

#### P.O. BOX 2067 CHARLESTON, WV 25327

### PHONE: 304.558.0500 wvlottery.com

#### MEMORANDUM

TO: Joint Committee on Government and Finance

FROM: Alan H. Larrick, Director

RE: Monthly Report on Lottery Operations

Month Ending January 31, 2018

DATE: February 16, 2018

This report of the Lottery operations is provided pursuant to the State Lottery Act.

Financial statements of the Lottery for the month ending January 31, 2018 are attached. Lottery revenue, which includes on-line, instant, video lottery sales, table games, and historic resort, was \$83,371,511 for the month of January.

Transfers of lottery revenue totaling \$26,483,907 made for the month of January to the designated state agencies per Senate Bill 160, Veterans Instant Ticket Fund, Racetrack Video Lottery Act (§29-22A-10), and the Racetrack Table Games Act(§29-22C-27). The amount transferred to each agency is shown in Note 10 on pages 18 and 19 of the attached financial statements.

The number of traditional and limited retailers active as of January 31, 2018 was 1,479 and 1,292 respectively.

A listing of the names and amounts of prize winners has been provided to the Clerk of the Senate, the Clerk of the House and Legislative Services.

If any member of the Committee has questions concerning the Lottery, please call me. Also if any members of the Legislature wish to visit the Lottery offices, I would be pleased to show them our facilities and discuss the Lottery with them.

AHL Attachment

pc: Honorable Jim Justice, Governor
 Dave Hardy, Cabinet Secretary – Dept. of Revenue
 John Perdue, Treasurer
 J. B. McCuskey, Auditor
 Members of the West Virginia Lottery Commission

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WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
-UNAUDITED-

**January 31, 2018** 

### **WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**

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### WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### (In Thousands) -Unaudited-

ASSETS		January 31, 2018		June 30, 2017		
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	124,404	\$	156,550		
Accounts receivable		25,929		27,533		
Inventory		541		553		
Other assets		1,355		1,482		
Total Current Assets	_	152,229	-	186,118		
Capital assets		57,294		55,732		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(12,667)		(11,953)		
Net Capital Assets	_ _	44,627	-	43,779		
Total Noncurrent Assets	<del>-</del>	44,627	_	43,779		
Total Assets	<b>\$</b> _	196,856	\$_	229,897		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$_	2,795	\$_	2,795		
Total assets and deferred outflows	<b>\$</b> _	199,651	\$_	232,692		
Current Liabilities:						
Accrued nonoperating distributions to the						
State of West Virginia	\$	102,208	\$	132,693		
Estimated prize claims		16,498		15,621		
Accounts payable		1,315		1,404		
Other accrued liabilities		26,244		29,588		
Total Current Liabilities	_	146,265	_	179,306		
Deferred inflows	\$_	367	_	367		
Net Position:						
Net Investment in capital assets		44,627		43,779		
Unrestricted	_	8,392	_	9,240		
Total Net Position	<u>-</u>	53,019	-	53,019		
Total net position, liabilities, and deferred inflows	\$_	199,651	\$_	232,692		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE SEVEN MONTH PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2018

(In Thousands)
-Unaudited-

		CURREN	CURRENT MONTH			YEAR TO DATE		
		FY 2018		FY 2017		FY 2018		FY 2017
Lottery revenues								
On-line games	\$	7,834	\$	5,298	\$	48,259	\$	42,275
Instant games		9,103		8,737		54,268		53,659
Racetrack video lottery		35,398		39,418		288,811		301,239
Limited video lottery		27,827		27,049		204,038		196,542
Table games		2,783		3,310		20,340		23,812
Historic resort		426		465		3,889		3,070
		83,371		84,277	-	619,605	_	620,597
Less commissions					-		_	
On-line games		539		383		3,370		2,956
Instant games		637		612		3,799		3,756
Racetrack video lottery		17,100		19,073		156,133		161,673
Limited video lottery		13,635		13,254		99,979		96,306
Table games		1,180		1,403		8,624		10,092
Historic resort		219		255	-	2,101	-	1,603
		33,310		34,980	-	274,006	-	276,386
Less on-line prizes		3,763		2,552		24,483		21,543
Less instant prizes		6,024		5,726		35,710		35,190
Less ticket costs		123		108		711		789
Less vendor fees and costs		945		677		4,586		4,127
2000 (0.000 1.000 0.000		10,855	•	9,063	-	65,490	-	61,649
		10,055		7,005	-	05,470	-	01,042
Gross profit		39,206		40,234	_	280,109	_	282,562
Administrative expenses								
Advertising and promotions		294		16		3,387		2,834
Wages and related benefits		761		784		5,649		5,717
Telecommunications		68		63		479		679
Contractual and professional		364		347		2,582		2,641
Rental		(3)		32		90		223
Depreciation and amortization		104		108		714		757
Other administrative expenses		170		131		865		1,007
		1,758		1,481	-	13,766		13,858
Other Operating Income		126		132		3,704		2,063
Operating Income		37,574		38,885	-	270,047	-	270,767
Nonoperating income (expense)		0.		40=				
Investment income		85		105		734		370
Distributions to municipalities and counties		(545)		(530)		(3,999)		(3,852)
Distributions -capital reinvestment		(708)		(780)		(832)		(1,178)
Distributions to the State of West Virginia		(36,406)		(37,680)	-	(265,950)	-	(266,107)
		(37,574)		(38,885)	-	(270,047)	-	(270,767)
Not income								
Net income				-			-	
Net position, beginning of period		53,019		52,372		53,019		52,372
Net position, end of period	\$		\$		¢.	53,019	Φ-	52,372
ivet position, end of period	Ф	53,019	Ф	52,372	\$	33,019	\$_	34,314

## WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SEVEN MONTH PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2018

