Section Five

INSTITUTIONS

Correctional Institutions

Health Facilities

Public Colleges & Universities

Private & Denominational Colleges
CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES

Anthony Correctional Center  
HC 70 Box N-1, White Sulphur Springs, WV 24986

Superintendent: Michael K. Martin.  
Capacity: 220.

Anthony Correctional Center is located in Neola, West Virginia, on Route 92, 15 miles north of White Sulphur Springs, in Greenbrier County. The facility was built in 1965-66 and maintained by the federal government as the Anthony Civilian Job Corps Center until 1968. In October 1970, the facility was leased by the West Virginia Department of Public Institutions (now the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation) from the federal government to operate a community-involved, educationally oriented correctional facility for male juvenile offenders. In January 1980, Anthony Center was designated as a young adult male offender correctional center, no longer accepting juvenile commitments, but young males adjudicated under the Youth Offenders Act. In March 1985, the facility was converted into a co-correctional facility in order to provide equal opportunities for both male and female adult offenders. The construction of a new 65,000-square-foot building was completed and opened in August 1998 on the 31-acre site. In addition, an existing dormitory was renovated to house 64 offenders. At the present time, Anthony Correctional Center has a capacity of up to 220 offenders (male and female).

At present, Anthony Correctional Center houses male and female young adult offenders between the ages of 18 and 25. Offenders are committed to the Anthony Correctional Center as a result of their judge suspending the original sentence of their specific crime and handing down a sentence of six months to two years at the Anthony Correctional Center. To successfully complete the program requirements of the Anthony Correctional Center, offenders must complete an individualized program that includes work, education, therapeutic programming, and recreation as mandated by WV Code §25-4-4; if the offender successfully completes the program, he/she is returned to his/her committing court to be placed on probation for up to five years. If, in the opinion of the warden, the offender proves to be unfit to remain at Anthony Correctional Center due to continued disciplinary infractions, the offender is returned to the committing court to receive his/her original sentence.

The facility provides therapeutic programs including Victim Awareness, Managing My Anger, parenting classes, individual and group counseling, substance abuse programming, life skills, work readiness, and religious opportunities. Each offender is given recreational opportunities daily, including outdoor and/or indoor leisure time activities.

Academically, the education program stresses basic skill enhancement and general educational development, specific vocational skills training, job skills training, and career planning with an emphasis on a student’s ability to change behavior and develop a decision-making process. The GED program is mandatory for any offender resident not possessing a high school diploma or GED. Offenders who qualify may complete a Pathway Program, allowing them to receive a diploma from their high school of origin.

Each offender at Anthony Correctional Center must choose a vocational major to pursue and complete during his or her stay at Anthony Correctional Center. The vocational programs available to offenders are: auto mechanics, general building construction (drafting, carpentry, electricity, plumbing, painting/wall covering, floor covering and roofing), welding, business education, and culinary arts. All vocational programs are taught by a certified vocations instructor, utilizing a competency-based education approach.
Offenders are assigned to work in the kitchen, laundry, intake/warehouse, and maintenance departments to acquire job skills to make a successful re-entry into society. Other work assignments include painter, janitor, barber, teacher's assistant, and library assistant. These jobs are comparable to those that offenders will obtain once released from the facility.

On July 1, 2014, Anthony Correctional Center began housing 12 adult male inmates. These inmates provide a consistent work force in our laundry, kitchen, and night crew.

Anthony Correctional Center received its original accreditation from the American Correctional Association in 2004 and was reaccredited most recently in 2013. Accreditation was also awarded from the Correctional Education Association in 2006 and reaccredited in 2012; as well as the National Commission on Correctional Healthcare in 2006 with reaccreditation in 2012.

Beckley Correctional Center
111 S. Eisenhower Drive, Beckley, WV 25801

Superintendent: William J. Vest.
Capacity: 137.

Established in 1974 as Beckley Work Release Center, the facility was reorganized in 1997 and renamed Beckley Correctional Center, and expanded in March 2011 into the Jackie Withrow Hospital. The center is a minimum-security community correctional facility with a Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) unit located on the grounds of Jackie Withrow Hospital in Raleigh County. The 137-inmate capacity includes 70 males and eight females in the work release component, and 59 male inmates in the Residential Substance Abuse Treatment unit.

Inmates assigned there must be within 18 months of possible parole or discharge from the work release component and 24 months for the Residential Substance Abuse Treatment unit. They must also be classified as a level 1 or 2 minimum security, meaning they are classified as non-violent offenders.

All inmates must participate in a regimented and intense treatment program. Available programs include adult basic education, crime victim awareness, substance abuse treatment, substance abuse aftercare, batterers intervention, anger management, thinking for a change, and domestic violence.

The inmates are required to work assigned jobs while at the facility as well as perform a minimum of 80 hours of community service work. Upon completion of community service and release from facility employment, inmates with work release status obtain employment within the community in a variety of fields, including Division of Highways, construction, restaurant, and retail sales. Based on their behavior and history and subject to approval of officials in furloughing counties, work release inmates also earn two-hour passes and overnight furloughs to see immediate family members. Inmates out in the community are monitored by the center's staff through random telephone calls, employment evaluations, visual employment checks, furlough visits, and random drug and alcohol testing.

Inmates volunteer to participate in the substance abuse treatment program, which consists of four very structured phases. Once they complete all four phases, they become eligible to transfer to the work release program.
**Charleston Correctional Center**
1356 Hansford Street, Charleston, WV 25301

*Warden*: Jeff Stinnett.
*Capacity*: 128.

The facility was opened on May 1, 2015, to replace the aging Charleston Work Release Center, which had been in operation in Charleston since 1972. The facility now has a larger physical plant and dual mission. The facility operates a 96-bed co-educational work release unit and a 32-bed female Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) unit to address substance abuse issues. Inmates assigned to the facility’s work release unit are employed at jobs in the community. Their wages are used to pay rent to the facility, which helps cover their incarceration costs; pay state, local, and federal taxes; and pay any court costs, restitution, or child support they may owe. They also save money for their eventual release back into the community to cover costs to obtain housing, transportation, etc., in the hopes this will increase their chances of success. Inmates assigned to the work release unit must be within 18 months to eventual release, low risk and be fit for employment. Inmates in the work release unit also are required to perform a minimum of 80 hours of community service in the local communities. Inmates perform trash pick-up, brush removal, work in homeless shelters, parks, and have also assisted in major disasters such as floods and power outages.

Residents in the RSAT unit are subject to the same eligibility criteria with the exception that they are within 24 months of release; however, they are not permitted to leave the facility. Their primary function is to attend classes to address their substance abuse issues. They also take parenting, financial management and job interviewing skills classes. Once they have completed their substance abuse classes and are within 18 months of release, they are assessed for the work release unit.

Based on their behavior and history, work release inmates also earn two-hour passes and overnight furloughs to reestablish contact with immediate family members. Inmates out in the community are monitored by the center’s staff through random telephone calls, employment evaluations, visual employment checks, furlough visits, and random drug and alcohol testing.

The Charleston Correctional Center serves all of the state’s 55 counties.

**Denmar Correctional Center**
4319 Denmar Road, Hillsboro, WV 24946

*Warden*: Mark A. Williamson.
*Capacity*: 232.

The Denmar Correctional Center is located five miles from Hillsboro in Pocahontas County. The facility was opened in 1919 and used through 1957 as the tuberculosis center for African-American people in West Virginia. Later in 1957, the tuberculosis center was transformed into Denmar Hospital, a hospital for the chronically ill. The Denmar Hospital was closed in 1990.

In February 1993, the Pocahontas County Commission conveyed the deed for the former Denmar Hospital to the West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation for conversion to a state correctional facility. The funds were appropriated to the Division of Corrections for renovation and occupation of the facility known as the Denmar Correctional Center.

In February 1993, the Pocahontas County Commission conveyed the deed for the former Denmar Hospital to the West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation for conversion to a state correctional facility. The funds were appropriated to the Division of Corrections for renovation and occupation of the facility known as the Denmar Correctional Center.

The medium-security prison currently houses up to 232 adult males and employs approximately 89 persons. Inmates are housed in two- and four-man rooms. The following staff oversees different parts of the institution: Acting Associate Warden of Security Jason Workman, Association Warden of Operations Sylvia Haney, and Associate Warden of Programs Robert Neal.
Following their mission statement (To provide inmates, staff and the public with a secure and safe environment, to promote responsibility to one's self and society and to enhance the skills necessary for self-development, serving to maintain a positive and productive style of living), Denmar offers various work programs, counseling, various programming, education, recreation, etc., to enhance the rehabilitation of inmates housed there.

The unit management concept at Denmar seeks to provide a balance between punishment, deterrence, incapacitation, and rehabilitation for individuals committed to the custody of the West Virginia Division of Corrections. Our rustic, pastoral setting is conducive to an enriched atmosphere wherein the inmates may engage in a successful adjustment in preparation for their return to free society. The compassionate, caring staff provide quality programs in a safe and secure setting, enabling Denmar to become a true model for the adaptation and encouragement of positive, productive, spiritually enhanced living.

The various job positions that are held by our inmates include outside road crews, Correctional Industries, laundry, maintenance, water and waste water plant, kitchen, and many more. As part of the inmate work program, Denmar Correctional Center maintains a relationship with the Harvest Now Program and Mountaineer Food Bank. Each year, thousands of pounds of produce that are grown and harvested on the prison property benefit the less fortunate all over the state.

The various treatment programs offered include residential substance abuse therapy, sex offender therapy, and group and individual counseling, as well as other programs designed to address social skills deficits and impulse control, establish a sober, legitimate lifestyle, and facilitate a smooth transition from incarceration to free society. Denmar also offers VOCAL - Violent Offenders Counseling and Learning. This program is designed to target youths in the community. VOCAL team members make presentations to schools, church groups, etc., on the effects of drugs and alcohol and about proper decision making. There is also an Education Department that gives inmates the opportunity to learn computer and keyboarding skills, the chance to earn a high school equivalency diploma, and courses designed to help with reentry into society, further developing and enhancing academic and employability skills. Vocational programs such as electrical technology and facility maintenance are also offered onsite.

Recreation is offered and includes softball and basketball teams along with other activities available with the equipment in the recreation building. Inmates can participate in the Annual Denmar Games which is a series of competitive field events.

Around-the-clock medical services are provided by contractual agreement. The medical department was accredited by the National Commission of Correctional Health Care in 1999 and remains accredited today.

Denmar Correctional Center received American Correctional Association accreditation in 2009 and was reaccredited in 2013.

Under Division of Corrections control, two buildings funded by the Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority have been built at the Denmar Correctional Center. A multi-purpose building is utilized for treatment programs, visitation, parole hearings, and training issues. A second building houses electrical technology and carpentry vocational classes as well as Correctional Industries.
HUTTONSVILLE CORRECTIONAL CENTER
P.O. Box 1, Huttonsville, WV 26273

Warden: Marvin C. Plumley.
Capacity: 1,135.

The Huttonsville Correctional Center is located near Huttonsville in Randolph County, approximately 18 miles south of Elkins on U.S. Route 250. The center is the fifth largest employer in Randolph County.

Created by an act of the Legislature in 1937 to relieve overcrowding at the West Virginia Penitentiary, the center has been in operation since 1939 and is the oldest and largest such facility in the state. It remained a branch of the parent institution until 1947, at which time the Legislature established it as a separate entity to be known as the West Virginia Medium Security Prison. In 1970, the center received its current name of Huttonsville Correctional Center by legislative act.

The West Virginia Department of Education offers adult basic education (special learning needs through Task), special education program, open gate, transition/life skills program including 99 days and a get-up and aftercare. The education department offers college 101, including time management, money management, budgeting, study skills, and remedial math and writing skills.

The education department offers vocational courses and certifications in mill and cabinet, metals technology, auto body, auto mechanics, electricity, and facilities maintenance. Students can earn certifications through the National Center for Construction, Education and Research Core and Specialty. Continuing technical education programs also include CPR/first aid and OSHA 10- and 30-hour training.

The primary form of employment for the inmates has always been general farm work. By Act of the Legislature in 1977, the 5,000-acre farm was turned over to the Farm Management Commission with a resultant change of agricultural emphasis from labor-intensive general purpose farming to beef cattle production. While inmates work both inside and outside the facility, the largest single inmate labor effort is community service projects.

The correctional center is home to the West Virginia Division of Corrections K-9 Training Center, which currently offers two classes each year and conducts all training for the division's K-9 Unit. Multi-disciplines exist within the K-9 Unit. The patrol section functions are crowd control, tracking and protection. Trained Controlled and Dangerous Substance Detection canines are used to search people, vehicles, mail, and visitors entering any Division of Corrections property. Detector canines are trained to locate cell phones and tobacco within division facilities. Canines within the CDS and Detector sections are primarily Labrador and Golden Retrievers.

