Τ	ENGROSSED
2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
3	FOR
4	Senate Bill No. 4001
5	(By Senators Kessler (Mr. President) and Hall,
6	By Request of the Executive)
7	
8	[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary;
9	reported December 12, 2011.]
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11	

12 A BILL to repeal \$22C-7-1, \$22C-7-2 and \$22C-7-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend said code by adding 13 thereto a new section, designated §5B-2B-4a; to amend and 14 15 reenact §22-6-1 and §22-6-2 of said code; to amend said code 16 by adding thereto a new section, designated \$22-6-2a; to amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §22-6A-17 18 1, \$22-6A-2, \$22-6A-3, \$22-6A-3a, \$22-6A-4, \$22-6A-5, \$22-6A-6, \$22-6A-7, \$22-6A-8, \$22-6A-9, \$22-6A-10, \$22-6A-10a, \$22-19 6A-11, \$22-6A-12, \$22-6A-13, \$22-6A-14, \$22-6A-15, \$22-6A-16, 20 \$22-6A-17, \$22-6A-18, \$22-6A-19, \$22-6A-20, \$22-6A-21, \$22-6A-21 22 22, §22-6A-23 and §22-6A-24; to amend said code by adding 23 thereto a new article, designated §22-6B-1, §22-6B-2, §22-6B-24 3, §22-6B-4, §22-6B-5, §22-6B-6, §22-6B-7 and §22-6B-8; to amend and reenact §22C-8-2 of said code; and to amend and 25 reenact §22C-9-2 of said code, all relating generally to oil 26

and gas wells; requiring West Virginia Workforce Investment Council to complete certain reviews and provide report to Legislature; expanding powers of Secretary of the Department Environmental Protection; authorizing secretary of determine number of oil and gas inspectors and supervisors and to make investigations or inspections to ensure compliance with applicable law; providing for inspector qualifications, duties and minimum salaries; creating Natural Gas Horizontal Well Control Act; providing short title; making legislative findings and declarations of public policy; requiring secretary to submit written report to Legislature on number of waivers granted; providing for applicability of act and exceptions; providing special considerations and rulemaking for karst formations; defining terms; making horizontal wells subject to certain provisions in article six, chapter twentytwo of the Code of West Virginia; specifying powers and duties secretary, including certain rule-making power and of reporting duties; requiring permit for horizontal wells; establishing permit application requirements and contents; requiring bond and permit fees; providing for issuance of emergency permits; providing for denial, suspension and reinstatement of permits in certain circumstances; providing for application review, requirements for issuance of permit and permit requirements; establishing performance standards; providing for copies of permits to be furnished to county assessors; requiring certificate of approval for large pits or

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impoundment construction; requiring application for certificate; establishing application requirements and payment of fees; providing for modification, revocation or suspension certificate and hearing procedure, of including an administrative appeals process; providing exceptions for farm ponds; authorizing secretary to certain propose legislative rules governing large pits and impoundments; providing certain notices to certain property owners regarding certain applications and intent to enter property to survey or to conduct seismic activity; clarifying that notice to certain lienholders is not notice to certain landowners; requiring applicant to file Class II ad and allowing submission of written comments to Department of Environmental Protection website; clarifying method of delivery of notice; establishing procedure for filing written comments; establishing well location restrictions; requiring promulgation of legislative rules for plugging and abandonment of horizontal wells; exempting certain wells from Natural Gas Horizontal Well Control Act; establishing reclamation requirements; requiring performance bonds or other security; providing notice of planned operation and contents of notice to certain surface owners; providing notice to certain surface owner and offer for compensation for certain damages to certain surface owner; providing for reimbursement of property taxes to surface owner; providing for civil action, rebuttable presumption and relief for water contamination or deprivation; establishing

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water rights and replacement procedure; establishing civil penalties and offenses; requiring gas operations to submit certification from Division of Highways that operator has entered into road maintenance agreement pursuant to Division of Highways Oil and Gas Road Policy; creating public website and electronic notification registry of horizontal well permit applications and public notice of website; providing for air quality study, report to Legislature and rulemaking; requiring secretary to report to Legislature regarding safety of pits and impoundments; providing casing and cement standards; authorizing secretary to promulgate legislative and emergency rules relating to casing and cement standards; authorizing secretary to promulgate legislative rules governing pits and impoundments; providing secretary authority to establish, revise and grant waivers regarding casing and cement standards and programs; creating the Oil and Gas Horizontal Well Production Damage Compensation Act; providing legislative findings and purpose; defining terms; providing conditions and parameters for compensation of surface owners for drilling operations; preserving common law right of action and providing offset for compensation or damages paid; requiring notice of claims by surface owners; providing manner in which oil and gas operator must provide notice of reclamation; providing for offers of settlement; providing procedures for civil actions, arbitration and fees; preserving alternate remedies; and modifying definitions of "shallow wells" and

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- "deep wells". 1
- Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia: 2
- That \$22C-7-1, \$22C-7-2 and \$22C-7-3 of the Code of West 3 Virginia, 1931, as amended, be repealed; that said code be amended 4 by adding thereto a new section, designated §5B-2B-4a; that §22-6-1 5 and §22-6-2 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code 6 7 be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §22-6-2a; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, 8 9 designated \$22-6A-1, \$22-6A-2, \$22-6A-3, \$22-6A-3a, \$22-6A-4, \$22-10 6A-5, \$22-6A-6, \$22-6A-7, \$22-6A-8, \$22-6A-9, \$22-6A-10, \$22-6A-10a, §22-6A-11, §22-6A-12, §22-6A-13, §22-6A-14, §22-6A-15, §22-6A-11 16, \$22-6A-17, \$22-6A-18, \$22-6A-19, \$22-6A-20, \$22-6A-21, \$22-6A-12 13 22, §22-6A-23 and §22-6A-24; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated \$22-6B-1, \$22-6B-2, \$22-6B-3, 14 15 \$22-6B-4, \$22-6B-5, \$22-6B-6, \$22-6B-7 and \$22-6B-8; that \$22C-8-2 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that \$22C-9-2 of said 16 17 code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
- CHAPTER 5B. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1985. 18
- 19 ARTICLE 2B. WEST VIRGINIA WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACT.
- 20 §5B-2B-4a. Report to Legislature.

- 21 (a) The Legislature finds that:
- 22 (1) The advent and advancement of new technologies in 23 horizontal drilling and the production of horizontal wells defined in article six-a, chapter twenty-two of this code has 25 created thousands and has the potential to create thousands of

- additional drilling, production, construction, manufacturing, and related jobs in West Virginia and in the Appalachian Basin;
- 3 (2) This economic opportunity presents new and exciting 4 opportunities for jobs for West Virginians; and

- (3) The state needs to take all necessary steps to retain, educate and train West Virginians to have the skills necessary to compete for job opportunities resulting from horizontal drilling.
- (b) To assist in maximizing the economic opportunities available with horizontal drilling, the council shall make a report to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance and the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability on or before November 1 of each year through 2016, detailing a comprehensive review of the direct and indirect economic impact of employers engaged in the production of horizontal wells in the State of West Virginia, as more specifically defined in article six-a, chapter twenty-two of this code, which shall include:
  - (1) A review of the total number of jobs created;
  - (2) A review of total payroll of all jobs created;
  - (3) The average salary per job type;
- 20 (4) A review of the number of employees domiciled in the 21 State of West Virginia;
  - (5) A review of total economic impact; and
  - (6) The council's recommendations for the establishment of an overall workforce investment public education agenda with goals and benchmarks toward maximizing job creation opportunities in the State of West Virginia.

- 1 (c) To the extent permitted by federal law, and to the
- 2 extent necessary for the council to comply with this section, the
- 3 council, Workforce West Virginia, the Division of Labor, and the
- 4 Office of the Insurance Commissioner may enter into agreements
- 5 providing for the sharing of job data and related information.
- 6 CHAPTER 22. ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES.
- 7 ARTICLE 6. OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS; OIL AND GAS WELLS.
- 8 **§22-6-1.** Definitions.
- 9 Unless the context in which used clearly requires a
- 10 different meaning, As used in this article:
- 11 (a) "Casing" means a string or strings of pipe commonly
- 12 placed in wells drilled for natural gas or petroleum or both;
- 13 (b) "Cement" means hydraulic cement properly mixed with
- 14 water;
- 15 (c) "Chair" means the chair of the West Virginia shallow gas
- 16 well review board as provided for in section four, article eight,
- 17 chapter twenty-two-c of this code;
- 18 (d) "Coal operator" means any person or persons, firm,
- 19 partnership, partnership association or corporation that proposes
- 20 to or does operate a coal mine;
- (e) "Coal seam" and "workable coal bed" are interchangeable
- terms and mean any seam of coal twenty inches or more in
- thickness, unless a seam of less thickness is being commercially
- 24 worked, or can in the judgment of the department foreseeably be
- 25 commercially worked and will require protection if wells are

- 1 drilled through it;
- 2 (f) "Director" means the director of the division Secretary
- 3 of the Department of Environmental Protection as established in
- 4 article one of this chapter or <del>such</del> other person to whom the
- 5 <u>director</u> has delegated authority or duties pursuant to
- 6 sections six or eight, article one of this chapter.
- 7 (g) "Deep well" means any well other than a shallow well  $\underline{\text{or}}$
- 8 <u>coalbed methane well</u>, drilled <del>and completed in <u>to</u></del> a formation <del>at</del>
- 9 or below the top of the uppermost member of the "Onondaga Group";
- 10 (h) "Expanding cement" means any cement approved by the
- office of oil and gas which expands during the hardening process,
- including, but not limited to, regular oil field cements with the
- 13 proper additives;
- (i) "Facility" means any facility utilized in the oil and
- 15 gas industry in this state and specifically named or referred to
- in this article or in article eight or nine of this chapter,
- 17 other than a well or well site;
- 18 (j) "Gas" means all natural gas and all other fluid
- 19 hydrocarbons not defined as oil in this section;
- 20 (k) "Oil" means natural crude oil or petroleum and other
- 21 hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, which are produced at the
- 22 well in liquid form by ordinary production methods and which are
- 23 not the result of condensation of gas after it leaves the
- 24 underground reservoirs;
- (1) "Owner" when used with reference to any well, shall
- include any person or persons, firm, partnership, partnership

- 1 association or corporation that owns, manages, operates, controls
- or possesses such well as principal, or as lessee or contractor,
- 3 employee or agent of such principal;
- 4 (m) "Owner" when used with reference to any coal seam, shall
- 5 include any person or persons who own, lease or operate such coal
- 6 seam;
- 7 (n) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, firm,
- 8 partnership, partnership association, venture, receiver, trustee,
- 9 executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary or other
- 10 representative of any kind, and includes any government or any
- 11 political subdivision or any agency thereof;
- 12 (o) "Plat" means a map, drawing or print showing the
- 13 location of a well or wells as herein defined;
- 14 <u>(p) "Pollutant" has the same meaning as provided in section</u>
- three, article eleven of this chapter;
- 16 (p) (q) "Review board" means the West Virginia Shallow Gas
- 17 Well Review Board as provided for in section four, article eight,
- 18 chapter twenty-two-c of this code;
- (q) (r) "Safe mining through of a well" means the mining of
- 20 coal in a workable coal bed up to a well which penetrates such
- 21 workable coal bed and through such well so that the casing or
- 22 plug in the well bore where the well penetrates the workable coal
- 23 bed is severed;
- 24 <u>(s) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of</u>
- 25 Environmental Protection as established in article one of this
- 26 chapter or other person to whom the secretary has delegated

- 1 authority or duties pursuant to sections six or eight, article
  2 one of this chapter;
- 3  $\frac{(r)}{(t)}$  "Shallow well" means any gas well, other than a
- 4 coalbed methane well, drilled and completed in a formation above
- 5 the top of the uppermost member of the "Onondaga Group" no deeper
- 6 than one hundred feet below the top of the "Onondaga Group":
- 7 Provided, That in drilling a shallow well the operator may
- 8 penetrate into the "Onondaga Group" to a reasonable depth, not in
- 9 excess of twenty feet, in order to allow for logging and
- 10 completion operations, but in no event may the "Onondaga Group"
- 11 formation or any formation below the "Onondaga Group" be
- 12 otherwise produced, perforated or stimulated in any manner;
- 13 (s) (u) "Stimulate" means any action taken by a well
- operator to increase the inherent productivity of an oil or gas
- 15 well, including, but not limited to, fracturing, shooting or
- 16 acidizing, but excluding cleaning out, bailing or workover
- 17 operations;
- (t) (v) "Waste" means (i) physical waste, as the term is
- 19 generally understood in the oil and gas industry; (ii) the
- locating, drilling, equipping, operating or producing of any oil
- or gas well in a manner that causes, or tends to cause a
- 22 substantial reduction in the quantity of oil or gas ultimately
- 23 recoverable from a pool under prudent and proper operations, or
- 24 that causes or tends to cause a substantial or unnecessary or
- excessive surface loss of oil or gas; or (iii) the drilling of
- 26 more deep wells than are reasonably required to recover

- 1 efficiently and economically the maximum amount of oil and gas
- 2 from a pool; (iv) substantially inefficient, excessive or
- 3 improper use, or the substantially unnecessary dissipation of,
- 4 reservoir energy, it being understood that nothing in this
- 5 chapter shall be construed to authorize authorizes any agency of
- 6 the state to impose mandatory spacing of shallow wells except for
- 7 the provisions of section eight, article nine, chapter twenty-
- 8 two-c of this code and the provisions of article eight, chapter
- 9 twenty-two-c of this code; (v) inefficient storing of oil or gas:
- 10 Provided, That storage in accordance with a certificate of
- public convenience issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory
- 12 Commission shall be <u>is</u> conclusively presumed to be efficient; and
- 13 (vi) other underground or surface waste in the production or
- 14 storage of oil, gas or condensate, however caused. Waste does
- 15 not include gas vented or released from any mine areas as defined
- in section two, article one, chapter twenty-two-a of this code,
- or from adjacent coal seams which are the subject of a current
- 18 permit issued under article two of chapter twenty-two-a of this
- 19 code: Provided, however, That nothing in this exclusion is
- 20 intended to address ownership of the gas;
- 21 <u>(w) "Waters of this state" has the same meaning as the term</u>
- 22 "waters" as provided in section three, article eleven of this
- 23 chapter;
- $\frac{(u)}{(x)}$  "Well" means any shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored
- 25 or dug into the earth or into underground strata for the
- 26 extraction or injection or placement of any liquid or gas, or any

- 1 shaft or hole sunk or used in conjunction with such extraction or
- 2 injection or placement. The term "well" does not include any
- 3 shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or dug into the earth for the
- 4 sole purpose of core drilling or pumping or extracting therefrom
- 5 potable, fresh or usable water for household, domestic,
- 6 industrial, agricultural or public use;
- 7  $\frac{(v)}{(v)}$  (y) "Well work" means the drilling, redrilling,
- 8 deepening, stimulating, pressuring by injection of any fluid,
- 9 converting from one type of well to another, combining or
- 10 physically changing to allow the migration of fluid from one
- formation to another or plugging or replugging of any well; and
- $\frac{\text{(w)}}{\text{(z)}}$  "Well operator" or "operator" means any person or
- persons, firm, partnership, partnership association or
- 14 corporation that proposes to or does locate, drill, operate or
- abandon any well as herein defined.
- 16 (x) "Pollutant" shall have the same meaning as provided in
- 17 subsection (17), section three, article eleven, chapter twenty-
- 18 two of this code; and
- 19 (v) "Waters of this state" shall have the same meaning as
- the term "waters" as provided in subsection (23), section three,
- 21 article eleven, chapter twenty-two of this code.
- 22 §22-6-2. Secretary -- Powers and duties generally; department
- records open to public; inspectors.
- 24 (a) The secretary shall have as his or her duty the
- 25 supervision of the execution and enforcement of matters related
- to oil and gas set out in this article and in articles six-a,

1 eight, and nine, ten and twenty-one of this chapter.

