WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2023 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 536

By Senators Phillips, Stuart, Maynard, Deeds, and Hamilton

[Introduced February 01, 2023; referred to the Committee on Government Organization; and then to the Committee on Finance]
A BILL to amend and reenact §29-3E-7 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §33-3-14d and §33-3-33 of said code; and to amend and reenact §33-12C-7 of said code, all relating to distribution of certain taxes and surcharges to benefit volunteer and part-volunteer fire departments and emergency medical services providers; defining terms; providing method of allocation and distribution for proceeds of fireworks safety fee deposited in the Fire Protection Fund; eliminating obsolete language; increasing surcharge on fire and casualty policies; providing method of allocation of policy surcharge; requiring the State Fire Marshal provide certain information to the State Treasurer; increasing tax on surplus lines policies; providing method of allocation of surplus lines policy tax; and clarifying requirements for distribution of funds in the Fire Protection Fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 3E. FIREWORKS SAFETY.

§29-3E-7. Fireworks safety fee; administration; tax crimes; collections; remittances; deposits; distributions; rules.

(a) In addition to the sales tax, a fireworks safety fee of 12 percent of all sales is levied on retail sales of consumer fireworks in this state. The fee shall be distributed pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. The fee computation under this subsection shall be carried to the third decimal place, and the fee rounded up to the next whole cent whenever the third decimal place is greater than four and rounded down to the lower whole cent whenever the third decimal place is four or less.

The State Tax Commissioner shall disburse all proceeds of the fireworks safety fee into the State Treasury each month in the following manner:

(1) Seventy-five percent shall be deposited into a special account in the State Treasury, designated the Veterans' Facility Support Fund established by the provisions of §9A-1-11 of this
code for expenditure on veterans’ programs.

(2) Twenty-five percent shall be deposited into a special account in the State Treasury, designated the Fire Protection Fund established in §33-3-33 of this code and shall be allocated and distributed in accordance with that section to each volunteer fire company or department on an equal share basis by the State Treasurer according to the requirements of §33-3-33 of this code.

(b) A person who purchases consumer fireworks in a retail transaction shall pay to the retailer the amount of the fee levied by this section, which fee is added to and constitutes a part of the sale price and is collectible by the retailer who shall account to the state for all fees paid by a purchaser. If the retailer fails to collect the fee or fails to account to the state for the fees paid by a purchaser, then the retailer is liable for the payment of the fee to the state.

(c) A retailer shall remit to the State Tax Commissioner no later than 30 days after the end of each preceding month all moneys collected for such preceding month, pursuant to the requirements of this section, and shall report such collections on forms and in the manner prescribed by the State Tax Commissioner.

(d) All moneys so remitted, net of refunds and adjustments, shall be paid by the State Tax Commissioner into the funds specified in this section.

(e) Each and every provision of the West Virginia Tax Crimes and Penalties Act set forth §11-9-1 et seq. of this code applies to the fees imposed pursuant to this article, with like effect as if that act were applicable only to the fees imposed by this article and were set forth in extenso in this article.

(f) The State Tax Commissioner shall propose legislative rules and may promulgate such emergency rules as are necessary to implement the provisions of this article.

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES, AND TAXATION OF INSURERS.
§33-3-14d. Additional fire and casualty insurance premium tax; allocation of proceeds;
effective date.

(a) (1) For the purpose of providing additional revenue for municipal policemen’s and
firemen’s pension and relief funds and the Teachers Retirement System Reserve Fund and for
volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments, there is hereby levied and imposed
an additional premium tax equal to one percent of taxable premiums for fire insurance and
casualty insurance policies. For purposes of this section, casualty insurance does not include
insurance on the life of a debtor pursuant to or in connection with a specific loan or other credit
transaction or insurance on a debtor to provide indemnity for payments becoming due on a
specific loan or other credit transaction while the debtor is disabled as defined in the policy.