Corrections Industries operates the Braille program and the furniture plant, both situated at Huttonsville. Regular textbooks are transcribed into Braille and distributed throughout the United States. The furniture plant refinishes and builds new furniture for various agencies.

A Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) unit was opened in 2000 and currently consists of 80 inmates with a sincere desire for rehabilitation. The model in which they live is Therapeutic Community, where they hold themselves and each other accountable for their negative behaviors.

In this unit, the criminogenic thinking pattern or the criminal mentality is the focus of attention. Emphasis is placed on cognitive restructuring as a means to modify behavior utilizing education through social learning. The program is nine to 12 months in length. In addition, the institution has a unit with the capability of housing 80 inmates who have completed the substance abuse treatment program. This unit enables these inmates to live in a healthy environment and use the skills learned in the substance abuse program without having to return to the general population housing unit.
Following construction completed in 2000, the capacity at Huttonsville increased to 1,135. Living quarters consist of military-style dormitories in the original building and single- and multi-cell housing in the new units. The opening of the new additions allowed space for adding behavioral improvement and intake units.

Huttonsville Correctional Center also opened a 48-bed minimum security work camp in the spring of 2012. This camp provides the inmate workers for the farm crews, grounds crews, community service crews, and Division of Highways crews.

Huttonsville Correctional Center is currently accredited through The American Correctional Association, The Correctional Education Association and The National Commission on Correctional Health Care.

**Lakin Correctional Center**

11264 Ohio River Road, West Columbia, WV 25287

*Warden:* Lori A. Nohe.

*Capacity:* 543.

Lakin Correctional Center (LCC) is located six miles north of Point Pleasant on W.Va. Route 62. It is a maximum security correctional facility that houses custody levels ranging from minimum to maximum and is the only all-female prison in the state. LCC has a current maximum capacity of 543 inmates.

In 1926, prior to the construction of Lakin Correctional Center, a state hospital known as Lakin State Hospital was built. During the initial planning stages for the correctional center, the medical and rehabilitation center buildings were torn down, while the activities building was incorporated into the new facility and became the prison gymnasium.

Phase I of the construction began in February 1999. The project was completed in August 2002, and dedicated on September 25, 2002. The center began receiving female inmates on January 29, 2003, with a total bed capacity of 252 minimum to maximum security beds. The initial construction of the facility allowed for additional double bunking in the general population cells, and 50 double bunk cells were added within a short time of the completion of Phase I. The total bed capacity rose to 302.

In June 2005, Phase II of the construction resulted in a 124-bed dormitory-style housing unit, a 36-bed modular housing unit, and a Correctional Industries building. The project was completed in October 2006 and dedicated on November 16, 2006. This phase of construction expanded Lakin Correctional Center’s maximum capacity to 462. The Department of Education provides the inmate population with many educational and vocational programs including GED, college classes, life skills, computer classes, culinary arts and a cosmetology program.

Correctional industries operates a textile factory on the premises.

On March 15, 2006, Lakin Correctional Center became serious about addressing the problem of substance abuse and adopted the Therapeutic Community as a method of treatment. The community was named the DREAM (Dreaming of Recovery Every Awakening Moment) Community. This program accomplished two goals: First, it created a highly organized unit that promotes positive pro-social values that are in direct contrast to the traditional inmate culture, second, it offered an environment that provides the offender an opportunity to learn, practice, and internalize skills and behaviors needed for successful reentry into society. The unit initially began in a general population housing unit; however, after the construction of J-Building (dormitory style housing), the construction and design were more compatible with the interests of the program so the program was
relocated to J-Building on October 12, 2010. More than 90 percent of the offender population has been referred to the RSAT program. Since the inception of this program it has grown from one unit of 40 inmates to two units now housing a total of 80 inmates.

In August 2006, officials signed a memorandum of understanding with 4-Paws for Ability, a Rover Rehab Program that provided dogs from local shelters and rescue groups to selected inmates for training. The trained dogs then served as service dogs for people with disabilities, providing companionship and promoting independent living. The program, funded through 4-Paws for Ability and Lakin, allowed 44 inmate offenders to become trainers and give back to the community.

In February 2010, Lakin ended its contract with 4-Paws for Ability and entered into a Memorandum of Understanding in May 2011 with another Rover Rehab Program named Paws-4-People/Paws-4-Vets. This program also involved the pairing of 44 inmate trainers with puppies and dogs to assist in training the physically and mentally challenged along with veterans with post-traumatic stress disorder. This program is funded entirely through donations made to Paws-4-People/Paws-4-Vets with the assistance of Lakin providing salaries to inmate trainers.

On January 9, 2007, all the female inmates from Pruntytown Correctional Center in Grafton were transferred to Lakin, resulting in all female inmates being in one correctional center and bringing the facility’s bed capacity to 462.

In 2008, the Legislature approved the launch of a KIDS (Keeping Infant Development Successful) unit, one of seven of its kind in the nation. The unit offered space for a five-bed mother-infant unit with additional room for an office for Early Head Start and Lakin staff. Opening the unit dropped the bed capacity in one of the modular units by seven, reducing the facility’s total capacity to 455. On July 1, 2009, the unit received the first two pregnant inmates, with the first child delivered on August 12, 2009. The Lakin KIDS unit is the first in the country to allow WIC support for the inmate mother and infant and the first to be fully staffed by Early Head Start and grant-funded through this same program. The unit also receives financial support in the form of donations from churches, local businesses and the general public.

Lakin Correctional Center was at maximum capacity until January 2014, when the Mason County Public Service District completed the expansion project to the water treatment plant, which enabled Lakin to again increase capacity, resulting in 88 beds being added to the existing physical plant. This expansion brings Lakin to the current maximum bed capacity of 543.

Lakin Correctional Center received its first accreditation in May 2007 by the American Correctional Association (ACA). In May 2010 and May 2013 it received reaccreditation through the ACA.

**Martinsburg Correctional Center**

38 Grapevine Road, Martinsburg, WV 25405

Warden: Scott E. Paugh.
Capacity: 120.

The Martinsburg Correctional Center opened in 2005 at the site of the former Eastern Regional Jail, approximately one-half mile east of Martinsburg on W.Va. Route 9. The facility is operated strictly as an intake/classification center, housing 120 adult male inmates who have been convicted of felony crimes and sentenced to the custody of the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation.

Inmates entering the facility are received from one of the state’s regional jails. Once housed at the facility, inmates undergo a series of evaluations and tests, the results of which are partly responsible for determining the initial classification of the inmate. Other factors considered for classification and placement purposes include psychological history, type of conviction, and history of substance abuse.
After a stay of 30-60 days, inmates are moved to other facilities according to their classification and individual needs.

The facility has positions for 72 state employees, along with contractual employees for the medical unit, food service, and the Department of Education.

In 2009, an addition was constructed at the facility, which created a training room and three new offices.

The facility received initial accreditation by the American Correctional Association in 2010 after passing an accreditation audit in December 2009. A subsequent audit in 2012 resulted in reaccreditation in 2013. The facility’s medical unit has also been accredited by the National Commission on Correctional Health Care.

**Mount Olive Correctional Complex**

*1 Mountainside Way, Mount Olive, WV 25185*

**Warden:** David Ballard.

**Capacity:** 1,030.

Built as a replacement for the Civil War-era West Virginia Penitentiary at Moundsville, Mount Olive Correctional Complex is located seven miles east of Montgomery on Cannelton Hollow Road in Fayette County. West Virginia’s only maximum-security correctional facility, Mount Olive houses the most violent, dangerous and disruptive inmates in the state and has the most diverse inmate population in the state, consisting of general population, punitive segregation, administrative segregation, intake, special management, mental health, acute medical, Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) and work camp inmates.

Construction of Mount Olive began in the spring of 1991 and was completed in December 1994. The facility was dedicated on December 12, 1994, and received its first inmates on February 14, 1995. Inmate transfers were completed on March 27, 1995, and the West Virginia Penitentiary was closed. Total construction costs for the complex were $61.8 million.

The facility is encompassed by a secure perimeter fence approximately one mile long. Of the 120-acre site, approximately 80 acres are inside the secure perimeter. Extensive use is made of both electronic and manual security controls. The complex operates as a small town, having its own post office and ZIP code, power plant, electrical substation, fuel depot, water supply, central warehouse, maintenance garage, hospital and medical clinic, gymnasium, chapel, library, classrooms, courtroom, food service, and laundry facilities.

Professionals, through contractual agreements, provide medical, dental, mental health and food services. The West Virginia Department of Education provides many educational and vocational programs for the inmate population such as ABE/GED, transition skills, business education, vocational agriculture, welding, and culinary arts. Apprenticeship programs in culinary arts, welding, and vocational agriculture are also available. Limited college courses for associate’s degrees are also available through BridgeValley Community & Technical College.

In partnership with Catalyst Ministries, Appalachian Bible College operates an on-site extension campus at Mount Olive Correctional Complex (MOCC), which focuses on moral rehabilitation and offers a bachelor of arts degree in Bible and Theology and allows inmates to be ordained as ministers. This program is unique to only two prisons in the United States. Additional information regarding this program can be found at [www.catalystministries.com/bible-colleges.php](http://www.catalystministries.com/bible-colleges.php)

Selected inmates at MOCC can participate in the paws4prisons™ program which teaches inmates to train various types of assistance dogs for and in support of the paws4people™ foundation. The
program inmates first learn how to train “shelter-rescue dogs” and then progress to training highly-trained assistance dogs. Additional information regarding this program can be found at paws4people.org/our-programs/paws4prisons/

West Virginia Correctional Industries operates an engraving shop, sign shop, welding/metal shop, and soap/laundry/janitorial supply factory at MOCC. Road signs for the West Virginia Division of Highways, campsite products for West Virginia state parks and forests and license plates for the West Virginia Division of Motor Vehicles are also manufactured by Correctional Industries at MOCC. Information regarding the full line of Correctional Industries products can be found at wvcorrectionalindustries.com

In July 2007, MOCC opened a 48-bed minimum-security inmate work camp outside of the secure perimeter for inmates holding an appropriate security classification. These inmates are provided to the West Virginia Division of Highways for various labor projects. MOCC also provides these inmates for labor and community service to various agencies and charitable organization throughout the local area.

The facility received initial accreditation by the American Correctional Association in 2007, and, through additional audits conducted every three years, MOCC has since maintained its ACA accreditation status. MOCC has also achieved and maintains national accreditation through the Correctional Education Association and the National Commission on Correctional Health Care.

**Northern Regional Jail and Correctional Facility**

112 Northern Regional Drive, Moundsville, WV 26041

- **Warden (Correctional Facility):** Karen Pszczolkowski.
- **Capacity:** 253.

- **Administrator (Regional Jail):** Shawn Straughn.
- **Capacity:** 289.

The Northern Regional Jail and Correctional Facility is located on 12th Street in Moundsville, Marshall County. Dedicated on August 24, 1994, this facility is unique in the aspect that it is a combined correctional facility and regional jail, the only one in the state of West Virginia. This facility received its first inmates on the Division of Corrections side on August 31, 1994, and on the Regional Jail Authority side on October 23, 1994. On the Corrections side, the custody level is from a community to a maximum level. The DOC facility has been accredited by the American Correctional Association since January 14, 1999.

**Ohio County Correctional Center**

1501 Eoff Street, Wheeling, WV 26003

- **Administrator:** William Yurcina.
- **Capacity:** 66.

The Ohio County Correctional Center opened on April 18, 1998, and currently houses 66 minimum-custody male offenders. The facility operates under the unit management principle and offers a variety of community service job opportunities along with educational and treatment programs.

The facility was accredited by the American Correctional Association in January 2009 and reaccredited in 2012 and 2015.
PARKERSBURG CORRECTIONAL CENTER
225 Holiday Hills Drive, Parkersburg, WV 26104

Warden: Anne Thomas.
Capacity: 130.

Parkersburg Correctional Center (PBCC) was formerly the Holiday Inn that closed in August 2007. PBCC officially opened on August 6, 2012, and received the first inmates on August 29, 2012. PBCC is a minimum-security facility, which currently houses 130 male offenders who are carefully screened through a risk assessment classification method for participation in the work release program. Inmates assigned to the facility are minimum or community classification status and must be within 18 months of parole eligibility or discharge. They are monitored for program compliance, tested for alcohol and drug use, and supervised when in the community through random phone calls, supervisor evaluations, and unannounced visits from staff.

Inmates are encouraged to further their education by attending General Education Development (GED), vocational classes, and college courses when applicable. They are also employed in the community in various jobs and pay a percentage of their income to the facility to help defray the cost of incarceration and save taxpayers money. They also utilize their opportunity in the work release program to begin paying child support, court costs or fines, and restitution they may owe. PBCC inmates also assist local communities through various community service projects.

RSAT Unit Inmates
Inmates volunteer to participate in the Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) program which is a very structured program consisting of four phases. The first phase is the entry-level inmates, and they progress to the fourth phase, which, when completed, will allow inmates to become eligible to transfer to the Work Release Program.