- 2 (b) The secretary is authorized to propose rules for
  3 legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article
  4 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code necessary to effectuate
  5 the above stated purposes.
  - (c) The secretary shall have full charge of the oil and gas matters set out in this article and in articles <u>six-a</u>, eight, <del>and</del> nine, <u>ten and twenty-one</u> of this chapter. In addition to all other powers and duties conferred upon him or her, the secretary shall have the power and duty to:
    - (1) Supervise and direct the activities of the office of oil and gas and see that the purposes set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this section are carried out;
  - gas inspectors Determine the number of supervising oil and gas inspectors and oil and gas inspectors needed to carry out the purposes of this article and articles six-a, eight, nine, ten, and twenty-one of this chapter and appoint them as such. All appointees must be qualified civil service employees, but no person is eliqible for appointment until he or she has served in a probationary status for a period of six months to the satisfaction of the secretary;
  - (3) Supervise and direct such oil and gas inspectors and supervising inspectors in the performance of their duties;
  - (4) Suspend for good cause any oil and gas inspector or supervising inspector without compensation for a period not

- 1 exceeding thirty days in any calendar year Make investigations or
- 2 inspections necessary to ensure compliance with and to enforce
- 3 the provisions of this article and articles six-a, eight, nine,
- 4 ten, and twenty-one of this chapter;
- 5 (5) Prepare report forms to be used by oil and gas
- 6 inspectors or the supervising inspector in making their findings,
- 7 orders and notices, upon inspections made in accordance with this
- 8 article and articles seven, six-a, eight, nine, and ten and
- 9 twenty-one of this chapter;
- 10 (6) Employ a hearing officer and such clerks, stenographers
- and other employees, as may be necessary to carry out his or her
- duties and the purposes of the office of oil and gas and fix
- 13 their compensation;
- 14 (7) Hear and determine applications made by owners, well
- 15 operators and coal operators for the annulment or revision of
- orders made by oil and gas inspectors or the supervising
- 17 inspector, and to make inspections, in accordance with the
- 18 provisions of this article and articles eight and nine of this
- 19 chapter;
- 20 (8) Cause a properly indexed permanent and public record to
- 21 be kept of all inspections made by the secretary or by oil and
- 22 gas inspectors or the supervising inspector;
- 23 (9) Conduct such research and studies as the secretary shall
- deem necessary to aid in protecting the health and safety of
- 25 persons employed within or at potential or existing oil or gas
- 26 production fields within this state, to improve drilling and

- 1 production methods and to provide for the more efficient
- 2 protection and preservation of oil and gas-bearing rock strata
- 3 and property used in connection therewith;
- 4 (10) Collect a permit fee of \$400 for each permit
- 5 application filed other than an application for a deep well,
- 6 <u>horizontal wells regulated pursuant to article six-a of this</u>
- 7 chapter, or a coalbed methane well; and collect a permit fee of
- 8 \$650 for each permit application filed for a deep well:
- 9 Provided, That no permit application fee shall be is required
- 10 when an application is submitted solely for the plugging or
- 11 replugging of a well, or to modify an existing application for
- which the operator previously has submitted a permit fee under
- 13 this section. All application fees required hereunder shall be
- 14 are in lieu of and not in addition to any fees imposed under
- 15 article eleven of this chapter relating to discharges of
- 16 stormwater but shall be are in addition to any other fees
- 17 required by the provisions of this article: Provided, however,
- 18 That upon a final determination by the United States
- 19 Environmental Protection Agency regarding the scope of the
- 20 exemption under section 402(1)(2) of the federal Clean Water Act
- 21 (33 U.S.C. 1342(1)(2)), which determination requires a "national
- 22 pollutant discharge elimination system" permit for stormwater
- 23 discharges from the oil and gas operations described therein, any
- 24 permit fees for stormwater permits required under article eleven
- of this chapter for such operations shall may not exceed \$100.

(11) Perform all other duties which are expressly imposed

- 1 upon the secretary by the provisions of this chapter;
- 2 (12) Perform all duties as the permit issuing authority for
- 3 the state in all matters pertaining to the exploration,
- 4 development, production, storage and recovery of this state's oil
- 5 and gas;

- 6 (13) Adopt rules with respect to the issuance, denial,
- 7 retention, suspension or revocation of permits, authorizations
- 8 and requirements of this chapter, which rules shall assure that
- 9 the rules, permits and authorizations issued by the secretary are
- 10 adequate to satisfy the purposes of this article and articles
- 11 six-a, seven, eight, nine, and ten and twenty-one of this chapter
- 12 particularly with respect to the consolidation of the various
- 13 state and federal programs which place permitting requirements on
- 14 the exploration, development, production, storage and recovery of
- this state's oil and gas *Provided*, That notwithstanding any
- 16 provisions of this article and articles seven, eight, nine and
- 17 ten of this chapter to the contrary, the Environmental Quality
- 18 Board shall have the sole authority pursuant to section three,
- 19 article three, chapter twenty-two-b to promulgate rules setting
- 20 standards of water quality applicable to waters of the state; and
- 21 (14) Perform such acts as may be necessary or appropriate to
- 22 secure to this state the benefits of federal legislation
- establishing programs relating to the exploration, development,
- 24 production, storage and recovery of this state's oil and gas,
- 25 which programs are assumable by the state.
  - (d) The secretary shall have authority to visit and inspect

any well or well site and any other oil or gas facility in this 1 2 state and may call for the assistance of any oil and gas inspector or inspectors or supervising inspector whenever such 3 assistance is necessary in the inspection of any such well or 4 5 well site or any other oil or gas facility. Similarly, all oil 6 and gas inspectors and the supervising inspector supervising 7 inspectors shall have authority to visit and inspect any well or 8 well site and any other oil or gas facility in this state. Such 9 inspectors shall make all necessary inspections of oil and gas operations required by this article and articles six-a, eight, 10 11 nine, ten and twenty-one of this chapter; administer and enforce 12 all oil and gas laws and rules; and perform other duties and 13 services as may be prescribed by the secretary. The inspectors 14 shall note and describe all violations of this article and articles six-a, eight, nine, ten or twenty-one of this chapter 15 and promptly report those violations to the secretary in writing, 16 17 furnishing at the same time a copy of the report to the operator concerned. Any well operator, coal operator operating coal seams 18 19 beneath the tract of land, or the coal seam owner or lessee, if 20 any, if said owner or lessee is not yet operating said coal seams 21 beneath said tract of land may request the secretary to have an 22 immediate inspection made. The operator or owner of every well 23 or well site or any other oil or gas facility shall cooperate 24 with the secretary, all oil and gas inspectors and the 25 supervising inspector in making inspections or obtaining 26 information.

- (e) Oil and gas inspectors shall devote their full time and
  undivided attention to the performance of their duties, and they
  shall be responsible for the inspection of all wells or well
  sites or other oil or gas facilities in their respective
  districts as often as may be required in the performance of their
  duties.
- 7 (f) (e) Subject to the provisions of article one, chapter
  8 twenty-nine-b of this code, all records of the office shall be
  9 open to the public.

### §22-6-2a. Oil and gas inspectors qualifications and salary.

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(a) No person is eligible for appointment as an oil and gas inspector or supervising inspector unless, at the time of probationary appointment, the person: (1) is a citizen of West Virginia, in good health and of good character, reputation and temperate habits; (2) has had at least two years actual relevant experience in the oil and gas industry: Provided, That no more than one year of the experience requirement may be satisfied by any of following: (i) A bachelor of science degree in science or engineering; (ii) an associate degree in petroleum technology; or (iii) actual relevant environmental experience including, without limitation, experience in wastewater, solid waste or reclamation, each full year of which shall be considered as a year of actual relevant experience in the oil and gas industry; and (3) has good theoretical and practical knowledge of oil and gas drilling and production methods, practices and techniques, sound safety practices and applicable water and mining laws.

- (b) In order to qualify for appointment as an oil and gas 1 2 inspector or supervising inspector by the secretary, an eligible applicant shall submit to a written and oral examination by the 3 4 Division of Personnel within the Department of Administration and 5 shall furnish any evidence of good health, character and other 6 facts establishing eligibility required by the Division of The Office of Oil and Gas shall determine the 7 Personnel. 8 substance of the examinations administered to candidates for the 9 positions of oil and gas inspector and supervising oil and gas inspector by the Division of Personnel. If the Division of 10 11 Personnel finds after investigation and examination that an 12 applicant: (1) is eligible for appointment; and (2) has passed 13 all written and oral examinations, the division shall add the 14 applicant's name and grade to the register of qualified eligible
- 18 (c) Every supervising oil and gas inspector shall be paid 19 not less than \$40,000 per year. Every oil and gas inspector 20 shall be paid not less than \$35,000 per year.

candidates and certify its action to the secretary. No

candidate's name may remain on the register for more than three

- 21 ARTICLE 6A. NATURAL GAS HORIZONTAL WELL CONTROL ACT.
- 22 **§22-6A-1**. Short title.

years without requalifying.

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- This article shall be known and cited as the Horizontal Well
  Act.
- 25 §22-6A-2. Legislative findings; declaration of public policy.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds that:
- 2 (1) The advent and advancement of new and existing 3 technologies and drilling practices have created the opportunity
- 4 for the efficient development of natural gas contained in
- 5 underground shales and other geologic formations;

and produce large amounts of water;

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- 6 (2) These practices have resulted in a new type and scale of
  7 natural gas development that utilize horizontal drilling
  8 techniques, allow the development of multiple wells from a single
  9 surface location, and may involve fracturing processes that use
- 11 (3) In some instances these practices may require the
  12 construction of large impoundments or pits for the storage of
  13 water or wastewater;
  - (4) Existing laws and regulations developed for conventional oil and gas operations do not adequately address these new technologies and practices;
    - (5) The secretary should have broad authority to condition the issuance of well work permits when, in the secretary's discretion, it is necessary to protect the safety of persons, to prevent inadequate or ineffective erosion and sediment control plans, to prevent damage to publicly owned lands or resources, to protect fresh water sources or supplies or to otherwise protect the environment;
    - (6) Concomitant with the broad powers to condition the issuance of well work permits, the secretary should also have broad authority to waive certain minimum requirements of this

- article when, in his or her discretion, such waiver is

  appropriate: *Provided*, That the secretary shall submit a written

  report of the number of waivers granted to the Legislature
- 4 commencing January 1, 2013, and each year thereafter;

- (7) Practices involving reuse of water in the fracturing and stimulating of horizontal wells should be considered and encouraged by the department, as appropriate; and
  - (8) Allowing the responsible development of our state's natural gas resources will enhance the economy of our state and the quality of life for our citizens while assuring the long term protection of the environment.
  - (b) The Legislature declares that the establishment of a new regulatory scheme to address new and advanced natural gas development technologies and drilling practices is in the public interest and should be done in a manner that protects the environment and our economy for current and future generations.
  - (c) The Legislature declares that in view of the urgent need for prompt decision of matters submitted to the secretary under this article, all actions which the secretary or oil and gas inspectors are required to take under this article shall be taken as rapidly as practicable, consistent with adequate consideration of the issues involved.

#### §22-6A-3. Applicability; exceptions.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the provisions of this article shall apply to any natural gas well, other than a coalbed methane well, drilled

- 1 using a horizontal drilling method, and which disturbs three 2 acres or more of surface, excluding pipelines, gathering lines 3 and roads, or utilizes more than two hundred ten thousand gallons 4 of water in any thirty day period: Provided, That this article does not apply to or affect any well work permitted for a 5 6 horizontal well or orders issued regarding horizontal wells or 7 permit applications pending prior to the effective date of this article: Provided further, That this article shall not apply to 8 or affect any rights bargained for in any agreement between a 9 10 surface owner and operator made prior to the effective date of 11 this article.
  - §22-6A-3a. Karst terrain; rulemaking.

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- 13 (a) Because drilling horizontal wells in naturally occurring 14 karst terrain may require precautions not necessary in other 15 parts of the state, the secretary may require additional safeguards to protect this geological formation. When drilling 16 17 horizontal wells in naturally occurring karst terrain, such 18 additional safequards may include changing proposed well 19 locations to avoid damage to water resources, special casing 20 programs, and additional or special review of drilling 21 procedures.
  - (b) In order to carry out the purposes of this section, the secretary, in consultation with the state geologist, may propose legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to establish designated geographic

- 1 regions of the state where the provisions of this section are
- 2 applicable and to establish standards for drilling horizontal
- 3 wells in naturally occurring karst terrain. For horizontal wells
- 4 drilled into naturally occurring karst terrain in such designated
- 5 geographic regions, the rules shall, at a minimum:
- 6 (1) Require operators to perform certain predrilling testing
- 7 to identify the location of caves and other voids, faults and
- 8 relevant features in the strata and the location of surface
- 9 features prevalent in naturally occurring karst terrain such as
- 10 sink holes; and
- 11 (2) Provide any other requirements deemed necessary by the
- 12 secretary to protect the unique characteristics of naturally
- occurring karst terrain, which requirements may include baseline
- water testing within an established distance from a drilling
- 15 site.
- 16 (c) Nothing in this section allows the department to prevent
- drilling in naturally occurring karst terrain.

