

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2024 REGULAR SESSION

ENGROSSED

House Bill 4274

By Delegates Summers, Tully, Hite, Rohrbach, and
Fehrenbacher

[Introduced January 10, 2024; Referred
to the Committee on Health and Human Resources]

1 A BILL to the amend and reenact §4-10-8 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, to amend and
2 reenact §5-1E-1 and §5-1E-2 of said code; to repeal §5-5-4 of said code; to amend and
3 reenact §5-6-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §5-10C-3 of said code; to amended and
4 reenact §5-14-3 and §5-14-5 of said code; to amend and reenact §5-16-2 and §5-16-18 of
5 said code; to amend and reenact §5-16B-1, §5-16B-2, §5-16B-4 and §5-16B-10 of said
6 code; to amend and reenact §5-26-1 of said code; to amend and reenact §5-29-2 of said
7 code; to amend and reenact §5A-1A-2 of said code; to repeal §5A-2-34 of said code; to
8 amend and reenact §5A-3-1a and §5A-3-3b of said code; to amend and reenact §5B-2-15,
9 to amend and reenact §5F-1-2; to amend and reenact §6-7-2a of said code; to amend and
10 reenact §7-1-3a of said code; to amend and reenact §7-4-4 of said code; to amend and
11 reenact §7-10-2, to amend and reenact §8-19-21 of said code; to amend and reenact §8A-
12 1-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §9-1-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §9-2-
13 6a, §9-2-10 and §9-2-13 of said code; to repeal §9-2-9 of said code; to amend and reenact
14 §9-3-4, §9-3-5 and §9-3-6 of said code; to amend and reenact §9-4A-2, §9-4A-2a, §9-4A-
15 2b and §9-4A-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §9-4B-1 and §9-4B-4 of said code; to
16 amend and reenact §9-4C-1, §9-4C-7 and §9-4C-8 of said code; to amend and reenact §9-
17 4D-2 and §9-4D-9 of said code; to amend and reenact §9-5-5, §9-5-8b, §9-5-9, §9-5-11,
18 §9-5-11a, §9-5-11b, §9-5-11c, §9-5-12a, §9-5-15, §9-5-16a, §9-5-19, §9-5-26, §9-5-27, §9-
19 5-29 and §9-5-30 of said code; to repeal §9-5-25 of said code; to amend and reenact §9-6-
20 1, §9-6-2, §9-6-9, §9-6-11 and §9-6-16 of said code; to amend and reenact §9-7-1, §9-7-2,
21 §9-7-3, §9-7-4, §9-7-5, §9-7-6, §9-7-6a and §9-7-8 of said code; to amend and reenact §9-
22 8-1 of said code; to amend and reenact §9-9-3, §9-9-16 and §9-9-21 of said code; to
23 amend and reenact §9-10-1, §9-10-2 and §9-10-3 of said code; to repeal §9-10-6 of said
24 code; to amend and reenact §11-10-5u of said code; to amend and reenact §11-13I-3 of
25 said code; to amend and reenact §11-27-3 and §11-27-30 of said code; to amend and
26 reenact §11B-2-15 of said code; to amend and reenact §12-3-10e of said code; to amend

27 and reenact §12-3A-4 and §12-3A-5 of said code; to amend and reenact §15-1E-76b of
28 said code; to amend and reenact §15-1I-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §15-2-55 of
29 said code; to amend and reenact §15-2C-1, §15-2C-2, §15-2C-4 and §15-2C-7 of said
30 code; to amend and reenact §15-3D-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §15-12-2 of said
31 code; to amend and reenact §15-13-2 and §15-13-5 of said code; to amend and reenact
32 §15-14-5, §15-14-7 and §15-14-9 of said code; to amend and reenact §15A-4-11 and
33 §15A-4-12 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-1-2 and §16-1-20 of said code; to
34 amend and reenact §16-1A-1, §16-1A-2, §16-1A-3 and §16-1A-4 of said code; to amend
35 and reenact §16-1C-1 and §16-1C-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-2-2 of said
36 code; to amend and reenact §16-2B-1, §16-2B-2 and §16-2B-3 of said code; to amend and
37 reenact §16-2D-2 and §16-2D-11 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-2H-2 of said
38 code; to amend and reenact §16-3C-1 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-3D-2 of
39 said code; to amend and reenact §16-4-1 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-4C-3,
40 §16-4C-4 and §16-4C-24 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-4D-2 of said code; to
41 amend and reenact §16-4E-2, §16-4E-4 and §16-4E-6 of said code; to amend and reenact
42 §16-4F-1 and §16-4F-5 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-5-1 and §16-5-3 of said
43 code; to amend and reenact §16-5A-5 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-5K-2, §16-
44 5K-3, §16-5K-4 and §16-5K-6 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-5L-5, §16-5L-10,
45 §16-5L-14 and §16-5L-15 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-5P-7 of said code; to
46 amend and reenact §16-5Q-2 and §16-5Q-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-5R-3
47 and §16-5R-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-5S-5 of said code; to amend and
48 reenact §16-5T-2 and §16-5T-5 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-5CC-1 and §16-
49 5CC-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-7-3 and §16-7-8 of said code; to amend
50 and reenact §16-8-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-9A-7 of said code; to amend
51 and reenact §16-22A-3 and §16-22A-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-22B-2 of
52 said code; to amend and reenact §16-29B-2, §16-29B-3, §16-29B-5, §16-29B-12 and §16-

53 29B-25 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-29D-3, §16-29D-7 and §16-29D-8 of said
54 code; to amend and reenact §16-29G-1a, and §16-29G-2 of said code; to amend and
55 reenact §16-30-8 and §16-30-25 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-30C-13 of said
56 code; to amend and reenact §16-32-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-33-2 of said
57 code; to amend and reenact §16-34-2, §16-34-3, §16-34-5, §16-34-6, §16-34-9 and §16-
58 34-13 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-37-2 and §16-37-4 of said code; to amend
59 and reenact §16-38-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-42-1 of said code; to amend
60 and reenact §16-44-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-48-5 and §16-48-6 of said
61 code; to amend and reenact §16-50-1, to amend and reenact §16-53-1, §16-53-2 and §16-
62 53-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §16-57-3 and §16-57-4 of said code; to amend
63 and reenact §16-59-1 of said code; to amend and reenact §16A-2-1 of said code; to amend
64 and reenact §16A-4-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §16A-15-6 of said code; to
65 amend and reenact §17-2C-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §17-4A-3 of said code;
66 to amend and reenact §17-28-10 of said code; to amend and reenact §17C-15-26 of said
67 code; to amend and reenact §18-2-5b, §18-2-9 and §18-2-13h of said code; to amend and
68 reenact §18-2K-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-5-15c of said code; to amend
69 and reenact §18-5-42 and §18-5-44 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-5D-4 of said
70 code; to amend and reenact §18-7B-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-10K-1 of
71 said code; to amend and reenact §18-10M-6 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-20-
72 11 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-21-1, §18-21-2, §18-21-3 and §18-21-4 of said
73 code; to amend and reenact §18A-2-8 of said code; to amend and reenact §18A-4-17 of
74 said code; to amend and reenact §18B-10-7b of said code; to amend and reenact §18B-
75 16-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §18C-3-1 of said code; to amend and reenact
76 §19-1-7 of said code; to amend and reenact §19-11E-1 and §19-11E-17 of said code; to
77 amend and reenact §19-12A-1a, §19-12A-2, §19-12A-5 and §19-12A-6 of said code; to
78 amend and reenact §19-29-1 and §19-29-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §19-30-2

79 of said code; to amend and reenact §19-34-5 of said code; to amend and reenact §20-5J-
80 2, §20-5J-3 and §20-5J-5 of said code; to amend and reenact §20-5K-2, §20-5K-3 of said
81 code; to amend and reenact §21A-6-16 and §21A-6-17 of said code; to amend and reenact
82 §22-5-9 of said code; to amend and reenact §22-15A-10 of said code; to amend and
83 reenact §22-18-6 and §22-18-7 of said code; to amend and reenact §22-30-21 of said
84 code; to amend and reenact §22C-3-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §24-2A-5 of
85 said code; to amend and reenact §24-2C-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §27-1-7 of
86 said code; to amend and reenact §27-1A-4, §27-1A-6 and §27-1A-12 of said code; to
87 amend and reenact §27-2-1 of said code; to amend and reenact §27-2A-1 of said code; to
88 amend and reenact §27-5-1, §27-5-1b, §27-5-2, §27-5-4, §27-5-9 and §27-5-11 of said
89 code; to amend and reenact §27-6A-1 and §27-6A-12 of said code; to amend and reenact
90 §29-12-5 of said code; to amend and reenact §29-15-1, §29-15-5 and §29-15-6 of said
91 code; to amend and reenact §29-20-1, §29-20-2, §29-20-3, §29-20-4 and §29-20-6 of said
92 code; to amend and reenact §29-22A-19 of said code; to amend and reenact §29-30-8,
93 §29-30-9 and §29-30-11 of said code; to amend and reenact §29-31-2 of said code; to
94 amend and reenact §29-34-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §29-35-3 of said code; to
95 amend and reenact §30-3-7 of said code; to amend and reenact §30-4-3 of said code; to
96 amend and reenact §30-7B-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §30-30-16 and §30-30-
97 30 of said code; to amend and reenact §31-15A-7 of said code; to amend and reenact
98 §31A-2A-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-15B-3 of said code; to amend and
99 reenact §33-25A-7b, §33-25A-9, §33-25A-17, §33-25A-18, §33-25A-27 and §33-25A-36
100 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-25B-6 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-
101 25D-18, §33-25D-20 and §33-25D-29 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-46-18 of
102 said code; to amend and reenact §33-54-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-55-1 of
103 said code; to amend and reenact §33-56-1 of said code; to amend and reenact §33-59-1 of
104 said code; to amend and reenact §44-16-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §44A-1-8,

105 §44A-1-9 and §44A-1-15 of said code; to amend and reenact §44A-2-2 of said code; to
106 amend and reenact §44A-3-11 of said code; to amend and reenact §46A-6L-102 of said
107 code; to amend and reenact §48-1-104, §48-1-206 and §48-1-236 of said code; to amend
108 and reenact §48-2-701 and §48-2-702 of said code; to amend and reenact §48-9-209 of
109 said code; to amend and reenact §48-11-105 of said code; to amend and reenact §48-14-
110 102, §48-14-407, §48-14-413 and §48-14-414 of said code; to amend and reenact §48-17-
111 101 and §48-17-102 of said code; to amend and reenact §48-18-101, §48-18-118 and §48-
112 18-126 of said code; to amend and reenact §48-19-103 of said code; to amend and
113 reenact §48-22-104 of said code; to amend and reenact §48-23-301 of said code; to
114 amend and reenact §48-26-206, §48-26-301, §48-26-401, §48-26-402, §48-26-501, §48-
115 26-502 and §48-26-801 of said code; to amend and reenact §48-27-206 of said code; to
116 amend and reenact §49-1-104, §49-1-106, §49-1-202, §49-1-206 and §49-1-208 of said
117 code; to amend and reenact §49-2-106, §49-2-110a, §49-2-111a, §49-2-125, §49-2-301,
118 §49-2-302, §49-2-303, §49-2-401, §49-2-502, §49-2-503, §49-2-504, §49-2-604, §49-2-
119 605, §49-2-701, §49-2-708, §49-2-802, §49-2-803, §49-2-804, §49-2-813, §49-2-814,
120 §49-2-901, §49-2-903, §49-2-906, §49-2-913, §49-2-1001, §49-2-1002, §49-2-1003, §49-
121 2-1004, §49-2-1005 and §49-2-1006 of said code; to amend and reenact §49-4-104, §49-
122 4-108, §49-4-112, §49-4-114, §49-4-202, §49-4-203, §49-4-401, §49-4-402, §49-4-403,
123 §49-4-408, §49-4-501, §49-4-704, §49-4-705, §49-4-706, §49-4-711, §49-4-726, §49-4-
124 801 and §49-4-803 of said code; to amend and reenact §49-5-101 and §49-5-106 of said
125 code; to amend and reenact §49-6-103, §49-6-105, §49-6-110, §49-6-113 and §49-6-116
126 of said code; to amend and reenact §49-7-102, §49-7-201, §49-7-202 and §49-7-204 of
127 said code; to amend and reenact §49-8-1 of said code; to amend and reenact §51-2A-21 of
128 said code; to amend and reenact §53-8-17 of said code; to amend and reenact §55-7B-9c
129 of said code; to amend and reenact §55-19-3 of said code; to amend and reenact §60A-9-5
130 and §60A-9-8 of said code; to amend and reenact §60A-11-1, §60A-11-2 and §60A-11-3 of

131 said code; to amend and reenact §61-2-14a, §61-2-14h and §61-2-29b of said code; to
132 amend and reenact §61-7A-3 and §61-7A-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §61-8D-3
133 and §61-8D-4 of said code; to amend and reenact §61-11-26a of said code; to amend and
134 reenact §61-11A-6 of said code; to amend and reenact §61-12-12 of said code; to amend
135 and reenact §61-14-7 of said code; to amend and reenact §62-1D-2 of said code; to amend
136 and reenact §62-12-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §62-15B-1; all relating to
137 renaming the Department of Health and Human Resources.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CHAPTER 4. THE LEGISLATURE.

ARTICLE	10.	PERFORMANCE	REVIEW	ACT.		
§4-10-8.	Schedule	of	departments	for	agency	review.

1 (a) Each department shall make a presentation, pursuant to the provisions of this article, to
2 the joint standing committee and the committee during the first interim meeting after the regular
3 session of the year in which the department is to be reviewed pursuant to the schedule set forth in
4 subsection (b) of this section.

5 (b) An agency review shall be performed on one or more agencies under the purview of
6 each department at least once every seven years, as follows:

7 (1) 2017: The Department of Revenue and the Department of Commerce;

8 (2) 2018: The Department of Environmental Protection and the Department of Military
9 Affairs and Public Safety;

10 (3) 2019: ~~The Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
11 Services, the Department of Health, and the Department of Health Facilities, including the Bureau
12 of Senior Services;

13 (4) 2020: The Department of Transportation;

14 (5) 2021: The Department of Administration;

15 (6) 2022: The Department of Education, the Higher Education Policy Commission and the
16 West Virginia Council for Community and Technical College Education; and

17 (7) 2023: The Department of Veterans' Assistance and the Department of Education and
18 the Arts.

**CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE
GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL;
BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES,
COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.**

ARTICLE 1E. HEALTHY WEST VIRGINIA PROGRAM.

§5-1E-1. Findings and purposes.

1 The Legislature finds and declares that the rise in obesity and related weight problems
2 accompanied by the resulting incidence of chronic disease has created a health care crisis that
3 burdens the health care infrastructure of the state. The Legislature also finds that the State of West
4 Virginia must take an informed, sensitive approach to communicate and educate the citizens of the
5 state about health issues related to obesity and inappropriate weight gain. The Legislature further
6 finds that the state must take action to assist West Virginia citizens in engaging in healthful eating
7 and regular physical activity. The Legislature further finds that the state must invest in research
8 that improves understanding of inappropriate weight gain and obesity. These efforts are needed to
9 coordinate the state's interest in improving the health of its citizens and in reducing the cost of
10 health care. Therefore, it is the purpose of this article to create, as an integral part of the
11 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health, an entity to coordinate the
12 efforts of all agencies to prevent and remedy obesity and related weight problems and to ensure
13 that all citizens are being educated on this serious health risk that is affecting the state.

§5-1E-2. Creation of the Office of Healthy Lifestyles.

1 There is hereby created the Office of Healthy Lifestyles within the ~~Department of Health~~
2 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Health. The management of this office shall be provided in
3 the manner determined by the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
4 Department of Health to be in the best interest of the state and its citizens.

ARTICLE 5. SALARY INCREASE FOR STATE EMPLOYEES.

§5-5-4. Department of Health and Human Resources salary adjustment.

1 [Repealed]

ARTICLE 6. STATE BUILDINGS.

§5-6-4. Powers of commission.

1 (a) The commission has the power:

2 (1) To sue and be sued, plead, and be impleaded;

3 (2) To have a seal and alter the same at pleasure;

4 (3) To contract to acquire and to acquire, in the name of the commission or of the state, by
5 purchase, lease, lease-purchase or otherwise, real property or rights or easements necessary or
6 convenient for its corporate purposes and to exercise the power of eminent domain to accomplish
7 those purposes;

8 (4) To acquire, hold and dispose of personal property for its corporate purposes;

9 (5) To make bylaws for the management and regulation of its affairs;

10 (6) With the consent of the Attorney General of the State of West Virginia, to use the
11 facilities of his or her office, assistants and employees in all legal matters relating to or pertaining to
12 the commission;

13 (7) To appoint officers, agents and employees and fix their compensation;

14 (8) To make contracts, and to execute all instruments necessary or convenient to
15 effectuate the intent of, and to exercise the powers granted to it by this article;

16 (9) To renegotiate all contracts entered into by it whenever, due to a change in situation, it
17 appears to the commission that its interests will be best served;

18 (10) To construct a building or buildings on real property, which it may acquire, or which
19 may be owned by the State of West Virginia, in the city of Charleston, as convenient as may be to
20 the capitol building, together with incidental approaches, structures and facilities, subject to the
21 consent and approval of the city of Charleston in any case as may be necessary; and, in addition,
22 to acquire or construct a warehouse, including office space in the warehouse in Kanawha County
23 for the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner, and equip and furnish the office
24 space; and to acquire or construct, through lease, purchase, lease-purchase or bond financing,
25 hospitals or other facilities, buildings, or additions or renovations to buildings as may be necessary
26 for the safety and care of patients, inmates and guests at facilities under the jurisdiction of and
27 supervision of the division of health and at institutions under the jurisdiction of the Division of
28 Corrections or the regional jail and correctional facilities authority; and to formulate and program
29 plans for the orderly and timely capital improvement of all of the hospitals and institutions and the
30 state Capitol buildings; and to construct a building or buildings in Kanawha County to be used as a
31 general headquarters by the division of public safety to accommodate that division's executive
32 staff, clerical offices, technical services, supply facilities and dormitory accommodations; and to
33 develop, improve and expand state parks and recreational facilities to be operated by the Division
34 of Natural Resources; and to establish one or more systems or complexes of buildings and
35 projects under control of the commission; and, subject to prior agreements with holders of bonds
36 previously issued, to change the systems, complexes of buildings and projects from time to time,
37 in order to facilitate the issuance and sale of bonds of different series on a parity with each other or
38 having such priorities between series as the commission may determine; and to acquire by
39 purchase, eminent domain or otherwise all real property or interests in the real property necessary
40 or convenient to accomplish the purposes of this subdivision. The rights and powers set forth in
41 this subdivision shall not be construed as in derogation of any rights and powers now vested in the

42 West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner, the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
43 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities, the Division of Corrections, or the Division of Natural
44 Resources;

45 (11) To maintain, construct, remove, and operate a project authorized under this article;

46 (12) To charge rentals for the use of all or any part of a project or buildings at any time
47 financed, constructed, acquired or improved, in whole or in part, with the proceeds of sale of bonds
48 issued pursuant to this article, subject to and in accordance with such agreements with
49 bondholders as may be made as provided in this article: *Provided*, That on and after the effective
50 date of the amendments to this section, to charge rentals for the use of all or any part of a project or
51 buildings at any time financed, constructed, acquired, maintained or improved, in whole or in part,
52 with the proceeds of sale of bonds issued pursuant to this article, subject to and in accordance with
53 such agreements with bondholders as may be made as in this section provided, or with any funds
54 available to the state building commission, including, but not limited to, all buildings and property
55 owned by the State of West Virginia or by the state building commission, but no rentals shall be
56 charged to the Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, the
57 Legislature and the members of the Legislature, the Supreme Court of Appeals, nor for their
58 offices, agencies, official functions and duties;

59 (13) To issue negotiable bonds and to provide for the rights of the holders of the negotiable
60 bonds;

61 (14) To accept and expend any gift, grant, or contribution of money to, or for the benefit of,
62 the commission, from the State of West Virginia or any other source for any or all of the purposes
63 specified in this article or for any one or more of such purposes as may be specified in connection
64 with the gift, grant, or contribution;

65 (15) To enter on any lands and premises for the purpose of making surveys, soundings,
66 and examinations;

67 (16) To invest in United States government obligations, on a short-term basis, any surplus
68 funds which the commission may have on hand pending the completion of any project or projects;

69 (17) To issue revenue bonds in accordance with the applicable provisions of this article for
70 the purposes set forth in §5-6-11a of this code; and

71 (18) To do all things necessary or convenient to carry out the powers given in this article.

72 (19) The power and authority granted to the state building commission pursuant to this
73 section and §5-6-7, §5-6-8, and §5-6-11a of this code to initiate, acquire, construct, finance or
74 develop projects; to issue revenue bonds; or to exercise the power of eminent domain with respect
75 to any project, shall terminate on the effective date of this section: *Provided*, That nothing herein
76 shall be construed to affect the validity of any act of the state building commission prior to the
77 effective date of this section or to impair the rights of bondholders with respect to bonds or other
78 evidence of indebtedness issued prior to the effective date of this section. Following the effective
79 date of this section, the secretary of administration may exercise any power expressly granted
80 pursuant to this article with respect to any project or facility previously constructed or acquired, any
81 existing contractual obligations, and any outstanding bonded indebtedness. Refunding bonds for
82 any outstanding bonded indebtedness are authorized, subject to the provisions of article two-e,
83 chapter thirteen of this code. The West Virginia economic development authority provided for in
84 §31-15-1 *et seq.* of this code is designated to act as the governing body whose authorizations and
85 determinations are required for the purpose of refunding bonds.

86 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the commission may not
87 cause or permit to be caused the dedication or naming of any state building or public structure for a
88 public official who is holding office at the time of the proposed dedication or naming.

ARTICLE 10C. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS.

§5-10C-3. Definitions.

1 The following words and phrases as used in this article, unless a different meaning is
2 clearly indicated by the context, have the following meanings:

3 (1) "Accumulated contributions" means the sum of all amounts credited to a member's
4 individual account in the member's deposit fund and includes both contributions deducted from the
5 compensation of a member and contributions of a member picked up and paid by the member's
6 participating public employer, plus applicable interest thereon.

7 (2) "Board of trustees" means, as appropriate: The Consolidated Public Retirement Board
8 created in article ten-d of this chapter; the Higher Education Policy Commission; the West Virginia
9 Council for Community and Technical College Education; the institutional governing boards
10 responsible for the higher education retirement plan and supplemental retirement plan; or the
11 boards of trustees of the firemen's and policemen's pension and relief funds created in §8-22-1 *et*
12 *seq.* of this code.

13 (3) "Employee" means any person, whether appointed, elected or under contract,
14 providing services for a public employer for which compensation is paid and who is a member of
15 the applicable retirement system.

16 (4) "Member" means any person who has accumulated contributions standing to his or her
17 credit in a retirement system.

18 (5) "Member contributions" means, as appropriate: The contributions required by §5-10-29
19 of this code from employees who are members of the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement
20 System; the contributions required by section §15-2-26 of this code from employees who are
21 members of the West Virginia State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund; the
22 contributions required by §7-14D-7 of this code from employees who are members of the Deputy
23 Sheriff Retirement System; the contributions required by §18-7A-14 of this code from employees
24 who are members of the State Teachers Retirement System; the contributions authorized or
25 required by §18-7A-14a of said chapter or by §18-23-4a of said chapter from employees who are
26 members of the West Virginia higher education retirement plan and supplemental retirement plan;
27 the contributions required by §51-9-4 of this code from employees who are members of the
28 Judges' Retirement System; the contributions required by §8-22-19 of this code from employees

29 who are members of municipal firemen's and policemen's pension and relief funds; the
30 contributions required by §8-22A-8 of this code from employees who are members of the
31 Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System; the contributions required by §18-
32 7B-9 of this code from employees who are members of the Teachers' Defined Contribution
33 Retirement System; the contributions required by §15-2A-5 of this code from the employees who
34 are members of the West Virginia State Police Retirement System; the contributions required by
35 §16-5V-8 of this code from employees who are members of the West Virginia Emergency Medical
36 Services Retirement System; or the contributions required by §20-18-8 of this code from
37 employees who are members of the West Virginia Natural Resources Police Officers Retirement
38 System.

39 (6) "Participating public employer" means the State of West Virginia, any board,
40 commission, department, institution or spending unit and includes any agency with full-time
41 employees, created by rule of the Supreme Court of Appeals, which for the purpose of this article
42 shall be considered a department of state government and county boards of education with
43 respect to teachers and nonteachers employed by them; any political subdivision in the state
44 which has elected to cover its employees, as defined in this article, under the West Virginia Public
45 Employees Retirement System; any political subdivision in the state which has elected to cover its
46 employees, as defined in this article, under the Deputy Sheriff Retirement System; any political
47 subdivision in the state which has elected to cover its employees, as defined in this article, under
48 the West Virginia Emergency Medical Services Retirement System; any political subdivision in this
49 state which is subject to the provisions of articles twenty-two and twenty-two-a, chapter eight of
50 this code; and any public charter school established pursuant to §18-5G-1 *et seq.* of this code
51 which has elected to participate in, and cover its employees under, either the State Teachers
52 Retirement System or the Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System.

53 (7) "Political subdivision" means the State of West Virginia, a county, city or town in the
54 state; a school corporation or corporate unit; any separate corporation or instrumentality

55 established by one or more counties, cities or towns, as permitted by law; any corporation or
56 instrumentality supported in most part by counties, cities or towns; any public corporation charged
57 by law with the performance of a governmental function and whose jurisdiction is coextensive with
58 one or more counties, cities or towns, any agency or organization established by or approved by
59 the Department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Services for the provision of community ~~health~~ or
60 mental ~~retardation~~ health services and which is supported in part by state, county or municipal
61 funds.

62 (8) "Retirement system" means, as appropriate: The West Virginia Public Employees
63 Retirement System created in §5-10-1 *et seq.* of this code; the West Virginia State Police Death,
64 Disability and Retirement Fund created in §15-2-26 through §15-2-39a of this code, inclusive; the
65 West Virginia Deputy Sheriff Retirement System created in §7-14D-1 *et seq.* of this code; the state
66 Teachers Retirement System created in §18-7A-1 *et seq.* of this code; the West Virginia higher
67 education retirement plan and supplemental retirement plan created in §18-7A-14a of this code
68 and §18-23-4a of this code; the Judges' Retirement System created in §51-9-1 *et seq.* of this code;
69 the firemen's or policemen's pension and relief funds created in §8-22-16 of this code; the
70 Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System created in §8-22A-4 of this code; the
71 Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System created in article seven-b, chapter eighteen of
72 this code; the West Virginia State Police Retirement System created in article two-a, chapter
73 fifteen of this code; the West Virginia Emergency Medical Services Retirement System created in
74 §16-5V-1 *et seq.* of this code; or the West Virginia Natural Resources Police Officers Retirement
75 System created in article eighteen, chapter twenty of this code.

76 (9) "Teacher" and "nonteacher" have the meanings ascribed to the terms "teacher
77 member" and "nonteaching member" in §18-7A-3 of this code.

**ARTICLE 14. WEST VIRGINIA COMMISSION FOR THE DEAF AND HARD-OF-
HEARING.**

§5-14-3. Continuation of commission; membership.

1 (a) The West Virginia Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing is continued within the
2 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health consisting of 17 persons,
3 eight of whom shall serve ex officio. The remaining members are appointed by the Governor by
4 and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The commission shall meet no less than four times
5 annually. All meetings and activities held by the commission shall be attended by at least two
6 qualified interpreters who shall be hired at the commission's expense or provided free of charge by
7 agencies, organizations or individuals willing to volunteer qualified interpreters.

8 (b) The members are: The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
9 Department of Health, or his or her designee; the Commissioner of the Division of Labor, or his or
10 her designee; the Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health, or his or her designee; the State
11 Superintendent of Schools, or his or her designee; the Director of the Division of Rehabilitation
12 Services, or his or her designee; ~~the Commissioner of the Division of Human Services, or his or~~
13 ~~her designee~~; the Chairman of the Advisory Council for the Education of Exceptional Children, or
14 his or her designee; and the Superintendent of the West Virginia School for the Deaf and Blind, or
15 his or her designee, all of whom serve ex officio with full voting privileges.

16 (c) The Governor shall appoint nine persons, at least five of whom are deaf or hard of
17 hearing, one of whom is the parent of a deaf child, one of whom is a certified teacher of the deaf or
18 hard of hearing, one audiologist and one otolaryngologist. Of the five deaf people, at least three
19 shall be selected from a list of five people recommended by the Board of the West Virginia
20 Association of the Deaf.

§5-14-5. Powers and duties of the commission; information clearinghouse; coordination of interpreters; outreach programs; seminars and training sessions.

1 (a) The commission shall maintain a clearinghouse of information, the purpose of which is
2 to aid deaf or hard of hearing persons and others in obtaining appropriate services or information
3 about such services, including, but not limited to, education, communication (including

4 interpreters), group home facilities, independent living skills, recreational facilities, employment,
5 vocational training, health and mental health services, substance abuse and other services
6 necessary to assure their ability to function in society. The commission shall consult existing public
7 and private agencies and organizations in compiling and maintaining the clearinghouse.

8 (b) The commission shall establish, maintain and coordinate a statewide service to provide
9 courts, state and local legislative bodies and others with a list of qualified and certified interpreters
10 for the deaf and a list of qualified and certified teachers of American sign language.

11 (c) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
12 Health shall promulgate rules pursuant to §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code for the state quality
13 assurance evaluation, including the establishment of required qualifications and ethical standards
14 for interpreters, the approval of interpreters, the monitoring and investigation of interpreters and
15 the suspension and revocation of approvals. The commission may conduct interpreter evaluations
16 and collect and expend funds with regard thereto.

17 (d) The commission shall develop an outreach program to familiarize the public with the
18 rights and needs of deaf or hard of hearing people and of available services.

19 (e) The commission shall investigate the condition of the hearing-impaired in this state with
20 particular attention to those who are aged, homeless, needy, victims of rubella and victims of
21 abuse or neglect. It shall determine the means the state possesses for establishing group homes
22 for its hearing-impaired citizens and the need for additional facilities. The commission shall also
23 determine the advisability and necessity of providing services to the multi-handicapped deaf or
24 hard of hearing.

ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT.

§5-16-2.

Definitions.

1 The following words and phrases as used in this article, unless a different meaning is
2 clearly indicated by the context, have the following meanings:

3 "Agency" or "PEIA" means the Public Employees Insurance Agency created by this article.

4 "Applied behavior analysis" means the design, implementation, and evaluation of
5 environmental modifications using behavioral stimuli and consequences in order to produce
6 socially significant improvement in human behavior and includes the use of direct observation,
7 measurement, and functional analysis of the relationship between environment and behavior.

8 "Autism spectrum disorder" means any pervasive developmental disorder, including
9 autistic disorder, Asperger's syndrome, Rett syndrome, childhood disintegrative disorder, or
10 Pervasive Development Disorder as defined in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and
11 Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders of the American Psychiatric Association.

12 "Certified behavior analyst" means an individual who is certified by the Behavior Analyst
13 Certification Board or certified by a similar nationally recognized organization.

14 "Dependent" includes an eligible employee's child under the age of 26 as defined in the
15 Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

16 "Device" means a blood glucose test strip, glucometer, continuous glucose monitor
17 (CGM), lancet, lancing device, or insulin syringe used to cure, diagnose, mitigate, prevent, or treat
18 diabetes or low blood sugar, but does not include insulin pumps.

19 "Director" means the Director of the Public Employees Insurance Agency created by this
20 article.

21 "Distant site" means the telehealth site where the health care practitioner is seeing the
22 patient at a distance or consulting with a patient's health care practitioner.

23 "Employee" means any person, including an elected officer, who works regularly full-time
24 in the service of the State of West Virginia; and, for the purpose of this article only, the term
25 "employee" also means any person, including an elected officer, who works regularly full-time in
26 the service of a county board of education; a public charter school established pursuant to §18-
27 5G-1 *et seq.* of this code if the charter school includes in its charter contract entered into pursuant
28 to §18-5G-7 of this code a determination to participate in the Public Employees Insurance
29 program; a county, city, or town in the state; any separate corporation or instrumentality

30 established by one or more counties, cities, or towns, as permitted by law; any corporation or
31 instrumentality supported in most part by counties, cities, or towns; any public corporation charged
32 by law with the performance of a governmental function and whose jurisdiction is coextensive with
33 one or more counties, cities, or towns; any comprehensive community mental health center or
34 intellectually and developmentally disabled facility established, operated, or licensed by ~~the~~
35 ~~Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ pursuant to §27-2A-1 of this code
36 and which is supported in part by state, county, or municipal funds; any person who works
37 regularly full-time in the service of the Higher Education Policy Commission, the West Virginia
38 Council for Community and Technical College Education, or a governing board as defined in §18B-
39 1-2 of this code; any person who works regularly full-time in the service of a combined city-county
40 health department created pursuant to §16-2-1 *et seq.* of this code; any person designated as a
41 21st Century Learner Fellow pursuant to §18A-3-11 of this code; and any person who works as a
42 long-term substitute as defined in §18A-1-1 of this code in the service of a county board of
43 education: *Provided*, That a long-term substitute who is continuously employed for at least 133
44 instructional days during an instructional term, and, until the end of that instructional term, is
45 eligible for the benefits provided in this article until September 1 following that instructional
46 term: *Provided, however*, That a long-term substitute employed fewer than 133 instructional days
47 during an instructional term is eligible for the benefits provided in this article only during such time
48 as he or she is actually employed as a long-term substitute. On and after January 1, 1994, and
49 upon election by a county board of education to allow elected board members to participate in the
50 Public Employees Insurance Program pursuant to this article, any person elected to a county
51 board of education shall be considered to be an "employee" during the term of office of the elected
52 member. Upon election by the State Board of Education to allow appointed board members to
53 participate in the Public Employees Insurance Program pursuant to this article, any person
54 appointed to the State Board of Education is considered an "employee" during the term of office of
55 the appointed member: *Provided further*, That the elected member of a county board of education

56 and the appointed member of the State Board of Education shall pay the entire cost of the
57 premium if he or she elects to be covered under this article. Any matters of doubt as to who is an
58 employee within the meaning of this article shall be decided by the director.

59 On or after July 1, 1997, a person shall be considered an "employee" if that person meets
60 the following criteria:

61 (A) Participates in a job-sharing arrangement as defined in §18A-1-1 *et seq.* of this code;

62 (B) Has been designated, in writing, by all other participants in that job-sharing
63 arrangement as the "employee" for purposes of this section; and

64 (C) Works at least one-third of the time required for a full-time employee.

65 "Employer" means the State of West Virginia, its boards, agencies, commissions,
66 departments, institutions, or spending units; a county board of education; a public charter school
67 established pursuant to §18-5G-1 *et seq.* of this code if the charter school includes in its charter
68 contract entered into pursuant to §18-5G-7 of this code a determination to participate in the Public
69 Employees Insurance Program; a county, city, or town in the state; any separate corporation or
70 instrumentality established by one or more counties, cities, or towns, as permitted by law; any
71 corporation or instrumentality supported in most part by counties, cities, or towns; any public
72 corporation charged by law with the performance of a governmental function and whose
73 jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more counties, cities, or towns; any comprehensive
74 community mental health center or intellectually and developmentally disabled facility established,
75 operated, or licensed by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources
76 pursuant to §27-2A-1 *et seq.* of this code and which is supported in part by state, county, or
77 municipal funds; a combined city-county health department created pursuant to §16-2-1 *et seq.* of
78 this code; and a corporation meeting the description set forth in §18B-12-3 of this code that is
79 employing a 21st Century Learner Fellow pursuant to §18A-3-11 of this code but the corporation is
80 not considered an employer with respect to any employee other than a 21st Century Learner
81 Fellow. Any matters of doubt as to who is an "employer" within the meaning of this article shall be

82 decided by the director. The term "employer" does not include within its meaning the National
83 Guard.

84 "Established patient" means a patient who has received professional services, face-to-
85 face, from the physician, qualified health care professional, or another physician or qualified health
86 care professional of the exact same specialty and subspecialty who belongs to the same group
87 practice, within the past three years.

88 "Finance board" means the Public Employees Insurance Agency finance board created
89 by this article.

90 "Health care practitioner" means a person licensed under §30-1-1 *et seq.* of this code who
91 provides health care services.

92 "Originating site" means the location where the patient is located, whether or not
93 accompanied by a health care practitioner, at the time services are provided by a health care
94 practitioner through telehealth, including, but not limited to, a health care practitioner's office,
95 hospital, critical access hospital, rural health clinic, federally qualified health center, a patient's
96 home, and other nonmedical environments such as school-based health centers, university-based
97 health centers, or the work location of a patient.

98 "Objective evidence" means standardized patient assessment instruments, outcome
99 measurements tools, or measurable assessments of functional outcome. Use of objective
100 measures at the beginning of treatment, during, and after treatment is recommended to quantify
101 progress and support justifications for continued treatment. The tools are not required but their use
102 will enhance the justification for continued treatment.

103 "Person" means any individual, company, association, organization, corporation, or other
104 legal entity.

105 "Plan" means a group hospital and surgical insurance plan or plans, a group prescription
106 drug insurance plan or plans, a group major medical insurance plan or plans, and a group life and
107 accidental death insurance plan or plans.

108 "Prescription insulin drug" means a prescription drug that contains insulin and is used to
109 treat diabetes, and includes at least one type of insulin in all of the following categories:

- 110 (1) Rapid-acting;
- 111 (2) Short-acting;
- 112 (3) Intermediate-acting;
- 113 (4) Long-acting;
- 114 (5) Pre-mixed insulin products;
- 115 (6) Pre-mixed insulin/GLP-1 RA products; and
- 116 (7) Concentrated human regular insulin.

117 "Primary coverage" means individual or group hospital and surgical insurance coverage
118 or individual or group major medical insurance coverage or group prescription drug coverage in
119 which the spouse or dependent is the named insured or certificate holder.

120 "Remote patient monitoring services" means the delivery of home health services using
121 telecommunications technology to enhance the delivery of home health care, including monitoring
122 of clinical patient data such as weight, blood pressure, pulse, pulse oximetry, blood glucose, and
123 other condition-specific data; medication adherence monitoring; and interactive video
124 conferencing with or without digital image upload.

125 "Retired employee" means an employee of the state who retired after April 29, 1971, and
126 an employee of the Higher Education Policy Commission, the Council for Community and
127 Technical College Education, a state institution of higher education, or a county board of education
128 who retires on or after April 21, 1972, and all additional eligible employees who retire on or after
129 the effective date of this article, meet the minimum eligibility requirements for their respective state
130 retirement system, and whose last employer immediately prior to retirement under the state
131 retirement system is a participating employer in the state retirement system and in the Public
132 Employees Insurance Agency: *Provided*, That for the purposes of this article, the employees who
133 are not covered by a state retirement system, but who are covered by a state-approved or state-

134 contracted retirement program or a system approved by the director, shall, in the case of education
135 employees, meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the State Teachers Retirement System,
136 and in all other cases, meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the Public Employees
137 Retirement System and may participate in the Public Employees Insurance Agency as retired
138 employees upon terms as the director sets by rule as authorized in this article. Employers with
139 employees who are, or who are eligible to become, retired employees under this article shall be
140 mandatory participants in the Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund created pursuant to §5-16D-1 *et*
141 *seq.* of this code. Nonstate employers may opt out of the West Virginia other post-employment
142 benefits plan of the Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund and elect to not provide benefits under the
143 Public Employees Insurance Agency to retirees of the nonstate employer, but may do so only upon
144 the written certification, under oath, of an authorized officer of the employer that the employer has
145 no employees who are, or who are eligible to become, retired employees and that the employer
146 will defend and hold harmless the Public Employees Insurance Agency from any claim by one of
147 the employer's past, present, or future employees for eligibility to participate in the Public
148 Employees Insurance Agency as a retired employee. As a matter of law, the Public Employees
149 Insurance Agency shall not be liable in any respect to provide plan benefits to a retired employee
150 of a nonstate employer which has opted out of the West Virginia other post-employment benefits
151 plan of the Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund pursuant to this section.

152 "Telehealth services" means the use of synchronous or asynchronous telecommunications
153 technology or audio-only telephone calls by a health care practitioner to provide health care
154 services, including, but not limited to, assessment, diagnosis, consultation, treatment, and
155 monitoring of a patient; transfer of medical data; patient and professional health-related education;
156 public health services; and health administration. The term does not include e-mail messages or
157 facsimile transmissions.

158 "Virtual telehealth" means a new patient or follow-up patient for acute care that does not
159 require chronic management or scheduled medications.

§5-16-18. Payment of costs by employer; schedule of insurance; special funds created; duties of Treasurer with respect thereto.

1 (a) All employers operating from state general revenue or special revenue funds, or federal
2 funds, or any combination of those funds, shall budget the cost of insurance coverage provided by
3 the Public Employees Insurance Agency to current and retired employees of the employer as a
4 separate line item titled PEIA in its respective annual budget and are responsible for the transfer of
5 funds to the director for the cost of insurance for employees covered by the plan. Each spending
6 unit shall pay to the director its proportionate share from each source of funds. Any agency wishing
7 to charge General Revenue Funds for insurance benefits for retirees under §5-16-13 of this code
8 shall provide documentation to the director that the benefits cannot be paid for by any special
9 revenue account or that the retiring employee has been paid solely with General Revenue Funds
10 for 12 months prior to retirement.

11 (b) If the general revenue appropriation for any employer, excluding county boards of
12 education, is insufficient to cover the cost of insurance coverage for the employer's participating
13 employees, retired employees, and surviving dependents, the employer shall pay the remainder of
14 the cost from its "personal services" or "unclassified" line items. The amount of the payments for
15 county boards of education shall be determined by the method set forth in §18-9A-24 of this code:
16 *Provided*, That local excess levy funds shall be used only for the purposes for which they were
17 raised: *Provided, however*, That after approval of its annual financial plan, but in no event later
18 than December 31 of each year, the finance board shall notify the Legislature and county boards of
19 education of the maximum amount of employer premiums that the county boards of education
20 shall pay for covered employees during the following fiscal year.

21 (c) All other employers not operating from the state General Revenue Fund shall pay to the
22 director their share of premium costs from their respective budgets. The finance board shall
23 establish the employers' share of premium costs to reflect and pay the actual costs of the coverage
24 including incurred but not reported claims.

25 (d) The contribution of the other employers that are counties, cities, or towns in the state;
26 any separate corporation or instrumentality established by one or more counties, cities, or towns,
27 as permitted by law; any corporation or instrumentality supported in most part by counties, cities or
28 towns; any public corporation charged by law with the performance of a governmental function and
29 whose jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more counties, cities, or towns; any comprehensive
30 community mental health center or comprehensive mental health facility established, operated, or
31 licensed by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources pursuant to §27-2A-
32 1 *et seq.* of this code, and which is supported in part by state, county, or municipal funds; and a
33 combined city-county health department created pursuant to §16-2-1 *et seq.* of this code for their
34 employees shall be the percentage of the cost of the employees' insurance package as the
35 employers determine reasonable and proper under their own particular circumstances.

36 (e) The employee's proportionate share of the premium or cost shall be withheld or
37 deducted by the employer from the employee's salary or wages as and when paid and the sums
38 shall be forwarded to the director with any supporting data as the director may require.

39 (f) All moneys received by the Public Employees Insurance Agency shall be deposited in a
40 special fund or funds as are necessary in the State Treasury and the Treasurer is custodian of the
41 fund or funds and shall administer the fund or funds in accordance with the provisions of this article
42 or as the director may from time to time direct. The Treasurer shall pay all warrants issued by the
43 State Auditor against the fund or funds as the director may direct in accordance with the provisions
44 of this article. All funds received by the agency, shall be deposited, as determined by the director,
45 in any of the investment pools with the West Virginia Investment Management Board, with the
46 interest income or other earnings a proper credit to all such funds for the benefit of the Public
47 Employees Insurance Agency.

48 (g) The Public Employees Insurance Agency may recover an additional interest amount
49 from any employer that fails to pay in a timely manner any premium or minimum annual employer
50 payment, as defined in §5-16D-1 *et seq.* of this code, which is due and payable to the Public

51 Employees Insurance Agency or the Retiree Health Benefit Trust. The agency may recover the
52 amount due plus an additional amount equal to 2.5 percent per annum of the amount due. Accrual
53 of interest owed by the delinquent employer commences upon the 31st day following the due date
54 for the amount owed and shall continue until receipt by the Public Employees Insurance Agency of
55 the delinquent payment. Interest shall compound every 30 days.

ARTICLE 16B. WEST VIRGINIA CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM.

**§5-16B-1. Expansion of health care coverage to children; continuation of program;
legislative directives.**

1 (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to expand access to health services for eligible children
2 and to pay for this coverage by using private, state, and federal funds to purchase those services
3 or purchase insurance coverage for those services. To achieve this intention, the West Virginia
4 Children's Health Insurance Program heretofore created shall be continued and administered by
5 the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, in accordance
6 with the provisions of this article and the applicable provisions of Title XXI of the Social Security
7 Act of 1997: *Provided*, That on and after July 1, 2022, the agencies, boards and programs
8 including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated, or related entities and funds associated with the
9 Children's Health Insurance Program and Children's Health Insurance Agency, shall be
10 incorporated in and administered as a part of the Bureau for Medical Services. ~~a division within the~~
11 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Participation in the program may be made available
12 to families of eligible children, subject to eligibility criteria and processes to be established, which
13 does not create an entitlement to coverage in any person. Nothing in this article requires any
14 appropriation of State General Revenue Funds for the payment of any benefit provided in this
15 article. If this article conflicts with the requirements of federal law, federal law governs.

16 (b) In developing a Children's Health Insurance Program that operates with the highest
17 degree of simplicity and governmental efficiency, the director shall avoid duplicating functions

18 available in existing agencies and may enter into interagency agreements for the performance of
19 specific tasks or duties at a specific or maximum contract price.

20 (c) In developing benefit plans, the director may consider any cost savings, administrative
21 efficiency, or other benefit to be gained by considering existing contracts for services with state
22 health plans and negotiating modifications of those contracts to meet the needs of the program.

23 (d) In order to enroll as many eligible children as possible in the program created by this
24 article and to expedite the effective date of their health insurance coverage, the director shall
25 develop and implement a plan whereby applications for enrollment may be taken at any primary
26 care center or other health care provider, as determined by the director, and transmitted
27 electronically to the program's offices for eligibility screening and other necessary processing. The
28 director may use any funds available to the agency in the development and implementation of the
29 plan, including grant funds or other private or public moneys.

§5-16B-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:

2 "Agency" means the Children's Health Insurance Agency, a division within the Bureau for
3 Medical Services.

4 "Board" means the Children's Health Insurance Program Advisory Board.

5 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Bureau for Medical Services appointed
6 by the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
7 Services.

8 "Director" means the deputy commissioner within the Bureau for Medical Services who
9 has responsibility for the operation and oversight of the Children's Health Insurance Agency.

10 "Essential community health service provider" means a health care provider that:

11 (1) Has historically served medically needy or medically indigent patients and
12 demonstrates a commitment to serve low-income and medically indigent populations which

13 constitute a significant portion of its patient population or, in the case of a sole community provider,
14 serves medically indigent patients within its medical capability; and

15 (2) Either waives service fees or charges fees based on a sliding scale and does not
16 restrict access or services because of a client's financial limitations. Essential community health
17 service provider includes, but is not limited to, community mental health centers, school health
18 clinics, primary care centers, pediatric health clinics or rural health clinics.

19 "Program" means the West Virginia Children's Health Insurance Program.

§5-16B-4. Children's health policy advisory board created; qualifications and removal of members; powers; duties; meetings; and compensation.

1 (a) There is hereby created the West Virginia children's health insurance advisory board,
2 which shall consist of the Director of the Public Employees Insurance Agency, the Secretary of the
3 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, or his or her
4 designee, and six citizen members appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall represent
5 children's interests and one of whom shall be a certified public accountant, to assume the duties of
6 the office immediately upon appointment. A member of the Senate, as appointed by the Senate
7 President and a member of the House of Delegates, as appointed by the Speaker of the House of
8 Delegates, shall serve as ex officio members. All appointments shall be for terms of three years,
9 except that an appointment to fill a vacancy shall be for the unexpired term only: *Provided*, That
10 the citizen members appointed prior to July 1, 2022, shall serve for the remainder of his or her term
11 of appointment and be deemed a member of the advisory board. Three of the citizen members
12 shall have at least a bachelor's degree and experience in the administration or design of public or
13 private employee or group benefit programs and the children's representative shall have
14 experience that demonstrates knowledge in the health, educational, and social needs of children.
15 No more than three citizen members may be members of the same political party and no board
16 member may represent or have a pecuniary interest in an entity reasonably expected to compete
17 for contracts under this article. Members of the board shall assume the duties of the office

18 immediately upon appointment. The director of the agency shall serve as the chairperson of the
19 board. Vacancies in the board shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

20 (b) The purpose of the advisory board is to present recommendations and alternatives for
21 the design of the annual plans and to advise the director with respect to other actions necessary to
22 be undertaken in furtherance of this article.

23 (c) The board shall meet by the call of the director.

24 (d) Each member of the advisory board shall receive reimbursement for reasonable and
25 necessary travel expenses for each day actually served in attendance at meetings of the board in
26 accordance with the state's travel rules. Requisitions for the expenses shall be accompanied by an
27 itemized statement, which shall be filed with the auditor and preserved as a public record.

**§5-16B-10. Assignment of rights; right of subrogation by children's health insurance
agency to the rights of recipients of medical assistance; rules as to effect of
subrogation.**

1 (a) *Definitions.* — As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

2 "Bureau" means the Bureau for Medical Services.

3 "Department" means the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
4 Department of Human Services, or its contracted designee.

5 "Recipient" means a person who applies for and receives assistance under the Children's
6 Health Insurance Program.

7 "Secretary" means the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
8 Department of Human Services.

9 "Third-party" means an individual or entity that is alleged to be liable to pay all or part of the
10 costs of a recipient's medical treatment and medical-related services for personal injury, disease,
11 illness, or disability, as well as any entity including, but not limited to, a business organization,
12 health service organization, insurer, or public or private agency acting by or on behalf of the
13 allegedly liable third-party.

14 (b) *Assignment of rights.* —

15 (1) Submission of an application to the children's health insurance agency for medical
16 assistance is, as a matter of law, an assignment of the right of the applicant or his or her legal
17 representative, to recover from third parties past medical expenses paid for by the children's
18 health insurance program. This assignment of rights does not extend to Medicare benefits. At the
19 time the application is made, the children's health insurance agency shall include a statement
20 along with the application that explains that the applicant has assigned all of his or her rights as
21 provided in this section and the legal implications of making this assignment.

22 (2) This section does not prevent the recipient or his or her legal representative from
23 maintaining an action for injuries or damages sustained by the recipient against any third party and
24 from including, as part of the compensatory damages sought to be recovered, the amount or
25 amounts of his or her medical expenses.

26 (3) The department shall be legally subrogated to the rights of the recipient against the
27 third party.

28 (4) The department shall have a priority right to be paid first out of any payments made to
29 the recipient for past medical expenses before the recipient can recover any of his or her own
30 costs for medical care.

31 (5) A recipient is considered to have authorized all third parties to release to the
32 department information needed by the department to secure or enforce its rights as assignee
33 under this article.

34 (c) *Notice requirement for claims and civil actions.* —

35 (1) A recipient's legal representative shall provide notice to the department within 60 days
36 of asserting a claim against a third party. If the claim is asserted in a formal civil action, the
37 recipient's legal representative shall notify the department within 60 days of service of the
38 complaint and summons upon the third party by causing a copy of the summons and a copy of the
39 complaint to be served on the department as though it were named a party defendant.

40 (2) If the recipient has no legal representative and the third party knows or reasonably
41 should know that a recipient has no representation then the third party shall provide notice to the
42 department within 60 days of receipt of a claim or within 30 days of receipt of information or
43 documentation reflecting the recipient is receiving children's health insurance program benefits,
44 whichever is later in time.

45 (3) In any civil action implicated by this section, the department may file a notice of
46 appearance and shall thereafter have the right to file and receive pleadings, intervene, and take
47 other action permitted by law.

48 (4) The department shall provide the recipient and the third party, if the recipient is without
49 legal representation, notice of the amount of the purported subrogation lien within 30 days of
50 receipt of notice of the claim. The department shall provide related supplements in a timely
51 manner, but no later than 15 days after receipt of a request for same.

52 (d) *Notice of settlement requirement.* —

53 (1) A recipient or his or her representative shall notify the department of a settlement with a
54 third party and retain in escrow an amount equal to the amount of the subrogation lien asserted by
55 the department. The notification shall include the amount of the settlement being allocated for past
56 medical expenses paid for by the Medicaid program. Within 30 days of the receipt of any such
57 notice, the department shall notify the recipient of its consent or rejection of the proposed
58 allocation. If the department consents, the recipient or his or her legal representation shall issue
59 payment out of the settlement proceeds in a manner directed by the secretary or his or her
60 designee within 30 days of consent to the proposed allocation.

61 (2) If the total amount of the settlement is less than the department's subrogation lien, then
62 the settling parties shall obtain the department's consent to the settlement before finalizing the
63 settlement. The department shall advise the parties within 30 days and provide a detailed
64 itemization of all past medical expenses paid by the department on behalf of the recipient for which
65 the department seeks reimbursement out of the settlement proceeds.

66 (3) If the department rejects the proposed allocation, the department shall seek a judicial
67 determination within 30 days and provide a detailed itemization of all past medical expenses paid
68 by the department on behalf of the recipient for which the department seeks reimbursement out of
69 the settlement proceeds.

70 (A) If judicial determination becomes necessary, the trial court is required to hold an
71 evidentiary hearing. The recipient and the department shall be provided ample notice of the same
72 and be given just opportunity to present the necessary evidence, including fact witness and expert
73 witness testimony, to establish the amount to which the department is entitled to be reimbursed
74 pursuant to this section.

75 (B) The department has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the
76 allocation agreed to by the parties was improper. For purposes of appeal, the trial court's decision
77 should be set forth in a detailed order containing the requisite findings of fact and conclusions of
78 law to support its rulings.

79 (4) Any settlement by a recipient with one or more third parties which would otherwise fully
80 resolve the recipient's claim for an amount collectively not to exceed \$20,000 shall be exempt from
81 the provisions of this section.

82 (5) Nothing herein prevents a recipient from seeking judicial intervention to resolve any
83 dispute as to allocation prior to effectuating a settlement with a third party.

84 (e) *Department failure to respond to notice of settlement.* — If the department fails to
85 appropriately respond to a notification of settlement, the amount to which the department is
86 entitled to be paid from the settlement shall be limited to the amount of the settlement the recipient
87 has allocated toward past medical expenses.

88 (f) *Penalty for failure to notify the department.* — A legal representative acting on behalf of
89 a recipient or third party that fails to comply with the provisions of this section is liable to the
90 department for all reimbursement amounts the department would otherwise have been entitled to

91 collect pursuant to this section but for the failure to comply. Under no circumstances may a pro se
92 recipient be penalized for failing to comply with the provisions of this section.

93 (g) *Miscellaneous provisions relating to trial.* —

94 (1) Where an action implicated by this section is tried by a jury, the jury may not be
95 informed at any time as to the subrogation lien of the department.

96 (2) Where an action implicated by this section is tried by judge or jury, the trial judge shall,
97 or in the instance of a jury trial, require that the jury precisely identify the amount of the verdict
98 awarded that represents past medical expenses.

99 (3) Upon the entry of judgment on the verdict, the court shall direct that upon satisfaction of
100 the judgment any damages awarded for past medical expenses be withheld and paid directly to
101 the department, not to exceed the amount of past medical expenses paid by the department on
102 behalf of the recipient.

103 (h) *Attorneys' fees.* — Irrespective of whether an action or claim is terminated by judgment
104 or settlement without trial, from the amount required to be paid to the department there shall be
105 deducted the reasonable costs and attorneys' fees attributable to the amount in accordance with
106 and in proportion to the fee arrangement made between the recipient and his or her attorney of
107 record so that the department shall bear the pro-rata share of the reasonable costs and attorneys'
108 fees: *Provided*, That if there is no recovery, the department may under no circumstances be liable
109 for any costs or attorneys' fees expended in the matter.

110 (i) *Class actions and multiple plaintiff actions not authorized.* — Nothing in this article
111 authorizes the department to institute a class action or multiple plaintiff action against any
112 manufacturer, distributor, or vendor of any product to recover medical care expenditures paid for
113 by the Medicaid program.

114 (j) *Secretary's authority.* — The secretary or his or her designee may compromise, settle,
115 and execute a release of any claim relating to the department's right of subrogation, in whole or in
116 part.

ARTICLE 26. HERBERT HENDERSON OFFICE ON MINORITY AFFAIRS.

§5-26-1. Herbert Henderson Office of Minority Affairs; duties and responsibilities.

1 (a) The Herbert Henderson Office of Minority Affairs within the Office of the Governor is
2 continued. The office shall:

3 (1) Provide a forum for discussion of issues that affect the state's minorities;

4 (2) Identify and promote best practices in the provision of programs and services to
5 minorities;

6 (3) Review information and research that can inform state policy as to the delivery of
7 programs and services to minorities;

8 (4) Make recommendations in areas of policy and allocation of resources;

9 (5) Apply for grants, and accept gifts from private and public sources for research to
10 improve and enhance minority affairs;

11 (6) Integrate and coordinate state grant and loan programs established specifically for
12 minority related issues;

13 (7) Award grants, loans and loan guaranties for minority affairs programs and activities in
14 this state if such funds are available from grants or gifts from public or private sources;

15 (8) Identify other state and local agencies and programs that provide services or
16 assistance to minorities;

17 (9) Establish the appropriate program linkages with related federal, state and local
18 agencies and programs including, but not limited to, the Office of Minority Health located within the
19 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health and the Economic
20 Development Authority established pursuant to article fifteen, chapter 31 of this code; and

21 (10) Provide recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature regarding the most
22 appropriate means to provide programs and services to support minority groups in the state.

23 (b) On or before January 1 of each year, the office shall submit a report to the Governor and
24 the Joint Committee on Government and Finance. The report may include, but is not limited to,
25 findings and recommendations regarding:

26 (1) The extent to which programs and services for minorities are available in the state, and
27 to which funding for providing those programs and services is available;

28 (2) The most appropriate means for the planning, delivery and evaluation of existing and
29 needed programs and services for minority groups in the manner that best promotes diversity and
30 regional, cultural and ethnic sensitivity;

31 (3) Recommendations for the coordination of programs and services to minority groups
32 throughout the state and with those of other states and the federal government;

33 (4) Identifications of governmental and private agencies, offices, departments or other
34 entities in existence or recommended for creation that would, alone or in concert, most effectively
35 improve the delivery of programs and services to minority groups throughout the state;

36 (5) Recommendations for changes to law that would facilitate the achievement of the
37 objectives of the office; and

38 (6) Other matters as the office may determine appropriate to its purposes.

39 (c) The Governor shall appoint an executive director of the office to carry out its functions,
40 and shall provide funding and offices for those purposes. The executive director shall serve at the
41 will and pleasure of the Governor.

42 (d) The executive director may hire one administrative assistant to assist in carrying out the
43 functions of the office.

44 (e) On or before January 1 of each year, the office shall report to the Select Committee on
45 Minority Affairs Interim Committee on the efforts and progress of the office.

46 (f) The executive director shall review and consider any recommendations of the Select
47 Committee on Minority Affairs Interim Committee's report and recommendations.

ARTICLE 29. EXPEDITIOUS ISSUANCE OF LICENSES BY REGULATORY AGENCIES.

§5-29-2. Regulatory agencies to study expedited permits, licenses and certificates; reports to the Legislature.

2 (a) The following regulatory agencies shall study, review and develop a plan for expediting
3 the issuance and renewal of permits, licenses and certificates for business entities in good
4 standing:

5 (1) Division of labor;

6 (2) The office of miners' health, safety and training;

7 (3) The Division of Forestry;

8 (4) The Office of Health Facilities Licensure and Certification; ~~within the Department of~~
9 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ and

10 (5) The Department of Environmental Protection excepting the oil and gas inspectors'
11 examining board.

12 (b) On or before December 1, 2004, each agency to which this article applies shall file a
13 report with the joint standing committee on government organization, setting forth the findings of
14 its study, its plan to expedite the issuance and renewal of permits, licenses and certificates to
15 business entities in good standing, and its recommendations for any legislation required to meet
16 the purposes of this article.

CHAPTER 5A. DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

ARTICLE 1A. EMPLOYEE SUGGESTION AWARD BOARD.

§5A-1A-2. Board created; term of members.

1 There is hereby continued an employee suggestion award board which shall be composed
2 of the Secretary of Administration or his or her designee, Governor's Chief Technology Officer or
3 his or her designee, the President of the Senate or his or her designee, the Speaker of the House

4 of Delegates or his or her designee, two members of the House of Delegates from different
5 political parties to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, two members of the
6 Senate from different political parties to be appointed by the President of the Senate, and the
7 Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, or
8 his or her designee. The terms of the members of the board shall be consistent with the terms of
9 the offices to which they have been elected or appointed.

ARTICLE 2. FINANCE DIVISION.

§5A-2-34. Study of centralized accounting system.

1 [Repealed]

ARTICLE 3. PURCHASING DIVISION.

§5A-3-1a. Prescription drug products.

1 In addition to other provisions of this article, the division is authorized, on behalf of the
2 Public Employees Insurance Agency, the schools of medicine of the state colleges and
3 universities, the department of vocational rehabilitation and the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
4 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services, to negotiate and enter into agreements directly with
5 manufacturers and distributors whose prescription drug products are sold in the state for sole-
6 source and multiple-source drugs to be paid for under a state program for eligible recipients. Such
7 agreements shall provide for a rebate of a negotiated percentage of the total product cost to be
8 paid by the manufacturer or distributor of a specific product. Each agency is authorized to
9 establish, either singularly or together with other agencies, a drug formulary.

10 Prescription drug products are included in the drug formulary only upon completion of the
11 application to and approval of the division. Those products for which a rebate is successfully
12 negotiated are automatically included in the drug formulary for a period of time coterminous with
13 the negotiated rebate.

14 If there has been a failure to negotiate or renew a rebate agreement for a specific
15 prescription drug product, the pharmaceutical manufacturer of that product shall disclose to the
16 division its most favorable pricing arrangements available to state and nonstate government
17 purchasers. If the division determines that the product needs to be included in the drug formulary,
18 with the approval of the agency the division shall establish the amount to be reimbursed for the
19 product based upon the price information provided by the manufacturer. The determination as to
20 whether a product should be included in the drug formulary is based on the product's efficiency,
21 cost, medical necessity and safety. Any rebate returns, as a result of the provisions of this section
22 regarding prescription drugs, shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund.

23 It is expressly recognized that no other entity may interfere with the discretion and
24 judgment given to the single state agency that administers the state's Medicaid program.
25 Therefore, the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services is
26 authorized to negotiate rebates as provided for in this section.

**§5A-3-3b. Exemption of facilities providing direct patient care services that are managed,
directed, controlled and governed by the Secretary of the Department of Health
Facilities.**

1 Notwithstanding any provisions of section one or three of this article to the contrary, the
2 provisions of this article do not apply to facilities providing direct patient care services that are
3 managed, directed, controlled and governed by the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and~~
4 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities: *Provided*, That on or before July 1, 2020, the
5 Legislative Auditor shall audit the purchasing procedures of the facilities described in this section
6 and report the results to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance on the effects of
7 exempting said facilities from the provisions of this article, including, but not limited to, any realized
8 cost savings and changes in purchasing policies resulting from such exemption.

CHAPTER 5B. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1985.

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

§5B-2-15. Upper Kanawha Valley Resiliency and Revitalization Program.

1 (a) *Definitions.* —

2 (1) *General.* — Terms defined in this section have the meanings ascribed to them by this
3 section, unless a different meaning is clearly required by either the context in which the term is
4 used, or by specific definition in this section.

5 (2) *Terms Defined.* —

6 "Contributing partners" means those entities or their representatives described in
7 subsection (f) of this section.

8 "Prioritize" means, with regard to resources, planning, and technical assistance, that the
9 members of the revitalization council are required to waive their discretionary program guidelines
10 to allow funding requests that may fall outside of the program's guidelines but address the Upper
11 Kanawha Valley communities' goals for revitalization: *Provided*, That properly filed funding
12 applications by Upper Kanawha Valley communities shall be given preferential treatment.

13 "Program" means the Upper Kanawha Valley Resiliency and Revitalization Program
14 established in this section.

15 "Revitalization council" means those entities or their representatives described in
16 subsection (d) of this section.

17 "Technical assistance" means resources provided by the state, revitalization council,
18 contributing partners, or any other individuals or entities providing programming, funding, or other
19 support to benefit the Upper Kanawha Valley under the program.

20 "Upper Kanawha Valley" means an area historically known as the Upper Kanawha Valley
21 including municipalities and surrounding areas from the Charleston city limits to Gauley Bridge or
22 other communities in the vicinity of the West Virginia University Institute of Technology.

23 "Upper Kanawha Valley Resiliency and Revitalization Program" means the entire process
24 undertaken to further the goals of this section, including collaboration development and
25 implementation between the members, contributors, and technical assistance resource providers.

26 (b) *Legislative purpose, findings, and intent.* —

27 (1) The decision to relocate the historic campus of the West Virginia University Institute of
28 Technology from Montgomery, West Virginia, to Beckley, West Virginia, will have a dramatic
29 economic impact on the Upper Kanawha Valley.

30 (2) The purpose of this section is to establish the Upper Kanawha Valley Resiliency and
31 Revitalization Program. To further this purpose, this program creates a collaboration among state
32 government, higher education, and private and nonprofit sectors to streamline technical
33 assistance capacity, existing services, and other resources to facilitate community revitalization in
34 the Upper Kanawha Valley.

35 (3) It is the intent of the Legislature to identify existing state resources that can be
36 prioritized to support the Upper Kanawha Valley, generate thoughtful and responsible ideas to
37 mitigate the negative effects of the departure of the West Virginia Institute of Technology from the
38 Upper Kanawha Valley, and help chart a new course and prosperous future for the Upper
39 Kanawha Valley.

40 (c) *Upper Kanawha Valley Resiliency and Revitalization Program established; duration of*
41 *program.* —

42 (1) The Development Office shall establish the Upper Kanawha Valley Resiliency and
43 Revitalization Program in accordance with the provisions of this section. The program shall
44 inventory existing assets and resources, prioritize planning and technical assistance, and
45 determine such other assistance as might be available to revitalize communities in the Upper
46 Kanawha Valley.

47 (2) The program shall remain active until it concludes its work on June 30, 2024, and
48 delivers a final report to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance no later than October 1,
49 2024.

50 (d) *Revitalization council created.* — There is hereby created a revitalization council to
51 fulfill the purposes of this section. The revitalization council shall be coordinated by the
52 Department of Economic Development and be subject to oversight by the secretary of the
53 department. The following entities shall serve as members of the revitalization council:

54 (1) The Secretary of the Department of Economic Development or their designee, who
55 shall serve as chairperson of the council;

56 (2) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
57 Health or their designee;

58 (3) The Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture or their designee;

59 (4) The Executive Director of the West Virginia Housing Development Fund or their
60 designee;

61 (5) A representative from the Kanawha County Commission;

62 (6) A representative from the Fayette County Commission;

63 (7) The mayor, or their designee, from the municipalities of Montgomery, Smithers, Pratt,
64 and Gauley Bridge;

65 (8) A representative from Bridge Valley Community and Technical College; and

66 (9) A representative from West Virginia University.

67 (e) *Duties of the revitalization council.* —

68 (1) The council shall identify existing state resources that can be prioritized to support
69 economic development efforts in the Upper Kanawha Valley.

70 (2) The council shall direct existing resources in a unified effort and in conjunction with
71 contributing partners, as applicable, to support the Upper Kanawha Valley.

72 (3) The council shall develop a rapid response strategy to attract or develop new
73 enterprises and job-creating opportunities in the Upper Kanawha Valley.

74 (4) The council shall conduct or commission a comprehensive assessment of assets
75 available at the campus of the West Virginia Institute of Technology and determine how those
76 assets will be preserved and repurposed.

77 (5) The council shall assist communities in the Upper Kanawha Valley by developing an
78 economic plan to diversify and advance the community.

79 (6) Members of the council shall support both the planning and implementation for the
80 program and shall give priority wherever possible to programmatic activity and discretionary,
81 noncompetitive funding during the period the program remains in effect.

82 (7) Members of the council shall work together to leverage funding or other agency
83 resources to benefit efforts to revitalize the Upper Kanawha Valley.

84 (f) *Contributing partners.* — To the extent possible, the revitalization council shall
85 incorporate the resources and expertise of additional providers of technical assistance to support
86 the program, which shall include but not be limited to:

87 (1) The West Virginia Small Business Development Center;

88 (2) The Center for Rural Health Development;

89 (3) The West Virginia University Brickstreet Center for Entrepreneurship;

90 (4) The West Virginia University Land Use and Sustainability Law Clinic;

91 (5) The West Virginia University Center for Big Ideas;

92 (6) The New River Gorge Regional Development Authority;

93 (7) The Appalachian Transportation Institute;

94 (8) The Marshall University Center for Business and Economic Research;

95 (9) TechConnect;

96 (10) The West Virginia Community Development Hub;

97 (11) The West Virginia University Northern Brownfields Assistance Center;

98 (12) West Virginia State University Extension Service; and

99 (13) West Virginia University Extension Service, Community, Economic and Workforce
100 Development.

101 (g) *Reporting and agency accountability.* — The revitalization council, in coordination with
102 its contributing partners, as applicable, shall report annually to the Governor and the Legislature
103 detailing the progress of the technical assistance support provided by the program, the strategic
104 plan for the Upper Kanawha Valley, and the results of these efforts. The annual report to the
105 Legislature shall be made to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance regarding the
106 previous fiscal year no later than October 1 of each year. Copies of the annual report to the
107 Legislature shall be provided to the county commissions and the mayors of the Upper Kanawha
108 Valley.

109 (h) *Economic incentives for businesses investing in the Upper Kanawha Valley.* — The
110 Department of Economic Development and the revitalization council, as applicable, shall work to
111 educate businesses investing, or interested in investing, in the Upper Kanawha Valley, about the
112 availability of, and access to, economic development assistance, including but not limited to, the
113 economic opportunity tax credit provided in §11-13Q-19 of this code; the manufacturing
114 investment tax credit provided under §11-13S-1 *et seq.* of this code; and any other applicable tax
115 credit or development assistance.

116 (i) *Use of state property and equipment; faculty.* — The Department of Economic
117 Development or other owner of state property and equipment in the Upper Kanawha Valley is
118 authorized to provide for the low cost and economical use and sharing of state property and
119 equipment, including computers, research labs, and other scientific and necessary equipment to
120 assist any business within the Upper Kanawha Valley at a nominal or reduced-cost
121 reimbursements to the state for that use.

**CHAPTER 5F. REORGANIZATION OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF
STATE GOVERNMENT.**

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§5F-1-2. Executive departments created; offices of secretary created.

1 (a) There are created, within the executive branch of the state government, the following
2 departments:

3 (1) Department of Administration;

4 (2) Department of Environmental Protection;

5 (3) Department of Health; and Human Resources: ~~Provided, That the Department of~~
6 ~~Health and Human Resources is terminated beginning January 1, 2024~~

7 (4) Department of Homeland Security;

8 (5) Department of Revenue;

9 (6) Department of Transportation;

10 (7) Department of Commerce;

11 (8) Department of Veterans' Assistance;

12 (9) Department of Economic Development;

13 (10) Department of Tourism;

14 (11) ~~Beginning January 1, 2024, the following:~~

15 ~~(A) Department of Human Services; and~~

16 ~~(B) Department of Health; and~~

17 ~~(C) (12) Department of Health Facilities.~~

18 (b) Each department will be headed by a secretary appointed by the Governor with the
19 advice and consent of the Senate. Each secretary serves at the will and pleasure of the Governor.

CHAPTER 6. GENERAL PROVISIONS RESPECTING OFFICERS

ARTICLE 7. COMPENSATION AND ALLOWANCES.

§6-7-2a. Terms of certain appointive state officers; appointment; qualifications; powers and salaries of officers.

1 (a) Each of the following appointive state officers named in this subsection shall be
2 appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Each of the
3 appointive state officers serves at the will and pleasure of the Governor for the term for which the
4 Governor was elected and until the respective state officers' successors have been appointed and
5 qualified. Each of the appointive state officers are subject to the existing qualifications for holding
6 each respective office and each has and is hereby granted all of the powers and authority and shall
7 perform all of the functions and services heretofore vested in and performed by virtue of existing
8 law respecting each office.

9 The annual salary of each named appointive state officer is as follows:

10 Commissioner, Division of Highways, \$92,500; Commissioner, Division of Corrections and
11 Rehabilitation, \$90,000; Director, Division of Natural Resources, \$75,000; Superintendent, State
12 Police, \$85,000; Commissioner, Division of Financial Institutions, \$75,000; Commissioner,
13 Division of Culture and History, \$65,000; Commissioner, Alcohol Beverage Control Commission,
14 \$75,000; Commissioner, Division of Motor Vehicles, \$75,000; Director, Human Rights
15 Commission, \$55,000; Commissioner, Division of Labor, \$70,000; Chairperson, Board of Parole,
16 \$55,000; members, Board of Parole, \$50,000; members, Employment Security Review Board,
17 \$17,000; and Commissioner, Workforce West Virginia, \$75,000. Secretaries of the departments
18 shall be paid an annual salary as follows: Health and Human Resources, \$95,000: *Provided*, That
19 effective July 1, 2013, the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
20 Department of Human Services, the Secretary of the Department of Health, and the Secretary of
21 the Department of Health Facilities shall be paid an annual salary not to exceed \$175,000;
22 Transportation, \$95,000: *Provided, however*, That if the same person is serving as both the
23 Secretary of Transportation and the Commissioner of Highways, he or she shall be paid \$120,000;
24 Revenue, \$95,000; Military Affairs and Public Safety, \$95,000; Administration, \$95,000; Education

25 and the Arts, \$95,000; Commerce, \$95,000; Veterans' Assistance, \$95,000; and Environmental
26 Protection, \$95,000: *Provided further*, That any officer specified in this subsection whose salary is
27 increased by more than \$5,000 as a result of the amendment and reenactment of this section
28 during the 2011 regular session of the Legislature shall be paid the salary increase in increments
29 of \$5,000 per fiscal year beginning July 1, 2011, up to the maximum salary provided in this
30 subsection.

31 (b) Each of the state officers named in this subsection shall continue to be appointed in the
32 manner prescribed in this code and shall be paid an annual salary as follows:

33 Director, Board of Risk and Insurance Management, \$80,000; Director, Division of
34 Rehabilitation Services, \$70,000; Director, Division of Personnel, \$70,000; Executive Director,
35 Educational Broadcasting Authority, \$75,000; Secretary, Library Commission, \$72,000; Director,
36 Geological and Economic Survey, \$75,000; Executive Director, Prosecuting Attorneys Institute,
37 \$80,000; Executive Director, Public Defender Services, \$70,000; Commissioner, Bureau of Senior
38 Services, \$75,000; Executive Director, Women's Commission, \$45,000; Director, Hospital
39 Finance Authority, \$35,000; member, Racing Commission, \$12,000; Chairman, Public Service
40 Commission, \$85,000; members, Public Service Commission, \$85,000; Director, Division of
41 Forestry, \$75,000; and Executive Director of the Health Care Authority, \$80,000.

42 (c) Each of the following appointive state officers named in this subsection shall be
43 appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Each of the
44 appointive state officers serves at the will and pleasure of the Governor for the term for which the
45 Governor was elected and until the respective state officers' successors have been appointed and
46 qualified. Each of the appointive state officers are subject to the existing qualifications for holding
47 each respective office and each has and is hereby granted all of the powers and authority and shall
48 perform all of the functions and services heretofore vested in and performed by virtue of existing
49 law respecting each office.

50 The annual salary of each named appointive state officer shall be as follows:

51 Commissioner, State Tax Division, \$92,500; Insurance Commissioner, \$92,500; Lottery
52 Director, \$110,000; Director, Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management,
53 \$65,000; and Adjutant General, \$125,000.

54 (d) No increase in the salary of any appointive state officer pursuant to this section may be
55 paid until and unless the appointive state officer has first filed with the State Auditor and the
56 Legislative Auditor a sworn statement, on a form to be prescribed by the Attorney General,
57 certifying that his or her spending unit is in compliance with any general law providing for a salary
58 increase for his or her employees. The Attorney General shall prepare and distribute the form to
59 the affected spending units.

60 (e) The annual salary of each appointive state officer named in this section shall continue
61 in the amount as set forth in this section from the effective date of the amendments to this section
62 enacted in 2020, until the position held by the officer is vacated or until July 1, 2020, whichever
63 occurs first. After the vacancy or after July 1, 2020, whichever occurs first, unless otherwise
64 prohibited by law, the annual salary of each appointed state officer named in this section shall be
65 fixed by the Governor within the current budget allocation. In the event the annual salary fixed by
66 the Governor for an appointed state officer named in this section exceeds the amount set forth in
67 this section for the appointed state officer, the amount of the annual salary for the appointed state
68 officer shall be set forth in a line-item in the budget bill, and payment of an annual salary to the
69 appointed state officer may not exceed that amount but may be lower than the salary approved in
70 the budget bill or established in this section. The salary of a newly appointed state officer named in
71 this section shall be included in the appointment letter for the position.

72 The amendment and reenactment of this section in the third extraordinary session of the
73 Legislature, 2021, shall not operate to reduce the salary of any appointive state officer whose
74 salary has been increased pursuant to this subsection since July 1, 2020.

CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 1. COUNTY COMMISSIONS GENERALLY.

§7-1-3a. Construction of waterworks; sewers and sewage disposal plants; improvements of streets, alleys and sidewalks; assessment of cost of sanitary sewers, improved streets and maintenance of roads not in the state road system.

1 In addition to all other powers and duties now conferred by law upon county commissions,
2 such commissions are hereby authorized and empowered to install, construct, repair, maintain
3 and operate waterworks, water mains, sewer lines and sewage disposal plants in connection
4 therewith within their respective counties: *Provided*, That the county commission of Webster
5 County is authorized to expend county funds in the opening of, and upkeep of a sulphur well now
6 situate on county property: *Provided, however*, That such authority and power herein conferred
7 upon county commissions shall not extend into the territory within any municipal corporation:
8 *Provided further*, That any county commission is hereby authorized to enter into contracts or
9 agreements with any municipality within the county, or with a municipality in an adjoining county,
10 with reference to the exercise of the powers vested in such commissions by this section.

11 Considering the importance of public fire protection, any county commission, public
12 service district, public or private utility which installs, constructs, maintains, or upgrades water
13 mains shall ensure that all new mains specifically intended to provide fire protection are supplied
14 by mains which are not less than six inches in diameter. A permit or other written approval shall be
15 obtained from the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health for each
16 hydrant or group of hydrants installed in compliance with §16-1-9 of the West Virginia code as
17 amended: *Provided*, That all newly constructed water distribution systems transferred to a public
18 or private utility shall have mains at least six inches in diameter where fire flows are desired or
19 required by the public or private utility: *Provided, however*, That the utility providing service has
20 sufficient hydraulic capacity as determined by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
21 Department of Health.

22 In addition to the foregoing, the county commission shall have the power to improve
23 streets, sidewalks and alleys and lay sewers and enter into contracts for maintenance of county
24 roads and subdivision roads used by the public but not in the state road system as follows: Upon
25 petition in writing duly verified, of the persons, firms or corporations owning not less than sixty
26 percent of the frontage of the lots abutting on both sides of any street or alley, between any two
27 cross-streets, or between a cross-street and an alley in any unincorporated community, requesting
28 the county commission so to do according to plans and specifications submitted with such petition
29 and offering to have their property so abutting assessed not only with their portion of the cost of
30 such improvement abutting upon their respective properties, but also offering to have their said
31 properties proportionately assessed with the total cost of paving, grading and curbing the
32 intersections of such streets and alleys, or the total cost of maintenance of county roads or
33 subdivision roads used by the public but not in the state road system, the county commission may
34 cause any such street or alley to be improved or paved or repaved substantially with the materials
35 and according to such plans and specifications as hereinafter provided: *Provided*, That the county
36 commission is further authorized, if the said county commission so determines by a unanimous
37 vote of its constituted membership, that two or more intersecting streets, sidewalks, alleys and
38 sewers, should be improved as one project, in order to satisfy peculiar problems resulting from
39 access as well as drainage problems, then, in that event, the said county commission may order
40 such improvements as one single unit and project, upon petition in writing duly verified of the
41 persons, firms or corporations owning not less than sixty percent of the frontage of the lots abutting
42 on both sides of all streets or alleys, or portions thereof included by said county commission in said
43 unit and project.

44 The total cost including labor and materials, engineering, and legal service of grading and
45 paving, curbing, improving any such road, street or alley (including the cost of the intersections)
46 and assessing the cost thereof shall be borne by the owners of the land abutting upon such road,
47 street or alley when the work is completed and accepted according to the following plan, that is to

48 say, payment is to be made by all landowners on either side of such road, street or alley so paved
49 or improved in such proportion of the total cost as the frontage in feet of each owner's land so
50 abutting bears to the total frontage of all the land so abutting on such road, street or alley, so paved
51 or improved as aforesaid, which computation shall be made by the county engineer or surveyor
52 and certified by him or her to the clerk of said commission.

53 Upon petition in writing duly verified, of the persons, firms or corporations owning not less
54 than sixty percent of the frontage of the lots abutting on one side of any county or subdivision road
55 or roads between any two cross-roads, all used by the public but not in the state road system or
56 street between any two cross-streets or between a cross-street and an alley in any unincorporated
57 community requesting the county commission so to do according to plans and specifications
58 submitted with such petition and offering to have their property so abutting assessed with the total
59 cost thereof, the county commission may cause any sidewalk to be improved, or paved, or
60 repaved, substantially with such materials according to such plans and specifications and the total
61 cost including labor and materials, engineering and legal service of improving, grading, paving or
62 repaving such sidewalk and assessing the cost thereof shall, when the work is completed and
63 accepted, be assessed against the owners of the lots or fractional part of lots abutting on such
64 sidewalk, in such portion of the total cost as the frontage in feet of each owner's land so abutting
65 bears to the total frontage of all lots so abutting on such sidewalk so paved or improved, as
66 aforesaid, which computation shall be made by the county engineer or surveyor and certified by
67 him or her to the clerk of said commission.

68 Upon petition in writing duly verified, of the persons, firms or corporations owning not less
69 than sixty percent of the frontage of the lots abutting on both sides of any street or alley, in any
70 unincorporated community requesting the county commission so to do according to plans and
71 specifications submitted with such petition and offering to have their property so abutting assessed
72 with the cost, as hereinafter provided, the county commission may lay and construct sanitary
73 sewers in any street or alley with such materials and substantially according to such plans and

74 specifications and when such sewer is completed and accepted, the county engineer or surveyor
75 shall report to the county commission, in writing, the total cost of such sewer and a description of
76 the lots and lands, as to the location, frontage, depth and ownership liable for such sewer
77 assessment, so far as the same may be ascertained, together with the amount chargeable against
78 each lot and owner, calculated in the following manner: The total cost of constructing and laying
79 the sewer including labor, materials, legal and engineering services shall be borne by the owners
80 of the land abutting upon the streets and alleys, in which the sewer is laid according to the
81 following plan: Payment is to be made by each landowner on either side of such portion of a street
82 or alley in which such sewer is laid, in such proportions as the frontage of his or her land upon said
83 street or alley bears to the total frontage of all lots so abutting on such street or alley. In case of a
84 corner lot, frontage is to be measured along the longest dimensions thereof abutting on such street
85 or alley in which such sewer is laid. Any lot having a depth of two hundred feet or more, and
86 fronting on two streets or alleys, one in the front and one in the rear of said lot, shall be assessed
87 on both of said streets or alleys if a sewer is laid in both such streets and alleys. Where a corner lot
88 has been assessed on the end it shall not be assessed on the side for the same sewer and where it
89 has been assessed on the side it shall not be assessed on the end for the same sewer.

90 If the petitioners request the improvement of any such county road or subdivision road,
91 street, alley or sidewalk in a manner which does not require the permanent paving or repaving
92 thereof, the county commission shall likewise have authority to improve such county road or
93 subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk, substantially as requested in such petition, and the total
94 cost thereof including labor, materials, engineering and legal services shall be assessed against
95 the abutting owners in the proportion which the frontage of their lots abutting upon such county
96 road or subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk bears to the total frontage of all lots abutting
97 upon such street, alley or sidewalk so improved.

98 Upon the filing of such petition and before work is begun, or let to contract, the county
99 commission shall fix a time and place for hearing protests and shall require the petitioners to post

100 notice of such hearing in at least two conspicuous places on the county road or subdivision road,
101 street, alley or sidewalk affected, and to give notice thereof by publication of such notice as a Class
102 I legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this
103 code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the county in which the improvement is
104 to be made. The hearing shall be held not less than ten nor more than thirty days after the filing of
105 such petition.

106 At the time and place set for hearing protests the county commission may examine
107 witnesses and consider other evidence to show that said petition was filed in good faith; that the
108 signatures thereto are genuine; and that the proposed improvement, paving, repaving or sewerage
109 will result in special benefits to all owners of property abutting on said county road or subdivision
110 road, street, alley or sidewalk in an amount at least equal in value to the cost thereof. The
111 commission shall within ten days thereafter enter a formal order stating its decision and if the
112 petition be granted shall proceed after due advertisement, reserving the right to reject any or all
113 bids, to let a contract for such work and materials to the lowest responsible bidder.

114 Any owner of property abutting upon said county road or subdivision road, street, alley or
115 sidewalk aggrieved by such order shall have the right to review the same on the record made
116 before the county commission by filing within ten days after the entry of such order a petition with
117 the clerk of the circuit court assigning errors and giving bond in a penalty to be fixed by the circuit
118 court to pay any costs or expenses incurred upon such appeal should the order of the county
119 commission be affirmed. The circuit court shall proceed to review the matter as in other cases of
120 appeal from the county commission.

121 All assessments made under this section shall be certified to the county clerk and recorded
122 in a proper trust deed book and indexed in the name of the owner of any lot or fractional part of a lot
123 so assessed. The assessment so made shall be a lien on the property liable therefor, and shall
124 have priority over all other liens except those for taxes, and may be enforced by a civil action in the
125 name of the contractor performing the work in the same manner as provided for other liens for

126 permanent improvements. Such assessment shall be paid in not more than ten equal annual
127 installments, bearing interest at a rate not to exceed twelve percent per annum, as follows: The
128 first installment, together with interest on the whole assessment, shall be paid not later than one
129 year from the date of such assessment, and a like installment with interest on the whole amount
130 remaining unpaid each year thereafter until the principal and all interest shall have been paid in
131 full.

132 The county commission may issue coupon-bearing certificates payable in not more than
133 ten equal annual installments for the amount of such assessment and the interest thereon, to be
134 paid by the owner of any lot or fractional part thereof, fronting on such county road or subdivision
135 road, street, alley or sidewalk which has been improved, paved, or repaved or in which a sewer
136 has been laid, as aforesaid, and the holder of said certificate shall have a lien having priority over
137 all other liens except those for taxes upon the lot or part of lot fronting on such county road or
138 subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk, and such certificate shall likewise draw interest from the
139 date of assessment at a rate not to exceed twelve percent per annum, and payment thereof may
140 be enforced in the name of the holder of said certificate by proper civil action in any court having
141 jurisdiction to enforce such lien.

142 Certificates authorized under this section may be issued, sold or negotiated to the
143 contractor doing the work, or to his or her assignee, or to any person, firm or corporation: *Provided,*
144 That the county commission in issuing such certificates shall not be held as a guarantor, or in any
145 way liable for the payment thereof. Certificates so issued shall contain a provision to the effect that
146 in the event of default in the payment of any one or more of said installments, when due, said
147 default continuing for a period of sixty days, all unpaid installments shall thereupon become due
148 and payable, and the owner of said certificates may proceed to collect the unpaid balance thereof
149 in the manner hereinbefore provided.

150 In all cases where petitioners request paving or repaving, or the laying of sewers under the
151 provisions of this section, the county commission shall let the work of grading, paving, curbing or

152 sewerage to contract to the lowest responsible bidder. In each such case the county commission
153 shall require a bond in the penalty of the contract price guaranteeing the faithful performance of
154 the work and each such contract shall require the contractor to repair any defects due to defective
155 workmanship or materials discovered within one year after the completion of the work.

156 Upon presentation to the clerk of the county commission of the certificates evidencing the
157 lien, duly canceled and marked paid by the holder thereof, or evidence of payment of the
158 assessment if no certificates have been issued, said clerk shall execute and acknowledge a
159 release of the lien which release may be recorded, as other releases in the office of the clerk of the
160 county commission.

161 The owner of any lot or fractional part of a lot abutting upon such county road or subdivision
162 road, street, alley or sidewalk so improved, paved, repaved, or sewerage shall have the right to
163 anticipate the payment of any such assessment or certificate by paying the principal amount due,
164 with interest accrued thereon to date of payment, and also to pay the entire amount, without
165 interest at any time, within thirty days following the date of the assessment.

166 Nothing in this section contained shall be construed to authorize the county commissions
167 of the various counties to acquire any road construction, ditching or paving equipment. The county
168 commissions are hereby authorized to rent from the state road commissioner or any other person,
169 firm or corporation such equipment as may be necessary from time to time, to improve any county
170 road or subdivision road used by the public but not in the state road system, street or sidewalk
171 which petitioners do not desire to have paved in a permanent manner, and for such purpose to
172 employ such labor as may be necessary but no expense connected therewith shall be charged to
173 any county funds.

174 No county commission shall be under any duty after the paving, repaving or improvement
175 of any county road or subdivision road used by the public but not in the state road system, street,
176 alley or sidewalk or the laying of any sanitary sewer under the provisions of this section, to
177 maintain or repair the same, but any such commission shall have authority upon petition duly

178 verified, signed by at least sixty percent of the owners of property abutting upon any improvement
179 made under this section, to maintain or repair such improvement or sewer and to assess the cost
180 thereof against the owners of such abutting property in the same manner as the cost of the original
181 improvement.

ARTICLE 4. PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, REWARDS AND LEGAL ADVICE.

**§7-4-4. Prosecutor's advisory council; victim advocates; participation in multidisciplinary
planning process.**

1 The prosecutor's advisory council composed of elected prosecuting attorneys of each
2 county of the state or a designated member of their staff is continued. The prosecutor's advisory
3 council shall meet not less than one time each year. Annually, the council shall elect from among
4 its membership a chairman of the council who shall set the agenda for the council's meetings and
5 shall appoint necessary committees and direct the work of the council in carrying out its duties
6 under the provisions of this section.

7 The council shall provide advice, assistance, training, and leadership to the offices of the
8 various county prosecuting attorneys of this state in criminal and civil cases which involve child
9 abuse or neglect or sexual assault or sexual abuse of children. The council shall also provide
10 advice and assistance to the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
11 Department of Human Services in the implementation of a multidisciplinary planning process as
12 set forth in §49-4-401 through §49-4-413 of this code.

13 The council may seek funds and programs to provide each prosecuting attorney's office
14 with a staff person to assist children who are crime victims to obtain services and assistance from
15 other agencies and programs in the community. Prosecuting attorneys shall be reimbursed by
16 their respective county commissions for necessary expenses actually incurred when attending
17 meetings of the council.

18 The council may apply for and receive funds from any grant program of any agency or
19 institution in the United States, public or private, to be used for carrying out the purposes of this
20 section.

ARTICLE 10. HUMANE OFFICERS.

§7-10-2. Duty of humane officers; reporting requirement when abuse or neglect of individuals suspected; prohibition against interference with humane officers; penalties.

1 (a) Humane officers shall prevent the perpetration or continuance of any act of cruelty upon
2 any animal and investigate and, upon probable cause, cause the arrest and assist in the
3 prosecution of any person engaging in such cruel and forbidden practices. Upon reasonable
4 cause, and, as provided by law, such officers have the right to access and inspect records and
5 property reasonably necessary to any investigation.

6 (b) Whenever a humane officer, pursuant to an investigation of animal cruelty, forms a
7 reasonable suspicion that a minor child, or incapacitated or elderly person, is the victim of abuse or
8 neglect or has a suspicion of domestic violence, he or she shall report the suspicion and the
9 grounds for the suspicion. In the event of suspected child abuse or neglect, the humane officer
10 shall report to the local child protective services agency of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
11 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services in accordance with the provisions of §49-2-809 of this
12 code. In the event of suspected abuse or neglect of an incapacitated or elderly person, he or she
13 shall report to the department's local adult protective services agency in accordance with the
14 provisions of §9-6-11 of this code. In the event of suspected domestic violence, he or she shall
15 report to the State Police in accordance with the provisions of §48-27-101 *et seq.* of this code.

16 (c) Any person who interferes with, obstructs or resists any humane officer in the discharge
17 of his or her duty is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less
18 than \$100 nor more than \$500 or confined in jail not more than 30 days, or both fined and confined.

19 Any penalties imposed for a violation of this subsection shall be imposed in addition to any
20 penalties the person incurs for cruel or inhumane treatment of any animal.

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 19. MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY WATERWORKS AND ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEMS.

§8-19-21. Specifications for water mains and water service pipes.

1 Considering the importance of public fire protection, any state or local government, public
2 service district, public or private utility which installs or constructs water mains, shall ensure that all
3 new mains specifically intended to provide fire protection are not less than six inches in diameter.
4 Effective July 1, 2007, when any state or local government, public service district, public or private
5 utility installs or constructs water mains along a platted roadway or a public highway, using a six
6 inch or greater line, that is specifically designed to provide fire protection, the state or local
7 government, public service district, public or private utility shall install fire hydrants at intervals of
8 not more than two thousand feet, unless there are no dwellings or businesses located one
9 thousand feet from such proposed hydrant: *Provided*, That the Legislature shall study the effect,
10 cost and feasibility of the internal hydrant valve and report the findings of that study to the 2008
11 regular session of the Legislature. A permit or other written approval shall be obtained from the
12 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health for each hydrant or group of
13 hydrants installed in compliance with section nine, article one, chapter sixteen of the West Virginia
14 Code as amended: *Provided, however*, That all newly constructed water distribution systems
15 transferred to a public or private utility shall have mains at least six inches in diameter where fire
16 flows are required by the public or private utility: *Provided further*, That the utility providing service
17 has sufficient hydraulic capacity as determined by the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
18 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health.

CHAPTER 8A. LAND USE PLANNING.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§8A-1-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this chapter, the following words and terms have the following meanings, unless
2 the context clearly indicates otherwise:

3 (a) "Abandonment" means the relinquishment of property or a cessation of the use of the
4 property by the owner or lessee without any intention of transferring rights to the property to
5 another owner or resuming the nonconforming use of the property for a period of one year.

6 (b) "Aggrieved" or "aggrieved person" means a person who:

7 (1) Is denied by the planning commission, board of subdivision and land development
8 appeals, or the board of zoning appeals, in whole or in part, the relief sought in any application or
9 appeal; or

10 (2) Has demonstrated that he or she will suffer a peculiar injury, prejudice or inconvenience
11 beyond that which other residents of the county or municipality may suffer.

12 (c) "Comprehensive plan" means a plan for physical development, including land use,
13 adopted by a governing body, setting forth guidelines, goals and objectives for all activities that
14 affect growth and development in the governing body's jurisdiction.

15 (d) "Conditional use" means a use which because of special requirements or
16 characteristics may be permitted in a particular zoning district only after review by the board of
17 zoning appeals and upon issuance of a conditional use permit, and subject to the limitations and
18 conditions specified in the zoning ordinance.

19 (e) "Contiguous" means lots, parcels, municipal boundaries or county boundaries that are
20 next to, abutting and having a boundary, or portion thereof, that is coterminous. Streets, highways,
21 roads or other traffic or utility easements, streams, rivers, and other natural topography are not to
22 be used to determine lots, parcels, municipal boundaries or county boundaries as contiguous.

23 (f) "Essential utilities and equipment" means underground or overhead electrical, gas,
24 communications not regulated by the federal communications commission, water and sewage

25 systems, including pole structures, towers, wires, lines, mains, drains, sewers, conduits, cables,
26 fire alarm boxes, public telephone structures, police call boxes, traffic signals, hydrants, regulating
27 and measuring devices and the structures in which they are housed, and other similar equipment
28 accessories in connection therewith. Essential utility equipment is recognized in three categories:

29 (1) Local serving;

30 (2) Nonlocal or transmission through the county or municipality; and

31 (3) Water and sewer systems, the activities of which are regulated, in whole or in part, by
32 one or more of the following state agencies:

33 (A) Public service commission; or

34 (B) Department of environmental protection; or

35 (C) The Department of Health. ~~and Human Resources~~

36 (g) "Existing use" means use of land, buildings or activity permitted or in existence prior to
37 the adoption of a zoning map or ordinances by the county or municipality. If the use is
38 nonconforming to local ordinance and lawfully existed prior to the adoption of the ordinance, the
39 use may continue to exist as a nonconforming use until abandoned for a period of one year:
40 *Provided*, That in the case of natural resources, the absence of natural resources extraction or
41 harvesting is not abandonment of the use.

42 (h) "Exterior architectural features" means the architectural character and general
43 composition of the exterior of a structure, including, but not limited to, the kind, color and texture of
44 the building material, and the type, design and character of all windows, doors, massing and
45 rhythm, light fixtures, signs, other appurtenant elements and natural features when they are
46 integral to the significance of the site, all of which are subject to public view from a public street,
47 way or place.

48 (i) "Factory-built homes" means modular and manufactured homes.

49 (j) "Flood-prone area" means any land area susceptible to repeated inundation by water
50 from any source.

51 (k) "Governing body" means the body that governs a municipality or county.

52 (l) "Historic district" means a geographically definable area, designated as historic on a
53 national, state or local register, possessing a significant concentration, linkage or continuity of
54 sites, buildings, structures or objects united historically or aesthetically by plan or physical
55 development.

56 (m) "Historic landmark" means a site, building, structure or object designated as historic on
57 a national, state or local register.

58 (n) "Historic site" means the location of a significant event, a prehistoric or historic
59 occupation or activity, or a building or structure whether standing, ruined or vanished, where the
60 location itself possesses historical, cultural or archaeological value regardless of the value of any
61 existing structure and designated as historic on a national, state or local register.

62 (o) "Improvement location permit" means a permit issued by a municipality or county, in
63 accordance with its subdivision and land development ordinance, for the construction, erection,
64 installation, placement, rehabilitation or renovation of a structure or development of land, and for
65 the purpose of regulating development within flood-prone areas.

66 (p) "Infill development" means to fill in vacant or underused land in existing communities
67 with new development that blends in with its surroundings.

68 (q) "Land development" means the development of one or more lots, tracts or parcels of
69 land by any means and for any purpose, but does not include easements, rights-of-way or
70 construction of private roads for extraction, harvesting or transporting of natural resources.

71 (r) "Manufactured home" means housing built in a factory according to the federal
72 manufactured home construction and safety standards effective June 15, 1976.

73 (s) "Modular home" means housing built in a factory that meets state or local building
74 codes where the homes will be sited.

75 (t) "Non-traditional zoning ordinance" means an ordinance that sets forth development
76 standards and approval processes for land uses within the jurisdiction, but does not necessarily

77 divide the jurisdiction into distinct zoning classifications or districts requiring strict separation of
78 different uses, and does not require a zoning map amendment.

79 (u) "Permitted use" means any use allowed within a zoning district, subject to the
80 restrictions applicable to that zoning district and is not a conditional use.

81 (v) "Plan" means a written description for the development of land.

82 (w) "Planning commission" means a municipal planning commission, a county planning
83 commission, a multicounty planning commission, a regional planning commission or a joint
84 planning commission.

85 (x) "Plat" means a map of the land development that becomes its official recorded
86 representation in the office of the clerk of the county commission where a majority of the land to be
87 developed lies.

88 (y) "Preferred development area" means a geographically defined area where incentives
89 may be used to encourage development, infill development or redevelopment in order to promote
90 well designed and coordinated communities.

91 (z) "Public place" means any lots, tracts or parcels of land, structures, buildings or parts
92 thereof owned or leased by a governing body or unit of government.

93 (aa) "Sprawl" means poorly planned or uncontrolled growth, usually of a low-density
94 nature, within previously rural areas, that is land consumptive, auto-dependent, designed without
95 respect to its surroundings, and some distance from existing development and infrastructure.

96 (bb) "Streets" means streets, avenues, boulevards, highways, roads, lanes, alleys and all
97 public ways.

98 (cc) "Subdivision or partition" means the division of a lot, tract or parcel of land into two or
99 more lots, tracts or parcels of land, or the recombination of existing lots, tracts, or parcels.

100 (dd) "Unit of government" means any federal, state, regional, county or municipal
101 government or governmental agency.

102 (ee) "Urban area" means all lands or lots within the jurisdiction of a municipal planning
103 commission.

104 (ff) "Utility" means a public or private distribution service to the public that is regulated by
105 the Public Service Commission.

106 (gg) "Zoning" means the division of a municipality or county into districts or zones which
107 specify permitted and conditional uses and development standards for real property within the
108 districts or zones.

109 (hh) "Zoning map" means a map that geographically illustrates all zoning district
110 boundaries within a municipality or county, as described within the zoning ordinance, and which is
111 certified as the official zoning map for the municipality or county.

CHAPTER 9. HUMAN SERVICES.

ARTICLE 1. LEGISLATIVE PURPOSE AND DEFINITIONS.

§9-1-2. Definitions.

1 The following words and terms when used in this chapter have the meanings indicated:

2 "Department" means the state division of human services: ~~Provided, That beginning~~
3 ~~January 1, 2024, "department" means the Department of Human Services.~~

4 "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services: ~~Provided, That beginning~~
5 ~~January 1 2024, "commissioner" means the Secretary of the Department of Human Services.~~

6 "Federal-state assistance" means and includes: (1) All forms of aid, care, assistance and
7 services to or on behalf of persons, which are authorized by, and who are authorized to receive the
8 same under and by virtue of, subchapters one, four, five, ten, fourteen, sixteen, eighteen and
9 nineteen, chapter seven, Title 42, United States Code, as those subchapters have heretofore
10 been and may hereafter be amended, supplemented and revised by acts of Congress, and as
11 those subchapters so amended, supplemented and revised have heretofore been and may
12 hereafter be supplemented by valid rules and regulations promulgated by authorized federal

13 agents and agencies, and as those subchapters so amended, supplemented and revised have
14 heretofore been and may hereafter be supplemented by rules promulgated by the state division of
15 human services or by the Department of Human Services, which rules shall be consistent with
16 federal laws, rules and regulations, but not inconsistent with state law; and (2) all forms of aid,
17 care, assistance and services to persons, which are authorized by, and who are authorized to
18 receive the same under and by virtue of, any act of Congress, other than the federal social security
19 act, as amended, for distribution through the state division of human services or the Department of
20 Human Services to recipients of any form of aid, care, assistance and services to persons
21 designated or referred to in (1) of this definition and to recipients of state assistance, including by
22 way of illustration, surplus food and food stamps, which Congress has authorized the secretary of
23 agriculture of the United States to distribute to needy persons.

24 "Federal assistance" means and includes all forms of aid, care, assistance and services to
25 or on behalf of persons, which are authorized by, and who are authorized to receive the same
26 under and by virtue of, any act of Congress for distribution through the state division of human
27 services or the Department of Human Services, the cost of which is paid entirely out of federal
28 appropriations.

29 "State assistance" means and includes all forms of aid, care, assistance, services and
30 general relief made possible solely out of state, county and private appropriations to or on behalf of
31 indigent persons, which are authorized by, and who are authorized to receive the same under and
32 by virtue of, state division of human services' or Department of Human Services' rules.

33 "Assistance" means the three classes of assistance, namely: Federal-state assistance,
34 federal assistance and state assistance.

35 "Indigent person" means any person who is domiciled in this state and who is actually in
36 need as defined by division or department rules and has not sufficient income or other resources to
37 provide for such need as determined by the state division of human services or the Department of
38 Human Services.

39 "Domiciled in this state" means being physically present in West Virginia accompanied by
40 an intention to remain in West Virginia for an indefinite period of time, and to make West Virginia
41 his or her permanent home. ~~The state division of human services or the~~ Department of Human
42 Services may by rules supplement the foregoing definition of the term "domiciled in this state", but
43 not in a manner as would be inconsistent with federal laws, rules, and regulations applicable to
44 and governing federal-state assistance.

45 "Medical services" means medical, surgical, dental and nursing services, and other
46 remedial services recognized by law, in the home, office, hospital, clinic and any other suitable
47 place, provided or prescribed by persons permitted or authorized by law to give such services; the
48 services to include drugs and medical supplies, appliances, laboratory, diagnostic and therapeutic
49 services, nursing home and convalescent care and such other medical services and supplies as
50 may be prescribed by the persons.

51 "Secretary" means ~~the secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources:~~
52 ~~Provided, That beginning January 1, 2024, "secretary" means the secretary of the Department of~~
53 Human Services.

54 "Estate" means all real and personal property and other assets included within the
55 individual's estate as defined in the state's probate law.

56 "Services" means nursing facility services, home and community-based services, and
57 related hospital and prescription drug services for which an individual received Medicaid medical
58 assistance.

59 "State Medicaid agency" means the Bureau for Medical Services that is the federally
60 designated single state agency charged with administration and supervision of the state Medicaid
61 program.

**ARTICLE 2. SECRETARY OF HUMAN SERVICES; POWERS, DUTIES AND
RESPONSIBILITIES GENERALLY.**

§9-2-6a. Secretary to develop caseload standards; committee; definitions.

1 The ~~commissioner~~ secretary shall develop caseload standards based on the actual duties
2 of employees in each program area of the department and may take into consideration existing
3 professional caseload standards. Standards shall be reasonable and achievable.

4 A caseload standards committee shall be established and composed of two employees
5 from each program area in each region. The members shall be elected by the employees from
6 each program area from among all the employees in the program area. A subcommittee
7 composed of the members from each program of services provided shall meet with the
8 appropriate office director to develop caseload standards for each program. The committee shall
9 meet at least twice yearly and shall report recommendations to the commissioner through the
10 personnel advisory committee representative under existing procedures.

11 Representatives of an employee organization may serve in an advisory role.

12 The caseload standards which are developed establishing minimum and maximum
13 caseloads shall be advisory for the department in the hiring of staff and in individual caseload
14 assignments, and may be used as a basis of the ~~department of health and human resources~~
15 Department of Human Services personal services budget request to the governor and the
16 Legislature.

17 As used in this section:

18 "Caseload standards" means a measurable numerical minimum and maximum workload
19 which an employee can reasonably be expected to perform in a normal workday or workweek,
20 based on the number, variety and complexity of cases handled or number of different job functions
21 performed.

22 "Professional caseload standards" means standards established by national standard
23 setting authorities, when they exist, or caseload standards used in other states which have similar
24 job titles.

§9-2-9. Secretary to develop Medicaid monitoring and case management.

1 [Repealed]

§9-2-10. Collection of copayments by health care providers; penalties.

1 (a) The secretary is directed to institute a program by January 1, 1994, which requires the
2 payment and collection of copayments. Such program shall conform with Section 447.53, Chapter
3 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and the amount of such copayments shall be determined in
4 accordance with the provisions of Sections 447.54 and 447.55, Chapter 42 of the Code of Federal
5 Regulations. The secretary shall complete all federal requirements necessary to implement this
6 section, including the submission of any amendment to the state Medicaid plan, immediately
7 following the effective date of this section.

8 (b) Any individual or entity receiving reimbursement from this state under the medical
9 assistance program of the Social Security Act is required to collect such copayments: *Provided,*
10 That in accordance with Section 447.15, Chapter 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations, no such
11 individual or entity shall refuse care or services to any Medicaid-eligible individual because that
12 individual is unable to pay such copayment. The amount of copayments collected shall be
13 reported to the secretary.

14 (c) After February 1, 1994, any person, firm, corporation or other entity who willfully, by
15 means of a false statement or representation, or by concealment of any material fact, or by other
16 fraudulent scheme, device or artifice on behalf of himself, itself or others, fails to attempt to collect
17 copayments as required by this section, shall be liable for payment to the Department of Health
18 and Human Resources of a civil money penalty in the amount of \$100 for each occurrence of
19 willful failure to collect a required copayment.

20 (d) If it comes to the attention of the secretary that a person or other entity is failing to
21 attempt to collect copayments as mandated, the matter shall be referred to the Medicaid fraud
22 control unit for investigation and referral for prosecution pursuant to the provisions of article seven
23 of this chapter.

§9-2-13. Judicial review of decisions of contested cases.

1 (a) For purposes of this section:

2 (1) "Agency" means the Board of Review or the Bureau for Medical Services, as the case
3 may be, that has been named as a party to any proceeding on appeal made pursuant to the
4 provisions of this section.

5 (2) "Board of Review" or "Board" means the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and~~
6 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services Board of Review operating pursuant to the
7 provisions of §9-2-6 (13) of this code.

8 (3) "Bureau" means the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Bureau for Medical
9 Services which is the single state agency for Medicaid services in West Virginia.

10 (b) The board shall provide a fair, impartial and expeditious grievance and appeal process
11 to applicants or recipients of state assistance, federal assistance, federal-state assistance or
12 welfare assistance, as defined in §9-1-1 *et seq.* of this code. The bureau shall provide a fair,
13 impartial and expeditious grievance and appeal process to providers of Medicaid services.

14 (c) Any party adversely affected or aggrieved by a final decision or order of the agency may
15 seek judicial review of that decision.

16 (d) Proceedings for review shall be instituted by filing a petition, at the election of the
17 petitioner, in either the circuit court of Kanawha County, West Virginia, or in the circuit court of the
18 county in which the petitioner or any one of the petitioners resides or does business, or with the
19 judge thereof in vacation, within thirty days after the date upon which such party received notice of
20 the final order or decision of the agency. A copy of the petition shall be served upon the agency
21 and all other parties of record by registered or certified mail. The petition shall state whether the
22 appeal is taken on questions of law or questions of fact, or both. No appeal bond is required to
23 effect any such appeal.

24 (e) The filing of the petition for appeal does not stay or supersede enforcement of the final
25 decision or order of the agency. The agency may voluntarily stay such enforcement and the

26 appellant, at any time after the filing of the petition for appeal, may apply to the circuit court of
27 Kanawha County, or in the circuit court of the county in which the petitioner or any one of the
28 petitioners resides or does business, for a stay of or to supersede the final decision or order.
29 Pending the appeal, the circuit court may grant a stay or supersede the order upon such terms as it
30 considers proper.

31 (f) Within 15 days after receipt of a copy of the petition by the agency, or within such further
32 time as the court may allow, the agency shall prepare and transmit to the circuit court of Kanawha
33 County, or in the circuit court of the county in which the petitioner or any one of the petitioners
34 resides or does business, the original or a certified copy of the entire record of the proceeding
35 under review: *Provided*, That all records prepared and transmitted that involve a minor shall be
36 filed under seal. This shall include a transcript of all reported testimony and all exhibits, papers,
37 motions, documents, evidence, records, agency staff memoranda and data used in consideration
38 of the case, all briefs, memoranda, papers, and records considered by the agency in the
39 underlying proceeding and a statement of matters officially noted. By stipulation of the parties, the
40 record may be shortened. In the event the complete record is not filed with the court within the time
41 provided for in this section, the appellant may apply to the court to have the case docketed and the
42 court shall order the agency to file the record.

43 (g) The cost of preparing the official record shall be assessed as part of the costs of the
44 appeal. The appellant shall provide security for costs satisfactory to the court. Any party
45 unreasonably refusing to stipulate to limit the record may be assessed by the court for the
46 additional costs involved. Upon demand by any party to the appeal, the agency shall furnish, at
47 cost to the requesting party, a copy of the official record.