Inmates are required to work assigned jobs while at the facility as well as perform a minimum 80 hours of community service work. Upon completion of community service, inmates that are work-release status obtain employment within the community in a variety of fields that include Department of Highways, construction, restaurant, and retail sales. Work-release status inmates also earn two hour passes and overnight furloughs to immediate family members based on behavior, history, and approval of officials in the prospective furloughing county. Inmates out in the community are monitored by the PBCC staff through random telephone calls, employment evaluations, visual employment checks, furlough visits, and random drug and alcohol testing.

PRUNTYTOWN CORRECTIONAL CENTER
P.O. Box 159, Grafton, WV 26354

Warden: Lance Yardley.
Capacity: 369.

The Pruntytown Correctional Center, formerly known as the West Virginia Industrial School for Boys, is located at Pruntytown near Grafton in Taylor County. The facility first opened in 1891 and operated as a state correctional institution for delinquent boys until January 1983, when it was closed and the juveniles were transferred to the West Virginia Industrial Home for Youth near Salem. Pruntytown remained vacant and idle until mid-1985.

After much renovation and remodeling, the facility was reopened as Pruntytown Correctional Center in November 1985 to house minimum-security male inmates. In late 1988, the Division of Corrections began moving nearly 60 female inmates to the Pruntytown Correctional Center, creating a coed facility. These females had previously been housed under contract with the Federal
Correctional Institution for Women in Alderson, West Virginia. With the addition of a 128-bed unit in March 1999, the facility’s capacity increased.

In January 2007, all female inmates housed at Pruntytown Correctional Center were transferred to Lakin Correctional Center in Mason County, which serves as the state’s female prison. Pruntytown currently houses 369 minimum- and medium-custody adult male inmates with an emphasis on preparing them for successful reentry into society.

Pruntytown Correctional Center received accreditation from the American Correctional Association Accreditation (ACA) in August 2009 and has been in compliance since that time. In the mid-1990s the Medical Unit received National Commission on Correctional Health Care (NCCHC) accreditation. In July 2013, the Department of Education at Pruntytown received Correctional Education Association (CEA) accreditation.

St. Marys Correctional Center
2880 N. Pleasants Highway, St. Marys, WV 26170

Warden: Patrick A. Mirandy.
Capacity: 554.

The St. Marys Correctional Center is located one mile north of St. Marys on W.Va. Route 2 in Pleasants County. It was formerly known as the Colin Anderson Center, which was established in 1932 by an act of the Legislature. The Colin Anderson Center was closed in the spring of 1998, at which time funding was provided to renovate the facility as a correctional center.

In the early spring of 1998, the Division of Corrections began the transition to house approximately 450 adult male minimum- to medium-security inmates at this facility. In addition to general population offenders, the targeted population includes aging, geriatric, special needs, and chronic medical offenders with lower custody classifications. This is in part due to the relatively flat campus and appropriate medical area and staff.

St. Marys Correctional Center is also proud to house a 108 bed Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) unit that focuses on inmates with addictions. These inmates are provided with educational classes as well as peer groups that focus on successful reentry back into society. RSAT uses the therapeutic community model to achieve results. There are also aftercare plans developed so their recovery can continue post-release.

St. Marys Correctional Center predominately houses medium classification custody inmates. Inmates are prepared for release through education and other-needs-appropriate classes. Community service is provided with inmate labor at various locations throughout the area as well as at nonprofit organizations upon request.

St. Marys Correctional Center received its accreditation from the Commission on Accreditation for Correction in 2010 and was reaccredited in 2013. Accreditation was also awarded from the American Correctional Association in 2013.
**Salem Correctional Center**  
*7 Industrial Boulevard, Industrial, WV 26426*

**Warden:** David W. Jones.  
**Capacity:** 388.

The Salem Correctional Center is located on a 61-acre tract of land one mile west of Salem, West Virginia. The Salem Correctional Facility officially became a member of the Division of Corrections family on July 1, 2013.

The center was previously known as the West Virginia Industrial Home for Youth under the West Virginia Division of Juvenile Services. The West Virginia Industrial Home for Youth was created by an act of the Legislature on February 18, 1897, and formally opened May 5, 1899.

Currently, Salem Correctional Center houses 388 adult male inmates classified as medium/minimum custody.

The Salem Correctional Center offers a variety of inmate programs and educational opportunities which include Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (64-man unit), life skills/transitional programming, adult basic education, business education, vocational training (including plumbing, HVAC, and culinary arts), and a West Virginia University master gardening program.

The Salem Correctional Center also has a strong focus upon religious services opportunities for members of all faiths. Church services routinely draw from 80-100 men on a weekly basis. Many volunteers are a part of this aspect of the facility, including “Bikers for Christ,” several local churches, and “Rock of Ages Prison Ministry.”

During its first year, SCC provided a total of 12 different work crews that have provided community service to three counties (Harrison, Doddridge, and Marion), including a “Good Neighbor” crew that services the local town of Salem.

Salem Correctional Center is now listed in the Accredited Facilities Directory of the American Correctional Association.

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**West Virginia Corrections Academy**  
*The Morris Criminal Justice Training Center*  
*P.O. Box 850, 103 Factory Road, Glenville, WV 26351*

**Director:** Randy Perdue.

The West Virginia Corrections Academy was administratively created in September 1982 and began operations in Randolph County near the Huttonsville Correctional Center. In August 1987 the academy was moved to the campus of West Liberty State College near Wheeling. It was relocated once again in August 1996 to the campus of West Virginia Institute of Technology in Montgomery. In January 2007, the Academy moved to Ripley at the West Virginia Baptist Conference Center, and in January 2010 relocated to its current location on the campus of Glenville State College, where the training facility is shared with the Regional Jail Authority and the Division of Juvenile Services.

All three of the corrections agencies conduct their training at what is now called the Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety Professional Development Center.

The Corrections Academy provides a four-phase training program for sworn and civilian staff of the Division of Corrections. These phases include orientation, basic, in-service, and specialized training. Corrections officers employed by county and other state agencies complete basic training and attend specialized training programs sponsored by or conducted at the academy.
Orientation training for newly hired employees occurs at the facility level and is overseen by institutional training officers supervised by the academy’s director. Basic training is conducted in a six-week residential format with a minimum of 189 hours. In-service training programs meet professional standards, and hours may be obtained at the employee’s facility, the academy, or other approved course of study. Specialized curricula such as supervisory and management courses are developed and conducted pursuant to the needs of the agency.

The academy has entered into agreements for credit toward associate degrees with Glenville State College, WVU at Parkersburg, WVU Institute of Technology, Fairmont State University, Bluefield State College, and Excelsior College.

**Central Regional Jail**  
*1255 Dyer Hill Road, Sutton, WV 26601*  
**Administrator:** Shannon R. Markle.  
**Design Capacity:** 200.

The Central Regional Jail is located adjacent to the 67 mile marker of Interstate 79, approximately one mile from the Flatwoods exit. The facility, designed to house 200 inmates, formally opened on February 22, 1993. It was the first of the prototype design of all the regional jails. This state-of-the-art, podular design allows for maximum security with minimum staffing through the use of the latest correctional technologies. The Central Region is composed of nine counties: Braxton, Calhoun, Clay, Gilmer, Lewis, Nicholas, Roane, Upshur, and Webster.

**Eastern Regional Jail**  
*94 Grapevine Road, Martinsburg, WV 25405*  
**Administrator:** John J. Sheeley.  
**Design Capacity:** 300.

The Eastern Regional Jail is located on U.S. Route 9, approximately two miles east of downtown Martinsburg, on a 14-acre tract. The facility, which replaced the old Eastern Regional Jail next door, is designed to house 300 inmates. It formally opened in August 1999. The Eastern Region is comprised of Morgan, Berkeley, and Jefferson counties.

**Northern Regional Jail and Correctional Facility**  
*112 Northern Regional Correctional Drive, Moundsville, WV 26041*  
**Administrator:** Shawn Straughn.  
**Design Capacity:** 542.

The Northern Regional Jail is half of a jointly operated facility that houses Division of Corrections inmates in one half and Regional Jail Authority inmates in the other. It is located just one mile from downtown Moundsville. The facility, designed to house 253 Division of Corrections inmates and 289 Regional Jail Authority inmates, formally opened on August 31, 1994. The Northern Region is comprised of Brooke, Hancock, Marshall, Ohio, and Wetzel counties.
North Central Regional Jail
1 Lois Lane, Greenwood, WV 26415

Administrator: Timothy Bowen.
Design Capacity: 400.

The North Central Regional Jail has a capacity of 400. It is located adjacent to U.S. Route 50 approximately three miles west of West Union in Doddridge County, off the Wilhelm Run Road Exit. The North Central Region is composed of nine counties: Doddridge, Harrison, Marion, Monongalia, Pleasants, Ritchie, Tyler, Wirt, and Wood. It officially opened on July 24, 2001.

Potomac Highlands Regional Jail
13 Dolan Drive, Augusta, WV 26704

Administrator: Mike Lawson.
Design Capacity: 200.

The Potomac Highlands Regional Jail is located just off U.S. Route 50, a quarter-mile west of Augusta, West Virginia, in Hampshire County, the heart of the Potomac Highlands. It is situated on a 37-acre tract of land on top of a knoll overlooking the rural scenic countryside. The facility, designed for a capacity of 200, was formally opened on February 17, 2000. The Potomac Highlands Region is comprised of Hampshire, Hardy, Grant, Mineral, and Pendleton counties.

South Central Regional Jail
101 Centre Way, Charleston, WV 25358

Administrator: Anthony Leonard.
Design Capacity: 372.

The South Central Regional Jail is located about a half-mile behind the Southridge Shopping Center on U.S. Route 119 (Corridor G), approximately 10 miles south of downtown Charleston. The facility, designed to house 300 inmates, formally opened on July 29, 1993. The South Central Regional Jail serves the state’s most populous county, Kanawha, and neighboring Jackson County.

Southern Regional Jail
1200 Airport Road, Beaver, WV 25813

Administrator: Michael Francis.
Design Capacity: 362.

The Southern Regional Jail is just off the Airport Road exit of I-64, about five miles east of Beckley. The facility, designed to house 300 inmates, formally opened on June 26, 1994. The Southern Region is comprised of Fayette, Greenbrier, McDowell, Mercer, Monroe, Raleigh, Summers, and Wyoming counties.
**Southwestern Regional Jail**

13 Gaston Caperton Drive, Holden, WV 25625

Administrator: Craig Adkins.  
Design Capacity: 300.

The Southwestern Regional Jail is located about four miles south of central Holden on U.S. Route 119 (Corridor G). The facility, designed to house 300 inmates, formally opened on February 28, 1998. The Southwestern Region is comprised of Boone, Logan and Mingo counties.

**Tygart Valley Regional Jail**

400 Abbey Road, Belington, WV 26250

Administrator: Michael S. Villers.  
Design Capacity: 300.

The Tygart Valley Regional Jail is located seven miles west of Elkins. The facility opened in June 2005. The Tygart Valley Region is comprised of the counties of Barbour, Preston, Pocahontas, Randolph, Taylor, Tucker, and Upshur.

**Western Regional Jail**

1 O’Hanlon Place, Barboursville, WV 25504

Administrator: Larry Crawford.  
Design Capacity: 400.

The Western Regional Jail is located in Barboursville just off I-64 in Cabell County. The facility formally opened on December 13, 2003. The Western Region is comprised of Cabell, Lincoln, Mason, Putnam, and Wayne counties.
Kenneth “Honey” Rubenstein Juvenile Center
141 Forestry Camp Road, Davis, WV 26260

Superintendent: Daniel Dilly.
Capacity: 84.

The Kenneth “Honey” Rubenstein Juvenile Center (KHRJC) is located in Tucker County. The original Davis Center was authorized by an act of the Legislature in 1955. The much needed new facility was completed in October 2009 and has expanded capacity from 50 to 84 residents with a new state-of-the-art campus setting. The Kenneth “Honey” Rubenstein Juvenile Center is a minimum-security facility that houses youthful male offenders between the ages of 15 and 21 who have been adjudicated delinquent by the various courts of record in the state. The period of confinement averages six to eight months.

The KHRJC is the home of the Governor’s Adolescent Leadership Academy (GALA). The GALA program takes the positive concepts of military regimentation and leadership and combines them with a cognitive therapeutic approach, assisting youth in decision-making, behavior management, and other initiatives to promote positive productive citizenship. The core aspects focus on role modeling, teamwork, communication, responsibility, accountability, and high expectations along with development of healthy relationships in an all-inclusive program. Community service is a key component of the Rubenstein Center, as cadets volunteer thousands of hours a year throughout Tucker County. The Division of Juvenile Services contracts with PSIMED Inc. to provide master’s level clinicians to meet the more intensive therapeutic needs of the youth that KHRJC serves.