### (In Thousands) -Unaudited-

Cash flows from customers and other sources         624,913         \$ 617,297           Cash payments for:         (5,649)         (5,618)           Personnel costs         (5,649)         (5,618)           Suppliers         (7,454)         (7,884)           Other operating costs         (336,464)         (340,961)           Cash provided by operating activities:         275,346         262,834           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         Nonoperating distributions to the State of West Virginia         (296,435)         (318,985)           Distributions to municipalities and counties         (4,001)         (3,865)           Distributions to municipalities and counties         (4,001)         (3,865)           Distributions to racetrack from racetrack cap. reinv. fund         (6,349)         (8,754)           Cash used in noncapital financing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Purchases of capital assets         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from investing activities:         855         493           Lincrease (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (32,146)         (68,423)           Cash provided by investing activities:         (32,146)         (68,423)           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period         156,550         166,621     <			2018	2017
Cash payments for:         (5,649)         (5,618)           Suppliers         (7,454)         (7,884)           Other operating costs         (336,464)         (340,961)           Cash provided by operating activities:         275,346         262,834           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         West Virginia         (296,435)         (318,985)           Distributions to municipalities and counties         (4,001)         (3,865)         (331,604)           Distributions to racetrack from racetrack cap. reinv. fund         (6,349)         (8,754)           Cash used in noncapital financing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from investing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Cash growing from investing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Cash growing from investing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - end of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - end of period         174	Cash flows from operating activities:			
Personnel costs         (5,649)         (5,618)           Suppliers         (7,454)         (7,884)           Other operating costs         (336,464)         (340,961)           Cash provided by operating activities         275,346         262,834           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         Nonoperating distributions to the State of West Virginia         (296,435)         (318,985)           Distributions to municipalities and counties         (4,001)         (3,865)           Distributions to racetrack from racetrack cap, reinv. fund         (6,349)         (8,754)           Cash used in noncapital financing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from investing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from investing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Cash provided by investing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - end of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - end of period         174,404         98,198           Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating act		\$	624,913	\$ 617,297
Suppliers         (7,454)         (7,884)           Other operating costs         (336,464)         (340,961)           Cash provided by operating activities         275,346         262,834           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         (296,435)         (318,985)           Distributions to municipalities and counties         (4,001)         (3,865)           Distributions to racetrack from racetrack cap, reinv. fund         (6,349)         (8,754)           Cash used in noncapital financing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         1         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from investing activities:         855         493         493           Cash flows from investing activities:         855         493           Cash provided by investing activities:         855         493           Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (32,146)         (68,423)           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents of period         157,040         170,047         <	* *			
Other operating costs         (336,464)         (340,961)           Cash provided by operating activities         275,346         262,834           Cash provided by operating activities:         Section 1         275,346         262,834           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         Section 1         (318,985)         318,985)           Distributions to municipalities and counties         (4,001)         (3,865)         36,754)           Cash used in noncapital financing activities         (306,785)         (331,604)           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         Increase of capital assets         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from investing activities:         855         493           Cash provided by investing activities:         855         493           Cash provided by investing activities         855         493           Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (32,146)         (68,423)           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - end of period         \$ 124,044         98,198           Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         714         757           Operating income         714         757			, , ,	
Cash provided by operating activities:  Nonoperating distributions to the State of West Virginia (296,435) Distributions to municipalities and counties (4,001) (3,865) Distributions to racetrack from racetrack cap. reinv. fund (6,349) (8,754) Cash used in noncapital financing activities: Purchases of capital and related financing activities: Purchases of capital assets (1,562) (146)  Cash flows from investing activities: Investment earnings received 855 493 Cash provided by investing activities Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (32,146) (68,423)  Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period 156,550 166,621 Cash and cash equivalents - end of period \$124,404 \$98,198  Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income \$270,047 \$270,767 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities: Operating income to net cash country activities: Operating income 1,66,621 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 1,604 (5,363) (Increase) decrease in other assets 6 216 Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims 877 (696) Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims 877 (696) Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities (2,175) (1,945)			, , ,	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         (296,435)         (318,985)           Distributions to municipalities and counties         (4,001)         (3,865)           Distributions to racetrack from racetrack cap. reinv. fund         (6,349)         (8,754)           Cash used in noncapital financing activities         (306,785)         (331,604)           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         reinvities         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from investing activities:         lnvestment carnings received         855         493           Cash provided by investing activities         855         493           Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (32,146)         (68,423)           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - end of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - end of period         \$270,047         \$270,767           Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         Operating income         \$270,047         \$270,767           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:         Changes in operating activities:         \$270,047         \$757           Changes in operating assets and liabilities:         (1,604	ž – v			
Nonoperating distributions to the State of West Virginia         (296,435)         (318,985)           Distributions to municipalities and counties         (4,001)         (3,865)           Distributions to racetrack from racetrack cap. reinv. fund         (6,349)         (8,754)           Cash used in noncapital financing activities         (306,785)         (331,604)           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         Purchases of capital assets         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from investing activities:         Investment earnings received         855         493           Cash provided by investing activities         855         493           Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (32,146)         (68,423)           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - end of period         126,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents of period         270,047         \$ 98,198           Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         Operating income         \$ 270,047         \$ 270,767           Adjustments to reconcile operating activities:         Depreciation and amortization         714         757	Cash provided by operating activities		275,346	 262,834
Distributions to municipalities and counties         (4,001)         (3,865)           Distributions to racetrack from racetrack cap. reinv. fund         (6,349)         (8,754)           Cash used in noncapital financing activities         (306,785)         (331,604)           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         (1,562)         (146)           Purchases of capital assets         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from investing activities:         855         493           Cash provided by investing activities         855         493           Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (32,146)         (68,423)           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - end of period         \$ 124,404         \$ 98,198           Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         Operating income         \$ 270,047         \$ 270,767           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:         To 757         Changes in operating assets and liabilities:           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         1,604         (5,363)           (Increase) decrease in inventory         12         (218)           (Increase) (decrease) in estimated prize claims         877	Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Distributions to racetrack from racetrack cap. reinv. fund Cash used in noncapital financing activities  Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:  Purchases of capital assets  Cash flows from investing activities:  Investment earnings received Cash provided by investing activities  Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents - end of period Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Cash provided by operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income Table 156,550 Table 166,621 Table 176,041 Table 176,042 Table 176,043	Nonoperating distributions to the State of West Virginia		(296,435)	(318,985)
Distributions to racetrack from racetrack cap. reinv. fund Cash used in noncapital financing activities  Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:  Purchases of capital assets  Cash flows from investing activities:  Investment earnings received Cash provided by investing activities  Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents - end of period Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Cash provided by operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income Table 156,550 Table 166,621 Table 176,041 Table 176,042 Table 176,043	Distributions to municipalities and counties		(4,001)	(3,865)
Cash used in noncapital financing activities:  Purchases of capital and related financing activities:  Purchases of capital assets  Cash flows from investing activities:  Investment earnings received  Cash provided by investing activities  Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period  Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period  Cash and cash equivalents - end of period  Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to  cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization  714  757  Changes in operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable  Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims  877  Cincrease (decrease) in estimated prize claims  877  Cincrease (decrease) in accounts payable  Reconciliation of operating activities:  887  (1996)  Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities  (1945)			(6,349)	(8,754)
Purchases of capital assets         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from investing activities:         855         493           Investment earnings received         855         493           Cash provided by investing activities         855         493           Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (32,146)         (68,423)           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - end of period         124,404         98,198           Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         270,047         270,767           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:         714         757           Oberaction and amortization         714         757           Changes in operating assets and liabilities:         1,604         (5,363)           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         1,604         (5,363)           (Increase) decrease in inventory         12         (218)           (Increase) decrease in estimated prize claims         877         (696)           Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims         877         (696)           Increase (decrease) in incother accrued liabilities         2,175         (1,945) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Purchases of capital assets         (1,562)         (146)           Cash flows from investing activities:         855         493           Investment earnings received         855         493           Cash provided by investing activities         855         493           Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (32,146)         (68,423)           Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period         156,550         166,621           Cash and cash equivalents - end of period         124,404         98,198           Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         270,047         270,767           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:         714         757           Oberaction and amortization         714         757           Changes in operating assets and liabilities:         1,604         (5,363)           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         1,604         (5,363)           (Increase) decrease in inventory         12         (218)           (Increase) decrease in estimated prize claims         877         (696)           Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims         877         (696)           Increase (decrease) in incother accrued liabilities         2,175         (1,945) <td>Cash flows from capital and related financing acitivities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash flows from capital and related financing acitivities:			
Investment earnings received 855 493 Cash provided by investing activities 855 493  Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (32,146) (68,423)  Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period 156,550 166,621 Cash and cash equivalents - end of period \$124,404 \$98,198  Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income \$270,047 \$270,767  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization 714 757  Changes in operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 1,604 (5,363) (Increase) decrease in inventory 12 (218) (Increase) decrease in other assets 6 216 Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims 877 (696) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (89) (684) Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities 2,175 (1,945)			(1,562)	 (146)
Investment earnings received 855 493 Cash provided by investing activities 855 493  Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (32,146) (68,423)  Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period 156,550 166,621 Cash and cash equivalents - end of period \$124,404 \$98,198  Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income \$270,047 \$270,767  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization 714 757  Changes in operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 1,604 (5,363) (Increase) decrease in inventory 12 (218) (Increase) decrease in other assets 6 216 Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims 877 (696) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (89) (684) Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities 2,175 (1,945)	Cash flows from investing activities:			
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents - end of period  Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income Operating income Operating income Operating income Operating income Operating income Operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization Operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Operating inventory Operating activities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Operating activities:  (Increase) decrease in inventory Operating activities:  (Increase) decrease in in	Investment earnings received		855	493
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period \$ 156,550 \$ 166,621 \$ 270,404 \$ 98,198 \$	Cash provided by investing activities		855	493
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period \$\frac{124,404}{\$}\$\$ \$\frac{98,198}{\$}\$\$  Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income \$\frac{270,047}{\$}\$\$ \$\frac{270,767}{\$}\$\$  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization \$\frac{714}{\$}\$\$ \$\frac{757}{\$}\$\$  Changes in operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable \$\frac{1,604}{\$}\$\$ (5,363) (Increase) decrease in inventory \$\frac{12}{\$}\$\$ (218) (Increase) decrease in other assets \$\frac{6}{\$}\$\$ (216) Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims \$\frac{877}{\$}\$\$ (696) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable \$\frac{696}{\$}\$\$ (89) (684) Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities \$\frac{2,175}{\$}\$\$ (1,945)	Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(32,146)	(68,423)
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income \$ 270,047 \$ 270,767  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization 714 757  Changes in operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 1,604 (5,363)  (Increase) decrease in inventory 12 (218)  (Increase) decrease in other assets 6 216  Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims 877 (696)  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (89) (684)  Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities 2,175 (1,945)	Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period		156,550	166,621
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Changes in operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in other assets (Increase) decrease) in estimated prize claims (Increase) decrease) in estimated prize claims (Increase) decrease) in accounts payable (Increase) decrease) in accounts payable (Increase) decrease) in other accrued liabilities	Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$	124,404	\$ 98,198
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization 714 757  Changes in operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 1,604 (5,363)  (Increase) decrease in inventory 12 (218)  (Increase) decrease in other assets 6 216  Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims 877 (696)  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (89) (684)  Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities 2,175 (1,945)	Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by opera	ting activi	ties:	
cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization 714 757  Changes in operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 1,604 (5,363)  (Increase) decrease in inventory 12 (218)  (Increase) decrease in other assets 6 216  Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims 877 (696)  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (89) (684)  Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities 2,175 (1,945)	Operating income	\$	270,047	\$ 270,767
cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization 714 757  Changes in operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 1,604 (5,363)  (Increase) decrease in inventory 12 (218)  (Increase) decrease in other assets 6 216  Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims 877 (696)  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (89) (684)  Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities 2,175 (1,945)	Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in other assets (Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in other assets (Increa				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable1,604(5,363)(Increase) decrease in inventory12(218)(Increase) decrease in other assets6216Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims877(696)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(89)(684)Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities2,175(1,945)	Depreciation and amortization		714	757
(Increase) decrease in inventory12(218)(Increase) decrease in other assets6216Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims877(696)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(89)(684)Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities2,175(1,945)	Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in other assets6216Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims877(696)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(89)(684)Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities2,175(1,945)	(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		1,604	(5,363)
Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities  2,175  (696)  (684)  (1,945)	(Increase) decrease in inventory		12	(218)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (89) (684) Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities 2,175 (1,945)	(Increase) decrease in other assets		6	216
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (89) (684) Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities 2,175 (1,945)			877	(696)
Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities 2,175 (1,945)			(89)	(684)
	Cash provided by operating activities	\$	275,346	\$ 262,834

