PRESTON COUNTY CARING COUNCIL, INC. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

DHHR - Finance

JUL 2 4 2018

Date Received

CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of financial position Statement of activities Statement of functional expenses Statement of cash flows	3 4 5 6
Notes to financial statements	7-14
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards	15
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE	
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	16-17
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES	18-19

DHHR - Finance

JUL 2 4 2018

Date Received

ROTH & WHITE, A.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
P.O. Box 67
Kingwood, WV 26537
(304) 329-1020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Preston County Caring Council, Inc. Kingwood, West Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial position of Preston County Caring Council, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), as of June 30, 2016, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Preston County Caring Council, Inc. as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated July 17, 2018 on our consideration of Preston County Caring Council, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Preston County Caring Council, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Roth & White. a.C.

DHHR - Finance

Kingwood, West Virginia July 17, 2018

JUL 2 4 2018

Date Received

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION June 30, 2016

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Prepayments	\$	43 107 4 725
		47 832
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Leasehold improvement		1 953
Office equipment		54 319
Less accumulated depreciation		(47 483)
		8 789
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ ===	56 621
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	10 621
Accrued expenses	•	7 571
MOMAN A LA DIL MINING		10.100
TOTAL LIABILITIES		18 192
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted		38 429
TOTAL NET ASSETS		38 429
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	56 621

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2016

	<u>Unrestricted</u>	Temporarily <u>Restricted</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUE AND SUPPORT			
State government grants	\$	\$ 307 895	\$ 307 895
Fundraising and special events	3 102		3 102
Other grants		12 762	12 762
Donations	11 906		11 906
Other income	164		164
Total revenue and support	15 172	320 657	335 829
••			
Net assets released from usage			
restrictions	320 657	(320 657)	
Total public support and reve	enue 335 829	-0-	335 829
EXPENSES			
Program services	303 154		303 154
General and administrative	58 586		58 586
Fundraising	1 850	•	1 850
Total expenses	363 590		363 590
Change in net assets	(27 761)	-0-	(27 761)
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING			
OF YEAR, as restated	66 190 	-0-	66 190
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 38 429 =====	\$ -0- 	\$ 38 429

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES Year Ended June 30, 2016

	<u>Total</u>	Program <u>Services</u>	General & <u>Administrative</u>	<u>Fundraising</u>
PAYROLL				
Staff wages	\$ 208 576	\$ 182 059	\$ 26 517	\$
Employee benefits	15 720	9 284	6 436	
Payroll taxes	18 292	15 947	2 345	
Total payroll	242 588	207 290	35 298	
OTHER EXPENSES				
Rent	3 439	3 439	•	
Professional fees	3 301		3 301	
Contractual	15 526	5 200	10 326	
Supplies and materials	40 452	38 602		1 850
Telephone and utilities	10 558	10 558		
Training	7 370	7 370		
Advertising and public relations	1 391	1 391		
Insurance	5 049	5 049		
Office expense	6 536		6 536	
Travel and transportation	18 087	18 087		
Dues, subscriptions and licenses	2 717		2 717	
Meeting expenses	969	969		
Depreciation	5 199	5 199		
Interest expense	408		408	
	\$ 363 590	\$ 303 154	\$ 58 586	\$ 1850

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended June 30, 2016

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	(27 761)
Depreciation		5 199
Decrease in accounts payable		(248)
Increase in accrued expenses		307
Increase in prepayments		(214)
Decrease in grant receivables		10 228
Decrease in other receivables		356
Net cash provided by operating activities		(12 133)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Equipment purchases		(5 428)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(5 428)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Payments on line of credit loan		(10 000)
Proceeds from line of credit loan		10 000
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		-0-
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(17 561)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING, as restated		60 668
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$ ===	43 107

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

Interest expense of \$408 was paid on the line of credit loan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

Preston County Caring Council, Inc. is a nonprofit organization, formed in 1994. The mission of this Organization is to bring together resources to improve conditions for all children and families.

For the year ending June 30, 2016, the Council administered grant funding from the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources Bureau for Children and Families under programs for Preston County Starting Points, Preston County Caring Council, and Preston County Parents as Teachers. Any decrease of these grants would be detrimental to the Council.