48 (h) The court shall hear appeals upon assignments of error filed in the petition or set out in
49 the briefs filed by the parties. The court may disregard errors not argued by brief or may consider
50 errors that are not assigned or argued. The court shall fix a date and time for the hearing on the
51 petition. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the court may not schedule the hearing sooner

52 than 10 days after the filing of the petition for appeal. The petitioner shall provide notice of the date
53 and time of the hearing to the agency.

54 (i) In cases involving alleged irregularities in procedure before the agency that are not
55 shown in the record, the court may take additional testimony. Otherwise, the circuit court shall
56 review the appeal without a jury and may only consider the official record provided pursuant to the
57 requirements of this section. The court may hear oral arguments and require written briefs.

58 (j) The court may affirm the final decision or order of the agency or remand the matter for
59 further proceedings. The court may reverse, vacate or modify the final decision or order of the
60 agency only if the substantial rights of the petitioner have been prejudiced because the
61 administrative findings, inferences, conclusions, decision or order are:

62 (1) In violation of constitutional or statutory provisions;

63 (2) In excess of the statutory authority or jurisdiction of the agency;

64 (3) Made upon unlawful procedures;

65 (4) Affected by other error of law;

66 (5) Clearly wrong in view of the reliable, probative, and substantial evidence on the whole
67 record; or

68 (6) Arbitrary or capricious or characterized by an abuse of discretion or clearly unwarranted
69 exercise of discretion.

70 (k) The judgment of the circuit court is final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal
71 to the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals.

72 (l) The process established by this section is the exclusive remedy for judicial review of
73 final decisions of the Board of Review and the Bureau for Medical Services.

ARTICLE 3. APPLICATION FOR AND GRANTING OF ASSISTANCE.

§9-3-4. Assignment of support obligations.

1 Any recipient of financial assistance under the program of state and federal assistance
2 established by Title IV of the federal Social Security Act of 1965, as amended, or any successor

3 act thereto, shall, as a condition of receiving assistance funded under this part, assign to the
4 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services any right the family
5 member may have (on behalf of the family member or of any other person for whom the family
6 member has applied for or is receiving such assistance) to support from any other person, not
7 exceeding the total amount of assistance so paid to the family, which accrues during the period
8 that the family receives assistance under the program.

9 Each applicant for assistance subject to the assignment established in this section shall
10 (during the application process) be informed in writing of the nature of the assignment.

11 Any payment of federal and state assistance made to or for the benefit of any child or
12 children or the caretaker of a child or children creates a debt due and owing to the ~~Department of~~
13 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services by the person or persons
14 responsible for the support and maintenance of the child, children or caretaker in an amount equal
15 to the amount of assistance money paid: *Provided*, That the debt is limited by the amount
16 established in any court order or final decree of divorce if the amount in the order or decree is less
17 than the amount of assistance paid.

18 The assignment under this section shall subrogate the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
19 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services to the rights of the child, children or caretaker to the
20 prosecution or maintenance of any action or procedure existing under law providing a remedy
21 whereby the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may
22 be reimbursed for moneys expended on behalf of the child, children or caretaker. The ~~Department~~
23 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall further be subrogated to
24 the debt created by any order or decree awarding support and maintenance to or for the benefit of
25 any child, children or caretaker included within the assignment under this section and shall be
26 empowered to receive money judgments and endorse any check, draft, note or other negotiable
27 document in payment thereof.

28 The assignment created under this section shall be released upon closure of the
29 assistance case and the termination of assistance payments except for support and maintenance
30 obligations accrued and owing at the time of closure which are necessary to reimburse the
31 department for any balance of assistance payments made.

32 The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may, at
33 the election of the recipient, continue to receive support and maintenance moneys on behalf of the
34 recipient following closure of the assistance case and shall distribute the moneys to the caretaker,
35 child or children.

§9-3-5. Services to persons not otherwise eligible.

1 The department of ~~welfare~~ may make available the services established under the
2 provisions of section four of this article, to any person not eligible for receipt of public assistance
3 upon application by such person: *Provided*, That the department may not require such person to
4 use its services. These services may include, but need not be limited to, the following: Location of
5 the responsible parent whose whereabouts are unknown, collection of child support and
6 maintenance moneys owed, and distribution of support and maintenance moneys paid.

7 The department may charge a reasonable fee to nonpublic assistance persons for the
8 provision of services and, when the department has provided services for the collection of support
9 and maintenance, may charge a reasonable fee to the person responsible for the support and
10 maintenance. The commissioner shall establish by regulations the amount of such fees, not in
11 excess of maximum amounts permitted by applicable federal law, which regulations may be
12 amended and supplemented from time to time.

§9-3-6. Program for drug screening of applicants for cash assistance.

1 (a) As used in this section:

2 (1) "Applicant" means a person who is applying for benefits from the Temporary Assistance
3 for Needy Families Program.

4 (2) "Board of Review" means the board established in §9-2-6(13) of this code.

5 (3) "Caseworker" means a person employed by the department with responsibility for
6 making a reasonable suspicion determination during the application process for Temporary
7 Assistance for Needy Families Program.

8 (4) "Child Protective Services" means the agency within the department responsible for
9 investigating reports of child abuse and neglect as required in §49-2-802 of this code.

10 (5) "Department" means the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
11 Human Services.

12 (6) "Drug screen" or "drug screening" means any analysis regarding substance abuse
13 conducted by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services
14 on applicants for assistance from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program.

15 (7) "Drug test" or "drug testing" means a drug test which tests urine for amphetamines
16 (amphetamine and methamphetamine) cocaine, marijuana, opiates (codeine and morphine),
17 phencyclidine, barbiturates, benzodiazepines, methadone, propoxyphene, and expanded opiates
18 (oxycodone, hydromorphone, hydrocodone, oxymorphone).

19 (8) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department or his or her designee.

20 (9) "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program" means assistance provided
21 through ongoing cash benefits pursuant to 42 U. S. C. § 601 *et seq.* operated in West Virginia as
22 the West Virginia Works Program pursuant to §9-9-1 *et seq.* of this code.

23 (b) Subject to federal approval, the secretary shall implement and administer a program to
24 drug screen any adult applying for assistance from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families
25 Program. The secretary shall administer this program until December 31, 2026.

26 (c) Reasonable suspicion exists if:

27 (1) A case worker determines, based upon the result of the drug screen, that the applicant
28 demonstrates qualities indicative of substance abuse based upon the indicators of the drug
29 screen; or

30 (2) An applicant has been convicted of a drug-related offense within the three years
31 immediately prior to an application for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program and
32 whose conviction becomes known as a result of a drug screen as set forth in this section.

33 (d) Presentation of a valid prescription for a detected substance that is prescribed by a
34 health care provider authorized to prescribe a controlled substance is an absolute defense for
35 failure of any drug test administered under the provisions of this section.

36 (e) Upon a determination by the case worker of reasonable suspicion as set forth in this
37 section an applicant shall be required to complete a drug test. The cost of administering the drug
38 test and initial substance abuse testing program is the responsibility of the ~~Department of Health
39 and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services. Any applicant whose drug test results are
40 positive may request that the drug test specimen be sent to an alternative drug-testing facility for
41 additional drug testing. Any applicant who requests an additional drug test at an alternative drug-
42 testing facility shall be required to pay the cost of the alternative drug test.

43 (f) Any applicant who has a positive drug test shall complete a substance abuse treatment
44 and counseling program and a job skills program approved by the secretary. An applicant may
45 continue to receive benefits from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program while
46 participating in the substance abuse treatment and counseling program or job skills program.
47 Upon completion of both a substance abuse treatment and counseling program and a job skills
48 program, the applicant is subject to periodic drug screening and testing as determined by the
49 secretary in rule. Subject to applicable federal laws, any applicant for Temporary Assistance for
50 Needy Families Program who fails to complete, or refuses to participate in, the substance abuse
51 treatment and counseling program or job skills program as required under this subsection is
52 ineligible to receive Temporary Assistance for Needy Families benefits until he or she is
53 successfully enrolled in substance abuse treatment and counseling and job skills programs. Upon
54 a second positive drug test, an applicant shall be ordered to complete a second substance abuse
55 treatment and counseling program and job skills program. He or she shall be suspended from the

56 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program for a period of 12 months, or until he or she
57 completes both a substance abuse treatment and counseling program and a job skills program.
58 Upon a third positive drug test an applicant shall be permanently terminated from the Temporary
59 Assistance for Needy Families Program subject to applicable federal law.

60 (g) Any applicant who refuses a drug screen or a drug test is ineligible for assistance.

61 (h) The secretary shall order an investigation and home visit from Child Protective Services
62 on any applicant whose benefits are suspended and who has not designated a protective payee or
63 whose benefits are terminated due to failure to pass a drug test. This investigation and home visit
64 may include a face-to-face interview with the child, if appropriate; the development of a protection
65 plan; and, if necessary for the health and well-being of the child, may also involve law
66 enforcement. This investigation and home visit shall be followed by a report detailing
67 recommended action which Child Protective Services shall undertake. Child Protective Services is
68 responsible for providing, directing, or coordinating the appropriate and timely delivery of services
69 to any child who is the subject of any investigation and home visit conducted pursuant to this
70 section. In cases where Child Protective Services determines that the best interests of the child
71 require court action, it shall initiate the appropriate legal proceeding.

72 (i) Any other adult members of a household that includes a person declared ineligible for
73 the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program pursuant to this section shall, if otherwise
74 eligible, continue to receive Temporary Assistance for Needy Families benefits.

75 (j)(1) No dependent child's eligibility for benefits under the Temporary Assistance for
76 Needy Families Program may be affected by a parent's failure to pass a drug test.

77 (2) If pursuant to this section a parent is deemed ineligible for the Temporary Assistance for
78 Needy Families Program, the dependent child's eligibility is not affected and an appropriate
79 protective payee shall be designated to receive benefits on behalf of the child.

80 (3) The parent may choose to designate another person as a protective payee to receive
81 benefits for the minor child. The designated person shall be an immediate family member, or if an

82 immediate family member is not available or declines the option, another person may be
83 designated.

84 (4) The secretary shall screen and approve the designated person.

85 (k)(1) An applicant who is determined by the secretary to be ineligible to receive benefits
86 pursuant to subsection (f) of this section due to a failure to participate in a substance abuse
87 treatment and counseling program or a job skills program who can later document successful
88 completion of a drug treatment program approved by the secretary may reapply for benefits six
89 months after the completion of the substance abuse treatment and counseling program or job
90 skills program. An applicant who has met the requirements of this subdivision and reapplies is
91 also required to submit to a drug test and is subject to the provisions of subsection (f) of this
92 section.

93 (2) An applicant may reapply only once pursuant to the exceptions contained in this
94 subsection.

95 (3) The cost of any drug screen or test and drug treatment provided under this subsection
96 is the responsibility of the individual being screened and receiving treatment.

97 (l) An applicant who is denied assistance under this section may request a review of the
98 denial by the Board of Review. The results of a drug screen or test are admissible without further
99 authentication or qualification in the review of denial by the Board of Review and in any appeal.
100 The Board of Review shall provide a fair, impartial, and expeditious grievance and appeal process
101 to applicants who have been denied Temporary Assistance for Needy Families benefits pursuant
102 to the provisions of this section. The Board of Review shall make findings regarding the denial of
103 benefits and issue a decision which either verifies the denial or reverses the decision to deny
104 benefits. Any applicant adversely affected or aggrieved by a final decision or order of the Board of
105 Review may seek judicial review of that decision.

106 (m) The secretary shall ensure the confidentiality of all drug screen and drug test results
107 administered as part of this program. Drug screen and test results shall be used only for the

108 purpose of determining eligibility for the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program. At no
109 time may drug screen or test results be released to any public or private person or entity or any
110 law-enforcement agency, except as otherwise authorized by this section.

111 (n) The secretary shall promulgate emergency rules pursuant to the provisions of §29A-3-1
112 *et seq.* of this code to prescribe the design, operation, and standards for the implementation of this
113 section.

114 (o) A person who intentionally misrepresents any material fact in an application filed under
115 the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
116 punished by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 or by confinement in jail not to
117 exceed six months, or by both fine and confinement.

118 (p) The secretary shall report to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance by
119 December 31, 2016, and annually after that until the conclusion of the program on the status of the
120 federal approval and program described in this section. The report shall include, but is not limited
121 to:

122 (1) The total number of applicants who were deemed ineligible to receive benefits under
123 the program due to a positive drug test for controlled substances;

124 (2) The number of applicants for whom there was a reasonable suspicion due to a
125 conviction of a drug-related offense within the five years prior to an application for assistance;

126 (3) The number of those applicants that receive benefits after successful completion of a
127 drug treatment program as specified in this section; and

128 (4) The total cost to operate the program.

129 (q) Should federal approval not be given for any portion of the program as set forth in this
130 section, the secretary shall implement the program to meet the federal objections and continue to
131 operate a program consistent with the purposes of this section.

132 (r) For the purposes of the program contained in this section, pursuant to the authority and
133 option granted by 21 U. S. C. § 862a(d)(1)(A) to the states, West Virginia hereby exempts all
134 persons domiciled within the state from the application of 21 U. S. C. § 862a(a).

ARTICLE 4A. MEDICAID UNCOMPENSATED CARE FUND.

§9-4A-2. Creation of Medicaid uncompensated care fund.

1 (a) There is hereby created in the state Treasury a special revolving fund known as the
2 Medicaid uncompensated care fund. All moneys deposited or accrued in this fund shall be used
3 exclusively:

4 (1) To provide the state's share of the federal Medicaid program funds in order to improve
5 inpatient payments to disproportionate share hospitals; and

6 (2) To cover administrative cost incurred by the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
7 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services and associated with the Medicaid program and this
8 fund: *Provided*, That no expenditures may be made to cover said administrative costs for any fiscal
9 year after 1992, except as appropriated by the Legislature.

10 (b) Moneys from the following sources may be placed into the fund:

11 (1) All public funds transferred by any public agency to the ~~Department of Health and~~
12 ~~Human Resources~~ Medicaid program for deposit in the fund as contemplated or permitted by
13 applicable federal Medicaid laws;

14 (2) All private funds contributed, donated or bequeathed by corporations, individuals or
15 other entities to the fund as contemplated and permitted by applicable federal Medicaid laws;

16 (3) Interest which accrued on amounts in the fund from sources identified in subdivisions
17 (1) and (2) of this subsection; and

18 (4) Federal financial participation matching the amounts referred to in subdivisions (1), (2)
19 and (3) of this subsection, in accordance with Section 1902 (a) (2) of the Social Security Act.

20 (c) Any balance remaining in the Medicaid uncompensated care fund at the end of any
21 state fiscal year shall not revert to the state Treasury but shall remain in this fund and shall be used
22 only in a manner consistent with this article.

23 (d) Moneys received into the fund shall not be counted or credited as part of the legislative
24 general appropriation to the state Medicaid program.

25 (e) The fund shall be administered by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
26 Department of Human Services. Moneys shall be disbursed from the fund on a quarterly basis.
27 The secretary of the department shall implement the provisions of this article prior to the receipt of
28 any transfer, contribution, donation or bequest from any public or private source.

29 (f) All moneys expended from the fund after receipt of federal financial participation shall be
30 allocated to reimbursement of inpatient charges and fees of eligible disproportionate share
31 hospitals. Except for the payment of administrative costs as provided for in this section,
32 appropriation from this fund for any other purposes is void.

§9-4A-2a. Medical services trust fund.

1 (a) The Legislature finds and declares that certain dedicated revenues should be
2 preserved in trust for the purpose of stabilizing the state's Medicaid program and providing
3 services for future federally mandated population groups in conjunction with federal reform.

4 (b) There is hereby created a special account within the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
5 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services, which shall be an interest-bearing account and may
6 be invested in the manner permitted by §12-6-9 of this code, designated the medical services trust
7 fund. Funds paid into the account shall be derived from the following sources:

8 (1) Transfers, by intergovernmental transfer, from the hospital services revenue account
9 provided for in §16-1-15a of this code;

10 (2) All interest or return on investment accruing to the fund;

11 (3) Any gifts, grants, bequests, transfers or donations which may be received from any
12 governmental entity or unit or any person, firm, foundation or corporation; and

13 (4) Any appropriations by the Legislature which may be made for this purpose.

14 (c) Expenditures from the fund are limited to the following:

15 (1) Payment of backlogged billings from providers of Medicaid services when cash-flow
16 problems within the medical services fund do not permit payment of providers within federally
17 required time limits; and

18 (2) Funding for services to future federally mandated population groups in conjunction with
19 federal health care reform: *Provided*, That other Medicaid funds have been exhausted for the
20 federally mandated expansion: *Provided, however*, That new optional services for which a state
21 Medicaid plan amendment is submitted after May 1, 1993, which are not cost effective for the
22 state, are eliminated prior to expenditure of any moneys from this fund for Medicaid expansion.

23 (3) Payment of the required state match for Medicaid disproportionate share payments in
24 order to receive federal financial participation in the disproportionate share hospital program.

25 (d) Expenditures from the fund solely for the purposes set forth in subsection (c) of this
26 section shall be authorized in writing by the Governor, who shall determine in his or her discretion
27 whether any expenditure shall be made, based on the best interests of the state as a whole and its
28 citizens, and shall designate the purpose of the expenditure. Upon authorization signed by the
29 Governor, funds may be transferred to the medical services fund: *Provided*, That all expenditures
30 from the medical services trust fund shall be reported forthwith to the Joint Committee on
31 Government and Finance.

32 (e) Notwithstanding the provision of §12-2-2 of this code, moneys within the medical
33 services trust fund may not be redesignated for any purpose other than those set forth in
34 subsection (c) of this section, except that, upon elimination of the Medicaid program in conjunction
35 with federal health care reform, moneys within the fund may be redesignated for the purpose of
36 providing health care coverage or services in coordination with federal reform.

§9-4A-2b. Expansion of coverage to children and terminally ill.

1 (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that steps be taken to expand coverage to children and
2 the terminally ill and to pay for this coverage by fully utilizing federal funds. To achieve this

3 intention, the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
4 undertake the following:

5 (1) The department shall provide a streamlined application form, which shall be no longer
6 than two pages, for all families applying for medical coverage for children under any of the
7 programs set forth in this section; and

8 (2) The department shall provide the option of hospice care to terminally ill West Virginians
9 who otherwise qualify for Medicaid.

10 (3) The department shall accelerate the Medicaid option for coverage of Medicaid to all
11 West Virginia children whose family income is below one hundred percent of the federal poverty
12 guideline.

13 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of §9-4A-2a of this code, the accruing interest in the
14 medical services trust fund may be utilized to pay for the programs specified in subsection (a) of
15 this section: *Provided*, That to the extent the accrued interest is not sufficient to fully fund the
16 specified programs, the disproportionate share hospital funds paid into the medical services trust
17 fund after June 30, 1994, may be applied to cover the cost of the specified programs.

18 (c) Annually on January 1, the department shall report to the Governor and to the
19 Legislature information regarding the number of children and elderly covered by the programs in
20 subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection (a), the cost of services by type of service provided, a cost-
21 benefit analysis of the acceleration and expansion on other insurers and the reduction of
22 uncompensated care in hospitals as a result of the programs.

§9-4A-4. Legislative reports.

1 (a) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
2 Human Services shall make an annual report to the Legislature on the use of the Medicaid
3 uncompensated care fund.

4 (b) The health care cost review authority shall make an annual report to the Legislature on
5 the impact of improved Medicaid inpatient payments resulting from the fund on nongovernmental
6 payor health care costs.

ARTICLE 4B. PHYSICIAN/MEDICAL PRACTITIONER PROVIDER MEDICAID ACT.

§9-4B-1. Definitions.

1 The following words, when used in this article, have meanings ascribed to them in this
2 section, except in those instances where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

3 (a) "Board" means the physician/medical practitioner provider Medicaid enhancement
4 board created to develop, review and recommend the physician/medical practitioner provider fee
5 schedule;

6 (b) "Physician provider" means an allopathic or osteopathic physician, rendering services
7 within this state and receiving reimbursement, directly as an individual provider or indirectly as an
8 employee or agent of a medical clinic, partnership or other business entity;

9 (c) "Nurse practitioner" means a registered nurse qualified by virtue of his or her education
10 and credentials and approved by the West Virginia board of examiners for registered professional
11 nurses to practice as an advanced practice nurse independently or in a collaborative relationship
12 with a physician;

13 (d) "Nurse-midwife" means a qualified professional nurse registered with the West Virginia
14 board of examiners for registered professional nurses who by virtue of additional training is
15 specifically qualified to practice nurse-midwifery according to the statement of standards for the
16 practice of nurse-midwifery as set forth by the American college of nurse-midwives;

17 (e) "Physician assistant" means an assistant to a physician who is a graduate of an
18 approved program of instruction in primary health care or surgery, has attained a baccalaureate or
19 master's degree, has passed the national certification examination and is qualified to perform
20 direct patient care services under the supervision of a physician;

21 (f) "Registered nurse first assistant" means one who:

- 22 (1) Holds a current active registered nurse licensure;
- 23 (2) Is certified in perioperative nursing; and
- 24 (3) Has successfully completed and holds a degree or certificate from a recognized
25 program which consists of:
- 26 (A) The association of operating room nurses, inc., care curriculum for the registered nurse
27 first assistant; and
- 28 (B) One year of post-basic nursing study, which shall include at least forty-five hours of
29 didactic instruction and one hundred twenty hours of clinical internship or its equivalent of two
30 college semesters;
- 31 A registered nurse who was certified by the certification board of perioperative nursing
32 before one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven is not required to fulfill the requirements of
33 subdivision (3) of this subsection;
- 34 (g) "Perioperative nursing" means a practice of nursing in which the nurse provides
35 preoperative, intraoperative and post-operative nursing care to surgical patients;
- 36 (h) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
37 Department of Human Services; and
- 38 (i) "Single state agency" means the single state agency for Medicaid in this state.

§9-4B-4. Powers and duties.

- 39 (a) The board shall:
- 40 (1) Develop and recommend a reasonable physician/medical practitioner provider fee
41 schedule that conforms with federal Medicaid laws and remains within the limits of annual funding
42 available to the single state agency for the Medicaid program. In developing the fee schedule, the
43 board may refer to a nationally published regional specific fee schedule selected by the Secretary
44 of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services. The board
45 may consider identified health care priorities in developing its fee schedule to the extent permitted
46 by applicable federal Medicaid laws and may recommend higher reimbursement rates for basic

47 primary and preventive health care services than for other services. If the single state agency
48 approves the fee schedule, it shall implement the physician/medical practitioner provider fee
49 schedule;

50 (2) Review the fee schedule on a quarterly basis and recommend to the single state
51 agency any adjustments it considers necessary. If the single state agency approves any of the
52 board's recommendations, it shall immediately implement those adjustments and shall report the
53 same to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance on a quarterly basis;

54 (3) Meet and confer with representatives from each medical specialty area so that equity in
55 reimbursement increases or decreases be achieved to the greatest extent possible;

56 (4) Assist and enhance communications between participating physician and medical
57 practitioner providers and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
58 Services; and

59 (5) Review reimbursements in relation to those physician and medical practitioner
60 providers who provide early and periodic screening diagnosis and treatment.

61 (b) The board may carry out any other powers and duties as prescribed for it by the
62 secretary.

63 (c) Nothing in this section gives the board the authority to interfere with the discretion and
64 judgment given to the single state agency that administers the state's Medicaid program. If the
65 single state agency disapproves the recommendations or adjustments to the fee schedule, it is
66 expressly authorized to make any modifications to fee schedules as are necessary to ensure that
67 total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal year with respect to the state's
68 Medicaid plan are met and shall report the same to the Joint Committee on Government and
69 Finance on a quarterly basis: *Provided*, That the single state agency shall provide reimbursement
70 for the services of a registered nurse first assistant which reimbursement shall be no less than
71 thirteen and six tenths of one percent of the rate for a surgeon physician. The purpose of the board

72 is to assist and enhance the role of the single state agency in carrying out its mandate by acting as
73 a means of communication between the Medicaid provider community and the agency.

74 (d) On a quarterly basis, the single state agency and the board shall report to the Joint
75 Committee on Government and Finance the status of the fund, any adjustments to the fee
76 schedule and the fee schedule for each health care provider group identified in section one of this
77 article.

ARTICLE 4C. HEALTH CARE PROVIDER MEDICAID ENHANCEMENT ACT.

§9-4C-1. Definitions.

1 The following words when used in this article have the meanings ascribed to them in this
2 section, except in those instances where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

3 (a) "Ambulance service provider" means a person rendering ambulance services within
4 this state and receiving reimbursement, directly as an individual provider or indirectly as an
5 employee or agent of a medical clinic, partnership or other business entity.

6 (b) "General health care provider" means an audiologist, a behavioral health center, a
7 chiropractor, a community care center, an independent laboratory, an independent X ray service,
8 an occupational therapist, an optician, an optometrist, a physical therapist, a podiatrist, a private
9 duty nurse, a psychologist, a rehabilitative specialist, a respiratory therapist and a speech
10 therapist rendering services within this state and receiving reimbursement, directly as an
11 individual provider or indirectly as an employee or agent of a medical clinic, partnership or other
12 business entity.

13 (c) "Inpatient hospital services provider" means a provider of inpatient hospital services for
14 purposes of Section 1903(w) of the Social Security Act.

15 (d) "Intermediate care facility for individuals with an intellectual disability services provider"
16 means a provider of intermediate care facility services for individuals with an intellectual disability
17 for purposes of Section 1903(w) of the Social Security Act.

18 (e) "Nursing facility services provider" means a provider of nursing facility services for
19 purposes of Section 1903(w) of the Social Security Act.

20 (f) "Outpatient hospital service provider" means a hospital providing preventative,
21 diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative or palliative services that are furnished to outpatients.

22 (g) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
23 Department of Human Services.

24 (h) "Single state agency" means the single state agency for Medicaid in this state.

§9-4C-7. Powers and duties.

1 (a) Each board created pursuant to this article shall:

2 (1) Develop, recommend, and review reimbursement methodology where applicable, and
3 develop and recommend a reasonable provider fee schedule, in relation to its respective provider
4 groups, so that the schedule conforms with federal Medicaid laws and remains within the limits of
5 annual funding available to the single state agency for the Medicaid program. In developing the fee
6 schedule the board may refer to a nationally published regional specific fee schedule, if available,
7 as selected by the secretary in accordance with §9-4C-8 of this code. The board may consider
8 identified health care priorities in developing its fee schedule to the extent permitted by applicable
9 federal Medicaid laws, and may recommend higher reimbursement rates for basic primary and
10 preventative health care services than for other services. In identifying basic primary and
11 preventative health care services, the board may consider factors, including, but not limited to,
12 services defined and prioritized by the basic services task force of the health care planning
13 commission in its report issued in December of the year 1992; and minimum benefits and
14 coverages for policies of insurance as set forth in and minimum benefits and coverages for policies
15 of insurance as set forth in chapter thirty-three of this code and rules of the Insurance
16 Commissioner promulgated thereunder. If the single state agency approves the adjustments to the
17 fee schedule, it shall implement the provider fee schedule;

18 (2) Review its respective provider fee schedule on a quarterly basis and recommend to the
19 single state agency any adjustments it considers necessary. If the single state agency approves
20 any of the board's recommendations, it shall immediately implement those adjustments;

21 (3) Assist and enhance communications between participating providers and the
22 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services;

23 (4) Meet and confer with representatives from each specialty area within its respective
24 provider group so that equity in reimbursement increases or decreases may be achieved to the
25 greatest extent possible and when appropriate to meet and confer with other provider boards; and

26 (5) Appoint a chairperson to preside over all official transactions of the board.

27 (b) Each board may carry out any other powers and duties as prescribed to it by the
28 secretary.

29 (c) Nothing in this section gives any board the authority to interfere with the discretion and
30 judgment given to the single state agency that administers the state's Medicaid program. If the
31 single state agency disapproves the recommendations or adjustments to the fee schedule, it is
32 expressly authorized to make any modifications to fee schedules as are necessary to ensure that
33 total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal year with respect to the state's
34 Medicaid plan are met and shall report such modifications to the Joint Committee on Government
35 and Finance on a quarterly basis. The purpose of each board is to assist and enhance the role of
36 the single state agency in carrying out its mandate by acting as a means of communication
37 between the health care provider community and the agency.

38 (d) In addition to the duties specified in subsection (a) of this section, the ambulance
39 service provider Medicaid board shall develop a method for regulating rates charged by
40 ambulance services.

§9-4C-8. Duties of Secretary of Department of Human Services.

1 (a) The secretary, or his or her designee, shall serve on each board created pursuant to
2 this article as an ex officio, nonvoting member and shall keep and maintain records for each board.

3 (b) In relation to outpatient hospital services, the secretary shall furnish information needed
4 for reporting purposes. This information includes, but is not limited to, the following:

5 (1) For each hospital, the amount of payments and related billed charges for hospital
6 outpatient services each month;

7 (2) The percentage of the state's share of Medicaid program financial obligation from time
8 to time as necessary; and

9 (3) Any other financial and statistical information necessary to determine the net effect of
10 any cost shift.

11 (c) The secretary shall determine an appropriate resolution for conflicts arising between
12 the various boards.

13 (d) The secretary shall purchase nationally published fee schedules to be used, if
14 available, as a reference by the Medicaid enhancement boards in developing fee schedules.

ARTICLE 4D. MEDICAID BUY-IN PROGRAM.

§9-4D-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (1) "Approved accounts" means any retirement account that the secretary has determined
3 is not to be included as an asset in determining the eligibility of an individual for participation in the
4 buy-in program. Approved accounts may include, but not be limited to, private retirement accounts
5 such as individual retirement accounts; other individual accounts; and employer-sponsored
6 retirement plans such as 401(k) plans, Keogh plans and employer pension plans.

7 (2) "Basic coverage group" means an optional coverage group as defined by the Ticket to
8 Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999.

9 (3) "Copayment" is a fixed fee to be paid by the patient at the time of each office visit,
10 outpatient service or filling of prescriptions.

11 (4) "Cost-sharing" means the eligible participant will participate in the cost of the program
12 by paying the enrollment fee, monthly premiums and copayments if established by the
13 department.

14 (5) "Countable income" means income that does not exceed two hundred fifty percent of
15 the federal poverty level: *Provided*, That for purposes of this article, countable income does not
16 include:

17 (A) The income of the individual's spouse, parent or guardian with whom he or she resides;
18 and

19 (B) Income disregarded under the state Medicaid plan's financial methodology, including
20 income disregarded under the federal supplemental security income program (42 U.S.C. §1382)
21 as impairment-related work expenses.

22 (6) "Countable resources" includes earned and unearned income: *Provided*, That
23 countable resources do not include:

24 (A) Liquid assets of up to \$5,000 for an individual;

25 (B) Liquid assets of up to \$10,000 for a family;

26 (C) Retirement accounts; and

27 (D) Independence accounts.

28 (7) "Department" means the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
29 Human Services.

30 (8) "Disability" means a medically determinable physical or mental condition that:

31 (A) Can be expected to result in death or has lasted, or can be expected to last, for a
32 continuous period of not less than twelve months; and

33 (B) Renders a person unable to engage in substantial gainful activity; and

34 (C) Is a disability defined by social security administration criteria and has been
35 determined by either the social security administration or the ~~West Virginia~~ department of Health
36 and Human Resources.

37 (9) "Eligible buy-in participant" means an individual who:

38 (A) Is a resident of the State of West Virginia;

39 (B) Has a disability as defined herein;

40 (C) Is at least sixteen years of age and less than sixty-five years of age;

41 (D) Is engaged in competitive employment, including self-employment or nontraditional
42 work that results in remuneration at or above minimum wage in an integrated setting;

43 (E) Has countable resources that do not exceed the resource limits as defined in this
44 article; and

45 (F) Has countable income that does not exceed the income limits as defined in this article.

46 (10) "Enrollment fee" means a one-time fee to participate in the Medicaid buy-in program.

47 (11) "Federal benefit rate" is the amount of monthly federal or state benefits paid to persons
48 with limited income and resources who are age sixty-five or older, blind or disabled.

49 (12) "Federal poverty level" means the level of personal or family income below which one
50 is classified as poor according to federal governmental standards, commonly referred to as the
51 federal poverty guidelines which are issued and printed each year in the federal register.

52 (13) "Income" means money earned from employment wages or self-employment
53 earnings and unearned money received from any other source.

54 (14) "Independence accounts" are department-approved accounts established with the
55 department solely by funds paid from the earned income of an eligible buy-in participant to cover
56 expenses necessary to enhance or maintain his or her independence or increase employment
57 opportunities. Approved expenditures from the funds may include: Educational expenses; work-
58 related expenses; home purchase or modification; transportation; medical expenses; assistive
59 technology and related services; or for short-term living expenses in times of qualified
60 emergencies as determined by the department.

61 (15) "Liquid assets" are cash or assets payable in cash on demand, including financial
62 instruments that can be converted to cash within twenty working days. For purposes of this article,
63 national, state and local holidays are not working days.

64 (16) "Premium" is a monthly fee paid by an eligible buy-in participant to continue
65 participation in the program.

66 (17) "Resources" are possessions that the eligible buy-in participant owns that could be
67 changed to cash and used for food, clothing or shelter and that qualify as resources under the
68 applicable social security administration guidelines.

69 (18) "Retirement accounts" are moneys invested in approved retirement funds and
70 accounts that are disregarded as an asset by the department in determining the eligibility of an
71 individual for participation in the buy-in program.

§9-4D-9. Advisory council; rules.

1 (a) The secretary of the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ shall establish a
2 Medicaid buy-in program advisory council, consisting of representatives from the state Medicaid
3 agency, the state rehabilitation agency, the state office of family support, the West Virginia
4 statewide independent living council, the West Virginia state rehabilitation council, the West
5 Virginia developmental disabilities council, the West Virginia mental health planning council and
6 the center for excellence in disabilities at West Virginia University.

7 (b) The secretary shall submit proposed rules for review and input to the advisory council
8 prior to release for public comment and shall consider any recommendations of the advisory
9 council before adopting final rules.

10 (c) The secretary shall propose emergency rules in accordance with the provisions of 29A-
11 3-15 of this code to implement the provisions of this article. Thereafter, the secretary shall propose
12 additional rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of said article three,
13 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code as may be needed to administer and maintain the Medicaid
14 buy-in program.

ARTICLE 5. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

§9-5-5. Recipients of cash grants.

1 Within such limitations as may be imposed by applicable federal laws, rules and
2 regulations, the department of ~~welfare~~ shall make available for public inspection by the thirtieth
3 day of each month a separate alphabetical list of the names and addresses of all persons
4 receiving any class of welfare assistance in the form of cash grants during the preceding month,
5 together with the amounts of such cash grants. This information shall be delivered to the clerk of
6 each county court in the state who shall immediately file the same in his or her office with respect
7 to persons receiving such cash grants as residents of that county. Such information shall be
8 retained in the files of said clerks of the county courts for a period of two years from the date of
9 receipt thereof. All information other than names, addresses and amounts of such cash grants
10 shall be considered as confidential.

11 It shall be unlawful, for commercial or political purposes of any nature, for any person or
12 persons, body, association, firm, corporation or other agency to solicit, disclose, receive, make use
13 of, or to authorize, knowingly permit, participate in, or acquiesce in the use of, any lists of names
14 of, or any information concerning, persons applying for or receiving any class of welfare
15 assistance, directly or indirectly derived from the records, papers, files, or communications of the
16 department of welfare or acquired in the course of performance of official duties. The violation of
17 this provision is a misdemeanor, punishable upon conviction, by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or
18 imprisonment of not more than six months, or both.

19 For the protection of applicants and recipients of welfare assistance, the department shall
20 be required to establish reasonable rules and regulations governing the custody, use and
21 preservation of the records, papers, files and communications of the department.

§9-5-8b. Authority of Investigations and Fraud Management Division to subpoena witnesses and documents.

1 (a) When the Investigations and Fraud Management Division of the Office of the Inspector
2 General, which is charged with investigating welfare fraud and intra-agency employee
3 misconduct, has credible information that indicates a person has engaged in an act or activity
4 related to ~~Department of Health and Human Resources programs~~ benefits or intra-agency
5 employee misconduct which is subject to prosecution, it may conduct an investigation to
6 determine if the act has been committed. To the extent necessary to the investigation, the
7 secretary or an employee of the Office of the Inspector General designated by the secretary may
8 administer oaths or affirmations and issue subpoenas for witnesses and documents relevant to the
9 investigation, including information concerning the existence, description, nature, custody,
10 condition and location of any book, record, documents or other tangible thing and the identity and
11 location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any matter reasonably calculated to lead
12 to the discovery of admissible evidence.

13 When the Investigations and Fraud Management Division has probable cause to believe
14 that a person has engaged in an act or activity which is subject to prosecution relating to
15 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services programs, benefits
16 or intra-agency employee misconduct, the secretary or an employee of the Office of the Inspector
17 General designated by the secretary may request search warrants and present and swear or
18 affirm criminal complaints.

19 (b) If documents necessary to an investigation of the Investigations and Fraud
20 Management Division appear to be located outside the state, the documents shall be made
21 available by the person or entity within the jurisdiction of the state having control over such
22 documents either at a convenient location within the state or, upon payment of necessary
23 expenses to the division for transportation and inspection, at the place outside the state where
24 these documents are maintained.

25 (c) Upon failure of a person to comply with a subpoena or a subpoena for the production of
26 evidence or failure of a person to give testimony without lawful excuse and upon reasonable notice

27 to all persons affected thereby, the Investigations and Fraud Management Division may apply to
28 the circuit court of the county in which compliance is sought for appropriate orders to compel
29 obedience with the provisions of this section.

30 (d) The Investigations and Fraud Management Division may not make public the name or
31 identity of a person whose acts or conduct is investigated pursuant to this section or the facts
32 disclosed in an investigation except as the same may be used in any legal action or enforcement
33 proceeding brought pursuant to this code or federal law.

§9-5-9. Direct cremation or direct burial expenses for indigent persons.

1 (a) For the purposes of this section:

2 "Direct burial" means the removal of the remains from the place of death; casket for the
3 deceased and transportation to a West Virginia cemetery.

4 "Direct cremation" includes the removal of the remains from the place of death; container;
5 and crematory fees.

6 "Spouse" means the person to whom the decedent was legally married and who survived
7 the decedent: *Provided*, That a petition for divorce had not been filed by either the decedent or the
8 spouse prior to the decedent's death.

9 (b) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health shall pay for
10 direct cremation or direct burial for indigent persons in an amount not to exceed the actual cost of
11 the direct cremation or direct burial service provided, or \$1000 whichever is less.

12 (c) Prior to paying for direct cremation or direct burial, the department shall determine the
13 financial assets of a deceased person and whether or not the deceased's estate or any of his or
14 her relatives who are liable for the direct cremation or direct burial expenses pursuant to
15 subsection (d) of this section is financially able to pay, alone or in conjunction, for the direct
16 cremation or direct burial expenses. The department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ shall
17 require that an affidavit be filed with the department, in a form provided by and determined in
18 accordance with the income guidelines as set forth by the department, as well as any other

19 supporting financial information the department may require, including, but not limited to, bank
20 statements and income tax information of the deceased person and the relatives of the deceased
21 person who are liable for the direct cremation or direct burial expenses pursuant to section nine of
22 this article. The affidavit must be:

23 (1) Signed by the heir or heirs-at-law and state that the estate of the deceased person is
24 unable to pay the costs associated with direct cremation or direct burial and that the sole or
25 combined assets of the heir or heirs-at-law are not sufficient to pay for the direct cremation or
26 direct burial of the deceased person; or

27 (2) Signed by the county coroner or the county health officer, the attending physician or
28 other person signing the death certificate or the state medical examiner stating that the deceased
29 person has no heirs or that heirs have not been located after a reasonable search and that the
30 deceased person had no estate or the estate is pecuniarily unable to pay the costs associated with
31 direct cremation or direct burial.

32 (d) The relatives of an indigent person, who are of sufficient ability, shall be liable to pay the
33 direct cremation or direct burial expenses in the following order:

34 (1) The spouse.

35 (2) The children.

36 (3) The parents.

37 (4) The brothers and sisters.

38 (e) The department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ may proceed by motion in the circuit
39 court of the county in which the indigent person may be, against one or more of the relatives liable.

40 (f) If a relative so liable does not reside in this state and has no estate or debts due him or
41 her within the state by means of which the liability can be enforced against him or her, the other
42 relatives shall be liable as provided by this section.

43 (g) The liability of the relative of an indigent person for funeral service expenses is limited
44 to the amount paid by the department. ~~of Health and Human Resources~~

45 (h) Payment for direct burials or direct cremations for indigents shall be made by the
46 department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ to the West Virginia funeral director licensed
47 pursuant to §30-6-9 of this code or a crematory operator certificated pursuant to §30-6-11 of this
48 code that provided the direct burial or direct cremation, as the department may determine,
49 pursuant to appropriations for expenditures made by the Legislature. Nothing in this section shall
50 prohibit a family from holding a memorial service for the indigent person: *Provided*, That payment
51 under this section is limited to direct burial and direct cremation and may not include payment for a
52 memorial service.

53 (i) In the event that no family members can be found, or refuse to participate, an application
54 for payment of direct cremation or direct burial for indigent persons may be submitted to the
55 department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ by the provider of such services.

56 (j) A direct cremation may not be made of the decedent if objectionable pursuant to
57 decedent's religion or otherwise prohibited by federal law, state law or regulation, in which case,
58 alternate funeral service expenses shall be substituted. In the absence of a religious objection or
59 prohibition by federal law, state law or regulation, an indigent for which payment under this section
60 is authorized shall be cremated.

61 (k) A person who knowingly swears falsely in an affidavit required by this section shall be
62 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or
63 confined in jail for a period of not more than six months, or both fined and confined.

§9-5-11. Definitions; Assignment of rights; right of subrogation by the department for third-party liability; notice requirement for claims and civil actions; notice requirement for settlement of third-party claim; penalty for failure to notify the department; provisions related to trial; attorneys fees; class actions and multiple plaintiff actions not authorized; and Secretary's authority to settle.

1 (a) *Definitions.* — As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

2 (1) "Bureau" means the Bureau for Medical Services.

3 (2) "Department" means the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~
4 Department of Human Services, or its contracted designee.

5 (3) "Recipient" means a person who applies for and receives assistance under the
6 Medicaid Program.

7 (4) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
8 Department of Human Services.

9 (5) "Third-party" means an individual or entity that is alleged to be liable to pay all or part of
10 the costs of a recipient's medical treatment and medical-related services for personal injury,
11 disease, illness or disability, as well as any entity including, but not limited to, a business
12 organization, health service organization, insurer, or public or private agency acting by or on behalf
13 of the allegedly liable third-party.

14 (b) *Assignment of rights.* —

15 (1) Submission of an application to the department for medical assistance is, as a matter of
16 law, an assignment of the right of the applicant or his or her legal representative to recover from
17 third parties past medical expenses paid for by the Medicaid program.

18 (2) At the time an application for medical assistance is made, the department shall include
19 a statement along with the application that explains that the applicant has assigned all of his or her
20 rights as provided in this section and the legal implications of making this assignment.

21 (3) This assignment of rights does not extend to Medicare benefits.

22 (4) This section does not prevent the recipient or his or her legal representative from
23 maintaining an action for injuries or damages sustained by the recipient against any third-party
24 and from including, as part of the compensatory damages sought to be recovered, the amounts of
25 his or her past medical expenses.

26 (5) The department shall be legally subrogated to the rights of the recipient against the
27 third party.

28 (6) The department shall have a priority right to be paid first out of any payments made to
29 the recipient for past medical expenses before the recipient can recover any of his or her own
30 costs for medical care.

31 (7) A recipient is considered to have authorized all third-parties to release to the
32 department information needed by the department to secure or enforce its rights as assignee
33 under this chapter.

34 (c) *Notice requirement for claims and civil actions.* —

35 (1) A recipient's legal representative shall provide notice to the department within 60 days
36 of asserting a claim against a third party. If the claim is asserted in a formal civil action, the
37 recipient's legal representative shall notify the department within 60 days of service of the
38 complaint and summons upon the third party by causing a copy of the summons and a copy of the
39 complaint to be served on the department as though it were named a party defendant.

40 (2) If the recipient has no legal representative and the third party knows or reasonably
41 should know that a recipient has no representation then the third party shall provide notice to the
42 department within sixty days of receipt of a claim or within thirty days of receipt of information or
43 documentation reflecting the recipient is receiving medicaid benefits, whichever is later in time.

44 (3) In any civil action implicated by this section, the department may file a notice of
45 appearance and shall thereafter have the right to file and receive pleadings, intervene and take
46 other action permitted by law.

47 (4) The department shall provide the recipient and the third party, if the recipient is without
48 legal representation, notice of the amount of the purported subrogation lien within thirty days of
49 receipt of notice of the claim. The department shall provide related supplements in a timely
50 manner, but no later than fifteen days after receipt of a request for same.

51 (d) *Notice of settlement requirement.* —

52 (1) A recipient or his or her representative shall notify the department of a settlement with a
53 third-party and retain in escrow an amount equal to the amount of the subrogation lien asserted by

54 the department. The notification shall include the amount of the settlement being allocated for past
55 medical expenses paid for by the Medicaid program. Within 30 days of the receipt of any such
56 notice, the department shall notify the recipient of its consent or rejection of the proposed
57 allocation. If the department consents, the recipient or his or her legal representation shall issue
58 payment out of the settlement proceeds in a manner directed by the Secretary or his or her
59 designee within 30 days of consent to the proposed allocation.

60 (2) If the total amount of the settlement is less than the department's subrogation lien, then
61 the settling parties shall obtain the department's consent to the settlement before finalizing the
62 settlement. The department shall advise the parties within 30 days and provide a detailed
63 itemization of all past medical expenses paid by the department on behalf of the recipient for which
64 the department seeks reimbursement out of the settlement proceeds.

65 (3) If the department rejects the proposed allocation, the department shall seek a judicial
66 determination within 30 days and provide a detailed itemization of all past medical expenses paid
67 by the department on behalf of the recipient for which the department seeks reimbursement out of
68 the settlement proceeds.

69 (A) If judicial determination becomes necessary, the trial court is required to hold an
70 evidentiary hearing. The recipient and the department shall be provided ample notice of the same
71 and be given just opportunity to present the necessary evidence, including fact witness and expert
72 witness testimony, to establish the amount to which the department is entitled to be reimbursed
73 pursuant to this section.

74 (B) The department shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence
75 that the allocation agreed to by the parties was improper. For purposes of appeal, the trial court's
76 decision should be set forth in a detailed order containing the requisite findings of fact and
77 conclusions of law to support its rulings.

78 (4) Any settlement by a recipient with one or more third-parties which would otherwise fully
79 resolve the recipient's claim for an amount collectively not to exceed \$20,000 shall be exempt from
80 the provisions of this section.

81 (5) Nothing herein prevents a recipient from seeking judicial intervention to resolve any
82 dispute as to allocation prior to effectuating a settlement with a third party.

83 (e) Department failure to respond to notice of settlement. — If the department fails to
84 appropriately respond to a notification of settlement, the amount to which the department is
85 entitled to be paid from the settlement shall be limited to the amount of the settlement the recipient
86 has allocated toward past medical expenses.

87 (f) Penalty for failure to notify the department. — A legal representative acting on behalf of
88 a recipient or third party that fails to comply with the provisions of this section is liable to the
89 department for all reimbursement amounts the department would otherwise have been entitled to
90 collect pursuant to this section but for the failure to comply. Under no circumstances may a pro se
91 recipient be penalized for failing to comply with the provisions of this section.

92 (g) *Miscellaneous provisions relating to trial.* —

93 (1) Where an action implicated by this section is tried by a jury, the jury may not be
94 informed at any time as to the subrogation lien of the department.

95 (2) Where an action implicated by this section is tried by judge or jury, the trial judge shall,
96 or in the instance of a jury trial, require that the jury, identify precisely the amount of the verdict
97 awarded that represents past medical expenses.

98 (3) Upon the entry of judgment on the verdict, the court shall direct that upon satisfaction of
99 the judgment any damages awarded for past medical expenses be withheld and paid directly to
100 the department, not to exceed the amount of past medical expenses paid by the department on
101 behalf of the recipient.

102 (h) *Attorneys' fees.* — Irrespective of whether an action or claim is terminated by judgment
103 or settlement without trial, from the amount required to be paid to the department there shall be

104 deducted the reasonable costs and attorneys' fees attributable to the amount in accordance with
105 and in proportion to the fee arrangement made between the recipient and his or her attorney of
106 record so that the department shall bear the pro-rata share of the reasonable costs and attorneys'
107 fees: *Provided*, That if there is no recovery, the department shall under no circumstances be liable
108 for any costs or attorneys' fees expended in the matter.

109 (i) *Class actions and multiple plaintiff actions not authorized.* — Nothing in this article shall
110 authorize the department to institute a class action or multiple plaintiff action against any
111 manufacturer, distributor or vendor of any product to recover medical care expenditures paid for by
112 the Medicaid program.

113 (j) *Secretary's authority.* — The Secretary or his or her designee may compromise, settle
114 and execute a release of any claim relating to the department's right of subrogation, in whole or in
115 part.

§9-5-11a. Notice of action or claim.

1 If either the medical assistance recipient or the department of ~~Health and Human~~
2 ~~Resources~~ brings an action or claim against a third person, the recipient, his or her attorney or
3 such department shall, within thirty days of filing the action, give to the other written notice of the
4 action or claim by certified mail. This notice shall contain the name of the third person and the court
5 in which the action is brought. If the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ institutes said
6 action, the notice shall advise the recipient of their right to bring such action in their own name, in
7 which they may include as a part of their claim the sums claimed by such department. Proof of
8 such notice shall be filed in said action subject to the notice and intent procedure as outlined in
9 section eleven of this article. If an action or claim is brought by either the recipient or the
10 department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~, the other may, at any time before trial, become a
11 party to the action, or shall consolidate his or her action or claim with the other if brought
12 independently: *Provided*, That this consolidation or entry as a party does not delay the
13 proceedings.

§9-5-11b. Release of information.

1 (a) All recipients of medical assistance under the Medicaid program are considered to
2 have authorized all third parties, including, but not limited to, insurance companies and providers
3 of medical care, to release to the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ information needed
4 by the department to secure or enforce its rights as assignee under this chapter.

5 (b) As a condition of doing business in the state, health insurers, including self-insured
6 plans, group health plans as defined in §6074(a) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act
7 of 1974, service benefit plans, third-party administrators, managed care organizations, pharmacy
8 benefit managers or other parties that are by statute, contract or agreement, legally responsible for
9 payment of a claim for a health care item or service are required to comply with the following:

10 (1) Upon the request of the Bureau for Medical Services, or its contractor, provide
11 information to determine the period that the service recipients, their spouse or dependents may be
12 or may have been covered by the health insurer, including the nature of the coverage that is or was
13 provided by the health insurer, the name, address, date of birth, Social Security number, group
14 number, identifying number of the plan, and effective and termination dates. The information shall
15 be provided in a format suitable for electronic data matches, conducted under the direction of the
16 department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~, no less than monthly or as prescribed by the
17 secretary. The health insurer must respond within sixty working days after receipt of a written
18 request for enrollment data from the department or its contractor;

19 (2) Accept the right of the Bureau for Medical Services of recovery and the assignment to
20 the state of any right of an individual or other entity to payment from the party for an item or service
21 for which payment has been made by the Bureau for Medical Services;

22 (3) Respond to any inquiry by the Bureau for Medical Services regarding a claim for
23 payment for any health care item or service that is submitted not later than three years after the
24 date of the provision of the health care item or service; and

25 (4) Accept a claim submitted by the Bureau for Medical Services regardless of the date of
26 submission of the claim, the type or format of the claim form, lack of preauthorization or the failure
27 to present proper documentation at the point-of-sale that is the basis of the claim: *Provided*, That
28 the claim is submitted by the Bureau for Medical Services within the three-year period beginning
29 on the date on which the item or service was furnished and any action by the Bureau for Medical
30 Services to enforce its right with respect to the claim is commenced within six years of the Bureau
31 for Medical Services' submission of the claim.

§9-5-11c. Right of the department of Health and Human Resources to recover medical assistance.

1 (a) Upon the death of a person who was fifty-five years of age or older at the time the
2 person received welfare assistance consisting of nursing facility services, home and community-
3 based services, and related hospital and prescription drug services, the department of Health and
4 Human Resources, in addition to any other available remedy, may file a claim or lien against the
5 estate of the recipient for the total amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid for nursing
6 facility services, home and community-based services, and related hospital and prescription drug
7 services provided for the benefit of the recipient. Claims so filed shall be classified as and included
8 in the class of debts due the state.

9 (b) The department may recover pursuant to subsection (a) only after the death of the
10 individual's surviving spouse, if any and only after such time as the individual has no surviving
11 children under the age of twenty-one, or when the individual has no surviving children who meet
12 the Social Security Act's definition of blindness or permanent and total disability.

13 (c) The state shall have the right to place a lien upon the property of individuals who are
14 inpatients in a nursing facility, intermediate care facility for individuals with an intellectual disability
15 or other medical institution who, after notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the state has
16 deemed to be permanently institutionalized. This lien shall be in an amount equal to Medicaid
17 expenditures for services provided by a nursing facility, intermediate care facility for individuals

18 with an intellectual disability or other medical institution, and shall be rendered against the
19 proceeds of the sale of property except for a minimal amount reserved for the individual's personal
20 needs. Any such lien dissolves upon that individual's discharge from the medical institution. The
21 secretary has authority to compromise or otherwise reduce the amount of this lien in cases where
22 enforcement would create a hardship.

23 (d) No lien may be imposed on such individual's home when the home is the lawful
24 residence of: (1) The spouse of the individual; (2) the individual's child who is under the age of
25 twenty-one; (3) the individual's child meets the Social Security Act's definition of blindness or
26 permanent and total disability; or (4) the individual's sibling has an equity interest in the home and
27 was residing in the home for a period of at least one year immediately before the date of the
28 individual's admission to a medical institution.

29 (e) The filing of a claim, pursuant to this section, neither reduces or diminishes the general
30 claims of the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~, except that the department may not
31 receive double recovery for the same expenditure. The death of the recipient neither extinguishes
32 or diminishes any right of the department to recover. Nothing in this section affects or prevents a
33 proceeding to enforce a lien pursuant to this section or a proceeding to set aside a fraudulent
34 conveyance.

35 (f) Any claim or lien imposed pursuant to this section is effective for the full amount of
36 medical assistance provided by Medicaid for nursing facility services, home and community-based
37 services, and related hospital and prescription drug services. The lien attaches and is perfected
38 automatically as of the beginning date of medical assistance, the date when a recipient first
39 receives treatment for which the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ may be obligated to
40 provide medical assistance. A claim may be waived by the department, if the department
41 determines, pursuant to applicable federal law and rules and regulations, that the claim will cause
42 substantial hardship to the surviving dependents of the deceased.

43 (g) Upon the effective date of this section, the Attorney General, on behalf of the State of
44 West Virginia, shall commence an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to test the validity,
45 constitutionality, and the ability of the Congress of the United States to mandate the
46 implementation of this section. This subsection does not limit the right of others, including
47 recipients, to intervene in any litigation, nor does it limit the discretion of the Attorney General or
48 appropriate counsel to seek affected persons to act as parties to the litigation, either individually or
49 as a class.

§9-5-12a. Medicaid program; dental care.

1 (a) The following terms are defined:

2 (1) "Cosmetic services" means dental work that improves the appearance of the teeth,
3 gums, or bite, including, but not limited to, inlays or onlays, composite bonding, dental veneers,
4 teeth whitening, or braces.

5 (2) "Diagnostic and preventative services" means dental work that maintains good oral
6 health and includes oral evaluations, routine cleanings, x-rays, fluoride treatment, fillings, and
7 extractions.

8 (3) "Restorative services" means dental work that involves tooth replacement, including,
9 but not limited to, dentures, dental implants, bridges, crowns, or corrective procedures such as
10 root canals.

11 (b) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
12 extend Medicaid coverage to adults age 21 and over covered by the Medicaid program for
13 diagnostic and preventative dental services and restorative dental services, excluding cosmetic
14 services. This coverage is limited to \$1,000 each budget year. Recipients must pay for services
15 over the \$1,000 yearly limit. No provision in this section shall restrict the department in exercising
16 new options provided by, or to be in compliance with, new federal legislation that further expands
17 eligibility for dental care for adult recipients.

18 (c) The department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ is responsible for the implementation
19 of, and program design for, a dental care system to reduce the continuing harm and continuing
20 impact on the health care system in West Virginia. The dental health system design shall include
21 oversight, quality assurance measures, case management, and patient outreach activities. The
22 department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ shall assume responsibility for claims processing in
23 accordance with established fee schedules and financial aspects of the program necessary to
24 receive available federal dollars and to meet federal rules and regulations. The department of
25 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ shall seek authority from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
26 Services to implement the provisions of this section.

27 (d) The provisions of this section enacted during the 2020 regular legislative session shall
28 only become effective upon approval from the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
29 of the provider tax as set forth in §11-27-10a of this code.

§9-5-15. Medicaid program; preferred drug list and drug utilization review.

1 The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that trade secrets, rebate amounts,
2 percentage of rebate, manufacturer's pricing and supplemental rebates that are contained in
3 records, as well as any meetings at which this information is negotiated or discussed need
4 confidentiality to insure the most significant rebates available for the state. Information pertaining
5 to similar agreements with the federal government and negotiated by pharmaceutical
6 manufacturers is confidential pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1396r-8. A rebate as a percentage of average
7 manufacture price is confidential under federal law and the federal rebate could be made known if
8 not protected by state law. Because of the protection afforded by federal law, if this information is
9 not protected by state law, manufacturers will not be willing to offer a rebate in West Virginia.
10 Further, the Legislature finds that the number and value of supplemental rebates obtained by the
11 department will increase, to the benefit of Medicaid recipients, if information related to the
12 supplemental rebates is protected in the records of the department and in meetings in which this

12 information is disclosed because manufacturers will be assured they will not to be placed at a
13 competitive disadvantage by exposure of this information.

14 The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
15 Services has the authority to develop a preferred drug list, in accordance with federal law, which
16 shall consist of federally approved drugs. The department, through administration of the Medicaid
17 program, may reimburse, where applicable and in accordance with federal law, entities providing
18 and dispensing prescription drugs from the preferred drug list.

19 The secretary of ~~the department~~ is hereby authorized to negotiate and enter into
20 agreements with pharmaceutical manufacturers for supplemental rebates for Medicaid
21 reimbursable drugs.

22 The provisions of article three, chapter five-a of this code shall not apply to any contract or
23 contracts entered into under this section.

24 Trade secrets, rebate amounts, percentage of rebate, manufacturer's pricing and
25 supplemental rebates which are contained in the department's records and those of its agents with
26 respect to supplemental rebate negotiations and which are prepared pursuant to a supplemental
27 rebate agreement are confidential and exempt from all of article one, chapter twenty-nine-b of this
28 code.

29 Those portions of any meetings of the committee at which trade secrets, rebate amounts,
30 percentage of rebate, manufacturer's pricing and supplemental rebates are disclosed for
31 discussion or negotiation of a supplemental rebate agreement are exempt from all of article nine-a,
32 chapter six of this code.

33 The secretary of ~~the department~~ will monitor and evaluate the effects of this provision on
34 Medicaid recipients, the Medicaid program, physicians and pharmacies.

35 The commissioner shall implement a drug utilization review program to assure that
36 prescribing and dispensing of drug products result in the most rational cost-effective medication
37 therapy for Medicaid patients.

38 Any moneys received in supplemental rebates will be deposited in the medical services
39 fund established in §9-4-2 of this code.

**§9-5-16a. Medicaid-certified nursing homes; screening of applicants and residents for
mental illness; reimbursement of hospitals.**

1 (a) The department of human services and ~~department of health~~ shall cause individuals
2 applying for admission to or residing in a Medicaid-certified nursing home to be screened as
3 required by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987.

4 (b) Effective April 1, 1989, hospitals shall receive administrative day payment at a rate set
5 by the Medicaid agency to reimburse the hospitals for days required for the screening of Medicaid
6 eligible patients required by subsection (a) of this section.

7 (c) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
8 Human Services is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations to fully implement this section.

§9-5-19. Summary review for certain behavioral health facilities and services.

9 (a) A certificate of need as provided in article two-d, chapter sixteen of this code is not
10 required by an entity proposing additional behavioral health care services, but only to the extent
11 necessary to gain federal approval of the Medicaid MR/DD waiver program, if a summary review is
12 performed in accordance with the provisions of this section.

13 (b) Prior to initiating any summary review, the secretary shall direct the revision of the state
14 mental health plan as required by the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300x and section four, article one-a,
15 chapter twenty-seven of this code. In developing those revisions, the secretary is to appoint an
16 advisory committee composed of representatives of the associations representing providers, child
17 care providers, physicians and advocates. The secretary shall appoint the appropriate department
18 employees representing regulatory agencies, reimbursement agencies and oversight agencies of
19 the behavioral health system.

20 (c) If the secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ determines that
21 specific services are needed but unavailable, he or she shall provide notice of the department's

22 intent to develop those services. Notice may be provided through publication in the state register,
23 publication in newspapers or a modified request for proposal as developed by the secretary.

24 (d) The secretary may initiate a summary review of additional behavioral health care
25 services, but only to the extent necessary to gain federal approval of the Medicaid MR/DD waiver
26 program, by recommending exemption from the provisions of article two-d, chapter sixteen of this
27 code to the Health Care Authority. The recommendation is to include the following findings:

28 (1) That the proposed service is consistent with the state health plan and the state mental
29 health plan;

30 (2) That the proposed service is consistent with the department's programmatic and fiscal
31 plan for behavioral health services;

32 (3) That the proposed service contributes to providing services that prevent admission to
33 restrictive environments or enables an individual to remain in a nonrestrictive environment;

34 (4) That the proposed service contributes to reducing the number of individuals admitted to
35 inpatient or residential treatment programs or services;

36 (5) If applicable, that the proposed service will be community-based, locally accessible,
37 provided in an appropriate setting consistent with the unique needs and potential of each client
38 and his or her family and located in an area that is unserved or underserved or does not allow
39 consumers a choice of providers; and

40 (6) That the secretary is determining that sufficient funds are available for the proposed
41 service without decreasing access to or provision of existing services. The secretary may, from
42 time to time, transfer funds pursuant to the general provisions of the budget bill.

43 (e) The secretary's findings required by this section shall be filed with the secretary's
44 recommendation and appropriate documentation. If the secretary's findings are supported by the
45 accompanying documentation, the proposal does not require a certificate of need.

46 (f) Any entity that does not qualify for summary review is subject to a certificate of need
47 review.

48 (g) Any provider of the proposed services denied authorization to provide those services
49 pursuant to the summary review has the right to appeal that decision to the state agency in
50 accordance with the provisions of section ten, article two-d, chapter sixteen of this code.

§9-5-25. Medicaid program compact.

1 [Repealed]

§9-5-26. Supplemental Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement.

1 (a) A ground emergency medical transportation services provider, owned, operated by, or
2 providing services under contract to, the state, or a city, a county, or city and county, that provides
3 services to Medicare and Medicaid beneficiaries is eligible for supplemental reimbursement.

4 (b) An eligible provider's supplemental reimbursement shall be calculated and paid as
5 follows:

6 (1) The supplemental reimbursement to an eligible provider shall be equal to the amount of
7 federal financial participation received as a result of the claims submitted.

8 (2) In no instance may the amount certified, when combined with the amount received from
9 all other sources of reimbursement from the Medicare or Medicaid program, exceed 100 percent
10 of actual costs, as determined pursuant to the Medicaid State Plan or the state's Medicare plan, for
11 ground emergency medical transportation services.

12 (3) The supplemental Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement shall be distributed
13 exclusively to eligible providers under a payment methodology based on ground emergency
14 medical transportation services provided to Medicare and Medicaid beneficiaries by eligible
15 providers on a per-transport basis or other federally permissible basis. The ~~Department of Health~~
16 ~~and Human Resources shall~~ Department of Human Services shall obtain approval from the
17 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for the payment methodology to be used, and may
18 not make any payment pursuant to this section prior to obtaining that approval.

19 (c) No funds may be expended from the State Fund, General Revenue for any
20 supplemental reimbursement paid under this section.

21 (d) The nonfederal share of the supplemental reimbursement submitted to the federal
22 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for purposes of claiming federal financial
23 participation may be paid only with funds from the governmental entities.

24 (e) Participation in the program by an eligible provider described in this section is voluntary.

25 (f) If an applicable governmental entity elects to seek supplemental reimbursement
26 pursuant to this section on behalf of an eligible provider, the governmental entity shall:

27 (1) Certify, in conformity with the requirements of Section 433.51 of Title 42 of the Code of
28 Federal Regulations, that the claimed expenditures for the ground emergency medical
29 transportation services are eligible for federal financial participation;

30 (2) Provide evidence supporting the certification as specified by the department of ~~Health~~
31 ~~and Human Resources~~;

32 (3) Submit data as specified by the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ to
33 determine the appropriate amounts to claim as expenditures qualifying for federal financial
34 participation; and

35 (4) Keep, maintain, and have readily retrievable any records specified by the department of
36 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ to fully disclose reimbursement amounts to which the eligible
37 provider is entitled, and any other records required by the federal Centers for Medicare and
38 Medicaid Services.

39 (g) (1) The department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ shall promptly seek any
40 necessary federal approvals for the implementation of this section. The department of ~~Health and~~
41 ~~Human Resources~~ may limit the program to those costs that are allowable expenditures under
42 Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. §1396 *et seq.*). If federal approval is not
43 obtained for implementation of this section, this section may not be implemented.

44 (2) The department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ shall submit claims for federal
45 financial participation for the expenditures for the services that are allowable expenditures under
46 federal law.

47 (3) The department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ shall, on an annual basis, submit any
48 necessary materials to the federal government to provide assurances that claims for federal
49 financial participation will include only those expenditures that are allowable under federal law.

50 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of §9-5-26(g)(1) of this code, the department of ~~Health~~
51 ~~and Human Resources~~ shall, prior to seeking federal approval of any supplemental
52 reimbursement pursuant to this section, attempt to maximize the number of qualified group
53 emergency medical transportation service providers eligible to receive the supplemental
54 reimbursement. These emergency medical transportation service providers would include:

55 (A) Any not-for-profit emergency medical transport providers not owned by the state or a
56 city, a county, or a city and county;

57 (B) Any voluntary emergency transportation service providers not owned by the state or a
58 city, a county, or a city and county; and

59 (C) All other emergency medical transportation service providers licensed pursuant to the
60 provisions of §16-4C-1 *et seq.* of this code.

§9-5-27. Transitioning foster care into managed care.

1 (a) "Eligible services" means acute care, including medical, pharmacy, dental, and
2 behavioral health services.

3 (b) The secretary shall transition to a capitated Medicaid program for a child classified as a
4 foster child and a child placed in foster care under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act who is living
5 in the state by January 1, 2020. The program shall be statewide, fully integrated, and risk based;
6 shall integrate Medicaid-reimbursed eligible services; and shall align incentives to ensure the
7 appropriate care is delivered in the most appropriate place and time.

8 (c) The secretary shall make payments for the eligible services, including home and
9 community-based services, using a managed care model.

10 (d) The secretary shall submit, if necessary, applications to the United States Department
11 of Health and Human Services for waivers of federal Medicaid requirements that would otherwise

12 be violated in the implementation of the program, and shall consolidate any additional waivers
13 where appropriate: *Provided*, That this subsection does not apply to the Aged and Disabled
14 Waiver, the Intellectual/Developmental Disabilities Waiver, and the Traumatic Brain Injury Waiver.

15 (e) If a selected managed care organization ceases to contract with the Department of
16 Health and Human Services to provide Medicaid managed care services, it must provide all
17 patient records, including medical records, to the next selected managed care organization to
18 ensure the Eligible Medicaid Beneficiaries do not experience an interruption in care.

19 (f) In designing the program, the secretary shall ensure that the program:

20 (1) Reduces fragmentation and offers a seamless approach to meeting participants'
21 needs;

22 (2) Delivers needed supports and services in the most integrated, appropriate, and cost-
23 effective way possible;

24 (3) Offers a continuum of acute care services, which includes an array of home and
25 community-based options;

26 (4) Includes a comprehensive quality approach across the entire continuum of care
27 services; and

28 (5) Consult stakeholders in the program development process, and the managed care
29 organization that is awarded the contract shall create a voluntary advisory group of foster,
30 adoptive, and kinship parents, which shall meet every quarter for the first year following the
31 effective date of the changes made to this section during the 2019 Regular Session of the
32 Legislature and then every six months thereafter, to discuss issues they are encountering with the
33 managed care organization and recommend solutions. The managed care organization shall
34 report on the recommendations of the advisory group and address how and why procedures have
35 or have not changed based on those recommendations. This report shall be submitted to the
36 secretary and the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human Resources

37 Accountability as set forth in §16-29E-1 *et seq.* of this code, and the public in a timely fashion and
38 shall be available on the managed care organization's webpage.

39 (g) The department shall evaluate the transition to managed care and shall collect and
40 annually report on the following items: the number of claims submitted, the number of claims
41 approved, the number of claims denied, the number of claims appealed, the resolution of appealed
42 claims, the average time of an appeal, the average length of stay in a child residential care center,
43 and health outcomes. The initial report will be filed by July 1, 2021, with the Legislative Oversight
44 Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability and the Foster Care Ombudsman
45 with a final report submitted July 1, 2023.

46 (h) The transition of foster care to managed care shall terminate on June 30, 2024, unless
47 cancelled by the secretary at an earlier date.

48 (i) (1) The Office of the Inspector General shall employ an independent foster care
49 ombudsman, with experience as a former foster parent or experience in the area of child welfare;

50 (2) The duties of the ombudsman shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

51 (A) Advocating for the rights of foster children and foster parents;

52 (B) Participating in any procedure to investigate, and resolve complaints filed on behalf of a
53 foster child or foster parent, relating to action, inaction or decisions of providers of managed care
54 services, or the representatives of such providers, of public agencies, or of social service
55 agencies, which may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare and rights of the foster child or
56 foster parent;

57 (C) Monitoring the development and implementation of federal, state and local legislation,
58 regulations and policies with respect to foster care services; and

59 (D) Establishing and maintaining a statewide uniform reporting system to collect and
60 analyze data relating to complaints for the purpose of identifying and resolving significant
61 problems faced by foster children and foster parents as a class. The data shall be submitted to the
62 Bureau of Children and Families ~~within the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ and the

63 Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability on a quarterly
64 basis;

65 (3) The ombudsman shall participate in ongoing training programs related to his or her
66 duties or responsibilities.

67 (j) An employee of the department who, as a function of that employment, has engaged in
68 the development of any contract developed pursuant to the requirements of this section may not
69 for a period of two years thereafter be employed by any agency or company that has benefitted or
70 stands to benefit directly from a contract between the department and that agency or company.

71 (k) Any managed care company selected as the managed care contractor pursuant to the
72 provisions of this article shall have at least 80 percent of the total full-time equivalent positions
73 allocated to manage care of foster children in West Virginia according to the contract must have a
74 primary work place in the state of West Virginia.

**§9-5-29. Payments to substance use disorder residential treatment facilities based upon
performance-based outcomes.**

1 (a) For purposes of this section:

2 (1) "Department" means the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
3 Human Services.

4 (2) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that is cost-effective and includes at
5 least two randomized or statistically controlled evaluations that have demonstrated improved
6 outcomes for its intended populations.

7 (3) "MCOs" means Medicaid managed care organizations.

8 (4) "Performance-based contracting" means structuring all aspects of the service contract
9 around the purpose of the work to be performed and the desired results with the contract
10 requirements set forth in clear, specific, and objective terms with measurable outcomes and
11 linking payment for services to contractor performance.

12 (5) "Promising practice" means a practice that presents, based upon preliminary
13 information, potential for becoming a research-based or consensus-based practice.

14 (6) "Research-based" means a program or practice that has some research demonstrating
15 effectiveness, but that does not yet meet the standard of evidence-based practices.

16 (b) Within three months of effective date, Bureau for Medical Services shall seek an
17 amendment to an existing waiver or waivers from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
18 to support the pilot program. Within 90 days of Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
19 approval, Bureau for Medical Services shall enter into contracts with the MCOs wherein, at a
20 minimum, 15 percent of substance use disorder residential treatment contracts for facilities
21 providing substance use disorder treatment services are paid based upon performance-based
22 measures.

23 (c) The department's contracts with the MCOs shall be developed and implemented in a
24 manner that complies with the applicable provisions of this code and are exempt from §5A-3-1 *et*
25 *seq.* of this code.

26 (d) The MCOs shall contract with substance use disorder residential treatment facilities
27 and allow substance use disorder treatment facilities the option to be paid based upon
28 performance-based metrics. Substance use disorder residential treatment facilities that opt for
29 performance-based contracting shall including the following:

30 (1) The use of programs that are evidence-based, research-based, and supported by
31 promising practices, in providing services to patient population, including fidelity and quality
32 assurance provisions.

33 (2) The substance use disorder residential treatment facility shall develop a robust post-
34 treatment planning program, including, but not limited to, connecting the patient population to
35 community-based supports, otherwise known as wraparound services, to include, but not be
36 limited to, designation of a patient navigator to assist each discharged patient with linkage to
37 medical, substance use, and psychological treatment services; assistance with job placement;

38 weekly communication regarding status for up to three years; and assistance with housing and
39 transportation.

40 (3) The department shall create an advisory committee that includes representatives from
41 the Office of Drug Control Policy, the Bureau for Behavioral Health, the Bureau for Medical
42 Services, and the MCO to develop the performance-based metrics for which payment is based
43 that shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

44 (A) Whether patient is drug free, 30 days post discharge, six months post discharge, one-
45 year post-discharge, two years post-discharge, and three years post-discharge;

46 (B) Whether patient is employed, 30 days post discharge, six months post discharge, one-
47 year post-discharge, two years post-discharge, and three years post-discharge;

48 (C) Whether patient has housing, 30 days post discharge, six months post discharge, and
49 one-year post-discharge;

50 (D) Whether substance use disorder residential treatment facility has arranged medical,
51 substance use, psychological services, or other community-based supports for the patient and
52 whether the patient attended, 30 days post discharge, six months post discharge, one-year post-
53 discharge, two years post-discharge, and three years post-discharge;

54 (E) Whether the patient has transportation 30 days post-discharge; and

55 (F) Whether patient has relapsed and needed any additional substance use disorder
56 treatment, 30 days post discharge, six months post discharge, one-year post-discharge, two years
57 post-discharge, and three years post discharge.

58 (G) A managed care organization does not have an obligation to provide any of the
59 information specified in this section regarding a patient if that patient ceases to be an enrolled
60 member of that particular MCO.

61 (e) The substance use disorder residential treatment facility shall report the performance-
62 based metrics to the Office of Drug Control Policy on the first of every month.

63 (f) For the three years of implementation of performance-based contracting, the MCO may
64 transfer risk for the provision of services to the substance use disorder residential treatment facility
65 only to the limited extent necessary to implement a performance-based payment methodology,
66 such as phased payment for services. However, the MCO may develop a shared saving
67 methodology through which the substance use disorder residential treatment facility shall receive
68 a defined share of any savings that result from improved performance.

69 (g) The department shall hire a full-time employee who will actively monitor the substance
70 use disorder residential treatment facility's compliance with required reporting, monitor contracts
71 executed under this section, and support the advisory committee in determining the best practices
72 and refinement of this pilot.

73 (h) The advisory committee shall evaluate this pilot program annually for effectiveness,
74 adjust metrics as indicated to improve quality outcomes, and assess the pilot for continuation.

75 (i) The pilot program shall terminate in three years, unless it is recommended for continued
76 evaluation based upon metrics that indicate the effectiveness of this program.

77 (j) The department shall conduct actuarial analysis of the pilot program annually and
78 submit this report together with a detailed report of the overall performance of the pilot program,
79 including but not limited to, any performance-based metrics added in the fiscal year, and a
80 recommendation regarding the effectiveness of the program to the Legislative Oversight
81 Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability by January 15, 2023, and annually
82 thereafter throughout the term of the pilot program.

§9-5-30. Certified community behavioral health clinics.

1 (a) The Bureau for Medical Services shall develop, seek approval of, and implement a
2 Medicaid state plan amendment as necessary and appropriate to effectuate a system of certified
3 community behavioral health clinics (CCBHCs).

4 (b) The Bureau for Medical Services, in partnership with the ~~Department of Health and~~
5 ~~Human Resources'~~ Bureau for Behavioral Health, shall establish a state certification system for
6 CCBHCs in accordance with the following requirements:

7 (1) To the fullest extent practicable, the CCBHC system shall be consistent with the
8 demonstration program established by Section 223 of the Protecting Access to Medicare Act of
9 2014 (P.L. 113-93, 42 U.S.C. 1396a note), as amended.

10 (2) Standards and methodologies for a prospective payment system shall be established
11 to reimburse each CCBHC under the state Medicaid program on a predetermined, fixed amount
12 per day for covered services rendered to each Medicaid beneficiary.

13 (3) A quality incentive payment system shall be established for those CCBHCs which
14 achieve specific thresholds on performance metrics identified by the Bureau for Medical Services.
15 Such quality incentive payments shall be in addition to the bundled prospective daily rate.

16 (4) The prospective payment rate for each CCBHC shall be adjusted tri-annually by the
17 Medicare Economic Index as defined in Section 223 of Protecting Access to Medicare Act of 2014.
18 In addition, the prospective payment rate shall allow for modifications based upon a change in
19 scope for an individual CCBHC. Rate adjustments can be made upon request by the provider.

20 (5) Criteria shall be established to certify a facility as a CCBHC which, at a minimum, shall
21 require each CCBHC to offer directly, or indirectly through formal referral relationships with other
22 providers, the following services:

23 (A) Crisis mental health services, including 24-hour mobile crisis teams, emergency crisis
24 intervention services, and crisis stabilization;

25 (B) Screening, assessment, and diagnosis, including risk assessment;

26 (C) Patient-centered treatment planning or similar processes, including risk assessment
27 and crisis planning;

28 (D) Outpatient clinic primary care screening and monitoring of key health indicators and
29 health risk;

- 30 (E) Targeted case management;
- 31 (F) Psychiatric rehabilitation services;
- 32 (G) Peer support and counselor services;
- 33 (H) Family support services; and
- 34 (I) Community-based mental health services, including mental health services for
- 35 members of the armed forces and veterans.

36 (c) All nonprofit comprehensive community mental health centers, comprehensive
37 intellectual disability facilities, as established by §27-2A-1 of this code, and all other providers set
38 forth in the Medicaid state plan amendment shall be eligible to apply for certification as a CCBHC.

39 (d) The Bureau for Medical Services, in partnership with the ~~Department of Health and~~
40 ~~Human Resources~~' Bureau for Behavioral Health, shall establish any other procedures and
41 standards as may be necessary for an eligible facility to apply for certification, become certified,
42 and remain certified as a CCBHC, as set forth in the legislative rule developed pursuant to this
43 section.

44 (e) The participation of any eligible facility in the CCBHC system shall be strictly voluntary.
45 Nothing in this section shall require a facility that is eligible for certification as a CCBHC to apply for
46 such certification.

ARTICLE 6. SOCIAL SERVICES FOR ADULTS.

§9-6-1. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (1) "Adult protective services agency" means any public or nonprofit private agency,
3 corporation, board, or organization furnishing protective services to adults;

4 (2) "Adult protective services" means services provided to vulnerable adults as the
5 secretary may specify and may include, but are not limited to, services such as:

6 (A) Receiving reports of adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation;

7 (B) Investigating the reports of abuse, neglect, or exploitation;

8 (C) Case planning, monitoring, evaluation, and other case work and services; and

9 (D) Providing, arranging for, or facilitating the provision of medical, social service,
10 economic, legal, housing, law enforcement, or other protective, emergency, or support services;

11 (3) "Abuse" means the infliction or threat of physical or psychological harm, including the
12 use of undue influence or the imprisonment of any vulnerable adult or facility resident;

13 (4) "Neglect" means the unreasonable failure by a caregiver to provide the care necessary
14 to maintain the safety or health of a vulnerable adult or self-neglect by a vulnerable adult, including
15 the use of undue influence by a caregiver to cause self-neglect;

16 (5) "Vulnerable adult" means any person over the age of 18, or an emancipated minor, who
17 by reason of physical or mental condition is unable to independently carry on the daily activities of
18 life necessary to sustaining life and reasonable health and protection;

19 (6) "Emergency" or "emergency situation" means a situation or set of circumstances which
20 presents a substantial and immediate risk of death or serious injury to a vulnerable adult;

21 (7) "Financial exploitation" means the intentional misappropriation, misuse, or use of
22 undue influence to cause the misuse of funds or assets of a vulnerable adult or facility resident, but
23 does not apply to a transaction or disposition of funds or assets where a person made a good-faith
24 effort to assist the vulnerable adult or facility resident with the management of his or her money or
25 other things of value;

26 (8) "Legal representative" means a person lawfully invested with the power, and charged
27 with the duty, of taking care of another person or with managing the property and rights of another
28 person, including, but not limited to, a guardian, conservator, durable power of attorney
29 representative, springing power of attorney representative, financial power of attorney
30 representative, medical power of attorney representative, trustee, or other duly appointed person;

31 (9) "Nursing home" or "facility" means any institution, residence, intermediate care facility
32 for individuals with an intellectual disability, care home, or any other adult residential facility, or any

33 part or unit thereof, that is subject to the provisions of §16-5C-1 *et seq.*, §16-5D-1 *et seq.*, §16-5E-
34 1 *et seq.*, or §16-5H-1 *et seq.* of this code;

35 (10) "Regional long-term care ombudsman" means any paid staff of a designated regional
36 long-term care ombudsman program who has obtained appropriate certification from the Bureau
37 of Senior Services and meets the qualifications set forth in §16-5L-7 of this code;

38 (11) "Facility resident" means an individual living in a nursing home or other facility, as that
39 term is defined in subdivision (9) of this section;

40 (12) "State long-term care ombudsman" means an individual who meets the qualifications
41 of §16-5L-5 of this code and who is employed by the State Bureau of Senior Services to implement
42 the State Long-term Care Ombudsman Program;

43 (13) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
44 Department of Human Services;

45 (14) "Caregiver" means ~~an individual who is responsible for the care of a vulnerable adult~~
46 ~~or a facility resident, either voluntarily, by contract, by receipt of payment for care, or as a result of~~
47 ~~the operation of law, and means a family member or other individual who provides (on behalf of~~
48 ~~such individual or of a public or private agency, organization, or institution) compensated or~~
49 ~~uncompensated care to an adult with disabilities or a facility resident who needs supportive~~
50 ~~services in any setting; and~~

51 (15) "Fiduciary" means ~~a person or entity with the legal responsibility to make decisions on~~
52 ~~behalf of and for the benefit of another person; to act in good faith and with fairness; and includes a~~
53 ~~trustee, a guardian, a conservator, an executor or an agent under a financial power of attorney.~~

**§9-6-2. Adult protective services; immunity from civil liability; rules; organization and
duties.**

1 (a) There is continued within the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department
2 of Human Services the system of adult protective services.

3 (b) The secretary shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the
4 provisions of §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code regarding the organization and duties of the adult
5 protective services system and the procedures to be used by the department to effectuate the
6 purposes of this article. The rules may be amended and supplemented from time to time.

7 (c) The secretary shall design and arrange such rules to attain, or move toward the
8 attainment of, the following goals to the extent that the secretary believes feasible under the
9 provisions of this article within the state appropriations and other funds available:

10 (1) Assisting vulnerable adults who are abused, neglected, or financially exploited in
11 achieving or maintaining self-sufficiency and self-support and preventing, reducing, and
12 eliminating their dependency on the state;

13 (2) Preventing, reducing, and eliminating neglect, financial exploitation, and abuse of
14 adults who are unable to protect their own interests;

15 (3) Preventing and reducing institutional care of adults by providing less intensive forms of
16 care, preferably in the home;

17 (4) Referring and admitting abused, neglected, or financially exploited vulnerable adults to
18 institutional care only where other available services are inappropriate;

19 (5) Providing services and monitoring to adults in institutions designed to assist adults in
20 returning to community settings;

21 (6) Preventing, reducing, and eliminating the exploitation of vulnerable adults and facility
22 residents through the joint efforts of the various agencies of the Department of Health and Human
23 Resources, the adult protective services system, the state and regional long-term care
24 ombudsmen, administrators of nursing homes or other residential facilities, and county
25 prosecutors;

26 (7) Preventing, reducing, and eliminating abuse, neglect, and financial exploitation of
27 residents in nursing homes or facilities; and

28 (8) Coordinating investigation activities for complaints of financial exploitation, abuse, and
29 neglect of vulnerable adults and facility residents among the various agencies of the Department
30 of Health and Human Resources, the adult protective services system, the state and regional long-
31 term care ombudsmen, administrators of nursing homes or other residential facilities, county
32 prosecutors, if necessary, and other state or federal agencies or officials, as appropriate.

33 (d) An adult protective services caseworker may not be held personally liable for any
34 professional decision or action arrived at in the performance of his or her official duties as set forth
35 in this section or agency rules promulgated: *Provided*, That nothing in this subsection protects any
36 adult protective services worker from any liability arising from the operation of a motor vehicle or
37 for any loss caused by willful and wanton misconduct or intentional misconduct.

38 (e) The rules proposed by the secretary shall provide for the means by which the
39 department shall cooperate with federal, state, and other agencies to fulfill the objectives of the
40 system of adult protective services.

**§9-6-9. Mandatory reporting of incidences of abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or
emergency situation.**

1 (a) If any medical, dental, or mental health professional, Christian Science practitioner,
2 religious healer, social service worker, law-enforcement officer, humane officer, or any employee
3 of any nursing home or other residential facility, has reasonable cause to believe that a vulnerable
4 adult or facility resident is or has been neglected, abused, financially exploited or placed in an
5 emergency situation, or if such person observes a vulnerable adult or facility resident being
6 subjected to conditions that are likely to result in abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or an
7 emergency situation, the person shall immediately report the circumstances pursuant to the
8 provisions of §9-6-11 of this code: *Provided*, That nothing in this article is intended to prevent
9 individuals from reporting on their own behalf.

10 (b) In addition to those persons and officials specifically required to report situations
11 involving suspected abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult or facility
12 resident, or the existence of an emergency situation, any other person may make such a report.

13 (c) ~~The Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
14 develop and implement a procedure to notify any person mandated to report suspected abuse and
15 neglect of a vulnerable adult or facility resident of whether an investigation into the reported
16 suspected abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation has been initiated and when the investigation is
17 completed.

18 (d) Financial institutions and their employees, as defined by §31A-2A-1 of this code and as
19 permitted by §31A-2A-4(13) of this code, others engaged in financially related activities, as
20 defined by §31A-8C-1 of this code, caregivers, relatives, and other concerned persons are
21 permitted to report suspected cases of financial exploitation to state or federal law-enforcement
22 authorities, the county prosecuting attorney, and to the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
23 ~~Resources~~ Adult Protective Services Division, or Medicaid Fraud Division, as appropriate. Public
24 officers and employees are required to report suspected cases of financial exploitation to the
25 appropriate entities as stated above. The requisite agencies shall investigate or cause the
26 investigation of the allegations.

§9-6-11. Reporting procedures.

1 (a) A report of neglect, abuse, or financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult or facility
2 resident, or of an emergency situation involving such an adult, shall be made immediately, and not
3 more than 48 hours after suspecting abuse, neglect or financial exploitation, to the department's
4 adult protective services agency by a method established by the department. The department
5 shall, upon receiving any such report, take such action as may be appropriate and shall maintain a
6 record thereof. The department shall receive reports on its 24-hour, seven-day-a-week, toll-free
7 number established to receive calls reporting cases of suspected or known adult abuse or neglect.

8 (b) A copy of any report of abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or emergency situation
9 shall be immediately filed with the following agencies:

10 (1) ~~The Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services;

11 (2) The appropriate law-enforcement agency and the prosecuting attorney, if necessary; or

12 (3) In case of a death, to the appropriate medical examiner or coroner's office.

13 (c) If the person who is alleged to be abused, neglected, or financially exploited is a
14 resident of a nursing home or other residential facility, a copy of the report shall also be filed with
15 the state or regional long-term care ombudsman and the administrator of the nursing home or
16 facility.

17 (d) Reports of known or suspected institutional abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of a
18 vulnerable adult or facility resident, or the existence of an emergency situation in an institution,
19 nursing home, or other residential facility shall be made, received, and investigated in the same
20 manner as other reports provided for in this article. In the case of a report regarding an institution,
21 nursing home, or residential facility, the department shall immediately cause an investigation to be
22 conducted.

§9-6-16. Compelling production of information.

1 (a)(1) In order to obtain information regarding the location of an adult who is the subject of
2 an allegation of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation, the ~~Secretary of the Department of Health~~
3 ~~and Human Resources~~ may serve, by certified mail, personal service, or facsimile, an
4 administrative subpoena on any corporation, partnership, business, or organization for production
5 of information leading to determining the location of the adult. In case of disobedience to the
6 subpoena, the Division of Adult Protective Services may petition any circuit court to require the
7 production of information.

8 (2) In case of disobedience to the subpoena, in compelling the production of information,
9 the secretary may invoke the aid of: (A) The circuit court with jurisdiction over the served party, if
10 the entity served is located in this state; or (B) the circuit court of the county in which the local

11 protective services office conducting the investigation is located, if the entity served is a
12 nonresident.

13 (3) A circuit court shall not enforce an administrative subpoena unless it finds that: (A) The
14 investigation is one the Division of Adult Protective Services is authorized to make and is being
15 conducted pursuant to a legitimate purpose; (B) the inquiry is relevant to that purpose; (C) the
16 inquiry is not too broad or indefinite; (D) the information sought is not already in the possession of
17 the Division of Adult Protective Services; and (E) any administrative steps required by law have
18 been followed.

19 (4) If circumstances arise where the secretary, or his or her designee, determines it
20 necessary to compel an individual to provide information regarding the location of an adult who is
21 the subject of an allegation of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation, the secretary, or his or her
22 designee, may seek a subpoena from the circuit court with jurisdiction over the individual from
23 whom the information is sought.

ARTICLE 7. FRAUD AND ABUSE IN THE MEDICAID PROGRAM.

1 **§9-7-1. Legislative purpose and findings; powers and duties of fraud control unit; transfer**
2 **to the Office of the Attorney General; legislative report.**

1 ~~(a) It is the purpose of the Legislature to continue the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit~~
2 ~~previously established within the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources and~~
3 ~~to provide it with the responsibility and authority for investigating and controlling fraud and abuse~~
4 ~~of the medical programs of the state Department of Health and Human Resources which have~~
5 ~~been established pursuant to §9-4-2 of this code: *Provided*, That effective October 1, 2019, The~~
6 ~~Medicaid Fraud Control Unit shall be transferred to the Office of the Attorney General pursuant to~~
7 ~~subsection (c) of this section. It is the finding of the Legislature that substantial sums of money~~
8 ~~have been lost to the state and federal government in the operation of the medical programs of the~~
9 ~~state due to the overpayment of moneys to medical providers. Such overpayments have been the~~
10 ~~result of both the abuse of and fraud in the reimbursement process~~

11 ~~(b)~~ The Medicaid Fraud Control Unit shall have the following powers and duties:

12 (1) The investigation and referral for prosecution of all violations of applicable state and
13 federal laws pertaining to the provision of goods or services under the medical programs of the
14 state including the Medicaid program.

15 (2) The investigation of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of residents in board and
16 care facilities and patients in health care facilities which receive payments under the medical
17 programs of the state.

18 (3) To cooperate with the federal government in all programs designed to detect and deter
19 fraud and abuse in the medical programs of the state.

20 (4) To employ and train personnel to achieve the purposes of this article and to employ
21 legal counsel, investigators, auditors, and clerical support personnel and such other personnel as
22 are deemed necessary from time to time to accomplish the purposes herein.

23 ~~(c) Effective October 1, 2019 (b)~~ The Medicaid Fraud Control Unit shall be transferred to
24 the within the Office of the Attorney General. All rights, responsibilities, powers, and duties of the
25 unit shall be transferred to the Office of the Attorney General, including the administration and
26 authority of the Medicaid Fraud Control Fund. ~~All employees of the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit~~
27 ~~shall be transferred to and become employees of the Office of the Attorney General at their~~
28 ~~existing hourly rate or salary and with all accrued benefits. The Medicaid Fraud Control Unit's~~
29 ~~authorities, powers, and duties shall remain unchanged by this subsection.~~

30 ~~(d) On or before December 31, 2022, the Legislative Auditor shall study and report to the~~
31 ~~Joint Committee on Government and Finance on the performance of the Medicaid Fraud Control~~
32 ~~Unit within the Office of the Attorney General during the previous three years compared to the~~
33 ~~performance of the unit while it was established within the Department of Health and Human~~
34 ~~Resources~~

§9-7-2. Definitions.

1 For the purposes of this article:

2 "Assistance" means money payments, medical care, transportation and other goods and
3 services necessary for the health or welfare of individuals, including guidance, counseling, and
4 other welfare services and shall include all items of any nature contained within the definition of
5 "welfare assistance" in §9-1-2 of this code.

6 "Benefits" means money payments, goods, services, or any other thing of value.

7 "Board and Care Facility" means a residential setting where two or more unrelated adults
8 receive nursing services or personal care services.

9 "Claim" means an application for payment for goods or services provided under the
10 medical programs of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
11 Services.

12 "Entity" means any corporation, association, partnership, limited liability company, or other
13 legal entity.

14 "Financial Exploitation" means the intentional misappropriation or misuse of funds or
15 assets of another.

16 "Fraud" means a knowing misrepresentation, knowing concealment, or reckless statement
17 of a material fact.

18 "Medicaid" means that assistance provided under a state plan implemented pursuant to
19 the provisions of subchapter nineteen, chapter seven, Title 42, United States Code, as that
20 chapter has been and may hereafter be amended.

21 "Person" means any individual, corporation, association, partnership, proprietor, agent,
22 assignee, or entity.

23 "Provider" means any individual or entity furnishing goods or services under the medical
24 programs of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

25 "Unit" means the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit established under §9-7-1 of this code.

§9-7-3. Investigations; procedure.

2 (a) When the unit has credible information that indicates a person has engaged in an act or
3 activity which is subject to prosecution under this article, the unit may make an investigation to
4 determine if the act has been committed and, to the extent necessary for such purpose, the
5 Attorney General, or an employee of the unit designated by the Attorney General, may administer
6 oaths or affirmations and issue subpoenas for witnesses and documents relevant to the
7 investigation, including information concerning the existence, description, nature, custody,
8 condition, and location of any book, record, documents, or other tangible thing and the identity and
9 location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any matter reasonably calculated to lead
10 to the discovery of admissible evidence.

11 When the unit has probable cause to believe that a person has engaged in an act or activity
12 which is subject to prosecution under this article, or §61-2-29 of this code, either before, during, or
13 after an investigation pursuant to this section, the Attorney General, or an employee of the unit
14 designated by the Attorney General, may request search warrants and present and swear or affirm
15 criminal complaints.

16 (b) If documents necessary to an investigation of the unit shall appear to be located outside
17 the state, the documents shall be made available by the person or entity within the jurisdiction of
18 the state having control over the documents either at a convenient location within the state or,
19 upon payment of reasonable and necessary expenses to the unit for transportation and inspection,
20 at the place outside the state where the documents are maintained.

21 (c) Upon failure of a person to comply with a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum or failure
22 of a person to give testimony without lawful excuse and upon reasonable notice to all persons
23 affected thereby, the unit may apply to the circuit court of the county in which compliance is sought
24 for appropriate orders to compel obedience with the provisions of this section.

25 (d) The unit shall not make public the name or identity of a person whose acts or conduct is
26 investigated pursuant to this section or the facts disclosed in such investigation except as the

27 same may be used in any legal action or enforcement proceeding brought pursuant to this article
28 or any other provision of this code.

29 (e) ~~Beginning on October 1, 2019, The Secretary and the Department of Health and~~
30 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall fully cooperate with the Office of the
31 Attorney General on any investigation, prosecution, or civil action conducted pursuant to this
32 article. The secretary shall promptly provide the Attorney General with any information or
33 document requested for the purposes of carrying out this article, to the extent permitted under
34 federal law.

35 (f) ~~Prior to October 1, 2019, the secretary and the Department of Health and Human~~
36 ~~Resources shall fully cooperate with and assist the Office of the Attorney General in any efforts to~~
37 ~~seek, acquire, continue, and maintain any ongoing work within the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit~~

§9-7-4. Applications for medical assistance; false statements or representations; criminal penalties.

1 (a) A person shall not knowingly make or cause to be made a false statement or false
2 representation of any material fact in an application for medical assistance under the medical
3 programs of the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~.

4 (b) A person shall not knowingly make or cause to be made a false statement or false
5 representation of any material fact necessary to determine the rights of any other person to
6 medical assistance under the medical programs of the department. ~~of Health and Human~~
7 ~~Resources~~

8 (c) A person shall not knowingly and intentionally conceal or fail to disclose any fact with
9 the intent to obtain medical assistance under the medical programs of the department ~~of Health~~
10 ~~and Human Resources~~ to which the person or any other person is not entitled.

11 (d) Any person found to be in violation of subsection (a), (b) or (c) of this section is guilty of
12 a felony and, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility not less than one
13 nor more than ten years, or shall be fined not to exceed \$10,000 or both fined and imprisoned.

§9-7-5. Bribery; false claims; conspiracy; criminal penalties; failure to maintain records.

1 (a) A person shall not solicit, offer, pay, or receive any unlawful remuneration, including any
2 kickback, rebate or bribe, directly or indirectly, with the intent of causing an expenditure of moneys
3 from the medical services fund established pursuant to §9-4-2 of this code, which is not authorized
4 by applicable laws or rules and regulations.

5 (b) A person shall not make or present or cause to be made or presented to the department
6 of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ a claim under the medical programs of the department of ~~Health~~
7 ~~and Human Resources~~ knowing the claim to be false, fraudulent, or fictitious.

8 (c) A person shall not enter into an agreement, combination or conspiracy to obtain or aid
9 another to obtain the payment or allowance of a false, fraudulent, or fictitious claim under the
10 medical programs of the department. ~~of Health and Human Resources~~

11 (d) Any person found to be in violation of §9-7-5(a), §9-7-5(b) or §9-7-5(c) of this code is
12 guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility not less
13 than one nor more than 10 years or shall be fined not to exceed \$10,000, or both fined and
14 imprisoned.

15 (e) Any provider who, having submitted a claim for or received a benefit, payment, or
16 allowance under the medical programs of the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~,
17 knowingly fails to maintain such records as are necessary to disclose fully the nature of a good or
18 service for which a claim was submitted or benefit, payment, or allowance was received, or such
19 records as are necessary to disclose fully all income and expenditures upon which rate of payment
20 were based, for a period of at least five years following the date on which payment was received,
21 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, may be imprisoned in a state correctional
22 facility not to exceed one year or may be fined up to \$1,000, or both fined and imprisoned. Any
23 person who knowingly destroys such records within five years from the date the benefit, payment,
24 or allowance was received, shall be guilty of a felony, and may be imprisoned in a state

25 correctional facility not less than one nor more than 10 years or may be fined not to exceed
26 \$10,000, or both fined and imprisoned.

§9-7-6. Civil remedies; statute of limitations.

1 (a) Any person, firm, corporation, or other entity which makes or attempts to make, or
2 causes to be made, a claim for benefits, payments, or allowances under the medical programs of
3 the department, ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ when the person, firm, corporation, or entity
4 knows, or reasonably should have known, such claim to be false, fictitious, or fraudulent, or fails to
5 maintain such records as are necessary shall be liable to the department ~~of Health and Human~~
6 ~~Resources~~ in an amount equal to three times the amount of such benefits, payments, or
7 allowances to which he or she or it is not entitled, and shall be liable for the payment of reasonable
8 attorney fees and all other fees and costs of litigation.

9 (b) No criminal action or indictment need be brought against any person, firm, corporation,
10 or other entity as a condition for establishing civil liability hereunder.

11 (c) A civil action under this section may be prosecuted and maintained on behalf of the
12 department ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ by the Attorney General, the Attorney General's
13 assistants, or by any attorney in contract with or employed with the Office of the Attorney General
14 to provide such representation. If the Attorney General declines to do so, the civil action shall be
15 maintained either by a prosecuting attorney and the prosecuting attorney's assistants or by any
16 attorney in contract with or employed by the department ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ to
17 provide such representation.

18 (d) Any civil action brought under this section shall be brought within five years from the
19 time the false, fraudulent, or fictitious claim was made. Claims will be judged based on the
20 Medicaid or program rules in existence at the time of the claim submission.

§9-7-6a. Liability of employees of the department; Office of the Attorney General.

1 There shall be no civil liability on the part of, and no cause of action shall arise against the
2 department, ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ the Office of the Attorney General, or employees or

3 agents of the aforementioned for any action taken by them in good faith and in the lawful
4 performance of their powers and duties under this article.

§9-7-8. Remedies and penalties not exclusive.

1 The remedies and penalties provided in this article governing the operation of the medical
2 programs of the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ are in addition to those remedies
3 and penalties provided elsewhere by law.

ARTICLE 8. ELIGIBILITY AND FRAUD REQUIREMENTS FOR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE.

§9-8-1. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 "Able bodied adult" means a person between the ages of 18 and 49 years of age without
3 dependents and who does not meet any of the exemptions set forth in §9-8-2(a) of this code.

4 "Applicant" or "recipient" means a person who is applying for, or currently receiving, public
5 assistance in the State of West Virginia from the department.

6 "Department" means the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~
7 Department of Human Services.

8 "Electronic benefit transfer" or "EBT" means any electronic system which allows the
9 department to issue and track benefits via a magnetically encoded payment card.

10 "Good cause" means circumstances beyond the household's control, including, but not
11 limited to, illness, illness of another household member requiring the presence of the member, a
12 household emergency, natural disaster, a declared state of emergency due to inclement weather,
13 or the unavailability of transportation.

14 "Public assistance" means government benefits provided to qualifying individuals on the
15 basis of need to provide basic necessities to individuals and their families. These shall include, but
16 are not limited to, the following:

17 (A) Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, or SNAP;

18 (B) Medicaid; and

19 (C) Temporary Assistance to Needy Families, or TANF.

20 "Secretary" means the Secretary of the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human~~
21 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

22 "Work" or "working" means:

23 (A) Work in exchange for money;

24 (B) Work in exchange for goods or services ("in kind" work);

25 (C) Unpaid work, verified under standards established by the department in rule; or

26 (D) Any combination thereof.

ARTICLE 9. WV WORKS ACT.

§9-9-3. Definitions.

1 In addition to the rules for the construction of statutes in section ten, article two, chapter
2 two of this code and the words and terms defined in section two, article one of this chapter, unless
3 a different meaning appears from the context:

4 (a) "At-risk family" means a group of persons living in the same household, living below the
5 federally designated poverty level, lacking the resources to become self-supporting and consisting
6 of a dependent minor child or children living with a parent, stepparent or caretaker-relative; an "at-
7 risk family" may include an unmarried minor parent and his or her dependent child or children who
8 live in an adult-supervised setting;

9 (b) "Beneficiary" or "participant" means any parent, work eligible individuals or caretaker-
10 relative in an at-risk family who receives cash assistance for himself or herself and family
11 members;

12 (c) "Caretaker-relative" means grandparents or other nonparental caretakers not included
13 in the assistance group or receiving cash assistance directly;

14 (d) "Cash assistance" means temporary assistance for needy families;

15 (e) "Challenge" means any fact, circumstance or situation that prevents a person from
16 becoming self-sufficient or from seeking, obtaining or maintaining employment of any kind,

17 including physical or mental disabilities, lack of education, testing, training, counseling, child care
18 arrangements, transportation, medical treatment or substance abuse treatment;

19 (f) "Community or personal development" means activities designed or intended to
20 eliminate challenges to participation in self-sufficiency activities. These activities are to provide
21 community benefit and enhance personal responsibility, including, but not limited to, classes or
22 counseling for learning life skills or parenting, dependent care, job readiness, volunteer work,
23 participation in sheltered workshops or substance abuse treatment;

24 (g) "Department" means the state ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
25 Department of Human Services;

26 (h) "Education and training" means hours spent regularly attending and preparing for
27 classes in any approved course of schooling or training;

28 (i) "Family assessments" means evaluation of the following: Work skills, prior work
29 experience, employability, education and challenges to becoming self-sufficient such as mental
30 health and physical health issues along with lack of transportation and child care;

31 (j) "Income" means money received by any member of an at-risk family which can be used
32 at the discretion of the household to meet its basic needs: *Provided*, That income does not include:

- 33 (1) Supplemental security income paid to any member or members of the at-risk family;
34 (2) Earnings of minor children;
35 (3) Payments received from earned income tax credit or tax refunds;
36 (4) Earnings deposited in an individual development account approved by the department;
37 (5) Any educational grant or scholarship income regardless of source; or
38 (6) Any moneys specifically excluded from countable income by federal law;

39 (k) "Minor child head of household" means an emancipated minor under the age of
40 eighteen years;

41 (l) "Nonrecipient parent" means an adult or adults excluded or disqualified by federal or
42 state law from receiving cash assistance;

43 (m) "Personal responsibility contract" means a written agreement entered into by the
44 department and a beneficiary for purposes of participation in the West Virginia Works Program;

45 (n) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the ~~state Department of Health and Human~~
46 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services;

47 (o) "Subsidized employment" means employment with earnings provided by an employer
48 who receives a subsidy from the department for the creation and maintenance of the employment
49 position;

50 (p) "Support services" includes, but is not limited to, the following services: Child care;
51 Medicaid; transportation assistance; information and referral; resource development services
52 which includes assisting families to receive child support and supplemental security income;
53 family support services which includes parenting, budgeting and family planning; relocation
54 assistance; and mentoring services;

55 (q) "Temporary assistance to needy families" is the federal program funded under Part A,
56 Title IV of the Social Security Act, codified at 42 U.S.C. §601, *et. seq.*;

57 (r) "Transitional assistance" may include medical assistance, food stamp assistance, child
58 care and supportive services as defined by the secretary and as funding permits;

59 (s) "Two-parent family" means two parents with a common child residing in the same
60 household and included in a common West Virginia Works grant payment or, two parents with a
61 common child residing in the same home and one or both of the parents are "work eligible
62 individuals", as that term is defined in this section, but are excluded from the West Virginia Works
63 payments unless the exclusion is due to an exemption as provided in section eight of this article.

64 (t) "Unsubsidized employment" means employment with earnings provided by an
65 employer who does not receive a subsidy from the department for the creation and maintenance of
66 the employment position;

67 (u) "Vocational educational training" means organized educational programs, not to
68 exceed twelve months for any individual, that are directly related to the preparation of individuals

69 for employment in current or emerging occupations requiring training other than a baccalaureate
70 or advance degree;

71 (v) "Work" means unsubsidized employment, subsidized employment, work experience,
72 community or personal development and education and training;

73 (w) "Work eligible individual" means an adult or minor child head-of-household receiving
74 assistance under the West Virginia Works Program or a nonrecipient parent living with a child
75 receiving the assistance; and

76 (x) "Work experience" means a publicly assisted work activity, including work associated
77 with the refurbishing of publicly assisted housing, performed in return for program benefits that
78 provide general skills, training, knowledge and work habits necessary to obtain employment. This
79 activity must be supervised daily and on an ongoing basis by an employer, work site sponsor or
80 other responsible party.

§9-9-16. Intergovernmental coordination.

1 (a) The commissioner of the Bureau of Employment Programs and the superintendent of
2 the Department of Education shall assist the secretary in the establishment of the WV works
3 program. Before implementation of this program, each department shall address in its respective
4 plan the method in which its resources will be devoted to facilitate the identification of or delivery of
5 services for participants and shall coordinate its respective programs with the department in the
6 provision of services to participants and their families. Each county board of education shall
7 designate a person to coordinate with the local ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
8 Department of Human Services office the board's services to participant families and that person
9 shall work to achieve coordination at the local level.

10 (b) The secretary and the superintendent shall develop a plan for program implementation
11 to occur with the use of existing state facilities and county transportation systems within the project
12 areas whenever practicable. This agreement shall include, but not be limited to, the use of

13 buildings, grounds and buses. Whenever possible, the supportive services, education and training
14 programs should be offered at the existing school facilities.

15 (c) The commissioner shall give priority to participants of the WV works program within the
16 various programs of the Bureau of Employment Programs. The secretary and the commissioner
17 shall develop reporting and monitoring mechanisms between their respective agencies.

**§9-9-21. West Virginia Works Separate State College Program; eligibility; special revenue
account.**

1 (a) There is established the West Virginia Works Separate State College Program. The
2 program shall provide funding for participants who are enrolled in post-secondary courses leading
3 to a two- or four-year degree. There is created within the state Treasury a special revenue account
4 to be known as the West Virginia Works Separate State College Program Fund. Expenditures
5 from the fund shall be for the purposes set forth in this section and are not authorized from
6 collections but are to be made only in accordance with appropriations by the Legislature and in
7 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of this code and upon fulfillment of
8 the provisions of article two, chapter eleven-b of this code. Necessary expenditures include wage
9 reimbursements to participating employers, temporary assistance to needy families, payments for
10 support services, employment-related child care payments, transportation expenses and
11 administrative costs directly associated with the operation of the program.

12 (b) All eligible adults attending post-secondary courses leading to a two- or four-year
13 degree and who are not participating in vocational education training, as that term is defined in this
14 article, shall be enrolled in the West Virginia Works Separate State College Program. Participants
15 in the program shall not be required to engage in more than ten hours per week of federally defined
16 work activities. The work, education and training requirements of this article are waived for any
17 qualifying participant with a child under six years of age if the participant is unable to obtain
18 appropriate and available child care services. All other requirements of West Virginia Works apply
19 to program administration for adults enrolled in the program.

20 (c) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
21 work with the Higher Education Policy Commission, as set forth in article one-b, chapter eighteen-
22 b of this code, and the Council for Community and Technical College Education, as set forth in
23 article two-b, chapter eighteen-b of this code, to develop and implement a plan to use and expend
24 funds for the programs available at the state's community and technical colleges and colleges and
25 universities to assist participants who are enrolled, or wish to become enrolled, in two- and four-
26 year degree programs of post-secondary education to meet the work requirements of this article.

**ARTICLE 10. WEST VIRGINIA TRAUMATIC BRAIN AND SPINAL CORD INJURY
REHABILITATION FUND.**

§9-10-1. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, the term:

2 (1) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human~~
3 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services or his or her designee.

4 (2) "Fund" means the West Virginia Traumatic Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation
5 Fund.

6 (3) "Traumatic brain injury" means an acquired injury to the brain, including brain injuries
7 caused by anoxia due to near drowning. "Traumatic brain injury" does not include brain
8 dysfunction caused by congenital or degenerative disorders, nor birth trauma.

9 (4) "Spinal cord injury" means a traumatic injury to the spinal cord that results in a
10 permanent loss of sensation and voluntary movement below the level of the lesion.

§9-10-2. Fund continued under department. ~~of Health and Human Resources~~

1 (a) The special revenue account in the State Treasury known as the "West Virginia
2 Traumatic Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation Fund," which was previously authorized by
3 §18-10K-1 *et seq.* of this code, is continued.

4 (b) ~~Effective July 1, 2018,~~ All powers and duties of the West Virginia Traumatic Brain and
5 Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation Fund Board are transferred to the Secretary.

6 (c) ~~Effective July 1, 2018,~~ All powers and duties of the West Virginia Division of
7 Rehabilitation Services related to administration of the West Virginia Traumatic Brain and Spinal
8 Cord Injury Rehabilitation Fund are transferred to the Secretary.

§9-10-3. Administration of Fund; administrative fees; Fund use.

1 (a) The West Virginia Traumatic Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation Fund is subject
2 to the annual appropriation of funds by the Legislature. The West Virginia Traumatic Brain and
3 Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation Fund may receive any gifts, grants, contributions or other money
4 from any source which is specifically designated for deposit in the Fund.