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### **NOTE 1 - LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENT**

The West Virginia Lottery (Lottery) was established by the State Lottery Act (Act) passed April 13, 1985, which created a special fund in the State Treasury designated as the "State Lottery Fund." The purpose of the Act was to establish and implement a state-operated lottery under the supervision of a state lottery commission (Commission) and a director. The Commission, consisting of seven members and the Director are appointed by the Governor. Under the Act, the Commission has certain powers and the duty to establish rules for conducting games, to select the type and number of gaming systems or games and to enter into contracts and agreements, and to do all acts necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and exercise of its power and duty to operate the Lottery in a highly efficient manner. The Act provides that a minimum annual average of 45% of the gross amount received from each lottery shall be allocated for prizes and also provides for certain limitations on expenses necessary for operation and administration of the Lottery. To the extent available, remaining net profits are to be distributed to the State of West Virginia. As the State is able to impose its will over the Lottery, the Lottery is considered a component unit of the State and its financial statements are presented in the comprehensive annual financial report of the State as a blended proprietary fund component unit.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies of the Lottery is presented below.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – The West Virginia Lottery is a component unit of the State of West Virginia, and is accounted for as a proprietary fund special purpose government engaged in business type activities. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments," and with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting which requires recognition of revenue when earned and expenses when incurred. As permitted by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting," the Lottery has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 unless the GASB specifically adopts such FASB statements or interpretations.

The Lottery is included in the State's basic financial statements as a proprietary fund and business type activity using the accrual basis of accounting. Because of the Lottery's presentation in these financial statements as a special purpose government engaged in business type activities, there may be differences in presentation of amounts reported in these financial statements and the basic financial statements of the State as a result of major fund determination.

**USE OF ESTIMATES** – The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and develop assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes to financial statements. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**LOTTERY GAME OPERATIONS** – The West Virginia Lottery derives its revenues from four basic types of lottery games: instant, on-line, video type games, and table games. The Lottery develops multiple game themes and prize structures to comply with its enabling legislation, including aggregate annual minimum prize provisions. All bonded retailers and agents comprised principally of grocery and convenience stores serve as the primary distribution channel for instant and on-line lottery sales to the general public.

The Lottery has contracted with a private vendor to manufacture, distribute, and provide data processing support for instant and on-line games. Under the terms of the agreements, the Lottery pays a percentage of gross revenues or gross profits for the processing and manufacture of the games.

