Provisions.
- 2. West Virginia Child Advocate Office.
- 3. Children's Advocate.
- 4. Proceedings Before a Master.
- 5. Remedies for the Enforcement of Support Obligations and Visitation.
- Establishment of Paternity.
- 7. Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§48A-1-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this chapter:
- (1) "Automatic data processing and retrieval system"
- 3 means a computerized data processing system designed
- to do the following: 4
- 5 (A) To control, account for and monitor all of the factors in the support enforcement collection and 6
- paternity determination process, including, but not 7
- limited to: 8
- (i) Identifiable correlation factors (such as social 9 security numbers, names, dates of birth, home addresses
- 10
- and mailing addresses of any individual with respect to 11
- whom support obligations are sought to be established 12
- or enforced and with respect to any person to whom such 13
- support obligations are owing) to assure sufficient 14

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- compatibility among the systems of different jurisdictions to permit periodic screenings to determine whether such individual is paying or is obligated to pay support in more than one jurisdiction;
- 19 (ii) Checking of records of such individuals on a 20 periodic basis with federal, interstate, intrastate and 21 local agencies;
 - (iii) Maintaining the data necessary to meet applicable federal reporting requirements on a timely basis; and
- 24 (iv) Delinquency and enforcement activities;
 - (B) To control, account for and monitor the collection and distribution of support payments (both interstate and intrastate), the determination, collection and distribution of incentive payments (both interstate and intrastate), and the maintenance of accounts receivable on all amounts owed, collected and distributed;
 - (C) To control, account for and monitor the costs of all services rendered, either directly or by exchanging information with state agencies responsible for maintaining financial management and expenditure information;
 - (D) To provide access to the records of the department of health and human resources or aid to families with dependent children in order to determine if a collection of a support payment causes a change affecting eligibility for or the amount of aid under such program;
 - (E) To provide for security against unauthorized access to, or use of, the data in such system;
- 43 (F) To facilitate the development and improvement of 44 the income withholding and other procedures designed to improve the effectiveness of support enforcement 45 through the monitoring of support payments, the 46 maintenance of accurate records regarding the payment 47 of support, and the prompt provision of notice to 48 appropriate officials with respect to any arrearages in 49 support payments which may occur; and 50
- 51 (G) To provide management information on all cases 52 from initial referral or application through collection

53 and enforcement.

- (2) "Chief judge" means the following:
- (A) The circuit judge in a judicial circuit having only one circuit judge, except for the twenty-third and thirty-first judicial circuits;
 - (B) In the twenty-third and thirty-first judicial circuits, a chief judge designated by the judges thereof from among themselves by general order, to act as chief judge for both circuits for the purposes of this chapter: *Provided*, That if the judges cannot agree as to who shall act as chief judge, then a chief judge shall be designated for the purposes of this chapter by the supreme court of appeals; or
- 66 (C) The chief judge of the circuit court in a judicial circuit having two or more circuit judges.
 - (3) "Child advocate office" means the office within the department of health and human resources created under the provisions of article two of this chapter, intended by the Legislature to be the single and separate organizational unit of state government administering programs of child and spousal support enforcement and meeting the staffing and organizational requirements of the secretary of the federal department of health and human services.
- 77 (4) "Children's advocate" or "advocate" means a person 78 appointed to such position under the provisions of 79 section two, article three of this chapter.
 - (5) "Court" means a circuit court of this state, unless the context in which such term is used clearly indicates that reference to some other court is intended. For the purposes of this chapter, the circuit courts of the twentythird and thirty-first judicial circuits shall be considered as being in a single judicial circuit.
 - (6) "Court of competent jurisdiction" means a circuit court within this state, or a court or administrative agency of another state having jurisdiction and due legal authority to deal with the subject matter of the establishment and enforcement of support obligations.

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- Whenever in this chapter reference is made to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction, or similar wording, such language shall be interpreted so as to include orders of an administrative agency entered in a state where enforceable orders may by law be properly made and entered by such administrative agency.
- 97 (7) "Custodial parent" or "custodial parent of a child"
 98 means a parent who has been granted custody of a child
 99 by a court of competent jurisdiction. "Noncustodial
 100 parent" means a parent of a child with respect to whom
 101 custody has been adjudicated with the result that such
 102 parent has not been granted custody of the child.
- 103 (8) "Domestic relations matter" means any circuit 104 court proceeding involving child custody, child visita-105 tion, child support or alimony.
- 106 (9) "Earnings" means compensation paid or payable 107 for personal services, whether denominated as wages. 108 salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, and includes 109 periodic payments pursuant to a pension or retirement 110 program. "Disposable earnings" means that part of the 111 earnings of any individual remaining after the deduc-112 tion from those earnings of any amounts required by law 113 to be withheld.
- 114 (10) "Employer" means any individual, sole proprie-115 torship, partnership, association, public or private 116 corporation, the United States or any federal agency, 117 this state or any political subdivision of this state, any 118 other state or a political subdivision of another state, and 119 any other legal entity which hires and pays an individ-120 ual for his services.
- 121 (11) "Guardian of the property of a child" means a 122 person lawfully invested with the power, and charged 123 with the duty, of managing and controlling the estate 124 of a child.
 - (12) "Income" means any of the following:
 - (A) Commissions, earnings, salaries, wages and other income due or to be due in the future to an obligor from his employer and successor employers;
- (B) Any payment due or to be due in the future to an obligor from a profit-sharing plan, a pension plan, an

- insurance contract, an annuity, social security, unemployment compensation, supplemental employment benefits and workers' compensation;
- (C) Any amount of money which is owing to the obligor as a debt from an individual, partnership, association, public or private corporation, the United States or any federal agency, this state or any political subdivision of this state, any other state or a political subdivision of another state, or any other legal entity which is indebted to the obligor.
 - (13) "Individual entitled to support enforcement services under the provisions of this chapter" means:
 - (A) An individual who has applied for or is receiving services from the child advocate office and who is the custodial parent of a child, or the primary caretaker of a child, or the guardian of the property of a child when:
 - (i) Such child has a parent and child relationship with an obligor who is not such custodial parent, primary caretaker or guardian; and
 - (ii) The obligor with whom the child has a parent and child relationship is not meeting an obligation to support the child, or has not met such obligation in the past; or
 - (B) An individual who has applied for or is receiving services from the child advocate office and who is an adult or an emancipated minor whose spouse or former spouse has been ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction to pay spousal support to the individual, whether such support is denominated alimony or separate maintenance, or is identified by some other terminology, thus establishing a support obligation with respect to such spouse, when the obligor required to pay such spousal support is not meeting the obligation, or has not met such obligation in the past.
 - (14) "Master" or "family law master" means a person appointed to such position under the provisions of section one, article four of this chapter.
 - (15) "Obligee" means an individual to whom a duty of support is owed, or the state of West Virginia or the

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- department of health and human resources, if support has been assigned to the state or department.
- 171 (16) "Obligor" means a person who owes a legal duty to support another person.
- 173 (17) "Office of the children's advocate" means the office created in section two, article three of this chapter.
 - (18) "Primary caretaker of a child" means a parent or other person having actual physical custody of a child without a court order granting such custody, and who has been primarily responsible for exercising parental rights and responsibilities with regard to such child.
 - (19) "Source of income" means an employer or successor employer or any other person who owes or will owe income to an obligor.
 - (20) "Support" means the payment of money:
 - (A) For a child or spouse, ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, whether the payment is ordered in an emergency, temporary, permanent or modified order, decree or judgment of such court, and the amount of unpaid support shall bear interest from the date it accrued, at a rate of ten dollars upon one hundred dollars per annum, and proportionately for a greater or lesser sum, or for a longer or shorter time;
 - (B) To third parties on behalf of a child or spouse, including, but not limited to, payments to medical, dental or educational providers, payments to insurers for health and hospitalization insurance, payments of residential rent or mortgage payments, payments on an automobile, or payments for day care; and/or
 - (C) For a mother, ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, for the necessary expenses incurred by or for the mother in connection with her confinement or of other expenses in connection with the pregnancy of the mother.
- 204 (21) "Support order" means any order of a court of 205 competent jurisdiction for the payment of support, 206 whether or not for a sum certain.

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA CHILD ADVOCATE OFFICE.

- §48A-2-12. Disbursements of amounts collected as support.
- §48A-2-15. Obtaining support from federal tax refunds.
- §48A-2-23. Access to records, confidentiality.

§48A-2-12. Disbursements of amounts collected as support.

- 1 (a) Amounts collected as child or spousal support by
- 2 the office shall be distributed within ten days of receipt,
- 3 except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter.
- 4 Such amounts shall, except as otherwise provided under
- 5 the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, be
- 6 distributed as follows:
- 7 (1) The first fifty dollars of such amounts as are collected periodically which represent monthly support payments shall be paid to the obligee without affecting
- 10 the eligibility of such person's family for assistance from
- 11 the department of health and human resources or
- 12 decreasing any amount otherwise payable as assistance
- 13 to such family during such month;
- 14 (2) Such amounts as are collected periodically which 15 are in excess of any amount paid to the family under
- 16 subdivision (1) of this subsection and which represent
- 17 monthly support payments shall be paid by the office to
- 18 the appropriate administrative unit of the department
- 19 of health and human resources to reimburse it for
- 20 assistance payments to the family during such period
- 21 (with appropriate reimbursement of the federal govern-
- 22 ment to the extent of its participation in the financing);
- 23 (3) Such amounts as are in excess of amounts required 24 to reimburse the department of health and human 25 resources under subdivision (2) of this subsection and 26 are not in excess of the amount required to be paid
- during such period to the family by a court order shall
- 28 be paid to the obligee; and
- 29 (4) Such amounts as are in excess of amounts required 30 to be distributed under subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of 31 this subsection shall be: (A) Paid by the office to the 32 appropriate administrative unit of the department of
- 33 health and human resources (with appropriate reim-

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- bursement of the federal government to the extent of its participation in the financing) as reimbursement for any past assistance payments made to the family for which the department has not been reimbursed; or (B) if no assistance payments have been made by the department which have not been repaid, such amounts shall be paid to the obligee.
 - (b) (1) Whenever a family for whom support payments have been collected and distributed under the provisions of this chapter ceases to receive assistance from the department of health and human resources, the office shall provide notice to the family of their rights with regard to a continuation of services. Unless notified by the family that services are no longer desired, the office shall continue to collect amounts of support payments which represent monthly support payments from the obligor and pay any amount so collected, which represents monthly support payments, to the family (without requiring any formal reapplication and without the imposition of any application fee) on the same basis as in the case of other obligees who are not receiving assistance from the department of health and human resources.
 - (2) So much of any amounts of support so collected as are in excess of the payments required to be made in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be paid, first, to the obligee until all past due support owed to the family by the obligor has been paid. After all arrearages owing to the family have been paid, any amounts of support collected which are in excess of the required support payments shall be distributed in the manner provided by paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivision (4), subsection (a) of this section with respect to excess amounts described in subsection (a) of this section.
 - (c) (1) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this section, amounts collected by the office as child support for months in any period on behalf of a child for whom the department of health and human resources is making foster care maintenance payments shall:
 - (A) Be paid by the office to the appropriate adminis-

trative unit of the department of health and human resources to the extent necessary to reimburse the department for foster care maintenance payments made with respect to the child during such period (with appropriate reimbursement of the federal government to the extent of its participation in financing);

- (B) Be paid to the appropriate administrative unit of the department of health and human resources to the extent that the amounts collected exceed the foster care maintenance payments made with respect to the child during such period but do not exceed the amounts required by a court order to be paid as support on behalf of the child during such period; and the department of health and human resources may use the payments in the manner it determines will serve the best interests of the child, including setting such payments aside for the child's future needs or making all or a part thereof available to the person responsible for meeting the child's day-to-day needs; and
- (C) Be paid to the appropriate administrative unit of the department of health and human resources if any portion of the amounts collected remains after making the payments required under paragraphs (A) and (B) of this subdivision, to the extent that such portion is necessary to reimburse the department of health and human resources (with appropriate reimbursement to the federal government to the extent of its participation in the financing), for any past foster care maintenance payments, or payments of aid to families with dependent children which were made with respect to the child (and with respect to which past collections have not previously been retained);
- (2) Any balance of the amounts required to be paid under the provisions of subdivision (1) shall be paid to the appropriate administrative unit of the department of health and human resources, for use by the department in accordance with paragraph (B) of this subdivision.
- (d) Any payment required to be made under the

- 113 provisions of this section to a family shall be made to 114 the resident parent, legal guardian or caretaker relative 115 having custody of or responsibility for the child or
- 116 children.
- 117 (e) The director shall establish bonding requirements 118 for employees of the office who receive, disburse, handle,
- 119 or have access to cash.
- 120 (f) The director shall maintain methods of administra-121 tion which are designed to assure that employees of the
- 122 office responsible for handling cash receipts shall not participate in accounting or operating functions which 123
- 124 would permit them to conceal in the accounting records
- 125 the misuse of cash receipts: Provided, That the director
- 126 may provide for exceptions to this requirement in the
- 127 case of sparsely populated areas in this state where the
- hiring of unreasonable additional staff in the local office 128
- would otherwise be necessary. 129

§48A-2-15. Obtaining support from federal tax refunds.

- 1 The director shall, by legislative rule, place in effect
- procedures necessary for the office to obtain payment of 2
- past due support from federal tax refunds from 3
- overpayments made to the secretary of the treasury of 4
- the United States, and shall take all steps necessary to 5
- implement and utilize such procedures.

§48A-2-23. Access to records, confidentiality.

- (a) All records in the possession of the child advocate 1
- office, including records in the possession of the 2
- children's advocate concerning an individual case of 3
- child or spousal support, shall be kept confidential and 4
- shall not be released except as provided below: 5
- (1) Records shall be disclosed or withheld as required 6 by federal law or regulations promulgated thereunder 7
- notwithstanding other provisions of this section. 8
- (2) The phone number, address, employer and other 9
- information regarding the location of the obligor, the 10
- obligee and the child shall only be disclosed: (A) Upon 11
- his or her written consent, to the person whom the 12
- consent designates; or (B) notwithstanding subdivision 13

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- (3), to the obligee, the obligor, the child or the caretaker or representative of the child, upon order of a court if the court finds that the disclosure is for a bona fide purpose, is not contrary to the best interest of a child and does not compromise the safety of any party: Provided, That the identity and location of the employer may be disclosed on the letters, notices and pleadings of the child advocate office as necessary and convenient 21 for the determination of support amounts and the establishment, investigation, modification, enforcement, collection and distribution of support.
 - (3) Information and records other than the phone number, address, employer and information regarding the location of the obligor, the obligee and the child shall be disclosed to the obligor, the obligee, the child or the caretaker of the child or his or her duly authorized representative, upon his or her written request: *Provided.* That when the obligor requests records other than collection and distribution records, financial records relevant to the determination of the amount of support pursuant to the guidelines, or records the obligor has supplied, the child advocate office shall mail a notice by first class mail to the last known address of the obligee notifying him or her of the request. The notice shall advise the obligee of his or her right to object to the release of records on the grounds that the records are not relevant to the determination of the amount of support, or the establishment, modification, enforcement, collection or distribution of support. The notice shall also advise the obligee of his or her right to disclosure of records provided in this section in order to determine what records the child advocate office may have. In the event of any objection, the children's advocate shall determine whether or not the information shall be released.
 - (4) Information in specific cases may be released as is necessary or to determine the identity, location, employment, income and assets of an obligor.
 - (5) Information and records may be disclosed to the department of vital statistics, department of employment security, the department of workers' compensa-

- tion, state tax department and the internal revenue service, or other state or federal agencies or departments as may be necessary or desirable in obtaining any address, employment, wage or benefit information for the purpose of determining the amount of support or establishing, enforcing, collecting and distributing support.
- 62 (b) Any person who willfully violates this section shall
 63 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction
 64 thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred nor
 65 more than one thousand dollars, or confined in jail not
 66 more than six months, or both fined and imprisoned.

ARTICLE 3. CHILDREN'S ADVOCATE.

§48A-3-3a. Representation by the children's advocate.

1 The Legislature recognizes a paramount interest of 2 the state in the establishment and enforcement of family 3 obligations as a function of the state in protecting the health and welfare of the citizens of the state. 4 5 Accordingly, the state of West Virginia is, by operation 6 of law, a party in actions and proceedings arising from 7 the rights and obligations of persons involved in family 8 law issues. The Legislature recognizes that the children's advocates, with the duties assigned to them under 9 the provisions of this chapter, represent the interests of 10 the state in carrying out such duties. The Legislature 11 12 further recognizes that, at times, the interests of the state, while being advanced by a children's advocate, 13 may coincide with the interests of the child, the obligee, 14 the obligor, or other persons, as the case may be, and 15 the children's advocate may therefore actively advance 16 17 the interests of one or more such persons while furthering the interests of the state. It is the intent of the 18 Legislature that under such circumstances, the fact that 19 the children's advocate has actively advanced the 20 interests of a party other than the state shall not 21 22 preclude the children's advocate from advancing interests adverse to such party. 23

ARTICLE 4. PROCEEDINGS BEFORE A MASTER.

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- §48A-4-1. Appointment of family law masters; term of office; vacancy; qualifications; removal; compensation and expenses; budget; location of offices; matters to be heard by master; fees for hearings; notice of master's hearing; content of notice; determination of issues by consent; hearing.
 - 1 (a) On or before the fifteenth day of September, one 2 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, the governor shall 3 appoint family law masters in such numbers and to 4 serve such areas of the state as provided for under the 5 provisions of this article, and such initial appointments 6 of individuals as family law masters shall be for a term 7 ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety. Thereafter, the length of the term of the 8 9 office of family law master shall be four years, with 10 terms commencing on the first day of July, one thousand 11 nine hundred ninety, and on a like date in every fourth 12 year thereafter, and ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, and on a like 13 14 date in every fourth year thereafter. Upon the expiration of his or her term, a family law master may 15 continue to perform the duties of the office until his or 16 her successor is appointed, or for sixty days after the 17 date of the expiration of the master's term, whichever 18 is earlier. If from any cause a vacancy shall occur in the 19 office of family law master, the governor shall, within 20 21 thirty days after such vacancy occurs, fill such vacancy by appointment for the unexpired term: Provided, That 22 if the remaining portion of the unexpired term to be 23 filled is less than one year, the governor may, in his 24 25 discretion, simultaneously appoint an individual to the unexpired term and to the next succeeding full four-26 year term. An individual may be reappointed to 27 succeeding terms as a family law master to serve in the 28 same or a different region of the state. 29
 - (b) No individual may be appointed to serve as a family law master unless he or she is a member in good standing of the West Virginia state bar.
 - 33 (c) Removal of a master during the term for which he 34 or she is appointed shall be only for incompetency,

misconduct, neglect of duty, or physical or mental disability.

- (d) A family law master may not engage in any other business, occupation or employment inconsistent with the expeditious, proper and impartial performance of his or her duties as a judicial officer. Family law masters who do not engage in the practice of criminal law shall be exempted from the appointments in indigent cases which would otherwise be required pursuant to article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code.
- (e) All family law masters, and all necessary clerical and secretarial assistants employed in the offices of family law masters, shall be deemed to be officers and employees in the judicial branch of state government. The director of the child advocate office and the commissioner of the division of human services shall enter into an agreement with the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals whereby the office and the division shall contract to pay the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals for the services of the family law masters required to be furnished under the provisions of this chapter which are not otherwise payable from the family law masters fund created under the provisions of section twenty-two, article two of this chapter.

Each county commission of this state shall enter into an agreement with the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals whereby the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals shall contract to pay to the county commission a reasonable amount as rent for premises furnished by the county commission to the family law master and its staff, which premises shall be adequate for the conduct of the duties required of such master under the provisions of this chapter.

(f) A family law master appointed under the provisions of this article shall receive as full compensation for his or her services an annual salary of thirty-five thousand dollars. The secretary-clerk of the family law master shall receive an annual salary of sixteen

- thousand five hundred dollars and shall be appointed by the family law master and serve at his or her will and pleasure. Disbursement of salaries shall be made by or pursuant to the order of the director of the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals.
- 80 (g) Family law masters serving under the provisions 81 of this article shall be allowed their actual and necessary 82 expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. Such expenses and compensation shall be determined 83 and paid by the director of the administrative office of 84 the supreme court of appeals under such regulations as 85 he or she may prescribe with the approval of the 86 supreme court of appeals. 87
- 88 (h) The offices of the family law masters shall be 89 distributed geographically so as to provide an office of 90 the family law master for each of the following regions:
- 91 (1) The counties of Brooke, Hancock and Ohio;
- 92 (2) The counties of Marshall, Tyler and Wetzel;
- 93 (3) The counties of Pleasants, Ritchie, Wirt and Wood;
- 94 (4) The counties of Calhoun, Jackson and Roane;
- 95 (5) The counties of Mason and Putnam;
- 96 (6) The county of Cabell;
- 97 (7) The counties of McDowell and Wyoming;
- 98 (8) The counties of Logan and Mingo;
- 99 (9) The county of Kanawha;
- 100 (10) The county of Raleigh;
- 101 (11) The counties of Mercer and Summers;
- 102 (12) The counties of Fayette and Nicholas;
- 103 (13) The counties of Greenbrier, Pocahontas and 104 Monroe;
- 105 (14) The counties of Braxton, Clay, Gilmer and 106 Webster;
- 107 (15) The counties of Doddridge, Harrison, Lewis and 108 Upshur;

- 109 (16) The counties of Marion and Taylor;
- 110 (17) The counties of Monongalia and Preston;
- 111 (18) The counties of Barbour, Randolph and Tucker;
- 112 (19) The counties of Grant, Hampshire, Hardy,
- 113 Mineral and Pendleton;
- 114 (20) The counties of Berkeley, Jefferson and Morgan;
- 115 and
- 116 (21) The counties of Boone, Lincoln and Wayne.
- 117 The governor shall appoint two masters to the office
- 118 of the family law master for the region of Kanawha
- 119 County. In each of the other regions defined by this
- 120 subsection, the governor shall appoint one person as
- 121 family law master from such region. Nothing contained
- 122 herein shall prohibit the chief justice of the supreme
- 122 herein shall prombit the emer justice of the supreme
- court of appeals from temporarily assigning, from time
- 124 to time as caseload may dictate, a family law master
- 125 from one geographical region to another geographical
- 126 region.
- 127 (i) A circuit court or the chief judge thereof shall refer
- 128 to the master the following matters for hearing to be
- 129 conducted pursuant to section two of this article:
- 130 Provided, That on its own motion or upon motion of a
- 131 party, the circuit judge may revoke the referral of a
- 132 particular matter to a master if the master is recused,
- 133 if the matter is uncontested, or for other good cause, or
- if the matter will be more expeditiously and inexpen-
- 135 sively heard by the circuit judge without substantially
- affecting the rights of parties in actions which must be
- 137 heard by the circuit court:
- 138 (1) Actions to obtain orders of support brought under 139 the provisions of section one, article five of this chapter;
- 140 (2) All actions to establish paternity under the
- 141 provisions of article six of this chapter: Provided, That
- 142 all actions wherein either or both of the parties have
- 143 demanded a trial by jury of the law and the facts shall
- 144 be heard by the circuit court;
- 145 (3) All motions for pendente lite relief affecting child

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- 146 custody, visitation, child support or spousal support, 147 wherein either party has requested such referral or the 148 court on its own motion in individual cases or by general 149 order has referred such motions to the master: Provided. 150 That if the circuit court determines, in its discretion, 151 that the pleadings raise substantial issues concerning 152 the identification of separate property or the division of marital property which may have a bearing on an 153 154 award of support, the court may decline to refer a 155 motion for support pendente lite to the family law 156 master:
- 157 (4) All petitions for modification of an order involving 158 child custody, child visitation, child support or spousal 159 support:
- 160 (5) All actions for divorce, annulment or separate 161 maintenance brought pursuant to article two, chapter 162 forty-eight of this code: Provided. That an action for 163 divorce, annulment or separate maintenance which does not involve child custody or child support shall be heard 164 by the circuit judge if, at the time of the filing of the 165 166 action, the parties file a written property settlement 167 agreement which has been signed by both parties:
- 168 (6) All actions wherein an obligor is contesting the enforcement of an order of support through the with-169 170 holding from income of amounts payable as support or 171 is contesting an affidavit of accrued support, filed with 172 a circuit clerk, which seeks to collect arrearages:
 - (7) All actions commenced under the provisions of article seven of this chapter or under the provisions of the revised uniform reciprocal enforcement of support act of any other state; and
- 177 (8) Proceedings for the enforcement of support, custody or visitation orders: Provided, That contempt 178 actions shall be heard by a circuit judge. 179
- (i) The payment of initial fees for a hearing before a master shall be paid before the commencement of the hearing. Any additional hourly fees beyond the initial 183 fee shall be paid at the conclusion of the hearing, unless a party is excused from payment thereof under the

- provisions of section one, article two, chapter fifty-nine of this code. Such initial fees may be paid at any time prior to such hearing, but shall not be required at the time the action is filed, and no advance payment shall be required for additional fees beyond the initial fees required by this section. Any payment of fees for a hearing shall be refunded by the clerk of the circuit court if the master verifies that such hearing was not held, upon the request of the person paying such fees.
 - (k) Fees for hearings before a master shall be taxed as court costs, which costs may be assessed against either party or apportioned between the parties, in the discretion of the master. The assessment of court costs shall be made at the conclusion of the hearing and included as findings in each case of a master's recommended order. The fees for hearings before a master shall be as follows:
- 202 (1) For an action to establish an order of support, fifty 203 dollars;
 - (2) For an action to establish paternity, one hundred dollars:
- 206 (3) For a motion for pendente lite relief affecting 207 custody, visitation, child support or spousal support, 208 fifty dollars;
 - (4) For a petition for modification of an order involving child custody, child visitation, child support or spousal support, fifty dollars: *Provided*, That if the matter is contested, the fee shall be fifty dollars for the first hour or any portion thereof, and thirty dollars per hour for each subsequent hour or any portion thereof;
- 215 (5) For an uncontested divorce action, fifty dollars;
 - (6) For a proceeding for the enforcement of an order, fifty dollars: *Provided*, That if the matter is contested, the fee shall be fifty dollars for the first hour or any portion thereof, and thirty dollars per hour for each subsequent hour or any portion thereof; and
- (7) For a contested divorce action matured for final hearing, fifty dollars for the first hour or any portion

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- thereof, and thirty dollars per hour for each subsequent hour or any portion thereof.
- 225 (l) Persons entitled to notice of a master's hearing 226 shall be timely informed of:
- 227 (1) The time, place and nature of the hearing;
- 228 (2) The legal authority and jurisdiction under which 229 the hearing is to be held; and
- 230 (3) The matters of fact and law asserted.
 - (m) The master shall give all interested parties opportunity for the submission and consideration of facts, arguments, offers of settlement or proposals of adjustment when time, the nature of the proceedings and the public interest permit. To the extent that the parties are unable to settle or compromise a controversy by consent, the master shall provide the parties a hearing and make a recommended order in accordance with the provisions of sections two and four of this article.
- 241 (n) The master who presides at the reception of 242 evidence pursuant to section two of this article shall prepare the default order or make and enter the 243 244 pendente lite order provided for in section three of this 245 article, or make the recommended order required by section four of this article, as the case may be. Except 246 247 to the extent required for disposition of ex parte matters 248 as authorized by this chapter, a master may not consult 249 a person or party on a fact in issue, unless on notice and opportunity for all parties to participate; nor shall the 250 251 master attempt to supervise or direct an employee or 252 agent engaged in the performance of investigative or prosecuting functions for a prosecuting attorney, the 253 254 division of human services or any other agency or 255 political subdivision of this state.

ARTICLE 5. REMEDIES FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT OBLIGATIONS AND VISITATION.

- §48A-5-2. Arrearages; enforcement through writ of execution, suggestion or suggestee execution.
- §48A-5-3. Withholding from income of amounts payable as support.

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§48A-5-2. Arrearages; enforcement through writ of execution, suggestion or suggestee execution.

- 1 (a) The total of any matured, unpaid installments of 2 child support required to be paid by an order entered 3 or modified by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by 4 the order of a magistrate court of this state under the 5 prior enactments of this code, shall stand, by operation 6 of law, as a decretal judgment against the obligor owing 7 such support. The amount of unpaid support shall bear 8 interest from the date it accrued, at a rate of ten dollars upon one hundred dollars per annum, and proportion-9 10 ately for a greater or lesser sum, or for a longer or 11 shorter time. A child support order shall not be 12 retroactively modified so as to cancel or alter accrued 13 installments of support. When an obligor is in arrears 14 in the payment of support which is required to be paid 15 by the terms of such order, an obligee may file an "Affidavit of Accrued Support" with the clerk of the 16 circuit court, setting forth the particulars of such 17 arrearage, and requesting a writ of execution, sugges-18 19 tion or suggestee execution. If the duty of support is based upon a foreign support order, the obligee shall 20 first register the foreign support order with the clerk 21 in the same manner and with the same effect as such 22 orders are registered in actions under the revised 23 uniform reciprocal enforcement of support act, sections 24 thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-seven and thirty-eight, 25 article seven of this chapter: Provided, That a copy of 26 the reciprocal enforcement of support law of the state 27 in which the order was made need not be filed with the 28 29 clerk.
 - (b) The affidavit may be filed in the county wherein the obligee or the obligor resides, or where the obligor's source of income is located.
 - (c) The affidavit may be filed when a payment required by such order has been delinquent, in whole or in part, for a period of fourteen days.
 - (d) The affidavit shall:
- 37 (1) Identify the obligee and obligor by name and

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- 38 address, and shall list the obligor's social security 39 number or numbers, if known;
- 40 (2) Name the court which entered the support order and set forth the date of such entry;
- 42 (3) State the total amount of accrued support which 43 has not been paid by the obligor;
 - (4) List the date or dates when support payments should have been paid but were not; and the amount of each such delinquent payment; and
 - (5) If known, the name and address of the obligor's source of income.
 - (e) Upon receipt of the affidavit, the clerk shall issue a writ of execution, suggestion or suggestee execution, and shall mail a copy of the affidavit and a notice of the filing of the affidavit to the obligor, at his last known address. If the children's advocate is not acting on behalf of the obligee in filing the affidavit, the clerk shall forward a copy of the affidavit and the notice of the filing to the children's advocate.
 - (f) The notice provided for in subsection (e) of this section shall inform the obligor that if he or she desires to contest the affidavit on the grounds that the amount claimed to be in arrears is incorrect or that a writ of execution, suggestion or suggestee execution is not proper because of mistakes of fact, he or she must, within fourteen days of the date of the notice: (1) Inform the children's advocate in writing of the reasons why the affidavit is contested and request a meeting with the children's advocate; or (2) obtain a date for a hearing before the family law master and mail written notice of such hearing to the obligee and to the children's advocate on a form prescribed by the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals and made available through the office of the clerk of the circuit court.
 - (g) Upon being informed by an obligor that he or she desires to contest the affidavit, the children's advocate shall inform the court of such fact, and the court shall require the obligor to give security, post a bond, or give

- 77 some other guarantee to secure payment of overdue 78 support.
- (h) The clerk of the circuit court shall make available form affidavits for use under the provisions of this section. Such form affidavits shall be provided to the clerk by the child advocate office. The notice of the filing of an affidavit shall be in a form prescribed by the child advocate office.
- 85 (i) Writs of execution, suggestions or suggestee executions issued pursuant to the provisions of this 86 87 section shall have priority over any other legal process under the laws of this state against the same income, 88 89 except for withholding from income of amounts payable 90 as support in accordance with the provisions of section three of this article, and shall be effective despite any 91 92 exemption that might otherwise be applicable to the 93 same income.
- 94 (j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 95 the contrary, the amount to be withheld from the 96 disposable earnings of an obligor pursuant to a sugges-97 tee execution in accordance with the provisions of this 98 section shall be the same amount which could properly 99 be withheld in the case of a withholding order under the 100 provisions of subsection (e), section three of this article.

§48A-5-3. Withholding from income of amounts payable as support.

(a) The withholding from an obligor's income of 1 amounts payable as spousal or child support shall be 2 enforced by the children's advocate in accordance with 3 the provisions of this section. Every support order 4 heretofore or hereafter entered by a circuit court or a 5 magistrate of this state and every support order entered 6 by a court of competent jurisdiction of another state 7 shall be considered to provide for an order of income 8 withholding in accordance with the provisions of section 9 fifteen-a or fifteen-b, article two, chapter forty-eight of 10 this code, notwithstanding the fact that such support 11 order does not in fact provide for such an order of 12 13 withholding.

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- 14 (b) In any case in which immediate income withhold-15 ing is not required, the children's advocate shall cause 16 the mailing of a notice to the obligor pursuant to this 17 section when the support payments required by the 18 order are in arrears in an amount equal to:
 - (1) One month's support, if the order requires support to be paid in monthly installments;
 - (2) Four weeks' support, if the order requires support to be paid in weekly or biweekly installments; or
 - (3) Two biweekly installments, if biweekly payments are provided.
- 25 (c) If notice required by subsection (b) of this section is appropriate, the children's advocate shall determine 26 27 the time for a meeting between the obligor and the children's advocate and the time for a hearing before the 28 family law master, and shall then set forth in such 29 notice the times and places at which the meeting and 30 hearing will be held if withholding is contested. The 31 32 meeting and hearing may be scheduled on the same date, but in no case shall the meeting with the advocate 33 34 be scheduled less than fifteen days after the date the 35 notice is mailed nor shall the hearing before the master 36 be scheduled more than twenty-one days after the date 37 the notice is mailed. The children's advocate shall send 38 such notice by first class mail to the delinquent obligor. The notice shall inform the delinquent obligor of the 39 40 following:
 - (1) The amount owed:
- (2) That it is proposed that there be withholding from the obligor's income of amounts payable as support, and that if withholding is uncontested, or is contested but determined appropriate, the amount withheld will be equal to the amount required under the terms of the current support order, plus amounts for any outstanding arrearages; 48
 - (3) The definition of "income" as defined in section three, article one of this chapter;
- (4) That the withholding will apply to the obligor's 51

- 52 present source of income and to any future source of income;
 - (5) That any action by the obligor to purposefully minimize his or her income will result in the enforcement of support being based upon potential and not just actual earnings;
 - (6) That payment of the arrearage after the date of the notice is not a bar to such withholding;
 - (7) That if the obligor fails to appear at the meeting, withholding will automatically occur as described in the notice;
 - (8) That a mistake of fact exists only when there is an error in the amount of current or overdue support claimed in the notice, or there is a mistake as to the identity of the obligor;
 - (9) That matters such as lack of visitation, inappropriateness of the support award, or changed financial circumstances of the obligee or the obligor will not be considered at any hearing held pursuant to the notice, but may be raised by the filing of a separate petition;
 - (10) That if the obligor contests the withholding, in writing, a meeting with the children's advocate will be held at a time and place set forth in the notice, for the purpose of attempting to settle any issues which are contested, and that a hearing before the family law master cannot be held until after the meeting with the children's advocate occurs:
 - (11) That if the meeting with the children's advocate fails to resolve the issues being contested, a hearing before the family law master will be held at a time and place set forth in the notice, and that following such hearing, the master will make a recommended order to the circuit court;
 - (12) That a master's recommended order as to withholding will become effective when it is confirmed and entered by the circuit court, and that if the obligor disagrees with the master's recommended order, he or she will be given the opportunity to make objections known to the circuit court; and

- (13) That if, while the withholding is being contested, it is determined that the obligor is in arrears in an amount equal to or greater than one month's support obligation, but the amount of the arrearage is disputed, then income withholding for the current payment of support will be instituted, and may not be stayed pending a final determination as to the amount of arrearages due.
 - (d) Withholding should occur when the support order provides for immediate income withholding, or if immediate income withholding is not so provided, and the withholding is contested, then after entry of the master's recommended order by the circuit court. In any case where withholding should occur, the source of income shall proceed to withhold so much of the obligor's income as is necessary to comply with the order authorizing such withholding, up to the maximum amount permitted under applicable law. Such withholding, unless otherwise terminated under the provisions of this section, shall apply to any subsequent source of income or any subsequent period of time during which income is received by the obligor.
 - (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary which provides for a limitation upon the amount which may be withheld from earnings through legal process, the amount of an obligor's aggregate disposable earnings for any given workweek which can be withheld as support payments is to be determined in accordance with the provisions of this subsection, as follows:
 - (1) After ascertaining the status of the payment record of the obligor under the terms of the support order, the payment record shall be examined to determine whether any arrearages are due for amounts which should have been paid prior to a twelve-week period which ends with the workweek for which withholding is sought to be enforced.
- (2) If none of the withholding is for amounts which came due prior to such twelve-week period, then:
- 130 (A) When the obligor is supporting another spouse or

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- dependent child other than the spouse or child for whom the proposed withholding is being sought, the amount withheld may not exceed fifty percent of the obligor's disposable earnings for that week; and
- 135 (B) When the obligor is not supporting another spouse 136 or dependent child as described in paragraph (A) of this 137 subdivision, the amount withheld may not exceed sixty 138 percent of the obligor's disposable earnings for that 139 week.
 - (3) If a part of the withholding is for amounts which came due prior to such twelve-week period, then:
 - (A) Where the obligor is supporting another spouse or dependent child other than the spouse or child for whom the proposed withholding is being sought, the amount withheld may not exceed fifty-five percent of the obligor's disposable earnings for that week; and
 - (B) Where the obligor is not supporting another spouse or dependent child as described in paragraph (A) of this subdivision, the amount withheld may not exceed sixty-five percent of the obligor's disposable earnings for that week.
 - (4) In addition to the percentage limitations set forth in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection, it shall be a further limitation that when current payments plus arrearages are being withheld from salaries or wages in no case shall the total amounts withheld for current payments plus arrearages exceed the amounts withheld for current payments by an amount greater than ten percent of the obligor's disposable income.
 - (5) The provisions of this subsection shall apply directly to the withholding of disposable earnings of an obligor regardless of whether the obligor is paid on a weekly, biweekly, monthly or other basis.
 - (6) If an obligor acts so as to purposefully minimize his or her income and to thereby circumvent the provisions of this section which provide for withholding from income of amounts payable as support, the amount to be withheld as support payments may be based upon the obligor's potential earnings rather than his or her

- actual earnings, and such obligor may not rely upon the percentage limitations set forth in this subsection which limit the amount to be withheld from disposable earnings.
- (f) The source of income of any obligor who is subject to withholding, upon being given notice of withholding. shall withhold from such obligor's income the amount specified by the notice and pay such amount to the child advocate office for distribution in accordance with the provisions of section four, article three of this chapter. The notice given to the source of income shall contain only such information as may be necessary for the source of income to comply with the withholding order. Such notice to the source of income shall include, at a minimum, the following:
 - (1) The amount to be withheld from the obligor's disposable earnings, and a statement that the amount to be withheld for support and other purposes, including the fee specified under subdivision (3) of this subsection, may not be in excess of the maximum amounts permitted under section 303(b) of the federal consumer credit protection act or limitations imposed under the provisions of this code;
 - (2) That the source of income must send the amount to be withheld from the obligor's income along with such identifying information as may be required by the child advocate office to the child advocate office within ten days of the date the obligor is paid;
 - (3) That, in addition to the amount withheld under the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the source of income may deduct a fee, not to exceed one dollar, for administrative costs incurred by the source of income, for each withholding;
- 203 (4) That withholding is binding on the source of 204 income until further notice by the child advocate office;
 - (5) That the source of income is subject to a fine for discharging an obligor from employment, refusing to employ, or taking disciplinary action against any obligor because of the withholding;

- 209 (6) That if the source of income fails to withhold 210 income in accordance with the provisions of the notice, 211 the source of income is liable for the accumulated 212 amount the source of income should have withheld from 213 the obligor's income;
 - (7) That the withholding under the provisions of this section shall have priority over any other legal process under the laws of this state against the same income, and shall be effective despite any exemption that might otherwise be applicable to the same income;
 - (8) That the source of income may combine withheld amounts from obligors' income in a single payment to the child advocate office and separately identify the portion of the single payment which is attributable to each obligor;
 - (9) That the source of income must implement withholding no later than the first pay period or first date for payment of income that occurs after fourteen days following the date the notice to the source of income was mailed; and
 - (10) That the source of income must notify the child advocate office promptly when the obligor terminates his or her employment or otherwise ceases receiving income from the source of income, and must provide the obligor's last known address and the name and address of the obligor's new source of income, if known.
 - (g) The director shall, by administrative rule, establish procedures for promptly refunding to obligors amounts which have been improperly withheld under the provisions of this section.
 - (h) A source of income must send the amount to be withheld from the obligor's income to the child advocate office and must notify the child advocate office of the date of withholding, within ten days of the date the obligor is paid.
 - (i) In addition to any amounts payable as support withheld from the obligor's income, the source of income may deduct a fee, not to exceed one dollar, for administrative costs incurred by the source of income, for each withholding.

- 249 (j) Withholding of amounts payable as support under 250 the provisions of this section is binding on the source of 251 income until further notice by the child advocate office.
 - (k) Every source of income who receives a notice of withholding under the provisions of this section shall implement withholding no later than the first pay period or first date for the payment of income which occurs after fourteen days following the date the notice to the source of income was mailed.
 - (l) A source of income who employs or otherwise pays income to an obligor who is subject to withholding under the provisions of this section must notify the child advocate office promptly when the obligor terminates employment or otherwise ceases receiving income from the source of income, and must provide the office with the obligor's last known address and the name and address of the obligor's new source of income, if known.
 - (m) A source of income who has more than a single obligor who is subject to withholding from income under the provisions of this article may combine all withheld amounts into a single payment to the child advocate office, with the portion thereof which is attributable to each obligor being separately designated.
 - (n) A source of income is liable to an obligee, including the state of West Virginia or the department of health and human resources where appropriate, for any amount which the source of income fails to withhold from income due an obligor following receipt by such source of income of proper notice under subsection (f) of this section: *Provided*, That a source of income shall not be required to vary the normal pay and disbursement cycles in order to comply with the provisions of this section.
 - (o) A source of income who knowingly and willfully conceals the fact that the source of income is paying income to an obligor, with the intent to avoid withholding from the obligor's income of amounts payable as support, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon convic-

tion thereof, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars.

- (p) If the children's advocate makes a written request to a source of income to provide information as to whether the source of income has paid income to a specific obligor, within the preceding sixty-day period, the source of income shall, within fourteen days thereafter, respond to such request, itemizing all such income, if any, paid to the obligor during such sixty-day period. A source of income shall not be liable, civilly or criminally, for providing such information in good faith.
- (q) Support collection under the provisions of this section shall have priority over any other legal process under the laws of this state against the same income, and shall be effective despite any exemption that might otherwise be applicable to the same income.
- (r) Any source of income who discharges from employment, refuses to employ, or takes disciplinary action against any obligor subject to income withholding required by this section because of the existence of such withholding and the obligations or additional obligations which it imposes on the source of income, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars.
- (s) In any case where immediate income withholding is not required then, at any time following a period of eighteen months during which the obligor has owed no arrearages to the obligee or to the state of West Virginia or any other state, if the obligee and obligor agree to the termination of withholding and demonstrate to the children's advocate that there is a reliable alternative method by which to make the support payments, they may request the children's advocate to terminate withholding and such withholding from income may cease until such time as further withholding is required by law. The director of the child advocate office shall. by legislative rule, establish state termination standards which will ensure, at a minimum, that withholding will not be terminated where there are indications that it is

- 327 unlikely that support will continue without such
- 328 withholding. The mere fact that all arrearages have
- 329 been paid shall not be a sufficient ground for the
- 330 termination of withholding.

ARTICLE 6. ESTABLISHMENT OF PATERNITY.

§48A-6-5. Representation of parties.

- 1 (a) The children's advocate of the county where the
- 2 action under this section is brought shall represent the
- 3 state of West Virginia and shall litigate the action in the
- 4 best interests of the child although the action is
- 5 commenced in the name of a plaintiff listed in section
- 6 one of this article.
- 7 (b) The defendant shall be advised of his right to
- 8 counsel. In the event he files an affidavit that he is a
- 9 poor person within the meaning of section one, article
- 10 two, chapter fifty-nine of this code, counsel shall be
- 11 appointed to represent him. The service and expenses of
- 12 counsel shall be paid in accordance with the provisions
- 13 of article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code:
- 14 Provided, That the court shall make a finding of
- 15 eligibility for appointed counsel in accordance with the
- 16 requirements of said article and, if the person qualifies,
- 17 any blood or tissue tests ordered to be taken shall be
- 18 paid as part of the costs of the proceeding.
- 19 (c) The children's advocate shall litigate the action
- 20 only to the extent of establishing paternity and estab-
- 21 lishing and enforcing a child support order.

ARTICLE 7. REVISED UNIFORM RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT ACT.

- §48A-7-12. Children's advocate to represent the state and advance the interests of the child.
- §48A-7-36. Children's advocate to represent state.

§48A-7-12. Children's advocate to represent the state and advance the interests of the child.

- 1 If this state is acting as an initiating state, the
- 2 children's advocate shall represent the state of West
- 3 Virginia and shall advance the best interests of the child
- 4 in any proceedings under this article.

§48A-7-36. Children's advocate to represent state.

- If this state is acting either as a rendering or a registering state, the children's advocate shall represent
- 3 the state of West Virginia and shall advance the best
- 4 interests of the child in proceedings under sections
- 5 thirty-three through thirty-eight of this article.

CHAPTER 46

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 354—By Senator Pritt)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article two, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to granting circuit courts the authority to revise or alter an order of annulment or divorce or a decree of separate maintenance, to enjoin either party from molesting or interfering with the other, or imposing any restraint on the personal liberty of the other, or interfering with the custodial or visitation rights of the other; and requiring orders revising or altering prior orders to be issued forthwith.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article two, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DIVORCE, ANNULMENT AND SEPARATE MAINTENANCE.

§48-2-15. Relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance.

- 1 (a) Upon ordering a divorce or granting a decree of
- 2 separate maintenance, the court may require either
- 3 party to pay alimony in the form of periodic install-
- 4 ments, or a lump sum, or both, for the maintenance of
- 5 the other party. Payments of alimony and child support
- 6 are to be ordinarily made from a party's employment

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- income and other recurring earnings, but in cases where 7 the employment income and other recurring earnings 8 are not sufficient to adequately provide for payments of 9 10 alimony and child support, the court may, upon specific findings set forth in the order, order the party required 11 to make such payments to make the same from the 12 corpus of his or her separate estate. An award of such 13 14 relief shall not be disproportionate to a party's ability to pay as disclosed by the evidence before the court. 15
- (b) Upon ordering the annulment of a marriage or a
 divorce or granting of decree of separate maintenance,
 the court may further order all or any part of the
 following relief:
- 20 (1) The court may provide for the custody of minor 21 children of the parties, subject to such rights of 22 visitation, both in and out of the residence of the 23 custodial parent or other person or persons having custody, as may be appropriate under the circumstan-24 25 ces. In addition, the court may, in its discretion, make 26 such further order as it shall deem expedient, concern-27 ing the grant of reasonable visitation rights to any 28 grandparent or grandparents of the minor children upon application, if the grandparent or grandparents 29 30 are related to such minor child through a party:
 - (A) Whose whereabouts are unknown, or
- 32 (B) Who did not answer or otherwise appear and 33 defend the cause of action.
 - (2) The court may require either party to pay child support in the form of periodic installments for the maintenance of the minor children of the parties.
 - (3) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony or child support, the court may order either party to continue in effect existing policies of insurance covering the costs of health care and hospitalization of the other party and the minor children of the parties: *Provided*, That if the other party is no longer eligible to be covered by such insurance because of the granting of an annulment or divorce, the court may require a party to substitute such insurance with a new policy to cover the

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other party, or may consider the prospective cost of such insurance in awarding alimony to be paid in periodic installments. If there is no such existing policy or policies, the court shall order such health care insurance coverage to be paid for by the noncustodial parent, if the court determines that such health care insurance coverage is available to the noncustodial parent at a reasonable cost. Payments made to an insurer pursuant to this subdivision, either directly or by a deduction from wages, shall be deemed to be alimony, child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, in such proportion as the court shall direct: Provided, however, That if the court does not set forth in the order that a portion of such payments is to be deemed child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, then all such payments made pursuant to this subdivision shall be deemed to be alimony: Provided further, That the designation of insurance coverage as alimony under the provisions of this subdivision shall not, in and of itself, give rise to a subsequent modification of the order to provide for alimony other than insurance for covering the costs of health care and hospitalization.

(4) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony or child support, the court may grant the exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home to one of the parties, together with all or a portion of the household goods, furniture and furnishings reasonably necessary for such use and occupancy. Such use and occupancy shall be for a definite period, ending at a specific time set forth in the order, subject to modification upon the petition of either party. Except in extraordinary cases supported by specific findings set forth in the order granting relief, a grant of the exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home shall be limited to those situations where such use and occupancy is reasonably necessary to accommodate the rearing of minor children of the parties. The court may require payments to third parties in the form of home loan installments, land contract payments, rent, payments for utility services, property taxes, insurance coverage, or other expenses or charges reasonably necessary for the use and occupancy

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- of the marital domicile. Payments made to a third party pursuant to this subdivision for the benefit of the other party shall be deemed to be alimony, child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, in such proportion as the court shall direct: Provided. That if the court does not set forth in the order that a portion of such payments is to be deemed child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, then all such payments made pursu-ant to this subdivision shall be deemed to be alimony. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing contract between either of the parties and a third party, or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a third party under the terms of such contract.
 - (5) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony, the court may grant the exclusive use and possession of one or more motor vehicles to either of the parties. The court may require payments to third parties in the form of automobile loan installments or insurance coverage if available at reasonable rates, and any such payments made pursuant to this subdivision for the benefit of the other party shall be deemed to be alimony or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, as the court may direct. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing contract between either of the parties and a third party, or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a third party under the terms of such contract.
 - (6) Where the pleadings include a specific request for specific property or raise issues concerning the equitable division of marital property as defined in section one of this article, the court shall order such relief as may be required to effect a just and equitable distribution of the property and to protect the equitable interests of the parties therein.
 - (7) Unless a contrary disposition be found appropriate and ordered pursuant to other provisions of this section, then upon the motion of either party, the court may compel the other party to deliver to the movant party any of his or her separate estate which may be in the possession or control of the respondent party, and may

- make such further order as is necessary to prevent either party from interfering with the separate estate of the other.
- 132 (8) The court may enjoin either party from the 133 molesting or interfering with the other, or otherwise 134 imposing any restraint on the personal liberty of the 135 other, or interfering with the custodial or visitation 136 rights of the other.
 - (9) The court may order either party to take necessary steps to transfer utility accounts and other accounts for recurring expenses from the name of one party into the name of the other party or from the joint names of the parties into the name of one party. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall affect the liability of the parties for indebtedness on any such account incurred before the transfer of such account.
 - (c) In any case where an annulment or divorce is denied, the court shall retain jurisdiction of the case and may order all or any portion of the relief provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section which has been demanded or prayed for in the pleadings.
 - (d) In any case where a divorce or annulment is granted in this state upon constructive service of process, and personal jurisdiction is thereafter obtained of the defendant in such case, the court may order all or any portion of the relief provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section which has been demanded or prayed for in the pleadings.
 - (e) At any time after the entry of an order pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court may, upon the verified petition of either of the parties, revise or alter such order concerning the maintenance of the parties, or either of them, and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the altered circumstances or needs of the parties may render necessary to meet the ends of justice. The court may also from time to time afterward, on the verified petition of either of the parties, revise or alter such order to grant relief pursuant to subdivision (8), subsection (b) of this section, and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it

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169 forthwith, as the circumstances of the parties and the benefit of children may require. The court may also 170 from time to time afterward, on the verified petition of 171 either of the parties or other proper person having 172 173 actual or legal custody of the minor child or children 174 of the parties, revise or alter such order concerning the custody and support of the children, and make a new 175 176 order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the circumstances of the parents or other proper person or 177 persons and the benefit of the children may require: 178 Provided, That an order providing for child support 179 payments may be revised or altered for the reason. inter 180 181 alia, that the existing order provides for child support payments in an amount that is less than eighty-five 182 183 percent or more than one hundred fifteen percent of the amount that would be required to be paid under the 184 185 child support guidelines promulgated pursuant to the 186 provisions of section eight, article two, chapter forty-187 eight-a of this code. In granting relief under this 188 subsection, the court may, where other means are not conveniently available, alter any prior order of the court 189 with respect to the distribution of marital property, if 190 191 such property is still held by the parties, and if necessary to give effect to a modification of alimony, 192 child support or child custody or necessary to avoid an 193 inequitable or unjust result which would be caused by 194 the manner in which the modification will affect the 195 196 prior distribution of marital property.

(f) In every case where a separation agreement is the basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving the agreement, shall examine the agreement to ascertain whether it clearly provides for alimony to continue beyond the death of the payor party or to cease in such event. Where alimony is to be paid pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement which does not state whether the payment of alimony is to continue beyond the death of the payor party or is to cease, or where the parties have not entered into a separation agreement and alimony is to be awarded, the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the death of the payor party or cease.

- (g) In every case where a separation agreement is the basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving the agreement, shall examine the agreement to ascer-tain whether it clearly provides for alimony to continue beyond the remarriage of the payee party or to cease in such event. Where alimony is to be paid pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement which does not state whether the payment of alimony is to continue beyond the remarriage of the payee party or is to cease, or where the parties have not entered into a separation agreement and alimony is to be awarded, the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the remarriage of the payee party or cease.
 - (h) In addition to the statement provided for in subsection (d), section thirteen of this article and in addition or in lieu of the disclosure requirements set forth in section thirty-three of this article, the court may order accounts to be taken as to all or any part of marital property or the separate estates of the parties, and may direct that the accounts be taken as of the date of the marriage, the date upon which the parties separated, or any other time deemed to be appropriate in assisting the court in the determination and equitable division of property.
 - (i) In determining whether alimony is to be awarded, or in determining the amount of alimony, if any, to be awarded under the provisions of this section, the court shall consider and compare the fault or misconduct of either or both of the parties and the effect of such fault or misconduct as a contributing factor to the deterioration of the marital relationship. However, alimony shall not be awarded in any case where both parties prove grounds for divorce and are denied a divorce, nor shall an award of alimony under the provisions of this section be ordered which directs the payment of alimony to a party determined to be at fault, when, as a grounds granting the divorce, such party is determined by the court:

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- 251 (2) To have been convicted for the commission of a 252 crime which is a felony, subsequent to the marriage if 253 such conviction has become final; or
- 254 (3) To have actually abandoned or deserted his or her spouse for six months.
 - (j) Whenever under the terms of this section or section thirteen of this article a court enters an order requiring the payment of alimony or child support, if the court anticipates the payment of such alimony or child support or any portion thereof to be paid out of "disposable retired or retainer pay" as that term is defined in 10 U.S.C. §1408, relating to members or former members of the uniformed services of the United States, the court shall specifically provide for the payment of an amount, expressed in dollars or as a percentage of disposable retired or retainer pay, from the disposable retired or retainer pay of the payor party to the payee party.

CHAPTER 47

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 569—By Senators Pritt, Wehrle, Wiedebusch, Spears, Macnaughtan, Holliday, Boley, Dalton, Jones and Blatnik)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five, six, nine and ten, article two-a, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections three-a and eleven; and to amend article one-c, chapter sixty-two of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen-c, all relating to the prevention of domestic violence; purposes and intent; definitions; concurrent jurisdiction; circumstances under which right to relief not affected; priority of petitions; effect of action for divorce, separate maintenance or annulment upon entitlement to relief;

responding officer's duty to inform parties and to transport or facilitate transportation of victims: filing of petition for relief; forms for petition; counterclaim; exclusion of other persons; venue; magistrate court assistance to persons desiring to file petition in other county; ex parte proceedings; burden of proof; notice of ex parte hearing; service of temporary orders, notice of full hearing and statement of rights upon respondent: permitting service of process on Sundays and legal holidays; statewide effect of temporary order; time for full hearing; burden of proof; evidence; exclusion of other persons; continuances; protective orders; burden of proof before issuance; relief which is mandatory; other relief permitted; effective dates of orders; amendments of orders; statewide effect of protective order; title to real property; issuance of certified orders to lawenforcement agencies; records to be kept by lawenforcement agencies; monthly reports; confidential information: statistical compilation and publication thereof: further definitions; the legislative rules for lawenforcement agencies and officers relating to duties of such officers with respect to domestic violence promulgated by governor's committee on crime, delinquency and correction; advisory committee; extent of disclosure of information; delivery of orders to lawenforcement officers; confidential files; expungement and destruction of orders: affidavits of consent to enter household delivered with order; actual notice of contents of order not preventing stay of order; duties of lawenforcement agency upon receiving call from person observing violation of order; arrests of persons violating warrants: orders: obtaining arrest proceedings; jury trial; violation of order constituting misdemeanor: criminal penalties; and conditions of bail.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four, five, six, nine and ten, article two-a, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections three-a and eleven; and that article one-c, chapter sixty-two of said

code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen-c, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 48. Domestic Relations.
- 62. Criminal Procedure.

CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

ARTICLE 2A. PREVENTION OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

- §48-2A-1. Purpose.
- §48-2A-2. Definitions.
- §48-2A-3. Jurisdiction; effect of complaining party leaving residence; priority of petitions filed under this article.
- §48-2A-3a. Responding officer's duty to advise parties; duty to transport or facilitate transportation.
- Commencement of proceeding; counterclaim. §48-2A-4.
- Temporary orders of court; hearings. §48-2A-5.
- §48-2A-6. Protective orders.
- §48-2A-9. Record keeping and reporting.
- §48-2A-10. Enforcement procedure for temporary and protective order.
- §48-2A-11. Violation of temporary or protective orders; criminal penalties.

§48-2A-1. Purpose.

- The purpose of this article is to prevent continuing 1
- 2 abuse of one family or household member at the hands
- 3 of another family or household member. Nothing
- contained in this article shall be construed as affecting 4
- 5 the abused party's rights of action or claims which are
- otherwise provided for in this code or by common law. 6
- An abusing party will remain subject to a damage claim 7
- 8 or charges of criminal conduct. It is the intent of the 9 Legislature to provide temporary and immediate relief
- 10 for an abused party so that he or she may make rational
- 11 decisions regarding their future, thus enabling them to
- 12 initiate procedures for appropriate permanent remedies.
- 13 It is further intended that magistrates fully explain to
- persons alleging abuse, as defined in this article, the 14
- procedures involved pursuant to a domestic violence 15
- 16 petition. Magistrates shall also inform such persons
- alleging abuse to the existence of the nearest residential 17
- or other protective facility and of the availability of 18
- counseling services for victims and their children. Any 19
- order entered by virtue of this article, unless it has 20
- expired by virtue of the provisions herein regarding 21

- 22 periods of time the order remains in effect, shall remain
- 23 in full force and effect upon the filing by either party
- 24 of a complaint for divorce, annulment or separate
- 25 maintenance.

§48-2A-2. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 3 (a) "Abuse" means the occurrence of one or more of 4 the following acts between family or household members 5 who reside together or who formerly resided together:
- 6 (1) Attempting to cause or intentionally, knowingly or recklessly causing bodily injury with or without dangerous or deadly weapons;
- 9 (2) Placing by physical menace another in fear of imminent serious bodily injury;
- 11 (3) Creating fear of bodily injury by harassment, 12 psychological abuse or threatening acts;
- 13 (4) Sexual abuse.
- 14 (b) "Family or household member" means spouses,
- 15 persons living as spouses, persons who formerly resided
- 16 as spouses, parents, children and stepchildren, current
- 17 or former sexual or intimate partners, or other persons
- 18 related by consanguinity or affinity.
- 19 (c) "Sexual abuse" has the same meaning as the
- 20 definitions of "sexual assault" and "sexual abuse" in this
- 21 code.

§48-2A-3. Jurisdiction; effect of complaining party leaving residence; priority of petitions filed under this article.

Circuit courts and magistrate courts, as constituted under chapter fifty of this code, shall have concurrent jurisdiction over proceedings under this article. The complaining party's right to relief under this article shall not be affected by his or her leaving the residence or household to avoid further abuse. Any petition filed under the provisions of this article shall be given priority over any other civil action before the court

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9 except actions in which trial is in progress, and shall be docketed immediately upon filing. Where a person is 10 a party to an action for divorce, separate maintenance 11 12 or annulment in which no order has been entered 13 pursuant to section thirteen, article two of this chapter. such person shall, pending such action, remain entitled 14 to file for and obtain any relief provided by this article 15 until such an order is entered in such action. Where a 16 person has filed for relief provided by this article and 17 subsequently becomes a party to an action for divorce, 18 separate maintenance or annulment, such person shall, 19 pending such action, remain entitled to obtain any relief 20 provided by this article, and to again file for and obtain 21 any such relief, until an order is entered in such action 22 pursuant to section thirteen, article two of this chapter. 23 No person who is a party to a pending action for divorce, 24 separate maintenance or annulment in which an order 25 has been entered pursuant to section thirteen, article 26 two of this chapter, shall be entitled to file for or obtain 27 any relief provided by this article subsequent to the 28 29 entry of such an order until after the entry of an order in such action which dismisses such action or which 30 grants or denies a divorce, separate maintenance or 31 32 annulment to such person.

§48-2A-3a. Responding officer's duty to advise parties; duty to transport or facilitate transportation.

- (a) Any law-enforcement officer responding to an alleged incident of abuse shall inform the parties thereto of the availability of the possible remedies provided by this article and the possible applicability of the criminal laws of this state.
- (b) Any law-enforcement officer responding to an alleged incident of abuse shall, in addition to providing the information required in subsection (a) of this section, provide transportation for, or facilitate transportation of, the victim or victims, upon the request of such victim or victims, to a shelter or the appropriate court where there is reasonable cause to believe that such victim or victims have suffered or are likely to suffer physical injury.

§48-2A-4. Commencement of proceeding; counterclaim.

- (a) A person may seek relief under this article for himself or herself, or any parent or adult household member may seek relief under this article on behalf of a minor child, by filing a verified petition alleging abuse by the respondent. No person shall be refused the right to file a petition under the provisions of this article if he or she presents facts sufficient under the provisions of this article for the relief sought.
 - (b) The West Virginia supreme court of appeals shall prescribe a form which shall be used for preparing a petition under this article, and the court shall distribute such forms to the clerk of the circuit court and magistrate court of each county within the state.
 - (c) The respondent named in any petition alleging abuse may file a counterclaim or raise any affirmative defenses.
 - (d) No person accompanying a person who is seeking to file a petition under the provisions of this article shall be precluded from being present if his or her presence is desired by the person seeking a petition unless the person's behavior is disruptive to the proceeding or is otherwise in violation of court rules.
 - (e) The action may be heard in the county in which the abuse occurred or in the county in which the defendant is living. If the parties are married, the action may also be brought in the county in which an action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance between the parties may be brought as provided by section eight, article two of this chapter.
 - (f) In the event a person who resides, temporarily or permanently, in a county not described in subsection (e) of this section desires to file a petition described in subsection (a) of this section, such person may obtain assistance in filing such a petition at a magistrate court within the county of such place of temporary or permanent residence. In such event, and upon request of such person, a magistrate or the clerk of such magistrate court shall:

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- 39 (1) Provide to such person such forms and such assistance as may be necessary for the filing of a petition 40 described in subsection (a) of this section: 41
- 42 (2) To the extent possible, contact and obtain from any magistrate court described in subsection (e) of this 43 44 section chosen by the person seeking to file the petition a hearing date for such petition; and 45
- 46 (3) Forward such petition to the magistrate court described in subdivision (2) of this subsection for filing 47 together with any such other papers and documents 48 necessary to file the same. 49

§48-2A-5. Temporary orders of court; hearings.

(a) Upon filing of a verified petition under this article, the court may enter such temporary orders as it may deem necessary to protect the petitioner or minor children from abuse, and, upon good cause shown, may do so ex parte without the necessity of bond being given by the petitioner. Clear and convincing evidence of immediate and present danger of abuse to the petitioner or minor children shall constitute good cause for purposes of this section. If the respondent is not present at the proceeding, the petitioner or the petitioner's legal representative shall certify to the court, in writing, the 12 " efforts which have been made to give notice to the respondent or just cause why notice should not be required. Following such proceeding, the court shall order a copy of the petition to be served immediately upon the respondent, together with a copy of any protective order issued pursuant to the proceeding, notice setting forth the time and place of the full hearing 18 and a statement of the right of the respondent to be 19 and to be represented by counsel. 20 present Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the 21 contrary, all law-enforcement officers are hereby 22 authorized to serve all pleadings and orders filed or 23 entered pursuant to this article on Sundays and legal 24 holidays. Such initial protective order shall remain 25 effective until such time as a hearing is held. The order 26 shall be in full force and effect in every county in this 27

- 28 state. The order shall state that it is in full force and 29 effect in every county in this state.
- 30 (b) Within five days following the issuance of the 31 court's temporary order, a full hearing shall be held at which the petitioner must prove the allegation of abuse 32 33 by a preponderance of the evidence, or such petition 34 shall be dismissed. Copies of medical reports may be 35 admitted into evidence to the same extent as though the 36 original thereof, upon proper authentication, by the 37 custodian of such records. At the hearing, the court may 38 make any protective order or approve any consent 39 agreement authorized by this article.
- 40 (c) No person requested by a party to be present 41 during a hearing held under the provisions of this 42 article shall be precluded from being present unless 43 such person is to be a witness in the proceeding and a 44 motion for sequestration has been made and such has 45 been granted or is found by the court to be disruptive 46 or otherwise in violation of court rules.
- 47 (d) If a hearing is continued, the court may make or 48 extend such temporary orders as it deems necessary.

§48-2A-6. Protective orders.

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- (a) At the conclusion of the hearing and if the petitioner has proven the allegations of abuse by a preponderance of the evidence, then the court shall issue a protective order which shall direct the respondent to refrain from abusing the petitioner and/or the minor children, and may also include:
- (1) Granting possession to the petitioner of the residence or household to the exclusion of the defendant when the residence or household is jointly owned or leased by the parties:
- (2) When the respondent has a duty to support the 11 petitioner or minor children living in the residence or 12 household and the respondent is the sole owner or lessee. 13 granting possession to the petitioner of the residence or 14 household to the exclusion of the respondent or by 15 consent agreement allowing the respondent to provide 16 suitable alternate housing;

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- 18 (3) Awarding temporary custody of or establishing 19 temporary visitation rights with regard to minor 20 children;
- 21 (4) Ordering the respondent to pay to the petitioner a sum for temporary support and maintenance of the 22 abused party. This order is of a temporary nature and, 23 24 on the sixtieth day following issuance of the order, that 25 portion of the order requiring the respondent to pay support becomes void unless the beneficiary of that 26 order has filed a petition for divorce with a prayer for 27 28 temporary support and maintenance under section thirteen, article two of this chapter, or has initiated an 29 30 action for separate maintenance under section twentyeight, article two of this chapter. When there is a 31 32 subsequent ruling on a petition for support under section thirteen, article two of this chapter, that portion 33 of the order requiring the respondent to pay support 34 becomes void: 35
 - (5) Ordering the respondent to refrain from entering the school, business or place of employment of the petitioner or household members or family members for the purpose of violating the protective order;
 - 40 (6) Directing the parties or a party to participate in 41 counseling;
 - 42 (7) Ordering the respondent to refrain from contact-43 ing, telephoning, communicating, harassing or verbally 44 abusing the petitioner in any public place.
 - (b) Any protective order shall be for a fixed period of time not to exceed sixty days. The court may amend its order at any time upon subsequent petition filed by either party. If the court enters an initial order for a period of less than sixty days, it shall, after notice and hearing, extend its initial order for the full sixty day period if it finds the petitioner continues to need protection from abuse. The order shall be in full force and effect in every county in this state. The order shall state that it is in full force and effect in every county in this state.

- 56 (c) No order under this article shall in any manner affect title to any real property.
- 58 (d) Certified copies of any order made under the provisions of this article shall be issued to the petitioner,
- 60 the respondent and any law-enforcement agency having
- 61 jurisdiction to enforce the order or agreement, including
- 62 the city police, the county sheriff's office or local office
- 63 of the state police.

§48-2A-9. Record keeping and reporting.

- 1 (a) Each law-enforcement agency shall maintain
- 2 records on all incidents of family or household abuse
- 3 reported to it, and shall monthly make and deliver to
 - the department of public safety a report on a form
- 5 prescribed by the department, listing all such incidents
- 6 of family or household abuse. Such reports shall include:
- 7 (1) The age and sex of the abused and abusing parties;
- 8 (2) The relationship between the parties;
- 9 (3) The type and extent of abuse;
- 10 (4) The number and type of weapons involved;
- 11 (5) Whether the law-enforcement agency responded to
- 12 the complaint and if so, the time involved, the action
- 13 taken and the time lapse between the agency's action
- 14 and the abused's request for assistance;
- 15 (6) Whether the complaining party reported having 16 filed complaints with regard to family or household 17 abuse on any prior occasion and if so, the number of
- 18 such prior complaints; and
- 19 (7) The effective dates and terms of any order of protection issued prior to or following the incident to protect the abused party: *Provided*, That no information which will permit the identification of the parties involved in any incident of abuse shall be included in such report.
- 25 (b) The department of public safety shall tabulate and 26 analyze any statistical data derived from the reports 27 made by law-enforcement agencies pursuant to this 28 section, and publish a statistical compilation in the

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- department's annual uniform crime report, as provided for in section twenty-four, article two, chapter fifteen of
- 31 this code.
- 32 (c) The statistical compilation shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
- 34 (1) The number of family violence complaints 35 received;
- 36 (2) The number of complaints investigated;
- 37 (3) The number of complaints received from alleged 38 victims of each sex;
- 39 (4) The average time lapse in responding to such 40 complaints;
- 41 (5) The number of complaints received from alleged 42 victims who have filed such complaints on prior 43 occasions;
- 44 (6) The number of aggravated assaults and homicides resulting from such repeat incidents;
- 46 (7) The type of police action taken in disposition of the cases; and
- 48 (8) The number of alleged violations of orders of 49 protection.
 - (d) As used in this section, the terms "abuse" and "family or household members" shall have the meanings given them in section two of this article; and the term "law-enforcement agency" shall include the West Virginia department of health and human resources in those instances of child abuse reported to the department which are not otherwise reported to any other law-enforcement agency.
 - (e) The governor's committee on crime, delinquency and correction shall develop and promulgate rules for state, county and municipal law-enforcement officers and law-enforcement agencies regarding the duties of law-enforcement officers and law-enforcement agencies with respect to domestic violence. The notice of the public hearing on the rules shall be published before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

66 Prior to the publication of the proposed rules, the governor's committee on crime, delinquency and correc-67 68 tion shall convene a meeting or meetings of an advisory 69 committee to assist in the development of the rules. The 70 advisory committee shall be composed of persons invited by the committee to represent state, county and local 71 72 law-enforcement agencies and officers, to represent 73 magistrates and court officials, to represent victims of 74 domestic violence, to represent shelters receiving 75 funding pursuant to article two-c of this chapter, and 76 to represent other persons or organizations who, in the 77 discretion of the committee, have an interest in the 78 rules. The rules and the revisions thereof as provided in 79 this section shall be promulgated as legislative rules in 80 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

81 (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 82 authorize the inclusion of information contained in a 83 report of an incident of abuse in any local, state. 84 interstate, national or international systems of criminal 85 identification pursuant to section twenty-four, article 86 two, chapter fifteen of this code: Provided, That nothing 87 in this section shall prohibit the department of public 88 safety from processing information through its criminal 89 identification bureau with respect to any actual charge 90 or conviction of a crime.

§48-2A-10. Enforcement procedure for temporary and protective order.

1 (a) Upon issuance of a temporary order as provided 2 in section five of this article, and service thereof upon the respondent, or under relief granted in a protective 3 4 order as provided in subsections (a) and (b), section six of this article of which the respondent has notice, a copy 5 6 of such order shall, no later than the close of the next business day, be delivered by the court or the clerk to 7 8 a local office of the city police, the county sheriff and the West Virginia department of public safety, where 9 10 it shall be placed in a confidential file, with access 11 provided only to the law-enforcement agency and the respondent named on said order: Provided, That upon 12 the expiration of any order issued pursuant to section 13

five or six of this article, any such law-enforcement agency which has any such order on file, shall imme-diately expunge its confidential file of any reference thereto and destroy all copies of such order in its possession, custody or control. A sworn affidavit may be executed by the party awarded exclusive possession of the residence or household, pursuant to an order entered under subsection (b), section six of this article, and delivered to such law-enforcement agency simultaneously with any such order, giving his or her consent for a law-enforcement officer to enter such residence or household, without a warrant, to enforce such protective order or temporary order. Orders shall be promptly served upon the respondent. Failure to serve shall not stav the effect of a valid order if the respondent has actual notice of the existence and contents of the order.

- (b) Any person who observes a violation of such order or the violated party may call a local law-enforcement agency, which shall verify the existence of a current order, and shall direct a law-enforcement officer to immediately investigate the alleged violation.
- (c) Where a law-enforcement officer observes a violation of a valid order, he or she may immediately arrest the subject of the order. In cases of violation of such orders occurring outside the presence of the investigating officer, the petitioner may apply to a court in session in the county in which the violation occurred or the county in which the order was issued for a warrant of arrest. If the court finds probable cause to believe that a valid order has been violated, the court shall issue such warrant for the arrest of the subject of the order wherever he or she may be found.
- (d) Where there is an arrest, the officer shall take the arrested person before a court or a magistrate and upon a finding of probable cause to believe a violation of an order has taken place, the court or magistrate shall set a time and place for a hearing, to take place within five days, and serve forthwith upon the alleged violator an order to show cause why he or she should not be held

- 53 in contempt for violation of the prior order, which unless
- 54 waived by the defendant shall be by trial by a jury of
- 55 six persons. The remedies provided by this section shall
- 56 be limited to violations of a temporary order or
- 57 protective order entered pursuant to subsection (a) or
- 58 (b), section six of this article.

§48-2A-11. Violation of temporary or protective orders; criminal penalties.

- 1 Any person who shall knowingly and willfully violate
- 2 the terms of a protective order which provides the relief
- 3 authorized by subdivisions (1), (5) or (7), subsection (a),
- 4 section six of this article shall be guilty of a misdemea-
- 5 nor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in
- 6 the county jail for not more than thirty days, or fined
- 7 not more than five hundred dollars, or both fined and
- 8 imprisoned: Provided, That any person who shall abuse
- 9 another person in knowing and willful violation of the
- 10 terms of a temporary order or protective order issued
- 11 under the provisions of this article shall be guilty of a
- 12 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 13 confined in the county jail for a period of not less than
- 14 one day nor more than thirty days, which jail term shall
- 15 include actual confinement of not less than twenty-four
- 16 hours, and shall be fined not less than one hundred
- 17 dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.

CHAPTER 62. CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

ARTICLE 1C. BAIL.

§62-1C-17c. Bail in cases of crimes between family or household members.

- 1 When the offense charged is a crime against a family
- 2 or household member, it may be a condition of bond that
- 3 the defendant shall not have any contact whatsoever,
- 4 direct or indirect, verbal or physical, with the victim or
- 5 complainant.

CHAPTER 48

(S. B. 522—By Senators Chernenko, Humphreys, Burdette, Mr. President, Wiedebusch, Heck, Chafin, Bailey, Holliday, Wehrle, Pritt, Tomblin,

M. Manchin, Craigo, Claypole, Anderson, Felton, Brackenrich, Whitlow, Helmick, Withers, Dittmar, Wagner, Blatnik, Boley and Minard)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article four, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article four-a, all relating to providing for the transmission of nonidentifying information on the health and history and the genetic and social history of adoptees; and establishing a mutual consent voluntary adoption registry.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article four, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article four-a, all to read as follows:

Article

- 4. Adoption.
- 4A. Voluntary Adoption Registry.

ARTICLE 4. ADOPTION.

- §48-4-10. Recordation of order; fees; disposition of records; names of adopting parents and persons previously entitled to parental rights not to be disclosed; disclosure of identifying and nonidentifying information; certificate for state registrar of vital statistics; birth certificate.
 - 1 (a) The order of adoption shall be recorded in a book
 - 2 kept for that purpose, and the clerk shall receive the
 - 3 same fees as in other cases. All records of proceedings
 - 4 in adoption cases and all papers and records relating to
 - 5 such proceedings shall be kept in the office of the clerk

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of the circuit court in a sealed file, which file shall be kept in a locked or sealed cabinet, vault or other container and shall not be open to inspection or copy by anyone, except as otherwise provided in this article, or upon court order for good cause shown. No person in charge of adoption records shall disclose the names of the adopting parent or parents, the names of persons previously entitled to parental rights, or the name of the adopted child, except as otherwise provided in this article, or upon court order for good cause shown. The clerk of the court keeping and maintaining the records in adoption cases shall keep and maintain an index of such cases separate and distinct from all other indices kept or maintained by him, and the index of adoption cases shall be kept in a locked or sealed cabinet, vault or other container and shall not be open to inspection or copy by anyone, except as otherwise provided in this article, or upon court order for good cause shown. Nonidentifying information, the collection of which is provided for in article four-a of this chapter, shall be provided to the adoptive parents as guardians of the adopted child, or to the adult adoptee, by their submitting a duly acknowledged request to the clerk of the court. The clerk may charge the requesting party for copies of any documents, as provided in section eleven, article one, chapter fifty-nine of this code. Either birth parent may from time to time submit additional social. medical or genetic history for the adoptee, which information shall be placed in the court file by the clerk, who shall bring the existence of this medical information to the attention of the court. The court shall immediately transmit all such nonidentifying medical. social or genetic information to the adoptive parents or the adult adoptee.

- (b) If an adoptee, or parent of a minor adoptee, is unsuccessful in obtaining identifying information by use of the mutual consent voluntary adoption registry provided for in article four-a of this chapter, identifying information may be sought through the following process:
 - (1) Upon verified petition of an adoptee at least

eighteen years of age, or, if less than eighteen, his adoptive parent or legal guardian, the court may also attempt, either itself, or through its designated agent, to contact the birth parents, if known, to obtain their consent to release identifying information to the adoptee. The petition shall state the reasons why the adoptee desires to contact his birth parents, which reasons shall be disclosed to the birth parents if contacted. The court and its agent shall take any and all care possible to assure that none but the birth parents themselves are informed of the adoptee's existence in relationship to them. The court may appoint the department of human services, or a private agency which provides adoption services in accordance with standards established by law, to contact birth parents as its designated agent, the said agent shall report to the court the results of said contact.

- (2) Upon the filing of a verified petition as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, should the court be unable to obtain consent from either of the birth parents to release identifying information, the court may release such identifying information to the adoptee, or if a minor, the adoptee's parents or guardian, after notice to the birth parents and a hearing thereon, at which hearing the court must specifically find that there exists evidence of compelling medical or other good cause for release of such identifying information.
- (c) Identifying information may only be obtained with the duly acknowledged consent of the mother or the legal or determined father who consented to the adoption or whose rights were otherwise relinquished or terminated, together with the duly acknowledged consent of the adopted child upon reaching majority, or upon court order for good cause shown. Any person previously entitled to parental rights may from time to time submit additional social or medical information which, notwithstanding other provisions of this article, shall be inserted into the record by the clerk of the court.
- (d) Immediately upon the entry of such order of adoption, the court shall direct the clerk thereof

- forthwith to make and deliver to the state registrar of vital statistics a certificate under the seal of said court, showing:
- 91 (1) The date and place of birth of the child, if known;
- 92 (2) The name of the mother of the child, if known, and 93 the name of the legal or determined father of the child, 94 if known;
- 95 (3) The name by which said child has previously been 86 known;
- 97 (4) The names and addresses of the adopting parents;
- 98 (5) The name by which the child is to be thereafter 99 known; and
- 100 (6) Such other information from the record of the 101 adoption proceedings as may be required by the law 102 governing vital statistics and as may enable the state 103 registrar of vital statistics to carry out the duties 104 imposed upon him by this section.
- 105 (e) Upon receipt of the certificate, the registrar of 106 vital statistics shall forthwith issue and deliver by mail to the adopting parents at their last-known address and 107 108 to the clerk of the county commission of the county wherein such order of adoption was entered a birth 109 certificate in the form prescribed by law, except that the 110 111 name of the child shown in said certificate shall be the 112 name given him by the order of adoption. The clerk shall 113 record such birth certificate in the manner set forth in 114 section twelve, article five, chapter sixteen of this code.

ARTICLE 4A. VOLUNTARY ADOPTION REGISTRY.

- §48-4A-1. Policy and purposes.
- §48-4A-2. Definitions.
- §48-4A-3. Prohibited conduct.
- §48-4A-4. Nondisclosure.
- §48-4A-5. Rule making.
- §48-4A-6. The compilation of nonidentifying information on health history and social and genetic history.
- §48-4A-7. Use of the mutual consent voluntary adoption registry.
- §48-4A-8. Operation of the mutual consent voluntary adoption registry.

§48-4A-1. Policy and purposes.

1 Adoption is based upon the legal termination of 2 parental rights and responsibilities of birth parents and the creation of the legal relationship of parent and child 3 4 between an adoptee and his adoptive parents. These 5 legal and social premises underlying adoption must be 6 maintained. The Legislature recognizes that some adults 7 who were adopted as children have a strong desire to 8 obtain identifying information about their birth parents while other such adult adoptees have no such desire. The 9 10 Legislature further recognizes that some birth parents have a strong desire to obtain identifying information 11 about their biological children who were surrendered 12 for adoption, while other birth parents have no such 13 14 desire. The Legislature fully recognizes the right to privacy and confidentiality of: (1) Birth parents whose 15 16 children were adopted; (2) the adoptees; and (3) the adoptive parents. The purpose of this article is to: (1) Set 17 up a mutual consent voluntary adoption registry where 18 birth parents and adult adoptees may register their 19 willingness to the release of identifying information to 20 21 each other; (2) to provide for the disclosure of such identifying information to birth parents or adoptees, or 22 23 both, through a social worker employed by a licensed 24 adoption agency, provided each birth parent and the adult adoptee voluntarily registers on his own; (3) to 25 26 provide for the transmission of nonidentifying health 27 and social and genetic history to the adult adoptees. 28 birth parents and other specified persons; and (4) to 29 provide for disclosure of identifying information for cause shown. 30

§48-4A-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) As used in this article:
- 2 (1) "Adoptee" means a person who has been legally adopted in the state of West Virginia.
- 4 (2) "Adoption" means the judicial act of creating the 5 relationship of parent and child where it did not exist 6 previously.
- 7 (3) "Adult" means a person eighteen or more years of 8 age.

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- 9 (4) "Agency" means any public or voluntary organi-10 zation licensed or approved pursuant to the laws of any 11 jurisdiction within the United States to place children 12 for adoption.
- 13 (5) "Genetic and social history" means a comprehen-14 sive report, when obtainable, on the birth parents, 15 siblings to the birth parents, if any, other children of 16 either birth parent, if any, and parents of the birth 17 parents, which shall contain the following information:
- 18 (i) Medical history:
- 19 (ii) Health status;
- 20 (iii) Cause of and age at death;
- 21 (iv) Height, weight, eye and hair color;
- 22 (v) Ethnic origins;
- 23 (vi) Where appropriate, levels of educational and 24 professional achievement; and
- 25 (vii) Religion, if any.
- 26 (6) "Health history" means a comprehensive report of 27 the child's health status at the time of placement for 28 adoption and medical history, including neonatal, 29 psychological, physiological and medical care history.
 - (7) "Mutual consent voluntary adoption registry" or "registry" means a place provided for herein where eligible persons as described in section three of this article may indicate their willingness to have their identity and whereabouts disclosed to each other under conditions specified in this article.
 - (8) "Putative father" means any man not deemed or adjudicated under the laws of a jurisdiction of the United States to be the father of genetic origin of a child and who claims or is alleged to be the father of genetic origin of such child.
- 41 (b) As used in this article, pronouns of the masculine 42 gender include the feminine.

§48-4A-3. Prohibited conduct.

- (a) No person, agency, entity or organization of any 1 2 kind, including, but not limited to, any officer or 3 employee of this state and any employee, officer or judge 4 of any court of this state, may disclose any confidential 5 information relating to an adoption except as provided 6 in this article or pursuant to a court order. Any 7 employer who knowingly or negligently allows any 8 employee to disclose information in violation of this 9 article is subject to the penalties provided in subsection (b) of this section, together with the employee who made 10 11 any disclosure prohibited by this law.
- 12 (b) Any person, agency, entity or organization of any 13 kind who discloses information in violation of this law 14 is liable to the parties so injured in an action to recover 15 damages in respect thereto.

§48-4A-4. Nondisclosure.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 2 information acquired by any registry may not be 3 disclosed under any sunshine or freedom of information 4 legislation, rules or practice.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no
 person, group of persons, or entity, including an agency,
 may file a class action to force the registry to disclose
 identifying information.

§48-4A-5. Rule making.

1 The division of human services shall establish and 2 maintain the mutual consent voluntary adoption regis-3 try, except that the division of human services may contract out the function of establishing and maintain-4 ing the registry to a licensed voluntary agency with 5 expertise in providing post-legal adoption services in 6 7 which case the agency shall establish and maintain the 8 registry that would otherwise be operated by the 9 division.

The commissioner of the department of health and human resources shall promulgate and adopt such rules as are necessary for implementing this article.

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§48-4A-6. The compilation of nonidentifying information on health history and social and genetic history.

- 1 (a) Prior to placement for adoption, the court shall 2 require that the licensed adoption agency or, where an 3 agency is not involved, the person, entity or organization 4 handling the adoption, shall compile and provide to the 5 prospective adoptive parents a detailed written health 6 history and genetic and social history of the child which 7 excludes information which would identify birth parents 8 or members of a birth parent's family and is set forth 9 in a document that is separate from any document 10 containing such identifying information. The court, or 11 an agency designated by the court, or judge thereof. 12 shall provide agency, person, or any other organization 13 handling the adoption with forms which shall be utilized 14 in the acquisition of the above-described detailed nonidentifying written health history and genetic and 15 16 social history of the child. If the records cannot be 17 obtained, the court shall make specific findings as to 18 why the records are unobtainable.
 - (b) Records containing such nonidentifying information and which are set forth on a document described in subsection (a) above, separate from any document containing identifying data:
- 23 (1) Shall be retained by the clerk of the court for 24 ninety-nine years; and
 - (2) Shall be available upon request, throughout the time specified in subsection (b) (1) of this section together with any additional nonidentifying information which may have been added on health or on genetic and social history, but which excludes information identifying any birth parent or member of a birth parent's family, or the adoptee or any adoptive parent of the adoptee, to the following persons only:
- 33 (i) The adoptive parents of the child or, in the event or death of the adoptive parents, the child's guardian;
- 35 (ii) The adoptee upon reaching the age of eighteen;
- 36 (iii) In the event of the death of the adoptee, the

- adoptee's spouse if he is the legal parent of the adoptee'schild or the guardian of any child of the adoptee;
- 39 (iv) In the event of the death of the adoptee, any 40 progeny of the adoptee who is age eighteen or older; and
- 41 (v) The birth parent of the adoptee.
- The actual and reasonable cost of providing nonidentifying health history and genetic and social history shall be paid by the person requesting such information. This provision is subject to sections of this article which
- 46 provide for the adoptee obtaining information by
- 47 petition to the court. If any provision of this article is
- 48 held invalid, the remaining provisions of the article shall
- 49 continue in effect.

§48-4A-7. Use of the mutual consent voluntary adoption registry.

- 1 (a) Use of a mutual consent voluntary adoption
- 2 registry for obtaining identifying information about
- 3 birth parents and adult adoptees shall be available only
- 4 to birth parents and adult adoptees, except that no adult
- 5 adoptee who has a sibling in this adoptive family who
- 6 is under the age of eighteen years may use the registry.
- 7 (b) No birth parent may be eligible to use the registry
- 8 until after his genetic offspring who was adopted has
- 9 reached his eighteenth birthday.
- 10 (c) A birth father whose name has appeared in the
- 11 original sealed birth certificate or who has legitimated
- 12 or formally acknowledged the child as provided by law
- 13 or who has signed a voluntary abandonment and release
- 14 for the child's adoption as provided by state law may
- 15 register.
- 16 (d) Any birth parent who in terminating his parental 17 rights used an alias name, and this alias is listed in the
- 18 original sealed birth record, may register if the agency
- 19 or, in cases where no agency was involved, the organ-
- 20 ization, entity or person who was involved, certifies to
- 21 the court that the individual seeking to register used,
- 22 as an alias, the name set forth in the original sealed
 - 23 birth certificate.

§48-4A-8. Operation of the mutual consent voluntary adoption registry.

- (a) Prerequisites to disclosure of identifying information. — The adult adoptee and each birth parent may voluntarily, without having been contacted by any employee or agent of the entity operating the registry. place his name in the appropriate registry before any disclosure or identifying information can be made. A qualified person may register by submitting a notarized affidavit to the appropriate registry stating his name. address and telephone number and his willingness to be identified solely to the other relevant persons who register. No registration may be accepted until the prospective registrant submits satisfactory proof of his identity in accord with the provisions specified in section six of this article. The failure of any of the three above described persons to file a notarized affidavit with the registry for any reason, including death or disability. precludes the disclosure of identifying information to those relevant persons who do register.
 - (b) Counseling. Upon registering, the registrant shall participate in not less than one hour of counseling with a social worker employed by the entity that operates the registry, except if a birth parent or adult adoptee is domiciled outside the state, he shall obtain counseling from a social worker employed by a licensed agency in that other state selected by the entity that operates the registry. When an eligible person registers concerning an adoption that was arranged through an agency which has not merged or otherwise ceased operations, and that same agency is not operating the registry, the entity operating the registry shall notify by certified mail the agency which handled the adoption within ten business days after the date of registration.
 - (c) Cases where disclosure of identifying information cannot occur. In any case where the identity of the birth father was unknown to the birth mother, or where the administrator learns that one or both of the birth parents are deceased, this information shall be shared with the adult adoptee. In these kinds of cases, the adoptee will not be able to obtain identifying informa-

- tion through the registry, and he would be told of his right to pursue whatever right otherwise exists by law to petition a court to release the identifying information.
 - (d) Matching and disclosure procedures. —
- 44 (1) Each mutual consent voluntary adoption registry 45 shall be operated under the direction of an 46 administrator.
 - (2) A person eligible to register may request the administrator to disclose identifying information by filing an affidavit which sets forth the following:
 - (i) The current name and address of the affiant;
- 51 (ii) Any previous name by which the affiant was 52 known;
 - (iii) The original and adopted names, if known, of the adopted child;
 - (iv) The place and date of birth of the adopted child; or
 - (v) The name and address of the adoption agency or other entity, organization or person placing the adopted child, if known.

The affiant shall notify the registry of any change in name or location which occurs subsequent to his filing the affidavit. The registry shall have no duty to search for the affiant who fails to register his most recent address.

- (e) The administrator of the mutual consent voluntary adoption registry shall process each affidavit in an attempt to match the adult adoptee and the birth parents. Such processing shall include research from agency records, when available, and when agency records are not available, research from court records to determine conclusively whether the affiants match.
- (f) The administrator shall determine that there is a match when the adult adoptee and the birth mother or the adult adoptee and the birth father have each filed affidavits with the mutual consent voluntary adoption registry and have each received the counseling required in subsection (a) of this section.

- (g) When a match has taken place, the department shall directly notify all parties through a direct and confidential contact. The contact shall be made by an employee or agent of the agency receiving the assign-ment and shall be made face to face, rather than by mail, telephone or other indirect means. The employee or agent shall be a trained social worker who has expertise in post-legal adoption services.
 - (h) Retention of data by the registry. Any affidavits filed and other information collected shall be retained for ten years following the date of registration by any qualified person to which the information pertains. Any qualified person who registers may renew his registration for ten additional years within one hundred eighty days prior to the last day of ten years from the date of initial registration.
 - (i) Scope of information obtained by the mutual consent voluntary adoption registry. A mutual consent voluntary adoption registry shall obtain only information necessary for identifying a birth parent or adult adoptee and in no event shall obtain information of any kind pertaining to the adoptive parents, any siblings to the adult adoptee who are children of the adoptive parents, the income of anyone and reasons for adoptive placement.
 - (j) Fees for operations of the mutual consent voluntary adoption registry. All costs for establishing and maintaining a mutual consent voluntary adoption registry shall be obtained through user's fees charged to all persons who register.

CHAPTER 49

(S. B. 413-By Senator Lucht)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated

section seven-a, relating to requiring the state board to prescribe a program incorporating the elements propounded by the president's council on physical fitness and sports.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-7a. Program in physical fitness.

1 The state board of education shall prescribe a 2 program within the existing health and physical 3 education program which incorporates the testing, 4 awards recognition, fitness events and incentive programs designed under the auspices of the president's 5 council on physical fitness and sports and which 6 7 requires the participation through grade nine of each student and of each school in the state in both the 8 challenge program and the state champion program of 9 the council. The program shall include the modified test 10 11 for exceptional students. Each school in the state shall 12 participate in national physical fitness and sports month 13 in May of each year and shall make every effort to 14 involve the community it serves in the related events.

CHAPTER 50

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2467—By Delegate Ashcraft, By Request)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article two-e, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to establishing instances when a school may be declared seriously impaired; adding another accreditation level; defining conditional approval; redefining probationary approval; and requiring the state board to establish

methods to identify school districts which may be nonapproved.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section five, article two-e, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2E. HIGH QUALITY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.

§18-2E-5. School accreditation; standards compliance board; approval status; intervention to correct impairments.

- 1 (a) The purpose of this section is to provide assurances 2 that a thorough and efficient system of education is being provided for all West Virginia public school 3 4 students on an equal educational opportunity basis and 5 that the high quality standards are being met. A system 6 for the review of school district educational plans, performance-based accreditation and periodic, random, 7 8 unannounced on-site effectiveness reviews of district 9 educational systems, including individual schools within the districts, shall provide assurances that the high 10 quality standards, established pursuant to subsection (b) 11 of this section, are being met. A performance-based 12 accreditation system shall provide assurances that the 13 high quality standards, established pursuant to subsec-14 tion (c) of this section, are being met. 15
 - (b) On or before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the state board of education shall, in accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, establish and adopt high quality educational standards in the areas of curriculum, finance, transportation, special education, facilities, administrative practices, training of school district board members and administrators, personnel qualifications, professional development and evaluation, student and school performance, a code of conduct for students and employees and other such areas as determined by the state board of education. The standards established in the area of curriculum shall assure that all graduates are prepared for the world of

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69 70 work or for continuing postsecondary education and training. Each school district shall submit an annual improvement plan designed around locally identified needs showing how the educational program of each school in the district will meet or exceed the high quality standards.

A performance-based accreditation system shall be the only statewide system used for accrediting or classifying the public schools in West Virginia. The state board shall establish a schedule and shall review each school within a district and each school district board of education for accreditation based on information submitted to the board under the performance-based accreditation system as set forth in subsection (c) of this section.

(c) On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the state board of education shall, in accordance with the provisions of article threeb, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, establish by rule a system which measures the performance of each school based on the following measures of student and school performance: The acquisition of student proficiencies as indicated by student performance by grade level in the various subjects tested under the statewide testing of educational progress program and other appropriate measures; school attendance rates; the student dropout rate; the percent of students promoted to next grade and the number of waivers of the promotion standard granted; the graduation rate; the average class size; the pupil-teacher ratio; the number of exceptions to pupilteacher ratio requested by the county board and the number of exceptions granted; the number of splitgrade classrooms; the percentage of graduating students entering postsecondary education or training; the pupiladministrator ratio; parent involvement; parent, teacher and student satisfaction; and operating expenditures per pupil.

The state board annually shall review the information submitted for each school and shall issue to every school:
(1) Full accreditation status; or (2) probationary accreditation status.

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Full accreditation status shall be given to a school when the school's performance on the above indicators is at a level which would be expected when all of the high quality educational standards are being met. Probationary accreditation status shall be given to a school when the measure of the school's performance is below such level.

Whenever a school is given probationary accreditation status, the district board shall implement an improvement plan which is designed to increase the performance of the school to a full accreditation status level within one year.

- (d) The state board of education shall establish and adopt standards of performance to identify seriously impaired schools and the state board may declare a school seriously impaired whenever extraordinary circumstances exist as defined by the state board. Whenever the state board of education determines that the quality of education in a school is seriously impaired. the state superintendent, with approval of the state board, shall appoint a team of three improvement consultants to make recommendations within sixty days of appointment for correction of the impairment. Upon approval of the recommendations by the state board, the recommendations shall be made to the district board of education. If progress in correcting the impairment is not made within six months of receipt of the recommendations, the state superintendent shall provide consultation and assistance to the district board to (1) improve personnel management, (2) establish more efficient financial management practices, (3) improve instructional programs and policies or (4) make such other improvements as may be necessary to correct the impairment. If the impairment is not corrected within one year of receipt of the recommendations, the district shall be given probationary approval status or nonapproval status.
- (e) Whenever a school is given probationary status or is determined to be seriously impaired and fails to improve its status within one year, any student attending such school may transfer once to the nearest fully

accredited school, subject to approval of the fully accredited school and at the expense of the school from which the student transferred.

(f) The state board of education shall issue one of the following accreditation levels to each school district board of education: (1) Full approval, (2) conditional approval, (3) probationary approval or (4) nonapproval.

Full approval shall be given to a district board whose educational system meets or exceeds all of the high quality standards adopted by the state board and whose schools have all been given full accreditation status. Full approval shall be for a period not to exceed four years.

Conditional approval shall be given to a district board whose educational system meets at least ninety-five percent of the high quality standards adopted by the state board and in which at least ninety percent of the schools have been given full accreditation status provided no school is seriously impaired. Conditional approval shall be for a period not to exceed one year: *Provided*, That for counties that have fewer than ten schools, the state board of education may grant conditional approval without regard to the ninety percent based on the total quality of the county educational program.

Probationary approval shall be given to a district board of education whose educational system has met less than ninety-five percent of the high quality standards, or which has eleven percent or more schools in the district given probationary status or serious impairment. Probationary approval is a warning that the district board must make specified improvements. If the number of schools in the district given probationary status is not reduced to a number that would allow full accreditation to be granted in the following year, the district board shall be automatically given nonapproval. In addition, nonapproval shall be given to a district board of education which fails to submit an annual program plan or fails to demonstrate a reasonable effort to meet the high quality standards. The state board of education shall establish and adopt standards to identify

school districts in which the program may be nonapproved or the state board may issue nonapproval status whenever extraordinary circumstances exist as defined by the state board of education.

- (g) Whenever nonapproval status is given to a district, the state board of education shall declare a state of emergency in the district and may intervene in the operation of the district to (1) limit the authority of the district superintendent and district board of education as to the expenditure of funds, the employment and dismissal of personnel, the establishment and operation of the school calendar, the establishment of instructional programs and policies, and such other areas as may be designated by the state board by rule, (2) take such direct action as may be necessary to correct the impairment and (3) declare that the office of the district superintendent is vacant.
- (h) To assist the state board in determinations of the accreditation status of schools and the approval status of school districts under this section, the state board shall from time to time appoint an educational standards compliance review team to make unannounced onsite reviews of the educational programs in any school or school district in the state to assess compliance of the school or district with the high quality standards adopted by the state board, including, but not limited to, facilities, administrative procedures, transportation, food services and the audit of all matters relating to school finance, budgeting and administration.

The teams shall be composed of not more than ten persons, not more than half of whom may be members of or currently employed by the state board, who possess the necessary knowledge, skills and experience to make an accurate assessment of such educational programs. The educational standards compliance team shall report the findings of its on-site reviews to the state board of education for inclusion in the determination of a school's or district's accreditation or approval status as applicable. The state board of education shall encourage the sharing of information to improve school effectiveness among the districts.

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The state board shall make accreditation information available to the Legislature, the governor, the general public and to any individuals who request such information.

(i) The state board shall fully implement the accreditation system established under this article for all schools on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and may pilot test the system prior to that date. The state board shall adopt rules in accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code necessary to implement the provisions of this article.

CHAPTER 51

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2512—By Delegates Ashcraft and Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-f, relating to creating the West Virginia share in your future act; setting forth legislative findings; creating a share in your future commission and providing for the membership thereof; meetings and report of the commission; establishment of a non-profit fund; commission to contract to provide scholarship grants; powers of the commission; registration requirements; promulgation of rules; eligibility for shares; conversion of shares; creation of share certificate; duties of county boards; and termination of commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-f, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2F. INCENTIVES AND RESULTS BASED SCHOLAR-SHIP PROGRAM.

- §18-2F-1. Title.
- §18-2F-2. Legislative findings.
- §18-2F-3. Share in your future commission established; composition of commission; duties and responsibilities.
- §18-2F-4. Nonprofit fund.
- §18-2F-5. Registration requirements.
- §18-2F-6. Incentives-based shares program.
- §18-2F-7. Conversion of shares.
- §18-2F-8. Duties of county boards.
- §18-2F-9. Termination of commission.

§18-2F-1. Title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "West Virginia Share in Your Future Act".

§18-2F-2. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that an
- 2 educated and informed citizenry is essential to a
- democratic society. Opportunities for higher education
- 4 and post-secondary vocational education should be
- 5 expanded, made affordable and made available to all
- 6 residents.
- 7 In order to ensure that continued access to higher
- 8 education and post-secondary vocational education is
- 9 available to the state's citizens, an incentive to secondary
- 10 education students must be developed and funded
- 11 through private and public entities as well as any other
- 12 available sources.

§18-2F-3. Share in your future commission established; composition of commission; duties and responsibilities.

- There is hereby created in state government, under
- 2 the supervision of the state board, a commission on
- 3 educational incentives to secondary education students
- 4 to be known as the share in your future commission.
- 5 The share in your future commission shall be com-
- 6 posed of nine members who shall serve without salary
- 7 or expenses, as follows:
- 8 (a) The state superintendent, the chancellor of the

- 9 state college system and the chancellor of the university 10 of West Virginia system, ex officio, or their designees;
- 11 (b) A member of the joint commission on vocational 12 education, ex officio, or his or her designee; and
- 13 (c) Five members to be appointed by the governor as 14 follows:
- 15 (1) A representative of the business community with a demonstrated interest in education;
- 17 (2) A representative of labor with a demonstrated interest in education; and
- 19 (3) Three representatives of the general public.

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Of the five members appointed by the governor, no more than three may be members of the same political party and all shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor.

The share in your future commission shall meet no later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. The commission shall conduct a study and report to the Legislature on the first day of the regular session in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. The commission's report shall include any further legislative recommendations necessary to carry out the provisions of this article, whereby students in grade seven through grade eleven may earn shares, through appropriate conduct and accomplishment, in a scholarship fund to be used to pay student costs at accredited state institutions of higher education, post-secondary vocational education programs and higher educational institutions, all as defined in section two, article one, chapter eighteen-b of this code, and other approved and accredited participating postsecondary educational programs located in West Virginia.

The share in your future commission shall encourage contributions to the program and encourage private, proprietary educational institutions, accredited by a national or regional accrediting agency or association recognized by the United States department of educa47 tion and which provide training at a campus located in 48 this state to participate.

§18-2F-4. Nonprofit fund.

1 The share in your future commission shall identify a 2 nonprofit corporation or other charitable organization 3 which is suitable to collect, invest, hold, manage, and 4 disburse scholarship funds under the provisions of this 5 article. At an appropriate time, the commission may contract with said corporation or organization to provide 6 7 scholarship grants under this article. The commission is 8 empowered to publicize the program and to solicit 9 donations, grants, bequests and gifts from any source. 10 The state board may seek appropriations from the 11 Legislature for the cost of operating this program and 12 to match private scholarship funds.

The nonprofit corporation shall, under the terms of any contract entered into hereunder, make available to the commission on a yearly basis, the amount of money available to meet the requirements of the incentives-based share program and, upon request, shall transfer funds necessary for implementing the provisions of this article.

§18-2F-5. Registration requirements.

1 Any student choosing to enter the program must 2 complete and sign a registration form. The student's parent or guardian shall also sign the registration form 3 in order for the student to be eligible for the program. 4 5 The registration form shall be made available through the commission to the local boards of education. A copy 6 of the completed form shall be kept on file at the board 7 8 office in the county in which the student is enrolled. The 9 original registration form shall be kept on file with the 10 share in your future commission.

The registration form shall clearly state the eligibility requirements for the program as well as all applicable rules and regulations regarding continued eligibility in the program.

§18-2F-6. Incentives-based shares program.

1 On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety-two, the share in your future commission shall promulgate legislative rules pursuant to 3 4 section nine, article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of 5 this code regarding the criteria to be used in awarding 6 shares. When the commission determines that adequate 7 funding is available, these rules shall be forwarded to 8 each county board to be used in awarding shares to 9 participants. Shares in the fund may be awarded for performance by students in grades seven through eleven 10 11 in the following areas:

- 12 (a) Attendance or improved attendance over the 13 previous school year;
- 14 (b) Successful completion of an advance placement 15 course and passage of the national advanced placement 16 exam;
- 17 (c) An improvement in quality point average over the previous school year;
- 19 (d) Completion of all courses with a specified quality 20 point average;
- 21 (e) Signing a drug free, alcohol free pledge;
- 22 (f) Completion of an advanced course in specified 23 subject areas;
- 24 (g) Demonstrated participation in extracurricular 25 activities; and
- 26 (h) Such other areas and criteria as the share in your 27 future commission may establish.

§18-2F-7. Conversion of shares.

- Shares are cumulative from one school year to the 1 next school year and may be converted to a pro rata 2 share of the total fund available upon graduation from 3 an accredited West Virginia high school. The share in 4 5 your future commission shall promulgate rules in accordance with article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a 6 of this code, to determine the pro rata share of the total 7 fund that each share represents. 8
- 9 Upon graduation from an accredited West Virginia

10 high school, each student has the right to cash in his or 11 her respective shares for a voucher that may be spent 12 at any accredited state institutions of higher education. 13 post-secondary vocational education programs or higher 14 educational institutions, all as defined in section two. 15 article one, chapter eighteen-b of this code, and other 16 approved and accredited post-secondary educational 17 programs located in West Virginia participating in the program: Provided. That the share in your future 18 commission may implement the conversion of shares to 19 20 vouchers at the close of the school year ending in the 21 year one thousand nine hundred ninety-five.

The share in your future commission may have a share certificate designed, which is similar in design to stock certificates, which shall include the student's name, the number of shares and certification by the governor of West Virginia and the superintendent of schools that the shares were earned. Upon receipt by the share in your future commission of the report provided for in section eight of this article, the commission may complete share certificates based upon the report and forward the certificates to the appropriate county board. The county board shall notify the student and at an appropriate time shall deliver the certificate to the student.

§18-2F-8. Duties of county boards.

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Each county board which has a student participating 1 in the incentive program shall, at the end of each school 2 year, report in writing to the share in your future 3 commission the number of shares earned by each 4 participant. A copy of such report shall be retained by 5 the county board. Accumulated shares earned shall be 6 reported to each student at the end of each school year: 7 Provided. That the appropriate information shall be 8 collected by the school counselor who will then forward 9 the same to the local county board. 10

§18-2F-9. Termination of commission.

The share in your future commission shall be terminated on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, unless review of its functions shall

- 4 be undertaken pursuant to the provisions of sections
- 5 nine, ten and eleven, article ten, chapter four of this
- 6 code. If such commission is terminated pursuant to this
- 7 section, all contractual obligations of the commission,
- 8 including any shares earned, shall be assumed by the
- 9 state board.

CHAPTER 52

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2131—By Delegates S. Cook and Brum)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-g; and to amend and reenact sections ten and thirteen, article nine-a of said chapter, all relating to maintaining step seven funds for one thousand nine hundred ninety-one; permitting up to fifteen percent of this allocation be used for personnel costs in certain instances; increasing the amount of funds to be paid into the school building capital improvements fund; increasing the appropriations for certain state board staff and operating costs in certain instances; authorizing a one-time appropriation to certain rural district boards; and creating the school library media improvement grant program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-g; and that sections ten and thirteen, article nine-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 2G. School Library Media Improvement Grant Program.
- 9A. Public School Support.

ARTICLE 2G. SCHOOL LIBRARY MEDIA IMPROVEMENT GRANT PROGRAM.

- §18-2G-1. Legislative intent and purpose.
- §18-2G-2. Criteria for grants.
- §18-2G-3. Grant applications.

§18-2G-1. Legislative intent and purpose.

The Legislature acknowledges that society is presently

2 generating more and more information at ever faster

3 rates. Further, the Legislature acknowledges that it is

4 more difficult for educational facilities and students to

5 digest this growing pool of educational information.

6 Finally, the Legislature acknowledges the need for an

7 incentive grant program which will encourage growth

8 and development of school library media programs

9 which will assist in implementing innovative educa-

10 tional technology.

§18-2G-2. Criteria for grants.

- The state board shall administer the school library media improvement grant program pursuant to the following criteria:
- 4 (a) Library media improvement grants shall be 5 utilized to initiate a centralized library media program 6 or to improve an existing program. Funds awarded in
- such grant may be used for the purchase of books,audiovisual materials, audiovisual equipment, computer
- 9 software or other innovative uses of technology in the
- 10 library media center. Funds may not be used for
- 11 construction, remodeling, furniture, salaries or supplies
- 12 or to replace funds previously allocated or expended by
- 13 the county board of education receiving the grant.
- 14 (b) Funds in the amount of not less than fifty thousand
- 15 dollars shall be appropriated to be awarded as grants
- and shall be equitably allocated between elementary and
- 17 secondary schools with at least fifty percent of the funds
- 18 being allocated to small schools with a disproportionate
- 19 number of students from low income families.
- 20 (c) Grants shall be for one year.

§18-2G-3. Grant applications.

- 1 Each school district applying for a grant shall submit
- 2 a proposal detailing plans for the creation of a school

- library media program or for the improvement of a 3
- 4 program already in use. Each district receiving a grant
- 5 shall furnish information to the state board document-
- ing the application of funds allocated and the benefits
- to the children served as a result of the grant.

ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

- §18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.
- §18-9A-13. Transitional allocation for certain rural district boards.

§18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.

- (a) For the school year beginning on the first day of 1 2 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one only,
- 3 twenty-eight million eight hundred thousand dollars, in
- addition to funds which accrue from allocations due to 4
- 5 increase in total local share above that computed for the
 - school year beginning on the first day of July, one
- 6 7 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, from balances in the
- general school fund, or from appropriations for such 8
- purpose shall be allocated to increase state support of 9
- 10 counties as follows:
- 11 (1) Twenty percent of these funds shall be allocated 12 to the counties proportional to adjusted enrollment; and
- 13 (2) Each county whose allocation in subsection (1) is less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars in any fiscal 14 year shall then receive an amount which equals the 15 difference between such amount received and one 16
- 17 hundred fifty thousand dollars.
- (b) The remainder of these funds shall be allocated 18 19 according to the following plan for progress toward 20 basic resources per pupil equity:

Beginning with the county which has the lowest basic 21 22 resources per pupil and progressing through the 23 counties successively to and beyond the county with the 24 highest basic resources per pupil, the funds available shall be allocated in amounts necessary to increase 25 moneys available to the county or counties to the basic 26 resources per pupil level, as nearly as is possible, of the 27 28 county having the next higher basic resources per pupil: Provided, That to be eligible for its allocation under this 29

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section, a county board shall lay the maximum regular tax rates set out in section six-c, article eight, chapter eleven of this code: Provided, however. That moneys allocated by provision of this section shall be used to improve instructional programs according to a plan for instructional improvement which the affected county board shall file with the state board by the first day of August of each year, to be approved by the state board by the first day of September of that year if such plan substantially complies with standards to be adopted by the state board: Provided further, That for the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, up to fifteen percent of this allocation may be used to employ professional educators and/or service personnel in counties after all applicable provisions of sections four and five of this article have been fully utilized.

Prior to the use of any funds from this section for personnel costs, the county board must receive authorization from the state superintendent of schools. The state superintendent shall require the district board to demonstrate: (1) The need for the allocation, (2) efficiency and fiscal responsibility in staffing, and (3) sharing of services with adjoining counties and the regional educational service agency for that county in the use of the total local district board budget. District boards shall make application for available funds by the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. On or before the first day of June, the state superintendent shall review all applications and notify applying district boards of the distribution of the allocation. Such funds shall be distributed during the fiscal year as appropriate. The state superintendent shall require the county board to demonstrate the need for an allocation for personnel based upon the county's inability to meet the requirements of state law or state board policy: Provided. That the funds available for personnel under this section may not be used to increase the total number of professional noninstructional personnel in the central office beyond four. Such instructional improvement plan shall be made available for distribution to the public at the office of each affected county board.

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- (c) Commencing with the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. twenty-one million, four hundred forty thousand, four hundred ninety-three dollars shall be paid into the school building capital improvements fund created by section six, article nine-d of this chapter, and shall be used solely for the purposes of said article nine-d. In each fiscal year thereafter, fifty percent of the funds which accrue due to an increase in local share above that computed for the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall be paid into the school building capital improvements fund created by section six, article nine-d of this chapter, and shall be used solely for the purposes of said article nine-d: Provided, That if funds are available and appropriated in each such subsequent fiscal year, not less than seven million seven hundred thousand dollars shall be added to the amount of the prior year's appropriation for such fund.
- (d) There shall be appropriated seven million, four hundred ten thousand, six hundred sixty-eight dollars for aid to counties which may be expended by the county boards for the initiation and/or improvements of special education programs including employment of new special education professional personnel solely serving exceptional children; instructional programs which utilize state of the art technology; training of educational personnel to work with exceptional children; and supportive costs such as materials, transportation, contracted services, minor renovations and other costs directly related to the special education delivery process prescribed by the state board. The appropriation may also be used for nonpersonnel costs associated with the maintenance of special education programs in accordance with such rules as established by the state board. The appropriation includes out-of-state instruction and may be expended to provide instruction, care and maintenance for educable persons who are severely handicapped and for whom the state provides no facilities.
 - (e) There shall be appropriated two million, eighty-

113 five thousand two hundred two dollars to be used by the 114 state department of education which may be expended 115 for the purposes of paying staff and operating costs of 116 both administrative/program personnel and instruc-117 tional personnel delivering education to handicapped 118 children in facilities operated by the state division of 119 health; paying state department of education staff. 120 current expenses and equipment; supporting a gifted 121 summer camp; and supporting special state projects, 122 including, but not limited to, (1) an instructional 123 materials center for visually handicapped children at 124 the West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, (2) the state special olympics program, (3) the West 125 Virginia advisory council for the education of excep-126 tional children at the West Virginia College of Graduate 127 Studies, (4) statewide training activities or other 128 129 programs benefiting exceptional children and (5) the 130 state very special arts program.

§18-9A-13. Transitional allocation for certain rural district boards.

For the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety-1 2 one-ninety-two only, there shall be a one-time addi-3 tional appropriation of one million dollars to be distributed to those very few district boards on a needs 4 basis: Provided, That if funds available under this 5 section are used for personnel, such funds may not be 6 used to increase the total number of professional 7 noninstructional personnel in the central office beyond 8 four. The factors used to determine eligibility for funds 9 shall be staffing ratio to students, administrative ratio 10 to staff supervised, funding stability, and sparsity of 11 12 student population.

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The state superintendent shall require the district board to demonstrate: (1) The need for the allocation, (2) efficiency and fiscal responsibility in staffing, and (3) sharing of services with adjoining counties and the regional educational service agency for that county in the use of the total local district board budget. District boards shall make application for available funds by the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. On or before the first day of June, the state superintend-

- 22 ent shall review all applications and notify applying
- 23 district boards of the distribution of the allocation. Such
- 24 funds shall be distributed during the fiscal year as
- 25 appropriate.

CHAPTER 53

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2677—By Delegate Ashcraft, By Request)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and four, article four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section thirty-nine, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact section four, article two, chapter eighteen-a; and to amend and reenact sections eight and ten, article four of said chapter, relating to clarifying qualifications of superintendents; the employment of school personnel during the summer; providing for seniority in summer service positions; licensing of school electricians; providing priority status to certain disabled service personnel in certain instances; and enlarging conditions of personal leave for service employees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and four, article four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section thirty-nine, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section four, article two, chapter eighteen-a be amended and reenacted; and that sections eight and ten, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Chapter

- 18. Education.
- 18A. School Personnel

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

Article

- 4. County Superintendent of Schools.
- 5. County Board of Education.

ARTICLE 4. COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

§18-4-2. Qualifications; health certificate; disability; acting superintendent. §18-4-4. Compensation.

§18-4-2. Qualifications; health certificate; disability; acting superintendent.

Superintendents employed prior to the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight shall hold a certificate valid in West Virginia and an approved master's degree including at least twelve semester hours in school administration and supervision, and at least five years experience in public school teaching and/or supervision.

Any superintendent appointed as superintendent after the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, shall meet requirements for the professional administrative certificate endorsed for superintendent by the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three. Any new superintendent appointed as of the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall hold a professional administrative certificate endorsed for superintendent. Any person employed as assistant superintendent or educational administrator prior to the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and who was previously employed as superintendent shall not be required to hold the professional administrative certificate endorsed for superintendent.

Before entering upon the discharge of his duties the superintendent shall file with the president of the board a health certificate from a reputable physician, on a form prescribed by the state department of schools, certifying that he is physically fit for the duties of his office and that he has no infectious or contagious disease; and if the superintendent, due to accident or illness, should become incapacitated to an extent that could lead to a prolonged absence, the board, upon unanimous vote, shall have authority to enter an order declaring such

- incapacity and it shall appoint an acting superintendent until such time as a majority of the members of the board shall determine that the incapacity no longer exists. However, an acting superintendent shall not serve as such for more than one year, or later than the
- 37 serve as such for more than one year, or later than the expiration date of the superintendent's term, whichever
- 39 is less, without being reappointed by the board of
- 40 education.

§18-4-4. Compensation.

- 1 On or before the first day of May of the year in which
- 2 the superintendent is appointed, the board shall fix the
- 3 annual salary of the superintendent for the period of
- 4 appointment for the term beginning on the first day of
- 5 July following. The board shall pay the salary from the
- 6 general current expense fund of the district.

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-39. Establishment of summer school programs; tuition.

- 1 Inasmuch as the present county school facilities for
- 2 the most part lie dormant and unused during the
- 3 summer months, and inasmuch as there are many
- 4 students who are in need of remedial instruction and
- 5 others who desire accelerated instruction, it is the
- 6 purpose of this section to provide for the establishment
- 7 of a summer school program, which program is to be
- 8 separate and apart from the full school term as
- 9 established by each county.
- The board of education of any county shall have
- authority to establish a summer school program utiliz-
- 12 ing the public school facilities and to charge tuition for
- 13 students who attend such summer school, such tuition
- 14 not to exceed in any case the actual cost of operation of
- such summer school program: Provided, That any
- 16 deserving pupil whose parents, in the judgment of the
- board, are unable to pay such tuition, may attend at a reduced charge or without charge. The county board of
- 19 education shall have the authority to determine the term
- 20 and curriculum of such summer schools based upon the
- 21 particular needs of the individual county. The curricu-

lum may include, but is not limited to, remedial instruction, accelerated instruction, and the teaching of manual arts. The term of such summer school program may not be established in such a manner as to interfere with the regular school term.

The county boards may employ as teachers for this summer school program any certified teacher. Certified teachers employed by the county board to teach in the summer school program shall be paid an amount to be determined by the county board and shall enter into a contract of employment in such form as is prescribed by the county board: *Provided*, That teachers who teach summer courses of instruction which are offered for credit and which are taught during the regular school year shall be paid at the same daily rate such teacher would receive if paid in accordance with the then current minimum monthly salary in effect for teachers in that county.

Any funds accruing from such tuitions shall be credited to and expended within the existing framework of the general current expense fund of the county board.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the board shall fill professional positions established pursuant to the provisions of this section on the basis of certification and length of time the professional has been employed in the county's summer school program. In the event that no employee who has been previously employed in the summer school program holds a valid certification or licensure, a board shall fill the position as a classroom teaching position in accordance with section eight-b, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the code to the contrary, the county board of education is authorized to employ school service personnel to perform any related duties outside the regular school term as defined in section eight, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code. An employee who was employed in any service personnel job or position during the immediate previous summer shall have the option of retaining such job or

62 position if such exists during any succeeding summer. 63 If such employee is unavailable or if the position is 64 newly created, the position shall be filled pursuant to section eight-b, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this 65 66 code. When any summer employee who is employed in 67 a summer position is granted a leave of absence for the summer months, the board shall give regular employ-68 69 ment status to such employee for that summer position which shall be filled under the procedure set forth in 70 71 section eight-b, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this 72 code. The summer employee on leave of absence shall 73 have the option of returning to that summer position if 74 such exists the succeeding summer or whenever such 75 position is reestablished if it were abolished. The salary 76 of a summer employee shall be in accordance with the 77 salary schedule of persons regularly employed in the 78 same position in the county where employed.

If a county board reduces in force the number of employees to be employed in a particular summer program or classification from the number employed in such position in previous summers, such reductions in force and priority in reemployment to such summer positions shall be based upon the length of service time in the particular summer program or classification.

For the purpose of this section, summer employment for service personnel shall be defined, but not limited to, filling jobs and positions as defined in section eight, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code and especially established for and which are to be predominantly performed during the summer months to meet the needs of a county board of education.

CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

Article

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- 2. School Personnel.
- 4. Salaries, Wages and Other Benefits.

ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

§18A-2-4. Commercial driver's license for school personnel; reimbursement of electrician's and commercial driver's license when required.

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education.

- If a commercial driver's license is required as a condition of employment for any school employee or qualified applicant who becomes an employee by a county board of education, the cost shall be paid in full by the employer.
- It is unlawful for any county board of education to require any employee or applicant who becomes an employee of the board to pay the cost of acquiring a commercial driver's license as a condition of employment.
- The division of motor vehicles shall accept the West Virginia department of education physical and psychomotor test result forms in lieu of the division of motor vehicles vision report form.
- If a county board of education requires of any employee who is employed as an electrician any license renewal when the employee is exempt from renewing the license pursuant to section three, article three-b, chapter twenty-nine of this code, the cost of such license renewal shall be paid in full by the county board of

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

- §18A-4-8. Employment term and class titles of service personnel; definitions.
- §18A-4-10. Personal leave for illness and other causes; leave banks; substitutes.

§18A-4-8. Employment term and class titles of service personnel; definitions.

1 The purpose of this section is to establish an employment term and class titles for service personnel. The 2 employment term for service personnel shall be no less 3 than ten months, a month being defined as twenty 4 5 employment days: Provided, That the county board of education may contract with all or part of these 6 personnel for a longer term. The beginning and closing 7 dates of the ten-month employment term shall not 8 exceed forty-three weeks. Service personnel employed 9 on a yearly or twelve-month basis may be employed by 10 calendar months. Whenever there is a change in job 11

assignment during the school year, the minimum pay scale and any county supplement shall be applicable.

Service personnel employed in the same classification for more than the two hundred day minimum employment term shall be paid for additional employment at a daily rate of not less than the daily rate paid for the two hundred day minimum employment term.

No service employee, without his agreement, shall be required to report for work more than five days per week and no part of any working day may be accumulated by the employer for future work assignments, unless the employee agrees thereto.

Should an employee whose regular work week is scheduled from Monday through Friday agree to perform any work assignments on a Saturday or Sunday, the employee shall be paid for at least one-half day of work for each such day he reports for work, and if the employee works more than three and one-half hours on any Saturday or Sunday, he shall be paid for a least a full day of work for each such day.

Custodians required to work a daily work schedule that is interrupted, that is, who do not work a continuous period in one day, shall be paid additional compensation which shall be equal to at least one eighth of their total salary as provided by their state minimum salary and any county pay supplement, and payable entirely from county funds.

Upon the change in classification or upon meeting the requirements of an advanced classification of or by any employee, his salary shall be made to comply with the requirements of this article, and to any county salary schedule in excess of the minimum requirements of this article, based upon his advanced classification and allowable years of employment.

An employee's contract as provided in section five, article two of this chapter shall state the appropriate monthly salary the employee is to be paid, based on the class title as provided in this article and any county salary schedule in excess of the minimum requirements

51 of this article.

The column heads of the state minimum pay scale and class titles, set forth in section eight-a of this article, are defined as follows:

"Pay grade" means the monthly salary applicable to class titles of service personnel.

"Years of employment" means the number of years which an employee classified as service personnel has been employed by a board of education in any position prior to or subsequent to the effective date of this section and including service in the armed forces of the United States if the employee were employed at the time of his induction. For the purpose of section eight-a of this article, years of employment shall be limited to the number of years shown and allowed under the state minimum pay scale as set forth in section eight-a of this article.

"Class title" means the name of the position or job held by service personnel.

"Accountant I" means personnel employed to maintain payroll records and reports and perform one or more operations relating to a phase of the total payroll.

"Accountant II" means personnel employed to maintain accounting records and to be responsible for the accounting process associated with billing, budgets, purchasing and related operations.

"Accountant III" means personnel who are employed in the county board of education office to manage and supervise accounts payable and/or payroll procedures.

"Aide I" means those personnel selected and trained for teacher-aide classifications such as monitor aide, clerical aide, classroom aide or general aide.

"Aide II" means those personnel referred to in the "Aide I" classification who have completed a training program approved by the state board of education, or who hold a high school diploma or have received a general educational development certificate. Only personnel classified in an Aide II class title shall be

89 employed as an aide in any special education program.

"Aide III" means those personnel referred to in the "Aide I" classification who hold a high school diploma or a general educational development certificate, and have completed six semester hours of college credit at an institution of higher education or are employed as an aide in a special education program and have one year's experience as an aide in special education.

"Aide IV" means personnel referred to in the "Aide I" classification who hold a high school diploma or a general educational development certificate and who have completed eighteen hours of state board-approved college credit at a regionally accredited institution of higher education, or who have completed fifteen hours of state board-approved college credit at a regionally accredited institution of higher education and successfully completed an in-service training program determined by the state board to be the equivalent of three hours of college credit.

"Audiovisual technician" means personnel employed to perform minor maintenance on audiovisual equipment, films, supplies and the filling of requests for equipment.

"Auditor" means personnel employed to examine and verify accounts of individual schools and to assist schools and school personnel in maintaining complete and accurate records of their accounts.

"Braille or sign language specialist" means personnel employed to provide braille and/or sign language assistance to students.

"Bus operator" means personnel employed to operate school buses and other school transportation vehicles as provided by the state board of education.

"Buyer" means personnel employed to review and write specifications, negotiate purchase bids and recommend purchase agreements for materials and services that meet predetermined specifications at the lowest available costs.

"Cabinetmaker" means personnel employed to con-

- 128 struct cabinets, tables, bookcases and other furniture.
- 129 "Cafeteria manager" means personnel employed to
- 130 direct the operation of a food services program in a
- school, including assigning duties to employees, approv-
- 132 ing requisitions for supplies and repairs, keeping
- 133 inventories, inspecting areas to maintain high standards
- 134 of sanitation, preparing financial reports and keeping
- 135 records pertinent to food services of a school.
- "Carpenter I" means personnel classified as a carpenter's helper.
- 138 "Carpenter II" means personnel classified as a
- 139 journeyman carpenter.
- "Chief mechanic" means personnel employed to be
- 141 responsible for directing activities which ensure that
- 142 student transportation or other board-owned vehicles
- 143 are properly and safely maintained.
- 144 "Clerk I" means personnel employed to perform
- 145 clerical tasks.
- "Clerk II" means personnel employed to perform
- 147 general clerical tasks, prepare reports and tabulations
- 148 and operate office machines.
- "Computer operator" means qualified personnel
- 150 employed to operate computers.
- "Cook I" means personnel employed as a cook's helper.
- 152 "Cook II" means personnel employed to interpret
- 153 menus, to prepare and serve meals in a food service
- 154 program of a school and shall include personnel who
- 155 have been employed as a "Cook I" for a period of four
- 156 years, if such personnel have not been elevated to this
- 157 classification within that period of time.
- 158 "Cook III" means personnel employed to prepare and
- 159 serve meals, make reports, prepare requisitions for
- 160 supplies, order equipment and repairs for a food service
- 161 program of a school system.
- 162 "Crew leader" means personnel employed to organize
- 163 the work for a crew of maintenance employees to carry
- 164 out assigned projects.

- "Custodian I" means personnel employed to keep buildings clean and free of refuse.
- "Custodian II" means personnel employed as a watchman or groundsman.
- "Custodian III" means personnel employed to keep buildings clean and free of refuse, to operate the heating or cooling systems and to make minor repairs.
- "Custodian IV" means personnel employed as head custodians. In addition to providing services as defined in "Custodian III," their duties may include supervising other custodian personnel.
- "Director or coordinator of services" means personnel not defined as professional personnel or professional educators in section one, article one of this chapter, who are assigned to direct a department or division.
- "Draftsman" means personnel employed to plan, design and produce detailed architectural/engineering drawings.
- "Electrician I" means personnel employed as an apprentice electrician helper or who holds an electrician helper license issued by the state fire marshal.
- "Electrician II" means personnel employed as an electrician journeyman or who holds a journeyman electrician license issued by the state fire marshal.
- "Electronic technician I" means personnel employed at the apprentice level to repair and maintain electronic equipment.
- "Electronic technician II" means personnel employed at the journeyman level to repair and maintain electronic equipment.
- "Executive secretary" means personnel employed as the county school superintendent's secretary or as a secretary who is assigned to a position characterized by significant administrative duties.
- "Food services supervisor" means qualified personnel not defined as professional personnel or professional educators in section one, article one of this chapter,

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employed to manage and supervise a county school system's food service program. The duties would include preparing in-service training programs for cooks and food service employees, instructing personnel in the areas of quantity cooking with economy and efficiency, and keeping aggregate records and reports.

"Foremen" means skilled persons employed for supervision of personnel who work in the areas of repair and maintenance of school property and equipment.

"General maintenance" means personnel employed as helpers to skilled maintenance employees and to perform minor repairs to equipment and buildings of a county school system.

"Glazier" means personnel employed to replace glass or other materials in windows and doors and to do minor carpentry tasks.

"Graphic artist" means personnel employed to prepare graphic illustrations.

"Groundsmen" means personnel employed to perform duties that relate to the appearance, repair and general care of school grounds in a county school system. Additional assignments may include the operation of a small heating plant and routine cleaning duties in buildings.

"Handyman" means personnel employed to perform routine manual tasks in any operation of the county school system.

"Heating and air conditioning mechanic I" means personnel employed at the apprentice level to install, repair and maintain heating and air conditioning plants and related electrical equipment.

"Heating and air conditioning mechanic II" means personnel employed at the journeyman level to install, repair and maintain heating and air conditioning plants and related electrical equipment.

"Heavy equipment operator" means personnel employed to operate heavy equipment.

239 "Inventory supervisor" means personnel who are 240 employed to supervise or maintain operations in the 241 receipt, storage, inventory and issuance of materials and 242 supplies.

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"Key punch operator" means qualified personnel employed to operate key punch machines or verifying machines.

"Locksmith" means personnel employed to repair and maintain locks and safes.

"Lubrication man" means personnel employed to lubricate and service gasoline or diesel-powered equipment of a county school system.

"Machinist" means personnel employed to perform machinist tasks which include the ability to operate a lathe, planer, shaper, threading machine and wheel press. Such personnel should also have ability to work from blueprints and drawings.

"Mail clerk" means personnel employed to receive, sort, dispatch, deliver or otherwise handle letters, parcels and other mail.

"Maintenance clerk" means personnel employed to maintain and control a stocking facility to keep adequate tools and supplies on hand for daily withdrawal for all school maintenance crafts.

"Mason" means personnel employed to perform tasks connected with brick and block laying and carpentry tasks related to such laying.

"Mechanic" means personnel employed who can independently perform skilled duties in the maintenance and repair of automobiles, school buses and other mechanical and mobile equipment to use in a county school system.

"Mechanic assistant" means personnel employed as a mechanic apprentice and helper.

"Multi-classification" means personnel employed to perform tasks that involve the combination of two or more class titles in this section or as created by the West Virginia board of education. In such instances the minimum salary scale shall be the higher pay grade of the class titles involved.

279 "Office equipment repairman I" means personnel 280 employed as an office equipment repairman apprentice 281 or helper.

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303 304 "Office equipment repairman II" means personnel responsible for servicing and repairing all office machines and equipment. Personnel shall be responsible for parts being purchased necessary for the proper operation of a program of continuous maintenance and repair.

"Painter" means personnel employed to perform duties of painting, finishing and decorating of wood, metal and concrete surfaces of buildings, other structures, equipment, machinery and furnishings of a county school system.

"Paraprofessional" means a person certified pursuant to section two-a, article three of this chapter to perform duties in a support capacity including, but not limited to, facilitating in the instruction and direct or indirect supervision of pupils under the direction of a principal, a teacher, or another designated professional educator: *Provided*, That no person employed on the effective date of this section in the position of an aide may be reduced in force or transferred to create a vacancy for the employment of a paraprofessional.

"Plumber I" means personnel employed as an apprentice plumber and helper.

305 "Plumber II" means personnel employed as a journey-306 man plumber.

"Printing operator" means personnel employed to operate duplication equipment, and as required, to cut, collate, staple, bind and shelve materials.

310 "Printing supervisor" means personnel employed to 311 supervise the operation of a print shop.

"Programmer" means personnel employed to design and prepare programs for computer operation.

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"Roofing/sheet metal mechanic" means personnel employed to install, repair, fabricate and maintain roofs, gutters, flashing and duct work for heating and ventilation.

"Sanitation plant operator" means personnel employed to operate and maintain a water or sewage treatment plant to ensure the safety of the plant's effluent for human consumption or environmental protection.

"School bus supervisor" means qualified personnel employed to assist in selecting school bus operators and routing and scheduling of school buses, operate a bus when needed, relay instructions to bus operators, plan emergency routing of buses and promoting good relationships with parents, pupils, bus operators and other employees.

"Secretary I" means personnel employed to transcribe from notes or mechanical equipment, receive callers, perform clerical tasks, prepare reports and operate office machines.

"Secretary II" means personnel employed in any elementary, secondary, kindergarten, nursery, special education, vocational or any other school as a secretary. The duties may include performing general clerical tasks, transcribing from notes or stenotype or mechanical equipment or a sound-producing machine, preparing reports, receiving callers and referring them to proper persons, operating office machines, keeping records and handling routine correspondence. There is nothing implied herein that would prevent such employees from holding or being elevated to a higher classification.

"Secretary III" means personnel assigned to the county board of education office administrators in charge of various instructional, maintenance, transportation, food services, operations and health departments, federal programs or departments with particular responsibilities of purchasing and financial control or any personnel who have served in a position which meets the definition of "Secretary II" or "Secretary III" herein for twelve years.

"Supervisor of maintenance" means skilled personnel not defined as professional personnel or professional educators as in section one, article one of this chapter. The responsibilities would include directing the upkeep of buildings and shops, issuing instructions to subordi-nates relating to cleaning, repairs and maintenance of all structures and mechanical and electrical equipment of a board of education.

"Supervisor of transportation" means qualified personnel employed to direct school transportation activities, properly and safely, and to supervise the maintenance and repair of vehicles, buses, and other mechanical and mobile equipment used by the county school system.

"Switchboard operator-receptionist" means personnel employed to refer incoming calls, to assume contact with the public, to direct and to give instructions as necessary, to operate switchboard equipment and to provide clerical assistance.

"Truck driver" means personnel employed to operate light or heavy duty gasoline and diesel-powered vehicles.

"Warehouse clerk" means personnel employed to be responsible for receiving, storing, packing and shipping goods.

"Watchman" means personnel employed to protect school property against damage or theft. Additional assignments may include operation of a small heating plant and routine cleaning duties.

"Welder" means personnel employed to provide acetylene or electric welding services for a school system.

In addition to the compensation provided for in section eight-a of this article, for service personnel, each service employee shall, notwithstanding any provisions in this code to the contrary, be entitled to all service personnel employee rights, privileges and benefits provided under this or any other chapter of this code without regard to such employee's hours of employment or the methods or sources of compensation.

Service personnel whose years of employment exceed the number of years shown and provided for under the state minimum pay scale set forth in section eight-a of this article may not be paid less than the amount shown for the maximum years of employment shown and provided for in the classification in which he is employed.

The county boards shall review each service personnel employee job classification annually and shall reclassify all service employees as required by such job classifications. The state superintendent of schools is hereby authorized to withhold state funds appropriated pursuant to this article for salaries for service personnel who are improperly classified by such county boards. Further, he shall order county boards to correct immediately any improper classification matter and with the assistance of the attorney general shall take any legal action necessary against any county board to enforce such order.

The state board of education is authorized to establish other class titles of service personnel positions and jobs not listed in this section. The state board of education is further authorized to provide appropriate pay grades for such positions and jobs but pay shall be established within the minimum salary scale in section eight-a of this article.

No service employee, without his written consent, may be reclassified by class title, nor may a service employee, without his written consent, be relegated to any condition of employment which would result in a reduction of his salary, rate of pay, compensation or benefits earned during the current fiscal year or which would result in a reduction of his salary, rate of pay, compensation or benefits for which he would qualify by continuing in the same job position and classification held during said fiscal year and subsequent years.

Any board failing to comply with the provisions of this article may be compelled to do so by mandamus, and shall be liable to any party prevailing against the board for court costs and his reasonable attorney fee, as

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433 determined and established by the court.

434 Notwithstanding any provisions in this code to the 435 contrary, service personnel who hold a continuing 436 contract in a specific job classification and are physi-437 cally unable to perform the job's duties as confirmed by 438 a physician chosen by the employee shall be given 439 priority status over any employee not holding a continuing contract in filling other service personnel job 440 441 vacancies if qualified as provided in section eight-e of 442 this article.

§18A-4-10. Personal leave for illness and other causes; leave banks; substitutes.

1 At the beginning of the employment term, any full-2 time employee of a county board of education shall be 3 entitled annually to at least one and one-half days 4 personal leave for each employment month or major 5 fraction thereof in the employee's employment term. Unused leave shall be accumulative without limitation 6 7 and shall be transferable within the state. A change in 8 job assignment during the school year shall in no way 9 affect the employee's rights or benefits.

A regular full-time employee who is absent from assigned duties due to accident, sickness, death in the immediate family, or life threatening illness of the employee's spouse, parents or child, or other cause authorized or approved by the board, shall be paid the full salary from his regular budgeted salary appropriation during the period which such employee is absent. but not to exceed the total amount of leave to which such employee is entitled: Provided, That each such employee shall be permitted three days of such leave annually. which may be taken without regard to the cause for the absence, except that personal leave without cause may not be taken on consecutive work days unless authorized or approved by the employee's principal or immediate supervisor, as the case may be: Provided, however, That notice of such leave day shall be given to the employee's principal or immediate supervisor, as the case may be. at least twenty-four hours in advance, except that in the case of sudden and unexpected circumstances, such

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notice shall be given as soon as reasonably practicable; however, the use of such day may be denied if, at the time notice is given, either fifteen percent of the employees or three employees, whichever is greater. under the supervision of the principal or immediate supervisor, as the case may be, have previously notified the principal or immediate supervisor of their intention to use that day for such leave: Provided further. That such leave shall not be used in connection with a concerted work stoppage or strike. Where the cause for leave had its origin prior to the beginning of the employment term, the employee shall be paid for time lost after the start of the employment term. If an employee should use personal leave which the employee has not vet accumulated on a monthly basis and subsequently leave the employment, the employee shall be required to reimburse the board for the salary or wages paid to him for such unaccumulated leave.

Prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the state board shall establish rules, effective on said date, to restrict the payment of personal leave benefits and the charging of personal leave time used to an employee receiving a workers' compensation benefit from a claim filed against and billed to the employee's board. If an employee is awarded such benefit, such employee shall receive personal leave compensation only to the extent such compensation is required, when added to the workers' compensation benefit, to equal the amount of compensation regularly paid such employee. If personal leave compensation equal to the employee's regular pay is paid prior to the award of the workers' compensation benefit, such amount which, when added to the benefit, is in excess of the employee's regular pay shall be deducted from the employee's subsequent pay. The employee's accrued personal leave days shall be charged only for such days as equal the amount of personal leave compensation required to compensate the employee at the employee's regular rate of pay.

The board may establish reasonable rules for reporting and verification of absences for cause; and if any

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error in reporting absences should occur, it shall have authority to make necessary salary adjustments in the next pay after the employee has returned to duty or in the final pay if the absence should occur during the last month of the employment term.

A county board of education may establish a personal leave bank or banks to which employees may contribute no more than two days of personal leave per school year: Provided, That such bank or banks be established either jointly or separately for both professional personnel and school service personnel and that a bank be available to all school personnel. Such personal leave bank shall be established and operated pursuant to rules adopted by the county board: Provided, however. That such rules may limit the maximum number of days used by an employee, shall require that leave bank days be used only by an active employee with less than five days accumulated personal leave who is absent from work due to accident or illness of such employee, and shall prohibit the use of such days with the extension of insurance coverage pursuant to section twelve, article sixteen, chapter five of this code. Such rules shall require that contributions shall reduce, to the extent of such contribution, the number of personal leave days to which an employee is entitled by this section: Provided further. That such contribution shall not reduce personal leave days without cause to which an employee is entitled. No employee may be compelled to contribute to such personal leave bank.

When an allowable absence does not directly affect the instruction of the pupils or when a substitute employee may not be required because of the nature of the work and the duration of the cause for the allowable absence of the regular employee, the administration, subject to board approval, may use its discretion as to the need for a substitute where limited absence may prevail.

If funds in any fiscal year, including transfers, are insufficient to pay the full cost of substitutes for meeting the provisions of this section, the remainder shall be paid on or before the thirty-first day of August from the budget of the next fiscal year.

Any board of education shall have authority to supplement such leave provisions in any manner it may deem advisable in accordance with applicable rules of the state board and the provisions of this chapter and chapter eighteen of this code.

CHAPTER 54

(S. B. 468—By Senators Wagner and Withers)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to clarifying and limiting the emergency powers of the county superintendent of schools.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

§18-4-10. Duties.

- 1 The county superintendent shall:
- 2 (1) Act as the chief executive officer of the board, and 3 execute under the direction of the state board all its 4 educational policies;
- 5 (2) Nominate all personnel to be employed; in case the board of education refuses to employ any or all of the persons nominated, the superintendent shall nominate others and submit the same to the board of education at such time as the board may direct, but no such person or persons shall be employed except on the nomination of the county superintendent;
- 12 (3) Assign, transfer, suspend or promote teachers and 13 all other school employees of the district, subject only 14 to the approval of the board, and to recommend to the

- board their dismissal pursuant to the provisions of thischapter;
- 17 (4) Organize and attend district institutes; organize and direct reading circles and boys' and girls' clubs;
- 19 (5) Close temporarily a school when conditions are detrimental to the health, safety or welfare of the pupils;
- 21 (6) Certify all expenditures and monthly payrolls of teachers and employees;

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- (7) Be the secretary of the board and attend all meetings of the board or its committees, except when his tenure, salary or administration is under consideration;
- (8) Administer oaths and examine under oath witnesses in any proceedings pertaining to the schools of the district, and have the testimony reduced to writing;
 - (9) Exercise all other authority granted by this chapter or required by the board or state board; and
 - (10) Act in case of emergency as the best interests of the school demand: *Provided*, That an emergency as contemplated in this section shall be limited to an unforeseeable, catastrophic event including natural disaster or act of war: *Provided*, *however*, That nothing in this section shall be construed as granting the county superintendent authority to override any statutory or constitutional provision in the exercise of said emergency power except where such authority is specifically granted in the particular code section.

CHAPTER 55

(H. B. 2472—By Delegates Pethtel and D. Miller)

[Passed February 13, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one-a, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, to allow school employees to serve on a county board of education in the county where they reside but are not employed.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one-a, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-1a. Eligibility of members.

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No person shall be eligible for membership on any 1 2 county board of education who is not a citizen, resident 3 in such county, or who accepts a position as teacher or 4 service personnel in the school district in which he or 5 she is a resident or who is an elected or an appointed 6 member of any political party executive committee, or who becomes a candidate for any other office than to 7 8 succeed oneself.

No member or member-elect of any board of education shall be eligible for nomination, election or appointment to any public office, other than to succeed oneself, or for election or appointment as a member of any political party executive committee, unless and until after that membership on the board, or his status as member-elect to the board, has been terminated at or before the time of his filing for such nomination for, or appointment to, such public office or committee.

Any person who is elected or appointed to a county board of education on or after the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, shall possess at least a high school diploma or a general educational development (GED) diploma: *Provided*, That this provision shall not apply to members or members-elect who have taken office prior to the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and who serve continuously therefrom.

No person elected to a county board of education after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall assume the duties of board member unless he or she has first attended and completed a course of orientation relating to boardsmanship and governance effectiveness which shall be given between the date of election and the beginning of the member's term of 34 office. Members appointed to the board shall attend and complete the next such course offered following their 35 appointment. Commencing on the effective date of this 36 section, members shall annually receive seven clock 37 38 hours of training in areas relating to boardsmanship 39 and governance effectiveness. Such orientation and 40 training shall be approved by the state board of 41 education and conducted by the West Virginia school 42 board association or other organization or organizations 43 approved by the state board. Failure to attend and complete such an approved course of orientation and 44 training relating to boardsmanship and governance 45 effectiveness without good cause shall constitute neglect 46 47 of duty.

CHAPTER 56

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 578—By Senators Bailey and Anderson)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-b, relating to authorizing county boards of education to donate unneeded real estate to certain nonprofit organizations; and limiting the liability of county boards for hazardous conditions associated with certain conveyed property.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-7. Sale of school property at public auction; rights of grantor of lands in rural communities; oil and gas leases; disposition of proceeds.

§18-5-7b. Charitable or community use of unneeded buildings.

§18-5-7. Sale of school property at public auction; rights of grantor of lands in rural communities; oil and gas leases; disposition of proceeds.

1 If at any time the board shall ascertain that any 2 building or any land no longer shall be needed for school 3 purposes, the board may sell, dismantle, remove or 4 relocate any such buildings and sell the land on which 5 they are located, at public auction, after proper notice, and on such terms as it orders, to the highest responsible 6 7 bidder. But in rural communities, the grantor of the lands, his heirs or assigns, shall have the right to 8 9 purchase at the sale, the land, exclusive of the buildings thereon, and the mineral rights, at the same price for 10 which it was originally sold: Provided. That the sale to 11 the board was not a voluntary arms length transaction 12 for valuable consideration approximating the fair 13 14 market value of the property at the time of such sale to the board: Provided, however. That this section shall 15 not operate to invalidate any provision of the deed to the 16 17 contrary. The board by the same method prescribed for 18 the sale of school buildings and lands, may also lease for oil or gas or other minerals any lands or school sites 19 owned in fee by it. The proceeds of such sales and 20 rentals shall be placed to the credit of such fund or 21 22 funds of the district as the board may direct: Provided 23 further. That the provisions of this section concerning sale at public auction shall not apply to boards of 24 education selling or disposing of its property for a public 25 use to the state of West Virginia, or its political 26 subdivisions, including county commissions or divisions 27 thereof, for an adequate consideration without consider-28 ing alone the present commercial or market value of the 29 property: And provided further, That the board may 30 make any sale of property subject to the provisions that 31 all liability for hazards associated with the premises are 32 to be assumed by the purchaser, and any sale of 33 improved property in which the actual consideration is 34 less than ten thousand dollars or in any sale of unim-35 proved property in which the actual consideration is less 36 than one thousand dollars the board shall make any sale 37

- 38 of property subject to the provisions that all liability for
- 39 hazards associated with the premises are to be assumed
- 40 by the purchaser. The board shall inform any prospec-
- 41 tive purchaser of known or suspected hazards associated
- 42 with the property.

§18-5-7b. Charitable or community use of unneeded buildings.

1 If, in the sound judgment of the board, the needs of 2 the community require the use of property not needed 3 for school purposes, for charitable, economic development or other community use, notwithstanding the 4 5 provisions of section seven of this article, the board may 6 convey by deed or by lease, for nominal consideration. 7 to a private, nonprofit, tax-exempt organization, such tax-exempt status having been granted by the Internal 8 9 Revenue Service under the provisions of 26 United States code section 501 (c) (3) through (8) inclusive. (19) 10 11 or (23), upon such terms and conditions as will permit title to revert to the board if the organization is 12 13 dissolved or ceases to use the property for the intended 14 purpose within the first five years of such conveyance: 15 Provided. That such reversion provision shall be subordinated to such extent as may be required solely 16 in order to obtain a loan for the purpose of improving 17 the property. In any absolute conveyance under this 18 section, the transfer shall be subject to the provisions 19 20 that all liability for hazards associated with the premises are to be assumed by the recipient. The board 21 shall inform any prospective donee of known or sus-22 pected hazards associated with the property. 23

CHAPTER 57

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 408—By Senator Burdette, Mr. President, By Request)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirteen-a, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating

to exempting county boards of education from public hearings on school closings or consolidations in certain instances; and specifying additional data to be included in the county board's written statement of reasons for school closing or consolidation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen-a, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-13a. School closing or consolidation.

- In addition to the provisions of section thirteen of this article, prior to any final decision of a county board of education on any proposal to close or consolidate any school, except in cases in which a construction bond issue was passed by the voters and which bond issue included the schools to be closed or consolidated, the county board of education shall:
- (1) Prepare and reduce to writing its reasons and supporting data regarding such school closing or consolidation. The written reasons required under this section shall be available for public inspection in the office of the county school superintendent during the four successive weeks before the date of the public hearing required by this section; and
- (2) Provide for a public hearing, notice of which shall be advertised by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality of the affected school at least once a week for four successive weeks prior to the date of the hearing. The notice shall contain the time and place of the hearing and the proposed action of the school board. A copy of such notice shall be posted at the affected school in conspicuous working places for all professional and service personnel to observe, and such notice shall remain posted for four successive weeks prior to the date of the required public hearing. At least a quorum of the school board members and the county superintendent from the county wherein the affected school is located shall attend and be present at the

public hearing. Members of the public shall have the right to be present, to submit statements and testimony, and to question county school officials at the public hearing.

Any such proposal to close or consolidate any school by any county board of education shall be further subject to any current rules and regulations of the state board of education relating to school closing or consolidation: *Provided*, That after the effective date of this section the state board shall promulgate rules and regulations which shall prescribe in detail the type of supporting data a county board of education shall include as part of its written statement of reasons required by this section for school closing or consolidation, including the transportation time of the affected students and which shall include any data required by the state board of education to amend a county's comprehensive educational facilities plan.

This section shall take effect on the date of passage and shall affect any school not physically closed or consolidated as of that date: *Provided*, That the written reasons shall include all supporting data required by the state board of education to amend a county's comprehensive education facilities plan.

CHAPTER 58

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2362—By Delegates Ashcraft and Prezioso)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article five-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to permitting vocational-technical schools to include additional representatives of business and industry on their school improvement councils.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article five-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5A. LOCAL SCHOOL INVOLVEMENT.

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§18-5A-2. Local school improvement councils; election.

A local school improvement council shall be established at every school consisting of the principal, who shall serve as the ex officio chairman of the council and be entitled to vote, three teachers elected by the faculty senate of the school, two school service personnel elected by the school service personnel employed at the school, three parents or legal guardians of students enrolled at the school elected by the school's parent teacher organization, and two at-large members appointed by the principal, one of whom resides in the school's attendance area and one of whom represents business or industry, both of whom are not eligible for membership under any of the other elected classes of members and in the case of vocational-technical schools, the vocational director, or if there is no vocational director then the principal, may appoint no more than two additional representatives, one of whom represents business and one of whom represents industry: Provided, That if the school houses students in grade seven or higher, then the student body president or other student, elected by the student body in grade seven or higher, shall also be a member of the council.

The principal shall arrange for such elections to be held prior to the tenth day of May of each school year to elect a council to serve for the next ensuing school year and shall give notice of the elections at least one week prior to the elections being held. To the extent practical, all elections shall be held within the same week. Persons elected to the council shall serve until the next election and may only be replaced upon death, resignation, failure to appear at three consecutive meetings of the council for which notice was given, or a change in personal circumstances so that the person is no longer representative of the class of members from which appointed. In the case of replacement, an election shall be held to elect another qualified person to serve the unexpired term of the person being replaced.

Each member of the school improvement council must

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be given written notice two employment days in advanceof any council meeting.

41 School improvement councils shall meet at least once 42 every nine weeks or equivalent grading period at the 43 call of the chair or by three fourths of its members. At the first meeting of the council, the chair shall provide 44 45 each member with a copy of the current applicable 46 section of this code and any state board rule or 47 regulation promulgated pursuant to the operation of 48 these councils, and the council shall elect from its 49 membership two members to assist the chair in setting 50 the agenda for each council meeting.

School improvement councils shall be considered for the receipt of school of excellence awards under section three of this article and competitive grant awards under section twenty-nine, article two of this chapter, and may receive and expend such grants for the purposes provided in such section.

In any and all matters which may fall within the scope of both the school improvement councils and the school curriculum teams authorized in section five of this article, the school curriculum teams shall be deemed to have jurisdiction.

A school improvement council shall receive cooperation from the school in implementing policies and programs it may adopt to:

- (1) Encourage the involvement of parents in their child's educational process and in the school;
- (2) Encourage businesses to provide time for their employees who are parents to meet with teachers concerning their child's education;
- 70 (3) Encourage advice and suggestions from the 71 business community;
- 72 (4) Encourage school volunteer programs and mentor-73 ship programs; and
- 74 (5) Foster utilization of the school facilities and grounds for public community activities.

CHAPTER 59

(S. B. 180—By Senators Heck, Withers, Felton, Wagner, Lucht and Humphreys)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections seven and eight, article nine-b, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to school employees employment term; and prohibiting county boards of education from reducing employee salaries by reducing days in the employment term.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seven and eight, article nine-b, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 9B. STATE BOARD OF SCHOOL FINANCE.

§18-9B-7. Determination by the board of finance before final approval of budget; length of term.

§18-9B-8. Projected expenditures order of revision in budget.

§18-9B-7. Determination by the board of finance before final approval of budget; length of term.

- 1 The board of finance, before giving its final approval
- 2 to a proposed budget, shall require that:
- 3 (1) Estimates of revenue and receipts are reasonable and accurate:
- 5 (2) Amounts are budgeted so as to cover actual
- 6 requirements of school operation; and
- 7 (3) Amounts are budgeted so as to maintain the
- 8 schools of the county for the employment term and the
- 9 instructional term as defined in section fifteen, article
- 10 five of this chapter.

§18-9B-8. Projected expenditures order of revision in budget.

- 1 If the board of finance finds that the proposed budget
- 2 for a county will not maintain the proposed educational

- 3 program as well as other financial obligations of their 4 county board of education, it may require that the .5 budget be revised, but in no case shall permit the reduction of the instructional term pursuant to the 6 7 provisions contained in section fifteen, article five of this 8 chapter nor the employment term below two hundred days. Any required revision in the budget for this 9 purpose may be made in the following order: 10
- 11 (1) Postpone expenditures for permanent improve-12 ments and capital outlays except from the permanent 13 improvement fund:
- 14 (2) Reduce the amount budgeted for maintenance 15 exclusive of service personnel so as to guarantee the 16 payment of salaries for the employment term; or
- 17 (3) Adjust amounts budgeted in any other way so as 18 to assure the required employment term of two hundred 19 days and the required instructional term of one hundred 20 eighty days under the applicable provisions of law.

CHAPTER 60

(H. B. 2124—By Delegates Williams and Susman)

[Passed January 31, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article ten, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to West Virginia State College; and designating said college a land grant institution.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article ten, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 10. FEDERAL AID AND GIFTS FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES.
- §18-10-3. Federal aid for West Virginia University and West Virginia State College.

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The state of West Virginia hereby renews its assent to the provisions and purposes of the act of Congress of August thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An act to apply a portion of the proceeds of the public land to the more complete endowment and support of the colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts established under the provisions of the act of Congress approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two," and of all subsequent acts of Congress amending or supplementing said act, and accepts the appropriations of money authorized thereby.

The state of West Virginia hereby designates West Virginia University as the beneficiary of appropriations under the eighteen hundred and sixty-two act of Congress referred to in section one of this article and West Virginia State College as the beneficiary of appropriations under the eighteen hundred and ninety act of Congress referred to in this section.

CHAPTER 61

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 178—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to specifying the date after which certain graduate work will qualify for advanced salary classification; eliminating the petition requirement for receiving advanced salary classification; providing for an additional exception to continue receiving in-field pay; defining in-field classification; requiring certain individuals who complete a master's degree prior to a certain date to take additional hours in certain instances; specifying when certain individuals who complete a master's degree subsequent to a certain date must take additional course work; requiring no additional course work in certain instances; specifying exceptions to the total course work requirements; defining certain master's programs for qualifying for in-field classification; redefining in-field master's; and defining M.A. + 45, in-field M.A. + 45 and in-field doctorate.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

§18A-4-1. Definitions.

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For the purpose of this article, salaries shall be 1 2 defined as: (a) "Basic salaries" which shall mean the 3 salaries paid to teachers with zero years of experience and in accordance with the classification of certification 4 and of training of said teachers; and (b) "advanced 5 6 salaries" which shall mean the basic salary plus an 7 experience increment based on the allowable years of experience of the respective teachers in accordance with 8 the schedule established herein for the applicable 9 classification of certification and of training of said 10 11 teachers.

"Classification of certification" means the class or type of certificate issued by the state superintendent of schools under the statutory provisions of this chapter. "Classification of training" means the number of collegiate or graduate hours necessary to meet the requirements stipulated in the definitions set forth in the next paragraph in items (2) to (16), inclusive.

The column heads of the state minimum salary schedule set forth in section two of this article are defined as follows:

(1) "Years of experience" means the number of years the teacher has been employed in the teaching profession, including active work in educational positions other than the public schools, and service in the armed forces of the United States if the teacher was under contract to teach at the time of induction. For a registered professional nurse employed by a county board of education, "years of experience" means the

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number of years the nurse has been employed as a public school health nurse, including active work in a nursing position related to education, and service in the armed forces if the nurse was under contract with the county board at the time of induction. For the purpose of section two of this article, the experience of a teacher or a nurse shall be limited to that allowed under their training classification as found in the minimum salary schedule.

- (2) "Fourth class" means all certificates previously identified as: (a) "Certificates secured by examination"; and (b) "other first grade certificates".
- (3) "Third class" means all certificates previously identified as: (a) "Standard normal certificates"; and (b) "third class temporary (sixty-four semester hours) certificates".
- (4) "Second class" means all certificates previously identified as "second class temporary certificates based upon the required ninety-six hours of college work".
- (5) "A.B." means a bachelor's degree, from an accredited institution of higher education, which has been issued to, or for which the requirements for such have been met by, a person who qualifies for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent. A registered professional nurse with a bachelor's degree, who is licensed by the West Virginia board of examiners for registered professional nurses and employed by a county board of education, shall be within this classification for payment in accordance with sections two and two-a of this article.
- (6) "A.B. plus 15" means a bachelor's degree as defined above plus fifteen hours of graduate work, from an accredited institution of higher education certified to do graduate work, in an approved planned program at the graduate level which requirements have been met by a person who qualifies for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
- (7) "M.A." means a master's degree, earned in an institution of higher education approved to do graduate

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- work, which has been issued to, or the requirements for such have been met by, a person who qualifies for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
 - (8) "M.A. plus 15" means the above-defined master's degree plus fifteen hours of graduate work, earned in an institution of higher education approved to do graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
 - (9) "M.A. plus 30" means the above-defined master's degree plus thirty graduate hours, earned in an institution approved to do graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
 - (10) "Doctorate" means a doctor's degree, earned from a university qualified and approved to confer such a degree, which has been issued to or the requirements for such have been met by a person who qualifies for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.

For purposes of advanced salary classification, graduate work completed after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, shall be related to the public school program, as prescribed by the state board of education.

Notwithstanding the requirements set forth in subdivisions (6), (8) and (9) of this section relating to hours of graduate work at an institution certified to do such work, fifteen undergraduate credit hours from a regionally accredited institution of higher education, earned after the effective date of this section, may be utilized for advanced salary classification if such hours are in accordance with: (a) The teacher's current classification of certification and of training; (b) a designated instructional shortage area documented by the employing county superintendent; or (c) an identified teaching deficiency documented through the state approved county personnel evaluation system.

In-field classification compensation is contingent upon recognition of the in-field classification and the educator's assignment. The West Virginia board of education

 shall establish regulations for the administration and implementation of the in-field classification salary schedule.

Only those professional educators whose assignments, for a minimum of fifty (50) percent of the instructional day, are consistent with the endorsement(s) recognized as meeting the in-field classification shall be eligible for compensation based on the in-field classification schedule. If scheduling constraints prevent the educator from being assigned to endorsements recognized for the infield classification for a minimum of fifty (50) percent of the instructional day, the educator shall receive such compensation.

If a professional educator, who was previously employed in an area recognized for in-field classification, is reassigned to work full time in an area not recognized on said educator's certificate for in-field classification as a result of (1) voluntary reassignment to assist the county in meeting a critical staffing need, or (2) a reduction in force, or (3) placement on the transfer list in accordance with and pursuant to section seven, article two, chapter eighteen-a, any of which continues to prevent the educator from being assigned to an in-field area designated on the educator's certificate, then the educator shall continue to receive payment under the in-field classification salary schedule.

Upon request for a specific master's degree program, the appropriate governing board of higher education shall provide all of the course work for a master's degree program that is designated as in-field for the certification area of the professional educator who makes the request. The course work for such program shall be initiated no later than two years from the date requested and shall be provided to the greatest extent feasible within each regional educational service agency area in which the request has been made as follows: (1) Via satellite instruction; (2) via public television home instruction; or (3) in a manner prescribed by such governing board. If the governing board fails to initiate the course work within the above time period, an

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 individual shall be compensated at the appropriate level of years of experience on the in-field classification salary schedule whenever the individual has obtained any master's degree related to the public school program.

The appropriate governing board of higher education shall develop a plan to provide "M.A." classification programs to professional educators throughout this state by the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, with the objective being to provide course work enabling professional educators to achieve an "M.A." degree classification in their field of assignment.

Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the following definitions shall be applicable and the preceding definitions numbered (8) and (9) shall be renumbered (9) and (11), respectively, and the preceding definition (10) shall be reconstituted in definition (15).

"In-field classification" means the above-defined master's degree and one of the following:

- (a) For individuals who complete a master's degree after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, twenty-four (24) semester hours of post baccalaureate graduate credit, within or external to the advanced degree, confined to one specialization completed at the undergraduate level on the educator's professional certificate or its equivalent; or
- (b) For individuals who complete a master's degree before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, eighteen (18) semester hours of post baccalaureate graduate credit, within or external to the advanced degree, confined to one specialization completed at the undergraduate level on the educator's professional certificate or its equivalent; or
- (c) A master's degree earned prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, in (i) a program specialization completed at the undergraduate level, or (ii) a state approved sub-area of the specialization which is consistent with a specialization, completed at the undergraduate level, on the educator's professional certificate or its equivalent; or

- (d) For the individuals who complete a master's degree after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, twelve (12) semester hours of graduate credit above and beyond the course work completed for the endorsement recognized for in-field classification only if the course work for the endorsement was also completed at the graduate level; or
- (e) For individuals who complete a master's degree before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, nine (9) semester hours of graduate credit above and beyond the course work completed for the endorsement recognized for in-field classification only if the course work for the endorsement was also completed at the graduate level: *Provided*, That in certification areas identified in (d) and (e) of this section where the total course work requirements for initial certification exceed the minimum required for in-field classification, the state department of education may by rule establish exceptions; or
- (f) For classroom teachers who complete a master's degree program leading to initial certification and who are assigned to that certification area for a minimum of fifty percent of the instructional day, no additional course work shall be required; or
- (g) A master's degree earned in education administration, guidance counseling, special education or speech communications even if the classroom teacher's assignment is not consistent with the endorsement: *Provided*, That special education classroom teachers must have at least five years teaching experience in special education to qualify under this subsection.
- (8) In-field master's means the above-defined master's degree including recognition of an above-defined in-field classification, earned in an institution of higher education approved to do graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
- (10) "In-field M.A. plus 15" means the above-defined M.A. plus 15 including recognition of an above-defined in-field classification, earned in an institution of higher

- 228 education approved to do graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its 229 230 equivalent.
- 231 (12) "In-field M.A. plus 30" means the above-defined 232 M.A. plus 30 including recognition of an above-defined 233 in-field classification, earned in an institution of higher education approved to do graduate work, if the person 234 235 is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its 236 equivalent.
- 237 Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 238 hundred ninety-four, the following definition shall be 239 applicable and the preceding definition of "doctorate" 240 shall be reconstituted in definition (15).
 - (13) "M.A. plus 45" means the above-defined master's degree plus forty-five graduate hours, earned in an institution approved to do graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.

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- (14) "In-field M.A. plus 45" means the above-defined M.A. plus 45 including recognition of an above-defined in-field classification, earned in an institution of higher education approved to do graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
- (16) "In-field doctorate" means the above-defined 253 doctor's degree, including recognition of an abovedefined in-field classification, earned in an institution of 254 higher education approved to do graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.

CHAPTER 62

(S. B. 412-By Senators Lucht, Wagner, Blatnik, Felton, Jones and Withers)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a; to amend article two of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section six; and to amend and reenact section eleven, article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of said code, relating to state institutions of higher education; requiring institutional and statewide report cards to ensure accountability in accordance with rules approved by legislative oversight commission on education accountability: requiring reporting of comparative data as enumerated for undergraduate, professional, graduate and health sciences schools; providing generally for said report cards; declaring legislative findings regarding health sciences education and funding for medical education; stating legislative intent regarding vice chancellor for health sciences: and increasing legislative members of legislative oversight commission on education accountability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a; that article two of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six; and that section eleven, article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of said code be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Chapter

18B. Higher Education.

29A. State Administrative Procedures.

CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.

Article

- 1. Governance.
- 2. University of West Virginia Board of Trustees.

ARTICLE 1. GOVERNANCE.

§18B-1-8a. Higher education accountability; institutional and statewide report cards.

- 1 (a) The governing boards are directed to make 2 information available to parents, students, faculty, staff,
- 3 state policymakers and the general public on the quality
- 4 and performance of public higher education. This

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information shall be consistent and comparable between and among the state institutions of higher education and, if applicable, comparable with information from peer institutions in the region and nation. The governing boards shall prepare forms for institutional and statewide report cards and shall by the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. promulgate reasonable and proper legislative rules subject to approval of the Legislature pursuant to the provisions of article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Such legislative rules shall provide the legislative oversight commission on education accountability with full and accurate information while minimizing the institutional burden of recordkeeping and reporting. Such legislative rules shall include uniform definitions for the various indicators of student and institutional performance and guidelines for the collection and reporting of data and the preparation, printing and distribution of report cards under this section. The report card forms shall provide for brief, concise reporting in nontechnical language of required information. Any technical or explanatory material which an institution or governing board wishes to include shall be contained in a separate appendix available to the general public upon request.

- (b) The president or chief executive officer of each public college, university or community college shall prepare and submit annually all requested data to the appropriate governing board at such time as the governing board may establish. The governing boards shall prepare institutional report cards for institutions under their jurisdiction and systemwide report cards which shall include the information required in the following subdivisions:
- (1) For all undergraduate students and for all institutions having undergraduate programs, the institution shall report the following as available and applicable: Average scores of incoming freshmen and transfer students on the American college test (ACT) or scholastic aptitude test (SAT); percentage of incoming freshmen enrolled in developmental classes; student

46 performance as measured by grade point average 47 and/or appropriate testing measures; the graduation or completion rate as may be defined by federal law or 48 regulation for the student body as a whole and sepa-49 50 rately for students at the institution who received athletically-related student aid categorized by sex and 51 52 athletic program; the rate at which individuals who 53 complete or graduate from the program of an institution 54 pass applicable licensure or certification examinations 55 required for employment in a particular vocation, trade 56 or professional field; student mobility (transfers in. 57 transfers out and withdrawals); number and percentage 58 of student body receiving tuition fee waivers; and 59 number, percentage and dollar value of tuition fee 60 waivers categorized by whether such waiver is for 61 athletic participation or is an academic waiver and by 62 whether the recipient is a resident or nonresident of this 63 state.

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(2) For professional schools, defined for the purposes of this section as academic programs leading to professions in which licensing is normally required and for which an undergraduate degree is a general prerequisite, the institution shall report the following as available and applicable: Average scores of beginning students and transfer students on standardized entrance examinations: number and percentage of student body receiving tuition fee waivers; number, percentage and dollar value of tuition fee waivers categorized by whether the recipient is a resident or nonresident of this state; the number of degrees granted; the graduation or completion rate as may be defined by federal law or regulation for the student body as a whole; the rate at which individuals who complete or graduate from the program of an institution pass applicable licensure or certification examinations required for employment in the particular professional field; the total number of students in each program, including the percentage of those students who are state residents, the percentage of students who are nonresidents of the state, the percentage of students who are women, and the percentage of students who are minorities as the term is defined by federal law; and the ratio of expenditures per

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pupil directly attributable to students enrolled in the professional school as compared to expenditures per pupil calculated as to students enrolled in the institution as a whole.

- (3) For graduate schools, defined for the purposes of this section as academic programs leading to advanced degrees (masters or doctorates of philosophy in fields for which bachelor's degree programs are available) and for which an undergraduate degree is a general prerequisite, the institution shall report the following as available and applicable: Average scores of beginning students and transfer students on standardized entrance examinations; number and percentage of student body receiving tuition fee waivers; number, percentage and dollar value of tuition fee waivers categorized by whether the recipient is a resident or nonresident of this state: the number of degrees granted: the graduation or completion rate as may be defined by federal law or regulation for the student body as a whole; the rate at which individuals who complete or graduate from the program of an institution pass applicable licensure or certification examinations required for employment: and the total number of students in each program. including the percentage of those students who are state residents, the percentage of students who are nonresidents of the state, the percentage of students who are women, and the percentage of students who are minorities as the term is defined by federal law.
- (4) In addition to any and all information required by subdivision (2) of this subsection, each health sciences school shall assist the vice chancellor for health sciences in providing information for the institutional and statewide report cards, which shall include reports on the following:
- (A) Information on graduates, including, but not limited to, placement of interns and residents, retention rates in the state, retention rates in underserved areas as determined by the division of health, the percentage practicing in primary care in this state to be defined as family medicine, internal medicine, pediatrics and obstetrics/gynecology, and other information pertinent

to health sciences education as it relates to health care 129 130 delivery in this state such as recruitment programs to 131 attract health care providers to West Virginia; reasons 132 obtained from graduate surveys as to why health care 133 graduates are leaving West Virginia; programs devel-134 oped to direct graduates into primary care practices and 135 specialty shortage areas in this state; and ways in which 136 the health sciences schools intend to assist in meeting 137 the projected health care needs of this state, including 138 specialty and sub-specialty health care professional 139 needs and where such needs are expected to arise, as those needs are defined by the division of health or such 140 141 other state agency as the division of health may deem 142 appropriate;

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- (B) Contractual and financial arrangements between the health sciences schools and such nonprofit and forprofit entities receiving moneys from the health sciences schools that the board of trustees determines have a significant impact on the provision of health sciences education in this state, such report to state the entity. the amount of funds paid to such entity and what the payment is for;
- 151 (C) The roles and missions of the health sciences 152 schools and evaluation of each school's performance in 153 accordance with outcome measures developed to evaluate the attainment of the roles, missions and programs developed for each school;
- 156 (D) The annual audit of the expenditures of each 157 health sciences school and any audit received by the 158 board from such nonprofit and for-profit entities 159 determined by the board of trustees to have a significant 160 affiliation to any health sciences school:
 - (E) Findings regarding management and operation of the health sciences schools, such findings to be based on the annual audits and to include proposals for and barriers to improving efficiency and generating cost savings in health sciences education:
 - (F) The quality of health sciences education, including, but not limited to, a review of any accrediting agency's report on health sciences education at any

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- 169 state-funded health sciences school;
- 170 (G) The clinical health care services and programs 171 offered or delivered by the health sciences schools, 172 including, but not limited to, programs which use 173 existing state facilities for the purposes of clinical 174 rotations;
 - (H) Matters relating to the funding and budgeting of health sciences education in this state, including, but not limited to, ways in which such budget effectuates the roles and missions of the health sciences schools;
 - (I) The financing of health sciences education subsequent to an annual, comprehensive review thereof, which report shall include anticipated capital costs, projected operating expenses, and future growth and recommendations on the allocation of any state or other tax dedicated to the funding of health sciences education; and
 - (J) Such other administrative, budgetary, financial, educational and other concerns as the board of trustees may deem necessary or helpful in providing information about the health sciences schools pursuant to this subsection.
 - (5) For all public institutions of higher education in the state, the following indicators of institutional performance in comparison with the aggregate of all other institutions in the state, region and nation as applicable and to the extent comparison data are available: Student-faculty ratio by school; studentadministrator ratio; faculty turnover by school; educational and general expenditure per full-time equivalent (FTE) student; expenditure by fund in graphic display: the academic rank and years of experience of the faculty and administrators at the institution; percentage minorities comprise of faculty and major administrative staff; percentage women comprise of faculty and major administrative staff; percentage of classes taught by adjunct or part-time faculty; statistics concerning the occurrence on campus during the most recent school year and during the preceding school years for which data are available of criminal offenses reported to

campus security authorities or local police; and statistics concerning the number of arrests for crimes occurring on campus during the most recent school year and during the preceding school years for which data are available.

- (c) The statewide report card shall include the data for each institution for each separately listed applicable indicator and the aggregate of the data for all institutions under the jurisdiction of the board of trustees of the university of West Virginia and for all institutions under the jurisdiction of the board of directors of the state college system for each indicator.
- (d) The statewide report cards shall be prepared using actual institutional, state, regional and national data as applicable and available indicating the present performance of the individual institutions and the state systems of higher education and shall also include goals and trends for the institutions and the higher education systems. Each governing board as part of its assessment of the individual institutions under its jurisdiction shall include the number and gross dollar amount of grants received for academic research for each institution and a succinct review of research projects including a brief description of each project and the numbers of faculty. graduate and undergraduate students involved in each project. In assessing progress toward meeting goals and in developing trend information, the governing boards shall review report card data in relation to previously adopted board goals, five-year plans, regional and national higher education trends and the resource allocation model.

The higher education central office staff under the direction of the senior administrator shall provide technical assistance to each institution and governing board in data collection and reporting and shall be responsible for assembling the statewide report card from information submitted by each governing board.

Each governing board shall prepare report card information in accordance with the guidelines set forth in this section. The statewide report card shall be

- presented at a regular board meeting of the appropriate governing board subject to applicable notice requirements.
- 252 The statewide report cards shall be completed and 253 disseminated with copies to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability prior to the first 254 255 day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-256 two, and each year thereafter. Statewide report cards 257 shall be based upon information for the current school year or for the most recent school year for which such 258 information is available, in which case such year shall 259 260 be clearly footnoted.
- The governing boards shall make copies of both the institutional and statewide report cards available to any individual requesting them.

ARTICLE 2. UNIVERSITY OF WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

§18B-2-6. Health sciences education; legislative findings and intent.

- 1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the 2 higher education accountability report card for health sciences education as provided for in section eight-a, 3 4 article one of this chapter shall serve as a basis for the accountability and coordination of health sciences 5 6 education in this state. The Legislature further finds that the preparation of such report card would best be 7 supervised by a vice chancellor for health sciences who 8 is not the director of health and who has the assistance 9 10 of the staff of each state institution of higher education 11 with health sciences programs.
- 12 (b) The Legislature further finds and declares that 13 adequate funding will be pursued to maintain the 14 accreditation, integrity and quality of medical education 15 and other health sciences programs in West Virginia.

CHAPTER 29A. STATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES.

ARTICLE 3A. HIGHER EDUCATION RULEMAKING.

§29A-3A-11. Creation of a legislative oversight commission on education accountability; termination.

1 (a) There is hereby created a joint commission of the 2 Legislature known as the legislative oversight commis-3 sion on education accountability to review all legislative 4 rules of the board and such other rules as the commis-5 sion deems appropriate. The commission shall be composed of six members of the Senate appointed by the 6 7 president of the Senate and six members of the House of Delegates appointed by the speaker of the House of 8 Delegates. No more than five of the six members 9 appointed by the president of the Senate and the speaker 10 11 of the House of Delegates, respectively, may be members 12 of the same political party. In addition, the president of 13 the Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates 14 shall be ex officio nonvoting members of the commission and shall designate the cochairmen. At least one of the 15 16 Senate members and one of the House members shall 17 be members of the committee on education of the Senate 18 and House, respectively, and at least one of the Senate 19 members and at least one of the House members shall 20 be a member of the committee on finance of the Senate 21 and House, respectively. The members shall serve until 22 their successors shall have been appointed as heretofore 23 provided. Members of the commission shall receive such compensation and expenses as provided in article two-24 25 a, chapter four of this code. Such expenses and all other 26 expenses including those incurred in the employment of 27 legal, technical, investigative, clerical, stenographic, advisory and other personnel shall be paid from an 28 29 appropriation to be made expressly for the legislative 30 oversight commission on education accountability, but if 31 no such appropriation be made, such expenses shall be 32 paid from the appropriation under "Account No. 103 for Joint Expenses", but no expense of any kind whatever 33 payable under said account no. 103 for joint expenses 34 35 shall be incurred unless first approved by the joint 36 committee on government and finance. The commission shall meet at any time both during sessions of the 37 Legislature and in the interim. 38

- 39 (b) The commission may adopt such rules of procedure 40 as it considers necessary for the submission, presenta-41 tion and consideration of rules.
- 42 (c) The legislative oversight commission on education accountability shall be terminated on the first day of 43 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, unless 44 45 review of its functions shall be undertaken pursuant to the provisions of sections nine, ten and eleven, article 46 ten. chapter four of this code. If such commission is 47 terminated pursuant to this subsection, any report 48 49 required to be submitted to them shall instead be 50 submitted to the joint committee on education of the 51 Legislature.

CHAPTER 63

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 312—By Senator Blatnik)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article nine, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to salaries of higher education classified employees; and authorizing change in how experience increment is paid to such employees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article nine, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 9. CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE SALARY SCHEDULE AND CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM.

§18B-9-5. Classified employee salary.

- 1 (a) Each classified employee who is employed by a governing board on the first day of July, one thousand
- 3 nine hundred ninety-one, shall receive for the same
- 4 employment at the same pay grade during the fiscal
- 5 year commencing on such date and thereafter a

monthly salary which is at least equal to the final base monthly salary paid such classified employee for the fiscal year commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, to be paid in equal installments within the regular pay periods.

- (b) Commencing with the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and each fiscal year thereafter, each classified employee with three or more years of experience shall receive an annual salary increase equal to thirty-six dollars times the employee's years of experience: Provided. That such annual salary increase shall not exceed the amount granted for the maximum of twenty years of experience. These incremental increases shall be in lieu of any salary increase received pursuant to section two, article five. chapter five of this code; shall be in addition to any across-the-board, cost-of-living or percentage salary increases which may be granted in any fiscal year by the Legislature: and shall be paid in like manner as the annual payment to eligible state employees of the incremental salary increases based on years of service under the provisions of section two, article five, chapter five of this code.
- (c) Each classified employee whose monthly salary under subsections (a) and (b) of this section is less than the minimum monthly salary for zero years of experience for the appropriate pay grade as set forth in section three of this article shall receive additional compensation such that the monthly salary is at least the minimum amount prescribed for the appropriate pay grade at zero years of experience: *Provided*, That such amounts may be reduced proportionately based upon the amount of funds available for such purpose.
- (d) Any funds remaining after increasing the monthly salary of each classified employee to at least the minimum amount prescribed for the appropriate pay grade at zero years of experience shall be used to place classified employees on the salary schedule at their appropriate years of experience: *Provided*, That such amount may be reduced proportionately based upon the amount of funds available for such purpose.

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- (e) Any classified employee may receive merit increases and/or salary adjustments in accordance with policies established by the board: *Provided*, That funds for such increases and/or adjustments shall be distributed in accordance with rules of the appropriate governing board and shall be available to all state institutions of higher education on an equitable basis.
 - (f) The current monthly salary of any classified employee may not be reduced by the provisions of this article nor by any other action inconsistent with the provisions of this article, and nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit promotion of any classified employee to a job title carrying a higher pay grade if such promotion is in accordance with the provisions of this article and the personnel classification system established by the appropriate governing board.

CHAPTER 64

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 446—By Senator Blatnik)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article nine, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten, relating to higher education classified employees; authorizing transfer of leave to employee with no sick leave who is unable to work due to catastrophic illness or injury; defining terms; and providing generally for such transfer and limitations thereto.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article nine, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 9. CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE SALARY SCHEDULE AND CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM.

§18B-9-10. Classified employees' catastrophic leave transfer.

- (a) For the purpose of this section, a catastrophic illness or injury means an illness or injury which is expected to incapacitate the employee and which creates a financial hardship because the employee has exhausted all sick leave and other paid time off. Catastrophic illness or injury shall also include an incapacitated immediate family member if this results in the employee being required to take time off from work for an extended period of time to care for the family member and the employee has exhausted all sick leave and other paid time off.
- For the purpose of this section, employee means a classified employee employed by a higher education governing board or by the central office.

- (b) Sick leave may be donated to any employee experiencing a catastrophic illness or injury as those terms are defined in subsection (a) of this section. Such leave shall be donated at the request of the employee upon appropriate verification that the employee is unable to work due to the catastrophic illness or injury as determined by the president of the institution or senior administrator.
 - Upon approval of the transfer of sick leave by the president of the institution or senior administrator, any employee may, upon written notice to the personnel office, donate sick leave in one-day increments. Donations will be reflected as a day-for-day deduction from the sick leave balance of the donating employee. No employee shall be compelled to transfer sick leave.
- (c) An employee receiving the transfer of sick leave shall have any time which is donated credited to such employee's account in one-day increments and reflected as a day-for-day addition to the leave balance of the receiving employee.
 - Use of donated credits may not exceed a maximum of twelve continuous calendar months for any one catastrophic illness or injury. The total amount of sick

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38 leave donated may not exceed an amount sufficient to 39 insure the continuance of regular compensation and 40 shall not be used to extend insurance coverage pursuant 41 to section twelve, article sixteen, chapter five of this code. An employee receiving donations of sick leave 42 43 pursuant to this section shall use any leave personally accrued on a monthly basis prior to receiving additional 44 45

donated sick leave.

(d) Transfer of sick leave may be inter-institutional in accordance with the policies of the appropriate governing board. Each institution and the central office shall be responsible for the administration of the sick leave transfers of its classified employees.

CHAPTER 65

(S. B. 420-By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Bolev. By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article twenty-one, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section one, article one, chapter eighteen-c of said code; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article four, all relating to the Underwood-Smith teacher scholarship program; providing general eligibility in the program for outstanding resident college students; increasing the minimum grade point eligibility standard for public school aides; and updating provisions in accordance with the higher education reorganization act of 1989.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-one, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed: that section one, article one, chapter eighteen-c of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article four, all to read as follows:

Article

- 1. Financial Assistance Generally.
- 4. Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarship Program.

ARTICLE 1. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE GENERALLY.

§18C-1-1. Administration generally.

1 The senior administrator jointly employed by the 2 chancellors of the board of trustees and the board of 3 directors shall, as provided in section two, article four, 4 chapter eighteen-b of this code, have a ministerial duty 5 to administer, oversee or monitor all state and federal 6 student loan, scholarship and state aid programs which 7 are administered at the state level in accordance with established guidelines, in consultation with and under 8 9 the direction of the governing boards.

10 Such programs include, but are not limited to: The 11 guaranteed student loan program under this article, 12 which may be administered by a private nonprofit 13 agency; the medical student loan program under article 14 three of this chapter; the Underwood-Smith teacher 15 scholarship program under article four of this chapter; 16 the state scholarship program, commonly known as the 17 West Virginia higher education grant program, under 18 article twenty-two-b, chapter eighteen of this code; the 19 higher education student assistance loan program under 20 article twenty-two-d, chapter eighteen of this code: the 21 West Virginia higher education tuition trust act under 22 article thirty, chapter eighteen of this code, which shall be administered by the state treasurer as provided in 23 24 said article; the state aid programs for students of 25 optometry, under article three of this chapter; the state 26 aid programs for students of veterinary medicine under 27 section six-a, article eleven, chapter eighteen of this 28 code; any reciprocal program and contract program for student aid under sections three and four, article four, 29 chapter eighteen-b of this code; any other state level 30 student aid program under this code; and any federal 31 32 grant or contract student assistance or support pro-33 grams administered at the state level.

ARTICLE 4. UNDERWOOD-SMITH TEACHER SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.

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- §18C-4-1. Scholarship fund created; purposes; funding.
- §18C-4-2. Selection criteria and procedures.

the secretary of state.

- §18C-4-3. Scholarship agreement.
- §18C-4-4. Renewal conditions; noncompliance; deferral; excusal.
- §18C-4-5. Amount and duration of scholarship; relation to other assistance.

§18C-4-1. Scholarship fund created; purposes; funding.

- 1 (a) It is the purpose of this article to encourage and 2 enable individuals who have demonstrated outstanding 3 academic abilities to pursue teaching careers at the 4 preschool, elementary or secondary levels in the public 5 schools of this state. The higher education governing 6 boards may promulgate reasonable rules under this 7 article for the administration of the Underwood-Smith 8 teacher scholarship program by the senior administra-9 tor in furtherance of this purpose, including, but not 10 limited to, scholarship selection, renewal, compliance, 11 noncompliance and repayment, deferral and excusal. In 12 accordance with such rules, the senior administrator may establish appropriate guidelines for program 13 14 operation. All rules so promulgated shall be filed with
- 16 (b) There is hereby created in the state treasury a special revolving fund to be known as the "Underwood-17 Smith Teacher Scholarship Fund" to be administered by 18 19 the senior administrator solely for granting scholarships 20 to prospective teachers in accordance with this article. 21 Any moneys which may be appropriated by the Legislature, or received by the senior administrator from 22 23 other sources, for the purposes of this article shall be 24 deposited in the fund. Any moneys remaining in the fund at the close of a fiscal year shall be carried forward 25 26 for use in the next fiscal year. Any moneys repaid to the senior administrator by reason of default of a scholar-27 ship agreement under this article shall also be deposited 28 29 in the fund. Fund balances shall be invested with the state's consolidated investment fund, and any and all 30 interest earnings on these investments shall be used 31 solely for the purposes for which moneys invested were 32 appropriated or otherwise received. 33
 - (c) The senior administrator may accept and expend any gift, grant, contribution, bequest, endowment or

- 36 other money for the purposes of this article and shall 37 make a reasonable effort to encourage external support 38 for the scholarship program.
- (d) For the purpose of encouraging support for the 39 40 scholarship program from private sources, the senior 41 administrator may set aside no more than half of the 42 funds appropriated by the Legislature for Underwood-Smith teacher scholarships to be used to match two state 43 44 dollars to each private dollar from a nonstate source 45 contributed on behalf of a specific institution of higher 46 education in this state.

§18C-4-2. Selection criteria and procedures.

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- (a) The senior administrator shall designate an 2 existing scholarship selection agency or panel to select 3 the recipients of Underwood-Smith teacher scholarships 4 who meet the eligibility criteria set forth in subsection (b) of this section. If no such agency or panel exists, the 5 6 governor shall appoint a scholarship selection panel for this purpose which shall consist of seven persons 7 representative of public school administrators, teachers, 8 9 including preschool teachers, and parents.
 - (b) Eligibility for an Underwood-Smith teacher scholarship award shall be limited to West Virginia resident students who:
 - (1) Have graduated or are graduating from high school, and rank in the top ten percent of their graduating class or the top ten percent statewide of those West Virginia students taking the American college test:
 - (2) Have a cumulative grade point average of at least three and twenty-five one hundredths on a possible scale of four after successfully completing two years of course work at an approved institution of higher education;
 - (3) Are public school aides as defined in section eight, article four of chapter eighteen-a of this code, and who have a cumulative grade point average of at least three and twenty-five one hundredths on a possible scale of four after successfully completing two years of course work at an approved institution of higher education; or

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(4) Are graduate students at the master's degree level who have graduated or are graduating in the top ten percent of their college graduating class.

31 The senior administrator shall develop criteria and 32 procedures for the selection of recipients which may 33 include, but not be limited to, the applicant's grade point 34 average, involvement in extracurricular activities. 35 financial need, current academic standing, and an expression of interest in teaching as expressed in an 36 37 essav written by the applicant. Such criteria and 38 procedures may require the applicant to furnish letters 39 of recommendation from teachers and others. The 40 selection criteria and procedures shall also reflect the 41 present and projected teacher needs of the state, 42 including the demand for and supply of early childhood, 43 elementary and secondary teachers and teachers with 44 training in specific academic disciplines.

- (c) In developing the selection criteria and procedures to be used by the panel, the senior administrator shall solicit the views of public and private education agencies and institutions and other interested parties. These views: (1) Shall be solicited by means of written and published selection criteria and procedures in final form for implementation; and (2) may be solicited by means of public hearings on the present and projected teacher needs of the state or such other methods as the senior administrator may determine to be appropriate to gather such information.
- 56 (d) The senior administrator shall make application 57 forms for Underwood-Smith teacher scholarships 58 available to public and private high schools in the state 59 and in other locations convenient to applicants, parents 60 and others.

§18C-4-3. Scholarship agreement.

- 1 (a) Each recipient of an Underwood-Smith teacher 2 scholarship shall enter into an agreement with the 3 senior administrator under which the recipient shall:
- 4 (1) Provide the board with evidence of compliance 5 with subsection (a), section four of this article; and

- 6 (2) Within a ten-year period after completing the 7 teacher education for which the scholarship was 8 awarded, teach full time under contract with a county 9 board of education: (A) In a public education program in the state for a period of not less than two years for 10 11 each year for which a scholarship was received; or (B) 12 in this state in a teacher shortage area as determined 13 by the state board of education, in an exceptional 14 children program in this state, or in a school in an 15 economically disadvantaged area of this state for not less 16 than one year for each year for which a scholarship was 17 received: or
- 18 (3) Repay all or part of an Underwood-Smith teacher 19 scholarship received under this article plus interest and, 20 if applicable, reasonable collection fees, in accordance 21 with subsection (b), section four of this article, except 22 as provided in subsections (c) and (d) of said section four.
- 23 (b) Scholarship agreements shall fully disclose the 24 terms and conditions under which assistance under this 25 article is provided and under which repayment may be 26 required, including:
- 27 (1) A description of the conditions and procedures to 28 be established under section four of this article; and
- 29 (2) A description of the appeals procedure required to 30 be established under section four of this article.

§18C-4-4. Renewal conditions; noncompliance; deferral; excusal.

- 1 (a) The recipient of an Underwood-Smith teacher 2 scholarship is eligible for scholarship renewal only 3 during such periods that the recipient is:
- 4 (1) Enrolled as a full-time student in an accredited institution of higher education in this state;

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- (2) Pursuing a course of study leading to teacher certification at the preschool, elementary or secondary level in this state;
- (3) Maintaining satisfactory progress as determined by the institution of higher education the recipient is attending; and

- 12 (4) Complying with such other standards as the boards may establish by rule.
- 14 (b) Recipients found to be in noncompliance with the 15 agreement entered into under section three of this 16 article shall be required to repay the amount of the scholarship awards received, plus interest, and, where 17 18 applicable, reasonable collection fees, on a schedule and at a rate of interest prescribed in the program guide-19 lines. Such guidelines shall also provide for proration of 20 21 the amount to be repaid by a recipient who teaches for 22 part of the period required under subsection (a), section three of this article and for appeal procedures under 23 which a recipient may appeal any determination of 24 25 noncompliance.
- (c) A recipient shall not be considered in violation of
 the agreement entered into under section three of this
 article during any period in which the recipient is:
- 29 (1) Pursuing a full-time course of study at an accred-30 ited institution of higher education;
- 31 (2) Serving, not in excess of three years, as a member 32 of the armed services of the United States;

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- (3) Seeking and being unable to find full-time employment as a teacher in a public education or exceptional children program in the state; or
- 36 (4) Satisfying the provisions of additional repayment 37 exemptions that may be prescribed by the boards by 38 rule.
- d) A recipient shall be excused from repayment of a teacher scholarship received under this article if the recipient dies or becomes permanently and totally disabled as established by sworn affidavit of a qualified physician.

§18C-4-5. Amount and duration of scholarship; relation to other assistance.

(a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, each recipient of an Underwood-Smith teacher scholarship is eligible to receive assistance of up to five thousand dollars for each academic year of higher education in

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32 33 preparation for becoming a preschool, elementary or secondary teacher in the public schools of this state. No individual may receive scholarship assistance for more than four academic years for the completion of a bachelor's degree and two academic years for completion of a master's degree.

(b) No individual shall receive a scholarship award under this article which exceeds the cost of attendance at the institution the individual is attending. The cost of attendance shall be based upon the actual cost of tuition and fees, and reasonable allowances for books, educational supplies, room and board and other expenses necessitated by individual circumstances, in accordance with the program guidelines. For the purposes of establishing an award amount, the senior administrator shall take into account the amount of financial aid assistance the recipient has or will receive from all other sources. If the amount of the Underwood-Smith teacher scholarship assistance award and the amount of assistance awards which the recipient has received from all other sources exceed the cost of attendance, the Underwood-Smith teacher scholarship shall be reduced by the amount by which such combined assistance exceeds the cost of attendance, except that when other assistance to be received by the recipient includes assistance from the West Virginia higher education grant program, the amount to be received from the higher education grant program shall first be reduced.

CHAPTER 66

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 523—By Senators Lucht, Brackenrich and Felton)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article five, chapter ten of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, relating to educational broad-

casting; providing definitions; and establishing a distance learning coordinating council.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article five, chapter ten of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted: and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. EDUCATIONAL BROADCASTING AUTHORITY.

§10-5-1. Legislative findings: definitions.

§10-5-2a. West Virginia distance learning coordinating council; creation; duties.

§10-5-1. Legislative findings; definitions.

- (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that it
- 2 is the duty of this state to provide the best educational
- 3 training possible for all its citizens and that the
- encouragement and use of noncommercial educational 4
- radio, television and related media operating and 5
- originating from educational broadcasting, closed 6
- 7 circuit or related facilities located at a site or sites
- within this state serving all the citizens of this state on 8
- a regional basis or as part of a coordinated statewide 9
- plan is a proper, necessary and beneficial means of 10
- providing and extending enriched educational instruc-11
- 12 tion to all the citizens of this state at the preschool,
- elementary, secondary and higher education and adult 13
- 14 levels.
- (b) The following words used in this article and in any 15 proceedings pursuant thereto shall, unless the context 16
- clearly indicates a different meaning, be construed as 17
- 18 follows:
- 19 (1) "Distance learning" means educational courses,
- seminars, programs and teleconferences transmitted 20
- electronically and designed to instruct students who are 21
- remote from the instructor or other participants; such 22
- courses, seminars, programs and teleconferences may 23
- constitute all or a significant portion of a class offered 24
- for college or public school credit, or they may be 25
- provided for faculty development, continuing profes-26

- sional education, for training employees of governmental agencies, nonprofit organizations, business or industry;
- 30 (2) "EdNet" means those individuals identified as an enterprise of the university of West Virginia college of graduate studies and West Virginia state college on behalf of the state college and university systems who are delegated the responsibility for developing, operating and maintaining facilities for the production and transmission of distance learning; and
- 37 (3) "SatNet" means those individuals identified as an 38 enterprise of the state college and university systems 39 who are delegated the responsibility for developing and 40 providing distance learning.

§10-5-2a. West Virginia distance learning coordinating council; creation; duties.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds that the educational benefits 2 of making a broader range of courses available to West 3 Virginia students, and the economic benefits from continuing education and staff development for busi-4 5 nesses, industry and the professions, are immeasurable 6 and that distance learning technology offers an efficient 7 means of delivering such education and personnel development courses. The Legislature further finds that 8 distance learning technology requires a substantial 9 financial investment and the acquisition and utilization 10 of such technology should, therefore, be coordinated 11 among the various affected agencies. 12
- 13 (b) To facilitate such coordination, there is hereby created a West Virginia distance learning coordinating 14 council which shall be composed of one representative 15 of each of the following: SatNet, EdNet, the educational 16 broadcasting authority, the West Virginia library 17 commission, the state department of education, the 18 higher education central office and the department of 19 administration's division of information systems and 20 communications. The representative of the department 21 22 of administration's division of information systems and 23 communications shall call the first meeting of the council and shall chair the meeting until a chair is 24

elected by the council. The chair elected by the council shall serve a term of one year, at which time the council shall elect a new chair. A member of the council may not serve for more than two consecutive terms as chair.

The council shall meet at least quarterly and shall develop long-range plans to integrate the instructional telecommunications system, to coordinate distance learning in West Virginia and to clarify the roles of the agencies involved in the state's distance learning enterprise. The council shall submit an annual report to the governor and the Legislature, which includes its recommendations for achieving the best use of limited resources in the development and operation of a distance learning technology system.

(c) There is hereby created in the state treasury, a special fund designated the "Distance Learning Fund" which shall be under the jurisdiction of the secretary of administration for use solely for the purposes of the distance learning grant program as provided in this section.

Appropriate guidelines for participation by school districts, state institutions of higher education, public libraries and public television stations, in the grant program, shall be established by the distance learning coordinating council subject to approval by the legislative oversight commission on education accountability. Such guidelines shall include application procedures and shall establish policies for awarding grants in the event that more grant applications are received than funds available to honor the applications in any fiscal year. In allocating funds to applicants, the council may give due consideration to revenues available from all other sources. The state board of education shall accredit courses offered through this program at the elementary and secondary education level. The higher education governing boards shall approve courses taught at the post-secondary level.

In any fiscal year moneys in the fund shall be used first to ensure that any and all school districts, state institutions of higher education, public libraries and

public television stations seeking aid under this pro-gram shall receive telecommunications equipment necessary to participate in the satellite learning process; second, to provide the school districts and state institu-tions of higher education with access to subjects at the advanced level or the remedial level or which are not taught in the schools of the district or the service area or campus; and third, to provide enrichment classes, continuing education and professional development. However, the council may set aside a portion of the funds to be used to contract with state institutions of higher education, state institutions of public education and public television stations to develop instructional programs for grades kindergarten through twelve. Funds may also be used for undergraduate and graduate course work suitable for broadcast to the school districts, state institutions of higher education, as appropriate, for continuing education and professional development for business and industry seminars, and to develop the capability to transmit programs cited in this section.

Participation by a local school district, a state institution of higher education, a public library or a public television station in the program established by this section shall be voluntary. No school district, state institution of higher education, public library or public television station receiving funds under this program shall use those funds for any purpose other than that for which they were intended. Any school district, state institution of higher education, public library or public television station shall be eligible to receive funds under this program regardless of its curriculum, local wealth or previous contractual arrangements to receive satellite broadcast instruction.

The secretary of administration on behalf of the state of West Virginia may contract with institutions of higher education and the state board of education for the development or operation, or both, of state employee training programs transmitted by telecommunications technology.

Instructional programs developed under this section

106 which are transmitted one-way through the airwaves or 107 by cable television shall be available to all residents of 108 this state without charge or fee to the extent permitted 109 by the West Virginia constitution. "Without charge or 110 fee" shall not require the providing of equipment to 111 transmit or receive telecommunications instruction or 112 the providing of commercial cable television service. If 113 the instructional program involves two-way, interactive 114 communication between the instructor and the participant, the district or institution operating the program 115 116 may prescribe academic prerequisites and limit the 117 number of persons who may enroll in the specific 118 program and give preference to residents of the district 119 or institutional attendance area who are age twenty-one 120 or younger but shall not discriminate against any 121 resident on any other basis. A fee may be charged which 122 will be paid directly by the individual participant, but 123 the fee shall be equal for all participants. If a subscrip-124 tion fee is charged by the originator of the program, the 125 district or institution may pay the subscription fee for 126 all participants from a grant under this section or from any other public or private fund legally authorized to 127 128 be used for this purpose. Printed materials designed to 129 facilitate or complement telecommunications programs 130 or electronic reproduction thereof may be made available for loan by the school district, institution of higher 131 education through the public library system or the 132 curriculum technology resource center, subject to the 133 134 normal rules and regulations of the lending system and in such quantities as may be approved by the governing 135 136 body of the district or institution

CHAPTER 67

(H. B. 2628—By Delegates Ashley and Brum)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated

section twenty-one-a, relating to vendors authorized to print ballots; eligibility, application and certificate of authorization; and denial, suspension and revocation of authorization.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

- §3-1-21a. Vendors authorized to print ballots; eligibility; application and certification; denial, suspension and revocation of authorization; appeal.
 - 1 (a) The printing of ballots for any election to be held 2 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be 3 contracted for with a vendor authorized in accordance 4 with the provisions of this section.
 - 5 (b) Any vendor authorized to do business in West Virginia and in good standing may apply for a certif-6 icate of authorization to print ballots for elections in this 7 8 state: Provided, That any individual, partnership, 9 association or corporation who does not qualify as a resident vendor pursuant to the provisions of section 10 thirty-seven-a, article three, chapter five-a of this code 11 12 or who prints the ballots in a state which prohibits that 13 state or any of its political subdivisions from contracting with West Virginia resident vendors for the printing of 14 ballots or which prohibits the printing of ballots outside 15 16 of such state, is not eligible to obtain a certificate of 17 authorization.
 - 18 (c) (1) Every vendor desiring to print ballots for 19 elections held pursuant to the provisions of this chapter 20 shall, prior to the execution of any contract for the 21 printing of ballots with any state, county, or municipal 22 government, obtain a certificate of authorization to print 23 ballots.

- 24 (2) A certificate of authorization may be obtained by 25 application to the secretary of state, upon a form 26 prescribed by the secretary of state, which form shall 27 include a statement that all printing, packaging and 28 delivery specifications for ballots set forth in this 29 chapter will be substantially met, and that the vendor 30 applying for certification is eligible in accordance with the provisions of this section. 31
- 32 (3) Upon receipt of the completed application, the 33 secretary of state shall issue a certificate of authoriza-34 tion to print ballots, which certificate shall remain in 35 effect for two years from the date of issuance and may 36 be renewed upon application therefor: Provided. That 37 the secretary of state may deny the application to issue 38 or renew the certificate of authorization, or may suspend 39 or revoke the certificate of authorization upon a 40 determination that the vendor has not substantially 41 complied with the printing, packaging and delivery specifications in the printing of ballots for any state. 42 43 county or municipal election, or that the vendor is not 44 eligible or is no longer eligible to print ballots pursuant 45 to the provisions of this section. The secretary of state 46 shall give written notice of any such determination by 47 certified mail, return receipt requested, to the vendor setting forth the reason for the suspension, revocation or 48 49 the denial of the application or the denial of the renewal thereof. The applicant may, within sixty days of the 50 receipt of such denial, file a written appeal with the 51 state election commission. The state election commission 52 shall promulgate rules establishing a hearing process 53 54 for such appeals.
 - (d) On or before the second Monday of January of each year, the secretary of state shall provide a list of all vendors authorized to print ballots for state, county and municipal elections to the clerk of each circuit court of this state.

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CHAPTER 68

(S. B. 629—By Senators Humphreys, Wiedebusch, Bailey, Holliday and Dalton)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section forty-seven, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections nine, twenty-one and forty-four, article one; section two-b. article three; sections ten and eleven. article four: sections eleven and twelve, article four-a: sections two, three, four, seven, eleven, thirteen and nineteen, article five; section two, article six; and sections one, six, seven and eight, article ten, all of said chapter; to further amend article five of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a; and to amend and reenact section two, article five, chapter eighteen of said code, all relating to the conduct of elections; providing for the composition of political party committees; providing for the terms of office for the transition in the realignment of the districts; authorizing committee to conduct organizational meeting following certification of election; requiring that meeting of political party executive committees be held only after notice is given; setting forth requirements of official meetings; designating persons responsible for the printing of ballots; reducing number of ballots which must be printed; prescribing the method for the printing of ballots; providing for the packaging of ballots; updating certain terminology; extending the date for the delivery of certain ballots; requiring clerk of circuit court to examine ballot and ballot labels used in voting machines and in electronic voting systems for accuracy; prescribing method by which ballot error may be corrected; increasing fees and expenses paid to election officials; changing occasions when disabled voter's name is removed from special absentee voting list; removing ability to change ballots by labels: rearranging certain code provisions; revising provisions establishing drawing by vote to determine

position on ballot; setting forth ballot label arrangement requirements in voting machines; revising the ballot label requirements for electronic voting systems: requiring that nonpartisan offices and any questions to be voted upon in electronic voting systems be placed on separate pages; permitting political parties to adopt a plan for the election of delegates and alternative delegates to national conventions consistent with their national party rules; setting forth requirements of plan; requiring candidates for the presidency to pay a filing fee or to petition for waiver thereof; eliminating the requirement that political party executive committees determine the votes in primary elections by lot; setting forth requirements of certificate of announcement: prohibiting the filing of candidacy of certain persons affiliated with another political party within sixty days prior to filing; prescribing method by which certification of candidacy may be refused; prescribing and clarifying certain candidacy filing procedures: when person may be guilty of false swearing and subject to criminal penalties; when commitment for delegates to national convention must be received; determining when candidate is or may be deemed "uncommitted"; clarifying prohibition against running for two offices; exceptions; prohibiting the certification of a candidate who fails to withdraw from one of two offices filed for: changing the deadline for candidates to withdraw and have name removed from ballot; removing discretion of ballot commissioners to certify candidates; establishing procedure for notice to voter of candidate's death; reestablishing deadlines for the filling of vacancies; setting forth ballot preparation procedures for primary elections; prescribing ballot titles and headings; setting forth ballot printing requirements; specifying order in which offices are to be placed on the ballot; eliminating notation of names on paper ballots; establishing names of candidates are to be alphabetized; establishing uniform date for drawing by lot; providing for the placement of names of candidates for delegate to national convention; clarifying and setting deadlines for the filling of vacancies by executive committees or the chair thereof; setting forth when vacancy may be filled:

authorizing election commission to determine personal extenuating circumstances for withdrawal: establishing special filing period for board of education races when certain vacancies occur; setting forth ballot preparation procedures for all voting systems; clarifying instructions on straight ticket voting and requiring that such instructions be placed immediately before the listing of candidates in multi-candidate elections; establishing uniform date for drawing by lot by certain candidates in the general election; limiting issues which may be placed on the ballot; eliminating short unexpired terms occurring between general election and commencement of new term; requiring that vacancies in county offices be filled with persons who are of the same political party as the person who vacated the office; establishing procedure for the filling of vacancies on the board of education; and setting new deadlines for the filling of a vacancy prior to an election.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-seven, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections nine, twenty-one and forty-four, article one; section two-b, article three; sections ten and eleven, article four; sections eleven and twelve, article four-a; sections two, three, four, seven, eleven, thirteen and nineteen, article five; section two, article six; and sections one, six, seven and eight, article ten of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article five of said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a; and that section two, article five, chapter eighteen of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 3. Elections.
- 18. Education.

CHAPTER 3. ELECTIONS.

Article

- 1. General Provisions and Definitions.
- 3. Voting By Absentees.
- 4. Voting Machines.
- 4A. Electronic Voting Systems.
- Primary Elections and Nominating Procedures.

- 6. Conduct and Administration of Elections.
- Filling Vacancies.

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ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

§3-1-9. Political party committees; how composed; organization.

§3-1-21. Printing of official and sample ballots; number; packaging and delivery, correction of ballots.

§3-1-44. Compensation of election officials; expenses.

§3-1-9. Political party committees; how composed; organization.

1 At the primary election in the year one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety-four, and in every fourth year thereaf-3 ter, the voters of each political party in each senatorial 4 district shall elect two male and two female members 5 of the state executive committee of the party. In 6 senatorial districts containing two or more counties, not 7 more than two such elected committee members shall 8 be residents of the same county. The committee, when 9 convened and organized as herein provided, shall 10 appoint three additional members of the committee 11 from the state at large. When senatorial districts are 12 realigned following a decennial census, members of the 13 state executive committee previously elected or ap-14 pointed shall continue in office until the expiration of 15 their terms, and appointments made to fill vacancies on 16 the committee until the next election of executive 17 committee members shall be selected from the previously established districts. At the first election of 18 19 executive committee members following the realign-20 ment of senatorial districts, members shall be elected 21 from the newly established districts.

At such primary election, the voters of each political party in each county shall elect one male and one female member of the party's executive committee of the congressional district, of the senatorial district and of the delegate district in which such county is situated, if such county be situated in a multi-county senatorial or delegate district. When districts are realigned following a decennial census, members of an executive committee previously elected in a county to represent that county to a congressional or multi-county senatorial or delegate district executive committee shall continue

to represent that county in the appropriate newly constituted multi-county district until the expiration of their terms: *Provided*, That the county executive committee of the political party shall determine which previously elected members shall represent the county if the number of multi-county senatorial or delegate districts in the county is decreased; and shall appoint members to complete the remainder of the term if the number of such districts is increased.

At the same time such voters of the county in each magisterial district or executive committee district, as the case may be, shall elect one male and one female member of the party's county executive committee, except that in counties having three executive committee districts there shall be elected two male and two female members of the party's executive committee from each magisterial or executive committee district.

For the purpose of complying with the provisions of this section, the county commission shall create such executive committee districts as they shall determine, which such districts shall not be fewer than the number of magisterial districts in such counties, nor shall they exceed in number the following: Forty for counties having a population of one hundred thousand persons or more; thirty for counties having a population of fifty thousand to one hundred thousand; twenty for counties having a population of twenty thousand to fifty thousand; and such districts in counties having a population of less than twenty thousand persons shall be coextensive with the magisterial districts.

The executive committee districts shall be as nearly equal in population as practicable, and shall each be composed of compact, contiguous territory. The county commissions shall change the territorial boundaries of such districts as required by the increase or decrease in the population of such districts as determined by a decennial census. Such changes must be made within two years following such census.

All members of executive committees, selected for each political division as herein provided, shall reside

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within the county or district from which chosen. The term of office of all members of executive committees elected at the primary election in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-four shall begin on the first day of July, following said primary, and shall continue for four years thereafter and until their successors are elected and qualified. Vacancies in the state executive committee shall be filled by the members of the committee for the unexpired term. Vacancies in the party's executive committee of a congressional district, senatorial district, delegate district or county shall be filled by the party's executive committee of the county in which such vacancy exists, and shall be for the unexpired term.