The education component of the Kenneth “Honey” Rubenstein Juvenile Center is provided by the West Virginia Department of Education, Office of Institutional Education Programs. Cadets earn high school credits, prepare for the Test Assessing Secondary Completion (TASC), and receive vocational training in welding, building construction, and auto mechanics. Class sizes are small, five to seven residents, and instruction in all areas is individualized to meet the needs of the learner. The academic program is designed and equipped to teach at all levels from basic remediation through post-high school. While here, the cadets may receive their high school diploma and/or the TASC, as well as state and national certifications in the vocational programs.

A full range of recreational activities is offered, including basketball, volleyball, weightlifting and softball. Recreational activities also utilize nearby state parks and the natural mountain beauty of the Monongahela National Forest. Non-denominational religious services are held each week.

A resident’s stay depends upon developing responsibility for caring and concern for group members, as well as completing the goals outlined in the individual service plan. Ultimately, a major goal is to enhance the young man’s capabilities for making socially accepted choices and decisions after his release into society.

Donald R. Kuhn Juvenile Center
1 Lory Place, Julian, WV 25529

Superintendent: Michael A. Hale.
Capacity: 46.

Named in honor of a man with a dream of a better future for the children of Boone and surrounding counties, this facility opened in December 2003 and houses three distinct and separate programs: a detention center, a diagnostic center, and a commitment program. Residents of the detention
program primarily come from the counties of Mingo, Logan, Lincoln, Boone, and Kanawha. That section of the facility houses male residents 10 to 21 years of age and female residents 12 to 21 years of age who have been charged with offenses which, if committed by an adult, could result in imprisonment, and meet the criteria for detention. Additionally, it should be demonstrated that they need to be held in maximum security pending the resolution of the court process.

The diagnostic center is a 30-day post-adjudication/pre-sentence evaluation center where high-risk male and female youth are sent to receive psychological and other assessments. Near conclusion of the 30 days a Multidisciplinary Treatment Team (MDT) is held and a determination is made as to the recommendation for the courts as to the disposition of the youth.

The commitment program houses maximum-security level commitment males. Their stay depends on their sentence and/or completion of their individual service plan goals. The average length of stay for the commitment youth is eight months. The Division of Juvenile Services additionally provides case management, counseling, and a variety of programs designed to reduce recidivism and aid in the youths’ successful transition back into their respective communities or further placement. These services include classes in anger control, coping skills, and problem-solving. DJS also contracts with PSIMED Inc. to provide therapy and other mental health services to these youth. The division’s staff works closely with the Department of Health and Human Resources, Juvenile Probation, and community care providers in formulating treatment plans designed to enhance the youths’ probability of success in becoming responsible citizens.

The education component of the Donald R. Kuhn Juvenile Center is provided by the West Virginia Department of Education, Office of Institutional Education Programs. Class sizes are small, five to seven residents, and instruction in all areas is individualized to meet the needs of the learner. The academic program is designed and equipped to teach at all levels from basic remediation through post-high school. Residents earn high school credits, prepare for and/or achieve the TASC, and receive vocational skills training in cabling technology and a soon to be opened HVAC program. Recreation offered includes basketball, volleyball and other indoor and outdoor activities. Non-denominational religious services are held each week.

J. M. “Chick” Buckbee Juvenile Center
1 Jerry Lane, Augusta, WV 26704

Director: Barbara Spaid.
Capacity: 24.

The Chick Buckbee Juvenile Center has capacity for 24 youth. A portion of those youth are pre-adjudicatory males ages 10 to 21 who have been charged with offenses which, if committed by an adult, could result in imprisonment and meet the criteria for detention. Additionally, it should be demonstrated that they need to be held in maximum security pending the resolution of the court process. The other portion of residents consists of medium-security-level commitment males. Their stay depends on their sentence and/or completion of their individual service plan goals. The average length of stay for the commitment youth is six to eight months.

The Division of Juvenile Services provides for the general care and welfare of these youth and additionally provides case management, counseling and a variety of programs designed to reduce recidivism and aid in the youths’ successful transition back into their respective communities or further placement. These services include classes in anger control, coping skills, and problem-solving. DJS also contracts with PSIMED Inc. to provide therapy and other mental health services to these youth. The division’s staff works closely with the Department of Health and Human Resources, Juvenile Probation and community care providers in formulating treatment plans designed to enhance the youths’ probability of success in becoming responsible citizens.
The education component of the Chick Buckbee Juvenile Center is provided by the West Virginia Department of Education, Office of Institutional Education Programs. Class sizes are small, five to seven residents, and instruction in all areas is individualized to meet the needs of the learner. The academic program is designed and equipped to teach at all levels from basic remediation through post-high school. Residents earn high school credits, prepare for and/or achieve the TASC, and receive vocational skills training in cabling technology. Recreation offered includes basketball, volleyball and other indoor and outdoor activities. Non-denominational religious services are held each week.

**Sam Perdue Juvenile Center**  
*843 Shelter Road, Princeton, WV 24740*

**Director:** Gary Patton.  
**Capacity:** 20.

The Sam Perdue Juvenile Center is located in Princeton. It was built in 1976 and has capacity for 20 youth. The facility was previously operated under the jurisdiction of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources until the creation of the Division of Juvenile Services, Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety in 1997.

In 2013 the SPJC changed from a detention center to a commitment program. It now houses DJS’s Gateway Program: An Open Door to Change for juveniles with sexual offending behaviors.

The Division of Juvenile Services provides for the general care and welfare of these youth and additionally provides case management, sexual offense-specific counseling and a variety of programs designed to reduce recidivism and aid in the youths’ successful transition back into their respective communities. DJS also contracts with PSIMED, Inc. to assist with operating the program and providing therapy and other mental health services to these youth, as they are in need of more intensive, specialized services. The division’s staff works closely with the Department of Health and Human Resources, Juvenile Probation, and community care providers in formulating treatment plans designed to enhance the youths’ probability of success in becoming responsible citizens.

The education component of the Sam Purdue Juvenile Center is provided by the West Virginia Department of Education, Office of Institutional Education Programs. Class sizes are small, five to seven residents, and instruction in all areas is individualized to meet the needs of the learner. The academic program is designed and equipped to teach at all levels from basic remediation through post-high school. Residents earn high school credits, prepare for and/or achieve the TASC, and receive vocational skills training in cabling technology and a soon-to-be-opened HVAC program. Recreation offered includes basketball, volleyball, and other indoor and outdoor activities. Non-denominational religious services are held each week.

**Ronald C. Mulholland Juvenile Center**  
*1000 Chapline Street, Wheeling, WV 26003*

**Director:** Linda Scott.  
**Capacity:** 25.

The Ronald C. Mulholland Juvenile Center is located in Wheeling and houses pre-adjudicatory youths, males age 10 to 21 and females age 12 to 21, who have been charged with offenses which, if committed by an adult, could result in imprisonment and meet the criteria for detention. Additionally, it should be demonstrated that they need to be held in maximum security pending the resolution of the court process. In addition, this facility houses the female commitment program.
This program is designed for those female youth sent to DJS to complete a rehabilitative program of, on average, six to eight months. Their stay depends on their sentence and/or completion of their goals in their individual service plan.

The facility, under a purchase of service contract with the Division of Juvenile Services, is owned and operated by Youth Services System (YSS), Inc. of Wheeling. The Division of Juvenile Services, in conjunction with contracted staff at this facility, provides for the general care and welfare of these youth. YSS additionally provides case management, counseling, and a variety of programs designed to reduce recidivism and aid in the youths’ successful transition back into their respective communities or further placement. These services include classes in anger control, coping skills, and problem solving. In addition, YSS has many community volunteers who provide a variety of services for the residents. Staff work closely with the Department of Health and Human Resources, Juvenile Probation, and community care providers in formulating treatment plans designed to enhance the youths’ probability of success in becoming responsible citizens.

The education component of the Ronald C. Mulholland Juvenile Center is provided by the West Virginia Department of Education, Office of Institutional Education Programs. Class sizes are small, five to seven residents, and instruction in all areas is individualized to meet the needs of the learner. The academic program is designed and equipped to teach at all levels from basic remediation through post-high school. Residents earn high school credits, prepare for and/or achieve the TASC and receive vocational skills training in business technology.

James H. “Tiger” Morton Juvenile Center
60 Manfred Holland Way, Dunbar, WV 25064

Director: Jeremy Dolin.
Capacity: 23.

The James H. “Tiger” Morton Juvenile Center (TMJC) opened in December 2003. This 23-bed juvenile detention center replaced the Kanawha Home for Children, established in 1938.

TMJC houses pre-adjudicatory youths, males age 10 to 21 and females age 12 to 21, who have been charged with offenses which, if committed by an adult, could result in imprisonment, and meet the criteria for detention. Additionally, it should be demonstrated that they need to be held in maximum security pending the resolution of the court process. In addition, TMJC houses DJS’s Intake and Assessment Center for committed male residents and the Wellness Center for those youth committed to DJS who need more intensive mental health services on a temporary basis. Residents of the Intake and Assessment Center receive various assessments to determine their level of risk to help determine the most appropriate commitment facility for their needs.

The Division of Juvenile Services provides for the general care and welfare of these youth. Reasonable educational opportunities are provided by the Office of Institutional Education. The Division of Juvenile Services additionally provides case management, counseling and a variety of programs designed to reduce recidivism and aid in the youths’ successful transition back into their respective communities or further placement. These services include classes in anger control, coping skills, and problem solving. The division’s staff works closely with the Department of Health and Human Resources, Juvenile Probation, and community care providers in formulating treatment plans designed to enhance the youths’ probability of success in becoming responsible citizens.
Vicki V. Douglas Juvenile Center  
900 Emmett Rousch Drive, Martinsburg, WV 25401

Director: Adam Collis.  
Capacity: 23.

The Vicki V. Douglas Juvenile Center is a 23-bed, pre-adjudicatory detention center located in Martinsburg. The facility serves male residents 10 to 21 years of age and female residents 12 to 21 years of age who have been charged with offenses which, if committed by an adult, could result in imprisonment and meet the criteria for detention. Additionally, it should be demonstrated that they need to be held in maximum security pending the resolution of the court process.

The center first opened its doors in 1985 under the jurisdiction of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources. In 1997, responsibility for operation of the facility was placed with the newly created Division of Juvenile Services of the Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety.

The Division of Juvenile Services provides for the general care and welfare of these youths. Reasonable educational opportunities are provided by the Office of Institutional Education. The Division of Juvenile Services additionally provides case management, counseling, and a variety of programs designed to reduce recidivism and aid in the youths’ successful transition back into their respective communities or further placement. These services include classes in anger control, coping skills, and problem solving. The division’s staff works closely with the Department of Health and Human Resources, Juvenile Probation, and community care providers in formulating treatment plans designed to enhance the youths’ probability of success in becoming responsible citizens.

Lorrie Yeager Jr. Juvenile Center  
907 Mission Drive, Parkersburg, WV 26101

Director: Travis L. White.  
Capacity: 24.

The Lorrie Yeager Jr. Juvenile Center is located in Parkersburg and has capacity for 24 pre-adjudicatory youths. The facility serves male residents 10 to 21 years of age and female residents 12 to 21 years of age who have been charged with offenses which, if committed by an adult, could result in imprisonment and meet the criteria for detention. Additionally, it should be demonstrated that they need to be held in maximum security pending the resolution of the court process.

The facility, built in 1971, was previously operated under the jurisdiction of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources until the creation of the Division of Juvenile Services, Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety, in 1997.

The Division of Juvenile Services provides for the general care and welfare of these youths. Reasonable educational opportunities are provided by the Office of Institutional Education. The Division of Juvenile Services additionally provides case management, counseling, and a variety of programs designed to reduce recidivism and aid in the youths’ successful transition back into their respective communities or further placement. These services include classes in anger control, coping skills, and problem solving. The division’s staff works closely with the Department of Health and Human Resources, Juvenile Probation, and community care providers in formulating treatment plans designed to enhance the youths’ probability of success in becoming responsible citizens.
**Gene Spadaro Juvenile Center**  
*106 Martin Drive, Mt. Hope, WV 25880*

**Director:** Timothy Meadows.  
**Capacity:** 23.

The Gene Spadaro Juvenile Center is located in Mt. Hope, West Virginia, and houses pre-adjudicatory males age 10 to 21 and females ages 12 to 21 who have been charged with offenses which, if committed by an adult, could result in imprisonment and meet the criteria for detention. Additionally, it should be demonstrated that they need to be held in maximum security pending the resolution of the court process.

The Division of Juvenile Services provides for the general care and welfare of these youth. Reasonable educational opportunities are provided by the Office of Institutional Education. The Division of Juvenile Services additionally provides case management, counseling, and a variety of programs designed to reduce recidivism and aid in the youths’ successful transition back into their respective communities or further placement. These services include classes in anger control, coping skills, and problem solving. The division’s staff works closely with the Department of Health and Human Resources, Juvenile Probation, and community care providers in formulating treatment plans designed to enhance the youths’ probability of success in becoming responsible citizens.