#### 18 **§22-6A-4.** Definitions.

- 19 (a) All definitions set forth in article six of this chapter
- apply when those defined terms are used in this article, unless
- 21 the context in which the term is used clearly requires a
- 22 different meaning.
- 23 (b) Unless the context in which the term used clearly
- 24 requires a different meaning, as used in this article:
- 25 (1) "Best management practices" means schedules of
- 26 activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures and

- 1 other management practices established by the department to
- 2 prevent or reduce pollution of waters of this state. For
- 3 purposes of this article, best management practices also includes
- 4 those practices and procedures set out in the Erosion and
- 5 Sediment Control Manual of the Office of Oil and Gas;
- 6 (2) "Department" means the Department of Environmental
- 7 Protection;
- 8 (3) "Flowback Recycle Pit" means a pit used for the
- 9 retention of flowback and freshwater and into which no other
- 10 wastes of any kind are placed;
- 11 (4) "Freshwater Impoundment" means an impoundment used for
- the retention of fresh water and into which no wastes of any kind
- 13 are placed;
- 14 (5) "Horizontal drilling" means a method of drilling a well
- for the production of natural gas that is intended to maximize
- the length of wellbore that is exposed to the formation and in
- which the wellbore is initially vertical but is eventually curved
- 18 to become horizontal, or nearly horizontal, to parallel a
- 19 particular geologic formation;
- 20 (6) "Horizontal well" means any well site, other than a
- 21 coalbed methane well, drilled using a horizontal drilling method,
- 22 and which disturbs three acres or more of surface, excluding
- 23 pipelines, gathering lines and roads, or utilizes more than two
- 24 hundred ten thousand gallons of water in any thirty day period;
- 25 (7) "Impoundment" means a man-made excavation or diked area
- 26 for the retention of fluids;

1 (8) "Karst terrain" means a terrain, generally underlain by
2 limestone or dolomite, in which the topography is formed chiefly
3 by the dissolving of rock, and which may be characterized by
4 sinkholes, sinking streams, closed depressions, subterranean
5 drainage and caves;

- (9) "Perennial stream" means a stream or portion of a stream that flows year-round, is considered a permanent stream and for which base flow is maintained by ground-water discharge to the streambed due to the ground-water elevation adjacent to the stream being higher than the elevation of the streambed;
- (10) "Pit" means a man-made excavation or diked area that contains or is intended to contain an accumulation of process waste fluids, drill cuttings or any other liquid substance generated in the development of a horizontal well and which could impact surface or groundwater;
- (11) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection as established in article one of this chapter or other person to whom the secretary has delegated authority or duties pursuant to sections six or eight, article one of this chapter; and
- (12) "Water purveyor" means any person engaged in the business of selling water to another and who is regulated by the Bureau for Public Health pursuant to title sixty-four, series three of the West Virginia Code of State Rules.
- S22-6A-5. Application of article six of this chapter to horizontal wells subject to this article.

1 (a) To the extent that horizontal wells governed by this
2 article are similar to conventional oil and gas wells regulated
3 under article six of this chapter, the following sections of
4 article six of this chapter are hereby incorporated by reference
5 in this article:

- (1) The provisions of section three, article six of this chapter relating to the findings and orders of inspectors concerning violations, the determination of reasonable time for abatement, extensions of time for abatement, special inspections and notice of findings and orders;
- (2) The provisions of section four, article six of this chapter providing for the review of findings and orders by the secretary, special inspections and applications for annulment or revision of orders by the secretary;
- (3) The provisions of section five, article six of this chapter relating to the requirements for findings, orders and notices, notice to the operator of findings and orders and judicial review of final orders of the secretary;
- (4) The provisions of section seven, article six of this chapter relating to the issuance of water pollution control permits, the powers and duties of the secretary related thereto and penalties for violations of the same;
- (5) The provisions of section eight, article six of this chapter relating to the prohibition of permits for wells on flat well royalty leases and requirements for permits;
  - (6) The provisions of section twelve, article six of this

- 1 chapter pertaining to plats prerequisite to drilling or
- 2 fracturing wells, the preparation and contents thereof, notice
- 3 furnished to coal operators, owners or lessees, the issuance of
- 4 permits and required performance bonds, with the following
- 5 exceptions:
- 6 (A) Under subsection (a), section twelve, article six of
- 7 this chapter, the plat also shall identify all surface tract
- 8 boundaries within the scope of the plat proposed to be crossed by
- 9 the horizontal lateral of the horizontal well and the proposed
- 10 path of such horizontal lateral, and
- 11 (B) Under subsection (b), section twelve, article six of
- 12 this chapter, any reference to a time period shall be thirty days
- in lieu of fifteen days;
- 14 (7) The provisions of section thirteen, article six of this
- 15 chapter providing for notice of the operator's intention to
- 16 fracture wells, with the exception that under the third paragraph
- of section thirteen, article six of this chapter, the applicable
- 18 periods shall be thirty days in lieu of fifteen days;
- 19 (8) The provisions of section fifteen, article six of this
- 20 chapter pertaining to objections to proposed deep well drilling
- 21 sites above seam or seams of coal, with the exception that the
- 22 applicable time for filing objections is within thirty days of
- 23 receipt by the secretary of the required plat and/or notice in
- 24 lieu of fifteen days;
- 25 (9) The provisions of section seventeen, article six of this
- 26 chapter pertaining to drilling of shallow gas wells, notice to be

- 1 provided to the chair of the review board, orders issued by the
- 2 review board and permits issued for such drilling, with the
- 3 exception that the applicable time for filing objections is
- 4 thirty days from the date of receipt by the secretary of the
- 5 required plat and notice in lieu of fifteen days;
- 6 (10) The provisions of section eighteen, article six of this
- 7 chapter providing for protective devices for when a well
- 8 penetrates one or more workable coal beds and when gas is found
- 9 beneath or between workable coal beds;
- 10 (11) The provisions of section nineteen, article six of this
- 11 chapter providing for protective devices during the life of the
- well and for dry or abandoned wells;
- 13 (12) The provisions of section twenty, article six of this
- 14 chapter providing for protective devices when a well is drilled
- 15 through the horizon of a coalbed from which the coal has been
- 16 removed;
- 17 (13) The provisions of section twenty-one, article six of
- 18 this chapter requiring the installation of fresh water casings;
- 19 (14) The provisions of section twenty-two, article six of
- 20 this chapter relating to the filing of a well completion log and
- 21 the contents thereof, confidentiality and permitted use and the
- 22 secretary's authority to promulgate rules;
- 23 (15) The provisions of section twenty-seven, article six of
- 24 this chapter regarding a cause of action for damages caused by an
- 25 explosion;

(16) The provisions of section twenty-eight, article six of

- 1 this chapter relating to supervision by the secretary over
- 2 drilling and reclamation operations, the filing of complaints,
- 3 hearings on the same and appeals;
- 4 (17) The provisions of section twenty-nine, article six of
- 5 this chapter providing for the Operating Permit and Processing
- 6 Fund, the oil and gas reclamation fund and associated fees, with
- 7 the exception that in the first paragraph of subsection (a),
- 8 section twenty-nine, article six of this chapter, the fees to be
- 9 credited to the Oil and Gas Operating Permit and Processing Fund
- 10 are the permit fees collected pursuant to section seven of this
- 11 article;
- 12 (18) The provisions of section thirty-one, article six of
- this chapter providing for preventing waste of gas, plans of
- operation for wasting gas in the process of producing oil and the
- 15 secretary's rejection thereof;
- 16 (19) The provisions of section thirty-two, article six of
- 17 this chapter pertaining to the right of an adjacent owner or
- operator to prevent waste of gas and the recovery of costs;
- 19 (20) The provisions of section thirty-three, article six of
- 20 this chapter relating to circuit court actions to restrain waste;
- 21 (21) The provisions of section thirty-six, article six of
- this chapter providing for the declaration of oil and gas notice
- 23 by owners and lessees of coal seams and setting out the form of
- 24 such notice;
- 25 (22) The provisions of section thirty-nine, article six of
- 26 this chapter relating to petitions for injunctive relief; and

1 (23) The provisions of section forty, article six of this 2 chapter relating to appeals from orders issuing or refusing to 3 issue a permit to drill or fracture, and the procedure therefore.

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(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, no provision of article six of this chapter shall apply to horizontal wells subject to this article except as expressly incorporated by reference in this article. Any conflict between the provisions of article six and the provisions of this article shall be resolved in favor of this article.

# §22-6A-6. Secretary of Department of Environmental Protection; powers and duties.

- (a) The secretary is vested with jurisdiction over all aspects of this article, including, but not limited to, the following powers and duties:
- (1) All powers and duties conferred upon the secretary pursuant to article six, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 17 (2) To control and exercise regulatory authority over all gas operations regulated by this article;
- 19 (3) To utilize any oil and gas inspectors or other employees
  20 of the department in the enforcement of the provisions of this
  21 article;
- 22 (4) To propose any necessary legislative rules, in 23 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this 24 code to implement the provisions of this article;
  - (5) To make investigations and inspections necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of this article;

(b) Except for the duties and obligations conferred by statute upon the shallow gas well review board pursuant to article eight, chapter twenty-two-c of this code, the coalbed methane review board pursuant to article twenty-one of this chapter, and the oil and gas conservation commission pursuant to article nine, chapter twenty-two-c of this code, the secretary has sole and exclusive authority to regulate the permitting, location, spacing, drilling, fracturing, stimulation, well completion activities, operation, any and all other drilling and production processes, plugging and reclamation of oil and gas wells and production operations within the state.

(c) The secretary shall, on a monthly basis, make a written report to the Governor disclosing, for all well work permits issued in a particular month, the average number of days elapsed between the date on which a complete application for a well work permit was filed and the date on which such well work permit was issued. This report shall be posted to the website required to be established and maintained pursuant to section twenty-one of this article.

## 20 §22-6A-7. Horizontal well permit required; permit fee;

application; soil erosion control plan; well site safety plan; site construction plan; water management plan; permit fee; installation of permit number; suspension of a permit.

(a) It is unlawful for any person to commence any well work,

- 1 including site preparation work which involves any disturbance of
- 2 land, for a horizontal well without first securing from the
- 3 secretary a well work permit pursuant to this article.
- 4 (b) Every permit application filed under this section shall
- 5 be on a form as may be prescribed by the secretary, shall be
- 6 verified and shall contain the following information:
- 7 (1) The names and addresses of (i) the well operator, (ii)
- 8 the agent required to be designated under subsection (h) of this
- 9 section and (iii) every person whom the applicant shall notify
- 10 under any section of this article, together with a certification
- and evidence that a copy of the application and all other
- 12 required documentation has been delivered to all such persons;
- 13 (2) The names and addresses of every coal operator operating
- 14 coal seams under the tract of land on which the well is or may be
- located, and the coal seam owner of record and lessee of record
- required to be given notice by subdivision (6), subsection (a),
- section five of this article, if any, if said owner or lessee is
- 18 not yet operating said coal seams;
- 19 (3) The number of the well or such other identification as
- 20 the secretary may require;
- 21 (4) The well work for which a permit is requested;
- 22 (5) The approximate total depth to which the well is to be
- drilled or deepened, or the actual depth if the well has been
- 24 drilled; the proposed angle and direction of the well; the actual
- 25 depth or the approximate depth at which the well to be drilled
- deviates from vertical, the angle and direction of the

- 1 nonvertical well bore until the well reaches its total target
- 2 depth or its actual final depth and the length and direction of
- 3 any actual or proposed horizontal lateral or well bore;
- 4 (6) Each formation in which the well will be completed if
- 5 applicable;
- 6 (7) A description of any means used to stimulate the well;
- 7 (8) If the proposed well work will require casing or tubing
- 8 to be set, the entire casing program for the well, including the
- 9 size of each string of pipe, the starting point and depth to
- 10 which each string is to be set and the extent to which each such
- 11 string is to be cemented;
- 12 (9) If the proposed well work is to convert an existing
- well, all information required by this section, all formations
- from which production is anticipated and any plans to plug any
- 15 portion of the well;
- 16 (10) If the proposed well work is to plug or replug the
- well, all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with
- 18 the legislative rules promulgated by the secretary in accordance
- 19 with section thirteen of this article;
- 20 (11) If the proposed well work is to stimulate a horizontal
- 21 well, all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with
- 22 the requirements of subdivision (7), subsection (a), section five
- 23 of this article;
- 24 (12) The erosion and sediment control plan required under
- 25 subsection (c) of this section for applications for permits to
- 26 drill;

- (13) A well site safety plan to address proper safety measures to be employed for the protection of persons on the site as well as the general public. The plan shall encompass all aspects of the operation, including the actual well work for which the permit was obtained, completion activities and production activities, and shall provide an emergency point of contact for the well operator. The well operator shall provide a copy of the well site safety plan to the local emergency planning committee established pursuant to section seven, article five-a, chapter fifteen of this code, for the emergency planning district in which the well work will occur at least seven days before commencement of well work or site preparation work that involves any disturbance of land;
  - (14) A certification from the operator that (i) it has provided the owners of the surface described in subdivisions (1), (2) and (4), subsection (b), section ten of this article, the information required by subsections (b) and (c), section sixteen of this article; (ii) that the requirement was deemed satisfied as a result of giving the surface owner notice of entry to survey pursuant to subsection (a), section ten of this article six-a; or (iii) the notice requirements of subsection (b), section sixteen of this article were waived in writing by the surface owner; and (15) Any other relevant information which the secretary may

reasonably require.

(c)(1) An erosion and sediment control plan shall accompany each application for a well work permit under this article. The

- plan shall contain methods of stabilization and drainage, including a map of the project area indicating the amount of acreage disturbed. The erosion and sediment control plan shall meet the minimum requirements of the West Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Manual as adopted and from time to time amended by the department. The erosion and sediment control plan shall become part of the terms and conditions of any well work permit that is issued pursuant to this article and the provisions of the plan shall be carried out where applicable in the operation. The erosion and sediment control plan shall set out the proposed method of reclamation which shall comply with the requirements of section fourteen of this article.
  - (2) For well sites that disturb three acres or more of surface, excluding pipelines, gathering lines and roads, the erosion and sediment control plan submitted in accordance with this section shall be certified by a registered professional engineer.