(2) All moneys collected from this additional tax shall be received by the commissioner and
paid by him or her into a special account in the State Treasury, designated the Municipal Pensions
and Protection Fund, to be allocated as follows: Provided, That on or after January 1, 2010, the
commissioner shall pay

(A) Ten percent of the amount collected to shall be deposited in the Teachers Retirement
System Reserve Fund created in §18-7A-18 of this code;

(B) Twenty-five percent of the amount collected to shall be deposited in the Fire Protection
Fund created in section 33 of this article for allocation distribution by the State Treasurer to
volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments according to the requirements of
§33-3-33 of this code; and

65% of the amount collected to the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund: Provided,
however, That upon notification by the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board pursuant to the
provisions of §8-22-18b of this code, on or after January 1, 2010, or as soon thereafter as the
Municipal Pensions Oversight Board is prepared to receive the funds

(C) Sixty-five percent of the amount collected by the commissioner shall be deposited in
the Municipal Pensions Security Fund created in §8-22-18b of this code. The net proceeds of this
tax after appropriation thereof by the Legislature is to be distributed in accordance with the provisions of this section, except for distribution from proceeds pursuant to §8-22-18a(d) of this code.

(b) **Municipal Pensions Security Fund allocation and distribution** —

(1) Before August 1 of each year, the treasurer of each municipality in which a municipal policemen’s or firemen’s pension and relief fund is established shall report to the **State Treasurer Municipal Pensions Oversight Board** the average monthly number of members who worked at least 100 hours per month and the average monthly number of retired members of municipal policemen’s or firemen’s pension and relief fund or the Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System during the preceding fiscal year. *Provided*, That beginning in the year 2010 and continuing thereafter, the report shall be made to the oversight board created in §8-22-18a of this code. These reports received by the oversight board shall be provided the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall be provided annually to the State Treasurer by September 1.

(2) **Before September 1 of each calendar year, the State Treasurer, or the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board once in operation, shall allocate and authorize for distribution the revenues in the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund which were collected during the preceding calendar year for the purposes set forth in this section. Before September 1 of each calendar year, and after the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board has notified the Treasurer and commissioner pursuant to §8-22-18b of this code, the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall allocate and authorize for distribution the revenues in the Municipal Pensions Security Fund which were collected during the preceding calendar year for the purposes set forth in this section. In any year the actuarial report required by §8-22-20 of this code indicates no actuarial deficiency in the municipal policemen’s or firemen’s pension and relief fund, no revenues may be allocated from the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund or the Municipal Pensions Security Fund to that fund. The revenues from the Municipal Pensions and Protection Security Fund shall then be
allocated to all other pension and relief funds which have an actuarial deficiency. Pension funding
revenue bonds include bonds of a municipality’s building commission the net proceeds of which
were used to fund either or both of a municipality’s policemen’s or firemen’s pension and relief
fund or bonds issued to refinance such bonds.

(3) The Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall annually review the investment
performance of each municipal policemen’s or firemen’s pension and relief fund. If the municipal
pension and relief fund’s board fails for three consecutive years to comply with the investment
provisions established by §8-22-22a of this code, the oversight board may require the municipal
policemen’s or firemen’s pension and relief fund to invest with the Investment Management Board
to continue to receive its allocation of funds from the premium tax. If the municipal pension and
relief fund fails to move its investments to the Investment Management Fund within the 18-month
drawdown period, provided in §8-22-19(e) of this code, the revenues shall be reallocated to all
other municipal policemen’s or firemen’s pension and relief funds that have drawn down one
hundred percent of their allocations.

(4) The moneys, and the interest earned thereon, in the Municipal Pensions and Protection
Fund allocated to volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments shall be allocated
and distributed quarterly to the volunteer fire companies and departments. Before each
distribution date, the State Fire Marshal shall report to the State Treasurer the names and
addresses of all volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments within the state
which meet the eligibility requirements established in §8-15-8a of this code.

(c) (1) Each municipal pension and relief fund shall have allocated and authorized for
distribution a pro rata share of the revenues allocated to municipal policemen’s and firemen’s
pension and relief funds based on the corresponding municipality’s average monthly number of
police officers and firefighters who worked at least one hundred hours per month during the
preceding fiscal year. On and after July 1, 1997, from