5 (b) All moneys collected, received and deposited into the State Treasury and credited to
6 the West Virginia Traumatic Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation Fund shall be expended
7 by the Secretary exclusively in accordance with the uses and criteria set forth in this article.
8 Expenditures from this Fund for any other purposes are void.

9 (c) The Fund shall be administered by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
10 Department of Human Services: *Provided*, That the Department may not charge a fee to
11 administer the Fund.

12 (d) Nothing in this article may be construed to mandate funding for the Fund or to require
13 any appropriation by the Legislature.

14 (e) Moneys in the Fund shall be used to pay for services that will increase opportunities for
15 and enhance the achievement of functional independence, and a return to a productive lifestyle for
16 individuals who have suffered a traumatic brain injury or a spinal cord injury.

17 (f) Services that are eligible for payment by the Fund shall include, but not be limited to:

- 18 (1) Case management;
- 19 (2) Rehabilitative therapies and services;
- 20 (3) Attendant care;
- 21 (4) Home accessibility modifications;
- 22 (5) Equipment necessary for activities; and

23 (6) Family support services.

24 (g) Funds shall be expended according to the priorities and criteria for disbursement
25 established by the secretary under section four of this article, and pursuant to legislative rules
26 authorized in section five of this article.

§9-10-6. Legislative Audit.

1 [Repealed]

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 10. WEST VIRGINIA TAX PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION ACT.

§11-10-5u. Disclosure of persons making retail sales of tobacco products.

1 Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, the Tax Commissioner shall, at
2 least semiannually, provide to the commissioner of the West Virginia alcohol beverage control
3 administration, the superintendent of the West Virginia state police and the Secretary of the ~~West~~
4 ~~Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health by April 1 and
5 October of each year, a list of the names and business locations of each person who indicates on a
6 new application for a business registration certificate or on a current application for renewal of a
7 business registration certificate that the person sells or intends to sell cigarettes or other tobacco
8 products to consumers: *Provided*, That when available, the Tax Commissioner will provide the
9 name of the business owner, county of location, and the business description code: *Provided*,
10 *however*, That the Tax Commissioner may also file a copy of the list provided to the commissioner
11 of the West Virginia alcohol beverage control administration, the superintendent of the West
12 Virginia state police and the Secretary of the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human~~
13 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health in the state register maintained by the Secretary of State, who
14 shall make the list available for inspection and copying: *Provided further*, That the results of the
15 inspections of retail establishments which sell tobacco products may be reported to the federal
16 government by the commissioner of the West Virginia alcohol beverage control administration.

ARTICLE 13I. TAX CREDIT FOR EMPLOYING FORMER EMPLOYEES OF COLIN ANDERSON CENTER WHO LOST THEIR JOBS DUE TO THE CLOSURE OF COLIN ANDERSON CENTER.

§11-13I-3. Application of credit; limitation of credit; tax commissioner to promulgate forms and legislative rule; notice of credit.

1 (a) The credit allowed in this article shall be first applied to a taxpayer's business franchise
2 tax liability, and then to either the taxpayer's personal income tax liability or corporation net income
3 tax liability, as the case may be.

4 (b) The credit allowed in this article shall not exceed \$10,000 per year and shall not be
5 refundable, nor carried forward nor backward to other tax years.

6 (c) The State Tax Commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules pursuant to chapter
7 twenty-nine-a of this code regarding the applicability, method of claiming of the credit, recapture of
8 the credit and documentation necessary to claim the credit herein allowed.

9 (d) The State Tax Commissioner shall develop a written notice setting forth the availability
10 of this credit and shall transmit this notice to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
11 Department of Health to be distributed to potential employers of the Colin Anderson Center to
12 make such employers aware of the tax credit allowed herein. The ~~Department of Health and~~
13 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health shall distribute notice of the credit allowed herein as
14 widely as possible to potential employers.

ARTICLE 27. HEALTH CARE PROVIDER TAXES.

§11-27-3. Definitions.

1 (a) General. — When used in this article, words defined in subsection (b) of this section
2 have the meaning ascribed to them in this section, except in those instances where a different
3 meaning is distinctly expressed or the context in which the word is used clearly indicates that a
4 different meaning is intended.

5 (b) Definitions. —

6 "Business" includes all health care activities engaged in, or caused to be engaged in, with
7 the object of gain or economic benefit, direct or indirect, and whether engaged in for profit, or not
8 for profit, or by a governmental entity. "Business" does not include services rendered by an
9 employee within the scope of his or her contract of employment. Employee services, services by a
10 partner on behalf of his or her partnership, and services by a member of any other business entity
11 on behalf of that entity, are the business of the employer, or partnership, or other business entity,
12 as the case may be, and reportable as such for purposes of the taxes imposed by this article.

13 "Broad-based health care related tax" means a broad-based health care related tax as
14 defined in Section 1903 of the Social Security Act, including a health-care related tax for which a
15 waiver from the broad-based or uniformity requirements has been granted and is in effect by the
16 federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services pursuant to the provisions of Section 1903 of
17 the Social Security Act and implementing regulations.

18 "Corporation" includes associations, joint-stock companies and insurance companies. It
19 also includes governmental entities when and to the extent such governmental entities engaged in
20 activities taxable under this article.

21 "Department" means the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~
22 Department of Human Services.

23 "Includes" and "including" when used in a definition contained in this article shall not be
24 deemed to exclude other things otherwise within the meaning of the term being defined.

25 "Partner" includes a member in a "partnership", as defined in this section.

26 "Partnership" includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or other unincorporated
27 organization through or by means of which any privilege taxable under this article is exercised, and
28 which is not within the meaning of this article a trust or estate or corporation. It includes a limited
29 liability company when such company is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes.

30 "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, company, corporation or other
31 entity engaging in a privilege taxed under this article.

32 "Secretary" means the Secretary of ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human~~
33 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

34 "Social Security Act" means the Social Security Act of the United States, as amended by
35 Public Law 109-171, and codified in Title 42, Section 1396b of the United States Code.

36 "Tax" means any tax imposed by this article and, for purposes of administration and
37 collection of such tax, includes any interest, additions to tax or penalties imposed with respect
38 thereto under article 10 of this chapter.

39 "Taxable year" means the calendar year, or the fiscal year ending during such calendar
40 year, upon the basis of which the tax imposed by this article is computed. In the case of a return
41 made under this article, or regulations of the Tax Commissioner, for a fractional part of a year, the
42 term "taxable year" means the period for which such return is made.

43 "Taxpayer" means any person subject to any tax imposed by this article.

44 "This code" means the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended.

45 "This state" means the State of West Virginia.

§11-27-30. Exchange of information to facilitate compliance.

1 Notwithstanding the provisions of section five-d, article ten of this chapter, or any other
2 provision of this code to the contrary, the Tax Commissioner and the commissioner of the bureau
3 of administration and finance of the department, ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ or any
4 successor agency thereto, may, by written agreement, provide for the exchange of information
5 from their respective files, databases, or audits of health care providers, which the Tax
6 Commissioner deems relevant to determining provider compliance with the provisions of this
7 article, in a cost effective and efficient manner. Such agreement may provide for the sharing, or
8 reimbursement, of costs incurred by either party to gather or provide information under this
9 section.

CHAPTER 11B. DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE.

ARTICLE 2. STATE BUDGET OFFICE.

§11B-2-15. Reserves for public employees insurance program.

1 (a) There is hereby continued a special revenue account in the State Treasury, designated
2 the "Public Employees Insurance Reserve Fund", which is an interest-bearing account and may
3 be invested in accordance with the provisions of article six, chapter twelve of this code, with the
4 interest income a proper credit to the fund.

5 (b) The fund shall consist of moneys appropriated by the Legislature and moneys
6 transferred annually pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section. These moneys
7 shall be held in reserve and appropriated by the Legislature only for the support of the programs
8 provided by the Public Employees Insurance Agency: *Provided*, That the moneys held in the fund
9 may be appropriated to the Bureau for Medical Services. ~~of the Department of Health and Human~~
10 ~~Resources~~

11 (c) Annually each state agency, except for the higher education central office created in
12 article four, chapter eighteen-b of this code; the higher education governing boards as defined in
13 articles two and three of said chapter; and the state institutions of higher education as defined in
14 section two, article one of said chapter shall transfer one percent of its annualized expenditures
15 from state funds, excluding federal funds based on filled full-time equivalents as determined by the
16 state budget office as of the first day of April for that fiscal year, to the Public Employees Insurance
17 Reserve Fund. The secretary may exempt that transfer only upon a showing by the requesting
18 agency that the continued operation of that agency is dependent upon receipt of the exemption.

19 (d) Annually the secretary shall provide a report to the Governor and the Legislature on the
20 amount of reserves established pursuant to the provisions of this section, the number of
21 exemptions granted and the agencies receiving those exemptions.

CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.

ARTICLE 3. APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES AND DEDUCTIONS.

§12-3-10e. Purchasing Card Advisory Committee created; purpose; membership; expenses.

1 There is created a Purchasing Card Advisory Committee to enhance the development and
2 implementation of the purchasing card program. The committee shall solicit input from state
3 agencies and make recommendations to improve the performance of the Purchasing Card
4 Program. The committee consists of fourteen members to be appointed as follows:

5 (1) The Auditor shall serve as chairperson of the committee and shall appoint four
6 members from the state College System of West Virginia and the University System of West
7 Virginia, one member from the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
8 Human Services, one member from the Division of Highways and two additional members at large
9 from any state agency;

10 (2) The Secretary of the Department of Administration shall appoint one member from the
11 Information Services and Communications Division, one member from the Financial Accounting
12 and Reporting Section and one member from the Purchasing Division;

13 (3) The Secretary of the Department of Revenue shall appoint one member from the
14 Department of Revenue; and

15 (4) The State Treasurer shall appoint one member from that office. Committee members
16 shall be appointed for a term of one year, commencing on July 1, 1998. Committee members shall
17 receive reimbursement for expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties on the
18 committee.

ARTICLE 3A. FINANCIAL ELECTRONIC COMMERCE.

§12-3A-4. Payment by a West Virginia pay card.

1 The State Auditor and the State Treasurer may jointly establish a state-stored value debit
2 card program known as the "West Virginia Pay Card" for recipients of employee payroll, retirement

3 benefits, entitlement programs, vocational rehabilitation services funds disbursed pursuant to §18-
4 10A-6 of this code, foster care and adoption stipends, subsidies, and other payments made under
5 programs administered by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
6 Human Services, payments to contractors of the state, or other eligible payees of state funds, who
7 do not possess a federally insured depository institution account. The State Auditor and the State
8 Treasurer shall use every reasonable effort to encourage all identified unbanked recipients to
9 obtain a federally insured depository account. The State Auditor shall include an unbanked
10 recipient in the program upon determining that good cause exists. Once an unbanked recipient is
11 included in the program, the State Auditor shall provide the State Treasurer with an electronic file
12 containing the necessary unbanked recipient information. The State Treasurer shall issue a
13 request for proposals in accordance with §12-3A-3 of this code to aid in the administration of the
14 program. The State Auditor shall assist in the review of pay card proposals. In carrying out the
15 purposes of this article, the State Treasurer shall not compete with banks or other federally insured
16 financial institutions, or for profit.

**§12-3A-5. Limited establishment and use of point of sale terminals, etc., for special
purposes and circumstances relating to certain public assistance payments.**

1 (a) The State Treasurer shall have authority to contract with banking institutions and other
2 entities to establish point of sale terminals ("POS terminals"), as defined in section twelve-b, article
3 eight, chapter thirty-one-a of this code, that accept the West Virginia check card and the cards
4 issued by state spending units to recipients of state or federal funds, food or other benefits. If other
5 entities decline to provide the POS terminals in a manner that meets the requirements of this
6 section, the treasurer is authorized to establish, own and operate POS terminals. The treasurer
7 may place the POS terminals and associated equipment at any location within this state where he
8 or she or the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services
9 determines the equipment is needed to provide reasonable access to users of the cards. The POS
10 terminals authorized pursuant to this section may be used to provide any amount of cash payment

11 or allowable purchase of retail items or other benefits as determined by the State Treasurer,
12 pursuant to state law and rules and, where necessary, in cooperation with any appropriate federal
13 agencies.

14 (b) POS terminals established pursuant to this section may be jointly owned and operated
15 with private sector financial institutions and may be established for the sole purpose of providing
16 access to electronically transmitted government benefits or payments. However, if the State
17 Treasurer establishes POS terminals, they shall be made available for use by the general public
18 and the retailer shall reimburse the state for each transaction as per an agreement entered into at
19 the time the POS terminals are established.

20 (c) Any retailer, agency or other person providing cash withdrawal services for state
21 administered electronic cards from its own funds through POS terminals established pursuant to
22 this section are limited to charging a fee for the service in the amount of the higher of \$1 or one
23 percent of the amount of cash withdrawn.

24 (d) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a separate special revenue account,
25 which shall be an interest bearing account, to be known as the "Point of Sale Terminals Collection
26 Account". The account shall contain any funds received from transactions on POS terminals
27 installed by the State Treasurer and any other funds authorized by the Legislature. Moneys in the
28 account shall be used by the treasurer to pay the fees and costs associated with the POS
29 terminals and related equipment, and for such other purposes as determined by the Legislature.

30 (e) In carrying out the purposes of this article, the treasurer shall not compete with private
31 sector providers of POS terminals, banks or other financial institutions, or for profit. If a private
32 sector provider, bank or other financial institution certifies to the treasurer that it can provide POS
33 terminals to meet the requirements contained within this article, the treasurer shall not establish or
34 maintain equipment in the locations identified in the certification. Nothing in this article shall
35 authorize the treasurer to establish or operate automatic teller machines.

CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.

ARTICLE 1E. CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE.

§15-1E-76b. Lack of mental capacity or mental responsibility: Commitment of accused for examination and treatment.

1 (a) Persons incompetent to stand trial.

2 (1) In the case of a person determined under this article to be presently suffering from a
3 mental disease or defect rendering the person mentally incompetent to the extent that the person
4 is unable to understand the nature of the proceedings against that person or to conduct or
5 cooperate intelligently in the defense of the case, the general court-martial convening authority for
6 that person shall commit the person to the custody of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
7 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

8 (2) The department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ shall take action in accordance with
9 the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial. If at the end of the period for
10 hospitalization provided in the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial, it is
11 determined that the committed person's mental condition has not so improved as to permit the trial
12 to proceed, action shall be taken in accordance with the state statute applicable to persons
13 incompetent to stand trial.

14 (3)(A) When the director of a facility in which a person is hospitalized pursuant to
15 subdivision (2) determines that the person has recovered to such an extent that the person is able
16 to understand the nature of the proceedings against the person and to conduct or cooperate
17 intelligently in the defense of the case, the director shall promptly transmit a notification of that
18 determination to the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ and to the general court-martial
19 convening authority for the person. The director shall send a copy of the notification to the person's
20 counsel.

21 (B) Upon receipt of a notification, the general court-martial convening authority shall
22 promptly take custody of the person unless the person covered by the notification is no longer
23 subject to this article. If the person is no longer subject to this article, the department of Health and
24 Human Resources shall take any action within its authority it considers appropriate regarding the
25 person.

26 (C) The director of the facility may retain custody of the person for not more than thirty days
27 after transmitting the notifications required by subdivision (3), subsection (a).

28 (4) In the application of the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial to
29 a case under this subsection, references to the court that ordered the commitment of a person,
30 and to the clerk of such court, shall be deemed to refer to the general court-martial convening
31 authority for that person. However, if the person is no longer subject to this article at a time relevant
32 to the application of such section to the person, the state trial court with felony jurisdiction in the
33 county where the person is hospitalized or otherwise may be found shall be considered as the
34 court that ordered the commitment of the person.

35 (b) Persons found not guilty by reason of lack of mental responsibility.

36 (1) If a person is found by a court-martial not guilty only by reason of lack of mental
37 responsibility, the person shall be committed to a suitable facility until the person is eligible for
38 release in accordance with this article.

39 (2) The court-martial shall conduct a hearing on the mental condition in accordance with
40 the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial.

41 (3) A report of the results of the hearing shall be made to the general court-martial
42 convening authority for the person.

43 (4) If the court-martial fails to find, by the standard specified in the state statute applicable
44 to persons incompetent to stand trial, that the person's release would not create a substantial risk
45 of bodily injury to another person or serious damage of property of another due to a present mental
46 disease or defect:

47 (A) The general court-martial convening authority may commit the person to the custody of
48 the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~; and

49 (B) The department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ shall take action in accordance with
50 the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial.

51 (5) The state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial, shall apply in the
52 case of a person hospitalized pursuant to paragraph (B), subdivision (4), except that the state trial
53 court with felony jurisdiction in the county where the person is hospitalized shall be considered as
54 the court that ordered the person's commitment.

55 (c) General provisions.

56 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subdivision (1), subsection (d), the
57 state statute most closely comparable to 18 U.S.C. 4247(d), apply in the administration of this
58 section.

59 (2) In the application of the state statute most closely comparable to 18 U.S.C. 4247(d), to
60 hearings conducted by a court-martial under this section or by order of a general court-martial
61 convening authority under this article, the reference in that section to article 3006A of such title
62 does not apply.

63 (d) Applicability.

64 (1) The state statute most closely comparable to chapter 313 of title 18, United States
65 Code, [10 U.S.C. §4241 *et seq.*] referred to in this section apply according to the provisions of this
66 section notwithstanding article 4247(j) of title 18.

67 (2) If the status of a person as described in section two of this article, terminates while the
68 person is, pursuant to this section, in the custody of the department of ~~Health and Human~~
69 ~~Resources~~, hospitalized, or on conditional release under a prescribed regimen of medical,
70 psychiatric, or psychological care or treatment, the provisions of this section establishing
71 requirements and procedures regarding a person no longer subject to this article shall continue to
72 apply to that person notwithstanding the change of status.

ARTICLE 1I. THE CHILD PROTECTION ACT OF 2006.

§15-1I-2. Legislative findings.

1 (a) The purpose of "The Child Protection Act of 2006" is to put in place a series of
2 programs, criminal law revisions, and other reforms to provide and promote the ability of the
3 children of this state to live their lives without being exposed and subjected to neglect and physical
4 and sexual abuse. The targeted increases in terms of incarceration, enhanced treatment, post-
5 release supervision, and new approaches toward the state's child protection system will, in the
6 aggregate, strengthen government's ability to address this most serious problem. The Legislature
7 finds that the broad reaching measures encompassed in this Act will provide for greater
8 intervention among and punishment and monitoring of individuals who create a risk to our
9 children's safety and well-being.

10 (b) The Legislature further finds that the following reforms implemented as part of this Act
11 will provide protections to the children of this state and are all important to eliminate risks to
12 children and are essential elements of "The Child Protection Act of 2006":

13 (1) Creating a special unit in the State Police specializing in the investigation of child abuse
14 and neglect — §15-2-15 of this code;

15 (2) Modifying the Sex Offender Registration Act to ensure more effective registration,
16 identification, and monitoring of persons convicted of sexual offenses — §15-12-1 *et seq.* of this
17 code;

18 (3) Establishing the Child Abuse and Neglect Registry, requiring the registry to disclose
19 information to certain state and local officials — §15-13-1 *et seq.* of this code;

20 (4) Providing for coded driver's licenses and nondriver identification cards to more easily
21 identify sexually violent predators — §17B-2-3 of this code;

22 (5) Prohibiting contractors and service providers convicted of certain offenses from
23 accessing school grounds and providing for the release of criminal history information by the
24 central abuse registry to county school boards — §18-5-15c of this code;

25 (6) Establishing a task force to study the feasibility of constructing separate correctional
26 facilities for the incarceration and treatment of sex offenders — §25-1-22 of this code;

27 (7) Requiring the State Police and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
28 Department of Human Services to maintain statewide child abuse and neglect statistical indices of
29 all convictions and allegations, respectively — §15-2-15 and §49-2-813 of this code;

30 (8) Providing for increased terms of incarceration for first degree sexual assault and first
31 degree sexual abuse committed against children under the age of 12 — §61-8B-3 and §61-8B-7 of
32 this code;

33 (9) Eliminating eligibility of certain sex offenders for probation, home incarceration, and
34 alternative sentences and providing for enhanced terms of incarceration for certain subsequent
35 sex offenses committed by recidivist sex offenders — §61-8B-9a and §61-8B-9b of this code;

36 (10) Providing for polygraph examinations for certain sex offenders on probation, parole, or
37 supervised release — §62-11D-1 *et seq.* of this code;

38 (11) Providing for electronic monitoring of certain sex offenders on probation, parole, and
39 supervised release — §62-11D-1 *et seq.* of this code;

40 (12) Establishing a task force to develop measures aimed at managing sexually violent
41 predators released from confinement — §62-11E-1 *et seq.* of this code;

42 (13) Making psychiatric evaluations a condition of probation eligibility for certain sex
43 offenders (- §62-12-2 of this code;

44 (14) Authorizing the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
45 Services to establish qualifications for sex offender treatment programs and counselors — §62-
46 12-2 and §62-12-26 of this code;

47 (15) Providing for extended supervision of certain offenders and supervised release
48 requirements for sexually violent offenders — §62-12-26 of this code; and

49 (16) Providing for prerelease risk assessments of certain sex offenders — §62-12-27 of
50 this code.

51 (c) In addition, the Legislature finds that those enhanced terms of incarceration and post-
52 conviction measures provided for in this Act which impact certain offenders convicted of sexual
53 offenses against adults are necessary and appropriate to protect children from neglect and
54 physical and sexual abuse given that: (1) Clinical research indicates that a substantial percentage
55 of sexual offenders "cross over" among age groups in selecting their victims; (2) many of the risk
56 factors prevalent among sex offenders that "cross over" (e.g., substance abuse, lack of empathy
57 toward victim, inability to control inappropriate impulses, childhood abuse) also are prevalent
58 among perpetrators of child abuse and neglect; and (3) enhanced terms of incarceration, post-
59 conviction supervision, monitoring, and treatment measures will enable the criminal justice
60 system to identify and address those "cross over" offenders before they can victimize additional
61 children.

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA STATE POLICE.

§15-2-55. Referral program for substance abuse treatment.

1 (a) The State Police shall create a program and may, in collaboration with the Office of
2 Drug Control Policy ~~of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ and existing state
3 government programs to refer persons to treatment for substance use who voluntarily seek
4 assistance from the State Police.

5 (b) A person voluntarily seeking assistance through a program created pursuant to this
6 section and who is not under arrest or the subject of a search warrant:

7 (1) Shall not be placed under arrest;

8 (2) Shall not be prosecuted for the possession of any controlled substance or drug
9 paraphernalia surrendered to the State Police. Items surrendered pursuant to this subdivision
10 shall be recorded by the State Police at the time of surrender and shall be destroyed; and

11 (3) Shall be promptly referred to a community mental health center, medical provider, or
12 other entity for substance use treatment.

13 (c) A person is ineligible for placement through a program established pursuant to this
14 section if the person:

15 (1) Has an outstanding arrest warrant issued by a West Virginia court or an extraditable
16 arrest warrant issued by a court of another state;

17 (2) Places law enforcement or its representatives in reasonable apprehension of physical
18 injury; or

19 (3) Is under the age of 18, is not a danger to self or others, or does not have the consent of
20 a parent or guardian.

21 (d) Information gathered by a program created pursuant to this section related to a person
22 who has voluntarily sought assistance under this section is exempt from disclosure under the
23 provisions of chapter 29B of this code.

24 (e) Except for willful misconduct, the State Police and any employee of the State Police
25 that provides referrals or services in accordance with subsection (b) of this section shall be
26 immune from civil liability.

ARTICLE 2C. CENTRAL ABUSE REGISTRY.

§15-2C-1. Definitions.

1 The following terms when used in this article have meanings ascribed to them in this
2 section, except in those instances where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

3 (a) "Central abuse registry" or "registry" means the registry created by this article which
4 contains the names of individuals who have been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor offense
5 constituting abuse, neglect, or misappropriation of the property of a child or an incapacitated adult
6 or an adult receiving behavioral health services.

7 (b) "Child abuse and neglect" or "child abuse or neglect" means those terms as defined in
8 §49-1-201 of this code, and shall include any act with respect to a child which is a crime against the
9 person pursuant to §61-2-1 *et seq.* of this code, any act which is unlawful pursuant to §61-8D-1 *et*

10 *seq.*, of this code and any offense with respect to a child which is enumerated in §15-2C-3 of this
11 code.

12 (c) "Abuse or neglect of an incapacitated adult" means "abuse," "neglect," and
13 "incapacitated adult" as those terms are defined in §9-6-1 of this code, and shall include any act
14 with respect to an incapacitated adult which is a crime against the person pursuant to §61-2-1 *et*
15 *seq.* of this code, and any offense with respect to an incapacitated adult which is enumerated in
16 §15-2C-3 of this code.

17 (d) "Adult receiving behavioral health services" means a person over the age of 18 years
18 who is receiving any behavioral health service from a licensed behavioral health provider or any
19 behavioral health provider whose services are paid for, in whole or in part, by Medicaid or
20 Medicare.

21 (e) "Conviction" of a felony or a misdemeanor means an adjudication of guilt by a court or
22 jury following a hearing on the merits, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere.

23 (f) "Residential care facility" means any facility where a child or an incapacitated adult or an
24 adult receiving behavioral health services resides which is subject to registration, licensure, or
25 certification by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Office of Health Facility Licensure
26 and Certification, and includes nursing homes, personal care homes, residential board and care
27 homes, adult family care homes, group homes, legally unlicensed service providers, residential
28 child care facilities, family based foster care homes, specialized family care homes, and
29 intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded.

30 (g) "Misappropriation of property" means any act which is a crime against property under
31 §61-3-1 *et seq.* of this code with respect to a child in a residential care facility or an incapacitated
32 adult or an adult receiving behavioral health services in a residential care facility or a child or an
33 incapacitated adult or an adult receiving behavioral health services who is a recipient of home care
34 services.

35 (h) "Home care" or "home care services" means services provided to children or
36 incapacitated adults or adults receiving behavioral health services in the home through a hospice
37 provider, a community care provider, a home health agency, through the Medicaid waiver program,
38 or through any person when that service is reimbursable under the state Medicaid program.

39 (i) "Requester" means the West Virginia Department of Education, any residential care
40 facility, any state licensed day care center, any qualified entity as defined in this section, or any
41 provider of home care services or an adult receiving behavioral health services, providing to the
42 Central Abuse Registry the name of an individual and other information necessary to identify that
43 individual, and either: (1) Certifying that the individual is being considered for employment or
44 service as a volunteer by the requester or for a contractual relationship with the requester where
45 the individual will provide services to a child or an incapacitated adult or an adult receiving
46 behavioral health services for compensation; or contractors and vendors who have or may have
47 unsupervised access to the child, disabled, or elderly person for whom the qualified entity provides
48 care; or (2) certifying that an allegation of abuse, neglect, or misappropriation of property has been
49 made against the individual.

50 (j) "Qualified entity" means any business, agency, or organization that provides care,
51 treatment, education, training, instruction, supervision, or recreation for children, the elderly, or
52 individuals with disabilities and is a public, private, or not-for-profit entity within the State of West
53 Virginia and meets the definition of qualified entity under the federal National Child Protection Act
54 of 1993; P.L. 103-209 as amended by the Volunteers for Children Act; P.L. 105-251.

§15-2C-2. Central Abuse Registry; required information; procedures.

1 (a) The Criminal Identification Bureau of the West Virginia State Police shall establish a
2 Central Abuse Registry, to contain information relating to criminal convictions involving child
3 abuse or neglect, abuse or neglect of an incapacitated adult or an adult receiving behavioral health
4 services and misappropriation of property by individuals specified in subsection (b) of this section
5 and information relating to individuals required to be registered as a sex offender.

6 (b) The Central Abuse Registry shall contain, at a minimum, information relating to:
7 Convictions of a misdemeanor or a felony involving abuse, neglect or misappropriation of property,
8 by an individual performing services for compensation, within the scope of the individual's
9 employment or contract to provide services, in a residential care facility, in a licensed day care
10 center in connection with providing behavioral health services, or in connection with the provision
11 of home care services; information relating to individuals convicted of specific offenses
12 enumerated in subsection (a), section three of this article with respect to a child or an
13 incapacitated adult or an adult receiving behavioral health services; information relating to all
14 individuals required to register with the Child Abuse and Neglect Registry established pursuant to
15 article thirteen, chapter fifteen of this code; and information relating to all individuals required to
16 register with the West Virginia State Police as sex offenders pursuant to the provisions of article
17 twelve, chapter fifteen of this code. The Central Abuse Registry shall contain the following
18 information:

19 (1) The individual's full name;

20 (2) Sufficient information to identify the individual, including date of birth, social security
21 number and fingerprints if available;

22 (3) Identification of the criminal offense constituting abuse, neglect or misappropriation of
23 property of a child or an incapacitated adult or an adult receiving behavioral health services;

24 (4) For cases involving abuse, neglect or misappropriation of property of a child or an
25 incapacitated adult or an adult receiving behavioral health services in a residential care facility or a
26 day care center, or of a child or an incapacitated adult or an adult receiving behavioral health
27 services receiving home care services, sufficient information to identify the location where the
28 documentation of any investigation by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
29 Department of Human Services is on file and the location of pertinent court files; and

30 (5) Any statement by the individual disputing the conviction, if he or she chooses to make
31 and file one.

32 (c) Upon conviction in the criminal courts of this state of a misdemeanor or a felony offense
33 constituting child abuse or neglect or abuse or neglect of an incapacitated adult or an adult
34 receiving behavioral health services, the individual so convicted shall be placed on the Central
35 Abuse Registry.

§15-2C-4. Disclosure of information.

1 (a) The information contained in the central abuse registry is confidential, and may not be
2 disclosed except as specifically provided in this section. The criminal identification bureau shall
3 disclose the information described in subdivisions (1) through (3) and subdivision (5), subsection
4 (b), section two of this article to any requester, except that the name of the victim of the act alleged
5 shall not appear on the information disclosed and shall be stricken from any statement filed by an
6 individual. The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
7 certify, not later than fifteen days following the effective date of this section, the list of requesters
8 authorized to obtain registry information, and shall inform the criminal identification bureau
9 promptly of subsequent additions and deletions from the list. The information contained in the
10 registry with respect to an individual shall be provided to that individual promptly upon request.
11 Individuals on the registry requesting registry information shall be afforded the opportunity to file
12 statements correcting any misstatements or inaccuracies contained in the registry. The criminal
13 identification bureau may disclose registry information to authorized law-enforcement and
14 governmental agencies of the United States and its territories, of foreign states and of the State of
15 West Virginia upon proper request stating that the information requested is necessary in the
16 interest of and will be used solely in the administration of official duties and the criminal laws.
17 Agreements with other states providing for the reciprocal sharing of abuse registry information are
18 specifically authorized.

19 (b) An active file on requests for information by requesters shall be maintained by the
20 criminal identification bureau for a period of one year from the date of a request. If an individual

21 who is the subject of the request is placed on the registry with respect to any conviction within one
22 year of the date of the request, that information shall promptly be disclosed to the requester.

§15-2C-7. Registration of home care agencies required; form of registration; information to be provided.

1 (a) In order to permit providers of home care services not otherwise required to be
2 licensed, certified or registered with the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Office of
3 Health Facility Licensure and Certification by other provision of this code to access information in
4 the central abuse registry, all home care service providers not currently licensed, certified or
5 registered by the department shall register with the office of health facilities licensure and
6 certification. No fee may be charged for registration. Registration information shall be provided on
7 a registration form, but no provision of information shall be deemed to meet the registration
8 requirement until the signature of the service provider is recorded on the registration form.

9 (b) Information required for registration shall include the following:

10 (1) Name, address and telephone number of the service provider;

11 (2) The geographic area where services are provided to consumers, the number of homes
12 where services are provided and the number of consumers provided service; and

13 (3) The services, such as nursing care or personal assistance, provided to consumers.

ARTICLE 3D. MISSING PERSONS ACT.

§15-3D-3. Definitions.

1 For the purposes of this article:

2 (1) "CODIS" means the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Combined DNA Index System,
3 which allows for the storage and exchange of DNA records submitted by federal, state, and local
4 forensic DNA laboratories. The term "CODIS" includes the National DNA Index System or NDIS,
5 administered and operated by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

6 (2) "Complainant" means a person who contacts law enforcement to report that a person is
7 missing.

8 (3) "Electronic communication device" means a cellular telephone, personal digital
9 assistant, electronic device with mobile data access, laptop computer, pager, broadband personal
10 communication device, two-way messaging device, electronic game, or portable computing
11 device.

12 (4) "Juvenile" means any person under 18 years of age.

13 (5) "Law-enforcement agency" means any duly authorized state, county, or municipal
14 organization employing one or more persons whose responsibility is the enforcement of laws of
15 the state or any county or municipality thereof.

16 (6) "Lead law-enforcement agency" means the law-enforcement agency that initially
17 receives a missing persons complaint or, after the fulfillment of all requirements of this article
18 related to the initial receipt of a missing persons complaint and transmission of information to
19 required databases, the law-enforcement agency with the primary responsibility for investigating a
20 missing or unidentified persons complaint.

21 (7) "Missing and endangered child" means any missing child for which there are
22 substantial indications the child is at high risk of harm or in immediate danger, and rapid action is
23 required, including, but not limited to:

24 (A) Physically or mentally disabled and dependent upon an agency or another individual
25 for care;

26 (B) Under the age of 13;

27 (C) Missing under circumstances which indicate the child's safety may be in danger; or

28 (D) A foster child and has been determined a missing and endangered child by the
29 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

30 (8) "Missing child" means any child under the age of 18 whose whereabouts are unknown
31 to the child's legal custodian.

32 (9) "Missing person" means any person who is reported missing to a law-enforcement
33 agency.

34 (10) "NamUs" means the database of the National Missing and Unidentified Persons
35 System.

36 (11) "NCIC" means the database of the National Crime Information Center, the nationwide,
37 online computer telecommunications system maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation to
38 assist authorized agencies in criminal justice and related law-enforcement objectives.

39 (12) "NCMEC" means the database of the National Center for Missing and Exploited
40 Children.

41 (13) "Unidentified person" means any person, living or deceased, who has not been
42 identified through investigation for over 30 days.

43 (14) "Violent Criminal Apprehension Program" or "ViCAP" is a unit of the Federal Bureau of
44 Investigation responsible for the analysis of serial violent and sexual crimes.

45 (15) "WEAPON system" means the West Virginia Automated Police Network.

ARTICLE 12. SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION ACT.

§15-12-2. Registration.

1 (a) The provisions of this article apply both retroactively and prospectively.

2 (b) Any person who has been convicted of an offense or an attempted offense or has been
3 found not guilty by reason of mental illness, mental retardation, or addiction of an offense under
4 any of the following provisions of this code or under a statutory provision of another state, the
5 United States Code or the Uniform Code of Military Justice which requires proof of the same
6 essential elements shall register as set forth in §15-12-2(d) of this code and according to the
7 internal management rules promulgated by the superintendent under authority of §15-2-25 of this
8 code:

9 (1) §61-8A-1 *et seq.* of this code;

10 (2) §61-8B-1 *et seq.* of this code, including the provisions of former §61-8B-6 of this code,
11 relating to the offense of sexual assault of a spouse, which was repealed by an act of the
12 Legislature during the 2000 legislative session;

13 (3) §61-8C-1 *et seq.* of this code;

14 (4) §61-8D-5 and §61-8D-6 of this code;

15 (5) §61-2-14(a) of this code;

16 (6) §61-8-6, §61-8-7, §61-8-12, and §61-8-13 of this code;

17 (7) §61-3C-14b of this code, as it relates to violations of those provisions of chapter 61
18 listed in this subsection; or

19 (8) §61-14-2, §61-14-5, and §61-14-6 of this code: *Provided*, That as to §61-14-2 of this
20 code only those violations involving human trafficking for purposes of sexual servitude require
21 registration pursuant to this subdivision.

22 (c) Any person who has been convicted of a criminal offense where the sentencing judge
23 made a written finding that the offense was sexually motivated shall also register as set forth in this
24 article.

25 (d) A person required to register under the provisions of this article shall register in person
26 at the West Virginia State Police detachment responsible for covering the county of his or her
27 residence, and in doing so, provide or cooperate in providing, at a minimum, the following when
28 registering:

29 (1) The full name of the registrant, including any aliases, nicknames, or other names used
30 by the registrant;

31 (2) The address where the registrant intends to reside or resides at the time of registration,
32 the address of any habitable real property owned or leased by the registrant that he or she
33 regularly visits: *Provided*, That a post office box may not be provided in lieu of a physical
34 residential address, the name and address of the registrant's employer or place of occupation at
35 the time of registration, the names and addresses of any anticipated future employers or places of
36 occupation, the name and address of any school or training facility the registrant is attending at the
37 time of registration and the names and addresses of any schools or training facilities the registrant
38 expects to attend;

- 39 (3) The registrant's Social Security number;
- 40 (4) A full-face photograph of the registrant at the time of registration;
- 41 (5) A brief description of the crime or crimes for which the registrant was convicted;
- 42 (6) The registrant's fingerprints and palm prints;
- 43 (7) Information related to any motor vehicle, trailer, or motor home owned or regularly
44 operated by a registrant, including vehicle make, model, color, and license plate number:
45 *Provided*, That for the purposes of this article, the term "trailer" means travel trailer, fold-down
46 camping trailer, and house trailer as those terms are defined in §17A-1-1 of this code;
- 47 (8) Information relating to any Internet accounts the registrant has and the screen names,
48 user names, or aliases the registrant uses on the Internet;
- 49 (9) Information related to any telephone or electronic paging device numbers that the
50 registrant has or uses, including, but not limited to, residential, work, and mobile telephone
51 numbers;
- 52 (10) A photocopy of a valid driver's license or government-issued identification card,
53 including a tribal identification card;
- 54 (11) A photocopy of any passport and immigration documents;
- 55 (12) A photocopy of any professional licensing information that authorizes the registrant to
56 engage in an occupation or carry out a trade or business; and
- 57 (13) Any identifying information, including make, model, serial number, and photograph,
58 regarding any unmanned aerial vehicle owned or operated by a registrant.
- 59 (e) (1) On the date that any person convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental
60 illness, mental retardation, or addiction of any of the crimes listed in §15-12-2(b) of this code,
61 hereinafter referred to as a "qualifying offense", including those persons who are continuing under
62 some post-conviction supervisory status, are released, granted probation or a suspended
63 sentence, released on parole, probation, home detention, work release, conditional release or any
64 other release from confinement, the Commissioner of Corrections, regional jail administrator, city

65 official, or sheriff operating a jail or Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
66 Department of Health Facilities who releases the person and any parole or probation officer who
67 releases the person or supervises the person following the release shall obtain all information
68 required by §15-12-2(d) of this code prior to the release of the person, inform the person of his or
69 her duty to register, and send written notice of the release of the person to the State Police within
70 three business days of receiving the information. The notice must include the information required
71 by §15-12-2(d) of this code. Any person having a duty to register for a qualifying offense shall
72 register upon conviction, unless that person is confined or incarcerated, in which case he or she
73 shall register within three business days of release, transfer, or other change in disposition status.
74 Any person currently registered who is incarcerated for any offense shall re-register within three
75 business days of his or her release.

76 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, a court of this state shall,
77 upon presiding over a criminal matter resulting in conviction or a finding of not guilty by reason of
78 mental illness, mental retardation, or addiction of a qualifying offense, cause, within 72 hours of
79 entry of the commitment or sentencing order, the transmittal to the sex offender registry for
80 inclusion in the registry all information required for registration by a registrant as well as the
81 following nonidentifying information regarding the victim or victims:

- 82 (A) His or her sex;
- 83 (B) His or her age at the time of the offense; and
- 84 (C) The relationship between the victim and the perpetrator.

85 The provisions of this subdivision do not relieve a person required to register pursuant to
86 this section from complying with any provision of this article.

87 (f) For any person determined to be a sexually violent predator, the notice required by §15-
88 12-2(d) of this code must also include:

- 89 (1) Identifying factors, including physical characteristics;
- 90 (2) History of the offense; and

91 (3) Documentation of any treatment received for the mental abnormality or personality
92 disorder.

93 (g) At the time the person is convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental illness,
94 mental retardation, or addiction in a court of this state of the crimes set forth in §15-12-2(b) of this
95 code, the person shall sign in open court a statement acknowledging that he or she understands
96 the requirements imposed by this article. The court shall inform the person so convicted of the
97 requirements to register imposed by this article and shall further satisfy itself by interrogation of the
98 defendant or his or her counsel that the defendant has received notice of the provisions of this
99 article and that the defendant understands the provisions. The statement, when signed and
100 witnessed, constitutes prima facie evidence that the person had knowledge of the requirements of
101 this article. Upon completion of the statement, the court shall provide a copy to the registry.
102 Persons who have not signed a statement under the provisions of this subsection and who are
103 subject to the registration requirements of this article must be informed of the requirement by the
104 State Police whenever the State Police obtain information that the person is subject to registration
105 requirements.

106 (h) The State Police shall maintain a central registry of all persons who register under this
107 article and shall release information only as provided in this article. The information required to be
108 made public by the State Police by §15-12-5(b)(2) of this code is to be accessible through the
109 Internet. Information relating to telephone or electronic paging device numbers a registrant has or
110 uses may not be released through the Internet.

111 (i) For the purpose of this article, "sexually violent offense" means:

112 (1) Sexual assault in the first degree as set forth in §61-8B-3 of this code, or of a similar
113 provision in another state, federal, or military jurisdiction;

114 (2) Sexual assault in the second degree as set forth §61-8B-4 of this code, or of a similar
115 provision in another state, federal, or military jurisdiction;

116 (3) Sexual assault of a spouse as set forth in the former provisions of §61-8B-6 of this
117 code, which was repealed by an act of the Legislature during the 2000 legislative session, or of a
118 similar provision in another state, federal, or military jurisdiction;

119 (4) Sexual abuse in the first degree as set forth in §61-8B-7 of this code, or of a similar
120 provision in another state, federal, or military jurisdiction;

121 (j) For purposes of this article, the term "sexually motivated" means that one of the
122 purposes for which a person committed the crime was for any person's sexual gratification.

123 (k) For purposes of this article, the term "sexually violent predator" means a person who
124 has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental illness, mental retardation, or addiction
125 of a sexually violent offense and who suffers from a mental abnormality or personality disorder that
126 makes the person likely to engage in predatory sexually violent offenses.

127 (l) For purposes of this article, the term "mental abnormality" means a congenital or
128 acquired condition of a person that affects the emotional or volitional capacity of the person in a
129 manner that predisposes that person to the commission of criminal sexual acts to a degree that
130 makes the person a menace to the health and safety of other persons.

131 (m) For purposes of this article, the term "predatory act" means an act directed at a
132 stranger or at a person with whom a relationship has been established or promoted for the primary
133 purpose of victimization.

134 (n) For the purposes of this article, the term "business days" means days exclusive of
135 Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays as defined in §2-2-1 of this code.

ARTICLE 13. CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT REGISTRATION.

§15-13-2. Registration.

1 (a) The provisions of this article apply both retroactively and prospectively.

2 (b) Any person who has been convicted of an offense or has been found not guilty solely by
3 reason of mental illness, mental retardation or addiction of an offense under any of the provisions

4 of sections two, two-a, three, three-a, four and four-a, article eight-d, of chapter sixty-one of this
5 code or under a statutory provision of another state, the United States Code or the Uniform Code
6 of Military Justice which requires proof of the same essential elements shall register as set forth in
7 subsection (e) of this section and according to the internal management rules promulgated by the
8 superintendent under authority of section twenty-five, article two of this chapter.

9 (c) The clerk of the court in which a person is convicted for an offense described in
10 subsection (b) of this section, or for an offense described in a municipal ordinance which has the
11 same elements as an offense described in said section, shall forward to the superintendent, at a
12 minimum, information required on forms provided by the State Police relating to the person
13 required to register.

14 (1) If the conviction is the judgment of a magistrate court, mayor, police court judge or
15 municipal court judge, the clerk or recorder shall forward to the superintendent, at a minimum,
16 information required on forms provided by the State Police relating to the person required to
17 register when the person convicted has not requested an appeal within thirty days of the
18 sentencing for such conviction.

19 (2) If the conviction is the judgment of a circuit court, the circuit clerk shall submit, at a
20 minimum, the required information to the superintendent regarding the person convicted within
21 thirty days after the judgment was entered.

22 (d) If a person has been convicted of any criminal offense against a child in his or her
23 household or of whom he or she has custodial responsibility, and the sentencing judge makes a
24 written finding that there is a continued likelihood that the person will continue to have regular
25 contact with that child or other children and that as such it is in the best interest of the child or
26 children for that person to be monitored, then that person is subject to the reporting requirements
27 of this article.

28 (e) In addition to any other requirements of this article, persons required to register under
29 the provisions of this article shall provide or cooperate in providing, at a minimum, the following
30 when registering:

31 (1) The full name of the registrant, including any aliases, nicknames or other names used
32 by the registrant;

33 (2) The address where the registrant intends to reside or resides at the time of registration,
34 the name and address of the registrant's employer or place of occupation at the time of
35 registration, the names and addresses of any anticipated future employers or places of
36 occupation, the name and address of any school or training facility the registrant is attending at the
37 time of registration and the names and addresses of any schools or training facilities the registrant
38 expects to attend: *Provided*, That a post office box or other address that does not have a physical
39 street address of residence may not be provided in lieu of a physical residence address;

40 (3) The registrant's social security number;

41 (4) Ages and names of any children in the household of the registrant, and any children
42 currently living or subsequently born to the registrant.

43 (5) A brief description of the offense or offenses for which the registrant was convicted; and

44 (6) A complete set of the registrant's fingerprints.

45 (f) On the date that any person convicted or found not guilty solely by reason of mental
46 illness, mental retardation or addiction of any of the offenses listed in subsection (b) of this section,
47 hereinafter referred to as a "qualifying offense", including those persons who are continuing under
48 some post-conviction supervisory status, are released, granted probation or a suspended
49 sentence, released on parole, probation, home detention, work release, conditional release or any
50 other release from confinement, the Commissioner of Corrections, Regional Jail Administrator,
51 city or sheriff operating a jail or Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
52 Department of Health Facilities who releases the person, and any parole or probation officer who
53 releases the person or supervises the person following the release, shall inform the person of his

54 or her duty to register and send written notice of the release to the superintendent within three
55 business days of release, and provide any other information as directed by rule of the State Police.
56 The notice must include, at a minimum, the information required by subsection (e) of this section.

57 (g) Any person having a duty to register for a qualifying offense shall register upon
58 conviction, unless that person is confined or incarcerated, in which case he or she shall register
59 within three business days of release, transfer or other change in disposition status.

60 (h) At the time the person is convicted or found not guilty solely by reason of mental illness,
61 mental retardation or addiction in a court of this state of the offenses set forth in subsection (b) of
62 this section, the person shall sign in open court a notification statement acknowledging that he or
63 she understands the requirements imposed by this article. The court shall inform the person so
64 convicted of the requirements to register imposed by this article and shall further satisfy itself by
65 interrogation of the defendant or his or her counsel that the defendant has received notice of the
66 provisions of this article and that the defendant understands the provisions. The statement, when
67 signed and witnessed, constitutes prima facie evidence that the person had knowledge of the
68 requirements of this article. Upon completion of the statement, the court shall provide a copy to the
69 registry. Persons who have not signed a statement under the provisions of this subsection and
70 who are subject to the registration requirements of this article must be informed of the requirement
71 by the State Police whenever the State Police obtain information that the person is subject to
72 registration requirements.

73 (i) The State Police shall maintain a central registry of all persons who register under this
74 article and shall release information only as provided in this article.

75 (j) The superintendent shall provide forms to law-enforcement agencies, circuit clerks and
76 parole officers to facilitate submission of appropriate information necessary to administer the child
77 abuse and neglect registry established by this article.

78 (k) For the purposes of this article, the term "business days", means days exclusive of
79 Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays as defined in section one, article two, chapter two of this
80 code.

§15-13-5. Distribution and disclosure of information.

1 (a) Within five business days after receiving any notification as described in this article, the
2 State Police shall transmit a copy of the notification statement to the ~~Department of Health and~~
3 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services as provided in section two of this article.

4 (b) Within five business days after receiving any notification statement pursuant to the
5 provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
6 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall distribute a copy of the notification statement to:

7 (1) The supervisor of each county and municipal law-enforcement office and any campus
8 police department in the city and county where the registrant resides, is employed or attends
9 school or a training facility;

10 (2) The county superintendent of schools where the registrant resides, is employed or
11 attends school or a training facility; and

12 (3) The Child Protective Services office charged with investigating allegations of child
13 abuse or neglect in the county where the registrant resides, is employed or attends school or a
14 training facility.

15 (c) The State Police may furnish information and documentation required in connection
16 with the registration to authorized law enforcement, campus police and governmental agencies of
17 the United States and its territories, of foreign countries duly authorized to receive the same, of
18 other states within the United States and of the State of West Virginia upon proper request stating
19 that the records will be used solely for law-enforcement-related purposes. The State Police may
20 disclose information collected under this article to federal, state and local governmental agencies
21 responsible for conducting preemployment checks.

22 (d) An elected public official, public employee or public agency is immune from civil liability
23 for damages arising out of any action relating to the provisions of this section except when the
24 official, employee or agency acted with gross negligence or in bad faith.

25 (e) The information contained in the child abuse and neglect registry is confidential, and
26 may not be disclosed except as specifically provided in this article. The information contained in
27 the registry with respect to an individual shall be provided to that individual promptly upon request.
28 Individuals on the registry requesting registry information shall be afforded the opportunity to file
29 statements correcting any misstatements or inaccuracies contained in the registry. The State
30 Police and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may
31 disclose registry information to authorized law-enforcement and governmental agencies of the
32 United States and its territories, of foreign states and of the State of West Virginia upon proper
33 request stating that the information requested is necessary in the interest of and will be used solely
34 in the administration of official duties and the criminal laws. Agreements with other states providing
35 for the reciprocal sharing of abuse and neglect registry information are specifically authorized.
36 Nothing in this article would preclude disclosure of information authorized pursuant to article two-c
37 of this chapter.

38 (f) An active file on requests for information by requesters shall be maintained by the State
39 Police and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services for a
40 period of one year from the date of a request.

41 (g) Information on the registry shall be exempt from disclosure under the freedom of
42 information act in article one, chapter twenty-nine-b of this code.

ARTICLE 14. THE STATEWIDE INTEROPERABLE RADIO NETWORK.

§15-14-5. The Statewide Interoperability Executive Committee.

1 (a) The Statewide Interoperability Executive Committee shall consist of the following
2 members or their designee:

- 3 (1) The Director of the WVDHSEM;
- 4 (2) The Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police;
- 5 (3) The President of the West Virginia Emergency Management Council;
- 6 (4) The Adjutant General of the West Virginia National Guard;
- 7 (5) The West Virginia Chief Technology Officer;
- 8 (6) The President of the West Virginia Enhanced 911 Council;
- 9 (7) The President of the West Virginia Sheriffs' Association;
- 10 (8) The West Virginia State Fire Marshal;
- 11 (9) The President of the West Virginia County Commissioners' Association;
- 12 (10) The President of the West Virginia Municipal League;
- 13 (11) The Secretary of the Department of Transportation;
- 14 (12) The Director of the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~, Office
15 of Emergency Medical Services;
- 16 (13) One representative from each of the agencies which own one of the SIRN's zoned
17 master site switches not otherwise represented;
- 18 (14) The chairman of each of the Regional Interoperability Committees;
- 19 (15) A representative of the West Virginia Chapter of the Association of Public Safety
20 Communications Officials;
- 21 (16) The Director of the West Virginia Parkways Authority; and
- 22 (17) The Statewide Interoperability Coordinator who shall serve in a nonvoting Ex officio
23 capacity.
- 24 (b) The director shall serve as the chairman of the Executive Committee.
- 25 (c) Members of the Executive Committee shall serve without compensation. However,
26 each member of the Executive Committee may receive reimbursement from the Statewide
27 Interoperable Radio Network Account, for actual expenses, including travel expenses, in
28 accordance with state travel guidelines.

29 (d) The Executive Committee may appoint, as nonvoting members, individuals with
30 technical expertise that may assist with its mission.

**§15-14-7. Maintenance and Operations of the Statewide Interoperable Network; personnel;
assets; agreements.**

1 (a) The director may employ such technical, clerical, legal counsel, stenographic and other
2 personnel, fix their compensation and make expenditures within the appropriation to the agency or
3 from other funds made available for the purpose of providing interoperable communications
4 services to carry out the purpose of this article.

5 (b) All equipment, structures, property, and personnel along with their equipment and
6 vehicles, owned, managed, directed, controlled, and governed by the ~~Department of Health and~~
7 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health associated with the statewide interoperable radio and/or
8 microwave network and medical command radio system, are transferred to, incorporated in and
9 administered as a part of the WVDHSEM: *Provided*, That medical command radio system
10 communication equipment, not including the microwave and SIRN equipment, and personnel
11 located in the medical coordination center at Flatwoods, West Virginia shall continue to be
12 managed, directed, controlled, and governed by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
13 Department of Health and are not included in the transfer authorized by this subsection.

14 (c) The director may acquire in the name of the state by purchase, lease or gift, real
15 property and rights or easements necessary or convenient to construct thereon the necessary
16 building or buildings for housing Radio Network employees, equipment or infrastructure.

17 (d) The director or his or her designee may enter into cooperative agreements, land and
18 tower leases, memorandums of understanding/agreement, training contracts or service contracts
19 with political subdivisions of the state, other states, federal agencies, and with public or private
20 agencies for use by the radio network.

21 (e) The WVDHSEM is exempt from the requirements and associated fees of any local
22 ordinances of any political subdivision of the state relating to the construction of towers or other
23 infrastructure for use by the Radio Network to enhance interoperable communications.

24 (f) The WVDHSEM shall support a unified approach to interoperable communications
25 across state, county, and municipal government, to include:

26 (1) Providing ongoing assistance and support to the state's Medical Command System;
27 and

28 (2) Providing ongoing assistance and support to state agencies in the development of
29 interoperable and emergency communications plans or projects.

**§15-14-9. Creation of the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network account; purpose;
funding; disbursements.**

1 (a) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a special revenue account to be known
2 as the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network Account to be administered by the director. The
3 special revenue account shall consist of appropriations made by the Legislature; income derived
4 from the lease of property, towers or tower space owned, operated or controlled by the
5 WVDHSEM or any other state agency managed as part of the SIRN; moneys received by the
6 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health or WVDHSEM as proceeds of
7 any claims for damages to structures, equipment or property of any kind, including moneys in the
8 Insurance Property Loss Claims Fund administered by the Division of Health; income from the
9 investment of moneys held in the special revenue account; grant money and all other sums
10 available for deposit to the special revenue account from any source, public or private; and
11 moneys received from the sale of recycled two-way telecommunications equipment pursuant to
12 §15-14-6(10) of this code.

13 (b) Expenditures from the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network Account shall be for the
14 purposes set forth in this article and used exclusively, to pay costs, fees and expenses incurred, or
15 to be incurred for the following purposes: (1) The maintenance, upkeep, and repair of the SIRN; (2)
16 operations of the Executive Committee; (3) payment of salaries for the SWIC and any personnel
17 required to operate and maintain the SIRN; (4) the design, implementation, and management of
18 the SIRN; (5) all other related SIRN activities approved by the Executive Committee; and (6) all

19 costs incurred in the administration of the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network Account.
20 Expenditures from the fund are not authorized from collections but are to be made only in
21 accordance with appropriation by the Legislature and in accordance with the provisions of §12-3-1
22 *et seq.* of this code and upon fulfillment of the provisions of §11B-2-1 *et seq.* of this code: *Provided,*
23 That for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, expenditures are authorized from collections rather
24 than pursuant to appropriation by the Legislature.

25 (c) Disbursements from the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network Account shall be
26 authorized by the director or his or her designee. Moneys in the Statewide Interoperable Radio
27 Network Account are not available for the payment of any personal injury claims, workers'
28 compensation claims or other types of disability claims.

29 (d) Quarterly, the director shall prepare an accounting of all moneys disbursed from and
30 any deposits made to the Statewide Interoperable Radio Network Account. This accounting shall
31 include the reason for the withdraw, the recipients of any withdraw, and the source of any deposit.

CHAPTER 15A. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.

ARTICLE 4. CORRECTIONS MANAGEMENT.

§15A-4-11. Financial responsibility program for inmates.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that:

2 (1) There is an urgent need for vigorous enforcement of child support, restitution, and other
3 court-ordered obligations;

4 (2) The duty of inmates to provide for the needs of dependent children, including their
5 necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, and health care should not be avoided because of
6 where the inmate resides;

7 (3) A person owing a duty of child support who chooses to engage in behaviors that result
8 in the person becoming incarcerated should not be able to avoid child support obligations; and

9 (4) Each sentenced inmate should be encouraged to meet his or her legitimate court-
10 ordered financial obligations.

11 (b) As part of the initial classification process into a correctional facility, the division shall
12 assist each inmate in developing a financial plan for meeting the inmate's child support
13 obligations, if any exist. At subsequent program reviews, the division shall consider the inmate's
14 efforts to fulfill those obligations as indicative of that individual's acceptance and demonstrated
15 level of responsibility.

16 (c)(1) The superintendent shall deduct from the earnings of each inmate all legitimate
17 court-ordered financial obligations. The superintendent shall also deduct child support payments
18 from the earnings of each inmate who has a court-ordered financial obligation. The commissioner
19 shall develop a policy that outlines the formula for the distribution of the offender's income and the
20 formula shall include a percentage deduction, not to exceed 50 percent in the aggregate, for any
21 court-ordered victim restitution, court fees, and child support obligations owed under a support
22 order, including an administrative fee, consistent with the provisions of §48-14-406(c) of this code,
23 to support the division's administration of this financial service;

24 (2) If the inmate worker's income is subject to garnishment for child support enforcement
25 deductions, it shall be calculated on the net wages after taxes, legal financial obligations, and
26 garnishment;

27 (3) The division shall develop the necessary administrative structure to record inmates'
28 wages and keep records of the amount inmates pay for child support; and

29 (4) Nothing in this section limits the authority of the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement
30 ~~of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ from taking collection action against an
31 inmate's moneys, assets, or property.

32 (d) If an inmate is awarded a civil judgment, or settles a civil matter, which awards him or
33 her monetary damages, the court in which those damages are awarded or settled shall enter an
34 order which deducts attorney fees and litigation costs owed the inmate's legal counsel and

35 deducts all known outstanding child support, restitution, spousal support, and court costs from the
36 award to the inmate, and satisfies those obligations, prior to releasing any funds to the inmate.

37 (e) Notwithstanding the failure of a court to act in accordance with subsection (d) of this
38 section, the division may honor any outstanding court-ordered obligations of which it is aware, to
39 satisfy all known orders of child support, restitution, spousal support, or court costs and shall
40 deduct from any civil judgment or civil settlement such amounts necessary to pay such obligations
41 of the inmate, if any, arising from orders of child support, restitution, spousal support, or court costs
42 prior to depositing funds from such civil judgment or civil settlement in the inmate's account. The
43 provisions of this subsection shall apply to civil actions filed after July 1, 2019.

44 (f) The accumulation of the total funds, not necessary for current distribution, shall be
45 invested, with the approval of the commissioner or as appropriate, through the West Virginia
46 Municipal Bond Commission, in short-term bonds or treasury certificates or equivalent of the
47 United States. Bonds and certificates so purchased shall remain in the custody of the State
48 Treasurer. The earnings from investments so made shall be reported to the principal officer of
49 each institution, from time to time, as earned, and shall be credited to the respective accounts of
50 the institutions by the West Virginia Municipal Bond Commission. When the earnings are
51 transferred to the respective institutions, they shall be credited by the superintendent to the credit
52 of, and for the benefit of, the inmate, or resident, benefit fund.

**§15A-4-12. Limitation on reimbursement rate to medical service providers for services
outside division facilities.**

1 The division, or its contracted medical providers, may not pay an amount to an outside
2 provider of a medical service for an adult inmate residing in a jail or correctional facility greater
3 than the reimbursement rate applicable to service providers established in the ~~West Virginia state~~
4 Medicaid plan by the Bureau for Medical Services: *Provided*, That critical access hospitals shall be
5 reimbursed at 75 percent of the billed charges. These limitations apply to all medical care services,
6 goods, prescription drugs, and medications provided to a person who is in the custody of a

7 correctional facility and is provided these services outside of a correctional facility: *Provided,*
8 *however,* That the Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety and the ~~Department of Health~~
9 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services effectuate an interagency agreement for
10 the electronic processing and payment of medical services.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

ARTICLE 1. STATE PUBLIC HEALTH SYSTEM.

§16-1-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (1) "Basic public health services" means those services that are necessary to protect the
3 health of the public;
- 4 (2) "Bureau" means the Bureau for Public Health in the department;
- 5 (3) "Combined local board of health" means one form of organization for a local board of
6 health and means a board of health serving any two or more counties or any county or counties
7 and one or more municipalities within or partially within the county or counties;
- 8 (4) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the bureau, who may be designated as
9 the state health officer;
- 10 (5) "County board of health" means one form of organization for a local board of health and
11 means a local board of health serving a single county;
- 12 (6) "Department" means the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources:~~
13 *Provided,* That beginning January 1, 2024, as used in this chapter, "department" and "Department
14 of Health and Human Resources" means the Department of Health.
- 15 (7) "Director" or "director of health" means the state health officer. Administratively within
16 the department, the bureau through its commissioner carries out the public health functions of the
17 department, unless otherwise assigned by the secretary;

18 (8) "Essential public health services" means the core public health activities necessary to
19 promote health and prevent disease, injury, and disability for the citizens of the state. The services
20 include:

21 (A) Monitoring health status to identify community health problems;

22 (B) Diagnosing and investigating health problems and health hazards in the community;

23 (C) Informing, educating, and empowering people about health issues;

24 (D) Mobilizing community partnerships to identify and solve health problems;

25 (E) Developing policies and plans that support individual and community health efforts;

26 (F) Enforcing laws and rules that protect health and ensure safety;

27 (G) Uniting people with needed personal health services and assuring the provision of
28 health care when it is otherwise not available;

29 (H) Promoting a competent public health and personal health care workforce;

30 (I) Evaluating the effectiveness, accessibility, and quality of personal and population-based
31 health services; and

32 (J) Researching for new insights and innovative solutions to health problems;

33 (9) "Local board of health", "local board", or "board" means a board of health serving one or
34 more counties or one or more municipalities or a combination thereof;

35 (10) "Local health department" means the staff of the local board of health;

36 (11) "Local health officer" has the meaning ascribed in §16-2-2 of this code.

37 (12) "Municipal board of health" means one form of organization for a local board of health
38 and means a board of health serving a single municipality;

39 (13) "Performance-based standards" means generally accepted, objective standards such
40 as rules or guidelines against which public health performance can be measured;

41 (14) "Potential source of significant contamination" means a facility or activity that stores,
42 uses, or produces substances or compounds with potential for significant contaminating impact if
43 released into the source water of a public water supply;

44 (15) "Public groundwater supply source" means a primary source of water supply for a
45 public water system which is directly drawn from a well, underground stream, underground
46 reservoir, underground mine, or other primary source of water supplies which is found underneath
47 the surface of the state;

48 (16) "Public surface water supply source" means a primary source of water supply for a
49 public water system which is directly drawn from rivers, streams, lakes, ponds, impoundments, or
50 other primary sources of water supplies which are found on the surface of the state;

51 (17) "Public surface water influenced groundwater supply source" means a source of water
52 supply for a public water system which is directly drawn from an underground well, underground
53 river or stream, underground reservoir, or underground mine, and the quantity and quality of the
54 water in that underground supply source is heavily influenced, directly or indirectly, by the quantity
55 and quality of surface water in the immediate area;

56 (18) "Public water system" means:

57 (A) Any water supply or system which regularly supplies or offers to supply water for
58 human consumption through pipes or other constructed conveyances, if serving at least an
59 average of 25 individuals per day for at least 60 days per year, or which has at least 15 service
60 connections, and shall include:

61 (i) Any collection, treatment, storage, and distribution facilities under the control of the
62 owner or operator of the system and used primarily in connection with the system; and

63 (ii) Any collection or pretreatment storage facilities not under such control which are used
64 primarily in connection with the system;

65 (B) A public water system does not include a system which meets all of the following
66 conditions:

67 (i) Consists only of distribution and storage facilities and does not have any collection and
68 treatment facilities;

69 (ii) Obtains all of its water from, but is not owned or operated by, a public water system
70 which otherwise meets the definition;

71 (iii) Does not sell water to any person; and

72 (iv) Is not a carrier conveying passengers in interstate commerce;

73 (19) "Public water utility" means a public water system which is regulated by the West
74 Virginia Public Service Commission pursuant to the provisions of §24-1-1 *et seq.* of this code;

75 (20) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department; ~~of Health and Human Resources:~~
76 ~~Provided, That beginning January 1, 2024, as used in this chapter, "secretary" means the~~
77 ~~secretary of the Department of Health~~

78 (21) "Service area" means the territorial jurisdiction of a local board of health; and

79 (22) "Zone of critical concern" for a public surface water supply is a corridor along streams
80 within a watershed that warrant more detailed scrutiny due to its proximity to the surface water
81 intake and the intake's susceptibility to potential contaminants within that corridor. The zone of
82 critical concern is determined using a mathematical model that accounts for stream flows,
83 gradient, and area topography. The length of the zone of critical concern is based on a five-hour
84 time-of-travel of water in the streams to the water intake, plus an additional one-fourth mile below
85 the water intake. The width of the zone of critical concern is 1000 feet measured horizontally from
86 each bank of the principal stream and 500 feet measured horizontally from each bank of the
87 tributaries draining into the principal stream.

§16-1-20. Definitions and purpose.

1 (a) For the purpose of this code:

2 "English" means and includes spoken English, written English, or English with the use of
3 visual supplements;

4 "Language developmental milestones" means milestones of development aligned with the
5 existing state instrument used to meet the requirements of federal law for the assessment of
6 children from birth to five years of age, inclusive; and

7 "Language" includes American Sign Language (ASL) and English.

8 (b) For the purposes of developing and using language for a child who is deaf or hard-of-
9 hearing, the following modes of communication may be used as a means for acquiring language:
10 American Sign Language (ASL) services, spoken language services, dual language services,
11 cued speech and tactile, or a combination thereof.

12 (c) This section shall apply only to children from birth to five years of age, inclusive.

13 (d) Implementation of this code is subject to an appropriation by the legislature.

14 (e) Federal regulations for children age birth through two do not require reporting of
15 measures specific to language and literacy. However, this data is reported for children age three to
16 five and the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health and
17 the West Virginia Department of Education shall make this report available to the advisory
18 committee, and available to others upon request.

19 (f) The ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health
20 and the West Virginia Department of Education through their agencies that serve children ages
21 birth to five and their families shall jointly select language developmental milestones from existing
22 standardized norms, to develop a family resource for use by families, providers, early
23 interventionists, speech pathologists, educators, and other service providers to understand and
24 monitor deaf and hard-of-hearing children's receptive and expressive language acquisition and
25 progress toward English literacy development. This family resource shall include:

26 (1) Language that provides comprehensive and neutral, unbiased information regarding
27 different modes used to learn and access language (e.g., English, American Sign Language
28 (ASL), or both) and services and programs designed to meet the needs of children who are deaf or
29 hard-of-hearing;

30 (2) Language developmental milestones selected pursuant to the process specified in this
31 section;

32 (3) Language appropriate for use, in both content and administration, with deaf and hard-
33 of-hearing children from birth to five years of age, inclusive, who use both or one of the languages
34 of American Sign Language (ASL) or English;

35 (4) Developmental milestones in terms of typical development of all children, by age range;

36 (5) Language written for clarity and ease of use by families;

37 (6) Language that is aligned with the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human~~
38 ~~Resources' Department of Health~~ and the West Virginia Department of Education's existing infant,
39 toddler, and preschool guidelines, the existing instrument used to assess the development of
40 children with disabilities pursuant to federal law, and state standards in language and literacy;

41 (7) Clarification that the parent(s) have the right to select which language (American Sign
42 Language (ASL), English, or both) for their child's language(s) acquisition and developmental
43 milestones;

44 (8) Clarification that the family resource is not a formal assessment of language and
45 literacy development, and that a family's observations of their children may differ from formal
46 assessment data presented at an individualized family service plan (IFSP) or individual education
47 program (IEP) meeting; and

48 (9) Clarification that the family resource may be used during an individualized family
49 service plan (IFSP) or individual education program (IEP) meeting for purposes of sharing the
50 family's observations about their child's development.

51 (g) The ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health
52 and the West Virginia Department of Education shall also prepare a list of valid and reliable
53 existing tools or assessments for providers, early interventionists, speech pathologists, educators,
54 and other service providers that can be used periodically to determine the receptive and

55 expressive language and literacy development of deaf and hard-of-hearing children. These
56 educator tools and assessments:

57 (1) Shall be in a format that shows stages of language development;

58 (2) Shall be used by providers, early interventionists, speech pathologists, educators, and
59 other service providers to determine the progressing development of deaf and hard-of-hearing
60 children's receptive and expressive language acquisition and developmental stages toward
61 English literacy;

62 (3) Shall be selected from existing instruments or assessments used to assess the
63 development of all deaf and hard-of-hearing children from birth to five years of age, inclusive;

64 (4) Shall be appropriate, in both content and administration, for use with children who are
65 deaf and hard-of-hearing;

66 (5) May be used, in addition to the assessment required by federal law, by the
67 individualized family service plan (IFSP) team and individual education program (IEP) team, as
68 applicable, to track deaf and hard-of-hearing children's progress, and to establish or modify
69 individualized family service plans (IFSPs) and individual education programs (IEPs); and

70 (6) May reflect the recommendations of the advisory committee established pursuant to
71 §16-1-20(e) of this code.

72 (h) To promote the intent of this code, the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human~~
73 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health and the West Virginia Department of Education shall:

74 (1) Disseminate the family resource developed to families of deaf and hard-of-hearing
75 children, as well as providers, early interventionists, speech pathologists, educators, and related
76 service personnel; and

77 (2) Disseminate the educator tools and assessments selected to local educational
78 agencies for use in the development and modification of individualized family service plans
79 (IFSPs) and individual education programs (IEPs);

80 (3) Provide informational materials on the use of the resources, tools, and assessments to
81 assist deaf and hard-of-hearing children in becoming linguistically ready for formal school entry
82 (either itinerant services, West Virginia Universal PreK/PreK Special Needs, or Kindergarten)
83 using the mode(s) of communication and language(s) chosen by the parents.

84 (i) If a deaf or hard-of-hearing child does not demonstrate progress in receptive and
85 expressive language skills, as measured by one of the educator tools or assessments, or by the
86 existing instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal
87 law, as applicable, the child's individualized family service plan (IFSP) team and individual
88 education program (IEP) team shall, as part of the process required by federal law, explain in detail
89 the reasons why the child is not meeting the language developmental milestones or progressing
90 towards them, and shall recommend specific strategies, services, and programs that shall be
91 provided to assist the child's success toward English literacy development.

92 (j) ~~The West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health
93 and the West Virginia Department of Education shall establish an advisory committee to solicit
94 input from stakeholders identified herein on the selection of language developmental milestones
95 for children who are deaf or hard-of-hearing that are equivalent to those for children who are not
96 deaf or hard-of-hearing, for inclusion in the family resource developed pursuant to this section.

97 (k) The advisory committee shall be comprised of volunteer individuals representing all
98 known modes of communication, specifically including the following:

99 (1) One parent of a child who is hard-of-hearing who uses the dual languages of American
100 Sign Language (ASL) and English;

101 (2) One parent of a child who is deaf or hard-of-hearing who uses assistive technology to
102 communicate with spoken English;

103 (3) Two or three credentialed providers, early interventionists, speech pathologists,
104 educators, or other service providers of deaf or hard-of-hearing children who are knowledgeable in
105 the use of the dual languages of English and American Sign Language (ASL);

106 (4) Two or three credentialed providers, early interventionists, speech pathologists,
107 educators, or other service provider of deaf or hard-of-hearing children who are knowledgeable in
108 the use of assistive technology to communicate with spoken English;

109 (5) One expert who researches or is knowledgeable in the research regarding language
110 outcomes for deaf and hard-of-hearing children using American Sign Language (ASL) or English;

111 (6) One expert who researches or is knowledgeable in the research regarding language
112 outcomes for deaf and hard-of-hearing children using assistive technology to communicate with
113 spoken English;

114 (7) One credentialed educator of deaf and hard-of-hearing children whose expertise is in
115 curriculum and instruction in American Sign Language (ASL) and English;

116 (8) One credentialed educator of deaf and hard-of-hearing children whose expertise is in
117 curriculum and instruction in assistive technology to communicate with spoken English;

118 (9) One advocate for the teaching and use of the dual languages of American Sign
119 Language (ASL) and English;

120 (10) One advocate for the teaching and use of instruction in assistive technology to
121 communicate with spoken English; and,

122 (11) One educational audiologist who can address the issues of aural habilitation and
123 assistive technology to advocate for children using spoken language in mainstream environments.

124 (l) The advisory committee may also advise the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and~~
125 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health and the West Virginia Department of Education on the
126 content and administration of the existing instrument used to assess the development of children
127 with disabilities pursuant to federal law, as used to assess deaf and hard-of-hearing children's
128 language and literacy development to ensure the appropriate use of that instrument with those
129 children, and make recommendations regarding future research to improve the measurement of
130 progress of deaf and hard-of-hearing children in language and literacy.

131 (m) The ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health
132 and the West Virginia Department of Education shall provide the advisory committee with a list of
133 existing language developmental milestones from existing standardized norms, along with any
134 relevant information held by the departments regarding those language developmental milestones
135 for possible inclusion in the family resource developed pursuant to this section.

136 (n) After reviewing, the advisory committee shall recommend to the ~~West Virginia~~
137 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health and the West Virginia
138 Department of Education language developmental milestones for selection.

139 (o) Commencing on or before July 31, 2021, and on or before each July 31 thereafter, the
140 West Virginia Department of Education shall annually produce an aggregated report, using
141 existing data reported in compliance with the federally required state performance plan on children
142 with disabilities, that is specific to language and literacy development of children whose primary
143 exceptionality is deaf and hard-of-hearing from birth to five years of age, inclusive, including those
144 who are deaf or hard-of-hearing and have other disabilities, relative to their peers who are not deaf
145 or hard-of-hearing. The departments shall make this report available to the advisory committee,
146 the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability, the Legislative Oversight
147 Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability, and available to others upon
148 request.

149 (p) All activities of the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~
150 Department of Health and the West Virginia Department of Education in implementing this code
151 shall be consistent with federal law regarding the education of children with disabilities and federal
152 law regarding the privacy of student information.

ARTICLE 1A. UNIFORM CREDENTIALING FOR HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS.

§16-1A-1. Legislative findings; purpose.

1 (a) The Legislature finds:

2 (1) Credentialing, required by hospitals, insurance companies, prepaid health plans, third
3 party administrators, provider networks and other health care entities, is necessary to assess and

4 verify the education, training and experience of health care practitioners to ensure that qualified
5 professionals treat the citizens of this state.

6 (2) Although uniform credentialing and recredentialing application forms have been
7 created to reduce duplication and increase efficiency, each credentialing entity continues to
8 perform primary source verification for the practitioners who apply to that entity for affiliation.
9 Moreover, because credentialing entities do not follow a common calendar, practitioners are
10 required to respond to requests throughout the year from various credentialing entities seeking
11 essentially similar information. This duplication of primary source verification is time consuming
12 and costly.

13 (3) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
14 Human Services and the Insurance Commissioner share regulatory authority over the entities
15 requiring credentialing.

16 (b) The purpose of this article is to continue the advisory committee previously established
17 to assist in developing a uniform credentialing process through the development of legislative
18 rules to govern how a single credentialing verification organization will operate in this state and,
19 except with respect to health care facilities, the establishment of a common credentialing calendar.

§16-1A-2. Development of uniform credentialing application forms and the credentialing process.

1 Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the Secretary of the ~~Department~~
2 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the Insurance
3 Commissioner shall jointly propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions
4 of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code governing the development and use of uniform
5 application forms for credentialing, recredentialing or updating information of health care
6 practitioners required to use the forms and the improvement of the credentialing process, including
7 creation of a credentialing verification organization and a uniform recredentialing calendar.

§16-1A-3. Definitions.

1 For the purposes of this article, the following definitions apply:

2 (a) "Credentialing" means the process used to assess and validate the qualifications of a
3 health care practitioner, including, but not limited to, an evaluation of licensure status, education,
4 training, experience, competence and professional judgment.

5 (b) "Credentialing entity" means any health care facility, as that term is defined in
6 subsection (j), section two, article two-d of this chapter, or payor or network that requires
7 credentialing of health care practitioners.

8 (c) "Credentialing Verification Organization" means an entity that performs primary source
9 verification of a health care practitioner's training, education, experience; "statewide credentialing
10 verification organization" means the credentialing verification organization selected pursuant to
11 the provisions of section five of this article.

12 (d) "Health care practitioner" or "practitioner" means a person required to be credentialed
13 using the uniform forms set forth in the rule promulgated pursuant to the authority granted in
14 section two, article one-a of this chapter.

15 (e) "Insurance Commissioner" or "Commissioner" means the Insurance Commissioner of
16 the State of West Virginia as set forth in article two, chapter thirty-three of this code.

17 (f) "Joint Commission" formerly known as the Joint Commission on Accreditation of
18 Healthcare Organizations or JCAHO, is a private sector, United States-based, not-for-profit
19 organization that operates voluntary accreditation programs for hospitals and other health care
20 organizations.

21 (g) "National Committee for Quality Assurance" or "NCQA" is a private, 501(c)(3) not-for-
22 profit organization that evaluates and certifies credentialing verification organizations.

23 (h) "Network" means an organization that represents or contracts with a defined set of
24 health care practitioners under contract to provide health care services to a payor's enrollees.

25 (i) "Payor" means a third party administrator as defined in section two, article forty-six ,
26 chapter thirty-three of this code and including third party administrators that are required to be

27 registered pursuant to section thirteen, article forty-six, chapter thirty-three of this code, any
28 insurance company, health maintenance organization, health care corporation or any other entity
29 required to be licensed under chapter thirty-three of this code and that, in return for premiums paid
30 by or on behalf of enrollees, indemnifies such enrollees or reimburses health care practitioners for
31 medical or other services provided to enrollees by health care practitioners.

32 (j) "Primary source verification procedure" means the procedure used by a credentialing
33 verification organization to, in accordance with national committee for quality assurance
34 standards, collect, verify and maintain the accuracy of documents and other credentialing
35 information submitted in connection with a health care practitioner's application to be credentialed.

36 (k) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human~~
37 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services, as set forth in chapter sixteen, article one of this code.

38 (l) "Uniform application form" or "uniform form" means the blank uniform credentialing or
39 recredentialing form developed and set forth in a joint procedural rule promulgated pursuant to
40 section two of this article.

§16-1A-4. Advisory committee.

1 (a) The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ and the Insurance
2 Commissioner shall jointly establish an advisory committee to assist them in the development and
3 implementation of the uniform credentialing process in this state. The advisory committee shall
4 consist of fourteen appointed members. Six members shall be appointed by the secretary of the
5 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~: One member shall represent a hospital with one
6 hundred beds or less; one member shall represent a hospital with more than one hundred beds;
7 one member shall represent another type of health care facility requiring credentialing; one
8 member shall be a person currently credentialing on behalf of health care practitioners; and two of
9 the members shall represent the health care practitioners subject to credentialing. Five members
10 shall be representative of the entities regulated by the Insurance Commissioner that require
11 credentialing and shall be appointed by the Insurance Commissioner: One member shall

12 represent an indemnity health care insurer; one member shall represent a preferred provider
13 organization; one member shall represent a third party administrator; one member shall represent
14 a health maintenance organization accredited by URAC; and one member shall represent a health
15 maintenance organization accredited by the national committee on quality assurance. The
16 ~~secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ and the Insurance Commissioner,
17 or the designee of either or both, shall be nonvoting ex officio members. Upon the effective date of
18 this legislation, the state hospital association, the state association of licensing boards and state
19 medical association shall each designate to the department one person to represent their
20 respective associations and members and those designees shall be appointed to the advisory
21 committee by the secretary. ~~of the department.~~

22 (b) At the expiration of the initial terms, successors will be appointed to terms of three
23 years. Members may serve an unlimited number of terms. When a vacancy occurs as a result of
24 the expiration of a term or otherwise, a successor of like qualifications shall be appointed.
25 Representatives of the hospital association, the association of licensing boards and the state
26 medical association shall serve for three-year terms.

27 (c) The advisory committee shall meet at least annually to review the status of uniform
28 credentialing in this state, and may make further recommendations to the secretary ~~of the~~
29 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ and the Insurance Commissioner as are necessary
30 to carry out the purposes of this article. Any uniform forms and the list of health care practitioners
31 required to use the uniform forms as set forth in legislative rule proposed pursuant to section two of
32 this article may be amended as needed by procedural rule.

ARTICLE 1C. HEALTH CARE PROVIDER TRANSPARENCY ACT.

§16-1C-1. Definitions.

1 (a)"Direct patient care" means health care that provides for the physical, diagnostic,
2 emotional or rehabilitation needs of a patient or health care that involves examination, treatment or
3 preparation for diagnostic tests or procedures.

4 (b) "Employee" means an employee or contractor of a health care provider or a person who
5 is granted privileges by a health care provider who delivers direct patient care.

6 (c) "Health care provider" means an individual, partnership, corporation, facility, hospital or
7 institution licensed or certified or authorized by law to provide professional health care service in
8 this state to a patient during that patient's medical, remedial or behavioral health care, treatment or
9 confinement.

10 (d) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human~~
11 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health. The secretary may define in rules any term or phrase used in
12 this article which is not expressly defined.

§16-1C-4. Rules.

1 The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~, in consultation with
2 appropriate health care provider professional licensing boards, shall propose rules for legislative
3 approval in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the
4 provisions of this article. These rules shall include, at a minimum:

5 (1) The contents of the identification badge, which shall at least include the name of the
6 employee and title of the employee;

7 (2) The title to be used to identify employee licensure information;

8 (3) The appearance of the identification badge, which shall have the title of the employee
9 as large as possible in block type: *Provided*, That health care facilities providing identification
10 badges prior to enactment of this article shall not be required to issue new badges;

11 (4) The process and procedure for seeking an exemption from the requirements of this
12 article; and

13 (5) Such other rules as may be deemed necessary to effectuate the purposes of this
14 article.

ARTICLE 2. LOCAL BOARDS OF HEALTH.

§16-2-2. Definitions.

1 Unless the context used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:

2 "Appointing authority" means the county commission or municipality, or combination
3 thereof, that authorized the creation or combination of the local board of health, in whatever form it
4 presently exists;

5 "Basic public health services" means those services that are necessary to protect the
6 health of the public and that a local board of health must provide;

7 "Bureau" means the Bureau for Public Health; ~~in the Department of Health and Human~~
8 ~~Resources~~

9 "Clinical and categorical programs" means those services provided to individuals of
10 specified populations and usually focus on health promotion or disease prevention. These
11 services are not considered comprehensive health care but focus on specific health issues such
12 as breast and cervical cancer, prenatal and pediatric health services, and home health services;

13 "Combined local board of health" is one form of organization for a local board of health and
14 means a board of health serving any two or more counties or any county or counties and one or
15 more municipalities within or partially within the county or counties;

16 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health, who is the state
17 health officer;

18 "Communicable and reportable disease prevention and control" means disease
19 surveillance, case investigation and follow-up, outbreak investigation, response to epidemics, and
20 prevention and control of communicable and reportable diseases;

21 "Community health promotion" mean assessing and reporting community health needs to
22 improve health status, facilitating community partnerships including identifying the community's

23 priority health needs, mobilization of a community around identified priorities, and monitoring the
24 progress of community health education services;

25 "County board of health" is one form of organization for a local board of health and means a
26 local board of health serving a single county;

27 "Department" means the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~;

28 "Enforcement activity" means the implementation or enforcement of applicable state rules,
29 local rules, and local health department rules;

30 "Enhanced public health services" means services that focus on health promotion
31 activities to address a major health problem in a community, are targeted to a particular population
32 and assist individuals in this population to access the health care system;

33 "Environmental health protection" means efforts to protect the community from
34 environmental health risks including, inspection of housing, institutions, recreational facilities,
35 sewage, and wastewater facilities; inspection and sampling of drinking water facilities; and
36 response to disease outbreaks or disasters;

37 "Guidance" means providing advice to a person, the public, a business, school board, or
38 governmental entity regarding a public health issue or matter. Guidance is not a health order;

39 "Health order" means an order issued by the local health officer or local health board to
40 protect the public health of the citizens by directing an individual or a discreet group of individuals
41 to take a specific action to protect the health of the public or stop the spread of a communicable
42 disease;

43 "Imminent public health emergency" means any immediate acute threat, hazard, or danger
44 to the health of the population of the jurisdiction, whether specific or general, whether or not
45 officially declared;

46 "Local board of health", "local board", or "board" means a board of health serving one or
47 more counties or one or more municipalities or a combination thereof;

48 "Local health department" means the staff of the local board of health;

49 "Local health department rule" means a rule issued by the local board of health that has
50 been approved by the appointing authority or was adopted prior to March 4, 2021, or a rule issued
51 by the local board of health that may immediately go into effect because of an imminent public
52 health emergency under §16-2-1(b)(3)(H) of this code;

53 "Local health officer" means the individual physician with a current West Virginia license to
54 practice medicine or a licensed advanced practice registered nurse that has the ability to
55 independently practice who supervises and directs the activities of the local health department
56 services, staff and facilities and is appointed by the local board of health;

57 "Local rule" means an order adopted by a county commission or an ordinance adopted by
58 a city that properly directs the local health department to implement or enforce the order or
59 ordinance;

60 "Municipal board of health" is one form of organization for a local board of health and
61 means a board of health serving a single municipality;

62 "Performance-based standards" means generally accepted, objective standards such as
63 rules or guidelines against which a local health department's level of performance can be
64 measured;

65 "Primary care services" means health care services, including medical care, that
66 emphasize first contact patient care and assume overall and ongoing responsibility for the patient
67 in health maintenance and treatment of disease. Primary care services are services that local
68 boards of health may offer if the board has determined that an unmet need for primary care
69 services exists in its service area. Basic public health services funding may not be used to support
70 these services;

71 "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Health; ~~and Human Resources;~~

72 "Service area" means the territorial jurisdiction of the local board of health; and

73 "State Rule" means a state statute, legislative rule promulgated by a state agency, or an
74 order of the secretary relating to public health that is to be enforced by a local health department.

ARTICLE 2B. FAMILY PLANNING AND CHILD SPACING.

§16-2B-1. Family planning and child spacing; authorized functions; funds.

1 (a) The Bureau for Public Health may provide printed material, guidance, advice, financial
2 assistance, appliances, devices, drugs, approved methods, and medicines to local boards of
3 health and other entities requesting the same for use in the operation of family planning and child
4 spacing clinics to the extent of funds appropriated by the Legislature and any federal funds made
5 available for such purpose.

6 (b) The Bureau for Medical Services shall not require multiple office visits or prior
7 authorization for a woman who selects long-acting reversible contraceptive (LARC) methods
8 unless medically necessary. The bureau shall provide payment for LARC devices and their
9 insertion, maintenance, removal, and replacement. The Bureau for Medical Services shall update
10 the managed care contract to include language that the contracted managed care company may
11 not present barriers that delay or prevent access, such as prior authorizations or step-therapy
12 failure requirements; and should receive patient-centered education and counseling on all FDA-
13 approved birth control methods.

14 (c) The Bureau for Public Health may make LARC products available in practitioner offices
15 without upfront practitioner costs.

16 (d) The Bureau for Public Health shall develop a statewide plan with the goal of reducing
17 exposure of a fetus to illicit substances by increasing the number of clients served and enabling
18 access to LARC and other family planning methods. The plan shall include strategies for
19 increasing LARC accessibility and training of health care providers, and shall provide a fiscal
20 analysis of plan implementation and potential impact.

21 (e) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health shall report
22 annually to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human Resources
23 Accountability. The report shall include, at a minimum, the number of LARC treatments provided

24 and the number of children born with intrauterine substance exposure and neonatal abstinence
25 syndrome in West Virginia during the past three years.

**§16-2B-2. Local boards of health authorized to establish clinics; supervision; purposes;
abortion not approved; approval by state board of programs.**

1 A local board of health, created and maintained pursuant to the provisions of article two or
2 article two-a of this chapter, is authorized to establish and operate within its jurisdiction, one or
3 more family planning and child spacing clinics under the supervision of a licensed physician for the
4 purpose of disseminating information, conducting medical examinations and distributing family
5 planning and child spacing appliances, devices, drugs, approved methods and medication without
6 charge to indigent and medically indigent persons on request and with the approval of said
7 licensed physician. Such information, appliances, devices, drugs, approved methods and
8 medication shall be dispensed only in accordance with the recipients' expressed wishes and
9 beliefs and in accordance with all state and federal laws for the dispensing of legend drugs:
10 *Provided*, That the procedure of abortion shall not be considered an approved method of family
11 planning and child spacing within the intent of this section and is expressly excluded from the
12 programs herein authorized. All local boards of health receiving state or federal funds for family
13 planning or child spacing programs shall first receive approval by the ~~state board of health~~ Bureau
14 for _____ Public _____ Health.

**§16-2B-3. State and local health and welfare agency employees to advise indigent and
medically indigent of availability of services; compulsory acceptance of services
prohibited; acceptance not condition to receiving other services and benefits.**

1 The ~~state director of health, and commissioner of the department of welfare~~ Secretary of
2 Health and the Secretary of Human Services are directed to instruct their employees who work
3 with the indigent and medically indigent to advise such indigent persons of the availability of the
4 family planning and child spacing services offered by the state and local health departments:
5 *Provided, however*, That no employee of the State of West Virginia or any employee of its

6 agencies or of its political subdivisions, including but not limited to local health, or welfare agencies
7 may compel any individual or family, either directly or indirectly, to accept or practice family
8 planning, or any particular family planning method as a condition for receiving other public
9 services or governmental benefits in any form nor shall any such employee or person represent to
10 any individual or family, either directly or indirectly, that the acceptance or practice of family
11 planning is a condition for receiving any public services or governmental benefits. Any violation of
12 this section shall be grounds for dismissal or other appropriate disciplinary action.

ARTICLE 2D. CERTIFICATE OF NEED.

§16-2D-2.

Definitions.

1 As used in this article:
2 (1) "Affected person" means:
3 (A) The applicant;
4 (B) An agency or organization representing consumers;
5 (C) An individual residing within the geographic area but within this state served or to be
6 served by the applicant;
7 (D) An individual who regularly uses the health care facilities within that geographic area;
8 (E) A health care facility located within this state which provide services similar to the
9 services of the facility under review and which will be significantly affected by the proposed project;
10 (F) A health care facility located within this state which, before receipt by the authority of
11 the proposal being reviewed, has formally indicated an intention to provide similar services within
12 this state in the future;
13 (G) Third-party payors who reimburse health care facilities within this state; or
14 (H) An organization representing health care providers;
15 (2) "Ambulatory health care facility" means a facility that provides health services to
16 noninstitutionalized and nonhomebound persons on an outpatient basis;

17 (3) "Ambulatory surgical facility" means a facility not physically attached to a health care
18 facility that provides surgical treatment to patients not requiring hospitalization;

19 (4) "Applicant" means a person applying for a certificate of need, exemption or
20 determination of review;

21 (5) "Authority" means the West Virginia Health Care Authority as provided in §16-29B-1 *et*
22 *seq.* of this code;

23 (6) "Bed capacity" means the number of beds licensed to a health care facility or the
24 number of adult and pediatric beds permanently staffed and maintained for immediate use by
25 inpatients in patient rooms or wards in an unlicensed facility;

26 (7) "Behavioral health services" means services provided for the care and treatment of
27 persons with mental illness or developmental disabilities;

28 (8) "Birthing center" means a short-stay ambulatory health care facility designed for low-
29 risk births following normal uncomplicated pregnancy;

30 (9) "Campus" means the physical area immediately adjacent to the hospital's main
31 buildings, other areas, and structures that are not strictly contiguous to the main buildings, but are
32 located within 250 yards of the main buildings;

33 (10) "Capital expenditure" means:

34 (A) (i) An expenditure made by or on behalf of a health care facility, which:

35 (I) Under generally accepted accounting principles is not properly chargeable as an
36 expense of operation and maintenance; or

37 (II) Is made to obtain either by lease or comparable arrangement any facility or part thereof
38 or any equipment for a facility or part; and

39 (ii) (I) Exceeds the expenditure minimum;

40 (II) Is a substantial change to the bed capacity of the facility with respect to which the
41 expenditure is made; or

42 (III) Is a substantial change to the services of such facility;

43 (B) The transfer of equipment or facilities for less than fair market value if the transfer of the
44 equipment or facilities at fair market value would be subject to review; or

45 (C) A series of expenditures, if the sum total exceeds the expenditure minimum and if
46 determined by the authority to be a single capital expenditure subject to review. In making this
47 determination, the authority shall consider: Whether the expenditures are for components of a
48 system which is required to accomplish a single purpose; or whether the expenditures are to be
49 made within a two-year period within a single department such that they will constitute a significant
50 modernization of the department.

51 (11) "Charges" means the economic value established for accounting purposes of the
52 goods and services a hospital provides for all classes of purchasers;

53 (12) "Community mental health and intellectual disability facility" means a facility which
54 provides comprehensive services and continuity of care as emergency, outpatient, partial
55 hospitalization, inpatient or consultation and education for individuals with mental illness,
56 intellectual disability;

57 (13) "Diagnostic imaging" means the use of radiology, ultrasound, and mammography;

58 (14) "Drug and Alcohol Rehabilitation Services" means a medically or
59 psychotherapeutically supervised process for assisting individuals through the processes of
60 withdrawal from dependency on psychoactive substances;

61 (15) "Expenditure minimum" means the cost of acquisition, improvement, expansion of any
62 facility, equipment, or services including the cost of any studies, surveys, designs, plans, working
63 drawings, specifications and other activities, including staff effort and consulting at and above \$
64 \$100 million;

65 (16) "Health care facility" means a publicly or privately owned facility, agency or entity that
66 offers or provides health services, whether a for-profit or nonprofit entity and whether or not
67 licensed, or required to be licensed, in whole or in part;

68 (17) "Health care provider" means a person authorized by law to provide professional
69 health services in this state to an individual;

70 (18) "Health services" means clinically related preventive, diagnostic, treatment or
71 rehabilitative services;

72 (19) "Home health agency" means an organization primarily engaged in providing
73 professional nursing services either directly or through contract arrangements and at least one of
74 the following services:

75 (A) Home health aide services;

76 (B) Physical therapy;

77 (C) Speech therapy;

78 (D) Occupational therapy;

79 (E) Nutritional services; or

80 (F) Medical social services to persons in their place of residence on a part-time or
81 intermittent basis.

82 (20) "Hospice" means a coordinated program of home and inpatient care provided directly
83 or through an agreement under the direction of a licensed hospice program which provides
84 palliative and supportive medical and other health services to terminally ill individuals and their
85 families.

86 (21) "Hospital" means a facility licensed pursuant to the provisions of §16-5B-1 *et seq.* of
87 this code and any acute care facility operated by the state government, that primarily provides
88 inpatient diagnostic, treatment or rehabilitative services to injured, disabled, or sick persons under
89 the supervision of physicians.

90 (22) "Hospital services" means services provided primarily to an inpatient to include, but
91 not be limited to, preventative, diagnostic, treatment, or rehabilitative services provided in various
92 departments on a hospital's campus;

93 (23) "Intermediate care facility" means an institution that provides health-related services
94 to individuals with conditions that require services above the level of room and board, but do not
95 require the degree of services provided in a hospital or skilled-nursing facility.

96 (24) "Inpatient" means a patient whose medical condition, safety, or health would be
97 significantly threatened if his or her care was provided in a less intense setting than a hospital. This
98 patient stays in the hospital overnight.

99 (25) "Like equipment" means medical equipment in which functional and technological
100 capabilities are similar to the equipment being replaced; and the replacement equipment is to be
101 used for the same or similar diagnostic, therapeutic, or treatment purposes as currently in use; and
102 it does not constitute a substantial change in health service or a proposed health service.

103 (26) "Major medical equipment" means a single unit of medical equipment or a single
104 system of components with related functions which is used for the provision of medical and other
105 health services and costs in excess of the expenditure minimum. This term does not include
106 medical equipment acquired by or on behalf of a clinical laboratory to provide clinical laboratory
107 services if the clinical laboratory is independent of a physician's office and a hospital and it has
108 been determined under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act to meet the requirements of
109 paragraphs ten and eleven, Section 1861(s) of such act, Title 42 U.S.C. § 1395x. In determining
110 whether medical equipment is major medical equipment, the cost of studies, surveys, designs,
111 plans, working drawings, specifications and other activities essential to the acquisition of such
112 equipment shall be included. If the equipment is acquired for less than fair market value, the term
113 "cost" includes the fair market value.

114 (27) "Medically underserved population" means the population of an area designated by
115 the authority as having a shortage of a specific health service.

116 (28) "Nonhealth-related project" means a capital expenditure for the benefit of patients,
117 visitors, staff or employees of a health care facility and not directly related to health services
118 offered by the health care facility.

119 (29) "Offer" means the health care facility holds itself out as capable of providing, or as
120 having the means to provide, specified health services.

121 (30) "Opioid treatment program" means as that term is defined in §16-5Y-1 *et seq.* of this
122 code.

123 (31)"Person" means an individual, trust, estate, partnership, limited liability corporation,
124 committee, corporation, governing body, association and other organizations such as joint-stock
125 companies and insurance companies, a state or a political subdivision or instrumentality thereof or
126 any legal entity recognized by the state.

127 (32) "Personal care agency" means an entity that provides personal care services
128 approved by the Bureau of Medical Services.

129 (33) "Personal care services" means personal hygiene; dressing; feeding; nutrition;
130 environmental support and health-related tasks provided by a personal care agency.

131 (34) "Physician" means an individual who is licensed to practice allopathic medicine by the
132 Board of Medicine or licensed to practice osteopathic medicine by the Board of Osteopathic
133 Medicine.

134 (35) "Proposed health service" means any service as described in §16-2D-8 of this code.

135 (36) "Purchaser" means an individual who is directly or indirectly responsible for payment
136 of patient care services rendered by a health care provider, but does not include third-party payers.

137 (37) "Rates" means charges imposed by a health care facility for health services.

138 (38) "Records" means accounts, books and other data related to health service costs at
139 health care facilities subject to the provisions of this article which do not include privileged medical
140 information, individual personal data, confidential information, the disclosure of which is prohibited
141 by other provisions of this code and the laws enacted by the federal government, and information,
142 the disclosure of which would be an invasion of privacy.

143 (39) "Rehabilitation facility" means an inpatient facility licensed in West Virginia operated
144 for the primary purpose of assisting in the rehabilitation of disabled persons through an integrated
145 program of medical and other services.

146 (40) "Related organization" means an organization, whether publicly owned, nonprofit, tax-
147 exempt or for profit, related to a health care facility through common membership, governing
148 bodies, trustees, officers, stock ownership, family members, partners or limited partners,
149 including, but not limited to, subsidiaries, foundations, related corporations and joint ventures. For
150 the purposes of this subdivision "family members" means parents, children, brothers and sisters
151 whether by the whole or half blood, spouse, ancestors, and lineal descendants.

152 (41) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the West Virginia Department of Health; ~~and~~
153 ~~Human Resources~~

154 (42) "Skilled nursing facility" means an institution, or a distinct part of an institution, that
155 primarily provides inpatient skilled nursing care and related services, or rehabilitation services, to
156 injured, disabled or sick persons.

157 (43) "Standard" means a health service guideline developed by the authority and instituted
158 under §16-2D-6 of this code.

159 (44) "State health plan" means a document prepared by the authority that sets forth a
160 strategy for future health service needs in this state.

161 (45) "Substantial change to the bed capacity" of a health care facility means any change,
162 associated with a capital expenditure, that increases or decreases the bed capacity or relocates
163 beds from one physical facility or site to another, but does not include a change by which a health
164 care facility reassigns existing beds.

165 (46) "Substantial change to the health services" means:

166 (A) The addition of a health service offered by or on behalf of the health care facility which
167 was not offered by or on behalf of the facility within the 12-month period before the month in which
168 the service was first offered; or

169 (B) The termination of a health service offered by or on behalf of the facility but does not
170 include the termination of ambulance service, wellness centers or programs, adult day care or
171 respite care by acute care facilities.

172 (47) "Telehealth" means the use of electronic information and telecommunications
173 technologies to support long-distance clinical health care, patient and professional health-related
174 education, public health and health administration.

175 (48) "Third-party payor" means an individual, person, corporation or government entity
176 responsible for payment for patient care services rendered by health care providers.

177 (49) "To develop" means to undertake those activities which upon their completion will
178 result in the offer of a proposed health service or the incurring of a financial obligation in relation to
179 the offering of such a service.

**§16-2D-11. Exemptions from certificate of need which require the submission of
information to the authority.**

1 (a) To obtain an exemption under this section a person shall:

2 (1) File an exemption application; and

3 (2) Provide a statement detailing which exemption applies and the circumstances justifying
4 the exemption.

5 (b) Notwithstanding §16-2D-8 of this code and §16-2D-10 of this code and except as
6 provided in §16-2D-9 of this code, the Legislature finds that a need exists and these health
7 services are exempt from the certificate of need process:

8 (1) The acquisition and utilization of one computed tomography scanner with a purchase
9 price up to \$750,000 that is installed in a private office practice where at minimum 75 percent of the
10 scans are performed on the patients of the practice. The private office practice shall obtain and
11 maintain accreditation from the American College of Radiology prior to, and at all times during, the
12 offering of this service. The authority may at any time request from the private office practice
13 information relating to the number of patients who have been provided scans and proof of active

14 and continuous accreditation from the American College of Radiology. If a physician owns or
15 operates a private office practice in more than one location, this exemption shall only apply to the
16 physician's primary place of business and if a physician wants to expand the offering of this
17 service to include more than one computed tomography scanner, he or she shall be required to
18 obtain a certificate of need prior to expanding this service. All current certificates of need issued for
19 computed tomography services, with a required percentage threshold of scans to be performed on
20 patients of the practice in excess of 75 percent, shall be reduced to 75 percent: *Provided*, That
21 these limitations on the exemption for a private office practice with more than one location shall not
22 apply to a private office practice with more than 20 locations in the state on April 8, 2017.

23 (2) (A) A health care facility acquiring major medical equipment, adding health services or
24 obligating a capital expenditure to be used solely for research;

25 (B) To qualify for this exemption, the health care facility shall show that the acquisition,
26 offering, or obligation will not:

27 (i) Affect the charges of the facility for the provision of medical or other patient care
28 services other than the services which are included in the research;

29 (ii) Result in a substantial change to the bed capacity of the facility; or

30 (iii) Result in a substantial change to the health services of the facility.

31 (C) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "solely for research" includes patient care
32 provided on an occasional and irregular basis and not as part of a research program;

33 (3) The obligation of a capital expenditure to acquire, either by purchase, lease or
34 comparable arrangement, the real property, equipment or operations of a skilled nursing facility:

35 *Provided*, That a skilled nursing facility developed pursuant to subdivision (15) of this section and
36 subsequently acquired pursuant to this subdivision may not transfer or sell any of the skilled
37 nursing home beds of the acquired skilled nursing facility until the skilled nursing facility has been
38 in operation for at least 10 years.

39 (4) Shared health services between two or more hospitals licensed in West Virginia
40 providing health services made available through existing technology that can reasonably be
41 mobile. This exemption does not include providing mobile cardiac catheterization;

42 (5) The acquisition, development, or establishment of a certified interoperable electronic
43 health record or electronic medical record system;

44 (6) The addition of forensic beds in a health care facility;

45 (7) A behavioral health service selected by the Department of ~~Health and Human~~
46 ~~Resources~~ Services in response to its request for application for services intended to return
47 children currently placed in out-of-state facilities to the state or to prevent placement of children in
48 out-of-state facilities is not subject to a certificate of need;

49 (8) The replacement of major medical equipment with like equipment, only if the
50 replacement major medical equipment cost is more than the expenditure minimum;

51 (9) Renovations within a hospital, only if the renovation cost is more than the expenditure
52 minimum. The renovations may not expand the health care facility's current square footage, incur
53 a substantial change to the health services, or a substantial change to the bed capacity;

54 (10) Renovations to a skilled nursing facility;

55 (11) The donation of major medical equipment to replace like equipment for which a
56 certificate of need has been issued and the replacement does not result in a substantial change to
57 health services. This exemption does not include the donation of major medical equipment made
58 to a health care facility by a related organization;

59 (12) A person providing specialized foster care personal care services to one individual
60 and those services are delivered in the provider's home;

61 (13) A hospital converting the use of beds except a hospital may not convert a bed to a
62 skilled nursing home bed and conversion of beds may not result in a substantial change to health
63 services provided by the hospital;

64 (14) The construction, renovation, maintenance, or operation of a state-owned veterans
65 skilled nursing facilities established pursuant to the provisions of §16-1B-1 *et seq.* of this code;

66 (15) To develop and operate a skilled nursing facility with no more than 36 beds in a county
67 that currently is without a skilled nursing facility;

68 (16) A critical access hospital, designated by the state as a critical access hospital, after
69 meeting all federal eligibility criteria, previously licensed as a hospital and subsequently closed, if it
70 reopens within 10 years of its closure;

71 (17) The establishing of a health care facility or offering of health services for children under
72 one year of age suffering from Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome;

73 (18) The construction, development, acquisition, or other establishment of community
74 mental health and intellectual disability facility;

75 (19) Providing behavioral health facilities and services;

76 (20) The construction, development, acquisition, or other establishment of kidney disease
77 treatment centers, including freestanding hemodialysis units but only to a medically underserved
78 population;

79 (21) The transfer, purchase or sale of intermediate care or skilled nursing beds from a
80 skilled nursing facility or a skilled nursing unit of an acute care hospital to a skilled nursing facility
81 providing intermediate care and skilled nursing services. The Department of ~~Health and Human~~
82 ~~Resources~~ Service or the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification may not create a
83 policy which limits the transfer, purchase or sale of intermediate care or skilled nursing beds from a
84 skilled nursing facility or a skilled nursing unit of an acute care hospital. The transferred beds shall
85 retain the same certification status that existed at the nursing home or hospital skilled nursing unit
86 from which they were acquired. If construction is required to place the transferred beds into the
87 acquiring nursing home, the acquiring nursing home has one year from the date of purchase to
88 commence construction;

89 (22) The construction, development, acquisition, or other establishment by a health care
90 facility of a nonhealth related project, only if the nonhealth related project cost is more than the
91 expenditure minimum;

92 (23) The construction, development, acquisition, or other establishment of an alcohol or
93 drug treatment facility and drug and alcohol treatment services unless the construction,
94 development, acquisition, or other establishment is an opioid treatment facility or programs as set
95 forth in subdivision (4) of §16-2D-9 of this code;

96 (24) Assisted living facilities and services;

97 (25) The creation, construction, acquisition, or expansion of a community-based nonprofit
98 organization with a community board that provides or will provide primary care services to people
99 without regard to ability to pay and receives approval from the Health Resources and Services
100 Administration; and

101 (26) The acquisition and utilization of one computed tomography scanner and/or one
102 magnetic resonance imaging scanner with a purchase price of up to \$750,000 by a hospital.

ARTICLE 2H. PRIMARY CARE SUPPORT PROGRAM.

§16-2H-2. Primary Care Support Program.

1 (a) There is hereby created the Primary Care Support Program within the Bureau of Public
2 Health. ~~within the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ The program shall provide
3 technical and organizational assistance to community-based primary care services.

4 (b) The Primary Care Support Program shall create and administer a Primary Care Grant
5 Fund to grant money to federally qualified health centers and federally qualified health center look-
6 alikes, and secure federal medical assistance percentage funding. Federally qualified health
7 center look-alikes already receiving grant funding at the time this program is created shall continue
8 to receive grant funding annually. Upon approval by the secretary, ~~of the department,~~ federally
9 qualified health centers in need of immediate financial assistance may be granted funding

10 annually. All funds designated to federally qualified health centers may be transferred to Medicaid
11 for the purpose of securing federal medical assistance percentage funding.

12 Additionally, the secretary may use certain portions of funds within this account for
13 activities in support of rural and primary care. There is hereby created a special revenue fund in
14 the State Treasury to be known as the Primary Care Support Fund into which all appropriations,
15 payments, and interest to the fund created herein shall be deposited, to be held and disbursed
16 according to law.

17 (c) The Primary Care Support Program shall conduct and make available upon request an
18 annual primary care report which shall consist of total West Virginia Medicaid primary care
19 expenditures as a percentage of total West Virginia Medicaid expenditures.

20 (d) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health shall
21 promulgate rules in accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code to implement the provisions of
22 this article, and shall approve all loans, grants, and disbursements of money authorized by this
23 article.

**ARTICLE 3C. AIDS-RELATED MEDICAL TESTING AND RECORDS
CONFIDENTIALITY ACT.**

§16-3C-1. Definitions.

1 When used in this article:

2 (a) "AIDS" means acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.

3 (b) "Bureau" means the Bureau for Public Health.

4 (c) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health.

5 (d) "Convicted" includes pleas of guilty and pleas of nolo contendere accepted by the court
6 having jurisdiction of the criminal prosecution, a finding of guilty following a jury trial, or a trial to a
7 court and an adjudicated juvenile offender as defined in §49-1-202 of this code.

8 (e) "Department" means the ~~State Department of Health and Human Resources~~
9 Department of Health.

10 (f) "Funeral director" has the same meaning ascribed to that term in §30-6-3 of this code.

11 (g) "Funeral establishment" has the same meaning ascribed to that term in §30-6-3 of this
12 code.

13 (h) "HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus identified as the causative agent of
14 AIDS.

15 (i) "HIV-related test" means a test for the HIV antibody or antigen or any future valid test
16 approved by the bureau, the federal drug administration, or the Centers for Disease Control and
17 Prevention.

18 (j) "Health facility" means a hospital, nursing home, physician's office, clinic, blood bank,
19 blood center, sperm bank, laboratory, or other health care institution.

20 (k) "Health care provider" means any physician, dentist, nurse, paramedic, psychologist, or
21 other person providing medical, dental, nursing, psychological, or other health care services of
22 any kind.

23 (l) "Health Information Exchange" means the electronic movement of health-related
24 information in accord with law and nationally recognized standards.

25 (m) "High risk behavior" means behavior by a person including, but not limited to: (i)
26 Unprotected sex with a person who is living with HIV; (ii) unprotected sex in exchange for money or
27 drugs; (iii) unprotected sex with multiple partners; (iv) anonymous unprotected sex; (v) or needle
28 sharing; (vi) diagnosis of a sexually transmitted disease; or (vii) unprotected sex or sharing
29 injecting equipment in a high HIV prevalence setting or with a person who is living with HIV.

30 (n) "Medical or emergency responders" means paid or volunteer firefighters, law-
31 enforcement officers, emergency medical technicians, paramedics, or other emergency service
32 personnel, providers, or entities acting within the usual course of their duties; good samaritans and
33 other nonmedical and nonemergency personnel providing assistance in emergencies; funeral

34 directors; health care providers; the commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health; and all of their
35 employees and volunteers.

36 (o) "Patient" or "test subject" or "subject of the test" means the person upon whom an HIV
37 test is performed, or the person who has legal authority to make health care decisions for the test
38 subject.

39 (p) "Permitted purpose" is a disclosure permitted by the Health Insurance Portability and
40 Accountability Act of 1996 as amended, or a disclosure consented to or authorized by a patient or
41 test subject.

42 (q) "Person" includes any natural person, partnership, association, joint venture, trust,
43 public or private corporation, or health facility.