- (d) For well sites that disturb three acres or more of surface, excluding pipelines, gathering lines and roads, the operator shall submit a site construction plan that shall be certified by a registered professional engineer and contains information that the secretary may require by rule.
- (e) In addition to the other requirements of this section, if the drilling, fracturing or stimulating of the horizontal well requires the use of water obtained by withdrawals from waters of this state in amounts that exceed two hundred ten thousand

- 1 gallons during any thirty day period, the application for a well
- 2 work permit shall include a water management plan, which may be
- 3 submitted on an individual well basis or on a watershed basis,
- 4 and which shall include the following information:
- 5 (1) The type of water source, such as surface or
- 6 groundwater, the county of each source to be used by the
- 7 operation for water withdrawals, and the latitude and longitude
- 8 of each anticipated withdrawal location;
- 9 (2) The anticipated volume of each water withdrawal;
- 10 (3) The anticipated months when water withdrawals will be
- 11 made;
- 12 (4) The planned management and disposition of wastewater
- 13 after completion from fracturing, refracturing, stimulation and
- 14 production activities;
- 15 (5) A listing of the anticipated additives that may be used
- in water utilized for fracturing or stimulating the well. Upon
- well completion, a listing of the additives that were actually
- 18 used in the fracturing or stimulating of the well shall be
- submitted as part of the completion log or report required by
- 20 subdivision (14), subsection (a), section five of this article;
- 21 (6) For all surface water withdrawals, a water management
- 22 plan that includes the information requested in subdivisions (1)
- 23 through (5) of this subsection and the following:
- 24 (A) Identification of the current designated and existing
- 25 water uses, including any public water intakes within one mile
- 26 downstream of the withdrawal location;

- 1 (B) For surface waters, a demonstration, using methods
  2 acceptable to the secretary, that sufficient in-stream flow will
  3 be available immediately downstream of the point of withdrawal.
  4 A sufficient in-stream flow is maintained when a pass-by flow
  5 that is protective of the identified use of the stream is
  6 preserved immediately downstream of the point of withdrawal; and
  - (C) Methods to be used for surface water withdrawal to minimize adverse impact to aquatic life; and

- (7) This subsection is intended to be consistent with and does not supersede, revise, repeal or otherwise modify articles eleven, twelve or twenty-six of this chapter and does not revise, repeal or otherwise modify the common law doctrine of riparian rights in West Virginia law.
- (f) An application may propose and a permit may approve two or more activities defined as well work, however, a separate permit shall be obtained for each horizontal well drilled.
- (g) The application for a permit under this section shall be accompanied by the applicable bond as required by section fifteen of this article, the applicable plat required by subdivision (6), subsection (a), section five of this article and a permit fee of \$10,000 for the initial horizontal well drilled at a location and a permit fee of \$5,000 for each additional horizontal well drilled on a single well pad at the same location.
- (h) The well operator named in the application shall designate the name and address of an agent for the operator who is the attorney-in-fact for the operator and who is a resident of

- the State of West Virginia upon whom notices, orders or other 2 communications issued pursuant to this article or article eleven of this chapter may be served, and upon whom process may be 3 4 served. Every well operator required to designate an agent under 5 this section shall, within five days after the termination of the
- 6 designation, notify the secretary of the termination and
- 7 designate a new agent.

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- (i) The well owner or operator shall install the permit number as issued by the secretary and a contact telephone number for the operator in a legible and permanent manner to the well upon completion of any permitted work. The dimensions, specifications, and manner of installation shall be in accordance with the rules of the secretary.
  - (j) The secretary may waive the requirements of this section and sections eight, ten, eleven and twenty-four of this article in any emergency situation, if the secretary deems the action necessary. In such case the secretary may issue an emergency permit which is effective for not more than thirty days, unless reissued by the secretary.
  - (k) The secretary shall deny the issuance of a permit if the secretary determines that the applicant has committed a substantial violation of a previously issued permit for a horizontal well, including the applicable erosion and sediment control plan associated with the previously issued permit, or a substantial violation of one or more of the rules promulgated under this article, and in each instance has failed to abate or

seek review of the violation within the time prescribed by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (a), section five of this article and the rules promulgated hereunder, which time may not be unreasonable.

(1) In the event the secretary finds that a substantial violation has occurred and that the operator has failed to abate or seek review of the violation in the time prescribed, the secretary may suspend the permit on which said violation exists, after which suspension the operator shall forthwith cease all well work being conducted under the permit. However, the secretary may reinstate the permit without further notice, at which time the well work may be continued. The secretary shall make written findings of any such suspension and may enforce the same in the circuit courts of this state. The operator may appeal a suspension pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (23), subsection (a), section five of this article. The secretary shall make a written finding of any such determination.

## §22-6A-8. Review of application; issuance of permit; performance standards; copy of permits to county assessor.

- (a) The secretary shall review each application for a well work permit and shall determine whether or not a permit is issued.
- (b) No permit may be issued less than thirty days after the filing date of the application for any well work except plugging or replugging; and no permit for plugging or replugging may be issued less than five days after the filing date of the

application except a permit for plugging or replugging a dry 1 2 Provided, That if the applicant certifies that all persons entitled to notice of the application under the provisions of subsection (b), section ten of this article have been served in 4 person or by certified mail, return receipt requested, with a 5 copy of the well work application, including the erosion and 6 sediment control plan, if required, and the well plat, and 8 further files written statements of no objection by all such 9 persons, the secretary may issue the well work permit at any 10 time.

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(c) Prior to the issuance of any permit, the secretary shall ascertain from the Executive Director of Workforce West Virginia and the Insurance Commissioner whether the applicant is in default pursuant to the provisions of section six-c, article two, chapter twenty-one-a of this code, and in compliance with section five, article two, chapter twenty-three of this code, with regard to any required subscription to the Unemployment Compensation Fund or mandatory Workers' Compensation insurance, the payment of premiums and other charges to the fund, the timely filing of payroll reports and the maintenance of adequate deposits. If the applicant is delinquent or defaulted, or has been terminated by the executive director or the Insurance Commissioner, the permit may not be issued until the applicant returns to compliance or is restored by the executive director or the Insurance Commissioner under a reinstatement agreement: Provided, That in all inquiries the Executive Director of Workforce West Virginia and the

- 1 Insurance Commissioner shall make response to the Department of
- 2 Environmental Protection within fifteen calendar days; otherwise,
- 3 failure to respond timely is considered to indicate the applicant
- 4 is in compliance and the failure will not be used to preclude
- 5 issuance of the permit.
- 6 (d) The secretary may cause such inspections to be made of
- 7 the proposed well work location as necessary to assure adequate
- 8 review of the application. The permit may not be issued, or be
- 9 conditioned including conditions with respect to the location of
- 10 the well and access roads prior to issuance if the director
- 11 determines that:
- 12 (1) The proposed well work will constitute a hazard to the
- 13 safety of persons;
- 14 (2) The plan for soil erosion and sediment control is not
- 15 adequate or effective;
- 16 (3) Damage would occur to publicly owned lands or resources;
- 17 or
- 18 (4) The proposed well work fails to protect fresh water
- 19 sources or supplies.
- (e) In addition to the considerations set forth in
- 21 subsection (d) of this section, in determining whether a permit
- 22 should be issued, issued with conditions, or denied, the
- 23 secretary shall determine that:
- 24 (1) The well location restrictions of section twelve of this
- 25 article have been satisfied, unless the requirements have been
- 26 waived by written consent of the surface owner or the secretary

has granted a variance to the restrictions, each in accordance
with section twelve of this article;

- (2) The water management plan submitted to the secretary, if required by subdivision (e), section seven of this article, has been received and approved.
- (f) The secretary shall promptly review all written comments filed by persons entitled to notice pursuant to subsection (b), section ten of this article. If after review of the application and all written comments received from persons entitled to notice pursuant to subsection (b), section ten of this article, the application for a well work permit is approved, and no timely objection has been filed with the secretary by the coal operator operating coal seams beneath the tract of land, or the coal seam owner or lessee, if any, if said owner or lessee is not yet operating said coal seams, or made by the secretary under the provisions of section ten and eleven of this article, the permit shall be issued, with conditions, if any. This section does not supersede the provisions of section seven or subdivisions (6) through (9), subsection (a), section five of this article.
  - (g) Each permit issued by the secretary pursuant to this article shall require the operator at a minimum to:
  - (1) Plug all wells in accordance with the requirements of this article and the rules promulgated pursuant thereto when the wells become abandoned;
    - (2) With respect to disposal of cuttings at the well site, all drill cuttings and associated drilling mud generated from

horizontal well sites shall be disposed of in an approved solid waste facility or managed on-site in a manner approved by the secretary;

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- (3) Grade, terrace and plant, seed or sod the area disturbed that is not required in production of the horizontal well where necessary to bind the soil and prevent substantial erosion and sedimentation:
  - (4) Take action in accordance with industry standards to minimize fire hazards and other conditions which constitute a hazard to health and safety of the public;
  - (5) Protect the quantity and the quality of water in surface and groundwater systems both during and after drilling operations and during reclamation by: (A) Withdrawing water from surface waters of the state by methods deemed appropriate by the secretary, so as to maintain sufficient in-steam flow immediately downstream of the withdrawal location. In no case shall an operator withdraw water from ground or surface waters at volumes beyond which the waters can sustain; (B) Casing, sealing or otherwise managing wells to keep returned fluids from entering ground and surface waters; (C) Conducting oil and gas operations so as to prevent, to the extent possible using the best management practices, additional contributions of suspended or dissolved solids to streamflow or runoff outside the permit area, but in no event shall the contributions be in excess of requirements set by applicable state or federal law; and (D) Registering all water supply wells drilled and operated by the

operator with the Office of Oil and Gas. All drinking water
wells within one thousand five hundred feet of a water supply
well shall be flow and quality tested by the operator upon
request of the drinking well owner prior to operating the water
supply well. The secretary shall propose legislative rules to
identify appropriate methods for testing water flow and quality.

- (6) In addition to the other requirements of this subsection, an operator proposing to drill any horizontal well requiring the withdrawal of more than two hundred ten thousand gallons in a thirty day period shall have the following requirements added to its permit:
- (A) Identification of water withdrawal locations. Within forty-eight hours prior to the withdrawal of water, the operator shall identify to the department the location of withdrawal by latitude and longitude and verify that sufficient flow exists to protect designated uses of the stream. The operator shall use methods deemed appropriate by the secretary to determine if sufficient flow exists to protect designated uses of the stream.
- (B) Signage for water withdrawal locations. All water withdrawal locations and facilities identified in the water management plan shall be identified with a sign that identifies that the location is a water withdrawal point, the name and telephone number of the operator and the permit numbers(s) for which the water withdrawn will be utilized.
- (C) Recordkeeping and reporting. For all water used for hydraulic fracturing of horizontal wells and for flowback water

- 1 from hydraulic fracturing activities and produced water from
- 2 production activities from horizontal wells, an operator shall
- 3 comply with the following record keeping and reporting
- 4 requirements:
- 5 (i) For production activities, the following information
- 6 shall be recorded and retained by the well operator:
- 7 (I) The quantity of flowback water from hydraulic fracturing
- 8 the well;
- 9 (II) The quantity of produced water from the well; and
- 10 (III) The method of management or disposal of the flowback
- and produced water.
- 12 (ii) For transportation activities, the following
- information shall be recorded and maintained by the operator:
- 14 (I) The quantity of water transported;
- 15 (II) The collection and delivery or disposal locations of
- 16 water; and
- 17 (III) The name of the water hauling company.
- 18 (iii) The information maintained pursuant to this
- 19 subdivision shall be available for inspection by the department
- 20 along with other required permits and records and maintained for
- 21 three years after the water withdrawal activity.
- (iv) This subdivision is intended to be consistent with and
- does not supersede, revise, repeal or otherwise modify articles
- eleven, twelve or twenty-six of this chapter and does not revise,
- 25 repeal or otherwise modify the common law doctrine of riparian
- 26 rights in West Virginia law.

1 (h) The secretary shall mail a copy of the permit as issued 2 or a copy of the order denying a permit to any person entitled to 3 submit written comments pursuant to subsection (a), section 4 eleven of this article and who requested a copy.

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- (i) Upon the issuance of any permit pursuant to the provisions of this article, the secretary shall transmit a copy of the permit to the office of the assessor for the county in which the well is located.
- 9 §22-6A-9. Certificate of approval required for large pits or

  10 impoundment construction; certificate of approval

  11 and annual registration fees; application required

  12 to obtain certificate; term of certificate;

  13 revocation or suspension of certificates; appeals;

  14 farm ponds.
  - (a) The Legislature finds that large impoundments and pits

    (i.e. impoundments or pits with a capacity of two hundred ten

    thousand gallons or more) not associated with a specific well

    work permit must be properly regulated and controlled. It is the

    intent of the Legislature by this section to provide for the

    regulation and supervision of large impoundments or pits not

    associated with a well work permit. This section does not apply

    to large pits or impoundments authorized under a well work

    permit.
  - (b) It is unlawful for any person to place, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, remove or abandon any freshwater

impoundment or pit with capacity of two hundred ten thousand gallons or more used in association with any horizontal well operation until he or she has first secured from the secretary a certificate of approval for the same: Provided, That routine repairs that do not affect the safety of the impoundment are not subject to the application and approval requirements. A separate application for a certificate of approval shall be submitted by a person for each impoundment he or she desires to place, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, remove or abandon, but one application may be valid for more than one impoundment that supports one or more well pads. 