**Robert Shell Juvenile Center**  
*2 O’Hanlon Place, Barboursville, WV 25504*

**Director:** John Marchio.  
**Capacity:** 23.

The Robert Shell Juvenile Center is the division’s staff-secure youth development center for status offenders. The Division of Juvenile Services has an agreement with the Department of Health and Human Resources to provide for the placement, assessment, and care of those status offenders who are determined to be in need of stabilization and specialized supervision due to runaway behaviors. These youths remain in the legal custody of the Department of Health and Human Resources and the physical custody of the division. The facility is located in Barboursville and was dedicated on December 8, 2004. The center is a 23-bed, staff-secured facility with a strong emphasis on therapeutic intervention.

The Division of Juvenile Services provides for the general care and welfare of these youth. Reasonable educational opportunities are provided by the Office of Institutional Education. The Division of Juvenile Services additionally provides case management, counseling, and a variety of programs designed to reduce recidivism and aid in the youths’ successful transition back into their respective communities or further placement. These services include classes in anger control, coping skills, and problem solving. The division’s staff works closely with the Department of Health and Human Resources, Juvenile Probation, and community care providers in formulating treatment plans designed to enhance the youths’ probability of success in becoming responsible citizens.
YOUTH REPORTING CENTERS

The division also operates 12 Youth Reporting Centers (YRCs) covering 15 counties throughout the state for males and females ages 12 to 18. These programs are designed to prevent those at-risk youth from being placed out of the home. (The per diem cost of the YRC treatment program is about $40/day/youth compared to about $300 or more/day/youth. This is a significant cost savings to the citizens of West Virginia and is a more effective, research-based modality for the at-risk youth.) Several YRCs work with the local boards of education to ensure youth continue to receive educational credits. In some counties, the centers also work closely with their drug court programs. YRCs may also assist with transition and adjustment of our residents from facilities as they return to their communities. The counties currently served by a Youth Reporting Center are: Berkeley, Boone, Brooke, Cabell, Hancock, Harrison, Jefferson, Kanawha, Lincoln, Logan, Marion, Mason, Mercer, Putnam, Raleigh, Wetzel, and Wood. DJS is also working diligently to expand YRC services to other counties throughout West Virginia, with Greenbrier and Monongalia listed as “coming soon.”

DJS furthermore employs 12 Community Resource Coordinators throughout West Virginia to help former residents transition back into their home communities. These staff begin working with a resident and their family within 30 days of their commitment to DJS. They continue to provide services for up to a year after their release.

In a combined effort with the West Virginia Department of Education, PSIMED, Inc. and Prime Care Medical, the West Virginia Division of Juvenile Services transforms the lives of West Virginia’s youth and enables the citizens of West Virginia to live in safer communities.
STATE-FUNDED HEALTH FACILITIES

Hopemont Hospital
150 Hopemont Drive, Terra Alta, WV 26764

CEO/Administrator: Terry M. Strawser, BS, MBA, NHA.
Medical Director: C. Kenneth Shannon, MD, PhD.
Certified Bed Capacity: 98.

Located near Terra Alta in Preston County, Hopemont was founded in 1913 (Hopemont Sanitarium) to provide treatment to tubercular patients. Legislation enacted in 1965 changed the name to Hopemont Hospital and designated the hospital as a long-term care facility for the chronically ill.

Hopemont is a certified nursing facility. The hospital serves residents requiring long-term care. An array of services is provided: medical, nursing, psychiatry, psychology, social work, therapeutic programming, restorative therapy, leisure activities, podiatry, vision, and dental services. Programming for geriatric residents with psychiatric needs or Alzheimer’s Disease/dementia is provided using therapeutic community and environmental structuring approaches.

Hopemont Hospital also provides housing for John D. Good, a drug/alcohol abuse program. John D. Good provides a 10-day detox and referral program and a three-to six-month program.

Lakin Hospital
11522 Ohio River Road, West Columbia, WV 25287

CEO: Matthew Keefer.
Medical Director: Robert Tayenge, MD.
Certified Bed Capacity: 114.

Lakin Hospital was founded by an act of the Legislature in 1919 and was opened in 1926 for persons suffering from mental and nervous disorders. The name of the hospital was changed in 1954 to Lakin State Hospital, and by a 1974 act of the Legislature to Lakin Hospital.

Located approximately eight miles north of Point Pleasant along the Ohio River, Lakin Hospital is situated on a large level plot of land adjoining the West Virginia Farm Commission, a state tree nursery, and Lakin Correctional Facility for Women. The hospital is a 114-bed long-term care unit for geriatric persons.

Efforts are directed to enhancing the quality of life of residents by encouraging independence and responsibility when possible. Weekly sit-down dinners at area restaurants, field trips, home visits, and a comprehensive activities program, which includes a small garden for residents in the summer, are ways which maintain ties to life outside the institutional setting.

A program designed to meet the special needs of residents was established in February 1987. This program is conducted to train residents in personal hygiene skills, dressing skills, sensory stimulation, and basic self-help skills.

The Lakin Hospital philosophy has always been one of effecting positive, progressive programs to enhance the daily living and quality of life for its residents. In accordance with this philosophy, professional consultants, in addition to medical doctors, provide expertise in all fields of the medical and therapeutic sciences. The nursing care unit is certified for Medicaid reimbursement.
John Manchin Sr. Health Care Center
401 Guffey Street, Fairmont, WV  26554

CEO: Michele D. Crandall.
Medical Director: Govind Patel, MD.
Certified Bed Capacity: 41.

Located in Marion County, the original Miners Hospital #3 was built in 1899 for miners and their families. The name was changed to Fairmont Hospital #3 in 1915 by act of the Legislature. The facility confined its work almost entirely to treatment of persons who were accidentally injured. The name was changed again to Fairmont Emergency Hospital in 1931. A new building was built in 1980, and in 1983 the name was changed to Marion Health Care Hospital. The name was changed again in 2003 to John Manchin Sr. Health Care Center.

John Manchin Sr. Health Care Center includes a 41-bed, long-term care unit and a general medical outpatient clinic. The facility provides services to all counties in West Virginia. The outpatient clinic serves an average of 882 patients per month, and the average daily census is 40 in the long-term care unit with a 96 percent occupancy rate. The clinic provides services to those without insurance and the underinsured by using a sliding fee scale. The long-term care unit is certified for both skilled and intermediate care.

Mildred Mitchell-Bateman Hospital
1530 Norway Avenue, Huntington, WV  25709-0448

CEO: Craig A. Richard.
Clinical Director: Dr. Shahid Masood.
Certified Bed Capacity: 110.

Located in Huntington, the county seat of Cabell County, Mildred Mitchell-Bateman Hospital, formerly known as Huntington State Hospital, is a state owned and operated acute-care psychiatric hospital. The hospital was created by an act of the Legislature in 1897 and serves an adult population, primarily from the southern and western sections of West Virginia.

The hospital provides a variety of treatment for a broad range of psychiatric and co-occurring substance abuse disorders, including, but not limited to, individual and group therapy, patient education, and adjunctive therapies. Formal affiliations with Marshall University and other institutions of learning provide teaching opportunities for health care professionals in the fields of medicine, psychology, social work, health information technology, and nursing and health care administration.

Since 1988, Mildred Mitchell-Bateman Hospital has been accredited by The Joint Commission (TJC), and has been certified by the Centers for Medical Services (CMS) since 1990.
Jackie Withrow Hospital
105 South Eisenhower Drive, Beckley, WV 25801

CEO/Administrator: Angela Booker.
Medical Director: Jose Oyco.
Certified Bed Capacity: 199.

Located in Raleigh County, Jackie Withrow Hospital (formerly Pinecrest Hospital) was authorized by an act of the Legislature in 1927 and opened in March 1930 to provide long-term inpatient treatment for those individuals with tuberculosis.

Jackie Withrow Hospital currently is certified as a Medicaid-approved intermediate long-term care facility with 199 certified beds. This hospital is the only state facility to provide an inpatient unit with a current capacity of five beds for tuberculosis patients.

Jackie Withrow Hospital serves a diverse population composed of predominantly geriatric residents by providing comprehensive services that enable the residents to maximize their potential to live their fullest lives possible. Specific nursing units, including a secured unit to treat Alzheimer’s and dementia-related illnesses, are also available.

In an effort to eliminate unnecessary cost and duplication, and to better serve the citizens of Raleigh County and the surrounding area, Jackie Withrow Hospital provides office space to other state and community-based agencies such as the Office of Maternal, Child and Family Health of the Department of Health and Human Resources; West Virginia Traumatic Brain Injury Services, Center for Excellence in Disabilities, West Virginia University; Pine Haven Homeless Shelter; and the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation.

Welch Community Hospital
454 McDowell Street, Welch, WV 24801

CEO: Walter J. Garrett.
Medical Director: Chandra Sharma, MD.
Certified Bed Capacity: 124.

Welch Community Hospital, formerly Old Miner’s Hospital #1 and Welch Emergency Hospital, is located in McDowell County, city of Welch. The hospital was established by an act of the Legislature in 1899 and began providing patient services in January 1902.

Welch Community Hospital completed its primary mission in 1987 with the opening of all acute-care services. These services include 24-hour emergency room, medical, surgical, outpatient and same-day surgery, radiology, laboratory, respiratory therapy, day clinic, intensive care unit, obstetrics, gynecology, long-term care, and maternity/family planning. The hospital also has a 59-bed nursing home.

The 124-bed facility utilizes 298 full-time employees and 22 hospital-based staff physicians.
The facility is certified for participation in the federal/state Medicare/Medicaid program. As a result of this certification, all medical insurance companies recognize Welch Community Hospital for participation and payment. The hospital also participates as a provider in several managed care plans.

Welch Community Hospital has sole community provider status, and the outpatient services designated as a Rural Health Clinic by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for acute inpatient care in McDowell County. The county’s high rate of unemployment has also caused the demand for low-cost and state-supported health services to greatly increase.

The services at Welch Community Hospital are for all members of the community. Exoneration policies are available for those patients unable to pay for part or all of their care.

William R. Sharpe Jr., Hospital  
936 Sharpe Hospital Road, Weston, WV 26452-8550

CEO: Patrick Ryan, MA.  
Chief Medical Officer: Abdel Massoud, MD.  
Certified Bed Capacity: 150.

William R. Sharpe Jr., Hospital is a state-of-the-art adult psychiatric facility located in central West Virginia. The 150-bed hospital has maintained Joint Commission Accreditation of Healthcare Organization (Joint Commission) and Medicare certification since 1995.

The mission of the hospital is to be successful in improving the quality of life for each patient, in becoming an employer of choice, and a recognized leader in mental health. To this end, the hospital is dedicated to the patients in providing the highest quality of care in a safe and therapeutic environment. For the staff, the hospital is dedicated to maintaining an empowered work force, fostering the highest level of professional conduct, team work, and individual growth. For the community, the hospital is dedicated to maintaining partnerships, enhancing community growth and development, and providing accountability in all hospital operations.

The hospital is formally affiliated with West Virginia University School of Medicine (Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Medicine) and the WVU Department of Nursing, Psychology, Public Administration, and Social Work. Additional affiliation agreements exist with a variety of other institutions of higher learning.
Bluefield State College
Bluefield, WV 24701
Website: bluefieldstate.edu

Bluefield State College, founded in 1895, is a progressive coeducational institution meeting the educational needs of its students. In fulfilling its mission, the institution offers a variety of programs, with a career emphasis attuned to the occupational opportunities in this region. The college’s graduates have enjoyed significant success after completing their college experience. Located in Bluefield, West Virginia, the college’s main campus has seven buildings on 40 acres of terraced land. Enrollment for the 2014 fall semester was 1,563.

President: Dr. Marsha V. Krotseng.

Board of Governors

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Concord University
Athens, WV 24712
Website: concord.edu

Concord University is a nationally accredited coeducational institution located in Athens, Mercer County, near the southern terminus of the West Virginia Turnpike. Founded in 1872 as Concord State Normal School, the name was changed in 1931 to Concord State Teachers College, in 1943 to Concord College, and to Concord University in 2004. Enrollment for the 2016 fall semester was 2,451.

President: Dr. Kendra Boggess.

Board of Governors

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FAIRMONT STATE UNIVERSITY
Fairmont, WV 26554
Website: fairmontstate.edu

Fairmont State University is a comprehensive, multi-site, public, coeducational institution. Founded in 1865 as a private school, Fairmont State University became a state institution in 1867 as a normal school. In 1931 the name was changed to Fairmont State Teachers College and in 1943 to Fairmont State College. The Legislature changed the name of the institution to Fairmont State University in 2004. Enrollment for the 2012 fall semester was 4,451.