As soon as possible after the certification of the election of the new executive committees, as herein provided, they shall convene an organizational meeting within their respective political divisions, on the call of the chairman of corresponding outgoing executive committees, or by any member of the new executive committee in the event there is no corresponding outgoing executive committee and proceed to select a chairman, a treasurer and a secretary, and such other officers as they may desire, each of which officers shall for their respective committees perform the duties that usually appertain to such offices. The organizational meeting may be conducted prior to the beginning of the term, but no official action other than the election of officers and the appointment to fill vacancies on the committee may be made before the first day of July.

103 Any meeting of any political party executive commit-104 tee shall be held only after public notice and notice to 105 each member is given according to party rules and shall 106 be open to all members affiliated with such party. Meetings shall be conducted according to party rules, all 107 official actions shall be made by voice vote, and minutes 108 shall be maintained and shall be open to inspection by 109 members affiliated with such party. 110

§3-1-21. Printing of official and sample ballots; number; packaging and delivery, correction of ballots.

- (a) The board of ballot commissioners for each county shall provide the ballots and sample ballots necessary for the conduct of every election for public officers in which the voters of the county participate.
- (b) The persons who shall provide the ballots necessary for the conduct of all other elections shall be:
 - (1) The secretary of state, for any statewide special election ordered by the Legislature;
- (2) The board of ballot commissioners, for any countywide special election ordered by the county commission;
- (3) The board of education, for any special levy or bond election ordered by the board of education; or
- (4) The municipal board of ballot commissioners, for any election conducted for or within a municipality, except an election in which the matter affecting the municipality is placed on the county ballot at a county election. Ballots other than those caused to be printed by the proper authorities as specified in this section shall not be cast, received, or counted in any election.
- (c) When paper ballots are used, the total number of regular official ballots printed shall equal one and one-twentieth times the number of registered voters eligible to vote that ballot. The circuit clerk shall determine the number of absentee official ballots, which number shall be not more than one tenth of the number of registered voters eligible to vote the ballot.
- (d) The number of regular official ballots packaged for each precinct shall equal the number of registered voters of the precinct. The remaining regular official ballots shall be packaged and delivered to the circuit clerk, who shall retain them unopened until they are required for an emergency. Each package of ballots shall be wrapped and sealed in a manner which will immediately make apparent any attempt to open, alter or tamper with the ballots contained therein. Each package of ballots for a precinct shall be clearly labeled, in a manner which cannot be altered, with the county name, the precinct number, and the number of ballots contained therein. If the packaging material conceals

- the face of the ballot, a sample ballot identical to the official ballots contained therein shall be securely attached to the outside of the package, or, in the case of ballot cards, the type of ballot shall be included in the label.
- 45 (e) All absentee ballots necessary for the conduct of
 46 absentee voting in all voting systems shall be delivered
 47 to the circuit clerk of the appropriate county not later
 48 than the forty-second day before the election. All official
 49 ballots in paper ballot systems shall be delivered to the
 50 circuit clerk of the appropriate county not later than
 51 twenty-eight days before the election.
- 52 (f) Upon a finding of the board of ballot commissioners 53 that an official ballot contains an error which in the 54 opinion of the board is of sufficient magnitude as to 55 confuse or mislead the voters, the board shall cause the 56 error to be corrected, either by the reprinting of the 57 ballots or by the use of stickers printed with the 58 correction and of suitable size to be placed over the error without covering any other portion of the ballot. 59

§3-1-44. Compensation of election officials; expenses.

Each ballot commissioner shall be allowed and paid 1 2 a sum, to be fixed by the county commission, not 3 exceeding fifty dollars for each day he or she shall serve 4 as such, but, in no case shall a ballot commissioner 5 receive allowance for more than ten days' services for any one primary, general or special election. Each 6 commissioner of election and poll clerk shall be allowed 7 and paid a sum, to be fixed by the county commission, 8 9 not exceeding fifty dollars for one day's services for attending the school of instruction for election officials 10 11 if the commissioner or poll clerk provides at least one day's service during an election and a sum not exceeding 12 one hundred dollars for his or her services at any one 13 election: Provided, That each commissioner of election 14 and poll clerk shall be paid and allowed a sum not 15 exceeding one hundred dollars for his or her services at 16 any of the three special elections hereinafter specified 17 and described. The commissioners of election obtaining 18 and delivering the election supplies, as provided in 19

20 section twenty-four of this article, and returning them 21 as provided in articles five and six of this chapter, shall 22 be allowed and paid an additional sum, likewise fixed 23 by the county commission, not exceeding fifty dollars for 24 all such services at any one election and, in addition, 25 shall be allowed and paid mileage at the rate of twenty-26 five cents per mile necessarily traveled in the performance of such services. The compensation of election 27 28 officers, cost of printing ballots, and all other expenses 29 incurred in holding and making the return of elections, other than the three special elections hereinafter 30 specified and described, shall be audited by the county 31 32 commission and paid out of the county treasury.

33 The compensation of election officers, cost of printing 34 ballots, and all other reasonable and necessary expenses 35 in holding and making the return of a special election for the purpose of taking the sense of the voters on the 36 question of calling a constitutional convention, of a 37 special election to elect members of a constitutional 38 39 convention, and of a special election to ratify or reject 40 the proposals, acts and ordinances of a constitutional convention shall be obligations of the state incurred by 41 the ballot commissioners, clerks of the circuit courts, 42 clerks of the county commissions, and county commis-43 44 sions of the various counties as agents of the state, and all such expenses shall be audited by the secretary of 45 state. The secretary of state shall prepare and transmit 46 to the county commissions forms on which the county 47 commissions shall certify all such expenses of such 48 special elections to the secretary of state. If satisfied that 49 such expenses as certified by the county commissions 50 are reasonable and were necessarily incurred, the 51 secretary of state shall requisition the necessary 52 warrants from the auditor of the state to be drawn on 53 the state treasurer, and shall mail such warrants 54 55 directly to the vendors of such special election services, 56 supplies and facilities.

ARTICLE 3. VOTING BY ABSENTEES.

§3-3-2b. Special absentee voting list.

1 Notwithstanding the provisions contained in section

3 4 5 6 7 8 9	is registered and otherwise qualified to vote and who is permanently and totally physically disabled and who is unable to vote in person at the polls in an election, may apply to the office of the circuit clerk to have such person's name placed upon a special absentee voting list. The special absentee voting list shall be kept by the circuit clerk in a bound book maintained for such purpose.						
11 12	An application shall be prescribed by the secretary of state and shall be in substantially the following form:						
13 14	APPLICATION TO BE PLACED UPON SPECIAL ABSENTEE VOTING LIST						
15 16	Date						
17 18 19	I,, hereby declare that I am a permanent resident of the State of West Virginia and of the County of, with permanent address as follows:						
21 22 23 24	Street City State in the magisterial district of, in said County; that I am registered in the precinct of my residence as provided by law.						
25 26 27 28	I declare further that I am permanently and totally disabled physically and am unable to vote in person at the polls in an election, and do hereby request that my name be placed upon the special absentee voting list.						
29 30	Signature of Applicant						
31 32 33 34	(or in case the applicant is illiterate he or she shall make his mark and have it witnessed on the following lines):						
35 36	Mark of Applicant						
37							

39 STATEMENT OF PHYSICIAN _____, hereby declare that I am 40 a physician, duly licensed to practice in the State of 41 42 ____: that I examined 43 ____, the applicant. whose signature appears upon the above application on 44 the ______ day of _______ 19 ____; and that 45 in my opinion such person is permanently and totally 46 disabled physically and would be unable to vote in 47 person at the polls in an election. 48 49 Signature of Physician 50 51 Upon receipt of such application, properly completed, the circuit clerk shall enter the name of such person 52 53 upon the special absentee voting list and the application 54 shall be filed. The person's name shall remain on such 55 list: (1) Until such person requests in writing that his or her name be removed; or (2) until such person 56 57 removes his or her residence from the county, is purged 58 from the voter registration books or otherwise becomes 59 ineligible to vote; or (3) a ballot mailed to the address provided on the application is returned undeliverable by 60 61 the United States postal service; or (4) until the death 62 of such person. 63 Each person whose name is contained on the special 64 absentee voting list may make application for voting an absent voter's ballot by mail as provided in section five 65 66 of this article, but such person shall not be required to 67 produce a statement of a physician at the time of such application so long as such person's name remains on the 68 69 special absentee voting list.

ARTICLE 4. VOTING MACHINES.

- §3-4-10. Ballot labels, instructions and other supplies; vacancy changes; procedure and requirements.
- §3-4-11. Ballot label arrangement in machines; drawing by lot to determine position of candidates on machines; adjustment; records.
- §3-4-10. Ballot labels, instructions and other supplies; vacancy changes; procedure and requirements.

 The ballot commissioners of any county in which voting machines are to be used in any election shall cause to be printed for use in such election the ballot labels for the voting machines and paper ballots for absentee voting, voting by persons unable to use the voting machine and challenged ballots. The labels shall be clearly printed in black ink on clear white material of such size as will fit the ballot frames. The paper ballots shall be printed in compliance with the provisions of this chapter governing paper ballots.

The heading, the names and arrangement of offices and the printing and arrangement of names of the candidates for each office indicated shall be placed on the ballot for the primary election as nearly as possible according to the provisions of sections thirteen and thirteen-a, article five of this chapter, and for the general election according to the provisions of section two, article six of this chapter: *Provided*, That the staggering of the names of candidates in multi-candidate races and the instructions to straight ticket voters prescribed by section two, article six of this chapter shall appear on paper ballots but shall not appear on ballot labels for voting machines which mechanically control crossover voting.

Each question to be voted on shall be placed at the end of the ballot and shall be printed according to the provisions of the laws and regulations governing such question.

The ballot labels so printed shall total in number one and one-half times the total number of corresponding voting machines to be used in the several precincts of the county in such election. All such labels shall be delivered to the clerk of the circuit court at least twenty-eight days prior to the day of the election. The clerk of the circuit court shall determine the number of paper ballots needed for absentee voting and to supply the precincts for challenged ballots and ballots to be cast by persons unable to use the voting machine. All such paper ballots shall be delivered to the clerk of the circuit court at least forty-two days prior to the day of the election.

42 When the ballot labels and absentee ballots are 43 delivered, the clerk of the circuit court shall examine 44 them for accuracy, assure that the appropriate ballots 45 and ballot labels are designated for each voting precinct, 46 and deliver the ballot labels to the clerk of the county 47 commission, who shall insert one set in each machine 48 prior to the inspection of the machines as prescribed in section twelve of this article. The remainder of such 49 50 ballot labels for each machine shall be retained by the 51 clerk of the county commission for use in an emergency.

52 In addition to all other equipment and supplies 53 required by the provisions of this article, the ballot 54 commissioners shall cause to be printed a supply of 55 instruction cards, sample ballots and facsimile diagrams 56 of the voting machine ballot adequate for the orderly 57 conduct of the election in each precinct in their county. In addition, they shall provide appropriate facilities for 58 the reception and safekeeping of the ballots of absent 59 60 voters and of challenged voters and of such "independent" voters who shall, in primary elections, cast their 61 62 votes on nonpartisan candidates and public questions 63 submitted to the voters.

§3-4-11. Ballot label arrangement in machines; drawing by lot to determine position of candidates on machines; adjustment; records.

1 When the ballot labels are printed and delivered to the 2 clerk of the county commission, they shall be placed in 3 the ballot frames of the voting machines in such manner 4 as will most nearly conform to the arrangement 5 prescribed for paper ballots, and as will clearly indicate 6 the party designation or emblem of each candidate. Each column or row containing the names of the office 7 8 and candidates for such office shall be so arranged as to clearly indicate the office for which the candidate is 9 10 running. The names of the candidates for each office indicated shall be placed on the ballot. 11

The clerk of the county commission shall cause the voting machines to be programmed so that each lever is properly set to record a vote and that the voter can vote for the maximum number of candidates allowed for

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- 16 each office and no more. In general elections, the
- 17 straight ticket lever shall cause a vote to be cast for
- 18 every candidate of the straight ticket party unless the
- 19 voter cancels a vote within that party by resetting one
- or more individual levers at the positions of specific 20
- 21 candidates to the no-vote position.
- 22 The clerk shall then see that the counters referred to
- in subsection (11), section eight of this article are set at 23
- zero (000) and shall lock the operating device and 24
- 25 mechanism and devices protecting the counter and
- 26 ballot labels. The clerk shall then enter in an appro-
- 27 priate book, opposite the number of each precinct, the
- identifying or distinguishing number of the specific 28
- 29 voting machine or machines to be used in that precinct.

ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

- §3-4A-11. Ballot labels, instuctions and other supplies; procedure and requirements.
- §3-4A-12. Ballot label arrangement in vote recording devices; sealing of devices; record of identifying numbers.

§3-4A-11. Ballot labels, instructions and other supplies; procedure and requirements.

- The ballot commissioners of any county in which an 1 electronic voting system utilizing voting devices for 2
- registering the voter's choices is to be used in any 3 4 election shall cause to be printed for use in such election
- the ballot cards and ballot labels, as appropriate, for the 5
- 6 electronic voting system.
- 7 (a) The ballot labels shall be clearly printed in black
- ink on clear white material of such size as will fit the 8
- vote recording devices. Arrows shall be printed on the 9 ballot labels to indicate the place to punch the ballot 10
- card, which may be to the right or left of the name or 11
- 12 proposition.
- (b) The ballot labels shall contain the party emblem 13
- and shall clearly indicate the party designation of each 14
- candidate. The titles of offices may be arranged on the 15
- ballot labels in vertical columns or in a series of separate 16
- pages, and shall be printed above or at the side of the 17
- names of candidates so as to indicate clearly the 18

candidates for each office and the number to be elected.
The names of candidates for each office shall be printed in vertical columns or on separate pages, grouped by the offices which they seek.

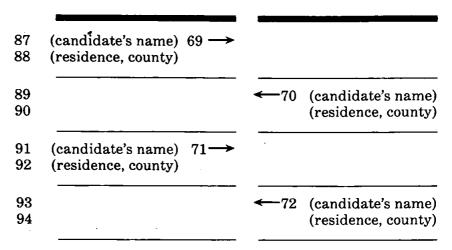
- (c) For the primary election, the heading of the ballot, the type faces, the names and arrangement of offices and the printing of names and arrangement of candidates within each office shall conform as nearly as possible to the provisions of sections thirteen and thirteen-a, article five of this chapter.
- (d) For the general election, the heading of the ballot, the straight ticket positions, the instructions to straight ticket voters, the type faces, the names and arrangement of offices and the printing of names and the arrangement of candidates within each office shall conform as nearly as possible to the provisions of section two, article six of this chapter, except as otherwise provided in this article.

The secretary of state shall assign uniform numbers which shall be used by all counties using electronic voting for all straight party tickets and for all candidates running for offices to be voted upon by all of the voters of the state. After taking into account the numbers so assigned by the secretary of state, the clerk of the circuit court shall arrange the offices and the candidates within each office as prescribed by section two, article six of this chapter, and shall assign the appropriate number for each candidate.

When one candidate is to be elected and only two parties are on the ballot, the ballot label and the arrangement of the ballot shall conform as nearly as practical to the following example:

51	Democratic Ticket	Republican Ticket	
52	For Governor	For Governor	
53	(Vote for One)	(Vote for One)	

54 55 56 57	(candidate's na (residence, cou		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	date's name) ence, county)		
58 59 60 61	When more than two parties are on the ballot for a office, the arrangement of the ballot shall be specified by the secretary of state, and may conform to the following example if practical:					
62 63	For Governor (Vote for One)					
64 65	Democrat	(candidat (residence	•	10		
66 67	Republican		(candidate's name) 11 → (residence, county)			
68 69	People's	(candidate's name) 12 → (residence, county)				
70 71 72	71 multi-candidate offices shall conform as nea					
73	Democratic Ticket		Republican Ticket			
74 75 76 77	For House of Delegates First Delegate District (Vote For Not More Than Two)		For House of Delegates First Delegate District (Vote For Not More Than Two)			
78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86	[If you marked a straight ticket and you mark any candidate in a different party for this office, you must mark all your choices because your straight ticket vote will not be counted for this office.]		[If you marked a straight ticket and you mark any candidate in a different party for this office, you must mark all your choices because your straight ticket vote will not be counted for this office.]			



(e) Any nonpartisan office such as board of education and any question to be voted on shall be placed on a separate page or otherwise separated from the partisan ballots, which separate page shall constitute a separate ballot where required.

- (f) In elections in which voters are authorized to vote for persons whose names do not appear on the ballot label, a separate write-in ballot, which may be in the form of a paper ballot or card or may be part of the secrecy envelope, shall be provided if required to permit a voter to enter the title of the office and the names of persons whose names are not on the ballot, for whom he or she wishes to vote. The manner of voting for write-in candidates upon electronic voting devices shall be as prescribed by rules and regulations of the secretary of state.
- (g) In addition to all other equipment and supplies required by the provisions of this article, the ballot commissioners shall cause to be printed a supply of instruction cards, sample ballots, facsimile diagrams of the vote recording device ballot and official printed ballots or ballot cards adequate for the orderly conduct of the election in each precinct in their county. In addition they shall provide all other materials and equipment necessary to the conduct of the election, including voting booths, appropriate facilities for the reception and safekeeping of ballot cards, the ballots of

absent voters and of challenged voters and of such

123 "independent" voters who shall, in primary elections

124 cast their votes on nonpartisan candidates and public

125 questions submitted to the voters.

§3-4A-12. Ballot label arrangement in vote recording devices; sealing of devices; record of identifying numbers.

In counties using electronic voting systems utilizing vote recording devices:

- (1) The number of ballot labels printed shall equal one and one-half times the total number of corresponding vote recording devices to be used in the election. All such labels shall be delivered to the clerk of the county commission at least thirty-five days prior to the election. The circuit clerk shall immediately examine the ballot labels for accuracy and assure that the appropriate ballot labels are designated for each voting precinct.
- (2) The total number of ballot cards printed and the number packaged for each precinct and the requirements for ballot colors and packaging shall conform as nearly as possible to the requirements for paper ballots. Official ballot cards printed and packaged for the various precincts shall be delivered to the clerk of the circuit court at least twenty-eight days prior to the election.
- (3) The necessary number of ballot cards, ballot labels, sample ballots, and other supplies necessary for absentee voting shall be delivered to the clerk of the circuit court at least forty-two days prior to the election. The clerk shall immediately check the ballot labels to assure their accuracy and shall place them in vote recording devices which are clearly designated for the proper district and/or party for the purpose of absentee voting.
- (4) When the ballot labels are delivered to the clerk of the county commission, the clerk shall place them in the vote recording devices in the proper order. The remainder of such ballot labels for each machine shall be retained by the clerk of the county commission for use in an emergency.
- (5) The clerk of the county commission shall then seal

- 34 the vote recording devices so as to prevent tampering
- 35 with ballot labels, and enter in an appropriate book,
- 36 opposite the number of each precinct, the identifying or
- 37 distinguishing number of the specific vote recording
- 38 device or devices to be used in that precinct.

ARTICLE 5. PRIMARY ELECTIONS AND NOMINATING PROCEDURES.

- §3-5-2. Delegates to national conventions; alternate delegates.
- §3-5-3. Presidential preference.

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- §3-5-4. Nomination of candidates in primary elections.
- §3-5-7. Filing announcements of candidacies; requirements; withdrawal of candidates when section applicable.
- §3-5-11. Withdrawals; filling vacancies in candidacy; publication.
- §3-5-13. Form and contents of ballots and ballot labels.
- §3-5-13a. Order of offices and candidates on the ballot; uniform drawing date.
- §3-5-19. Vacancies in nominations; how filled; fees.

§3-5-2. Delegates to national conventions; alternate delegates.

- (a) At the primary election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and in each fourth year thereafter, there shall be elected by the voters of each political party of the state, in accordance with a plan adopted by the state party, persons to be delegates to the national convention of the party to be held next after the date of such primary.
 - (b) The plan adopted by each political party of the state shall state the method, subject to compliance with their national party rules and not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, for the election of persons in each congressional district of the state as delegates to the national convention of the party, for the election or selection of persons in each congressional district of the state as alternate delegates to the national convention of the party and for the selection of all remaining delegates and alternate delegates allocated to the party in their national convention. Not less than one hundred twenty days before the primary election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and in every fourth year thereafter, the governing body of each political party of the state shall certify the plan adopted by the party under signature of the state party chairman and file the plan with the secretary of state. Any

- questions regarding whether such plan was rightfully adopted by the party shall be resolved by the party based upon party rules.
- 28 (c) The plan adopted by each political party of the 29 state shall, to the extent permissible under their 30 national party rules, provide for the following:
 - (1) The voters of each political party shall elect in each congressional district the number of persons as delegates to the national convention of the party to which the district is entitled.
 - (2) If the rules of the national political party do not require the apportionment of delegates on the basis of their commitment for president, the persons receiving the highest number of votes as delegates in any congressional district to the number to which the district is entitled, shall be elected delegates. After the election of delegates in each congressional district to the number to which the district is entitled, the persons receiving the next highest votes in each congressional district and having qualified, as may be provided in the plan adopted by the party, shall be elected as alternate delegates to the number of alternate delegates to which the district is entitled.
 - (3) If the rules of the national political party require that the percentage of votes cast for the various presidential candidates determine the apportionment of committed candidates to be elected as delegates or alternates, regardless of whether such committed candidates received the highest number of votes, then the plan adopted by the political party of the state shall prescribe the number of delegates and alternates to be elected under such apportionment, the method by which the apportionment shall be made, and the method by which the secretary of state shall determine which delegates and alternates are elected. A committed candidate for delegate to national convention is one whose preference for a particular presidential candidate appears on the ballot.
 - (4) In the event the number of persons elected in the primary election in a congressional district is less than the number to which the district is entitled as delegates

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and alternate delegates to the national convention of the political party, the governing body of the political party of the state shall appoint persons from the congressional district to serve as delegates or alternate delegates to the national convention of the party unless the rules of the party otherwise provide.

- (5) The number of persons which each of the congressional districts in the state are entitled to elect as delegates to the national convention of the political party shall be apportioned among the congressional districts in the same proportion to the total number of delegates to the party's national convention elected in all congressional districts in the state as the population of the congressional district bears to the total population of the state based upon the census of population taken by the bureau of the census of the United States department of commerce in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety, and in every tenth year thereafter.
- (d) The official primary ballot at the primary election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and in every fourth year thereafter shall, following the names of all candidates for delegates to the national convention of the party, contain the words "For election in accordance with the plan adopted by the party and filed with the secretary of state."
- (e) Unless and until a political party of the state has adopted and certified a plan for the election of delegates to the national convention of the party and filed the plan with the secretary of state, there shall be elected by the voters of the political party of the state at the primary election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and in each fourth year thereafter, the number of persons to which the party is entitled as delegates-at-large, and by the voters of each political party in each congressional district in the state the number of delegates to which the district is entitled. The persons receiving the highest number of votes in the state as delegates-at-large, to the number to which the state is entitled, shall be elected delegates. The persons receiving the highest number of votes as delegates in any congressional district, to the number to which the district is entitled, shall be elected delegates. Each

delegate so elected shall then appoint an individual to serve as alternate delegate, and shall by registered letter notify the secretary of state of such appointment

111 within forty days after the primary election.

§3-5-3. Presidential preference.

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1 In presidential election years, in addition to the 2 candidates required to be nominated at the primary 3 election, the qualified voters of each political party shall 4 have the opportunity of voting for their choice among 5 those aspiring to be the candidates of their respective 6 parties for president of the United States. The names 7 of such aspirants shall be printed on the official election 8 ballot of their respective parties, as provided in section 9 thirteen of this article, upon the filing with the secretary 10 of state of the certificate of announcement as provided 11 in section seven of this article and the filing fee or 12 petition in lieu of filing fee as provided in sections eight 13 and eight-a of this article, and the ballot shall be 14 marked and the vote shall be counted, canvassed and 15 returned under the same conditions as to names, 16 certificates and other matters, as the names and 17 certificates of the party aspirants for the party nomina-18 tion for the office of governor.

§3-5-4. Nomination of candidates in primary elections.

1 At each primary election, the candidate or candidates 2 of each political party for all offices to be filled at the 3 ensuing general election by the voters of the entire state, 4 of each congressional district, of each state senatorial 5 district, of each delegate district, of each judicial circuit 6 of West Virginia, of each county, and of each magisterial 7 district in the state shall be nominated by the voters of 8 the different political parties, except that no presiden-9 tial elector shall be nominated at a primary election.

In primary elections a plurality of the votes cast shall be sufficient for the nomination of candidates for office. Where only one candidate of a political party for any office in a political division, including party committeemen and delegates to national conventions, is to be chosen, or where a judicial circuit has two or more circuit judges and one circuit judge is to be chosen for each numbered division within the circuit, the candidate 18 receiving the highest number of votes therefor in the primary election shall be declared the party nominee for 19 20 such office. Where two or more such candidates are to 21 be chosen in the primary election, the candidates 22 constituting the proper number to be so chosen who 23 shall receive the highest number of votes cast in the 24 political division in which they are candidates shall be 25 declared the party nominees and choices for such offices. 26 except that: (1) Candidates for the office of commis-27 sioner of the county commission shall be nominated and 28 elected in accordance with the provisions of section ten, 29 article nine of the Constitution of the state of West 30 Virginia: (2) members of county boards of education 31 shall be elected at primary elections in accordance with 32 the provisions of sections five and six of this article; (3) 33 candidates for the House of Delegates shall be nomi-34 nated and elected in accordance with the residence restrictions provided in section two, article two, chapter 35 36 one of this code; and (4) in judicial circuits having 37 numbered divisions, each numbered division shall be 38 tallied separately and the candidate in each division 39 receiving a plurality of the votes cast shall be declared 40 the party nominee for the office in that numbered 41 division.

In case of tie votes between candidates for party nominations or elections in primary elections, the choice of the political party shall be determined by the executive committee of the party for the political division in which such persons are candidates.

§3-5-7. Filing announcements of candidacies; requirements; withdrawal of candidates when section applicable.

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Any person who is eligible to hold and seeks to hold an office or political party position to be filled by election in any primary or general election held under the provisions of this chapter shall file a certificate of announcement declaring as a candidate for the nomination or election to such office.

- 7 (a) The certificate of announcement shall be filed as 8 follows:
- 9 (1) With the secretary of state, if it be an office or

- political position to be filled by the voters of more than one county:
- 12 (2) With the clerk of the circuit court, if it be for an office to be filled by the voters of a single county or of a subdivision less than a county;
- 15 (3) With the recorder or city clerk if it be for an office to be filled by the voters of a municipality.

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The certificate of announcement shall be filed with the proper officer not earlier than the second Monday in January next preceding the primary election day, and not later than the first Saturday of February next preceding the primary election day, and must be received before midnight, eastern standard time, of that day or, if mailed, shall be postmarked by the United States postal service before that hour.

- (b) The certificate of announcement shall be in a form prescribed by the secretary of state on which the candidate shall make a sworn statement before a notary public or other officer authorized to give oaths, containing the following information:
- 30 (1) The date of the election in which the candidate seeks to appear on the ballot;
- 32 (2) The name of the office sought; the district, if any; 33 and the division, if any;
 - (3) The legal name of the candidate, and the exact name the candidate desires to appear on the ballot, subject to limitations prescribed in section thirteen, article five of this chapter;
- 38 (4) The county of residence and a statement that the 39 candidate is a legally qualified voter of that county; and 40 the magisterial district of residence for candidates 41 elected from magisterial districts or under magisterial 42 district limitations;
 - (5) The specific address designating the location at which the candidate resides at the time of filing, including number and street or rural route and box number, and city, state and zip code;
- (6) For partisan elections, the name of the candidate's political party, and a statement that the candidate is a

member of and affiliated with that political party as is evidenced by the candidate's current registration as a voter affiliated with that party, and that the candidate has not been registered as a voter affiliated with any other political party for a period of sixty days before the date of filing the announcement;

- (7) For candidates for delegate to national convention, the name of the presidential candidate to be listed on the ballot as the preference of the candidate on the first convention ballot; or, a statement that the candidate prefers to remain "uncommitted";
- (8) A statement that the person filing the certificate of announcement is a candidate for the office in good faith:
- 63 (9) The words "subscribed and sworn to before me this
 64 _____ day of ______, 19 _____," and a space for
 65 the signature of the officer giving the oath.

The secretary of state or the board of ballot commissioners, as the case may be, may refuse to certify the candidacy or remove the certification of the candidacy upon receipt of a certified copy of the voter's registration record of the candidate evidencing that the candidate was registered as a voter in a party other than the one named in the certificate of announcement during the sixty days immediately preceding the filing of the certificate: *Provided*, That unless a signed formal complaint of violation of this section and the certified copy of the voter's registration record of the candidate be filed with the officer receiving that candidate's certificate of announcement no later than ten days following the close of the filing period, the candidate shall not be refused certification for this reason.

- (c) The certificate of announcement shall be subscribed to and sworn to by the candidate before some officer qualified to administer oaths, who shall certify the same. Any person who knowingly provides false information on said certificate is guilty of false swearing and shall be punished as set forth in section three, article nine of this chapter.
- (d) Any candidate for delegate to a national convention may change his or her statement of presidential

- 90 preference by notifying the secretary of state by letter 91 received by the secretary of state no later than the third 92 Tuesday following the close of candidate filing. When 93 the rules of the political party allow each presidential 94 candidate to approve or reject candidates for delegate 95 to convention who may appear on the ballot as commit-96 ted to that presidential candidate, the presidential 97 candidate or the candidate's committee on his or her 98 behalf may file a list of approved or rejected candidates 99 for delegate, and the secretary of state shall list as 100 "uncommitted" any candidate for delegate who is 101 disapproved by the presidential candidate.
- 102 (e) No person shall be a candidate for more than one 103 office or office division at any election: Provided. That 104 a candidate for an office may also be a candidate for 105 president of the United States, for membership on a 106 political party executive committee or for delegate to a 107 political party national convention. Notwithstanding the 108 provisions of this section, nothing shall prohibit a 109 candidate from jointly running for or jointly holding the 110 offices of county clerk and circuit clerk in those counties 111 which operate a joint clerkship system.
- 112 (f) Any candidate who files a certificate of announce-113 ment for more than one office or division and does not 114 withdraw, as provided by section eleven, article five of 115 this chapter, from all but one office prior to the close 116 of the filing period shall not be certified by the secretary 117 of state or placed on the ballot for any office by the 118 board of ballot commissioners.
- The provisions of this section shall apply to the primary election held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two and every primary election held thereafter.

§3-5-11. Withdrawals; filling vacancies in candidacy; publication.

- 1 (a) A candidate who has filed a certificate of an-2 nouncement and wishes to withdraw and decline to 3 stand as a candidate for the office shall file a signed and 4 notarized statement of withdrawal with the same officer 5 with whom the certificate of announcement was filed.
- 6 If such statement of withdrawal is received not later

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- than the third Tuesday following the close of candidate filing, the name of a candidate who files that statement of withdrawal may not be printed on the ballot. No candidate who files a statement of withdrawal after that time may have his or her name removed from the ballot.
 - (b) Upon request of the candidate's family, the board of ballot commissioners may remove the name of a candidate who dies before the ballots are printed. If a candidate dies after the ballots are printed but before the election, the clerk of the circuit court shall give a written notice which shall be posted with the sample ballot at each precinct with the county to the following effect: "To the voter: (name) of (residence), a candidate for (office) is deceased."
 - (c) If after the time is closed for announcing as a candidate there is a vacancy on the ballot caused by failure of any person of a party to file for each available seat of each available office, the executive committee of the party for the political division within which such candidate was to be voted for, or its chair if the committee fails to act, may fill the vacancy and certify the candidate named to the appropriate filing officer. Certification of the appointment by the executive committee or its chair, the candidate's certificate of announcement, and the filing fee must be received by the appropriate filing officer as follows: For an appointment by an executive committee, no later than the second Friday following the close of filing, for an appointment by its chair, no later than the third Tuesday following the close of filing. A candidate appointed to fill a vacancy on the ballot under this subsection shall have his or her name printed on the primary ballot for that party.

§3-5-13. Form and contents of ballots and ballot labels.

- The face of every primary election ballot shall conform as nearly as practicable to that used at the general election.
- 4 (a) The heading of every ballot shall be printed in 5 display type. The heading shall contain a ballot title, the 6 name of the county, the state, the words "Primary 7 Election" and the month, day and year of the election.

The ballot title of the political party ballots shall contain the words "Official Ballot of the (Name) Party" and the official symbol of the political party may be included in the heading. The ballot title of any separate paper ballot or portion of any electronic or voting machine ballot for the board of education shall contain the words "Nonpar-Ballot of Election of Members of County Board of Education". The districts for which less than two candidates may be elected and the number of available seats shall be specified and the names of the candidates shall be printed without reference to political party affiliation, and without designation as to a particular term of office. Any other ballot or portion of a ballot on a question shall have a heading which clearly states the purpose of the election, according to the statutory requirements for that question.

- (b) (1) For paper ballots, the heading of the ballot shall be separated from the rest of the ballot by heavy lines, and the offices shall be arranged in columns with the following headings, from left to right across the ballot: "National Ticket", "State Ticket", "County Ticket", and, in a presidential election year, "National Convention", or, in a nonpresidential election year "District Ticket". The columns shall be separated by heavy lines. Within the columns, the offices shall be arranged in the order prescribed in section thirteen-a of this article.
- (2) For voting machines, electronic voting devices, and any ballot tabulated by electronic means, the offices shall appear in the same sequence as prescribed in section thirteen-a, and under the same headings as prescribed in subsection (a) of this section. The number of pages, columns or rows, where applicable, may be modified to meet the limitations of ballot size and composition requirements, subject to approval by the secretary of state.
- (3) The title of each office shall be separated from preceding offices or candidates by a line, and shall be printed in bold type, no smaller than eight point. Below the office shall be printed the number of the district, if any, the number of the division, if any, and the words "Vote for _____" with the number to be nominated or

 elected or "Vote For Not More Than ____" in multicandidate elections. For offices in which there are limitations relating to the number of candidates which may be nominated, elected or appointed to or hold office at one time from a political subdivision within the district or county in which they are elected, there shall be a clear explanation of such limitation, as prescribed by the secretary of state, printed in bold type immediately preceding the names of the candidates for those offices on the ballot in every voting system.

- (c) The location for indicating the voter's choices on the ballot shall be clearly shown. For paper ballots, other than those tabulated electronically, the official primary ballot shall contain a square formed in dark lines at the left of each name on the ballot, arranged in a perpendicular column of squares before each column of names.
- (d) (1) The name of every candidate certified by the secretary of state or the board of ballot commissioners shall be printed in capital letters in no smaller than eight point type on the ballot for the appropriate precincts. Subject to the rules promulgated by the secretary of state, the name of each candidate shall appear in the form set out by the candidate on the certificate of announcement, but in no case shall the name misrepresent the identity of the candidate, nor shall the name include any title, position, rank, degree or nickname implying or inferring any status as a member of a class or group or affiliation with any system of belief.
- (2) The city of residence of every candidate, the state of residence of every candidate residing outside the state, the county of residence of every candidate for an office on the ballot in more than one county, and the magisterial district of residence of every candidate for an office subject to magisterial district limitations, shall be printed in lower case letters beneath the names of the candidates.
- (3) The arrangement of names within each office shall be determined as prescribed in section thirteen-a of this article.

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- (4) If the number of candidates for an office exceeds the space available on a column or ballot label page and requires that candidates for a single office be separated. to the extent possible, the number of candidates for the office on separate columns or pages shall be nearly equal, and clear instructions given the voter that the candidates for the office are continued on the following column or page.
 - (e) When an insufficient number of candidates has filed for a party to make the number of nominations allowed for the office, or for the voters to elect sufficient members to the board of education or to executive committees, the vacant positions on the ballot shall be filled with the words "No Candidate Filed": *Provided*, That in paper ballot systems which allow for write-ins to be made directly on the ballot, a blank line shall be placed in any vacant position in the office of board of education or for election to any party executive committee. A line shall separate each candidate from every other candidate for the same office.
 - (f) In presidential election years, the words "For election in accordance with the plan adopted by the party and filed with the secretary of state" shall be printed following the names of all candidates for delegate to national convention.
 - (g) All paper ballots shall be printed in black ink on paper sufficiently thick so that the printing or marking cannot be discernible from the back. Ballot cards and paper for printing ballots using electronically sensible ink shall meet minimum requirements of the tabulating systems.
 - (h) Electronically tabulated ballots and ballot cards shall contain perforated tabs at the top of the ballots and shall be printed with unique sequential numbers from one to the highest number representing the total number of ballots or ballot cards printed. On paper ballots, the ballot shall be bordered by a solid line at least one sixteenth of an inch wide, and the ballot shall be trimmed to within one-half inch of that border.
 - (i) On the back of every official ballot or ballot card, there shall be printed the words "Official Ballot" with

- 132 the name of the county and the date of the election.
- 133 Beneath shall be two blank lines, followed by the words
- 134 "Poll Clerks".
- 135 (i) Absent voters' ballots shall be in all respects like other official ballots, except that three blank lines shall 136 137 be printed on the back of the ballot or ballot card in the 138 lower left corner with the words "Ballot Commissioners"
- 139 printed underneath.
- 140 (k) The face of sample paper ballots and sample ballot
- 141 labels shall be like other official ballots or ballot labels. 142
- except that the word "sample" shall be prominently 143 printed across the front of the ballot in such a way that
- 144 the names of candidates are not obscured, and the word
- 145 "sample" may be printed in red ink. No printing shall
- 146 be placed on the back of the sample.

§3-5-13a. Order of offices and candidates on the ballot; uniform drawing date.

- 1 (a) The order of offices for state and county elections
- 2 on all ballots within the state shall be as prescribed
- herein. When the office does not appear on the ballot in
- 4 an election, then it shall be omitted from the sequence.
- 5 When an unexpired term for an office appears on the
- ballot along with a full term, the unexpired term shall 6
- 7 appear immediately below the full term.
- 8 NATIONAL TICKET: President (and vice president in
- 9 the general election). United States senator, member of
- the United States house of representatives 10
- STATE TICKET: Governor, secretary of state, auditor, 11
- 12 treasurer, commissioner of agriculture, attorney
- 13 general, justice of the supreme court of appeals, state
- 14 senator, member of the house of delegates, circuit judge
- 15 in multi-county districts, any other multi-county office,
- 16 state executive committee
- 17 COUNTY TICKET: Circuit judge in single-county
- districts, clerk of the circuit court, county commissioner, 18
- 19 clerk of the county commission, prosecuting attorney, 20
- sheriff, assessor, magistrate, surveyor, congressional district executive committee, senatorial district execu-21
- tive committee in multi-county districts, delegate 22
- district executive committee in multi-county districts 23

- 24 NATIONAL CONVENTION: Delegate to the national
- 25 convention — at-large, delegate to the national conven-
- 26 tion — congressional district

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- 27 DISTRICT TICKET: County executive committee.
 - (b) Except for office divisions in which no more than one person has filed a certificate of announcement, the arrangement of names for all offices shall be determined by lot according to the following provisions:
 - (1) On the fourth Tuesday following the close of the candidate filing, beginning at nine o'clock a.m., a drawing by lot shall be conducted in the office of the clerk of the circuit court in each county. Notice of the drawing shall be given on the form for the certificate of announcement, and no further notice shall be required. The clerk of the circuit court shall superintend and conduct the drawing, and the method of conducting the drawing shall be prescribed by the secretary of state.
 - (2) Except as provided herein, the position of each candidate within each office division shall be determined by the position drawn for that candidate individually: Provided, That if fewer candidates file for an office division than the total number to be nominated or elected, the vacant positions shall appear following the names of all candidates for the office.
- (3) Candidates for delegate to national convention who have filed a commitment to a candidate for president shall be listed alphabetically within the group of candidates committed to the same candidate for president and uncommitted candidates shall be listed alphabetically in an uncommitted category. The position of each group of committed candidates and uncommit-55 ted candidates shall be determined by lot by drawing the names of the presidential candidates and for an 58 uncommitted category.
- (4) A candidate or the candidate's representative may 59 60 attend the drawings.

§3-5-19. Vacancies in nominations; how filled; fees.

(a) If any vacancy shall occur in the party nomination 1 of candidates for office nominated at the primary 2

election or by appointment under the provisions of section eleven of this article, the vacancies may be filled, subject to the following requirements and limitations:

- (1) Each appointment made under this section shall be made by the executive committee of the political party for the political division in which the vacancy occurs: *Provided*, That if the executive committee fails to make an appointment in a duly called meeting or fails to certify the appointment of the candidate to the proper filing officer within the time required, the chairperson of the executive committee may make the appointment not later than two days following the deadline for the executive committee.
- (2) Each appointment made under this section is complete only upon the receipt by the proper filing officer of the certificate of appointment by the executive committee, or its chairperson, as the case may be, the certificate of announcement of the candidate as prescribed in section seven of this article, and, except for appointments made under subdivisions (4), (5) or (6) of this subsection, the filing fee or waiver of fee as prescribed in section eight or eight-a of this article. The proper filing officer is the officer with whom the original certificate of nomination is regularly filed for that office.
- (3) If a vacancy in nomination is caused by the failure of a candidate to file for an office, or by withdrawal of a candidate no later than the third Tuesday following the close of candidate filing pursuant to the provisions of section eleven of this article, a nominee may be appointed by the executive committee and certified to the proper filing officer no later than the Thursday preceding the primary election.
- (4) If a vacancy in nomination is caused by the disqualification or incapacity of the candidate, and if the vacancy occurs not later than eighty-four days before the general election, a nominee may be appointed by the executive committee and certified to the proper filing officer no later than seventy-eight days before the general election.
 - (5) If a vacancy in nomination is caused by the

withdrawal of the candidate no later than ninety-eight days before the general election due to extenuating personal circumstances which will prevent the candidate from serving in the office if elected, and if the candidate or the chairperson of the executive committee for the political division applies in writing to the state election commission no later than ninety-five days before the general election for permission to fill the vacancy. the state election commission shall review the reasons for the withdrawal. If the commission finds the circumstances warrant the withdrawal of the candidate, the commission may authorize appointment by the executive committee to fill the vacancy, upon which authorization a nominee may be appointed by the executive committee and certified to the proper filing officer no later than seventy-eight days before the general election.

- (6) If a vacancy in nomination is caused by the death of the candidate occurring no later than twenty-five days before the general election, a nominee may be appointed by the executive committee and certified to the proper filing officer no later than twenty-one days following the date of such death, or no later than twenty-two days before the general election, whichever date occurs first.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in article ten of this chapter, if any vacancy occurs in a partisan office or position other than political party executive committee, which vacancy creates an unexpired term for a position which would not otherwise appear on the ballot in the general election, and the vacancy occurs after the close of candidate filing for the primary election but not later than eighty-four days before the general election, a nominee of each political party may be appointed by the executive committee and certified to the proper filing officer no later than seventy-eight days before the general election. Appointments shall be filed in the same manner as provided in subsection (a) of this section, except that the filing fee shall be paid before the appointment is complete.
- (c) When a vacancy occurs in the board of education after the close of candidate filing for the primary election but not later than eighty-four days before the

- general election, a special candidate filing period shall be established. Candidates seeking election to any unexpired term for board of education shall file a certificate of announcement and pay the filing fee to the
- 90 clerk of the circuit court no earlier than the first 91 Monday in August and no later than seventy-seven days
- 92 before the general election.

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ARTICLE 6. CONDUCT AND ADMINISTRATION OF ELECTIONS.

§3-6-2. Preparation and form of general election ballots.

- 1 (a) All ballots prepared under the provisions of this section shall contain:
- 3 (1) The name and ticket of each party which is a 4 political party under the provisions of section eight, 5 article one of this chapter;
- 6 (2) The name chosen as the party name by each group 7 of citizens which has secured nomination for two or 8 more candidates by petition under the provisions of 9 section twenty-three of this article;
- 10 (3) The names of every candidate for any office to be 11 voted for at the election whose nomination in the 12 primary election, nomination by petition or nomination 13 by appointment to fill a vacancy on the ballot has been 14 certified and filed according to law, and no others.
- (b) The provisions of subsections (b) (3), (c), (d) (1), (d) (2), (g), (h), (i), (j) and (k), section thirteen of article five pertaining to the preparation and form of primary election ballots shall likewise apply to general election ballots.
- 20 (c) (1) For all ballot systems, the ballot heading shall 21 be in display type and shall contain the words, "Official 22 Ballot, General Election" and the name of the county 23 and the month, day and year of the election.
 - (2) After the heading, each ballot shall contain, laid out in parallel columns, rows or pages as required by the particular voting system, the party emblem, the position for straight party voting for each party and the name of each party as prescribed in subsection (a) of this section. On paper ballots, the position for straight party voting shall be a heavy circle, three-fourths inch in

diameter, surrounded by the words "For a straight ticket mark within this circle" printed in bold six point type. On all other ballots or ballot labels, the positions for straight party voting shall be marked "Straight Party Ticket". For ballots tabulated electronically, the secretary of state shall prescribe a uniform number for the straight ticket position for each party.

- (3) The party whose candidate for president received the highest number of votes at the last preceding presidential election shall be placed in the left, or first column, row or page, as is appropriate to the voting system. The party which received the second highest vote shall be next, and so on. Any groups or third parties which did not have a candidate for president on the ballot in the previous presidential election shall be placed in the sequence in which the final certificates of nomination by petition were filed.
- (4) (A) Except for lever machine ballot labels, the following general instructions for straight party voters shall be printed in no smaller than eight point bold type: "IF YOU MARKED A STRAIGHT TICKET: When you mark any individual candidate in a different party, that vote will override your straight party vote for that office. When you mark any individual candidate in a different party for an office where more than one will be elected, YOU MUST MARK EACH OF YOUR CHOICES FOR THAT OFFICE because your straight ticket vote will not be counted for that office." The last sentence of the above instructions shall not be included on any ballot which does not contain any office or division where more than one candidate will be elected.

On paper ballots, the general instructions shall be placed below the party name and across the top of all columns, followed by a heavy line separating them from the rest of the ballot. On ballots marked with electronically sensible ink and on ballot labels for voting devices in punch card systems, the general instructions shall be placed after the position for straight voting and before any office.

(B) Except for lever machine ballot labels, the following specific instructions shall be printed on the ballot for any partisan election for an office or division

to which more than one candidate is to be elected: "If you marked a straight ticket and you mark any candidate in a different party for this office, you must mark all your choices for this office because your straight ticket vote will not be counted for this office."

On paper ballots, the specific instructions shall be placed below the office name of any partisan office where more than one is to be elected, and across the top of all columns for that office before the names of any candidates. On all other ballots and ballot labels, the specific instructions shall be placed above or to the side of the names of the candidates, as the voting system requires.

- (5) For all ballots, any columns, rows or sections in which the ticket of one party appears shall be clearly separated from the other columns, rows or sections by a heavy line or other clear division. For each party, the offices shall be arranged in the order prescribed in section thirteen-a, article five of this chapter, under the appropriate tickets, which shall be headed "National Ticket", "State Ticket" and "County Ticket". The number of pages, columns or rows, where applicable, may be modified to meet the limitations of ballot size and composition requirements, subject to approval by the secretary of state.
- (d) The arrangement of names within each office for all ballot systems shall be as follows:
- (1) In elections for presidential electors, the names of the candidates for president and vice president of each party shall be placed beside a brace with a single voting position, so that a vote for any presidential candidate shall be a vote for the electors of the party for which such candidates were named.
- (2) The order of names of candidates for any office or division for which more than one is to be elected shall be determined as prescribed in section thirteen-a, article five of this chapter: *Provided*, That the drawing by lot shall be conducted on the seventieth day next preceding the date of the general election, beginning at nine o'clock a.m.
 - (3) Except in voting machine systems, in any office

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where more than one person is to be elected, the names

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MES MONROE ty (County)

(A) In paper ballot systems which allow for write-ins to be made directly on the ballot, a blank square and a blank line equal to the space which would be occupied by the name of the candidate shall be placed under the proper office for each vacancy in nomination, and for an office for which more than one is to be elected, any such

interfere with the tabulation of the ballot.

- vacancy shall appear after any other candidates for the office.
- 149 (B) In machine and electronically tabulated ballot 150 systems in which write-in votes must be made in a place 151 other than on the ballot label, if there is a vacancy in 152 nomination leaving fewer candidates in any party than 153 can be elected to that office, the words "No Candidate 154 Nominated" shall be printed in the space that would be occupied by the name of the candidate, and for an office 155 156 for which more than one is to be elected, any such 157 vacancy shall appear after any other candidates for the 158 office.
- 159 (5) In a general election in any county in which 160 unexpired terms of the board of education are to be 161 filled by election, a separate section or page of the ballot 162 shall be set off by means clearly separating the 163 nonpartisan ballot from the ballot for the political party 164 candidates, and shall be headed "Nonpartisan Board of 165 Education".
- 166 (e) Any constitutional amendment shall be placed 167 following all offices, followed by any other issue upon 168 which the voters shall cast a vote. The heading for each 169 amendment or issue shall be printed in large, bold type 170 according to the requirements of the resolution author-171 izing such election.
- 172 (f) The board of ballot commissioners may not place 173 any issue on the ballot for election which is not 174 specifically authorized under the West Virginia consti-175 tution or statutes, or which has not been properly 176 ordered by the appropriate governmental body charged 177 with calling such election.

ARTICLE 10. FILLING VACANCIES.

- §3-10-1. Elections to fill vacancies.
- §3-10-6. Vacancy in office of circuit court clerk.
- §3-10-7. Vacancies in offices of county commissioner and clerk of county commission.
- §3-10-8. Vacancies in offices of prosecuting attorney, sheriff, assessor and surveyor.

§3-10-1. Elections to fill vacancies.

1 Except as provided in sections three and four of this 2 article, elections to fill vacancies shall be conducted to fill any unexpired term when more than one year of the 3 4 term of office remains at the time of such election. When 5 less than one year of the term of office remains at the 6 time of the election, the person appointed to fill the 7 vacancy shall continue in office until the completion of the term. Elections to fill vacancies shall be held at the 8 9 same places, and superintended, conducted and returned, and the result ascertained, certified and 10 declared, in the same manner, and by the same officers, 11 12 as in general elections. The persons elected, having first duly qualified, shall enter upon the duties of their 13 14 respective offices.

§3-10-6. Vacancy in office of circuit court clerk.

1 When a vacancy occurs in the office of clerk of the 2 circuit court, the circuit court by a majority vote of the 3 judges, or the chief judge thereof in vacation, shall fill 4 the same by appointment of a person of the same 5 political party as the officeholder vacating the office 6 until the next general election, or until the completion 7 of the term if the term ends on the thirty-first day of 8 December following the next general election and the 9 person so appointed shall hold office until his or her 10 successor is elected and qualified. At such general 11 election a clerk shall be elected for the unexpired term 12 if the unexpired term is greater than one year. The 13 circuit court, or the chief judge thereof in vacation, shall 14 cause a notice of such election to be published prior to 15 such election as a Class II-0 legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 16 17 fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such 18 publication shall be the county. If the vacancy occurs no 19 later than the eighty-fourth day before the primary 20 election held to nominate candidates to be voted for at 21 the general election, at which any such vacancy is to be 22 filled, candidates to fill such vacancy shall be nominated 23 at such primary election in accordance with the time 24 requirements and the provisions and procedures pre-25 scribed in section eleven, article five of this chapter. If 26 the vacancy occurs after the eighty-fourth day before the

27 primary but not later than the eighty-fourth day before 28 the general election, they shall be nominated by the county executive committee in the manner provided in 29 30 section nineteen, article five of this chapter, as in the 31 case of filling vacancies in nominations, and the names of the persons, so nominated and certified to the clerk 32 33 of the circuit court of such county, shall be placed upon 34 the ballot to be voted at such next general election.

§3-10-7. Vacancies in offices of county commissioner and clerk of county commission.

1 Any vacancy in the office of county commissioner or 2 clerk of county commission shall be filled by the county 3 commission of the county, unless the number of vacan-4 cies in a county commission deprive that body of a 5 quorum, in which case the governor of the state shall 6 fill any vacancy in such county commission necessary to 7 create a quorum thereof. Persons appointed shall be of the same political party as the officeholder vacating the 8 9 office and shall continue in office until the next general 10 election is certified, or until the completion of the term 11 if the term ends on the thirty-first day of December 12 following the next general election. The vacancy shall be filled by election for the unexpired term if the 13 14 unexpired term is greater than one year: Provided. That 15 in the event a quorum of the county commission cannot 16 agree upon a person to fill a vacancy in the office of 17 county commissioner it shall be the mandatory, nondis-18 cretionary duty of each such county commissioner, 19 within sixty days from the date such vacancy occurs, to 20 submit in person to the chief judge of the circuit court 21 of such county, the name of one person who is a member 22 of the same political party as was the person whose vacancy is being filled and was such a member for at 23 24 least one year next preceding the filling of such vacancy 25 and who is legally qualified and willing to fill such 26 vacancy. The judge shall thereupon, in the presence of 27 the quorum of the county commission, cause each name 28 to be written on a separate piece of paper, shall fold or roll up the pieces of paper so as to resemble each other 29 30 and so that the name written thereon shall not be visible 31 on the outside, and shall deposit the pieces of paper in

a box from which one of the county commissioners, selected by lot under the supervision of such judge, shall, in the presence of each other and the judge, draw one of the names and the person whose name is so drawn shall be the county commission's choice to fill such vacancy. The circuit court shall have jurisdiction to compel compliance with the provisions of this proviso.

Notice of such election as aforesaid shall be given by order of the county commission and published as prescribed in section six of this article. Nomination of candidates to fill the office for an unexpired term in the office of county commissioner or clerk of the county commission shall be made in the manner prescribed for making nominations to fill a vacancy in the office of the clerk of the circuit court

§3-10-8. Vacancies in offices of prosecuting attorney, sheriff, assessor and surveyor.

1 Any vacancy occurring in the office of prosecuting 2 attorney, sheriff, assessor or county surveyor shall be 3 filled by the county commission by appointment of a 4 person of the same political party as the officeholder 5 vacating the office, and the appointed person shall hold 6 the office until the next general election is certified, or 7 until the completion of the term if the term ends on the 8 thirty-first day of December following the next general election. Such vacancy shall be filled by election for the 9 10 unexpired term if the unexpired term is greater than 11 one year. Notice of an election to fill a vacancy in any of the offices named in this section shall be given by the 12 county commission, or by the president thereof in 13 vacation, and published or posted in the manner 14 15 prescribed in section six of this article. Nomination of 16 candidates to fill any such vacancy shall be made in the manner prescribed in said section six of this article for 17 18 nominating candidates to fill a vacancy in the office of 19 the clerk of the circuit court.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-2. Filling vacancies.

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- (a) The board shall, by appointment, fill within forty-five days any vacancy that occurs in its membership. In the event that the board does not fill the vacancy within forty-five days, the state superintendent of schools shall appoint a person to fill the vacancy:
- (b) (1) When the vacancy occurs after the eightyfourth day before a general election, and the affected term of office ends on the thirtieth day of June following the next primary election, the person appointed to fill the vacancy shall continue in office until the completion of the term.
- (2) When the vacancy occurs after the eighty-fourth day before a general election and not later than the close of candidate filing for the next succeeding primary election, and the affected term of office does not end on the thirtieth day of June following the next primary election, an election for the unexpired term shall be held at the next primary election, and the appointment shall continue until a successor is elected and certified.
- (3) When the vacancy occurs after the close of candidate filing for the primary election and not later than eighty-four days before the general election, the vacancy shall be filled by election in the general election, and the appointment shall continue until a successor is elected and certified.

CHAPTER 69

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2509—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five-a, article eight, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to information required in financial statements prepared in connection with political campaign activities; setting forth specific requirements; providing for the reporting of contributions to membership organizations; and defining certain terms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five-a, article eight, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. REGULATION AND CONTROL OF ELECTIONS.

§3-8-5a. Information required in financial statement.

- 1 (a) Each financial statement required by the provi-2 sions of this article shall contain the following 3 information:
- 4 (1) The first name, middle initial, if any, and last name, residence and mailing address and telephone number of each candidate, financial agent, treasurer or person, and the full name, address and telephone number of each association, organization or committee filing a financial statement.
- 10 (2) The balance of cash and any other sum of money 11 on hand at the beginning and the end of the period 12 covered by the financial statement.
- (3) The first name, middle initial, if any, and the last 13 name in the case of an individual, and the full name of 14 15 each firm, association or committee, and the amount of 16 such contribution of such individual, firm, association or 17 committee, and, if the aggregate of the sum or sums contributed by any one such individual, firm, association 18 or committee exceeds two hundred fifty dollars there 19 shall also be reported the residence and mailing address 20 and, in the case of an individual, the major business 21 affiliation and occupation. A contribution totaling more 22 than fifty dollars by any one contributor is prohibited 23 unless it is made by money order or by check, and a 24 violation of this provision is subject to section five-d of 25 this article. As used herein, the term "check" shall have 26 the meaning ascribed to that term in section one 27 hundred four, article three, chapter forty-six of this 28 29 code.
 - (4) The total amount of contributions received during the period covered by the financial statement.

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(5) The first name, middle initial, if any, and the last

 name, residence and mailing address of any individual or the full name and mailing address of each firm, association or committee making or cosigning a loan and the amount of any loan received, the date and terms of the loan, including interest and repayment schedule, along with a copy of the loan agreement.

- (6) The first name, middle initial, if any, and the last name, residence and mailing address of any individual or the full name and mailing address of each firm, association or committee having previously made or cosigned a loan for which payment is made or a balance is outstanding at the end of the period, together with the amount of repayment on the loan made during the period and the balance at the end of the period.
- (7) The total outstanding balance of all loans at the end of the period.
- (8) The first name, middle initial, if any, and the last name, residence and mailing address of any individual, or the full name and mailing address of each firm, association or committee to whom each expenditure was made or liability incurred, together with the amount and purpose of each expenditure or liability incurred and the date of each transaction.
- (9) The total expenditure for the nomination, election or defeat of a candidate or any person or organization advocating or opposing the nomination, election or defeat of any candidate, or the passage or defeat of any issue, thing or item to be voted upon, in whose behalf an expenditure was made or a contribution was given for the primary or other election.
- (10) The total amount of expenditures made during the period covered by the financial statement.
- (b) Any unexpended balance at the time of making the financial statements herein provided for shall be properly accounted for in that financial statement and shall appear as a balance in the next following financial statement.
- 70 (c) Each financial statement required by this section 71 shall contain a separate section setting forth the

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- following information for each fund-raising event held during the period covered by the financial statement:
- 74 (1) The type of event, date held, and address and name, if any, of the place where the event was held.
- 76 (2) All of the information required by subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this section.
- 78 (3) The total of all moneys received at the fund-raising event.
- 80 (4) The expenditures incident to the fund-raising 81 event.
 - (5) The net receipts of the fund-raising event.
 - (d) When any lump sum payment is made to any advertising agency or other disbursing person who does not file a report of detailed accounts and verified financial statements as required in this section, such lump sum expenditures shall be accounted for in the same manner as provided for herein.
 - (e) Any contribution or expenditure made by or on behalf of a candidate for public office, to any other candidate, or committee for a candidate for any public office in the same election shall be accounted for in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- 94 (f) No person, firm, association or committee may make any contribution except from their own funds, 95 96 unless such person, firm, association or committee 97 discloses in writing to the person required to report 98 under this section the first name, middle initial, if any, 99 and the last name in the case of an individual, or the 100 full name in case of a firm, association or committee. 101 residence and mailing address and the major business 102 affiliation and occupation of the person, firm, association or committee which furnished the funds to such 103 104 contributor. All such disclosures shall be included in the 105 statement required by this section.
 - (g) Any firm, association, committee or fund permitted by section eight of this article to be a political committee shall disclose on the financial statement its corporate or other affiliation.

 $\frac{136}{137}$

- (h) No contribution may be made, directly or indirectly, in a fictitious name, anonymously or by one person through an agent, relative or other person so as to conceal the identity of the source of the contribution or in any other manner so as to effect concealment of the contributor's identity.
 - (i) No person, firm, association or committee may accept any contribution for the purpose of influencing the nomination, election or defeat of a candidate or for the passage or defeat of any issue or thing to be voted upon unless the identity of the donor and the amount of the contribution is known and reported.
 - (j) When any candidate, organization, committee or person receives any anonymous contribution which cannot be returned because the donor cannot be identified, that contribution shall be donated to the general revenue fund of the state. Any anonymous contribution shall be recorded as such on the candidate's financial statement, but may not be expended for election expenses. At the time of filing, the financial statement shall include a statement of distribution of anonymous contributions, which total amount shall equal the total of all anonymous contributions received during the period.
 - (k) Any membership organization which raises funds for political purposes by payroll deduction assessing them as part of its membership dues or as a separate assessment may report the amount raised as follows:
 - (1) If the portion of dues or assessments designated for political purposes equals twenty-five dollars or less per member over the course of a calendar year, the total amount raised for political purposes through membership dues or assessments during the period is reported by showing the amount required to be paid by each member and the number of members.
 - (2) If the total payroll deduction for political purposes of each participating member equals twenty-five dollars or less over the course of a calendar or fiscal year, as specified by the organization, the organization shall report the total amount received for political purposes

through such payroll deductions during the reporting period, and to the maximum extent possible, the amount of each yearly payroll deduction contribution level and the number of members contributing at each such specified level. The membership organization shall maintain records of the name and yearly payroll deduction amounts of each participating member.

- (3) If any member contributes to the membership organization through individual voluntary contributions by means other than payroll deduction, membership dues, or assessments as provided in this subsection, the reporting requirements of subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this section shall apply. Funds raised for political purposes must be segregated from the funds for other purposes and listed in its report.
 - (l) For purposes of this section:

- (1) "Political purposes" means advocating or opposing the nomination, election or defeat of one or more candidates, supporting the retirement of the debt of a candidate or activities of an established political party or an organization which has declared itself a political party, supporting the administration or activities of a political committee or advocating or opposing the passage of a ballot issue.
- (2) "Membership organization" means a group that grants bona fide rights and privileges, such as the right to vote, to elect officers or directors, and the ability to hold office, to its members, and which uses a majority of its membership dues for purposes other than political purposes. This term shall not include organizations that grant membership upon receiving a contribution.
- (3) "Fund-raising event" means an event such as a dinner, reception, testimonial, cocktail party, auction or similar affair through which contributions are solicited or received by such means as the purchase of a ticket, payment of an attendance fee or by the purchase of goods or services.

CHAPTER 70

(H. B. 2139—By Delegates Faircloth and Roop)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article one, chapter fifty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing the fees to be charged by sheriffs for service of process, subpoenas and various writs; and increasing the mileage charge for conveying prisoners.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article one, chapter fifty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

§59-1-14. Fees to be charged by sheriffs.

1 2 3	The county commission shall determine the amount which the sheriff may charge, which charges shall not exceed the following:	
4 5 6 7 8	For serving on any person a declaration in ejectment, or an order, notice, summons or other process where the body is not taken, except a subpoena served on a witness,	
9.	and making return thereof	\$20.00
10	For summoning a witness	20.00
11 12 13	For serving on any person an attachment or other process under which the body is taken	20.00
14	For levying an attachment on real	
15	estate and making the return	20.00
16	For making any other levy	20.00
17 18 19	For conveying a prisoner to or from jail, for each mile of necessary travel either in going or returning	.25

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20	For taking any bond	1.00
21 22 23	When a jury is sworn in court, for summoning and impaneling such jury	1.00
24	For serving a writ of possession	20.00
25	For issuing receipt to purchaser at	20.00
26	delinquent tax sale	1.00

The county commission, giving due regard to the cost thereof, may from time to time prescribe the amount which the sheriff may charge for keeping any property or in removing any property. When, after distraining or levying, he neither sells nor receives payment, and either takes no bond or takes one which is not forfeited, he shall, if guilty of no default, have (in addition to the one dollar for a bond, if one was taken) a fee of three dollars, unless this be more than half of what his commission would have amounted to if he had received payment; in which case he shall (whether a bond was taken or not) have a fee of one dollar at the least, and so much more as is necessary to make the said half of his commission. The commission to be included in a forthcoming bond (when one is taken) shall be five percent on the first three hundred dollars of the money for which the distress or levy is made, and two percent on the residue of such money; but such commission shall not be received, in whole or in part, except as hereinbefore provided, unless the bond be forfeited, or the amount (including the commission) be paid to the plaintiff. An officer receiving payment in money, or selling property, shall have the like commission of five percent on the first three hundred dollars of the money paid or proceeds from such sale, and two percent on the residue, except that when such payment or sale is on an execution on a forthcoming bond, his commission shall be only half what it would be if the execution were not on such bond. Any amounts collected by the sheriff pursuant to this section shall be credited to the account of the sheriff and used for the expense of providing the services herein described.

CHAPTER 71

(S. B. 118—By Senators Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed February 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article four, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to abolishing the citizens hearing committee of the purchasing division of the department of administration.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- §1. Repeal of article creating the citizens hearing committee.
 - 1 Article four, chapter four of the code of West Virginia,
 - 2 one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, is
 - 3 hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 72

(H. B. 2842—By Delegates Houvouras and Burk)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and twenty-four, article two, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-three, all relating to creating a financial accounting and reporting section within the finance division of the department of administration; requiring the section to establish and maintain a centralized accounting system and issue certain financial statements; adding board of investments to users of centralized accounting system; and setting forth the powers and responsibilities of the comptroller.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and twenty-four, article two, chapter fivea of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-three, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. FINANCE DIVISION.

- §5A-2-1. Finance division created; director; sections; powers and duties.
- §5A-2-24. Management accounting.
- §5A-2-33. Financial accounting and reporting section; comptroller; powers and responsibilities.

§5A-2-1. Finance division created; director; sections; powers and duties.

- 1 The finance division of the department of administra-
- 2 tion is hereby created. The division shall be under the
- 3 supervision and control of a director, who shall be
- 4 appointed by the secretary. There shall be in the finance
- 5 division, an accounting section, a budget section and a
- 6 financial accounting and reporting section.
- 7 The accounting section shall have the duties conferred
- 8 upon it by this article and by the secretary, including,
- 9 but not limited to, general financial accounting, payroll,
- 10 accounts payable and accounts receivable for the
- 11 department of administration.
- 12 The budget section shall act as staff agency for the
- 13 governor in the exercise of his powers and duties under
- 14 Section 51, Article VI of the state constitution, and shall
- 15 exercise and perform the other powers and duties
- 16 conferred upon it by this article.
- 17 The financial accounting and reporting section shall
- 18 establish and maintain the centralized accounting
- 19 system required by section twenty-four of this article
- 20 and issue annual general purpose financial statements
- 21 in accordance with generally accepted accounting
- 22 principles and with this article.

§5A-2-24. Management accounting.

- 1 It is the intent of this section to establish a centralized
- 2 accounting system for the offices of the auditor,
- 3 treasurer, board of investments, secretary of adminis-

4 tration and each spending unit of state government to 5 provide more accurate and timely financial data and 6 increase public accountability.

Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the secretary shall develop and implement a new centralized accounting system for the planning, reporting and control of state expenditures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles to be used by the auditor, treasurer, board of investments, secretary and all spending units. The accounting system shall provide for adequate internal controls, accounting procedures, recording income collections, systems operation procedures and manuals, and periodic and annual general purpose financial statements, as well as provide for the daily exchange of needed information among users.

The financial statements shall be audited annually by outside independent certified public accountants, who shall also issue an annual report on federal funds in compliance with federal requirements.

The secretary shall implement the centralized accounting system no later than the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, and, after approval of the system by the governor, shall require its use by all spending units. The auditor, treasurer, board of investments, secretary and every spending unit shall maintain their computer systems and data files in a standard format in conformity with the requirements of the centralized accounting system. Any system changes must be approved in advance of such change by the secretary. The auditor, treasurer, board of investments and secretary shall provide on-line interactive access to the daily records maintained by their offices.

§5A-2-33. Financial accounting and reporting section; comptroller; powers and responsibilities.

The financial accounting and reporting section created under section one of this article shall be under the control and supervision of a comptroller. The provisions of this section shall apply to all component

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- 5 units of state government, as defined by generally 6 accepted accounting principles.
- The comptroller, under the direction and supervision of the director of the finance division, has the power and responsibility to:
- 10 (1) Maintain financial records supporting the compre-11 hensive annual financial report required under subsec-12 tion (8) of this section, in accordance with generally 13 accepted accounting principles;
- 14 (2) Maintain the official chart of accounts of the state;
- 15 (3) Maintain the centralized accounting system;
- 16 (4) Maintain the statewide accounting policies and procedures;
- 18 (5) Direct the establishment and maintenance of an 19 adequate internal control structure by the various 20 component units of state government;
- 21 (6) Verify the periodic reconciliation of assets as 22 reported by the board of investments and budgetary 23 fund balances as reported by the state auditor;
- 24 (7) Issue management financial reports by component 25 unit and department, as well as consolidated manage-26 ment financial reports, as follows:
- 27 (a) Monthly budgetary basis reports by revenue and expense, budget compared to actual, and encumbrances; and
- 30 (b) Financial position reports, including, but not 31 limited to, cash, investments, indebtedness, obligations 32 and accounts payable.
 - (8) Issue a comprehensive annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (9) Have the general purpose financial statements of the state audited annually by independent certified public accountants;
- 39 (10) Require the state pension systems, workers' 40 compensation commission, public employees insurance

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- 41 agency, board of risk and insurance management and 42 the various other component units of the state to prepare 43 financial statements audited by independent certified 44 public accountants and submit the audited financial 45 statements to the financial accounting and reporting 46 section in the form and within the time frames estab-47 lished by the financial accounting and reporting section;
 - (11) Maintain controls over access to the centralized accounting system and the required modifications, as well as edits, controls and tables;
 - (12) Promulgate legislative rules in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to effectuate the intent and purpose of this section: *Provided*, That such rules may initially be implemented by emergency rule; and
 - (13) Do all things necessary and convenient to maintain the centralized accounting system, to issue financial reports of the state and to carry out its powers and responsibilities.

CHAPTER 73

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2085—By Delegates Love and Schadler)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section sixteen-a, article three, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to requiring the installation of smoke detectors in all one- and two-family dwellings, including manufactured homes; and providing criminal penalties therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section sixteen-a, article three, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT.

§29-3-16a. Smoke detectors in one- and two-family dwellings; penalty.

- (a) On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, an operational smoke detector shall be installed in the immediate vicinity of each sleeping area within all one- and two-family dwellings, including any "manufactured home" as that term is defined in subsection (j), section two, article nine, chapter twenty-one of this code. Such smoke detector shall be capable of sensing visible or invisible particles of combustion and shall meet the specifications and be installed as provided for in the National Fire Protection Association Standard 74, "Standard for the Installation, Maintenance and Use of Household Fire Warning Equipment," 1989 edition, and in the manufacturer's specifications. When activated, the smoke detector shall provide an alarm suitable to warn the occupants of the danger of fire.
 - (b) The owner of each dwelling described in subsection (a) of this section shall provide, install and replace the operational smoke detectors required by this section. So as to assure that the smoke detector continues to be operational, in each dwelling described in subsection (a) which is not occupied by the owner thereof, the tenant in any such dwelling shall perform routine maintenance on the smoke detectors within such dwelling.
 - (c) Where a dwelling is not occupied by the owner and is occupied by an individual who is deaf or hearing impaired, the owner shall, upon written request by or on behalf of such individual, provide and install a smoke detector with a light signal sufficient to warn the deaf or hearing-impaired individual of the danger of fire.
 - (d) An automatic fire sprinkler system installed in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association Standard 13D, "Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems in Residential Occupancies," 1989 edition, may be provided in lieu of smoke detectors.
 - (e) After investigating a fire in any dwelling described in subsection (a) of this section, the local investigating authority shall issue to the owner a smoke detector installation order in the absence of the required smoke detectors.

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- 41 (f) Any person who violates any provision of this 42 section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 43 thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor 44 more than one hundred dollars.
 - (g) A violation of this section shall not be deemed by virtue of such violation to constitute evidence of negligence or contributory negligence or comparative negligence in any civil action or proceeding for damages.
 - (h) A violation of this section shall not constitute a defense in any civil action or proceeding involving any insurance policy.
- 53 (i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit
 54 the rights of any political subdivision in this state to
 55 enact laws imposing upon owners of any dwelling
 56 described in subsection (a) of this section a greater duty
 57 with regard to the installation, repair and replacement
 58 of the smoke detectors than is required by this section.

CHAPTER 74

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2252—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, four and five, article two-d, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia guaranteed work force program; allowing participation by firms that create at least ten jobs; allowing training assistance to be provided to help in the retention of jobs; providing for the establishment of program requirements allowing for retraining in certain instances; funding; and allowing certain program activities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, four and five, article two-d, chapter fiveb of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred

thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2D. WEST VIRGINIA GUARANTEED WORK FORCE PROGRAM.

§5B-2D-3. Training program.

§5B-2D-4. Funds.

§5B-2D-5. Program activities.

§5B-2D-3. Training program.

1 The governor's office of community and industrial 2 development shall develop a business and industrial 3 training program, the purpose of which is to provide 4 assistance for new or expanding businesses for the 5 training, retraining or upgrading of the skills of 6 potential employees. The program shall emphasize 7 employee training specifically designed to accommodate 8 the needs of individual employers. The program shall 9 encourage the expansion of existing businesses and industries within the state, promote retention of 10 11 businesses and industries within the state, promote 12 retention of existing jobs within the state, prevent 13 economic and industrial out-migration, and assist in the 14 relocation of out-of-state businesses and industries in the 15 state. Under this program, the governor's office of 16 community and industrial development may pay up to 17 one hundred percent or one thousand dollars per 18 employee, whichever is less, of training costs of new 19 employees in firms creating at least ten jobs in a one-20 year period. Training assistance may also be provided 21 to existing businesses in cases in which training, 22 retraining or upgrading services will result in the retention of existing jobs or the creation of additional 23 jobs, or both: Provided, That the governor's office of 24 community and industrial development may pay up to 25 one hundred percent or one thousand dollars per 26 employee, whichever is less, for the training, retraining 27 or upgrading. Training costs associated with this 28 program will be paid directly by the governor's office 29 of community and industrial development to the 30 training provider. 31

Provision of training services will depend upon the

33 employer meeting program requirements as set forth by the governor's office of community and industrial 34 development and this article. The state of West Virginia 35 36 guarantees if employer satisfaction is not achieved, the 37 governor's office of community and industrial develop-38 ment will carefully review the effectiveness of the 39 recently completed training plan and program with the employer and the training provider. After such review, 40 if the governor's office of community and industrial 41 42 development determines that the training program was 43 inadequate to meet the employer's specifications and 44 satisfaction as originally agreed to, then those employees 45 so trained shall be eligible for retraining under the 46 guarantee provision except when the training program 47 curriculum and/or provider were selected solely at the discretion of the employer, then no such additional 48 training shall be considered or approved: Provided, That 49 in no instance may the cost of training and retraining 50 51 an employee exceed two thousand dollars.

§5B-2D-4. Funds.

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The funds made available by this section shall 1 2 supplement but not displace funds available through 3 existing programs conducted by employers themselves 4 and public programs such as the Job Training Partner-5 ship Act (JTPA), the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act, the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless 6 Assistance Act, and the JOBS Act, or apportionment 7 fund allocated to the community colleges, regional 8 9 occupational centers and programs, or other local educational agencies. In addition, it is further the 10 intention of the Legislature that the program estab-11 12 lished pursuant to this section shall not replace, parallel, supplant, compete with, or duplicate in any way 13 existing, approved apprenticeship programs. 14

The fund shall consist of all moneys which may be transferred to it by the West Virginia Economic Development Authority (WVEDA) and also any contributions, grants or bequests received from federal, private or other sources. Appropriations made from the funds shall be for the purpose of providing contractual services through the governor's office of community and industrial development for vocational related training or retraining provided by public or private training

- 24 institutions within West Virginia and for contracted 25 services through the governor's office of community and
- 26 industrial development for vocational related training,
- 27 retraining or upgrading provided by public or private
- 28 training institutions located outside of West Virginia
- 29 and for vocational related training or retraining
- 30 provided on site, within West Virginia by any training
- 31 provider as defined in this article.

§5B-2D-5. Program activities.

- 1 The primary concern in the provision of training
 - services shall be the needs and types of services
- 3 identified by the employer. A college or university,
- 4 community college or area vocational education center
- 5 shall be given initial consideration to provide any
- 6 training, retraining, or job upgrade training. The
- 7 employer will have the opportunity to participate in the
- 8 selection of a training provider and training program
- 9 curriculum. Training services may begin upon execu-
- 10 tion of a written agreement between the governor's
- 11 office of community and industrial development and the
- 12 employer.
- Program activities may include, but not be limited to,
- 14 the following:
- 15 (a) The performance of a job skills analysis and the
- 16 designing of a training curriculum for an employer.
- (b) The recruitment and referral of trainee applicantsto an employer.
- 19 (c) The provision of off site preemployment training
- 20 to prospective employees of a new or expanding business
- 21 or industry or to existing employees for purposes of
- 22 retraining or upgrading: Provided, That on site preem-
- 23 ployment training may be provided if off site preem-
- 24 ployment training is not practical.
- 25 (d) Retraining of employees in response to a techno-26 logical change.
- 27 (e) The provision of job upgrade training, if the
- 28 training will retain or increase the employer's total
- 29 work force.

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- (f) Contracting with persons, public or private educational institutions, agencies or other bodies for training or consultative services for an employer.
- (g) The provision of materials and supplies used in the training process, instructors with specialized skills, instructional training aids and equipment, consultative services relative to highly specific or technical data and other services.
- (h) Assisting a foreign employer locating or expanding in this state by familiarizing the employer's foreign personnel with the work attitudes, work methods, expectations, customs and life style of employees who work within this state.
- 43 (i) Taking any other action that is considered to be 44 necessary or desirable for the furtherance of the 45 provisions of this article.
- Funds may not be awarded or reimbursed to any business or industry for the training, retraining or upgrading of skills of potential employees with the purpose of replacing or supplanting employees engaged in an authorized work stoppage.

CHAPTER 75

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2141—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Grubb)

[Passed February 23, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article five-e, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said chapter twenty by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-j, all relating to providing rule-making and certain enforcement authority regarding infectious medical waste to the secretary of the department of health and human resources; making legislative findings and stating purpose; providing definitions; prohibiting commercial infectious medical waste facilities, exceptions; designating depart-

ment of health and human resources as the primary agency for medical waste management; providing for permitting, licensing and regulation of medical waste by the department of health and human resources: providing powers of secretary of health and human resources: requiring promulgation of rules; permitting the charging of fees; permitting inspections and right of entry onto medical waste generators premises; permitting inspection of records; permitting the issuance of subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum; providing for enforcement orders, injunctions, civil actions, cease and desist orders; hearings; providing for the regulation of haulers of infectious medical waste by the public service commission; and generally providing for the regulation and control of medical waste.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article five-e, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter twenty be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-i, all to read as follows:

Article

- 5E. Hazardous Waste Management Act.
- 5J. Medical Waste Act.

ARTICLE 5E. HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT.

§20-5E-7. Authority and jurisdiction of other state agencies.

- (a) The commissioner of highways, in consultation 1
- 2 with the director, and avoiding inconsistencies with and
- avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable 3
- with legislative rules required to be promulgated 4
- pursuant to this article by the director or any other rule-5
- 6 making authority, and in accordance with the provisions
- of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall promulgate, 7
- as necessary, legislative rules governing the transporta-8 tion of hazardous wastes by vehicle upon the roads and 9
- 10 highways of this state. Such legislative rules shall be
- consistent with applicable rules and regulations issued 11
- by the federal department of transportation and 12
- consistent with this article: Provided. That such 13

legislative rules shall apply to the interstate transportation of hazardous waste within the boundaries of this state, as well as the intrastate transportation of such waste.

In lieu of those enforcement and inspection powers conferred upon the commissioner of highways elsewhere by law with respect to the transportation of hazardous waste, the commissioner of highways has the same enforcement and inspection powers as those granted to the chief, his authorized representative or agent, or any authorized employee or agent of the division of natural resources, as the case may be, under sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this article. The limitations of this subsection shall not affect in any way the powers of the division of highways with respect to weight enforcement.

(b) The public service commission, in consultation with the director, and avoiding inconsistencies with and avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable with rules and regulations required to be promulgated pursuant to this article by the director or any other rulemaking authority, and in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall promulgate, as necessary, rules and regulations governing the transportation of hazardous wastes by railroad in this state. Such rules and regulations shall be consistent with applicable rules and regulations issued by the federal department of transportation and consistent with this article: Provided. That such rules and regulations apply to the interstate transportation of hazardous waste within the boundaries of this state, as well as the intrastate transportation of such waste.

In lieu of those enforcement and inspection powers conferred upon the public service commission elsewhere by law with respect to the transportation of hazardous waste, the public service commission has the same enforcement and inspection powers as those granted to the chief, his authorized representative or agent or any authorized employee or agent of the division of natural resources, as the case may be, under sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen

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55 of this article.

- (c) The rules and regulations required to be promulgated pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall apply equally to those persons transporting hazardous wastes generated by others and to those transporting hazardous wastes they have generated themselves or combinations thereof. Such rules and regulations shall establish such standards, applicable to transporters of hazardous waste identified or listed under this article, as may be necessary to protect public health, safety and the environment. Such standards shall include, but need not be limited to, requirements respecting (A) record keeping concerning such hazardous waste transported, and its source and destination; (B) transportation of such waste only if properly labeled; (C) compliance with the manifest system referred to in subdivision (3), subsection (a), section six of this article; and (D) transportation of all such hazardous waste only to the hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities which the shipper designates on the manifest form to be a facility holding a permit issued under: (1) This article or any rule and regulation required by this article to be promulgated; (2) Subtitle C; (3) the laws of any other state which has an authorized hazardous waste program pursuant to section 3006 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; or (4) Title I of the Federal Marine Protection. Research and Sanctuaries Act.
- (d) The secretary of the department of health and human resources, in consultation with the director of the division of natural resources, and avoiding inconsistencies with and avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable with legislative rules required to be promulgated pursuant to this article by the director of the division of natural resources or any other rule-making authority, shall promulgate rules pursuant to article five-j of this chapter. The secretary of the department of health and human resources shall have the same enforcement and inspection powers as those granted to the chief, his authorized representative or agent or any authorized employee or agent of the

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96 division of natural resources, as the case may be, under 97 sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, 98 sixteen and seventeen of this article, and in addition 99 thereto, the department of health and human resources 100 shall have those inspection and enforcement powers with 101 respect to hazardous waste with infectious characteris-102 tics as provided for in article five-j of this chapter.

> (e) The air pollution control commission, in consultation with the director, and avoiding inconsistencies with and avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable with rules and regulations required to be promulgated pursuant to this article by the director or any other rule-making authority, and in accordance with the provisions of article twenty, chapter sixteen and chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall promulgate such legislative rules establishing air pollution performance standards and permit requirements and procedures as may be necessary to comply with the requirements of this article. Such permits shall be in addition to those permits required by section eight of this article. All legislative rules promulgated pursuant to this subsection shall be consistent with this article.

> The commission shall adopt regulations for the monitoring and control of air emissions at hazardous waste treatment storage and disposal facilities, including, but not limited to, open tanks, surface impoundments and landfills, as may be necessary to protect human health and the environment.

> The commission shall promulgate legislative rules establishing standards applicable to the owners and operators of facilities which burn, for purposes of energy recovery, any fuel produced from any hazardous waste identified or listed pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (a), section six of this article or which is produced from any hazardous waste identified or listed pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (a), section six of this article and any other material, as may be necessary to protect human health and the environment: Provided. That such legislative rules shall be consistent with

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136 With respect to this article, and any legislative rules 137 or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, the 138 director of the air pollution control commission has the 139 same enforcement and inspection powers as those of the 140 chief under sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, 141 fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this article: Provided. 142 That no action for penalties may be initiated by the 143 director of the air pollution control commission without 144 the approval of that commission. Any person aggrieved 145 or adversely affected by an order of the director of the 146 air pollution control commission made and entered in 147 accordance with the provisions of this article, or by the 148 failure or refusal of said director to act within a 149 reasonable time on an application for a permit or by the 150 issuance or denial of or by the terms and conditions of 151 a permit granted under the provisions of this article. 152 may appeal to the air pollution control commission in 153 accordance with the procedure set forth in section six. 154 article twenty, chapter sixteen of this code, and orders 155 made and entered by said commission shall be subject 156 to judicial review in accordance with the procedures set 157 forth in section seven, article twenty, chapter sixteen of 158 this code, except that as to cases involving an order 159 granting or denving an application for a permit. 160 revoking or suspending a permit or approving or 161 modifying the terms and conditions of a permit or the 162 failure to act within a reasonable time on an application 163 for a permit, the petition for judicial review shall be 164 filed in the circuit court of Kanawha County.

- (f) The director of the division of natural resources has exclusive responsibility for carrying out any requirement of this article with respect to coal mining wastes or overburden for which a permit is issued under the surface coal mining and reclamation act of 1980, article six of this chapter.
- (g) To the extent that this article relates to activities with respect to oil and gas wells, liquid injection wells and waste disposal wells now regulated by articles four, four-b and seven, chapter twenty-two of this code, the administrator of the office of oil and gas and the shallow gas-well review board has the jurisdiction with respect

to the regulation of such activities and shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to comply with the requirements of this article: *Provided*, That nothing in this subsection may be construed to diminish or alter the authority and responsibility of the chief or the water resources board under articles five and five-a of this chapter.

In lieu of those enforcement and inspection powers conferred upon the administrator of the office of oil and gas and the shallow gas-well review board elsewhere by law, with respect to hazardous wastes, the administrator of the office of oil and gas and the shallow gas-well review board have the same enforcement and inspection powers as those granted to the chief, his authorized representative or agent or any authorized employee or agent of the division of natural resources, as the case may be, under sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this article.

- (h) The water resources board, in consultation with the director, and avoiding inconsistency with and avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable with rules and regulations required to be promulgated pursuant to this article by the director or any other rule-making authority, and in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall, as necessary, promulgate legislative rules governing discharges into the waters of this state of hazardous waste resulting from the treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous waste as may be required by this article. Such legislative rules shall be consistent with this article.
- (i) All legislative rules promulgated pursuant to this section shall be consistent with rules and regulations promulgated by the federal environmental protection agency pursuant to the resource conservation and recovery act.
- 212 (j) The director shall submit his written comments to 213 the legislative rule-making review committee regarding 214 all legislative rules promulgated pursuant to this article.

- §20-5J-1. Short title.
- §20-5J-2. Legislative findings and purpose.
- §20-5J-3. Definitions.
- §20-5J-4. Commercial infectious medical waste facility prohibited.
- §20-5J-5. Designation of secretary of the department of health and human resources as the state infectious medical waste management primary agency; prohibitions; requiring permits.
- §20-5J-6. Powers of secretary; authority to promulgate rules.
- §20-5J-7. Inspections; right of entry; sampling; reports and analyses; subpoenas.
- §20-5J-8. Enforcement orders; hearings.
- §20-5J-9. Civil actions and injunctive relief.
- §20-5J-10. Regulation of infectious medical waste collectors and haulers by the public service commission; limitation of regulation.

§20-5J-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and cited as the "West
- 2 Virginia Medical Waste Act."

§20-5J-2. Legislative findings and purpose.

- 1 The Legislature finds that the proper and environ-
- 2 mentally-sound disposal of infectious and noninfectious
- 3 medical waste is an important issue facing all West
- 4 Virginians.

- 5 The Legislature further finds that effective controls
- 6 for the management of medical waste are necessary to
 - ensure the protection of the public health, safety and
- 8 welfare, and the environment.
- 9 The Legislature further finds that regulation of the generation, handling, storage, transportation, treatment
- 11 and disposal of medical waste is an important and
- 12 necessary function of state government.
- 13 The Legislature further finds that toxic pollutants
- 14 emitted by medical waste incinerators are an important
- 15 public health hazard.
- 16 The Legislature further finds that commercial incin-
- 17 eration of medical waste, and its transportation in the
- 18 infectious state, pose a potentially serious threat to the
- 19 health, safety and welfare of West Virginians.
- 20 The Legislature further finds that safe and cost-
- 21 effective alternatives to the incineration of infectious
- 22 and noninfectious medical waste should be encouraged.

- The Legislature further finds that the public interest is best served by:
- 25 (1) Efforts to reduce the volume of medical waste generated at all levels;
 - (2) On-site separation and treatment of infectious medical waste;
 - (3) Treatment and disposal of infectious medical waste in local infectious medical waste management facilities; and
 - (4) Treatment and disposal in approved regional infectious waste management facilities when administrative proceedings result in a finding that on-site or local treatment of infectious medical waste is not feasible.

The Legislature further finds that local responsibility for the minimization in volume, and for the treatment and disposal of infectious and noninfectious medical waste is an important part of a sound and rational waste management program.

The Legislature further finds that small quantity generators of infectious medical waste should either render such waste noninfectious on-site, or properly label and package the waste for transportation to a local infectious waste management facility for proper treatment and disposal.

The Legislature further finds that generators of medical waste should be informed and educated in its management; that training should be provided to all workers likely to come in contact with medical waste, including in-home health care workers; and that relevant information on the potential for infection and disease related to medical waste should be made available to the general public, including in-home health care patients.

The Legislature further finds that the necessity for transporting infectious medical waste be minimized, and that any infectious medical waste transported be safely packaged and identified by source and content.

The Legislature further finds that public policy favors a reduction in the volume of infectious and noninfectious medical waste, the separation of infectious medical waste from noninfectious medical waste, and that efforts to reduce medical waste should be fostered and strongly encouraged at all levels of generation.

The Legislature further finds that noninfectious medical waste is solid waste.

The Legislature further finds that noninfectious medical waste should be handled by environmentally-sound disposal technologies, and that alternative disposal technologies promoting safe recycling and limiting the need for incineration should be emphasized, developed and utilized.

Therefore, it is the policy of the state of West Virginia to prohibit commercial infectious medical waste facilities; to regulate and control the generation, handling, storage, transportation, treatment and disposal of infectious and noninfectious medical waste; to reduce the generation of infectious and noninfectious medical waste; to encourage local responsibility for the minimization, management and disposal of infectious and noninfectious medical waste; and to authorize the department of health and human resources to promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out the purposes of this article.

§20-5J-3. Definitions.

As used in this article:

- (1) "Commercial infectious medical waste facility" means any infectious medical waste management facility at which thirty-five percent or more by weight of the total infectious medical waste stored, treated, or disposed of by said facility in any calendar year is generated off-site.
- (2) "Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking or placing of any infectious medical waste into or on any land or water so that such waste, or any constituent thereof, may be emitted into the air, discharged into any waters, including ground-

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hospitals.

- 13 water, or otherwise enter into the environment.
- 14 (3) "Generator" means any person, by site location, 15 whose act or process produces medical waste.
- 16 (4) "Hospital" means an institution which is primarily
 17 engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the
 18 supervision of physicians, diagnostic and therapeutic
 19 services for medical diagnosis, treatment and care of
 20 injured, disabled or sick persons or services for the
 21 rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons. This

term also includes psychiatric and tuberculosis

- 24 (5) "Infectious medical waste" means medical waste 25 identified as capable of producing an infectious disease. 26 Medical waste shall be considered capable of producing an infectious disease if it has been, or is likely to have 27 been, contaminated by an organism likely to be patho-28 genic to healthy humans, if such organism is not 29 30 routinely and freely available in the community, and 31 such organism has a significant probability of being 32 present in sufficient quantities and with sufficient virulence to transmit disease. For the purposes of this 33 article, infectious medical waste shall include the 34
- 36 (A) Cultures and stocks of microorganisms and 37 biologicals;
- 38 (B) Blood and blood products;
- 39 (C) Pathological wastes;
- 40 (D) Sharps;

following:

- 41 (E) Animal carcasses, body parts, bedding and 42 related wastes;
- 43 (F) Isolation wastes;
- 44 (G) Any residue or contaminated soil, water or other 45 debris resulting from the cleanup of a spill of any 46 infectious medical waste; and
- 47 (H) Any waste contaminated by or mixed with 48 infectious medical waste.

- (6) "Medical waste" means infectious and noninfec-tious solid waste generated in the course of the diagno-sis, treatment or immunization of human beings or animals, or in research pertaining thereto, or in the production or testing of biologicals. Such term does not include low-level radioactive waste, any hazardous waste identified or listed under Subtitle C, or any household waste as defined in the regulations promul-gated pursuant to Subtitle C.
 - (7) "Noncommercial infectious medical waste facility" means any infectious medical waste facility at which less than thirty-five percent by weight of the total infectious medical waste stored, treated or disposed of by said facility in any calendar year is generated off-site.
 - (8) "Noninfectious medical waste" means any medical waste not capable of producing an infectious disease or infectious medical waste which has been rendered noninfectious. Noninfectious medical waste is considered solid waste for purposes of this code.
 - (9) "Off-site" means a facility or area for the collection, storage, transfer, processing, treatment or disposal of infectious medical waste that is not on the generator's site, or a facility or area that received infectious medical waste for storage or treatment that has not been generated on-site.
 - (10) "On-site" means the same or geographically contiguous property which may be divided by a public or private right-of-way, provided the entrance and exit between the properties is at a crossroads intersection, and access is by crossing, as opposed to going along, the right-of-way. Noncontiguous properties owned by the same person but connected by a right-of-way controlled by said person and to which the public does not have access is also considered on-site property. Hospitals with more than one facility located in the same county shall be considered one site.
 - (11) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health and human resources or his or her designee.

- 89 (12) "Small quantity generator" means any generator of infectious medical waste who generates fifty pounds or less during a one-month period.
- 92 (13) "Storage" means the containment of infectious 93 medical waste on a temporary basis. Storage shall not 94 constitute disposal of the waste.
- 95 (14) "Subtitle C" means Subtitle C of the federal 96 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, 90 97 Stat. 2806, as amended.
- 98 (15) "Treatment" means any method, technique or 99 process, including neutralization, designed to change the 100 physical, chemical or biological character or composi-101 tion of any infectious medical waste so as to render such 102 waste noninfectious.

§20-5J-4. Commercial infectious medical waste facility prohibited.

- 1 It shall be unlawful to construct or operate a commer-2 cial infectious medical waste facility in the state of West 3 Virginia: Provided. That the secretary may authorize an exception to this prohibition solely for facilities not 4 5 utilizing incineration technology in any form, including 6 the manufacture or burning of refuse derived fuel: 7 Provided, however. That such an exception may be 8 granted only following: (1) The promulgation of legislative rules, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 9 twenty-nine-a of this code, containing guidelines for 10 11 such an exception that are being fully consistent with the findings and purposes contained in section two of 12 this article: (2) a public hearing on the record in the 13 region affected by the proposed facility; (3) an investi-14 gation of the infectious medical waste stream in the 15 region affected by the proposed facility; and (4) a 16 determination that programs to minimize and reduce 17 the infectious medical waste stream have been imple-18 19 mented.
- §20-5J-5. Designation of secretary of the department of health and human resources as the state infectious medical waste management primary agency; prohibitions; requiring permits.

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- 1 (a) The secretary is hereby designated as the infectious medical waste management primary agency for 2 3 this state and is hereby authorized to take all action 4 necessary or appropriate to secure to this state the 5 benefits of this legislation pertaining to infectious medical waste. In carrying out the purposes of this 6 article, the secretary is hereby authorized to cooperate 7 8 with agencies of the federal government, this state and 9 other states, and other interested persons, in all matters relating to medical waste management. 10
- 11 (b) On or after the first day of October, one thousand 12 nine hundred ninety-one, no person may own, construct. modify, operate or close any facility or site for the 13 treatment, storage or disposal of infectious medical 14 waste, nor shall any person store, treat or dispose of any 15 such infectious medical waste without first obtaining a 16 permit from the secretary, unless specifically excluded 17 or exempted by rules promulgated by the secretary. 18

§20-5J-6. Powers of secretary; authority to promulgate rules.

- 1 (a) The secretary shall promulgate legislative rules, in 2 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-3 a of this code, necessary to effectuate the findings and 4 purposes of this article. Said rules shall include, but not 5 be limited to, the following:
 - (1) A plan designed to encourage and foster reduction in the volume of infectious and noninfectious medical waste and the separation of infectious and noninfectious medical waste;
 - (2) Guidelines and procedures for the development and implementation of local infectious medical waste management plans, to be followed by all generators, that set forth proper methods for the management of infectious and noninfectious medical waste;
 - (3) Criteria for identifying the characteristics of infectious medical waste and identifying the characteristics of infectious medical waste;
- 18 (4) Standards applicable to generators of medical waste necessary to protect public health, safety and the

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- environment, which standards shall establish require-20 21 ments respecting:
- 22 (A) Record-keeping practices that accurately identify 23 the quantities of infectious medical waste generated, the 24 constituents thereof which are significant in quantity or 25 in potential harm to human health or the environment. 26 and the disposition of such waste;
- 27 (B) Labeling practices for containers used in the 28 storage, transportation or disposal of infectious medical 29 waste which will accurately identify such waste:
- 30 (C) Use of appropriate containers for infectious 31 medical waste:
- 32 (D) Furnishing of information regarding the general 33 composition of infectious medical wastes to persons transporting, treating, storing or disposing of such 34 35 waste:
- 36 (E) Use of a manifest system and other reasonable 37 means to assure that all infectious medical waste is 38 designated for and arrives at treatment, storage or 39 disposal facilities for which the secretary has issued 40 permits, other than facilities on the premises where the 41 waste is generated; and
- 42 (F) The submission of reports to the secretary, at such 43 times as the secretary deems necessary, setting out the quantity of infectious medical waste generated during a particular time period, and the disposition of such infectious medical waste:
- 47 (5) Performance standards applicable to owners and operators of facilities for the treatment, storage or 48 49 disposal of infectious medical waste necessary to protect public health and safety and the environment, which 50 standards shall include, but need not be limited to, 51 52 requirements respecting:
- (A) Maintaining records of all infectious medical 53 waste and the manner in which such waste was treated, 54 55 stored or disposed of;
- (B) Reporting, monitoring and inspection of and 56 compliance with the manifest system referred to in 57

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- 58 subdivision (4), subsection (a) of this section;
- 60 (C) Treatment, storage or disposal of all infectious 60 medical waste received by the facility pursuant to 61 operating methods, techniques and practices as may be 62 satisfactory to the secretary;
- 63 (D) The location, design and construction of infectious 64 medical waste treatment, disposal or storage facilities:
 - (E) Contingency plans for effective action to minimize unanticipated damage from any treatment, storage or disposal of infectious medical waste;
- 68 (F) The maintenance or operation of such facilities and requiring additional qualifications as to ownership. 69 continuity of operation, training for personnel and 70 financial responsibility as may be necessary or desira-71 72 ble; Provided, That no private entity may be precluded by reason of criteria established under this subsection 73 74 from the ownership or operation of facilities providing 75 infectious medical waste treatment, storage or disposal 76 services where such entity can provide assurances of 77 financial responsibility and continuity of operation consistent with the degree and duration of risks 78 79 associated with the treatment, storage or disposal of 80 infectious medical waste: and
 - (G) Compliance with the requirements of this article respecting permits for treatment, storage or disposal;
 - (6) The terms and conditions under which the secretary shall issue, modify, suspend, revoke or deny permits required by this article. The legislative rules required by this subdivision shall be promulgated by the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one;
 - (7) Establishing and maintaining records; making reports; taking samples and performing tests and analyses; installing, calibrating, operating and maintaining monitoring equipment or methods; and providing any other information necessary to achieve the purposes of this article;
 - (8) Standards and procedures for the certification of personnel at infectious medical waste treatment, storage

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- 96 or disposal facilities or sites;
- 97 (9) Procedures for public participation in the imple-98 mentation of this article;
- 99 (10) Procedures and requirements for the use of 100 manifests during the transportation of infectious 101 medical wastes;
 - (11) Procedures and requirements for the submission and approval of a plan by the owners or operators of infectious medical waste storage, treatment and disposal facilities, for closure of such facilities, post-closure monitoring and maintenance, and for both sudden and nonsudden accidental occurrences: and
- 108 (12) A schedule of fees to recover the costs of process-109 ing permit applications and renewals, training, enforce-110 ment, inspections and program development.
- 111 (b) The legislative rules required by subsection (a) 112 shall be promulgated within six months after the 113 effective date of this article.
- 114 (c) Within twelve months after the effective date of 115 this article, the secretary shall conduct and publish a 116 study of infectious medical waste management in this 117 state which shall include, but not be limited to:
- 118 (1) A description of the sources of infectious medical 119 waste generation within the state, including the types 120 and quantities of such waste;
 - (2) A description of current infectious medical waste management practices and costs, including treatment, storage and disposal within the state; and
 - (3) An inventory of existing infectious medical waste treatment, storage and disposal sites.
- (d) Any person aggrieved or adversely affected by an order of the secretary pursuant to this article, or by the denial or issuance of a permit, or the failure or refusal of said secretary to act within a reasonable time on an application for a permit or the terms or conditions of a permit granted under the provisions of this article, may appeal to a special hearing examiner appointed to

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- hear contested cases in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The secretary shall promulgate legislative rules establishing procedures for appeal and the conduct of hearings.
- 137 (e) In addition to those enforcement and inspection 138 powers conferred upon the secretary elsewhere by law, 139 the secretary shall have the enforcement and inspection 140 powers as provided in sections seven, eight and nine of 141 this article.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to diminish or alter the authority of the air pollution control commission or its director under article twenty, chapter sixteen of this code.

§20-5J-7. Inspections; right of entry; sampling; reports and analyses; subpoenas.

- (a) The secretary, upon the presentation of proper 1 2 credentials and at reasonable times, may enter any 3 building, property, premises, place, vehicle or permitted 4 facility where infectious medical wastes are or have 5 been generated, treated, stored, transported or disposed 6 of for the purpose of promptly investigating any person's compliance with the provisions of this article, legislative 7 rules or permits issued by the secretary. 8
- 9 (b) The secretary shall make periodic inspections of every permitted facility as necessary to effectively 10 implement and enforce the requirements of this article 11 or the legislative rules promulgated by or permits issued 12 by the secretary. After an inspection is made, a report 13 shall be prepared and filed with the secretary. A copy 14 of such inspection report shall be promptly furnished to 15 the person in charge of such building, property, 16 premises, place, vehicle or facility. All inspection 17 reports shall be available to the public in accordance 18 with the provisions of article one, chapter twenty-nine-19 b of this code. 20
 - (c) Whenever the secretary has cause to believe that any person is in violation of any provision of this article, any condition of a permit issued by the secretary, any order or any legislative rule promulgated by the

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- secretary under this article, he shall immediately order an inspection of the building, property, premises, place, vehicle or permitted facility at which the alleged violation is occurring.
- (d) Upon presentation of proper credentials and at reasonable times, the secretary may enter any establishment, building, property, premises, vehicle or other place maintained by any person where infectious medical waste is being or has been generated, transported, stored, treated or disposed of to inspect and take samples of waste and the contents of any containers. The division shall promptly provide a copy of any analysis to the owner, operator or agent in charge.
- 38 (e) Upon presentation of proper credentials and at reasonable times, the secretary shall be given access to 39 all records relating to the generation, transportation, 40 storage, treatment or disposal of infectious medical 41 waste in the possession of any person who generates, 42 stores, treats, transports, disposes of, or otherwise 43 handles or has handled such waste. The secretary shall 44 be furnished with copies of all such records or given the 45 records for the purpose of making copies. If the 46 secretary, upon inspection, investigation or through 47 other means, observes or learns of a violation or 48 probable violation of this article, he is authorized to 49 50 issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum and to order the attendance and testimony of witnesses and to compel 51 the production of any books, papers, documents, manif-52 ests and other physical evidence pertinent to such 53 investigation or inspection. 54

§20-5J-8. Enforcement orders; hearings.

- (a) If the secretary, upon inspection, investigation or through other means observes, discovers or learns of a violation of the provisions of this article, any permit, order or legislative rules promulgated hereunder, he may:
 - (1) Issue an order stating with reasonable specificity the nature of the violation and requiring compliance immediately or within a specified time. An order issued under this section may suspend, revoke or modify

- permits, require a person to take remedial action, or require a person to cease and desist activities which violate the provisions of this article:
- (2) Seek an injunction in accordance with subsection
 (b) of section nine of this article; or
- 15 (3) Institute a civil action in accordance with subsection (a) of section nine of this article.
- 17 (b) Any person who is subject to a cease and desist 18 order may file a notice of request for reconsideration 19 with the secretary within seven days of the issuance of 20 the order. Within ten days of filing of the notice of a 21 request for reconsideration, said person shall have a 22 hearing before the secretary at which he may contest the 23 terms and conditions of the cease and desist order. The 24 filing of a notice of request for reconsideration shall not 25 stay or suspend execution or enforcement of such cease 26 and desist order.

§20-5J-9. Civil actions and injunctive relief.

- 1 (a) Any person who violates any provision of this 2 article, any permit or any rule or order issued pursuant 3 to this article shall be subject to a civil penalty not to 4 exceed twenty-five thousand dollars for each day of such 5 violation, which penalty shall be recovered in a civil 6 action either in the circuit court of the county wherein 7 the violation occurs or in the circuit court of Kanawha 8 County.
- 9 (b) The secretary may seek an injunction, or may institute a civil action against any person who violates 10 any provision of this article or any permit, legislative 11 rule or order issued pursuant to this article. In seeking 12 an injunction, it is not necessary for the secretary to post 13 bond nor to allege or prove at any stage of the proceed-14 ing that irreparable harm will occur if the injunction 15 is not issued or that there is no adequate remedy at law. 16 A petition for an injunction filed pursuant to this section 17 may be filed and relief granted notwithstanding the fact 18 that all administrative remedies provided for in this 19 article have not been exhausted or invoked against the 20 person or persons against whom such relief is sought. 21

- (c) At the request of the secretary, the attorney general, or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the violation occurs, shall assist the secretary in any civil action under this section.
- (d) In any action brought pursuant to the provisions
 of this section, the state, or any agency of the state which
 prevails, may be awarded costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

§20-5J-10. Regulation of infectious medical waste collectors and haulers by the public service commission; limitation of regulation.

- 1 (a) On and after the first day of July, one thousand 2 nine hundred ninety-one, collectors, haulers and transporters of infectious medical waste who are "common 3 carriers by motor vehicle," as defined in section two, 4 5 article one, chapter twenty-four-a of this code, shall be 6 regulated by the public service commission in accor-7 dance with the provisions of chapter twenty-four-a and 8 rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. The rules of the public service commission shall not conflict 9 nor take precedence over the rules promulgated by the 10 11 secretary.
- 12 (b) The commission shall provide a separate and distinct category of special certificates of convenience 13 and necessity for infectious medical waste collectors, 14 15 haulers and transporters regulated by this section: 16 Provided, That within six months of the effective date 17 of this article, the commission may issue such special certificates to existing common carriers of solid waste 18 who are presently transporting infectious medical waste 19 and who demonstrate that they are in compliance with 20 21 the provisions of this article: Provided, however, That 22 such common carriers need not make any additional demonstration of public convenience and necessity. 23 Regulation of collectors, haulers and transporters of 24 medical waste shall be separate and distinct from the 25 regulation of solid waste collectors, haulers and trans-26 porters provided for in section twenty-three, article 27 twenty-six, chapter sixteen of this code. 28
 - (c) At any hearing conducted by the public service

30 commission pertaining to infectious medical waste

31 collectors, haulers and transporters, the secretary may

32 appear before the commission and present evidence.

CHAPTER 76

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2461—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections four and six, article one, and section five-a, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended: to amend and reenact section seven, article one of said chapter; and to further amend said chapter sixteen by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, all relating to the West Virginia health care planning commission; abolishing the board of health; promulgation of rules by the secretary of the department of health and human resources; providing legislative findings; creating the West Virginia health care planning commission and providing for the designation and appointment of members thereto and meetings thereof; continuing and providing for the state health plan and the regional health advisory councils; defining specific health planning duties of the commission, including requiring the commission to hold six public hearings by the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one; to present by the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, an initial report regarding alternative systems of access to health care for all state residents. recommendations for legislative and administrative initiatives consistent with certain principles; to prepare by the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, amendments to the state health plan regarding certificate of need standards: to present by the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, a report making further legislative and administrative proposals, proposing guidelines for expenditures, licensing, and regulatory initiatives. and

recommending the future role of the commission; creating the legislative health care oversight committee; providing for funding; and providing a termination date of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four and six, article one, and section five-a, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section seven, article one of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter sixteen be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, all to read as follows:

Article

- 1. State Division of Health.
- 1A. Health Care Planning Commission.

ARTICLE 1. STATE DIVISION OF HEALTH.

§16-1-7. Promulgation of rules and regulations; references to board to mean secretary of department of health and human resources.

The secretary of the department of health and human 1 resources shall have the power to promulgate such rules 2 3 and regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of the code, as are necessary and 4 proper to effectuate the purposes of this chapter and 5 6 prevent the circumvention and evasion thereof: Pro-7 vided. That no rules or regulations shall be promulgated 8 or enforced restricting the subdivision or development of any parcel of land within which the individual tracts, 9 10 lots or parcels exceed two acres each in total surface area and which individual tracts, lots or parcels have 11 an average frontage of not less than one hundred fifty 12 feet even though the total surface area of said tract, lot 13 or parcel equals or exceeds two acres in total surface 14 area, and which tracts are sold, leased or utilized only 15 as single family dwelling units. The provisions next 16 above notwithstanding, nothing in this section shall be 17 construed to abate the authority of the department of 18 health and human resources to: (1) Restrict the subdi-19 vision or development of such tract for any more intense 20 or higher density occupancy than such single family 21 dwelling unit; (2) promulgate and enforce rules and 22

regulations applicable to single family dwelling units for single family dwelling unit sanitary sewerage disposal systems; or (3) restrict any subdivision or development which might endanger the public health. the sanitary condition of streams, or sources of water supply. The secretary shall have the power to appoint or designate advisory councils of professionals in the areas of hospitals, nursing homes, barbers and beauti-cians, postmortem examinations, mental health and mental retardation centers and such other areas as it deems necessary to advise the secretary on rules and regulations. Such rules and regulations shall include. but not be limited to, the regulation of:

- (1) The sanitary condition of all institutions and schools, whether public or private, public conveyances, dairies, slaughterhouses, workshops, factories, labor camps, all other places open to the general public and inviting public patronage or public assembly, or tendering to the public any item for human consumption, and places where trades or industries are conducted:
- (2) Occupational and industrial health hazards, the sanitary conditions of streams, sources of water supply, sewerage facilities and plumbing systems, and the qualifications of personnel connected with any of such facilities, without regard to whether such supplies or systems are publicly or privately owned; and the design of all water systems, plumbing systems, sewerage systems, sewage treatment plants, excreta disposal methods, swimming pools in this state, whether publicly or privately owned;
- (3) Food and drug standards, including cleanliness, proscription of additives, proscription of sale, and other requirements in accordance with article seven of this chapter, as are necessary to protect the health of the citizens of this state:
- (4) The training and examination requirements for emergency medical service attendants and mobile intensive care paramedics; the designation of the health care facilities, health care services, and the industries

- 63 and occupations in the state which must have emergency
- 64 medical service attendants and mobile intensive care 65
- paramedics employed, and the availability, communica-
- 66 tions, and equipment requirements with respect thereto:
- 67 (5) The collection of data on health status, the health 68 system and the costs of health care:
- 69 (6) Other health-related matters which the depart-
- ment of health is authorized to supervise, and for which 70
- 71 the rule-making authority has not been otherwise
- 72 assigned.
- 73 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to
- 74 the contrary, whenever in this code there is a reference
- to the state board of health, it shall be construed to mean 75
- 76 and shall be a reference to the secretary of the state
- 77 department of health and human resources.

ARTICLE 1A. HEALTH CARE PLANNING COMMISSION.

- §16-1A-1. Short title.
- §16-1A-2. Legislative findings.
- §16-1A-3. Health care planning commission created; composition; appointment; terms; oaths; removal; vacancies; expenses and compensation; meetings; quorum; records.
- §16-1A-4. State health plan.
- §16-1A-5. Specific health planning duties of commission.
- §16-1A-6. Legislative health care oversight committee.
- §16-1A-7. Funding.
- §16-1A-8. Effective date and termination date.

§16-1A-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the
- "West Virginia Health Care Planning Commission Act."

§16-1A-2. Legislative findings.

- 1 Based upon careful review of information from health
- 2 care providers, governmental entities, third-party
- payers, consumers, and other persons involved or
- otherwise interested in the state's health care system, 4
- the Legislature makes the following findings: 5
- (1) Over one out of five state residents do not have 6 health insurance, and, thus, must forego basic health 7
- care when they are needed and cannot afford to pay for
- 8 health services when they are provided. At least half of 9
- the uninsured are wage earners and their dependents. 10

- The number of uninsured is increasing at an alarming rate;
- (2) Children, low-income working and unemployed persons, disabled persons, and persons with chronic health conditions are especially unable to obtain access to health care. Nearly one hundred thousand children in West Virginia have no health insurance. Failing to obtain preventive and primary care because of their inability to pay, uninsured people endure unnecessary pain, suffering, and permanent physical and mental health problems;

- (3) The state has twenty-five percent more uncompensated charity care than the national average. The costs of providing health care to people who cannot afford to pay are charged in the form of higher health care costs to other health care consumers, especially public and private employers providing health insurance for their employees. The resulting cost shift is an invisible tax, spread among the already insured, and is an unplanned, inefficient method of providing basic preventive, primary and acute care for uninsured and underinsured residents of the state;
- (4) The costs and charges of health care and healthrelated insurance are increasing dramatically. Costs of health care services are inappropriately increased by underutilization of certain health care facilities, overutilization of certain tests and techniques, and inappropriate use of health care facilities by consumers;
- (5) The cost of private health insurance is becoming prohibitively expensive for large portions of society, especially small business employers. Disputes over the allocation of health care costs are a continuing source of labor-management conflict;
- (6) The already low number of health care providers in rural areas of the state is declining. Forty-six counties in the state and large segments of the state's population are medically underserved, especially with regard to primary care, including family practice physicians. Children and their mothers, whether insured or not, are particularly unable to find adequate health care;

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- (7) Too few graduates of the state's medical schools remain in the state to practice in underserved specialties and in underserved regions of the state; and
- 54 (8) Improvements in the health care system are impeded by lack of resources and statutory authority at existing public agencies and the lack of a single entity charged with developing and implementing proposals to reduce health care costs while increasing access to appropriate basic, quality health care.

§16-1A-3. Health care planning commission created; composition; appointment; terms; oaths; removal; vacancies; expenses and compensation; meetings; quorum; records.

1 There is hereby created the West Virginia health care 2 planning commission within the office of the governor. 3 There shall be seven members of the commission. Two 4 of the members, designated at the will and pleasure of the governor, shall be full-time state officials having 5 6 involvement and impact on health policy for the state. The other five members shall be appointed by the 7 8 governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, and 9 shall not be state officials employed by the state on a 10 full-time basis. Members shall be appointed on the basis 11 of their ability, experience and interest in health care 12 and on their ability to represent the diverse geographic 13 health care needs of the state. No more than three of the five appointed members may be of the same political 14 15 party and no person serving as a member of the 16 Legislature, or employed in an advisory or support staff 17 capacity at the time of the enactment or amendment of 18 this article shall, during or for a five-year period 19 subsequent to his or her employment, be appointed or 20 serve as a member of the commission. Appointments shall be made by the governor no later than the fifteenth 21 22 day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. The governor may remove a commission member only for 23 cause. Within thirty days of removal or resignation of 24 an appointed person, the governor shall appoint a 25 qualified person to fill the vacancy. All members of the 26 commission shall be citizens of the state. Each appointed 27 member of the commission may be paid fifty dollars for 28

each day of performing services as a member and reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of his or her duties, in the same manner as are members of the Legislature.

The governor shall designate a chairperson and a vice chairperson from among the commission members. A staff person designated by the commission shall serve as the secretary-treasurer of the commission but shall not be a voting member. A majority of the members of the commission shall constitute a quorum, and a quorum must be present for the commission to conduct business. Each member of the commission is a voting member. Unless bylaws adopted by the commission require a larger number, action may be taken by majority vote of the members present. The commission shall meet at least twice per month for the first year and shall have staff perform the day-to-day planning functions of the commission. Records of the commission shall be kept in accordance with the provisions of article nine-a, chapter six of this code. The commission may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate to carry out the health planning purposes of this article, said powers being related to developing a comprehensive state health plan.

§16-1A-4. State health plan.

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- 1 (a) The commission shall be responsible for coordinat-2 ing and developing the health planning research efforts 3 of the state and for amending and modifying the state 4 health plan.
 - (b) The state health plan heretofore approved by the governor shall remain in effect until replaced or modified as follows: The commission staff, contracting as necessary with consultants and experts, shall prepare drafts of all proposed amendments to or modifications of the state health plan and shall then hold public hearings on the amendments or modifications. Following the public hearings, the commission shall submit the proposed amendments or modifications to the governor for his or her approval. Within thirty days of receiving said proposed amendments and modifications.

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the governor shall either approve or disapprove all or part of said amendments and modifications, and, for any portion of amendments or modifications not approved, shall specify the reason or reasons for nonapproval. Any portions of the amendments or modifications not approved by the governor shall be revised and resubmitted to the governor. The commission shall submit to the legislature's joint committee on government and finance any and all amendments or modifications approved by the governor for that committee's review and comment.

- (c) In addition to other duties required by other provisions of this article, the state health plan shall describe those institutional health services which entail annual operating costs in excess of the expenditure minimum for annual operating costs which are needed to provide for the well-being of persons receiving care within the state. At a minimum, these shall include acute inpatient (including psychiatric inpatient, obstetrical inpatient, and neonatal inpatient), rehabilitation, and long-term care services. The state health plan shall also describe other health services needed to provide for the well-being of persons receiving care within the state. including, at a minimum, preventive, ambulatory, and home health services and treatment for alcohol and drug abuse. The state health plan shall also describe the number and type of resources, including facilities, personnel, major medical equipment, and other resources required to meet the goal of the plan and shall state the extent to which existing health services facilities are in need of modernization, conversion to other uses, or closure and the extent to which new health services facilities need to be constructed or acquired. Finally, the state health plan shall contain a detailed statement of goals.
- (d) The regional health advisory councils created under the former provisions of section five-a, article two-d, chapter sixteen of this code shall be continued in each planning and development council region of the state. Each council shall meet at least quarterly and shall review health services and health care needs and organize public hearings on the health care issues

57 within the region. The councils shall regularly report to 58 the commission regarding recommendations on health 59 services and health care needs and concerns in their 60 respective regions. Each council shall consist of three 61 members from each county within the planning and 62 development region, with one member from each county 63 who is actively involved in health care delivery in the 64 county for which said member is appointed, and two 65 members from each county who have no direct affilia-66 tion with any health care provider and who are 67 consumers of health care services. Members shall be 68 appointed by the governor from lists submitted by the 69 respective county commissions for three-year terms. No 70 more than two members appointed from each county 71 may be from the same political party. Each county 72 commission shall designate which members from its 73 county has a term of one year, who has a term of two 74 years and who has a term of three years, all beginning 75 the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-76 one. Thereafter, members shall serve for three-year 77 terms. The presence of a majority of members at council 78 meetings shall constitute a quorum for purposes of 79 transacting business. The commission shall designate at 80 least one staff person to provide support and assistance 81 to the regional health advisory councils.

(e) All state agencies shall transfer forthwith to the commission all health-related data and information reasonably requested by the commission in a form reasonably requested by the commission in order to provide the commission with the information it needs to carry out the health planning functions required by this and other sections in this article. The division of health and health care cost review authority shall transmit to the commission such data, records, reports, analyses and summaries filed, collected and developed by the division as are necessary to health planning functions or related to health planning activities.

§16-1A-5. Specific health planning duties of commission.

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1 (a) On or before the thirtieth day of September, one 2 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the commission shall 3 hold at least six public hearings throughout the state for

4 the purposes of gathering information and opinions 5 regarding health services and any other health needs 6 and concerns of health care providers, consumers, and other interested parties. The dates and places of said 7 8 hearings shall be made public by the first day of July. 9 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. Each hearing 10 shall be attended by the director and at least one 11 commission member.

(b) On or before the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the commission shall present to the governor and the Legislature a report containing the following:

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- 16 (1) The components of basic, quality health services to which all persons in the state should be entitled;
 - (2) A description of alternative systems, including allpayer and single-payer health insurance models, designed to provide all persons in the state with access to basic, quality health care services, detailing the costs, benefits and detriments of each system;
 - (3) A statement as to the reasons that too few graduates of the state's medical schools remain in the state to practice in underserved specialties and underserved regions of the state;
 - (4) Specific recommendations to the governor and the Legislature regarding legislative, regulatory, and executive initiatives designed to develop a health care system in this state that is consistent with the following principles:
 - (i) That all persons in the state have access to appropriate basic, quality health services;
- 34 (ii) That such access be attained without reliance on 35 any form of uncompensated care or unreimbursed 36 services:
 - (iii) That the financial burden of providing health services to all residents of the state be equitably shared by government, employers, health care providers, and individual citizens;
- 41 (iv) That consumers be allowed flexibility and free-

- dom of health care provider choice, within a costeffective managed health services delivery system;
 - (v) That health care providers receive fair and equitable compensation for their services in a timely and efficient manner;
 - (vi) That a system of reimbursement for health services be developed that minimizes administrative costs and prevents health care providers from needing to differentiate among consumers' sources of payment;
 - (vii) That health care providers have freedom to choose their practice settings, while being provided with incentives to participate in cost-effective systems of health services and to serve underserved areas and populations of the state;
 - (viii) That quality of care be promoted by the ongoing development and enforcement of acceptable standards for health care providers and facilities; and
 - (ix) That illness and injury prevention, wellness, and other health promotion programs and incentives be developed, including preventive health services to improve the health of all residents of the state and reduce the need for expensive long-term care: *Provided*, That the principles defined in this subsection shall not be construed to require the state to create or to fund any specific health care programs.
 - (c) On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the commission staff shall develop and the commission shall present to the governor proposed amendments and modifications to the certificate of need standards contained in the state health plan heretofore approved by the governor. Said amendments and modifications shall address, among other things, the need to increase the availability of community-based, primary and preventive health services within the state. Within thirty days of receiving said proposed amendments and modifications, the governor shall either approve or disapprove all or part of said amendments and modifications, and, for any

- portion of amendments or modifications not approved, shall specify the reason or reasons for nonapproval. Any portions of the amendments or modifications not approved by the governor shall be revised and resubmitted to the governor by the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.
- 86 (d) On or before the first day of December, one 87 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the commission shall 88 present to the governor and the Legislature a report on 89 the health care system in this state that addresses all 90 aspects of the state's health care system and that 91 recommends a comprehensive set of legislative and 92 administrative proposals designed to improve the state's 93 health care system. Said report shall include proposed 94 amendments to the state health plan that will provide 95 guidelines, based upon the principles contained in 96 section 5 (b) (4) (i)-(ix), for future public health-related expenditures, licensing, and regulatory initiatives, and 97 98 shall make specific recommendations for implementa-99 tion of said guidelines, including what function the 100 commission should play in future health planning and 101 implementation. All public health-related expenditures. 102 licensing, and regulatory initiatives shall be consistent 103 with the standards and guidelines of these guidelines 104 once approved by governor for inclusion in the state 105 health plan: Provided, That any proposed changes to public health-related expenditures, licensing, and 106 107 regulatory initiatives, other than those requiring only 108 executive action, shall be submitted to the legislature in 109 the form of proposed legislation.
- 110 (e) In performing all of its above duties, the commis-111 sion shall solicit input from each of the regional health 112 advisory councils located in this state.

§16-1A-6. Legislative health care oversight committee.

The president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates shall each designate five members of their respective houses, at least one of whom from each house shall be a member of the minority party, to serve on a legislative oversight committee charged with immediate and ongoing oversight of the commission

- 7 created by this article. This committee shall study,
- 8 review and examine the work of the commission and its
- 9 staff and monitor the development and implementation
- 10 of the state health plan. The committee shall review and
- 11 make recommendations to the Legislature regarding
- 12 any plan or policy proposed by the commission.

§16-1A-7. Funding.

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To the extent the operation and activities of the commission are not funded through the general revenue

fund, the health care cost review authority shall provide

- 4 two hundred thousand dollars and the insurance
- 5 commission shall provide one hundred fifty thousand
- 6 dollars, through interagency transfer to the commission:
- 7 Provided, That any amounts so transferred from the
- 8 insurance commission shall be transferred from special
- 9 revenues in account number 8016. The commission shall
- 10 actively solicit grants and other nonstate funding. The
- 11 commission shall solicit and is authorized to accept
- 12 foundation and other nonstate financial support in order
- 13 to carry out the health planning purposes of this article.

§16-1A-8. Effective date and termination date.

1 This article shall be in effect from passage. The

- 2 commission shall terminate on the first day of July, one
- 3 thousand nine hundred ninety-three, unless extended by
- 4 legislation before that date.

CHAPTER 77

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 88—By Senators Spears, Tomblin, Lucht and Felton)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-b, relating to requiring the commissioner of the bureau of public health to establish a uniform health professionals data collection and reporting system; requiring cooperation and support of various health professional boards; and providing for annual reports.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended,

be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. STATE BUREAU OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

§16-1-10b. Establishment of a uniform health professionals data collection system.

1 The commissioner of the bureau of public health shall 2 establish a uniform health professionals data system to 3 collect and maintain data on health professionals in this 4 state. This data shall include, but not be limited to, the 5 following information about each health professional: 6 His or her name, profession, the area of the state where 7 practicing, educational background, employer's name, 8 and number of years practicing within the profession. 9 The boards provided for under articles three, four, four-10 a, five, seven, seven-a, fourteen, fourteen-a, fifteen, sixteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-three and twenty-11 12 eight, chapter thirty of this code shall collect the data 13 on health professionals under their jurisdiction on an 14 annual basis and in the format prescribed by the 15 commissioner. Each such board shall be required to pay to the bureau of health an amount, to be determined by 16 17 the commissioner, to cover expenses incurred by the 18 bureau of health in establishing the uniform health 19 professionals data system required by this section. The 20 commissioner shall publish annually and make availa-21 ble, upon request, a report setting forth the data which 22 was collected the previous year; areas of the state which 23 the collected data indicates have a shortage of health 24 professionals: and projections, based upon the collected 25 data, as to the need for more health professionals in 26 certain areas.

CHAPTER 78

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2194—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk) [By Request of the Executive] AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, four, five and eleven, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five and six, article five-f; and sections three, five. seven, eight, eighteen, twenty, twenty-one and twentyeight, article twenty-nine-b of said chapter; and to further amend said article twenty-nine-b by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections six and nineteen-a, all relating to health care cost containment: providing definitions: reducing expense and expenditure thresholds governing when certificate of need review is required: eliminating certain exemptions from certificate of need review; extending moratorium on intermediate care and skilled nursing beds; providing for the conversion of certain beds: defining transfer of certificate of need; expanding scope of covered facility reporting and financial disclosure requirements to include related organizations; requiring covered facilities and related organizations to furnish copies of tax returns: requiring confidentiality of tax returns: requiring report to governor and Legislature; continuing health care cost review authority until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven; deleting term limitation on board membership; increasing salaries of board members; creating health care cost review council to serve as advisory body to the board: exempting staff of health care cost review authority from civil service salary schedules; permitting promulgation of certain emergency rules; mandating cost-based review system; exempting regulations implementing cost-based review system from legislative rulemaking: requiring filing of certain contracts; requiring contracts granting discounts to purchasers or thirdparty payors be reviewed and approved by the health care cost review authority; and changing standard for automatic rate increases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, four, five and eleven, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted;

that sections one, two, three, four, five and six, article fivef; and sections three, five, seven, eight, eighteen, twenty, twenty-one and twenty-eight, article twenty-nine-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article twenty-nine-b be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections six and nineteen-a, all to read as follows:

Article

- 2D. Certificate of Need.
- 5F. Health Care Facility Financial Disclosure.
- 29B. West Virginia Health Care Cost Review Authority.

ARTICLE 2D. CERTIFICATE OF NEED.

- §16-2D-2. Definitions.
- §16-2D-4. Exemptions from certificate of need program.
- §16-2D-5. Powers and duties of state health planning and development agency.
- §16-2D-11. Nontransference, time period compliance and withdrawal of certificate of need.

§16-2D-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless otherwise indicated by
- 2 the context:
- 3 (a) "Affected person" means:
- 4 (1) The applicant;
- 5 (2) An agency or organization representing con-
- 6 sumers;
- 7 (3) Any individual residing within the geographic
- 8 area served or to be served by the applicant;
- 9 (4) Any individual who regularly uses the health care
- 10 facilities within that geographic area;
- 11 (5) The health care facilities which provide services
- 12 similar to the services of the facility under review and
- 13 which will be significantly affected by the proposed
- 14 project;
- 15 (6) The health care facilities which, prior to receipt
- 16 by the state agency of the proposal being reviewed, have
- 17 formally indicated an intention to provide similar
- 18 services in the future;

- 19 (7) Third-party payors who reimburse health care 20 facilities similar to those proposed for services;
- 21 (8) Any agency which establishes rates for health care facilities similar to those proposed; or

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- (9) Organizations representing health care providers.
- (b) "Ambulatory health care facility" means a facility which is free-standing and not physically attached to a health care facility and which provides health care to noninstitutionalized and nonhomebound persons on an outpatient basis. This definition does not include the private office practice of any one or more health professionals licensed to practice in this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter thirty of this code: Provided, That such exemption from review of private office practice shall not be construed to include such practices where major medical equipment otherwise subject to review under the provisions of this article is acquired. offered or developed: Provided, however. That such exemption from review of private office practice shall not be construed to include certain health services otherwise subject to review under the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (a), section four of this article.
- (c) "Ambulatory surgical facility" means a facility which is free-standing and not physically attached to a health care facility and which provides surgical treatment to patients not requiring hospitalization. This definition does not include the private office practice of any one or more health professionals licensed to practice surgery in this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter thirty of this code: Provided, That such exemption from review of private office practice shall not be construed to include such practices where major medical equipment otherwise subject to review under the provisions of this article is acquired, offered or developed: Provided, however, That such exemption from review of private office practice shall not be construed to include certain health services otherwise subject to review under the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (a), section four of this article.
 - (d) "Applicant" means: (1) The governing body or the

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person proposing a new institutional health service who is, or will be, the health care facility licensee wherein the new institutional health service is proposed to be located, and (2) in the case of a proposed new institutional health service not to be located in a licensed health care facility, the governing body or the person proposing to provide such new institutional health service. Incorporators or promoters who will not constitute the governing body or persons responsible for the new institutional health service may not be an applicant.

- (e) "Bed capacity" means the number of beds for which a license is issued to a health care facility, or, if a facility is unlicensed, the number of adult and pediatric beds permanently staffed and maintained for immediate use by inpatients in patient rooms or wards.
- (f) "Capital expenditure" means an expenditure:
 - (1) Made by or on behalf of a health care facility; and
- (2) (A) Which (i) under generally accepted accounting principles is not properly chargeable as an expense of operation and maintenance, or (ii) is made to obtain either by lease or comparable arrangement any facility or part thereof or any equipment for a facility or part; and (B) which (i) exceeds the expenditure minimum, or (ii) is a substantial change to the bed capacity of the facility with respect to which the expenditure is made, or (iii) is a substantial change to the services of such facility. For purposes of subparagraph (i), paragraph (B), subdivision (2) of this definition, the cost of any studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, and other activities, including staff effort and consulting and other services, essential to the acquisition, improvement, expansion, or replacement of any plant or equipment with respect to which an expenditure described in paragraph (B), subdivision (2) of this definition is made shall be included in determining if such expenditure exceeds the expenditure minimum. Donations of equipment or facilities to a health care facility which if acquired directly by such facility would be subject to review shall be considered

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capital expenditures, and a transfer of equipment or facilities for less than fair market value shall be considered a capital expenditure for purposes of such subdivisions if a transfer of the equipment or facilities at fair market value would be subject to review. A series of expenditures, each less than the expenditure minhaden, which when taken together are in excess of the expanditure minimum, may be determined by the state agency to be a single capital expenditure subject to raview. In making its determination, the state agency anail consider: Whether the expenditures are for companents of a system which is required to accomplish a single purpose; whether the expenditures are to be made over a two-year period and are directed towards the accomplishment of a single goal within the health care facility's long-range plan; or whether the expenditures are to be made within a two-year period within a single department such that they will constitute a significant modernization of the department.

- 118 (g) "Expenditure minimum" means seven hundred 119 fifty thousand dollars per fiscal year.
 - (ii) "Health," used as a term, includes physical and mental health.
 - (i) "Health care facility" is defined as including hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, kidney disease treatment centers, including free-standing hemodialysis unit; informediate care facilities, ambulatory health car facilities, ambulatory surgical facilities, home health agencies, rehabilitation facilities and health maintenance organizations; community mental health and mental retardation facilities, whether under public or private ownership, or as a profit or nonprofit occapitation and whether or not licensed or required to be figured in whole or in part by the state. For purposes of this definition, "community mental health and mental retardation facility" means a private facility which provides such comprehensive services and continuity of care as emergency, outpatient, partial hospitalization, invationt and consultation and education for individuals with mental illness, mental retardation or drug or alcohol addiction.

- (j) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership, corporation, facility or institution licensed or certified or authorized by law to provide professional health care service in this state to an individual during that individual's medical care, treatment or confinement.
- (k) "Health maintenance organization" means a public or private organization, organized under the laws of this state, which:
- 149 (1) Is a qualified health maintenance organization 150 under Section 1310(d) of the Public Health Service Act, 151 as amended, Title 42 United States Code Section 300e-152 9(d); or
- 153 (2) (A) Provides or otherwise makes available to 154 enrolled participants health care services, including 155 substantially the following basic health care services: 156 Usual physician services, hospitalization, laboratory, X 157 ray, emergency and preventive services and out-of-area 158 coverage; and

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- (B) Is compensated except for copayments for the provision of the basic health care services listed in paragraph (A), subdivision (2), subsection (k) of this definition to enrolled participants on a predetermined periodic rate basis without regard to the date the health care services are provided and which is fixed without regard to the frequency, extent or kind of health service actually provided; and
- (C) Provides physicians' services primarily (i) directly through physicians who are either employees or partners of such organization, or (ii) through arrangements with individual physicians or one or more groups of physicians organized on a group practice or individual practice basis.
- (l) "Health services" means clinically related preventive, diagnostic, treatment or rehabilitative services, including alcohol, drug abuse and mental health services.
- (m) "Home health agency" is an organization primar-ily engaged in providing directly or through contract

arrangements, professional nursing services, home health aide services, and other therapeutic and related services, including, but not limited to, physical, speech and occupational therapy and nutritional and medical social services to persons in their place of residence on a part-time or intermittent basis.

- (n) "Hospital" means an institution which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of physicians, diagnostic and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment, and care of injured, disabled or sick persons, or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons. This term also includes psychiatric and tuberculosis hospitals.
- (o) "Intermediate care facility" means an institution which provides, on a regular basis, health-related care and services to individuals who do not require the degree of care and treatment which a hospital or skilled nursing facility is designed to provide, but who, because of their mental or physical condition, require health-related care and services above the level of room and board.
- (p) "Long-range plan" means a document formally adopted by the legally constituted governing body of an existing health care facility or by a person proposing a new institutional health service. Each long-range plan shall consist of the information required by the state agency in regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this article.
- (q) "Major medical equipment" means a single unit of medical equipment or a single system of components with related functions which is used for the provision of medical and other health services and which costs in excess of three hundred thousand dollars, except that such term does not include medical equipment acquired by or on behalf of a clinical laboratory to provide clinical laboratory services if the clinical laboratory is independent of a physician's office and a hospital and it has been determined under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act to meet the requirements of paragraphs ten and eleven

of Section 1861(s) of such act, Title 42 United States Code Sections 1395x (10) and (11). In determining whether medical equipment costs more than three hundred thousand dollars, the cost of studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, and other activities essential to the acquisition of such equipment shall be included. If the everprime is acquired for less than fair market value, the term "cost" includes the fair market value.

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- (r) "Medically underserved population" means the population of an urban or rural area designated by the state agency as an area with a shortage of presental health services or a population having a shortage of such services, after taking into account unusual local conditions which are a barrier to accessibility or availability of such services. Such designation shall be in regulations adopted by the state agency pursuant to section significations and the population so designated may include the state's medically underserved population designated by the Federal Secretary of Health and Human Services under Section 330(b)(3) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, Title 42 United States Code Section 254(b)(3).
 - (s) "New institutional health service" means such service as described in section three of this arrange
- (t) "Offer", when used in connection with health services, means that the health care facility or thath maintenance organization holds itself out as repeale of providing, or as having the means for the providing of specified health services.
- (u) "Person" means an individual, these particle, partnership, committee, corporation, as individual, these partnership, committee, corporation, as individual, thereofore a point as individual insurance companies, a state or a point of subdividual or instrumentality thereofor any legal excess a maximal by the state.
- 255 (v) "Physician" means a doctor of the least or 256 osteopathy legally authorized to practice by the least of
- 257 (w) "Proposed new institutional health second resums

258 such service as described in section three of this article.

259 (x) "Psychiatric hospital" means an institution which 260 primarily provides to inpatients, by or under the 261 supervision of a physician, specialized services for the 262 diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation of mentally ill 263 and emotionally disturbed persons.

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- (y) "Rehabilitation facility" means an inpatient facility which is operated for the primary purpose of assisting in the rehabilitation of disabled persons through an integrated program of medical and other services which are provided under competent professional supervision.
- (z) "Review agency" means an agency of the state, designated by the governor as the agency for the review of state agency decisions.
- (aa) "Skilled nursing facility" means an institution or a distinct part of an institution which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients skilled nursing care and related services for patients who require medical or nursing care, or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons.
 - (bb) "State agency" means the health care cost review authority created, established, and continued pursuant to article twenty-nine-b of this chapter.
 - (cc) "State health plan" means the document approved by the governor after preparation by the former statewide health coordinating council, or that document as approved by the governor after amendment by the health care planning council or its successor agency.
 - (dd) "Health care planning council" means the body established by section five-a of this article to participate in the preparation and amendment of the state health plan and to advise the state agency.
 - (ee) "Substantial change to the bed capacity" of a health care facility means any change, with which a capital expenditure is associated, that increases or decreases the bed capacity, or relocates beds from one physical facility or site to another, but does not include a change by which a health care facility reassigns

existing beds as swing beds between acute care and long-term care categories: *Provided*, That a decrease in bed capacity in response to federal rural health initiatives shall be excluded from this definition.

- 300 (ff) "Substantial change to the health services" of a 301 health care facility means the addition of a health 302 service which is offered by or on behalf of the health 303 care facility and which was not offered by or on behalf 304 of the facility within the twelve-month period before the 305 month in which the service is first offered, or the 306 termination of a health service which was offered by or 307 on behalf of the facility, but does not include the providing of hospice care, ambulance service, wellness 308 309 centers or programs, adult day care, or respite care by 310 acute care facilities.
- 311 (gg) "To develop", when used in connection with health 312 services, means to undertake those activities which upon 313 their completion will result in the offer of a new 314 institutional health service or the incurring of a 315 financial obligation, in relation to the offering of such 316 a service.

§16-2D-4. Exemptions from certificate of need program.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in subdivision (h), section three 2 of this article, nothing in this article or the rules and 3 regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions of this 4 article may be construed to authorize the licensure, 5 supervision, regulation or control in any manner of the 6 following:
- 7 (1) Private office practice of any one or more health 8 professionals licensed to practice in this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter thirty of this code: Provided, 9 That such exemption from review of private office 10 11 practice shall not be construed to include such practices 12 where major medical equipment otherwise subject to 13 review under the provisions of this article is acquired, offered or developed: Provided, however, That such 14 exemption from review of private office practice shall 15 not be construed to include the acquisition, offering or 16 development of one or more health services, including 17 ambulatory surgical facilities or centers, lithotripsy. 18

magnetic resonance imaging and radiation therapy by one or more health professionals. The state agency shall adopt rules pursuant to section eight of this article which specify the health services acquired, offered or developed by health professionals which are subject to certificate of need review;

- (2) Dispensaries and first-aid stations located within business or industrial establishments maintained solely for the use of employees: *Provided*, That such facility does not contain inpatient or resident beds for patients or employees who generally remain in the facility for more than twenty-four hours;
- (3) Establishments, such as motels, hotels and boardinghouses, which provide medical, nursing personnel and health related services; and
- (4) The remedial care or treatment of residents or patients in any home or institution conducted only for those who rely solely upon treatment by prayer or spiritual means in accordance with the creed or tenets of any recognized church or religious denomination.
- (b) (1) A certificate of need is not required for the offering of an inpatient institutional health service or the acquisition of major medical equipment for the provision of an inpatient institutional health service or the obligation of a capital expenditure for the provisions of an inpatient institutional health service, if with respect to such offering, acquisition or obligation, the state agency has, upon application under subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this section, granted an exemption to:
- (A) A health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations if (i) the organization or combination of organizations has, in the service area of the organization or the service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand individuals, (ii) the facility in which the service will be provided is or will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and (iii) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the institutional

health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization or organizations in the combination;

- (B) A health care facility if (i) the facility primarily provides or will provide inpatient health services, (ii) the facility is or will be controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations which has, in the service area of the organization or service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand individuals, (iii) the facility is or will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and (iv) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the institutional health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization or organizations in the combination; or
- (C) A health care facility, or portion thereof, if (i) the facility is or will be leased by a health maintenance organization or combination of health maintenance organizations which has, in the service area of the organization or the service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand individuals and on the date the application is submitted under subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this section, at least fifteen years remain in the term of the lease, (ii) the facility is or will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and (iii) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the new institutional health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization.
- (2) (A) A health maintenance organization, combination of health maintenance organizations, or other health care facility is not exempt under subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section from obtaining a certificate of need unless:
- (i) It has submitted, at such time and in such form and manner as the state agency shall prescribe, an application for such exemption to the state agency;
 - (ii) The application contains such information respect-

- ing the organization, combination or facility and the proposed offering, acquisition or obligation as the state agency may require to determine if the organization or combination meets the requirements of subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section or the facility meets or will meet such requirements; and
- 105 (iii) The state agency approves such application.
- 106 (B) The state agency shall approve an application submitted under paragraph (A), subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this section if it determines that the applicable requirements of subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section are met or will be met on the date the proposed activity for which an exemption was requested will be undertaken.
- 113 (3) A health care facility, or any part thereof, or 114 medical equipment with respect to which an exemption 115 was granted under subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, may not be sold or leased and a controlling 116 117 interest in such facility or equipment or in a lease of such facility or equipment may not be acquired and a 118 119 health care facility described in paragraph (C), subdi-120 vision (1), subsection (b) of this section, which was 121 granted an exemption under subdivision (1), subsection 122 (b) of this section, may not be used by any person other 123 than the lessee described in paragraph (C), subdivision 124 (1), subsection (b) of this section, unless:
- 125 (A) The state agency issues a certificate of need approving the sale, lease, acquisition or use; or

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- (B) The state agency determines, upon application, that the entity to which the facility or equipment is proposed to be sold or leased, which intends to acquire the controlling interest in or to use the facility is:
- (i) A health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations which meets the enrollment requirements of subparagraph (i), paragraph (A), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, and with respect to such facility or equipment, the entity meets the accessibility and patient enrollment requirements of subparagraphs (ii) and (iii), paragraph

- 138 (A), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section; or
- (ii) A health care facility which meets the inpatient, enrollment and accessibility requirements of subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii), paragraph (B), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section and with respect to its patients meets the enrollment requirements of subparagraph (iv), paragraph (B), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section.
- 146 (4) In the case of a health maintenance organization 147 or an ambulatory care facility or health care facility 148 which ambulatory or health care facility is controlled. 149 directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organ-150 ization or a combination of health maintenance organ-151 izations, the certificate of need requirements apply only 152 to the offering of inpatient institutional health services. 153 the acquisition of major medical equipment, and the 154 obligation of capital expenditures for the offering of 155 inpatient institutional health services and then only to 156 the extent that such offering, acquisition or obligation 157 is not exempt under subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this 158 section.
 - (5) The state agency shall establish the period within which approval or disapproval by the state agency of applications for exemptions under subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, shall be made.

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- (c) (1) A health care facility is not required to obtain a certificate of need for the acquisition of major medical equipment to be used solely for research, the addition of health services to be offered solely for research, or the obligation of a capital expenditure to be made solely for research if the health care facility provides the notice required in subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section, and the state agency does not find, within sixty days after it receives such notice, that the acquisition, offering or obligation will, or will have the effect to:
- (A) Affect the charges of the facility for the provision of medical or other patient care services other than the services which are included in the research;
- 176 (B) Result in a substantial change to the bed capacity

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- 178 (C) Result in a substantial change to the health 179 services of the facility.
- 180 (2) Before a health care facility acquires major 181 medical equipment to be used solely for research, offers 182 a health service solely for research, or obligates a capital 183 expenditure solely for research, such health care facility 184 shall notify in writing the state agency of such facility's 185 intent and the use to be made of such medical equip-186 ment, health service or capital expenditure.
- 187 (3) If major medical equipment is acquired, a health 188 service is offered, or a capital expenditure is obligated 189 and a certificate of need is not required for such 190 acquisition, offering or obligation as provided in 191 subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section, such 192 equipment or service or equipment or facilities acquired 193 through the obligation of such capital expenditure may 194 not be used in such a manner as to have the effect or 195 to make a change described in paragraphs (A), (B) and (C), subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section unless the state agency issues a certificate of need approving 198 such use.
- 199 (4) For purposes of this subsection, the term "solely 200 for research" includes patient care provided on an 201 occasional and irregular basis and not as part of a 202 research program.
 - (d) (1) The state agency may adopt regulations pursuant to section eight of this article to specify the circumstances under which a certificate of need may not be required for the obligation of a capital expenditure to acquire, either by purchase or under lease or comparable arrangement, an existing health care facility: Provided. That a certificate of need shall be required for the obligation of a capital expenditure to acquire, either by purchase or under lease or comparable arrangement, an existing health care facility if:
 - (A) The notice required by subdivision (2), subsection (d) of this section is not filed in accordance with that subdivision with respect to such acquisition; or

- (B) The state agency finds, within thirty days after the date it receives a notice in accordance with subdivision (2), subsection (d) of this section, with respect to such acquisition, that the services or bed capacity of the facility will be changed by reason of said acquisition.
 - (2) Before any person enters into a contractual arrangement to acquire an existing health care facility, such person shall notify the state agency of his or her intent to acquire the facility and of the services to be offered in the facility and its bed capacity. Such notice shall be made in writing and shall be made at least thirty days before contractual arrangements are entered into to acquire the facility with respect to which the notice is given. The notice shall contain all information the state agency requires in accordance with subsections (e) and (s), section seven of this article.
 - (e) The state agency shall adopt regulations, pursuant to section eight of this article, wherein criteria are established to exempt from review the addition of certain health services, not associated with a capital expenditure, that are projected to entail annual operating costs of less than the expenditure minimum for annual operating costs. For purposes of this subsection, "expenditure minimum for annual operating costs" means three hundred thousand dollars for the first twelve months following the effective date of this section and for each twelve-month period thereafter, the state agency may, by regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this article, adjust the expenditure minimum for annual operating costs to reflect the impact of inflation.
 - (f) The state agency shall adopt rules within ninety days of the effective date of the amendment of this section in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety pursuant to section eight of this article to specify the circumstances under which and the procedures by which a certificate of need may not be required for shared services between two or more acute care facilities providing services made available through existing technology that can reasonably be mobile. The state agency shall specify the types of items in the

regulations and under what circumstances mobile MRI and mobile lithotripsy may be so exempted from review. In no case, however, will mobile cardiac catheterization be exempted from certificate of need review. In addition, if the shared services mobile unit proves less cost effective than a fixed unit, the acute care facility will not be exempted from certificate of need review.

On a yearly basis, the state agency shall review existing technologies to determine if other shared services should be included under this exemption.

§16-2D-5. Powers and duties of state health planning and development agency.

- 1 (a) The state agency is hereby empowered to administer the certificate of need program as provided by this article.
 - (b) The state agency shall cooperate with the health care planning council or its successor agency in developing rules and regulations for the certificate of need program to the extent appropriate for the achievement of efficiency in their reviews and consistency in criteria for such reviews.
 - (c) The state agency may seek advice and assistance of other persons, organizations, and other state agencies in the performance of the state agency's responsibilities under this article.
 - (d) For health services for which competition appropriately allocates supply consistent with the state health plan, the state agency shall, in the performance of its functions under this article, give priority, where appropriate to advance the purposes of quality assurance, cost effectiveness and access, to actions which would strengthen the effect of competition on the supply of such services.
 - (e) For health services for which competition does not or will not appropriately allocate supply consistent with the state health plan, the state agency shall, in the exercise of its functions under this article, take actions, where appropriate to advance the purposes of quality assurance, cost effectiveness and access and the other

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purposes of this article, to allocate the supply of such services.

- 30 (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of section seven of 31 this article, the state agency may charge a fee for the 32 filing of any application, the filing of any notice in lieu 33 of an application, the filing of any exemption determi-34 nation request, or the filing of any request for a 35 declaratory ruling. The fees charged may vary accord-36 ing to the type of matter involved, the type of health 37 service or facility involved, or the amount of capital 38 expenditure involved. The state agency shall implement 39 this subsection by filing procedural rules pursuant to 40 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The fees charged 41 shall be deposited into a special fund known as the 42 certificate of need program fund to be expended for the 43 purposes of this article.
- 44 (g) No hospital, nursing home or other health care facility shall add any intermediate care or skilled 45 nursing beds to its current licensed bed complement. 46 47 This prohibition also applies to the conversion of acute care or other types of beds to intermediate care or 48 skilled nursing beds: Provided, That hospitals eligible 49 under the provisions of section four-a and subsection (i), 50 51 section five of this article may convert acute care beds 52 to skilled nursing beds in accordance with the provisions 53 of these sections, upon approval by the state agency. 54 Furthermore, no certificate of need shall be granted for the construction or addition of any intermediate care or 55 skilled nursing beds except in the case of facilities 56 designed to replace existing beds in unsafe existing 57 facilities. A health care facility in receipt of a certificate 58 of need for the construction or addition of intermediate 59 care or skilled nursing beds which was approved prior 60 to the effective date of this section must incur an 61 obligation for a capital expenditure within twelve 62 months of the date of issuance of the certificate of need. 63 No extensions shall be granted beyond the twelve-month 64 65 period.
 - (h) No additional intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded (ICF/MR) beds shall be granted a certificate of need, except that prohibition does not

69 apply to ICF/MR beds approved under the Kanawha 70 County circuit court order of the third day of August. 71 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, civil action 72 number MISC-81-585 issued in the case of E. H. v. 73 Matin, 168 W. V. 248, 284 S.E.2d 232 (1981), and does 74 not apply to existing ICF/MR beds to be replaced, sold, 75 leased, transferred or operated under contract or other 76 means.

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- (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g). section five of this article and, further notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d), section three of this article, an existing acute care hospital may apply to the health care cost review authority for a certificate of need to convert acute care beds to skilled nursing beds: Provided. That the proposed skilled nursing beds are medicare certified only: Provided, however, That any hospital which converts acute care beds to medicare certified only skilled nursing beds is prohibited from billing for any medicaid reimbursement for any beds so converted. In converting beds, the hospital must convert a minimum of one acute care bed into one medicare certified only skilled nursing bed. The health care cost review authority may require a hospital to convert up to and including three acute care beds for each medicare certified only skilled nursing bed. The health care cost review authority shall adopt rules to implement this subsection which require that:
- (1) All acute care beds converted shall be permanently deleted from the hospital's acute care bed complement and the hospital may not thereafter add, by conversion or otherwise, acute care beds to its bed complement without satisfying the requirements of subsection (d), section three of this article for which purposes such an addition, whether by conversion or otherwise, shall be considered a substantial change to the bed capacity of the hospital notwithstanding the definition of that term found in subsection (ee), section two of this article.
- (2) The hospital shall meet all federal and state licensing certification and operational requirements applicable to nursing homes including a requirement that all skilled care beds created under this subsection

110 shall be located in distinct-part, long-term care units.

- 111 (3) The hospital must demonstrate a need for the 112 project.
 - (4) The hospital must use existing space for the medicare certified only skilled nursing beds. Under no circumstances shall the hospital construct, lease or acquire additional space for purposes of this section.
- 117 (5) The hospital must notify the acute care patient, 118 prior to discharge, of facilities with skilled nursing beds 119 which are located in or near the patient's county of 120 residence.
 - Nothing in this subsection shall negatively affect the rights of inspection and certification which are otherwise required by federal law or regulations or by this code of duly adopted regulations of an authorized state entity.
 - (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g), section five of this article, a retirement life care center with no skilled nursing beds may apply to the health care cost review authority for a certificate of need for up to sixty skilled nursing beds provided the proposed skilled beds are medicare certified only. On a statewide basis, a maximum of one hundred eighty skilled beds which are medicare certified only may be developed pursuant to this subsection. The state health plan shall not be applicable to projects submitted under this subsection. The health care cost review authority shall adopt rules to implement this subsection which shall include:
 - (1) A requirement that the one hundred eighty beds are to be distributed on a statewide basis;
- 141 (2) There shall be a minimum of twenty beds and a maximum of sixty beds in each approved unit;
 - (3) The unit developed by the retirement life care center shall meet all federal and state licensing certification and operational requirements applicable to nursing homes;
 - (4) The retirement center must demonstrate a need for

- 148 the project;
- 149 (5) The retirement center must offer personal care, 150 home health services and other lower levels of care to 151 its residents; and
- 152 (6) The retirement center must demonstrate both short and long-term financial feasibility.
- Nothing in this subsection shall negatively affect the rights of inspection and certification which are otherwise required by federal law or regulations or by this code of duly adopted regulations of an authorized state entity.
- (k) The provisions of this article are severable and if any provision, section or part thereby shall be held invalid, unconstitutional or inapplicable to any person or circumstance, such invalidity, unconstitutionality or inapplicability shall not affect or impair any other remaining provisions contained herein.

§16-2D-11. Nontransference, time period compliance and withdrawal of certificate of need.

1 (a) A certificate of need is nontransferable and shall 2 be valid for a maximum of one year from the date of 3 issuance. A transfer includes the sale, lease, transfer of 4 stock or partnership shares, or other comparable 5 arrangement which has the effect of transferring the 6 control of the owner of the certificate of need. Upon the 7 expiration of the certificate or during the certification 8 period, the person proposing the new institutional health 9 service shall provide the state agency such information 10 on the development of the project as the state agency 11 may request. The state agency shall periodically monitor 12 capital expenditures obligated under certificates, 13 determine whether sufficient progress is being made in 14 meeting the timetable specified in the approved appli-15 cation for the certificate and whether there has been compliance with the application and any conditions of 16 17 certification. The state agency shall take into account 18 recommendations made by the health systems agency in 19 making its determination. The certificate of need may be extended by the state agency for additional periods 20

21 of time as are reasonably necessary to expeditiously 22 complete the project. A certificate of need may no longer 23 be in effect, and may no longer be required, after 24 written notice of substantial compliance with the 25 approved application and any conditions of certification 26 is issued to the applicant, after the activity is under-27 taken for which the certificate of need was issued, and 28 after the state agency is provided written notice of such 29 undertaking. The person proposing a new institutional 30 health service may not be issued a license therefor until 31 the state agency has issued a written notice of substan-32 tial compliance with the approved application and any 33 conditions of certification, nor may a new institutional 34 health service be used until such person has received 35 such notice. A new institutional health service may not 36 be found to be in substantial compliance with the 37 approved application and any conditions of certification 38 if there is a substantial change, as defined in regulations 39 adopted pursuant to subsection (i), section three of this 40 article, in the approved new institutional health service 41 for which change a certificate of need has not been 42 issued.

(b) (1) The certificate of need may be withdrawn by the state agency for:

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- (A) Insufficient progress in meeting the timetable specified in the approved application for the certificate and for not making a good faith effort to meet it in developing the project; or
- (B) Noncompliance with any conditions of certification; or
- (C) A substantial change, as defined in regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (i), section three of this article, in an approved new institutional health service for which change a certificate of need has not been issued; or
- 56 (D) Material misrepresentation by an applicant upon 57 which the state agency relied in making its decision; or
 - (E) Other reasons that may be established by the state agency in regulations adopted pursuant to section eight

- 60 of this article.
- 61 (2) Any decision of the state agency to withdraw a 62 certificate of need shall be based solely on:
- 63 (A) The provisions of this article and on regulations 64 adopted in accordance with section eight of this article; 65 and
- 66 (B) The record established in administrative proceed-67 ings held with respect to the state agency's proposal to 68 withdraw the certificate.
- 69 (3) In the case of a proposed withdrawal of a certif-70 icate of need:
 - (A) After commencement of a hearing on the state agency's proposal to withdraw a certificate of need and before a decision is made on withdrawal, there may be no ex parte contacts between (i) the holder of the certificate of need, any person acting on behalf of the holder, or any person in favor of the withdrawal and (ii) any person in the state agency who exercises responsibility respecting withdrawal of the certificate;
 - (B) The state agency shall follow the notification of review provisions of subsections (g) and (h), the public hearing provisions of subsection (n), the notification of the status of review and findings provisions of subsection (g), the annual report provisions of subsection (r), and the reconsideration provisions of subsection (t), all of section seven of this article, and the conditional decision provisions of subsection (d), the notification of decision and findings provisions of subsection (h), and the statement to the applicable health systems agency provisions of subsection (k), all of section nine of this article; and
 - (C) Appeals of withdrawals of certificates of need shall be made pursuant to section ten of this article.
 - (4) A new institutional health service may not be acquired, offered, or developed within this state if a certificate of need authorizing that new institutional health service has been withdrawn by the state agency and the acquisition, offering, or development of the new

- 98 institutional health service is subject to review under 99 this article.
- ARTICLE 5F. HEALTH CARE FACILITY FINANCIAL DIS-CLOSURE.
- §16-5F-1. Legislative findings; purpose; intent of article.
- §16-5F-2. Definitions.
- §16-5F-3. General powers and duties of the board regarding reporting and review.
- §16-5F-4. Reports required to be published and filed; form of reports; right of inspection.
- §16-5F-5. Injunctions.
- §16-5F-6. Failure to make, publish or distribute reports; penalty; appeal to supreme court of appeals.

§16-5F-1. Legislative findings; purpose; intent of article.

- 1 (1) The West Virginia Legislature finds that the rising
- 2 cost of health care and services provided by health care
- 3 facilities are matters of vital concern to the people of
- 4 this state and have a direct relationship to the ability
- 5 of the people to obtain necessary health care.
- 6 (2) The citizens of this state have an inherent right to
- 7 receive and have available to them health care programs
- 8 and services which are capable of meeting individual
- 9 needs.
- 10 (3) Such services should be available to all citizens in
- 11 all regions of this state.
- 12 (4) The furnishing of health care services is an
- 13 essential public service.
- (5) The public has a right to know the financial 14
- 15 position of facilities and related organizations.
- 16 It is the purpose of this article to provide that the
- 17 facilities and organizations covered herein shall make a
- 18 public disclosure of their financial position and to bring
- about a review as to the reasonableness of the costs of 19
- health care services. 20

§16-5F-2. Definitions.

- As used in this article: 1
- (1) "Annual report" means an annual financial report 2
- for the covered facility's or related organization's fiscal 3

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- year prepared by an accountant or the covered facility's
 or related organization's auditor.
- 6 (2) "Board" means the West Virginia health care cost review authority.
- 8 (3) "Covered facility" means any hospital, skilled 9 nursing facility, kidney disease treatment center, including a free-standing hemodialysis unit; interme-10 diate care facility; ambulatory health care facility; 11 12 ambulatory surgical facility; home health agency; 13 rehabilitation facility; health maintenance organization; 14 or community mental health or mental retardation 15 facility, whether under public or private ownership or 16 as a profit or nonprofit organization and whether or not 17 licensed or required to be licensed in whole or in part 18 by the state.
 - (4) "Related organization" means an organization, whether publicly owned, nonprofit, tax-exempt, or for profit, related to a covered facility through common membership, governing bodies, trustees, officers, stock ownership, family members, partners or limited partners including, but not limited to, subsidiaries, foundations, related corporations and joint ventures. For the purposes of this subsection family members shall mean brothers and sisters whether by the whole or half blood, spouse, ancestors and lineal descendents.
- 29 (5) "Rates" means all rates, fees or charges imposed 30 by any covered facility for health care services.
- 31 (6) "Records" includes accounts, books, charts, con-32 tracts, documents, files, maps, papers, profiles, reports, 33 annual and otherwise, schedules and any other fiscal 34 data, however recorded or stored.

§16-5F-3. General powers and duties of the board regarding reporting and review.

- 1 (a) In addition to the powers granted to the board 2 elsewhere in this article, the board shall have the powers 3 as indicated by this section and it shall be its duty to:
- 4 (1) Promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-

- a of this code, to implement and make effective the powers, duties and responsibilities contained in the provisions of this article.
- 9 (2) Require the filing of fiscal information by covered 10 facilities and related organizations relating to any 11 matter affecting the cost of health care services in this 12 state.
- 13 (3) Exercise, subject to the limitations and restrictions 14 herein imposed, all other powers which are reasonably 15 necessary or essential to carry out the expressed 16 purposes of this article.

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- (4) Require the filing of copies of all tax returns required by federal and state law to be filed by covered facilities and related organizations.
- (b) The board shall also investigate and recommend to the Legislature whether other health care providers should be made subject to the provisions of this article.
- (c) The board shall, not later than December thirty-first of each year, prepare and transmit to the governor and to the clerks of both houses of the Legislature a report containing the material and data as required by section four of this article, based upon the most recent data available.

The board shall, no later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, prepare and transmit to the governor and to the clerks of both houses of the Legislature a special report containing the material and data collected on related organizations. The report shall further explain the effect of the financial activities of the related organizations as represented by the collected data and its relationship to the rate setting powers of the board specified in section nineteen, article twenty-nine-b of this chapter.

§16-5F-4. Reports required to be published and filed; form of reports; right of inspection.

1 (a) Every covered facility and related organization 2 defined in this article, within one hundred twenty days 3 after the end of each of their fiscal years, unless an

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- 4 extension be granted by the board for good cause shown. 5 shall be required to file with the board and publish, as 6 a Class I legal advertisement, pursuant to section two. 7 article three, chapter fifty-nine of the code of West 8 Virginia, in a qualified newspaper published within the 9 county within which such covered facility or related organization is located, an annual report prepared by 10 11 the covered facility's or related organization's auditor or 12 an independent accountant.
- Such report shall contain a complete statement of the following:
 - (1) Assets and liabilities;
- 16 (2) Income and expenses;
- 17 (3) Profit or loss for the period reported;
 - (4) A statement of ownership for persons owning more than five percent of the capital stock outstanding and the dividends paid thereon, if any, and to whom paid for the period reported unless the covered facility or related organization be duly registered on the New York stock exchange, American stock exchange, any regional stock exchange, or its stock traded actively over the counter. Such statement shall further contain a disclosure of ownership by any parent company or subsidiary, if applicable.

Such annual report shall also include a prominent notice that the details concerning the contents of the advertisement, together with the other reports, statements and schedules required to be filed with the board by the provisions of this section, shall be available for public inspection and copying at the board's office.

- (b) Every covered facility and related organization shall also file with the board the following statements, schedules or reports in such form and at such intervals as may be specified by the board, but at least annually:
- (1) A statement of services available and services rendered;
- 40 (2) A statement of the total financial needs of such covered facility or related organization and the resour-

ces available or expected to become available to meet such needs;

- (3) A complete schedule of such covered facility's or related organization's then current rates with costs allocated to each category of costs, in accordance with the rules and regulations as promulgated by the board pursuant to section three hereof;
- (4) A copy of such reports made or filed with the federal health care financing administration, or its successor, as the board may deem necessary or useful to accomplish the purposes of this article;
- (5) A statement of all charges, fees or salaries for goods or services rendered to the covered facility or related organization for the period reported which shall exceed in total the sum of fifty-five thousand dollars and a statement of all charges, fees or other sums collected by the covered facility or related organization for or on the account of any person, firm, partnership, corpora-tion or other entity, however structured, which shall exceed in total the sum of fifty-five thousand dollars during the period reported;
 - (6) Such other reports of the costs incurred in rendering services as the board may prescribe. The board may require the certification of specified financial reports by the covered facility's or related organization's auditor or independent accountant; and
- 68 (7) A copy of all tax returns required to be filed by 69 federal and state law.
 - (c) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary herein, any data or material that is furnished to the board pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (4), subsection (b) of this section need not be duplicated by any other requirements of this section requiring the filing of data and material.
 - (d) No report, statement, schedule or other filing required or permitted to be filed hereunder shall contain any medical or individual information personally identifiable to a patient or a consumer of health services, whether directly or indirectly. All such reports,

81 statements and schedules filed with the hoard under this 82 section shall be open to public inspection and shall be 83 available for examination during regular hours. Copies 84 of such reports shall be made available to the public 85 upon request and the board may establish fees reason-86 ably calculated to reimburse the board for its actual 87 costs in making copies of such reports: Provided, That 88 all tax returns filed pursuant to this article shall be 89 confidential and it shall be unlawful for the board or any 90 member of its staff to divulge or make known in any 91 manner the tax return, or any part thereof, of any covered facility or related organization. 92

- (e) Whenever further fiscal information is deemed necessary to verify the accuracy of any information set forth in any statement, schedule or report filed by a covered facility or related organization under the provisions of this article, the board shall have the authority to require the production of any records necessary to verify such information.
- (f) From time to time, the board shall engage in or carry out analyses and studies relating to health care costs, the financial status of any covered facility or related organization or any other appropriate related matters, and make determinations of whether, in its opinion, the rates charged by a covered facility are economically justified.

§16-5F-5. Injunctions.

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Whenever it appears that any covered facility or related organization, required to file or publish such reports, as provided in this article, has failed to file or publish such reports, the attorney general, upon the request of the board, may apply in the name of the state to, and the circuit court of the county in which such covered facility or related organization is located shall have jurisdiction for the granting of a mandatory injunction to compel compliance with the provisions of this article.

§16-5F-6. Failure to make, publish or distribute reports; penalty; appeal to supreme court of appeals.

Every covered facility and related organization failing to make and transmit to the board any of the reports

- 3 required by law or failing to publish or distribute the
- 4 reports as so required shall forthwith be notified by the
- board and, if such failure continues for ten days after 5
- receipt of said notice, such delinquent facility or 6
- 7 organization shall be subject to a penalty of one
- 8 thousand dollars for each day thereafter that such
- 9 failure continues, such penalty to be recovered by the
- board through the attorney general in a civil action and 10
- 11 paid into the state treasury to the account of the general
- fund. Review of any final judgment or order of the 12
- 13 circuit court shall be by appeal to the West Virginia
- 14 supreme court of appeals.

ARTICLE 29B. WEST VIRGINIA HEALTH CARE COST REVIEW AUTHORITY.

- §16-29B-3. Definitions.
- §16-29B-5. West Virginia health care cost review authority continued;

composition of the board; qualifications; terms; oath; compensation and expenses of members; vacancies; appoint-

- ment of chairman, and meetings of the board.
- §16-29B-6. Advisory council.
- §16-29B-7.
- §16-29B-8. Powers generally: budget expenses of the board.
- §16-29B-18. Hospital and related organizations' annual financial reporting.
- Additional legislative findings and directives. §16-29B-19a.
- §16-29B-20. Rate determination.

Staff.

- Procedure for obtaining initial rate schedule; adjustments and §16-29B-21. revisions of rate schedules.
- §16-29B-28. Termination date.

§16-29B-3. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless a different meaning 1
- 2 clearly appears from the context:
- (a) "Charges" means the economic value established 3
- for accounting purposes of the goods and services a 4
- hospital provides for all classes of purchasers; 5
- (b) "Class of purchaser" means a group of potential 6
- hospital patients with common characteristics affecting 7
- the way in which their hospital care is financed. 8
- Examples of classes of purchasers are medicare bene-9 ficiaries, welfare recipients, subscribers of corporations
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- established and operated pursuant to article twenty-11
- four, chapter thirty-three of this code, members of 12
- health maintenance organizations and other groups as 13

- 14 defined by the board;
 - (c) "Board" means the three member board of directors of the West Virginia health care cost review authority, an autonomous division within the state department of health;
 - (d) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership, corporation, facility or institution licensed, certified or authorized by law to provide professional health care service in this state to an individual during this individual's medical care, treatment or confinement;
 - (e) "Hospital" means a facility subject to licensure as such under the provisions of article five-b of this chapter and any acute care facility operated by the state government which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of physicians, diagnostic and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment and care of injured, disabled or sick persons, and does not include state mental health facilities or state long-term care facilities;
 - (f) "Person" means an individual, trust, estate, partnership, committee, corporation, association or other organization such as a joint stock company, estate or political subdivision or instrumentality thereof;
 - (g) "Purchaser" means a consumer of patient care services, a natural person who is directly or indirectly responsible for payment for such patient care services rendered by a hospital, but does not include third-party payors;
 - (h) "Rates" means all value given or money payable to hospitals for health care services, including fees, charges and cost reimbursements;
 - (i) "Records" means accounts, books and other data related to health care costs at health care facilities subject to the provisions of this article which do not include privileged medical information, individual personal data, confidential information, the disclosure of which is prohibited by other provisions of this code and the laws enacted by the federal government, and

- 53 information, the disclosure of which would be an 54 invasion of privacy;
- (j) "Third-party payor" means any natural person, person, corporation or government entity responsible for payment for patient care services rendered by hospitals; and
- 59 (k) "Related organization" means an organization, 60 whether publicly owned, nonprofit, tax-exempt or for profit, related to a hospital through common member-61 ship, governing bodies, trustees, officers, stock owner-62 ship, family members, partners or limited partners 63 64 including, but not limited to, subsidiaries, foundations, related corporations and joint ventures. For the pur-65 66 poses of this subsection family members shall mean 67 brothers and sisters, whether by the whole or half blood. 68 spouse, ancestors and lineal descendents.
- §16-29B-5. West Virginia health care cost review authority continued; composition of the board; qualifications; terms; oath; compensation and expenses of members; vacancies; appointment of chairman, and meetings of the board.

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- The "West Virginia Health Care Cost Review Authority," heretofore created as an autonomous division of the department of health, hereinafter referred to as the board, is hereby continued as an autonomous division of the department of health and human resources.
- 6 (a) The board shall consist of three members, appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of 7 the Senate. The board members shall be citizens and 8 9 residents of this state. No more than two of said board members may be members of the same political party. 10 11 One board member shall have a background in health 12 care finance or economics, one board member shall have previous employment experience in human services. 13 business administration or substantially related fields 14 and one board member shall be a consumer of health 15 services with a demonstrated interest in health care 16 17 issues.

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- (b) Each board member shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe to the oath provided by section five, article IV of the constitution of the state of West Virginia, which oath shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state. The governor shall designate one of the board members to serve as chairman at the governor's will and pleasure. The chairman shall be the chief administrative officer of the board. The governor may remove any board member only for incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality, malfeasance in office or violation of the provisions of this article. The governor shall appoint three board members, one for a term of two years, one for a term of four years and one for a term of six years, with all the terms beginning on the effective date of this article. All future appointments shall be for terms of six years, except that an appointment to fill a vacancy shall be for the unexpired term only.
- (c) No person while in the employ of, or holding any official relation to, any hospital subject to the provisions of this article, or who has any pecuniary interest therein. may serve as a member of the board or as an employee thereof. Nor may any such board member be a candidate for or hold public office or be a member of any political committee while acting as such board member: nor may any board member or employee of said board receive anything of value, either directly or indirectly, from any hospital subject to the provisions of this article. Should any of the board members become a candidate for any public office or for membership on any political committee, the governor shall remove said board member from the board and shall appoint a new board member to fill the vacancy created. No board member may accept employment with any hospital subject to the jurisdiction of the board within two years after said board member ceases to be a board member.
- (d) The concurrent judgment of two of the board members when in session as the board shall be deemed the action of the board. A vacancy in the board shall not affect the right or duty of the remaining board members to function as a board.

59 (e) In order to adequately compensate the chairman 60 of the board and other members of the board for 61 additional duties newly imposed by law and not 62 heretofore required by law, the annual salary of the 63 chairman of the board shall be fifty-five thousand dollars and the annual salary of the other board 64 65 members shall be thirty-six thousand five hundred 66 dollars: Provided. That effective the first day of July, 67 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the annual salary 68 of other board members shall be fifty-one thousand two hundred dollars. 69

§16-29B-6. Advisory council.

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There is created the West Virginia health care cost 2 review council, hereinafter referred to as the council.

- 3 (a) The council is composed of thirteen members. Five of the members shall be defined as government 4 members, those members being the secretary of the 5 department of health and human resources, the workers' 6 7 compensation commissioner or the successor to his or her duties and responsibilities, the director of the public 8 employees insurance agency, the commissioner of 9 insurance, and the director of the division of vocational 10 11 rehabilitation, or their respective designated represen-12 tatives. Eight members shall be defined as nongovern-13 ment members who shall be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall be 14 selected as follows: One representative of the health 15 insurance industry, one administrator of a small 16 17 hospital, one administrator of a large hospital, one physician, and four members who are consumers of 18 health services. When selecting the members who are 19 consumers of health services, in addition to other 20 factors, consideration shall be given to constituencies of 21 organized labor, major purchasers of health insurance, 22 and senior citizens. 23
 - (b) No more than five of the nongovernment members of the council may belong to the same political party, and at least two but no more than four may reside in the same congressional district. Selection of all nongovernment members of the council shall be made with due

29 diligence to ensure membership thereon by persons 30 representing all cultural, demographic, and ethnic 31 segments of the population of the state. Nongovernment 32 members of the council shall be appointed for terms of 33 three years each, except that of the members first 34 appointed, three members shall be appointed for terms 35 of one year, three members for terms of two years, and 36 two members for terms of three years. Members shall 37 be eligible for reappointment for a second three-year 38 term. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as 39 the original appointments for the duration of the unexpired term. The board shall appoint a chairman of 40 41 the council who shall serve at the will and pleasure of 42 the board.

(c) The presence of a majority of the members of the council shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The council shall elect from among its members a vice chairman and such other officers as are necessary. The council shall meet no less than four times during the calendar year, and additional meetings shall be held upon a call of the chairman or a majority of the members, or the board.

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- (d) The council shall serve as an advisory body to the board on the development of health care cost containment policy, strategies and methods, and shall review and from time to time make recommendations in regard thereto and on state-of-the-art concepts in health care policy at the national, state and local level and their application to the deliberations of the board. The council shall serve as a conduit for the collection and transmission of information to the board regarding the consequences of board policy upon health care cost containment and upon hospitals that are subject to the provisions of this article. The council shall serve as a means of coordinating health care cost containment policy among departments of state government. The council shall review decisions of the board and make public comments thereon as it sees fit.
- (e) In order to assist with the council's deliberations, the board's staff shall gather information on cost containment efforts, including, but not limited to, the

- provision of alternative delivery systems, prospective payment systems, alternative rate-making methods, and programs of consumer education. The council shall pay particular attention to the economic and health status impact of such efforts on purchasers or classes of purchasers, particularly the elderly and those on low or fixed incomes.
 - (f) The board staff shall further gather information on state-of-the-art advances in medical technology, the cost effectiveness of such advances and their impact on health care advances in hospital and health care management practices, and any other state-of-the-art concepts relating to health care cost containment, health care improvement or other issues the council finds relevant and directs staff to investigate. The board staff shall prepare and keep a register of such information and update it on an annual basis.
 - (g) The board shall consider any recommendations of the council regarding additions or modifications to the board's rate setting and cost containment responsibilities as well as other responsibilities under the board's purview.
 - (h) The council shall make its own report to the board, the governor and the Legislature within thirty days of the close of each fiscal year. This report shall include summaries of all meetings of the council and any public comments on board decisions, together with any suggestions and policy recommendations.
- 98 (i) Council members shall be reimbursed from the 99 board funds for sums necessary to carry out its 100 responsibilities and for reasonable travel expenses to 101 attend council meetings.

§16-29B-7. Staff.

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1 (a) The board may employ such persons as may be
2 necessary to effect the provisions of this article. The
3 board shall set the respective salaries or compensations
4 of all staff. Any person employed by the board other
5 than on a part-time basis shall devote full time to the
6 performance of his or her duties as such employee

- 7 during the regular working hours of the board.
- 8 (b) The board shall appoint general counsel who shall 9 act as legal counsel to the board. The general counsel 10 shall serve at the will and pleasure of the board:
- 11 (1) The general counsel may act to bring and to defend 12 actions on behalf of the board in the courts of the state 13 and in federal courts.
- 14 (2) In all adjudicative matters before the board, the 15 general counsel shall advise the board. The staff shall 16 represent itself in all such actions before the board.
- 17 (c) The board may contract with third parties, 18 including state agencies, for any services that may be 19 necessary to perform the duties imposed upon it by this 20 article where such contractual agreements will promote 21 economy, avoid duplication of effort or make the best use 22 of available expertise.
- 23 (d) The board shall identify which members of the 24 staff of the health care cost review authority shall be 25 exempted from the salary schedules or pay plan adopted 26 by the state personnel board, and further identify such 27 staff members by job classification or designation, 28 together with the salary or salary ranges for each such 29 job classification or designation. This information shall be filed by the board with the director of the division 30 of personnel no later than the first day of July, one 31 32 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and thereafter as 33 necessary.

§16-29B-8. Powers generally; budget expenses of the board.

- 1 (a) In addition to the powers granted to the board 2 elsewhere in this article, the board may:
- 3 (1) Adopt, amend and repeal necessary, appropriate
 4 and lawful policy guidelines, rules and regulations in
 5 accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of
 6 this code: *Provided*, That subsequent amendments and
 7 modifications to any rule promulgated pursuant to this
 8 article and not exempt from the provisions of article
 9 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code may be

10 implemented by emergency rule;

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- 12 (2) Hold public hearings, conduct investigations and 12 require the filing of information relating to matters 13 affecting the costs of services in hospitals subject to the 14 provisions of this article and may subpoena witnesses, 15 papers, records, documents and all other data in 16 connection therewith. The board may administer oaths 17 or affirmations in any hearing or investigation:
 - (3) Apply for, receive and accept gifts, payments and other funds and advances from the United States, the state or any other governmental body, agency or agencies or from any other private or public corporation or person (with the exception of hospitals subject to the provisions of this article, or associations representing them, doing business in the state of West Virginia. except in accordance with subsection (c) of this section). and enter into agreements with respect thereto, including the undertaking of studies, plans, demonstrations or projects. Any such gifts or payments that may be received or any such agreements that may be entered into shall be used or formulated only so as to pursue legitimate, lawful purposes of the board, and shall in no respect inure to the private benefit of a board member. staff member, donor or contracting party:
 - (4) Lease, rent, acquire, purchase, own, hold, construct, equip, maintain, operate, sell, encumber and assign rights or dispose of any property, real or personal, consistent with the objectives of the board as set forth in this article: *Provided*, That such acquisition or purchase of real property or construction of facilities shall be consistent with planning by the state building commissioner and subject to the approval of the Legislature;
 - (5) Contract and be contracted with and execute all instruments necessary or convenient in carrying out the board's functions and duties; and
 - (6) Exercise, subject to limitations or restrictions herein imposed, all other powers which are reasonably necessary or essential to effect the express objectives and purposes of this article.

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- (b) The board shall annually prepare a budget for the next fiscal year for submission to the governor and the Legislature which shall include all sums necessary to support the activities of the board and its staff.
 - (c) Each hospital subject to the provisions of this article shall be assessed by the board on a pro rata basis using the gross revenues of each hospital as reported under the authority of section eighteen of this article as the measure of the hospital's obligation. The amount of such fee shall be determined by the board except that in no case shall the hospital's obligation exceed one tenth of one percent of its gross revenue. Such fees shall be paid on or before the first day of July in each year and shall be paid into the state treasury and kept as a special revolving fund designated "health care cost review fund," with the moneys in such fund being expendable after appropriation by the Legislature for purposes consistent with this article. Any balance remaining in said fund at the end of any fiscal year shall not revert to the treasury, but shall remain in said fund and such moneys shall be expendable after appropriation by the Legislature in ensuing fiscal years.
 - (d) During the board's start-up period, before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, each hospital subject to the provisions of this article shall be assessed by the board on a pro rata basis using the gross revenues of each hospital as reported under the provisions of article five-f, chapter sixteen of this code. Within sixty days of passage of this article, the department of health shall notify each hospital of the amount of such fee, which in no case shall exceed one tenth of one percent of the gross revenue of each hospital, the total amount of which fees shall not in any event exceed five hundred thousand dollars during said start-up period. Such fees shall be paid into the aforementioned special fund in two equal installments, the first of which shall be paid on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, the second of which shall be paid on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four.
 - (e) Each hospital's assessment shall be treated as an

- 91 allowable expense by the board.
- 92 (f) The board is empowered to withhold rate approvals
- 93 if any such fees remain unpaid.

§16-29B-18. Hospital and related organizations' annual financial reporting.

- 1 (a) It shall be the duty of every hospital which comes
- 2 under the jurisdiction of this article to file with the
- 3 board the following financial statements or reports in a
- 4 form and at intervals specified by the board, but at least
- 5 annually:
- 6 (1) A balance sheet detailing the assets, liabilities and net worth of the hospital for its preceding fiscal year;
- 8 (2) A statement of income and expenses for the preceding fiscal year;
- 10 (3) A statement of services rendered and services available; and
- 12 (4) Such other reports as the board may prescribe.
- Where more than one licensed hospital is operated by
- 14 the reporting organization, the information required by
- this section shall be reported for each hospital separately.
- 17 (b) It shall be the duty of every related organization
- 18 to file with the board, within thirty days from the
- 19 effective date of this section, the following financial
- 20 statements or reports for each of its three prior fiscal
- 21 years:
- 22 (1) A balance sheet detailing the assets, liabilities and net worth of the related organization;
- 24 (2) A statement of income and expenses;
- 25 (3) A statement of cash flows; and
- 26 (4) Such other information as the board may 27 prescribe.
- After the initial filing of the financial information required by this subsection, every related organization
- 30 shall thereafter file annual financial reports with the

- 31 board in a form specified by the board.
- 32 (c) The annual financial statements filed pursuant to 33 this section shall be prepared in accordance with the 34 system of accounting and reporting adopted under section seventeen of this article. The board may require 35 attestations from responsible officials of the hospitals or 36 37 related organizations that such reports have to the best 38 of their knowledge been prepared truthfully and in 39 accordance with the prescribed system of accounting 40 and reporting.
- 41 (d) All reports filed under any provisions of this 42 article, except personal medical information personally 43 identifiable to a purchaser and any tax return, shall be 44 open to public inspection and shall be available for 45 examination at the offices of the board during regular 46 business hours.
- 47 (e) Whenever a further investigation is deemed 48 necessary or desirable to verify the accuracy of any 49 information set forth in any statement, schedule or 50 report filed by a hospital or related organization under 51 the provisions of this section, the board may require a 52 full or partial audit of the records of the hospital or 53 related organization.

§16-29B-19a. Additional legislative findings and directives.

1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that a cost-2 based rate review system is more effective in containing 3 the cost of acute care hospital services than a revenuebased system. Accordingly, the Legislature directs the 4 5 board to create a task force to advise the board on the 6 development of a methodology to implement a cost-based 7 rate review system. One member of the task force shall be designated by the governor, one member shall be 8 designated by the president of the Senate, one member 9 shall be designated by the speaker of the House of 10 Delegates, and six members of the task force shall be 11 appointed by the board. The board shall develop a cost-12 based rate review system and shall adopt regulations to 13 implement the cost-based rate review methodology by 14 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-15

two: Provided, That the board shall file a report with the governor, the president of the Senate, and the speaker of the House of Delegates by the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, which shall outline the status of the development of the cost-based rate review methodology. Regulations promul-gated by the board to implement the cost-based rate review system shall be exempt from the requirements of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Upon implementation of the regulations, the task force shall be dissolved.

The Legislature further directs the board to implement the utilization review and quality assurance program established by section twenty-three of this article.

The Legislature further finds and directs that the hospital cost containment methodology-phase one adopted by the board effective the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and approved by the Legislature effective the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, shall remain in effect during the development period of the cost based rate review system.

The Legislature further finds and declares that discounts to third-party payors by hospitals have contributed to cost shifting thereby increasing the cost of acute care hospital services to purchasers and other third-party payors. Accordingly, the Legislature directs that every hospital who contracts with a third-party payor for the payment of patient care services shall file with the board a copy of every contract in force on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. No third-party payor shall be entitled to a greater discount than the discount specified in any contract in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, unless a subsequent contract is approved by the board pursuant to the provisions of section twenty of this article.

The Legislature further directs the board to examine the problems associated with health care costs in this

56 state, including those associated with discount contracts 57 and the shifting of costs, and file a report with the 58 governor, the president of the Senate, and the speaker of House of Delegates on or before the first day of 59 60 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, which outlines the problems and which includes recommenda-61 62 tions for legislative action to resolve the problems 63 identified. This report shall include a separate exami-64 nation of those problems associated with hospitals 65 located within twenty miles of the borders of this state and separate recommendations on resolving those 66 67 problems.

§16-29B-20. Rate determination.

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- 1 (a) Upon commencement of review activities, no rates
 2 may be approved by the board nor payment be made
 3 for services provided by hospitals under the jurisdiction
 4 of the board by any purchaser or third-party payor to
 5 or on behalf of any purchaser or class of purchasers
 6 unless:
 - (1) The costs of the hospital's services are reasonably related to the services provided and the rates are reasonably related to the costs;
 - (2) The rates are equitably established among all purchasers or classes of purchasers within a hospital without discrimination unless federal or state statutes or regulations conflict with this requirement. On and after the effective date of this section, a summary of every proposed contract for the payment of patient care services between a purchaser or third-party payor and a hospital shall be filed by the hospital with its rate application for review by the board. No contract for the payment of patient care services between a purchaser or third-party payor and a hospital which establishes discounts to the purchaser or third-party payor shall take effect until it is approved by the board. The board shall approve or deny the proposed contract within the overall rate review period established in section twentyone of this article. No discount shall be approved by the board which constitutes an amount below the actual cost to the hospital.

The hospital shall demonstrate to the board that the cost of any discount contained in the contract will not be shifted to any other purchaser or third-party payor. The hospital shall further demonstrate that the discount will not result in a decrease in its proportion of medicare, medicaid or uncompensated care patients. In addition, the hospital shall demonstrate to the board that the discount is based upon criteria which consti-tutes a quantifiable economic benefit to the hospital. All information submitted to the board shall be certified by the hospital administrator as to its accuracy and truthfulness:

- (3) The rates of payment for medicaid are reasonable and adequate to meet the costs which must be incurred by efficiently and economically operated hospitals subject to the provisions of this article. The rates shall take into account the situation of hospitals which serve disproportionate numbers of low income patients and assure that individuals eligible for medicaid have reasonable access, taking into account geographic location and reasonable travel time, to inpatient hospital services of adequate quality:
- (4) The rates are equitable in comparison to prevailing rates for similar services in similar hospitals as determined by the board; and
- (5) In no event shall a hospital's receipt of emergency disaster funds from the federal government be included in such hospital's gross revenues for either rate-setting or assessment purposes.
- (b) In the interest of promoting efficient and appropriate utilization of hospital services, the board shall review and make findings on the appropriateness of projected gross revenues for a hospital as such revenues relate to charges for services and anticipated incidence of service. The board shall further render a decision as to the amount of net revenue over expenditures that is appropriate for the effective operation of the hospital.
- (c) When applying the criteria set forth above, the board shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, the following: The economic factors in the

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hospital's area; the hospital's efforts to share services: the hospital's efforts to employ less costly alternatives for delivering substantially similar services or produc-ing substantially similar or better results in terms of the health status of those served; the efficiency of the hospital as to cost and delivery of health care; the quality of care; occupancy level; a fair return on invested capital, not otherwise compensated for: whether the hospital is operated for profit or not for profit; costs of education; and income from any invest-ments and assets not associated with patient care. including, but not limited to, parking garages, residen-ces, office buildings, and income from related organiza-tions and restricted funds whether or not so associated.

- (d) Wages, salaries and benefits paid to or on behalf of nonsupervisory employees of hospitals subject to this article shall not be subject to review unless the board first determines that such wages, salaries and benefits may be unreasonably or uncustomarily high or low. Said exemption does not apply to accounting and reporting requirements contained in this article, nor to any that may be established by the board. "Nonsupervisory personnel," for the purposes of this section, means, but is not limited to, employees of hospitals subject to the provisions of this article who are paid on an hourly basis.
- (e) Reimbursement of capital and operating costs for new services and capital projects subject to article two-d of this chapter shall not be allowed by the board if such costs were incurred subsequent to the eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, unless they were exempt from review or approved by the state health planning and development agency prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, pursuant to the provisions of article two-d of this chapter.
- (f) The board shall consult with relevant licensing agencies and may require them to provide written findings with regard to their statutory functions and information obtained by them in the pursuit of those functions. Any licensing agency empowered to suggest

- or mandate changes in buildings or operations of hospitals shall give notice to the board together with any findings.
- 112 (g) Rates shall be set by the board in advance of the 113 year during which they apply except for the procedure 114 set forth in subsection (c), section twenty-one of this 115 article and shall not be adjusted for costs actually 116 incurred.
- 117 (h) All determinations, orders and decisions of the 118 board with respect to rates and revenues shall be 119 prospective in nature.
- (i) No hospital may charge for services at rates in excess of those established in accordance with the requirements of and procedures set forth in this article.
- 123 (j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, 124 the board shall approve all requests for rate increases 125 by hospitals which are licensed for one hundred beds or 126 less and which are not located in a standard metropol-127 itan statistical area where the rate of increase is equal 128 to or less than the lowest rate of inflation as established 129 by a recognized inflation index for either the national 130 or regional hospital industry. The board may, by 131 regulation, impose reporting requirements to ensure 132 that a hospital does not exceed the rate of increases 133 permitted herein.
- (k) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the board shall develop an expedited review process applicable to all hospitals licensed for more than one hundred beds or that are located in a standard metropolitan statistical area for rate increase requests which may be based upon a recognized inflation index for the national or regional hospital industry.

§16-29B-21. Procedure for obtaining initial rate schedule; adjustments and revisions of rate schedules.

1 (a) No hospital subject to this article may change or 2 amend its schedule of rates except in accordance with 3 the following procedures:

- 4 (1) Any request for a change in rate schedules or other 5 changes must be filed in writing to the board with such 6 supporting data as the hospital seeking to change its 7 rates considers appropriate, in the form prescribed by 8 the board. Upon receipt of notice, the board, if it 9 considers necessary, may hold a public hearing on the proposed change. Such hearing shall be held no later 10 11 than forty-five days after receipt of the notice. The 12 review of the proposed change may not exceed an overall period of one hundred eighty days from the date of filing 13 14 to the date of the board's order. If the board fails to 15 complete its review of the proposed change within the 16 time period specified for the review, the proposed 17 change shall be deemed to have been approved by the 18 board. Any proposed change shall go into effect upon the 19 date specified in the order. The review period is 20 complete upon the date of the board's final order 21 notwithstanding an appeal of the order to the agency of 22 the state designated by the governor, a circuit court, or the supreme court of appeals by an affected party: 23
 - (2) Each hospital shall establish, in a written report which shall be incorporated into each proposed rate application, that it has thoroughly investigated and considered:

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- (A) The economic and social impact of any proposed rate increase, or service decrease, on hospital cost containment and upon health care purchasers, including classes of purchasers, such as the elderly and low and fixed income persons;
- (B) State-of-the-art advances in health care cost containment, hospital management and rate design, as alternatives to or in mitigation of any rate increase, or service decrease, which report shall describe the state-of-the-art advances considered and shall contain specific findings as to each consideration, including the reasons for adoption or rejection of each;
- (C) Implementation of cost control systems, including the elimination of unnecessary or duplicative facilities and services, promotion of alternative forms of care, and other cost control mechanisms;

44 (D) Initiatives to create alternative delivery systems; 45 and

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- (E) Efforts to encourage third-party payors, including, but not limited to, insurers, health service, care and maintenance organizations, to control costs, including a combination of education, persuasion, financial incentives and disincentives to control costs:
- (3) In the event the board modifies the request of a hospital for a change in its rates so that the hospital obtains only a partial increase in its rate schedule, the hospital shall have the right to accept the benefits of the partial increase in rates and charge its purchasers accordingly without in any way adversely affecting or waiving its right to appeal that portion of the decision and order of the board which denied the remainder of the requested rate increase.
- (b) The board shall allow a temporary change in a hospital's rates which may be effective immediately upon filing and in advance of review procedures when 63 a hospital files a verified claim that such temporary rate 64 changes are in the public interest, and are necessary to 65 prevent insolvency, to maintain accreditation or for 66 emergency repairs or to relieve undue financial hard-67 ship. The verified claim shall state the facts supporting 68 the hospital's position, the amount of increase in rates 69 required to alleviate the situation, and shall summarize 70 the overall effect of the rate increase. The claim shall be verified by either the chairman of the hospital's 72 governing body or by the chief executive officer of the 73 hospital.
 - (c) Following receipt of the verified claim for temporary relief, the board shall review the claim through its usual procedures and standards; however, this power of review does not affect the hospital's ability to place the temporary rate increase into effect immediately. The review of the hospital's claim shall be for a permanent rate increase and the board may include such other factual information in the review as may be necessary for a permanent rate increase review. As a result of its findings from the permanent review, the board may

- allow the temporary rate increase to become permanent, to deny any increase at all, to allow a lesser increase, or to allow a greater increase.
- 87 (d) When any change affecting an increase in rates 88 goes into effect before a final order is entered in the 89 proceedings, for whatever reasons, where it deems it 90 necessary and practicable, the board may order the 91 hospital to keep a detailed and accurate account of all 92 amounts received by reason of the increase in rates and 93 the purchasers and third-party payors from whom such 94 amounts were received. At the conclusion of any 95 hearing, appeal or other proceeding, the board may 96 order the hospital to refund with interest to each 97 affected purchaser and/or third-party payor any part of 98 the increase in rates that may be held to be excessive 99 or unreasonable. In the event a refund is not practicable. 100 the hospital shall, under appropriate terms and condi-101 tions determined by the board, charge over and amor-102 tize by means of a temporary decrease in rates whatever 103 income is realized from that portion of the increase in rates which was subsequently held to be excessive or 104 105 unreasonable.
- 106 (e) The board, upon a determination that a hospital 107 has overcharged purchasers or charged purchasers at 108 rates not approved by the board or charged rates which 109 were subsequently held to be excessive or unreasonable, 110 may prescribe rebates to purchasers and third-party 111 payors in effect by the aggregate total of the overcharge.
- 112 (f) The board may open a proceeding against any 113 hospital at any time with regard to compliance with 114 rates approved and the efficiency and effectiveness of 115 the care being rendered in the hospital.

§16-29B-28. Termination date.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the health care cost review authority shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, to allow for a completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.

CHAPTER 79

(H. B. 2929—By Delegates Rutledge and Williams)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two-g, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to changing the name of the division of health to the bureau of public health and the director of health to the commissioner of public health; and permit funding of a special funds account.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two-g, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2G. SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTARY FOOD PROGRAM FOR WOMEN, INFANTS AND CHILDREN (WIC).

§16-2G-1. Voucher or coupon redemption and payment.

- 1 With respect to the vouchers or coupons or drafts
- 2 authorized by the bureau of public health in the
- 3 administration of the special supplementary food
- 4 program for women, infants and children, commonly
- 5 known as the WIC program, under the auspices and
- 6 guidelines of the United States department of agricul-
- 7 ture, such vouchers or coupons or drafts, when received
- 8 by a vendor from a holder thereof in exchange for food,
- 9 food stuffs, or authorized goods or services, may be
- 10 deposited by the vendor in any federally insured bank
- in this state for collection and payment thereof, and such
- 12 bank shall accept the same as equivalent to a negotiable
- 13 instrument from a holder in due course pursuant to
- 14 chapter forty-six of this code, and shall collect the funds
- 15 for such vouchers or coupons so received.
- 16 All moneys received from the United States depart-
- 17 ment of agriculture under the WIC program, except for
- 18 moneys to be used for administration, shall be deposited
- 19 by the commissioner of the bureau of public health in

a special account in a federally insured bank in this state, and notwithstanding other provisions of this code to the contrary, this special account may be funded by the commissioner of the bureau of public health as a special advance payment imprest funds account to be reconciled at least annually by the state treasurer from which said bank can daily make required wire transfers to pay each day's presentments of vouchers or coupons or drafts. The commissioner of the bureau of public health shall select the bank by competitive bidding in the same manner as the state treasurer selects depository banks for state funds, subject to applicable federal laws or regulations governing such selection.

The provisions of this section enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine shall take effect on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety, except that the commissioner shall commence procedures for the selection of the bank and for implementation of the other provisions of this section upon the passage hereof.

Nothing in this section shall make such vouchers or coupons or drafts negotiable instruments for any purpose other than expressly set forth herein or as permitted by applicable federal laws or regulations.

CHAPTER 80

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2616-By Delegates Spencer and Kessel)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve-a, article five, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to registration of newborn infants and minors with a hearing impairment or with risk of developing a hearing impairment; requiring that such information be recorded and reported to the commission on the hearing impaired on forms provided by the commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve-a, article five, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. VITAL STATISTICS.

- §16-5-12a. Registration of infants born with specified birth defects; requiring physician or midwife to check for defects, registration of minors with previously undiagnosed birth defects: form for reporting birth defects to be provided by and filed with registrar of vital statistics; confidentiality; exceptions; parental consent to subsequent reporting to various agencies; form for hearing impairment to be provided by and filed with commission on hearing impaired; definitions: registration of infants born with hearing impairments or risk of hearing impairment; registration of minors with previously undiagnosed hearing impairments.
 - 1 (a) When a live birth occurs, the physician or midwife 2 in attendance at, or present immediately after, the birth 3 shall examine the infant for any of the following birth 4 defects:
 - 5 (1) Anencephaly;
 - 6 (2) Spina bifida;
 - 7 (3) Hydrocephaly;
 - 8 (4) Cleft palate;
 - 9 (5) Total cleft lip;
 - 10 (6) Esophageal atresia and atenosis;
 - 11 (7) Rectal and anal atresia;
 - 12 (8) Hypospadias;

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- 13 (9) Reduction and deformity — upper limb;
- 14 (10) Reduction and deformity - lower limb:
- 15 (11) Congenital dislocation of the hip:
- 16 (12) Down's syndrome:
- 17 (13) Visual impairments; and
- (14) Others as may be requested by the director of 18 19 health.
- 20 (b) If any such impairment is found in an infant. and/or if such impairment is found in any subsequent examination of any minor which has not been previously diagnosed, the examining physician, midwife or other health care provider licensed under chapter thirty of the code shall within thirty days of the examination make a report of the diagnosis to the state registrar of vital statistics on forms provided by the state registrar of vital statistics. The report shall include the name of the child, the name or names of the parents or parent or guardian and a description of the impairment.
- (c) The information received by the state registrar 32 pursuant to this section pertaining to the identity of the 33 persons named shall be kept confidential: Provided. That if consent of the parents, or if only one of the parents exists, of the parent, or of the guardian is obtained, the registrar may provide such information to the division of health, the division of human resources. the department of education, the division of vocational rehabilitation, and the school for the deaf and the blind so that such information can be utilized to provide assistance or services for the benefit of the child.
 - (d) The commission on the hearing impaired as provided for in section one, article fourteen, chapter five of this code shall develop and provide a form, to every physician or midwife attending a birth or providing medical care to a newborn infant, which assists the physician or midwife in collecting information from the

- 48 infant's family about the infant's potential for a hearing 49 impairment. The form shall identify an infant with a hearing impairment or at risk of developing a hearing 50 51 impairment. For purposes of this section, an infant with 52 a hearing impairment is a child at birth with a 53 significant hearing loss which prevents the acquisition 54 of speech and language through normal channels. An 55 infant at risk of being hearing impaired is a child at 56 birth who is at a higher risk than normal of being 57 hearing impaired due to one or more of the following 58 factors present at birth:
- 59 (1) Family history of a congenital hearing loss;
- 60 (2) Rubella or virus during pregnancy;
- 61 (3) Congenital ear, nose or throat anomalies;
- 62 (4) Below normal birth weight;
- 63 (5) Abnormal level of jaundice;
- 64 (6) Anoxia or apnea; and
- 65 (7) A low APGAR score derived from the evaluation 66 of the infant's color, muscle tone, reflexes, pulse rate and 67 respiration.
- 68 (e) If any such hearing impairment or risk of hearing 69 impairment is found in an infant, and/or if such 70 impairment or risk of hearing impairment is found in 71 any subsequent examination of any minor which has not 72 been previously diagnosed, the examining physician, midwife shall within thirty days of the examination 73 make a report of the diagnosis to the commission on the 74 hearing impaired on the forms provided by the commis-75 sion on the hearing impaired. The report shall include 76 the name of the child, the name or names of the parents 77 or parent or guardian and a description of the hearing 78 impairment or of the risk of hearing impairment. 79

CHAPTER 81

(S. B. 391—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article five-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the state continuum of care services for elderly, impaired and terminally ill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- §1. Repeal of article relating to the coordination of continuum of care for the elderly, impaired and terminally ill.
 - 1 Article five-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West
 - 2 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
 - 3 amended, is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 82

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 104—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, Holliday, M. Manchin, Pritt, Wehrle, Blatnik, Humphreys and Lucht)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-k, relating to the provision of early intervention services for infants and toddlers with or at risk of having a developmental delay; setting forth findings and purpose; designating the department of health and human resources as the coordinating agency and setting forth the department's responsibilities; defining certain terms; establishing a coordinating council; and setting forth the council's responsibilities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-k, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5K. EARLY INTERVENTION SERVICES FOR CHIL-DREN WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DELAYS.

- §16-5K-1. Legislative findings and statement of purpose.
- §16-5K-2. Definitions.
- §16-5K-3. Responsibilities of the department of health and human resources.
- §16-5K-4. Interagency coordinating council.
- §16-5K-5. Provision of early intervention services.

§16-5K-1. Legislative findings and statement of purpose.

- The Legislature hereby finds and declares that early 1
- 2 intervention services for children who are developmen-
- 3 tally delayed is essential in helping to maximize each
- 4 child's potential and is in the best interest of the state.
- 5 These early intervention services will reduce future
- 6 educational costs, minimize the likelihood of having to
- 7 provide institutional care and enhance the capacity of
- 8 families to meet the special needs of the children. In
- 9 order to meet this important need, a statewide compre-
- 10 hensive, coordinated, interagency program of early
- 11 intervention services is required for children and the
- 12 families of children from birth to thirty-six months of
- 13 age who are developmentally delayed. By facilitating
- 14 coordination of payment for early intervention services
- 15 from various public and private sources, enhancing the
- 16 capacity to provide quality early intervention services,
- 17 and expanding and improving existing services, the
- interagency program will ensure that children who are 18
- 19 developmentally delayed will receive necessary services
- 20 which are cost effective.

§16-5K-2. Definitions.

- Unless the context clearly otherwise indicates, as used 1
- 2 in this article:
- (a) "Cabinet" means the governor's cabinet on children 3
- and families. 4
- (b) "Council" means the governor's early intervention 5
- interagency coordinating council. 6

- 7 (c) "Department" means the department of health and human resources.
- 9 (d) "Early intervention services" means developmental services which:
 - (1) Are designed to meet the developmental needs of developmentally delayed infants and toddlers and the needs of the family related to enhancing the child's development;
 - (2) Are selected in collaboration with the parents;
 - (3) Are provided under public supervision in conformity with an individualized family service plan, and at no cost to families;
 - (4) Meet the state's early intervention standards, as established by the department of health and human resources with the assistance of the governor's early intervention interagency coordinating council;
 - (5) Include audiology case management, family training, counseling and home visits, health services necessary to enable a child to benefit from other early intervention services, medical services only for diagnostic or evaluation purposes, nursing services, nutrition services, occupational therapy, physical therapy, psychological services, social work services, special instruction, speech-language pathology and transportation; and
 - (6) Are provided by licensed or otherwise qualified personnel, including audiologists, nurses, nutritionists, occupational therapists, physical therapists, physicians, psychologists, social workers, special educators, speechlanguage pathologists and paraprofessionals appropriately trained and supervised.
 - (e) "Infants and toddlers with developmental delay" means children from birth to thirty-six months of age who need early intervention services for any of the following reasons:
 - (1) They are experiencing developmental delays, as measured by appropriate diagnostic instruments and procedures, in one or more of the following areas: Cognitive development, physical development, language

- and speech development, psycho-social development or self-help skills; or
- 47 (2) They have a diagnosed physical or mental condi-48 tion that has a high probability of resulting in develop-49 mental delay.

§16-5K-3. Responsibilities of the department of health and human resources.

- 1 (a) The department of health and human resources is 2 the administering agency for the development of a 3 statewide, comprehensive, coordinated, interagency 4 system of early intervention services.
- (b) Consistent with the provisions of Public Law 99457, as enacted by the Congress of the United States,
 the department has the following responsibilities:
- 8 (1) To carry out the general administration, supervision and monitoring of early intervention programs and activities;
- 11 (2) To resolve complaints regarding the requirements 12 of Public Law 99-457;
- 13 (3) To identify and coordinate all available resources 14 within the state from federal, state, local and private 15 sources;
- 16 (4) To enter into formal interagency agreements with other state agencies involved in early intervention; and
- 18 (5) To resolve intraagency and interagency disputes 19 and to ensure that early intervention services are 20 provided in a timely manner pending the resolution of 21 such disputes.
 - (c) The department may adopt rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this article.

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24 (d) The department of health and human resources 25 and the department of education shall enter into a 26 formal interagency agreement regarding early interven-27 tion services. The agreement shall define the financial 28 responsibility of each agency, describe the transition of 29 services to children and their families between service 30 systems, and establish procedures for resolving disputes.

§16-5K-4. Interagency coordinating council.

- 1 (a) The governor's early intervention interagency coordinating council is hereby established. The council is composed of fifteen members appointed by the governor with additional ex officio members representing specific agencies serving infants and toddlers with developmental delays.
- 7 (b) The membership of the council shall consist of the 8 following:
- 9 (1) At least three parents of children, ages birth 10 through six years of age, who have developmental 11 delays;
- 12 (2) At least three persons, representative of the public or private service providers;
- 14 (3) At least one member of the House of Delegates 15 recommended by the speaker of the House of Delegates 16 and one member of the Senate recommended by the 17 Senate president;
- 18 (4) At least one person from higher education involved 19 in training individuals to provide services under this 20 article; and
- 21 (5) A representative of each of the agencies involved 22 in the provision of or payment for early intervention 23 services to infants and toddlers with developmental 24 delays and their families.
- 25 (c) The council shall meet at least quarterly and in such place as it considers necessary.
- 27 (d) The council is responsible for the following 28 functions:
- 29 (1) To advise and assist the department of health and 30 human resources in the development and implementation of early intervention policies;
- 32 (2) To assist the department in achieving the full 33 participation of all relevant state agencies and 34 programs;
- 35 (3) To collaborate with the governor's cabinet on

- 36 children and families in the coordination of early 37 intervention services with other programs and services
- 38 for children and families;
- 39 (4) To assist the department in the effective implemen-40 tation of a statewide system of early intervention 41 services:
- 42 (5) To assist the department in the resolution of 43 disputes;
- 44 (6) To advise and assist the department in the 45 preparation of grant applications; and
- 46 (7) To prepare and submit an annual report to the 47 governor, the Legislature and the United States secre-48 tary of education on the status of early intervention 49 programs within the state.

§16-5K-5. Provision of early intervention services.

- 1 (a) The department may enter into contracts with 2 public or private providers of early intervention services 3 who meet state early intervention standards.
- 4 (b) Within available resources, as determined by the 5 department, appropriate early intervention services 6 shall be made available to eligible children and their 6 families.

CHAPTER 83

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2582—By Delegates P. White and S. Cook)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-l, relating to creating a state long-term care ombudsman program within the commission on aging; short title; legislative purpose; definitions; employment of a state long-term care ombudsman, qualifications and duties; creation of regional long-term care ombudsman programs; employment of regional long-term care

ombudsmen, qualifications and duties: creation of longterm care ombudsman volunteer programs; qualifications of ombudsman volunteers; duties; training and certification of long-term care ombudsman volunteers: investigation of complaints, including administrative and legal actions: access to long-term care facilities: access to records; subpoena powers; cooperation among government departments or agencies: confidentiality of investigations: limitations on liability for good faith actions of ombudsmen and persons assisting ombudsmen and for long-term care facilities for the actions of ombudsman and good faith actions of employees assisting ombudsmen; availability of legal counsel; penalties for willful interference, retaliatory actions; facility posting of long-term care ombudsman program information; funding; promulgation of rules; severability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-1, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5L. LONG-TERM CARE OMBUDSMAN PROGRAM.

§16-5L-1.	Short title.
§16-5L-2.	Legislative purpose.
§16-5L-3.	Definitions.
§16-5L-4.	Creation of the state long-term care ombudsman program.
§16-5L-5.	State long-term care ombudsman; qualifications; duties.
§16-5L-6.	Establishment of regional long-term care ombudsman programs.
§16-5L-7.	Regional long-term care ombudsmen; qualifications; duties; training; certification.
§16-5L-8.	Long-term care ombudsman volunteers; qualifications; duties.
§16-5L-9.	Long-term care ombudsman volunteer training and certification.
§16-5L-10.	Investigation of complaints.
§16-5L-11.	Access to long-term care facilities.
§16-5L-12.	Access to records.
§16-5L-13.	Subpoena powers.
§16-5L-14.	Cooperation among government departments or agencies.
§16-5L-15.	Confidentiality of investigations.
§16-5L-16.	Limitations on liability.
§16-5L-17.	Availability of legal counsel.
§16-5L-18.	Willful interference; retaliation; penalties.
§16-5L-19.	Facility posting of long-term care ombudsman program informa-

tion.

- §16-5L-20. Funding for long-term care ombudsman programs.
- §16-5L-21. Promulgation of rules.
- §16-5L-22. Severability.

§16-5L-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be known and cited as the "West
- 2 Virginia Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program Act."

§16-5L-2. Legislative purpose.