- (c) The application fee for placement, construction, enlargement, alteration, repair or removal of an impoundment pursuant to this section is \$300, and the fee shall accompany the application for certificate of approval. Operators holding certificates of approval shall be assessed an annual registration fee of \$100, which is valid for more than one impoundment that supports one or more well pads.
- (d) Any certificate of approval required by this section shall be issued or denied no later than sixty days from the submission of an application containing the information required by this section. However, if the application for a certificate of approval is submitted with the application for a horizontal well permit, the certificate shall be issued or denied no later than thirty days from the submission of the permit application.
  - (e) The initial term of a certificate of approval issued

pursuant to this section is one year. Existing certificates of approval shall be extended for one year upon receipt of the annual registration fee, an inspection report, a monitoring and emergency action plan, and a maintenance plan: Provided, That where an approved, up-to-date inspection report, monitoring and emergency action plan, and maintenance plan are on file with the department, and where no outstanding violation of the requirements of the certificate of approval or any plan submitted pursuant to this article related to the impoundment exist, then the certificate of approval shall be extended without resubmission of the foregoing documents upon receipt of the annual registration fee.

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- (f) Every application for a certificate of approval shall be made in writing on a form prescribed by the secretary and shall be signed and verified by the applicant. The application shall include a monitoring and emergency action plan and a maintenance plan, the required contents of which shall be established by the secretary by legislative rule. The application shall contain and provide information that may reasonably be required by the secretary to administer the provisions of this article.
- (g) Plans and specifications for the placement, construction, erosion and sediment control, enlargement, alteration, repair or removal and reclamation of impoundments shall be the charge of a registered professional engineer licensed to practice in West Virginia. Any plans or specifications submitted to the department shall bear the seal of

1 a registered professional engineer.

- 2 (h) Each certificate of approval issued by the secretary
  3 pursuant to the provisions of this article may contain other
  4 terms and conditions the secretary prescribes.
  - (i) The secretary may revoke or suspend any certificate of approval whenever the secretary determines that the impoundment for which the certificate was issued constitutes an imminent danger to human life or property. If necessary to safeguard human life or property, the secretary may also amend the terms and conditions of any certificate by issuing a new certificate containing the revised terms and conditions.
  - (1) Before any certificate of approval is amended, suspended or revoked by the secretary without the consent of the operator holding the certificate, the secretary shall hold a hearing in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter twentynine-a of this code.
  - (2) Any person adversely affected by an order entered following this hearing has the right to appeal to the Environmental Quality Board pursuant to the provisions of article one, chapter twenty-two-b of this code.
  - (j) Upon expiration of the certificate of approval, the operator shall within six months, or upon its revocation by the secretary, the operator shall within sixty days, fill all impoundments that are not required or allowed by state or federal law or rule or agreement between the operator and the surface owner allowing the impoundment to remain open for the use and

- benefit of the surface owner and reclaim the site in accordance
  with the approved erosion and sediment control plan.
  - (k) This section does not apply to:
- (1) Farm ponds constructed by the operator with the written consent of the surface owner, which will be used after completion of the drilling activity primarily for agricultural purposes, including without limitation livestock watering, irrigation, retention of animal wastes and fish culture. Any impoundment that is intended to be left permanent as a farm pond under this subdivision shall meet the requirements set forth by the United States Department of Agriculture's Natural Resources Conservation Service "Conservation Practice Standard - Ponds" (Code 378).
  - (2) Farm ponds subject to certificates of approval under article fourteen of this chapter.
  - (1) The secretary is authorized to propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section.

#### §22-6A-10. Notice to property owners.

(a) Prior to filing a permit application, the operator shall provide notice of planned entry on to the surface tract to conduct any plat surveys required pursuant to this article. Such notice shall be provided at least seven days but no more than forty-five days prior to such entry to: (1) The surface owner of such tract; (2) to any owner or lessee of coal seams beneath such tract that has filed a declaration pursuant to section thirty-

- 1 six, article six, chapter twenty-two of this code; and (3) any
- 2 owner of minerals underlying such tract in the county tax
- 3 records.
- 4 (b) No later than the filing date of the application, the
- 5 applicant for a permit for any well work or for a certificate of
- 6 approval for the construction of an impoundment or pit as
- 7 required by this article shall deliver, by personal service or by
- 8 registered mail or by any method of delivery that requires a
- 9 receipt or signature confirmation, copies of the application, the
- 10 erosion and sediment control plan required by section seven of
- 11 this article, and the well plat to each of the following persons:
- 12 (1) The owners of record of the surface of the tract on
- which the well is or is proposed to be located;
- 14 (2) The owners of record of the surface tract or tracts
- overlying the oil and gas leasehold being developed by the
- proposed well work, if the surface tract is to be used for roads
- 17 or other land disturbance as described in the erosion and
- sediment control plan submitted pursuant to subsection (c),
- 19 section seven of this article;
- 20 (3) The coal owner, operator or lessee, in the event the
- 21 tract of land on which the well proposed to be drilled is located
- is known to be underlain by one or more coal seams;
- 23 (4) The owners of record of the surface tract or tracts
- overlying the oil and gas leasehold being developed by the
- 25 proposed well work, if the surface tract is to be used for the
- 26 placement, construction, enlargement, alteration, repair, removal

- or abandonment of any impoundment or pit as described in section nine of this article;
- 3 (5) Any surface owner or water purveyor who is known to the 4 applicant to have a water well, spring or water supply source 5 located within one thousand five hundred feet of the center of 6 the well pad which is used to provide water for consumption by
- 8 (6) The operator of any natural gas storage field within 9 which the proposed well work activity is to take place.

humans or domestic animals; and

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- (c) (1) If more than three tenants in common or other coowners of interests described in subsection (b) of this section
  hold interests in the lands, the applicant may serve the
  documents required upon the person described in the records of
  the sheriff required to be maintained pursuant to section eight,
  article one, chapter eleven-a of this code.
- (2) Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, notice to a lien holder is not notice to a landowner, unless the lien holder is the landowner.
- (d) With respect to surface landowners identified in subsection (b) or water purveyors identified in subdivision (5), subsection (b) of this section, notification shall be made on forms and in a manner prescribed by the secretary sufficient to identify, for those persons, the rights afforded them under sections eleven and twelve of this article, and the opportunity for testing their water well.
  - (e) Prior to filing an application for a permit for a

horizontal well under this article, the applicant shall publish 1 2 in the county in which the well is located or is proposed to be located a Class II legal advertisement as described in section 3 two, article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, containing 4 5 notice of the public website required to be established and 6 maintained pursuant to section twenty-one of this article and 7 language indicating the ability of the public to submit written 8 comments on the proposed permit, with the first publication date 9 being at least ten days prior to the filing of the permit application. The secretary shall consider, in the same manner 10 11 required by subsection (f), section eight of this article and 12 subdivision one, subsection (c), section eleven of this article, 13 written comments submitted in response to the legal advertisement received by the secretary within thirty days following the last 14 15 required publication date: Provided, That such parties submitting 16 written comments pursuant to this subsection are not entitled to participate in the processes and proceedings that exist under 17 18 sections fifteen, seventeen or forty, article six of this 19 chapter, as applicable and incorporated into this article by 20 section five of this article.

(f) Materials served upon persons described in subsection

(b) of this section shall contain a statement of the time limits for filing written comments, who may file written comments, the name and address of the secretary for the purpose of filing the comments and obtaining additional information, and a statement that the persons may request, at the time of submitting written

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1 comments, notice of the permit decision and a list of persons 2 qualified to test water.

- (g) Any person entitled to submit written comments to the secretary pursuant to subsection (a), section eleven of this article, shall also be entitled to receive from the secretary a copy of the permit as issued or a copy of the order modifying or denying the permit if the person requests receipt of them as a part of the written comments submitted concerning the permit application.
  - (h) The surface owners described in subdivisions (1), (2) and (4), subsection (b) of this section, and the coal owner, operator or lessee described in subdivision (3) of that subsection is also entitled to receive notice within seven days but no less than two days before commencement that well work or site preparation work that involves any disturbance of land is expected to commence.
  - (i) Persons entitled to notice pursuant to subsection (b) of this section may contact the department to ascertain the names and locations of water testing laboratories in the subject area capable and qualified to test water supplies in accordance with standard accepted methods. In compiling that list of names the department shall consult with the state Bureau for Public Health and local health departments.
  - (j) (1) Prior to conducting any seismic activity for seismic exploration for natural gas to be extracted using horizontal drilling methods, the company or person performing the activity

- shall provide notice to Miss Utility of West Virginia Inc. and to
- 2 all surface owners, coal owners and lessees, and natural gas
- 3 storage field operators on whose property blasting, percussion or
- 4 other seismic-related activities will occur.
- 5 (2) The notice shall be provided at least three days prior
- 6 to commencement of the seismic activity.
- 7 (3) The notice shall also include a reclamation plan in
- 8 accordance with the erosion and sediment control manual that
- 9 provides for the reclamation of any areas disturbed as a result
- of the seismic activity, including filling of shotholes used for
- 11 blasting.
- 12 (4) Nothing in this subsection decides questions as to
- whether seismic activity may be secured by mineral owners,
- 14 surface owners or other ownership interests.
- 15 §22-6A-10a. Method of delivery of notice.
- 16 Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the
- 17 contrary, all notices required by this article shall be delivered
- 18 by the method set forth in subsection (b), section ten of this
- 19 article, which notice shall provide that further information may
- 20 be obtained from the agency's website.
- 21 §22-6A-11. Procedure for filing written comments; procedures for
- considering objections and comments; issues to be
- considered; and newspaper notice.
- 24 (a) All persons described in subsection (b), section ten of
- 25 this article may file written comments with the secretary as to

the location or construction of the applicant's proposed well work within thirty days after the application is filed with the secretary.

- (b) The applicant shall tender proof of and certify to the secretary that the notice requirements of section ten of this article have been completed by the applicant. The certification of notice to the person may be made by affidavit of personal service, the return receipt card or other postal receipt for certified mailing.
- (c) (1) The secretary shall promptly review all written comments filed by the persons entitled to notice under subsection (b), section ten of this article. The secretary shall notify the applicant of the character of the written comments submitted no later than fifteen days after the close of the comment period.
- seam owners and lessees shall be addressed through the processes and procedures that exist under sections fifteen, seventeen and forty, article six of this chapter, as applicable and as incorporated into this article by section five of this article. The written comments filed by the parties entitled to notice under subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (5) and (6), subsection (b), section ten of this article shall be considered by the secretary in the permit issuance process, but the parties are not entitled to participate in the processes and proceedings that exist under sections fifteen, seventeen or forty, article six of this chapter, as applicable and as incorporated into this article by

section five of this article.

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(3) The secretary shall retain all applications, plats and other documents filed with the secretary, any proposed revisions thereto, all notices given and proof of service thereof and all orders issued and all permits issued. Subject to the provisions of article one, chapter twenty-nine-b of this code, the record prepared by the secretary is open to inspection by the public.

#### \$22-6A-12. Well location restrictions.

(a) Wells may not be drilled within two hundred fifty feet measured horizontally from any existing water well or developed spring used for human or domestic animal consumption. The center of well pads may not be located within six hundred twenty-five feet of an occupied dwelling structure, or a building two thousand five hundred square feet or larger used to house or shelter dairy cattle or poultry husbandry. This limitation is applicable to those wells, developed springs, dwellings or agricultural buildings that existed on the date a notice to the surface owner of planned entry for surveying or staking as provided in section ten of this article or a notice of intent to drill a horizontal well as provided in subsection (b), section sixteen of this article was provided, whichever occurs first, and to any dwelling under construction prior to that date. limitation may be waived by written consent of the surface owner transmitted to the department and recorded in the real property records maintained by the clerk of the county commission for the county in which such property is located. Furthermore, the well

distance restrictions upon submission of a plan which identifies
the sufficient measures, facilities or practices to be employed
during well site construction, drilling and operations. The
variance, if granted, shall include terms and conditions the
department requires to ensure the safety and protection of

operator may be granted a variance by the secretary from these

- affected persons and property. The terms and conditions may include insurance, bonding and indemnification, as well as
- 9 technical requirements.

- (b) No well pad may be prepared or well drilled within one hundred feet measured horizontally from any perennial stream, natural or artificial lake, pond or reservoir, or a wetland, or within three hundred feet of a naturally reproducing trout stream. No wellpad may be located within one thousand feet of a surface or ground water intake of a public water supply. The distance from the public water supply as identified by the department shall be measured as follows:
- (1) For a surface water intake on a lake or reservoir, the distance shall be measured from the boundary of the lake or reservoir.
  - (2) For a surface water intake on a flowing stream, the distance shall be measured from a semicircular radius extending upstream of the surface water intake.
- (3) For a groundwater source, the distance shall be measured from the wellhead or spring. The department may, in its discretion, waive these distance restrictions upon submission of

to be employed during well site construction, drilling and operations to protect the waters of the state. A waiver, if

a plan identifying sufficient measures, facilities or practices

- 4 granted, shall impose any permit conditions as the secretary
- 5 considers necessary.

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- 6 (c) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this
  7 section, nothing contained in this section prevents an operator
  8 from conducting the activities permitted or authorized by a Clean
  9 Water Act Section 404 permit or other approval from the United
  10 States Army Corps of Engineers within any waters of the state or
  11 within the restricted areas referenced in this section.
- 12 (d) The well location restrictions set forth in this section
  13 shall not apply to any well on a multiple well pad if at least
  14 one of the wells was permitted prior to the effective date of
  15 this article.

#### §22-6A-13. Plugging of horizontal wells.

The secretary shall propose legislative rules for promulgation to govern the procedures for plugging horizontal wells, including rules relating to the methods of plugging the wells and the notices required to be provided in connection with plugging the wells.

#### §22-6A-14. Reclamation requirements.

(a) The operator of a horizontal well shall reclaim the land surface within the area disturbed in siting, drilling, completing or producing the well in accordance with the following requirements:

(1) Except as provided elsewhere in this article, within six months after a horizontal well is drilled and completed on a well pad designed for a single horizontal well, the operator shall fill all the pits and impoundments that are not required or allowed by state or federal law or rule or agreement between the operator and the surface owner that allows the impoundment to remain open for the use and benefit of the surface owner (i.e. a farm pond as described in section nine of this article) and remove all concrete bases, drilling supplies and drilling equipment: Provided, That impoundments or pits for which certificates have been approved pursuant to section nine of this article shall be reclaimed at a time and in a manner as provided in the applicable certificate and section nine. Within that sixmonth period, the operator shall grade or terrace and plant, seed or sod the area disturbed that is not required in production of the horizontal well in accordance with the erosion and sediment control plan. No pit may be used for the ultimate disposal of salt water. Salt water and oil shall be periodically drained or removed and properly disposed of from any pit that is retained so the pit is kept reasonably free of salt water and oil. Pits may not be left open permanently.