President: Dr. Mira Martin.
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GLENVILLE STATE COLLEGE
Glenville, WV 26351
Website: glenville.edu

Chartered in 1872 as the Glenville Branch of the State Normal School of West Virginia, the name of the college changed to Glenville State Normal School in 1898, to Glenville State Teachers College on May 1, 1930, and to Glenville State College in 1943. The college is located in Glenville, Gilmer County, approximately 25 miles southwest of Weston on U.S. Route 33/119 and State Route 5 near Interstate 79. Enrollment for the 2014 fall semester was 1,802.

President: Dr. Tracey L. Pellet.
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J. Michael Forbes
Mike Fulks
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Ralph Holder
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Ann Reed
Paul Peck
Marshall University


Marshall University, founded in 1837 and located in Huntington, is the state’s oldest public institution of higher education. The university was named in honor of John Marshall, the longest-serving chief justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. Marshall offers 74 undergraduate majors and 52 graduate and professional degrees. Enrollment for the 2015 fall semester was 13,631.

Founded as Marshall Academy in 1837, Marshall was designated a college in 1858, a state normal school in 1867, and a university in 1961. While Marshall’s 100-acre main campus is located near the heart of Huntington, the university also has campuses in South Charleston and Point Pleasant and offers courses at educational centers across the state. Marshall University is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, and its Thundering Herd athletic teams compete in 15 NCAA Division 1 intercollegiate sports.

Interim President: Jerome A. Gilbert.

Board of Governors

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James Bailes
Phil Cline
Oshel Craig
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Christie Kinsey
Dale Lowther
Joseph McDonie
Wyatt Scaggs
Joseph Touma, MD
Cam Brammer, PhD
Miriah Young
Duncan Waugaman

Potomac State College Of West Virginia University


Potomac State College, located in Keyser in the eastern panhandle, is a fully integrated division of West Virginia University. Potomac State College first opened in the fall of 1902 as the Keyser Preparatory Branch of West Virginia University. In 1921, the name was changed to Potomac State School, which became a junior college. As a division of WVU, Potomac State College provides a high quality, comprehensive education for students in a culturally diverse environment conducive to learning. Enrollment for the 2014 fall semester was 1,540.

Campus President: Jennifer Orlikoff.
Shepherd University  
Shepherdstown, WV 25443  
Website: shepherd.edu

Shepherd University was formed when the county seat of Jefferson County, West Virginia, was moved from Shepherdstown to Charles Town in July 1871, and the people in the area decided to use the vacant courthouse for educational purposes. An article of incorporation for a school to be known as Shepherd College, designed to instruct students in languages, arts and sciences, was drawn up by the board of trustees. Joseph McMurran, principal, and two assistant professors were hired to teach the 42 students who began classes in September 1871.

On February 27, 1872, the state Legislature passed an act which made the private institution a part of the state college system. In 1930, Shepherd College became a four-year college dedicated to the training of teachers and was accredited to grant the bachelor of arts degree. On April 7, 2004, Governor Bob Wise signed legislation which changed Shepherd’s name to Shepherd University. Enrollment for the 2016 fall semester was 3,779.

President: Dr. Mary J.C. Hendrix.

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- Jason Best
- Bridget Cohee
- Holly McCall
- Tia McMillan
- D. Scott Roach
- Chad Robinson
- Diane Shewbridge
- Logan Sigley
- John Younis

West Liberty University  
West Liberty, WV 26074  
Website: westliberty.edu

West Liberty University was chartered March 30, 1837, as West Liberty Academy and was operated privately until 1870 when it became West Liberty State Normal School. The name was changed to West Liberty State Teachers College in 1931, to West Liberty State College in 1943, and to West Liberty University in 2008. The institution, located in West Liberty on W.Va. Route 88, eight miles north of Wheeling, is a multipurpose four-year liberal arts coeducational institution. Enrollment for the 2014 fall semester was 2,694.

Interim President: Dr. Stephen Greiner.

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- Leslie DeFelice
- Patrick Ford
- Brian Joseph
- Evan Newman
- Frank Noble Jr.
- Ann Thomas
West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine

Lewisburg, WV 24901
Website: wvsom.edu

The West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine was incorporated in 1972 as Greenbrier College of Osteopathic Medicine. The Greenbrier Military School, which had been in continuous operation for 160 years, closed in May 1972 and was purchased in July by the West Virginia Society of Osteopathic Medicine. In December, a charter for the Greenbrier College of Osteopathic Medicine was obtained from the State of West Virginia, and the school opened in October 1974 as a private institution with a charter class of 36 students. In January 1976, the college was brought into the state system of higher education as the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine. Enrollment for the 2014 fall semester was 815.

President: Dr. James W. Nemitz.

Board of Governors
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- Gregory A. Burton
- J. Fred Earley II
- John Garlitz, DO
- Sue Holvey
- John Manchin II, DO
- David Ramsey
- Charity Richmond
- Cheryl Schreiber
- Randall Short, DO
- Ryan Strandleigh

West Virginia State University

Institute, WV 25112
Website: wvstateu.edu

West Virginia State University is the longest accredited institution of higher learning in the state of West Virginia. After desegregation in the 1950s, West Virginia State was one of the first historically black colleges and universities to integrate and saw a rapid shift to a fully accessible, racially integrated, and multigenerational institution. Today’s WVSU student body is an accurate reflection of America’s diversity. The university offers 22 bachelor’s degrees and four master’s degrees to a student population of more than 2,800. In fall 2014, WVSU recorded a second consecutive year of enrollment growth with a student population of 2,884. WVSU offers undergraduate areas of study in art, biology, business administration, chemistry, communications, computer science, criminal justice, economics, education, foreign languages, health sciences, mathematics, recreation, social work, and sociology. The public institution offers degrees through master's level. The master's areas of study are biotechnology, criminal justice, and media studies. West Virginia State was founded in 1891 as a land-grant institution. The 100-acre campus is located 12 miles from Charleston, the state capital. West Virginia State University is the largest public higher education institution in the Kanawha Valley.

President: Dr. Anthony Jenkins.

Board of Governors
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- Thomas F. Guetzloff
- William Lipscomb
- Earon Payton II
- E. Gail Pitchford
- Larry Salyers
- Daisy Squirts
- Tom Susman
- Gary L. Swingle
- John F. Thralls
- Leon Vincent Williams
West Virginia University
Morgantown, WV 26506
Website: wvu.edu

Established in 1867, West Virginia University is the state’s major research, doctoral degree-granting, land-grant institution. West Virginia University provides high-quality programs of instruction, offering degree programs at the undergraduate, graduate, and professional levels, including the state’s only law school and numerous nationally and internationally ranked programs. The university fosters basic and applied research and scholarship and engages in and encourages other scholarly, creative, and artistic work. A wide range of health science programs is offered at the Robert C. Byrd Health Sciences Center through schools of medicine, dentistry, nursing, pharmacy, and public health, including allied health programs and graduate programs in the basic health sciences. Enrollment at the main campus for the 2015 fall semester was 28,776 and 31,976 for the WVU system.

President: Dr. E. Gordon Gee.

Board of Governors

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- Gregory Babe
- Ellen S. Cappellanti
- James W. Dailey, II
- Robert K. Griffith
- J. Thomas Jones
- Raymond J. Lane
- William O. Nutting
- Edward L. Robingson
- James R. Rogers
- Dr. Kimberly Weaver
- Dixie Martinelli
- Richard Turton, PhD, PE
- George Capel

West Virginia University Institute Of Technology
Beckley, WV 25801
Website: wvutech.edu

A campus within the West Virginia University system, West Virginia University Institute of Technology (WVU Tech) has a rich history of academic excellence and offers more than 40 academic programs, including eight ABET-accredited engineering programs.

WVU Tech is ranked in the top 100 engineering programs in the country by U.S. News and World Report and number one for student return on investment in the state by the Payscale College Return on Investment Report.

WVU Tech was established through an act of the Legislature in 1895 that founded the Montgomery Preparatory School. The school opened on January 4, 1897, and was overseen by West Virginia University. As the institution grew during the following century, the Montgomery Preparatory School became the West Virginia Trades School in 1917, the New River State School in 1921, and the New River State College in 1931. By an act of the Legislature in 1996, the college became a regional campus of West Virginia University and was renamed West Virginia University Institute of Technology. Enrollment for the 2017 fall semester was 1,347.

Campus President: Carolyn Long.

Board of Visitors

- Ed Robinson, Chair
- Jim Butch
- Doug Epling
- Paul Mattox
- Sally Smith
Blue Ridge Community And Technical College
Martinsburg, WV 25403
Website: blueridgectc.edu

Blue Ridge Community and Technical College is a comprehensive community and technical college that offers associate degrees, certificates, and certification training in a wide range of fields, encompassing the liberal arts, business administration, and various health fields. Through the four divisions within the institution, Blue Ridge Community and Technical College has the ability to meet the rapidly changing educational, training and/or career needs of individuals, businesses, and communities of the eastern panhandle and surrounding areas.

Blue Ridge Community and Technical College is located at 13650 Apple Harvest Drive, Martinsburg, West Virginia, 25403. The 46-acre campus houses the new 55,000-square-foot headquarters building, which opened in July of 2012. This building replaces the downtown Martinsburg campus located on Stephen Street.

Blue Ridge CTC was first housed in the basement of Gardner Hall in Shepherdstown, West Virginia. At the turn of the century, the college moved to the former Blue Ridge Outlet Center. Under the leadership of President Peter Checkovich, the vision of a dedicated campus became a reality. With the support of many people along the way, the new campus is fully operational. Enrollment for the 2012 fall semester was 4,359.

President: Dr. Peter Checkovich.
Board of Governors
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Stephanie Harvey, Vice Chair
Dr. William B. Stubblefield, Rear Admiral
Chuck Basa
Al Britton
Kathrine Cox
Becky Linton
Teresa McCabe
Heather McIntyre
Teresa Noll
Cassie Reynolds

Bridgevalley Community And Technical College
Montgomery, WV 25316 & South Charleston, WV 25303
Website: bridgevalley.edu

BridgeValley Community and Technical College, formed in 2014 with the merger of Bridgemont and Kanawha Valley Community and Technical colleges, is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission. The service region for the multi-campus consolidated institution includes Fayette, Kanawha, Clay, Putnam, Nicholas, and Raleigh counties.

The new community college evolved in response to the educational and economic development needs for the state of West Virginia. Associate degree program offerings in the region began in the late 1940s and early 1950s at West Virginia State College and West Virginia Institute of Technology. In the 1960s, each of these colleges created “community college components” on the respective campuses. In 1999, the state Legislature created a separate community and technical college system. Community college components hosted by baccalaureate institutions began the process of becoming independent colleges.

In 2004, independent accreditation was achieved. The Community and Technical College at West Virginia University Institute of Technology and West Virginia State Community and Technical College were formed.

The new community colleges were asked to change names in 2009 to emphasize their mission and create distinction from the baccalaureate colleges. The Community and Technical College at WVU
Tech became Bridgemont Community and Technical College; West Virginia State Community and Technical College became Kanawha Valley Community and Technical College. The two colleges worked collaboratively to avoid duplication of programs in their overlapping service regions. During the 2013 legislative session, Senate Bill 438 was passed to consolidate Bridgemont and Kanawha Valley to form a stronger, more comprehensive multi-campus institution for the six-county region. A board of governors was appointed to oversee the consolidation; the name BridgeValley was selected to represent the fusion of the institutions.

The official founding date of BridgeValley, March 20, 2014, signifies the completion of all accreditation requirements for the college and the beginning of a new era in community and technical college education for the region.

President: Eunice Beninger.

Board of Governors
David Lewia, Chair
Jan Vinyard, Vice Chair
Donna Atkinson
Gregory Barker
Mark Dempsey
Tom Dover
Jane Harkins
Rachel Harper
Karen Price
Don Steward
Michelle Wicks
Judy Whipkey

EASTERN WEST VIRGINIA COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE
Moorefield, WV 26836
Website: easternwv.edu

Established by an act of the Legislature on March 21, 1999, Eastern West Virginia Community and Technical College is a public-supported, comprehensive institution with administrative headquarters on Route 55 east of Moorefield. The college’s service area encompasses six Potomac Highlands counties: Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Mineral, Pendleton, and Tucker.

The college operates through a network of partnerships and joint ventures with area schools, other educational providers, business, labor, and government agencies. Open access to all district citizens is provided by the college through four strategically located discovery centers and Eastern’s technology center in Petersburg, West Virginia. Enrollment for the 2014 fall semester was 910.

President: Dr. Charles Terrell.

Board of Governors
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Scott Staley, Vice Chair
Dixie Bean
Brian Bucklew
Melinda Chambers
Greg Greenwalt
Laurel Godlove
Curtis Hakala
Jr. Helmick
Douglas Lambert
Faron Shanholz
George Sponaugle

MOUNTWEST COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE
Huntington, WV 25701
Website: mctc.edu

Mountwest Community and Technical College, formerly Marshall Community and Technical College, is a public, comprehensive community and technical college serving the counties of Cabell, Clay, Kanawha, Mason, Putnam, and Wayne. Established in 1975 to offer two-year degree programs as a supplement to programs offered by Marshall University, Mountwest Community and Technical
College was accredited as a separate institution in 2003 by the North Central Association – Higher Learning Commission. Enrollment for the 2012 fall semester was 2,509.