Revenue from instant games is recognized when game tickets are sold to the retailers, and the related prize expense is recorded based on the specific game prize structure. Instant ticket sales and related prizes do not include the value of free plays issued for the purpose of increasing the odds of winning a prize.

Sales of on-line lottery tickets are made by licensed agents to the public with the use of computerized terminals. On-line games include POWERBALL®, a multi-state "jackpot" game; HOT LOTTO®, a multi-state "lotto" game; Mega Millions®, a multi-state "jackpot" game; Cash25 "lotto" game; Daily 3 and 4 "numbers" games; and Travel, a daily "keno" game. Revenue is recognized when the agent sells the tickets to the public. Prize expense is recognized on the basis of actual drawing results.

Commissions are paid to instant game retailers and on-line agents at the rate of seven percent of gross sales. A portion of the commission not to exceed one and one quarter percent of gross sales may be paid from unclaimed prize moneys. The amount paid from unclaimed prize moneys is credited against prize costs. In addition, retailers and agents are paid limited bonus incentives that include prize shares on winning tickets they sold and a ticket cashing bonus on winning tickets they cash. On a weekly basis, retailers and agents must remit amounts due to the Lottery. Retailers may not be able to order additional instant tickets if payment has not been made for the previous billing period, while an agent's on-line terminal may be rendered inactive if payment is not received each week. No one retailer or agent accounts for a significant amount of the Lottery's sales or accounts receivable. Historically credit losses have been nominal and no allowance for doubtful accounts receivable is considered necessary.

Video lottery is a self-activated video version of lottery games which is operated by an authorized licensee. The board-operated games allow a player to place bets for the chance to be awarded credits which can either be redeemed for cash or be replayed as additional bets. The coin operated games allow a player to use coins, currency, or tokens to place bets for the chance to receive coin or token awards which may be redeemed for cash or used for replay in the coin operated games. The video lottery games' prize structures are designed to award prizes, or credits, at a stipulated rate of total bets played, and prize expense is netted against total video credits played. The Lottery recognizes as video lottery revenue "gross terminal income" equivalent to all wagers, net of related prizes. Amounts required by statute to be paid to the private and local government entities are reported as commissions. WV Lottery statutes have established specific requirements for video lottery and imposed certain restrictions limiting the licensing for operation of video lottery games to horse and dog racetracks in West Virginia (subject to local county elections permitting the same), limited licensed retailer areas restricted for adult amusement, and licensed historic resort hotels as defined by WV Code.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The legislation further stipulates the distribution of revenues from video lottery games, and requires any video lottery licensee to be responsible for acquiring the necessary equipment and bearing the risk associated with the costs of operating and marketing the games.

Table games are lotteries as each game involves consideration, the possibility of a prize, and their outcome is determined predominantly by chance, which the common law of West Virginia has long held are the three essential elements of a lottery. Table games are the exclusive intangible intellectual property of the state of West Virginia. Table games legislation has established specific requirements for table games and imposed certain restrictions limiting the licensing for operation of table games to horse and dog racetracks in West Virginia (subject to local county elections permitting the same), and licensed historic resort hotels as defined by WV Code. Each licensee as an agent of the Lottery Commission to operate West Virginia table games shall have written rules of play for each table game it operates which must be approved by the Commission. All wagers and pay-offs of winning wagers shall be made according to those rules of play. For the privilege of holding a table games license, there is levied a privilege tax of thirty-five percent of each licensee's adjusted gross receipts for the operation of West Virginia Lottery table games. Amounts required by statute to be paid to private and local government entities are reported as commissions. The legislation further stipulates the distribution of revenues from West Virginia table games, and requires any licensee to be responsible for acquiring the necessary equipment and bearing the risk associated with the costs of operating and marketing the games.

**CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** – Cash and cash equivalents primarily consist of interest-earning deposits in an external investment pool maintained by the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (BTI). The BTI pool is a 2a-7 like pool carried at amortized cost which approximates fair value of the underlying securities.

**INVENTORY** – Inventory consists of instant game tickets available for sale to approved Lottery retailers and is carried at cost as determined by the specific identification method.

**OTHER ASSETS** – Other assets consist of deposits restricted for payment of certain Multi-State Lottery Association activities and prepaid expenses.

**CAPITAL ASSETS** – The Lottery has adopted a policy of capitalizing assets with individual amounts exceeding \$25,000. These assets include leasehold improvements and purchased equipment, comprised principally of technology property, office furnishings and equipment necessary to administer lottery games, are carried at cost. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method using three to ten year lives.

**ADVERTISING AND PROMOTIONS** – The Lottery expenses the costs of advertising and promotions as they are incurred.

**COMPENSATED ABSENCES** – The Lottery has accrued \$573,725 and \$569,988 of at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, for estimated obligations that may arise in connection with compensated absences for vacation at the current rate of employee pay. Employees fully vest in all earned but unused vacation. To the extent that accumulated sick leave is expected to be converted to benefits on termination or retirement, the Lottery participates in another postemployment benefits plan (see Note 16).

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**NET POSITION** – Net position is presented as restricted, unrestricted and net investment in capital assets which represent the net book value of all property and equipment of the Lottery. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, restricted resources are applied first.

**OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES** — Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds such as the Lottery are revenues and expenses that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. Operating revenues for the Lottery are derived from providing various types of lottery games. Operating expenses include commissions, prize costs, other direct costs of providing lottery games, and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

At January 31, 2018 the carrying amounts of deposits (overdraft) with financial institutions were \$484 thousand with a bank balance (overdraft) of \$518 thousand. Of this balance \$250 thousand was covered by federal depository insurance with the remaining balance collateralized with securities held by the State of West Virginia's agent in the State's name.

A summary of the amount on deposit with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (BTI) is as follows (in thousands):

	January 31, 2018		_	J	June 30, 2017
Deposits with financial institutions	\$	484		\$	468
Cash on hand at the Treasurer's Office		15,883			17,239
Investments with BTI reported as cash equivalents		108,037			138,843
	\$	124,404	_	\$	156,550

The deposits with the BTI are part of the State of West Virginia's consolidated investment cash liquidity pool. Investment income is pro-rated to the Lottery at rates specified by the BTI based on the balance of the deposits maintained in relation to the total deposits of all state agencies participating in the pool. Such funds are available to the Lottery with overnight notice.