- 1 The Legislature recognizes that the state commission
- 2 on aging, as set forth in article fourteen, chapter twenty-
- 3 nine of this code, pursuant to a grant from the federal
- 4 government, has established a West Virginia long-term
- 5 care ombudsman program. The Legislature declares
- 6 that it is the public policy of this state to encourage
- 7 community contact and involvement with residents of
- 8 long-term care facilities. The Legislature finds that in
- 9 order to comply with the federal Older Americans Act
- 10 of 1965, as amended, and to effectively assist residents
- 11 of long-term care facilities in the assertion of their civil
- 12 and human rights, the structure, powers and duties of
- 13 the West Virginia long-term care ombudsman program
- 14 shall be herein defined under this article.

§16-5L-3. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context:
- 3 (a) "Government agency" means any department, 4 division, office, bureau, board, commission, council,
- 5 authority, or any other agency or instrumentality
- 6 created by the state or political subdivision thereof or
- 7 to which the state is a party or by any county or
- 8 municipality which is responsible for the regulation,
- 9 visitation, inspection, or supervision of long-term care
- 10 facilities or which provides services to residents or long-
- 11 term care facilities;
- 12 (b) "Long-term care facility" means any nursing
- 13 home, personal care home, or residential board and care
- home as defined in section two, article five-c of this chapter; nursing homes operated by the federal govern-
- ment or the state government; extended care facilities
- 17 operated in connection with hospitals; and any similar

- institution, residence or place, or any part or unit thereof, however named, in this state which is adver-tised, offered, maintained or operated by the ownership or management for consideration, for the express and implied purpose of providing accommodations and care or personal assistance to one or more persons who are ill or otherwise incapacitated or are dependent upon the services of others by reasons of physical or mental impairment and who are not related within the degree of consanguinity of second cousin to the owner or manager of the institution, residence or place;
 - (c) "Long-term care ombudsman volunteer" or "ombudsman volunteer" means any uncompensated individual who performs the duties enumerated under section eight of this article: *Provided*, That the individual has received appropriate certification as set forth in section nine of this article;
 - (d) "Personal assistance" means personal services, including, but not limited to, the following: Help in walking, bathing, dressing, feeding or getting in or out of bed, or supervision required because of the age or mental impairment of the resident;
 - (e) "Regional long-term care ombudsman" means any paid staff of a designated regional long-term care ombudsman program who has obtained appropriate certification from the state commission on aging and meets the qualifications set forth in section seven of this article:
 - (f) "Resident" means an individual living in a nursing home, personal care home, a residential board and care home, or any long-term care facility as defined in subsection (b) of this section, or who has lived in such a setting, or who has made application to live in such a setting: *Provided*, That nothing in this article shall be construed to give a long-term care ombudsman the right to obtain the waiting list of a long-term care facility;
 - (g) "State long-term care ombudsman" means an individual who meets the qualifications of section five of this article and who is employed by the state commission on aging to implement the state long-term

- 58 care ombudsman program as set forth in this article; 59 and
- 60 (h) "Guardian" means a person lawfully invested with 61 the power and charged with the duty of taking care of 62 another person and managing the property and rights 63 of another person who for some peculiarity of status or 64 defect of age, understanding or self control is considered 65 incapable of administering his or her own affairs, to 66 include committees or other references under the code.

§16-5L-4. Creation of the state long-term care ombudsman program.

There is hereby created within the state commission on aging, as set forth in article fourteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code, the West Virginia long-term care ombudsman program, pursuant to the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended.

§16-5L-5. State long-term care ombudsman; qualifications; duties.

(a) The state commission on aging shall employ a state 1 2 long-term care ombudsman to effect the purposes of this 3 article. The state long-term care ombudsman shall have at least a master's degree in gerontology, social work, 4 health or a related field and shall have demonstrated 5 experience in one of the following areas: (1) The field 6 7 of aging; (2) health care; (3) community programs; (4) long-term care issues; (5) working with health care 8 providers; (6) working with an involvement in volunteer 9 programs; and (7) administrative and managerial 10 11 experience. In lieu of the above educational and experience qualifications, the state long-term care 12 ombudsman shall have a four-year degree in gerontol-13 ogy, social work, health or a related field, plus five years 14 of full-time equivalent experience in gerontology, social 15 work, health or a related field. The state long-term care 16 ombudsman shall participate in ongoing training 17 programs related to his or her duties or responsibilities. 18 The state long-term care ombudsman shall not have 19 been employed within the past two years prior to the 20 date of his or her employment under this section by a 21 long-term care facility, or by any association of long-22 term care facilities, or by any organization or corpora-23

tion that directly or indirectly regulates, owns, or operates a long-term care facility.

- (b) Neither the state long-term care ombudsman nor any member of his or her immediate family shall have, or have had within the two years preceding his or her employment under this section, any pecuniary interest in the provision of long-term care. For the purposes of this section, the term "immediate family" shall mean the spouse, children, natural mother, natural father, natural brothers or natural sisters of the state long-term care ombudsman.
- (c) The duties of the state long-term care ombudsman shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (1) Establishing a mandatory statewide procedure to receive, investigate, and resolve complaints filed on behalf of a resident, or filed on the state or regional long-term care ombudsman's own initiative on behalf of residents, relating to action, inaction or decisions of providers of long-term care services, or the representatives of such providers, of public agencies, or of social service agencies, which may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare and rights of such residents;
- (2) Monitoring the development and implementation of federal, state and local legislation, regulations and policies with respect to long-term care facilities;
- 49 (3) Advocating for the rights of residents in long-term care facilities;
 - (4) Establishing a mandatory statewide training program and certification procedures for regional long-term care ombudsmen, excluding clerical staff, which shall include training in the following areas: (i) The review of medical records; (ii) regulatory requirements for long-term care facilities; (iii) confidentiality of records; (iv) techniques of complaint investigation; (v) the effects of institutionalization; and (vi) the special needs of the elderly;
 - (5) Establishing and maintaining a statewide uniform reporting system to collect and analyze data relating to complaints and conditions in long-term care facilities for

- the purpose of identifying and resolving significant problems faced by residents as a class. Such data shall be submitted to the office of health facility licensure and certification of the department of health and human resources on a regular basis:
- (6) Promulgating mandatory statewide rules, regula-68 69 tions and training related to the use of long-term care 70 ombudsman volunteers in the program, including 71 procedures to assure that the responsibility and author-72 ity of ombudsman volunteers shall be restricted to 73 activities which do not involve access to confidential 74 resident or facility records, which do not involve complaint investigation other than information gather-75 76 ing to ascertain the nature and facts of a complaint, and which do not involve the initiation or pursuit of legal 77 78 proceedings, actions or remedies; and
- 79 (7) Other duties as mandated by the Older Americans 80 Act of 1965, as amended.

§16-5L-6. Establishment of regional long-term care ombudsman programs.

- 1 (a) The state commission on aging shall designate and 2 maintain regional long-term care ombudsman programs 3 encompassing all planning and development areas of the state under the direction of the state long-term care 4 5 ombudsman. Any regional long-term care ombudsman 6 program so designated and maintained shall be a 7 representative of the state long-term care ombudsman 8 program.
- (b) In order to be so designated, a regional long-term 9 10 care ombudsman program shall meet the following requirements: (1) It shall have no pecuniary, licensing, 11 or organizational interest with long-term care facilities 12 or an association thereof; and (2) it shall (i) maintain a 13 private, nonprofit status as defined under the Internal 14 Revenue Code of 1986, or (ii) function as a local or 15 regional government agency. 16

§16-5L-7. Regional long-term care ombudsmen; qualifications; duties; training; certification.

1 (a) Each regional long-term care ombudsman pro-

2 gram shall employ one or more regional long-term care 3 ombudsmen to effect the purposes of this article. The 4 regional long-term care ombudsman shall have at least 5 a four-year degree in gerontology, social work, health. 6 or a related field and demonstrated experience in one 7 of the following areas: (1) The field of aging: (2) health 8 care or social service programs; (3) community pro-9 grams: and (4) long-term care issues: Provided. That 10 persons employed in a designated regional long-term 11 care ombudsman program on the date of enactment of 12 this article may be given a waiver from these require-13 ments provided that within one year from the date of 14 enactment of this article they enter into a program 15 leading to a degree in gerontology, social work, health 16 or a related field or complete fifty hours of continuing 17 education units in gerontology, social work, health or a 18 related field every two calendar year periods. The 19 regional long-term care ombudsman shall participate in 20 ongoing training programs related to his or her duties 21 or responsibilities. The regional long-term care ombuds-22 man may not have been employed within the past two 23 years prior to the date of his or her employment under 24 this section by a long-term care facility, or by any 25 association of long-term care facilities, or by any organization or corporation that directly or indirectly 26 27 regulates, owns, or operates a long-term care facility.

(b) Neither the regional long-term care ombudsman nor any member of his or her immediate family may have, or have had within the two years preceding his or her employment under this section, any pecuniary interest in the provision of long-term care. For the purposes of this section, the term "immediate family" shall mean the spouse, children, natural mother, natural father, natural brothers or natural sisters of the regional long-term care ombudsman.

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- (c) The duties of the regional long-term care ombudsman shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (1) Regularly monitoring long-term care facilities and investigating complaints filed on behalf of a resident, or filed on the regional long-term care ombudsman's own initiative, relating to the health, safety, welfare and

rights of such residents, in accordance with complaint investigation procedures developed by the state long-term ombudsman care program: Provided. That nothing in this section shall be construed as to grant a regional long-term care ombudsman the right of entry to a longterm care facility's drug rooms or to treatment rooms occupied by a resident unless prior consent has been obtained from the resident:

(2) Monitoring the development and implementation of federal, state and local laws, regulations and policies with respect to long-term care facilities;

- (3) Training certified volunteers in accordance with the training and certification program developed by the state long-term care ombudsman program;
- (4) Encouraging, cooperating with, and assisting the development and operation of referral services which can provide current, valid and reliable information on long-term care facilities and alternatives to institutionalization to persons in need of these services and the general public;
- 63 (5) Submitting reports as required by the state long-64 term care ombudsman program; and
- 65 (6) Other duties as mandated by the Older Americans 66 Act of 1965, as amended.
 - (d) The state long-term care ombudsman shall develop and implement procedures for training and certification of regional long-term care ombudsmen. Regional long-term care ombudsmen who satisfactorily complete the training requirements shall be certified by the state commission on aging and shall be given identification cards which shall be presented to employees of a long-term care facility upon request. No regional long-term care ombudsman may investigate any complaint filed with the West Virginia long-term care ombudsman program unless such person has been certified by the state commission on aging. Consistent with the provisions of this article and any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to section twenty-one, certified regional long-term ombudsmen shall be

82 representatives of the state long-term care ombudsman 83 program.

§16-5L-8. Long-term care ombudsman volunteers: qualifications: duties.

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- 1 (a) The regional long-term care ombudsman programs shall each create and maintain a volunteer program to effect the purposes of this article, pursuant to rules promulgated by the state long-term care ombudsman and the state commission on aging.
 - (b) A long-term care ombudsman volunteer shall have demonstrated interest in the field of aging and longterm care issues and be able to communicate effectively orally and in writing.
- 10 (c) No long-term care ombudsman volunteer nor any 11 member of his or her immediate family shall have, or 12 have had within the two years preceding his or her 13 employment under this section, any pecuniary interest 14 in the provision of long-term care. Nor shall any longterm care ombudsman volunteer perform his or her 15 duties in any specific facility in which an immediate 16 17 family member of the long-term care ombudsman 18 volunteer is or has been a resident or applicant of that 19 specific facility. For the purposes of this section, the 20 term "immediate family" shall mean the spouse, 21 children, natural mother, natural father, natural 22 brothers or natural sisters of the long-term care 23 ombudsman volunteer.
- (d) The long-term care ombudsman volunteer shall 24 25 perform only those duties assigned by the regional long-26 term care ombudsman, including, but not limited to, the 27 following:
 - (1) Regularly visiting and talking with residents of long-term care facilities, and inspecting all public areas of the facility:
 - (2) Interviewing residents, family members and employees of long-term care facilities to ascertain the nature and facts of a complaint:
- (3) Preparing reports for the regional long-term care 34

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ombudsman's review or approval relating to complaint interviews and the health, safety, welfare and rights of residents of long-term care facilities:

- (4) Informing residents as to the availability of ombudsman services;
- (5) Establishing and maintaining a cooperative working relationship with employees of long-term care facilities;
- (6) Working to establish and maintain resident and family councils to encourage interaction among residents, their families and long-term care facility staff; and
- 47 (7) Performing other duties as assigned by the 48 regional long-term care ombudsman which are not 49 contrary to this article, to any applicable federal law, 50 or to rules promulgated by the state long-term care 51 ombudsman and the state commission on aging.
- 52 (e) Notwithstanding the duties described above, no 53 ombudsman volunteer may undertake or be assigned duties involving complaint investigation activities, as 54 55 defined in section ten of this article, except for informa-56 tion gathering to ascertain the nature and facts of a 57 complaint for the ombudsman's review. No ombudsman 58 volunteer, during the course of his or her volunteer 59 service, may initiate or pursue legal proceedings, actions 60 or remedies on behalf of a resident or long-term care 61 ombudsman program relating to a long-term care 62 facility, its employees, or its residents.

§16-5L-9. Long-term care ombudsman volunteer training and certification.

(a) The state long-term care ombudsman shall develop 1 2 procedures for training and certification of long-term 3 care ombudsman volunteers. The regional long-term care ombudsman shall implement certification training 4 for all ombudsman volunteers in accordance with the 5 procedures developed by the state long-term care 6 ombudsman. No ombudsman volunteer shall perform 7 any of the duties enumerated in section eight of this 8 article prior to the completion of the training program. 9 except as a supervised portion of that training program. 10

11 (b) Ombudsman volunteers who have satisfactorily 12 completed the training and certification requirements 13 shall be given identification cards valid for one year 14 which shall be presented to employees of a long-term care facility upon request. Every year thereafter, the 15 long-term care ombudsman volunteer shall complete at 16 17 least seven hours of additional training before a new 18 identification card is issued. Consistent with the 19 provisions of this article and any rules and regulations 20 promulgated pursuant to section twenty-one, certified 21 long-term ombudsman volunteers shall be representa-22 tives of the state long-term care ombudsman program.

§16-5L-10. Investigation of complaints.

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- 1 (a) Upon receipt of a complaint filed on behalf of a resident, or on his or her own initiative, a state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall investigate any act, practice, policy or procedure of any long-term care facility or government agency which affects the health, safety, welfare or rights of any resident.
 - (b) Investigative activities of the state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall include, but shall not be limited to: Information gathering, mediation, negotiation, informing parties of the status of the investigation, notification to any aggrieved party of alternative processes, reporting of suspected violations to a licensing or certifying agency, and the reporting of suspected criminal violations to the appropriate authorities.
- 15 (c) The state or regional long-term care ombudsman 16 need not investigate any complaint upon determining 17 that:
- 18 (1) The complaint is trivial, frivolous, vexatious or not made in good faith;
- 20 (2) The complaint has been too long delayed to justify present investigation;
- 22 (3) The resources available, considering the estab-23 lished priorities, are insufficient for an adequate 24 investigation:
- 25 (4) The matter complained of is not within the

- 26 investigatory authority of the long-term care ombuds-27 man program; or
- 28 (5) A real or apparent conflict of interest exists and 29 no other ombudsman is available to investigate the 30 complaint in an impartial manner. If a determination 31 is made by a regional long-term care ombudsman not 32 to investigate any complaint, then the complaint shall 33 be referred to the state long-term care ombudsman who shall make a final decision as to whether the matter 34 warrants further investigation. 35

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- (d) State and regional long-term care ombudsmen may institute actions on behalf of residents to obtain injunctive and declaratory relief, but not damages. In order to enable ombudsman to bring such actions, the secretary of the department of health and human resources shall either:
- (1) Establish an administrative hearing process under the procedures for contested cases defined at article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to be available to any state or regional ombudsmen bringing an action on behalf of a resident against a long-term care facility or governmental agency; or
- 48 (2) Ensure that state and regional ombudsmen have 49 sufficient access to legal counsel to bring actions on 50 behalf of residents in civil court: *Provided*, That nothing 51 in this subsection shall be construed to prevent a 52 resident of a long-term care facility from filing directly, 53 on his or her own behalf, a suit for relief of any sort 54 in any state or federal court.
- (e) The state commission on aging and other appropriate state governmental agencies shall establish and implement cooperative agreements for receiving, processing, responding to and resolving complaints involving state governmental agencies under the provisions of this section.

§16-5L-11. Access to long-term care facilities.

1 (a) A state or regional long-term care ombudsman 2 shall, with proper identification, have access to any long-3 term care facility for the purposes of investigations of

4 a complaint filed pursuant to section ten of this article. 5 The state or regional long-term care ombudsman may 6 enter a facility at a time appropriate to the complaint. The visit may be announced in advance or be made 7 8 unannounced as appropriate to the complaint under 9 investigation. Upon entry of the facility, the state or 10 regional long-term care ombudsman shall promptly and 11 personally advise one of the following persons of his or 12 her presence: (1) The administrator or acting adminis-13 trator; (2) the residence director; or (3) another available 14 supervisory agent of the facility. If entry is refused by the person in charge of said facility, the long-term care 15 16 ombudsman may apply to the magistrate court of the 17 county in which the facility is located for a warrant authorizing entry, and the court shall issue an appro-18 priate warrant if it finds good cause therefor. 19

(b) For activities other than those specifically related to the investigation of a complaint, a state or regional long-term care ombudsman, upon proper identification, shall have access to any long-term care facility between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. in order to:

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- 25 (1) Visit, talk with, and make ombudsman and social services available to all residents;
 - (2) Inform residents of their rights and entitlements, and their corresponding obligations, under applicable federal and state laws by means of distribution of educational materials and discussion in groups and with individual residents;
- 32 (3) Assist residents in asserting their legal rights 33 regarding claims for public assistance, medical assist-34 ance, and other public entitlements; and
 - (4) Supervise, direct or assist a long-term care ombudsman volunteer in the performance of his or her assigned duties.

Access to long-term care facilities under this section shall be deemed to include the right to private communication with residents.

41 (c) A state or regional long-term care ombudsman 42 who has access to a facility under this section shall not

- 43 enter the living area of a resident without identifying himself or herself to the resident. After identifying 44 45 himself or herself, an ombudsman shall be permitted to 46 enter the living area of a resident unless that resident 47 communicates on that particular occasion the resident's 48 desire to prevent the ombudsman from entering. A 49 resident shall have the right to terminate, at any time, 50 any visit by a representative of the ombudsman program who has access under this section or any other 51 52 applicable section of this article.
- 53 (d) Access to a facility pursuant to subsection (a) or 54 (b) of this section includes the right to tour the facility unescorted: Provided. That individual residents may 55 56 terminate at any time any communication by an 57 ombudsman having access under this section and that 58 nothing in this section shall be construed as to grant a 59 long-term care volunteer ombudsman the right of entry 60 to the drug rooms and treatment rooms of a long-term 61 care facility.

§16-5L-12. Access to records.

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- 1 (a) The long-term care ombudsman is allowed access
 2 to any resident's records, including medical records,
 3 reasonably necessary to any investigation carried out
 4 pursuant to the provisions of section ten of this article,
 5 under the following conditions:
- 6 (1) If the resident is competent and has the ability to 7 write, access may only be obtained by the written 8 consent of the resident;
- 9 (2) If the resident is competent but unable to write, 10 oral consent may be given in the presence of a third 11 party who shall witness the resident's consent in 12 writing;
 - (3) If the resident is under a guardianship committee as set forth in article eleven, chapter twenty-seven of this code or has granted a medical power of attorney which is in effect as set forth in article thirty-a, chapter sixteen of this code, or granted any other power of attorney which is in effect, access may only be obtained by the written consent of the guardian or attorney in

- fact, unless the existence of guardianship, medical power of attorney or attorney in fact is unknown to the long-term care ombudsman upon investigation and to the long-term care facility, or unless the guardian or attorney in fact cannot be reached through normal communications channels within five working days:
 - (4) If the resident is unable to express written or oral consent and there is no guardian or attorney in fact or the notification of the guardian or attorney in fact is not achieved for the reasons set forth in subsection (3) of this section, or if the resident is deceased, inspection of records may be made by the ombudsman.
 - (b) The state or regional long-term care ombudsman is allowed access to all records of any long-term care facility that are reasonably necessary for the investigation of a complaint under section ten of this article, including, but not limited to, facility incident reports, dietary records, policies and procedures of the facility that the facility is required to maintain under federal or state law, admission agreements, staffing schedules, any document depicting the actual staffing pattern of the facility and resident council and grievance committee minutes.

§16-5L-13. Subpoena powers.

- 1 (a) The state long-term care ombudsman, or the 2 designee of the state long-term care ombudsman, may, 3 in the course of any investigation carried out pursuant 4 to section ten of this article:
- (1) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the circuit court of the county of Kanawha for the issuance of a subpoena to compel at a specific time and place, by subpoena, the appearance, before a person authorized to administer oaths, the sworn testimony of any person whom the state or regional long-term care ombudsman reasonably believes may be able to give information relating to a matter under investigation; or
- 13 (2) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate 14 county or the circuit court of the county of Kanawha for 15 the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum to compel any

person to produce at a specific time and place, before a person authorized to administer oaths, any documents, books, records, papers, objects or other evidence which the state or regional long-term care ombudsman reasonably believes may relate to a matter under investigation.

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- (b) No subpoena or subpoena duces tecum applied for by the state ombudsman or designee pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be issued until a circuit court judge in term or vacation thereof has personally reviewed the application and accompanying affidavits and approved, by a signed order entered by the judge, the issuance of the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum. Subpoenas or subpoenas duces tecum applied for pursuant to this section may be issued on an ex parte basis following review and approval of the application by the judge in term or vacation thereof.
- 33 (c) The attorney general shall, upon request, provide legal counsel and services to the long-term care 34 ombudsman program in all administrative proceedings 35 36 and in all proceedings in any circuit court and the West 37 Virginia supreme court of appeals. The prosecuting attorney of any county shall provide without compensa-38 tion legal counsel and services in criminal actions to the 39 long-term care ombudsman program in circuit court 40 41 proceedings in that county.

§16-5L-14. Cooperation among government departments or agencies.

- 1 (a) The state or regional long-term care ombudsman 2 shall have access to publicly disclosable records of any state government department, agency, or office reason-3 ably necessary to any investigation carried out pursuant 4 to section ten of this article. The regional long-term care 5 ombudsman shall be notified of and be allowed to 6 observe any survey conducted by a government agency 7 affecting the health, safety, welfare or rights of 8 residents of a long-term facility. 9
- 10 (b) The state long-term care ombudsman shall de-11 velop referral procedures to refer any complaint to any 12 appropriate state government department, agency or

office. The department or agency shall acknowledge receipt and disposition within thirty calendar days on any complaint referred to it by a state or regional long-term care ombudsman.

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- (c) When abuse, neglect or exploitation of a resident of a long-term care facility is suspected, the state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall make a referral to the office of adult protective services of the department of health and human resources and to the office of health facility licensure and certification of the department of health and human resources. The state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall coordinate with the office of adult protective services and the office of health facility licensure and certification on any investigation of suspected abuse, neglect or exploitation undertaken by those offices under the provisions of this subsection.
- (d) Any state government department, agency, or office which responds to a complaint referred to it by a state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall forward to the long-term care ombudsman copies of publicly disclosable inspection reports and plans of correction, and notices of any citations and sanctions levied against the long-term care facility identified in the complaint.
- 38 (e) The state or regional long-term care ombudsman 39 shall seek to establish coordination with programs 40 which provide legal services for the elderly, including, 41 but not limited to, programs funded by the federal legal 42 services corporation or under the Older Americans Act 43 of 1965, as amended.

§16-5L-15. Confidentiality of investigations.

- 1 (a) Information relating to any investigation of a 2 complaint pursuant to section ten of this article that 3 contains the identity of the complainant or resident shall 4 remain confidential except:
- 5 (1) Where disclosure is authorized in writing by the complainant, or resident or the guardian, committee, attorney in fact or representative of the resident;
 - (2) Where disclosure is necessary to the office of adult

9 protective services of the department of health and human resources in order for such office to determine the appropriateness of initiating an investigation regarding potential abuse, neglect or emergency circumstances as defined in article six, chapter nine of this code:

- (3) Where disclosure is necessary to the office of health facility licensure and certification of the department of health and human resources in order for such office to determine the appropriateness of initiating an investigation to determine facility compliance with applicable rules of licensure and/or certification; or
- (4) Upon order of any appropriate county circuit court after the judge in term or vacation thereof has conducted a hearing following adequate notice to all parties and rendered a determination as the interests of justice may require.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other section within this article, all information, records and reports received by or developed by a state or regional long-term care ombudsman which relate to a resident of a facility, including written material identifying a resident, are confidential and are not subject to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this code, and shall not be disclosed or released by the long-term care ombudsman, except under the circumstances enumerated in this section.
- (c) Nothing in subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall be construed to prohibit the preparation and submission by any state or regional long-term ombudsman of statistical data and reports, as required to implement the provisions of this article or any applicable federal law, exclusive of any material that identifies any resident or complainant.
- (d) The executive director of the state commission on aging shall have access to the records and files of the long-term care ombudsman program to verify its effectiveness and quality where the identity of any complainant or resident is not disclosed.

§16-5L-16. Limitations on liability.

- 1 (a) An ombudsman participating in an investigation 2 carried out pursuant to section ten of this article and long-term care ombudsman volunteers who are perform-3 4 ing their duties pursuant to section eight of this article 5 shall be immune from any civil liability that otherwise 6 might result by reason of his or her participation in the 7 investigation as long as such participation is not 8 violative of any applicable law, rule or regulation, done 9 within the scope of their employment and done in good 10 faith.
- 11 (b) If an act or omission by any long-term care 12 ombudsman, or by any facility employee acting in good 13 faith at the direction of a long-term care ombudsman pursuant to a specific resident complaint, causes a 14 resident's rights to be violated, no long-term care 15 16 facility, its owners, administrators, officers, director, 17 agents, consultants, employees or any member of management shall be held civilly liable as a result of 18 19 said act or omission.

§16-5L-17. Availability of legal counsel.

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- The state commission on aging shall establish and maintain procedures to ensure that:
 - (a) Adequate legal counsel is available to the longterm care ombudsman program for advice, consultation and representation as necessary for any state or regional long-term care ombudsman or ombudsman volunteer in connection with the performance of the ombudsman's or ombudsman volunteer's official duties; and
- 9 (b) The long-term care ombudsman program has the 10 ability to pursue administrative, legal and other 11 appropriate remedies on behalf of residents of long-term 12 care facilities.

§16-5L-18. Willful interference; retaliation; penalties.

1 (a) Any individual who willfully interferes with or 2 impedes a state or regional long-term care ombudsman 3 or ombudsman volunteer in the performance of his or

her official duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than ninety days, or both fined and imprisoned.

- (b) Any individual who institutes or commits a discriminatory, disciplinary, retaliatory or reprisal action against any officer or employee of a long-term care facility or government department or agency. against any resident of a long-term care facility or against any guardian, attorney in fact or against any family member of any resident of a long-term care facility for having filed a complaint with or provided information in good faith to a state or regional long-term ombudsman or ombudsman volunteer to aid the longterm care ombudsman or ombudsman volunteer in carrying out the duties pursuant to this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than ninety days, or both fined and imprisoned.
 - (c) Any individual violating the provisions of subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall, for the second or any subsequent offense under either of these subsections, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than two hundred fifty dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than ninety days, or both fined and imprisoned. Each day of a continuing violation after conviction shall be considered a separate offense.
 - (d) There shall be a rebuttable presumption in any civil action that any reprisal action, as defined below, within ninety days of the incident, is discriminatory, disciplinary or retaliatory in violation of the public policy of this state. For the purpose of this section, the term "reprisal action" refers to action taken by the entity involved in a complaint or report against the person making the complaint or report, or the person with respect to whom the complaint or report was made because of the complaint or report, and includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- 44 (1) Discharge of transfer from a long-term care 45 facility;
- 46 (2) Termination of service;
- 47 (3) Restriction or prohibition of access to the long-48 term care facility or its residents;
- 49 (4) Discharge from or termination of employment;
- 50 (5) Demotion or reduction in remuneration for 51 services;
- 52 (6) Any restriction of rights affecting the person's 53 ability to perform his or her employment duties or 54 responsibilities or affecting the person's health, safety or 55 welfare; or
- 56 (7) Any restriction against a state or regional long-57 term care ombudsman or ombudsman volunteer which 58 impedes the carrying out of duties pursuant to this 59 article.
- 60 (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed as to 61 infringe upon the rights of an employer to supervise, 62 discipline or terminate an employee for other reasons.

§16-5L-19. Facility posting of long-term care ombudsman program information.

Every long-term care facility in this state shall 1 provide each resident with a copy and shall post in a 2 conspicuous location in at least ten-point type a notice 3 of information on the long-term care ombudsman 4 program. Such notice shall include: (1) The name, 5 address and telephone number of the designated long-6 term care ombudsman program serving the region in 7 which the facility is located; (2) a brief description of 8 the services provided by the long-term care ombudsman 9 program; and (3) a statement as to the penalties for 10 willful interference and retaliation as provided in 11 section eighteen of this article. The form and wording 12 of the notice shall be approved by the state long-term 13 care ombudsman program. 14

§16-5L-20. Funding for long-term care ombudsman programs.

The state long-term care ombudsman program shall receive such funds as are appropriated pursuant to the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended, for the operation of the state long-term care ombudsman program, and shall receive such funds as are appropriated by the Legislature for the operation of the program.

The regional long-term care ombudsman program shall receive such funds as are appropriated by the area agencies on aging pursuant to the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended.

Any long-term care ombudsman program may solicit and receive funds, gifts and contributions to support the operation of the program. No program shall solicit or receive any funds, gifts or contributions where the solicitation or receipt would jeopardize the independence and objectivity of the program.

§16-5L-21. Promulgation of rules.

Pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, the state long-term care ombudsman and the state commission on aging shall promulgate rules to effectuate the purposes and provisions of this article.

§16-5L-22. Severability.

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If any provision of this article, or the application thereof to any provision or circumstance, shall be held unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect the provisions or application of this article which can be given effect without the unconstitutional or invalid provisions of application, and to this end the provisions of this article are declared to be severable.

CHAPTER 84

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2822—By Delegate Brown)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two and three, article twenty-two, chapter sixteen of the code of West

Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the detection and control of phenylketonuria, galactosemia, hypothyroidism, and authorizing additional testing for certain other diseases in newborn children; authorizing the bureau of public health to test for and establish programs relating to the same; requiring hospitals, birthing centers, parents or guardians, as well as physicians, to test for such diseases on newborns; replacing the department of health with the bureau of public health; authorizing the state public health commissioner to promulgate rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two and three, article twenty-two, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22. DETECTION AND CONTROL OF PHENYLKETONU-RIA, GALACTOSEMIA, HYPOTHYROIDISM, AND CERTAIN OTHER DISEASES IN NEWBORN CHILDREN.

- §16-22-1. Findings.
- §16-22-2. Program to combat mental retardation or other severe health hazards; rules; facilities for making tests.
- §16-22-3. Tests for phenylketonuria, galactosemia and hypothyroidism and certain other diseases specified by the state public health commissioner; reports; assistance to afflicted children; public health commissioner to promulgate rules.

§16-22-1. Findings.

- 1 The Legislature finds that phenylketonuria, galactose-
- 2 mia, hypothyroidism, and certain other diseases are
- 3 usually associated with mental retardation or other
- 4 severe health hazards. Laboratory tests are readily
- 5 available to aid in the detection of these diseases and
- 6 hazards to the health of those suffering thereof may be
- lessened or prevented by early detection and treatment.
- 8 Damage from these diseases, if untreated in the early
- 9 months of life, is usually rapid and not appreciably
- 10 affected by treatment.

§16-22-2. Program to combat mental retardation or other severe health hazards; rules; facilities for making tests.

1 The state bureau of public health is hereby authorized 2 to establish and carry out a program designed to combat 3 mental retardation or other severe health hazards in our 4 state's population due to phenylketonuria, galactosemia. 5 hypothyroidism, and certain other diseases specified by the state public health commissioner, and may adopt 6 7 reasonable rules and regulations necessary to carry out 8 such a program. The bureau of public health shall establish and maintain facilities at its state hygienic 9 laboratory for testing specimens for the detection of 10 11 phenylketonuria, galactosemia, hypothyroidism, and 12 certain other diseases specified by the state public 13 health commissioner. Tests shall be made by such 14 laboratory of specimens upon request by physicians. 15 hospital medical personnel and other individuals 16 attending newborn infants. The state bureau of public 17 health is authorized to establish additional laboratories 18 throughout the state to perform tests for the detection of phenylketonuria, galactosemia, hypothyroidism, and 19 20 certain other diseases specified by the state public 21 health commissioner.

§16-22-3. Tests for phenylketonuria, galactosemia and hypothyroidism and certain other diseases specified by the state public health commissioner; reports; assistance to afflicted children; public health commissioner to promulgate rules.

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(a) The hospital or birthing center in which an infant is born, the parents or legal guardians, the physician attending a newborn child, or any person attending a newborn child not under the care of a physician shall require and ensure that each such child be tested for phenylketonuria, galactosemia, hypothyroidism, and certain other diseases specified by the state public health commissioner according to current recommendations of the state bureau of public health. Any test found positive for phenylketonuria, galactosemia, hypothyroidism, or certain other diseases specified by the state public health commissioner shall be promptly reported to the state bureau of public health by the director of the laboratory performing such test.

15 (b) The state bureau of public health, in cooperation
16 with other state departments and agencies, and with
17 attending physicians, is authorized to provide medical,
18 dietary and related assistance to children determined to
19 be afflicted with phenylketonuria, galactosemia, hypo20 thyroidism and certain other diseases specified by the
21 state public health commissioner.

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(c) The state public health commissioner is authorized to promulgate rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine of this code to implement the provisions of this section, with the approval of the secretary of the department of health and human resources.

CHAPTER 85

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 416—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine, article thirty, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections eleven, twelve and thirteen, all relating to the West Virginia natural death act; amending definitions: providing for the definition of life-prolonging intervention: procedures for executing a living will: providing additional circumstances for witnessing a living will and deleting the requirement that the witnesses must attest to the declarant's competency; providing for advising persons of the existence and availability of living will and medical power of attorney forms and giving assistance in completing such forms; providing for implementation of a living will when person is in a persistent vegetative state: revocation: physician's duty to communicate and document terminal condition or persistent vegetative state; capacity and intent of declarant; liability and inability of physician to comply with the living will; deleting penalties for willful fraud

in preparation, execution or concealment of a living will; insurance; preservation of existing rights; continuation of an existing living will; reciprocity; relation to existing law; and severability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine, article thirty, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections eleven, twelve and thirteen, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 30. WEST VIRGINIA NATURAL DEATH ACT.

- §16-30-2. Definitions.
- §16-30-3. Executing a living will.
- §16-30-4. Revocation.
- §16-30-5. Physician's duty to confirm, communicate and document terminal condition or persistent vegetative state; medical record identification.
- §16-30-6. Competency and intent of declarant.
- §16-30-7. Liability and protection of living will: transfer.
- §16-30-8. Insurance
- §16-30-9. Preservation of existing rights; no presumption; living wills previously executed.
- §16-30-11. Reciprocity.
- §16-30-12. Relation to existing law.
- §16-30-13. Severability.

§16-30-2. Definitions.

- 1 For the purposes of this article, the terms:
- 2 (1) "Attending physician" means the physician se-
- 3 lected by, or assigned to, a person and who has primary
- 4 responsibility for the treatment and care of the person;
- 5 (2) "Declarant" means a person who has executed a living will;
- 7 (3) "Health care provider" means a person, partner-8 ship, corporation, facility or institution licensed,
- 9 certified or authorized by law to provide professional
- 10 health care services in this state;
- 11 (4) "Health care representative" means a person
- 12 eighteen years of age or older appointed by another
- 13 person to make health care decisions pursuant to the

provisions of article thirty-a of this chapter or similar act of another state and recognized as valid under the laws of this state;

- (5) "Incapacity", or words of like import, means the inability, because of physical or mental impairment, to appreciate the nature and implications of a health care decision, to make an informed choice regarding the alternatives presented and to communicate that choice in an unambiguous manner as determined by two physicians or by one physician and one licensed psychologist, both of whom are licensed to practice in this state, and additionally, have examined the declarant. The declarant's attending physician shall be one of those who makes the determination required herein:
- (6) "Life-prolonging intervention" means any medical procedure or intervention which, when applied to a person, would serve solely to artificially prolong the dying process or to maintain the person in a persistent vegetative state. The term "life-prolonging intervention" does not include the administration of medication or the performance of any other medical procedure deemed necessary to provide comfort or to alleviate pain;
- (7) "Living will" means a written, witnessed advance directive governing the withholding or withdrawing of life-prolonging intervention, voluntarily executed by a person in accordance with the requirements of section three of this article;
- (8) "Persistent vegetative state" means a permanent and irreversible state as diagnosed by the attending physician and a second physician in which the person has intact brain stem function but no higher cortical function and has neither self-awareness or awareness of the surroundings in a learned manner;
- (9) "Physician" means a person licensed and authorized to practice medicine; and
- (10) "Terminal condition" means an incurable condition caused by injury, disease or illness, which in the judgment of the attending physician and a second physician would result in death within a relatively short time.

§16-30-3. Executing a living will.

- 1 (a) Any mentally competent person eighteen years of 2 age or older may execute at any time a living will 3 governing the withholding or withdrawal of life-4 prolonging intervention from himself or herself. A 5 living will made pursuant to this article shall be: (1) In 6 writing; (2) executed by the declarant or by another 7 person in the declarant's presence at the declarant's 8 express direction if the declarant is physically unable to 9 do so; (3) dated; (4) signed in the presence of two or more 10 witnesses at least eighteen years of age; and (5) signed and attested by such witnesses whose signatures and 11 12 attestations shall be acknowledged before a notary 13 public as provided in subsection (d) of this section.
- 14 (b) In addition, a witness may not be:
- 15 (1) The person who signed the living will on behalf of and at the direction of the declarant;
- 17 (2) Related to the declarant by blood or marriage;
- 18 (3) Entitled to any portion of the estate of the 19 declarant according to the laws of intestate succession 20 of the state of the declarant's domicile or under any will 21 of the declarant or codicil thereto: Provided, That the validity of the living will shall not be affected when a 22 23 witness at the time of witnessing such living will was 24 unaware of being a named beneficiary of the declarant's 25 will:
- 26 (4) Directly financially responsible for declarant's 27 medical care;
- 28 (5) The attending physician; or

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- 29 (6) The declarant's health care representative, proxy 30 or successor health care representative.
 - (c) It shall be the responsibility of the declarant to provide for notification to his or her attending physician and other health care providers of the existence of the living will. An attending physician, when presented with the living will, shall make the living will or a copy of the living will a part of the declarant's medical records.

- (d) At the time of admission to any hospital or extended care facility, each person shall be advised of the existence and availability of living will and medical power of attorney forms and shall be given assistance in completing such forms if the person desires: *Provided*. That under no circumstances may admission to a hospital or extended care facility be predicated upon a person having completed either a medical power of attorney or living will.
 - (e) The living will may, but need not, be in the following form, and may include other specific directions not inconsistent with other provisions of this article. Should any of the other specific directions be held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other directions of the living will which can be given effect without the invalid direction and to this end the directions in the living will are severable.

"LIVING WILL

"Living will made this _________ day of _________ (month, year).

I, _________, being of sound mind, willfully and voluntarily declare that in the absence of my ability to give directions regarding the use of life-prolonging intervention, it is my desire that my dying shall not be artificially prolonged under the following circumstances:

"If at any time I should be certified by two physicians who have personally examined me, one of whom is my attending physician, to have a terminal condition or to be in a persistent vegetative state, I direct that life-prolonging intervention that would serve solely to artificially prolong the dying process or maintain me in a persistent vegetative state be withheld or withdrawn, and that I be permitted to die naturally with only the administration of medication or the performance of any other medical procedure deemed necessary to keep me comfortable and alleviate pain.

"SPECIAL DIRECTIVES OR LIMITATIONS ON THIS DECLARATION: (If none, write "none".)

77 78 79 80	"It is my intention that this living will be honored as the final expression of my legal right to refuse medical or surgical treatment and accept the consequences resulting from such refusal.
81	"I understand the full import of this living will.
82	"Signed
83	"Address
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85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96	"I did not sign the declarant's signature above for or at the direction of the declarant. I am at least eighteen years of age and am not related to the declarant by blood or marriage, entitled to any portion of the estate of the declarant according to the laws of intestate succession of the state of the declarant's domicile or to the best of my knowledge under any will of declarant or codicil thereto, or directly financially responsible for declarant's medical care. I am not the declarant's attending physician or the declarant's health care representative, proxy or successor health care representative under a medical power of attorney. "Witness
98	"Address
99	Address
100	"Witness
101	"Address
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103	"STATE OF,
104	"COUNTY OF,
105 106 107 108	"The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this (date) by the declarant and by the two witnesses whose signatures appear above.
109	"My commission expires:
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111 Signature of Notary Public."

§16-30-4. Revocation.

- 1 (a) A living will may be revoked at any time only by
 2 the declarant or at the express direction of the declar3 ant, without regard to the declarant's mental state by
 4 any of the following methods:
- 5 (1) By being destroyed by the declarant or by some person in the declarant's presence and at his direction;
- 7 (2) By a written revocation of the living will signed 8 and dated by the declarant or person acting at the 9 direction of the declarant. Such revocation shall become 10 effective only upon delivery of the written revocation to 11 the attending physician by the declarant or by a person 12 acting on behalf of the declarant. The attending 13 physician shall record in the declarant's medical record 14 the time and date when he or she receives notification 15 of the written revocation; or
- 16 (3) By a verbal expression of the intent to revoke the 17 living will in the presence of a witness eighteen years 18 of age or older who signs and dates a writing confirming 19 that such expression of intent was made. Any verbal 20 revocation shall become effective only upon communica-21 tion of the revocation to the attending physician by the 22 declarant or by a person acting on behalf of the 23 declarant. The attending physician shall record, in the 24 declarant's medical record, the time, date and place of 25 when he or she receives notification of the revocation.
- 26 (b) There is no criminal or civil liability on the part 27 of any person for failure to act upon a revocation made 28 pursuant to this section unless that person has actual 29 knowledge of the revocation.
- §16-30-5. Physician's duty to confirm, communicate and document terminal condition or persistent vegetative state; medical record identification.
 - 1 (a) An attending physician who has been notified of 2 the existence of a living will executed under this article.
 - 3 without delay after the diagnosis of a terminal condition

- or persistent vegetative state of the declarant, shall take the necessary steps to provide for confirmation, written certification and documentation of the declarant's terminal condition or persistent vegetative state in the declarant's medical record.
- 9 (b) Once confirmation, written certification and 10 documentation of the declarant's terminal condition is 11 made, the attending physician shall verbally or in 12 writing inform the declarant of his or her terminal 13 condition or the declarant's health care representative. 14 next of kin or other responsible person, if the declarant 15 lacks capacity to comprehend such information and 16 shall document such communication in the declarant's medical record 17
- 18 (c) All inpatient health care facilities shall develop a 19 system to visibly identify a person's chart which 20 contains a living will as set forth in this article.

§16-30-6. Competency and intent of declarant.

- 1 (a) The desires of a capable declarant at all times 2 supersede the effect of the living will.
- 3 (b) If a person is incapacitated at the time of the 4 decision to withhold or withdraw life-prolonging 5 intervention, the person's living will executed in 6 accordance with section three of this article is presumed 7 to be valid. For the purposes of this article, a physician 8 or health facility may presume in the absence of actual notice to the contrary that a person who executed a 9 living will was of sound mind when it was executed. The 10 11 fact that a person executed a living will is not an indication of the persons's mental incapacity. 12

§16-30-7. Liability and protection of living will; transfer.

1 (a) No health care provider or employee thereof who
2 in good faith and pursuant to reasonable medical
3 standards causes or participates in the withholding or
4 withdrawing of life-prolonging intervention from a
5 person pursuant to a living will made in accordance
6 with this article shall, as a result thereof, be subject to
7 criminal or civil liability.

- (b) An attending physician who cannot comply with the living will of a declarant pursuant to this article shall, in conjunction with the health care representative, next of kin of the declarant or other responsible person,
- 12 effect the transfer of the declarant to another physician
- who will honor the living will of the declarant. Transfer
- 14 under these circumstances does not constitute abandon-
- 15 ment.

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§16-30-8. Insurance.

- (a) The withholding or withdrawal of life-prolonging intervention from a declarant in accordance with the provisions of this article does not, for any purpose, constitute a suicide and does not constitute the crime of assisting suicide.
- 6 (b) The making of a living will pursuant to section 7 three of this article does not affect in any manner the sale, procurement or issuance of any insurance policy 8 nor does it modify the terms of an existing policy. No 9 10 insurance policy may be legally impaired or invalidated in any manner by the withholding or withdrawal of life-11 12 prolonging intervention from an insured person, not-13 withstanding any term of the policy to the contrary.
- 14 (c) No health care provider or health care service plan, 15 health maintenance organization, insurer issuing 16 disability insurance, self-insured employee welfare 17 benefit plan, nonprofit medical service corporation or 18 mutual nonprofit hospital service corporation shall 19 require any person to execute a living will as a condition 20 for being insured for or receiving health care services.

§16-30-9. Preservation of existing rights; no presumption; living wills previously executed.

- 1 (a) Nothing in this article impairs or supersedes any 2 legal right or legal responsibility which any person may 3 have to effect the withholding or withdrawal of life-4 prolonging intervention in any lawful manner. In such 5 respect the provisions of this article are cumulative.
- 6 (b) This article creates no presumption concerning the 7 intention of a person who has not executed a living will 8 to consent to the use or withholding of life-prolonging

- 9 intervention in the event of a terminal condition or 10 persistent vegetative state.
- 11 (c) A living will executed prior to the effective date
- 12 of this article and which expressly provides for the
- 13 withholding or withdrawal of life-prolonging interven-
- 14 tion or for the termination of life-sustaining procedures
- in substantial compliance with the provisions of section
- 16 three of this article is hereby recognized as a valid living
- 17 will, as though it were executed in compliance with the
- 18 provisions of this article.

§16-30-11. Reciprocity.

- 1 A living will executed in another state is validly
- 2 executed for the purposes of this article if it is executed
- 3 in compliance with the laws of this state or with the laws
- 4 of the state where executed and expressly provides for
- 5 the withholding or withdrawal of life-prolonging
- 6 intervention or for the termination of life-sustaining procedure.

§16-30-12. Relation to existing law.

- 1 Nothing in this article shall be construed to abrogate
- 2 the common law doctrine of medical necessity.

§16-30-13. Severability.

- 1 The provisions of this article are severable and if any
- 2 provision, section or part thereof shall be invalid,
- 3 unconstitutional or inapplicable to any person or
- 4 circumstance, such invalidity, unconstitutionality or
 - inapplicability shall not affect or impair any other
- 6 remaining provisions contained herein.

CHAPTER 86

(S. B. 384—By Senator Lucht)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirteen-b, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as

amended, relating to establishing four stakes races including a West Virginia futurity race and a Frank Gall memorial stakes race; increasing sire owners share; decreasing purse supplements; and providing for administration and funding of restricted races.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen-b, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 23. HORSE AND DOG RACING.

§19-23-13b. West Virginia thoroughbred development fund; distribution; restricted races; non-restricted purse supplements.

1 The racing commission shall deposit moneys required 2 to be withheld by an association or licensee in subsection 3 (b), section nine of this article in a banking institution 4 of its choice in a special account to be known as "West Virginia Racing Commission Special Account - West 5 Virginia Thoroughbred Development Fund". Notice of 6 7 the amount, date and place of such deposit shall be given 8 by the racing commission, in writing, to the state 9 treasurer. The purpose of the fund is to promote better breeding and racing of thoroughbred horses in the state 10 11 through awards and purses for accredited breeders/raisers, sire owners and thoroughbred race horse 12 13 owners. A further objective of the fund is to aid in the 14 rejuvenation and development of the present horse tracks now operating in West Virginia for capital 15 16 improvements, operations or increased purses between 17 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightyfour, and the thirty-first day of October, one thousand 18 19 nine hundred ninety-two: Provided. That five percent of 20 the deposits required to be withheld by an association 21 or licensee in subsection (b), section nine of this article shall be placed in a special revenue account hereby 22 created in the state treasury called the "administration 23 and promotion account". The racing commission is 24

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25 authorized to expend the moneys deposited in the 26 administration and promotion account at such times and 27 in such amounts as the commission determines to be necessary for purposes of administering and promoting 28 29 the thoroughbred development program: Provided, 30 however. That during any fiscal year in which the commission anticipates spending any money from such 31 account, the commission shall submit to the executive 32 department during the budget preparation period prior 33 to the Legislature convening before that fiscal year for 34 35 inclusion in the executive budget document and budget 36 bill the recommended expenditures, as well as requests 37 of appropriations for the purpose of administration and promotion of the program. The commission shall make 38 an annual report to the Legislature on the status of the 39 administration and promotion account. including the 40 previous year's expenditures and projected expenditures 41 for the next year. 42

The funds shall be established forthwith and operate on an annual basis.

- (a) Funds will be expended for awards and purses in the following manner:
- (i) Fifteen percent of the fund shall be available for distribution for events taking place between the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five;
- (ii) Fifty percent of the fund shall be available for distribution for events taking place between the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, and the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;
- (iii) Seventy-five percent of the fund shall be available for distribution for events taking place between the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven;

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- 62 (iv) One hundred percent of the fund shall be available 63 thereafter; and
- 64 (v) After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and after the thirty-first day of 65 December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and 66 annually thereafter, the first one hundred thousand 67 68 dollars of the fund shall be available for distribution for a maximum of four stakes races. One of these races shall 69 be the West Virginia futurity and the second shall be 70 71 the Frank Gall memorial stakes. The remaining races 72 may be chosen by the committee set forth in subsection 73 (b) of this section.
 - (b) Awards and purses will be distributed as follows:
 - (i) The breeders/raisers of accredited thoroughbred horses that earn a purse at any West Virginia meet will receive a bonus award calculated at the end of the year as a percentage of the fund dedicated to the breeders/raisers, which shall be sixty percent of the fund available for distribution in any one year. The total amount available for the breeders'/raisers' awards shall be distributed according to the ratio of purses earned by an accredited race horse to the total amount earned in such races by all accredited race horses for that year as a percentage of the fund dedicated to the breeders/raisers. However, no breeder/raiser may receive from the fund dedicated to breeders'/raisers' awards an amount in excess of the earnings of the accredited horse at West Virginia meets. In addition, should a horse's breeder and raiser qualify for the same award on the same horse, they will each be awarded one half of the proceeds. Of the funds available for distribution in any one year to breeders/raisers, neither the breeders as a group nor the raisers as a group shall, until the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, qualify for more than sixty and one-tenth percent of such funds.
 - (ii) The owner of a West Virginia sire of an accredited thoroughbred horse that earns a purse in any race at

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100 a West Virginia meet will receive a bonus award calculated at the end of the year as a percentage of the 101 102 fund dedicated to sire owners, which shall be fifteen 103 percent of the fund available for distribution in any one year. The total amount available for the sire owners' 104 105 awards shall be distributed according to the ratio purses earned by the progeny of accredited West Virginia 106 stallions in such races for a particular stallion to the 107 108 total purses earned by the progeny of all accredited 109 West Virginia stallions in such races. However, no sire 110 owner may receive from the fund dedicated to sire owners an amount in excess of thirty-five percent of the 111 112 accredited earnings for each sire.

- 113 (iii) The owner of an accredited thoroughbred horse 114 that earns a purse in any race at a West Virginia meet will receive a restricted purse supplement award 115 116 calculated at the end of the year, which shall be twenty-117 five percent of the fund available for distribution in any 118 one year, based on the ratio of the earnings in such races 119 of a particular race horse to the total amount earned by 120 all accredited race horses in such races during that year 121 as a percentage of the fund dedicated to purse supple-122 ments. However, the owners may not receive from the 123 fund dedicated to purse supplements an amount in excess of thirty-five percent of the total accredited 124 125 earnings for each accredited race horse.
 - (iv) In no event shall purses earned at a meet held at a track which did not make a contribution to the thoroughbred development fund out of the daily pool on the day the meet was held qualify or count toward eligibility for an award under this section.
 - (v) Any balance in the breeders/raisers, sire owners and purse supplement funds after yearly distributions shall: (1) Be utilized to fund the races established in subsection (d) of this section; and (2) revert back into the general account of the fund for distribution in the next year.

Distribution shall be made on the fifteenth of each

- 138 February for the preceding year's achievements.
- 139 (c) The remainder, if any, of the fund that is not available for distribution in the above program in any 140 141 one year is reserved for regular purses, marketing 142 expenses and for capital improvements in the amounts 143 and under the conditions provided hereinafter. Fifty 144 percent of such remainder shall be reserved for 145 payments into the regular purse fund established in 146 subsection (b), section nine of this article. Up to five 147 hundred thousand dollars per year shall be available for: 148 (1) Capital improvements at the eligible licensed horse 149 racing tracks in the state; and (2) marketing and 150 advertising programs above and beyond two hundred 151 fifty thousand dollars for the eligible licensed horse 152 racing tracks in the state: Provided, That moneys shall 153 be expended for capital improvements or marketing and 154 advertising purposes as described above only in accord 155 with a plan filed with and receiving the prior approval 156 of the racing commission, and on a basis of fifty percent 157 participation by the licensee and fifty percent partici-158 pation by moneys from the fund, in the total cost of 159 approved projects: Provided, however, That funds 160 approved for one track may not be used at another track 161 unless the first track ceases to operate or is viewed by 162 the commission as unworthy of additional investment 163 due to financial or ethical reasons.
- 164 (d) Each pari-mutuel thoroughbred horse track shall 165 provide at least the following restricted races in 166 accordance with the following time schedules:
- 167 (i) The first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 168 eighty-four, to the thirty-first day of December, one 169 thousand nine hundred eighty-four — one restricted 170 race per eight racing days;
- 171 (ii) The first day of January, one thousand nine 172 hundred eighty-five, to the thirty-first day of December, 173 one thousand nine hundred eighty-five — one restricted 174 race per seven racing days;
- 175 (iii) The first day of January, one thousand nine

- hundred eighty-six, to the thirty-first day of December,
 one thousand nine hundred eighty-six one restricted
 race per six racing days;
 - (iv) The first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven one restricted race per five racing days;
 - (v) The first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight one restricted race per four racing days;
 - (vi) The first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine one restricted race per three racing days; and thereafter.

The restricted races established in this subsection shall be administered by a three-member committee consisting of: (1) The racing secretary; (2) a member appointed by the authorized representative of a majority of the owners and trainers at the thoroughbred track; and (3) a member appointed by a majority of the thoroughbred breeders. The purses shall be twenty percent larger than the purses for similar type races at each track. Restricted races shall be funded by each racing association from:

- (1) Moneys placed in the general purse fund up to a maximum of one hundred fifty thousand dollars per year.
- (2) Moneys as provided in subdivision (v), subsection (b) of this section shall be placed in a special fund called the "West Virginia accredited race fund". The racing schedules, purse amounts and types of races are subject to the approval of the West Virginia racing commission.
- (e) No association or licensee qualifying for the alternate tax provision of subsection (b), section ten of this article shall be eligible for participation in any of the provisions of this section.

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CHAPTER 87

(S. B. 581—By Senators Tomblin, Craigo and Humphreys)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, relating to requiring the commissioner of the division of human services to develop caseload standards; creating a caseload standards committee to make recommendations to the commissioner; allowing representatives of employee organizations to serve in an advisory role; allowing the caseload standards to be used as a basis of the department of health and human resources personal services budget request; and defining terms

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 2. DIVISION OF HUMAN SERVICES AND OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; POWERS, DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES GENERALLY.
- §9-2-6a. Commissioner to develop caseload standards; committee: definitions.
 - The commissioner shall develop caseload standards based on the actual duties of employees in each program area of the department and may take into consideration existing professional caseload standards. Standards shall be reasonable and achievable.

A caseload standards committee shall be established and composed of two employees from each program area in each region. The members shall be elected by the employees from each program area from among all the employees in the program area. A subcommittee composed of the members from each program of

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services provided shall meet with the appropriate office director to develop caseload standards for each program. The committee shall meet at least twice yearly and shall report recommendations to the commissioner through the personnel advisory committee representative under existing procedures.

Representatives of an employee organization may serve in an advisory role.

The caseload standards which are developed establishing minimum and maximum caseloads shall be advisory for the department in the hiring of staff and in individual caseload assignments, and may be used as a basis of the department of health and human resources personal services budget request to the governor and the Legislature.

As used in this section:

"Caseload standards" means a measurable numerical minimum and maximum workload which an employee can reasonably be expected to perform in a normal workday or workweek, based on the number, variety and complexity of cases handled or number of different job functions performed.

"Professional caseload standards" means standards established by national standard setting authorities, when they exist, or caseload standards used in other states which have similar job titles.

CHAPTER 88

(H. B. 2257—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section forty-five, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to reducing the period of time for which a Class K nonresident fishing license is issued; reducing the

license fee; and providing for trout stamps for an additional fee.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-five, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-45. Class K nonresident three-day, statewide, fishing license.

- A Class K license shall be a nonresident fishing license
- 2 and shall entitle the licensee to fish for all fish except
- 3 trout in all counties of the state for a period not to
- 4 exceed three days. It shall be issued only to citizens of
- 5 the United States or Canada and to unnaturalized
- 6 persons possessing the permit required by section
- 7 twenty-nine of this article who are not residents of this
- 8 state. The fee therefor shall be five dollars.
- 9 Trout fishing is not permitted with a Class K license
- 10 unless such license has affixed thereto an appropriate
- 11 trout stamp as prescribed by the division of natural
- 12 resources. The fee for a trout stamp shall be seven
- 13 dollars and fifty cents. The trout stamp is in addition
- 14 to a Class K license.

CHAPTER 89

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2462—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section twenty, article twenty-four, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal section fifteen, article twenty-five; to amend and reenact sections two and nine, article two; to amend and reenact section five-b, article three; to amend and reenact sections fourteen, fifteen and sixteen, article four; to

further amend said article four by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen; to amend and reenact section one, article six; section twelve, article seven; sections five, seven and fifteen, article eight; section one, article ten: to amend article sixteen-b by adding thereto a new section, designated section four; to amend article twenty by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty; to amend article twenty-b by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; to amend and reenact section two, article twenty-two; section two, article twenty-three; sections four, five, six, ten, fourteen, sixteen, seventeen and nineteen, article twenty-four; to further amend said article twenty-four by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-four; to amend and reenact sections two, six, seven and nine, article twenty-five; to further amend said article twenty-five by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one: to amend and reenact sections two, four, nine, seventeen and twenty-four, article twenty-five-a; to further amend said article twenty-five-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-two: to amend and reenact sections three and eight, article twenty-six-a; section five, article twenty-seven; section eight, article thirty-one; section eight, article thirty-two; and section seven, article thirty-three, all of said chapter thirty-three; and to further amend chapter thirty-three by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-four-a, all relating to insurance; salary of the insurance commissioner; reimbursement for educational and training expenses of employees of insurance commissioner; examination of insurers, agents, brokers and solicitors; annual fee; special accounts; access to books, records, etc.; capital and surplus requirements; general provisions; annual statement by insurer; reinsurance; limit of risk, domestics to comply with reciprocal state laws; insurance policy; scope of article; assets and liabilities; valuation of real property; investments; limitation of investments in one person; government obligations; real property mortgages; rehabilitation and liquidation; definitions; accident and sickness rates, rates and rating organizations and rate making and authority of commissioner to

promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results; definitions; farmers' mutual fire insurance companies, applicability of other provisions, fraternal benefit societies, applicability of other provisions; hospital service corporations, medical service corporations, dental service corporations and health service corporations, exemptions; applicability of insurance laws; licenses; name of corporation; commissioner to enforce article; approval of contracts, forms. rates and fees; investments; bonds of corporate officers and employees: minimum statutory surplus: definitions: commencement of delinquency proceeding; ex parte orders, injunctions and other orders; grounds for liquidation: authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results; health care corporations, definitions; supervision and regulation by insurance commissioner: exemption from insurance laws: licenses: annual report: authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results; health maintenance organization act, definitions; issuance of certificate of authority; annual report; examinations; statutory construction and relationship to other laws; authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results; West Virginia life and health insurance and health insurance guaranty association act. scope of article: powers and duties of association; insurance holding company systems; standards; consolidated or combined audits: captive insurance: examinations and investigations; risk retention; examination regarding financial condition; standards and commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial condition, definitions; purpose; standards; commissioner's authority; election of proceedings; immunity from liability; rules and severability of provisions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty, article twenty-four and section fifteen, article twenty-five, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended,

be repealed; that sections two and nine, article two: section five-b, article three; and sections fourteen, fifteen and sixteen, article four be amended and reenacted: that said article four be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen; that section one, article six; section twelve, article seven; sections five, seven and fifteen, article eight: section one, article ten be amended and reenacted: that article sixteen-b be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four; to amend article twenty by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty; to amend article twenty-b by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; that section two, article twenty-two; section two, article twenty-three; sections four, five, six, ten, fourteen, sixteen, seventeen and nineteen, article twenty-four be amended and reenacted; that article twenty-four be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-four; that sections two, six, seven and nine, article twenty-five be amended and reenacted; that said article twenty-five be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one; that sections two, four, nine, seventeen and twenty-four, article twenty-five-a be amended and reenacted: that said article twenty-five-a be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-two: that sections three and eight, article twentysix-a: section five, article twenty-seven; section eight, article thirty-one; section eight, article thirty-two; and section seven, article thirty-three, all of said chapter thirty-three, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter thirty-three be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-four-a, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

Article

- 2. Insurance Commissioner.
- 3. Licensing, Fees and Taxation of Insurance.
- 4. General Provisions.
- 6. The Insurance Policy.
- Assets and Liabilities.
- 8. Investments.
- 10. Rehabilitation and Liquidation.
- 16B. Accident and Sickness Rates.
- 20. Rates and Rating Organizations.
- 20B. Rates and Malpractice Insurance Policies.
- 22. Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Companies.
- 23. Fraternal Benefit Societies.

- 24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations, Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Organizations.
- 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.
- 26A. West Virginia Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association
- 27. Insurance Holding Company Systems.
- 31. Captive Insurance.
- 32. Risk Retention Act.
- 33. Annual Audited Financial Report.
- 34A. Standards and Commissioner's Authority for Companies Deemed to be in Hazardous Financial Condition.

ARTICLE 2. INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

- §33-2-2. Compensation and expenses of commissioner and employees; location of office.
- §33-2-9. Examination of insurers, agents, brokers and solicitors; access to books, records, etc.

§33-2-2. Compensation and expenses of commissioner and employees; location of office.

- 1 The commissioner shall receive an annual salary of
- 2 forty-seven thousand eight hundred dollars and actual
- 3 expenses incurred in the performance of official
- business, which compensation shall be in full for all 4
- services. The office of the commissioner shall be 5
- maintained in the capitol or other suitable place in 6
- 7 Charleston. The commissioner may employ such persons
- 8 and incur such expenses as may be necessary in the discharge of his duties and shall fix the compensation 9
- of such employees, but such compensation shall not 10 exceed the appropriation therefor. The commissioner 11
- may reimburse employees for reasonable expenses 12
- incurred for job-related training and educational 13
- seminars and courses. All compensation for salaries and 14
- expenses of the commissioner and his employees shall be 15
- paid monthly out of the state treasury by requisition 16
- 17 upon the auditor, properly certified by the commis-
- 18 sioner.

§33-2-9. Examination of insurers, agents, brokers and solicitors: access to books, records, etc.

- (a) The commissioner, his deputies, other employees or 1
- his accredited examiners shall, at such times as he 2
- deems necessary, but at least once every three years, 3

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visit each domestic insurer and thoroughly examine its financial condition and methods of doing business and ascertain whether it has complied with all the laws and regulations of this state. The commissioner at such times as he deems necessary may cause an examination to be conducted of any foreign or alien insurer licensed to transact insurance in this state. The commissioner may examine the affairs of any insurer applying for a license to transact any insurance business in this state. Personnel conducting such examinations of either a domestic, foreign or alien insurer shall be compensated for each day worked at a rate set by the commissioner. Such personnel shall also be reimbursed for their travel and living expenses at the rate set by the commissioner. The commissioner may, at his sole discretion as he deems necessary, appoint other individuals who are not employees of the department of insurance to conduct or participate in such examinations. Such individuals shall include, but not be limited to, independent certified public accountants, independent actuaries, qualified insurance examiners or other individuals with particular skills or areas of expertise deemed competent by the insurance commissioner, or any combination of the foregoing. Such personnel who are not employees of the department of insurance shall all be compensated for their work, travel and living expenses at rates approved by the commissioner, or as otherwise provided by law. As used in this section the costs of an examination shall mean: (1) The entire compensation for each day worked by all personnel, including those who are not employees of the department of insurance, the conduct of such examination calculated as hereinbefore provided; (2) travel and living expenses of all personnel, including those who are not employees of the department of insurance, directly engaged in the conduct of such examination, calculated at the rates as hereinbefore provided for; (3) all other incidental expenses incurred by or on behalf of such personnel in the conduct of such authorized examination. All insurers subject to the provisions of this section of the code shall annually pay to the commissioner on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and every first

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day of July thereafter, an examination assessment fee of eight hundred dollars. Four hundred and fifty dollars of this fee shall be paid to the treasurer of the state to the credit of a special revolving fund to be known as the "Commissioner's Examination Revolving Fund" which is hereby established and three hundred and fifty dollars shall be paid to the treasurer of the state. The commissioner may at his discretion, upon notice to the insurers subject to this section, increase this examination assessment fee or levy an additional examination assessment fee of two hundred fifty dollars. In no event shall the total examination assessment fee including any additional examination assessment fee levied exceed one thousand five hundred dollars per insurer in any calendar year. The moneys collected by the commissioner from an increase or additional examination assessment fee shall be paid to the treasurer of the state to be credited to the "Commissioner's Examination Revolving Fund". Any funds expended or obligated by the commissioner from the "Commissioner's Examination Revolving Fund" shall be expended or obligated solely for defrayment of the costs of examinations of the financial affairs of insurance companies made by the commissioner pursuant to this section or for the purchase of equipment and supplies, travel, education and training for his deputies, other employees and accredited examiners necessary for the commissioner to fulfill the statutory obligations created by this section. The commissioner may at his discretion require other individuals who are not employees of the department of insurance who have been appointed by the commissioner to conduct or participate in the examination of insurers to bill and receive payments directly from insurers being examined for their work, travel and living expenses as previously provided for in this section. For purposes of this section, "insurance company" includes any domestic or foreign stock company, mutual company, mutual protective association, farmers' mutual fire companies, fraternal benefit society, reciprocal or interinsurance exchange, nonprofit medical care corporation. nonprofit health care corporation, nonprofit hospital service association, nonprofit dental care corporation,

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health maintenance organization, captive insurance company, risk retention group or other insurer, regardless of the type of coverage written, benefits provided. or guarantees made by each. The commissioner shall make a full written report of each such examination of an insurer, certified to by the commissioner or the examiner in charge of such examination. The commissioner shall furnish a copy of the report to the insurer examined not less than ten days prior to filing the same in his office. If such insurer so requests in writing, within such ten-day period, the commissioner shall consider the objections of such insurer to the report as proposed, and shall not so file the report until after such modifications, if any, have been made therein as the commissioner deems proper. The report, when filed, shall be admissible in evidence in any action or proceeding brought by the commissioner against the insurer examined, or its officers or agents, and shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated therein. The commissioner or his examiners may at any time testify and offer other proper evidence as to information secured during the course of an examination, whether or not a written report of the examination has at that time been either made, served or filed in the commissioner's office. The examination of an alien insurer shall be limited to its United States business. In lieu of making his own examination, the commissioner may accept a full report of the last recent examination of a foreign or alien insurer, certified to by the insurance supervisory official of the state of domicile of a foreign insurer or the state of entry into the United States of an alien insurer.

- (b) The commissioner may also cause to be examined at such times as he deems necessary the books, records, papers, documents, correspondence and methods of doing business of any agent, broker or solicitor licensed by this state.
- (c) For such purposes the commissioner, his deputies and employees shall have free access to all books, records, papers, documents and correspondence of all such insurers (whether domestic, foreign or alien),

- agents, brokers and solicitors wherever such books, records, papers, documents and records are situate.
- 131 (d) The commissioner may revoke the license of any such insurer, agent, broker or solicitor who refuses to submit to such examination.
- 134 (e) The commissioner may withhold from public 135 inspection any examination or investigation report for 136 such time as he may deem prudent, but no such report 137 shall be withheld from public inspection for longer than 138 ninety days after the same has been filed.
- 139 (f) In addition to conducting an examination, the 140 commissioner, his deputies, other employees or other 141 individuals appointed by the commissioner who are not 142 employees of the department of insurance, may as the 143 commissioner deems necessary analyze or review any 144 phase of the operations or methods of doing business of 145 an insurer, agent, broker, solicitor or other individual 146 or corporation transacting or attempting to transact an 147 insurance business in the state of West Virginia. The 148 commissioner may use the full resources provided by 149 this section in carrying out these responsibilities, 150 including such personnel and equipment provided by 151 this section as the commissioner deems necessary.

ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES AND TAXATION OF INSURANCE.

§33-3-5b. Capital and surplus requirements.

1 No insurer shall hereafter be licensed to transact the 2 business of insurance in the state of West Virginia 3 unless it has fully paid in capital stock, if a stock 4 insurer, or surplus, if a mutual insurer, of at least one 5 million dollars. In addition, each such insurer shall have and maintain additional surplus funds of at least one 6 million dollars: Provided, That insurers duly licensed to 7 transact insurance in West Virginia prior to the 8 9 effective date of this section whose capital and surplus requirements are increased by virtue of this section 10 11 shall have until the first day of January, one thousand 12 nine hundred ninety-three, to meet such increased requirements. Such capital and surplus shall be unen-13 14 cumbered.

ARTICLE 4. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§33-4-14. Annual statement by insurer.

§33-4-15. Reinsurance.

§33-4-16. Limit of risk.

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§33-4-19. Domestics to comply with reciprocal state laws.

§33-4-14. Annual statement by insurer.

1 (a) Each licensed insurer shall annually on or before 2 March first unless the time is extended by the commis-3 sioner for good cause shown, file with the commissioner 4 a true statement of its financial condition, transactions 5 and affairs as of the December thirty-first preceding: 6 said statement shall be on the appropriate national 7 association of insurance commissioners annual state-8 ment blank which should be prepared in accordance 9 with the national association of insurance commissioners 10 annual statement instructions handbook and follow the 11 accounting practices and procedures prescribed by the 12 national association of insurance commissioners account-13 ing practices and procedures manual as amended. The commissioner may require that all or part of the 14 15 information contained in the annual statement blank be 16 submitted to the department in a computer-readable 17 form compatible with the electronic data processing system of the department. The statement of an alien 18 insurer shall relate only to its transactions and affairs 19 20 in the United States unless the commissioner requires otherwise. 21

(b) Each domestic, foreign and alien insurer, organization or corporation who is subject to the requirements of this section shall annually on or before the first day of March each year, file with the national association of insurance commissioners, and pay the fee established by the national association of insurance commissioners for filing, review or processing of the information, a copy of its annual statement convention blank, along with such additional filings as prescribed by the commissioner for the preceding year. The information filed with the national association of insurance commissioners shall be in the same format and scope as that required by the commissioner and shall include the signed jurat page and any other required information. Any amend-

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- ments and addenda to the annual statement filing subsequently filed with the commissioner shall also be filed with the national association of insurance commissioners.
 - (c) Foreign insurers that are domiciled in a state which has a law substantially similar to subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed in compliance with this section.
 - (d) In the absence of actual malice, members of the national association of insurance commissioners, their duly authorized committees, subcommittees, and task forces, their delegates, national association of insurance commissioners employees, and all others charged with the responsibility of collecting, reviewing, analyzing and disseminating the information developed from the filing of the annual statement convention blanks shall be acting as agents of the commissioner under the authority of this article and shall not be subject to civil liability for libel, slander or any other cause of action by virtue of their collection, review, and analysis or dissemination of the data and information collected from the filings required hereunder.
 - (e) All financial analysis ratios and examination synopses concerning insurance companies that are submitted to the department by the national association of insurance commissioners insurance regulatory information system are confidential and may not be disclosed by the department.
 - (f) The commissioner may suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the certificate of authority of any insurer failing to file its annual statement when due or within any extension of time which the commissioner, for good cause, may have granted.
- 69 (g) Any variance to the requirements of this section 70 shall require the express authorization of the 71 commissioner.
- 72 (h) The commissioner pursuant to chapter twenty-73 nine-a may promulgate rules and regulations to effec-74 tuate the requirements of this article.

§33-4-15. Reinsurance.

- 1 (a) An insurer shall reinsure its risks, or any part 2 thereof, only in solvent insurers having surplus to 3 policyholders not less in amount than the paid-in capital 4 required under this chapter of a stock insurer licensed to transact like kinds of insurance.
- 6 (b) An insurer shall so reinsure in such alien insurers
 7 only as are authorized to transact insurance in at least
 8 one state of the United States or have in the United
 9 States a duly authorized attorney-in-fact to accept
 10 service of legal process against the insurer as to any
 11 liability which might arise on account of such
 12 reinsurance.
- 13 (c) No credit shall be allowed, as an asset or as a deduction from liability, to any ceding insurer for 14 reinsurance unless the reinsurance is in insurers either 15 16 licensed in West Virginia to transact insurance of the 17 kind being reinsured or which have been approved by 18 the commissioner in writing; nor unless the reinsurance 19 is payable by the assuming insurer on the basis of the 20 liability of the ceding insurer under the contracts 21 reinsured without diminution because of the insolvency 22 of the ceding insurer nor unless under the reinsurance 23 contract the liability for such reinsurance is assumed by 24 the assuming insurer or insurers as of the same effective 25 date.
- 26 (d) Any licensed insurer may accept reinsurance for 27 the same kinds of insurance and within the same limits 28 as it is authorized to transact direct insurance.
- (e) No insurer shall reinsure all or substantially all of its risks on property or lives located in West Virginia, or substantially all of a major class thereof, unless the reinsurance agreement be filed with and approved by the commissioner.

§33-4-16. Limit of risk.

1 (a) No insurer shall retain any risk on any one subject
2 of insurance, whether located or to be performed in
3 West Virginia or elsewhere, in an amount exceeding ten
4 percent of its surplus to policyholders.

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- 5 (b) A "subject of insurance" for the purpose of this section, as to insurance against fire and hazards other than windstorm or earthquake, includes all properties insured by the same insurer which are customarily considered by insurers to be subject to loss or damage from the same fire or other such hazard insured against.
 - (c) Reinsurance in licensed or approved insurers as authorized by section fifteen of this article shall be deducted in determining risk retained. As to surety risk, deduction shall also be made of the amount assumed by any established incorporated cosurety and the value and security deposited, pledged or held subject to the surety's consent and for the surety's protection.
 - (d) "Surplus to policyholders" for the purpose of this section shall be deemed to include any voluntary reserves which are not required pursuant to law, and shall be determined from the last sworn statement of the insurer on file with the commissioner or by the last report of examination by the commissioner, whichever is the more recent at time of assumption of such risk.
- 25 (e) As to alien insurers this section shall apply only 26 to risks and surplus to policyholders of the insurer's 27 United States branch.
- 28 (f) This section shall not apply to life or accident and 29 sickness insurance, title insurance, nor to any policy or 30 type of coverage as to which the maximum possible loss 31 to the insurer is not reasonably ascertainable on 32 issuance of the policy.

§33-4-19. Domestics to comply with reciprocal state laws.

- No domestic insurer shall transact insurance in any reciprocal state" in which it is not then duly and properly licensed to transact insurance.
- 4 (a) A reciprocal state, as used herein, shall mean a 5 state which has in effect a similar prohibition against 6 insurers domiciled in that state.
- 7 (b) This section shall not apply to:
- 8 (1) Contracts entered into where the prospective 9 insurant is personally present in the state in which the

- insurer is authorized to transact insurance when they sign the application.
- 12 (2) The issuance of certificates under a lawfully 13 transacted group life or group disability policy, where 14 the master policy was entered into in a state in which 15 the insurer was then authorized to transact insurance.
- 16 (3) Insurance covering persons or risks located in a 17 reciprocal state, under contracts solicited and issued in 18 states in which the insurer is then licensed. Nor shall 19 it prohibit insurance effectuated by the insurer as an 20 unauthorized insurer in accordance with the laws of the 21 reciprocal state.

ARTICLE 6. THE INSURANCE POLICY.

§33-6-1. Scope of article.

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1 This article shall not apply to reinsurance.

ARTICLE 7. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

§33-7-12. Valuation of real property.

- 1 (a) In the event of a default real property acquired 2 pursuant to a mortgage loan or contract for sale, in the 3 absence of a recent appraisal as prescribed in subsection 4 (b) of this section twelve, shall not be valued at an amount greater than the unpaid principal of the 5 6 defaulted loan or contract at the date of such acquisition. 7 together with any taxes and expenses paid or incurred 8 in connection with such acquisition, and the cost of improvements thereafter made by the insurer and any 9 10 amounts thereafter paid by the insurer on assessments 11 levied for improvements in connection with the 12 property.
 - (b) The value of other real property acquired or held by an insurer shall be subject to the approval of the commissioner. The commissioner may, at his discretion at the time such investment is made, or at any time, cause any such real property to be appraised by a licensed real estate appraiser, subject to the Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act pursuant to article fourteen, chapter thirty-seven, appointed or approved by the commissioner, and the reasonable

- 22 expense of such appraisal shall be paid by the insurer.
- 23 No insurer may hereafter make any increase in the
- 24 valuation of any real properties unless and until such
- 25 increased valuation shall be likewise approved by the
- 26 commissioner.

ARTICLE 8. INVESTMENTS.

- §33-8-5. Limitation of investments in one person.
- §33-8-7. Government obligations.
- §33-8-15. Real property mortgages.

§33-8-5. Limitation of investments in one person.

- 1 An insurer shall not, except with the consent of the
- 2 commissioner, have at one time any combination of
- 3 investments in or loans upon the security of the
- 4 obligations, property, or securities of any one person,
- 5 institution or corporation, aggregating an amount
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- exceeding five percent of the insurer's assets. This 7
- restriction shall not apply to investments in or loans
- upon the security of general obligations of the United 8
- States or fully guaranteed by the United States or the 9
- 10 District of Columbia or any state of the United States
- or of political subdivisions of the state of West Virginia 11
- or other states of the United States, made pursuant to 12
- 13 section seven of this article, or include policy loans made
- 14 under section nineteen of this article or investments in
- foreign securities pursuant to section eight of this 15
- article. Pursuant to section 106(b) of the "Secondary 16
- Mortgage Market Enhancement Act of 1984," an act of 17
- the Congress of the United States, this section prohibits 18
- domestic insurers from exercising the investment 19
- authority granted any person, trust, corporation, 20
- 21 partnership, association, business trust or business
- 22 entity pursuant to section 106(a) (1) or (2) of that act.

§33-8-7. Government obligations.

- 1 An insurer may invest any of its funds in:
- 2 (a) Bonds or securities which are the direct obligation
- of or which are secured or guaranteed in whole or in 3
- part as to principal and interest by the United States, 4
- any state or territory of the United States or the District 5
- of Columbia, where there exists the power to levy taxes 6

for the prompt payment of the principal and interest of such bonds or evidences of indebtedness, and in bonds issued by the federal land banks or securities issued by the federal home loan bank system. Pursuant to section 106(b) of the "Secondary Mortgage Market Enhance-ment Act of 1984," an act of the Congress of the United States, this section prohibits domestic insurers from exercising the investment authority granted any person, trust, corporation, partnership, association, business trust or business entity pursuant to section 106(a) (1) or (2) of that act.

(b) Bonds or evidences of indebtedness which are direct general obligations of any county, district, city, town, village, school district, park district or other political subdivision of this state or any other state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia, which shall not be in default in the payment of any of its general obligation bonds, either principal or interest, at the date of such investment; where they are payable from ad valorem taxes levied on all the taxable property located therein and the total indebtedness after deducting sinking funds and all debts incurred for self-sustaining public works does not exceed ten per centum of the actual value of all taxable property therein on the basis of which the last assessment was made before the date of such investment.

§33-8-15. Real property mortgages.

- (a) An insurer may invest in entire first mortgages on improved unencumbered real estate or the entire issue of bonds secured thereby located within any state worth at least thirty-three and one third per centum more than the amount loaned thereon, based on sound appraisal by a competent appraiser and duly certified by him, provided that the investment in any one mortgage or any one issue of bonds or any one contract for deed does not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars or two per centum of the insurer's assets, whichever is the greater.
- (b) "Improved real estate," as used in this section, means all farmland which has been reclaimed and is used for the purpose of husbandry, whether for tillage

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- or pasture, and all real property on which permanent buildings suitable for residence or commercial use are situated.
 - (c) Real property shall not be deemed to be encumbered within the meaning of this section by reason of the existence of instruments reserving or excepting mineral rights and interests, rights-of-way, sewer rights and rights in walls or easements, nor by reason of building restrictions or other restrictive covenants, nor by reason of the fact that it is subject to lease under which rents or profits are reserved to the owners: *Provided*, That the security for such investment is a full and unrestricted first lien upon such real property and that there is no condition nor right of reentry or forfeiture under which such investments can be cut off, subordinated or otherwise disturbed.
 - (d) Notwithstanding the restrictions set forth in this section any insurer may invest (1) in bonds or notes secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the federal housing administration or in debentures issued by it under the terms of an act of Congress of the United States entitled the "National Housing Act," as heretofore or hereafter amended and (2) in securities issued by national mortgage associations established by or under the authority of the National Housing Act, and (3) in bonds or notes secured by mortgage or trust deed guaranteed as to principal by the administrator of veterans' affairs pursuant to the provisions of Title III of an act of Congress of the United States as of June twenty-two, one thousand nine hundred forty-four, entitled the "Servicemen's Re-Adjustment Act of one thousand nine hundred forty-four," as heretofore or hereafter amended. Pursuant to section 106(b) of the "Secondary Mortgage Market Enhancement Act of 1984," an act of the Congress of the United States. this section prohibits domestic insurers from exercising the investment authority granted any person, trust, corporation, partnership, association, business trust or business entity pursuant to section 106(a) (1) or (2) of that act.
 - (e) Notwithstanding the restrictions herein set forth,

55 the amount of any first mortgage investment as limited 56 by subsection (a) of this section may be exceeded if and 57 to the extent that such excess shall be guaranteed by the administrator of veterans' affairs pursuant to the 58 provisions of Title III of an act of Congress of the United 59 60 States of June twenty-two, one thousand nine hundred forty-four, entitled the "Servicemen's Re-Adjustment 61 Act of one thousand nine hundred forty-four." as 62 63 heretofore or hereafter amended. Pursuant to section 106(b) of the "Secondary Mortgage Market Enhance-64 ment Act of 1984." an act of the Congress of the United 65 66 States, this section prohibits domestic insurers from exercising the investment authority granted any person, 67 68 trust, corporation, partnership, association, business trust or business entity pursuant to section 106(a) (1) or 69 70 (2) of that act.

(f) No such insurer shall in any manner, either directly or indirectly, by means of corporations, holding companies, trustees or otherwise, invest in real estate securities junior to first mortgages unless the first mortgage in its entirety is owned by the insurer.

ARTICLE 10. REHABILITATION AND LIQUIDATION.

§33-10-1. Definitions.

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For the purpose of this article the following definitions shall apply:

- (a) "Impairment" means a financial situation in which, based upon the financial information which would be required by this chapter for the preparation of the insurer's annual statement, the assets of an insurer are less than the sum of all of its liabilities and required reserves including any minimum capital and surplus required of that insurer by this chapter so as to maintain its authority to transact the kinds of business or insurance it is so authorized to transact.
- 12 (b) "Insolvency" means a financial situation in which, 13 based upon the financial information which would be 14 required by this chapter for the preparation of the 15 insurer's annual statement, the assets of the insurer are 16 less than the sum of all of its liabilities and required 17 reserves.

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- 18 (c) "Insurer" means any person, firm, corporation, 19 association or aggregation of persons doing an insurance 20 business and which is or has been subject to the 21 insurance supervisory authority of, or to liquidation, 22 rehabilitation, reorganization or conservation by the 23 commissioner or the equivalent insurance supervisory 24 official of another state.
- 25 (d) "Delinquency proceeding" means any proceeding 26 commenced against an insurer pursuant to this article 27 for the purpose of liquidating, rehabilitating, reorgan-28 izing or conserving such insurer.
- 29 (e) "State" means any state, district or territory of the 30 United States.
 - (f) "Foreign country" means any other jurisdiction not in any state.
 - (g) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an insurer is incorporated or organized, or in the case of an alien insurer as defined in section eight, article one of this chapter, the state in which such insurer, having become authorized to do business in such state, has at the commencement of delinquency proceedings, the largest amount of its assets held in trust and assets held on deposit for the benefit of its policyholders or policyholders and creditors in the United States or its state of entry.
- 43 (h) "Ancillary state" means any state other than a domiciliary state.
 - (i) "Reciprocal state" means any state other than this state in which in substance and effect the provisions of the Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act, as defined in section twenty-one of this article, are in force, including the provisions requiring that the insurance commissioner or equivalent insurance supervisory official be the receiver of a delinquent insurer.
 - (j) "General assets" means all property, real, personal or otherwise, not specifically mortgaged, pledged, deposited or otherwise encumbered for the security or benefit of specified persons or a limited class or classes

of persons, and as to such specifically encumbered property the term includes all such property or its proceeds in excess of the amount necessary to discharge the sum or sums secured thereby. Assets held in trust and assets held on deposit for the security or benefit of all policyholders or all policyholders and creditors in more than a single state shall be deemed general assets.

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- (k) "Preferred claim" means any claim with respect to which the terms of this article accord priority of payments from the general assets of the insurer.
- 66 (l) "Special deposit claim" means any claim secured 67 by a deposit made pursuant to statute for the security 68 or benefit of a limited class or classes of persons, but 69 not including any general assets.
- 70 (m) "Secured claim" means any claim secured by 71 mortgage, trust deed, pledge, deposit as security, 72 escrow, or otherwise, but not including special deposit claim or claims against general assets. The term also 73 74 includes claims which more than four months prior to the commencement of delinquency proceedings in the 75 76 state of the insurer's domicile have become liens upon specific assets by reason of judicial process. 77
 - (n) "Receiver" means receiver, liquidator, rehabilitator, or conservator as the context may require.
- 80 (o) "Guaranty association" means the West Virginia 81 Insurance Guaranty Association created by article twenty-six of this chapter, the West Virginia Life and 82 Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act created by 83 article twenty-six-a of this chapter, and any other 84 similar entity now or hereafter created by the Legisla-85 ture of this state for the payment of claims of insolvent 86 insurers. 87
- (p) "Foreign guaranty association" means any similar entities now in existence in or hereafter created by the Legislature of any other state.

§33-16B-4. Authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results.

- 1 The commissioner may as he deems necessary after
- 2 notice and hearing promulgate rules and regulations in
- 3 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to
- 4 define the commissioner's authority to consider the
- 5 operating results of an insurer's affiliates and subsidiar-
- 6 ies in the rate making and solvency determination of
- 7 that insurer.

ARTICLE 20. RATES AND RATING ORGANIZATIONS.

§33-20-20. Authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results.

- 1 The commissioner may as he deems necessary after
- 2 notice and hearing promulgate rules and regulations in
- 3 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to
- 4 define the commissioner's authority to consider the
- 5 operating results of an insurer's affiliates and subsidiar-
- 6 ies in the rate making and solvency determination of
- 7 that insurer.

ARTICLE 20B. RATES AND MALPRACTICE INSURANCE POL-ICIES.

§33-20B-9. Authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results.

- 1 The commissioner may as he deems necessary after
- 2 notice and hearing promulgate rules and regulations in
- 3 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to
- 4 define the commissioner's authority to consider the
- 5 operating results of an insurer's affiliates and subsidiar-
- 6 ies in the rate making and solvency determination of
- 7 that insurer.

ARTICLE 22. FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

§33-22-2. Applicability of other provisions.

- 1 Each company to the same extent such provisions are
- 2 applicable to domestic mutual insurers shall be gov-
- 3 erned by and be subject to the following articles of this
- 4 chapter: Article one (definitions), article two (insurance
- 5 commissioner), article four (general provisions) except

6 that section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable 7 thereto, article seven (assets and liabilities), article ten 8 (rehabilitation and liquidation) except that under the 9 provisions of section thirty-two of said article ten no 10 assessment shall be levied against any former member 11 of a farmers' mutual fire insurance company who is no 12 longer a member of the company at the time the order 13 to show cause was issued, article eleven (unfair practices 14 and frauds), article twelve (agents, brokers and solici-15 tors) except that the agents' license fee shall be five 16 dollars, article twenty-six (West Virginia Insurance Guaranty Association Act), article thirty (mine subsi-17 18 dence insurance) except that under the provisions of 19 section six, article thirty, a farmers' mutual insurance 20 company shall have the option of offering mine subsidence coverage to all of its policyholders but shall not 21 22 be required to do so, article thirty-three (annual audited financial report), article thirty-four (administrative 23 24 supervision), article thirty-four-a (standards and com-25 missioner's authority for companies deemed to be in 26 hazardous financial condition) and article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment), 27 but only to the extent these provisions are not inconsis-28 tent with the provisions of this article. 29

ARTICLE 23. FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES.

§33-23-2. Applicability of other provisions.

Every fraternal benefit society shall be governed and 1 2 be subject, to the same extent as other insurers 3 transacting like kinds of insurance, to the following articles of this chapter: Article one (definitions), article 4 two (insurance commissioner), article four (general 5 provisions), article six, section thirty (fee for form and 6 rate filing), article seven (assets and liabilities), article 7 ten (rehabilitation and liquidation), article eleven 8 (unfair trade practices), article twelve (agents, brokers, 9 solicitors and excess lines), article thirteen (life insur-10 ance), article fifteen-a (long-term care insurance), 11 article twenty-seven (insurance holding company sys-12 tems), article thirty-three (annual audited financial 13 report), article thirty-four (administrative supervision). 14 article thirty-four-a (standards and commissioner's 15

- 16 authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous
- 17 financial condition) and article thirty-five (criminal
- 18 sanctions for failure to report impairment).

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

§33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of insurance laws.

§33-24-5. Licenses; name of corporation.

§33-24-6. Commissioner to enforce article; approval of contracts, forms, rates and fees.

§33-24-10. Investments; bonds of corporate officers and employees, minimum statutory surplus.

§33-24-14. Definitions.

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§33-24-16. Commencement of delinquency proceedings.

§33-24-17. Ex parte orders, injunctions and other orders.

§33-24-19. Grounds for liquidation.

§33-24-44. Authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results.

*§33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of insurance laws.

Every such corporation is hereby declared to be a 1 2 scientific, nonprofit institution and as such exempt from 3 the payment of all property and other taxes. Every such corporation, to the same extent such provisions are 4 5 applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of 6 insurance and not inconsistent with the provisions of this 7 article, shall be governed by and be subject to the provisions as hereinbelow indicated, of the following 8 articles of this chapter: Article two (insurance commis-9 sioner), article four (general provisions) except that 10 section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable 11 thereto, article six, section thirty-four (fee for form and 12 rate filing), article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article 13 seven (assets and liabilities), article ten (rehabilitation 14 15 and liquidation), article eleven (unfair practices and frauds), article twelve (agents, brokers and solicitors), 16 17 section fourteen, article fifteen (individual policies), article fifteen-a (long-term care insurance), section 18 three-a, article sixteen (mental illness), section three-c, 19 20 article sixteen (group accident and sickness insurance), section three-d, article sixteen (medicare supplement), 21

section three-f, article sixteen (treatment of temporo-

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 535 (Chapter 93), which passed prior to this act.

23 mandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular dis-24 order), article sixteen-c (small employer group policies). 25 article sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small 26 employers), article twenty-six-a (West Virginia life and 27 health insurance guaranty association act), after the 28 first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninetyone, article twenty-seven (insurance holding company 29 30 systems), article twenty-eight (individual accident and 31 sickness insurance minimum standards), article thirty-32 three (annual audited financial report), article thirty-33 four (administrative supervision), article thirty-four-a 34 (standards and commissioner's authority for companies 35 deemed to be in hazardous financial condition) and 36 article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for failure to 37 report impairment); and no other provision of this chapter shall apply to such corporations unless specif-38 ically made applicable by the provisions of this article. 39 40 If, however, any such corporation shall be converted into 41 a corporation organized for a pecuniary profit, or if it 42 shall transact business without having obtained a license as required by section five of this article, it shall 43 44 thereupon forfeit its right to these exemptions.

§33-24-5. Licenses; name of corporation.

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- (a) No such corporation shall enter into any contract with a subscriber until it has obtained from the commissioner a license as provided in this section. Application for a license shall be made on forms to be prescribed and furnished by the commissioner.
- 6 (b) The application shall be accompanied by a copy of 7 the following documents: (1) Certificate of incorporation; (2) bylaws; (3) contracts between the corporation and 8 participating hospitals, physicians, dentists or other 9 10 health agencies; (4) proposed contracts to be issued to subscribers, setting forth the hospital, medical or dental 11 service to which subscribers are entitled, and the table 12 of rates to be charged for such service; and (5) financial 13 statement showing the amount of contributions paid, or 14 agreed to be paid, to the corporation for working capital, 15 the name or names of each contributor and the terms 16 of each contribution. 17

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- 18 (c) The commissioner shall, upon payment to him of 19 a license fee of two hundred dollars, issue a license 20 authorizing the corporation to transact business in this 21 state in the area to be served by it, if he is satisfied (1) 22 that the applicant is incorporated in this state under the 23 provisions of article one, chapter thirty-one of this code. 24 as a bona fide nonprofit corporation, (2) that the 25 contracts between the corporation and participating 26 hospitals, physicians, dentists and other health agencies 27 contain all the terms required by section seven of this 28 article, (3) that the working capital available to the 29 corporation will be sufficient to pay all operating 30 expenses, other than payment for hospital, medical or 31 dental services, for a reasonable period after the 32 issuance of the license, and (4) that the proposed plan 33 will serve the best interests of all of the people of the 34 area in which the corporation intends to operate. 35 regardless of their race, color or economic status. Any 36 license so issued may be renewed annually upon 37 payment to the commissioner of a renewal fee of two 38 hundred dollars.
 - (d) The term of such license, renewal, refusal to license, revocation, suspension or penalty in lieu thereof shall be governed by the provisions of sections eight, nine, ten and eleven, article three of this chapter, in the same manner that these sections are applicable to insurers generally.
- 45 (e) No such corporation shall include in its name the words "insurance," "casualty," "surety," "health and 46 accident," "accident and sickness," "mutual," or any 47 48 other words descriptive of the insurance business; nor 49 shall its name be so similar to that of any insurer which 50 was licensed to transact insurance in this state when such corporation was formed, as to tend, in the opinion 51 of the commissioner, to confuse the public. 52

§33-24-6. Commissioner to enforce article; approval of contracts, forms, rates and fees.

(a) It shall be the duty of the commissioner to enforce the provisions of this article. If the commissioner finds that a corporation is impaired, he may issue such orders

4 and otherwise require that the corporation take all 5 actions that in his judgment are necessary for the 6 corporation to cure the impairment. Failure of the 7 corporation to follow such orders and directions is 8 evidence that the management is incompetent and grounds for an order of rehabilitation or liquidation, as 9 10 the commissioner deems appropriate.

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- (b) No such corporation shall deliver or issue for delivery any subscriber's contract, changes in the terms of such contract, application, rider or endorsement, until a copy thereof and the rates pertaining thereto have been filed with and approved by the commissioner. All such forms filed with the commissioner shall be deemed approved after the expiration of sixty days from the date of such filing unless the commissioner shall have disapproved the same, stating his reasons for such disapproval in writing. Such forms may be used prior to the expiration of such periods if written approval thereof has been received from the commissioner.
- 23 (c) No rates to be charged subscribers shall be used 24 or established by any such corporation unless and until 25 the same have been filed with the commissioner and approved by him. The procedure for such filing and 26 27 approval shall be the same as that prescribed in 28 subsection (b) of this section for the approval of forms. The commissioner shall approve all such rates which are 29 30 not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory.
- (d) The commissioner shall pass upon the actuarial 31 32 soundness of the schedule of fees to be paid hospitals, 33 physicians, dentists and other health agencies.

§33-24-10. Investments; bonds of corporate officers and employees, minimum statutory surplus.

- (a) The funds of any such corporation shall be invested only as follows:
- (1) Fifty percent of such funds shall be in cash or 3 government securities of the type described in section seven of article eight of this chapter. 5
- (2) The balance of such funds may be in cash or 6 invested in the classes of investments described in the 7

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- 8 following sections of article eight of this chapter: Section 9 nine (certificates of deposit of federally insured institu-10 tions), section eleven (corporate obligations), section 11 twelve (building and savings and loan shares, international bank), section thirteen (preferred or guaranteed 12 13 stock), section fourteen (common stock), section sixteen 14 (real property) and section eighteen (revenue bonds). All 15 such investments shall be subject to all the restrictions 16 and conditions contained in said article eight as 17 applying to similar investments of insurers generally.
 - (b) Every officer or employee of any such corporation, who is entrusted with the handling of its funds, shall furnish, in such amount as may with the approval of the commissioner be fixed by the board of directors of the corporation, a bond with corporate surety, conditioned upon the faithful performance of all his duties.
- 24 (c) A corporation shall have and maintain statutory 25 surplus funds of at least two million dollars: Provided. 26 That any such corporation duly licensed under this 27 article in West Virginia prior to the effective date of this 28 section whose surplus requirements are increased by 29 virtue of this section shall be required to maintain 30 statutory surplus funds of at least five hundred thousand 31 dollars after the effective date of this section, and any 32 such corporation shall then be subject to the full two 33 million dollar statutory surplus requirement after the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-34 35 one.

§33-24-14. Definitions.

- For the purpose of sections fourteen through forty-six of this article:
 - (a) "Impairment" means a financial situation in which, based upon the financial information which would be required by this chapter for the preparation of the corporation's annual statement, the assets of a corporation are less than the sum of all of its liabilities and required reserves including any minimum surplus required of that insurer by this chapter so as to maintain its authority to transact the kinds of business or insurance it is so authorized to transact.

- 12 (b) "Insolvency" means a financial situation in which, 13 based upon the financial information which would be 14 required by this chapter for the preparation of the 15 corporation's annual statement, the assets of the 16 corporation are less than the sum of all of its liabilities 17 and required reserves.
- 18 (c) "Corporation" shall be defined in section two of this article.

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- (d) "Delinquency proceeding" means any proceeding commenced against a corporation pursuant to this article for the purpose of liquidating, rehabilitating, supervising, reorganizing or conserving such corporation.
- 25 (e) "State" means any state, district or territory of the 26 United States.
- 27 (f) "Foreign country" means any other jurisdiction not in any state.
- 29 (g) "Domiciliary state" means the state of West 30 Virginia for any corporation.
- 31 (h) "Ancillary state" means any state other than West 32 Virginia.
 - (i) "Reciprocal state" means any state other than this state in which in substance and effect the provisions of the Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act, as defined in section twenty-one of article ten of chapter thirty-three, are in force, including the provisions requiring that the insurance commissioner or equivalent insurance supervisory official be the receiver of a delinquent insurer.
 - (j) "General assets" means all property, real, personal or otherwise, not specifically mortgaged, pledged, deposited or otherwise encumbered for the security or benefit of specified persons or a limited class or classes of persons, and as to such specifically encumbered property the term includes all such property or its proceeds in excess of the amount necessary to discharge the sum or sums secured thereby. Assets held in trust and assets held on deposit for the security or benefit of all policyholders or all policyholders and creditors in

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- 50 more than a single state shall be deemed general assets.
- 51 (k) "Preferred claim" means any claim with respect 52 to which the terms of this article accord priority of 53 payments from the general assets of the insurer.
 - (1) "Special deposit claim" means any claim secured by a deposit made pursuant to statute for the security or benefit of a limited class or classes of persons, but not including any general assets.
 - (m) "Secured claim" means any claim secured in a manner consistent with article nine of the uniform commercial code as codified in article nine, chapter forty-six of this code, whether by mortgage, trust, deed, pledge, deposit as security, escrow, or otherwise, but not including special deposit claim or claims against general assets. The term also includes claims which more than four months prior to the commencement of delinquency proceedings have become liens upon specific assets by reason of judicial process.
- 68 (n) "Receiver" means receiver, liquidator, rehabilita-69 tor, supervisor or conservator as the context may 70 require.
 - (o) "Statutory surplus" means the minimum amount of unencumbered surplus which an association or corporation must maintain pursuant to the requirements of this article.
- (p) "Surplus" means the amount by which an association's or corporation's assets exceeds its liabilities and required reserves based upon the financial information which would be required by this chapter for the preparation of the association's or corporation's annual statement.

§33-24-16. Commencement of delinquency proceedings.

- 1 (a) The commissioner may file in the appropriate 2 circuit court of this state, as provided in section fifteen 3 of this article, a petition alleging, with respect to a 4 domestic corporation:
- 5 (1) That there exist any grounds that would justify a court order for a delinquency proceeding against a

7 corporation under this article;

- 8 (2) That the interests of policyholders, creditors or the public will be endangered by delay; and
- 10 (3) The contents of an order deemed necessary by the commissioner.
 - (b) Upon filing under subsection (a), the court may issue forthwith, ex parte and without a hearing, the requested order which shall direct the commissioner to take possession and control of all or a part of the property, books, accounts, documents, and other records of a corporation, and of the premises occupied by it for transaction of its business; and until further order of the court enjoin the corporation and its officers, managers, agents, and employees from disposition of its property and from the transaction of its business except with the written consent of the commissioner.
 - (c) The court shall specify in the order what its duration shall be, which shall be such time as the court deems necessary for the commissioner to ascertain the condition of the corporation. On motion of either party or on its own motion, the court may from time to time hold such hearings as it deems desirable after such notice as it deems appropriate, and may extend, shorten or modify the terms of the seizure order. The court shall vacate the seizure order if the commissioner fails to commence a delinquency proceeding under this article after having had a reasonable opportunity to do so. An order of the court pursuant to a formal proceeding under this article shall ipso facto vacate the seizure order.
 - (d) Entry of a seizure order under this section shall not constitute an anticipatory breach of any contract of the corporation.
 - (e) A corporation subject to an ex parte order under this section may petition the court at any time after the issuance of such order for a hearing and review of the order. The court shall hold such hearing and review not more than fifteen days after the request. Subject to the approval of the court, a hearing under this subsection

- may be held privately in chambers if the corporation proceeded against so requests.
- 48 (f) If, at any time after the issuance of such an order, 49 it appears to the court that any person whose interest 50 is or will be substantially affected by the order did not 51 appear at the hearing and has not been served, the court 52 may order that notice be given. An order that notice be 53 given shall not stay the effect of any order previously 54 issued by the court.

§33-24-17. Ex parte orders, injunctions and other orders.

- (a) Upon application by the commissioner for an order under this article:
- (1) The court may without notice issue an injunction restraining the corporation, its officers, directors, stockholders, members, subscribers, agents and all other persons from the transaction of its business or the waste or disposition of its property until further order of the court.
- (2) The court may at any time during a proceeding under this article issue such other injunctions or orders as may be deemed necessary to prevent interference with the commissioner or the proceeding, or waste of the assets of the corporation, or the commencement or prosecution of any actions, or the obtaining of preferences, judgments, attachments or other liens, or the making of any levy against the corporation, or against its assets or any part thereof.
- (3) The court may order any managing general agent or attorney-in-fact to release to the commissioner any books, records, accounts, documents or other writings relating to the business of such person: *Provided*, That any of the same or the property of such an agent or attorney shall be returned when no longer necessary to the commissioner or at any time the court after notice and hearing shall so direct.
- (b) Any person having possession of and refusing to deliver any of the books, records, or assets of a corporation against whom a seizure order has been issued by the commissioner shall be guilty of a misde-

- meanor and punishable by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year, or both such fine and imprisonment.
- 33 (c) Whenever the commissioner makes any seizure as 34 provided in section sixteen, it shall be the duty of the 35 sheriff of any county of this state, and of the police 36 department of any municipality therein, to furnish the 37 commissioner, upon demand, with such deputies, 38 patrolmen or officers as may be necessary to assist the 39 commissioner in making and enforcing any such seizure.
- 40 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no 41 bond shall be required of the commissioner as a 42 prerequisite for the issuance of any injunction or 43 restraining order pursuant to this section.

§33-24-19. Grounds for liquidation.

- 1 The commissioner may apply to the court for an order 2 appointing him as a receiver (if his appointment as 3 receiver shall not be then in effect) and directing him 4 to liquidate the business of such corporation regardless 5 of whether or not there has been a prior order directing 6 him to rehabilitate such corporation, upon any of the 7 grounds specified in section eighteen of this article, or 8 if such corporation:
- 9 (a) Has ceased transacting business for a period of one 10 year; or
- 11 (b) Is an insolvent corporation and has commenced 12 voluntary liquidation or dissolution, or attempts to 13 commence or prosecute any action or proceeding to 14 liquidate its business or affairs, or to dissolve its 15 corporate charter, or to procure the appointment of a 16 receiver, trustee, custodian, or sequestrator under any 17 law except this chapter.

§33-24-44. Authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results.

The commissioner may as he deems necessary after notice and hearing promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to

- 4 define the commissioner's authority to consider the
- 5 operating results of an insurer's affiliates and subsidiar-
- 6 ies in the rate making and solvency determination of
- 7 that insurer.

ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

- §33-25-2. Definitions.
- §33-25-6. Supervision and regulation by insurance commissioner; exemption from insurance laws.
- §33-25-9. Annual report.
- §33-25-21. Authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results.

§33-25-2. Definitions.

- For the purpose of this article, unless the context otherwise indicates:
- 3 (a) "Health care corporation" or "corporation" shall 4 mean a corporation organized and licensed under the 5 provisions of this article.
- 6 (b) "Direct health care services" shall, subject to the 7 limitations contained in this article, include all such 8 services as are designed to preserve or restore a person's 9 health.
- 10 (c) "Subscriber" shall mean a person (including, as the case may be, the members of his family) who subscribes to the direct health care plan of a corporation.
- 13 (d) "Commissioner" means the insurance commis-14 sioner of the state of West Virginia.
- 15 (e) "Statutory surplus" means the minimum amount 16 of unencumbered surplus which an association or 17 corporation must maintain pursuant to the require-18 ments of this article.
- 19 (f) "Surplus" means the amount by which an associ-20 ation's or corporation's assets exceeds its liabilities and 21 required reserves based upon the financial information 22 which would be required by this chapter for the 23 preparation of the association's or corporation's annual 24 statement.

*§33-25-6. Supervision and regulation by insurance commissioner; exemption from insurance laws.

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 535 (Chapter 93), which passed prior to this act.

1 Corporations organized under this article shall be 2 subject to supervision and regulation by the insurance 3 commissioner. Such corporations organized under this 4 article, to the same extent such provisions are applicable 5 to insurers transacting similar kinds of insurance and 6 not inconsistent with the provisions of this article, shall 7 be governed by and be subject to the provisions as 8 hereinbelow indicated, of the following articles of this 9 chapter: Article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article 10 seven (assets and liabilities), article eight (investments), article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation), section 11 12 fourteen, article fifteen (individual policies), article 13 sixteen-c (small employer group policies), article 14 sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small employers), article twenty-seven (insurance holding 15 16 company systems), article thirty-three (annual audited 17 financial report), article thirty-four-a (standards and 18 commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial condition) and article thirty-five 19 (criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment); 20 21 and no other provision of this chapter shall apply to such 22 corporations unless specifically made applicable by the 23 provisions of this article.

§33-25-7. Licenses.

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- (a) Before it may issue any contract to a subscriber, a corporation desiring to establish, maintain and operate a direct health care plan must first obtain from the commissioner a license as provided in this section.
 - (b) Applications for an original license shall be made on forms prescribed and furnished by the commissioner and shall be accompanied by the following documents and information: (1) Certificate of incorporation; (2) bylaws; (3) list of names and residence addresses of all officers and board of directors of the corporation; (4) contracts between the corporation and persons, firms, corporations or associations to render direct health care services; (5) proposed contracts to be issued to subscribers setting forth in detail the direct health care services to which subscribers are entitled and the table of rates to be charged for such services; (6) financial statement showing the assets and liabilities of the corporation, the

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- amount of contributions paid, or agreed to be paid, to the corporation for working capital, the names or name of each contributor and the terms of each contribution; and (7) any additional information as the commissioner may require.
 - (c) Within thirty days after receipt of an application. the commissioner shall, upon payment to him of a license fee of two hundred dollars, issue a license authorizing the corporation to transact business in this state in the area to be served by it, if he is satisfied (1) that the applicant is incorporated in this state under the provisions of article one, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia as a bona fide, nonprofit corporation. (2) that the health care plan which the corporation proposes to operate, as well as the forms of all contracts which it proposes to issue under such health care plan, are based upon sound business principles and will be in every respect equitable, just and fair to the subscriber. (3) that the working capital available to the corporation will be sufficient to pay all operating expenses during the subscription period, (4) that the proposed plan will adequately serve the best interests of all the people of the area in which the corporation intends to operate, regardless of their race, color or religion, and (5) that the corporation shall have and maintain statutory surplus funds of at least two million dollars: Provided, That corporations duly licensed under this article in West Virginia prior to the effective date of this section whose surplus requirements are increased by virtue of this section shall have until the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, to meet such increased requirements.
 - (d) The commissioner may refuse to license a corporation when he determines that such corporation has not complied with the laws of this state, or that it is not in the best interest of the people of the state that such corporation be licensed, or that such corporation would transact business in this state in an improper, illegal or unjust manner. In such event, the commissioner shall enter an order refusing such license and the applicant therefor may have a hearing and judicial review in

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accordance with the applicable provisions of article two of this chapter relating to hearings before and judicial review of orders entered by the commissioner.

- (e) All licenses issued under the provisions of this article shall expire at midnight on the thirty-first day of March next following the date of issuance. The commissioner shall renew annually the license of all corporations which qualify and make applications therefor upon a form prescribed by the commissioner upon payment to the commissioner of a renewal fee of two hundred dollars.
- (f) The commissioner shall, after notice and hearing, refuse to renew or shall revoke or suspend the license of a corporation, if the corporation: (1) Violates any provision of this article; (2) fails to comply with any lawful rule, regulation or order of the commissioner: (3) is transacting its business in an illegal, improper or unjust manner, or is operating in contravention of its articles of incorporation or any amendments thereto, of its bylaws, or of its health care plan; (4) is found by the commissioner to be in an unsound condition or in such condition as to jeopardize its obligations to subscribers and those with whom it has contracted; (5) compels subscribers to its health care program to accept less than the obligation due them under their contracts or agreements with the corporation: (6) refuses to be examined or to produce its accounts, records and files for examination by the commissioner when required; (7) fails to pay any final judgment rendered against it in West Virginia within thirty days after the judgment became final or time for appeal expired, whichever is later; (8) fails to pay when due to the state of West Virginia any fees, charges or penalties required by this chapter.

In those cases where the commissioner has the right to revoke, suspend or terminate the license or any renewal thereof of said corporation, the commissioner shall, by order, require the corporation to pay to the state of West Virginia a penalty in the sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and on the failure of the corporation to pay the penalty within thirty days after

- notice thereof, the commissioner shall revoke or suspend
 the license of the corporation.
- When any license has been revoked, suspended or terminated, the commissioner may reinstate the license when he is satisfied that the conditions causing the revocation, suspension or termination have ceased to exist and are unlikely to recur.
- In the event the commissioner revokes, suspends or terminates a license, the corporation may demand a hearing in the manner provided in article two of this chapter.

§33-25-9. Annual report.

- Every corporation shall annually on or before the first day of March, file, with its application for renewal license, a report, verified by an officer of the corporation, with the commissioner, showing its condition on the last day of the preceding calendar year, on forms required by section fourteen, article four of this chapter, which report shall include:
- 8 (a) A financial statement of such corporation, includ-9 ing its balance sheet and its receipts and disbursements 10 for the preceding calendar year;
- 11 (b) A list of the names and residence addresses of all 12 its officers and directors, and the total amount of 13 expense reimbursement to all officers and directors 14 during the preceding calendar year;
- 15 (c) The number of subscribers' contracts issued by such corporation and outstanding;
- 17 (d) The names of those persons (other than subscrib-18 ers), corporations, associations, and institutions with 19 which such corporation has agreements;
- 20 (e) Number and type of services currently covered 21 under the health care plan of the corporation.

§33-25-21. Authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results.

1 The commissioner may as he deems necessary after

- 2 notice and hearing promulgate rules and regulations in
- 3 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to
- 4 define the commissioner's authority to consider the
- 5 operating results of an insurer's affiliates and subsidiar-
- 6 ies in the rate making and solvency determination of
- 7 that insurer.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

- §33-25A-2. Definitions.
- §33-25A-4. Issuance of certificate of authority.
- §33-25A-9. Annual report.
- §33-25A-17. Examinations.
- §33-25A-24. Statutory construction and relationship to other laws.
- §33-25A-32. Authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results.

§33-25A-2. Definitions.

- 1 (1) "Basic health care services" means physician,
- 2 hospital, out-of-area, podiatric, laboratory, X ray,
- 3 emergency, short-term mental health services not
- 4 exceeding twenty outpatient visits in any twelve-month
- 5 period, and cost-effective preventive services including
- 6 immunizations, well-child care, periodic health evalua-
- 7 tions for adults, voluntary family planning services,
- 8 infertility services and children's eye and ear examina-
- 9 tions conducted to determine the need for vision and
- 10 hearing corrections.
- 11 (2) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of 12 insurance.
- 13 (3) "Consumer" means any person who is not a 14 provider of care or an employee, officer, director or 15 stockholder of any provider of care.
- 16 (4) "Copayment" means a nominal payment required 17 of enrollees as a condition of the receipt of specific 18 health services.
- 19 (5) "Employee" means a person in some official
 20 employment or position working for a salary or wage
 21 continuously for no less than one calendar quarter and
 22 who is in such a relation to another person that the latter
 23 may control the work of the former and direct the
 24 manner in which the work shall be done.

- 25 (6) "Employer" means any individual, corporation, 26 partnership, other private association, or state or local 27 government that employs the equivalent of at least 28 twenty-five full-time employees during any four consec-29 utive calendar quarters.
 - (7) "Enrollee" means an individual who has been voluntarily enrolled in a health maintenance organization, including individuals on whose behalf a contractual arrangement has been entered into with a health maintenance organization to receive health care services.
 - (8) "Evidence of coverage" means any certificate, agreement or contract issued to an enrollee setting out the coverage and other rights to which the enrollee is entitled.
 - (9) "Health care services" means any services or goods included in the furnishing to any individual of medical, mental or dental care, or hospitalization or incident to the furnishing of such care of hospitalization, osteopathic services, home health, health education, rehabilitation, as well as the furnishing to any person of any and all other services or goods for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing or healing human illness or injury.
 - (10) "Health maintenance organization" means a public or private organization which provides, or otherwise makes available to enrollees, health care services, including at a minimum basic health care services:
 - (a) Is compensated except for copayments for the provision of basic health care services to enrollees solely on a predetermined periodic rate basis;
 - (b) Provides physicians' services primarily (i) directly through physicians who are either employees or partners of such organization, or (ii) through arrangements with individual physicians or one or more groups of physicians organized on a group practice or individual practice basis, or (iii) through some combination of (i) and (ii) above;
 - (c) Assures the availability, accessibility and quality

- including effective utilization of the health care services which it provides or makes available through clearly identifiable focal points of legal and administrative responsibility.
- (11) "Individual practice basis" means any agreement or arrangement to provide medical services on behalf of a health maintenance organization among or between physicians or between a health maintenance organization and individual physicians or groups of physicians, where the physicians are not employees or partners of such health maintenance organization and are not members of or affiliated with a medical group.
- (12) "Medical group" means (a) a professional corporation, partnership, association, or other organization which is composed solely of health professionals licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy and of such other licensed health professionals, including podiatrists, dentists and optometrists, as are necessary for the provision of health services for which the group is responsible; (b) a majority of the members of which are licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy; (c) as their principal professional activity engage in the coordinated practice of their profession; (d) pool their income for practice as members of the group and distribute it among themselves according to a prearranged salary, drawing account or other plan; and (e) share medical and other records and substantial portions of major equipment and professional, technical and administrative staff.
- (13) "Premium" means a predetermined periodic rate unrelated to the actual or potential utilization of services of any particular person which is charged by the health maintenance organization for health services provided to an enrollee.
- (14) "Provider" means any physician, hospital or other person or organization which is licensed or otherwise authorized in this state to furnish health care services.
- (15) "Service area" means the area identified by a health maintenance organization as the area within which health care services will be provided by the

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- 104 health maintenance organization.
- 105 (16) "Statutory surplus" means the minimum amount 106 of unencumbered surplus which an association or 107 corporation must maintain pursuant to the require-108 ments of this article.
- 109 (17) "Surplus" means the amount by which an association's or corporation's assets exceeds its liabilities and required reserves based upon the financial information which would be required by this chapter for the preparation of the association's or corporation's annual statement.

§33-25A-4. Issuance of certificate of authority.

- (1) Upon receipt of an application for a certificate of authority, the commissioner shall determine whether the application for a certificate of authority, with respect to health care services to be furnished has demonstrated:
- 6 (a) The willingness and potential ability to assure that
 7 basic health services will be provided in such a manner
 8 as to enhance and assure both the availability and
 9 accessibility of adequate personnel and facilities;
- 10 (b) Arrangements for an ongoing evaluation of the quality of health care;
 - (c) A procedure to develop, compile, evaluate and report statistics relating to the cost of its operations, the pattern of utilization of its services, the quality, availability and accessibility of its services, and such other matters as may be reasonably required by regulation.
- 18 (2) The commissioner shall issue or deny a certificate
 19 of authority to any person filing an application within
 20 one hundred twenty days after receipt of the application.
 21 Issuance of a certificate of authority shall be granted
 22 upon payment of the application fee prescribed, if the
 23 commissioner is satisfied that the following conditions
 24 are met:
- 25 (a) The health maintenance organization's proposed 26 plan of operation meets the requirements of subsection 27 (1) of this section;

- (b) The health maintenance organization will effectively provide or arrange for the provision of at least basic health care services on a prepaid basis except for copayments: Provided. That nothing herein shall be construed to relieve a health maintenance organization from the obligations to provide health care services because of the nonpayment of copayments unless the enrollee fails to make payment in at least three instances over any twelve-month period: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall permit a health maintenance organization to charge copayments to medicare beneficiaries or medicaid recipients in excess of the copayments permitted under those programs, nor shall a health maintenance organization be required to provide services to such medicare beneficiaries or medicaid recipients in excess of the benefits compensated under such programs;
 - (c) The health maintenance organization is financially responsible and may reasonably be expected to meet its obligations to enrollees and prospective enrollees. In making this determination, the commissioner may consider:
 - (i) The financial soundness of the health maintenance organization's arrangements for health care services and proposed schedule of charges used in connection therewith;
 - (ii) That the health maintenance organization shall have and maintain fully paid-in capital stock, if a forprofit stock corporation, or statutory surplus funds, if a nonprofit corporation, of at least one million dollars. In addition, each such health maintenance organization shall have and maintain additional surplus funds of at least one million dollars: *Provided*, That health maintenance organizations duly licensed under this article prior to the effective date of this section whose fully paid-in capital stock and surplus requirements are increased by virtue of this section shall be required to maintain fully paid-in capital stock, if a for-profit stock corporation, or statutory surplus funds, if a nonprofit corporation, be at least two hundred fifty thousand

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- dollars and additional surplus funds of two hundred fifty thousand dollars after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. Any such corporation shall then be subject to the full paid-in capital and surplus requirements of this section after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four;
 - (iii) Any arrangements which will guarantee for a reasonable period of time the continued availability or payment of the cost of health care services in the event of discontinuance of the plan;
- (iv) Any agreement with providers for the provision of health care services;
 - (d) Reasonable provisions have been made for emergency and out-of-area health care services;
 - (e) The enrollees will be afforded an opportunity to participate in matters of policy and operation pursuant to section six of this article;
 - (f) The health maintenance organization has demonstrated that it will assume full financial risk on a prospective basis for the provision of health care services, including hospital care: Provided, That the requirement of this subdivision shall not prohibit a health maintenance organization from obtaining insurance or making other arrangements (i) for the cost of providing to any enrollee comprehensive health maintenance services, the aggregate value of which exceeds four thousand dollars in any year, (ii) for the cost of providing comprehensive health care services to its members on a nonelective emergency basis, or while they are outside the area served by the organization, or (iii) for not more than ninety-five percent of the amount by which the health maintenance organization's costs for any of its fiscal years exceed one hundred five percent of its income for such fiscal years.
 - (3) A certificate of authority shall be denied only after compliance with the requirements of section twenty-one of this article.
- 105 (4) Except as provided in subsection (2), section three 106 of this article, no person who has not been issued a

certificate of authority shall use the words "health maintenance organization" or the initials "HMO" in its name, contracts or literature: Provided, That persons who are operating under a contract with, operating in association with, enrolling enrollees for, or otherwise authorized by a health maintenance organization licensed under this article to act on its behalf may use the terms "health maintenance organization" or "HMO" for the limited purpose of denoting or explaining their association or relationship with the authorized health maintenance organization. No health maintenance organization which has a minority of board members who are consumers shall use the words "consumer controlled" in its name or in any way represent to the public that it is controlled by consumers.

§33-25A-9. Annual report.

- (1) Every health maintenance organization shall annually, on or before the first day of March, file a report verified by at least two principal officers with the commissioner, covering the preceding calendar year.
- (2) Such report shall be required by section fourteen,
 article four of this chapter and shall include:
 - (a) A financial statement of the organization, including its balance sheet and receipts and disbursements for the preceding year certified by an independent certified public accountant, reflecting at least (i) all prepayment and other payments received for health care services rendered, (ii) expenditures to all providers, by classes or groups of providers, and insurance companies or nonprofit health service plan corporations engaged to fulfill obligations arising out of the health maintenance contract, and (iii) expenditures for capital improvements, or additions thereto, including, but not limited to, construction, renovation or purchase of facilities and capital equipment;
 - (b) The number of new enrollees enrolled during the year, the number of enrollees as of the end of the year and the number of enrollees terminated during the year;
- 23 (c) A summary of information compiled pursuant to

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- subdivision (c), subsection (1), section four of this article in such form as may be required by the department of health;
- 27 (d) A report of the names and residence addresses of 28 all persons set forth in subdivision (c), subsection (4). 29 section three of this article who were associated with the 30 health maintenance organization during the preceding 31 year, and the amount of wages, expense reimburse-32 ments, or other payments to such individuals for 33 services to the health maintenance organization, includ-34 ing a full disclosure of all financial arrangements 35 during the preceding year required to be disclosed 36 pursuant to subdivision (c), subsection (4), section three 37 of this article: and
- 38 (e) Such other information relating to the performance 39 of the health maintenance organization as is reasonably 40 necessary to enable the commissioner to carry out his 41 duties under this article.

§33-25A-17. Examinations.

- (1) The commissioner may make an examination of the affairs of any health maintenance organization and providers with whom such organization has contracts, agreements or other arrangements as often as he deems it necessary for the protection of the interests of the people of this state but not less frequently than once every three years.
- (2) The commissioner shall contract with the department of health to make examinations concerning the quality of health care services of any health maintenance organization and providers with whom such organization has contracts, agreements or other arrangements as often as it deems necessary for the protection of the interests of the people of this state but not less frequently than once every three years: *Provided*, That in making the foregoing examination, the department of health shall utilize the services of persons or organizations with demonstrable expertise in assessing quality of health care.
 - (3) Every health maintenance organization and

21 affiliated provider shall submit its books and records to 22 such examinations and in every way facilitate them. For 23 the purpose of examinations, the commissioner and the 24 department of health shall have all powers necessary to 25 conduct such examinations, including, but not limited 26 to, the power to issue subpoenas, the power to admin-27 ister oaths to, and examine the officers and agents of the 28 health maintenance organization and the principles of 29 such providers concerning their business.

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- (4) The health maintenance organization shall be subject to the provisions of section nine, article two of this chapter in regard to the expense and conduct of examinations.
- 34 (5) In lieu of such examination, the commissioner may accept the report of an examination made by other 35 36 states.

*§33-25A-24. Statutory construction and relationship to other laws.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this article, provisions of the insurance law and provisions of hospital or medical service corporation laws shall not be applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this article. This provision shall not apply to an insurer or hospital or medical service corporation licensed and regulated pursuant to the insurance laws or the hospital or medical service corporation laws of this state except with respect to its health maintenance corporation 10 11 activities authorized and regulated pursuant to this 12 article.
 - (2) Factually accurate advertising or solicitation regarding the range of services provided, the premiums and copayments charged, the sites of services and hours of operation, and any other quantifiable, nonprofessional aspects of its operation by a health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority, or its representative shall not be construed to violate any provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by health professions: Provided, That nothing contained

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 535 (Chapter 93). which passed prior to this act.

herein shall be construed as authorizing any solicitation or advertising which identifies or refers to any individual provider, or makes any qualitative judgment concerning any provider.

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- (3) Any health maintenance organization authorized under this article shall not be deemed to be practicing medicine and shall be exempt from the provision of chapter thirty of this code, relating to the practice of medicine.
- (4) The provisions of article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article seven (assets and liabilities); article eight (investments); section fourteen, article fifteen (individual policies), section three-f of article sixteen of this chapter concerning treatment of temporomandibular disorder and craniomandibular disorder; article sixteen-c (small employer group policies), article sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small employers), article twenty-seven (insurance holding company systems), article thirty-four-a (standards and commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial condition) and article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment) shall be applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this article.
- 46 (5) Any long-term care insurance policy delivered or 47 issued for delivery in this state by a health maintenance 48 organization shall comply with the provisions of article 49 fifteen-a of this chapter.

§33-25A-32. Authority of commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results.

The commissioner may as he deems necessary after notice and hearing promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to define the commissioner's authority to consider the operating results of an insurer's affiliates and subsidiaries in the rate making and solvency determination of that insurer.

§33-26A-3. Scope of article.

§33-26A-8. Powers and duties of association.

§33-26A-3. Scope of article.

- 1 (a) This article shall provide coverage for those 2 policies and contracts specified in subsection (b) of this section to:
- 4 (1) Persons who, regardless of where they reside 5 (except for nonresident certificate holders under group 6 policies or contracts), are the beneficiaries, assignees or 7 payees of the persons covered under paragraph (2) 8 below:
- 9 (2) Persons who are owners of or certificate holders 10 under such policies or contracts and who are residents 11 of the state; and
- 12 (3) Persons who are owners of or certificate holders 13 under such policies or contracts who are not residents 14 of the state, but only under the following conditions:
- 15 (A) The insurer which issued any such policy or 16 contract is domiciled in this state;
- 17 (B) The insurer never held a license or certificate of authority in the state where the person resides;
- 19 (C) The state where the person resides has an 20 association similar to the association created by this 21 article; and
- (D) The person residing in another state is not eligible for coverage by the association in that state.
- (b) This article shall apply to direct life insurance policies, health insurance policies, annuity contracts, and contracts supplemental to life and health insurance policies and annuity contracts issued by persons licensed to transact insurance in this state at any time.
- 29 (c) This article shall not apply to:
- 30 (1) Any such policies or contracts, or any part of such policies or contracts, under which the risk is borne by the policyholder;
- 33 (2) Any such policy or contract or part thereof

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- 34 assumed by the impaired insurer under a contract of
- 35 reinsurance, other than reinsurance for which assump-
- 36 tion certificates have been issued.

§33-26A-8. Powers and duties of association.

- In addition to the powers and duties enumerated in other sections of this article:
- 3 (a) If a domestic insurer is an impaired insurer, the 4 association may, prior to an order of liquidation or rehabilitation, and subject to any conditions imposed by 5 6 the association other than those which impair the 7 contractual obligations of the impaired insurer, and 8 approved by the impaired insurer and the 9 commissioner:
- 10 (1) Guarantee or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, 11 assumed or reinsured, all the covered policies of 12 residents of the impaired insurer;
 - (2) Provide such moneys, pledges, notes, guarantees or other means as are proper to effectuate subdivision (1), subsection (a) of this section, and assure payment of the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer pending action under said subdivision (1), subsection (a); and
- 18 (3) Lend money to the impaired insurer.
 - (b) If a foreign or alien insurer is an impaired insurer, the association may, prior to an order of liquidation, rehabilitation or conservation, with respect to the covered policies of residents and subject to any conditions imposed by the association other than those which impair the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer, and approved by the impaired insurer and the commissioner:
 - (1) Guarantee or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed or reinsured, the impaired insurer's covered policies of residents;
 - (2) Provide such moneys, pledges, notes, guarantees or other means as are proper to effectuate subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, and assure payment of the impaired insurer's contractual obligations to residents pending action under subdivision (1), subsection (b); and

35 (3) Lend money to the impaired insurer.

- (c) If a domestic insurer is an impaired insurer under an order of liquidation or rehabilitation, the association shall, subject to the approval of the commissioner, (1) guarantee, assume or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed or reinsured the covered policies of the impaired insurer which cover residents, (2) assure payment of the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer to residents, and (3) provide such moneys, pledges, notes, guarantees, or other means as are reasonably necessary to discharge such duties. If the association fails to act within a reasonable period of time, the commissioner shall have the powers and duties of the association under this article with respect to such domestic impaired insurer.
- 50 (d) If a foreign or alien insurer is an impaired insurer 51 under an order of liquidation, rehabilitation or conser-52 vation, the association shall, subject to the approval of 53 the commissioner:
 - (1) Guarantee, assume or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed or reinsured, the covered policies of residents;
 - (2) Assure payment of the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer to residents; and
 - (3) Provide such moneys, pledges, notes, guarantees, or other means as are reasonably necessary to discharge such duties. If the association fails to act within a reasonable period of time, the commissioner shall have the powers and duties of the association under this article with respect to such foreign or alien impaired insurer.
 - (e) In carrying out its duties under subsections (c) and (d) of this section, the association may request that there be imposed policy liens, contract liens, moratoriums on payments, or other similar means and such liens, moratoriums, or similar means may be imposed if the commissioner:
- 72 (1) Finds that the amounts which can be assessed 73 under this article are less than the amounts needed to

assure full and prompt performance of the impaired insurer's contractual obligations, or that the economic or financial conditions as they affect member insurers are sufficiently adverse to render the imposition of policy or contract liens, moratoriums, or similar means to be in the public interest; and

(2) Approves the specific policy liens, contract liens, moratoriums, or similar means to be used.

Before being obligated under subsections (c) and (d) of this section, the association may request that there be imposed temporary moratoriums or liens on payments of cash values and policy loans and such temporary moratoriums and liens may be imposed if they are approved by the commissioner.

- (f) The association shall have no liability under this section for any covered policy of a foreign or alien insurer whose domiciliary jurisdiction or state of entry provides, by statute or regulation, for residents of this state protection substantially similar to that provided by this article for residents of other states.
- (g) The association may render assistance and advice to the commissioner, upon his request, concerning rehabilitation, payment of claims, continuations of coverage, or the performance of other contractual obligations of any impaired insurer.
- (h) The association shall have standing to appear before any court in this state with jurisdiction over an impaired insurer concerning which the association is or may become obligated under this article. Such standing shall extend to all matters germane to the powers and duties of the association, including, but not limited to, proposals for reinsuring or guaranteeing the covered policies of the impaired insurer and the determination of the covered policies and contractual obligations.
- (i) Any person receiving benefits under this article shall be deemed to have assigned his rights under the covered policy to the association to the extent of the benefits received because of this article whether the benefits are payments of contractual obligations or

continuation of coverage. The association may require an assignment to it of such rights by any payee, policy or contract owner, beneficiary, insured or annuitant as a condition precedent to the receipt of any rights or benefits conferred by this article upon such person. The association shall be subrogated to these rights against the assets of any impaired insurer.

The subrogation rights of the association under this subsection shall have the same priority against the assets of the impaired insurer as that possessed by the person entitled to receive benefits under this article.

- (j) The contractual obligations of the impaired insurer for which the association becomes or may become liable shall be as great as but no greater than the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer would have been in the absence of an impairment unless such obligations are reduced as permitted by subsection (e) of this section, but the association shall have no liability with respect to any portion of a covered policy to the extent that the death benefit coverage on any one life exceeds an aggregate of three hundred thousand dollars.
 - (k) The association may:

- (1) Enter into such contracts as are necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and purposes of this article.
 - (2) Sue or be sued, including taking any legal actions necessary or proper for recovery of any unpaid assessments under section nine.
 - (3) Borrow money to effect the purposes of this article. Any notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the association not in default shall be legal investments for domestic insurers and may be carried as admitted assets.
 - (4) Employ or retain such persons as are necessary to handle the financial transactions of the association, and to perform such other functions as become necessary or proper under this article.
- (5) Negotiate and contract with any liquidator,

- rehabilitator, conservator, or ancillary receiver to carry out the powers and duties of the association.
- 153 (6) Take such legal action as may be necessary to avoid payment of improper claims.
- 155 (7) Exercise, for the purposes of this article and to the 156 extent approved by the commissioner, the powers of a 157 domestic life or health insurer, but in no case may the 158 association issue insurance policies or annuity contracts 159 other than those issued to perform the contractual 160 obligations of the impaired insurer.

ARTICLE 27. INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEMS.

§33-27-5. Standards.

- 1 (a) Transactions with affiliates. Material transactions by registered insurers with their affiliates shall be subject to the following standards:
- 4 (1) The terms shall be fair and reasonable;
- 5 (2) The books, accounts and records of each party shall 6 be so maintained as to clearly and accurately disclose 7 the precise nature and details of the transactions; and
- 8 (3) The insurer's surplus as regards policyholders following any dividends or distributions to shareholder affiliates shall be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.
- 13 (b) Adequacy of surplus. For purposes of this article, in determining whether an insurer's surplus as regards policyholders is reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs, the following factors, among others, shall be considered:
- 19 (1) The size of the insurer as measured by its assets, 20 capital and surplus, reserves, premium writings, 21 insurance in force and other appropriate criteria;
- 22 (2) The extent to which the insurer's business is diversified among the several lines of insurance;
- 24 (3) The number and size of risks insured in each line

25 of business;

- 26 (4) The extent of the geographical dispersion of the 27 insurer's insured risks;
- 28 (5) The nature and extent of the insurer's reinsurance 29 program;
- 30 (6) The quality, diversification and liquidity of the 31 insurer's investment portfolio;
- 32 (7) The recent past and projected future trend in the 33 size of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders;
 - (8) The surplus as regards policyholders maintained by other comparable insurers; and
 - (9) The adequacy of the insurer's reserves.
 - (c) Dividends and other distributions. No insurer subject to registration under section four of this article shall pay any extraordinary dividend or make any other extraordinary distribution to its shareholders until (i) thirty days after the commissioner has received notice of the declaration thereof and has not within such period disapproved such payment, or (ii) the commissioner shall have approved such payment within such thirty-day period.

For purposes of this section, an extraordinary dividend or distribution includes any dividend or distribution of cash or other property, whose fair market value together with that of other dividends or distributions made within the preceding twelve months exceeds the greater of (i) ten percent of such insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding, or (ii) the net gain from operations of such insurer, if such insurer is a life insurer, or the net investment income, if such insurer is not a life insurer, for the twelve-month period ending the thirty-first day of December next preceding, but shall not include pro rata distributions of any class of the insurer's own securities.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an insurer may declare an extraordinary dividend or distribution which is conditional upon the commission-

- er's approval thereof, and such a declaration shall confer no rights upon shareholders until (i) the commissioner has approved the payment of such dividend or distribution or (ii) the commissioner has not disapproved such payment within the thirty-day period referred to above.
 - (d) The following transactions involving a domestic insurer and any person in its holding company system may not be entered into unless the insurer has notified the commissioner in writing of its intention to enter into such transaction at least thirty days prior thereto, or such shorter period as the commissioner may permit, and the commissioner has not disapproved it within such period:
 - (1) Sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions of credit, guarantees, or investments provided such transactions are equal to or exceed: The lesser of one percent of the insurer's admitted assets or ten percent of surplus as regards policyholders; each as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding;
 - (2) Loans or extensions of credit to any person who is not an affiliate, where the insurer makes such loans or extensions of credit with the agreement or understanding that the proceeds of such transactions, in whole or in substantial part, are to be used to make loans or extensions of credit to, purchase assets of, or to make investments in, any affiliate of the insurer making such loans or extensions of credit provided such transactions are equal to or exceed: The lesser of one percent of the insurer's admitted assets or ten percent of surplus as regards policyholders; each as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding;
 - (3) Reinsurance agreements or modifications thereto in which the reinsurance premium or a change in the insurer's liabilities equals or exceeds five percent of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding, including those agreements which may require as consideration the transfer of assets from an insurer to a nonaffiliate, if an agreement or understanding exists between the insurer and nonaffiliate that any portion of such assets

- will be transferred to one or more affiliates of the insurer:
- 105 (4) All management agreements, service contracts and all cost-sharing arrangements not within the ordinary course of business; and
- 108 (5) Any material transactions, specified by regulation, 109 which the commissioner determines may adversely 110 affect the interests of the insurer's policyholders.
- Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize or permit any transactions which, in the case of an insurer not a member of the same holding company system, would be otherwise contrary to law.

ARTICLE 31. CAPTIVE INSURANCE.

§33-31-8. Examinations and investigations.

At least once in three years, and whenever the 1 commissioner determines it to be prudent, he shall 2 3 personally, or by some competent person appointed by 4 him, visit each captive insurance company and tho-5 roughly inspect and examine its affairs to ascertain its 6 financial condition, its ability to fulfill its obligations 7 and whether it has complied with the provisions of this chapter. The commissioner upon application, in his 8 discretion, may extend the aforesaid three-year period 9 to five years, provided said captive insurance company 10 is subject to a comprehensive annual audit during such 11 period of a scope satisfactory to the commissioner by 12 independent auditors approved by him. The captive 13 14 insurance company shall be subject to the provisions of section nine, article two of this chapter in regard to the 15 16 expense and conduct of the examination.

ARTICLE 32. RISK RETENTION ACT.

§33-32-8. Examination regarding financial condition.

Any risk retention group must submit to an examination by the commissioner to determine its financial condition if the commissioner of the jurisdiction in which the group is chartered has not initiated an examination or does not initiate an examination within sixty days after a request by the commissioner of this

- 7 state. Any such examination shall be coordinated to
- 8 avoid unjustified repetition and conducted in an
- 9 expeditious manner. The risk retention group shall be
- 10 subject to the provisions of section nine, article two of
- 11 this chapter in regard to the expense and conduct of the
- 12 examination.

ARTICLE 33. ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT.

§33-33-7. Consolidated or combined audits.

- 1 (a) The commissioner may, upon written application,
- 2 permit any insurer that is a member of an insurance
- 3 holding company system to file audited, consolidated or
- 4 combined financial statements in lieu of separate annual
- 5 audited financial statements if the commissioner, in his
- 6 discretion, deems such method of filing reasonable and
- 7 appropriate. Consolidated or combined filings will be
- 8 considered reasonable and appropriate if the commis-
- 9 sioner determines that the audit work performed under
- a consolidated filing is adequate to ascertain the financial condition of the insurer. If such approval is
- 12 granted, a columnar consolidating or combining work-
- 13 sheet shall be filed with the report incorporating the
- 14 following:
- 15 (1) Amounts shown on the consolidated or combined
- 16 audited financial report shall be shown on the
- 17 worksheet;
- 18 (2) Amounts for each insurer subject to this section
- 19 shall be stated separately;
- 20 (3) Noninsurance operations may be shown on the
- 21 worksheet on a combined or individual basis;
- 22 (4) Explanations of consolidating and eliminating
- 23 entries shall be included; and
- 24 (5) A reconciliation shall be included of any differ-25 ences between the amounts shown in the individual 26 insurer columns of the worksheet and comparable
- 27 amounts shown on the annual statements of the insurers.
- 28 (b) The commissioner shall require any insurer to file 29 separate annual audited financial statements although
- 30 permission had previously been given to file on a

- consolidated basis or combined basis if the commissioner 31 32 determines the reasons or circumstances given for 33 approval of the consolidated audit, pursuant to subsec-
- 34 tion (a) of this section, no longer exist.
- 35 (c) An insurer who does not receive approval from the commissioner to file an audited financial report cover-36 37 ing combined or consolidated audited financial state-38 ments for the insurer and any of its subsidiaries or 39 affiliates must file pursuant to all the requirements of 40 this article a separate audited financial report for the 41 insurer and each subsidiary or affiliate.
- (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, the 42 43 commissioner may require an insurer to file a separate 44 audited financial report for the insurer and each 45 subsidiary or affiliate.

ARTICLE 34A. STANDARDS AND COMMISSIONER'S AUTHOR-ITY FOR COMPANIES DEEMED TO BE IN HAZARDOUS FINANCIAL CONDITION.

§33-34A-1. Definitions. §33-34A-2. Purpose. §33-34A-3. Standards. §33-34A-4. Commissioner's authority. §33-34A-5. Election of proceedings. §33-34A-6. Immunity from liability. §33-34A-7. Rules. §33-34A-8. Severability of provisions.

§33-34A-1. Definitions.

- 1 For the purposes of this article the following defini-2 tions shall apply:
- 3 (a) "Insurer" means and includes every person 4 engaged as indemnitor, surety or contractor in the business of entering into contracts of insurance or of 5 annuities as limited to any insurer who is doing an 6 insurer business, or has transacted insurance in this 7 state, and against whom claims arising from that 8 transaction may exist now or in the future. This shall 9 include, but not be limited to, any domestic insurer as 10 defined in section six, article one of this chapter and any 11 foreign insurer as defined in section seven, article one 12
- of this chapter, including any stock insurer, mutual 13

- 14 insurer, reciprocal insurer, farmers' mutual fire
- 15 insurance company, fraternal benefit society, hospital
- service corporation, medical service corporation, dental
- 17 service corporation, health service corporation, health
- 18 care corporation, health maintenance organization,
- 19 captive insurance company or risk retention group.
- 20 (b) A "noninvestment grade bond" shall mean a bond
- that has been rated by the securities valuation office of the national association of insurance commissioners of
- 23 having a designation of class four equals low quality.
- 24 class five equals lower quality and class six equals in
- 25 or near default.

§33-34A-2. Purpose.

- 1 The purpose of this article is to set forth the standards
- 2 which the insurance commissioner may use for identi-
- 3 fying insurers found to be in such condition as to render
- 4 the continuance of their business hazardous to the public
- 5 or to holders of their policies or certificates of insurance.
- 6 This article shall not be interpreted to limit the powers
- 7 granted the commissioner by any laws or parts of laws
- 8 of this state, nor shall this article be interpreted to
- 9 supersede any laws or parts of laws of this state.

§33-34A-3. Standards.

- The following standards, either singularly or a combination of two or more, may be considered by the
- 3 commissioner to determine whether the continued
- 4 operation of any insurer transacting an insurance
- 5 business in this state might be deemed to be hazardous
- 6 to the policyholders, creditors or the general public. The
 - commissioner may consider:
- 8 (a) Adverse findings reported in financial condition 9 and market conduct examination reports;
- 10 (b) The national association of insurance commission-
- 11 ers insurance regulatory information system and its
- 12 related reports;

- 13 (c) A company which is under suspension, revocation 14 or rehabilitation in another state;
- 15 (d) The insurer's asset portfolio when viewed in light

- of current economic conditions is not of sufficient value, liquidity, or diversity to assure the company's ability to meet its outstanding obligations as they mature:
- 19 (e) The total of the noninvestment grade bonds equals 20 twenty percent of the total bond portfolio;

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- (f) The ratios of commission expense, general insurance expense, policy benefits and reserve increases as to annual premium and net investment income which could lead to an impairment of capital and surplus;
- (g) The ability of an assuming reinsurer to perform and whether the insurer's reinsurance program provides sufficient protection for the company's remaining surplus after taking into account the insurer's cash flow and the classes of business written as well as the financial condition of the assuming reinsurer;
- (h) The insurer's operating loss in the last twelvemonth period or any shorter period of time, including, but not limited to, net capital gain or loss, change in nonadmitted assets, and cash dividends paid to shareholders, is greater than fifty percent of such insurer's remaining surplus as regards policyholders in excess of the minimum required;
- (i) Whether any affiliate, subsidiary or reinsurer is insolvent, threatened with insolvency, or delinquent in payment of its monetary or other obligation;
- (j) Contingent liabilities, pledges or guaranties which either individually or collectively involve a total amount which in the opinion of the commissioner may affect the solvency of the insurer;
- (k) Whether any "controlling person" of an insurer is delinquent in the transmitting to, or payment of, net premiums to such insurer;
 - (l) The age and collectibility of receivables;
- (m) Whether the management of an insurer, including officers, directors, or any other person who directly or indirectly controls the operation of such insurer, fails to possess and demonstrate the competence, fitness and reputation deemed necessary to serve the insurer in such

54 position;

- (n) Whether management of an insurer has failed to respond to inquiries relative to the condition of the insurer or has furnished false and misleading information concerning an inquiry;
- (o) Whether management of an insurer either has filed any false or misleading sworn financial statement, or has released a false or misleading financial statement to lending institutions or to the general public, or has made a false or misleading entry, or has omitted an entry of material amount in the books of the insurer;
- (p) A ratio of gross premiums written to surplus as to policyholders exceeds ten to one and net premium written to surplus as to policyholders exceeds four to one:
- (1) Projected annual net or gross premiums shall be based on the actual writings to date for the insurer's current calendar year or the insurer's writings for the previous calendar year or both. Ratios shall be computed on an annualized basis;
- (2) For the purposes of this subsection, "gross premiums written" means direct premiums written and reinsurance assumed, and "net premiums written" means direct premiums written and reinsurance assumed less reinsurance ceded;
- 79 (3) This ratio shall not apply to life insurance written by life or life and health insurers;
 - (q) A ratio of current assets to current liabilities which is below one;
 - (r) The total investments in parent, subsidiaries and affiliates exceeds one hundred percent of surplus as regards policyholders in excess of the minimum required by statute or order of the commissioner;
 - (s) Whether the insurer has grown so rapidly and to such an extent that it lacks adequate financial and administrative capacity to meet its obligations in a timely manner; and

91 (t) Whether the company has experienced or will 92 experience in the foreseeable future cash flow and/or 93 liquidity problems.

§33-34A-4. Commissioner's authority.

- 1 (a) For the purposes of making a determination of an insurer's financial condition under this regulation, the commissioner may:
- 4 (1) Disregard any credit or amount receivable result-5 ing from transactions with a reinsurer which is 6 insolvent, impaired or otherwise subject to a delin-7 quency proceeding;
- 8 (2) Make appropriate adjustments to asset values 9 attributable to investments in or transactions with 10 parents, subsidiaries, or affiliates;
- 11 (3) Refuse to recognize the stated value of accounts 12 receivable if the ability to collect receivables is highly 13 speculative in view of the age of the account or the 14 financial condition of the debtor; or
- 15 (4) Increase the insurer's liability in an amount equal 16 to any contingent liability, pledge or guarantee not 17 otherwise included if there is a substantial risk that the 18 insurer will be called upon to meet the obligation 19 undertaken within the next twelve-month period.
- 20 (b) If the commissioner determines that the continued 21 operation of the insurer licensed to transact business in 22 this state may be hazardous to the policyholders or the 23 general public, then the commissioner may, upon his 24 determination, issue an order requiring the insurer to:
- 25 (1) Reduce the total amount of present and potential liability for policy benefits by reinsurance;
- 27 (2) Reduce, suspend or limit the volume of business 28 being accepted or renewed;
- 29 (3) Reduce general insurance and commission ex-30 penses by specified methods;
- 31 (4) Increase the insurer's capital and surplus;
- 32 (5) Suspend or limit the declaration and payment of

- 33 dividend by an insurer to its stockholders or to its 34 policyholders:
- 35 (6) File reports in a form acceptable to the commis-36 sioner concerning the market value of an insurer's 37 assets;
- 38 (7) Limit or withdraw from certain investments or 39 discontinue certain investment practices to the extent 40 the commissioner deems necessary;
- 41 (8) Document the adequacy of premium rates in 42 relation to the risks insured; or
- 43 (9) File, in addition to regular annual statements, 44 interim financial reports on the form adopted by the 45 national association of insurance commissioners or on 46 such format as promulgated by the commissioner. If the 47 insurer is a foreign insurer the commissioner's order 48 may be limited to the extent provided by statute.
- (c) An order issued pursuant to the provisions of this article shall be subject to review pursuant to applicable state administrative proceedings under article two of this chapter.

§33-34A-5. Election of proceedings.

- 1 Nothing contained in this article shall preclude the
- 2 commissioner from initiating judicial proceedings to 3 place an insurer in rehabilitation or liquidation proceed-
- 4 ings or other delinquency proceedings, however desig-
- 5 nated under the laws of this state, regardless of whether
- 6 the commissioner has issued an order pursuant to the
- 7 provisions of this article.

§33-34A-6. Immunity from liability.

- 1 There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause
- 2 of action of any nature shall arise against, the insurance
- 3 commissioner or the division or its employees or agents
- 4 thereof for any action taken by them in the performance
- 5 of their powers and duties under this article.

§33-34A-7. Rules.

- 1 The commissioner may after notice and hearing
- 2 promulgate reasonable rules in accordance with chapter

- twenty-nine-a of this code, as are necessary and proper
 to effectuate the purposes of this article.
- §33-34A-8. Severability of provisions.
 - 1 In the event any part or provision of this article be
 - 2 held to be unconstitutional by any court of competent
 - 3 jurisdiction, such holding and decision of the court shall
 - 4 not affect the validity and constitutionality of the
 - 5 remaining parts and provisions of this article.

CHAPTER 90

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2801—By Delegates J. Martin and Michael)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect June 30, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, all relating to the creation of the office of consumer advocacy concerning health care and insurance costs; the powers and duties of the office and its director; and funding for the office.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

- §33-2-16. Office of consumer advocacy established; appointed by insurance commissioner; director of consumer advocacy; promulgation of rules and regulations.
- §33-2-17. Authority of office of consumer advocacy; retroactive effect of authority prohibited.
- §33-2-18. Funding.
- §33-2-16. Office of consumer advocacy established; appointed by insurance commissioner; director of consumer advocacy; promulgation of rules and regulations.

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- There is hereby created within the agency of the insurance commissioner the office of consumer advocacy. The director of the office of consumer advocacy shall be a full-time position and shall be appointed by the commissioner for a term of four years and may be discharged only for failure to carry out the duties of the office or for other good and sufficient cause.
 - The insurance commissioner shall provide office space, equipment and supplies for the office.
- The director shall promulgate rules pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code in order to effect the purposes of this section, section seventeen, and section eighteen of this article.
- On or before the first day of each regular session of the Legislature, the director shall file with the the governor, the clerk of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Delegates a report detailing the actions taken by the division in the preceding calendar year.

§33-2-17. Authority of office of consumer advocacy; retroactive effect of authority prohibited.

- 1 (a) In addition to the authority established under the 2 rules promulgated by the director, the office of con-3 sumer advocacy is authorized to:
 - (1) Institute, intervene in, or otherwise participate in, as an advocate for the public interest and the interests of insurance consumers, proceedings in state and federal courts, before administrative agencies, or before the health care cost review authority, concerning applications or proceedings before the health care cost review authority or the review of any act, failure to act, or order of the health care cost review authority;
 - (2) At the request of one or more policyholders, or whenever the public interest is served, to advocate the interests of those policyholders in proceedings arising out of any filing made with the insurance commissioner by any insurance company or relating to any complaint alleging an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance;

- (3) Institute, intervene in, or otherwise participate in, as an advocate for the public interest and the interests of insurance consumers, proceedings in state and federal courts, before administrative agencies, or before the insurance commissioner, concerning applications or proceedings before the commissioner or the review of any act, failure to act, or order of the insurance commissioner;
- (4) Review and compile information, data and studies of the reasonable and customary rate schedules of health care providers and health insurers, for the purposes of reviewing, establishing, investigating, or supporting any policy regarding health care insurance rates;
- (5) Exercise all the same rights and powers regarding examination and cross-examination of witnesses, presentation of evidence, rights of appeal and other matters as any party in interest appearing before the insurance commissioner or the health care cost review authority;
- (6) Hire consultants, experts, lawyers, actuaries, economists, statisticians, accountants, clerks, stenographers, support staff, assistants, and other personnel necessary to carry out the provisions of this section and sections sixteen and eighteen of this article, which personnel shall be paid from special revenue funds appropriated for the use of the office;
- (7) Contract for the services of technically qualified persons in the area of insurance matters to assist in the preparation and presentation of matters before the courts, the insurance commissioner, administrative agencies, or the health care cost review authority, which persons shall be paid from special revenue funds appropriated for the use of the office;
- (8) Make recommendations to the Legislature concerning legislation to assist the office in the performance of its duties;
- (9) Communicate and exchange data and information with other federal or state agencies, divisions, departments, or officers, and with other interested parties including, but not limited to, health care providers,

58 insurance companies, consumers or other interested 59 parties; and

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- 60 (10) Perform other duties to effect the purposes of the 61 office.
 - (b) The provisions of this section do not apply to any filing made by an insurance company, or act or order performed or issued by the commissioner, or complaint filed by a policyholder with the commissioner prior to the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. All proceedings and orders in connection with these prior matters shall be governed by the law in effect at the time of the filing, or performance or issuance of the act or order.
- 71 (c) The scope of authority granted under this section 72 and section sixteen of this article is restricted to matters related to health care costs and health insurance 73 policies, subscriber contracts issued by organizations 74 under article twenty-four of this chapter, health care 75 76 corporations under article twenty-five of this chapter, 77 health maintenance organizations under article twenty-78 five-a of this chapter, contracts supplemental to health insurance policies, and other matters related to health 79 80 insurance issues identified by rules of the commissioner 81 promulgated under section one of this article and 82 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

§33-2-18. Funding.

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The office of consumer advocacy shall be funded in an amount to be appropriated by the Legislature from special revenue funds.

CHAPTER 91

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 143—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one,

as amended, by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections five-a and eleven-b, relating to insurance; requiring certain signatures on life or accident and sickness insurance applications; exemptions; and policy provisions providing the insured a tenday free examination of policy.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections five-a and eleven-b. to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. THE INSURANCE POLICY.

- §33-6-5a. Application for life or accident and sickness insurance; signatures required; exemptions; right of insured to return policy.
- §33-2-11b. Right to return life or accident and sickness insurance policy, certificate or contract.

§33-6-5a. Application for life or accident and sickness insurance; signatures required; exemptions; right of insured to return policy.

- 1 (a) All applications for life or accident and sickness 2 insurance, as defined in section ten, article one of this 3 chapter, to be issued in this state shall:
- 4 (1) If application is made by the proposed insured, 5 include the signature of both the proposed insured and 6 the agent;
- 7 (2) If application is made by the proposed insured, be 8 completed by a licensed and appointed agent in the 9 presence of the proposed insured;
- 10 (3) If application is made by a spouse upon the other 11 spouse, include the signature of the spouse procuring the 12 insurance and the agent; or
- 13 (4) If application is made by any person having an 14 insurable interest in the life of a minor, or any person 15 upon whom a minor is dependent for support and 16 maintenance, include the signature of the person 17 procuring the insurance and the agent.
- 18 (b) Upon the hand delivery of a policy of life or

accident and sickness insurance, a delivery receipt must be signed and dated by the insured and returned to the insurer for filing.

If the delivery of a policy of life or accident and sickness insurance is by mail, it shall either: (1) Be sent by certified mail from the insurer, return receipt requested, and the date of receipt noted thereon shall be considered the date of receipt for the purposes of section eleven-b of this article, or (2) the insurer shall prepare a certificate of mailing. For the purposes of this section, a certificate of mailing means a record prepared and retained in accordance with general business practices indicating the date that the policy was mailed to the insured, and it shall be presumed that the policy was received by the insured twenty days from the date of mailing.

- (c) Any amendments to the application after it is originally signed by the proposed insured shall be expressly disclosed in writing to the proposed insured and his or her signature is obtained to verify agreement with the changes: *Provided*, That the failure of the insurer to notify the insured of any change, or the failure of the insured to execute such signature, shall not invalidate the existence of insurance coverage.
- (d) The following shall be exempt from the requirements of subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4) of subsection (a) herein:
- (1) Group life or group accident and sickness insurance applications if the insurer will accept all prospective principal insureds with no underwriting restrictions on the individual proposed insureds;
- (2) Group life or group accident and sickness insurance applications if there is underwriting as to the individual proposed insureds and the applications are completed without a licensed and appointed agent present, but the insurer verifies the information on the application by telephone with the proposed insured;
- (3) Applications for life or accident and sickness insurance if the insurance is solely mass marketed and

- the only contact with the insured is by mail, mass media or telephone; and
- 60 (4) Applications for life or accident and sickness 61 insurance if the insurer is an underwriter for supple-62 mental retirement plans and additional retirement 63 plans provided to eligible employees of the governing 64 boards of state institutions of higher education pursuant 65 to the provisions of section four-a, article twenty-three, 66 chapter eighteen of this code.

§33-6-11b. Right to return life or accident and sickness insurance policy, certificate or contract.

All life or sickness and accident insurance policies, 1 2 certificates or contracts issued to persons in this state 3 shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy, certificate or contract stating in substance 4 5 that the insured person or person obtaining the policy shall have the right to return the policy within ten days 6 7 of its receipt and to have the premium refunded if, after 8 examination of the policy, certificate or contract, the 9 person obtaining the insurance is not satisfied for any 10 reason.

CHAPTER 92

(S. B. 616—By Senators Craigo, Dittmar, Sharpe, Hawse, Bailey, Minard, Wooton and Pritt)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-nine, article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to collision, comprehensive, property or bodily injury coverage for insureds operating loaned motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-nine, article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. THE INSURANCE POLICY.

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§33-6-29. Motor vehicle policy; injuries to guest passengers; coverage for loaned motor vehicles.

No insurer shall issue any policy of bodily injury or property damage liability insurance which excludes coverage to the owner or operator of a motor vehicle on account of bodily injury or property damage to any guest or invitee who is a passenger in such motor vehicle.

Every policy or contract of liability insurance which insures a motor vehicle licensed in this state with collision, comprehensive, property or bodily injury coverage shall extend these coverages to cover the insured individual while operating a motor vehicle which is loaned to the insured by a person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of selling, repairing or servicing motor vehicles, without consideration, as a replacement vehicle while the insured's vehicle is out of use because of breakdown, repair or servicing. The extension of property damage coverage shall include coverage for damage to or loss of the loaned vehicle as a result of the negligence of the insured.

CHAPTER 93

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 535—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto three new articles, designated articles six-c, sixteen-c and sixteen-d; to amend article fifteen of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen; to amend and reenact section four, article twenty-four; section six, article twenty-five; and section twenty-four, article twenty-five a of said chapter, all relating to individual and employer group accident and sickness insurance policies; establishing a guaranteed loss ratio for insurers of individual

policies; definition of terms; establishment of guaranteed loss ratio by insurance commissioner; calculation of ratios; minimum rates; participation and review; duties of insurance commissioner; allowing the insurance commissioner to promulgate rules: form of guarantees; provisions of guarantee; refunds of premiums; disclosure: rejection of guarantees, notice and hearing; establishment of minimum benefits and coverages for individual accident and sickness insurance policies by insurance commissioner: basic benefits: exemptions: regulating employer group accident and sickness insurance policies: declaration of findings and purpose; defining terms; exempting insurance policies issued pursuant to this article from including certain benefits otherwise mandated by law; designating minimum benefits and coverages required in such policies; permitting insurers to offer optional or other benefits; permitting deductibles and copayments: insurance commissioner establishing minimum benefits and coverages; basic policy benefits; requiring certain policy provisions; prohibiting discrimination; requiring an insurer to disclose specified information to an eligible employee upon offering coverage pursuant to this article; requiring certain written acknowledgments by eligible employee members who apply for such coverage; requiring certification by employer; permitting insurance commissioner to promulgate rules; creating exemptions from premium tax; authorizing the insurance commissioner to review and approve all marketing communication used to market insurance policies issued to small employers; defining applicable terms; plans subject to this article and exceptions; application of article; prohibiting discrimination in marketing; requiring insurers issuing such policies to maintain records and file annual reports with the insurance commissioner: establishing premium rates, classes of employers, maximum rates and eligibility for rate increases; authorizing the insurance commissioner to promulgate rules; regarding renewability of coverage and exceptions; disclosure requirements; suspension of requirements; effective date; equality of terms; preexisting conditions; restrictions; benefits upon conversion; obligations of employers; and applying said provisions to certain health care insurers or providers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto three new articles, designated articles six-c, sixteen-c and sixteen-d; that article fifteen of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen; and that section four, article twenty-four; section six, article twenty-five; and section twenty-four, article twenty-five-a of said chapter, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 6C. Guaranteed Loss Ratios as Applied to Individual Sickness and Accident Insurance Policies.
- 15. Accident and Sickness Insurance.
- 16C. Employer Group Accident and Sickness Insurance Policies.
- 16D. Marketing and Rate Practices for Small Employer Accident and Sickness Insurance Policies.
- 24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations,
 Dental Service Corporations and Health Service
 Corporations.
- 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.

ARTICLE 6C. GUARANTEED LOSS RATIOS AS APPLIED TO INDIVIDUAL SICKNESS AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE POLICIES.

- §33-6C-1. Loss ratio guarantees; definitions.
- §33-6C-2. Insurance commissioner to establish guaranteed loss ratios; minimum rates; participation by insurer; calculation of ratios; minimum rate; application.
- §33-6C-3. Duties of insurance commissioner; promulgation of rules.
- §33-6C-4. Form of guarantee; requirements.
- §33-6C-5. Premium refunds; calculation of the same; payments.
- §33-6C-6. Disclosure of rating practices; renewability provisions.
- §33-6C-7. Rejection of guarantees; notice; hearing.

§3-6C-1. Loss ratio guarantees; definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Commissioner" means the insurance commis-
- 3 sioner of West Virginia;
- 4 (b) "Experience period" means, for any given rate

- 5 filing for which a loss ratio guarantee is made, the 6 period beginning on the first day of the calendar year 7 during which the guaranteed rates first take effect and 8 ending on the last day of the calendar year during which 9 the insurer earns one million dollars in premiums on the form in West Virginia or, if the annual premium earned 10 on the form in West Virginia is less than one million 11 12 dollars, earns nationally:
- 13 (c) "Form" means individual sickness and accident 14 policy forms of any insurer offering such benefits;
- 15 (d) "Loss ratio" means the ratio of incurred claims to 16 earned premium; and
- 17 (e) "Successive experience period" means the expe-18 rience period beginning on the first day following the 19 end of the preceding experience period.
- §33-6C-2. Insurance commissioner to establish guaranteed loss ratios; minimum rates; participation by insurer; calculation of ratios; minimum rate; application.
- 1 (a) The insurance commissioner shall establish a 2 guaranteed loss ratio which may be implemented by any 3 insurer offering individual sickness and accident insurance policies. The loss ratios shall be calculated by 4 5 the commissioner and each individual insurer and shall 6 be based upon studies and relevant information collected 7 from various sources, including, but not limited to, the 8 health care cost review authority and the national 9 association of insurance commissioner's rate filing guidelines: Provided, That the guaranteed loss ratio 10 shall not be less than fifty-five percent. The guaranteed 11 loss ratio for each insurer shall be published by the 12 insurance commissioner in the register maintained by 13 the secretary of state. 14
 - (b) The guaranteed loss ratio shall be based upon experience periods during which the insurer earns one million dollars in premium in West Virginia: *Provided*, That if the annual earned premium volume in West Virginia is less than one million dollars, the loss ratio guarantee shall be based on such other actuarially sound

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- 21 methods as the commissioner may determine are
- 22 appropriate, including, but not limited to, the actual
- 23 nationwide loss ratios: Provided, however, That if the
- 24 aggregate earned premium for all states is less than one
- 25 million dollars, the experience period will be extended
- 26 until the end of the calendar year in which one million
- 27 dollars of earned premium is attained.
- 28 (c) Any insurer may apply to the commissioner to operate on a guaranteed loss ratio basis. The insurance
- 30 commissioner shall review each application and, in his
- 31 or her discretion, approve or reject the same. Any
- 32 insurer approved by the commissioner shall be exempt
- 33 from filing rate increase applications as required by the
- of from thing rate increase applications as required by the
- 34 commissioner and other provisions of this chapter.

§33-6C-3. Duties of insurance commissioner; promulgation of rules.

- 1 (a) The insurance commissioner shall promulgate 2 rules and regulations pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-
- 3 a of this code establishing procedures for implementing
- 4 the provisions of this article.
- 5 (b) The commissioner shall have the authority to
- 6 examine the records and files of any insurer to deter-
- 7 mine compliance with the provisions of this article, the
- 8 costs of which such examination shall be borne by the
- 9 insurer.
- 10 (c) The insurance commissioner shall develop all
- 11 forms, contracts or other documents to be used for the
- 12 purposes outlined in this article.

§33-6C-4. Form of guarantee; requirements.

- 1 (a) Individual sickness and accident policy benefits
- 2 under a policy form shall be deemed reasonable in
- 3 relation to the premium charged, as required by
- 4 paragraph (e), section nine, article six of this chapter, 5 if the premium rates are filed pursuant to a loss ratio
- 5 if the premium rates are filed pursuant to a loss ratio guarantee which meets the requirements of this article.
- guarantee which meets the requirements of this article.
 The insurance commissioner shall not withdraw approv-
- 8 al of a form on the grounds that benefits are unreason-
- 9 able in relation to premiums charged so long as the

insurer complies with the terms of the loss ratio guarantee.

- (b) Each insurer of individual sickness and accident policy benefits shall execute and deliver to the insurance commissioner a loss ratio guarantee, to be provided by the commissioner, which guarantee shall be signed by an officer of the insurer.
- (c) Each loss ratio guarantee shall contain, at a minimum, the following:
 - (1) A recitation of the anticipated lifetime and durational target loss ratios contained in the original actuarial memorandum filed with the policy form when it was originally approved;
 - (2) A guarantee that the actual West Virginia loss ratios for the experience period in which the new rates take effect, and for each experience period thereafter until new rates are filed, will meet or exceed the anticipated lifetime and durational target loss ratios contained in the original actuarial memorandum noted above;
 - (3) A guarantee that the actual West Virginia, or, if applicable, national, loss ratio results for the experience period at issue will be independently audited at the insurer's expense; that such audit will be completed in the second quarter of the year following the end of the experience period; and that the results of such audit will be reported to the insurance commissioner not later than the thirtieth day of June following the end of the experience period;
 - (4) A guarantee that if the actual loss ratio during an experience period is less than the anticipated loss ratio for that period, then West Virginia policyholders will receive a proportional refund based on premium earned, which refunds shall be calculated and paid pursuant to section thirty-nine of this article; and
 - (5) A guarantee that the insurer does not engage in any discriminatory practices prohibited by section four, article eleven of this chapter or any such practice which discriminates against any individual on the basis of his or her legal occupation, race, religion or residence.

§33-6C-5. Premium refunds; calculation of the same; payments.

- (a) Refunds to West Virginia policyholders made pursuant to section four of this article and based upon annual earned premium volume in West Virginia shall be calculated by multiplying the anticipated loss ratio by the applicable earned premium during the experience period and subtracting from that result the actual incurred claims during the experience period.
- 8 (b) Refunds to West Virginia policyholders made 9 pursuant to section four of this article and based upon 10 national annual earned premium volume shall be 11 calculated by:
 - (1) Multiplying the anticipated loss ratio by the applicable earned premium during the experience period and subtracting from that result the actual incurred claims during the experience period; and
 - (2) Multiplying the results of subsection (1) by the total earned premium during the experience period from all West Virginia policyholders eligible for refunds; and
 - (3) Dividing the results of subsection (2) by the total earned premium during that period in all states on the policy form.
 - (c) Refunds must be made to all West Virginia policyholders who are insured under the applicable policy form as of the last day of the experience period. Such refund shall include interest, at the current accident and health reserve interest rate established by the national association of insurance commissioners, from the end of the experience period until the date of payment. Payment shall be made during the third quarter of the year following the experience period for which a refund is determined to be due.
 - (d) Refunds of less than ten dollars shall be aggregated and held by the insurer in a policyholder's liability fund and shall be used to offset any future rate increases.

§33-6C-6. Disclosure of rating practices; renewability provisions.

- Each insurer providing individual sickness and accident policy benefits shall make reasonable disclosure in solicitation and sales materials provided to individuals of the following:
- 5 (a) The extent to which premium rates for individuals 6 are established or adjusted according to the claim 7 experience, health status or duration of coverage of the 8 individual or his or her dependents;
- 9 (b) Provisions concerning the insurer's right to change 10 premium rates and factors, including case characteris-11 tics, which affect changes in premium rates;
- 12 (c) A description of the class of insureds to which the individual is or will be included; and
- 14 (d) Provisions relating to renewability of coverage.

§33-6C-7. Rejection of guarantees; notice; hearing.

- 1 (a) The insurance commissioner may reject any loss 2 ratio guarantee filed by an insurer within sixty days 3 from the date on which it was filed for any of the 4 following reasons:
- 5 (1) The insurer has demonstrated an inability to 6 adequately monitor its loss ratios;
- 7 (2) The insurer has failed to take timely rate increases 8 in accordance with sound actuarial principles during 9 the three-year period prior to filing the loss ratio 10 guarantee;
- 11 (3) The insurer has not complied with the terms of a previously filed loss ratio guarantee;
- 13 (4) The insurer has submitted false, misleading or 14 fraudulent material or information to the commissioner;
- 15 (5) The insurer is impaired, insolvent or such other 16 similar financial condition as defined in article ten or 17 any other article of this chapter; or
- 18 (6) Such other criteria as the commissioner, by 19 legislative rule or regulation, may determine is 20 appropriate.

- 21 (b) The insurance commissioner may reject or cancel 22 any loss ratio guarantee filed by an insurer which had 23 been previously approved if, upon review and investiga-24 tion, the commissioner determines that the insurer has 25 not complied with the provisions of the guarantee or this 26 article.
- 27 (c) In the event a newly submitted loss ratio guarantee 28 is rejected, the commissioner shall, within sixty days 29 after the date the loss ratio guarantee was filed, mail 30 notice of the rejection to the insurer. In the event an 31 existing or previously approved loss ratio guarantee is 32 cancelled, the commissioner shall mail notice of the rejection or cancellation to the insurer within fifteen 33 34 days of the decision to cancel. In either situation, the 35 insurer may, within ten days of being notified of its 36 rejection or cancellation, request a hearing before the 37 commissioner, which hearing shall be held within forty-38 five days from the date the request is made.

ARTICLE 15. ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-15-15. Insurance commissioner to establish minimum benefits and coverages for an individual policy design; basic policy benefits; exemptions.

- 1 (a) The insurance commissioner shall establish
 2 minimum benefits which may be included in any
 3 individual accident and sickness insurance policy issued
 4 pursuant to this article. The commissioner may accept
 5 bids on designs for such minimum plans and shall
 6 compile a final basic benefit plan for use by insurers
 7 within six months after the effective date of this article.
- (b) The basic policy plan established by the insurance commissioner may include coverage for the services of medical physicians or surgeons, podiatrists, physician assistants, osteopathic physicians or surgeons, chiropractors, midwives, advanced nurse practitioners, or any other professional health care provider as deemed appropriate by the insurance commissioner.
- 15 (c) The following shall serve as a guide to the

- commissioner in the design of a basic policy issued pursuant to this article:
 - (1) Inpatient hospital care up to twenty days per year;
 - (2) Outpatient hospital care including, but not limited to, surgery and anesthesia, pre-admission testing, radiation therapy and chemotherapy;
 - (3) Accident or emergency care through emergency room care and emergency admissions to a hospital;
 - (4) Physician office visits for primary, preventive, well, acute or sick care, up to four visits per year, and laboratory fees, surgery and anesthesia, diagnostic X rays, physician care in a hospital inpatient or outpatient setting;
 - (5) Prenatal care, including a minimum of one prenatal office visit per month during the first two trimesters of pregnancy, two office visits per month during the seventh and eighth months of pregnancy, and one office visit per week during the ninth month and until term. Coverage for each such visit shall include necessary appropriate screening, including history, physical examination, and such laboratory and diagnostic procedures as may be deemed appropriate by the physician based upon recognized medical criteria for the risk group of which the patient is a member. Coverage for each office visit shall also include such prenatal counseling as the physician deems appropriate;
- 42 (6) Obstetrical care, including physician's services, 43 delivery room and other medically necessary hospital 44 services; and
 - (7) X-ray and laboratory services in connection with mammograms or pap smears when performed for cancer screening or diagnostic purposes, at the direction of a physician, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (A) Baseline or other recommended mammograms for women age thirty-five to thirty-nine, inclusive;
 - (B) Mammograms recommended or required for women age forty to forty-nine, inclusive, every two years or as needed:

- 55 (C) A mammogram every year for women age fifty 56 and over: or
- 57 (D) A pap smear annually or more frequently based 58 on the woman's physician's recommendation for women 59 age eighteen or over. A basic policy issued pursuant to 60 this article may apply to mammograms or pap smears 61 the same deductibles or copayments as apply to other 62 covered services
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, any basic policy issued pursuant to this section shall be exempt from all statutorily and regulatorily mandated benefits and coverages except for the minimum benefits and coverages as established by the commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.
- 70 (e) Nothing in this section shall preclude an insurer 71 from offering any other benefit or coverage under a 72 basic policy issued pursuant to this article, for an 73 appropriate additional premium.
- 74 (f) A basic policy issued pursuant to this section may 75 include deductibles, copayments and maximum benefits.
- (g) The insurance commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions of this section, including, but not limited to, rules regarding bids, forms and rates.
- 81 (h) The premiums paid for insurance provided 82 pursuant to this article shall be exempt from the 83 premium tax required to be paid pursuant to sections 84 fourteen and fourteen-a, article three of this chapter.

ARTICLE 16C. EMPLOYER GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE POLICIES.

- §33-16C-1. Findings and purpose.
- §33-16C-2. Definitions.
- §33-16C-3. Exemption from mandatory benefits and coverages; optional benefits and coverages; deductibles and copayments.
- §33-16C-4. Insurance commissioner to establish minimum benefits and coverages; basic policy benefits.

- §33-16C-5. Required policy provisions.
- §33-16C-6. Prohibitions against discrimination in establishing rates, terms or conditions.
- §33-16C-7. Disclosures to eligible employees.
- §33-16C-8. Certification by employer.
- §33-16C-9. Promulgation of rules.
- §33-16C-10. Exemption from insurance premiums tax.

§33-16C-1. Findings and purpose.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds that the cost of group
- 2 accident and sickness insurance is becoming unafforda-
- 3 ble to many employers and their employees. Further,
- 4 because of the unaffordability of this type of insurance,
- 5 in some cases due to the cost of mandated benefits, a
- 6 significant segment of the state's working population is
- 7 unable to pay for many health care services.
- 8 (b) It is the purpose and intent of this article to 9 authorize a program whereby employers may obtain 10 affordable group accident and sickness insurance for
- 11 currently uninsured employees that will increase access
- 12 to health care, assist in the reduction of the amount of
- 13 uncompensated care, and reduce the number of unin-
- 14 sured persons in this state.

§33-16C-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Basic policy" means a group accident and sickness 3 insurance contract for medical, surgical or hospital care 4 that is required to contain only those minimum benefits
- and coverages mandated by this article, but which may 5
- contain other benefits and coverages. 6
- 7 (b) "Commissioner" means the insurance commissioner of West Virginia. 8
- (c) "Department" means the department of insurance. 9
- (d) "Eligible employee" means an employee who is 10
- employed by the employer for an average of at least 11 twenty hours per week; includes individuals who are
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- sole proprietors, general partners and limited partners; 13 and includes individuals who either work or reside in
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- 15 this state.

- 16 (e) "Eligible employer" means a corporation, partner-17 ship or proprietorship which has done business in this 18 state for at least one year.
- 19 (f) "Family member" means an eligible employee's spouse and any dependent child or stepchild under the age of eighteen or under age twenty-three if a full-time student at an accredited school: *Provided*, That the spouse, child or stepchild is not eligible for medicare, medicaid or state medical assistance.
- 25 (g) "Insurer" means any of the following entities that 26 holds a valid certificate of authority from the commis-27 sioner: An insurance company authorized to transact 28 accident and sickness insurance; a hospital service 29 corporation, medical service corporation or health 30 service corporation organized pursuant to article 31 twenty-four of this chapter; a health care corporation 32 organized pursuant to article twenty-five of this chapter: 33 or a health maintenance organization organized pursu-34 ant to article twenty-five-a of this chapter.
- 35 (h) "Premium" means the consideration for insurance, 36 by whatever name called.

§33-16C-3. Exemption from mandatory benefits and coverages; optional benefits and coverages; deductibles and copayments.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code 2 to the contrary, any basic policy issued pursuant to this 3 article shall be exempt from all statutorily and regula-4 torily mandated benefits and coverages except for the 5 minimum benefits and coverages provided for in section 6 four of this article.
- 7 (b) Nothing in this article shall preclude an insurer 8 from offering any other benefit or coverage under a 9 basic policy issued pursuant to this article, for an appropriate additional premium.
- 11 (c) A basic policy issued pursuant to this article may 12 include deductibles, copayments and maximum benefits.
- §33-16C-4. Insurance commissioner to establish minimum benefits and coverages; basic policy benefits.

- (a) The insurance commissioner shall establish minimum benefits which shall be included in every insurance policy issued pursuant to this article. The commissioner may accept bids on designs for such minimum plans and shall compile a final basic benefit plan for use by insurers within six months after the effective date of this article.
- (b) The basic policy plan established by the insurance commissioner may include coverage for the services of medical physicians or surgeons, podiatrists, physician assistants, osteopathic physicians or surgeons, chiropractors, midwives, advanced nurse practitioners, or any other professional health care provider as deemed appropriate by the insurance commissioner.
- (c) The following shall serve as a guide to the commissioner in the design of a basic policy issued pursuant to this article:
 - (1) Inpatient hospital care up to twenty days per year;
- (2) Outpatient hospital care including, but not limited to, surgery and anesthesia, pre-admission testing, radiation therapy and chemotherapy;
- 22 (3) Accident or emergency care through emergency 23 room care and emergency admissions to a hospital;
 - (4) Physician office visits for primary, preventive, well, acute or sick care, up to four visits per year, and laboratory fees, surgery and anesthesia, diagnostic X rays, physician care in a hospital inpatient or outpatient setting;
 - (5) Prenatal care, including a minimum of one prenatal office visit per month during the first two trimesters of pregnancy, two office visits per month during the seventh and eighth months of pregnancy, and one office visit per week during the ninth month and until term. Coverage for each such visit shall include necessary appropriate screening, including history, physical examination, and such laboratory and diagnostic procedures as may be deemed appropriate by the physician based upon recognized medical criteria for the risk group of which the patient is a member. Coverage

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- 40 for each office visit shall also include such prenatal 41 counseling as the physician deems appropriate:
- 42 (6) Obstetrical care, including physician's services. 43 delivery room and other medically necessary hospital 44 services: and
- 45 (7) X-ray and laboratory services in connection with 46 mammograms or pap smears when performed for 47 cancer screening or diagnostic purposes, at the direction of a physician, including, but not limited to, the 48 49 following:
- 50 (A) Baseline or other recommended mammograms for women age thirty-five to thirty-nine, inclusive: 51
- 52 (B) Mammograms recommended or required for 53 women age forty to forty-nine, inclusive, every two years 54 or as needed:
- (C) A mammogram every year for women age fifty 55 56 and over: or
- 57 (D) A pap smear annually or more frequently based on the woman's physician's recommendation for women 58 age eighteen or over. A basic policy issued pursuant to 59 60 this article may apply to mammograms or pap smears 61 the same deductibles or copayments as apply to other 62 covered services.

§33-16C-5. Required policy provisions.

- (a) Each basic policy issued pursuant to this article 1 2 shall contain in substance the following:
- 3 (1) A provision that the entire contract between the parties shall consist of the policy; the application of an 4 5 eligible employer for such a policy, a copy of which shall be attached to such policy; and the individual applica-6 tions, if any, submitted in connection with such policy 7 by eligible employees or family members; and further 8 that all statements made by any applicant shall be 9 deemed representations and not warranties, and that no 10 such statements shall void the insurance or reduce 11
- benefits thereunder unless contained in a written 12
- 13 application;

14 (2) A provision that the insurer will furnish to the 15 eligible employer, for delivery to each eligible employee of the insured group, an individual certificate setting 16 forth in substance the essential features of the insurance 17 18 coverage of such eligible employee and, if applicable, his or her family members, and to whom benefits there-19 20 under are payable. If family members are included in the coverage, only one certificate need be issued for each 21 22 family: and

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- (3) A provision that all new eligible employees in the groups or classes eligible for insurance shall from time to time be added to such groups or classes eligible to obtain such insurance in accordance with the terms of the policy.
- (b) No provision relative to notice, proof of loss, the time for paying benefits, or the time within which suit may be brought upon a basic policy issued pursuant to this article shall be less favorable to an eligible employee than would be permitted in the case of an individual policy by the provisions set forth in article fifteen of this chapter.

§33-16C-6. Prohibitions against discrimination in establishing rates, terms or conditions.

1 Discrimination between individuals of the same class of risk in the issuance of basic policies, in the amount 2 of premiums or rates charged for any insurance covered 3 by this article, in benefits payable thereon, in any of the 4 5 terms or conditions of the basic policy issued pursuant to this article, or in any other manner whatsoever, is 6 prohibited. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an 7 insurer from providing incentives for eligible employees 8 or family members to utilize the services of a particular 9 hospital or other health care provider. 10

§33-16C-7. Disclosures to eligible employees.

- 1 (a) Upon offering coverage under a basic policy issued 2 pursuant to this article, the insurer shall provide the 3 eligible employee with a written disclosure statement 4 containing at least the following:
- 5 (1) An explanation of benefits otherwise mandated by

- 6 state law and not covered by the basic policy;
- 7 (2) An explanation of cost control features of the basic 8 policy, along with all appropriate mailing addresses and 9 telephone numbers to be utilized by eligible employee 10 or family members in seeking information or authori-11 zation; and
- 12 (3) An explanation that, if applicable, the insurance policy is a minimum benefit policy.
- 14 (b) This disclosure statement shall be presented in 15 clear and understandable form and format and shall be 16 separate from the basic policy or certificate or evidence 17 of coverage provided to an eligible employee or family 18 member.
- 19 (c) Before any insurer issues a basic policy pursuant 20 to this article, it shall obtain from the eligible employer 21 applying for such policy a signed written statement in 22 which each eligible employee:
- 23 (1) Certifies as to eligibility for coverage under the basic policy; and
- 25 (2) Acknowledges the limited nature of the coverage provided under the basic policy.
- (d) All marketing communication intended to be utilized in the marketing of a basic policy issued pursuant to this article shall be filed with and approved by the commissioner prior to use and shall contain the disclosures required by this section.

§33-16C-8. Certification by employer.

- 1 Every employer applying for insurance coverage
- 2 pursuant to this article shall certify to the insurer, on
- 3 a form prescribed by the insurance commissioner, that
- 4 the employer has not had health insurance benefits for
- 5 the twelve months preceding application.

§33-16C-9. Promulgation of rules.

- 1 The insurance commissioner shall promulgate rules
- 2 and regulations, pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of
- 3 this code, establishing procedures for implementing the
- 4 provisions of this article.

§33-16C-10. Exemption from insurance premiums tax.

- 1 The premiums paid for insurance provided pursuant
- 2 to this article shall be exempt from the premium tax
- 3 required to be paid pursuant to sections fourteen and
- 4 fourteen-a, article three of this chapter.

ARTICLE 16D. MARKETING AND RATE PRACTICES FOR SMALL EMPLOYER ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE POLICIES.

- §33-16D-1. Purpose of article.
- §33-16D-2. Definitions.
- §33-16D-3. Health insurance plans subject to this article.
- §33-16D-4. Discrimination in marketing prohibited; annual filing with commissioner, violations and penalties.
- §33-16D-5. Premium rates for small employers; classes; maximum rates; eligibility for rate increases.
- §33-16D-6. Insurance commissioner to promulgate rules.
- §33-16D-7. Renewability of coverage; exceptions.
- §33-16D-8. Disclosure of rating practices and renewability provisions.
- §33-16D-9. Maintenance of records.
- §33-16D-10. Suspension of requirements.
- §33-16D-11. Effective date.
- §33-16D-12. Equality of terms; pre-existing conditions; continuous coverage restrictions.
- §33-16D-13. Obligations of employer; discrimination as to benefits paid.

§33-16D-1. Purpose of article.

- 1 The purpose of this article is to promote the availa-
- 2 bility of health insurance coverage to small employers,
- 3 to prevent abusive rating practices, to require disclosure
- 4 of rating practices to purchasers, to establish rules for
- 5 continuity of coverage for employers and covered
- 6 individuals, and to improve the efficiency and fairness
- 7 of the small group health insurance marketplace.

§33-16D-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Actuarial certification" means a written state-
- 3 ment by an actuary, or other individual acceptable to
- 4 the commissioner, that a small employer insurer is in
- 5 compliance with the provisions of this article, based
- 6 upon that person's examination, including a review of
- 7 the appropriate records and of the actuarial assump-
- 8 tions and methods utilized by the insurer in establishing

- 9 premium rates for applicable health benefit plans.
 - (b) "Base premium rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating period, the lowest premium rate charged or which could have been charged under a rating system for that class of business, by the small employer insurer to small employers with similar case characteristics for health benefit plans within the same or similar coverage.
 - (c) "Case characteristics" mean demographic or other relevant characteristics of a small employer, as determined by a small employer insurer, which are considered by the insurer in the determination of premium rates for the small employer. Claim experience, health status and duration of coverage since issue shall not be case characteristics for the purposes of this article.
 - (d) "Class of business" means all or any distinct grouping of small employers as shown on the records of the small employer insurer.
 - (e) "Commissioner" means the insurance commissioner of West Virginia.
 - (f) "Department" means the department of insurance.
 - (g) "Duration rating" means the practice of rating a policy or a group of policies by the length of time they have been in force.
 - (h) "Health benefit plan" means any hospital or medical expense incurred policy; health, hospital or medical service corporation contract; plan provided by a multiple-employer trust or a multiple-employer welfare arrangement; health maintenance organization contract offered by an employer; or any other policy or plan issued by an insurer which provides health related benefits to small employers: *Provided*, That for purposes of this article, a health benefit plan shall not include accident only, credit, dental, disability income insurance; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; insurance arising out of a workers' compensation or similar law; automobile medical-payment insurance, or insurance under which benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and which is statutorily required

48 to be contained in any liability insurance policy or 49 equivalent self-insurance.

- (i) "Index rate" means for each class of business for small employers with similar case characteristics the arithmetic average of the applicable base premium rate and the corresponding highest premium rate.
- (j) "Insurer" or "carrier" means any entity which holds a valid certificate of authority from the commissioner and which offers or sells health benefit plans to small employers situate in the state of West Virginia, regardless of where the policy or plan is drafted, issued or mailed, including, but not limited to, any insurance company authorized to transact accident and sickness insurance; a hospital service corporation, medical service corporation or health service corporation organized pursuant to article twenty-four of this chapter; a health care corporation organized pursuant to article twenty-five of this chapter; a health maintenance organization organized pursuant to article twenty-five-a of this chapter; or any multiple-employer trust or multiple-employer welfare arrangement.
- (k) "Multiple-employer trust" means an insured health benefit plan organized as a trust which offers benefits to small employers and is partially or fully insured by an insurer, which such underwriting insurer shall be deemed to be transacting insurance as defined in section four, article one of this chapter, and is subject to this article regardless of where the policy or plan is delivered, issued for delivery, renewed or continued.
- (1) "Multiple-employer welfare arrangement" means an employee welfare benefit plan, or any other arrangement which is not fully insured and which is established or maintained for the purpose of offering or providing any insurance or other benefit to employees of two or more employers, and may include multiple employer trusts as defined in subsection (k) herein: *Provided*, That such term does not include any such plan or other arrangement which is established or maintained under or pursuant to one or more agreements found, under federal law, to be collective bargaining agreements, or

- by a rural electric cooperative, and is subject to this article regardless of where the policy or plan is delivered, issued for delivery, renewed or continued.
- 91 (m) "New business premium rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating period, the premium rate charged or offered by the small employer insurer to small employers with similar case characteristics for newly issued health benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.
- 97 (n) "Rating period" means the calendar period of at 98 least twelve months for which premium rates estab-99 lished by a small employer insurer are assumed to be 100 in effect, as determined by the small employer insurer.
- 101 (o) "Small employer" means any person, firm, corpo-102 ration, partnership or association actively engaged in 103 business in the state of West Virginia for at least one year who, on at least fifty percent of its working days 104 105 during the preceding year, employed no more than 106 forty-nine or not less than two eligible employees: 107 Provided, That companies which are affiliated compa-108 nies or which are eligible to file a combined tax return 109 for state tax purposes shall be considered one employer.
- 110 (p) "Small employer insurer" means any insurer 111 which offers health benefit plans covering the employees 112 of a small employer situate within the state of West 113 Virginia.
- 114 (q) "Tier rating" means the division of insureds to 115 reflect risk and the subsequent selection by the insurer 116 of only those groups which are financially attractive.

§33-16D-3. Health insurance plans subject to this article.

The provisions of this article apply to any health 1 2 benefit plan which provides coverage to two or more eligible employees of a small employer situate in the 3 state of West Virginia: Provided. That the provisions of 4 this article shall not apply to individual health insurance 5 policies which are subject to policy form and premium 6 rate approval as required by article sixteen-b of this 7 8 chapter.

§33-16D-4. Discrimination in marketing prohibited; annual filing with commissioner; violations and penalties.

- 1 (a) All insurers subject to this article are strictly
 2 prohibited from marketing their product to a specific
 3 group, legal occupation, locale, zip code, neighborhood,
 4 race, religion, or any discriminatory group.
- 5 (b) All insurers subject to this article shall file any 6 marketing information upon request of the commissioner. The commissioner shall review said information 8 and shall have the authority to take appropriate action 9 to eliminate discriminatory marketing practices, including imposing fines on violators of this section of not more 10 11 than ten thousand dollars. Upon a second violation of this section, the commissioner shall have the authority 12 to revoke the violator's license to transact insurance. 13

§33-16D-5. Premium rates for small employers; classes; maximum rates; eligibility for rate increases.

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- 1 (a) Premium rates for health benefit plans subject to this article shall be subject to the following provisions:
 - (1) The index rate for a rating period for any class of business shall not exceed the index rate for any other class of business by more than twenty percent: *Provided*, That this subdivision shall not apply to a class of business if all of the following apply:
- (A) The class of business is one for which the carrier does not reject, and never has rejected, small employers included within the definition of employers eligible for the class of business or otherwise eligible employees and dependents who enroll on a timely basis, based upon their claim experience or health status;
- 14 (B) The carrier does not involuntarily transfer, and 15 never has involuntarily transferred, a health benefits 16 plan into or out of the class of business; and
- 17 (C) The class of business is currently available for 18 purchase.
- 19 (2) For a class of business, the premium rates charged

- during a rating period to small employers with similar case characteristics for the same or similar coverage, or the rates which could be charged to such employers under the rating system for that class of business, shall not vary from the index rate by more than twenty-five percent of the index rate.
 - (3) The percentage increase, in the premium rate charged to a small employer for a new rating period may not exceed the sum of the following:
 - (A) The percentage change in the new business premium rate measured from the first day of the prior rating period to the first day of the new rating period. In the case of a class of business for which the small employer carrier is not issuing new policies, the carrier shall use the percentage change in the base premium rate;
 - (B) An adjustment, not to exceed fifteen percent annually and adjusted pro rata for rating periods of less than one year, due to the claim experience, health status or duration of coverage of the employees or dependents of the small employer as determined from the carrier's rate manual for the class of business; and
 - (C) Any adjustment due to change in coverage or change in the case characteristics of the small employer as determined from the carrier's rate manual for the class of business.
 - (4) In the case of health benefit plans issued prior to the effective date of this article, a premium rate for a rating period may exceed the ranges described in subdivision (1) or (2), subsection (a) of this section for a period of five years following the effective date of this article. In that case, the percentage increase in the premium rate charged to a small employer in such a class of business for a new rating period may not exceed the sum of the following:
 - (A) The percentage change in the new business premium rate measured from the first day of the prior rating period to the first day of the new rating period. In the case of a class of business for which the small

employer carrier is not issuing new policies, the carrier shall use the percentage change in the base premium rate; and

- (B) Any adjustment due to change in coverage or change in the case characteristics of the small employer as determined from the carrier's rate manual for the class of business.
 - (b) Nothing in this section is intended to affect the use by a small employer carrier of legitimate rating factors other than claim experience, health status or duration of coverage in the determination of premium rates. Small employer carriers shall apply rating factors, including case characteristics, consistently with respect to all small employers in a class of business.
 - (c) A small employer carrier shall not involuntarily transfer a small employer into or out of a class of business. A small employer carrier shall not offer to transfer a small employer into or out of a class of business unless such offer is made to transfer all small employers in the class of business without regard to case characteristics, claim experience, health status or duration since issue.
 - (d) To be eligible to make a rate increase request after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninetyone, an insurer must have a minimum anticipated loss ratio of sixty-five percent.
 - (e) All insurers subject to this article, effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, shall be prohibited from distinguishing more than four classes of businesses within its small group insurance coverage.
 - (f) Prior to any increase of the anticipated loss ratio, the insurance commissioner must conduct a public hearing as required by section thirteen, article two of this chapter.
 - (g) If any health benefit plan is provided by an insurer through an association of small employers not in the business of selling insurance and with not less than two hundred cumulative employees, and if such association

- 98 is rated on the basis of the number of employees and
- not on the basis of the individual small employers, such 99
- 100 association or group is exempt from the provisions of
- 101 this article.

§33-16D-6. Insurance commissioner to promulgate rules.

- 1 (a) Pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, the 2 insurance commissioner shall promulgate rules and 3 regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this 4 article.
- 5 (b) The rules and regulations promulgated by the 6 commissioner shall include, but not be limited to, the 7 following:
- 8 (1) Rules and regulations regarding the regulation of 9 administrative costs incurred by the insurers:
- 10 (2) Rules and regulations regarding the commission-11 er's authority to increase the anticipated loss ratio and 12 for the collection of data on which to base said increase.
- including, but not limited to, information obtained from 13
- 14 the health care cost review authority and the national
- 15 insurance commissioners association:
- 16 (3) Rules and regulations setting forth the procedures 17 for filing rate applications; and
- (4) Rules and regulations eliminating tier and dura-18 tion ratings of small group insurers which are used to 19 create artificial rates or unfair trade practices. 20

§33-16D-7. Renewability of coverage; exceptions.

- (a) A health benefit plan subject to this article shall 1 2 be renewable to all eligible employees at the option of
- the small employer: Provided, That an insurer may 3
- refuse to renew a health benefit plan for any of the
- 4 5
 - following reasons:
- (1) Nonpayment of required premiums; 6
- (2) Fraud or misrepresentation by the small employer 7 or by the insured individual; 8
- (3) Noncompliance with plan provisions; 9
- (4) The number of individuals covered under the plan 10

- is less than the number or percentage of eligible individuals necessary pursuant to the percentage requirements under the plan; or
- 14 (5) The small employer is no longer actively engaged 15 in the business in which it was engaged on the effective 16 date of the plan.

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- (b) A small employer insurer may cease to renew all plans under a class of business. Upon the small employer's election of nonrenewal, the insurer shall provide notice of such election not to renew to all affected health benefit plans and to the commissioner in each state in which an affected insured individual is known to reside at least ninety days prior to termination of coverage.
- 25 (c) An insurer which exercises its right to cease to renew all plans in a class of business shall not:
- 27 (1) Establish a new class of business for a period of 28 five years after the nonrenewal of the plans without 29 prior approval of the commissioner; or
- 30 (2) Transfer or otherwise provide coverage to any of 31 the employers from the nonrenewed class of business 32 unless the insurer offers to transfer or provide coverage 33 to all affected employers and eligible employees without 34 regard to case characteristics, claim experience, health 35 status or duration of coverage.

§33-16D-8. Disclosure of rating practices and renewability provisions.

- 1 (a) Each small employer insurer shall make reasona-2 ble disclosure in solicitation and sales materials 3 provided to small employers of the following:
- 4 (1) The extent to which premium rates for a specific 5 small employer are established or adjusted due to the 6 claim experience, health status or duration of coverage 7 of the employees of the small employer;
- 8 (2) The provisions concerning the insurer's right to 9 change premium rates and the factors, including case 10 characteristics, which affect changes in premium rates;

- 11 (3) A description of the class of business in which the 12 small employer is or will be included, including the 13 applicable grouping of plans;
- (4) The provisions relating to renewability of coverage;and
- 16 (5) An explanation, if applicable, that the small employer is purchasing a minimum benefits plan.
- 18 (b) All disclosure statements shall be presented in 19 clear and understandable form and format and shall be 20 separate from any policy, certificate or evidence of 21 coverage otherwise provided.

§33-16D-9. Maintenance of records.

- 1 (a) Each small employer insurer shall maintain at its 2 principal place of business a complete and detailed 3 description of its rating practices and renewal under-4 writing practices, including information and documen-5 tation which demonstrate that its rating methods and 6 practices are based upon commonly accepted actuarial 7 principles.
- 8 (b) Each small employer insurer shall file each first
 9 day of March with the commissioner an actuarial
 10 certification that the insurer is in compliance with the
 11 provisions of this article and that the rating methods of
 12 the insurer are actuarially sound. A copy of such
 13 certification shall be retained by the insurer at its
 14 principal place of business.
- 15 (c) A small employer insurer shall make the informa-16 tion and documentation described in subsection (a) of 17 this section available to the commissioner upon request.

§33-16D-10. Suspension of requirements.

The insurance commissioner may suspend all or part of the requirements of this article applicable to one or more health benefit plans for one or more rating periods upon a filing by the small employer insurer and a finding by the commissioner that either the suspension is reasonable in light of the financial condition of the insurer or that the suspension would enhance the efficiency and fairness of the marketplace for small

9 employer health insurance.

§33-16D-11. Effective date.

The provisions of this article shall apply to each health benefit plan for a small employer situate in the state of West Virginia that is delivered, issued for delivery, renewed or continued after the effective date of this article. For purposes of this section, the date a plan is continued is the first rating period which commences after the effective date of this article.

§33-16D-12. Equality of terms; pre-existing conditions; continuous coverage restrictions.

Health benefit plans and, to the extent permitted by ERISA, other benefit arrangements covering small employers shall be subject to the following provisions:

- (a) Pre-existing conditions provisions shall not exclude coverage for a period beyond twelve months following an individual's effective date of coverage and may only relate to conditions which had, during the twelve months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage, manifested themselves in such a manner as would cause an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment or for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or received, or as to a pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage.
- (b) In determining whether a pre-existing condition limitation provision applies to an eligible employee or dependent, all health benefit plans shall credit the time such person was covered under a previous employer-based health benefit plan, a comparable individual health benefit plan, or a self-insured plan if the previous coverage was continuous to a date not more than thirty days prior to the effective date of the new coverage, exclusive of any applicable waiting period under such plan.
- (c) Subject to subsections (a) and (b) of this section, when a small group employer converts its health insurance plan from one health insurance plan to another health insurance plan or from one insurer to another insurer, all eligible employees who at the time

- 30 of conversion are covered by the health benefit plan
- 31 must be offered health benefits coverage under the 32
- subsequent plan, and no employee who at the time of 33
- conversion is covered by a health benefit plan offered
- 34 by said employer may be treated any differently relative
- 35 to other covered employees under the new health benefit
- 36 plan than he is treated under the current health benefit
- 37 plan.

§33-16D-13. Obligations of employer; discrimination as to benefits paid.

- 1 Any employer subscribing to a health care benefit
- 2 plan for or on behalf of its employees pursuant to this
- chapter shall not discriminate against any eligible 3
- 4 employee on the basis of such employee's status with the
- 5 employer by paying for all or part of the health care
- 6 benefit plan premiums in a manner different from that
- 7 provided any other eligible employee: Provided. That
- any participating small employer must pay at least 8
- 9 twenty-five percent of each eligible employee's health
- 10 care benefit plan premiums.

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

*§33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of insurance laws.

1 Every such corporation is hereby declared to be a

2 scientific, nonprofit institution and as such exempt from

3 the payment of all property and other taxes. Every such

4 corporation, to the same extent such provisions are

5 applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of

6 insurance and not inconsistent with the provisions of this

7 article, shall be governed by and be subject to the

8 provisions as hereinbelow indicated, of the following

9 articles of this chapter: Article two (insurance commis-

sioner), article four (general provisions), except that 10

section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable 11

12 thereto: article six, section thirty-four (fee for form and

13 rate filing), article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article

seven (assets and liabilities), article ten (rehabilitation 14

and liquidation), article eleven (unfair practices and 15

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2462 (Chapter 89). which passed subsequent to this act.

16 frauds), article twelve (agents, brokers and solicitors), 17 section fourteen, article fifteen (individual policies). 18 article fifteen-a (long-term care insurance), section three-a, article sixteen (mental illness), section three-c, 19 20 article sixteen (group accident and sickness insurance). 21 section three-d. article sixteen (medicare supplement). 22 section three-f. article sixteen (treatment of temporo-23 mandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular dis-24 order), article sixteen-c (small employer group policies), 25 article sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small 26 employers), article twenty-seven (insurance holding 27 company systems), article twenty-eight (individual 28 accident and sickness insurance minimum standards). 29 article thirty-three (annual audited financial report). 30 article thirty-four (administrative supervision), article 31 thirty-four-a (standards and commissioner's authority 32 for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial 33 condition) and article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for 34 failure to report impairment); and no other provision of 35 this chapter shall apply to such corporations unless 36 specifically made applicable by the provisions of this 37 article. If, however, any such corporation shall be 38 converted into a corporation organized for a pecuniary 39 profit, or if it shall transact business without having 40 obtained a license as required by section five of this 41 article, it shall thereupon forfeit its right to these 42 exemptions.

ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

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*§33-25-6. Supervision and regulation by insurance commissioner; exemption from insurance laws.

Corporations organized under this article shall be subject to supervision and regulation by the insurance commissioner. Any provisions of this chapter or of any other law to the contrary notwithstanding, such corporation shall not be subject to the insurance laws of this state now in force nor to any law hereafter enacted relating to insurance and corporations engaged in the business of insurance unless otherwise provided in this article or unless such other law specifically and in exact terms applies to such voluntary, nonprofit health care corporations as are organized under this article. Such

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2462 (Chapter 89), which passed subsequent to this act.

12 corporations organized under this article, to the same 13 extent such provisions are applicable to insurers 14 transacting similar kinds of insurance and not inconsis-15 tent with the provisions of this article, shall be governed 16 by and be subject to the provisions as hereinbelow indicated, of the following articles of this chapter: 17 18 Article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article seven (assets 19 and liabilities), article eight (investments), article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation), section fourteen, article 20 21 fifteen (individual policies), article sixteen-c (small employer group policies), article sixteen-d (marketing 22 23 and rate practices for small employers), article twenty-24 seven (insurance holding company systems), article 25 thirty-four-a (standards and commissioner's authority 26 for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial 27 condition) and article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for 28 failure to report impairment); and no other provision of 29 this chapter shall apply to such corporations unless 30 specifically made applicable by the provisions of this 31 article.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

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*§33-25A-24. Statutory construction and relationship to other laws.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this article, provisions of the insurance law and provisions of hospital or medical service corporation laws shall not be applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this article. This provision shall not apply to an insurer or hospital or medical service corporation licensed and regulated pursuant to the insurance laws or the hospital or medical service corporation laws of this state except with respect to its health maintenance corporation activities authorized and regulated pursuant to this article.
- (2) Factually accurate advertising or solicitation regarding the range of services provided, the premiums and copayments charged, the sites of services and hours of operation, and any other quantifiable, nonprofessional

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2462 (Chapter 89), which passed subsequent to this act.

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 aspects of its operation by a health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority, or its representative shall not be construed to violate any provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by health professions: *Provided*, That nothing contained herein shall be construed as authorizing any solicitation or advertising which identifies or refers to any individual provider, or makes any qualitative judgment concerning any provider.

- (3) Any health maintenance organization authorized under this article shall not be deemed to be practicing medicine and shall be exempt from the provision of chapter thirty of this code, relating to the practice of medicine.
- (4) The provisions of article article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article seven (assets and liabilities), article eight (investments), section fourteen, article fifteen (individual policies), section three-f, article sixteen (concerning treatment of temporomandibular disorder and craniomandibular disorder), article sixteen-c (small employer group policies), article sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small employers), article twenty-seven (insurance holding company systems), article thirty-four-a (standards and commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial condition) and article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment) shall be applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this article.
- (5) Any long-term care insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state by a health maintenance organization shall comply with the provisions of article fifteen-a of this chapter.

CHAPTER 94

(H. B. 2901—By Delegates Gallagher and Beane)

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four-d and fourteen. article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact sections three-h and ten. article sixteen of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections seven-c and forty-three, article twenty-four of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections eight-b and twenty, article twenty-five of said chapter; and to amend and reenact sections eight-b and thirty-one, article twenty-five-a of said chapter, all relating to accident and sickness insurance; third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services; policies discriminating among health care providers; group accident and sickness insurance; third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services; policies discriminating among health care providers; hospital service corporations, medical service corporations, dental service corporations and health service corporations; third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services; policies discriminating among health care providers; health care corporations; third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services; policies discriminating among health care providers; health maintenance organization act; third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services; and policies discriminating among health care providers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four-d and fourteen, article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections three-h and ten, article sixteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections seven-c and forty-three, article twenty-four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections eight-b and twenty, article twenty-five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that sections eight-b and thirty-one, article twenty-five-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

15. Accident and Sicknesss Insurance.

16. Group Accident and Sickness Insurance.

24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations,
Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Corporations.

- 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.

ARTICLE 15. ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-15-4d. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.

§33-15-14. Policies discriminating among health care providers.

§33-15-4d. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of any policy,
- 2 provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this
- 3 article applies, any entity regulated by this article shall,
- 4 on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 5 hundred ninety-one, provide as benefits to all subscrib-
- 6 ers and members coverage for rehabilitation services as
- 7 hereinafter set forth, unless rejected by the insured.
- 8 (b) For purposes of this article and section, "rehabil-
- 9 itation services" includes those services which are
- 10 designed to remediate patient's condition or restore
- 11 patients to their optimal physical, medical, psychologi-
- 12 cal, social, emotional, vocational and economic status.
 13 Rehabilitative services include by illustration and not
- Rehabilitative services include by illustration and not limitation diagnostic testing, assessment, monitoring or
- 15 treatment of the following conditions individually or in
- 16 a combination:
- 17 (1) Stroke;
- 18 (2) Spinal cord injury;
- 19 (3) Congenital deformity;
- 20 (4) Amputation;
- 21 (5) Major multiple trauma;
- 22 (6) Fracture of femur;
- 23 (7) Brain injury;
- 24 (8) Polyarthritis, including rheumatoid arthritis;
- 25 (9) Neurological disorders, including, but not limited
- to, multiple sclerosis, motor neuron diseases, polyneuro-
- 27 pathy, muscular dystrophy and Parkinson's disease;
- 28 (10) Cardiac disorders, including, but not limited to,

- 29 acute myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary
- 30 arterial insufficiency, angioplasty, heart transplanta-
- 31 tion, chronic arrhythmias, congestive heart failure,
- 32 valvular heart disease:
 - (11) Burns.
- 34 (c) Rehabilitation services includes care rendered by any of the following:
- 36 (1) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
 37 Virginia that meets the requirements for rehabilitation
 38 hospitals as described in Section 2803.2 of the Medicare
 39 Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 1, as published
 40 by the U.S. Health Care Financing Administration;
- 41 (2) A distinct part rehabilitation unit in a hospital 42 duly licensed by the state of West Virginia. The distinct 43 part unit must meet the requirements of Section 2803.61 44 of the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 45 1, as published by the U. S. Health Care Financing 46 Administration;
- 47 (3) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
 48 Virginia which meets the requirements for cardiac
 49 rehabilitation as described in Section 35-25, Transmittal
 50 41, dated August, 1989, as promulgated by the U. S.
 51 Health Care Financing Administration.
- (d) Rehabilitation services do not include services for
 mental health, chemical dependency, vocational rehabilitation, long-term maintenance or custodial services.
- 55 (e) A policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement 56 may apply to rehabilitation services the same deducti-57 bles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other 58 covered services.

§33-15-14. Policies discriminating among health care providers.

- Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, when any health insurance policy, health care services plan or other contract provides for the payment of medical
- 4 expenses, benefits or procedures, such policy, plan or
- 5 contract shall be construed to include payment to all
- 6 health care providers including medical physicians,

- 7 osteopathic physicians, podiatric physicians, chiroprac-
- tic physicians, midwives and nurse practitioners who 8
- 9 provide medical services, benefits or procedures which
- are within the scope of each respective provider's 10
- license. Any limitation or condition placed upon serv-11
- ices, diagnoses or treatment by, or payment to any 12
- particular type of licensed provider shall apply equally 13
- 14 to all types of licensed providers without unfair
- 15 discrimination as to the usual and customary treatment
- procedures of any of the aforesaid providers. 16

ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

- §33-16-3h. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.
- §33-16-10. Policies discriminating among health care providers.