**President:** Dr. Keith Cotroneo.

**Board of Governors**

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<th>Secretary</th>
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**New River Community And Technical College**

*Beckley, Lewisburg, Ghent, Princeton & Summersville, West Virginia*

*Website: newriver.edu*

New River Community and Technical College was founded July 1, 2003, by the West Virginia Legislature by combining the community and technical college component of Bluefield and Glenville State Colleges as mandated by HB 2224 and later refined by SB 448. Although newly founded and named, the multi-campus entity’s origins span more than 130 years of service to West Virginia and specifically the nine counties it serves: Fayette, Greenbrier, Mercer, Monocro, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Raleigh, Summers, and Webster.

New River CTC, headquartered in Beaver, provides a full range of programs and services offered at the Greenbrier Valley Campus in Lewisburg, the Mercer County Campus in Princeton, the Nicholas County Campus in Summersville, and the Raleigh County Campus in Beaver/Beckley. Enrollment for the 2014 fall semester was 2,080.

**President:** Dr. L. Marshall Washington.

**Board of Governors**

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<th>Chair</th>
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<td>David Nalker</td>
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<td>Robert Farley</td>
<td>Deborah Hill</td>
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<td>Joel Barnes</td>
<td>Albert A. Martine</td>
<td>Shirley Runyon</td>
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**Pierpont Community And Technical College**

*Fairmont, WV 26554*

*Website: pierpont.edu*

Pierpont Community and Technical College was established in 1974 as a component of Fairmont State College under the name Fairmont State Community and Technical College. In 2000 Pierpont Community and Technical College began working toward independent accreditation, which was achieved under West Virginia House Bill 3215. Pierpont Community and Technical College serves a 13-county region of West Virginia, including Barbour, Braxton, Calhoun, Doddridge, Gilmer, Harrison, Lewis, Marion, Monongalia, Preston, Randolph, Taylor, and Upshur counties. Enrollment for the 2014 fall semester was 2,311.
Interim President: Dr. Johnny M. Moore.

Board of Governors
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Sharon Shaffer, Secretary
Barbara Pavel-Alvarez, Faculty Senate Representative
Memori Dobbs, Classified Staff Representative
Linda Aman
Rick Pruitte
Jeff Tucker
Warren ‘Chip’ VanAlsburg
Vacancy
Vacancy, Student Government Representative

Southern West Virginia Community And Technical College
Foster, Mount Gay, Saulsville, & Williamson, West Virginia
Website: southernwv.edu

Southern West Virginia Community College was established by the West Virginia Board of Regents as an independently accredited, comprehensive community college on July 1, 1971, through the consolidation of two existing branches of Marshall University. These branches, located in Mingo and Logan counties, had been in operation since 1963 and provided the first two years of liberal arts and teacher education along with career programs in secretarial science and radiologic technology.

Since 1971 the college has continued to expand its academic, workforce development, and community service offerings. In 1976 the West Virginia Board of Regents established formal service areas for each of the state’s public colleges and universities. Southern was assigned an area that included the counties of Boone, Logan, Mingo, and Wyoming. In 1981 the college’s service area was expanded through an interstate agreement with the Commonwealth of Kentucky, which provided for students from Martin and Pike counties to attend Southern at the in-state tuition rate.

In 1995, with an increased emphasis on workforce development and technical training, the state Legislature changed the college’s name to Southern West Virginia Community and Technical College. In addition to the name change, Senate Bill 547 also outlined 11 community and technical college districts throughout the state, which added three additional West Virginia counties, Lincoln, McDowell, and Raleigh, to Southern’s district. McDowell and Raleigh were identified as “shared counties” with responsibility for providing educational opportunities shared with two other community colleges.

Since 2001, Southern West Virginia Community and Technical College has been a member of the Community and Technical College System of West Virginia. This system provides for each member institution to have a local board of governors with the council serving as policy and coordinating board. Southern was first accredited by the Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools in 1971 and has had continuous accreditation since that time.

Southern is an open-door, comprehensive community and technical college that provides a broad spectrum of associate degrees, certificates, industry certifications, developmental education and university transfer programs, continuing education opportunities, and cultural enrichment activities. Southern provides accessible, affordable, quality education and training at each of its four campuses in Boone, Logan, Mingo, and Wyoming counties and at its Lincoln County High School location in Hamlin, West Virginia. Enrollment for the 2014 fall semester was 1,838.

President: Robert E. Gunter.

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Wilma J. Zigmond, Vice Chair
Glenn T. Yost, Secretary
Linda Q. Akers
Debbie C. Dingess
Brandon K. Elkins, Student Representative
Shelley T. Huffman
Jada C. Hunter
George Kostas
Mary Nemeth-Pyles
Terry R. Sammons
West Virginia Northern Community College
New Martinsville, Weirton, & Wheeling, West Virginia
Website: wvncc.edu

Established by the West Virginia Board of Regents in 1972, West Virginia Northern Community College is a tri-campus comprehensive community college located at 1704 Market Street in Wheeling (administrative headquarters) and the Education Center at 17th and Eoff Streets in Wheeling, 150 Park Avenue in Weirton, and 141 Main Street in New Martinsville. West Virginia Northern Community College’s service area encompasses the six most northern counties of the state. Students from adjacent areas of Ohio and Pennsylvania also are served. Enrollment for the 2014 fall semester was 1,923.

President: Dr. Vicki L. Riley.
Board of Governors
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Mary K. DeGarmo, Vice Chair
Brann Altmeyer
Melanie Baker
Christin Byrum
Robert Contraguerrro Jr.
Larry Edgell
Nina Elder
Jon Greer
Toni Shute
David Stoffel

West Virginia University at Parkersburg
Parkersburg, WV 26104
Website: wvup.edu

West Virginia University at Parkersburg was founded in 1961 as the Parkersburg branch of West Virginia University. It became one of the state’s first comprehensive community colleges in July 1971, as Parkersburg Community College. The institution assumed its current designation as a regional campus of West Virginia University in 1989 following a reorganization of West Virginia’s public higher education system.

Located four miles east of the city of Parkersburg, West Virginia University at Parkersburg serves the seven counties of Jackson, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Tyler, Wirt, and Wood. The Jackson County Center, an off-campus center established at Ripley in 1974, serves the educational needs of the Jackson-Roane area. Enrollment for the 2014 fall semester was 2,985.

Interim President: Dr. Jane Milley.
Board of Governors
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Sam Winans, Vice Chair
Curtis Miller, Secretary
William Bell
Joe Campbell
John Denbigh
Cheryl Donohoe
Steve Hardman
Violet Mosser
Matthew Santer
Jamie Six
Donna Smith
**West Virginia Schools For The Deaf And The Blind**  
*Romney, WV 26757*  
*Website: wvsdb2.state.k12.wv.us*

The West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and the Blind were established by an act of the Legislature March 3, 1870. The School for the Deaf and the School for the Blind offer comprehensive educational programs for hearing impaired and visually impaired students respectively. There is also a unit for Deaf-Blind/Multihandicapped children.

Students may be enrolled at the age of three. Students must be residents of West Virginia and have a hearing or visual loss sufficient to prevent normal progress in the usual public school setting. Out-of-state students may be accepted with approval of the West Virginia Board of Education.

In addition to the state-approved elementary and secondary curricula, courses focusing on special skills needed by hearing and/or visually impaired students are offered in accordance with their respective needs. These academic, career, and technical education courses are taught by members of the staff with expertise in education of hearing and/or visually impaired students as well as certification in their subject areas which are appropriate to their teaching assignments. The School for the Deaf instructs through an American Sign Language (ASL)/English bilingual program, and the School for the Blind is firm in establishing fluency in Braille. The Expanded Core Curriculum is used to develop independent living skills. Preschool and other specialized programs are also offered. The school calendar adheres to West Virginia Department of Education policy for county school systems.

Outreach and technical assistance services are available to county school staff and children from birth to age five with hearing or vision loss. A statewide instructional resource center also provides instructional materials and equipment for visually impaired children attending county programs. The Sub-Regional Library for the Blind and Physically Disabled of the Library of Congress, located on the campus, provides talking books and other similar reading materials to individuals with visual or physical disabilities.

These schools are governed by the West Virginia Board of Education and supported by the State of West Virginia. There are no costs to students or parents, with the exception of clothing, transportation to the schools and other incidental expenses. Information concerning the schools or enrollment procedures may be obtained by contacting the superintendent. Interested persons are invited to visit any time the schools are in operation.

Both schools are fully accredited by AdvancED at the elementary and secondary levels.

**Superintendent:** Dr. Lynn Boyer.
DENOMINATIONAL & PRIVATE SCHOOLS

Alderson Broaddus University (Baptist)
Philippi, WV 26416
Website: ab.edu

Two institutions were united in 1932 to form Alderson-Broaddus College. Each of the institutions passed on a rich Christian heritage. The older of the two, Broaddus College, was founded in Winchester, Virginia, in 1871 by Edward Jefferson Willis, a Baptist minister who named the new college after Reverend William Francis Ferguson Broaddus, a prominent Baptist minister at the time of the Civil War. In response to economic hard times, Broaddus College was moved across the Alleghenies to Clarksburg, West Virginia, in 1876. The college was moved again to the small town of Philippi, West Virginia, in 1901.

The other institution, Alderson Academy and Junior College, was founded in Alderson, West Virginia in 1901 by Emma Alderson, a committed Baptist laywoman. As the years passed, Broaddus became a junior college, then a senior college, and Alderson Academy added junior college status. Financial hardship in the late 1920s led to the decision to merge the two colleges, both of which shared a common identity as Baptist and liberal arts institutions. Alderson-Broaddus College derived its name from the joining of these two institutions. In 2013, Alderson-Broaddus College changed its name to Alderson Broaddus University.

Rooted in the liberal arts, Alderson Broaddus University seeks to imbue students with an appreciation of literature and the arts, Christian faith, and music, while providing programs in the natural, health and social sciences. In 1945, the university developed the first four-year nursing and the first radiologic technology programs in West Virginia. In 1968, the university pioneered the nation’s first four-year physician assistant studies program, an innovation that has had enormous influence on the development of the physician assistant profession nationwide. From this program emerged the university’s first graduate degree offering, the Physician Assistant Master’s program. Academic innovation is an enduring feature of the university with recent additions of programs in legal studies and petroleum management. Additional new initiatives are forthcoming.

Alderson Broaddus University is affiliated with the American Baptist Churches, USA; and the West Virginia Baptist Convention.

President: Dr. James Barry.

Appalachian Bible College
Mount Hope, WV 25880
Website: abc.edu

Appalachian Bible College is an independent, coeducational Bible college whose central objective is to educate and equip servants for the church of tomorrow while edifying the church of today. Established in September 1950, and incorporated under the laws of the State of West Virginia, it is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission and the Association for Biblical Higher Education. It is approved by the West Virginia Department of Education and the Arts for the granting of the associate of arts degree in Bible and theology, the bachelor of arts degree in Bible and theology and the master of arts in ministry.

Majors include Bible and theology, camping, elementary education (West Virginia state certified), interdisciplinary ministries, missions (including a new TESOL concentration for teaching English to speakers of other languages), music, pastoral studies, and youth and family ministries.
The campus comprises over 130 acres located at the junction of W.Va. Route 16 and U.S. Route 19 at the North Beckley interchange of the West Virginia Turnpike, three miles north of Beckley. The land, buildings, and property are valued at approximately $35 million. Ten major buildings on campus include a student center, dining hall, chapel, music hall, administration and library building, women’s and men’s dormitories, classroom building, and a gymnasium. Appalachian Village is comprised of 24 units for married-student housing. Alpine Lodge is a motel and conference facility that houses 120 persons.

President: Daniel L. Anderson, ThD.

Bethany College
Bethany, WV 26032
Website: bethanywv.edu

Bethany, a small college of national distinction, was founded March 2, 1840. For more than 175 years, Bethany College, the state’s oldest degree-granting institution of higher education, has been a highly contemporary institution based in the tradition of the liberal arts.

The college offers a wide array of studies, awarding bachelor of science, bachelor of arts, and master of arts in teaching degrees. Students may choose from more than 25 departmental and six interdisciplinary majors, many with options for emphasis. Students also have the option of including one or more of the 35 optional minors as part of their programs. All students pursuing a bachelor’s degree must complete The Bethany Plan - a detailed academic and co-curricular program focused on building skills employers seek and grounded in the liberal arts. Bethany has achieved national distinction as one of the few institutions requiring a senior Capstone project and written and oral senior comprehensive exams.

The college’s program of classical liberal arts education prepares students for a lifetime of work and a life of significance. Teaching and learning form the mission of Bethany College. Central to this broad purpose is providing a liberal arts education for students, including the preparation of professionals in an atmosphere of study, work, and service.