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(2) For well pads designed to contain multiple horizontal wells, partial reclamation shall begin upon completion of the construction of the well pad. For purposes of this section, the term partial reclamation means grading or terracing and planting, or seeding the area disturbed that is not required in drilling,

- completing or producing any of the horizontal wells on the well pad in accordance with the erosion and sediment control plan. This partial reclamation satisfies the reclamation requirements of this section for a maximum of twenty-four months between the drilling of horizontal wells on a well pad designed to contain multiple horizontal wells: Provided, That the maximum aggregate period in which partial reclamation satisfies the reclamation requirements of this section is five years from completion of the construction of the well pad. Within six months after the completion of the final horizontal well on the pad or the expiration of the five-year maximum aggregate partial reclamation period, whichever occurs first, the operator shall complete final reclamation of the well pad as set forth in this subsection.
  - (3) Within six months after a horizontal well that has produced oil or gas is plugged or after the plugging of a dry hole, the operator shall remove all production and storage structures, supplies and equipment and any oil, salt water and debris and fill any remaining excavations. Within that six-month period, the operator shall grade or terrace and plant, seed or sod the area disturbed where necessary to bind the soil and prevent substantial erosion and sedimentation.

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(4) The operator shall reclaim the area of land disturbed in siting, drilling, completing or producing the horizontal well in accordance with the erosion and sediment control plans approved by the secretary or the secretary's designee pursuant to this article.

- (b) The secretary, upon written application by an operator showing reasonable cause, may extend the period within which reclamation must be completed, but not to exceed a further sixmonth period. If the secretary refuses to approve a request for extension, the refusal shall be by order, which may be appealed pursuant to the provisions of subdivision twenty-three, subsection (a), section five of this article.
- 8 §22-6A-15. Performance bonds; corporate surety or other
  9 security.

- (a) No permit may be issued pursuant to this article unless a bond as described in subsection (d) of this section which is required for a particular activity by this article is or has been furnished as provided in this section.
- (b) A separate bond as described in subsection (d) of this section may be furnished for each horizontal well drilled. Each of these bonds shall be in the sum of \$50,000 payable to the State of West Virginia, conditioned on full compliance with all laws, rules relating to the drilling, redrilling, deepening, casing and stimulating of horizontal wells and to the plugging, abandonment and reclamation of horizontal wells and for furnishing reports and information required by the secretary.
- (c) When an operator makes or has made application for permits to drill or stimulate a number of horizontal wells, the operator may, in lieu of furnishing a separate bond, furnish a blanket bond in the sum of \$250,000 payable to the State of West Virginia, and conditioned as provided in subsection (b) of this

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(d) The form of the bond required by this article shall be approved by the secretary and may include, at the option of the operator, surety bonding, collateral bonding, including cash and securities, letters of credit, establishment of an escrow account, self-bonding or a combination of these methods. If collateral bonding is used, the operator may elect to deposit cash, or collateral securities or certificates as follows: Bonds of the United States or its possessions, of the federal land bank, or of the homeowners' loan corporation; full faith and credit general obligation bonds of the State of West Virginia or other states or of any county, district or municipality of the State of West Virginia or other states; or certificates of deposit in a bank in this state, which certificates shall be in favor of the department. The cash deposit or market value of the securities or certificates shall be equal to or greater than the amount of the bond. The secretary shall, upon receipt of any deposit of cash, securities or certificates, promptly place the same with the Treasurer of the State of West Virginia whose duty it is to receive and hold them in the name of the state in trust for the purpose of which the deposit is made when the permit is issued. The operator is entitled to all interest and income earned on the collateral securities filed by the operator. The operator making the deposit is entitled from time to time to receive from the State Treasurer, upon the written approval of the secretary, the whole or any portion of any cash, securities

- 1 or certificates so deposited, upon depositing with the State
- 2 Treasurer in lieu thereof, cash or other securities or
- 3 certificates of the classes herein specified having value equal
- 4 to or greater than the amount of the bond.
- 5 (e) When an operator has furnished a separate bond from a
- 6 corporate bonding or surety company to drill, fracture or
- 7 stimulate a horizontal well and the well produces oil or gas or
- 8 both, its operator may deposit with the secretary cash from the
- 9 sale of the oil or gas or both until the total deposited is
- \$50,000. When the sum of the cash deposited is \$50,000, the
- 11 separate bond for the well shall be released by the secretary.
- 12 Upon receipt of that cash, the secretary shall immediately
- deliver that amount to the State Treasurer, who shall hold the
- 14 cash in the name of the state in trust for the purpose for which
- 15 the bond was furnished and the deposit was made. The operator is
- 16 entitled to all interest and income which may be earned on the
- cash deposited so long as the operator is in full compliance with
- 18 all laws and rules relating to the drilling, redrilling,
- deepening, casing, plugging, abandonment and reclamation of the
- 20 well for which the cash was deposited and so long as the operator
- 21 has furnished all reports and information required by the
- 22 secretary. The secretary may establish procedures under which an
- operator may substitute a new bond for an existing bond or
- 24 provide a new bond under certain circumstances specified in a
- legislative rule promulgated in accordance with chapter twenty-
- 26 nine-a of this code.

- (f) Any separate bond furnished for a particular well prior 1 2 to the effective date of this article continues to be valid for all work on the well permitted prior to the effective date of 3 4 this article; but no permit may be issued on such a particular 5 well without a bond complying with the provisions of this section. Any blanket bond furnished prior to the effective date 6 7 of this article shall be replaced with a new blanket bond 8 conforming to the requirements of this section, at which time the prior bond is discharged by operation of law; and if the 9 secretary determines that any operator has not furnished a new 10 11 blanket bond, the secretary shall notify the operator by 12 registered mail or by any method of delivery that requires a 13 receipt or signature confirmation of the requirement for a new 14 blanket bond, and failure to submit a new blanket bond within 15 sixty days after receipt of the notice from the secretary works a forfeiture under subsection (i) of this section of the blanket 16 17 bond furnished prior to the effective date of this article.
  - (g) Any such bond shall remain in force until released by the secretary, and the secretary shall release the same upon satisfaction that the conditions thereof have been fully performed. Upon the release of that bond, any cash or collateral securities deposited shall be returned by the secretary to the operator who deposited it.

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(h) (1) Whenever the right to operate a well is assigned or otherwise transferred, the assignor or transferor shall notify the department of the name and address of the assignee or

transferee by registered mail or by any method of delivery that requires a receipt or signature confirmation not later than thirty days after the date of the assignment or transfer. No assignment or transfer by the owner relieves the assignor or transferor of the obligations and liabilities unless and until the assignee or transferee files with the department the well name and the permit number of the subject well, the county and district in which the subject well is located, the names and addresses of the assignor or transferor, and assignee or transferee, a copy of the instrument of assignment or transfer accompanied by the applicable bond, cash, collateral security or other forms of security described in this section, and the name and address of the assignee's or transferee's designated agent if the assignee or transferee would be required to designate an agent under this article if the assignee or transferee were an applicant for a permit under this article. Every well operator required to designate an agent under this section shall, within five days after the termination of the designation, notify the department of the termination and designate a new agent.

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(2) Upon compliance with the requirements of this section by the assignor or transferor and assignee or transferee, the secretary shall release the assignor or transferor from all duties and requirements of this article and shall give written notice of release to the assignor or transferor of any bond and return to the assignor or transferor any cash or collateral securities deposited pursuant to this section.

- 1 (i) If any of the requirements of this article or rules
  2 promulgated pursuant thereto or the orders of the secretary has
  3 not been complied with within the time limit set by any notice of
  4 violation issued pursuant to this article, the performance bond
  5 shall then be forfeited.
- 6 (j) When any bond is forfeited pursuant to the provisions of
  7 this article or rules promulgated pursuant thereto, the secretary
  8 shall collect the forfeiture without delay.
- 9 (k) All forfeitures shall be deposited in the Treasury of
  10 the State of West Virginia in the Oil and Gas Reclamation Fund as
  11 defined in section twenty-nine, article six of this chapter.

### §22-6A-16. Compensation of surface owners for drilling operations.

- (a) The provisions of article seven of this chapter do not apply to horizontal wells governed by this article. In lieu thereof, the provisions of article six-b of this chapter shall provide for the compensation of surface owners for damage caused by drilling horizontal wells.
- (b) At least ten days prior to filing a permit application, an operator shall, by certified mail return receipt requested or hand delivery, give the surface owner notice of its intent to enter upon the surface owner's land for the purpose of drilling a horizontal well: *Provided*, That notice given pursuant to subsection (a), section ten of this article satisfies the requirements of this subsection as of the date the notice was

- 1 provided to the surface owner: Provided, however, That the
- 2 notice requirements of this subsection may be waived in writing
- 3 by the surface owner. The notice, if required, shall include the
- 4 name, address, telephone number, and if available, facsimile
- 5 number and electronic mail address of the operator and the
- 6 operator's authorized representative.
- 7 (c) No later than the date for filing the permit
- 8 application, an operator shall, by certified mail return receipt
- 9 requested or hand delivery, give the surface owner whose land
- 10 will be used for the drilling of a horizontal well notice of the
- 11 planned operation. The notice required by this subsection shall
- 12 include:
- 13 (1) A copy of this code section;
- 14 (2) The information required to be provided by subsection
- 15 (b), section ten of this article to a surface owner whose land
- 16 will be used in conjunction with the drilling of a horizontal
- 17 well; and
- 18 (3) A proposed surface use and compensation agreement
- 19 containing an offer of compensation for damages to the surface
- 20 affected by oil and gas operations to the extent the damages are
- 21 compensable under article six-b of this chapter.
- 22 (d) The notices required by this section shall be given to
- 23 the surface owner at the address listed in the records of the
- 24 sheriff at the time of notice.
- 25 §22-6A-17. Reimbursement of property taxes of encumbered
- properties.

In addition to any compensation owed by the operator to the surface owner pursuant to the provisions of article six-b of this chapter, the operator shall pay the surface owner a one-time payment of \$2,500 to compensate for payment of real property taxes for surface lands and surrounding lands that are encumbered or disturbed by construction or operation of the horizontal well pad regardless of how many wells are drilled on a single pad or how many permits are issued for the pad.

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# §22-6A-18. Civil action for contamination or deprivation of fresh water source or supply; presumption; water rights and replacement; waiver of replacement.

- (a) Nothing in this article affects in any way the rights of any person to enforce or protect, under applicable law, the person's interest in water resources affected by an oil or gas operation.
- (b) Unless rebutted by one of the defenses established in subsection (c) of this section, in any action for contamination or deprivation of a fresh water source or supply within one thousand five hundred feet of the center of the well pad for horizontal well, there is a rebuttable presumption that the drilling and the oil or gas well or either was the proximate cause of the contamination or deprivation of the fresh water source or supply.
- (c) In order to rebut the presumption of liability established in subsection (b) of this section, the operator must

- prove by a preponderance of the evidence one of the following defenses:
- 3 (1) The pollution existed prior to the drilling or 4 alteration activity as determined by a predrilling or 5 prealteration water well test.
- 6 (2) The landowner or water purveyor refused to allow the 7 operator access to the property to conduct a predrilling or 8 prealteration water well test.
- 9 (3) The water supply is not within one thousand five hundred 10 feet of the well.
- 11 (4) The pollution occurred more than six months after 12 completion of drilling or alteration activities.

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- (5) The pollution occurred as the result of some cause other than the drilling or alteration activity.
  - (d) Any operator electing to preserve its defenses under subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section shall retain the services of an independent certified laboratory to conduct the predrilling or prealteration water well test. A copy of the results of the test shall be submitted to the department and the surface owner or water purveyor in a manner prescribed by the secretary.
  - (e) Any operator shall replace the water supply of an owner of interest in real property who obtains all or part of that owner's supply of water for domestic, agricultural, industrial or other legitimate use from an underground or surface source with a comparable water supply where the secretary determines that the

- 1 water supply has been affected by contamination, diminution or
- 2 interruption proximately caused by the oil or gas operation,
- 3 unless waived in writing by that owner.

- 4 (f) The secretary may order the operator conducting the oil or gas operation to:
- 6 (1) Provide an emergency drinking water supply within 7 twenty-four hours;
  - (2) Provide temporary water supply within seventy-two hours;
- 9 (3) Within thirty days begin activities to establish a
  10 permanent water supply or submit a proposal to the secretary
  11 outlining the measures and timetables to be used in establishing
  12 a permanent supply. The total time in providing a permanent
  13 water supply may not exceed two years. If the operator
  14 demonstrates that providing a permanent replacement water supply
- cannot be completed within two years, the secretary may extend
- the time frame on case-by-case basis; and
- 17 (4) Pay all reasonable costs incurred by the real property
  18 owner in securing a water supply.
- 19 (g) A person as described in subsection (b) of this section 20 aggrieved under the provisions of subsections (b), (e) or (f) of 21 this section may seek relief in court.
- 22 (h) The secretary shall propose rules for legislative
  23 approval in accordance with the provisions of article three,
  24 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the requirements
  25 of this section.
  - (i) Notwithstanding the denial of the operator of

- 1 responsibility for the damage to the real property owner's water
- 2 supply or the status of any appeal on determination of liability
- 3 for the damage to the real property owner's water supply, the
- 4 operator may not discontinue providing the required water service
- 5 until authorized to do so by the secretary or a court of
- 6 competent jurisdiction.

#### 7 §22-6A-19. Offenses; civil penalties.

9 association or corporation who willfully violates any provision 10 of this article or any rule or order promulgated under this

(a) Any person or persons, firm, partnership, partnership

- 11 article or any permit issued pursuant to this article is subject
- to a civil penalty not exceeding \$5,000. Each day a violation
- 13 continues after notice by the department constitutes a separate
- offense. The penalty shall be recovered by a civil action brought
- 15 by the department, in the name of the state, before the circuit
- 16 court of the county in which the subject well or facility is
- 17 located. All the civil penalties collected shall be credited to
- 18 the General Fund of the state.
- 19 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of
- this section, any person or persons, firm, partnership,
- 21 partnership association or corporation who willfully disposes of
- 22 waste fluids, drill cuttings or any other liquid substance
- generated in the development of a horizontal well in violation of
- 24 this article or any rule or order promulgated under this article
- or in violation of any other state or federal statutes, rules or
- 26 regulations, and which disposal was found to have had a

- significant adverse environmental impact on surface or
  groundwater by the secretary, is subject to a civil penalty not
  exceeding \$100,000. The penalty shall be recovered by a civil
  action brought by the department, in the name of the state,
  before the circuit court of the county in which the subject well
  or facility is located. All the civil penalties collected shall
  be credited to the General Fund of the state.
- 8 (c) Any person who intentionally misrepresents any material 9 fact in an application, record, report, plan or other document 10 filed or required to be maintained under the provisions of this 11 article or any rules promulgated by the secretary under this 12 article shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than 13 \$10,000.