§33-16-3h. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of any policy. 1
- provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this 2
- 3 article applies, any entity regulated by this article shall.
- on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 4
- 5 hundred ninety-one, provide as benefits to all subscrib-
- 6 ers and members coverage for rehabilitation services as
- 7 hereinafter set forth, unless rejected by the insured.
- 8 (b) For purposes of this article and section, "rehabil-
- 9 itation services" includes those services which are
- 10 designed to remediate patient's condition or restore 11 patients to their optimal physical, medical, psychologi-
- cal, social, emotional, vocational and economic status.
- 12 Rehabilitative services include by illustration and not 13
- limitation diagnostic testing, assessment, monitoring or 14
- 15 treatment of the following conditions individually or in
- 16 a combination:
- 17 (1) Stroke;
- 18 (2) Spinal cord injury;
- (3) Congenital deformity; 19
- (4) Amoutation; 20
- (5) Major multiple trauma; 21
- (6) Fracture of femur; 22

- 23 (7) Brain injury:
- 24 (8) Polyarthritis, including rheumatoid arthritis:
- 25 (9) Neurological disorders, including, but not limited 26 to, multiple sclerosis, motor neuron diseases, polyneuro-27 pathy, muscular dystrophy and Parkinson's disease;
- 28 (10) Cardiac disorders, including, but not limited to, 29 acute myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary 30 arterial insufficiency, angioplasty, heart transplanta-31 tion, chronic arrhythmias, congestive heart failure, 32 valvular heart disease:
- 33 (11) Burns.
- 34 (c) Rehabilitative services includes care rendered by 35 any of the following:
- 36 (1) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West 37 Virginia that meets the requirements for rehabilitation 38 hospitals as described in Section 2803.2 of the Medicare 39 Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 1, as published 40 by the U.S. Health Care Financing Administration;
- 41 (2) A distinct part rehabilitation unit in a hospital 42 duly licensed by the state of West Virginia. The distinct 43 part unit must meet the requirements of Section 2803.61 44 of the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 45 1, as published by the U.S. Health Care Financing 46 Administration:
- 47 (3) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West 48 Virginia which meets the requirements for cardiac 49 rehabilitation as described in Section 35-25. Transmittal 50 41, dated August, 1989, as promulgated by the U.S. 51
 - Health Care Financing Administration.
- 52 (d) Rehabilitation services do not include services for 53 mental health, chemical dependency, vocational rehabil-54 itation, long-term maintenance or custodial services.
- 55 (e) A policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement 56 may apply to rehabilitation services the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other 57 covered services. 58
- §33-16-10. Policies discriminating among health care providers.

1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, when any health insurance policy, health care services plan or 2 other contract provides for the payment of medical 3 expenses, benefits or procedures, such policy, plan or 4 contract shall be construed to include payment to all 5 health care providers including medical physicians. 6 osteopathic physicians, podiatric physicians, chiroprac-7 tic physicians, midwives and nurse practitioners who 8 provide medical services, benefits or procedures which 9 are within the scope of each respective provider's 10 license. Any limitation or condition placed upon serv-11 ices, diagnoses or treatment by, or payment to any 12 particular type of licensed provider shall apply equally 13 to all types of licensed providers without unfair 14 discrimination as to the usual and customary treatment 15 procedures of any of the aforesaid providers. 16

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

§33-24-7c. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services. §33-24-43. Policies discriminating among health care providers.

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§33-24-7c. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this article applies, any entity regulated by this article shall, on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, provide as benefits to all subscribers and members coverage for rehabilitation services as hereinafter set forth, unless rejected by the insured.
- (b) For purposes of this article and section, "rehabilitation services" includes those services which are designed to remediate patient's condition or restore patients to their optimal physical, medical, psychological, social, emotional, vocational and economic status. Rehabilitative services include by illustration and not limitation diagnostic testing, assessment, monitoring or treatment of the following conditions individually or in a combination:

- 17 (1) Stroke;
- 18 (2) Spinal cord injury;
- 19 (3) Congenital deformity;
- 20 (4) Amputation;
- 21 (5) Major multiple trauma;
- 22 (6) Fracture of femur:
- 23 (7) Brain injury;
- 24 (8) Polyarthritis, including rheumatoid arthritis;
- 25 (9) Neurological disorders, including, but not limited 26 to, multiple sclerosis, motor neuron diseases, polyneuro-27 pathy, muscular dystrophy and Parkinson's disease;
- 28 (10) Cardiac disorders, including, but not limited to, 29 acute myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary 30 arterial insufficiency, angioplasty, heart transplanta-31 tion, chronic arrhythmias, congestive heart failure, 32 valvular heart disease:
- 33 (11) Burns.
- 34 (c) Rehabilitative services includes care rendered by any of the following:
- 36 (1) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
 37 Virginia that meets the requirements for rehabilitation
 38 hospitals as described in Section 2803.2 of the Medicare
 39 Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 1, as published
 40 by the U.S. Health Care Financing Administration;
- 41 (2) A distinct part rehabilitation unit in a hospital 42 duly licensed by the state of West Virginia. The distinct 43 part unit must meet the requirements of Section 2803.61 44 of the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 45 1, as published by the U. S. Health Care Financing
- 46 Administration;
- 47 (3) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West 48 Virginia which meets the requirements for cardiac 49 rehabilitation as described in Section 35-25, Transmittal 50 41, dated August, 1989, as promulgated by the U.S.
- 51 Health Care Financing Administration.

- 52 (d) Rehabilitation services do not include services for 53 mental health, chemical dependency, vocational rehabilitation, long-term maintenance or custodial services. 54
- 55 (e) A policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement 56 may apply to rehabilitation services the same deducti-57 bles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other 58 covered services

§33-24-43. Policies discriminating among health care providers.

1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, when 2 any health insurance policy, health care services plan or 3 other contract provides for the payment of medical expenses, benefits or procedures, such policy, plan or 4 5 contract shall be construed to include payment to all 6 health care providers including medical physicians, 7 osteopathic physicians, podiatric physicians, chiroprac-8 tic physicians, midwives and nurse practitioners who 9 provide medical services, benefits or procedures which are within the scope of each respective provider's 10 license. Any limitation or condition placed upon serv-11 ices, diagnoses or treatment by, or payment to any 12 particular type of licensed provider shall apply equally 13 to all types of licensed providers without unfair 14 discrimination as to the usual and customary treatment 15 procedures of any of the aforesaid providers. 16

ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

\$33-25-8b. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services. §33-25-20. Policies discriminating among health care providers.

Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation §33-25-8b. services.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, 1 provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this 2 article applies, any entity regulated by this article shall 3 on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 4 hundred ninety-one, provide as benefits to all subscrib-5 ers and members coverage for rehabilitation services as 6
- hereinafter set forth, unless rejected by the insured. 7

- 8 (b) For purposes of this article and section, "rehabil-
- 9 itation services" includes those services which are 10 designed to remediate patient's condition or restore
- 11 patients to their optimal physical, medical, psychologi-
- 12 cal, social, emotional, vocational and economic status.
- 13 Rehabilitative services include by illustration and not
- 14 limitation diagnostic testing, assessment, monitoring or
- 15 treatment of the following conditions individually or in
- 16 a combination:
- 17 (1) Stroke;
- 18 (2) Spinal cord injury;
- 19 (3) Congenital deformity;
- 20 (4) Amputation;
- 21 (5) Major multiple trauma;
- 22 (6) Fracture of femur;
- 23 (7) Brain injury;
- 24 (8) Polyarthritis, including rheumatoid arthritis;
- 25 (9) Neurological disorders, including, but not limited 26 to, multiple sclerosis, motor neuron diseases, polyneuro-27 pathy, muscular dystrophy and Parkinson's disease;
- 28 (10) Cardiac disorders, including, but not limited to, 29 acute myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary 30 arterial insufficiency, angioplasty, heart transplanta-31 tion, chronic arrhythmias, congestive heart failure, 32 valvular heart disease:
- 33 (11) Burns.
- 34 (c) Rehabilitative services includes care rendered by any of the following:
- 36 (1) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
 37 Virginia that meets the requirements for rehabilitation
 38 hospitals as described in Section 2803.2 of the Medicare
 39 Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 1, as published
 40 by the U. S. Health Care Financing Administration;
- 41 (2) A distinct part rehabilitation unit in a hospital 42 duly licensed by the state of West Virginia. The distinct

- 43 part unit must meet the requirements of Section 2803.61
- 44 of the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part
- 45 1, as published by the U.S. Health Care Financing
- 46 Administration;

- 47 (3) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West
- 48 Virginia which meets the requirements for cardiac
- 49 rehabilitation as described in Section 35-25, Transmittal
- 50 41, dated August, 1989, as promulgated by the U.S.
- 51 Health Care Financing Administration.
- (d) Rehabilitation services do not include services for
 mental health, chemical dependency, vocational rehabilitation, long-term maintenance or custodial services.
- (e) A policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement may apply to rehabilitation services the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other covered services.

§33-25-20. Policies discriminating among health care providers.

1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, when any health insurance policy, health care services plan or 2 other contract provides for the payment of medical 3 expenses, benefits or procedures, such policy, plan or 4 5 contract shall be construed to include payment to all health care providers including medical physicians, 6 7 osteopathic physicians, podiatric physicians, chiropractic physicians, midwives and nurse practitioners who 8 9 provide medical services, benefits or procedures which 10 are within the scope of each respective provider's license. Any limitation or condition placed upon serv-11 ices, diagnoses or treatment by, or payment to any 12 particular type of licensed provider shall apply equally 13

to all types of licensed providers without unfair

discrimination as to the usual and customary treatment

16 procedures of any of the aforesaid providers.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

§33-25A-8b. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services. §33-25A-31. Policies discriminating among health care providers.

§33-25A-8b. Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this article applies, any entity regulated by this article shall, on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, provide as benefits to all subscribers and members coverage for rehabilitation services as hereinafter set forth, unless rejected by the insured.
- 8 (b) For purposes of this article and section, "rehabil-9 itation services" includes those services which are 10 designed to remediate patient's condition or restore 11 patients to their optimal physical, medical, psychologi-12 cal, social, emotional, vocational and economic status. 13 Rehabilitative services include by illustration and not 14 limitation diagnostic testing, assessment, monitoring or 15 treatment of the following conditions individually or in 16 a combination:
- 17 (1) Stroke:
- 18 (2) Spinal cord injury;
- 19 (3) Congenital deformity;
- 20 (4) Amputation;
- 21 (5) Major multiple trauma;
- 22 (6) Fracture of femur;
- 23 (7) Brain injury;
- 24 (8) Polyarthritis, including rheumatoid arthritis;
- 25 (9) Neurological disorders, including, but not limited 26 to, multiple sclerosis, motor neuron diseases, polyneuro-27 pathy, muscular dystrophy and Parkinson's disease;
- 28 (10) Cardiac disorders, including, but not limited to, 29 acute myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary 30 arterial insufficiency, angioplasty, heart transplanta-31 tion, chronic arrhythmias, congestive heart failure, 32 valvular heart disease:
- 33 (11) Burns.
- 34 (c) Rehabilitative services includes care rendered by 35 any of the following:

36 (1) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West 37 Virginia that meets the requirements for rehabilitation 38 hospitals as described in Section 2803.2 of the Medicare 39 Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 1, as published 40 by the U. S. Health Care Financing Administration;

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- (2) A distinct part rehabilitation unit in a hospital duly licensed by the state of West Virginia. The distinct part unit must meet the requirements of Section 2803.61 of the Medicare Provider Reimbursement Manual, Part 1, as published by the U. S. Health Care Financing Administration;
- 47 (3) A hospital duly licensed by the state of West 48 Virginia which meets the requirements for cardiac 49 rehabilitation as described in Section 35-25, Transmittal 50 41, dated August, 1989, as promulgated by the U. S. 51 Health Care Financing Administration.
 - (d) Rehabilitation services do not include services for mental health, chemical dependency, vocational rehabilitation, long-term maintenance or custodial services.
- (e) A policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement may apply to rehabilitation services the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other covered services.

§33-25A-31. Policies discriminating among health care providers.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, when 1 any health insurance policy, health care services plan or 2 3 other contract provides for the payment of medical 4 expenses, benefits or procedures, such policy, plan or 5 contract shall be construed to include payment to all 6 health care providers including medical physicians. 7 osteopathic physicians, podiatric physicians, chiroprac-8 tic physicians, midwives and nurse practitioners who 9 provide medical services, benefits or procedures which are within the scope of each respective provider's 10 license. Any limitation or condition placed upon serv-11 ices, diagnoses or treatment by, or payment to any 12 particular type of licensed provider shall apply equally 13 to all types of licensed providers without unfair 14 discrimination as to the usual and customary treatment 15 procedures of any of the aforesaid providers. 16

CHAPTER 95

(H. B. 2789—By Delegates Susman and Gallagher)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-b, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; and to amend chapter thirty-three of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-d, all relating to professional insurance coverage; reporting to the insurance commissioner; and providing tail coverage.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-b, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; and that chapter thirty-three of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-d, all to read as follows:

Article

- 20B. Rates and Malpractice Insurance Policies.
- 20D. Tail Insurance.
- ARTICLE 20B. RATES AND MALPRACTICE INSURANCE POLICIES.
- §33-20B-8. Insurers required to report results of civil actions against physicians or podiatrists; penalties for failure to report; notice and hearing.
 - 1 (a) Every insurer providing professional liability
 2 insurance to a physician, osteopathic physician or
 3 surgeon, podiatrist, or chiropractor in this state shall
 4 submit to the commissioner, within thirty days from any
 5 judgment, dismissal, or settlement of a civil action or
 6 any claim involving the insured, the following
 7 information:
 - 8 (1) The date of any judgment, dismissal, or settlement;
 - 9 (2) Whether any appeal has been taken on the judgment and, if so, by which party;

11 (3) The amount of any settlement or judgment against the insured; and

- (4) Any such other information as the commissioner may require.
- (b) Any insurer that fails to report information on a payment required to be reported under this section shall be subject to a civil money penalty to be imposed by the insurance commissioner. Upon a determination of the commissioner that there is probable cause to believe that any person, partnership, corporation, association, insurance company, professional society or other organization has failed or refused to make a report required by this section, the commissioner shall provide written notice to the alleged violator stating the nature of the alleged violation and the time and place at which the alleged violator shall appear to show good cause why a civil penalty should not be imposed. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- (c) If, after notice and hearing as provided in subsection (b) herein, the commissioner determines that a violation of this section has occurred, the commissioner shall assess a civil penalty of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars against such violator. Anyone so assessed shall be notified of the assessment in writing and the notice shall specify the reasons for the assessment.
- (d) If an insurer who has been found to have violated the provisions of this section fails to pay the amount of the penalty assessment to the commissioner within thirty days after issuance of notice of the same, the attorney general may institute a civil action in the circuit court of Kanawha County to recover the amount of the assessment. In any such civil action, the court's review of the commissioner's action shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- (e) No person or entity shall be held liable in any civil action with respect to any report made pursuant to this section if such report was made without knowledge of

51 any falsity of the information contained therein.

ARTICLE 20D. TAIL INSURANCE.

- §33-20D-1. Scope of article.
- §33-20D-2. Definitions.
- §33-20D-3. Tail insurance to be offered upon cancellation; availability of amortization; minimum premium rates; penalties for noncompliance.
- §33-20D-4. Insurance commissioner to promulgate rules; establish amortization rates.

§33-20D-1. Scope of article.

- 1 This article applies to malpractice insurance as
- 2 defined in subdivision (9), subsection (e), section ten.
- 3 article one of this chapter insuring a medical physician,
- 4 osteopathic physician, podiatric physician, chiropractic
- 5 physician, dentist, midwife or nurse practitioner which
- 6 has been in effect for at least sixty days.

§33-20D-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Tail insurance" means insurance which covers a professional insured once a claims made malpractice
- 4 insurance policy is cancelled, not renewed or terminated
- 5 and covers claims made after such cancellation or
- 6 termination for acts occurring during the period the 7 prior malpractice insurance was in effect.
- 8 (b) "Claims made malpractice insurance policy" 9 means a policy which covers claims which are reported
- during the policy period, meet the provisions specified
- by the policy, and are for an incident which occurred
- 12 during the policy period, or occurred prior to the policy
- 13 period, as is specified by the policy.

§33-20D-3. Tail insurance to be offered upon cancellation; availability of amortization; minimum premium rates; penalties for noncompliance.

- 1 (a) Upon cancellation, nonrenewal or termination of
- 2 any claims made professional malpractice insurance
- 3 policy, the insurer shall offer to the insured tail
- 4 insurance coverage.

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- (b) Upon cancellation, nonrenewal or termination of any claims made professional malpractice insurance policy, the insurer shall offer to any professional licensed and practicing in the state of West Virginia, or who, upon retirement, last practiced in the state of West Virginia, the opportunity to amortize the payment of premiums for tail insurance over a period of not more than thirty-six months, in quarterly payments, at a rate to be established by the insurance commissioner: *Provided*, That quarterly premiums paid pursuant to this subsection shall not be less than seven hundred fifty dollars.
- 17 (c) The first quarterly payment shall be payable contemporaneous with the issuance of the tail coverage policy. Subsequent payments shall be due and payable quarterly thereafter. Upon default in making a payment when due, tail coverage shall terminate, and the unpaid portion of the amortized premium shall be immediately due and payable in full.
- 24 (d) Any insurer who fails to offer tail insurance or in 25 any other way violates the provisions of this article shall 26 be assessed a penalty equal to the amount of the 27 premium due.
- 28 (e) The offer of tail insurance coverage required by 29 this section shall expire forty-five days after the 30 cancellation, termination or other expiration of the 31 claims made professional malpractice insurance policy, 32 unless sooner accepted, in writing, by the insured.

§33-20D-4. Insurance commissioner to promulgate rules; establish amortization rates.

- (a) Pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, the insurance commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules establishing procedures necessary to effectuate the provisions of this article. The first set of rules shall be promulgated as emergency rules within forty-five days of the effective date of this article.
 - (b) The insurance commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations providing for the amortization of premium payments for tail insurance, which rules shall include, but not be limited to:

- 11 (1) Amortization schedules for various periods, but not 12 to exceed a period of thirty-six months;
- 13 (2) Reasonable annual amortization rates:
- 14 (3) Reasonable annual interest rates:
- 15 (4) Such other schedules and rates as the commissioner deems necessary to effect the provisions of this 16
- 17 article.

CHAPTER 96

(H. B. 2953—By Delegates Roop and Ashley)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirteen, article two. chapter fifty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to compensation and mileage of grand jurors; permitting payment to grand jurors for the number of days served.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article two, chapter fifty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. GRAND JURIES.

§52-2-13. Compensation and mileage of grand jurors.

- 1 Any person who serves upon a grand jury shall be compensated for the number of days served. Grand 2 jurors shall be paid mileage, at the rate set by the 3 commissioner of finance and administration for state 4 employees, for travel expenses incurred in traveling 5 from the grand juror's residence to the place of the 6 holding of the grand jury and return, and shall be 7 compensated at a rate of between fifteen and forty 8 dollars, set at the discretion of the circuit court or the 9
- chief judge thereof, for each day of required attendance
- 10
- at sessions of the court. 11

CHAPTER 97

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2656—By Delegate Meadows)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article five-c, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing the minimum wage to three dollars and eighty cents after the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and to four dollars and twenty-five cents after the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and establishing a training wage.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article five-c, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5C. MINIMUM WAGE AND MAXIMUM HOURS STANDARDS FOR EMPLOYEES.

§21-5C-2. Minimum wages.

- 1 (a) Minimum wage.
- 2 (1) After the thirty-first day of December, one
- 3 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, every employer shall
- 4 pay to each of his employees wages at a rate not less
- 5 than three dollars and thirty-five cents per hour.
- 6 (2) After the thirty-first day of March, one thousand
- 7 nine hundred ninety-one, every employer shall pay to
- 8 each of his employees wages at a rate not less than three
- 9 dollars and eighty cents per hour.
- 10 (3) After the thirty-first day of March, one thousand
- 11 nine hundred ninety-two, every employer shall pay to
- 12 each of his employees wages at a rate not less than four
- 13 dollars and twenty-five cents per hour.
- 14 (b) Training wage.
- 15 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions set forth in
- 16 paragraph (a) of this section, after the thirty-first day

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- 17 of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, any
- employer may pay an employee a subminimum training
- 19 wage not less than the wage set forth in paragraph (a)
- 20 (2) of section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Amend-
- 21 ments of 1989, as amended, as in effect on the effective
- 22 date of this section.
 - (2) An employer shall not pay the subminimum training wage set forth in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to any individual:
 - (i) Who has attained nineteen years of age; or
 - (ii) For a cumulative period of not more than ninety days per employee: *Provided*, That if any business has not been in operation for more than ninety days at the time the employer hired the employee, the employer may pay the employee the subminimum training wage set forth in paragraph (b) (1) of this section for an additional period not to exceed ninety days.

CHAPTER 98

(H. B. 2205—By Delegates Cerra and Proudfoot)

[Passed March 5, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, relating to requiring the governor to declare a Native American Indian Heritage Week.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. LEGAL HOLIDAYS; SPECIAL MEMORIAL DAYS; CONSTRUCTION OF STATUTES; DEFINITIONS.

§2-2-1a. Special memorial days.

- 1 The governor shall, by proclamation, declare the week
- 2 beginning with the Sunday before Thanksgiving as a
- 3 special memorial week to be known as Native American
- 4 Indian Heritage Week.

CHAPTER 99

(S. B. 637-By Senator Wooton)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and three, article two, chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven; to amend and reenact sections one, four, eight and ten, article three of said chapter: to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections twelve and thirteen; to amend article four of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section three; to amend and reenact sections two, three and four, article five of said chapter: to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections seven and eight: to amend and reenact sections two and four. article six of said chapter: to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section five: to amend and reenact sections one, two, four, five and six, article seven of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven: to amend and reenact section one, article eight of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one, three, five, ten, twelve, fifteen, sixteen, eighteen, twenty, twenty-four and twenty-six, article nine of said chapter: and to further amend said article adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-eight, all relating generally to the promulgation of administrative rules and regulations by the various executive or administrative agencies and the procedures relating thereto; the legislative mandate or authorization for the promulgation of certain legislative rules by various executive and administrative agencies of the state; authorizing certain of such agencies to promulgate certain legislative rules in the form that the rules were filed in the state register; authorizing certain of such agencies to promulgate legislative rules as amended by the Legislature; authorizing certain of such agencies to promulgate certain legislative rules with various

modifications presented to and recommended by the legislative rule-making review committee: directing certain of such agencies to promulgate certain legislative rules filed in the office of the secretary of state during the regular session of the Legislature held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one: authorizing the division of purchasing to promulgate legislative rules relating to the availability of state surplus buildings and equipment to charity food banks. as modified; authorizing the division of purchasing to promulgate legislative rules relating to purchasing, as modified; authorizing the division of personnel to promulgate legislative rules relating to the civil service system, as modified; authorizing the secretary of the department of administration to promulgate legislative rules relating to a plan of operation for the information and communication services division, as modified: authorizing the secretary of the department of administration to promulgate legislative rules relating to parking, as modified; authorizing the secretary of the department of administration to promulgate legislative rules relating to leasing space on behalf of state spending units, as modified; authorizing the air pollution control commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to the prevention and control of air pollution from the emission of volatile organic compounds from bulk gasoline terminals: authorizing the air pollution control commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to the air quality management fee program, as modified; authorizing the air pollution control commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to the prevention and control of air pollution from the emission of volatile organic compounds from the storage of petroleum liquids in fixed roof tanks; authorizing the air pollution control commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to the prevention and control of air pollution from the emission of volatile organic compounds from petroleum refinery sources; authorizing the division of energy to promulgate legislative rules relating to miscellaneous water pollution control, as modified; authorizing the division of energy to promulgate legislative rules relating to West Virginia surface

mining and reclamation regulations, as modified and amended; authorizing the division of natural resources to promulgate legislative rules relating to the assessment of civil administrative penalties, as modified; authorizing the division of natural resources to promulgate legislative rules relating to water pollution control permit fee schedules; authorizing the division of natural resources to promulgate legislative rules relating to the underground storage tank insurance trust fund, as modified and amended: authorizing the division of natural resources to promulgate legislative rules relating to underground storage tanks, as modified and amended: authorizing the division of natural resources to promulgate legislative rules relating to dam safety; authorizing the division of natural resources to promulgate legislative rules relating to hazardous waste management, as modified; authorizing the water resources board to promulgate legislative rules relating to requirements governing water quality standards: authorizing the solid waste management board to promulgate legislative rules relating to the development of comprehensive litter and solid waste control plans, as modified; authorizing the solid waste management board to promulgate legislative rules relating to the disbursement of loans and grants to governmental agencies for the acquisition or construction of solid waste disposal projects, as modified; authorizing the solid waste management board to promulgate legislative rules relating to the establishment of a fee schedule and cost allocation applicable to the issuance of bonds by the board, as modified; authorizing the solid waste management board to promulgate legislative rules relating to the development of commercial solid waste facility siting plans, as modified; authorizing the board of manufactured housing construction and safety to promulgate legislative rules relating to licensing, fees, standards, complaint handling, sanctions, the recovery fund and designation of the board as the state administrative agency under the national manufactured housing construction and safety standards act of 1974. as modified; authorizing the division of culture and history to promulgate legislative rules relating to the

standards and procedures for granting permits to excavate archaeological sites and unmarked graves, as modified; authorizing the board of health to promulgate legislative rules relating to fees for permits, as modified and amended; authorizing the board of health to promulgate legislative rules relating to public water systems, bottled water and laboratory certification, as modified; authorizing the board of health to promulgate legislative rules relating to vital statistics, as modified; authorizing the division of health to promulgate legislative rules relating to fees for services, as modified; authorizing the health care cost review authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to the exemption for shared services, as modified; authorizing the health care cost review authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to health services offered by health professionals, as modified; authorizing the health care cost review authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to the conversion of acute care beds to one hundred skilled nursing care beds, as modified; authorizing the West Virginia hospital finance authority to legislative rules relating promulgate establishment of a fee schedule and cost allocations applicable to the issuance of bonds by the authority, as modified: authorizing the division of employment security to promulgate legislative rules relating to regulations of the commissioner of the division of employment security, as modified; authorizing the human rights commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to discrimination against the handicapped, as modified; authorizing the state fire commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to the state building code, as modified and amended; authorizing the state fire commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to the state fire code, as modified; authorizing the division of public safety to promulgate legislative rules relating to the West Virginia state police career progression system, as modified; authorizing and directing the division of public safety to promulgate legislative rules relating to the requirements and qualifications for official inspection stations and the issuance of permits for the stations; authorizing the

regional iail and correctional facility authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to public hearings and site selection for private prisons, as modified; authorizing the alcohol beverage control commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to retail licensee operations, as modified and amended; authorizing the alcohol beverage control commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to licensing of retail liquor stores, as modified; authorizing the alcohol beverage control commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to private club licenses, as modified; authorizing the alcohol beverage control commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to bailment policies and procedures, as modified; authorizing the alcohol beverage control commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to farm wineries, as modified: authorizing the alcohol beverage control commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to the retail sale of wine in grocery stores, wine specialty shops and private wine restaurants, as modified; authorizing the insurance commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to accident and sickness rate filing, as modified: authorizing the insurance commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to the group coordination of benefits, as modified; authorizing the insurance commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to AIDS. as modified: authorizing the insurance commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to health insurance benefits for temporomandibular and craniomandibular disorders; authorizing the state lottery commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to the state lottery. as modified; authorizing the racing commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to thoroughbred racing, as modified; authorizing the racing commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to greyhound racing, as modified and amended; authorizing the state tax commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to the business investment and jobs expansion tax credit, corporations headquarters relocation tax credit, and small business tax credit; authorizing the nonintoxicating beer commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to nonintoxicating beer

licensing and operations procedures, as modified and as amended; authorizing the division of highways to promulgate legislative rules relating to traffic and safety, as modified; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to meat inspection, as modified; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to agricultural liming materials, as modified: authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to public markets, as modified; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to animal disease control, as modified; authorizing the attorney general to promulgate legislative rules relating to requiring persons upon whom subpoenas are served to answer written questions under oath; authorizing the attorney general to promulgate legislative rules relating to obtaining the assistance of public officials in investigations and the commencement of proceedings to compel compliance: authorizing the attorney general to promulgate legislative rules relating to the limitation of action and the recovery of investigative costs and a reasonable attorney's fee by the attorney general in an enforcement action, as modified; authorizing the attorney general to promulgate legislative rules relating to the regulated business exemption under the West Virginia antitrust act, as modified; authorizing the attorney general to promulgate legislative rules relating to defining the term "federal antitrust laws" and prohibiting tying and reciprocity, as modified; authorizing the board of barbers and beauticians to promulgate legislative rules relating to the licensing of schools of barbering and beauty culture, as modified and amended; authorizing the board of barbers and beauticians to promulgate legislative rules relating to the qualifications, training, examination and registration of instructors in barbering and beauty culture, as modified and amended; authorizing the board of barbers and beauticians to promulgate legislative rules relating to the minimum curriculum for schools of barbering, as modified and amended; authorizing the board of barbers and beauticians to promulgate legislative rules relating to the curriculum

and minimum requirements, subjects and hour schedule for schools of beauty culture operation in West Virginia and a joint barbers and beauticians license, as modified and amended; authorizing the board of barbers and beauticians to promulgate legislative rules relating to the operation of barber and beauty shops and schools of barbering and beauty culture, as modified and amended; authorizing the West Virginia board of dental examiners to promulgate legislative rules relating to the board, as modified; authorizing the West Virginia board of registration for registered professional engineers to promulgate legislative rules relating to the board, as modified: authorizing the state board of examiners of land surveyors to promulgate legislative rules relating to the practice of land surveying in West Virginia, as modified: authorizing the board of medicine to promulgate legislative rules relating to fees for services rendered by the board, as modified; authorizing the board of medicine to promulgate legislative rules relating to licensing and disciplinary and complaint procedures for physicians and podiatrists, as modified: authorizing the board of medicine to promulgate legislative rules relating to certification and disciplinary and complaint procedures for physician assistants, as modified; authorizing the board of examiners for registered professional nurses to promulgate legislative rules relating to the announcement of advanced nursing practice, as modified; authorizing the board of pharmacy to promulgate legislative rules relating to continuing education for the licensure of pharmacists, as modified; authorizing the secretary of state to promulgate legislative rules relating to the use of nicknames and other designations on the ballot; authorizing the state treasurer to promulgate legislative rules relating to the uniform disposition of unclaimed property act. as modified: authorizing the West Virginia cable television advisory board to promulgate legislative rules relating to franchising procedures, as modified; and authorizing the West Virginia cable television advisory board to promulgate legislative rules relating to implementing the West Virginia cable television systems act, as modified.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and three, article two, chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven; that sections one, four, eight and ten. article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections twelve and thirteen; that article four of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three; that sections two, three and four, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections seven and eight; that sections two and four, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five; that sections one, two, four, five and six, article seven of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven; that section one, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that sections one, three, five, ten, twelve, fifteen, sixteen, eighteen, twenty, twenty-four and twenty-six, article nine of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-eight, all to read as follows:

Article

- 2. Authorization for Department of Administration to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 3. Authorization for Department of Commerce, Labor and Environmental Resources to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 4. Authorization for Department of Education and the Arts to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 5. Authorization for Department of Health and Human Resources to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 6. Authorization for Department of Public Safety to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 7. Authorization for Department of Tax and Revenue to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 8. Authorization for Department of Transportation to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 9. Authorization for Miscellaneous Agencies and Boards to Promulgate Legislative Rules.

ARTICLE 2. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-2-2. Division of purchasing.
- §64-2-3. Division of personnel.
- §64-2-7. Secretary of the department of administration.

§64-2-2. Division of purchasing.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the eighteenth day of November, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the 4 purchasing division of the department of finance and 5 administration to meet the objections of the legislative 6 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 7 register on the nineteenth day of January, one thousand 8 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the purchasing division of the department of finance and 9 administration (purchasing division), are authorized. 10
- 11 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 12 the seventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 13 ninety, modified by the division of purchasing to meet 14 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 15 committee and refiled in the state register on the 16 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 17 ninety, relating to the division of purchasing (availability of state surplus buildings and equipment to charity 18 19 food banks), are authorized.
- 20 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 21 the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine 22 hundred ninety, modified by the purchasing division to 23 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the 24 twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine 25 hundred ninety-one, relating to the purchasing division 26 (purchasing), are authorized. 27

§64-2-3. Division of personnel.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the nineteenth day of November, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-six, modified by the civil service 4 commission to meet the objection of the legislative rule-5 making review committee and refiled in the state

- register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the civil service commission (civil service system), are authorized.
- 9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10 the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred 11 eighty-eight, modified by the civil service commission to 12 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 13 committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of February, one thousand nine 14 hundred eighty-nine, relating to the civil service 15 16 commission (civil service system), are authorized with 17 the amendments set forth below:
- On page fifteen, section 5.05(d), after the words "established in" by striking out the remainder of the sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Chapter 29-6A of the Code of West Virginia, as amended."
- On page fifteen, section 5.06, after the words "established in" by striking out the remainder of the sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Chapter 29-6A of the Code of West Virginia, as amended."
- On pages sixteen and seventeen by deleting all of section 5.07.
- 29 And,
- On page 46, section 13(f) line 2 by striking the words "previously held".
- 32 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 33 the fourteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of personnel to meet the 34 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-35 tee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fifth 36 day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety, 37 relating to the division of personnel (civil service 38 39 system), are authorized.

§64-2-7. Secretary of the department of administration.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine 3 hundred ninety, modified by the secretary of the

- department of administration to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the secretary of the department of administration (plan of operation for the information and communication services division), are authorized.
- 11 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 12 the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine 13 hundred ninety, modified by the secretary of the 14 department of administration to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and 15 refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of 16 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating 17 18 to the secretary of the department of administration 19 (parking), are authorized.
- 20 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine 21 hundred ninety, modified by the secretary of the 22 23 department of administration to meet the objections of 24 the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of 25 26 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the secretary of the department of administration 27 (leasing space on behalf of state spending units), are 28 authorized.

ARTICLE 3. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF COM-MERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RE-SOURCES TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-3-1. Air pollution control commission.
- §64-3-4. Division of energy.
- §64-3-8. Division of natural resources.
- \$64-3-10. Water resources board.
- §64-3-11. Solid waste management board.
- \$64-3-12. Board of manufactured housing construction and safety.

§64-3-1. Air pollution control commission.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 2 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-two, relating to the air pollution control commis-
- 4 sion (series VII), are authorized.

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- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the air pollution control commission (series XIX), are authorized.
- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the air pollution control commission (emission standards for hazardous air pollutants) (series XV), are authorized.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the air pollution control commission (standards of performance for new stationary sources) (series XVI), are authorized.
- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the air pollution control commission (to prevent and control air pollution from hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities)(series XXV), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- Page 3, §1.06, change the § title from "Enforcement" to "Procedure"; place an "(a)" in front of the existing paragraph and add the following:
- "(b) Permit applications filed pursuant to this regulation shall be processed in accordance with the permitting procedures as set forth in code §20-5E of this regulation. Permit procedures set forth in code §16-20 and any other regulation of this commission are not applicable to any permit application filed pursuant to this regulation."
- Such rules shall also include a section which shall read as follows:

"The commission shall report to the legislative rulemaking review committee as required by that committee, but in no event later than the first day of the regular session of the Legislature in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. Such report shall include information regarding the commission's data gathering efforts,

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- the development of compliance programs, the progress 44 in implementation, and such other matters as the 45 46 committee may require, pertaining to the regulations 47 hereby authorized."
- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the air pollution control commission (permits for construction and modification of stationary sources of air pollution for the prevention of significant deterioration) (series XIV), are authorized. 53
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the air pollution control commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of February. one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the air pollution control commission (prevention and control of air pollution from hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the air pollution control commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of February. one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the air pollution control commission (good engineering practice as applicable to stack heights), are authorized.
- 73 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine 74 75 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the air pollution 76 control commission to meet the objections of the 77 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 78 the state register on the twenty-third day of February. 79 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the air pollution control commission (TP-2, compliance test 80 procedures for regulation 2 — to prevent and control 81 particulate air pollution from combustion of fuel in 82 indirect heat exchangers), are authorized. 83

- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the air pollution control commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the air pollution control commission (ambient air quality standards for sulfur oxides and particulate matter), are authorized.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the air pollution control commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the air pollution control commission (prevention of air pollution emergency episodes), are authorized.
- (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the air pollution control commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the air pollution control commission (permits for construction and major modification of major stationary sources of air pollution for the prevention of significant deterioration), are authorized
- (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the air pollution control commission (standards of performance for new stationary sources), are authorized.
- 118 (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 119 the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 120 eighty-nine, relating to the air pollution control commis-121 sion (emission standards for hazardous air pollutants), 122 are authorized.
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- 124 the sixteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 125 eighty-nine, modified by the air pollution control 126 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-127 making review committee and refiled in the state 128 register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine 129 hundred ninety, relating to the air pollution control 130 commission (prevention and control of emissions of toxic 131 air pollutants), are authorized.
- 132 (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 133 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the air pollution control commission 134 135 (prevention and control of air pollution from the 136 emission of volatile organic compounds from bulk 137 gasoline terminals), are authorized.
- 138 (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 139 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 140 ninety, modified by the air pollution control commission 141 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 142 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 143 fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 144 ninety, relating to the air pollution control commission 145 (air quality management fee program), are authorized.
- 146 (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 147 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 148 ninety, relating to the air pollution control commission (prevention and control of air pollution from the 149 emission of volatile organic compounds from the storage 150 151 of petroleum liquids in fixed roof tanks), are authorized.
- 152 (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 153 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the air pollution control commission 154 (prevention and control of air pollution from the 155 emission of volatile organic compounds from petroleum 156 157 refinery sources), are authorized.

§64-3-4. Division of energy.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-two, relating to the department of mines (energy) 3
- (mine safety program), are authorized. 4

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- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of 8 energy (governing the safety of those employed in and 9 around surface mines), are authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the seventh day of December, one thousand nine 12 hundred eighty-three, relating to the office of oil and 13 gas, department of mines (energy), (oil and gas and 14 other wells), are authorized with the amendment set 15 forth below:
- Page viii, place an * in front of section 32.02.
- 17 Page ix, after section 35.04 add the following:
- 18 "*35.05 Extra Powers of the Administrator......64."
- Page 1, section 1.03 in the list of additional regulations, add 35.05; in the list of revised regulations, add 32.02, 32.03 and 33.00.
- Page 52, section 32.04 and section 32.05 add at the end of (ii) the words "and (iii) definition of proration unit."
- Page 53, section 33 after the word "definitions" add the following sentence: "The following definitions are applicable to these regulations used for purposes of implementing the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 and are not intended to be used in any other context."
- Page 55, section 33.02 (b)(16) after the word "formations" in the third lines of (i) and (ii), add the words "for which a well has been."
- 32 Page 64, after section 35.04 add the following section:
- 33 35.05 Extra Powers of the Administrator.
 - "The administrator may also certify or provide a waiver for a well located within a proration unit as defined in 32.02 (b)(16) or any other well sought to be certified under these regulations after notice and hearing."
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred

- eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six. relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (oil and gas wells and other wells), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the oil and gas division of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (certification of gas wells), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (underground injection control), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (state national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) program), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (standards for certification of coal mine electricians), are autho-rized with the following amendments:

"Page one, §2.1, subsection (a), following the second word, electrician by striking the colon and inserting the following: under the supervision required by section 4.1(d) of these rules" and a colon.

Page one, §2.1, subsection (a), by deleting all of subdivision (6) and renumbering the subsequent subdivisions.

Page two, §2.1, subsection (a), by deleting all of subdivision (9).

Page two, §2.1, subsection (b), by deleting all of subdivision (14) and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (14) to read as follows: "(14) Replace blown fuses on trolley poles and nips."

Page five, §4.1, subsection (d), line three, following the words "certified electrician prior" by inserting the words "to any work being performed and again prior."

- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (safety training program for prospective underground coal miners in West Virginia), are authorized.
- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative

- rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (miscellaneous water pollution control), are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (dam control), are authorized.
 - (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (solid waste management), are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (roof control), are authorized.
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of energy (standards for certification of underground belt examiners for underground coal mines), are authorized.

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- (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (performance standards for blasting on surface mines), are authorized.
 - (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (state national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) for mines and minerals), are authorized.
 - (r) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the department of energy to promulgate the procedural rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of energy (requests for information) with the amendments set forth below:
- On page two, subsection 3.1, by striking subdivision (d) and renumbering the remaining subdivisions.
- 183 And,
- On page three, section 6, by striking all of subsection 6.1 and inserting in lieu thereof, the following:
 - "6.1 The department shall establish fixed rate fees for reproduction of documents, records, and files on the basis of the actual cost of such reproduction and shall document such costs: *Provided*, That where total costs are less than five dollars, no fee shall be charged."
- 191 (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred 192 eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of the 193 department of energy to meet the objections of the 194 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 195 the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one 196 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 197 commissioner of the department of energy (blasters 198

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certification for surface coal mines and surface areas of coal mines), are authorized.

- (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (abandoned mine reclamation), are authorized.
- (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and modified to meet the objections of the West Virginia Legislature and refiled in the state register on the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (West Virginia surface mining reclamation regulations (repealer)), are authorized.
- (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the department of energy (submission and approval of a comprehensive mine safety program for coal mining operations in the State of West Virginia), are authorized.
- (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of energy (surface mining reclamation), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page 64, section 3.25(a)(2), after the words "section

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- 239 18 of the Act and paragraph" by deleting the "(c)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(a), (b), (c), (d),
- 241 (i), (j), and (k)."
- 242 And,
- On page 148, section 12.4(d)(2), by deleting the current language and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 245 "(2) In the event the Commissioner is unable to collect 246 the costs from the permittee, the Commissioner shall in 247 a timely manner but not later than one hundred eighty 248 days after forfeiture of the site-specific bond utilize 249 moneys in the Special Reclamation Fund created by 250 Subsection (g), Section 11 of the Act, to accomplish the 251 completion of reclamation, including the requirements 252 of Section 23 of the Act and Subsection 14.5 of these 253 regulations governing water quality."
 - (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of energy (miscellaneous water pollution control), are authorized.
 - (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of energy (West Virginia surface mining and reclamation regulations), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- On page one hundred fifty-three, section 12.2(c)(4), after the number "(4)", by inserting the words "For permits issued after the effective date of these regulations,".

§64-3-8. Division of natural resources.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

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- the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of natural resources (surface mining), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- Page 3-4, §3E.01 by adding after the word "engineer" the words "or licensed land surveyor."
- Page 3-5, §3E.02, subsection (a), by adding after the word "mining" the words "or civil."
- Page 3-5, §3E.02, subsection (b), by adding after the first sentence "Those persons who have been approved to date need not make said demonstration."
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (solid waste management), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- Page 9, section 4.04, line five, add the following paragraph:
 - "Upon request of any applicant, the division shall meet with the applicant for prefiling review of the application. The division, with the cooperation of the solid waste authority, shall assist the applicant in preparing a complete and proper application which would not be rejected as incomplete."

On page 15, section 6.03 (c)(1) in the first full sentence, after the word "cease", strike the remainder of the sentence and insert in lieu thereof the words "within fifteen (15) days of receipt of an order of suspension" and in the second sentence strike the word "recommence" and insert the words "continue beyond fifteen (15) days"; (c)(2) in the first full sentence, after the word "cease" by striking out the remainder of the sentence and insert in lieu thereof the words "immediately upon receipt of an order of revocation."

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (public use of state parks, forests,

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- 40 hunting and fishing areas), are authorized.
- 41 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 42 the seventh day of November, one thousand nine 43 hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of 44 natural resources (surface mining reclamation), are 45 authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (coal refuse disposal), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (transfer of the state national pollutant discharge elimination system program), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

Page 10-5, by striking §10B.19 and inserting in lieu thereof a new §10B.19, to read as follows: "Effluent limitations guidelines' means a regulation published by the Administrator under Section 304(b) or Section 301(b)(1)(B) of the CWA to adopt or revise effluent limitations or levels of effluent quality attainable through the application of secondary or equivalent treatment. For the coal industry these regulations are published at 40 C.F.R. Parts 434 and 133. (See: Appendix G and H)."

- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (small arms hunting), are authorized.
- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-

- making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management: small quantity generators and waste minimization certification), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
 - On page 1, §3.1.4b, delete the word "or" in the reference to "paragraph (g) or (j)" and insert in lieu thereof the words "and, if applicable."
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the department of natural resources (WV/NPDES regulations for the coal mining point source category and related sewage facilities), are authorized.
 - (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management regulations), are authorized.
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

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- the seventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (procedures for transporting and dealing in fur-bearing animals), are authorized.
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the department of natural resources (WV/NPDES program for coal mines and preparation plants, and the refuse and waste therefrom), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- On page four, §1.9.1.a by inserting the words "five thousand dollars or" after the words "significant portion of income' means."
- 132 And,
- On page four, §1.9.1.a by inserting the words "whichever is less," after the words "ten percent or more of gross personal income for a calendar year."
- 136 (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 137 the fifth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 138 eighty-six, relating to the department of natural 139 resources (hazardous waste management), are 140 authorized.
- 141 (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 142 the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 143 eighty-seven, relating to the department of natural 144 resources (WV/NPDES regulations for coal mining 145 facilities), are authorized.
- (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (outfitters and guides), are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management regulations), are authorized.

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- (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management regulations, series 35), are authorized.
 - (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management regulations, series 35), are authorized.
 - (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the department of natural resources (solid waste management), are authorized.
 - (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the director of the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (boating regulations), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

On page 16, section 6.2, line 3 by inserting following the period "This regulation does not apply to licensed outfitters and guides." These rules were proposed by the director of the department of natural resources pursuant to section seven, article one and section twenty-two, article seven, chapter twenty of this code.

(x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state

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- register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
- 200 (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 201 the thirty-first day of August, one thousand nine 202 hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the 203 department of natural resources (boating), are 204 authorized.
- 205 (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 206 the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 207 eighty-eight, modified by director of the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative 208 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 209 210 register on the thirtieth day of August, one thousand 211 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (commercial sale of 212 213 wildlife), are authorized.
- (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (catching and selling bait fish), are authorized.
- (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (West Virginia public hunting and fishing areas), are authorized with the following amendment:
- On page three, section 3.8.4, by inserting after the word "vehicle" the following: ", all terrain vehicle (ATV)."
 - (cc) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural

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resources (solid waste management), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page 13, Section 3.2.6, by deleting the current language and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

239 "3.2.6. Within two hundred (200) feet of faults that 240 have had displacement in Holocene time (i.e., during the 241 last eleven thousand years);"

On page 64, Section 3.14.25, by deleting the current language and inserting in lieu thereof the following language:

"3.14.25. Environmental Compliance History. The chief or the director may refuse to grant any permit if he has reasonable cause to believe, as indicated by documented evidence, that the applicant, or any officer, director or manager, thereof, or shareholder owning twenty percent (20%) or more of its capital stock, beneficial or otherwise, or other person conducting or managing the affairs of the applicant or of the proposed permitted premises, in whole or part, has exhibited a pattern of violation of the environmental statutes or regulations of this State, any other state, or the federal government."

On page 104, section 4.5.4.a, by inserting after the words "at that landfill" the following:

"Nothing within these regulations shall be construed to allow the installations of any liner or system on areas not lined as of November 30, 1989, that is not in conformance with section 4.5.4.a.E or 4.5.4.a.G of these regulations. Landfills that do have an article 5f permit and a liner installed as of November 30, 1989, may install a liner as approved by the chief."

266 And,

On pages 147 through 151, sections 4.11.5 and 4.11.6, by deleting the current language and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

270 "4.11.5. Corrective Action Program.

Whenever a statistically significant increase is found

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272 in a Phase II or Phase III monitoring parameter, or 273 when groundwater contamination is otherwise identified 274 by the Chief at sites without monitoring programs. 275 which is determined by the Chief to have resulted in a 276 significant adverse effect on an aquifer, and which is 277 attributable to a solid waste facility, the Chief may 278 require appropriate corrective or remedial action 279 pursuant to West Virginia Code Chapter 20. Article 5A. 280 and Chapter 20. Article 5F to abate, remediate or 281 correct such pollution. Any such corrective or remedial action order shall take into account any applicable 282 283 groundwater quality protection standards, the existing 284 use of such waters, the reasonable uses of such waters. 285 background water quality, and the protection of human 286 health and the environment."

- (dd) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (underground storage tanks), are authorized.
- (ee) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (transporting and selling wildlife pelts), are authorized.
- (ff) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the director of the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (underground storage tank fee assessments), are authorized.
- (gg) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the director of the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of

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312 313 314	May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (public hunting and fishing areas), are authorized.		
315 316 317 318 319	(hh) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of natural resources (water pollution control permit fee schedules), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:		
$\frac{320}{321}$	On page five, section 3.3, by deleting the following: "Submitted fees are not refundable."		
322 323	On page two, after section 2.6, by inserting the following:		
324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333	"customer" means any person that purchases wasted disposal services from a facility permitted under article five-a, chapter twenty, of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended. For the purposes of these regulations, commercial and other non-single family dwelling customers shall be translated into customer equivalents by dividing the total daily estimated volume of waste water by three hundred and fifty gallons per day." and renumbering the remaining subsections.		
334 335 336	On page nine, section 7.2, by striking out the words "seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750)." and inserting in lieu thereof the following:		
337 338	"determined using Table D, but in no case shall be less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)."		
339	And,		
340 341 342 343	On page thirteen, by striking out all of Table D Schedule of Annual Permit Fees, and inserting in lieu thereof a new Table D, designated "Schedule of Annua Permit Fees", to read as follows:		
344 345 346	"TABLE D SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL PERMIT FEES SEWAGE FACILITIES		
347	Number of Customers	Annual	Permit Fee
348	less than 1000	\$	250

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LEGISLATIVE RULES

349	1000 to 1499	\$ 500
350	1500 to 1999	\$ 750
351	2000 to 2499	\$ 1000
352	2500 to 2999	\$ 1250
353	3000 to 3499	\$ 1500
354	3500 to 3999	\$ 1750
355	4000 to 4499	\$ 2000
356	4500 to 4999	\$ 2250
357	greater than 5000	\$ 2500

INDUSTRIAL OR OTHER WASTE FACILITIES

359 Average Discharge Volume Annual Permit Fee 360 (gallons per day) 361 less than 1.000 \$ 50 362 500 1.001 to 10.000 \$ 1000 363 10.001 to 50.000 364 \$ 2500" greater than 50,000

- (ii) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the director of the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (revocation of hunting and fishing licenses), are authorized.
- (jj) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (state water pollution control revolving fund program), are authorized.
- (kk) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state

register on the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (assessment of civil administrative penalties), are authorized.

(ll) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (water pollution control permit fee schedules), are authorized.

(mm) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (underground storage tank insurance trust fund), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page four, after subsection 5.1, by inserting a new subdivision 5.1.1 to read as follows:

"5.1.1 The fee shall be one hundred dollars per tank per year (\$100/tank/year) for a period of not less than one (1) year and not more than three (3) years. Second and third year capitalization fees may be levied if there is an inadequate surplus of funds, as determined by the Board of Risk and Insurance Management, the Division of Natural Resources and the Underground Storage Tank Advisory Committee pursuant to W. Va. Code, §20-5H-7."

(nn) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the second day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (underground storage tanks), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

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- On page four, section five, subsection 5.1, after the word "requirements" by striking out the remainder of the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof, the following:
- "of Title 47, Series 37 (Underground Storage Tank Fee Assessments); Title 47, Series 36, Section 4 (Notification Requirements); and Title 47, Series 37A, Section 5 (Capitalization Fees) of the Code of State Regulations and the owner or operator presents proof of the certification to the carrier."
- 437 (oo) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 438 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 439 ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (dam 440 safety), are authorized.
- (pp) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 441 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 442 443 ninety, modified by the division of natural resources to 444 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 445 committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand nine 446 hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural 447 448 resources (hazardous waste management), are autho-449 rized.

§64-3-10. Water resources board.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board (underground injection control program), are authorized.
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board (special regulations), are authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board 13 (groundwater protection standards), are authorized.
- 14 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board (state national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) program), are authorized.

- (e) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the state water resources board to promulgate rules relating to water quality standards in exact conformity with the rules relating to water quality standards tendered to the secretary of state on the seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, by the executive secretary of the state water resources board, to be received and filed for inclusion in the state register by the secretary of state.
- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state water resources board (special regulations), are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the water resources board (water quality standards), are authorized.
- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and further modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February,

one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state water resources board (water quality standards), are authorized.

- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and further modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state water resources board (state national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) program), are authorized.
- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state water resources board (underground injection control program), are authorized.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state water resources board (special regulations), are authorized.
- (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the water resources board (water quality standards), are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

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- 95 the fourteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the water resources 96 97 board (water quality standards), are authorized.
- 98 (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 99 the twenty-seventh day of August, one thousand nine 100 hundred ninety, relating to the water resources board (requirements governing water quality standards), are 101 authorized. 102

§64-3-12. Solid waste management board.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the solid waste management board to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the solid waste management board (development of comprehensive 8 9 litter and solid waste control plans), are authorized.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the solid waste management board to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the solid waste management board (disbursement of loans and grants to governmental agencies for the acquisition or construction of solid waste disposal projects), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the solid waste management board to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the solid waste management board (establishment of fee schedule and cost allocation applicable to the issuance of bonds by the board), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- 31 the twenty-third day of October, one thousand nine
- 32 hundred ninety, modified by the solid waste manage-
- 33 ment board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-
- 34 making review committee and refiled in the state
- 35 register on the eighteenth day of January, one thousand
- 36 nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the solid waste
- 37 management board (development of commercial solid
- 38 waste facility siting plans), are authorized.

§64-3-13. Board of manufactured housing construction and safety.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 ninety, modified by the board of manufactured housing
- 4 construction and safety to meet the objections of the
- 5 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in
- 6 the state register on the twenty-fourth day of Sep-
- 7 tember, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to
- 8 the board of manufactured housing construction and
- 9 safety (licensing, fees, standards, complaint handling,
- sarctions, recovery fund, designation of board as state
- administrative agency under the national manufactured
- 12 housing construction and safety standards act of 1974),
- 13 are authorized.

ARTICLE 4. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF EDUCA-TION AND THE ARTS TO PROMULGATE LEGIS-LATIVE RULES.

§64-4-3. Division of culture and history.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety,
- 3 modified by the division of culture and history to meet
- 4 the objections of the legislative rule-making review
- 5 committee and refiled in the state register on the
- 6 sixteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred
- 7 ninety-one, relating to the division of culture and history
- 8 (standards and procedures for granting permits to
- 9 excavate archaeological sites and unmarked graves), are
- 10 authorized.

ARTICLE 5. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

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- §64-5-2. State board of health; division of health.
- §64-5-3. Health care cost review authority.
- §64-5-4. West Virginia hospital finance authority.
- §64-5-7. Division of employment security.
- §64-5-8. Human rights commission.

§64-5-2. State board of health; division of health.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (waste water treatment works operations), are authorized.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (laboratory reporting of syphilis and gonorrhea), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (public water supply operators) with the modification of §11.02 as presented to the legislative rule-making review committee on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (sewage systems) with the modification presented to the legislative rule-making review committee on the sixth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, are authorized except lines ten through seventeen, page eight of the rules shall be stricken in their entirety and the remaining paragraphs renumbered.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (approval of laboratories), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (permit fees), are authorized.

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- 34 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 35 the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-36 two, relating to the state board of health (certificate of 37 need), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (eyes of newborn children), are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, and filed with amendments on the eleventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (nursing home licensure), are authorized with the amendment of §5.15.02 of those rules as set forth below:

By striking the word "and" at the end of subdivision (f), by changing the period at the end of subdivision (g) to a semicolon, and by adding the following after subdivision (g): "(h) one (1) member who represents social work services."

- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (guardianship service), are authorized with the exception of section 9.3 of those rules which may not be promulgated.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightytwo, relating to the state board of health (controlled substances research program and certification), are authorized.
- (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (chemical test for intoxication), are authorized.
- (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (birthing center licensure), are authorized.

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- 73 (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 74 the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine 75 hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of 76 health (licensure of behavioral health centers), are 77 authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- Page 45, \$12.8.2. In the first sentence delete the words "without delay" and insert in lieu thereof the words "within twenty-four hours after receiving a report of a complaint."
- 82 (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 83 the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine 84 hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of 85 health (procedures for recovery of corneal tissue for 86 transplant), are authorized.
 - (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (well water regulations), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
 - §4.1. In the first sentence delete the word "obtaining" and insert in lieu thereof the words "applying for". In the second sentence after "4.3" add "and 4.5."
 - §4.2. At the end of the second sentence, strike the period and add the words "unless emergency conditions prevail as noted under §4.3."

With the balance of §4.2 and create a new §4.3 with the following changes: In the first sentence delete the word "deadline" and insert in lieu thereof the word "requirements." Add after the first sentence the sentence, "Emergency conditions and unavoidable circumstances are those conditions involving acts of God, water outages or disruption of water service, unsatisfactory water quality or quantity or public health threats." In the third sentence delete the word "exceed" and insert in lieu thereof the words "be made in excess of."

Renumber §4.3 as §4.4 and add the following two sentences at the end of the section: "Such standards shall constitute the minimum standards for the installation, the alteration or the deepening of water wells. Any plans

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- approved by the director pursuant to these regulations
- shall be in substantial compliance with the heretofore
- 114 mentioned standards."
- Renumber §4.4 as §4.5, §4.5 as §4.6, §4.6 as §4.7, §4.7 as §4.8 and §4.8 as §4.9.
- \$5.2. Delete the words "four (4)" and insert in lieu thereof the words "two (2)" and delete the words "active, continuous."
- 120 (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 121 the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred 122 eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (trauma 123 center or facility designation), are authorized.
 - (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (reportable diseases), are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (licensure of medical adult day care centers), are authorized.
 - (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (retail food store sanitation), are authorized.
 - (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the director of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of health (adult group home licensure), are authorized.
 - (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state

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register on the twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state board of health (licensure of hospice care programs), are authorized.

(w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the director of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the director of health (rules governing emergency medical services), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page 3, §3.9 shall read as follows:

164 "3.9 Quorum — When applied to the EMSAC, a 165 majority of the members thereof, except in the instance 166 when at any meeting of the EMSAC, where a quorum 167 is not present and the director causes to be deposited in 168 the United States mail, postage prepaid, return receipt 169 requested, to each member of the EMSAC within three 170 days, a notice calling a meeting of the EMSAC at some 171 convenient place in the state of West Virginia two weeks 172 after the meeting at which no quorum was present. 173 Quorum means any number of members of the EMSAC 174 who attend such subsequent meeting. Any member 175 missing two consecutive meetings shall be removed from 176 the EMSAC."

On page 6, §4.7.1 shall be deleted in its entirety;

178 And,

On page 7, §4.10.1 shall read as follows:

"4.10.1 every applicant for certification as an EMSP prior to such certification, shall demonstrate his or her knowledge and ability by undergoing a written examination and a demonstration of skills, and by attaining a passing score on the same. Passing score shall be the same for all testing programs."

186 (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 187 the fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred

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- 188 eighty-five, relating to the state department of health 189 (revising the list of hazardous substances), are 190 authorized.
- 191 (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 192 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 193 eighty-six, modified by the director of the department 194 of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-195 making review committee and refiled in the state 196 register on the sixteenth day of October, one thousand 197 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the 198 department of health (hazardous material treatment 199 information repository), are authorized.
- 200 (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 201 the seventeenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 202 eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet 203 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 204 committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 205 eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (methods 207 and standards for chemical tests for intoxication), are 208 authorized.
 - (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (licensure of behavioral health centers), are authorized.
- 218 (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 219 the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet 220 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 221 222 committee and refiled in the state register on the 223 seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (hospital 224 225 licensure), are authorized.
- (cc) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 226 the ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 227

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228 eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet 229 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 230 committee and refiled in the state register on the 231 twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine 232 hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health 233 (hospital licensure and allowing hospitals to have 234 licensed hospital professionals, other than licensed 235 physicians, on their medical staff), are authorized.

(dd) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (vital statistics), are authorized.

- (ee) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of health (immunization criteria for transfer students), are authorized.
- (ff) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of health (hazardous substances), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

Page 33, section 8, line 8 (unnumbered), by adding at the end of section 8 the following proviso: "Provided, That the owner's or operator's submissions are based on the threshold reporting requirements contained in section 5, article 31, chapter 16."

(gg) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of health (trauma center or facility designation), are authorized.

(hh) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of

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health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (licensure of hospice care programs), are authorized.

(ii) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the third day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (water wells), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

On page 2, §3.8, shall read as follows:

- 3.8 Water Well Any excavation or penetration in the ground, whether drilled, bored, cored, driven or jetted that enters or passes through an aquifer for purposes that may include, but are not limited to: A water supply, exploration for water, dewatering or heat pump wells, except that this definition shall not include ground water monitoring activities and all activities for the exploration, development, production, storage and recovery of coal, oil and gas and other mineral resources which are regulated under chapter 22, 22a or 22b of the code.
- (jj) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (plumbing requirements), are authorized.
- (kk) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state

register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (public water supply operators), are authorized.

(ll) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (volatile synthetic organic chemicals), are authorized.

(mm) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of health (asbestos abatement licensing), are authorized.

(nn) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the division of public health (AIDS-related medical testing and confidentiality), are authorized.

(00) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the state board of health (nursing home licensure), are authorized.

(pp) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine

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347 hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state board of 348 health (licensure of behavioral health centers), are 349 authorized.

(qq) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state board of health (methods and standards for chemical test for intoxication), are authorized.

(rr) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of health (fees for permits), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page two, subsection 3.6, by striking out all of the subsection and renumbering the subsequent subsections.

On page four, subsection 5.4, by striking out all of the subsection and renumbering the subsequent subsections.

367 And.

On page six, Table 64-30c, by striking out Table 64-30c and inserting in lieu thereof a new table, to read as follows:

371 TABLE 64-30C.

372 Individual On-Site and Innovative Alternative
373 Type Sewage System Permit Fees
374 Type of System Fees for Permit

375	Class I (New or Modified)	\$100
376	Class II (New or Modified)	\$100
377	Home Aeration Unit	\$100

(ss) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine

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hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of health (public water systems, bottled water and laboratory certification), are authorized.

(tt) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of health (vital statistics), are authorized.

(uu) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of health (fees for services), are authorized.

§64-5-3. Health care cost review authority.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the health care cost review authority (limitation on hospital gross patient revenue), are authorized.
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the health care cost review authority (freeze on hospital rates and granting temporary rate increases), are authorized.
- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the health care cost review authority (implementation of the utilization review and quality assurance program), are authorized.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the health care cost review authority (hospital cost containment methodology), are authorized.

- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia health care cost review authority (interim standards for lithotripsy services), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the West Virginia health care cost review authority (exemptions from certificate of need review), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the health care cost review authority (financial disclosure), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia health care cost review authority (expedited review for rate changes), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page 5, Section 4.1, after the words: "affected by the increase." by inserting the following language: "The

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- 61 hospital shall also reconcile any excesses in gross 62 revenue, gross patient revenue, gross inpatient revenue 63 or charges per discharge. Within fifteen days of 64 submission the Authority shall inform the hospital if it 65 accepts the justification for excesses provided by the 66 hospital."
- 67 And,
- On page 6, section 4.2, after the words "the excess in gross outpatient revenue" by striking the period and inserting the following:
 - "or if any excesses in the above categories (1 through 4) have been sufficiently justified to the Authority as required in Section 4.1 of this rule."
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia health care cost review authority (exemption for conversion of acute care beds to skilled nursing care beds), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the health care cost review authority (exemption for shared services), are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the health care cost review

- authority (health services offered by health professionals), are authorized.
- 102 (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 103 the eleventh day of September, one thousand nine 104 hundred ninety, modified by the West Virginia health 105 care cost review authority to meet the objections of the 106 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 107 the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January. 108 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the 109 West Virginia health care cost review authority (conver-110 sion of acute care beds to one hundred skilled nursing 111 care beds), are authorized.

§64-5-4. West Virginia hospital finance authority.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-six, modified by the West Virginia hospital finance authority to meet the objections of the legislative 4 5 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 6 register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-seven, relating to the West Virginia 8 hospital finance authority (establishment of fee schedule 9 and cost allocation applicable to issuance of bonds), are 10 authorized.
- 11 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 12 the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 13 ninety, modified by the West Virginia hospital finance authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-14 making review committee and refiled in the state 15 16 register on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand 17 nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia hospital finance authority (establishment of fee schedule 18 19 and cost allocations applicable to the issuance of bonds 20 by the West Virginia hospital finance authority), are 21 authorized.

§64-5-7. Division of employment security.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, modified by the commissioner of the division of employment security to meet the objections of the

- 5 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in
- 6 the state register on the thirteenth day of June, one
- 7 thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the commis-
- 8 sioner of the division of employment security (regula-
- 9 tions of the commissioner of the division of employment
- 10 security), are authorized.

§64-5-8. Human rights commission.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety,
- 3 modified by the human rights commission to meet the
- 4 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-
- 5 tee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day
- 6 of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety,
- 7 relating to the human rights commission (discrimination
- 8 against the handicapped), are authorized.

ARTICLE 6. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-6-2. Fire commission.
- §64-6-4. Division of public safety.
- §64-6-5. Regional jail and correctional facility authority.

§64-6-2. Fire commission.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 2 the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-four, relating to the state fire commission (state
- 4 fire code), are authorized with the amendments set forth
- 5 below:
- 6 On page 1, section 106, line 1, after the word "to" add
- 7 the words "personal care homes caring for five or less
- 8 patients or";
- 9 And,
- 10 On page 26, section 11.06 (3) A. (3), strike the period
- 11 at the end of the sentence and add the words "except
- 12 for existing sleeping rooms owned by the state and
- 13 located in dormitories or state parks."
- 14 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 15 the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred
- 16 eighty-six, modified by the state fire commission to meet

- the objection of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state fire commission (hazardous substance emergency response training program), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state fire commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state fire commission (state building code), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the state fire commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the state fire commission (electrician licensing), are authorized with the following amendment:
 - On page 6, section 3.03, by deleting all of subsection (A) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
 - "(A) Any person who performs electrical work with respect to any property owned or leased by such person. For purposes of this subparagraph: (1) 'property owner' includes the property owner, lessee, and his or her maintenance personnel; and, (2) 'performs electrical work' includes routine maintenance, repairs, and improvements to existing structures; or."
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the state fire commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state fire commission (fees for services rendered), are authorized with the amend-

57 ment set forth below:

On page 1, section 2.1(G), by striking out the word underground."

- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the state fire commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state fire commission (fire code), are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the state fire commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the state fire commission (state building code), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- On page two, subsection 4.1 after the words "The BOCA National Property Maintenance Code, Third Edition, 1990" insert the following: ": Provided, That section PM-104.4 Right of Entry may be adopted or rejected at the option of the local jurisdiction."
- 82 And,
 - On page two, subsection 4.1 by adding thereto a new subdivision, designated subdivision 4.1.1 to read as follows:
 - "4.1.1 The following structures shall not be subject to inspection by local jurisdictions:
 - 4.1.1.a Group U utility structures and storage sheds comprising an area of not more than 150 square feet which have no plumbing or electrical connections and are utilized only for residential storage purposes. (Examples include storage sheds that are for the residential storage of lawnmowers, tools, bicycles or furniture) Group U utility structures do not include

- 95 those utility structures and storage sheds which have
- 96 plumbing or electrical connections or are used for the
- 97 storage of explosives or other hazardous or explosive-
- 98 type materials."
- 99 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 100 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
- 101 ninety, modified by the state fire commission to meet the
- 102 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-
- 103 tee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day
- 104 of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one,
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- relating to the state fire commission (state fire code), are
- 106 authorized

§64-6-4. Division of public safety.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 2 the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of
- 4 public safety (general orders), are authorized with the
- 5 amendment set forth below:
- 6 Page 23, §9.10, remove the period at the end of the 7 sentence and add the words "or municipalities."
- 8 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 9 the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine
- 10 hundred eighty-four, modified by the department of
- 11 public safety to meet the objections of the legislative
- rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 12
- register on the fifth day of December, one thousand nine 13
- 14 hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of
- 15 public safety (commission on drunk driving), are 16 authorized.
- 17 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 18
- ninety, modified by the division of public safety to meet 19 20 the objections of the legislative rule-making review
- 21 committee and refiled in the state register on the
- twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 22 23 ninety, relating to the division of public safety (West
- Virginia state police career progression system), are 24
- 25
- authorized.

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(d) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the

- 27 division of public safety to promulgate legislative rules
- 28 relating to the requirements and qualifications for
- 29 official inspection stations and the issuance of permits
- 30 for the stations. Such legislative rules, in establishing
- 31 requirements and qualifications for official inspection
- 32 stations shall not require bay doors at such stations to
- 33 be greater than eight feet in height.

§64-6-5. Regional jail and correctional facility authority.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 ninety, modified by the regional jail and correctional
- 4 facility authority to meet the objections of the legislative
- 5 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state
- 6 register on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand
- 7 nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the regional jail
- 8 and correctional facility authority (public hearings and
- 9 site selection for private prisons), are authorized.

ARTICLE 7. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- \$64-7-1. Office of alcohol beverage control commissioner.
- §64-7-2. Agency of insurance commissioner.
- §64-7-4. Lottery commission.
- §64-7-5. Racing commission.
- §64-7-6. Tax department.
- §64-7-7. Office of nonintoxicating beer commissioner.

§64-7-1. Office of alcohol beverage control commissioner.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 2 the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine
- 3 hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage
- 4 control commission (transportation of alcoholic bever-
- 5 ages), are authorized.
- 6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 7 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
- 8 eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control
- 9 commissioner (lighting of licensed premises), are
- 10 authorized.
- 11 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 12 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
- 13 eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control

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- 14 commissioner (kitchen and dining facilities), are 15 authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (refusal to license private clubs), are authorized with the exception of subsection (a) of the rules which shall be promulgated as set forth below in this section as follows:
 - "(a) For purposes of this regulation, the commissioner may refuse to grant any license if he has reasonable cause to believe, as indicated by documented evidence, that the applicant, or any officer, director or manager thereof, or shareholder owning twenty percent or more of its capital stock, beneficial or otherwise, or other person conducting or managing the affairs of the applicant or of the proposed licensed premises, in whole or part:
 - (1) Is not a person of good moral character or repute;
 - (2) Has maintained a noisy, loud, disorderly or unsanitary establishment;
 - (3) Has demonstrated, either by his police record or by his record as former licensee under chapter sixty or chapter eleven, article sixteen of the West Virginia code, a lack of respect for law and order, generally, or for the laws and rules governing the sale and distribution of alcoholic beverages or nonintoxicating beer;
 - (4) Has the general reputation of drinking alcoholic beverages to excess, or is addicted to the use of narcotics; or
- 44 (5) Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the commissioner for a license.
 - (b) For purposes of this regulation, the commissioner shall refuse to grant any license if he has reasonable cause to believe, as indicated by documented evidence that the applicant, or any officer, director or manager thereof, or shareholder owning twenty percent or more of its capital stock, beneficial or otherwise, or other

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- 52 person conducting or managing the affairs of the 53 applicant or of the proposed licensed premises, in whole 54 or part:
 - (1) Is not eighteen years of age or older;
 - (2) Has been convicted of a felony or other crime involving moral turpitude, and, upon such conviction, the applicant shall not be eligible for licensure within five years next preceding successful completion of all conditions of probation, discharge from parole supervision or expiration of sentence;
 - (3) Has been convicted of violating the liquor laws of any state or the United States, and, upon such conviction, the applicant shall not be eligible for licensure within five years next preceding successful completion of all conditions of probation, discharge from parole supervision or expiration of sentence;
 - (4) Has had any license revoked under the liquor laws of any state or the United States within five years next preceding the filing date of the application;
- 71 (5) Is not the legitimate owner of the business 72 proposed to be licensed, or other persons have ownership 73 interests in the business which have not been disclosed;
- 74 (6) Is a person to whom alcoholic beverages may not 75 be sold under the provisions of chapter sixty of the West 76 Virginia code;
- 77 (7) Has been adjudicated an incompetent;
- 78 (8) Is an officer or employee of the alcohol beverage control commissioner of West Virginia; or
 - (9) Is violating or allowing the violation of any provision of chapter sixty, chapter sixty-one or chapter eleven, article sixteen of the code in its establishment at the time its application for a license is pending."
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state

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register on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (retail licensee operations), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

"On page twelve, section four, subsection 4.8.1, after the word 'stored' by changing the period to a colon and adding 'Provided, that the commissioner may, for good cause shown, permit a retail licensee holding three or more private club licenses to receive and store alcoholic liquors at warehouses or sites off premises."

- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (licensing of retail liquor stores), are authorized.
- 108 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred 109 ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control 110 111 commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative 112 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 113 register on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand 114 nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol beverage 115 control commissioner (private club licenses), are 116 authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (bailment policies and procedures), are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control

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- 129 commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative 130 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 131 register on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand 132 nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol beverage 133 control commissioner (farm wineries), are authorized.
- 134 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 135 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 136 ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control 137 commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative 138 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 139 register on the twenty-third day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol 140 141 beverage control commissioner (retail sale of wine in 142 grocery stores, wine specialty shops and private wine 143 restaurants), are authorized.

§64-7-2. Agency of insurance commissioner.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the insurance commis-4 sioner (excess line brokers), are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-six, modified by the insurance commis-8 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-9 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of December, one thousand 10 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the insurance 11 12 commissioner (examiners' compensation, qualification and classification), are authorized. 13
- 14 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of February, one thousand nine 15 hundred eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commis-16 sioner (West Virginia essential property insurance 17 association), are authorized. 18
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 19 the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred 20 eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commissioner 21 (medical malpractice annual reporting requirements), 22 are authorized. 23

- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commissioner (medical malpractice loss experience and loss expense reporting requirements), are authorized.
- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the insurance commissioner (transitional requirements for the conversion of Medicare supplement insurance benefits and premiums to conform to medicare program revisions), are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the insurance commissioner (insurance adjusters), are authorized.
- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of February, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the insurance commissioner (accident and sickness rate filing), are authorized.
- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review

- committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the insurance commissioner (group coordination of benefits), are authorized.
- 68 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 69 70 ninety, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet 71 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 72 committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 73 74 ninety-one, relating to the insurance commissioner 75 (AIDS regulations), are authorized.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the insurance commissioner (health insurance benefits for temporomandibular and craniomandibular disorders), are authorized.

§64-7-4. Lottery commission.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-seven, modified by the state lottery commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 4 5 review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 6 7 eighty-seven, relating to the state lottery commission 8 (state lottery), are authorized.
- 9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine 10 11 hundred ninety, modified by the state lottery commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 12 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 13 fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 14 ninety, relating to the state lottery commission (state 15 lottery), are authorized. 16

§64-7-5. Racing commission.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia 4 racing commission (Rule 795), are authorized.

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- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia 8 racing commission (Rule 819), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 107), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed with the legislative rule-making review committee on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 471), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 526), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 107) greyhound racing, are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 108) greyhound racing, are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
 - Following the word "Association" insert a period and strike the remainder of the sentence.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 108) thoroughbred racing, are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- Following the word "Association" insert a period and strike the remainder of the sentence.
- 41 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 42 the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine

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- hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 392) greyhound racing, are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 455) greyhound racing, are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 609A) greyhound racing, are authorized.
 - (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 627) greyhound racing, are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 845) thoroughbred racing, are authorized.
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing Rule 628), are authorized.
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing Rule 672), are authorized.
 - (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing Rule 808), are authorized.

- 81 (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 82 the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine 83 hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia 84 racing commission (thoroughbred racing — Rule 843), 85 are authorized.
 - (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing Rule 845-I), are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized.
 - (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
 - On page fifty-five, Section 61.3(f), by striking all of subsection (f) and inserting in lieu thereof the existing provisions of subsection (f) as contained in 178 CSR 1, which reads as follows:
 - "All moneys held by any licensee for the payment of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets, if not claimed within ninety (90) days after the close of the horse race meeting in connection with which the tickets were issued, shall be turned over by the licensee to the Racing Commission within fifteen (15) days after the expiration of such ninety (90) day period and the

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- 121 licensee shall give such information as the Racing 122 Commission may require concerning such outstanding 123 and unredeemed tickets; viz. The outs ledger enumer-124 ating all outstanding tickets at the close of each meeting. 125 to contain a record of all tickets redeemed in the ninety 126 (90) day following period, together with all redeemed 127 tickets which shall bear the stamp of the cashier(s) 128 making redemption: A stamp indicating "Outs Ticket." 129 In addition, a statement to accompany said ledger and 130 tickets, setting forth the quantity and amount of each 131 denomination redeemed in the ninety (90) day period, 132 with a grand total indicating the sum paid in "Outs." 133 This sum subtracted from the outs on the closing day 134 to equal the remittance of the Association in settlement 135 of the "Out" account for the meeting."
 - (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing), are authorized.
 - (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized.
 - (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing), are authorized.
 - (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia

- racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized.
- 162 (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 163 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 164 ninety, modified by the West Virginia racing commis-165 sion to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 166 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 167 fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 168 ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia racing commis-169 sion (thoroughbred racing), are authorized.
- 170 (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 171 the twenty-ninth day of October, one thousand nine 172 hundred ninety, modified by the West Virginia racing 173 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-174 making review committee and refiled in the state 175 register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand 176 nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia 177 racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized 178 with the amendment set forth below:
- On pages seventy-four-a through seventy-eight, section forty-five, by striking out all of subsection 45.38.

§64-7-6. Tax department.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-four, relating to the state tax commissioner 4 (appraisal of property for periodic statewide reapprai-5 sals for ad valorem property tax purposes), are autho-6 rized with the amendments set forth below:
- 7 On page 8, section 11.04 (b)(2), definition of "Active Mining Property," at the end of the first paragraph 8 following the period, by adding the following: "In the 9 10 application of the herein provided valuation formula on 'active mining property,' the appropriate formula 11 calculation will be based upon the actual market to 12 which the coal from that tract and seam is currently 13 being sold, whether it is 'metallurgical' or 'steam'." 14
- On page 9, section 11.04 (b)(3), definition of "Active Reserves," at the end of the subsection, following the period, by adding the following: "In the application of the herein provided valuation formula on 'active

- reserves,' the appropriate formula calculation will be based upon the actual market to which the coal from that tract and seam is currently being sold, whether it is 'metallurgical' or 'steam'."
- On page 11, section 11.04 (b)(11), definition of "Mineable Coal," by striking the subsection and substituting in lieu thereof the following: "(11) Mineable Coal. Coal which can be mined under present day mining technology and economics."
- On page 25, section 11.04 (c)(2)(C), entitled "Property Tax Component," by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(C) Property Tax Component This component will be derived by multiplying the assessment rate by the statewide average of tax rates on Class III property."
- On page 30, section 11.04 (c)(4), entitled "Valuation of Mined-Out/Unmineable/Barren Coal Properties," by striking the numbers "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "\$1.00."
- On page 31, section 11.04 (c)(5)(B), by striking the words and numbers "Five Dollars (\$5.00)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "One Dollar (\$1.00)."
- On page 53, section 11.05 (h) by striking the symbol and figures "(\$5.00)" and inserting in lieu the following: "(\$1.00)."
- On page 73, section 11.06 (h) by striking the symbol and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu the following: "\$1.00."
- On page 81, section 11.07 (e)(15)(B)(4) at the end of the second sentence remove the period after the word "property" and insert the words "unless the land is used for some other purpose in which case it will be taxed according to its actual use."
- On page 86, section 11.07 (k) delete all of subsection 53 (k).
- On page 110, section 11.08 (c)(4) by striking the symbol and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "\$1.00."

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57 On page 111, section 11.08 (c)(5)(B) by striking the symbol and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "\$1.00."

- On page 115, section 11.09 (a)(3) in the first sentence, insert after the word "land" the words "excluding farmland."
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state tax commissioner (estimated personal income tax), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- 55.02(a)(2)(on page 182.2) line 18, after the word profession strike the words on his own account and the comma(,).
 - 55.12(b)(1)(page 182.35) at the end of the section, change the period to a comma, and add the following language: "and in the case of a court appointed agent, a copy of the court order of appointment is sufficient."
 - 55.12(c)(page 182.36) after the word "for," strike the word "erroneous."
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and on the twenty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state tax commissioner (estimated corporation net income tax), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state tax commissioner (identification and appraisal of farmland subsequent to the base year of statewide reappraisal), are authorized and directed to be promulgated with the following amendments:
 - Title page, Subject; following the word "Farmland,"

- 95 insert the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon."
- Page i, Subject; following the word "Farmland,"
- 97 insert the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon."
- Page i, TABLE OF CONTENTS, Section 10; follow-
- 99 ing the words "Valuation of Farmland" add the words
- 100 "and of Structures Situated Thereon."
- Page 10.1, Title; following the word "FARMLAND"
- 102 insert the words "AND STRUCTURES SITUATED
- 103 THEREON."
- 104 Page 10.1, Section 10, Title; following the word
- 105 "Farmland" add the words "and Structures Situated
- 106 Thereon."
- 107 Page 10.1, Section 10.01(b); following the word
- 108 "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated
- 109 thereon."
- 110 Page 10.2, Section 10.02(a), first sentence; following
- 111 the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures
- 112 situated thereon."
- Page 10.3, Section 10.02(b), first sentence; following
- 114 the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures
- 115 situated thereon." Delete the words "for purposes of the
- 116 statewide reappraisal."
- 117 Page 10.3, Section 10.02(b), last sentence; following
- 118 the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures
- 119 situated thereon."
- Page 10.8, Section 10.04(5)(B), last sentence; delete the
- 121 period and add "or the incapability to be adapted to
- 122 alternative uses."
- 123 Page 10.9, Section 10.04(6), first sentence; following
- 124 the words "land currently being used" insert the words
- 125 "as part of a farming operation."
- Page 10.9, Section 10.04(6), following the last sent-
- 127 ence; add the sentence "For the purposes of this
- definition, 'contiguous tracts' are farmlands which are
- 129 in close proximity, but not necessarily adjacent:
- 130 Provided, That all such contiguous tracts are operated
- 131 as part of the same farm management plan."

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- Page 10.10, Section 10.04(8), is amended to read in its entirety as follows:
- "(8) Farm buildings. The term 'farm buildings' shall mean structures which directly contribute to the operation of the farm, and shall include tenant houses and quarters furnished farm employees without rent as a part of the terms of their employment."
- Page 10.11, Section 10.04; delete the word "November" and insert in lieu thereof the word "September." Delete the period following the word "valuation" and add the words, "for the assessment year beginning July first of each year."
- 144 Page 10.11. Section 10.04, insert the following subdivision; "(12) Application Form: The application 145 146 form required to be filed with the assessor on or before 147 September first of each year shall require certification 148 that the farm complies with criteria set forth in Section 149 10.05(c) of these regulations, and renewal applications from year to year shall be sufficient upon statement 150 151 certifying that no change has been made in the use of 152 farm property which would disqualify 'farm use' classification for assessment purposes." Renumber the 153 subdivisions of Section 10.04 following the new 154 10.04(12); formerly 10.04(12) through 10.04(28), to 155 156 10.04(13) through 10.04(29), respectively.
 - Page 10.14, Section 10.04(28) (formerly 10.04(27)); following the words "woodland products" insert a comma and the words "such as nuts or fruits harvested" and add a comma following the words "human consumption" on Page 10.15.

Page 10.16, Section 10.05, subsection (a), following the words "land is used for farm purposes" by striking the period and inserting in lieu thereof a colon and the following: "Provided, That the true and actual value of all farm used, occupied and cultivated by their owners or bona fide tenants shall be arrived at according to the fair and reasonable value of the property for the purpose for which it is actually used regardless of what the value of the property would be if used for some other purpose; and that the true and actual value shall be arrived at

- by giving consideration to the fair and reasonable
- 173 income which the same might be expected to earn under
- 174 normal conditions in the locality wherein situated, if
- 175 rented: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall
- alter the method of assessment of lands or minerals owned by domestic or foreign corporations."
- Page 10.16, Section 10.05(b), first clause; following the words "following factors shall be" insert the words "indicative of but not conclusive" and delete the word
- 181 "considered."
- Page 10.16, Section 10.05(b)(2); delete the period and add the words "such as soil conservation, farmland
- 184 preservation or federal farm lending agencies."
- Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(7); delete the section and
- insert in lieu thereof the words "(7) Whether or not the farmer practices custom farming on the land in
- 188 question."
- Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(9); following the word "type" add a comma and insert the word "utility."
- 191 Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(11), first sentence;
- following the word "sales" insert the words "for nonfarm uses."
- Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(12)(A); following the words "part of" insert the words "or appurtenant to."
- Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(12)(B); following the words "contiguous to" insert the words "or operated in common with."
- Page 10.18, Section 10.05, subsection (c), the first sentence of which is amended in its entirety to read as follows: "Qualifying farmland and the structures situated thereon shall be subject to farm use valuation, with primary consideration being given to the income which the property might be expected to earn, in the locality wherein situate, if rented."
- Page 10.18, Section 10.05(b)(12)(B); delete the semicolons and the words "it was purchased at the same time as the tract so used." Delete the period following the

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- word "purposes" and add the words "or any nonfarm use."
- Page 10.19, Section 10.05(c)(2); following the words "Provided, That no" delete the word "reason" and insert in lieu thereof the words "individual event."
- Page 10.20, Section 10.05(c)(4)(C); following the words "(1,000) minimum production value" insert the words "or the small farm five hundred dollars (\$500) minimum production and sale."
- Page 10.23, Section 10.05(d)(3)(B), third sentence; following the word "If" insert the words "timber from." Delete the period following the word "purpose" and add the words "or is being converted to farm production uses."
- Page 10.26, Section 10.05(f)(2) is amended in its entirety to read as follows:
 - "(2) Farm buildings. Rental value of farm buildings and other improvements on the farmland shall be valued by determining the replacement cost of the building or structure by usual farm construction practices, and farm labor standards and subtracting therefrom depreciation.1 Both of these determinations shall be made in accordance with the tax department's real property appraisal manual2 as filed in the state register in accordance with chapter 29A of the code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, and as it relates to agricultural buildings and structures. One (1) acre of land shall be assigned to all buildings as a unit situate on the property, regardless of the actual acreage occupied by such buildings and shall be appraised at its farm-use valuation based on the highest class of farmland present on the farm."
- Page 10.28, Section 10.05(f)(3)(B)(1); following the words "or more of the" insert the word "usual."
- Page 10.28, Section 10.05(f)(3)(B)(2); following the words "(50%) of the" insert the word "usual."
- Page 10.29, Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(1)(a); following the words "(50%) or more of the" insert the word "usual."

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Page 10.29, Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(1)(b); following the words "(50%) of the" insert the word "usual."

Page 10.31, Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(2)(b); following the last sentence insert the sentence "An individual employed other than in farming is not an unincorporated business."

Page 10.35, Section 10.07, Title; following the word "Farmland" insert the words "and Structures Situated Thereon."

Page 10.35, Section 10.07(a), first sentence; following the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated thereon."

Page 10.46, Subject; following the word "Farmland" insert the words "and Structures Situated Thereon."

- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state tax commissioner (rules governing the operation of a statewide electronic data processing system network, to facilitate administration of the ad valorem property tax on real and personal property), are authorized.
- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner (listing of interests in natural resources for the first statewide reappraisal; provision for penalties), are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (review of appraisals by county commissions sitting as administrative appraisal review boards), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commis-sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (review of appraisals by a circuit court on certiorari), are authorized with the following amendment:

On page 3, §18.3.1 is stricken in its entirety and a new §18.3.1 is inserted in lieu thereof to read as follows:

- "18.3.1 Who May Request Review. The property owner, Tax Commissioner, protestor or intervenor may request the county commission to certify the evidence and remove and return the record to the circuit court of the county on a writ of certiorari. Parties to the proceeding wherein review by the circuit court is sought shall pay costs and fees as they are incurred: *Provided*, That the circuit court upon rendering judgment or making any order may award costs to any party in accordance with the provisions of W. Va. Code §53-3-5."
- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (administrative review of appraisals by the state tax commissioner), are authorized.
- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (additional review and implementation of property appraisals), are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner (guidelines for assessors to assure fair and uniform personal property values), are authorized.

- (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner (registration of transient vendors), are authorized.
- (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (business and occupation tax), are authorized.
- (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (telecommunications tax), are authorized.
- (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (business franchise tax), are authorized.
- (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state

tax commissioner (consumers sales and service tax and use tax), are authorized.

- (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax commissioner (appraisal of property for periodic statewide reappraisals for ad valorem property tax purposes), are authorized.
- (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax commissioner (severance tax), are authorized.
- (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax commissioner (solid waste assessment fee), are authorized.
- (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax commissioner (electronic data processing system network for property tax administration), are authorized.
- (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine

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- hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax commissioner (exemption of property from ad valorem property taxation), are authorized.
- 412 (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 413 the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine 414 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-415 416 making review committee and refiled in the state 417 register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand 418 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax 419 commissioner (consumers sales and service tax and use 420 tax), are authorized.
 - (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax department (personal income tax), are authorized.
 - (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax department (severance tax), are authorized.
 - (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the state tax department to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax department (solid waste assessment fee), are authorized.
 - (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of tax and revenue (business franchise tax), are authorized.

- 445 (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 446 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 447 eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and 448 revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-449 making review committee and refiled in the state 450 register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand 451 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of 452 tax and revenue (business and occupation tax), are 453 authorized.
- 454 (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 455 456 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax 457 and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative 458 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 459 register on the nineteenth day of January, one thousand 460 nine hundred ninety, relating to the department of tax 461 and revenue (consumers sales and service tax and use 462 tax), are authorized with the amendments set forth 463 below:
- On page eight, Section 2.28, after the word "as" by inserting the words "art, science,."
- On pages eight and nine, Section 2.28.1, after the word "intellectual" by deleting the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "physical and."
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2, by deleting the words "or instruction."
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2, after the word "training" by adding the word "or."
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2, by deleting the words "or any portion of a school curriculum classified as physical education."
- 476 On page nine, by deleting all of Section 2.28.2.1.
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, by deleting the section number.
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, by deleting the words "or instruction."
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, after the word

482 "training" by adding the word "or."

On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, after the word "conditioning" by inserting a period and striking the remainder of the sentence.

On page one hundred twelve, Section 59.2, after the words "sales of the service of cremation" by adding the words "sales on perpetual care trust fund deposits."

489 And,

On page one hundred twenty-eight, Section 91.2, after the words "include food" by inserting the following: ", as defined in section 2.30 of this rule.."

(cc) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of tax and revenue (motor carrier road tax), are authorized.

(dd) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of tax and revenue (gasoline and special fuel excise tax), are authorized.

(ee) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of tax and revenue (corporation net income tax), are authorized.

- 520 (ff) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 521 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 522 eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and 523 revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-524 making review committee and refiled in the state 525 register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand 526 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of 527 tax and revenue (soft drinks tax), are authorized.
- (gg) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of February, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state tax commissioner (business investment and jobs expansion tax credit, corporations headquarters relocation tax credit, and small business tax credit), are authorized.

§64-7-7. Office of nonintoxicating beer commissioner.

- The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety.
- 3 modified by the office of nonintoxicating beer commis-
- 4 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-
- 5 making review committee and refiled in the state
- 6 register on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand
- 7 nine hundred ninety, relating to the office of nonintox-
- 8 icating beer commissioner (nonintoxicating beer licens-
- 9 ing and operations procedures), are authorized with the
- 10 amendment set forth below:
- On page fifteen, section 6.2.3.1, by striking the words
- 12 "at least fifty percent of the members of the team are
- 13 employees of such brewer or distributor and".

ARTICLE 8. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF TRANS-PORTATION TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

§64-8-1. Division of highways.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 2 the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine
- 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of
- 4 highways (transportation of hazardous waste by high-
- 5 way transporters), are authorized with the amendments
- 6 set forth below:
- 7 Pages 3 and 7, after "40 CFR part 262" add the words

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- 8 "as amended through March 8, 1986,."
- Page 7, after "49 CFR parts 171-179" add the words "as amended through March 8, 1986," and,
- Page 11, after "49 CFR part 171.16" add the words "as amended through March 8, 1986."
- 13 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 14 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 15 eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of highways 16 (construction and reconstruction of state roads), are 17 authorized with the amendments set forth below:
 - Page 16, Sec. 8.08, line 21, (unnumbered), by inserting after the word "all" the following language: "reasonable and necessary" and after the word "project" inserting the following language: "by the Railroad."
- Page 16, Sec. 8.08, line 22, (unnumbered), after the word "the" by striking the words "Railroad's Chief."
- Page 19, Sec. 8.08, line 25, (unnumbered), by striking "Railroad's Chief" and adding the following new language:

"Any approval by the Department of any activity by the Contractor upon the right-of-way or premises of any Railroad which is provided for in this Section (8.08) (including, but not limited to, approval of work, methods, or procedures of work to be done, and the condition of premises after completion of work by the Contractor) shall in no way create any liability by the Department to the Railroad except to the extent provided otherwise by law and the Contractor shall, during all periods of construction and thereafter. indemnify and save harmless the department from any and all liability to the Railroad or any third parties for any damages as a result of the work of the Contractor, the methods and procedures for performing work, the failure of the Contractor to properly remove equipment, surplus material and other debris upon the Railroad premises, or the condition of the premises of the Railroad during construction or after completion of construction by the Contractor as approved by the Department or otherwise."

- Page 18, Sec. 8.08, subdivision (a), line 22, (unnumbered), by striking the words "single limit" and inserting in lieu thereof the following language: "per occurrence."
- Page 19, Sec. 8.08, subdivision (b), line 8, (unnumbered), by striking the words "single limit" and inserting in lieu thereof the following language: "per occurrence."
 - Page 19, Sec. 8.08, subdivision (c), line 18, (unnumbered), by inserting after the word "occurrence" the following language: "of"; and after the word "injury" insert a comma and strike the word "or."
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the commissioner of highways to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of highways (transportation of hazardous waste), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
 - Page 5, amend §3.01 by adding thereto a new subsection, designated subsection (4), to read as follows: "(4) Before accepting hazardous waste from a rail transporter, a highway transporter must sign and date the manifest and provide a copy to the rail transporter."
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the commissioner of highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of highways (disqualification and suspension of prequalified contractors), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of highways (transportation of hazardous wastes by vehicle upon the

roads and highways of this state), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page 18, the first line of §3.03 shall read as follows:

89 "3.03. Transporters who only accept Hazardous Waste 90 from."

(f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of highways (traffic and safety rules and regulations), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

On page 8, section 7.2, line 9, (unnumbered), by striking everything after the word "structures."

- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of highways (construction and reconstruction of state roads), are authorized.
- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of highways (transportation of hazardous wastes upon the roads and highways), are authorized.
- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of highways to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the division of highways (use of state road rights-of-way and areas adjacent thereto), are authorized with the amendments

125 set forth below:

On Pages 14 and 15, Section 7.5, by deleting the following language:

"Upon receipt of a permit application an application number shall be assigned by the Division of Highways. The applicant shall be notified of the temporary application number and shall then be required to publish a Class II legal advertisement in the newspaper(s) serving the area where the proposed outdoor advertising sign, display or device is proposed to be located. A copy of the certificate of publication shall be provided to the Department within ten (10) days of the final publication date.

"As a minimum the advertisement shall include the application number, the location (including ownership of the property upon which the sign is to be placed) and shall notify the public that comments will be received by the Division of Highways, Highway Services Section, until 10 days after the final publication. The advertisement shall also state that all comments must include the specific application number to which they refer.

"Any person who claims to be affected by the proposed sign may submit written comments to the Division of Highways, Highway Services Section, and may request a public hearing within ten days of the final publication. Within ten working days of the close of the comment period the Division shall determine whether to approve, deny, or hold a public hearing for said permit.

"When the Division determines that a public hearing is required it shall notify the person(s) who requested the hearing and the permit applicant. The Division shall cause notice to be published and hold the hearing in accordance with Administrative Regulations, Commissioner of Highways, Chapter 17-2A, Series I (1982), Section 3, Hearing Procedures (hereinafter WV Adm. Reg. 17-2A).

"The Division Administrator shall assess the Division's costs of the hearing against the permit applicant or against the party requesting the hearing if he finds

that either the application for the permit or the requestfor hearing was filed in bad faith.

"Any party adversely affected by the final decision of the Division Administrator may apply for judicial review through application for a writ of certiorari to the Circuit Court of Kanawha County in accordance with W. Va. Code §53-3-1 and W. Va. Code §14-2-2.

"The regulations in the preceding six paragraphs relating to publication of notice of an application, comments on a pending application, notice of hearing, hearing on permit, assessment of costs and judicial review shall not apply to an application for a permit for an advertising sign, display or device to be located within the boundaries of an incorporated municipality or of a county-zoned commercial or industrial area."

- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the division of highways (construction and reconstruction of state roads), are authorized.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the division of highways (acquisition, disposal, lease and management of real property and appurtenant structures and relocation assistance), are authorized.
- (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred

ninety-one, relating to the division of highways (traffic and safety rules and regulations), are authorized.

ARTICLE 9. AUTHORIZATION FOR MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES AND BOARDS TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-9-1. Commissioner of agriculture.
- §64-9-3. Attorney general.
- §64-9-5. Board of barbers and beauticians.
- §64-9-10. West Virginia board of dental examiners.
- §64-9-12. West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers.
- §64-9-15. State board of examiners of land surveyors.
- §64-9-16. Board of medicine.
- §64-9-18. Board of examiners for registered professional nurses.
- §64-9-20. Board of pharmacy.
- §64-9-24. Secretary of state.
- §64-9-26. State treasurer.
- §64-9-28. West Virginia cable television advisory board.

§64-9-1. Commissioner of agriculture.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred
 - eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of agriculture
- 4 (schedule of charges for inspection services: fruit), are
- 5 authorized.

- 6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of agriculture 9 (licensing of auctioneers), are authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture 13 (conduct of beef industry self-improvement assessment 14 program referendum), are authorized.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (feeding untreated garbage to swine), are authorized.
- 19 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 20 the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 21 eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture 22 (registration, taxation and control of dogs), are

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23 authorized.

- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (public markets), are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (noxious weed rules), are authorized.
- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized.
- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (use of certain picloram products), are authorized.
- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (increasing certain fees by rules and regulations), are authorized.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (licensing of livestock dealers), are authorized.
- (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (West Virginia pesticide use and application act), are

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- (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of forestry of the department of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the division of forestry of the department of agriculture (ginseng), are authorized.
- (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (schedule of charges for inspection services: fruit), are authorized.
- (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized.
- (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (sale and distribution of commercial fertilizer), are authorized.
- (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized.
 - (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (production of milk and cream for manufacturing purposes), are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized.
 - (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (meat inspection), are authorized.
 - (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (agricultural liming materials), are authorized.
 - (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (public markets), are authorized.

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141 (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 142 the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine 143 hundred ninety, modified by the commissioner of 144 agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-145 making review committee and refiled in the state 146 register on the ninth day of November, one thousand 147 nine hundred ninety, relating to the commissioner of 148 agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized.

§64-9-3. Attorney general.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the sixth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-four, relating to the attorney general (third party 4 dispute mechanisms), are authorized.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the attorney general (fair treatment of crime victims and witnesses), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the attorney general to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the attorney general (prevention of unfair or deceptive acts or practices in home improvement and home construction transactions), are authorized. These rules were proposed by the attorney general pursuant to section one hundred three, article six and section one hundred two, article seven of chapter forty-six-a of this code with the following amendments:
- 23 "Amending the title to the proposed legislative rule 24 wherever said title may appear, on lines three and four 25 thereof, by striking the words'and home construction'.
 - On the index page following'3.' by striking the words'and home construction'.
- On page 1, §1.2, line three, after the first word transactions on line three, by striking the comma and the words "and home construction transactions" and on

- 31 line five, by striking the period and inserting the words
- 32 "but shall not cover new construction of single-family
- 33 dwellings or rebuilding all or substantially all of an
- 34 existing or preexisting single-family dwelling."
- Page 2, section 2.2 by striking all of lines seven and eight and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 'unless: (a) it appears in printed or typed face larger than the largest type used in the written contract, apart'.
- On page 2, section 2.4, by striking all of section 2.4 and inserting in lieu thereof a new section 2.4, to read as follows:
- 43 "2.4 'Home Construction' means, for the purpose of this Rule, the repair, remodeling or the building of 44 additions to existing single-family dwelling units. 45 including single-family homes, condominium units or 46 any other dwelling unit to be used by any person 47 primarily for personal or family use, but shall not 48 include new single-family home construction or the 49 rebuilding of all or substantially all of an existing or 50 preexisting single-family dwelling." 51
- Page 3, section 2.6, on line two thereof, after the second comma by inserting the word "replacement."
- Page 3, section 3, by striking the words "and home construction" from the section heading.
- Page 3, section 3.1, lines one and two, by striking the words "or home construction."
- Page 4, section 3.1.4, on lines one and two thereof, by striking the words "or home construction."
- Page 4, section 3.1.8, on line two thereof, by striking the words "or home construction."
- Page 4, section 3.1.9, on lines two and three thereof, by striking the words "or home construction."
- Page 5, section 3.1.12, on lines one and two thereof, by striking the words "or home construction."
- Page 6, section 3.1.26, by striking all of section 3.1.26

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- 67 and renumbering the subsequent subsections.
- 68 Page 7, section 3.1.29, on lines one and two thereof. 69 by striking the words "or home construction."
- 70 Page 7, section 3.1.29, on line six thereof, following the 71 word "contract" by inserting a period and striking the 72 remainder of the section.
- 73 Page 7, following section 3.1.29 by adding a new 74 section to be designated section 3.1.29, to read as follows:
- 75 "failed to file a certificate in the office of the Clerk 76 of the County Commission in the county in which the 77 principal place of business of the seller is located, setting 78 forth the assumed name in or by which the business is being conducted in conformity with the provisions of 79 Chapter 47, Article 8, Section 2 of the Code of West 80 81 Virginia, 1931, as amended."
- 82 Page 7, section 3.2, on lines two and three thereof, by striking the words, "or home solicitation sale of home 83 84 construction" and the comma on line three.
- 85 Page 9, section 4.1, on line eight thereof, by deleting 86 the period and inserting the following:
- 87 'to the extent permitted by statute'.
- Page 10, section 4.2, on line 9 thereof, by striking the 88 89 period and inserting the following:
- 90 'to the extent permitted by statute'.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine 92 93 hundred eighty-six, modified by the attorney general to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 94 committee and refiled in the state register on the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six. relating to the attorney general (prevention of unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the sale of damaged goods or products), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the attorney general to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making

review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the attorney general (administration of preneed burial contracts), are authorized with the following amendments set forth below:

109 below:

On page 9, section 8.2, by striking the words "within 110 111 thirty days after the death of a contract beneficiary." 112 and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "On or before 113 the first day of January and the first day of July of each year," and after the word "provided" by striking the 114 115 comma and inserting in lieu thereof "after the death of 116 any contract beneficiary during the previous six-month 117 period.":

On page 12, section 9.7, by striking all of 9.7;

Beginning on page 15, by striking the entirety of section 15;

121 And,

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Beginning on page 18, by striking the entirety of section 16, and by renumbering the remaining sections.

- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the attorney general to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the attorney general (allowing persons who are indirectly injured by violations of the West Virginia antitrust act to recover damages), are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 134 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 135 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the attorney general 136 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 137 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 138 fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 139 eighty-nine, relating to the attorney general (health 140 spas), are authorized. 141

- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the attorney general (authorizing the attorney general to require persons upon whom subpoenas are served to answer written questions under oath), are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the attorney general (obtaining assistance of public officials in investigations and the commencement of proceedings to compel compliance), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the attorney general to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the attorney general (limitation of action and recovery of investigative costs and a reasonable attorney's fee by the attorney general in an enforcement action), are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the attorney general to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the attorney general (regulated business exemption under the West Virginia antitrust act), are authorized.
 - (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the attorney general to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the attorney general (defining the term "federal antitrust laws" and prohibiting tying and reciprocity), are authorized.

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§64-9-5. Board of barbers and beauticians.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-4 5 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand 6 7 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 8 barbers and beauticians (minimum curriculum for 9 schools of barbering), are authorized with the amend-10 ment set forth below:
- On page 9, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-6-14, to read as follows:
- 13 "§3-6-14. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
- 16 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 17 18 eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-19 20 making review committee and refiled in the state 21 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand 22 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 23 barbers and beauticians (qualifications, training, 24 examination and registration of instructors in barbering 25 and beauty culture), are authorized with the amendment 26 set forth below:
- On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-2-9, to read as follows:
- 29 "§3-2-9. Repeal of rule This rule will automat-30 ically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior 31 to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of

- barbers and beauticians (operation of barber shops and schools of barbering), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
 - On page 5, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-3-6, to read as follows:
 - "§3-3-6. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (curriculum and minimum requirements, subjects and hour schedule, rules and regulations for schools of beauty culture operation in West Virginia: joint barbers and beauticians license), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- On page 7, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-1-11, to read as follows:
 - "§3-1-11. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (operation of beauty shops and schools of beauty culture), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
 - On page 4, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-4-6, to read as follows:
- 76 "§3-4-6. Repeal of rule This rule will automat-

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ically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."

- On page 4, by inserting a new subsection, designated subsection 3.25, to read as follows:
- 81 "3.25 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary or 82 interpretation of law to the contrary, any licensed 83 beautician may trim beards or mustaches."
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (licensing schools of barbering or beauty culture), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
 - On page 2, subsection 4.1, by deleting subdivision (b) and relettering the remaining subdivisions.
- 96 And,
- 97 On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-5-8, to read as follows:
- 99 "§3-5-8. Repeal of rule This rule will automat-100 ically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior 101 to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (licensing of schools of barbering and beauty culture), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-5-8, to read as follows:
- 113 "§3-5-8. Repeal of rule This rule will automat-

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- ically be repealed on July 1, 1992, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
- 116 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 117 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 118 ninety, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians 119 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 120 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 121 seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred 122 ninety, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians 123 (qualifications, training, examination and registration of 124 instructors in barbering and beauty culture), are 125 authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-2-9, to read as follows:
 - "§3-2-9. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1992, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (minimum curriculum for schools of barbering), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- On page 7, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-6-14, to read as follows:
 - "§3-6-14. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1992, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (curriculum and minimum requirements, subjects and

- 153 hour schedule, rules and regulations for schools of
- 154 beauty culture operation in West Virginia; joint barbers
- 155 and beauticians license), are authorized with the
- 156 amendment set forth below:
- On page 7, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-1-11, to read as follows:
- 159 "§3-1-11. Repeal of rule This rule will automat-160 ically be repealed on July 1, 1992, unless extended prior 161 to that date by an act of the Legislature."
- 162 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 163 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 164 ninety, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians 165 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 166 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 167 seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred 168 ninety, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians 169 (operation of barber and beauty shops and schools of 170 barbering and beauty culture), are authorized with the 171 amendment set forth below:
- On page 4, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-3-6, to read as follows:
- 174 §3-3-6. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically 175 be repealed on July 1, 1992, unless extended prior to 176 that date by an act of the Legislature."

§64-9-10. West Virginia board of dental examiners.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia board of 3 dental examiners to meet the objections of the legislative 4 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 5 register on the twenty-third day of October, one 6 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West 7 Virginia board of dental examiners (rules and regula-8 tions of the West Virginia board of dental examiners). 9 are authorized. 10
- 11 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 12 the twenty-seventh day of July, one thousand nine 13 hundred ninety, modified by the West Virginia board of

- 14 dental examiners to meet the objections of the legislative
- 15 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state
- 16 register on the twenty-seventh day of August, one
- 17 thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the West
- 18 Virginia board of dental examiners (rules and regula-
- 19 tions of the West Virginia board of dental examiners),
- 20 are authorized.

§64-9-12. West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers (legislative rules governing the West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers), are authorized.
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers (rules of the West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers), are authorized.
- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the West Virginia board of registered professional engineers to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia board of registered professional engineers (regulations governing the board of registration for

32 registered professional engineers), are authorized.

§64-9-15. State board of examiners of land surveyors.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-seven, modified by the state board of examiners 4 of land surveyors to meet the objections of the legislative 5 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 6 register on the twenty-eighth day of January, one 7 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state 8 board of examiners of land surveyors (practice of land 9 surveying in West Virginia), are authorized.
- 10 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety, 11 12 modified by the state board of examiners of land 13 surveyors to meet the objections of the legislative rule-14 making review committee and refiled in the state 15 register on the first day of August, one thousand nine 16 hundred ninety, relating to the state board of examiners 17 of land surveyors (practice of land surveying in West 18 Virginia), are authorized.

§64-9-16. Board of medicine.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-three, relating to the board of medicine (licensing, disciplinary and complaint procedures; podiatry; 5 physicians assistants), are authorized with the modifications set forth below:
- 7 "§24.12.
- 8 (b) It shall be the responsibility of the supervising 9 physician to obtain consent in writing from the patient 10 before Type A physician assistants employed in a 11 satellite clinic may render general medical or surgical 12 services, except in emergencies.
- 13 §24.16.
- 14 (c) No physician assistant shall render nonemergency 15 outpatient medical services until the patient has been 16 informed that the individual providing care is a 17 physician assistant."

- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. modified by the board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the board of medicine (licensing, disciplinary and complaint procedures; podiatry; physi-cians assistants), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the West Virginia board of medicine (rules governing the approval of medical schools not accredited by the liaison committee on medical education), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven, relating to the board of medicine (fees for services rendered by the board of medicine), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the board of medicine (dispensing of legend drugs by physicians and podiatrists), are authorized with the following amendments:

Section 2.6 to read as follows: "Dispense means to deliver a legend drug to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a physician or podiatrist, including the prescribing, packaging, labeling, administering or compounding necessary to prepare the drug for that delivery."

Section 3.3 to read as follows: "Physicians or podiatrists who are not registered with the Board as dispens-

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- 58 ing physicians may not dispense legend drugs. However, 59 the following activities by a physician or podiatrist shall 60 be exempt from the requirements of sections 3 through 61 8 applicable to dispensing physicians:
- 62 a. Legend drugs administered to the patient, which 63 are not controlled substance when an appropriate record 64 is made in the patient's chart;
 - b. Professional samples distributed free of charge by a physician or podiatrist or certified physician assistant under his or her supervision to the patient when an appropriate record is made in the patient's chart; or
- c. Legend drugs which are not controlled substances provided by free clinics or under West Virginia state authorized programs, including the Medicaid, family planning, maternal and child health, and early and 72 73 periodic screening and diagnosis and treatment programs: Provided, That all labeling provisions of section 74 8 shall be applicable except the requirements of section 75 76 8.3 (a)."
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of medicine (fees for services rendered by the board of medicine), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. relating to the board of medicine (licensing, and disciplinary and complaint procedures: physicians; podiatrists), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of medicine to meet the

- 97 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-
- 98 tee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day
- 99 of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.
- relating to the board of medicine (certification, discipli-100
- 101 nary and complaint procedures: physician assistants).
- 102 are authorized.

§64-9-18. Board of examiners for registered professional nurses.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the thirteenth day of September, one thousand nine
- 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the board of examiners
- 4
- for registered professional nurses (qualifications of
- 5 graduates of foreign nursing schools for admission to the
- 6 professional nurse licensing examination), are
- 7 authorized.
- 8 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 9 the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred
- 10 ninety, modified by the board of examiners for regis-
- 11 tered professional nurses to meet the objections of the
- 12 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in
- 13 the state register on the twenty-eighth day of Sep-
- 14 tember, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to
- the board of examiners for registered professional 15
- nurses (announcement of advanced nursing practice), 16
- are authorized. 17

§64-9-20. Board of pharmacy.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1
- 2 the second day of October, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-four, modified by the board of pharmacy to meet
- the objections of the legislative rule-making review 4
- committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth 5
- 6 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five,
- relating to the board of pharmacy (parenteral/enteral 7
- compounding), are authorized. 8
- 9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- the twelfth day of September, one thousand nine 10
- hundred eighty-nine, modified by the board of phar-11
- macy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-12
- making review committee and refiled in the state 13

- register on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the board of pharmacy (board of pharmacy), are authorized.
- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of pharmacy to meet the objec-tions of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of pharmacy (continuing education for the licensure of pharmacists), are authorized.

§64-9-24. Secretary of state.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the secretary of state to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the secretary of state (standard size and format for rules and related documents filed in the secretary of state's office), are authorized.
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the secretary of state to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the secretary of state (standard size and format for rules and procedures for publication of the state register or parts of the state register), are authorized.
- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the secretary of state to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the secretary of state (West Virginia farm product lien central filing system), are authorized.

29 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 30 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 31 ninety, relating to the secretary of state (guidelines for 32 the use of nicknames and other designations on the 33 ballot), are authorized.

§64-9-26. State treasurer.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-four, relating to the state treasurer (establish-4 ment of imprest funds), are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 7 ninety, modified by the state treasurer to meet the 8 objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of 9 December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating 10 to the state treasurer (enforcement of the uniform 11 disposition of unclaimed property act), are authorized. 12

§64-9-28. West Virginia cable television advisory board.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the West Virginia cable 3 television advisory board to meet the objections of the 4 5 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, 6 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the 7 West Virginia cable television advisory board (franchis-8 ing procedures), are authorized. 9
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10 the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine 11 hundred ninety, modified by the West Virginia cable 12 television advisory board to meet the objections of the 13 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 14 the state register on the twenty-second day of January. 15 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the 16 West Virginia cable television advisory board (imple-17 menting regulations), are authorized. 18

CHAPTER 100

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2674—By Delegates Roop and Blake)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, five, six and sixteen, article two, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article two by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, relating to adding architects, engineers and landscape architects to those persons entitled to a mechanics' lien for services performed.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, five, six and sixteen, article two, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article two be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. MECHANICS' LIENS.

- Lien of contractor. §38-2-1.
- §38-2-2. Lien of subcontractor.
- §38-2-5. Lien of mechanic or laborer working for owner.
- Lien of mechanic or laborer working for contractor or subcon-§38-2-**6**. tractor.
- §38-2-6a. Lien of architect, engineer or landscape architect.
- §38-2-16 What deemed included in one contract.

§38-2-1. Lien of contractor.

- 1 Every person, firm or corporation who erects, builds, constructs, alters, removes or repairs any building or 2
- other structure, or other improvement appurtenant to 3
- any such building or other structure, or who alters or 4
- improves the real property whereon the same stands, or 5
- to which it may have been removed, or who provides 6 services for any of the foregoing, under and by virtue
- 7
- of a contract with the owner for such erection, building, 8 construction, alteration, removal or repair, either for an
- 9 agreed lump sum or upon any other basis of settlement
- 10 and payment, shall have a lien upon such building or 11
- other structure or improvement appurtenant thereto, 12

- 13 and upon the interest of the owner thereof in the real
- 14 property whereon the same stands, or to which it may
- 15 have been removed, to secure the payment of such
- 16 contract price or other compensation therefor.

§38-2-2. Lien of subcontractor.

1 Every person, firm or corporation who, under and by 2 virtue of a contract with such general contractor as is 3 mentioned in section one of this article, or with a subcontractor for a part of such work, either for an 4 agreed contract price or by day or by piece, or other 5 6 basis of payment, shall furnish any part of the materials. machinery or other necessary supplies or equipment, or 7 shall perform any labor, do any work or provide any 8 services necessary to the completion of any general 9 10 contract, such as is mentioned in section one of this article, shall have such a lien for his or her compensa-11 12 tion, as is provided for in section one of this article.

§38-2-5. Lien of mechanic or laborer working for owner.

1 Every workman, artisan, mechanic, laborer or other 2 person who performs any work or labor or provides any 3 service in the erection, construction, repair or removal of any building or other structure or improvement 4 appurtenant thereto, or who alters or improves the real 5 property whereon the same stands, or to which it may 6 have been removed, by virtue of a contract for such 7 work and labor directly with the owner thereof, shall 8 have such a lien for his or her compensation as is 9 mentioned in section one of this article. 10

§38-2-6. Lien of mechanic or laborer working for contractor or subcontractor.

Every workman, artisan, mechanic, laborer or other 1 person who performs any work or labor or provides any 2 service under the employment of any general contractor 3 or of any subcontractor in the erection, construction, 4 repair or removal of any building or other structure, or 5 improvement appurtenant thereto, or who alters or 6 improves the real property whereon the same stands, or 7 to which it may have been removed, necessary to the 8 completion of such general contract, shall have such a 9 lien for his or her compensation as is mentioned in 10 section one of this article. 11

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§38-2-6a. Lien of architect, engineer or landscape architect.

- An architect, engineer or landscape architect shall 1 have a lien for his or her compensation as provided for 2 in sections one through six, inclusive, of this article for 3 4 all materials furnished and all work done, or all services provided by such architect, engineer and landscape architect as a contractor, subcontractor, materialman,
- 7 mechanic or laborer, as the case may be.

§38-2-16. What deemed included in one contract.

For the purposes of this article, all materials furnished, all work done, and all services provided by any one person, firm or corporation, upon any one building or the improvements appurtenant thereto, or upon the real property whereon the same stands, or to which it may have been removed, shall be deemed and consid-6 7 ered one contract, whether or not all of such material 8 was bought at one time, or under one general agreement or otherwise, and whether or not all of such work, labor 9 or services provided, was contracted for at one time or 10 11 otherwise.

CHAPTER 101

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2251—By Delegates P. White and Gallagher)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article four-a, relating to establishing within the state treasury a new revolving fund entitled the medicaid uncompensated care fund to receive money from all sources both public and private; setting forth legislative findings; allowing such moneys to be used as a portion of state revenue in order to receive federal financial participation for the medicaid program so that eligible disproportionate share hospitals receive reimbursement for services rendered to medicaid beneficiaries; restricting uses of such funds; administration of the fund; establishing criteria for disproportionate share hospitals; and requiring certain reports to the Legislature.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article four-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4A. MEDICAID UNCOMPENSATED CARE FUND.

- §9-4A-1. Legislative findings.
- §9-4A-2. Creation of medicaid uncompensated care fund.
- §9-4A-3. Disproportionate share hospitals.
- §9-4A-4. Legislative reports.

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§9-4A-1. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature finds and declares the following:
- 2 (a) Federal medicaid laws encourage special recogni-3 tion of disproportionate share hospitals for medicaid 4 reimbursement purposes.
- 5 (b) These same federal laws permit and encourage the 6 state to fund the medicaid program through flexible 7 means, including public and private contributions to 8 serve as the state share for purposes of federal financial 9 participation.
 - (c) Because of state budget constraints, moneys paid to disproportionate share hospitals under the medicaid program have not been sufficient to allow the hospitals to recover adequate reimbursement for the costs associated with providing appropriate services to medicaid clients of this state.
 - (d) The policy of this state is to encourage disproportionate share hospitals to continue providing health care services to the needy citizens of West Virginia; such encouragement and support are increasingly important when combined with federal financial participation.
- 21 (e) Cost shifting is a serious problem and it is the 22 intent of the Legislature to reduce cost shifting.

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§9-4A-2. Creation of medicaid uncompensated care fund.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created in the state treasury a 2 special revolving fund known as the medicaid uncom-3 pensated care fund. All moneys deposited or accrued in 4 this fund shall be used exclusively:
- (1) To provide the state's share of the federal medicaid
 program funds in order to improve inpatient payments
 to disproportionate share hospitals; and
- 8 (2) To cover administrative cost incurred by the 9 department of health and human services and associated 10 with the medicaid program and this fund: *Provided*, 11 That no expenditures may be made to cover said 12 administrative costs for any fiscal year after one 13 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, except as appropriated by the Legislature.
- 15 (b) Moneys from the following sources may be placed 16 into the fund:
- 17 (1) All public funds transferred by any public agency 18 to the department of health and human resources 19 medicaid program for deposit in the fund as contem-20 plated or permitted by applicable federal medicaid 21 laws;
- 22 (2) All private funds contributed, donated or be-23 queathed by corporations, individuals or other entities 24 to the fund as contemplated and permitted by applicable 25 federal medicaid laws:
 - (3) Interest which accrued on amounts in the fund from sources identified in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection; and
 - (4) Federal financial participation matching the amounts referred to in subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection, in accordance with section 1902 (a) (2) of the Social Security Act.
- 33 (c) Any balance remaining in the medicaid uncompen-34 sated care fund at the end of any state fiscal year shall 35 not revert to the state treasury but shall remain in this 36 fund and shall be used only in a manner consistent with 37 this article.

- 38 (d) Moneys received into the fund shall not be counted 39 or credited as part of the legislative general appropri-40 ation to the state medicaid program.
- 41 (e) The fund shall be administered by the department 42 of health and human resources. Moneys shall be 43 disbursed from the fund on a quarterly basis. The 44 secretary of the department shall implement the 45 provisions of this article prior to the receipt of any 46 transfer, contribution, donation or bequest from any 47 public or private source.
- 48 (f) All moneys expended from the fund after receipt
 49 of federal financial participation shall be allocated to
 50 reimbursement of inpatient charges and fees of eligible
 51 disproportionate share hospitals. Except for the pay52 ment of administrative costs as provided for in section
 53 two of this article, appropriation from this fund for any
 54 other purposes is void.
- 55 (g) In the event that the fund does not contain a 56 balance, after receiving federal financial participation, 57 in amounts which are sufficient to reimburse each hospital the maximum amount of moneys to which it 58 59 would otherwise be entitled, the secretary of the department may cause all eligible disproportionate 60 61 share hospitals to be reimbursed for past services 62 rendered on a pro rata basis.

§9-4A-3. Disproportionate share hospitals.

- 1 (a) Unless otherwise noted, all disproportionate share 2 hospitals must meet the following criteria:
- 3 (1) The hospital must be licensed by the department 4 of health and human resources and participate in the 5 medicaid program; and
- (2) The hospital must have at least two obstetricians with staff privileges at the hospital who have agreed to provide obstetric services to individuals entitled to such services by the approved state medicaid plan. In the case of a hospital located in a rural area, the term "obstetrician" includes any physician with staff privileges at the hospital who performs nonemergency obstetric

- 13 procedures. The requirements of this subsection do not
- 14 apply to hospitals who did not offer routine obstetrical
- 15 services to the general public as of the twenty-first day
- 16 of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.
- 17 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, should
- 18 federal requirements outlined in this subsection change,
- 19 the department is to comply with federal law.
- 20 (b) Additionally, all disproportionate share hospitals 21 must meet one of the following criteria:
- 22 (1) The hospital provided in excess of three thousand 23 medicaid inpatient days of service during the most 24 recent fiscal year of the hospital; or
- (2) For the same time period, the sum of the following
 factors must exceed fifteen percent:
- 27 (i) Total medicaid inpatient days divided by total 28 inpatient days; and
- 29 (ii) Total medicare supplemental security insurance 30 inpatient days divided by total medicare inpatient days; 31 and
- 32 (iii) Total days of care provided to eligible medicaid 33 patients whose care was not paid by West Virginia 34 medicaid divided by total inpatient medicaid days.
- 35 (c) The dollar value of contributions, bequests or 36 donations made by any hospital to the fund shall not be 37 included as a reimbursable cost in the medicaid cost 38 report of that hospital.

§9-4A-4. Legislative reports.

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- 1 (a) The secretary of the department of health and 2 human resources shall make an annual report to the 3 Legislature on the use of the medicaid uncompensated 4 care fund.
 - (b) The health care cost review authority shall make an annual report to the Legislature on the impact of improved medicaid inpatient payments resulting from the fund on nongovernmental payor health care costs.

CHAPTER 102

(H. B. 2906—By Delegates Reid and Staton)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifty-five, article two, chapter twenty-two-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the protective equipment and clothing required to be worn by miners.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifty-five, article two, chapter twenty-two-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. UNDERGROUND MINES.

§22A-2-55. Protective equipment and clothing.

- 1 (a) Welders and helpers shall use proper shields or
- goggles to protect their eyes. All employees shall have
 approved goggles or shields and use the same where
 - thorn is a hazard from flying partials, or other eve
- 4 there is a hazard from flying particles, or other eye
- 5 hazards.
- 6 (b) Employees engaged in haulage operations and all 7 other persons employed around moving equipment on 8 the surface and underground shall wear snug-fitting
- 9 clothing.
- 10 (c) Protective gloves shall be worn when material 11 which may injure hands is handled, but gloves with 12 gauntleted cuffs shall not be worn around moving 13 equipment.
- 14 (d) Safety hats and safety-toed shoes shall be worn by all persons while in or around a mine: *Provided*. That
- all persons while in or around a mine: *Provided*, That metatarsal guards shall not be required to be worn by
- 17 persons when working in those areas of underground
- 18 mine workings which average less than forty-eight
- 19 inches in height as measured from the floor to the roof
- 20 of the underground mine workings.

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- 21 (e) Approved eye protection shall be worn by all 22 persons while being transported in open-type man trips.
 - (f) A self-rescue device approved by the director shall be worn by each person underground or kept within his immediate reach, and such device shall be provided by the operator. The self-rescue device shall be adequate to protect such miner for one hour or longer. Each operator shall train each miner in the use of such device, and refresher training courses for all underground employees shall be held during each calendar year.

CHAPTER 103

(S. B. 329—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley)
[By Request of The Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and three, article one, chapter twenty-four-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to supervision and regulation of the transportation of persons and property for hire by motor vehicles upon or over the public highways of this state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and three, article one, chapter twenty-four-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. PURPOSES, DEFINITIONS AND EXEMPTIONS.

§24A-1-2. Definitions.

§24A-1-3. Exemptions from chapter.

§24A-1-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this chapter:
- 2 (1) "Commission" means the public service commission of West Virginia;

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- 4 (2) "Common carrier by motor vehicle" means any person who undertakes, whether directly or by lease or 5 6 any other arrangement, to transport passengers or 7 property, or any class or classes of property, for the 8 general public over the highways of this state by motor vehicles for hire, whether over regular or irregular 9 routes, including such motor vehicle operations of 10 11 carriers by rail, water or air and of express or forwarding agencies, and leased or rented motor 12 13 vehicles, with or without drivers;
 - (3) "Contract carrier by motor vehicle" means any person not included in subdivision (2) of this section, who under special and individual contracts or agreements, and whether directly or by lease or any other arrangement, transports passengers or property over the highways in this state by motor vehicles for hire;
- (4) "Driveaway operation" means an operation in 20 21 which any vehicle or vehicles, operated singly or in 22 lawful combinations, new or used, not owned by the transporting motor carrier, constitute the commodity 23

24 being transported;

- (5) "Exempt carrier" means any person operating a 25 motor vehicle exempt from the provisions of this chapter 26 under section three thereof: 27
- (6) "I.C.C." 28 means the interstate commerce 29 commission:
- (7) "Motor carrier" includes both a common carrier by 30 31 motor vehicle and a contract carrier by motor vehicle:
- (8) "Motor vehicle" means, and includes, any automo-32 bile, truck, tractor, truck-tractor, trailer, semitrailer, 33 motorbus, taxicab, any self-propelling motor-driven 34 motor vehicle or any combination thereof, used upon any 35 public highway in this state for the purpose of transport-36 ing persons or property;
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 - (9) "NARUC" means the national association of regulatory utility commissioners;

- 40 (10) "Operations within the borders of this state"
 41 means interstate or foreign operations to, from, within
 42 or traversing this state;
- 43 (11) "Person" means and includes any individual, 44 firm, copartnership, corporation, company, association 45 or joint-stock association, and includes any trustee, 46 receiver, assignee or personal representative thereof;
- 47 (12) "Private commercial carrier" means and includes any person who undertakes, whether directly or by lease 48 or other arrangement, to transport property, including 49 hazardous materials as defined in rules and regulations 50 51 promulgated by the commission, for himself over the 52 public highways of this state, in interstate or intrastate 53 commerce, for any commercial purpose, by motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of ten 54 thousand one pounds or more, by motor vehicle designed 55 to transport more than fifteen passengers, including the 56 driver; or by any motor vehicle used to transport 57 58 hazardous materials in a quantity requiring placarding 59 under federal hazardous material regulations as 60 adopted by the commission.
- 61 (13) "Power unit" means any vehicle which contains 62 within itself the engine, motor or other source of power 63 by which said vehicle is propelled; and
- 64 (14) "Public highway" means any public street, alley, 65 road or highway, or thoroughfare of any kind in this 66 state used by the public.

§24A-1-3. Exemptions from chapter.

- The provisions of this chapter, except where specifically otherwise provided, shall not apply to:
- 3 (1) Motor vehicles operated exclusively in the trans-4 portation of United States mail or in the transportation 5 of newspapers: *Provided*, That such vehicles and their 6 operators shall be subject to the safety rules promul-7 gated by the commission;
- 8 (2) Motor vehicles owned and operated by the United

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- 9 States of America, the state of West Virginia, or any 10 county, municipality or county board of education, 11 urban mass transportation authority established and 12 maintained pursuant to article twenty-seven, chapter 13 eight of this code, or by any department thereof, and any 14 motor vehicles operated under a contract with a county 15 board of education exclusively for the transportation of 16 children to and from school or such other legitimate transportation for the schools as the commission may 17 18 specifically authorize:
 - (3) Motor vehicles used exclusively in the transportation of agricultural or horticultural products, livestock, poultry and dairy products from the farm or orchard on which they are raised or produced to markets, processing plants, packing houses, canneries, railway shipping points and cold storage plants, and in the transportation of agricultural or horticultural supplies to such farms or orchards to be used thereon;
- 27 (4) Motor vehicles used exclusively in the transporta-28 tion of human or animal excreta;
 - (5) Motor vehicles used exclusively in ambulance service, or duly chartered rescue squad service;
- 31 (6) Motor vehicles used exclusively for volunteer fire 32 department service;
 - (7) Motor vehicles used exclusively in the transportation of coal from mining operations to loading facilities for further shipment by rail or water carriers: *Provided*, That such vehicles and their operators shall be subject to the safety rules promulgated by the commission; and
 - (8) Motor vehicles used by petroleum commission agents and oil distributors solely for the transportation of petroleum products and related automotive products when such transportation is incidental to the business of selling said products: *Provided*, That such vehicles and their operators shall be subject to the safety rules promulgated by the commission.

CHAPTER 104

(H. B. 2600—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, relating to motor vehicles, registration of vehicles of new residents.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. ORIGINAL AND RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION; ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES OF TITLE.

§17A-3-1a. Registration of vehicles of new residents.

- 1 (a) Every owner of a motor vehicle, trailer or other
- 2 vehicle, shall, within thirty days after taking up
- 3 residence in the state, apply to the division and obtain
- 4 registration and title for the vehicle.
- 5 (b) For the purposes of this chapter there is a
- 6 rebuttable presumption that a natural person is a
- 7 resident of this state if any of the following elements
- 8 exist including, but not limited to:
- 9 (1) The person is registered to vote in this state.
- 10 (2) The person enrolls the person's child to be edu-
- 11 cated in a public elementary or secondary school in this
- 12 state.
- 13 (3) The person is receiving public assistance from this state.
- 15 (4) The person resides or has continuously remained
- 16 in this state for a period exceeding thirty days except
- 17 for infrequent or brief absences.

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- 18 (5) The person has accepted employment or engages 19 in any trade, profession, or occupation within this state, 20 except that this does not include a person who is 21 commuting from the person's residence in another state 22 or whose employment is seasonal or temporary, not 23 exceeding ninety days.
 - (6) The person has filed for a homestead tax exemption on property in this state.

"Resident" does not include a person who is attending a college, university or other educational institution in this state, if the person has a domicile in another state and has a valid operator's license and vehicle registration issued by the state of domicile. "Resident" also does not include members of the armed forces who are stationed in West Virginia, providing that their vehicles are properly registered in their state of residence, or a member of the armed forces stationed in another state or country providing that their vehicles are properly registered in that state or country.

A corporation, association, partnership, company or firm whose principal place of business is located within this state is a resident of this state.

The provisions of this section shall not apply to vehicles registered under proportional registration agreement.

CHAPTER 105

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 129-By Senators Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed February 18, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven-a, article two, chapter seventeen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to recreating the driver's licensing advisory board pursuant to review by the joint committee on government operations and increase of the per diem of board members.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven-a, article two, chapter seventeen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE, EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL.

§17B-2-7a. Driver's licensing advisory board.

1 The driver's licensing advisory board which was 2 terminated pursuant to the provisions of article ten. 3 chapter four of this code, is hereby recreated following 4 a review of its functions by the joint committee on 5 government operations. The board shall consist of five 6 members to be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for terms of three 7 8 years, except that as to the members first appointed, two 9 shall be appointed for a term of three years, two shall 10 be appointed for a term of two years, and one shall be 11 appointed for a term of one year, all from the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four. All 12 13 vacancies occurring on the board shall be filled by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the 14 Senate. One member of the board shall be an optome-15 16 trist duly registered to practice optometry in this state 17 and the other four members of the board shall be 18 physicians or surgeons duly licensed to practice medi-19 cine or surgery in this state. The governor shall appoint 20 persons qualified to serve on the board who, in his opinion, will best serve the work and function of the 21 22 board.

The board shall advise the commissioner of motor vehicles as to vision standards and all other medical criteria of whatever kind or nature relevant to the licensing of persons to operate motor vehicles under the provisions of this chapter. The board shall, upon request, advise the commissioner of motor vehicles as to the mental or physical fitness of an applicant for, or the holder of, a license to operate a motor vehicle. The board shall furnish the commissioner with all such medical standards, statistics, data, professional information and advice as he may reasonably request.

- The members of the board shall receive a per diem of fifty dollars for each day actually devoted to the business of the board, and shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred by them in the discharge of their official duties.
- After having conducted a performance and fiscal 39 40 audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter 41 42 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and 43 declares that the driver's licensing advisory board 44 should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article 45 ten, chapter four of this code, the drivers' licensing 46 advisory board shall continue to exist until the first day 47 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven. 48

CHAPTER 106

(H. B. 2864—By Delegate J. Martin)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article one, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section twenty-six, article fifteen of said chapter, all relating to emergency vehicles, authorization for emergency vehicle permits; transferring authority from division of motor vehicles to certain agencies including county sheriffs.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article one, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section twenty-six, article fifteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 1. Words and Phrases Defined.
- 15. Equipment.

ARTICLE 1. WORDS AND PHRASES DEFINED.

§17C-1-6. Authorized emergency vehicle.

"Authorized emergency vehicle" means vehicles of a 1 2 fire department, duly chartered rescue squad, police, 3 department, ambulance service, state, county or munic-4 ipal agency and such privately owned ambulances, tow trucks, wreckers, flag car services, vehicles providing 5 road service to disabled vehicles, service vehicles of a 6 7 public service corporation, postal service vehicles, snow 8 removal equipment. Class A vehicles of firefighters, 9 Class A vehicles of members of ambulance services, and Class A vehicles of members of duly chartered rescue 10 squads, and all other emergency vehicles as are 11 designated by the agency responsible for the operation 12 13 and control of these persons or organizations. Class A 14 vehicles are as defined by section one, article ten, chapter seventeen-a of this code. Agency authorization 15 and emergency equipment are defined in section twenty-16 six, article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of this code. 17 Agencies responsible for issuing authorization for 18 emergency vehicle permits may promulgate such 19 20 regulations that are necessary for the issuance of 21 permits for emergency vehicles.

ARTICLE 15. EQUIPMENT.

§17C-15-26. Special restrictions on lamps.

- (a) Any lighted lamp or illuminating device upon a 1 2 motor vehicle other than head lamps, spot lamps, 3 auxiliary lamps or flashing front-direction signals which projects a beam of light of an intensity greater 4 than three hundred candlepower shall be so directed 5 that no part of the beam will strike the level of the 6 roadway on which the vehicle stands at a distance of 7 8 more than seventy-five feet from the vehicle.
- 9 (b) No person shall drive or move any vehicle or 10 equipment upon any highway with any lamp or device 11 thereon displaying other than a white or amber light visible from directly in front of the center thereof except 13 as authorized by subsection (d) of this section.
- 14 (c) Except as authorized in section nineteen, flashing 15 lights are prohibited on motor vehicles, except on an

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- authorized emergency vehicle, school bus, snow removal equipment or on any vehicle as a means for indicating right or left turn, or on any vehicle as a means of indicating the same is disabled or otherwise stopped for an emergency.
 - (d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the following colors of flashing warning lights are restricted for the use of the type of vehicle designated:
 - (1) Blue flashing warning lights are restricted to police vehicles. Authorization for police vehicles shall be designated by the chief administrative official of each police department.
- 29 (2) Except for standard vehicle equipment authorized 30 by section nineteen of this article, red flashing warning 31 lights are restricted to ambulances, fire-fighting 32 vehicles, school buses, Class A vehicles, as defined by 33 section one, article ten, chapter seventeen-a of this code, 34 of those firefighters who are authorized by their fire 35 chiefs to have such lights and to Class A vehicles of 36 members of ambulance services or duly chartered rescue squads who are authorized by their respective 37 chiefs to have such lights: Provided, That red flashing 38 warning lights attached to such Class A vehicles may 39 be operated only when responding to or engaged in 40 41 handling an emergency requiring the attention of such firefighters or members of such ambulance services or 42 43 chartered rescue squads.

Authorization for all ambulances shall be designated by the department of health and human services and the sheriff of the county of residence.

Authorization for all fire-fighting vehicles shall be designated by the fire chief and the state fire marshal's office.

Authorization for all rescue squad vehicles shall be designated by the squad chief, the sheriff of the county of residence and the department of health and human services.

Authorization for school buses shall be designated by the sheriff of the county of residence.

Authorization for firefighters to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by their fire chiefs and the state fire marshal's office.

Authorization for members of ambulance services or any other emergency medical service personnel to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by their chief official, the department of health and human services and the sheriff of the county of residence.

Authorization for members of duly chartered rescue squads to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by their squad chiefs, the sheriff of the county of residence and the department of health and human services.

(3) All other emergency vehicles, including tow trucks and wreckers, authorized by this chapter and by section twenty-seven of this article shall be restricted to amber or yellow flashing warning lights.

Authorization for tow trucks, wreckers, flag car services, vehicles providing road service to disabled vehicles, service vehicles of a public service corporation, postal service vehicles and snow removal equipment shall be designated by the sheriff of the county of residence.

(e) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, any vehicle belonging to a county board of education may be equipped with a white flashing strobotron warning light. This strobe light may be installed on the roof of a school bus not to exceed one-third the body length forward from the rear of the roof edge. The light shall have a single clear lens emitting light three hundred sixty degrees around its vertical axis and may not extend above the roof more than six and one-half inches. A manual switch and a pilot light must be included to indicate the light is in operation.

It shall be unlawful for flashing warning lights of an unauthorized color to be installed or used on a vehicle other than as specified in this section, except that a police vehicle may be equipped with either or both blue or red warning lights.

CHAPTER 107

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2349—By Delegate Louisos)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five-a, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, relating to the revocation of licenses to operate a motor vehicle for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; providing that a person who is convicted of driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs shall have his or her operator's license revoked; and eliminating the administrative hearing for persons so convicted who do not act to appeal such convictions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five-a, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 5A. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES FOR DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL, CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES OR DRUGS.
- §17C-5A-1a. Revocation upon conviction for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs.
 - (a) If a person is convicted for an offense defined in 1 section two, article five of this chapter or for an offense 2 described in a municipal ordinance which has the same 3 elements as an offense described in said section two of 4 article five, because such person did drive a motor 5 vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled 6 substances or drugs, or the combined influence of 7 alcohol or controlled substances or drugs, or did drive 8 a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration 9 in his blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more. 10

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- by weight, and if such person does not act to appeal such conviction within the time periods described in subsection (b) of this section, such person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state shall be revoked in accordance with the provisions of this section.
 - (b) The clerk of the court in which a person is convicted for an offense described in section two, article five of this chapter or for an offense described in a municipal ordinance which has the same elements as an offense described in said section two of article five, shall forward to the commissioner a transcript of the judgment of conviction. If the conviction is the judgment of a magistrate court, the magistrate court clerk shall forward such transcript when the person convicted has not requested an appeal within twenty days of the sentencing for such conviction. If the conviction is the judgment of a mayor or police court judge or municipal court judge, the clerk or recorder shall forward such transcript when the person convicted has not perfected an appeal within ten days from and after the date upon which the sentence is imposed. If the conviction is the judgment of a circuit court, the circuit clerk shall forward such transcript when the person convicted has not filed a notice of intent to file a petition for appeal or writ of error within thirty days after the judgment was entered.
 - (c) If, upon examination of the transcript of the judgment of conviction, the commissioner shall determine that the person was convicted for an offense described in section two, article five of this chapter or for an offense described in a municipal ordinance which has the same elements as an offense described in said section two of article five, because such person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or the combined influence of alcohol or controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in his blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the commissioner shall make and enter an order revoking such person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state. The order shall contain the

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52 reasons for the revocation and the revocation periods 53 provided for in section two of this article. Further, the 54 order shall give the procedures for requesting a hearing 55 which is to be held in accordance with the provisions of section two of this article. The person shall be advised 56 57 in the order that because of the receipt of a transcript 58 of the judgment of conviction by the commissioner a 59 presumption exists that the person named in the 60 transcript of the judgment of conviction is the person 61 named in the commissioner's order and such constitutes 62 sufficient evidence to support revocation and that the sole purpose for the hearing held under this section is 63 64 for the person requesting the hearing to present evidence that he or she is not the person named in the 65 66 transcript of the judgment of conviction. A copy of such 67 order shall be forwarded to such person by registered 68 or certified mail, return receipt requested. No revoca-69 tion shall become effective until ten days after receipt 70 of a copy of such order.

- (d) The provisions of this section shall not apply if an order reinstating the operator's license of the person has been entered by the commissioner prior to the receipt of the transcript of the judgment of conviction.
- 75 (e) For the purposes of this section, a person is 76 convicted when such person enters a plea of guilty or 77 is found guilty by a court or jury.

CHAPTER 108

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 90-By Senators Brackenrich, Dittmar, Whitlow and Felton)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-six-a, article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to sun screening devices; definitions; specifications; exceptions; and penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty-six-a, article fifteen, chapter seventeence of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. EQUIPMENT.

§17C-15-36a. Sun screening devices; penalties.

- (a) No person may operate a motor vehicle that is registered or required to be registered in the state on any public highway, road or street that has a sun screening device on the windshield, the front side wings and side windows adjacent to the right and left of the driver and windows adjacent to the rear of the driver that do not meet the requirements of this section.
- 8 (b) A sun screening device when used in conjunction
 9 with the windshield must be nonreflective and may not
 10 be red, yellow or amber in color. A sun screening device
 11 may be used only along the top of the windshield and
 12 may not extend downward beyond the ASI line or more
 13 than five inches from the top of the windshield whi14 chever is closer to the top of the windshield.
 - (c) A sun screening device when used in conjunction with the automotive safety glazing materials of the side wings or side windows located at the immediate right and left of the driver shall be a nonreflective type with reflectivity of not more than twenty percent and have a light transmission of not less than thirty-five percent. The side windows behind the driver and the rear most windows may have a sun screening device that is designed to be used on automotive safety glazing materials that has a light transmission of not less than thirty-five percent and a reflectivity of not more than twenty percent. If a sun screening device is used on glazing behind the driver, one right and one left outside rear view mirror is required.
 - (d) Each manufacturer shall:
- 30 (1) Certify to the division of public safety and division 31 of motor vehicles that a sun screening device used by

- it is in compliance with the reflectivity and transmittance requirements of this section;
 - (2) Provide a label not to exceed one and one-half square inches in size, with a means for the permanent and legible installations between the sun screening material and each glazing surface to which it is applied that contains the manufacturer's name and its percentage of light transmission; and
 - (3) Include instructions with the product or material for proper installation, including the affixing of the label specified in this section. The labeling or marking must be placed in the left lower corner of each glazing surface when facing the vehicle from the outside.
 - (e) No person may:
 - (1) Offer for sale or for use any sun screening product or material for motor vehicle use not in compliance with this section; or
 - (2) Install any sun screening product or material on vehicles intended for use on public roads without permanently affixing the label specified in this section.
 - (f) The provisions of this section do not apply to a motor vehicle registered in this state in the name of a person, or the person's legal guardian, who has an affidavit signed by a physician or an optometrist licensed to practice in this state that states that the person has a physical condition that makes it necessary to equip the motor vehicle with sun screening material which would be of a light transmittance or luminous reflectance in violation of this section. The affidavit must be in the possession of the person so afflicted, or the person's legal guardian, at all times while being transported in the motor vehicle.
 - (g) The light transmittance requirement of this section does not apply to windows behind the driver on trucks, buses, trailers, mobile homes and multipurpose passenger vehicles.
 - (h) As used in this section:
 - (1) "Bus" means a motor vehicle with motive power,

- 70 except a trailer, designed for carrying more than ten persons.
 - (2) "Light transmission" means the ratio of the amount of total light to pass through a product or material to the amount of the total light falling on the product or material.
 - (3) "Luminous reflectants" means the ratio of the amount of total light that is reflected outward by the product or material to the amount of the total light falling on the product or materials.
 - (4) "Manufacturer" means any person engaged in the manufacturing or assembling of sun screening products or materials designed to be used in conjunction with vehicle glazing materials for the purpose of reducing the effects of the sun.
 - (5) "Motor homes" means vehicular units designed to provide temporary living quarters built into and an integral part of or permanently attached to a self-propelled motor vehicle chassis.
 - (6) "Multipurpose passenger vehicle" means a motor vehicle with motive power, except a trailer, designed to carry ten persons or less which is constructed either on a truck chassis or with special features for occasional off-road operation.
- 94 (7) "Nonreflective" means a product or material designed to absorb light rather than to reflect it.
 - (8) "Passenger car" means a motor vehicle with motive power, except a multipurpose passenger vehicle, motorcycle or trailer, designed for carrying ten persons or less.
 - (9) "Sun screening device" means film material or device that is designed to be used in conjunction with motor vehicle safety glazing materials for reducing the effects of the sun.
- 104 (10) "Truck" means a motor vehicle with motive 105 power, except a trailer, designed primarily for the 106 transportation of property or special purpose equip-107 ment.

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(i) Any person violating the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, may be fined not more than two hundred dollars or be imprisoned for not more than thirty days.

CHAPTER 109

(H. B. 2869—By Delegates Faircloth and Douglas)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article sixteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to allowing motor vehicle dealers to operate certain motor vehicles without an inspection sticker.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article sixteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16. INSPECTION OF VEHICLES.

§17C-16-9. Operation without certificate or failure to produce certificate; penalty for misdemeanor.

It is a misdemeanor for any owner or operator, or both owner and operator, of any vehicle required to be inspected under subsection (a), section four of this article, to operate or permit to be operated such vehicle without having displayed thereon a current and valid certificate of inspection and approval or fail to produce same upon demand of any authorized person as designated under subsection (a), section four of this article: *Provided*, That a dealer licensed to sell new vehicles under the provision of article six, chapter seventeena of this code shall not be required to display a certificate of inspection and approval upon any new vehicle if the vehicle is driven for an operational purpose including all activities associated with dealer preparation for sale of a motor vehicle belonging to such dealer when such

- 16 vehicle has not been titled or delivered to a purchaser.
- 17 and when such car is not to be used in the demonstrator
- fleet or otherwise routinely driven on the highways or 18
- 19 roads of this state.
- 20 Unless another penalty is by the laws of this state provided, every person convicted of a misdemeanor for 21 operating a vehicle without having displayed thereon a 22
- 23 current and valid certificate of inspection and approval
- 24 or for failure to produce such certificate upon demand
- 25 of an authorized person shall be punished by a fine of
- 26 not more than one hundred dollars.

CHAPTER 110

(H. B. 2824—By Delegates Burk and Roop)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen, article twelve, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, extending the term of years any municipality is empowered and authorized to lease as lessor any of its real or personal property or any interest therein or any part thereof from thirty to fifty years.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article twelve, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. GENERAL AND SPECIFIC POWERS. DUTIES AND ALLIED RELATIONS OF MUNICIPALITIES. GOVERNING BODIES AND MUNICIPAL OFFI-CERS AND EMPLOYEES: SUITS AGAINST MUNICIPALITIES.

> PART VI. SALE LEASE OR DISPOSITION OF OTHER MUNICIPAL PROPERTY.

§8-12-18. Sale, lease or disposition of other municipal property.

- (a) Every municipality may sell, lease as lessor or dispose of any of its real or personal property or any interest therein or any part thereof (other than a public utility which shall be sold or leased in accordance with the provisions of section seventeen of this article), as authorized in article five, chapter one of this code, or to the United States of America or any agency or instrumentality thereof for a public purpose for an adequate consideration, without considering alone the present commercial or market value of such property.
- (b) In all other cases involving a sale, any municipality is hereby empowered and authorized to sell any of its real or personal property or any interest therein or any part thereof for a fair and adequate consideration, such property to be sold at public auction at a place designated by the governing body, but before making any such sale, notice of the time, terms and place of sale, together with a brief description of the property to be sold, shall be published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the municipality. The requirements of notice and public auction shall not apply to the sale of any one item or piece of property of less value than one thousand dollars, and under no circumstances shall the provisions of this section be construed as being applicable to any transaction involving the trading in of municipally owned property on the purchase of new or other property for the municipality, and every municipality shall have plenary power and authority to enter into and consummate any such trade-in transaction.
- (c) In all other cases involving a lease, any municipality is hereby empowered and authorized to lease as lessor any of its real or personal property or any interest therein or any part thereof for a fair and adequate consideration and for a term not exceeding fifty years. Every such lease shall be authorized by resolution of the governing body of such municipality, which resolution may specify terms and conditions which must be contained in such lease: *Provided*, That before any such

42 proposed lease is authorized by resolution of the 43 governing body, a public hearing on such proposed lease 44 shall be held by such governing body after notice of the 45 date, time, place and purpose of such public hearing has been published as a Class I legal advertisement in 46 compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 47 48 fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such 49 publication shall be the municipality. The power and 50 authority granted in this subsection shall be in addition 51 to and not in derogation of any power and authority 52 vested in any municipality under any constitutional or other statutory provision now or hereafter in effect. 53

CHAPTER 111

(H. B. 2700-By Delegates Damron and Williams)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventeen, article fourteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section twenty-two, article fifteen of said chapter, relating to basing paid police and paid fire department promotions on experience and written competitive examinations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seventeen, article fourteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section twenty-two, article fifteen of said chapter, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

14. Law and Order; Police Force or Departments; Powers, Authority and Duties of Law-Enforcement Officials and Policemen; Police Matrons; Special School Zone and Parking Lot or Parking Building Police Officers; Civil Service for Certain Police Departments.

15. Fire Fighting; Fire Companies and Departments; Civil Service for Paid Fire Departments.

ARTICLE 14. LAW AND ORDER; POLICE FORCE OR DEPARTMENTS; POWERS, AUTHORITY AND DUTIES OF
LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS AND POLICEMEN; POLICE MATRONS; SPECIAL SCHOOL
ZONE AND PARKING LOT OR PARKING BUILDING POLICE OFFICERS; CIVIL SERVICE FOR
CERTAIN POLICE DEPARTMENTS.

§8-14-17. Vacancies filled by promotions; eligibility for promotion; rights of chief.

1 Vacancies in positions in a paid police department of 2 a Class I or Class II city shall be filled, so far as 3 practicable, by promotions from among individuals 4 holding positions in the next lower grade in the 5 department. Promotions shall be based upon experience 6 and by written competitive examinations to be provided 7 by the policemen's civil service commission: Provided. 8 That except for the chief of police, no individual shall 9 be eligible for promotion from the lower grade to the next higher grade until such individual shall have 10 completed at least two years of continuous service in the 11 12 next lower grade in the department immediately prior 13 to said examination: Provided, however. That notwith-14 standing the provisions of section six of this article, any 15 member of a paid police department of Class I or Class 16 II city now occupying the office of chief of such paid 17 police department, or hereafter appointed to such office. 18 shall, except as hereinafter provided in this section, be 19 and shall continue to be entitled to all of the rights and 20 benefits of the civil service provisions of this article, 21 except that he may be removed from such office of chief 22 of police without cause, and the time spent by such 23 member in the office of such chief of police shall be added to the time served by such member during the 24 25 entire time he was a member of said paid police department prior to his appointment as chief, and shall 26 in all cases of removal, except for removal for good 27 cause, retain the regular rank within said paid police 28 department which he held at the time of his appoint-29 ment to the office of chief of police or which he has 30 attained during his term of service as chief of police. 31 The provisions of this section shall be construed to apply 32 and to inure to the benefit of all individuals who have 33

- 34 ever been subject to the provisions of this article. The
- commission shall have the power to determine in each 35
- instance whether an increase in salary constitutes a 36
- 37 promotion.
- ARTICLE 15. FIRE FIGHTING; FIRE COMPANIES AND DEPART-MENTS: CIVIL SERVICE FOR PAID FIRE DEPARTMENTS.
- §8-15-22. Vacancies filled by promotions; eligibility for promotion.
 - 1 Vacancies in positions in a paid fire department shall
 - 2 be filled, so far as practicable, by promotions from
 - among individuals holding positions in the next lower 3
 - 4 grade in the department. Promotions shall be based
 - 5 upon experience and by competitive examinations to be
 - 6 provided by the firemen's civil service commission:
 - 7 Provided. That no individual shall be eligible for
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 - promotion from the lower grade to the next higher grade until such individual shall have completed at least 9
 - 10 two years of continuous service in the next lower grade
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 - in the department immediately prior to said examina-
 - 12 tion. The commission shall have the power to determine
 - 13 in each instance whether an increase in salary consti-
 - 14 tutes a promotion.

CHAPTER 112

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2625—By Delegates Browning and Kiss)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections twenty, twenty-four, twenty-six and twenty-six-a, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen-a, all relating to providing legislative findings; amending the amortization period for municipal pension funds; providing a base for death benefit calculations; providing disability benefit for nonservice related disability: creating a maximum supplemental

pension benefit; providing supplemental disability benefit; creating a waiting period for eligibility for supplemental pension benefits and supplemental disability benefits; providing for actuarial certification of supplemental benefit amounts and providing for increased member contribution when required by actuary.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections twenty, twenty-four, twenty-six and twenty-six-a, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22. RETIREMENT BENEFITS GENERALLY; POLICE-MEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; FIRE-MEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; PENSION PLANS FOR EMPLOYEES OF WATERWORKS SYSTEM, SEWERAGE SYSTEM OR COMBINED WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

§8-22-16a. Legislative findings.

§8-22-20. Minimum standards for actuarial soundness.

§8-22-24. Disability pensions.

§8-22-26. Death benefits.

§8-22-26a. Supplemental pension benefits entitlement; benefit payable; application of section; construction.

§8-22-16a. Legislative findings.

The Legislature finds that prudence often dictates a 1 review of well meaning actions previously taken. The 2 Legislature further finds that implementation of the 3 cost of living benefit enacted during the one thousand 4 5 nine hundred ninety regular legislative session would be disadvantageous to members of the municipal policemen 6 and firemen pension funds and municipal budgets due 7 to the large cost associated with that benefit and that 8 this fact was unknown at the time of enactment of the 9 cost of living benefit. The Legislature further finds that 10 the fiscal integrity of the various municipal policemen 11

12 and firemen pension funds will be in extreme jeopardy

if an alternative benefit is not enacted. The Legislature

14 further finds that maintenance of an actuarially sound

15 pension system is incumbent upon the administrators of

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16 the various funds and is also incumbent upon the 17 Legislature when it enacts changes to the benefit 18 structure. The Legislature further finds that the 19 implementation of the cost of living benefit enacted in 20 the one thousand nine hundred ninety regular legislative 21 session would prevent the maintenance of an actuarially 22 sound pension system and would jeopardize the interests 23 of the members of the retirement funds, therefore, it is 24 necessary to amend the cost of living benefit as 25 previously enacted.

§8-22-20. Minimum standards for actuarial soundness.

- The board of trustees for each pension and relief fund shall have regularly scheduled actuarial valuation reports prepared by a qualified actuary. All of the following standards must be met:
- 5 (a) An actuarial valuation report shall be prepared at least once every three years commencing with the later of (1) the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, or (2) three years following the most recently prepared actuarial valuation report: *Provided*, That this most recently prepared actuarial valuation report meets all of the standards of this section.
- 12 (b) The actuarial valuation report shall consist of, but is not limited to, the following disclosures: (1) The 13 financial objective of the fund and how the objective is 14 to be attained, (2) the progress being made toward 15 realization of the financial objective, (3) recent changes 16 in the nature of the fund, benefits provided, or actuarial 17 assumptions or methods, (4) the frequency of actuarial 18 valuation reports and the date of the most recent 19 actuarial valuation report, (5) the method used to value 20 21 fund assets. (6) the extent to which the qualified actuary relies on the data provided and whether the data was 22 certified by the fund's auditor or examined by the 23 qualified actuary for reasonableness, (7) a description 24 and explanation of the actuarial assumptions and 25 methods, and (8) any other information the qualified 26 actuary feels is necessary or would be useful in fully and 27 fairly disclosing the actuarial condition of the fund. 28
 - (c) After the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine

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hundred ninety-one, and thereafter, the financial objective of each municipality shall not be less than to contribute to the fund annually an amount which, together with the contributions from the members and the allocable portion of the state premium tax fund for municipal pension and relief funds established under section fourteen-d, article three, chapter thirty-three of this code and other income sources as authorized by law. will be sufficient to meet the normal cost of the fund and amortize any actuarial deficiency over a period of not more than forty years: Provided, That in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the municipality may elect to make its annual contribution to the fund utilizing an alternative contribution in an amount not less than (i) one hundred seven percent of the amount contributed for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, or (ii) an amount equal to the average of the contribution payments made in the five highest fiscal years beginning with the 1984 fiscal year whichever is greater: Provided, however, That contribution payments in subsequent fiscal years under this alternative contribution method shall not be less than one hundred seven percent of the amount contributed in the prior fiscal year: Provided further, That prior to utilizing this alternative contribution methodology the actuary of the fund shall certify in writing that the fund is projected to be solvent under the alternative contribution method for the next consecutive fifteenyear period. For purposes of determining this minimum financial objective, (1) the value of the fund's assets shall be determined on the basis of any reasonable actuarial method of valuation which takes into account fair market value, and (2) all costs, deficiencies, rate of interest, and other factors under the fund shall be determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which, in aggregate, are reasonable (taking into account the experience of the fund and reasonable expectations) and which, in combination, offer the qualified actuary's best estimate of anticipated experience under the fund.

- article to the contrary, each municipality shall contribute annually to the fund an amount which may not be less than the normal cost, as determined by the actuarial report.
 - (d) For purposes of this section the term "qualified actuary" means only an actuary who is a member of the society of actuaries or the American academy of actuaries. The qualified actuary shall be designated a fiduciary and shall discharge his duties with respect to a fund solely in the interest of the members and member's beneficiaries of that fund. In order for the standards of this section to be met, the qualified actuary shall certify that the actuarial valuation report is complete and accurate and that in his opinion the technique and assumptions used are reasonable and meet the requirements of this section of this article.
 - (e) The cost of the preparation of the actuarial valuation report shall be paid by the fund.
 - (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the municipality may calculate its annual contribution based upon the provisions of the supplemental benefit provided for in this article enacted during the one thousand nine hundred ninety-one regular session of the Legislature.

§8-22-24. Disability pensions.

- (a) The monthly sum to be paid to each member eligible for disability received as a proximate result of service rendered in the performance of his or her duties under the provisions of section twenty-three-a of this article shall be equal to sixty percent of the monthly salary being received by such member, at the time he is so disabled, or the sum of five hundred dollars per month, whichever shall be greater: *Provided*, That the limitation provided in subsection (b) of this section is not exceeded.
- (b) Effective for any member who becomes eligible for disability benefits on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, under the provisions

of section twenty-three-a of this article, as a proximate result of service rendered in the performance of his duties within such departments, his monthly disability payment as provided in subsection (a) of this section shall not, when aggregated with the monthly amount of state workers' compensation, result in such disabled member receiving a total monthly income from such sources in excess of one hundred percent of the basic compensation which is paid to members holding the same position which such member held within such department at the time of his disability. Lump sum payments of state workers' compensation benefits shall not be considered for purposes of this subsection unless such lump sum payments represent commuted values of monthly state workers' compensation benefits.

- (c) Any member who has served on active duty with the armed forces of the United States as described in section twenty-seven of this article, whether prior or subsequent to becoming a member of a paid police or fire department covered by the provisions of this article, and who, on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, is receiving or thereafter receives a disability pension, shall receive in addition to the sixty percent or minimum five hundred dollars authorized in subsection (a) of this section, one additional percent for each year served in active military duty, up to a maximum of four additional percent.
- (d) Beginning on and after the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the monthly sum to be paid to a member who becomes eligible for total disability incurred not in the line of duty shall be the monthly benefit provided in subsection (a) of this section: Provided, That the limitation in subsection (b) of this section is not exceeded: Provided, however, That for any person receiving benefits under this subsection who is self-employed or employed by another, there shall be offset against said benefits the amount of one dollar for each three dollars of income derived from self-employment or employment by another: Provided further, That a person receiving disability benefits must file a certified copy of his or her tax return on or before

the fifteenth day of April of each year to demonstrate either unemployment or income earned from self-employment or employment by another: And provided further, That there shall be no offset of benefit for any income derived from self-employment or employment by another when the annual total amount of such income is seven thousand five hundred dollars or less.

§8-22-26. Death benefits.

(a) In case:

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- (1) Any member of a paid police or fire department who has been in continuous service for more than five years dies from any cause other than as specified in subsection (b) of this section before retirement on a disability pension under the provisions of, prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, section twenty-four of this article, or after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, sections twenty-three-a and twenty-four of this article or a retirement pension under the provisions of subsection (a) or both subsections (a) and (b), section twenty-five of this article, leaving in either case surviving a spouse, or any dependent child or children under the age of eighteen years, or dependent father or mother or both. or any dependent brothers or sisters or both under the age of eighteen years, or any dependent child over the age of eighteen years of age who is totally physically or mentally disabled so long as such condition exists; or
- (2) Any former member of any such department who is on a disability pension prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, under section twenty-four of this article, or after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, under sections twenty-three-a and twenty-four of this article, or is receiving or is entitled to receive retirement pension benefits under the provisions of subsection (a) or both subsections (a) and (b), section twenty-five of this article, dies from any cause other than as specified in subsection (b) of this section leaving in either case surviving a spouse or any dependent child or children under the age of eighteen years or dependent father or

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mother or both, or any dependent brothers or sisters or both under the age of eighteen years, or any dependent child over the age of eighteen years of age who is totally physically or mentally disabled so long as such condition exists: then in any of the cases set forth above in (1) and (2) the board of trustees of such pension and relief fund shall, immediately following the death of such member. pay to or for each of such entitled surviving dependents the following pension benefits: To such spouse, until death or remarriage, a sum per month equal to sixty percent of such member's pension or, in the event such member was not receiving a pension at the time of his death, a sum per month equal to sixty percent of the monthly retirement pension such member would have been entitled to receive pursuant to section twenty-five of this article on the date of his death if such member had then been eligible for a retirement pension thereunder, or the sum of three hundred dollars per month. whichever is greater; to each such dependent child, a sum per month equal to twenty percent of such member's pension or, in the event such member was not receiving a pension on the date of his death, a sum per month equal to twenty percent of the monthly retirement pension such member would have been entitled to receive pursuant to section twenty-five of this article on the date of his death if such member had then been eligible for a retirement pension thereunder, or until such child attains the age of eighteen years or marries, whichever first occurs; to each such dependent orphaned child, a sum per month equal to twenty-five percent of such member's pension or, in the event such member was not receiving a pension at the time of his death, a sum per month equal to twenty-five percent of the monthly retirement pension such member would have been entitled to receive pursuant to section twenty-five of this article on the date of his death if such member had then been eligible for a retirement pension thereunder, until such child attains the age of eighteen years or marries, whichever first occurs; to each such dependent orphaned child, a sum per month equal to twenty-five percent of such member's pension or, in the event such member was not receiving a pension on the

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date of his death, a sum per month equal to twenty-five percent of the monthly retirement pension such member would have been entitled to receive pursuant to section twenty-five of this article on the date of his death if such member had then been eligible for a retirement pension thereunder, until such child attains the age of eighteen years or marries, whichever first occurs; to each such dependent father or mother, a sum per month for each equal to ten percent of such member's pension or, in the event such member was not receiving a pension on the date of his death, a sum per month equal to ten percent of the monthly retirement pension such member would have been entitled to receive pursuant to section twentyfive of this article on the date of his death if such member had then been eligible for a retirement pension thereunder; to each such dependent brother or sister, the sum of fifty dollars per month until such individual attains the age of eighteen years or marries, whichever first occurs, but in no event shall the aggregate amount paid to such brothers and sisters exceed one hundred dollars per month. If at any time, because of the number of dependents, all such dependents cannot be paid in full as herein provided, then each dependent shall receive his pro rata share of such payments. In no case shall the payments to the surviving spouse and children be cut 100 below sixty-five percent of the total amount paid to all 101 dependents.

(b) The surviving spouse, child or children. or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, of any such member who dies by reason of service rendered in the performance of such member's duties shall, regardless of the length of such member's service and irrespective of whether such member was or was not entitled to receive, or was or was not receiving, disability pension or temporary disability payments at the time of his death, receive the death benefits provided for in subsection (a) of this section. If such member had less than three years' service at the time of his death, the member's pension shall be computed on the basis of the actual number of years of service.

- 116 (c) If a member dies without leaving a spouse, 117 dependent child or children, or dependent father or 118 mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, his contribu-119 tions to the fund plus six percent interest shall be 120 refunded to his named beneficiary or, if no beneficiary 121 has been named, to his estate to the extent that such 122 contributions plus interest exceed any disability or 123 retirement benefits that he may have received before his 124 death.
- 125 (d) The provisions of this section shall not be construed 126 as creating or establishing any contractual or vested 127 rights in favor of any individual who may be or become 128 qualified as a beneficiary of the death benefits herein 129 authorized to be made, all the provisions hereof and 130 benefits provided for hereunder being expressly subject 131 to such subsequent legislative enactments as may 132 provide for any change, modification or elimination of 133 the beneficiaries or benefits specified herein.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of section twentyfour of this article the benefit provided for in this section shall be calculated as if the member had remained unemployed throughout any period of disability.

§8-22-26a. Supplemental pension benefits entitlement; benefit payable; application of section; construction.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all 1 retirees, surviving beneficiaries, disability pensioners or 2 future retirees shall receive as a supplemental pension 3 benefit an annualized monthly amount commencing on 4 the first day of July, based on a percentage increase 5 equal to any increase in the consumer price index as 6 calculated by the United States Department of Labor. 7 Bureau of Statistics, for the preceding year: Provided. 8 That the supplemental pension benefit specified herein 9 shall not exceed four percent per year: Provided, 10 however, That no retiree shall be eligible for the 11 supplemental pension benefit specified herein until the 12 first day of July after the expiration of two years from 13 the date of retirement of said retiree: Provided further. 14 That persons retiring prior to the effective date of this 15

16 section shall receive the supplemental benefit provided 17 for in this section immediately upon retirement and 18 shall not be subject to the two year delay: And provided 19 further, That the supplemental benefit shall only be 20 calculated on the allowable amount, which is the first fifteen thousand dollars of the total annual benefit paid. 21 22 If at any time, after the supplemental benefit becomes 23 applicable, the total accumulated percentage increase in 24 benefit on the allowable amount becomes less than 25 seventy-five percent of the total accumulated percentage 26 increase in the consumer price index over that same 27 period of time, the four percent limitation shall be 28 inapplicable until such time as the supplemental benefit paid equals seventy-five percent of the accumulated 29 30 increase in the consumer price index. The supplemental 31 pension benefit payable under the provisions of this 32 section shall be paid in equal monthly installments.

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- (b) Upon commencement of the payment of death benefits pursuant to section twenty-six of this article. there shall be calculated on the allowable amount, which is the first fifteen thousand dollars of the annual allowable benefit under said section twenty-six, the supplemental benefit provided for in subsection (a) of this section using the date that the retirement benefit provided for pursuant to section twenty-five of this article began as the base year. The amount of the death benefit provided pursuant to section twenty-six of this article shall be calculated without regard to any supplemental benefit previously paid under this section. After the initial calculation made pursuant to this subsection the beneficiary of the benefits provided for pursuant to section twenty-six, shall, after reindexation, thereafter receive the supplemental benefit provided for in subsection (a).
- (c) Persons becoming disabled and eligible for a benefit under subsection (d), section twenty-four of this article after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall receive as an annualized monthly supplemental benefit commencing on each July first an amount based on a percentage increase equal to any increase in the consumer price index as calcu-

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lated by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Statistics, for the preceding year: Provided, That the supplemental pension benefit shall not exceed four percent per year: Provided, however, That the benefit provided herein shall not commence until the first day of July in the second year after what would have been the earliest service retirement date pursuant to section twenty-five of this article for the person receiving the disability benefit: Provided further. That for persons becoming eligible for a benefit under subsection (d). article twenty-four of this section who were not employed in the preceding year and file a copy of his or her income tax return by the fifteenth of April each year, evidencing said lack of employment, the benefit provided herein shall commence on the first day of July in the second year after the date of disablement: And provided further. That the supplemental benefit shall only be calculated on the allowable amount, which is the first fifteen thousand dollars of the total annual benefit paid. If at any time after the commencement of the payment of the supplemental benefit provided under this subsection the total accumulated percentage increase in benefit on the allowable amount becomes less than seventy-five percent of the total accumulated increase in the consumer price index for that same period of time, the four percent limitation shall be inapplicable until such time as the supplemental benefit paid equals seventy-five percent of the accumulated increase in the consumer price index.

(d) Persons receiving a disability pension pursuant to section twenty-four of this article prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall receive commencing each July first, as an annualized monthly supplemental benefit an amount based on a percentage increase equal to any increase in the consumer price index as calculated by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Statistics, for the preceding year: Provided, That the supplemental benefit provided herein shall not exceed two percent per year: Provided, however, That beginning the first day of July two years after what would have been the earliest service retirement date pursuant to section twenty-five

99 of this article the supplemental benefit provided herein 100 shall not exceed four percent per year. The amount of 101 supplemental benefit provided in this subsection shall 102 not exceed four percent beginning the first day of July 103 in any twelve month period for any pensioner who files 104 a certified copy of his or her tax return evidencing that 105 said pensioner was unemployed in the preceding year 106 and received no earned income. The tax return shall be 107 filed by the fifteenth of April in any such year. If at any 108 time after the first day of July in the second year from 109 what would have been the earliest service retirement 110 date pursuant to section twenty-five of this article the 111 total accumulated percentage increase in the supple-112 mental benefit provided pursuant to this subsection on 113 the allowable amount becomes less than the seventy-five 114 percent of the total accumulated percentage increase in 115 the consumer price index over that same period of time, 116 the maximum percentage shall be inapplicable until 117 such time as the percentage increase in the supplemen-118 tal benefit paid equals seventy-five percent of the 119 accumulated increase in the consumer price index. The 120 supplemental benefit provided in this subsection shall 121 only be calculated on the allowable amount, which is the 122 first fifteen thousand dollars of the annual benefit paid.

(e) Any supplemental benefits paid during a period of non-entitlement may be withheld out of subsequent regular monthly pension benefits.

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(f) During the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and each year thereafter, each municipal policemen's and firemen's pension fund shall be reviewed by a qualified actuary who shall make a determination as to its actuarial soundness. Based upon the actuary's determination of the actuarial soundness of the fund, the actuary shall certify to the board of trustees of the fund the amount of increase in supplemental benefits, if any, which may be paid, and which will preserve the minimum standards for actuarial soundness of the fund, as set forth in section twenty of this article. The board of trustees shall increase supplemental benefits by an amount which is equal to the actuary's certified

140	recommendation, up to the four percent limit contained
141	in this section or the increase in the consumer price
142	index, whichever is less. If the actuary determines that
143	it is necessary to preserve the actuarial soundness of the
144	fund, the board of trustees of the fund shall increase the
145	percentage of the members' contribution from seven
146	percent to the amount certified by the actuary not to
147	exceed eight and one-half percent, but only for so long
148	as is necessary to achieve the minimum standards for
149	actuarial soundness required by section twenty of this
150	article. In any year in which there is no supplemental
151	benefit paid, such year shall not be included in the
152	reindexation calculation provided pursuant to this
153	section.

154 (g) This section shall be construed liberally to 155 effectuate the purpose of establishing minimum pension 156 benefits under this article for members and surviving 157 spouses.

CHAPTER 113

(S. B. 512—By Senator Wooton)

[Passed March 6, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article twenty-nine-a, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to county airport authority; and providing generally therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-nine-a, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 29A. COUNTY AIRPORT AUTHORITIES.

§8-29A-1.	County airport authority authorized as public agency.
§8-29A-2.	Appointment of members; powers and duties; compensation;
Ū	terms; removal or replacement.
§8-29A-3.	Powers generally.
§8-29A-4.	Funds; accounting; reporting.

§8-29A-4. Funds; accounting; reporting. §8-29A-5. Full-time employees of the authority to be public employees.

- §8-29A-6. Authority may incur indebtedness; county not liable for indebtedness.
- §8-29A-7. Exemption from taxes; payment for portion used as industrial park.
- §8-29A-8. County commission authorized to convey present airport properties and facilities to the authority.
- \$8-29A-9. Disposition of surplus.
- §8-29A-10. Procedure for dissolution of authority.
- §8-29A-11. Puurpose of article; liberal construction; article cumulative.

§8-29A-1. County airport authority authorized as public agency.

- 1 The county commission of a county is hereby autho-
- 2 rized to create and establish as a public agency a county
- 3 airport authority to be known as the "_
- County Airport Authority" for the purposes and in the 4
- manner hereinafter set forth. 5

§8-29A-2. Appointment of members; powers and duties; compensation: terms: removal or replacement.

- 1 (a) The management and control of the county airport 2 authority, its property, operations, business and affairs,
- 3 shall be lodged in a board of five persons who shall be
- known as "Members of the Authority". The board shall 4
- constitute and be a public corporation under the name 5
- of "_____County Airport Authority" and as such 6
- shall have perpetual succession, may contract and be 7
- 8 contracted with, sue and be sued, plead and be im-
- 9 pleaded, and have and use a common seal.
- (b) All members shall be appointed by the county 10 commission: Provided. That one member of the author-11
- ity shall be a member of the county commission: 12 Provided, however, That of the remaining four members 13
- of the authority no more than two shall be members of 14
- the same political party. Members shall be residents of 15
- the county and be appointed for a term of five years.
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- except that as to the first four appointed to the first 17
- board appointed, the term of one member shall expire 18
- on the first day of July next ensuing and the term of 19 the next member shall expire on the first day of July 20
- two years thereafter, the term of another member shall 21
- expire on the first day of July three years thereafter and 22
- the term of the remaining member shall expire on the 23

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- first day of July four years thereafter: Provided further,
 That the county commissioner appointed to serve as a
 member of the authority shall not serve for a term as
 member of the authority which is longer than the term
 of office as a member of the county commission.
 - (c) The members of said board shall receive no compensation for their services, but they shall be entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties as members of said board. They shall not be personally interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract entered into by said board, or hold any remunerative position in connection with the establishment, construction, improvement, extension, development, maintenance or operation of any of the property under their control as members of said board.
 - (d) The county commission shall have the power to remove any member of the authority for consistent violations of any provisions of this article, for reasonable cause which shall include, but not be limited to, a continued failure to attend meetings of the authority. failure to diligently pursue the objectives for which the authority was created or failure to perform any other duty prescribed by law, or for any misconduct in office: Provided. That if the county commission desires to remove a member of the authority it shall notify said member in writing, stating the reasons for the county commission desiring said removal. Within ten days of the receipt of the written notice of removal by the member of the authority, the member may request a hearing before the county commission, and any such hearing shall be held within ten days of the member's request for said hearing.
 - If any member of the authority shall die, resign or be removed, or for any other reason cease to be a member of the authority, the county commission shall within thirty days appoint another person to fill the unexpired portion of the term of such member.

§8-29A-3. Powers generally.

(a) The authority is hereby authorized and empo-

- wered to acquire, equip, construct, improve, maintain and operate a public airport within the county, with all usual and convenient appurtenances and facilities pertaining thereto, including, but not limited to, an industrial park and a waterworks or sewerage system or a combined waterworks and sewerage system, and said airport shall be for the convenience and accommodation of the inhabitants of the county and the public generally.
- 11 (b) A county airport authority is hereby given power 12 and authority as follows:
 - (1) To make and adopt all necessary bylaws, rules and regulations for its organization and operations not inconsistent with law;
 - (2) To elect its own officers, to appoint committees and to employ and fix the compensation for personnel including attorneys necessary for its operation;
 - (3) To delegate any authority given to it by law to any of its officers, committees, agents or employees;
 - (4) To enter into contracts with any person, governmental department, firm or corporation, and generally to do any and all things necessary or convenient for the purpose of acquiring, equipping, constructing, maintaining, improving, extending, financing and operating a public airport, including the development of an industrial park in the same general area;
 - (5) To apply for, receive and use grants-in-aid, donations and contributions from any source or sources, including, but not limited to, the federal government and any agency thereof, and the state of West Virginia, and to accept and use bequests, devises, gifts and donations from any person, firm or corporation;
 - (6) To enter into any agreement with any person, including the federal or state government, or any agency or subdivision thereof, in connection with obtaining funds for its purposes, which agreement may contain such provisions, covenants, terms and conditions as the authority may deem advisable;

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- 40 (7) To accept contributions from time to time by the county commission and by any persons that shall desire so to do;
 - (8) To acquire lands, structures or buildings and hold title thereto in its own name, including, whenever it shall be deemed necessary by the authority, to take or acquire such property either in fee or as easements, to purchase same directly or through its agents from the owner or owners thereof, or to exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner provided for condemnation proceedings in chapter fifty-four of this code inasmuch as such purposes are hereby declared to be public uses for which private property may be taken: *Provided*, That such right of eminent domain shall not apply to the development of an industrial park;
 - (9) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any real estate which it may own;
- 57 (10) To purchase, own, hold, sell and dispose of personal property;
 - (11) To borrow money and execute and deliver negotiable notes, mortgage bonds, revenue bonds, other bonds, debentures and other evidences of indebtedness therefor, and give such security therefor as shall be requisite, including giving a mortgage or deed of trust on its airport properties and facilities or assigning or pledging the gross or net revenues therefrom;
 - (12) To raise funds by the issuance and sale of revenue bonds or refunding bonds in the manner provided by the applicable provisions of article sixteen of this chapter, it being hereby expressly provided that, for that purpose, a county airport authority shall be treated as a municipality or board as those terms are used in said article sixteen;
 - (13) To acquire, construct, establish, equip, maintain and operate, within a reasonable distance of the airport, a waterworks, a sewerage system or a combined waterworks and sewerage system for its own use and for the use of any person, and to finance the same by the issuance of revenue bonds as provided in this article:

- 79 Provided, That no existing waterworks or sewerage 80 system, or any part thereof, may be acquired without 81 the prior consent and approval of the public service
- 82 commission;

- (14) To establish, charge and collect reasonable fees and charges for services or for the use of any part of its property or facilities, or for both services and such use;
 - (15) To lease its airport and all or any part of the appurtenances and facilities therewith to any available lessee, subject to all constitutional and statutory limitations with respect thereto, at such rental and upon such terms and conditions as the authority shall deem proper: *Provided*, That such lease shall be for some purpose associated with airport activities and subordinate to any mortgage or deed of trust executed by the authority; and
- 96 (16) To expend its funds in the execution of the 97 powers and authority herein given.

§8-29A-4. Funds; accounting; reporting.

All funds received by the authority from whatever source shall be deposited in such bank or banks as the authority may direct and shall be withdrawn therefrom in such manner as the authority may direct. The authority shall keep strict account of all its receipts and expenditures and shall each quarter make a quarterly report to the county commission containing an itemized account of its receipts and disbursements during the preceding quarter. Such report shall be made within sixty days after the termination of the quarter.

Within sixty days after the end of each fiscal year, the authority shall make an annual report containing an itemized statement of its receipts and disbursements for the preceding year, and such annual report shall be published as a Class II-0 legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the county. The books, records and accounts of the authority shall be subject to audit and

- 20 examination by the office of the state tax commissioner
- 21 of West Virginia and by any other proper public official
- 22 or body in the manner provided by law.

*§8-29A-5. Full-time employees of the authority to be public employees.

- Any person who serves regularly as an employee, full
- 2 time, on a salary basis, whose tenure is not restricted
- 3 as to temporary or provisional appointment, in the
- 4 service of, and whose compensation is payable in whole
- 5 or in part by the authority, shall be deemed to be a
- 6 public employee and shall be subject to any and all
- 7 applicable provisions of law relating thereto, including,
- 8 but not limited to, the workers' compensation act and
- 9 the West Virginia public employees insurance act.

§8-29A-6. Authority may incur indebtedness; county not liable for indebtedness.

- 1 The authority may incur any proper indebtedness and
- 2 issue any obligations and give any security therefor
- 3 which it may deem necessary or advisable in connection
- with carrying out its purposes. No statutory limitation
- 5 with respect to the nature or amount of indebtedness
- 6 which may be incurred by municipalities or other bodies
- 7 shall apply to indebtedness of the authority. No in-
- 8 debtedness of any nature of the authority shall constitute
- 9 an indebtedness of the county commission, nor of the
- 10 county, or a charge against any property of the county.
- 11 No obligation incurred by the authority shall give any
- 12 right against any member of the county commission or
- 13 any member of the board of the authority. The rights
- 14 of creditors of the authority shall be solely against the
- 15 authority as a corporate body and shall be satisfied only
- out of property held by it in its corporate capacity.

§8-29A-7. Exemption from taxes; payment for portion used as industrial park.

- 1 The authority shall be exempt from the payment of
- 2 any taxes or fees to the state or any subdivisions thereof
- 3 or any municipalities or to any officer or employee of
- 4 the state or of any subdivision thereof or of any
- 5 municipalities. The property of the authority shall be

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 132 (Chapter 16), which passed subsequent to this act.

exempt from all local and municipal taxes. Bonds, notes, debentures and other evidence of indebtedness of the authority are declared to be issued for a public purpose and to be public instrumentalities, and, together with interest thereon, shall be exempt from taxes.

11 It shall be the duty of the county assessor on the first 12 day of July of each year to ascertain what portion of the 13 real and personal property of the authority, if any, is 14 devoted to use as an industrial park and to appraise such 15 property as if taxable. The assessor shall likewise 16 determine the tax which would be levied upon such property if it were taxable. On the first day of August 17 of the year following such determination and the first 18 19 day of February thereafter, the authority shall pay unto 20 the sheriff of the county a sum of money equal to that 21 which would have been due if the property were taxable, 22 which sums shall be distributed by the sheriff as if such 23 sums were tax receipts.

§8-29A-8. County commission authorized to convey present airport properties and facilities to the authority.

1 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 2 contrary, the county commission of a county is hereby authorized to convey to the authority the present airport 3 4 property owned by the county, if any, situate in the 5 county, together with all the appurtenances and facil-6 ities therewith, such conveyance to be without consideration or for such price and upon such terms and 7 8 conditions as the county commission shall deem proper.

§8-29A-9. Disposition of surplus.

If the authority should realize a surplus, whether from 1 operating the airport or leasing it for operation, over 2 and above the amount required for the maintenance, 3 improvement and operation of the airport and for 4 meeting all required payments on its obligations, it shall 5 set aside such reserve for future operations, improve-6 ments and contingencies as it shall deem proper and 7 shall then apply the residue of such surplus, if any, to 8 the payment of any recognized and established obliga-9 tions not then due; and after all such recognized and 10 established obligations have been paid off and dis-11

- 12 charged in full, the authority shall, at the end of each
- 13 fiscal year, set aside the reserve for future operations,
- 14 improvements and contingencies, as aforesaid, and then
- 15 pay the residue of such surplus, if any, to the county
- 16 commission, to be used by the county commission for
- 17 general county purposes.

§8-29A-10. Procedure for dissolution of authority.

1 The authority may at any time pay off and discharge 2 in full all of its indebtedness, obligations and liabilities. 3 convey the airport properties, appurtenances and 4 facilities to the county commission and be dissolved. 5 Before making such conveyance of its properties, the 6 authority shall give notice of its intention to do so and of its intention to be dissolved, and said notice shall be 7 8 published as a Class I-0 legal advertisement in com-9 pliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fiftynine of this code, and the publication area for such 10 11 publication shall be the county. Affidavits from the 12 publishers of the newspapers showing such publication 13 shall be filed with the county commission before the 14 deed conveying said properties is delivered. Any funds 15 remaining in the hands of the authority at the time of the conveyance of said properties shall be by the 16 17 authority paid over to the county commission to be used 18 by it for purposes in connection with said airport. Upon the payment of its indebtedness, obligations and 19 20 liabilities, the publishing of the notices aforesaid, the 21 conveyance of its properties, and the paying over to the 22 county commission of any funds remaining in its hands. 23 the authority shall cause a certificate showing its dissolution to be executed under its name and seal and 24 to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the county 25 26 commission and thereupon its dissolution shall be 27 complete.

§8-29A-11. Purpose of article; liberal construction; article cumulative.

- 1 It is the purpose of this article to provide for the acquisition, construction, improvement, extension,
- 3 maintenance and operation of a public airport and

- 4 related facilities in a prudent and economical manner,
- 5 and this article shall be liberally construed as giving to
- 6 the authority full and complete power reasonably
- 7 required to give effect to the purposes hereof. The
- 8 provisions of this article are in addition to and not in
- 9 derogation of any power existing in the county commis-
- 10 sion of a county under any constitutional or statutory
- 11 provisions which it may now have, or may hereafter
- 12 acquire.

CHAPTER 114

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2641—By Delegate Compton)

[Passed March 5, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to possession of wildlife.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-4. Possession of wildlife.

- Except as otherwise provided by law, no person shall 1 have in his/her possession any wildlife during closed 2 seasons. Lawfully taken wildlife may be in a person's 3 possession during the open season therefor, and for sixty 4 days thereafter: Provided, That any person, upon 5 application to the director, may be issued a permit 6 authorizing the possession of the flesh and meat of such 7 wildlife for an additional period. 8
- 9 Wildlife lawfully taken outside of this state shall be 10 subject to the same laws and rules as that taken within 11 this state.

- 12 Migratory wild birds shall be possessed only in 13 accordance with the "Migratory Bird Treaty Act" and 14 regulations thereunder.
- 15 The restrictions in this section do not apply to the 16 director or duly authorized agents, who may, in any manner, take or maintain in captivity, at any time, any 17 18 wildlife for the purpose of carrying out the provisions
- 19 of this chapter.

CHAPTER 115

(H. B. 2615—By Delegates Prunty and Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 6, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-eight, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to allowing developmentally disabled residents to fish without a license; defining developmentally disabled.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-eight, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-28. When licenses or permits not required.

- 1 Persons in the following categories shall not be 2 required to obtain licenses or permits as indicated:
- (a) Bona fide resident landowners or their resident 3 children, or resident parents, or bona fide resident
- tenants of such land, may hunt, trap or fish on their own 5 land during open season in accordance with the laws
- 6 and regulations applying to such hunting, trapping and 7
- fishing without obtaining a license to do so unless such 8
- lands have been designated as a wildlife refuge or 9
- preserve. 10

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(b) Any bona fide resident of this state who is totally 11

- blind may fish in this state without obtaining a fishing license to do so. A written statement or certificate from a duly licensed physician of this state showing the said resident to be totally blind shall serve in lieu of a fishing license and shall be carried on the person of said resident at all times while he is fishing in this state.
 - (c) All residents of West Virginia on active duty in the armed forces of the United States of America, while on leave or furlough, shall have the right and privilege to hunt, trap or fish in season in West Virginia without obtaining a license to do so. Leave or furlough papers shall serve in lieu of any such license and shall be carried on the person at all times while trapping, hunting or fishing.
 - (d) In accordance with the provisions of section twenty-seven of this article, any resident sixty-five years of age or older shall not be required to have a license to hunt, trap or fish during the legal seasons in West Virginia, but in lieu of such license any such person shall at all times while hunting, trapping or fishing, carry on his person a card issued by the director stating his name, address and date of birth.
 - (e) Residents of the state of Maryland who carry hunting or fishing licenses valid in that state may hunt or fish from the West Virginia banks of the Potomac River without obtaining licenses to do so, but such hunting or fishing shall be confined to the fish and waterfowl of the river proper and not on its tributaries: Provided, That the state of Maryland shall first enter into a reciprocal agreement with the director extending a like privilege of hunting and fishing on the Potomac River from the Maryland banks of said river to licensed residents of West Virginia, without requiring said residents to obtain Maryland hunting and fishing licenses.
 - (f) Residents of the state of Ohio who carry hunting or fishing licenses valid in that state may hunt or fish on the Ohio River or from the West Virginia banks of said river without obtaining licenses to do so, but such hunting or fishing shall be confined to fish and

- waterfowl of the river proper and not on its tributaries: Provided. That the state of Ohio shall first enter into a reciprocal agreement with the director extending a like privilege of hunting and fishing from the Ohio banks of said river to licensed residents of West Virginia without requiring said residents to obtain Ohio hunting and fishing licenses. In the event the state of Ohio accords this privilege to residents of West Virginia, such Ohio residents will not be required to obtain the license provided for by section forty-two of this article.
 - (g) Any resident of West Virginia who was honorably discharged from the armed forces of the United States of America, and who receives a veteran's pension based on total permanent service connected disability as certified to by the veterans administration, shall be permitted to hunt, trap or fish in this state without obtaining a license therefor. The director shall promulgate rules and regulations setting forth the procedure for the certification of the veteran, manner of applying for and receiving the certification and requirements as to identification while said veteran is hunting, trapping or fishing.
 - (h) Any disabled veteran, who is a resident of West Virginia, and who, as certified to by the commissioner of motor vehicles, is eligible to be exempt from the payment of any fee on account of registration of any motor vehicle owned by such disabled veteran as provided for in section eight, article ten, chapter seventeen-a of this code, shall be permitted to hunt, trap or fish in this state without obtaining a license therefor. The director shall promulgate rules and regulations setting forth the procedure for the certification of the disabled veteran, manner of applying for and receiving the certification, and requirements as to identification while said disabled veteran is hunting, trapping or fishing.
 - (i) Any resident or inpatient in any state mental health, health or benevolent institution or facility may fish in this state, under proper supervision of the institution involved, without obtaining a fishing license to do so. A written statement or certificate signed by the

- 93 superintendent of the mental health, health or benevo-94 lent institution or facility in which the resident or 95 inpatient, as the case may be, is institutionalized shall 96 serve in lieu of a fishing license and shall be carried on 97 the person of the resident or inpatient at all times while 98 he is fishing in this state.
- (j) Any resident who is developmentally disabled, as certified by a physician and the director of the department of health, may fish in this state without obtaining a fishing license to do so. As used in this section, "developmentally disabled" means a person with a severe, chronic disability which:
- 105 (1) Is attributable to a mental or physical impair-106 ment, or a combination of mental and physical 107 impairments;
- 108 (2) Is manifested before the person attains age 109 twenty-two;
- 13 (3) Results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: (A) Self care; (B) receptive and expressive language; (C) learning; (D) mobility; (E) self-direction; (F) capacity for independent living; and (G) economic self-sufficiency; and
- 116 (4) Reflects the person's need for a combination and 117 sequence of care, treatment or supportive services which 118 are of lifelong or extended duration and are individually 119 planned and coordinated.

CHAPTER 116

(S. B. 204—By Senators Dittmar and J. Manchin)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article fiveh, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to clarifying the definition of owner for corrective action purposes.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article five-h, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§20-5H-14. Corrective action for underground petroleum storage tanks.

- (a) Prior to the effective date of regulations promulgated pursuant to subdivision (9) or (10), subsection (b), section six of this article, the director is authorized to:
- (1) Require the owner or operator of an underground storage tank to undertake corrective action with respect to any release of petroleum from said tank when the director determines that such corrective action shall be done properly and promptly by the owner or operator if, in the judgment of the director, such action is necessary to protect human health and the environment; or
- (2) Undertake corrective action with respect to any release of petroleum into the environment from an underground storage tank if, in the judgment of the director, such action is necessary to protect human health and the environment.

The corrective action undertaken or required under this subsection shall be such as may be necessary to protect human health and the environment. The director shall use funds in the leaking underground storage tank response fund established pursuant to this article for payment of costs incurred for corrective action taken under subparagraph (2) of this subsection in the manner set forth in subsection (e), section twenty-one of this article. The director shall give priority in undertaking corrective actions under this subsection, and in issuing orders requiring owners or operators to undertake such actions, to releases of petroleum from underground storage tanks which pose the greatest threat to human health and the environment and where the director cannot identify a solvent owner or operator of the tank who will undertake action properly.

(b) Following the effective date of regulations promul-

- gated under subdivision (9) or (10), subsection (b), section six of this article, all actions or orders of the director described in subsection (a) of this section shall be in conformity with such regulations. Following such effective date the director may undertake corrective action with respect to any release of petroleum into the environment from an underground storage tank only if. in the judgment of the director, such action is necessary to protect human health and environment and one or more of the following situations exists:
 - (1) If no person can be found within ninety days, or such shorter period as may be necessary to protect human health and the environment, who is an owner or operator of the tank concerned, subject to such corrective action regulations and capable of carrying out such corrective action properly.
 - (2) A situation exists which requires prompt action by the director under this subsection to protect human health and the environment.
 - (3) Corrective action costs at a facility exceed the amount of coverage required pursuant to the provisions of section ten of this article and, considering the class or category of underground storage tank from which the release occurred, expenditures from the leaking underground storage tank response fund are necessary to assure an effective corrective action.
 - (4) The owner or operator of the tank has failed or refused to comply with an order of the director under this section or of the board under section eighteen of this article to comply with the corrective action regulations.
 - (c) The director is authorized to draw upon the leaking underground storage tank response fund in order to take action under subdivision (1) or (2), subsection (b) of this section if the director has made diligent good faith efforts to determine the identity of the party or parties responsible for the release or threatened release and:
 - (1) He is unable to determine the identity of the responsible party or parties in a manner consistent with the need to take timely corrective action; or

- 74 (2) The party or parties determined by the director to
 75 be responsible for the release or threatened release have
 76 been informed in writing of the director's determination
 77 and have been requested by the director to take
 78 appropriate corrective action but are unable or unwil79 ling to take such action in a timely manner.
 - (d) The written notice to a responsible party must inform the responsible party that if that party is subsequently found liable for releases pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this section, he will be required to reimburse the leaking underground storage tank response fund for the costs of the investigation, information gathering and corrective action taken by the director.
 - (e) If the director determines that immediate response to an imminent threat to public health and welfare or the environment is necessary to avoid substantial injury or damage to persons, property or resources, corrective action may be taken pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this section without the prior written notice required by subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section. In such a case the director must give subsequent written notice to the responsible party within fifteen days after the action is taken describing the circumstances which required the action to be taken without prior notice.
 - (f) As used in this section, the term "owner" shall not include any person who, without participating in the management of an underground storage tank and otherwise not engaged in petroleum production, refining or marketing, holds indicia of ownership primarily to protect the person's security interest in the tank.

CHAPTER 117

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2377—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as

amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-m, relating to the West Virginia groundwater protection act; short title; legislative findings. public policy and purposes: definitions: authority and duties of water resources board; standards of purity and quality; promulgation of such standards; effectiveness of current standards; authority and duties of other agencies: rules: action required to protect existing quality of groundwater; deviations from existing quality; inapplicability of certain provisions to certain activities; effectiveness of current rules, permits. policies, directives and orders; designation of lead agency; authority and duties of lead agency; additional authority of agencies; authority and duties of groundwater coordinating committee: authority and duties of director of division of natural resources: groundwater certification; groundwater protection fees; groundwater remediation fees: dedication of fee proceeds: creation of groundwater protection fund; creation of groundwater remediation fund; sources of funding; expenditures from funds; civil and criminal penalties; civil administrative penalties and procedures for review of imposition thereof; dedication of penalty proceeds; injunctive relief; enforcement orders; administrative appeal and judicial review; rule-making petition; existing rights and remedies: exemption from criminal prosecution: conflicting provisions; effective date of provisions subject to federal approval; and severability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-m, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5M. WEST VIRGINIA GROUNDWATER PROTECTION ACT.

- §20-5M-1. Short Title.
- §20-5M-2. Legislative findings, public policy and purposes.
- §20-5M-3. Definitions.
- §20-5M-4. Authority of state water resources board; standards of purity and quality.
- §20-5M-5. Authority of other agencies; applicability.
- §20-5M-6. Lead agency designation; additional powers and duties.

- §20-5M-7. Groundwater coordination committee; creation.
- §20-5M-8. Groundwater certification.
- §20-5M-9. Groundwater protection fees authorized; director to promulgate rules; dedication of fee proceeds; groundwater protection fund established groundwater remediation fund established.
- §20-5M-10. Civil and criminal penalties; civil administrative penalties; dedication of penalty proceeds; injunctive relief; enforcement orders; hearing.
- §20-5M-11 Appeal and review procedures.
- §20-5M-12. Rule-making petition.
- §20-5M-13. Existing rights and remedies preserved; effect of compliance.
- §20-5M-14. Conflicting provisions.
- §20-5M-15. Effective dates of provisions subject to federal approval.
- §20-5M-16. Severability.

§20-5M-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be known and cited as the "Ground-
- 2 water Protection Act."

§20-5M-2. Legislative findings, public policy and purposes.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds that:
- 2 (1) West Virginia has relatively pure groundwater 3 resources which are abundant and readily available;
- 4 (2) Over fifty percent of West Virginia's overall 5 population, and over ninety percent of the state's rural 6 population, depend on groundwater for drinking water;
- 7 (3) A rural lifestyle has created a quality of life in 8 many parts of West Virginia which is highly valued.
- 9 Maintaining this lifestyle depends upon protecting
- 10 groundwater to avoid increased expenses associated
- 11 with providing treated drinking water supplies to rural
- 12 households;
- 13 (4) West Virginia's groundwater resources are geolog-
- 14 ically complex, with the nature and vulnerability of
- 15 groundwater aquifers and recharge areas not fully
- 16 known;
- 17 (5) Contamination of groundwater is generally much
- 18 more difficult and expensive to clean up than is the case
- 19 with surface water;
- 20 (6) Groundwaters and surface waters can be highly
- 21 interconnected. The quality of any given groundwater

- can have a significant impact on the quality of groundwaters and surface waters to which it is hydrologically connected;
 - (7) A diverse array of human activities can adversely impact groundwater, making it necessary to develop regulatory programs that utilize a variety of approaches;
 - (8) Various agencies of state government currently exercise regulatory control over activities which may impact on groundwater. Coordination and streamlining of the regulatory activities of these agencies is necessary to assure that the state's groundwater is maintained and protected through an appropriate groundwater protection program;
 - (9) Disruption of existing state regulatory programs should be avoided to the maximum extent practical;
 - (10) The maintenance and protection of the state's groundwater resources can be achieved consistent with the maintenance and expansion of employment opportunities, agriculture, and industrial development; and
 - (11) A state groundwater management program will provide economic, social, and environmental benefits for the citizens of West Virginia now and in the future.
 - (b) Therefore, the Legislature establishes that it is the public policy of the state of West Virginia to maintain and protect the state's groundwater so as to support the present and future beneficial uses and further to maintain and protect groundwater at existing quality where the existing quality is better than that required to maintain and protect the present and future beneficial uses. Such existing quality shall be maintained and protected unless it is established that (1) the measures necessary to preserve existing quality are not technically feasible or economically practical and (2) a change in groundwater quality is justified based upon economic or societal objectives. Such a change shall maintain and protect groundwater quality so as to support the present and future beneficial uses of such groundwater.
 - (c) The purposes of this article are to:

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- 61 (1) Maintain and protect the state's groundwater 62 resources consistent with this article to protect the 63 present and future beneficial uses of the groundwater:
 - (2) Provide for the establishment of a state ground-water management program which will:
- 66 (i) Define the roles of agencies of the state and political subdivisions with respect to the maintenance and protection of groundwater, and designate a lead agency for groundwater management;
- 70 (ii) Designate a state agency responsible for establishment of groundwater quality standards:
- 72 (iii) Provide for the establishment of standards of purity and quality for all groundwater.
- 74 (iv) Provide for the establishment of groundwater 75 protection programs consistent with this article:
- 76 (v) Establish groundwater protection and ground-77 water remediation funds:
- 78 (vi) Provide for the mapping and analysis of the 79 state's groundwater resources and coordination of the 80 agencies involved; and
- 81 (vii) Provide for public education on groundwater 82 resources and methods for preventing contamination.
- 83 (3) Provide such enforcement and compliance mech-84 anisms as will assure the implementation of the state's 85 groundwater management program.
- 86 (4) Assure that actions taken to implement this article 87 are consistent with the policies set with in section and. 88 article five-a of this chapter.

§20-5M-3. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article.
- 3 (a) "Agency action" means the usuamed venewal or 4 denial of any permit. liceuse or echon required agency approval, or any terms or constituent thereof or any
- 6 order or other directive issued by the division of matural
- 7 resources, division of howers, depart-

- ment of agriculture or any other agency of the state or a political subdivision to the extent that such action relates directly to the implementation, administration or enforcement of this article.
- 12 (b) "Beneficial uses" means those uses which are 13 protective of human health and welfare and the 14 environment. Pollution of groundwater shall not be 15 considered a beneficial use.
 - (c) "Board" means the state water resources board.
- 17 (d) "Constituent" means any chemical or biological 18 substance found in groundwater due to either natural 19 or man-made conditions.
 - (e) "Director" means the director of the division of natural resources of the department of commerce, labor and environmental resources.
 - (f) "Groundwater" means the water occurring in the zone of saturation beneath the seasonal high water table, or any perched water zones.
 - (g) "Groundwater certification" means an assurance issued by the director of the division of natural resources that a permit or other approval issued by a state, county or local government body regarding an activity that affects or is reasonably anticipated to affect groundwater complies with all requirements of this chapter, the legislative rules promulgated pursuant to this chapter in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and any other requirements of state law, regulations or agreements regarding groundwater.
 - (h) "Person" means any industrial user, public or private corporation, institution, association, firm or company organized or existing under the laws of this or any other state or country; state of West Virginia; governmental agency, including federal facilities; political subdivision; county commission; municipal corporation; industry; sanitary district; public service district; soil conservation district; watershed improvement district; partnership; trust; estate; person or individual; group of persons or individuals acting individually or as a group; or any legal entity whatever.

- 47 (i) "Pollution" shall mean the man-made or man-48 induced alteration of the chemical, physical, biological 49 or radiological integrity of the groundwater;
- 50 (j) "Preventative action limit" means a numerical 51 value expressing the concentration of a substance in 52 groundwater that, if exceeded, shall cause action to be 53 taken to assure that standards of purity and quality of 54 groundwater are not violated.
 - (k) "Water" means any and all water on or beneath the surface of the ground, whether percolating, standing, diffused or flowing, wholly or partially within this state, or bordering this state and within its jurisdiction, and shall include, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, natural or artificial lakes, rivers, streams, creeks, branches, brooks, ponds (except farm ponds, industrial settling basins and ponds and water treatment facilities), impounding reservoirs, springs, wells, watercourses and wetlands.

§20-5M-4. Authority of state water resources board; standards of purity and quality.

- (a) The state water resources board shall have the sole and exclusive authority to promulgate standards of purity and quality for groundwater of the state and shall promulgate such standards following a public hearing within one year from the effective date of this article, by legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- (b) Such standards shall establish the maximum contaminant levels permitted for groundwater, but in no event shall such standards allow contaminant levels in groundwater to exceed the maximum contaminant levels adopted by the United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act. The board may set standards more restrictive than the maximum contaminant levels where it finds that such standards are necessary to protect drinking water use where scientifically supportable evidence reflects factors unique to West Virginia or some area thereof, or to protect other beneficial uses of the groundwater. For contaminants not regulated by the

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- 21 federal Safe Drinking Water Act. standards for such 22 contaminants shall be established by the board to be no 23 less stringent than may be reasonable and prudent to 24 protect drinking water or any other beneficial use. 25 Where the concentration of a certain constituent exceeds 26 such standards due to natural conditions, the natural 27 concentration shall be the standard for that constituent. Where the concentration of a certain constituent exceeds 28 29 such standard due to human-induced contamination, no 30 further contamination by that constituent shall be allowed, and every reasonable effort shall be made to 31 32 identify, remove or mitigate the source of such contam-33 ination, and to strive where practical to reduce the level 34 of contamination over time to support drinking water 35 use.
 - (d) The standards of purity and quality for groundwater promulgated by the board shall recognize the degree to which groundwater is hydrologically connected with surface water and other groundwater and such standards shall provide protection for such surface water and other groundwater.
 - (e) In the promulgation of such standards the board shall consult with the division of natural resources, department of agriculture, division of energy, and division of health, as appropriate.
 - (f) Any groundwater standard of the board that is in effect on the effective date of this article shall remain in effect until modified by the board. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, the authority of the board to adopt standards of purity and quality for groundwater granted by the provisions of this article is exclusive, and to the extent that any other provisions of this code grant such authority to any person, body, agency or entity other than the board, those other provisions shall be void.

§20-5M-5. Authority of other agencies; applicability.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, no agency of state government or any political subdivision may regulate any facility or activities for the purpose of maintaining and protecting

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the groundwater except as expressly authorized pursu ant to this article.

- (b) To the extent that such agencies have the authority pursuant to any provision of this code, other than this article, to regulate facilities or activities, the division of natural resources, the department of agriculture, the division of energy, the division of health, and such agencies of the state or any political subdivision as may be specifically designated by the director with the concurrence of such designated agencies or political subdivisions, as appropriate, are hereby authorized to be groundwater regulatory agencies for purposes of regulating such facilities or activities to satisfy the requirements of this article. In addition, the department of agriculture is hereby authorized to be the groundwater regulatory agency for purposes of regulating the use or application of pesticides and fertilizers. Where the authority to regulate facilities or activities which may adversely impact groundwater is not otherwise assigned to the division of natural resources, the department of agriculture, the division of energy, the division of health or such other specifically designated agency pursuant to any other provision of this code, the division of natural resources is hereby authorized to be the groundwater regulatory agency with respect to such unassigned facilities or activities. The division of natural resources shall cooperate with the department of agriculture, division of energy, and division of health. as appropriate, in the regulation of such unassigned facilities or activities.
- (c) Within one year of the effective date of this article, the department of agriculture, division of energy, division of health, and division of natural resources shall promulgate in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code such legislative rules as may be necessary to implement the authority granted them by this article.
- (d) Groundwater regulatory agencies shall develop groundwater protection practices to prevent groundwater contamination from facilities and activities within their respective jurisdictions consistent with this article.

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- Such practices shall include, but not be limited to, criteria related to facility design, operational management, closure, remediation and monitoring. Such agencies shall issue such rules, permits, policies, directives or any other appropriate regulatory devices, as necessary, to implement the requirements of this article.
 - (e) Groundwater regulatory agencies shall take such action as may be necessary to assure that facilities or activities within their respective jurisdictions maintain and protect groundwater at existing quality, where the existing quality is better than that required to maintain and protect the standards of purity and quality promulgated by the board to support the present and future beneficial uses of the state's groundwater.
 - (f) Where a person establishes to the director that (1) the measures necessary to preserve existing quality are not technically feasible or economically practical and (2) a change in groundwater quality is justified based upon economic or societal objectives, the director may allow for a deviation from such existing quality. Upon the director's finding of (1) and (2) above, the director may grant or deny such a deviation for a specific site, activity or facility or for a class of activities or facilities which have impacts which are substantially similar and exist in a defined geographic area. The director's reasons for granting or denying such a deviation shall be set forth in writing and the director shall have the exclusive authority to determine the terms and conditions of such a deviation. To insure that groundwater standards promulgated by the board are not violated and that the present and future beneficial uses of groundwater are maintained and protected, the director shall evaluate the cumulative impacts of all facilities and activities on the groundwater resources in question prior to any granting of such deviation from existing quality. The director shall consult with the department of agriculture, division of health and division of energy, as appropriate in the implementation of this subsection. The director or the chief of the water resources section of the division of natural resources shall, upon a written

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- request for such information, provide notice of any deviations from existing quality granted pursuant to this subsection.
 - (g) Should the approval required in subsection (f) of this section be granted allowing for a deviation from existing quality, the groundwater regulatory agencies shall take such alternative action as may be necessary to assure that facilities and activities within their respective jurisdictions maintain and protect the standards of purity and quality promulgated by the board to support the present and future beneficial uses for that groundwater. In maintaining and protecting such standards of the board, such agencies shall establish preventative action limits which, once reached, shall require action to control a source of contamination to assure that such standards are not violated. The director shall provide guidelines to the groundwater regulatory agencies with respect to the establishment of such preventative action limits.
 - (h) Subsections (e), (f) and (g) of this section shall not apply to coal extraction and earth disturbing activities directly involved in coal extraction that are subject to either or both article three, chapter twenty-two-a of this code and article five-a of this chapter. Such activities shall be subject to all other provisions of this article.
 - (i) This article shall not be applicable to groundwater within areas of geologic formations which are site specific to:
 - (1) The production or storage zones of crude oil or natural gas and which are utilized for the exploration, development or production of crude oil or natural gas permitted pursuant to chapter twenty-two-b of this code; and
 - (2) The injection zones of Class II or III wells permitted pursuant to the statutes and regulations governing the underground injection control program.

All groundwater outside such areas shall remain subject to the provisions of this article. Groundwater regulatory agencies shall have the right to require the

submission of data with respect to the nature of the activities subject to this subsection.

- (j) Those agencies regulating the activities specified in subsections (h) and (i), of this section shall retain their groundwater regulatory authority as provided for in the relevant statutes and regulations governing such activities, other than this article.
- (k) The director shall have authority to modify the requirements of subsection (g) of this section with respect to noncoal mining activities subject to article four, chapter twenty-two-a of this code. Such modification shall assure protection of human health and the environment. Those agencies regulating such noncoal mining activities shall retain their groundwater regulatory authority as provided for in the relevant statutes and regulations governing such activities other than this article.
- (l) If the director proposes a need for a variance for classes of activities which by their nature cannot be conducted in compliance with the requirements of subsection (g) of this section, then the director shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, following public hearing on the record. The rules so promulgated shall set forth the director's findings to substantiate such need and the criteria by which such variances shall be granted or denied. Should any person petition or request the director to undertake such a determination, that person will give contemporaneous notice of such petition or request by Class I advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the area to be affected by the request.
- (m) All rules, permits, policies, directives and orders of the department of agriculture, the division of health, the division of energy and division of natural resources, in effect on the effective date of this article and which are consistent with this article shall remain in full force and effect as if they were issued pursuant to this article unless and until modified pursuant to this article.