#### **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of capital asset activity for the month ended January 31, 2018 is as follows (in thousands):

### Capital Assets:

	Historical Cost			Historical Cost
•	At June 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	At January 31, 2018
Construction in				
Progress	\$ 1,350	\$ 20	\$ (741)	\$ 629
Buildings	46,207	2,036	-	48,243
Land	1,434	247	-	1,681
Equipment	6,741	-	-	6,741
•	\$ 55,732	\$ 2,303	\$ (741)	\$ 57,294
Accumulated				
Depreciation:				
	Historical Cost			Historical Cost
	At June 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	At January 31, 2018
D '11'	ф. <b>5.24</b> 5	<b>4 5</b> 05	, de	ф. <b>5</b> 0 <b>5</b> 0
Buildings	\$ 5,247	\$ 705	\$ -	\$ 5,952
Equipment	6,706	9		6,715
	\$ 11,953	\$ 714	\$ -	\$ 12,667

#### NOTE 5 - PARTICIPATION IN THE MULTI-STATE LOTTERY

The Lottery is a member of the Multi-State Lottery (MUSL), which operates the semi-weekly POWERBALL® jackpot lotto game, the HOT LOTTO® game, the LOTTO AMERICA® game, and the MEGA MILLIONS® jackpot game on behalf of participating state lotteries. MUSL is currently comprised of 33 member state lotteries, including the District of Columbia and the United States Virgin Islands. MUSL is managed by a Board of Directors, which is comprised of the lottery directors or their designee from each of the party states. The Board of Directors' responsibilities to administer the Multi-State Lottery Powerball, Hot Lotto, and Mega Millions games are performed by advisory committees or panels staffed by officers and independent contractors appointed by the board. These officers and consultants serve at the pleasure of the board and the board prescribes their powers, duties and qualifications. The Executive Committee carries out the budgeting and financing of MUSL, while the board contracts the annual independent audit. A copy of the audit may be obtained by writing to the Multi-State Lottery Association, 1701-48th Street, Suite 210, West Des Moines, Iowa 50266-6723.

Each MUSL member sells game tickets through its agents and makes weekly wire transfers to the MUSL in an amount equivalent to the total prize pool less the amount of prizes won in each state. Lesser prizes are paid directly to the winners by each member lottery. The prize pool for POWERBALL®, HOT LOTTO®, LOTTO AMERICA®, and MEGA MILLIONS® is 50% of each drawing period's sales, with minimum jackpot levels. The Lottery's revenues and expenses from MUSL games participation for the month ended January 31, 2018 and fiscal year-to-date is as follows:

NOTE 5 - PARTICIPATION IN THE MULTI-STATE LOTTERY (continued)

Revenues	 Month		Y-T-D
Powerball	\$ 3,928,609	\$	24,213,941
Hot Lotto	-		2,219,730
Lotta America	480,466		1,159,637
Mega Millions	 1,722,016		8,379,929
Total	\$ 6,131,091	\$	35,973,237
Expenses (Prizes)	 Month		Y-T-D
Powerball	\$ 1,964,456	\$	12,107,938
Hot Lotto	-		974,129
Lotta America	240,235		579,826
Mega Millions	 895,536		4,275,575
Total	\$ 3,100,227	\$	17,937,468

MUSL places a percentage of game sales from each game in separate prize reserve funds that serve as a contingency reserve to protect the respective MUSL Product Groups from unforeseen prize liabilities. These funds can only be used at the discretion of the respective MUSL Product Group. Once the prize reserve funds exceed the designated limit, the excess becomes part of that particular prize pool. Prize reserve fund monies are refundable to MUSL Product Group members if the MUSL disbands or, after one year, if a member leaves the MUSL. The applicable sales percentage contribution as well as the reserve fund limit for the MUSL games is as follows:

	PowerBall	Hot Lotto	Lotto America	Mega Millions
Required Contribution (% of sales)	2%	3%	3%	1%
Reserve Fund Cap	\$125,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$45,000,000

At January 31, 2018, the Lotteries share of the prize reserve fund balances were as follows:

Game	Total Prize Reserve	Lottery Share
Powerball	\$ 118,901,915	\$ 1,582,256
Hot Lotto	6,918,607	493,881
Lotto America	536,244	37,472
Mega Millions	47,965,522	626,962
Total	\$ 174,322,288	\$ 2,740,571

Lottery prize reserves held by the MUSL are invested according to a Trust agreement the Lottery has with MUSL outlining investment policies. The policies restrict investments to direct obligations of the United States Government, perfected repurchase agreements, and obligations issued or guaranteed as to payment of

### NOTE 5 - PARTICIPATION IN THE MULTI-STATE LOTTERY (continued)

principal and interest by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States Government, and mutual funds of approved investments. The average portfolio maturity is never more than one year, except that up to one third of the portfolio may have an average maturity of up to two years. The maximum maturity for any one security does not exceed five years.

The interest earned on prize reserve fund monies is used to pay MUSL operating expenses and any amounts over and above that are credited to an unreserved fund. The Lottery records this as interest when earned. This fund had a balance of \$15,377,983 at January 31, 2018, of which the Lottery's share was \$1,421,200.

### **NOTE 6 - RACETRACK VIDEO LOTTERY**

The Racetrack Video Lottery legislation stipulates the distribution of racetrack video lottery revenues. This legislation has been amended since inception to restate revenue distribution based on revenue benchmarks and has been amended again by HB 101 as passed during the first extraordinary session of 2014. For a complete summary of the impacts of HB 101, see Note 11 titled "Summary Impact of Recent Legislation." Initially, four percent (4%) of gross terminal revenue is allocated for lottery administrative costs. Sixty-six percent (57%) of net terminal revenue (gross less 4%) is allocated in lieu of commissions to: the racetracks (46.5%); other private entities associated with the racing industry (8.7%); and the local county and municipal governments (2%). The remaining revenues (42.8%) of net terminal revenue is allocated for distribution to State as specified in the Racetrack Video Lottery Act or subsequent State budget, as described in the Note 10 titled "Nonoperating Distributions to the State of West Virginia."

The first benchmark occurs when the current year net terminal revenue meets the fiscal year 1999 net terminal revenue. The counties and incorporated municipalities split 50/50 the two percent (2%) net terminal revenue.

The second benchmark occurs when the current year gross terminal revenue meets the fiscal year 2001 gross terminal revenue. The four percent (4%) is no longer allocated for lottery administrative costs; instead the State receives this for distribution as specified by legislation or the State budget.

The final benchmark occurs when the current year net terminal revenue meets the fiscal year 2001 net terminal revenue. At this point a 10% surcharge is applied to net terminal revenue, with 58% of the surcharge allocated for distribution to the State as specified by legislation or the State budget, and 42% of the surcharge allocated to separate capital reinvestment funds for each licensed racetrack.

After deduction of the surcharge, 49% of net terminal revenue is allocated in lieu of commissions to: the racetracks (42%); other private entities associated with the racing industry (5%); and the local county and incorporated municipality governments (2%).

### **NOTE 6 - RACETRACK VIDEO LOTTERY (continued)**

The remaining net terminal revenue (51%) is allocated for distribution to the State as specified in the Racetrack Video Lottery Act or subsequent State budget, as described in Note 10.

Amounts from the capital reinvestment fund may be distributed to each racetrack if qualifying expenditures are made within the statutory timeframe; otherwise amounts accumulated in the fund revert to the state excess lottery revenue fund.