44 (r) "Release of test results" means a permitted or authorized disclosure of HIV-related test
45 results.

46 (s) "Significant exposure" means:

47 (1) Exposure to blood or body fluids through needlestick, instruments, sharps, surgery, or
48 traumatic events;

49 (2) Exposure of mucous membranes to visible blood or body fluids, to which universal
50 precautions apply according to the national Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and
51 laboratory specimens that contain HIV (e.g. suspensions of concentrated virus); or

52 (3) Exposure of skin to visible blood or body fluids, when the exposed skin is chapped,
53 abraded, or afflicted with dermatitis or the contact is prolonged or involving an extensive area.

54 (t) "Source patient" means any person whose body fluids have been the source of a
55 significant exposure to a medical or emergency responder.

56 (u) "Targeted testing" means performing an HIV-related test for sub-populations at higher
57 risk, typically defined on the basis of behavior, clinical, or demographic characteristics.

58 (v) "Victim" means the person or persons to whom transmission of bodily fluids from the
59 perpetrator of the crimes of sexual abuse, sexual assault, incest, or sexual molestation occurred or
60 was likely to have occurred in the commission of such crimes.

**ARTICLE 3D. TUBERCULOSIS TESTING, CONTROL, TREATMENT AND
COMMITMENT.**

§16-3D-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (1) "Active Tuberculosis" or "Tuberculosis" means a communicable disease caused by the
3 bacteria, *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, which is demonstrated by clinical, bacteriological,
4 radiographic or epidemiological evidence. An infected person whose tuberculosis has progressed
5 to active disease may experience symptoms such as coughing, fever, fatigue, loss of appetite and
6 weight loss and is capable of spreading the disease to others if the tuberculosis germs are active
7 in the lungs or throat.

8 (2) "Bureau" means the Bureau for Public Health; ~~in the Department of Health and Human~~
9 ~~Resources~~

10 (3) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health, who is the
11 state health officer;

12 (4) "Local board of health," "local board" or "board" means a board of health serving one or
13 more counties or one or more municipalities or a combination thereof;

14 (5) "Local health department" means the staff of the local board of health; and

15 (6) "Local health officer" means the individual physician with a current West Virginia
16 license to practice medicine who supervises and directs the activities of the local health
17 department services, staff and facilities and is appointed by the local board of health with approval
18 by the commissioner.

19 (7) "Tuberculosis suspect" means a person who is suspected of having tuberculosis
20 disease due to any or all of the following medical factors: the presence of symptoms, the result of a
21 positive skin test, risk factors for tuberculosis, or findings on an abnormal chest x ray, during the
22 time period when an active tuberculosis disease diagnosis is pending.

ARTICLE 4. SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES.

§16-4-1. Diseases designated as sexually transmitted.

1 Sexually transmitted diseases, as designated by the secretary of the ~~Department of~~
2 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health in rules proposed for legislative approval in
3 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, are hereby
4 declared to be infectious, contagious, communicable and dangerous to the public health. If a
5 conflict exists between a provision of this article and a provision of article three-c of this chapter,
6 the provision of article three-c prevails.

ARTICLE 4C. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ACT.

§16-4C-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:

2 (a) "Ambulance" means any privately or publicly-owned vehicle or aircraft which is
3 designed, constructed or modified; equipped or maintained; and operated for the transportation of
4 patients, including, but not limited to, emergency medical services vehicles; rotary and fixed wing
5 air ambulances; gsa kkk-A-1822 federal standard type I, type II and type III vehicles; and
6 specialized multipatient medical transport vehicles operated by an emergency medical services
7 agency;

8 (b) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health;

9 (c) "Council" means the Emergency Medical Service Advisory Council created pursuant to
10 this article;

11 (d) "Director" means the Director of the Office of Emergency Medical Service in the Bureau
12 for Public Health.

13 (e) "Emergency Medical Services" means all services which are set forth in Public Law 93-
14 154 "The Emergency Medical Services Systems Act of 1973" and those included in and made a
15 part of the emergency medical services plan of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
16 Department of Health inclusive of, but not limited to, responding to the medical needs of an
17 individual to prevent the loss of life or aggravation of illness or injury;

18 (f) "Emergency medical service agency" means any agency licensed under section six-a of
19 this article to provide emergency medical services;

20 (g) "Emergency medical service personnel" means any person certified by the
21 commissioner to provide emergency medical services as set forth by legislative rule;

22 (h) "Emergency medical service provider" means any authority, person, corporation,
23 partnership or other entity, public or private, which owns or operates a licensed emergency
24 medical services agency providing emergency medical service in this state;

25 (i) "Governing body" has the meanings ascribed to it as applied to a municipality in
26 subdivision (1), subsection (b), section two, article one, chapter eight of this code;

27 (j) "Line officer" means the emergency medical service personnel, present at the scene of
28 an accident, injury or illness, who has taken the responsibility for patient care;

29 (k) "Medical command" means the issuing of orders by a physician from a medical facility
30 to emergency medical service personnel for the purpose of providing appropriate patient care;

31 (l) "Municipality" has the meaning ascribed to it in subdivision (1), subsection (a), section
32 two, article one, chapter eight of this code;

33 (m) "Patient" means any person who is a recipient of the services provided by emergency
34 medical services;

35 (n) "Service reciprocity" means the provision of emergency medical services to citizens of
36 this state by emergency medical service personnel certified to render those services by a
37 neighboring state;

38 (o) "Small emergency medical service provider" means any emergency medical service
39 provider which is made up of less than twenty emergency medical service personnel; and

40 (p) "Specialized multipatient medical transport" means a type of ambulance transport
41 provided for patients with medical needs greater than those of the average population, which may
42 require the presence of a trained emergency medical technician during the transport of the patient:
43 *Provided*, That the requirement of "greater medical need" may not prohibit the transportation of a
44 patient whose need is preventive in nature.

**§16-4C-4. Office of Emergency Medical Services created; requiring appointment of a
Director of the Office of Emergency Medical Services; staffing.**

1 (a) There is hereby created ~~within state government~~ under the Commissioner of the
2 Bureau of Public Health an office to be known as the Office of Emergency Medical Services. A
3 Director of the Office of Emergency Medical Services shall be appointed by the Secretary of the
4 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health to manage the office in a
5 manner consistent with the purposes of this article. The director shall have experience in the
6 delivery and administration of emergency medical services and related pre-hospital care. The
7 director shall serve at the will and pleasure of the secretary and shall not be actively engaged or
8 employed in any other business, vocation, or employment, serving full time as the Director of the
9 Office of Emergency Medical Services.

10 (b) The commissioner may employ any technical, clerical, stenographic, and other
11 personnel as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this article. The personnel may be
12 paid from funds appropriated therefor or from other funds as may be made available for carrying
13 out the purposes of this article.

14 (c) The Office of Emergency Medical Services, as created by former §16-4D-4 of this code,
15 shall continue in existence as the Office of Emergency Medical Services established by this
16 section.

**§16-4C-24. Emergency Medical Services Equipment and Training Fund; establishment of
grant program for equipment and training of emergency medical service providers
and personnel.**

1 (a) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a special revenue fund to be known as
2 the Emergency Medical Services Equipment and Training Fund. Expenditures from the fund by
3 the Office of Emergency Medical Services and the Bureau for Public Health, ~~Department of Health~~
4 ~~and Human Resources~~ are authorized from collections. The fund may only be used for the
5 purpose of providing grants to equip emergency medical services providers and train emergency
6 medical services personnel, as defined in §16-4C-3 of this code. Any balance remaining in the
7 fund at the end of any fiscal year does not revert to the General Revenue Fund but remains in the
8 special revenue fund.

9 (b) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health shall establish a grant program for
10 equipment and training of emergency medical services providers and personnel. Such grant
11 program shall be open to all emergency medical services personnel and providers, but priority
12 shall be given to rural and volunteer emergency medical services providers.

13 (c) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health shall propose legislative rules for
14 promulgation in accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code to implement the grant program
15 established pursuant to this section.

ARTICLE 4D. AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS.

§16-4D-2. Definitions.

1 (a) "Anticipated operator" means any person trained in accordance with section three of
2 this article who utilizes an automated external defibrillator which was placed through an early
3 defibrillation program.

4 (b) "Automated external defibrillator", hereinafter referred to as AED, means a medical
5 device heart monitor and defibrillator that: (1) Has undergone the premarket approval process
6 pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. §360, as amended; (2) is
7 capable of recognizing the presence or absence of ventricular fibrillation; (3) is capable of
8 determining, without intervention by the operator, whether defibrillation should be performed; and
9 (4) upon determining that defibrillation should be performed, automatically charges and requests
10 delivery of an electrical impulse to an individual's heart.

11 (c) "Early defibrillation program" means a coordinated program that meets the
12 requirements of section three of this article and one that provides early public access to
13 defibrillation for individuals experiencing sudden cardiac arrest through the use of an automated
14 external defibrillator.

15 (d) "Emergency medical services (EMS)" means all services established by the
16 Emergency Medical Services Act of 1973 in article four-c of this chapter, including, but not limited
17 to, the emergency medical services plan of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
18 Department of Health providing a response to the medical needs of an individual to prevent the
19 loss of life or aggravation of illness or injury.

20 (e) "Entity" means a public or private group, organization, business, association or agency
21 that meets the requirements of section three of this article. "Entity" does not include emergency
22 medical services operational programs or licensed commercial ambulance services.

23 (f) "Medical director" means a duly licensed physician who serves as the designated
24 medical coordinator for an entity's early defibrillation program.

25 (g) "Unanticipated operator" means any person rendering emergency medical care
26 involving the use of an AED.

ARTICLE 4E. UNIFORM MATERNAL SCREENING ACT.

§16-4E-2. Establishment of an advisory council on maternal risk assessment.

1 (a) There is hereby created within the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources,~~
2 ~~Bureau for Public Health,~~ Office of Maternal, Child and Family Health ~~the~~ an advisory council on
3 maternal risk assessment to provide assistance in the development of a uniform maternal risk
4 screening tool.

5 (b) The office of ~~Maternal, Child and Family Health is charged with convening~~ shall
6 convene the advisory council at least annually and providing administrative and technical
7 assistance to the advisory council as needed. The members of the advisory council shall be
8 appointed by the Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health.

9 (c) The advisory council shall be comprised of:

- 10 (1) At least one private provider of maternity services;
11 (2) At least one public provider of maternity services;
12 (3) One representative from each of the state's three medical schools;
13 (4) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health or his or her designee;
14 (5) The Director of the Office of Maternal, Child and Family Health or his or her designee;
15 (6) At least one representative of a tertiary care center;
16 (7) At least one representative of a facility with a level I or II obstetrical unit;
17 (8) At least one certified nurse midwife;
18 (9) At least one allopathic or osteopathic physician who is a private provider of maternity
19 services at a facility with a level I or level II obstetrical unit.

§16-4E-4. Legislative rule-making authority.

1 The Department of Health and ~~Human Resources~~ shall propose rules for legislative
2 approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The
3 legislative rules shall include a uniform maternal risk screening tool to identify women at risk for a
4 preterm birth or other high-risk condition.

§16-4E-6. Confidentiality of screening tool.

1 (a) The uniform maternal screening tool shall be confidential and shall not be released or
2 disclosed to anyone, including any state or federal agency for any reason other than data analysis

3 of high-risk and at-risk pregnancies for planning purposes by public health officials: *Provided*, That
4 managed care organizations, with respect to their Medicaid or CHIP plans or contracts, which are
5 reviewed and approved by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources'~~ Bureau for Medical
6 Services, and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources'~~ Bureau for Medical Services may
7 be provided data from the screening tool regarding their own covered members. The contracted
8 managed care companies and the Bureau for Medical Services must maintain the confidentiality
9 of the data received.

10 (b) Proceedings, records, and opinions of the advisory council are confidential and are not
11 subject to discovery, subpoena, or introduction into evidence in any civil or criminal proceeding.
12 Nothing in this subsection is to be construed to limit or restrict the right to discover, or use in any
13 civil or criminal proceeding anything that is available from another source and entirely independent
14 of the proceedings of the advisory council.

15 (c) Members of the advisory council may not be questioned in any civil or criminal
16 proceeding regarding information presented in, or opinions formed as a result of, a meeting of the
17 panel. Nothing in this subsection may be construed to prevent a member of the advisory council
18 from testifying to information obtained independently of the panel or which is public information.

ARTICLE 4F. EXPEDITED PARTNER THERAPY.

§16-4F-1.

Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the
2 following meanings:

3 (1) "Department" means the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~

4 (2) "Expedited partner therapy" means prescribing, dispensing, furnishing or otherwise
5 providing prescription antibiotic drugs to the sexual partner or partners of a person clinically
6 diagnosed as infected with a sexually transmitted disease without physical examination of the
7 partner or partners.

8 (3) "Health care professional" means:

- 9 (A) An allopathic physician licensed pursuant to article three, chapter thirty of this code;
10 (B) An osteopathic physician licensed pursuant to article fourteen, chapter thirty of this
11 code;
12 (C) A physician assistant licensed pursuant to §30-3E-4 of this code;
13 (D) An advanced practice registered nurse authorized with prescriptive authority pursuant
14 to §03-7-15a of this code; or
15 (E) A pharmacist licensed pursuant to article five, chapter thirty of this code.
16 (4) "Sexually transmitted disease" means a disease that may be treated by expedited
17 partner therapy as determined by rule of the department.

§16-4F-5.

Rulemaking.

1 The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ shall propose rules for
2 legislative approval in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to
3 designate certain diseases as sexually transmitted diseases which may be treated by expedited
4 partner therapy. The department shall consider the recommendations and classifications of the
5 federal Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
6 and other nationally recognized medical authorities in making these designations.

ARTICLE 5. VITAL STATISTICS.

§16-5-1. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms have the
2 following meanings:

3 (1) "Bureau" means the Bureau for Public Health. ~~within the Department of Health and~~
4 ~~Human Resources~~

5 (2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health. ~~within the~~
6 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources.~~

7 (3) "Date of filing" means the date a vital record is accepted for registration by the section of
8 vital statistics of the state Bureau for Public Health.

9 (4) "Dead body" means a human body or parts of a human body or bones from the
10 condition of which it reasonably may be concluded that death occurred.

11 (5) "Department" means the Department of Health. ~~and Human Resources.~~

12 (6) "Deputy local registrar" means a person appointed by and working under the
13 supervision of a local registrar in the discharge of the vital statistics functions specified to be
14 performed in and for the county or other district of the local registrar.

15 (7) "Fetal death" means death prior to the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother
16 of a product of human conception, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy and which is not an
17 induced termination of pregnancy, such death being indicated by the fact that after such expulsion
18 or extraction the fetus does not breathe or show any other evidence of life such as beating of the
19 heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord or definite movement of voluntary muscles.

20 (8) "Filing" means the presentation and acceptance of a vital record or report provided in
21 this article for registration by the section of vital statistics of the state Bureau for Public Health.

22 (9) "Final disposition" means the burial, interment, cremation, removal from the state, or
23 other authorized disposition of a dead body or fetus.

24 (10) "Induced termination of pregnancy" means the purposeful interruption of an
25 intrauterine pregnancy with the intention other than to produce a live-born infant, and which does
26 not result in live birth. The definition excludes management of prolonged retention of products of
27 conception following fetal death.

28 (11) "Institution" means any establishment, public or private, which provides inpatient or
29 outpatient medical, surgical, or diagnostic care or treatment, or nursing, custodial or domiciliary
30 care to two or more unrelated individuals or to which persons are committed by law.

31 (12) "Licensed health professional" means an individual who is licensed by the State of
32 West Virginia to practice a health profession.

33 (13) "Live birth" means the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of
34 human conception, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, which, after such expulsion or

35 extraction, breathes or shows any other evidence of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of
36 the umbilical cord or definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether or not the umbilical cord
37 has been cut or the placenta is attached.

38 (14) "Local registrar" means the person appointed by the state Registrar of Vital Statistics
39 for a county or other district to perform the vital statistics functions specified to be performed in and
40 for the county or other district.

41 (15) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy pursuant to
42 the laws of this state.

43 (16) "Registration" means the process by which vital records are completed, filed and
44 incorporated into the official records of the section of vital statistics.

45 (17) "Research" means a systematic investigation designed primarily to develop or
46 contribute to general knowledge.

47 (18) "System of vital statistics" means the registration, collection, preservation,
48 amendment, certification of vital records, the collection of other reports required by this article, and
49 related activities, including, but not limited to, the tabulation, analysis, publication and
50 dissemination of vital statistics.

51 (19) "Vital records" means certificates or reports and data related to birth, death, and
52 marriage, including divorce, dissolution of marriage, and annulment.

53 (20) "Vital reports" means reports and related data designated in this article and in rules.

54 (21) "Vital statistics" means the data derived from certificates and reports of birth, death,
55 fetal death, marriage, divorce, annulment and related records and reports.

§16-5-3. Department of Health to propose legislative rules.

1 (a) The Department of Health and ~~Human Resources~~ shall propose rules for legislative
2 approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to
3 provide for:

4 (1) Adequate standards of security and confidentiality of vital records;

- 5 (2) Requirements for individuals in the state who may be designated by the state Registrar
6 to aid in the administration of the system of vital statistics;
- 7 (3) Criteria for registration districts throughout the state;
- 8 (4) Requirements for the completion, filing, correction and amendment of certificates,
9 reports and other documents required by this article;
- 10 (5) Requirements for registering a delayed certificate of birth, including provisions for
11 dismissing an application which is not actively pursued;
- 12 (6) Inspection of evidence of adoption, annulment of adoption, legitimation or court
13 determination of paternity;
- 14 (7) Completion of the medical certification of the cause of death;
- 15 (8) Record keeping requirements for receipt, removal, delivery, burial, cremation or other
16 final disposition of a dead body or a fetus;
- 17 (9) Authorization for the disinterment and reinterment of a dead body or a fetus;
- 18 (10) Extension of prescribed time periods for the filing of certificates of death, reports of
19 fetal death and authorizations for disposition and disinterment and reinterment, including
20 authorization for disposition prior to filing a certificate of death;
- 21 (11) Disposal of original records from which permanent reproductions have been made;
- 22 (12) Disclosure of confidential information for administrative, statistical or research
23 purposes;
- 24 (13) Release of records of birth, death, fetal death, marriage, divorce or annulment, subject
25 to the provisions of section twenty-seven of this article;
- 26 (14) Authorization for preparing, issuing or obtaining copies of vital records;
- 27 (15) Requirements for matching and marking certificates of birth and death for the purpose
28 of preventing the fraudulent use of birth certificates;
- 29 (16) Utilization of social security numbers to meet requirements of federal law;

30 (17) Requirements for a statewide system of registering, indexing and preserving records
31 of marriage, divorce and annulment of marriage; and

32 (18) Any other purpose to carry out the requirements of this article.

33 (b) Any rules in effect as of the passage of this article will remain in effect until amended,
34 modified, repealed or replaced, except that references to provisions of former enactments of this
35 article are interpreted to mean provisions of this article.

ARTICLE 5A. CANCER CONTROL.

§16-5A-5. Care of needy patients.

1 The ~~board of health shall~~ Bureau of Public Health may prescribe rules and regulations
2 specifying to what extent and on what terms and conditions needy cancer patients may receive
3 financial aid for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer in any approved hospital in this state. The
4 director is authorized to furnish aid, within the limits of available funds, to such patients and shall
5 have the power to administer such aid in any manner which in his or her judgment will afford the
6 greatest benefit to cancer patients throughout the state.

7 In determining whether a particular patient is entitled to such assistance the director may
8 call upon the Department of ~~welfare~~ Human Services for such investigation as may be required. In
9 order to receive such aid, however, the patient need not qualify for public assistance as
10 administered by the Department of ~~welfare~~ Human Services.

**ARTICLE 5K. EARLY INTERVENTION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN WITH
DEVELOPMENTAL DELAYS.**

§16-5K-2. Definitions.

1 Unless the context clearly otherwise indicates, as used in this article:

2 (a) "Bureau" means the Bureau for Children and Families Public Health. ~~within the~~
3 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~

4 (b) "Council" means the Governor's Early Intervention Interagency Coordinating Council.

5 (c) "Department" means the Department of Health. ~~and Human Resources~~

6 (d) "Early intervention services" means developmental services which:

7 (1) Are designed to meet the developmental needs of developmentally delayed infants and
8 toddlers and the needs of the family related to enhancing the child's development;

9 (2) Are selected in collaboration with the parents;

10 (3) Are provided under public supervision in conformity with an individualized family
11 service plan;

12 (4) Are provided either at no charge, fees based on a sliding scale, or charges to third party
13 payers and do not restrict access or services because of a client's financial limitations;

14 (5) Meet the state's early intervention standards, as established by the department of
15 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ with the assistance of the Governor's Early Intervention
16 Interagency Coordinating Council;

17 (6) Include assistive technology, audiology, audiology case management, family training,
18 counseling and home visits, health services necessary to enable a child to benefit from other early
19 intervention services, medical services only for diagnostic or evaluation purposes, nursing
20 services, nutrition services, occupational therapy, physical therapy, psychological services, social
21 work services, special instruction, speech-language pathology, vision and transportation; and

22 (7) Are provided by licensed or otherwise qualified personnel, including audiologists, family
23 therapists, nurses, nutritionists, occupational therapists, orientation and mobility specialists,
24 physical therapists, physicians, psychologists, social workers, special educators, speech-
25 language pathologists and paraprofessionals appropriately trained and supervised.

26 (e) "Infants and toddlers with developmental delay" means children from birth to thirty-six
27 months of age who need early intervention services for any of the following reasons:

28 (1) They are experiencing developmental delays, as measured by appropriate methods
29 and procedures, in one or more of the following areas: Cognitive, physical, including visual and

30 hearing, communicative, adaptive, social, language and speech, or psycho-social development or
31 self-help skills; or

32 (2) They have a diagnosed physical or mental condition that has a high probability of
33 resulting in developmental delay; or

34 (3) They are at risk of having substantial developmental delays if early intervention
35 services are not provided.

§16-5K-3. Responsibilities of the Department of Health.

1 (a) The department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ is the administering agency for the
2 development of a statewide, comprehensive, coordinated, interagency system of early
3 intervention services.

4 (b) Consistent with the provisions of Public Law 99-457, as enacted by the Congress of the
5 United States, the department has the following responsibilities:

6 (1) To carry out the general administration, supervision and monitoring of early intervention
7 programs and activities;

8 (2) To resolve complaints regarding the requirements of Public Law 99-457;

9 (3) To identify and coordinate all available resources within the state from federal, state,
10 local and private sources;

11 (4) To enter into formal interagency agreements with other state agencies involved in early
12 intervention;

13 (5) To resolve intraagency and interagency disputes and to ensure that early intervention
14 services are provided in a timely manner pending the resolution of such disputes; and

15 (6) To coordinate and implement a comprehensive system of personnel development,
16 including the certification and credentialing of qualified personnel pursuant to federal regulations
17 or requirements.

18 (c) The department may propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the
19 provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code necessary to carry out the purposes
20 of this article.

21 (d) The department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ and the Department of Education
22 shall enter into a formal interagency agreement regarding early intervention services. The
23 agreement shall define the financial responsibility of each agency, describe the transition of
24 services to children and their families between service systems, and establish procedures for
25 resolving disputes.

§16-5K-4. Interagency coordinating council.

1 (a) The Governor's Early Intervention Interagency Coordinating Council is continued. The
2 council is composed of at least fifteen members appointed by the Governor with additional ex
3 officio members representing specific agencies serving infants and toddlers with developmental
4 delays.

5 (b) The membership of the council shall consist of the following:

6 (1) At least three parents of children, ages birth through six years of age, who have
7 developmental delays;

8 (2) At least three persons representative of the public or private service providers;

9 (3) At least one member of the House of Delegates recommended by the Speaker of the
10 House of Delegates and one member of the Senate recommended by the Senate President;

11 (4) At least one person from higher education involved in training individuals to provide
12 services under this article; and

13 (5) A representative of each of the agencies involved in the provision of or payment for
14 early intervention services to infants and toddlers with developmental delays and their families.

15 (c) The council shall meet at least quarterly and in such place as it considers necessary.

16 (d) The council is responsible for the following functions:

17 (1) To advise and assist the department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ in the
18 development and implementation of early intervention policies;

19 (2) To assist the department in achieving the full participation of all relevant state agencies
20 and programs;

21 (3) To collaborate with the Bureau for Children and Families in the coordination of early
22 intervention services with other programs and services for children and families;

23 (4) To assist the department in the effective implementation of a statewide system of early
24 intervention services;

25 (5) To assist the department in the resolution of disputes;

26 (6) To advise and assist the department in the preparation of grant applications; and

27 (7) To prepare and submit an annual report to the Governor, the Legislature and the United
28 States Secretary of Education on the status of early intervention programs within the state.

§16-5K-6. West Virginia Birth-to-Three Fund.

1 (a) There is hereby created in the state Treasury a fund to be known as the "West Virginia
2 Birth-to-Three Fund" that shall be an interest-bearing account established and maintained to pay
3 costs, fees and expenses incurred, or to be incurred, for early intervention services for children
4 who are developmentally delayed.

5 (b) Funds deposited into this account shall be derived from the following sources:

6 (1) Any appropriations by the Legislature;

7 (2) Fund transfers from any fund of the divisions of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
8 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health that, in whole or in part, supports early intervention services;

9 (3) All public funds transferred by any public agency as permitted by applicable law;

10 (4) Any private funds contributed, donated or bequeathed by corporations, individuals or
11 other entities; and

12 (5) All proceeds from fees paid by the client or third party payers; and

13 (6) All interest or return on investments accruing to the fund.

14 (c) Moneys deposited in this fund shall be used exclusively to provide early intervention
15 services to accomplish the purposes of this article. Expenditures of moneys deposited in this fund
16 are to be made in accordance with appropriation by the Legislature and in accordance with article
17 three, chapter twelve of this code and upon the fulfillment of the provisions of article two, chapter
18 five-a of this code: *Provided*, That for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, expenditures are
19 authorized from deposits rather than pursuant to appropriation by the Legislature.

20 (d) Any balance remaining in this fund at the end of any state fiscal year shall not revert to
21 the state Treasury but shall remain in this fund and shall be used only in a manner consistent with
22 this article.

ARTICLE 5L. LONG-TERM CARE OMBUDSMAN PROGRAM.

§16-5L-5. State long-term care ombudsman; qualifications; duties.

1 (a) The state commission on aging shall employ a state long-term care ombudsman to
2 effect the purposes of this article. The state long-term care ombudsman shall have at least a
3 master's degree in gerontology, social work, health or a related field and shall have demonstrated
4 experience in one of the following areas: (1) The field of aging; (2) health care; (3) community
5 programs; (4) long-term care issues; (5) working with health care providers; (6) working with an
6 involvement in volunteer programs; and (7) administrative and managerial experience. In lieu of
7 the above educational and experience qualifications, the state long-term care ombudsman shall
8 have a four-year degree in gerontology, social work, health or a related field, plus five years of full-
9 time equivalent experience in gerontology, social work, health or a related field. The state long-
10 term care ombudsman shall participate in ongoing training programs related to his or her duties or
11 responsibilities. The state long-term care ombudsman shall not have been employed within the
12 past two years prior to the date of his or her employment under this section by a long-term care
13 facility, or by any association of long-term care facilities, or by any organization or corporation that
14 directly or indirectly regulates, owns, or operates a long-term care facility.

15 (b) Neither the state long-term care ombudsman nor any member of his or her immediate
16 family shall have, or have had within the two years preceding his or her employment under this
17 section, any pecuniary interest in the provision of long-term care. For the purposes of this section,
18 the term "immediate family" shall mean the spouse, children, natural mother, natural father, natural
19 brothers or natural sisters of the state long-term care ombudsman.

20 (c) The duties of the state long-term care ombudsman shall include, but are not limited to,
21 the following:

22 (1) Establishing a mandatory statewide procedure to receive, investigate, and resolve
23 complaints filed on behalf of a resident, or filed on the state or regional long-term care
24 ombudsman's own initiative on behalf of residents, relating to action, inaction or decisions of
25 providers of long-term care services, or the representatives of such providers, of public agencies,
26 or of social service agencies, which may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare and rights of
27 such residents;

28 (2) Monitoring the development and implementation of federal, state and local legislation,
29 regulations and policies with respect to long-term care facilities;

30 (3) Advocating for the rights of residents in long-term care facilities;

31 (4) Establishing a mandatory statewide training program and certification procedures for
32 regional long-term care ombudsmen, excluding clerical staff, which shall include training in the
33 following areas: (i) The review of medical records; (ii) regulatory requirements for long-term care
34 facilities; (iii) confidentiality of records; (iv) techniques of complaint investigation; (v) the effects of
35 institutionalization; and (vi) the special needs of the elderly;

36 (5) Establishing and maintaining a statewide uniform reporting system to collect and
37 analyze data relating to complaints and conditions in long-term care facilities for the purpose of
38 identifying and resolving significant problems faced by residents as a class. Such data shall be
39 submitted to the office of health facility licensure and certification of the Department of Health and
40 Human Resources on a regular basis;

41 (6) Promulgating mandatory statewide rules, regulations and training related to the use of
42 long-term care ombudsman volunteers in the program, including procedures to assure that the
43 responsibility and authority of ombudsman volunteers shall be restricted to activities which do not
44 involve access to confidential resident or facility records, which do not involve complaint
45 investigation other than information gathering to ascertain the nature and facts of a complaint, and
46 which do not involve the initiation or pursuit of legal proceedings, actions or remedies; and

47 (7) Other duties as mandated by the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended.

§16-5L-10. Investigation of complaints.

1 (a) Upon receipt of a complaint filed on behalf of a resident, or on his or her own initiative, a
2 state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall investigate any act, practice, policy or
3 procedure of any long-term care facility or government agency which affects the health, safety,
4 welfare or rights of any resident.

5 (b) Investigative activities of the state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall include,
6 but shall not be limited to: Information gathering, mediation, negotiation, informing parties of the
7 status of the investigation, notification to any aggrieved party of alternative processes, reporting of
8 suspected violations to a licensing or certifying agency, and the reporting of suspected criminal
9 violations to the appropriate authorities.

10 (c) The state or regional long-term care ombudsman need not investigate any complaint
11 upon determining that:

12 (1) The complaint is trivial, frivolous, vexatious or not made in good faith;

13 (2) The complaint has been too long delayed to justify present investigation;

14 (3) The resources available, considering the established priorities, are insufficient for an
15 adequate investigation;

16 (4) The matter complained of is not within the investigatory authority of the long-term care
17 ombudsman program; or

18 (5) A real or apparent conflict of interest exists and no other ombudsman is available to
19 investigate the complaint in an impartial manner.

20 If a determination is made by a regional long-term care ombudsman not to investigate any
21 complaint, then the complaint shall be referred to the state long-term care ombudsman who shall
22 make a final decision as to whether the matter warrants further investigation.

23 (d) State and regional long-term care ombudsmen may institute actions on behalf of
24 residents to obtain injunctive and declaratory relief, but not damages. In order to enable
25 ombudsman to bring such actions, the ~~secretary of the Department of Health and Human~~
26 ~~Resources~~ the Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification shall either:

27 (1) Establish an administrative hearing process under the procedures for contested cases
28 defined at article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to be available to any state or regional
29 ombudsmen bringing an action on behalf of a resident against a long-term care facility or
30 governmental agency; or

31 (2) Ensure that state and regional ombudsmen have sufficient access to legal counsel to
32 bring actions on behalf of residents in civil court: *Provided:* That nothing in this subsection shall be
33 construed to prevent a resident of a long-term care facility from filing directly, on his or her own
34 behalf, a suit for relief of any sort in any state or federal court.

35 (e) The state commission on aging and other appropriate state governmental agencies
36 shall establish and implement cooperative agreements for receiving, processing, responding to
37 and resolving complaints involving state governmental agencies under the provisions of this
38 section.

§16-5L-14. Cooperation among government departments or agencies.

1 (a) The state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall have access to publicly
2 disclosable records of any state government department, agency, or office reasonably necessary
3 to any investigation carried out pursuant to section ten of this article. The regional long-term care

3 ombudsman shall be notified of and be allowed to observe any survey conducted by a government
4 agency affecting the health, safety, welfare or rights of residents of a long-term facility.

5 (b) The state long-term care ombudsman shall develop referral procedures to refer any
6 complaint to any appropriate state government department, agency or office. ~~The department or~~
7 ~~agency shall acknowledge receipt and disposition within thirty calendar days on any complaint~~
8 referred to it by a state or regional long-term care ombudsman.

9 (c) When abuse, neglect or exploitation of a resident of a long-term care facility is
10 suspected, the state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall make a referral to the office of
11 adult protective services ~~of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ and to the office of
12 health facility licensure and certification. ~~of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ The
13 state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall coordinate with the office of adult protective
14 services and the office of health facility licensure and certification on any investigation of
15 suspected abuse, neglect or exploitation undertaken by those offices under the provisions of this
16 subsection.

17 (d) Any state government department, agency, or office which responds to a complaint
18 referred to it by a state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall forward to the long-term care
19 ombudsman copies of publicly disclosable inspection reports and plans of correction, and notices
20 of any citations and sanctions levied against the long-term care facility identified in the complaint.

21 (e) The state or regional long-term care ombudsman shall seek to establish coordination
22 with programs which provide legal services for the elderly, including, but not limited to, programs
23 funded by the federal legal services corporation or under the Older Americans Act of 1965, as
24 amended.

§16-5L-15. Confidentiality of investigations.

1 (a) Information relating to any investigation of a complaint pursuant to section ten of this
2 article that contains the identity of the complainant or resident shall remain confidential except:

3 (1) Where disclosure is authorized in writing by the complainant, or resident or the
4 guardian, committee, attorney in fact or representative of the resident;

5 (2) Where disclosure is necessary to the office of adult protective services of the
6 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ in order for such office to determine the
7 appropriateness of initiating an investigation regarding potential abuse, neglect or emergency
8 circumstances as defined in article six, chapter nine of this code;

9 (3) Where disclosure is necessary to the office of health facility licensure and certification
10 ~~of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ in order for such office to determine the
11 appropriateness of initiating an investigation to determine facility compliance with applicable rules
12 of licensure and/or certification; or

13 (4) Upon order of any appropriate county circuit court after the judge in term or vacation
14 thereof has conducted a hearing following adequate notice to all parties and rendered a
15 determination as the interests of justice may require.

16 (b) Notwithstanding any other section within this article, all information, records and reports
17 received by or developed by a state or regional long-term care ombudsman which relate to a
18 resident of a facility, including written material identifying a resident, are confidential and are not
19 subject to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this code, and shall not be disclosed or
20 released by the long-term care ombudsman, except under the circumstances enumerated in this
21 section.

22 (c) Nothing in subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall be construed to prohibit the
23 preparation and submission by any state or regional long-term ombudsman of statistical data and
24 reports, as required to implement the provisions of this article or any applicable federal law,
25 exclusive of any material that identifies any resident or complainant.

26 (d) The executive director of the state commission on aging shall have access to the
27 records and files of the long-term care ombudsman program to verify its effectiveness and quality
28 where the identity of any complainant or resident is not disclosed.

ARTICLE 5P. SENIOR SERVICES.

§16-5P-7. Creation and composition of the West Virginia council on aging; terms of citizen representative; vacancies; officers; meetings.

1 (a) There is hereby created the West Virginia Council on Aging, which shall be composed
2 of five government members and ten citizen members, and shall serve as an advisory board to the
3 commissioner.

4 (b) The five government members shall be: (1) The director of the ~~division~~ bureau of health;
5 (2) the director of the bureau of medical services; (3) one administrator designated by the
6 secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health; (4) one
7 administrator designated by the superintendent of the West Virginia state police; and (5) the
8 director of the Division of Rehabilitation Services.

9 (c) The citizen members shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of
10 the Senate. No more than five of the citizen members shall belong to the same political party, and
11 no more than six members shall be of the same gender. The members shall be selected in a
12 manner to provide balanced geographical distribution.

13 (d) The designated administrators and the citizen representatives of the council shall be
14 appointed for terms of four years each, and shall serve until their successors are appointed and
15 qualified. The citizen representatives appointed to staggered terms pursuant to section two, article
16 fourteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code to the state commission on aging shall continue to serve
17 the remainder of their term or until their successors are appointed and qualified.

18 (e) A majority of the members of the council shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of
19 business. The council shall elect a chair, a vice-chair, and such other officers as it deems
20 necessary. The council shall meet at least two times each year. Each government representative
21 shall designate a person with the authority to attend meetings and act on behalf of the government
22 representative, who shall be considered a member of the council for the purpose of obtaining a
23 quorum for the transaction of business.

ARTICLE 5Q. THE JAMES "TIGER" MORTON CATASTROPHIC ILLNESS FUND.

§16-5Q-2. Catastrophic illness commission; composition; meetings.

1 (a) The catastrophic illness commission shall consist of six members appointed for terms
2 of five years by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and the long term
3 care ombudsman, ~~from the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ who shall serve as a
4 nonvoting ex officio member. One member shall be a medical doctor licensed to practice medicine
5 in this state, one member shall be an attorney licensed to practice law in this state, two members
6 shall be from the public at large who are active in community affairs, one member shall be a nurse
7 licensed to practice in this state, and one member shall be a social worker licensed in this state.
8 The terms of office of the first appointments to the catastrophic illness commission shall be as
9 follows: The medical doctor and attorney shall be appointed for an initial term of three years; the
10 initial term of the nurse appointee and the licensed social worker appointee shall be four years; the
11 initial term of the remaining members of the commission appointed by the Governor shall be five
12 years. No more than five of the members appointed by the Governor may be from the same
13 political party. Members of the catastrophic illness commission, other than the ex officio member,
14 may receive expenses only up to \$125 per day, not to exceed \$15,000 in the aggregate per year.
15 The commission shall meet at least quarterly and annually elect a chairperson. Meetings shall be
16 conducted in accordance with the provisions of article nine-a, chapter six of this code. Special
17 meetings may be called. Before discharging any duties, members shall comply with the oath or
18 affirmation requirements of article one, chapter six of this code. Members are subject to the ethical
19 standards and financial disclosure requirements of the West Virginia governmental ethics act in
20 chapter six-b of this code and serve at the will and pleasure of the Governor as provided in section
21 four, article six, chapter six of this code.

22 (b) The catastrophic illness commission shall make an annual recommendation to the
23 Legislature regarding appropriations from the catastrophic illness fund. This recommendation

24 shall be made annually, in writing, to the Legislature no later than the second Wednesday of
25 January.

26 (c) The commission shall appoint an executive director whose compensation shall be fixed
27 by the commission within its budgetary appropriation. The executive director shall be classified
28 exempt and may not be a member of the commission. The executive director may attend all
29 meetings of the commission, as well as its committees, but has no vote on decisions or actions of
30 the commission or its committees. The executive director shall carry out the decisions and actions
31 of the commission, administer all affairs of the commission in accordance with its policies and
32 discharge other duties as the commission shall from time to time determine. The commission may
33 employ other officers, employees and clerical assistants as it considers necessary and may fix
34 their compensation within the amounts made available by appropriation.

35 (d) The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
36 Human Services shall propose legislative rules for promulgation in accordance with article three,
37 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to accomplish the purpose of the James "Tiger" Morton
38 catastrophic illness fund including, but not limited to, establishing eligibility standards for the
39 distribution of moneys from the fund. The secretary may propose emergency rules to establish the
40 eligibility standards.

41 (e) The secretary shall assist the commission in the investigation of any suspected fraud
42 related to an application for assistance through the catastrophic illness fund.

**§16-5Q-4. Assignment of rights; right of subrogation by the James "Tiger" Morton
Catastrophic Illness Commission to the rights of recipients of medical assistance;
rules as to effect of subrogation.**

1 (a) (1) Submission of an application to the Catastrophic Illness Commission for medical
2 assistance is, as a matter of law, an assignment of the right of the applicant, or legal representative
3 thereof, to recovery from personal insurance or other sources, including, but not limited to, liable

3 third parties, to the extent of the cost of medical services paid for by the Catastrophic Illness
4 Commission's Medical Assistance Program.

5 (2) At the time the application is made, the Catastrophic Illness Commission shall include a
6 statement along with such application that explains that the applicant has assigned all such rights
7 to the Catastrophic Illness Commission, and the legal implications of making such assignment as
8 provided in this section.

9 (3) If medical assistance is paid or will be paid by the Catastrophic Illness Commission to a
10 provider of medical care on behalf of a recipient of medical assistance because of a "catastrophic
11 illness", as defined by this article, and another person is legally liable for such expense, either
12 pursuant to contract, negligence or otherwise, the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
13 Department of Human Services, on behalf of the Catastrophic Illness Commission, shall have the
14 right to recover full reimbursement from any award or settlement for such medical assistance from
15 such other person, or from the recipient of such assistance if he or she has been reimbursed by the
16 other person. The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services
17 shall be legally assigned the rights of the recipient against the person so liable, but only to the
18 extent of the reasonable value of the medical assistance paid and attributable to the catastrophic
19 illness for which the recipient has received damages.

20 (4) When an action or claim is brought by a medical assistance recipient, or by someone on
21 his or her behalf, against a third party who may be liable for the catastrophic illness or death of a
22 medical assistance recipient, any settlement, judgment or award obtained is subject to the claim of
23 the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, on behalf of the
24 Catastrophic Illness Commission for reimbursement of an amount sufficient to reimburse the
25 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services the full amount of
26 benefits paid on behalf of the recipient under the Catastrophic Illness Commission's Medical
27 Assistance Program for the catastrophic illness of the medical assistance recipient. The claim of
28 the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services on behalf of the

29 Catastrophic Illness Commission, assigned by such recipient shall not exceed the amount of
30 medical expenses for the catastrophic illness of the recipient paid by the ~~Department of Health and~~
31 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services on behalf of the recipient. The right of
32 subrogation created in this section includes all portions of the cause of action, by either settlement,
33 compromise, judgment or award, notwithstanding any settlement allocation or apportionment that
34 purports to dispose of portions of the cause of action not subject to the subrogation. Any
35 settlement, compromise, judgement or award that excludes or limits the cost of actual medical
36 services or care shall not preclude the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department
37 of Human Services from enforcing its rights under this section. The Secretary of the ~~Department of~~
38 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may compromise, settle and
39 execute a release of any such claim in whole or in part.

40 (b) (1) Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to prevent the recipient of medical
41 assistance from maintaining an action for injuries received by him or her against any other person
42 and from including therein, as part of the compensatory damages sought to be recovered, the
43 amount or amounts of his or her medical expenses, even though such person received medical
44 assistance in the payment of such medical expenses in whole or in part.

45 (2) If the action be tried by a jury, the jury shall not be informed as to the interest of the
46 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services on behalf of the
47 Catastrophic Illness Commission, if any, and such fact shall not be disclosed to the jury at any
48 time. The trial judge shall, upon the entry of judgment on the verdict, direct that an amount equal to
49 the amount of medical assistance given by the commission be withheld and paid over to the
50 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services on behalf of the
51 commission. Irrespective of whether the case be terminated by judgment or by settlement without
52 trial, from the amount required to be paid to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
53 Department of Human Services on behalf of the Catastrophic Illness Commission, there shall be
54 deducted the attorney fees attributable to such amount in accordance with and in proportion to the

55 fee arrangement made between the recipient and his or her attorney of record so that the
56 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall bear the pro
57 rata portion of such attorney fees. Nothing in this section shall preclude any person who has
58 received medical assistance from settling any cause of action which he or she may have against
59 another person and delivering to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
60 Human Services from the proceeds of such settlement the sums received by him or her from the
61 commission or paid by the commission for his or her medical assistance. If such other person is
62 aware of or has been informed of the interest of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
63 Department of Human Services on behalf of the commission in the matter, it shall be the duty of the
64 person to whose benefit the release inures to withhold so much of the settlement as may be
65 necessary to reimburse the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
66 Services, to the extent of its interest in the settlement. No judgment, award of or settlement in any
67 action or claim by a medical assistance recipient or his or her representative to recover damages
68 for a catastrophic illness or death, in which the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
69 Department of Human Services on behalf of the commission has an interest, shall be satisfied
70 without first giving the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
71 Services notice and reasonable opportunity to establish its interest. The ~~Department of Health and~~
72 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall have sixty days from the receipt of such
73 written notice to advise the recipient or his or her representative in writing of its desire to establish
74 its interest through the assignment. If no such written intent is received within the sixty-day period,
75 then the recipient may proceed and in the event of full recovery forward to the ~~Department of~~
76 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services the portion of the recovery
77 proceeds less the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources's~~ Department of Human Services'
78 share of attorney's fees and costs expended in the matter. In the event of less than full recovery
79 the recipient and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
80 Services shall agree as to the amount to be paid to it for its claim. If there is no recovery, the

81 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall under no
82 circumstances be liable for any costs or attorney fees expended in the matter. If, after being
83 notified in writing of a subrogation claim and possible liability of the recipient, guardian, attorney or
84 personal representative for failure to subrogate the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
85 Department of Human Services, a recipient, his or her guardian, attorney or personal
86 representative disposes of the funds representing the judgment, settlement or award without the
87 written approval of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
88 Services, that person shall be liable to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
89 Department of Human Services for any amount that, as a result of the disposition of the funds, is
90 not recoverable by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
91 Services. In the event that a controversy arises concerning the subrogation claims by the
92 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, an attorney shall
93 interplead, pursuant to Rule 22 of the Rules of Civil Procedure, the portion of the recipient's
94 settlement that will satisfy the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
95 Services exclusive of attorney fees and costs regardless of any contractual arrangement between
96 the client and the attorney.

97 (c) Nothing contained herein shall authorize the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
98 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services or the Catastrophic Illness Commission to institute a
99 class action or multiple plaintiff action against any manufacturer, distributor or vendor of any
100 product to recover medical care expenditures paid for by the Catastrophic Illness Commission's
101 Medical Assistance Program.

ARTICLE 5R. THE ALZHEIMER'S SPECIAL CARE STANDARDS ACT.

§16-5R-3. Definition of alzheimer's special care unit/program.

1 For the purposes of this article, the following definitions apply:

2 (a) "Alzheimer's disease" means a diagnosis of presenile dementia or senile dementia-
3 Alzheimer type (SDAT), characterized by confusion, memory failure, disorientation, restlessness,
4 agnosia, speech disturbances, inability to carry out purposeful movements and hallucinosis.

5 (b) "Alzheimer's Special Care Unit or Program," means any facility that secures,
6 segregates or provides a special program or special unit for residents with a diagnosis of probable
7 alzheimer's disease or a related disorder and that advertises, markets or otherwise promotes the
8 facility as providing specialized alzheimer's or dementia care services.

9 (c) "Department" means the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
10 Health.

11 (d) "Facility" means any nursing home or facility, residential board and care home,
12 personal care home, assisted living facility, adult congregate living facility, home health agency,
13 adult day care center, hospice or adult foster home situate or operating in this state.

14 (e) "Resident" means an individual living in a facility that offers an alzheimer's special care
15 unit or program.

16 (f) "Secretary" means the secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
17 Department _____ of _____ Health.

§16-5R-4. Alzheimer's special care disclosure required.

1 (a) Any facility which offers to provide or provides care for a person with alzheimer's
2 disease through an alzheimer's special care unit or special care program shall disclose in writing
3 the form of care or treatment that distinguishes the unit or program as being especially applicable
4 to or suitable for such persons. The disclosure shall be provided to the ~~department of Health and~~
5 ~~Human Resources~~, to any person seeking placement within an alzheimer's special care unit or
6 program, and to any legal guardian or relative acting on behalf of a resident or person seeking
7 placement.

8 (b) The department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ shall examine all disclosures
9 provided to it as part of the facility's license renewal procedure and verify the accuracy of the
10 disclosures.

11 (c) The disclosure required by this section shall include the following information:

12 (1) A statement of the overall treatment philosophy and mission of the special care unit or
13 program which reflects the needs of residents afflicted with alzheimer's disease or dementia;

14 (2) A description of the facility's screening, admission and discharge procedures,
15 assessment, care planning and implementation, staffing patterns and training ratios unique to the
16 program or unit;

17 (3) A description of the physical environment and design features and an explanation of
18 how they are appropriate to support the functioning of cognitively impaired adult residents;

19 (4) A description of activities available to residents, the frequency and types of resident
20 activities, and how they are specialized for residents who suffer from alzheimer's disease;

21 (5) A statement that describes the involvement of families in the care of residents and the
22 availability of family support programs;

23 (6) The costs of care and any additional fees unique to the alzheimer's special care unit or
24 program.

ARTICLE 5S. OLDER WEST VIRGINIANS ACT.

§16-5S-5. Powers and duties of the Bureau of Senior Services.

1 The bureau shall be the designated state agency to:

2 (a) Develop and administer the state plan as required by the federal administration on
3 aging;

4 (b) Be the primary agency responsible for the planning, policy development,
5 administration, coordination, priority setting and evaluation of activities related to this article;

6 (c) Serve as an effective and visible advocate for older West Virginians;

7 (d) Divide the state into distinct planning and service areas and designate for each area a
8 public or private nonprofit agency or organization as the area agency on aging as required by the
9 federal administration on aging;

10 (e) Provide technical assistance and information to area agencies on aging and local
11 service providers as appropriate and conduct monitoring of area agencies on aging to ensure
12 compliance with applicable rules, regulations and standards;

13 (f) Maintain client and service data using a standardized computer client tracking system
14 through which all providers shall report required information;

15 (g) Maintain letters of agreement with the ~~state Department of Health and Human~~
16 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services to provide program operations of the personal care
17 and aged and disabled waiver programs; and

18 (h) Maintain a registry of companies and organizations that provide free medications or
19 provide assistance to persons in securing medications, and make this information available to
20 consumers through all local senior programs.

ARTICLE 5T. OFFICE OF DRUG CONTROL POLICY.

§16-5T-2. Office of Drug Control Policy.

1 (a) The Office of Drug Control Policy is continued. ~~within the department~~ The Director of
2 the Office of Drug Control Policy shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and
3 consent of the Senate. The director of the office is administratively housed in the Department of
4 Human Services and directly reports to the Office of the Governor, and works in cooperation with
5 the State Health Officer, the Bureau of Public Health, and the Bureau for Behavioral Health.

6 (b) The Office of Drug Control Policy shall create a state drug control policy in coordination
7 with the bureaus of the department and other state agencies. This policy shall include all programs
8 which are related to the prevention, treatment, and reduction of substance abuse use disorder.

9 (c) The Office of Drug Control Policy shall:

10 (1) Develop a strategic plan to reduce the prevalence of drug and alcohol abuse and
11 smoking by at least 10 percent;

12 (2) Monitor, coordinate, and oversee the collection of data and issues related to drug,
13 alcohol, and tobacco access, substance use disorder policies, and smoking cessation and
14 prevention, and their impact on state and local programs;

15 (3) Make policy recommendations to executive branch agencies that work with alcohol and
16 substance use disorder issues, and smoking cessation and prevention, to ensure the greatest
17 efficiency and consistency in practices will be applied to all efforts undertaken by the
18 administration;

19 (4) Identify existing resources and prevention activities in each community that advocate or
20 implement emerging best practice and evidence-based programs for the full substance use
21 disorder continuum of drug and alcohol abuse education and prevention, including smoking
22 cessation or prevention, early intervention, treatment, and recovery;

23 (5) Encourage coordination among public and private, state and local agencies,
24 organizations, and service providers, and monitor related programs;

25 (6) Act as the referral source of information, using existing information clearinghouse
26 resources within the Department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~, relating to emerging best
27 practice and evidence-based substance use disorder prevention, cessation, treatment and
28 recovery programs, and youth tobacco access, smoking cessation and prevention. The Office of
29 Drug Control Policy will identify gaps in information referral sources;

30 (7) Apply for grant opportunities for existing programs;

31 (8) Observe programs in other states;

32 (9) Make recommendations and provide training, technical assistance, and consultation to
33 local service providers;

34 (10) Review existing research on programs related to substance use disorder prevention
35 and treatment and smoking cessation and prevention, and provide for an examination of the

36 prescribing and treatment history, including court-ordered treatment, or treatment within the
37 criminal justice system, of persons in the state who suffered fatal or nonfatal opiate overdoses;

38 (11) Establish a mechanism to coordinate the distribution of funds to support any local
39 prevention, treatment, and education program based on the strategic plan that could encourage
40 smoking cessation and prevention through efficient, effective, and research-based strategies;

41 (12) Establish a mechanism to coordinate the distribution of funds to support a local
42 program based on the strategic plan that could encourage substance use prevention, early
43 intervention, treatment, and recovery through efficient, effective and research-based strategies;

44 (13) Oversee a school-based initiative that links schools with community-based agencies
45 and health departments to implement school-based anti-drug and anti-tobacco programs;

46 (14) Coordinate media campaigns designed to demonstrate the negative impact of
47 substance use disorder, smoking and the increased risk of tobacco addiction and the development
48 of other diseases;

49 (15) Review Drug Enforcement Agency and the West Virginia scheduling of controlled
50 substances and recommend changes that should be made based on data analysis;

51 (16) Develop recommendations to improve communication between health care providers
52 and their patients about the risks and benefits of opioid therapy for acute pain, improve the safety
53 and effectiveness of pain treatment, and reduce the risks associated with long-term opioid therapy,
54 including opioid use disorder and overdose;

55 (17) Develop and implement a program, in accordance with the provisions of §16-5T-3 of
56 this code, to collect data on fatal and nonfatal drug overdoses caused by abuse and misuse of
57 prescription and illicit drugs, from law enforcement agencies, emergency medical services, health
58 care facilities and the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner;

59 (18) Develop and implement a program that requires the collection of data on the
60 dispensing and use of an opioid antagonist from law enforcement agencies, emergency medical

61 services, health care facilities, the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner and other entities as
62 required by the office;

63 (19) Develop a program that provides assessment of persons who have been
64 administered an opioid antagonist;

65 ~~(20) Create a Sober Living Home/Recovery Residence Taskforce comprised of the~~
66 ~~following stakeholders:~~

67 ~~(A) The Executive Director of the West Virginia Prosecuting Attorney Institute, or designee;~~

68 ~~(B) The Secretary of Department of Homeland Security, or designee;~~

69 ~~(C) The West Virginia Attorney General, or designee;~~

70 ~~(D) The Director of the West Virginia Alliance of Recovery Residences, or designee;~~

71 ~~(E) The State Health Officer, or designee;~~

72 ~~(F) The Commissioner for the Bureau for Behavioral Health, or designee; and~~

73 ~~(G) The West Virginia Inspector General, or designee.~~

74 ~~(i) The purpose of the taskforce is to review existing West Virginia law, the laws of other~~
75 ~~states, and any developed case law regarding sober living homes/recovery residences and make~~
76 ~~recommendations to the Legislature regarding any revisions needed to West Virginia law~~
77 ~~regarding sober living homes/recovery residences. At a minimum the following areas shall be~~
78 ~~examined: insurance fraud, human trafficking, success of programs, and any other relevant~~
79 ~~issues.~~

80 ~~(ii) These recommendations shall be presented to the Legislative Oversight Commission~~
81 ~~on Health and Human Resources Accountability no later than December 15, 2023. A~~
82 ~~representative of the Taskforce shall provide the Commission with an update regarding the status~~
83 ~~of the taskforce, including any preliminary findings by October 1, 2023~~

84 ~~(21) Report semi-annually to the Joint Committee on Health on the status of the Office of~~
85 ~~Drug Control Policy.~~

86 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, and to facilitate the
87 collection of data and issues, the Office of Drug Control Policy may exchange necessary data and
88 information with the bureaus within ~~department~~, the Department of Health, the Department of
89 Human Services, the Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety, the Department of
90 Administration, the Administrator of Courts, the Poison Control Center, Office of National Drug
91 Control Policy and the Board of Pharmacy. The data and information may include, but is not limited
92 to: data from the Controlled Substance Monitoring Program; the criminal offender record
93 information database; and the court activity record information.

§16-5T-5. Promulgation of rules.

1 The ~~Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ director may propose
2 rules for promulgation in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to
3 implement the provisions of this section. The Legislature finds that for the purposes of §29A-3-15
4 of this code, an emergency exists requiring the promulgation of emergency rules to preserve the
5 public peace, health, safety or welfare and to prevent substantial harm to the public interest.

ARTICLE 5CC. WEST VIRGINIA ADVISORY COUNCIL ON RARE DISEASES.

§16-5CC-1. Establishment and composition of the West Virginia Council on Rare Diseases.

1 (a) There is ~~hereby~~ established the West Virginia Advisory Council on Rare Diseases to
2 advise state agencies on research, diagnosis, treatment, and education relating to rare diseases.

3 (b) The council shall consist of 12 voting members, constituted as follows:

4 (1) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
5 Health or his or her designee; and

6 (2) Eleven members who shall be appointed by the Governor as follows:

7 (A) Three physicians licensed and practicing in the state with experience researching,
8 diagnosing, or treating rare diseases;

9 (B) Three persons over the age of 18 who either have a rare disease or are a family
10 member of a person with a rare disease;

11 (C) A registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse licensed and practicing in the
12 state with experience treating rare disease;

13 (D) A person with an advanced degree in public health or other health-related field; and

14 (E) Three representatives from a patient-based organization or advocacy group for rare
15 disease, with preference given to organizations based in West Virginia.

16 Appointments to the advisory council are for terms of three years.

17 (c) The chairperson and vice-chairperson of the council shall be elected from the council's
18 membership by a simple majority vote of the total membership of the council.

19 (d) Members serve without compensation. Travel expenses may only be reimbursed if
20 travel is related to activities provided for under a grant or private donation.

§16-5CC-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 "Department" means the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
3 Department of Health;

4 "Rare disease" means any disease which affects fewer than 200,000 people in the United
5 States and is known to be substantially under-diagnosed and unrecognized as a result of lack of
6 adequate diagnostic and research information, including diseases known as "orphan diseases" for
7 research purposes; and

8 "Secretary" means the Secretary of the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human~~
9 Resources Department of Health.

ARTICLE 7. PURE FOOD AND DRUGS.

**§16-7-3. Inspection and analysis of foods and drugs; certificate of result as prima facie
evidence in prosecution.**

1 Whenever the ~~director of health~~ state health officer, the West Virginia Board of Pharmacy,
2 or any county or municipal health officer has reason to believe that any food or drug manufactured
3 for sale, offered for sale, or sold within this state, is adulterated, ~~such director~~ the state health

4 officer or Board of Pharmacy, by its authorized agents, or such county or municipal health officer
5 shall have the power, and it shall be his or her duty, to enter, during the usual hours of business,
6 into any creamery, factory, store, salesroom, drugstore, laboratory or other place where he or she
7 has reason to believe such food or drug is manufactured, prepared, sold or offered for sale, within
8 the county or municipality, as the same may be, and to open any case, tub, jar, bottle or package
9 containing, or supposed to contain, any such food or drug, and take a specimen thereof for
10 examination and analysis. If less than a whole package is taken, the specimen shall be sealed and
11 properly prepared for shipment to the person who shall make the analysis hereinafter provided for.
12 No whole or less than a whole package taken and prepared for shipment shall be opened before it
13 has been received by the analyst aforesaid.

14 It shall be the duty of a qualified chemist ~~of the state health department~~ to test and analyze
15 any such specimen, to record the result of his or her analysis among the records of the
16 department, and to certify such findings to the ~~director of health~~ state health officer, the West
17 Virginia Board of Pharmacy, or to the county or municipal health officers, as the case may be. If the
18 analysis indicates that the said food or drug is adulterated, a certificate of such result, sworn to by
19 the person making the analysis, who shall also state in his or her certificate the reasonable cost
20 and expense of such analysis, shall be prima facie evidence of such adulteration in any
21 prosecution under this article.

**§16-7-8. Resale of certain food, drug, and medical devices prohibited; definitions; source
documentation required; confiscation of food, drugs or medical devices; penalty
and exceptions; rules.**

1 (a) The Legislature finds that food manufactured and packaged for sale for consumption by
2 a child under the age of two and nonprescription drugs sold by transient vendors at places such as
3 flea markets and swap meets, where the sources of the food and nonprescription drugs are
4 unknown, may be adulterated and thus constitute a hazard to the public's health and welfare. It
5 further finds that these foods, nonprescription drugs or medical devices are likely to have been

6 stolen. The Legislature determines that it is the policy of this state to prohibit the sale of these
7 foods, nonprescription drugs and medical devices if the transient vendor cannot provide and
8 document the sources of the merchandise.

9 (b) For the purposes of this section:

10 (1) The term "babyfood" or "food" means any food manufactured and packaged for sale for
11 consumption by a child under the age of two;

12 (2) The term "nonprescription drugs" does not include natural or herbal nonprescription
13 drugs;

14 (3) The term "medical device" means any apparatus or tool which is defined by federal law
15 as a medical device and which has been specified by the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health~~
16 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Health through legislative rules as a device which may be
17 marketed or sold by transient vendors.

18 (c) Any transient vendor who sells babyfood, nonprescription drugs or medical devices at
19 any flea market or swap meet in this state shall keep and make available records of the sources of
20 such babyfood, nonprescription drugs or medical devices offered for sale or sold. The records may
21 be receipts or invoices from the persons who sold the babyfood, nonprescription drugs or medical
22 devices to the transient vendor or any other documentation that establishes the sources of the
23 babyfood, nonprescription drugs or medical devices. The transient vendor shall keep those
24 records with the babyfood, nonprescription drugs or medical devices being offered for sale so long
25 as such goods are in his or her possession and shall maintain those records for a period of two
26 years after the babyfood, nonprescription drugs or medical devices are sold.

27 (d) Upon the request of a law-enforcement agent or a representative of the state
28 department of health, a transient vendor shall produce records of the sources of babyfood,
29 nonprescription drugs or medical devices offered for sale or sold. If the transient vendor fails to
30 immediately produce the requested records for goods offered for sale, the law-enforcement agent
31 or representative for the state department of health may confiscate the babyfood, nonprescription

32 drugs or medical devices then in possession of the vendor. If the transient vendor fails to produce
33 the requested records for goods previously sold within a reasonable time, the law-enforcement
34 agent or representative for the state department of health may confiscate any babyfood,
35 nonprescription drugs or medical devices then in the possession of the vendor.

36 (e) Any person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and,
37 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$200 for each babyfood item, nonprescription
38 drug or medical device offered for sale or sold.

39 (f) The provisions of this section do not apply to a merchant who is licensed by the state
40 Department of Tax and Revenue; who sells food or nonprescription drugs or medical devices by
41 sample, catalog or brochure for future delivery; or who sells at a residential premises pursuant to
42 an invitation issued by the owner or legal occupant of the premises.

43 (g) The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
44 Health shall promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this
45 code regarding the designation and authorized sale of medical devices sold by transient vendors
46 pursuant to this subdivision.

ARTICLE 8. ELECTROLOGISTS.

§16-8-2. Regulations by state board of health Should this be Secretary of the Department of Health and; minimum requirements.

1 The ~~West Virginia board of health~~ Commissioner of the Bureau of Public Health shall adopt
2 rules and regulations, as in their judgment are necessary, to provide for the safe practice of
3 electrology or electrolysis in this state, and when promulgated, these rules and regulations shall be
4 the minimum requirements to be enforced by local health authorities throughout the state. All rules
5 and regulations shall be promulgated in the manner provided by the provisions of article three,
6 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

ARTICLE 9A. TOBACCO USAGE RESTRICTIONS.

§16-9A-7. Enforcement of youth smoking laws and youth nicotine restrictions; inspection of retail outlets where tobacco, tobacco products, vapor products or alternative nicotine products are sold; use of minors in inspections; annual reports; penalties; defenses.

1 (a) The Commissioner of the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Administration, the
2 Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police, the sheriffs of the counties of this state and the
3 chiefs of police of municipalities of this state, may periodically conduct unannounced inspections
4 at locations where tobacco products or tobacco-derived products, are sold or distributed to ensure
5 compliance with the provisions of sections two and three of this article and in such manner as to
6 conform with applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations. Persons under the age of
7 eighteen years may be enlisted by such commissioner, superintendent, sheriffs or chiefs of police
8 or employees or agents thereof to test compliance with these sections: *Provided*, That the minors
9 may be used to test compliance only if the testing is conducted under the direct supervision of the
10 commissioner, superintendent, sheriffs or chiefs of police or employees or agents thereof and
11 written consent of the parent or guardian of such person is first obtained and such minors shall not
12 be in violation of section three of this article and chapter when acting under the direct supervision
13 of the commissioner, superintendent, sheriffs or chiefs of police or employees or agents thereof
14 and with the written consent of the parent or guardian. It is unlawful for any person to use persons
15 under the age of eighteen years to test compliance in any manner not set forth herein and the
16 person so using a minor is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined the
17 same amounts as set forth in section two of this article.

18 (b) A person charged with a violation of section two or three of this article as the result of an
19 inspection under subsection (a) of this section has a complete defense if, at the time the cigarette,
20 other tobacco product or tobacco-derived product, or cigarette wrapper, was sold, delivered,
21 bartered, furnished or given:

22 (1) The buyer or recipient falsely evidenced that he or she was eighteen years of age or
23 older;

24 (2) The appearance of the buyer or recipient was such that a prudent person would believe
25 the buyer or recipient to be eighteen years of age or older; and

26 (3) Such person carefully checked a driver's license or an identification card issued by this
27 state or another state of the United States, a passport or a United States armed services
28 identification card presented by the buyer or recipient and acted in good faith and in reliance upon
29 the representation and appearance of the buyer or recipient in the belief that the buyer or recipient
30 was eighteen years of age or older.

31 (c) Any fine collected after a conviction of violating section two of this article shall be paid to
32 the clerk of the court in which the conviction was obtained: *Provided*, That the clerk of the court
33 upon receiving the fine shall promptly notify the Commissioner of the West Virginia Alcohol
34 Beverage Control Administration of the conviction and the collection of the fine: *Provided*,
35 *however*, That any community service penalty imposed after a conviction of violating section three
36 of this article shall be recorded by the clerk of the court in which the conviction was obtained:
37 *Provided further*, That the clerk of the court upon being advised that community service obligations
38 have been fulfilled shall promptly notify the Commissioner of the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage
39 Control Administration of the conviction and the satisfaction of imposed community service
40 penalty.

41 (d) The Commissioner of the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Administration or his
42 or her designee shall prepare and submit to the Governor on the last day of September of each
43 year a report of the enforcement and compliance activities undertaken pursuant to this section and
44 the results of the same, with a copy to the Secretary of the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and~~
45 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health. The report shall be in the form and substance that the
46 Governor shall submit to the applicable state and federal programs.

ARTICLE 22A. TESTING OF NEWBORN INFANTS FOR HEARING IMPAIRMENTS.

§16-22A-3. Fees for testing; payment of same.

1 (a) Testing required under this article shall be a covered benefit reimbursable by all health
2 insurers except for health insurers that offer only supplemental coverage policies or policies which
3 cover only specified diseases. All policies issued pursuant to articles fifteen, sixteen, twenty-four
4 and twenty-five-a of chapter thirty-three of this code shall provide coverage for the testing required
5 under this article.

6 (b) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
7 pay for testing required under this article when the newborn infant is eligible for medical assistance
8 under the provisions of §9-5-12 of this code.

9 (c) In the absence of a third-party payor, the parents of a newborn infant shall be informed
10 of the testing availability and its costs and they may refuse to have the testing performed. Charges
11 for the testing required under this article shall be paid by the hospital or other health care facility
12 where the infant's birth occurred: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this section may be
13 construed to preclude the hospital or other health care facility from billing the infant's parents
14 directly.

§16-22A-4. Hearing impairment testing advisory committee established.

1 (a) There is hereby established a West Virginia hearing difficulties testing advisory
2 committee which shall advise the ~~Director of the Division~~ Commissioner of the Bureau of Public
3 Health regarding the protocol, validity, monitoring and cost of testing procedures required under
4 this article. This committee is to meet four times per year for the initial two years and on the call of
5 the director thereafter. The director shall serve as the chair and shall appoint 12 members, one
6 representing each of the following groups:

- 7 (1) A representative of the health insurance industry;
- 8 (2) An otolaryngologist or otologist;
- 9 (3) An audiologist with experience in evaluating infants;

- 10 (4) A neonatologist;
- 11 (5) A pediatrician;
- 12 (6) A hospital administrator;
- 13 (7) A speech or language pathologist;
- 14 (8) A teacher or administrative representative from the West Virginia school of the deaf;
- 15 (9) A parent of a deaf or hard of hearing child;
- 16 (10) A representative from the office of early intervention services; ~~within the Department~~
- 17 ~~of Health and Human Resources;~~
- 18 (11) A representative from the state Department of Education; and
- 19 (12) A representative from the West Virginia Commission for the Deaf and Hard-of-
- 20 Hearing.

21 (b) Members of this advisory committee shall serve without compensation. A majority of
22 members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of all business. Members shall serve for two-
23 year terms and may not serve for more than two consecutive terms.

ARTICLE 22B. BIRTH SCORE PROGRAM.

§16-22B-2. Birth score program established.

1 (a) The ~~division~~ Bureau of Public Health ~~within the Department of Health and Human~~
2 ~~Resources is hereby authorized to~~ may establish and implement a birth score program designed
3 to combat postneonatal mortality and to detect debilitating conditions and possible developmental
4 delays in newborn infants in the state.

5 (b) The purpose and goals of the birth score program are to reduce the incidence of
6 postneonatal mortality and disease by:

- 7 (1) Identifying newborns at greatest risk for death between one month and one year of age;
- 8 and
- 9 (2) Linking these infants with physicians for close follow-up during the first year of life.

10 (c) The birth score of a newborn infant shall be determined pursuant to the program
11 established by the division of health by trained hospital or birthing facility personnel immediately
12 after the infant is delivered.

ARTICLE 29B. HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY.

§16-29B-2. Effective Date.

1 ~~Effective the first day of July, 2017,~~ all powers, duties and functions of the West Virginia
2 Health Care Authority shall be transferred to the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human~~
3 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health.

§16-29B-3. Definitions.

1 (a) Definitions of words and terms defined in article two-d of this chapter are incorporated
2 in this section unless this section has different definitions.

3 (b) As used in this article, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:

4 (1) "Authority" means the Health Care Authority created pursuant to the provisions of this
5 article;

6 (2) "Board" means the five-member board of directors of the West Virginia Health Care
7 Authority;

8 (3) "Charges" means the economic value established for accounting purposes of the
9 goods and services a hospital provides for all classes of purchasers;

10 (4) "Class of purchaser" means a group of potential hospital patients with common
11 characteristics affecting the way in which their hospital care is financed. Examples of classes of
12 purchasers are Medicare beneficiaries, welfare recipients, subscribers of corporations established
13 and operated pursuant to article twenty-four, chapter thirty-three of this code, members of health
14 maintenance organizations and other groups as defined by the authority;

15 (5) "Covered facility" means a hospital, behavioral health facility, kidney disease treatment
16 center, including a free-standing hemodialysis unit; ambulatory health care facility; ambulatory
17 surgical facility; home health agency; rehabilitation facility; or community mental health or

18 intellectual disability facility, whether under public or private ownership or as a profit or nonprofit
19 organization and whether or not licensed or required to be licensed, in whole or in part, by the
20 state: *Provided*, That nonprofit, community-based primary care centers providing primary care
21 services without regard to ability to pay which provide the Secretary with a year-end audited
22 financial statement prepared in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and with
23 governmental auditing standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States shall be
24 deemed to have complied with the disclosure requirements of this section.

25 (6) "Executive Director" or "Director" means the administrative head of the Health Care
26 Authority as set forth in section five-a of this article;

27 (7) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership, corporation, facility, hospital or
28 institution licensed, certified or authorized by law to provide professional health care service in this
29 state to an individual during this individual's medical, remedial, or behavioral health care,
30 treatment or confinement. For purposes of this article, "health care provider" shall not include the
31 private office practice of one or more health care professionals licensed to practice in this state
32 pursuant to the provisions of chapter thirty of this code;

33 (8) "Hospital" means a facility subject to licensure as such under the provisions of article
34 five-b of this chapter, and any acute care facility operated by the state government which is
35 primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of physicians, diagnostic
36 and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment and care of injured, disabled or sick
37 persons, and does not include state mental health facilities or state long-term care facilities;

38 (9) "Person" means an individual, trust, estate, partnership, committee, corporation,
39 association or other organization such as a joint stock company, a state or political subdivision or
40 instrumentality thereof or any legal entity recognized by the state;

41 (10) "Purchaser" means a consumer of patient care services, a natural person who is
42 directly or indirectly responsible for payment for such patient care services rendered by a health
43 care provider, but does not include third-party payers;

44 (11) "Rates" means all value given or money payable to health care providers for health
45 care services, including fees, charges and cost reimbursements;

46 (12) "Records" means accounts, books and other data related to health care costs at
47 health care facilities subject to the provisions of this article which do not include privileged medical
48 information, individual personal data, confidential information, the disclosure of which is prohibited
49 by other provisions of this code and the laws enacted by the federal government, and information,
50 the disclosure of which would be an invasion of privacy;

51 (13) "Related organization" means an organization, whether publicly owned, nonprofit, tax-
52 exempt or for profit, related to a health care provider through common membership, governing
53 bodies, trustees, officers, stock ownership, family members, partners or limited partners including,
54 but not limited to, subsidiaries, foundations, related corporations and joint ventures. For the
55 purposes of this subsection family members means brothers and sisters, whether by the whole or
56 half blood, spouse, ancestors and lineal descendants;

57 (14) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
58 Department of Health; and

59 (15) "Third-party payor" means any natural person, person, corporation or government
60 entity responsible for payment for patient care services rendered by health care providers.

**§16-29B-5. West Virginia Health Care Authority; composition of the board; qualifications;
terms; oath; expenses of members; vacancies; appointment of chairman, and
meetings of the board.**

1 (a) The "West Virginia Health Care Authority" is continued. ~~as a division of the Department~~
2 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Any references in this code to the West Virginia Health Care Cost
3 Review Authority means the West Virginia Health Care Authority.

4 (b) There is created a board of review to serve as the adjudicatory body of the authority and
5 shall conduct all hearings as required in this article, article two-d of this chapter.

6 (1) The board shall consist of five members, appointed by the Governor, with the advice
7 and consent of the Senate. The board members are not permitted to hold political office in the
8 government of the state either by election or appointment while serving as a member of the board.
9 The board members are not eligible for civil service coverage as provided in section four, article
10 six, chapter twenty-nine of this code. The board members shall be citizens and residents of this
11 state.

12 (2) No more than three of the board members may be members of the same political party.
13 One board member shall have a background in health care finance or economics, one board
14 member shall have previous employment experience in human services, business administration
15 or substantially related fields, one board member shall have previous experience in the
16 administration of a health care facility, one board member shall have previous experience as a
17 provider of health care services, and one board member shall be a consumer of health services
18 with a demonstrated interest in health care issues.

19 (3) Each member appointed by the Governor shall serve staggered terms of six years. Any
20 member whose term has expired shall serve until his or her successor has been appointed. Any
21 person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term. Any member shall be
22 eligible for reappointment. In cases of vacancy in the office of member, such vacancy shall be filled
23 by the Governor in the same manner as the original appointment.

24 (4) Each board member shall, before entering upon the duties of his or her office, take and
25 subscribe to the oath provided by section five, article IV of the Constitution of the State of West
26 Virginia, which oath shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

27 (5) The Governor shall designate one of the board members to serve as chairman at the
28 Governor's will and pleasure.

29 (6) The Governor may remove any board member only for incompetency, neglect of duty,
30 gross immorality, malfeasance in office or violation of the provisions of this article.

31 (7) No person while in the employ of, or holding any official relation to, any hospital or
32 health care provider subject to the provisions of this article, or who has any pecuniary interest in
33 any hospital or health care provider, may serve as a member of the board. Nor may any board
34 member be a candidate for or hold public office or be a member of any political committee while
35 acting as a board member; nor may any board member or employee of the board receive anything
36 of value, either directly or indirectly, from any third-party payor or health care provider. If any of the
37 board members become a candidate for any public office or for membership on any political
38 committee, the Governor shall remove the board member from the board and shall appoint a new
39 board member to fill the vacancy created. No board member or former board member may accept
40 employment with any hospital or health care provider subject to the jurisdiction of the board in
41 violation of the West Virginia governmental ethics act, chapter six-b of this code: *Provided*, That
42 the act may not apply to employment accepted after termination of the board.

43 (8) The concurrent judgment of three of the board members shall be considered the action
44 of the board. A vacancy in the board does not affect the right or duty of the remaining board
45 members to function as a board.

46 (9) Each member of the board shall serve without compensation, but shall receive expense
47 reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of
48 the duties of the office, in the same amount paid to members of the Legislature for their interim
49 duties as recommended by the citizens legislative compensation commission and authorized by
50 law. No member may be reimbursed for expenses paid by a third party.

**§16-29B-12. Certificate of need hearings; administrative procedures act applicable;
hearings examiner; subpoenas.**

1 (a) The board shall conduct such hearings as it deems necessary for the performance of its
2 functions and shall hold hearings when required by the provisions of this chapter or upon a written
3 demand by a person aggrieved by any act or failure to act by the board regulation or order of the
4 board. All hearings of the board pursuant to this section shall be announced in a timely manner

5 and shall be open to the public. In making decisions in the certificate of need process, the board
6 shall be guided by the state health plan approved by the Governor.

7 (b) All pertinent provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply to
8 and govern the hearing and administrative procedures in connection with and following the
9 hearing except as specifically stated to the contrary in this article. General counsel for ~~Department~~
10 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health or general counsel for the authority shall
11 represent the interest of the authority at all hearings.

12 (c) Any hearing may be conducted by members of the board or by a hearing examiner
13 appointed by the board for such purpose. The chairperson of the board may issue subpoenas and
14 subpoenas duces tecum which shall be issued and served pursuant to the time, fee and
15 enforcement specifications in section one, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

16 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, when a hospital alleges that a factual
17 determination made by the board is incorrect, the burden of proof shall be on the hospital to
18 demonstrate that such determination is, in light of the total record, not supported by substantial
19 evidence. The burden of proof remains with the hospital in all cases.

20 (e) After any hearing, after due deliberation, and in consideration of all the testimony, the
21 evidence and the total record made, the board shall render a decision in writing. The written
22 decision shall be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions of law as specified in §29A-5-3
23 of this code, and the copy of the decision and accompanying findings and conclusions shall be
24 served by certified mail, return receipt requested, upon the party demanding the hearing, and upon
25 its attorney of record, if any.

26 (f) Any interested individual, group or organization shall be recognized as affected parties
27 upon written request from the individual, group or organization. Affected parties shall have the
28 right to bring relevant evidence before the board and testify thereon. Affected parties shall have
29 equal access to records, testimony and evidence before the board and shall have equal access to

30 the expertise of the authority's staff. The authority, with the approval of the secretary, shall have
31 authority to propose rules to administer provisions of this section.

32 (g) A decision of the board is final unless reversed, vacated or modified upon judicial
33 review thereof, in accordance with the provisions of section thirteen of this article.

§16-29B-25. Data repository.

1 (a) The authority shall:

2 (1) Coordinate and oversee the health data collection of state agencies;

3 (2) Lead state agencies' efforts to make the best use of emerging technology to affect the
4 expedient and appropriate exchange of health care information and data, including patient records
5 and reports; and

6 (3) Coordinate database development, analysis, and report to facilitate cost management,
7 review utilization review and quality assurance efforts by state payor and regulatory agencies,
8 insurers, consumers, providers, and other interested parties.

9 (b) A state agency collecting health data shall work through the authority to develop an
10 integrated system for the efficient collection, responsible use, and dissemination of data and to
11 facilitate and support the development of statewide health information systems that will allow for
12 the electronic transmittal of all health information and claims processing activities of a state
13 agency within the state, and to coordinate the development and use of electronic health
14 information systems within state government.

15 (c) The authority shall establish minimum requirements and issue reports relating to
16 information systems of state health programs, including simplifying and standardizing forms and
17 establishing information standards and reports for capitated managed care programs.

18 (d) The authority shall develop a comprehensive system to collect ambulatory health care
19 data.

20 (e) The authority may access any health-related database maintained or operated by a
21 state agency for the purposes of fulfilling its duties. The use and dissemination of information from
22 that database shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions applicable to that database.

23 (f) A report, statement, schedule, or other filing may not contain any medical or individual
24 information personally identifiable to a patient or a consumer of health services, whether directly or
25 indirectly.

26 (g) A report, statement, schedule, or other filing filed with the authority is open to public
27 inspection and examination during regular hours. A copy shall be made available to the public
28 upon request upon payment of a fee.

29 (h) The authority may require the production of any records necessary to verify the
30 accuracy of any information set forth in any statement, schedule, or report filed under the
31 provisions of this article.

32 (i) The authority may provide requested aggregate data to an entity. The authority may
33 charge a fee to an entity to obtain the data collected by the authority. The authority may not charge
34 a fee to a covered entity to obtain the data collected by the authority.

35 (j) The authority shall provide to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and
36 Human Resources Accountability before July 1, 2018, and every other year thereafter, a strategic
37 data collection and analysis plan:

38 (1) What entities are submitting data;

39 (2) What data is being collected;

40 (3) The types of analysis performed on the submitted data;

41 (4) A way to reduce duplicative data submissions; and

42 (5) The current and projected expenses to operate the data collection and analysis
43 program.

44 (k) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
45 Health may assume the powers and duties provided to the authority in this section, if the secretary

46 determines it is more efficient and cost effective to have direct control over the data repository
47 program. To the extent that the secretary assumes the powers and duties in this section, the
48 secretary shall inform the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human Resources
49 Accountability by July 1, 2023, and on July 1 of each year, thereafter, regarding each program for
50 which he or she is exercising such authority and shall propose rules for legislative approval in
51 accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code within the time limit to be
52 considered by the Legislature during its next regular session. In the event the secretary has
53 already assumed the powers and duties provided to the authority in this section, the secretary
54 shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of
55 this code within the time limit to be considered by the Legislature during the regular session of the
56 Legislature, 2023.

ARTICLE 29D. STATE HEALTH CARE.

**§16-29D-3. Agencies to cooperate and to provide plan; contents of plan; reports to
Legislature; late payments by state agencies and interest thereon.**

1 (a) All departments and divisions of the state, including, but not limited to, the Bureau of
2 Employment Programs; ~~the division of health and the division of human services within the~~
3 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ the Bureau of Medical Services; the Public
4 Employees Insurance Agency within the Department of Administration; the Division of
5 Rehabilitation Services; the Workers' Compensation Commission; or the other department or
6 division as shall supervise or provide rehabilitation; and the University of West Virginia board of
7 trustees, as the governing board for the state's medical schools, are authorized and directed to
8 cooperate in order, among other things, to ensure the quality of the health care services delivered
9 to the beneficiaries of the departments and divisions and to ensure the containment of costs in the
10 payment for services.

11 (b) It is expressly recognized that no other entity may interfere with the discretion and
12 judgment given to the single state agency which administers the state's Medicaid program. Thus, it

13 is the intention of the Legislature that nothing contained in this article shall be interpreted,
14 construed or applied to interfere with the powers and actions of the single state agency which, in
15 keeping with applicable federal law, shall administer the state's Medicaid program as it perceives
16 to be in the best interest of that program and its beneficiaries.

17 (c) The departments and divisions shall develop a plan or plans to ensure that a
18 reasonable and appropriate level of health care is provided to the beneficiaries of the various
19 programs including the Public Employees Insurance Agency and the workers' compensation fund,
20 the Division of Rehabilitation Services and, to the extent permissible, the state Medicaid program.
21 The plan or plans may include, among other things, and the departments and divisions are hereby
22 authorized to enter into:

23 (1) Utilization review and quality assurance programs;

24 (2) The establishment of a schedule or schedules of the maximum reasonable amounts to
25 be paid to health care providers for the delivery of health care services covered by the plan or
26 plans. The schedule or schedules may be either prospective in nature or cost reimbursement in
27 nature, or a mixture of both: *Provided*, That any payment methods or schedules for institutions
28 which provide inpatient care shall be institution-specific and shall, at a minimum, take into account
29 a disproportionate share of Medicaid, charity care and medical education: *Provided, however*,
30 That in no event may any rate set in this article for an institutional health care provider be greater
31 than the institution's current rate established and approved by the health care cost review authority
32 pursuant to article twenty-nine-b of this chapter;

33 (3) Provisions for making payments in advance of the receipt of health care services by a
34 beneficiary, or in advance of the receipt of specific charges for the services, or both;

35 (4) Provisions for the receipt or payment of charges by electronic transfers;

36 (5) Arrangements, including contracts, with preferred provider organizations; and

37 (6) Arrangements, including contracts, with particular health care providers to deliver
38 health care services to the beneficiaries of the programs of the departments and divisions at
39 agreed-upon rates in exchange for controlled access to the beneficiary populations.

40 (d) The director of the Public Employees Insurance Agency shall contract with an
41 independent actuarial company for a review every four years of the claims experience of all
42 governmental entities whose employees participate in the Public Employees Insurance Agency
43 program, including, but not limited to, all branches of state government, all state departments or
44 agencies (including those receiving funds from the federal government or a federal agency), all
45 county and municipal governments or any other similar entity for the purpose of determining the
46 cost of providing coverage under the program, including administrative cost, to each governmental
47 entity.

48 (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to give or reserve to the Legislature any
49 further or greater power or jurisdiction over the operations or programs of the various departments
50 and divisions affected by this article than that already possessed by the Legislature in the absence
51 of this article.

52 (f) For the purchase of health care or health care services by a health care provider
53 participating in a plan under this section on or after September 1, 1989, by the Public Employees
54 Insurance Agency, the Division of Rehabilitation Services and the workers' compensation
55 commission, a state check shall be issued in payment thereof within sixty-five days after a
56 legitimate uncontested invoice is actually received by the division, commission or agency. Any
57 state check issued after sixty-five days shall include interest at the current rate, as determined by
58 the State Tax Commissioner under the provisions of section seventeen-a, article ten, chapter
59 eleven of this code. The interest shall be calculated from the sixty-sixth day after the invoice was
60 actually received by the commission or agency until the date on which the state check is mailed to
61 the vendor.

§16-29D-7. Rules.

1 The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
2 Services shall promulgate rules to carry out the provisions of this article. The Governor shall
3 establish an advisory committee consisting of at least five individuals representing: An
4 administrator of a small rural hospital; an administrator of a hospital having a disproportionate
5 share of Medicaid or charity care; a registered professional nurse; a physician licensed in this
6 state; and beneficiaries of the plan or plans. The majority of this advisory committee shall consist
7 of health care providers. The purpose of the advisory committee is to advise and assist in the
8 establishment of reasonable payment methods, schedule or schedules and rates. The advisory
9 committee shall serve without compensation; however, the members thereof are entitled to
10 reimbursement of their expenses. The policies and procedures of the rate schedule process
11 setting forth the methodology for determination of rates, payments and schedules are subject to
12 the legislative rule-making procedures of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: *Provided*, That
13 emergency rules may be utilized: *Provided, however*, That the actual rates, payments and
14 schedules themselves shall not be subject to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

§16-29D-8. Civil penalties; removal as provider.

1 The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
2 Services may assess a civil penalty for violation of this article. In addition to the assessments the
3 secretary may remove the health care provider from any list of providers for whose services a
4 department or division may pay. Upon the secretary determining there is probable cause to believe
5 that a health care provider is knowingly violating any portion of this article, or any plan, order,
6 directive, rule or regulation issued pursuant to this article, the secretary shall provide such health
7 care provider with written notice which shall state the nature of the alleged violation and the time
8 and place at which such health care provider shall appear to show cause why a civil penalty or
9 removal from any list of providers should not be imposed, at which time and place such health care
10 provider shall be afforded an opportunity to cross-examine the secretary's witnesses and afforded

11 the opportunity to present testimony and enter evidence in support of its position. The hearing
12 shall be conducted in accordance with the administrative hearings provisions of section four,
13 article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The hearing may be conducted by the secretary or
14 a hearing officer appointed by the secretary. The secretary or hearing officer shall have the power
15 to subpoena witnesses, papers, records, documents, and other data in connection with the
16 alleged violations and to administer oaths or affirmations in any such hearing. If, after reviewing
17 the record of such hearing, the secretary determines that such health care provider is in violation
18 of this article or any plan, order, directive, rule, or regulation issued pursuant to this article, the
19 secretary may assess a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$25,000, and may
20 remove the health care provider. Any health care provider assessed or removed shall be notified of
21 the assessment or removal in writing and the notice shall specify the reasons for the assessment
22 and its amount or the reasons for removal. In any appeal by the health care provider in the circuit
23 court, the scope of the court's review, which shall include a review of the amount of the
24 assessment and any removal as a provider, shall be as provided in section four, article five,
25 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the judicial review of contested administrative cases. The
26 provider may be removed from any list of providers, based upon the final orders of the secretary,
27 pending final disposition of any appeal. Such removal order or penalty assessment may be stayed
28 by the circuit court after hearing, but may not be stayed in any ex parte proceeding. If the health
29 care provider assessed or removed has not appealed such assessments or removal and fails to
30 pay the amount of the assessment to the secretary within thirty days, the Attorney General may
31 institute a civil action in the circuit court of Kanawha County to recover the amount of the
32 assessment. Civil action under this section shall be handled in an expedited manner by the circuit
33 court and shall be assigned for hearing at the earliest possible date. The remedies set forth in this
34 section are intended only for violations of this article and shall not affect any other contractual
35 relationship between any department or division and a health care provider.

ARTICLE 29G. WEST VIRGINIA HEALTH INFORMATION NETWORK.

§16-29G-1a. Transfer of West Virginia Health Information Network.

1 (a) As used in this article, the following mean:

2 (1) "Agreement" means a document that may be entered into between the network board
3 and the corporation;

4 (2) "Assets" means the tangible and intangible personal property of the network on the
5 transfer date, including all assignable grants, all obligated funds on deposit in the network account,
6 agreements and contracts;

7 (3) "Corporation" means any nonstock, nonprofit corporation to be established under the
8 chapter thirty-one;

9 (4) "Network" means the West Virginia Health Information Network; and

10 (5) "Network account" means the West Virginia Health Information Network Account.

11 (b) By December 31, 2017, the network board of directors shall transfer the existing
12 network, the associated assets and liabilities to a private nonprofit corporation organized under
13 chapter thirty-one e of this code.

14 (c) The network board of directors may enter into agreements as they determine are
15 appropriate to implement the transfer. The agreements are exempt from the bidding and public
16 sale requirements, from the approval of contractual agreements by the Department of
17 Administration or the Attorney General and from the requirements of chapter five-a of this code.

18 (d) The initial corporation board of directors may consist of any current members of the
19 network board of directors. The current appointed network directors shall continue to serve until
20 the transfer is complete. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, officers
21 and employees of the network may be transferred considered for employment with to the
22 corporation, and any such employment shall be deemed exempt from the requirements and
23 limitations imposed by §6B-2-5 and any legislative rules promulgated thereunder.

24 (e) The corporation shall have all powers afforded to a nonprofit corporation by law and is
25 limited to those powers enumerated in this article.

26 (f) The corporation shall not be a department, unit, agency or instrumentality of the state.

27 (g) The corporation is not subject to the provisions of article nine-a, chapter six of this code,
28 Open Government Proceeding; the provisions of article two, chapter six-c of this code, the West
29 Virginia Public Employees Grievance Procedure; the provisions of article six, chapter twenty-nine
30 of this code, Civil Service System; or the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this code, Freedom
31 of Information; article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of this code, State Insurance; article ten, chapter
32 five, of this code, West Virginia Public Employees Retirement Act, or the provisions of article
33 sixteen, chapter five, of this code, West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Act.

34 (h) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
35 Health may designate the corporation as the state's health information exchange, and shall have
36 the authority to make sole source grants or enter into sole source contracts with the corporation
37 pursuant to §5A-3-10c of this code.

38 (i) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
39 Health shall have access to the data free of charge subject to the provisions of applicable state
40 and federal law.

**§16-29G-2. Creation of West Virginia Health Information Network board of directors;
powers of the board of directors.**

1 (a) The network is created under the Health Care Authority for administrative, personnel
2 and technical support purposes. The network shall be managed and operated by a board of
3 directors. The board of directors is an independent, self-sustaining board with the powers
4 specified in this article.

5 (b) The board is part-time. Each member shall devote the time necessary to carry out the
6 duties and obligations of members on the board.

7 (c) Members appointed by the Governor may pursue and engage in another business or
8 occupation or gainful employment that is not in conflict with his or her duties as a member of the
9 board.

10 (d) The board shall meet at such times as the chair may decide. Eight members of the
11 board are a quorum for the purposes of the transaction of business and for the performance of any
12 duty.

13 (e) A majority vote of the members present is required for any final determination by the
14 board. Voting by proxy is not allowed.

15 (f) The Governor may remove any board member for incompetence, misconduct, gross
16 immorality, misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance in office.

17 (g) The board shall consist of seventeen members, designated as follows:

18 (1) The Dean of the West Virginia University School of Medicine or his or her designee;

19 (2) The Dean of the Marshall University John C. Edwards School of Medicine or his or her
20 designee;

21 (3) The President of the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine or his or her
22 designee;

23 (4) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
24 Health or his or her designee;

25 (5) The President of the West Virginia Board of Pharmacy or his or her designee;

26 (6) The Director of the Public Employees Insurance Agency or his or her designee;

27 (7) The Chief Technology Officer of the Office of Technology or his or her designee;

28 (8) The Chair of the Health Care Authority or his or her designee;

29 (9) The President of the West Virginia Hospital Association or his or her designee;

30 (10) The President of the West Virginia State Medical Association or his or her designee;

31 (11) The Chief Executive Officer of the West Virginia Health Care Association or his or her
32 designee;

33 (12) The Executive Director of the West Virginia Primary Care Association or his or her
34 designee; and

35 (13) Five public members that serve at the will and pleasure of the Governor and are
36 appointed by the Governor with advice and consent of the Senate as follows:

37 (i) One member with legal expertise in matters concerning the privacy and security of
38 health care information;

39 (ii) Two physicians actively engaged in the practice of medicine in the state;

40 (iii) One member engaged in the business of health insurance who is employed by a
41 company that has its headquarters in West Virginia; and

42 (iv) The chief executive officer of a West Virginia corporation working with West Virginia
43 health care providers, insurers, businesses and government to facilitate the use of information
44 technology to improve the quality, efficiency and safety of health care for West Virginians.

45 (h) The Governor shall appoint one of the board members to serve as chair of the board at
46 the Governor's will and pleasure. The board shall annually select one of its members to serve as
47 vice chair. The Chair of the Health Care Authority shall serve as the secretary-treasurer of the
48 board.

49 (i) The public members of the board shall serve a term of four years and may serve two
50 consecutive terms. At the end of a term, a member of the board shall continue to serve until a
51 successor is appointed. Those members designated in subdivisions (1) through (12), inclusive,
52 subsection (g) of this section shall serve on the board only while holding the position that entitle
53 them to membership on the board.

54 (j) The board may propose the adoption or amendment of rules to the Health Care
55 Authority to carry out the objectives of this article.

56 (k) The board may appoint committees or subcommittees to investigate and make
57 recommendations to the full board. Members of such committees or subcommittees need not be
58 members of the board.

59 (l) Each member of the board and the board's committees and subcommittees is entitled to
60 be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred for each day or portion thereof
61 engaged in the discharge of official duties in a manner consistent with guidelines of the Travel
62 Management Office of the Department of Administration.

ARTICLE 30. WEST VIRGINIA HEALTH CARE DECISIONS ACT.

§16-30-8. Selection of a surrogate.

1 (a) When a person is or becomes incapacitated, the attending physician or the advanced
2 nurse practitioner with the assistance of other health care providers as necessary, shall select, in
3 writing, a surrogate. The attending physician or advanced nurse practitioner shall reasonably
4 attempt to determine whether the incapacitated person has appointed a representative under a
5 medical power of attorney, in accordance with the provisions of section four of this article, or if the
6 incapacitated person has a court-appointed guardian in accordance with the provisions of article
7 one, chapter forty-four-a of this code. If no representative or court-appointed guardian is
8 authorized or capable and willing to serve, the attending physician or advanced nurse practitioner
9 is authorized to select a health care surrogate. In selecting a surrogate, the attending physician or
10 advanced nurse practitioner must make a reasonable inquiry as to the existence and availability of
11 a surrogate from the following persons:

- 12 (1) The person's spouse;
- 13 (2) The person's adult children;
- 14 (3) The person's parents;
- 15 (4) The person's adult siblings;
- 16 (5) The person's adult grandchildren;
- 17 (6) The person's close friends;
- 18 (7) Any other person or entity, including, but not limited to, public agencies, public
19 guardians, public officials, public and private corporations and other persons or entities which the

20 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health may from time to time
21 designate in rules promulgated pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

22 (b) After inquiring about the existence and availability of a medical power of attorney
23 representative or a guardian as required by subsection (a) of this section and determining that
24 such persons either do not exist or are unavailable, incapable or unwilling to serve as a surrogate,
25 the attending physician or an advanced nurse practitioner shall select and rely upon a surrogate in
26 the order of priority set forth in subsection (a) of this section, subject to the following conditions:

27 (1) Where there are multiple possible surrogate decisionmakers at the same priority level,
28 the attending physician or the advanced nurse practitioner shall, after reasonable inquiry, select as
29 the surrogate the person who reasonably appears to be best qualified. The following criteria shall
30 be considered in the determination of the person or entity best qualified to serve as the surrogate:

31 (A) Whether the proposed surrogate reasonably appears to be better able to make
32 decisions either in accordance with the known wishes of the person or in accordance with the
33 person's best interests;

34 (B) The proposed surrogate's regular contact with the person prior to and during the
35 incapacitating illness;

36 (C) The proposed surrogate's demonstrated care and concern;

37 (D) The proposed surrogate's availability to visit the incapacitated person during his or her
38 illness; and

39 (E) The proposed surrogate's availability to engage in face-to-face contact with health care
40 providers for the purpose of fully participating in the decision-making process;

41 (2) The attending physician or the advanced nurse practitioner may select a proposed
42 surrogate who is ranked lower in priority if, in his or her judgment, that individual is best qualified,
43 as described in this section, to serve as the incapacitated person's surrogate. The attending
44 physician or the advanced nurse practitioner shall document in the incapacitated person's medical

45 records his or her reasons for selecting a surrogate in exception to the priority order provided in
46 subsection (a) of this section.

47 (c) The surrogate is authorized to make health care decisions on behalf of the
48 incapacitated person without a court order or judicial involvement.

49 (d) A health care provider or health care facility may rely upon the decisions of the selected
50 surrogate if the provider believes, after reasonable inquiry, that:

51 (1) A guardian or representative under a valid, applicable medical power of attorney is
52 unavailable, incapable or unwilling to serve;

53 (2) There is no other applicable advance directive;

54 (3) There is no reason to believe that such health care decisions are contrary to the
55 incapacitated person's religious beliefs; and

56 (4) The attending physician or advanced nurse practitioner has not received actual notice
57 of opposition to any health care decisions made pursuant to the provisions of this section.

58 (e) If a person who is ranked as a possible surrogate pursuant to subsection (a) of this
59 section wishes to challenge the selection of a surrogate or the health care decision of the selected
60 surrogate, he or she may seek injunctive relief or may file a petition for review of the selection of, or
61 decision of, the selected surrogate with the circuit court of the county in which the incapacitated
62 person resides or the Supreme Court of Appeals. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the
63 selection of the surrogate was valid and the person who is challenging the selection shall have the
64 burden of proving the invalidity of that selection. The challenging party shall be responsible for all
65 court costs and other costs related to the proceeding, except attorneys' fees, unless the court finds
66 that the attending physician or advanced nurse practitioner acted in bad faith, in which case the
67 person so acting shall be responsible for all costs. Each party shall be responsible for his or her
68 own attorneys' fees.

69 (f) If the attending physician or advanced nurse practitioner is advised that a person who is
70 ranked as a possible surrogate pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section has an

71 objection to a health care decision to withhold or withdraw a life-prolonging intervention which has
72 been made by the selected surrogate, the attending physician or advanced nurse practitioner shall
73 document the objection in the medical records of the patient. Once notice of an objection or
74 challenge is documented, the attending physician or advanced nurse practitioner shall notify the
75 challenging party that the decision shall be implemented in seventy-two hours unless the
76 attending physician receives a court order prohibiting or enjoining the implementation of the
77 decision as provided in subsection (e) of this section. In the event that the incapacitated person
78 has been determined to have undergone brain death and the selected surrogate has authorized
79 organ or tissue donation, the decision shall be implemented in twenty-four hours unless the
80 attending physician receives a court order prohibiting or enjoining the implementation of the
81 decision as provided in said subsection.

82 (g) If the surrogate becomes unavailable for any reason, the surrogate may be replaced by
83 applying the provisions of this section.

84 (h) If a person who ranks higher in priority relative to a selected surrogate becomes
85 available and willing to be the surrogate, the person with higher priority may be substituted for the
86 identified surrogate unless the attending physician determines that the lower-ranked person is
87 best qualified to serve as the surrogate.

88 (i) The following persons may not serve as a surrogate: (1) A treating health care provider
89 of the person who is incapacitated; (2) an employee of a treating health care provider not related to
90 the person who is incapacitated; (3) an owner, operator or administrator of a health care facility
91 serving the person who is incapacitated; or (4) any person who is an employee of an owner,
92 operator or administrator of a health care facility serving the person who is incapacitated and who
93 is not related to that person.

§16-30-25. Portable orders for scope of treatment form.

1 (a) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
2 Health shall implement the statewide distribution of standardized portable orders for scope of
3 treatment (POST) forms.

4 (b) Portable orders for scope of treatment forms shall be standardized forms used to reflect
5 orders by a qualified physician, an advanced practice registered nurse, or a physician assistant for
6 medical treatment of a person in accordance with that person's wishes or, if that person's wishes
7 are not reasonably known and cannot with reasonable diligence be ascertained, in accordance
8 with that person's best interest. The form shall be bright pink in color to facilitate recognition by
9 emergency medical services personnel and other health care providers and shall be designed to
10 provide for information regarding the care of the patient, including, but not limited to, the following:

11 (1) The orders of a qualified physician, an advanced practice registered nurse, or a
12 physician assistant regarding cardiopulmonary resuscitation, level of medical intervention in the
13 event of a medical emergency, use of antibiotics, and use of medically administered fluids and
14 nutrition and the basis for the orders;

15 (2) The signature of the qualified physician, an advanced practice registered nurse, or a
16 physician assistant;

17 (3) Whether the person has completed an advance directive or had a guardian, medical
18 power of attorney representative, or surrogate appointed;

19 (4) The signature of the person or his or her guardian, medical power of attorney
20 representative, or surrogate acknowledging agreement with the orders of the qualified physician,
21 an advanced practice registered nurse, or a physician assistant; and

22 (5) The date, location, and outcome of any review of the portable orders for scope of
23 treatment form.

24 (c) The portable orders for scope of treatment form shall be kept as the first page in a
25 person's medical record in a health care facility unless otherwise specified in the health care
26 facility's policies and procedures and shall be transferred with the person from one health care
27 facility to another.

ARTICLE 30C. DO NOT RESUSCITATE ACT.

§16-30C-13. Do-not-resuscitate order form; do-not-resuscitate identification; public education.

1 (a) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
2 Health ~~no later than July 1, 1994~~, shall implement the statewide distribution of do-not-resuscitate
3 forms as described in section six of this article.

4 (b) Do-not-resuscitate identification as set forth in this article may consist of either a
5 medical condition bracelet or necklace with the inscription of the patient's name, date of birth in
6 numerical form and "WV do-not-resuscitate" on it. Such identification shall be issued only upon
7 presentation of a properly executed do-not-resuscitate order form as set forth in section six of this
8 article, a physician orders for scope of treatment form in which a qualified physician has
9 documented a do-not-resuscitate order, or a do-not-resuscitate order properly executed in
10 accordance with a health care facility's written policy and procedure.

11 (c) The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~ ~~no later than July 1, 1994~~ shall
12 be responsible for establishing a system for the distribution of the do-not-resuscitate identification
13 bracelets and necklaces.

14 (d) The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ ~~no later than July 1,~~
15 ~~1994~~ shall develop and implement a statewide educational effort to inform the public of their right
16 to accept or refuse cardiopulmonary resuscitation and to request their physician to write a do-not-
17 resuscitate order for them.

ARTICLE 32. ASBESTOS ABATEMENT.

§16-32-2.

Definitions.

1 (a) "Asbestos" means the asbestiform varieties of chrysolite (serpentine), crocidolite
2 (riebeckite), amosite (cummintonite-grunerite), anthophyllite, tremolite and actinolite.

3 (b) "Asbestos analytical laboratory" means a facility or place which analyzes asbestos bulk
4 samples or asbestos air samples.

5 (c) "Asbestos abatement project designer" means a person who specifies engineering
6 controls, methods and work practices to be used during asbestos abatement projects.

7 (d) "Asbestos abatement supervisor" means a person responsible for direction of asbestos
8 abatement projects.

9 (e) "Asbestos clearance air monitor" means a person who performs air monitoring to
10 confirm clearance levels to establish that an area is safe for reoccupancy after an asbestos
11 abatement project.

12 (f) "Asbestos-containing material" means any material or product which contains more
13 than one percent asbestos by weight.

14 (g) "Asbestos contractor" means a person who enters into contract for an asbestos
15 abatement project.

16 (h) "Asbestos inspector" means a person employed to inspect for the presence of
17 asbestos-containing materials, evaluate the condition of such materials and collect samples for
18 asbestos content confirmation.

19 (i) "Asbestos management planner" means a person employed to interpret survey results,
20 make hazard assessment, evaluation and selection of control options or develop an operation and
21 maintenance plan.

22 (j) "Asbestos abatement project" means an activity involving the repair, removal, enclosure
23 or encapsulation of asbestos-containing material. "Asbestos abatement project" does not include
24 removal, repair and maintenance of intact oil and gas pipeline asphaltic wrap which contains
25 asbestos fibers encapsulated or coated by bituminous or resinous compounds as described in
26 subsection (d), section eleven of this article.

27 (k) "Asbestos worker" means a person who works on an asbestos abatement project.

28 (l) "Bureau" means the Bureau for Public Health. ~~of the Department of Health and Human~~
29 ~~Resources~~

30 (m) "Commissioner" means Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health or his or her
31 designee.

32 (n) "Competent person" means one who is capable of identifying existing asbestos
33 hazards in the workplace and selecting the appropriate control strategy for asbestos exposure and
34 who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them.

35 (o) "Contained work area" means designated rooms, spaces or other areas where
36 asbestos abatement activities are being performed, including decontamination structures. The
37 contained work area shall be separated from the uncontaminated environment by polyethylene
38 sheeting or other materials used in conjunction with the existing floors, ceilings and walls of the
39 structure.

40 (p) "Encapsulate" means the application of any material onto any asbestos-containing
41 material to bridge or penetrate the material to prevent fiber release.

42 (q) "Enclosure" means the permanent confinement of friable asbestos-containing
43 materials with an airtight barrier in an area not used or designed as an air plenum.

44 (r) "Friable" means material which is capable of being crumbled, pulverized or reduced to
45 powder by hand pressure of which under normal use or maintenance emits or can be expected to
46 emit asbestos fibers into the air.

47 (s) "Good faith report" means a report of conduct defined in this article as wrongdoing or
48 waste which is made without malice or consideration of personal benefit and which the person
49 making the report has reasonable cause to believe is true.

50 (t) "Intact" means that the asbestos-containing material has not crumbled, been pulverized
51 or otherwise deteriorated so that the asbestos is no longer likely to be bound with its matrix.

52 (u) "License" means a document authorizing a person to perform certain specific asbestos-
53 related work activities.

54 (v) "Person" means a corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, firm, enterprise,
55 franchise, association or any individual or entity.

56 (w) "Resilient floor covering" means floor tile, sheet vinyl and associated adhesives which
57 contain more than one percent asbestos by weight.

58 (x) "Resilient floor covering worker" means a person who is employed to remove resilient
59 floor covering in single-family dwellings.

60 (y) "Waste" means an employer's conduct or omissions which result in substantial abuse,
61 misuse, destruction or loss of funds or resources belonging to or derived from federal, state or
62 political subdivision sources.

63 (z) "Wrongdoing" means a violation which is not of a merely technical or minimal nature
64 of a federal or state statute or regulation, of a political subdivision ordinance or regulation or of a
65 code of conduct or ethics designed to protect the interest of the public or the employer.

**ARTICLE 33. BREAST AND CERVICAL CANCER PREVENTION AND CONTROL
ACT.**

§16-33-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (a) "Advisory committee" means the medical advisory committee to the breast and cervical
3 cancer detection and education program coalition established pursuant to the provisions of
4 section five of this article.

5 (b) "Approved organization" means an organization approved by the director to provide
6 medical services under section four of this article.

7 (c) "Bureau" means the state bureau of public health established pursuant to the provisions
8 of article one of this chapter.

9 (d) "Department" means the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
10 Health.

11 (e) "Director" means the director of the division of health.

12 (f) "Unserved or underserved populations" means persons having inadequate access and
13 financial resources to obtain breast and cervical cancer screening and detection services,
14 including persons who lack health insurance or whose health insurance coverage.

15 (g) "Fund" means the breast and cervical cancer diagnostic and treatment fund.

16 (h) "Qualified applicant" means a person who meets the financial and medical eligibility
17 guidelines of this article.

18 (i) "Provider" means a physician, hospital or medical provider currently licensed, operating
19 or practicing in this state.

ARTICLE 34. LICENSURE OF RADON MITIGATORS, TESTERS, CONTRACTORS

AND

LABORATORIES.

§16-34-2. Definitions.

1 (a) "Building" means a publicly or privately owned structure consisting of any combination
2 of foundations, walls, columns, girders, beams, floors and roofs, with or without other elements of
3 appurtenances.

4 (b) "Business entity" means a corporation, partnership, association, firm, sole
5 proprietorship or other entity engaged in business.

6 (c) "Director" means the ~~director of the division of health~~ Commissioner of the Bureau for
7 Health.

8 (d) "Mitigate" means to repair or alter an existing building or design for the purpose, in
9 whole or in part, of reducing the concentration of radon in the indoor atmosphere.

10 (e) "Radon" means the radioactive noble gas radon-222 and the short-lived radionuclides
11 which are products of radon-222 decay, including polonium-218, lead-214, bismuth-214 and
12 polonium-214.

13 (f) "Radon laboratory" means a business entity that offers its laboratory services for the
14 purpose of studying air, soil samples or passive radon detection devices to determine the
15 concentration of radon.

16 (g) "Radon mitigation contractor" means a business entity having at least one person
17 licensed as a radon mitigation specialist.

18 (h) "Radon mitigation specialist" means a person holding a license to install or apply
19 methods or materials to reduce airborne radon concentrations in a building or to prevent the entry
20 of radon into the indoor atmosphere.

21 (i) "Radon testers" means a business entity or person licensed to examine a building, air,
22 soil or water for the presence of radon, including taking air, soil or water samples, or the act of
23 diagnosing the cause of radon contamination in a building.

24 (j) "Secretary" means the secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
25 Department of Health.

26 (k) "Test" means the act of examining a building, soil or air for the presence of radon,
27 including taking air or soil samples, or the act of diagnosing the cause of radon contamination in a
28 building.

§16-34-3. License required and exemptions.

1 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section:

2 (1) No individual may perform radon testing or hold himself or herself out as performing
3 radon testing without a valid radon tester or mitigation specialist license;

4 (2) No individual may provide professional or expert advice on radon testing, radon
5 exposure or the health risks related to radon exposure or hold himself or herself out as providing
6 such advice without a valid radon tester or mitigation specialist license;

7 (3) No individual may provide on-site supervision of radon mitigation or hold himself or
8 herself out as providing such supervision without a valid radon mitigation specialist license;

9 (4) No individual may provide professional or expert advice on radon mitigation or radon
10 entry routes or hold himself or herself out as providing such advice without a valid radon mitigation
11 specialist license;

12 (5) No business or government entity may perform or authorize any individual employed by
13 it to perform radon mitigation or hold itself out as performing radon mitigation without a valid radon
14 mitigation contractor license; and

15 (6) No laboratory shall perform analyses of radon air and soil samples or radon detection
16 devices for the purpose of assessing radon content without a valid radon laboratory license.