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§20-5M-6. Lead agency designation; additional powers and duties.

- 1 (a) The division of natural resources is hereby 2 designated to be the lead agency for groundwater and 3 is authorized and shall perform the following additional 4 powers and duties:
 - (1) To maintain the state groundwater management strategy;
 - (2) To develop, as soon as practical, a central groundwater data management system for the purpose of providing information needed to manage the state's groundwater program;
 - (3) To provide a biannual report to the Legislature on the status of the state's groundwater and groundwater management program, including detailed reports from each groundwater regulatory agency;
- 15 (4) To coordinate with other agencies to develop a 16 uniform groundwater program;
- 17 (5) To perform any and all acts necessary to obtain the 18 benefits to the state of any federal program related to 19 groundwater;
 - (6) To receive grants, gifts or contributions for purposes of implementing this article from federal agencies, state agencies or any other persons interested in the management of groundwater resources; and
 - (7) To promulgate legislative rules implementing this subsection in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, including rules relating to monitoring and analysis of groundwater.
 - (b) The division of natural resources, division of energy, division of health, and department of agriculture shall participate in the data management system developed by the division of natural resources pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and shall provide the director with such information as the director shall reasonably request in support of his or her promulgation of rules pursuant to this article.

- (c) The division of natural resources, division of energy, division of health, and department of agriculture are hereby authorized:
 - (1) To engage the voluntary cooperation of all persons in the maintenance and protection of groundwater, and to advise, consult and cooperate with all persons, all agencies of this state, universities and colleges, the federal government or other states, and with interstate agencies in the furtherance of the purposes of this article, and to this end and for the purposes of studies, scientific or other investigations, research, experiments and demonstrations pertaining thereto, receive and spend funds as appropriated by the Legislature, and from such agencies and other officers and persons on behalf of the state;
 - (2) To encourage the formulation and execution of plans to maintain and protect groundwater by cooperative groups or associations of municipal corporations, industries, industrial users and other users of groundwaters of the state, who, jointly or severally, are or may be impacting on the maintenance and protection of groundwater;
 - (3) To encourage, participate in, or conduct or cause to be conducted studies, scientific or other investigations, research, experiments and demonstrations relating to the maintenance and protection of groundwater, and to collect data with respect thereto, all as may be deemed advisable and necessary to carry out the purposes of this article, and to make reports and recommendations with respect thereto;
 - (4) To conduct groundwater sampling, data collection, analyses and evaluation with sufficient frequency so as to ascertain the characteristics and quality of groundwater, and the sufficiency of the groundwater protection programs established pursuant to this article;
 - (5) To develop a public education and promotion program to aid and assist in publicizing the need of and securing support for the maintenance and protection of groundwater.

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§20-5M-7. Groundwater coordinating committee; creation.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created a state groundwater 2 coordinating committee which shall consist of the 3 director of the division of health, the commissioner of 4 the division of energy, the commissioner of agriculture. the chairperson of the water resources board, the chief 5 6 of the water resources section of the division of natural 7 resources and the director of the division of natural 8 resources who shall serve as its chairperson.
- 9 (b) The groundwater coordinating committee shall consult, review and make recommendations on the 10 implementation of this article by each of the ground-11 12 water regulatory agencies. Such committee shall require the periodic submittal to it of the groundwater 13 protection programs of each groundwater regulatory 14 agency including all rules, permits, policies, directives 15 and any other regulatory devices employed to imple-16 17 ment this article.
 - (c) Upon a review of such programs, the groundwater coordinating committee shall recommend to the director approval of such programs, in whole or in part, and identify in writing any aspect of such programs that are not sufficient to satisfy the requirements of this article and specify a reasonable time period for correcting those portions of the program that are found not to be sufficient.
 - (d) The director may accept the recommendation of the committee, in whole or in part and identify in writing any additional aspects of such programs that are not sufficient to satisfy the requirements of this article and specify a time period for correcting those portions of the program that are found not to be sufficient.
 - (e) In the biannual report to the Legislature required by this article, the director shall identify all portions of groundwater protection programs which have been determined not to be sufficient to satisfy the requirements of this article and which have not been adequately

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- 38 addressed within the time period specified by the 39 director.
- 40 (f) No agency shall modify any aspect of its ground-41 water protection program as approved by the director 42 without the prior written approval of the director of 43 such modification. This requirement does not relieve 44 such agency of any other requirements of law that may 45 be applicable to such a modification.
 - (g) The groundwater coordinating committee is authorized and empowered to promulgate such legislative rules as may be necessary to implement this section in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

§20-5M-8. Groundwater certification.

- (a) To ensure a comprehensive, consistent and unfragmented approach to the management and protection of groundwater, including evaluation of the cumulative effects of all activities that have the potential to impact on groundwater, the director shall oversee and coordinate the implementation of this article by each of the groundwater regulatory agencies through a groundwater certification program as hereby established.
- (b) Every state, county or local government body 9 10 which reviews or issues permits, licenses, registrations, certificates of other forms of approval, or renewal 11 thereof, for activities or practices which may affect 12 13 groundwater quality shall first submit to the director of the division of natural resources for review and approval 14 an application for certification. Such application shall 15 include a copy of the approval proposed by such body, 16 including any terms and conditions which have been 17 imposed by it. Upon receipt of this application, the 18 director shall act within thirty days to determine 19 whether to waive or exercise his or her certification 20 powers. If no decision is made or communicated by the 21 director within said thirty day period, groundwater 22 certification shall be deemed approved. If the director 23 decides to exercise his or her certification powers, he or 24 she may utilize additional time, not to exceed an 25 additional sixty days, to further review the materials 26

- submitted or to conduct such investigations as he or shedeems necessary.
- 29 (c) The director may waive, grant, grant with condi-30 tions, or deny groundwater certification. Groundwater certification, and all conditions required under such 31 certification, shall become a condition on any permit, 32 approval, or renewal thereof, issued by any state, county 33 34 or local government body. Where appropriate, the director may provide general groundwater certification 35 for or may waive certification for classes or categories 36 37 of activities or approvals.
- §20-5M-9. Groundwater protection fees authorized; director to promulgate rules; dedication of fee proceeds; groundwater protection fund established; groundwater remediation fund established.
- 1 (a) The director of the division of natural resources 2 shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the 3 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code estab-4 lishing a schedule of groundwater protection fees 5 applicable to persons who own or operate facilities or conduct activities subject to the provisions of this article. 6 The schedule of fees shall be calculated by the director 7 8 to recover the reasonable and necessary costs of 9 implementing the provisions of this article as it relates to a particular facility or activity. In addition, the fee 10 11 may include an appropriate assessment of other program costs not otherwise attributable to any particular 12 facility or activity. Such fees in the aggregate shall not 13 exceed one million dollars per year and shall be 14 deposited into the groundwater protection fund estab-15 lished pursuant to this article: Provided. That any 16 unexpended balance in the groundwater protection fund 17 at the end of each fiscal year may, by an act of the 18 Legislature, be transferred to the groundwater remedi-19 ation fund created by this article: Provided, however, 20 That if no action is taken to transfer the unexpended 21 balance to the remediation fund, such moneys shall not 22 be transferred to the general revenue fund, but shall 23 remain in the groundwater protection fund. Such fees 24 imposed by this section are in addition to all other fees 25

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and taxes levied by law. The director shall require such fees to be paid at the time of certification pursuant to section eight of this article, or at such more frequent time as the director may deem to be appropriate. The director may withhold certification pursuant to section eight of this article where such fees have not been timely paid.

- (b) The director of the division of natural resources shall also promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code establishing a schedule of groundwater remediation fees which in the aggregate shall not exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars. Such groundwater remediation fees shall be assessed over a time period not to exceed two years from the effective date of such rules and shall be deposited into the groundwater remediation fund established pursuant to this article. Such fees shall be assessed against persons who own or operate facilities or conduct activities subject to the provisions of this article in proportion to the groundwater protection fees assessed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section for the year in which such groundwater remediation fees, or any portion thereof, are assessed.
- (c) There are hereby created and established in the state treasury two special revenue accounts:
- (1) The "Groundwater Protection Fund", the moneys of which shall be expended by the director in the administration, certification, enforcement, inspection, monitoring, planning, research, and other activities of the state water resources board, division of natural resources, division of energy, division of health and department of agriculture in accordance with legislative rules promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The moneys, including the interest thereon, in said fund shall be kept and maintained by the director and expended without appropriation by the Legislature for the purpose of implementing the provisions of this article. The director may withhold the payment of any such moneys to any agency whose groundwater protection program has been determined by the director, in consultation with the

- 67 groundwater coordinating committee, not to be suffi-68 cient to satisfy the requirements of this article and 69 where such agency has failed to adequately address such 70 determination within the time period specified by the 71 director. At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended 72 balance of said fund may not be transferred to the 73 general revenue fund, but shall remain in the ground-74 water protection fund.
- 75 (2) The "Groundwater Remediation Fund", the moneys of which, to the extent that moneys are available. 76 77 shall be expended by the director for the purposes of 78 investigation, clean-up and remedial action intended to 79 identify, minimize or mitigate damage to the environ-80 ment, natural resources, public and private water 81 supplies, surface waters and groundwaters and the 82 public health, safety and general welfare which may 83 result from contamination of groundwater or the related environment. The director or other authorized agency 84 officials are authorized to recover through civil action 85 86 or cooperative agreements with responsible persons the 87 full amount of any and all groundwater remediation 88 fund moneys expended pursuant to this article. All 89 moneys expended from such fund which are so reco-90 vered shall be deposited in such fund. The director may 91 expend moneys from said fund and the interest thereon 92 without necessity of appropriation by the Legislature. All civil penalties and assessments of civil administra-93 94 tive penalties collected pursuant to this article shall be 95 deposited into the said fund. In addition, said fund may 96 receive proceeds from any gifts, grants, contributions or 97 other moneys accruing to the state which are specifically 98 designated for inclusion in the fund.

§20-5M-10. Civil and criminal penalties; civil administrative penalties; dedication of penalty proceeds; injunctive relief; enforcement orders; hearings.

1 (a) Any person who violates any provision of this 2 article, or any permit or agency approval, rule or order 3 issued to implement this article, shall be subject to civil 4 penalties in accordance with the provisions of section 5 seventeen, article five-a of this chapter: *Provided*, That

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such penalties shall be in lieu of civil penalties which may be imposed under other provisions of this code for the same violation.

- (b) Any person who willfully or negligently violates any provision of this article, or any provision of a permit or agency approval, rule or order issued to implement this article, shall be subject to criminal penalties in accordance with the provisions of section nineteen, article five-a of this chapter: *Provided*, That such penalties shall be in lieu of other criminal penalties which may be imposed under other provisions of this code for the same violation.
- (c) Any person who violates any provision of this article, or any permit or rule or order issued to implement this article, shall be subject to a civil administrative penalty to be levied by the director of the division of natural resources, the commissioner of agriculture, the director of the division of health or the commissioner of the division of energy, as appropriate. of not more than five thousand dollars for each day of such violation, not to exceed a maximum of twenty thousand dollars. In assessing any such penalty, any such official shall take into account the seriousness of the violation and any good faith efforts to comply with applicable requirements as well as any other appropriate factors as may be established by such official by legislative rules promulgated pursuant to this article and the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. No assessment may be levied pursuant to this subsection until after the alleged violator has been notified by such official by certified mail or personal service. The notice shall include a reference to the section of the statute. rule, order or statement of permit conditions that was allegedly violated, a concise statement of the facts alleged to constitute the violation, a statement of the amount of the administrative penalty to be imposed and a statement of the alleged violator's right to an informal hearing. The alleged violator shall have twenty calendar days from receipt of the notice within which to deliver to such official a written request for an informal hearing. If no hearing is requested, the notice becomes

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47 a final order after the expiration of the twenty-day 48 period. If a hearing is requested, such official shall inform the alleged violator of the time and place of the 49 50 hearing. Such official may appoint an assessment officer 51 to conduct the informal hearing who shall make a 52 written recommendation to such official concerning the assessment of a civil administrative penalty. Within 53 54 thirty days following the informal hearing, such official shall issue and furnish to the violator a written decision. 55 56 and the reasons therefor, concerning the assessment of 57 a civil administrative penalty. Within thirty days after 58 notification of such official's decision, the alleged 59 violator may request a formal hearing before the board 60 in accordance with the provisions of section eleven of 61 this article. Any administrative civil penalty assessed pursuant to this section shall be in lieu of any other civil 62 penalty which may be assessed under any provision of 63 64 this code for the same violation. No combination of 65 assessments against any violator under this section may 66 exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per day of each such 67 violation. All administrative penalties shall be levied in 68 accordance with legislative rules promulgated by such 69 official in accordance with the provisions of chapter 70 twenty-nine-a of this code.

- (d) The net proceeds of all civil penalties collected pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and all assessments of any civil administrative penalties collected pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall be deposited into the groundwater remediation fund established pursuant to this article.
- (e) Any such official may seek an injunction, or may institute a civil action against any person in violation of any provision of this article or any permit, agency approval, rule or order issued to implement this article. In seeking an injunction, it is not necessary for such official to post bond nor to allege or prove at any point in the proceeding that irreparable damage will occur if the injunction is not issued or that the remedy at law is inadequate. An application for injunctive relief or a civil penalty action under this section may be filed and relief granted notwithstanding the fact that all adminis-

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- trative remedies provided for in this article have not been exhausted or invoked against the person or persons against whom such relief is sought.
 - (f) If any such official upon inspection, investigation or through other means observes, discovers or learns of a violation of the provisions of this article, or any permit, order or rules issued to implement the provisions of this article, he or she may issue an order stating with reasonable specificity the nature of the violation and requiring compliance immediately or within a specified time. An order under this section includes, but is not limited to, any or all of the following: Orders implementing this article which (1) suspend, revoke or modify permits; (2) require a person to take remedial action; or (3) are cease and desist orders.
- (g) Any person issued a cease and desist order under subsection (f) of this section may file a notice of request for reconsideration with such official not more than seven days from the issuance of such order and shall have a hearing before such official to contest the terms and conditions of such order within ten days after filing such notice of a request for reconsideration. The filing of a notice of request for reconsideration does not stay or suspend the execution or enforcement of such cease and desist order.

§20-5M-11. Appeal and review procedures.

- (a) Any person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected, or who is aggrieved by an order of the director or any public official authorized to take or implement an agency action, or by the issuance or denial of a permit issued to implement this article or by such permit's term or conditions, or by the failure or refusal to act within a reasonable time, may appeal to the water resources board in the same manner as appeals are taken under section fifteen, article five-a of this chapter.
- (b) Any person, the director or any public official adversely affected by an order made and entered by the water resources board may obtain judicial review thereof in the same manner as provided for under section sixteen, article five-a of this chapter.

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§20-5M-12. Rule-making petition.

1 Any person may petition the appropriate rule-making 2 agency for rule making on an issue arising under this 3 article. The appropriate rule-making agency, if it 4 believes such issue to merit rule making, may initiate rule making in accordance with the provisions of 5 6 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. A decision by the 7 appropriate rule-making agency not to pursue rule 8 making must set forth in writing reasons for refusing 9 to do so. Any person may petition an agency to issue a 10 declaratory ruling pursuant to section one, article four. chapter twenty-nine-a of this code with respect to the 11 applicability to any person, property or state of facts of 12 any rules promulgated by that agency pursuant to this 13 article 14

§20-5M-13. Existing rights and remedies preserved; effect of compliance.

- (a) It is the purpose of this article to provide additional and cumulative remedies to address the quality of the groundwater of the state. This article shall not be interpreted to alter the authority of any agency with respect to water other than groundwater. Except as expressly stated in this article, it is not the intention of the Legislature in enacting this article to repeal any other provision of this code.
- (b) Nothing contained in this article shall abridge or alter rights of action or remedies now or hereafter existing, nor shall any provisions in this article, or any act done by virtue of this article, be construed as estopping the state, municipalities, public health officers or persons as riparian owners or otherwise, in the exercise of their rights to suppress nuisances or to abate any pollution now or hereafter existing, or to recover damages.
- (c) Where a person is operating a source or conducting an activity in compliance with the terms and conditions of a permit, rule, order, directive, or other authorization issued by a groundwater regulatory agency pursuant to this article, such person shall not be subject to criminal prosecution for pollution recognized

- 24 and authorized by such permit, rule, order, directive or
- 25 other authorization.

§20-5M-14. Conflicting provisions.

- 1 In the event that any provision of this article is
- 2 inconsistent or in conflict with any other provisions of
- 3 this code, making it impossible to comply with both, the
- 4 provisions of this article shall control.

§20-5M-15. Effective dates of provisions subject to federal approval.

- 1 To the extent that this article modifies any powers,
- 2 duties, functions and responsibilities of any state agency
- 3 that may require approval of one or more federal
- 4 agencies or officials in order to avoid disruption of the
- 5 federal-state relationship involved in the implementa-
- 6 tion of federal regulatory programs by the state, any
- 7 such modifications shall become effective upon a
- 8 proclamation by the governor stating either that final
- 9 approval of such modifications has been given by the
- appropriate federal agency or official or that final
- 11 appropriate federal agency of official of that final
- 11 approval of such modification is not necessary to avoid
- 12 disruption of the federal-state relationship under which
- 13 such regulatory programs are implemented.

§20-5M-16. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article or the application
- 2 thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid,
- 3 such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or
- 4 applications of the article, and to this end the provisions
- 5 of the article are declared severable.

CHAPTER 118

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2602—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections four, five, six and eight, article two; sections nine-a, nine-b, nine-c and nineteen-a, article

three; and sections eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen and fifteen, article eight, all of chapter sixty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section three, article ten, chapter eleven of said code; to amend and reenact sections three, four, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, twenty-three and twenty-four, article sixteen of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two and twelve, article two, chapter fifteen of said code: to amend and reenact section twenty-three, article three. chapter seventeen-a of said code; to amend and reenact section six, article one, chapter sixty of said code; to amend and reenact sections seven, nine and twenty-one. article two of said chapter; to amend and reenact section seventeen, article three-a of said chapter; to amend and reenact section nineteen, article four of said chapter; to amend and reenact section seven, article six of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections three, twelve, thirteen and thirteen-a, article seven of said chapter; and to amend and reenact sections four, five, seven, twenty-four, twenty-eight and twenty-nine, article eight of said chapter, all relating to including the barrel tax on nonintoxicating beer and the wine liter tax in the list of taxes covered under the tax procedures act; abolishing the office of nonintoxicating beer commissioner and substituting the alcohol beverage control commissioner therefor: defining the terms commissioner and tax commissioner in the nonintoxicating beer act: transferring administration of the beer barrel tax to the tax commissioner: providing for mandatory revocation of license for conviction of certain offenses: changing the title of chapter sixty to the alcohol beverage control act: increasing the salary of the administrator of the division of public safety; specifying the responsibilities of the superintendent under the alcohol beverage control act; increasing the salary of the alcohol beverage control commissioner: providing for a net annual profit of six and one-half million dollars; prohibiting consumption of alcoholic liquors or nonintoxicating beer by persons under twenty-one years of age when consumption or procurement of such beverages takes place at the premises of a private club licensee; changing provisions

relating to revocation or suspension of licenses, money, penalties and assessment of costs; providing for a special alcohol beverage control enforcement fund, and hearing and appeal procedures to conform to provisions in article sixteen, chapter eleven of the code concerning beer licensees; and transferring administration of the liter tax on wine and wine labels registration to the tax commissioner.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four, five, six and eight, article two, chapter sixty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections nine-a, nineb, nine-c and nineteen-a, article three; and sections eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen and fifteen, article eight of said chapter be repealed; that section three, article ten, chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that sections three, four, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, twenty-three and twenty-four, article sixteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two and twelve, article two, chapter fifteen of said code be amended and reenacted; that section twenty-three, article three, chapter seventeen-a be amended and reenacted; that section six, article one, chapter sixty be amended and reenacted: that sections seven, nine and twenty-one, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section seventeen, article three-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section nineteen, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section seven, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections three, twelve, thirteen and thirteen-a, article seven of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that sections four, five, seven, twenty-four, twenty-eight and twenty-nine, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 11. Taxation.
- 15. Public Safety.
- 17A. Motor Vehicle Administration, Registration, Certificate of Title, and Antitheft Provisions.
- 60. Alcohol Beverage Control.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 10. PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION.

Article

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- 10. Procedure and Administration.
- 16. Nonintoxicating Beer.

§11-10-3. Application of this article.

- (a) The provisions of this article shall apply to the 1 2 inheritance and transfer taxes, the estate tax, and 3 interstate compromise and arbitration of inheritance 4 and death taxes, the business franchise registration 5 certificate tax. the annual tax on incomes of certain carriers, the business and occupation tax, the consumers 6 7 sales and service tax, the use tax, the cigarette tax, the 8 soft drinks tax, the personal income tax, the corporation 9 net income tax, the gasoline and special fuel excise tax. the motor carrier road tax and the tax relief for elderly 10 11 homeowners and renters administered by the state tax 12 commissioner. This article shall not apply to ad valorem 13 taxes on real and personal property, the corporate 14 license tax or any other tax not listed hereinabove. 15 except that in the case of ad valorem taxes on real and 16 personal property, when any return, claim, statement or 17 other document is required to be filed, or any payment is required to be made within a prescribed period or 18 19 before a prescribed date, and the applicable law 20 requires delivery to the office of the sheriff of a county 21 of this state, the methods prescribed in section five-f of 22 this article for timely filing and payment to the tax 23 commissioner or state tax department shall be the same 24 methods utilized for timely filing and payment with 25 such sheriff.
 - (b) The provisions of this article shall apply to the beer barrel tax levied by article sixteen of this chapter and to the wine liter tax levied by section four, article eight, chapter sixty of this code.
- 30 (c) The provisions of this article shall also apply to any 31 other article of this chapter when such application is 32 expressly provided for by the Legislature.

ARTICLE 16. NONINTOXICATING BEER.

§11-16-3. Definitions.

§11-16-4. Responsibility of alcohol beverage control commissioner; administrators, employees, and agents; administration and enforcement expenses.

§11-16-13. Barrel tax on nonintoxicating beer; reporting and paying to tax commissioner.

§11-16-14. Collection of unpaid license tax.

§11-16-15. Records of brewer, manufacturer or distributor; collection of unpaid tax and penalty.

§11-16-23. Revocation or suspension of license; manetary penalty; hearing assessment of costs; establishment of enforcement fund.

§11-16-24. Hearing on sanctioning of license; notice; review of action of commissioner; clerk of court to furnish commissioner copy of order or judgment of conviction of licensee; assessment of costs.

*§11-16-3. Definitions.

For the purpose of this article, except where the context clearly requires differently:

- 3 (1) "Brewer" or "manufacturer" means any person, 4 firm, association, partnership or corporation manufac-5 turing, brewing, mixing, concocting, blending, bottling 6 or otherwise producing or importing or transshipping 7 from a foreign country nonintoxicating beer for sale at 8 wholesale to any licensed distributor.
- 9 (2) "Commissioner" means the West Virginia alcohol beverage control commissioner.
- 11 (3) "Distributor" means any person jobbing or distri-12 buting nonintoxicating beer to retailers at wholesale and 13 whose warehouse and chief place of business shall be 14 within this state.
- (4) "Nonintoxicating beer" means all cereal malt 15 beverages or products of the brewing industry com-16 17 monly referred to as beer, lager beer, ale and all other mixtures and preparations produced by the brewing 18 industry, including malt coolers and containing at least 19 one half of one percent alcohol by volume, but not more 20 than four and two-tenths percent of alcohol by weight, 21 or six percent by volume, whichever is greater, all of 22 which are hereby declared to be nonintoxicating, and 23 the word "liquor" as used in chapter sixty of this code 24 shall not be construed to include or embrace nonintox-25 icating beer nor any of the beverages, products, 26 mixtures or preparations included within this definition. 27

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2764 (Chapter 119), which passed subsequent to this act.

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- 28 (5) "Original container" means the container used by 29 the brewer at the place of manufacturing, bottling, or 30 otherwise producing nonintoxicating beer for sale at 31 wholesale.
 - (6) "Person" means and includes an individual, firm, partnership, limited partnership, association or corporation.
- 35 (7) "Retailer" means any person selling, serving, or 36 otherwise dispensing nonintoxicating beer and all 37 products regulated by this article, including, but not 38 limited to, any malt cooler, at his established and 39 licensed place of business.
- 40 (8) "Tax commissioner" means the tax commissioner 41 of the state of West Virginia or the commissioner's 42 designee.
- §11-16-4. Responsibility of alcohol beverage control commissioner; administrators, employees, and agents; administration and enforcement expenses.
 - (a) The alcohol beverage control commissioner described under the provisions of article two, chapter sixty of this code shall have sole responsibility for the administration of this article, except for those responsibilities expressly vested in the tax commissioner under sections thirteen, fourteen and fifteen of this article.
 - All acts heretofore performed by the nonintoxicating beer commissioner under previous proceedings of this article are hereby again ratified and confirmed, and the commissioner shall succeed to the same position previously maintained by the nonintoxicating beer commissioner in all proceedings and official acts instituted and perfected under the provisions of this article prior to the effective date of this section.
 - (b) The commissioner shall appoint an adequate number of competent persons to serve as administrators, employees and agents of the commissioner for the purpose of keeping all necessary accounts and records required under the provisions of this article; investigating the books, accounts, records and other papers of retailers, distributors and brewers; investigating

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22 applicants for license and the places of business of 23 retailers, distributors and brewers; procuring evidence with respect to violations of the provisions of this article, 24 and particularly for use at hearings held by the 25 26 commissioner and on proceedings instituted in court for 27 the purpose of revoking or suspending licenses here-28 under; and such administrators, employees and agents 29 shall perform such other duties as the commissioner 30 may direct. Such administrators, employees and agents shall have the right to enter any licensed premises in 31 32 the state in the performance of their duties at any hour of the day or night when beer is being sold or consumed 33 on such licensed premises. Refusal by any licensee or by 34 35 any employee of a licensee to permit such administra-36 tors, employees or agents to enter the licensed premises 37 shall be an additional cause for revocation or suspension 38 of the license of such licensee by the commissioner. The 39 compensation of such administrators, employees and agents shall be fixed by the commissioner: Provided, 40 41 That the commissioner may employ up to five special 42 investigators who shall be nonclassified exempt em-43 ployees of the division.

44 (c) Services rendered the state by clerks, sheriffs, commissioners in chancery and special commissioners. designated by the court, and court reporters and stenographers performing services for said commissioner and fees of witnesses summoned on behalf of the state in proceedings to revoke or suspend retailer's licenses shall be treated as part of the expenses of administration and enforcement, and such officers and said other persons shall be paid the same fees and charges as would be chargeable for like services performed for an individual; and the compensation of such clerks, sheriffs and other persons shall be paid out of the amount allocated for the expense of administration enforcement, after the amount of such fees and other charges shall be certified by the court to the auditor.

*§11-16-13. Barrel tax on nonintoxicating beer; reporting and paying to tax commissioner.

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2764 (Chapter 119), which passed subsequent to this act.

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- (a) There is hereby levied and imposed, in addition to the license taxes provided for in this article, a tax of five dollars and fifty cents on each barrel of thirty-one gallons and in like ratio on each part barrel of nonintoxicating beer manufactured in this state for sale within this state, whether contained or sold in barrels. bottles or other containers, and a like tax is hereby levied and imposed upon all nonintoxicating beer manufactured outside of this state and brought into this state for sale within this state; but no nonintoxicating beer manufactured, sold or distributed in this state is subject to more than one barrel tax. The brewer manufacturing or producing nonintoxicating beer within this state for sale within this state shall pay the barrel tax on such nonintoxicating beer, and, except as provided otherwise, the distributor who is the original consignee of nonintoxicating beer manufactured or produced outside of this state, or who brings such nonintoxicating beer into this state, shall pay the barrel tax on such nonintoxicating beer manufactured or produced outside of this state.
- (b) On or before the tenth day of each month during the license period, every brewer who manufactures or produces nonintoxicating beer within this state shall file a report in writing, under oath, to the tax commissioner, in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner, stating its total estimated sales of nonintoxicating beer to distributors within this state during that month, and at the same time shall pay the tax levied by this article on such estimated monthly sales. On or before the tenth day of each month during the license period, every distributor who is the original consignee of nonintoxicating beer manufactured or produced outside this state or who brings such beer into this state for sale shall file a report in writing, under oath, to the tax commissioner, in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner, stating its total estimated purchases of such nonintoxicating beer during that month, and at the same time shall pay the tax thereon levied by this article for such estimated monthly purchase: Provided, That the tax commissioner may allow, or require, a brewer who manufactures or produces nonintoxicating beer outside this state to file

- the required report and pay the required tax on behalf of its distributor or distributors. Any brewer or distributor who files a report under this subsection may adjust its monthly estimated sales or purchases report or reports by filing amended reports by the twenty-fifth day of the reporting month.
- 49 (c) Every brewer or distributor who files a report 50 under subsection (b) of this section shall file a final 51 monthly report of said sales or purchases, in a form and 52 at a time prescribed by the tax commissioner, stating 53 actual nonintoxicating beer sales and purchases and 54 other information which the tax commissioner may 55 require, and shall include a remittance for any barrel tax owed for actual sales or purchases made in excess 56 57 of the amount estimated for that month.
- (d) Any brewer or distributor who files a report pursuant to subsection (b) of this section reflecting an underestimation of twenty-five percent or more of actual sales or purchases of nonintoxicating beer as shown by the report filed pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall be assessed a penalty of one percent of the total taxes due in such prior month.
- 65 (e) Brewers and distributors shall keep all records 66 which relate to the sale or purchase in this state of 67 nonintoxicating beer for a period of three years unless 68 written approval for earlier disposal is granted by the 69 tax commissioner.

§11-16-14. Collection of unpaid license tax.

1 If any person whose report to the tax commissioner 2 as provided for in section thirteen of this article shows him to be liable for any unpaid taxes, and who shall fail 3 to pay the same as provided herein, the tax commis-4 sioner shall be authorized to institute collection reme-5 dies provided for in article ten of this chapter. In 6 addition, the alcohol beverage control commissioner may 7 revoke the license of any such person failing to pay any 8 such tax. 9

*§11-16-15. Records of brewer, manufacturer or distributor; collection of unpaid tax and penalty.

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2764 (Chapter 119), which passed subsequent to this act.

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1 Every brewer, manufacturer or distributor shall 2 maintain, keep and preserve for a period of three years 3 such record or records of nonintoxicating beer manufac-4 tured, sold or distributed in this state, including, but not 5 limited to, coolers, together with such invoices, records, 6 receipts, bills of lading and other pertinent papers as 7 may be required by the tax commissioner, and the tax 8 commissioner shall have authority to inspect, by himself 9 or through the tax commissioner's duly designated 10 agent, the books, accounts, records and memoranda of 11 any person licensed under the provisions of this article. 12 and to examine, under oath, any officer, agent or 13 employee of any brewer, manufacturer or distributor. The tax commissioner may require the production, 14 within this state at such time and place as the tax 15 commissioner may designate, of any books, accounts, 16 papers or records kept within or without the state, or 17 verified copies in lieu thereof, in order that an exam-18 ination thereof may be made by the tax commissioner 19 or the tax commissioner's duly designated agents. If, as 20 21 the result of such examination, it shall be found that any 22 nonintoxicating beer, subject to the payment of a tax, has been manufactured, brewed, sold or distributed by 23 any person, upon which the tax has not been paid, the 24 tax commissioner shall make an assessment of the 25 amount of tax so found to be due, and, in addition 26 thereto and as a part thereof, shall assess a penalty of 27 fifty percent of the amount of such tax and shall notify 28 such person of the total amount due. If the same remains 29 unpaid for a period of thirty days, the tax commissioner 30 shall have the authority to collect the amount found to 31 be due by an appropriate legal proceeding in any of the 32 circuit courts in which an action for the collection of 33 unpaid taxes may be maintained under section fourteen 34 of this article, unless an appeal is taken from the action 35 of the tax commissioner as hereinafter provided. The tax 36 commissioner shall notify the alcohol beverage control 37 commissioner of any such unpaid assessment. 38

Within ten days after receipt of notice of any additional amount claimed to be due from any person as shown by an examination by the tax commissioner, such person, if he or she deems themselves aggrieved thereby,

- 43 shall so notify the tax commissioner and shall request 44 a hearing thereon and the tax commissioner shall set a
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- hearing into the matters raised by such notice, which 46
- hearing shall be held as a contested case pursuant to
- 47 article ten of this chapter, except that the licensee shall
- have the right of appeal from the tax commissioner's 48
- 49 findings only to the circuit court of Kanawha County, 50
- West Virginia. Whether the finding of the tax commis-
- 51 sioner is affirmed or reversed, such circuit court shall 52
- enter an order accordingly and either party shall then 53
- have the right of appeal to the supreme court of appeals
- 54 of the state.

§11-16-23. Revocation or suspension of license; monetary penalty: hearing assessment of costs: establishment of enforcement fund.

- 1 (a) Upon a determination by the commissioner that a
- 2 licensee has (i) violated the provisions of section eighteen
- 3 of this article or of chapter sixty of this code, (ii) acted in such a way as would have precluded initial or renewal 4
- 5 licensure or (iii) violated any rule or order promulgated
- by the commissioner, the commissioner may:
- 7 (1) Revoke the licensee's license:
- 8 (2) Suspend the licensee's license:
- 9 (3) Place the licensee on probationary status for a period not to exceed twelve months; and 10
- 11 (4) Impose a monetary penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars for each violation where revocation is 12
- 13 not imposed.
- (b) Any monetary penalty assessed and collected by 14
- the commissioner shall be transmitted to the state 15
- treasurer for deposit into the state treasury to the credit 16
- of a special revenue fund designated the "Nonintoxicat-17 ing Beer Enforcement Fund", which is hereby created. 18
- All moneys collected, received and deposited in the 19
- "Nonintoxicating Beer Enforcement Fund" shall be kept 20
- and maintained for expenditures by the commissioner 21
- for the purpose of enforcement of the statutes and rules 22 pertaining to nonintoxicating beer, and shall not be
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- treated by the state treasurer or state auditor as any 24

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part of the general revenue of the state. At the end of each fiscal year all funds in the nonintoxicating beer enforcement fund in excess of two thousand dollars shall be transferred to the general revenue fund.

(c) In addition to the grounds for revocation, suspension or other sanction of a license set forth in subsection (a) of this section, conviction of the licensee of any offense constituting a violation of the laws of this state or of the United States relating to nonintoxicating beer or alcoholic liquor shall be mandatory grounds for such sanctioning of a license. Conviction of the licensee of any violation of the laws of this state or of the United States relating to prostitution or the sale, possession or distribution of narcotics or controlled substances shall be mandatory grounds for revocation of the licensee's license for a period of at least one year.

§11-16-24. Hearing on sanctioning of license; notice; review of action of commissioner; clerk of court to furnish commissioner copy of order or judgment of conviction of licensee; assessment of costs.

The commissioner shall not revoke nor suspend any license issued pursuant to this article or impose any civil penalties authorized thereby unless and until a hearing shall be held after at least ten days' notice to the licensee of the time and place of such hearing, which notice shall contain a statement or specification of the charges, grounds or reasons for such proposed contemplated action, and which shall be served upon the licensee as notices under the West Virginia rules of civil procedure or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address for which license was issued; at which time and place, so designated in the notice, the licensee shall have the right to appear and produce evidence in his behalf, and to be represented by counsel.

The commissioner shall have authority to summon witnesses in the hearings before him, and fees of witnesses summoned on behalf of the state in proceedings to sanction licenses shall be treated as a part of the expenses of administration and enforcement. Such fees

shall be the same as those in similar hearings in the circuit courts of this state. The commissioner may, upon a finding of violation, assess a licensee a sum not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars per violation to reimburse the commissioner for expenditures for witness fees, court reporter fees and travel costs incurred in holding the hearing. Any moneys so assessed shall be transferred to the nonintoxicating beer fund created by section twenty-three of this article.

If, at the request of the licensee or on his motion, the hearing shall be continued and shall not take place on the day fixed by the commissioner in the notice above provided for, then such licensee's license may be suspended until the hearing and decision of the commissioner, and in the event of revocation or suspension of such license, upon hearing before the commissioner, the licensee shall not be permitted to sell beer pending an appeal as provided by this article. Any person continuing to sell beer after his license has been suspended or revoked, as hereinbefore provided, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section nineteen of this article.

The action of the commissioner in revoking or suspending a license shall be subject to review by the circuit court of Kanawha County, West Virginia, in the manner provided in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, when such licensee may be aggrieved by such revocation or suspension. Petition for such review must be filed with said circuit court within a period of thirty days from and after the date of revocation or suspension by the commissioner; and any licensee obtaining an order for such review shall be required to pay the costs and fees incident to transcribing, certifying and transmitting the records pertaining to such matter to the circuit court. An application to the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia for a writ of error from any final order of the circuit court in any such matter shall be made within thirty days from and after the entry of such final order.

All such hearings, upon notice to show cause why license should be revoked or suspended, before the

commissioner shall be held in the offices of the commissioner in Charleston, Kanawha County, West Virginia, unless otherwise provided in such notice, or agreed upon between the licensee and the commissioner; and when such hearing is held elsewhere than in the commissioner's office, the licensee may be required to make deposits

of the estimated costs of such hearing.

- 68 Whenever any licensee has been convicted of any 69 offense constituting a violation of the laws of this state 70 or of the United States relating to nonintoxicating beer. 71 or alcoholic liquor, and such conviction has become final, 72 the clerk of the court in which such licensee has been 73 convicted shall forward to the commissioner a certified 74 copy of the order or judgment of conviction if such clerk 75 has knowledge that the person so convicted is a licensee. 76 together with the certification of such clerk that the 77 conviction is final.
- In the case of a Class B licensee with multiple licensed locations, the commissioner may, in his or her discretion, revoke, suspend or otherwise sanction, per the provisions of section twenty-three of this article, only the license for the location or locations involved in the unlawful conduct for which licensure is sanctioned, as opposed to all separately licensed locations of such licensee.

CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

- §15-2-2. Superintendent; departmental headquarters.
- §15-2-12. Mission of the division; powers of superintendent, officers and members; patrol of turnpike.

§15-2-2. Superintendent; departmental headquarters.

- 1 The department of public safety, heretofore estab-
- 2 lished, shall be continued. The governor shall nominate,
- 3 and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate,
- 4 appoint a superintendent to be the executive and
- 5 administrative head of the department. Notwithstand-
- 6 ing any provision of this code to the contrary, the
- 7 superintendent shall be paid an annual salary of sixty
- 8 thousand dollars. The superintendent shall hold the rank
- 9 of colonel and is entitled to all rights, benefits and

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- 10 privileges of regularly enlisted members. On the date of
- 11 his appointment, the superintendent shall be at least
- 12 thirty years of age. Before entering upon the discharge
- 13 of the duties of his office, he shall execute a bond in the
- 14 penalty of ten thousand dollars, payable to the state of
- 15 West Virginia and conditioned upon the faithful
- 16 performance of his duties. Such bond both as to form
- 17 and security shall be approved as to form by the
- 18 attorney general, and to sufficiency by the governor.
- Before entering upon the duties of his office the superintendent shall subscribe to the oath hereinafter
- 21 provided. The headquarters of the department shall be
- 22 located in Kanawha County.

*§15-2-12. Mission of the division; powers of superintendent, officers and members; patrol of turnpike.

- 1 (a) The West Virginia division of public safety shall
 2 have the mission of statewide enforcement of criminal
 3 and traffic laws with emphasis on providing basic
 4 enforcement and citizen protection from criminal
 5 depredation throughout the state and maintaining the
 6 safety of the state's public streets, roads and highways.
- 7 (b) The superintendent and each of the officers and members of the division are hereby empowered:
 - (1) To make arrests anywhere within the state of any persons charged with the violation of any law of this state, or of the United States, and when a witness to the perpetration of any offense or crime, or to the violation of any law of this state, or of the United States, may arrest without warrant; to arrest and detain any persons suspected of the commission of any felony or misdemeanor whenever complaint is made and warrant is issued thereon for such arrest, and any person so arrested shall be forthwith brought before the proper tribunal for examination and trial in the county where the offense for which any such arrest has been made was committed;
- 22 (2) To serve criminal process issued by any court or

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 383 (Chapter 138), which passed prior to this act.

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- magistrate anywhere within this state (they shall not serve civil process); and
- 25 (3) To cooperate with local authorities in detecting 26 crime and in apprehending any person or persons 27 engaged in or suspected of the commission of any crime. 28 misdemeanor or offense against the laws of this state. or of the United States, or of any ordinance of any 29 30 municipality in this state: and to take affidavits in 31 connection with any application to the division of highways, division of motor vehicles and division of 32 33 public safety of West Virginia for any license, permit 34 or certificate that may be lawfully issued by these 35 divisions of state government.
 - (c) Members of the division of public safety are hereby created forest patrolmen and game and fish wardens throughout the state to do and perform any duties and exercise any powers of such officers, and may apprehend and bring before any court or magistrate having jurisdiction of such matters anyone violating any of the provisions of chapters twenty, sixty and sixty-one of this code, and the division of public safety shall at any time be subject to the call of the West Virginia alcohol beverage control commissioner to aid in apprehending any person violating any of the provisions of said chapter sixty of this code. They shall serve and execute warrants for the arrest of any person and warrants for the search of any premises issued by any properly constituted authority, and shall exercise all of the powers conferred by law upon a sheriff. They shall not serve any civil process or exercise any of the powers of such officer in civil matters.
 - (d) Any member of the division of public safety knowing or having reason to believe that anyone has violated the law may make complaint in writing before any court or officer having jurisdiction and procure a warrant for such offender, execute the same and bring such person before the proper tribunal having jurisdiction. He shall make return on all such warrants to such tribunals and his official title shall be "member of the division of public safety." Members of the division of public safety may execute any summons or process issued by any tribunal having jurisdiction requiring the

attendance of any person as a witness before such tribunal and make return thereon as provided by law, and any return by a member of the division of public safety showing the manner of executing such warrant or process shall have the same force and effect as if made by a sheriff.

- (e) Each member of the division of public safety, when called by the sheriff of any county, or when the governor by proclamation so directs, shall have full power and authority within such county, or within the territory defined by the governor, to direct and command absolutely the assistance of any sheriff, deputy sheriff, chief of police, policeman, game and fish warden, and peace officer of the state, or of any county or municipality therein, or of any able-bodied citizen of the United States, to assist and aid in accomplishing the purposes expressed in this article. When so called, any officer or person shall, during the time his assistance is required, be for all purposes a member of the division of public safety and subject to all the provisions of this article.
- (f) The superintendent may also assign members of the division to perform police duties on any turnpike or toll road, or any section thereof, operated by the West Virginia parkways, economic development and tourism authority: *Provided*, That such authority shall reimburse the division of public safety for salaries paid to such members, and shall either pay directly or reimburse the division for all other expenses of such group of members in accordance with actual or estimated costs determined by the superintendent.
- (g) The division of public safety may develop proposals for a comprehensive county or multicounty plan on the implementation of an enhanced emergency service telephone system and for causing a public meeting on such proposals, all as set forth in section six-a, article six, chapter twenty-four of this code.
- (h) The superintendent may also assign members of the division to administer tests for the issuance of commercial drivers' licenses, operator and junior operator licenses as provided for in section seven, article

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two, chapter seventeen-b of this code: *Provided*, That the division of motor vehicles shall reimburse the division of public safety for salaries and employee benefits paid to such members, and shall either pay directly or reimburse the division for all other expenses of such group of members in accordance with actual costs

determined by the superintendent.

c and seventeen-d of this code.

- 112 (i) The superintendent shall be reimbursed by the division of motor vehicles for salaries and employee 113 benefits paid to members of the division of public safety. 114 and shall either be paid directly or reimbursed by the 115 116 division of motor vehicles for all other expenses of such 117 group of members in accordance with actual costs determined by the superintendent, for services per-118 119 formed by such members relating to the duties and 120 obligations of the division of motor vehicles set forth in 121 chapters seventeen, seventeen-a, seventeen-b, seventeen-
- 123 (j) The superintendent may at his discretion and upon 124 the written request of the West Virginia alcohol 125 beverage control commissioner assist the commissioner 126 in the coordination and enforcement of the alcohol 127 beverage control act and the general law concerning 128 nonintoxicating beer and wine.

CHAPTER 17A. MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION, REGISTRATION, CERTIFICATE OF TITLE, AND ANTITHEFT PROVISIONS.

ARTICLE 3. ORIGINAL AND RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION, ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES OF TITLES.

§17A-3-23. Registration plates to state, county, municipal and other governmental vehicles.

Any motor vehicle designed to carry passengers, 1 owned or leased by the state of West Virginia, or any 2 of its departments, bureaus, commissions or institutions. 3 except vehicles used by the governor, treasurer, vehicles 4 operated by the department of public safety, not to 5 exceed six vehicles operated by conservation officers of 6 the division of natural resources, not to exceed ten 7 vehicles operated by the arson investigators of the office 8

of state fire marshal, and not to exceed ten vehicles

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10 operated by inspectors of the office of the alcohol 11 beverage control commissioner, shall not be operated or 12 driven by any person unless it shall have displayed and 13 attached to the front thereof, in the same manner as 14 regular motor vehicle registration plates are attached. 15 a plate of the same size as the regular registration plate, 16 with white lettering on a green background bearing the 17 words "West Virginia" in one line and the words "State 18 Car" in another line, and the lettering for the words "State Car" shall be of sufficient size to be plainly 19 20 readable from a distance of one hundred feet during 21 davlight.

Such vehicle shall also have attached to the rear a plate bearing a number and such other words and figures as the commissioner of motor vehicles shall prescribe. The rear plate shall also be green with the number in white.

On registration plates issued to vehicles owned by counties, the color shall be white on red with the word "County" on top of the plate and the words "West Virginia" on the bottom. On any registration plates issued to a city or municipality, the color shall be white on blue with the word "City" on top, and the words "West Virginia" on the bottom. The colors may not be reversed and shall be of reflectorized material. The commissioner is hereby authorized to designate the colors and design of any other registration plates that are issued without charge to any other agency in accordance with the motor vehicle laws. The registration plates issued to counties, municipalities and other governmental agencies authorized to receive colored plates hereunder shall be affixed to both the front and rear of such vehicles: Provided, That upon application and payment of fees, the commissioner is hereby authorized to issue a maximum of five Class A license plates per applicant to be used by county sheriffs and municipalities on law-enforcement vehicles while engaged in undercover investigations.

No other registration plate shall be issued for, or attached to, any such state-owned vehicle.

- 50 The commissioner of motor vehicles shall have a sufficient number of both front and rear plates produced 51 to attach to all state-owned cars. The numbered 52
- registration plates for such vehicles shall start with the 53
- number "five hundred" and the commissioner shall issue 54
- consecutive numbers for all state-owned cars. 55
- 56 It shall be the duty of each office, department, bureau.
- 57 commission or institution furnished any such vehicle to
- have such plates affixed thereto prior to the operation 58
- 59 of such vehicle by any official or employee.
- 60 Any person violating the provisions of this section
- 61 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction
- 62 thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor
- more than one hundred dollars. 63
- 64 Magistrates shall have concurrent jurisdiction with
- circuit and criminal courts for the enforcement of this 65
- 66 section.

CHAPTER 60. ALCOHOL BEVERAGE CONTROL.

Article

- Generall Provisions. 1.
- Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner. 2.
- Sales by Retail Liquor Licensees.
- 4. Licenses.
- 6. Miscellaneous Provisions.
- Licenses to Private Clubs. 7.
- Sale of Wines.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§60-1-6. How chapter cited.

- This chapter may be cited as the "Alcohol Beverage 1
- Control Act."

ARTICLE 2. ALCOHOL BEVERAGE CONTROL COMMISSIONER.

- §60-2-7. Oath and bond.
- §60-2-9. Salary and expenses.
- §60-2-21. Audit.

§60-2-7. Oath and bond.

- Before entering upon the duties of the office, the 1
- commissioner shall take and subscribe to the oath 2
- prescribed by section 5, article IV, of the constitution 3

- 4 of this state, and shall give bond in the penalty of
- 5 twenty-five thousand dollars, to be approved by the
- 6 governor and conditioned upon the faithful performance
- 7 of the duties of the office and the accounting for and
- payment into the treasury of all moneys coming into the 8
- commissioner's custody by virtue of the office. The bond 9
- 10 and oath shall be filed with the secretary of state.

§60-2-9. Salary and expenses.

- The commissioner shall receive an annual salary of 1
- 2 sixty thousand dollars, and shall be paid actual and
- necessary traveling expenses incurred in performance of 3
- the official duties of the office. 4

§60-2-21. Audit.

- 1 At the close of each fiscal year the legislative auditor
- 2 shall audit the affairs of the West Virginia alcohol
- beverage control commissioner and report the results of 3
- the audit to the governor. The cost of the audit shall be 4
- paid from the operating fund. 5

ARTICLE 3A. SALES BY RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSEES.

§60-3A-17. Wholesale prices set by commissioner; retail licensees to purchase liquor from state; transportation and storage; method of payment.

- (a) The commissioner shall fix wholesale prices for the 1
- 2 sale of liquor, other than wine, to retail licensees. The
- commissioner shall sell liquor, other than wine, to retail 3
- licensees according to a uniform pricing schedule: 4
- Provided, That the commissioner may also establish 5
- discount prices for the sale to retail licensees of liquor 6 in inventory at state liquor stores and agency stores, but
- 7 such discount prices shall only be available to retail
- 8
- licensees who accept delivery of such liquor at such 9
- stores. The commissioner shall obtain if possible, upon 10
- request, any liquor requested by a retail licensee. 11
- (b) Wholesale prices shall be established in order to 12
- vield a net profit for the general fund of not less than 13
- six million five hundred thousand dollars annually on an 14 annual volume of business equal to the average for the 15

- past three years. The net revenue derived from the sale of alcoholic liquors shall be deposited into the general revenue fund in the manner provided in section seventeen, article three of this chapter.
- (c) On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the commissioner shall specify the maximum wholesale markup percentage which may be applied to the prices paid by the commissioner for all liquor, other than wine, in order to determine the prices at which all liquor, other than wine, will be sold to retail licensees during the succeeding three years.
- 27 (d) A retail licensee shall purchase all liquor, other 28 than wine, for resale in this state only from the 29 commissioner, and the provisions of sections twelve and 30 thirteen, article six of this chapter shall not apply to the transportation of such liquor: Provided, That a retail 31 licensee shall purchase wine from a distributor thereof 32 33 who is duly licensed under article eight of this chapter. All liquor, other than wine, purchased by retail licensees 34 shall be stored in the state at the retail outlet or outlets 35 operated by the retail licensee: Provided, however, That 36 the commissioner, in his or her discretion, may upon 37 38 written request permit a retail licensee to store liquor at a site other than the retail outlet or outlets. 39
- (e) The sale of liquor by the commissioner to retail 40 licensees shall be by money order, certified check or 41 cashier's check only: Provided, That if a retail licensee 42 posts with the commissioner an irrevocable letter of 43 credit from a financial institution acceptable to the 44 commissioner guaranteeing payment of checks, then the 45 commissioner may accept the retail licensee's checks in 46 an amount up to the amount of the letter of credit. 47

ARTICLE 4. LICENSES.

§60-4-19. When license revoked.

- The commissioner may revoke a license issued under
- 2 this article upon a finding that:
- 3 (1) The licensee is not a suitable person;
- 4 (2) The place occupied by the licensee is not a suitable place;

- 6 (3) The licensee has violated a provision of this chapter
- 7 or a regulation made by the commissioner under the
- 8 authority of this chapter; or
- 9 (4) The licensee has failed to comply with the spirit
- 10 and intent of this chapter by encouraging intemperance,
- 11 the unlawful consumption of alcoholic liquors, or
- 12 otherwise.

ARTICLE 6. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

§60-6-7. Specific acts forbidden; indictment.

- 1 A person shall not:
- 2 (1) Manufacture or sell in this state without a license
- 3 any alcoholic liquor except as permitted by this article;
- 4 (2) Aid or abet in the manufacture or sale of alcoholic
- 5 liquor without a license except as permitted by this
- 6 article:
- 7 (3) Sell without a license any alcoholic liquor other 8 than permitted by this article;
- 9 (4) Adulterate any alcoholic liquor by the addition of
- 10 any drug, methyl alcohol, crude, unrectified or impure
- 11 form of ethyl alcohol, or other foreign or deleterious
- 12 substance or liquid;
- 13 (5) Refill, with alcoholic liquor, any bottle or other 14 container in which alcoholic liquor has been sold at
- 15 retail in this state:
- 16 (6) Advertise any alcoholic liquor in this state except
- 17 in accordance with the rules and regulations of the
- 18 commissioner; or
- 19 (7) Distribute, deal in, process, or use crowns, stamps
- 20 or seals required under the authority of this chapter,
- 21 except in accordance with the rules and regulations
- 22 prescribed by the commission.
- 23 A person who violates any provision of this section
- shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction
- 25 shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than five
- 26 hundred dollars, or confined in jail not less than thirty

27 days nor more than one year or both such fine and 28 imprisonment, for the first offense. Upon conviction of 29 a second or subsequent offense, the court may in its 30 discretion impose a penalty of confinement in the 31 penitentiary for a period not to exceed three years. 32 An indictment for any first violation of subdivisions 33 (1), (2) and (3) of this section, or any of them, shall be 34 sufficient if in form or effect as follows: 35 State of West Virginia County of _______ to wit: 36 The Grand Jurors of the State of West Virginia, in 37 38 and for the body of the County of ______. upon their oaths present that _____, on 39 the _____, 19____, in the 40 said County of ______, did unlawfully, 41 42 without a State license and without authorization under the Alcohol Beverage Control Act, manufacture and sell. 43 and aid and abet in the manufacture and sale of a 44 quantity of alcoholic liquor, against the peace and 45 46 dignity of the State. Any indictment under this section shall otherwise be 47 in conformity with section one, article nine, chapter 48 49 sixty-two of the code. ARTICLE 7. LICENSES TO PRIVATE CLUBS. Sale of alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating beer by licensee §60-7-3. authorized. Certain acts of licensee prohibited; criminal penalties. §60-7-12. Revocation or suspension of license; monetary penalty; hearing; §60-7-13. assessment of costs; establishment of enforcement fund. \$60-7-13a. Hearing on sanctioning of license; notice; review of action of commissioner: clerk of court to furnish commissioner copy of order or judgment of conviction of licensee; assessment of costs. \$60-7-3. Sale of alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating

beer by licensee authorized.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to 1 the contrary, licensees are hereby authorized to sell 2

alcoholic liquors, other than in sealed packages, for 3

consumption on the premises of the licensees, to their 4

members and their guests in accordance with the 5

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- 6 provisions of this article. The licensees may keep and
- 7 maintain on their premises a supply of those alcoholic
- 8 liquors in such quantities as may be appropriate for the
- 9 conduct of operations thereof.

§60-7-12. Certain acts of licensee prohibited; criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) It shall be unlawful for any licensee, or agent, 2 employee or member thereof, on such licensee's premises 3 to:
 - (1) Sell or offer for sale any alcoholic liquors other than from the original package or container;
- 6 (2) Authorize or permit any disturbance of the peace;
 7 obscene, lewd, immoral or improper entertainment,
 8 conduct or practice; gambling or any slot machine,
 9 multiple coin console machine, multiple coin console slot
 10 machine or device in the nature of a slot machine;
- 11 (3) Sell, give away, or permit the sale of, gift to, or 12 the procurement of any nonintoxicating beer, wine or 13 alcoholic liquors for or to, or permit the consumption of 14 nonintoxicating beer, wine or alcoholic liquors on the 15 licensee's premises, by any person less than twenty-one 16 years of age;
- 17 (4) Sell, give away, or permit the sale of, gift to, or 18 the procurement of any alcoholic liquors, for or to any 19 mental incompetent, or for a person who is physically 20 incapacitated due to consumption of alcoholic liquor or 21 the use of drugs:
- 22 (5) Sell, give or dispense alcoholic liquors in or on any 23 licensed premises or in any rooms directly connected 24 therewith, between the hours of three o'clock a.m. and 25 one o'clock p.m. on any Sunday;
- 26 (6) Permit the consumption by, or serve to, on the 27 licensed premises any alcoholic liquors, covered by this 28 article, to any person who is less than twenty-one years 29 of age;
- 30 (7) With the intent to defraud, alter, change or 31 misrepresent the quality, quantity or brand name of any 32 alcoholic liquor;

- 33 (8) Sell or offer for sale any alcoholic liquor to any 34 person who is not a duly elected or approved dues 35 paying member in good standing of said private club or 36 a guest of such member;
- 37 (9) Permit any person who is less than eighteen years 38 of age to sell, furnish or give alcoholic liquors to any 39 person; or
- 40 (10) Violate any reasonable rule or regulation of the 41 commissioner.
- 42 (b) It shall further be unlawful for any licensee to 43 advertise in any news media or other means, outside of 44 the licensee's premises, the fact that alcoholic liquors 45 may be purchased thereat.
- 46 (c) Any person who violates any of the foregoing 47 provisions shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 48 conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less 49 than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred 50 dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a 51 period not to exceed one year, or by both fine and 52 imprisonment.

§60-7-13. Revocation or suspension of license; monetary penalty; hearing; assessment of costs; establishment of enforcement fund.

- 1 (a) Upon a determination by the commissioner that a
 2 licensee has (i) violated the provisions of article sixteen,
 3 chapter eleven or chapter sixty of this code, (ii) acted
 4 in such a way as would have precluded initial or renewal
 5 licensure or (iii) violated any rule or order promulgated
 6 by the commissioner, the commissioner may impose any
 7 one or a combination of the following sanctions:
 - (1) Revoke the licensee's license;
- 9 (2) Suspend the licensee's license;
- 10 (3) Place the licensee on probationary status for a period not to exceed twelve months; and
- 12 (4) Impose a monetary penalty not to exceed one 13 thousand dollars for each violation where revocation is 14 not imposed.

- (b) Any monetary penalty assessed and collected by the commissioner shall be transmitted to the state treasurer for deposit into the state treasury to the credit of a special revenue fund designated "The Alcohol Beverage Control Enforcement Fund", which is hereby created. All moneys collected, received and deposited in the "Alcohol Beverage Control Enforcement Fund" shall be kept and maintained for expenditures by the commissioner for the purpose of enforcement of the statutes and rules pertaining to alcoholic liquor, and shall not be treated by the state treasurer or state auditor as any part of the general revenue of the state. At the end of each fiscal year all funds in the alcohol beverage control enforcement fund in excess of two thousand dollars shall be transferred to the general revenue fund.
 - (c) In addition to the grounds for revocation, suspension or other sanction of a license set forth in subsection (a) of this section, conviction of the licensee of any offense constituting a violation of the laws of this state or of the United States relating to alcoholic liquor, nonintoxicating beer or gambling shall be mandatory grounds for such sanctioning of a license. Conviction of the licensee of any violation of the laws of this state or of the United States relating to prostitution, or the sale, possession or distribution of narcotics or controlled substances shall be mandatory grounds for revocation of the licensee's license for a period of at least one year.

§60-7-13a. Hearing on sanctioning of license; notice; review of action of commissioner; clerk of court to furnish commissioner copy of order or judgment of conviction of licensee; assessment of costs.

The commissioner shall not revoke or suspend any license issued pursuant to this article or impose any civil penalties authorized thereby unless and until a hearing shall be held after at least ten days' notice to the licensee of the time and place of such hearing, which notice shall contain a statement or specification of the charges, grounds or reasons for such proposed contemplated action, and which shall be served upon the licensee as

notices under the West Virginia rules of civil procedure or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address for which license was issued; at which time and place, so designated in the notice, the licensee shall have the right to appear and produce evidence in his behalf. and to be represented by counsel: Provided. That the commissioner may forthwith suspend any such license when the commissioner believes the public safety will be adversely affected by the licensee's continued operation.

The commissioner shall have authority to summon witnesses in the hearing before him, and fees of witnesses summoned on behalf of the state in proceedings to sanction licenses shall be treated as a part of the expenses of administration and enforcement. Such fees shall be the same as those in similar hearings in the circuit courts of this state. The commissioner may, upon a finding of violation, assess a licensee a sum, not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars per violation, to reimburse the commissioner for expenditures of witness fees, court reporter fees and travel costs incurred in holding the hearing. Any moneys so assessed shall be transferred to the alcohol beverage control enforcement fund created by section thirteen of this article.

If, at the request of the licensee or on his motion, the hearing shall be continued and shall not take place on the day fixed by the commissioner in the notice above provided for, then such licensee's license may be suspended until the hearing and decision of the commissioner, and in the event of revocation or suspension of such license, upon hearing before the commissioner, the licensee shall not be permitted to sell alcoholic liquor pending an appeal as provided by this article. Any person continuing to sell alcoholic liquor after his license has been suspended or revoked, as hereinbefore provided, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section twelve of this article.

The action of the commissioner in revoking or suspending a license shall be subject to review by the circuit court of Kanawha County, West Virginia, in the

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50 manner provided in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, 51 when such licensee may be aggrieved by such revocation 52 or suspension. Petition for such review must be filed 53 with said circuit court within a period of thirty days 54 from and after the date of revocation or suspension by the commissioner; and any licensee obtaining an order 55 for such review shall be required to pay the costs and 56 57 fees incident to transcribing, certifying and transmitting the records pertaining to such matter to 58 59 the circuit court. An application to the supreme court 60 of appeals of West Virginia for a writ of error from any 61 final order of the circuit court in any such matter shall 62 be made within thirty days from and after the entry of 63 such final order.

All such hearings, upon notice to show cause why license should be revoked or suspended, before the commissioner shall be held in the offices of the commissioner in Charleston, Kanawha County, West Virginia, unless otherwise provided in such notice, or agreed upon between the licensee and the commissioner; and when such hearing is held elsewhere than in the commissioner's office, the licensee may be required to make deposits of the estimated costs of such hearing.

73 Whenever any licensee has been convicted of any 74 offense constituting a violation of the laws of this state 75 or of the United States relating to alcoholic liquor, or nonintoxicating beer, and such conviction has become 76 final, the clerk of the court in which such licensee has 77 been convicted shall forward to the commissioner a 78 certified copy of the order or judgment of conviction if 79 such clerk has knowledge that the person so convicted 80 is a licensee, together with the certification of such clerk 81 that the conviction is final. The commissioner shall 82 report violations of any of the provisions of section 83 twelve or twelve-a of this article to the prosecuting 84 attorney of the county in which the licensed premises is 85 located. 86

ARTICLE 8. SALE OF WINES.

§60-8-4. Liter tax.

\$60-8-5. Refund or credit of taxes.

\$60-8-7. Records; inspection.

- §60-8-24. Disposition of revenue.
- §60-8-28. Registration of labels.
- §60-8-29. Bond required of distributors and suppliers.

§60-8-4. Liter tax.

- There is hereby levied and imposed on all wine sold after the thirtieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, by suppliers to distributors, except wine sold to the commissioner, a tax of twentysix and four hundred six-thousandths cents per liter.
- 6 Before the sixteenth day of each month thereafter. 7 every supplier shall make a written report under oath 8 to the tax commissioner showing the identity of the 9 purchaser, the quantity, label and alcoholic content of 10 wine sold by the supplier to West Virginia distributors during the preceding month, and at the same time shall 11 12 pay the tax imposed by this article on the wine sold to 13 the distributor during the preceding month.
- The reports shall contain other information and be in the form the tax commissioner may require. For purposes of this article, the reports required by this section shall be considered tax returns covered by the provisions of article ten, chapter eleven of this code.
- No wine imported, sold or distributed in this state shall be subject to more than one liter tax.

§60-8-5. Refund or credit of taxes.

1 The tax commissioner shall refund, or credit on a 2 subsequent return, any tax which has been erroneously 3 or illegally collected. In the event that a licensee, while 4 the owner of wine on which the tax imposed by this article has been paid, loses such wine through fire or 5 casualty, other than breakage occurring on the premises 6 of the licensee because such wine has been declared by 7 the alcohol beverage control commissioner to be unfit for 8 sale, and the amount of tax paid exceeds fifty dollars, 9 the tax commissioner shall refund the tax paid. The 10 alcohol beverage control commissioner shall promulgate 11 regulations establishing the procedure and nature of 12 proof required in case of any claim for refund or credit. 13

§60-8-7. Records; inspection.

Every person who sells or ships wine to a distributor, 1 2 and every distributor, shall maintain records of all sales. 3 shipments and deliveries, including invoices, records, 4 receipts, bills of lading and other pertinent papers required by the commissioner. All such records shall be 5 6 preserved for at least two years. The tax commissioner 7 may inspect the books, accounts and records of any 8 licensee and examine, under oath, any officer, agent or employee of any licensee or any person engaged in the 9 business of selling, shipping or delivering wine to a 10 11 distributor. The tax commissioner may require the 12 production, within this state at the time and place the 13 tax commissioner may designate, of any books, accounts, 14 papers or records kept within or without the state, or 15 verified copies in lieu thereof, in order that an examination thereof may be made by the tax 16 commissioner or the tax commissioner's duly designated 17 18 agents.

§60-8-24. Disposition of revenue.

- 1 (a) All fees collected by the commissioner under the 2 provisions of this article shall be deposited in the state 3 treasury and credited to a special fund to be known as the "wine license special fund". All moneys in such 4 5 special fund may be expended only for the 6 administration of the provisions of this article or, to the extent of any excess, for the administration of this 7 chapter or as may be appropriate by law. 8
- 9 (b) The liter tax imposed and collected by the tax 10 commissioner under the provisions of this article shall 11 be paid into the state treasury and deposited in the general revenue fund of the state.
- 13 (c) All moneys collected by the alcohol beverage 14 control commissioner and the tax commissioner under 15 the provisions of this article shall be remitted to the 16 state treasury monthly within fifteen days after the end 17 of each month.

§60-8-28. Registration of labels.

Every distributor and farm winery offering wine for sale under this article shall register with the tax

- 3 commissioner each label offered for sale in the state and
- 4 shall pay a fee of three dollars for the registration of
- 5 such label. No wine may be sold under this article unless
- its label has been registered.

§60-8-29. Bond required of distributors and suppliers.

- Each applicant for a distributor's license or each 1
- 2 company registered as a supplier shall furnish at the 3 time of application a bond with a corporate surety
- 4 authorized to transact business in this state, payable to
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- the state, and conditioned on the payment of all taxes
- and fees herein prescribed and on the faithful perfor-6
- 7 mance of and compliance with the provisions of this
- 8 article.
- 9 The penal sum of the bond for distributors shall be
- 10 ten thousand dollars, and the penal sum of the bond for
- suppliers shall be twenty-five thousand dollars. Each 11
- 12 distributor shall be required to furnish separate bond
- for each location or separate place of business from 13
- which wine is distributed, sold, or delivered. Revocation 14
- 15 or forfeiture of the bond furnished for any such location
- may, in the discretion of the tax commissioner, cause the 16
- 17 revocation or forfeiture of all such bonds furnished by
- 18 the distributor suffering such revocation or forfeiture.

CHAPTER 119

(H. B. 2764—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Houvouras)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, six, nine, twelve, thirteen, fifteen, seventeen, eighteen, twenty-one and twenty-six, article sixteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to regulation of retail sales by resident manufacturers of nonintoxicating beer.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, six, nine, twelve, thirteen, fifteen, seventeen, eighteen, twenty-one and twenty-six, article sixteen. chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16. NONINTOXICATING BEER.

- §11-16-3. Definitions.
- §11-16-6. License in one capacity only; no connection between different licensees; when brewer may act as distributor; credit and rebates proscribed; brewpub.
- Amount of license tax; Class A and Class B retail dealers; §11-16-9. purchase and sale of nonintoxicating beer permitted; distributors: brewers: brewpubs.
- §11-16-12. Bond of brewer, distributor, brewpub and Class A retail dealer; action on bond of retail dealer upon revocation of license; duty of prosecuting attorney.
- §11-16-13. Barrel tax on nonintoxicating beer.
- §11-16-15. Records of breweer, manufacturer or distributor or operator of a brewpub; collection of unpaid tax and penalty.
- §11-16-17. Container labeling.
- §11-16-18. Unlawful acts of licensees; criminal penalties. §11-16-21. Requirements as to franchise agreements between brewers and distributors; transfer of franchise by distributor; notice thereof to brewer; arbitration of disputes as to such transfer; violations and penalties; limitation of section.
- §11-16-26. Municipal license tax.

*§11-16-3. Definitions.

- 1 For the purpose of this article, except where the context clearly requires differently: 2
- (1) "Brewer" or "manufacturer" shall mean any 3 4
- person, firm, association, partnership or corporation manufacturing, brewing, mixing, concocting, blending, 5
- bottling or otherwise producing or importing or trans-6
- shipping from a foreign country nonintoxicating beer 7
- for sale at wholesale to any licensed distributor. 8
- (2) "Brewpub" shall mean a place of manufacture of 9 nonintoxicating beer owned by a resident brewer, 10
- subject to federal regulations and guidelines, a portion 11
- of which premises are designated for retail sales. 12
- (3) "Commissioner" shall mean the West Virginia 13 alcohol beverage control commissioner. 14
- (4) "Distributor" shall mean and include any person 15
- jobbing or distributing nonintoxicating beer to retailers 16
- at wholesale and whose warehouse and chief place of 17 business shall be within this state. 18

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2602 (Chapter 118), which passed prior to this act.

- 19 (5) "Nonintoxicating beer" shall mean all cereal malt 20 beverages or products of the brewing industry com-21 monly referred to as beer, lager beer, ale and all other 22 mixtures and preparations produced by the brewing 23 industry, including malt coolers and containing at least 24 one half of one percent alcohol by volume, but not more than four and two-tenths percent of alcohol by weight. 25 26 or six percent by volume, whichever is greater, all of 27 which are hereby declared to be nonintoxicating and the 28 word "liquor" as used in chapter sixty of this code shall 29 not be construed to include or embrace nonintoxicating 30 beer nor any of the beverages, products, mixtures or 31 preparations included within this definition.
- 32 (6) "Original container" shall mean the container used 33 by the brewer at the place of manufacturing, bottling 34 or otherwise producing nonintoxicating beer for sale at 35 wholesale.
- 36 (7) "Person" shall mean and include an individual, 37 firm, partnership, limited partnership, association or 38 corporation.
- 39 (8) "Resident brewer" shall mean any person, firm, 40 association, partnership, or corporation whose principal 41 place of business is within the state.
- 42 (9) "Retailer" shall mean any person selling, serving, 43 or otherwise dispensing nonintoxicating beer and all 44 products regulated by this article, including, but not 45 limited to, any malt cooler, at his established and 46 licensed place of business.

§11-16-6. License in one capacity only; no connection between different licensees; when brewer may act as distributor; credit and rebates proscribed; brewpub.

1 (a) No person shall be licensed in more than one 2 capacity under the terms of this article, and there shall 3 be no connection whatsoever between any retailer or 4 distributor or brewer, and no person shall be interested 5 directly or indirectly through the ownership of corporate stock, membership in a partnership, or in any other way in the business of a retailer, if such person is at the

- 8 same time interested in the business of a brewer or 9 distributor. A brewer whose place of brewing or manufacture is located within the state of West Virginia 10 may act as distributor of his own product from such 11 12 brewery, place of manufacture or bottling, but must 13 have a distributor's license for distribution from a place other than the place of brewing or manufacture. A 14 resident brewer or distributor may sell to a consumer 15
- for personal use and not for resale, draught beer in quantities of one-eighth, one-fourth and one-half barrels

18 in the original containers.

- 19 (b) It shall be unlawful for any brewer, manufacturer or distributor to assist any retailer or for any retailer 20 21 to accept assistance from any brewer, manufacturer or 22 distributor any gifts or loans or forebearance of money or property of any kind, nature or description, or other 23 thing of value or by the giving of any rebates or 24 discounts of any kind whatsoever except as may be 25 permitted by rule, regulation, or order promulgated by 26 27 the commissioner in accordance with this article.
- Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) above, a brewpub may manufacture and offer for retail sale non-intoxicating beer so long as the sale of the non-intoxicating beer is limited to the brewpub premises.

§11-16-9. Amount of license tax; Class A and Class B retail dealers; purchase and sale of nonintoxicating beer permitted; distributors; brewers; brewpubs.

- (a) There is hereby levied and imposed an annual 1 license tax upon all dealers in and of nonintoxicating 2 beer as defined by this article, which license period shall 3 begin on the first day of July of each year and end on 4 the thirtieth day of June of the following year, and, if 5 granted for a less period the same shall be computed 6 semiannually in proportion to the remainder of the fiscal 7 year as follows: 8
- 9 (1) Retail dealers shall be divided into two classes, 10 Class A and Class B. In the case of a Class A retail 11 dealer the license fee shall be one hundred fifty dollars 12 for each place of business; the license fee for social,

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13 fraternal or private clubs not operating for profit, and having been in continuous operation for two years or 14 15 more immediately preceding the date of application, 16 shall be one hundred fifty dollars: Provided, That 17

railroads operating in this state may dispense nonintox-18 icating beer upon payment of an annual license tax of

ten dollars for each dining, club or buffet car in which 19 20

the same is dispensed.

Class A licenses issued for railroad dining, club or buffet cars, as herein provided, shall authorize the licensee to sell nonintoxicating beer at retail for consumption only on the licensed premises where sold. All other Class A licenses shall authorize the licensee to sell nonintoxicating beer at retail for consumption on or off the licensed premises.

In the case of a Class B retailer, the fee for a Class B license authorizing the sale of both chilled and unchilled beer shall be one hundred fifty dollars for each place of business. A Class B license shall authorize the licensee to sell nonintoxicating beer at retail in bottles, cans or other sealed containers only, and only for consumption off the licensed premises. Sales under this license to any person at any one time must be in less quantities than five gallons: Provided, That a Class B retailer may sell to a consumer, for personal use and not for resale, draught beer in quantities of one-eighth, onefourth and one-half barrels in the original containers. Such license may be issued only to the proprietor or owner of a grocery store. For the purpose of this article the term "grocery store" means and includes any retail establishment commonly known as a grocery store or delicatessen, where food or food products are sold for consumption off the premises, and shall include and mean a separate and segregated portion of any other retail store which is dedicated solely to the sale of food, food products and supplies for the table for consumption off the premises. The commissioner may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry this provision into effect.

(2) In the case of distributors, the license fee shall be one thousand dollars for each place of business.

- 54 (3) In the case of a brewer with its principal place of 55 business located in this state, the license fee shall be one 56 thousand five hundred dollars for each place of 57 manufacture.
- 58 (4) In the case of a brewpub, the license fee shall be one thousand dollars for each place of manufacture.

§11-16-12. Bond of brewer, distributor, brewpub and Class A retail dealer; action on bond of retail dealer upon revocation of license; duty of prosecuting attorney.

1 (a) In addition to furnishing the information required by this article, each brewer or distributor applying for 2 a license under this article shall furnish, as prerequisite 3 4 to a license, a bond with some solvent surety company 5 as surety, to be approved by the commissioner, payable to the state of West Virginia, conditioned for the 6 7 payment of any and all additional taxes accruing during 8 the period of such license, and conditioned further for the faithful observance of the provisions of this article, 9 10 the rules, regulations and orders promulgated pursuant thereto and of any other laws of the state of West 11 Virginia generally relating to the sale, transportation, 12 13 storage and distribution of nonintoxicating beer, which 14 said bonds shall be forfeited to the state upon the revocation of the license of any such brewer or distrib-15 utor. The amount of such bond, in the case of a resident 16 17 brewer or brewpub, shall be not less than five thousand dollars, nor more than ten thousand dollars, and in the 18 case of a distributor, not less than two thousand dollars, 19 nor more than five thousand dollars for each place of 20 business licensed and conducted within the state. the 21 amount of such bond, between the minimum and 22 maximum amounts, to be determined in the discretion 23 of the commissioner. In the case of brewers shipping 24 nonintoxicating beer into the state, any brewer must 25 also furnish a bond in a penalty of not less than five 26 thousand dollars nor more than twenty-five thousand 27 dollars conditioned as hereinabove in this subsection 28 provided and any bond furnished pursuant hereto shall 29 be forfeited to the state in the full amount of said bond 30 upon revocation of license of any such brewer or 31

- distributor. Such money received by the state shall be credited to the state fund, general revenue.
- 34 (b) Each Class A retail dealer, in addition to furnish-35 ing the information required by this article, shall 36 furnish as prerequisite to obtaining a license, a bond 37 with some solvent surety company as surety, to be 38 approved by the commissioner, payable to the state of 39 West Virginia, in the amount not less than five hundred 40 dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, within the 41 discretion of the commissioner. All such bonds shall be 42 conditioned for the faithful observance of the provisions 43 of this article, the rules, regulations and orders 44 promulgated pursuant thereto and of any other laws of 45 the state of West Virginia generally relating to the 46 distribution, sale and dispensing of nonintoxicating 47 beer, and shall be forfeited to the state in the full 48 amount of said bond upon the revocation of the license 49 of any such retail dealer. Such money received by the 50 state shall be credited to the state fund, general revenue.
- (c) Upon the revocation of the license of any Class A 51 52 retail dealer by the commissioner or by any court of competent jurisdiction, the commissioner or the clerk of 53 54 said court shall notify the prosecuting attorney of the 55 county wherein such retail dealer's place of business is located, or the prosecuting attorney of the county 56 57 wherein the licensee resides, of such revocation, and, 58 upon receipt of said notice, it shall be the duty of such 59 prosecuting attorney forthwith to institute appropriate proceedings for the collection of the full amount of said 60 bond. Upon request of such prosecuting attorney, the 61 commissioner shall deliver the bond to him. Willful 62 refusal without just cause therefor by the prosecuting 63 attorney to perform said duty hereby imposed shall 64 subject him to removal from office by the circuit court 65 of the county for which said prosecuting attorney was 66 elected upon proper proceedings and proof in the 67 manner provided by law. 68

*§11-16-13. Barrel tax on nonintoxicating beer.

1 (a) There is hereby levied and imposed, in addition to the license taxes provided for in this article, a tax of five

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2602 (Chapter 118), which passed prior to this act.

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dollars and fifty cents on each barrel of thirty-one gallons and in like ratio on each part barrel of nonintoxicating beer manufactured in this state for sale within this state, whether contained or sold in barrels, bottles or other containers, and a like tax is hereby levied and imposed upon all nonintoxicating beer manufactured outside of this state and brought into this state for sale within this state: but no nonintoxicating beer manufactured, sold or distributed in this state is subject to more than one barrel tax. The brewer manufacturing or producing nonintoxicating beer within this state for sale within this state shall pay the barrel tax on such nonintoxicating beer, and, except as provided otherwise, the distributor who is the original consignee of nonintoxicating beer manufactured or produced outside of this state, or who brings such nonintoxicating beer into this state, shall pay the barrel tax on such nonintoxicating beer manufactured or produced outside of this state.

(b) On or before the tenth day of each month during the license period, every brewer or operator of a brewpub who manufactures or produces nonintoxicating beer within this state shall file a report in writing, under oath, to the tax commissioner. in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner, stating its total estimated sales, or in the case of a brewpub, its total estimated production of nonintoxicating beer within this state during that month, and at the same time shall pay the tax levied by this article on such estimated monthly sales or production. On or before the tenth day of each month during the license period, every distributor who is the original consignee of nonintoxicating beer manufactured or produced outside this state or who brings such beer into this state for sale shall file a report in writing, under oath, to the tax commissioner, in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner, stating its total estimated purchases of such nonintoxicating beer during that month, and at the same time shall pay the tax thereon levied by this article for such estimated monthly purchase: Provided, That the tax commissioner may allow, or require, a brewer who manufactures or produces nonintoxicating beer outside this state to file

- the required report and pay the required tax on behalf of its distributor or distributors. Any brewer or distributor or operator of a brewpub who files a report under this subsection may adjust its monthly estimated sales or purchases or production report or reports by filing amended reports by the twenty-fifth day of the reporting month.
- 52 (c) Every brewer or distributor or operator of a 53 brewpub who files a report under subsection (b) of this 54 section shall file a final monthly report of said sales or 55 purchases or production, in a form and at a time 56 prescribed by the tax commissioner, stating actual 57 nonintoxicating beer sales, purchases, or production and 58 other information which the tax commissioner may 59 require, and shall include a remittance for any barrel 60 tax owed for actual sales or purchases or production 61 made in excess of the amount estimated for that month.
- 62 (d) Any brewer or distributor or operator of a 63 brewpub who files a report pursuant to subsection (b) 64 of this section reflecting an underestimation of twenty-65 five percent or more of actual sales or purchases or 66 production of nonintoxicating beer as shown by the 67 report filed pursuant to subsection (c) of this section 68 shall be assessed a penalty of one percent of the total 69 taxes due in such prior month.
- 70 (e) Brewers and distributors and operators of brew-71 pubs shall keep all records which relate to the sale or 72 purchase in this state of nonintoxicating beer for a 73 period of three years unless written approval for earlier 74 disposal is granted by the tax commissioner.

*§11-16-15. Records of brewer, manufacturer or distributor or operator of a brewpub; collection of unpaid tax and penalty.

Every brewer, manufacturer or distributor or operator of a brewpub shall maintain, keep and preserve for a period of three years such record or records of nonintoxicating beer manufactured, sold or distributed in this state, including, but not limited to, coolers, together with such invoices, records, receipts, bills of lading and other pertinent papers as may be required

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2602 (Chapter 118), which passed prior to this act.

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8 by the tax commissioner, and the tax commissioner shall 9 have authority to inspect, by himself or through the 10 commissioner's duly designated agent, the books. accounts, records and memoranda of any person licensed 11 12 under the provisions of this article, and to examine, 13 under oath, any officer, agent or employee of any 14 brewer, manufacturer or distributor or operator of a 15 brewpub. The tax commissioner may require the 16 production, within this state at such time and place as the commissioner may designate, of any books, accounts, 17 18 papers or records kept within or without the state, or 19 verified copies in lieu thereof, in order that an exam-20 ination thereof may be made by the tax commissioner 21 or the commissioner's duly designated agents. If, as the 22 result of such examination, it shall be found that any 23 nonintoxicating beer, subject to the payment of a tax. 24 has been manufactured, brewed, sold or distributed by 25 any person, upon which the tax has not been paid, the 26 tax commissioner shall make an assessment of the 27 amount of tax so found to be due, and, in addition 28 thereto and as a part thereof, shall assess a penalty of 29 fifty percent of the amount of such tax and shall notify 30 such person of the total amount due. If the same remains 31 unpaid for a period of thirty days, the tax commissioner 32 shall have the authority to collect the amount found to 33 be due by an appropriate legal proceeding in any of the 34 circuit courts in which an action for the collection of 35 unpaid taxes may be maintained under section fourteen 36 of this article, unless an appeal is taken from the action 37 of the tax commissioner as hereinafter provided. The tax 38 commissioner shall notify the alcohol beverage control 39 commissioner of any such unpaid assessment.

Within ten days after receipt of notice of any additional amount claimed to be due from any person as shown by an examination by the tax commissioner, such person, if he or she deems themselves aggrieved thereby, shall so notify the tax commissioner and shall request a hearing thereon and the tax commissioner shall set a hearing into the matters raised by such notice, which hearing shall be held as a contested case pursuant to article ten of this chapter, except that the licensee shall have the right of appeal from the tax commissioner's

- 50 findings only to the circuit court of Kanawha County,
- 51 West Virginia. Whether the finding of the tax commis-
- 52 sioner is affirmed or reversed, such circuit court shall
- 53 enter an order accordingly and either party shall then
- 54 have the right of appeal to the supreme court of appeals
- 55 of the state.

§11-16-17. Container labeling.

- 1 It shall be unlawful for any brewer, brewpub, 2
- manufacturer, distributor or retailer to have affixed 3 upon any beer, ale or other malt beverage or malt cooler
- 4 container, sold or for sale in this state, a label bearing
- 5 any design, picture or wording, indicating that the
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- contents of the container are brewed or manufactured
- 7 for one particular distributor or retailer or group of
- 8 retailers, or use any trademark other than that of a
- 9 licensed brewer or manufacturer.

§11-16-18. Unlawful acts of licensees; criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) It shall be unlawful:
- 2 (1) For any licensee, his, her, its or their servants,
- 3 agents or employees to sell, give or dispense, or any 4 individual to drink or consume, in or on any licensed
- 5 premises or in any rooms directly connected therewith,
- nonintoxicating beer or cooler on weekdays between the 6
- 7 hours of two o'clock a.m. and seven o'clock a.m., or 8 between the hours of two o'clock a.m. and one o'clock
- 9 p.m., on any Sunday, except in private clubs licensed
- 10 under the provisions of article seven, chapter sixty of
- 11 this code, where the hours shall conform with the hours
- 12 of sale of alcoholic liquors:
- 13 (2) For any licensee, his, her, its or their servants,
- 14 agents or employees, to sell, furnish or give any
- 15 nonintoxicating beer as defined in this article to any
- 16 person visibly or noticeably intoxicated, or to any person
- 17 known to be insane or known to be a habitual drunkard:
- 18 (3) For any licensee, his, her, its or their servants,
- 19 agents or employees, to sell, furnish or give any
- 20 nonintoxicating beer as defined in this article to any
- 21 person who is less than twenty-one years of age;

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- 22 (4) For any distributor to sell or offer to sell, or any 23 retailer to purchase or receive, any nonintoxicating beer 24 as defined in this article, except for cash; and no right 25 of action shall exist to collect any claims for credit 26 extended contrary to the provisions of this subdivision. 27 Nothing herein contained shall prohibit a licensee from 28 crediting to a purchaser the actual price charged for 29 packages or containers returned by the original pur-30 chaser as a credit on any sale, or from refunding to any purchaser the amount paid or deposited for such 31 32 containers when title is retained by the vendor;
 - (5) For any brewer or distributor or brewpub or his, her, its or their agents, to transport or deliver nonintoxicating beer as defined in this article to any retail licensee on Sunday;
 - (6) For any brewer or distributor to give, furnish, rent or sell any equipment, fixtures, signs or supplies directly or indirectly or through a subsidiary or affiliate to any licensee engaged in selling products of the brewing industry at retail, or to offer any prize, premium, gift or other similar inducement, except advertising matter of nominal value, to either trade or consumer buyers: Provided, That a distributor may offer, for sale or rent, tanks of carbonic gas. Nothing herein contained shall prohibit a brewer from sponsoring any professional or amateur athletic event or from providing prizes or awards for participants and winners in any such events: Provided, however, That no such event shall be sponsored which permits actual participation by athletes or other persons who are minors, unless specifically authorized by the commissioner;
 - (7) For any licensee to permit in his premises any lewd, immoral or improper entertainment, conduct or practice;
 - (8) For any licensee except the holder of a license to operate a private club issued under the provisions of article seven, chapter sixty of this code, or a holder of a license or a private wine restaurant issued under the provisions of article eight of said chapter sixty, to possess a federal license, tax receipt or other permit

- 62 entitling, authorizing or allowing such licensee to sell 63 liquor or alcoholic drinks other than nonintoxicating 64 beer;
 - (9) For any licensee to obstruct the view of the interior of his premises by enclosure, lattice, drapes or any means which would prevent plain view of the patrons occupying such premises. The interior of all licensed premises shall be adequately lighted at all times: Provided, That provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the premises of a Class B retailer, the premises of a private club licensed under the provisions of article seven, chapter sixty of this code, or the premises of a private wine restaurant licensed under the provisions of article eight of said chapter sixty:
 - (10) For any licensee to manufacture, import, sell, trade, barter, possess or acquiesce in the sale, possession or consumption of any alcoholic liquors on the premises covered by such license or on premises directly or indirectly used in connection therewith: *Provided*, That the prohibition contained in this subdivision with respect to the selling or possessing or to the acquiescence in the sale, possession or consumption of alcoholic liquors shall not be applicable with respect to the holder of a license to operate a private club issued under the provisions of article seven, chapter sixty of this code, nor shall the prohibition be applicable to a private wine restaurant licensed under the provisions of article eight of said chapter insofar as such private wine restaurant is authorized serve wine;
 - (11) For any retail licensee to sell or dispense nonintoxicating beer, as defined in this article, purchased or acquired from any source other than a distributor, brewer or manufacturer licensed under the laws of this state;
 - (12) For any licensee to permit loud, boisterous or disorderly conduct of any kind upon his or her premises or to permit the use of loud musical instruments if either or any of the same may disturb the peace and quietude of the community wherein such business is located: *Provided*. That no licensee shall have in connection with

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- his or her place of business any loudspeaker located on the outside of the licensed premises that broadcasts or carries music of any kind;
- 105 (13) For any person whose license has been revoked, 106 as in this article provided, to obtain employment with 107 any retailer within the period of one year from the date 108 of such revocation, or for any retailer to employ 109 knowingly any such person within such time;
- 110 (14) For any distributor to sell, possess for sale, 111 transport or distribute nonintoxicating beer except in 112 the original container;
- 113 (15) For any licensee to knowingly permit any act to 114 be done upon the licensed premises, the commission of 115 which constitutes a crime under the laws of this state;
- 116 (16) For any Class B retailer to permit the consumption of nonintoxicating beer upon his licensed premises;
- 118 (17) For any Class A licensee, his, her, its or their 119 servants, agents or employees, or for any licensee by or 120 through such servants, agents or employees, to allow, 121 suffer or permit any person less than eighteen years of 122 age to loiter in or upon any licensed premises; except, 123 however, that the provisions of this subdivision shall not 124 apply where such person under the age of eighteen years 125 is in or upon such premises in the immediate company 126 of his or her parent or parents, or where and while such person under the age of eighteen years is in or upon such 127 128 premises for the purpose of and actually making a 129 lawful purchase of any items or commodities therein sold, or for the purchase of and actually receiving any 130 lawful service therein rendered, including the consump-131 tion of any item of food, drink or soft drink therein 132 lawfully prepared and served or sold for consumption 133 134 on such premises;
 - (18) For any distributor to sell, offer for sale, distribute or deliver any nonintoxicating beer outside the territory assigned to such distributor by the brewer or manufacturer of such nonintoxicating beer or to sell, offer for sale, distribute or deliver any such nonintoxicating beer to any retailer whose principal place of

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- business or licensed premises is within the assigned territory of another distributor of such nonintoxicating beer: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall be deemed to prohibit sales of convenience between distributors licensed in this state wherein one such distributor sells, transfers or delivers to another such distributor a particular brand or brands for sale at wholesale; and
 - (19) For any licensee or any agent, servant or employee of any such licensee to knowingly violate any rule or regulation lawfully promulgated by the commissioner in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
 - (b) Any person who violates any provision of this article including, but not limited to, any provision of this section, or any rule, regulation, or order lawfully promulgated by the commissioner, or who makes any false statement concerning any material fact in submitting application for license or for a renewal of a license or in any hearing concerning the revocation thereof, or who commits any of the acts herein declared to be unlawful, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished for each offense by a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty days or more than six months, or by both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court. Magistrates shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit court, and any other courts having criminal jurisdiction in their county, for the trial of all misdemeanors arising under this article.
- (c) Nothing in this article nor any rule or regulation 171 of the commissioner shall prevent or be deemed to 172 prohibit any licensee from employing any person who is 173 at least eighteen years of age to serve in such licensee's 174 lawful employ, including the sale or delivery of nonin-175 toxicating beer as defined in this article. With the prior 176 approval of the commissioner, a licensee whose principal 177 business is the sale of food or consumer goods or the 178 providing of recreational activities, including, but not 179 limited to, nationally franchised fast food outlets, 180 family-oriented restaurants, bowling alleys, drug stores. 181

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- discount stores, grocery stores, and convenience stores, may employ persons who are less than eighteen years of age but at least sixteen years of age: Provided, That such person's duties shall not include the sale or delivery of nonintoxicating beer or alcoholic liquors: Provided, however, That the authorization to employ such persons under the age of eighteen years shall be clearly
- §11-16-21. Requirements as to franchise agreements between brewers and distributors; transfer of franchise by distributor; notice thereof to brewer; arbitration of disputes as to such transfer; violations and penalties; limitation of section.

indicated on the licensee's license.

- (a) On and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, it shall be unlawful for any brewer to transfer or deliver to a distributor any nonintoxicating beer, ale or other malt beverage or malt cooler without first having entered into an equitable franchise agreement with such distributor, which franchise agreement shall be in writing, shall be identical as to terms and conditions with all other franchise agreements between such brewer and its other distributors in this state, and which shall contain a provision in substance or effect as follows:
- 12 (1) The brewer recognizes that the distributor is free to manage his business in the manner the distributor 13 deems best, and that this prerogative vests in the 14 distributor, subject to the provisions of this article, the 15 exclusive right to establish his or her selling prices, to 16 select the brands of beer he or she wishes to handle, and 17 to determine the efforts and resources which the 18 distributor will exert to develop and promote the sale 19 of the brewer's products handled by the distributor. 20 However, since the brewer does not expect that its 21 products handled by the distributor will be sold by 22 others in the territory assigned to the distributor, the 23 brewer is dependent upon the distributor alone for the 24 sale of such products in said territory. Consequently, the 25 brewer expects that the distributor will price compet-26 itively the products handled by the distributor, devote 27

- reasonable effort and resources to the sale of such products and maintain a satisfactory sales level.
- (2) Whenever the manufacturing, bottling or other production rights for the sale of nonintoxicating beer at wholesale of any brewer is acquired by another brewer. the franchised distributor of the selling brewer shall be entitled to continue distributing the selling brewer's beer products as authorized in the distributor's existing franchise agreement, and the acquiring brewer shall market all the selling brewer's beer products through said franchised distributor as though the acquiring brewer had made the franchise agreement, and the acquiring brewer may terminate said franchise agree-ment only in accordance with subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this section: Provided, That the acquiring brewer may distribute any of its other beer products through its duly authorized franchises in accordance with all other provisions of this section.
 - (b) It shall also be unlawful:
 - (1) For any brewer or brewpub or distributor, or any officer, agent or representative of any brewer or brewpub or distributor, to coerce or persuade or attempt to coerce or persuade any person licensed to sell, distribute or job nonintoxicating beer, ale or other malt beverage or malt cooler at wholesale or retail, to enter into any contracts or agreements, whether written or oral, or to take any other action, which will violate or tend to violate any provision of this article or any of the rules, regulations, standards, requirements or orders of the commissioner promulgated as provided in section twenty-one of this article, or
 - (2) For any brewer or brewpub or distributor, or any officer, agent or representative of any brewer or brewpub or distributor, to cancel, terminate or rescind without due regard for the equities of such brewer or brewpub or distributor, and without just cause, any franchise agreement, whether oral or written, and in the case of an oral franchise agreement, whether the same was entered into on or before the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and in the case

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of a franchise agreement in writing, whether the same was entered into on, before or subsequent to July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one. The cancellation, termination or rescission of any such franchise agreement shall not become effective for at least ninety days after written notice of such cancellation, termination or rescission has been served on the affected party and the commissioner by certified mail, return receipt requested: *Provided*, That said ninety-day period and said notice of cancellation, termination or rescission shall not apply if such cancellation, termination or rescission is agreed to in writing by both the brewer and the distributor involved.

(c) In the event a distributor desires to sell or transfer his or her franchise, such distributor shall give to the brewer or brewpub at least sixty days notice in writing of such impending sale or transfer and the identity of the person, firm or corporation to whom such sale or transfer is to be made and such other information as the brewer may reasonably request. Such notice shall be made upon forms and contain such additional information as the commissioner by rule or regulation shall prescribe. A copy of such notice shall be forwarded to the commissioner. The brewer or brewpub shall be given sixty days to approve or disapprove of such sale or transfer. If the brewer or brewpub neither approves nor disapproves thereof within sixty days of the date of receipt of such notice, the sale or transfer of such franchise shall be deemed to be approved by such brewer. In the event the brewer or brewpub shall disapprove of the sale or transfer to the prospective franchisee, transferee or purchaser, such brewer or brewpub shall give notice to the distributor of that fact in writing, setting forth the reason or reasons for such disapproval. The approval shall not be unreasonably withheld by the brewer or brewpub. The fact that the prospective franchisee, transferee or purchaser has not had prior experience in the nonintoxicating beer business or beer business shall not be deemed sufficient reason in and of itself for a valid disapproval of the proposed sale or transfer, but may be considered in conjunction with other adverse factors in supporting the

position of the brewer or brewpub. Nor may the brewer 110 111 or brewpub impose requirements upon the prospective 112 franchisee, transferee or purchaser which are more 113 stringent or restrictive than those currently demanded 114 of or imposed upon the brewer's or brewpub's or other 115 distributors in the state of West Virginia. A copy of such 116 notice of disapproval shall likewise be forwarded to the commissioner and to the prospective franchisee, trans-117 118 feree or purchaser. In the event the issue be not resolved 119 within twenty days from the date of such disapproval. 120 either the brewer, brewpub, distributor or prospective 121 franchisee, transferee or purchaser shall notify the other 122 parties of his or her demand for arbitration and shall 123 likewise notify the commissioner thereof. A dispute or 124 disagreement shall thereupon be submitted to arbitra-125 tion in the county in which the distributor's principal 126 place of business is located by a board of three 127 arbitrators, which request for arbitration shall name 128 one arbitrator. The party receiving such notice shall 129 within ten days thereafter by notice to the party 130 demanding arbitration name the second arbitrator, or 131 failing to do so, the second arbitrator shall be appointed 132 by the chief judge of the circuit court of the county in 133 which the distributor's principal place of business is 134 located on request of the party requesting arbitration in 135 the first instance. The two arbitrators so appointed shall 136 name the third, or failing to do so within ten days after appointment of the second arbitrator, the third arbitra-137 tor may be appointed by said chief judge upon request 138 of either party. The arbitrators so appointed shall 139 promptly hear and determine and the questions submit-140 ted pursuant to the procedures established by the 141 142 American Arbitration Association and shall render their decision with all reasonable speed and dispatch but 143 in no event later than twenty days after the conclusion 144 of evidence. Said decision shall include findings of fact 145 and conclusions of law and shall be based upon the 146 justice and equity of the matter. Each party shall be 147 given notice of such decision. If the decision of the 148 arbitrators be in favor of or in approval of the proposed 149 sale or transfer, the brewer or brewpub shall forthwith 150 agree to the same and shall immediately transfer the 151

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152 franchise to the proposed franchisee, transferee or 153 purchaser, unless notice of intent to appeal such decision 154 is given the arbitrators and all other parties within ten 155 days of notification of such decision. If any such party 156 deems himself aggrieved thereby, such party shall have 157 a right to bring an appropriate action in circuit court. Any and all notices given pursuant to this subsection 158 159 shall be given to all parties by certified or registered 160 mail, return receipt requested.

(d) The violation of any provision of this section by any brewer or brewpub shall constitute grounds for the forfeiture of the bond furnished by such brewer or brewpub in accordance with the provisions of section twelve of this article. Moreover, any circuit court of the county in which a distributor's principal place of business is located shall have the jurisdiction and power to enjoin the cancellation, termination or rescission of any franchise agreement between a brewer or brewpub and such distributor, and, in granting an injunction to a distributor, the court shall provide that the brewer or brewpub so enjoined shall not supply the customers or territory of the distributor while the injunction is in effect.

§11-16-26. Municipal license tax.

1 Any municipal corporation in this state shall have the 2 authority to levy a license tax under the provisions of 3 this article upon any retailer, distributor or brewer or operator of a brewpub of nonintoxicating beer whose 4 place of business is situated within such municipality, 5 but the amount of the license tax levied by such 6 municipal corporation shall in no event exceed the 7 8 amount fixed herein to be levied by the state. Only one municipal tax is to be so imposed and that only by the 9 municipality in which the place of business, or ware-10 house, is located. Cities and incorporated towns are 11 hereby empowered to enact ordinances for the enforce-12 ment of this article in conformity with the provisions of 13 the same: Provided, That in no case shall the rate of such 14 municipal license tax exceed the rate of such tax in 15 effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine 16 hundred eighty-six. 17

- In the case of a brewpub, such municipal tax shall not
- 19 exceed the same proportions of taxation as the other
- 20 licensees.

CHAPTER 120

(H. B. 2226—By Delegates Love and Wallace)

[Passed February 12, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article twelve-c, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the interagency committee on pesticides.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- §1. Repeal of article creating the interagency committee on pesticides.
 - 1 Article twelve-c, chapter nineteen of the code of West
 - 2 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
 - 3 amended, is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 121

(S. B. 68-By Senators Spears and Helmick)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article seven, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the poet laureate of West Virginia; appointment; qualifications; and increasing salary.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article seven, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. POET LAUREATE.

§29-7-1. Appointment; qualifications; salary.

There shall be a poet laureate of West Virginia, who shall be appointed by, and serve during the will and pleasure of the governor. No person shall be eligible to such appointment who is not a resident of this state, and who has not written and published poems of recognized merit. The poet laureate shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars, payable in equal quarterly installments.

CHAPTER 122

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 30—By Senators Whitlow and Anderson)

[Passed March 6, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twelve, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three, relating to probation and parole; and when and how notification of date of parole hearing or release date to victim or member of victim's immediate family is to be given.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twelve, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. PROBATION AND PAROLE.

§62-12-23. Notification of parole hearing or release date to victim or member of immediate family.

At the time of sentencing following a conviction for 1 murder, aggravated robbery, sexual assault in the first 2 degree, kidnapping, arson or sexual offenses against 3 minors, the prosecuting attorney shall present, in 4 writing, to the victims or immediate family members of 5 deceased victims of murder, a document specifying that 6 the victim or immediate family members has the right 7 to notification prior to the time of a parole hearing and 8 release date. The notice provided by the prosecutor shall

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specify the method to request notification from the board.

At least thirty days prior to the date of release or the date that a parole hearing is to be held for an inmate who is in the custody of the commissioner of corrections. the board of probation and parole shall notify the victim or victims of the offense for which the inmate is incarcerated of the hearing and release date. If a victim is deceased, notification of the date of the hearing and release shall be made to a member of the victim's immediate family. The notification set forth in this section shall be required to be sent only to victims or family members of deceased victims of the offenses of murder, aggravated robbery, sexual assault in the first degree, kidnapping, arson and sexual offenses against minors, and only if the victim or victim's immediate family member has, in writing to the board, requested that such notice be sent. Notice stating the date, time and location of the parole hearing and the release date shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested.

CHAPTER 123

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 135-By Senator Hawse)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section eleven, article two-c, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections one, three, four, five, five-a, six, six-a, eight, nine and ten of said article; and to further amend said article by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections six-b, six-c and eight-a, all relating to auctioneers and apprentice auctioneers; definitions; procedure and fees for obtaining a license; department of agriculture as statutory agent for licensees, fees; requiring bonds and specifying approved methods of bonding; requirements for license; promulgation of rules and regulations; duties of licensee; examination of applicants; examination fee; excuse for illness; renewal

fees; apprentice licenses; waiver of apprenticeship requirement; investigation of complaints; board of review; duties and responsibilities of apprentice auctioneers and sponsoring auctioneer; procedure for nonresident auctioneer's and apprentice auctioneer's license; civil and criminal penalties for violation of article or rules and regulations; suspension, revocation or denial of licenses; written contracts for auctions and exception; and advertising of auction sales.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eleven, article two-c, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections one, three, four, five, five-a, six, six-a, eight, nine and ten of said article be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections six-b, six-c and eight-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2C. AUCTIONEERS.

- §19-2C-1. Definitions.
- §19-2C-3. Procedure for license; department of agriculture as statutory agent for licensees; fee.
- §19-2C-4. Bond required.
- §19-2C-5. Requirements for license; rules and regulations; duties of licensee.
- §19-2C-5a. Examinations of applicants; excuse for illness; fee renewal.
- §19-2C-6. Apprentice licenses; fees.
- §19-2C-6a. Investigation of complaints; board of review.
- §19-2C-6b. Duties and responsibilities of an apprentice auctioneer and a sponsoring auctioneer.
- §19-2C-6c. Procedure for obtaining nonresident auctioneer's and apprentice auctioneer's license.
- §19-2C-8. Penalties for violation of article or rules and regulations.
- §19-2C-8a. Revocation.
- §19-2C-9. Written contracts; exception.
- §19-2C-10. Advertising.

§19-2C-1. Definitions.

- 1 For the purposes of this article:
- 2 (a) The term "auctioneer" means and includes a person
- 3 who sells goods or real estate at public auction for
- 4 another on commission or for other compensation. The
- 5 term "auctioneer" does not include: (1) Persons conduct-
- 6 ing sales at auctions conducted by or under the direction

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- of any public authority or pursuant to any judicial order 8 or direction or to any sale required by law to be at 9 auction; (2) the owner of any real or personal property when personally sold at auction by such owner and such 10 owner has not personally conducted an auction within 11 12 the previous twelve-month period; (3) persons conduct-13 ing sales pursuant to a deed of trust or other security agreement: (4) fiduciaries of estates when selling real or 14 personal property of such estate; and (5) persons 15 conducting sales on behalf of charitable, religious, 16 17 fraternal or other nonprofit organizations: Provided. 18 That nothing contained in this article exempts persons conducting sales at public markets from the provisions 19 20 of article two-a, chapter nineteen of this code, where the sale is confined solely to livestock, poultry and other 21 22 agriculture and horticulture products.
- 23 (b) The term "public auction" means any public sale 24 of real or personal property when offers or bids are 25 made by prospective purchasers and the property sold 26 to the highest bidder.
- (c) The term "commissioner" means the commissionerof agriculture of West Virginia.
- (d) The term "department" means the West Virginiadepartment of agriculture.

§19-2C-3. Procedure for license; department of agriculture as statutory agent for licensees; fee.

Any person who wishes to conduct an auction as an 1 2 auctioneer may apply for a license on forms prescribed by the commissioner and containing such information as 3 the commissioner may by rule or regulation require. A 4 nonreturnable application fee of fifty dollars shall 5 accompany each application as well as a license fee of 6 fifty dollars. All fees collected under this article shall be 7 paid into the general revenue fund in the state treasury. 8

In addition to the payment of fees, an applicant shall file with his application a bond as required in section four of this article.

The commissioner shall, within thirty days after the receipt of an application, notify the applicant of his

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14 eligibility to be examined at the next regularly sche-15 duled examination, as well as the date of such 16 examination.

17 In the event the license is denied, the applicant shall be refunded the license fee submitted with the 18 19 application.

Licenses issued shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of each year but shall be renewable upon the payment of the annual license fee within sixty days of the expiration date: Provided, That licenses issued for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one will be 24 extended, at no additional fee, through the thirty-first 25 26 day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. Renewals received more than sixty days after the 27 expiration date are subject to a late renewal fee of 28 twenty-five dollars in addition to the annual renewal fee. 29 Licenses which have been expired for more than two 30 31 years will not be renewed and the auctioneer or apprentice auctioneer will be required to take the 32 written and oral examination and to pay the examina-33 tion fee. No renewal will be made unless the other 34 requirements of this article are complied with. 35

Should a duplicate or replacement license or a license reflecting a change in information be required, the auctioneer or apprentice auctioneer must submit with such request a fee of five dollars.

The state department of agriculture is the agent for 40 the purpose of service of process on any licensed 41 auctioneer for any action occasioned by the performance 42 of the duties of such auctioneer. Every licensed auction-43 eer, by virtue of his application for license, shall be 44 considered to have consented to such statutory agency. 45

§19-2C-4. Bond required.

Every person applying for a license as an auctioneer. 1 apprentice auctioneer or continuing to act as a licensed 2 auctioneer or apprentice auctioneer shall file with the 3 commissioner and maintain in full effect a bond 4 satisfactory to the commissioner and in form and 5 amount as prescribed by the commissioner pursuant to 6

7 the rules and regulations promulgated in accordance 8 with this article: Provided. That in no event shall the 9 amount of such bond be less than ten thousand dollars 10 for an auctioneer and in no event less than five thousand 11 dollars for an apprentice auctioneer. The bond may 12 include, at the option of the applicant, corporate surety 13 bonding, collateral bonding (including costs and secur-14 ities), establishment of an escrow account, an irrevoca-15 ble letter of credit or a combination of these methods. 16 If collateral bonding is used, the auctioneer may elect 17 to deposit cash, or any of the following collateral 18 securities or certificates: Bonds of the United States or 19 its possessions, of the federal land bank, or of the 20 homeowners' loan corporation; full faith and credit 21 general obligation bonds of the state of West Virginia. 22 or other states, and of any county, district, or munici-23 pality of the state of West Virginia or other states; or 24 certificates of deposit in a bank in this state, which 25 certificates shall be in the name of the department. The cash deposit or market value of such securities or 26 27 certificates shall be equal to or greater than the sum of 28 the bond. It shall be the duty of the applicant to ensure 29 the market value of such bonds is sufficient. The 30 commissioner shall, upon receipt of any such deposits of 31 cash, securities or certificates, promptly place the same with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, whose 32 33 duty it shall be to receive and hold the same in the name of the state in trust for the purpose for which the deposit 34 is made when the license is issued. The applicant 35 making the deposit shall be entitled from time to time 36 to receive from the state treasurer, upon written 37 38 approval of the commissioner, the whole or any portion of any cash, securities or certificates so deposited, upon 39 depositing with him in lieu thereof, cash or other 40 securities or certificates of the classes herein specified 41 having value equal to or greater than the sum of the 42 bond. Such bond shall be conditioned upon the faithful 43 compliance by the auctioneer with the provisions of this 44 article and the payment of all required taxes, fees and 45 penalties imposed by this state and its political subdi-46 visions, as well as the payment by any auctioneer of any 47 final judgment obtained for damages arising out of his 48

- conduct or duties as an auctioneer. Such bond shall be open to public inspection.
- §19-2C-5. Requirements for license; rules and regulations; duties of licensee.
 - 1 (1) Each person seeking a license hereunder after the 2 effective date of this section shall submit satisfactory 3 evidence to the commissioner showing:
 - 4 (a) That he or she has successfully completed the 5 written and oral examinations provided for in this article:
 - 7 (b) That he or she has a good reputation;
 - 8 (c) That he or she is of trustworthy character;
 - 9 (d) That he or she has met the apprenticeship requirements set forth in this article, if applicable;
 - 11 (e) That he or she is a citizen of the United States; 12 and
 - 13 (f) That he or she has a general knowledge of the 14 auctioneering profession and the principles involved in 15 conducting an auction.
 - 16 (2) The commissioner shall promulgate such reasona-17 ble rules and regulations as he or she considers 18 necessary to carry out the intent and the administration 19 and enforcement of this article, which said rules and 20 regulations shall be promulgated in accordance with the 21 applicable provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this 22 code.
 - 23 (3) Each licensee shall promptly produce for inspec-24 tion such license at all sales conducted by or partici-25 pated in by such licensee when requested to do so by any 26 person and shall keep complete and accurate records of 27 all transactions engaged in for a period of six months, 28 which records shall be open to inspection by the 29 commissioner or his authorized representative.

§19-2C-5a. Examinations of applicants; excuse for illness; fee renewal.

1 Examinations shall be held in April and October of

each year, at a time and place to be designated by the commissioner or his authorized representative.

Any individual auctioneer applicant may take the examination for auctioneer or apprentice auctioneer at the regularly scheduled time and place. The apprentice auctioneer's examination shall consist of a written examination. The auctioneer's examination will consist of both a written and oral examination. The passing grade for any written examination shall be seventy percent out of one hundred percent. The oral portion will be scored by the commissioner or his authorized representative. If the applicant fails either the written or oral portion of the examination, no license will be issued and he or she shall not be administered the examination again until the next regularly scheduled examination date. A person who is qualified for a auctioneer's license as provided for in this article is considered to be a professional in his trade.

One notice only of the examination shall be mailed to the applicant at the address given on the application. If the applicant fails to appear for such examination, except as provided herein, a new application and a new fee shall be required. No fee shall be returned except when the applicant fails to take the examination because of illness evidenced by a doctor's certificate sent to the commissioner. If excused because of illness the applicant shall be admitted to the next scheduled examination without paying an additional fee. No applicant shall be excused from taking the scheduled examination for any reason other than illness unless in the judgment of the commissioner the applicant would suffer undue hardship by not being excused.

An examination fee of fifty dollars, in addition to any other fees required by this article, shall be collected from each person taking such examination. If the applicant has previously paid the examination fee and successfully completed the apprentice auctioneer's examination, no additional examination fee will be required to take the auctioneer's examination as provided for in this article.

If the commissioner determines that an applicant does not qualify for a license, he or she shall so notify the applicant by certified mail. The notice shall state the reason for refusal to grant a license and the applicant's right to appeal the commissioner's decision within twenty days of receipt of the notice.

48 An examination shall not be required for the renewal 49 of any license unless such license has been revoked or 50 suspended, in which case the applicant may be required. by the commissioner, to take and pass any written or 51 52 oral examination required by the department. In cases where a license has been expired for more than two 53 54 years and not been revoked or suspended, the applicant 55 is required to take and pass any written and oral 56 examinations required by the department. The commis-57 sioner is hereby authorized to promulgate rules as he or 58 she considers necessary for the renewal of auctioneer 59 licenses, including, but not limited to, requirements for 60 continuing education of auctioneers.

§19-2C-6. Apprentice licenses; fees.

1 The department of agriculture may grant apprentice 2 auctioneer's licenses to those persons considered qualified by the commissioner. Every applicant for an 3 4 apprentice auctioneer's license must take and pass a 5 written examination relating to the skills and knowl-6 edge and statutes and regulations governing auction-7 eers. Every applicant shall furnish to the commissioner 8 on forms provided by the department satisfactory proof 9 of the following:

- 10 (a) That he or she has a good reputation;
- 11 (b) That he or she is a trustworthy character; and
- 12 (c) That he or she is a citizen of the United States.

Any apprentice auctioneer may take the examination to become an auctioneer after serving a two-year apprenticeship under a licensed auctioneer: *Provided*, That if the apprentice auctioneer has attended a nationally accredited graduate school of auctioneering, approved by the commissioner, he or she shall serve an apprenticeship of only six months. Before an apprentice

auctioneer may take the auctioneer's examination, the apprentice auctioneer shall conduct at least six auction sales under the direct supervision of the sponsoring auctioneer. The commissioner may waive the require-ments of this section, on an individual basis, upon the presentation of written evidence that the applicant has educational training or exceptional experience in the auctioneering profession and that the applicant has been unable to obtain sponsorship by a licensed auctioneer: Provided, however, That the commissioner shall promul-gate rules and regulations setting forth educational and experience qualifications which would entitle an individual to a waiver of the provisions of this section: Provided further, That the commissioner shall not waive apprenticeship requirements for any applicant without the concurrence of the board of review.

When any apprentice auctioneer is discharged or terminates his employment with an auctioneer for any reason, the auctioneer shall immediately provide written notification to the commissioner. No discharged or terminated apprentice auctioneer shall thereafter perform any acts under the authority of his license until such apprentice auctioneer receives a new license bearing the name and address of his new employer. No more than one license shall be issued to any apprentice auctioneer for the same period of time. The fee for the transfer of the license of an apprentice auctioneer to a new employer auctioneer is fifteen dollars.

The fee for the annual renewal of the apprentice auctioneer's license is fifty dollars. Bond requirements for an apprentice auctioneer shall be established by reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner, and both the annual renewal fee and the bond must be filed with the department of agriculture: Provided, That the bond required by this section shall not be less than five thousand dollars. The department shall not issue an apprentice auctioneer's license until bond has been filed in accordance with this article. All apprentice auctioneer licenses expire on the thirty-first day of December of each year but are renewable upon the payment of the annual fee.

§19-2C-6a. Investigation of complaints; board of review.

The department of agriculture may, upon its own action, and shall upon the verified written complaint of any person, investigate the actions of any auctioneer, apprentice auctioneer, any applicant for an auctioneer's or apprentice auctioneer's license, or any person who assumes to act in that capacity, if the complaint, together with other evidence presented in connection with it, establishes probable cause.

Upon verification of the complaint, the department shall present the complaint to the board of review. The board of review shall consider all of the facts of the complaint and recommend a course of action to the commissioner.

The board of review shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall consist of three members, each appointed for a staggered three-year term. Two members of the board of review shall be licensed auctioneers in West Virginia and residents of this state and shall have been licensed and been practicing the profession of auctioneering for five years immediately preceding their appointment. The third member shall be a lay person from the commercial or agricultural community who has utilized services of auctioneers for at least three years. No more than one board member shall be from any one congressional district and no more than two members shall be from the same political party. Board members shall receive no compensation for their service on the board, but shall be entitled to receive reimbursement for expenses in accordance with the department of agriculture travel regulations.

During the establishment of the board one member shall be appointed for a three-year term, one member for a two-year term and one member for a one-year term. The first year of each term expires on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and subsequently on the first day of January of each year. There shall be no limit on the number of consecutive terms a member may serve on the board. The

- 40 governor is authorized to fill a vacancy when it occurs
- 41 on the board for any reason. An appointment to fill a
- 42 vacancy shall be for the remainder of the existing term
- 43 of the vacant position.

§19-2C-6b. Duties and responsibilities of an apprentice auctioneer and a sponsoring auctioneer.

- 1 An apprentice auctioneer shall only conduct or assist
- 2 in auctions under the direct supervision of his sponsor-
- 3 ing auctioneer. A licensed apprentice auctioneer may
- 4 not enter into a contract to conduct an auction unless
- the contract is cosigned by his sponsoring auctioneer. 5
- 6 The sponsoring auctioneer is responsible for the 7
- actions of an apprentice auctioneer. It is his responsi-8
- bility to ensure adherence to this and all applicable
- 9 sections of state law: Provided, That if the apprentice
- auctioneer conducts auctions without the consent of his 10
- sponsor, only the apprentice auctioneer is subject to the 11
- penalties in section eight of this article. 12

§19-2C-6c. Procedure for obtaining nonresident auctioneer's and apprentice auctioneer's license.

- To qualify for a nonresident license by reciprocity, the 1 2 applicant must show evidence of licensing in another 3
- state for a period of one year preceding the date of application. The licensing may have been as an apprent-4
- ice auctioneer or as an auctioneer. Provided this 5
- qualification is met and the applicant meets all the other 6
- requirements as required by this article and by 7
- regulation, he or she shall be licensed either as an 8
- apprentice auctioneer or as an auctioneer, based on a 9
- 10 nonresident license, as the case may be.
- When an applicant's resident state has no licensing 11
- law for auctioneers or the applicant's resident state has 12
- no written or oral examination associated with its 13
- licensing requirements, the department of agriculture 14
- shall require proof that the applicant has been a 15
- practicing auctioneer for a period of two years preced-16
- ing the date of application. The proof shall be in the 17
- form of sale bills, contracts, sale permits and other such 18
- evidence acceptable to the commissioner. Provided this 19

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- 20 qualification is met, and the applicant meets other
- requirements for licensing as required by the statutes 21
- and regulations, the applicant shall be admitted to the 22
- 23 next scheduled written and oral examination for
- 24 auctioneers without being required to first serve an ap-
- 25 prenticeship.

of this article.

§19-2C-8. Penalties for violation of article or rules and regulations.

- (a) Criminal penalties. Any person, firm, association or corporation violating any of the provisions of this article, or of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less 5 6 than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars for 7 the first offense, and not less than four hundred dollars 8 nor more than one thousand dollars for the second and 9 subsequent offenses. Magistrates have concurrent jurisdiction with circuit courts to enforce the provisions 10
 - (b) Civil penalties. (1) Any person violating a provision of this article or any rule or regulation adopted hereunder may be assessed a civil penalty by the commissioner. In determining the amount of any civil penalty, the commissioner shall give due consideration to the history of previous violations of the person, the seriousness of the violation, and the demonstrated good faith of the person charged in attempting to achieve compliance with this article before and after written notification of the violation; (2) the commissioner may assess a penalty of not more than two hundred dollars for each first offense, and not more than one thousand dollars for a second and subsequent offense; and (3) the civil penalty is payable to the state of West Virginia and is collectible in any manner now or hereafter provided for collection of debt. If any person liable to pay the civil penalty neglects or refuses to pay the same, the amount of the civil penalty, together with interest at ten percent, is a lien in favor of the state of West Virginia upon the property, both real and personal, of such a person after the same has been entered and docketed to record in the county where such

- 34 property is situated. The clerk of the county, upon
- 35 receipt of the certified copy of such, shall enter same to
- 36 record without requiring the payment of costs as a
- 37 condition precedent to recording.
- 38 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 39 contrary, the commissioner may promulgate and adopt 40 rules which permit consent agreements or negotiated 41 settlements for the civil penalties assessed as a result of 42 violation of the provisions of this article.
- 43 (d) No state court may allow for the recovery of 44 damages for any administrative action taken if the court 45 finds that there was probable cause for such action.

§19-2C-8a. Revocation.

- In addition to the penalties in section eight of this article, the commissioner may, by order, suspend, deny or revoke any license granted hereunder for any violation of this article or the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder or for any of the following reasons:
- 7 (a) Obtaining a license through false or fraudulent 8 representation;
- 9 (b) Making any substantial misrepresentation in any 10 application for an auctioneer's or apprentice auctioneer's 11 license;
- 12 (c) Engaging in a continued or flagrant course of 13 misrepresentation or for making false promises through 14 an agent, advertisement or otherwise;
- (d) Failing to account for or remit within a reasonable
 time any money belonging to others that comes into his
 possession;
- 18 (e) Being convicted in any court of competent juris-19 diction of this state or any other state of a criminal 20 offense involving moral turpitude or a felony; or for 21 failing to notify the department of any such conviction 22 within fifteen days of conviction;
- 23 (f) Engaging in any conduct of an auctioneer which demonstrates dishonesty or incompetency;

- 25 (g) Engaging in any other conduct that constitutes 26 fraudulent or dishonest dealing; and
- 27 (h) Acting as an attorney for a client.

Any auctioneer or apprentice auctioneer who has had his license suspended or revoked shall not be issued another such license until a period not to exceed two years has elapsed from the date of revocation. The commissioner may also require the successful completion of the examinations required for an auctioneer's license or an apprentice auctioneer's license.

§19-2C-9. Written contracts; exception.

No person shall act as auctioneer on the sale at public 1 2 auction of any goods, wares, merchandise or of any other 3 property, real or personal, until he or she has entered into a written contract in duplicate with the owner or 4 5 consignor of the property to be sold, containing the 6 terms and conditions upon which the licensee receives 7 or accepts the property for sale at auction. No apprent-8 ice auctioneer shall be authorized to enter into a 9 contract without the written consent of his or her 10 sponsoring auctioneer. All contracts shall be in the name of and on behalf of the sponsoring auctioneer. 11

- 12 The commissioner may require by rule the following:
- 13 (a) That written contracts between the auctioneer and the seller be made in duplicate;
- 15 (b) That the original contract is to be retained by the auctioneer for a period of six months;
- 17 (c) That one copy of the contract is to be furnished to each person that entered into the contract;
- (d) That an apprentice auctioneer may not contract
 directly with a client but only through his or her
 sponsoring auctioneer;
- 22 (e) That an apprentice auctioneer may not engage in 23 a sale with an auctioneer by whom he or she is not 24 sponsored without first obtaining the written consent of 25 his or her sponsoring auctioneer; and

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26 (f) That on all contracts between an auctioneer and a 27 seller there shall be a prominent statement indicating 28 that the auctioneer is licensed by the department of 29 agriculture and bonded in favor of the state of West Vir-30 ginia.

§19-2C-10. Advertising.

- In advertising an auction sale by any licensed 1 auctioneer, the principal auctioneer or auctioneers who 2 physically conduct the sale shall be listed prominently 3 4 in such advertising as used by said auctioneer or auctioneers. The individual auctioneer or auctioneers 5 who conduct the sale shall be the person or persons who 6 call for, accept and close bids on the majority of items 7 offered for sale. 8
- Any apprentice auctioneer who advertises, as provided in this section, shall indicate in his advertisement the name of the sponsoring auctioneer under whom he or she is licensed.
- The auctioneer's name and license number shall be displayed in equal prominence with the name of the apprentice auctioneer and license number in such advertisement.
 - Nothing in the provisions of this article shall be construed so as to prohibit any other auctioneer, licensed pursuant to this article, from assisting with any auction, notwithstanding the failure to list the name of the other auctioneer in any advertising associated with such auction.

CHAPTER 124

(S. B. 409—By Senators Jones, Wiedebusch, Heck, Chafin, Helmick, Pritt, Humphreys, Felton, Wagner and Lucht)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven, relating to the licensing of contractors:

providing definitions; creating contractor licensing board; setting forth the administrative duties of the board; providing for the promulgation of legislative providing exemptions from licensing requirements; providing for the application and issuance of license; providing for fees for licenses, expiration of licenses and renewal of licenses; prohibiting assignment or transfer of license; providing prerequisites to obtain a building permit; requiring notice of license in bid submissions; providing for reinstatement of license; providing criminal penalties for violations of article; providing disciplinary powers to the board; providing administrative duties for the division of labor; creating a special revenue account and the procedure for expenditure therefrom and deposits thereto; providing for record keeping; and providing for reciprocity.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11. WEST VIRGINIA CONTRACTOR LICENSING ACT.

- §21-11-1. Short title.
- §21-11-2. Policy declared.
- §21-11-3. Definitions.
- §21-11-4. West Virginia contractor licensing board created; members; appointment; terms; vacancies; qualifications; quorum.
- §21-11-5. Administrative duties of the board; regulations.
- §21-11-6. Necessity for license; exemptions.
- §21-11-7. Application for and issuance of license.
- §21-11-8. Licenses; expriation date; fees; renewal.
- §21-11-9. Unlawful use, assignment, transfer of license; revocation.
- §21-11-10. Prerequisites to obtaining building permit.
- §21-11-11. Notice included with invitations to bid and specifications.
- §21-11-12. License renewal, lapse and reinstatement.
- §21-11-13. Violation of article; injunction; criminal penalties.
- §21-11-14. Disciplinary powers of the board.
- §21-11-15. Administrative duties of division.
- §21-11-16. Rules.
- §21-11-17. Record keeping.
- §21-11-18. Reciprocity.
- §21-11-19. Termination of board.

§21-11-1. Short title.

- This article shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "West Virginia Contractor Licensing Act".

§21-11-2. Policy declared.

- 1 It is hereby declared to be the policy of the state of
- 2 West Virginia that all persons desiring to perform
- 3 contracting work in this state be duly licensed to ensure
- 4 capable and skilled craftsmanship utilized in construc-
- 5 tion projects in this state, both public and private, fair
- 6 bidding practices between competing contractors
- 7 through uniform compliance with the laws of this state,
- 8 and protection of the public from unfair, unsafe and
- 9 unscrupulous bidding and construction practices.

§21-11-3. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the division of labor.
- 3 (b) "Board" means the West Virginia contractor licensing board.
- 5 (c) "Contractor" means a person who in any capacity for compensation, other than as an employee of another,
- 7 undertakes, offers to undertake, purports to have the
- 8 capacity to undertake, or submits a bid to construct,
- 9 alter, repair, add to, subtract from, improve, move,
- wreck or demolish any building, highway, road, rail-
- road, structure or excavation associated with a project, development or improvement, or to do any part thereof,
- development or improvement, or to do any part thereof,
- 13 including the erection of scaffolding or other structures
- 14 or works in connection therewith, where the cost of the
- 15 undertaking is one thousand dollars or more.
- 16 Contractor includes a construction manager who 17 performs management and counseling services for a
- 18 construction project for a professional fee.
- 19 Contractor does not include:
- 20 (1) One who merely furnishes materials or supplies
- 21 without fabricating or consuming them in the construc-
- 22 tion project;
- 23 (2) A person who personally performs construction

- work on the site of real property which the person owns or leases whether for commercial or residential purposes;
- (3) A person who is licensed or registered as a professional and who functions under the control of any other licensing or regulatory board, whose primary business is real estate sales, appraisal, development, management and maintenance, who acting in his or her respective professional capacity and any employee of such professional, acting in the course of his or her employment, performs any work which may be consi-dered to be performing contracting work; or
 - (4) A corporation, partnership or sole proprietorship whose primary purpose is to prepare construction plans and specifications used by the contractors defined in subsection (c) of this section and who employs full time a registered architect licensed to practice in this state or a registered professional engineer licensed to practice in this state. Employees of such corporation, partnership or sole proprietorship shall also be exempt from the requirements of this article.
 - (d) "Electrical contractor" means a person who engages in the business of contracting to install, erect, repair or alter electrical equipment for the generation, transmission or utilization of electrical energy.
 - (e) "General building contractor" means a person whose principal business is in connection with any structures built, being built or to be built for the support, shelter and enclosure of persons, animals, chattels or movable property of any kind, requiring in the construction the use of more than two contractor classifications, or a person who supervises the whole or any part of such construction.
 - (f) "General engineering contractor" means a person whose principal business is in connection with public or private works projects, including, but not limited to, one or more of the following: Irrigation, drainage and water supply projects; electrical generation projects; swimming pools; flood control; harbors; railroads; highways; tunnels; airports and airways; sewers and sewage

- disposal systems; bridges; inland waterways; pipelines for transmission of petroleum and other liquid or gaseous substances; refineries; chemical plants and other industrial plants requiring a specialized engineering knowledge and skill; piers and foundations; and structures or work incidental thereto.
 - (g) "Heating, ventilating and cooling contractor" means a person who engages in the business of contracting to install, erect, repair, service or alter heating, ventilating and air conditioning equipment or systems to heat, cool or ventilate residential and commercial structures.
 - (h) "License" means a license to engage in business in this state as a contractor in one of the classifications set out in this article.
 - (i) "Multifamily contractor" means a person who is engaged in construction, repair or improvement of a multifamily residential structure.
 - (j) "Person" includes an individual, firm, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, association or other entity engaged in the undertaking of construction projects or any combination thereof.
 - (k) "Piping contractor" means a person whose principal business is the installation of process, power plant, air, oil, gasoline, chemical or other kinds of piping; and boilers and pressure vessels using joining methods of thread, weld, solvent weld or mechanical methods.
 - (1) "Plumbing contractor" means a person whose principal business is the installation, maintenance, extension and alteration of piping, plumbing fixtures, plumbing appliances and plumbing appurtenances, venting systems and public or private water supply systems within or adjacent to any building or structure; included in this definition is installation of gas piping, chilled water piping in connection with refrigeration processes and comfort cooling, hot water piping in connection with building heating, and piping for stand pipes.
 - (m) "Residential contractor" means a person whose

- 103 principal business is in connection with construction. repair or improvement of real property used as, or 104 105 intended to be used for, residential occupancy.
- (n) "Specialty contractor" means a person who 106 107 engages in specialty contracting services which do not 108 substantially fall within the scope of any contractor classification as set out herein. 109
- 110 (o) "Residential occupancy" means occupancy of a 111 structure for residential purposes for periods greater 112 than thirty consecutive calendar days.
- 113 (p) "Residential structure" means a building or 114 structure used or intended to be used for residential 115 occupancy, together with related facilities appurtenant 116 to the premises as an adjunct of residential occupancy, 117 which contains not more than three distinct floors which 118 are above grade in any structural unit regardless of 119 whether the building or structure is designed and 120 constructed for one or more living units. Dormitories, 121 hotels, motels or other transient lodging units are not 122 residential structures.
- 123 (q) "Subcontractor" means a person who performs a 124 portion of a project undertaken by a principal or general 125 contractor or another subcontractor.
- 126 (r) "Division" means the division of labor.
- (s) "Cease and desist order" means an order issued by 127 128 the commissioner pursuant to the provisions of this 129 article.

§21-11-4. West Virginia contractor licensing board created: members: appointment: terms: vacancies; qualifications; quorum.

(a) There is hereby created the West Virginia contrac-1 tor licensing board. The board shall consist of ten 2 members, appointed by the governor by and with the 3 advice and consent of the Senate for terms of four years. 4 Such members shall serve until their successors are 5 appointed and have qualified. Eight of the appointed 6 members shall be owners of businesses engaged in the 7 various contracting industries, with at least one member

- appointed from each of the following contractor classes: One electrical contractor, one general building contrac-tor, one general engineering contractor, one heating, ventilating and cooling contractor, one multifamily contractor, one piping contractor, one plumbing contrac-tor and one residential contractor, as defined in section three hereof. Two of the appointed members shall be building code officials who are not members of any contracting industry. At least two members of the board shall reside at the time of their appointment in each congressional district as existing on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. The commissioner of labor, the secretary of the department of tax and revenue or his designee, and the commis-sioner of the bureau of employment programs or his designee, shall be ex officio nonvoting members of the board.
 - (b) Terms of the members first appointed shall be two members for one year, two members for two years, three members for three years, and three members for four years, as designated by the governor at the time of appointment. Thereafter, terms shall be for four years. A member who has served all or part of two consecutive terms shall not be subject to reappointment unless four years have elapsed since the member last served. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the unexpired term of any member whose office is vacant and shall be made within sixty days of the occurrence of the vacancy. A vacancy on the board shall not impair the right of the remaining members to exercise all the powers of the board.
 - (c) The board shall elect a chair from one of the voting members of the board. The board shall meet at least once annually and at such other times as called by the chair or a majority of the board. Board members shall receive no remuneration for their service, but shall be reimbursed for their actual expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as such. A majority of the membership of the board shall constitute a quorum of the board.

§21-11-5. Administrative duties of the board; regulations.

- 1 (a) Pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-2 a of this code, the board shall adopt rules and regula-3 tions relating to the following:
- 4 (1) The minimum qualifications for applicants for examination and license in each of the following specified classes of contractor:
- 7 (A) Electrical contractor;
- 8 (B) General building contractor;
- 9 (C) General engineering contractor;
- 10 (D) Heating, ventilating and cooling contractor;
- 11 (E) Multifamily contractor;
- 12 (F) Piping contractor;
- 13 (G) Plumbing contractor;
- 14 (H) Residential contractor; or
- 15 (I) Specialty contractor;
- 16 (2) The content of examinations for applicants in each class:
- 18 (3) Procedures for application, examination and 19 license renewal, and the manner in which the examina-20 tion will be conducted:
- (4) The continued competency of licensees for purposes
 of renewal and reinstatement of licenses; and
- 23 (5) Procedures for disciplinary action before the 24 board.
- 25 (b) The board shall:
- 26 (1) Hold at least one examination in each calendar 27 quarter for each specific classification of contractor, 28 designate the time and place of such examinations, and 29 notify applicants thereof;
- 30 (2) Request, through the division, investigation of any alleged violation of this article or of the regulations;
- 32 (3) Forward results of examinations to the division within twenty days following the examination;

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- 34 (4) Notify the commissioner and board members of 35 meeting dates and agenda items at least five days prior 36 to such meetings; and
- 37 (5) Take minutes and records of all meetings and pro-38 ceedings.

§21-11-6. Necessity for license; exemptions.

- (a) On or after the first day of October, one thousand 1 2 nine hundred ninety-one, no person shall engage in this 3 state in any act as a contractor, as defined in this article. 4 unless such person holds a license issued under the 5 provisions of this article. No firm, partnership, corpo-6 ration, association or other entity shall engage in contracting in this state unless an officer thereof holds 7 8 a license issued pursuant to this article.
- 9 (b) Any person to whom a license has been issued 10 under this article shall keep the license or a copy thereof 11 posted in a conspicuous position at every construction site where work is being done by the contractor. The 12 contractor's license number shall be included in all 13 14 contracting advertisements and all fully executed and binding contracts. Any person violating the provisions 15 16 of this subsection shall be subject, after hearing, to a warning, a reprimand, or a fine of not more than two 17 18 hundred dollars.
- 19 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this code, the 20 following are exempt from licensure:
 - (1) Work done exclusively by employees of the United States government, the state of West Virginia, a county, municipality or municipal corporation, and any governmental subdivision or agency thereof;
 - (2) The sale or installation of a finished product, material or article or merchandise which is not actually fabricated into and does not become a permanent fixed part of the structure;
 - (3) Work performed personally by an owner or lessee of real property on property the primary use of which is for agricultural or farming enterprise;
 - (4) A material supplier who renders advice concerning

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- use of products sold and who does not provide construc tion or installation services;
- 35 (5) Work performed by a public utility company 36 regulated by the West Virginia public service commis-37 sion and its employees;
 - (6) Repair work contracted for by the owner of the equipment on an emergency basis in order to maintain or restore the operation of such equipment;
- 41 (7) Work performed by an employer's regular em-42 ployees, for which the employees are paid regular wages 43 and not a contract price, on business property owned or 44 leased by the employer;
- 45 (8) Work personally performed on a structure by the 46 owner or occupant thereof; and
- 47 (9) Work performed when the specifications for such work have been developed or approved by engineering 48 personnel employed by the owner of a facility by 49 registered professional engineers licensed pursuant to 50 the laws of this state when the work to be performed 51 52 because of its specialized nature or process cannot be reasonably or timely contracted for within the general 53 54 area of the facility.

§21-11-7. Application for and issuance of license.

- (a) A person desiring to be licensed as a contractor 1 under this article shall submit to the board a written 2 application requesting licensure, providing such infor-3 4 mation as the board may require, on forms supplied by the board, and shall pay such license fee not to exceed 5 one hundred fifty dollars: Provided. That electrical 6 contractors already licensed under section four, article 7 three-b, chapter twenty-nine of this code, shall pay no 8 more than twenty dollars. 9
 - (b) A person holding a business registration certificate to conduct business in this state as a contractor on the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, may register with the board, certify by affidavit the requirements of subsection (c), section fifteen hereof, and pay such license fee not to exceed one

- 16 hundred fifty dollars and shall be issued a contractor's
- 17 license without further examination.

§21-11-8. Licenses; expiration date; fees; renewal.

- 1 A license issued under the provisions of this article
- 2 expires one year from the date on which it is issued. The
- 3 board shall establish application and annual license fees
- 4 not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars. The board shall
- 5 promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the
- 6 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code concern-
- 7 ing license renewal: Provided. That the rules may not
- 8 be more restrictive than those prescribed for initial
- 9 licensure.

§21-11-9. Unlawful use, assignment, transfer of license; revocation.

- 1 No license may be used for any purpose by any person
- 2 other than the person to whom the license is issued. No
- 3 license may be assigned, transferred or otherwise
- 4 disposed of so as to permit the unauthorized use thereof.
- 5 Any person who violates this section is subject to the
- 6 penalties imposed in section thirteen of this article.

§21-11-10. Prerequisites to obtaining building permit.

- 1 Any person making application to the building
- 2 inspector or other authority of any incorporated munic-
- ipality or other political subdivision in this state charged
 with the duty of issuing building or other permits for
- with the duty of issuing building or other permits for the construction of any building, highway, sewer or
- 6 structure or for any removal of materials or earth,
- 7 grading or improvement, shall, before issuance of the
- 8 permit, either furnish satisfactory proof to the inspector
- 9 or authority that such person is duly licensed under the
- 10 provisions of this article to carry out or superintend the
- 11 same, or file a written affidavit that such person is not
- 12 subject to licensure as a contractor or subcontractor as
- 13 defined in this article. The inspector or authority shall
- 14 not issue a building permit to any person who does not
- 15 possess a valid contractor's license when required by
- 16 this article.

§21-11-11. Notice included with invitations to bid and specifications.

- 1 Any architect or engineer preparing any plan and
- 2 specification for contracting work to be performed in 3
- this state shall include in such plan, specification and
- 4 invitation to bid a reference to this article informing any
- 5 prospective bidder that such person's contractor's
- license number must be included on any bid submission. 6
- 7 A subcontractor shall furnish such person's contractor's
- 8 license number to the contractor prior to the award of
- 9 the contract.

§21-11-12. License renewal, lapse and reinstatement.

- 1 (a) A license which is not renewed on or before the 2
 - renewal date shall lapse. The board may establish by regulation a delayed renewal fee to be paid for issuance
- 3 of any license which has lapsed: Provided, That no 4
- license which has lapsed for a period of two years or 5
- 6 more may be renewed.
- 7 (b) In the event that continuing education or other
- 8 requirements are made a condition of license reinstate-
- 9 ment after lapse, suspension or revocation, such require-
- 10 ments must be satisfied before the license is reissued.

§21-11-13. Violation of article; injunction; criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) Upon a determination that a person is engaged in
- 2 contracting business in the state without a valid license.
- 3 the board or commissioner shall issue a cease and desist
- 4 order requiring such person to immediately cease all
- 5 operations in the state. The order shall be withdrawn
- 6 upon issuance of a license to such person. After a
- 7 hearing, the board may impose a penalty of not less than
- 8 two hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars
- upon any person engaging in contracting business in the 9
- state without a valid license. 10
- (b) Any person continuing to engage in contracting 11
- business in the state without a valid license after service 12
- of a cease and desist order is guilty of a misdemeanor, 13 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than 14
- two hundred dollars nor more than five thousand 15
- dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than 16
- one month, or both fined and imprisoned. 17

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- 18 (c) The board may institute proceedings in the circuit 19 court of the county in which the alleged violations of the 20 provisions of this article occurred or are now occurring 21 to enjoin any violation of any provision of this article.
- 22 (d) Any person who undertakes any construction work without a valid license when such license is required by 23 this article, when the total cost of the contractor's 24 construction contract on any project upon which the 25 26 work is undertaken is twenty-five thousand dollars or more, shall, in addition to any other penalty herein 27 provided, be assessed by the board an administrative 28 penalty not to exceed two hundred dollars per day for 29 30 each day the person is in violation.
- 31 (e) The board shall, by regulation, provide for an 32 administrative hearing before a penalty is levied, and 33 for review of any final ruling issued pursuant to such 34 hearing.

§21-11-14. Disciplinary powers of the board.

- 1 (a) The board has the power and authority to impose the following disciplinary actions:
 - (1) Permanently revoke a license;
- 4 (2) Suspend a license for a specified period;
- 5 (3) Censure or reprimand a licensee;
- (4) Impose limitations or conditions on the professional
 practice of a licensee;
- 8 (5) Impose requirements for remedial professional 9 education to correct deficiencies in the education, 10 training and skill of a licensee; and
 - (6) Impose a probationary period requiring a licensee to report regularly to the board on matters related to the grounds for probation; the board may withdraw probationary status if the deficiencies that require the sanction are remedied.
- 16 (b) The board may summarily suspend a licensee 17 pending a hearing or pending an appeal after hearing 18 upon a determination that the licensee poses a clear, 19 significant and immediate danger to the public health 20 and safety.

- (c) The board may reinstate the suspended or revoked license of a person, if, upon a hearing, the board finds and determines that such person is able to practice with skill and safety.
 - (d) The board may accept the voluntary surrender of a license: *Provided*, That such license may not be reissued unless the board determines that the licensee is competent to resume practice and the licensee pays the appropriate renewal fee.
 - (e) A person or contractor adversely affected by disciplinary action may appeal to the board within sixty days of the date such disciplinary action is taken. The board shall hear the appeal within fifteen days from receipt of notice of appeal in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Hearings shall be held in Charleston. The board may retain a hearing examiner to conduct the hearings and present proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law to the board for its action.
 - 40 (f) Any party adversely affected by any action of the 41 board may appeal such action pursuant to the provisions 42 of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
 - 43 (g) The following are causes for disciplinary action:
 - (1) Abandonment, without legal excuse, of any construction project or operation engaged in or undertaken by the licensee;
 - (2) Willful failure or refusal to complete a construction project or operation with reasonable diligence, thereby causing material injury to another;
 - (3) Willful departure from or disregard of plans or specifications in any material respect without the consent of the parties to the contract;
 - (4) Willful or deliberate violation of the building laws or regulations of the state or of any political subdivision thereof:
 - (5) Willful or deliberate failure to pay any moneys when due for any materials free from defect, or services rendered in connection with such person's operations as

- a contractor when such person has the capacity to pay or when such person has received sufficient funds under the contract as payment for the particular construction work for which the services or materials were rendered or purchased, or the fraudulent denial of any amount with intent to injure, delay or defraud the person to whom the debt is owed:
 - (6) Willful or deliberate misrepresentation of a material fact by an applicant or licensee in obtaining a license, or in connection with official licensing matters;
 - (7) Willful or deliberate failure to comply in any material respect with the provisions of this article or the rules of the board;
 - (8) Willfully or deliberately acting in the capacity of a contractor when not licensed, or as a contractor by a person other than the person to whom the license is issued except as an employee of the licensee;
 - (9) Willfully or deliberately acting with the intent to evade the provisions of this article by: (i) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to evade the provisions of this article; (ii) combining or conspiring with an unlicensed person to perform an unauthorized act; (iii) allowing a license to be used by an unlicensed person; or (iv) attempting to assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of a license or permitting the unauthorized use thereof;
 - (10) Engaging in any willful, fraudulent or deceitful act in the capacity as a contractor whereby substantial injury is sustained by another; or
 - (11) Performing work which is not commensurate with a general standard of the specific classification of contractor or which is below a building or construction code adopted by the municipality or county in which the work is performed.
 - (h) In all disciplinary hearings the board has the burden of proof as to all matters in contention. No disciplinary action shall be taken by the board except on the affirmative vote of at least six members thereof. Except for violations of section thirteen of this article,

- 98 no disciplinary action shall be taken by the board for
- 99 any such cause as is set out herein unless the licensee
- 100 has been finally adjudicated as having perpetrated such
- 101 act in a court of record. Other than as specifically set
- 102 out herein, the board shall have no power or authority
- 103 to impose or assess damages.

§21-11-15. Administrative duties of division.

- 1 (a) For and on behalf of the board, the division and
- 2 commissioner shall perform the following administra-
- 3 tive duties:
- 4 (1) Collect and record all fees;
- 5 (2) Maintain records and files;
- 6 (3) Issue and receive application forms;
- 7 (4) Notify applicants of the results of the board 8 examination;
- 9 (5) Arrange space for holding examinations and other proceedings;
- 11 (6) Issue licenses and temporary licenses as authorized by this article and the board;
- 13 (7) Issue duplicate licenses upon submission of a written request by the licensee attesting to loss of or the
- failure to receive the original and payment by the licensee of a fee established by regulation adopted by the
- 16 licensee of division:
- 18 (8) Notify licensees of renewal dates at least thirty 19 days before the expiration date of their license;
- 20 (9) Answer routine inquiries;
- 21 (10) Maintain files relating to individual licensees;
- 22 (11) Arrange for printing and advertising;
- 23 (12) Purchase supplies;
- 24 (13) Employ additional help when needed;
- 25 (14) Perform other services that may be requested by 26 the board;
- 27 (15) Provide inspection, enforcement and investigative

- 28 services to the board; and
- 29 (16) Issue cease and desist orders to persons engaging 30 in contracting within the state without a valid license.
- 31 (b) All authority not specifically delegated to the 32 commissioner and division shall be the responsibility of 33 the board.
- 34 (c) Following successful completion of the examina-35 tion, and prior to the issuance of the license, the 36 applicant shall certify by affidavit that the applicant:
- 37 (1) Is in compliance with the business franchise tax 38 provisions of chapter eleven of this code;
- 39 (2) Has registered, and is in compliance, with the 40 workers' compensation fund and the employment 41 security fund, as required by chapter twenty-three and 42 chapter twenty-one-a of this code; and
- (3) Is in compliance with the applicable wage bond requirements of section one, article five of this chapter: *Provided*, That in the case of an out-of-state contractor not doing business in this state and seeking licensure for bidding purposes only, the applicant may be granted a conditional license for bid purposes only.

§21-11-16. Rules.

The board may adopt rules and regulations as are 1 necessary to carry out the provisions of this article 2 pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of 3 this code. The board may disseminate educational or any 4 other material designed to improve performance standards of any contractor group to contractors within 6 the state. The board may adopt, and use, a seal with the 7 words "state contractor licensing board of West Vir-8 ginia". 9

§21-11-17. Record keeping.

- 1 (a) The board shall keep a record of all actions taken 2 and account for moneys received. All moneys shall be 3 deposited in a special account in the state treasury to 4 be known as the "West Virginia Contractor Licensing
- 5 Board Fund". Expenditures from said fund shall be for

the purposes set forth in this article and are not authorized from collections but are to be made only in accordance with appropriation by the Legislature and in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of this code and upon the fulfillment of the provisons set forth in article two, chapter five-a of this code: Provided, That for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, expenditures are authorized from collections rather than pursuant to an appropriation by the Legislature. Amounts collected which are found from time to time to exceed the funds needed for purposes set forth in this article may be transferred to other accounts or funds and redesignated for other purposes by appropriation of the Legislature.

- (b) The board shall maintain at the principal office, open for public inspection during office hours, a complete indexed record of all applications, licenses issued, licenses renewed and all revocations, cancellations and suspensions of licenses. Applications shall show the date of application, name, qualifications, place of business and place of residence of each applicant; and whether the application was approved or refused.
- (c) (1) All investigations, complaints, reports, records, proceedings and other information received by the commissioner and board and related to complaints made to the commissioner or board or investigations conducted by the commissioner or board pursuant to this article, including the identity of the complainant or respondent, shall be confidential and shall not be knowingly and improperly disclosed by any member or former member of the board, the commissioner or staff, except as follows:
- (A) Upon a finding that probable cause exists to believe that a respondent has violated the provisions of this article, the complaint and all reports, records, nonprivileged and nondeliberative materials introduced at any probable cause hearing held pursuant to the complaint are thereafter not confidential: *Provided*, That confidentiality of such information shall remain in full force and effect until the respondent has been served

- with a copy of the statement of charges.
- 48 (B) Any subsequent hearing held in the matter for the 49 purpose of receiving evidence or the arguments of the 50 parties or their representatives shall be open to the 51 public and all reports, records and nondeliberative 52 materials introduced into evidence at such subsequent 53 hearing, as well as the board's and commissioner's 54 orders, are not confidential.
- 55 (C) The commissioner or board may release any 56 information relating to an investigation at any time if 57 the release has been agreed to in writing by the 58 respondent.
 - (D) The complaint as well as the identity of the complainant shall be disclosed to a person named as respondent in any such complaint filed immediately upon such respondent's request.
 - (E) Where the commissioner or board is otherwise required by the provisions of this article to disclose such information or to proceed in such a manner that disclosure is necessary and required to fulfill such requirements.
 - (2) If, in a specific case, the commissioner or board finds that there is a reasonable likelihood that the dissemination of information or opinion in connection with a pending or imminent proceeding will interfere with a fair hearing or otherwise prejudice the due administration of justice, the commissioner or board shall order that all or a portion of the information communicated to the commissioner or board to cause an investigation and all allegations of violations or misconduct contained in a complaint shall be confidential, and the person providing such information or filing a complaint shall be bound to confidentiality until further order of the board.
 - (d) If any person violates the provisions of subsection (c) of this section by knowingly and willfully disclosing any information made confidential by such section or by the commissioner or board, such person shall be guilty

- 85 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 86 fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than
- 87 five thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail
- 88 not more than one month, or both fined and imprisoned.
- 89 (e) The commissioner shall certify to the state auditor
- 90 and to the board a detailed statement of all moneys
- 91 received and spent during the preceding fiscal year.

§21-11-18. Reciprocity.

- 1 To the extent that other states which provide for the
- 2 licensing of contractors provide for similar action, the
- 3 board, in its discretion, may grant licenses of the same
- 4 or equivalent classification to contractors licensed by
- 5 other states, without written examination upon satisfac-
- 6 tory proof furnished to the board that the qualifications
- of such applicants are equal to the qualifications of
- 8 holders of similar licenses in this state, and upon
- 9 certification to the commissioner as required by
- 10 subsection (c), section fifteen of this article, and upon
- 11 payment of the required fee.
- 11 payment of the required ree.

§21-11-19. Termination of board.

- 1 The West Virginia contractors licensing board shall
- 2 be terminated pursuant to the provisions of article ten,
- 3 chapter four of this code, on the first day of July, one
- 4 thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, unless sooner
- 5 terminated or unless continued or reestablished pursu-
- 6 ant to that article.

CHAPTER 125

(H. B. 2359-By Delegates Stemple and P. White)

[Passed March 1, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to licenses to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry; additional requirements for graduate clinical training for all applicants for podiatric licensure; clarifying that

applicants for licenses must have successfully completed all required graduate clinical training; and establishing that licenses granted prior to July 1, 1991, shall continue in full effect as provided by the law.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

§30-3-10. Licenses to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry.

- 1 (a) The board shall issue a license to practice medi-2 cine and surgery or to practice podiatry to any individ-3 ual who is qualified to do so in accordance with the
- 4 provisions of this article.
- 5 (b) For an individual to be licensed to practice 6 medicine and surgery in this state, he or she must meet 7 the following requirements:
- 8 (1) He or she shall submit an application to the board 9 on a form provided by the board and remit to the board 10 a reasonable examination fee, the amount of such reasonable fee to be set by the board. The application 11 12 must, as a minimum, require a sworn and notarized statement that the applicant is of good moral character 13 and that he or she is physically and mentally capable 14 of engaging in the practice of medicine and surgery; 15
- 16 (2) He or she must provide evidence of graduation and 17 receipt of the degree of doctor of medicine or its 18 equivalent from a school of medicine, which is approved 19 by the liaison committee on medical education or by the 20 board;
- 21 (3) He or she must submit evidence to the board of 22 having successfully completed a minimum of one year 23 of graduate clinical training in a program approved by 24 the accreditation council for graduate medical educa-25 tion; and
 - (4) He or she must pass an examination approved by

the board, which examination can be related to a national standard. The examination shall be in the English language and be designed to ascertain an applicant's fitness to practice medicine and surgery. The board shall before the date of examination determine what will constitute a passing score: Provided. That the said board, or a majority of them, may accept in lieu of an examination of applicants, the certificate of the national board of medical examiners. If an applicant fails to pass the examination on two occasions, he or she shall successfully complete a course of study or training. as approved by the board, designed to improve his or her ability to engage in the practice of medicine and surgery, before being eligible for reexamination.

- (c) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b) hereof, any individual who has received the degree of doctor of medicine or its equivalent from a school of medicine located outside of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and Canada, to be licensed to practice medicine in this state, must also meet the following additional requirements and limitations:
- (1) He or she must be able to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the board his or her ability to communicate in the English language;
- (2) Before taking a licensure examination, he or she must have fulfilled the requirements of the educational commission for foreign medical graduates for certification, or he or she must provide evidence of receipt of a passing score on the examination of the educational commission for foreign medical graduates; and
- (3) He or she must submit evidence to the board of having successfully completed a minimum of two years of graduate clinical training in a program approved by the accreditation council for graduate medical education.
- (d) For an individual to be licensed to practice podiatry in this state, he or she must meet the following requirements:

- (1) He or she shall submit an application to the board on a form provided by the board and remit to the board a reasonable examination fee, the amount of such reasonable fee to be set by the board. The application must, as a minimum, require a sworn and notarized statement that the applicant is of good moral character and that he or she is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of podiatric medicine:
 - (2) He or she must provide evidence of graduation and receipt of the degree of doctor of podiatric medicine and its equivalent from a school of podiatric medicine which is approved by the council of podiatry education or by the board;
 - (3) He or she must pass an examination approved by the board, which examination can be related to a national standard. The examination shall be in the English language and be designed to ascertain an applicant's fitness to practice podiatric medicine. The board shall before the date of examination determine what will constitute a passing score. If an applicant fails to pass the examination on two occasions, he or she shall successfully complete a course of study or training, as approved by the board, designed to improve his or her ability to engage in the practice of podiatric medicine, before being eligible for reexamination; and
 - (4) He or she must submit evidence to the board of having successfully completed a minimum of one year of graduate clinical training in a program approved by the council on podiatric medical education, or the colleges of podiatric medicine. The board may consider a minimum of two years of graduate podiatric clinical training in the U. S. armed forces or three years private podiatric clinical experience in lieu of this requirement.
 - (e) All licenses to practice medicine and surgery granted prior to July first, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and valid on that date, shall continue in full effect for such term and under such conditions as provided by law at the time of the granting of the license: *Provided*, That the provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall not apply to any person legally

entitled to practice chiropody or podiatry in this state 106 prior to the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine 107 hundred sixty-five: Provided, however, That all persons 108 109 licensed to practice chiropody prior to the eleventh day 110 of June, one thousand nine hundred sixty-five, shall be 111 permitted to use the term "chiropody-podiatry" and 112 shall have the rights, privileges and responsibilities of 113 a podiatrist set out in this article.

CHAPTER 126

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2478—By Delegates P. White and Flanigan)

[Passed February 28, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to requiring physicians and podiatrists to successfully complete fifty hours of continuing education every two years as a condition of renewal of licensure; automatic suspension of license for failure to timely notify the board of such completion; rules; requiring physicians and podiatrists provide supporting documentation of continuing education when requested to do so by board; and requiring written representation of continuing education in order to renew inactive licenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

- §30-3-12. Biennial renewal of license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry; continuing education; rules; fee; inactive license.
 - 1 (a) A license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state is valid for a term of two years

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3 and shall be renewed upon a receipt of a reasonable fee. 4 as set by the board, submission of an application on 5 forms provided by the board and, beginning with the 6 biennial renewal application forms completed by 7 licensees and submitted to the board in one thousand 8 nine hundred ninety-three, a certification in accordance 9 with rules and regulations promulgated by the board in 10 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code of 11 participation in and successful completion of a min-12 imum of fifty hours of continuing medical or podiatric 13 education satisfactory to the board, as appropriate to the particular license, during the preceding two-year 14 15 period. Continuing medical education satisfactory to the 16 board is continuing medical education designated as 17 Category I by the american medical association or the 18 academy of family physicians and continuing podiatric education satisfactory to the board is continuing podiatric education approved by the council on podiatric education.

In addition, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that it is in the public interest to encourage alternate categories of continuing education satisfactory to the board for physicians and podiatrists. In order to provide adequate notice of the same to physicians and podiatrists, no later than the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the board shall file rules under the provisions of section fifteen, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, delineating any alternate categories of continuing medical or podiatric education which may be considered satisfactory to the board and any procedures for board approval of such continuing education.

Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, failure to timely submit to the board a certification in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the board in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code of successful completion of a minimum of fifty hours of continuing medical or podiatric education satisfactory to the board, as appropriate to the particular license, shall, beginning the first

day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, result in the automatic suspension of any license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry until such time as the certification in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the board in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, with all supporting written documentation, is submitted to and approved by the board.

Any individual who accepts the privilege of practicing medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state is required to provide supporting written documentation of the continuing education represented as received within thirty days of receipt of a written request to do so by the board. If a licensee fails or refuses to provide supporting written documentation of the continuing education represented as received as required in this section, such failure or refusal to provide supporting written documentation is prima facie evidence of renewing a license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry by fraudulent misrepresentation.

(b) The board may renew, on an inactive basis, the license of a physician or podiatrist who is currently licensed to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry in. but is not actually practicing, medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state. A physician or podiatrist holding an inactive license shall not practice medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state. His or her inactive license may be converted by the board to an active one upon a written request to the board that accounts for his or her period of inactivity to the satisfaction of the board: Provided. That beginning on the first day of July. one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, such licensee submits written documentation of participation in and successful completion of a minimum of fifty hours of continuing medical or podiatric education satisfactory to the board, as appropriate to the particular license. during each preceding two-year period. An inactive license may be obtained upon receipt of a reasonable fee. as set by the board, and submission of an application on forms provided by the board on a biennial basis.

CHAPTER 127

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2484—By Delegates P. White and Flanigan)

[Passed March 6, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section sixteen, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to physician assistants; requirements for certification; legal responsibility and supervision; reporting of discipline by health care facilities; providing that a physician assistant may not dispense a prescription for a refraction; continuing education; and fees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section sixteen, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

- §30-3-16. Physician assistants; definitions; board of medicine rules and regulations; annual report; certification; temporary certification; recertification; job description required; revocation or suspension of certification; responsibilities of supervising physician; legal responsibility for physician assistants; reporting by health care facilities; identification; limitations on employment and duties; fees; unlawful use of title of "physician assistant"; continuing education; unlawful representation of physician assistant as a physician; criminal penalties.
 - 1 (a) As used in this section:
 - 2 (1) "Physician assistant" means an assistant to a 3 physician who is a graduate of an approved program of 4 instruction in primary health care or surgery, has 5 attained a baccalaureate or master's degree, has passed 6 the national certification examination and is qualified to 7 perform direct patient care services under the supervi-8 sion of a physician;

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- 9 (2) "Supervising physician" means a doctor or doctors 10 of medicine or podiatry permanently licensed in this 11 state who assume legal and supervisory responsibility 12 for the work or training of any physician assistant under 13 his or her supervision;
 - (3) "Approved program" means an educational program for physician assistants approved and accredited by the committee on allied health education and accreditation on behalf of the American Medical Association; and
 - (4) "Health care facility" means any licensed hospital, nursing home, extended care facility, state health or mental institution, clinic or physician's office.
 - (b) The board shall promulgate rules and regulations governing the extent to which physician assistants may function in this state. Such regulations shall provide that the physician assistant is limited to the performance of those services for which he or she is trained and that he or she performs only under the supervision and control of a physician permanently licensed in this state, but such supervision and control does not require the personal presence of the supervising physician at the place or places where services are rendered if the physician assistant's normal place of employment is on the premises of the supervising physician. The supervising physician may send the physician assistant off the premises to perform duties under his or her direction, but a separate place of work for the physician assistant shall not be established. In promulgating such rules and regulations, the board shall allow the physician assistant to perform those procedures and examinations and in the case of certain authorized physician assistants to prescribe at the direction of his or her supervising physician in accordance with subsection (1) of this section those categories of drugs submitted to it in the job description required by subsection (i) of this section. The board shall compile and publish a biennial report that includes a list of currently certified physician assistants and their employers and location in the state: a list of approved programs; the number of graduates of such approved programs each year; and the number

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- of physician assistants from other states practicing in this state.
- 52 (c) The board shall certify as a physician assistant any 53 person who files an application and furnishes satisfac-54 tory evidence to it that he or she has met the following 55 standards:
- 56 (1) He or she is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in primary health care or surgery;
- 58 (2) He or she has passed the examination for a 59 primary care physician assistant administered by the 60 National Board of Medical Examiners on behalf of the 61 National Commission on Certification of Physician 62 Assistants:
- 63 (3) He or she is of good moral character; and
- 64 (4) He or she has attained a baccalaureate or master's degree.
 - (d) The board may certify as a physician assistant any person who files an application and furnishes satisfactory evidence that he or she is of good moral character and meets either of the following standards:
 - (1) He or she is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in primary health care or surgery prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, and has passed the examination for a primary care physician assistant administered by the National Board of Medical Examiners on behalf of the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants; or
- 78 (2) He or she had been certified by the board as a 79 physician assistant then classified as "Type B," prior to 80 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-81 three.
 - Certification of an assistant to a physician practicing the specialty of ophthalmology is permitted under this section: *Provided*, That a physician assistant may not dispense a prescription for a refraction.
- 86 (e) When any graduate of an approved program submits an application to the board, accompanied by a

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88 job description in conformity with subsection (i) of this 89 section, for a physician assistant certificate, the board 90 shall issue to such applicant a temporary certificate 91 allowing such applicant to function as a physician 92 assistant for the period of one year. Said temporary 93 certificate may be renewed for one additional year upon 94 the request of the supervising physician. A physician 95 assistant who has not been certified as such by the 96 National Board of Medical Examiners on behalf of the 97 National Commission on Certification of Physician 98 Assistants will be restricted to work under the direct 99 supervision of the supervising physician.

- (f) Any physician applying to the board to supervise a physician assistant shall provide a job description that sets forth the range of medical services to be provided by such assistant. Before a physician assistant can be employed or otherwise use his or her skills, the supervising physician must obtain approval of the job description from the board. The board may revoke or suspend any certification of an assistant to a physician for cause, after giving such person an opportunity to be heard in the manner provided by sections eight and nine, article one of this chapter.
- 111 (g) The supervising physician is responsible for 112 observing, directing and evaluating the work, records 113 and practices of each physician assistant performing 114 under his or her supervision. He or she shall notify the 115 board in writing of any termination of his or her supervisory relationship with a physician assistant 116 117 within ten days of the termination. The legal responsi-118 bility for any physician assistant remains with the 119 supervising physician at all times, including occasions 120 when the assistant under his or her direction and supervision, aids in the care and treatment of a patient 121 in a health care facility. In his or her absence, a 122 supervising physician must designate an alternate 123 supervising physician, however, the legal responsibility 124 remains with the supervising physician at all times. A 125 health care facility is not legally responsible for the 126 actions or omissions of the physician assistant unless the 127 physician assistant is an employee of the facility. 128

- (h) The acts or omissions of a physician assistant employed by health care facilities providing inpatient services shall be the legal responsibility of said facilities. Physician assistants employed by such facilities in staff positions shall be supervised by a permanently licensed physician.
- (i) A health care facility shall report in writing to the board within sixty days after the completion of the facility's formal disciplinary procedure, and also after the commencement, and again after the conclusion, of any resulting legal action, the name of any physician assistant practicing in the facility whose privileges at the facility have been revoked, restricted, reduced or terminated for any cause including resignation, together with all pertinent information relating to such action. The health care facility shall also report any other formal disciplinary action taken against any physician assistant by the facility relating to professional ethics. medical incompetence, medical malpractice, moral turpitude or drug or alcohol abuse. Temporary suspen-sion for failure to maintain records on a timely basis or failure to attend staff or section meetings need not be reported.
 - (j) When functioning as a physician assistant, the physician assistant shall wear a name tag that identifies him or her as a physician assistant. A two and one-half by three and one-half inch card of identification shall be furnished by the board upon certification of the physician assistant.
 - (k) A physician assistant providing primary care outpatient services in a medically underserved area or other area of need, both as defined by the board, may write or sign prescriptions or transmit prescriptions by word of mouth, telephone or other means of communication at the direction of his or her supervising physician. The board shall promulgate rules and regulations governing the eligibility and extent to which such a physician assistant may prescribe at the direction of the supervising physician. The regulations shall provide for a state formulary classifying pharmacologic categories of drugs which may be prescribed by such a

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170 physician assistant. In classifying such pharmacologic 171 categories, those categories of drugs which shall be 172 excluded shall include, but not be limited to, Schedules 173 I and II of the Uniformed Controlled Substances Act, 174 anticoagulants, antineoplastics, antipsychotics, radio-175 pharmaceuticals, general anesthetics, and radiographic 176 contrast materials. Drugs listed under Schedule III shall be limited to a forty-eight hour supply without 177 178 refill. The regulations shall provide that all pharmaco-179 logical categories of drugs to be prescribed by a 180 physician assistant shall be listed in each job description 181 submitted to the board as required in subsection (i) of 182 this section. The regulations shall provide the maximum 183 dosage a physician assistant may prescribe. The regulation shall also provide that to be eligible for such 184 prescription privileges, a physician assistant shall have 185 performed patient care services for a minimum of two 186 years immediately preceding the submission to the 187 188 board of the job description containing prescription privileges and shall have successfully completed an 189 190 accredited course of instruction in clinical pharmacology approved by the board. The regulations shall also 191 provide that to maintain prescription privileges, a 192 193 physician assistant shall continue to maintain national 194 certification as a physician assistant, and in meeting 195 such national certification requirements shall complete a minimum of ten hours of continuing education in 196 rational drug therapy in each certification period. 197 198 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to permit a physician assistant to independently prescribe or 199 200 dispense drugs.

(l) A supervising physician shall not supervise at any one time more than two physician assistants, except that a physician may supervise up to four hospital-employed physician assistants: *Provided*, That an alternative supervisor has been designated for each.

A physician assistant shall not sign any prescription, except in the case of an authorized physician assistant at the direction of his or her supervising physician in accordance with the provisions of subsection (k) of this section. A physician assistant shall not perform any

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- service that his or her supervising physician is not qualified to perform. A physician assistant shall not perform any service that is not included in his or her job description and approved by the board as provided for in this section.
- The provisions of this section do not authorize any physician assistant to perform any specific function or duty delegated by this code to those persons licensed as chiropractors, dentists, dental hygienists, optometrists or pharmacists or certified as nurse anesthetists.
 - (m) Each job description submitted by a licensed supervising physician shall be accompanied by a fee of one hundred dollars. A fee of fifty dollars shall be charged for the biennial renewal of the certificate. A fee of twenty-five dollars shall be charged for any change of supervising physician.
 - (n) Beginning with the biennial renewal forms completed by physician assistants and submitted to the board in one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, as a condition of renewal of physician assistant certification, each physician assistant shall provide written documentation pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the board in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code of participation in and successful completion during the preceding two-year period of a minimum of either forty hours of continuing education designated as Category I by the American Medical Association, American Academy of Physician Assistants or the Academy of Family Physicians, and sixty hours of continuing education designated as Category II by such association or either academy. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, failure to timely submit such required written documentation shall result in the automatic suspension of any certification as a physician assistant until such time as the written documentation is submitted to and approved by the board.
 - (o) It is unlawful for any person who is not certified by the board as a physician assistant to use the title of "physician assistant" or to represent to any other person

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that he or she is a physician assistant. Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than two thousand dollars.

(p) It is unlawful for any physician assistant to represent to any person that he or she is a physician, surgeon or podiatrist. Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than two years, or be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both fined and imprisoned.

CHAPTER 128

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 382-By Senator Chafin)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, six, nine, ten, fourteen, fourteen-a and sixteen, article five, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen-b, all relating to the board of pharmacy; adding new members to the board and stating their qualifications; registration and licensing of pharmacists; increasing and adding new fees; providing for use of funds; and creating a pharmacist in charge.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, six, nine, ten, fourteen, fourteen-a and sixteen, article five, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen-b, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. PHARMACISTS, ASSISTANT PHARMACISTS AND DRUGSTORES.

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- §30-5-2. Board of pharmacy; appointment; qualifications and terms of members; powers and duties generally.
- §30-5-6. Registration of pharmacists from other states.
- §30-5-9. Fees.
- §30-5-10. Annual renewal of registration license.
- §30-5-14. Pharmacies or drugstores to be registered; permit to operate; fees; registered pharmacist to conduct business.
- §30-5-14a. Pharmacist-in-charge.
- §30-5-14b. Use of funds resulting from increased fees.
- §30-5-16. Permit for manufacture, packaging, etc., of drugs, medicines, cosmetics, distribution of legend drugs, etc.; regulations as to sanitation and equipment; penalties; revocation of permit; for permits, including permit to handle controlled substances.

§30-5-2. Board of pharmacy; appointment, qualifications and terms of members; powers and duties generally.

There shall be a state board of pharmacy, known as 1 the "West Virginia board of pharmacy", which shall 2 3 consist of five practicing pharmacists and two public members, who shall be appointed by the governor by 4 5 and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Each 6 pharmacist member of the board, at the time of his 7 appointment, shall be a citizen and registered pharma-8 cist of this state. The public members shall be residents 9 of this state who have attained the age of majority and 10 may not be a past or present member of the profession 11 of pharmacy, the spouse of a member of the profession 12 of pharmacy, a person who has ever had any material 13 financial interest in the providing of pharmacy service 14 or who has engaged in any activity directly related to 15 the practice of pharmacy. Each member of the board 16 shall receive one hundred fifty dollars for each day spent in attending to the duties of the board or of its 17 committees, and shall be reimbursed for all actual and 18 19 necessary expenses incurred in carrying out his duties.

The members of the board in office on the date this section takes effect shall, unless sooner removed, continue to serve until their respective terms expire and until their successors have been appointed and have qualified. On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, and on or before the first day of July of each year thereafter, the governor shall appoint one member to serve for a term of five

years, commencing on said first day of July, and any member shall be eligible for reappointment.

30 The board, in addition to the authority, powers and 31duties granted to the board by this chapter and chapter 32 sixteen of the code, shall have the authority to: (a) 33 Regulate the practice of the profession of pharmacy: (b) 34 regulate the employment of apprentices and interns in pharmacy; (c) appoint, within the limit of appropria-35 tions, inspectors who shall be registered pharmacists, 36 37 and investigators, both intended to act as agents of the 38 board within the provisions of this chapter and chapter 39 sixteen of the code and such rules and regulations as the 40 board shall promulgate; and (d) adopt rules of profes-41 sional conduct appropriate to the establishment and 42 maintenance of high standards of integrity and dignity 43 in a profession.

§30-5-6. Registration of pharmacists from other states.

1 The board of pharmacy may register and admit to 2 practice as pharmacists in this state such persons as 3 have been legally registered or licensed as pharmacists in other states: Provided, That the applicant for such 4 5 registration shall appear personally before the board, at a regular meeting, and shall present satisfactory 6 7 evidence of qualification equal to that required of applicants for registration in this state, and that he was 8 9 registered or licensed by examination in such other 10 state, and that the standard of competence required in such other state is not lower than that required in this 11 state: Provided, however. That the board is satisfied that 12 such other state accords similar recognition to regis-13 tered pharmacists of this state. Applicants for registra-14 tion under this section shall, with their application, 15 forward to the secretary of the board of pharmacy a fee 16 of two hundred fifty dollars, unless the applicant desires 17 to be examined other than at a regular meeting of the 18 board. In that case, there will be an additional fee of 19 one hundred fifty dollars. 20

§30-5-9. Fees.

The board of pharmacy shall be entitled to charge and collect the following fees, in addition to those provided

in article one of this chapter and in sections five. 3 4 fourteen and sixteen of this article: For renewing the 5 registration of a pharmacist, thirty dollars; to register an intern pharmacist, ten dollars plus five dollars for 6 7 each of the remaining periods of his internship; and to 8 register a consultant pharmacist, twenty dollars for the initial application and ten dollars for each additional 9 10 application.

§30-5-10. Annual renewal of registration license.

1 Every registered pharmacist who desires to continue 2 in the practice of pharmacy shall on or before the first 3 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and 4 annually thereafter apply to the state board of pharmacy for a renewal of his license, and shall transmit 5 6 with his application the fee prescribed in the preceding 7 section of this article. Notification of the annual renewal 8 shall be given by the board at least thirty days prior to 9 said first day of July. If any pharmacist fails for a 10 period of thirty days after said first day of July to apply 11 to the board for a renewal of his license, his name shall 12 be erased from the register of registered pharmacists and such person, in order to again become licensed, shall 13 be required to appear personally before the board, or an 14 15 authorized committee of the board, to show cause for 16 permitting the license to lapse. If such person submits 17 to the board satisfactory reasons for allowing the license to lapse and satisfies the board as to his qualifications 18 to practice the profession, such person shall be rein-19 20 stated upon payment of a reinstatement fee of two 21 hundred fifty dollars plus the renewal fee of thirty 22 dollars.

§30-5-14. Pharmacies or drugstores to be registered; permit to operate; fees; registered pharmacist to conduct business.

The board of pharmacy shall require and provide for the annual registration of every pharmacy or drugstore, as defined, doing business in this state. Any person, firm, corporation or partnership desiring to operate, maintain, open or establish a pharmacy or drugstore, as defined in this state shall apply to the board of

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7 pharmacy for a permit to do so. The application for such 8 permit or license shall be made on a form prescribed 9 and furnished by the board of pharmacy, which, when 10 properly executed, shall indicate the owner, manager, trustee, lessee, receiver, or other person or persons 11 12 desiring such permit, as well as the location of such 13 pharmacy or drugstore, including street and number. and such other information as the board of pharmacy 14 15 may require. If it is desired to operate, maintain, open 16 or establish more than one pharmacy or drugstore. 17 separate application shall be made and separate permits 18 or licenses shall be issued for each. Every initial 19 application for a permit shall be accompanied by the 20 required fee of one hundred fifty dollars. The fee for 21 renewal of such permit or license shall be seventy-five 22 dollars annually. If an application is found satisfactory. the secretary of the board of pharmacy shall issue to the 23 applicant a permit or license for each pharmacy or 24 25 drugstore for which application is made. Permits or 26 licenses issued under this section shall not be transfer-27 able and shall expire on the thirtieth day of June of each 28 calendar year, and if application for renewal of permit 29 or license is not made on or before that date, or a new one granted on or before the first day of August, 30 31 following, the old permit or license shall lapse and 32 become null and void and shall require an inspection of 33 the pharmacy and a fee of one hundred fifty dollars plus one hundred fifty dollars for the inspection. Every such 34 35 place of business so registered shall be in direct charge of a registered pharmacist and operate in compliance 36 with the general provisions governing the practice of 37 pharmacy and the operation of a drugstore or 38 39 pharmacy.

The provisions of this section shall have no application to the sale of patent or proprietary medicines which are not poisonous, deleterious or habit-forming nor to such ordinary drugs in original retail packages when such are not poisonous, deleterious or habit-forming nor to flavoring extracts or dyestuffs as are usually sold in a country store.

§30-5-14a. Pharmacist-in-charge.

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Every pharmacy or drugstore, at all times, shall be under the jurisdiction of a licensed pharmacist who shall be designated as the pharmacist-in-charge.

The pharmacist-in-charge is responsible for the pharmacy's compliance with state and federal pharmacy laws and regulations.

The pharmacist-in-charge is responsible for maintaining records and inventory.

It is a violation of this section if the owner of a pharmacy fails to designate a pharmacist-in-charge or permit the practice of pharmacy without having designated a pharmacist-in-charge, or fails to notify the board of pharmacy if the designated pharmacist-in-charge leaves.

Before a permit is issued to operate a pharmacy, or renewed, the application must designate the pharmacist-in-charge. The designated pharmacist-in-charge must be present when a new store is to be inspected.

A pharmacist-in-charge cannot hold the designated position at more than one pharmacy, whether within or without the state of West Virginia. The board of pharmacy shall promulgate rules relative to pharmacies which are operated over forty hours a week.

An interim pharmacist-in-charge may be designated for a period not to exceed sixty days. The request for an interim pharmacist-in-charge shall detail the circumstances which warrant such a change.

The board of pharmacy shall furnish the form which designates a change of the pharmacist-in-charge and every such application shall be subject to a fee of ten dollars.

§30-5-14b. Use of funds resulting from increased fees.

- The increased funds resulting from the increased fees under sections five, nine and fourteen of this article shall be used only: (a) For the employment of an investigator
- 4 or investigators pursuant to section two of this article;
- 5 (b) for the reimbursement of necessary expenses of such
- 6 investigator or investigators upon the submittal of

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- 7 proper vouchers therefor; (c) for the payment of
- 8 additional expenses necessitated by the conduct of the
- 9 office of such investigator or investigators; and (d) upon
- 10 payment of the total expenses, including salaries of such
- 11 investigator or investigators, any remaining funds shall
- 12 be used for the conduct of the office of the West Virginia
- 13 board of pharmacy.
- §30-5-16. Permit for manufacture, packaging, etc., of drugs, medicines, cosmetics, distribution of legend drugs, etc.; regulations as to sanitation and equipment; penalties; revocation of permit; for permits, including permit to handle controlled substances.

No drugs or medicines, or toilet articles, dentifrices, or cosmetics, shall be manufactured, made, produced, packed, packaged or prepared within the state, except under the personal and immediate supervision of a registered pharmacist or such other person as may be approved by the board of pharmacy, after an investigation and determination by said board that they are qualified by scientific or technical training and/or experience to perform such duties of supervision as may be necessary to protect the public health and safety; and no person shall manufacture, make, produce, pack, package or prepare any such articles without first obtaining a permit to do so from the board of pharmacy. Such permit shall be subject to such rules and regulations, with respect to sanitation and/or equipment, as the board of pharmacy may from time to time adopt for the protection of the public health and safety.

Any person, firm, corporation, partnership, company, cooperative society or organization who offers for sale, sells, offers or exposes for sale through the method of distribution any legend drugs shall be subject to this article.

The application for such permits shall be made on a form to be prescribed and furnished by the board of pharmacy and shall be accompanied by the following fees: For a distributor, one hundred fifty dollars, for a manufacturer, five hundred dollars, which amounts

shall also be paid as the fees for each annual renewal of such permits. Separate applications shall be made and separate permits issued for each separate place of manufacture, distribution, making, producing, packing, packaging or preparation.

The following fees shall be charged for a permit to handle controlled substances: For a hospital or clinic, fifty dollars; for extended care facilities, twenty-five dollars; for a nursing home, twenty-five dollars; for a teaching institution, twenty-five dollars; for a researcher, twenty-five dollars; for a medical examiner, twenty-five dollars; and for a pharmacy or drug store, fifteen dollars, which amounts shall also be paid for each annual renewal of such permits.

Permits issued under the provisions of this section shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the factory or place for which issued; such permits shall not be transferable, and shall expire on the thirtieth day of June following the day of issue and shall be renewed annually. Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to those operating registered pharmacies or drugstores.

Any person, firm, corporation, partnership, company, cooperative society or organization violating any of the provisions of this section and any permittee hereunder who shall violate any of the conditions of this permit or any of the rules and regulations adopted by the board of pharmacy in pursuance of the power hereby conferred shall, upon conviction, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and fined not more than fifty dollars for each offense, and each and every day such violation continues shall constitute a separate and distinct offense, and upon conviction of a permittee, his permit shall also forthwith be revoked and become null and void.

Any person, firm, corporation, partnership, company, cooperative society, organization or any permittee hereunder who shall have been convicted of two or more successive violations of the provisions of this section or of the rules and regulations adopted by the board of pharmacy in pursuance of the powers hereby conferred

- 68 shall at the discretion of the board of pharmacy have
- 69 such permit permanently revoked, and the board of
- 70 pharmacy is hereby authorized to refuse the issuance of
- 71 further permits to such person, firm, corporation,
- 72 partnership, company, cooperative society, organization
- 73 or permittee.

CHAPTER 129

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2494—By Delegates Gallagher and Border)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, relating to requiring mail-order houses which dispense drugs into or out of the state to register with the board of pharmacy prior to doing business; exempting mail-order houses which operate solely as wholesale distributors; and promulgation of rules and regulations by board of pharmacy.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 30. PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS.

ARTICLE 5. PHARMACISTS, ASSISTANT PHARMACISTS AND DRUGSTORES.

§30-5-6a. Permits for mail-order houses.

- 1 (a) Every mail-order house which dispenses drugs or
- 2 medicines through the United States mail or otherwise
- 3 from any point in the state of West Virginia to any point
- 4 outside of the state of West Virginia shall be registered
- 5 as a pharmacy or drugstore pursuant to the provisions
- 6 of section fourteen of this article: Provided, That the

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7 provisions of this subsection do not apply to any mail-8 order house which operates solely as a wholesale 9 distributor.

(b) Every mail-order house which dispenses drugs or medicines through the United States mail or otherwise from any point outside of the state of West Virginia to any point within the state of West Virginia shall, as a condition precedent to being qualified and authorized to transact such business in the state of West Virginia, annually register with the board of pharmacy to conduct such business in this state. Every such business shall be required to provide to the board of pharmacy satisfactory evidence that it qualifies as a pharmacy or drugstore and that such business is licensed or registered as a pharmacy or drugstore in the state where the business dispenses prescriptions by mail order to residents of this state. The board of pharmacy shall promulgate rules, in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, for the procedures of registration pursuant to this subsection: Provided. That the provisions of this subsection do not apply to any mail-order house which operates solely as a wholesale distributor.

CHAPTER 130

(S. B. 624—By Senators Pritt, Blatnik and Holliday)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article fourteena, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to osteopathic physician assistants; promulgation of rules by the board of osteopathy; certification of osteopathic physician assistants; supervising physicians and employing health care facilities; reporting of disciplinary procedures; identification; fees; continuing medical education; criminal penalties; and limited prescriptive authority.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article fourteen-a, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14A. ASSISTANTS TO OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

§30-14A-1. Osteopathic physician assistant to osteopathic physicians and surgeons; definitions; board of osteopathy rules; certification; temporary certification; recertification; job description required; revocation or suspension of certification; responsibilities of the supervising physician; legal responsibility for osteopathic physician assistants; reporting of disciplinary procedures; identification; limitation on employment and duties; fees; unlawful use of the title of "osteopathic physician assistant"; unlawful representation of an osteopathic physician assistant as a physician; criminal penalties.

1 (a) As used in this section:

- (1) "Osteopathic physician assistant" means an assistant to an osteopathic physician who is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in primary care or surgery, has passed the national certification examination and is qualified to perform direct patient care services under the supervision of an osteopathic physician;
- 9 (2) "Supervising physician" means a doctor of osteo-10 pathy permanently licensed in this state who assumes 11 legal and supervising responsibility for the work or 12 training of any osteopathic physician assistant under his 13 or her supervision;
- 14 (3) "Approved program" means an educational pro-15 gram for osteopathic physician assistants approved and 16 accredited by the committee on allied health education 17 and accreditation;
- 18 (4) "Health care facility" means any licensed hospital, 19 nursing home, extended care facility, state health or

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- 20 mental institution, clinic or physician's office; and
- 21 (5) "Direct supervision" means the presence of the 22 supervising physician at the site where the osteopathic 23 physician assistant performs medical duties.
- 24 (b) The board shall promulgate rules governing the 25 extent to which osteopathic physician assistants may function in this state. Such rules shall provide that the 26 27 osteopathic physician assistant is limited to the perfor-28 mance of those services for which he or she is trained 29 and that he or she performs only under the supervision and control of an osteopathic physician permanently 30 31 licensed in this state, but such supervision and control 32 does not require the personal presence of the supervising 33 physician at the place or places where services are rendered if the osteopathic physician assistant's normal 34 35 place of employment is on the premises of the supervis-36 ing physician. The supervising physician may send the 37 osteopathic physician assistant off the premises to 38 perform duties under his or her direction, but a separate 39 place of work for the osteopathic physician assistant shall not be established. In promulgating such rules, the 40 41 board may allow the osteopathic physician assistant to perform those procedures and examinations and in the 42 case of authorized osteopathic physician assistants to 43 prescribe at the direction of his or her supervising 44 physician in accordance with subsection (o) of this 45 section those categories of drugs submitted to it in the 46 47 job description required by subsection (e) of this section. The board shall compile and publish an annual report 48 that includes a list of currently certified osteopathic 49 physician assistants and their employers and location in 50 51 the state.
 - (c) The board shall certify as an osteopathic physician assistant any person who files an application and furnishes satisfactory evidence to it that he or she has met the following standards:
- 56 (1) He or she is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in primary health care or surgery;
- 58 (2) He or she has passed the examination for a primary care physician assistant or surgery adminis-

- tered by the national board of medical examiners on behalf of the national commission on certification of physician assistants; and
 - (3) He or she is of good moral character.
 - (d) When any graduate of an approved program submits an application to the board, accompanied by a job description in conformity with subsection (e) of this section, for an osteopathic physician assistant certificate, the board may issue to such applicant a temporary certificate allowing such applicant to function as an osteopathic physician assistant for the period of one year. Said temporary certificate may be renewed for one additional year upon the request of the supervising physician. An osteopathic physician assistant who has not been certified as such by the national board of medical examiners on behalf of the national commission on certification of physician assistants will be restricted to work under the direct supervision of the supervising physician.
 - (e) Any osteopathic physician applying to the board to supervise an osteopathic physician assistant shall provide a job description that sets forth the range of medical services to be provided by such assistant. Before an osteopathic physician assistant can be employed or otherwise use his or her skills, the supervising physician must obtain approval of the job description from the board. The board may revoke or suspend any certification of an assistant to a physician for cause, after giving such person an opportunity to be heard in the manner provided by sections eight and nine, article one of this chapter.
 - (f) The supervising physician is responsible for observing, directing and evaluating the work records and practices of each osteopathic physician assistant performing under his or her supervision. He or she shall notify the board in writing of any termination of his or her supervisory relationship with an osteopathic physician assistant within ten days of his or her termination. The legal responsibility for any osteopathic physician assistant remains with the supervising physician at all

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- 100 times, including occasions when the assistant, under his or her direction and supervision, aids in the care and 101 102 treatment of a patient in a health care facility. In his 103 or her absence, a supervising physician must designate 104 an alternate supervising physician; however, the legal 105 responsibility remains with the supervising physician at 106 all times. A health care facility is not legally responsible 107 for the actions or omissions of an osteopathic physician 108 assistant unless the osteopathic physician assistant is an 109 employee of the facility.
 - (g) The acts or omissions of an osteopathic physician assistant employed by health care facilities providing inpatient services shall be the legal responsibility of said facilities. Osteopathic physician assistants employed by such facilities in staff positions shall be supervised by a permanently licensed physician.
 - (h) A health care facility shall report in writing to the board within sixty days after the completion of the facility's formal disciplinary procedure, and also after the commencement, and again after the conclusion, of any resulting legal action, the name of any osteopathic physician assistant practicing in the facility whose privileges at the facility have been revoked, restricted. reduced or terminated for any cause including resignation, together with all pertinent information relating to such action. The health care facility shall also report any other formal disciplinary action taken against any osteopathic physician assistant by the facility relating to professional ethics, medical incompetence, medical malpractice, moral turpitude or drug or alcohol abuse. Temporary suspension for failure to maintain records on a timely basis or failure to attend staff or section meetings need not be reported.
 - (i) When functioning as an osteopathic physician assistant, the osteopathic physician assistant shall wear a name tag that identifies him or her as a physician assistant.
 - (j) (1) A supervising physician shall not supervise at any time more than two osteopathic physician assistants, except that a physician may supervise up to four

- 140 hospital-employed osteopathic physician assistants:
- 141 Provided, That an alternative supervisor has been
- 142 designated for each.
- 143 (2) An osteopathic physician assistant shall not 144 perform any service that his or her supervising physi-145 cian is not qualified to perform.
 - (3) An osteopathic physician assistant shall not perform any service that is not included in his or her job description and approved by the board as provided for in this section.
 - (4) The provisions of this section do not authorize an osteopathic physician assistant to perform any specific function or duty delegated by this code to those persons licensed as chiropractors, dentists, registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, dental hygienists, optometrists or pharmacists or certified as nurse anesthetists.
 - (k) Each job description submitted by a licensed osteopathic supervising physician shall be accompanied by a fee of one hundred dollars. A fee of fifty dollars shall be charged for the annual renewal of the certificate. A fee of twenty-five dollars shall be charged for any change of supervising physician.
 - (l) As a condition of renewal of osteopathic physician assistant certification, each osteopathic physician assistant shall provide written documentation satisfactory to the board of participation in and successful completion during the preceding one-year period of a minimum of twenty hours of continuing education in courses approved by the board of osteopathy for the purposes of continuing education of osteopathic physician assistants. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, failure to timely submit such required written documentation shall result in the automatic suspension of any certification as an osteopathic physician assistant until such time as the written documentation is submitted to and approved by the board.
 - (m) It is unlawful for any person who is not certified by the board as an osteopathic physician assistant to use

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- the title of "osteopathic physician assistant" or to represent to any other person that he or she is an osteopathic physician assistant. Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than two thousand dollars.
 - (n) It is unlawful for any osteopathic physician assistant to represent to any person that he or she is a physician. Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one, nor more than two years, or be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both fined and imprisoned.
 - (o) An osteopathic physician assistant providing primary care outpatient services in a medically underserved area or other area of need, both as defined by the board, may write or sign prescriptions or transmit prescriptions by word of mouth, telephone or other means of communication at the direction of his or her supervising physician. The board shall promulgate rules and regulations governing the eligibility and extent to which such an osteopathic physician assistant may prescribe at the direction of the supervising physician. The regulations shall provide for a state formulary classifying pharmacologic categories of drugs which may be prescribed by such an osteopathic physician assistant. In classifying such pharmacologic categories, those categories of drugs which shall be excluded shall include, but not be limited to, Schedules I and II of the uniform controlled substances act, anticoagulants. antineoplastics, antiphychotics, radiopharmaceuticals, general anesthetics and radiographic contrast materials. Drugs listed under Schedule III shall be limited to a forty-eight hour supply without refill. The regulations shall provide that all pharmacological categories of drugs to be prescribed by an osteopathic physician assistant shall be listed in each job description submitted to the board as required in subsection (e) of this section. The regulations shall provide the maximum dosage an osteopathic physician assistant may prescribe.

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The regulations shall also provide that to be eligible for such prescription privileges, an osteopathic physician assistant must submit an application to the board for such privileges. The regulations shall also provide that an osteopathic physician assistant shall have performed patient care services for a minimum of two years immediately preceding the submission to the board of said application for prescription privileges and shall have successfully completed an accredited course of instruction in clinical pharmacology approved by the board. The regulations shall also provide that to maintain prescription privileges, an osteopathic physician assistant shall continue to maintain national certification as an osteopathic physician assistant, and in meeting such national certification requirements shall complete a minimum of ten hours of continuing education in rational drug therapy in each certification period. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to permit an osteopathic physician assistant to independently prescribe or dispense drugs.

CHAPTER 131

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2765-By Delegate Ashcraft)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, five, six and seven, article twenty-one, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections seven-a, seven-b, seven-c, seven-d, seven-e and eight-a, all relating to creating new definitions relating to the practice of school psychology; providing for license exemption in certain instances; requiring the addition of at least one licensed school psychologist to the board of examiners of psychologists; adding school psychologist examination to board duties and authorizing reasonable fees thereto; removing the reference to the specific amount of the application fee; creating

eligibility requirements for certain levels of licensed school psychologists; addressing eligibility of school psychologists currently certified by the state board; defining eligibility of certain doctoral applicants; and specifying provisions for license renewal.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, five, six and seven, article twentyone, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections seven-a, seven-b, seven-c, seven-d, seven-e and eight-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21. PSYCHOLOGISTS: SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGISTS.

- §30-21-2. Definitions.
- §30-21-3. License required; firms, associations and corporations engaging in the practice of psychology.
- §30-21-5. Creation of board of examiners of psychologists; members, terms, meetings, officers, oath and compensation; general provisions.
- §30-21-6. Powers and duties of board; funds of board.
- §30-21-7. Qualifications of applicants; exceptions; applications; fee.
- §30-21-7a. Eligibility for school psychologist resident.
- §30-21-7b. Eligibility for licensed school psychologist.
- §30-21-7c. Eligibility for licensed school psychologist independent practitioner.
- §30-21-7d. Eligibility for current school psychologist.
- §30-21-7e. Eligibility of doctoral applicants.
- §30-21-8a. Issuance of license; renewal of license; renewal fee; display of license.

§30-21-2. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:
- (a) "Applicant" means any person making application
 for an original or renewal license or a temporary permit
- 5 under the provisions of this article.
- 6 (b) "Licensee" means any person holding a license or 7 a temporary permit issued under the provisions of this 8 article.
- 9 (c) "Board" means the board of examiners of psychol-10 ogists created by this article.
- 11 (d) "Psychology" means the science involving the

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principles, methods and procedures of understanding, predicting and influencing behavior; the principles pertaining to learning, perception, motivation, thinking, emotions and interpersonal relationships; the methods and procedures of interviewing and counseling; the methods and procedures of psychotherapy, meaning the use of learning, conditioning methods and emotional reactions, in a professional relationship, to assist a person or persons to modify feelings, attitudes and behavior, which are intellectually, socially or emotionally maladjustive or ineffectual; the constructing, administering and interpreting of tests of intelligence, special abilities, aptitudes, interests, attitudes, personality characteristics, emotions and motivation; the psychological evaluation, prevention and improvements of adjustment problems of individuals and groups; and the resolution of interpersonal and social conflicts.

(e) "Practice of psychology" means the rendering or offering to render for a fee, salary or other compensation, monetary or otherwise, any psychological service involving: (i) The application of the principles, methods and procedures of understanding, predicting and influencing behavior; (ii) the application of the principles pertaining to learning, perception, motivation, thinking, emotions and interpersonal relationships; (iii) the application of the methods and procedures of interviewing and counseling; (iv) the application of the methods and procedures of psychotherapy, meaning the use of learning, conditioning methods and emotional reactions, in a professional relationship, to assist a person or persons to modify feelings, attitudes and behavior, which are intellectually, socially or emotionally maladjustive or ineffectual; (v) the constructing. administering and interpreting of tests of intelligence, special abilities, aptitudes, interests, attitudes, personality characteristics, emotions and motivation; (vi) the psychological evaluation, prevention and improvement of adjustment problems of individuals and groups; and (vii) the resolution of interpersonal and social conflicts.

However, for the purpose of this article, the term "practice of psychology" shall not include:

- 53 (1) Teaching, lecturing or engaging in research in 54 psychology as part of salaried employment at an 55 institution of higher learning;
 - (2) The official duties of a person employed as a psychologist by the state of West Virginia or any of its departments, agencies, divisions or bureaus, or local governments, except for the West Virginia department of education, a county board of education, or a regional education agency, which duties are performed under the direct and regular supervision of a licensee;
 - (3) The official duties of a person employed as a psychologist by any department, agency, division or bureau of the United States of America;
 - (4) The official duties of a person working under the direct and regular supervision of a licensee for the purpose of gaining the experience required for a license hereunder by the provisions of subdivision (4), subsection (a), section seven of this article, which experience is of a type approved by the board;
 - (5) The use, in good faith, of certain psychological techniques, procedures, methods and principles as an incident to engaging in a recognized occupation or profession, other than the practice of psychology, including, but not limited to, the occupation or profession of a physician, lawyer, dentist, social worker, sociologist, political scientist, economist, probation or parole officer, rehabilitation or marriage counselor, clergyman, audiologist, speech pathologist, teacher, educational or guidance counselor and a placement or personnel director;
 - (6) The activities of a student of psychology, psychological intern or psychological resident, which activities are a part of and are engaged in pursuant to a course of study at an institution of higher learning; or
 - (7) The activities of an assistant or technician which are performed under the direct and regular supervision of a licensee.
 - (f) "Examination" means the examination in psychology required by subdivision (5), subsection (a), section seven of this article.

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- (g) "School psychological services" means the activi-93 94 ties which school psychologists may engage in to 95 promote mental health and to facilitate the education of 96 school age children, which include, but are not limited 97 to, the following:
- (A) Consultation, which includes collaboration with 99 individuals and groups of school personnel, parents, 100 families and representatives of community agencies:
- 101 (B) Psychological and psychoeducational assessment, which includes the gathering, interpreting and com-102 103 municating of information derived from the assessment 104 process which relates to learning and behavior:
 - (C) Intervention, which includes individual and group counseling, behavioral intervention and crisis intervention:
- 108 (D) Education, which includes parent training, school 109 inservice and community education:
- 110 (E) Facilitation, which includes assisting in develop-111 ing useful communication between diverse groups of 112 people separated by institutional, bureaucratic, educa-113 tional or other barriers:
- 114 (F) Research, which includes designing, reporting and utilizing the results of research of a psychological 115 116 nature:
- (G) Program planning and evaluation, which includes 117 program development, program implementation, pro-118 gram evaluation and problem solving for organizational 119 120 decision making:
- (H) Supervision, which includes the supervision of 121 intern school psychologists, other school psychologists 122 and personnel contracted to provide either psychological 123 or psychoeducational assessment data; 124
- However, for the purpose of this article, the term 125 "practice of school psychology" shall not include: 126
- (1) The activities of clinical, counseling, child, indus-127 trial, health, and other types of psychology which the 128

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- 129 board determines to be outside the scope of school 130 psychology activities:
- 131 (2) Teaching, lecturing or engaging in research in 132 school psychology as part of salaried employment at an 133 institution of higher learning;
 - (3) The official duties of a person employed as a school psychologist by the state of West Virginia or any of its departments, agencies, divisions or bureaus, or local governments, except for the West Virginia department of education, a county board of education, or a regional education service agency, which duties are performed under the direct and regular supervision of a licensee;
 - (4) The official duties of a person employed as a school psychologist by any department, agency, division or bureau of the United States of America:
 - (5) The official duties of a school psychologist working under the direct and regular supervision of a licensee for the purpose of gaining the experience required for a license hereunder by the provisions of subdivision (4). subsection (a), section seven of this article, which experience is of a type approved by the board:
- 150 (6) The use, in good faith, of certain psychological techniques, procedures, methods and principles as an incident to engaging in a recognized occupation or profession, other than the practice of school psychology, including, but not limited to, the occupation or profession of a physician, lawyer, dentist, social worker, sociologist, political scientist, economist, probation or parole officer, rehabilitation or marriage counselor, clergyman, audiologist, speech pathologist, teacher, educational or guidance counselor and placement or personnel director;
 - (7) The activities of a student of school psychology, school psychological intern or extern, which activities are a part of and are engaged in pursuant to a course of study at an institution of higher learning;
 - (8) The activities of an assistant or technician which are performed under the direct and regular supervision of a licensee.

- (h) "Practice of school psychology" means the rendering or offering to render for a fee, salary or other compensation to an individual or to the public school psychological services as defined in this article;
 - (i) "School psychologist" means any person who proposes to provide school psychological services as defined herein, to the public and in so doing claims to have the knowledge, training, expertise and ethical standards necessary to engage in such practice;
 - (j) "School board" means a West Virginia county school board and also means the West Virginia department of education, or a regional educational service agency;
 - (k) "School board employee" means any person who provides services for the school board and is reimbursed via a salary and benefits and who has met the educational requirements under the state law and regulations of the West Virginia board of education to be certified or otherwise empowered by the state superintendent of schools to provide school psychological services for school boards;
 - (1) "School board contractee" means any person who provides services for one or more school boards and is reimbursed on a per evaluation, per unit of service, or some other contract basis;
 - (m) "School psychologist resident" means a school psychologist who provides school psychology services on a school board property and is a school board employee;
 - (n) "Licensed school psychologist" means a school psychologist who provides school psychology services on school board property and is a school board employee or contractee;
 - (o) "Licensed school psychologist independent practitioners" means a school psychologist who provides school psychology services to an individual or the public on school board or nonschool board property, and provide such services for a fee or other compensation, or as a school board employee or contractee.

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§30-21-3. License required; firms, associations and corporations engaging in the practice of psychology.

- 1 (a) No person shall engage in, offer to engage in, or 2 hold himself out to the public as being engaged in, the 3 practice of psychology in this state, nor shall any person 4 use in connection with any trade, business, profession or 5 occupation, except in those instances specifically 6 excluded from the definition of the practice of psychol-7 ogy by subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), (4) and (6), subdivision 8 (e), section two of this article, the word "psychologist," "psychology," "psychological" or any other title, word or 9 10 abbreviation which induces or tends to induce the belief 11 that such person is qualified to engage or is engaged in 12 the practice of psychology, unless and until he shall first 13 obtain a license or temporary permit to engage in the 14 practice of psychology in accordance with the provisions of this article, which license or temporary permit 15 16 remains unexpired, unsuspended and unrevoked: Pro-17 vided, That such license or temporary permit shall not 18 be required for an individual who is the holder of a 19 school psychology certificate issued by the West Virgi-20 nia department of education and who is engaged in the 21practice of school psychology solely within the scope of 22 employment as a school board employee: Provided, 23 however. That no such license or temporary permit shall 24 be required for a psychologist who is not a resident of 25 this state, who is the holder of a license or certificate 26 to engage in the practice of psychology issued by a state 27 with licensing or certification requirements determined by the board to be at least as great as those provided 28 29 in this article, who has no regular place of practice in this state and who engages in the practice of psychology 30 in this state for a period of not more than ten days in 31 32 any calendar year.
 - (b) No firm, association or corporation shall, except through a licensee or licensees, render any service or engage in any activity which if rendered or engaged in by any individual would constitute the practice of psychology.

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§30-21-5. Creation of board of examiners of psychologists; members, terms, meetings, officers, oath and compensation; general provisions.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created the state board of examin-2 ers of psychologists which shall be composed of five 3 members appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Each member shall 4 have been actively engaged in the practice of psychology 5 6 or in the teaching of psychology in the state of West 7 Virginia for at least two years immediately preceding 8 his appointment and shall be the holder of a license 9 under the provisions of this article, or, in the case of the members first appointed, shall be eligible for such a 10 license: Provided, That at least one member of the board 11 shall be a licensed school psychologist. 12
- 13 (b) The members of the board shall be appointed for 14 overlapping terms of three years each and until their 15 respective successors have been appointed and have 16 qualified, except for the original appointments. For the 17 purpose of original appointments, two members shall be 18 appointed for a term of three years and until their 19 successors have been appointed and have qualified, two 20 members shall be appointed for a term of two years and 21 until their successors have been appointed and have 22 qualified and one member shall be appointed for a term of one year and until his successor has been appointed 23 and has qualified. Members may be reappointed for any 24 number of terms. Before entering upon the performance 25 26 of his duties, each member shall take and subscribe to the oath required by section five, article four of the 27 constitution of this state. Vacancies shall be filled by 28 appointment by the governor for the unexpired term of 29 the member whose office shall be vacant and such 30 appointment shall be made within sixty days of the occurrence of such vacancy. Any member may be removed by the governor in case of incompetency. neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance in office.
 - (c) The board shall elect from its membership a chairman and secretary who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the board. A majority of the members of the

board shall constitute a quorum and meetings shall be held at the call of the chairman or upon the written request of three members at such time and place as designated in such call or request, and, in any event, the board shall meet at least once annually to conduct the examination hereinafter provided for and to transact such other business as may come before it. Members may be paid such reasonable compensation as the board may from time to time determine, and in addition may be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties. which compensation and expenses shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b), section six of this article

§30-21-6. Powers and duties of board; funds of board.

- (a) The board shall:
- (1) Examine applicants and determine their eligibility for a license or temporary permit to engage in the practice of psychology;
- (2) Examine applicants and determine their eligibility for a license or temporary permit to engage in the practice of school psychology as a licensed school psychologist and/or licensed school psychologist independent practitioner.
 - (3) Prepare, conduct and grade an apt and proper written, oral or written and oral examination of applicants for a license and determine the satisfactory passing score thereon;
 - (4) Promulgate reasonable rules and regulations implementing the provisions of this article and the powers and duties conferred upon the board hereby, including, but not limited to, reasonable rules and regulations establishing standards to insure the proper supervision of all persons working under the direct and regular supervision of a licensee under the provisions of this article, all of which reasonable rules and regulations shall be promulgated in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, set reasonable fees and record them in legislative rules. Title 17, Series 1.

- (5) Issue, renew, deny, suspend or revoke licenses and temporary permits to engage in the practice of psychology in accordance with the provisions of this article and, in accordance with the administrative procedures hereinafter provided, may review, affirm, reverse, vacate or modify its order with respect to any such denial, suspension or revocation;
- (6) Investigate alleged violations of the provisions of this article, reasonable rules and regulations promulgated hereunder and orders and final decisions of the board and take appropriate disciplinary action against any licensee for the violation thereof or institute appropriate legal action for the enforcement of the provisions of this article, reasonable rules and regulations promulgated hereunder and orders and final decisions of the board or take such disciplinary action and institute such legal action;
- (7) Employ, direct, discharge and define the duties of full or part-time professional, clerical or other personnel necessary to effectuate the provisions of this article;
 - (8) Keep accurate and complete records of its proceedings, certify the same as may be appropriate, and prepare, from time to time, a list showing the names and addresses of all licensees;
- (9) Whenever it deems it appropriate, confer with the attorney general or his assistants in connection with all legal matters and questions; and
- (10) Take such other action as may be reasonably necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of this article.
- (b) All moneys paid to the board shall be accepted by a person designated by the board and deposited by him with the treasurer of the state and credited to an account to be known as the "board of examiners of psychologists fund." All of the reasonable compensation of the members of the board, the reimbursement of all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred by such members and all other costs and expenses incurred by the board in the administration of this article shall

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- be paid from such fund, and no part of the state's general revenue fund shall be expended for this purpose.
- §30-21-7. Qualifications of applicants; exceptions; applications; fee.
 - 1 (a) To be eligible for a license to engage in the 2 practice of psychology, the applicant must:
 - 3 (1) Be at least eighteen years of age;
 - 4 (2) Be of good moral character;
 - (3) Be a holder of a doctor of philosophy degree or its equivalent or a master's degree in psychology from an accredited institution of higher learning, with adequate course study at such institution in psychology, the adequacy of any such course study to be determined by the board;
- 11 (4) When the degree held is a doctor of philosophy degree or its equivalent, have at least one year's 12 13 experience subsequent to receiving said degree in the performance of any of the psychological services 14 15 described in subdivision (e), section two of this article, including those activities excluded from the definition 16 of the term "practice of psychology" in said subdivision 17 (e), and, when the degree held is a master's degree, have 18 at least five years' experience subsequent to receiving 19 said degree in the performance of any of the psycholog-20 21 ical services described in said subdivision (e), including those activities excluded from the definition of the term 22 23 "practice of psychology" in said subdivision (e);
 - (5) Have passed the examination prescribed by the board, which examination shall cover the basic subject matter of psychology and psychological skills and techniques;
- 28 (6) Not have been convicted of a felony or crime 29 involving moral turpitude; and
- 30 (7) Not, within the next preceding six months, have 31 taken and failed to pass the examination required by 32 subdivision (5), subsection (a) of this section.
- 33 (b) The following persons shall be eligible for a license

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- 34 to engage in the practice of psychology without 35 examination:
 - (1) Any applicant who holds a doctor of philosophy degree or its equivalent from an institution of higher learning, with adequate course study at such institution in psychology and who is a diplomate of the "American Board of Examiners in Professional Psychology"; and
 - (2) Any person who holds a license or certificate to engage in the practice of psychology issued by any other state, the requirements for which license or certificate are found by the board to be at least as great as those provided in this article.
 - (c) Any person who is engaged in the practice of psychology in this state, or is engaged in any of the activities described in subdivision (e), (1), (2) or (3), section two of this article, in this state, on the effective date of this article and has been so engaged for a period of two consecutive years immediately prior thereto shall be eligible for a license to engage in the practice of psychology without examination and without meeting the requirements of subdivision (4), subsection (a) of this section, if application for such license is made within six months after the effective date of this article and if such person meets the requirements of subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (6), subsection (a) of this section: Provided, That an equivalent of a master's degree in psychology may be considered by the board, only for the purpose of this subsection (c), as meeting the requirements of subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this section.
 - (d) Any applicant for any such license shall submit an application therefor at such time (subject to the time limitation set forth in subsection (c) of this section), in such manner, on such forms and containing such information as the board may from time to time by reasonable rule and regulation prescribe, and pay to the board an application fee.

§30-21-7a. Eligibility for school psychologist resident.

1 (a) To qualify as a school psychologist resident the applicant must have obtained a master's degree in

- 3 school psychology from a board approved graduate 4 program within a board approved institution of higher
- 5 education.
- 6 (b) If such individuals are employed by school
- 7 board(s) to practice school psychology, they may, within
- 8 sixty days of the initiation of their employment, register
- 9 with the board and pay a reasonable fee.

§30-21-7b. Eligibility for licensed school psychologist.