# §22-6A-20. Division of Highways certification.

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As part of the permit application for horizontal wells, the operator shall submit a letter of certification from the Division of Highways that the operator has, pursuant to the Division of Highways Oil and Gas Road Policy, entered into an agreement with the Division of Highways pertaining to the state local service roads associated with the proposed well work set forth in the permit application or has certified that no such agreement is required by the Oil and Gas Road Policy and the reasons therefor.

§22-6A-21. Establishment of public website information and electronic notification registry regarding horizontal well permit applications.

(a) No later than ninety days after the effective date of 1 this article, the secretary shall establish resources on the department's public website which will list searchable information related to all horizontal well applications filed in this state, including information sufficient to identify the county and approximate location of each horizontal well for which a permit application is filed, the referenced well application number, date of application and name of the applicant.

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(b) The secretary shall also establish a registration and enotification process by which individuals, corporations and agencies may register to receive electronic notice of horizontal well applications filings and notices, by county of interest. Once established, individuals, agencies and corporations interested who are properly registered to receive e-notices of filings and actions on horizontal well permits shall receive electronic notifications of applications and notices of permits issued for horizontal drilling in their designated county or counties of interest.

### §22-6A-22. Air quality study and rulemaking.

The secretary shall, by July 1, 2013, report to the Legislature on the need, if any, for further regulation of air pollution occurring from well sites, including the possible health impacts, the need for air quality inspections during drilling, the need for inspections of compressors, pits and impoundments, and any other potential air quality impacts that could be generated from this type of drilling activity that could

- 1 harm human health or the environment. If he or she finds that
- 2 specialized permit conditions are necessary, the secretary shall
- 3 promulgate legislative rules establishing these new requirements.
- 4 §22-6A-23. Impoundment and pit safety study; rulemaking.
- 5 The secretary shall, by January 1, 2013, report to the
- 6 Legislature on the safety of pits and impoundments utilized
- 7 pursuant to section nine of this article including an evaluation
- 8 of whether testing and special regulatory provision is needed for
- 9 radioactivity or other toxins held in the pits and impoundments.
- 10 Upon a finding that greater monitoring, safety and design
- 11 requirements or other specialized permit conditions are
- 12 necessary, the secretary shall propose for promulgation
- 13 legislative rules establishing these new requirements.
- 14 §22-6A-24. Casing and cement standards.
- 15 (a) The operator may only drill through fresh groundwater

  16 zones in a manner that will minimize any disturbance of the

  17 zones. Further, the operator shall construct the well and conduct

  18 casing and cementing activities for all horizontal wells in a

  19 manner that will provide for control of the well at all times,

  20 prevent the migration of gas and other fluids into the fresh
- 21 groundwater and coal seams, and prevent pollution of or
- 22 diminution of fresh groundwater.
- 23 (b) The secretary shall propose legislative and emergency
- 24 rules in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter
- 25 twenty-nine-a of this code to carry out the purposes of this
- 26 section.

- 1 (c) Rules promulgated by the secretary pursuant to this
- 2 section shall include provisions to accomplish the following:
- 3 (1) Effective control of the horizontal well by the
- 4 operator;
- 5 (2) Prevention of the migration of gas or other fluids into
- 6 sources of fresh groundwater or into coal seams;
- 7 (3) Prevention of pollution of or diminution of fresh
- 8 groundwater;
- 9 (4) Prevention of blowouts, explosions, or fires; and
- 10 (5) Appropriate disposition of brines and discharges from
- 11 the drilling or operation of horizontal well.
- 12 (d) Procedures for the filing, approval, and revision of
- 13 casing program:
- 14 (1) The operator shall prepare a casing program
- demonstrating how the horizontal well is to be drilled, cased,
- and cemented. The program shall comply with rules promulgated by
- 17 the secretary.
- 18 (2) The rules regarding the casing program shall require the
- 19 following information:
- 20 (A) The anticipated depth and thickness of any producing
- 21 formation, expected pressures, anticipated fresh groundwater
- zones, and the method or information by which the depth of the
- 23 deepest fresh groundwater was determined;
- 24 (B) The diameter of the borehole;
- 25 (C) The casing type, whether the casing to be utilized is
- new or used, and the depth, diameter, wall thickness, and burst

- 1 pressure rating for the casing;
- 2 (D) The cement type, yield, additives, and estimated amount
- 3 of cement to be used;

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- (E) The estimated location of centralizers;
- 5 (F) The proposed borehole conditioning procedures; and
- 6 (G) Any alternative methods or materials required by the 7 secretary as a condition of the well work permit.
- 8 (3) A copy of casing program shall be kept at the well site.
  - (4) Supervisory oil and gas inspectors and oil and gas inspectors may approve revisions to previously approved casing programs when conditions encountered during the drilling process so require: *Provided*, *That* any revisions to casing programs approved by inspectors as aforesaid shall ensure that the revised casing programs are at least as protective of the environment as the casing and cementing standards required by this section. Any revisions to the casing program made as a result of on-site modifications shall be documented in the program by the inspector approving the modification. The person making any revisions to the program shall initial and date the revisions and make the revised program available for inspection by the department.
    - (e) The rules promulgated by the secretary shall provide procedures for the following:
  - (1) Appropriate installation and use of conductor pipe, which shall be installed in a manner that prevents the subsurface infiltration of surface water or fluids;
    - (2) Installation of the surface and coal protection casing

- including remedial procedures addressing lost circulation during
  surface or coal casing;
- 3 (3) Installation of intermediate production casing;
- 4 (4) Correction of defective casing and cementing, including 5 requirements that the operator report the defect to the secretary 6 within twenty-four hours of discovery by the operator;
  - (5) Investigation of natural gas migration, including requirements that the operator promptly notify the secretary and conduct an investigation of the incident; and
- 10 (6) Any other procedure or requirements considered necessary
  11 by the secretary.
  - (f) Minimum casing standards.

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- 13 (1) All casing installed in the well, whether new or used,
  14 shall have a pressure rating that exceeds the anticipated maximum
  15 pressure to which the casing will be exposed and meet appropriate
  16 nationally recognized standards.
  - (2) The casing shall be of sufficient quality and condition to withstand the effects of tension and maintain its structural integrity during installation, cementing, and subsequent drilling and production operations.
  - (3) Centralizers shall be used, with the proper spacing for such well, during the casing installation to ensure that the casing is centered in the hole.
- 24 (4) Casing may not be disturbed for a period of at least 25 eight hours after the completion of cementing operations.
  - (5) No gas or oil production or pressure may exist on the

- 1 surface casing annulus or the coal protection casing annulus.
- 2 (g) Minimum cement standards.

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- 1 (1) All cement used in the well must meet the appropriate

  4 nationally recognized standards and must secure the casing to the

  5 wellbore, isolate the wellbore from all fluids, contain all

  6 pressures during all phases of drilling and operation of the

  7 well, and protect the casing from corrosion and degradation.
- 8 (2) Cement used in conjunction with surface and coal
  9 protection casing must provide zonal isolation in the casing
  10 annulus.
  - (h) Notwithstanding the minimum casing and cementing standards set forth in subsections (f) and (g) of this section, the secretary may:
  - (1) Revise the casing and cementing standards applicable to horizontal wells from time to time through the legislative rulemaking process so long as the revised casing and cementing standards are at least as protective of the environment; and
  - (2) Approve alternative casing programs submitted with applications for well work permits so long as the secretary determines that the casing program submitted with the application is at least as protective of the environment as the casing and cementing standards required by this section.
- 23 ARTICLE 6B. OIL AND GAS HORIZONTAL WELL PRODUCTION DAMAGE
  24 COMPENSATION.
- 25 §22-6B-1. Legislative findings and purpose; applicability.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds the following:
- 2 (1) Exploration for and development of oil and gas reserves
- 3 in this state must coexist with the use, agricultural or
- 4 otherwise, of the surface of certain land and that each
- 5 constitutes a right equal to the other.
- 6 (2) The surface owner of lands on which horizontal wells are
- 7 drilled shall be compensated for damages to the surface of the
- 8 land pursuant to the provisions of this article.
- 9 (b) The Legislature declares that the public policy of this
- 10 state shall be that the compensation and damages provided in this
- article for surface owners may not be diminished by any provision
- in a deed, lease or other contract of conveyance entered into
- 13 after December 31, 2011.
- 14 (c) It is the purpose of this article to provide
- 15 Constitutionally permissible protection and compensation to
- 16 surface owners of lands on which horizontal wells are drilled
- from the burden resulting from drilling operations commenced
- 18 after January 1, 2012. This article is to be interpreted in the
- 19 light of the legislative intent expressed herein. This article
- 20 shall be interpreted to benefit surface owners, regardless of
- 21 whether the oil and gas mineral estate was separated from the
- 22 surface estate and regardless of who executed the document which
- 23 gave the oil and gas developer the right to conduct drilling
- operations on the land. Section four of this article shall be
- interpreted to benefit all persons.

(d) The provisions of this article apply to any natural gas

- 1 well, other than a coalbed methane well, drilled using a
- 2 horizontal drilling method, and which disturbs three acres or
- 3 more of surface, excluding pipelines, gathering lines and roads
- 4 or uses more than two hundred ten thousand gallons of water in
- 5 any thirty-day period. Article seven of this chapter does not
- 6 apply to any damages associated with the drilling of a horizontal
- 7 well.

#### 8 §22-6B-2. Definitions.

- 9 In this article:
- 10 (1) "Drilling operations" means the actual drilling or
  11 redrilling of a horizontal well commenced subsequent to the
  12 effective date of this article, and the related preparation of
  13 the drilling site and access road, which requires entry, upon the
- 14 surface estate;
- 15 (2) "Horizontal drilling" means a method of drilling a well
- 16 for the production of natural gas that is intended to maximize
- 17 the length of wellbore that is exposed to the formation and in
- which the wellbore is initially vertical but is eventually curved
- 19 to become horizontal, or nearly horizontal, to parallel a
- 20 particular geologic formation;
- 21 (3) "Horizontal well" means any well site, other than a
- 22 coalbed methane well, drilled using a horizontal drilling method,
- 23 and which disturbs three acres or more of surface, excluding
- 24 pipelines, gathering lines and roads, or uses more than two
- 25 hundred ten thousand gallons of water in any thirty-day period;
- 26 (4) "Oil and gas developer" means the person who secures the

- drilling permit required by article six-a of this chapter;
- 2 (5) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, firm,
- 3 partnership, partnership association, venture, receiver, trustee,
- 4 executor, administrator, quardian, fiduciary or other
- 5 representative of any kind, and includes any government or any
- 6 political subdivision or agency thereof;
- 7 (6) "Surface estate" means an estate in or ownership of the
- 8 surface of a particular tract of land overlying the oil or gas
- 9 leasehold being developed; and
- 10 (7) "Surface owner" means a person who owns an estate in fee
- in the surface of land, either solely or as a co-owner.

## 12 §22-6B-3. Compensation of surface owners for drilling

- operations.
- 14 (a) The oil and gas developer is obligated to pay the
- 15 surface owner compensation for:
- 16 (1) Lost income or expenses incurred as a result of being
- unable to dedicate land actually occupied by the driller's
- operation, or to which access is prevented by the drilling
- operation, to the uses to which it was dedicated prior to
- 20 commencement of the activity for which a permit was obtained,
- 21 measured from the date the operator enters upon the land and
- 22 commences drilling operations until the date reclamation is
- 23 completed;

- 24 (2) The market value of crops, including timber, destroyed,
- 25 damaged or prevented from reaching market;
  - (3) Any damage to a water supply in use prior to the

- 1 commencement of the permitted activity;
- 2 (4) The cost of repair of personal property up to the value
- 3 of replacement by personal property of like age, wear and
- 4 quality; and
- 5 (5) The diminution in value, if any, of the surface lands
- 6 and other property after completion of the surface disturbance
- 7 done pursuant to the activity for which the permit was issued
- 8 determined according to the market value of the actual use made
- 9 thereof by the surface owner immediately prior to the
- 10 commencement of the permitted activity.
- 11 The amount of damages may be determined by any formula
- mutually agreeable between the surface owner and the oil and gas
- developer.
- 14 (b) Any reservation or assignment of the compensation
- provided in this section apart from the surface estate except to
- 16 a tenant of the surface estate is prohibited.
- 17 (c) In the case of surface lands owned by more than one
- 18 person as tenants in common, joint tenants or other co-ownership,
- any claim for compensation under this article shall be for the
- 20 benefit of all co-owners. The resolution of a claim for
- compensation provided in this article operates as a bar to the
- 22 assertion of additional claims under this section arising out of
- 23 the same drilling operations.
- 24 §22-6B-4. Common law right of action preserved; offsets.
- 25 (a) Nothing in section three or elsewhere in this article
- diminishes in any way the common law remedies, including damages,

- of a surface owner or any other person against the oil and gas developer for the unreasonable, negligent or otherwise wrongful exercise of the contractual right, whether express or implied, to use the surface of the land for the benefit of the developer's mineral interest.
  - (b) An oil and gas developer is entitled to offset compensation agreed to be paid or awarded to a surface owner under section three of this article against any damages sought by or awarded to the surface owner through the assertion of common law remedies respecting the surface land actually occupied by the same drilling operation.
  - (c) An oil and gas developer is entitled to offset damages agreed to be paid or awarded to a surface owner through the assertion of common-law remedies against compensation sought by or awarded to the surface owner under section three of this article respecting the surface land actually occupied by the same drilling operation.

#### \$22-6B-5. Notification of claim.

Any surface owner, to receive compensation under section three of this article, shall notify the oil and gas developer of the damages sustained by the person within two years after the date that the oil and gas developer files notice that final reclamation is commencing under section fourteen, article six-a of this chapter. The notice of reclamation shall be given to surface owners by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and is complete upon mailing. If more than three

1 tenants in common or other co-owners hold interests in the lands,

2 the oil and gas developer may give the notice to the person

3 described in the records of the sheriff required to be maintained

pursuant to section eight, article one, chapter eleven-a of this

5 code or publish in the county in which the well is located or to

be located a Class II legal advertisement as described in section

two, article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, containing

the notice and information the secretary prescribes by rule.