17 (b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to any of the following:

18 (1) An individual, business entity or government entity performing its own radon tests or
19 mitigation on a building or real property that the individual, business entity or government entity
20 owns or leases;

21 (2) An individual, business entity or government entity conducting research regarding
22 radon testing or mitigation in accordance with section four of this article; or

23 (3) Employees of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~' radiological health
24 program.

§16-34-5. Powers and duties of the director.

1 (a) The director shall license radon testers, mitigation specialists, mitigation contractors
2 and radon laboratories located within the state. Each applicant for a license shall submit a
3 completed application to the director on a form prescribed and furnished by the director.

4 (b) The director shall issue the appropriate license to each applicant who pays the license
5 fee, meets the licensing criteria and complies with any other licensing and training requirements
6 established by the director. An individual business entity or government entity may hold more than
7 one license issued under this section, but a separate application is required for each license.

8 (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (1), subsection (a), section three of this article, the director
9 shall issue a radon mitigation contractor license on request to the holder of a radon mitigation

10 specialist license if the license holder is the owner or chief stockholder of a business entity for
11 which he or she is the only individual who will work as a radon mitigation specialist. The licensing
12 criteria and any other licensing and training requirements that the individual was required to meet
13 to qualify for the radon mitigation specialist license are hereby considered to satisfy any and all
14 criteria and requirements for a radon mitigation contractor license. A license issued under this
15 section expires at the same time as the individual's radon mitigation specialist license.

16 (d) A license issued under this section expires annually and may be renewed by the
17 director in accordance with criteria and procedures established by the director under section six of
18 this article and upon payment of the prescribed license renewal fee.

19 (e) The director may:

20 (1) Refuse to issue a license to an individual, business entity or government entity that
21 does not meet the requirements of this article or the rules adopted under this article or that has
22 violated the provisions of this article or of any rules promulgated under this article; or

23 (2) Suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of an individual, business entity or
24 government entity that is or has been in violation of the requirements of this article or the rules
25 adopted under this article.

26 (f) The director shall approve and assess fees for all of the following:

27 (1) Licenses for radon testers, mitigation specialists, mitigation contractors and radon
28 laboratories;

29 (2) Accredited training courses for radon testers and mitigation specialists; and

30 (3) Training courses for employees of mitigation contractors.

31 (g) Each applicant for approval shall submit a completed application to the director on a
32 form the director shall prescribe and furnish.

33 (h) In accordance with rules adopted under section six of this article, the director shall issue
34 the appropriate approval to each applicant that pays the approval fee and meets the criteria for
35 approval.

36 (i) The director may refuse to issue an approval and may revoke or suspend an approval
37 issued under this section if the operator of the course or laboratory fails to meet the established
38 criteria.

39 (j) The director shall do all of the following:

40 (1) Administer the radon licensing program established by this article and enforce the
41 requirements of this article and the rules adopted under this article;

42 (2) Examine the records of radon testers, mitigation specialists, mitigation contractors and
43 radon laboratories and training courses approved under section seven of this article as he or she
44 considers necessary to determine whether they are in compliance with the requirements of this
45 article and the rules adopted under this article;

46 (3) Coordinate the radon licensing program with any radon programs in schools;

47 (4) Collect and disseminate information relating to radon in this state; and

48 (5) Conduct research on indoor radon contamination, which may include a statewide
49 survey on radon contamination.

50 (k) The director may do any of the following:

51 (1) Conduct inspections as he or she considers necessary to determine whether the
52 requirements of this article and the rules adopted under this article have been met;

53 (2) Conduct training programs and establish and collect fees to cover the cost of
54 conducting them;

55 (3) Advise, consult, cooperate with and, with the consent of the secretary, enter into
56 contracts or grant agreements with any individual business entity, government entity, interstate
57 agency or the federal government as he or she considers appropriate to fulfill the requirements of
58 this article and the rules adopted under this article; and

59 (4) Collect the information required to be reported to him or her under any rules adopted
60 under section six of this article.

61 (l) Nothing in this article shall be construed to allow the director to:

- 62 (1) Require the performance of a test for radon;
63 (2) Regulate construction practices; or
64 (3) Regulate the retail sales of radon test kits for use by individuals to do their own radon
65 testing in buildings owned by them.

§16-34-6. Rules.

1 (a) To protect the health of individuals inhabiting, occupying or frequenting buildings, the
2 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health shall adopt rules to implement
3 the requirements of this article. All rules adopted under this section shall be adopted in accordance
4 with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

5 (b) The secretary shall adopt rules:

6 (1) Establishing criteria and procedures to be followed in issuing and renewing licenses to
7 radon testers, mitigation specialists or mitigation contractors, as well as the fees for the licenses.

8 The rules may require that all applicants for licensure as a radon tester or mitigation specialist
9 pass an examination. If an examination is required, the rules may require applicants to pass an
10 examination conducted by the division of health or by a training center accredited by the director;

11 (2) Establishing criteria and procedures to be followed in approving and accrediting
12 training courses under section five of this article. The rules shall require the participants in training
13 courses to pass an examination conducted by the operator of the course;

14 (3) Establishing criteria and procedures in approving and licensing radon laboratories;

15 (4) Establishing standards to be followed by licensed radon testers, mitigation specialists,
16 mitigation contractors and radon laboratories for the prevention of hazards to the public health,
17 including standards for worker protection, record keeping and the training of employees or radon
18 testers and mitigation contractors;

19 (5) Establishing procedures to be followed by an individual business entity or government
20 entity licensed by another state to practice as a radon tester, mitigation specialist, mitigation

21 contractor or radon laboratory in providing notice to the director prior to commencing practice in
22 this state pursuant to section three of this article; and

23 (6) That require licensed radon testers and mitigation specialists to report to the director, by
24 street address, radon test results. The rules shall require the reporting of the identity of the radon
25 laboratory involved, screening measurements, follow-up measurements, postmitigation
26 measurements and, if it is known that mitigation was performed, the methods of mitigation that
27 were used. Any information required to be reported to the director under the rules is not a public
28 record and shall not be released except in aggregate statistical form.

§16-34-9. Record keeping and confidentiality.

1 (a) The director, any employee of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
2 Department of Health, or any individual, business entity or government entity with which the
3 director enters into an agreement under §16-34-5(k)(3), shall not release information collected
4 pursuant to this article concerning a specific building used as a private residence or the real
5 property upon which it is located to anyone other than the owner or occupant of the building or real
6 property without his or her consent: *Provided*, That the director may release information if he or
7 she determines that the release is necessary for use in conducting legitimate scientific studies or
8 the information is released in summary statistical or other form that does not reasonably tend to
9 disclose the address of the building or real property or the identity of the owner or occupant.

10 (b) The ~~division of health~~ bureau shall maintain information pursuant to this article and the
11 rules adopted under this article for at least three years. The ~~division~~ bureau may destroy any
12 information that it has maintained for three years.

§16-34-13. Reprimands; suspension or revocation of license; orders; hearings.

1 (a) The director shall suspend or revoke the license of or reprimand a radon tester,
2 mitigator, contractor or laboratory if the licensee:

3 (1) Fraudulently or deceptively obtains or attempts to obtain a license;

4 (2) Fails at any time to meet the qualifications for a license or to comply with the
5 requirements of this article or any applicable rules adopted by the secretary;

6 (3) Fails to meet applicable federal or state standards for radon testing or radon mitigation;
7 or

8 (4) Employs or permits an individual without a radon tester's license or a radon mitigator's
9 license to supervise work on a radon project.

10 (b) The director shall investigate all alleged violations reported to the ~~division of health-~~
11 bureau. Upon the finding of a violation in connection with any project involving radon testing or
12 mitigation, the director shall issue a cease and desist order directing that all work be halted
13 immediately. Where practicable, the director shall deliver a copy of the order by certified mail,
14 return receipt requested, to the radon tester and radon mitigator.

15 (c) Hearings regarding violations of this article shall be conducted in accordance with the
16 administrative procedures act of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

ARTICLE 37. BODY PIERCING STUDIO BUSINESS.

§16-37-2. Definitions.

1 (a) "Adequate ventilation" means a free and unrestricted circulation of fresh air throughout
2 the body piercing studio and the expulsion of foul or stagnant air.

3 (b) "Antimicrobial solution" means any solution used to retard the growth of
4 microorganisms.

5 (c) "Body piercing" means to puncture the skin for the purpose of creating a hole to be
6 decorated or adorned, but does not include the use of a mechanized, presterilized ear-piercing
7 system that penetrates the outer perimeter or lobe of the ear or both.

8 (d) "Body piercing studio" means any room or space where body piercing is practiced or
9 where the business of body piercing or any part thereof is conducted.

10 (e) "Operator" means any person who is registered with the state to operate, control or
11 manage a body piercing studio, and whose studio has been issued an operating permit by the
12 local board of health.

13 (f) "Single use" means products, instruments or items that are used one time on one client
14 and then properly disposed of in accordance with rules of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
15 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health regarding the disposal of medical wastes.

16 (g) "Standard precautions" means that all blood and body fluids are treated so as to contain
17 all blood-borne pathogens and all proper precautions are taken to prevent the spread of any blood-
18 borne pathogens.

19 (h) "Technician" means an individual who engages in the practice of body piercing.

§16-37-4. Rules to be proposed by the Department of Health.

1 (a) ~~On or before July 1, 2000, the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ The
2 Department of Health shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions
3 of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, which rules shall provide at a minimum:

4 (1) General physical requirements for facilities and equipment, including requirements for
5 adequate ventilation and lighting;

6 (2) Record keeping requirements and forms;

7 (3) Written notification of the risks of body piercing procedures and minimum age
8 requirements;

9 (4) Body piercing procedures, including, but not limited to, safety and sterilization
10 procedures; the use of antimicrobial solutions, needles, single use instruments and other
11 instruments; the exercise of standard precautions; and instructions on the care of the skin after
12 body piercing procedures;

13 (5) Permitting requirements for operators and technicians, including fees for permits and
14 renewals of permits sufficient to cover the costs of inspecting facilities and administering this
15 article; and

16 (6) For the disposal of waste in compliance with the rules of the ~~Department of Health and~~
17 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health regarding the disposal of medical wastes.

18 (b) The rules required by this section may also include provisions on training or educational
19 requirements or materials; health screenings for technicians; and any other provisions considered
20 necessary to protect the public or assure adequate health and safety.

21 (c) The rules may also include limitations or prohibitions on the performance of certain
22 procedures, including, but not limited to, procedures referred to as cutting, branding and
23 scarification, which are identified as posing a risk to the public health and safety.

24 ~~(d) Before December 1, 2000, the department shall report to the Legislature on permanent~~
25 ~~body alteration activities, including, but not limited to, procedures referred to as cutting, branding~~
26 ~~and scarification, and identify those activities that pose a risk to the public health and safety, and~~
27 ~~report its recommendations for legislation.~~

ARTICLE 38. TATTOO STUDIO BUSINESS.

§16-38-3. Operation standards.

1 (a) *Records.* —

2 (1) Proper records of tattoos administered shall be maintained for each patron by the
3 holder of the studio registration;

4 (2) A record shall be prepared for each patron prior to any procedure being performed and
5 shall include the patron's name and signature, address, age, date tattooed, design of the tattoo,
6 location of the tattoo on the patron's body and the name of the tattoo artist who performed the
7 work;

8 (3) Record entries shall be in ink or indelible pencil and shall be available for examination
9 by the inspecting authorities provided in §16-38-6 of this code;

10 (4) Before tattoo administration, the owner or tattoo artist shall discuss with the patron the
11 risks involved in the tattoo requested, including the potential that a tattoo may interfere with the
12 clinical reading of a magnetic resonance imaging study, should the patron intending to be tattooed

13 ever encounter a medical need for such a study. The owner shall provide the patron with written
14 information regarding the possible complications that may arise from receiving a tattoo. The
15 written information shall be prepared by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
16 Department of Health. Receipt of the information shall be acknowledged in writing by the patron.
17 The owner or tattoo artist shall also keep and maintain the acknowledgment as part of the patron's
18 record pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (5) of this subsection.

19 (5) All records required by this section shall be kept on file for five years by the holder of the
20 studio registration for the studio in which the tattoo was performed.

21 (b) *Consent.* —

22 (1) Prior written consent for tattooing of minors shall be obtained from one parent or
23 guardian;

24 (2) All written consents shall be kept on file for five years by the holder of the studio
25 registration for the tattoo studio in which the tattoo was performed;

26 (3) The person receiving the tattoo shall attest to the fact that he or she is not intoxicated or
27 under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

28 (c) *Tattooing procedures.* —

29 (1) Printed instructions on the care of the skin after tattooing shall be given to each patron
30 as a precaution to prevent infection;

31 (2) A copy of the printed instructions shall be posted in a conspicuous place, clearly visible
32 to the person being tattooed;

33 (3) Each tattoo artist shall wear a clean outer garment, i.e., apron, smock, T-shirt, etc.;

34 (4) Tattoo artists who are experiencing diarrhea, vomiting, fever, rash, productive cough,
35 jaundice, draining or open skin infections such as boils which could be indicative of more serious
36 conditions such as, but not limited to, impetigo, scabies, hepatitis-b, HIV or AIDS shall refrain from
37 tattooing activities until such time as they are no longer experiencing or exhibiting the
38 aforementioned symptoms;

39 (5) Before working on each patron, the fingernails and hands of the tattoo artist shall be
40 thoroughly washed and scrubbed with hot running water, antibacterial soap and an individual hand
41 brush that is clean and in good repair;

42 (6) The tattoo artist's hands shall be air blown dried or dried by a single-use towel. In
43 addition, disposable latex examination gloves shall be worn during the tattoo process. The gloves
44 shall be changed each time there is an interruption in the tattoo application, the gloves become
45 torn or punctured or whenever their ability to function as a barrier is compromised;

46 (7) Only sterilized or single-use, disposable razors shall be used to shave the area to be
47 tattooed;

48 (8) Immediately prior to beginning the tattoo procedure, the affected skin area shall be
49 treated with an antibacterial solution;

50 (9) If an acetate stencil is used by a tattoo artist for transferring the design to the skin, the
51 acetate stencil shall be thoroughly cleaned and rinsed in a germicidal solution for at least 20
52 minutes and then dried with sterile gauze or dried in the air on a sanitized surface after each use;

53 (10) If a paper stencil is used by a tattoo artist for transferring the design to the skin, the
54 paper stencil shall be single-use and disposable;

55 (11) If the design is drawn directly onto the skin, the design shall be applied with a single-
56 use article only.

57 (d) *Dyes or pigments.* —

58 (1) Only nontoxic sterile dyes or pigments shall be used and shall be prepared in sterilized
59 or disposable single-use containers for each patron;

60 (2) After tattooing, the unused dye or pigment in the single-use containers shall be
61 discarded along with the container;

62 (3) All dyes or pigments used in tattooing shall be from professional suppliers specifically
63 providing dyes or pigments for the tattooing of human skin.

64 (e) *Sterilization of needles.* —

65 (1) A set of individual, sterilized needles shall be used for each patron;

66 (2) No less than 24 sets of sterilized needles and tubes shall be on hand for the entire day
67 or night operation. Unused sterilized instruments shall be re-sterilized at intervals of no more than
68 six months from the date of the last sterilization;

69 (3) Used, nondisposable instruments shall be kept in a separate, puncture resistant
70 container until brush scrubbed in hot water and soap and then sterilized by autoclaving;

71 (4) If used instruments are ultrasonically cleaned prior to being placed in the used
72 instrument container, they shall be ultrasonically cleaned and then rinsed under running hot water
73 prior to being placed in the used instrument container;

74 (5) The ultrasonic unit shall be sanitized daily with a germicidal solution;

75 (6) If used instruments are not ultrasonically cleaned prior to being placed in the used
76 instrument container, they shall be kept in a germicidal or soap solution until brush scrubbed in hot
77 water and soap and then sterilized by autoclaving;

78 (7) All nondisposable instruments, including the needle tubes, shall be sterilized and shall
79 be handled and stored in such a manner as to prevent contamination. Instruments to be sterilized
80 shall be sealed in bags made specifically for the purpose of autoclave sterilization and shall
81 include the date of sterilization. If nontransparent sterilization bags are utilized, the bag shall also
82 list the contents;

83 (8) Autoclave sterilization bags, with a color code indicator which changes color upon
84 proper steam sterilization, shall be utilized during the autoclave sterilization process;

85 (9) Instruments shall be placed in the autoclave in such a manner as to allow live steam to
86 circulate around them;

87 (10) No rusty, defective or faulty instruments shall be kept in the studio.

88 (f) *Aftercare of tattoo.* —

89 The completed tattoo shall be washed with a single-use towel saturated with an
90 antibacterial solution.

91 (g) It is unlawful for any person to perform or offer to perform scleral tattooing upon a
92 person.

ARTICLE 42. CORE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CRISIS SERVICES SYSTEM.

§16-42-1. Definitions.

1 In this article the following words have the meanings indicated:

2 "988 Crisis Hotline Center" or "hotline center" means a state-identified center participating
3 in the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline Network to respond to statewide or regional 988 calls.

4 "Commercial mobile radio service provider" or "CMRS provider" means cellular licensees,
5 broadband personal communications services (PCS) licensees, and specialized mobile radio
6 (SMR) providers, as those terms are defined by the Federal Communications Commission, which
7 offer on a post-paid or prepaid basis or via a combination of those two methods, real-time, two-way
8 switched voice service that is interconnected with the public switched network and includes
9 resellers of any commercial mobile radio service.

10 "Crisis receiving and stabilization services" means facilities providing short-term (under 24
11 hours) with capacity for diagnosis, initial management, observation, crisis stabilization, and follow-
12 up referral services to all persons in a home-like environment.

13 "Department" means the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
14 Department of Human Services.

15 "Federal Communications Commission" or "FCC" means the federal governmental agency
16 that regulates interstate and international communications by radio, television, wire, satellite, and
17 cable in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. territories. An independent U.S.
18 government agency overseen by Congress, the Commission is the United States' primary
19 authority for communications law, regulation, and technological innovation.

20 "National Suicide Prevention Lifeline" or "NSPL" means the national network of local crisis
21 centers that provides free and confidential emotional support to people in suicidal crisis or
22 emotional distress 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Membership as an NSPL center requires

23 nationally recognized certification which includes evidence-based training for all staff and
24 volunteers in the management of calls.

25 "Peers" means individuals employed on the basis of their personal lived experience
26 of mental illness and/or addiction and recovery who meet the state's peer certification
27 requirements where applicable.

28 "Secretary" means the Secretary of the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human~~
29 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health.

30 "Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration" means the agency within
31 the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services that leads public health efforts to advance the
32 behavioral health of the nation.

33 "988 Suicide Prevention and Mental Health Crisis Hotline" means the National Suicide
34 Prevention Lifeline (NSPL) or its successor maintained by the Assistant Secretary for Mental
35 Health and Substance Use under section 520E-3 of the Public Health Service Act.

36 "Veterans Crisis Line" or "VCL" means Veterans Crisis Line maintained by the Secretary of
37 Veterans Affairs under section 1720F(h) of Title 38, United States Code.

ARTICLE 44. THE PULSE OXIMETRY NEWBORN TESTING ACT.

§16-44-2. Pulse oximetry screening required; definition; rules.

1 (a) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health shall require each birthing facility
2 licensed by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health to perform a
3 pulse oximetry screening on every newborn in its care, when the baby is twenty-four to forty-eight
4 hours of age, or as late as possible if the baby is to be discharged from the hospital before he or
5 she is twenty-four hours of age.

6 (b) As used in this article, "birthing facility" means an inpatient or ambulatory health care
7 facility licensed by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health that
8 provides birthing and newborn care services.

9 (c) The commissioner shall adopt procedural rules and propose legislative rules for
10 legislative approval, in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of
11 this code, that are necessary to carry out the purposes of this article.

ARTICLE 48. WEST VIRGINIA ABLE ACT.

§16-48-5. Use of financial organizations as program depositories and managers.

1 (a) The Treasurer may implement the program through use of financial organizations as
2 account depositories and managers. The Treasurer may solicit proposals from financial
3 organizations to act as depositories and managers of the program. Financial organizations
4 submitting proposals shall describe the investment instruments which will be held in accounts. The
5 Treasurer may select more than one financial organization and investment instrument for the
6 program. The Treasurer shall select financial organizations to act as program depositories and
7 managers from among the bidding financial organizations that demonstrate the most
8 advantageous combination, both to potential program participants and this state of the following
9 criteria:

10 (1) The financial stability and integrity of the financial organization;

11 (2) The safety of the investment instrument being offered;

12 (3) The ability of the financial organization to satisfy recordkeeping and reporting
13 requirements;

14 (4) The financial organization's plan for promoting the program and the investment the
15 organization is willing to make to promote the program;

16 (5) The fees, if any, proposed to be charged to the account owners;

17 (6) The minimum initial deposit and minimum contributions that the financial organization
18 will require;

19 (7) The ability of the financial organization to accept electronic withdrawals, including
20 payroll deduction plans; and

21 (8) Other benefits to the state or its residents included in the proposal, including fees
22 payable to the state to cover expenses of operation of the program.

23 (b) The Treasurer may enter into any contracts with a financial organization necessary to
24 effectuate the provisions of this article. Any management contract shall include, at a minimum,
25 terms requiring the financial organization to:

26 (1) Take any action required to keep the program in compliance with requirements of this
27 article and any actions not contrary to its contract to manage the program to qualify as a "qualified
28 ABLE program" as defined in Section 529a of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
29 amended;

30 (2) Keep adequate records of each account, keep each account segregated from each
31 other account and provide the Treasurer with the information necessary to prepare the statements
32 required by section six of this article, and amendments thereto;

33 (3) Compile and total information contained in statements required to be prepared under
34 section six of this article, and amendments thereto, and provide such compilations to the
35 Treasurer;

36 (4) If there is more than one program manager, provide the Treasurer with such information
37 as is necessary to determine compliance with section six of this article;

38 (5) Provide the Treasurer with access to the books and records of the program manager to
39 the extent needed to determine compliance with the contract, this article and Section 529a of the
40 federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

41 (6) Hold all accounts for the benefit of the account owner or owners;

42 (7) Be audited at least annually by a firm of certified public accountants selected by the
43 program manager and provide the results of such audit to the Treasurer;

44 (8) Provide the Treasurer with copies of all regulatory filings and reports made by the
45 financial organization during the term of the management contract or while the financial
46 organization is holding any accounts, other than confidential filings or reports that will not become

47 part of the program. The program manager shall make available for review by the Treasurer the
48 results of any periodic examination of such manager by any state or federal banking, insurance or
49 securities commission, except to the extent that such report or reports may not be disclosed under
50 law; and

51 (9) Ensure that any description of the program, whether in writing or through the use of any
52 media, is consistent with the marketing plan developed pursuant to the provisions of this article.

53 (c) The Treasurer may:

54 (1) Enter into such contracts as it deems necessary and proper for the implementation of
55 the program;

56 (2) Require that an audit be conducted of the operations and financial position of the
57 program depository and manager at any time if the Treasurer has any reason to be concerned
58 about the financial position, the record keeping practices or the status of accounts of such program
59 depository and manager; and

60 (3) Terminate or not renew a management agreement. If the Treasurer terminates or does
61 not renew a management agreement, the Treasurer shall take custody of accounts held by such
62 program manager and shall seek to promptly transfer such accounts to another financial
63 organization that is selected as a program manager or depository and into investment instruments
64 as similar to the original instruments as possible.

65 (d) The Treasurer and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
66 Human Services are authorized to exchange data regarding eligible individuals to carry out the
67 purposes of this act.

**§16-48-6. Establishment of ABLE savings account by designated beneficiary or person or
entity with signature authority.**

1 (a) Any ABLE savings accounts established pursuant to the provisions of this article shall
2 be opened and managed by a designated beneficiary or a person or entity with signature authority,
3 according to the ABLE Act.

4 (b) Each designated beneficiary may have only one account.

5 (c) In the absence of a conservator, a guardian may manage an ABLE account regardless
6 of the amount of a designated beneficiary's personal assets. The ~~Department of Health and~~
7 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may not manage an ABLE account.

8 (d) The Treasurer may require a designated beneficiary or a person with signature
9 authority to submit an application to the Treasurer to establish an account. The Treasurer may
10 establish a nonrefundable application fee. An application for such account shall be in the form
11 prescribed by the Treasurer and contain:

12 (1) The name, address, and social security number of the designated beneficiary;

13 (2) The name, address, and social security number or federal employer identification
14 number of the person or entity opening or managing the ABLE account on behalf of the designated
15 beneficiary;

16 (3) A certification relating to no excess contributions; and

17 (4) Any additional information as the Treasurer may require.

18 (e) Any person may make contributions to an ABLE savings account after the account is
19 opened, subject to the limitations imposed by the ABLE Act.

20 (f) Contributions to ABLE savings accounts may only be made in cash. The Treasurer or
21 program manager shall reject or promptly withdraw:

22 (1) Contributions in excess of the limits established pursuant to subsection (e), or

23 (2) The total contributions if the:

24 (A) Value of the account is equal to or greater than the account maximum established by
25 the Treasurer. Such account maximum must be equal to the account maximum for postsecondary
26 education savings accounts established pursuant to §18-30-1 *et seq.* of this code; or

27 (B) The designated beneficiary is not an eligible individual in the current calendar year.

28 (g) (1) An account owner may:

29 (A) Change the designated beneficiary of an account to an eligible individual who is a
30 member of the family of the prior designated beneficiary in accordance with procedures
31 established by the Treasurer; and

32 (B) Transfer all or a portion of an account to another ABLE savings account, the designated
33 beneficiary of which is a member of the family as defined in the ABLE Act.

34 (2) No account owner may use an interest in an account as security for a loan. Any pledge
35 of an interest in an account is of no force and effect.

36 (h) (1) Distributions may be made from the account for payment of any qualified disability
37 expense for the designated beneficiary of the account made in accordance with the provisions of
38 this article.

39 (2) Any distribution from an account to any individual or for the benefit of any individual
40 during a calendar year shall be reported to the federal Internal Revenue Service and each account
41 owner, the designated beneficiary, or the distributee to the extent required by state or federal law.

42 (3) Statements shall be provided to each account owner at least four times each year
43 within 30 days after the end of the three-month period to which a statement relates. The statement
44 shall identify the contributions made during the preceding three-month period, the total
45 contributions made to the account through the end of the period, the value of the account at the
46 end of such period, distributions made during such period, and any other information that the
47 Treasurer requires to be reported to the account owner.

48 (4) Statements and information relating to accounts shall be prepared and filed to the
49 extent required by this article and any other state or federal law.

50 (i) (1) The program shall provide separate accounting for each designated beneficiary. An
51 annual fee may be imposed upon the account owner for the maintenance of an account.

52 (2) Moneys in an ABLE savings account or a qualified withdrawal:

53 (A) Are exempt from attachment, execution, or garnishment;

54 (B) Are disregarded for the purposes of determining eligibility for or the amount of a public
55 assistance program, unless required by federal law;

56 (C) Are not subject to claims by the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human~~
57 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services unless required by federal law; and

58 (D) On the death of the designated beneficiary, shall be transferred to the estate of the
59 designed beneficiary, unless prohibited by federal law.

ARTICLE 50. EPINEPHRINE AUTO-INJECTOR AVAILABILITY AND USE.

§16-50-1. Definitions.

1 As used in this article the term:

2 (1) "Administer" means to directly apply an epinephrine auto-injector to the body of an
3 individual.

4 (2) "Authorized entity" means an entity or organization where allergens capable of causing
5 a severe allergic reaction may be present.

6 (3) "Authorized health care practitioner" means an allopathic physician licensed to practice
7 pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter thirty of this code and an osteopathic physician
8 licensed to practice pursuant to the provisions of article fourteen, chapter thirty of this code.

9 (4) "Department" means the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
10 Health.

11 (5) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used for the automatic injection
12 of a premeasured dose of epinephrine into the human body.

13 (6) "Self-administration" means an individual's discretionary administration of an
14 epinephrine auto-injector on herself or himself.

ARTICLE 53. ESTABLISHING ADDITIONAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT FACILITIES.

§16-53-1. Establishment of substance use disorder treatment and recovery services.

1 (a) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
2 Human Services shall ensure that substance use disorder treatment or recovery services, or both,

3 are made available in locations throughout the state which the department determines to be the
4 highest priority for serving the needs of the state.

5 (b) The secretary shall identify and allocate funds to appropriate facilities to provide
6 substance use disorder treatment services, which shall be provided via an inpatient or outpatient
7 service model. These facilities shall:

8 (1) Give preference to West Virginia residents;

9 (2) Accept payment from private pay patients, third person payors, or patients covered by
10 Medicaid;

11 (3) Offer treatment, based upon need;

12 (4) Work closely with the Adult Drug Court Program, provided for in §62-15-1 *et seq.* of this
13 code; and

14 (5) Be licensed by this state to provide substance use disorder treatment services.

15 (c) The secretary shall identify and allocate funds to appropriate facilities to provide
16 recovery services. Peer-led facilities shall follow standards set forth by the National Alliance for
17 Recovery Residences and offer access to peer support services.

18 (d) Other programs or projects designed to address substance use disorder, and a study or
19 studies designed to evaluate substance use prevention education programs in schools, may be
20 eligible for funding at the secretary's discretion and as funds are available.

§16-53-2. Establishing the Ryan Brown Addiction Prevention and Recovery Fund.

1 The Ryan Brown Addiction Prevention and Recovery Fund is hereby created in the state
2 treasury as a special revenue account. The fund shall be administered by the Secretary of the
3 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and shall consist of
4 all moneys made available for the purposes of this article from any source, including, but not
5 limited to, all grants, bequests or transfers from any source, any moneys that may be appropriated
6 and designated for those purposes by the Legislature and all interest or other return earned from
7 investment of the fund, gifts, and all other sums available for deposit to the special revenue

8 account from any source, public or private. Expenditures from the fund shall be for the purposes
9 set forth in this article and are not authorized from collections but are to be made only in
10 accordance with appropriation by the Legislature and in accordance with the provisions of article
11 three, chapter twelve of this code and upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two,
12 chapter eleven-b of this code. Upon the effective date of this section, the attorney general and any
13 public official with custody or control of the proceeds recovered for the state pursuant to settlement
14 agreement dated January 9, 2017, in that certain civil action then pending in Boone County,
15 designated Civil Action No. 12-C-141, shall forthwith transfer, or cause the transfer, of those
16 proceeds into the Ryan Brown Addiction Prevention and Recovery Fund in the manner directed by
17 the state treasurer pursuant to articles one and two, chapter twelve of this code and all other
18 applicable law.

§16-53-3. Rulemaking.

1 The Secretary of the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
2 Department of Human Services shall promulgate emergency rules pursuant to the provisions of
3 §29A-3-15 of this code to effectuate the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE 57. SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST PREVENTION ACT.

§16-57-3. Applicability, educational materials, removal from play, and training.

1 (a) The Department of Education, working in conjunction with the State Health Officer, ~~of~~
2 ~~the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ shall develop educational materials and
3 guidelines, including a warning sign information sheet, regarding sudden cardiac arrest, including,
4 but not limited to, symptoms and warning signs for students of all ages and risks associated with
5 continuing to play or practice after experiencing the following symptoms: Fainting or seizures
6 during exercise, unexplained shortness of breath, chest pains, dizziness, racing heart, or extreme
7 fatigue. Training materials shall be developed for the use of parents, students, coaches, and
8 administrators.

9 (b) The educational materials and other relevant materials shall be posted on the website
10 of the Department of Education, ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of

11 Health, and public schools to inform and educate parents, students, and coaches participating, or
12 desiring to participate in, an athletic activity about the nature and warning signs of sudden cardiac
13 arrest.

14 (c) Prior to the start of each athletic season, a school subject to this section shall hold an
15 informational meeting for students, parents, guardians, or other persons having care or charge of
16 a student regarding the warning signs of sudden cardiac arrest for children of all ages.

17 (d) No student may participate in an athletic activity until the student has submitted to a
18 designated school official, a form signed by the student and the parent, guardian, or other person
19 having care or charge of the student stating that the student and the parent, guardian, or other
20 person having care or charge of the student have received and reviewed a copy of the information
21 developed by the departments of health and education and posted on their respective webpages.
22 A completed form shall be submitted each school year in which the student participates in an
23 athletic activity.

24 (e) No individual may coach an athletic activity unless the individual has completed, on an
25 annual basis, the sudden cardiac arrest training course approved by the Department of Education
26 and ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health.

27 (f) A student shall not be allowed to participate in an athletic activity if either of the following
28 is the case:

29 (1) The student is known to have exhibited syncope or fainting at any time prior to or
30 following an athletic activity and has not been evaluated and cleared for return after exhibiting
31 syncope or fainting; or

32 (2) The student experiences syncope or fainting while participating in, or immediately
33 following, an athletic activity.

34 (g) If a student is not allowed to participate in or is removed from participation in an athletic
35 activity under subsection (f) of this section, the student shall not be allowed to return to
36 participation until the student is evaluated and cleared for return in writing by any of the following:

- 37 (1) A physician authorized under §30-3-1 *et seq.* and §30-14-1 *et seq.* of this code;
38 (2) A certified nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or certified nurse midwife; or
39 (3) A physician assistant licensed under §30-3E-1 *et seq.* and §30-14A-1 *et seq.* of this
40 code.

41 (h) The licensed health care professional may consult with any other licensed or certified
42 health care professionals in order to determine whether a student is ready to participate in the
43 athletic activity.

44 (i) The governing body of a school shall establish penalties for a coach found in violation of
45 the requirements of subsection (f) of this section.

46 (j) A school district, member of a school district, board of education, school district
47 employee or volunteer, including a coach, is not liable for damages in a civil action for injury, death,
48 or loss to person or property allegedly arising from providing services or performing duties under
49 this section, unless the act or omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct. This section does
50 not eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that a school district, member of a
51 board of education, or school district employee or volunteer, including a coach, may be entitled to
52 under the law of this state.

§16-57-4. Rulemaking.

1 The Department of Education, acting in conjunction with the ~~Department of Health and~~
2 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health, may propose rules for legislative approval in
3 accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code that are necessary to effectuate the provisions of
4 this article.

ARTICLE 59. CERTIFICATION OF RECOVERY RESIDENCES.

§16-59-1. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, the term:

- 2 (1) "Certificate of compliance" means a certificate that is issued to a recovery residence by
3 the department's appointed certifying agency.

4 (2) "Certified recovery residence" means a recovery residence that holds a valid certificate
5 of compliance.

6 (3) "Department" means the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
7 Human Services.

8 (4) "Recovery residence" means a single-family, drug-free, and alcohol-free residential
9 dwelling unit, or other form of group housing, that is offered or advertised by any person or entity
10 as a residence that provides a drug-free and alcohol-free living environment for the purposes of
11 promoting sustained, long-term recovery from substance use disorder.

CHAPTER 16A. MEDICAL CANNABIS ACT.

ARTICLE

2.

DEFINITIONS.

§16A-2-1. Definitions.

1 (a) The following words and phrases when used in this chapter shall have the meanings
2 given to them in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

3 (1) "Act" means the West Virginia Medical Cannabis Act and the provisions contained in
4 §60A-1-101 *et seq.* of this code.

5 (2) "Advisory board" means the advisory board established under §16A-11-1 *et seq.* of this
6 code.

7 (3) "Bureau" means the Bureau for Public Health within the ~~West Virginia Department of~~
8 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health.

9 (4) "Caregiver" means the individual designated by a patient or, if the patient is under 18
10 years of age, an individual authorized under §16A-5-1 *et seq.* of this code, to deliver medical
11 cannabis.

12 (5) "Certified medical use" means the acquisition, possession, use, or transportation of
13 medical cannabis by a patient, or the acquisition, possession, delivery, transportation, or
14 administration of medical cannabis by a caregiver, for use as part of the treatment of the patient's

15 serious medical condition, as authorized in a certification under this act, including enabling the
16 patient to tolerate treatment for the serious medical condition.

17 (6) "Change in control" means the acquisition by a person or group of persons acting in
18 concert of a controlling interest in an applicant or permittee either all at one time or over the span of
19 a 12-consecutive-month period.

20 (7) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health.

21 (8) "Continuing care" means treating a patient, in the course of which the practitioner has
22 completed a full assessment of the patient's medical history and current medical condition,
23 including an in-person consultation with the patient, and is able to document and make a medical
24 diagnosis based upon the substantive treatment of the patient.

25 (9) "Controlling interest" means:

26 (A) For a publicly traded entity, voting rights that entitle a person to elect or appoint one or
27 more of the members of the board of directors or other governing board or the ownership or
28 beneficial holding of five percent or more of the securities of the publicly traded entity.

29 (B) For a privately held entity, the ownership of any security in the entity.

30 (10) "Dispensary" means a person, including a natural person, corporation, partnership,
31 association, trust, or other entity, or any combination thereof, which holds a permit issued by the
32 bureau to dispense medical cannabis. The term does not include a health care medical cannabis
33 organization as defined in §16A-13-1 *et seq.* of this code.

34 (11) "Family or household member" means the same as defined in §48-27-204 of this
35 code.

36 (12) "Financial backer" means an investor, mortgagee, bondholder, note holder, or other
37 source of equity, capital, or other assets, other than a financial institution.

38 (13) "Financial institution" means a bank, a national banking association, a bank and trust
39 company, a trust company, a savings and loan association, a building and loan association, a
40 mutual savings bank, a credit union, or a savings bank.

41 (14) "Form of medical cannabis" means the characteristics of the medical cannabis
42 recommended or limited for a particular patient, including the method of consumption and any
43 particular dosage, strain, variety and quantity, or percentage of medical cannabis or particular
44 active ingredient.

45 (15) "Fund" means the Medical Cannabis Program Fund established in §16A-9-2 of this
46 code.

47 (16) "Grower" means a person, including a natural person, corporation, partnership,
48 association, trust, or other entity, or any combination thereof, which holds a permit from the bureau
49 under this act to grow medical cannabis. The term does not include a health care medical
50 cannabis organization as defined in §16-13-1 *et seq.* of this code.

51 (17) "Grower/processor" means either a grower or a processor.

52 (18) "Identification card" means a document issued under §16A-5-1 *et seq.* of this code
53 that authorizes access to medical cannabis under this act.

54 (19) "Individual dose" means a single measure of medical cannabis.

55 (20) "Medical cannabis" means cannabis for certified medical use as set forth in this act.

56 (21) "Medical cannabis organization" means a dispensary, grower, or processor. The term
57 does not include a health care medical cannabis organization as defined in §16A-13-1 *et seq.* of
58 this code.

59 (22) "Patient" means an individual who:

60 (A) Has a serious medical condition;

61 (B) Has met the requirements for certification under this act; and

62 (C) Is a resident of this state.

63 (23) "Permit" means an authorization issued by the bureau to a medical cannabis
64 organization to conduct activities under this act.

65 (24) "Physician" or "practitioner" means a doctor of allopathic or osteopathic medicine who
66 is fully licensed pursuant to the provisions of either §30-3-1 *et seq.* or §30-14-1 *et seq.* of this code
67 to practice medicine and surgery in this state.

68 (25) "Post-traumatic stress disorder" means a diagnosis made as part of continuing care
69 of a patient by a medical doctor, licensed counselor, or psychologist.

70 (26) "Prescription drug monitoring program" means the West Virginia Controlled
71 Substances Monitoring Program under §60A-9-101 *et seq.* of this code.

72 (27) "Principal" means an officer, director, or person who directly owns a beneficial interest
73 in or ownership of the securities of an applicant or permittee, a person who has a controlling
74 interest in an applicant or permittee, or who has the ability to elect the majority of the board of
75 directors of an applicant or permittee, or otherwise control an applicant or permittee, other than a
76 financial institution.

77 (28) "Processor" means a person, including a natural person, corporation, partnership,
78 association, trust, or other entity, or any combination thereof, which holds a permit from the bureau
79 under this act to process medical cannabis. The term does not include a health care medical
80 cannabis organization as defined in §16A-13-1 *et seq.* of this code.

81 (29) "Registry" means the registry established by the bureau for practitioners.

82 (30) "Serious medical condition" means any of the following, as has been diagnosed as
83 part of a patient's continuing care:

84 (A) Cancer.

85 (B) Positive status for human immunodeficiency virus or acquired immune deficiency
86 syndrome.

87 (C) Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.

88 (D) Parkinson's disease.

89 (E) Multiple sclerosis.

90 (F) Damage to the nervous tissue of the spinal cord with objective neurological indication of
91 intractable spasticity.

92 (G) Epilepsy.

93 (H) Neuropathies.

94 (I) Huntington's disease.

95 (J) Crohn's disease.

96 (K) Post-traumatic stress disorder.

97 (L) Intractable seizures.

98 (M) Sickle cell anemia.

99 (N) Severe chronic or intractable pain of neuropathic origin or severe chronic or intractable
100 pain.

101 (O) Terminally ill.

102 (31) "Terminally ill" means a medical prognosis of life expectancy of approximately one
103 year or less if the illness runs its normal course.

ARTICLE 4. PRACTITIONERS.

§16A-4-3. Issuance of certification.

1 (a) *Conditions for issuance.* — A certification to use medical cannabis may be issued by a
2 practitioner to a patient if all of the following requirements are met:

3 (1) The practitioner has been approved by the bureau for inclusion in the registry and has a
4 valid, unexpired, unrevoked, unsuspended license to practice medicine in this state at the time of
5 the issuance of the certification.

6 (2) The practitioner has determined that the patient has a serious medical condition and
7 has included the condition in the patient's health care record.

8 (3) The patient is under the practitioner's continuing care for the serious medical condition.

9 (4) In the practitioner's professional opinion and review of past treatments, the practitioner
10 determines the patient is likely to receive therapeutic or palliative benefit from the use of medical
11 cannabis.

12 (5) The practitioner has determined that the patient has no past or current medical
13 condition(s) or medication use that would constitute a contraindication for the use of cannabis.

14 (6) The practitioner has determined that the patient is experiencing serious
15 pathophysiological discomfort, disability, or dysfunction that may be attributable to a serious
16 medical condition and may possibly benefit from cannabis treatment when current medical
17 research exhibits a moderate or higher probability of efficacy; and

18 (7) The practitioner has educated the patient about cannabis and its safe use.

19 (b) *Contents.* — The certification shall include:

20 (1) The patient's name, date of birth, and address.

21 (2) The specific serious medical condition of the patient.

22 (3) A statement by the practitioner that the patient has a serious medical condition and the
23 patient is under the practitioner's continuing care for the serious medical condition.

24 (4) The date of issuance.

25 (5) The name, address, telephone number, and signature of the practitioner.

26 (6) Any requirement or limitation concerning the appropriate form of medical cannabis and
27 limitation on the duration of use, if applicable, including whether the patient is terminally ill.

28 (7) A statement by the practitioner attesting that he or she has performed the requirements
29 contained in subsection (a) of this section on a form to be issued by the West Virginia Department
30 of Health and Human Resources Department of Health, Bureau for Public Health.

31 (c) *Consultation.* —

32 (1) A practitioner shall review the prescription drug monitoring program prior to:

33 (A) Issuing a certification to determine the controlled substance history of a patient.

34 (B) Recommending a change of amount or form of medical cannabis.

35 (2) The practitioner shall consider and give due consideration to other controlled
36 substances the patient may be taking prior to certifying medical cannabis.

37 (d) *Other access by practitioner.* — A practitioner may access the prescription drug
38 monitoring program to do any of the following:

39 (1) Determine whether a patient may be under treatment with a controlled substance by
40 another physician or other person.

41 (2) Allow the practitioner to review the patient's controlled substance history as deemed
42 necessary by the practitioner.

43 (3) Provide to the patient, or caregiver, on behalf of the patient if authorized by the patient,
44 a copy of the patient's controlled substance history.

45 (e) *Duties of practitioner.* — The practitioner shall:

46 (1) Provide the certification to the patient.

47 (2) Provide a copy of the certification to the bureau, which shall place the information in the
48 patient directory within the bureau's electronic database. The bureau shall permit electronic
49 submission of the certification.

50 (3) File a copy of the certification in the patient's health care record.

51 (f) *Prohibition.* — A practitioner may not issue a certification for the practitioner's own use
52 or for the use of a family or household member.

ARTICLE 15. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

§16A-15-6. Daycare centers.

1 The Bureau shall promulgate rules within six months of the effective date of this section
2 regarding the following:

3 (1) Possession and use of medical cannabis by a child under the care of a child-care or
4 social service center licensed or operated by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
5 Bureau of Family Assistance.

6 (2) Possession and use of medical cannabis by an employee of a child-care or social
7 service center licensed or operated by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Bureau of
8 Family Assistance.

9 (3) Possession and use of medical cannabis by employees of a youth development center
10 or other facility which houses children adjudicated delinquent.

CHAPTER 17. ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

ARTICLE 2C. ORPHAN ROAD AND BRIDGE ACQUISITION PROGRAM.

§17-2C-4. Workforce of welfare recipients and citizens' conservation corps participants; division of highways required to furnish maintenance materials.

1 The ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
2 Services shall make available to the division of highways a list of able-bodied welfare recipients
3 who have given permission for their names to be listed as recipients available for work with the
4 Division of Highways, and who are available and able to work a minimum of twenty hours a week
5 at a manual labor job maintaining orphan roads and bridges under the supervision of the district or
6 county highway offices. The commissioner of the Division of Highways may, by contract, employ
7 persons participating in the citizens' conservation corps to maintain orphan roads and bridges.
8 The employment of welfare recipients or workers provided through the citizens' conservation
9 corps to maintain orphan roads and bridges may not be used to displace any Division of Highways
10 employee in the classified civil service, or to reduce classified civil service positions within the
11 division.

12 The Division of Highways is required to furnish trucks or other proper motor vehicles and
13 gravel or other required materials to be used by the workforce created by this section in the
14 maintenance of the orphan roads and bridges in each district and county.

ARTICLE 4A. COMPLETE STREETS ACT.

§17-4A-3. Complete Streets Advisory Board.

1 (a) A Complete Streets Advisory Board to the Division of Highways is established to:

2 (1) Provide and facilitate communication, education and advice between the Division of
3 Highways, counties, municipalities, interest groups, and the public;

4 (2) Make recommendations to the Division of Highways, counties, and municipalities for
5 restructuring procedures, updating design guidance, providing educational opportunities to
6 employees, and creating new measures to track the success of multimodal planning and design;
7 and

8 (3) Submit to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance, through the Division of
9 Highways, an annual report as outlined herein.

10 (b) The advisory board shall consist of 15 members, designated as follows:

11 (1) The Commissioner of Highways or his or her designee;

12 (2) The Secretary of the Department of Transportation or his or her designee;

13 (3) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
14 Health or his or her designee; and

15 (4) Twelve members who serve at the will and pleasure of the Governor and appointed by
16 the Governor as follows:

17 (A) One member who is a licensed engineer with expertise in transportation or civil
18 engineering;

19 (B) One member representing the American Planning Association;

20 (C) One member representing a state association of counties;

21 (D) One member representing state association of municipalities;

22 (E) One member representing a major regional or local public transportation agency;

23 (F) One member representing a national association of retired persons;

24 (G) One member representing an organization interested in the promotion of bicycling;

25 (H) One member representing an organization interested in the promotion of walking and
26 health;

- 27 (I) One member representing an organization representing persons with disabilities;
28 (J) One member representing an automobile and/or trucking organization; and
29 (K) Two members of the general public interested in promoting complete streets policies,
30 one representing each congressional district, as determined by the Governor.

31 (c) The Commissioner of Highways shall serve as the first chair of the board. The board
32 shall meet at least twice a year and at the call of the chair or a majority of the members. The
33 members of the board shall annually elect one of its members to serve as chair after the first year.

34 (d) The initial terms of appointment for members appointed by the Governor shall be as
35 follows: Three members appointed to a term of one year, three members appointed to a term of
36 two years, three members appointed to a term of three years and four members appointed to a
37 term of four years. Thereafter each member shall be appointed for four years. A member shall
38 serve until his or her successor is appointed. In the case of a vacancy the appointee shall serve the
39 remainder of the unexpired term. Members of the board may succeed themselves and shall serve
40 without compensation. The members appointed by the Governor are entitled to be reimbursed in a
41 manner consistent with the guidelines of the Travel Management Office of the Department of
42 Administration for actual and necessary mileage expenses incurred while attending official
43 meetings of the board.

44 (e) ~~On December 1, 2013, and~~ On December 1, ~~every year thereafter,~~ the board shall
45 submit an annual report to the Governor, the Commissioner of Highways and the Joint Committee
46 on Government and Finance on the status of implementation of section one of this article.

47 (1) The annual report shall include the following information:

48 (A) A summary of actions taken by the Division of Highways in the preceding year to
49 improve the safety, access and mobility of roadways pursuant to section one of this article;

50 (B) Modifications made to or recommended for protocols, guidance, standards or other
51 requirements to facilitate complete streets implementation;

52 (C) Status of the development of multimodal performance indicators;

53 (D) Any information obtained on the use made of bicycle, pedestrian, transit, and highway
54 facilities together with the existing target level of use for these modes, if any;

55 (E) Available crash statistics by mode, age, road type, and location and other relevant
56 factors; and

57 (F) Other related information that may be requested by the Governor or Legislature.

58 (2) The Division of Highways may assist the board in the preparation of the board's annual
59 report.

**ARTICLE 28. WEST VIRGINIA COMMUNITY EMPOWERMENT TRANSPORTATION
ACT.**

**§17-28-10. Coordination and development of transportation projects with other
infrastructure; information sharing; agreements among municipal utilities and
public service districts to participate in transportation projects; rates to include
costs borne by municipal utilities and public service districts in coordination with
transportation projects; exemption from Public Service Commission approval.**

1 (a) The commissioner is to encourage the joint and concurrent development and
2 construction of transportation projects with other infrastructure including, without limitation, water
3 and sewer infrastructure.

4 (b) To coordinate and integrate the planning of transportation projects among local
5 jurisdictions, all governing bodies, units of government, municipal utilities and public service
6 districts within the affected local jurisdiction are to cooperate, participate, share information and
7 give input when a project sponsor prepares a transportation project plan.

8 (c) Municipal utilities and public service districts may enter into agreements with any
9 project sponsor for the purpose of constructing new infrastructure facilities or substantially
10 improving or expanding infrastructure facilities in conjunction with a transportation project and
11 dedicating revenue or contributing moneys to transportation project costs. Each agreement must

12 contain, at a minimum, engineering and construction standards, terms regarding the revenue
13 sources, allocation of project costs and confirmation that the agreement does not violate any
14 existing bond covenants. Each agreement shall also comply and be consistent with the
15 comprehensive agreement applicable to the transportation project. No infrastructure facilities may
16 be located or relocated within a right-of-way in, or to be included within, the state road system
17 except in accordance with transportation project plans approved by the commissioner.

18 (d) The rates charged by a municipal utility or public service district to customers in an
19 affected local jurisdiction may include the additional cost borne by the municipal utility or public
20 service district as a result of entering into an agreement with a project sponsor to contribute
21 moneys or dedicate revenue to transportation project costs.

22 (e) This article may not be construed to affect the authority of the Department of
23 Environmental Protection nor the authority of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
24 Department of Health pursuant to this code.

25 (f) This article may not be construed to give the Public Service Commission authority to
26 regulate or intervene in the approval and construction of any transportation project or any
27 agreement between a project sponsor and a municipal utility or public service district under this
28 article.

CHAPTER 17C. TRAFFIC REGULATIONS AND LAWS OF THE ROAD.

ARTICLE 15. EQUIPMENT.

§17C-15-26. Special restrictions on lamps.

1 (a) Any lighted lamp or illuminating device upon a motor vehicle other than head lamps,
2 spot lamps, auxiliary lamps, or flashing front-direction signals which projects a beam of light of an
3 intensity greater than 300 candlepower shall be so directed that no part of the beam will strike the
4 level of the roadway on which the vehicle stands at a distance of more than 75 feet from the
5 vehicle.

6 (b) No person may drive or move any vehicle or equipment upon any highway with any
7 lamp or device on the vehicle displaying other than a white or amber light visible from directly in
8 front of the center of the vehicle except as authorized by §17C-15-26(d) of this code.

9 (c) Except as authorized in §17C-15-26(d) and 17C-15-26(g) of this code and authorized in
10 §17C-15-19 of this code, flashing lights are prohibited on motor vehicles: *Provided*, That any
11 vehicle as a means for indicating right or left turn or any vehicle as a means of indicating the same
12 is disabled or otherwise stopped for an emergency may have blinking or flashing lights.

13 (d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the following colors of flashing
14 warning lights are restricted for the use of the type of vehicle designated:

15 (1) Blue flashing warning lights are restricted to police vehicles. Authorization for police
16 vehicles shall be designated by the chief administrative official of each police department.

17 (2) Except for standard vehicle equipment authorized by §17C-15-19 of this code, red
18 flashing warning lights are restricted to the following:

19 (A) Ambulances;

20 (B) Fire-fighting vehicles;

21 (C) Hazardous material response vehicles;

22 (D) Industrial fire brigade vehicles;

23 (E) Rescue squad vehicles not operating out of a fire department;

24 (F) School buses;

25 (G) Class A vehicles, as defined by §17A-10-1 *et seq.* of this code, of those firefighters who
26 are authorized by their fire chiefs to have the lights;

27 (H) Class A vehicles of members of duly chartered rescue squads not operating out of a
28 fire department;

29 (I) Class A vehicles of members of ambulance services or duly chartered rescue squads
30 who are authorized by their respective chiefs to have the lights;

31 (J) Class A vehicles of out-of-state residents who are active members of West Virginia fire
32 departments, ambulance services, or duly chartered rescue squads who are authorized by their
33 respective chiefs to have the lights;

34 (K) West Virginia Department of Agriculture emergency response vehicles;

35 (L) Vehicles designated by the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security for
36 emergency response or emergency management by the Division of Corrections, Regional Jail and
37 Correctional Facility Authority, Division of Juvenile Services, and Division of Homeland Security
38 and Emergency Management;

39 (M) Class A vehicles of emergency response or emergency management personnel as
40 designated by the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security and the county commission
41 of the county of residence; and

42 (N) Emergency management and operations vehicles operated by airports.

43 Red flashing warning lights attached to a Class A vehicle may be operated only when
44 responding to or engaged in handling an emergency requiring the attention of the firefighters,
45 members of the ambulance services, or chartered rescue squads.

46 (3) The use of red flashing warning lights is authorized as follows:

47 (A) Authorization for all ambulances shall be designated by the ~~Department of Health and~~
48 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health and the sheriff of the county of residence.

49 (B) Authorization for all fire department vehicles shall be designated by the fire chief and
50 the State Fire Marshal's Office.

51 (C) Authorization for all hazardous material response vehicles and industrial fire brigades
52 shall be designated by the chief of the fire department and the State Fire Marshal's Office.

53 (D) Authorization for all rescue squad vehicles not operating out of a fire department shall
54 be designated by the squad chief, the sheriff of the county of residence and the ~~Department of~~
55 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health.

56 (E) Authorization for school buses shall be designated as set out in §17C-14-12 of this
57 code.

58 (F) Authorization for firefighters to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by their fire
59 chiefs and the state Fire Marshal's office.

60 (G) Authorization for members of ambulance services or any other emergency medical
61 service personnel to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by their chief official, the
62 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health, and the sheriff of the county
63 of residence.

64 (H) Authorization for members of duly chartered rescue squads not operating out of a fire
65 department to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by their squad chiefs, the sheriff of the
66 county of residence, and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health.

67 (I) Authorization for out-of-state residents operating Class A vehicles who are active
68 members of a West Virginia fire department, ambulance services, or duly chartered rescue squads
69 shall be designated by their respective chiefs.

70 (J) Authorization for West Virginia Department of Agriculture emergency response
71 vehicles shall be designated by the Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture.

72 (K) Authorization for vehicles for emergency response or emergency management by the
73 Division of Corrections, Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority, Division of Juvenile
74 Services, and Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management shall be designated by
75 the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security.

76 (L) Authorization for Class A vehicles of emergency response or emergency management
77 personnel as designated by the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security and the county
78 commission of the county of residence.

79 (M) Authorization for emergency management and operations vehicles operated by
80 airports shall be designated by the airport director and the Secretary of the Department of
81 Homeland Security.

82 (4) Yellow or amber flashing warning lights are restricted to the following:

83 (A) All other emergency vehicles, including tow trucks and wreckers, authorized by this
84 chapter and by §17C-15-27 of this code;

85 (B) Postal service vehicles and rural mail carriers, as authorized in §17C-15-19 of this
86 code;

87 (C) Rural newspaper delivery vehicles;

88 (D) Flag car services;

89 (E) Vehicles providing road service to disabled vehicles;

90 (F) Service vehicles of a public service corporation;

91 (G) Snow removal equipment;

92 (H) School buses; and

93 (I) Automotive fire apparatus owned by a municipality or other political subdivision, by a
94 volunteer or part-volunteer fire company or department, or by an industrial fire brigade.

95 (5) The use of yellow or amber flashing warning lights shall be authorized as follows:

96 (A) Authorization for tow trucks, wreckers, rural newspaper delivery vehicles, flag car
97 services, vehicles providing road service to disabled vehicles, service vehicles of a public service
98 corporation, and postal service vehicles shall be designated by the sheriff of the county of
99 residence.

100 (B) Authorization for snow removal equipment shall be designated by the Commissioner of
101 the Division of Highways.

102 (C) Authorization for school buses shall be designated as set out in §17C-14-12 of this
103 code.

104 (D) Authorization for automotive fire apparatus shall be designated by the fire chief in
105 conformity with the NFPA 1901 Standard for Automotive Fire Apparatus as published by the
106 National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) on July 18, 2003, and adopted by the state Fire
107 Commission by legislative rule (87 CSR 1, *et seq.*), except as follows:

108 (i) With the approval of the State Fire Marshal, used automotive fire apparatus may be
109 conformed to the NFPA standard in effect on the date of its manufacture or conformed to a later
110 NFPA standard; and

111 (ii) Automotive fire apparatus may be equipped with blinking or flashing headlamps.

112 (e) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, any vehicle belonging to a
113 county board of education, an organization receiving funding from the state or Federal Transit
114 Administration for the purpose of providing general public transportation or hauling solid waste
115 may be equipped with a white flashing strobotron warning light. This strobe light may be installed
116 on the roof of a school bus, a public transportation vehicle, or a vehicle hauling solid waste not to
117 exceed one-third the body length forward from the rear of the roof edge. The light shall have a
118 single clear lens emitting light 360 degrees around its vertical axis and may not extend above the
119 roof more than six and one-half inches. A manual switch and a pilot light must be included to
120 indicate the light is in operation.

121 (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, any waste service vehicle as
122 defined in §17C-6-11 of this code may be equipped with yellow or amber flashing warning lights.

123 (g) It is unlawful for flashing warning lights of an unauthorized color to be installed or used
124 on a vehicle other than as specified in this section, except that a police vehicle may be equipped
125 with either or both blue or red warning lights.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-5b. Medicaid-eligible children; school health services advisory committee.

1 (a) The state board shall become a Medicaid provider and seek out Medicaid-eligible
2 students for the purpose of providing Medicaid and related services to students eligible under the
3 Medicaid program and to maximize federal reimbursement for all services available under the
4 Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989, as it relates to Medicaid expansion and any future

5 expansions in the Medicaid program for Medicaid and related services for which state dollars are
6 or will be expended.

7 (b) The state board may delegate this provider status and subsequent reimbursement to
8 regional education service agencies, county boards or both: *Provided*, That a county board is not
9 required to seek reimbursement if it determines there is not a net benefit after consideration of
10 costs and time involved with seeking the reimbursement for eligible services and that the billing
11 process detracts from the educational program.

12 (c) Annually, no later than January 1, the state board shall report on a county by county
13 basis to the Legislature:

14 (1) The number and age of children eligible for Medicaid;

15 (2) The number and age of children with Medicaid coverage;

16 (3) The types of Medicaid-eligible services provided;

17 (4) The frequency of services provided;

18 (5) The Medicaid dollars reimbursed; and

19 (6) The problems encountered in the implementation of this system.

20 (d) The state board shall appoint and convene a school health services advisory
21 committee to advise the Secretary of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Human Services and the state
22 superintendent on ways to improve the ability of regional education service agencies, local school
23 boards and ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services'
24 employees to provide Medicaid-eligible children with all the school-based Medicaid services for
25 which they are eligible and to ensure that the school-based Medicaid service providers bill for and
26 receive all the Medicaid reimbursement to which they are entitled.

27 (e) The committee shall consist of at least the following individuals:

28 (1) The person within the Department of Education responsible for coordinating the
29 provision of and billing for school-based Medicaid services in schools throughout the state, who
30 shall provide secretarial, administrative and technical support to the advisory committee;

31 (2) The person within the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
32 Human Services responsible for coordinating the enrollment of Medicaid-eligible school children
33 throughout the state;

34 (3) Two representatives of regional education service agencies who are experienced with
35 the process of billing Medicaid for school-based health services;

36 (4) Two ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services'
37 employees responsible for supervising employees;

38 (5) Two persons jointly appointed by the Secretary of ~~Health and Human Resources~~
39 Human Services and the state superintendent; and

40 (6) One representative of the Governor's task force on school health.

41 (f) The school health services advisory committee shall meet in the first instance at the
42 direction of the state superintendent, select a chairperson from among its members, and meet
43 thereafter at the direction of the chairperson. The committee shall report its findings and
44 recommendations to the state board and ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
45 Department of Human Services, which findings shall then be included in the report to the
46 Legislature by the state board and ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
47 Human Services provided in subsection (c) of this section.

48 (g) All actual and necessary travel expenses of the members of the committee shall be
49 reimbursed by the member's employing agency, for those members not employed by a state
50 agency, the member's actual and necessary travel expenses shall be paid by the state board. All
51 such expenses shall be reimbursed in the same manner as the expenses of state employees are
52 reimbursed.

§18-2-9. Required courses of instruction.

1 (a) (1) In all public, private, parochial, and denominational schools located within this state
2 there shall be given prior to the completion of the eighth grade at least one year of instruction in the
3 history of the State of West Virginia. The schools shall require regular courses of instruction by the

4 completion of the 12th grade in the history of the United States, in civics, in the Constitution of the
5 United States, and in the government of the State of West Virginia for the purpose of teaching,
6 fostering, and perpetuating the ideals, principles, and spirit of political and economic democracy in
7 America, and increasing the knowledge of the organization and machinery of the government of
8 the United States and of the State of West Virginia. The required courses shall include instruction
9 on the institutions and structure of American government, such as the separation of powers, the
10 Electoral College, and federalism. The required courses shall include instruction that provides
11 students an understanding of American political philosophy and history, utilizing writings from
12 prominent figures in Western civilization, such as Aristotle, Thomas Hobbes, John Locke, and
13 Thomas Jefferson. The courses of instruction shall offer an objective and critical analysis of
14 ideologies throughout history including, but not limited to, capitalism, republicanism, democracy,
15 socialism, communism, and fascism. The required courses shall emphasize the use of primary
16 sources and interactive learning techniques, such as mock scenarios, debates, and open and
17 impartial discussions.

18 (2) The state board shall, with the advice of the state superintendent, and after consultation
19 with other entities, prescribe the courses of study, including the basic course requirements for
20 middle school and high school, and the academic standards listed in subdivision (1) of this
21 subsection for these courses of study covering these subjects for the public schools, and publish
22 an approved list of instructional resources pursuant to §18-2A-1 *et seq.* of this code. The
23 curriculum used in the delivery of instruction shall cover the standards adopted for such courses.
24 The other entities for consultation may include such organizations as the Florida Joint Center for
25 Citizenship, the College Board, the Bill of Rights Institute, Hillsdale College, the Gilder Lehrman
26 Institute of American History, the Constitutional Sources Project, educators, school administrators,
27 postsecondary education representatives, elected officials, business and industry leaders,
28 parents, and the public. Officials or boards having authority over the respective private, parochial,

29 and denominational schools shall prescribe courses of study for the schools under their control
30 and supervision similar to those required for the public schools.

31 (3) The state board shall provide testing or assessment instruments for the history and
32 civics courses of instruction required by this section. These testing instruments shall:

33 (A) Be aligned with the academic standards required by this section;

34 (B) Be mandatory for students enrolled in those courses of instruction;

35 (C) Be cumulative by including questions about knowledge learned in prior history and
36 civics courses; and

37 (D) Measure students' factual and conceptual knowledge including how the facts
38 interrelate and the reasons behind historical documents and events.

39 (4) To further this study, every high school student eligible by age for voter registration shall
40 be afforded the opportunity to register to vote pursuant to §3-2-22 of this code.

41 (b) The state board shall cause to be taught in all public schools of this state the subject of
42 health education, including instruction in any of the grades six through 12 as considered
43 appropriate by the county board, on: (1) The prevention, transmission, and spread of acquired
44 immune deficiency syndrome and other sexually transmitted diseases; (2) substance abuse,
45 including the nature of alcoholic drinks and narcotics, tobacco products, and other potentially
46 harmful drugs, with special instruction as to their effect upon the human system and upon society
47 in general; (3) the importance of healthy eating and physical activity in maintaining healthy weight;
48 and (4) education concerning cardiopulmonary resuscitation and first aid, including instruction in
49 the care for conscious choking, and recognition of symptoms of drug or alcohol overdose. The
50 course curriculum requirements and materials for the instruction shall be adopted by the state
51 board by rule in consultation with the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
52 Health. The state board shall prescribe a standardized health education assessment to be
53 administered within health education classes to measure student health knowledge and program
54 effectiveness.

55 (c) An opportunity shall be afforded to the parent or guardian of a child subject to instruction
56 in the prevention, transmission, and spread of acquired immune deficiency syndrome and other
57 sexually transmitted diseases to examine the course curriculum requirements and materials to be
58 used in the instruction. The parent or guardian may exempt the child from participation in the
59 instruction by giving notice to that effect in writing to the school principal.

60 (d) After July 1, 2015, the required instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation in
61 subsection (b) of this section shall include at least 30 minutes of instruction for each student prior
62 to graduation on the proper administration of cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the
63 psychomotor skills necessary to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation. The term "psychomotor
64 skills" means the use of hands-on practicing to support cognitive learning. Cognitive-only training
65 does not qualify as "psychomotor skills". The CPR instruction shall be based on an instructional
66 program established by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross, or another
67 program which is nationally recognized and uses the most current national evidence-based
68 emergency cardiovascular care guidelines and incorporates psychomotor skills development into
69 the instruction. A licensed teacher is not required to be a certified trainer of cardiopulmonary
70 resuscitation to facilitate, provide, or oversee such instruction. The instruction may be given by
71 community members, such as emergency medical technicians, paramedics, police officers,
72 firefighters, licensed nurses, and representatives of the American Heart Association or the
73 American Red Cross. These community members are encouraged to provide necessary training
74 and instructional resources such as cardiopulmonary resuscitation kits and other material at no
75 cost to the schools. The requirements of this subsection are minimum requirements. A local school
76 district may offer CPR instruction for longer periods of time and may enhance the curriculum and
77 training components, including, but not limited to, incorporating into the instruction the use of an
78 automated external defibrillator (AED): *Provided*, That any instruction that results in a certification
79 being earned shall be taught by an authorized CPR/AED instructor.

80 (e) A full week of classes during the week selected by the county board of education shall
81 be recognized as Celebrate Freedom Week. The purpose of Celebrate Freedom Week is to
82 educate students about the sacrifices made for freedom in the founding of this country and the
83 values on which this country was founded.

84 Celebrate Freedom Week shall include appropriate instruction in each social studies class
85 which:

86 (1) Includes an in-depth study of the intent, meaning, and importance of the Declaration of
87 Independence, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the Constitution of the United States with an
88 emphasis on the amendments that are crucial to the survival of democracy and freedom, such as
89 the Bill of Rights and the thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, and nineteenth amendments;

90 (2) Uses the historical, political, and social environments surrounding each document at
91 the time of its initial passage or ratification; and

92 (3) Includes the study of historical documents to firmly establish the historical background
93 leading to the establishment of the provisions of the constitution and Bill of Rights by the founding
94 fathers for the purposes of safeguarding our constitutional republic.

95 The requirements of this subsection are applicable to all public, private, parochial, and
96 denominational schools located within this state. Nothing in this subsection creates a standard or
97 requirement subject to state accountability measures.

98 (f) Beginning the 2018-2019 school year, students in public schools shall be administered
99 a test the same as or substantially similar to the civics portion of the naturalization test used by the
100 United States Citizenship and Immigration Services between their ninth and 12th grade years as
101 an indicator of student achievement in the area of civics education. The test results may be
102 reported in the aggregate to the county board for evaluation by the board's curriculum director and
103 reported to the board members. Nothing in this subsection creates a standard or requirement
104 subject to state accountability measures.

§18-2-13h. Provision of educational services for school-age juveniles placed in residential facilities for custody and treatment.

1 (a) The state Board of Education and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
2 Department of Human Services are authorized to provide for adequate and appropriate education
3 opportunities for school-age juveniles placed in the following residential facilities as a result of
4 proceedings commenced under the provisions of chapters twenty-seven and forty-nine of this
5 code: Davis-Stuart, Inc., located in Lewisburg, West Virginia; the Elkins Mountain School, located
6 in Elkins, West Virginia; the Abraxas Foundation of West Virginia, located in Waverly, West
7 Virginia; and the Barboursville School, located in Barboursville, West Virginia.

8 (b) Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the state board shall have the following
9 authority: (1) To provide education programs and services for school-age juveniles on the grounds
10 of residential facilities, pursuant to agreements with the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
11 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the licensed child-care agencies of such
12 department; (2) to hire classroom teachers and other school personnel necessary to provide
13 adequate and appropriate education opportunities to these juveniles; and (3) to provide education
14 services for school-age juveniles in residential facilities on a twelve-month basis.

15 (c) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
16 cooperate with the state board and the state superintendent in the establishment and maintenance
17 of education programs authorized under this section. Subject to appropriations by the Legislature,
18 the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall provide, or
19 cause to be provided, adequate space and facilities for such education programs. The state board
20 shall not be required to construct, improve or maintain any building, other improvement to real
21 estate or fixtures attached thereto at any residential facility for the purpose of establishing and
22 maintaining an education program.

23 (d) The state Board of Education and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
24 Department of Human Services are authorized to enter into agreements to provide adequate and

25 appropriate education opportunities for school-age juveniles who are placed in residential facilities
26 other than the facilities identified in this section.

ARTICLE 2K. THE DIABETES CARE PLAN ACT.

§18-2K-2. Adoption of guidelines for individual diabetes care plans.

1 (a) The State Board of Education shall adopt guidelines for the development and
2 implementation of individual diabetes care plans on or before January 1, 2007. The guidelines for
3 information and allowable actions in a diabetes care plan shall meet or exceed the American
4 Diabetes Association's recommendations for the management of children with diabetes in the
5 school and day care setting. The State Board of Education shall consult with the Bureau for Public
6 Health and ~~the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ in the development of these
7 guidelines. The State Board of Education also shall consult with county board of education
8 employees who have been designated as responsible for coordinating their individual county's
9 efforts to comply with federal regulations adopted under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of
10 1973, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §794. In its development of these guidelines, the state Board of
11 Education shall consider recent resolutions by the Office of Civil Rights of the United States
12 Department of Education regarding investigation of complaints alleging discrimination against
13 students with diabetes.

14 The guidelines adopted by the state board shall include:

15 (1) Procedures for school nurses to develop an individual diabetes care plan for any
16 student diagnosed with diabetes, which shall involve the parent or guardian, the student's health
17 care provider, the student's classroom teacher, the student if appropriate, and other appropriate
18 school personnel;

19 (2) Procedures for regular review of an individual care plan.

20 (3) Information to be included in a diabetes care plan, including the responsibilities and
21 appropriate staff development for teachers and other school personnel, an emergency care plan,
22 the identification of allowable actions to be taken, the extent to which the student is able to

23 participate in the student's diabetes care and management and other information necessary for
24 teachers and other school personnel in order to offer appropriate assistance and support to the
25 student; and

26 (4) Procedures for information and staff development to be made available to teachers and
27 other school personnel in order to appropriately support and assist students with diabetes.

28 (b) The State Board of Education shall provide that the guidelines and any subsequent
29 changes are published and disseminated to county boards of education.

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-15c. County boards of education; training in prevention of child abuse and neglect and child assault; regulations; funding.

1 (a) In recognition of the findings of the Legislature as set forth in §49-2-401 of this code, the
2 Legislature further finds that public schools are able to provide a special environment for the
3 training of children, parents, and school personnel in the prevention of child abuse and neglect and
4 child assault and that child abuse and neglect prevention and child assault prevention programs in
5 the public schools are an effective and cost-efficient method of reducing the incidents of child
6 abuse and neglect, promoting a healthy family environment, and reducing the general vulnerability
7 of children.

8 (b) County boards of education shall, to the extent funds are provided, establish programs
9 for the prevention of child abuse and neglect and child assault. The programs shall be provided to
10 students, parents and school personnel as considered appropriate. The programs comply with
11 rules developed by the state Board of Education with the advice and assistance of the state
12 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the West
13 Virginia State Police: *Provided*, That any programs which substantially comply with the rules
14 adopted by the board and were in effect prior to the adoption of the rules may be continued.

15 (c) Funds for implementing the child abuse and neglect prevention and child assault
16 prevention programs may be allocated to the county boards of education from the children's trust

17 fund established pursuant to the provisions of §49-2-401 of this code or appropriated for such
18 purpose by the Legislature.

19 (d) County boards of education shall request from the state Criminal Identification Bureau
20 the record of any and all criminal convictions relating to child abuse, sex-related offenses, or
21 possession of controlled substances with intent to deliver the controlled substances or all of its
22 future employees. This request shall be made immediately after the effective date of this section,
23 and thereafter as warranted.

24 (e) Contractors or service providers or their employees may not make direct,
25 unaccompanied contact with students or access school grounds unaccompanied when students
26 are present if it cannot be verified that the contractors, service providers, or employees have not
27 previously been convicted of a qualifying offense, as defined in §15-12-2 of this code. For the
28 purposes of this section, contractor and service provider shall be limited to any vendor, individual,
29 or entity under contract with a county school board. County school boards may require contractors
30 and service providers to verify the criminal records of their employees before granting contact or
31 access. Where prior written consent is obtained, county school boards may obtain information
32 from the Central Abuse Registry regarding contractors, service providers, and their employees for
33 the purposes of this subsection. Where a contractor or service provider gives his or her prior
34 written consent, the county school board also may share information provided by the Central
35 Abuse Registry with other county school boards for the purposes of satisfying the requirements of
36 this subsection.

§18-5-42. County-wide council on productive and safe schools.

1 (a) ~~On or before April 30, 1995~~ Each county shall develop a county-wide council on
2 productive and safe schools, which shall be comprised of the following members:

3 (1) The county superintendent, who shall serve as the chair of the county-wide council on
4 productive and safe schools;

5 (2) One representative from each local school improvement council, to be elected by a
6 majority vote of each local school improvement council;

7 (3) The prosecuting attorney or his or her designee;

8 (4) A representative of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
9 Human Services, ~~created pursuant to the provisions of section two, article one, chapter five-f of~~
10 ~~this code~~, to be appointed in a manner determined by the secretary of the department;

11 (5) A representative of the law-enforcement agencies situated in the county in which the
12 school is situated to be recommended by the county sheriff;

13 (6) A representative of the county board of education for the county in which the school is
14 situated to be appointed by the president of the county board of education;

15 (7) The county board of education's supervisor of transportation; and

16 (8) A representative of the regional comprehensive behavioral health center as designated
17 by the office of behavioral health services in which the county school system is situated, to be
18 appointed by the executive director of the center.

19 (9) When the members listed in subdivisions (1) through (8) do not include at least two
20 classroom teachers, then the county superintendent shall appoint additional members so that at
21 least two classroom teachers are members of the county-wide council.

22 (10) When the members listed in subdivisions (1) through (8) do not include at least two
23 school principals, then the county superintendent shall appoint additional members so that at least
24 two school principals are members of the county-wide council.

25 (b) The county superintendent shall call an organizational meeting of the council as soon
26 as practicable after the effective date of this section.

27 (c) ~~On or before October 1, 1995~~ The council shall compile the local school improvement
28 council's guidelines developed pursuant to §18-5A-2(f) and shall report and deliver such
29 guidelines to the county board of education, along with the council's assessment and

30 recommendations regarding the guidelines. The council also shall provide a report of the
31 estimated cost for any proposed alternative settings or programs.

32 (d) No meetings of the county-wide council shall be held during instructional time.

§18-5-44. Early childhood education programs.

1 (a) For the purposes of this section, an "early childhood education program" means a
2 program created under this section for children who have attained the age of four prior to
3 September 1 of the school year in which the children enter the program.

4 (b) For the purposes of this section beginning in the school year 2018-2019, an "early
5 childhood education program" means a program created under this section for children who have
6 attained the age of four prior to July 1 of the school year in which the children enter the program.

7 (c) *Findings.* –

8 (1) Among other positive outcomes, early childhood education programs have been
9 determined to:

10 (A) Improve overall readiness when children enter school;

11 (B) Decrease behavioral problems;

12 (C) Improve student attendance;

13 (D) Increase scores on achievement tests;

14 (E) Decrease the percentage of students repeating a grade; and

15 (F) Decrease the number of students placed in special education programs;

16 (2) Quality early childhood education programs improve school performance and low-
17 quality early childhood education programs may have negative effects, especially for at-risk
18 children;

19 (3) West Virginia has the lowest percentage of its adult population twenty-five years of age
20 or older with a bachelor's degree and the education level of parents is a strong indicator of how
21 their children will perform in school;

22 (4) During the 2006-2007 school year, West Virginia ranked thirty-ninth among the fifty
23 states in the percentage of school children eligible for free and reduced lunches and this
24 percentage is a strong indicator of how the children will perform in school;

25 (5) For the school year 2008-2009, 13,135 students were enrolled in prekindergarten, a
26 number equal to approximately sixty-three percent of the number of students enrolled in
27 kindergarten;

28 (6) Excluding projected increases due to increases in enrollment in the early childhood
29 education program, projections indicate that total student enrollment in West Virginia will decline
30 by one percent, or by approximately 2,704 students, by the school year 2012-2013;

31 (7) In part, because of the dynamics of the state aid formula, county boards will continue to
32 enroll four-year-old students to offset the declining enrollments;

33 (8) West Virginia has a comprehensive kindergarten program for five-year-olds, but the
34 program was established in a manner that resulted in unequal implementation among the
35 counties, which helped create deficit financial situations for several county boards;

36 (9) Expansion of current efforts to implement a comprehensive early childhood education
37 program should avoid the problems encountered in kindergarten implementation;

38 (10) Because of the dynamics of the state aid formula, counties experiencing growth are at
39 a disadvantage in implementing comprehensive early childhood education programs; and

40 (11) West Virginia citizens will benefit from the establishment of quality comprehensive
41 early childhood education programs.

42 (d) County boards shall provide early childhood education programs for all children who
43 have attained the age of four prior to September 1 of the school year in which the children enter the
44 early childhood education program. These early childhood education programs shall provide at
45 least forty-eight thousand minutes annually and no less than fifteen hundred minutes of instruction
46 per week.

47 (e) Beginning in the school year 2018-2019, county boards shall provide early childhood
48 education programs for all children who have attained the age of four prior to July 1 of the school
49 year in which the children enter the early childhood education program.

50 (f) The program shall meet the following criteria:

51 (1) It shall be voluntary, except that, upon enrollment, the provisions of section one-a,
52 article eight of this chapter apply to an enrolled student, subject to subdivision (4) of this
53 subsection;

54 (2) It shall be open to all children meeting the age requirement set forth in this section;

55 (3) It shall provide no less than fifteen hundred minutes of instruction per week, in a full-day
56 program with at least forty-eight thousand minutes of instruction annually; and

57 (4) It shall permit a parent of an enrolled child to withdraw the child from that program by
58 notifying the district in writing. A child withdrawn under this section is not subject to the attendance
59 provisions of this chapter until that child again enrolls in a public school in this state.

60 (g) Enrollment of students in Head Start, or in any other program approved by the state
61 superintendent as provided in this section, may be counted toward satisfying the requirement of
62 subsection (c) of this section.

63 (h) For the purposes of implementation financing, all counties are encouraged to make use
64 of funds from existing sources, including:

65 (1) Federal funds provided under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act pursuant
66 to 20 U. S. C. §6301, *et seq.*;

67 (2) Federal funds provided for Head Start pursuant to 42 U. S. C. §9831, *et seq.*;

68 (3) Federal funds for temporary assistance to needy families pursuant to 42 U. S. C. §601,
69 *et seq.*;

70 (4) Funds provided by the School Building Authority pursuant to article nine-d of this
71 chapter;

72 (5) In the case of counties with declining enrollments, funds from the state aid formula
73 above the amount indicated for the number of students actually enrolled in any school year; and

74 (6) Any other public or private funds.

75 (i) Each county board shall develop a plan for implementing the program required by this
76 section. The plan shall include the following elements:

77 (1) An analysis of the demographics of the county related to early childhood education
78 program implementation;

79 (2) An analysis of facility and personnel needs;

80 (3) Financial requirements for implementation and potential sources of funding to assist
81 implementation;

82 (4) Details of how the county board will cooperate and collaborate with other early
83 childhood education programs including, but not limited to, Head Start, to maximize federal and
84 other sources of revenue;

85 (5) Specific time lines for implementation; and

86 (6) Any other items the state board may require by policy.

87 (j) A county board shall submit its plan to the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and~~
88 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services. The secretary shall approve the plan if the
89 following conditions are met:

90 (1) The county board has maximized the use of federal and other available funds for early
91 childhood programs; and

92 (2) The county board has provided for the maximum implementation of Head Start
93 programs and other public and private programs approved by the state superintendent pursuant to
94 the terms of this section; or

95 (3) The secretary finds that, if the county board has not met one or more of the
96 requirements of this subsection, the county board has acted in good faith and the failure to comply

97 was not the primary fault of the county board. Any denial by the secretary may be appealed to the
98 circuit court of the county in which the county board is located.

99 (k) The county board shall submit its plan for approval to the state board. The state board
100 shall approve the plan if the county board has complied substantially with the requirements of
101 subsection (g) of this section and has obtained the approval required in subsection (h) of this
102 section.

103 (l) Every county board shall submit its plan for reapproval by the Secretary of the
104 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and by the state
105 board at least every two years after the initial approval of the plan and until full implementation of
106 the early childhood education program in the county. As part of the submission, the county board
107 shall provide a detailed statement of the progress made in implementing its plan. The standards
108 and procedures provided for the original approval of the plan apply to any reapproval.

109 (m) A county board may not increase the total number of students enrolled in the county in
110 an early childhood program until its program is approved by the Secretary of the ~~Department of~~
111 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the state board.

112 (n) The state board annually may grant a county board a waiver for total or partial
113 implementation if the state board finds that all of the following conditions exist:

114 (1) The county board is unable to comply either because:

115 (A) It does not have sufficient facilities available; or

116 (B) It does not and has not had available funds sufficient to implement the program;

117 (2) The county has not experienced a decline in enrollment at least equal to the total
118 number of students to be enrolled; and

119 (3) Other agencies of government have not made sufficient funds or facilities available to
120 assist in implementation.

121 Any county board seeking a waiver shall apply with the supporting data to meet the criteria
122 for which they are eligible on or before March 25 for the following school year. The state
123 superintendent shall grant or deny the requested waiver on or before April 15 of that same year.

124 (o) The provisions of subsections (b), (c) and (d), section eighteen of this article relating to
125 kindergarten apply to early childhood education programs in the same manner in which they apply
126 to kindergarten programs.

127 (p) Except as required by federal law or regulation, no county board may enroll students
128 who will be less than four years of age prior to September 1 for the year they enter school.

129 (q) Except as required by federal law or regulation, beginning in the school year 2018-
130 2019, no county board may enroll students who will be less than four years of age prior to July 1 for
131 the year they enter school.

132 (r) Neither the state board nor the state department may provide any funds to any county
133 board for the purpose of implementing this section unless the county board has a plan approved
134 pursuant to subsections (h), (i) and (j) of this section.

135 (s) The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the provisions of article
136 three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the purposes of implementing the provisions of this
137 section. The state board shall consult with the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
138 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services in the preparation of the rule. The rule shall contain
139 the following:

140 (1) Standards for curriculum;

141 (2) Standards for preparing students;

142 (3) Attendance requirements;

143 (4) Standards for personnel; and

144 (5) Any other terms necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

145 (t) The rule shall include the following elements relating to curriculum standards:

146 (1) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to address the developmental needs of
147 four-year-old children consistent with prevailing research on how children learn;

148 (2) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to achieve long-range goals for the
149 social, emotional, physical and academic development of young children;

150 (3) A method for including a broad range of content that is relevant, engaging and
151 meaningful to young children;

152 (4) A requirement that the curriculum incorporate a wide variety of learning experiences,
153 materials and equipment, and instructional strategies to respond to differences in prior experience,
154 maturation rates and learning styles that young children bring to the classroom;

155 (5) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to build on what children already know in
156 order to consolidate their learning and foster their acquisition of new concepts and skills;

157 (6) A requirement that the curriculum meet the recognized standards of the relevant
158 subject matter disciplines;

159 (7) A requirement that the curriculum engage children actively in the learning process and
160 provide them with opportunities to make meaningful choices;

161 (8) A requirement that the curriculum emphasize the development of thinking, reasoning,
162 ~~decisionmaking~~ decision making and problem-solving skills;

163 (9) A set of clear guidelines for communicating with parents and involving them in
164 decisions about the instructional needs of their children; and

165 (10) A systematic plan for evaluating program success in meeting the needs of young
166 children and for helping them to be ready to succeed in school.

167 (u) After the school year 2012-2013, on or before July 1 of each year, each county board
168 shall report the following information to the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
169 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the state superintendent:

170 (1) Documentation indicating the extent to which county boards are maximizing resources
171 by using the existing capacity of community-based programs, including, but not limited to, Head
172 Start and child care; and

173 (2) For those county boards that are including eligible children attending approved,
174 contracted community-based programs in their net enrollment for the purposes of calculating state
175 aid pursuant to article nine-a of this chapter, documentation that the county board is equitably
176 distributing funding for all children regardless of setting.

ARTICLE 5D. WEST VIRGINIA FEED TO ACHIEVE ACT.

**§18-5D-4. Creating public-private partnerships; creating nonprofit foundation or fund;
audit.**

1 (a) The Department of Education and each county board of education shall promptly
2 establish a fund that is restricted solely for the receipt and expenditure of gifts, grants and
3 bequests for the purposes of this article and may establish in lieu thereof a nonprofit foundation for
4 this purpose. The purpose of the fund or nonprofit foundation is to provide supplemental or
5 matching funds to increase participation in the nutrition programs in the Feed to Achieve initiative
6 set forth in subsection (c) of this section. The Department of Education shall utilize its fund or
7 nonprofit foundation to assist county boards of education in counties whose fund or foundation
8 lacks sufficient business, industry and individual contributors to fund the Feed to Achieve nutrition
9 programs.

10 (b) Financial support for the fund or foundation may come from either public or private gifts,
11 grants, contributions, bequests and endowments.

12 (c) Expenditures from the state or county funds or by the foundations shall be used for
13 provision of food to students through any of the programs or initiatives approved by the Office of
14 Child Nutrition, including the following programs: School Breakfast Program, National School
15 Lunch Program, the Summer Food Service Program, the Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program, the
16 Child and Adult Care Food Program, the farm-to-school initiative and community gardens.

17 Expenditures may also be made for initiatives developed with the ~~Department of Health and~~
18 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and public-private partnerships to provide
19 outreach and nutritional meals when students are not in school.

20 (d) No administrative expenses or personnel expenses for any of the state departments
21 implementing this act, the State Board of Education, any county board of education, school or
22 program may be paid from the funds or by the foundations.

23 (e) Individuals or businesses that contribute to the funds or foundations may specify
24 schools or nutrition programs for which the contribution is to be used.

25 (f) The Department of Education and county boards of education may establish public-
26 private partnerships to enhance current or advance additional nutrition programs that provide
27 nutritious food for children to take home for weekend meals.

28 (g) The Department of Education and county boards of education shall form or expand
29 existing partnerships with the federal and state departments of agriculture, ~~Department of Health~~
30 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, local master gardeners, county extension
31 agents or other experts in the field of agriculture or gardening to develop community gardens,
32 farm-to-school programs and other such programs that teach students how to grow and produce
33 healthy food and provide healthy food to the students.

34 (h) The Department of Education shall collaborate with the ~~Department of Health and~~
35 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services to develop effective strategies and programs
36 such as after school nutrition outreach and programs that improve the healthy lifestyle of all
37 students in pre-kindergarten through twelfth grade. The ~~Department of Health and Human~~
38 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services may propose rules for promulgation in accordance
39 with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to effectuate any programs
40 so developed.

41 (i) All moneys contributed to a fund or foundation established pursuant to this section and
42 all expenditures made therefrom shall be audited as part of the annual independent audit of the
43 State Board of Education and the county boards of education.

ARTICLE 7B. TEACHERS' DEFINED CONTRIBUTION RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

§18-7B-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:

2 "Annual addition" means, for purposes of the limitations under Section 415(c) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code, the sum credited to a member's account for any limitation year of: (A)
4 Employer contributions; (B) employee contributions; and (C) forfeitures. Repayment of cash-outs
5 or contributions as described in Section 415(k)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, rollover
6 contributions and picked-up employee contributions to a defined benefit plan may not be treated
7 as annual additions, consistent with the requirements of Treasury Regulation §1.415(c)-1.

8 "Annuity account" or "annuity" means an account established for each member to record
9 the deposit of member contributions and employer contributions and interest, dividends, or other
10 accumulations credited on behalf of the member.

11 "Compensation" means the full compensation actually received by members for service
12 whether or not a part of the compensation is received from other funds, federal or otherwise, than
13 those provided by the state or its subdivisions: *Provided*, That annual compensation for
14 determining contributions during any determination period may not exceed the maximum
15 compensation allowed as adjusted for cost of living in accordance with §5-10D-7 of this code and
16 Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue Code: *Provided, however*, That solely for purposes of
17 applying the limitations of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code to any annual addition,
18 "compensation" has the meaning given it in §18-7B-13(d) of this code.

19 "Consolidated board" or "board" means the Consolidated Public Retirement Board created
20 and established pursuant to §5-10D-1 *et seq.* of this code.

21 "Defined contribution system" or "system" means the Teachers' Defined Contribution
22 Retirement System created and established by this article.

23 "Electing charter school" means a public charter school established pursuant to § 18-5G-1
24 *et seq.* of this code which has elected to participate in this retirement system as permitted in the
25 definition of "Member" or "employee" in this section.

26 "Employer" means the agency of and within the State of West Virginia which has employed
27 or employs a member, a county board of education which has employed or employs a member, or
28 an electing charter school which has employed or employs a member. "Participating public
29 employer" or "participating employer" means "employer" unless the context clearly requires
30 otherwise.

31 "Employer contribution" means an amount deposited into the member's individual annuity
32 account on a periodic basis coinciding with the employee's regular pay period by an employer from
33 its own funds.

34 "Employer error" means an omission, misrepresentation, or deliberate act in violation of
35 relevant provisions of the West Virginia Code, the West Virginia Code of State Regulations, or the
36 relevant provisions of both the West Virginia Code and of the West Virginia Code of State
37 Regulations by the participating public employer that has resulted in an underpayment or
38 overpayment of contributions required.

39 "Employment term" means employment for at least 10 months in any plan year with a
40 month being defined as 20 employment days.

41 "Existing employer" means any employer who employed or employs a member of the
42 system.

43 "Existing retirement system" means the State Teachers Retirement System established in
44 §18-7A-1 *et seq.* of this code.

45 "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as it has been
46 amended.

47 "Member" or "employee" means the following persons, if regularly employed for full-time
48 service: (A) Any person employed by a public school for instructional service in the public schools
49 of West Virginia; (B) principals employed by a public school; (C) librarians employed by a public
50 school; (D) superintendents of schools and assistant county superintendents of schools; (E) any
51 county school attendance director holding a West Virginia teacher's certificate; (F) members of the
52 research, extension, administrative, or library staffs of the public schools; (G) the State
53 Superintendent of Schools, heads and assistant heads of the divisions under his or her
54 supervision, or any other employee under the state superintendent performing services of an
55 educational nature; (H) employees of the State Board of Education who are performing services of
56 an educational nature; (I) any person employed in a nonteaching capacity by the State Board of
57 Education, any county board of education, an electing charter school, or the State Department of
58 Education, if that person was formerly employed as a teacher in the public schools; (J) all
59 classroom teachers, principals, and educational administrators in schools under the supervision of
60 the Division of Corrections and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
61 Human Services; (K) any person who is regularly employed for full-time service by any county
62 board of education, electing charter school, educational services cooperative, or the State Board
63 of Education; (L) the administrative staff of the public schools including deans of instruction, deans
64 of men and deans of women, and financial and administrative secretaries; (M) any person
65 designated as a 21st Century Learner Fellow pursuant to §18A-3-11 of this code who elects to
66 remain a member of the Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System established by this
67 article; and (N) any person employed by a public charter school established pursuant to §18-5G-1
68 *et seq.* of this code if the charter school includes in its charter contract entered into pursuant to
69 §18-5G-7 of this code a determination to participate in the retirement systems under this article,
70 subject to §18-7B-7a and §18-7A-1 *et seq.* of this code.

71 "Member contribution" means an amount reduced from the employee's regular pay periods
72 and deposited into the member's individual annuity account within the Teachers' Defined
73 Contribution Retirement System.

74 "Permanent, total disability" means a mental or physical incapacity requiring absence from
75 employment service for at least six months: *Provided*, That the incapacity is shown by an
76 examination by a physician or physicians selected by the board: *Provided, however*, That for
77 employees hired on or after July 1, 2005, "permanent, total disability" means an inability to engage
78 in substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental
79 impairment that can be expected to result in death, or has lasted or can be expected to last for a
80 continuous period of not less than 12 months and the incapacity is so severe that the member is
81 likely to be permanently unable to perform the duties of the position the member occupied
82 immediately prior to his or her disabling injury or illness.

83 "Plan year" means the 12-month period commencing on July 1 of any designated year and
84 ending on the following June 30.

85 "Public schools" means all publicly supported schools, including normal schools, colleges,
86 and universities in this state. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, "public school" shall
87 not include a public charter school which is not an "electing charter school" as defined herein.

88 "Regularly employed for full-time service" means employment in a regular position or job
89 throughout the employment term regardless of the number of hours worked or the method of pay.

90 "Required beginning date" means April 1 of the calendar year following the later of: (A) The
91 calendar year in which the member attains age 70.5 (if born before July 1, 1949) or age 72 (if born
92 after June 30, 1949); or (B) the calendar year in which the member retires or otherwise ceases
93 employment with a participating employer.

94 "Retirement" means a member's withdrawal from the active employment of a participating
95 employer and completion of all conditions precedent to retirement.

96 "Year of employment service" means employment for at least 10 months, with a month
97 being defined as 20 employment days: *Provided*, That no more than one year of service may be
98 accumulated in any 12-month period.

ARTICLE 10K. WEST VIRGINIA TRAUMATIC BRAIN AND SPINAL CORD INJURY

REHABILITATION FUND ACT.

§18-10K-1. Transfer of fund to ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health.

1 (a) Effective July 1, 2018, the West Virginia Traumatic Brain and Spinal Cord Injury
2 Rehabilitation Fund Board as created by the prior enactment of this article is abolished and its
3 powers and duties are transferred to the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human~~
4 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health in accordance with §9-10-1 *et seq.* of this code.

5 (b) The rules of the West Virginia Traumatic Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation
6 Fund Board shall remain in force and effect until the promulgation of new or additional rules by the
7 Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health, pursuant to
8 §9-10-5 of this code.

9 (c) On the effective date of this section, all records necessary to effectuate the purposes of
10 §9-10-1 *et seq.* of this code shall be transferred to the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and~~
11 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health.

ARTICLE 10M. WEST VIRGINIA INDEPENDENT LIVING ACT.

§18-10M-6. Statewide Independent Living Council.

1 (a) The West Virginia Statewide Independent Living Council is continued as a not-for-profit
2 corporation which has been organized to meet the requirements of the federal Rehabilitation Act,
3 as amended. The council may not be established as an entity within any agency or political
4 subdivision of the state. The council shall be governed by a board of directors, consisting of the
5 voting members of the council, as provided in this section. The composition of this board of

6 directors, as well as the composition of the full council's membership, shall include a majority of
7 members who are persons with disabilities, as defined in the federal Rehabilitation Act, as
8 amended, who are not employed by any agency of the state or center for independent living. The
9 council's membership shall reflect balanced geographical representation, diverse backgrounds
10 and a broad range of disabilities, including, but not limited to, physical, mental, cognitive, sensory
11 and multiple.

12 (b) The council shall function as a partner with the centers for independent living, in
13 compliance with the federal Rehabilitation Act, as amended, in the planning and provision of
14 independent living services in the state. In conjunction with the centers for independent living, the
15 council shall develop, approve and submit to the proper federal authorities the state plan for
16 independent living, as required by the federal act. The council shall monitor, review and evaluate
17 the effectiveness of the implementation of the state plan.

18 (c) *Voting members.* — The council shall consist of twenty-four voting members, including
19 one director of an independent living center chosen by the directors of the independent living
20 centers in the state. The Governor shall select appointments from among the nominations
21 submitted by the council after having conducted a statewide solicitation from organizations
22 representing a wide range of individuals with disabilities and other interested groups, as
23 coordinated by the council, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. These members
24 may include individuals with disabilities, other representatives from centers for independent living,
25 parents and guardians of individuals with disabilities, advocates of individuals with disabilities,
26 representatives from the business and educational sectors, representatives of organizations that
27 provide services for individuals with disabilities and other interested individuals, as appropriate to
28 the purpose of the council.

29 (d) *Nonvoting members.* — The membership of the council shall also include the following,
30 nonvoting, ex officio members or their designees who shall be appointed by the Governor:

31 (1) A representative of the designated state entity;

32 (2) A representative of the Division of Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities; ~~within~~
33 ~~the Department of Health and Human Resources~~

34 (3) A representative of the West Virginia Housing Development Fund;

35 (4) A representative of the West Virginia Association of Rehabilitation Facilities;

36 (5) A representative of the Bureau of Senior Services; and

37 (6) A representative of the Office of Special Education Programs and Assurance in the
38 Department of Education.

39 (e) The nonvoting membership may also include additional representatives of groups
40 represented on the board of directors as identified in the bylaws of the council.

41 (f) *Appointment.* — All council members are appointed by the Governor. The Governor
42 shall appoint from among the nominations submitted by organizations representing a wide range
43 of individuals with disabilities and other interested groups, as coordinated by the council.

44 (g) *Terms of appointment.* — All council members are appointed to serve for a term of three
45 years, except that a member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term
46 for which a predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of the unexpired term.
47 No member of the council may serve more than two consecutive full terms.

48 (h) *Vacancies.* — Any vacancy occurring in the appointed membership of the council shall
49 be filled in the same manner as the original appointment. A vacancy does not affect the power of
50 the remaining members to execute the duties of the council.

51 (i) *Delegation.* — The Governor may delegate the authority to fill a vacancy to the
52 remaining voting members of the council after initial appointments have been made.

53 (j) *Duties.* — The council shall:

54 (1) In conjunction with the centers for independent living, develop and sign the state plan
55 for independent living;

56 (2) Monitor, review and evaluate the implementation of the state plan;

57 (3) Coordinate activities with other bodies that address the needs of specific disability
58 populations and issues under other federal and state law;

59 (4) Ensure that all regularly scheduled meetings of the council are open to the public and
60 sufficient advance notice is provided;

61 (5) Submit to the federal funding agency such periodic reports as are required and keep
62 such records and afford access to such records, as may be necessary to verify such reports; and

63 (6) Ensure that the state plan for independent living sets forth the steps that will be taken to
64 maximize the cooperation, coordination and working relationships among:

65 (A) The Independent Living Rehabilitation Service Program, the Statewide Independent
66 Living Council and centers for independent living; and

67 (B) The designated state unit, other state agencies represented on the council, other
68 councils that address the needs of specific disability populations and issues, and other public and
69 private entities determined to be appropriate by the council.

70 (k) *Authorities*. — Unless prohibited by state law the council may, consistent with the state
71 plan described in section seven of this article:

72 (1) Work with centers for independent living to coordinate services with public and private
73 entities to improve services provided to individuals with disabilities;

74 (2) Conduct resource development activities to support the activities described in this
75 article to support the provision of independent living services by centers for independent living;
76 and

77 (3) Perform other functions, consistent with the purpose of this article and comparable to
78 other functions described in this subsection, as the council determines to be appropriate.

79 (l) *Staffing and resources*. — The council may employ staff as necessary to perform the
80 functions of the council, including an executive director and other staff as may be determined
81 necessary by the council. The council shall supervise and evaluate the executive director. The
82 council shall prepare, in conjunction with the designated state entity, a plan for the use of available

83 resources as may be necessary to carry out the functions and duties of the council pursuant to this
84 article, utilizing eligible federal funds including innovation and expansion funds as directed by the
85 federal Rehabilitation Act, as amended, funds made available under this article and funds from
86 other public and private sources. This resource plan shall, to the maximum extent possible, rely on
87 the use of existing resources during the period of plan implementation.

88 (m) *Compensation and expenses.* — The council may use available resources to
89 reimburse members of the council for reasonable and necessary expenses of attending council
90 meetings and performing council duties, such as personal assistance services, and if the member
91 is not employed or must forfeit wages from other employment, to pay compensation to the member
92 for attending official meetings or engaging in official duties not to exceed the amount paid to
93 members of the Legislature for their interim duties as recommended by the Citizens Legislative
94 Compensation Commission and authorized by law.

ARTICLE 20. EDUCATION OF EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN.

§18-20-11. Video cameras required in certain special education classrooms.

1 (a) A county board of education shall ensure placement of video cameras in self-contained
2 classrooms and audio recording devices in the restrooms of self-contained classrooms as defined
3 in state board policy.

4 (b) As used in this section:

5 (1) "Incident" means a raised suspicion by a teacher, aide, parent, or guardian of a child, of
6 bullying, abuse, or neglect of a child or of harm to an employee of a public school by:

7 (A) An employee of a public school or school district; or

8 (B) Another student;

9 (2) "Self-contained classroom" means a classroom at a public school in which a majority of
10 the students in regular attendance are provided special education instruction and as further
11 defined in state board policy; and

12 (3) "Special education" means the same as defined in §18-20-1 *et seq.* of this code.

13 (c) (1) A county board of education shall provide a video camera to a public school for each
14 self-contained classroom that is a part of that school which shall be used in every self-contained
15 classroom.

16 (2) Prior to August 1, 2023, a county board of education shall provide an audio recording
17 device to a public school to be used in the restroom of each self-contained classroom that is a part
18 of that school. If the public school is not able to receive the audio recording device by August 1,
19 2023, the public school may apply to the state Department of Education for a waiver to extend that
20 date to August 1, 2024.

21 (3) The principal of the school or other school administrator whom the principal assigns as
22 a designee shall be the custodian of the video camera and audio recording device, all recordings
23 generated by the video camera and audio recording device, and access to those recordings
24 pursuant to this section.

25 (d)(1) Every public school that receives a video camera under this section shall operate
26 and maintain the video camera in every self-contained classroom that is part of that school.

27 (2) Every public school that receives an audio recording device under this section shall
28 operate and maintain the audio recording device in every restroom that is a part of a self-contained
29 classroom that is part of that school: *Provided*, That each restroom of a self-contained classroom
30 shall have posted on its door a notice that states: "Pursuant to state law, this restroom is equipped
31 with an audio recording device for the protection of the students."

32 (3) If there is an interruption in the operation of the video camera or audio recording
33 device for any reason, a written explanation should be submitted to the school principal and the
34 county board explaining the reason and length for which there was no recording. The explanation
35 shall be maintained at the county board office for at least one year.

36 (e)(1) A video camera placed in a self-contained classroom shall be capable of:

37 (A) Monitoring all areas of the self-contained classroom, including, without limitation, a
38 room attached to the self-contained classroom and used for other purposes; and

39 (B) Recording audio from all areas of the self-contained classroom, including, without
40 limitation, a room attached to the self-contained classroom and used for other purposes.

41 (2) A video camera placed in a self-contained classroom shall not monitor a restroom or
42 any other area in the self-contained classroom where a student changes his or her clothes except,
43 for incidental monitoring of a minor portion of a restroom or other area where a student changes
44 his or her clothes because of the layout of the self-contained classroom.

45 (3) An audio recording device shall be placed in the restroom of the self-contained
46 classroom and notice provided pursuant to §18-20-11(d)(2) of this code.

47 (4) A video camera or audio recording device required by this section is not required to be
48 in operation during the time in which students are not present in the self-contained classroom.

49 (f) Before a public school initially places a video camera in a self-contained classroom or
50 an audio recording device in the restroom of a self-contained classroom pursuant to this section,
51 the county board of education shall provide written notice of the placement to:

52 (1) The parent or legal guardian of a student who is assigned to the self-contained
53 classroom: *Provided*, That the parent or guardian be allowed the opportunity to opt out of the
54 bathroom audio monitoring for their student. An Individual Education Plan or 504 plan shall outline
55 the opt out and an alternative arrangement for the student or parent needs and requested
56 accommodation; and

57 (2) The school employee(s) who is assigned to work with one or more students in the self-
58 contained classroom.

59 (g)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, a public school shall retain
60 video and audio recorded pursuant to this section for at least three months after the date of the
61 recording, subject to the following:

62 (A) If the minimum three-month period overlaps the summer break occurring between the
63 last day of one instructional term and the first day of the next instructional term, the minimum

64 three-month period shall be extended by the number of days occurring between the two
65 instructional terms;

66 (B) For any school-based camera system or audio device recording device that is installed
67 or replaced after April 1, 2022, the public school shall retain video recorded from a camera or
68 audio device recording for at least 365 days after the date the video or audio was recorded and no
69 extension of this time period during the summer break is required.

70 (2) If a person requests to review a recording under subsection (k) or subsection (l) of this
71 section, the public school shall retain the recording from the date of the request until:

72 (A) The earlier of the person reviewing the recording or 60 days after the person who
73 requested the video or audio recording was notified by the public school that the video or audio
74 recording is available; and

75 (B) Any investigation and any administrative or legal proceedings that result from the
76 recording have been completed, including, without limitation, the exhaustion of all appeals.

77 (3) In no event may the recording be deleted or otherwise made unretrievable before the
78 time period set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection elapses.

79 (h) This section does not:

80 (1) Waive any immunity from liability of a public school district or employee of a public
81 school district;

82 (2) Create any liability for a cause of action against a public school or school district or
83 employee of a public school or school district; or

84 (3) Require the principal or other designated school administrator to review the recording
85 absent an authorized request pursuant to this code section or suspicion of an incident except as
86 otherwise provided in subsection (j) of this section.

87 (i) A public school or school district shall not use video or audio recorded under this section
88 for:

89 (1) Teacher evaluations; or

90 (2) Any purpose other than the promotion and protection of the health, wellbeing, and
91 safety of students receiving special education and related services in a self-contained classroom
92 or restroom of a self-contained classroom.

93 (j) Except as provided under subsections (k) and (l) of this section, a recording made under
94 this section is confidential and shall not be released or reviewed by anyone except the school
95 principal, other school administration designee, or county designee if the school principal or other
96 school administration designee is unable to review the video or audio recording pursuant to this
97 subsection. The school principal, other school administration designee, or county designee shall
98 review no less than 15 minutes of the video and no less than 15 minutes of audio of each self-
99 contained classroom and restroom at the school no less than every 90 days. The state board shall
100 include in its rule authorized by this section requirements for documentation of compliance with the
101 video and audio reviewing requirements of this subsection.

102 (k) Within seven days of receiving a request, a public school or school district shall allow
103 review of a recording by:

104 (1) A public school or school district employee who is involved in an alleged incident that is
105 documented by the recording and has been reported to the public school or school district;

106 (2) A parent or legal guardian of a student who is involved in an alleged incident that is
107 documented by the recording and has been reported to the public school or school district; or

108 (3) An employee of a public school or school district as part of an investigation into an
109 alleged incident that is documented by the recording and has been reported to the public school or
110 school district.

111 (l) Within seven days of receiving a request, a public school or school district shall allow
112 review of a recording by and comply with all subsequent requests for review or release of the
113 recording by:

114 (1) A law-enforcement officer or employee of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
115 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services, as part of an investigation into an alleged incident that

116 is documented by the recording and has been reported to the agency: *Provided*, That if a release
117 of the recording is requested pursuant to this subdivision, the agency receiving a copy of the
118 recording shall maintain strict confidentiality of the recording and not further release the recording
119 without authorization from the public school district through its superintendent; or

120 (2) A judge, counsel, or other legal entity that is charged with deciding or representing
121 either the school board, students, or employees in any matters related to legal issues arising from
122 an incident: *Provided*, That the recording may only be released pursuant to an appropriate
123 protective order or under seal.

124 (m) If an incident is discovered while initially reviewing a recording that requires a report to
125 be made under §49-2-803 of this code, that report shall be made by the reviewer pursuant to that
126 section within 24 hours of viewing the incident.

127 (n) When a recording is under review as part of the investigation of an alleged incident, and
128 the recording reveals a student violating a disciplinary code or rule of the school, which violation is
129 not related to the alleged incident for which the review is occurring, and which violation is not
130 already the subject of a disciplinary action against the student, the student is not subject to
131 disciplinary action by the school for such unrelated violation unless it reveals a separate incident
132 as described in §18-20-11(b)(1) of this code.

133 (o) It is not a violation of subsection (j) of this section if a contractor or other employee of a
134 public school or school district incidentally reviews a recording under this section if the contractor
135 or employee of a public school or school district is performing job duties related to the:

136 (1) Installation, operation, or maintenance of video or audio equipment; or

137 (2) Retention of video or audio recordings.

138 (p) This section applies solely to cameras and audio recording devices installed pursuant
139 to this code section and does not limit the access of a student's parent or legal guardian to a
140 recording reviewable under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C.
141 §1232g, or any other law.

142 (q) A public school or school district shall:

143 (1) Take necessary precautions to conceal the identity of a student who appears in a video
144 recording but is not involved in the alleged incident documented by the video recording for which
145 the public school allows viewing under subsection (j) of this section, including, without limitation,
146 blurring the face of the uninvolved student; and

147 (2) Provide procedures to protect the confidentiality of student records contained in a
148 recording in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C.
149 §1232g, or any other law.

150 (r) (1) Any aggrieved person may appeal to the State Board of Education an action by a
151 public school or school district that the person believes to be in violation of this section.

152 (2) The state board shall grant a hearing on an appeal under this subsection within 45 days
153 of receiving the appeal.

154 (s) (1) A public school or school district may use funds distributed from the Safe Schools
155 Fund created in §18-5-48 of this code or any other available funds to meet the requirements of this
156 section.

157 (2) A public school or school district may accept gifts, grants, or donations to meet the
158 requirements of this section.

159 (t) The state board may promulgate a rule in accordance with §29A-3B-1 *et seq.* of this
160 code to clarify the requirements of this section and address any unforeseen issues that might arise
161 relating to the implementation of the requirements of this section.

**ARTICLE 21. SPECIAL COMMUNITY-BASED PILOT DEMONSTRATION PROJECT
TO IMPROVE OUTCOMES FOR AT-RISK YOUTH.**

§18-21-1. Definition of "at-risk youth".

1 As used in this article "at-risk youth" means all children between birth and seventeen and
2 young adults between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one who are low income, receiving

3 benefits from the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
4 Human Services, legally under the jurisdiction of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
5 Department of Human Services or in custody of the West Virginia Division of Juvenile Services,
6 the selected county's juvenile court/probation department or the selected county's alternative
7 school system program.