- To meet minimum requirements for this license the applicant must:
- 3 (1) Have obtained a valid certificate of school psychol4 ogy granted by the state superintendent of schools, have
 5 obtained a certificate of advanced study in school
 6 psychology and obtained a master's degree in school
 7 psychology from a board-approved institution of higher
 8 education, or have received equivalent training as
 9 determined by the board:
- 10 (2) Have completed at least three academic years of supervised experience in school psychology which 11 12 includes a one year post degree internship or externship 13 towards completion of the requirements for a certificate 14 of advance study in school psychology or similar 15 designation approved by the board: Provided, That such 16 supervised experience shall include at least one face to 17 face meeting between the supervisor and supervisee per 18 month.
- 19 (3) Have passed a standardized national examination 20 in school psychology promulgated by the National 21 Association of School Psychologists or other similar 22 organizations and approved as a standardized testing 23 vehicle for school psychologists by the board;
- 24 (4) Have passed an oral examination conducted by the 25 board; and
- 26 (5) Complete appropriate application and other forms, 27 provide evidence of credentials, and pay appropriate 28 fees as determined by the board.

§30-21-7c. Eligibility for licensed school psychologist independent practitioner.

- (1) Such applicants shall meet all the minimum 1 2 requirements for eligibility as a licensed school 3
 - psychologist:
- 4 (2) Complete an additional two years of board ap-5 proved supervision by a licensed school psychologist; and
- 6 (3) Pass an oral examination conducted by the board.

§30-21-7d. Eligibility for current school psychologist.

- (1) Any person who holds a current certificate of 2 advanced study and has the equivalent of three academic years experience in school psychology or any 3 4 licensed psychologist who has been approved by the state department of education on the effective date of 5 this section shall not be required to comply with the 6 7 provisions of section seven-b, article twenty-one, chapter thirty of this code. Such persons shall submit approp-8 riate documentation of credentials to the board, appli-9 cation form, and pay an application fee: Provided, That 10 such applicants pass an oral exam given by the board 11 12 of psychology.
- 13 (2) Such persons seeking eligibility as a licensed 14 school psychologist independent practitioner must meet 15 the provisions of section seven-b of this article, must have completed the equivalency of two years supervised 16 experience and shall complete an oral examination 17 before the board, submit required documentation, pay 18 appropriate fees and complete additional supervision 19 and training requirements as determined by the board. 20 Applicants seeking eligibility pursuant to this section 21 must make application on or before the first day of July, 22 one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. 23

§30-21-7e. Eligibility of doctoral applicants.

Applicants with a doctorate of philosophy degree or 1 its equivalent who apply for licensure as a school 2 psychologist must complete one year of board-approved 3 supervision or two years of such supervision if they have 4 not had an internship, pass a standardized national 5 examination in school psychology as defined in subdivi-6 sion (3), section seven-b of this article, pass an oral 7 examination given by the board, and pay appropriate 8 fees. 9

§30-21-8a. Issuance of license; renewal of license; renewal fee; display of license.

1 On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety-one and thereafter, whenever the board finds that applicants meet all of the requirements of this 3 4 article for a license to engage in the practice of school 5 psychology, it shall forthwith issue to them such 6 licenses; and otherwise the board shall deny the same. 7 The license shall be valid for a period of three years 8 from the date issued and may be renewed for a period of three years without examination upon application for 9 10 renewal on a form prescribed by the board and payment 11 to the board of a renewal fee: Provided. That the board may deny an application for renewal for any reason 12 which would justify the denial of an original application 13 for a license. The board shall prescribe the form of 14 15 licenses and each license shall be conspicuously displayed by the licensee at the licensee's principal place 16 17 of practice.

CHAPTER 132

(S. B. 508—By Senators Blatnik and Minard)

[Passed March 5, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-seven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; and to amend and reenact section eleven of said article, all relating to the board of barbers and beauticians; requirements for renting or leasing chair or booth; reporting requirements; and registration fee.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-seven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; and that section eleven of said article be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 27. BOARD OF BARBERS AND BEAUTICIANS.

§30-27-10a. Booth or chair rental; registration; fee; reporting requirements. §30-27-11. Grounds for cancellation or refusal to issue or renew license.

§30-27-10a. Booth or chair rental; registration; fee; reporting requirements.

1 All persons licensed to practice as a barber, beauti-2 cian or manicurist in this state who elects to rent or 3 lease a booth or chair from an owner or operator of any barber or beauty shop shall first register with the board 4 5 of barbers and beauticians and pay a registration fee of 6 ten dollars. When registering, the registrant shall advise 7 the board of the length of any rental or lease agreement. 8 the name of the person and barber or beauty shop from which a chair or booth is being rented or leased, and 9 10 the effective date of such rental. If a person registered with the board pursuant to this section elects to move 11 12 from one barber or beauty shop to rent or lease a chair or booth from another barber or beauty shop, he or she 13 shall again register with the board and pay a fee of two 14 15 dollars and fifty cents.

Each owner or operator of a barber or beauty shop who elects to rent or lease chairs or booths therein shall notify the board in writing of such rental within ten days of the effective date of the rental.

The board shall quarterly notify the state tax commissioner of all persons registered pursuant to this section during the previous quarter. Such notice shall be in writing and shall include the name of the persons registered, the name of the person and barber or beauty shop from whom space is being rented or leased, and the length of any such rental or lease agreement.

§30-27-11. Grounds for cancellation or refusal to issue or renew license.

The board may refuse to issue a license of registration to any applicant, or may refuse to renew, or may suspend or revoke the same for any holder thereof, for any of the following causes: (1) Conviction of the commission of a felony, as shown by a certified copy of the record of the court of conviction: (2) obtaining or

7 attempting to obtain a license to practice barbering or 8 beauty culture in this state by false pretenses, fraudu-9 lent misrepresentation, or bribery by the use of money or other consideration: (3) gross incompetency: (4) the 10 continued practice of barbering or beauty culture by a 11 person knowing himself or herself to be afflicted with 12 13 a contagious or infectious disease: (5) the use knowingly 14 of any false or deceptive statements in advertising: (6) 15 habitual drunkenness or habitual addiction to the use of 16 morphine, cocaine or other habit-forming drugs: (7) conviction for the illegal sale of any intoxicating 17 18 beverage, as shown by a certified copy of the record of 19 the court of conviction; (8) violation of any of the rules 20 and regulations prescribed by the board of health: (9) 21 violation of any of the rules and regulations prescribed 22 by the board of barbers and beauticians; or (10) violation 23 of any licensing or registration requirement of section 24 ten-a of this article.

CHAPTER 133

(S. B. 429—By Senators Wooton and Humphreys)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventeen, article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to prohibiting the private practice of law by public defenders.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seventeen, article twenty-one, chapter twentynine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21. PUBLIC DEFENDER SERVICES.

§29-21-17. Private practice of law by public defenders.

1 (a) No full-time public defender or full-time assistant

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public defender may engage in any private practice of law except as provided in this section.

- 4 (b) A board of directors may permit a newly employed full-time public defender or full-time assistant public 5 6 defender to engage in the private practice of law for 7 compensation for the sole purpose of expeditiously closing and withdrawing from existing private cases 8 from a prior private practice. In no event shall any 9 10 person employed for more than ninety days as a full-11 time public defender or full-time assistant public 12 defender be engaged in any other private practice of law 13 for compensation: Provided, That until the first day of 14 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, the 15 prohibition against the private practice of law does not 16 apply to full-time public defenders employed in Class II. 17 III or IV counties as defined by article seven, chapter 18 seven of this code.
 - (c) A board of directors may permit a full-time public defender or full-time assistant public defender to engage in private practice for compensation if the defender is acting pursuant to an appointment made under a court rule or practice of equal applicability to all attorneys in the jurisdiction and if the defender remits to the public defender corporation all compensation received.
- 26 (d) A board of directors may permit a full-time public 27 defender or full-time assistant public defender to engage 28 in uncompensated private practice of law if the public 29 defender or assistant public defender is acting:
 - (1) Pursuant to an appointment made under a court rule or practice of equal applicability to all attorneys in the jurisdiction; or
 - (2) On behalf of a close friend or family member; or
- 34 (3) On behalf of a religious, community or charitable 35 group.
 - (e) Violation of the requirements of this section is sufficient grounds for immediate summary dismissal.

CHAPTER 134

(H. B. 2979-By Delegates Murensky and P. White)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five and twenty-four, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections three and four, article twenty-nine-d, chapter sixteen of said code, all relating to the purpose, powers and duties of the finance board: the initial financial plan; plan for the following year and annual financial plans; providing for an eighteen-month initial financial plan; allowing the rating separately or together of the claims experience of active and retired employees, spouses and dependents with coverage under the public employees insurance program; removing the provision requiring health care providers agreeing to deliver services to a beneficiary of any one state health care program to provide services for beneficiaries of all state health care programs; removing the time-specific conditions for preferred provider contracts; and extending the provision prohibiting balance billing of medical bills under the public employees insurance program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five and twenty-four, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections three and four, article twenty-nine-d, chapter sixteen of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, Etc.
- 16. Public Health.

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSUR-ANCE ACT.

- §5-16-5. Purpose, powers and duties of the finance board; initial financial plan; financial plan for following year; and annual financial plans.
- §5-16-24. Rules and regulations for administration of article; eligibility of certain retired employees and dependents of deceased members for coverage; employees on medical leave of absence entitled to coverage; life insurance.

§5-16-5. Purpose, powers and duties of the finance board; initial financial plan; financial plan for following year; and annual financial plans.

- 1 (a) The purpose of the finance board created by this 2 article is to bring fiscal stability to the public employees 3 insurance agency through development of an annual
- 4 financial plan designed to meet the agency's estimated 5 total financial requirements, taking into account all
- 6 revenues projected to be made available to the agency,
- 7 and apportioning necessary costs equitably among
- 8 participating employers, employees and retired em-
- 9 ployees and providers of health care services.
- 10 (b) The finance board shall retain the services of an impartial, professional actuary, with demonstrated
- 12 experience in analysis of large group health insurance
- experience in analysis of large group health insurance
- plans, to estimate the total financial requirements of the public employees insurance agency for each fiscal year
- 15 and to review and render written professional opinions
- 16 as to financial plans proposed by the finance board. The
- 17 finance board shall also employ the actuary to develop
- 18 alternative financing options and to perform such other
- 19 services as may be requested by the finance board. All
- 20 reasonable fees and expenses for actuarial services shall
- 21 be paid by the public employees insurance agency. Any
- 22 financial plan or modifications to a financial plan
- 23 approved or proposed by the finance board pursuant to
- 24 this section shall be submitted to and reviewed by the
- 25 actuary, and may not be finally approved and submitted
- 26 to the governor and to the Legislature without the
- 27 actuary's written professional opinion that the plan may
- 28 be reasonably expected to generate sufficient revenues
- 29 to meet all estimated program and administrative costs
- 30 of the agency, excluding incurred but unreported

- claims, for the fiscal year for which the plan is proposed. The actuary's opinion on the initial plan required by subsection (d) of this section shall allow for a target of forty-five days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. The actuary's opinion on the financial plan for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two shall allow for between thirty and forty-five days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. The actuary's opinion on the financial plan for any succeeding fiscal year shall allow for no more than thirty days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. The actuary's opinion for any fiscal year shall not include a requirement for establishment of a reserve fund.
 - (c) All financial plans required by this section shall include the design of a benefit plan or plans. All financial plans shall establish:
 - (1) Maximum levels of reimbursement which the public employees insurance agency makes to categories of health care providers;
- 51 (2) Any necessary cost containment measures for 52 implementation by the director;
 - (3) The levels of premium costs to participating employers; and
 - (4) The types and levels of cost to participating employees and retired employees.

The financial plans may provide for different levels of costs based on the insureds' ability to pay. The financial plans may also include optional alternative benefit plans with alternative types and levels of cost. The finance board may develop policies which encourage the use of West Virginia health care providers.

(d) Initial plan. — The director shall convene the first meeting of the finance board no later than the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety. For presentation by the director at the first meeting, the governor shall prepare an estimate of the total amount of general and special revenues which the state has or will have available to fund the public employees

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insurance agency and its programs for the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

73 Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the 74 contrary, during any meeting authorized by subsection 75 (h) of this section to review implementation of the initial 76 financial plan in light of actual experience, the finance 77 board, in its discretion, may elect to redesign the initial 78 financial plan so that revenues generated will meet all 79 incurred and projected program and administrative 80 costs of the public employees insurance agency by the 81 end of the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of June. 82 one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, rather than by 83 the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 84 ninety-one. Before implementing any such modifica-85 tions, the finance board shall obtain a written profes-86 sional opinion from its actuary stating that the modified 87 plan may be reasonably expected to generate sufficient revenues to meet all estimated program and administra-88 89 tive costs of the public employees insurance agency for 90 the remainder of fiscal year one thousand nine hundred 91 ninety-one and for fiscal year one thousand nine 92 hundred ninety-two, allowing for between thirty and 93 forty-five days of accounts payable to be carried over 94 into fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three. 95 The finance board shall also afford interested and affected persons an opportunity to offer comment on the 96 modified plan at a public meeting of the finance board. 97 Regardless of whether or not the finance board modifies 98 the initial financial plan as authorized by this subsec-99 100 tion, the finance board shall prepare a financial plan for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two in 101 accordance with subsection (e) of this section. 102

The finance board shall prepare, no later than the tenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, a proposed financial plan designed to generate revenues sufficient to meet all program and administrative costs of the public employees insurance agency which have already been incurred but are unpaid, or which the actuary estimates will be incurred and paid during the remainder of fiscal year one thousand nine

hundred ninety-one, excluding incurred but unreported claims. The finance board shall establish in the proposed financial plan a target of forty-five days of accounts payable which may be carried over into the next fiscal vear.

The finance board shall request its actuary to review the proposed financial plan and to render a written professional opinion stating whether the plan may be reasonably expected to generate sufficient revenues to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the public employees insurance agency for the fiscal year. The actuary's report shall explain the basis of his or her opinion. If the actuary concludes that the proposed financial plan will not generate sufficient revenues to meet all anticipated costs, then the finance board shall make necessary modifications to the proposed plan to ensure that all actuarially-determined financial requirements of the agency will be met.

Upon obtaining the actuary's opinion and making all necessary modifications to the proposed plan, the finance board shall conduct two or more public hearings to receive public comment on the proposed financial plan, shall review such comments, and shall finalize and approve the financial plan no later than the twentieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety. Employees shall be notified of any changes in the types and levels of employee costs or benefits contained in the financial plan at least thirty days prior to the date of implementation of the financial plan.

The finance board shall submit to the governor and to the Legislature the final, approved financial plan no later than the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety. The financial plan shall become effective and shall be implemented by the director on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

(e) Plan for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. — No later than the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the governor shall prepare and provide to the finance board an estimate of the total amount of general and special revenues

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which the state will have available to fund the public employees insurance agency and its programs for the fiscal year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. The finance board shall request its actuary to estimate the total financial requirements of the public employees insurance agency for the fiscal year.

The finance board shall prepare a proposed financial plan designed to generate revenues sufficient to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the public employees insurance agency for the fiscal year. The proposed financial plan shall allow for between thirty and forty-five days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. Before final adoption of the proposed financial plan, the finance board shall request its actuary to review the plan and to render a written professional opinion stating whether the plan will generate sufficient revenues to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the public employees insurance agency for the fiscal year. The actuary's report shall explain the basis of its opinion. If the actuary concludes that the proposed financial plan will not generate sufficient revenues to meet all anticipated costs, then the finance board shall make necessary modifications to the proposed plan to ensure that all actuarially-determined financial requirements of the agency will be met.

Upon obtaining the actuary's opinion, the finance board shall conduct one or more public hearings in each congressional district to receive public comment on the proposed financial plan, shall review such comments, and shall finalize and approve the financial plan.

The finance board shall submit to the governor and to the Legislature its final, approved financial plan for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, together with the actuary's final written opinion, no later than the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. The financial plan shall become effective and shall be implemented by the director on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

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- 193 (f) Annual plans. — The finance board shall prepare. 194 in the manner provided in subsection (e) of this section. an annual financial plan for fiscal year one thousand 195 nine hundred ninety-three and each fiscal year thereaf-196 197 ter during which the finance board remains in exist-198 ence. Any such financial plan shall be designed to allow 199 thirty days or less of accounts payable to be carried over 200 into the next fiscal year. For each such fiscal year, the 201 governor shall provide his estimate of total revenues to 202 the finance board no later than the first day of July of 203 the preceding fiscal year. The finance board shall submit its final, approved financial plan, after obtaining 204 the necessary actuary's opinion and conducting one or 205 more public hearings in each congressional district, to 206 207 the governor and to the Legislature no later than the 208 first day of January preceding the fiscal year. The financial plan for a fiscal year shall become effective 209 210 and shall be implemented by the director on the first 211 day of July of such fiscal year.
- 212 (g) The provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this 213 code shall not apply to the preparation, approval and 214 implementation of the financial plans required by this 215 section.
 - (h) The finance board shall meet on at least a quarterly basis to review implementation of its current financial plan in light of the actual experience of the public employees insurance agency. The board shall review actual costs incurred, any revised cost estimates provided by the actuary, expenditures, and any other factors affecting the fiscal stability of the plan, and may make any additional modifications to the plan necessary to ensure that the total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal year are met. The financial board may not increase the types and levels of cost to employees during its quarterly review except in the event of a true emergency.
 - (i) For any fiscal year in which legislative appropriations differ from the governor's estimate of general and special revenues available to the agency, the finance board shall, within thirty days after passage of the

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budget bill, make any modifications to the plan necessary to ensure that the total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal year are met.

- (j) The types and levels of costs to employers, employees and retired employees participating in public employees insurance agency group insurance plans which are currently in effect on the effective date of this article are hereby authorized. The types and levels of costs to employees participating in public employees insurance agency group insurance plans which are currently in effect on the effective date of this article shall remain in effect unless and until changed or authorized to be changed by the finance board in a financial plan prepared and approved in accordance with this section.
- §5-16-24. Rules and regulations for administration of article; eligibility of certain retired employees and dependents of deceased members for coverage; employees on medical leave of absence entitled to coverage; life insurance.

The director shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be required for the effective administration of the provisions of this article. Except as specifically provided in subsection (e), section four of this article, all rules and regulations of the public employees insurance agency and all hearings held by the public employees insurance agency shall be exempt from the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Any rules and regulations now in existence promulgated by the public employees insurance board or director shall remain in full force and effect until they are amended or replaced by the director.

Such regulations shall provide that any employee of the state who has been compelled or required by law to retire before reaching the age of sixty-five years shall be eligible to participate in the public employees' health insurance program at his own expense for the cost of coverage after any extended coverage to which he, his spouse and dependents may be entitled by virtue of his $\frac{20}{21}$

accrued annual leave or sick leave, pursuant to the provisions of section thirteen of this article, has expired. Any employee who voluntarily retires, as provided by law, shall be eligible to participate in the public employees' health insurance program at his own expense for the cost of coverage after any extended coverage to which he, his spouse and dependents may be entitled by virtue of his accrued annual leave or sick leave. pursuant to the provisions of section thirteen of this article, has expired. The dependents of any deceased retired employee shall be entitled to continue their participation and coverage upon payment of the total cost for such coverage. In establishing the cost of health insurance coverage for retired employees and their spouses and dependents, the finance board, in its discretion, may cause the claims experience of such retired employees and their spouses and dependents to be rated separately from that of active employees and their spouses and dependents, or may cause the claims experience of retired and active employees, and their spouses and dependents, to be rated together.

Any employee who is on a medical leave of absence, approved by his employer, shall, subject to the following provisions of this paragraph, be entitled to continue his coverage until he returns to his employment, and such employee and employer shall continue to pay their proportionate share of premium costs as provided by this article: Provided, That the employer shall be obligated to pay its proportionate share of the premium cost only for a period of one year: Provided, however, That during the period of such leave of absence, the employee shall, at least once each month, submit to the employer the statement of a qualified physician certifying that the employee is unable to return to work.

Any retiree, retiring heretofore or hereafter, shall be eligible to participate in the public employees' life insurance program, including the optional life insurance coverage as already available to active employees under this article, at his own expense for the cost of coverage, based upon actuarial experience; and the director shall prepare, by rule and regulation, for such participation

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and coverages under declining term insurance and optional additional coverage for such retirees.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

ARTICLE 29D. STATE HEALTH CARE.

§16-29D-3. Agencies to cooperate and to provide plan; contents of plan; reports to Legislature; late payments by state agencies and interest thereon.

§16-29D-4. Prohibition on balance billing; exceptions.

*§16-29D-3. Agencies to cooperate and to provide plan; contents of plan; reports to Legislature; late payments by state agencies and interest thereon.

- 1 (a) All departments and divisions of the state, 2 including, but not limited to, the bureau of employment programs, the division of health and the division of 3 4 human services within the department of health and human resources; the public employees insurance 5 agency within the department of administration: the 6 7 division of rehabilitation services or such other department or division as shall supervise or provide rehabil-8 itation; and the university of West Virginia board of 9 trustees, as the governing board for the state's medical 10 schools, are authorized and directed to cooperate in 11 12 order, among other things, to ensure the quality of the health care services delivered to the beneficiaries of 13 such departments and divisions and to ensure the 14 15 containment of costs in the payment for such services.
 - (b) It is expressly recognized that no other entity may interfere with the discretion and judgment given to the single state agency which administers the state's medicaid program. Thus, it is the intention of the Legislature that nothing contained in this article shall be interpreted, construed, or applied to interfere with the powers and actions of the single state agency which, in keeping with applicable federal law, shall administer the state's medicaid program as it perceives to be in the best interest of that program and its beneficiaries.
- 26 (c) Such departments and divisions shall develop a

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 132 (Chapter 16), which passed prior to this act.

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- 27 plan or plans to ensure that a reasonable and appro-28 priate level of health care is provided to the beneficiaries of the various programs including the public 29 30 employees insurance agency and the workers' compensation fund, the division of rehabilitation services and, 31 32 to the extent permissible, the state medicaid program. 33 The plan or plans may include, among other things, and 34 the departments and divisions are hereby authorized to 35 enter into:
 - (1) Utilization review and quality assurance programs:
 - (2) The establishment of a schedule or schedules of the maximum reasonable amounts to be paid to health care providers for the delivery of health care services covered by the plan or plans. Such a schedule or schedules may be either prospective in nature or cost reimbursement in nature, or a mixture of both: Provided. That any payment methods or schedules for institutions which provide inpatient care shall be institution-specific and shall, at a minimum, take into account a disproportionate share of medicaid, charity care and medical education: Provided, however, That in no event may any rate set in this article for an institutional health care provider be greater than such institution's current rate established and approved by the health care cost review authority pursuant to article twenty-nine-b of this chapter:
 - (3) Provisions for making payments in advance of the receipt of health care services by a beneficiary, or in advance of the receipt of specific charges for such services, or both:
 - (4) Provisions for the receipt or payment of charges by electronic transfers;
- 60 (5) Arrangements, including contracts, with preferred provider organizations; and
 - (6) Arrangements, including contracts, with particular health care providers to deliver health care services to the beneficiaries of the programs of the departments and divisions at agreed upon rates in exchange for

66 controlled access to the beneficiary populations.

- (d) The director of the public employees insurance agency shall contract with an independent actuarial company for a review every four years of the claims experience of all governmental entities whose employees participate in the public employees insurance agency program, including, but not limited to, all branches of state government, all state departments or agencies (including those receiving funds from the federal government or a federal agency), all county and municipal governments, or any other similar entities for the purpose of determining the cost of providing coverage under the program, including administrative cost, to each such governmental entity.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to give or reserve to the Legislature any further or greater power or jurisdiction over the operations or programs of the various departments and divisions affected by this article than that already possessed by the Legislature in the absence of this article.
- (f) For the purchase of health care or health care services by a health care provider participating in a plan under this section on or after the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, by the public employees insurance agency, the division of rehabilitation services and the division of workers' compensation, a state check shall be issued in payment thereof within sixty-five days after a legitimate uncontested invoice is actually received by such division or agency. Any state check issued after sixty-five days shall include interest at the current rate, as determined by the state tax commissioner under the provisions of section seventeen-a, article ten, chapter eleven of this code, which interest shall be calculated from the sixtysixth day after such invoice was actually received by the division or agency until the date on which the state check is mailed to the vendor.

§16-29D-4. Prohibition on balance billing; exceptions.

1 (a) Except in instances involving the delivery of health care services immediately needed to resolve an immi-

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- nent life-threatening medical or surgical emergency, the agreement by a health care provider to deliver services to a beneficiary of any department or division of the state which participates in a plan or plans developed under section three of this article shall be considered to also include an agreement by that health care provider:
 - (1) To accept the assignment by the beneficiary of any rights the beneficiary may have to bill such division or department for, and to receive payment under such plan or plans on account of, such services; and
 - (2) To accept as payment in full for the delivery of such services the amount specified in plan or plans or as determined by the plan or plans. In such instances, the health care provider shall bill the division or department, or such other person specified in the plan or plans, directly for the services. The health care provider shall not bill the beneficiary or any other person on behalf of the beneficiary and, except for deductibles or other payments specified in the applicable plan or plans, the beneficiary shall not be personally liable for any of the charges, including any balance claimed by the provider to be owed as being the difference between that provider's charge or charges and the amount payable by the applicable department or divisions. The plan or plans may specify what sums are deductibles, copayments or are otherwise payable by the beneficiary and the sums for which the health care provider may bill the beneficiary: In addition, any health care service which is not subject to payment by the plan or plans shall be the responsibility of the beneficiary and for those health care services which are not covered by the plans, there shall be no prohibition against billing the beneficiary directly.
 - (b) The prohibitions and limitations stated in subsection (a) of this section do not apply to the delivery of health care services immediately needed to resolve an imminent life-threatening medical or surgical emergency. However, once the patient is stabilized, then the delivery of any further health care services shall be subject to subsection (a) of this section for those latter services only.

44 (c) The exceptions provided in this section for the 45 delivery of health care services immediately needed to 46 resolve an imminent life-threatening medical or surgical emergency shall not apply to health care providers 47 48 under contract with a department or division plan or 49 plans.

CHAPTER 135

(S. B. 622—By Senators Tomblin, Blatnik, Brackenrich, Chernenko, Craigo, Hawse, Jones, Lucht, J. Manchin, M. Manchin, Sharpe, Spears, Wagner, Whitlow, Withers and Boley)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-a, relating to the state board of investments; enacting the debt management act of 1991; legislative findings and declaration of public necessity; creating the division of debt management; director of division; definitions: debt information reporting by state spending units; powers and duties for the division; and authorizing the promulgation of legislative rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6A. THE DEBT MANAGEMENT ACT.

§12-6A-1. Short title.

§12-6A-2. Legislative findings and declaration of public necessity.

§12-6A-3. Division of debt management created; director.

\$12-6A-4. Definitions.

\$12-6A-5. Powers and duties. \$12-6A-6. Debt information reporting.

§12-6A-7. Promulgation of rules.

Short title. §12-6A-1.

- This article shall be known and may be cited as "The 1
- Debt Management Act of 1991". 2

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§12-6A-2. Legislative findings and declaration of public necessity.

- 1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that 2 efficient and effective state government requires the 3 designation of an authority having responsibility for procuring, maintaining and reporting pertinent infor-4 5 mation relating to the debt of the state and its agencies. 6 boards, commissions and authorities. In addition to 7 other duties and powers delegated to the state board of 8 investments by this article, the board shall perform the 9 functions and duties necessary to enable it to serve as a central information source concerning the incurrence, 10 11 recording and reporting of debt issued by the state, its 12 agencies, boards, commissions and authorities.
- 13 (b) The Legislature hereby finds:
 - (1) The credit rating and acceptance of bonds, notes, certificates of participation and other securities and indebtedness of the state and its spending units have been unstable as a result of the instability in traditional national and international markets of goods and services produced by the citizens of the state.
- 20 (2) In order to finance essential capital projects for the 21 benefit of the citizens of the state at the lowest possible 22 cost, the state must maintain high levels of acceptance 23 of the indebtedness of the state and its spending units 24 in the financial markets.
- 25 (3) In order to attain these goals, authorization of state 26 debt must be based on the ability of the state to meet 27 its total debt service requirements, in light of other uses 28 of its fiscal resources.
- 29 (c) The Legislature hereby further finds that the 30 public policies and responsibilities of the state as set 31 forth in this article cannot be fully attained without the 32 creation of a state division of debt management.

§12-6A-3. Division of debt management created; director.

- There is hereby created within the office of the state board of investments, the division of debt management.
- 3 The division shall be under the control of a director

- 4 to be appointed by the board and who shall be qualified
- 5 by reason of exceptional training and experience in the
- 6 field of activities of his respective division and shall
- 7 serve at the will and pleasure of the board.

§12-6A-4. Definitions.

- 1 For the purpose of this article:
- 2 "Debt" means bonds, notes, certificates of participa-
- 3 tion, certificate transactions, capital leases and all other
- 4 forms of securities and indebtedness.
- 5 "Division" means the division of debt management.
- 6 "State" means the state of West Virginia.
- 7 "Spending unit" means any of the state's agencies,
- 8 boards, commissions, committees, authorities or other of
- 9 its entities with the power to issue debt and secure such
- 10 debt, and not including local political subdivisions of the
- 11 state.

§12-6A-5. Powers and duties.

- 1 The division of debt management shall perform the
- 2 following functions and duties:
- 3 (1) Develop a long-term debt plan including criteria
- 4 for the issuance of debt by the state and its spending
- 5 units and the continuous evaluation of the current and
- 6 projected debt of the state and its spending units.
- 7 (2) Evaluate cash flow projections relative to proposed and existing revenue bond issues.
- 9 (3) Act as liaison with the Legislature on all debt
- 10 matters, including, but not limited to, new debt issues
- 11 and the status of debt issued by the state and its
- 12 spending units.
- 13 (4) Assist the state and its spending units regarding
- 14 the issuance of debt if requested.
- 15 (5) Establish reporting requirements for the issuance
- 16 of debt by the state and its spending units pursuant to
- 17 the provisions of this article.
- 18 (6) Make and execute contracts and other instruments

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- and pay the reasonable value of services or commodities rendered to the division pursuant to those contracts.
- 21 (7) Contract, cooperate or join with any one or more 22 other governments or public agencies, or with any 23 political subdivision of the state, or with the United 24 States, to perform any administrative service, activity 25 or undertaking which any such contracting party is 26 authorized by law to perform and to charge for
- 28 (8) Do all things necessary or convenient to effectuate 29 the intent of this article and to carry out its powers and 30 functions.

providing such services and expend any fees collected.

§12-6A-6. Debt information reporting.

- 1 (1) Within fifteen days following the end of each 2 calendar quarter, each state spending unit shall provide 3 the division and the legislative auditor, in the manner 4 provided by this article and in such form and detail as 5 the state board of investments may by regulation 6 require, a statement of the total debt of each such state 7 spending unit incurred during the calendar quarter and 8 owing at the end of such calendar quarter, which 9 statement shall include, but not be limited to, the name 10 of the state spending unit, the amounts and types of debt 11 incurred during the calendar quarter and outstanding 12 at the end of the calendar quarter, the cost and expenses 13 of incurring the debt, the maturity date of each debt, the terms and conditions of the debt, the current debt 14 15 service on the debt, the current interest rate on the debt, the source of the proceeds utilized for repayment of the 16 17 debt, the amounts of repayment during the calendar quarter, the repayment schedule and the security for the 18 19 debt.
 - (2) Not less than fifteen days prior to a proposed offering of debt to be issued by a state spending unit, written notice of such proposed offering and the terms thereof shall be given to the division by such state spending unit in such form as the division may by regulation require.
 - (3) Within thirty days following the end of each

- 27 calendar quarter and on an annual basis the state board
- 28 of investments shall prepare and issue a report of all
- 29 debt of the state and its spending units and of all
- 30 proposed debt issuances of which the board has received
- 31 notice and shall furnish a copy of such report to the
- 32 governor, the president of the Senate, the speaker of the
- 33 House of Delegates, the legislative auditor and upon
- 34 request to any legislative committee and any member
- 35 of the Legislature and such report shall be kept
- 36 available for inspection by any citizen of the state.

§12-6A-7. Promulgation of rules.

- 1 The division of debt management shall promulgate
- 2 rules relating to reporting requirements and its duties
- 3 under this article and the rules shall be promulgated in
- 4 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter
- 5 twenty-nine-a of this code.

CHAPTER 136

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2473—By Delegates Rutledge and Carper)

[Passed February 26, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four hundred two, article four, chapter thirty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to securities and adding the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation/National Market System (NASDAQ/NMS) to the listings exempt from certain provisions of the uniform securities act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four hundred two, article four, chapter thirty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§32-4-402. Exemptions.

- 1 (a) The following securities are exempt from sections 2 301 and 403:
 - (1) Any security (including a revenue obligation) issued or guaranteed by the United States, any state, any political subdivision of a state, or any agency or corporate or other instrumentality of one or more of the foregoing; or any certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing;
- (2) Any security issued or guaranteed by Canada, any Canadian province, any political subdivision of any such province, any agency or corporate or other instrumen-tality of one or more of the foregoing, or any other foreign government with which the United States currently maintains diplomatic relations, if the security is recognized as a valid obligation by the issuer or guarantor;
 - (3) Any security issued by and representing an interest in or a debt of, or guaranteed by, any bank organized under the laws of the United States, or any bank, savings institution or trust company organized and supervised under the laws of any state;
 - (4) Any security issued by and representing an interest in or a debt of, or guaranteed by, any federal savings and loan association, or any building and loan or similar association organized under the laws of any state and authorized to do business in this state;
 - (5) Any security issued by and representing an interest in or a debt of, or guaranteed by, any insurance company organized under the laws of any state and authorized to do business in this state;
 - (6) Any security issued or guaranteed by any federal credit union or any credit union, industrial loan association or similar association organized and supervised under the laws of this state;
 - (7) Any security issued or guaranteed by any railroad, other common carrier, public utility or holding company which is (A) subject to the jurisdiction of the interstate commerce commission; (B) a registered holding company under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of

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- 1935 or a subsidiary of such a company within the meaning of that act; (C) regulated in respect of its rates and charges by a governmental authority of the United States or any state; or (D) regulated in respect of the issuance or guarantee of the security by a governmental authority of the United States, any state, Canada, or any Canadian province:
 - (8) Any security listed or approved for listing upon notice of issuance on the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, or the Midwest Stock Exchange, any other stock exchange approved by the commissioner, the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation/National Market System (NASDAQ/NMS), or any other market system approved by the commissioner, any other security of the same issuer which is of senior or substantially equal rank, any security called for by subscription rights or warrants so listed or approved, or any warrant or right to purchase or subscribe to any of the foregoing, except that the commissioner may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code which, after notice to such exchange or market system and an opportunity to be heard, remove any such exchange or market system from this exemption if the commissioner finds that the listing requirements or market surveillance of such exchange or market system are such that the continued availability of such exemption for such exchange or market system is not in the public interest and that removal is necessary for the protection of investors;
 - (9) Any security issued by any person organized and operated not for private profit but exclusively for religious, educational, benevolent, charitable, fraternal, social, athletic or reformatory purposes, or as a chamber of commerce or trade or professional association, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any person, private stockholder or individual;
 - (10) Any commercial paper which arises out of a current transaction or the proceeds of which have been or are to be used for current transactions, and which evidences an obligation to pay cash within twelve

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- months of the date of issuance, exclusive of days of grace, or any renewal of such paper which is likewise limited, or any guarantee of such paper or of any such renewal;
- 85 (11) Any investment contract issued in connection 86 with an employees' stock purchase, savings, pension, 87 profit-sharing or similar benefit plan if the commis-88 sioner is notified in writing thirty days before the 89 inception of the plan or, with respect to plans which are 90 in effect on the effective date of this chapter, within 91 sixty days thereafter (or within thirty days before they 92 are reopened if they are closed on the effective date of 93 this chapter); and
 - (12) Any security issued by an agricultural cooperative association operating in this state and organized under article four, chapter nineteen of this code, or by a foreign cooperative association organized under the laws of another state and duly qualified to transact business in this state.
- 100 (b) The following transactions are exempt from 101 sections 301 and 403:
- 102 (1) Any isolated nonissuer transaction, whether 103 effected through a broker-dealer or not;
 - (2) Any nonissuer distribution of an outstanding security if (A) a recognized securities manual contains the names of the issuer's officers and directors, a balance sheet of the issuer as of a date within eighteen months, and a profit and loss statement for either the fiscal year preceding that date or the most recent year of operations, or (B) the security has a fixed maturity or a fixed interest or dividend provision and there has been no default during the current fiscal year or within the three preceding fiscal years, or during the existence of the issuer and any predecessors if less than three years, in the payment of principal, interest or dividends on the security;
- 117 (3) Any nonissuer transaction effected by or through 118 a registered broker-dealer pursuant to an unsolicited 119 order or offer to buy; but the commissioner may by rule

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- require that the customer acknowledge upon a specified form that the sale was unsolicited, and that a signed copy of each such form be preserved by the brokerdealer for a specified period;
- 124 (4) Any transaction between the issuer or other person 125 on whose behalf the offering is made and an under-126 writer, or among underwriters;
- 127 (5) Any transaction in a bond or other evidence of 128 indebtedness secured by a real or chattel mortgage or 129 deed of trust, or by an agreement for the sale of real 130 estate or chattels, if the entire mortgage, deed of trust, or agreement, together with all the bonds or other 132 evidences of indebtedness secured thereby, is offered 133 and sold as a unit:
- 134 (6) Any transaction by an executor, administrator, 135 sheriff, marshal, constable, receiver, trustee in bank-136 ruptcy, guardian or conservator, and any transaction 137 constituting a judicial sale;
- 138 (7) Any transaction executed by a bona fide pledgee 139 without any purpose of evading this chapter;
 - (8) Any offer or sale to a bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer, or to a broker-dealer, whether the purchaser is acting for itself or in some fiduciary capacity;
- 147 (9) Any transaction pursuant to an offer directed by 148 the offeror to not more than ten persons (other than those designated in subdivision (8)) in this state during 149 any period of twelve consecutive months, whether or not 150 the offeror or any of the offerees is then present in this 151 state, if (A) the seller reasonably believes that all the 152 buyers in this state (other than those designated in 153 subdivision (8)) are purchasing for investment, and (B) 154 no commission or other remuneration is paid or given 155 directly or indirectly for soliciting any prospective 156 buyer in this state (other than those designated in 157 subdivision (8)); but the commissioner may by rule or 158

- order, as to any security or transaction or any type of security or transaction, withdraw or further condition this exemption, or increase or decrease the number of offerees permitted, or waive the conditions in clauses (A) and (B) with or without the substitution of a limitation on remuneration:
- 165 (10) Any offer or sale of a preorganization certificate
 166 or subscription if (A) no commission or other remuner167 ation is paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting
 168 any prospective subscriber, (B) the number of subscrib169 ers does not exceed ten, and (C) no payment is made by
 170 any subscriber;
 - (11) Any transaction pursuant to an offer to existing security holders of the issuer, including persons who at the time of the transaction are holders of convertible securities, nontransferable warrants or transferable warrants exercisable within not more than ninety days of their issuance, if (A) no commission or other remuneration (other than a standby commission) is paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting any security holder in this state, or (B) the issuer first files a notice specifying the terms of the offer and the commissioner does not by order disallow the exemption within the next five full business days;
 - (12) Any offer (but not a sale) of a security for which registration statements have been filed under both this chapter and the Securities Act of 1933 if no stop order or refusal order is in effect and no public proceeding or examination looking toward such an order is pending under either chapter.
 - (c) The commissioner may by order deny or revoke any exemption specified in subdivision (9) or (11) of subsection (a) or in subsection (b) with respect to a specific security or transaction. No such order may be entered without appropriate prior notice to all interested parties, opportunity for hearing, and written findings of fact and conclusions of law, except that the commissioner may by order summarily deny or revoke any of the specified exemptions pending final determination of any proceeding under this subsection. Upon

199 the entry of a summary order, the commissioner shall 200 promptly notify all interested parties that it has been 201 entered and of the reasons therefor and that within 202 fifteen days of the receipt of a written request the matter will be set down for hearing. If no hearing is 203 204 requested and none is ordered by the commissioner, the 205 order will remain in effect until it is modified or vacated 206 by the commissioner. If a hearing is requested or 207 ordered, the commissioner, after notice of and opportun-208 ity for hearing to all interested persons, may modify or 209 vacate the order or extend it until final determination. No order under this subsection may operate retroac-210 tively. No person may be considered to have violated 211 212 section 301 or 403 by reasons of any offer or sale effected 213 after the entry of an order under this subsection if he sustains the burden of proof that he did not know, and 214 215 in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known. 216 of the order.

217 (d) In any proceeding under this chapter, the burden 218 of proving an exemption or an exception from a 219 definition is upon the person claiming it.

CHAPTER 137

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 471—By Senators Jones and Heck)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section four, article sixteen-b, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal article sixteen-c of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, five, six and seven, article sixteen-b of said chapter; and to further amend said article by adding thereto eight new sections, designated sections fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one and twenty-two, all relating to reorganizing and combining the public port authority and the wayport authority; providing for continuation of public port authority; establishing board of directors, members thereof, officers, qualifications, terms, oath, compensa-

tion, quorum and delegation of power; authorizing executive director, appointment, powers and duties, compensation; providing definitions; establishing powers and duties of authority; reestablishing special West Virginia public port authority operations fund and combining with wayport fund; authorizing and providing for port revenue bonds generally; providing for public port revenue bond trust agreements; authorizing tolls, rents, fees, charges and revenues; providing funds to be trust funds; providing remedies; providing exemption from taxation; providing for preliminary expenses of authority; authorizing and providing for public port revenue refunding bonds generally; and repealing wayport authority statutes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article sixteen-b, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that article sixteen-c of said chapter be repealed; that sections one, two, three, five, six and seven, article sixteen-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto eight new sections, designated sections fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one and twenty-two, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16B. PUBLIC PORT AUTHORITY.

§17-16B-1. Creation of authority. §17-16B-2. Board of directors — Members, officers, qualifications, terms, oath, compensation, quorum and delegation of power. Executive director; appointment; powers and duties; compen-§17-16B-3. sation. Definitions. §17-16B-5. Powers and duties of authority. §17-16B-6. Special West Virginia public port authority operations fund. §17-16B-7. §17-16B-15. Port revenue bonds — Generally. §17-16B-16. Public port revenue bonds — Trust agreements. Tolls, rents, fees, charges and revenues. §17-16B-17. §17-16B-18. Trust funds. §17-16B-19. Remedies. §17-16B-20. Exemption from taxes.

§17-16B-1. Creation of authority.

\$17-16B-22. Public port revenue refunding bonds — Generally.

§17-16B-21. Preliminary expenses.

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1 The West Virginia public port authority is hereby

2 continued and shall be under the supervision of the

3 secretary of the department of transportation pursuant

4 to the provisions of chapter five-f of this code.

§17-16B-2. Board of directors — Members, officers, qualifications, terms, oath, compensation, quorum and delegation of power.

1 (a) The governing and administrative powers of the 2 authority shall be vested in a board of directors 3 consisting of eleven members, including the transporta-4 tion secretary, or his or her designee, who shall serve as the chairman of the public port authority, and ten 5 6 individuals who shall be appointed by the governor with 7 the advice and consent of the Senate: Provided. That no 8 more than six members shall be members of the same political party. 9

All directors of the authority shall be residents of the state of West Virginia.

12 The directors shall annually elect one of their members as vice chairman. The directors shall appoint 13 a person to serve as secretary and as treasurer. The 14 15 person appointed as treasurer shall give a bond for the faithful performance of his or her duties as custodian 16 17 of all funds, securities and other investments of the authority in an amount set by the board. The board may 18 19 elect such other officers from its membership or from its staff as it deems proper, and prescribe their powers 20 and duties. Appointments to fill a vacancy of one of the 21 appointed members shall be made in the same manner 22 as the original appointment. 23

(b) All appointed members of the board shall be from the private sector, with one member of the board from each congressional district of the state as of the effective date of this article, and shall represent the public interest generally. At least two members shall be appointed that have recognized ability and practical experience in transportation. At least two members may be appointed that have recognized ability and practical experience in banking and finance. At least one member may be appointed that has recognized ability and

practical experience in international trade. At least one member may be appointed that has recognized ability and practical experience in business management, economics or accounting. Two members shall be appointed to represent the public at large.

One ex officio member of the board shall be the secretary of the department of commerce, labor and environmental resources or his or her designee.

One ex officio member of the board shall be the director of the governor's office of community and industrial development or his or her designee.

- (c) Any member of the board of directors of the public port authority, appointed pursuant to the provisions of this section prior to amendment thereto, and any member of the board of directors of the wayport authority, appointed under the provisions of section two, article sixteen-c of this chapter, prior to repeal of that section, and confirmed by the Senate of West Virginia, and serving in such capacity on the effective date of amendment to this section, shall serve as a member of the board of directors of the public port authority for the duration of the appointed term. Thereafter, their respective successors shall be appointed for terms of three years. Each member shall serve until a successor is appointed and qualified.
- (d) Each director, before entering upon the duties of the board, shall take and subscribe to the oath or affirmation required by the West Virginia constitution. A record of each such oath or affirmation shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.
- (e) Members of the board shall not be entitled to compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed for all necessary expenses actually incurred in connection with the performance of their duties as members.
- (f) Six members of the board shall constitute a quorum and the affirmative vote of the majority of members present at a meeting of the board shall be necessary and sufficient for any action taken by the board, except that the affirmative vote of at least six

- 73 members is required for the approval of any resolution 74 authorizing the issuance of any bonds pursuant to this 75 article.
- 76 (g) No vacancy in the membership of the board 77 impairs the right of a quorum to exercise all rights and 78 perform all duties of the board. Any action taken by the board may be authorized by resolution at any regular 79 80 or special meeting and shall take effect upon the date 81 the chairman certifies the action of the authority by 82 affixing his or her signature to the resolution unless 83 some other date is otherwise provided in the resolution.
- 84 (h) The board may delegate to one or more of its 85 members or to its officials, agents or employees such 86 powers and duties as it may deem proper.

§17-16B-3. Executive director; appointment; powers and duties; compensation.

- 1 (a) The board of directors shall appoint an executive 2 director of the authority.
- 3 (b) The executive director shall be paid a salary to be determined by the board of directors. The executive 4 5 director shall be responsible for managing and admin-6 istering the daily functions of the authority and for performing any and all other functions necessary or 7 helpful for the effective functioning of the authority, 8 together with all other functions and powers as may be 9 delegated to him by the board. The executive director 10 may, with the authorization of the board of directors, 11 employ support staff as deemed necessary to carry out 12 the duties and responsibilities of the authority. 13
- 14 (c) The chairman of the board shall serve as tempor-15 ary director of the authority until appointment of the 16 executive director pursuant to this section.

§17-16B-5. Definitions.

- As used in this article, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context shall indicate another or different meaning or intent:
- 4 (a) The word "authority" means the West Virginia 5 public port authority as created and continued by

- 6 section one of this article.
- 7 (b) The words "operation fund" mean the special West
- 8 Virginia public port authority operation fund as created
- 9 by section seven of this article.
- 10 (c) The words "port" or "public port" mean ports,
- 11 airports, wayports, terminals, buildings, roadways,
- 12 rights-of-way, rails, rail lines, facilities for rail, water,
- 13 highway or air transportation, and such structures,
- 14 equipment, facilities or improvements as are necessary
- 15 or incident thereto.
- 16 (d) The word "wayport" means an airport used
- primarily as a location at which passengers and cargo
- 18 may be transferred between connecting flights of air
- 19 carriers engaged in air commerce; but also allows
- 20 passengers to initiate and terminate flights, and
- 21 shipments of cargo to originate and terminate at said
- 22 airport or similar type facility.
- 23 (e) The words "public port development" or "public
- 24 port project" mean any activities which are undertaken
- 25 with respect to public ports.

§17-16B-6. Powers and duties of authority.

- 1 (a) The authority is granted the following powers and 2 duties:
- 3 (1) The authority shall initiate meetings with political
- 4 subdivisions of the state to assess specific transportation
- 5 needs and shall determine the needs of the state as a
- 6 whole in terms of transportation, as well as consider
- 7 feasibility studies for the purpose of determining the
- 8 best site locations for transportation centers, terminals,
- 9 ports and harbors and foreign trade zones.
- 10 The authority shall give first consideration to selected
- high priority opportunities as set forth in the document
- 12 entitled "Development of an Inland Port Authority", as
- 13 submitted to the governor's office of community and
- 14 industrial development on the second day of March, one
- 15 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.
- 16 (2) On or before the first day of December, one
- 17 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the authority shall

- prepare and file a comprehensive report with the governor and the Legislature setting forth the overall strategic plan both short term and long term for accomplishing the purposes set forth in this article.
 - (3) The public port authority shall coordinate with the West Virginia parkways, economic development and tourism authority or other parkways authority, established pursuant to article sixteen-a, chapter seventeen of this code, in the exercise of its powers and duties hereunder and development of appropriate intermodal transportation within the state.
- 29 (b) The authority has the following additional powers 30 and duties:
 - (1) The powers of a body corporate, including the power to sue and be sued, to make contracts, and to adopt and use a common seal and to alter the same as may be deemed expedient;
 - (2) Acquire, purchase, install, lease, construct, own, hold, operate, maintain, equip, use and control ports, as defined herein, and such terminals, buildings, roadways, rights-of-way, rails and such structures, equipment, facilities or improvements as are necessary or incident to carry out the provisions of this article, and in connection therewith shall have the further right to lease, install, construct, acquire, own, maintain, control and use any and every kind or character of motive powers and conveyances or appliances necessary or proper to carry goods, wares and merchandise over, along, upon or through the railway, highway, waterway or airway or other conveyance of such transportation system, excluding pipelines;
 - (3) To apply for and accept loans, grants or gifts of money, property or service from any federal agency or the state of West Virginia or any political subdivision thereof or from any public or private sources available for any and all of the purposes authorized in this article, or imposed thereon by any such federal agency, the state of West Virginia, or any political subdivision thereof, or any public or private lender or donor, and to give such evidences of indebtedness as may be required;

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- 58 (4) To act as agent for the United States of America, 59 or any agency, department, corporation or instrumental-60 ity thereof, in any manner coming within the purposes 61 or powers of the board;
 - (5) To initiate preservation of railroad, waterway, highway and airway facilities, to promote economic development and tourism of a specific nature in this state;
 - (6) To meet and cooperate with similar authorities or bodies of any of the several states contiguous with this state, whose purpose in their respective states is to establish an interstate or intermodal transportation network:
 - (7) To enter into agreements, contracts or other transactions with any federal, state, county, municipal agency or private entity;
 - (8) To report annually to the Legislature by the first day of December of each year on the status of projects, operations, financial condition and other necessary information relating to the statewide tourist intermodal transportation system and public port authority activities:
- 80 (9) To enter into agreements or contracts with the 81 West Virginia railroad maintenance authority for the 82 preservation, operation and use of railroad lines;
- 83 (10) The authority is hereby designated and empowered to act on behalf of the state on submitting siting proposals for public ports;
 - (11) The authority is empowered to take all steps appropriate and necessary to effect siting, development and operation of public ports within the state;
- 89 (12) To construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, 90 repair and operate infrastructure projects at the 91 designated port sites as determined by the public port 92 authority;
 - (13) To receive and accept from any federal agency grants for or in aid of the construction of any project, and to receive and accept aid or contributions from any

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96 sources of either money, property, labor or other things of value, to be held, used and applied only for the 97 98 purposes for which such grants and contributions may 99 be made:

(14) The authority is authorized and empowered to acquire by purchase, whenever it shall deem such purchase expedient, any land, property, rights, rightsof-way, franchises, easements and other interests in lands as it may deem necessary or convenient for the construction or operation of any project upon such terms and at such price as may be considered by it to be reasonable and to take title in the name of the state; and for the purpose of acquiring any lands, rights or easements deemed necessary or incidental for the purposes of the authority, the authority has the right of eminent domain to the same extent and to be exercised in the same manner as now or hereafter provided by law 113 for such right of eminent domain by cities, incorporated 114 towns, and other municipal corporations:

(15) The authority is hereby designated and empowered to act on behalf of the state and to represent the state in the planning, financing, development, construction and operation of any port project or any facility related to any such project, with the concurrence of the affected public agency. Other state agencies and local governmental entities in this state, including the West Virginia housing development fund, shall cooperate to the fullest extent the authority deems appropriate to effectuate the duties of the authority. If requested to do so by the authority, the West Virginia housing development fund shall, subject to the provisions of article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended. including, without limitation, the approval of its board of directors, issue or use its best efforts to issue, either in its own name or on behalf of the authority, such bonds and notes as may be required to finance the planning. development, construction and operation of any project or any facility related to any project. In the event such bonds or notes are issued by the West Virginia housing development fund, the authority shall enter into all such

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- agreements as the West Virginia housing development fund may determine are necessary to pledge revenues from projects or other funds of the authority sufficient to pay such bonds and notes and to pay all related fees, costs and expenses:
- 142 (16) The authority shall initiate meetings with local 143 and area port authority districts, committees and 144 entities in the development of possible port site desig-145 nations. The authority shall seek coordination, coopera-146 tion and feasibility studies from local and area port 147 authority districts, committees and entities;
 - (17) The authority shall take affirmative steps to coordinate freely all aspects of the submission of a siting proposal for any port project, and to coordinate fully the development of any project or any facility related to any project with the federal government agency;
 - (18) To do any and all things necessary to carry out and accomplish the purposes of this article, including issuing revenue bonds or requesting other appropriate state agencies to issue and administer public port revenue bonds to finance projects;
 - (19) To assist and encourage the West Virginia railroad maintenance authority to purchase railroad tracks being abandoned by any common carrier, and to financially assist the railroad maintenance authority in making such purchase;
 - (20) To collect reasonable fees and charges in connection with making and servicing loans, notes, bonds, obligations, commitments and other evidence of indebtedness, and in connection with providing technical, consultive and project assistance services; and
 - (21) To do any and all things necessary to carry out and accomplish the purposes of this article.
 - (c) Incidental to the development of a comprehensive strategic plan for intermodal transportation, the executive director and staff of the authority shall analyze the shipment of products through the ports of the state for the purpose of expediting such shipments, and shall be authorized to collect and analyze such

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- 176 information, which is maintained in the ordinary course 177 of business by the person, firm or corporation providing such information, pertaining to the transportation of 178 179 products which has been moved by rail, water, highway 180 or air to and from points within and without this state:
- (1) Any such information and data supplied to the executive director of the authority shall be for exclusive use of the executive director and the staff of the authority. Such information is deemed confidential and is not subject to disclosure under the freedom of information act. Neither the executive director nor any staff member of the authority shall publicly disclose this 188 information and data to any member of the board of the authority, nor to any person, firm, corporation or agent. It shall be unlawful for any officer or employee of this 190 state to divulge or make known in any manner any information obtained pursuant to this subsection or 193 disclose information concerning the personal or business affairs of any individual or the business of any single firm or corporation, or disclose any particulars set forth or disclosed in any report or other information provided 197 to the authority.
- 198 (2) Any officer or employee (or former officer or 199 employee) of this state who violates this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 200 thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand 201 202 dollars or imprisoned for not more than one year, or 203 both, together with costs of prosecution.
- 204 (3) In carrying out the functions theretofore described, the authority shall be deemed to be performing an 205 essential governmental function as an instrumentality of 206 the state of West Virginia. 207

Special West Virginia public port authority §17-16B-7. operations fund.

There is hereby established a special West Virginia 1 public port authority operations fund which shall 2 operate as a special revolving fund. All proceeds and 3 revenues of the authority shall be credited to the fund 4 by the state treasurer on a monthly basis. At the end 5 of each fiscal year, any unexpended funds in this

- 7 account shall be reappropriated and available for
- 8 expenditure for the subsequent fiscal year. On the
- 9 effective date of the amendment to this section, the West
- 10 Virginia wayport authority operations fund heretofore
- 11 created shall be transferred and combined with the
- 12 West Virginia public port authority operations fund.

§17-16B-15. Port revenue bonds — Generally.

1 The public port authority is hereby authorized to 2 provide by resolution at one time or from time to time. 3 for the issuance of public port revenue bonds of the state for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of 4 one or more port projects. The principal of and the 5 interest on such bonds shall be payable solely from the 6 funds herein provided for such payment. The bonds of 7 each issue shall be dated, shall bear interest at such rate 8 9 or rates as may be determined by the authority in its sole discretion, shall mature at such time or times not 10 exceeding forty years from their date or dates, as may 11 12 be determined by the authority, and may be made redeemable before maturity, at the option of the public 13 port authority, at such price or prices and under such 14 terms and conditions as may be fixed by the public port 15 authority prior to the issuance of the bonds. The public 16 port authority shall determine the form of the bonds, 17 including any interest coupons to be attached thereto, 18 and shall fix the denomination or denominations of the 19 bonds and the place or places of payment of principal 20 and interest, which may be at any bank or trust 21 company within or without the state. The bonds shall be 22 executed by manual or facsimile signature by the 23 governor and by the chairman of the public port 24 authority, and the official seal of the public port 25 authority shall be affixed to or printed on each bond. 26 and attested, manually or by facsimile signature, by the 27 secretary of the public port authority, and any coupons 28 attached to any bond shall bear the manual or facsimile 29 signature of the chairman of the public port authority. 30 In case any officer whose signature or a facsimile of 31 whose signature appears on any bonds or coupons shall 32 cease to be such officer before the delivery of such 33 bonds, such signature or facsimile shall nevertheless be 34

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35 valid and sufficient for all purposes the same as if he 36 had remained in office until such delivery; and in case the seal of the public port authority has been changed 37 38 after a facsimile has been imprinted on such bonds, such 39 facsimile seal will continue to be sufficient for all purposes. All bonds issued under the provisions of this 40 41 article shall have and are hereby declared to have all 42 the qualities and incidents of negotiable instruments under the negotiable instruments law of the state. The 43 bonds may be issued in coupon or in registered form. 44 45 or both, as the public port authority may determine, and provision may be made for the registration of any 46 47 coupon bonds as to principal alone and also as to both 48 principal and interest, and for the reconversion into coupon bonds of any bonds registered as to both 49 principal and interest. The public port authority may 50 51 sell such bonds in such manner, either at public or at 52 private sale, and for such price as it may determine to 53 be in the best interests of the state.

The proceeds of the bonds of each issue shall be used solely for the payment of the cost of the public port authority project or projects for which such bonds shall have been issued, and shall be disbursed in such manner and under such restrictions, if any, as the public port authority may provide in the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds or in the trust agreement hereinafter mentioned securing the same. If the proceeds of the bonds of any issue, by error of estimates or otherwise, shall be less than such cost, additional public port bonds may in like manner be used to provide the amount of such deficit, and unless otherwise provided in the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds or in the trust agreement securing the same, shall be deemed to be of the same issue and shall be entitled to payment from the same fund without preference or priority of the bonds first issued. If the proceeds of the bonds of any issue shall exceed the cost of the project or projects for which the same shall have been issued. the surplus shall be deposited to the credit of the sinking fund for such bonds.

Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the public

76 port authority may, under like restrictions, issue interim 77 receipts or temporary bonds, with or without coupons. 78 exchangeable for definitive bonds when such bonds shall 79 have been executed and are available for delivery. The 80 public port authority may also provide for the replace-81 ment of any bonds which shall become mutilated or shall 82 be destroyed or lost. Bonds may be issued under the 83 provisions of this article without obtaining the consent 84 of any department, division, commission, board, bureau 85 or agency of the state, and without any other proceed-86 ings or the happening of any other conditions or things than those proceedings, conditions or things which are 87 88 specifically required by this article.

§17-16B-16. Public port revenue bonds — Trust agreements.

In the discretion of the public port authority any 1 2 public port bonds issued under the provisions of this 3 article may be secured by a trust agreement by and 4 between the public port authority and a corporate 5 trustee, which may be any trust company or bank 6 having the powers of a trust company within or without 7 the state. Any such trust agreement may pledge or 8 assign the tolls, rents, fees, charges and other revenues 9 to be received, but shall not convey or mortgage any project or any part thereof. Any such trust agreement 10 11 or any resolution providing for the issuance of such bonds may contain such provisions for protecting and 12 enforcing the rights and remedies of the bondholders as 13 14 may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of 15 law, including covenants setting forth the duties of the public port authority in relation to the acquisition of 16 property and the construction, reconstruction, improve-17 ment, maintenance, repair, operation and insurance of 18 the project or projects in connection with which such 19 bonds shall have been authorized, and the custody, 20 safeguarding and application of all moneys, and 21 provisions for the employment of consulting engineers 22 in connection with the construction or operation of such 23 project or projects. It shall be lawful for any bank or 24 trust company incorporated under the laws of the state 25 which may act as depository of the proceeds of bonds 26

27 or of revenues to furnish such indemnifying bonds or to pledge such securities as may be required by the public 28 29 port authority. Any such trust agreement may set forth 30 the rights and remedies of the bondholders and of the 31 trustee, and may restrict the individual right of action 32 by bondholders as is customary in trust agreements 33 securing bonds and debentures of corporations. In 34 addition to the foregoing, any such trust agreement may 35 contain such other provisions as the public port author-36 ity may deem reasonable and proper for the security of 37 the bondholders. All expenses incurred in carrying out 38 the provisions of any such trust agreement may be 39 treated as a part of the cost of the operation of the 40 project or projects to which the trust agreement applies.

§17-16B-17. Tolls, rents, fees, charges and revenues.

1 (a) The public port authority is hereby authorized to 2 fix, revise, charge and collect tolls for the use of each 3 public port project and the different parts or sections thereof, and to fix, revise, charge and collect rents, fees, 4 5 charges and other revenues, of whatever kind or character, for the use of each port, public port, economic 6 7 development project or tourism project, or any part or 8 section thereof, and to contract with any person. 9 partnership, association or corporation desiring the use of any part thereof, including the right-of-way adjoining 10 the paved portion, for placing thereon telephone, 11 12 telegraph, electric light, power or other utility lines, gas 13 stations, garages, stores, hotels, restaurants and advertising signs, or for any other purpose, and to fix the 14 15 terms, conditions, rents and rates of charges for such use. Such tolls, rents, fees and charges shall be so fixed 16 and adjusted in respect of the aggregate of tolls, or in 17 respect of the aggregate rents, fees and charges, from 18 the project or projects in connection with which the 19 bonds of any issue shall have been issued as to provide 20 a fund sufficient with other revenues, if any, to pay: (A) 21 The cost of maintaining, repairing and operating such 22 project or projects; and (B) the principal of and the 23 interest on such bonds as the same shall become due and 24 payable, and to create reserves for such purposes. Such 25 tolls, rents, fees and other charges shall not be subject 26

27 to supervision or regulation by any other commission. board, bureau, department or agency of the state. The 28 29 tolls, rents, fees, charges and all other revenues derived 30 from the project or projects in connection with which the 31 bonds of any issue shall have been issued, except such 32 part thereof as may be necessary to pay such cost of 33 maintenance, repair and operation and to provide such 34 reserves therefor as may be provided for in the 35 resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds or in 36 the trust agreement securing the same shall be set aside at such regular intervals as may be provided in such 37 38 resolution or such trust agreement in a sinking fund 39 which is hereby pledged to, and charged with, the 40 payment of: (1) The interest upon such bonds as such 41 interest shall fall due; (2) the principal of such bonds as 42 the same shall fall due; (3) the necessary charges of 43 paying agents for paying principal and interest; and (4) 44 the redemption price or the purchase price of bonds retired by call or purchase as therein provided. The use 45 46 and disposition of moneys to the credit of such sinking 47 fund shall be subject to the provisions of the resolution 48 authorizing the issuance of such public port bonds or of such trust agreement. Except as may otherwise be 49 provided in such resolution or such trust agreement. 50 such sinking fund shall be a fund for all such bonds 51 52 without distinction or priority of one over another. The moneys in the sinking fund, less such reserve as may be 53 provided in such resolution or trust agreement, if not 54 55 used within a reasonable time for the purchase of bonds for cancellation as above provided, shall be applied to 56 the redemption of bonds at the redemption price then 57 58 applicable.

§17-16B-18. Trust funds.

All moneys received pursuant to the authority of this 1 article, whether as proceeds from the sale of bonds or 2 as revenues, shall be deemed to be trust funds, to be held 3 and applied solely as provided in this article. The 4 resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds of any issue 5 of the trust agreement securing such bonds shall provide 6 that any officer to whom, or any bank or trust company 7 to which, such moneys shall be paid shall act as trustee 8

- 9 of such moneys and shall hold and apply the same for
- 10 the purposes hereof, subject to such regulations as this
- 11 article and such resolution or trust agreement may
- 12 provide.

§17-16B-19. Remedies.

- 1 Any holder of bonds issued under the provisions of this
- 2 article or any of the coupons appertaining thereto, and
- 3 the trustee under any trust agreement, except to the
- 4 extent the rights herein given may be restricted by such
- 5 trust agreement, may either at law or in equity, by suit,
- 6 action, mandamus or other proceeding, protect and
- 7 enforce any and all rights under the laws of the state
- 8 or granted hereunder or under such trust agreement or
- 9 the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds.
- the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds
- and may enforce and compel the performance of all
- 11 duties required by this article or by such trust agree-
- 12 ment or resolution to be performed by the public port
- 13 authority or by any officer thereof, including the fixing,
- 14 charging and collecting of tolls, rents, fees and charges.

§17-16B-20. Exemption from taxes.

- 1 (a) The exercise of the powers granted by this article
- 2 will be in all respects for the benefit of the people of
- 3 the state, for the increase of their commerce and
- 4 prosperity, and for the improvement of their health and
- 5 living conditions, and as the operation and maintenance
- of projects by the public port authority will constitute
- 7 the performance of essential governmental functions,
- 8 the public port authority shall not be required to pay
- 9 any taxes or assessments upon any project or any
- 10 property acquired or used by the public port authority
- 11 under the provisions of this article or upon the income
- 12 therefrom, and the bonds issued under the provisions of
- 13 this article, their transfer and the income therefrom
- 14 (including any profit made on the sale thereof) shall at
- 15 all times be free from taxation within the state.
- (b) In lieu of payment by the public port authority of
 county property taxes and other assessments on facilities
- 18 owned by it, or upon any facility which is leased to any
- private person, corporation, or entity, the public port authority shall make an annual payment as provided

21 herein to the county commission of such county. Any 22 public port authority project which is leased and is 23 exempt from taxation shall be subject to a payment in 24 lieu of taxes. Said payment shall be made to the county 25 commission of the county in which the project is located 26 and shall be in an amount equal to the property taxes otherwise payable. The county commission receiving 27 such in lieu of payment shall distribute such payment 28 to the different levying bodies in that county in the same 29 30 manner as are property taxes. Nothing contained herein may be construed to prohibit the public port authority 31 32 from collecting such in lieu of payment from any private party by contract or otherwise. 33

§17-16B-21. Preliminary expenses.

The secretary of transportation is hereby authorized, 1 2 in his or her discretion, to expend out of any funds available for the purpose, such moneys as may be 3 4 necessary for the study of any public port economic development or tourism project or projects and to use 5 6 the division of highway's engineering and other forces, 7 including consulting engineers and traffic engineers, for 8 the purpose of effecting such study and to pay for such 9 additional engineering and traffic and other expert studies as he may deem expedient; and all such expenses 10 incurred by the state department of transportation and 11 the state division of highways prior to the issuance of 12 13 public port revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds under the provisions of this article shall be paid by the 14 15 state division of highways or the state department of transportation and charged to the appropriate project or 16 projects, and the state division of highways and the state 17 18 department of transportation shall keep proper records and accounts showing each amount so charged. Upon 19 20 the sale of public port revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds for any public port project or projects, 21 the funds so expended by the state division of highways 22 or the state department of transportation in connection 23 with such project or projects shall be reimbursed to the 24 state division of highways and the state department of 25 transportation from the proceeds of such bonds. 26

§17-16B-22. Public port revenue refunding bonds — Generally.

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The public port authority is hereby authorized to provide by resolution for the issuance of public port revenue refunding bonds of the state for the purpose of refunding any bonds then outstanding which shall have been issued under the provisions of this article, including the payment of any redemption premium thereon and any interest accrued or to accrue to the date of redemption of such bonds; and if deemed advisable by the public port authority, for the additional purpose of constructing improvements, extensions or enlargements of the project or projects in connection with which the 12 bonds to be refunded shall have been issued.

The public port authority is further authorized to provide by resolution for the issuance of public port refunding revenue bonds of the state for the combined purpose of two or more of the following: (a) Refunding any public port bonds then outstanding which shall have been issued under the provisions of this article, including the payment of any redemption premium thereon and any interest accrued or to accrue to the date of redemption of such bonds; and (b) paying all or any part of the cost of any additional public port project or projects.

The issuance of such bonds, the maturities and other details thereof, the rights of the holders thereof, and the rights, duties and obligations of the public port authority in respect of the same, shall be governed by the provisions of this article insofar as the same may be applicable.

CHAPTER 138

(S. B. 383—By Senator Lucht)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article two. chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend article five, chapter sixteen of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelveb; and to amend article two, chapter eighteen of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-c, all relating to missing children, and requiring that certain records be kept and information exchanged between the board of education, the state registrar of vital statistics and the division of public safety.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that article five, chapter sixteen of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-b; and that article two, chapter eighteen of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-c, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 15. Public Safety.
- 16. Public Health.
- 18. Education.

CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.

ARTICLE 2. DIVISION OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

- *§15-2-12. Mission of the division; powers of superintendent, officers and members; patrol of turnpike.
 - 1 (a) The West Virginia division of public safety shall
 2 have the mission of statewide enforcement of criminal
 3 and traffic laws with emphasis on providing basic
 4 enforcement and citizen protection from criminal
 5 depredation throughout the state and maintaining the
 6 safety of the state's public streets, roads and highways.
 - (b) The superintendent and each of the officers and
 members of the division are hereby empowered:
 - 9 (1) To make arrests anywhere within the state of any 10 persons charged with the violation of any law of this 11 state, or of the United States, and when a witness to the 12 perpetration of any offense or crime, or to the violation 13 of any law of this state, or of the United States, may 14 arrest without warrant; to arrest and detain any persons

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2602 (Chapter 118), which passed subsequent to this act.

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- suspected of the commission of any felony or misdemeanor whenever complaint is made and warrant is issued thereon for such arrest, and any person so arrested shall be forthwith brought before the proper tribunal for examination and trial in the county where the offense for which any such arrest has been made was committed:
 - (2) To serve criminal process issued by any court or magistrate anywhere within this state (they shall not serve civil process); and
 - (3) To cooperate with local authorities in detecting crime and in apprehending any person or persons engaged in or suspected of the commission of any crime, misdemeanor or offense against the law of this state, or of the United States, or of any ordinance of any municipality in this state; and to take affidavits in connection with any application to the division of highways, division of motor vehicles and division of public safety of West Virginia for any license, permit or certificate that may be lawfully issued by these divisions of state government.
 - (c) Members of the division of public safety are hereby created forest patrolmen and game and fish wardens throughout the state to do and perform any duties and exercise any powers of such officers, and may apprehend and bring before any court or magistrate having jurisdiction of such matters, anyone violating any of the provisions of chapters twenty, sixty and sixty-one of this code, and the division of public safety shall at any time be subject to the call of the West Virginia alcohol beverage control commissioner to aid in apprehending any person violating any of the provisions of chapter sixty of this code. They shall serve and execute warrants for the arrest of any person and warrants for the search of any premises issued by any properly constituted authority, and shall exercise all of the powers conferred by law upon a sheriff. They shall not serve any civil process or exercise any of the powers of such officer in civil matters.
 - (d) Any member of the division of public safety knowing or having reason to believe that anyone has

violated the law may make complaint in writing before any court or officer having jurisdiction and procure a warrant for such offender, execute the same and bring such person before the proper tribunal having jurisdiction. He shall make return on all such warrants to such tribunals and his official title shall be "member of the division of public safety". Members of the division of public safety may execute any summons or process issued by any tribunal having jurisdiction requiring the attendance of any person as a witness before such tribunal and make return thereon as provided by law, and any return by a member of the division of public safety showing the manner of executing such warrant or process shall have the same force and effect as if made by a sheriff.

- (e) Each member of the division of public safety, when called by the sheriff of any county, or when the governor by proclamation so directs, shall have full power and authority within such county, or within the territory defined by the governor, to direct and command absolutely the assistance of any sheriff, deputy sheriff, chief of police, policeman, game and fish warden, and peace officer of the state, or of any county or municipality therein, or of any able-bodied citizen of the United States, to assist and aid in accomplishing the purposes expressed in this article. When so called, any officer or person shall, during the time his assistance is required, be for all purposes a member of the division of public safety and subject to all the provisions of this article.
- (f) The superintendent may also assign members of the division to perform police duties on any turnpike or toll road, or any section thereof, operated by the West Virginia parkways, economic development and tourism authority: *Provided*, That such authority shall reimburse the division of public safety for salaries paid to such members, and shall either pay directly or reimburse the division for all other expenses of such group of members in accordance with actual or estimated costs determined by the superintendent.
- (g) The division of public safety may develop proposals for a comprehensive county or multi-county plan on the

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implementation of an enhanced emergency service telephone system and for causing a public meeting on such proposals, all as set forth in section six-a, article six, chapter twenty-four of this code.

- (h) The superintendent may also assign members of the division to administer tests for the issuance of commercial drivers' licenses, operator and junior operator licenses as provided for in section seven, article two, chapter seventeen-b of this code: *Provided*, That the division of motor vehicles shall reimburse the division of public safety for salaries and employee benefits paid to such members, and shall either pay directly or reimburse the division for all other expenses of such group of members in accordance with actual costs determined by the superintendent.
- (i) The superintendent shall be reimbursed by the division of motor vehicles for salaries and employee benefits paid to members of the division of public safety, and shall either be paid directly or reimbursed by the division of motor vehicles for all other expenses of such group of members in accordance with actual costs determined by the superintendent, for services performed by such members relating to the duties and obligations of the division of motor vehicles set forth in chapters seventeen, seventeen-a, seventeen-b, seventeen-c and seventeen-d of this code.
- (j) By the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, the superintendent shall establish a network to implement reports of the disappearance of children by local law-enforcement agencies to local school division superintendents and the state registrar of vital statistics. The network shall be designed to establish cooperative arrangements between local law-enforcement agencies and local school divisions concerning reports of missing children and notices to law-enforcement agencies of requests for copies of the cumulative records and birth certificates of missing children. The network shall also establish a mechanism for reporting the identities of all missing children to the state registrar of vital statistics.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

ARTICLE 5. VITAL STATISTICS.

§16-5-12b. Notation on birth records of missing children.

1 Upon receiving a report of the disappearance of any 2 child born in this state, the state registrar shall indicate 3 in a clear and conspicuous manner in the child's birth record that the child has been reported as missing, 4 5 including the title and location of the law-enforcement 6 agency providing the report. Upon receiving a request for any birth records containing a report of the 7 disappearance of any child, the state registrar shall 8 immediately notify the local law-enforcement agency 9 which provided the missing child report. The state 10 11 registrar shall transmit any relevant information 12 concerning the applicant's identity, address and other 13 pertinent data immediately to the relevant local lawenforcement agency. The state registrar shall retain the 14 original written request until notified of the missing 15 16 child's recovery or the child attains the age of eighteen. Upon notification that any missing child has been 17 18 recovered, the state registrar shall remove the report of the disappearance from the child's birth record. The 19 provisions of this section shall be implemented by the 20 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-21 22 three.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-5c. Birth certificate required upon admission to public school; required notice to local law-enforcement agency of missing children.

(a) No pupil shall be admitted for the first time to any 1 public school in this state unless the person enrolling the 2 pupil furnishes a certified copy of the pupil's birth 3 record confirming the pupil's identity and age. If a 4 certified copy of the pupil's birth record cannot be 5 obtained, the person so enrolling the pupil shall submit 6 an affidavit explaining the inability to produce a 7 certified copy of the birth record: Provided, That if any 8 person submitting such affidavit is in U.S. military 9

That sections one and two, article twenty-seven, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted. all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 27. STORAGE AND DISPOSAL OF RADIOACTIVE WASTE MATERIALS.

§16-27-1. Definitions.

\$16-27-2. Storage or disposal of radioactive waste material within the state prohibited; exceptions.

§16-27-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (1) "Byproduct material" means (i) any radioactive
- material (except special nuclear material) yielded in or 3
- made radioactive by exposure to the radiation incident 4
- 5 to the process of producing or utilizing special nuclear
- material, and (ii) the tailings or wastes produced by the 6
- 7 extraction or concentration of uranium or thorium from
- any ore processed primarily for its source material 8
- 9 content:
- 10 (2) "Dispose" or "disposal" means the discharge,
- 11 deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking or placing
- 12 of a substance into or on any land, water or air:
- 13 (3) "Low-level waste" means radioactive waste that:
- 14 (A) Is neither high-level waste or transuranic, nor
- spent nuclear fuel, nor by-product material as defined 15
- 16 in section 11 (e)(2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954,
- 17 as amended: and
- 18 (B) Is any radioactive material that the United States
- nuclear regulatory commission classified as low-level 19
- 20 radioactive waste on or after the first day of January,
- one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: Provided, That 21
- any material classified as low-level radioactive waste on 22
- or after the first day of January, one thousand nine 23
- hundred eighty-nine, shall be considered low-level 24
- radioactive waste without regard to a nuclear regula-25
- tory commission determination that such material is
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- below regulatory concern; and 27
- (C) Is any radioactive material produced after the 28

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- first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, which would have been classified as a low-level
 radioactive waste, utilizing the standards in effect on
 that date, without regard to a determination by an
 agency of the United States government that such
 material is below regulatory concern:
- 35 (4) "Radioactive waste material" means any discarded 36 radioactive material in the form of, or resulting from 37 the use of, any byproduct material, source material or 38 special nuclear material and includes low-level waste;
 - (5) "Source material" means (i) uranium or thorium, or any combination thereof, in any physical or chemical form; or (ii) ores which contain by weight one twentieth of one percent (0.05%) or more of (a) uranium, (b) thorium or (c) any combination thereof. Source material does not include special nuclear material;
- 45 (6) "Special nuclear material" means (i) plutonium, 46 uranium 233, uranium enriched in the isotope 233 or in 47 the isotope 235; or (ii) any material artificially enriched 48 by any of the foregoing but does not include source 49 material;
- 50 (7) "Store" or "storage" means the containment of a 51 substance, either on a temporary basis or for a period 52 of years, in such a manner as not to constitute disposal 53 or transportation; and
- 54 (8) "Transport" or "transportation" means any move-55 ment of a substance and any loading, unloading or 56 storage incidental thereto.
- The governor shall have the authority to add, by executive order, to the listing of materials constituting "source material" or "special nuclear material" by including such additional like materials as may be determined by the federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission to constitute "source material" or "special nuclear material."

§16-27-2. Storage or disposal of radioactive waste material within the state prohibited; exceptions.

1 (a) No person shall store or dispose of any radioactive

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waste material within the state: Provided, That the 2 provisions of this section shall not be deemed to prohibit 3 4 (1) the storage or disposal of such material produced within the state as a result of medical, educational, 5 6 research or industrial activities and so stored or disposed of in compliance with all applicable state and 7 federal laws, or (2) the transportation of such material 8 out of or through the state when done in compliance 9 with all applicable state and federal laws: Provided. 10 however. That such waste from industrial activities shall 11 not include, for the purpose of this article, such material 12 13 produced from the operation of any nuclear power generation facility, nuclear processing facility, or 14 15 nuclear reprocessing facility.

(b) The disposal of radioactive waste material in a solid waste facility or in a commercial solid waste facility, as defined in section four, article five-f, chapter twenty of this code, is prohibited.

CHAPTER 141

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 454—By Senators Wiedebusch, Macnaughtan, Brackenrich and Burdette, Mr. President)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen-a, relating to acquisition from the West Virginia railroad maintenance authority of a portion of the CSX railway system for the purpose of developing the "North Bend Rail Trail"; and authorizing the commissioner of the division of tourism and parks to develop, construct, operate and maintain bicycle and hiking trails, horseback trails, camping facilities and other compatible recreational and tourism facilities along the trail.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended,

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be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF TOURISM AND PARKS.

ment to North Bend State Park for:

§5B-1-16a. Acquisition of former railway system for establishment of North Bend Rail Trail.

- 1 The commissioner may acquire from the West Virgi-2 nia railroad maintenance authority approximately sixty 3 and fifty-seven one-hundredths miles of right-of-way of 4 the CSX railway system between Walker in Wood 5 County and Wilsonburg in Harrison County and related 6 property to be developed as the "North Bend Rail Trail": 7 Provided, That no state moneys may be used to purchase 8 the right-of-way or the related property. This acquired property shall be operated under the authority of the 9
- 12 (a) The construction and maintenance of barriers for 13 the protection of the trail from motorized vehicular 14 traffic and for the protection of adjacent public and 15 private property; and

division of tourism and parks and used as an improve-

(b) The development, construction, operation and maintenance of bicycle and hiking trails, horseback trails, camping facilities and other compatible recreational and tourism facilities to be so designated by the commissioner.

CHAPTER 142

(S. 8. 369—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 5, 1991: in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article eighteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the membership of the railroad maintenance authority.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article eighteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 18. WEST VIRGINIA RAILROAD MAINTENANCE AUTHORITY.

§29-18-4. West Virginia railroad maintenance authority created; organization of authority; appointment of members; term of office, compensation and expenses; director of authority.

There is hereby created the West Virginia railroad 1 2 maintenance authority. The authority is a governmental instrumentality of the state and a body corporate. The 3 4 exercise by the authority of the powers conferred by this 5 article and the carrying out of its purposes and duties 6 shall be deemed and held to be, and are hereby 7 determined to be, essential governmental functions and 8 for a public purpose.

The authority shall consist of seven members. The secretary of the department of transportation shall be a member ex officio. The other six members shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of six years. Of the members of the authority first appointed, two shall be appointed for a term ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, two shall be appointed for a term ending two years thereafter and two shall be appointed for a term ending four years thereafter. A person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of such term. Each authority member shall serve until the appointment and qualification of his successor. No more than three of the appointed authority members shall at any one time belong to the same political party. Appointed authority members may be reappointed to serve additional terms.

All members of the authority shall be citizens of the state. Each appointed member of the board, before entering upon his duties, shall comply with the require-

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67 68 ments of article one, chapter six of this code and give bond in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars in the manner provided in article two, chapter six of this code. The governor may remove any authority member for cause as provided in article six, chapter six of this code.

Annually the authority shall elect one of its members as chairman and another as vice chairman, and shall appoint a secretary-treasurer, who need not be a member of the authority. Four members of the authority shall constitute a quorum and the affirmative vote of four members shall be necessary for any action taken by vote of the authority. No vacancy in the membership of the authority shall impair the rights of a quorum by such vote to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the authority. The person appointed as secretary-treasurer, including an authority member if he is so appointed, shall give bond in the sum of fifty thousand dollars in the manner provided in article two. chapter six of this code.

The secretary of the department of transportation shall not receive any compensation for serving as an authority member. Each of the six appointed members of the authority shall receive fifty dollars for each day or substantial part thereof actually spent in attending meetings of the board or in discharging or carrying out his duties and work as a member of the board. Each of the six appointed members shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of his duties as a member of such authority. All such compensation and expenses incurred shall be payable solely from funds of the authority or from funds appropriated for such purpose by the Legislature and no liability or obligation shall be incurred by the authority beyond the extent to which moneys are available from funds of the authority or from such appropriations.

There shall also be a director of the authority appointed by the authority.

CHAPTER 143

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 33-By Senators Pritt, M. Manchin, Blatnik and J. Manchin)

[Passed March 4, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventeen, article twelve, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to real estate brokers and real estate salespersons; setting forth when actions for fees, commissions or other compensation may be brought; providing for the suspension of a salesperson's license upon revocation of the employing broker's license; setting forth specifications of listing agreements; requiring broker or salesperson to disclose whom he or she represents; permitting party not represented by the broker or salesperson to terminate relationship upon such disclosure; specifying when delivery of offer and acceptance thereof shall be made; and requiring all terms and conditions of a transaction to be included in the offer to purchase

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seventeen, article twelve, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 12. REAL ESTATE COMMISSION, BROKERS AND SALESPERSONS.
- §47-12-17. Actions for commissions; revocation of broker's license as suspending salesperson's licenses; listing agreements; broker or salesperson to disclose agency status; purchase agreements.
 - No person, partnership, association or corporation shall bring or maintain an action in any court of this
 - 3 state for the recovery of a commission, a fee, or
 - 4 compensation for any act done or service rendered, the
 - compensation for any act done or service rendered, the doing or rendering of which is prohibited under the
- 6 provisions of this article to other than licensed real

- 7 estate brokers, unless such person was duly licensed 8 hereunder as a real estate broker at the time of the 9 doing of such act or the rendering of such service.
 - (a) No real estate salesperson shall have the right to institute suit in his or her own name for the recovery of a fee, commission, or compensation for the services as a real estate salesperson, but any such action shall be instituted and brought by the broker employing such salesperson: *Provided*, That a real estate salesperson shall have the right to institute suit in his or her own name for the recovery of a fee, commission or compensation for services as a real estate salesperson due him or her from the broker by whom he or she is employed.
 - (b) The revocation of a broker's license shall automatically suspend every real estate salesperson's license granted to any person by virtue of his or her employment by the broker whose license has been revoked, pending a change of employer and the issuance of a new license. Such new license shall be issued without charge if granted during the same year in which the original license was granted.
 - (c) A broker or salesperson who obtains a listing shall, at the time of securing such listing, give the person or persons signing such listing a true, legible copy thereof. Every listing agreement, exclusive or nonexclusive, shall have set forth in its terms a definite expiration date; it shall contain no provision requiring the party signing such listing to notify the broker of his or her intention to cancel such listing after such definite expiration date; however, an exclusive listing agreement may provide that upon the expiration of the exclusive feature the listing shall continue to a definite expiration date as a nonexclusive listing only.
 - (d) A broker or salesperson shall promptly, or at least prior to any purchaser signing a written offer to purchase, disclose in writing to all parties to a real estate transaction, on a form promulgated by the commission, whether the broker or salesperson represents the seller, the buyer, or both: *Provided*, That after such disclosure, but prior to any purchaser signing a

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written offer to purchase, the party not represented by the broker or salesperson may terminate, without incurring any liability, his or her relationship with such broker or salesperson.

(e) A broker or salesperson shall promptly tender to the seller every written offer to purchase obtained on the property involved and, upon obtaining a proper acceptance of the offer to purchase, shall promptly deliver true executed copies of same, signed by the seller and purchaser, to both purchaser and seller; all brokers and salespersons shall make certain that all of the terms and conditions of the real estate transaction are included in such offer to purchase.

CHAPTER 144

(S. B. 32-By Senators Pritt, J. Manchin and M. Manchin)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections ten, eleven, twelve, twenty, twentyone and thirty-two, article fourteen, chapter thirty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, six, thirteen, twenty-eight, thirty, thirty-one, forty and forty-four of said article, relating to application, licensure and certification for real estate appraisers; eliminating waiver of certain requirements for licensure: definitions: extending date for compliance with licensure and certification requirements if extended by applicable federal law; exemption for appraisals of personal property and government officers or employees; authorizing emergency rules; classification of licensure and certification; qualifications for licensure and certification; permitting transitional license if either experience or education requirement is not met in certain cases; requiring examination; increasing certain fees; and licensure, certification, or registration for temporary practice for nonresidents.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections ten, eleven, twelve, twenty, twenty-one and thirty-two, article fourteen, chapter thirty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that sections two, three, four, six, thirteen, twenty-eight, thirty, thirty-one, forty and forty-four of said article be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. THE REAL ESTATE APPRAISER LICENSING AND CERTIFICATION ACT.

§37-14-2. Definitions.

§37-14-3. Real estate appraiser license required.

§37-14-4. Exceptions to license or certification requirement.

§37-14-6. General powers and duties.

§37-14-13. Term of license or certification.

§37-14-28. Classification of licensure and certification.

\$37-14-30. Qualifications. \$37-14-31. Examination required. \$37-14-40. Licensure and certification fees. \$37-14-44. Licensure and certification of nonresidents.

§37-14-2. Definitions.

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As used in this article, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(a) "Appraisal" means an analysis, opinion or conclusion prepared by a real estate appraiser relating to the nature, quality, value or utility of specified interests in, or aspects of, identified real estate or identified real property. An appraisal may be classified by the nature of the assignment as a valuation appraisal, an analysis assignment, or a review assignment. The term "valuation appraisal" refers to an analysis, opinion or conclusion prepared by a real estate appraiser that estimates the value of an identified parcel of real estate or identified real property at a particular point in time. An "analysis assignment" refers to an analysis, opinion or conclusion prepared by a real estate appraiser that relates to the nature, quality or utility of identified real estate or identified real property. A "review assignment" refers to an analysis, opinion or conclusion prepared by a real estate appraiser that forms an opinion as to the adequacy and appropriateness of a

valuation appraisal or an analysis assignment;

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- 22 (b) "Appraisal foundation" means the appraisal 23 foundation established on the thirtieth day of November, 24 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, as a not-for-25 profit corporation under the laws of Illinois;
- 26 (c) "Appraisal report" means any communication. 27 written or oral, of an appraisal. An appraisal report 28 may be classified by the nature of the assignment as a "valuation report", "analysis report" or "review report". 29 For the purposes of this article, the testimony of an 30 appraiser dealing with the appraiser's analyses, conclu-31 32 sions or opinions concerning identified real estate or identified real property is deemed to be an oral 33 34 appraisal report:
 - (d) "Board" means the real estate appraiser licensing and certification board established pursuant to the provisions of this article;
- (e) "Certified appraisal report" means a written 38 39 appraisal report that is certified as such by a state licensed or certified real estate appraiser. When a real 40 41 estate appraiser identifies an appraisal report as "certified", such real estate appraiser must indicate 42 43 which type of licensure or certification he or she holds. 44 The certification of an appraisal report by a state licensed residential real estate appraiser or a state 45 certified general real estate appraiser represents to the 46 public that it meets the appraisal standards established 47 pursuant to this article; 48
 - (f) "Licensed real estate appraiser" means a person who holds a current, valid license as a state licensed residential real estate appraiser issued to him or her under the provisions of this article;
 - (g) "Real estate" means an identified parcel or tract of land, including improvements, if any;
 - (h) "Real estate appraisal activity" means the act or process of making an appraisal of real estate or real property and preparing an appraisal report;
 - (i) "Real estate appraiser" means a person who engages in real estate appraisal activity for a fee or other valuable consideration;

- 61 (j) "Real property interests" means one or more 62 defined interests, benefits or rights inherent in the 63 ownership of real estate; and
- 64 (k) "Certified real estate appraiser" means a person 65 who holds a current, valid certification as a state 66 certified general real estate appraiser issued to him or 67 her under the provisions of this article.

§37-14-3. Real estate appraiser license required.

- (a) Beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine 1 2 hundred ninety-one, it is unlawful for any person, for compensation or valuable consideration, to prepare a 3 4 valuation appraisal or a valuation appraisal report 5 relating to real estate or real property in this state 6 without first being licensed or certified as provided in this article. This section shall not be construed to apply 7 8 to persons who do not render significant professional 9 assistance in arriving at a real estate appraisal analysis. 10 opinion or conclusion. Nothing in this article, however, 11 shall be construed to prohibit any person who is licensed 12 to practice in this state under any other law from 13 engaging in the practice for which he or she is licensed.
- 14 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) herein, the real estate appraiser licensing and certifica-15 tion board may, by emergency rule, extend the date for 16 17 complying with the provisions of this article in accor-18 dance with any extensions which may be provided under applicable federal law, except that the date for com-19 20 pliance set by emergency rule may not be extended beyond the thirty-first day of December, one thousand 21 22 nine hundred ninety-one.

§37-14-4. Exceptions to license or certification requirement.

- 1 This article does not apply to:
- 2 (a) A real estate broker or salesperson licensed by this
- 3 state who, in the ordinary course of his or her business,
- 4 gives an opinion to a potential seller or third party as
- 5 to the recommended listing price of real estate or an

- 6 opinion to a potential purchaser or third party as to the
- recommended purchase price of real estate, when this 7 8 opinion as to the listing price or the purchase price is
- 9 not to be referred to as an appraisal, no opinion is
- rendered as to the value of the real estate, and no fee 10
- 11 is charged:
- 12 (b) A casual or drive-by inspection of real estate in 13 connection with a consumer loan secured by the said real estate, when the inspection is not referred to as an 14 appraisal, no opinion is rendered as to the value of the 15
- real estate, and no fee is charged for the inspection: 16
- 17 (c) An employee who renders an opinion as to the 18 value of real estate for his full-time employer, for the 19 employer's internal use only and performed in the 20 regular course of the employee's position, when the 21 opinion is not referred to as an appraisal and no fee is 22 charged:
- 23 (d) Appraisals of personal property, including, but not 24 limited to, jewelry, household furnishings, vehicles, and 25 manufactured homes not attached to real estate; and
- (e) Any officer or employee of the United States, or 26 27 of the state of West Virginia or a political subdivision 28 thereof, when the employee or officer is performing his official duties: Provided, That such individual does not 29 furnish advisory service for compensation to the public 30 or act as an independent contracting party in West 31 Virginia or any subdivision thereof in connection with 32 the appraisal of real estate or real property: Provided, 33 however. That this exception shall not apply with respect 34 to federally related transactions as defined in Title XI 35 of the United States Code, entitled "Financial Institu-36 tions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989".

§37-14-6. General powers and duties.

The board shall: 1

- (a) Define by rule the type of educational experience, 2
- appraisal experience and equivalent experience that 3
- will meet the statutory requirements of this article: 4

- 5 (b) Establish examination specifications as prescribed 6 herein and provide or procure appropriate exami-7 nations;
- 8 (c) Approve or disapprove applications for certification and licensure;
- 10 (d) Define by rule continuing education requirements 11 for the renewal of certification and licenses;
- 12 (e) Censure, suspend or revoke licenses and certifica-13 tion as provided in this article;
 - (f) Hold meetings, hearings and examinations in places and at times as it shall designate;
 - (g) Establish procedures for submitting, approving and disapproving applications;
 - (h) Maintain an accurate registry of the names and addresses of all persons certified or issued a license to practice under this article;
 - (i) Maintain accurate records on applicants and licensed or certified real estate appraisers;
 - (j) Issue to each licensed or certified real estate appraiser a pocket card with the name and license or certification number on each in the size and form it may approve. The license or certification pocket card shall remain the property of the state of West Virginia and, upon suspension or revocation of the license to practice pursuant to this article, shall be returned immediately to the commission;
 - (k) Deposit all fees collected by the commission in the state treasury. The state treasurer shall deposit the fees to the credit of the West Virginia appraiser licensing and certification board and shall disburse moneys from the account to pay the cost of board operation. Disbursements from the account shall not exceed the moneys credited to it;
 - (l) Hire employees to assist in the discharge of the duties imposed upon it by this article subject to the policies and standards of the department of administration. No employee of the commission may be a paid

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- employee of any real estate association, group or real estate dealers, brokers, appraisers or lenders;
- (m) Perform any other functions and duties as may be necessary in carrying out the provisions of this article.

46 All rules shall be promulgated pursuant to the 47 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. 48 Emergency rules are specifically authorized upon the effective date of this article and prior to the first day 49 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. The 50 members of the board shall be immune from any civil 51 52 action or criminal prosecution for initiating or assisting 53 in any lawful investigation of the actions of or participating in any disciplinary proceeding concerning a 54 licensed or certified real estate appraiser pursuant to 55 56 this article: Provided. That such action is taken without malicious intent and in the reasonable belief that the 57 action was taken pursuant to the powers and duties 58 vested in the members of the board under this article. 59

§37-14-13. Term of license or certification.

If the board determines that an applicant meets the requirements of this article and is qualified to be licensed or certified, it shall issue a license or certification to the applicant that shall expire one year following the date of issuance unless revoked or suspended prior thereto. The board shall approve or deny each application within ninety days of receipt.

§37-14-28. Classification of licensure and certification.

There shall be two classifications of real estate appraisers:

(a) State licensed residential real estate appraiser. — The state licensed residential real estate appraiser classification shall consist of those persons who meet the requirements for licensure that relate to the appraisal of residential real estate of one to four units, when the value of the property appraised is less than one million dollars, a net operating income capitalization analysis is not required by the terms of the assignment, and if the value of the property appraised is over two hundred fifty

- thousand dollars, the appraisal is noncomplex; and to the appraisal of nonresidential real estate when the value of the property appraised is less than one hundred thousand dollars.
- 16 (b) State certified general real estate appraiser. The 17 state certified general real estate appraiser classifica-18 tion shall consist of those persons who meet the 19 requirements for certification relating to the appraisal 20 of all types of real estate.
- The board is authorized to establish by rules promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-ninea of this code such further classes or classifications as may be required by applicable federal law.
- Each application for licensure or certification and each application to take an examination shall specify the classification being applied for and, if applicable, the class of licensure or certification previously granted.

§37-14-30. Qualifications.

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- 1 (a) Residential classification. — As a prerequisite to 2 taking the examination for licensure as a state licensed 3 residential real estate appraiser, an applicant shall 4 present evidence satisfactory to the board that he or she 5 has satisfied the criteria, including education and 6 experience criteria, for licensure of licensed appraisers 7 issued by the appraisal qualifications board of the appraisal foundation, which criteria shall be incorpo-8 9 rated in regulations of the board adopted pursuant to 10 the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
 - (b) General classification. As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certification as a state certified general real estate appraiser, an applicant shall present evidence satisfactory to the board that he or she has satisfied the criteria, including education and experience criteria, for certification of general appraisers issued by the appraisal qualifications board of the appraisal foundation, which criteria shall be incorporated in regulations of the board adopted pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 21 (c) Transitional license. The board may extend the

- 22 time for satisfying the requirements of subdivision (a)
- 23 of this section with respect to either education require-
- 24 ments or experience requirements, but not both educa-
- 25 tion and experience requirements, and may issue a
- transitional license as a state licensed residential real 26
- estate appraiser so long as: (1) All other criteria for 27
- 28 licensure are satisfied; (2) the applicant passes the
- examination required pursuant to section thirty-one of 29
- this article; and (3) the educational deficiency is 30
- 31 corrected within one year of licensure, or the experience
- 32 deficiency, within two years.

§37-14-31. Examination required.

- An original license or certification as a state licensed 1
- or certified real estate appraiser shall not be issued to 2
- any person who has not passed an examination admin-3 istered through the board, which examination is
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- consistent with the uniform state examination for licensure or certification issued or endorsed by the 6
- appraisal qualifications board of the appraisal 7
- foundation. 8
- 9 The board may offer for the benefit of prospective
- applicants for licensure or certification a program of 10
- instruction and preparation for the examination. 11

§37-14-40. Licensure and certification fees.

- The board shall charge and collect appropriate fees 1 annually for its services under this article. The fees 2
- charged by the board shall not exceed the amounts 3
- 4 indicated below:
- (1) A license application fee of fifty dollars; 5
- (2) A license examination fee of fifty dollars; 6
- (3) A license fee of three hundred twenty-five dollars; 7
- (4) A delinquent license fee of an additional one 8 hundred dollars: 9
- (5) A registration fee for temporary practice of one 10 hundred dollars: 11
- (6) A certification application fee of seventy-five 12 dollars: 13
- (7) A certification examination fee of fifty dollars; 14

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- 15 (8) A certification fee of five hundred twenty-five 16 dollars:
- 17 (9) A delinquent certification fee of an additional one 18 hundred dollars:
- 19 (10) The board may collect from individuals who 20 perform or seek to perform appraisal transactions where required by federal law an annual registry fee 21 22 in an amount to be set by regulation in order to enable 23 the board to transfer the necessary fees to the federal 24 financial institution examination council on an annual 25 basis.
- 26 All fees and revenues collected by the board pursuant 27 to this article shall be deposited in a special fund that 28 shall be used solely for the purpose of paying the 29 expenses incurred in connection with the administration 30 of this article.

§37-14-44. Licensure and certification of nonresidents.

- 1 (a) Consent to service of process. — Each applicant for 2 licensure or certification and each registrant for temporary practice within this state who is not a 3 4 resident of this state shall submit, with his or her application, an irrevocable consent that service of process upon him or her may be made by delivery of the process to the secretary of state if, in an action against the applicant in a court of this state arising out of the applicant's activities as a real estate appraiser in 10 this state, the plaintiff cannot, in the exercise of due diligence, effect personal service upon the applicant.
 - (b) Nonresident licensure and certification. A nonresident of this state who has complied with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section may obtain a license or certification as a real estate appraiser in this state by complying with all of the provisions of this article relating to the licensing or certification of real estate appraisers.
 - (c) Temporary practice. A nonresident of this state who has complied with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section may perform a contract relating to the appraisal of real estate or real property in this state by registering with the board. An applicant for temporary registration shall:

- 25 (1) Submit an application on a form approved by the 26 board;
 - (2) Submit evidence that he or she is licensed or certified to appraise real estate and real property in his or her state of domicile:
 - (3) Submit evidence that the applicant's business in the state is of a temporary nature;
 - (4) Certify that disciplinary proceedings are not pending against the applicant in the applicant's state of domicile; and
 - (5) Pay the temporary registration fee set forth in section forty of this article.
 - (d) License by reciprocity. If, in the determination of the board, another state or territory or the District of Columbia is deemed to have substantially equivalent license or certification laws for real estate appraisers, an applicant for licensure or certification in this state who is licensed or certified under the laws of such other state, territory or district may obtain a license or certificate as a real estate appraiser in this state upon such terms and conditions as may be determined by the board: Provided, That the laws of such state, territory or district accord substantially equal reciprocal rights to a licensed or certified real estate appraiser in good standing in this state: Provided, however, That disciplinary proceedings are not pending against such applicant in his or her state of licensure or certification.

CHAPTER 145

(S. B. 71—By Senator J. Manchin)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article twentythree, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to salvage yards.

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That section two, article twenty-three, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 23. SALVAGE YARDS.

§17-23-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Salvage" means old or scrap brass, copper, iron, 3 steel, other ferrous or nonferrous materials, batteries or 4 rubber and any junked, dismantled or wrecked machin-5 ery, machines or motor vehicles or any parts of any 6 junked, dismantled or wrecked machinery, machines or
- 7 motor vehicles.
- 8 (b) "Salvage yard" means any place which is main-9 tained, operated or used for the storing, keeping, 10 buying, selling or processing of salvage, or for the 11 operation and maintenance of a motor vehicle 12 graveyard.
- 13 (c) "Abandoned salvage yard" means any unlicensed 14 salvage yard or any salvage yard that was previously 15 licensed but upon which the license has not been 16 renewed for more than one year.
- (d) "Fence" means an enclosure, barrier or screen constructed of materials or consisting of plantings, natural objects or other appropriate means approved by the commissioner and located, placed or maintained so as effectively to screen at all times salvage yards and the salvage therein contained from the view of persons passing upon the public roads of this state.
- (e) "Owner or operator" includes an individual, firm, partnership, association or corporation or the plural thereof.
 - (f) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the West Virginia department of highways.
 - (g) "Residential community" means an area wherein five or more occupied private residences are located within any one thousand foot radius.
- 32 (h) "Occupied private residence" means a private residence which is occupied for at least six months each year.

CHAPTER 146

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 120—By Senators Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article ten, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to scheduling governmental agencies or programs for termination pursuant to the West Virginia sunset law.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article ten, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. THE WEST VIRGINIA SUNSET LAW.

§4-10-4. Termination of governmental entities or programs.

- The following governmental entities and programs shall be terminated on the date indicated but no governmental entity or program shall be terminated under this article unless a performance audit has been conducted of such entity or program, except as authorized under section fourteen of this article:
- 7 (1) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-one: Judicial council of West Virginia; motor 9 vehicle certificate appeal board; and child welfare 10 licensing board.
- 12 (2) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-two: Ohio River basin commission; commission on 13 postmortem examination; and the state commission on 14 manpower, training and technology.
- 15 (3) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 16 eighty-three: Anatomical board; economic opportunity 17 advisory committee; and the community development 18 authority board.
- 19 (4) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred

20 eighty-four: The following programs of the department 21 of natural resources: Rabies control, work incentive 22 program; and the West Virginia alcoholic beverage 23 control licensing advisory board.

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- (5) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five: Beautification commission.
- 26 (6) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six: Health resources advisory council. 27
 - (7) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven: Civil service commission advisory board: and the motorcycle safety standards and specifications board.
 - (8) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight: Labor management relations board: records management and preservation advisory committee: minimum wage rate board; commission on mass transportation; and the public employees insurance board.
- 38 (9) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 39 eighty-nine: Mental retardation advisory committee; board of school finance; veteran's affairs advisory 40 council: and the reclamation commission.
 - (10) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety: Consumer affairs advisory council; savings and loan association; and the forest industries industrial foundation.
 - (11) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one: The following divisions or programs of the department of agriculture: Interagency committee on pesticides.
 - (12) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two: State water resources board; water resources division, department of natural resources: whitewater advisory board; state board of risk and insurance management; West Virginia's membership in the interstate commission on the Potomac River basin; board of banking and financial institutions: the farm management commission; state building commission;

the capitol building commission; the board of examiners in counseling; public service commission; family protec-tion services board: board of examiners of land survey-ors: legislative oversight commission on education accountability; West Virginia ethics commission; family law masters system; state lottery commission; the following divisions or programs of the department of agriculture: Soil conservation committee, rural resource division, meat inspection program; women's commission; and the child advocate office of the department of health and human resources.

- (13) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three: Commission on uniform state laws; state structural barriers compliance board; the oil and gas inspectors examining board; the tree fruit industry self-improvement program; the oil and gas conservation commission; and the council of finance and administration.
- (14) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four: Ohio River valley water sanitation commission; the southern regional education board; real estate commission; the division of labor; division of tourism and parks; division of corrections; and the veteran's council.
- (15) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five: Emergency medical services advisory council; commission on charitable organizations; information system advisory commission; West Virginia labor-management council; and the board of social work examiners.
- (16) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six: U.S. geological survey program within the division of natural resources; state geological and economic survey; division of culture and history; and the board of investments.
- (17) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven: The driver's licensing advisory board; department of health and human resources; West Virginia health care cost review authority; and the division of personnel.

CHAPTER 147

(H. B. 2212—By Delegates Love and Schadler)

[Passed February 14, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen, article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to changing the termination date of the division of tourism and parks.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF TOURISM & PARKS.

§5B-1-18. Sunset provision.

- 1 Unless sooner terminated by law, the division of
- 2 tourism and parks shall terminate on the first day of
- 3 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, in accor-
- 4 dance with the provisions of article ten, chapter four of
- 5 this code.

CHAPTER 148

(H. B. 2232—By Delegates J. Martin and Schadler)

[Passed February 12, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article four, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the labor-management council.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article four, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. LABOR-MANAGEMENT COUNCIL.

§5B-4-6. Duration of council.

- 1 Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten,
- 2 chapter four of this code, the West Virginia labor-
- 3 management council shall continue to exist until the
- 4 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five,
- 5 to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint
- 6 committee on government operations.

CHAPTER 149

(H. B. 2223—By Delegates Love and J. Martin)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section eleven, article one, chapter nine-a; article one-b, chapter twenty-one; section four, article five-a, chapter twenty-one; section four, article fifteen, chapter twenty-nine; and article eleven, chapter thirty-one, all of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to repeal of code sections relating to agencies terminated following a performance and fiscal audit by the joint committee on government operations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- §1. Repeal of sections relating to veterans' affairs advisory council; West Virginia labor management relations board; minimum wage rate board; mental retardation advisory committee; and the savings and loan association of the state of West Virginia.
 - 1 Section eleven, article one, chapter nine-a; article one-
 - 2 b, chapter twenty-one; section four, article five-a,
 - 3 chapter twenty-one; section four, article fifteen, chapter
 - 4 twenty-nine; and article eleven, chapter thirty-one, all of
 - 5 the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred
 - 6 thirty-one, as amended, are hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 150

(H. B. 2235—By Delegates Love and Wallace)

[Passed February 12, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three-a, article one, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the continuation of the rural resources division, now named and known as the marketing and development division.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three-a, article one, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

§19-1-3a. Rural resources division continued.

- Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the rural resources division
- 3 which has been known as the marketing and develop-
- 4 ment division since one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 5 seven, shall continue to exist until the first day of July,
- 6 one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to allow for the
- 7 completion of an audit by the joint committee on
- 8 government operations.

CHAPTER 151

(H. B. 2225-By Delegates J. Martin and Wallace)

[Passed February 12, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article twentyone-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the state soil conservation committee. Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article twenty-one-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21A. SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICTS.

§19-21A-4. State soil conservation committee.

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1 (a) There is hereby established, to serve as an agency 2 of the state and to perform the functions conferred upon 3 it in this article, the state soil conservation committee. The committee shall consist of seven members. The 4 following shall serve, ex officio, as members of the 5 6 committee: The director of the state cooperative exten-7 sion service; the director of the state agricultural 8 experiment station; the director of the department of 9 natural resources: and the state commissioner of

agriculture, who shall be chairman of the committee.

The governor shall appoint as additional members of the committee three representative citizens. The term of members thus appointed shall be four years, except that of the first members so appointed, one shall be appointed for a term of two years, one for a term of three years, and one for a term of four years. In the event of a vacancy, appointment shall be for the unexpired term.

The committee may invite the secretary of agriculture of the United States of America to appoint one person to serve with the committee as an advisory member.

The committee shall keep a record of its official actions, shall adopt a seal, which seal shall be judicially noticed, and may perform such acts, hold such public hearings and promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the execution of its functions under this article.

(b) The state soil conservation committee may employ an administrative officer and such technical experts and such other agents and employees, permanent and temporary, as it may require, and shall determine their qualifications, duties and compensation. The committee may call upon the attorney general of the state for such

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legal services as it may require. It shall have authority to delegate to its chairman, to one or more of its members, or to one or more agents or employees, such powers and duties as it may deem proper. The committee is empowered to secure necessary and suitable office accommodations, and the necessary supplies and equipment. Upon request of the committee, for the purpose of carrying out any of its functions, the supervising officer of any state agency, or of any state institution of learning shall, insofar as may be possible, under available appropriations, and having due regard to the needs of the agency to which the request is directed. assign or detail to the committee, members of the staff or personnel of such agency or institution of learning. and make such special reports, surveys or studies as the committee may request.

- (c) A member of the committee shall hold office so long as he shall retain the office by virtue of which he shall be serving on the committee. A majority of the committee shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of a majority in any matter within their duties shall be required for its determination. The chairman and members of the committee shall receive no compensation for their services on the committee, but shall be entitled to expenses, including traveling expenses. necessarily incurred in the discharge of their duties on the committee. The committee shall provide for the execution of surety bonds for all employees and officers who shall be entrusted with funds or property; shall provide for the keeping of a full and accurate public record of all proceedings and of all resolutions, regulations and orders issued or adopted; and shall provide for an annual audit of the accounts of receipts and disbursements.
- (d) In addition to the duties and powers hereinafter conferred upon the state soil conservation committee, it shall have the following duties and powers:
- (1) To offer such assistance as may be appropriate to the supervisors of soil conservation districts, organized as provided hereinafter, in the carrying out of any of their powers and programs;

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- (2) To keep the supervisors of each of the several districts, organized under the provisions of this article, informed of the activities and experience of all other districts organized hereunder, and to facilitate an interchange of advice and experience between such districts and cooperation between them;
 - (3) To coordinate the programs of the several soil conservation districts organized hereunder so far as this may be done by advice and consultation;
 - (4) To secure the cooperation and assistance of the United States and any of its agencies, and of agencies of this state, in the work of such districts;
 - (5) To disseminate information throughout the state concerning the activities and programs of the soil conservation districts organized hereunder, and to encourage the formation of such districts in areas where their organization is desirable;
- (6) To accept and receive donations, gifts, contributions, grants and appropriations in money, services, materials or otherwise, from the United States or any of its agencies, from the state of West Virginia, or from other sources, and to use or expend such money, services, materials or other contributions in carrying out the policy and provisions of this article, including the right to allocate such money, services or materials in part to the various soil conservation districts created by this article in order to assist them in carrying on their operations;
- (7) To obtain options upon and to acquire by purchase, exchange, lease, gift, grant, bequest, devise or otherwise, any property, real or personal, or rights or interests therein; to maintain, administer, operate and improve any properties acquired, to receive and retain income from such property and to expend such income as required for operation, maintenance, administration or improvement of such properties or in otherwise carrying out the purposes and provisions of this article; and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any of its property or interests therein in furtherance of the purposes and the provisions of this article. Money

- received from the sale of land acquired in the small watershed program shall be deposited in the special
- 116 account of the state soil conservation committee and
- 117 expended as herein provided.
- Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten,
- 119 chapter four of this code, the state soil conservation
- 120 committee shall continue to exist until the first day of
- July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to allow for
- 122 the completion of an audit by the joint committee on
- 123 government operations.

CHAPTER 152

(H. B. 2243—By Delegates Flanigan and Love)

[Passed February 12, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article eight, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the West Virginia oil and gas conservation commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article eight, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION.

- §22-8-4. Oil and gas conservation commissioner and commission; commission membership; qualifications of members; terms of members; vacancies on commission; meetings; compensation and expenses; appointment and qualifications of commissioner; general powers and duties.
 - 1 (a) There is hereby continued as provided for in subsection (h) of this section, the "West Virginia Oil and
 - 3 Gas Conservation Commission" which shall be composed
 - 4 of five members. The commissioner of the department
 - 5 of energy and the director for the division of oil and gas

6 shall be members of the commission ex officio. The 7 remaining three members of the commission shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and 8 9 consent of the Senate. Of the three members appointed 10 by the governor, one shall be an independent producer 11 and at least one shall be a public member not engaged 12 in full-time employment in an activity under the 13 jurisdiction of the public service commission or the 14 federal energy regulatory commission. As soon as 15 practical after appointment of the members of the commission, the governor shall call a meeting of the 16 commission to be convened at the state capitol for the 17 18 purpose of organizing and electing a chairman.

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- (b) The members of the commission appointed by the governor shall be appointed for overlapping terms of six years each, except that the original appointments shall be for terms of two, four and six years, respectively. Each member appointed by the governor shall serve until his successor has been appointed and qualified. Members may be appointed by the governor to serve any number of terms. The members of the commission appointed by the governor, before performing any duty hereunder, shall take and subscribe to the oath required by section 5, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia. Vacancies in the membership appointed by the governor shall be filled by appointment by him for the unexpired term of the member whose office shall be vacant and such appointment shall be made by the governor within sixty days of the occurrence of such vacancy. Any member appointed by the governor may be removed by the governor in case of incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance in office.
- (c) The commission shall meet at such times and places as shall be designated by the chairman. The chairman may call a meeting of the commission at any time, and he shall call a meeting of the commission upon the written request of two members or upon the written request of the oil and gas conservation commissioner. Notification of each meeting shall be given in writing to each member by the chairman at least five days in

47 advance of the meeting. Any three members, one of 48 which may be the chairman, shall constitute a quorum 49 for the transaction of any business as herein provided 50 for. A majority of the commission shall be required to 51 determine any issue brought before it.

- (d) Each member of the commission appointed by the governor shall receive thirty-five dollars per diem not to exceed one hundred days per calendar year while actually engaged in the performance of his duties as a member of the commission. Each member of the commission shall also be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of his duties as a member of the commission.
- (e) The commission shall appoint the oil and gas conservation commissioner, fix his salary within available funds, and advise him regarding his duties and authority under this article and consult with him prior to his reaching any final decisions and entering orders hereunder. However, the commissioner has full and final authority under this article with the commission serving in an advisory capacity to him. The commissioner shall possess a degree from an accredited college or university in petroleum engineering or geology and must be a registered professional engineer with particular knowledge and experience in the oil and gas industry.
- (f) The oil and gas commissioner is hereby empowered and it shall be his duty to execute and carry out, administer and enforce the provisions of this article in the manner provided herein. Subject to the provisions of section three of this article, the commissioner shall have jurisdiction and authority over all persons and property necessary therefor. The commissioner is authorized to make such investigation of records and facilities as he deems proper. In the event of a conflict between the duty to prevent waste and the duty to protect correlative rights, the commissioner's duty to prevent waste shall be paramount. He shall serve as secretary of the oil and gas conservation commission.
- (g) Without limiting his general authority, the commissioner shall have specific authority to:

88 (1) Regulate the spacing of deep wells;

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- (2) Make and enforce reasonable rules and regulations and orders reasonably necessary to prevent waste, protect correlative rights, govern the practice and procedure before the commissioner and otherwise administer the provisions of this article;
- (3) Issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum for the production of any books, records, maps, charts, diagrams and other pertinent documents, and administer oaths and affirmations to such witnesses, whenever, in the judgment of the commissioner, it is necessary to do so for the effective discharge of his duties under the provisions of this article; and
- 102 (4) Serve as technical advisor regarding oil and gas 103 to the Legislature, its members and committees, to the 104 director for the division of oil and gas, to the department 105 of energy and to any other agency of state government 106 having responsibility related to the oil and gas industry.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the oil and gas conservation commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.

CHAPTER 153

(H. B. 2228—By Delegates Flanigan and Schadler)

[Passed February 12, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the division of corrections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article one, chapter twenty-five of the code

of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. ORGANIZATION AND INSTITUTIONS.

§25-1-2. Reestablishment of division; findings.

- 1 Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten,
- 2 chapter four of this code, the division of corrections shall
- 3 continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand
- 4 nine hundred ninety-four, to allow for the completion of
- 5 an audit by the joint committee on government opera-
- 6 tions.

CHAPTER 154

(H. B. 2144—By Delegates Love and Schadler)

[Passed February 19, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article two, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the state geological and economic survey.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article two, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. GEODETIC AND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

§29-2-4. State geological and economic survey; director.

- 1 Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten,
- 2 chapter four of this code, the state geological and
- 3 economic survey shall continue to exist until the first
- 4 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to
- 5 allow for the completion of an audit by the joint
- 6 committee on government operations. The governor
- 7 shall appoint as director of the survey a geologist of
- 8 established reputation. The director may employ such
- 9 assistants and employees as he may deem necessary. He

- 10 shall also determine the compensation of all persons
- 11 employed by the survey, and may remove them at
- 12 pleasure.
- The director may set such reasonable fees as may be
- 14 necessary to recover additional costs incurred in
- 15 performing geological and analytical analyses. These
- 16 fees shall be deposited in the state treasury in a special
- 17 revenue account, to be known as the "Geological and
- 18 Analytical Services Fund." The director is hereby
- 19 authorized to expend such funds, as are appropriated by
- 20 the Legislature, from this fund for the purpose of
- 21 defraving said costs.

CHAPTER 155

(S. B. 100—By Senators Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a, relating to placing the division of personnel under sunset review as provided in article ten, chapter four of this code.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM.

§29-6-5a. Termination of division.

- 1 The division of personnel shall be terminated by the
- 2 provisions of article ten, chapter four of this code on the
- 3 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
- 4 seven, unless sooner terminated or unless continued and
- 5 reestablished pursuant to that article.

CHAPTER 156

(S. B. 97—By Senators Spears, Brackenrich, Hawse and J. Manchin)

[Passed February 11, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article twenty, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the women's commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article twenty, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. WOMEN'S COMMISSION.

*§29-20-1. Creation; membership; appointment and terms of members; organization; reimbursement for expenses.

The West Virginia commission on the status of women 1 is hereby abolished, and there is hereby created within 2 the office of the governor the West Virginia women's 3 commission, to consist of seventeen members, six of 4 whom shall be ex officio members, not entitled to vote: 5 The attorney general, the state superintendent of 6 schools, the commissioner of labor, the commissioner of 7 human services, the director of the human rights 8 commission and the director of the division of personnel. 9 10 Each ex officio member may designate one representative employed by his or her department to meet with the 11 commission in his or her absence. The governor shall 12 appoint the additional eleven members, by and with the 13 advice and consent of the Senate, from among the 14 citizens of the state. The governor shall designate the 15 chairman and vice chairman of the commission and the 16 commission may elect such other officers as it deems 17 necessary. The members shall serve a term beginning 18 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-19 seven, three to serve for a term of one year, four to serve 20 for a term of two years, and the remaining four to serve 21

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2809 (Chapter 173), which passed subsequent to this act.

for a term of three years. The successors of the members initially appointed as provided herein shall be appointed for a term of three years each in the same manner as the members initially appointed under this article, except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term. Each member shall serve until the appointment and qualification of his or her successor.

No member may receive any salary for his or her services, but each may be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his or her duties out of funds received by the commission under section four of this article, except that in the event the expenses are paid, or are to be paid, by a third party, the members shall not be reimbursed by the commission.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the West Virginia women's commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.

CHAPTER 157

(H. B. 2146---By Delegates Flanigan and Love)

[Passed February 19, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-six, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the state lottery commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-six, article twenty-two, chapter twentynine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22. STATE LOTTERY ACT.

§29-22-26. Termination of state lottery commission.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the state lottery commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to allow for the

5 completion of an audit by the joint committee on

6 government operations.

CHAPTER 158

(H. B. 2213—By Delegates Love and J. Martin)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article four, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the family law masters system.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article four, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. PROCEEDINGS BEFORE A MASTER.

§48A-4-12. Termination of family law masters system by law.

- 1 Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten,
- 2 chapter four of this code, the family law masters system
- 3 shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one
- 4 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to allow for the
- 5 completion of an audit by the joint committee on
- 6 government operations.

CHAPTER 159

(S. B. 579—By Senator Sharpe)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections nine-a, thirteen and thirty-nine. article three, chapter twenty-two-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections three, five. eight, nine, ten, twelve, fifteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty-two, twenty-six, twenty-eight and forty of said article, all relating to surface coal mining generally; repealing provisions providing for two acre exemptions, repealing the pilot program for growing of grapes; repealing temporary power to grant permits pending primacy approval; amending definitions; reducing probationary period for surface-mining reclamation supervisors and inspectors; relating to approval of a successor in interest to a transfer of a permit: requiring requests for extensions of permits be timely made: increasing minimum tonnage for small operator assistance: correcting a cross reference: measures to avoid acid or other toxic mine drainage; amending notification requirements for blasting; variances for reclamation requirements, termination of permits not commenced within three years, underground workings, extensions; durability testing for durable rock; variances. promulgation of rules; correcting cross reference; safety of citizens on inspections; mandatory notices of violations: extension of abatement periods; civil penalties; suspension of permits; requests for informal conferences or formal hearings; time for decisions on temporary relief requests; completeness and accuracy of permit applications and burden of proof; deletion of limitations on ownership or control on revocation or forfeiture of a permit; permit revisions, requirements; providing that certain operations are not exempt from article; relating to areas unsuitable for mining, right to petition: surface mining operations not subject to article: special permits, removal of coal refuse piles; and permitting authority of commissioner.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nine-a, thirteen and thirty-nine, article three, chapter twenty-two-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that sections three, five, eight, nine, ten, twelve, fifteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty-two, twenty-six, twenty-eight and forty of said article be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA SURFACE COAL MINING AND RECLAMATION ACT.

- §22A-3-3. Definitions.
- §22A-3-5. Surface-mining reclamation supervisors and inspectors; appointment and qualifications; salary.
- §22A-3-8. Prohibition of surface mining without a permit; permit requirements; successor in interest; duration of permits; proof of insurance; termination of permits; permit fees.
- §22A-3-9. Permit application requirements and contents.
- §22A-3-10. Reclamation plan requirements.
- §22A-3-12. General environmental protection performance standards for surface mining; variances.
- §22A-3-15. Inspections; monitoring; right of entry; inspection of records; identification signs; progress maps.
- §22A-3-17. Notice of violation; procedure and actions; enforcement; permit revocation and bond forfeiture; civil and criminal penalties; appeals to the board; prosecution; injunctive relief.
- §22A-3-18. Approval: denial: revision and prohibition of permit.
- §22A-3-19. Permit revision and renewal requirements; incidental boundary revisions; requirements for transfer; assignment and sale of permit rights; and operator reassignment.
- §22A-3-22. Designation of areas unsuitable for surface mining; petition for removal of designation; prohibition of surface mining on certain areas; exceptions; taxation of minerals underlying land designated unsuitable.
- §22A-3-26. Surface-mining operations not subject to article.
- §22A-3-28. Special permits for reclamation of existing abandoned coal processing waste piles.
- §22A-3-40. Consolidation of permitting, enforcement and rule-making authority for surface-mining operations; national pollutant discharge elimination system; effective date of section.

§22A-3-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless used in a context that
- 2 clearly requires a different meaning, the term:
- 3 (a) "Adequate treatment" means treatment of water
- 4 by physical, chemical or other approved methods in a

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manner so that the treated water shall not violate the effluent limitations or cause a violation of the water quality standards established for the river, stream or drainway into which such water is released.

- (b) "Affected area" means, when used in the context of surface-mining activities, all land and water resources within the permit area which are disturbed or utilized during the term of the permit in the course of surface-mining and reclamation activities. "Affected area" means, when used in the context of underground mining activities, all surface land and water resources affected during the term of the permit: (1) By surface operations or facilities incident to underground mining activities; or (2) by underground operations.
- (c) "Adjacent areas" means, for the purpose of permit application, renewal, revision, review and approval, those land and water resources, contiguous to or near a permit area, upon which surface-mining and reclamation operations conducted within a permit area during the life of such operations may have an impact. "Adjacent areas" means, for the purpose of conducting surface-mining and reclamation operations, those land and water resources contiguous to or near the affected area upon which surface-mining and reclamation operations conducted within a permit area during the life of such operations may have an impact.
- (d) "Applicant" means any person who has or should have applied for any permit pursuant to this article.
- (e) "Approximate original contour" means that surface configuration achieved by the backfilling and grading of the disturbed areas so that the reclaimed area, including any terracing or access roads, closely resembles the general surface configuration of the land prior to mining and blends into and complements the drainage pattern of the surrounding terrain, with all highwalls and spoil piles eliminated: *Provided*, That water impoundments may be permitted pursuant to subdivision (8), subsection (b), section twelve of this article: *Provided*, however, That minor deviations may be permitted in order to minimize erosion and sedimen-

- tation, retain moisture to assist revegetation, or to direct surface runoff.
 - (f) "Assessment officer" means an employee of the department, other than a surface-mining reclamation supervisor, inspector or inspector-in-training, appointed by the commissioner to issue proposed penalty assessments and to conduct informal conferences to review notices, orders and proposed penalty assessments.
 - (g) "Breakthrough" means the release of water which has been trapped or impounded, or the release of air into any underground cavity, pocket or area as a result of surface-mining operations.
 - (h) "Coal processing wastes" means earth materials which are or have been combustible, physically unstable or acid-forming or toxic-forming, which are wasted or otherwise separated from product coal, and slurried or otherwise transported from coal processing plants after physical or chemical processing, cleaning or concentrating of coal.
- 64 (i) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the 65 department of energy or his or her authorized agent.
 - (j) "Department" means the department of energy.
 - (k) "Director" means the director of the division of mines and minerals.
 - (1) "Disturbed area" means an area where vegetation, topsoil or overburden has been removed or placed by surface-mining operations, and reclamation is incomplete.
 - (m) "Division" means the division of mines and minerals of the department of energy.
 - (n) "Imminent danger to the health or safety of the public" means the existence of such condition or practice, or any violation of a permit or other requirement of this article, which condition, practice or violation could reasonably be expected to cause substantial physical harm or death to any person outside the permit area before such condition, practice or violation can be abated. A reasonable expectation of death or

- serious injury before abatement exists if a rational person, subjected to the same conditions or practices giving rise to the peril, would not expose himself to the danger during the time necessary for the abatement.
 - (o) "Minerals" means clay, coal, flagstone, gravel, limestone, manganese, sand, sandstone, shale, iron ore and any other metal or metallurgical ore.
 - (p) "Operation" means those activities conducted by an operator who is subject to the jurisdiction of this article.
 - (q) "Operator" means any person who is granted or who should obtain a permit to engage in any activity covered by this article and any rule promulgated hereunder and includes any person who engages in surface mining or surface mining and reclamation operations, or both. The term shall also be construed in a manner consistent with the federal program pursuant to Public Law 95-87.
 - (r) "Permit" means a permit to conduct surfacemining operations pursuant to this article.
 - (s) "Permit area" means the area of land indicated on the approved proposal map submitted by the operator as part of his application showing the location of perimeter markers and monuments and shall be readily identifiable by appropriate markers on the site.
- 107 (t) "Permittee" means a person holding a permit 108 issued under this article.
 - (u) "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, society, association, trust, corporation, other business entity or any agency, unit or instrumentality of federal, state or local government.
 - (v) "Prime farmland" has the same meaning as that prescribed by the United States secretary of agriculture on the basis of such factors as moisture availability, temperature regime, chemical balance, permeability, surface layer composition, susceptibility to flooding and erosion characteristics, and which historically have been used for intensive agricultural purposes and as published in the federal register.

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- 121 (w) "Surface mine", "surface mining" or "surface-122 mining operations" means:
- 123 (1) Activities conducted on the surface of lands for the 124 removal of coal, or, subject to the requirements of 125 section fourteen of this article, surface operations and 126 surface impacts incident to an underground coal mine. 127 including the drainage and discharge therefrom. Such 128 activities include: Excavation for the purpose of 129 obtaining coal, including, but not limited to, such 130 common methods as contour, strip, auger, mountaintop 131 removal, box cut, open pit and area mining; the uses of 132 explosives and blasting: reclamation: in situ distillation 133 or retorting, leaching or other chemical or physical 134 processing: the cleaning, concentrating or other process-135 ing or preparation and loading of coal for commercial 136 purposes at or near the mine site; and
 - (2) The areas upon which the above activities occur or where such activities disturb the natural land surface. Such areas shall also include any adjacent land, the use of which is incidental to any such activities: all lands affected by the construction of new roads or the improvement or use of existing roads to gain access to the site of such activities and for haulage; and excavations, workings, impoundments, dams, ventilation shafts, entryways, refuse banks, dumps, stockpiles, overburden piles, spoil banks, culm banks, tailings, holes or depressions, repair areas, storage areas, processing areas, shipping areas and other areas upon which are sited structures, facilities, or other property or materials on the surface, resulting from or incident to such activities: Provided, That such activities do not include the extraction of coal incidental to the extraction of other minerals where coal does not exceed sixteen and two-thirds percent of the tonnage of minerals removed for purposes of commercial use or sale, or coal prospecting subject to section seven of this article.
 - (x) "Underground mine" means the surface effects associated with the shaft, slopes, drifts or inclines connected with excavations penetrating coal seams or strata and the equipment connected therewith which

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- contribute directly or indirectly to the mining, preparation or handling of coal.
- 163 (y) "Significant, imminent environmental harm to 164 land, air or water resources" means the existence of any 165 condition or practice, or any violation of a permit or 166 other requirement of this article, which condition, 167 practice or violation could reasonably be expected to 168 cause significant and imminent environmental harm to land, air or water resources. The term "environmental 169 170 harm" means any adverse impact on land, air or water 171 resources, including, but not limited to, plant, wildlife 172 and fish, and the environmental harm is imminent if a condition or practice exists which is causing such harm 173 174 or may reasonably be expected to cause such harm at 175 any time before the end of the abatement time set by 176 the commissioner. An environmental harm is significant 177 if that harm is appreciable and not immediately 178 repairable.

§22A-3-5. Surface-mining reclamation supervisors and inspectors; appointment and qualifications; salary.

The commissioner shall determine the number of surface-mining reclamation supervisors and inspectors needed to carry out the purposes of this article and appoint them as such. All such appointees shall be qualified civil service employees, but no person shall be eligible for such appointment until he or she has served in a probationary status for a period of six months to the satisfaction of the commissioner.

Every surface-mining reclamation supervisor shall be paid not less than thirty thousand dollars per year. Every surface-mining reclamation inspector shall be paid not less than twenty-five thousand dollars per year.

§22A-3-8. Prohibition of surface mining without a permit; permit requirements; successor in interest; duration of permits; proof of insurance; termination of permits; permit fees.

No person may engage in surface-mining operations unless such person has first obtained a permit from the commissioner in accordance with the following:

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- 4 (a) Within two months after the secretary of the interior approves a permanent state program for West Virginia, all surface-mining operators shall file an application for a permit or modification of a valid existing permit or underground opening approval relating to those lands to be mined eight months after that approval.
 - (b) No later than eight months after the secretary's approval of a permanent state program for West Virginia, no person may engage in or carry out, on lands within this state, any surface-mining operations unless such person has first obtained a permit from the commissioner: Provided. That those persons conducting such operations under a permit or underground opening approval issued in accordance with section 502 (c) of Public Law 95-87, and in compliance therewith, may conduct such operations beyond such period if an application for a permit or modification of a valid existing permit or underground opening approval was filed within two months after the secretary's approval. and the administrative decision pertaining to the granting or denying of such permit has not been made by the commissioner.
 - (c) All permits issued pursuant to the requirements of this article shall be issued for a term not to exceed five years: Provided. That if the applicant demonstrates that a specified longer term is reasonably needed to allow the applicant to obtain necessary financing for equipment and the opening of the operation, and if the application is full and complete for such specified longer term, the commissioner may extend a permit for such longer term: Provided, however, That subject to the prior approval of the commissioner, with such approval being subject to the provisions of subsection (c), section eighteen of this article, a successor in interest to a permittee who applies for a new permit, or transfer of a permit, within thirty days of succeeding to such interest, and who is able to obtain the bond coverage of the original permittee, may continue surface-mining and reclamation operations according to the approved mining and reclamation plan of the original permittee

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- until such successor's permit application or application for transfer is granted or denied.
- 47 (d) Proof of insurance shall be required on an annual 48 basis.
 - (e) A permit shall terminate if the permittee has not commenced the surface-mining operations covered by such permit within three years of the date the permit was issued: Provided, That the commissioner may grant reasonable extensions of time upon a timely showing that such extensions are necessary by reason of litigation precluding such commencement, or threatening substantial economic loss to the permittee, or by reason of conditions beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the permittee: Provided, however. That with respect to coal to be mined for use in a synthetic fuel facility or specific major electric generating facility, the permittee shall be deemed to have commenced surface-mining operations at such time as the construction of the synthetic fuel or generating facility is initiated.
 - (f) Each application for a new surface-mining permit filed pursuant to this article shall be accompanied by a fee of one thousand dollars. All permit fees and renewal fees provided for in this section or elsewhere in this article shall be collected by the commissioner and deposited with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the operating permit fees fund and shall be used, upon requisition of the commissioner, for the administration of this article.
 - (g) Prior to the issuance of any permit, the commissioner of energy shall ascertain from the commissioner of labor compliance with section fourteen, article five, chapter twenty-one of this code. Upon issuance of the permit, the commissioner of energy shall forward a copy to the commissioner of labor, who shall assure continued compliance under such permit.

§22A-3-9. Permit application requirements and contents.

1 (a) The surface-mining permit application shall contain:

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- (1) The names and addresses of: (A) The permit applicant; (B) the owner of record of the property, surface and mineral, to be mined; (C) the holders of record of any leasehold interest in the property; (D) any purchaser of record of the property under a real estate contract; (E) the operator, if he is a person different from the applicant; and (F) if any of these are business entities other than a single proprietor, the names and addresses of the principals, officers and resident agent:
- (2) The names and addresses of the owners of record of all surface and subsurface areas contiguous to any part of the proposed permit area: *Provided*, That all residents living on property contiguous to the proposed permit area shall be notified by the applicant, by registered or certified mail, of such application on or before the first day of publication of the notice provided for in subdivision (6) of this subsection;
- (3) A statement of any current surface-mining permits held by the applicant in the state and the permit number and each pending application;
- (4) If the applicant is a partnership, corporation, association or other business entity, the following where applicable: The names and addresses of every officer, partner, resident agent, director or person performing a function similar to a director, together with the names and addresses of any person owning of record ten percent or more of any class of voting stock of the applicant; and a list of all names under which the applicant, officer, director, partner or principal shareholder previously operated a surface-mining operation in the United States within the five-year period preceding the date of submission of the application;
- (5) A statement of whether the applicant, or any officer, partner, director, principal shareholder of the applicant, any subsidiary, affiliate or persons controlled by or under common control with the applicant, has ever been an officer, partner, director or principal shareholder in a company which has ever held a federal or state mining permit which in the five-year period prior to the date of submission of the application has been

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- permanently suspended or revoked or has had a mining bond or similar security deposited in lieu of bond forfeited and, if so, a brief explanation of the facts involved:
- 47 (6) A copy of the applicant's advertisement to be 48 published in a newspaper of general circulation in the 49 locality of the proposed permit area at least once a week for four successive weeks. The advertisement shall 50 51 contain in abbreviated form the information required by 52 this section including the ownership and map of the 53 tract location and boundaries of the proposed site so that the proposed operation is readily locatable by local 54 residents, the location of the office of the division of 55 energy where the application is available for public 56 57 inspection and stating that written protests will be 58 accepted by the commissioner until a certain date which shall be at least thirty days after the last publication of 59 60 the applicant's advertisement;
 - (7) A description of the type and method of surfacemining operation that exists or is proposed, the engineering techniques used or proposed, and the equipment used or proposed to be used;
 - (8) The anticipated starting and termination dates of each phase of the surface-mining operation and the number of acres of land to be affected;
 - (9) A description of the legal documents upon which the applicant bases his legal right to enter and conduct surface-mining operations on the proposed permit area and whether that right is the subject of pending court litigation: *Provided*, That nothing in this article may be construed as vesting in the commissioner the jurisdiction to adjudicate property-rights disputes;
 - (10) The name of the watershed and location of the surface stream or tributary into which surface and pit drainage will be discharged;
 - (11) A determination of the probable hydrologic consequences of the mining and reclamation operations, both on and off the mine site, with respect to the hydrologic regime, quantity and quality of water in

surface and ground water systems, including the dissolved and suspended solids under seasonal flow conditions and the collection of sufficient data for the mine site and surrounding areas so that an assessment can be made by the commissioner of the probable cumulative impacts of all anticipated mining in the area upon the hydrology of the area, and particularly upon water availability: *Provided*, That this determination shall not be required until such time as hydrologic information on the general area prior to mining is made available from an appropriate federal or state agency or, if existing and in the possession of the applicant, from the applicant: *Provided*, *however*, That the permit application shall not be approved until the information is available and is incorporated into the application;

(12) Accurate maps to an appropriate scale clearly showing: (A) The land to be affected as of the date of application; (B) the area of land within the permit area upon which the applicant has the legal right to enter and conduct surface-mining operations; and (C) all types of information set forth on enlarged topographical maps of the United States geological survey of a scale of 1:24,000 or larger, including all man-made features and significant known archaeological sites existing on the date of application. In addition to other things specified by the commissioner, the map shall show the boundary lines and names of present owners of record of all surface areas abutting the proposed permit area and the location of all structures within one thousand feet of the proposed permit area;

(13) Cross-section maps or plans of the proposed affected area, including the actual area to be mined, prepared by or under the direction of and certified by a person approved by the commissioner, showing pertinent elevation and location of test borings or core samplings, where required by the commissioner, and depicting the following information: (A) The nature and depth of the various strata or overburden; (B) the location of subsurface water, if encountered, and its quality; (C) the nature and thickness of any coal or rider seams above the seam to be mined; (D) the nature of the

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- 123 stratum immediately beneath the coal seam to be mined: 124 (E) all mineral crop lines and the strike and dip of the coal to be mined, within the area of land to be affected; 125 126 (F) existing or previous surface-mining limits; (G) the 127 location and extent of known workings of any under-128 ground mines, including mine openings to the surface: 129 (H) the location of any significant aguifers: (I) the 130 estimated elevation of the water table: (J) the location 131 of spoil, waste or refuse areas and topsoil preservation 132 areas; (K) the location of all impoundments for waste or 133 erosion control; (L) any settling or water treatment 134 facility or drainage system; (M) constructed or natural 135 drainways and the location of any discharges to any 136 surface body of water on the area of land to be affected or adjacent thereto; and (N) adequate profiles at 137 138 appropriate cross sections of the anticipated final 139 surface configuration that will be achieved pursuant to 140 the operator's proposed reclamation plan;
- 141 (14) A statement of the result of test borings or core 142 samples from the permit area, including: (A) Logs of the 143 drill holes; (B) the thickness of the coal seam to be mined 144 and analysis of the chemical and physical properties of the coal; (C) the sulfur content of any coal seam; (D) 145 chemical analysis of potentially acid or toxic forming 146 sections of the overburden; and (E) chemical analysis of 147 the stratum lying immediately underneath the coal to 148 be mined: Provided, That the provisions of this subdi-149 vision may be waived by the commissioner with respect 150 to the specific application by a written determination 151 152 that such requirements are unnecessary;
 - (15) For those lands in the permit application which a reconnaissance inspection suggests may be prime farmlands, a soil survey shall be made or obtained according to standards established by the secretary of agriculture in order to confirm the exact location of such prime farmlands;
- (16) A reclamation plan as presented in section ten of this article;
- 161 (17) Information pertaining to coal seams, test 162 borings, core samplings or soil samples as required by

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- 163 this section shall be made available to any person with an interest which is or may be adversely affected: 164 165 Provided, That information which pertains only to the 166 analysis of the chemical and physical properties of the coal. except information regarding mineral or elemental 167 content which is potentially toxic to the environment. 168 169 shall be kept confidential and not made a matter of 170 public record:
- 171 (18) When requested by the commissioner, the clima-172 tological factors that are peculiar to the locality of the 173 land to be affected, including the average seasonal 174 precipitation, the average direction and velocity of 175 prevailing winds, and the seasonal temperature ranges; 176 and
 - (19) Other information that may be required by rules and regulations reasonably necessary to effectuate the purposes of this article.
 - (b) If the commissioner finds that the probable total annual production at all locations of any coal surface-mining operator will not exceed three hundred thousand tons, the determination of probable hydrologic consequences and the statement of the result of test borings or core samplings shall, upon the written request of the operator, be performed by a qualified public or private laboratory designated by the commissioner and a reasonable cost of the preparation of such determination and statement shall be assumed by the division from funds provided by the United States department of the interior pursuant to Public Law 95-87.
 - (c) Before the first publication of the applicant's advertisement, each applicant for a surface-mining permit shall file, except for that information pertaining to the coal seam itself, a copy of the application for public inspection in the nearest office of the division of energy as specified in the applicant's advertisement.
 - (d) Each applicant for a permit shall be required to submit to the commissioner as a part of the permit application a certificate issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in this state covering the surface-mining operation for which the permit is sought,

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203 or evidence that the applicant has satisfied state self-204 insurance requirements. The policy shall provide for 205 personal injury and property damage protection in an 206 amount adequate to compensate any persons damaged 207 as a result of surface coal mining and reclamation 208 operations, including use of explosives, and entitled to 209 compensation under the applicable provisions of state 210 law. The policy shall be maintained in full force and 211 effect during the terms of the permit or any renewal. 212 including the length of all reclamation operations.

- (e) Each applicant for a surface-mining permit shall submit to the commissioner as part of the permit application a blasting plan where explosives are to be used, which shall outline the procedures and standards by which the operator will meet the provisions of the blasting performance standards.
- 219 (f) The applicant shall file as part of his permit application a schedule listing all notices of violation. 220 221 bond forfeitures, permit revocations, cessation orders or 222 permanent suspension orders resulting from a violation 223 of Public Law 95-87, this article or any law or regulation of the United States or any department or agency of any 224 state pertaining to air or environmental protection 225 received by the applicant in connection with any 226 227 surface-mining operation during the three-year period prior to the date of application, and indicating the final 228 229 resolution of any notice of violation, forfeiture, revoca-230 tion, cessation or permanent suspension.
 - (g) Within five working days of receipt of an application for a permit, the commissioner shall notify the operator in writing, stating whether the application is complete and whether the operator's advertisement may be published. If the application is not complete, the commissioner shall state in writing why the application is incomplete.

§22A-3-10. Reclamation plan requirements.

1 (a) Each reclamation plan submitted as part of a 2 surface-mining permit application shall include, in the 3 degree of detail necessary to demonstrate that reclama-4 tion required by this article can be accomplished, a

5 statement of:

- (1) The identification of the lands subject to surface mining over the estimated life of these operations and the size, sequence and timing of the operations for which it is anticipated that individual permits for mining will be sought;
- (2) The condition of the land to be covered by the permit prior to any mining, including: (A) The uses existing at the time of the application and, if such land has a history of previous mining, the uses which preceded any mining; (B) the capability of the land prior to any mining to support a variety of uses, giving consideration to soil and foundation characteristics, topography and vegetation cover and, if applicable, a soil survey prepared pursuant to subdivision (15), subsection (a), section nine of this article; and (C) the best information available on the productivity of the land prior to mining, including appropriate classification as prime farmlands, and the average yield of food, fiber, forage or wood products from such lands obtained under high levels of management:
- (3) The use which is proposed to be made of the land following reclamation, including a discussion of the utility and capacity of the reclaimed land to support a variety of alternative uses and the relationship of such use to existing land use policies and plans, and the comments of any owner of the surface, other state agencies and local governments, which would have to initiate, implement, approve or authorize the proposed use of the land following reclamation;
- (4) A detailed description of how the proposed postmining land use is to be achieved and the necessary support activities which may be needed to achieve the proposed land use;
- (5) The engineering techniques proposed to be used in mining and reclamation and a description of the major equipment; a plan for the control of surface water drainage and of water accumulation; a plan where appropriate, for backfilling, soil stabilization and compacting, grading, revegetation and a plan for soil

- reconstruction, replacement and stabilization pursuant to the performance standards in subdivision (7), subsection (b), section twelve of this article for those food, forage and forest lands identified therein; and a statement as to how the operator plans to comply with each of the applicable requirements set out in section twelve or fourteen of this article:
 - (6) A detailed estimated timetable for the accomplishment of each major step in the reclamation plan;
 - (7) The consideration which has been given to conducting surface-mining operations in a manner consistent with surface owner plans and applicable state and local land use plans and programs;
 - (8) The steps to be taken to comply with applicable air and water quality laws and regulations and any applicable health and safety standards;
 - (9) The consideration which has been given to developing the reclamation plan in a manner consistent with local physical environmental and climatological conditions;
 - (10) All lands, interests in lands or options on such interests held by the applicant or pending bids on interests in lands by the applicant, which lands are contiguous to the area to be covered by the permit;
 - (11) A detailed description of the measures to be taken during the surface-mining and reclamation process to assure the protection of: (A) The quality of surface and ground water systems, both on-and off-site, from adverse effects of the surface-mining operation; (B) the rights of present users to such water; and (C) the quantity of surface and ground water systems, both on-and off-site, from adverse effects of the surface-mining operation or to provide alternative sources of water where such protection of quantity cannot be assured;
 - (12) The results of tests borings which the applicant has made at the area to be covered by the permit, or other equivalent information and data in a form satisfactory to the commissioner, including the location of subsurface water, and an analysis of the chemical

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- properties, including acid forming properties of the mineral and overburden: *Provided*, That information which pertains only to the analysis of the chemical and physical properties of the coal, except information regarding such mineral or elemental contents which are potentially toxic in the environment, shall be kept confidential and not made a matter of public record:
- 91 (13) The consideration which has been given to 92 maximize the utilization and conservation of the solid 93 fuel resource being recovered so that reaffecting the 94 land in the future can be minimized; and
- 95 (14) Such other requirements as the commissioner 96 may prescribe by regulation.
- 97 (b) The reclamation plan shall be available to the 98 public for review except for those portions thereof 99 specifically exempted in subsection (a) of this section.

§22A-3-12. General environmental protection performance standards for surface mining; variances.

- 1 (a) Any permit issued by the commissioner pursuant
 2 to this article to conduct surface-mining operations shall
 3 require that such surface-mining operations will meet
 4 all applicable performance standards of this article and
 5 other requirements as the commissioner shall
 6 promulgate.
 - (b) The following general performance standards shall be applicable to all surface mines and shall require the operation as a minimum to:
 - (1) Maximize the utilization and conservation of the solid fuel resource being recovered to minimize reaffecting the land in the future through surface mining;
 - (2) Restore the land affected to a condition capable of supporting the uses which it was capable of supporting prior to any mining, or higher or better uses of which there is reasonable likelihood so long as the use or uses do not present any actual or probable hazard to public health or safety or pose any actual or probable threat of water diminution or pollution, and the permit

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applicants' declared proposed land use following reclamation is not deemed to be impractical or unreasonable, inconsistent with applicable land use policies and plans, involves unreasonable delay in implementation, or is violative of federal, state or local law;

(3) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, 25 26 with respect to all surface mines, backfill, compact 27 where advisable to ensure stability or to prevent 28 leaching of toxic materials, and grade in order to restore 29 the approximate original contour: Provided. That in 30 surface mining which is carried out at the same location 31 over a substantial period of time where the operation 32 transects the coal deposit, and the thickness of the coal 33 deposits relative to the volume of the overburden is large 34 and where the operator demonstrates that the over-35 burden and other spoil and waste materials at a 36 particular point in the permit area or otherwise 37 available from the entire permit area is insufficient. giving due consideration to volumetric expansion, to 38 39 restore the approximate original contour, the operator, 40 at a minimum, shall backfill, grade and compact, where 41 advisable, using all available overburden and other spoil 42 and waste materials to attain the lowest practicable grade, but not more than the angle of repose, to provide 43 adequate drainage and to cover all acid-forming and 44 other toxic materials, in order to achieve an ecologically 45 46 sound land use compatible with the surrounding region: Provided, however. That in surface mining where the 47 volume of overburden is large relative to the thickness 48 of the coal deposit and where the operator demonstrates 49 that due to volumetric expansion the amount of over-50 51 burden and other spoil and waste materials removed in the course of the mining operation is more than 52 sufficient to restore the approximate original contour. 53 the operator shall, after restoring the approximate 54 contour, backfill, grade and compact, where advisable. 55 the excess overburden and other spoil and waste 56 materials to attain the lowest grade, but not more than 57 the angle of repose, and to cover all acid-forming and 58 other toxic materials, in order to achieve an ecologically 59 sound land use compatible with the surrounding region 60 and, such overburden or spoil shall be shaped and 61

- graded in such a way as to prevent slides, erosion and water pollution and is revegetated in accordance with the requirements of this article: Provided further. That the commissioner shall promulgate rules and regula-tions governing variances to the requirements for return to approximate original contour or highwall elimination and where adequate material is not available from surface-mining operations permitted after the effective date of this article for: (A) Underground mining operations existing prior to the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, or (B) for areas upon which surface mining prior to the first day of July. one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, created highwalls:
 - (4) Stabilize and protect all surface areas, including spoil piles, affected by the surface-mining operation to effectively control erosion and attendant air and water pollution;
 - (5) Remove the topsoil from the land in a separate layer, replace it on the backfill area, or if not utilized immediately, segregate it in a separate pile from other spoil and, when the topsoil is not replaced on a backfill area within a time short enough to avoid deterioration of the topsoil, maintain a successful vegetative cover by quick growing plants or by other similar means in order to protect topsoil from wind and water erosion and keep it free of any contamination by other acid or toxic material: *Provided*, That if topsoil is of insufficient quantity or of poor quality for sustaining vegetation, or if other strata can be shown to be more suitable for vegetation requirements, then the operator shall remove, segregate and preserve in a like manner such other strata which is best able to support vegetation;
 - (6) Restore the topsoil or the best available subsoil which is best able to support vegetation;
 - (7) Ensure that all prime farmlands are mined and reclaimed in accordance with the specifications for soil removal, storage, replacement and reconstruction established by the United States secretary of agriculture and the soil conservation service pertaining thereto. The

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102 operator, as a minimum, shall be required to: (A) 103 Segregate the A horizon of the natural soil, except 104 where it can be shown that other available soil materials 105 will create a final soil having a greater productive 106 capacity, and if not utilized immediately, stockpile this 107 material separately from other spoil, and provide 108 needed protection from wind and water erosion or 109 contamination by other acid or toxic material: (B) 110 segregate the B horizon of the natural soil, or underly-111 ing C horizons or other strata, or a combination of such 112 horizons or other strata that are shown to be both texturally and chemically suitable for plant growth and 113 114 that can be shown to be equally or more favorable for 115 plant growth than the B horizon, in sufficient quantities 116 to create in the regraded final soil a root zone of comparable depth and quality to that which existed in 117 the natural soil, and if not utilized immediately, 118 119 stockpile this material separately from other spoil and 120 provide needed protection from wind and water erosion or contamination by other acid or toxic material; (C) 121 122 replace and regrade the root zone material described in 123 subparagraph (B) above with proper compaction and 124 uniform depth over the regraded spoil material; and (D) redistribute and grade in a uniform manner the surface 125 126 soil horizon described in subparagraph (A) above:

- (8) Create, if authorized in the approved surfacemining and reclamation plan and permit, permanent impoundments of water on mining sites as part of reclamation activities in accordance with regulations promulgated by the commissioner;
- (9) Where augering is the method of recovery, seal all auger holes with an impervious and noncombustible material in order to prevent drainage except where the commissioner determines that the resulting impoundment of water in such auger holes may create a hazard to the environment or the public welfare and safety: Provided, That the commissioner may prohibit augering if necessary to maximize the utilization, recoverability or conservation of the mineral resources or to protect against adverse water quality impacts;
 - (10) Minimize the disturbances to the prevailing

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hydrologic balance at the mine site and in associated offsite areas and to the quality and quantity of water in surface and ground water systems both during and after surface-mining operations and during reclamation by: (A) Avoiding acid or other toxic mine drainage by such measures as, but not limited to: (i) Preventing or removing water from contact with toxic producing deposits: (ii) treating drainage to reduce toxic content which adversely affects downstream water upon being released to water courses; and (iii) casing, sealing or otherwise managing boreholes, shafts and wells and keep acid or other toxic drainage from entering ground and surface waters; (B) conducting surface-mining operations so as to prevent to the extent possible, using the best technology currently available, additional contributions of suspended solids to streamflow or runoff outside the permit area, but in no event shall contributions be in excess of requirements set by applicable state or federal law; (C) constructing an approved drainage system pursuant to subparagraph (B) of this subdivision prior to commencement of surface-mining operations, such system to be certified by a person approved by the commissioner to be constructed as designed and as approved in the reclamation plan; (D) avoiding channel deepening or enlargement in operations requiring the discharge of water from mines; (E) unless otherwise authorized by the commissioner, cleaning out and removing temporary or large settling ponds or other siltation structures after disturbed areas are revegetated and stabilized, and depositing the silt and debris at a site and in a manner approved by the commissioner; (F) restoring recharge capacity of the mined area to approximate premining conditions; and (G) such other actions as the commissioner may prescribe;

(11) With respect to surface disposal of mine wastes, tailings, coal processing wastes and other wastes in areas other than the mine working excavations, stabilize all waste piles in designated areas through construction in compacted layers, including the use of noncombustible and impervious materials if necessary, and assure the final contour of the waste pile will be compatible

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- with natural surroundings and that the site will be stabilized and revegetated according to the provisions of this article;
 - (12) Design, locate, construct, operate, maintain, enlarge, modify and remove or abandon, in accordance with standards and criteria developed pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, all existing and new coal mine waste piles consisting of mine wastes, tailings, coal processing wastes or other liquid and solid wastes, and used either temporarily or permanently as dams or embankments;
 - (13) Refrain from surface mining within five hundred feet of any active and abandoned underground mines in order to prevent breakthroughs and to protect health or safety of miners: Provided, That the commissioner shall permit an operator to mine near, through or partially through an abandoned underground mine or closer to an active underground mine if: (A) The nature, timing and sequencing of the approximate coincidence of specific surface-mine activities with specific underground mine activities are coordinated jointly by the operators involved and approved by the commissioner; and (B) such operations will result in improved resource recovery, abatement of water pollution or elimination of hazards to the health and safety of the public: Provided, however, That any breakthrough which does occur shall be sealed:
 - (14) Ensure that all debris, acid-forming materials, toxic materials or materials constituting a fire hazard are treated or buried and compacted, or otherwise disposed of in a manner designed to prevent contamination of ground or surface waters, and that contingency plans are developed to prevent sustained combustion: *Provided*, That the operator shall remove or bury all metal, lumber, equipment and other debris resulting from the operation before grading release;
 - (15) Ensure that explosives are used only in accordance with existing state and federal law and the regulations promulgated by the commissioner, which shall include provisions to: (A) Provide adequate

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advance written notice to local governments and residents who might be affected by the use of the explosives by publication of the planned blasting schedule in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality and by mailing a copy of the proposed blasting schedule to every resident living within one-half mile of the proposed blasting site: Provided, That this notice shall suffice as daily notice to residents or occupants of the areas: (B) maintain for a period of at least three vears and make available for public inspection, upon written request, a log detailing the location of the blasts. the pattern and depth of the drill holes, the amount of explosives used per hole and the order and length of delay in the blasts; (C) limit the type of explosives and detonating equipment, the size, the timing and frequency of blasts based upon the physical conditions of the site so as to prevent: (i) Injury to persons: (ii) damage to public and private property outside the permit area: (iii) adverse impacts on any underground mine: and (iv) change in the course, channel or availability of ground or surface water outside the permit area; (D) require that all blasting operations be conducted by persons certified by the director of the division of mines and minerals: and (E) provide that upon written request of a resident or owner of a man-made dwelling or structure within one-half mile of any portion of the permit area, the applicant or permittee shall conduct a preblasting survey or other appropriate investigation of the structures and submit the results to the commissioner and a copy to the resident or owner making the request. The area of the survey shall be determined by the commissioner in accordance with regulations promulgated by him:

(16) Ensure that all reclamation efforts proceed in an environmentally sound manner and as contemporaneously as practicable with the surface-mining operations. Time limits shall be established by the commissioner requiring backfilling, grading and planting to be kept current: *Provided*, That where surface-mining operations and underground mining operations are proposed on the same area, which operations must be conducted under separate permits, the commissioner may grant a

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- variance from the requirement that reclamation efforts proceed as contemporaneously as practicable to permit underground mining operations prior to reclamation:
- 270 (A) If the commissioner finds in writing that:
- 271 (i) The applicant has presented, as part of the permit 272 application, specific, feasible plans for the proposed 273 underground mining operations;
 - (ii) The proposed underground mining operations are necessary or desirable to assure maximum practical recovery of the mineral resource and will avoid multiple disturbance of the surface;
- (iii) The applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated that the plan for the underground mining operations conforms to requirements for underground mining in the jurisdiction and that permits necessary for the underground mining operations have been issued by the appropriate authority;
- 284 (iv) The areas proposed for the variance have been 285 shown by the applicant to be necessary for the imple-286 menting of the proposed underground mining 287 operations;
 - (v) No substantial adverse environmental damage, either on-site or off-site, will result from the delay in completion of reclamation as required by this article; and
- 292 (vi) Provisions for the off-site storage of spoil will 293 comply with subdivision (22), subsection (b) of this 294 section;
 - (B) If the commissioner has promulgated specific regulations to govern the granting of such variances in accordance with the provisions of this subparagraph and has imposed such additional requirements as he deems necessary;
 - (C) If variances granted under the provisions of this paragraph are reviewed by the commissioner not more than three years from the date of issuance of the permit: *Provided*, That the underground mining permit shall terminate if the underground operations have not

- commenced within three years of the date the permit was issued, unless extended as set forth in subsection (e), section eight of this article; and
- 308 (D) If liability under the bond filed by the applicant with the commissioner pursuant to subsection (b), section eleven of this article shall be for the duration of the underground mining operations and until the requirements of subsection (g), section eleven and section twenty-three of this article have been fully complied with.
- (17) Ensure that the construction, maintenance and postmining conditions of access and haulroads into and across the site of operations will control or prevent erosion and siltation, pollution of water, damage to fish or wildlife or their habitat, or public or private property: Provided, That access roads constructed for and used to provide infrequent service to surface facilities, such as ventilators or monitoring devices, shall be exempt from specific construction criteria provided adequate stabilization to control erosion is achieved through alternative measures:
 - (18) Refrain from the construction of roads or other access ways up a stream bed or drainage channel or in proximity to the channel so as to significantly alter the normal flow of water;
 - (19) Establish on the regraded areas, and all other lands affected, a diverse, effective and permanent vegetative cover of the same seasonal variety native to the area of land to be affected or of a fruit, grape or berry producing variety suitable for human consumption and capable of self-regeneration and plant succession at least equal in extent of cover to the natural vegetation of the area, except that introduced species may be used in the revegetation process where desirable or when necessary to achieve the approved postmining land use plan;
 - (20) Assume the responsibility for successful revegetation, as required by subdivision (19) of this subsection, for a period of not less than five growing seasons, as defined by the commissioner, after the last year of

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345 augmented seeding, fertilizing, irrigation or other work 346 in order to assure compliance with subdivision (19) of 347 this subsection: Provided, That when the commissioner 348 issues a written finding approving a long-term agricul-349 tural postmining land use as a part of the mining and 350 reclamation plan, the commissioner may grant excep-351 tion to the provisions of subdivision (19) of this subsec-352 tion: Provided, however, That when the commissioner 353 approves an agricultural postmining land use, the 354 applicable five growing seasons of responsibility for 355 revegetation shall commence at the date of initial 356 planting for such agricultural postmining land use:

- (21) Protect off-site areas from slides or damage occurring during surface-mining operations and not deposit spoil material or locate any part of the operations or waste accumulations outside the permit area: *Provided*, That spoil material may be placed outside the permit area, if approved by the commissioner, after a finding that environmental benefits will result from such:
- (22) Place all excess spoil material resulting from surface-mining activities in such a manner that: (A) Spoil is transported and placed in a controlled manner in position for concurrent compaction and in a way as to assure mass stability and to prevent mass movement: (B) the areas of disposal are within the bonded permit areas and all organic matter shall be removed immediately prior to spoil placements; (C) appropriate surface and internal drainage system or diversion ditches are used to prevent spoil erosion and movement; (D) the disposal area does not contain springs, natural water courses or wet weather seeps, unless lateral drains are constructed from the wet areas to the main underdrains in a manner that filtration of the water into the spoil pile will be prevented; (E) if placed on a slope, the spoil is placed upon the most moderate slope among those upon which, in the judgment of the commissioner, the spoil could be placed in compliance with all the requirements of this article, and shall be placed, where possible, upon, or above, a natural terrace, bench or berm, if placement provides additional stability and

prevents mass movement; (F) where the toe of the spoil rests on a downslope, a rock toe buttress, of sufficient size to prevent mass movement, is constructed: (G) the final configuration is compatible with the natural drainage pattern and surroundings and suitable for intended uses; (H) design of the spoil disposal area is certified by a qualified registered professional engineer in conformance with professional standards; and (I) all other provisions of this article are met: Provided, That where the excess spoil material consists of at least eighty percent, by volume, sandstone, limestone or other rocks that do not slake in water and will not degrade to soil material, the commissioner may approve alternate methods for disposal of excess spoil material, including fill placement by dumping in a single lift, on a site specific basis: Provided, however, That the services of a qualified registered professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of earth and rockfill embankment are utilized: Provided further, That such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld if the site is suitable:

- (23) Meet such other criteria as are necessary to achieve reclamation in accordance with the purposes of this article, taking into consideration the physical, climatological and other characteristics of the site;
- (24) To the extent possible, using the best technology currently available, minimize disturbances and adverse impacts of the operation on fish, wildlife and related environmental values, and achieve enhancement of these resources where practicable; and
- (25) Retain a natural barrier to inhibit slides and erosion on permit areas where outcrop barriers are required: Provided, That constructed barriers may be allowed where: (A) Natural barriers do not provide adequate stability; (B) natural barriers would result in potential future water quality deterioration; and (C) natural barriers would conflict with the goal of maximum utilization of the mineral resource: Provided, however, That at a minimum, the constructed barrier must be of sufficient width and height to provide adequate stability and the stability factor must equal or

- 427 exceed that of the natural outcrop barrier: *Provided*428 further, That where water quality is paramount, the
 429 constructed barrier must be composed of impervious
 430 material with controlled discharge points.
 - (c) (1) The commissioner may prescribe procedures pursuant to which he may permit surface-mining operations for the purposes set forth in subdivision (3) of this subsection.
 - (2) Where an applicant meets the requirements of subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection, a permit without regard to the requirement to restore to approximate original contour set forth in subsection (b) or (d) of this section may be granted for the surface mining of coal where the mining operation will remove an entire coal seam or seams running through the upper fraction of a mountain, ridge or hill, except as provided in subparagraph (A), subdivision (4) of this subsection, by removing all of the overburden and creating a level plateau or a gently rolling contour with no highwalls remaining, and capable of supporting postmining uses in accordance with the requirements of this subsection.
 - (3) In cases where an industrial, commercial, woodland, agricultural, residential or public use is proposed for the postmining use of the affected land, the commissioner may grant a permit for a surface-mining operation of the nature described in subdivision (2) of this subsection where: (A) The proposed postmining land use is deemed to constitute an equal or better use of the affected land, as compared with premining use; (B) the applicant presents specific plans for the proposed postmining land use and appropriate assurances that the use will be: (i) Compatible with adjacent land uses: (ii) practicable with respect to achieving the proposed use: (iii) supported by commitments from public agencies where appropriate; (iv) practicable with respect to private financial capability for completion of the proposed use; (v) planned pursuant to a schedule attached to the reclamation plan so as to integrate the mining operation and reclamation with the postmining land use; and (vi) designed by a person approved by the commissioner in conformance with standards estab-

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lished to assure the stability, drainage and configuration necessary for the intended use of the site; (C) the proposed use would be compatible with adjacent land uses, and existing state and local land use plans and programs; (D) the commissioner provides the county commission of the county in which the land is located and any state or federal agency which the commissioner, in his discretion, determines to have an interest in the proposed use, an opportunity of not more than sixty days to review and comment on the proposed use; and (E) all other requirements of this article will be met.

(4) In granting any permit pursuant to this subsection. the commissioner shall require that: (A) A natural barrier be retained to inhibit slides and erosion on permit areas where outcrop barriers are required: Provided. That constructed barriers may be allowed where: (i) Natural barriers do not provide adequate stability; (ii) natural barriers would result in potential future water quality deterioration; and (iii) natural barriers would conflict with the goal of maximum utilization of the mineral resource: Provided, however, That, at a minimum, the constructed barrier must be sufficient width and height to provide adequate stability and the stability factor must equal or exceed that of the natural outcrop barrier: Provided further, That where water quality is paramount, the constructed barrier must be composed of impervious material with controlled discharge points: (B) the reclaimed area is stable: (C) the resulting plateau or rolling contour drains inward from the outslopes except at specific points; (D) no damage will be done to natural watercourses; (E) spoil will be placed on the mountaintop bench as is necessary to achieve the planned postmining land use: And provided further, That all excess spoil material not retained on the mountaintop shall be placed in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (22), subsection (b) of this section; and (F) ensure stability of the spoil retained on the mountaintop and meet the other requirements of this article.

(5) All permits granted under the provisions of this subsection shall be reviewed not more than three years

from the date of issuance of the permit; unless the applicant affirmatively demonstrates that the proposed development is proceeding in accordance with the terms of the approved schedule and reclamation plan.

- (d) In addition to those general performance standards required by this section, when surface mining occurs on slopes of twenty degrees or greater, or on such lesser slopes as may be defined by regulation after consideration of soil and climate, no debris, abandoned or disabled equipment, spoil material or waste mineral matter will be placed on the natural downslope below the initial bench or mining cut: *Provided*, That soil or spoil material from the initial cut of earth in a new surface-mining operation may be placed on a limited specified area of the downslope below the initial cut if the permittee can establish to the satisfaction of the commissioner that the soil or spoil will not slide and that the other requirements of this section can still be met.
- (e) The commissioner may promulgate rules that permit variances from the approximate original contour requirements of this section: *Provided*, That the watershed control of the area is improved: *Provided*, however, That complete backfilling with spoil material shall be required to completely cover the highwall, which material will maintain stability following mining and reclamation.
- (f) The commissioner shall promulgate regulations for the design, location, construction, maintenance, operation, enlargement, modification, removal and abandonment of new and existing coal mine waste piles. In addition to engineering and other technical specifications, the standards and criteria developed pursuant to this subsection must include provisions for review and approval of plans and specifications prior to construction, enlargement, modification, removal or abandonment; performance of periodic inspections during construction; issuance of certificates of approval upon completion of construction; performance of periodic safety inspections; and issuance of notices and orders for required remedial or maintenance work or affirmative action: *Provided*, That whenever the commissioner finds

550 that any coal processing waste pile constitutes an 551 imminent danger to human life, he may, in addition to all other remedies and without the necessity of obtaining 552 553 the permission of any person prior or present who 554 operated or operates a pile or the landowners involved. 555 enter upon the premises where any such coal processing 556 waste pile exists and may take or order to be taken such 557 remedial action as may be necessary or expedient to 558 secure the coal processing waste pile and to abate the 559 conditions which cause the danger to human life: 560 Provided, however, That the cost reasonably incurred in 561 any remedial action taken by the commissioner under 562 this subsection may be paid for initially by funds 563 appropriated to the department of energy for these 564 purposes, and the sums so expended shall be recovered 565 from any responsible operator or landowner, individu-566 ally or jointly, by suit initiated by the attorney general 567 at the request of the commissioner. For purposes of this subsection "operates" or "operated" means to enter upon 568 569 a coal processing waste pile, or part thereof, for the 570 purpose of disposing, depositing, dumping coal process-571 ing wastes thereon or removing coal processing waste 572 therefrom, or to employ a coal processing waste pile for retarding the flow of or for the impoundment of water. 573

§22A-3-15. Inspections; monitoring; right of entry; inspection of records; identification signs; progress maps.

- (a) The commissioner shall cause to be made such 1 inspections of surface-mining operations as are neces-2 3 sary to effectively enforce the requirements of this article and for such purposes the commissioner or his 4 authorized representative shall without advance notice 5 and upon presentation of appropriate credentials: (A) 6 Have the right of entry to, upon or through surface-7 8 mining operations or any premises in which any records required to be maintained under subdivision (1), 9 subsection (b) of this section are located; and (B) at 10 reasonable times and without delay, have access to and 11 copy any records and inspect any monitoring equipment 12 or method of operation required under this article. 13
 - (b) For the purpose of enforcement under this article,

in the administration and enforcement of any permit under this article, or for determining whether any person is in violation of any requirement of this article:

- (1) The commissioner shall, at a minimum, require any operator to: (A) Establish and maintain appropriate records; (B) make monthly reports to the department; (C) install, use and maintain any necessary monitoring equipment or methods consistent with subdivision (11), subsection (a), section nine of this article; (D) evaluate results in accordance with such methods, at such locations, intervals and in such manner as the commissioner shall prescribe; and (E) provide such other information relative to surface-mining operations as the commissioner deems reasonable and necessary; and
- (2) For those surface-mining operations which remove or disturb strata that serve as aguifers which significantly ensure the hydrologic balance of water use either on or off the mining site, the commissioner shall require that: (A) Monitoring sites be established to record the quantity and quality of surface drainage above and below the mine site as well as in the potential zone of influence: (B) monitoring sites be established to record level, amount and samples of ground water and aquifers potentially affected by the surface mining and also below the lowermost mineral seam to be mined: (C) records or well logs and borehole data be maintained: and (D) monitoring sites be established to record precipitation. The monitoring data collection and analysis required by this section shall be conducted according to standards and procedures set forth by the commissioner in order to assure their reliability and validity.
- (c) All surface-mining operations shall be inspected at least once every thirty days. Such inspections shall be made on an irregular basis without prior notice to the operator or his agents or employees, except for necessary on-site meetings with the operator. The inspections shall include the filing of inspection reports adequate to enforce the requirements, terms and purposes of this article.

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- (d) Each permittee shall maintain at the entrances to the surface-mining operations a clearly visible monument which sets forth the name, business address and telephone number of the permittee and the permit number of the surface-mining operations.
 - (e) Copies of any records, reports, inspection materials or information obtained under this article by the commissioner shall be made immediately available to the public at central and sufficient locations in the county, multicounty or state area of mining so that they are conveniently available to residents in the areas of mining unless specifically exempted by this article.
 - (f) Within thirty days after service of a copy of an order of the commissioner upon an operator by registered or certified mail, the operator shall furnish to the commissioner five copies of a progress map prepared by or under the supervision of a person approved by the commissioner showing the disturbed area to the date of such map. Such progress map shall contain information identical to that required for both the proposed and final maps required by this article, and shall show in detail completed reclamation work as required by the commissioner. Such progress map shall include a geologic survey sketch showing the location of the operation, shall be properly referenced to a permanent landmark, and shall be within such reasonable degree of accuracy as may be prescribed by the commissioner. If no land has been disturbed by operations during the preceding year, the operator shall notify the commissioner of that fact.
 - (g) Whenever on the basis of available information, including reliable information from any person, the commissioner has cause to believe that any person is in violation of this article, any permit condition or any regulation promulgated under this article, the commissioner shall immediately order state inspection of the surface-mining operation at which the alleged violation is occurring unless the information is available as a result of a prior state inspection. The commissioner shall notify any person who supplied such reliable information when the state inspection will be carried out. Such

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96 person may accompany the inspector during the inspec-97 tion.

- §22A-3-17. Notice of violation; procedure and actions; enforcement; permit revocation and bond forfeiture; civil and criminal penalties; appeals to the board; prosecution; injunctive relief.
- 1 (a) If any of the requirements of this article, rules and 2 regulations promulgated pursuant thereto or permit 3 conditions have not been complied with, the commissioner shall cause a notice of violation to be served upon 4 5 the operator or his duly authorized agent. A copy of the 6 notice shall be handed to the operator or his duly 7 authorized agent in person or served by certified mail addressed to the operator at the permanent address 8 9 shown on the application for a permit. The notice shall specify in what respects the operator has failed to 10 11 comply with this article, rules and regulations or permit 12 conditions and shall specify a reasonable time for abatement of the violation not to exceed thirty days. If 13 the operator has not abated the violation within the time 14 specified in the notice, or any reasonable extension 15 thereof, not to exceed sixty days, the commissioner shall 16 order the cessation of the operation or the portion 17 thereof causing the violation, unless the operator 18 affirmatively demonstrates that compliance is unattai-19 20 nable due to conditions totally beyond the control of the operator. If a violation is not abated within the time 21 specified or any extension thereof, or any cessation order 22 is issued, a mandatory civil penalty of not less than 23 seven hundred fifty dollars per day per violation shall 24 be assessed. A cessation order shall remain in effect 25 until the commissioner determines that the violation has 26 been abated or until modified, vacated or terminated by 27 the commissioner or by a court. In any cessation order 28 issued under this subsection, the commissioner shall 29 determine the steps necessary to abate the violation in 30 the most expeditious manner possible and shall include 31 the necessary measures in the order. 32
 - (b) If the commissioner determines that a pattern of violations of any requirement of this article or any

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permit condition exists or has existed, as a result of the operator's lack of reasonable care and diligence, or that the violations are willfully caused by the operator, the commissioner shall immediately issue an order directing the operator to show cause why the permit should not be suspended or revoked and giving the operator thirty days in which to request a public hearing. If a hearing is requested, the commissioner shall inform all interested parties of the time and place of the hearing. Any hearing under this section shall be recorded and subject to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Within sixty days following the public hearing, the commissioner shall issue and furnish to the permittee and all other parties to the hearing a written decision. and the reasons therefor, concerning suspension or revocation of the permit. Upon the operator's failure to show cause why the permit should not be suspended or revoked, the commissioner shall immediately suspend or revoke the operator's permit. If the permit is revoked, the commissioner shall initiate procedures in accordance with rules promulgated by the commissioner to forfeit the operator's bond, or other security posted pursuant to section eleven of this article, and give notice to the attorney general, who shall collect the forfeiture without delay: Provided, That the entire proceeds of such forfeiture shall be deposited with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the special reclamation fund. All forfeitures collected prior to the effective date of this article shall be deposited in the special reclamation fund and shall be expended back upon the areas for which the bond was posted: Provided, however. That any excess therefrom shall remain in the special reclamation fund.

(c) Any person engaged in surface-mining operations who violates any permit condition or who violates any other provision of this article or rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto may also be assessed a civil penalty. The penalty shall not exceed five thousand dollars. Each day of continuing violation may be deemed a separate violation for purposes of penalty assessments. In determining the amount of the penalty, consideration shall be given to the operator's history of previous

- violations at the particular surface-mining operation, the seriousness of the violation, including any irreparable harm to the environment and any hazard to the health or safety of the public, whether the operator was negligent, and the demonstrated good faith of the operator charged in attempting to achieve rapid compliance after notification of the violation.
- (d) (1) Upon the issuance of a notice or order pursuant to this section, the assessment officer shall, within thirty days, set a proposed penalty assessment and notify the operator in writing of such proposed penalty assessment. The proposed penalty assessment must be paid in full within thirty days of receipt or, if the operator wishes to contest either the amount of the penalty or the fact of violation, an informal conference with the assessment officer may be requested within fifteen days or a formal hearing before the reclamation board of review may be requested within thirty days. The notice of proposed penalty assessment shall advise the operator of the right to an informal conference and a formal hearing pursuant to this section. When an informal conference is requested, the operator shall have fifteen days from receipt of the assessment officer's decision to request a formal hearing before the board.
- (A) When an informal conference is held, the assessment officer shall have authority to affirm, modify or vacate the notice, order or proposed penalty assessment.
- (B) When a formal hearing is requested, the amount of the proposed penalty assessment shall be forwarded to the commissioner for placement in an escrow account. Formal hearings shall be of record and subject to the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Following the hearing the board shall affirm, modify or vacate the notice, order or proposed penalty assessment and, when appropriate, incorporate an assessment order requiring that the assessment be paid.
- (2) Civil penalties owed under this section may be recovered by the commissioner in the circuit court of Kanawha County. Civil penalties collected under this article shall be deposited with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the special reclamation

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- fund established in section eleven of this article. If, 118 119 through the administrative or judicial review of the 120 proposed penalty it is determined that no violation 121 occurred or that the amount of the penalty should be 122 reduced, the commissioner shall within thirty days 123 remit the appropriate amount to the person, with 124 interest at the rate of six percent or at the prevailing 125 United States department of the treasury rate, whi-126 chever is greater. Failure to forward the money to the 127 commissioner within thirty days shall result in a waiver 128 of all legal rights to contest the violation or the amount 129 of the penalty.
 - (e) Any person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected by any order of the commissioner or the board may file an appeal only in accordance with the provisions of article four, chapter twenty-two of this code, within thirty days after receipt of the order.
- 135 (f) The filing of an appeal or a request for an informal 136 conference or formal hearing provided for in this section 137 shall not stay execution of the order appealed from. 138 Pending completion of the investigation and conference 139 or hearing required by this section, the applicant may 140 file with the commissioner a written request that the 141 commissioner grant temporary relief from any notice or 142 order issued under section sixteen or seventeen of this 143 article, together with a detailed statement giving 144 reasons for granting such relief. The commissioner shall 145 issue an order or decision granting or denying such 146 relief expeditiously: Provided. That where the applicant 147 requests relief from an order for cessation of surface-148 mining and reclamation operations, the decision on the 149 request shall be issued within five days of its receipt. 150 The commissioner may grant such relief, under such 151 conditions as he may prescribe if:
 - (1) All parties to the proceedings have been notified and given an opportunity to be heard on a request for temporary relief;
- 155 (2) The person requesting the relief shows that there 156 is a substantial likelihood that he will prevail on the 157 merits in the final determination of the proceedings;

- (3) The relief will not adversely affect the public health or safety or cause significant imminent environmental harm to land, air or water resources; and
 - (4) The relief sought is not the issuance of a permit where a permit has been denied, in whole or in part, by the commissioner.
 - (g) Any person who willfully and knowingly violates a condition of a permit issued pursuant to this article or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or fails or refuses to comply with any order issued under said article and regulations or any order incorporated in a final decision issued by the commissioner, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.
 - (h) Whenever a corporate operator violates a condition of a permit issued pursuant to this article, regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or any order incorporated in a final decision issued by the commissioner, any director, officer or agent of the corporation who willfully and knowingly authorized, ordered or carried out the failure or refusal, shall be subject to the same civil penalties, fines and imprisonment that may be imposed upon a person under subsections (c) and (g) of this section.
 - (i) Any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation or certification, or knowingly fails to make any statement, representation or certification in any application, petition, record, report, plan or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to this article or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.
- (j) Whenever any person: (A) Violates or fails or refuses to comply with any order or decision issued by the commissioner under this article; or (B) interferes

198 with, hinders or delays the commissioner in carrying out 199 the provisions of this article; or (C) refuses to admit the 200 commissioner to the mine; or (D) refuses to permit 201 inspection of the mine by the commissioner: or (E) 202 refuses to furnish any reasonable information or report 203 requested by the commissioner in furtherance of the 204 provisions of this article; or (F) refuses to permit access to, and copying of, such records as the commissioner 205 206 determines necessary in carrying out the provisions of this article; or (G) violates any other provisions of this 207 208 article, the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto. 209 or the terms and conditions of any permit, the commis-210 sioner, the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney 211 of the county in which the major portion of the permit 212 area is located may institute a civil action for relief. 213 including a permanent or temporary injunction, res-214 training order or any other appropriate order, in the circuit court of Kanawha County or any court of 215 216 competent jurisdiction to compel compliance with and 217 enjoin such violations, failures or refusals. The court or the judge thereof may issue a preliminary injunction in 218 any case pending a decision on the merits of any 219 220 application filed without requiring the filing of a bond 221 or other equivalent security.

(k) Any person who shall, except as permitted by law, willfully resist, prevent, impede or interfere with the commissioner or any of his agents in the performance of duties pursuant to this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.

§22A-3-18. Approval, denial, revision and prohibition of permit.

(a) Upon the receipt of a complete surface-mining 1 application or significant revision or renewal thereof, 2 including public notification and an opportunity for a 3 public hearing, the commissioner shall grant, require 4 revision of, or deny the application for a permit within 5 sixty days and notify the applicant in writing of his 6 decision. The applicant for a permit, or revision of a 7 permit, has the burden of establishing that the applica-8

- 9 tion is in compliance with all the requirements of this article and the rules promulgated hereunder.
- 11 (b) No permit or significant revision of a permit may 12 be approved unless the applicant affirmatively demon-13 strates and the commissioner finds in writing on the 14 basis of the information set forth in the application or 15 from information otherwise available which shall be 16 documented in the approval and made available to the 17 applicant that:
 - (1) The permit application is accurate and complete and that all the requirements of this article and regulations thereunder have been complied with;
 - (2) The applicant has demonstrated that reclamation as required by this article can be accomplished under the reclamation plan contained in the permit application;
 - (3) The assessment of the probable cumulative impact of all anticipated mining in the area on the hydrologic balance, as specified in section nine of this article, has been made by the commissioner and the proposed operation has been designed to prevent material damage to the hydrologic balance outside the permit area;
 - (4) The area proposed to be mined is not included within an area designated unsuitable for surface mining pursuant to section twenty-two of this article or is not within an area under administrative study by the commissioner for such designation; and
 - (5) In cases where the private mineral estate has been severed from the private surface estate, the applicant has submitted: (A) The written consent of the surface owner to the extraction of coal by surface mining; or (B) a conveyance that expressly grants or reserves the right to extract the coal by surface mining; or (C) if the conveyance does not expressly grant the right to extract coal by surface mining, the surface-subsurface legal relationship shall be determined in accordance with applicable law: *Provided*, That nothing in this article shall be construed to authorize the commissioner to adjudicate property rights disputes.

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(c) Where information available to the department indicates that any surface-mining operation owned or controlled by the applicant is currently in violation of this article or other environmental laws or regulations. the permit shall not be issued until the applicant submits proof that such violation has been corrected or is in the process of being corrected to the satisfaction of the commissioner or the department or agency which has jurisdiction over the violation, and no permit may be issued to any applicant after a finding by the commissioner, after an opportunity for hearing, that the applicant or the operator specified in the application controls or has controlled mining operations with a demonstrated pattern of willful violations of this article of such nature and duration with such irreparable damage to the environment as to indicate an intent not to comply with the provisions of this article: Provided. That if the commissioner finds that the applicant is or has been affiliated with, or managed or controlled by, or is or has been under the common control of, other than as an employee, a person who has had a surfacemining permit revoked or bond or other security forfeited for failure to reclaim lands as required by the laws of this state, he shall not issue a permit to the applicant: Provided, however, That subject to the discretion of the commissioner and based upon a petition for reinstatement, permits may be issued to any applicant if: (1) After the revocation or forfeiture, the operator whose permit has been revoked or bond forfeited shall have paid into the special reclamation fund any additional sum of money determined by the commissioner to be adequate to reclaim the disturbed area; (2) the violations which resulted in the revocation or forfeiture have not caused irreparable damage to the environment; and (3) the commissioner is satisfied that the petitioner will comply with this article.

(d) (1) In addition to finding the application in compliance with subsection (b) of this section, if the area proposed to be mined contains prime farmland, the commissioner may, pursuant to regulations promulgated hereunder, grant a permit to mine on prime farmland if the operator affirmatively demonstrates

- 90 that he has the technological capability to restore such mined area, within a reasonable time, to equivalent or 91 92 higher levels of yield as nonmined prime farmland in 93 the surrounding area under equivalent levels of manage-94ment, and can meet the soil reconstruction standards in 95 subdivision (7), subsection (b), section twelve of this 96 article. Except for compliance with subsection (b) of this 97 section, the requirements of subdivision (1) of this 98 subsection shall apply to all permits issued after the 99 third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-100 seven.
- 101 (2) Nothing in this subsection shall apply to any permit issued prior to the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, or to any revisions or renewals thereof, or to any existing surface-mining operations for which a permit was issued prior to said date.
- 107 (e) If the commissioner finds that the overburden on any part of the area of land described in the application 108 109 for a permit is such that experience in the state with 110 a similar type of operation upon land with similar overburden shows that one or more of the following 111 conditions cannot feasibly be prevented: (1) Substantial 112 113 deposition of sediment in stream beds; (2) landslides; or 114 (3) acid-water pollution, the commissioner may delete such part of the land described in the application upon 115 which such overburden exists. 116

§22A-3-19. Permit revision and renewal requirements; incidental boundary revisions; requirements for transfer; assignment and sale of permit rights; and operator reassignment.

(a) (1) Any valid permit issued pursuant to this article 1 shall carry with it the right of successive renewal upon 2 expiration with respect to areas within the boundaries 3 of the existing permit. The holders of the permit may 4 apply for renewal and the renewal shall be issued: 5 Provided, That on application for renewal, the burden 6 shall be on the opponents of renewal, unless it is 7 established that and written findings by the commis-8 sioner are made that: (A) The terms and conditions of 9

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- the existing permit are not being satisfactorily met: Provided, however. That if the permittee is required to modify operations pursuant to mining or reclamation requirements which become applicable after the original date of permit issuance, the permittee shall be provided an opportunity to submit a schedule allowing a reasonable period to comply with such revised requirements; (B) the present surface-mining operation is not in compliance with the applicable environmental protection standards of this article: (C) the renewal requested substantially jeopardizes the operator's continuing responsibility on existing permit areas; (D) the operator has not provided evidence that the performance bond in effect for said operation will continue in effect for any renewal requested as required pursuant to section eleven of this article: or (E) any additional revised or updated information as required pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner has not been provided.
 - (2) If an application for renewal of a valid permit includes a proposal to extend the surface-mining operation beyond the boundaries authorized in the existing permit, that portion of the application for renewal which addresses any new land area is subject to the full standards of this article, which includes, but is not limited to: (A) Adequate bond; (B) a map showing the disturbed area and facilities; and (C) a reclamation plan.
- (3) Any permit renewal shall be for a term not to exceed the period of time for which the original permit was issued. Application for permit renewal shall be made at least one hundred twenty days prior to the expiration of the valid permit.
- (4) Any renewal application for an active permit shall be on forms prescribed by the commissioner and shall be accompanied by a filing fee of two thousand dollars. The application shall contain such information as the commissioner requires pursuant to rule or regulation.
- (b) (1) During the term of the permit, the permittee may submit to the commissioner an application for a

- revision of the permit, together with a revised reclamation plan.
- 52 (2) An application for a significant revision of a 53 permit shall be subject to all requirements of this article 54 and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
 - (3) Any extension to an area already covered by the permit, except incidental boundary revisions, shall be made by application for another permit. If the permittee desires to add the new area to his or her existing permit in order to have existing areas and new areas under one permit, the commissioner may so amend the original permit: *Provided*, That the application for the new area is subject to all procedures and requirements applicable to applications for original permits under this article.
 - (c) The commissioner shall review outstanding permits of a five-year term before the end of the third year of the permit. Other permits shall be reviewed within the time established by regulations. The commissioner may require reasonable revision or modification of the permit following review: *Provided*, That such revision or modification shall be based upon written findings and shall be preceded by notice to the permittee of an opportunity for hearing.
- 73 (d) No transfer, assignment or sale of the rights 74 granted under any permit issued pursuant to this article 75 shall be made without the prior written approval of the 76 commissioner.
- §22A-3-22. Designation of areas unsuitable for surface mining; petition for removal of designation; prohibition of surface mining on certain areas; exceptions; taxation of minerals underlying land designated unsuitable.
 - (a) The commissioner shall establish a planning process to enable objective decisions based upon competent and scientifically sound data and information as to which, if any, land areas of this state are unsuitable for all or certain types of surface-mining operations pursuant to the standards set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection: *Provided*, That such designa-

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- 8 tion shall not prevent prospecting pursuant to section 9 seven of this article on any area so designated.
- 10 (1) Upon petition pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the commissioner shall designate an area as unsuitable for all or certain types of surface-mining operations, if it determines that reclamation pursuant to the requirements of this article is not technologically and economically feasible.
- 16 (2) Upon petition pursuant to subsection (b) of this 17 section, a surface area may be designated unsuitable for 18 certain types of surface-mining operations, if the 19 operations: (A) Conflict with existing state or local land 20 use plans or programs; (B) affect fragile or historic 21 lands in which the operations could result in significant 22 damage to important historic, cultural, scientific and 23 aesthetic values and natural systems: (C) affect renew-24 able resource lands, including significant aquifers and 25 aquifer recharge areas, in which the operations could 26 result in a substantial loss or reduction of long-range 27 productivity of water supply, food or fiber products; or 28 (D) affect natural hazard lands in which the operations 29 could substantially endanger life and property. Such 30 lands to include lands subject to frequent flooding and 31 areas of unstable geology.
 - (3) The commissioner shall develop a process which includes: (A) The review of surface-mining lands; (B) a data base and an inventory system which will permit proper evaluation of the capacity of different land areas of the state to support and permit reclamation of surface-mining operations; (C) a method for implementing land use planning decisions concerning surface-mining operations; and (D) proper notice and opportunities for public participation, including a public hearing prior to making any designation or redesignation pursuant to this section.
 - (4) Determinations of the unsuitability of land for surface mining, as provided for in this section, shall be integrated as closely as possible with present and future land use planning and regulation processes at federal, state and local levels.

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- (5) The requirements of this section shall not apply to lands on which surface-mining operations were being conducted on the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, or under a permit issued pursuant to this article, or where substantial legal and financial commitments in the operations were in existence prior to the fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven.
- (b) Any person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected shall have the right to petition the commissioner to have an area designated as unsuitable for surface-mining operations or to have such a design nation terminated. The petition shall contain allegations of fact with supporting evidence which would tend to establish the allegations. After receipt of the petition, the commissioner shall immediately begin an administrative study of the area specified in the petition. Within ten months after receipt of the petition, the commissioner shall hold a public hearing in the locality of the affected area after appropriate notice and publication of the date, time and location of the hearing. After the commissioner or any person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected has filed a petition and before the hearing required by this subsection, any person may intervene by filing allegations of fact with supporting evidence which would tend to establish the allegations. Within sixty days after the hearing, the commissioner shall issue and furnish to the petitioner and any other party to the hearing, a written decision regarding the petition and the reasons therefor. In the event that all the petitioners stipulate agreement prior to the requested hearing and withdraw their request, the hearing need not be held.
- (c) Prior to designating any land areas as unsuitable for surface-mining operations, the commissioner shall prepare a detailed statement on: (1) The potential coal resources of the area; (2) the demand for the coal resources; and (3) the impact of the designation on the environment, the economy and the supply of coal.
- (d) After the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and subject to valid existing

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- rights, no surface-mining operations, except those which existed on that date, shall be permitted:
 - (1) On any lands in this state within the boundaries of units of the national park system, the national wildlife refuge systems, the national system of trails, the national wilderness preservation system, the wild and scenic rivers system, including study rivers designated under section five-a of the wild and scenic rivers act, and national recreation areas designated by act of Congress;
 - (2) Which will adversely affect any publicly owned park or places included in the national register of historic sites, or national register of natural landmarks unless approved jointly by the commissioner and the federal, state or local agency with jurisdiction over the park, the historic site or natural landmark;
 - (3) Within one hundred feet of the outside right-of-way line on any public road, except where mine access roads or haulage roads join such right-of-way line, and except that the commissioner may permit the roads to be relocated or the area affected to lie within one hundred feet of the road if, after public notice and an opportunity for a public hearing in the locality, the commissioner makes a written finding that the interests of the public and the landowners affected thereby will be protected;
 - (4) Within three hundred feet from any occupied dwelling, unless waived by the owner thereof, or within three hundred feet of any public building, school, church, community or institutional building, public park, or within one hundred feet of a cemetery; or
 - (5) On any federal lands within the boundaries of any national forest: *Provided*, That surface coal mining operations may be permitted on the lands if the secretary of the interior finds that there are no significant recreational, timber, economic or other values which may be incompatible with the surface-mining operations: *Provided*, *however*, That the surface operations and impacts are incident to an underground coal mine.

128 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, 129 the coal underlying any lands designated unsuitable for 130 surface-mining operations under any provisions of this 131 article or underlying any land upon which mining is 132 prohibited by any provisions of this article shall be 133 assessed for taxation purposes according to their value 134 and the Legislature hereby finds that the coal has no 135 value for the duration of the designation or prohibition 136 unless suitable for underground mining not in violation 137 of this article: Provided, That the owner of the coal shall forthwith notify the proper assessing authorities if the 138 139 designation or prohibition is removed so that the coal 140 may be reassessed.

§22A-3-26. Surface-mining operations not subject to article.

- The provisions of this article do not apply to any of the following activities:
- (a) The extraction of coal by a landowner for his own
 noncommercial use from land owned or leased by him.
- 5 (b) The extraction of coal as an incidental part of federal, state, county, municipal or other local government-financed highway or other construction: *Provided*, 8 That the provisions of the construction contract require the furnishing of a suitable bond which provides for reclamation, wherever practicable, of the area affected by such extraction.

§22A-3-28. Special permits for reclamation of existing abandoned coal processing waste piles.

- (a) Except where exempted by section twenty-six of 1 this article, it shall hereafter be unlawful for any person 2 to engage in surface mining as defined in this article 3 as an incident to the development of land for commer-4 cial, residential, industrial or civic use without having 5 first obtained from the commissioner a permit therefor 6 as provided in section eight of this article, unless a 7 special permit therefor shall have been first obtained 8 from the commissioner as provided in this section. 9
- Application for a special permit to engage in surface mining as an incident to the development of land for

- 12 commercial, residential, industrial or civic use shall be
- 13 made in writing on forms prescribed by the commis-
- 14 sioner and shall be signed and verified by the applicant.
 - The application shall be accompanied by:
 - (1) A site preparation plan, prepared and certified by or under the supervision of a person approved by the commissioner, showing the tract of land which the applicant proposes to develop for commercial, residential, industrial or civic use; the probable boundaries and areas of the coal deposit to be mined and removed from said tract of land incident to the proposed commercial, residential, industrial or civic use thereof; and such other information as prescribed by the commissioner;
- 25 (2) A development plan for the proposed commercial, residential, industrial or civic use of said land;
- 27 (3) The name of owner of the surface of the land to 28 be developed;
 - (4) The name of owner of the coal to be mined incident to the development of the land;
 - (5) A reasonable estimate of the number of acres of coal that would be mined as a result of the proposed development of said land: *Provided*, That in no event may such number of acres to be mined, excluding roadways, exceed five acres; and
 - (6) Such other information as the commissioner may require to satisfy and assure the commissioner that the surface mining under special permit is incidental or secondary to the proposed commercial, residential, industrial or civic use of said land.
 - (b) There shall be attached to the application for the special permit a certificate of insurance certifying that the applicant has in force a public liability insurance policy issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in this state affording personal injury protection in accordance with subsection (d), section nine of this article.
- The application for the special permit shall also be accompanied by a bond, or cash or collateral securities

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or certificates of the same type, in the form as prescribed by the commissioner and in the minimum amount of two thousand dollars per acre, for a maximum disturbance of five acres.

The bond shall be payable to the state of West Virginia and conditioned that the applicant shall complete the site preparation for the proposed commercial, residential, industrial or civic use of said land. At the conclusion of the site preparation, in accordance with the site preparation plan submitted with the application, the bond conditions shall be satisfied and the bond and any cash, securities or certificates furnished with said bond may be released and returned to the applicant. The filing fee for the special permit shall be five hundred dollars. The special permit shall be valid until work permitted is completed.

- (c) The purpose of this section is to vest jurisdiction in the commissioner, where the surface mining is incidental or secondary to the preparation of land for commercial, residential, industrial or civic use and where, as an incident to such preparation of land, minerals must be removed, including, but not limited to, the building and construction of railroads, shopping malls, factory and industrial sites, residential and building sites and recreational areas. Anyone who has been issued a special permit shall not be issued an additional special permit on the same or adjacent tract of land unless satisfactory evidence has been submitted to the commissioner that such permit is necessary to subsequent development or construction. As long as the operator complies with the purpose and provisions of this section, the other sections of this article shall not be applicable to the operator holding a special permit: Provided, That the commissioner shall promulgate regulations establishing applicable performance standards for operations permitted under this section.
- (d) The commissioner may, in the exercise of his sound discretion, when not in conflict with the purposes and findings of this article and to bring about a more desirable land use or to protect the public and the environment, issue a special permit solely for the

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- 91 removal of existing abandoned coal processing waste
- 92 piles. The commissioner shall promulgate specific
- 93 regulations for such operations: Provided, That a bond
- 94 and a reclamation plan shall be required for such
- 95 operations.

§22A-3-40. Consolidation of permitting, enforcement and rule-making authority for surface-mining operations; national pollutant discharge elimination system; effective date of section.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to 1 2 the contrary, all powers, duties and responsibilities of 3 the chief of the division of water resources under article 4 five-a, chapter twenty of this code with respect to all 5 coal mines, preparation plants and all refuse and waste therefrom subject to said article five-a, chapter twenty 6 7 of this code are hereby transferred to the commissioner. 8 The commissioner has authority to issue, amend, transfer, renew or revoke all permits required under 9 article five-a, chapter twenty of this code with respect 10 11 to all coal mines, preparation plants and all refuse and 12 waste therefrom subject to said article five-a. Each permit application shall be accompanied by a filing fee 13 of five hundred dollars and each renewal application 14 15 shall be accompanied by a filing fee of one hundred dollars. The procedures for issuance, amendment, 16 17 transferal, renewal and revocation of such permits shall be governed by regulations promulgated pursuant to 18 subsection (b) of this section. The commissioner shall 19 20 consolidate the various permit programs under article five-a, chapter twenty of this code and article three of 21 this chapter applicable to all coal mines, preparation 22 23 plants and all refuse and waste therefrom. All provisions of article five-a, chapter twenty of this code 24 heretofore applicable to coal mines, preparation plants 25 and all refuse and waste therefrom shall be continued 26 27 under this section.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, the commissioner has authority to promulgate rules and regulations necessary or proper to implement the provisions of article five-a, chapter

twenty of this code with respect to all coal mines, preparation plants and all refuse and waste therefrom, except that the water resources board shall have the sole authority pursuant to section three-a, article five-a, chapter twenty of this code to promulgate rules and regulations setting standards of water quality applicable to the waters of the state. To the extent feasible, the commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations consolidating the various regulatory programs under this chapter applicable to all coal mines, preparation plants and all refuse and waste therefrom. The promulgation of such rules and regulations shall be governed by the provisions of this article.

- (c) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, the commissioner has authority to enforce and shall enforce the rules and regulations promulgated under this article by the commissioner and the rules and regulations of the water resources board setting water quality standards for the waters of the state as they apply to all coal mines, preparation plants and all refuse and waste therefrom. Rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner, pursuant to the requirements of article five-a, chapter twenty of this code shall be enforceable by the commissioner under the provisions of sections seventeen and nineteen, article five-a, chapter twenty of this code, as though the regulations were promulgated by the water resources board: Provided, That the commissioner's authority to enforce such rules and regulations under article five-a, chapter twenty of this code shall not preclude the commissioner or any person from invoking the remedies otherwise provided by article three of this chapter and shall not preclude the commissioner from enforcing the provisions of this article.
- (d) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, any permit of the commissioner issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, or any order issued under article five-a, chapter twenty of this code, or for the purpose of implementing the "national pollutant discharge elimination system" established under the federal clean water act, shall be appealable

- only to the state water resources board and such appeal shall be governed by the provisions of section fifteen, article five-a, chapter twenty of this code.
- (e) This section shall become effective upon a proclamation by the governor stating that final approval of the partial transfer of the national pollutant discharge elimination system established under the federal clean water act contemplated by this section has been given by the administrator of the United States environmental protection agency.

CHAPTER 160

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2076—By Delegates Flanigan and Carper)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two-a, article two, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend article thirteen-d, chapter eleven of said code, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-d, all relating to directing the office of community and industrial development to study and promote the development of a coal-based synthetic fuel industry; and creating a credit against tax for investment in new industrial facilities for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel and synthetic special fuel.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two-a, article two, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that article thirteend, chapter eleven of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-d, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5B. Economic Development Act of 1985.
- 11. Taxation.

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CHAPTER 5B. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1985.

ARTICLE 2. OFFICE OF COMMUNITY AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT.

§5B-2-2a. General powers of the office.

- The office of community and industrial development shall have the authority and duty to:
- 3 (1) Promote and encourage the location and development of new business in the state and the maintenance and expansion of existing business:
- 6 (2) Investigate and study conditions affecting West
 7 Virginia business, industry and commerce; collect and
 8 disseminate information, and engage in technical
 9 studies, scientific investigations, statistical research and
 10 educational activities necessary or useful for the proper
 11 execution of the powers and duties of the department;
- 12 (3) Plan and develop an effective economic informa-13 tion service that will directly assist business, education 14 and labor and also encourage businesses outside the 15 state to use industrial office facilities, professional, 16 labor, financial and recreational facilities, services and 17 products from within the state;
- 18 (4) Encourage and develop commerce with other states and nations and devise methods of removing trade 19 barriers that hamper the free flow of commerce between 20 this and other states and nations and for these purposes 21 cooperate with governmental, quasi-public and private 22 organizations in formulating and promoting the adop-23 tion of compacts and agreements helpful to commerce 24 25 and labor:
 - (5) Conduct or encourage research designed to further new and more extensive uses of the natural, human, professional, technical and other resources of the state with a view to the development of new products, industrial processes, services and markets;
 - (6) Compile periodically a census of business and industry in the state, in cooperation with other agencies,

and analyze and publish the information in such form as to be most valuable to business and industry;

- (7) Study long-range trends and developments in the industries, commerce and economic health of the state, and analyze the reasons underlying such trends; study costs and other factors affecting successful operation and location of businesses within the state:
- (8) Initiate, promote and conduct, or cause to be conducted, research designed to further new and more extensive uses and consumption of natural and other resources and their byproducts; and for such purposes, to enter into contracts and agreements with research laboratories maintained by educational or endowed institutions in this state;
- (9) Study and promote the development of a coal-based synthetic fuel industry in West Virginia and investigate and propose to the Legislature statutory initiatives which would encourage such development;
- (10) Establish as an independent entity at West Virginia University in cooperation with and involving other West Virginia colleges and universities a center for economic research. The center shall be under the control and supervision of a director, who shall be appointed by the president of West Virginia University. The center shall employ such staff economists or statisticians, such research assistants and secretaries, each of whom shall serve on a part-time basis and may be members of the faculty or staff of West Virginia University or any other college or university in the state. In addition, the center may employ student interns;
- (11) The center shall provide the governor's office of community and industrial development, the commissioner of tourism and parks and the Legislature with an analysis of the quality of economic data pertaining to West Virginia. The center shall recommend ways to obtain additional information necessary to better understand the state's economy and to devise better economic development strategies. The center is directed to establish priorities and coordinate its economic research functions with the governor and the Legisla-

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- ture. To accomplish this purpose the advisory board created for the institute of public affairs in section one. article twenty-six-b, chapter eighteen of this code, shall serve as the advisory board to the center. The director of the center shall serve as the chairman of the advisory board. The center shall publish results of its research, maintain a comprehensive library with supporting computer data bases and shall, upon request, provide a review of the economy and major policy issues to the joint committee on government and finance:
 - (12) During its first year of operation, the center shall include in its research topics the desirability of establishing a detailed gross state products series, modeled after the national income and products accounts and the desirability of constructing a periodic input/output table for the state. It shall review the quality of current statistics relating to employment and prices and statistics relating to poverty and the distribution of income and wealth. The center may study the feasibility of, and, based upon such study, establish a West Virginia econometric model project;
 - (13) Where deficiencies are found in existing data sources, the center shall publish conclusions regarding the benefits to be derived from gathering additional or better information and shall make operational recommendations on the best possible methods for obtaining the desired information;
 - (14) The director of the center or members of its staff shall meet on a regular basis with the director of the governor's office of community and industrial development, the commissioner of tourism and parks, other officials of the department and members of the Legislature to provide the results of its research and to provide policy advice and analysis;
 - (15) The center shall develop and maintain an inventory of research efforts of universities and colleges and other institutions or businesses within the state and a register of scientific and technological research facilities in the state. That function may be performed by contract with the center for education and research

- 113 with industry of the board of regents;
- 114 (16) The governor's office of community and industrial
- 115 development shall assist, promote, encourage, develop
- 116 and advance economic prosperity and employment
- 117 throughout this state by fostering the expansion of
- 118 exports of manufactured goods and services to foreign
- 119 purchasers and the investment of capital by foreign
- 120 countries in this state:
- 121 (17) The governor's office of community and industrial
- development shall cooperate and act in conjunction with
- 123 other organizations, public and private, the objects of
- 124 which are the promotion and advancement of export
- 125 trade and foreign investment activities in the state of
- 126 West Virginia;
- 127 (18) The governor's office of community and industrial
- 128 development shall consider establishing a source of
- 129 funding credit guarantees and insurance to support
- 130 export development not otherwise available to West
- 131 Virginia small and medium sized businesses;
- 132 (19) The governor's office of community and industrial
- 133 development shall develop a strategic plan for the
- 134 economic development of the state, its regions and
- 135 specific industries including tourism, manufacturing,
- timber, agriculture and other rural development, coal, oil, gas and other extractive resources, retail, service,
- oil, gas and other extractive resources, retail, service, distribution and small businesses. Such a plan shall
- 139 emphasize a coordinated effort of the public and private
- 140 sector toward balanced growth for the state. Such plan
- shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
- 142 (A) Assessing the state's economic strengths and
- 143 weaknesses;
- 144 (B) Developing and recommending short, interme-
- 145 diate and long-term economic goals and plans, together
- 146 with options;
- 147 (C) Identifying barriers to economic growth and
- 148 diversification in the state;
- (D) Recommending implementation procedures and options utilizing and maximizing existing public and

- 151 private mechanism:
- 152 (E) Fostering and supporting scientific and technolog-153
- ical research in this state in cooperation with the federal
- government, the various offices and divisions of the 154
- 155 department of commerce and other state and local 156 governmental agencies, educational institutions, non-
- 157 profit institutions and organizations, business enter-
- 158 prises and others concerned with scientific and techno-
- 159 logical research development:
- 160 (F) Developing a program to attract investment in research and development in high technology industries; 161
- 162 (G) Conducting a series of studies to determine the
- feasibility of constructing natural gas transmission 163
- lines, electric power generating facilities and coal 164
- 165 processing plants to be owned, either in whole or in part,
- or to be operated, either in whole or in part, by the state 166
- of West Virginia; and 167
- (H) Maintaining a library of research materials, 168
- including computer data bases, to accomplish the goals 169
- of the division. 170

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

- ARTICLE 13D. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX CREDIT FOR INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION AND REVITALIZA-TION AND FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-MENT PROJECTS.
- §11-13D-3d. Amount of credit allowed and application of credit for qualified investment in a new industrial facility for producing coalbased liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel.
 - (a) Credit allowed. There shall be allowed to eligible 1 taxpayers which have made qualified investment of at 2 least forty million dollars in a new industrial facility for 3 producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic 4 motor fuel or synthetic special fuel a credit against the 5
 - taxes imposed by articles twenty-three and twenty-four 6
 - of this chapter for qualified investment in a new 7
- industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used 8
- to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel. 9

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- The amount of credit shall be determined as hereinafter provided in this section. Taxpayers who have not placed at least forty million dollars of qualified investment in service or use over a period of one year or less in a new industrial facility used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel shall not be entitled to credit under this section.
 - (b) Credit amount for qualified investment purchased and placed in service or use in a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel, after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. - For property purchased or leased by an eligible taxpaver and placed in service or use after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, as part of a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel the amount of allowable credit shall be equal to one hundred percent of the qualified investment (as determined under section four of this article), and shall reduce that portion of the taxpayer's business franchise tax under article twenty-three of this chapter, which is attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment, and that portion of the taxpaver's corporation net income tax under article twenty-four of this chapter, which is attributable to and the direct result of the taxpaver's qualified investment; subject to the following conditions and limitations:
 - (1) The total amount of credit allowable to all persons claiming credit under this section shall not exceed ten million dollars during any fiscal year of this state. If and to the extent credit is claimed under this section in excess of ten million dollars in any fiscal year of this state the amount in excess of ten million dollars is lost. In determining which taxpayer or taxpayers loses credit under this subdivision (1), the loss of credit shall apply first to qualified investment property most recently placed in service or use, going backwards in time, until the tax commissioner determines that the total amount of credit allowed under this section is not in excess of ten million dollars.