The WV Lottery, along with the Ohio, Rhode Island, Maryland, and Delaware lotteries, participate in Multi-Jurisdictional Wide Area Progressive (MWAP) video games. This allows each of the lotteries to offer a higher progressive jackpot than they could generate alone. MUSL manages the progressive games and charges each participant a MWAP contribution fee of .74% of the amount wagered. A summary of racetrack video lottery revenues for the month ended January 31, 2018 and fiscal year-to-date follows (in thousands):

	Current Month					Year-to	o-Date	
	2018			2017		2018		2017
Total credits played	\$	404,473	\$	435,870	\$	3,249,629	\$	3,364,258
Credits (prizes) won		(363,497)		(390,853)		(2,915,644)		(3,019,671)
Promotional credits played		(5,576)		(5,593)		(45,155)		(43,297)
MWAP Contributions		(2)		(6)		(19)		(51)
Gross terminal income		35,398		39,418		288,811		301,239
Administrative costs		(630)		(735)		(10,621)		(10,697)
Net Terminal Income		34,768		38,683		278,190		290,542
Less distribution to agents		(17,100)		(19,073)		(156,133)		(161,673)
Racetrack video lottery revenues	\$	17,668	\$	19,610	\$	122,057	\$	128,869

A summary of video lottery revenues paid or accrued for certain state funds to conform with the legislation follows (in thousands):

	January 31, 2018			Year-to-Date
State Lottery Fund	\$	4,690	\$	77,673
State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund		12,284		43,691
Capital Reinvestment Fund		694		693
Total nonoperating distributions	\$	17,668	\$	122,057

### **NOTE 7 - LIMITED VIDEO LOTTERY**

Limited video lottery legislation passed in 2001 has established specific requirements imposing certain restrictions limiting the licensing for the operation of limited video lottery games to 9,000 terminals placed in licensed retailers. These licensed retailers must hold a qualifying permit for the sale and consumption on premises of alcohol or non-intoxicating beer. The Lottery has been charged with the administration, monitoring and regulation of these machines. The legislation further stipulates the distribution of revenues from the limited video lottery games, and requires any licensees to comply with all related rules and regulations of the Lottery in order to continue its retailer status. The Limited Video Lottery legislation

### **NOTE 7 - LIMITED VIDEO LOTTERY (continued)**

stipulates that 2% of gross terminal income be deposited into the state lottery fund for administrative costs. Then, the state share percentage of gross profit is to be transferred to the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund. Such percentage is between 30 and 50 percent and is subject to change on a quarterly basis. Two percent is distributed to counties and incorporated municipalities in the manner prescribed by the statute. The remaining amount of gross profit is paid to retailers and/or operators as prescribed in the Act, and is recorded as limited video lottery commissions in the financial statements. Municipal and county distributions are accounted for as nonoperating expenses.

A summary of limited video lottery revenues for the month ended January 31, 2018 and fiscal year-to-date follows (in thousands):

	Current Month				Year-to	-Date	
		2018		2017	2018		2017
Total credits played	\$	347,636	\$	330,515	\$ 2,527,026	\$	2,400,672
Credits (prizes) won		(319,809)		(303,466)	(2,322,988)		(2,204,130)
Gross terminal income	\$	27,827	\$	27,049	\$ 204,038	\$	196,542
Administrative costs		(557)		(541)	(4,081)		(3,931)
Gross Profit		27,270		26,508	199,957		192,611
Commissions		(13,635)		(13,254)	(99,979)		(96,306)
Municipalities and Counties		(545)		(530)	(3,999)		(3,852)
Limited video lottery revenues	\$	13,090	\$	12,724	\$ 95,979	\$	92,453

#### **NOTE 8 – TABLE GAMES**

Table Games legislation passed in 2007 per House Bill 2718. Table games include blackjack, roulette, craps, and various types of poker. Each racetrack licensee is subject to a privilege tax of thirty five percent (35%) of adjusted gross receipts which will be deposited weekly into the Racetrack Table Games Fund.

From the gross amounts deposited into the Racetrack Table Games Fund, the Commission, on a monthly basis shall:

Retain 3% of the adjusted gross receipts for administrative expenses of which at least \$100,000 and not more than \$500,000 annually will be transferred to the Compulsive Gambling Treatment Fund. Transfer two percent of the adjusted gross receipts from each licensed racetrack to the county commissions of the counties where racetracks with West Virginia Lottery table games are located. Transfer three percent of the adjusted gross receipts from each licensed racetrack to the governing bodies of municipalities within counties where racetracks with West Virginia Lottery table games are located as prescribed by statute. And transfer one-half of one percent of the adjusted gross receipts to the governing bodies of municipalities in which a racetrack table games licensee is located to be divided equally among the municipalities. The commission will distribute the remaining amounts, hereinafter referred to as the net amounts in the Racetrack Table Games Funds as follows:

### **NOTE 8 – TABLE GAMES (continued)**

- 1) Transfer four percent into a special fund to be established by the Racing Commission to be used for payment into the pension plan for all employees of each licensed racing association;
- 2) Transfer ten percent, to be divided and paid in equal shares, to each county commission in the state where table games are not located;
- 3) Transfer ten percent, to be divided and paid in equal shares, to the governing bodies of each municipality in the state where table games are not located; and
- 4) Transfer seventy-six percent to the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund.

The cash transferred to the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund in the current month is included in Note 10-Nonoperating Distributions to the State of West Virginia. The table games adjusted gross receipts for the month and year ended January 31, 2018 were \$7,950,980 and \$58,113,999, respectively. The following table shows the month and year totals of the privilege tax and the accrued distributions (in thousands) to be transferred in the subsequent month:

	Current Month			Year-to-Date				
		2018		2017		2018		2017
Table Games Privilege Tax Interest on Table Games Fund Administrative costs	\$	2,783 3 (239)	\$	3,310 2 (284)	\$	20,340 21 (1,743)	\$	23,812 11 (2,041)
Total Available for Distribution		2,547	· · ·	3,028	•	18,618		21,782
Less Distributions:								
Racetrack Purse Funds		179		213		1,308		1,531
Thoroughbred & Greyhound Development Funds		143		170		1,046		1,225
Racing Association Pension Plan		70		83		512		599
Municipalities/ Counties		788		937		5,758		6,737
Total Distributions		1,180		1,403	•	8,624		10,092
Excess Lottery Fund	\$	1,367	\$	1,625	\$	9,994	\$	11,690

### **NOTE 9 – HISTORIC RESORT HOTEL**

In 2009, the Legislature passed Senate Bill 575 which permits video lottery and table games at a licensed historic resort hotel which is defined as "a resort hotel registered with the United States Department of the Interior as a national historic landmark in its National Registry of Historic Places having not fewer than five hundred guest rooms under common ownership and having substantial recreational guest amenities in addition to the gaming facility."

### Historic Resort Video Lottery

According to Senate Bill 575, thirty six percent (36%) of gross terminal income is allocated to Historic Resort Hotel Fund and seventeen percent (17%) of gross terminal income is allocated to the Human Resource Benefit Fund. The remaining forty-seven percent (47%) of gross terminal income is then subject to a ten percent (10%) surcharge which is allocated to separate capital reinvestment funds for each licensed historic resort hotel. The remaining forty-two and three-tenths percent (42.3%) of gross terminal income is retained by the historic resort hotel.