(3) The Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall allocate and distribute the growth in any
moneys collected pursuant to a pro rata share of the tax imposed by this section and earnings and interest thereon there shall be allocated and authorized for distribution to each municipal policemen’s or municipal firemen’s pension and relief fund, a pro rata share of the revenues allocated to municipal policemen’s and firemen’s pension and relief funds based on the corresponding municipality’s average number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month during the preceding fiscal year and average monthly number of retired police officers and firefighters during the preceding fiscal year. For the purposes of this subsection, the growth in moneys collected from earnings the tax collected pursuant to this section is determined by subtracting the amount of the tax collected during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1996, from the tax collected during the fiscal year for which the allocation is being made and interest thereon. All moneys received by municipal pension and relief funds under this section may be expended only for those purposes described in §8-22-16 through §8-22-28a of this code.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provision of this subdivision, if a municipality has outstanding pension funding revenue bonds and continues to pay the normal cost of its policemen’s and firemen’s pension and relief funds, then the allocable share of revenues to be allocated which would otherwise have been allocated to a municipal policemen’s or firemen’s pension and relief fund shall instead be allocated to the trustee of any outstanding pension funding revenue bonds.

(2) Each volunteer fire company or department shall receive an equal share of the revenues allocated for volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments;

(3) In addition to the share allocated and distributed in accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection, each municipal fire department composed of full-time paid members and volunteers and part-volunteer fire companies and departments shall receive a share equal to the share distributed to volunteer fire companies under subdivision (2) of this subsection reduced by an amount equal to the share multiplied by the ratio of the number of full-time paid fire department members who are also members of a municipal firemen’s pension and relief fund or the Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System to the total number of members of the fire
department. If a municipality has outstanding pension funding revenue bonds and continues to pay the normal cost of its policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds, then the share that would otherwise be payable to the municipality's firemen's pension and relief fund pursuant to this subsection shall be paid to the trustee of such outstanding pension funding revenue bonds.

(d) (4) The allocation and distribution of revenues provided in this section are subject to the provisions of §8-22-20, §8-15-8a, and §8-15-8b of said chapter this code.

(e) Based upon the findings of an audit by the Treasurer, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that during the period of 1982 through April 27, 2012, allocations from the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund were miscalculated and errors were made in amounts transferred, resulting in overpayments and underpayments to the relief and pension funds and to the Teachers Retirement System, and that the relief and pension funds and the Teachers Retirement System were not at fault for any of the overpayments and underpayments. The Legislature hereby further finds and declares that any attempt by the Municipal Pension Oversight Board or other entity to recover any of the overpayments would be unjust and create economic hardship for the entities that received overpayments. No entity, including, without limitation, the Municipal Pension Oversight Board, may seek to recover from a relief or pension fund, the Teachers Retirement System or the state any overpayments received from the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund and the overpayments are not subject to recovery, offset or litigation. Pursuant to the audit by the Treasurer, the amount of $3,631,846.55 is determined owed to specific relief and pension funds through the period of April 27, 2012. The Treasurer is hereby authorized to transfer the amount of $3,631,846.55 from the Unclaimed Property Trust Fund to the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund, which is hereby reopened for the sole purpose of the transfer and remittances pursuant to this subsection, and to use the amount transferred to remit the amounts due to the pension and relief funds. The payment of $3,631,846.55 to the pension and relief funds is complete satisfaction of any amounts due and no entity, including, without limitation, the Municipal Pension Oversight Board and any pension or relief fund, may seek to recover any further amounts.
(c) The Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall annually review the investment performance of each municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund. If a municipal pension and relief fund's board fails for three consecutive years to comply with the investment provisions established by §8-22-22a of this code, the oversight board may require the municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund to invest with the Investment Management Board to continue to receive its allocation of funds from the premium tax. If the municipal pension and relief fund fails to move its investments to the Investment Management Fund within the 18-month drawdown period provided in §8-22-19(e) of this code, the revenues shall be reallocated to all other municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief funds that have drawn down 100 percent of their allocations.

§33-3-33. Surcharge on fire and casualty insurance policies to benefit volunteer and part-volunteer fire departments and emergency medical services providers; Public Employees Insurance Agency and municipal pension plans; special fund created; Fire Protection Fund; allocation of proceeds. effective date.

(a)(1) For the purpose of providing additional revenue for volunteer fire departments, part-volunteer fire departments and certain retired teachers and the teachers retirement reserve fund, there is hereby authorized and imposed on and after July 1, 1992, on the policyholder of any fire insurance policy or casualty insurance policy issued by any insurer, authorized or unauthorized, or by any risk-retention group, a policy surcharge equal to one percent of the taxable premium for each such policy. After June 30, 2005, the surcharge shall be imposed as specified in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection.