**§18-21-2. Creation of a special Community-Based Pilot Demonstration Project to Improve
Outcomes for At-Risk Youth.**

1 Effective July 1, 2012, if funds are available, the Secretary of the ~~West Virginia Department~~
2 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall select a community-based
3 organization to establish a special Community-Based Pilot Demonstration Project to Improve
4 Outcomes for At-Risk Youth in a specified community for a duration of seven years. The project will
5 identify, implement and document best practices that can be replicated in other communities. The
6 designated community-based organization shall operate the special pilot project under the
7 direction of the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
8 Human Services and shall work in collaboration with the State School Superintendent, local
9 county school superintendent, Chancellor for Community and Technical College Education, the
10 closest community and technical college and four-year college or university, State Workforce
11 Investment Division, Executive Director of the West Virginia Vocational Rehabilitation Services,
12 the local juvenile court system, the local workforce investment board, the Chancellor for Higher
13 Education, the Director of West Virginia Division of Juvenile Services, the local mental or
14 behavioral health organizations and other governmental and community-based organizations.

**§18-21-3. Secretary of ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
Services responsibilities.**

1 The Secretary of the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~
2 Department of Human Services shall:

3 (1) Identify a county with the most at-risk youth, that also has adequate facilities and
4 community leadership, to run a community-based pilot program that brings together both state and
5 local organizations, to work collaboratively to provide comprehensive, intense wrap-around
6 services to at-risk youth and their families in a seamless coordinated system; and

7 (2) Identify the challenges confronting the most at-risk youth and their families and make
8 specific recommendations to the pilot program administrators to improve the outcomes for these
9 youths; specifically, to reduce the number of abuse and neglect cases to reduce the number of
10 youth in out-of-home and out-of-state placements; to reduce high school drop-out rates, to reduce
11 substance abuse among youth including smoking, reduce teen pregnancies, to reduce juvenile
12 delinquency and to reduce the number of juvenile delinquents and youth aging out of foster care
13 that eventually enter into the adult criminal justice system.

14 (3) Document best practices which can be replicated in other counties.

15 (4) Establish base line and goals for each performance measure in conjunction with the
16 director of the community-based organization operating the pilot project.

17 (5) Beginning in January 2013, on or before the first day of the regular session of the
18 Legislature, and each year thereafter, the Secretary of ~~Department of Health and Human~~
19 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services along with the director of the community-based
20 organization operating the pilot program shall make a status report to the Legislative Oversight
21 Committee on Health and Human Resources Accountability.

§18-21-4. Organization and goals of the community-based pilot demonstration program.

1 (a) The pilot program shall be operated by a local community-based organization under the
2 direction of the Secretary of the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
3 Department of Human Services and in collaboration with the State School Superintendent, county
4 school superintendent, Executive Director of the State Workforce Investment Division, Executive
5 Director of WV Vocational Rehabilitation Services, the local juvenile court system, the Chancellor
6 for Higher Education, the Chancellor for Community and Technical College Education, president

7 of the local community and technical college and four-year college or university, the Director of the
8 West Virginia Division of Juvenile Services, the local mental or behavioral health organizations
9 and other governmental and community-based organizations and partner agencies to serve as a
10 clearinghouse to coordinate comprehensive youth and family services. The pilot project shall be
11 housed within the community and will be directed by a local community-based nonprofit
12 organization.

13 (b) The pilot project shall operate out of a centrally located building to coordinate services
14 to youth and their families in the selected county from birth to seventeen years of age who are
15 referred by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

16 (c) The goal of the pilot program is to improve outcomes for at-risk youth as measured by
17 the following metrics:

18 (1) Early childhood development:

19 (A) Increase in the number of mothers receiving early prenatal care;

20 (B) Increase in the number of mothers participating in the Right From the Start Program;

21 (C) Increase in the number of children screened by the birth to three year-old program for
22 early development delays;

23 (D) Increase in the number of three year-olds enrolled in Head Start;

24 (E) Increase in the number of four year-olds enrolled in preschool.

25 (2) Preschool youth and teen measures:

26 (A) Decrease in school truancy;

27 (B) Decrease in truancy hearings;

28 (C) Decrease in school suspensions;

29 (D) Decrease in school expulsions;

30 (E) Decrease in high school dropouts at a select school;

31 (F) Increase in the number of youth participating in a mentoring program;

32 (G) Increase in academic performance for select students;

- 33 (H) Increase in the number of youth participating in summer employment; and
- 34 (I) Increase in the number of youth entering postsecondary education or the workforce.
- 35 (3) Parent measures:
- 36 (A) Increase in the number of individuals registered at the WorkForce West Virginia
- 37 Center;
- 38 (B) Increase in the number of individuals enrolled in job training;
- 39 (C) Increase in the number of individuals completing job training with a certification or
- 40 credential;
- 41 (D) Increase in the number of individuals placed in employment; and
- 42 (E) Increase in the number of children enrolled in the CHIP program.

CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

§18A-2-8. Suspension and dismissal of school personnel by board; appeal.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a board may suspend or dismiss any
2 person in its employment at any time for: Immorality, incompetency, cruelty, insubordination,
3 intemperance, willful neglect of duty, unsatisfactory performance, a finding of abuse by the
4 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services in accordance with
5 §49-1-1 *et seq.* of this code, the conviction of a misdemeanor or a guilty plea or a plea of nolo
6 contendere to a misdemeanor charge that has a rational nexus between the conduct and
7 performance of the employee's job, the conviction of a felony or a guilty plea or a plea of nolo
8 contendere to a felony charge. Upon the commencement of any fact-finding investigation involving
9 conduct alleged to jeopardize the health, safety, or welfare of students or the learning environment
10 of other students, whether being conducted internally, or in cooperation with police or ~~Department~~
11 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, the affected employee shall be

12 suspended, placed on administrative leave, or reassigned to duties which do not involve direct
13 interaction with pupils.

14 (b) A charge of unsatisfactory performance shall not be made except as the result of an
15 employee performance evaluation pursuant to §18A-2-12 of this code. The charges shall be stated
16 in writing served upon the employee within two days of presentation of the charges to the board.

17 (c) The affected employee shall be given an opportunity, within five days of receiving the
18 written notice, to request, in writing, a level three hearing and appeals pursuant to the provisions of
19 §6C-2-1 *et seq.* of this code, except that dismissal for a finding of abuse or the conviction of a
20 felony or guilty plea or plea of nolo contendere to a felony charge is not by itself a grounds for a
21 grievance proceeding. An employee charged with the commission of a felony, a misdemeanor with
22 a rational nexus between the conduct and performance of the employee's job, or child abuse shall
23 be suspended, placed on administrative leave, or reassigned to duties which do not involve direct
24 interaction with pupils pending final disposition of the charges.

25 (d) A county board of education has the duty and authority to provide a safe and secure
26 environment in which students may learn and prosper; therefore, it may take necessary steps to
27 suspend or dismiss any person in its employment at any time should the health, safety, or welfare
28 of students be jeopardized or the learning environment of other students has been impacted. A
29 county board shall complete an investigation of an employee that involves evidence that the
30 employee may have engaged in conduct that jeopardizes the health, safety, or welfare of students
31 despite the employee's resignation from employment prior to completion of the investigation.

32 (e) It shall be the duty of any school principal to report any employee conduct alleged to
33 jeopardize the health, safety, or welfare of students or the learning environment of other students,
34 to the county superintendent within 24 hours of the allegation. Nothing in this subsection
35 supersedes §49-2-803 of this code or the provisions therein regarding mandated reporting of child
36 abuse and neglect.

37 (f) It shall be the duty of any county superintendent to report any employee suspended or
38 dismissed, or resigned during the course of an investigation of the employee's alleged
39 misconduct, in accordance with this section, including the rationale for the suspension or
40 dismissal, to the state superintendent within seven business days of the suspension, dismissal, or
41 resignation. The state superintendent shall maintain a database of all individuals suspended or
42 dismissed for jeopardizing the health, safety, or welfare of students, or for impacting the learning
43 environment of other students. The database shall also include the rationale for the suspension or
44 dismissal. The database shall be confidential and shall only be accessible to county human
45 resource directors, county superintendents, and the state superintendent of schools.

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

§18A-4-17. Health and other facility employee salaries.

1 (a) The minimum salary scale for professional personnel and service personnel employed
2 by the state Department of Education to provide education and support services to residents of
3 state ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services' facilities,
4 corrections facilities providing services to juvenile and youthful offenders, in the West Virginia
5 schools for the deaf and the blind and in public community and technical colleges providing middle
6 college services is the same as set forth in sections two, three and eight-a of this article.
7 Additionally, those personnel shall receive the equivalent of salary supplements paid to
8 professional and service personnel employed by the county board in the county wherein each
9 facility is located, as set forth in sections five-a and five-b of this article. Professional personnel
10 and service personnel in these facilities who earn advanced classification of training after the
11 effective date of this section shall be paid the advanced salary from the date the classification of
12 training is earned. The professional personnel shall be certified, licensed or trained, and shall meet
13 other eligibility classifications as may be required by the provisions of this chapter and by state
14 board regulations for comparable instructional personnel who are employed by county boards.
15 The professional personnel shall be paid at the equivalent rate of pay of teachers as set forth in

16 section two of this article, but outside the public support plan, plus the equivalent of the salary
17 supplement paid to teachers employed by the county board in the county in which each facility is
18 located, as set forth in section five-a of this article.

19 (b) Professional personnel employed by the department to provide education services to
20 residents in ~~state Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services'
21 facilities, corrections facilities providing services to juvenile and youthful offenders, in the West
22 Virginia schools for the deaf and the blind or in public community and technical colleges providing
23 middle college services are afforded all the rights, privileges and benefits established for the
24 professional personnel under this article, subject to the following:

25 (1) The benefits apply only within the facility at which the professional personnel are
26 employed;

27 (2) The benefits exclude salaries unless explicitly provided for under this or other sections
28 of this article; and

29 (3) Seniority for the professional personnel is determined on the basis of the length of time
30 the employee has been professionally employed at the facility, regardless of which state agency
31 was the actual employer.

32 (c) Professional personnel and service personnel employed by the Department of
33 Education to provide education and support services to residents in ~~state Department of Health~~
34 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services' facilities, corrections facilities providing
35 services to juvenile and youthful offenders, the West Virginia schools for the deaf and the blind and
36 in public community and technical colleges providing middle college services are state employees.

37 (d) *Additional seniority provisions.* —

38 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, professional and
39 service personnel employed in an educational facility operated by the West Virginia Department of
40 Education accrue seniority at that facility on the basis of the length of time the employee has been
41 employed at the facility. Professional and service personnel whose employment at the facility was

42 preceded immediately by employment with the county board previously providing education
43 services at the facility or whose employment contract was with the county board previously
44 providing education services at the facility:

45 (A) Retains any seniority accrued during employment by the county board;

46 (B) Accrues seniority as a regular employee with the county board during employment at
47 the facility;

48 (C) Attains continuing contract status in accordance with section two, article two, chapter
49 eighteen-a of this code with both the county and the facility if the sum of the years employed by the
50 county and the facility equals the statutory number required for continuing contract status; and

51 (D) Retains and continues to accrue county and facility seniority in the event of
52 reemployment by the county as a result of direct transfer from the facility or recall from the
53 preferred list.

54 (2) Reductions in work force in the facility or employment by the facility or county board are
55 made in accordance with the provisions of sections seven-a and eight-b of this chapter. Only years
56 of employment within the facility are considered for purposes of reduction in force within the
57 facility.

58 (3) The seniority conferred in this section applies retroactively to all affected professional
59 and service personnel, but the rights incidental to the seniority commence on the effective date of
60 this section.

61 (4) Amendments made to this section during the 2009 regular session of the Legislature do
62 not abrogate any rights, privileges or benefits bestowed under previous enactments of this
63 section.

CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 10. FEES AND OTHER MONEY COLLECTED AT STATE INSTITUTIONS OF

HIGHER

EDUCATION.

§18B-10-7b. Tuition waivers for high school graduates in foster care.

1 The governing boards shall make provision for institutions under their respective
2 jurisdictions to award a tuition and fee waiver for undergraduate courses at state institutions of
3 higher education for any student, beginning with incoming freshmen in the fall, two thousand,
4 semester or term, who graduate from high school or pass the GED examination while in the legal
5 custody of the state ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

6 The student must be in foster care or other residential care for at least one year prior to the waiver
7 award. If the foster care or other residential care is provided in another state, the student must first
8 be returned to this state for waiver award eligibility.

9 To be eligible for a waiver award, a student must first: (1) Apply to and be accepted at the
10 institution; and (2) apply for other student financial assistance, other than student loans, in
11 compliance with federal financial aid rules, including the federal Pell grant.

12 Waiver renewal is contingent upon the student continuing to meet the academic progress
13 standards established by the institution.

14 The waiver provided by this section for each eligible student may be used for no more than
15 four years of undergraduate study. An initial waiver must be granted within two years of graduation
16 from high school or passing the GED examination.

17 The waiver may only be used after other sources of financial aid that are dedicated solely
18 to tuition and fees are exhausted.

19 Any award under this section is in addition to the number of fee waivers permitted in
20 sections five and six of this article for undergraduate, graduate and professional schools.

21 No student who is enrolled in an institution of higher education as of the effective date of
22 this section is eligible for a waiver award under the provisions of this section.

23 The governing boards may establish any limitations on the provisions of this section as
24 they consider proper.

ARTICLE 16. HEALTH CARE EDUCATION.

§18B-16-3. Definitions.

1 For purposes of this article, and in addition to the definitions set forth in section two, article
2 one of this chapter, the terms used in this article have the following definitions ascribed to them:

3 (a) "Advisory panel" or "panel" means the West Virginia rural health advisory panel created
4 under section six of this article.

5 (b) "Allied health care" means health care other than that provided by physicians, nurses,
6 dentists and mid-level providers and includes, but is not limited to, care provided by clinical
7 laboratory personnel, physical therapists, occupational therapists, respiratory therapists, medical
8 records personnel, dietetic personnel, radiologic personnel, speech-language-hearing personnel
9 and dental hygienists.

10 (c) "Mid-level provider" includes, but is not limited to, advanced nurse practitioners, nurse-
11 midwives and physician assistants.

12 (d) "Office of community and rural health services" means that agency, staff or office within
13 the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health which has as its primary
14 focus the delivery of rural health care.

15 (e) "Primary care" means basic or general health care which emphasizes the point when
16 the patient first seeks assistance from the medical care system and the care of the simpler and
17 more common illnesses. This type of care is generally rendered by family practice physicians,
18 general practice physicians, general internists, obstetricians, pediatricians, psychiatrists and mid-
19 level providers.

20 (f) "Primary health care education sites" or "sites", whether the term is used in the plural or
21 singular, means those rural health care facilities established for the provision of educational and
22 clinical experiences pursuant to section seven of this article.

23 (g) "Rural health care facilities" or "facilities", whether the term is used in the plural or
24 singular, means nonprofit, free-standing primary care clinics in medically underserved or health

25 professional shortage areas and nonprofit rural hospitals with one hundred or less licensed acute
26 care beds located in a nonstandard metropolitan statistical area.

27 (h) "Schools of medicine" means the West Virginia University school of medicine, which is
28 the school of health sciences; the Marshall school of medicine, which is the Marshall medical
29 school; and the West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine.

30 (i) "Vice chancellor" means the vice chancellor for health sciences provided for under
31 section six, article two of this chapter.

CHAPTER 18C. STUDENT LOANS; SCHOLARSHIPS AND STATE AID.

ARTICLE 3. HEALTH PROFESSIONALS STUDENT LOAN PROGRAMS.

§18C-3-1. Medical Student Loan Program; establishment; administration; eligibility; loan repayment and collection; required report.

1 (a) *Definitions.* – As used in this section, unless the context in which the term used clearly
2 requires a different meaning:

3 "Approved service commitment area" means a location in West Virginia that is both a
4 federally designated geographic, population, or facility-based health professions shortage area
5 and in a medical specialty in which there is a shortage of physicians, as determined by the state's
6 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health, at the time the loan was
7 issued.

8 "Medical schools" means the Marshall University School of Medicine, the West Virginia
9 University School of Medicine, and the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine.

10 "Person" means the recipient of a medical student loan issued in accordance with the
11 provisions of this section by a medical school as defined herein.

12 "West Virginia residents" means persons who are citizens or legal residents of the United
13 States and have resided in West Virginia for at least one year immediately preceding the date of
14 application for a medical student loan.

15 (b) There are hereby established the medical student loan program at the Marshall
16 University School of Medicine, the West Virginia University School of Medicine, and the West
17 Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine.

18 (c) Subject to the availability of funds as established in §18C-3-1(d) of this code, the
19 medical schools may make medical student loans in accordance with the provisions of this section
20 to students enrolled in or admitted to their respective medical schools in a course of instruction
21 leading to the degree of doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathy who enter into a written
22 medical student loan agreement with the medical school in accordance with §18C-3-1(i) of this
23 code. The number of awards shall be determined by the availability of funds in this program at
24 each school in any given academic year: *Provided*, That the availability of funds does not require
25 the medical schools to issue or renew medical student loans.

26 (d) There are hereby continued the special revolving fund accounts at the Marshall
27 University School of Medicine, the West Virginia University School of Medicine, and the West
28 Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine, which shall be used to carry out the purposes of this
29 section.

30 (1) The funds shall consist of all moneys currently on deposit in such accounts or which
31 are due or become due for deposit into such accounts as obligations made under the previous
32 enactment of this section; those funds provided for medical education pursuant to the provisions of
33 §18B-10-4 of this code; appropriations provided by the Legislature; repayment of any loans made
34 under this section; amounts provided by medical associations, hospitals, or other medical provider
35 organizations in this state, or by political subdivisions of the state, under an agreement which
36 requires the recipient to practice his or her health profession in this state or in the political
37 subdivision providing the funds for a predetermined period of time and in such capacity as set forth
38 in the agreement; and any other amounts which may be available from external sources.

39 (2) All expenditures from the medical schools' medical student loan repayment funds shall
40 be for medical student loans issued in accordance with the terms of this section and for the

41 medical schools' expenses incurred in administering their respective medical student loan
42 programs.

43 (3) These funds shall operate as special funds whereby all deposits and payments thereto
44 do not expire to the General Revenue Fund, but shall remain in the medical schools' funds and be
45 available for expenditure in succeeding fiscal years.

46 (e) In order to be eligible for a medical student loan as provided in this section, the person
47 applying therefor shall meet the following minimum requirements:

48 (1) Full-time enrollment in a medical school in a program leading to the degree of doctor of
49 medicine or doctor of osteopathy: *Provided*, That the person has not previously obtained such a
50 degree;

51 (2) Demonstrated financial need as determined by the medical schools' individual financial
52 aid offices;

53 (3) Demonstrated credit-worthiness by not being in default of any previous student loan or
54 medical student loan issued by any lender; and

55 (4) United States citizenship as either born or naturalized.

56 (f) Medical student loans shall be awarded on a priority basis first to qualified applicants
57 who are West Virginia residents at the time of entry into the medical school, and second to
58 qualified applicants who are not West Virginia residents at the time of entry into the medical
59 school.

60 (g) In order to be eligible for renewal of a medical student loan as provided in this section,
61 the person applying therefor shall meet the minimum requirements established in §18C-3-1(e) of
62 this code, as well as maintain good academic standing and make satisfactory progress toward
63 degree completion in accordance with the issuing medical school's policy for awarding Title IV
64 financial aid funds.

65 (h) Each medical student loan issued by a medical school shall be made pursuant to the
66 provisions of this section and shall provide to the recipient of the medical student loan a maximum

67 annual amount of \$10,000. The medical school and the person may renew the medical student
68 loan annually for a period not to exceed four years: *Provided*, That the person is eligible for such
69 renewal in accordance with §18C-3-1(g) of this code.

70 (i) Each medical student loan issued by a medical school shall be memorialized in a written
71 medical student loan agreement, which shall require, at a minimum, that the person receiving the
72 loan:

73 (1) Complete the required course of instruction and receive the degree of doctor or
74 medicine (M.D.) or doctor of osteopathy (D.O.);

75 (2) Apply for and obtain a license to practice medicine in West Virginia;

76 (3) Engage in the full-time practice of medicine for a period of 12 months within an
77 approved service commitment area;

78 (4) Commence the full-time practice of medicine within nine months after completion of an
79 approved post-graduate residency training program and licensure in an approved service
80 commitment area and continue full-time practice in the approved service commitment area for a
81 consecutive period of months equal to the total number of months for which the medical student
82 loan was provided;

83 (5) Agree that the service commitment for each agreement entered into under the
84 provisions of this section is in addition to any other service commitment contained in any other
85 agreement the person has entered or may enter into for the purpose of obtaining any other
86 financial aid;

87 (6) Maintain records and make reports to the issuing medical school to document the
88 person's satisfaction of the obligations under the agreement to engage in the full-time practice of
89 medicine in an approved service commitment area and to continue the full-time practice of
90 medicine in the approved service commitment area for a consecutive period of months equal to
91 the total number of months the student received the medical student loan. Persons practicing in a
92 federally designated population-based health professions shortage area shall provide

93 documentation that more than 50 percent of their service is provided to the designated population;
94 and

95 (7) Upon failure to satisfy the requirements of the agreement that the person engage in the
96 full-time practice of medicine within an approved service commitment area for the required period
97 of time under the medical student loan agreement, the person receiving a medical student loan
98 pursuant to the provisions of this section shall repay amounts to his or her issuing medical school
99 in accordance with the provisions of §18C-3-1(k) of this code.

100 (j) Upon the selection of an approved service commitment area for the purpose of
101 satisfying a service obligation under a medical student loan agreement entered into pursuant to
102 the provisions of this section, the person so selecting shall inform the issuing medical school of the
103 service area selected. Such person may serve all or part of the commitment in the approved
104 service commitment area initially selected or in a different approved service commitment area:
105 *Provided*, That the person notifies his or her issuing medical school of his or her change of
106 approved service commitment areas. Service in any such service commitment area shall be
107 deemed to be continuous for the purpose of satisfying the medical student loan agreement.

108 (k) Upon the person's presentation of the report required by subdivision (i)(6) of this section
109 to the issuing medical school evidencing his or her satisfaction of the terms of the medical student
110 loan agreement provided for herein, the issuing medical school shall cancel \$10,000 of the
111 outstanding loan for every twelve full consecutive months of service as required in the agreement.

112 (l) Upon the failure of any person to satisfy the obligation to engage in the full-time practice
113 of medicine within an approved service commitment area of this state for the required period of
114 time under any medical student loan agreement, such person shall repay to his or her issuing
115 medical school an amount equal to the total of the amount of money received by the person
116 pursuant to the medical student loan agreement plus annual interest at a rate of 9.5 percent from
117 the date the person first received the medical student loan. For any such repayment, the following
118 provisions shall apply:

119 (1) The person shall repay an amount totaling the entire amount to be repaid under all
120 medical student loan agreements for which such obligations are not satisfied, including all
121 amounts of interest at the rate prescribed. The repayment shall be made either in a lump sum or in
122 not more than 12 equal monthly installment payments.

123 (2) All installment payments shall commence six months after the date of the action or
124 circumstance that causes the person's failure to satisfy the obligations of the medical student loan
125 agreement, as determined by the issuing medical school based upon the circumstances of each
126 individual case. In all cases, if an installment payment becomes 91 days overdue, the entire
127 amount outstanding shall become immediately due and payable, including all amounts of interest
128 at the rate prescribed.

129 (3) If a person becomes in default of his or her medical student loan repayment obligations,
130 the medical school shall make all reasonable efforts to collect the debt, in accordance with the
131 provisions of §14-1-1 *et seq.* of this code.

132 (m) If, during the time a person is satisfying the service requirement of a medical student
133 loan agreement, such person desires to engage in less than the full-time practice of medicine
134 within an approved service commitment area and remain in satisfaction of the service
135 requirement, such person may apply to the medical school that issued the medical student loan for
136 permission to engage in less than the full-time practice of medicine. Upon a finding of exceptional
137 circumstances made by the medical school that issued the medical student loan, the medical
138 school may authorize the person to engage in less than the full-time practice of medicine within an
139 approved service commitment area for the remaining required period of time under the medical
140 student loan agreement and for an additional period of time that shall be equal to the length of time
141 originally required multiplied by two: *Provided*, That in no event shall such person be allowed to
142 practice medicine less than half-time.

143 (n) By July 31 each year, each medical school shall prepare and submit a report on the
144 operations of their respective medical student loan programs to the commission for inclusion in the

145 commission's data publication and reporting required by §18C-1-1(f) of this code. At a minimum,
146 this report shall include the following information:

147 (1) The number of medical student loans awarded during the preceding academic year;

148 (2) The total amount of medical student loans awarded;

149 (3) The total amount of any unexpended moneys remaining in their medical student loan
150 funds at the end of the fiscal year;

151 (4) The rate of default on the repayment of previously awarded loans during the previous
152 fiscal year;

153 (5) The number of doctors practicing medicine in the state in accordance with their service
154 obligations; and

155 (6) The total amount of medical student loans cancelled in accordance with subsection (k)
156 of this section.

CHAPTER 19. AGRICULTURE.

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

§19-1-7. Shared animal ownership agreement to consume raw milk.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of the law to the contrary, a responsible party may
2 enter into a written shared animal ownership agreement to consume raw milk in which he or she:

3 (1) Acquires a percentage ownership interest in a milk-producing animal;

4 (2) Agrees to pay another for the percentage ownership interest for the care and boarding
5 of the milk-producing animal at the dairy farm;

6 (3) Is entitled to receive a fair share of the animal's raw milk production as a condition of the
7 contractual agreement;

8 (4) Agrees to sign a written document acknowledging the inherent dangers of consuming
9 raw milk that may contain bacteria, such as Brucella, Campylobacter, Listeria, Salmonella, and E.
10 Coli, that has not been pasteurized to remove bacteria and that is particularly dangerous to

11 children, pregnant women, and those with compromised immunity. The responsible party then
12 agrees to release the herd seller of liability for the inherent dangers of consuming raw milk but not
13 for those dangers that are caused by negligent acts or omissions of the herd seller; and

14 (5) Agrees not to distribute raw milk. The sale or resale of raw milk obtained from a herd
15 share is strictly prohibited.

16 (b) The signed and executed shared animal ownership agreement shall be filed by the herd
17 seller with the Commissioner of Agriculture and shall contain the names, addresses, and phone
18 numbers of the herd seller and the responsible party so that either party may be contacted in the
19 event of an illness.

20 (c) The herd seller shall meet the animal health requirements for milk-producing animals
21 established by the state veterinarian in accordance with state and national standards including the
22 following:

23 (1) Raw milk from milk-producing animals intended for consumption shall be from a herd
24 that tested negative within the previous 12 months for brucellosis, tuberculosis, and other
25 diseases as required by the state veterinarian. Additions to the herd shall test negative for the
26 diseases within the previous 30 days before introduction into the herd; and

27 (2) Milk-producing animals producing bloody, stringy, or abnormal milk, but with only slight
28 inflammation of the udder, shall be excluded from the milking herd until reexamination shows that
29 the milk has become normal. Milk-producing animals showing chronic mastitis, whether producing
30 abnormal milk or not, shall be permanently excluded from the milking herd.

31 (d) Parties to a shared animal ownership agreement and physicians who become aware of
32 an illness directly related to consuming raw milk shall report the illness to the local health
33 department and the Commissioner of Agriculture. Upon receipt of such a report, the
34 Commissioner of Agriculture or his or her designee shall contact and warn other parties
35 consuming raw milk from the same herd seller.

36 (e) The Commissioner of Agriculture may impose an administrative penalty not to exceed
37 \$100 for a person who violates the provisions of this section. Any penalty imposed under this
38 subsection may be contested by the person against whom it is imposed pursuant to §29A-5-1 *et*
39 *seq.* of this code.

40 (f) The Commissioner of Agriculture, in consultation with the ~~Department of Health and~~
41 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health, may propose rules for promulgation in accordance with
42 the provisions of §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code in compliance with raw milk dairy industry
43 standards.

44 (g) Notwithstanding any provision of code to the contrary, raw milk may be sold without the
45 parties entering into a written shared animal ownership agreement if the raw milk is to be used:

46 (1) As an ingredient in the preparation or making of a nonedible product, such as a soap or
47 lotion; or

48 (2) As feed for another animal: *Provided*, That the sale of raw milk to be used as animal
49 feed is subject to the provisions of §19-14-1 *et seq.* of this code.

ARTICLE 11E. MILK AND MILK PRODUCTS.

§19-11E-1. Purpose and scope.

1 In 2018, the Legislature created the Joint Task Force on Milk Rules and Regulations in
2 response to concerns about current regulation of the dairy industry in West Virginia. The Joint Task
3 Force heard from, and collected data and other information from, dairy farmers, industry
4 representatives, and regulators from West Virginia, other states, and the federal government.
5 Following its review of the collected information, the Joint Task Force concluded that potential
6 benefits and economies of scale would best be realized by transferring some or all authority to
7 promulgate milk rules and regulations from the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
8 Department of Health to the Department of Agriculture.

9 It is the purpose of this article to establish the authority of the West Virginia Department of
10 Agriculture to regulate milk and milk products within the state. It is the further purpose of this article

11 to ensure that milk and milk products produced, manufactured, or sold in West Virginia are safe,
12 while also ensuring that regulation is done in such a way as to foster the stability and growth of the
13 dairy industry in West Virginia.

14 It is the intent of the Legislature that this article regulate the production, transportation, and
15 sale of milk and milk products; confer powers and impose duties upon the Commissioner of
16 Agriculture; prescribe penalties; and provide for the enforcement thereof.

17 Furthermore, except where otherwise indicated, it is the intent of the Legislature that this
18 article substantially conform with the federal regulations promulgated under the authority of the
19 United States Secretary of Health and Human Services in order to provide for the movement of
20 milk and milk products in interstate and intrastate commerce with a minimum of economic barriers.

§19-11E-17. Transfer of milk regulation authority from ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health to Department of Agriculture.

1 (a) Effective July 1, 2019, authority for the regulation, including enforcement, of Grade "A"
2 milk is hereby transferred to the commissioner from the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
3 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health.

4 (b) Prior to July 1, 2019, the commissioner and the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
5 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health shall enter into an agreement to provide for the orderly transition
6 of regulatory operations from the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
7 Health to the commissioner. Said agreement shall provide:

8 (1) For the transfer of records and equipment related to the milk regulation program to the
9 commissioner;

10 (2) For the continued provision of services by staff of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
11 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health to the commissioner under the terms of the agreement;

12 (3) For transition, upon notice to ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department
13 of Health, of functions from the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
14 Health to the commissioner; and

15 (4) For the completion of the transfer of all responsibilities from the ~~Department of Health~~
16 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Health to the commissioner no later than December 31,
17 2019.

18 (c) During a period from July 1, 2019, to December 31, 2019, the ~~Department of Health and~~
19 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health shall cooperate fully with the commissioner to ensure a
20 smooth transition of authority, knowledge, and resources to guarantee that milk regulation in West
21 Virginia suffers no gap or failure in regulation.

22 (d) All legislative rules issued by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
23 Department of Health pursuant to its authority to regulate milk shall remain in effect until
24 superseded by the commissioner's regulations.

ARTICLE 12A. LAND DIVISION.

**§19-12A-1a. Farm management commission abolished; property transferred; powers and
duties of commissioner of agriculture.**

1 (a) The farm management commission previously established by this article is hereby
2 abolished. The real and personal property held by the commission, including all institutional farms
3 and all easements, mineral rights, appurtenances, farm equipment, agricultural products,
4 inventories and farm facilities, operating revenue funds for those operations, and all employees of
5 the farm management commission, are hereby transferred to the Department of Agriculture. The
6 Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture shall have all those powers, duties and
7 responsibilities previously vested in the farm management commission and the farm management
8 director pursuant to this article.

9 (b) Not later than January 1, 1995, the Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture
10 shall report to the Legislature on the optimum use or disposition of each institutional farm
11 transferred pursuant to this section. The commissioner shall set forth the objectives of the agency
12 with respect to the land, the criteria by which the agency has determined the optimum use or
13 disposition of the property, and determinations as to whether the land shall be used in the

14 production of food products, the production or development of natural resources, held for
15 recreational or other specified uses, or sold, or leased in whole or in part. With respect to each
16 institutional farm, the commissioner shall report on which properties are subject to reversionary
17 clauses or other restrictions in deeds of conveyance which may affect permitted uses, or proposed
18 sales or leases. With respect to each institutional farm, the commissioner shall report on projected
19 revenues and expenses from operations. Planned activities and uses with respect to the land shall
20 be detailed for at least five years specifically and at least ten years generally and shall include a
21 cost benefit analysis of options or alternatives for action. In the case of land managed for
22 production of timber, the commissioner shall report on projections for timber harvesting on a
23 sustained-yield basis, income estimates, and the years in which income will be generated. The
24 report shall detail planned actions to protect the land from erosion, fire, plant and animal pests,
25 noxious insects, noxious weeds and plant and animal diseases. In the case of land subject to
26 rights granted by existing contracts, leases, licenses or easements, the report shall include a
27 determination as to whether the interest granted should be continued or withdrawn. In the case of
28 land managed under land management plans adopted prior to the effective date of this section,
29 land management plans shall be reviewed and amended as may be necessary. When appropriate,
30 the commissioner shall consult with the secretaries of the various departments of state
31 government and shall request from the secretaries suggestions for land use and resource
32 development on the land. In the case of land recommended for sale, lease, or transfer, the report
33 shall include the review and approval of the director of the West Virginia Development Office of the
34 proposed use and alternate suggestions for use of any institutional farm which may be in the public
35 interest. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection to the contrary, title to the Weston
36 State Hospital Institutional Farm, located at Weston, Lewis County, is hereby transferred from the
37 Department of Agriculture to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
38 Health Facilities, including all buildings thereon: *Provided*, That the Department of Agriculture
39 shall retain all oil, gas and mineral rights, interests and title underlying the surface of the real

40 property being transferred to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
41 Health Facilities under this subsection.

42 The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health
43 Facilities is authorized to sell, lease, donate or otherwise transfer the Weston State Hospital
44 Institutional Farm, as well as the grounds of the former Weston State Hospital including the
45 improvements and appurtenances belonging thereto: *Provided*, That notice of the sale of the real
46 estate at auction shall include the right of the state to reject any and all bids: *Provided, however*,
47 That the deed conveying title to the real estate shall contain a reservation in it providing that the
48 communications tower, located on the real estate and owned and maintained by the county
49 commission of Lewis County, shall remain the property of the Lewis county commission and shall
50 remain on the real estate free of any cost or rent and the county commission of Lewis County shall
51 have an easement for ingress and egress and for the maintenance of the tower in perpetuity
52 unless agreed otherwise in writing by the county commission of Lewis County.

53 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the duties imposed on the ~~Department~~
54 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health and the Division of Corrections to
55 purchase food products pursuant to section five of this article and to make interdepartmental
56 transfers pursuant to section six of this article: *Provided*, That purchases shall be made from and
57 transfers made to the Department of Agriculture.

58 (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate any action or contractual
59 obligation of the farm management commission prior to the effective date of this section.

60 (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, in any case where the
61 farm management commission has determined by motion adopted prior to the effective date of this
62 article that an institutional farm or part thereof should be transferred or disposed of, or authorized
63 any formal agreement for this purpose, whether or not any documents related to the agreement
64 have been reduced to writing or executed, the commissioner shall execute all documents and take
65 all necessary actions to implement the transfer or disposition of the property.

66 (f) For any land transferred to the public land corporation for sale, exchange or transfer
67 pursuant to section five of this article, the farm property shall be offered for sale in both small
68 parcels of land and as whole farms and shall be sold in the form which brings the highest price for
69 the total property. For purposes of this subsection, "small parcels" means parcels of no more than
70 five acres.

§19-12A-2. Definitions.

1 For the purpose of this article:

2 "Agricultural products" means livestock and livestock products, poultry and poultry
3 products, fruits and fruit products, vegetables and vegetable products, grains and hays and the
4 products derived therefrom, tobacco, syrups, honey, and other products derived from the business
5 of farming; including such other products as may be manufactured, derived, or prepared from
6 agricultural products, raw or processed, which are used as food for man or animals.

7 "Commission" means the Farm Management Commission as established by this article.

8 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Agriculture, or his or her designee.

9 "Department" means the Department of Agriculture.

10 "Farm equipment" means any equipment used for agricultural production.

11 "Farm facility" means any processing plant, milking parlor, farm equipment storage
12 building, barn, silo, grain storage building, swinery, or any other building owned by an institution
13 used in its farming operations.

14 "Institution" means any facility operated by the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
15 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities or the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation.

16 "Institutional farm" means any land which was formerly operated as a farm, is now being
17 operated as a farm, or could be converted to agricultural production.

§19-12A-5. Powers, duties, and responsibilities of commissioner.

1 (a) The commissioner shall manage all institutional farms, equipment, and other property
2 to most efficiently produce food products for state institutions, support the department and its

3 activities, advance the agricultural interests of the state, as identified by the commissioner, and
4 otherwise implement the intent of the Legislature as set forth by this article. From the total amount
5 of food, milk, and other commodities produced on institutional farms, the commissioner shall sell,
6 at prevailing wholesale prices, and each of the institutions under the control of the ~~Department of~~
7 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities and Division of Corrections and
8 Rehabilitation shall purchase, these products based on the dietary needs of each institution:
9 *Provided*, That if the commissioner cannot sell sufficient food products to each institution to meet
10 the demand created, each institution may purchase such food products from vendors who can
11 supply those food products at the greatest savings to the taxpayers of the state.

12 (b) If requested by the Commissioner of the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation, the
13 commissioner may authorize the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation to operate a farm or
14 other enterprise using inmates as labor on those lands. The Commissioner of the Division of
15 Corrections and Rehabilitation is responsible for the selection, direction, and supervision of the
16 inmates and shall, in consultation with the Commissioner of Agriculture, assign the work to be
17 performed by inmates. The Commissioner of Agriculture may also request inmate labor to perform
18 work on the institutional farms, and if requested, the Commissioner of the Division of Corrections
19 and Rehabilitation shall provide inmate labor, if available.

20 (c) The commissioner is hereby authorized and empowered to:

21 (1) Lease to public or private parties, for purposes including agricultural production or
22 experimentation, public necessity, or other purposes, any land, easements, equipment, or other
23 property, except that property may not be leased for any use in any manner that would render the
24 land toxic for agricultural use, nor may toxic or hazardous materials as identified by the
25 Commissioner of Agriculture be used or stored upon such property unless all applicable state and
26 federal permits necessary are obtained.;

27 (2) Transfer to the public land corporation land designated in its management plan as land
28 to be disposed of, which land shall be sold, exchanged, or otherwise transferred pursuant to §5A-
29 11-4 and §5A-11-5 of this code;

30 (3) Develop lands to which it has title for the public use including forestation, recreation,
31 wildlife, stock grazing, agricultural production, rehabilitation, and/or other conservation activities
32 and may contract or lease for the proper development of timber, oil, gas, or mineral resources,
33 including coal by underground mining or by surface mining where reclamation as required by
34 specifications of the Department of Environmental Protection will increase the beneficial use of
35 such property;

36 (4) Upon 30 days written notice to the lessee, cancel a lease to which the department is a
37 party and which is for annual consideration of less than \$5 per acre: *Provided*, That such lease
38 must contain a provision authorizing cancellation or impairment by the Legislature; and

39 (5) Exercise all other powers and duties necessary to effectuate the purposes of this
40 article.

41 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, no timberland may be
42 leased, sold, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of unless there is no commercially salable timber
43 on the timberland, an inventory is provided, and an appraisal of the timber is provided.

44 (e) The commissioner may promulgate, pursuant to §29-1-1 *et seq.* of this code, rules and
45 regulations relating to the powers and duties of the commissioner as enumerated in this section.

§19-12A-6. Commissioner's powers and duties.

1 The commissioner or his or her designee is responsible for conducting the operations of
2 the farms and shall:

3 (1) Prepare an annual report of the farming operations, including a listing of all receipts and
4 expenditures and shall present it to the Legislature at the end of each fiscal year.

5 (2) Prepare the annual budget request for the operation of the institutional farms.

6 (3) Receive and approve all requisitions for farm supplies and equipment.

7 (4) Supervise the operation of all canneries and determine what foods are to be canned.

8 (5) Recruit and approve assistant farm managers to supervise each institutional farm.

9 (6) Transfer farm supplies, farm equipment, farm facilities, food stuffs, and produce from
10 one institutional farm to another to promote efficiency and improve farm management.

11 (7) Rent or lease additional land for farm use.

12 By September 30 each year, each institution under the control of the ~~Department of Health~~
13 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities and the Division of Corrections and
14 Rehabilitation shall present to the commissioner a purchase order for its food requirements during
15 the next fiscal year as determined by the institution. If, during the year, an institution finds that it
16 needs other or additional food, milk, or commodities not included in its purchase order for the year,
17 the institutional superintendent may forward a supplemental request to the commissioner, which
18 order may be filled depending on availability. If institutional farms produce more food, milk, and
19 other commodities than can be sold to the institutions, the commissioner may sell the surplus to
20 other state agencies willing to purchase. If any surplus remains after sales to other state agencies,
21 the commissioner may sell the surplus on the open market or turn over any surplus food products
22 to appropriate public, nonprofit agencies.

ARTICLE 29. PRODUCTION OF NONTRADITIONAL AGRICULTURE PRODUCTS.

§19-29-1. Nontraditional agriculture; authority.

1 The Commissioner of Agriculture is hereby empowered and shall devise means of
2 advancing the nontraditional agricultural products in the state, and in the performance of such
3 duty, he or she shall have the authority to call upon any department, division, or officer of the state
4 or county to cooperate with him or her in promoting nontraditional agricultural products in the state.

5 These nontraditional products are to be considered as agricultural activities.

6 Only after consultation with the Division of Natural Resources and the ~~Department of~~
7 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health, the commissioner shall promulgate rules, in

8 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, for the promotion, marketing, and regulation
9 of nontraditional agriculture.

10 The commissioner shall have the authority under this article to restrict the importation and
11 commercial production of any species of nontraditional agriculture which in his or her opinion is not
12 in the best interest of the industry or of the public.

13 Nothing in this article shall affect the Division of Natural Resources' authority as provided in
14 articles one, two, three, and seven, chapter twenty of this code.

§19-29-3. Health requirements.

1 Only after consultation with the Division of Natural Resources and the ~~Department of~~
2 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health, the commissioner shall promulgate rules, in
3 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, dealing with the health standards for
4 nontraditional agriculture.

ARTICLE 30. DONATED FOOD.

§19-30-2. Administration of donated food program transferred from ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health to Department of Agriculture.

1 (a) ~~Effective July 1, 2001,~~ The Department of Agriculture is designated as the state agency
2 to:

3 (1) Receive food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture, other federal or
4 state agencies, corporations, private persons or entities;

5 (2) Receive payments for storage and distribution of the donated food;

6 (3) Distribute the food to educational or charitable institutions;

7 (4) Allocate funds received relating to the donated food; and

8 (5) Enter into agreements and take other actions necessary to exercise the authority
9 provided in this article.

10 (b) ~~Effective July 1, 2001, all responsibility for receiving, storing and distributing donated~~
11 ~~food previously assigned to the Department of Health and Human Resources is transferred to the~~

12 ~~Department of Agriculture. The secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources and~~
13 ~~the commissioner of agriculture, acting jointly, are empowered to facilitate an orderly, efficient and~~
14 ~~economical transfer of the donated food program and related program functions, including the~~
15 ~~transfer of employees.~~

16 ~~(c) Effective July 1, 2001, all unencumbered funds remaining with the Department of~~
17 ~~Health and Human Resources related to the transferred donated food program shall be~~
18 ~~transferred to the appropriate accounts of the Department of Agriculture.~~

ARTICLE 34. DANGEROUS WILD ANIMALS ACT.

§19-34-5. Dangerous Wild Animal Board; composition; duties.

1 (a) The Dangerous Wild Animal Board is hereby established with the following members:
2 The Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture, the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health~~
3 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Health and the Director of the Division of Natural
4 Resources, or their designees. The board shall develop a comprehensive list of dangerous wild
5 animals pursuant to the rule-making authority of this article.

6 (b) The Commissioner of Agriculture shall serve as the chair, the Secretary of the
7 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health as the vice chair and the
8 Director of the Division of Natural Resources shall serve as the secretary of the board. The
9 Department of Agriculture shall provide necessary staff and support services to the board as
10 needed.

11 (c) The board shall:

12 (1) Establish minimum caging or enclosure requirements for various dangerous wild
13 animals;

14 (2) Create a comprehensive list of dangerous wild animals, excluding wildlife, livestock and
15 domestic animals as defined herein. The list may include, but not be limited to:

16 (A) Bears;

17 (B) Big cats;

- 18 (C) Canids;
19 (D) Primates;
20 (E) Constrictor snakes greater than six feet, and venomous snakes; and
21 (F) Alligators and caimans;
22 (3) Enforce the permit requirements and set the fees for permits;
23 (4) Issue, renew, revoke and maintain records for dangerous wild animal permits;
24 (5) Annually review the list of prohibited dangerous wild animals to determine if animals
25 should be added or subtracted from the list; and
26 (6) Address any other issues required by this article.

CHAPTER 20. NATURAL RESOURCES.

ARTICLE 5J. MEDICAL WASTE ACT.

§20-5J-2. Legislative findings and purpose.

1 The Legislature finds that the proper and environmentally-sound disposal of infectious and
2 noninfectious medical waste is an important issue facing all West Virginians.

3 The Legislature further finds that effective controls for the management of medical waste
4 are necessary to ensure the protection of the public health, safety and welfare, and the
5 environment.

6 The Legislature further finds that regulation of the generation, handling, storage,
7 transportation, treatment and disposal of medical waste is an important and necessary function of
8 state government.

9 The Legislature further finds that toxic pollutants emitted by medical waste incinerators are
10 an important public health hazard.

11 The Legislature further finds that commercial incineration of medical waste, and its
12 transportation in the infectious state, pose a potentially serious threat to the health, safety and
13 welfare of West Virginians.

14 The Legislature further finds that safe and cost-effective alternatives to the incineration of
15 infectious and noninfectious medical waste should be encouraged.

16 The Legislature further finds that the public interest is best served by:

17 (1) Efforts to reduce the volume of medical waste generated at all levels;

18 (2) On-site separation and treatment of infectious medical waste;

19 (3) Treatment and disposal of infectious medical waste in local infectious medical waste
20 management facilities; and

21 (4) Treatment and disposal in approved regional infectious waste management facilities
22 when administrative proceedings result in a finding that on-site or local treatment of infectious
23 medical waste is not feasible.

24 The Legislature further finds that local responsibility for the minimization in volume, and for
25 the treatment and disposal of infectious and noninfectious medical waste is an important part of a
26 sound and rational waste management program.

27 The Legislature further finds that small quantity generators of infectious medical waste
28 should either render such waste noninfectious on-site, or properly label and package the waste for
29 transportation to a local infectious waste management facility for proper treatment and disposal.

30 The Legislature further finds that generators of medical waste should be informed and
31 educated in its management; that training should be provided to all workers likely to come in
32 contact with medical waste, including in-home health care workers; and that relevant information
33 on the potential for infection and disease related to medical waste should be made available to the
34 general public, including in-home health care patients.

35 The Legislature further finds that the necessity for transporting infectious medical waste be
36 minimized, and that any infectious medical waste transported be safely packaged and identified by
37 source and content.

38 The Legislature further finds that public policy favors a reduction in the volume of infectious
39 and noninfectious medical waste, the separation of infectious medical waste from noninfectious

40 medical waste, and that efforts to reduce medical waste should be fostered and strongly
41 encouraged at all levels of generation.

42 The Legislature further finds that noninfectious medical waste is solid waste.

43 The Legislature further finds that noninfectious medical waste should be handled by
44 environmentally sound disposal technologies, and that alternative disposal technologies
45 promoting safe recycling and limiting the need for incineration should be emphasized, developed
46 and utilized.

47 Therefore, it is the policy of the State of West Virginia to prohibit commercial infectious
48 medical waste facilities; to regulate and control the generation, handling, storage, transportation,
49 treatment and disposal of infectious and noninfectious medical waste; to reduce the generation of
50 infectious and noninfectious medical waste; to encourage local responsibility for the minimization,
51 management and disposal of infectious and noninfectious medical waste; and to authorize the
52 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health to promulgate rules and
53 regulations necessary to carry out the purposes of this article.

§20-5J-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (1) "Commercial infectious medical waste facility" means any infectious medical waste
3 management facility at which thirty-five percent or more by weight of the total infectious medical
4 waste stored, treated, or disposed of by said facility in any calendar year is generated off-site.

5 (2) "Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking or placing
6 of any infectious medical waste into or on any land or water so that such waste, or any constituent
7 thereof, may be emitted into the air, discharged into any waters, including groundwater, or
8 otherwise enter into the environment.

9 (3) "Generator" means any person, by site location, whose act or process produces
10 medical waste.

11 (4) "Hospital" means an institution which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by
12 or under the supervision of physicians, diagnostic and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis,
13 treatment and care of injured, disabled or sick persons or services for the rehabilitation of injured,
14 disabled or sick persons. This term also includes psychiatric and tuberculosis hospitals.

15 (5) "Infectious medical waste" means medical waste identified as capable of producing an
16 infectious disease. Medical waste shall be considered capable of producing an infectious disease
17 if it has been, or is likely to have been, contaminated by an organism likely to be pathogenic to
18 healthy humans, if such organism is not routinely and freely available in the community, and such
19 organism has a significant probability of being present in sufficient quantities and with sufficient
20 virulence to transmit disease. For the purposes of this article, infectious medical waste shall
21 include the following:

- 22 (A) Cultures and stocks of microorganisms and biologicals;
- 23 (B) Blood and blood products;
- 24 (C) Pathological wastes;
- 25 (D) Sharps;
- 26 (E) Animal carcasses, body parts, bedding and related wastes;
- 27 (F) Isolation wastes;
- 28 (G) Any residue or contaminated soil, water or other debris resulting from the cleanup of a
29 spill of any infectious medical waste; and
- 30 (H) Any waste contaminated by or mixed with infectious medical waste.

31 (6) "Medical waste" means infectious and noninfectious solid waste generated in the
32 course of the diagnosis, treatment or immunization of human beings or animals, or in research
33 pertaining thereto, or in the production or testing of biologicals. Such term does not include low-
34 level radioactive waste, any hazardous waste identified or listed under Subtitle C, or any
35 household waste as defined in the regulations promulgated pursuant to Subtitle C.

36 (7) "Noncommercial infectious medical waste facility" means any infectious medical waste
37 facility at which less than thirty-five percent by weight of the total infectious medical waste stored,
38 treated or disposed of by said facility in any calendar year is generated off-site.

39 (8) "Noninfectious medical waste" means any medical waste not capable of producing an
40 infectious disease or infectious medical waste which has been rendered noninfectious.
41 Noninfectious medical waste is considered solid waste for purposes of this code.

42 (9) "Off-site" means a facility or area for the collection, storage, transfer, processing,
43 treatment or disposal of infectious medical waste that is not on the generator's site, or a facility or
44 area that received infectious medical waste for storage or treatment that has not been generated
45 on-site.

46 (10) "On-site" means the same or geographically contiguous property which may be
47 divided by a public or private right-of-way, provided the entrance and exit between the properties is
48 at a crossroads intersection, and access is by crossing, as opposed to going along, the right-of-
49 way. Noncontiguous properties owned by the same person but connected by a right-of-way
50 controlled by said person and to which the public does not have access is also considered on-site
51 property. Hospitals with more than one facility located in the same county shall be considered one
52 site.

53 (11) "Secretary" means the secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
54 Department of Health or his or her designee.

55 (12) "Small quantity generator" means any generator of infectious medical waste who
56 generates fifty pounds or less during a one-month period.

57 (13) "Storage" means the containment of infectious medical waste on a temporary basis.
58 Storage shall not constitute disposal of the waste.

59 (14) "Subtitle C" means Subtitle C of the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
60 of 1976, 90 Stat. 2806, as amended.

61 (15) "Treatment" means any method, technique or process, including neutralization,
62 designed to change the physical, chemical or biological character or composition of any infectious
63 medical waste so as to render such waste noninfectious.

§20-5J-5. Designation of Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources

**Department of Health as the state infectious medical waste management primary
agency; prohibitions; requiring permits.**

1 (a) The secretary is hereby designated as the infectious medical waste management
2 primary agency for this state and is hereby authorized to take all action necessary or appropriate
3 to secure to this state the benefits of this legislation pertaining to infectious medical waste. In
4 carrying out the purposes of this article, the secretary is hereby authorized to cooperate with
5 agencies of the federal government, this state and other states, and other interested persons, in all
6 matters relating to medical waste management.

7 (b) ~~On or after October 1, 1991,~~ No person may own, construct, modify, operate or close
8 any facility or site for the treatment, storage or disposal of infectious medical waste, nor shall any
9 person store, treat or dispose of any such infectious medical waste without first obtaining a permit
10 from the secretary, unless specifically excluded or exempted by rules promulgated by the
11 secretary.

**ARTICLE 5K. COMMERCIAL INFECTIOUS MEDICAL WASTE FACILITY SITING
APPROVAL.**

§20-5K-2. Definitions.

1 Unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article the terms:

2 (a) "Commercial infectious medical waste facility" means any infectious medical waste
3 management facility at which thirty-five percent or more by weight of the total infectious medical
4 waste stored, treated or disposed of by the facility in any calendar year is generated off-site.

5 (b) "Infectious medical waste" means medical waste identified as capable of producing an
6 infectious disease. Medical waste shall be considered capable of producing an infectious disease
7 if it has been, or is likely to have been, contaminated by an organism likely to be pathogenic to
8 healthy humans, if such organism is not routinely and freely available in the community, and such
9 organism has a significant probability of being present in sufficient quantities and with sufficient
10 virulence to transmit disease. For the purposes of this article, infectious medical waste includes
11 the following:

- 12 (1) Cultures and stocks of microorganisms and biologicals;
- 13 (2) Blood and blood products;
- 14 (3) Pathological wastes;
- 15 (4) Sharps;
- 16 (5) Animal carcasses, body parts, bedding and related wastes;
- 17 (6) Isolation wastes;
- 18 (7) Any residue or contaminated soil, water or other debris resulting from the cleanup of a
19 spill of any infectious medical waste; and
- 20 (8) Any waste contaminated by or mixed with infectious medical waste.

21 (c) "Off-site" means a facility or area for the collection, storage, transfer, processing,
22 treatment or disposal of infectious medical waste that is not on the generator's site, or a facility or
23 area that received infectious medical waste for storage or treatment that has not been generated
24 on-site.

25 (d) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
26 Department of Health or his or her designee.

§20-5K-3. Procedure for public participation.

1 (a) From and after the effective date of this article, in order to obtain approval to locate a
2 commercial infectious medical waste facility, currently not under permit to operate, an applicant
3 shall:

4 (1) File a presiting notice with the county commission and local solid waste authority of the
5 county or counties in which the facility is to be located or proposed. Such notice shall be submitted
6 on forms prescribed by the secretary;

7 (2) File a presiting notice with the secretary; and

8 (3) File a presiting notice with the Division of Environmental Protection.

9 (b) If a presiting notice is filed in accordance with subsection (a) of this section, the county
10 commission shall publish a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of §59-
11 3-1 *et seq.* of this code, in a newspaper of general circulation in the counties wherein the
12 commercial infectious medical waste facility is to be located. Upon an affirmative vote of the
13 majority of the county commissioners or upon the written petition of registered voters residing in
14 the county equal to not less than 15 percent of the number of votes cast within the county for
15 Governor at the preceding gubernatorial election, which petition shall be filed with the county
16 commission within 60 days after the last date of publication of the notice provided in this section,
17 the county commission shall, upon verification of the required number of signatures on the petition,
18 and not less than 56 days before the election, order a referendum be placed upon the ballot. Any
19 referendum conducted pursuant to this section shall be held at the next primary or general
20 election:

21 (1) Such referendum is to determine whether it is the will of the voters of the county that a
22 commercial infectious medical waste management facility be located in the county. Any election at
23 which such question of locating a commercial infectious medical waste management facility is
24 voted upon shall be held at the voting precincts established for holding primary or general
25 elections. All of the provisions of the general election laws, when not in conflict with the provisions
26 of this article, apply to voting and elections hereunder, insofar as practicable. The Secretary of
27 State shall prescribe the form of the petition which shall include the printed name, address, and
28 date of birth of each person whose signature appears on the petition.

29 (2) The ballot, or the ballot labels where voting machines are used, shall have printed
30 thereon substantially the following depending upon the type of facility to be located within the
31 county:

32 Shall a commercial infectious medical waste management facility be located within
33 _____ County.

34 For the facility

35 Against the facility

36 (Place a cross mark in the square opposite your choice.)

37 (3) If a majority of the legal votes cast upon the question is against the facility, then the
38 county commission shall notify the local solid waste authority, the Division of Environmental
39 Protection, and the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
40 Health of the result and the commercial infectious medical waste management facility may not
41 proceed any further with the application. If a majority of the legal votes cast upon the question is for
42 the facility, then the application process as set forth in §20-5j-1 *et seq.* of this code may proceed:
43 *Provided*, That such vote is not binding on nor does it require the secretary to issue the permit. If
44 the majority of the legal votes cast is against the question, the question may be submitted to a vote
45 at any subsequent election in the manner herein specified: *Provided, however*, That the question
46 may not be resubmitted to a vote until two years after the date of the previous referendum.

CHAPTER 21A. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION.

ARTICLE 6. EMPLOYEE ELIGIBILITY; BENEFITS.

§21A-6-16. Child support intercept of unemployment benefits.

1 (a) An individual filing a new claim for unemployment compensation shall, at the time of
2 filing such claim, disclose whether or not the individual owes child support obligations as hereafter
3 defined under subsection (g) of this section. If any such individual discloses that he or she owes
4 child support obligations and is determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation, the

5 commissioner shall notify the child support enforcement division of the ~~Department of Health and~~
6 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services that the individual has been determined to be
7 eligible for unemployment compensation.

8 (b) The commissioner shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation
9 payable to an individual that owes such child support obligations as defined under subsection (g)
10 of this section:

11 (1) The amount specified by the individual to the commissioner to be deducted and
12 withheld under this subsection, if neither subdivision (2) nor subdivision (3) is applicable;

13 (2) The amount, if any, determined pursuant to an agreement submitted to the
14 commissioner under section 454 (19)(B)(i) of the Social Security Act, (B)(i), by the ~~Department of~~
15 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, unless subdivision (3) is
16 applicable; or

17 (3) Any amount otherwise required to be deducted and withheld from such unemployment
18 compensation pursuant to legal process, as that term is defined in section 459 (i)(5) of the Social
19 Security Act, as codified in 42 U.S.C. §659 (i)(5), properly served upon the commissioner.

20 (c) Any amount deducted and withheld under subsection (b) of this section shall be paid by
21 the commissioner to the child support enforcement division of the ~~Department of Health and~~
22 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

23 (d) Any amount deducted and withheld under subsection (b) of this section shall for all
24 purposes be treated as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and paid
25 by such individual to the child support enforcement division of the ~~Department of Health and~~
26 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services in satisfaction of the individual's child support
27 obligations.

28 (e) For purposes of subsections (a) through (d) of this section, the term "unemployment
29 compensation" means any compensation payable under this chapter, including amounts payable

30 by the commissioner pursuant to an agreement under any federal law providing for compensation,
31 assistance or allowances with respect to unemployment.

32 (f) This section applies only if appropriate arrangements have been made for
33 reimbursement by the child support enforcement division of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
34 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services for the administrative costs incurred by the
35 commissioner under this section which are attributable to child support obligations being enforced
36 by the state or local child support enforcement agency.

37 (g) The term "child support obligations" means, for purposes of these provisions, only
38 obligations which are being enforced pursuant to a plan described in section 454 of the Social
39 Security Act, as codified in 42 U.S.C. §654, which has been approved by the secretary of health
40 and human services under Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act, as codified in 42 U.S.C.
41 §§651 through 669b.

§21A-6-17. Food stamp overissuance intercept of unemployment benefits.

1 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section two, article ten of this chapter, the
2 commissioner shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation payable to an
3 individual that owes an uncollected overissuance of food stamp coupons, as defined under
4 subsection (f) of this section:

5 (1) The amount, if any, determined pursuant to a written agreement between the individual
6 and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services under
7 Section 13(c)(3)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as codified in 7 U.S.C. 2022(c)(3)(A), and
8 submitted to the commissioner; or

9 (2) Any amount otherwise required to be deducted and withheld from such unemployment
10 compensation pursuant to legal process, as that term is used in Section 13(c)(3)(B) of the Food
11 Stamp Act of 1977, as codified in 7 U.S.C. 2022(c)(3)(B) properly served upon the commissioner.

12 (b) Any amount deducted and withheld under subsection (a) of this section shall be paid by
13 the commissioner to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
14 Services.

15 (c) Any amount deducted and withheld under subsection (a) of this section shall for all
16 purposes be treated as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and paid
17 by the individual to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
18 Services in satisfaction of the individual's uncollected overissuance.

19 (d) For purposes of this section, the term "unemployment compensation" means any
20 compensation payable under this chapter, including amounts payable by the commissioner
21 pursuant to an agreement under any federal law providing for compensation, assistance or
22 allowances with respect to unemployment.

23 (e) This section applies only if appropriate arrangements have been made for
24 reimbursement by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
25 Services for the administrative costs incurred by the commissioner under this section which are
26 attributable to uncollected overissuance being enforced by the state or ~~Department of Health and~~
27 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

28 (f) The term "uncollected overissuance" means, for purposes of this section, obligations
29 which are being enforced pursuant to a plan described in Section 13(c)(1) of the Food Stamp Act
30 of 1977, as codified in 7 U.S.C. 2022(c)(1).

CHAPTER 22. ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES.

ARTICLE 5. AIR POLLUTION CONTROL.

**§22-5-9. Powers reserved to Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
Department of Health, Commissioner of Bureau for Public Health, local health
boards and political subdivisions; conflicting statutes repealed.**

1 Nothing in this article affects or limits the powers or duties heretofore conferred by the
2 provisions of chapter sixteen of this code upon the ~~the~~ Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and~~
3 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health, the Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health,
4 county health boards, county health officers, municipal health boards, municipal health officers,
5 combined boards of health or any other health agency or political subdivision of this state except
6 insofar as such powers and duties might otherwise apply to the control, reduction or abatement of
7 air pollution. All existing statutes or parts of statutes are, to the extent of their inconsistencies with
8 the provisions of this article and to the extent that they might otherwise apply to the control,
9 reduction or abatement of air pollution, hereby repealed: *Provided*, That no ordinance previously
10 adopted by any municipality relating to the control, reduction or abatement of air pollution is
11 repealed by this article.

**ARTICLE 15A. THE A. JAMES MANCHIN REHABILITATION ENVIRONMENTAL
ACTION PLAN.**

**§22-15A-10. Department to administer funds for waste tire remediation; rules authorized;
duties of secretary.**

1 (a) The department shall administer all funds made available to the department by
2 legislative appropriation or by funds made available by the Division of Highways, as well as
3 federal, state or private grants for remediation of waste tire piles and for the proper disposal of
4 waste tires removed from waste tire piles.

5 (b) All authority to promulgate legislative rules necessary to implement the provisions of
6 this article is hereby transferred from the Division of Highways to the Secretary of the Department
7 of Environmental Protection as of the effective date of enactment of this section and article during
8 the 2005 of the Legislature. Any legislative rules promulgated by the Commissioner of the Division
9 of Highways in furtherance of the waste tire remediation program established in former article
10 twenty-four, chapter seventeen of this code shall remain in force and effect as if promulgated by

11 the secretary until they are amended in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter
12 twenty-nine-a of this code.

13 (c) The secretary also has the following powers:

14 (1) To apply and carry out the provisions of this article and the rules promulgated under this
15 article.

16 (2) To investigate, from time to time, the operation and effect of this article and of the rules
17 promulgated under this article and to report his or her findings and recommendations to the
18 Legislature and the Governor.

19 (d) ~~On or before July 1, 2006,~~ The secretary shall determine the location, approximate size
20 and potential risk to the public of all waste tire piles in the state and establish, in descending order,
21 a waste tire remediation list.

22 (e) The secretary may contract with the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
23 Department of Health or the Division of Corrections, or both, to remediate or assist in remediation
24 of waste tire piles throughout the state. Use of available ~~Department of Health and Human~~
25 ~~Resources and the~~ Division of Corrections work programs shall be given priority status in the
26 contract process so long as such programs prove a cost-effective method of remediating waste
27 tire piles.

28 (f) Waste tire remediation shall be stopped upon the discovery of any potentially hazardous
29 material at a remediation site. The department shall respond to the discovery in accordance with
30 the provisions of article nineteen of this chapter.

31 (g) The secretary may establish a tire disposal program within the department to provide
32 for a cost effective and efficient method to accept passenger car and light truck waste tires at
33 locations designated by the department that have sufficient space for temporary storage of waste
34 tires and personnel to accept and handle waste tires. The secretary may pay a fee for each tire an
35 individual West Virginia resident or West Virginia business brings to the department. The secretary
36 may establish a limit on the number of tires an individual or business may be paid for during any

37 calendar month. The secretary may in his or her discretion authorize commercial businesses to
38 participate in the collection program: *Provided*, That no person or business who has a waste tire
39 pile subject to remediation under this article may participate in this program.

40 (h) The Commissioner of the Division of Highways may pledge not more than two and one-
41 half million dollars annually of the moneys appropriated, deposited or accrued in the A. James
42 Manchin Fund created by section nine of this article to the payment of debt service, including the
43 funding of reasonable reserves, on bonds issued by the Water Development Authority pursuant to
44 section seventeen-a, article fifteen-a, chapter thirty-one of this code to finance infrastructure
45 projects relating to waste tire processing facilities located in this state: *Provided*, That a waste tire
46 processing facility shall be determined by the Solid Waste Management Board, established
47 pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-two-c of this code, to meet all applicable
48 federal and state environmental laws and rules and to aid the state in efforts to promote and
49 encourage recycling and use of constituent component parts of waste tires in an environmentally
50 sound manner: *Provided, however*, That the waste tire processing facility shall have a capital cost
51 of not less than \$300 million and the council for community and economic development shall
52 determine that the waste tire processing facility is a viable economic development project of
53 benefit to the state's economy.

ARTICLE 18. HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT.

§22-18-6. Promulgation of rules by director.

1 (a) The director has overall responsibility for the promulgation of rules under this article.
2 The director shall promulgate the following rules, in consultation with the ~~Department of Health~~
3 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Health, the Office of Emergency Services, the Public
4 Service Commission, the state Fire Marshal, the department of public safety, the Division of
5 Highways, the Department of Agriculture, and the environmental quality board. In promulgating
6 and revising such rules, the director shall comply with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of
7 this code, shall avoid duplication to the maximum extent practicable with the appropriate

8 provisions of the acts and laws set out in subsection (b), section five of this article and shall be
9 consistent with but no more expansive in coverage nor more stringent in effect than the rules and
10 regulations promulgated by the federal environmental protection agency pursuant to the Resource
11 Conservation and Recovery Act:

12 (1) Rules establishing a plan for the safe and effective management of hazardous wastes
13 within the state;

14 (2) Rules establishing criteria for identifying the characteristics of hazardous waste,
15 identifying the characteristics of hazardous waste and listing particular hazardous wastes which
16 are subject to the provisions of this article: *Provided, That:*

17 (A) Each waste listed below shall, except as provided in paragraph (B) of this subdivision,
18 be subject only to regulation under other applicable provisions of federal or state law in lieu of this
19 article until proclamation by the Governor finding that at least six months have elapsed since the
20 date of submission of the applicable study required to be conducted under Section 8002 of the
21 federal Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended, and that regulations have been promulgated with
22 respect to such wastes in accordance with Section 3001 (b)(3)(C) of the Resource Conservation
23 and Recovery Act, and finding in the case of the wastes identified in subparagraph (iv) of this
24 paragraph that the regulation of such wastes has been authorized by an act of Congress in
25 accordance with Section 3001 (b)(2) of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act:

26 (i) Fly ash waste, bottom ash waste, slag waste and flue gas emission control waste
27 generated primarily from the combustion of coal or other fossil fuels;

28 (ii) Solid waste from the extraction, beneficiation and processing of ores and minerals,
29 including phosphate rock and overburden from the mining of uranium ore;

30 (iii) Cement kiln dust waste; and

31 (iv) Drilling fluids, produced waters and other wastes associated with the exploration,
32 development or production of crude oil or natural gas or geothermal energy.

33 (B) Owners and operators of disposal sites for wastes listed in paragraph (A) of this
34 subdivision may be required by the director through rule prescribed under authority of this section:

35 (i) As to disposal sites for such wastes which are to be closed, to identify the locations of
36 such sites through surveying, platting or other measures, together with recordation of such
37 information on the public record, to assure that the locations where such wastes are disposed of
38 are known and can be located in the future; and

39 (ii) To provide chemical and physical analysis and composition of such wastes, based on
40 available information, to be placed on the public record;

41 (3) Rules establishing such standards applicable to generators of hazardous waste
42 identified or listed under this article as may be necessary to protect public health and safety and
43 the environment, which standards shall establish requirements respecting: (A) Record-keeping
44 practices that accurately identify the quantities of such hazardous waste generated, the
45 constituents thereof which are significant in quantity or in potential harm to public health or the
46 environment and the disposition of such wastes; (B) labeling practices for any containers used for
47 the storage, transport or disposal of such hazardous waste such as will identify accurately such
48 waste; (C) use of appropriate containers for such hazardous waste; (D) furnishing of information
49 on the general chemical composition of such hazardous wastes to persons transporting, treating,
50 storing or disposing of such wastes; (E) use of a manifest system and any other reasonable means
51 necessary to assure that all such hazardous waste generated is designated for treatment, storage
52 or disposal in, and arrives at treatment, storage or disposal facilities (other than facilities on the
53 premises where the waste is generated) with respect to which permits have been issued which are
54 required: (i) By this article or any rule required by this article to be promulgated; (ii) by Subtitle C of
55 the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; (iii) by the laws of any other state which has an
56 authorized hazardous waste program pursuant to Section 3006 of the Resource Conservation and
57 Recovery Act; or (iv) by Title I of the federal Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act; and
58 (F) the submission of reports to the director at such times as the director deems necessary setting

59 out the quantities of hazardous wastes identified or listed under this article that the generator has
60 generated during a particular time period, and the disposition of all such hazardous waste;

61 (4) Rules establishing such performance standards applicable to owners and operators of
62 facilities for the treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous waste identified or listed under this
63 article as may be necessary to protect public health and safety and the environment, which
64 standards shall, where appropriate, distinguish in such standards between requirements
65 appropriate for new facilities and for facilities in existence on the date of promulgation of such rules
66 and shall include, but need not be limited to, requirements respecting: (A) Maintaining records of
67 all hazardous wastes identified or listed under this article which are treated, stored or disposed of,
68 as the case may be, and the manner in which such wastes were treated, stored or disposed of; (B)
69 satisfactory reporting, monitoring and inspection and compliance with the manifest system
70 referred to in subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section; (C) treatment, storage or disposal of
71 all such waste received by the facility pursuant to such operating methods, techniques and
72 practices as may be satisfactory to the director; (D) the location, design and construction of such
73 hazardous waste treatment, disposal or storage facilities; (E) contingency plans for effective
74 action to minimize unanticipated damage from any treatment, storage or disposal of any such
75 hazardous waste; (F) the maintenance of operation of such facilities and requiring such additional
76 qualifications as to ownership, continuity of operation, training for personnel and financial
77 responsibility as may be necessary or desirable; however, no private entity may be precluded by
78 reason of criteria established under this subsection from the ownership or operation of facilities
79 providing hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal services where such entity can provide
80 assurances of financial responsibility and continuity of operation consistent with the degree and
81 duration of risks associated with the treatment, storage or disposal of specified hazardous waste;
82 and (G) compliance with the requirements of section eight of this article respecting permits for
83 treatment, storage or disposal;

84 (5) Rules specifying the terms and conditions under which the director shall issue, modify,
85 suspend, revoke or deny such permits as may be required by this article;

86 (6) Rules for the establishment and maintenance of records; the making of reports; the
87 taking of samples and the performing of tests and analyses; the installing, calibrating, operating
88 and maintaining of monitoring equipment or methods; and the providing of any other information
89 as may be necessary to achieve the purposes of this article;

90 (7) Rules establishing standards and procedures for the certification of personnel at
91 hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities or sites;

92 (8) Rules for public participation in the implementation of this article;

93 (9) Rules establishing procedures and requirements for the use of a manifest during the
94 transport of hazardous wastes;

95 (10) Rules establishing procedures and requirements for the submission and approval of a
96 plan, applicable to owners or operators of hazardous waste storage, treatment and disposal
97 facilities, as necessary or desirable for closure of the facility, post-closure monitoring and
98 maintenance, sudden and accidental occurrences and nonsudden and accidental occurrences;

99 (11) Rules establishing a schedule of fees to recover the costs of processing permit
100 applications and permit renewals;

101 (12) Rules, including exemptions and variances, as appropriate: (A) Establishing
102 standards and prohibitions relating to the management of hazardous waste by land disposal
103 methods; (B) establishing standards and prohibitions relating to the land disposal of liquid
104 hazardous wastes or free liquids contained in hazardous wastes and any other liquids which are
105 not hazardous wastes; (C) establishing standards applicable to producers, distributors or
106 marketers of hazardous waste fuels; and (D) as are otherwise necessary to allow the state to
107 assume primacy for the administration of the federal hazardous waste management program
108 under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and in particular, the Hazardous and Solid
109 Waste Amendments of 1984: *Provided*, That such rules authorized by this subdivision shall be

110 consistent with but no more expansive in coverage nor more stringent in effect than rules and
111 regulations promulgated by the federal environmental protection agency under Subtitle C;

112 (13) Rules: (A) Establishing air pollution performance standards and permit requirements
113 and procedures as may be necessary to comply with the requirements of this article and in
114 accordance with the provisions of article five of this chapter. Such permits shall be in addition to
115 those permits required by section eight of this article;

116 (B) For the monitoring and control of air emissions at hazardous waste treatment storage
117 and disposal facilities, including, but not limited to, open tanks, surface impoundments and
118 landfills, as may be necessary to protect human health and the environment; and

119 (C) Establishing standards applicable to the owners and operators of facilities which burn,
120 for purposes of energy recovery, any fuel produced from any hazardous waste identified or listed
121 pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section or which is produced from any hazardous
122 waste identified or listed pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section and any other
123 material, as may be necessary to protect human health and the environment: *Provided*, That such
124 legislative rules shall be consistent with Subtitle C.

125 Any person aggrieved or adversely affected by an order of the director made and entered
126 to implement or enforce the rules required by this subdivision or by the failure or refusal of said
127 director to act within a reasonable time on an application for a permit or by the issuance or denial of
128 or by the terms and conditions of a permit granted under the provisions of the rules required by this
129 subdivision, may appeal to the air quality board in accordance with the procedure set forth in
130 article one, chapter twenty-two-b of this code, and orders made and entered by said board are
131 subject to judicial review in accordance with the procedures set forth in article one, chapter twenty-
132 two-b of this code, except that as to cases involving an order granting or denying an application for
133 a permit, revoking or suspending a permit or approving or modifying the terms and conditions of a
134 permit or the failure to act within a reasonable time on an application for a permit, the petition for
135 judicial review shall be filed in the circuit court of Kanawha County.

136 (14) Rules developing performance standards and other requirements under this section
137 as may be necessary to protect public health and the environment from any hazard associated
138 with the management of used oil and recycled oil. The director shall ensure that such rules do not
139 discourage the recovery or recycling of used oil. For these purposes, "used oil" shall mean any oil
140 that has been refined from crude oil, or any synthetic oil, that has been used and as a result of such
141 use is contaminated by physical or chemical impurities.

142 (15) Such other rules as are necessary to effectuate the purposes of this article.

143 (b) The rules required by this article to be promulgated shall be reviewed and, where
144 necessary, revised not less frequently than every three years. Additionally, the rules required to be
145 promulgated by this article shall be revised, as necessary, within two years of the effective date of
146 any amendment of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and within six months of the
147 effective date of any adoption or revision of rules required to be promulgated by the Resource
148 Conservation and Recovery Act.

149 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision in this article, the director shall not promulgate
150 rules which are more properly within the jurisdiction and expertise of any of the agencies
151 empowered with rule-making authority pursuant to section seven of this article.

§22-18-7. Authority and jurisdiction of other state agencies.

1 (a) The Commissioner of the Division of Highways, in consultation with the director, and
2 avoiding inconsistencies with and avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable with
3 legislative rules required to be promulgated pursuant to this article by the director or any other rule-
4 making authority, and in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall
5 promulgate, as necessary, legislative rules governing the transportation of hazardous wastes by
6 vehicle upon the roads and highways of this state. Such legislative rules shall be consistent with
7 applicable rules issued by the federal Department of Transportation and consistent with this

7 article: *Provided*, That such legislative rules apply to the interstate transportation of hazardous
8 waste within the boundaries of this state, as well as the intrastate transportation of such waste.

9 In lieu of those enforcement and inspection powers conferred upon the Commissioner of
10 the Division of Highways elsewhere by law with respect to the transportation of hazardous waste,
11 the Commissioner of the Division of Highways has the same enforcement and inspection powers
12 as those granted to the director, or authorized representative or agent, or any authorized
13 employee or agent of the division, as the case may be, under sections twelve, thirteen, fourteen,
14 fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen of this article. The limitations of this subsection do not
15 affect in any way the powers of the Division of Highways with respect to weight enforcement.

16 (b) The Public Service Commission, in consultation with the director, and avoiding
17 inconsistencies with and avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable with rules
18 required to be promulgated pursuant to this article by the director or any other rule-making
19 authority, and in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall
20 promulgate, as necessary, rules governing the transportation of hazardous wastes by railroad in
21 this state. Such rules shall be consistent with applicable rules and regulations issued by the
22 federal Department of Transportation and consistent with this article: *Provided*, That such rules
23 apply to the interstate transportation of hazardous waste within the boundaries of this state, as well
24 as the intrastate transportation of such waste.

25 In lieu of those enforcement and inspection powers conferred upon the Public Service
26 Commission elsewhere by law with respect to the transportation of hazardous waste, the Public
27 Service Commission has the same enforcement and inspection powers as those granted to the
28 director or authorized representative or agent or any authorized employee or agent of the division,
29 as the case may be, under sections twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and
30 eighteen of this article.

31 (c) The rules required to be promulgated pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this section
32 apply equally to those persons transporting hazardous wastes generated by others and to those

33 transporting hazardous wastes they have generated themselves or combinations thereof. Such
34 rules shall establish such standards, applicable to transporters of hazardous waste identified or
35 listed under this article, as may be necessary to protect public health, safety and the environment.
36 Such standards shall include, but need not be limited to, requirements respecting: (A)
37 Recordkeeping concerning such hazardous waste transported, and its source and destination; (B)
38 transportation of such waste only if properly labeled; (C) compliance with the manifest system
39 referred to in subdivision (3), subsection (a), section six of this article; and (D) transportation of all
40 such hazardous waste only to the hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities which
41 the shipper designates on the manifest form to be a facility holding a permit issued under: (1) This
42 article or any rule required by this article to be promulgated; (2) Subtitle C; (3) the laws of any other
43 state which has an authorized hazardous waste program pursuant to Section 3006 of the
44 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; or (4) Title I of the Federal Marine Protection,
45 Research and Sanctuaries Act.

46 (d) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
47 Health, in consultation with the director, and avoiding inconsistencies with and avoiding
48 duplication to the maximum extent practicable with legislative rules required to be promulgated
49 pursuant to this article by the director or any other rule-making authority, shall promulgate rules
50 pursuant to article five-j, chapter twenty of this code. The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health~~
51 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Health shall have the same enforcement and inspection
52 powers as those granted to the director or agent or any authorized employee or agent of the
53 division, as the case may be, under sections twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen
54 and eighteen of this article, and in addition thereto, the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
55 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health shall have those inspection and enforcement powers with
56 respect to hazardous waste with infectious characteristics as provided for in article five-j, chapter
57 twenty of this code.

58 (e) The Environmental Quality Board, in consultation with the director, and in accordance
59 with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall, as necessary, promulgate water
60 quality standards governing discharges into the waters of this state of hazardous waste resulting
61 from the treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous waste as may be required by this article. The
62 standards shall be consistent with this article.

63 (f) All legislative rules promulgated pursuant to this section shall be consistent with rules
64 and regulations promulgated by the federal environmental protection agency pursuant to the
65 resource conservation and recovery act.

66 (g) The director shall submit written comments to the Legislative Rule-Making Review
67 Committee regarding all legislative rules promulgated pursuant to this article.

ARTICLE 30. THE ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK ACT.

§22-30-21. Interagency cooperation.

1 (a) In implementation of this article, the secretary shall coordinate with the ~~Department of~~
2 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health, the West Virginia Public Service
3 Commission, the Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management and local health
4 departments to ensure the successful planning and implementation of this act, including
5 consideration of the role of those agencies in providing services to owners and operators of
6 regulated aboveground storage tanks and public water systems.

7 (b) The Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management shall also coordinate
8 with state and local emergency response agencies to facilitate a coordinated emergency response
9 and incident command and communication between the owner or operator of the regulated
10 aboveground storage tank, the state and local emergency response agencies, and the affected
11 public water systems.

**CHAPTER 22C. ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES; BOARDS,
AUTHORITIES, COMMISSIONS AND COMPACTS.**

ARTICLE 3. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT BOARD.

§22C-3-4. Solid Waste Management Board; organization of board; appointment and qualification of board members; their term of office, compensation, and expenses; director of board.

1 The Solid Waste Management Board is a governmental instrumentality of the state and a
2 body corporate. The exercise by the board of the powers conferred on it by this article and the
3 carrying out of its purposes and duties are essential governmental functions and are for a public
4 purpose.

5 The board is composed of seven members. The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and~~
6 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health and the Director of the Division of Environmental
7 Protection, or their designees, are members ex officio of the board. The other five members of the
8 board are appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for terms
9 of one, two, three, four, and five years, respectively. Two appointees shall be persons having at
10 least three years of professional experience in solid waste management, civil engineering, or
11 regional planning and three appointees shall be representatives of the general public. The
12 successor of each such appointed member shall be appointed for a term of five years in the same
13 manner the original appointments were made and so that the representation on the board as set
14 forth in this section is preserved, except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior
15 to the expiration of the term for which his or her predecessor was appointed shall be appointed
16 only for the remainder of such term. Each board member serves until the appointment and
17 qualification of his or her successor.

18 Not more than three of the appointed board members may at any one time be from the
19 same congressional district or belong to the same political party. No appointed board member may
20 be an officer or employee of the United States or this state. Appointed board members may be
21 reappointed to serve additional terms. All members of the board shall be citizens of the state. Each
22 appointed member of the board, before entering upon his or her duties, shall comply with the

23 requirements of §6-1-1 *et seq.*, of this code and give bond in the sum of \$25,000. Appointed
24 members may be removed from the board only for the same causes as elective state officers may
25 be removed.

26 Annually the board shall elect one of its appointed members as chair, another as vice chair
27 and appoint a secretary-treasurer, who need not be a member of the board. Four members of the
28 board are a quorum and the affirmative vote of four members is necessary for any action taken by
29 vote of the board. No vacancy in the membership of the board impairs the rights of a quorum by
30 such vote to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the board. The person appointed as
31 secretary-treasurer shall give bond in the sum of \$50,000. If a board member is appointed as
32 secretary-treasurer, he or she shall give bond in the sum of \$25,000 in addition to the bond
33 required in the preceding paragraph.

34 The ex officio members of the board shall not receive any compensation for serving as a
35 board member. Each of the five appointed members of the board shall be paid the same
36 compensation, and each member of the board shall be paid the expense reimbursement, as is
37 paid to members of the Legislature for their interim duties as recommended by the citizens
38 legislative compensation commission and authorized by law for each day or portion thereof
39 engaged in the discharge of official duties. All such compensation and expenses incurred by board
40 members are payable solely from funds of the board or from funds appropriated for such purpose
41 by the Legislature and no liability or obligation shall be incurred by the board beyond the extent to
42 which moneys are available from funds of the board or from such appropriation.

43 The board shall meet at least four times annually and at any time upon the call of its chair or
44 upon the request in writing to the chair of four board members.

45 The board shall appoint a director as its chief executive officer. The director shall have
46 successfully completed an undergraduate education and, in addition, shall have two years of
47 professional experience in solid waste management, civil engineering, public administration, or
48 regional planning.

CHAPTER 24. PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

ARTICLE 2A. REDUCED RATES FOR LOW-INCOME RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMERS OF ELECTRICITY AND GAS.

§24-2A-5. Special rates for certain water, sewer, or combined water and sewer utility customers.

1 (a) The commission may authorize a privately owned water, sewer or combined water and
2 sewer utility to voluntarily implement a rate design featuring reduced rates and charges for service
3 for residential utility customers receiving:

- 4 (1) Social Security Supplemental Security Income (SSI);
- 5 (2) Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF);
- 6 (3) Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent Program (TANF-UP);or
- 7 (4) Assistance from the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) if they are
8 sixty years of age or older.

9 (b) The special reduced rate offered by each water, sewer, or combined water and sewer
10 utility to its eligible customers shall be a percentage less, which shall be approved by the
11 commission, than the rate that would be applicable to such customers if they were not receiving
12 any of the four forms of assistance that confer eligibility for the special reduced rates approved by
13 the commission: *Provided*, That such rate reduction shall not exceed 20 percent of the rate that
14 would be otherwise applicable.

15 (c) Before any individual may qualify to receive the special reduced rates, the following
16 requirements must be met:

- 17 (1) The special reduced rates may apply only to current customers or to those persons who
18 subsequently become customers in their own right. If an SSI, TANF, TANF-UP or SNAP recipient
19 is living in a household that is served under the name of a person who is not an SSI, TANF, TANF-
20 UP or SNAP recipient, that service may not be changed or have been changed subsequent to July

21 1 , 2011, to the name of the SSI, TANF, TANF-UP or SNAP recipient in order to qualify for service
22 under the special reduced rates.

23 (2) The burden of proving eligibility for the special reduced rates shall be on the customer
24 requesting such rates. The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
25 Services shall establish by rules and procedures:

26 (A) To inform persons receiving any of the four forms of assistance that confer eligibility for
27 the special reduced rates about the availability of the special reduced rates;

28 (B) To assist applicants for the special reduced rates in proving their eligibility therefor; and

29 (C) To assist water, sewer, or combined water and sewer utilities offering the special
30 reduced rates in determining on a continuing basis the eligibility therefor of persons receiving or
31 applying for such rates.

32 The commission shall establish rules and procedures for the application for and provision
33 of service under the special reduced rates and for the determination and certification of revenue
34 deficiencies resulting from the special reduced rates.

35 (3) In order to provide each eligible residential utility customer the special reduced rates,
36 each utility providing the special reduced rates shall credit against amounts otherwise owed by
37 each customer an amount equal to the difference between the total amount that each customer
38 was actually billed during the previous month and the total amount that each customer would have
39 been entitled to be billed under the special reduced rates. Each credit shall be fully reflected on the
40 first bill issued to each customer after approval of each customer's application for the special
41 reduced rates, except in cases where the interval between the approval and the issuance of the
42 next bill is so short that it is administratively impracticable to do so, in which case, such credits
43 shall be fully reflected on the second bill issued to each customer after approval of that customer's
44 application. If the interval between the approval and the issuance of the next bill is 15 days or
45 more, it may not be deemed administratively impracticable to reflect the credit on the customer's
46 first bill.

ARTICLE 2C. REDUCED RATES FOR CERTAIN LOW-INCOME RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMERS OF TELEPHONE SERVICE.

§24-2C-4. Availability of tel-assistance service; determination of eligibility; promulgation of rules.

1 (a) All eligible telecommunications carriers shall make tel-assistance services available to
2 qualified low-income consumers pursuant to tariffs or agreements filed with and approved by the
3 Public Service Commission.

4 (b) Insofar as permitted under federal law, eligible telecommunications carriers may file
5 with the Public Service Commission tariffs or agreements that, without limitation, offer tel-
6 assistance service which includes a broader group of services, or make tel-assistance service
7 available to a broader group of low-income residential consumers.

8 (c) The Public Service Commission shall establish rules to implement the provisions of this
9 article. The rules shall include, but not be limited to, procedures governing the application for and
10 the provision of tel-assistance service; the determination, calculation and certification of the
11 revenue deficiency resulting from the provision of tel-assistance service; criteria for establishing
12 maximum levels of revenue deficiencies that may be claimed; establishing the methods by which
13 telephone utilities shall maintain records pertaining to such deficiency and the methods by which
14 such deficiency shall be calculated; and providing for alternate methodologies to simplify the
15 record keeping of the eligible telecommunications carriers. The rules shall be promulgated
16 pursuant to section seven, article one of this chapter and adopted within one hundred twenty days
17 of the effective date of this article. The Public Service Commission shall timely amend the rules
18 thereafter as may be required by any provision of state or federal law.

19 (d) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
20 propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter
21 twenty-nine-a of this code to establish, procedures to inform eligible telecommunications carriers

22 of the eligibility of applicants for tel-assistance service, to assist applicants for tel-assistance
23 service in proving their eligibility therefor, to determine on a continuing basis the eligibility of
24 persons receiving tel-assistance service, and communicate such determinations to the eligible
25 telecommunications carriers. Initially, rules shall be adopted and filed in the state register within
26 one hundred twenty days of the effective date of this article and shall not otherwise be subject to
27 the requirements of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Rules promulgated pursuant to this
28 subsection shall become effective immediately upon filing in the state register and remain in effect
29 until supplanted by legislative rules promulgated pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

30 (e) The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
31 Human Services or the Public Service Commission may propose emergency rules for legislative
32 approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to
33 implement additional provisions of this article as may be required.

CHAPTER 27. MENTALLY ILL PERSONS.

ARTICLE 1. WORDS AND PHRASES DEFINED.

§27-1-7. Administrator and clinical director.

1 (a) The administrator of a state-operated treatment facility is its chief executive officer and
2 has the authority to manage and administer the financial, business and personnel affairs of such
3 facility. All other persons employed at the state-operated treatment facility are under the
4 jurisdiction and authority of the administrator of the treatment facility who need not be a physician.

5 (b) The clinical director has the responsibility for decisions involving clinical and medical
6 treatment of patients in a state-operated mental health facility. The clinical director must be a
7 physician duly licensed to practice medicine in this state who has completed training in an
8 accredited program of post-graduate education in psychiatry.

9 (c) In any facility designated by the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
10 Resources Department of Health Facilities as a facility for individuals with an intellectual disability

11 in which programs and services are designed primarily to provide education, training and
12 rehabilitation rather than medical or psychiatric treatment, the duties and responsibilities, other
13 than those directly related to medical treatment services, assigned to the clinical director by this
14 section or elsewhere in this chapter, are assigned to and become the responsibility of the
15 administrator of that facility, or of a person with expertise in the field of intellectual disability, who
16 need not be a physician, designated by the administrator.

ARTICLE 1A. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH FACILITIES.

§27-1A-4. Powers and duties of the secretary.

1 In addition to the powers and duties set forth in any other provision of this code, the
2 Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities has
3 the following powers and duties:

4 (a) To develop and maintain a state plan which sets forth needs of the state in the areas of
5 mental health and intellectual disability; goals and objectives for meeting those needs; plan of
6 operation for achieving the stated goals and objectives, including organizational structure; and
7 statement of requirements in personnel funds and authority for achieving the goals and objectives.

8 (b) To appoint deputies and assistants to supervise the departmental programs, including
9 hospital and residential services, and such other assistants and employees as may be necessary
10 for the efficient operation of the department and all its programs.

11 (c) To promulgate rules clearly specifying the respective duties and responsibilities of
12 program directors and fiscal administrators, making a clear distinction between the respective
13 functions of these officials.

14 (d) To delegate to any of his or her appointees, assistants or employees all powers and
15 duties vested in the commissioner, including the power to execute contracts and agreements in
16 the name of the department as provided in this article, but the commissioner shall be responsible
17 for the acts of such appointees, assistants and employees.

18 (e) To supervise and coordinate the operation of the state hospitals named in article two of
19 this chapter and any other state hospitals, centers or institutions hereafter created for the care and
20 treatment of the mentally ill or intellectually disabled, or both.

21 (f) To transfer a patient from any state hospital to any other state hospital or clinic under his
22 or her control and, by agreement with the state Division of Corrections, transfer a patient from a
23 state hospital to an institution, other than correctional, under the supervision of the state Division of
24 Corrections.

25 (g) To make periodic reports to the Governor and to the Legislature on the condition of the
26 state hospitals, centers and institutions or on other matters within his or her authority, which shall
27 include recommendations for improvement of any mental health facility and any other matters
28 affecting the mental health of the people of the state.

29 The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health
30 Facilities has all of the authority vested in the divisions of the former Department of Mental Health,
31 as hereinafter provided.

32 The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health
33 Facilities is hereby authorized and empowered to accept and use for the benefit of a state hospital,
34 center or institution, or for any other mental health purpose specified in this chapter, any gift or
35 devise of any property or thing which lawfully may be given. If such a gift or devise is for a specific
36 purpose or for a particular state hospital, center or institution, it shall be used as specified. Any gift
37 or devise of any property or thing which lawfully may be given and whatever profit may arise from
38 its use or investment shall be deposited in a special revenue fund with the State Treasurer, and
39 shall be used only as specified by the donor or donors.

**§27-1A-6. Division of professional services; powers and duties of supervisor; liaison with
other state agencies.**

1 There is a Division of Professional Services established in the Department of ~~Mental~~
2 ~~Health~~ of Health Facilities. The supervisor of this division shall assist the director in the operation
3 of the programs or services of the department and shall be a qualified psychiatrist.

4 The supervisor of this division has the following powers and duties:

5 (1) To develop professional standards, provide supervision of state hospitals, analyze
6 hospital programs and inspect individual hospitals.

7 (2) To assist in recruiting professional staff.

8 (3) To take primary responsibility for the education and training of professional and
9 subprofessional personnel.

10 (4) To carry on or stimulate research activities related to medical and psychiatric facilities of
11 the department, and render specialized assistance to hospital superintendents.

12 (5) To establish liaison with appropriate state agencies and with private groups interested
13 in mental health, including the state Bureau for Public Health, Division of Corrections, the
14 Department of Education, the Board of Governors of West Virginia University, and the West
15 Virginia Association for Mental Health, Incorporated.

16 (6) To license, supervise and inspect any hospital, center or institution, or part of any
17 hospital, center or institution, maintained and operated by any political subdivision or by any
18 person, persons, association or corporation to provide inpatient care and treatment for the
19 mentally ill, or individuals with an intellectual disability, or both.

20 (7) To perform any other duties assigned to the division by the Secretary of the ~~Department~~
21 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities.

§27-1A-12. Independent Informal Dispute Resolution.

1 (a) A behavioral health provider licensed by the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
2 ~~Resources~~ Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification adversely affected by an order or
3 citation of a deficient practice issued pursuant to this article or pursuant to federal law may request
4 to use the independent informal dispute resolution process established by this section. A licensee

5 may contest a cited deficiency as contrary to rule, regulation or law or unwarranted by the facts, or
6 any combination thereof.

7 (b) The independent informal dispute resolution process is not a formal evidentiary
8 proceeding and utilization of the independent informal dispute resolution process does not waive
9 the right of the licensee to request a formal hearing with the secretary.

10 (c) The independent informal dispute resolution process shall consist of the following:

11 (1) The secretary shall transmit to the licensee a statement of deficiencies attributed to the
12 licensee and request that the licensee submit a plan of correction addressing the cited deficiencies
13 no later than ten working days following the last day of the survey or inspection, or no later than ten
14 working days following the last day of a complaint investigation. Notification of the availability of
15 the independent informal dispute resolution process and an explanation of the independent
16 informal dispute resolution process shall be included in the transmittal.

17 (2) When the licensee returns its plan of correction to the secretary, the licensee may
18 request, in writing, to participate in the independent informal dispute resolution process to protest
19 or refute all or part of the cited deficiencies within ten working days. The secretary may not release
20 the final report until all dispute processes are resolved.

21 (3) The Secretary of the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
22 Department of Health (hereinafter "secretary") shall approve and establish a panel of at least three
23 independent review providers: *Provided*, That in lieu of establishing a panel, the secretary may
24 use an existing panel of approved independent review providers. The secretary shall contract with
25 the independent review providers to conduct the independent informal dispute resolution
26 processes. Each independent review provider shall be accredited by the Utilization Review
27 Accreditation Commission. When a licensee requests an independent informal dispute resolution
28 process, the secretary shall choose one independent review provider from the approved panel to
29 conduct the process.

30 (4) The secretary shall refer the request to an independent review provider from the panel
31 of certified independent review providers approved by the department within five working days of
32 receipt of the written request for the independent informal dispute resolution process made by a
33 licensee. The secretary shall vary the selection of the independent review providers on a rotating
34 basis. The secretary shall acknowledge in writing to the licensee that the request for independent
35 review has been received and forwarded to the independent review provider. The notice shall
36 include the name and professional address of the independent review provider.

37 (5) The independent review provider shall hold an independent informal dispute resolution
38 conference, unless additional time is requested by either the licensee, the ~~Department of Health~~
39 ~~and Human Resources~~ Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification or the independent
40 review provider and approved by the secretary, within ten working days of receipt of the written
41 request for the independent informal dispute resolution process made by a licensee. The licensee
42 or the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Office of Health Facility Licensure and
43 Certification may submit additional information before the independent informal dispute resolution
44 conference.

45 (6) Neither the secretary nor the licensee may be accompanied by counsel during the
46 independent informal dispute resolution conference. The manner in which the independent
47 informal dispute resolution conference is held is at the discretion of the licensee, but is limited to:

- 48 (A) A review of written information submitted by the licensee;
- 49 (B) A telephonic conference; or
- 50 (C) A face-to-face conference held at a mutually agreed upon location.

51 (7) If the independent review provider determines the need for additional information,
52 clarification or discussion at the conclusion of the independent informal dispute resolution
53 conference, the secretary and the licensee shall present the requested information.

54 (8) The independent review provider shall make a determination within ten working days of
55 receipt of any additional information as provided in subdivision (7) of this section or the conclusion

56 of the independent informal dispute resolution conference, based upon the facts and findings
57 presented, and shall transmit a written decision containing the rationale for its determination to the
58 secretary.

59 (9) If the secretary disagrees with the determination, the secretary may reject the
60 determination made by the independent review provider and shall issue an order setting forth the
61 rationale for the reversal of the independent review provider's decision to the licensee within ten
62 working days of receiving the independent review provider's determination.

63 (10) If the secretary accepts the determination, the secretary shall issue an order affirming
64 the independent review provider's determination within ten working days of receiving the
65 independent review provider's determination.

66 (11) If the independent review provider determines that the original statement of
67 deficiencies should be changed as a result of the independent informal dispute resolution process
68 and the secretary accepts the determination, the secretary shall transmit a revised statement of
69 deficiencies to the licensee within ten working days of the independent review provider's
70 determination.

71 (12) The licensee shall submit a revised plan to correct any remaining deficiencies to the
72 secretary within ten working days of receipt of the secretary's order and the revised statement of
73 deficiencies.

74 (d) Under the following circumstances, the licensee is responsible for certain costs of the
75 independent informal dispute resolution review, which shall be remitted to the secretary within
76 sixty days of the informal conference order:

77 (1) If the licensee requests a face-to-face conference, the licensee shall pay any costs
78 incurred by the independent review provider that exceed the cost of a telephonic conference,
79 regardless of which party ultimately prevails;

80 (2) If the independent review provider's decision supports the entirety of the originally
81 written contested deficiency or adverse action taken by the secretary, the licensee shall reimburse
82 the secretary for the cost charged by the independent review provider; or

83 (3) If the independent review provider's decision supports some of the originally written
84 contested deficiencies, but not all of them, the licensee shall reimburse the secretary for the cost
85 charged by the independent review provider on a pro-rata basis as determined by the secretary.

86 (e) Establishment of the independent informal dispute resolution process does not
87 preclude licensees from utilizing other informal dispute resolution processes provided by statute or
88 rule in lieu of the independent informal dispute resolution process.

89 (f) Administrative and judicial review of a decision rendered through the independent
90 informal dispute resolution process may be made in accordance with article five, chapter twenty-
91 nine-a of this code.

92 (g) Any decision issued by the secretary as a result of the independent informal dispute
93 resolution process shall be made effective from the date of issuance.

94 (h) The pendency of administrative or judicial review does not prevent the secretary or a
95 licensee from obtaining injunctive relief as provided by statute or rule.

ARTICLE 2. MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES.

§27-2-1. State hospitals and other facilities; transfer of control and property from Department of Mental Health to Department of Health and Human Resources; civil service coverage.

1 The state hospitals heretofore established at Weston, Huntington and Lakin, are continued
2 and known respectively as the William R. Sharpe, Jr. Hospital, Mildred-Mitchell Bateman Hospital
3 and Lakin Hospital. These state hospitals and centers are managed, directed and controlled by the
4 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities. Any person
5 employed by the Department of Mental Health who on the effective date of this article is a
6 classified civil service employee shall, within the limits contained in §29-6-2 of this code, remain in

7 the civil service system as a covered employee. The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and~~
8 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities is authorized to bring the state hospitals into
9 structural compliance with appropriate fire and health standards. All references in this code or
10 elsewhere in law to the "West Virginia Training School" shall be taken and construed to mean and
11 refer to the "Colin Anderson Center."

12 The control of the property, records, and financial and other affairs of state mental hospitals
13 and other state mental health facilities is transferred from the Department of Mental Health to the
14 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities. The secretary shall,
15 in respect to the control and management of the state hospitals and other state mental health
16 facilities, perform the same duties and functions as were heretofore exercised or performed by the
17 Director of Health. The title to all property of the state hospitals and other state facilities is
18 transferred to and vested in the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
19 Health Facilities.

20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, whenever in this code
21 there is a reference to the Department of Mental Health, it shall be construed to mean and is a
22 reference to the ~~Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
23 Health Facilities.

ARTICLE 2A. MENTAL HEALTH-INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY CENTERS.

**§27-2A-1. Comprehensive community mental health-intellectual disability centers;
establishment, operation and location; access to treatment.**

1 (a) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services is
2 ~~authorized and~~ directed to establish, maintain and operate comprehensive community mental
3 health centers and comprehensive intellectual disability facilities, at locations within the state that
4 are determined by the secretary in accordance with the state's comprehensive mental health plan
5 and the state's comprehensive intellectual disability plan. Such facilities may be integrated with a
6 general health care or other facility or remain separate as the Secretary of the ~~Department of~~

7 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may by rules prescribe: *Provided,*
8 That nothing contained herein may be construed to allow the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
9 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services to assume the operation of comprehensive regional
10 mental health centers or comprehensive intellectual disability facilities which have been heretofore
11 established according to law and which, as of the effective date of this article, are being operated
12 by local nonprofit organizations.

13 (b) Any new mental health centers and comprehensive mental retardation facilities herein
14 provided may be operated and controlled by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
15 Department of Human Services or operated, maintained and controlled by local nonprofit
16 organizations and licensed according to rules promulgated by the Secretary of the ~~Department of~~
17 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services. All comprehensive regional
18 mental health and intellectual disability facilities licensed in the state shall:

19 (1) Have a written plan for the provision of diagnostic, treatment, supportive and aftercare
20 services, and written policies and procedures for implementing these services;

21 (2) Have sufficient employees appropriately qualified to provide these services;

22 (3) Maintain accurate medical and other records for all patients receiving services;

23 (4) Render outpatient services in the aftercare of any patient discharged from an inpatient
24 hospital, consistent with the needs of the individual. No person who can be treated as an
25 outpatient at a community mental health center may be admitted involuntarily into a state hospital.

26 (5) Have a chief administrative officer directly responsible to a legally constituted board of
27 directors of a comprehensive mental health or intellectual disability facility operated by a local
28 nonprofit organization, or to the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
29 Department of Human Services if the comprehensive mental health or intellectual disability center
30 or facility is operated by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
31 Services; and

32 (6) Have a written plan for the referral of patients for evaluation and treatment for services
33 not provided.

34 The state's share of costs of operating the facilities may be provided from funds
35 appropriated for this purpose within the budget of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
36 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services. The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and~~
37 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall administer these funds among all
38 comprehensive mental health and intellectual disability facilities that are required to best provide
39 comprehensive community mental health care and services to the citizens of the state.

40 After July 1, but not later than August 1 of each year, the chief administrative officer of each
41 comprehensive regional mental health center and intellectual disability facility shall submit a report
42 to the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
43 Services and to the Legislative Auditor containing a listing of:

- 44 (1) All funds received by the center or facility;
- 45 (2) All funds expended by the center or facility;
- 46 (3) All funds obligated by the center or facility;
- 47 (4) All services provided by the center or facility;
- 48 (5) The number of persons served by the center or facility; and
- 49 (6) Other information as the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
50 Department of Human Services prescribes by regulation.

ARTICLE 5. INVOLUNTARY HOSPITALIZATION.

§27-5-1. Appointment of mental hygiene commissioner; duties of mental hygiene commissioner; duties of prosecuting attorney; duties of sheriff; duties of Supreme Court of Appeals; use of certified municipal law-enforcement officers.

1 (a) *Appointment of mental hygiene commissioners.* — The chief judge in each judicial
2 circuit of this state shall appoint a competent attorney and may, if necessary, appoint additional
3 attorneys to serve as mental hygiene commissioners to preside over involuntary hospitalization

4 hearings. Mental hygiene commissioners shall be persons of good moral character and of
5 standing in their profession and they shall, before assuming the duties of a commissioner, take the
6 oath required of other special commissioners as provided in §6-1-1 *et seq.* of this code.

7 Prior to presiding over an involuntary hospitalization hearing, each newly appointed person
8 to serve as a mental hygiene commissioner and all magistrates shall attend and complete an
9 orientation course that consists of training provided annually by the Supreme Court of Appeals and
10 complete an orientation program to be developed by the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health
11 and Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities. In addition, existing mental hygiene
12 commissioners and all magistrates trained to hold probable cause and emergency detention
13 hearings involving involuntary hospitalization shall attend and complete a course provided by the
14 Supreme Court of Appeals and complete an orientation program to be developed by the Secretary
15 of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities. Persons
16 attending the courses outside the county of their residence shall be reimbursed out of the budget
17 of the Supreme Court—General Judicial for reasonable expenses incurred. The Supreme Court of
18 Appeals shall establish curricula and rules for the courses, including rules providing for the
19 reimbursement of reasonable expenses as authorized in this section. The Secretary of the
20 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities shall consult with the
21 Supreme Court of Appeals regarding the development of the orientation program.

22 **(b) Duties of mental hygiene commissioners. —**

23 (1) Mental hygiene commissioners may sign and issue summonses for the attendance, at
24 any hearing held pursuant to §27-5-4 of this code, of the individual sought to be committed; may
25 sign and issue subpoenas for witnesses, including subpoenas duces tecum; may place any
26 witness under oath; may elicit testimony from applicants, respondents, and witnesses regarding
27 factual issues raised in the petition; and may make findings of fact on evidence and may make
28 conclusions of law, but the findings and conclusions are not binding on the circuit court. All mental
29 hygiene commissioners shall be reasonably compensated at a uniform rate determined by the

30 Supreme Court of Appeals. Mental hygiene commissioners shall submit all requests for
31 compensation to the administrative director of the courts for payment. Mental hygiene
32 commissioners shall discharge their duties and hold their offices at the pleasure of the chief judge
33 of the judicial circuit in which he or she is appointed and may be removed at any time by the chief
34 judge. A mental hygiene commissioner shall conduct orderly inquiries into the mental health of the
35 individual sought to be committed concerning the advisability of committing the individual to a
36 mental health facility. The mental hygiene commissioner shall safeguard, at all times, the rights
37 and interests of the individual as well as the interests of the state. The mental hygiene
38 commissioner shall make a written report of his or her findings to the circuit court. In any
39 proceedings before any court of record as set forth in this article, the court of record shall appoint
40 an interpreter for any individual who is deaf or cannot speak, or who speaks a foreign language,
41 and who may be subject to involuntary commitment to a mental health facility.

42 (2) A mental hygiene commissioner appointed by the circuit court of one county or multiple
43 county circuits may serve in that capacity in a jurisdiction other than that of his or her original
44 appointment if it is agreed upon by the terms of a cooperative agreement between the circuit
45 courts and county commissions of two or more counties entered into to provide prompt resolution
46 of mental hygiene matters during hours when the courthouse is closed or on nonjudicial days.

47 (c) *Duties of prosecuting attorney.* —The prosecuting attorney or one of his or her
48 assistants shall represent the applicants in all final commitment proceedings filed pursuant to the
49 provisions of this article. The prosecuting attorney may appear in any proceeding held pursuant to
50 the provisions of this article if he or she determines it to be in the public interest.

51 (d) *Duties of sheriff.* — Upon written order of the circuit court, mental hygiene
52 commissioner, or magistrate in the county where the individual formally accused of being mentally
53 ill or having a substance use disorder is a resident or is found, the sheriff of that county shall take
54 the individual into custody and transport him or her to and from the place of hearing and the mental
55 health facility. The sheriff shall also maintain custody and control of the accused individual during

56 the period of time in which the individual is waiting for the involuntary commitment hearing to be
57 convened and while the hearing is being conducted: *Provided*, That an individual who is a resident
58 of a state other than West Virginia shall, upon a finding of probable cause, be transferred to his or
59 her state of residence for treatment pursuant to §27-5-4(p) of this code: *Provided, however*, That
60 where an individual is a resident of West Virginia but not a resident of the county in which he or she
61 is found and there is a finding of probable cause, the county in which the hearing is held may seek
62 reimbursement from the county of residence for reasonable costs incurred by the county attendant
63 to the mental hygiene proceeding. Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary,
64 sheriffs may enter into cooperative agreements with sheriffs of one or more other counties, with
65 the concurrence of their respective circuit courts and county commissions, by which transportation
66 and security responsibilities for hearings held pursuant to the provisions of this article during hours
67 when the courthouse is closed or on nonjudicial days may be shared in order to facilitate prompt
68 hearings and to effectuate transportation of persons found in need of treatment. In the event an
69 individual requires transportation to a state hospital as defined by §27-1-6 of this code, the sheriff
70 shall contact the state hospital in advance of the transportation to determine if the state hospital
71 has available suitable bed capacity to place the individual.

72 (e) *Duty of sheriff upon presentment to mental health care facility.* — When a person is
73 brought to a mental health care facility for purposes of evaluation for commitment under this
74 article, if he or she is violent or combative, the sheriff or his or her designee shall maintain custody
75 of the person in the facility until the evaluation is completed, or the county commission shall
76 reimburse the mental health care facility at a reasonable rate for security services provided by the
77 mental health care facility for the period of time the person is at the hospital prior to the
78 determination of mental competence or incompetence.

79 (f) *Duties of Supreme Court of Appeals.* — The Supreme Court of Appeals shall provide
80 uniform petition, procedure, and order forms which shall be used in all involuntary hospitalization
81 proceedings brought in this state.

82 (g) *Duties of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health*
83 *Facilities*. — The secretary shall develop an orientation program as provided in subsection (a) of
84 this section. The orientation program shall include, but not be limited to, instruction regarding the
85 nature and treatment of mental illness and substance use disorder; the goal and purpose of
86 commitment; community-based treatment options; and less restrictive alternatives to inpatient
87 commitment.

§27-5-1b. Pilot projects and other initiatives.