A summary of historic resort hotel video lottery revenues for the month ended January 31, 2018 and fiscal year-to-date follows (in thousands):

	2018	2017			2018		2017
Total credits played Credits (prizes) won	\$ 5,009 (4,646)	\$	5,261 (4,825)	\$	47,541 (44,165)	\$	38,256 (35,619)
Promotional credits played	 (70)	. <u> </u>	(73)	. <u> </u>	(430)		(455)
Gross terminal income	293		363		2,946		2,182
Capital reinvestment	<b>(14)</b>		(17)		(138)		(102)
Excess Lottery Fund	(3)		(3)		(27)		(19)
Administrative costs	(16)		(20)		(159)		(118)
Hotel commissions	 (124)		(153)		(1,246)		(923)
Net terminal income	 136		170		1,376	_	1,020
Historic Resort Hotel Fund	86		108		875		649
Human Resource Benefit Fund	50		62		501		371

### **NOTE 9 – HISTORIC RESORT HOTEL (continued)**

### **Historic Resort Table Games**

Each historic resort hotel licensee is subject to a privilege tax of thirty five percent (35%) of adjusted gross receipts, of which thirty percent (30%) is deposited directly into the Historic Resort Hotel Fund and five percent (5%) is deposited directly into the Human Resource Benefit Fund. The historic resort hotel table games adjusted gross receipts for the month and year ended January 31, 2018 were \$380,877 and \$2,694,028, respectively.

The following table shows the month and fiscal year -to- date totals of the privilege tax and the accrued distributions (in thousands) to be transferred in the subsequent month:

	2018	2017	 2018	 2017
Table games privilege tax	\$ 133	\$ 102	\$ 943	\$ 888
Administrative Costs	 <b>(17)</b>	 (13)	 (121)	 (114)
Total Available for Distribution	 116	 89	 822	 774
Historic Resort Hotel Fund	97	74	688	647
Human Resource Benefit Fund	19	15	134	127

### Historic Resort Hotel Fund

Of the monies deposited into the Historic Resort Hotel Fund, fifteen percent (15%) is allocated for lottery administrative costs. The remaining Historic Resort Hotel Fund net income (gross deposits less 15%) is distributed as follows:

- 1) Eighty-six percent (86%) is paid to the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund;
- 2) Four percent (4%) is paid to the county where the gaming facility is located;
- 3) Two and one-half percent (2.5%) is paid to the municipality where the gaming facility is located as prescribed by statute;
- 4) Two and one-half percent (2.5%) is divided and paid in equal shares to the remaining municipalities in the county where the gaming facility is located;
- 5) Two and one-half percent (2.5%) is divided and paid in equal shares, to each county commission in the state where the gaming facility is not located;
- 6) Two and one-half percent (2.5%) is divided and paid in equal shares, to each municipality in the state not already receiving a distribution as described in item five (5) or item six (6) above.

A summary of Historic Resort Hotel Fund revenues and related distributions is as follows (in thousands):

	Current M	lonth	Year-to-Date		
Historic Resort Hotel Video Lottery	\$	86	\$	875	
Historic Resort Table Games	9	97		688	
Interest on Historic Resort Hotel Fund		1		3	
Historic Resort Hotel Fund Net Income	18	84		1,566	
Municipalities/ Counties	2	26		220	
Excess Lottery Fund	1:	58		1,346	
Total Distributions	\$ 13	84	\$	1,566	

### NOTE 10- NONOPERATING DISTRIBUTIONS TO THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

The Lottery periodically distributes surplus funds, exclusive of amounts incurred and derived from limited video lottery and a portion of racetrack video lottery funds, to the State of West Virginia in accordance with the legislation. For the year ending June 30, 2018 the State Legislature budgeted \$146,410,008 of estimated profits of the Lottery for distributions to designated special revenue accounts of the State of West Virginia. With regard to the State Lottery Fund, legislation stipulates that debt service payments be given a priority over all other transfers in instances where estimated profits are not sufficient to provide for payment of all appropriated distributions. Debt service payments of \$1,800,000, \$1,000,000, and \$500,000 per month for the first ten months of each fiscal year currently have such priority. Transfers made pursuant to the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund have similar requirements; currently payments are \$5,300,000 per month for the first ten months of each fiscal year. In addition, Legislation provides that, if in any month, there is a shortage of funds in the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund to make debt service payments, the necessary amount shall be transferred from the State Lottery Fund to cover such shortfall, after the State Lottery Fund debt service payments have been made. Repayments to the State Lottery Fund are required to be made in subsequent months as funds become available. For the month ended January 31, 2018 the Lottery has accrued additional distributions of \$102,208,017. The Lottery is a non-appropriated state agency and therefore does not have a legally adopted annual budget.

A summary of the cash distributions made to certain state agencies to conform to the legislation follows (in thousands):

BUDGETARY DISTRIBUTIONS	January 31, 2018		<u>Y</u>	Year-to-Date		
State Lottery Fund:						
Community and Technical College	\$	500	\$	3,499		
Bureau of Senior Services		1,315		63,029		
Department of Education		454		18,006		
Library Commission		288		11,423		
Higher Education-Policy Commission		176		6,974		
Tourism		465		6,456		
Natural Resources		77		3,081		
Division of Culture & History		(332)		3,500		
Department of Education & Arts		24		948		
General Revenue Fund		-		-		
<b>Economic Development Authority</b>		999		6,996		
School Building Authority		1,800		12,600		
Total State Lottery Fund	\$	5,766	\$	136,512		

State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund:		
Economic Development Fund	\$ 1,899	\$ 13,292
Higher Education Improvement Fund	1,500	10,500
General Purpose Account	4,709	28,904
Higher Education Improvement Fund	2,101	12,896
State Park Improvement Fund	362	2,223
School Building Authority	1,899	13,296
Refundable Credit	-	681
WV Racing Commission	145	889
WV Department of Health and Human Resources	-	-
Teacher's Retirement Savings	-	_
Division of Human Services	-	26,900
WV Lottery Statutory Transfers	4,570	28,050
General Revenue	-	-
Excess Lottery Surplus	-	_
West Va. Infrastructure Council	 3,497	 21,986
Total State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund	\$ 20,682	\$ 159,617
Total Budgetary distributions:	\$ 26,448	\$ 296,129
Veterans Instant Ticket Fund	\$ 36	\$ 306
Total nonoperating distributions to the		
State of West Virginia (cash basis)	\$ 26,484	\$ 296,435
Accrued nonoperating distributions, beginning	(92,286)	(132,693)
Accrued nonoperating distributions, end	 102,208	 102,208

### **NOTE 11 – LEASES**

The Lottery leases, under a cancelable operating lease, its office and warehouse facilities. The Lottery also leases various office equipment under agreements considered to be cancelable operating leases. Rental expense for the fiscal year-to-date ended January 31, 2018 and January 31, 2017 approximated \$89,616 and \$223,243 respectively.