- 51 (2) The qualified investment must result in the 52 creation of at least ten new jobs.
 - (3) If, during any taxable year of the ten year tax credit allowance period, the average number of employees of the taxpayer, for the then current taxable year, employed in positions created because of and directly attributable to the qualified investment property is less than ten, the credit allowance for that taxable year is forfeited.
- 60 (4) Tax year time limitations for application of credit; 61 credit forfeiture.
 - (A) The amount of this credit allowable shall be applied over a time period of up to ten tax years.
 - (B) This credit shall first be applied against tax liabilities in the manner specified in subdivision (2) of this subsection (b), beginning with the tax year during which the qualified investment was first placed in service or use in this state by the eligible taxpayer.
 - (C) Any amount of this credit remaining after application of this credit against tax as specified in paragraph (B) of this subdivision (1) shall then be applied against the tax liabilities in the manner specified in subdivision (2) of this subsection (b) for the tax year immediately succeeding the tax year during which the qualified investment was first placed in service or use in this state and for each succeeding tax year thereafter up through the ninth tax year subsequent to the first tax year in which the qualified investment property was first placed in service or use.
 - (D) Any amount of this credit remaining after application of this credit against tax as specified in paragraph (B) and then paragraph (C) of this subdivision shall be forfeited and shall not carry forward to any subsequent tax year.
- (E) No carryback of credit to a prior tax year shall be allowed.
- 87 (5) Tax liability percentage offset limitations.
- 88 (A) This credit for qualified investment in a new

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industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel shall first be applied to reduce the annual West Virginia business franchise tax liability imposed under article twenty-three of this chapter for the tax year by an amount such that this credit, in combined application with all other applicable credits allowable under articles thirteen-c, thirteen-d and thirteen-e, of this chapter and under chapter five-e of this code and all other tax credits provided in this code, shall not reduce the annual business franchise tax liability for such tax year below fifty percent of the amount of the annual tax liability which would otherwise be imposed for such tax year in the absence of this credit and all credits against such tax, except the credits set forth in section seventeen. article twenty-three of this chapter.

- (B) After application of this credit against business franchise tax as provided in paragraph (A) of this subdivision (5), the remaining credit for qualified investment in a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel (if any) shall then be applied to reduce the annual West Virginia corporation net income tax liability imposed under article twenty-four of this chapter for the tax year by an amount such that this credit in combined application with all other applicable credits allowable under articles thirteen-c, thirteen-d, thirteen-f and thirteen-g of this chapter and under sections ten, eleven, eleven-a, twelve, twenty-two and twenty-three-a, article twenty-four of this chapter and under chapters five-e and eighteen-b of this code and all other tax credits provided in this code, shall not reduce the annual corporation net income tax liability for such tax year below fifty percent of the amount of the annual tax liability which would otherwise be imposed for such tax year in the absence of this credit and all other credits against tax, except the credits set forth in sections nine and nine-a, article twenty-four of this chapter.
- (C) After application of this credit against business franchise tax under paragraph (A) of this subdivision

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- (5), and then against corporation net income tax under paragraph (B) of this subdivision (5), the remaining credit for qualified investment in a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel (if any) shall then be applied to further reduce the annual West Virginia business franchise tax liability imposed under article twenty-three of this chapter for the tax year by 138 an amount such that this credit shall not reduce the 139 annual business franchise tax liability for such tax year 140 below ten percent of the amount of the annual tax 141 liability which would otherwise be imposed for such tax 142 year in the absence of this credit and all other credits 143 against such tax, except the credits set forth in section seventeen, article twenty-three of this chapter. 144
 - (D) After application of this credit against business franchise tax under paragraph (A) of this subdivision (5) and then against corporation net income tax under paragraph (B) of this subdivision (5), and then against business franchise tax under paragraph (C) of this subdivision (5), the remaining credit for qualified investment in new industrial facility for producing coalbased liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel (if any) shall then be applied to further reduce the annual West Virginia corporation net income tax liability imposed under article twenty-four of this chapter for the tax year by an amount such that this credit shall not reduce the annual corporation net income tax liability for such tax year below ten percent of the amount of the annual tax liability which would otherwise be imposed for such tax year in the absence of this credit and all other credits against such tax, except the credits set forth in sections nine and nine-a. article twenty-four of this chapter.

(c) Application for credit required. —

(1) Application required. - No credit shall be allowed or applied under this section for any investment in any new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel until the person asserting a claim for the allowance of credit under this article makes written application to

section.

- 171 the tax commissioner for allowance of credit as provided 172 in this section and receives written certification of its 173 claim from the tax commissioner. An application for 174 credit shall be filed, in such form as the tax commis-175 sioner shall prescribe, prior to the date when qualified 176 investment property is first placed in service or use, and 177 all information required by such form shall be provided. No credit shall be taken by a taxpayer applicant or 178 prospective applicant pursuant to this section until 179
- certification has been issued by the tax commissioner.

 (2) Failure to file. The failure to timely apply for certification under this subsection (c) shall result in forfeiture of the credit otherwise allowable under this
- 185 (d) Definitions. For purposes of this section:
- 186 (1) "Synthetic motor fuel" means any product suitable 187 for use in an internal combustion engine except special 188 fuel as defined in this section, containing at least ten 189 percent coal-based liquids blended to meet 190 specifications.
- 191 (2) "Synthetic special fuel" means special fuel contain-192 ing at least ten percent coal-based liquids blended to 193 meet specifications.
- 194 (e) Report by the governor's office of community and 195 industrial development. - The governor's office of community and industrial development shall produce a 196 197 report to the Legislature to be presented during the 198 regular legislative session of one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. Such report shall state the identity of 199 taxpayers who have received this credit and shall 200 contain an analysis of the expansion and growth of 201 facilities in this state producing coal-based liquids used 202 to produce synthetic fuels, the expansion of commerce 203 resulting from the creation of this credit, and the 204 number of jobs created as a result of this credit. The 205 report of the governor's office of community and 206 industrial development shall not directly or indirectly 207 reveal the amount of credit available to any particular 208 taxpayer or taxpayer return information other than the 209 names and addresses of taxpavers. 210

CHAPTER 161

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 93-By Senator Wooton)

[Passed March 9, 1991; to effect July 1, 1991, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article eighteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a, all relating to the hotel occupancy tax; requirement of filing annual reports by convention and visitor's bureaus; proceeds of the tax; application of the tax; providing that convention and visitor's bureaus may be located in a region as well as a municipality or county; adding to permissible expenditures by municipalities and counties; providing for allocation of funds where a convention and visitor's bureau is not located in a municipality, county or region: providing for allocation of funds by a municipality where more than one convention and visitor's bureau is located in a municipality, county or region; and defining certain terms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article eighteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 18. HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX.

87-18-13a. Annual reports by convention and visitor's bureaus.

87-18-14. Proceeds of tax; application of proceeds.

§7-18-13a. Annual reports by convention and visitor's bureaus.

Each year, on or before the fifteenth day of August, 1 every convention and visitor's bureau which receives any 2

appropriation of hotel occupancy tax from one or more 3 4

counties or municipalities shall file with each such

county or municipality a statement, including an income 5

statement and balance sheet, showing all amounts of 6

hotel occupancy tax appropriated to the convention and 7

- 8 visitor's bureau and all expenditures of hotel occupancy
- 9 tax made by the convention and visitor's bureau for the
- 10 prior fiscal year.

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§7-18-14. Proceeds of tax; application of proceeds.

- (a) Application of proceeds. The net proceeds of the tax collected and remitted to the taxing authority pursuant to this article shall be deposited into the general revenue fund of such municipality or county commission and, after appropriation thereof, shall be expended only as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
- 8 (b) Required expenditures. At least fifty percent of the net revenue receivable during the fiscal year by a county or a municipality pursuant to this article shall be expended in the following manner for the promotion of conventions and tourism:
 - (1) Municipalities. If a convention and visitor's bureau is located within the municipality, county or region, the governing body of such municipality shall appropriate the percentage required by this subsection (b) to that bureau. If a convention and visitor's bureau is not located within such municipality, county or region, then the percentage appropriation required by this subsection (b) shall be appropriated as follows:
 - (i) Any hotel located within such municipality, county or region may apply to such municipality for an appropriation to such hotel of a portion of the tax authorized by this article and collected by such hotel and remitted to such municipality, for uses directly related to the promotion of tourism and travel, including advertising, salaries, travel, office expenses, publications and similar expenses. The portion of such tax allocable to such hotel shall not exceed seventy-five percent of that portion of such tax collected and remitted by such hotel which is required to be expended pursuant to subsection (b) of this section: Provided. That prior to appropriating any moneys to such hotel such municipality shall require the submission of, and give approval to, a budget setting forth the proposed uses of such moneys.

- (ii) If there is more than one convention and visitor's bureau located within a municipality, county or region, the city council may allocate the tax authorized by this article to one or more of such bureaus in such portion as the city council in its sole discretion determines.
- (iii) The balance of net revenue required to be expended by subsection (b) of this section shall be appropriated to the regional travel council serving the area in which the municipality is located.
- (2) Counties. If a convention and visitor's bureau is located within a county or region, the county commission shall appropriate the percentage required by this subsection (b) to that convention and visitor's bureau. If a convention and visitor's bureau is not located within such county or region, then the percentage appropriation required by this subsection (b) shall be appropriated as follows:
- (i) Any hotel located within such county or region may apply to such county for an appropriation to such hotel of a portion of the tax authorized by this article and collected by such hotel and remitted to such county, for uses directly related to the promotion of tourism and travel, including advertising, salaries, travel, office expenses, publications and similar expenses. The portion of such tax allocable to such hotel shall not exceed seventy-five percent of that portion of such tax collected and remitted by such hotel which is required to be expended pursuant to subsection (b) of this section: *Provided*, That prior to appropriating any moneys to such hotel such county shall require the submission of, and give approval to, a budget setting forth the proposed uses of such moneys.
- (ii) If there is more than one convention and visitor's bureau located within a county or region, the county commission may allocate the tax authorized by this article to one or more of such bureaus in such portion as the county commission in its sole discretion determines.
- (iii) The balance of net revenue required to be expended by subsection (b) of this section shall be

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- appropriated to the regional travel council serving the area in which the county is located.
- 79 (3) Legislative finding. — The Legislature hereby finds that the support of convention and visitor's bureaus. 80 hotels and regional travel councils is a public purpose 81 82 for which funds may be expended. Local convention and 83 visitor's bureaus, hotels and regional travel councils receiving funds under this subsection (b) may expend 84 85 such funds for the payment of administrative expenses. 86 and for the direct or indirect promotion of conventions 87 and tourism, and for any other uses and purposes 88 authorized by subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection 89 (b).
 - (c) Permissible expenditures. After making the appropriation required by subsection (b) of this section, the remaining portion of the net revenues receivable during the fiscal year by such county or municipality, pursuant to this article, may be expended for one or more of the purposes set forth in this subsection, but for no other purpose. The purposes for which expenditures may be made pursuant to this subsection are as follows:
- 98 (1) The planning, construction, reconstruction, estab-199 lishment, acquisition, improvement, renovation, exten-100 sion, enlargement, equipment, maintenance, repair and 101 operation of publicly owned convention facilities includ-102 ing, but not limited to, arenas, auditoriums, civic centers 103 and convention centers;
- 104 (2) The payment of principal or interest or both on 105 revenue bonds issued to finance such convention 106 facilities;
- 107 (3) The promotion of conventions;
- 108 (4) The construction, operation or maintenance of 109 public parks, tourist information centers and recreation 110 facilities (including land acquisition);
- 111 (5) The promotion of the arts;
- 112 (6) Historic sites; or
- 113 (7) Beautification projects.

- 114 (d) Definitions. For purposes of this section, the 115 following terms are defined:
- 116 (1) Convention and visitor's bureau and visitor's and convention bureau. - "Convention and visitor's bureau" 117 118 and "visitor's and convention bureau" are interchange-119 able, and either shall mean a nonstock, nonprofit 120 corporation with a full-time staff working exclusively to 121 promote tourism and to attract conventions, conferences 122 and visitors to the municipality, county or region in 123 which such convention and visitor's bureau or visitor's 124 and convention bureau is located or engaged in business 125 within.

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- (2) Convention center. "Convention center" means a convention facility owned by the state, a county, a municipality or other public entity or instrumentality and shall include all facilities, including armories, commercial, office, community service and parking facilities, and publicly owned facilities constructed or used for the accommodation and entertainment of tourist and visitors, constructed in conjunction with the convention center and forming reasonable appurtenances thereto.
- 136 (3) Fiscal year. "Fiscal year" means the year 137 beginning the first day of July and ending the thirtieth day of June of the next calendar year.
- 139 (4) Net proceeds. "Net proceeds" means the gross amount of tax collections less the amount of tax lawfully refunded.
- 142 (5) Promotion of the arts. "Promotion of the arts"
 143 means activity to promote public appreciation and
 144 interest in one or more of the arts. It includes the
 145 promotion of music for all types, the dramatic arts,
 146 dancing, painting and the creative arts through shows,
 147 exhibits, festivals, concerts, musicals and plays.
 - (6) Recreational facilities. "Recreational facilities" means and includes any public park, parkway, playground, public recreation center, athletic field, sports arena, stadium, skating rink or arena, golf course, tennis courts and other park and recreation facilities,

- whether of a like or different nature, that are owned by a county or municipality.
- 155 (7) Region. "Region" means an area consisting of 156 one or more counties that have agreed by contract to 157 fund a convention and visitor's bureau to promote those counties.

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- (8) Regional travel council. "Regional travel council" means a nonstock, nonprofit corporation, with a full-time staff working exclusively to promote tourism and to attract conventions, conferences and visitors to the region of this state served by the regional travel council.
- 164 (9) Historic site. "Historic site" means any site listed on the United States national register of historic places, or listed by a local historical landmarks commission, established under state law, when such sites are owned by a city, a county or a nonprofit historical association, and are open from time to time to accommodate visitors.

CHAPTER 162

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 316—By Senators Chafin, Jones, Craigo, Wagner, Holliday, Heck, Pritt and Chernenko)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-s, relating to exceptions to confidentiality of taxpayer information; and disclosure of certain taxpayer information.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-s, to read as follows:

§11-10-5s. Disclosure of certain taxpayer information.

- 1 (a) Purpose. - The Legislature hereby recognizes the importance of confidentiality of taxpayer information as 2 3 a protection of taxpayers' privacy rights and to enhance 4 voluntary compliance with the tax law. The Legislature 5 also recognizes the citizens' right to accountable and 6 efficient state government. To accomplish these ends, the Legislature hereby creates certain exceptions to the 7 8 general principle of confidentiality of taxpayer information. 9
- 10 (b) Exceptions to confidentiality. —
- (1) Notwithstanding any provision in this code to the 11 12 contrary, the tax commissioner shall publish in the state 13 register the name and address of every taxpayer, and 14 the amount, by category, of any credit asserted on a tax return under articles thirteen-c, thirteen-d, thirteen-e, 15 thirteen-f, thirteen-g and thirteen-h of this chapter and 16 article one, chapter five-e of this code for any tax year 17 beginning on or after the first day of July, one thousand 18 nine hundred ninety-one. The categories by dollar 19 amount of credit received shall be as follows: 20
- 21 (A) More than \$1.00, but not more than \$50,000;
- 22 (B) More than \$50,000, but not more than \$100,000;
- 23 (C) More than \$100,000, but not more than \$250,000;
- 24 (D) More than \$250,000, but not more than \$500,000;
- 25 (E) More than \$500,000, but not more than \$1,000,000;
- 26 (F) More than \$1,000,000.

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(2) Notwithstanding any provision in this code to the contrary, the tax commissioner shall publish in the state register the following information regarding any compromise of a pending civil tax case that occurs on or after the effective date of this section in which the tax commissioner is required to seek the written recommendation of the attorney general and the attorney general has not recommended acceptance of such compromise or when the tax commissioner com-

- 36 promises any civil tax case for an amount that is more
- 37 than two hundred fifty thousand dollars less than the
- 38 assessment of tax owed made by the tax commis-
- 39 sioner:

- 40 (A) The names and addresses of taxpayers that are parties to such compromise;
- 42 (B) A summary of such compromise;
- 43 (C) Any written advice or recommendation rendered 44 by the attorney general regarding such compromise; 45 and
- 46 (D) Any written advice or recommendation rendered by the tax commissioner's staff.

Under no circumstances may the tax return of the taxpayer nor any other information which would otherwise be confidential under any other provisions of law be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.

- (3) Notwithstanding any provision in this code to the contrary, the tax commissioner may disclose any relevant return information to the prosecuting attorney for the county in which venue lies for a criminal tax offense when there is reasonable cause, based upon and substantiated by such information, to believe that a criminal tax law has been or is being violated.
- (4) Notwithstanding any provision in this code to the contrary, the tax commissioner may enter into written exchange of information agreements with the commissioners of labor, employment security and workers' compensation to disclose and receive return information: Provided, That the tax commissioner may promulgate rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code regarding further agencies with which written exchange of information agreements may be sought: Provided, however, That the tax commissioner may not promulgate emergency rules regarding further agencies with which written exchange of information agreements may be sought. Such agreements shall be published in the state register and shall only be for the purpose of

facilitating premium collection, tax collection and facilitating licensure requirements directly enforced, administered or collected by the respective agencies. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to preclude or limit disclosure of tax information authorized by other provisions of this code. Any confidential return information so disclosed shall remain confidential in the hands of such other division to the extent provided by section five-d of this article and by other applicable federal or state laws.

- (c) Tax expenditure reports. Beginning on the fifteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninetv-two and every fifteenth day of January thereafter, the governor shall submit to the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates a tax expenditure report. Such report shall expressly identify all tax expenditures. Within three-years cycles, such reports shall be considered together to analyze all tax expenditures by describing the annual revenue loss and benefits of the tax expenditure based upon information available to the tax commissioner. For purposes of this section, the term "tax expenditure" shall mean a provision in the tax laws administered under this article, including, but not limited to, exclusions, deductions, tax preferences, credits and deferrals designed to encourage certain kinds of activities or to aid taxpayers in special circumstances: Provided, That the tax commissioner shall promulgate rules setting forth the procedure by which he or she will compile such reports and setting forth a priority for the order in which the reports will be compiled according to type of tax expenditure.
- (d) Federal and state return information confidential.

 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or of this code, no return information made available to the tax commissioner by the Internal Revenue Service or department or agency of any other state may be disclosed to another person in any manner inconsistent with the provisions of Section 6103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or of such other states' confidentiality laws.

CHAPTER 163

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 527—By Senators Withers, Wagner and Blatnik)

[Passed March 9, 1991: in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article thirteena, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the additional tax on the severance, extraction and production of coal; and providing that in computing the additional tax for benefit of counties and municipalities that the tax commissioner not apply credits against said additional tax.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article thirteen-a, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13A. SEVERANCE TAXES.

- §11-13A-6. Additional tax on the severance, extraction and production of coal: dedication of additional tax for benefit of counties and municipalities; distribution of major portion of such additional tax to coal-producing counties; distribution of minor portion of such additional tax to all counties and municipalities: reports; rules and regulations: creation of special funds in office of state treasurer; method and formulas for distribution of such additional tax; expenditure of funds by counties and municipalities for public purposes; creating special funds in counties and municipalities; and requiring special county and municipal budgets and reports thereon.
 - 1 (a) Additional coal severance tax. Upon every 2 person exercising the privilege of engaging or continuing within this state in the business of severing coal, or

4 preparing coal (or both severing and preparing coal), for sale, profit or commercial use, there is hereby imposed 5 6 an additional severance tax, the amount of which shall 7 be equal to the value of the coal severed or prepared (or 8 both severed and prepared), against which the tax 9 imposed by section three of this article is measured as 10 shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale 11 thereof by the producer, multiplied by thirty-five one hundredths of one percent. The tax imposed by this 12 13 subsection shall be in addition to the tax imposed by section three of this article, and this additional tax is 14 15 hereinafter in this section referred to as the "additional 16 tax on coal".

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- (b) This additional tax on coal is imposed pursuant to 18 the provisions of section six-a, article ten of the West Virginia constitution. Seventy-five percent of the net 19 proceeds of this additional tax on coal shall, after appropriation thereof by the Legislature, be distributed by the state treasurer in the manner hereinafter specified, to the various counties of this state in which the coal upon which this additional tax is imposed was located at the time it was severed from the ground. Those counties are hereinafter in this section referred to as the "coal-producing counties". The remaining twenty-five percent of the net proceeds of this additional tax on coal shall be distributed, after appropriation, among all the counties and municipalities of this state in the manner hereinafter specified.
 - (c) Such additional tax on coal shall be due and payable, reported and remitted as elsewhere provided in this article for the tax imposed by said section three of this article, and all of the enforcement and other provisions of this article shall apply to such additional tax. In addition to the reports and other information required under the provisions of this article and the tonnage reports required to be filed under the provisions of section seventy-two, article two, chapter twenty-two of this code, the tax commissioner is hereby granted plenary power and authority to promulgate reasonable

rules and regulations requiring the furnishing by producers of such additional information as may be necessary to compute the allocation required under the provisions of subsection (f) of this section. The tax commissioner is also hereby granted plenary power and authority to promulgate such other reasonable rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That notwithstanding any language contained in this code to the contrary, the gross amount of additional tax on coal collected under this article shall be paid over and distributed without the application of any credits against the tax imposed by this section.

(d) In order to provide a procedure for the distribution of seventy-five percent of the net proceeds of such additional tax on coal to such coal-producing counties, there is hereby created in the state treasurer's office a special fund to be known as the "county coal revenue fund"; and in order to provide a procedure for the distribution of the remaining twenty-five percent of the net proceeds of such additional tax on coal to all counties and municipalities of the state, without regard to coal having been produced therein, there is also hereby created in the state treasurer's office a special fund to be known as the "all counties and municipalities revenue fund".

Seventy-five percent of the net proceeds of such additional tax on coal shall be deposited in the "county coal revenue fund" and twenty-five percent of such net proceeds shall be deposited in the "all counties and municipalities revenue fund", from time to time, as such proceeds are received by the tax commissioner. The moneys in such funds shall, after appropriation thereof by the Legislature, be distributed to the respective counties and municipalities entitled thereto in the manner set forth in subsection (e) of this section.

(e) The moneys in the "county coal revenue fund" and the moneys in the "all counties and municipalities revenue fund" shall be allocated among and distributed

82 quarterly to the counties and municipalities entitled 83 thereto by the state treasurer in the manner hereinafter 84 specified. On or before each distribution date, the state treasurer shall determine the total amount of moneys in 85 each fund which will be available for distribution to the 86 87 respective counties and municipalities entitled thereto 88 on that distribution date. The amount to which a coal-89 producing county is entitled from the "county coal 90 revenue fund" shall be determined in accordance with 91 subsection (f) of this section, and the amount to which 92 every county and municipality shall be entitled from the 93 "all counties and municipalities revenue fund" shall be 94 determined in accordance with subsection (g) of this 95 section. After determining as set forth in subsection (f) 96 and subsection (g) of this section the amount each county 97 and municipality is entitled to receive from the respec-98 tive fund or funds, a warrant of the state auditor for the 99 sum due to such county or municipality shall issue and 100 a check drawn thereon making payment of such sum 101 shall thereafter be distributed to such county or 102 municipality.

(f) The amount to which a coal-producing county is entitled from the "county coal revenue fund" shall be determined by: (1) Dividing the total amount of moneys in such fund then available for distribution by the total number of tons of coal mined in this state during the preceding quarter; and (2) multiplying the quotient thus obtained by the number of tons of coal removed from the ground in such county during the preceding quarter.

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- (g) The amount to which each county and municipality shall be entitled from the "all counties and municipalities revenue fund" shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of this subsection. For purposes of this subsection "population" shall mean the population as determined by the most recent decennial census taken under the authority of the United States:
- (1) The treasurer shall first apportion the total amount of moneys available in the "all counties and municipalities revenue fund" by multiplying the total amount in

such fund by the percentage which the population of each county bears to the total population of the state.

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The amount thus apportioned for each county shall be the county's "base share".

- (2) Each county's "base share" shall then be subdivided into two portions. One portion shall be determined by multiplying the "base share" by that percentage which the total population of all unincorporated areas within the county bears to the total population of the county, and the other portion shall be determined by multiplying the "base share" by that percentage which the total population of all municipalities within the county bears to the total population of the county. The former portion shall be paid to the county and the latter portion shall be the "municipalities' portion" of the county's "base share". The percentage of such latter portion to which each municipality in the county is entitled shall be determined by multiplying the total of such latter portion by the percentage which the population of each municipality within the county bears to the total population of all municipalities within the county.
- 143 (h) All counties and municipalities shall create a "coal 144 severance tax revenue fund" which shall be the depos-145 itory for moneys distributed to any county or municipal-146 ity under the provisions of this section, from either or 147 both special funds. Moneys in such "coal severance tax 148 revenue funds", in compliance with subsection (i), may 149 be expended by the county commission or governing body of the municipality for such public purposes as the 150 county commission or governing body shall determine to 151 152 be in the best interest of the people of its respective county or municipality: Provided, That in counties with 153 population in excess of two hundred thousand at least 154 seventy-five percent of such funds received from the 155 county coal revenue fund shall be apportioned to, and 156 expended within the coal-producing area or areas of the 157 county, said coal-producing areas of each county to be 158 determined generally by the state tax commissioner: 159

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160 Provided, however, That a line item budgeted amount from the current levy estimated for a county shall be funded at one hundred percent of the preceding year's expenditure from the county general fund prior to the 163 164 use of coal severance tax revenue fund moneys for the 165 same general purpose: Provided further. That said coal severance tax revenue fund moneys shall not be 166 167 budgeted for personal services in an amount to exceed 168 one fourth of the total funds available in such fund.

- (i) On or before the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, and each twentyeighth day of March thereafter, each county commission or governing body of a municipality receiving such revenue shall submit to the tax commissioner on forms provided by the tax commissioner a special budget. detailing how such revenue is to be spent during the subsequent fiscal year. Such budget shall be followed in expending such revenue unless a subsequent budget is approved by the state tax commissioner. All unexpended balances remaining in said special fund at the close of a fiscal year shall be reappropriated to the budget for the subsequent fiscal year. Such reappropriation shall be entered as an amendment to the new budget and submitted to the tax commissioner on or before the fifteenth day of July of the current budget year.
- (j) On or before the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, and each fifteenth day of December thereafter, the tax commissioner shall deliver to the clerk of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Delegates a consolidated report of the special budgets, created by subsection (i) of this section, for all county commissions and municipalities as of the fifteenth day of July of the current year.
- (k) The state tax commissioner shall retain for the benefit of the state from the additional taxes on coal collected the amount of thirty-five thousand dollars annually as a fee for the administration of such additional tax by the tax commissioner.

CHAPTER 164

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 173—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, six and seven, article thirteen-d, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections three-c and five-b; and to amend and reenact sections two and nine. article fifteen of said chapter, all relating to the creation of a credit against the West Virginia business franchise tax and the West Virginia corporation net income tax for qualified investment of two million dollars or more in a management information services facility when such qualified investment is purchased, or leased, and placed in service or use over a period of not more than three hundred sixty-five days; setting forth legislative findings and purpose; defining terms; prescribing amount of credit allowed, application of credit, investment period limitations subject to extension by subsequent legislative amendment: limiting time during which qualified investment for a management information services facility may be purchased and placed in service or use and for which credit will be available, to the period from the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three. inclusive: providing tax year time limitations for application of credit over a ten-year period; providing for forfeiture of unused credit; providing that no carryback of credit to prior years shall be allowed; providing tax liability percentage offset limitations; limiting the amount of annual credit which any taxpayer or controlled group may take in any taxable year to a maximum of one million dollars; requiring an application for credit be filed with the tax commissioner; providing a penalty for failure to file an application for credit with the tax commissioner; defining qualified investment for a management information services facility, with application of percentages of the cost of property purchased to be determined in accordance with useful life or applicable lease term thereof; prescribing the manner for determination of the cost of property purchased or leased for management information services facilities in the case of tradeins, damaged, destroyed or stolen property, rental property, property purchased for multiple use, self-constructed property, and providing specific exclusions for investment in certain properties; providing for forfeiture of unused tax credits; providing for redetermination of credit in the case of premature disposition or cessation of use of property; providing for transfer of eligible investment to successors; requiring disclosure of the names and addresses of persons receiving the credit and the amount thereof by a bracketed amount category; requiring a report to be made to the Legislature during the regular legislative session of one thousand nine hundred ninety-two by the governor's office of community and industrial development analyzing the performance of the management information services facility credit and identifying the taxpayers taking the credit; providing for a change in the form of business of taxpayers holding qualified investment property relating to credit; providing for transfer or sale of qualified investment property to successors and acquisition of the amount of credit that remains available for successors in business, and allocation of annual credit between the transferor and the transferee in the year during which qualified investment property is transferred to a successor business; and creating a consumers sales and service tax exemption and use tax exemption for purchases directly used or consumed in operation of management information services facilities that qualifies for tax credit under section three-c, article thirteen-d of said chapter; and defining terms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, six and seven, article thirteen-d, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two

new sections, designated sections three-c and five-b, and that sections two and nine, article fifteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 13D. Business and Occupation Tax Credit for Industrial Expansion and Revitalization, for Research and Development Projects, Certain Housing Developments and Management Information Services Facilities.
- 15. Consumers Sales Tax.
- ARTICLE 13D. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX CREDIT FOR INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION AND REVITALIZATION, FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS, CERTAIN HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS AND MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SERVICES FACILITIES.
- §11-13D-1. Legislative findings and purpose.
- §11-13D-2. Definitions.
- §11-13D-3c. Amount of credit allowed and application of credit for qualified investment in a management information services facility.
- §11-13D-3b. Qualified investment for a management information services facility.
- §11-13D-6. Forfeiture of unused tax credits, redetermination of credit required.
- §11-13D-7. Transfer of eligible investment to successors.

§11-13D-1. Legislative findings and purpose.

- 1 The Legislature finds that the encouragement of the
- 2 location of new industry in this state; the expansion,
- 3 growth and revitalization of existing industrial facilities
- 4 in this state; the conduct of research and development
- 5 in this state, for purposes of expanding markets for sales
- 6 and uses of this state's natural resources and industrial
- 7 products, the construction of residential housing and the
- 8 creation or expansion of management information
- 9 services facilities are all in the public interest and
- 10 promote the general welfare of the people of this state.
- In order to encourage capital investment in this state
- 12 and thereby increase employment and economic devel-
- 13 opment, there is hereby provided a tax credit for
- 14 industrial expansion and revitalization in this state, for
- 15 certain research and development related expenditures
- 16 in this state, for certain housing and development
- 17 related expenditures in this state and for the creation

or expansion of certain management information services facilities in this state

§11-13D-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) Any term used in this article shall have the same 2 meaning as when used in a comparable context in 3 article thirteen of this chapter, unless a different 4 meaning is clearly required by the context of its use or by definition in this article.
- 6 (b) For purpose of this article, the term:
- (1) "Eligible investment" means that amount determined under either section four of this article, for investment in a new or expanded or revitalized indus-trial facility, or under section five of this article, in the case of an eligible research and development project. under section five-a for a qualified housing development project, or under section five-b for a management information services facility.
- 15 (2) Eligible taxpayer.

- (A) "Eligible taxpayer" means an industrial taxpayer who purchases new property for the purpose of industrial expansion, or for the purpose of revitalizing an existing industrial facility in this state; or a taxpayer who purchases property or services, or both, for the purpose of conducting an eligible research and development project in this state or for the purpose of constructing a qualified housing development project in this state.
- (B) An eligible taxpayer for purposes of the management information services facility credit means a taxpayer fulfilling the requirements of paragraph (C) or (D) of this subdivision which has purchased, or leased, and placed into service or use in a management information services facility, qualified investment, as defined under section five-b of this article, of two million dollars or more over a time period of not more than three hundred sixty-five consecutive days and which operates such management information services facility, without regard to whether such taxpayer is an industrial taxpayer or engages in an industrial business or operates an industrial facility as herein defined.

(C) An eligible taxpayer for purposes of the management information services facility credit is a person or entity which had no operations and owned or leased no property in West Virginia during the five-year period prior to the creation of the management information services facility in West Virginia, and which is not a successor in business to any person or entity which had operations or owned or leased property in West Virginia during the five-year period prior to the creation of the management information services facility in West Virginia.

A person or entity shall not constitute an eligible taxpayer for purposes of the management information services facility credit if any related person (as defined in Section 267(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) had operations or owned or leased property in West Virginia during the five-year period prior to the creation of the management information services facility in West Virginia or if any such related person is a successor in business to any person or entity which had operations or owned or leased property in West Virginia during the five-year period prior to the creation of the management information services facility in West Virginia.

(D) Notwithstanding paragraph (C) of this subdivision, a person, entity, successor in business which would otherwise not constitute an eligible taxpayer under paragraph (C) of this subdivision may nevertheless constitute an eligible taxpayer for purposes of this management information services facility credit if such person, entity, successor places qualified investment into service or use in West Virginia for the purpose of establishing in this state a management information services facility that is new to West Virginia and which services do not include any management information services previously conducted by such person, entity, successor, or a related person (as defined in Section 267(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) in West Virginia, or if such person, entity or successor places qualified investment into service or use in West Virginia in a management information services

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facility for the purpose of consolidating or relocating significant existing national, regional or international management information services operations in West Virginia, and such consolidation or relocation results in the placement of at least two million dollars of qualified investment into service or use in West Virginia within the time periods described in paragraph (B) of this subdivision, and such consolidation or relocation results in the relocation of significant management information services operations into West Virginia which did not previously exist in West Virginia, and the taxpayer otherwise constitutes an eligible taxpayer under such paragraph (B). For purposes of this section, the term "regional" means an area including more than one state 92 or portions of more than one state of the United States.

- (3) "Eligible research and development project" means a research and development project engaged in or conducted within this state, by a person who is engaged in this state in the business of producing natural resources or in an industrial business when such research and development project is conducted for purposes relating to the technical, economic, financial, engineering or marketing aspects of expanding markets for, and increasing sales of, this state's natural resource products, or industrial products, or both.
- (4) "Industrial business" means any privilege taxable under section two-b or two-m, article thirteen of this chapter, and includes a manufacturing service taxable under section two-h of said article: Provided. That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the term "industrial business" shall mean the business of manufacturing, compounding or preparing tangible personal property for sale, profit or commercial use, the business of generating electric power, and the business of providing a manufacturing service, which were taxable, respectively, under sections two-b, two-m and two-h, article thirteen of this chapter, on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.
- (5) "Industrial facility" means any factory, mill, plant. 117 refinery, warehouse, buildings or complex of buildings 118

- 119 located within this state, including the land on which it
- is located, and all machinery, equipment and other real and tangible personal property located at or within such
- 122 facility used in connection with the operation of such
- 123 facility in an industrial business.

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- (6) "Industrial revitalization" means capital investment in an industrial facility located in this state to replace or modernize buildings, equipment, machinery and other tangible personal property used in connection with the operation of such facility in an industrial business of the taxpayer, including the acquisition of any real property necessary to the industrial revitalization.
 - (7) "Industrial expansion" means capital investment in a new or expanded industrial facility in this state.
- (8) "Industrial taxpayer" means any person subject to business and occupation taxes under article thirteen of this chapter, exercising any privilege taxable under section two-b or two-m of said article thirteen, or providing a manufacturing service taxable under section two-h of said article thirteen: Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, "industrial taxpayer" shall mean any person subject to tax under section two-m. article thirteen of this chapter; or any person subject to tax under article thirteen-a or twenty-three of this chapter engaging in any activity that was taxable under section two-b, article thirteen of this chapter, on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five: or any person taxable under article twenty-three of this chapter providing a manufacturing service that was taxable under section two-h, article thirteen of this chapter on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.
- (9) "Management information services facility" means a building, or any part thereof, or a complex of buildings, or any part thereof, including the machinery and equipment located therein, that is exclusively dedicated to providing management information services to the owner or operator thereof or to another person.

(10) "Management information services" means, and is limited to, data processing, data storage, data recovery and backup, programming recovery and backup. telecommunications, computation and computer processing, computer programming, electronic information, and data management activities, or any combination of such activities, when such activity, or activities, is not subject to regulation by the West Virginia public service commission and such activity, or activities, is for the purpose of managing, planning for, organizing or operating, any industrial or commercial business, or any enterprise, facility or facilities of an industrial or commercial business, whether such industrial or commercial business or enterprise, facility or facilities of an industrial or commercial business is located within or without this state and without regard to whether such industrial or commercial business, or enterprise, facility or facilities of an industrial or commercial business is owned by the provider of the management information services or by a "related person", as defined in Section 267(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

- (11) "Manufacturing service" means a privilege that would be taxable under section two-b, article thirteen of this chapter, if title to the raw materials used in the manufacturing process was vested in the taxpayer exercising the privilege taxable under section two-h of said article thirteen.
- (12) Subject to subdivision (15) below, "property purchased for an eligible research and development project" means real property, and improvements thereto, and tangible personal property, but only if such real or personal property is constructed or purchased on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, for use as a component part of an eligible research and development project which is located within this state on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. This term includes only tangible personal property with respect to which depreciation or amortization, in lieu of depreciation, is allowable in determining the personal income tax or

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corporation net income tax liability of the purchaser under article twenty-one or twenty-four of this chapter. Property acquired by written lease for a term of ten years or longer, if used as a component part of an eligible research and development project, shall be included within this definition.

- (13) Subject to subdivision (15) below, "property purchased for industrial expansion" means real property, and improvements thereto, and tangible personal property, but only if such property was constructed, or purchased, on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, for use as a component part of a new or expanded industrial facility as defined in subdivision (5) of this subsection located within this state. This term includes only tangible personal property with respect to which depreciation, or amortization in lieu of depreciation, is allowable in determining the personal income tax or corporation net income tax liability of the industrial taxpaver under articles twenty-one or twenty-four of this chapter, and has a useful life, at the time such property is placed in service or use in this state, of four years or more. Property acquired by written lease, for a primary term of ten years or longer, if used as a component part of a new or expanded industrial facility, shall be included within this definition.
- (14) Subject to subdivision (15) below, "property purchased for industrial revitalization" means real property, and improvements thereto, and new tangible personal property, but only if such property was constructed, or purchased, on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, for use as a component part of an ongoing industrial facility as defined in subdivision (5) of this subsection located within this state. This term includes only tangible personal property with respect to which depreciation is allowable in determining the personal income tax or corporation net income tax liability of the industrial taxpayer under article twenty-one or twenty-four of this chapter, and has a useful life at the time the property is placed in service or use in this state of four years or

- 241 more. Property acquired by written lease for a primary term of ten years or longer, if used as a component part 242 243 of an industrial revitalization, shall be included within 244 this definition.
- (15) "Property purchased for industrial expansion". 245 246 "property purchased for industrial revitalization", "property purchased for an eligible research and 247 development project", "property purchased for a 248 qualified housing development project" and "property 249 250 purchased or leased for a management information services facility" shall not include: 251
- 252 (A) Repair costs including materials used in the 253 repair, unless for federal income tax purposes, the cost 254 of the repair must be capitalized and not expensed;
- 255 (B) Motor vehicles licensed by the department of 256 motor vehicles:
- 257 (C) Airplanes:

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- 258 (D) Off-premise transportation equipment;
- (E) Property which is primarily used outside this 260 state: and
 - (F) Property which is acquired incident to the purchase of the stock or assets of an industrial taxpayer, which property was or had been used by the seller in his industrial business in this state, or which property was previously designated "property purchased for industrial expansion", or "property purchased for industrial revitalization", or "property purchased for an eligible research and development project", or "property purchased for a qualified housing development project", and used to qualify for business and occupation tax credit for industrial expansion or revitalization, or for an eligible research and development project, or for a qualified housing development project, or property which was subject to or gave rise to the management information services facility credit in the hands of the transferor, except that successors in business shall have successor credit available pursuant to section seven of this article.

- 279 (16) Subject to subdivision (15) above, property 280 purchased for a qualified housing development project 281 means real property, and improvements thereto, and 282 tangible personal property incorporated into real 283 property, whether or not attached thereto, but only if 284 such real or tangible personal property was constructed. or purchased, on or after the first day of July, one 285 286 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, for use as a compo-287 nent part of a housing development project, as defined 288 in section five-a of this article, located within this state.
- 289 (17) Subject to subdivision (15) above, "property purchased or leased for a management information 290 services facility" means tangible personal property 291 292 purchased from a West Virginia vendor in West 293 Virginia or leased through or from a West Virginia 294 vendor for a primary lease term of three years or more. For purposes of this section the term "tangible personal 295 property" shall include prewritten or "canned" compu-296 ter software, "custom" software and computer program-297 ming services which result in the production of custom 298 299 software: Provided, That the term "property purchased 300 or leased for a management information services facility" shall not include: 301
- 302 (A) Land or building or any part thereof whether 303 leased or purchased;
 - (B) Natural resources in place;

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- 305 (C) Property, the cost or consideration for which 306 cannot be quantified with any reasonable degree of 307 accuracy at the time such property is placed in service 308 or use;
- 309 (D) Property purchased or leased or placed in service 310 or use prior to the first day of April, one thousand nine 311 hundred ninety-one, or property purchased or leased or 312 placed in service or use after the thirty-first day of 313 March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three; or
 - (E) Property purchased for use in a management information services facility when such property is not purchased for the purpose of either:
- 317 (i) Expanding an existing management information

- 318 services facility in West Virginia pursuant to a reloca-
- 319 tion or consolidation of significant national, regional or
- 320 international management information services opera-
- 321 tion to West Virginia; or

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- 322 (ii) Establishing in this state a management informa-323 tion services facility that is new to West Virginia.
- 324 (18) Property shall be deemed to have been purchased prior to a specified date only if:
 - (A) The physical construction, reconstruction or erection of the property was begun prior to the specified date, or such property was constructed, reconstructed, erected or acquired pursuant to a written contract as existing and binding on the taxpayer prior to the specified date;
 - (B) The machinery or equipment was owned by the taxpayer prior to the specified date or was acquired by the taxpayer pursuant to a binding purchase contract which was in effect prior to such date; or
- 336 (C) In the case of leased property, there was a binding 337 written lease or contract to lease identifiable property 338 in effect prior to the specified date.
- 339 (19) "Taxpayer" means any person taxable under 340 article thirteen of this chapter: *Provided*, That on and 341 after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 342 eighty-seven, "taxpayer" shall mean any person taxable 343 under article thirteen, thirteen-a or twenty-three of this 344 chapter.

§11-13D-3c. Amount of credit allowed and application of credit for qualified investment in a management information services facility.

- 1 (a) Credit allowed. There shall be allowed to eligible
 2 taxpayers a credit against the taxes imposed by articles
 3 twenty-three and twenty-four of this chapter for
 4 qualified investment in a management information
 5 services facility. The amount of credit shall be determined as hereinafter provided in this section.
- 7 (b) Investment period limitations subject to extension upon legislative amendment. It is the finding of the

9 Legislature that certain tax credits heretofore enacted 10 have not effectively fulfilled the intended legislative 11 purpose of increasing employment and economic growth and development in this state. Therefore, the time 12 13 period over which qualified investment property may be 14 purchased or leased and placed in service or use by 15 eligible taxpayers at a management information servi-16 ces facility is expressly limited, for purposes of this 17 credit, to two years under paragraph (C), subdivision 18 (17), subsection (b), section two of this article, subsection 19 (c) of this section, and paragraph (B), subdivision (6), 20 subsection (c), section five-b of this article. If the Legislature subsequently finds that this credit for a 21 22 management information services facility effectively 23 fulfills the legislative purpose for which it was enacted, 24 the Legislature may, in its discretion, extend, by 25 statutory amendment, the time period over which 26 qualified investment may be purchased, or leased, and 27 placed in service or use.

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- (c) Credit amount for qualified investment purchased and placed in service or use in a management information services facility after the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one and prior to the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninetythree. - For property purchased or leased by an eligible taxpayer and placed in service or use after the thirtyfirst day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninetyone, and prior to the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, for use as a component part of a management information services facility, the amount of allowable credit shall be equal to one hundred percent of the qualified investment, as determined under section five-b of this article, and shall reduce the business franchise tax under article twenty-three of this chapter and the corporation net income tax under article twenty-four of this chapter, subject to the following conditions and limitations:
- (1) Tax year time limitations for application of credit, credit forfeiture. —
- (A) The amount of this credit allowable shall be applied over a time period of up to ten tax years.

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- (B) This credit shall first be applied against the tax liabilities in the manner specified in subdivision (2) of this subsection (c) beginning with the tax year during which the qualified investment was first placed in service or use in this state by the eligible taxpayer.
- (C) Any amount of this credit remaining after application of this credit against tax as specified in paragraph (B) of this subdivision (1) shall then be applied against the tax liabilities in the manner specified in subdivision (2) of this subsection (c) for the tax year immediately succeeding the tax year during which the qualified investment was first placed in service or use in this state and for each succeeding tax year thereafter up through the ninth tax year subsequent to the first tax year in which the qualified investment property was first placed in service or use.
- (D) Any amount of this credit remaining after application of this credit against tax as specified in paragraph (B) and then paragraph (C) of this subdivision shall be forfeited and shall not carry forward to any subsequent tax year.
- 71 (E) No carryback of credit to a prior tax year shall 72 be allowed.
 - (2) Tax liability percentage offset limitations. —
- 74 (A) This credit for qualified investment in a manage-75 ment information services facility shall first be applied 76 to reduce the annual West Virginia business franchise 77 tax liability imposed under article twenty-three of this chapter for the tax year by an amount such that this 78 credit, in combined application with all other applicable 79 credits allowable under articles thirteen-c, thirteen-d and thirteen-e of this chapter and under chapter fivee of this code and all other tax credits provided in this code, shall not reduce the annual business franchise tax liability for such tax year below fifty percent of the amount of the annual tax liability which would otherwise be imposed for such tax year in the absence of this credit and all credits against such tax, except the credits set forth in section seventeen, article twenty-three of this chapter.

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(B) After application of this credit against business franchise tax as provided in paragraph (A) of this subdivision (2), remaining credit for qualified investment in a management information services facility, if any, shall then be applied to reduce the annual West Virginia corporation net income tax liability imposed under article twenty-four of this chapter for the tax year by an amount such that this credit in combined application with all other applicable credits allowable under articles thirteen-c. thirteen-d. thirteen-f and thirteen-g of this chapter and under sections ten, eleven. eleven-a, twelve, twenty-two and twenty-three-a, article twenty-four of this chapter and under chapters five-e and eighteen-b of this code and all other tax credits provided in this code, shall not reduce the annual corporation net income tax liability for such tax year below fifty percent of the amount of the annual tax liability which would otherwise be imposed for such tax year in the absence of this credit and all other credits against tax, except the credits set forth in sections nine and nine-a, article twenty-four of this chapter.

- (C) After application of this credit against business franchise tax under paragraph (A) of this subdivision (2), and then against corporation net income tax under paragraph (B) of this subdivision (2); remaining credit for qualified investment in a management information services facility, if any, shall then be applied to further reduce the annual West Virginia business franchise tax liability imposed under article twenty-three of this chapter for the tax year by an amount such that this credit shall not reduce the annual business franchise tax liability for such tax year below ten percent of the amount of the annual tax liability which would otherwise be imposed for such tax year in the absence of this credit and all other credits against such tax, except the credits set forth in section seventeen, article twentythree of this chapter.
- (D) After application of this credit against business franchise tax under paragraph (A) of this subdivision (2) and then against corporation net income tax under paragraph (B) of this subdivision (2), and then against

business franchise tax under paragraph (C) of this 131 132 subdivision (2); remaining credit for qualified invest-133 ment in a management information services facility, if 134 any, shall then be applied to further reduce the annual 135 West Virginia corporation net income tax liability 136 imposed under article twenty-four of this chapter for the 137 tax year by an amount such that this credit shall not 138 reduce the annual corporation net income tax liability 139 for such tax year below ten percent of the amount of the annual tax liability which would otherwise be imposed 140 for such tax year in the absence of this credit and all 141 142 other credits against such tax, except the credits set 143 forth in sections nine and nine-a, article twenty-four of 144 this chapter.

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- (d) Maximum annual credit allowance. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no taxpayer may take or apply more than one million dollars of this credit against all taxes, in the aggregate, against which this credit may apply in any taxable year, and no related person or persons as defined in Section 267(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, may, in the aggregate, take or apply more than one million dollars of this credit against all taxes, in the aggregate, against which this credit may apply in any taxable year.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 155 section, the total amount of credit certified under 156 157 subsection (e) for all taxpayers shall not exceed five million dollars per year. The tax commissioner shall 158 allocate this credit to eligible taxpayers in the order that 159 such taxpavers are certified under subsection (e) of this 160 section: Provided, That no taxpayer or any related 161 person to such taxpayer (as amended in section 267(b) 162 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended), shall 163 be allocated more than five million dollars. 164

(e) Certification of credit required. —

(1) Application required. — No credit shall be allowed or applied under this section for any investment in any management information services facility until the person asserting a claim for the allowance of credit under this article makes written application to the tax

commissioner for allowance of credit as provided in this section and receives written certification of its claim from the tax commissioner. An application for credit shall be filed, in such form as the tax commissioner shall prescribe, prior to the first date when qualified investment property is first placed in service or use, and whether such property will be placed in service during the same tax year or over a period of two or more successive tax years. All information required by such form shall be provided. No credit shall be taken by a taxpayer applicant or prospective applicant pursuant to this section and the exemption from tax set forth under subsection (nn), section nine, article fifteen of this chapter shall not be available to a taxpayer applicant or prospective applicant until certification has been issued by the tax commissioner.

(2) Failure to file. — The failure to timely apply for certification under this subsection (e) shall result in the forfeiture of the credit otherwise allowable under this section.

(f) Forfeiture for reductions of employment. —

- (1) With the annual return for the tax imposed by article twenty-three of this chapter filed for the taxable year in which the qualified investment is first placed in service or use in this state, and for each succeeding taxable year thereafter during which the taxpayer seeks to apply this credit against tax, the taxpayer shall file a statement with the tax commissioner certifying that no West Virginia jobs have been lost or terminated and no decrease of working hours or layoffs of employees holding West Virginia jobs have resulted from the making of the qualified investment upon which this credit is based or from the establishment or operation of the management information services facility upon which this credit is based.
 - (2) The taxpayer shall forfeit all annual credit otherwise available under this section during any year when West Virginia jobs have been lost or terminated or decreases of working hours or layoffs of employees holding West Virginia jobs have occurred as a result of

the making of the qualified investment upon which this credit is based or the establishment or operation of the management information services facility upon which this credit is based, and the exemption from tax set forth in subsection (nn), section nine, article fifteen of this chapter shall not be available to the taxpayer during such year of forfeiture.

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- (3) The tax commissioner shall conduct such audits or reviews of each taxpayer in any year a credit is asserted under this section to verify the accuracy of a taxpayer's statement certifying that no West Virginia jobs have been lost or terminated and that no decrease of working hours or layoffs of employees holding West Virginia jobs have resulted from the making of qualified investments upon which this credit is based or from the establishment or operation of the management information services facility upon which this credit is based. Such audits shall also verify that all other requirements applicable to the allowance under a credit under this section continue to be met by the taxpayer.
- (g) Information disclosure. Providing that such disclosure can be made without directly or indirectly revealing the amount of credit available to any particular taxpayer or taxpayer return information other than the name and address of the taxpayer, and notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary. the tax commissioner shall publish in the state register the name and address of every taxpayer receiving this credit allowed under this section by the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and annually thereafter by the thirty-first day of December of each year. The tax commissioner shall publish in the state register the amount of the credit asserted, by amount category, for each taxpayer asserting such credit. The categories by dollar amount of credit received shall be as follows:
 - (1) More than \$1.00 but not more than \$50,000;
- 248 (2) More than \$50,000 but not more than \$100,000;
- 249 (3) More than \$100,000 but not more than \$250,000;

- 250 (4) More than \$250,000 but not more than \$500,000; 251 and
- 252 (5) More than \$500,000 but not more than \$1,000,000.
- 253 (h) Report by the governor's office of community and 254 industrial development. — The governor's office of 255 community and industrial development shall produce a 256 report to the Legislature to be presented during the 257 regular legislative session of one thousand nine hundred 258 ninety-two. Such report shall state the identity of 259 taxpavers who have received this management informa-260 tion services facility credit, and shall contain an analysis 261 of the expansion and growth of management informa-262 tion services facilities in the state of West Virginia, the 263 expansion of commerce resulting from the creation of 264 this credit, and the number of jobs created as a result 265 of this credit. The report of the governor's office of 266 community and industrial development shall not di-267 rectly or indirectly reveal the amount of credit available 268 to any particular taxpayer or taxpayer return informa-269 tion other than the names and addresses of taxpayers.

§11-13D-5b. Qualified investment for a management information services facility.

- 1 (a) General. — The qualified investment in property 2 purchased or leased for use as a component part of a 3 management information services facility shall be the applicable percentage of the cost of each property 4 purchased for a management information services 5 6 facility, which is placed in service or use in this state, by the eligible taxpayer during the tax year as deter-7 mined under this section. 8
- 9 (b) Applicable percentage. For the purposes of subsection (a), the applicable percentage for any property shall be determined under the following table:

12 13	If useful life or applicable lease term is:	The applicable percentage is:
14	3 yrs. or more but less than 6 yrs	33-1/3%
15	6 yrs. or more but less than 8 yrs	
16	8 yrs or more	100%

- The useful life of any property for purposes of this section shall be the actual economic useful life determined as of the date such property is first placed in service or use in this state by the taxpayer, determined for financial accounting purposes in accordance with generally accepted principles of accounting.
 - (c) Cost. For purposes of subsection (a), the cost of each property purchased for a management information services facility shall be the fair market value or the actual cost, whichever is less, and in no event shall the cost exceed the fair market value, furthermore the cost shall be determined under the following rules:
 - (1) Trade-ins. Cost shall not include the value of property given in trade or exchange for the property purchased for a management information services facility.
 - (2) Damaged, destroyed or stolen property. If property is damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm or other casualty, or is stolen, then the cost of replacement property shall not include any insurance proceeds received in compensation for the loss.
- 38 (3) Rental property. The cost of tangible personal 39 property acquired by lease for a primary lease term of 40 three or more years shall be seventy-five percent of the 41 rent reserved for the shorter of:
 - (A) The first ten years of the primary lease term; or
- 43 (B) The primary lease term.
 - Such cost of leased tangible personal property shall then be multiplied by the applicable percentage determined under subsection (b) of this section based upon the shorter of the first ten years of the primary lease term or the primary lease term in order to determine qualified investment in such leased property.
 - (4) Property purchased for multiple use. Investment in property purchased for use in a management information services facility together with some other use shall not qualify for purposes of this credit.
 - (5) Self-constructed property. In the case of self-

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- constructed property, the cost thereof shall be the amount properly charged to the capital account for purposes of depreciation for federal income tax purposes.
 - (6) Specific exclusions. —
 - (A) Investment in land or buildings, whether purchased or leased, shall not qualify for purposes of this management information services facility credit.
 - (B) Investment by purchase or lease in natural resources in place; and investment by purchase or lease in property, the cost or consideration for which cannot be quantified with any reasonable degree of accuracy at the time such property is placed in service or use, shall not qualify for purposes of this management information services facility credit.
- (C) Investment in property purchased, or leased, or placed in service or use prior to the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, or after the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, shall not qualify for purposes of this management information services facility credit.
- 76 (D) Investment in property not purchased, or leased, 77 either for the purpose of expanding an existing management information services facility in West Virginia 78 79 pursuant to a national, regional or international relocation or consolidation of significant management 80 information services in West Virginia; or for the 81 purpose of establishing in this state a management 82 83 information services facility that is new to West 84 Virginia, shall not qualify for purposes of this manage-85 ment information services facility credit.

§11-13D-6. Forfeiture of unused tax credits, redetermination of credit required.

- 1 (a) Disposition of property or cessation of use. If 2 during any taxable year, property with respect to which 3 a tax credit has been allowed under this article:
- 4 (1) Is disposed of prior to the end of its useful life, as 5 determined under section four, five, five-a or five-b of 6 this article; or

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(2) Ceases to be used in the new or expanded or revitalized industrial business, or in the eligible research and development project, or in the qualified housing development project, or in a management information services facility of the taxpayer in this state prior to the end of its useful life, as determined under said section four. five, five-a or five-b, then the unused portion of the credit allowed for such property shall be forfeited for the taxable year and all ensuing years. Additionally, except when the property is damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm or other casualty, or is stolen, the taxpayer shall redetermine the amount of credit allowed in all earlier years by reducing the applicable percentage of cost of such property allowed under said section four, five-a or five-b, to correspond with the percentage of cost allowable for the period of time that the property was actually used in this state in the industrial business or management information services business of the taxpayer. The taxpayer shall then file a reconciliation statement with its annual business franchise tax return for the year in which the forfeiture occurs and pay any additional taxes owed due to reduction of the amount of credit allowable for such earlier years, plus interest and any applicable penalties: Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen, or both, of this chapter" shall mean "taxes imposed by articles thirteen. thirteen-a and twenty-three of this chapter or any one or combination of such articles of this chapter".

(b) Cessation of operation of industrial facility or eligible research and development project, qualified housing development project or management information services facility. — If during any taxable year, the taxpayer ceases operation of an industrial facility or a management information services facility in this state, or of an eligible research and development project, or a qualified housing development project, for which credit was allowed under this article, or article thirteence of this chapter prior to its repeal, before expiration

47 of the useful life of the property with respect to which 48 tax credit has been allowed under this article or article 49 thirteen-c of this chapter prior to its repeal, then the 50 unused portion of the allowed credit shall be forfeited 51 for the taxable year and all ensuing years. Additionally, 52 except when the cessation is due to fire, flood, storm or 53 other casualty, the taxpaver shall redetermine the 54 amount of credit allowed in earlier years by reducing 55 the applicable percentage of cost of such property 56 allowed under section four, five, five-a or five-b, to correspond with the percentage of cost allowable for the 57 58 period of time that the property was actually used in 59 this state in the industrial business or management information services business of the taxpayer. The 60 61 taxpayer shall then file a reconciliation statement with 62 its annual business franchise tax return for the year in 63 which the forfeiture occurs and pay any additional taxes 64 owed due to reduction of the amount of credit allowable 65 for such earlier years, plus interest and any applicable 66 penalties: Provided, That on and after the first day of 67 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the 68 phrase "taxes imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen, or both, of this chapter" shall mean "taxes imposed by 69 70 articles thirteen, thirteen-a and twenty-three of this 71 chapter, or any one or combination of such articles of 72 this chapter".

§11-13D-7. Transfer of eligible investment to successors.

1 (a) Mere change in form of business. — Property shall 2 not be treated as disposed of under section six of this 3 article by reason of a mere change in the form of conducting the business as long as the property is 4 retained in a similar industrial business or management 5 6 information services business activity in this state and the taxpayer retains a controlling interest in the 7 successor business. In this event, the successor business 8 shall be allowed to claim the amount of credit still 9 available with respect to the industrial facility or 10 facilities transferred or to the eligible research and 11 development project or management information servi-12 ces facility, and the taxpayer (transferor) shall not be 13 required to redetermine the amount of credit allowed in 14 15 earlier years.

(b) Transfer or sale to successor. — Provided that the tax commissioner gives prior approval for a transfer or sale, property shall not be treated as disposed of under section six by reason of any transfer or sale to a successor business which continues to operate the industrial facility or management information services facility in this state. Upon transfer or sale, the successor 23 shall acquire the amount of credit that remains avail-24 able under this article for each taxable year subsequent to the taxable year of the transferor during which the 25 26 transfer occurred, and, for the year of transfer, an 27 amount of annual credit for such year in the same 28 proportion as the number of days remaining in the 29 transferor's taxable year bears to the total number of days in such taxable year, and the taxpayer (transferor) 30 31 shall not be required to redetermine the amount of 32 credit allowed in earlier years. In determining whether 33 or not to approve a disposition pursuant to this subsec-34 tion, the tax commissioner shall take into account the 35 legislative findings and purpose contained in section one 36 of this article in making such decision.

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

§11-15-2. Definitions.

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§11-15-9. Exemptions.

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§11-15-2. Definitions.

- 1 For the purpose of this article:
- (a) "Persons" means any individual, partnership. 2 association, corporation, state or its political subdivi-3 sions or agency of either, guardian, trustee, committee, 4 executor or administrator. 5
- (b) "Tax commissioner" means the state tax 6 commissioner. 7
 - (c) "Gross proceeds" means the amount received in money, credits, property or other consideration from sales and services within this state, without deduction on account of the cost of property sold, amounts paid for interest or discounts or other expenses whatsoever. Losses shall not be deducted, but any credit or refund made for goods returned may be deducted.

- (d) "Sale", "sales" or "selling" includes any transfer of the possession or ownership of tangible personal property for a consideration, including a lease or rental, when the transfer or delivery is made in the ordinary course of the transferor's business and is made to the transferee or his agent for consumption or use or any other purpose.
 - (e) "Vendor" means any person engaged in this state in furnishing services taxed by this article or making sales of tangible personal property.

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- (f) "Ultimate consumer" or "consumer" means a person who uses or consumes services or personal property.
- (g) "Business" includes all activities engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or economic benefit, direct or indirect, and all activities of the state and its political subdivisions which involve sales of tangible personal property or the rendering of services when those service activities compete with or may compete with the activities of other persons.
- 35 (h) "Tax" includes all taxes, interest and penalties 36 levied hereunder.
 - (i) "Service" or "selected service" includes all nonprofessional activities engaged in for other persons for a consideration, which involve the rendering of a service as distinguished from the sale of tangible personal property, but shall not include contracting, personal services or the services rendered by an employee to his employer or any service rendered for resale.
- 44 (j) "Purchaser" means a person who purchases 45 tangible personal property or a service taxed by this 46 article.
- 47 (k) "Personal service" includes those:
- 48 (1) Compensated by the payment of wages in the 49 ordinary course of employment; and
 - (2) Rendered to the person of an individual without, at the same time, selling tangible personal property, such as nursing, barbering, shoe shining, manicuring

53 and similar services.

- (l) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for the tax imposed by this article.
 - (m) "Drugs" includes all sales of drugs or appliances to a purchaser, upon prescription of a physician or dentist and any other professional person licensed to prescribe.
 - (n) (1) "Directly used or consumed" in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources means used or consumed in those activities or operations which constitute an integral and essential part of such activities, as contrasted with and distinguished from those activities or operations which are simply incidental, convenient or remote to such activities.
 - (2) Uses of property or consumption of services which constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources includes only:
 - (A) In the case of tangible personal property, physical incorporation of property into a finished product resulting from manufacturing production or the production of natural resources;
 - (B) Causing a direct physical, chemical or other change upon property undergoing manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (C) Transporting or storing property undergoing transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (D) Measuring or verifying a change in property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (E) Physically controlling or directing the physical movement or operation of property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;

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- 91 (F) Directly and physically recording the flow of 92 property undergoing transportation, communication, 93 transmission, manufacturing production or production 94 of natural resources;
 - (G) Producing energy for property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (H) Facilitating the transmission of gas, water, steam or electricity from the point of their diversion to property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (I) Controlling or otherwise regulating atmospheric conditions required for transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (J) Serving as an operating supply for property undergoing transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources, or for property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources:
 - (K) Maintenance or repair of property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
- 116 (L) Storage, removal or transportation of economic 117 waste resulting from the activities of manufacturing, 118 transportation, communication, transmission or the 119 production of natural resources;
 - (M) Pollution control or environmental quality or protection activity directly relating to the activities of manufacturing, transportation, communication, transmission or the production of natural resources and personnel, plant, product or community safety or security activity directly relating to the activities of manufacturing, transportation, communication, transmission or the production of natural resources; or
 - (N) Otherwise be used as an integral and essential

- 129 part of transportation, communication, transmission,
- 130 manufacturing production or production of natural
- 131 resources.
- 132 (3) Uses of property or services which would not
- 133 constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of 134
- manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communi-135
- cation or the production of natural resources includes,
- 136 but are not limited to:
- 137 (A) Heating and illumination of office buildings;
- 138 (B) Janitorial or general cleaning activities;
- 139 (C) Personal comfort of personnel;
- 140 (D) Production planning, scheduling of work, or 141 inventory control:
- 142 (E) Marketing, general management, supervision,
- 143 finance, training, accounting and administration; or
- 144 (F) An activity or function incidental or convenient to
- 145 transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources, 146
- rather than an integral and essential part of such 147
- 148 activities.
- 149 (o) "Contracting".
- (1) In general. "Contracting" means and includes 150
- the furnishing of work, or both materials and work, for 151
- 152 another (by a sole contractor, general contractor, prime
- 153 contractor or subcontractor) in fulfillment of a contract
- for the construction, alteration, repair, decoration or 154
- improvement of a new or existing building or structure, 155
- or any part thereof, or for removal or demolition of a 156
- building or structure, or any part thereof, or for the 157
- alteration, improvement or development of real 158
- 159 property.
- (2) Form of contract not controlling. An activity that 160
- falls within the scope of the definition of contracting 161 shall constitute contracting regardless of whether such
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- contract governing the activity is written or verbal and 163
- regardless of whether it is in substance or form a lump 164
- sum contract, a cost-plus contract, a time and materials 165

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- contract, whether or not open-ended, or any other kind of construction contract.
- 168 (3) Special rules. For purposes of this definition:
- (A) The term "structure" includes, but is not limited to, everything built up or composed of parts joined together in some definite manner and attached or affixed to real property, or which adds utility to real property or any part thereof, or which adds utility to a particular parcel of property and is intended to remain there for an indefinite period of time.
- 176 (B) The term "alteration" means, and is limited to, 177 alterations which are capital improvements to a build-178 ing or structure or to real property.
- 179 (C) The term "repair" means, and is limited to, repairs 180 which are capital improvements to a building or 181 structure or to real property.
- 182 (D) The term "decoration" means, and is limited to, 183 decorations which are capital improvements to a 184 building or structure or to real property.
 - (E) The term "improvement" means, and is limited to, improvements which are capital improvements to a building or structure or to real property.
 - (F) The term "capital improvement" means improvements that are affixed to or attached to and become a part of a building or structure or the real property or which add utility to real property or any part thereof and that last, or are intended to be relatively permanent. As used herein, "relatively permanent" means lasting at least a year or longer in duration without the necessity for regularly scheduled recurring service to maintain such capital improvement. "Regular recurring service" means regularly scheduled service intervals of less than one year.
 - (G) Contracting does not include the furnishing of work, or both materials and work in the nature of hookup, connection, installation or other services if such service is incidental to the retail sale of tangible personal property from the service provider's inventory:

204 *Provided*, That such hookup, connection or installation 205 of the foregoing is incidental to the sale of the same and 206 performed by the seller thereof or performed in 207 accordance with arrangements made by the seller 208 thereof. Examples of transactions that are excluded 209 from the definition of contracting pursuant hereto 210 include, but are not limited to, the sale of wall-to-wall 211 carpeting and the installation of wall-to-wall carpeting, 212 the sale, hookup and connection of mobile homes, 213 window air conditioning units, dishwashers, clothing 214 washing machines or dryers, other household applian-215 ces, drapery rods, window shades, venetian blinds, 216 canvas awnings, free standing industrial or commercial 217 equipment and other similar items of tangible personal 218 property. Repairs made to the foregoing are within the 219 definition of contracting if such repairs involve perman-220 ently affixing to or improving real property or some-221 thing attached thereto which extends the life of the real 222 property or something affixed thereto or allows or is 223 intended to allow such real property or thing perman-224 ently attached thereto to remain in service for a vear 225 or longer.

(p) "Manufacturing" means a systematic operation or integrated series of systematic operations engaged in as a business or segment of a business which transforms or converts tangible personal property by physical, chemical or other means into a different form, composition or character from that in which it originally existed.

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- (q) "Transportation" means the act or process of conveying, as a commercial enterprise, passengers or goods from one place or geographical location to another place or geographical location.
- (r) "Transmission" means the act or process of causing liquid, natural gas or electricity to pass or be conveyed from one place or geographical location to another place or geographical location through a pipeline or other medium for commercial purposes.
- (s) "Communication" means all telephone, radio, light, light wave, radio telephone, telegraph and other

244 communication or means of communication, whether 245 used for voice communication, computer data transmis-246 sion or other encoded symbolic information transfers 247 and shall include commercial broadcast radio, commercial broadcast television and cable television. 248

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- (t) "Production of natural resources" means the performance, by either the owner of the natural resources or another, of the act or process of exploring, developing, severing, extracting, reducing to possession and loading for shipment for sale, profit or commercial use of any natural resource products and any reclamation, waste disposal or environmental activities associated therewith.
- (u) "Management information services facility" means a building, or any part thereof, or a complex of buildings, or any part thereof, including the machinery and equipment located therein, that is exclusively dedicated to providing management information services to the owner or operator thereof or to another person.
- 263 (v) "Management information services" means, and is limited to, data processing, data storage, data recovery 264 and backup, programming recovery and backup, 265 266 telecommunications, computation and computer processing, computer programming, electronic information, 267 and data management activities, or any combination of 268 such activities, when such activity, or activities, is not 269 subject to regulation by the West Virginia public service 270 commission and such activity, or activities, is for the 271 purpose of managing, planning for, organizing, or 272 operating, any industrial or commercial business, or any 273 enterprise, facility or facilities of an industrial or commercial business, whether such industrial or commercial business or enterprise, facility or facilities of an industrial or commercial business is located within 277 or without this state and without regard to whether such industrial or commercial business, or enterprise, facility or facilities of an industrial or commercial business is owned by the provider of the management information services or by a "related person", as defined in Section 267(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

§11-15-9. Exemptions.

- 1 The following sales and services are exempt:
- 2 (a) Sales of gas, steam and water delivered to 3 consumers through mains or pipes, and sales of 4 electricity;
- 5 (b) Sales of textbooks required to be used in any of the schools of this state or in any institution in this state 7 which qualifies as a nonprofit or educational institution 8 subject to the West Virginia department of education 9 and the arts; board of trustees of the university system of West Virginia, or the board of directors for colleges located in this state;
- (c) Sales of property or services to the state, its institutions or subdivisions, governmental units, institu-tions or subdivisions of other states: Provided. That the law of such other state provides the same exemption to governmental units or subdivisions of this state and to the United States, including agencies of federal, state or local governments for distribution in public welfare or relief work;
 - (d) Sales of vehicles which are titled by the division of motor vehicles and which are subject to the tax imposed by section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code, or like tax;
 - (e) Sales of property or services to churches and bona fide charitable organizations who make no charge whatsoever for the services they render: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, equipment, supplies, food for meals and materials directly used or consumed by these organizations, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;
 - (f) Sales of tangible personal property or services to a corporation or organization which has a current registration certificate issued under article twelve of this chapter is exempt from federal income taxes under section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and is:

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- 38 (1) A church or a convention or association of churches 39 as defined in section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code 40 of 1986, as amended;
 - (2) An elementary or secondary school which maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and has a regularly enrolled body of pupils or students in attendance at the place in this state where its educational activities are regularly carried on;
 - (3) A corporation or organization which annually receives more than one half of its support from any combination of gifts, grants, direct or indirect charitable contributions, or membership fees;
 - (4) An organization which has no paid employees and its gross income from fund raisers, less reasonable and necessary expenses incurred to raise such gross income (or the tangible personal property or services purchased with such net income), is donated to an organization which is exempt from income taxes under section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
 - (5) A youth organization, such as the Girl Scouts of the United States of America, the Boy Scouts of America, or the YMCA Indian Guide/Princess Program, and the local affiliates thereof, which is organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and has as its primary purpose the nonsectarian character development and citizenship training of its members;
- 65 (6) For purposes of this subsection:
- 66 (A) The term "support" includes, but is not limited to:
 - (i) Gifts, grants, contributions or membership fees;
- (ii) Gross receipts from fund raisers which include receipts from admissions, sales of merchandise, performance of services or furnishing of facilities in any activity which is not an unrelated trade or business within the meaning of section 513 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- (iii) Net income from unrelated business activities,
 whether or not such activities are carried on regularly

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- 76 as a trade or business:
- 77 (iv) Gross investment income as defined in section 78 509(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 79 amended:
- 80 (v) Tax revenues levied for the benefit of a corporation 81 or organization either paid to or expended on behalf of 82 such organization; and
- (vi) The value of services or facilities (exclusive of services or facilities generally furnished to the public without charge) furnished by a governmental unit referred to in section 170(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to an organization without charge. This term does not include any gain from the sale or other disposition of property which would be 90 considered as gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset, or the value of an exemption from any federal. 92 state or local tax or any similar benefit;
- (B) The term "charitable contribution" means a 93 contribution or gift to or for the use of a corporation or 94 organization, described in section 170(c)(2) of the 95 96 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended:
 - (C) The term "membership fee" does not include any amounts paid for tangible personal property or specific services rendered to members by the corporation or organization: or
- 101 (7) The exemption allowed by this subsection (f) does not apply to sales of gasoline or special fuel or to sales 102 of tangible personal property or services to be used or 103 104 consumed in the generation of unrelated business 105 income as defined in section 513 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The provisions of this 106 107 subsection as amended by this act shall apply to sales 108 made after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: Provided, That the exemption 109 herein granted shall apply only to services, equipment, 110 supplies and materials used or consumed in the activ-111 ities for which such organizations qualify as tax exempt 112 organizations under the Internal Revenue Code by these 113 organizations and shall not apply to purchases of 114

115 gasoline or special fuel;

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(g) Sales of property or services to persons engaged in this state in the business of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or in the production of natural resources: Provided. That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, machinery. supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the businesses or organizations named above, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel: Provided. however, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the exemption provided in this subsection shall apply only to services, machinery, supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources in the businesses or organizations named above and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel:

- (h) An isolated transaction in which any taxable service or any tangible personal property is sold, transferred, offered for sale or delivered by the owner thereof or by his representative for the owner's account. such sale, transfer, offer for sale or delivery not being made in the ordinary course of repeated and successive transactions of like character by such owner or on his account by such representative: Provided, That nothing contained herein may be construed to prevent an owner who sells, transfers or offers for sale tangible personal property in an isolated transaction through an auctioneer from availing himself or herself of the exemption provided herein, regardless where such isolated sale takes place. The tax commissioner may adopt such legislative rule pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code as he deems necessary for the efficient administration of this exemption;
- (i) Sales of tangible personal property or of any taxable services rendered for use or consumption in connection with the commercial production of an agricultural product the ultimate sale of which will be subject to the tax imposed by this article or which would have been subject to tax under this article: Provided,

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That sales of tangible personal property and services to be used or consumed in the construction of or permanent improvement to real property and sales of gasoline and special fuel shall not be exempt;

(j) Sales of tangible personal property to a person for the purpose of resale in the form of tangible personal property: Provided, That sales of gasoline and special fuel by distributors and importers shall be taxable except when the sale is to another distributor for resale: Provided, however. That sales of building materials or building supplies or other property to any person engaging in the activity of contracting, as defined in this article, which is to be installed in, affixed to or incorporated by such person or his agent into any real property, building or structure shall not be exempt under this subsection, except that sales of tangible personal property to a person engaging in the activity of contracting pursuant to a written contract with the United States, this state, or with a political subdivision thereof, or with a public corporation created by the Legislature or by another governmental entity pursuant to an act of the Legislature, for a building or structure, or improvement thereto, or other improvement to real property that is or will be owned and used by the governmental entity for a governmental or proprietary purpose, who incorporates such property in such building, structure or improvement shall, with respect to such tangible personal property, nevertheless be deemed to be the vendor of such property to the governmental entity and any person seeking to qualify for and assert this exception must do so pursuant to such legislative rules and regulations as the tax commissioner may promulgate and upon such forms as the tax commissioner may prescribe. A subcontractor who, pursuant to a written subcontract with a prime contractor who qualifies for this exception, provides equipment, or materials, and labor to such a prime contractor shall be treated in the same manner as the prime contractor is treated with respect to the prime contract under this exception and the legislative rules and regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner: Provided further, That the exemption for government contractors in the

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- preceding proviso shall expire on the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, subject to the transition rules set forth in section eight-c of this article;
- 202 (k) Sales of property or services to nationally char-203 tered fraternal or social organizations for the sole 204 purpose of free distribution in public welfare or relief 205 work: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel 206 shall be taxable;
- 207 (l) Sales and services, fire fighting or station house 208 equipment, including construction and automotive, 209 made to any volunteer fire department organized and 210 incorporated under the laws of the state of West 211 Virginia: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special 212 fuel shall be taxable;
- 213 (m) Sales of newspapers when delivered to consumers 214 by route carriers;
- 215 (n) Sales of drugs dispensed upon prescription and 216 sales of insulin to consumers for medical purposes;
 - (o) Sales of radio and television broadcasting time, preprinted advertising circulars and newspaper and outdoor advertising space for the advertisement of goods or services;
- 221 (p) Sales and services performed by day-care centers;
 - (q) Casual and occasional sales of property or services not conducted in a repeated manner or in the ordinary course of repetitive and successive transactions of like character by a corporation or organization which is exempt from tax under subsection (f) of this section on its purchases of tangible personal property or services:
 - (1) For purposes of this subsection, the term "casual and occasional sales not conducted in repeated manner or in the ordinary course of repetitive and successive transactions of like character" means sales of tangible personal property or services at fund raisers sponsored by a corporation or organization which is exempt, under subsection (f) of this section, from payment of the tax imposed by this article on its purchases, when such fund

raisers are of limited duration and are held no more 236 than six times during any twelve-month period and 237 238 limited duration means no more than eighty-four 239 consecutive hours:

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- (2) The provisions of this subsection (a), as amended by this article, shall apply to sales made after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightvnine:
- 244 (r) Sales of property or services to a school which has approval from the board of trustees of the university 246 system of West Virginia or the board of directors of the state college system to award degrees, which has its 248 principal campus in this state, and which is exempt 249 from federal and state income taxes under section 250 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 251 amended: Provided, That sales of gasoline and special 252 fuel shall be taxable:
- 253 (s) Sales of mobile homes to be utilized by purchasers 254 as their principal year-round residence and dwelling: 255 Provided. That these mobile homes shall be subject to 256 tax at the three percent rate:
 - (t) Sales of lottery tickets and materials by licensed lottery sales agents and lottery retailers authorized by the state lottery commission, under the provisions of article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code:
 - (u) Leases of motor vehicles titled pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code to lessees for a period of thirty or more consecutive days. This exemption shall apply to leases executed on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and to payments under long-term leases executed before such date, for months thereof beginning on or after such date:
 - (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g) of this section or any provisions of this article to the contrary, sales of property and services to persons subject to tax under article thirteen, thirteen-a or thirteen-b of this chapter: Provided, That the exemption herein granted shall apply both to property or services

directly or not directly used or consumed in the conduct of privileges which are subject to tax under such articles but shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;

- (w) Sales of propane to consumers for poultry house heating purposes, with any seller to such consumer who may have prior paid such tax in his price, to not pass on the same to the consumer, but to make application and receive refund of such tax from the tax commissioner, pursuant to rules and regulations which shall be promulgated by the tax commissioner; and notwithstanding the provisions of section eighteen of this article or any other provisions of such article to the contrary;
- (x) Any sales of tangible personal property or services purchased after the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and lawfully paid for with food stamps pursuant to the federal food stamp program codified in 7 United States Code, §2011, et seq., as amended, or with drafts issued through the West Virginia special supplemental food program for women, infants and children codified in 42 United States Code, §1786;
- (y) Sales of tickets for activities sponsored by elementary and secondary schools located within this state;
- (z) Sales of electronic data processing services and related software: *Provided*, That for the purposes of this subsection (z) "electronic data processing services" means: (1) The processing of another's data, including all processes incident to processing of data such as keypunching, keystroke verification, rearranging or sorting of previously documented data for the purpose of data entry or automatic processing, and changing the medium on which data is sorted, whether these processes are done by the same person or several persons; and (2) providing access to computer equipment for the purpose of processing data or examining or acquiring data stored in or accessible to such computer equipment;
- (aa) Tuition charged for attending educational summer camps;

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- (bb) Sales of building materials or building supplies or other property to an organization qualified under section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which are to be installed in, affixed to or incorporated by such organization or its agent into real property, or into a building or structure which is or will be used as permanent low-income housing, transitional housing, emergency homeless shelter, domestic violence shelter or emergency children and youth shelter if such shelter is owned, managed, developed or operated by an organization qualified under section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
 - (cc) Dispensing of services performed by one corporation for another corporation when both corporations are members of the same controlled group. Control means ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of a corporation entitled to vote or ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or more of the value of the corporation;

(dd) Food for the following shall be exempt:

- (1) Food purchased or sold by public or private schools, school sponsored student organizations, or school sponsored parent-teacher associations to students enrolled in such school or to employees of such school during normal school hours; but not those sales of food made to the general public;
- (2) Food purchased or sold by a public or private college or university or by a student organization officially recognized by such college or university to students enrolled at such college or university when such sales are made on a contract basis so that a fixed price is paid for consumption of food products for a specific period of time without respect to the amount of food product actually consumed by the particular individual contracting for the sale and no money is paid at the time the food product is served or consumed;
- (3) Food purchased or sold by a charitable or private nonprofit organization, a nonprofit organization or a

 $\frac{372}{373}$

- governmental agency under a program to provide food to low-income persons at or below cost;
 - (4) Food sold in an occasional sale by a charitable or nonprofit organization including volunteer fire departments and rescue squads, if the purpose of the sale is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of the organization and the revenue so obtained is actually expended for that purpose;
 - (5) Food sold by any religious organization at a social or other gathering conducted by it or under its auspices, if the purpose in selling the food is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of the organization and the revenue obtained from selling the food is actually used in carrying on such functions and activities: *Provided*, That purchases made by such organizations shall not be exempt as a purchase for resale;
 - (ee) Sales of food by little leagues, midget football leagues, youth football or soccer leagues and similar types of organizations, including scouting groups and church youth groups, if the purpose in selling the food is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of the organization and the revenues obtained from selling the food is actually used in supporting or carrying on functions and activities of the groups: *Provided*, That such purchases made by such organizations shall not be exempt as a purchase for resale;
 - (ff) Charges for room and meals by fraternities and sororities to their members: *Provided*, That such purchases made by a fraternity or sorority shall not be exempt as a purchase for resale;
- 384 (gg) Sales of or charges for the transportation of 385 passengers in interstate commerce;
 - (hh) Sales of tangible personal property or services to any person which this state is prohibited from taxing under the laws of the United States or under the constitution of this state;
 - (ii) Sales of tangible personal property or services to any person who claims exemption from the tax imposed by this article or article fifteen-a of this chapter

pursuant to the provisions of any other chapter of this code;

- (jj) Charges for the services of opening and closing a burial lot;
- (kk) Sales of livestock, poultry or other farm products in their original state by the producer thereof or a member of the producer's immediate family who is not otherwise engaged in making retail sales of tangible personal property; and sales of livestock sold at public sales sponsored by breeder's or registry associations or livestock auction markets: *Provided*, That the exemptions allowed by this subsection shall apply to sales made on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and may be claimed without presenting or obtaining exemption certificates: *Provided*, however, That the farmer shall maintain adequate records;
- (II) Sales of motion picture films to motion picture exhibitors for exhibition if the sale of tickets or the charge for admission to the exhibition of the film is subject to the tax imposed by this article and sales of coin-operated video arcade machines, or video arcade games, to a person engaged in the business of providing such machines to the public for a charge upon which the tax imposed by this article is remitted to the tax commissioner: *Provided*, That the exemption provided in this subsection shall apply to sales made on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and may be claimed by presenting to the seller a properly executed exemption certificate;
- (mm) Sales of aircraft repair, remodeling and maintenance services when such services are to an aircraft operated by a certified or licensed carrier of persons or property, or by a governmental entity, or to an engine or other component part of an aircraft operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property, or by a governmental entity and sales of tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or permanently attached as a component part of an aircraft owned or operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property, or by a governmental entity, as

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part of the repair, remodeling or maintenance service and sales of machinery, tools, or equipment, directly used or consumed exclusively in the repair, remodeling, or maintenance of aircraft, aircraft engines, or aircraft component parts, for a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property, or for a governmental entity; and

439 (nn) Sales of tangible personal property and services 440 to a person entitled to claim the tax credit for invest-441 ment in certain management information services 442 facilities allowed under section three-c, article thirteen-443 d of this chapter, pursuant to the issuance of a manage-444 ment information services tax credit certification by the 445 tax commissioner in accordance with subsection (e). 446 section three-c, article thirteen-d of this chapter, when such property or services are directly used or consumed 447 448 by the purchaser in the operation of the management 449 information services facility, as defined in section two 450 of this article for which credit is allowed under section 451 three-c, article thirteen-d of this chapter. Tangible 452 personal property, or services, directly used or con-453 sumed in the operation of a management information 454 services facility includes only: (1) Computer processing 455 and telecommunications equipment; (2) data storage and 456 input/output devices; (3) disaster recovery services; (4) 457 supplies: (5) application, telecommunication and operat-458 ing system software: (6) repair and maintenance of any of the aforesaid items; and (7) other tangible personal 459 460 property or services directly used or consumed in the operation of a management information services facility: 461 Provided, That the property is purchased or leased after 462 the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred 463 ninety-one. This exemption shall not apply to tangible 464 personal property, or services, that are not directly used 465 466 or consumed in the operation of a management information services facility, or to gasoline or special fuel: 467 Provided, however. That nothing in this paragraph shall 468 be construed to limit, exclude or preclude the applica-469 tion or availability of any other exemption set forth in 470 this section, or elsewhere in this code, which might 471 otherwise apply to any sale of tangible personal property 472 473 or services.

CHAPTER 165

(S. B. 592—By Senator Jones)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections eight-a, eight-b, eightc, eight-e and eight-f, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections twenty-three-a, twenty-three-b, twenty-three-c, twenty-three-e and twenty-three-f, article twenty-four of said chapter, all relating to requiring certification by the West Virginia division of culture and history for historic preservation tax credit against personal income tax and corporation net income tax; removing fee authorization for the state tax department; providing for a credit carryforward and carryback; extending the grandfather clause in the sunset provision to applications for certification by the United States secretary of the interior filed prior to the sunset date; and extending the sunset date until the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-four.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections eight-a, eight-b, eight-c, eight-e and eight-f, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections twenty-three-a, twenty-three-b, twenty-three-c, twenty-three-e and twenty-three-f, article twenty-four of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 21. Personal Income Tax.
- 24. Corporation Net Income Tax.

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

- §11-21-8a. Credit for qualified rehabilitated building investment.
- §11-21-8b. Definitions.
- §11-21-8c. Procedures.
- §11-21-8e. Carryback, carryforward.
- \$11-21-8f. Termination of credit by law.

§11-21-8a. Credit for qualified rehabilitated buildings investment.

A credit against the tax imposed by the provisions of this article shall be allowed as follows:

3 Certified historic structures. — For certified historic 4 structures, the credit is equal to ten percent of qualified 5 rehabilitation expenditures as defined in §47(c)(2). Title 6 26 of the United States Code, as amended. This credit 7 is available for both residential and nonresidential 8 buildings located in this state, that are reviewed by the 9 West Virginia division of culture and history and 10 designated by the national park service, United States department of the interior as "certified historic struc-11 tures," and further defined as a "qualified rehabilitated 12 building," as defined under §47(c)(1), Title 26 of the 13 United States Code, as amended. 14

§11-21-8b. Definitions.

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- 1 (a) "Certified historic structure" means any building
 2 located in this state that is listed individually in the
 3 national register of historic places or located in a
 4 registered historic district, reviewed by the West
 5 Virginia division of culture and history, and certified by
 6 the national park service as being of historic signifi7 cance to the district.
 - (b) "Certified rehabilitation" means any rehabilitation of a certified historic building that is reviewed by the West Virginia division of culture and history, and certified by the national park service as being consistent with the historic character of the property and, where applicable, the district in which it is located.
 - (c) "Historic district" means any district that is listed in the national register of historic places or designated under a state or local statute which has been certified as containing criteria which will substantially achieve the purpose of preserving and rehabilitating buildings of significance to the district and which is certified as substantially meeting all of the requirements for listing of districts in the national register of historic places.
 - (d) "Historic preservation certification application"

- 23 means the application forms published by the national
- 24 park service, United States department of the interior,
- 25 Parts 1, 2 and 3, form No. 10-168.
- 26 (e) "Secretary of the interior standards" means 27 standards and guidelines adopted and published by the 28 national park service, United States department of the 29 interior, for rehabilitation of historic properties.
- 30 (f) "State historic preservation officer" means the state 31 official designated by the governor pursuant to provi-32 sions in the national historic preservation act of 1966, 33 as amended and further defined in section six, article 34 one, chapter twenty-nine of this code.

§11-21-8c. Procedures.

- Application and processing procedures for provisions of this section shall be the same as any required under provisions of Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 67, and Title 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1. Successful completion of a historic preservation certification application automatically qualifies the
- 7 applicant to be considered for tax credits under this section.
- 9 Successful certification by the national park service of 10 a rehabilitation of a building that results in such 11 building being a "qualified rehabilitated building"
- 12 within the meaning of \$47(c)(1), Title 26 of the United
- 13 States Code, and amendments thereto, automatically
- 14 qualifies the applicant for tax credits under this section.
- 15 The state historic preservation officer's role in the
- 16 application procedure shall be identical to that in Title
- 17 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 67, and Title
- 18 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1.

§11-21-8e. Carryback, carryforward.

Any unused portion of the credit for qualified rehabilitated buildings investment authorized by section eight-a of this article which may not be taken in the taxable year to which the credit applies shall qualify for carryback and carryforward treatment subject to the identical general provisions under §39, Title 26 of the

7 United States Code, as amended: Provided, That the

- 8 amount of such credit taken in a taxable year shall in
- 9 no event exceed the tax liability due for the taxable
- 10 year.

§11-21-8f. Termination of credit by law.

- 1 The tax credit allowed by this section shall be
- terminated on the thirty-first day of December, one 2
- thousand nine hundred ninety-four, unless review of the
- tax credit shall be undertaken pursuant to the provi-4
- sions of sections nine, ten and eleven, article ten, chapter 5
- four of this code: Provided. That for those rehabilitation 6
- 7 projects for which a completed Part 2 (Description of
- 8 Rehabilitation) of the historic preservation certification
- 9 application was filed with the West Virginia division of
- culture and history prior to that date and subsequently 10
- approved in accordance with section eight-c of this 11
- 12 article, the credit shall continue to be allowed pursuant
- 13 to this article.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

- §11-24-23a. Credit for qualified rehabilitated buildings investment.
- §11-24-23b. Definitions.
- §11-24-23c. Procedures.
- §11-24-23e. Carryback, carryforward.
- §11-24-23f. Termination of credit by law.

§11-24-23a. Credit for qualified rehabilitated buildings investment.

- A credit against the tax imposed by the provisions of 1 this article shall be allowed as follows: 2
- Certified historic structures. For certified historic 3 structures, the credit is equal to ten percent of qualified 4
- rehabilitation expenditures as defined in §47(c)(2). Title 5
- 26 of the United States Code, as amended. This credit 6
- is available for both residential and nonresidential 7
- buildings located in this state that are reviewed by the 8
- West Virginia division of culture and history and 9
- designated by the national park service, United States 10 department of the interior as "certified historic build-
- 11 ing", and further defined as a "qualified rehabilitated
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- building", as defined under §47(c)(1), Title 26, of the 13
- United States Code, as amended. 14

§11-24-23b. Definitions.

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- 1 (a) "Certified historic structure" means any building 2 located in this state that is listed individually in the national register of historic places or located in a 3 4 registered historic district, reviewed by the West 5 Virginia division of culture and history and certified by 6 the national park service as being of historic signifi-7 cance to the district.
- (b) "Certified rehabilitation" means any rehabilitation of a certified historic structure that is reviewed by the West Virginia division of culture and history, and certified by the national park service as being consistent 12 with the historic character of the property and, where 13 applicable, the district in which it is located.
 - (c) "Historic district" means any district that is listed in the national register of historic places or designated under a state or local statute which has been certified as containing criteria which will substantially achieve the purpose of preserving and rehabilitating buildings of significance to the district and which is certified as substantially meeting all of the requirements for listing of districts in the national register of historic places.
 - (d) "Historic preservation certification application" means application forms published by the national park service. United States department of the interior, Parts 1, 2 and 3, form No. 10-168.
- (e) "Secretary of the interior standards" means 26 standards and guidelines adopted and published by the 27 national park service, United States department of the 28 29 interior, for rehabilitation of historic properties.
- (f) "State historic preservation officer" means the state 30 official designated by the governor pursuant to provi-31 sions in the national historic preservation act of 1966, 32 as amended and further defined in section six, article 33 one, chapter twenty-nine of this code. 34

§11-24-23c. Procedures.

Application and processing procedures for provisions 1 of this section shall be the same as any required under 2

- 3 provisions of Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- 4 Part 67, and Title 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- 5 Part 1. Successful completion of a historic preservation
- certification application shall automatically qualify the 6
- 7 applicant to be considered for tax credits under this
- 8 section.
- 9 Successful certification by the national park service of
- a rehabilitation of a building that results in such 10
- building being a "qualified rehabilitated building" 11
- 12 within the meaning of §47(c)(1), Title 26 of the United
- States Code, and amendments thereto, shall automati-13
- 14 cally qualify the applicant for tax credits under this
- section. The state historic preservation officer's role in 15
- 16 the application procedure shall be identical to that in
- 17 Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 67, and
- 18 Title 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1.

§11-24-23e. Carryback, carryforward.

- 1 Any unused portion of the credit for qualified
- 2 rehabilitated buildings investment authorized by section
- 3 twenty-three-a of this article which may not be taken in
- 4 the taxable year to which the credit applies shall qualify
- 5 for carryback and carryforward treatment subject to
- 6 the identical general provisions under §39. Title 26 of
- 7
- the United States Code, as amended: Provided, That the 8 amount of such credit taken in a taxable year shall in
- 9
- no event exceed the tax liability due for the taxable
- 10 year.

§11-24-23f. Termination of credit by law.

- 1 The tax credit allowed by section twenty-three-a of 2 this article shall be terminated on the thirty-first day
- 3 of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, 4 unless review of the tax credit shall be undertaken
- 5 pursuant to the provisions of sections nine, ten and
- 6 eleven, article ten, chapter four of this code: Provided.
- That for those rehabilitation projects for which a 7
- completed Part 2 (Description of Rehabilitation) of the 8
- historic preservation certification application was filed 9
- with the West Virginia division of culture and history 10
- 11 prior to that date and subsequently approved in
- accordance with section twenty-three-c of this article. 12
- the credit shall continue to be allowed pursuant to this 13
- 14 article.

CHAPTER 166

(S. B. 310-By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Bolev.) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed February 18, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article twentyone, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to updating the meaning of certain terms used in the West Virginia personal income tax act by bringing them into conformity with their meanings for federal income tax purposes for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; preserving the prior law; and specifying effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-9. Meaning of terms.

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1 (a) Any term used in this article shall have the same 2 meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United States relating to income taxes, 3 unless a different meaning is clearly required. Any 4 reference in this article to the laws of the United States 5 shall mean the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code 6 of 1986, as amended, and such other provisions of the 7 laws of the United States as relate to the determination 8 of income for federal income tax purposes. All amend-9 ments made to the laws of the United States prior to 10 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 11 ninety-one, shall be given effect in determining the taxes 12 imposed by this article for any taxable year beginning 13 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 14 ninety, or thereafter, but no amendment to the laws of 15 the United States made on or after the first day of January. one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall be given effect.

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26 27 (b) Effective date. — The amendments to this section enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one shall be retroactive and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, to the extent allowable under federal income tax law. With respect to taxable years that begin prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, prior law shall be fully preserved.

CHAPTER 167

(S. B. 632—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three and five, article twenty-three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to further amend said article by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections five-a. twenty-seven and twenty-eight; to amend and reenact sections three-a and seven, article twenty-four of said chapter: to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections seven-b and twenty-four; and to amend article two, chapter thirtyone-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen, all relating to imposing the business franchise tax and corporation net income tax on out-ofstate financial organizations engaging in certain activities in this state: defining the term "financial organization" and amending the terms "business income" and "commercial domicile"; providing credit for franchise tax and income tax paid to another state; and requiring corporations and partnerships doing business or owning or maintaining property in this state to file a notice of business activities report required by the commissioner of banking to prepare a report to the governor, Legislature and tax commissioner.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three and five, article twenty-three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections five-a, twenty-seven and twenty-eight; and that sections three-a and seven, article twenty-four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections seven-b and twenty-four; and that article two, chapter thirty-one-a be amended by adding thereto a new section designated section fifteen, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 11. Taxation.
- 31A. Banks and Banking.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

Article

- 23. Business Franchise Tax.
- 24. Corporation Net Income Tax.

ARTICLE 23. BUSINESS FRANCHISE TAX.

- §11-23-3. Meaning of terms; specific terms defined.
- §11-23-5. Apportionment of tax base.
- §11-23-5a. Special apportionment rules Financial organizations.
- §11-23-27. Credit for franchise tax paid to another state.
- §11-23-28. Notice of business activities report.

§11-23-3. Meaning of terms; specific terms defined.

- 1 (a) General. When used in this article, or in the
- 2 administration of this article, terms defined in this section shall have the meanings ascribed to them herein
- 4 unless a different meaning is clearly required by either
- 5 the context in which the term is used, or by specific
- 6 definition in this article.
- 7 (b) Terms defined. —
- 8 (1) Business income. The term "business income" 9 means income arising from transactions and activity in
- 10 the regular course of the taxpayer's trade or business
- 11 and includes income from tangible and intangible
- 12 property if the acquisition, management and disposition

- 13 of the property or the rendering of services in connection
- 14 therewith constitute integral parts of the taxpayer's
- 15 regular trade or business operations.
- 16 (2) Capital. The term "capital" of a taxpayer shall mean:
- 18 (A) Corporations. In the case of a corporation, 19 except an electing small business corporation, the 20 average of the beginning and ending year balances of 21 the sum of the following entries from Schedule L of
- Federal Form 1120, prepared following generally accepted accounting principles and as filed by the
- 24 taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service for the
- 25 taxable year:
- 26 (i) The value of all common stock and preferred stock 27 of the taxpayer;
- 28 (ii) The amount of paid-in or capital surplus;
- 29 (iii) The amount of retained earnings, appropriated 30 and unappropriated; and
- 31 (iv) Less the cost of treasury stock.
- 32 (B) S Corporations. In the case of an electing small
- business corporation, the average of the beginning and ending year balances of the sum of the following entries
- 35 from Schedule L of Federal Form 1120S, prepared
- 36 following generally accepted accounting principles and
- 37 as filed by the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue
- 38 Service for the taxable year:
- 39 (i) The value of all common stock and preferred stock 40 of the taxpayer;
- 41 (ii) The amount of paid-in or capital surplus;
- 42 (iii) Retained earnings, appropriated and 43 unappropriated;
- 44 (iv) The amount of shareholders' undistributed taxable income:
- 46 (v) The amount of the accumulated adjustments 47 account;
- 48 (vi) The amount of the other adjustments account; and

- 49 (vii) Less the cost of treasury stock.
- 50 (C) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership, the 51 average of the beginning and ending year balances of 52 the value of partner's capital accounts from Schedule L 53 of Federal Form 1065, prepared following accepted 54 accounting principles and as filed by the taxpayer with 55 the Internal Revenue Service for the taxable year.
 - (D) Additional items in capital. The term "capital" for purposes of this article shall include such adjustments thereto as the tax commissioner deems necessary to properly reflect capital and such additional items from the accounts of the taxpayer as the tax commissioner may by regulation prescribe, which fairly represent the net equity of the taxpayer as defined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
 - (E) Allowance for certain government obligations and obligations secured by residential property. As to both corporations and partnerships, capital shall be multiplied by a fraction equal to one minus a fraction:
 - (i) The numerator of which is the average of the monthly beginning and ending account balances during the taxable year (account balances to be determined at cost in the same manner that such obligations, investments and loans are reported on Schedule L of the Federal Form 1120 or Federal Form 1065) of the following:
 - (I) Obligations and securities of the United States, or of any agency, authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States and any other corporation or entity created under the authority of the United States Congress for the purpose of implementing or furthering an objective of national policy;
 - (II) Obligations of this state and any political subdivision of this state;
 - (III) Investments or loans primarily secured by mortgages, or deeds of trust, on residential property located in this state and occupied by nontransients; and

- 87 (IV) Loans primarily secured by a lien or security 88 agreement on residential property in the form of a 89 mobile home, modular home or double-wide, located in 90 this state and occupied by nontransients.
- (ii) The denominator of which is the average of the 91 92 monthly beginning and ending account balances of the 93 total assets of the taxpayer as shown on Schedule L of 94 Federal Form 1120, as filed by the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service or, in the case of partnerships, 95 Schedule L of Federal Form 1065, as filed by the 96 97 taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service.
- (3) Commercial domicile. The term "commercial 98 99 domicile" means the principal place from which the 100 trade or business of the taxpaver is directed or man-101 aged: Provided. That the commercial domicile of a financial organization, which is subject to regulation as 102 such, shall be at the place designated as its principal 103 office with its regulating authority. 104
- (4) Commissioner or tax commissioner. The terms 105 "commissioner" or "tax commissioner" are used inter-106 107 changeably herein and mean the tax commissioner of the state of West Virginia, or his delegate. 108
- (5) Compensation. The term "compensation" means 109 110 wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal services.
- (6) Corporation. The term "corporation" includes 112 any corporations, S corporation, joint-stock company 113 and any association or other organization which is 114 taxable as a corporation under federal income tax laws 115 116 or the income tax laws of this state.

- (7) Delegate. The term "delegate" in the phrase "or 117 his delegate", when used in reference to the tax 118 commissioner, means any officer or employee of the 119 state tax department duly authorized by the tax 120 commissioner directly, or indirectly by one or more 121 redelegations of authority, to perform the functions 122 mentioned or described in this article or regulations 123 promulgated thereunder. 124
 - (8) Doing business. The term "doing business"

means any activity of a corporation or partnership which enjoys the benefits and protection of the govern-ment and laws of this state, except the activity of agriculture and farming, which shall mean the produc-tion of food, fiber and woodland products (but not timbering activity) by means of cultivation, tillage of the soil and by the conduct of animal, livestock, dairy, apiary, equine or poultry husbandry, horticulture, or any other plant or animal production and all farm practices related, usual or incidental thereto, including the storage, packing, shipping and marketing, but not including any manufacturing, milling or processing of such products by persons other than the producer thereof.

The activity of agriculture and farming shall mean such activity, as above defined, occurring on not less than five acres of land and the improvements thereon, used in the production of the aforementioned activities, and shall mean the production of at least one thousand dollars of products per annum through the conduct of such principal business activities as set forth in section ten, article one-a, chapter eleven of this code.

 $\frac{141}{142}$

- (9) Domestic corporation. The term "domestic corporation" means a corporation organized under the laws of this state, and certain corporations organized under the laws of the state of Virginia before the twentieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred sixty-three. Every other corporation is a foreign corporation.
- (10) Federal Form 1120. The term "Federal Form 1120" means the annual federal income tax return of any corporation made pursuant to the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States, in respect to the taxable income of a corporation, and filed with the federal Internal Revenue Service. In the case of a corporation that elects to file a federal income tax return as part of an affiliated group, but files as a separate corporation under this article, then as to such corporation Federal Form 1120 means its pro forma Federal Form 1120.

- 167 (11) Federal Form 1065. The term "Federal Form 1065" means the annual federal income tax return of a partnership made pursuant to Section 6031 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 171 amended or renumbered, or in successor provisions of
- the laws of the United States, in respect to the taxable
- 173 income of a partnership, and filed with the federal
- 174 Internal Revenue Service.
- 175 (12) Fiduciary. The term "fiduciary" means, and 176 includes, a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, 177 receiver, conservator or any person acting in any 178 fiduciary capacity for any person.
- 179 (13) Financial organization. The term "financial organization" means:
- 181 (A) A holding company or a subsidiary thereof. As used in this section "holding company" means a 182 183 corporation registered under the federal bank holding company act of 1956 or registered as a savings and loan 184 holding company other than a diversified savings and 185 186 loan holding company (as defined in section 408(a)(1)(F) of the federal national housing act (12 U.S.C. 187 188 1730(a)(1)(F);
- 189 (B) A regulated financial corpora
- 189 (B) A regulated financial corporation or a subsidiary 190 thereof. As used in this section "regulated financial 191 corporation" means:
- 192 (1) An institution, the deposits, shares or accounts of 193 which are insured under the federal deposit insurance 194 act, or by the federal savings and loan insurance 195 corporation;
- 196 (2) An institution that is a member of a federal home 197 loan bank:
- 198 (3) Any other bank or thrift institution incorporated 199 or organized under the laws of a state that is engaged 200 in the business of receiving deposits;
- 201 (4) A credit union incorporated and organized under the laws of this state;
- 203 (5) A production credit association organized under 12 204 U.S.C. 2071:

- 205 (6) A corporation organized under 12 U.S.C. 611 206 through 631 (an edge act corporation); or
- 207 (7) A federal or state agency or branch of a foreign bank (as defined in 12 U.S.C. 3101); or
- 209 (C) A corporation which derives more than fifty 210 percent of its gross business income from one or more 211 of the following activities:
- 212 (1) Making, acquiring, selling or servicing loans or 213 extensions of credit. Loans and extensions of credit 214 include:
- 215 (I) Secured or unsecured consumer loans;
- 216 (II) Installment obligations;
- 217 (III) Mortgages or other loans secured by real estate 218 or tangible personal property;
- 219 (IV) Credit card loans;
- 220 (V) Secured and unsecured commercial loans of any 221 type; and
- 222 (VI) Loans arising in factoring.
- 223 (2) Leasing or acting as an agent, broker or advisor 224 in connection with leasing real and personal property 225 that is the economic equivalent of an extension of credit 226 (as defined by the Federal Reserve Board in 12 C.F.R. 227 225.25(b)(5)).
- 228 (3) Operating a credit card business.
- 229 (4) Rendering estate or trust services.
- 230 (5) Receiving, maintaining or otherwise handling 231 deposits.
- 232 (6) Engaging in any other activity with an economic effect comparable to those activities described in item (1), (2), (3), (4) or (5) of this subparagraph.
- 235 (14) Fiscal year. The term "fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve months ending on any day other than the last day of December, and on the basis of which the taxpayer is required to report for federal income tax purposes.

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- 240 (15) Includes and including. The terms "includes" 241 and "including" when used in a definition contained in 242 this article shall not be deemed to exclude other things 243 otherwise within the meaning of the term being defined.
- 244 (16) Parent and subsidiary corporations. A corpo-245 ration which owns on average during the taxable year 246 more than fifty percent of the stock of all classes of 247 another corporation is defined to be the "parent 248 corporation" and the corporation which is so owned by 249 the parent is defined to be a "subsidiary corporation".
 - (17) Partnership and partner. The term "partnership" includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or other unincorporated organization through or by means of which any business, financial operation or venture is carried on, and which is not a trust or estate, a corporation or a sole proprietorship or an unincorporated organization which under Section 761 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and is not treated as a partnership for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes. The term "partner" includes a member in such a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or other unincorporated organization which is a partnership.
 - (18) Person. The term "person" includes any corporation or partnership.
 - (19) Pro forma return. The term "pro forma return" when used in this article means the return which the taxpayer would have filed with the Internal Revenue Service had it not elected to file federally as part of a consolidated group.
 - (20) Sales. The term "sales" means all gross receipts of the taxpayer that are "business income", as defined in this section.
 - (21) State. The term "state" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or possession of the United States, and any foreign country or political subdivision thereof.
 - (22) Stock. The term "stock" includes shares in a

corporation, association or joint-stock company. It shall not include nonvoting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends, or treasury stock. "Stock owned by a corporation" shall include stock owned directly by such corporation and stock which is subject to an option to acquire stock.

- 285 (23) Taxable year. — The term "taxable year" means 286 the calendar year, or the fiscal year ending during such 287 calendar year, upon the basis of which tax liability is computed under this article. "Taxable year" means, in 288 289 case of a return made for a fractional part of a year 290 (short taxable year) under the provisions of this article. 291 or under regulations promulgated by the tax commis-292 sioner, the period for which such return is made.
- 293 (24) Taxable in another state. The term "taxable in another state" for purposes of apportionment under this article, means a taxpayer who:
- 296 (A) Is subject to a net income tax, a franchise tax 297 measured by net income, a franchise tax for the 298 privilege of doing business or a corporate stock tax; or
- 299 (B) Would be subject to a net income tax if such other 300 state imposed such a tax.
- 301 (25) Taxpayer. The term "taxpayer" means any 302 person (as defined in this section) subject to the tax 303 imposed by this article.
- 304 (26) This code. The term "this code" means the code 305 of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, 306 as amended.
- 307 (27) This state. The term "this state" means the state of West Virginia.
- 309 (28) Treasury stock. The term "treasury stock"
 310 means shares of a corporation which have been issued
 311 and have been subsequently acquired by and belong to
 312 such corporation, and have not been canceled or restored
 313 to the status of authorized but unissued shares. Treasury
 314 stock is deemed to be issued shares, but not outstanding
 315 shares.

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- (a) A taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by this article and also taxable in another state shall, for the purposes of this tax, apportion its tax base to this state by multiplying its tax base by a fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of the property factor, plus the payroll factor, plus two times the sales factor, all of which shall be determined as hereinafter provided in this section, and the denominator of which is four, reduced by the number of factors, if any, having no denominator, with the sales factor counting as two factors.
- (b) Property factor. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used by it in this state during the taxable year, and the denominator of which is the average value of all real and tangible personal property owned or rented by the taxpayer and used by it during the taxable year, which is reported on Schedule L of Federal Form 1120 (or 1065 for partnerships), plus the average value of all real and tangible personal property leased and used by the taxpayer during the taxable year.
- (c) Value of property. Property owned by the taxpayer shall be valued at its original cost, adjusted by subsequent capital additions or improvements thereto and partial disposition thereof, by reason of sale, exchange, abandonment, etc.: Provided, That where records of original cost are unavailable or cannot be obtained without unreasonable expense, property shall be valued at original cost as determined under regulations of the tax commissioner. Property rented by the taxpayer from others shall be valued at eight times the net annual rental rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual rental paid, directly or indirectly, by the taxpayer, or for its benefit, in money or other consideration for the use of the property and includes:
- (1) Any amount payable for the use of real or tangible personal property, or any part thereof, whether designated as a fixed sum of money or as a percentage of sales, profits or otherwise.

- (2) Any amount payable as additional rent or in lieu of rents, such as interest, taxes, insurance, repairs or any other items which are required to be paid by the terms of the lease or other arrangement, not including amounts paid as service charges, such as utilities, janitor services, etc. If a payment includes rent and other charges unsegregated, the amount of rent shall be determined by consideration of the relative values of the rent and the other items
 - (d) Movable property. The value of movable tangible personal property used both within and without this state shall be included in the numerator to the extent of its utilization in this state. The extent of such utilization shall be determined by multiplying the original cost of such property by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days of physical location of the property in this state during the taxable period, and the denominator of which is the number of days of physical location of the property everywhere during the taxable year. The number of days of physical location of the property may be determined on a statistical basis or by such other reasonable method acceptable to the tax commissioner.
 - (e) Leasehold improvements. Leasehold improvements shall, for the purposes of the property factor, be treated as property owned by the lessee regardless of whether the lessee is entitled to remove the improvements or the improvements revert to the lessor upon expiration of the lease. Leasehold improvements shall be included in the property factor at their original cost.
- (f) Average value of property. The average value of property shall be determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year: Provided, That the tax commissioner may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable year if substantial fluctuations in the values of the property exist during the taxable year, or where property is acquired after the beginning of the taxable year, or is disposed of, or whose rental contract ceases, before the end of the taxable year.

- (g) Payroll factor. The payroll factor is a fraction, 82 the numerator of which is the total compensation paid 83 84 in this state during the taxable year by the taxpayer. 85 and the denominator of which is the total compensation 86 paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year as shown 87 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return as filed with 88 the Internal Revenue Service, as reflected in the 89 schedule of wages and salaries and that portion of cost of goods sold which reflects compensation, or as shown 90 91 on a pro forma return.
- 92 (h) Compensation. — The term "compensation" means 93 wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal services. 94 95 Payments made to an independent contractor or to any 96 other person not properly classifiable as an employee 97 shall be excluded. Only the amounts paid directly to 98 employees shall be included in the payroll factor. Amounts considered paid directly to employees include 99 100 the value of board, rent, housing, lodging and other 101 benefits or services furnished to employees by the taxpayer in return for personal services, provided such 102 amounts constitute income to the recipient for federal 103 104 income tax purposes.
 - (i) Employee. The term "employee" means:
- 106 (1) Any officer of a corporation; or
- 107 (2) Any individual who, under the usual common-law 108 rules applicable in determining the employer-employee 109 relationship, has the status of an employee.
- 110 (j) Compensation paid in this state. Compensation 111 is paid in this state if:
- 112 (1) The employee's service is performed entirely 113 within the state;
- 114 (2) The employee's service is performed both within 115 and without the state, but the service performed without 116 the state is incidental to the individual's service within 117 the state. The word "incidental" means any service 118 which is temporary or transitory in nature, or which is 119 rendered in connection with an isolated transaction; or

120 (3) Some of the service is performed in the state and:

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- 121 (A) The employee's base of operations or, if there is 122 no base of operations, the place from which the service 123 is directed or controlled is in the state; or
 - (B) The base of operations or the place from which the service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the employee's residence is in this state.

The term "base of operations" is the place of more or less permanent nature from which the employee starts his work and to which he customarily returns in order to receive instructions from the taxpayer or communications from his customers or other persons or to replenish stock or other materials, repair equipment, or perform any other functions necessary to the exercise of his trade or profession at some other point or points. The term "place from which the service is directed or controlled" refers to the place from which the power to direct or control is exercised by the taxpayer.

(k) Sales factor. — The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the gross receipts of the taxpayer derived from transactions and activity in the regular course of its trade or business in this state during the taxable year (business income), less returns and allowances. The denominator of the fraction shall be the total gross receipts derived by the taxpayer from transactions and activity in the regular course of its trade or business during the taxable year (business income), and reflected in its gross income reported and as appearing on the taxpayer's Federal Form 1120 or 1065, and consisting of those certain pertinent portions of the (gross income) elements set forth: Provided, That if either the numerator or the denominator includes interest or dividends from obligations of the United States government which are exempt from taxation by this state, the amount of such interest and dividends, if any, shall be subtracted from the numerator or denominator in which it is included.

- 159 (1) Sales of tangible personal property are in this state 160 if:
- 161 (i) The property is received in this state by the purchaser, other than the United States government. 162 163 regardless of the f.o.b. point or other conditions of the 164 sale. In the case of delivery by common carrier or other 165 means of transportation, the place at which such 166 property is ultimately received after all transportation 167 has been completed shall be considered as the place at 168 which such property is received by the purchaser. 169 Direct delivery in this state, other than for purposes of 170 transportation, to a person or firm designated by the 171 purchaser, constitutes delivery to the purchaser in this 172 state, and direct delivery outside this state to a person 173 or firm designated by the purchaser does not constitute 174 delivery to the purchaser in this state, regardless of 175 where title passes or other conditions of sale; or
- 176 (ii) The property is shipped from an office, store, 177 warehouse, factory or other place of storage in this state 178 and the purchaser is the United States government.
- 179 (2) All other sales of tangible personal property
 180 delivered or shipped to a purchaser within a state in
 181 which the taxpayer is not taxed as defined in subsection
 182 (b), section seven, article twenty-four of this chapter
 183 shall be excluded from the denominator of the sales
 184 factor.
- 185 (m) Allocation of other sales. Sales, other than sales 186 of tangible personal property, are in this state if:
- 187 (1) The income-producing activity is performed in this state;
- 189 (2) The income-producing activity is performed both 190 in and outside this state and a greater proportion of the 191 income-producing activity is performed in this state 192 than in any other state, based on costs of performance; 193 or
- 194 (3) The sale constitutes business income to the 195 taxpayer, or the taxpayer is a financial organization not 196 having its commercial domicile in this state, and in 197 either case the sale is a receipt described as attributable

- 198 to this state in section five-a of this article.
- 199 (n) Income-producing activity. — The term "income-200 producing activity" applies to each separate item of 201 income and means the transactions and activity directly 202 engaged in by the taxpayer in the regular course of its 203 trade or business for the ultimate purpose of obtaining 204 gain or profit. Such activity does not include transac-205 tions and activities performed on behalf of the taxpaver. 206 such as those conducted on its behalf by an independent 207 contractor, "Income-producing activity" includes, but is 208 not limited to, the following:
- 209 (1) The rendering of personal services by employees 210 with utilization of tangible and intangible property by 211 the taxpayer in performing a service;
- 212 (2) The sale, rental, leasing, licensing or other use of 213 real property;
- 214 (3) The sale, rental, leasing, licensing or other use of tangible personal property; or
 - (4) The sale, licensing or other use of intangible personal property. The mere holding of intangible personal property is not, in itself, an income-producing activity: *Provided*, That the conduct of the business of a financial organization shall constitute an income-producing activity.
- 222 (o) Cost of performance. The term "cost of performance" means direct costs determined in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and in accordance with accepted conditions or practices in the trade or business of the taxpayer.
- 227 (p) Other methods of allocation. —
- 228 (1) General. If the allocation and apportionment 229 provisions of subsection (a) do not fairly represent the 230 extent of the taxpayer's business activities in this state, 231 the taxpayer may petition for, or the tax commissioner 232 may require, in respect to all or any part of the 233 taxpayer's business activities, if reasonable:
- 234 (A) Separate accounting;

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- (B) The exclusion of one of the factors;
- (C) The inclusion of one or more additional factors which will fairly represent the taxpayer's business activity in this state; or
 - (D) The employment of any other method to effectuate an equitable allocation or apportionment of the taxpayer's tax base. Such petition shall be filed no later than the due date of the annual return for the taxable year for which the alternative method is requested, determined without regard to any extension of time for filing such return, and the petition shall include a statement of the petitioner's objections and of such alternative method of allocation or apportionment as it believes to be proper under the circumstances with such detail and proof as the tax commissioner may require.
- (2) Burden of proof. In any proceeding before the tax commissioner or in any court in which employment of one of the methods of allocation or apportionment provided for in subdivision (1) of this subsection is sought, on the ground that the allocation and apportionment provisions of subsection (a) do not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activities in this state, the burden of proof shall:
- 258 (A) If the tax commissioner seeks employment of one 259 of such methods, be on the tax commissioner; or
 - (B) If the taxpayer seeks employment of one of such other methods, be on the taxpayer.
 - (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, financial organizations shall use only the special apportionment rules set forth in section five-a of this article.
 - (q) Effective date. The amendments to this section made by this article shall apply to all taxable years ending after the effective date of this article. The provisions of paragraph (3), subsection (p) of this section shall apply to all taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

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§11-23-5a. Special apportionment rules — Financial organizations.

- (a) General. — The Legislature hereby finds that the general formula set forth in section five of this article for apportioning the tax base of corporations and partnerships taxable in this state as well as in another state is inappropriate for use by financial organizations due to the particular characteristics of those organiza-tions and the manner in which their business is conducted. Accordingly, the general formula set forth in section five of this article may not be used to apportion the tax base of such financial organizations which shall use only the apportionment formula and methods set forth in this section.
 - (b) Financial organizations with business activities partially within and partially without this state. A financial organization not having its commercial domicile in this state shall apportion its tax base to this state as provided in this subsection if it regularly engages in business in this state.
 - (1) Nexus presumptions and exclusions. A financial organization is presumed to be regularly engaging in business in this state if during any year it obtains or solicits business with twenty or more persons within this state, or if the sum of the value of its gross receipts attributable to sources in this state equals or exceeds one hundred thousand dollars. However, gross receipts from the following types of property (as well as those contacts with this state reasonably and exclusively required to evaluate and complete the acquisition or disposition of the property, the servicing of the property or the income from it, the collection of income from the property, or the acquisition or liquidation of collateral relating to the property) shall not be a factor in determining whether the owner is engaging in business in this state:
 - (A) An interest in a real estate mortgage investment conduit, a real estate investment trust, or a regulated investment company;
- 37 (B) An interest in a loan backed security representing ownership or participation in a pool of promissory notes

or certificates of interest that provide for payments in relation to payments or reasonable projections of payments on the notes or certificates;

- (C) An interest in a loan or other asset from which the interest is attributed to a consumer loan, a commercial loan or a secured commercial loan, and in which the payment obligations were solicited and entered into by a person that is independent, and not acting on behalf, of the owner;
- (D) An interest in the right to service or collect income from a loan or other asset from which interest on the loan is attributed as a loan described in the previous paragraph, and in which the payment obligations were solicited and entered into by a person that is independent, and not acting on behalf, of the owner; and
- (E) Any amounts held in an escrow or trust account with respect to property described above.
 - (2) Definitions. For purposes of this subsection:
 - (A) "Deposit" means:

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(i) The unpaid balance of money or its equivalent received or held by a financial organization in the usual course of business and for which it has given or it is obligated to give credit, either conditionally or unconditionally, to a commercial, checking, savings, time or thrift account whether or not advance notice is required to withdraw the credit funds, or which is evidenced by a certificate of deposit, thrift certificate, investment certificate, or certificate of indebtedness, or other similar name, or a check or draft drawn against a deposit account and certified by the financial organization, or a letter of credit or a traveler's check on which the financial organization is primarily liable: Provided. That without limiting the generality of the term "money or its equivalent", any such account or instrument must be regarded as evidencing the receipt of the equivalent of money when credited or issued in exchange for checks or drafts or for a promissory note upon which the person obtaining any such credit or instrument is primarily or secondarily liable or for a charge against a deposit

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- 78 account or in settlement of checks, drafts or other 79 instruments forwarded to such bank for collection:
 - (ii) Trust funds received or held by such financial organization, whether held in the trust department or held or deposited in any other department of such financial organization;
 - (iii) Money received or held by a financial organization or the credit given for money or its equivalent received or held by a financial organization in the usual course of business for a special or specific purpose, regardless of the legal relationship thereby established. including, without being limited to, escrow funds, funds held as security for an obligation due the financial organization or other (including funds held as dealers reserves) or for securities loaned by the financial organization, funds deposited by a debtor to meet maturing obligations, funds deposited as advance payment on subscriptions to United States government securities, funds held for distribution or purchase of securities, funds held to meet its acceptances or letters of credit, and withheld taxes: Provided, That there shall not be included funds which are received by the financial organization for immediate application to the reduction of an indebtedness to the receiving financial organization, or under condition that the receipt thereof immediately reduces or extinguishes such an indebtedness:
 - (iv) Outstanding drafts (including advice or authorization to charge a financial organization's balance in another such organization), cashier's checks, money orders, or other officer's checks issued in the usual course of business for any purpose, but not including those issued in payment for services, dividends or purchases or other costs or expenses of the financial organization itself; and
- (v) Money or its equivalent held as a credit balance by a financial organization on behalf of its customer if such entity is engaged in soliciting and holding such balances in the regular course of its business.

^{117 (}B) "Sales" means:

- For purposes of apportionment, the "sales" of a financial organization shall mean the gross receipts described in the gross receipts factor in this subsection, regardless of their source.
- (3) Commercial domicile -apportionment or credit. — Financial organizations which do not have their com-mercial domicile in West Virginia shall use the appor-tionment rules set forth in this section. Financial organizations with their commercial domicile in West Virginia may not apportion their tax base, but shall allocate all capital to West Virginia without apportion-ment: Provided. That any financial organizations with their commercial domicile in West Virginia shall be allowed the credit against their business franchise tax liability as described in section twenty-seven of this article.

(4) Apportionment rules. —

(A) General method. —

If a financial organization not having its commercial domicile in this state is engaging in business both within and without this state, the portion of its capital attributable to such business, which is derived from sources within this state, shall be determined by apportionment in accordance with this subsection. The apportioned capital shall be determined by multiplying capital by the special gross receipts factor as defined in this subsection. Neither the numerator nor the denominator of the gross receipts factor shall include receipts from obligations described in paragraphs (A), (B), (C) and (D), subdivision (1), subsection (f), section six, article twenty-four of this chapter.

(B) Special gross receipts factor. — The gross receipts factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total gross receipts of the taxpayer from sources within this state during the taxable year and the denominator of which is the total gross receipts of the taxpayer wherever earned during the taxable year.

Numerator. — The numerator of the gross receipts factor shall include, in addition to items otherwise

includable in the sales factor under section five of this article, the following:

- (i) Gross receipts from the lease or rental of real or tangible personal property (whether as the economic equivalent of an extension of credit or otherwise) if the property is located in this state;
 - (ii) Interest income and other receipts from assets in the nature of loans which are secured primarily by real estate or tangible personal property if such security property is located in this state. In the event that such security property is also located in one or more other states, such receipts shall be presumed to be from sources within this state, subject to rebuttal based upon factors described in rules to be promulgated by the tax commissioner, including the factor that the proceeds of any such loans were applied and used by the borrower entirely outside of this state;
 - (iii) Interest income and other receipts from consumer loans which are unsecured or are secured by intangible property that are made to residents of this state, whether at a place of business, by traveling loan officer, by mail, by telephone or other electronic means or otherwise;
- (iv) Interest income and other receipts from commercial loans and installment obligations which are unsecured or are secured by intangible property if and to the extent that the borrower or debtor is a resident of or is domiciled in this state: *Provided*, That such receipts are presumed to be from sources in this state and such presumption may be overcome by reference to factors described in rules to be promulgated by the tax commissioner, including the factor that the proceeds of any such loans were applied and used by the borrower entirely outside of this state;
- (v) Interest income and other receipts from a financial organization's syndication and participation loans, under the rules set forth in items (i) through (iv) above;
- 194 (vi) Interest income and other receipts, including 195 service charges, from financial institution credit card

and travel and entertainment credit card receivables and credit card holders' fees if the borrower or debtor is a resident of this state or if the billings for any such receipts are regularly sent to an address in this state;

- (vii) Merchant discount income derived from financial institution credit card holder transactions with a merchant located in this state. In the case of merchants located within and without this state, only receipts from merchant discounts attributable to sales made from locations within this state shall be attributed to this state. It shall be presumed, subject to rebuttal, that the location of a merchant is the address shown on the invoice submitted by the merchant to the taxpayer;
- (viii) Gross receipts from the performance of services which are attributed to this state if:
 - (I) The service receipts are loan-related fees, including loan servicing fees, and the borrower resides in this state; except that, at the taxpayer's election, receipts from loan-related fees which are either: (a) "Pooled" or aggregated for collective financial accounting treatment; or (b) manually written as nonrecurring extraordinary charges to be processed directly to the general ledger may either be attributed to a state based upon the borrowers' residences or upon the ratio that total interest sourced to that state bears to total interest from all sources:
 - (II) The service receipts are deposit-related fees and the depositor resides in this state, except that, at the taxpayer's election, receipts from deposit-related fees which are either: (a) "Pooled" or aggregated for collective financial accounting treatment; or (b) manually written as nonrecurring extraordinary charges to be processed directly to the general ledger may either be attributed to a state based upon the depositors' residences or upon the ratio that total deposits sourced to that state bears to total deposits from all sources;
 - (III) The service receipt is a brokerage fee and the account holder is a resident of this state;
 - (IV) The service receipts are fees related to estate or

trust services and the estate's decedent was a resident of this state immediately before death; or the grantor who either funded or established the trust is a resident of this state; or

- (V) The service receipt is associated with the performance of any other service not identified above and the service is performed for an individual resident of, or for a corporation or other business domiciled in, this state and the economic benefit of such service is received in this state;
- 245 (ix) Gross receipts from the issuance of travelers 246 checks and money orders if such checks and money 247 orders are purchased in this state; and

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- (x) All other receipts not attributed by this rule to a state in which the taxpayer is taxable shall be attributed pursuant to the laws of the state of the taxpayer's commercial domicile.
- Denominator. The denominator of the receipts factor shall include all of the taxpayer's receipts from transactions of the kind included in the numerator, but without regard to their source or situs.
- 256 (c) Method of filing. — Financial organizations subject 257 to apportionment under subsection (b) of this section 258 shall file only separate tax returns, and may not file on 259 a consolidated or any other basis: Provided, That financial organizations which are members of an 260 261 affiliated group may file on a consolidated basis if all members of the affiliated group have their commercial 262 263 domicile in this state.
- 264 (d) Effective date. The provisions of this section shall apply to all taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

§11-23-27. Credit for franchise tax paid to another state.

Effective for taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary, any financial organization having its commercial domicile in this state shall be allowed a

6 credit against the tax imposed by this article for any 7 taxable year for taxes paid to another state or political 8 subdivision thereof. That credit shall be equal in amount 9 to the lesser of:

- 10 (a) The taxes such financial organization shall actually
 11 have paid, which payments were made on or before the
 12 filing date of the annual return required by this article,
 13 to any other state or political subdivision thereof, and
 14 which tax was based upon or measured by the financial
 15 organization's capital and was paid with respect to the
 16 same taxable year; or
 - (b) The portion of the tax actually paid that the financial organization would have paid if the rate of tax imposed by this article is applied to the tax base determined under the law of such other state or political subdivision.

Any additional payments of such tax to other states, or to political subdivisions thereof, by a financial organization described in this section, and any refunds of such taxes, made or received by such financial organization with respect to the taxable year, but after the due date of the annual return required by this article for the taxable year, including any extensions, shall likewise be accounted for in the taxable year in which such additional payment is made or such refund is received by the financial organization.

§11-23-28. Notice of business activities report.

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- (a) Except as provided by subsection (b) of this section. 1 for each taxable year every corporation and partnership 2 that carries on any business activity or owns or 3 maintains property in West Virginia for the taxable 4 5 year shall file a business activity report with the tax commissioner. The report must be filed on or before the 6 fifteenth day of the fourth month after the end of the 7 corporation or partnership's taxable year. The filing of 8 a report shall not be a factor in determining whether 9 a corporation or partnership is subject to taxation by 10 11 this state.
- 12 (b) A corporation or partnership is not required to file

13 a report under this section if:

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- 14 (1) During the taxable year for which a report is due, 15 the corporation or partnership is registered to engage 16 in business in West Virginia in accordance with the 17 provisions of article twelve of this chapter;
- 18 (2) A tax return was filed for that taxable year for 19 any of the taxes subject to the provisions of article ten, 20 chapter eleven of this code;
 - (3) The corporation or partnership is a type of organization expressly exempted from taxation by West Virginia or federal statute or regulation; or
 - (4) The activities or interests in property owned in this state by the corporation or partnership consist solely of activities or property expressly exempted from taxation by West Virginia or federal statute or regulation.
 - (c) Until a report is filed in compliance with this section, a corporation or partnership may not pursue in the courts of this state any claim not relating to tax liability:
 - (1) That arose under West Virginia law; or
- 33 (2) On a contract that is executed under West Virginia 34 law, if the claim arose or the contract was executed 35 before or during the taxable year for which a report 36 should have been filed. However, the court in which 37 such a claim is filed may allow the claim to be pursued 38 if the corporation or partnership:
- 39 (A) Establishes that it was not required to file a report 40 under subsection (b);
- 41 (B) Files a report for each year for which a report is 42 due;
- (C) Files a tax return for each year for which a return is due; or
- (D) Provides adequate security, including a bond, in an amount sufficient to cover all tax liabilities, including additions to tax, penalties and interest.
 - (d) As used in this section, carrying on an activity or

- maintaining property in West Virginia includes, but is not limited to, any of the following:
- 51 (1) Maintaining an office or other place of business in West Virginia;
- 53 (2) The presence of employees, agents, representatives 54 or independent contractors in West Virginia, if they are 55 conducting business on behalf of the corporation or 56 partnership, regardless of whether the individual or 57 person is residing or regularly stationed in West 58 Virginia;
- 59 (3) Owning or maintaining real property, tangible 60 personal property, or intangible property that is in West Virginia; or
- 62 (4) Any activity of a financial organization described 63 in item (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii), (viii), (ix) or (x) 64 of paragraph (B), subdivision (4), subsection (b), section 65 five-a of this article.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-3a. Specific terms defined.

§11-24-7. Allocation and apportionment.

§11-24-7b. Special apportionment rules — Financial organizations.

§11-24-24. Credit for income tax paid to another state.

§11-24-3a. Specific terms defined.

- 1 For purposes of this article:
- (1) Business income. The term "business income" 2 means income arising from transactions and activity in 3 the regular course of the taxpayer's trade or business 4 and includes income from tangible and intangible 5 property if the acquisition, management and disposition 6 of the property or the rendering of services in connection 7 therewith constitute integral parts of the taxpayer's 8 regular trade or business operations. 9
- 10 (2) Commercial domicile. The term "commercial domicile" means the principal place from which the trade or business of the taxpayer is directed or managed: Provided, That the commercial domicile of a financial organization, which is subject to regulation as such, shall be at the place designated as its principal

16 office with its regulating authority.

- 17 (3) Compensation. The term "compensation" means 18 wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of 19 remuneration paid to employees for personal services.
 - (4) Corporation. The term "corporation" includes a joint-stock company and any association or other organization which is taxable as a corporation under the federal income tax law.
 - (5) Delegate. The term "delegate" in the phrase "or his delegate", when used in reference to the tax commissioner, means any officer or employee of the state tax department duly authorized by the tax commissioner directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of authority, to perform the functions mentioned or described in this article or regulations promulgated thereunder.
 - (6) Domestic corporation. The term "domestic corporation" means any corporation organized under the laws of West Virginia and certain corporations organized under the laws of the state of Virginia before the twentieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred sixty-three. Every other corporation is a foreign corporation.
 - (7) Engaging in business. The term "engaging in business" or "doing business" means any activity of a corporation which enjoys the benefits and protection of government and laws in this state.
 - (8) Federal Form 1120. The term "Federal Form 1120" means the annual federal income tax return of any corporation made pursuant to the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States, in respect to the federal taxable income of a corporation, and filed with the federal Internal Revenue Service. In the case of a corporation that elects to file a federal income tax return as part of an affiliated group, but files as a separate corporation under this article, then as to such corporation Federal Form 1120 means its proforma Federal Form 1120.

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- 55 (9) Fiduciary. The term "fiduciary" means, and 56 includes, a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, 57 receiver, conservator or any person acting in any 58 fiduciary capacity for any person.
- 59 (10) Financial organization. The term "financial organization" means:
 - (A) A holding company or a subsidiary thereof. As used in this section "holding company" means a corporation registered under the federal bank holding company act of 1956 or registered as a savings and loan holding company other than a diversified savings and loan holding company (as defined in section 408(a)(1)(F) of the federal national housing act (12 U.S.C. 1730(a)(1)(F));
- 69 (B) A regulated financial corporation or a subsidiary 70 thereof. As used in this section "regulated financial 71 corporation" means:
- 72 (1) An institution, the deposits, shares or accounts of 73 which are insured under the federal deposit insurance 74 act, or by the federal savings and loan insurance 75 corporation;
- 76 (2) An institution that is a member of a federal home loan bank:
- 78 (3) Any other bank or thrift institution incorporated 79 or organized under the laws of a state that is engaged 80 in the business of receiving deposits;
- 81 (4) A credit union incorporated and organized under 82 the laws of this state:
- (5) A production credit association organized under 12
 U.S.C. 2071;
- 85 (6) A corporation organized under 12 U.S.C. 611 86 through 631 (an edge act corporation); or
- 87 (7) A federal or state agency or branch of a foreign bank (as defined in 12 U.S.C. 3101); or
- 89 (C) A corporation which derives more than fifty 90 percent of its gross business income from one or more 91 of the following activities:

- 92 (1) Making, acquiring, selling or servicing loans or 93 extensions of credit. Loans and extensions of credit 94 include:
- 95 (I) Secured or unsecured consumer loans:
- 96 (II) Installment obligations;
- 97 (III) Mortgages or other loans secured by real estate 98 or tangible personal property:
- 99 (IV) Credit card loans;
- 100 (V) Secured and unsecured commercial loans of any 101 type; and
- 102 (VI) Loans arising in factoring.
- 103 (2) Leasing or acting as an agent, broker or advisor 104 in connection with leasing real and personal property 105 that is the economic equivalent of an extension of credit 106 (as defined by the Federal Reserve Board in 12 C.F.R. 107 225.25(b)(5)).
- 108 (3) Operating a credit card business.
- 109 (4) Rendering estate or trust services.
- 110 (5) Receiving, maintaining or otherwise handling 111 deposits.
- 112 (6) Engaging in any other activity with an economic effect comparable to those activities described in item 114 (1), (2), (3), (4) or (5) of this subparagraph.
- 115 (11) Fiscal year. The term "fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve months ending on any day other than the last day of December, and on the basis of which the taxpayer is required to report for federal income tax purposes.
- 120 (12) Includes and including. The terms "includes"
 121 and "including" when used in a definition contained in
 122 this article shall not be deemed to exclude other things
 123 otherwise within the meaning of the term being defined.
- 124 (13) Nonbusiness income. The term "nonbusiness income" means all income other than business income.
- 126 (14) Person. The term "person" is to be deemed

- interchangeable with the term "corporation" in this section.
- 129 (15) Pro forma return. The term "pro forma return"
- 130 when used in this article means the return which the
- 131 taxpayer would have filed with the Internal Revenue
- 132 Service had it not elected to file federally as part of an
- 133 affiliated group.
- 134 (16) Public utility. The term "public utility" means
- any business activity to which the jurisdiction of the public service commission of West Virginia extends
- 137 under section one, article two, chapter twenty-four of the
- 138 code of West Virginia.
- 139 (17) Sales. The term "sales" means all gross receipts
- 140 of the taxpayer that are "business income", as defined
- 141 in this section.
- 142 (18) State. The term "state" means any state of the
- 143 United States, the District of Columbia, the Common-
- 144 wealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the
- 145 United States, and any foreign country or political
- 146 subdivision thereof.
- 147 (19) Taxable year. The term "taxable year" means
- 148 the taxable year for which the taxable income of the
- 149 taxpayer is computed under the federal income tax law.
- 150 (20) Tax. The term "tax" includes, within its
- 151 meaning, interest and additions to tax, unless the
- 152 intention to give it a more limited meaning is disclosed
- 153 by the context.
- 154 (21) Tax commissioner. The term "tax commis-
- 155 sioner" means the tax commissioner of the state of West
- 156 Virginia or his delegate.
- 157 (22) Taxpayer. The term "taxpayer" means a
- 158 corporation subject to the tax imposed by this article.
- 159 (23) This code. The term "this code" means the code
- 160 of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one,
- 161 as amended.
- 162 (24) This state. The term "this state" means the
- 163 state of West Virginia.

164 (25) West Virginia taxable income. — The term "West 165 Virginia taxable income" means the taxable income of 166 a corporation as defined by the laws of the United States 167 for federal income tax purposes, adjusted, as provided in section six of this article: Provided, That in the case 168 169 of a corporation having income from business activity 170 which is taxable without this state, its "West Virginia taxable income" shall be such portion of its taxable 171 172 income as so defined and adjusted as is allocated or 173 apportioned to this state under the provisions of sections 174 seven and seven-b of this article.

§11-24-7. Allocation and apportionment.

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- 1 (a) General. Any taxpayer having income from 2 business activity which is taxable both in this state and 3 in another state shall allocate and apportion its net 4 income as provided in this section. For purposes of this 5 section, the term "net income" means the taxpayer's 6 federal taxable income adjusted as provided in section 7 six.
- 8 (b) "Taxable in another state" defined. For purposes of allocation and apportionment of net income under this section, a taxpayer is taxable in another state if:
- 11 (1) In that state the taxpayer is subject to a net income 12 tax, a franchise tax measured by net income, a franchise 13 tax for the privilege of doing business, or a corporation 14 stock tax; or
 - (2) That state has jurisdiction to subject the taxpayer to a net income tax, regardless of whether, in fact, that state does or does not subject the taxpayer to such tax.
 - (c) Business activities entirely within West Virginia.

 If the business activities of a taxpayer take place entirely within this state, the entire net income of such taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed by this article. The business activities of a taxpayer shall be deemed to have taken place in their entirety within this state if such taxpayer is not "taxable in another state": Provided, That the business activities of a financial organization having its commercial domicile in this state shall be deemed to take place entirely in this state,

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- notwithstanding that such organization may be "taxable in another state": *Provided, however,* That the income from the business activities of a financial organization not having its commercial domicile in this state shall be apportioned according to the applicable provisions of this article.
- 34 (d) Business activities partially within and partially 35 without West Virginia; allocation of nonbusiness income. 36 If the business activities of a taxpayer take place partially within and partially without this state and 37 38 such taxpayer is also taxable in another state, rents and 39 royalties from real or tangible personal property, capital gains, interest, dividends or patent or copyright 40 41 royalties, to the extent that they constitute nonbusiness 42 income of the taxpayer, shall be allocated as provided in subdivisions (1) through (4): Provided. That to the 43 extent such items constitute business income of the 44 taxpayer, they shall not be so allocated but they shall 45 be apportioned to this state according to the provisions 46 of subsection (e) of this section and to the applicable 47 provisions of section seven-b of this article. 48
 - (1) Net rents and royalties. —
- 50 (A) Net rents and royalties from real property located in this state are allocable to this state.
 - (B) Net rents and royalties from tangible personal property are allocable to this state:
 - (i) If and to the extent that the property is utilized in this state; or
 - (ii) In their entirety if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state and the taxpayer is not organized under the laws of or taxable in the state in which the property is utilized.
 - (C) The extent of utilization of tangible personal property in a state is determined by multiplying the rents and royalties by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days of physical location of the property in the state during the rental or royalty period in the taxable year and the denominator of which is the number of days of physical location of the property

- 67 everywhere during all rental or royalty periods in the taxable year. If the physical location of the property 68 69 during the rental or royalty period is unknown or
- 70 unascertainable by the taxpayer, tangible personal 71 property is utilized in the state in which the property
- 72 was located at the time the rental or royalty payer
- 73 obtained possession.
- 74 (2) Capital gains. —
- 75 (A) Capital gains and losses from sales of real 76 property located in this state are allocable to this state.
- 77 (B) Capital gains and losses from sales of tangible 78 personal property are allocable to this state if:
- 79 (i) The property had a situs in this state at the time 80 of the sale; or
- 81 (ii) The taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state 82 and the taxpayer is not taxable in the state in which the 83 property had a situs.
- 84 (C) Capital gains and losses from sales of intangible 85 personal property are allocable to this state if the 86 taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state.
- 87 (D) Gains pursuant to section 631 (a) and (b) of the 88 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, from sales of natural resources severed in this state shall be 89 90 allocated to this state if they are nonbusiness income.
- 91 (3) Interest and dividends are allocable to this state if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state. 92
- (4) Patent and copyright royalties. -93
- (A) Patent and copyright royalties are allocable to this 94 95 state:
 - (i) If and to the extent that the patent or copyright is utilized by the payer in this state; or
- (ii) If and to the extent that the patent or copyright 98 is utilized by the payer in a state in which the taxpayer 99 is not taxable and the taxpayer's commercial domicile 100 is in this state. 101

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(B) A patent is utilized in a state to the extent that 102

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- 103 it is employed in production, fabrication, manufacturing 104 or other processing in the state or to the extent that a 105 patented product is produced in the state. If the basis 106 of receipts from patent royalties does not permit 107 allocation to states or if the accounting procedures do 108 not reflect states of utilization, the patent is utilized in 109 the state in which the taxpayer's commercial domicile 110 is located.
 - (C) A copyright is utilized in a state to the extent that printing or other publication originates in the state. If the basis of receipts from copyright royalties does not permit allocation to states or if the accounting procedures do not reflect states of utilization, the copyright is utilized in the state in which the taxpayer's commercial domicile is located.

(5) Corporate partner's distributive share. —

- (A) Persons carrying on business as partners in a partnership, as defined in section 761 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, are liable for income tax only in their separate or individual capacities.
- (B) A corporate partner's distributive share of income. gain, loss, deduction or credit of a partnership shall be modified as provided in section six of this article for each partnership. Such distributive share shall then be allocated and apportioned as provided in section seven of this article, using the corporation's proportionate share of the partnership's property, payroll and sales factors. The sum of that portion of the distributive share allocated and apportioned to this state shall then be treated as distributive share allocated to this state; and that portion of distributive share allocated or apportioned outside this state shall be treated as distributive share allocated outside this state, unless the taxpayer requests or the tax commissioner, under subsection (h) of this section requires that such distributive share be treated differently.
- (e) Business activities partially within and partially without this state; apportionment of business income. All net income, after deducting those items specifically allocated under subsection (d), shall be apportioned to

this state by multiplying such net income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus two times the sales factor, and the denominator of which is four, reduced by the number of factors, if any, having no denominator.

- 148 (1) Property factor. — The property factor is a 149 fraction, the numerator of which is the average value 150 of the taxpaver's real and tangible personal property 151 owned or rented and used by it in this state during the 152 taxable year and the denominator of which is the 153 average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible 154 personal property owned or rented and used by the taxpaver during the taxable year, which is reported on 155 156 Schedule L Federal Form 1120, plus the average value 157 of all real and tangible personal property leased and 158 used by the taxpayer during the taxable year.
- 159 (2) Value of property. - Property owned by the 160 taxpayer shall be valued at its original cost, adjusted by subsequent capital additions or improvements thereto 161 and partial disposition thereof, by reason of sale, 162 exchange, abandonment, etc.: Provided, That where 163 164 records of original cost are unavailable or cannot be 165 obtained without unreasonable expense, property shall 166 be valued at original cost as determined under regula-167 tions of the tax commissioner. Property rented by the 168 taxpayer from others shall be valued at eight times the annual rental rate. The term "net annual rental rate" 169 is the annual rental paid, directly or indirectly, by the 170 taxpaver, or for its benefit, in money or other consid-171 172 eration for the use of property and includes:
 - (A) Any amount payable for the use of real or tangible personal property, or any part thereof, whether designated as a fixed sum of money or as a percentage of sales, profits or otherwise.

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(B) Any amount payable as additional rent or in lieu of rents, such as interest, taxes, insurance, repairs or any other items which are required to be paid by the terms of the lease or other arrangement, not including amounts paid as service charges, such as utilities, janitor services, etc. If a payment includes rent and

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- other charges unsegregated, the amount of rent shall be determined by consideration of the relative values of the rent and the other items.
 - (3) Movable property. The value of movable tangible personal property used both within and without this state shall be included in the numerator to the extent of its utilization in this state. The extent of such utilization shall be determined by multiplying the original cost of such property by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days of physical location of the property in this state during the taxable period, and the denominator of which is the number of days of physical location of the property everywhere during the taxable year. The number of days of physical location of the property may be determined on a statistical basis or by such other reasonable method acceptable to the tax commissioner.
 - (4) Leasehold improvements. Leasehold improvements shall, for purposes of the property factor, be treated as property owned by the taxpayer regardless of whether the taxpayer is entitled to remove the improvements or the improvements revert to the lessor upon expiration of the lease. Leasehold improvements shall be included in the property factor at their original cost.
 - (5) Average value of property. The average value of property shall be determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year: Provided, That the tax commissioner may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable year if substantial fluctuations in the values of the property exist during the taxable year, or where property is acquired after the beginning of the taxable year, or is disposed of, or whose rental contract ceases, before the end of the taxable year.
 - (6) Payroll factor. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total compensation paid in this state during the taxable year by the taxpayer for compensation, and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid by the taxpayer during the taxable

- year, as shown on the taxpayer's federal income tax return as filed with the Internal Revenue Service, as reflected in the schedule of wages and salaries and that portion of cost of goods sold which reflects compensation, or as shown on a pro forma return.
- 228 (7) Compensation. — The term "compensation" means 229 wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of 230 remuneration paid to employees for personal services. 231 Payments made to an independent contractor or to any 232 other person not properly classifiable as an employee 233 shall be excluded. Only amounts paid directly to 234 employees are included in the payroll factor. Amounts 235 considered as paid directly to employees include the 236 value of board, rent, housing, lodging and other benefits 237 or services furnished to employees by the taxpayer in 238 return for personal services, provided such amounts 239 constitute income to the recipient for federal income tax 240 purposes.
- 241 (8) Employee. The term "employee" means:
- 242 (A) Any officer of a corporation; or

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- 243 (B) Any individual who, under the usual common-law 244 rule applicable in determining the employer-employee 245 relationship, has the status of an employee.
- 246 (9) Compensation. Compensation is paid or accrued 247 in this state if:
 - (A) The employee's service is performed entirely within this state; or
 - (B) The employee's service is performed both within and without this state, but the service performed without the state is incidental to the individual's service within this state. The word "incidental" means any service which is temporary or transitory in nature, or which is rendered in connection with an isolated transaction; or
 - (C) Some of the service is performed in this state and:
- 258 (i) The employee's base of operations or, if there is no 259 base of operations, the place from which the service is 260 directed or controlled is in the state; or

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(ii) The base of operations or the place from which the service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the employee's residence is in this state.

The term "base of operations" is the place of more or less permanent nature from which the employee starts his work and to which he customarily returns in order to receive instructions from the taxpaver or communications from his customers or other persons or to replenish stock or other materials, repair equipment, or perform any other functions necessary to the exercise of his trade or profession at some other point or points. The term "place from which the service is directed or controlled" refers to the place from which the power to direct or control is exercised by the taxpayer.

- 276 (10) Sales factor. — The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the gross receipts of the taxpayer 278 derived from transactions and activity in the regular course of its trade or business in this state during the taxable year (business income), less returns and allowances. The denominator of the fraction shall be the total gross receipts derived by the taxpayer from transactions and activity in the regular course of its trade or business during the taxable year (business income), and reflected in its gross income reported and as appearing on the taxpaver's Federal Form 1120, and consisting of those certain pertinent portions of the (gross income) elements set forth: Provided, That if either the numerator or the denominator includes interest or dividends from obligations of the United States government which are exempt from taxation by this state, the amount of such interest and dividends. if any, shall be subtracted from the numerator or denominator in which it is included.
- (11) Allocation of sales of tangible personal property. 295
 - (A) Sales of tangible personal property are in this state if:
 - (i) The property is received in this state by the purchaser, other than the United States government. regardless of the f.o.b. point or other conditions of the

301 sale. In the case of delivery by common carrier or other 302 means of transportation, the place at which such 303 property is ultimately received after all transportation 304 has been completed shall be considered as the place at 305 which such property is received by the purchaser. 306 Direct delivery in this state, other than for purposes of 307 transportation, to a person or firm designated by the 308 purchaser, constitutes delivery to the purchaser in this state, and direct delivery outside this state to a person 309 310 or firm designated by the purchaser does not constitute 311 delivery to the purchaser in this state, regardless of 312 where title passes or other conditions of sale; or

(ii) The property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory or other place of storage in this state and the purchaser is the United States government.

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- 316 (B) All other sales of tangible personal property 317 delivered or shipped to a purchaser within a state in 318 which the taxpayer is not taxed (as defined in subsection 319 (b) of this section) shall be excluded from the denominator of the sales factor.
- 321 (12) Allocation of other sales. Sales, other than sales 322 of tangible personal property are in this state if:
- 323 (A) The income-producing activity is performed in 324 this state; or
 - (B) The income-producing activity is performed both in and outside this state and a greater proportion of the income-producing activity is performed in this state than in any other state, based on costs of performance; or
- 330 (C) The sale constitutes business income to the taxpayer, or the taxpayer is a financial organization not having its commercial domicile in this state, and in either case the sale is a receipt described as attributable to this state in subsection (b), section seven-b of this article.
- 336 (13) Financial organizations and other taxpayers with 337 business activities partially within and partially without

this state. — Notwithstanding anything contained in this section to the contrary, in the case of financial organizations and other taxpayers, not having their commercial domicile in this state, the rules of this subsection shall apply to the apportionment of income from their business activities except as expressly otherwise provided in subsection (b), section seven-b of this article.

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- (f) Income-producing activity. The term "income-producing activity" applies to each separate item of income and means the transactions and activity directly engaged in by the taxpayer in the regular course of its trade or business for the ultimate purpose of obtaining gain or profit. Such activity does not include transactions and activities performed on behalf of the taxpayer, such as those conducted on its behalf by an independent contractor. "Income-producing activity" includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- 355 (1) The rendering of personal services by employees 356 with utilization of tangible and intangible property by 357 the taxpayer in performing a service;
- 358 (2) The sale, rental, leasing, licensing or other use of real property;
- 360 (3) The sale, rental, leasing, licensing or other use of tangible personal property; or
- 362 (4) The sale, licensing or other use of intangible 363 personal property.

The mere holding of intangible personal property is not, in itself, an income-producing activity: *Provided*, That the conduct of the business of a financial organization shall constitute an income-producing activity.

- (g) Cost of performance. The term "cost of performance" means direct costs determined in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and in accordance with accepted conditions or practices in the trade or business of the taxpayer.
- 373 (h) Other methods of allocation and apportionment. —
- 374 (1) General. If the allocation and apportionment provisions of subsections (d) and (e) of this section do not

fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activities in this state, the taxpayer may petition for or the tax commissioner may require, in respect to all or any part of the taxpayer's business activities, if reasonable:

(A) Separate accounting;

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- (B) The exclusion of one or more of the factors;
- (C) The inclusion of one or more additional factors which will fairly represent the taxpayer's business activity in this state; or
- (D) The employment of any other method to effectuate an equitable allocation or apportionment of the taxpayer's income. Such petition shall be filed no later than the due date of the annual return for the taxable year for which the alternative method is requested, determined without regard to any extension of time for filing such return, and the petition shall include a statement of the petitioner's objections and of such alternative method of allocation or apportionment as it believes to be proper under the circumstances with such detail and proof as the tax commissioner may require.
- (2) Alternative method for public utilities. If the taxpayer is a public utility and if the allocation and apportionment provisions of subsections (d) and (e) do not fairly represent the taxpayer's business activities in this state, the taxpayer may petition for, or the tax commissioner may require, as an alternative to the other methods provided for in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's net income in accordance with any system of accounts prescribed by the public service commission of this state pursuant to the provisions of section eight, article two. chapter twenty-four of this code, provided the allocation and apportionment provisions of such system of accounts fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activities in this state for the purposes of the tax imposed by this article.
- 413 (3) Burden of proof. In any proceeding before the tax commissioner or in any court in which employment

- 415 of one of the methods of allocation or apportionment
- 416 provided for in paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection
- 417 is sought, on the ground that the allocation and
- 418 apportionment provisions of subsections (d) and (e) do
- anot fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business
- 420 activities in this state, the burden of proof shall:
- 421 (A) If the tax commissioner seeks employment of one 422 of such methods, be on the tax commissioner; or
- 423 (B) If the taxpayer seeks employment of one of such 424 other methods, be on the taxpayer.

§11-24-7b. Special apportionment rules — Financial organizations.

- 1 (a) General. The Legislature hereby finds that the general formula set forth in section seven of this article
- 3 for apportioning the business income of corporations 4 taxable in this state as well as in another state is
- 5 inappropriate for use by financial organizations due to
- 6 the particular characteristics of those organizations and
- 7 the manner in which their business is conducted.
- 8 Accordingly, the general formula set forth in section
- 9 seven of this article may not be used to apportion the
- 10 business income of such financial organizations, which
- 11 shall use only the apportionment formula and methods
- 12 set forth in this section.

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- (b) Financial organizations with business activities partially within and partially without this state. A financial organization not having its commercial domicile in this state shall apportion the business income component of its federal taxable income (as adjusted by section six of this article) to this state as provided in this subsection if it regularly engages in
- 20 business in this state.
 - (1) Nexus presumptions and exclusions. A financial organization is presumed to be regularly engaging in business in this state if during any year it obtains or solicits business with twenty or more persons within this state, or if the sum of the value of its gross receipts attributable to sources in this state equals or exceeds one hundred thousand dollars. However, gross receipts from

the following types of property (as well as those contacts with this state reasonably and exclusively required to evaluate and complete the acquisition or disposition of the property, the servicing of the property or the income from it, the collection of income from the property, or the acquisition or liquidation of collateral relating to the property) shall not be a factor in determining whether the owner is engaging in business in this state:

- (A) An interest in a real estate mortgage investment conduit, a real estate investment trust or a regulated investment company;
- (B) An interest in a loan backed security representing ownership or participation in a pool of promissory notes or certificates of interest that provide for payments in relation to payments or reasonable projections of payments on the notes or certificates;
- (C) An interest in a loan or other asset from which the interest is attributed to a consumer loan, a commercial loan or a secured commercial loan, and in which the payment obligations were solicited and entered into by a person that is independent, and not acting on behalf, of the owner;
- (D) An interest in the right to service or collect income from a loan or other asset from which interest on the loan is attributed as a loan described in the previous paragraph, and in which the payment obligations were solicited and entered into by a person that is independent, and not acting on behalf, of the owner; and
- (E) Any amounts held in an escrow or trust account with respect to property described above.
 - (2) Definitions. For purposes of this subsection:
- 59 (A) "Deposit" means:
 - (i) The unpaid balance of money or its equivalent received or held by a financial organization in the usual course of business and for which it has given or it is obligated to give credit, either conditionally or unconditionally, to a commercial, checking, savings, time or thrift account whether or not advance notice is required

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to withdraw the credit funds, or which is evidenced by a certificate of deposit, thrift certificate, investment certificate or certificate of indebtedness, or other similar name, or a check or draft drawn against a deposit account and certified by the financial organization, or a letter of credit or a traveler's check on which the financial organization is primarily liable: Provided. That without limiting the generality of the term "money or its equivalent", any such account or instrument must be regarded as evidencing the receipt of the equivalent of money when credited or issued in exchange for checks or drafts or for a promissory note upon which the person obtaining any such credit or instrument is primarily or secondarily liable or for a charge against a deposit account or in settlement of checks, drafts or other instruments forwarded to such bank for collection:

- (ii) Trust funds received or held by such financial organization, whether held in the trust department or held or deposited in any other department of such financial organization;
- (iii) Money received or held by a financial organization or the credit given for money or its equivalent received or held by a financial organization in the usual course of business for a special or specific purpose, regardless of the legal relationship thereby established, including, without being limited to, escrow funds, funds held as security for an obligation due the financial organization or other (including funds held as dealers reserves) or for securities loaned by the financial organization, funds deposited by a debtor to meet maturing obligations, funds deposited as advance payment on subscriptions to United States government securities, funds held for distribution or purchase of securities, funds held to meet its acceptances or letters of credit, and withheld taxes: Provided, That there shall not be included funds which are received by the financial organization for immediate application to the reduction of an indebtedness to the receiving financial organization, or under condition that the receipt thereof immediately reduces or extinguishes such indebtedness:

- (iv) Outstanding drafts (including advice or authori-zation to charge a financial organization's balance in another such organization), cashier's checks, money orders or other officer's checks issued in the usual course of business for any purpose, but not including those issued in payment for services, dividends or purchases or other costs or expenses of the financial organization itself: and
- (v) Money or its equivalent held as a credit balance by a financial organization on behalf of its customer if such entity is engaged in soliciting and holding such balances in the regular course of its business.

(B) "Sales" means:

For purposes of apportionment, the "sales" of a financial organization shall mean the gross receipts described in the gross receipts factor in this subsection, regardless of their source.

- (3) Commercial domicile apportionment or credit. Financial organizations which do not have their commercial domicile in West Virginia shall use the apportionment rules set forth in this section. Financial organizations with their commercial domicile in West Virginia may not apportion their business income, but shall report all net income to West Virginia without apportionment: Provided, That any financial organizations with their commercial domicile in West Virginia shall be allowed the credit against their corporation net income tax liability as described in section twenty-four of this article.
- (4) Apportionment rules. —

137 (A) General method. —

If a financial organization not having its commercial domicile in this state is engaging in business both within and without this state, the portion of its net income arising from such business, which is derived from sources within this state, shall be determined by apportionment in accordance with this subsection. The apportioned net income shall be determined by multiplying net income by the special gross receipts factor as

defined in this subsection. Neither the numerator nor the denominator of the gross receipts factor shall include receipts from obligations described in paragraphs (A), (B), (C) and (D), subdivision (1), subsection (f), section six of this article.

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(B) Special gross receipts factor. — The gross receipts factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total gross receipts of the taxpayer from sources within this state during the taxable year and the denominator of which is the total gross receipts of the taxpayer wherever earned during the taxable year.

Numerator. — The numerator of the gross receipts factor shall include, in addition to items otherwise includable in the sales factor under section seven of this article, the following:

- (i) Receipts from the lease or rental of real or tangible personal property (whether as the economic equivalent of an extension of credit or otherwise) if the property is located in this state;
- (ii) Interest income and other receipts from assets in the nature of loans which are secured primarily by real estate or tangible personal property if such security property is located in the state. In the event that such security property is also located in one or more other states, such receipts shall be presumed to be from sources within this state, subject to rebuttal based upon factors described in rules to be promulgated by the tax commissioner, including the factor that the proceeds of any such loans were applied and used by the borrower entirely outside of this state;
- (iii) Interest income and other receipts from consumer loans which are unsecured or are secured by intangible property that are made to residents of this state, whether at a place of business, by traveling loan officer, by mail, by telephone or other electronic means or otherwise;
- (iv) Interest income and other receipts from commercial loans and installment obligations which are unsecured or are secured by intangible property if and to

 $\begin{array}{c} 205 \\ 206 \end{array}$

 the extent that the borrower or debtor is a resident of or is domiciled in this state: *Provided*, That such receipts are presumed to be from sources in this state and such presumption may be overcome by reference to factors described in rules to be promulgated by the tax commissioner, including the factor that the proceeds of any such loans were applied and used by the borrower entirely outside of this state:

- (v) Interest income and other receipts from a financial organization's syndication and participation in loans, under the rules set forth in items (i) through (iv) above;
- (vi) Interest income and other receipts, including service charges, from financial institution credit card and travel and entertainment credit card receivables and credit card holders' fees if the borrower or debtor is a resident of this state or if the billings for any such receipts are regularly sent to an address in this state;
- (vii) Merchant discount income derived from financial institution credit card holder transactions with a merchant located in this state. In the case of merchants located within and without this state, only receipts from merchant discounts attributable to sales made from locations within this state shall be attributed to this state. It shall be presumed, subject to rebuttal, that the location of a merchant is the address shown on the invoice submitted by the merchant to the taxpayer;
- (viii) Receipts from the performance of services which are attributed to this state if:
- (I) The service receipts are loan-related fees, including loan servicing fees, and the borrower resides in this state, except that, at the taxpayer's election, receipts from loan-related fees which are either: (a) "Pooled" or aggregated for collective financial accounting treatment; or (b) manually written as nonrecurring extraordinary charges to be processed directly to the general ledger may either be attributed to a state based upon the borrowers' residences or upon the ratio that total interest sourced to that state bears to total interest from all sources;

- 224 (II) The service receipts are deposit-related fees and 225 the depositor resides in this state, except that, at the taxpayer's election, receipts from deposit-related fees 226 227 which are either: (a) "Pooled" or aggregated for 228 collective financial accounting treatment; or (b) manu-229 ally written as nonrecurring extraordinary charges to 230 be processed directly to the general ledger may either 231 be attributed to a state based upon the depositors' 232 residences or upon the ratio that total deposits sourced 233 to that state bears to total deposits from all sources;
 - (III) The service receipt is a brokerage fee and the account holder is a resident of this state;

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- (IV) The service receipts are fees related to estate or trust services and the estate's decedent was a resident of this state immediately before death, or the grantor who either funded or established the trust is a resident of this state; or
- (V) The service receipt is associated with the performance of any other service not identified above and the service is performed for an individual resident of, or for a corporation or other business domiciled in, this state and the economic benefit of such service is received in this state;
- 247 (ix) Gross receipts from the issuance of travelers 248 checks and money orders if such checks and money 249 orders are purchased in this state; and
- 250 (x) All other receipts not attributed by this rule to a 251 state in which the taxpayer is taxable shall be attributed 252 pursuant to the laws of the state of the taxpayer's 253 commercial domicile.
 - Denominator. The denominator of the gross receipts factor shall include all of the taxpayer's gross receipts from transactions of the kind included in the numerator, but without regard to their source or situs.
 - (c) Method of filing. Financial organizations subject to apportionment under subsection (b) of this section shall file only separate tax returns, and may not file on a consolidated or any other basis: Provided, That financial organizations which are members of an

- affiliated group may file on a consolidated basis if all members of the affiliated group have their commercial domicile in this state.
- 266 (d) Effective date. The provisions of this section shall apply to all taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

§11-24-24. Credit for income tax paid to another state.

Effective for taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary, any financial organization, the business activities of which take place, or are deemed to take place, entirely within this state, shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this article for any taxable year for taxes paid to another state or political subdi-vision thereof. That credit shall be equal in amount to the lesser of:

- (a) The taxes such financial organization shall actually have paid, which payments were made on or before the filing date of the annual return required by this article, to any other state or political subdivision thereof, and which tax was based upon or measured by the financial organization's net income and was paid with respect to the same taxable year; or
 - (b) The amount of such tax the financial organization would have paid if the rate of tax imposed by this article is applied to the tax base determined under the laws of such other state or political subdivision.

Any additional payments of such tax to other states, or to political subdivisions thereof, by a financial organization described in this section, and any refunds of such taxes, made or received by such financial organization with respect to the taxable year, but after the due date of the annual return required by this article for the taxable year, including any extensions, shall likewise be accounted for in the taxable year in which such additional payment is made or such refund is received by the financial organization.

CHAPTER 31A. BANKS AND BANKING.

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF BANKING.

§31A-2-15. Report by the commissioner.

On or before the fifteenth day of January, one 1 2 thousand nine hundred ninety-two and biennially thereafter, the commissioner shall prepare a report to 3 be submitted to the governor, the president of the 4 5 Senate, the speaker of the House of Delegates and the commissioner of the tax division. Such report shall 6 detail the effect on credit availability and cost of credit 7 8 to consumers within this state resulting from the 9 imposition of the business franchise tax provided for in article twenty-three, chapter eleven of this code and the 10 corporation net income tax provided for in article 11 twenty-four, chapter eleven of this code on out-of-state 12 financial organizations engaging in the transaction of 13 business that was not taxed prior to the taxable year 14 beginning the first day of January, one thousand nine 15 hundred ninety-one. 16

CHAPTER 168

(S. B. 328—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley,)
[B∳ Request of the Executive]

[Passed February 18, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three-a, article twenty-three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section three, article twenty-four of said chapter, relating to updating the meaning of certain terms used in the West Virginia business franchise tax act and the West Virginia corporation net income tax act by bringing them into conformity with their meanings for federal income tax purposes for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; preserving the prior law; and specifying effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three-a, article twenty-three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section three, article twenty-four of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 23. Business Franchise Tax.
- 24. Corporation Net Income Tax.

ARTICLE 23. BUSINESS FRANCHISE TAX.

§11-23-3a. Meaning of terms; general rule.

- (a) Any term used in this article shall have the same 1
- 2 meaning as when used in a comparable context in the
- 3 laws of the United States relating to federal income
- 4 taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required by
- 5 the context or by definition of this article. Any reference
- 6 in this article to the laws of the United States, or to the
- 7 Internal Revenue Code, or to the federal income tax law
- shall mean the provisions of the laws of the United 8
- 9 States as related to the determination of income for
- federal income tax purposes. All amendments made to 10
- 11 the laws of the United States prior to the first day of
- 12 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall be
- 13 given effect in determining the taxes imposed by this
- 14 article for the tax period beginning the first day of
- January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and 15
- thereafter, but no amendment to laws of the United 16
- States made on or after the first day of January, one 17
- thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall be given effect. 18
- (b) Effective date. The amendments to this section 19
- enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-20
- one shall be retroactive and shall apply to taxable years 21
- beginning on or after the first day of January, one 22 thousand nine hundred ninety, to the extent allowable 23
- under federal income tax law. With respect to taxable 24
- years that begin prior to the first day of January, one 25
- thousand nine hundred ninety, prior law shall be fully
- 26
- preserved. 27

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-3. Meaning of terms; general rule.

(a) Any term used in this article shall have the same 1

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meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required by the context or by definition in this article. Any reference in this article to the laws of the United States shall mean the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and such other provisions of the laws of the United States as relate to the determination of income for federal income tax purposes. All amendments made to the laws of the United States prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall be given effect in determining the taxes imposed by this article for any taxable year beginning the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and thereafter, but no amendment to the laws of the United States effective on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall be given any effect.

- (b) The term "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means the Internal Revenue Code of the United States enacted by the "Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986" and includes the provisions of law formerly known as the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and in effect when the "Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986" was enacted, that were not amended or repealed by the "Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986". Except when inappropriate, any references in any law, executive order, or other document:
- (1) To the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall include reference to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and
- (2) To the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall include a reference to the provisions of law formerly known as the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.
- (c) Effective date. The amendments to this section enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one shall be retroactive and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, to the extent allowable under federal income tax law. With respect to taxable years that begin prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, prior law shall be fully preserved.

CHAPTER 169

(S. B. 69—By Senators Spears and Felton)

[Passed March 7, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article thirteen, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section two, article six, chapter twenty-nine of said code, all relating to extending the preference rating of veterans to veterans who have served in campaigns, expeditions or conflicts for which a campaign badge has been authorized and received; awarding five points to certain veterans; awarding an additional five points to certain other veterans; defining terms; and redefining the term "veteran".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article thirteen, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article six, chapter twenty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 6. General Provisions Respecting Officers.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.

CHAPTER 6. GENERAL PROVISIONS RESPECTING OFFICERS.

- ARTICLE 13. PREFERENCE RATING OF VETERANS ON WRITTEN EXAMINATIONS ON NONPARTISAN MERIT BASIS.
- §6-13-1. Preference rating of veterans on written examinations for positions in state departments filled under nonpartisan merit system.
 - For positions in any department or agency in which positions are filled under civil service or any job
 - 3 classification system, a preference of five points in
 - 4 addition to the regular numerical score received on
 - 5 examination shall be awarded to all veterans having
 - 6 qualified for appointment by making a minimum

- 7 passing grade; and to all veterans awarded the purple heart, or having a compensable service-connected 8 9 disability, as established by any proper veterans' bureau or department of the federal government, an additional 10 11 five points shall be allowed.
- 12 For the purpose of this article, "veteran" shall mean any person who has served in the armed forces of the 13 14 United States during the Spanish American War, World 15 War I, World War II, the Korean Conflict, the Southeast 16 Asian Conflict or in a campaign, expedition or conflict for which a campaign badge has been authorized and 17
- 18 received by such person, and who has been honorably 19 discharged from such service.

Such awards shall be made for the benefit and preference in appointment of all veterans who have 21 22 heretofore or who shall hereafter take such examina-23 tions, but shall not operate to the detriment of any 24 person heretofore appointed to a position in such 25 department or agency.

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 6. CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM.

*§29-6-2. Definition of terms.

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- As used in this article, unless the context indicates 1 2 otherwise, the term:
- (a) "Administrator" means any person who fills a statutorily created position within or related to an agency or board (other than a board member) and who is designated by statute as commissioner, deputy commissioner, assistant commissioner, director, chancellor, chief, executive director, executive secretary, 8
- superintendent, deputy superintendent or other admi-9
- nistrative title, however designated; 10
- (b) "Agency" means any administrative unit of state 11 government, including any authority, board, bureau. 12 commission, committee, council, division, section or 13 14 office:

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2834 (Chapter 170). which passed subsequent to this act.

- 15 (c) "Appointing authority" means a person or group 16 of persons authorized by an agency to make appoint-17 ments to positions in the classified or classified-exempt 18 service:
- 19 (d) "Board" means the state personnel board created 20 by section six of this article;

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- (e) "Class" or "class of positions" means a group of positions sufficiently similar in duties, training, experience and responsibilities, as determined by specifications, that the same qualifications, the same title and the same schedule of compensation and benefits may be equitably applied to each position in the group;
- (f) "Classification plan" means the plan by which positions in the classified service and classified-exempt service have been allocated by class;
- (g) "Classified-exempt service" means an employee whose position satisfies the definitions for "class" and "classify" but who is not covered under the civil service system or employed by the board of regents;
- (h) "Classified service" means an employee whose job satisfies the definitions for "class" and "classify" and who is covered under the civil service system;
- (i) "Classify" means to group all positions in classes and to allocate every position to the appropriate class in the classification plan;
- (j) "Director" means the head of the division of personnel as appointed by section seven of this article;
- 42 (k) "Council" means the state personnel advisory 43 council created in section nine-a of this article;
- (1) "Division" means the division of personnel herein created;
- (m) "Policymaking position" means a position in which the person occupying it: (1) Acts as an advisor to, or formulates plans for the implementation of broad goals for, an administrator or the governor; (2) is in charge of a major administrative component of the agency; and (3) reports directly and is directly accountable to an administrator or the governor;

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- (n) "Position" means a particular job which has been classified based on specifications;
 - (o) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of administration created in section two, article one, chapter five-f of this code;
 - (p) "Specification" means a description of a class of position which defines the class, provides examples of work performed and the minimum qualifications required for employment; and
 - (q) "Veteran" means any person who has served in the armed forces of the United States of America during World War I (April 6, 1917-November 11, 1918), World War II (December 7, 1941-December 31, 1946), the Korean Conflict (June 27, 1950-January 31, 1955), the Vietnam Conflict (August 5, 1964-May 7, 1975), or in a campaign, expedition or conflict for which a campaign badge has been authorized and received by such person, and who has received a discharge under honorable conditions from such service.

CHAPTER 170

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2834—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, four, five, six, nine and ten, article one, chapter nine-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections forty-two and seventy-one, article twenty-one, chapter eleven; to further amend said article twenty-one by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections twelve-b, sixty-one and sixty-two; to amend and reenact section twelve, article twenty-four of said chapter eleven; to amend and reenact section one, article one-f, chapter fifteen; to amend and reenact section four, article three, chapter

seventeen-a; to amend and reenact sections one, two and three, article nineteen, chapter eighteen; to amend and reenact article two-c, chapter twenty-one-a; and to amend and reenact section two, article six, chapter twenty-nine, all relating to military service personnel; updating terms relating to the division of veterans affairs; increasing the salary for the director of the division of veterans affairs; exempting combat pay received for Desert Shield Service; providing a military incentive tax credit for personal income tax liability; extending time period for performing certain acts under tax statutes; providing benefits for individuals performing Desert Shield Services; providing rules for income tax liability for individuals while in active military service: authorizing the tax commissioner to execute an agreement with the secretary of the treasury for mandatory withholding of tax; providing a military incentive tax credit for corporate income tax liability; allowing a twenty-four day leave of absence for active military service for national guard or military reserve personnel; providing limited exemption from motor vehicle certificate of title for military personnel and dependents; continuing an appropriation for educational opportunities for children of deceased military personnel, including children of military personnel killed in any hostile action, defining children; providing the correct designation of the division of veterans affairs; enacting the Military Incentive Program Act of 1991; providing legislative intent and purpose of the Military Incentive Program Act; providing definitions to include national guard members and reserve members; providing guidelines for availability of tax credits; providing restrictions and limitations regarding tax credit; providing for administration of programs; amending definitions for purposes of the civil service system.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, four, five, six, nine and ten, article one, chapter nine-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections forty-two and seventy-one, article twenty-one, chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that

said article twenty-one be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections twelve-b, sixty-one and sixty-two; that section twelve, article twenty-four of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that section one, article one-f, chapter fifteen be amended and reenacted; that section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two and three, article nineteen, chapter eighteen be amended and reenacted; that article two-c, chapter twenty-one-a be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article six, chapter twenty-nine be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 9A. Veterans' Affairs.
- 11. Taxation.
- 15. Public Safety.
- 17A. Motor Vehicle Administration, Registration, Certificate of Title, and Antitheft Provisions.
- 18. Education.
- 21A. Unemployment Compensation.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.

CHAPTER 9A. VETERANS' AFFAIRS.

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF VETERANS' AFFAIRS.

- §9A-1-1. Creation and general purposes.
- §9A-1-2. Veterans' council; administration of division.
- §9A-1-4. Duties and functions of veterans' council; appointment of director; term of office; removal.
- §9A-1-5. Compensation of director; veterans' affairs officers, assistants and employees; payment to veterans' council members; traveling expenses; meetings of veterans' council.
- §9A-1-6. Oaths.
- §9A-1-9. Duties of division.
- §9A-1-10. Powers and duties of director.

§9A-1-1. Creation and general purposes.

- 1 A state agency to be known as the "West Virginia
- 2 division of veterans' affairs" is hereby created and
- 3 established within the department of military affairs
- and public safety for the purpose of aiding, assisting,
- 5 counseling and advising, and looking after the rights
- 6 and interests of, all persons known as veterans who have
- 7 served in the armed forces of the United States in the
- 8 army, navy, marine corps, air force or coast guard as

9 defined by the laws of the United States and whose 10 separation therefrom has been other than dishonorable 11 and who are citizens and residents of this state, and the widows, dependents and orphans, who are or have 12 13 become citizens and residents of this state, or all persons 14 known as veterans who have served in the armed forces 15 of the United States in the army, navy, marine corps. 16 air force or coast guard as defined by the laws of the 17 United States and whose separation therefrom has been 18 other than dishonorable.

§9A-1-2. Veterans' council; administration of division.

1 There shall be a "veterans' council" which shall consist 2 of seven members who shall be citizens and residents of 3 this state, who have served in and been honorably 4 discharged or separated under honorable conditions 5 from the armed forces of the United States and whose 6 service was within a time of war as defined by the laws 7 of the United States, either Public Law No. 2 — 73rd 8 Congress or Public Law No. 346 - 78th Congress, and any and all amendments thereto. At least one member 9 10 of the council shall be a veteran of World War II, at least 11 one member of the council shall be a veteran of the Korean Conflict and at least two members of the council 12 13 shall be veterans of the Vietnam era. The members of 14 the veterans' council shall be selected with special 15 reference to their ability and fitness to effectuate the 16 purposes of this article.

After having conducted a performance and fiscal audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the veterans' council should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the veterans' council shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four.

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The West Virginia division of veterans' affairs shall be administered by a director, and such veterans' affairs officers, assistants and employees as may be deemed advisable.

§9A-1-4. Duties and functions of veterans' council; appointment of director; term of office; removal.

It shall be the duty and function of the veterans' 1 council to determine the general administrative policies 2 of the division, to select at their first meeting in each 3 4 fiscal year commencing on the first day of July a 5 chairman to serve one year, to promulgate such rules 6 and regulations as may be necessary, to examine into the 7 efficiency of the division from time to time, to exercise 8 general supervision over the operations of the division, 9 to advise the governor and the Legislature with respect 10 to legislation affecting the interests of veterans, their 11 widows, dependents and orphans, to make annual reports to the governor respecting the service of the 12 division, and to prescribe the duties of the director. Such 13 director shall have the same eligibility and qualifica-14 tions prescribed for members of the veterans' council. 15 16 The governor shall appoint a director for a term of six 17 years, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Before making such appointment, the governor shall 18 request the council of the West Virginia division of 19 20 veterans' affairs to furnish a full and complete report concerning the qualifications and suitability of the 21 proposed appointee. The director shall be subject to 22 removal by the governor for cause, but shall have upon 23 his own request an open hearing before the governor on 24 the complaints or charges lodged against him. The 25 action of the governor shall be final. The director ex 26 officio shall be the executive secretary of the veterans' 27 council, keep the minutes of each meeting, and be in 28 29 charge of all records of the division.

§9A-1-5. Compensation of director, veterans' affairs officers, assistants and employees; payment to veterans' council members; traveling expenses; meetings of veterans' council.

The director shall receive a salary of thirty-two thousand dollars per annum and necessary traveling expenses incident to the performance of his or her duties. The salaries of the veterans' affairs officers,

5 assistants and employees shall be fixed by the veterans' council. The members of the veterans' council shall 6 7 receive no salary, but each member shall receive twenty-8 five dollars for each day actually in attendance at a 9 meeting and actual expenses and traveling expenses incurred in the performance of duties as a council 10 11 member under this article. The requisition for such 12 expenses and traveling expenses shall be accompanied 13 by a sworn and itemized statement, which shall be filed with the auditor and permanently preserved as a public 14 15 record. The veterans' council shall hold its initial 16 meeting on the call of the governor, and thereafter shall 17 meet on the call of its chairman, except as otherwise 18 provided. With the exception of the first three meetings 19 of the veterans' council, none of which shall be of a 20 duration longer than two weeks each, for organizational 21 purposes, the veterans' council shall meet not more than 22 once every two months at such times as may be determined by and upon the call of the chairman for a 23 24 period of not more than two days, unless there should 25 be an emergency requiring a special meeting or for a 26 longer period and so declared and called by the governor or by the chairman with the approval of the governor. 27 28 A majority of the members of the veterans' council shall constitute a quorum for the conduct of official business. 29

§9A-1-6. Oaths.

The members of the veterans' council, the director, and the veterans' affairs officers, shall take and

2 and the veterans' affairs officers, shall take and subscribe to the oath prescribed by article four, section

4 five of the state constitution, before entering on their

5 duties. Their oaths shall be filed with the secretary of

6 state.

§9A-1-9. Duties of division.

1 The division of veterans' affairs of West Virginia 2 shall:

3 (1) Assist veterans, their widows, dependents and 4 orphans within the state, in properly presenting their 5 claims before the United States veterans' administra-6 tion, its administrator, or any federal agency, the state 7 of West Virginia, or any of the several states of the 9 United States, when the claims arise out of service with 9 the armed forces of the United States as defined in 10 section one of this article:

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- 11 (2) Contact all veterans' organizations in this state 12 through their duly elected or appointive officers to 13 effectuate the purposes of this article and aid in the 14 efficiency of the operations of the division;
- 15 (3) Render all possible and proper advice, assistance 16 and counsel to veterans, their families, and their 17 widows, dependents and orphans, within the state, and 18 furnish them information on compensation, allowances, 19 pensions, insurance, rehabilitation, hospitalization, 20 education, vocational training, or refresher or retraining 21 courses in education or training, employment, loans or 22 aid for the purchase, acquisition or construction of 23 homes, farms, farm equipment and business property, 24 preference in the purchase of property and preference in employment, as provided or may be provided by any 25 26 federal act, any federal agency, this state or other states;
- 27 (4) Make careful inquiry into all claims presented for 28 payment out of the state treasury from any appropriation made for the benefit of veterans, their widows, 30 dependents and orphans.

§9A-1-10. Powers and duties of director.

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3 4 The director shall be the executive and administrative head of the division, and as such shall have the power and duty, subject to the provisions of section four hereof, to:

- 5 (a) Supervise and put into effect the purposes and 6 provisions of this article and the rules and regulations 7 for the government of the division;
- 8 (b) Prescribe methods pertaining to investigations and 9 reinvestigations of all claims, and to the rights and 10 interests of all veterans, their widows, dependents and 11 orphans;
- 12 (c) Prescribe uniform methods of keeping all records, 13 and case records of the veterans, their widows, depend-14 ents and orphans;

- (d) Sign and execute, in the name of the state by "West Virginia division of veterans' affairs," and by and with the consent of the veterans' council, any contract or agreement with the federal government or its agencies, other states, subdivisions of this state, corporations, associations, partnerships or individuals;
 - (e) Supervise the fiscal affairs and responsibilities of the division;

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- (f) Organize the division to comply with the requirements of this article and with the standards required by any federal act or any federal agency;
- (g) Establish such regional or area offices throughout the state as may be necessary to promote efficiency and economy in administration;
- (h) Make such reports as will comply with the requirements of any federal act or federal agency and the provisions of this article;
- (i) Cooperate with the federal and state governments for the more effective attainment of the purposes of this article:
- (j) Keep a complete and accurate record of all proceedings; record and file all contracts and agreements, and assume responsibility for the custody and preservation of all papers and documents pertaining to his or her office and the division;
- (k) Prepare for the veterans' council the annual reports to the governor of the condition, operation and functioning of the division;
- (1) Exercise any other powers necessary and proper to standardize the work; to expedite the service and business; to assure fair consideration of the rights and interests, and claims of veterans, their widows, dependents and orphans, and to promote the efficiency of the division;
- (m) Invoke any legal, equitable or special remedies for the enforcement of his orders or the provisions of this article;

- 52 (n) Appoint the veterans' affairs officers and heads of 53 divisions of the division, and of regional or area offices. 54 and employ such assistants and employees as may be 55 necessary for the efficient operation of the division; and
- 56 (o) Delegate to all or any of his appointees, assistants or employees all powers and duties vested in the 57 58 director, except the power to sign and execute contracts 59 and agreements, but the director shall be responsible for

60 the acts of such appointees, assistants and employees.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

Article

- 21. Personal Income Tax.
- 24. Corporation Net Income Tax.

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

- §11-21-12b. Combat pay exempt.
- §11-21-42. Military incentive tax credit.
- §11-21-61. Extension of time for performing certain acts due to Desert Shield service.
- Income taxes of members of armed forces on death. §11-21-62.
- §11-21-71. Requirement of withholding tax from wages.

§11-21-12b. Combat pay exempt.

- Combat pay received for Desert Shield service, as 1
- defined in section sixty-one of this article, which is 2
- exempt from federal income tax, under Section 112 of 3
- the Internal Revenue code, shall be exempt from the tax 4
- 5 imposed by this article.

§11-21-42. Military incentive tax credit.

- Every employer entitled to receive a tax credit against 1
- his West Virginia personal income tax liability as 2
- provided in article two-c, chapter twenty-one-a of this 3 code shall receive the credit for the period and in the
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- amount specified in said article two-c. The state tax 5
- commissioner shall provide by appropriate rule or 6
- regulation for the reporting, filing and application of 7 claims of the tax credit provided for in a manner in
- 8 conformity with the legislative purpose as declared in
- 9 section two, article two-c, chapter twenty-one-a of this
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- 11 code.

§11-21-61. Extension of time for performing certain acts due to Desert Shield service

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- (a) General rule. For purposes of applying this article and article ten of this chapter with respect to the tax liability (including any interest, penalty, additional amount, or addition to tax) of any individual who performed Desert Shield services, the period during which such individual performed such services, and the next one hundred eighty days thereafter, shall be disregarded in determining whether any of the acts referred to in subsection (b) were performed within the time prescribed therefor. 10
- 11 (b) Time for performing certain acts postponed by 12 reason of Desert Shield service. — Whenever the general 13 rule specified in subsection (a) applies, it shall apply to 14 determine:
- 15 Whether any of the following acts was performed 16 within the time prescribed therefor;
- 17 (A) Filing any return of income under this article 18 (except income tax withheld at source):
- 19 (B) Payment of any income tax due under this article 20 (except income tax withheld at source), or any installment thereof or of any other liability to this state in 21 22 respect thereof;
- 23 (C) Filing a petition for reassessment or refund of any tax administered under article ten of this chapter 24 25 (including any interest, penalty, additional amount or 26 addition to tax):
- 27 (D) Allowance of a credit or refund of any tax administered under article ten of this chapter (including 28 any interest, penalty, additional amount or addition to 29 30 tax):
 - (E) Filing a claim for credit or refund of any tax administered under article ten of this chapter (including any interest, penalty, additional amount or addition to tax);
- (F) Appealing any appealable decision of the tax 35 commissioner to the courts of this state, or for appealing 36

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- to the supreme court of appeals a circuit court decision affirming, in whole or in part, the decision of the tax commissioner;
- 40 (G) Assessment of any tax (including any penalty, additional amount or addition to tax);
 - (H) Giving or making any notice or demand for the payment of any tax administered under article ten of this chapter (including any interest, penalty, additional amount or addition to tax), or with respect to any liability to this state in respect of any such tax;
 - (I) Collection by the tax commissioner, by levy or otherwise, of any liability in respect of any tax administered under article ten of this chapter;
 - (J) Bringing suit by any officer on behalf of this state, in respect of any liability in respect of any tax administered under article ten of this chapter;
 - (K) Any other act required or permitted under article nine or ten of this chapter or under any article of this chapter administered under said article ten, or specified in regulations promulgated under this section by the tax commissioner, in conformity with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 59 (c) Treatment of individuals performing Desert Shield 60 services.
 - (1) In general. Any individual who performed Desert Shield service shall be entitled to the benefits of this section.
 - (2) Desert Shield service. For purposes of this section, the term "Desert Shield service" means any service in a unit of the armed forces of the United States (as defined in Section 7701(a)(15) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) or in support of any such unit if:
 - (A) Such service is performed in the area designated by the President of the United States as the "Persian Gulf Desert Shield Area";
- 73 (B) Such service is performed during any portion of

- the period beginning the second day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and ending on the date on which any portion of the area referred to in subparagraph (A) is designated a combat zone pursuant to Section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; or
- 79 (C) Such service is performed during any portion of 80 the period that there is in effect a designation by the 81 President of the United States that the "Persian Gulf 82 Desert Shield Area" is a combat zone, pursuant to 83 Section 112 of the Internal Revenue code.
 - (3) Hospitalization. An individual shall be treated as performing Desert Shield services during any period of continuous qualified hospitalization attributable to an injury received while performing Desert Shield service. The term "qualified hospitalization" means:
 - (A) Any hospitalization outside the United States; and
 - (B) Any hospitalization inside the United States, except that not more than five years of hospitalization may be taken into account under this subparagraph (B); and this subparagraph shall not apply for purposes of applying this section with respect to the spouse of an individual entitled to the benefits of subsection (a) of this section.
 - (d) Special rules.

- (1) Application to spouse. The provisions of this section shall apply to the spouse of any individual entitled to the benefits of subsection (a). The preceding sentence shall not cause this section to apply for any spouse for any taxable year beginning more than two years after the date designated by the President of the United States, under Section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code, as the date of termination of combatant activities in the Persian Gulf Desert Shield area.
- (2) Missing status. The period of service referred to in subsection (c) shall include the period during which an individual entitled to benefits under subsection (a) is in missing status, within the meaning of Section 6013(f)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

- (e) Exceptions.
- 113 (1) Jeopardy assessments or collection. — Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), if the tax 114 115 commissioner determines that collection of the amount of any tax would be jeopardized by delay, the provisions 116 of subsection (a) shall not operate to stay the assessment 117 118 of such amount, or the collection of such amount by levy or otherwise as authorized by law. There shall be 119 120 excluded from any amount assessed or collected pursu-121 ant to this subsection the amount of interest, penalty, 122 additional amount and addition to the tax, if any, in 123 respect of the period disregarded under subsection (a).
- 124 (2) Action taken before ascertainment of rights to 125 benefits. — The assessment or collection of any tax 126 administered under article ten of this chapter may be 127 made, begun or prosecuted in accordance with law. 128 without regard to the provisions of subsection (a), unless 129 prior to such assessment, collection, action or proceeding 130 it is ascertained that the person concerned is entitled to 131 the benefits of subsection (a).
- 132 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (1) 133 and (2), the provision of this subsection shall be applied 134 in conformity with the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief 135 Act.
- 136 (f) Effective Date. The provisions of this section shall 137 be retroactive to the second day of August, one thousand 138 nine hundred ninety.

§11-21-62. Income taxes of members of armed forces on death.

- 1 (a) General rule. In the case of any individual who
 2 dies while in active service as a member of the armed
 3 forces of the United States, if such death occurred while
 4 serving in a combat zone (as determined under Section
 5 112 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) or as a result
 6 of wounds, disease or injury incurred while so
 7 serving:
- 8 (1) Any tax imposed by this article shall not apply 9 with respect to the taxable year in which falls the date 10 of his or her death, or with respect to any prior taxable

year ending on or after the first day he or she served in a combat zone after the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety; and

- (2) Any tax under this article for taxable years preceding those specified in paragraph (1) which is unpaid at the date of his or her death (including interest, additions to tax and additional amounts) shall not be assessed and if assessed the assessment shall be abated and if the assessment has been collected, the amount collected shall be credited or refunded as an overpayment.
- (b) Individuals in missing status. For purposes of this section, in the case of an individual who was in a missing status within the meaning of Section 6013(f)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the date of such individual's death shall be treated as being not earlier than the date on which a determination of such individual's death is made under section 556, Title 37 of the United States Code. Subsection (a)(1) shall not apply for any taxable year beginning more than two years after the date designated under Section 112 of the Internal Revenue code as the date of termination of combatant activities in a combat zone.
- (c) Certain military or civilian employees of the United States dying as a result of injuries sustained overseas.
- (1) In general. In the case of any individual who dies while a military or civilian employee of the United States, if such death occurs as a result of wounds or injury which were incurred while the individual was a military or civilian employee of the United States and which were incurred outside the United States in a terroristic or military action, any tax imposed by this article shall not apply:
- (A) With respect to the taxable year in which falls the date of such individual's death; and
- (B) With respect to any prior taxable year in the period beginning with the last taxable year ending before the taxable year in which the wounds or injury were incurred.

- 50 (2) Terroristic or military action. For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "terroristic or military action" means any action which is terroristic or military action for purposes of Section 692 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- 55 (d) Effective date. The provisions of this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

§11-21-71. Requirement of withholding tax from wages.

- 1 (a) General. — Every employer maintaining an office 2 or transacting business within this state and making 3 payment of any wage taxable under this article to a 4 resident or nonresident individual shall deduct and 5 withhold from such wages for each payroll period a tax 6 computed in such manner as to result, so far as practicable, in withholding from the employee's wages 7 8 during each calendar year an amount substantially 9 equivalent to the tax reasonably estimated to be due under this article resulting from the inclusion in the 10 11 employee's West Virginia adjusted gross income of his 12 wages received during such calendar year. The method 13 of determining the amount to be withheld shall be prescribed by the tax commissioner, with due regard to 14 the West Virginia withholding exemption of the em-15 ployee. This section shall not apply to payments by the 16 United States for service in the armed forces of the 17 United States: Provided. That the tax commissioner may 18 19 execute an agreement with the secretary of the treasury, as provided in 5 United States Code, §5517, for the 20 mandatory withholding of tax under this section on pay 21 to members of the national guard while participating in 22 exercises or performing duty under 32 United States 23 Code, §502, and on pay to members of the ready reserve 24 while participating in scheduled drills or training 25 periods or serving on active duty for training under 10 26 27 United States Code, §270(a).
- 28 (b) Withholding exemptions. For purposes of this 29 section:
- 30 (1) An employee shall be entitled to the same number 31 of West Virginia withholding exemptions as the number

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41 42 of withholding exemptions to which he is entitled for federal income tax withholding purposes. An employer may rely upon the number of federal withholding exemptions claimed by the employee, except where the employee claims a higher number of West Virginia withholding exemptions.

- (2) With respect to any taxable year beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, the amount of each West Virginia exemption shall be two thousand dollars whether the individual is a resident or nonresident.
- 43 (c) Exception for certain nonresidents. — If the income tax law of another state of the United States or of the 44 District of Columbia results in its residents being 45 allowed a credit under section forty sufficient to offset 46 all taxes required by this article to be withheld from the 47 48 wages of an employee, the tax commissioner may by regulation relieve the employers of such employees from 49 the withholding requirements of this article with 50 51 respect to such employees.
- 52 (d) Effective date. The provisions of this section, as 53 amended in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-54 seven, shall apply to all taxable years beginning after 55 the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine 56 hundred eighty-six.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

PART I.

DEFINITIONS, IMPOSITION OF TAX AND RATE, AND EXEMPTIONS.

§11-24-12. Military incentive tax credit.

Every employer entitled to receive a tax credit against 1 its West Virginia corporate income tax liability as 2 provided in article two-c, chapter twenty-one-a of this 3 code shall receive the credit for the period and in the 4 amount specified in said article two-c of this chapter. 5 The state tax commissioner shall provide by appropriate 6 rule or regulation for the reporting, filing and applica-7 tion of claims for the tax credit provided for in a manner 8 in conformity with the legislative purpose as declared 9 in section two, article two-c, chapter twenty-one-a of this 10 11 code.

CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.

ARTICLE 1F. PRIVILEGES AND PROHIBITIONS.

§15-1F-1. Leave of absence for public officials and employees for drills, parades, etc.

1 All officers and employees of the state. or subdivisions 2 or municipalities thereof, who shall be members of the national guard or any military reserve unit of the 3 United States armed services, shall be entitled to leave 4 5 of absence from their respective offices or employments without loss of pay, status or efficiency rating, on the 6 7 days during which they shall be engaged in drills, parades or other duty, during business hours ordered by 8 9 proper authority, or for field training or active service of the state for a maximum period of thirty days in any 10 one calendar year. The term "without loss of pay" means 11 12 that the officer or employee shall continue to receive his 13 normal salary or compensation, notwithstanding the fact that such officer or employee may have received other 14 compensation from federal or state sources during the 15 same period. Benefits of this section shall accrue to 16 individuals ordered or called to active duty by the 17 18 president for twenty-four working days after they report 19 for active service.

CHAPTER 17A. MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION, REGISTRATION, CERTIFICATE OF TITLE, AND ANTITHEFT PROVISIONS.

ARTICLE 3. ORIGINAL AND RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION; ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES OF TITLE.

§17A-3-4. Application for certificate of title; tax for privilege of certification of title; penalty for false swearing.

- 1 (a) Certificates of registration of any vehicle or 2 registration plates therefor, whether original issues or 3 duplicates, shall not be issued or furnished by the
- division of motor vehicles or any other officer charged
- 5 with the duty, unless the applicant therefor already has
- 6 received, or at the same time makes application for and

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is granted, an official certificate of title of the vehicle. The application shall be upon a blank form to be furnished by the division of motor vehicles and shall contain a full description of the vehicle, which description shall contain a manufacturer's serial or identification number or other number as determined by the commissioner and any distinguishing marks, together with a statement of the applicant's title and of any liens or encumbrances upon the vehicle, the names and addresses of the holders of the liens and any other information as the division of motor vehicles may require. The application shall be signed and sworn to by the applicant.

(b) A tax is hereby imposed upon the privilege of effecting the certification of title of each vehicle in the amount equal to five percent of the value of said motor vehicle at the time of such certification. If the vehicle is new, the actual purchase price or consideration to the purchaser thereof is the value of the vehicle; if the vehicle is a used or secondhand vehicle, the present market value at time of transfer or purchase is the value thereof for the purposes of this section: Provided, That so much of the purchase price or consideration as is represented by the exchange of other vehicles on which the tax herein imposed has been paid by the purchaser shall be deducted from the total actual price or consideration paid for the vehicle, whether the same be new or secondhand: if the vehicle is acquired through gift, or by any manner whatsoever, unless specifically exempted in this section, the present market value of the vehicle at the time of the gift or transfer is the value thereof for the purposes of this section. No certificate of title for any vehicle shall be issued to any applicant unless the applicant has paid to the division of motor vehicles the tax imposed by this section which is five percent of the true and actual value of said vehicle whether the vehicle is acquired through purchase, by gift or by any other manner whatsoever except gifts between husband and wife or between parents and children: Provided, however, That the husband or wife. or the parents or children previously have paid the tax on the vehicles so transferred to the state of West

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Virginia: Provided further, That the division of motor vehicles may issue a certificate of registration and title to an applicant if the applicant provides sufficient proof to the division of motor vehicles that the applicant has paid the taxes and fees required by this section to a motor vehicle dealership that has filed bankruptcy proceedings in the United States bankruptcy court and the taxes and fees so required to be paid by the applicant have been impounded due to the bankruptcy proceedings: And provided further, That the applicant makes an affidavit of the same and assigns all rights to claims for money the applicant may have against the motor vehicle dealership to the division of motor vehicles.

The tax imposed by this section does not apply to vehicles to be registered as Class H vehicles, or Class S vehicles, as defined in section one, article ten of this chapter, which are used or to be used in interstate commerce. Nor does the tax imposed by this section apply to the titling of Class B, Class K or Class E vehicles registered at a gross weight of fifty-five thousand pounds or more, or to the titling of Class C or Class L semitrailers, full trailers, pole trailers, and converter gear: Provided. That, if an owner of a vehicle has previously titled the vehicle at a declared gross weight of fifty-five thousand pounds or more and title was issued without the payment of the tax imposed by this section, then before the owner may obtain registration for the vehicle at a gross weight less than fifty-five thousand pounds, the owner must surrender to the commissioner the exempted registration, the exempted certificate of title, and pay the tax imposed by this section based upon the current market value of the vehicle: Provided, however, That notwithstanding the provisions of section nine. article fifteen, chapter eleven of this code, the exemption from tax under this section for Class B. Class K or Class E vehicles in excess of fiftvfive thousand pounds and Class C or Class L semitrailers, full trailers, pole trailers and converter gear shall not subject the sale or purchase of said vehicles to the consumers sales tax. The tax imposed by this section does not apply to titling of vehicles by a registered

dealer of this state for resale only, nor does the tax imposed by this section apply to titling of vehicles by this state or any political subdivision thereof, or by any volunteer fire department or duly chartered rescue or ambulance squad organized and incorporated under the laws of the state of West Virginia as a nonprofit corporation for protection of life or property. The total amount of revenue collected by reason of this tax shall be paid into the state road fund and expended by the commissioner of highways for matching federal funds allocated for West Virginia. In addition to the tax, there shall be a charge of five dollars for each original certificate of title or duplicate certificate of title so issued: Provided further, That this state or any political subdivision thereof, or any volunteer fire department, or duly chartered rescue squad, is exempt from payment of such charge.

Such certificate is good for the life of the vehicle, so long as the same is owned or held by the original holder of such certificate, and need not be renewed annually, or any other time, except as herein provided.

If, by will or direct inheritance, a person becomes the owner of a motor vehicle and the tax herein imposed previously has been paid, to the division of motor vehicles, on that vehicle, he or she is not required to pay such tax.

A person who has paid the tax imposed by this section is not required to pay the tax a second time for the same motor vehicle, but is required to pay a charge of five dollars for the certificate of retitle of that motor vehicle, except that the tax shall be paid by the person when the title to the vehicle has been transferred either in this or another state from such person to another person and transferred back to such person.

(c) Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary, the owners of trailers, semitrailers, recreational vehicles and other vehicles not subject to the certificate of title tax prior to the enactment of this chapter are subject to the privilege tax imposed by this section: *Provided*, That the certification of title of any

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recreational vehicle owned by the applicant on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, is not subject to the tax imposed by this section: Provided, however, That mobile homes, house trailers. modular homes and similar nonmotive propelled vehicles, except recreational vehicles, susceptible of being moved upon the highways but primarily designed for habitation and occupancy, rather than for transporting persons or property, or any vehicle operated on a nonprofit basis and used exclusively for the transportation of mentally retarded or physically handicapped children when the application for certificate of registration for such vehicle is accompanied by an affidavit stating that such vehicle will be operated on a nonprofit basis and used exclusively for the transportation of mentally retarded and physically handicapped children. are not subject to the tax imposed by this section, but are taxable under the provisions of articles fifteen and fifteen-a, chapter eleven of this code.

- (d) Any person making any affidavit required under any provision of this section, who knowingly swears falsely, or any person who counsels, advises, aids or abets another in the commission of false swearing, is on the first offense guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not to exceed six months, or, in the discretion of the court, both fined and imprisoned. For a second or any subsequent conviction within five years any such person is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars or be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one year nor more than five years or, in the discretion of the court, fined and imprisoned.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, military service personnel stationed outside West Virginia, or their dependents who possess a motor vehicle with valid registration, shall be exempt from the provisions of this article for a period of nine months from the date that such military service personnel returns to this state or the date such military service

personnel's dependent returns to this state whichever is later.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 19. EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHILDREN OF DECEASED SOLDIERS, SAILORS, MARINES AND AIRMEN.

§18-19-1. Appropriation to provide educational opportunities.

§18-19-2. Eligibility of applicant for benefits; application forms; preference.

§18-19-3. No tuition fees to be charged; how funds to be expended; cessation of allowances.

§18-19-1. Appropriation to provide educational opportunities.

1 For the purpose of providing educational opportuni-2 ties for the children of those who served in the army, 3 navy or marine corps of the United States during the 4 world war from April sixth, one thousand nine hundred 5 seventeen, to July second, one thousand nine hundred 6 twenty-one, or served in the armed forces of the United 7 States of America at any time between December first. one thousand nine hundred forty-one, and the declara-8 9 tion of peace by the Congress of the United States, or 10 served in the armed forces of the United States of 11 America at any time between June twenty-seventh, one thousand nine hundred fifty, and January thirty-first, 12 one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, or served in the 13 armed forces of the United States of America at any 14 time between August fifth, one thousand nine hundred 15 sixty-four, and May seventh, one thousand nine hundred 16 seventy-five, all dates inclusive, and who were killed in 17 action or have died or may hereafter die from disease 18 or disability resulting from such war service, there shall 19 be appropriated from the state fund general revenue the 20 sum of at least five thousand dollars for each fiscal year 21 commencing July first and ending on June thirty of each 22 year of the next biennium to be used for the benefit of 23 such children while attending state education or 24 training institutions. This benefit also shall be given to 25 children of a service member killed during hostile 26 actions as defined by the agency administering this 27 section. The term "children" as used in this article shall 28 include any child of a veteran who has been legitimized 29

30 by operation of law prior to the veteran's demise.

§18-19-2. Eligibility of applicant for benefits; application forms; preference.

1 To be eligible for the benefits of this article, said 2 children must be at least sixteen and not more than 3 twenty-two years of age and have had their domiciles in this state for at least twelve months preceding their 4 5 application for said benefits. Such application shall be 6 made to, and upon forms provided by, the West Virginia 7 division of veterans affairs, which division shall 8 determine the eligibility of those who make such 9 application and the yearly amount to be allotted each 10 applicant, which amount in the discretion of the division 11 may vary from year to year, but shall not exceed the 12 sum of five hundred dollars in any one year. In selecting 13 those to receive the benefits of this article, preference shall be given those who are otherwise financially 14 15 unable to secure said educational opportunities and to 16 those whose parent was domiciled in this state during 17 the period of such parent's war service.

§18-19-3. No tuition fees to be charged; how funds to be expended; cessation of allowances.

1 No tuition fees shall be charged such applicants 2 attending any state education or training institution, and the funds herein appropriated shall be expended by 3 said West Virginia division of veterans affairs only for 4 matriculation fees, board, room rent, books, supplies and 5 other necessary living expenses of such children. Said 6 division is charged with the duty of disbursing the funds 7 herein provided and shall draw its requisitions upon the 8 auditor for that purpose. In the discretion of said 9 division, such requisitions may be made payable to said 10 education or training institutions or to those furnishing 11 to said children board, room rent, books, supplies and 12 other necessary living expenses, the division being first 13 satisfied as to the correctness and amounts of such 14 expenditures. Should any child withdraw from any such 15 institution, all allowances to such child shall cease. No 16 member or employee of said division shall receive any 17

18 additional compensation for the services herein re-19 auired.

CHAPTER 21A. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION.

ARTICLE 2C. MILITARY INCENTIVE PROGRAM.

§21A-2C-1. Short title.

§21A-2C-2. Declaration of legislative intent and purpose.

§21A-2C-3. Definitions.

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§21A-2C-4. Tax credit; eligibility; amount.

§21A-2C-5. Restrictions and limitations regarding tax credit.

§21A-2C-6. Program administration.

§21A-2C-1. Short title.

1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "Military Incentive Program Act of 1991."

§21A-2C-2. Declaration of legislative intent and purpose.

1 The Legislature of West Virginia hereby recognizes 2 that disabled veterans and economically disadvantaged 3 veterans of the Vietnam era and of the Korean conflict. 4 members of the West Virginia national guard and the 5 reserve forces of the United States have made sacrifices which merit preferential employment treatment in both 6 7 the public and private sectors. Economically disadvantaged and disabled veterans traditionally suffer a 8 disproportionately higher unemployment rate than that 9 of nonveterans of similar age and skills. Members of the 10 West Virginia national guard and reserve forces of the 11 United States who are called upon to leave their jobs to 12 perform military obligations are frequently placed in 13 conflict with their employers and as such are frequently 14 discriminated against by prospective employers. It is the 15 intent and purpose of the Legislature to encourage the 16 employment of these veterans and members of the guard 17 and reserve forces in the private sector by providing tax 18 credits for private sector employers who employ 19 economically disadvantaged Vietnam era and Korean 20 conflict veterans, disabled veterans, unemployed 21 members of the West Virginia national guard and 22 unemployed members of the reserve forces of the United 23 States generally.

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§21A-2C-3. Definitions.

- 1 For the purposes of this article:
- 2 (a) "Active duty" means full-time duty in the armed forces, other than duty for training in the reserves or national guard. Any period of duty for training in the reserves or national guard, including authorized travel, during which an individual was disabled from a disease or injury incurred or aggravated in line of duty, is considered "active duty."
- 9 (b) "Economically disadvantaged" means a person 10 who:
- 11 (1) Receives, or is a member of a family which 12 receives, cash welfare payments under a federal, state 13 or local welfare program;
- 14 (2) Has, or is a member of a family which has, 15 received a total family income for the six months prior 16 to application which, in relation to family size, was not 17 in excess of the higher of:
- 18 (i) The poverty level determined in accordance with 19 criteria established by the federal office of management 20 and budget; or
- 21 (ii) Seventy percent of the lower living standard 22 income level;
- 23 (3) Is receiving food stamps pursuant to the food stamp act of one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven;
- 25 (4) Is a foster child on behalf of whom state or local government payments are made; or
 - (5) Is an adult handicapped individual whose own income meets the requirements of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, but who is a member of a family whose income does not meet such requirements.
 - (c) "Korean conflict veteran" means a person who served in the armed services of the United States at least one day during the period of time beginning the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifty, and extending through the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five.

- 37 (d) "National guard member" means a member of any component of the West Virginia national guard.
- 39 (e) "Reserve member" means a member of any 40 component of the reserve forces of the United States.
- 41 (f) "Veteran" means a member of the United States 42 armed forces who:
- 43 (1) Served on active duty for a period of more than 44 one hundred eighty days and was discharged or released 45 therefrom with other than a dishonorable discharge; or
- 46 (2) Was discharged or released from active duty 47 because of a service-connected disability.
- 48 (g) "Vietnam era veteran" means a person who served 49 in the armed services of the United States at least one 50 day during the period of time beginning the fifth day 51 of August, one thousand nine hundred sixty-four, and 52 extending through the seventh day of May, one thousand 53 nine hundred seventy-five.

§21A-2C-4. Tax credit; eligibility; amount.

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- 1 (a) Each person, partnership or corporation which 2 employs an economically disadvantaged Vietnam era or 3 Korean conflict veteran or any disabled veteran, or an unemployed member of the West Virginia national 4 5 guard or a member of the reserve forces of the United States for a continuous period of one year, except as 6 otherwise provided in this article, shall be entitled to an 7 appropriate tax credit for each such individual so 8 employed. In the case of a person or partnership so 9 employing such individuals, the tax credit provided for 10 in this section shall be applied against the employer's 11 personal income tax liability. In the case of a corpora-12 tion so employing such individuals, the tax credit 13 provided for in this section shall be applied against the 14 corporation's corporate net income tax liability. This tax 15 credit shall be nonassignable and may not exceed an 16 employer's total tax liability with respect to the specific 17 tax against which the tax credit is required to be 18 applied. 19
 - (b) The amount of the tax credit allowed under

- subsection (a) of this section shall be an amount equal
 to the following:
- 23 (1) For each economically disadvantaged Vietnam era 24 or Korean conflict veteran employed as described in 25 subsection (a), the amount of the tax credit allowed shall 26 be thirty percent of the employee's wage base. For the 27 purposes of this section, the employee's wage base is the 28 first five thousand dollars in wages or compensation 29 actually paid to the employee by the employer;
- 30 (2) For each disabled veteran employed as described 31 in subsection (a), the amount of the tax credit allowed 32 shall be a percentage equal to the percentage of disability suffered by the veteran multiplied by the 33 employee's wage base. The employee's wage base is the 34 35 same as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection. The percentage of disability referred to in this subdi-36 vision means the percentage of compensation for service 37 connected disability as determined by the United States 38 department of veterans affairs; and 39
- (3) For each member of the West Virginia national 40 guard or member of the reserve forces of the United 41 States employed as described in subsection (a), the 42 amount of the tax credit allowed shall be twenty-five 43 percent of the employee's wage base. For the purpose 44 of this section, the employee's wage base is the first five 45 thousand dollars in wages or compensation actually paid 46 to the employee by the employer. 47

§21A-2C-5. Restrictions and limitations regarding tax credit.