1 (a) *Duties of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human*
2 *Services*. — The Secretary shall, in collaboration with designees of the Supreme Court of
3 Appeals, the Sheriff’s Association, the Prosecuting Attorney’s Association, the Public Defender
4 Services, the Behavioral Health Providers Association, Disability Rights of West Virginia, and a
5 designee of the Dangerousness Assessment Advisory Board, undertake an evaluation of the
6 utilization of alternative transportation providers and the development of standards that define the
7 role, scope, regulation, and training necessary for the safe and effective utilization of alternative
8 transportation providers and shall further identify potential financial sources for the payment of
9 alternative transportation providers. Recommendations regarding such evaluation shall be
10 submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Delegates on or before
11 July 31, 2022. The Legislature requests the Supreme Court of Appeals cooperate with the listed
12 parties and undertake this evaluation.

13 (b) *Civil Involuntary Commitment Audits*. — The secretary shall establish a process to
14 conduct retrospective quarterly audits of applications and licensed examiner forms prepared by
15 certifiers for the involuntary civil commitment of persons as provided in §27-5-1 *et seq.* of this
16 code. The process shall determine whether the licensed examiner forms prepared by certifiers are
17 clinically justified and consistent with the requirements of this code and, if not, develop corrective
18 actions to redress identified issues. The Legislature requests the Supreme Court of Appeals
19 participate in this process with the secretary. The process and the findings thereof shall be

20 confidential, not subject to subpoena, and not subject to the provisions of §6-9A-1 *et seq.* and
21 §29B-1-1 *et seq.* of this code.

22 (i) *Duties of the Mental Health Center for Purposes of Evaluation for Commitment.* — Each
23 mental health center shall make available as necessary a qualified and competent licensed
24 person to conduct prompt evaluations of persons for commitment in accordance with §27-5-1 *et*
25 *seq.* of this code. Evaluations shall be conducted in person, unless an in-person evaluation would
26 create a substantial delay to the resolution of the matter, and then the evaluation may be
27 conducted by videoconference. Each mental health center that performs these evaluations shall
28 exercise reasonable diligence in performing the evaluations and communicating with the state
29 hospital to provide all reasonable and necessary information to facilitate a prompt and orderly
30 admission to the state hospital of any person who is or is likely to be involuntarily committed to
31 such hospital. Each mental health center that performs these evaluations shall explain the
32 involuntary commitment process to the applicant and the person proposed to be committed and
33 further identify appropriate alternative forms of potential treatment, loss of liberty if committed, and
34 the likely risks and benefits of commitment.

35 (k) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the Supreme Court of
36 Appeals, mental health facilities, law enforcement, and the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
37 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the Department of Health Facilities may participate
38 in pilot projects in Cabell, Berkeley, and Ohio Counties to implement an involuntary commitment
39 process. Further, notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, no alternative
40 transportation provider may be utilized until standards are developed and implemented that define
41 the role, scope, regulation, and training necessary for an alternative transportation provider as
42 provided in subsection (a) of this section.

**§27-5-2. Institution of proceedings for involuntary custody for examination; custody;
probable cause hearing; examination of individual.**

2 (a) Any adult person may make an application for involuntary hospitalization for
3 examination of an individual when the person making the application has reason to believe that the
4 individual to be examined has a substance use disorder as defined by the most recent edition of
5 the American Psychiatric Association in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders,
6 inclusive of substance use withdrawal, or is mentally ill and because of his or her substance use
7 disorder or mental illness, the individual is likely to cause serious harm to himself, herself, or to
8 others if allowed to remain at liberty while awaiting an examination and certification by a physician,
9 psychologist, licensed professional counselor, licensed independent social worker, an advanced
10 nurse practitioner, or physician assistant as provided in subsection (e) of this section: *Provided,*
11 That a diagnosis of dementia, epilepsy, or intellectual or developmental disability alone may not be
12 a basis for involuntary commitment to a state hospital.

13 (b) Notwithstanding any language in this subsection to the contrary, if the individual to be
14 examined under the provisions of this section is incarcerated in a jail, prison, or other correctional
15 facility, then only the chief administrative officer of the facility holding the individual may file the
16 application, and the application must include the additional statement that the correctional facility
17 itself cannot reasonably provide treatment and other services necessary to treat the individual's
18 mental illness or substance use.

19 (c) Application for involuntary custody for examination may be made to the circuit court,
20 magistrate court, or a mental hygiene commissioner of the county in which the individual resides,
21 or of the county in which he or she may be found. A magistrate before whom an application or
22 matter is pending may, upon the availability of a mental hygiene commissioner or circuit court
23 judge for immediate presentation of an application or pending matter, transfer the pending matter
24 or application to the mental hygiene commissioner or circuit court judge for further proceedings
25 unless otherwise ordered by the chief judge of the judicial circuit.

26 (d) The person making the application shall give information and state facts in the
27 application required by the form provided for this purpose by the Supreme Court of Appeals.

28 (e) The circuit court, mental hygiene commissioner, or magistrate may enter an order for
29 the individual named in the application to be detained and taken into custody as provided in §27-5-
30 1 and §27-5-10 of this code for the purpose of holding a probable cause hearing as provided in
31 §27-5-2 of this code. An examination of the individual to determine whether the individual meets
32 involuntary hospitalization criteria shall be conducted in person unless an in person examination
33 would create a substantial delay in the resolution of the matter in which case the examination may
34 be by video conference, and shall be performed by a physician, psychologist, a licensed
35 professional counselor practicing in compliance with §30-31-1 *et seq.* of this code, a licensed
36 independent clinical social worker practicing in compliance with §30-30-1 *et seq.* of this code, an
37 advanced nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification practicing in compliance with §30-7-1 *et*
38 *seq.* of this code, a physician assistant practicing in compliance with §30-3-1 *et seq.* of this code,
39 or a physician assistant practicing in compliance with §30-3E-1 *et seq.* of this code: *Provided*, That
40 a licensed professional counselor, a licensed independent clinical social worker, a physician
41 assistant, or an advanced nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification may only perform the
42 examination if he or she has previously been authorized by an order of the circuit court to do so,
43 the order having found that the licensed professional counselor, the licensed independent clinical
44 social worker, physician assistant, or advanced nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification has
45 particularized expertise in the areas of mental health and mental hygiene or substance use
46 disorder sufficient to make the determinations required by the provisions of this section. The
47 examination shall be provided or arranged by a community mental health center designated by the
48 Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services to
49 serve the county in which the action takes place. The order is to specify that the evaluation be held
50 within a reasonable period of time not to exceed two hours and shall provide for the appointment of
51 counsel for the individual: *Provided, however*, That the time requirements set forth in this
52 subsection only apply to persons who are not in need of medical care for a physical condition or
53 disease for which the need for treatment precludes the ability to comply with the time

54 requirements. During periods of holding and detention authorized by this subsection, upon
55 consent of the individual or if there is a medical or psychiatric emergency, the individual may
56 receive treatment. The medical provider shall exercise due diligence in determining the
57 individual's existing medical needs and provide treatment the individual requires, including
58 previously prescribed medications. As used in this section, "psychiatric emergency" means an
59 incident during which an individual loses control and behaves in a manner that poses substantial
60 likelihood of physical harm to himself, herself, or others. Where a physician, psychologist, licensed
61 professional counselor, licensed independent clinical social worker, physician assistant, or
62 advanced nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification has, within the preceding 72 hours,
63 performed the examination required by this subsection the community mental health center may
64 waive the duty to perform or arrange another examination upon approving the previously
65 performed examination. Notwithstanding this subsection, §27-5-4(r) of this code applies regarding
66 payment by the county commission for examinations at hearings. If the examination reveals that
67 the individual is not mentally ill or has no substance use disorder, or is determined to be mentally ill
68 or has a substance use disorder but not likely to cause harm to himself, herself, or others, the
69 individual shall be immediately released without the need for a probable cause hearing and the
70 examiner is not civilly liable for the rendering of the opinion absent a finding of professional
71 negligence. The examiner shall immediately, but no later than 60 minutes after completion of the
72 examination, provide the mental hygiene commissioner, circuit court, or magistrate before whom
73 the matter is pending, and the state hospital to which the individual may be involuntarily
74 hospitalized, the results of the examination on the form provided for this purpose by the Supreme
75 Court of Appeals for entry of an order reflecting the lack of probable cause.

76 (f) A probable cause hearing shall be held promptly before a magistrate, the mental
77 hygiene commissioner, or circuit judge of the county of which the individual is a resident or where
78 he or she was found. If requested by the individual or his or her counsel, the hearing may be
79 postponed for a period not to exceed 48 hours. Hearings may be conducted via videoconferencing

80 unless the individual or his or her attorney object for good cause or unless the magistrate, mental
81 hygiene commissioner, or circuit judge orders otherwise. The Supreme Court of Appeals is
82 requested to develop regional mental hygiene collaboratives where mental hygiene
83 commissioners can share on-call responsibilities, thereby reducing the burden on individual
84 circuits and commissioners.

85 The individual shall be present at the hearing and has the right to present evidence,
86 confront all witnesses and other evidence against him or her, and examine testimony offered,
87 including testimony by representatives of the community mental health center serving the area.
88 Expert testimony at the hearing may be taken telephonically or via videoconferencing. The
89 individual has the right to remain silent and to be proceeded against in accordance with the Rules
90 of Evidence of the Supreme Court of Appeals, except as provided in §27-1-12 of this code. At the
91 conclusion of the hearing, the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge
92 shall find and enter an order stating whether or not it is likely that deterioration will occur without
93 clinically necessary treatment, or there is probable cause to believe that the individual, as a result
94 of mental illness or substance use disorder, is likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself or
95 to others. Any such order entered shall be provided to the state hospital to which the individual
96 may or will be involuntarily hospitalized within 60 minutes of filing absent good cause.

97 (g) Probable cause hearings may occur in the county where a person is hospitalized. The
98 judicial hearing officer may: use videoconferencing and telephonic technology; permit persons
99 hospitalized for substance use disorder to be involuntarily hospitalized only until detoxification is
100 accomplished; and specify other alternative or modified procedures that are consistent with the
101 purposes and provisions of this article to promote a prompt, orderly, and efficient hearing. The
102 alternative or modified procedures shall fully and effectively guarantee to the person who is the
103 subject of the involuntary commitment proceeding and other interested parties due process of the
104 law and access to the least restrictive available treatment needed to prevent serious harm to self
105 or others.

106 (h) If the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge at a probable
107 cause hearing or a mental hygiene commissioner or circuit judge at a final commitment hearing
108 held pursuant to the provisions of §27-5-4 of this code finds that the individual, as a direct result of
109 mental illness or substance use disorder is likely to cause serious harm to himself, herself, or
110 others and because of mental illness or a substance use disorder requires treatment, the
111 magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge may consider evidence on the
112 question of whether the individual's circumstances make him or her amenable to outpatient
113 treatment in a nonresidential or nonhospital setting pursuant to a voluntary treatment agreement.
114 At the conclusion of the hearing, the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court
115 judge shall find and enter an order stating whether or not it is likely that deterioration will occur
116 without clinically necessary treatment, or there is probable cause to believe that the individual, as
117 a result of mental illness or substance use disorder, is likely to cause serious harm to himself or
118 herself or others. The agreement is to be in writing and approved by the individual, his or her
119 counsel, and the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge. If the
120 magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge determines that appropriate
121 outpatient treatment is available in a nonresidential or nonhospital setting, the individual may be
122 released to outpatient treatment upon the terms and conditions of the voluntary treatment
123 agreement. The failure of an individual released to outpatient treatment pursuant to a voluntary
124 treatment agreement to comply with the terms of the voluntary treatment agreement constitutes
125 evidence that outpatient treatment is insufficient and, after a hearing before a magistrate, mental
126 hygiene commissioner, or circuit judge on the issue of whether or not the individual failed or
127 refused to comply with the terms and conditions of the voluntary treatment agreement and whether
128 the individual as a result of mental illness or substance use disorder remains likely to cause
129 serious harm to himself, herself, or others, the entry of an order requiring admission under
130 involuntary hospitalization pursuant to §27-5-3 of this code may be entered. Nothing in the
131 provisions of this article regarding release pursuant to a voluntary treatment agreement or

132 convalescent status may be construed as creating a right to receive outpatient mental health
133 services or treatment, or as obligating any person or agency to provide outpatient services or
134 treatment. Time limitations set forth in this article relating to periods of involuntary commitment to a
135 mental health facility for hospitalization do not apply to release pursuant to the terms of a voluntary
136 treatment agreement: *Provided*, That release pursuant to a voluntary treatment agreement may
137 not be for a period of more than six months if the individual has not been found to be involuntarily
138 committed during the previous two years and for a period of no more than two years if the
139 individual has been involuntarily committed during the preceding two years. If in any proceeding
140 held pursuant to this article the individual objects to the issuance or conditions and terms of an
141 order adopting a voluntary treatment agreement, then the circuit judge, magistrate, or mental
142 hygiene commissioner may not enter an order directing treatment pursuant to a voluntary
143 treatment agreement. If involuntary commitment with release pursuant to a voluntary treatment
144 agreement is ordered, the individual subject to the order may, upon request during the period the
145 order is in effect, have a hearing before a mental hygiene commissioner or circuit judge where the
146 individual may seek to have the order canceled or modified. Nothing in this section affects the
147 appellate and habeas corpus rights of any individual subject to any commitment order.

148 The commitment of any individual as provided in this article shall be in the least restrictive
149 setting and in an outpatient community-based treatment program to the extent resources and
150 programs are available, unless the clear and convincing evidence of the certifying professional
151 under subsection (e) of this section, who is acting in a manner consistent with the standard of care
152 establishes that the commitment or treatment of that individual requires an inpatient hospital
153 placement. Outpatient treatment will be based upon a plan jointly prepared by the Department of
154 Health Facilities and the comprehensive community mental health center or licensed behavioral
155 health provider.

156 (i) If the certifying professional determines that an individual requires involuntary
157 hospitalization for a substance use disorder as permitted by §27-5-2(a) of this code which, due to

158 the degree of the disorder, creates a reasonable likelihood that withdrawal or detoxification will
159 cause significant medical complications, the person certifying the individual shall recommend that
160 the individual be closely monitored for possible medical complications. If the magistrate, mental
161 hygiene commissioner, or circuit court judge presiding orders involuntary hospitalization, he or she
162 shall include a recommendation that the individual be closely monitored in the order of
163 commitment.

164 (j) The Supreme Court of Appeals and the ~~Secretary~~ Secretaries of the ~~Department of~~
165 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and Department of Health
166 Facilities shall specifically develop and propose a statewide system for evaluation and
167 adjudication of mental hygiene petitions which shall include payment schedules and
168 recommendations regarding funding sources. Additionally, the ~~Secretary~~ Secretaries of the
169 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and Department of
170 Health Facilities shall also immediately seek reciprocal agreements with officials in contiguous
171 states to develop interstate/intergovernmental agreements to provide efficient and efficacious
172 services to out-of-state residents found in West Virginia and who are in need of mental hygiene
173 services.

§27-5-4. Institution of final commitment proceedings; hearing requirements; release.

1 (a) *Involuntary commitment.* — Except as provided in §27-5-2 and §27-5-3 of this code, no
2 individual may be involuntarily committed to a mental health facility or state hospital except by
3 order entered of record at any time by the circuit court of the county in which the person resides or
4 was found, or if the individual is hospitalized in a mental health facility or state hospital located in a
5 county other than where he or she resides or was found, in the county of the mental health facility
6 and then only after a full hearing on issues relating to the necessity of committing an individual to a
7 mental health facility or state hospital. If the individual objects to the hearing being held in the
8 county where the mental health facility is located, the hearing shall be conducted in the county of
9 the individual's residence. Notwithstanding the provisions of this code to the contrary, all hearings

10 for the involuntary final civil commitment of a person who is committed in accordance with §27-6A-
11 1 *et al.* of this code shall be held by the circuit court of the county that has jurisdiction over the
12 person for the criminal charges and such circuit court shall have jurisdiction over the involuntary
13 final civil commitment of such person.

14 (b) *How final commitment proceedings are commenced.* — Final commitment proceedings
15 for an individual may be commenced by the filing of a written application under oath by an adult
16 person having personal knowledge of the facts of the case. The certificate or affidavit is filed with
17 the clerk of the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner of the county where the individual is a
18 resident or where he or she may be found, or the county of a mental health facility if he or she is
19 hospitalized in a mental health facility or state hospital located in a county other than where he or
20 she resides or may be found. Notwithstanding anything any provision of this code to the contrary,
21 all hearings for the involuntary final civil commitment of a person who is committed in accordance
22 with §27-6A-1 *et seq.* of this code shall be commenced only upon the filing of a Certificate of the
23 Licensed Certifier at the mental health facility where the person is currently committed.

24 (c) *Oath; contents of application; who may inspect application; when application cannot be*
25 *filed.* —

26 (1) The person making the application shall do so under oath.

27 (2) The application shall contain statements by the applicant that the individual is likely to
28 cause serious harm to self or others due to what the applicant believes are symptoms of mental
29 illness or substance use disorder. Except for persons sought to be committed as provided in §27-
30 6A-1 *et seq.* of this code, the applicant shall state in detail the recent overt acts upon which the
31 clinical opinion is based.

32 (3) The written application, certificate, affidavit, and any warrants issued pursuant thereto,
33 including any related documents filed with a circuit court, mental hygiene commissioner, or
34 magistrate for the involuntary hospitalization of an individual are not open to inspection by any
35 person other than the individual, unless authorized by the individual or his or her legal

36 representative or by order of the circuit court. The records may not be published unless authorized
37 by the individual or his or her legal representative. Disclosure of these records may, however, be
38 made by the clerk, circuit court, mental hygiene commissioner, or magistrate to provide notice to
39 the Federal National Instant Criminal Background Check System established pursuant to section
40 103(d) of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, 18 U.S.C. §922, and the central state
41 mental health registry, in accordance with §61-7A-1 *et seq.* of this code, and the sheriff of a county
42 performing background investigations pursuant to §61-7-1 *et seq.* of this code. Disclosure may
43 also be made to the prosecuting attorney and reviewing court in an action brought by the individual
44 pursuant to §61-7A-5 of this code to regain firearm and ammunition rights.

45 (4) Applications shall be denied for individuals as provided in §27-5-2(a) of this code.

46 (d) *Certificate filed with application; contents of certificate; affidavit by applicant in place of*
47 *certificate.* —

48 (1) The applicant shall file with his or her application the certificate of a physician or a
49 psychologist stating that in his or her opinion the individual is mentally ill or has a substance use
50 disorder and that because of the mental illness or substance use disorder, the individual is likely to
51 cause serious harm to self or others and requires continued commitment and treatment, and
52 should be hospitalized. Except for persons sought to be committed as provided in §27-6A-1 *et seq.*
53 of this code, the certificate shall state in detail the recent overt acts on which the conclusion is
54 based, including facts that less restrictive interventions and placements were considered but are
55 not appropriate and available. The applicant shall further file with his or her application the names
56 and last known addresses of the persons identified in §27-5-4(e)(3) of this code.

57 (2) A certificate is not necessary when an affidavit is filed by the applicant showing facts
58 and the individual has refused to submit to examination by a physician or a psychologist.

59 (e) *Notice requirements; eight days' notice required.* — Upon receipt of an application, the
60 mental hygiene commissioner or circuit court shall review the application, and if it is determined

61 that the facts alleged, if any, are sufficient to warrant involuntary hospitalization, immediately fix a
62 date for and have the clerk of the circuit court give notice of the hearing:

63 (1) To the individual;

64 (2) To the applicant or applicants;

65 (3) To the individual's spouse, one of the parents or guardians, or, if the individual does not
66 have a spouse, parents or parent or guardian, to one of the individual's adult next of kin if the next
67 of kin is not the applicant;

68 (4) To the mental health authorities serving the area;

69 (5) To the circuit court in the county of the individual's residence if the hearing is to be held
70 in a county other than that of the individual's residence; and

71 (6) To the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the hearing is to be held.

72 (f) The notice shall be served on the individual by personal service of process not less than
73 eight days prior to the date of the hearing and shall specify:

74 (1) The nature of the charges against the individual;

75 (2) The facts underlying and supporting the application of involuntary commitment;

76 (3) The right to have counsel appointed;

77 (4) The right to consult with and be represented by counsel at every stage of the
78 proceedings; and

79 (5) The time and place of the hearing.

80 The notice to the individual's spouse, parents or parent or guardian, the individual's adult
81 next of kin, or to the circuit court in the county of the individual's residence may be by personal
82 service of process or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, and shall state the
83 time and place of the hearing.

84 (g) *Examination of individual by court-appointed physician, psychologist, advanced nurse*
85 *practitioner, or physician assistant; custody for examination; dismissal of proceedings. —*

86 (1) Except as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, and except when a Certificate
87 of the Licensed Examiner and an application for final civil commitment at the mental health facility
88 where the person is currently committed has been completed and filed, within a reasonable time
89 after notice of the commencement of final commitment proceedings is given, the circuit court or
90 mental hygiene commissioner shall appoint a physician, psychologist, an advanced nurse
91 practitioner with psychiatric certification, or a physician assistant with advanced duties in
92 psychiatric medicine to examine the individual and report to the circuit court or mental hygiene
93 commissioner his or her findings as to the mental condition or substance use disorder of the
94 individual and the likelihood of causing serious harm to self or others. Any such report shall include
95 the names and last known addresses of the persons identified in §27-5-4-(e)(3) of this code.

96 (2) If the designated physician, psychologist, advanced nurse practitioner, or physician
97 assistant reports to the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner that the individual has
98 refused to submit to an examination, the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall order
99 him or her to submit to the examination. The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner may
100 direct that the individual be detained or taken into custody for the purpose of an immediate
101 examination by the designated physician, psychologist, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant.
102 All orders shall be directed to the sheriff of the county or other appropriate law-enforcement officer.
103 After the examination has been completed, the individual shall be released from custody unless
104 proceedings are instituted pursuant to §27-5-3 of this code.

105 (3) If the reports of the appointed physician, psychologist, nurse practitioner, or physician
106 assistant do not confirm that the individual is mentally ill or has a substance use disorder and might
107 be harmful to self or others, then the proceedings for involuntary hospitalization shall be
108 dismissed.

109 (h) *Rights of the individual at the final commitment hearing; seven days' notice to counsel*
110 *required.* —

111 (1) The individual shall be present at the final commitment hearing, and he or she, the
112 applicant and all persons entitled to notice of the hearing shall be afforded an opportunity to testify
113 and to present and cross-examine witnesses.

114 (2) If the individual has not retained counsel, the court or mental hygiene commissioner, at
115 least six days prior to hearing, shall appoint a competent attorney and shall inform the individual of
116 the name, address, and telephone number of his or her appointed counsel.

117 (3) The individual has the right to have an examination by an independent expert of his or
118 her choice and to present testimony from the expert as a medical witness on his or her behalf. The
119 cost of the independent expert is paid by the individual unless he or she is indigent.

120 (4) The individual may not be compelled to be a witness against himself or herself.

121 (i) Duties of counsel representing individual; payment of counsel representing indigent. —

122 (1) Counsel representing an individual shall conduct a timely interview, make investigation,
123 and secure appropriate witnesses, be present at the hearing, and protect the interests of the
124 individual.

125 (2) Counsel representing an individual is entitled to copies of all medical reports,
126 psychiatric or otherwise.

127 (3) The circuit court, by order of record, may allow the attorney a reasonable fee not to
128 exceed the amount allowed for attorneys in defense of needy persons as provided in §29-21-1 *et*
129 *seq.* of this code.

130 (j) Conduct of hearing; receipt of evidence; no evidentiary privilege; record of hearing. —

131 (1) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall hear evidence from all
132 interested parties in chamber, including testimony from representatives of the community mental
133 health facility.

134 (2) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall receive all relevant and material
135 evidence which may be offered.

136 (3) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner is bound by the rules of evidence
137 promulgated by the Supreme Court of Appeals except that statements made to health care
138 professionals appointed under subsection (g) of this section by the individual may be admitted into
139 evidence by the health care professional's testimony, notwithstanding failure to inform the
140 individual that this statement may be used against him or her. A health care professional testifying
141 shall bring all records pertaining to the individual to the hearing. The medical evidence obtained
142 pursuant to an examination under this section, or §27-5-2 or §27-5-3 of this code, is not privileged
143 information for purposes of a hearing pursuant to this section.

144 (4) All final commitment proceedings shall be reported or recorded, whether before the
145 circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner, and a transcript made available to the individual, his
146 or her counsel or the prosecuting attorney within 30 days if requested for the purpose of further
147 proceedings. In any case where an indigent person intends to pursue further proceedings, the
148 circuit court shall, by order entered of record, authorize, and direct the court reporter to furnish a
149 transcript of the hearings.

150 (k) *Requisite findings by the court.* —

151 (1) Upon completion of the final commitment hearing and the evidence presented in the
152 hearing, the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall make findings as to the following
153 based upon clear and convincing evidence:

154 (A) Whether the individual is mentally ill or has a substance use disorder;

155 (B) Whether, as a result of illness or substance use disorder, the individual is likely to cause
156 serious harm to self or others if allowed to remain at liberty and requires continued commitment
157 and treatment;

158 (C) Whether the individual is a resident of the county in which the hearing is held or
159 currently is a patient at a mental health facility in the county; and

160 (D) Whether there is a less restrictive alternative than commitment appropriate for the
161 individual that is appropriate and available. The burden of proof of the lack of a less restrictive

162 alternative than commitment is on the person or persons seeking the commitment of the individual:
163 *Provided*, That for any commitment to a state hospital as defined by §27-1-6 of this code, a specific
164 finding shall be made that the commitment of, or treatment for, the individual requires inpatient
165 hospital placement and that no suitable outpatient community-based treatment program exists
166 that is appropriate and available in the individual's area.

167 (2) The findings of fact shall be incorporated into the order entered by the circuit court and
168 must be based upon clear, cogent, and convincing proof.

169 (l) *Orders issued pursuant to final commitment hearing; entry of order; change in order of*
170 *court; expiration of order.* —

171 (1) Upon the requisite findings, the circuit court may order the individual to a mental health
172 facility or state hospital for a period not to exceed 90 days except as otherwise provided in this
173 subdivision. During that period and solely for individuals who are committed under §27-6A-1 *et*
174 *seq.* of this code, the chief medical officer of the mental health facility or state hospital shall
175 conduct a clinical assessment of the individual at least every 30 days to determine if the individual
176 requires continued placement and treatment at the mental health facility or state hospital and
177 whether the individual is suitable to receive any necessary treatment at an outpatient community-
178 based treatment program. If at any time the chief medical officer, acting in good faith and in a
179 manner consistent with the standard of care, determines that: (i) The individual is suitable for
180 receiving outpatient community-based treatment; (ii) necessary outpatient community-based
181 treatment is available in the individual's area as evidenced by a discharge and treatment plan
182 jointly developed by the Department of Health Facilities and the comprehensive community
183 mental health center or licensed behavioral health provider; and (iii) the individual's clinical
184 presentation no longer requires inpatient commitment, the chief medical officer shall provide
185 written notice to the court of record and prosecuting attorney as provided in subdivision (2) of this
186 section that the individual is suitable for discharge. The chief medical officer may discharge the
187 patient 30 days after the notice unless the court of record stays the discharge of the individual. In

188 the event the court stays the discharge of the individual, the court shall conduct a hearing within 45
189 days of the stay, and the individual shall be thereafter discharged unless the court finds by clear
190 and convincing evidence that the individual is a significant and present danger to self or others,
191 and that continued placement at the mental health facility or state hospital is required.

192 If the chief medical officer determines that the individual requires commitment and
193 treatment at the mental health facility or state hospital at any time for a period longer than 90 days,
194 then the individual shall remain at the mental health facility or state hospital until the chief medical
195 officer of the mental health facility or state hospital determines that the individual's clinical
196 presentation no longer requires further commitment and treatment. The chief medical officer shall
197 provide notice to the court, the prosecuting attorney, the individual, and the individual's guardian or
198 attorney, or both, if applicable, that the individual requires commitment and treatment for a period
199 in excess of 90 days and, in the notice, the chief medical officer shall describe how the individual
200 continues to meet commitment criteria and the need for ongoing commitment and treatment. The
201 court, prosecuting attorney, the individual, or the individual's guardian or attorney, or both, if
202 applicable, may request any information from the chief medical officer that the court or prosecuting
203 attorney considers appropriate to justify the need for the individual's ongoing commitment and
204 treatment. The court may hold any hearing that it considers appropriate.

205 (2) Notice to the court of record and prosecuting attorney shall be provided by personal
206 service or certified mail, return receipt requested. The chief medical officer shall make the
207 following findings:

208 (A) Whether the individual has a mental illness or substance use disorder that does not
209 require inpatient treatment, and the mental illness or serious emotional disturbance is in
210 substantial remission;

211 (B) Whether the individual has the independent ability to manage safely the risk factors
212 resulting from his or her mental illness or substance use disorder and is not likely to deteriorate to

213 the point that the individual will pose a likelihood of serious harm to self or others without continued
214 commitment and treatment;

215 (C) Whether the individual is likely to participate in outpatient treatment with a legal
216 obligation to do so;

217 (D) Whether the individual is not likely to participate in outpatient treatment unless legally
218 obligated to do so;

219 (E) Whether the individual is capable of surviving safely in freedom by himself or herself or
220 with the help of willing and responsible family members, guardian, or friends; and

221 (F) Whether mandatory outpatient treatment is a suitable, less restrictive alternative to
222 ongoing commitment.

223 (3) The individual may not be detained in a mental health facility or state hospital for a
224 period in excess of 10 days after a final commitment hearing pursuant to this section unless an
225 order has been entered and received by the facility.

226 (4) An individual committed pursuant to §27-6A-3 of this code may be committed for the
227 period he or she is determined by the court to remain an imminent danger to self or others.

228 (5) If the commitment of the individual as provided under subdivision (1) of this subsection
229 exceeds two years, the individual or his or her counsel may request a hearing and a hearing shall
230 be held by the mental hygiene commissioner or by the circuit court of the county as provided in
231 subsection (a) of this section.

232 (m) *Dismissal of proceedings.* — If the individual is discharged as provided in subsection (l)
233 of this section, the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall dismiss the proceedings.

234 (n) *Immediate notification of order of hospitalization.* — The clerk of the circuit court in
235 which an order directing hospitalization is entered, if not in the county of the individual's residence,
236 shall immediately upon entry of the order forward a certified copy of the order to the clerk of the
237 circuit court of the county of which the individual is a resident.

238 (o) *Consideration of transcript by circuit court of county of individual's residence; order of*
239 *hospitalization; execution of order.* —

240 (1) If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner is satisfied that hospitalization
241 should be ordered but finds that the individual is not a resident of the county in which the hearing is
242 held and the individual is not currently a resident of a mental health facility or state hospital, a
243 transcript of the evidence adduced at the final commitment hearing of the individual, certified by
244 the clerk of the circuit court, shall immediately be forwarded to the clerk of the circuit court of the
245 county of which the individual is a resident. The clerk shall immediately present the transcript to
246 the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner of the county.

247 (2) If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner of the county of the residence of the
248 individual is satisfied from the evidence contained in the transcript that the individual should be
249 hospitalized as determined by the standard set forth in subdivision one of this subsection, the
250 circuit court shall order the appropriate hospitalization as though the individual had been brought
251 before the circuit court or its mental hygiene commissioner in the first instance.

252 (3) This order shall be transmitted immediately to the clerk of the circuit court of the county
253 in which the hearing was held who shall execute the order promptly.

254 (p) *Order of custody to responsible person.* — In lieu of ordering the individual to a mental
255 health facility or state hospital, the circuit court may order the individual delivered to some
256 responsible person who will agree to take care of the individual and the circuit court may take from
257 the responsible person a bond in an amount to be determined by the circuit court with condition to
258 restrain and take proper care of the individual until further order of the court.

259 (q) *Individual not a resident of this state.* — If the individual is found to be mentally ill or to
260 have a substance use disorder by the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner is a resident of
261 another state, this information shall be immediately given to the Secretary of the ~~Department of~~
262 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities, or to his or her designee, who shall
263 make appropriate arrangements for transfer of the individual to the state of his or her residence

264 conditioned on the agreement of the individual, except as qualified by the interstate compact on
265 mental health.

266 (r) *Report to the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department*
267 *of Health Facilities*. —

268 (1) The chief medical officer of a mental health facility or state hospital admitting a patient
269 pursuant to proceedings under this section shall immediately make a report of the admission to the
270 Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health Facilities or to
271 his or her designee.

272 (2) Whenever an individual is released from custody due to the failure of an employee of a
273 mental health facility or state hospital to comply with the time requirements of this article, the chief
274 medical officer of the mental health or state hospital facility shall immediately, after the release of
275 the individual, make a report to the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
276 Department of Health Facilities or to his or her designee of the failure to comply.

277 (s) *Payment of some expenses by the state; mental hygiene fund established; expenses*
278 *paid by the county commission*. —

279 (1) The state shall pay the commissioner's fee and the court reporter fees that are not paid
280 and reimbursed under §29-21-1 *et seq.* of this code out of a special fund to be established within
281 the Supreme Court of Appeals to be known as the Mental Hygiene Fund.

282 (2) The county commission shall pay out of the county treasury all other expenses incurred
283 in the hearings conducted under the provisions of this article whether or not hospitalization is
284 ordered, including any fee allowed by the circuit court by order entered of record for any physician,
285 psychologist, and witness called by the indigent individual. The copying and mailing costs
286 associated with providing notice of the final commitment hearing and issuance of the final order
287 shall be paid by the county where the involuntary commitment petition was initially filed.

288 (3) Effective July 1, 2022, the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
289 Health Facilities shall reimburse the Sheriff, the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, or

290 other law enforcement agency for the actual costs related to transporting a patient who has been
291 involuntary committed.

§27-5-9. Rights of patients.

1 (a) No person may be deprived of any civil right solely by reason of his or her receipt of
2 services for mental illness, intellectual disability or addiction, nor does the receipt of the services
3 modify or vary any civil right of the person, including, but not limited to, civil service status and
4 appointment, the right to register for and to vote at elections, the right to acquire and to dispose of
5 property, the right to execute instruments or rights relating to the granting, forfeiture or denial of a
6 license, permit, privilege or benefit pursuant to any law, but a person who has been adjudged
7 incompetent pursuant to article eleven of this chapter and who has not been restored to legal
8 competency may be deprived of such rights. Involuntary commitment pursuant to this article does
9 not of itself relieve the patient of legal capacity.

10 (b) Each patient of a mental health facility receiving services from the facility shall receive
11 care and treatment that is suited to his or her needs and administered in a skillful, safe and
12 humane manner with full respect for his or her dignity and personal integrity.

13 (c) Every patient has the following rights regardless of adjudication of incompetency:

14 (1) Treatment by trained personnel;

15 (2) Careful and periodic psychiatric reevaluation no less frequently than once every three
16 months;

17 (3) Periodic physical examination by a physician no less frequently than once every six
18 months; and

19 (4) Treatment based on appropriate examination and diagnosis by a staff member
20 operating within the scope of his or her professional license.

21 (d) The chief medical officer shall cause to be developed within the clinical record of each
22 patient a written treatment plan based on initial medical and psychiatric examination not later than
23 seven days after he or she is admitted for treatment. The treatment plan shall be updated

24 periodically, consistent with reevaluation of the patient. Failure to accord the patient the requisite
25 periodic examinations or treatment plan and reevaluations entitles the patient to release.

26 (e) A clinical record shall be maintained at a mental health facility for each patient treated
27 by the facility. The record shall contain information on all matters relating to the admission, legal
28 status, care and treatment of the patient and shall include all pertinent documents relating to the
29 patient. Specifically, the record shall contain results of periodic examinations, individualized
30 treatment programs, evaluations and reevaluations, orders for treatment, orders for application for
31 mechanical restraint and accident reports, all signed by the personnel involved.

32 (f) Every patient, upon his or her admission to a hospital and at any other reasonable time,
33 shall be given a copy of the rights afforded by this section.

34 (g) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
35 Health Facilities shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of
36 article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to protect the personal rights of patients not
37 inconsistent with this section.

**§27-5-11. Modified procedures for temporary compliance orders for certain medication
dependent persons with prior hospitalizations or convictions; instituting modified
mental hygiene procedures; establishing procedures; providing for forms and
reports.**

1 (a) The Supreme Court of Appeals shall, in consultation with the ~~Secretary~~ Secretaries of
2 the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and Department
3 of Health Facilities and local mental health services consumers and providers, implement
4 throughout the state modified mental hygiene procedures that are consistent with the
5 requirements set forth in this section. The judicial circuits selected for implementing the modified
6 procedures shall be circuits in which the Supreme Court of Appeals determines, after consultation
7 with the ~~Secretary~~ Secretaries of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
8 Human Services and Department of Health Facilities and local mental health consumers and

9 service providers, that adequate resources will be available to implement the modified
10 procedures. After July 1, 2012, the Supreme Court of Appeals and the Secretary of the ~~Secretary~~
11 ~~Secretaries~~ of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services
12 and Department of Health Facilities in consultation with local mental health consumers and
13 providers may add programs for modified mental hygiene procedures in any judicial circuit that
14 establishes a need for the same.

15 (b) The ~~Secretary~~ Secretaries of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
16 Department of Human Services and Department of Health Facilities, after consultation with the
17 Supreme Court of Appeals and local mental health services consumers and service providers,
18 shall prescribe appropriate forms to implement the modified procedures and shall annually
19 prepare reports on the efficacy of the modified procedures and transmit the report to the
20 Legislature on or before the first day of the 2013 and 2014 regular sessions of the Legislature.

21 (c) The Supreme Court of Appeals may, after consultation with the ~~Secretary~~ Secretaries of
22 the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and Department
23 of Health Facilities and local mental health services consumers and providers further modify any
24 specific modified procedures that are implemented pursuant to this section. The modified
25 procedures must be consistent with the requirements of this chapter and this section. If the
26 ~~Secretary~~ Secretaries of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
27 Services and Department of Health Facilities determines that the use of any modified procedure in
28 one or more judicial circuits is placing an unacceptable additional burden upon state mental health
29 resources, the Supreme Court of Appeals shall, in consultation with the secretary, modify the
30 procedures used in such a fashion as will address the concerns of the secretary, consistent with
31 the requirements of this chapter. The provisions of this section and the modified procedures
32 thereby authorized shall cease to have any force and effect on June 30, 2014, unless extended by
33 an act of the Legislature prior to that date.

34 (1) The modified procedures shall authorize that a verified petition seeking a treatment
35 compliance order may be filed by any person alleging:

36 (A) That an individual, on two or more occasions within a twenty-four month period prior to
37 the filing of the petition, as a result of mental illness or addiction or both, has been hospitalized
38 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; or that the individual has been convicted of one or more
39 crimes of violence against the person within a twenty-four month period prior to the filing of the
40 petition and the individual's failure to take prescribed medication or follow another prescribed
41 regimen to treat a mental illness or addiction or both was a significant aggravating or contributing
42 factor in the circumstances surrounding the crime;

43 (B) That the individual's previous hospitalizations due to mental illness or addiction or both
44 or the individual's crime of violence occurred after or as a result of the individual's failure to take
45 medication or other treatment as prescribed by a physician to treat the individual's mental illness
46 or addiction or both; and

47 (C) That the individual, in the absence of a court order requiring him or her to take
48 medication or other treatment as prescribed, is unlikely to do so and that his or her failure to take
49 medication or follow other regimen or treatment as prescribed is likely to lead to further instances
50 in the reasonably near future in which the individual becomes likely to cause serious harm or
51 commit a crime of violence against the person.

52 (2) Upon the filing of a petition seeking a treatment compliance order and the petition's
53 review by a circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner, counsel shall be appointed for the
54 individual if the individual does not already have counsel and a copy of the petition and all
55 supporting evidence shall be furnished to the individual and their counsel. If the circuit judge or
56 mental hygiene commissioner determines on the basis of the petition that it is necessary to protect
57 the individual or to secure their examination, a detention order may be entered ordering that the
58 individual be taken into custody and examined by a psychiatrist or licensed psychologist. A
59 hearing on the allegations in the petition, which may be combined with a hearing on a probable

60 cause petition conducted pursuant to the provisions of section two of this article or a final
61 commitment hearing conducted pursuant to the provisions of section four of this article, shall be
62 held before a circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner. If the individual is taken into custody
63 and remains in custody as a result of a detention order, the hearing shall be held within forty-eight
64 hours of the time that the individual is taken into custody.

65 (3) If the allegations in the petition seeking a treatment compliance order are proved by the
66 evidence adduced at the hearing, which must include expert testimony by a psychiatrist or
67 licensed psychologist, the circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner may enter a treatment
68 compliance order for a period not to exceed six months upon making the following findings:

69 (A) That the individual is eighteen years of age or older;

70 (B) That on two or more occasions within a twenty-four month period prior to the filing of the
71 petition an individual, as a result of mental illness, has been hospitalized pursuant to the provisions
72 of this chapter; or that on at least one occasion within a twenty-four month period prior to the filing
73 of the petition has been convicted of a crime of violence against any person;

74 (C) That the individual's previous hospitalizations due to mental illness or addiction or both
75 occurred as a result of the individual's failure to take prescribed medication or follow a regimen or
76 course of treatment as prescribed by a physician or psychiatrist to treat the individual's mental
77 illness or addiction; or that the individual has been convicted for crimes of violence against any
78 person and the individual's failure to take medication or follow a prescribed regimen or course of
79 treatment of the individual's mental illness or addiction or both was a significant aggravating or
80 contributing factor in the commission of the crime;

81 (D) That a psychiatrist or licensed psychologist who has personally examined the
82 individual within the preceding twenty-four months has issued a written opinion that the individual,
83 without the aid of the medication or other prescribed treatment, is likely to cause serious harm to
84 himself or herself or to others;

85 (E) That the individual, in the absence of a court order requiring him or her to take
86 medication or other treatment as prescribed, is unlikely to do so and that his or her failure to take
87 medication or other treatment as prescribed is likely to lead to further instances in the reasonably
88 near future in which the individual becomes likely to cause serious harm or commit a crime of
89 violence against any person;

90 (F) That, where necessary, a responsible entity or individual is available to assist and
91 monitor the individual's compliance with an order requiring the individual to take the medication or
92 follow other prescribed regimen or course of treatment;

93 (G) That the individual can obtain and take the prescribed medication or follow other
94 prescribed regimen or course of treatment without undue financial or other hardship; and

95 (H) That, if necessary, a medical provider is available to assess the individual within forty-
96 eight hours of the entry of the treatment compliance order.

97 (4) The order may require an individual to take medication and treatment as prescribed and
98 if appropriate to attend scheduled medication and treatment-related appointments: *Provided*, That
99 a treatment compliance order shall be subject to termination or modification by a circuit judge or
100 mental hygiene commissioner if a petition is filed seeking termination or modification of the order
101 and it is shown in a hearing on the petition that there has been a material change in the
102 circumstances that led to the entry of the original order that justifies the order's modification or
103 termination: *Provided, however*, That a treatment compliance order may be extended by a circuit
104 judge or mental hygiene commissioner for additional periods of time not to exceed six months,
105 upon the filing of a petition seeking an extension and after a hearing on the petition or upon the
106 agreement of the individual.

107 (5) After the entry of a treatment compliance order in accordance with the provisions of
108 subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection if a verified petition is filed alleging that an individual has
109 not complied with the terms of a medication and treatment compliance order and if a circuit judge
110 or mental hygiene commissioner determines from the petition and any supporting evidence that

111 there is probable cause to believe that the allegations in the petition are true, counsel shall be
112 appointed for the individual and a copy of the petition and all supporting evidence shall be
113 furnished to the individual and his or her counsel. If the circuit judge or mental hygiene
114 commissioner considers it necessary to protect the individual or to secure his or her examination,
115 a detention order may be entered to require that the individual be examined by a psychiatrist or
116 psychologist. (A) A hearing on the allegations in the petition, which may be combined with a
117 hearing on a probable cause petition conducted pursuant to section two of this article or a final
118 commitment hearing conducted pursuant to section four of this article, shall be held before a circuit
119 judge or mental hygiene commissioner. If the individual is taken and remains in custody as a result
120 of a detention order, the hearing shall be held within forty-eight hours of the time that the individual
121 is taken into custody.

122 (B) At a hearing on any petition filed pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this
123 subdivision, the circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner shall determine whether the
124 individual has complied with the terms of the medication and treatment compliance order. If the
125 individual has complied with the order, the petition shall be dismissed. If the evidence presented to
126 the circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner shows that the individual has complied with the
127 terms of the existing order, but the individual's prescribed medication, dosage or course of
128 treatment needs to be modified, then the newly modified medication and treatment prescribed by a
129 psychiatrist who personally examined the individual may be properly incorporated into a modified
130 order. If the order has not been complied with, the circuit judge or mental hygiene commissioner,
131 after inquiring into the reasons for noncompliance and whether any aspects of the order should be
132 modified, may continue the individual upon the terms of the original order and direct the individual
133 to comply with the order or may modify the order in light of the evidence presented at the hearing. If
134 the evidence shows that the individual at the time of the hearing is likely to cause serious harm to
135 himself or herself, herself or others as a result of the individual's mental illness, the circuit judge or
136 mental hygiene commissioner may convert the proceeding into a probable cause proceeding and

137 enter a probable cause order directing the involuntary admission of the individual to a mental
138 health facility for examination and treatment. Any procedures conducted pursuant to this
139 subsection must comply with and satisfy all applicable due process and hearing requirements of
140 sections two and three of this article.

141 (d) The modified procedures may authorize that upon the certification of a qualified mental
142 health professional, as described in subsection (e) of this section, that there is probable cause to
143 believe that an individual who has been hospitalized two or more times in the previous twenty-four
144 months because of mental illness is likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself, herself or to
145 others as a result of the mental illness if not immediately restrained and that the best interests of
146 the individual would be served by immediate hospitalization, a circuit judge, mental hygiene
147 commissioner or designated magistrate may enter a temporary probable cause order directing the
148 involuntary hospitalization of the individual at a mental health facility for immediate examination
149 and treatment.

150 (e) The modified procedures may authorize the chief judge of a judicial circuit, or circuit
151 judge if there is no chief judge, to enter orders authorizing specific psychiatrists or licensed
152 psychologists, whose qualifications and training have been reviewed and approved by the
153 Supreme Court of Appeals, to issue certifications that authorize and direct the involuntary
154 admission of an individual subject to the provisions of this section on a temporary probable cause
155 basis to a mental health facility for examination and treatment. The authorized psychiatrist or
156 licensed psychologist must conclude and certify based on personal observation prior to
157 certification that the individual is mentally ill and, because of such mental illness or addiction or
158 both, is imminently likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself or to others if not immediately
159 restrained and promotion of the best interests of the individual requires immediate hospitalization.
160 Immediately upon certification, the psychiatrist or licensed psychologist shall provide notice of the
161 certification to a circuit judge, mental hygiene commissioner or designated magistrate in the
162 county where the individual resides.

163 (f) No involuntary hospitalization pursuant to a temporary probable cause determination
164 issued pursuant to the provisions of this section shall continue in effect for more than forty-eight
165 hours without the filing of a petition for involuntary hospitalization and the occurrence of a probable
166 cause hearing before a circuit judge, mental hygiene commissioner or designated magistrate. If at
167 any time the chief medical officer of the mental health facility to which the individual is admitted
168 determines that the individual is not likely to cause serious harm as a result of mental illness or
169 addiction or both, the chief medical officer shall discharge the individual and immediately forward a
170 copy of the individual's discharge to the circuit judge, mental hygiene commissioner or designated
171 magistrate.

**ARTICLE 6A. COMPETENCY AND CRIMINAL RESPONSIBILITY OF PERSONS
CHARGED OR CONVICTED OF A CRIME.**

**§27-6A-1. Qualified forensic evaluator; qualified forensic psychiatrist; qualified forensic
psychologist; definitions and requirements.**

1 (a) For purposes of this article:

2 (1) "Competency restoration" means the treatment or education process for attempting to
3 restore a criminal defendant's ability to consult with his or her attorney with a reasonable degree of
4 rational understanding, including a rational and factual understanding of the court proceedings
5 and charges against the person. Competency restoration services may be provided in a jail-
6 based, outpatient, or inpatient setting as may be ordered by the court.

7 (2) "Competency to stand trial" means the ability of a criminal defendant to consult with his
8 or her attorney with a reasonable degree of rational understanding, including a rational and factual
9 understanding of the procedure and charges against him or her.

10 (3) "Court" or "court of record" means the circuit court with jurisdiction over the charge or
11 charges against the defendant or acquittee.

12 (4) "Department" means the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
13 Health Facilities.

14 (5) A "qualified forensic evaluator" is either a qualified forensic psychiatrist or a qualified
15 forensic psychologist as defined in this section.

16 (6) A "qualified forensic psychiatrist" is:

17 (A) A psychiatrist licensed under the laws in this state to practice medicine who has
18 completed post-graduate education in psychiatry in a program accredited by the Accreditation
19 Council of Graduate Medical Education; and

20 (B) Board-eligible or board-certified in forensic psychiatry by the American Board of
21 Psychiatry and Neurology or actively enrolled in good standing in a West Virginia training program
22 accredited by the Accreditation Council of Graduate Medical Education to make the evaluator
23 eligible for board certification by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology in forensic
24 psychiatry or has two years of experience in completing court-ordered forensic criminal
25 evaluations, including having been qualified as an expert witness by a West Virginia circuit court.

26 (7) A "qualified forensic psychologist" is:

27 (A) A licensed psychologist licensed under the laws of this state to practice psychology;
28 and

29 (B) Board-eligible or board-certified in forensic psychology by the American Board of
30 Professional Psychology or actively enrolled in good standing in a West Virginia training program
31 approved by the American Board of Forensic Psychology to make the evaluator eligible for board
32 certification in forensic psychology or has at least two years of experience in performing court-
33 ordered forensic criminal evaluations, including having been qualified as an expert witness by a
34 West Virginia circuit court.

35 (b) (A) qualified forensic evaluator may not perform a forensic evaluation on an individual
36 under §27-1-1 *et seq.* of this code if the qualified forensic evaluator has been the individual's
37 treating psychologist or psychiatrist within one year prior to any evaluation order.

§27-6A-12. Development of a strategic plan for a Sequential Intercept Model to divert adults and juveniles with mental illness, developmental disabilities, cognitive disabilities, and substance use disorders away from the criminal justice system into treatment and to promote continuity of care and interventions; directing submission of a report to the Legislature.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that the state's adult and juvenile forensic patient populations
2 continue to increase and that the placement of forensic patients at state health care facilities,
3 diversion facilities, group homes, transitional living facilities, in the community, and other settings
4 continues to rapidly escalate. The Legislature further finds that persons with mental illness,
5 developmental disabilities, cognitive disabilities, and/or substance use disorder may be
6 overrepresented in the criminal justice system, and many of these people might not present a
7 danger to the public if they could participate in a functioning community behavioral health
8 continuum of care. The Legislature further finds that the increasing adult and juvenile forensic
9 patient populations, the placement and treatment of adult and juvenile forensic patients, and the
10 release of persons with mental illness, developmental disabilities, and other disabilities creates
11 significant clinical, public safety, staffing, and fiscal needs and burdens for the judiciary, law
12 enforcement, state health care facilities, correctional facilities, behavioral health professionals,
13 hospitals, and the public. The Legislature further finds that there is a need for improved
14 coordination among the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
15 Services, the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation, and the Division of Rehabilitation
16 Services to promote the identification, safe discharge, and effective community intervention and
17 placement of persons who suffer from mental illness, a developmental disability, a cognitive
18 disability, and/or substance use disorder. The Legislature further finds that there is a need to
19 develop functional standards and protocols for the identification, management, qualified
20 assessment, and treatment of adult and juvenile forensic patients.

21 (b) The Chairman of the Dangerousness Assessment Advisory Board (DAAB) shall
22 convene a multi-disciplinary study group of the following persons:

- 23 (1) The Statewide Forensic Clinical Director;
- 24 (2) The Statewide Forensic Coordinator;
- 25 (3) The two forensic psychiatrists who are members of the board;
- 26 (4) The two psychologists who are members of the board;
- 27 (5) The Director of the Office of Drug Control Policy;
- 28 (6) A designee of the Supreme Court of Appeals;
- 29 (7) A designee of the Bureau of Children and Families with experience in juvenile forensic
30 matters;
- 31 (8) A designee of the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation;
- 32 (9) A designee of the Division of Rehabilitation Services;
- 33 (10) A designee of the Prosecuting Attorneys Institute;
- 34 (11) A designee of the Public Defender Services;
- 35 (12) A designee of the West Virginia Behavioral Healthcare Providers Association who is a
36 licensed clinician with forensic patient experience;
- 37 (13) A designee of the West Virginia Hospital Association;
- 38 (14) A designee of the West Virginia Housing Development Fund;
- 39 (15) A designee of Disability Rights of West Virginia;
- 40 (16) A designee of the West Virginia Sheriff's Association;
- 41 (17) A designee of the Juvenile Justice Commission; and
- 42 (18) A designee of the West Virginia University Center for Excellence in Disabilities.

43 (c) The purpose of the multi-disciplinary study group is to provide opinion, guidance, and
44 informed objective expertise to the Legislature regarding each of the following areas:

- 45 (1) The development and implementation of a Sequential Intercept Model to divert adults
46 and juveniles with mental illness, developmental disabilities, cognitive disabilities, and/or

47 substance use disorders away from the criminal justice system and into community-based
48 treatment or other settings where appropriate;

49 (2) The review and recommendation of standards and protocols for the evaluation,
50 treatment, management, and stabilization of adult and juvenile forensic patients;

51 (3) A recommendation regarding standards and protocols to promote continuity of care
52 and interventions for adult and juvenile forensic patients and inmates released from correctional
53 facilities;

54 (4) The recommendation of a model to coordinate services and interventions among the
55 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, the Division of
56 Corrections and Rehabilitation, the Division of Rehabilitation Services, behavioral healthcare
57 providers, law enforcement, and the court system to facilitate the appropriate diversion,
58 identification, evaluation, assessment, management, and placement of adults and juveniles who
59 suffer from mental illness, a development disability, a cognitive disability, and/or substance use
60 disorder to ensure public safety and the effective clinical management of such persons;

61 (5) The identification of potential funding sources and the scope of resources needed for
62 the implementation of the study group's recommendations; and

63 (6) Any other issues related to addressing the Legislature's findings.

64 (d) The provisions of §6-9A-1 *et seq.* and §29B-1-1 *et seq.* of this code are inapplicable to
65 the operation of the study group.

66 (e) The written recommendations of the study group shall be submitted to the President of
67 the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Delegates on or before November 30, 2023.

68 (f) Each member of the multi-disciplinary study group whose regular salary is not paid by
69 the State of West Virginia shall be paid the same compensation and expense reimbursement that
70 is paid to members of the Legislature for their interim duties as recommended by the Citizens
71 Legislative Compensation Commission and authorized by law for each day or portion thereof
72 engaged in the discharge of official duties. Reimbursement for expenses shall not be made,

73 except upon an itemized account, properly certified by the members of the study group. All
74 reimbursement for expenses shall be paid out of the State Treasury upon a requisition upon the
75 State Auditor.

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 12. STATE INSURANCE.

§29-12-5. Powers and duties of board.

1 (a)(1) The board has, without limitation and in its discretion as it seems necessary for the
2 benefit of the insurance program, general supervision and control over the insurance of state
3 property, activities and responsibilities, including:

4 (A) The acquisition and cancellation of state insurance;

5 (B) Determination of the kind or kinds of coverage;

6 (C) Determination of the amount or limits for each kind of coverage;

7 (D) Determination of the conditions, limitations, exclusions, endorsements, amendments
8 and deductible forms of insurance coverage;

9 (E) Inspections or examinations relating to insurance coverage of state property, activities
10 and responsibilities;

11 (F) Reinsurance; and

12 (G) Any and all matters, factors and considerations entering into negotiations for
13 advantageous rates on and coverage of such state property, activities and responsibilities.

14 (2) The board shall endeavor to secure reasonably broad protection against loss, damage
15 or liability to state property and on account of state activities and responsibilities by proper,
16 adequate, available and affordable insurance coverage and through the introduction and
17 employment of sound and accepted principles of insurance, methods of protection and principles
18 of loss control and risk.

19 (3) The board is not required to provide insurance for every state property, activity or
20 responsibility.

21 (4) Any policy of insurance purchased or contracted for by the board shall provide that the
22 insurer shall be barred and estopped from relying upon the Constitutional immunity of the State of
23 West Virginia against claims or suits: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall bar a state agency or
24 state instrumentality from relying on the Constitutional immunity granted the State of West Virginia
25 against claims or suits arising from or out of any state property, activity or responsibility not
26 covered by a policy or policies of insurance: *Provided, however*, That nothing herein shall bar the
27 insurer of political subdivisions from relying upon any statutory immunity granted such political
28 subdivisions against claims or suits.

29 (5) The board shall make a complete survey of all presently owned and subsequently
30 acquired state property subject to insurance coverage by any form of insurance, which survey
31 shall include and reflect inspections, appraisals, exposures, fire hazards, construction and any
32 other objectives or factors affecting or which might affect the insurance protection and coverage
33 required.

34 (6) The board shall keep itself currently informed on new and continuing state activities and
35 responsibilities within the insurance coverage herein contemplated. The board shall work closely
36 in cooperation with the state Fire Marshal's office in applying the rules of that office insofar as the
37 appropriations and other factors peculiar to state property will permit.

38 (7) The board may negotiate and effect settlement of any and all insurance claims arising
39 on or incident to losses of and damages to covered state properties, activities and responsibilities
40 hereunder and shall have authority to execute and deliver proper releases of all such claims when
41 settled. The board may adopt rules and procedures for handling, negotiating and settlement of all
42 such claims. Any discussion or consideration of the financial or personal information of an insured
43 may be held by the board in executive session closed to the public, notwithstanding the provisions
44 of article nine-a, chapter six of this code.

45 (8) The board may employ an executive director and such other employees, including legal
46 counsel, as may be necessary to carry out its duties. The executive director shall receive an
47 annual salary as provided in section two-a, article seven, chapter six of this code. The legal
48 counsel may represent the board before any judicial or administrative tribunal and perform such
49 other duties as may be requested by the board.

50 (9) The board may enter into any contracts necessary to the execution of the powers
51 granted to it by this article or to further the intent of this article.

52 (10) The board may make rules governing its functions and operations and the
53 procurement of state insurance. Except where otherwise provided by statute, rules of the board
54 are subject to the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

55 (11) The funds received by the board, including, but not limited to, state agency premiums,
56 mine subsidence premiums and political subdivision premiums, shall be deposited with the West
57 Virginia Investment Management Board with the interest income and returns on investment a
58 proper credit to such property insurance trust fund or liability insurance trust fund as applicable.

59 (b) (1) *Definitions.* — The following words and phrases when used in this subsection, for
60 the purposes of this subsection, have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this
61 subsection;

62 (A) "Political subdivision" has the same meaning as in section three, article twelve-a of this
63 chapter;

64 (B) "Charitable" or "public service organization" means any hospital in this state which has
65 been certified as a critical access hospital by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid upon
66 the designation of the state Office of Rural Health Policy, the Office of Community and Rural
67 Health Services, the Bureau for Public Health or the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
68 Department of Health and any bona fide, not-for-profit, tax-exempt, benevolent, educational,
69 philanthropic, humane, patriotic, civic, religious, eleemosynary, incorporated or unincorporated
70 association or organization or a rescue unit or other similar volunteer community service

71 organization or association, but does not include any nonprofit association or organization,
72 whether incorporated or not, which is organized primarily for the purposes of influencing legislation
73 or supporting or promoting the campaign of any candidate for public office; and

74 (C) "Emergency medical service agency" has the same meaning as in §16-4C-3 of this
75 code.

76 (2) If requested by a political subdivision, a charitable or public service organization or an
77 emergency medical services agency, the board may, but is not required to, provide property and
78 liability insurance to insure the property, activities and responsibilities of the political subdivision,
79 charitable or public service organization or emergency medical services agency. The board may
80 enter into any contract necessary to the execution of the powers granted by this article or to further
81 the intent of this article.

82 (A) Property insurance provided by the board pursuant to this subsection may also include
83 insurance on property leased to or loaned to the political subdivision, a charitable or public service
84 organization or an emergency medical services agency which is required to be insured under a
85 written agreement.

86 (B) The cost of insurance, as determined by the board, shall be paid by the political
87 subdivision, the charitable or public service organization or the emergency medical services
88 agency and may include administrative expenses. For purposes of this section, if an emergency
89 medical services agency is a for-profit entity, its claims history may not adversely affect other
90 participants' rates in the same class.

91 (c)(1) The board has general supervision and control over the optional medical liability
92 insurance programs providing coverage to health care providers as authorized by the provisions of
93 article twelve-b of this chapter. The board is hereby granted and may exercise all powers
94 necessary or appropriate to carry out and effectuate the purposes of this article.

95 (2) The board shall:

96 (A) Administer the preferred medical liability program and the high risk medical liability
97 program and exercise and perform other powers, duties and functions specified in this article;

98 (B) Obtain and implement, at least annually, from an independent outside source, such as
99 a medical liability actuary or a rating organization experienced with the medical liability line of
100 insurance, written rating plans for the preferred medical liability program and high-risk medical
101 liability program on which premiums shall be based;

102 (C) Prepare and annually review written underwriting criteria for the preferred medical
103 liability program and the high-risk medical liability program. The board may utilize review panels,
104 including, but not limited to, the same specialty review panels to assist in establishing criteria;

105 (D) Prepare and publish, before each regular session of the Legislature, separate
106 summaries for the preferred medical liability program and high-risk medical liability program
107 activity during the preceding fiscal year, each summary to be included in the board of Risk and
108 Insurance Management audited financial statements as "other financial information" and which
109 shall include a balance sheet, income statement and cash flow statement, an actuarial opinion
110 addressing adequacy of reserves, the highest and lowest premiums assessed, the number of
111 claims filed with the program by provider type, the number of judgments and amounts paid from
112 the program, the number of settlements and amounts paid from the program and the number of
113 dismissals without payment;

114 (E) Determine and annually review the claims history debit or surcharge for the high-risk
115 medical liability program;

116 (F) Determine and annually review the criteria for transfer from the preferred medical
117 liability program to the high-risk medical liability program;

118 (G) Determine and annually review the role of independent agents, the amount of
119 commission, if any, to be paid therefor and agent appointment criteria;

120 (H) Study and annually evaluate the operation of the preferred medical liability program
121 and the high-risk medical liability program and make recommendations to the Legislature, as may

122 be appropriate, to ensure their viability, including, but not limited to, recommendations for civil
123 justice reform with an associated cost-benefit analysis, recommendations on the feasibility and
124 desirability of a plan which would require all health care providers in the state to participate with an
125 associated cost-benefit analysis, recommendations on additional funding of other state-run
126 insurance plans with an associated cost-benefit analysis and recommendations on the desirability
127 of ceasing to offer a state plan with an associated analysis of a potential transfer to the private
128 sector with a cost-benefit analysis, including impact on premiums;

129 (l) Establish a five-year financial plan to ensure an adequate premium base to cover the
130 long-tail nature of the claims-made coverage provided by the preferred medical liability program
131 and the high-risk medical liability program. The plan shall be designed to meet the program's
132 estimated total financial requirements, taking into account all revenues projected to be made
133 available to the program and apportioning necessary costs equitably among participating classes
134 of health care providers. For these purposes, the board shall:

135 (i) Retain the services of an impartial, professional actuary, with demonstrated experience
136 in analysis of large group malpractice plans, to estimate the total financial requirements of the
137 program for each fiscal year and to review and render written professional opinions as to financial
138 plans proposed by the board. The actuary shall also assist in the development of alternative
139 financing options and perform any other services requested by the board or the executive director.
140 All reasonable fees and expenses for actuarial services shall be paid by the board. Any financial
141 plan or modifications to a financial plan approved or proposed by the board pursuant to this section
142 shall be submitted to and reviewed by the actuary and may not be finally approved and submitted
143 to the Governor and to the Legislature without the actuary's written professional opinion that the
144 plan may be reasonably expected to generate sufficient revenues to meet all estimated program
145 and administrative costs, including incurred but not reported claims, for the fiscal year for which
146 the plan is proposed. The actuary's opinion for any fiscal year shall include a requirement for
147 establishment of a reserve fund;

148 (ii) Submit its final, approved five-year financial plan, after obtaining the necessary
149 actuary's opinion, to the Governor and to the Legislature no later than January 1, preceding the
150 fiscal year. The financial plan for a fiscal year becomes effective and shall be implemented by the
151 executive director on July 1, of the fiscal year. In addition to each final, approved financial plan
152 required under this section, the board shall also simultaneously submit an audited financial
153 statement based on generally accepted accounting practices (GAAP) and which shall include
154 allowances for incurred but not reported claims: *Provided*, That the financial statement and the
155 accrual-based financial plan restatement shall not affect the approved financial plan. The
156 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall not apply to the preparation, approval and
157 implementation of the financial plans required by this section;

158 (iii) Submit to the Governor and the Legislature a prospective five-year financial plan
159 beginning on January 1, 2003, and every year thereafter, for the programs established by the
160 provisions of article twelve-b of this chapter. Factors that the board shall consider include, but shall
161 not be limited to, the trends for the program and the industry; claims history, number and category
162 of participants in each program; settlements and claims payments; and judicial results;

163 (iv) Obtain annually certification from participants that they have made a diligent search for
164 comparable coverage in the voluntary insurance market and have been unable to obtain the same;

165 (J) Meet on at least a quarterly basis to review implementation of its current financial plan
166 in light of the actual experience of the medical liability programs established in article twelve-b of
167 this chapter. The board shall review actual costs incurred, any revised cost estimates provided by
168 the actuary, expenditures and any other factors affecting the fiscal stability of the plan and may
169 make any additional modifications to the plan necessary to ensure that the total financial
170 requirements of these programs for the current fiscal year are met;

171 (K) To analyze the benefit of and necessity for excess verdict liability coverage;

172 (L) Consider purchasing reinsurance, in the amounts as it may, from time to time,
173 determine is appropriate, and the cost thereof shall be considered to be an operating expense of
174 the board;

175 (M) Make available to participants optional extended reporting coverage or tail coverage:
176 *Provided, That*, at least five working days prior to offering such coverage to a participant or
177 participants, the board shall notify the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
178 Delegates in writing of its intention to do so and such notice shall include the terms and conditions
179 of the coverage proposed;

180 (N) Review and approve, reject or modify rules that are proposed by the executive director
181 to implement, clarify or explain administration of the preferred medical liability program and the
182 high-risk medical liability program. Notwithstanding any provisions in this code to the contrary,
183 rules promulgated pursuant to this paragraph are not subject to the provisions of sections nine
184 through sixteen, inclusive, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The board shall comply
185 with the remaining provisions of article three and shall hold hearings or receive public comments
186 before promulgating any proposed rule filed with the Secretary of State: *Provided, That* the initial
187 rules proposed by the executive director and promulgated by the board shall become effective
188 upon approval by the board notwithstanding any provision of this code;

189 (O) Enter into settlements and structured settlement agreements whenever appropriate.
190 The policy may not require as a condition precedent to settlement or compromise of any claim the
191 consent or acquiescence of the policyholder. The board may own or assign any annuity purchased
192 by the board to a company licensed to do business in the state;

193 (P) Refuse to provide insurance coverage for individual physicians whose prior loss
194 experience or current professional training and capability are such that the physician represents
195 an unacceptable risk of loss if coverage is provided;

196 (Q) Terminate coverage for nonpayment of premiums upon written notice of the
197 termination forwarded to the health care provider not less than thirty days prior to termination of
198 coverage;

199 (R) Assign coverage or transfer insurance obligations and/or risks of existing or in-force
200 contracts of insurance to a third-party medical professional liability insurance carrier with the
201 comparable coverage conditions as determined by the board. Any transfer of obligation or risk
202 shall effect a novation of the transferred contract of insurance and if the terms of the assumption
203 reinsurance agreement extinguish all liability of the board and the State of West Virginia, such
204 extinguishment shall be absolute as to any and all parties; and

205 (S) Meet and consult with and consider recommendations from the Medical Malpractice
206 Advisory Panel established by the provisions of article twelve-b of this chapter.

207 (d) If, after September 1, 2002, the board has assigned coverages or transferred all
208 insurance obligations and/or risks of existing or in-force contracts of insurance to a third-party
209 medical professional liability insurance carrier, and the board otherwise has no covered
210 participants, then the board shall not thereafter offer or provide professional liability insurance to
211 any health care provider pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section or the
212 provisions of article twelve-b of this chapter unless the Legislature adopts a concurrent resolution
213 authorizing the board to reestablish medical liability insurance programs.

ARTICLE 15. STATE COMMISSION ON INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY.

§29-15-1. Creation and composition.

1 There is created the State Commission on Intellectual Disability hereinafter referred to as
2 the commission.

3 Pursuant to §5F-2-1(g) of this code, the commission created by this section is now
4 incorporated into and administered as part of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
5 Department of Human Services. All references to the commission in this article shall be construed
6 to mean the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

§29-15-5. Purposes.

1 The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
2 take action to carry out the following purposes:

3 (a) Plan for and take other steps leading to comprehensive state and community action to
4 combat intellectual disability.

5 (b) Determine what action is needed to combat intellectual disability in the state and the
6 resources available for this purpose.

7 (c) Develop public awareness of the intellectual disability problem and of the need for
8 combating it.

9 (d) Coordinate state and local activities relating to the various aspects of intellectual
10 disability and its prevention, treatment, or amelioration.

11 (e) Consult with and advise the Governor and Legislature on all aspects of intellectual
12 disability.

13 (f) Consult with and advise state agencies, boards or departments with intellectual
14 disability responsibilities relative to the effective discharge of such responsibilities.

§29-15-6. State agency for federal intellectual disability program.

1 The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services is
2 designated and established as the sole state agency for receiving appropriations under and
3 carrying out the purposes of section five of Public Law 88-156, eighty-eighth Congress approved
4 October 24, 1963, and any law amending, revising, supplementing or superseding section five of
5 said Public Law 88-156.

6 The department constitutes the designated state agency for handling all programs of the
7 federal government relating to intellectual disability requiring action within the state which are not
8 the specific responsibility of another state agency under the provisions of federal law, rules or
9 regulations, or which have not been specifically entrusted to another state agency by the
10 Legislature.

ARTICLE 20. WOMEN'S COMMISSION.

§29-20-1. Membership; appointment and terms of members; organization; reimbursement for expenses.

1 ~~The West Virginia commission on the status of women is hereby abolished,~~ and There is
2 hereby continued within the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
3 Services the West Virginia Women's Commission, to consist of eighteen members, seven of
4 whom shall be ex officio members, not entitled to vote: The Attorney General, the state
5 Superintendent of Schools, the commissioner of labor, the commissioner of the bureau of human
6 resources of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services,
7 the director of the Human Rights Commission, the director of the Division of Personnel and the
8 chancellor of the board of directors of the state college system. Each ex officio member may
9 designate one representative employed by his or her department to meet with the commission in
10 his or her absence. The Governor shall appoint the additional eleven members, by and with the
11 advice and consent of the Senate, from among the citizens of the state. The Governor shall
12 designate the chairman and vice chairman of the commission and the commission may elect such
13 other officers as it deems necessary. The members shall serve a term beginning July 1, 1977,
14 three to serve for a term of one year, four to serve for a term of two years and the remaining four to
15 serve for a term of three years. The successors of the members initially appointed as provided
16 herein shall be appointed for a term of three years each in the same manner as the members
17 initially appointed under this article, except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring
18 prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her predecessor was appointed shall be
19 appointed for the remainder of such term. Each member shall serve until the appointment and
20 qualification of his or her successor.

21 No member may receive any salary for his or her services, but each may be reimbursed for
22 actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his or her duties out of funds
23 received by the commission under section four of this article, except that in the event the expenses

24 are paid, or are to be paid, by a third party, the members shall not be reimbursed by the
25 commission.

§29-20-2. Powers and duties of commission.

1 It is the duty of the commission:

2 (a) To review and study the status of women in this state;

3 (b) To recommend methods of overcoming discrimination against women in public and
4 private employment and in the exercise of their civil and political rights;

5 (c) To promote more effective methods for enabling women to develop their skills, to
6 continue their education and to be retrained;

7 (d) To strengthen home life by directing attention to critical problems confronting women as
8 wives, mothers, homemakers and workers;

9 (e) To make surveys in the fields of, but not limited to, education, social services, labor laws
10 and employment policies, law enforcement, health, new and expanded services of benefit to
11 women, legal rights, family relations and volunteer services;

12 (f) To secure appropriate recognition of women's accomplishments and contributions to
13 this state;

14 (g) To disseminate information for the purpose of educating the public as to the existence
15 and functions of the commission and as to matters of general beneficial interest to women; and

16 (h) To advise, consult and cooperate with other offices of the ~~Department of Health and~~
17 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and other agencies of state government, and
18 to receive assistance therefrom, in the development of activities and programs of beneficial
19 interest to women and on matters relating generally to women.

§29-20-3. Commission administrative personnel.

1 The commission may, consistent with state personnel procedures and with the approval of
2 the secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services
3 or his or her designee, appoint an executive director, who shall act as the chief administrative

4 officer of the commission, in addition to such other duties as he or she may be assigned. The
5 commission may also, consistent with state personnel procedures and with the approval of the
6 secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services or
7 his or her designee, appoint such other personnel as may be deemed necessary to accomplish its
8 objectives. All persons so employed shall be paid from funds received by the ~~Department of Health~~
9 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services or the commission under section four of
10 this article.

§29-20-4. Power of commission to accept funds.

1 The commission, or the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
2 Human Services on behalf of the commission, may accept gifts, grants and bequests of funds from
3 individuals, foundations, corporations, the federal government, governmental agencies and other
4 organizations or institutions; make and sign any agreements and do and perform any acts that
5 may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this article.

§29-20-6. Annual report.

1 The commission shall, with the approval of the secretary of the ~~Department of Health and~~
2 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services or his or her designee, submit an annual report
3 to the Legislature and the Governor, including recommendations based on its studies.

ARTICLE 22A. RACETRACK VIDEO LOTTERY.

**§29-22A-19. Compulsive Gambling Treatment Fund; contract requirements for compulsive
gamblers treatment program.**

1 (a) There is hereby ~~created and~~ established a separate special account to be known as the
2 "Compulsive Gambling Treatment Fund". The fund shall be appropriated from the Commission's
3 administrative expense account and shall be not less than \$150,000 nor more than \$500,000 per
4 fiscal year, as determined by the commission, as well as other amounts designated for in this
5 chapter to provide funds for compulsive gambling treatment programs in the state.

6 (b) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
7 administer the grants and funds issued from the "Compulsive Gambling Treatment Fund".

8 (c) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
9 develop criteria consistent with this section which a treatment program for compulsive gamblers
10 must meet in order to become eligible for a grant from the funds made available for treatment
11 programs pursuant to this provision.

12 (d) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services is
13 not subject to the purchasing requirements as set forth in the legislative rule of the Purchasing
14 Division of the Department of Administration: *Provided*, That the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
15 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall comply with all contract requirements set forth in
16 this section.

17 (e) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
18 develop procedures for bidding and awarding the contract, which must include:

19 (1) The procedures to be followed for submitting bids and the procedures for making
20 awards;

21 (2) The proposed general terms and conditions for the contract;

22 (3) The description of the commodities and services required for the contract, with
23 sufficient clarity to assure that there is a comprehensive understanding of the project's scope and
24 requirements, including, but not limited to, the following elements:

25 (A) Services to be provided, including education, prevention, crisis intervention, outreach,
26 assessment, referral and treatment for problem gamblers, and protocols for emergency treatment;

27 (B) Requirements for the business and professional licensing of providers, parameters for
28 media-related advertising and public service announcements;

29 (C) Training, licensing, monitoring, evaluation and reporting requirements;

30 (D) Requirements for maintaining the confidentiality of the client population; and

31 (E) Rights to conduct financial and performance audits;

- 32 (4) A proposed time schedule commencement and completion of the contract;
- 33 (5) A budget for the contract;
- 34 (6) Requirements or restrictions for the subletting of specific portions of the contract, if any;
- 35 and
- 36 (7) Requirements for professional liability and other insurance coverage.
- 37 (f) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may
- 38 award the contract based on low bid, best value, sole source or other basis, or may choose to
- 39 reject all bids and reissue an invitation for bids: *Provided*, That the ~~Department of Health and~~
- 40 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall document the basis of its decisions under
- 41 this subsection and shall report its decisions in the annual report required in subsection (j) of this
- 42 section.
- 43 (g) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
- 44 hold a post award conference with the contractor to ensure a clear and mutual understanding of all
- 45 contract terms and conditions, and the respective responsibilities of all parties. The agenda for the
- 46 conference shall include, at a minimum, the introduction of all participants and identification of
- 47 department and contractor key personnel, and discussion of the following items:
- 48 (1) The scope of the contract, including specifications of requirements set forth in the bid
- 49 request;
- 50 (2) The contract terms and conditions, particularly any special contract provisions;
- 51 (3) The technical and reporting requirements of the contract;
- 52 (4) The contract administration procedures, including contract monitoring and progress
- 53 measurement;
- 54 (5) The rights and obligations of both parties and the contractor performance evaluation
- 55 procedures;

56 (6) An explanation that the contractor will be evaluated on its performance both during and
57 at the conclusion of the contract and that such information may be considered in the selection of
58 future contracts;

59 (7) Potential contract problem areas and possible solutions;

60 (8) Invoicing requirements and payment procedures, with particular attention to whether
61 payment will be made according to outcomes achieved by the contractor; and

62 (9) An explanation of the limits of authority of the personnel of both the department and the
63 contractor.

64 (h) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
65 develop a comprehensive and objective monitoring checklist which:

66 (1) Measures treatment outcomes;

67 (2) Monitors compliance with contract requirements; and

68 (3) Assesses contractor performance on a quarterly and annual basis.

69 (i) The commission may not influence or interfere with the operation of the program or the
70 advertising and marketing decisions of the contractor.

71 (j) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may
72 monitor contract performance, review compliance with the contract's terms and conditions,
73 request and review pertinent information in support of tendered invoices and conduct other
74 investigation so as to enable it to properly assess whether the project's objectives and the
75 contract's terms and conditions are being met. However, the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
76 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services may not unduly influence or interfere with the
77 operation of the program or the advertising and marketing decisions of the contractor.

78 (k) Once any contract to render services under a compulsive gambling treatment program
79 is awarded pursuant to this section, the contract shall be administrated by the ~~Department of~~
80 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, and the department shall maintain

81 all records pertaining to each request for reimbursement and disbursement for under said contract
82 for a minimum of five (5) years.

83 (l) The contractor may prominently promote, display or advertise the Compulsive
84 Gambler's Treatment Program, its purpose, its hotline or its program events in any location in
85 which the Lottery Commission promotes, displays, advertises or conducts operations or in any
86 other location: *Provided*, That the Lottery Commission's name, logo or other indicia may not
87 appear on any advertising, marketing or promotional material of the contractor.

88 (m) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services
89 shall report annually to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance on the amount of
90 program funds distributed, the amount of administrative fee retained by the department and its use
91 of the fee, the number of persons served by the program, and on each requirement set forth in this
92 section.

ARTICLE 30. EMERGENCY VOLUNTEER HEALTH PRACTITIONERS ACT.

§29-30-8. Administrative sanctions.

1 (a) Subject to subsections (b) and (c) of this section, a volunteer health practitioner shall
2 adhere to the scope of practice for a similarly licensed practitioner established by the licensing
3 provisions, practice acts or other laws of this state.

4 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this section, this section does not
5 authorize a volunteer health practitioner to provide services that are outside the practitioner's
6 scope of practice, even if a similarly licensed practitioner in this state would be permitted to provide
7 the services.

8 (c) The State Health Officer ~~at the West Virginia Department of Health and Human~~
9 ~~Resources~~ may modify or restrict the health or veterinary services that volunteer health
10 practitioners may provide pursuant to this article. An order issued pursuant to this section takes
11 effect immediately.

12 (d) A host entity may restrict the health or veterinary services that a volunteer health
13 practitioner may provide pursuant to this article.

14 (e) A volunteer health practitioner does not engage in unauthorized practice unless the
15 practitioner has reason to know of any limitation, modification or restriction under this section or
16 that a similarly licensed practitioner in this state would not be permitted to provide the services. A
17 volunteer health practitioner has reason to know of a limitation, modification or restriction or that a
18 similarly licensed practitioner in this state would not be permitted to provide a service if:

19 (1) The practitioner knows the limitation, modification or restriction exists or that a similarly
20 licensed practitioner in this state would not be permitted to provide the service; or

21 (2) From all the facts and circumstances known to the practitioner at the relevant time, a
22 reasonable person would conclude that the limitation, modification or restriction exists or that a
23 similarly licensed practitioner in this state would not be permitted to provide the service.

24 (f) In addition to the authority granted by law of this state other than this to regulate the
25 conduct of health practitioners, a licensing board or other disciplinary authority in this state:

26 (1) May impose administrative sanctions upon a health practitioner licensed in this state for
27 conduct outside of this state in response to an out-of-state emergency;

28 (2) May impose administrative sanctions upon a practitioner not licensed in this state for
29 conduct in this state in response to an in-state emergency; and

30 (3) Shall report any administrative sanctions imposed upon a practitioner licensed in
31 another state to the appropriate licensing board or other disciplinary authority in any other state in
32 which the practitioner is known to be licensed.

33 (g) In determining whether to impose administrative sanctions under subsection (f) of this
34 section, a licensing board or other disciplinary authority shall consider the circumstances in which
35 the conduct took place, including any exigent circumstances, and the practitioner's scope of
36 practice, education, training, experience and specialized skill.

§29-30-9. Relation to other laws.

1 (a) Nothing contained in this article limits rights, privileges or immunities provided to
 2 volunteer health practitioners by laws other than this article. Except as otherwise provided in
 3 subsection (b) of this section, this article does not affect requirements for the use of health
 4 practitioners pursuant to the Emergency Management Assistance Compact.

5 (b) The ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health,
 6 pursuant to the Emergency Management Assistance Compact, may incorporate into the
 7 emergency forces of this state volunteer health practitioners who are not officers or employees of
 8 this state, a political subdivision of this state or a municipality or other local government within this
 9 state.

§29-30-11.

Rulemaking.

1 The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health
 2 may promulgate rules pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement
 3 the provisions of this article. These rules shall include measures to facilitate the receipt of benefits
 4 for injury or death pursuant to the workers' compensation laws of this state by volunteer health
 5 practitioners who reside in other states.

ARTICLE 31. STATE RESILIENCY AND FLOOD PROTECTION PLAN ACT.

§29-31-2. State resiliency office, officer, deputy, and board.

1 (a) It is determined that a state authority is required to provide a coordinated effort and
 2 planning for disaster recovery and resiliency between government agencies, first responders, and
 3 all other entities to reduce the loss of life and property, lessen the impact of future disasters, ,
 4 protect property and the environment, meet basic human needs, and provide economic growth
 5 and resilience prior to and in the aftermath of an incident. Therefore, the State Resiliency Office is
 6 hereby created. The office shall be organized within the Office of the Governor. The office will
 7 serve as the recipient of disaster recovery and resiliency funds, excluding federal Stafford Act
 8 funds, and the coordinating agency of recovery and resiliency efforts, including matching funds for

8 other disaster recovery programs, excluding those funds and efforts under the direct control of the
9 State Resiliency Officer pursuant to § 29-31-3, §29-31-6, §29-31-7 and §29-31-8 of this code.

10 (b)(1) The State Resiliency Office Board is also established and shall consist of the
11 following members: The State Resiliency Officer; the Secretary of the Department of Commerce or
12 his or her designee; the Director of the Division of Natural Resources or his or her designee; the
13 Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection or his or her designee; the Executive
14 Director of the State Conservation Agency or his or her designee; the President of the West
15 Virginia Emergency Management Council or his or her designee; the Secretary of the ~~Department~~
16 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health or his or her designee; the Secretary of the
17 Department of Homeland Security or his or her designee; the Secretary of Transportation or his or
18 her designee; the Adjutant General of the West Virginia National Guard or his or her designee; the
19 Director of the Division of Emergency Management within the Department of Homeland Security
20 or his or her designee; two nonvoting members of the West Virginia Senate, one from each party,
21 to be appointed by the President of the Senate; and two nonvoting members of the West Virginia
22 House of Delegates, one from each party, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of
23 Delegates.

24 (2) A member of the board holds office so long as he or she retains the office or position by
25 virtue of which he or she is serving on the board. A majority of the voting members of the board is a
26 quorum and the concurrence of a board in any matter within their duties is required for its
27 determination. The members of the board may not receive compensation for their services on the
28 committee, but are entitled to reimbursement of expenses, including traveling expenses
29 necessarily incurred in the discharge of their duties on the board.

30 (3) The board shall:

31 (A) Provide for the keeping of a full and accurate record of all proceedings and of all
32 resolutions, rules, and orders issued or adopted, and of its other official actions;

33 (B) Shall adopt a seal, which shall be judicially noticed;

34 (C) Provide for an annual audit of the accounts of receipts and disbursements of the State
35 Resiliency Office; and

36 (D) Perform those acts necessary for the execution of its functions under this article.

37 (1) The State Resiliency Officer shall be the chair of the State Resiliency Office Board and
38 shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The State
39 Resiliency Officer may cast a vote only in the event of a tie vote. The board shall elect from its
40 voting membership a vice chair. The vice chair shall preside over the meetings of the board in the
41 absence of the chair. In the absence of both the chair and the vice chair any member designated
42 by the members present may act as chair.

43 (2) The State Resiliency Officer shall be vested with the authority and duties prescribed to
44 the office within this article.

45 (3) The State Resiliency Officer shall be a person who has:

46 (A) At least five years' managerial or strategic planning experience in matters relating to
47 flood control, hazard mitigation, and disaster resiliency, or alternatively, in disaster recovery,
48 emergency management, community and economic development, regional planning, economics,
49 or related public policy field;

50 (B) At least a level IS-800 NIMS certification: *Provided*, That if the State Resiliency Officer
51 does not have a level IS-800 NIMS certification when appointed, he or she shall become so
52 certified within one year following appointment; and

53 (C) Be thoroughly knowledgeable in matters relating to flood control, hazard mitigation,
54 and disaster resiliency, or alternatively, in matters relating to disaster recovery, emergency
55 management, community and economic development, regional planning, economics, or related
56 public policy field.

57 (4) The State Resiliency Officer shall employ a deputy who shall assist the State Resiliency
58 Officer in carrying out the duties of the office. The State Resiliency Office Board shall meet and
59 submit a list of no more than five nor less than two of the most qualified persons to the Governor

60 within 90 days of the occurrence of a vacancy in this deputy position. This deputy shall be
61 appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Applicants for the deputy
62 position shall at a minimum:

63 (A) Have at least three years' managerial or strategic planning experience in matters
64 relating to flood control, hazard mitigation, and disaster resiliency, or alternatively, in disaster
65 recovery, emergency management, community and economic development, regional planning,
66 economics, or related public policy field;

67 (B) Have at least a level IS 800 NIMS certification: *Provided*, That if the deputy State
68 Resiliency Officer does not have a level IS 800 NIMS certification when appointed, he or she shall
69 become so certified within one year following appointment; and

70 (C) Be thoroughly knowledgeable in matters relating to flood control, hazard mitigation,
71 and disaster resiliency, or alternatively, in matters relating to disaster recovery, emergency
72 management, community and economic development, regional planning, economics, or related
73 public policy field.

74 (5) The State Resiliency Officer shall employ additional staff as necessary to assist the
75 State Resiliency Officer in carrying out the duties of the office.

76 (d) The board shall meet no less than once each calendar quarter at the time and place
77 designated by the chair and the board shall work together with the State Resiliency Officer to fulfill
78 the mission given to the State Resiliency Office to coordinate efforts for disaster planning,
79 recovery, and resiliency between government agencies, first responders and others.

80 The board will assist and advise the State Resiliency Officer in developing policies to
81 accomplish, at a minimum, the following specific tasks in order to achieve these goals, and will
82 assist the State Resiliency Officer in devising plans and developing procedures which will ensure
83 that agencies and political subdivisions of the state carry out these following specific tasks:

84 (1) Establish mechanisms to coordinate disaster recovery and resiliency-related programs
85 and activities among state agencies and to encourage intergovernmental as well as cross-sector
86 coordination and collaboration;

87 (2) Evaluate the state's role in construction permitting process and identify opportunities to
88 expedite the permitting process post-disaster and for selected types of mitigation and adaptation
89 actions;

90 (3) Conduct a review of laws and regulations to identify those that create or add to risk, or
91 interfere with the ability to reduce risk or to improve disaster recovery and resiliency;

92 (4) Conduct an inventory of relevant critical planned activity by state agencies to determine
93 their proposed impact upon disaster recovery and resiliency;

94 (5) Make recommendations regarding practical steps that can be taken to improve
95 efficiencies, and to pool and leverage resources to improve disaster recovery and resiliency;

96 (6) Identify, prioritize, and evaluate issues affecting implementation of mitigation and
97 adaptation actions, including, but not limited to, the effect of increasing flood risk in context of
98 zoning and other land use regulations, possible conflicts between public hazard
99 mitigation/adaptation planning and private property interests (e.g. buy-out programs, projects to
100 increase flood storage), develop guidance for cities and towns, real estate professionals, property
101 owners under existing law and regulations; and develop proposals for changes in laws, policies,
102 and regulations, as needed;

103 (7) Ensure all counties and municipalities are covered by up-to-date Hazard Mitigation
104 Plans and Local Comprehensive Disaster Plans that are consistent with, and coordinated to, the
105 state's Hazard Mitigation Plans Comprehensive Disaster Plans, and the state's Flood Resiliency
106 Plan; including, but not limited to, assisting them in developing planning guidance for cities and
107 towns to complete and/or update Hazard Mitigation Plans; providing technical assistance to help
108 counties and municipalities meet these standards; and provide notice to counties and

109 municipalities of funding opportunities to implement projects outlined in their Hazard Mitigation
110 Plans;

111 (8) Conduct risk assessments, including, but not limited to, examining state highway
112 corridors and associated drainage systems for stormwater inundation, impacts of downed trees,
113 effects on utilities, and comparable facilities; assessment of known stormwater impacts between
114 state highways and municipal drainage systems, options to eliminate or mitigate such impact; a
115 housing vulnerability assessment for structures in riparian zones; a vulnerability assessment of
116 critical infrastructure at the state and municipal levels including hospitals, schools, fire stations,
117 and comparable facilities, and a vulnerability assessment of the state's historic and cultural
118 resources;

119 (9) Establish working groups that will conduct assessments for varied sectors of the
120 economy, such as small business, ports and river traffic, agriculture, manufacturing, and tourism;
121 these assessments should address vulnerabilities and economic impacts, options to mitigate
122 impacts, options to improve preparedness, response and recovery, and economic opportunities
123 associated with design, engineering, technological and other skills and capabilities that can
124 improve resilience;

125 (10) Establish emergency permitting procedures to expedite issuance of state permits
126 following disasters, and develop guidance (model procedures) for political subdivisions to follow;
127 and

128 (11) Lead long-term recovery planning efforts on behalf of the state in the event of the
129 proclamation of the existence of a state of emergency due to a natural hazards event, or upon a
130 Presidential declaration of a major disaster under Section 406 of the Stafford Act.

131 All decisions of the board shall be decided by a majority vote of the members.

132 (e) The State Resiliency Office shall provide adequate staff from that office to ensure the
133 meetings of the board are facilitated, board meeting minutes are taken, records and
134 correspondence kept, and that reports of the board are produced in a timely manner.

135 (f) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code:

136 (1) The meetings of the board are not subject to the provisions of §6-9A-1 *et seq.* of this
137 code.

138 (2) The following are exempt from public disclosure under the provisions of §29B-1-1 *et*
139 *seq.* of this code:

140 (A) All deliberations of the board;

141 (B) The materials, in any medium, including hard copy and electronic, placed in the
142 custody of the board as a result of any of its duties; and

143 (C) All records of the board, in the possession of the board, and generated by the board,
144 due to their falling under several exceptions to public disclosure including, but not limited to, that
145 for security or disaster recovery plans and risk assessments.

ARTICLE 34. WEST VIRGINIA WORKFORCE RESILIENCY ACT.

§29-34-3. Authority of West Virginia Workforce Resiliency Office and West Virginia Workforce Resiliency Officer.

1 The West Virginia Workforce Resiliency Officer shall:

2 (a) Coordinate and work with the Commissioner of WorkForce West Virginia; the Secretary
3 of the Department of Economic Development; the Secretary of the Department of Commerce; the
4 Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services;
5 the Secretary of the Department of Tourism; the Chancellor of the Higher Education Policy
6 Commission; the President of West Virginia University; the President of Marshall University; the
7 Director of the West Virginia Economic Development Authority; and such other representatives of
8 private and public partners involved in workforce development as the West Virginia Workforce
9 Resiliency Officer may deem necessary, to facilitate and unify efforts for workforce development,
10 job training, and education of West Virginia's workforce.

11 (b) Assist in the development, implementation, and management of a common application
12 for workforce development, job training, and wrap-around services available across agencies and

13 programs, which shall be established to ensure that West Virginians encounter no wrongdoer
14 when seeking out services and programs that may be available to them.

15 (c) Advise the Office of the Governor on the status and overall workforce development
16 landscape across the State of West Virginia and assist in developing policies, plans, and
17 procedures that will ensure that state agencies, private partners, and federal programs are
18 efficiently, effectively, and properly utilized for workforce development across the State of West
19 Virginia.

20 (d) Propose opportunities for legislative changes to the Office of the Governor that may
21 result in more efficient, effective, and expedient access to programs across the State of West
22 Virginia to improve workforce development.

ARTICLE 35. STATE RECOVERY AND HOPE ACT.

**§29-35-3. Authority of State Recovery and Hope Office and State Recovery and Hope
Officer.**

1 The State Recovery and Hope Office will coordinate the state's efforts to assist those
2 experiencing substance use disorder in their recovery and transition into the workforce. The State
3 Recovery and Hope Officer shall serve as the primary representative of the Governor, and the
4 agencies and departments of the state shall provide assistance, information, data, and/or
5 resources to the State Recovery and Hope Office as may be requested from time to time. The
6 State Recovery and Hope Officer will assist and advise the Governor on all recovery and
7 workforce training issues for this population, and will serve as a liaison between the Governor's
8 office and all other parties, whether state, federal, local, or private to further the purposes of this
9 article. The State Recovery and Hope Officer will:

10 (1) Coordinate all planning and implementation efforts relating to substance use disorder
11 treatment, recovery, and transition into the workforce;

12 (2) Coordinate an annual review of plans relating to substance use disorder treatment,
13 recovery, and transition into the workforce;

- 14 (3) Recommend legislation to better facilitate the implementation of recovery efforts;
- 15 (4) Report to legislative committees, as called upon to do so;
- 16 (5) Establish and facilitate regular communication between federal, state, local, and private
17 sector agencies and organizations to further recovery efforts;
- 18 (6) Receive resources, monetary or otherwise, from any other governmental entity or
19 private source and disburse those resources to effectuate the purposes of this article;
- 20 (7) Execute cooperative agreements, where appropriate;
- 21 (8) Contract, where appropriate, on behalf of the State Recovery and Hope Office, with the
22 federal government, its instrumentalities and agencies, any state, territory, or the District of
23 Columbia, and its agencies and instrumentalities, municipalities, public bodies, private
24 corporations, partnerships, associations, and individuals;
- 25 (9) Hire necessary employees at an appropriate salary equivalent to a competitive wage
26 rate;
- 27 (10) Enroll appropriate employees in the Public Employees Retirement System, the Public
28 Employees Insurance Agency, and workers' compensation and unemployment programs, or their
29 equivalents: *Provided*, That the State Recovery and Hope Office, through the receipt of federal or
30 state funds, or both, pays the required employer contributions;
- 31 (11) Have the ability to secure all other bonding, insurance, or other liability protections
32 necessary for its employees to fulfill their duties and responsibilities;
- 33 (12) Utilize the personnel and resources of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
34 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services to the greatest extent practicable, and have the ability
35 to draw upon other departments, divisions, agencies, and all other subdivisions of the state for
36 research and input in fulfilling the requirements of this article, or to facilitate the implementation of
37 the purposes of this article, and its requests are to have priority over other such requests;
- 38 (13) Participate in the interdepartmental transfer of permanent state employees, as if he or
39 she were a department secretary, under the provisions of §5F-2-7 of this code;

40 (14) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, acquire legal services
41 that are necessary, including representation of the office, its employees, and officers before any
42 court or administrative body from the Office of the Attorney General, who shall provide such legal
43 assistance and representation;

44 (15) Take all other actions necessary and proper to effectuate the purposes of this article;
45 and

46 (16) The office shall have any other additional authority, duties, and responsibilities as
47 prescribed by the Governor to effectuate the purposes of this article. Due to the at-will employment
48 relationship with the office, its employees may not avail themselves of the state grievance
49 procedure as set forth in §6C-2-1 *et seq.* of this code.

CHAPTER 30. PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS.

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

§30-3-7. Powers and duties of West Virginia Board of Medicine.

1 (a) The board is autonomous and, in accordance with this article, shall determine
2 qualifications of applicants for licenses to practice medicine and surgery, to practice podiatry, and
3 to practice as a physician assistant for a physician licensed under this article, and shall issue
4 licenses to qualified applicants and shall regulate the professional conduct and discipline of such
5 individuals. In carrying out its functions, the board may:

6 (1) Adopt such rules as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this article;

7 (2) Hold hearings and conduct investigations, subpoena witnesses and documents and
8 administer oaths;

9 (3) Institute proceedings in the courts of this state to enforce its subpoenas for the
10 production of witnesses and documents and its orders and to restrain and enjoin violations of this
11 article and of any rules promulgated under it;

12 (4) Employ investigators, attorneys, hearing examiners, consultants and such other
13 employees as may be necessary, who shall be exempt from the classified service of the Division of
14 Personnel and who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the board. ~~In addition, all personnel~~
15 ~~employed through the Department of Health and Human Resources on June 30, 2009, to provide~~
16 ~~services for the board are hereby transferred to the board effective July 1, 2009. However, The~~
17 ~~employment, salary, benefits or position classification of any person transferred under this section~~
18 ~~may not be reduced or diminished by reason of this section. All persons transferred shall retain~~
19 ~~their coverage under the classified service of the Division of Personnel and all matters relating to~~
20 ~~job classification, job tenure and conditions of employment shall remain in force and effect from~~
21 ~~and after the date of this section, to the same extent as if this section had not been reenacted.~~
22 ~~Also, nothing herein shall prohibit the disciplining or dismissal of any employee for cause.~~

23 (5) Enter into contracts and receive and disburse funds according to law;

24 (6) Establish and certify standards for the supervision and certification of physician
25 assistants;

26 (7) Authorize medical and podiatry corporations in accordance with the limitations of
27 section fifteen of this article to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry through duly licensed
28 physicians or podiatrists; and

29 (8) Perform such other duties as are set forth in this article or otherwise provided for in this
30 code.

31 (b) The board shall submit an annual report of its activities to the Legislature. The report
32 shall include a statistical analysis of complaints received, charges investigated, charges
33 dismissed after investigation, the grounds for each such dismissal and disciplinary proceedings
34 and disposition.

ARTICLE 4. WEST VIRGINIA DENTAL PRACTICE ACT.

§30-4-3. Definitions.

2 As used in §30-4-1 *et seq.*, §30-4A-1 *et seq.*, and §30-4B-1 *et seq.* of this code, the
3 following words and terms have the following meanings:

4 "AAOMS" means the American Association of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgeons;

5 "AAPD" means the American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry;

6 "ACLS" means advanced cardiac life support;

7 "ADA" means the American Dental Association;

8 "AMA" means the American Medical Association;

9 "ASA" means American Society of Anesthesiologists;

10 "Anxiolysis/minimal sedation" means removing, eliminating, or decreasing anxiety by the
11 use of a single anxiety or analgesia medication that is administered in an amount consistent with
12 the manufacturer's current recommended dosage for the unsupervised treatment of anxiety,
13 insomnia, or pain, in conjunction with nitrous oxide and oxygen. This does not include multiple
14 dosing or exceeding current normal dosage limits set by the manufacturer for unsupervised use by
15 the patient at home for the treatment of anxiety;

16 "Approved dental hygiene program" means a program that is approved by the board and is
17 accredited, or its educational standards are deemed by the board to be substantially equivalent to
18 those required by the Commission on Dental Accreditation of the American Dental Association;

19 "Approved dental school, college, or dental department of a university" means a dental
20 school, college, or dental department of a university that is approved by the board and is
21 accredited, or its educational standards are deemed by the board to be substantially equivalent to
22 those required by the Commission on Dental Accreditation of the American Dental Association;

23 "Authorize" means that the dentist is giving permission or approval to dental auxiliary
24 personnel to perform delegated procedures in accordance with the dentist's diagnosis and
25 treatment plan;

26 "BLS" means basic life support;

27 "Board" means the West Virginia Board of Dentistry;

28 "Business entity" means any firm, partnership, association, company, corporation, limited
29 partnership, limited liability company, or other entity;

30 "Central nervous system anesthesia" means an induced, controlled state of
31 unconsciousness or depressed consciousness produced by a pharmacologic method;

32 "Certificate of qualification" means a certificate authorizing a dentist to practice a specialty;

33 "CPR" means cardiopulmonary resuscitation;

34 "Conscious sedation/moderate sedation" means an induced, controlled state of depressed
35 consciousness, produced through the administration of nitrous oxide and oxygen and/or the
36 administration of other agents whether enteral or parenteral, in which the patient retains the ability
37 to independently and continuously maintain an airway and to respond purposefully to physical
38 stimulation and to verbal command;

39 "CRNA" means certified registered nurse anesthetist;

40 "Defibrillator" means an electronic device that applies an electric shock to the heart to
41 restore the normal functional rhythm of a fibrillating, nonfunctional heart and includes an
42 Automatic Electronic Defibrillator (AED);

43 "Delegated procedures" means those procedures specified by law or by rule of the board
44 and performed by dental auxiliary personnel under the supervision of a licensed dentist;

45 "Dentist anesthesiologist" means a dentist who is trained in the practice of anesthesiology
46 and has completed an additional approved anesthesia education course;

47 "Dental anesthesiology" is the specialty of dentistry and discipline of anesthesiology
48 encompassing the art and science of managing pain, anxiety, and overall patient health during
49 dental, oral, maxillofacial, and adjunctive surgical or diagnostic procedures throughout the entire
50 perioperative period. The specialty is dedicated to promoting patient safety as well as access to
51 care for all dental patients, including the very young and patients with special health care needs;

52 "Dental assistant" means a person qualified by education, training, or experience who aids
53 or assists a dentist in the delivery of patient care in accordance with delegated procedures as
54 specified by the board by rule or who may perform nonclinical duties in the dental office;

55 "Dental auxiliary personnel" or "auxiliary" means dental hygienists and dental assistants
56 who assist the dentist in the practice of dentistry;

57 "Dental hygiene" means the performance of educational, preventive or therapeutic dental
58 services and as further provided in §30-4-11 of this code and legislative rule;

59 "Dental hygienist" means a person licensed by the board to practice and who provides
60 dental hygiene and other services as specified by the board by rule to patients in the dental office
61 and in a public health setting;

62 "Dental laboratory" means a business performing dental laboratory services;

63 "Dental laboratory services" means the fabricating, repairing, or altering of a dental
64 prosthesis;

65 "Dental laboratory technician" means a person qualified by education, training, or
66 experience who has completed a dental laboratory technology education program and who
67 fabricates, repairs, or alters a dental prosthesis in accordance with a dentist's work authorization;

68 "Dental office" means the place where the licensed dentist and dental auxiliary personnel
69 are practicing dentistry;

70 "Dental prosthesis" means an artificial appliance fabricated to replace one or more teeth or
71 other oral or peri-oral structure in order to restore or alter function or aesthetics;

72 "Dental public health" is the science and art of preventing and controlling dental diseases
73 and promoting dental health through organized community efforts. It is that form of dental practice
74 which considers the community to be the patient rather than any individual. It is concerned with the
75 dental health education of the public, with applied dental research, and with the administration of
76 group dental care programs as well as the prevention and control of dental diseases on a
77 community basis;

78 "Dentist" means an individual licensed by the board to practice dentistry;

79 "Dentistry" means the evaluation, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment, of diseases,
80 disorders, and conditions of the oral cavity and the maxillofacial, adjacent, and associated
81 structures and their impact on the human body;

82 "Direct supervision" means supervision provided by a licensed dentist who is physically
83 present in the dental office or treatment facility when procedures are being performed;

84 "Endodontics" is the branch of dentistry which is concerned with the morphology,
85 physiology, and pathology of the human dental pulp and periradicular tissues. Its study and
86 practice encompass the basic and clinical sciences including biology of the normal pulp, the
87 etiology, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of diseases and injuries of the pulp and associated
88 periradicular conditions;

89 "Facility permit" means a permit for a facility where sedation procedures are used that
90 correspond with the level of anesthesia provided;

91 "General anesthesia" means an induced, controlled state of unconsciousness in which the
92 patient experiences complete loss of protective reflexes, as evidenced by the inability to
93 independently maintain an airway, the inability to respond purposefully to physical stimulation or
94 the inability to respond purposefully to verbal command;

95 "Deep conscious sedation/general anesthesia" includes partial loss of protective reflexes
96 while the patient retains the ability to independently and continuously maintain an airway;

97 "General supervision" means a dentist is not required to be in the office or treatment facility
98 when procedures are being performed, has personally authorized the procedures to be
99 completed, and will evaluate the treatment provided at a future appointment, by the dental
100 auxiliary personnel;

101 "Health care provider BLS/CPR" means health care provider basic life
102 support/cardiopulmonary resuscitation;

103 "License" means a license to practice dentistry or dental hygiene;

104 "Licensee" means a person holding a license;

105 "Mobile dental facility" means any self-contained facility in which dentistry or dental
106 hygiene will be practiced which may be moved, towed, or transported from one location to another;

107 "Portable dental unit" means any non-facility in which dental equipment, utilized in the
108 practice of dentistry, is transported to and utilized on a temporary basis in an out-of-office location,
109 including, but not limited to, patients' homes, schools, nursing homes, or other institutions;

110 "Oral medicine" is the specialty of dentistry responsible for the oral health care of medically
111 complex patients and for the diagnosis and management of medically related disorders or
112 conditions affecting the oral and maxillofacial region;

113 "Oral pathology" is the specialty of dentistry and discipline of pathology that deals with the
114 nature, identification, and management of diseases affecting the oral and maxillofacial regions. It
115 is a science that investigates the causes, processes, and effects of these diseases. The practice of
116 oral pathology includes research and diagnosis of diseases using clinical, radiographic,
117 microscopic, biochemical, or other examinations;

118 "Oral and maxillofacial radiology" is the specialty of dentistry and discipline of radiology
119 concerned with the production and interpretation of images and data produced by all modalities of
120 radiant energy that are used for the diagnosis and management of diseases, disorders, and
121 conditions of the oral and maxillofacial region;

122 "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" is the specialty of dentistry which includes the diagnosis,
123 surgical and adjunctive treatment of diseases, injuries, and defects involving both the functional
124 and aesthetic aspects of the hard and soft tissues of the oral and maxillofacial region;

125 "Orofacial pain" is the specialty of dentistry that encompasses the diagnosis, management
126 and treatment of pain disorders of the jaw, mouth, face and associated regions, which specialty is
127 dedicated to the evidenced-based understanding of the underlying pathophysiology, etiology,
128 prevention, and treatment of these disorders and improving access to interdisciplinary patient
129 care. These disorders as they relate to orofacial pain include but are not limited to

130 temporomandibular muscle and joint (TMJ) disorders, jaw movement disorders, neuropathic and
131 neurovascular pain disorders, headache, and sleep disorders;

132 "Orthodontics and dentofacial orthopedics" is the dental specialty that includes the
133 diagnosis, prevention, interception, and correction of malocclusion, as well as neuromuscular and
134 skeletal abnormalities of the developing or mature orofacial structures;

135 "PALS" means pediatric advanced life support;

136 "Pediatric dentistry" is an age-defined specialty that provides both primary and
137 comprehensive preventive and therapeutic oral health care for infants and children through
138 adolescence, including those with special health care needs;

139 "Pediatric patient" means infants and children;

140 "Periodontics" is that specialty of dentistry which encompasses the prevention, diagnosis,
141 and treatment of diseases of the supporting and surrounding tissues of the teeth or their
142 substitutes and the maintenance of the health, function, and aesthetics of these structures and
143 tissues;

144 "Physician anesthesiologist" means a physician, medical doctor, or doctor of osteopathy
145 who is specialized in the practice of anesthesiology;

146 "Prosthodontics" is the dental specialty pertaining to the diagnosis, treatment planning,
147 rehabilitation and maintenance of the oral function, comfort, appearance and health of patients
148 with clinical conditions associated with missing or deficient teeth and/or oral and maxillofacial
149 tissues using biocompatible substitutes;

150 "Public health practice" means treatment or procedures in a public health setting which
151 shall be designated by a rule promulgated by the board to require direct, general, or no supervision
152 of a dental hygienist by a dentist;

153 "Public health setting" means hospitals, schools, correctional facilities, jails, community
154 clinics, long-term care facilities, nursing homes, home health agencies, group homes, state
155 institutions under the ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of

156 Health Facilities, public health facilities, homebound settings, accredited dental hygiene education
157 programs, and any other place designated by the board by rule;

158 "Qualified monitor" means an individual who by virtue of credentialing and/or training is
159 qualified to check closely and document the status of a patient undergoing anesthesia and
160 observe utilized equipment;

161 "Relative analgesia/minimal sedation" means an induced, controlled state of minimally
162 depressed consciousness, produced solely by the inhalation of a combination of nitrous oxide and
163 oxygen or single oral premedication without the addition of nitrous oxide and oxygen in which the
164 patient retains the ability to independently and continuously maintain an airway and to respond
165 purposefully to physical stimulation and to verbal command;

166 "Specialty" means the practice of a certain branch of dentistry;

167 "Subcommittee" means West Virginia Board of Dentistry Subcommittee on Anesthesia;
168 and

169 "Work authorization" means a written order for dental laboratory services which has been
170 issued by a licensed dentist.

ARTICLE 7B. CENTER FOR NURSING.

§30-7B-4. Board of directors.

1 (a) The center is governed by a board of directors consisting of the following members
2 appointed by the Governor:

3 (1) Two representatives from the West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered
4 Professional Nurses, as follows:

5 (A) One representing a bachelor or higher degree program; and

6 (B) One representing an associate degree program;

7 (2) One representative from the West Virginia Board of Examiners for Licensed Practical
8 Nurses;

9 (3) One representative from the West Virginia Nurses Association;

- 10 (4) One nurse representing a rural health care facility;
- 11 (5) One director of nursing;
- 12 (6) One health care administrator;
- 13 (7) One registered professional staff nurse engaged in direct patient care;
- 14 (8) One licensed practical nurse engaged in direct patient care;
- 15 (9) Two citizen members as required by section four-a, article one, chapter thirty of this
- 16 code;
- 17 (10) Two ex officio, nonvoting members, as follows:
- 18 (A) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
- 19 Health or his or her designee; and
- 20 (B) A representative from WorkForce West Virginia.
- 21 (b) Members are appointed for four-year terms. A member may not serve more than two
- 22 consecutive terms.
- 23 (c) The board shall elect annually from its voting members a president and a secretary as
- 24 required by §30-1-3 of this code. A majority of the appointed members constitutes a quorum.
- 25 (d) The Governor shall fill any vacancy within thirty days of occurrence.
- 26 (e) The members of the board who are in office on the effective date of this section, unless
- 27 sooner removed, shall continue to serve until their successors have been appointed and qualified.

ARTICLE 30. SOCIAL WORKERS.

§30-30-16. Provisional license to practice as a social worker.