The Lottery leases office space under the terms of a non-cancellable operating lease to various tenants. Rental revenues for the fiscal year-to-date ended January 31, 2018 and January 31, 2017 approximated \$601,419 and \$569,580 respectively.

265,950

\$

36,406

#### **NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS**

For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 the Lottery Commission has not designated any unexpended administrative funds for the acquisition of capital assets. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, \$9,460,433 and \$9,655,947, respectively, are included in unrestricted net position and net investment in capital assets for this purpose.

### **NOTE 13 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS**

All full-time Lottery employees are eligible to participate in the State of West Virginia Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system. The PERS is one of several plans administered by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement (CPRB) under the direction of its Board of Trustees, which consists of the Governor, State Auditor, State Treasurer, Secretary of the Department of Administration, and nine members appointed by the Governor. CPRB prepares separately issued financial statements covering all retirement systems it administers, which can be obtained from Consolidated Public Retirement Board, 4101 MacCorkle Ave. S.E., Charleston, West Virginia 25304-1636.

Employees who retire at or after age sixty with five or more years of contributory service or who retire at or after age fifty-five and have completed twenty-five years of credited service with age and credited service equal to eighty or greater are eligible for retirement benefits as established by State statute. Retirement benefits are payable monthly for life, in the form of a straight-line annuity equal to two percent of the employee's average annual salary from the highest 36 consecutive months within the last 10 years of employment, multiplied by the number of years of the employee's credited service at the time of retirement.

Covered employees hired prior to July 1, 2015 are required to contribute 4.5% of their salary to the PERS. Covered employees hired on or after July 1, 2015 will contribute 6.0% of their salary to the PERS Tier II. The Lottery is required to contribute 13.5% of covered employees' salaries to the PERS. The required employee and employer contribution percentages have been established and changed from time to time by action of the State Legislature. The required contributions are not actuarially determined; however, actuarial valuations are performed to assist the Legislature in determining appropriate contributions. The Lottery and employee contributions, for the month ending January 31, 2018 and fiscal year-to-date are as follows (in thousands):

	Janu	ary 31, 2018	Year-to-Date		
Employee contributions	\$	26	\$	197	
Lottery contributions		61		471	
Total contributions	\$	87	\$	668	

#### **NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Lottery is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Lottery participates in several risk management programs administered by the State of West Virginia. Each of these risk pools has issued separate audited financial reports on their operations. Those reports include the required supplementary information concerning the reconciliation of claims liabilities by type of contract and ten-year claim development information. Complete financial statements of the individual insurance enterprise funds can be obtained directly from their respective administrative offices.

### WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE

The Lottery carries workers compensation insurance coverage through a commercial insurance carrier. The commercial insurance carrier is paid a monthly rated premium to provide compensation for injuries sustained in the course of employment.

### PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' INSURANCE AGENCY (PEIA)

The Lottery participates in the Public Employees' Insurance Agency which provides an employee benefit insurance program to employees. PEIA was established by the State of West Virginia for State agencies, institutions of higher education, Boards of Education and component units of the State. In addition, local governmental entities and certain charitable and public service organizations may request to be covered by PEIA. PEIA provides a base employee benefit insurance program which includes hospital, surgical, major medical, prescription drug and basic life and accidental death. Underwriting and rate setting policies are established by PEIA. The cost of all coverage as determined by PEIA shall be paid by the participants. Premiums are established by PEIA and are paid monthly, and are dependent upon, among other things, coverage required, number of dependents, state vs. non state employees and active employees vs. retired employees and level of compensation. Coverage under these programs is limited to \$1 million lifetime for health and \$10,000 of life insurance coverage.

The PEIA risk pool retains all risks for the health and prescription features of its indemnity plan. PEIA has fully transferred the risks of coverage to the Managed Care Organization (MCO) Plan to the plan provider, and has transferred the risks of the life insurance coverage to a third party insurer. PEIA presently charges equivalent premiums for participants in either the indemnity plan or the MCO Plan. Altogether, PEIA insures approximately 205,000 individuals, including participants and dependents.

### **BOARD OF RISK AND INSURANCE MANAGEMENT (BRIM)**

The Lottery participates in the West Virginia Board of Risk and Insurance Management (BRIM), a common risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for all State agencies, component units, and other local governmental agencies who wish to participate. The Lottery pays an annual premium to BRIM for its general insurance coverage. Fund underwriting and rate setting policies are established by BRIM. The cost of all coverage as determined by BRIM shall be paid by the participants. The BRIM risk pool retains the risk of the first \$1 million per property event and purchases excess insurance on losses above that level. Excess coverage, through an outside insurer under this program is limited to \$200 million per event, subject to limits on certain property. BRIM has \$1 million per occurrence coverage maximum on all third-party liability claims.

### NOTE 15- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The Lottery participates in the West Virginia Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) of the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund (Trust), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the West Virginia Public Employee Insurance Agency (WVPEIA). The OPEB Plan provides retiree post-employment health care benefits for participating state and local government employers. The provisions of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended (the Code), assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the WVPEIA board of trustees. The WVPEIA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the OPEB Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees Insurance Agency, 601 57<sup>th</sup> Street, South East, Suite 2, Charleston, West Virginia, or by calling 1-888-680-7342.

### **Funding Policy**

The Code requires the OPEB Plan bill the participating employers 100% of the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. State of West Virginia plan employers are billed per active health policy per month.

The ARC rate is \$357 and \$429 per employee per month for the years ending June 30, 2017 and 2016 respectively. Through June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Lottery has paid premiums of \$288,942 and \$284,421. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Lottery has recorded a liability of \$5,206,989 and \$4,990,361 on its balance sheet for OPEB.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND NET REVENUES OF THE LOTTERY FUND AND EXCESS LOTTERY FUND FOR THE SEVEN MONTH PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2018 (In Thousands)

	<b>Current Month</b>		FISCAL	L YEAR
	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
Gross Revenues				
Instant games	9,103	7,667	54,268	53,667
On-line games	7,834	5,417	48,259	37,917
Racetrack video lottery	35,398	32,799	288,811	266,179
Limited video lottery	27,827	27,222	204,039	197,802
Racetrack table games	2,774	2,713	20,327	20,031
Historic resort	426	379	3,889	3,384
Total gross revenues	83,362	76,197	619,593	578,980
Net Revenues - Lottery Fund and Excess Lottery Fund				
Lottery Fund				
Instant games	1,101	891	6,931	6,237
On-line games	2,446	1,555	13,720	10,885
Racetrack Video Lottery	4,699	8,103	77,816	75,316
Total Lottery Fund net nevenues	8,246	10,549	98,467	92,438
Excess Lottery Fund				
Racetrack Video Lottery	12,307	6,139	43,766	34,929
Limited Video Lottery	13,122	12,155	96,374	94,084
Limited Video Lottery Fees	4	-	2,774	5,454
Racetrack table games	1,367	1,331	9,994	9,825
Historic resort	162	120	1,371	1,313
Total Excess Lottery Fund Net Revenues	26,962	19,745	154,279	145,605
Total Net Revenues	35,208	30,294	252,746	238,043