- 1 (a) An employer may not claim a tax credit provided 2 for in this article for any individual employed for less 3 than a continuous period of one year, unless:
- 4 (1) The individual voluntarily leaves employment with the employer;
- 6 (2) The individual becomes totally disabled and unable to continue his employment; or
 - (3) The individual is terminated for good cause shown.
- In the event that the individual is employed for less than a one continuous year period due to circumstances

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11 enumerated in subdivision (1), (2) or (3) above, the 12 employer shall be entitled to a partial tax credit in a 13 proportional amount corresponding to the ratio of the 14 time period during which the veteran was actually 15 employed to the one-year period required for a full tax 16 credit multiplied by the amount of the full tax which 17 would have accrued to the employer had the individual's 18 employment continued for a full year.

(b) An employer may not claim tax credit provided for in this article for any individual who is employed and displaces a person already employed. In addition, no tax credit may be claimed for the employment of any individual for whom the employer is receiving job training payments from either the federal or state government. Nothing in this section prohibits an employer from receiving tax credits from both the federal and state governments under similar targeted jobs programs if the employer is otherwise qualified to receive both.

*§21A-2C-6. Program administration.

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The program established by this article shall be 1 2 conducted primarily under the direction of the 3 employment services section of the bureau of employment programs or its successor agency and the West 4 5 Virginia national guard. Reserve forces units may also verify through approved vouchers, eligibility of reserve 6 members to participate in this program. Each individ-7 ual who qualifies under this article for participation in 8 this program shall be given, upon request, a voucher 9 certifying that the individual is eligible for participation 10 in the program described in this article. The voucher 11 shall be in a form prescribed by the commissioner of 12 employment programs and the adjutant general, and 13 they may conduct such investigations and collect such 14 data as they deem necessary to ensure that each 15 individual applying for the voucher is actually qualified 16 for participation in the program. 17

When an employer employs an eligible individual who presents the voucher herein provided for, the employer

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 132 (Chapter 16), which passed prior to this act.

20 shall submit the voucher along with basic information 21 to the issuing agency as may be required for participation in this program. Each year, the issuing agency shall 22 certify to the state tax commissioner a list of employers 23 who may be qualified to receive a tax credit under this 24 program. In order to receive the appropriate tax credit. 25 26 an employer must file for the tax credit provided for under this article as required by section forty-two, 27 article twenty-one, chapter eleven of this code or by 28 section twelve, article twenty-four, chapter eleven of this 29 30 code.

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS

ARTICLE 6. CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM.

*§29-6-2. Definition of terms.

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As used in this article, unless the context indicates otherwise, the term:

- (a) "Administrator" means any person who fills a statutorily created position within or related to an agency or board (other than a board member) and who is designated by statute as commissioner, deputy commissioner, assistant commissioner, director, chancellor, chief, executive director, executive secretary, superintendent, deputy superintendent or other administrative title, however designated:
- 11 (b) "Agency" means any administrative unit of state 12 government, including any authority, board, bureau, 13 commission, committee, council, division, section or 14 office;
- 15 (c) "Appointing authority" means a person or group 16 of persons authorized by an agency to make appoint-17 ments to positions in the classified or classified-exempt 18 service;
- (d) "Board" means the state personnel board createdby section six of this article;
- 21 (e) "Class" or "class of positions" means a group of 22 positions sufficiently similar in duties, training, exper-

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 69 (Chapter 169), which passed prior to this act.

ience and responsibilities, as determined by specifications, that the same qualifications, the same title and the same schedule of compensation and benefits may be equitably applied to each position in the group;

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- (f) "Classification plan" means the plan by which positions in the classified service and classified-exempt service have been allocated by class;
- (g) "Classified-exempt service" means an employee whose position satisfies the definitions for "class" and "classify" but who is not covered under the civil service system or employed by the higher education governing boards;
- (h) "Classified service" means an employee whose job satisfies the definitions for "class" and "classify" and who is covered under the civil service system;
- (i) "Classify" means to group all positions in classes and to allocate every position to the appropriate class in the classification plan;
- (j) "Director" means the head of the division of personnel as appointed by section seven of this article;
 - (k) "Council" means the state personnel advisory council created in section nine-a of this article;
- (l) "Division" means the division of personnel herein created;
- (m) "Policymaking position" means a position in which the person occupying it (1) acts as an advisor to, or formulates plans for the implementation of broad goals for an administrator or the governor, (2) is in charge of a major administrative component of the agency and (3) reports directly and is directly accountable to an administrator or the governor;
 - (n) "Position" means a particular job which has been classified based on specifications;
 - (o) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of administration created in section two, article one, chapter five-f of this code;
- (p) "Specification" means a description of a class of position which defines the class, provides examples of

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work performed and the minimum qualifications required for employment;

(q) "Veteran" means any person who has served in the armed forces of the United States of America during World War I (April 6, 1917-November 11, 1918), World War II (December 7, 1941-December 31, 1946), the Korean Conflict (June 27, 1950-January 31, 1955), the Vietnam Conflict (August 5, 1964-May 7, 1975), or in a campaign, expedition or conflict for which a campaign badge has been authorized and received by such person, and who has received a discharge under honorable conditions from such service.

CHAPTER 171

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 443-By Senator Holliday)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-two, article two, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two-a: to amend and reenact section one. article three, chapter seventeen of said code; and to amend and reenact section eight, article two, chapter seventeen-b of said code, all relating to the registration of voters; increasing motor vehicle registration fees; creating the combined voter registration and driver's license fund; specifying how the proceeds of such fund are to be expended; setting forth procedure for registration in the office of the clerk of the county commission; authorizing the clerk to change registration records: establishing duties of clerk during biennial checkups; removing the mandate that clerks establish certain temporary registration offices and the requirements therefor; permitting clerks to establish certain temporary registration offices; clerk to solicit public service advertising of registration offices; when clerk to cancel registrations; certification to the secretary of state: authorizing county commission to direct clerk to

increase availability of registration; requiring the division of motor vehicles and the department of public safety to provide voter registration forms to persons seeking a driver's license, a renewal or a correction thereof; authorizing employees of such division or department to administer oaths; when completed forms to be forwarded to appropriate county clerks; establishing the effective date of registration; authorizing the secretary of state to promulgate rules; requiring that fifty cents of every driver's license fee be paid into the combined voter registration and driver's license fund; and increasing the fee for the issuance of a driver's license by fifty cents.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-two, article two, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two-a; that section one, article three, chapter seventeen of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section eight, article two, chapter seventeen-b of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 3. Elections.
- 17. Roads and Highways.
- 17B. Motor Vehicle Operators' and Chauffeurs' Licenses.

CHAPTER 3. ELECTIONS.

ARTICLE 2. REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

- §3-2-22. Registration in clerk's office; cancellation of registrations of deceased persons; temporary registration offices.
- §3-2-22a. Registration at driver's license facilities.
- §3-2-22. Registration in clerk's office; cancellation of registrations of deceased persons; temporary registration offices.
 - 1 The clerk or any deputy clerk of the county commis-
 - 2 sion shall register any qualified person as a voter. The
 - 3 clerk or deputy shall first require valid identification
 - 4 and proof of age, and inquire and attempt to establish

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5 whether the voter resides within the limits of a 6 municipality using the map provided by the municipality in accordance with section five, article one of this 7 8 chapter. The clerk or deputy clerk shall have the person 9 registering fill in and complete the prescribed voter 10 registration form for county-state permanent registration. If the person resides within the limits of a 11 12 municipality for which a separate registration file is 13 kept, the clerk or deputy shall also have the person 14 complete the form for municipal registration. The 15 registrant shall sign the form or forms under oath or 16 affirmation. The clerk, upon proper proof, may alter. 17 amend, correct or cancel the registration record of any 18 voter. Such registration or alteration, amendment. 19 correction or cancellation of registration records shall be 20 carried on throughout the year.

During the biennial checkup period of every evennumbered year, the clerk or deputy clerk shall visit every public or private institution, excluding hospitals, in which reside aged, infirm, disabled or chronically ill persons, and every high school to register qualified voters. The clerk may establish temporary registration offices, to register qualified persons or to alter, amend, correct or cancel such registration records. The clerk of the county commission shall solicit public service advertising of such registration offices and times on radio, television and newspapers serving that county.

Within fifteen days following receipt of a death certificate from the state or local registrar of vital statistics or the publication in a newspaper of the county of an obituary clearly identifying a deceased person by name, residence and age, the clerk of the county commission shall cancel the voter registration, if any, of the person shown to be deceased by such certificate or obituary.

Sixty days prior to a general election, the clerk of the county commission shall review each death certificate received and shall cancel the voter registration, if any, of each deceased person whose voter registration has not previously been canceled. By the forty-fifth day prior to a general election each clerk of a county commission

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shall certify to the secretary of state that he or she has performed the duty required by this paragraph.

48 If found necessary, the county commission may order 49 and direct the clerk of the county commission to 50 maintain additional office hours in the evening or at 51 other proper times and places for accommodation of 52 voter registration.

§3-2-22a. Registration at driver's license facilities.

- (a) Commencing on the first day of July, one thousand 1 2 nine hundred ninety-one, the division of motor vehicles and the department of public safety shall provide each 3 qualified elector who applies in person for the issuance, 4 5 renewal or correction of any type of driver's license or 6 identification, in accordance with the provisions of article two, chapter seventeen-b of this code, the 7 opportunity to complete a voter registration form 8 regardless of that person's voting precinct or county of 9 10 residence in the state.
 - (b) For purposes of this section, each employee authorized by the division of motor vehicles or department of public safety to provide voter registration forms is hereby authorized to administer the oath prescribed on the form.
 - (c) Completed voter registration forms received by the division of motor vehicles or by the department of public safety shall be forwarded to the secretary of state on a weekly basis, and the secretary of state shall then forward the registrations to the appropriate county clerk's office on a weekly basis. Upon receipt of a voter registration form, the county clerk shall determine if the form meets the requirements for registration. If the county clerk finds that the form meets the requirements for registration, the registration shall be deemed to be effective on the date that it was made at the division of motor vehicles or department of public safety. If it does not meet the requirements, the county clerk shall immediately notify the applicant of the information required and the registration shall be deemed to be effective on the date that the additional information is received by the county clerk.

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- 33 (d) Fifty cents of each license fee collected pursuant 34 to the provisions of section one, article three, chapter 35 seventeen of this code shall be paid into the state 36 treasury to the credit of a special revenue fund to be known as the "combined voter registration and driver's 37 licensing fund", which is hereby created. The moneys so 38 credited to such fund may be used by the secretary of 39 40 state solely for:
 - (1) Printing and distribution of combined driver's license application and voter registration forms, or for the printing of voter registration forms to be used in conjunction with driver's license applications.
- 45 (2) Postage and mailing costs of returning completed 46 voter registrations to the appropriate state or county 47 election official.
- 48 (3) Postage and mailing costs incurred by the clerk of 49 the county commission for sending a receipt of voter 50 registration to each person who registers to vote using 51 the combined licensing and voter registration 52 procedure.
- 53 (4) Employment of personnel solely for the purpose of 54 issuing driver's licenses and offering voter registration 55 services or the payment of the portion of such personnel 56 costs apportioned to such duties.
- 57 (5) Start-up costs associated with preparing the computer programming relating to increased licensing fees and the collection thereof.
- The secretary of state is authorized to expend or distribute funds to the respective agencies and counties for the reimbursement of actual costs incurred for the purposes set forth in this subsection.
- 64 (e) The secretary of state may promulgate rules 65 pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of 66 this code to provide for the administration of this 67 registration program.

CHAPTER 17. ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

§17-3-1. What constitutes fund; payments into fund; use of money in fund.

1 There shall be a state road fund, which shall consist 2 of the proceeds of all state license taxes imposed upon 3 automobiles or other motor or steam driven vehicles: the 4 registration fees imposed upon all owners, chauffeurs, 5 operators and dealers in automobiles or other motor 6 driven vehicles; all sums of money which may be 7 donated to such fund; all proceeds derived from the sale 8 of state bonds issued pursuant to any resolution or act of the Legislature carrying into effect the "Better Roads 9 10 Amendment" to the constitution of this state, adopted in the month of November, one thousand nine hundred 11 sixty-four, except that the proceeds from the sale of 12 13 these bonds shall be kept in a separate and distinct 14 account in the state road fund; all moneys and funds 15 appropriated to it by the Legislature; and all moneys 16 allotted or appropriated by the federal government to 17 this state for road construction and maintenance pursuant to any act of the Congress of the United States: 18 the proceeds of all taxes imposed upon and collected 19 20 from any person, firm or corporation and of all taxes 21 or charges imposed upon and collected from any county. district or municipality for the benefit of such fund: the 22 23 proceeds of all judgments, decrees or awards recovered and collected from any person, firm or corporation for 24 damages done to, or sustained by, any of the state roads 25 or parts thereof; all moneys recovered or received by 26 reason of the violation of any contract respecting the 27 building, construction or maintenance of any state road; 28 all penalties and forfeitures imposed, recovered or 29 30 received by reason thereof; and any and all other moneys and funds appropriated to, imposed and collected for the 31 benefit of such fund, or collected by virtue of any statute 32 and payable to such fund: Provided, That notwithstand-33 ing any provisions of this code to the contrary, fifty cents 34 of every license fee paid pursuant to the provisions of 35 subdivision (2), subsection (a), section eight, article two, 36 chapter seventeen-b of this code shall be paid to the 37 special fund established pursuant to the provisions of 38 subsection (d), section twenty-two-a, article two, chapter 39 three of this code. 40

When any money is collected from any of the sources 41 42 aforesaid, it shall be paid into the state treasury by the 43 officer whose duty it is to collect and account for the 44 same, and credited to the state road fund, and shall be 45 used only for the purposes named in this chapter, that 46 is to say: (a) To pay the principal and interest due on 47 all state bonds issued for the benefit of said fund, and 48 set aside and appropriated for that purpose; (b) to pay the expenses of the administration of the road depart-49 50 ment; and (c) to pay the cost of maintenance, construc-51 tion, reconstruction and improvement of all state roads.

CHAPTER 17B. MOTOR VEHICLE OPERATORS' AND CHAUFFEURS' LICENSES.

ARTICLE 2. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE, EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL.

§17B-2-8. Issuance and contents of licenses; fees.

- 1 (1) The division shall, upon payment of the required 2 fee, issue to every applicant qualifying therefor a driver's license, or motorcycle-only license. Each license 3 4 shall contain a coded number assigned to the licensee. 5 the full name, date of birth, residence address, a brief description and a color photograph of the licensee and 6 7 either a facsimile of the signature of the licensee or a 8 space upon which the signature of the licensee shall be 9 written with pen and ink immediately upon receipt of the license. No license shall be valid until it has been 10 so signed by the licensee. A driver's license which is 11 valid for operation of a motorcycle shall contain a 12 motorcycle endorsement. The division shall use such 13 14 process or processes in the issuance of licenses that will, insofar as possible, prevent any alteration, counterfeit-15 ing, duplication, reproduction, forging or modification 16 of, or the superimposition of a photograph on, such 17 18 license.
- 19 (2) The fee for the issuance of a driver's license shall
 20 be ten dollars and fifty cents. Fifty cents of each such
 21 fee shall be deposited in the "combined voter registra22 tion and driver's licensing fund", established pursuant
 23 to the provisions of section twenty-two-a, article two,
 24 chapter three of this code. The one-time only additional

fee for adding a motorcycle endorsement to a driver's license shall be five dollars. The fee for issuance of a motorcycle-only license shall be ten dollars. The fees for the motorcycle endorsement or motorcycle-only license shall be paid into a special fund in the state treasury known as the motorcycle safety fund as established in section seven, article one-d of this chapter.

(3) The division of motor vehicles shall mark any license which is reissued following a suspension of a person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state with the type of violation for which the original license was suspended and shall indicate the date of the violation. For purposes of this section, any conviction under the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of the prior enactment of section two, article five, chapter seventeen-c of this code which offense was committed within a period of five years immediately preceding the effective date of the present section two, article five, chapter seventeen-c of this code, shall be treated as a violation to which this section is applicable and revocations based on such convictions shall be marked on licenses which are hereafter issued.

CHAPTER 172

(S. B. 89-By Senators Hawse, Blatnik, Anderson and Minard)

[Passed February 25, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article eight, chapter sixty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to licenses; fees; general restrictions; and creating a West Virginia wine retailers license.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article eight, chapter sixty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. SALE OF WINES.

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§60-8-3. Licenses: fees: general restrictions.

- 1 (a) Except as to farm wineries as defined by section 2 five-a, article one of this chapter, no person may engage 3 in business in the capacity of a distributor, retailer or 4 private wine restaurant without first obtaining a license 5 from the commissioner, nor shall a person continue to 6 engage in any such activity after his license has expired. 7 been suspended or revoked. No person may be licensed 8 simultaneously as a distributor and a retailer, as a
- 9 distributor and a private wine restaurant, or as a
- 10 retailer and a private wine restaurant.

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- 11 (b) The commissioner shall collect an annual fee for 12 licenses issued under this article, as follows:
- 13 (1) Twenty-five hundred dollars per year for a 14 distributor's license and each separate warehouse or other facility from which a distributor sells, transfers 15 or delivers wine shall be separately licensed and there 16 17 shall be collected with respect to each such location the annual license fee of twenty-five hundred dollars as 18 19 herein provided.
- (2) One hundred fifty dollars per year for a retailer's 20 21 license.
- (3) Fifty dollars per year for a wine tasting license. 22
- 23 (4) Fifty dollars for each sales representative of or 24 employed by a licensed distributor.
- (5) Two hundred fifty dollars per year for a private wine restaurant license, and each separate restaurant from which a licensee sells wine shall be separately licensed and there shall be collected with respect to each such location the annual license fee of two hundred fifty 29 dollars as herein provided.
 - (6) Twenty-five dollars per year for a West Virginia wine retailers license, and each separate retail outlet from which a West Virginia wine retailer sells West Virginia wine shall be separately licensed and there shall be collected with respect to each such location the annual license fee of twenty-five dollars as herein provided. The holder of such a license may sell no wines

except those produced by West Virginia farm wineries as defined by section five-a, article one of this chapter. Except for the amount of the license fee and the restriction to sales of West Virginia wines, a West Virginia wine retailer is subject to all other provisions of this article which are applicable to a retailer as defined in section two of this article.

- (c) The license period shall begin on the first day of July of each year and end on the thirtieth day of June of the following year, and if granted for a less period, the same shall be computed semiannually in proportion to the remainder of the fiscal year.
- (d) No retailer may be licensed as a private club as provided by article seven of this chapter.
- (e) No retailer may be licensed as a Class A retail dealer in nonintoxicating beer as provided by article sixteen, chapter eleven of this code: *Provided*, That a delicatessen which is a grocery store as defined in section two of this article and which is licensed as a Class A retail dealer in nonintoxicating beer may be a retailer under this article: *Provided*, *however*, That any delicatessen licensed in both such capacities must maintain average monthly sales exclusive of sales of wine and nonintoxicating beer which exceed the average monthly sales of nonintoxicating beer.
- (f) A retailer under this article may also hold a wine tasting license authorizing such retailer to serve complimentary samples of wine in moderate quantities for tasting. Such retailer shall organize a winetaster's club, which has at least fifty duly elected or approved dues paying members in good standing. Such club shall meet on the retailer's premises not more than one time per week and shall either meet at a time when the premises are closed to the general public, or shall meet in a separate segregated facility on the premises to which the general public is not admitted. Attendance at tastings shall be limited to duly elected or approved dues paying members and their guests.
- (g) A retailer who has more than one place of retail business shall obtain a license for each separate retail

establishment. A retailer's license may be issued only to the proprietor or owner of a bona fide grocery store or wine specialty shop.

81 (h) The commissioner may issue a special license for 82 the retail sale of wine at any festival or fair which is 83 endorsed or sponsored by the governing body of a 84 municipality or a county commission. Such special 85 license shall be issued for a term of no longer than ten 86 consecutive days and the fee therefor shall be two 87 hundred fifty dollars regardless of the term of the 88 license unless the applicant is the manufacturer of said 89 wine on a farm winery as defined in section five-a. 90 article one of this chapter, in which event the fee shall 91 be twenty-five dollars. The application for such license 92 shall contain such information as the commissioner may 93 reasonably require and shall be submitted to the 94 commissioner at least thirty days prior to the first day 95 when wine is to be sold at such festival or fair. A farm 96 winery licensed under this subsection may exhibit. 97 conduct tastings, not to exceed a reasonable serving, and 98 may sell wine only for consumption off the premises of 99 such festival or fair. A special license issued other than 100 to a farm winery may be issued to a "wine club" as 101 defined hereinbelow. The festival or fair committee or 102 the governing body shall designate a person to organize 103 a club under a name which includes the name of the 104 festival or fair and the words "wine club". The license 105 shall be issued in the name of the wine club. A licensee 106 may not commence the sale of wine as provided for in 107 this subsection until the wine club has at least fifty dues 108 paying members who have been enrolled and to whom 109 membership cards have been issued. Thereafter, new 110 members may be enrolled and issued membership cards 111 at any time during the period for which the license is 112 issued. A wine club licensed under the provisions of this 113 subsection may sell wine only to its members, and in 114 portions not to exceed eight ounces per serving. Such sales shall take place on premises or in an area cordoned 115 116 or segregated so as to be closed to the general public, 117 and the general public shall not be admitted to such premises or area. A wine club licensee under the 118 provisions of this subsection shall be authorized to serve 119

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120 complimentary samples of wine in moderate quantities 121 for tasting.

A license issued under the provisions of this subsection and the licensee holding such license shall be subject to all other provisions of this article and the rules. regulations and orders of the commissioner relating to such special license: Provided. That the commissioner may by rule, regulation, or order provide for certain 128 waivers or exceptions with respect to such provisions, 129 rules, regulations, or orders as the circumstances of each such festival or fair may require, including, without 130 131 limitation, the right to revoke or suspend any license 132 issued pursuant to this section prior to any notice or 133 hearing notwithstanding the provisions of section twelve of this article: Provided, however. That under no 134 circumstances shall the provisions of subsection (c) or 135 (d), section twenty of this article be waived nor shall any 136 exception be granted with respect thereto. 137

A license issued under the provisions of this subsection and the licensee holding such license shall not be subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of this section.

- (i) A license to sell wine granted to a private wine restaurant under the provisions of this article entitles the operator to sell and serve wine, for consumption on the premises of the licensee, when such sale accompanies the serving of food or a meal to its members and their guests in accordance with the provisions of this article. Such licensees are authorized to keep and maintain on their premises a supply of wine in such quantities as may be appropriate for the conduct of operations thereof. Any sale of wine so made shall be subject to all restrictions set forth in section twenty of this article. A private wine restaurant may also be licensed as a Class A retail dealer in nonintoxicating beer as provided by article sixteen, chapter eleven of this code.
- (i) With respect to subsections (h) and (i) of this section, the commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code with regard to the form of the applications, the suitability of both the applicant and

- location of the licensed premises and such other legislative rules deemed necessary to carry the provisions of such subsections into effect.
- 163 (k) The commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter 164 165 twenty-nine-a of this code to allow restaurants to serve 166 West Virginia wine with meals, but not to sell the wine 167 by the bottle. Each restaurant so licensed shall be 168 charged a fee less than that charged for a wine license 169 to a retail outlet, such fees to be set forth in the 170 aforementioned rules promulgated pursuant to this 171 subsection.
- (l) The commissioner shall establish guidelines to permit West Virginia wines to be sold in state stores.
- (m) Farm wineries as defined in section one-a of this article may advertise off premises as provided in section seven, article twenty-two of chapter seventeen and in any other media, including, but not limited to, newspaper, radio, television, magazines and direct mail solicitation.

CHAPTER 173

(H. B. 2809—By Delegates Brown and Cerra)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four and six, article twenty, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the women's commission; continuation within the department of health and human resources; composition of ex officio commission members; continuation of commission; powers and duties; commission administrative personnel; power to accept funds; and annual report.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four and six, article twenty, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand

nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. WOMEN'S COMMISSION.

§29-20-1. Continuation; membership; appointment and terms of members; organization; reimbursement for expenses.

§29-20-2. Powers and duties of commission.

§29-20-3. Commission administrative personnel.

§29-20-4. Power of commission to accept funds.

§29-20-6. Annual report.

*§29-20-1. Continuation; membership; appointment and terms of members; organization; reimbursement for expenses.

1 The West Virginia commission on the status of women 2 is hereby abolished, and there is hereby continued 3 within the department of health and human resources the West Virginia women's commission, to consist of 4 eighteen members, seven of whom shall be ex officio 5 members, not entitled to vote: The attorney general, the 6 7 state superintendent of schools, the commissioner of labor, the commissioner of the bureau of human 8 resources of the department of health and human 9 10 resources, the director of the human rights commission, 11 the director of the division of personnel, and the 12 chancellor of the board of directors of the state college system. Each ex officio member may designate one 13 representative employed by his or her department to 14 meet with the commission in his or her absence. The 15 governor shall appoint the additional eleven members, 16 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from 17 among the citizens of the state. The governor shall 18 designate the chairman and vice chairman of the 19 commission and the commission may elect such other 20 officers as it deems necessary. The members shall serve 21 a term beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine 22 hundred seventy-seven, three to serve for a term of one 23 year, four to serve for a term of two years, and the 24 remaining four to serve for a term of three years. The 25 successors of the members initially appointed as 26 provided herein shall be appointed for a term of three 27 years each in the same manner as the members initially 28

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 97 (Chapter 156), which passed prior to this act.

- appointed under this article, except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term. Each member shall serve until the appointment and qualification of his or her successor.
- 35 No member may receive any salary for his or her 36 services, but each may be reimbursed for actual and 37 necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his 38 or her duties out of funds received by the commission 39 under section four of this article, except that in the event 40 the expenses are paid, or are to be paid, by a third party, 41 the members shall not be reimbursed by the 42 commission.
- Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the West Virginia women's commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.

§29-20-2. Powers and duties of commission.

- 1 It is the duty of the commission:
- 2 (a) To review and study the status of women in this state:
- 4 (b) To recommend methods of overcoming discrimina-5 tion against women in public and private employment 6 and in the exercise of their civil and political rights;
- 7 (c) To promote more effective methods for enabling 8 women to develop their skills, to continue their education and to be retrained;
- (d) To strengthen home life by directing attention to
 critical problems confronting women as wives, mothers,
 homemakers and workers;
- 13 (e) To make surveys in the fields of, but not limited 14 to, education, social services, labor laws and employ-15 ment policies, law enforcement, health, new and 16 expanded services of benefit to women, legal rights, 17 family relations and volunteer services;

- 18 (f) To secure appropriate recognition of women's accomplishments and contributions to this state;
- 20 (g) To disseminate information for the purpose of 21 educating the public as to the existence and functions 22 of the commission and as to matters of general beneficial 23 interest to women; and
- 24 (h) To advise, consult and cooperate with other offices 25 of the department of health and human resources and 26 other agencies of state government, and to receive 27 assistance therefrom, in the development of activities 28 and programs of beneficial interest to women and on 29 matters relating generally to women.

§29-20-3. Commission administrative personnel.

1 The commission may, consistent with state personnel 2 procedures and with the approval of the secretary of the 3 department of health and human resources or his or her 4 designee, appoint an executive director, who shall act as the chief administrative officer of the commission, in 5 6 addition to such other duties as he or she may be 7 assigned. The commission may also, consistent with 8 state personnel procedures and with the approval of the 9 secretary of the department of health and human 10 resources or his or her designee, appoint such other 11 personnel as may be deemed necessary to accomplish its 12 objectives. All persons so employed shall be paid from 13 funds received by the department of health and human resources or the commission under section four of this 14 15 article.

§29-20-4. Power of commission to accept funds.

The commission, or the department of health and human resources on behalf of the commission, may accept gifts, grants and bequests of funds from individuals, foundations, corporations, the federal government, governmental agencies and other organizations or institutions; make and sign any agreements and do and perform any acts that may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this article.

§29-20-6. Annual report.

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4 5 The commission shall, with the approval of the secretary of the department of health and human resources or his or her designee, submit an annual report to the Legislature and the governor, including recommendations based on its studies.

CHAPTER 174

(S. B. 187-By Senator Chafin)

[Passed March 9, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, one-a, one-b, two, five, nine and thirteen, article two, chapter twenty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section three, article five of said chapter; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-j, relating to providing workers' compensation coverage for certain corporate or associational officers, partners, and owners of sole proprietorships as employees; eliminating the restriction to only corporate employers who wish to temporarily come into the state but who choose to subscribe to the workers' compensation fund: elections to forego such coverages; exemptions to such elections for certain officers engaged in dual capacities for the employer; notices to be given to the commissioner of such elections; providing elective workers' compensation coverage for elected officials; methods of calculation of premiums for executive officers, partners, and sole owners both for for-profit entities and for not-for-profit entities; methods of calculation of premiums for elected officials; definitions; furnishing of confidential information to the division of workers' compensation by the state tax commissioner and by the division of unemployment compensation; specifying the types of information that may be so furnished; authorizing the commissioner to encourage employers to engage in loss prevention programs, programs for maintaining a safe workplace, and wellness programs; changing the types of penalties that

may be imposed upon defaulted or terminated employers; forbidding the waiver of penalties and interest on delinquent premiums and premium deposits; establishing a system and method for penalty premium rate of one hundred ten percent of base or modified premiums, whichever is higher, under certain circumstances of default and termination; providing for reinstatement agreements and conditions thereon; providing for requirements on employers entering into reinstatement agreements to abide by the conditions thereof and to maintain their accounts in good standing: clarifying that the commissioner may file a lien against an employer despite the filing of an application for reinstatement or the entering into of a reinstatement agreement; providing for requirements that employers filing applications for reinstatement keep their accounts in good standing and the consequences for failures to do so; providing for the method of determining the premium rates for subscribers to the second injury fund and the factors to be used in doing so; clarifying that the commissioner may require a premium deposit from self-insured employers: allowing the commissioner to limit the modifications of such second injury fund premiums based upon the employer's experience in using the second injury fund; making clear the intention of the Legislature regarding the respective responsibilities of the employer and the second injury fund for the payment of charges related to the last injury leading to a second injury life award; relating to the application of a rate of interest of eighteen percent upon past due premium and premium deposit; compounding of such rate of interest except for interest to be charged under a reinstatement agreement; relating to procedures before the office of chief administrative law judge with regard to certain requests for permanent total disability awards or for second injury life awards including remands to the commissioner for initial decisions, staying the protests then under consideration. continuing in effect the decision protested during the remand proceedings, and for resumption of action by the office of chief administrative law judge following the commissioner's decision on remand; removing the requirement that the appeal board make findings of fact and conclusions of law in certain cases; and making other reconciling changes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, one-a, one-b, two, five, nine and thirteen. article two, chapter twenty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section three, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-j, all to read as follows:

Article

- 2. Employers and Employees Subject to Chapter; Extraterritorial Coverage.
- 5. Review.

ARTICLE 2. EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES SUBJECT TO CHAP-TER: EXTRATERRITORIAL COVERAGE.

- Employers subject to chapter; elections not to provide certain §23-2-1. coverages; notices; filing of business registration certificates.
- §23-2-1a. Employees subject to chapter.
- Special provisions as to premiums. §23-2-1b.
- Commissioner to be furnished information by employers, state tax §23-2-2. commissioner and division of unemployment compensation; secrecy of information; examination of employers, etc.; violation a misdemeanor.
- Application; payment of premiums; payroll report; premiums; §23-2-5. deposits; delinquency; default; reinstatement; payment of benefits; notice to employees; criminal provisions; penalties.
- Election of employer to provide own system of compensation; §23-2-9. mandatory participation in second injury reserve of surplus fund and exceptions; election to provide catastrophe coverage.
- §23-2-13. Interest on past due payments; reinstatement agreements.

§23-2-1. Employers subject to chapter; elections not to provide certain coverages; notices; filing of business registration certificates.

- (a) The state of West Virginia and all governmental 1
- agencies or departments created by it, including county 2
- boards of education, political subdivisions of the state, 3
- any volunteer fire department or company and other 4
- emergency service organizations as defined by article 5
- five, chapter fifteen of this code, and all persons, firms. 6
- associations and corporations regularly employing 7

- another person or persons for the purpose of carrying on any form of industry, service or business in this state. are employers within the meaning of this chapter and are hereby required to subscribe to and pay premiums into the workers' compensation fund for the protection of their employees and shall be subject to all require-ments of this chapter and all rules and regulations prescribed by the commissioner with reference to rate. classification and premium payment: Provided, That such rates will be adjusted by the commissioner to reflect the demand on the compensation fund by the covered employer.
- 20 (b) The following employers are not required to 21 subscribe to the fund, but may elect to do so:
 - (1) Employers of employees in domestic services; or
- 23 (2) Employers of five or fewer full-time employees in agricultural service; or
 - (3) Employers of employees while said employees are employed without the state except in cases of temporary employment without the state; or
 - (4) Casual employers. An employer is deemed to be a casual employer when the number of his employees does not exceed three and the period of employment is temporary, intermittent and sporadic in nature and does not exceed ten calendar days in any calendar quarter; or
- 34 (5) Churches; or
 - (6) Employers engaged in organized professional sports activities, including employers of trainers and jockeys engaged in thoroughbred horse racing.
 - (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, whenever there are churches in a circuit which employ one individual clergyman and the payments to such clergyman from such churches constitute his full salary, such circuit or group of churches may elect to be considered a single employer for the purpose of premium payment into the workers' compensation fund.

- (d) Employers who are not required to subscribe to the workers' compensation fund may voluntarily choose to subscribe to and pay premiums into the fund for the protection of their employees and in such case shall be subject to all requirements of this chapter and all rules and regulations prescribed by the commissioner with reference to rates, classifications and premium payments and shall afford to them the protection of this chapter, including section six of this article, but the failure of such employers to choose to subscribe to and to pay premiums into the fund shall not impose any liability upon them other than such liability as would exist notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter.
- (e) Any foreign corporation employer whose employment in this state is to be for a definite or limited period which could not be considered "regularly employing" within the meaning of this section may choose to pay into the workers' compensation fund the premiums herein provided for, and at the time of making application to the commissioner, such employer shall furnish a statement under oath showing the probable length of time the employment will continue in this state, the character of the work, an estimate of the monthly payroll and any other information which may be required by the commissioner. At the time of making application such employer shall deposit with the state compensation commissioner to the credit of the workers' compensation fund the amount required by section five of this article, which amount shall be returned to the employer if his application be rejected by the commissioner. Upon notice to such employer of the acceptance of his application by the commissioner, he shall be an employer within the meaning of this chapter and subject to all of its provisions.
- (f) Any foreign corporation employer choosing to comply with the provisions of this chapter and to receive the benefits hereunder shall, at the time of making application to the commissioner, in addition to other requirements of this chapter, furnish such commissioner with a certificate from the secretary of state, where such certificate is necessary, showing that it has complied

- with all the requirements necessary to enable it legally to do business in this state and no application of such foreign corporation employer shall be accepted by the commissioner until such certificate is filed.
- 91 (g) The following employers may elect not to provide 92 coverage to certain of their employees under the 93 provisions of this chapter:
- 94 (1) Employers of employees who are officers of and 95 stockholders in a corporation qualifying for special tax 96 treatment under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue 97 Code of the United States may elect not to provide 98 coverage to such employees; or
- 99 (2) If an employer is a partnership, sole proprietor-100 ship, association, or corporation, such employer may 101 elect not to include as an "employee" within this chapter, 102 any member of such partnership, the owner of the sole 103 proprietorship, or any corporate officer or member of the board of directors of the association or corporation. 104 105 The officers of a corporation or an association shall consist of a president, a vice-president, a secretary, and 106 107 a treasurer, each of whom shall be elected by the board 108 of directors at such time and in such manner as may 109 be prescribed by the bylaws. Such other officers and 110 assistant officer as may be deemed necessary may be 111 elected or appointed by the board of directors or chosen 112 in such other manner as may be prescribed by the 113 bylaws and, if so elected, appointed, or chosen, such 114 employer may elect not to include any such officer or 115 assistant officer as an "employee" within the meaning of this chapter: Provided, That except for those persons 116 117 who are members of the board of directors or who are the corporation's or association's president, vice-presi-118 dent, secretary, and treasurer and who may be excluded 119 by reason of their aforementioned positions from the 120 benefits of this chapter even though their duties, 121 responsibilities, activities, or actions may have a dual 122 capacity of work which is ordinarily performed by an 123 officer and also of work which is ordinarily performed 124 by a worker, an administrator, or an employee who is 125 not an officer, no such other officer or assistant officer 126 who is elected or appointed shall be excluded by election 127

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- from coverage or be denied the benefits of this chapter merely because he or she is such an officer or assistant officer if, as a matter of fact:
- (A) He or she is engaged in a dual capacity of having the duties and responsibilities for work ordinarily performed by an officer and also having duties and work ordinarily performed by a worker, administrator, or employee who is not an officer;
- 136 (B) He or she is engaged ordinarily in performing the 137 duties of a worker, an administrator, or an employee 138 who is not an officer and receives pay therefor in the 139 capacity of an employee; or
- 140 (C) If he or she is engaged in an employment palpably 141 separate and distinct from his or her official duties as 142 an officer of the association or corporation.
- 143 (h) In the event of election under subsection (g) of this section, the employer shall serve upon the commissioner 144 145 written notice naming the positions not to be covered and shall not include such "employee's" remuneration 146 147 for premium purposes in all future payroll reports, and such partner, proprietor or corporate or executive 148 officer shall not be deemed an employee within the 149 meaning of this chapter after such notice has been 150 151 served.

§23-2-1a. Employees subject to chapter.

- 1 (a) Employees subject to this chapter are all persons 2 in the service of employers and employed by them for 3 the purpose of carrying on the industry, business, 4 service or work in which they are engaged, including, 5 but not limited to:
 - (1) Persons regularly employed in the state whose duties necessitate employment of a temporary or transitory nature by the same employer without the state:
 - (2) Every person in the service of the state or of any political subdivision or agency thereof, under any contract of hire, express or implied, and every appointed official or officer thereof while performing his or her official duties:

- 15 (3) Checkweighmen employed according to law;
- 16 (4) All members of rescue teams assisting in mine 17 accidents with the consent of the owner who, in such 18 case, shall be deemed the employer, or at the direction 19 of the director of the department of mines; and
- 20 (5) All forest fire fighters who, under the supervision 21 of the director of the department of natural resources 22 or his or her designated representative, assist in the 23 prevention, confinement and suppression of any forest 24 fire.
- (b) The right to receive compensation under this chapter shall not be affected by the fact that a minor is employed or is permitted to be employed in violation of the laws of this state relating to the employment of minors, or that he or she obtained his or her employment by misrepresenting his or her age.

§23-2-1b. Special provisions as to premiums.

- 1 (a) Except as provided for in subsection (b) of this 2 section, every executive officer of an association or of a 3 corporation, any member of a partnership or owner of 4 a sole proprietorship which has not elected to forego 5 coverage under this chapter for such officer, member or 6 owner shall pay premiums based upon the actual salary 7 paid to such employee up to an amount sufficient to 8 qualify such employee to receive the maximum level of benefits, but in no event shall the basis for premium be 9 less than the salary necessary to provide such employee 10 with the minimum level of benefits. 11
 - (b) Every executive officer of a not-for-profit association or of a not-for-profit corporation which has not elected to forego coverage under this chapter for such officer, member or owner shall pay premiums based upon the actual salary paid to such employee up to an amount sufficient to qualify such employee to receive the maximum level of benefits, but in no event shall the basis for premium be less than one hundred dollars.
 - (c) Every elected official or officer, whether full time

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- or part time and including members of the Legislature. whose governmental entity elects coverage under this chapter for such elected official or officer, shall pay or have paid for him or her premiums based upon the actual salary paid to such elected official or officer up to an amount sufficient to qualify such elected official or officer to receive the maximum level of benefits, but in no event shall the basis for premium be less than the salary necessary to provide such elected official or officer with the minimum level of benefits. For the purposes of this subsection, an elected official or officer shall include a person appointed to an elected position to complete a term for that elected position.
 - (d) The premium and actual expenses in connection with governmental agencies and departments of the state of West Virginia shall be paid out of the state treasury from appropriations made for such agencies and departments, in the same manner as other disbursements are made by such agencies and departments.
 - (e) County commissions, municipalities, other political subdivisions of the state, county boards of education, emergency service organizations organized as aforesaid and volunteer fire departments or companies shall provide for the funds to pay their prescribed premiums into the fund and such premiums and premiums of state agencies and departments, including county boards of education, shall be paid into the fund in the same manner as herein provided for other employers subject to this chapter.
- (f) County commissions and municipalities are hereby authorized to pay all or any part of the premiums prescribed for such emergency service organizations organized as aforesaid and such duly incorporated volunteer fire departments or companies as may provide services within the county or municipality.
- §23-2-2. Commissioner to be furnished information by employers, state tax commissioner and division of unemployment compensation; secrecy of information; examination of employers, etc.; violation a misdemeanor.

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- 1 (a) Every employer shall furnish the commissioner, 2 upon request, all information required by him or her to 3 carry out the purposes of this chapter. The commis-4 sioner, or any person employed by the commissioner for 5 that purpose, shall have the right to examine under oath 6 any employer or officer, agent or employee of any 7 employer.
- 8 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other 9 statute, specifically, but not exclusively, sections five 10 and five-b, article ten, chapter eleven of this code, and 11 section eleven, article ten, chapter twenty-one-a of this 12 code the commissioner of the bureau of employment 13 programs may receive the following information:
- 14 (1) Upon written request to the state tax commissioner: The names, addresses, places of business and 15 16 other identifying information of all businesses receiving a business franchise registration certificate and the 17 dates thereof: and the names and social security 18 19 numbers or other tax identification numbers of the businesses and of the businesses' workers and em-20 ployees, if otherwise collected, and the quarterly and 21 annual gross wages or other compensation paid to the 22 23 workers and employees of such businesses reported 24 pursuant to the requirement of withholding of tax on income. 25
 - (2) Upon written application to the division of unemployment compensation: In addition to the information that may be released to the division of workers' compensation for the purposes of this chapter under the provisions of chapter twenty-one-a of this code, the names, addresses and other identifying information of all employing units filing reports and information pursuant to section eleven, article ten, chapter twenty-one-a of this code as well as information contained in those reports regarding the number and names, addresses, and social security numbers of employees employed and the gross quarterly wages paid by each employing unit to each identified employee.
- 39 (c) All information acquired by the division of 40 workers' compensation pursuant to subsection (b) of this

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section shall be used only for auditing premium 41 payments and registering businesses under the single 42 43 point of registration program as defined in section two. 44 article one, chapter eleven of this code. The division of 45 workers' compensation, upon receiving the business 46 franchise registration certificate information made 47 available pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, shall contact all businesses receiving a business franchise 48 49 registration certificate and provide all necessary forms 50 to register the business under the provisions of this 51 article. Any officer or employee of this state who uses the aforementioned information in any manner other 52 53 than the one stated herein or elsewhere authorized in 54 this code, or who divulges or makes known in any manner any of the aforementioned information shall be 55 56 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or 57 58 imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one year, 59 or both, together with cost of prosecution.

- (d) Reasonable costs of compilation and production of any information made available pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall be charged to the division of workers' compensation.
- 64 (e) Information acquired by the commissioner pursu-65 ant to subsection (b) of this section shall not be subject 66 to disclosure under the provisions of chapter twenty-67 nine-b of this code.
- §23-2-5. Application; payment of premiums; payroll report; premiums; deposits; delinquency; default; reinstatement; payment of benefits; notice to employees; criminal provisions; penalties.
 - (a) For the purpose of creating a workers' compensa-1 tion fund, each employer who is required to subscribe to 2 the fund or who elects to subscribe to the fund shall pay 3 premiums calculated as a percentage of the employer's 4 payroll at the rate determined by the commissioner and 5 then in effect. At the time each employer subscribes to 6 the fund, the application required by the commissioner 7 shall be filed and a premium deposit equal to the first 8

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- quarter's estimated premium payment shall be remitted.

 The minimum quarterly premium to be paid by any employers shall be ten dollars.
- 12 (1) Thereafter, premiums shall be paid quarterly on 13 or before the last day of the month following the end 14 of the quarter, and shall be the prescribed percentage 15 of the total earnings of all employees during the 16 preceding quarter.
 - (2) At the time each premium is paid, every subscribing employer shall make a payroll report to the commissioner for the preceding quarter. The report shall be on the form or forms prescribed by the commissioner, and shall contain all information required by the commissioner.
- 23 (3) After subscribing to the fund, each employer shall 24 remit with each payroll report and premium payment, 25 an amount calculated to be sufficient to maintain a 26 premium deposit equal to the previous quarter's 27 premium payment: Provided, That the commissioner 28 may reduce the amount of the premium deposit required 29 from seasonal employers for those quarters during which employment is significantly reduced. The pre-30 31 mium deposit shall be credited to the employer's account 32 on the books of the commissioner and used to pay premiums and any other sums due the fund when an 33 34 employer becomes delinquent.
 - (4) All premiums and premium deposits required to be paid by this chapter shall be paid by the employers to the workers' compensation commissioner, who shall maintain record of all sums so received. On and after the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, any such sum mailed to the commissioner shall be deemed to be received on the date the envelope transmitting it is postmarked by the United States postal service. All sums received by the commissioner shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the workers' compensation fund in the manner now prescribed by law.
 - (5) The commissioner may encourage employer efforts to create and maintain safe workplaces, to encourage

- loss prevention programs, and to encourage employer provided wellness programs, through the normal operation of the experience rating formula, seminars and other public presentations, the development of model safety programs and other initiatives as may be determined by the commissioner.
 - (b) Failure of an employer to timely pay premium, to timely file a payroll report, or to maintain an adequate premium deposit, shall cause the employer's account to become delinquent. No employer will be declared delinquent or be assessed any penalty therefor if the commissioner determines that such delinquency has been caused by delays in the administration of the fund. The commissioner shall, in writing, within sixty days of the end of each quarter notify all delinquent employers of their failure to timely pay premiums, to timely file a payroll report, or to maintain an adequate premium deposit. The notification shall demand the filing of the delinquent payroll report and payment of delinquent premiums, and/or payment of an amount sufficient to maintain the premium deposit, before the end of the third month following the end of the preceding quarter. The notification shall also require payment of interest on the delinquent premium payment and/or premium deposit pursuant to section thirteen of this article.
 - (c) Whenever the commissioner notifies an employer of the delinquent status of his or her account, the notification shall explain the legal consequence of subsequent default by employers required to subscribe to the fund, and the effects of termination of any electing employer's account.
 - (d) Failure by the employer, who is required to subscribe to the fund and who fails to resolve his or her delinquency within the prescribed period, shall place the account in default and shall deprive such defaulting employer of the benefits and protection afforded by this chapter, including section six of this article, and he or she shall be liable as provided in section eight of this article. The defaulting employer's liability under section eight of this article shall be retroactive to twelve o'clock p.m., of the last day of the month following the end of

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the quarter for which the delinquency occurs. The commissioner shall notify the defaulting employer of the method by which the employer may be reinstated with the fund. The commissioner shall also notify the employees of such employer by written notice as hereinafter provided for in this section.

- (e) Failure by any employer, who voluntarily elects to subscribe, to resolve his or her delinquency within the prescribed period shall automatically terminate the election of such employer to pay into the workers' compensation fund and shall deprive such delinquent employer of the benefits and protection afforded by this chapter, including section six of this article, and he or she shall be liable as provided in section eight of this article. The defaulting employer's liability under section eight of this article shall be retroactive to twelve o'clock p.m., of the last day of the month following the end of the quarter for which the delinquency occurs.
- (f) (1) Except as provided for in subdivision (3) of this 108 subsection, any employer who is required to subscribe 109 110 to the fund and who is in default on the effective date 111 of this section or who subsequently defaults, and any 112 employer who has elected to subscribe to the fund and 113 whose account is terminated prior to the effective date 114 of this section or whose account is subsequently termi-115 nated, shall be restored immediately to the benefits and protection of this chapter only upon the filing of all 116 delinquent payroll and other reports required by the 117 commissioner and payment into the fund of all unpaid 118 premiums, an adequate premium deposit, and accrued 119 interest. Interest shall be calculated as provided for by 120 section thirteen of this article. In addition, for every 121 defaulted or terminated employer whose default or 122 termination lasts longer than two quarters or who has 123 defaulted or been terminated for more than two 124 quarters out of the preceding eight consecutive quarters, 125 then upon any such employer's restoration to the 126 benefits and protection of this chapter, for the next eight 127 quarters, including the quarter in which such restora-128 tion occurs, the employer shall pay premiums to the 129 commissioner at a penalty rate. The applicable penalty 130

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premium rate shall be determined by first calculating the employer's premium under the provisions of section four of this article, but including any applicable experience modification, and then multiplying that premium by one hundred ten percent.

The commissioner shall not have the authority to waive either accrued interest or the imposition of the penalty premium rate. Any employer whose default or termination does not last longer than two quarters or who has not defaulted in more than two quarters out of the preceding eight consecutive quarters shall not have a penalty premium rate imposed. The provisions of section seventeen of this article apply to any action or decision of the commissioner under this section. For purposes of section four of this article, the extra ten percent of premium constituting the penalty shall not be used in determining any entitlement to experience modification of the employer's premium rate for future years.

(2) The commissioner shall have the authority to restore a defaulted or terminated employer under a reinstatement agreement. Such reinstatement agreement shall require the payment in full of all premiums, premium deposits, past accrued interest, and future interest calculated pursuant to the provisions of section thirteen of this article. The reinstatement agreement shall not permit any modification or waiver of the penalty premium rate provided for in subdivision (1) of this subsection. Notwithstanding the filing of a reinstatement application or the entering into of a reinstatement agreement, the commissioner is authorized to file a lien against the employer as provided for by section five-a of this article. Applications for reinstatement shall: (A) Be made upon forms prescribed by the commissioner: (B) include a report of the gross payroll of the employer during the entire period of delinquency and default, which payroll information shall be verified by the employer or its authorized agent; and (C) include a payment equal to one half of one percent of the gross payroll during the period of delinquency and default but not to exceed the amount of the entire liability due and

owing for the period of delinquency and default, or one hundred dollars, whichever amount shall be greater. An employer who applies for reinstatement shall be entitled to the benefits and protection of this chapter on the day the application is received by the commissioner: Provided. That if the commissioner reinstates an employer subject to the terms of a repayment agree-ment, the subsequent failure of the employer to make scheduled payments or to pay accrued or future interest in accordance with the repayment agreement or to timely file current premiums or to otherwise maintain its account in good standing or, if the repayment agreement does not require earlier restoration of the premium deposit, to restore the premium deposit to the required amount by the end of the repayment period shall cause the repayment agreement to be null, void and of no effect, and the employer shall be denied the benefits and protection of this chapter effective from the date that such employer's account originally became delinguent.

- (3) Any employer who fails to maintain his or her account in good standing with regard to subsequent premiums and premium deposits prior to the final resolution of an application for reinstatement as provided for in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall cause the reinstatement application to be null, void and of no effect, and the employer shall be denied the benefits and protection of this chapter effective from the date that such employer's account originally became delinquent. The commissioner may then make and continue with any of the collection efforts provided for by section five-a of this article even if the employer files another reinstatement application.
- (g) No employee of an employer required by this chapter to subscribe to the workers' compensation fund shall be denied benefits provided by this chapter because the employer failed to subscribe or because the employer's account is either delinquent or in default.
- (h) (1) The provisions of this section shall not deprive any individual of any cause of action which has accrued as a result of an injury or death which occurred during

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- any period of delinquency not resolved in accordance with the provisions of this article, or subsequent failure to comply with the terms of the repayment agreement.
 - (2) Upon withdrawal from the fund or termination of election of any employer, he or she shall be refunded the balance due him or her of his or her deposit, after deducting all amounts owed by him or her to the workers' compensation fund, and the commissioner shall notify the employees of such employer of said termination in such manner as he or she may deem best and sufficient.
 - (3) Notice to employees in this section provided for shall be given by posting written notice that the employer is delinquent under the compensation law of West Virginia, and in the case of employers required by this chapter to subscribe and pay premiums to the fund, that the delinquent employer is liable to his or her employees for injury or death, both in workers' compensation benefits and in damages at common law or by statute; and in the case of employers not required by this chapter to subscribe and pay premiums to the fund, but voluntarily electing to do so as herein provided, that neither the employer nor the employees of such employer are protected by said laws as to any injury or death sustained after the date specified in said notice. Such notice shall be in the form prescribed by the commissioner and shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the chief works of the employer, as the same appear in records of the commissioner. If said chief works of the employer cannot be found or identified, then said notices shall be posted at the front door of the courthouse of the county in which said chief works are located. according to the records in the commissioner's office. Any person who shall, prior to the reinstatement of said employer, as hereinbefore provided for, or prior to sixty days after the posting of said notice, whichever shall first occur, remove, deface, or render illegible said notice, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not to exceed five hundred dollars, and said notice shall state this provision upon its face. The commissioner may require

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254 any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable or other official of 255 the state of West Virginia, who may be authorized to 256 serve civil process, to post such notice and to make return thereof of the fact of such posting to the 257 commissioner, and any failure of such officer to post any 258 259 notice within ten days after he or she shall have received the same from the commissioner, without just cause or 260 261 excuse, shall constitute a willful failure or refusal to 262 perform a duty required of him or her by law within the meaning of section twenty-eight, article five, chapter 263 264 sixty-one of this code. Any person actually injured by reason of such failure shall have an action against said 265 266 official, and upon any official bond he or she may have given, for such damages as such person may actually 267 have incurred, but not to exceed, in the case of any 268 269 surety upon said bond, the amount of the penalty of said bond. Any official posting said notice as herein required 270 271 shall be entitled to the same fee as is now or may hereafter be provided for the service of process in suits 272 273 instituted in courts of record in the state of West 274 Virginia, which fee shall be paid by the commissioner out of any funds at his or her disposal, but shall be 275 276 charged by him or her against the account of the employer to whose delinquency such notice relates. 277

§23-2-9. Election of employer to provide own system of compensation; mandatory participation in second injury reserve of surplus fund and exceptions; election to provide catastrophe coverage.

(a) (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this chapter, employers subject to this chapter who are of sufficient financial responsibility to ensure the payment of compensation to injured employees and the dependents of fatally injured employees, whether in the form of pecuniary compensation or medical attention, funeral expenses or otherwise as herein provided, of the value at least equal to the compensation provided in this chapter, or employers of such financial responsibility who maintain their own benefit funds, or system of compensation to which their employees are not required or permitted to contribute, or such employers as shall

- furnish bond or other security to ensure such payments. may, upon a finding of such facts by the commissioner. elect to pay individually and directly, or from such benefit funds, department or association, such compen-sation and expenses to injured employees or fatally injured employees' dependents. The commissioner shall require security or bond from such employer, to be approved by the commissioner, and of such amount as is by the commissioner considered adequate and sufficient to compel or secure to such employees, or their dependents, payment of the compensation and expenses herein provided for, which shall in no event be less than the compensation paid or furnished out of the state workers' compensation fund in similar cases to injured employees or the dependents of fatally injured em-ployees whose employers contribute to such fund.
 - (2) Any employer electing under this section to ensure payment of compensation to injured employees and the dependents of fatally injured employees shall on or before the last day of the first month of each quarter, for the preceding quarter, file with the commissioner a sworn statement of the total earnings of all the employer's employees subject to this chapter for such preceding quarter, and shall pay into the workers' compensation fund as self-insurance premium contributions:
 - (A) A sum sufficient to pay the employer's proper proportion of the expenses of the administration of this chapter;
 - (B) A sum sufficient to pay the employer's proper portion of the expenses for claims for those employers who are delinquent in the payment of premiums;
 - (C) A sum sufficient to pay the employer's fair portion of the expenses of the disabled workers' relief fund, as may be determined by the commissioner; and
 - (D) A sum sufficient to maintain as an advance deposit an amount equal to the previous quarter's payment of each of the foregoing three factors.
 - (3) The commissioner shall make and promulgate legislative rules in accordance with chapter twenty-

nine-a of this code governing the mode and manner of making application, and the nature and extent of the proof required to justify the finding of facts by the commissioner, to consider and pass upon such election by employers subject to this chapter, which rules shall be general in their application.

- (4) Any employer whose record upon the books of the commissioner shows a liability against the workers' compensation fund incurred on account of injury to or death of any of the employer's employees, in excess of premiums paid by such employer, shall not be granted the right, individually and directly or from such benefit funds, department or association, to compensate the employer's injured employees and the dependents of the employer's fatally injured employees until the employer has paid into the workers' compensation fund the amount of such excess of liability over premiums paid, including the employer's proper proportion of the liability incurred on account of explosions, catastrophes or second injuries as defined in section one, article three of this chapter, occurring within the state and charged against such fund.
- (b) (1) Subject to any limitations set forth herein, all employers who have heretofore elected, or shall hereafter elect, to pay compensation and expenses directly as provided in subsection (a) of this section, shall, unless they be permitted under the provisions of this subsection hereinafter set forth to give the second injury security or bond hereinafter provided for, pay into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund referred to in section one, article three of this chapter, upon the basis set forth herein, such payments to be made at the same time as provided in this section for the payment of proportion of expenses of administration.
- (2) To determine the contribution for second injury coverage for self-insured employers, the commissioner shall first establish, based upon actuarial advice, the projected funding cost for incurred losses for the second injury reserve of the surplus fund for the prospective year for each industrial group or class, so that industrial groups or classes with significantly different experience

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93 in use of the second injury reserve shall pay their proper 94 share based upon the record of that industrial group or 95 class: Provided, That the commissioner shall establish 96 industrial groups or classes as permitted by section four 97 of this article but need not establish the same number 98 of industrial groups or classes as the number established 99 for purposes of section four of this article. The commis-100 sioner shall establish a rate for each industrial group or 101 class based upon the total expected second injury fund 102 base rate premium for that industrial group or class and 103 shall further modify such rate for individual employers 104 based upon the ratio of the individual employer's record of actual second injury awards to the average cost of 105 106 second injury awards for all employers in that industrial 107 group or class. The commissioner may limit such 108 modifications. Actual second injury awards shall mean 109 awards made under this chapter on and after the first 110 day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, 111 as reflected on the books of the commissioner for a period not to exceed three years ending the thirty-first 112 113 day of December of the year preceding the year in which the rate is to be effective: Provided, however, That any 114 115 employer whose record for such period cannot be obtained shall be given a rate based upon the employer's 116 record for any part of such period as may be deemed 117 just and equitable by the commissioner: Provided 118 further, That for the period from the first day of 119 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, through 120 the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 121 ninety-two, inclusive, the commissioner shall consider 122 second injury premium based on a percentage of the 123 hase rates assigned to each industrial group or class. 124

(3) In case there be a second injury, as defined in section one, article three of this chapter, to an employee of any employer making such second injury reserve payments, the employer shall be liable to pay compensation or expenses arising from or necessitated by the second injury, and such compensation and expenses shall be charged against such employer: *Provided*, That in addition to such compensation and expenses, and after the completion of the payments therefor, the employee shall be paid the remainder of the compensa-

- tion and expenses that would be due for permanent total
- 136 disability from the second injury reserve of the surplus
- 137 fund. Such additional compensation and expenses shall
- 138 be paid from the second injury reserve of the surplus
- 139 fund in the same manner and to the same extent as in
- 140 the case of premium-paying subscribers and such
- 141 additional compensation and expenses shall not be
- 142 charged against such employer.
- 143 (4) (A) Any employer who has heretofore elected to 144 pay compensation and expenses directly under the 145 provisions of subsection (a) of this section, and who:
- 146 (i) Elected prior to the first day of January, one 147 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, not to make pay-148 ments into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund; 149 and
- (ii) Continuously without interruption, from the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, to the effective date of this section, elected not to make payments into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund, may elect to continue not to make payments into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund.
- 156 (B) Any employer who has heretofore elected to pay 157 compensation and expenses directly under the provi-158 sions of subsection (a) of this section, and who:
- 159 (i) Was making payments into the second injury 160 reserve of the surplus fund on the first day of January, 161 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; and
- 162 (ii) Elected not to make such payments during 163 calendar year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; 164 and
- 165 (iii) Has not thereafter, to the effective date of this 166 section, recommenced making such payments, shall 167 elect one of the two following options:
- (I) Begin payments into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund as of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, in which event such employer shall not thereafter be permitted to elect not to make such payments; or

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- 173 (II) Elect to continue not making such payments in 174 which event the commissioner shall examine the 175 employer's record with regard to the second injury 176 reserve of the surplus fund upon the books of the 177 commissioner and if such record shows a liability 178 against the surplus fund incurred on account of injury 179 to any of the employer's employees, in excess of 180 premiums paid by such employer to the second injury reserve of the surplus fund, then such employer shall 181 182 pay to the commissioner the present value of that 183 liability.
 - (C) Any employer who is permitted by paragraphs (A) and (B) of this subdivision not to make payments into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund shall, in addition to bond or security required by subsection (a) of this section, furnish second injury security or bond. approved by the commissioner, in such amount and form as the commissioner shall consider adequate and sufficient to compel or secure payment of all compensation and expenses arising from, or necessitated by, any second injury that is or remains to be paid by the employer: Provided, That any second injury security or bond given by any such employer pursuant to rules promulgated by the commissioner and with the approval of the commissioner prior to the effective date of this section shall remain valid upon the effective date of this section until such time thereafter as the commissioner notifies such employer to the contrary.
 - (D) Any employer permitted by paragraphs (A) and (B) of this subdivision not to make payments into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund who on or after the effective date of this section elects to make payments into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund shall not thereafter be permitted to elect not to make such payments.
 - (5) Except as provided in paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivision (4) of this subsection, all other employers who have heretofore elected or who henceforth elect to pay compensation and expenses directly under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall pay into the second injury reserve of the surplus fund such

amounts as are determined by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this section: Provided, That all such other employers who, as of the date immediately preceding the effective date of this section, have been permitted by the commissioner not to make such payments are not required to commence making such payments until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

- (c) (1) All employers who have heretofore elected, or shall hereafter elect, to pay compensation and expenses directly as provided in subsection (a) of this section shall, unless they give the catastrophe security or bond hereinafter provided for, pay into the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund referred to in section one, article three of this chapter, upon the same basis and in the same percentages, subject to the limitations herein set forth, as funds are set aside for the maintenance of the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund out of payments made by premium-paying subscribers, such payments to be made at the same time as hereinbefore provided with respect to payment of proportion of expenses of administration.
- (2) In case there be a catastrophe, as defined in section one, article three of this chapter, to the employees of any employer making such payments, the employer shall not be liable to pay compensation or expenses arising from or necessitated by the catastrophe, and such compensation and expenses shall not be charged against such employer, but such compensation and expenses shall be paid from the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund in the same manner and to the same extent as in the case of premium-paying subscribers.
- (3) If an employer elects to make payments into the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund as aforesaid, then the bond or other security required by this section shall be of such amount as the commissioner considers adequate and sufficient to compel or secure to the employees or their dependents payments of compensation and expenses, except any compensation and expenses that may arise from, or be necessitated by, any catastrophe as defined in section one, article three of this

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chapter, which last are secured by and shall be paid from the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund as hereinbefore provided.

- (4) If any employer elects not to make payments into the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund, as hereinbefore provided, then, in addition to bond or security in the amount hereinbefore set forth, such employer shall furnish catastrophe security or bond, approved by the commissioner, in such additional amount as the commissioner shall consider adequate and sufficient to compel or secure payment of all compensation and expenses arising from, or necessitated by, any catastrophe that might thereafter ensue.
- (5) All employers hereafter making application to carry their own risk under the provisions of this subsection shall, with such application, make a written statement as to whether such employer elects to make payments as aforesaid into the catastrophe reserve of the surplus fund or not to make such payments and to give catastrophe security or bond hereinbefore in such case provided for.
- (d) In any case under the provisions of this section that shall require the payment of compensation or benefits by an employer in periodical payments, and the nature of the case makes it possible to compute the present value of all future payments, the commissioner may, in his or her discretion, at any time compute and permit or require to be paid into the workers' compensation fund an amount equal to the present value of all unpaid compensation for which liability exists, in trust; and thereupon such employer shall be discharged from any further liability upon such award, and payment of the same shall be assumed by the workers' compensation fund.
- (e) Any employer subject to this chapter who shall elect to carry the employer's own risk and who has complied with the requirements of this section and the rules of the commissioner shall not be liable to respond in damages at common law or by statute for the injury or death of any employee, however occurring, after such

election and during the period that the employer is allowed by the commissioner to carry the employer's own risk.

§23-2-13. Interest on past due payments; reinstatement agreements.

1 Payments unpaid on the date on which due and payable, as prescribed by the commissioner, shall 2 immediately begin bearing interest at the rate of 3 eighteen percent per annum. This same rate of interest 4 shall be applicable to all reinstatement agreements 5 6 entered into by the commissioner pursuant to section five of this article on and after the effective date of this 7 section. Interest shall be compounded quarterly until 8 payment plus accrued interest is received by the 9 commissioner: Provided. That on and after the date of 10 execution of a reinstatement agreement, for determin-11 ing future interest on any past due premium, premium 12 deposit, and past compounded interest thereon, any 13 14 reinstatement agreement entered into by the commis-15 sioner shall provide for a simple rate of interest for the future interest. Interest collected pursuant to this 16 section shall be paid into the workers' compensation 17 fund: Provided, however, That in no event shall the rate 18 of interest charged a political subdivision of the state or 19 a volunteer fire department pursuant to this section 20 21 exceed ten percent per annum.

ARTICLE 5. REVIEW.

- §23-5-1j. Requests for permanent total disability awards and second injury life awards following objections to decisions by the commissioner; remands to the commissioner; development of the record.
- §23-5-3. Appeal to board; procedure; remand and supplemental hearing.
- §23-5-1j. Requests for permanent total disability awards and second injury life awards following objections to decisions by the commissioner; remands to the commissioner; development of the record.
 - 1 (a) If, following an objection to any decision of the 2 commissioner, any party to a claim pending before the 3 office of judges requests that a claimant be awarded a

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permanent total disability award or a second injury life 5 award or if the administrative law judge on his or her own motion believes that the record is incomplete on the issue of whether a claimant should be issued a permanent total disability award or a second injury life award. then the administrative law judge shall enter an order remanding the claim to the commissioner. An order directing that a claim be remanded shall be interlocutory in nature and shall not be appealable under section three of this article to the appeals board created pursuant to section two of this article. Upon remand, the commissioner may exercise the authority granted to him or her by this chapter to determine whether or not the claimant is entitled to a permanent total disability award or a second injury life award. The commissioner shall act upon any matter remanded to him or her pursuant to this section in a speedy and timely manner and in no event longer than one hundred twenty days. Following the commissioner's decision, any party to the claim may file an objection to the decision pursuant to the other provisions of this article.

(b) During the pendency of the remand proceedings before the commissioner, the original decision from which the objection was taken shall remain in effect and action on the protest held in abeyance pending the commissioner's action on the remand order. Upon the entry of a decision on the issue of whether a permanent total disability award or a second injury life award is to be made, the claim shall be returned to the office of judges for such further proceedings as may be required on that first objection. If a further objection is made pursuant to subsection (a) of this section to the commissioner's decision on the issue of whether a permanent total disability award or a second injury life award is to be made, then such proceedings on such objection shall be made part of the proceedings on the first objection.

§23-5-3. Appeal to board; procedure; remand and supplemental hearing.

Any employer, employee, claimant or dependent, who 1 shall feel aggrieved at any final action of the commis-2

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3 sioner or administrative law judge taken after a hearing 4 held in accordance with the provisions of section one or 5 section one-h of this article, shall have the right to appeal to the board created in section two of this article 6 7 for a review of such action. The commissioner shall 8 likewise have the right to appeal to the appeal board any 9 final action taken in a proceeding in which he or she 10 is a party. The aggrieved party shall file a written notice 11 of appeal with the compensation commissioner or, after 12 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-13 one, with the office of judges directed to such board. 14 within thirty days after receipt of notice of the action 15 complained of, or in any event, regardless of notice, within sixty days after the date of the action complained 16 of, and unless the notice of appeal is filed within the 17 18 time specified, no such appeal shall be allowed, such 19 time limitation being hereby declared to be a condition 20 of the right to such appeal and hence jurisdictional; and 21 the commissioner or the office of judges shall notify the 22 other parties immediately upon the filing of a notice of 23 appeal. The commissioner or the office of judges shall 24 forthwith make up a transcript of the proceedings before the commissioner or the office of judges and 25 26 certify and transmit the same to the board. Such certificate shall incorporate a brief recital of the 27 28 proceedings therein had and recite each order entered and the date thereof. 29

The board shall review the action of the commissioner or administrative law judge complained of at its next meeting after the filing of notice of appeal, provided such notice of appeal shall have been filed thirty days before such meeting of the board, unless such review be postponed by agreement of parties or by the board for good cause. The board shall set a time and place for the hearing of arguments on each claim and shall notify the interested parties thereof, and briefs may be filed by the interested parties in accordance with the rules of procedure prescribed by the board. And thereupon, after a review of the case, the board shall sustain the finding of the commissioner or administrative law judge, in which case it need not make findings of fact or conclusions of law, or enter such order or make such

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award as the commissioner or administrative law judge should have made, stating in writing its reasons therefor, and shall thereupon certify the same to the commissioner, or chief administrative law judge, who shall proceed in accordance therewith. Or, instead of affirming or reversing the commissioner or administrative law judge as aforesaid, the board may, upon motion of either party or upon its own motion, for good cause shown, to be set forth in the order of the board, remand the case to the commissioner or chief administrative law judge for the taking of such new, additional or further evidence as in the opinion of the board may be necessary for a full and complete development of the facts of the case. In the event the board shall remand the case to the commissioner or chief administrative law judge for the taking of further evidence therein, the commissioner or administrative law judge shall proceed to take such new, additional or further evidence in accordance with any instruction given by the board, and shall take the same within thirty days after receipt of the order remanding the case, giving to the interested parties at least ten days' written notice of such supplemental hearing, unless the taking of evidence shall be postponed by agreement of parties, or by the commissioner or administrative law judge for good cause. After the completion of such supplemental hearing, the commissioner or administrative law judge shall, within sixty days, render his or her decision affirming, reversing or modifying the former action of the commissioner or administrative law judge, which decision shall be appealable to, and proceeded with by the appeal board in like manner as in the first instance. The board may remand any case as often as in its opinion is necessary for a full development and just decision of the case. The board may take evidence or consider ex parte statements furnished in support of any motion to remand the case to the commissioner or chief administrative law judge. All evidence taken by or filed with the board shall become a part of the record. All appeals from the action of the commissioner or administrative law judge shall be decided by the board at the same session at which they are heard, unless good cause for delay

87 thereof be shown and entered of record. In all proceed-

88 ings before the board, any party may be represented by

89 counsel.

CHAPTER 175

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 559—By Senator Heck)

[Passed March 8, 1991; in effect July 1, 1991. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections seven and eight, chapter twenty-six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (municipal charters), as amended by chapter one hundred twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three; by chapter one hundred thirty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two; by chapter one hundred forty-eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventyfour; and as last amended and reenacted by chapter one hundred ninety-four, acts of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, all relating to the greater Huntington park and recreation district: financing and financial powers; law enforcement; and severing the relationship of the village of Barboursville from the district.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seven and eight, chapter twenty-six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five (municipal charters), as amended by chapter one hundred twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three, by chapter one hundred thirty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, by chapter one hundred forty-eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, and as last amended and reenacted by chapter one hundred ninety-four, acts of the

Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

GREATER HUNTINGTON PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT.

- §7. Financing and financial powers.
- §8. Law enforcement.

§7. Financing and financial powers.

- 1 The park district shall have the following powers to:
- 2 (1) Make charges to the public for services offered or goods sold by the park district.
- 4 (a) Charges for services may be in the forms of, but not limited to: Admission and entrance fees; exclusive use and rental fees; user fees; license and permit fees; equipment rental; program maintenance fees; instructor fees; special accommodation fees; amusement fees; restricted membership fees; and cemetery service fees.
- 10 (b) Charges for goods sold may be in the forms of, but 11 not limited to: Beverages and foods; novelties and gifts; 12 clothing; athletic equipment and supplies; cemetery 13 plots, crypts, monuments, memorials, markers, vaults 14 and any other forms of merchandise sold in connection 15 with the burial of the dead; and other items that may 16 pertain to the operation and maintenance of the park 17 district.
- 18 (2) Annually levy on each one hundred dollars of the 19 assessed valuation of the property taxable in said park 20 district, within the corporate boundaries of the city of 21 Huntington according to the last assessment thereof for 22 state and county purposes, as follows:

23 On Class I property, one and one-half cents; on Class II property, three cents; on Class IV property, six cents. 24 25 The park district may levy a lesser amount, in which 26 case the above levies shall be reduced proportionately. These levies shall be made at the time and in the 27 manner provided by article eight, chapter eleven of the 28 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred 29 thirty-one, as amended; except that the levies shall be 30 included in the maximum rates for the city of Hunting-31 32 ton as established by law.

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33 After the park district has made the levy, it shall 34 certify to the finance director of the city of Huntington 35 the amount of said levy, and the finance director shall 36 thereupon extend the levy upon the tax tickets, and all 37 levies made by the park district shall be collected by the 38 finance director who shall occupy a fiduciary relation-39 ship with the park district, and then such levy funds 40 shall be paid to the park district upon written order of 41 the park district signed by the president of the park 42 district and countersigned by the secretary of the park 43 district.

Levies for support, maintenance and operation.

- 45 (3) In order to ensure adequate support for the 46 maintenance and operation of the park district the following governing authorities shall, upon written 47 48 request by the park district levy annually as follows 49 within the respective taxing districts of the governing authorities, on each one hundred dollars of assessed 50 valuation of the property taxable in the area served by 51 it according to the last assessment for state and county 52 purposes, amounts not exceeding the following amounts 53 54 for fiscal year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three: 55
- 56 (a) The county commission of Cabell County, for the 57 first year of the act and annually thereafter: Class I, .433 58 cents; Class II, .866 cents; Class III and Class IV, 1.73 59 cents.
 - (b) The county commission of Wayne County, for the first year of the act and annually thereafter: Class I, .0066 cents; Class II, .0132 cents; Class III and Class IV, .0266 cents.
- 64 (c) The board of education of the county of Cabell shall 65 provide funds available to the board through special and 66 excess levies for the first year of the act and annually 67 thereafter: Class I, .433 cents; Class II, .866 cents; Class 68 III and Class IV, 1.73 cents.
- (d) The city of Huntington, for the first year of the act and annually thereafter: Class I, one and three-tenths cents; Class II, two and six-tenths cents; Class III

72 and IV, five and two-tenths cents.

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73 (e) The town of Milton, for the first year of the act 74 and annually thereafter: Class I, one and three-tenths 75 cents; Class II, two and six-tenths cents; Class III and 76 IV, five and two-tenths cents.

77 In addition to the aforesaid amounts which, upon 78 written request by said board, the governing authorities 79 shall levy, each such governing authority may support 80 the park district with any other general or special 81 revenues or excess levies. All income realized by the 82 operation of the park district from any sources other 83 than the above levies shall be used by the board of 84 directors for support of the park district.

All money collected or appropriated by the foregoing governing authorities for park district purposes shall be deposited in a special account of the park district and shall be disbursed by that board for the purpose of operating such park district.

- (4) Assess the cost of improvements to or construction of streets, sidewalks, sewers, curbs, alleys, public ways or easements, or portions thereof, upon the abutting property owners whose property lies within the park district. Such assessments shall require approval of a majority of the commissioners present and voting, and shall be commenced and conducted in such manner as is prescribed by article eighteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
- (5) The municipalities of Huntington, Milton and the 100 counties of Cabell and Wayne are hereby empowered, 101 and authorized to issue, in the manner prescribed by 102 law, revenue bonds or general obligation bonds, for the 103 purpose of raising funds to establish, construct, improve, 104 extend, develop, maintain or operate, a system of public 105 parks and recreational facilities for the city or counties, 106 or to refund any bonds of the city or counties, the 107 proceeds of which were expended in the establishing, 108 constructing, improving, extending, developing, main-109 taining or operating of such public park and recreation 110 system or any part thereof. Any bonds issued for any 111

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of the purposes stated in this section shall contain in the title or subtitle thereto the words "public park and recreation bonds", in order to identify the same, and shall be of such form, denomination and maturity and shall bear such rate of interest as shall be fixed by ordinance of the governing body of the city or counties. The governing body may provide for the issuance of bonds for other lawful purposes of the city or counties in the same ordinance in which provision shall be made for the issuance of bonds under the provisions of this section. The park district shall pay all of the costs and expenses of any election which shall be held to authorize the issuance of public park and recreation bonds only. The costs and expenses of holding an election to authorize the issuance of public park and recreation bonds and bonds for other city or county purposes shall be paid by the park district and the city or counties respectively, in the proportion that the public park and recreation bonds bear to the total amount of bonds authorized.

Whenever the governing body of the city or counties and the requisite majority of the legal votes cast at the election thereon shall authorize in the manner prescribed by law, the issuance of bonds for the purpose of establishing, constructing, improving, extending, developing, maintaining or operating, or any combination of the foregoing, a system of public parks and recreational facilities for the city or counties, or for refunding any outstanding bonds, the proceeds of which were applied to any of said purposes, said bonds shall be issued and delivered to the park district to be by it sold in the manner prescribed by law, and the proceeds thereof shall be paid into the treasury of the park district, and the same shall be applied and utilized by the park district for the purposes prescribed by the ordinance authorizing the issuance of such bonds. In any ordinance for the issuance of bonds for such purposes, it shall be a sufficient statement of the purposes for creating the debt to specify that the same is for the purpose of establishing, constructing, improving, extending, developing, maintaining or operating, or any combination of the foregoing, a public park and recreation system for

- the city or counties, without specifying the particular establishment, construction, improvement, extension, development, maintenance or operation contemplated; but an ordinance for refunding bonds shall designate the issue and the number of bonds which it is proposed to refund.
- 160 (6) Sue and be sued; make contracts and guarantees; 161 incur liabilities; borrow or lend money for any time 162 period deemed advisable by the commission, sell, 163 mortgage, lease, exchange, transfer or otherwise dispose 164 of its property; or pledge its property as collateral or 165 security for any time period deemed advisable by the 166 commission.
- 167 (7) Create trusts of such kind as will expedite the 168 efficient management of the property and other assets 169 owned or controlled by the park district. The trustee. 170 whether individual or corporate, in any such trust shall 171 have a fiduciary relationship with the park district and 172 may be removed by the park district for good cause 173 shown or for a breach of the fiduciary relationship with 174 the park district.

§8. Law enforcement.

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- (a) The park district is authorized and empowered to employ as many park rangers as the park district shall deem proper and necessary. Park rangers shall have the power to make arrest for violations of ordinances promulgated by the park district upon the property under the jurisdiction of the park district. Park rangers may not carry a gun without obtaining a license therefor as required by law.
- (b) Police officers employed by the city of Huntington, 9 town of Milton, members of the West Virginia division 10 of public safety and sheriff's deputies in Cabell and 11 12 Wayne counties are hereby authorized and empowered 13 to make arrests for violations of ordinances promulgated by the park district upon property within the park 14 district which is under the jurisdiction of the park 15 district; and all of the foregoing officers of the law, 16 except members of the Huntington police department, 17 are hereby authorized and empowered to make arrests 18

- 19 for violations of ordinances promulgated by the park 20 district upon property under the jurisdiction of the park 21 district which is outside of the park district.
 - (c) For violations of park district ordinances, jurisdiction of all warrants relating thereto to be issued is hereby granted to such courts as have criminal jurisdiction of misdemeanors committed upon property which is owned or controlled by the park district.

CHAPTER 176

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2207—By Delegate Pettit)

[Passed February 25, 1991; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT directing the commissioner of highways to issue a permit to certain users of two highways in the city of Weirton and allowing the increasing of gross weight limitations on certain roads in the city of Weirton, West Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

SIZE. WEIGHT AND LOAD LIMITATIONS ON CERTAIN ROADS IN WEIRTON. WEST VIRGINIA.

- §1. Authority of the commissioner of the division of highways to increase weight limitations upon highways within the city of Weirton, West Virginia.
 - If the commissioner of the division of highways 1 determines that the design, construction and safety of 2 the highways within the city of Weirton, West Virginia, 3 may be increased without undue damage, the commis-4 sioner may increase them. The commissioner shall then 5 set new gross weight limitations applicable to said 6 highways or portions thereof. 7

The commissioner may not establish any weight limitation in excess of or in conflict with any weight limitation prescribed by or pursuant to acts of Congress with respect to the national system of interstate and

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defense highways. 12

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If the commissioner determines that the portion of 14 . State Route 2 located in the city of Weirton in the counties of Hancock and Brooke, named "Main Street" and that portion of U.S. Route 22 within the city of Weirton in the county of Brooke named "Freedom Way" are designed and constructed to allow the gross weight limitation to be increased to one hundred thousand pounds without undue damage, the commissioner may increase the weight limitations from eighty thousand pounds to one hundred thousand pounds on those sections of State Route 2 and U.S. Route 22 described above: Provided, That any person, organization or corporation exceeding eighty thousand pounds gross weight limitation while using these routes shall first obtain a permit from the commissioner before proceeding and shall provide the commissioner with a bond sufficient to cover any potential undue damage which may result from the use: Provided, however, That prior to issuance of that permit, if it is the determination of the commissioner that the road is in need of repaying. those persons, organizations or corporations shall be assessed the cost of repaying: Provided further, That the commissioner also determines that the increased limitation is not barred by an act of the United States Congress and the commissioner has received approval from the United States department of transportation to increase the weight limitation.

CHAPTER 177

(S. B. 149-By Senators Blatnik and Chernenko)

[Passed February 22, 1991; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT authorizing the creation of conditional zoning for the city of Wheeling.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

URBAN AND RURAL ZONING - ZONING DISTRICTS.

§1. Zoning districts - Wheeling.

The city of Wheeling is hereby empowered to create conditional zoning areas with rules that provide that an area shall be used only for a designated purpose in a specific location or building, subject to the condition of reverting to the prior zoning classification if the approved use is ceased in that location or building.

RESOLUTIONS

(Only resolutions of general interest are included herein.)

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 12

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate P. White)
[Adopted March 9, 1991]

Requesting the Joint Committee on Government and Finance in cooperation with the Statewide AHEC Steering Committee to continue the study of the expansion and development of area health education centers (AHEC).

Whereas, West Virginia remains a medically underserved state; and

Whereas, AHECs establish a link between university health science centers and remote communities for the clinical training of medical and health science students; and

WHEREAS, Students trained in rural areas are more likely to return to these areas after graduation; and

WHEREAS, A Carnegie Commission study in 1970 recommended the regionalization of medical education through the development of area health education centers in West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, West Virginia University was one of the first eleven AHEC projects funded in 1972 under P.L. 92-157; and

WHEREAS, West Virginia University has established the Central AHEC office at the Charleston division to coordinate AHEC activities in West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, The Central AHEC office has created a Statewide AHEC Steering Committee to advise on matters relating to the development of a Statewide AHEC system in West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, The West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine, the Marshall University School of Medicine and the West Virginia University School of Medicine are all working together to coordinate AHEC activities in order to provide better health care to the citizens of West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, The Carnegie Commission study of higher education in West Virginia recommended the regionalization of medical education: therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance in cooperation with the Statewide AHEC Steering Committee is hereby requested to continue to study the expansion, development and coordination of AHECs in West Virginia; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is requested to report its findings, conclusions and recommendations together with drafts of any legislation necessary to effectuate its recommendations by January 1, 1992; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct this study, to prepare a report and to draft necessary legislation be paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 27

(By Delegates Flanigan, Moore and Stewart)

[Adopted March 9, 1991]

Requesting the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to make a study of the problem of access to the State Capitol for people with physical disabilities to determine ways to improve access to the Capitol for all citizens.

WHEREAS, Many disabled West Virginians have reported difficulties in obtaining access to the State Capitol, its offices, restrooms and meeting rooms; and

WHEREAS, Many of these people were disabled as a result of defending this country in times of war; and

WHEREAS, Access to the Capitol should be available to all citizens of this State; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virgiinia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is

hereby requested to review, examine and study the problem of access to the State Capitol for people with physical disabilities to determine ways in which access for all citizens may be improved; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is requested to report to the regular session of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, on its findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of any legislation necessary to effectuate its recommendations; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is requested to pay, from legislative appropriations, any expenses necessary to conduct this study, to prepare a report and to draft necessary legislation.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 28

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)

[Adopted February 13, 1991]

Raising a Joint Assembly to hear an address by the Honorable Robert C. Byrd, Senator of the Congress of the United States.

WHEREAS, The Honorable Robert C. Byrd has accepted an invitation to address a Joint Assembly of the House of Delegates and State Senate; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Senate and House of Delegates raise a Joint Assembly at 12:00 o'clock meridian on February 14, 1991, in the Hall of the House of Delegates, for the express purpose of hearing an address by Senator Byrd.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 32

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate P. White)

[Adopted March 9, 1991]

Urging the U. S. Congress to enact a national health plan providing access to health care for all Americans.

WHEREAS, Almost 37 million Americans under sixty-five have no health insurance; and

WHEREAS, The United States spends more than eleven percent of its gross national product on health care, a higher percentage than any other nation; and

WHEREAS, Approximately 350,000—one in five—West Virginians have no health insurance; and

WHEREAS, Nearly 100,000 West Virginia children have no health insurance; and

WHEREAS, Ten hospitals and five primary care providers have closed in West Virginia in the last five years, largely because government reimbursements did not equal the cost of providing service; and

WHEREAS, Rising health care costs are the leading cause of personal and small business bankruptcies in America; and

WHEREAS, The rising costs of health care have contributed to the problems of the Public Employees Insurance Agency and the failure of Blue Cross-Blue Shield of West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, State government—including the Medicaid program and the Workers' Compensation Fund—have experienced the harsh impact of skyrocketing health care costs; and

WHEREAS, Health care is a basic human right; and

WHEREAS, The United States and South Africa are the only two industrialized countries in the world that have failed to enact a national health policy that guarantees all citizens access to basic health care; and

WHEREAS, A comprehensive national health policy is needed to address the health care crisis; and

WHEREAS, Federal leadership is required to enact a national health plan; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Congress is encouraged to address the critical state of our health care system and to enact a national plan designed to guarantee universal access to health care for all citizens.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 13

(By Senators Jones, Heck, Chafin and Blatnik)

[Adopted February 14, 1991]

Commending the lifetime of service to the State and recognizing the contributions to the people of the State by the Honorable Robert C. Byrd, United States Senator.

Whereas, United States Senator Robert C. Byrd's story is a classic American saga of success and achievement starting with his mastery of the early lessons of life as a miner's son in the depths of the Great Depression of the 1930's; and

WHEREAS, One of the most successful careers in American politics commenced with his service to the people of West Virginia as a distinguished member of the West Virginia House of Delegates and the West Virginia Senate; and

WHEREAS, After three successful terms in the United States House of Representatives, Robert C. Byrd was elected in 1958 to the United States Senate where he daily continues to add to his records: Serving longer in the Senate than any other West Virginian and casting more votes than anyone who has ever served in the Senate from any state in the union; and

Whereas, The quality of Robert C. Byrd's service is equally record setting, having been chosen by his colleagues in the United States Senate to serve in more leadership positions than any other senator in Senate history including minority leader for six years, majority leader for six years and currently president pro tempore of the Senate, placing him third in line of succession to the presidency of the United States of America; and

WHEREAS, Since 1989 Robert C. Byrd has also served as chairman of the powerful appropriations committee in the U. S. Senate which has enabled Senator Byrd to do even more to help the people of our State and nation; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the State of West Virginia declares that Senator Robert C. Byrd is not only our most valuable resource but also the greatest statesman in the history of West Virginia; and, be it Further Resolved, That henceforth the State of West Virginia will officially recognize November 20, the birthdate of Senator Robert C. Byrd, as Senator Robert C. Byrd Day; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the governor, the president of the Senate and speaker of the House of Delegates invite U.S. Senator Robert C. Byrd to attend a joint session of the West Virginia Legislature called for the specific purpose of presenting this resolution to him.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 19

(By Senators Dittmar, Craigo, Chernenko, Boley, Burdette, Mr. President, Claypole, Blatnik, Withers, Wiedebusch, Tomblin, Brackenrich, Sharpe and J. Manchin)

[Adopted February 23, 1991]

Urging resolution of the labor-management crisis at Ravenswood Aluminum Corporation at Ravenswood, West Virginia.

WHEREAS, Due to the encouraging signs of the beginning of an economic upturn in West Virginia which promises benefits for all West Virginians; and

WHEREAS, Due to the need for creating a better labor-management image in West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, Due to West Virginia's need to keep present jobs while creating conditions to encourage the development of more jobs; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Ravenswood Aluminum Corporation and the United Steelworkers of America are hereby urged to meet and with renewed effort on the part of each party to resolve through good faith bargaining to end the labor-management dispute now existing; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate forward a copy of this resolution to Ravenswood Aluminum Corporation and to the United Steelworkers of America, Local Union 5668.

HOUSE RESOLUTION 9

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers) (Originating in House Rules)

[Adopted January 16, 1991]

Creating a Select Committee on Redistricting.

Resolved by the House of Delegates:

That for the life of the 70th Legislature, and under authority of House Rule 90, there is hereby created a Select Committee on Redistricting of the House of Delegates, consisting of not more than seventeen members to be appointed by the Speaker. Notwithstanding the provisions of any rule to the contrary, this committee shall have jurisdiction of legislative proposals to divide the State into senatorial districts, to apportion delegate representation in the House of Delegates, to divide the State into districts for the election of representatives to the Congress, and related matters; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the rules and practices of the House of Delegates governing standing committees shall govern the actions and proceedings of this committee insofar as applicable.

HOUSE RESOLUTION 18

(By Delegate Meadows)

[Adopted February 23, 1991]

Urging the President to support civil rights initiatives to help minorities and women in this country reach their full potential.

WHEREAS, There is a disproportionate number of blacks and other minorities servicing our nation in the Persian Gulf. Although they are serving with pride and dedication, their presence in such numbers is confusing to many here at home; and

WHEREAS, President Bush should do more for the rights of blacks and other minorities. While asking minorities to fight for freedom in a far-off distant land, it should also include the President fighting for freedom here at home; and

WHEREAS, President Bush vetoed the Civil Rights Act of 1990; and

Whereas, Congressional findings specified that a "series of recent decisions addressing employment discrimination under federal law, the Supreme Court cut back drastically on the scope and effectiveness of civil rights protections" which are needed now for minority people; and

WHEREAS, "Existing protections and remedies under federal law are not adequate to deter unlawful discrimination or to compensate victims of such discrimination"; and

WHEREAS, While we support the war effort in the Gulf, it should not be an excuse for ignoring the rights of minority people here at home; therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Delegates:

That the President and members of Congress examine civil rights and take action to end the institutional racism that still occurs; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the House of Delegates forward copies of this resolution to the President, the six members of Congress from West Virginia and to the NAACP of West Virginia.

HOUSE RESOLUTION 21

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, Delegates P. White, S. Cook, Houvouras, Rowe, Williams, Rollins, Mezzatesta and Ashcraft)

[Adopted March 6, 1991]

Recognizing and commending the three medical schools for collaborative efforts in the development of foundation support for rural primary care centers.

WHEREAS, Much has been written and discussed recently about the cooperation and alleged lack of cooperation among the three Medical Schools of the State University System, the University of West Virginia School of Medicine, the Marshall University School of Medicine and the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine; and

WHEREAS, Officials at the three medical schools along with

the Deans of Nursing at West Virginia University and Marshall University and the Deans of Dentistry and Pharmacy at West Virginia University have put in many long hours to develop a six million dollar (\$6,000,000) proposal to the W. K. Kellogg Foundation to change health professions education in West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, These health professions leaders have worked tirelessly together with faculty members from the three schools and with the legislators and community members to identify rural primary care centers that can be transformed into Rural Academic Centers for Education, Research, and Service for the Kellogg Project; and

WHEREAS, Faculty and students of all three medical schools will work with clinicians and nonprofessional community members to identify rural health problems and work together to solve these problems; therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Delegates:

That the three medical schools should be recognized and commended for their efforts to work together and to collaborate in the development of the Kellogg Grant that would benefit the people of West Virginia; and, be it

Further Resolved, That copies of this Resolution be forwarded to the deans and presidents of the three medical schools.

SENATE RESOLUTION 8

(By Senators M. Manchin, Tomblin, Spears, Hawse, Claypole, Brackenrich, Felton, Humphreys, Boley, Heck, Anderson, Minard, Bailey, J. Manchin, Pritt, Wagner, Withers, Helmick, Dittmar, Whitlow, Jones and Dalton)

[Adopted January 30, 1991]

Requesting the government of the United States of America release all information obtained from intelligence sources, actual sightings and refugee reports pertaining to West Virginia's soldiers still classified as Prisoners of War (P.O.W.) or Missing in Action (M.I.A.) who still remain unaccounted for from serving in World War II, the Korean Conflict and the Vietnam Conflict.

WHEREAS, West Virginia answered the call of this great country during times of crisis; and

WHEREAS, West Virginia has given this country the supreme sacrifice by sending her sons and daughters forth to defend this great nation; and

WHEREAS, The families of those West Virginians who never returned from serving their country during World War II, the Korean Conflict and the Vietnam Conflict need information concerning their loved ones who were lost or killed in the service of their country; and

WHEREAS, The United States government has a duty and obligation to inform the soldiers' families of the fate of their loved ones; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate:

That the United States government release this information so that those who have lost a family member can finally rest in knowing the fate of their loved one; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the United States Congress, the West Virginia congressional delegation and the families of those West Virginian soldiers who remain prisoners of war or missing in action.

SENATE RESOLUTION 13

(By Senators Heck, Chafin, Wagner, Jones, Dalton and Tomblin)

[Adopted February 6, 1991]

Commemorating the death of Rueben G. Kirk, III, of Fort Gay, Wayne County, West Virginia, the first West Virginian to die in Operation Desert Shield.

WHEREAS, Rueben G. Kirk, III, age nineteen, was killed when his U.S. Army truck was hit by a civilian tractor-trailer on a highway to Kuwait in northern Saudi Arabia, according to Kirk's father, Rueben Kirk, Jr.; and

WHEREAS, Kirk was stationed in Saudi Arabia with the 1st Mechanized Infantry Division, also known as "The Big Red One", and had been in the gulf region since January 13, 1991. Prior to that time, Kirk had been in the Army for about one year; and

WHEREAS, The younger Kirk, nicknamed "Skipper", was a graduate of Tolsia High School and is survived by wife Cindy of Fort Gay, father Rueben, mother Connie, brother Bobby, sister Teresa and a grandmother, all of Dunlow, West Virginia; and

Whereas, Kirk had wanted to join the military since he was thirteen, according to his father, and was sent to Saudi Arabia along with approximately two thousand two hundred West Virginia reservists and National Guard units stationed in Saudi Arabia and with many hundreds of other West Virginians in the regular armed forces; and

Whereas, The passing of Rueben G. Kirk, III, should not go unnoticed; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate:

That regret is hereby expressed by the members at the passing of Rueben G. Kirk, III, one of West Virginia's finest young men, who has given his life for his country and his state, but above all, shall not have died in vain; and, be it

Further Resolved. That the Clerk is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to his wife Cindy and to the immediate family members of Rueben G. Kirk, III.

ENROLLED SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 4

(By Senators Dittmar and Craigo)

[Adopted March 7, 1991]

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia, amending sections one and eight, article ten thereof, relating to taxation and finance and increasing the maximum rates, authorized to be fixed, by the different levying bodies upon all classes of property, and the percentage of votes necessary for such increase to become effective; and bonded indebtedness of counties, cities, school districts and municipal corporations and the

percentage of votes necessary for the passage of a bond issue; numbering and designating such proposed amendment; and providing a summarized statement of the purpose of such proposed amendment.

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia, two thirds of the members elected to each house agreeing thereto:

That the question of ratification or rejection of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia be submitted to the voters of the State at the next general election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, which proposed amendment is that sections one and eight, article ten thereof be amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE X. TAXATION AND FINANCE.

§1. Taxation and finance.

Subject to the exceptions in this section contained, taxation shall be equal and uniform throughout the State, and all property, both real and personal, shall be taxed in proportion to its value to be ascertained as directed by law. No one species of property from which a tax may be collected shall be taxed higher than any other species of property of equal value; except that the aggregate of taxes assessed in any one year upon personal property employed exclusively in agriculture, including horticulture and grazing, products of agriculture as above defined, including livestock, while owned by the producer, and money, notes, bonds, bills and accounts receivable, stocks and other similar intangible personal property shall not exceed fifty cents on each one hundred dollars of value thereon and upon all property owned, used and occupied by the owner thereof exclusively for residential purposes and upon farms occupied and cultivated by their owners or bona fide tenants, one dollar; and upon all other property situated outside of municipalities, one dollar and fifty cents; and upon all other property situated within municipalities, two dollars; and the Legislature shall further provide by general law for increasing the maximum rates, authorized to be fixed, by the different levying bodies upon all classes of property, by submitting the question to the voters of the taxing units affected, but no increase shall be effective unless at least a majority of the qualified voters shall favor such increase, and such increase shall not continue for a longer period than three years at any one time, and shall never exceed by more than fifty percent the maximum rate herein provided and prescribed by law; and the revenue derived from this source shall be apportioned by the Legislature among the levying units of the State in proportion to the levy laid in said units upon real and other personal property; but property used for educational, literary, scientific, religious or charitable purposes, all cemeteries, public property, the personal property, including livestock, employed exclusively in agriculture as above defined and the products of agriculture as so defined while owned by the producers may by law be exempted from taxation; household goods to the value of two hundred dollars shall be exempted from taxation. The Legislature shall have authority to tax privileges, franchises, and incomes of persons and corporations and to classify and graduate the tax on all incomes according to the amount thereof and to exempt from taxation incomes below a minimum to be fixed from time to time, and such revenues as may be derived from such tax may be appropriated as the Legislature may provide. After the vear nineteen hundred thirty-three, the rate of the State tax upon property shall not exceed one cent upon the hundred dollars valuation, except to pay the principal and interest of bonded indebtedness of the State now existing.

§8. Bonded indebtedness of counties, etc.

No county, city, school district or municipal corporation, except in cases where such corporations have already authorized their bonds to be issued, shall hereafter be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose to an amount including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property therein to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness: nor without, at the same time, providing for the collection of a direct annual tax on all taxable property therein in the ratio as between the several classes or types of such taxable property specified in section one of this article separate and apart from and in addition to all other taxes for all other purposes sufficient to pay annually the interest on such debt and the principal thereof within, and not exceeding, thirtyfour years. Such tax in an amount sufficient to pay the interest and principal on bonds issued by any school district not

exceeding in the aggregate three per centum of such assessed value may be levied outside the limits fixed by section one of this article: *Provided*, That no debt shall be contracted under this section unless all questions connected with the same shall have been first submitted to a vote of the people and is approved by a majority of all the votes cast for and against the same.

Resolved further, That in accordance with the provisions of article eleven, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, such proposed amendment is hereby numbered "Amendment No. 1" designated as the "Local Government Levy and Bond Issue Amendment" and the purpose of the proposed amendment is summarized as follows: "To amend the State Constitution to reduce from sixty percent to a simple majority the vote required to increase the property tax levy rate and to reduce from three fifths to a simple majority the vote required for passage of the bond issue by counties, cities, school districts or municipal corporations."

LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

ACTS

FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SESSION, 1991

CHAPTER 1

(H. B. 101—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 17, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring between items of the existing appropriations of the department of public safety, division of public safety, account no. 5700; as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill, and by chapters one and three, acts of the Legislature, third extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriation of account no. 5700, chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and chapters one and three, acts of the Legislature, third extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, be supplemented, amended and transferred to read as follows:

- 1 TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
- 2 Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
- 3 Sec. 2. Appropriations of federal funds.
- 4 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

1684	Appropriations [Ch. 1
5	77—Division of Public Safety
6	(WV Code Chapter 15)
7	Acct. No. 5700
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Federal Federal Revenue Funds Funds Funds Funds Fiscal Year 1990-91
19	5 Total \$ 774,223 \$24,018,471
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement, amend and transfer certain moneys between items of the existing appropriation for the designated spending unit. The amounts as itemized for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one shall be made available for expenditure upon the effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 2

(H. B. 102—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 17, 1991; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring between items of the existing appropriations of the department of public safety, division of public safety—inspection fees, account no. 8350, as appropriated by chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill, and as amended by chapter four, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriation of account no. 8350, chapter ten, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, known as the budget bill, and as amended by chapter four, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, be supplemented, amended, reduced and transferred to read as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.						
2	Sec. 5. Appropriations from other funds.						
3	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY						
4 5	151—Division of Public Safety— Inspection Fees						
6	(WV Code Chapter 15)						
7	Acct. No. 8350						
8	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND						
9 10 11 12 13 14		ar 1 000 160					
15 16	4 Equipment	0—					
17	5 Unclassified 123,0	J70					
18	6 Total \$ - \$ 743,3	186					
	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation l						

DISPOSITION OF BILLS ENACTED

The first column gives the number of the bill and the second column gives the chapter assigned to it.

Regular Session, 1991 HOUSE BILLS

ill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
2040	13	2349	107	2674	100
2076	160	2359	125	2677	53
2085	73	2362	58	2688	33
2103	39	2377	117		111
2124	60	2461	76	2726	23
2131	52	2467	50	2763	31
2139	70	2462	89	2727	24
2141	75	2472	55	2764	119
2144	154	2473	136	2765	131
2146	157	2478	126	2789	98
2194	78	2484	127	2792	30
2205	98	2492	1	2793	14
2207	176	2494	129	2801	9
2210	3	2508	140	2809	173
2212	147	2509	69	2822	84
2213	158	2512	51	2824	110
2223	149	2541	139	2834	170
2225	151	2544	35	2837	
2226	120	2548		2842	7
2228	153	2582	83	2864	10
2232	148	2583	9	2869	10
2235	150		104	2873	2
2243	152		118	2897	2
2251	101	2615	115	2901	
2252	74	2616	80	2906	10
2257	88	2625	112	2908	
2267	37	2627	2	2929	7
2293		2628		2953	9
2297		2632		2951	
2305)	114	2979	13
		2656	97		

SENATE BILLS

Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
29	20	180	59	446	64
30	122		174	453	29
32	144	204	116	454	
33	143	304	41	468	
68	121	310	166		137
69	169	312	63	478	44
71	145	316	162	508	
85	12	322	40	512	
87	5	323	38	522	48
88	77		168	523	66
89	172	329	103	527	163
90	108	351	43	535	93
93	161	354	46		175
97	156	369	142	569	47
100	155	381	7	578	
101	11		128	579	159
104	82	383	138	581	87
108	18	384	86	584	22
115	4	391	81	592	165
118	71	393		616	92
120	146	408	57	618	15
129	105	409	124	620	26
132	16	412	62	622	135
135	123	413	49	624	130
143	91	416		625	25
149		420			68
150	8	429	133	631	45
173		443	171	632	167
178	61			637	99

First Extraordinary Session, 1991 HOUSE BILLS

Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
101	1	102	2

		-	:
-			

INDEX REGULAR SESSION, 1991 FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SESSION, 1991

ABAN	DONED M	IINE LA	ND:		Ch.	Page
Abando	ned Land I	Reclamatio	on Fund			_
Land	eligible for	r reclamat	ion	***************************************	1	5
Objec	ctives			·····	1	3
					1	2
	tive finding Pollution	gs		***************************************	1	2
		ite			1	6
2001110	cares to aba				•	U
ACTS.	AMENDE	D:				
Acts	Sess.	Ch.	Sec.			Page
1925	Reg.	26	7, 8	Greater Huntington Park an	ď	•
	Ü		•	Recreation District, financ		
				financial powers, law enfor		
				and severing relationship of		
				village of Barboursville fro		1661
				district		1001
ADMI	NISTRAT	ION:			Ch.	Page
See FIN	NANCE A	ND ADM	INISTRAT	TION.		
ATOMET	NITEMED A TE	IVE DDA	CEDURES	3.		
			CEDURES);		
	ency legisla	itive rules				
	ndment				2	9
	ney Genera		***************************************		_	•
Dis	sapproval h	nv			2	12
					2	13
Effec	tive date				2	8
Legis	slative Rule	-Making I	Review Com	mittee		_
				***************************************	2	9
		dation follo	owing		2	9
	ulgation				2	7
	etary of Sta				-	•
				***************************************	2	10
					2	11
_						
	CULTURE	:				
Apiary						
Apia						
	andoned				10	109
Be						
	Imported					
		ion of com	missioner		10	110
]					10	110
	Candy for	r mailing (cages		10	111
]	Poisoning				10	111
	Certain p	oesticides p	prohibited		10	107
]	kegistratio	n	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		10	110
	Candy fo	r mailing			10	111
En	trv	. maining			10	107
Ide	entification				10	107
Ins	pections				10	108
Qu	arantines				10	108

	Ch.	Page
AGRICULTURE(continued):		
Apiary Law—(continued):		
Commissioner of Agriculture		105
Apiary education	10	107
Governmental agencies Cooperation with	10	107
Powers and duties	10	106
Definitions	10	104-106
Enacted	10	104
Pesticides		
Injurious to bees		
Application of certain, prohibited	10	111
Severability of provisions	10	113
Violations	10	111
Civil	10	112
Criminal	10	112
Commercial Feed Law		
Adulteration	9	98
Prohibited acts	9	101
Commissioner of Agriculture		
Fees and penalties	9	90
Collection	9	91
Powers and duties	9	89-91
Condemnation and confiscation	9	99
Definitions	9	86-89
Embargoes	9	99
Injunctions	9	100
Labeling requirements	9	94-97
Misbranding	9	99
Prohibited acts	9	101
Penalties		
Civil	9	102
Criminal	9	102
Permits and registration	9	91-93
Nontransferability	9	91
Refusal	9	93
Hearings and appeals	9 9	94 93
Suspension, revocation	9	97
Tonnage reports	9	97.98
Prohibited acts	9	101
Trade secrets		
Confidentiality	9	100,101
Violations		
Damages		
Recovery	9	103
Prosecuting attorneys		
Duties	9	103
Dairy products/imitation dairy products	_	
Adulteration	7	46
Commissioner of Agriculture	-	200
Cooperation with other entities	7 7	39 39
Fees collected by	7	39
Disposition	7	39
Payment Powers and duties	7	50
Powers and duties Definitions	7	40
* 1 1	ż	45
Labeling	7	47
Permits Distributor's	7	44

	Ch.	Page
AGRICULTURE—(continued):		
Dairy products/imitation dairy products—(continued):		
Permits—(continued):		
Distributor's—(continued):	-	
Nontransferable	7	44
Posting	7	44
Suspension, revocation, denial	7	53
Hearings and appeals	7	54
Prohibited acts	7	47
Purpose	7	40
Sampling and testing	_	
Approved	7	49
Laboratories	7	50
Trade secrets	-	50
Confidentiality	7	57
Violations		55
Civil penalties	7	
Criminal penalties	,	55
Livestock Dealers Licensing Act		
Bond	e	17
Applicant to furnish	6 6	18
Complaints	6	18
Investigations	-	19
Order of commissioner	6	
Definitions	6	16
Licenses	c	19
Refusal to issue	6	19
Revocation or suspension	6	19
Violations		
Penalties Civil	6	21
Criminal	6	21
	U	21
Meat inspection Continuation of program	3	14
Milk, bulk	•	
Bulk Milk Trade Law		
Commissioner of Agriculture		
Cooperation with other entities	7	39
Fees collected by	7`	39
Disposition	7	39
Payment	7	39
Powers and duties	7	32
Definitions	7	24
Milk		
Purchase		
Permit for	7	26
Suspension, revocation, denial	7	35
Test, weigh, measure, sample		
Adulteration	7	30
Prohibited acts	7	31
Determination	7	29
Licenses	7	28
Methods acceptable	7	29
Proficiency examinations	7	27
Basis	7	27
Certificates	7	26
Issuance	7	27
Posting	7	27
Suspension revocation denial	7	35

INDEX

	Ch.	Page
AGRICULURE—(continued):		
Milk, bulk—(continued):		
Bulk Milk Trade Law—(continued):		
Permits		
Issuance	7	27
Posting	7	27
Suspension, revocation, denial	7	35
Hearing and appeal	7	36
Prohibited acts	7	31
Purpose	7	23
Trade secrets		
Confidentiality	7	39
Violations		
Civil penalties	7	37
Criminal penalties	7	37
Pesticides		
Interagency Committee on Pesticides		
Repeal of article	120	1229
Plant pests, insects and noxious weeds		
Article governing		
Enforcement by commissioner	8	82
Powers and duties	8	83
Violations		
Penalties		
Civil	8	84
Criminal	8	83
Prosecuting attorneys		
Duties	8	85
Definitions	8	79-82
Sale, transport, etc.		
Permit required	8	83
Trade secrets		
Confidentiality	8	85
Poultry		
Disposal of dead	5	15
Tree fruit industry		
Self-improvement assessment		
Program continued	4	14
41 001101 10 1 10110 n		
ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR:		
Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner Administrators, employees, agents	118	1183
Audit	118	1198
	118	1198
Oath and bond	118	1183
Responsibility	118	1198
Salary increase	110	1190
Sale of liquor		
Licenses Revocation	118	1199
Wholesale prices	118	1198
	110	1130
Licenses to private clubs		
Alcoholic liquor, nonintoxicating beer Sale authorized	118	1201
	110	1201
Licensee Unlawful acts	118	1202
Unlawful acts	118	1203
Criminal penalties	118	1203
Revocation or suspension	118	1203
Hearing	118	1204
Hearing	110	1200

47.0070170170170170170170170170170170170170	Ch.	Page
ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR—(continued):		
Specific acts forbidden	118	1200
Indictment	118	1201
Sale		
Distributors and suppliers		
Bond	118	1209
Labels		
Registration	118	1208
Liter tax	118	1207
Refund or credit	118	1207
Records	118	1208
Inspection	118	1208
Revenue		
Disposition	118	1208
ANIMALS:		
Cruelty to animals	36	460
Animal fighting		
Prohibited	36	463
Hearing	36	460
Liability for costs	36	461
Penalties	36	462
Reporting	36	461
Humane officers	0.0	450
Duty	36	459
Interference with Penalty	36	460
1 Charty	80	400
APIARY LAW:		
See AGRICULTURE.		
4 DDD - DD - DD - DD - DD - DD - DD - D		
APPROPRIATIONS:		
Budget Bill	10	110
Annual Budget Bill, Fiscal Year 1992	13	117
Index to, by accounts	13	122
Supplemental	11	114
Division of Highways, Acct. No. 6700	12	114
Division of Motor Venicles, Acct, No. 0710	12	110
BANKS AND BANKING:		
Banking institutions		
Bank shares		
Acquisition	14	213
Branch banks		
Authorization	14	208
Establishment procedure	14	209
Trust powers	14	205
Deposits in trust	14	207
Limitation on liability	14	208
Unimpaired capital		
Certificate showing	14	207
Filing required	14	207
Incorporation of state banks		
Requirements and procedure	14	204

	Ch.	Page
BONDS:		
Municipal Bond Commission		
Bonds		201
Escrowing bond issues	15	221
Notification by issuer of sale Officer and employee	15 15	222 218
Collection, deposit and accounting funds	15	222
Withdrawal	15	223
Costs and expenses	15	218
Employees	15	217
Fees for services	15	218
Deposit in separate account	15	219
Investments in securities		
Permissible	15	220
Purchase, sale or exchange		
Limitations and prohibitions	15	220,221
Legal advisor		
Attorney General	15	218
Levy		
Funds raised by		
Authorizing transfer, investment	15	225
Statement to political subdivisions	15	224
Meetings	15	218
Officers	15	217
Chief Administrative	15	217
Compensation and expenses	15	218
Paying agents		
Substitute	15	224
Powers and duties	15	219
BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS: Repeal of article	30	444
BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS:		
Alcohol Beverage Control Commission		
Employees		
Termination of employment	10	050
Reemployment preference	16	357
Attorney General		
Legal services	10	00.4
Written opinions, advice	16	234
Bureau defined	16	288
Business Registration Tax		
Certificate of registration	16	244
Display	16	
Reciprocal exchange of information	16	245
Collection	16	944
Injunction	10	244
Child Advocate Office		
Unemployment compensation	16	950
Obtaining support from	10	352
Workers' Compensation	16	354
Obtaining support from	10	334
Child Support Agencies	16	900
Disclosure of information to	16	308
2 1 137 - James Decremononingis Fund	16	000
4 1 . I - Industrian	16	335
Established	16	334
1 - 1	10	000
Jommissioner Appointment	16	289

	Ch.	Page
BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS—(continued):		
Commissioner—(continued):		
Assistants and employees Appointment	16	292
Dismissals, terminations, layoffs, suspensions	16	293
Compensation	16	289
Compensation Programs Advisory Board	16	315
Deputies	16	293
Duties	16	311
Federal-State cooperation	16	293-296
Group insurance programs		
Acceptance	16	300
Continuation following retirement	16	300
Inaugurating	16	299
Payroll deductions	16	300
Information by Tax Commissioner	16	291
Confidentiality	16	292
Violation	16	292
Powers and duties	16	290,291
Report, annual	16	314
Term of office	16	289
Traveling expenses	16	290
Veteran's Training Program	16	296
Work Incentive Program	16	29€
Corporation Net Income Tax		
Manufacturing		
Certain tax credit	16	246
Corporations		
Business and Nonprofit		
Dissolution, withdrawal, consolidation,		
merger, expiration		
Tax certificate prerequisite	16	334
County Airport Authorities		
Full-time employees	10	240
Public employee designation	16	240
Workers' compensation, insurance coverage	16	240
County Solid Waste Authorities		
Workers' Compensation	16	239
Employees covered	16	288
Created	16	267-288
Definitions	10	201-200
Disabled Workers' Relief Fund		
Benefits	16	332
Computation	16	333
Mode of payment	16	332
To whom paid	16	333
Employers own system	16	334
Funding	20	
Economic Opportunity Programs Workers' Compensation		
Employees covered	16	239
Elderly Homeowners and Renters		
Tax relief		
Definitions	16	248-250
Emergency Employment Supplemental Matching Program		
Definitions	16	297
Private husiness employers		
Applications	16	298
Notice	16	298
Emergency Hospitals		
fl. y nenses		
Payment	16	337

1696 Index

	Ch.	Page
BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS—(continued):		
Emergency Hospitals—(continued): Patients		
Preference	16	337
Employees		
Termination under provisions of chapter	16	357
Reemployment		
Preference	16	357
Employers' Excess Liability Fund		
Administration	16	336
Established	16	335
Employment stabilization	16	288
Evidence and witnesses Miscellaneous provisions		
Hospital records		
Opening of sealed	16	356
Federal-State cooperation	16	288
Food Stamp Agencies	••	
Disclosure of information to	16	309
Group Insurance Plans for Regular Employees		
Acceptance by commissioner	16	300
Continuation following retirement	16	300
Inaugurating	16	299
Payroll deductions	16	300
Guaranty Association Act		
Scope of article	16	351
Health Care, State		
Beneficiaries of various programs Plan to provide health care	16	254
Report to Legislature	16	256
Purchase of health care services	10	2.50
Late payments by agencies	16	257
Interest	16	257
Health, State Division of		
Information and material acquired		
Use of	16	253
Investigations and hearings	16	252
Oaths		
Power to administer	16	253
Witnesses		
Subpoena	16	253
Homestead Property Tax Exemption	10	243
Claim	16	243
Renewals Disabled	16	244
Senior citizens.	16	243
Waiver	16	244
Horse and dog racing		
Faps		
Disposition of permit, registration	16	262
Fines		
Disposition	16	262
Housing and IIrhan Development, Department of		
Disclosure of information	16	310
II Diebte Commission		
Certain records exempt	16	236
Insurance		
Accident and sickness		
	10	950 951
Group Scope of article	16	350,351
Policies Optional provisions	16	346-350
Optional provisions	10	040-990

	Ch.	Page
BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS—(continued):		
Insurance—(continued):		
Accident and sickness—(continued):		
Scope of article	16	345
State		
Definitions	16	338
Intergovernmental Relations		
Building Commissions		
Workers' Compensation		
Employees covered	16	241
Regional Airports		
Workers' Compensation		
Employees covered	16	240
Urban Mass Transportation Systems		
Workers' Compensation		
Employees covered	16	240
Labor		
Wage payment and collection		
Employer's bond	16	263
Employee cause of action.	16	264
Filing with circuit clerk	16	263
	16	263
Form	16	265
Posting and reporting	16	266
Termination	16	263
Waiver	10	200
Unpaid wages and benefits	10	264
Action of commissioner	16	
Cause of action for	16	264
Labor-Management Council	10	007
Appointment	16	237
Chairman	16	238
Meetings	16	239
Quorum	16	239
Terms	16	238
Vacancies	16	238
Legal services		
Attorney General		224
Performance by entities other than	16	234
Liens		
Public officers		
Garnishment and suggestion	2.4	
Certain exemption	16	351.352
State and political subdivisions		
Suggestion		
Certain exemption	16	351,352
Linked Deposit Program		
Loan package		
Acceptance or rejection	16	251
Deposit agreement	16	252
Mortgage and Industrial Development Investment Pool		
Mortgage payments		
Interest		
Disposition	16	344
Principal		0.45
Repayment	16	345
Motor vehicle liability insurance		
Policy		050
Defined	16	258
Scope and provisions	16	258-261

	Ch.	Page
BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS—(continued):		
Property appraisal		
Homestead Property Tax Exemption		
Claim Renewals	16	243
Disabled	10	244
Senior citizens	16 16	244 243
Waiver	16	243
Periodic statewide reappraisal	10	244
Hearings and appeals		
Participation of assessor	16	242
Local exceptions to value	16	242
Tax Commissioner and Assessor		5.5
Division of functions	16	241
Public Employees Insurance Agency	- •	
Availability of data to	16	237
Public Employees Retirement		
System membership	16	235
Railroad Maintenance Authority		
Powers, duties, responsibilities	16	339-343
Ridesharing		
Workers' Compensation		
Exemption from law	16	258
School Finance, State Board of		
Permanent improvement fund		
Proceeds		000
Transmission and investment	16	262
State Administrative Procedures Act		
Contested cases Exceptions	1.0	343
State Public Employment Agency	16	545
State Employment Agency State Employment Service Division		
Redesignation	16	289
Teachers Retirement System	10	203
Investment of funds	16	261
Unemployment Compensation		
Child Support Agencies		
Disclosure of information to	16	308
Employee eligibility		
Claim procedure	16	306
Payment of benefits, place	16	306
Employer coverage and responsibility		
Default in payment		
Civil action against employer	16	303-305
Collection		
Comity	16	305
Overpayments	••	
Recovery	10	305
Employers and employees	1.0	901 000
Option assessments	16	301-303
Employing units	16	306
Required information	16	307
Confidentiality	10	901
Slander or libel Restriction	16	308
Use	16	306-308
Use	20	000-000
Food Stamp Agencies Disclosure of information to	16	309
General provisions	16	306
		300
Disclosure of information	16	310
HISCHOSHIE OF HITOTHEROVAL THE		

	Ch.	Page
BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS—(continued):		
Veteran's Incentive Program Administration of	16	301
Veteran's Training Program	16	296
Workers' Compensation	10	230
Appeal Board		
General provisions	16	336
Chapter governing	10	000
Partial invalidity	16	320
Disability and death benefits	16	323-326
Disabled Workers' Relief Fund		
Benefits		
Computation	16	332
Mode of payment	16	333
To whom paid	16	332
Employers' own system	16	333
Funding	16	334
Employers, employees subject to chapter	16	317
Common-law defenses prohibited	16	319
Default in payment	16	319
Election not to pay	16	319
Exemption from liability	16	318
Extraterritorial coverage	16	317
General administrative provisions	16	311
Applications for benefits	16	313
Bureau of Employment Programs		
Commissioner		011
Duties	16	311
Report	16	314 317
Extraterritorial coverage	16	31.
Salaries and expenses	16	312
Payment generally	16	312
Manner and limitation	16	313
Secretary, other assistants	16	313
Compensation, travel expenses	10	010
Subpoenas Fee of officer serving	16	313
Witnesses		0-0
Fees and mileage	16	313
Injuries		
Benefits		
Application for		
Effect	16	330
Computation	16	331
Legislative findings	16	330
Intentionally employer-caused	16	327 - 330
Medical information		
Release to employer	16	330
Self-inflicted	16	327
Temporary total disability	16	323
Occupational Pneumoconiosis Board	10	314
Annual report	16	314
Workers' Compensation Fund	10	314
Omission to subscribe	16	314
Perjury	16	314
Silicosis fund	16	321
Claims	16	321
Custody, investment, disbursement	16	320
Transfer	-0	
Surplus funds Investment	16	322
Work Incentive Program	16	296

	Ch.	Page
CAPITAL COMPANY ACT:		
Capital companies		
Dissolution or liquidation	17	367
Examination	17	371
Failure to comply	17	372
Investments		
Qualified	17	366
Record keeping	17	369
Examination	17	371
Reporting	17	369
Restrictions	17	368
Ownership		
Financial institutions		
Percentage exclusion	17	373
Qualification	17	362
Records	17	369
Audit	17	371
Standards, minimum	17	363
Tax credits	17	364-366
Application requirements	17	366
Effective date	17	372
Declaration of policy	17	359
Definitions	17	360
Economic Development Authority		
Officer, member, employee		
Conflict of interest	17	369
Records		
Confidentiality of certain	17	374
Rules	17	362
Ruling procedure	17 17	372 359
CHILD ADVOCATE: Child Advocate Office Reestablishment	18	375
CHILD WELFARE:		
Family Support Program		
Administration	20	383
Definitions	20	380
Family support services	20	381
Eligibility	20	383
Findings	20	379
Support councils		
Regional and state family	20	384
Handicapped children		
Article		
Application	19	377
Purpose	19	376
Descriptions	19	376
Papart of hirth	19	377
Teatment	19	377
Powers of state bureau	19	377
Juvenile proceedings		
Child, parent or guardian Noncustodial counseling	21	386
Noncustodial counseling		
CIVIL SERVICE: Employee representative organization bulletin boards	22	387

CLA	IMS:			Ch.	Page
	ns Against the State				
			***************************************	05	202
AI	cohol Reverage Cont		·····	25 25	393 393
Af	torney General	101		25	393
					395
					395
			***************************************		389
			sources		389,395
					396
					396
					389,396
					397
					397
			***************************************		398
				25	399
Et	hics Commission			25	399
GC	OCID			25	400
Hυ	man Rights Commis	sion		25	400
PF	CIA			25	400
Pu	blic Defender Servic	es		25	401
Ra	ilroad Maintenance	Authority	***************************************	25	400
				25	400
				25	400
				25	400
					389,401
		S		25	395
	e Victims				
	nims				
				26	404
		n		24	390
	urt of Claims			oc	405
		3		26	405
	nors				
4	Awards of \$5,000 +			26	404
	Appointment of gu	ar Gian		20	101
COD	E AMENDED:				
Ch.	Art.	Sec.			Page
2	2	1a*	Native American Indian Heri	tage Wee	k 987
3	1	9,21,44	Composition of political parts committees and meetings t	hereof,	
			designating persons respon printing of ballots, their nu packaging, delivery and co	mber, rrection	and
			providing for compensation		
			officials		
3	1	21a*	Vendors authorized to print b		668
3	2	22;22a*	Voter registration at driver's facilities		
3	3	2b	Special absentee voting list		678
3	4	10,11	Arrangement of position of na ballot, ballot label arrangen requirements in voting mac	mes on nent hines and	1
			drawing by lot to determine		
3	4A	11,12	Electronic voting systems, ba and their arrangement		

CODE Ch.	AMENDED-(Con Art.	tinued): Sec.		Page
3	5	2,3,4,7,11, 13;13a;19	Delegates to national conventions, presidential preference, primary election nominations, filing announcements of candidacies and withdrawals, form and contents of ballots and ballot labels, order of offices and candidates on ballot and vacancies in nominations	. 688
3	6	2	Preparation and form of general election ballots	
3	8	5a	Specific requirements as to information in financial statements prepared in connection with political campaign activities	
3	10	1,6,7,8	Elections to fill vacancies, vacancies in offices of circuit court clerk, county commissioner, clerk of county commission, prosecuting attorney, sheriff, assessor and surveyor	
4	10	4	Termination of governmental entities or programs	. 1382
5	3	1	Written opinions, advice and legal services by Attorney General to Commissioner of Bureau of Employment Programs	. 234
5	10	17	Exclusion from membership in public employees retirement system of Bureau of Employment Programs	. 235
5	11	16	Certain record-keeping information of Bureau of Employment Programs declared nondiscriminatory	. 236
5	16	5,24	Purpose, powers and duties of finance	
5	16A	7	Availability of data of Bureau of Employment Programs	. 237
5A	2	1,24;33*	Financial accounting and reporting section within the Finance Division of the Department of Administration	. 7 21
5B	1	16a*	North Bend Rail Trail	. 1365
5B	1	18	Extending termination date of the division of tourism and parks	. 1385
5B	2	2a	Office of Community and Industrial Development to study and promote development of a coal-based synthetic fuel industry	. 1453
5B	2D	3,4,5	Guaranteed Work Force Program, funds and program activities	. 727
5B	4	1	Membership of Bureau of Employment Programs Commissioner on Labor- Management Council	. 237

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODI	E AMENI Art.	DED—(Continued): Sec.		
5B	4	6	Continuation of the Labor-Management Council	Page
5E	1	2.3,4,5,6,7,8,9, 10,12,13,14,15,16,17; 18*;19*;20*;21*	WV Capital Company Act, ruling procedure, effective date, transition rules, limitation on financial institutions and confidentiality.	
6	13	1	Preference rating of veterans for civil service positions	
7	1	5a	Excusal of county commissioner from voting where conflict of interest involved	. 446
7	4	2	Full-time investigators of crime	
7	7	4	Additional duties of county officials and compensation therefor	
7	10	2.4:4a*	Duties of humane officers, authority to inspect certain records and property, redefining acts of cruelty to animals, reporting requirements and enforcement.	
7	13	10	Employees covered by Workers' Compensation, economic opportunity programs	
7	14	1,3,20	Appointments and promotions of deputy sheriffs, civil service for deputies and mandatory requirement	505
7	14	1.13	Appointments and promotions of deputy sheriffs and filling of vacancies	502
7	14B	1,13	Appointments and promotions of correctional officers and filling of vacancies	503
7	14B	18a*	Compensation of correctional officers required to work on certain holidays	445
7	16	6	Employees to be covered by Workers' Compensation, county solid waste authorities	239
7	18	13а*:14	Hotel occupancy annual tax reports by convention and visitor's bureaus, use and application of proceeds	1464
8	12	18	Leasing of real or personal properties by	1122
8	14	17	Promotions in paid police departments of Class I or II cities to be based upon experience and by written competitive examinations	
8	15	22	Promotions in paid fire departments to be based upon experience and by written competitive examinations	1126
8	22	16a*;20, 24,26,26a	Policemen's and firemen's disability and death benefits	1127

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODI	E AMENDED:	—(Continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.		Page
8	27	27	Workers' Compensation coverage, Intergovernmental Relations-Urban Mass Transportation Systems	. 240
8	29	19	Workers' Compensation coverage, Intergovernmental Relations-Regional Airports	. 240
8	29A		County airport authorities	. 1139
8	29A	5	Full-time employees of county airport authorities to be considered public employees	. 240
8	33	11	Workers' Compensation coverage, Intergovernmental Relations-Building Commissions	. 240
9	2	6a*	Commissioner of Division of Human Services to develop caseload standards	. 865
9	4A*		Medicaid Uncompensated Care Fund	. 1099
9A	1	1,2,4,5, 6,9,10	Updating terms relating to division of veterans affairs	. 1587
10	5	1;2 a*	Educational Broadcasting Authority and establishing a distance learning coordinating council	
11	1A	. 12	Division of functions between Tax Commissioner and Assessor, periodic statewide reappraisals	. 241
11	6B	4	Claim for homestead property tax exemption, renewal and waiver of exemption	. 243
11	10	3	Application of article governing tax procedure and administration to include barrel tax on beer and wine liter tax	
11	10	5s*	Exceptions to confidentiality and providing for disclosure of certain taxpayer information	. 1470
11	12	7	Business certificate of registration and certain information to Bureau of Employment Programs	
11	13A	6	Application of credits against additional coal severance tax	
11	13D	1,2;3c*; 5b*;6,7	Management information services facility investment tax credit	. 1481
11	13D	3d*	Tax credit for investment in facilities for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor and special fuel	
11	15	2,9	Management information services facility investment tax credit	. 1502
11	16	3,4,13,14, 15,23,24	Definitions, nonintoxicating beer act, transferring administration of barrel	

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

COD Ch.	E AMENDI Art.	ED—(Continued): Sec.	Page
			tax to tax commissioner, records of brewer, manufacturer or distributor, collection of unpaid tax, revocation or suspension of license, hearing on sanctioning of license
11	16	3,6,9,12, 13,15,17,18,21,26	Permitting the establishment of brewpubs
11	21	8a.8b.8c, 8e.8f	Certification by division of culture and history for historic preservation tax credit against personal income tax 1523
11	21	9	Personal income tax terms
11	21	12b*;42; 61*:62*:71	Exempting combat pay, providing military incentive tax credit, extension of time for performing certain acts due to Desert Shield Service, income taxes of armed forces members upon death, withholding tax from wages
11	23	3,5;5a*; 27*;28*	Imposing business franchise tax on out- of-state financial organizations engaging in certain activities in this state
11	23	3a	Business franchise tax terms
11	24	3	Corporation net income tax terms 1580
11	24	3a,7; 7b*:24*	Imposing corporation net income tax on out-of-state financial organizations engaging in certain activities in this state
11	24	10	Disclosure by Bureau of Employment Programs to State Tax Commissioner of employee, wage, benefit or eligibility information
11	24	12	Military incentive tax credit for certain employers
11	24	23a,23b, 2 3c,23e,23f	Certification by division of culture and history for historic preservation tax credit against corporation net income tax
11	25	2	Definitions, tax relief for elderly homeowners and renters
12	1 A	5	Acceptance or rejection of linked deposit loan package based on standing with State Tax Department and Bureau of Employment Programs 250
12	6A*		Debt Management Act of 1991
13	3	3,5;5a*;6,7;7a*; 8,9,11,13,14	Municipal bond commission, costs and expenses, escrowing bond issues
14	2 A	14,19,26	Appointment of guardian when minor has received an award 402
15	1F	1	Twenty-four day leave of absence for active military service for national guard or military reserve personnel 1601

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

1706 Index

COD	E AMENDI	ED(Continued):	
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Page
15	2	2,12	Duties of superintendent and division of
			public safety1191,
16	1	7	Promulgation of rules by Secretary of Department of Health and Human Resources
16	1	10b*	Uniform health professionals data collection system
16	1	16	Use of investigative information by Bureau of Employment Programs for adjustment of Workers' Compensation claims
16	1A*		Health Care Planning Commission
16	2D	2,4,5,11	Certificate of need, exemptions from program, powers and duties of health planning and development agency, nontransferance, time period compliance and withdrawal
16	2G	1	Renaming the Division of Health the Bureau of Public Health and the Director of Health the Commissioner of Public Health and permitting funding of a special funds account
16	5	12a	Registration of newborn infants and minors with a hearing impairment 816
16	5	12b*	Notation on birth records of missing children
16	5 F	1,2,3,4,5,6	Health care facility financial disclosure 788
16	5 K*		Early intervention services for children with developmental delays 820
16	5L*		Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program 825
16	22	1,2,3	Testing for phenylketonuria, galactosemia, hypothyroidism and certain other diseases in newborns 847
16	27	1,2	Storage and disposal of radioactive waste materials
16	29B	3,5;6*;7,8,18; 19a*;20,21,28	Health Care Cost Review Authority
16	29D	3	Bureau of Employment Programs included within agencies to cooperate and to provide state health care plan 253, 1322
16	29D	4	Prohibiting balance billing of medical bills under public employees insurance
16	30	2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9; 11*;12*;13*	Natural Death Act, providing reciprocity, relation to existing law and severability
17	3	1	Combined voter registration and driver's license fund 1620

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

		DED-(Continued):	_
Ch. 17	Art. 16B	Sec.	Page
17		1,2,3,5,6,7;15*;16*; 17*;18*;19*;20*;21*;22*	Reorganizing and combining the Public Port and Wayport Authorities 1337
17	23	2	Salvage yards and related definitions 1381
17A	3	la*	Registration of vehicles of new residents 1108
17A	3	4	Limited exemption from motor vehicle certificate of title for military personnel and dependents
17A	3	23	Registration plates to state, county, municipal and other governmental vehicles1195
17B	2	7a	Driver's Licensing Advisory Board 1110
17B	2	8	Increasing the fee for issuance of a driver's license by fifty cents 1621
17C	1	6	Authorized emergency vehicle defined 1112
17C	5 A	la*	Eliminating administrative hearing for suspension or revocation of licenses for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs in cases wherein there is no appeal
17C	15	26	Special restrictions on lamps on motor vehicles
17C	15	36a	Sun screening devices 1118
17C	16	9	Permitting motor vehicle dealers to operate certain motor vehicles without an inspection sticker
17C	22	3	Ridesharing exempt from Workers' Compenation law and exceptions
17D	4	12	Motor vehicle liability policies 258
18	2	5c*	Exchange of information on missing children between board of education, state registrar of vital statistics and division of public safety
18	2	7a*	State Board of Education to prescribe a program incorporating elements propounded by the President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports
18	2E	5	Establishing instances wherein a school may be declared seriously impaired 585
18	2F*		West Virginia Share in Your Future Act 591
18	2G*		School Library Media Improvement Grant Program
18	4	2,4	Clarifying qualifications of superintendent of public schools
18	4	10	Clarifying and limiting emergency powers of the county superintendent of schools
18	5	la	School employees permitted to serve on county boards of education in county of residence

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

Ch.	Art.)—(Continued): Sec.	Page
18	5	2	Filling vacancies on county boards of education
18	5	7;7b*	Donation by county boards of education of unneeded real estate to certain nonprofit organizations and limiting liability for hazardous conditions associated with such conveyance
18	5	13a	School closing or consolidation
18	5	39	Employment of school personnel during the summer and providing for seniority in summer service positions 604
18	5A	2	Local school improvement councils 630
18	7A	20	Investment of funds, state teachers retirement system
18	9A	10,13	Maintaining step seven funds for 1991 598
18	9B	7,8	County boards of education prohibited from reducing employee salaries by reducing days in employment term 632
18	9B	16	Transmission and investment of proceeds of permanent improvement fund, state board of school finance
18	10	3	West Virginia State College designated a land grant institution
18	19	1,2,3	Continuing an appropriation for educational opportunities for children of certain military personnel 1606
18A	2	4	Licensing of school electricians 606
18A	4	1	Salaries, advanced salary classification and other benefits expanded in definitions for educators
18A	4	8,10	Priority status to certain disabled school service personnel and enlarging conditions of personal leave for service employees
18B	1	8a*	Institutional and statewide report cards to ensure higher education accountability
18B	2	6*	Legislative findings regarding health sciences education and funding for medical education
18B	9	5	Payment of experience increment to classified employees of higher education
18B	9	10*	Classified employees' catastrophic leave transfer
18C	1	1	General eligibility in programs for outstanding resident college students 656
18C	4*		Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarship Program

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

COL	DE AMEND	ED—(Continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.		Page
19	1	3a	Rural Resources Division continued	. 1387
19	2B	1	Continuation of Meat Inspection Program	. 14
19	2C	1,3,4,5,5a,6,6a; 6b*:6c*:8:8a*:9,10	Auctioneers and apprentice auctioneers	. 1232
19	2G	10	Continuation of Tree Fruit Industry Self- Improvement Assessment Board	
19	9	34a*	Disposal of dead poultry	
19	10B	2,4,6,7,10	Livestock dealer's licensing	
19	11		Bulk Milk Trade Law	. 23
19	11A		Dairy Products and Imitation Dairy Products Law	. 39
19	11B*		Frozen Desserts and Imitation Frozen Desserts Law	
19	12	2.3.14.16;18*	Plant pests, defining and redefining certain terms, duties of Commissioner of Agriculture, permit requirements, civil penalties, legislative rules, confidentiality of trade secrets and exceptions	
19	13		Inspection and protection of apiculture	. 104
19	14		West Virginia Commercial Feed Law	. 86
19	21 A	4	State Soil Conservation Committee continued	1388
19	23	13b	Establishing four stakes races, including a West Virginia futurity race and a Frank Gall Memorial stakes race, increasing sire owners share, decreasing purse supplements, administration and funding of restricted races	859
19	23	14	Disposition of permit fees, registration fees and fines, horse and dog racing	262
19	28*		Vitamin and mineral enrichment of flour and bread	74
20	2	4	Possession of wildlife during closed seasons	1148
20	2	28	Developmentally disabled residents permitted to fish without a license	1149
20	2	45	Class K nonresident fishing license	867
20	2	57	Negligent shooting and penalties therefor	464
20	5 E	7	Providing rule making and certain enforcement authority regarding infectious medical waste to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources	731
20	5H	14	Clarifying the definition of owner for corrective action for underground petroleum storage tank purposes.	1153

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODI	E AMENDED	(Continued):	
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Page
20	5J*		Regulation control of medical waste 737
20	5M*		Groundwater protection 1156
21	5	14	Employer's bond for wages and benefits 263
21	5C	2	Increasing the minimum wage and establishing a training wage 986
21	11*		Contractor Licensing Act 1246
21A	1	3,4,5,6,7	Bureau of Employment Programs created, definitions, federal-state cooperation, employment stabilization, state public employment agency to become state employment service division
21A	2	1,5,6,6b, 8,11,13,16,16a	Appointment, compensation, powers and duties of Commissioner of Bureau of Employment Programs, information to be furnished by State Tax Commissioner and secrecy of such information, assistants and employees, dismissals, terminations, layoffs and suspensions of employees, deputy commissioners, federal-state cooperation, work incentive and veteran's training program
21A	2A	2,4	Emergency employment supplemental matching program, definitions, notice to private business employers and applications for prospective employers 297
21A	2B	1,2,4	Group insurance plans for regular employees of Bureau of Employment Programs
21A	2C		Military Incentive Program 1608
21A	2C	6	Veterans Incentive Program administration
21A	5	10a,16,17b	Bureau of Employment Programs employer coverage and responsibility as to unemployment compensation 301
21A	6	9	Place of payment of unemployment compensation
21A	7	23	Judicial review of unemployment compensation claims
21A	10	11,19,20,22	Information required of commissioner for unemployment compensation purposes, disclosure of information to child support and food stamp agencies and Department of Housing and Urban Development
22	3	2	Authority of Commissioner of Energy as to reclamation of land and water resources and intent of Legislature 2
22	3	4	Abandoned Land Reclamation Fund and expenditures therefrom

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODE	AMEND Art.	ED-(Continued):	Page
22	8	4	Oil and Gas Conservation Commission continued
22A	2	55	Protective equipment and clothing to be worn by miners
22A	3	3,5,8,9,10,12,15, 17,18,19,22,26,28,40	Surface coal mining and reclamation
23	1	1,2,3,6,10, 14,16,17,18	General administrative provisions. Bureau of Employment Programs
23	2	1,1a,1b,2, 5,9,13	Workers' compensation coverage for certain corporate or associational officers, partners and owners of sole proprietorships as employees
23	2	1c,6.8,11	Extraterritorial coverage under Workers' Compensation, exemption of contributing employers from liability, employer liability for default, partial invalidity of chapter
23	3	1a,2,3	Transfer of silicosis fund to Workers' Compensation Fund, custody, investment and disbursement thereof and investment of surplus funds
23	4	1c,2.7,14	Disability and death benefits under Workers' Compensation
23	4A	2,3,4,5,8	Disabled Workers' Relief Fund
23	4B	2.7	Coal-Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund 334
23	4C	2.5	Employers' Excess Liability Fund
23	5	1j*;3	Review of certain workers' compensation disability award requests and setting forth appeals procedure1656
23	5	2	Workers' Compensation Appeal Board 336
24	2	9	Information concerning public utility rates required to be published by Public Service Commission
24 A	1	2,3	Supervision and regulation of transportation of persons and property for hire by motor vehicles on the public highways
25	1	2	Division of Corrections continued 1395
26	8	2	Emergency hospitals, patients, expenses and disposition of receipts
29	1		Division of Culture and History 477
29	2	4	State Geological and Economic Survey continued
29	3	16a	Smoke detectors in one- and two-family dwellings
29	6	2	Veteran defined for civil service purposes

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODE	AMEN	DED-(Continued):	
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Page
29	6	5a*	Placing Division of Personnel under sunset review
29	6	26*	Employee representative organization bulletin boards
29	7	1	Salary of poet laureate
29	12	2	Definitions, state insurance
29	18	4	Membership of Railroad Maintenance Authority1366
29	18	6	WV Railroad Maintenance Authority 339
29	20	1	Women's Commission continued 1397
29	20	1,2,3,4,6	Women's Commission continued within Department of Health and Human Resources1628
29	21	17	Prohibiting the private practice of law by public defenders
29	22	26	State Lottery Commission continued 1399
29A	3	15,15 a ,15b	Promulgation of emergency legislative rules and disapproval and amendments thereto by Secretary of State and Attorney General
29A	3A	11	Increasing legislative members of Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability
29A	5	5	Exceptions, State Administrative Procedures Act
30	3	10	Licenses to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry1265
30	3	12	Biennial renewal of license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry 1268
30	3	16	Physician assistants not to dispense a prescription for a refraction
30	5	2,6,9,10, 14,14a;14b*	Board of Pharmacy, registration and licensing of pharmacists, increasing and adding new fees and creating position of pharmacist-in-charge
30	5	6a*	Registration with Board of Pharmacy of mail-order houses which dispense drugs
30	14A	1	Osteopathic physician assistants and limited prescriptive authority
30	21	2,3,5,6,7;7a*;7b*; 7c*;7d*;7e*;8a*	Creating new definitions relating to the practice of school psychology
30	27	10a*	Booth or chair rental requirements for the practice of barbering or beauty culture
30	27	11	Grounds for cancellation or refusal to issue or renew license to practice barbering or beauty culture
31	1	61	Certificate of dissolution or withdrawal, consolidation or merger, foreign corporations

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

		D-(Continued):		
Ch. 31	Art. 18B	Sec. 10	Disposition of interest income and repayments of principal, mortgage and industrial development investment pool	
31A	2	15*	Report by commissioner of banking of out-of-state corporations and partnerships doing business in this state	
31A	4	5.14,15,33	Incorporation of banks, trust powers and prerequisite information, deposits in trust and certain limitation on liability	
31 A	8	12	Branch banks	208
31A	8A	4	Acquisition of bank shares, necessary notification of board and exemptions	213
32	4	402	NASDAQ/NMS included under exemptions from certain provisions of the Uniform Securities Act	1330
33	2	2,9	Compensation and expenses of commissioner and employees. examination of insurers, agents, brokers and solicitors	. 871
33	2	16*:17*:18*	Creation of the Office of Consumer Advocacy concerning health care and insurance costs	. 930
33	3	5b	Capital and surplus requirements of insurers	
33	4	14,15,16;19*	Annual statement by insurer, reinsurance, limit of risk, domestics to comply with reciprocal state laws	
33	6	ı	Limitation on scope of article	880
33	6	5a*;11b*	Requiring certain signatures on life or accident and sickness insurance applications, providing exemptions and setting forth policy provisions providing the insured a ten-day free examination of policy	
33	6	29	Insurance coverage for loaned motor vehicles	937
33	6C*		Guaranteed loss ratios as applied to individual sickness and accident insurance policies	939
33	7	12	Valuation of real property held by an insurer	880
33	8	5,7.15	Limitation on investments in one person, government obligations, real property mortgages	881
33	10	1	Rehabilitation and liquidation definitions	884
33	15	1,5	Accident and sickness insurance, optional policy provisions.	345

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

COD	E AMENDE	D—(Continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.		Page
33	15	4d;14*	Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services and relating to policies discriminating among health care providers	. 970
33	15	15*	Minimum benefits and coverages for individual insurance policies, basic benefits and exemptions	. 945
33	15	16*	Insurance coverage for children of insureds	. 511
33	16	1	Group accident and sickness insurance	350
33	16	3h;10*	Third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services and relating to policies discriminating among health care providers	
33	16	11*	Group policies not to exclude insured's children	. 511
33	16B	4*	Accident and sickness rates and promulgation of rules and regulations by commissioner regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results	. 887
33	16C*		Employer group accident and sickness insurance policies	
33	16D*		Marketing and rate practices for small employer accident and sickness insurance policies	
33	20	20*	Rates and rating organizations and promulgation of rules and regulations by commissioner regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results	
33	20B	8*	Insurers required to report results of civil actions against physicians or podiatrists	
33	20B	9*	Rate making and promulgation of rules and regulations by commissioner regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results	
33	20D*		Tail insurance	983
33	22	2	Applicability of other provisions, farmers' mutual fire insurance companies	887
33	23	2	Fraternal benefits societies and applicability of other provisions	888
33	24	4	Exemptions for hospital, medical, dental and health service corporations	889, 965
33	24	5,6,10,14,16,17, 19;44*	Hospital, medical, dental and health service corporations, licenses, etc., and promulgation of rules and regulations by commissioner regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results	890

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

Ch. 33	Art. 24	Sec.		
	24	7с	Hospital, medical, dental and health service corporations and third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services	Pag . 97
33	24	43*	Hospital, medical, dental and health service corporations and policies discriminating among health care providers	. 97
33	25	2,6,7,9	Health care corporations, definitions, supervision and regulation by insurance commissioner, annual report and promulgation of rules and regulations by commissioner regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results	. 899
33	25	8b	Health care corporations and third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services	
33	25	20*	Policies discriminating among health care providers	
33	25	21*	Health care corporations and promulgation of rules and regulations by commissioner regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results	
33	25 A	2,4.9, 17,24;32*	Health Maintenance Organization Act, definitions, issuance of certificate of authority, annual report, examinations, statutory construction and promulgation of rules and regulations by commissioner regarding affiliate and subsidiary operating results	904. 967
33	25 A	8b,31	Health maintenance organization act, third party reimbursement for rehabilitation services and policies discriminating among health care providers	978
33	26	3	Application of West Virginia Guaranty Association Act	351
33	26A	3,8	WV Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act, scope of article, powers and duties of association	914
33	27	5	Standards, insurance holding company systems	919
33	31	8	Examinations and investigations of captive insurance companies	922
3	32	8	Examination of risk retention groups regarding financial condition	922
3	33	7	Consolidated or combined audits, insurance holding company systems	923

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

	AMENDED-			
Ch. 33	Art. 34A*	Sec.		Page
00	OWA		Standards and commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial condition	924
37	14	2,3,4,6,13, 28,30,31,40,44	Real estate appraiser licensing and certification	1371
38	2	1,2,5,6;6a*;16	Architects, engineers and landscape architects entitled to mechanics' lien	1096
38	5B	12	Exemptions from certain liens	351
46A	3	109	Additional charges permitted, insurance, refund requirements and rules relating to certain insurance under WV Consumer Credit Protection Act	405
46A	6C*		Regulation of credit service organizations	410
47	12	17	Suspension of real estate salesperson's license upon revocation of employing broker's license	1368
48	2	15	Revision of divorce or separation decree to enjoin either party from interfering with the other	551
48	2	15a,15b;15c*;33	Medical support enforcement, withholding support from income, modification forms, disclosure of assets required	511
48	2A	1,2,3;3a*; 4,5,6,9,10;11*	Prevention of domestic violence, responding officer's duty to advise parties, violation of temporary or protective orders	560
48	4	10	Nonidentifying information on health and history and genetic and social history of adoptees	572
48	4A*		Establishing a mutual consent voluntary adoption registry	575
48A	1	3	Family support obligations, general definitions	520
48A	2	1	Child Advocate Office continued	375
48A	2	12,15;23*	Child Advocate Office, disbursements of amounts collected as support, obtaining support from federal tax refunds, access to records and confidentiality	526
48A	2	17,18	Obtaining child support from unemployment and Workers' Compensation benefits	352
48A	3	3a	Representation by Children's Advocate	531
48A	4	1	Family law masters	532
48A	4	12	• 	1399
48A	5	2,3	Support obligation arrearages, enforcement, withholding support from income	539

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

	EAMEND	ED—(Continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.		Page
48A	6	5	Establishment of paternity, representation of parties	550
48A	7	12.36	Children's Advocate to represent state and advance interest of child	. 550
49	4		Administration of programs for handicapped children by Bureau of Public Health	. 376
49	4A*		Services to families with developmental disabilities through WV Family Support Program	. 378
49	5	3	Noncustodial counseling of a child	
51	2	1	Judicial Circuits, judges thereof and terms of court	. 452
51	9	10	Services of senior judges	. 455
52	2	13	Compensation, mileage and payment of	
	_		grand jurors	
57	5	4d	Use of hospital records as evidence	. 356
59	1	14	Increasing fees to be charged by sheriffs for service of process, subpoenas, various writs and increasing mileage charge for conveying prisoners	. 718
60	1	6	Changing title of chapter sixty to Alcohol Beverage Control Act	I
60	2	7.9,21	Oath and bond, salary and expenses and audit of alcohol beverage control commissioner	
60	3 A	17	Wholesale prices of liquor to be set by commissioner	1198
60	3A	30	Employees whose jobs terminated by provisions of chapter enacting Bureau of Employment Programs	357
60	4	19	Revocation of liquor license	1199
60	6	7	Specific acts forbidden concerning the manufacture or sale of alcoholic liquor	1200
60	7	3,12,13,13a	Sale of alcoholic liquor and nonintoxcating beer, certain acts of licensee prohibited, revocation or suspension of license, hearing on sanctioning of license.	1201
60	8	3	Wine retailers license	1623
60	8	4,5,7,24,28,29	Sale of wines	1206
60A	2	204.206,208	Schedules I, II and III of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act	419
60A	8*		Wholesale Drug Distribution Licensing Act of 1991	432
61	2	1	Defining first and second degree murder and prescribing contents of an indictment for murder and	465
			manslaughter	400

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODE	AMENDE	D—(Continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Pa	ıge
61	3	49	Purchase of nonferrous metal by scrap metal purchasing business, salvage yards or recycling facilities	466
61	5	12a*	Felony offense, escape from custody of Commissioner of Corrections	168
61	8	12	Offense of incest	471
61	8	19,19a	Cruelty to animals and penalties therefor and prohibiting animal fighting ventures	462
61	8B	3,4	Sexual assault, first and second degree 4	473
61	8D	5	Sexual abuse by a parent, guardian or custodian	474
62	1C	17e*	Bail in cases of crimes between family or household members	571
62	8	1	Felony offenses by confined convicts and conspiracy	469
62	12	7a	Presentence diagnosis and classification, custody of convicted person, presentence reports and penalty for escape	470
62	12	9	Conditions of release on probation	455
62	12	23*	Notification of parole hearing or release date to victim or member of immediate family	230
64	2	2,3;7*	Legislative rules: division of purchasing, division of personnel and secretary of administration	996
64	3	1,4,8,10;12*;13*	Legislative rules: air pollution control commission, division of energy, division of natural resources, water resources board, solid waste management board and board of manufactured housing construction and safety	998
64	4	3*	Legislative rules: division of culture and history 10	025
64	5	2,3,4;7*;8*	Legislative rules: state board of health, health care cost review authority, WV hospital finance authority, employment security, human rights commission	026
64	6	2,4;5*	Legislative rules: fire commission, public safety, regional jail and correctional facility authority	040
64	7	1,2,4,5,6;7*	Legislative rules: alcohol beverage control, insurance commissioner, lottery commission, racing commission, tax department, nonintoxicating beer commissioner 16	044
64	8	1	Legislative rules: division of highways 16	069

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODE	AMENDED	—(Continued): Sec.	Page
64	9	1,3,5,10,12,15,16, 18,20,24,26;28*	Legislative rules: agriculture, attorney general, barbers and beauticians, dental examiners, professional engineers, examiners of land surveyors, board of medicine, registered professional nurses, board of pharmacy, secretary of state, state treasurer, cable television advisory board
CODE	REPEALED) :	
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Page
3	1	47	Candidate not to run for more than one office and exceptions
4	4		Citizens Hearing Committee, Department of Administration
7	14	19	Civil service for deputy sheriffs in counties of less than twenty-five thousand
9A	1	11	Advisory council, division of veteran's affairs
16	1	4,6	Abolishing the Board of Health 752
16	2D	5a	Health Care Planning Council
16	5D		Continuum of care for the elderly, impaired and terminally ill
17	16B	4	Purpose of Public Port Authority 1337
17	16C		Wayport Authority1337
18	21		Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarship Program
19	2C	11	Persons currently licensed as auctioneers 1232
19	12C		Interagency Committee on Pesticides 1229
21	1B		Labor-Management Relations Board 1386
21	5 A	4	Composition of Minimum Wage Rate Board
21 A	2	1a,7,9	Powers formerly granted director vested in Commissioner of Employment Security, divisions within department, classification of services and compensation
21A	3		Advisory council, Department of Employment Security
22A	3	9a,13,39	Application for permit to surface mine two acres or less, pilot program for growing of grapes on reclaimed areas, validity of regulations promulgated under section 502(c) of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977
29	15	4	Mental retardation advisory committee 1386

^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODE	REPEA	LED-(Continued):			
Ch.	Art.	Sec.			Page
31	6		Building and Loan Association	ns	444
31	6A		Federal Savings and Loan In Corporation		445
31	11		Savings and Loan Association State of West Virginia		1386
33	24	20	Grounds for administrative s of insurance corporations		
33	25	15	Investments, health care corp	orations	869
37	14	10.11,12, 20,21,32	Scope of real estate appraiser qualification for such licens of study, waiver and specia license qualification requir term of certification	se, courses l waiver o ements,	f
51	2	la through lee	First through Thirty-First Ju Circuits		452
60	2	4.5.6.8	Qualifications of Alcohol Bev Control Commissioner, vac- office for political activity, interest in manufacture of liquor, organization and qu commission	ation of personal alcoholic orum of	1180
60	3	9a.9b,9c.19a	Additional price increase in a liquor for payment of Korebonus bonds, state building bonds and Vietnam veterar bonds, price increase for st temporary economic progrincrease for care, treatmen rehabilitation of alcoholics payment into certain funds retirement of certain bonds	an veterar revenue is bonus ate am, price t and and for	
60	8	8,9.10.11, 12.13,15	Assessment of tax on wine whimsufficently returned, jeop assessments, interest and pereassessment, hearings and sale or discontinuance of butaxpayer, collection by acti	erdy enalties, etition for appeals, usiness of	1180
cons	UMER	CREDIT AND PROTEC	TION:	Ch.	Page
Consui	mer cred itional ch	it sale or loan jarges permitted		27	405
Credit	service o	rganizations		00	4.50
	i racts	•••••		28	413
Fo	rm and t	erms		28	416
Defin	nitions		***************************************	28	410
Disc	losure sta	itement		28 28	415 411
Exer	nptions .			28 28	411
Duch	ibited as	nduct		28	412
n:				28	414
TD	adian num	aulativo		28	419
Sure	ty accour	ıt		28	413

^{*}Indicates new chapter, article or section.

	Ch.	Page
CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION—(continued):		_
Credit service organizations—(continued):		
Violations of article		
Action for damages	28	418
Criminal penalty	28	418
Waiver of right	28	418
Insurance	27	406-409
CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES:		
Schedule I	29	419
Schedule II	29	426
Schedule III	29	430
Wholesale Drug Distribution Licensing Act		-
Board of Pharmacy		
Complaint provisions	29	441
Inspection powers	29	442
Promulgation of rules	29	441
Definitions	29	434
Drug purchases or receipt		
Prohibited	29	436
Penalties	29	437
Purpose	29	432
Judicial enforcement	29	443
Scope	29	432
Short title	29	432
Wholesale drug distributors		
Advisory committee		
Composition	29	433
Duties	29	433
Licensing requirements	29	437
Renewal procedures	29	440
Violations		
Penalties	29	444
Records		
Access by Board of Pharmacy	29	442
CORPORATIONS:		
Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation		
Repeal of article	31	445
CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS:		
Work during holidays		
Compensation	32	445
COUNTY COMMISSIONS:		
Conflict of interest		
Excusal from voting	33	446
Elected county officials	•	•
Compensation	33	447
Compensation	•	
COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS:	34	453
Judicial recircuiting	94	400
Probation	34	456
Conditions of release	04	400
Senior judges Services of	34	355
Services of	U-1	550
CRIME INVESTIGATORS:	ge.	457
Appointment	35	401

CRIMES AND OFFENSES:	Ch.	Page
Animals		
Cruelty to animals	36	460
Animal fighting	00	100
Prohibited	36	463
Hearing	36	460
Liability for costs	36	461
Penalties	36	462
Reporting	36	461
Offenses by		
Conspiracy	40	470
Felony	40	469
Presentence diagnosis	40	470
Custody	40	470
Escape from custody		
Felony offense	40	468
Humane officers		
Duty	36	459
Interference with		
Penalty	36	460
Incest	41	461 460
Definitions Penalty	41 41	471,472 472,473
Junk dealers	41	412,413
Purchase of certain metals	39	466
Violations	39	467
Murder	-	
First degree		
Defined	38	465
Indictment	38	465
Second degree		
Defined	38	465
Negligent shooting Penalties	37	464
Sexual assault	01	404
Children	41	474,475
Penalties	41	474,475
First degree	41	473
Penalty	41	473
Second degree	41	474
Penalty	41	474
CULTURE AND HISTORY:		
Administrative Section		
Director	42	498
Purposes and duties	42	498
Archives and History		
Commission		
Composition	42	482
Powers	42	484
Section		
Director	42	485
Powers and duties	42	485
Arts and Humanities	42	482
Directors Purposes and duties	42	481
a · · 41 - 4 - 4 - 4		701
Commission on the Arts Composition	42	480
	42	480
Powers	42	481

	Ch.	Page
CULTURE AND HISTORY—(continued):		
Division		
Commissioner		
General powers	42	479
Continued	42	477
Contracts and obligations	40	450
Existing, transferred	42	478
Employees	40	400
Classification by civil service	42	498
ExceptionsFunds	42	499
Power to receive	42	499
Land	42	499
Control and disposal	42	500
Powers and duties	42	300
Transfer from various agencies	42	478
Publication of materials	42	499
Sections and commissions	42	477
Termination date	42	479
Historic and prehistoric sites	72	*10
Disturbances		
Penalties	42	498
Historic Preservation Section		
Director	42	489
Purposes and duties	42	488
Human skeletal remains, grave artifacts and markers		
Definitions	42	491
Discovery		
Notification	42	493
Disposition	42	497
Disturbances		
Civil penalties	42	496
Rewards for information	42	497
Excavation	42	491
Permits	42	494
Legislative findings	42	490
Recovery	42	490
Museums Section		
Director	42	487
Purposes and duties	42	486
Washington-Carver Camp	40	500
Control, administration and supervision	42	500
Minerals	42	501
Disposition or removal prohibited	44	301
DEPUTY SHERIFFS:		
Appointments, promotions	44	505
Civil service		
Coverage	44	505
Commission	44	506
Mandatory	44	508
Jailer		
Appointment of deputy or correctional officer		
Civil service rights and benefits	43	502-504
DOMESTIC RELATIONS:		
Adoption Adoptees		
Health, genetic, social history		
Nonidentifying information	48	573

	Ch.	Page
DOMESTIC RELATIONS—(continued):		
Adoption—(continued):		
Voluntary adoption registry		
Definitions	48	576
Implementation	48	578
Maintenance	48	578
Nondisclosure	48	578
Nonidentifying information		
Compilation	48	579
Operation of	48	581
Policy and purposes	48	576
Use	48	580
Annulment, divorce, separate maintenance		
Order for		
Relief	46	552
Other party		
Custodial, visitation rights		
Interferring with	46	555
Molesting or interferring with	46	555
Revisions or alterations	46	555
Child support		
Assets		
Disclosure	45	518
Automatic withholding	45	516
Order		_
Modification	45	518
Domestic violence		
Family or household members		
Crimes between		
Bail	47	571
Prevention		
Abuse		
Advisement of parties	4.77	F.00
Duty of responding officer	47	562
Law-enforcement agencies	40	EC7
Record keeping	47 47	567 568
Reporting	47	562
Transport of victims	47	563
Commencement of proceeding	47	561
Definitions	47	561
Leaving residence	41	001
Effect	47	561
Order of court	47	564
Protective orders	47	565
Enforcement	47	569
Violation	47	571
Temporary		
Enforcement	47	569
Hearing	47	564
Violation	47	571
Purpose of article	47	560
Family obligations, enforcement		
Child Advocate Office		
Child or enousal support.		
This is a second or the second	45	526
Observed from federal tax refunds	45	529
Confidentiality of records	45	529
	45	531
Representation	45	520
Definitions		

	Ch.	Page
DOMESTIC RELATIONS—(continued):		
Family obligations, enforcement—(continued):		
Family law masters		
Appointment	45	532
Compensation and expenses	45	533
Distribution of offices		
Regions by county	45	534
Employees of judicial branch	45	533
Hearings	45	535
Fees	45	536
Notice of hearing	45	538 532
Qualifications	45	532 532
Removal	45	532
Family support obligations Enforcement		
Arrearages	45	539
Remedies	45	538
Withholding from income	45	541
Paternity	40	041
Establishment		
Representation of parties	45	550
Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act		-
Children's Advocate		
Interests of child		
Representation	45	550
State		
Representation	45	551
Insurance		
Accident and sickness		
Children of insured		
Coverage		
Policies not to exclude	45	511
Medical support enforcement	45	511
EDUCATION:		
County boards of education		
Members	55	624
Eligibility	55 55	624
Residency requirement	00	021
Real estate Sale of, at public auction	56	626
Disposition of proceeds	56	626
Unneeded buildings	-	
Charitable or community use	57	627
School closing/consolidation		
Public hearing	57	628
Summer school programs		
Establishment	53	604
Tuition	53	604
Vacancies		
Filling	68	712
County superintendents		20.4
Acting superintendent	53	604
Compensation	53	604
Disability	53	603 622
Duties	54	623
Emergency powers	54	603
Health certificate	53 53	603
Qualifications	00	000
Financial assistance	65	656
Administration generally	00	000

	Ch.	Page
EDUCATION—(continued):		
Institutions of higher education		
Classified employees		
Catastrophic leave transfer	64	654
Experience increment	63	652
Salaries	63	651
Quality and performance		
Information regarding	62	642
Statewide report cards		
Completion	62	649
Dissemination	62	649
Health sciences		
Accountability/coordination	62	649
Legislative findings, intent	62	649
Information required	62	643-649
Preparation	62	643
Legislative Oversight Commission, Education Accountability		
Legislative rules	00	250
Review	62	650
Termination	62	651
Physical fitness and sports		504
Program	49	584
Public school support		
Instructional programs		
Improvement	50	500
Foundation allowance	52	598
Rural district boards	50	201
Transitional allocation	52	601
School accreditation		700
Educational Standards Compliance Review Team	50	589
Impaired schools	50	E07
Performance standards	50	587
Levels	50 50	588 586
Performance-based system	อบ	900
School Library Media Improvement Grant Program		
Grants Applications	52	597
	52 52	597
Criteria Legislative intent	52	597
School personnel	02	001
Commercial driver's license	53	607
Reimbursement	53	607
Electrician's license	-	٠
Reimbursement	53	607
Salaries	00	
Advanced classification	61	637
Definitions	61	635-637
	-	
Service personnel Class titles	53	609-617
Employment term	53	607
Personal leave		
Illness, other causes	53	619
Substitute during	53	621
State board of school finance		
Dudget		
Budget Determinations by board	59	632
Delicated amonditures	59	632
Davision	59	633
··· I C: L. Toolog Scholarghin Program		
	65	657
	65	658
Eligibility	65	657
5' HIRLINE		

	Ch.	Page
EDUCATION—(continued):		
Underwood-Smith Teacher Scholarship Program—(continued):		
Purposes	65	657
Scholarships		250
Agreement	65	659
Amount	65	661 662
Duration	65 65	660
Renewal conditions	69	000
School improvement councils		
Business/industry representative	58	630
West Virginia Share in Your Future Act	-	***
Commission		
Duties and responsibilities	51	592
Established	51	591
Termination	51	595
Incentives-based shares program		
Awards	51	594
Conversion of shares	51	594
Duties of county boards	51	595
Registration requirements	51	593
Scholarship funds	E 1	598
Nonprofit fund	51	996
West Virginia State College		
Land grant institution Designation	60	634
Designation	00	00-
EDUCATIONAL BROADCASTING AUTHORITY:		
Definitions	66	663
Legislative findings	66	663
West Virginia Distance Learning Coordinating Council		
Creation	66	664
Distance learning fund		
Created	66	665
Purpose	66	665
Duties	66	665
DI DOMICNO		
ELECTIONS:		
Absentee voting	68	678,679
Special list	99	010,013
Ballots	-00	CTC
Official	68	676
Correction	68	677
Packaging and delivery	68	67€
Printing		
Authorization		
Application	67	669
Certificate	67	668
Suspension, revocation	67	669
Vendors authorized	67	668
Sample	68	676
Correction	68	677
Packaging and delivery	68	676
County boards of educations		
Vacancies		
Filling	68	712
Election officials Compensation	68	677
Compensation	68	678

	Ch.	Page
ELECTIONS—(continued):		-
Electronic voting systems		
Ballot labels	68	683
Arrangement		
Procedure and requirements	68	683
Vote recording devices	68	687
Sealing	68	687
Financial statements		
Definitions	69	717
Information required	69	713
General elections		
Ballots	(*0)	704
Preparation and form	68	704
Political party committees Composition	20	673
Organization	68 68	675
Primary elections	00	010
Ballots		
Candidates		
Order	68	700
Drawing	68	701
Form and contents	68	696
Candidates		
Announcements		
Filing	68	692
Requirements	68	693
Nomination	68	691
Vacancies		
Filling	68	701
Withdrawal	68	695
Publication	68	696
Delegates to national conventions	68	688
Alternate	68	690
Presidential preference	68	691
Vacancies	00	
Assessor	68	711 709
Circuit court clerk	68 68	709
Clerk of county commission	68	710
County commissioner	68	708
Prosecuting attorney	68	711
Sheriff	68	711
Surveyor	68	711
Voting machines	• • •	•
Ballot labels	68	681
Arrangement	68	682
Position of candidates	68	682
Procedure and requirements	68	681
Vacancy changes	68	681
•		
FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN INSURANCE CORPORATION		
Repeal of article	. 31	445
Repeal of article		. 10
FEES AND ALLOWANCES:		
Sheriffs		
Prisoners		
Conveying	70	718
Mileage charged increase	70	118
	70	718
Service of process, subpoenas, writs Increasing fees	10	110

	Ch.	Page
FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION: Citizens Hearing Committee		
Abolished	71	720
Finance Division		
Created	72	721
Director	72	721
Financial accounting and reporting section		
Comptroller	72	722
Powers, responsibilities	72	723
Sections	72	721
Powers and duties	72	721
Management accounting Centralized system	72	721
FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL: Smoke detectors		
One- and two-family dwellings	73	725
Failure to install	73	726
Penalty	73	726
2 01017		
GROUNDWATER PROTECTION ACT:		
Appeal and review procedures	117	1176
Article enacting		
Conflicting provisions	117	1178
Effective dates		
Federal approval	117	1178
Purposes	117	1158
Severability	117	1178
Compliance		
Effect	117	1177
Definitions	117	1159
Fees		
Proceeds		
Dedication	117	1172,1173
Schedule		1171
Calculation	117	1171
Groundwater		
Agencies of government	117	1163
Express authority	117	1170
Certification program	117	1170
Purity and quality		
Natural Resources, Division	117	1167
Lead agency designation	117	1167
Additional powers, duties	117	1163
Regulatory agency	117	1161
Additional and cumulative rights.	117	1177
Groundwater Coordinating Committee	111	
Creation	117	1169
Groundwater Protection Fund		
Created and established	117	1172
Expenditures	117	1172
Groundwater Remediation Fund		
Created and established	117	1173
Expenditures	117	1173
Legislative findings.	117	1157
Natural Resources, Division		
Lead agency designation.	117	1167
Additional powers, duties	117	1167
Unassigned facilities		
Regulatory agency	117	1163

	Ch.	Page
GROUNDWATER PROTECTION ACT—(continued):		
Public policy	117	1158
Rights and remedies Existing, preserved	117	1177
Rule making	111	1177
Petition	117	1177
Violations		
Cease and desist order	117	1176
Reconsideration	117	1176
Civil penalties	117	1173
Administrative	117	1174
Use of proceeds	117	1175 1174
Criminal penalties	117 117	1174
Water Resources Board	111	1113
Authority	117	1161
Groundwater standards	117	1161
Water standards		
Natural Resources, Division		
Lead agency designation	117	1167
Additional powers, duties	117	1167
Regulatory agencies	117	1163
GUARANTEED WORK FORCE PROGRAM:		
Activities	74	729
Funds	74	728
Training program	74	727
HAZARDOUS AND MEDICAL WASTE: West Virginia Medical Waste Act Definitions	75	737-742
Infectious medical waste		
Collectors and haulers		
Regulation by PSC	75	750
Limitation	75	750
Commercial facilities prohibited	75 75	742 747
InspectionViolations	75	141
Civil actions	75	749
Enforcement orders	75	748
Hearings	75	749
Injunctive relief	75	749
Subpoenas	75	748
Primary agency Health and Human Resources	75	743
SecretaryLegislative rules	70	143
Promulgation	75	743
Scope	75	743-747
Powers	75	743
Samples	75	748
Analysis	75	748
Legislative findings	75	737
Purpose	75	737
HEALTH:		
Continuum of care Elderly, impaired and terminally ill		
Repeal of article	81	819
0.1	-	
Assistance to children	84	849
	84	848

	Ch.	Page
HEALTH—(continued):		
Health Care Cost Containment		
Certificate of need	78	766-774
Definitions	78	774
Nontransferability	78	788
State health planning/development agency	10	100
Powers and duties	78	781
Validity	78	785
Withdrawal	78	786
Health Care Cost Review Authority Board		
Budget expenses	78	803
Compensation	78	798
Composition	78	796
Cost-based rate review system		
Legislative mandate	78	805
Hospitals and related organizations		
Annual financial reporting	78	804
Legislative directives	78	805-807
Powers generally	78	801
Qualifications	78	796
Rates	78	807
DeterminationInitial rate schedule	10	001
Procedure	78	810
Revisions	78	811
Term	78	797
Continued	78	796
Definitions	78	794-796
Health Care Cost Review Council		
Advisory capacity	78	799
Composition	78	798
Established	78	798
Staff	78	800
Termination date	78	813
Health Care Facility Financial Disclosure		
Board	78	789
Defined	78	789
Reports and review	10	100
Form	78	791
Inspection	78	793
Powers and duties	78	789-790
Publication and filing	78	790
Failure	78	793
Injunction	78	793
Penalty	78	794
Definitions	78	788 788
Legislative findings	78	100
Health Care Planning Commission	76	756
Appointment	76	757
Compensation	76	756
Created	76	756
Effective date	76	763
Expenses	76	757
Funding	76	763
Legislative findings	76	754
State health plan		
Coordination and development	76	757
Specific duties of commission	76	759
Termination	76	763
Terms	76	756

	Ch.	Page
HEALTH—(continued):		
Hearing impaired		
Newborn infants		
Registration	80	817
Reporting	80	818
Hypothyroidism		
Assistance to children	84	849
Tests for	84	848
Infants		
Developmentally delayed	00	000 000
Definitions	82	820-822
Early Intervention Interagency Coordinating Council	00	823
Established	82	824
Provision for services	82	044
Health and Human Resources	82	822
Responsibilities	82	820
Legislative findings	02	820
Hearing impaired Registration	80	817
Reporting	80	818
Legislative Health Care Oversight Committee	80	010
Established	76	762
Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program	10	102
Created	83	828
Definitions	83	826-828
Funding	83	846
Information	-	
Facility posting	83	845
Legislative purpose	83	826
Legislative rules		
Promulgation	83	846
Ombudsman		
Complaints		
Investigation	83	835
Access to facilities	83	836-838
Civil liability		
Immunity	83	843
Confidentiality	83	841
Departments or agencies		
Cooperation	83	840
Duties	83	820
Willful interference	83	843-845
Penalties	83	844
Legal council	83	843
Qualifications	83	828
Records	00	838
Access	83 83	839
Subpoena powers	83	833
Volunteer program	69	000
Volunteers		
Civil liability	83	843
Immunity	83	833.834
Duties	83	843-845
Penalties	83	844
Penalties Legal council	83	843
Legal council Qualifications	83	833
Qualifications Training and certification	83	834
- 1 1		3
Regional program Establishment	83	830
Establishment		

**************************************	Ch.	Page
HEALTH—(continued):		
Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program—(continued):		
Regional program—(continued): Ombudsman		
Certification	. 83	831
Complaints	. 00	001
Investigation	. 83	835
Access to facilities		836-838
Duties		831,832
		831
Qualifications		832
Training		846
	. 00	040
Mental retardation		
Phenylketonuria	. 84	848
Program to combat	. 04	040
Natural Death Act	85	850
Definitions	. 60	890
Living will		
Declarant	85	856
Competency and intent		857
Transfer to other physician		852
Executing	89	802
Insurance	85	857
No legal impairment	60	601
Life support		
Withholding		
Assisting suicide	05	050
Expressly not to constitute		857 856
Immunity from liability		
No legal impairment	85	857
Nonexisting	0.5	857
No legal presumption	85	
Previously executed		858 858
Reciprocity	85	
Revocation	85	855
Sample form	85	853
Terminal condition		
Confirmation, documentation	05	855
Physician's duty	85	899
Medical necessity		
Common law doctrine	OF	858
Not abrogated	85 85	858
Severability of article	. 60	000
Phenylketonuria	. 84	849
Assistance to children		848
Tests for	04	040
State Division of Health		
Rules and regulations	. 76	752
Promulgation	10	102
Uniform Health Professionals Data Collection	77	764
System established		104
WIC Program		
Federal funds	79	814
Deposit in special account	13	014
HODGE AND DOG DACING.		
HORSE AND DOG RACING:		
Frank Gall Memorial Stakes	86	861
Established		304
Restricted races	86	864
Funding	00	
Thoroughbred Development Fund	86	860
Distribution	90	859
E/ALACHISDEC		

	Çh.	Page
HORSE AND DOG RACING—(continued):		_
Thoroughbred Development Fund—(continued):		
Purpose	86	859
Sire owners		
Share	86	861,862
West Virginia Futurity		
Established	86	861
HUMANE OFFICERS:		
Cruelty to animals	36	460
Animal fighting	00	100
Prohibited	36	463
Hearing	36	460
Liability for costs	36	461
Penalties	36	462
Reporting	36	461
Duty	36	459
Interference with		
Penalty	36	460
IIIMAN CEDUICEC.		
HUMAN SERVICES: Caseload standards		
Commissioner to develop	87	865
Committee	87	865
	01	609
Employee organization representatives Advisory role	87	866
Defined	87	866
Personal services	01	500
Budget request	87	866
2 4 6 0 1 0 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	•	
HUNTING AND FISHING:		
Class K nonresident fishing license		
Fee	88	867
Issuance		
Reducing time period	88	867
Trout stamps		
Additional fee	88	867
THINMAN COOK DADY AND DECDE AMOND DICEDION		
HUNTINGTON PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT:	175	1661
Financing and financial powers	175	1665
Law enforcement	175	1000
INSURANCE:		
Accident and Sickness Policies		
See "Policies" within this heading		
Captive insurance		
Examination, investigations	89	922
Companies generally		
Hazardous financial condition		
Article		
Purpose	89	925
Severability	89	930
Definitions	89	924
Delinquency proceedings	89	929
Commissioner	00	000
Immunity from liability	89	929
Rules	89	929
Determination	90	000
Commissioner's authority	89	928
Ctandarda	89 89	925
Rehabilitation, liquidation proceedings	οσ	929
Commissionar	89	929
Immunity from liability	89	929
Dulos	30	

Index 1735

	Ch.	Pag
INSURANCE—(continued):		
Consumer Advocacy, Office of		
Authority		93
Retroactive effect prohibited		93:
Director		93
Promulgation of rules		931
Established		931
Funding	. 90	933
Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Companies		005
Applicability of other provisions	. 89	887
Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation	01	445
Repeal of article	. 31	448
Fraternal Benefit Societies	vo.	888
Applicability of other provisions	89	000
Group Accident and Sickness Policies		
See "Policies" within this heading		
Health care corporations		
Affiliate and subsidiary operating results		
Commissioner Promulgation of rules	89	903
Annual report	89	903
Definitions	89	899
Discrimination prohibited	-	978
Insurance commissioner	.,-	570
Supervision by	89 93	899,966
Insurance laws	017,1377	000,000
Exemption from	89.93	900,966
Rehabilitation services	Ontino	
Third party reimbursement	94	976
Health Maintenance Organization Act		
Affiliate and subsidiary operating results		
Rules and regulations		
Authority of commissioner	89	913
Annual report	89	910
Certificate of authority		
Issuance	89	907
Definitions	89	904-907
Discrimination prohibited	94	980
Examinations	89	911
Robabilitation services		
Third party reimbursement	94	978
Statutory construction	89.93	912,967
Hospital, medical, dental and health service corporations		
Commissioner		
Contracts, forms, fees		
Approval	89	892
Enforcement of article	89	891
Rates		una.
Approval	89	892 899
Rule making authority	89	4
Definitions	89	893-895 976
Discrimination prohibited	94	916
Domestic corporations		895
Delinquency proceedings	89	690
Ordors		897
Ex parte, injunctions and other	89	898
Liquidation	(7,7	889,965
Exemptions	89,93	608,800
Funds		
Bonds	on.	893
Corporate officers, employees	89	893
Minimum statutory surplus	89	0,743

	Cn.	rage
INSURANCE—(continued):		
Hospital, medical, dental and health service corporations—(continued):		
Insurance laws		
Applicability	89,93	889,965
Investments	00	000
Method	89	892
Licenses	89	890
Corporation	00	901
Certain descriptive words prohibited	89	891
Requirements	89	890
Rehabilitation services Third party reimbursement	94	974
Insurance Commissioner	94	914
Compensation	89	871
	09	5/1
Employees Expenses	89	871
Expenses	89	871
Health care corporations	03	011
See "Health care corporations"		
within this heading		
Hospital and other service corporations		
See "Hospital" within this heading		
Insurers, agents, brokers, solicitors		
Annual statement	89	876
Books, records, etc.	00	0.0
Examination	89	874
Domestic	00	0
Reciprocal state laws		
Compliance	89	879
Examination	89	871
Risks		
Limit	89	878
Reinsurance	89	878
Office location	89	871
Rates		
Accident and sickness		
Affiliate, subsidiary operating results		
Commissioner to promulgate rules	89	887
Malpractice insurance policies		
Affiliate, subsidiary operating results		
Commissioner to promulgate rules	89	887
Rates and rating organizations		
Affiliate, subsidiary operating results		
Commissioner to promulgate rules	89	887
Insurance holding company systems		
Audit	89	923
Consolidated or combined	89	919-922
nsurers, agents, brokers, solicitors	00	315-322
Annual statement	89	876
Rooks records etc.		
Examination	89	874
Domestic		
Paciprocal state laws	00	
Compliance	89	879
Examination	89	871
Investments	89	881
Government investigations Limitation	89	881
Limitation	89	882
D'1-		552
Risks Limit	89	878
Reinsurance	89	878

Index 1737

	Ch.	Page
INSURANCE-(continued):		
Investments		
Government investigations	89	881
Limitation	89	881
Real property mortgages	89	882
Licensing, fees and taxation		
Capital, surplus requirements	89	875
Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act		
Association	00	015.016
Powers and duties	89	915-919
Scope of article	89	914
Malpractice insurance policies		
See "Policies" within this heading		
Policies		
Accident and sickness	91	934
Application	91	934
Requirements	31	704
Group		
Benefits, coverages Basic	93	950
Disclosures	93	952
	93	951
Required provisions	70	301
Mandatory	93	949
Exemption	93	950
Minimum	93	949
Optional	93	948
Definitions	94	974
Discrimination prohibited	34	3714
Employer Certification by	93	953
Findings and purpose	93	948
Rates	70	540
Prohibitions against discrimination	93	952
Rehabilitation services	00	002
Third party reimbursement	94	972
Rules and regulations	٠.	
Commissioner to promulgate	93	953
Tax exemption	93	954
Health care providers		
Discrimination prohibited	94	972
Individual		
Basic benefits	93	947
Loss ratio guarantees	93	939
Calculation	93	940
Definitions	93	939
Duties of commissioner	93	941
Establishment by commissioner	93	940
Form	93	941
Minimum rate	93	940
Participation by insurer	93	941
Application	93	941
Premium refunds	93	943
Calculation	93	943
Payment	93	943
Rating practices		
Disclosure	93	944
Rejection	93	944
Hearing	93	945
Requirements	93	942
Rules and regulations	4111	
Promulgation by commissioner	93	941

	Ch.	Page
INSURANCE—(continued):		
Policies—(continued):		
Accident and Sickness—(continued):		
Individual—(continued):		
Policy design		
Minimum benefits, coverage	93	945
Tax exemption	93	947
Rehabilitation services		
Third party reimbursement	94	970
Right to return	91	936
Small employer		
Article		0.04
Effective date	93	964
Plans subject to	93	957
Provisions	00	000
Suspension	93	963
Purpose of	93	954 954-957
Definitions	93	994-997
Health care benefit plans		
Continuous coverage	93	964
Restrictions	90	304
Employer		
Discrimination as to payment	93	965
ProhibitedObligations	93	965
Pre-existing conditions	93	964
Premium rates	93	958
Disclosure	93	962
Increases	93	959
Maximum	93	959
Renewability	93	961
Disclosure	93	962
Exceptions	93	961
Insurer		
Records		
Maintenance	93	963
Marketing		
Discrimination prohibited	93	958
Violations, penalties	93	958
Rules and regulations		
Commissioner to promulgate	93	961
Malpractice policies		
Cancellation	05	983
Tail insurance offered	95	983
Legislative rules		
Emergency	95	984
Promulgation	30	304
Premium payments	95	984
Amortization	30	504
Physicians or podiatrists		
Civil actions against Insurers required to report	95	981
Failure		
Hearing	95	982
Penalties	95	982
Tail incurance		
Definitions	95	983
Legislative rules		
Emergency		
Promulgation	95	984
Description payments	05	00.
Amortization	95	984

	Ch.	Pag
INSURANCE—(continued):		
Policies—(continued):		
Malpractice policies—(continued):		
Tail insurance—(continued):		
Scope of article	95	98
When offered	95	98:
Motor vehicle		
Loaned	00	
Coverage	92	93'
Coverage for injury	92	933
Rates	92	93
Accident and sickness		
Affiliate, subsidiary operating results		
Commissioner to promulgate rules	89	887
Malpractice insurance policies	0.7	001
Affiliate, subsidiary operating results		
Commissioner to promulgate rules	89	887
Rates and rating organizations	0.,	00.
Affiliate, subsidiary operating results		
Commissioner to promulgate rules	89	887
Real property	-	
Valuation	89	880
Rehabilitation and liquidation		
Definitions	89	884-886
Risk Retention Act		
Retention group		
Financial condition		
Examination	89	922
JURIES:		
Grand jurors		
Compensation and mileage	96	985
LABOR:		
Minimum wage		
Increasing	97	986
Training wage	91	200
Established	97	986
DAGOTISHED		.,,,,,
LEGAL HOLIDAYS:		
Native American Indian Heritage Week	98	987
,		
LEGISLATIVE RULES:		
Administration, Department of		
Authorization to promulgate		
Division of Personnel .	99	996
Division of Purchasing	99	996
Secretary		
Modification of rules	99	997,998
Authorization to promulgate		
Agriculture, Commissioner	99	1075
Air Pollution Control Commission	99	998
Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner	99	1044
Attorney General	99	1079
Barbers and Beauticians	99 99	1084 1095
Cable Television Advisory Board	99 99	1095
Culture and History, Division	99	1025
Dental Examiners	99	1039
Employment Security, Division	99	1002
Energy, Division	99	1040
rire Commission	****	10-10

	Ch.	Page
LEGISLATIVE RULES—(continued):		
Authorization to promulgate—(continued):		
Health Care Cost Review Authority	99	1036
Health, Division	99	1026
Health, State Board	99	1026
Highways, Division	99	1069
Hospital Finance Authority	99	1039
Human Rights Commission	99	1040
Insurance, Commissioner	99	1048
Land Surveyors, State Board of Examiners	99	1090
Lottery Commission	99	1050
Manufactured Housing Construction & Safety	99	1025
Medicine, Board	99	1090
Natural Resources, Division	99	1009
Nonintoxicating Beer Commissioner	99	1069
Pharmacy, Board	99	1093
Professional Engineers, State Board of	55	1000
Registration	99	1089
Public Safety, Division	99	1043
Racing Commission	99	1050
Regional Jail & Correctional Facility Authority	99	1030
Registered Professional Nurses, Board of Examiners	99	1093
Secretary of State	99	1094
Solid Waste Management Board	99	1024
Tax Department	99	1055
Treasurer	99	1095
Water Resources Board	99	1021
LIENS: Mechanics' lien Architect	100	1098
Contract		
What deemed included	100	1098
Contractor	100	1096
Engineer	100	1098
Landscape architect	100	1098
Mechanic or laborer		
Working for contractor or subcontractor	100	1097
Working for owner	100	1097
Subcontractor	100	1097
MEDICAID UNCOMPENSATED CARE FUND:		
CreationCreation	101	1100
Disproportionate share hospitals	101	1101
Legislative findings	101	1099
Legislative reports	101	1102
Legistative reports	101	1102
MINES AND MINERALS:		
Underground mines		
Protective equipment, clothing	102	1103
1 Totective equipment, cloums		
MOTOR CARRIERS:	100	
Definitions	103	1104
non-outstien of norgans and property	***	
Vehicles exempt	103	1106
AOTOD VEHICI ES		
MOTOR VEHICLES:		
Driver's Licensing Advisory Board		
Board members Per diem increase	105	1111
	105	1110
Pagrested		

	Ch.	Page
MOTOR VEHICLES—(continued):		
DUI conviction		
Appeal		
Failure		
Administrative hearing eliminated	107	1117
Revocation or suspension	107	1115
Emergency vehicles		
Authorized	106	1113
Defined	106	1112
Permits	106	1112
Equipment		
Lamps		
Special restrictions	106	1112
Governmental vehicles		110
Registration plates	118	1195
Inspection sticker		
Operation of vehicle without		
Dealers	100	1101
Certain exemption for	109	1121 1121
Misdemeanor offense	109 109	1122
Fine	109	1122
Licenses		
DUI conviction		
Appeal Failure		
Administrative hearing eliminated	107	1117
Revocation or suspension.	107	1115
Issuance	171	1621
Fees	171	1621
Voter Registration-Driver's Licensing Fund	111	1021
Payment	171	1621
New residence	111	11,21
Registration of vehicles	104	1108
State Road Fund		
License fees		
Payment of partial	171	1620
Sun screening devices		
Definitions	108	1119
Specifications	108	1118
Exception	108	1119
Violations		
Penalty	108	1121
MUNICIPALITIES:		
County Airport Authorities		
Airport properties Conveyance by county commission	113	1146
	4117	1140
Article governing Cumulative provisions	113	1148
Liberal construction	113	1148
Purpose	113	1147
Dissolution		
Procedure	113	1147
Employace		
Full-time, public employees	113	1145
Funda	113	1144
Agazanting	113	1144
Reporting	113	1144
C. and the		
Disposition	113	1146
Indebtedness		
Authority may incur	113	1145
NY 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	113	1145

	Ch.	Page
MUNICIPALITIES—(continued):		
County Airport Authorities—(continued):		
Members		
Appointment	113	1140
Compensation	113	1141
Powers and duties	113	1140
Removal or replacement	113	1141
Terms	113	1140
Powers generally	113	1141
Public agencies	113	1140
Taxes and fees		
Exemption	113	1145
Industrial park		
Taxation of portion	113	1146
Paid police and fire departments		
Experience, written competitive exams		
Promotions based on	111	1125,1126
Real or personal property		
Lease as lessor		
Extending term	110	1123
Retirement benefits generally		
Death benefits	112	1132
Disability pensions.	112	1130
Legislative findings	112	1127
Pension and relief funds		
Actuarial soundness		
Minimum standards	112	1128
Pension benefits		1120
Benefit payable	112	1136
Supplemental entitlement.	112	1135
Calculation	112	1135-1138
		1100 1100
NATURAL DEATH ACT:		
	85	850
Definitions	89	690
Living will		
Declarant	05	856
Competency and intent	85	857
Transfer to other physician	85 85	852
Executing	89	894
Insurance	85	857
No legal impairment	89	807
Life support		
Withholding		
Assisting suicide	05	857
Expressly not to constitute	85	
Immunity from liability	85	856
No legal impairment	85	857
Nonexisting	05	057
No legal presumption	85	857
Previously executed	85	858
Reciprocity	85	858
Revocation	85	855
Sample form	85	853
Terminal condition		
Confirmation, documentation	05	02-
Physician's duty	85	855
Medical necessity		
Common law doctrine	05	
Not abrogated	85	858
Soverability of article	85	858

	Ch.	Page
NATURAL RESOURES:		
Fishing		
Developmentally disabled residents		
Definition	115	1152
License, permit not required.	115	1149
Groundwater Protection Act		
Appeal and review procedures	117	1176
Article enacting		
Conflicting provisions	117	1178
Effective dates	115	1150
Federal approval	117	1178
Purposes	117	1158
Severability	117	1178
Effect	117	1177
Definitions	117	1159
Fees	117	1199
Proceeds		
Dedication	117	1172.1173
Schedule	111	1112.1110
Calculation	117	1171
Groundwater	111	1171
Agencies of government		
Express authority	117	1163
Certification program	117	1170
Purity and quality		11.0
Natural Resources, Division		
Lead agency designation	117	1167
Additional powers, duties	117	1167
Regulatory agency	117	1163
Standards	117	1161
Additional and cumulative rights	117	1177
Groundwater Coordinating Committee		
Creation	117	1169
Groundwater Protection Fund		
Created and established	117	1172
Expenditures	117	1172
Groundwater Remediation Fund		
Created and established	117	1173
Expenditures	117	1173
Legislative findings	117	1157
Natural Resources, Division		
Lead agency designation	117	1167
Additional powers, duties	117	1167
Unassigned facilities	117	1163
Regulatory agency	117	1158
Public policy	111	11.00
Rights and remedies Existing, preserved	117	1177
Rule making		
Petition	117	1177
Violations	•••	
Cease and desist order	117	1176
Reconsideration	117	1176
Civil penalties	117	1173
Administrative	117	1174
Use of proceeds	117	1175
Criminal penalties	117	1174
Injunctions	117	1175
Water Resources Board		
Authority	117	1161
Groundwater standards	117	1161

INDEX

	Ch.	Page
NATURAL RESOURCES—(continued):		
Groundwater Protection Act—(continued):		
Water standards		
Natural Resources, Division		
Lead agency designation	117	1167
Additional powers, duties		1167
Regulatory agencies.		1163
Underground petroleum storage tanks	***	1100
Corrective action	116	1153
"Owner" defined	116	1155
Wildlife	110	1100
Migratory wild birds		
Possession		
Exceptions	114	1149
Descession during open sesson	114	1148
Possession during open season	114	
Permit for additional period	114	1148
NONINTOXICATING BEER:		
Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner	110	1100
Administrators, employees, agents		1183
Audit		1198
Oath and bond		1197
Responsibility		1183
Salary increase	118	1198
Sale of liquor		
Licenses		
Revocation		1199
Wholesale prices	118	1198
Barrel tax		
Collection		1186
Levy and imposition		
Payment		1185
Reporting	118	1185
Brewpubs		
Records	118,119	1186,1217
Sale of beer		
Limitation to premises	119	1212
Brewers, manufacturers, distributors, dealers, brewpubs		
Brewpubs		
Sale of beer		
Limitation to premises	119	1212
Distributors		
When brewers may act as	119	1211
Franchise agreements		
Requirements	119	1224
Transfer	119	1226
Disputes		
Arbitration	119	1227
Notice	119	1226
Violations		
Penalties	119	1228
Laheling		
Container proscriptions	119	1219
License		
Brewers		
Rand	. 119	1214
Fee	119	1214
Duramanha		
Brewpubs Bond	119	1214
E	. 119	1214
(1) A	. 113	1212
Bond	119	1215
Bond		

	Ch.	Pag
NONINTOXICATING BEER—(continued):		
Brewers, manufacturers, distributors, dealers, brewpubs—(continued) License—(continued):	ı:	
Class A—(continued):		
Fee	. 119	1212.121
Revocation	119	1212,121
Prosecuting attorney	113	121
Duty	. 119	121
Class B	. 119	121
Fee		121
Distributors		
Bond	. 119	121
Fee	. 119	121
Fees generally		1212-1214
Tax		
Amount	. 119	1212
Municipal	. 119	1228
Records	.118.119	1186,1217
Unpaid tax		
Collection	.118,119	1187,1217
Penalty	. 118	1187
Violations		
License		
Revocation or suspension		1188
Hearing		1189
Notice		1189
Judicial review		1190
Monetary penalty	. 118	1188
Nonintoxicating Beer Enforcement Fund		
Established		1188
Definitions	.118,119	1182,1210
License	110	1011
One capacity only	119	1211
Licensee	110	1219
Unlawful acts		1219
Criminal penalties Nonintoxicating Beer Enforcement Fund	117	122.3
Established	118	1188
Tax Procedures and Administration Act	110	1100
Beer barrel tax included	118	1181
Wine liter tax included		1181
Will field the file force		1101
PESTICIDES:		
Interagency Committee on Pesticides		
Repeal of article	120	1229
POET LAUREATE:		
Salary	121	1230
PROBATION AND PAROLE:		
Parole hearing or release date		
Victim or member of immediate family	100	4.3.40
Notification	122	1230
PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS:		
Auctioneers		
Advertising	123	1245
Apprentice		
Duties	123	1241
Examination	123	1238
Fee		1237

	Ch.	Page
PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS—(continued):		
Auctioneers—(continued):		
Complaints		
Investigation	123	1240
Board of Review	123	1240
Contracts		
Written required	123	1244
Definitions	123	1232
License	123	1233
Applicants	100	1236
Examination	123 123	1236
Fee	123	1431
Apprentice Examination	123	1238
Fee	123	1237
Nonresident	120	1201
Procedure for obtaining	123	1241
Bond	123	1234
Licensee		
Duties	123	1236
Nonresident		
Procedure for obtaining	123	1241
Procedure	123	1233
Requirements	123	1236
Revocation	123	1243
Rules and regulations	123	1236
Statutory agent	123	1234
Violations		1010
Civil penalties	123	1242
Criminal penalties	123	1242
Barbers and Beauticians		
Board of		
License of registration		
Cancellation, refusal to issue or renew	132	1310
Grounds	132	1310
Notice to Board	132	1310
Registration fee	132	1310
Contractor Licensing Act	102	1010
Contractor Licensing Board		
Administrative duties	124	1252
Appointment	124	1250
Created	124	1250
Disciplinary powers	124	1257
Members	124	1250
Qualifications	124	1251
Term	124	1250
Quorum	124	1251
Record keeping	124	1261
Rules and regulations	124	1261
Termination	124	1264
Vacancies	124	1251
Contractors	104	1045
Article governing	124	1247
Violations	124	1256
Criminal penalties	124	1256 1256
Injunction	124	1200
Bid		
Invitation	124	1256
Notice included	154	1200
Building permits Prerequisites to obtaining	124	1255
Proreguisites to obtaining		

	Ch.	Pag
PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS—(continued):		
Contractor Licensing Act—(continued):		
Contractor Licensing Board—(continued):		
Licensure		
Application	124	1254
Exemptions	124 124	1253
FeeLicense	124	1254
Expiration	124	1258
Renewal	124	1256
Revocation	124	1255
Unlawful use	124	1258
Necessity	124	1253
Definitions	124	1247
Labor, Division of		
Administrative duties.	124	1260
Policy declared	124	1247
Reciprocity	124	1264
Medicine, surgery or podiatry		
License to practice	125	1265
Biennial renewal	126	1268
Continuing education	126	1269
Examination	125	1267
Inactive	100	1070
Renewal	126	1270 1269
Renewal	126 126	1269
Continuing education	126	1269
FeeRequirements.	125	1267
Osteopathic physician assistants	120	1201
Board of Osteopathy		
Certification by	130	1289
Disciplinary procedures	130	1291
Job descriptions		
Approval	130	1290
Rules	130	1289
Definitions	130	1288
Disciplinary procedures	130	1291
Drugs	100	****
Prescription of	130	1293
Application	130	1294
Independent Expressly prohibited	130	1294
Limitation	130	1293
Employment	100	1200
Limitation and duties	130	1292
Identification	130	1291
Legal responsibility	130	1290
Representation as physician		
Unlawful	130	1293
Felony penalty	130	1293
Supervising Osteopaths	190	1290
Job descriptions furnished by	130 130	1290
Legal responsibility	190	1230
Title Unlawful use of	130	1293
Pharmacists		
Out of state		
Registration	128	1280
Registration		
Renewal		
Annual	128	1281

	Ch.	Page
PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS—(continued):		
Pharmacy. Board of		
Drugs, medicines, etc		
Controlled substances		
Permit to handle		
Fee	128	1285
Legend drugs	128	1284
Permit for manufacture	128	1284
Application	~=0	
Fee	128	1284
Violation of provisions		
Penalties	128	1285
Members		
Appointment	128	1279
Qualifications	128	1279
Terms	128	1279
Pharmacies or drug stores		
Conduct of business		
Permit	128	1282
Fees	128	1282
Use of	128	1283
Pharmacist	128	1282
Pharmacist-in-charge	128	1283
Mail order houses		
Permits	129	1286
Registration	129	1287
Wholesale distributor		
Exemption	129	1287
Registration	128	1281
Pharmacists		
Out of state		
Registration	128	1280
Registration		
Renewal		
Annual	128	1281
Fees	128	1280
Powers and duties	128	1280
Physician assistants		
Certification	127	1273
Renewal	127	1277
Fee	127	1277
Temporary	127	1274
Continuing education	127	1276
Definitions	127	1271
Drug therapy	105	1276
Continuing education	127	
Duties	127	1275 1276
Limitations	127	1270
Prescription drugs		
Dispensing	127	1275,1276
Limitations	127	1273,1273
Refraction excluded	121	1210
Psychologists and school psychologists	191	1302
Board of examiners	131	
Compensation	131	1303
Funds	131	1303
Members	131	1302
Term	131	1302
Officers	131	1302
Powers and duties	131	1303
Powers and duties	131	1295
LIGITATIONS		

	Ch.	Page
PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS—(continued):		
Psychologists and school psychologists—(continued):		
License	131	1301
ApplicationEligibility requirements	131 131	1306 1305,1307
Psychology	191	1000,100
Firms practicing		
License required	131	1301
School psychologists		
Doctoral applicants		
Eligibility	131	1308
Eligibility	131	1308
Independent practitioner	191	1900
EligibilityLicense	131 131	1307 1309
Display	131	1309
Renewal	131	1309
Fee	131	1309
Resident		
Eligibility	131	1306
PUBLIC DEFENDER:		
Private practice of law		
Prohibition	133	1311
DUDI 10 DWDI OVDDO INGUN I NOD		
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE:		
Article governing Administration		
Rules and regulations	134	1320
Finance Board		
Financial plan	134	1315
Annual	134	1319
Fiscal year 1992.	134	1317
Initial	134	1315 1314
Powers and duties	134	1314
Retired employees Deceased		
Dependents		
Eligibility	134	1321
Eligibility of certain	134	1320,1321
State health care		
Balance billing	104	1005
Express prohibition	134 134	1325 1326
Exception.	104	1020
Departments and divisions Cooperation	134	1322
Plan	134	1322
Contents	134	1323
Purchase of		
Late payments	134	1324
PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES:		
Debt Management Act of 1991 Debt information reporting	135	1329
Debt Management Division		1040
Debt Management, Division Created	135	1327
Director	135	1327
Powers and duties	135	1328
Promulgation of rules	135	1330
Definitions	135	1328
Uniform Securities Act	136	1330
Exemptions	136	1332

	Ch.	Page
PUBLIC PORT/WAYPORT AUTHORITY:		
Board of directors		
Executive director		***
Appointment		1340
Compensation		1340 1340
Members		
Compensation	. 137	1338
Reimbursement in lieu of	. 137	1339
Qualifications		1338
Term		1339
Officers		1338
Definitions		1340
Expenses	. 1.71	1.740
Preliminary	. 137	1353
Port revenue bonds		1.,,,,,
Generally	. 137	1347
Trust agreements		1349
Powers and duties		1341
Public port projects		
Tolls, rents, fees, charges, revenues	. 137	1350
Refunding bonds		
Authorized	. 137	1354
Generally		1354
Remedies		1352
Reorganizing and combining		1338
Special operations fund	. 137	1346
Tax exemption		1352
Trust funds	. 137	1351
PUBLIC SAFETY: Children Disappearance, missing		
Network to implement reports	138	1358
Vital statistics		
Mechanism for reporting to	. 138	1358
Notation on birth records	. 138	1359
Public schools		
Birth certificate required	. 138	1359
Failure to produce		
Law-enforcement agency	***	
Notification		1360
Superintendent		1191
Powers	.118,138	
Salary increase	. 118	1191
Turnpike		
Patrol of	118	1194
Vital statistics		
Children		
		
Disappearance, missing Mechanism for reporting	138	1358
Mechanism for reporting	138	1358
Network to implement reports	138	1359
Notation on birth records	190	1005
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION:	139	1361
Jublication of information	-00	2.70

	Ch.	Pag
RADIOACTIVE WASTE: Storage and disposal		
Definitions	140	136
Prohibitions	140	136
RAILROAD MAINTENANCE AUTHORITY:		
Membership	142	136
North Bend Rail Trail	141	136
REAL ESTATE BROKERS:		
Commissions		
Actions for	143	1368
License Revocation	143	1369
REAL PROPERTY:		
Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act		
Definitions	144	1371
Real estate appraisers	144	1011
	144	1378
Examination	144	
License and certification	144	1373
Classification	144	1376
Exception	144	1373
Fees	144	1378
Nonresidents	144	1379
Term	144	1376
Qualifications	144	1377
Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board		
General powers and duties	144	1374
CONCURRENT: HCR 12, Requesting the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to continue the study of area health education centers (AHEC)		1669
HCR 27, Study by Joint Committee on Government and Finance of accessibility to the State Capitol by the physically disabled		1670
HCR 28, Raising a Joint Assembly to hear an address by the		
Honorable Robert C. Byrd, Senator of the Congress of the United States.		1671
HCR 32, Urging the U. S. Congress to enact a national health plan		
providing access to health care for all Americans		1671
to state		1673
Aluminum Corporation		1674
JOINT:		
SJR 4, Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State, designated the Local Government Levy and Bond Issue Amendment		1679
House:		
HR 9, Creating a Select Committee on Redistricting		1675
HR 18, Urging the President to support civil right initiatives to help minorities and women in this country reach their full potential		1675
HR 21, Recognizing and commending the three medical schools for		_0.0
HR 21, Recognizing and commending the three medical schools for collaborative efforts in the development of foundation support for rural primary care centers.		1676
Senate:		
SR 8, Requesting that the United States government release information regarding WV POWs and MIAs still unaccounted for		1677
SR 13, Commemorating death of Rueben G. Kirk III, the first West		
Virginian to die in Operation Desert Shield		1678

INDEX

SALVA CD VA DDG	Ch.	Page
SALVAGE YARDS: Definitions	. 145	1381
SHERIFFS:		
Fees charged by		
See FEES AND ALLOWANCES.		
SUNSET:		
Corrections, Division of		
Continuation.	. 153	1395
Family Law Masters System Continuation	. 158	1399
Geological and Economic Survey	. 100	1000
Continuation	. 154	1395
Governmental entities or programs		
Termination	. 146	1382
Labor-Management Council Continuation	. 148	1386
Lottery Commission	. 140	1990
Continuation	. 157	1399
Oil and Gas Conservation Commission		
Continuation	. 152	1391
Personnel, Division of		
Termination	. 155	1396
Rural Resources Division Continuation	. 150	1387
State Soil Conservation Committee	. 100	1301
Continuation	. 151	1388
Tourism and Parks, Division		
Termination date extended	. 147	1385
Veterans' Affairs Advisory Council, Labor-Management Relations		
Board, Minimum Wage Rate Board, Mental Retardation Advisory Committee, Savings and Loan Association		
Repeal of sections	. 149	1386
Women's Commission	. 140	1000
Continuation	.156,173	1397,1628
SURFACE MINING:		
Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Act		
General revision	. 159	1401-1453
SYNTHETIC FUEL:		
Coal-based synthetic fuel industry		
Development and promotion	. 160	1455
Office of Community & Industrial Development	. 100	1400
Coal-based liquids		
Industrial facilities producing		
Investment		
Tax credit	. 160	1458
TAXATION:		
Business franchise tax		
Business activities report	. 167	1553
Financial organizations		
Imposition of tax	. 167	1546
Payment to another state		
Tax credit	. 167	1552
Magning of terms	. 167	1530
Undating	. 100	1580
Report by Commissioner of Banking	. 167	1579

	Ch.	Page
TAXATION-(continued):		
Business franchise tax—(continued):		
Tax base	105	1500
Apportionment		1539 1546
Financial organizations		1546
Corporation net income tax	101	1040
Financial organizations		
Imposition of tax	. 167	1571
Payment to another state		
Tax credit	. 167	1578
Meaning of terms	. 167	1555
Updating		1580
Report by Commissioner of Banking	. 167	1579
Tax base	105	1500
Apportionment		1560 1571
Special rules		1571
Hotel occupancy tax	. 10.7	13/1
Convention and visitor's bureaus		
Annual reports	. 161	1464
Proceeds		1465
Application		1465
Management Information Services Facility		
Qualified investment		
Tax credits	. 164	1481-1521
Personal income tax		
Updating meaning of terms	. 166	1528
Rehabilitated buildings investment	105	1500 1500
Definitions		1523,1526 1525
Corporation net income tax credit		1525
Carryback, carryforward		1526
Termination		1527
Personal income tax credit		1523
Carryback, carryforward		1524
Procedures		1524
Termination		1525
Severance tax		
Counties and municipalities		
Additional tax for benefit	100	1.479
Credits not to apply	163	1473
Taxpayer information Confidentiality		
Exceptions	162	1470
Disclosure		1470
Disclosur		
VETERANS:		
Armed Forces		
Members		
Death of	170	1507
Income taxes	170	1597
Civil service system Definitions	169 170	1583 1613
	100,170	1000,1010
Corporation net income tax Military incentive tax credit	170	1600
Desert Shield service		
Combat pay exempt	170	1593
Tay returns		
Extension of time	170	1594
Military Incentive Program	150	1000
Definitions	170	1609

INDEX

	Ch.	Page
/ETERANS-(continued):		
Military Incentive Program—(continued):		
Legislative intent	170	1608
Program administration	170	1612
Tax credit	170	1610
Amount	170	1610 1610
Eligibility	$\frac{170}{170}$	1611
Military incentive tax credit	170	1593, 1600
Military personnel or dependents	110	1050, 1000
Deceased		
Children		
Educational opportunities		
Applicants		
Eligibility	170	1607
Preference	170	1607
Continuing appropriation	170	1606
Tuition-free	170	1607
Income tax	170	1597
Motor vehicles		
Certificate of title Limited tax exemption	170	1605
National Guard or Armed Services	110	1000
Active duty		
Called by President		
Leave of absence		
Twenty-four working day period	170	1601
Performance of duties		
Drills, parades, etc	170	1601
Withholding tax		
Agreement	170	1599
Nonpartisan merit system		
Employment	169	1582
Preference rating	109	1002
Personal income tax	170	1593
Military incentive tax credit	170	1990
Veterans' Affairs, Division	150	1505
Creation	170	1587
Duties	170	1590
Veterans' Council	170	1588
Director	170	1589
Powers and duties	170	1591
Salary	170	1589
Duties and functions	170	1589
Meetings	170	1589
Members		
Oath	170	1590
Reimbursement	170	1590
OTER REGISTRATION:		
Clerk of County Commission		
Registration	171	1616
Deceased persons		
Cancellation of registration	171	1617
Driver's license facilities	171	1618
Temporary offices	171	1618
1 emporary offices.		
oter Registration-Driver's Licensing Fund		
Fees Payment of portion	171	162
Payment of portion		

	Ch.	Page
WEIRTON:		
Highways within city		
Load limitations		
Increase	176	1666
WHEELING:		
Conditional zoning	177	1667
WINE:		
Wine Retailer's License		
Creation	172	1623
Fee	172	1623
WOMEN'S COMMISSION:		
Acceptance of funds	173	1630
Administrative personnel	173	1630
Annual report	173	1630
Continuation	156.173	1397.1627
Powers and duties	173	1629
WORKERS' COMPENSATION:		
General revision.	174	1633-1660

FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SESSION, 199	14	
FINGT EXTRAORDINANT SESSION, 198	, ı	
APPROPRIATIONS:		
Supplemental	_	
Department of Public Safety, Acct. No. 5700	1	1683
Department of Public Safety, Acct. No. 8350	2	1684