## §22-6B-6. Agreement; offer of settlement.

Unless the parties provide otherwise by written agreement, within sixty days after the oil and gas developer received the notification of claim specified in section five of this article, the oil and gas developer shall either make an offer of settlement to the surface owner seeking compensation, or reject the claim. The surface owner may accept or reject any offer so made: *Provided*, That the oil and gas developer may make a final offer within seventy-five days after receiving the notification of claim specified in section five of this article.

### §22-6B-7. Rejection; legal action; arbitration; fees and costs.

(a) (1) Unless the oil and gas developer has paid the surface owner a negotiated settlement of compensation within seventy-five days after the date the notification of claim was mailed under section five of this article, the surface owner may, within eighty days after the notification mail date, either (i) Bring an action for compensation in the circuit court of the county in which the well is located; or (ii) elect instead, by

written notice delivered by personal service or by certified
mail, return receipt requested, to the designated agent named by
the oil and gas developer under the provisions of section seven,
article six-a of this chapter, to have his, her or its
compensation finally determined by binding arbitration pursuant

to article ten, chapter fifty-five of this code.

- (2) Settlement negotiations, offers and counter-offers between the surface owner and the oil and gas developer are not admissible as evidence in any arbitration or judicial proceeding authorized under this article, or in any proceeding resulting from the assertion of common law remedies.
- (b) The compensation to be awarded to the surface owner shall be determined by a panel of three disinterested arbitrators. The first arbitrator shall be chosen by the surface owner in the party's notice of election under this section to the oil and gas developer; the second arbitrator shall be chosen by the oil and gas developer within ten days after receipt of the notice of election; and the third arbitrator shall be chosen jointly by the first two arbitrators within twenty days thereafter. If they are unable to agree upon the third arbitrator within twenty days, then the two arbitrators shall immediately submit the matter to the court under the provisions of section one, article ten, chapter fifty-five of this code, so that, among other things, the third arbitrator can be chosen by the judge of the circuit court of the county in which the surface estate lies.

(c) The following persons are considered interested and may not be appointed as arbitrators: Any person who is personally interested in the land on which horizontal drilling is being performed or has been performed, or in any interest or right therein, or in the compensation and any damages to be awarded therefor, or who is related by blood or marriage to any person having such personal interest, or who stands in the relation of quardian and ward, master and servant, principal and agent, or partner, real estate broker, or surety to any person having such personal interest, or who has enmity against or bias in favor of any person who has such personal interest or who is the owner of, or interested in, the land or the oil and gas development of the land. A person is not considered interested or incompetent to act as arbitrator by reason of being an inhabitant of the county, district or municipal corporation in which the land is located, or holding an interest in any other land therein.

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- (d) The panel of arbitrators shall hold hearings and take testimony and receive exhibits necessary to determine the amount of compensation to be paid to the surface owner. However, no award of compensation may be made to the surface owner unless the panel of arbitrators has first viewed the surface estate in question. A transcript of the evidence may be made but is not required.
- (e) Each party shall pay the compensation of the party's arbitrator and one half of the compensation of the third arbitrator, or each party's own court costs as the case may be.

- 1 §22-6B-8. Application of article.
- 2 The remedies provided by this article do not preclude any
- 3 person from seeking other remedies allowed by law.
- 4 CHAPTER 22C. ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES; BOARDS, AUTHORITIES,
- 5 COMMISSIONS AND COMPACTS.
- 6 ARTICLE 8. SHALLOW GAS WELL REVIEW BOARD.
- 7 §22C-8-2. Definitions.
- 8 Unless the context in which used clearly requires a
- 9 different meaning, As used in this article:
- 10 (1) "Board" means the Shallow Gas Well Review Board provided
- 11 for in section four of this article;
- 12 (2) "Chair" means the chair of the Shallow Gas Well Review
- Board provided for in section four of this article;
- 14 (3) "Coal operator" means any person who proposes to or does
- 15 operate a coal mine;
- 16 (4) "Coal seam" and "workable coal bed" are interchangeable
- terms and mean any seam of coal twenty inches or more in
- thickness, unless a seam of less thickness is being commercially
- worked, or can in the judgment of the division foreseeably be
- 20 commercially worked and will require protection if wells are
- 21 drilled through it;
- 22 (5) "Commission" means the Oil and Gas Conservation
- 23 Commission provided for in section four, article nine of this
- 24 chapter;
- 25 (6) "Commissioner" means the Oil and Gas Conservation

- 1 Commissioner provided for in section four, article nine of this
- 2 chapter;
- 3 (7) "Correlative rights" means the reasonable opportunity of
- 4 each person entitled thereto to recover and receive without waste
- 5 the gas in and under a tract or tracts, or the equivalent
- 6 thereof;
- 7 (8) "Deep well" means any well other than a shallow well  $\underline{or}$
- 8 <u>coalbed methane well</u>, drilled <del>and completed in <u>to</u> a formation at</del>
- 9 or below the top of the uppermost member of the "Onondaga Group";
- 10 (9) "Division" means the state Division Department of
- 11 Environmental Protection provided for in chapter twenty-two of
- 12 this code;
- 13 (10) "Director" means the <del>Director of the Division</del> <u>Secretary</u>
- of the Department of Environmental Protection as established in
- article one, chapter twenty-two of this code or such other person
- 16 to whom the director secretary delegates authority or duties
- 17 pursuant to sections six or eight, article one, chapter twenty-
- 18 two of this code;
- 19 (11) "Drilling unit" means the acreage on which the board
- 20 decides one well may be drilled under section ten of this
- 21 article;
- 22 (12) "Gas" means all natural gas and all other fluid
- 23 hydrocarbons not defined as oil in subdivision (15) of this
- 24 section;
- 25 (13) "Gas operator" means any person who owns or has the
- 26 right to develop, operate and produce gas from a pool and to

- 1 appropriate the gas produced therefrom either for  $\frac{\text{such}}{\text{that}}$
- 2 person or for <del>such</del> that person and others. In the event that
- 3 there is no gas lease in existence with respect to the tract in
- 4 question, the person who owns or has the gas rights therein shall
- 5 be is considered a "gas operator" to the extent of seven-eights
- of the gas in that portion of the pool underlying the tract owned
- 7 by such person, and a "royalty owner" to the extent of one-eighth
- 8 of such the gas;
- 9 (14) "Just and equitable share of production" means, as to
- 10 each person, an amount of gas in the same proportion to the total
- gas production from a well as that person's acreage bears to the
- 12 total acreage in the drilling unit;
- 13 (15) "Oil" means natural crude oil or petroleum and other
- 14 hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, which are produced at the
- well in liquid form by ordinary production methods and which are
- not the result of condensation of gas after it leaves the
- 17 underground reservoir;
- 18 (16) "Owner" when used with reference to any coal seam,
- 19 shall include includes any person or persons who own, lease or
- 20 operate such the coal seam;
- 21 (17) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, firm,
- 22 partnership, partnership association, venture, receiver, trustee,
- executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary or other
- 24 representative of any kind, and includes any government or any
- 25 political subdivision or any agency thereof;
- 26 (18) "Plat" means a map, drawing or print showing the

- 1 location of one or more wells or a drilling unit;
- 2 (19) "Pool" means an underground accumulation of gas in a
- 3 single and separate natural reservoir (ordinarily a porous
- 4 sandstone or limestone). It is characterized by a single natural-
- 5 pressure system so that production of gas from one part of the
- 6 pool tends to or does affect the reservoir pressure throughout
- 7 its extent. A pool is bounded by geologic barriers in all
- 8 directions, such as geologic structural conditions, impermeable
- 9 strata, and water in the formation, so that it is effectively
- separated from any other pools which may be present in the same
- 11 district or in the same geologic structure;
- 12 (20) "Royalty owner" means any owner of gas in place, or gas
- rights, to the extent that such owner is not a gas operator as
- defined in subdivision (13) of this section;
- 15 (21) "Shallow well" means any gas well other than a coalbed
- 16 methane well, drilled and completed in a formation above the top
- of the uppermost member of the "Onondaga Group:" no deeper than
- one hundred feet below the top of the "Onondaga Group":
- 19 Provided, That in drilling a shallow well the well operator may
- 20 penetrate into the "Onondaga Group" to a reasonable depth, not in
- 21 excess of twenty feet, in order to allow for logging and
- 22 completion operations, but in no event may the "Onondaga Group"
- formation or any formation below the "Onondaga Group" be
- 24 otherwise produced, perforated or stimulated in any manner;
- 25 (22) "Tracts comprising a drilling unit" means that all
- separately owned tracts or portions thereof which are included

- within the boundary of a drilling unit;
- 2 (23) "Well" means any shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or
- 3 dug into the earth or into underground strata for the extraction,
- 4 injection or placement of any liquid or gas, or any shaft or hole
- 5 sunk or used in conjunction with such the extraction, injection
- or placement. The term "well" does not include any shaft or hole
- 7 sunk, drilled, bored or dug into the earth for the sole purpose
- 8 of core drilling or pumping or extracting therefrom potable,
- 9 fresh or usable water for household, domestic, industrial,
- 10 agricultural or public use; and
- 11 (24) "Well operator" means any person who proposes to or
- does locate, drill, operate or abandon any well.
- 13 ARTICLE 9. OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION.
- 14 §22C-9-2. Definitions.
- 15 (a) Unless the context in which used clearly requires a
- 16 different meaning, As used in this article:
- 17 (1) "Commission" means the Oil and Gas Conservation
- 18 Commission and "commissioner" means the Oil and Gas Conservation
- 19 Commissioner as provided for in section four of this article;
- 20 (2) "Director" means the <del>Director</del> Secretary of the <del>Division</del>
- 21 <u>Department</u> of Environmental Protection and "chief" means the
- 22 Chief of the Office of Oil and Gas;
- 23 (3) "Person" means any natural person, corporation,
- 24 partnership, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator,
- 25 quardian, fiduciary or other representative of any kind, and
- 26 includes any government or any political subdivision or any

1 agency thereof;

- (4) "Operator" means any owner of the right to develop, operate and produce oil and gas from a pool and to appropriate the oil and gas produced therefrom, either for such that person or for such that person and others; in the event that there is no oil and gas lease in existence with respect to the tract in question, the owner of the oil and gas rights therein shall be considered as is the "operator" to the extent of seven-eighths of the oil and gas in that portion of the pool underlying the tract owned by such owner, and as "royalty owner' as to one-eighth interest in such oil and gas; and in the event the oil is owned separately from the gas, the owner of the substance being produced or sought to be produced from the pool shall be considered as is the "operator" as to such that pool;
  - (5) "Royalty owner" means any owner of oil and gas in place, or oil and gas rights, to the extent that such the owner is not an operator as defined in subdivision (4) of this section;
  - (6) "Independent producer" means a producer of crude oil or natural gas whose allowance for depletion is determined under Section 613A of the federal Internal Revenue Code in effect on July 1, 1997;
  - (7) "Oil" means natural crude oil or petroleum and other hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, which are produced at the well in liquid form by ordinary production methods and which are not the result of condensation of gas after it leaves the underground reservoir;

1 (8) "Gas" means all natural gas and all other fluid
2 hydrocarbons not defined as oil in subdivision (7) of this
3 section:

- (9) "Pool" means an underground accumulation of petroleum or gas in a single and separate reservoir (ordinarily a porous sandstone or limestone). It is characterized by a single natural-pressure system so that production of petroleum or gas from one part of the pool affects the reservoir pressure throughout its extent. A pool is bounded by geologic barriers in all directions, such as geologic structural conditions, impermeable strata, and water in the formations, so that it is effectively separated from any other pools that may be presented in the same district or on the same geologic structure;
- (10) "Well" means any shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or dug into the earth or underground strata for the extraction of oil or gas;
- (11) "Shallow well" means any well other than a coalbed methane well, drilled and completed in a formation above the top of the uppermost member of the "Onondaga Group" no deeper than one hundred feet below the top of the "Onondaga Group": Provided, That in drilling a shallow well the operator may penetrate into the "Onondaga Group" to a reasonable depth, not in excess of twenty feet, in order to allow for logging and completion operations, but in no event may the "Onondaga Group" formation or any formation below the "Onondaga Group" be otherwise produced, perforated or stimulated in any manner;

- 1 (12) "Deep well" means any well, other than a shallow well
- or coalbed methane well, drilled and completed in to a formation
- 3 at or below the top of the uppermost member of the "Onondaga
- 4 Group;"
- 5 (13) "Drilling unit" means the acreage on which one well may
- 6 be drilled;
- 7 (14) "Waste" means and includes:
- 8 (A) Physical waste, as that term is generally understood in
- 9 the oil and gas industry;
- 10 (B) The locating, drilling, equipping, operating or
- 11 producing of any oil or gas well in a manner that causes, or
- tends to cause, a reduction in the quantity of oil or gas
- 13 ultimately recoverable from a pool under prudent and proper
- operations, or that causes or tends to cause unnecessary or
- 15 excessive surface loss of oil or gas; or
- 16 (C) The drilling of more deep wells than are reasonably
- 17 required to recover efficiently and economically the maximum
- amount of oil and gas from a pool. Waste does not include gas
- vented or released from any mine areas as defined in section two,
- 20 article one, chapter twenty-two-a of this code or from adjacent
- 21 coal seams which are the subject of a current permit issued under
- 22 article two of chapter twenty-two-a of this code: Provided, That
- 23 nothing in this exclusion is intended to does not address
- 24 ownership of the gas;
- 25 (15) "Correlative rights" means the reasonable opportunity
- of each person entitled thereto to recover and receive without

- waste the oil and gas in and under his tract or tracts, or the
  equivalent thereof; and
- 3 (16) "Just and equitable share of production" means, as to
  4 each person, an amount of oil or gas or both substantially equal
  5 to the amount of recoverable oil and gas in that part of a pool
  6 underlying such the person's tract or tracts.
- 7 (b) Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the use of the word "and" and the word "or" shall be are interchangeable, 9 as, for example, "oil and gas" shall mean means oil or gas or both.