General and administrative activities include the functions necessary to provide support for the organization's program activities. General and administrative activities include those that provide governance (Board of Directors), oversight, business management, financial recordkeeping, budgeting, human resource management, and similar activities that ensure an adequate working environment and an equitable employment program.

Fundraising activities include publicizing and conducting fundraising campaigns; conducting special fundraising events; and other activities involved with soliciting contributions from corporations, foundations, individuals, and others.

The organization prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) for not-for- profit organizations (NFPs). The significant accounting and reporting policies used by the organization are described subsequently to enhance the usefulness and understandability of the financial statements.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Net assets, revenues, expenses, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-implied restrictions as follows:

Unrestricted: Unrestricted net assets are resources available to support operations. The only limits on the use of unrestricted net assets are the broad limits resulting from the nature of the organization, the environment in which it operates, the purposes specified in its corporate documents and its application for tax-exempt status, and any limits resulting from contractual agreements with creditors and others that are entered into in the course of its operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of accounting (Continued)

Temporarily Restricted: Temporarily restricted net assets are resources that are restricted by a donor for use for a particular purpose or in a particular future period. The organization's unspent contributions are classified in this class if the donor limited their use, as are the unspent appreciation of its donor-restricted endowment funds.

When a donor's restriction is satisfied, either by using the resources in the manner specified by the donor or by the passage of time, the expiration of the restriction is reported in the financial statements by reclassifying the net assets from temporarily restricted to unrestricted net assets. Net assets restricted for acquisition of buildings or equipment (or less commonly, the contribution of those assets directly) are reported as temporarily restricted until the specified asset is placed in service by the organization, unless the donor provides more specific directions about the period of its use. The organization had no temporarily restricted net assets as of June 30, 2016.

Permanently Restricted: Permanently restricted net assets are resources whose use by the organization is limited by donor-imposed restrictions that neither expire by being used in accordance with a donor's restriction nor by the passage of time.

All revenues and net gains are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets in the statement of activities unless the use of the related resources is subject to temporary or permanent donor restrictions. All expenses and net losses other than losses on endowment investments are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. The Organization had no permanently restricted net assets as of June 30, 2016.

Contributions

Contributions and gifts received with no restrictions or specified uses identified by the donor or grantor are included in unrestricted revenue in the statement of activities when received.

Contributions received with donor or grantor stipulations that limit the use of donated assets are reported as either temporarily or permanently restricted revenue in the consolidated statement of activities when received. When donor or grantor restrictions expire or are fulfilled by actions of the Organization, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified as unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statement of activities as net assets released from restriction.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Expense Recognition and Allocation

The cost of providing the various programs and other activities has been detailed in the statement of functional expenses and is summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. Salaries and other expenses, which are associated with a specific program, are charged directly to that program. Salaries and other expenses, which benefit more than one program, are allocated to the various programs based on the time spent on each specific program.

General and administrative expenses include those costs that are not directly identifiable with any specific program, but which provide overall support and direction of the organization.

Fundraising costs are expensed as incurred, even though they may result in contributions received in future years. The organization does not conduct its fundraising activities in conjunction with its other activities.

Contributed Goods and Services

Contributed goods and services are reflected in the financial statements at their estimated fair value, if reasonably determined. The contributions of services are recognized if the services received (a) create or enhance non-financial assets, or (b) require specialized skills that are provided by individuals possessing those skills and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donations. For the year ended June 30, 2016, there were no significant non-cash contributions of goods or services. However, many individuals volunteer their time and perform a variety of tasks that may assist the Organization, but these services do not meet the criteria for recognition in the financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents

All highly liquid cash investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents on the statement of financial position and cash flows include the following:

	Bank	Carrying	Interest
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Value</u>	Rate
Petty Cash	\$	\$ 200	N/A
Checking	57 592	43 107	0%

All cash accounts were fully insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The organization does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates.

Income Taxes

The Organization received a determination from the Internal Revenue Service indicating that it is exempt for Federal income tax on all income except unrelated business income under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). It is classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Internal Revenue Code Section 509(a); accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Organization had no unrelated business income.