(2) After June 30, 2005, through December 31, 2005, for the purpose of providing additional revenue for volunteer fire departments, part-volunteer fire departments and to provide additional revenue to the Public Employees Insurance Agency and municipal pension plans, there is hereby authorized and imposed on and after July 1, 2005, on the policyholder of any fire insurance policy or casualty insurance policy issued by any insurer, authorized or unauthorized, or
by any risk retention group, a policy surcharge equal to one percent of the taxable premium for
each such policy

(a) For the purposes of this section:

(1) "Full-time paid members" means the members of a fire department who are
compensated to provide services to the department on a full-time basis and are also members of a
municipal firemen's pension and relief fund or the Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters
Retirement System.

(2) The "policy surcharge" refers to the surcharge on certain insurance policies imposed by
subsection (b) of this section.

(3) "Volunteer fire departments" or "departments" includes volunteer and part-volunteer
fire departments and companies, as described in §18-15-1 et seq. of this code.

(b) After December 31, 2005, For the purpose of providing additional revenue for
volunteer fire departments and part-volunteer fire departments emergency medical services
providers, there is hereby authorized and imposed on the policyholder of any fire insurance policy
or casualty insurance policy issued by any insurer, authorized or unauthorized, or by any risk
retention group, a policy surcharge equal to 0.055% one percent of the taxable premium for each
such policy. The policy surcharge is separate from and in addition to the tax imposed by §33-3-14d
of this code.

(c) For purposes of this section, casualty insurance may does not include insurance on
the life of a debtor pursuant to or in connection with a specific loan or other credit transaction or
insurance on a debtor to provide indemnity for payments becoming due on a specific loan or other
credit transaction while the debtor is disabled as defined in the policy. The policy surcharge may is
not be subject to premium taxes, agent commissions, or any other assessment against premiums.

(d) The policy surcharge imposed by this section shall be collected and remitted to the
commissioner by the insurer, or in the case of surplus lines coverage, by the surplus lines licensee,
or if the policy is issued by a risk retention group, by the risk retention group. The amount required
to be collected under this section shall be remitted to the commissioner on a quarterly basis on or
before the 25th day of the month succeeding the end of the quarter in which they are collected,
except for the fourth quarter for which the surcharge shall be remitted on or before March 1 of the
succeeding year. All money from the policy surcharge shall be collected by the commissioner, who
shall disburse 77.5 percent of the money received from the surcharge into the Fire Protection Fund
for distribution as provided in subsection (f) of this section. The commissioner shall disburse 22.5
percent of the money received from the surcharge into the Emergency Medical Services
Equipment and Training Fund established in §16-4C-24 of this code for disbursement in
accordance with the provisions of that section.

(c) Any person failing or refusing to collect and remit to the commissioner any policy
surcharge and whose surcharge payments are not postmarked by the due dates for quarterly filing
is liable for a civil penalty of up to $100 for each day of delinquency, to be assessed by the
commissioner. The commissioner may suspend the insurer, broker, or risk retention group until all
surcharge payments and penalties are remitted in full to the commissioner.

(d) (f) Fire Protection Fund allocation and distribution. —

(1) All money from the policy surcharge shall be collected by the Commissioner who shall
disburse the money received from the surcharge into a special account in the state Treasury,
designated the Fire Protection Fund. The State Treasurer’s Office shall distribute the net proceeds
of this portion of the tax the portion of the policy surcharge deposited into the Fire Protection Fund
pursuant to §33-3-33 of this code, the amount deposited into the Fire Protection Fund pursuant to
§29-3E-7 of this code, the amount deposited into the Fire Protection Fund pursuant to §33-3-14d
of this code, and the amount deposited into the Fire Protection Fund pursuant to §33-12C-7 of this
code, and the interest thereon on a quarterly basis, after appropriation by the Legislature, shall be
distributed quarterly The distributions shall occur on the first day of the months of January, April,
July, and October to each eligible volunteer fire company or department, on an equal share basis
by the state Treasurer. After June 30, 2005, the money received from the surcharge shall be
distributed as specified in subdivisions (2) and (3) of as provided in this subsection.