Bethany’s 1,300-acre campus is located only 39 miles from “America’s Most Livable City,” Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and is a 40-minute drive from Pittsburgh International Airport. Situated in the beautiful foothills of the Allegheny Mountains in the northern panhandle of West Virginia, Bethany is less than a half-hour away from Wheeling, West Virginia, and Washington, Pennsylvania.

Founded by Alexander Campbell, who provided the land and funds for the first building and served as the first president, Bethany has been a four-year private liberal arts college affiliated with the Christian Church (Disciples of Christ), since its inception. This religious body, of which Campbell was one of the principal founders, continues to support and encourage the college but exercises no sectarian control. Students from virtually every religious community attend Bethany.

Interim President: Tamara Nichols Radenberg.
The University of Charleston is an independent, co-educational residential university. Its main campus is on the banks of the Kanawha River in Charleston, West Virginia, providing a spectacular view of the state Capitol building. UC has over 650 employees and an operating budget of approximately $40 million. Student enrollment is over 2,100, representing 31 different states and 38 countries.

The mission of the university is to educate each student for a life of productive work, enlightened living, and community involvement. The University of Charleston offers a performance-based curriculum focused on specific outcomes that are essential abilities every student needs for a lifetime of learning and opportunity. These outcomes – critical thinking, communication, citizenship, creativity and innovation, ethical practice and inquiry – are embedded in all UC courses to help students apply their learning to their chosen major and to real-world situations.

The University of Charleston is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. UC offers undergraduate degree programs in business, health sciences and arts and sciences; masters programs in business, forensic accounting, strategic leadership, and physician assistant; and doctoral degrees in pharmacy and executive leadership. The university also offers a combination MBA/PharmD degree and undergraduate and graduate-level online courses.

UC has been named as a military friendly school for five consecutive years and regularly ranks as a top regional college by both U.S. News and World Report and The Princeton Review. It boasts 20 Division II varsity athletic teams including multiple nationally ranked teams and academic All-American teams. Student athletes comprise some 35 percent of UC’s undergraduate population.

Innovation is a core value of the university. In April 2015, the university broke ground for its latest building project, the Martha and Russell Wehrle Innovation Center. This $15 million facility houses an innovation and learning center and sports complex. The Innovation Center is the hub for all student innovation activities and a modern venue for sporting events. It revamps the look and feel of the campus by providing a welcoming green space near its front entrance.

Previously named Morris Harvey College, the school was founded in 1888.

President: Martin S. Roth.
Davis & Elkins College (Presbyterian)
Elkins, WV 26241
Website: dewv.edu

Davis & Elkins College was established through the influence and efforts of Henry Gassaway Davis and Stephen Benton Elkins, two United States Senators who were responsible for building the first railroad into the area. In 1901, the senators donated land and money to establish a college and academy associated with the Presbyterian Church (USA). Their gift was matched by donations from the citizens of Randolph County and the Presbyteries of Lexington and Winchester, Virginia. In 1902, the college's board of trustees met for the first time. The first classes were held on September 21, 1904.

The original campus was located in south Elkins on a plot donated by Senator Elkins. Later, a gift of property from Mrs. Hallie Davis Elkins, who was the daughter of Senator Davis and the widow of Senator Elkins, prompted the move of the college to its present location in 1926. This property included her home, Halliehurst, and the surrounding estate. In 1941, Senator Davis's original estate, which included Graceland and the estate adjacent to Halliehurst, was acquired for the college.

Since its move to the old “Halliehurst Farm,” the physical plant of Davis & Elkins has expanded to include 22 major buildings on a 170-acre campus.

Davis & Elkins College is a coeducational liberal arts college, which offers a personalized undergraduate education and features 40 baccalaureate and associate degree programs representing the arts and sciences and pre-professional and professional studies.

The college is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. The college is affiliated with the American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education, the American Council on Education, the Appalachian College Association, the Association of American Colleges, the Association of Governing Boards, the Association of Presbyterian Colleges and Universities, the College Entrance Examination Board, the Council of Independent Colleges, the Presbyterian Church (USA), and the Council of Higher Education Accreditation.

The associate degree nursing program is accredited by the National League for Nursing Accrediting Commission and is a member of the league’s Council of Associate Degree Programs and the Council of Baccalaureate and Higher Degree Programs. The program is also accredited by the West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Nurses.

The theater program at Davis & Elkins College is an accredited, institutional member of the National Association of Schools of Theatre (NAST).

Davis & Elkins College has received specialized accreditation for its business programs through the International Assembly for Collegiate Business Education (IACBE), located in Olathe, Kansas.

The following degrees are accredited by the IACBE:

- Bachelor of arts/science in accounting; accounting (150-hour program), business education comprehensive (5- adult), economics, hospitality and tourism management, management, international management, international marketing, management information systems, and marketing.
- Associate in science degree in accounting, business, hospitality and tourism management.

Davis & Elkins College is a member of the Great Midwest Athletic Conference and the National Collegiate Athletic Association, Division II.

President: Chris Wood
Ohio Valley University (Churches of Christ)
Vienna, WV 26105
Website: ovu.edu

Chartered in 1958 by members of the Churches of Christ, Ohio Valley University is a private, independent, regional, faith-proclaiming, liberal arts university. Classes officially began in 1960.

Located in beautiful Vienna on the Ohio River in the historic Mid-Ohio Valley, a community of approximately 80,000, the main and south campuses are on 266 wooded acres at one of the highest points in Wood County.

With an enrollment of 391 students from 28 states and 14 nations, Ohio Valley University is accredited by The Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, The West Virginia State Department of Education, and The International Assembly for Collegiate Business Education (IACBE).

Baccalaureate degree programs are offered in accounting, Bible, Bible and ministry, biology, business administration, elementary education, English, history, information technology, interdisciplinary studies (criminal justice, interdisciplinary studies, mathematics, specialized studies, pre-law), psychology (pre-professional, Christian counseling, human services), secondary education (English, math, physical education, social studies, science, wellness), sports management, vocational ministry, vocational missions, and wellness.

Associate of arts and associate of science degrees are also offered, as well as special certifications and degree endorsements in the areas of special education and alternate dispute resolution. The special education certifications offered are K-6 and 5-adult. The coursework for these certifications is also offered through an intense Special Education Institute; participants in the Special Education Institute must already be certified teachers.

Ohio Valley University offers a master of education in curriculum and instruction. Courses for this program are taught in an online format.

President: Dr. Harold Shank.

Salem International University
Salem, WV 26426
Website: salemu.edu

Salem International University received its charter from the State of West Virginia as Salem College in December 1888 and offered its first term of instruction beginning in April 1889. Individuals in the Salem, West Virginia, community founded Salem College to be guided by the regulations of the Seventh Day Baptist Educational Society, although the institution always has been nonsectarian. Salem’s mission is to prepare global citizens with broad knowledge, marketable professional skills, and the ability to make decisions with integrity and an international perspective. Salem believes the liberal arts are an essential foundation for developing lifelong learners who can adapt to changing economic and demographic trends worldwide.

Salem has been regionally accredited by the Higher Learning Commission since 1963. The School of Education has earned accreditation by the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education (NCATE). Its programs for licensure as an initial teacher, school principal, district supervisor, and superintendent are approved by the West Virginia Board of Education. The School of Nursing’s LPN and RN programs are accredited by the West Virginia State Board of Examiners for Licensed Practical Nurses and the West Virginia State Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses, respectively.
Salem is a private, proprietary institution with a 100-acre campus in Salem, West Virginia. It also operates an administrative support center in Carmel, Indiana. Salem is authorized to operate in West Virginia by the Higher Education Policy Commission. It also is regulated by the Indiana Commission on Proprietary Education. Salem is governed by a board of trustees that is vested with the authority for the control and management of the university. Officers are appointed by the board of trustees, including the chief executive officer of the institution.

Degree programs are offered on campus, via distance education (primarily online), and blended. Salem offers undergraduate and graduate degree programs, both full-time and part-time. Undergraduate programs include biology, computer science, criminal justice, education, information technology, and nursing. Graduate programs include education and business.

President: Danny Finuf.

WEST VIRGINIA WESLEYAN COLLEGE (UNITED METHODIST)
Buckhannon, WV 26201
Website: wvwc.edu

Founded in 1890, West Virginia Wesleyan is a private, residential, liberal arts college affiliated with the United Methodist Church.

Wesleyan’s academic program offers a wide range of choices. There are over 35 majors with more than 50 programs of study and eight pre-professional programs. The college’s contract major allows individuals to custom-design a program to achieve their goals. Wesleyan also offers a five-year combined undergraduate and master of business administration degree.

West Virginia Wesleyan College is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission and approved by the University Senate of The United Methodist Church. It is a member of the National Association of Schools of Music and is approved by the West Virginia Department of Education and the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education. The college participates in the Interstate Certification Project, whereby a number of states certify teachers graduating from Wesleyan’s Department of Education. The nursing program is accredited by the Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing, Inc., formerly the National League for Nursing Accrediting Commission, Inc., and approved by the State of West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Nurses. The athletic training program is accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Athletic Training Education.

The college holds membership in the Appalachian College Association, East Central Colleges, the National Association for Independent Colleges and Universities, the American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education, the National Association of Schools and Colleges of The United Methodist Church, Campus Compact, and the Council of Independent Colleges.

President: Joel Thierstein.
Wheeling Jesuit University (Roman Catholic)
Wheeling, WV 26003
Website: wju.edu

Wheeling Jesuit University is a four-year, coeducational liberal arts university with a comprehensive curriculum. The fall 2014 enrollment numbered at 1,575, with 388 being graduate students.

Accreditation has been issued by: The Accreditation Council of Business Schools and Programs; Commission on Accreditation of Athletic Training Education; Commission on Accreditation in Physical Therapy Education; Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education; Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care; Joint Review Committee on Educational Programs in Nuclear Medicine Technology; North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, the Higher Learning Commission; Teacher Education Accreditation Council (TEAC); Teachers Education Program; TEAC Education Leadership; and West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission.

Degrees: bachelor of arts; bachelor of arts in organizational leadership and development; bachelor of liberal arts; bachelor of science; bachelor of science in allied health administration; bachelor of science in business administration; bachelor of science in nursing; master of business administration; master of science in accountancy; master of science in nursing; and doctor of physical therapy.

Majors: accounting, athletic training, bachelor of liberal arts, biology, business administration, chemistry, communication, computer science, criminal justice, engineering science, English, environment and sustainability, French, general science (physics), healthcare leadership, history, independent major, international studies, liberal studies – elementary education, master of arts in education – education leadership, master of science in nursing – education specialist, master of science in nursing – family nurse practitioner, master of science in nursing – nursing administration, mathematics, nuclear medicine, nursing, organizational leadership, organizational leadership and development, philosophy, physical therapy, physics, political and economic philosophy, political science, psychology, respiratory care practitioner, romance languages, Spanish and theology.

President: Rev. James J. Fleming, SJ.

American Public University System
Charles Town, WV 25414
Website: apus.edu

American Public University System, or APUS, is a fully online institution of higher learning based in Charles Town, West Virginia. APUS is regionally accredited by the Higher Learning Commission, or HLC, and certain programs offered by APUS have received specialized accreditations or professional recognition. APUS is authorized to offer its programs by the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission, or WVHEPC, the regulatory agency governing postsecondary education in the state of West Virginia.

APUS enrolls students from each of the 50 states, as well as the District of Columbia. The active student body of APUS consists of approximately 111,000 students, most of whom hold full-time employment. As of December 31, 2014, approximately 52 percent of APUS’s students self-reported that they served in the military on active duty at the time of initial enrollment. The remainder of APUS’s students are military-affiliated professionals (such as veterans, reservists or National Guard members), public safety professionals (such as law enforcement personnel or other first responders), and other civilians (such as working adult students).
APUS’s faculty consists of approximately 2,240 faculty members with relevant teaching and practitioner experience as well as a professional staff of approximately 1,030 non-faculty employees administering APUS’s academic, technology, service, and business operations. Most of APUS’s non-faculty employees work at either its headquarters in Charles Town, West Virginia, or at its administrative offices in Manassas, Virginia.

APUS’s offices are located in the immediate Charles Town, West Virginia area, occupying 14 owned facilities totaling approximately 253,000 square feet. APUS also owns two and a half acres of land in Charles Town for future development to support potential growth and expansion.

APUS is committed to being a good corporate citizen. In 2010, APUS constructed the state’s largest solar array which provides electricity to APUS’s finance center and also provides electric car charging stations to members of the community. APUS makes significant financial contributions to local, national and global charities; to a wide range of community service organizations; and to organizations that support the military. Since 2010, APUS has donated in excess of $1.5 million to charitable organizations, including major grants for education and technology serving Jefferson County, West Virginia, and support for military organizations. In addition, APUS employees play a vital role in communities across West Virginia’s eastern panhandle.

President and Chief Executive Officer: Dr. Wallace E. Boston.