The Organization accounts for uncertainty in income taxes in accordance with GAAP, which requires recognition in the financial statements of a tax position only after determining that the relevant tax authority would more likely than not sustain the position following an audit. For tax positions meeting the more likely than not threshold, the amount recognized in the financial statement is the largest benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the relevant tax authority. The Organization had no material unrecognized tax benefits and no adjustments to its financial position, activities or cash flows were required.

The Organization does not expect that unrecognized tax benefits will increase within the next twelve months. The Organization's tax returns for the years ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017 remain subject to examination by Federal and State tax jurisdictions. The Organization recognizes accrued interest and penalties, if any, related to uncertain tax positions as income tax expense.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses, and gains and losses during the reported periods. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Prepayments

This account consists of prepaid insurance based on the effective dates of the policies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are capitalized. Fixed assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at fair value at the date of donation. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized, while repairs and maintenance expenditures are expensed as incurred. When items are retired or otherwise disposed of the related costs and accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed from the accounts and any resulting gains or losses are recognized. Depreciation is computed using straight-line and an accelerated method over the estimated lives of the respective assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over their useful lives.

The estimated useful lives of each asset group is as follows:

Asset Group	<u>Years</u>
Leasehold improvements	5
Office equipment	5-7

Grants, Contracts and Other Receivables

Grants, contracts and other receivables consist principally of amounts due from grantor agencies pursuant to the terms of the respective grant agreements. Grants, contracts and other receivables are stated at net realizable value. Allowances are provided for amounts estimated to be uncollectible based on historical experience and any specific collection issues that the Organization has identified. It is the Organization's policy to charge uncollectible receivables against the allowance when management determines that the related balance will not be collected. Management determined that an allowance for doubtful accounts was not necessary at June 30, 2016.

Fund-Raising Activities

The Organization's financial statements are presented in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 958, formerly known as Statement of Position 98-2, "Accounting for Costs of Activities of Not-for-Profit Organizations and State and Local Government Entities that Include Fund-Raising". FASB ASC 958 establishes criteria for accounting and reporting for any entity that solicits contributions.

Compensated Absences

It is the Organization's policy that employees must use their vacation and sick days by year end, or they forfeit the days. Therefore, there is not a liability for compensated absences at June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Grants from Government Agencies

Grants from governmental agencies are recognized as revenue when the grant funds have been expended in accordance with the grant provisions of the respective agreements.

Subsequent Events

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through July 17, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Property and Equipment and Depreciation

Property and equipment consist of the following:

Leasehold improvements	\$ 1 953
Office equipment	54 319
	56 272
Less accumulated depreciation	(47 483)
	\$ 8 789
	=====

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 amounts to \$5,199.

Note 3. Retirement System

Preston County Caring Council, Inc. is not a member of any retirement system.

Note 4. Office Rent

The Organization's offices are located in a building owned by the Wesley United Methodist Church. The Church does not charge the Organization rent; however, the Organization is responsible for the utilities and upkeep. The Church considers the Organization as performing a mission similar to the Church. The fair value of the rent is not reasonably determined and is not included in these financial statements. The loss of this arrangement may result in the decrease of services by the Council.

Note 5. Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Council carries general liability and property insurance for these various risks.

Amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 6. Advertising

Advertising and public relation expenses for the year are \$1,391.

Note 7. State Government Grants

Preston Caring Council, Inc. received funds from West Virginia Health and Human Resources/Bureau for Children and Families. The funds for these grant agreements were paid from the following federal and/or state sources:

Preston County Starting Points:		
Federal Funds (CFDA #93.590)	\$	5 977
Federal Funds (CFDA #93.556)		25 610
State Funds (Account #0403/274)		33 387
State Funds (Account #0403/196)		36 889
State Funds (Account #0403/951)		4 485
State Funds (Account #5469/099)		852
	\$	107 200
Preston County Caring Council Parents as Teachers:		
Federal Funds (CFDA # 93.590)	\$	1 783
State Funds (Account #0403/195)	Ψ	19 193
State Funds (Account #0403/688)		47 024
	\$	68 000
Preston County Caring Council:		
Federal Funds (CFDA #93.778)	\$	14 800
State Funds (Account #0403/274)		23 800
	\$	38 600
Preston County Caring Council Parents as Teachers Expansion:		
Federal Funds (CFDA #93.505)	\$	94 095