(2)(A) After June 30, 2005, through December 31, 2005, all money from the policy surcharge shall be collected by the Commissioner who shall disburse one half of the money received from the surcharge into the Fire Protection Fund for distribution as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(B) The remaining portion of moneys collected shall be transferred into the fund in the state Treasury of the Public Employees Insurance Agency into which are deposited the proportionate shares made by agencies of this state of the Public Employees Insurance Agency costs of those agencies, until November 1, 2005. After the October 31, 2005, through December 31, 2005, the remain portion shall be transferred to the special account in the state Treasury, known as the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund.

(3) After December 31, 2005, all money from the policy surcharge shall be collected by the Commissioner who shall disburse all of the money received from the surcharge into the Fire Protection Fund for distribution as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(4) (2) Before each distribution date to volunteer fire companies or departments, the State Fire Marshal shall report to the State Treasurer:

(A) The names and addresses of all volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments within the state which meet the eligibility requirements established in §8-15-8a of this code during the preceding quarter; and

(B) The number of volunteer firefighters and the number of full-time paid members providing services to each volunteer and part-volunteer department during the preceding quarter.

(3) Each eligible volunteer fire department shall receive an equal share of the amount of proceeds to be distributed each quarter: Provided, That each part-volunteer department’s share will be reduced by a percentage amount equal to the percentage of the members of the fire department who are full-time paid members of the department, according to the report described in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
(e) (g) The allocation, distribution, and use of revenues provided in the Fire Protection Fund are subject to the provisions of §8-15-8a and §8-15-8b of this code.

ARTICLE 12C. SURPLUS LINE.

§33-12C-7. Surplus lines tax.
(a) In addition to the full amount of gross premiums charged by the insurer for the insurance, every person licensed pursuant to §33-12C-8 of this code shall collect and pay to the commissioner a sum equal to 4.55 five percent of the gross premiums and gross fees charged, less any return premiums, for surplus lines insurance provided by the licensee pursuant to the license. Where the insurance covers properties, risks, or exposures located or to be performed both in and out of this state and this state is the insured's home state, the sum payable shall be computed on that portion of the gross premiums allocated to this state, plus an amount equal to the portion of the gross premiums allocated to other states or territories on the basis of the tax rates and fees applicable to properties, risks or exposures located or to be performed outside of this state, and less the amount of gross premiums allocated to this state and returned to the insured due to cancellation of policy: Provided, That the surcharge imposed by section thirty-three, article three of this chapter §33-3-33 of this code on surplus lines policies shall no longer be effective with respect to premium attributable to coverage under such policies for periods after June 30, 2011: Provided, however, That 42 per cent 16 percent of taxes collected under this subsection with respect to premium attributable to coverage under such policies after June 30, 2011, shall be disbursed into the Fire Protection Fund and distributed in accordance with subsection (d), section thirty-three, article three of this chapter §33-3-33 of this code, four percent of taxes collected under this subsection shall be disbursed into the Emergency Medical Services Equipment and Training Fund established in §16-4C-24 of this code for disbursement in accordance with the provisions of that section, and 88 per cent the remaining 80 percent of the taxes collected under this subsection shall be disbursed in accordance with subdivision (2), subsection (f) of this section. The tax on any portion of the premium unearned at termination of
insurance having been credited by the state to the licensee shall be returned to the policyholder
directly by the surplus lines licensee or through the producing broker, if any.

(b) The individual insurance producer may not:

(1) Pay directly or indirectly the tax or any portion thereof, either as an inducement to the
     policyholder to purchase the insurance or for any other reason; or

(2) Rebate all or part of the tax or the surplus lines licensee’s commission, either as an
     inducement to the policyholder to purchase the insurance or for any reason.

(c) The surplus lines licensee may charge the prospective policyholder a fee for the cost of
     underwriting, issuing, processing, inspecting, service, or auditing the policy for placement with the
     surplus lines insurer if:

(1) The service is required by the surplus lines insurer;

(2) The service is actually provided by the individual insurance producer or the cost of the
     service is actually incurred by the surplus lines licensee; and

(3) The provision or cost of the service is reasonable, documented, and verifiable.

(d) The surplus lines licensee shall make a clear and conspicuous written disclosure to the
     policyholder of:

(1) The total amount of premium for the policy;

(2) Any fee charged;

(3) The total amount of any fee charged; and

(4) The total amount of tax on the premium and fee.

(e) The clear and conspicuous written disclosure required by subdivision (4) of this
     subsection is subject to the record maintenance requirements of §33-12C-8 of this code.

(f)(1) This tax is imposed for the purpose of providing additional revenue for municipal
     policemen’s and firemen’s pension and relief funds and additional revenue for volunteer and part-
     volunteer fire companies and departments. This tax is required to be paid and remitted, on a
     calendar year basis and in quarterly estimated installments due and payable on or before the 25th
day of the month succeeding the close of the quarter in which they accrued, except for the fourth quarter, in respect of which taxes shall be due and payable and final computation of actual total liability for the prior calendar year shall be made, less credit for the three quarterly estimated payments prior made, and filed with the annual return to be made on or before March 1 of the succeeding year. Provisions of this chapter relating to the levy, imposition, and collection of the regular premium tax are applicable to the levy, imposition, and collection of this tax to the extent that the provisions are not in conflict with this section.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, all taxes remitted to the commissioner pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be paid by him or her into a special account in the State Treasury, designated Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund, or pursuant to §8-22-18b of this code, the Municipal Pensions Security Fund, and after appropriation by the Legislature, shall be distributed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c), section fourteen-d, article three of this chapter §33-3-14d of this code. The surplus lines licensee shall return to the policyholder the tax on any unearned portion of the premium returned to the policyholder because of cancellation of policy.

(g) In determining the amount of gross premiums taxable in this state for a placement of surplus lines insurance covering properties, risks, or exposures only partially located or to be performed in this state, the tax due shall be computed on the portions of the premiums which are attributable to properties, risks, or exposures located or to be performed in this state and which relates to the kinds of insurance being placed as determined by reference to an appropriate allocation table.

(1) If a policy covers more than one classification:

(A) For any portion of the coverage identified by a classification on the allocation schedule, the tax shall be computed by using the allocation schedule for the corresponding portion of the premium;

(B) For any portion of the coverage not identified by a classification on the allocation
schedule, the tax shall be computed by using an alternative equitable method of allocation for the property or risk;

(C) For any portion of the coverage where the premium is indivisible, the tax shall be computed by using the method of allocation which pertains to the classification describing the predominant coverage.

(2) If the information provided by the surplus lines licensee is insufficient to substantiate the method of allocation used by the surplus lines licensee, or if the commissioner determines that the licensee's method is incorrect, the commissioner shall determine the equitable and appropriate amount of tax due to this state as follows:

(A) By use of the allocation schedule where the risk is appropriately identified in the schedule;

(B) Where the allocation schedule does not identify a classification appropriate to the coverage, the commissioner may give significant weight to documented evidence of the underwriting bases and other criteria used by the insurer. The commissioner may also consider other available information to the extent sufficient and relevant, including the percentage of the insured's physical assets in this state, the percentage of the insured's sales in this state, the percentage of income or resources derived from this state, and the amount of premium tax paid to another jurisdiction for the policy.

(h) The commissioner is authorized to participate in a clearinghouse established through NIMA or in a similar allocation procedure for the purpose of collecting and disbursing to signatory states any funds collected pursuant to this section that are allocable to properties, risks, or exposures located or to be performed outside of this state: Provided, That twelve percent of any moneys received from a clearinghouse or through a similar allocation procedure is subject to the provisions of subsection (d), section thirty-three, article three of this chapter §33-3(d) of this code, four percent of such moneys are subject to the provisions of §16-4C-24 of this code, and eighty percent of such moneys is subject to the provisions of subdivision (2),
subsection (f) of this section: Provided, however, That to the extent other states where portions of
the properties, risks, or exposures reside have failed to enter into NIMA or a similar allocation
procedure with this state, the net premium tax collected shall be retained by this state and shall be
disbursed and distributed in the same manner as moneys received through a clearinghouse or
similar allocation procedure.

(i) Collection of tax.

If the tax owed by a surplus lines licensee under this section has been collected and is not
paid within the time prescribed, the same shall be recoverable in a suit brought by the
commissioner against the surplus lines licensee. The commissioner may charge interest for any
unpaid tax, fee, financial assessment or penalty, or portion thereof: Provided, That interest may
not be charged on interest. Interest shall be calculated using the annual rates which are
established by the Tax Commissioner pursuant to §11-10-17a of this code and shall accrue daily.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to amend and reenact codes concerning the distribution of
certain taxes and surcharges to benefit volunteer and part-volunteer fire departments and
emergency medical services providers as well as certain funds from the Fire Protection
Fund.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law
and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.