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 8. Restatement of Accounts

In prior years, the Organization received grants to support a Child Advocacy Center for Preston, Taylor, and Barbour Counties, West Virginia. A new organization, Tygart Valley Regional Child Advocacy Center, took over activities for the Child Advocacy Center after establishment and receiving the determination on their non-profit status from the Internal Revenue Service. All activities were turned over to the new organization and balances restated to only include the accounts of Preston County Caring Council, Inc.

Note 9. Contingencies

The Organization participates in federal and state grant programs that are subject to audit by the respective grantor agencies. Any disallowed funds received or to be received under these programs may constitute a liability in the amount of the disallowed funds. Management does not believe that any potential disallowed funds would have a significant effect on the financial statements.

Note 10. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Organization's cash is maintained at financial institutions in North Central West Virginia. The organization has exposure to credit risk to the extent cash exceeds \$250,000 in any one institution, the amount covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). As of June 30, 2016, there was not any uninsured amounts.

Note 11. Line of Credit

The Organization executed an unsecured line of credit agreement, due on demand, at a local financial institution.

The Organization borrowed and repaid \$10,000 against the line of credit during the year, ending June 30, 2016.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Revenue	
State Grantor	Recognized	Expenditures
West Virginia Department of Health and		
Human Resources Bureau for Children		
and Families		
Preston County Starting Points	\$ 107 200	\$ 107 200
Preston County Caring Council	38 600	38 600
Preston County Caring Council Parents as Teachers	68 000	68 000
Preston County Caring Council Parents as Teachers		
Expansion	94 095	94 095

Note A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state awards includes the state grant activity of Preston Caring Council, Inc. and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

ROTH & WHITE, A.C.

P.O. Box 67
Kingwood, WV 26537
(304) 329-1020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Preston County Caring Council, Inc. Kingwood, West Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Preston County Caring Council, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2016, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 17, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Preston County Caring Council, Inc's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Preston County Caring Council, Inc's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as 2016-01, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Preston County Caring Council, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contacts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of an our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2016-02.

Preston County Caring Council, Inc.'s Response to Findings

Preston County Caring Council, Inc.'s response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Preston County Caring Council, Inc.'s response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Roth & White, A.C.

Kingwood, West Virginia July 17, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2016-01

SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

CONDITION:

Analysis of the internal control system indicated a lack of segregation of duties. This is a repeat finding from prior years.

CRITERIA:

To achieve proper internal control, responsibility for approving, executing, and recording transactions and custody of the resulting asset arising from the transaction should be assigned to separate individuals.

CAUSE:

The organization has limited staff and has not implemented policies and procedures to ensure proper segregation of duties.

EFFECT:

Because of the failure to segregate duties, internal control elements do not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

RECOMMENDATION:

Responsibilities of approval, execution, recording and custody should be distributed among the office staff to the best degree possible. However, we recognize that complete segregation of duties is not economically feasible for the Organization.

ORGANIZATION'S

RESPONSE:

Management will try to segregate duties as much as possible with the limited staff available.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2016-02

MAINTENANCE OF ACCOUNTING RECORDS

CONDITION:

We determined during our audit that the management of the Preston County Caring Council, Inc. did not maintain adequate accounting records. Specifically, they did not do the following:

Keep adequate subsidiary ledgers for receipts and payables by

specific programs.

CRITERIA:

To assure proper and complete reporting of financial data, ledgers should be reconciled to source documents on a monthly basis.

CAUSE:

Policies and procedures were not in place to ensure adequate recording of all transactions. Management did not review source documents and the general ledger to ensure the recording of all source documents and proper allocation among the general ledger accounts.

EFFECT:

Allocation and recording was missing for the internal transactions which could change the allocation of revenues and expenses in the general ledger and among the various programs.

RECOMMENDATION:

Management should establish policies and procedures that provide for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and the proper allocation of internal activity.

ORGANIZATION'S

RESPONSE:

Management will endeavor to correct this situation.