- 1 (a) To be eligible for a provisional license to practice as a social worker, the applicant must:
- 2 (1) Submit an application to the board;
- 3 (2) Be at least 18 years of age;
- 4 (3) Have a baccalaureate degree in a related field, as provided by legislative rule;
- 5 (4) Have obtained regular supervised employment, or the reasonable promise of regular
- 6 supervised employment, contingent upon receiving a provisional license, in a critical social work

7 workforce shortage position, area, or setting requiring a social work license: *Provided*, That such
8 employment shall not be as an independent practitioner, contracted employee, sole proprietor,
9 consultant, or other nonregular employment;

10 (5) Have satisfied the board that he or she merits the public trust by providing the board
11 with three letters of recommendation from persons not related to the applicant;

12 (6) Not be an alcohol or drug abuser, as these terms are defined in §27-1A-11 of this code:
13 *Provided*, That an applicant in an active recovery process, which may, in the discretion of the
14 board, be evidenced by participation in an acknowledged substance abuse treatment and/or
15 recovery program, may be considered;

16 (7) Not have been convicted of a felony in any jurisdiction within five years preceding the
17 date of application for license, which conviction remains unreversed;

18 (8) Not have been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony in any jurisdiction if the offense for
19 which he or she was convicted related to the practice of social work, which conviction remains
20 unreversed; and

21 (9) Meet any other requirements established by the board.

22 (b) The board shall promulgate emergency rules, in accordance with §29A-3-15 of this
23 code, to implement the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

24 (c) A provisionally licensed social worker may become a licensed social worker by
25 completing the following:

26 (1) Be continuously employed for four years as a social worker and supervised: *Provided*,
27 That should an individual lose his or her employment due to a reduction in force, or be unable to
28 work due to medical reasons, the individual may request that the Board allow for a reasonable
29 interruption in continuous employment and provide additional time for the individual to complete
30 the requirements of the provisional license. The board shall promulgate by legislative rule the
31 supervision requirements;

32 (2) Complete 12 credit hours of core social work study from a program accredited by the
33 council on social work education, as defined by legislative rule, within the four-year provisional
34 license period;

35 (3) Complete continuing education as required by legislative rule; and

36 (4) Pass an examination approved by the board.

37 ~~(d) On or before July 1, 2020, the Legislative Auditor shall cause to be performed a~~
38 ~~performance audit of the provisional license to practice as a social worker application process and~~
39 ~~the application process by which a provisional licensee may become a licensed social worker.~~

40 ~~(e) Any employee of the Department of Health and Human Resources with a provisional~~
41 ~~license as of the effective date of this section who opted to take the department provided courses~~
42 ~~previously allowed has until June 30, 2022, to convert his or her license to a social work license or~~
43 ~~provisional license under this section. If the individual cannot or desires not to complete this~~
44 ~~process, he or she shall be eligible for registration as provided in §30-30-30 of this code.~~

§30-30-30. Registration as a Bureau for Children and Families service worker.

1 To be eligible to be registered as a service worker for the Bureau for Children and Families
2 of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, the applicant
3 must:

4 (1) Submit an application to the board;

5 (2) Be at least 18 years of age;

6 (3) Have a baccalaureate degree;

7 (4) Have obtained employment by the bureau;

8 (5) Satisfy the requirements of the West Virginia Clearance for Access: Registry and
9 Employment Screening Act provided in §16-49-1 *et seq.* of this code;

10 (6) Satisfy the requirements provided in §30-1-24 of this code;

11 (7) Complete 240 hours of pre-service training developed by the bureau;

- 12 (8) Complete 20 hours of board-approved continuing social work education every two
13 years, up to 10 of which may be earned through board-approved online education hours:
14 *Provided*, That at least two of the hours shall be related to the Code of Ethics adopted by the
15 board, and at least two hours shall be related to social, health, and mental health concerns of
16 veterans and their families; and
17 (9) Pay the application fee.

CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 15A. WEST VIRGINIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND JOBS DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL.

§31-15A-7. Current and prospective planning; roads and highways; report to Division of Highways.

- 1 (a) The council shall take into account the current and prospective infrastructure needs in
2 relation to plans of the Division of Highways for the development and building of new roads. Upon
3 completion of an environmental impact study, the commissioner of highways shall provide the
4 council with plans for any and all new roads. In a timely manner, the council shall advise the
5 commissioner of the Division of Highways on the feasibility of the expansion of new or existing
6 water and sewer lines concomitant to the construction of the new roads.
- 7 (b) The council has the authority to appoint local infrastructure planning teams. The local
8 infrastructure planning teams may consist of the following: A designee of the Division of Highways
9 from the region where the new road is being built; a designee of the Division of Highways from the
10 central state office; a designee from the Environmental Engineers Division of the Department of
11 ~~Health and Human Resources~~; a designee from the local developmental authority where the new
12 road is being built; a designee from the regional developmental authority in the area where the
13 new road is being built; a designee from the Public Service Commission; a designee from the
14 Division of Environmental Protection; a designee from the county commission where the new road

15 is being built who shall serve as chairperson of the planning team; a citizen of the county where the
16 new road is being built to be chosen by the county commission; and the elected state delegates
17 and senators from the area where the new road is being built. In order to avoid delay of any
18 highway project, immediately upon appointment of a local infrastructure planning team, the
19 director of the Division of Highways shall submit to the council a time frame within which the
20 planning team must act and within which the planning team must submit any plans, maps,
21 recommendations or reports developed pursuant to this subsection. The local infrastructure
22 planning team shall meet prior to the development and building of a new road. Members of the
23 local infrastructure planning team shall only receive payment for actual expenses incurred. The
24 local infrastructure planning team shall advise the commissioner of the Division of Highways on
25 the feasibility of an infrastructure plan. The local infrastructure planning team shall meet to develop
26 an infrastructure plan that includes an assessment study of existing water and sewer lines and a
27 feasibility study on future development and laying of water and sewer lines. After these studies are
28 completed, a developmental map shall be drawn of the proposed road route with overlays of the
29 proposed water and sewer lines. These studies and the map shall be presented to the
30 commissioner of the Division of Highways and shall be used by the commissioner in the planning,
31 developing and building of the road.

32 (c) The water development authority shall establish a restricted account within the
33 infrastructure fund to be expended for the construction of water and sewage lines as may be
34 recommended by the council in accordance with this article and specifically, in accordance with
35 the plan developed under subsection (b) of this section. The reserve account shall be known as
36 the "infrastructure road improvement reserve account". The council and the Division of Highways
37 may enter into agreements to share the cost of financing projects approved in accordance with this
38 section from moneys available in the infrastructure road reserve account and moneys available
39 from the state road fund. Annually, the council may direct the water development authority to

40 transfer funds from the infrastructure fund in an amount not to exceed \$1 million to the restricted
41 account: *Provided*, That at no time may the balance of the restricted account exceed \$1 million.

42 (d) For the purposes of this section the term "new" means a road right-of-way being built for
43 the first time.

44 (e) After the construction of water and sewer lines adjacent to the new road, these new
45 lines shall be turned over to existing utilities by expansion of boundaries of public service districts
46 or shall be main extensions from the municipality.

CHAPTER 31A. BANKS AND BANKING.

ARTICLE 2A. MAXWELL GOVERNMENTAL ACCESS TO FINANCIAL RECORDS

ACT.

§31A-2A-4. Exceptions.

1 (a) Nothing in this article is intended to, or shall prohibit, apply to, or interfere with:

2 (1) The lawful authority or ability of the commissioner of banking or any other state or
3 federal regulatory agency of a bank, savings and loan association, trust company, or credit union
4 to obtain or to share between such regulatory agencies any records which the commissioner of
5 banking or such state or federal regulatory agency may deem appropriate for the examination and
6 regulation of the financial institution: *Provided*, That nothing in this subdivision permits disclosure
7 of protected financial information in violation of §31A-2B-1 *et seq.* of this code;

8 (2) The lawful authority or ability of the Insurance Commissioner or the State Auditor to
9 obtain any records from a financial institution relating to the financial institution's sale of insurance
10 or securities;

11 (3) The dissemination or publication of information derived from financial records if the
12 information cannot be identified to any particular customer, deposit, or account, or if the
13 information is in composite form and is not disseminated or published in a way which identifies any
14 particular customer, deposit, or account;

15 (4) The making of reports or returns specifically required or permitted by federal or state
16 law, including applicable tax law or regulations;

17 (5) The disclosure of any information under the provisions of the uniform commercial code
18 governing the dishonor of a negotiable instrument, or the disclosure to any purported state entity
19 payee or to any purported state entity holder of a check, draft, order, or other item, whether or not
20 such instrument has been accepted by such payee or holder as payment, as to whether or not
21 such instrument would be honored if presented at the time of such disclosure;

22 (6) A state entity obtaining a credit report or consumer credit report from anyone other than
23 a financial institution;

24 (7) The exchange, in the regular course of business, of information showing the
25 outstanding balance of a mortgage loan account in connection with a sale, refinancing, or
26 foreclosure of real property in a transaction to which the state entity is a party; or the disclosure, in
27 the regular course of business, of information on a mortgage or deed of trust on a subject property
28 to a state entity as holder of any subordinate mortgage, deed of trust or security interest;

29 (8) The disclosure to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
30 Human Services, upon written request, of an individual's financial records which the department
31 determines are necessary to verify or confirm the individual's eligibility or ineligibility for public
32 assistance;

33 (9) The disclosure of an individual's financial records in response to a written request by
34 the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, as authorized
35 by the federal parent locator service of the United States Department of Health and Human
36 Services;

37 (10) The examination or audit of financial records relating to preneed funeral trust accounts
38 pursuant to §47-14-1 *et seq.* of this code;

39 (11) The disclosure of financial records relating to unclaimed property pursuant to §36-8-1
40 *et seq.* of this code, including the examination of financial records by the State Treasurer or his or

41 her agent to determine compliance with the handling and reporting of unclaimed property as
42 provided by, and subject to, the limitations set forth in §36-8-20 of this code;

43 (12) The presentation to appropriate local, state, or federal law-enforcement authorities of
44 a certificate under oath by an authorized representative of a financial institution drawee that
45 declares the dishonor of the check, draft, or order by the drawee, the lack of an account with the
46 drawee at the time of utterance or the insufficiency of the drawer's funds at the time of presentation
47 and utterance in connection with any criminal action for obtaining property or services by a
48 worthless check, draft, or order;

49 (13) The notification to appropriate local, state, or federal law-enforcement authorities or
50 regulatory agencies that the financial institution, its officers, employees or agents thereof have
51 information which may be relevant to a possible violation of any statute or regulation: *Provided,*
52 That nothing in this subdivision permits disclosure of protected financial information in violation of
53 §31A-2B-1 *et seq.* of this code. The disclosure of any information pursuant to this subdivision may
54 only include the name or other identifying information concerning any individual, corporation, or
55 account involved in and the nature of any suspected illegal activity;

56 (14) The disclosure of information or records by a financial institution to any court or other
57 appropriate state entity which is incidental to recording a lien, perfecting a security interest,
58 proving a claim in bankruptcy, or otherwise collecting on a debt owing either to the financial
59 institution itself or in its role as a fiduciary;

60 (15) The disclosure of information or records by a financial institution which is incidental to
61 processing an application for assistance to a customer in the form of a government loan, loan
62 guaranty, or loan insurance agreement, or which is incidental to processing a default on, or
63 administering, a government guaranteed or insured loan or to initiating contact with an appropriate
64 state entity for the purpose of providing any financial record necessary to permit such authority to
65 carry out its responsibilities under a loan, loan guaranty, or loan insurance agreement;

66 (16) The disclosure of information incidental to a transaction in the normal course of
67 business of the financial institution where there is no reasonable cause to believe that the
68 information is intended to be used by the state entity in connection with an investigation of the
69 customer;

70 (17) The preparation, review, handling, or maintenance of financial records in the ordinary
71 course of business by any officer, employee, or agent of a financial institution having custody of
72 the records; or

73 (18) The disclosure to appropriate law-enforcement officials of the financial records of any
74 officer, director, employee, or controlling shareholder of a financial institution by a financial
75 institution or by any state or federal regulatory agency having authority to regulate the financial
76 institution, if there is reason to believe that the financial record is relevant to a possible violation by
77 such person of any law relating to a crime against the financial institution or any such state or
78 federal regulatory agency. No state or federal regulatory agency which discloses any information
79 pursuant to this subdivision shall be deemed to have waived any privilege applicable to that record
80 under law.

81 (b) Nothing in this article shall preclude a state entity from obtaining information that is
82 public record without regard to this article although the information may have been derived from
83 financial records.

84 (c) Nothing in this article shall preclude a state entity from obtaining information or financial
85 records voluntarily submitted to it by others in an attempt to seek governmental assistance or
86 redress of a grievance, including legislative change: *Provided*, That the financial record or
87 information was not solicited by the state entity in an effort to evade the requirements of this article
88 or submitted by a financial institution in contravention of §31A-2A-7 of this code.

89 (d) Notwithstanding the exceptions set forth in this section, a financial institution may not
90 disclose financial records to a state entity and a state entity may not compel disclosure of financial
91 records in a manner that singles out or discriminates against any person based on activity

92 protected by the Second Amendment to the United States Constitution or Section 22, Article III of
93 the West Virginia Constitution.

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

ARTICLE 15B. UNIFORM HEALTH CARE ADMINISTRATION ACT.

§33-15B-3. Insurance commissioner to propose rules; use of standardized forms and classifications; advisory group.

1 (a) The commissioner shall propose rules for legislative approval, in accordance with the
2 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, regarding the implementation and use of uniform
3 health care administrative forms. Such rules shall establish, where practicable, the acceptance
4 and use throughout the health care system of standard administrative forms, terms or procedures,
5 including, but not limited to, the following:

6 (1) The standard CMS 1500 health insurance claim form, as amended, or other similar
7 forms, terms, and definitions to be used which are consistent with health care and insurance
8 industry standards.

9 (2) International classification of disease, ninth clinical modifications (ICD-9-CM) and
10 common procedural terminology (CPT) codes, as amended, or other similar forms, terms, and
11 definitions to be used which are consistent with health care and insurance industry standards.

12 (3) National uniform billing data element specifications (UB-04), as amended, and as
13 supplemented by the West Virginia uniform billing committee, or other similar forms, terms, and
14 definitions to be used which are consistent with health care and insurance industry standards.

15 (4) Consideration of current practices involving reimbursement of claims and explanation
16 of benefits, and the implementation of standards and guidelines regarding explanation of benefits,
17 including, but not limited to, consideration of line item explanations of payments or denial of
18 payments.

19 (b) The legislative rules required herein shall be developed with the advice of an advisory
20 group to be appointed by the commissioner. Such advisory group shall consist of representatives
21 of consumers, providers, payors, and regulatory agencies, including representatives from the
22 following: ~~The department of health and human resources~~ Department of Human Services; the
23 West Virginia health care authority; West Virginia dental association; West Virginia pharmacists
24 association; the West Virginia hospital association; commercial health insurers; third party
25 administrators; the West Virginia state medical association; the West Virginia nurses association;
26 public employees insurance agency; and consumers.

27 (c) The commissioner and the advisory group shall review the legislative rules to be
28 proposed pursuant to this section as necessary and update the same in a timely manner in order
29 to conform to current legislation and health care and insurance industry standards and trends.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

§33-25A-7b. Loss ratio.

1 If a health maintenance organization considers a loss ratio at the time of renewal of a
2 policy, plan, or contract, the health maintenance organization shall, upon request of a subscriber,
3 provide the loss ratio and the components of the loss ratio calculation to the subscriber no more
4 than 90 days but no less than 60 days before the renewal date of the policy, plan, or contract. For
5 purposes of this section, "loss ratio" means the total losses paid out in medical claims divided by
6 the total earned premiums: *Provided, However,* that medical claims do not include dental only or
7 vision only coverage. For purposes of this section, "subscriber" does not include a subscriber or
8 beneficiary of any policy, plan, or contract approved by the Bureau of Medical Services ~~of the~~
9 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ and entered into by a health maintenance
10 organization with Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program.

§33-25A-9. Annual report.

1 Every health maintenance organization shall comply with and is subject to the provisions of
2 §33-4-14 relating to filing of financial statements with the commissioner and the national

3 association of Insurance Commissioners. The annual financial statement required by that section
4 shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

5 (a) A statutory financial statement of the organization, including its balance sheet and
6 receipts and disbursements for the preceding year certified by an independent certified public
7 accountant, reflecting at least: (i) All prepayment and other payments received for health care
8 services rendered; (ii) expenditures to all providers, by classes or groups of providers, and
9 insurance companies or nonprofit health service plan corporations engaged to fulfill obligations
10 arising out of the health maintenance contract; (iii) expenditures for capital improvements, or
11 additions thereto, including, but not limited to, construction, renovation or purchase of facilities and
12 capital equipment; and (iv) the organization's fidelity bond;

13 (b) The number of new enrollees enrolled during the year, the number of enrollees as of the
14 end of the year and the number of enrollees terminated during the year on a form prescribed by the
15 commissioner;

16 (c) A summary of information compiled pursuant to §33-25A-4(1)(c) in such form as may
17 be required by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services
18 or a nationally recognized accreditation and review organization or as the commissioner may by
19 rule require;

20 (d) A report of the names and residence addresses of all persons set forth in §33-25A-
21 3(1)(c) who were associated with the health maintenance organization during the preceding year,
22 and the amount of wages, expense reimbursements or other payments to those individuals for
23 services to the health maintenance organization, including a full disclosure of all financial
24 arrangements during the preceding year required to be disclosed pursuant to §33-25A-3(1)(c);
25 and

26 (e) Any other information relating to the performance of the health maintenance
27 organization as is reasonably necessary to enable the commissioner to carry out his or her duties
28 under this article.

§33-25A-17. Examinations.

1 (a) The Commissioner may make an examination of the affairs of any health maintenance
2 organization and providers with whom the organization has contracts, agreements or other
3 arrangements as often as he or she considers it necessary for the protection of the interests of the
4 people of this state but not less frequently than once every five years.

5 (b) The Commissioner may contract with the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
6 Department of Human Services, any entity which has been accredited by a nationally recognized
7 accrediting organization and has been approved by the Commissioner to make examinations
8 concerning the quality of health care services of any health maintenance organization and
9 providers with whom the organization has contracts, agreements or other arrangements, or any
10 entity contracted with by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
11 Services, as often as it considers necessary for the protection of the interests of the people of this
12 state, but not less frequently than once every three years: *Provided*, That in making the
13 examination, the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services or
14 the accredited entity shall use the services of persons or organizations with demonstrable
15 expertise in assessing quality of health care.

16 (c) Every health maintenance organization and affiliated provider shall submit its books
17 and records to the examinations and in every way facilitate them. For the purpose of examinations,
18 the Commissioner and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
19 Services have all powers necessary to conduct the examinations, including, but not limited to, the
20 power to issue subpoenas, the power to administer oaths to and examine the officers and agents
21 of the health maintenance organization and the principals of the providers concerning their
22 business.

23 (d) The health maintenance organization and any other entity subject to examination
24 pursuant to this article are subject to the provisions of sections four, five, six, seven, eight and nine,
25 article two of this chapter in regard to the expense and conduct of examinations.

26 (e) In lieu of the examination, the Commissioner may accept the report of an examination
27 made by other states.

28 (f) The expenses of an examination assessing quality of health care under subsection (b)
29 of this section and section seventeen-a of this article shall be reimbursed pursuant to subsection
30 (n), section nine, article two of this chapter.

§33-25A-18. Suspension or revocation of certificate of authority.

1 (1) The commissioner may suspend or revoke any certificate of authority issued to a health
2 maintenance organization under this article if he or she finds that any of the following conditions
3 exist:

4 (a) The health maintenance organization is operating significantly in contravention of its
5 basic organization document, in any material breach of contract with an enrollee, or in a manner
6 contrary to that described in and reasonably inferred from any other information submitted under
7 section three of this article unless amendments to the submissions have been filed with an
8 approval of the commissioner;

9 (b) The health maintenance organization issues evidence of coverage or uses a schedule
10 of premiums for health care services which do not comply with the requirements of section eight of
11 this article;

12 (c) The health maintenance organization does not provide or arrange for basic health care
13 services;

14 (d) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services or
15 other accredited entity certifies to the commissioner that: (i) The health maintenance organization
16 is unable to fulfill its obligations to furnish health care services as required under its contract with
17 enrollees; or (ii) the health maintenance organization does not meet the requirements of
18 subsection (l), section four of this article;

19 (e) The health maintenance organization is no longer financially responsible and may
20 reasonably be expected to be unable to meet its obligations to enrollees or prospective enrollees
21 or is otherwise determined by the commissioner to be in a hazardous financial condition;

22 (f) The health maintenance organization has failed to implement a mechanism affording
23 the enrollees an opportunity to participate in matters of policy and operation under section six of
24 this article;

25 (g) The health maintenance organization has failed to implement the grievance procedure
26 required by section twelve of this article in a manner to reasonably resolve valid grievances;

27 (h) The health maintenance organization, or any person on its behalf, has advertised or
28 merchandised its services in an untrue, misrepresentative, misleading, deceptive or unfair
29 manner;

30 (i) The continued operation of the health maintenance organization would be hazardous to
31 its enrollees;

32 (j) The health maintenance organization has otherwise failed to substantially comply with
33 this article;

34 (k) The health maintenance organization has violated a lawful order of the commissioner;
35 or

36 (l) The health maintenance organization has not complied with the requirements of section
37 seventeen-a of this article.

38 (2) A certificate of authority shall be suspended or revoked only after compliance with the
39 requirements of section twenty-one of this article.

40 (3) When the certificate of authority of a health maintenance organization is suspended,
41 the health maintenance organization shall not, during the period of the suspension, enroll any
42 additional enrollees except newborn children or other newly acquired dependents of existing
43 enrollees, and shall not engage in any advertising or solicitation whatsoever.

44 (4) When the certificate of authority of a health maintenance organization is revoked, the
45 organization shall proceed, immediately following the effective date of the order of revocation, to
46 terminate its affairs, and shall conduct no further business except as may be essential to the
47 orderly conclusion of the affairs of the organization. It shall engage in no further advertising or
48 solicitation whatsoever. The commissioner may, by written order, permit such further operation of
49 the organization as he or she may find to be in the best interests of enrollees, to the end that
50 enrollees will be afforded the greatest practical opportunity to obtain continuing health care
51 coverage.

§33-25A-27. Authority to contract with health maintenance organizations under Medicaid.

1 The Department of ~~welfare~~ ~~is hereby authorized~~ of Human Services may to enter into
2 contracts with health maintenance organizations certified and permitted to market under the laws
3 of this state, and to furnish to recipients of medical assistance under Title XIX of the Social Security
4 Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1396, *et. seq.*, health care services offered to such recipients under the
5 medical assistance plan of West Virginia.

§33-25A-36. Assignment of certain benefits in dental care insurance coverage.

1 (a) Any entity regulated under this article that provides dental care coverage to a covered
2 person shall honor an assignment, made in writing by the person covered under the policy, of
3 payments due under the policy to a dentist or a dental corporation for services provided to the
4 covered person that are covered under the policy. Upon notice of the assignment, the entity shall
5 make payments directly to the provider of the covered services. A dentist or dental corporation
6 with a valid assignment may bill the entity and notify the entity of the assignment. Upon request of
7 the entity, the dentist or dental corporation shall provide a copy of the assignment to the entity.

8 (b) A covered person may revoke an assignment made pursuant to subsection (a) of this
9 section with or without the consent of the provider. The revocation shall be in writing. The covered
10 person shall provide notice of the revocation to the entity. The entity shall send a copy of the
11 revocation notice to the dentist or dental corporation subject to the assignment. The revocation is

12 effective when both the entity and the provider have received a copy of the revocation notice. The
13 revocation is only effective for any charges incurred after both parties have received the
14 revocation notice.

15 (c) If, under an assignment authorized in subsection (a) of this section, a dentist or dental
16 corporation collects payment from a covered person and subsequently receives payment from the
17 entity, the dentist or dental corporation shall reimburse the covered person, less any applicable
18 copayments, deductibles, or coinsurance amounts, within 45 days.

19 (d) Nothing in this section limits an entity's ability to determine the scope of the entity's
20 benefits, services, or any other terms of the entity's policies or to negotiate any contract with a
21 licensed health care provider regarding reimbursement rates or any other lawful provisions.

22 (e) Any entity providing dental care shall provide conspicuous notice to the covered person
23 that the assignment of benefits is optional, and that additional payments may be required if the
24 assigned benefits are not sufficient to pay for received services.

25 (f) The provisions of this section shall not apply to insurers or managed care organizations
26 with respect to their Medicaid or CHIP plans or contracts which are reviewed and approved by the
27 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Bureau for Medical Services.

ARTICLE 25B. FEDERAL INSURANCE SUBSIDY FOR CHILDREN'S HEALTH.

§33-25B-6. Duties and responsibilities of ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services to provide training and other services.

1 (a) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
2 design and provide the vouchers to any corporation wishing to participate in the program at a cost
3 not to exceed the actual cost of the voucher.

4 (b) No later than ninety days after a request is made by a corporation wishing to participate
5 in the insurance subsidy program, the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department
6 of Human Services in cooperation with the corporations participating in the program, shall begin to
7 conduct regional training and information sessions in all regions of the state. The purpose of these

8 sessions is to train guardians and potential applicant aides in the necessary rules to qualify under
9 the federal guidelines for earned income credits and the requirements of this section. These
10 sessions shall be open to the public and potential applicant aides, at a charge not to exceed \$10
11 which shall be used solely to defray the costs of conducting the training sessions. Sessions shall
12 be available in at least the first and fourth quarter of the calendar year in all regions of the state
13 after a request has been made by a corporation to commence such training sessions. The
14 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may waive the fee
15 for guardians.

16 (c) Potential applicant aides shall be tested by the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
17 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services. Potential applicant aides who successfully complete
18 the test shall be awarded a certificate entitling them to work as an applicant aide. The ~~Department~~
19 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall propose legislative rules
20 for promulgation in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
21 code.

ARTICLE 25D. PREPAID LIMITED HEALTH SERVICE ORGANIZATION ACT.

§33-25D-18. Examinations.

1 (a) The commissioner may make an examination of the affairs of any prepaid limited health
2 service organization and providers with whom the organization has contracts, agreements or other
3 arrangements as often as he or she considers it necessary for the protection of the interests of the
4 people of this state but not less frequently than once every five years.

5 (b) The commissioner may contract with the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
6 Department of Human Services, any entity which has been accredited by a nationally recognized
7 accrediting organization and has been approved by the commissioner to make examinations
8 concerning the quality of health care services of any prepaid limited health service organization
9 and providers with whom the organization has contracts, agreements or other arrangements, or
10 any such entity contracted with by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of

11 Human Services, as often as it considers necessary for the protection of the interests of the people
12 of this state, but not less frequently than once every five years: *Provided*, That in making the
13 examination, the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services or
14 the accredited entity shall utilize the services of persons or organizations with demonstrable
15 expertise in assessing quality of health care.

16 (c) Every prepaid limited health service organization and affiliated provider shall submit its
17 books and records to the examinations and in every way facilitate them. For the purpose of
18 examinations, the commissioner and the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
19 Department of Human Services have all powers necessary to conduct the examinations,
20 including, but not limited to, the power to issue subpoenas, the power to administer oaths to and
21 examine the officers and agents of the prepaid limited health service organization and the
22 principals of the providers concerning their business.

23 (d) The prepaid limited health service organization is subject to the provisions of section
24 nine, article two of this chapter in regard to the expense and conduct of examinations.

25 (e) In lieu of the examination, the commissioner may accept the report of an examination
26 made by another state.

27 (f) The expenses of an examination assessing quality of health care under subsection (b)
28 of this section and section nineteen of this article shall be reimbursed pursuant to subdivision (5),
29 subsection (i), section nine, article two of this chapter.

§33-25D-20. Suspension or revocation of certificate of authority.

1 (a) The commissioner may suspend or revoke any certificate of authority issued to a
2 prepaid limited health service organization under this article if he or she finds that any of the
3 following conditions exist:

4 (1) The prepaid limited health service organization is operating significantly in
5 contravention of its basic organizational document, in any material breach of contract with an
6 enrollee, or in a manner contrary to that described in and reasonably inferred from any other

7 information submitted under section three of this article unless amendments to the submissions
8 have been filed with an approval of the commissioner;

9 (2) The prepaid limited health service organization issues an evidence of coverage or uses
10 a schedule of premiums limited health services which do not comply with the requirements of
11 section eleven of this article;

12 (3) The prepaid limited health service organization does not provide or arrange for those
13 limited health services which it has contracted to provide to enrollees;

14 (4) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services or
15 other accredited entity certifies to the commissioner that:

16 (A) The prepaid limited health service organization is unable to fulfill its obligations to
17 furnish limited health services as required under its contract with enrollees; or

18 (B) The prepaid limited health service organization does not meet the requirements of
19 subsection (a), section five of this article;

20 (5) The prepaid limited health service organization is no longer financially responsible and
21 may reasonably be expected to be unable to meet its obligations to enrollees or prospective
22 enrollees or is otherwise determined by the commissioner to be in a hazardous financial condition;

23 (6) The prepaid limited health service organization has failed to implement a mechanism
24 affording the enrollees an opportunity to participate in matters of policy and operation under
25 section eight of this article;

26 (7) The prepaid limited health service organization has failed to implement the grievance
27 procedure required by section fourteen of this article in a manner to reasonably resolve valid
28 grievances;

29 (8) The prepaid limited health service organization, or any person on its behalf, has
30 advertised or merchandised its services in an untrue, misrepresentative, misleading, deceptive or
31 unfair manner;

32 (9) The continued operation of the prepaid limited health service organization would be
33 hazardous to its enrollees;

34 (10) The prepaid limited health service organization has otherwise failed to substantially
35 comply with this article;

36 (11) The prepaid limited health service organization has violated a lawful order of the
37 commissioner; or

38 (12) The prepaid limited health service organization has failed to implement or maintain a
39 quality assurance program considered satisfactory by the commissioner which meets the
40 minimum standards set forth in section nineteen of this article.

41 (b) A certificate of authority may be suspended or revoked only after compliance with the
42 requirements of section twenty-three of this article.

43 (c) When the certificate of authority of a prepaid limited health service organization is
44 suspended, the prepaid limited health service organization may not, during the period of the
45 suspension, enroll any additional enrollees except newborn children or other newly acquired
46 dependents of existing enrollees, and may not engage in any advertising or solicitation.

47 (d) When the certificate of authority of a prepaid limited health service organization is
48 revoked, the organization shall proceed, immediately following the effective date of the order of
49 revocation, to terminate its affairs, and may conduct no further business except as may be
50 essential to the orderly conclusion of the affairs of the organization. It may engage in no further
51 advertising or solicitation. The commissioner may, by written order, permit further operation of the
52 organization as he or she may find to be in the best interests of enrollees, to the end that enrollees
53 will be afforded the greatest practical opportunity to obtain continuing limited health service
54 coverage.

**§33-25D-29. Authority to contract with prepaid limited health service organizations under
Medicaid.**

1 The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services is
2 authorized to enter into contracts with prepaid limited health service organizations certified and
3 permitted to market under the laws of this state, and to furnish to recipients of medical assistance
4 under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §1396, *et seq.*, limited health services offered
5 to such recipients under the medical assistance plan of West Virginia. The children's health policy
6 board, the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, and the
7 Division of Juvenile Services within the Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety are further
8 authorized to enter into contracts with prepaid limited health service organizations to furnish
9 behavioral health services to adults and children who are eligible to receive such services under
10 chapter five, chapter sixteen, chapter twenty-seven or chapter forty-nine of this code.

ARTICLE 46. THIRD-PARTY ADMINISTRATOR ACT.

§33-46-18. Exemption for administrators of public health programs.

1 Programs supervised by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
2 Human Services, pursuant to chapter nine of this code; the Public Employees Insurance Agency,
3 pursuant to articles sixteen and sixteen-c, chapter five of this code; and the Department of
4 Administration, pursuant to article sixteen-b, chapter five of this code, are exempted from the
5 provisions of this article. Third-party administrators who administer the above-referenced
6 programs are exempt from the provisions of this article with respect to these specific programs
7 only.

**ARTICLE 54. REQUIRING ACCOUNTABLE PHARMACEUTICAL TRANSPARENCY,
OVERSIGHT, AND REPORTING ACT.**

§33-54-2. Definitions.

1 For the purpose of this article:

2 "Auditor" means the State Auditor of West Virginia, by himself or herself, or by any person
3 appointed, designated, or approved by the State Auditor to perform the service.

4 "Brand-name drug" means a prescription drug approved under 21 USC §355(b) or 42 USC
5 §262.

6 "Drug" or "prescription drug" refers to a brand-name, specialty, or generic prescription
7 drug.

8 "Drug manufacturer" means any entity that holds the national drug code for a prescription
9 drug and is engaged in the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or
10 processing of drug products; or is engaged in the packaging, repackaging, labeling, relabeling, or
11 distribution of drug products, and is not a wholesale distributor of drugs or a retail pharmacy
12 licensed under state law.

13 "Generic drug" means a prescription drug approved under 21 USC §355(j).

14 "Health benefit plan" means an individual, blanket, or group plan, policy, or contract for
15 health care services issued or delivered by a health benefit plan issuer in the state.

16 "Health benefit plan issuer" means an entity subject to the insurance laws and rules of this
17 state, or subject to the jurisdiction of the Insurance Commissioner, that contracts or offers to
18 contract, or enters into an agreement to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of
19 the costs of health care services, including government agencies and any insurer subject to §5-16-
20 1 *et seq.*, §33-15-1 *et seq.*, §33-16-1 *et seq.*, §33-24-1 *et seq.*, §33-25-1 *et seq.*, and §33-25A-1 *et*
21 *seq.* of this code. For purposes of this article, the term "health benefit plan issuer" does not include
22 insurers or managed care organizations with respect to their Medicaid or CHIP plans or contracts
23 which are reviewed and approved by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Bureau of
24 Medical Services.

25 "Market introduction" means the month and year in which the manufacturer acquired or
26 first marketed the drug for sale in the United States.

27 "National drug code" or "NDC" means the numerical code maintained by the United States
28 Food and Drug Administration that includes the labeler code, product code, and package code.

29 "Specialty drug" means a prescription drug covered under Medicare Part D that exceeds
30 the specialty tier cost threshold established by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

31 "Total spending" means the total of allowed amounts associated with payment for a
32 specified drug or drug group, for all covered lives.

33 "Utilization management" means a set of formal techniques designed to monitor the use of,
34 or evaluate the medical necessity, appropriateness, efficacy, or efficiency of, health care services,
35 procedures, or settings.

36 "Wholesale acquisition cost" or "WAC" is the manufacturer's list price to wholesalers or
37 direct purchasers in the United States on December 31 of the reference year, as reported in
38 wholesale price guides or other publications of drug or biological pricing data; it does not include
39 prompt pay or other discounts, rebates, or reductions in price. The current or proposed WAC is the
40 amount that prompts reporting under this act. If reported by a drug group, it is the average WAC
41 weighted by the relevant number of WAC units.

42 "Wholesale drug distributor" means an entity licensed by the West Virginia State Board of
43 Pharmacy that is engaged in the sale of generic, brand-name, or specialty drugs to persons other
44 than a consumer or patient.

ARTICLE 55. HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN NETWORK ACCESS AND ADEQUACY ACT.

§33-55-1. Definitions.

1 For purposes of this article:

2 "Authorized representative" means:

3 (A) A person to whom a covered person has given express written consent to represent the
4 covered person;

5 (B) A person authorized by law to provide substituted consent for a covered person; or

6 (C) The covered person's treating health care professional, only when the covered person
7 is unable to provide consent, or a family member of the covered person.

8 "Commissioner" means the Insurance Commissioner of this state.

9 "Covered benefit" or "benefit" means those health care services to which a covered person
10 is entitled under the terms of a health benefit plan.

11 "Covered person" means a policyholder, subscriber, enrollee, or other individual
12 participating in a health benefit plan.

13 "Emergency medical condition" means a physical, mental, or behavioral health condition
14 that manifests itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain that would lead
15 a prudent layperson, possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, to reasonably
16 expect, in the absence of immediate medical attention, to result in:

17 (A) Placing the individual's physical, mental, or behavioral health, or, with respect to a
18 pregnant woman, the woman's or her fetus's health in serious jeopardy;

19 (B) Serious impairment to a bodily function;

20 (C) Serious impairment of any bodily organ or part; or

21 (D) With respect to a pregnant woman who is having contractions:

22 (i) Inadequate time to affect a safe transfer to another hospital before delivery; or

23 (ii) When transfer to another hospital may pose a threat to the health or safety of the
24 woman or fetus.

25 "Emergency services" means, with respect to an emergency condition:

26 (A) A medical or mental health screening examination that is within the capability of the
27 emergency department of a hospital, including ancillary services routinely available to the
28 emergency department to evaluate the emergency medical condition; and

29 (B) Any further medical or mental health examination and treatment, to the extent they are
30 within the capabilities of the staff and facilities available at the hospital to stabilize the patient.

31 "Essential community provider" or "ECP" means a provider that:

32 (A) Serves predominantly low-income, medically underserved individuals, including a
33 health care provider defined in Section 340B(a)(4) of the Public Health Service Act (PHSA); or

34 (B) Is described in Section 1927(c)(1)(D)(i)(IV) of the Social Security Act, as set forth by
35 Section 221 of Pub.L.111-8.

36 "Facility" means an institution providing health care services or a health care setting,
37 including, but not limited to, hospitals and other licensed inpatient centers, ambulatory surgical or
38 treatment centers, skilled nursing centers, residential treatment centers, urgent care centers,
39 diagnostic, laboratory, and imaging centers, and rehabilitation and other therapeutic health
40 settings.

41 "Health benefit plan" means a policy, contract, certificate, or agreement entered into,
42 offered, or issued by a health carrier to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of
43 the costs of health care services.

44 "Health care professional" means a physician or other health care practitioner licensed,
45 accredited, or certified to perform specified (physical, mental, or behavioral) health care services
46 consistent with their scope of practice under state law.

47 "Health care provider" or "provider" means a health care professional, a pharmacy, or a
48 facility.

49 "Health care services" means services for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure, or
50 relief of a physical, mental, or behavioral health condition, illness, injury, or disease, including
51 mental health and substance use disorders.

52 "Health carrier" or "carrier" means an entity subject to the insurance laws and rules of this
53 state, or subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner, that contracts or offers to contract, or
54 enters into an agreement to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of
55 health care services, including an insurer issuing an accident and sickness insurance policy
56 pursuant to §33-15-1 *et seq.* of this code, an insurer issuing an accident and sickness group policy
57 pursuant to §33-16-1 *et seq.* of this code, a hospital medical and dental corporation licensed
58 pursuant to §33-24-1 *et seq.* of this code, a health care corporation licensed pursuant to §33-25-1
59 *et seq.* of this code, or a health maintenance organization licensed pursuant to §33-25A-1 *et seq.*

60 of this code. For purposes of this article, the term "health carrier" or "carrier" does not include
61 insurers or managed care organizations with respect to their Medicaid or Children's Health
62 Insurance Program (CHIP) plans or contracts which are reviewed and approved by the
63 Department of Health and Human Resources Bureau for Medical Services.

64 "Intermediary" means a person authorized to negotiate and execute provider contracts
65 with health carriers on behalf of health care providers or on behalf of a network.

66 "Limited scope dental plan" means a plan that provides coverage, substantially all of which
67 is for treatment of the mouth, including any organ or structure within the mouth, which is provided
68 under a separate policy, certificate, or contract of insurance or is otherwise not an integral part of a
69 group benefit plan.

70 "Limited scope vision plan" means a plan that provides coverage, substantially all of which
71 is for treatment of the eye, that is provided under a separate policy, certificate, or contract of
72 insurance or is otherwise not an integral part of a group benefit plan.

73 "Network" means the group or groups of participating providers providing services under a
74 network plan.

75 "Network plan" means a health benefit plan that either requires a covered person to use, or
76 creates incentives, including financial incentives, for a covered person to use health care
77 providers managed, owned, under contract with, or employed by the health carrier.

78 "Participating provider" means a provider who, under a contract with the health carrier or
79 with its contractor or subcontractor, has agreed to provide health care services to covered persons
80 with an expectation of receiving payment, other than coinsurance, copayments, or deductibles,
81 directly or indirectly from the health carrier.

82 "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a partnership, an association, a joint venture,
83 a joint stock company, a trust, an unincorporated organization, any similar entity, or any
84 combination of the foregoing.

85 "Primary care" means health care services for a range of common physical, mental, or
86 behavioral health conditions provided by a physician or nonphysician primary care professional.

87 "Primary care professional" means a participating health care professional designated by
88 the health carrier to supervise, coordinate, or provide initial care or continuing care to a covered
89 person, and who may be required by the health carrier to initiate a referral for specialty care and
90 maintain supervision of health care services rendered to the covered person.

91 "Specialist" means a physician or non-physician health care professional who:

92 (A) Focuses on a specific area of physical, mental, or behavioral health or a group of
93 patients; and

94 (B) Has successfully completed required training and is recognized by the state in which he
95 or she practices to provide specialty care.

96 "Specialist" includes a subspecialist who has additional training and recognition above and
97 beyond his or her specialty training.

98 "Specialty care" means advanced medically necessary care and treatment of specific
99 physical, mental, or behavioral health conditions, or those health conditions which may manifest in
100 particular ages or subpopulations, that are provided by a specialist, preferably in coordination with
101 a primary care professional or other health care professional.

102 "Telemedicine" or "Telehealth" means health care services provided through
103 telecommunications technology by a health care professional who is at a location other than where
104 the covered person is located.

105 "Tiered network" means a network that identifies and groups some or all types of providers
106 and facilities into specific groups to which different provider reimbursement, covered person cost-
107 sharing, or provider access requirements, or any combination thereof, apply for the same services.

108 "To stabilize" means with respect to an emergency medical condition to provide such
109 medical treatment of the condition as may be necessary to assure, within a reasonable medical
110 probability, that no material deterioration of the condition is likely to result from or occur during the

111 transfer of the individual to or from a facility, or, with respect to an emergency birth with no
112 complications resulting in a continued emergency to deliver the child and the placenta.

113 "Transfer" means the movement, including the discharge, of an individual outside a
114 hospital's facilities at the direction of any person employed by, or affiliated or associated, directly or
115 indirectly, with the hospital, but does not include the movement of an individual who:

116 (A) Has been declared dead; or

117 (B) Leaves the facility without the permission of any such person.

ARTICLE 56. HEALTH CARE SERVICES PROVIDED BY PHARMACISTS.

§33-56-1. Services provided by pharmacists.

1 (a) For health plans, policies, contracts, or agreements issued, amended, adjusted, or
2 renewed on or after January 1, 2021:

3 (1) Benefits may not be denied for any health care service performed by a pharmacist
4 licensed under §30-5-1 *et seq.* of this code if:

5 (A) The service performed was within the lawful scope of the pharmacist's license;

6 (B) The plan would have provided benefits if the service had been performed by another
7 health care provider; and

8 (C) The pharmacist is included in the plan's network of participating providers.

9 (2) The health plan shall include an adequate number of pharmacists in its network of
10 participating health care providers.

11 (b) The participation of pharmacies in the plan network's drug benefit does not satisfy the
12 requirement that plans include pharmacists in their network of participating health care providers.

13 (c) Health benefit plans, policies, contracts, or agreements issued, amended, adjusted, or
14 renewed on or after January 1, 2020, but before January 1, 2021, that delegate credentialing
15 agreements to contracted health care facilities shall accept credentialing for pharmacists
16 employed or contracted by those facilities. Health plans shall reimburse facilities for covered

17 services provided by network pharmacists within the pharmacists' scope of practice per
18 negotiations with the facility.

19 (d) For purposes of this section, health plans, policies, contracts, or agreements do not
20 include Medicaid or Children's Health Insurance Program health plans, policies, contracts, or
21 agreements that are approved by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Bureau of
22 Medical Services.

ARTICLE 59. REQUIRED COVERAGE FOR HEALTH INSURANCE.

§33-59-1. Cost sharing in prescription insulin drugs.

1 (a) *Findings.* –

2 (1) It is estimated that over 240,000 West Virginians are diagnosed and living with type 1 or
3 type 2 diabetes and another 65,000 are undiagnosed;

4 (2) Every West Virginian with type 1 diabetes and many with type 2 diabetes rely on daily
5 doses of insulin to survive;

6 (3) The annual medical cost related to diabetes in West Virginia is estimated at \$2.5 billion
7 annually;

8 (4) Persons diagnosed with diabetes will incur medical costs approximately 2.3 times
9 higher than persons without diabetes;

10 (5) The cost of insulin has increased astronomically, especially the cost of insurance
11 copayments, which can exceed \$600 per month. Similar increases in the cost of diabetic
12 equipment and supplies, and insurance premiums have resulted in out-of-pocket costs for many
13 West Virginia diabetics in excess of \$1,000 per month;

14 (6) National reports indicate as many as one in four type 1 diabetics underuse, or ration,
15 insulin due to these increased costs. Rationing insulin has resulted in nerve damage, diabetic
16 comas, amputation, kidney damage, and even death; and

17 (7) It is important to enact policies to reduce the costs for West Virginians with diabetes to
18 obtain life-saving and life-sustaining insulin.

19 (b) As used in this section:

20 (1) "Cost-sharing payment" means the total amount a covered person is required to pay at
21 the point of sale in order to receive a prescription drug that is covered under the covered person's
22 health plan.

23 (2) "Covered person" means a policyholder, subscriber, participant, or other individual
24 covered by a health plan.

25 (3) "Health plan" means any health benefit plan, as defined in §33-16-1a(h) of this code,
26 that provides coverage for a prescription insulin drug.

27 (4) "Pharmacy benefits manager" means an entity that engages in the administration or
28 management of prescription drug benefits provided by an insurer for the benefit of its covered
29 persons.

30 (5) "Prescription insulin drug" means a prescription drug that contains insulin and is used to
31 treat diabetes.

32 (c) Each health plan shall cover at least one type of insulin in all the following categories:

33 (1) Rapid-acting;

34 (2) Short-acting;

35 (3) Intermediate-acting;

36 (4) Long-acting;

37 (5) Pre-mixed insulin products;

38 (6) Pre-mixed insulin/GLP-1 RA products; and

39 (7) Concentrated human regular insulin.

40 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of §33-1-1 *et seq.* of this code, an insurer subject to
41 §33-15-1 *et seq.*, §33-16-1 *et seq.*, §33-24-1 *et seq.*, §33-25-1 *et seq.*, and §33-25A-1 *et seq.* of
42 this code which issues or renews a health insurance policy on or after July 1, 2020, shall provide
43 coverage for prescription insulin drugs pursuant to this section.

44 (e) Cost sharing for a 30-day supply of a covered prescription insulin drug shall not exceed
45 \$100 for a 30-day supply of a covered prescription insulin, regardless of the quantity or type of
46 prescription insulin used to fill the covered person's prescription needs.

47 (f) Nothing in this section prevents an insurer from reducing a covered person's cost
48 sharing to an amount less than the amount specified in subsection (e) of this section.

49 (g) No contract between an insurer subject to §33-15-1 *et seq.*, §33-16-1 *et seq.*, §33-24-1
50 *et seq.*, §33-25-1 *et seq.*, and §33-25A-1 of this code or its pharmacy benefits manager and a
51 pharmacy or its contracting agent shall contain a provision: (i) Authorizing the insurer's pharmacy
52 benefits manager or the pharmacy to charge; (ii) requiring the pharmacy to collect; or (iii) requiring
53 a covered person to make a cost-sharing payment for a covered prescription insulin drug in an
54 amount that exceeds the amount of the cost-sharing payment for the covered prescription insulin
55 drug established by the insurer pursuant to subsection (e) of this code.

56 (h) An insurer subject to §33-15-1 *et seq.*, §33-16-1 *et seq.*, §33-24-1 *et seq.*, §33-25-1 *et*
57 *seq.*, and §33-25A-1 of this code shall provide coverage for the following equipment and supplies
58 for the treatment and/or management of diabetes for both insulin-dependent and noninsulin-
59 dependent persons with diabetes and those with gestational diabetes: Blood glucose monitors,
60 monitor supplies, insulin, injection aids, syringes, insulin infusion devices, pharmacological agents
61 for controlling blood sugar, and orthotics.

62 (i) An insurer subject to §33-15-1 *et seq.*, §33-16-1 *et seq.*, §33-24-1 *et seq.*, §33-25-1 *et*
63 *seq.*, and §33-25A-1 of this code shall include coverage for diabetes self-management education
64 to ensure that persons with diabetes are educated as to the proper self-management and
65 treatment of their diabetes, including information on proper diets.

66 (j) All health care plans must offer an appeals process for persons who are not able to take
67 one or more of the offered prescription insulin drugs noted in subsection (c) of this code. The
68 appeals process shall be provided to covered persons in writing and afford covered persons and

69 their health care providers a meaningful opportunity to participate with covered persons health
70 care providers.

71 (k) Diabetes self-management education shall be provided by a health care practitioner
72 who has been appropriately trained. The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
73 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health shall promulgate legislative rules to implement training
74 requirements and procedures necessary to fulfill provisions of this subsection: *Provided*, That any
75 rules promulgated by the secretary shall be done after consultation with the Coalition for Diabetes
76 Management, as established in §16-5Z-1 *et seq.* of this code.

77 (l) A pharmacy benefits manager, a health plan, or any other third party that reimburses a
78 pharmacy for drugs or services shall not reimburse a pharmacy at a lower rate and shall not
79 assess any fee, charge-back, or adjustment upon a pharmacy on the basis that a covered
80 person's costs sharing is being impacted.

CHAPTER 44. ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES AND TRUSTS.

ARTICLE 16. TRUSTS FOR CHILDREN WITH AUTISM.

§44-16-3. West Virginia Children with Autism Trust Board; creation and composition of the trustee board; duties and responsibilities; reimbursement of expenses.

1 (a) The West Virginia Children with Autism Trust Board is created to qualify and oversee
2 trust accounts created pursuant to this article and held by approved banks or trust companies for
3 administration by qualified trustees.

4 (b) The West Virginia Children with Autism Trust Board shall consist of the following
5 governmental officials: The Tax Commissioner or his or her designee, who shall serve as the chair,
6 the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
7 Services, ~~as set forth in article one, chapter five-f of this code~~, or his or her designee, and the
8 Commissioner of Banking as set forth in article one, chapter thirty-one-a of this code, or his or her

9 designee. The board shall also consist of the following six public members who shall be appointed
10 by the Governor with advice and consent of the Senate:

11 (1) An attorney at law, licensed to practice law in this state pursuant to article two, chapter
12 thirty of this code. The attorney should have extensive knowledge and experience in the creation,
13 management and administration of trusts;

14 (2) A counselor licensed in this state pursuant to the provisions of article thirty-one, chapter
15 thirty of this code. The counselor should have experience in the delivery of vocational,
16 rehabilitative or support services to persons with disabilities;

17 (3) A physician or psychiatrist licensed in this state pursuant to the provisions of article
18 three, chapter thirty of this code. Such physician or psychiatrist must have extensive knowledge
19 and experience in diagnosis and treatment of persons with autism;

20 (4) One public member with a background in advocacy on behalf of persons with
21 disabilities; and

22 (5) Two citizen members.

23 (c) Each of the appointments shall be for a period of five years and appointees are eligible
24 for reappointment at the expiration of their terms. Of the public members of the board first
25 appointed, one shall be appointed for a term ending June 30, 2012, and a second for a four-year
26 term. The remainder shall be appointed for the full five-year terms as provided in this section. In
27 the event of a vacancy among appointed members, the Governor shall appoint a person
28 representing the same interests to fill the unexpired term.

29 (d) Members of the board may not be compensated in their capacity as members, but shall
30 be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their duties by the
31 Department of Administration. Expense payments are to be made at the same rate paid to state
32 employees.

33 (e) The board shall meet at least once per month to review and recommend to the Tax
34 Department approval of proposed qualified trust funds or to conduct other business as required by

35 this article or section twelve-i, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of this code. Board meetings shall
36 be held in person, by video conference or by teleconference, or a combination thereof. Five
37 members of the board shall constitute a quorum.

38 (f) Notwithstanding the provision of section four, article six, chapter six of this code, the
39 Governor may remove any board member for incompetence, misconduct, gross immorality,
40 misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance in office.

41 (g) The Department of Administration shall provide support staff and office space for the
42 board.

43 (h) Nothing in this section creates an obligation of State General Revenue Funds:
44 *Provided*, That funding for expenses and offices of the West Virginia Children with Autism Trust
45 Board shall be paid, subject to appropriation.

46 (i) The board may propose rules for legislative approval and may adopt procedural and
47 interpretive rules in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
48 code to carry out the provisions of this article.

CHAPTER 44A. WEST VIRGINIA GUARDIANSHIP AND CONSERVATORSHIP ACT.

ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§44A-1-8. Persons and entities qualified to serve as guardian and conservator; default guardian and conservator; exemptions from conservator appointment.

1 (a) Any adult individual may be appointed to serve as a guardian, a conservator or both
2 upon a showing by the individual of the necessary education, ability and background to perform
3 the duties of guardian or conservator and upon a determination by the court that the individual is
4 capable of providing an active and suitable program of guardianship or conservatorship for the
5 protected person. The individual may not be employed by or affiliated with any public agency,

5 entity or facility that is providing substantial services or financial assistance to the protected person
6 except as set forth in section fifteen of this article.

7 (b) The court may, after first determining it to be in the best interest of the protected person,
8 appoint coguardians, coconservators or both.

9 (c) Any person being considered by a court for appointment as a guardian or conservator
10 shall provide information regarding any crime, other than traffic offenses, of which he or she was
11 convicted and the court or mental hygiene commissioner may order a background check to be
12 conducted by the State Police or county sheriff. The court shall consider this information in
13 determining the person's fitness to be appointed a guardian or conservator.

14 (d) Any nonprofit corporation chartered in this state and licensed as set forth in subsection
15 (e) of this section or a public agency that is not a provider of health care services to the protected
16 person may be appointed to serve as a guardian, a conservator or both so long as the entity is
17 capable of providing an active and suitable program of guardianship or conservatorship for the
18 protected person and is not otherwise providing substantial services or financial assistance to the
19 protected person.

20 (e) A nonprofit corporation chartered in this state may be appointed to serve as a guardian
21 or conservator or as a limited or temporary guardian or conservator for a protected person if it is
22 licensed to do so by the Secretary of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
23 Services. The secretary shall propose legislative rules for promulgation in accordance with the
24 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, for the licensure of nonprofit corporations and
25 shall provide for the review of the licenses. The rules shall, at a minimum, establish standards to
26 assure that any corporation licensed for guardianship or conservatorship:

27 (1) Has sufficient fiscal and administrative resources to perform the fiduciary duties and
28 make the reports and accountings required by this chapter;

29 (2) Will respect and maintain the dignity and privacy of the protected person;

30 (3) Will protect and advocate the legal human rights of the protected person;

31 (4) Will assure that the protected person is receiving appropriate educational, vocational,
32 residential and medical services in the setting least restrictive of the individual's personal liberty;

33 (5) Will encourage the protected person to participate to the maximum extent of his or her
34 abilities in all decisions affecting him or her and to act in his or her own behalf on all matters in
35 which he or she is able to do so;

36 (6) Does not provide educational, vocational, residential or medical services to the
37 protected person; and

38 (7) Has written provisions in effect for the distribution of assets and for the appointment of
39 temporary guardians and conservators for any protected persons it serves in the event the
40 corporation ceases to be licensed by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
41 Department of Human Services or otherwise becomes unable to serve as guardian.

42 (f) A duly licensed nonprofit corporation that has been appointed to serve as a guardian or
43 as a conservator pursuant to the provisions of this article is entitled to compensation in accordance
44 with the provisions of section thirteen of this article.

45 (g) Except as provided in sections thirteen and fifteen of this article, no guardian or
46 conservator nor any officer, agent, director, servant or employee of any guardian or conservator
47 may do business with or in any way profit, either directly or indirectly, from the estate or income of
48 any protected person for whom services are being performed by the guardian or conservator.

49 (h) A person who has an interest as a creditor of a protected person is not eligible for
50 appointment as either a guardian or conservator of the protected person except that a bank or trust
51 company authorized to exercise trust powers or to engage in trust business in this state may be
52 appointed as a conservator if the court determines it is capable of providing suitable
53 conservatorship for the protected person.

54 (i) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
55 Human Services shall designate the adult protective services division of the county of
56 appointment, or another agency under his or her jurisdiction, to be appointed as guardian when

57 there is no other individual, nonprofit corporation or other public agency that is equally or better
58 qualified and willing to serve. The department may not refuse to accept the guardianship
59 appointment when ordered by the court but may not be appointed as conservator.

60 (j) The sheriff of the county in which a court has jurisdiction shall be appointed as
61 conservator when there is no other individual, nonprofit corporation or other public agency that is
62 equally or better qualified and willing to serve. The sheriff may not refuse to accept the
63 conservatorship appointment when ordered by the court but may not be appointed as guardian.

64 (k) A conservator shall not be appointed when the alleged protected person's total assets
65 are worth less than \$2,000 or the alleged protected person's income is:

66 (1) From the Social Security Administration and a representative payee has been
67 appointed to act in the best interest of the individual;

68 (2) From Medicaid and the only income distributed to the individual is the personal account
69 allotment; or

70 (3) Less than \$50 per month or \$600 per year. In these instances, the guardian,
71 representative payee or health care facility, if there is no other person or entity, shall manage the
72 personal care account or assets.

§44A-1-9. Posting of bonds; actions on bond.

1 (a) The court has the discretion to determine whether the posting of a bond by a guardian,
2 once appointed, is necessary. No bond is required of any sheriff or representative of the
3 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services appointed as
4 conservator or guardian, respectively.

5 (b) The court shall order the posting of a bond by a conservator prior to appointment except
6 where the conservator is excused from posting bond under the provisions of section eighteen,
7 article four, chapter thirty-one-a of this code. In determining the amount or type of a conservator's
8 bond, the court or mental hygiene commissioner shall consider:

9 (1) The value of the personal estate and annual gross income and other receipts within the
10 conservator's control;

11 (2) The extent to which the estate has been deposited under an arrangement requiring an
12 order of court for its removal;

13 (3) Whether an order has been entered waiving the requirement that accountings be filed
14 and presented or permitting accountings to be presented less frequently than annually;

15 (4) The extent to which the income and receipts are payable directly to a facility
16 responsible for or which has assumed responsibility for the care or custody of the protected
17 person;

18 (5) The extent to which the income and receipts are derived from state or federal programs
19 that require periodic accountings;

20 (6) Whether a guardian has been appointed, and if so, whether the guardian has presented
21 reports as required; and

22 (7) Whether the conservator was appointed pursuant to a nomination which requested that
23 bond be waived.

24 (c) Any required bond may be with a surety and in an amount and form as the court may
25 order and the court may order additional bond or reduce the bond whenever the court finds that a
26 modification is in the best interests of the protected person or of the estate. The court may allow a
27 property bond in lieu of a cash bond. Proof of bonding must be submitted to the court within thirty
28 days of entry of the order regarding bond.

29 (d) In case of a breach of any condition placed on the bond of any guardian or conservator,
30 an action may be instituted by any interested person for the use and benefit of the protected
31 person, for the estate of the protected person or for the beneficiaries of the estate.

32 (e) The following requirements and provisions apply to any bond which the court may
33 require under this section:

34 (1) Sureties are jointly and severally liable with the guardian or conservator and with each
35 other;

36 (2) By executing an approved bond of a guardian or conservator, the surety consents to the
37 jurisdiction of the court in any proceeding pertaining to the fiduciary duties of the conservator and
38 naming the surety as a party respondent. Notice of any proceeding must be delivered to the surety
39 or mailed by registered or certified mail to the address of the surety listed with the court in which
40 the bond is filed. If the party initiating a proceeding possesses information regarding the address of
41 a surety which would appear to be more current than the address listed with the court, notice shall
42 also be mailed by registered or certified mail to the last address of the surety known to the party
43 initiating the proceeding;

44 (3) On petition of a successor guardian or conservator or any interested person, a
45 proceeding may be initiated against a surety for breach of the obligation of the bond of the
46 preceding guardian or conservator; and

47 (4) The bond of the guardian or conservator is not void after any recovery but may be
48 proceeded against from time to time until the whole penalty is exhausted.

49 (f) No proceeding may be commenced against the surety on any matter as to which an
50 action or proceeding against the guardian or conservator is barred by adjudication or limitation.

§44A-1-15. Eligibility of guardians or conservators employed pursuant to a ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services waiver program.

1 (a) A person employed pursuant to a written contract or other employment arrangement
2 with a licensed provider of behavioral health services for the purpose of providing services to a
3 protected person, may be appointed by a court as the guardian or conservator of the protected
4 person if:

5 (1) Payment for services provided under the contract or employment agreement is made
6 pursuant to a waiver program;

7 (2) The person is related to the protected person by blood, marriage or adoption;

8 (3) The contract or arrangement is disclosed in writing to the court; and

9 (4) The court finds that the appointment is in the best interests of the protected person.

10 (b) Without the prior approval of a court, a guardian or conservator may not enter into a
11 written contract or other employment arrangement with a licensed provider of behavioral health
12 services in which the guardian or conservator will receive compensation pursuant to a waiver
13 program.

14 (c) For the purposes of this section:

15 (1) "Behavioral health services" means services provided for the care and treatment of
16 persons with mental illness, intellectual disability, developmental disabilities or alcohol or drug
17 abuse problems in an inpatient, residential or outpatient setting, including, but not limited to,
18 habilitative or rehabilitative interventions or services and cooking, cleaning, laundry and personal
19 hygiene services provided for such care; and

20 (2) "Waiver program" means a ~~West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resource~~
21 Department of Human Services administered waiver program, including, but not limited to, the
22 "MR/DD" or "Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities" waiver program authorized by section
23 1915(c) of the Social Security Act.

24 (d) A person appointed to serve as a guardian or conservator prior to the effective date of
25 this section, enacted during the 2011 Regular Session of the Legislature, who meets the
26 requirements contained in subsection (a), shall retain his or her authority, powers and duties in that
27 capacity under the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That the guardian or conservator informs
28 the court, in writing, that he or she is employed pursuant to a written contract or other employment
29 arrangement with a licensed provider of behavioral health services under the waiver program.

ARTICLE 2. PROCEDURE FOR APPOINTMENT.

§44A-2-2. Who may file petition; contents.

1 (a) A petition for the appointment of a guardian, a conservator, or both, may be filed by the
2 individual alleged to be a protected person, by a person who is responsible for the individual's care

3 or custody, by the facility providing care to the individual, by the person that the individual has
4 nominated as guardian or conservator, by a person acting as a de facto guardian or de facto
5 conservator or by any other interested person, including, but not limited to, the ~~Department of~~
6 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

7 (b) A petition for the appointment of a guardian, a conservator, or both, shall state the
8 petitioner's name, place of residence, post office address, and relationship to the alleged
9 protected person, and shall, to the extent known as of the date of filing, include the following:

10 (1) The alleged protected person's name, date of birth, place of residence or location and
11 post office address;

12 (2) The names and post office addresses of the alleged protected person's nearest
13 relatives, in the following order:

14 (i) The spouse and children, if any; or if none

15 (ii) The parents and brothers and sisters, if any; or if none

16 (iii) The nearest known relatives who would be entitled to succeed to the person's estate by
17 intestate succession as set forth in article one, chapter forty-two of this code.

18 Once a relative or several relatives have been identified in one of the aforementioned
19 categories, relatives in a lower category do not have to be listed in the petition;

20 (3) The name, place of residence or location and post office address of the individual or
21 facility that is responsible for the person's care or custody, any person acting as a de facto
22 guardian or de facto conservator or any medical power of attorney representative or appointed
23 surrogate, and a detailed list of the acts performed by such person on behalf of the protected
24 person;

25 (4) The name, place of residence or location and post office address of any person
26 designated as a surrogate decisionmaker for the alleged protected person, or of any
27 representative or representatives designated under a durable power of attorney, medical power of

28 attorney or living will, of which the alleged protected person is the principal, and the petitioner shall
29 attach a copy of any of those documents, if available;

30 (5) The name, post office address and phone number of the attorney representing the
31 petitioner in the petition and appointment proceedings;

32 (6) Whether the person's incapacity will prevent attendance at the hearing and the reasons
33 therefor;

34 (7) The type of guardianship or conservatorship requested and the reasons for the request;

35 (8) The proposed guardian or conservator's name, post office address and, if the proposed
36 guardian or conservator is an individual, the individual's age, occupation, criminal history and
37 relationship to the alleged protected person;

38 (9) The name and post office address of a guardian nominated by the alleged protected
39 person if different from the proposed guardian or conservator, and, if the person nominated as a
40 guardian or conservator is an individual, the individual's age, occupation, criminal history and
41 relationship to the alleged protected person;

42 (10) The name and post office address of any guardian or conservator currently acting,
43 whether in this state or elsewhere;

44 (11) If the appointment of a limited guardian is requested, the specific areas of protection
45 and assistance to be included in the order of appointment;

46 (12) If the appointment of a limited conservator is requested, the specific areas of
47 management and assistance to be included in the order of appointment; and

48 (13) If the appointment of a conservator is requested for a missing person, the specific
49 circumstances under which the person is considered missing.

ARTICLE 3. GUARDIANSHIP AND CONSERVATORSHIP ADMINISTRATION.

**§44A-3-11. Filing of reports and accountings; misdemeanor for failure to file; reporting
elder abuse.**

1 (a) Reports of guardians and accountings of conservators, as described in this article shall
2 be filed with the circuit clerk of the county in which appointed and also with the fiduciary
3 commissioner of the county or other person if the court has made a referral in its order:

4 (1) Within six months of being appointed;

5 (2) By December 31 of each year thereafter;

6 (3) When the court orders additional reports or accountings to be filed;

7 (4) When the guardian or conservator resigns or is removed; and

8 (5) When the appointment of the guardian or conservator is terminated, except that in the
9 case of a guardian, the court may determine that there is no need for a report upon the termination;
10 and in the case of a conservator, no accounting is required if all persons entitled to any proceeds of
11 the estate consent thereto.

12 (b) The circuit clerk shall notify the court if the required reports are not filed or are
13 administratively incomplete. The fiduciary commissioner, or other person appointed by the court or
14 mental hygiene commissioner, shall review the reports and accountings multiannually, and may
15 request additional information from the guardian or conservator. If the reports or accountings are
16 not filed, or if there are any questions or discrepancies in the reports or accountings, the person
17 reviewing the report shall notify the court or mental hygiene commissioner for further investigation
18 or action of the court, including, but not limited to, a court order requesting copies of bank or
19 investment records, appointing counsel to investigate the matter or setting a hearing on the matter.

20 (c) If the court has in its order made a referral to the fiduciary commissioner of the county:

21 (1) The accounting shall be governed by and the fiduciary commissioner shall handle the
22 same under the provisions of sections ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen and fourteen, article four,
23 chapter forty-four of this code, except that all compensation and expenses of the conservator shall
24 be allowed and approved only by the circuit court in accordance with the provisions of section
25 thirteen, article one of this chapter.

26 (2) The fiduciary commissioner may not publish any notice concerning the filing of a
27 proposed accounting, but shall serve a copy of the proposed accounting of the conservator
28 together with the notice by United States mail on the protected person, all individuals and entities
29 given notice of the petition and any other person or entity found to be interested in the affairs of the
30 protected person, all of whom have standing to file exceptions to or falsify the accounting before
31 the fiduciary commissioner.

32 (3) In the settlement of the accounting of a conservator, the fiduciary commissioner is
33 entitled to fees as are allowed for fiduciary commissioners in the handling of accountings of a
34 decedent's estate, or as otherwise set by order of the circuit court.

35 (4) If the court or mental hygiene commissioner appoints a person other than the fiduciary
36 commissioner to review the reports, such person shall report to the court as required by this article.
37 The court shall establish a fee for reviewing a report which shall be paid by the Supreme Court of
38 Appeals from the Enforcement of Guardianship and Conservatorship Act Fund.

39 (5) Any party feeling aggrieved of a settlement or decision by the fiduciary commissioner
40 concerning the accounting may on motion filed within four months of the settlement or decision
41 appeal the same to the circuit court.

42 (d) Any guardian or conservator who knowingly violates the provisions of this section is
43 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more
44 than \$500.

45 (e) The parties, attorneys or mental hygiene commissioner shall report violations of this
46 section, or any other alleged elder abuse violations, including criminal elder abuse pursuant to
47 §61-2-29 of this code, to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
48 Services or county prosecutor for further investigation and action.

49 (f) The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals shall prescribe forms for reports,
50 accountings and inventories required to be filed pursuant to the provisions of this article.

**CHAPTER 46A. WEST VIRGINIA CONSUMER CREDIT AND
PROTECTION ACT.**

ARTICLE 6L. THEFT OF CONSUMER IDENTITY PROTECTIONS.

§46A-6L-102. Security freeze; timing; effect; covered entities; cost.

1 (a) A consumer-reporting agency shall permit a consumer to place a security freeze on his
2 or her credit report by the consumer selecting either of the following:

3 (1) A request in writing by certified or overnight mail to a consumer-reporting agency; or

4 (2) Making a request directly to the consumer-reporting agency through a secure
5 electronic method, if available: *Provided*, That by January 31, 2009, a secure electronic method
6 shall be made available to the consumer by the consumer-reporting agency.

7 (b) A consumer-reporting agency shall place a security freeze on a credit report no later
8 than five business days after receiving a written request from the consumer. If a security freeze is
9 in place, a report or information may not be distributed to a third party without prior express
10 authorization from the consumer. This subdivision does not prevent a consumer-reporting agency
11 from advising a third party that a security freeze is in effect with respect to the consumer's credit
12 report. A consumer-reporting agency may, regardless of the existence of a security freeze,
13 distribute information contained in a consumer file to the extent otherwise permitted by law if the
14 information was lawfully obtained by or for a consumer-reporting agency from an open public
15 record, without respect to the existence of a security freeze. Nothing herein prevents a consumer-
16 reporting agency from choosing to apply the security freeze to the entire contents of the credit
17 reporting file that is subject to the security freeze.

18 (c) The consumer-reporting agency shall send a written confirmation of the security freeze
19 to the consumer within five business days of placing the freeze and at the same time shall provide
20 the consumer with a unique personal identification number or password to be used by the
21 consumer when providing authorization for the distribution of his or her credit information.

22 (d) If the consumer wishes to allow his or her credit report to be accessed for a period of
23 time while a freeze is in place, he or she shall contact the consumer-reporting agency by regular
24 mail or a procedure developed under subsection (f) of this section and request that the freeze be
25 temporarily lifted, providing all of the following:

26 (1) Proper identification;

27 (2) The unique personal identification number or password provided by the consumer-
28 reporting agency pursuant to subsection (c) of this section; and

29 (3) The time period for which the credit report shall be available to users of the credit report.

30 (e) A consumer-reporting agency that receives a request from a consumer to temporarily
31 lift a freeze on a credit report pursuant to subsection (d) of this section shall comply with the
32 request no later than three business days after receiving the request.

33 (f) A consumer-reporting agency shall develop procedures involving the use of telephone,
34 fax, the Internet or other electronic media to receive and process a request from a consumer
35 pursuant to subsection (d) of this section to temporarily lift a freeze on a credit report in an
36 expedited manner.

37 (g) (1) Beginning on September 1, 2008, a consumer-reporting agency shall temporarily lift
38 a security freeze from a consumer's credit report within fifteen minutes after the consumer's
39 request is received pursuant to subsection (f) of this section by the consumer-reporting agency.

40 (2) A consumer-reporting agency does not have to remove a security freeze within the time
41 provided in this subsection if:

42 (A) The consumer fails to meet the requirements of subsection (d) of this section; or

43 (B) The consumer-reporting agency's ability to remove the security freeze within fifteen
44 minutes is prevented by:

45 (i) An act of God, including fire, earthquakes, hurricanes, storms or similar natural
46 disasters or phenomena;

47 (ii) Unauthorized or illegal acts by a third party, including terrorism, sabotage, riot,
48 vandalism, labor strikes or disputes disrupting operations or similar occurrence;

49 (iii) Operational interruption, including electrical failure, unanticipated delay in equipment
50 or replacement part delivery, computer hardware or software failures inhibiting response time or
51 similar disruption;

52 (iv) Governmental action, including emergency orders or regulations, judicial or law-
53 enforcement action or similar directives;

54 (v) Regularly scheduled maintenance, during other than normal business hours, of, or
55 updates to, the consumer-reporting agency's systems; or

56 (vi) Commercially reasonable maintenance of, or repair to, the consumer-reporting
57 agency's systems that is unexpected or unscheduled.

58 (h) A consumer-reporting agency shall remove or temporarily lift a freeze placed on a credit
59 report only upon the request of the consumer, pursuant to subsection (d) or (j) of this section.

60 (i) If a third party requests access to a credit report on which a security freeze is in effect,
61 and this request is in connection with an application for credit or any other use, and the consumer
62 has not allowed his or her credit report to be accessed for a period of time, the third party may treat
63 the application as incomplete.

64 (j) A security freeze shall remain in place until the consumer requests that the security
65 freeze be removed. A consumer-reporting agency shall remove a security freeze within three
66 business days of receiving a request for removal from the consumer who provides the following:

67 (1) Proper identification; and

68 (2) The unique personal identification number or password provided by the consumer-
69 reporting agency pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.

70 (k) A consumer-reporting agency shall require proper identification of the person making a
71 request to place or remove a security freeze.

72 (l) The provisions of this section do not apply to the distribution of a consumer credit report
73 to any of the following:

74 (1) A person or the person's subsidiary, affiliate, agent or assignee with whom the
75 consumer has or, prior to assignment, had an account, contract or debtor-creditor relationship for
76 the purposes of reviewing the account or collecting the financial obligation owing for the account,
77 contract or debt;

78 (2) A subsidiary, affiliate, agent, assignee or prospective assignee of a person to whom
79 access has been granted under this section for purposes of facilitating the extension of credit or
80 other permissible use;

81 (3) A person acting pursuant to a court order, warrant or subpoena;

82 (4) A state or local agency that administers a program for establishing and enforcing child
83 support obligations;

84 (5) The West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources Department of Human
85 Services or its agents or assigns acting to investigate fraud;

86 (6) The West Virginia Department of Revenue or its agents or assigns acting to investigate
87 or collect delinquent taxes or unpaid court orders or to fulfill any of its other statutory
88 responsibilities;

89 (7) A person for the purposes of prescreening as defined by the federal Fair Credit
90 Reporting Act;

91 (8) A person or entity administering a credit file monitoring subscription service to which the
92 consumer has subscribed; and

93 (9) A person or entity for the purpose of providing a consumer with a copy of his or her
94 credit report upon the consumer's request.

95 (10) Any person or entity for use in setting or adjusting a rate, adjusting a claim or
96 underwriting for insurance purposes to the extent not otherwise prohibited by law.

97 (m) The provisions of this section do not apply to any of the following:

98 (1) A consumer-reporting agency that acts only as a reseller of credit information by
99 assembling and merging information contained in the database of another consumer-reporting
100 agency or multiple consumer credit-reporting agencies and does not maintain a permanent
101 database of credit information from which new consumer credit reports are produced. A
102 consumer-reporting agency acting as a reseller shall honor any security freeze placed on a
103 consumer credit report by another consumer-reporting agency.

104 (2) A check services or fraud prevention services company which issues reports on
105 incidents of fraud or authorizations for the purpose of approving or processing negotiable
106 instruments, electronic funds transfers or similar methods of payments.

107 (3) A deposit account information service company which issues reports regarding account
108 closures due to fraud, a substantial number of overdrafts, ATM abuse or similar negative
109 information regarding a consumer to inquiring banks or other financial institutions for use only in
110 reviewing a consumer request for a deposit account at the inquiring bank or financial institution.

111 (4) A consumer-reporting agency's database or file which consists of information
112 concerning, and used for, criminal record information, fraud prevention or detection, personal loss
113 history information and employment, tenant or background screening.

114 (n) Except as prohibited by subsection (o) of this section, a consumer-reporting agency
115 may charge a reasonable fee, not to exceed \$5, to a consumer who elects to place, remove or
116 temporarily lift a security freeze on the consumer's credit report. No fees except those authorized
117 by this subsection and subsection (p) of this section may be charged in connection with a security
118 freeze.

119 (o) A consumer-reporting agency may not charge a fee for security freeze services to a
120 consumer who is a victim of identity theft and who provides a copy of a police report, an
121 investigative report or a written complaint made to the Federal Trade Commission, to the office of
122 the Attorney General of West Virginia or to a law-enforcement agency concerning the identity theft.

123 (p) A consumer may be charged a reasonable fee, not to exceed \$5, if the consumer fails
124 to retain the original unique personal identification number or password provided by the consumer-
125 reporting agency and must be reissued the same or a new unique personal identification number
126 or password.

CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS; DEFINITIONS.

§48-1-104. West Virginia code replacement.

1 The Department of ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services is not
2 required to change any form or letter that contains a citation to this code that is changed or
3 otherwise affected by the recodification of this chapter. ~~during the regular session of the~~
4 ~~Legislature in the year 2001 through the passage of Committee Substitute for House Bill 2199,~~
5 ~~unless specifically required by a provision of this code~~

§48-1-206. Automatic data processing and retrieval system defined.

1 "Automatic data processing and retrieval system" means a computerized data processing
2 system designed to do the following:

3 (1) To control, account for and monitor all of the factors in the support enforcement
4 collection and paternity determination process, including, but not limited to:

5 (A) Identifiable correlation factors (such as social security numbers, names, dates of birth,
6 home addresses and mailing addresses of any individual with respect to whom support obligations
7 are sought to be established or enforced and with respect to any person to whom such support
8 obligations are owing) to assure sufficient compatibility among the systems of different
9 jurisdictions to permit periodic screening to determine whether such individual is paying or is
10 obligated to pay support in more than one jurisdiction;

11 (B) Checking of records of such individuals on a periodic basis with federal, interstate,
12 intrastate and local agencies;

13 (C) Maintaining the data necessary to meet applicable federal reporting requirements on a
14 timely basis; and

15 (D) Delinquency and enforcement activities;

16 (2) To control, account for and monitor the collection and distribution of support payments
17 (both interstate and intrastate) the determination, collection and distribution of incentive payments
18 (both interstate and intrastate), and the maintenance of accounts receivable on all amounts owed,
19 collected and distributed;

20 (3) To control, account for and monitor the costs of all services rendered, either directly or
21 by exchanging information with state agencies responsible for maintaining financial management
22 and expenditure information;

23 (4) To provide access to the records of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
24 Department of Human Services in order to determine if a collection of a support payment causes a
25 change affecting eligibility for or the amount of aid under such program;

26 (5) To provide for security against unauthorized access to, or use of, the data in such
27 system;

28 (6) To facilitate the development and improvement of the income withholding and other
29 procedures designed to improve the effectiveness of support enforcement through the monitoring
30 of support payments, the maintenance of accurate records regarding the payment of support and
31 the prompt provision of notice to appropriate officials with respect to any arrearage in support
32 payments which may occur; and

33 (7) To provide management information on all cases from initial referral or application
34 through collection and enforcement.

§48-1-236. Secretary defined.

1 "Secretary" means the secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
2 Department of Human Services.

ARTICLE

2.

MARRIAGES.

§48-2-701. Premarital education encouraged; requirements.

1 (a) Persons applying for a marriage license may attend a premarital education course of at
2 least four hours during the twelve months immediately preceding the date of the application for the
3 license.

4 (b) A premarital education course offers instruction involving marital issues which may
5 include, but not be limited to, the following:

6 (1) Conflict management;

7 (2) Communication skills;

8 (3) Managing finances;

9 (4) Child and parenting responsibilities;

10 (5) Extended family roles; and

11 (6) Key components of a successful marriage.

12 (c) Premarital education course instructors must have training in skills-based and
13 research-based marriage preparation curricula.

14 (d) Premarital education courses may be performed by the following:

15 (1) A professional counselor or marriage and family therapist licensed pursuant to article
16 thirty-one, chapter thirty of this code;

17 (2) A social worker licensed pursuant to article thirty, chapter thirty of this code;

18 (3) A psychiatrist who is licensed as a physician pursuant to article three, chapter thirty of
19 this code;

20 (4) A psychologist who is licensed pursuant to article twenty-one, chapter thirty of this
21 code; or

22 (5) An active member of the clergy or his or her designee, including retired clergy, provided
23 that a designee is trained in skills-based and research-based marriage preparation curricula
24 premarital education.

25 (e) The premarital education course curricula must meet the requirements of this section
26 and provide a skills-based and research-based curricula of the following:

- 27 (1) The National Healthy Marriage Resource Center;
28 (2) A church, spiritual assembly, or religious organization; or
29 (3) Other substantially similar resource.

30 (f) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
31 maintain an Internet website on which individuals and organizations described in subsection (c)
32 may electronically register with the department to indicate the skills-based and research-based
33 curriculum in which the registrant is trained.

34 (g) The premarital education provider shall furnish each participant, who completes the
35 premarital education required by this section, a certificate of completion.

§48-2-702. Marriage education fund.

1 (a) There is hereby created a special revenue account within the State Treasury known as
2 the Marriage Education Fund. The account shall be administered by the Secretary of the
3 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

4 (b) Any balance in the account at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general
5 revenue fund but shall remain in the account and be expended as provided by in this section.

6 (c) The account shall consist of all fees collected under the provisions of §59-1-10(c)(4)(C)
7 of this code, legislative appropriations, and all interest or other returned earned from investment of
8 the fund.

9 (d) Expenditures from the account shall be made by the secretary for the purposes set forth
10 in section seven-hundred-one of this article, and are not authorized from collections, but are to be
11 made only in accordance with appropriation by the Legislature and in accordance with the
12 provisions of article three, chapter twelve of this code and upon the fulfillment of the provisions set
13 forth in article two, chapter eleven-b of this code: *Provided*, That for fiscal year ending June 30,

14 2013, expenditures are authorized from collections rather than pursuant to an appropriation by the
15 Legislature.

**ARTICLE 9. ALLOCATION OF CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY AND DECISION-
MAKING RESPONSIBILITY OF CHILDREN.**

§48-9-209. Parenting plan; considerations.

1 When entering an order approving or implementing a temporary or permanent parenting
2 plan order, including custodial allocation, the court shall consider whether a parent:

- 3 (1) Has abused, neglected, or abandoned a child, as defined by state law;
- 4 (2) Has sexually assaulted or sexually abused a child as those terms are defined in §61-
5 8B-1 *et seq.* and §61-8D-1 *et seq.* of this code;
- 6 (3) Has committed domestic violence, as defined in §48-27-202 of this code;
- 7 (4) Has overtly or covertly, persistently violated, interfered with, impaired, or impeded the
8 rights of a parent or a child with respect to the exercise of shared authority, residence, visitation, or
9 other contact with the child, except in the case of actions taken for the purpose of protecting the
10 safety of the child or the interfering parent or another family member, pending adjudication of the
11 facts underlying that belief; or
- 12 (5) Has made one or more fraudulent reports of domestic violence or child abuse:
13 *Provided*, That a person's withdrawal of or failure to pursue a report of domestic violence or child
14 support shall not alone be sufficient to consider that report fraudulent.
- 15 (b) If a parent or another person regularly in the household of the parent is found to have
16 engaged in any activity specified by subsection (a) of this section, the court shall impose limits that
17 are reasonably calculated to protect the child or child's parent from harm. The limitations that the
18 court shall consider include, but are not limited to:
19 (1) An adjustment of the custodial responsibility of the parents, including but not limited to:

20 (A) Increased parenting time with the child to make up for any parenting time the other
21 parent lost as a result of the proscribed activity;

22 (B) An additional allocation of parenting time in order to repair any adverse effect upon the
23 relationship between the child and the other parent resulting from the proscribed activity; or

24 (C) The allocation of exclusive custodial responsibility to one of the parents;

25 (2) Supervision of the custodial time between a parent and the child;

26 (3) Exchange of the child between parents through an intermediary, or in a protected
27 setting;

28 (4) Restraints on the parent from communication with, or proximity to, the other parent or
29 the child;

30 (5) A requirement that the parent abstain from possession or consumption of alcohol or
31 nonprescribed drugs while exercising custodial responsibility and in the 24-hour period
32 immediately preceding such exercise;

33 (6) Denial of overnight custodial responsibility;

34 (7) Restrictions on the presence of specific persons while the parent is with the child;

35 (8) A requirement that the parent post a bond to secure return of the child following a period
36 in which the parent is exercising custodial responsibility or to secure other performance required
37 by the court;

38 (9) A requirement that the parent complete a program of intervention for perpetrators of
39 domestic violence, for drug or alcohol abuse, or a program designed to correct another factor; or

40 (10) Any other constraints or conditions that the court determines to be necessary to
41 provide for the safety of the child, a child's parent, or any person whose safety immediately affects
42 the child's welfare.

43 (c) If a parent or a person regularly in the home of the parent is found to have engaged in
44 any activity specified in subsection (a) of this section, the court may not allocate custodial
45 responsibility or decision-making responsibility to that parent without making special written

46 findings that the child and other parent can be adequately protected from harm by such limits as it
47 may impose under subsection (b) of this section. The parent found to have engaged in the
48 behavior specified in subsection (a) of this section has the burden of proving that an allocation of
49 custodial responsibility or decision-making responsibility to that parent will not endanger the child
50 or the other parent.

51 (d) If the court determines, based on the investigation described in part III of this article or
52 other evidence presented to it, that an accusation of child abuse or neglect, or domestic violence
53 made during a child custody proceeding is false and the parent making the accusation knew it to
54 be false at the time the accusation was made, the court may order reimbursement to be paid by the
55 person making the accusations of costs resulting from defending against the accusations. The
56 reimbursement may not exceed the actual reasonable costs incurred by the accused party as a
57 result of defending against the accusation and reasonable attorney's fees incurred.

58 (e) (1) A parent who believes he or she is the subject of activities by the other parent
59 described in subdivision (5), subsection (a) of this section may move the court pursuant to §49-5-
60 101(b)(4) of this code for the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
61 Services to disclose whether the other parent was the source of the allegation and, if so, whether
62 the department found the report to be:

- 63 (A) Substantiated;
- 64 (B) Unsubstantiated;
- 65 (C) Inconclusive; or
- 66 (D) Still under investigation.

67 (2) If the court grants a motion pursuant to this subsection, disclosure by the ~~Department of~~
68 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall be in camera. The court may
69 disclose to the parties information received from the department only if it has reason to believe a
70 parent knowingly made a false report.

71 (f) In determining whether the presumption for an equal (50-50) allocation of physical
72 custody has been rebutted, a court shall consider all relevant factors including any of the following:

73 (1) The factors set forth in subsection (a) of this section;

74 (2) Whether the child:

75 (A) Was conceived as a result of sexual assault or sexual abuse by a parent as set forth in
76 §48-9-209a of this code;

77 (B) Has special needs, a chronic illness, or other serious medical condition and would
78 receive more appropriate care under another custodial allocation;

79 (C) Is a nursing child less than six months of age, or less than one year of age if the child
80 receives substantial nutrition through nursing: *Provided*, That the child reaching one year of age
81 shall qualify as a substantial change in circumstances per §48-9-401 of this code; or

82 (D) Will be separated from his or her siblings or the arrangement would otherwise disrupt
83 the child's opportunities to bond with his or her siblings;

84 (3) Whether a parent:

85 (A) Is willfully noncompliant with a previous order of the court regarding payment of child
86 support payments for a child or children of the parties;

87 (B) Is unwilling to seek necessary medical intervention for the child who has a serious
88 medical condition;

89 (C) Has a chronic illness or other condition that renders him or her unable to provide proper
90 care for the child;

91 (D) Has intentionally avoided or refused involvement or not been significantly involved in
92 the child's life prior to the hearing, except when the lack of involvement is the result of actions on
93 the part of the other parent which were, without good cause, designed to deprive the parent of
94 contact and involvement with his or her child or children without good cause;

95 (E) Repeatedly causes the child or children to be in the care of a third party rather than the
96 other parent when he or she is available;

97 (F) Does not have a stable housing situation: *Provided*, That a parent's temporary
98 residence with a child in a domestic violence shelter shall not constitute an unsafe housing
99 situation; or

100 (G) Is unwilling or unable to perform caretaking functions for the child as required by §48-1-
101 210 of this code;

102 (4) Whether a parent, partner, or other person living, or regularly in that parent's
103 household:

104 (A) Has been adjudicated in an abuse and neglect proceeding to have abused or neglected
105 a child, or has a pending abuse and neglect case;

106 (B) Has been judicially determined to have committed domestic violence or has a pending
107 domestic violence case;

108 (C) Has a felony criminal record;

109 (D) Is addicted to a controlled substance or alcohol;

110 (E) Has threatened or has actually detained the child with the intent to retain or conceal the
111 child from the other parent or from a third person who has legal custody: *Provided*, That a parent's
112 temporary residence with the child in a domestic violence shelter shall not be construed as
113 evidence of the parent's intent to retain or conceal the child from the other parent; or

114 (F) Has been involuntarily committed to a mental health facility, or suffers from a serious
115 mental illness;

116 (5) Whether an equal (50-50) physical allocation is:

117 (A) Impractical because of the physical distance between the parents' residences;

118 (B) Impractical due to the cost and difficulty of transporting the child;

119 (C) Impractical due to each parent's and the child's daily schedules;

120 (D) Would disrupt the education of the child; or

121 (E) Contrary to the firm and reasonable preferences of a child who is 14 years of age or
122 older; and to accommodate, if the court determines it is in the best interests of the child, the firm

123 and reasonable preferences of a child under 14 years of age, but sufficiently matured that he or
124 she can intelligently express a voluntary preference for one parent;

125 (6) Whether the parents cannot work cooperatively and collaboratively in the best interest
126 of the child; or

127 (7) Whether a parent will encourage and accept a positive relationship between the child
128 and the other parent, including which parent is more likely to keep the other parent involved in the
129 child's life and activities.

ARTICLE 11. SUPPORT OF CHILDREN.

§48-11-105. Modification of child support order.

1 (a) The court may modify a child support order, for the benefit of the child, when a motion is
2 made that alleges a change in the circumstances of a parent or another proper person or persons.
3 A motion for modification of a child support order may be brought by a custodial parent or any other
4 lawful custodian or guardian of the child, by a parent or other person obligated to pay child support
5 for the child or by the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement. ~~of the Department of Health and~~
6 ~~Human Resources of this state.~~

7 (b) The provisions of the order may be modified if there is a substantial change in
8 circumstances. If application of the guideline would result in a new order that is more than fifteen
9 percent different, then the circumstances are considered a substantial change.

10 (c) An order that modifies the amount of child support to be paid shall conform to the
11 support guidelines set forth in section one hundred one, article thirteen, *et seq.*, of this chapter
12 unless the court disregards the guidelines or adjusts the award as provided in section seven
13 hundred two of said article.

14 (d) The Supreme Court of Appeals shall make available to the courts a standard form for a
15 petition for modification of an order for support, which form will allege that the existing order should
16 be altered or revised because of a loss or change of employment or other substantial change
17 affecting income or that the amount of support required to be aid is not within fifteen percent of the

18 child support guidelines. The clerk of the circuit court and the secretary-clerk of the family court
19 shall make the forms available to persons desiring to represent themselves in filing a motion for
20 modification of the support award.

21 (e) Upon entry of an order modifying a child support amount the court shall, no later than
22 five days from entry of the order, provide a copy of the modified order to the Bureau for Child
23 Support Enforcement. If an overpayment to one of the parties occurs as a result of the modified
24 terms of the order, funds properly withheld by the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement pursuant
25 the terms of the original order shall not be returned until such time as the Bureau for Child Support
26 Enforcement receives repayment from the party in possession of the overpayment.

ARTICLE 14. REMEDIES FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT OBLIGATIONS.

§48-14-102. Who may bring action for child support order.

1 An action may be brought under the provisions of section one hundred one of this article
2 by:

3 (1) A custodial parent of a child when the divorce order or other order which granted
4 custody did not make provision for the support of the child by the obligor;

5 (2) A primary caretaker of a child;

6 (3) A guardian of the property of a child or the committee for a child; or

7 (4) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement, on behalf of the state, when the
8 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services is providing
9 assistance on behalf of the child or the person to whom a duty of support is owed, in the form of
10 temporary assistance to needy families or medical assistance, and any right to support has been
11 assigned to the department or in any other case wherein a party has applied for child support
12 enforcement services from the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement.

§48-14-407. Contents of notice to source of income.

1 (a) The source of income of any obligor who is subject to withholding, upon being given
2 notice of withholding, shall withhold from such obligor's income the amount specified by the notice

3 and pay such amount to the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement for distribution. The notice
4 given to the source of income shall contain only such information as may be necessary for the
5 source of income to comply with the withholding order and no source of income may require
6 additional information or documentation. Such notice to the source of income shall include, at a
7 minimum, the following:

8 (1) The amount to be withheld from the obligor's disposable earnings and a statement that
9 the amount to be withheld for support and other purposes, including the fee specified under
10 subdivision (3) of this subsection, may not be in excess of the maximum amounts permitted under
11 Section 303(b) of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act or limitations imposed under the
12 provisions of this code;

13 (2) That the source of income shall send the amount to be withheld from the obligor's
14 income to the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement, along with such identifying information as
15 may be required by the bureau, the same day that the obligor is paid;

16 (3) That, in addition to the amount withheld under the provisions of subdivision (1) of this
17 subsection, the source of income may deduct a fee, not to exceed \$1, for administrative costs
18 incurred by the source of income for each withholding;

19 (4) That withholding is binding on the source of income until further notice by the Bureau for
20 Child Support Enforcement or until the source of income notifies the Bureau for Child Support
21 Enforcement of a termination of the obligor's employment in accordance with the provisions of
22 section four hundred twelve of this article;

23 (5) That the source of income is subject to a fine for discharging an obligor from
24 employment, refusing to employ or taking disciplinary action against any obligor because of the
25 withholding;

26 (6) That when the source of income fails to withhold income in accordance with the
27 provisions of the notice, the source of income is liable for the accumulated amount the source of
28 income should have withheld from the obligor's income;

29 (7) That the withholding under the provisions of this part shall have priority over any other
30 legal process under the laws of this state against the same income and shall be effective despite
31 any exemption that might otherwise be applicable to the same income;

32 (8) That when an employer has more than one employee who is an obligor who is subject
33 to wage withholding from income under the provisions of this code, the employer may combine all
34 withheld payments to the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement when the employer properly
35 identifies each payment with the information listed in this part. A source of income is liable to an
36 obligee, including the State of West Virginia or the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
37 Department of Human Services where appropriate, for any amount which the source of income
38 fails to identify with the information required by this part and is therefore not received by the
39 obligee;

40 (9) That the source of income shall implement withholding no later than the first pay period
41 or first date for payment of income that occurs after fourteen days following the date the notice to
42 the source of income was mailed; and

43 (10) That the source of income shall notify the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement
44 promptly when the obligor terminates his or her employment or otherwise ceases receiving
45 income from the source of income and shall provide the obligor's last known address and the
46 name and address of the obligor's new source of income, if known.

47 (b) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall, by administrative rule, establish
48 procedures for promptly refunding to obligors amounts which have been improperly withheld
49 under the provisions of this part. When a court reduces an order of support, the Bureau for Child
50 Support Enforcement is not liable for refunding amounts which have been withheld pursuant to a
51 court order enforceable at the time that the bureau received the funds unless the funds were kept
52 by the state. The obligee or obligor who received the benefit of the withheld amounts shall be liable
53 for promptly refunding any amounts which would constitute an overpayment of the support
54 obligation.

§48-14-413. Combining withheld amounts.

1 When an employer has more than one employee who is an obligor who is subject to wage
2 withholding from income for amounts payable as support, the employer may combine all withheld
3 payments to the Bureau for Child Support enforcement when the employer properly identifies
4 each payment with the information listed in this part 4. A source of income is liable to an obligee,
5 including the State of West Virginia or the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
6 Department of Human Services where appropriate, for any amount which the source of income
7 fails to identify in accordance with this part 4 and is therefore not received by the obligee.

§48-14-414. Sending amounts withheld to division; notice.

1 A source of income is liable to an obligee, including the State of West Virginia or the
2 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services where appropriate,
3 for any amount which the source of income fails to withhold from income due an obligor following
4 receipt by such source of income of proper notice under section 14-407: *Provided*, That a source
5 of income shall not be required to vary the normal pay and disbursement cycles in order to comply
6 with the provisions of this section.

ARTICLE 17. WEST VIRGINIA SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT COMMISSION.

§48-17-101. Creation of Support Enforcement Commission; number of members.

1 The West Virginia Support Enforcement Commission, consisting of nine members, is
2 hereby created in the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
3 Services and may use the administrative support and services of that department. The
4 commission is not subject to control, supervision or direction by the ~~Department of Health and~~
5 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, but is an independent, self-sustaining
6 commission that shall have the powers and duties specified in this chapter.

7 The commission is a part-time commission whose members perform such duties as
8 specified in this chapter. The ministerial duties of the commission shall be administered and
9 carried out by the Commissioner of the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement, with the assistance

10 of such staff of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services
11 as the secretary may assign.

12 Each member of the commission shall devote the time necessary to carry out the duties
13 and obligations of the office and the seven members appointed by the Governor may pursue and
14 engage in another business, occupation or gainful employment that is not in conflict with the duties
15 of the commission.

16 While the commission is self-sustaining and independent, it, its members, its employees
17 and the commissioner are subject to article nine-a, chapter six of this code, chapter six-b of this
18 code, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and chapter twenty-nine-b of this code.

**§48-17-102. Appointment of members of Support Enforcement Commission; qualifications
and eligibility.**

1 (a) Of the nine members of the commission, seven members are to be appointed by the
2 Governor: *Provided*, That no more than five members of the commission may belong to the same
3 political party.

4 (1) One member is to be a lawyer licensed by, and in good standing with, the West Virginia
5 State Bar, with at least five years of professional experience in domestic relations law and the
6 establishment and enforcement of support obligations;

7 (2) One member is to be a person experienced as a public administrator in the supervision
8 and regulation of a governmental agency;

9 (3) One member is to be an employer experienced in withholding support payments from
10 the earnings of obligors;

11 (4) One member is to be a practicing family court judge, as an ex officio member, who will
12 serve in an advisory capacity, without compensation or voting rights; and

13 (5) Three members are to be representatives of the public at large, with at least one being
14 an obligor and one being an obligee.

15 (b) One member is to be the Commissioner of the Bureau for Children and Families,
16 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ or his or her designee.

17 (c) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement, or his or her
18 designee, is an ex officio nonvoting member of the commission.

19 (d) Each member of the commission is to be a citizen of the United States, a resident of the
20 State of West Virginia and at least twenty-one years of age.

ARTICLE 18. BUREAU FOR CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT.

§48-18-101. Continuation of the bureau for child support enforcement.

1 (a) ~~There is continued in the Department of Health and Human Resources~~ The Bureau for
2 Child Support Enforcement *Provided*, ~~That beginning January 1, 2024, for purposes of this article,~~
3 ~~the bureau is continued in the Department of Human Services. and the terms "department" and~~
4 ~~"Department of Health and Human Resources" means Department of Human Services~~ The
5 bureau is under the immediate supervision of the commissioner, who is responsible for the
6 exercise of the duties and powers assigned to the bureau under the provisions of this chapter. The
7 bureau is designated as the single and separate organizational unit within this state to administer
8 the state plan for child and spousal support according to 42 U.S.C. §654(3).

9 (b) The department shall cooperate with the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement. At a
10 minimum, such cooperation shall require that the department:

11 (1) Notify the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement when the department proposes to
12 terminate or provide public assistance payable to any obligee;

13 (2) Receive support payments made on behalf of a former or current recipient to the extent
14 permitted by Title IV-D, Part D of the Social Security Act; and

15 (3) Accept the assignment of the right, title or interest in support payments and forward a
16 copy of the assignment to the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement.

§48-18-118. Obtaining support from state income tax refunds.

1 (a) The Tax Commissioner shall establish procedures necessary for the Bureau for Child
2 Support Enforcement to obtain payment of past-due support from state income tax refunds from
3 overpayment made to the Tax Commissioner pursuant to the provisions of article twenty-one,
4 chapter eleven of this code.

5 (b) The Commissioner for the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall establish
6 procedures necessary to enforce a support order through a notice to the Tax Commissioner which
7 will cause any refund of state income tax which would otherwise be payable to an obligor to be
8 reduced by the amount of overdue support owed by such obligor.

9 (1) The procedures shall, at a minimum, prescribe:

10 (A) The time or times at which the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall serve on the
11 obligor or submit to the Tax Commissioner notices of past-due support;

12 (B) The manner in which such notices shall be served on the obligor or submitted to the Tax
13 Commissioner;

14 (C) The necessary information which shall be contained in or accompany the notices;

15 (D) The amount of the fee to be paid to the Tax Commissioner for the full cost of applying
16 the procedure whereby past-due support is obtained from state income tax refunds; and

17 (E) Circumstances when the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may deduct a \$25 fee
18 from the obligor's state income tax refund. This procedure may not require a deduction from the
19 state income tax refund of an applicant who is a recipient of assistance from the Bureau for
20 Children and Families in the form of temporary assistance for needy families.

21 (2) Withholding from state income tax refunds may not be pursued unless the Bureau for
22 Child Support Enforcement has examined the obligor's pattern of payment of support and the
23 obligee's likelihood of successfully pursuing other enforcement actions, and has determined that
24 the amount of past-due support which will be owed, at the time the withholding is to be made, will
25 be \$100 or more. In determining whether the amount of past-due support will be \$100 or more, the
26 Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall consider the amount of all unpaid past-due support,

27 including that which may have accrued prior to the time that the Bureau for Child Support
28 Enforcement first agreed to enforce the support order.

29 (c) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall enter into
30 agreements with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Tax Commissioner, and other appropriate
31 governmental agencies, to secure information relating to the Social Security number or numbers
32 and the address or addresses of any obligor, and the name or names and address or addresses of
33 any employer or employers, in order to provide notice between such agencies to aid the Bureau for
34 Child Support Enforcement in requesting state income tax deductions and to aid the Tax
35 Commissioner in enforcing such deductions. In each such case, the Tax Commissioner, in
36 processing the state income tax deduction, shall notify the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement
37 of the obligor's home address and Social Security number or numbers. The Bureau for Child
38 Support Enforcement shall provide this information to any other state involved in processing the
39 support order;

40 (d) For the purposes of this section, "past-due support" means the amount of unpaid past-
41 due support owed under the terms of a support order to or on behalf of a child, or to or on behalf of
42 a minor child and the parent with whom the child is living; regardless of whether the amount has
43 been reduced to a judgment or not.

44 (e) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may, under the provisions of this section,
45 enforce the collection of past-due support on behalf of a child who has reached the age of majority.

46 (f) The procedure shall, at a minimum, provide that prior to notifying the Tax Commissioner
47 of past-due support, a notice to the obligor as prescribed under subsection (a) of this section shall:

48 (1) Notify the obligor that a withholding will be made from any refund otherwise payable to
49 such obligor;

50 (2) Instruct the obligor of the steps which may be taken to contest the determination of the
51 Bureau for Child Support Enforcement that past-due support is owed or the amount of the past-
52 due support; and

53 (3) Provide information with respect to the procedures to be followed, in the case of a joint
54 return, to protect the share of the refund which may be payable to another person.

55 (g) If the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement is notified by the Tax Commissioner that
56 the refund from which withholding is proposed to be made is based upon a joint return, and if the
57 past-due support which is involved has not been assigned to the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
58 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services, the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may delay
59 distribution of the amount withheld until such time as the Tax Commissioner notifies the Bureau for
60 Child Support Enforcement that the other person filing the joint return has received his or her
61 proper share of the refund, but such delay shall not exceed six months.

62 (h) In any case in which an amount is withheld by the Tax Commissioner under the
63 provisions of this section and paid to the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement, if the Bureau for
64 Child Support Enforcement subsequently determines that the amount certified as past due was in
65 excess of the amount actually owed at the time the amount withheld is to be distributed, the
66 agency shall pay the excess amount withheld to the obligor thought to have owed the past due
67 support or, in the case of amounts withheld on the basis of a joint return, jointly to the parties filing
68 the return.

69 (i) The amounts received by the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall be distributed
70 in accordance with the provisions for distribution set forth in 42 U.S.C. §657.

§48-18-126. Review and adjustment of child support orders.

1 (a) Either parent or, if there has been an assignment of support to the ~~Department of Health~~
2 ~~and Human Resources~~ the Bureau for Child Support enforcement shall have the right to request
3 an administrative review of the child support award in the following circumstances:

4 (1) Where the request for review is received thirty-six months or more after the date of the
5 entry of the order or from the completion of the previous administrative review, whichever is later,
6 the Bureau for Child Support enforcement shall conduct a review to determine whether the amount
7 of the child support award in such order varies from the amount of child support that would be

8 awarded at the time of the review pursuant to the guidelines for child support awards contained in
9 article 13-101, *et seq.* If the amount of the child support award under the existing order differs by
10 ten percent or more from the amount that would be awarded in accordance with the child support
11 guidelines, the Bureau for Child Support enforcement shall file with the family court a motion for
12 modification of the child support order. If the amount of the child support award under the existing
13 order differs by less than ten percent from the amount that would be awarded in accordance with
14 the child support guidelines, the Bureau for Child Support enforcement may, if it determines that
15 such action is in the best interest of the child or otherwise appropriate, file with the family court a
16 motion for modification of the child support order.

17 (2) Where the request for review of a child support award is received less than thirty-six
18 months after the date of the entry of the order or from the completion of the previous administrative
19 review, the Bureau for Child Support enforcement shall undertake a review of the case only where
20 it is alleged that there has been a substantial change in circumstances. If the Bureau for Child
21 Support enforcement determines that there has been a substantial change in circumstances and if
22 it is in the best interests of the child, the bureau shall file with the family court a motion for
23 modification of the child support order in accordance with the guidelines for child support awards
24 contained in article 13-101, *et seq.*, of this chapter.

25 (b) The Bureau for Child Support enforcement shall notify both parents at least once every
26 three years of their right to request a review of a child support order. The notice may be included in
27 any order granting or modifying a child support award. The Bureau for Child Support enforcement
28 shall give each parent at least thirty days' notice before commencing any review and shall further
29 notify each parent, upon completion of a review, of the results of the review, whether of a proposal
30 to move for modification or of a proposal that there should be no change.

31 (c) When the result of the review is a proposal to move for modification of the child support
32 order, each parent shall be given thirty days' notice of the hearing on the motion, the notice to be
33 directed to the last known address of each party by first-class mail. When the result of the review is

34 a proposal that there be no change, any parent disagreeing with that proposal may, within thirty
35 days of the notice of the results of the review, file with the court a motion for modification setting
36 forth in full the grounds therefor.

37 (d) For the purposes of this section, a "substantial change in circumstances" includes, but
38 is not limited to, a changed financial condition, a temporary or permanent change in physical
39 custody of the child which the court has not ordered, increased need of the child or other financial
40 conditions. "Changed financial conditions" means increases or decreases in the resources
41 available to either party from any source. Changed financial conditions includes, but is not limited
42 to, the application for or receipt of any form of public assistance payments, unemployment
43 compensation and workers' compensation or a fifteen percent or more variance from the amount
44 of the existing order and the amount of child support that would be awarded according to the child
45 support guidelines.

ARTICLE 19. BUREAU FOR CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT ATTORNEY.

§48-19-103. Duties of the bureau for support enforcement attorneys.

1 Subject to the control and supervision of the commissioner:

2 (a) The Bureau for Child Support enforcement attorney shall supervise and direct the
3 secretarial, clerical and other employees in his or her office in the performance of their duties as
4 such performance affects the delivery of legal services. The Bureau for Child Support enforcement
5 attorney will provide appropriate instruction and supervision to employees of his or her office who
6 are nonlawyers, concerning matters of legal ethics and matters of law, in accordance with
7 applicable state and federal statutes, rules and regulations.

8 (b) In accordance with the requirements of rule 5.4(c) of the rules of professional conduct
9 as promulgated and adopted by the Supreme Court of Appeals, the Bureau for Child Support
10 enforcement attorney shall not permit a nonlawyer who is employed by the ~~Department of Health~~
11 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services in a supervisory position over the Bureau
12 for Child Support enforcement attorney to direct or regulate the attorney's professional judgment in

13 rendering legal services to recipients of services in accordance with the provisions of this chapter;
14 nor shall any nonlawyer employee of the department attempt to direct or regulate the attorney's
15 professional judgment.

16 (c) The Bureau for Child Support enforcement attorney shall make available to the public
17 an informational pamphlet, designed in consultation with the commissioner. The informational
18 pamphlet shall explain the procedures of the court and the Bureau for Child Support enforcement
19 attorney; the duties of the Bureau for Child Support enforcement attorney; the rights and
20 responsibilities of the parties; and the availability of human services in the community. The
21 informational pamphlet shall be provided as soon as possible after the filing of a complaint or other
22 initiating pleading. Upon request, a party to a domestic relations proceeding shall receive an oral
23 explanation of the informational pamphlet from the office of the Bureau for Child Support
24 enforcement attorney.

25 (d) The Bureau for Child Support enforcement shall act to establish the paternity of every
26 child born out of wedlock for whom paternity has not been established, when the child's caretaker
27 is an applicant for or recipient of temporary assistance for needy families, and when the caretaker
28 has assigned to the division of human services any rights to support for the child which might be
29 forthcoming from the putative father: *Provided*, That if the Bureau for Child Support enforcement
30 attorney is informed by the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
31 Department of Human Services or his or her authorized employee that it has been determined that
32 it is against the best interest of the child to establish paternity, the Bureau for Child Support
33 enforcement attorney shall decline to so act. The Bureau for Child Support enforcement attorney,
34 upon the request of the mother, alleged father or the caretaker of a child born out of wedlock,
35 regardless of whether the mother, alleged father or the caretaker is an applicant or recipient of
36 temporary assistance for needy families, shall undertake to establish the paternity of such child.

37 (e) The Bureau for Child Support enforcement attorney shall undertake to secure support
38 for any individual who is receiving temporary assistance for needy families when such individual

39 has assigned to the division of human services any rights to support from any other person such
40 individual may have: *Provided*, That if the Bureau for Child Support enforcement attorney is
41 informed by the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
42 Human Services or his or her authorized employee that it has been determined that it is against
43 the best interests of a child to secure support on the child's behalf, the Bureau for Child Support
44 enforcement attorney shall decline to so act. The Bureau for Child Support enforcement attorney,
45 upon the request of any individual, regardless of whether such individual is an applicant or
46 recipient of temporary assistance for needy families, shall undertake to secure support for the
47 individual. If circumstances require, the Bureau for Child Support enforcement attorney shall
48 utilize the provisions of article 16-101, *et seq.*, of this code and any other reciprocal arrangements
49 which may be adopted with other states for the establishment and enforcement of support
50 obligations, and if such arrangements and other means have proven ineffective, the Bureau for
51 Child Support enforcement attorney may utilize the federal courts to obtain and enforce court
52 orders for support.

53 (f) The Bureau for Child Support enforcement attorney shall pursue the enforcement of
54 support orders through the withholding from income of amounts payable as support:

55 (1) Without the necessity of an application from the obligee in the case of a support
56 obligation owed to an obligee to whom services are already being provided under the provisions of
57 this chapter; and

58 (2) On the basis of an application for services in the case of any other support obligation
59 arising from a support order entered by a court of competent jurisdiction.

60 (g) The Bureau for Child Support enforcement attorney may decline to commence an
61 action to obtain an order of support under the provisions of article 14-101, *et seq.*, if an action for
62 divorce, annulment or separate maintenance is pending, or the filing of such action is imminent,
63 and such action will determine the issue of support for the child: *Provided*, That such action shall
64 be deemed to be imminent if it is proposed by the obligee to be commenced within the twenty-eight

65 days next following a decision by the Bureau for Child Support enforcement attorney that an action
66 should properly be brought to obtain an order for support.

67 (h) If the Bureau for Child Support enforcement office, through the Bureau for Child
68 Support enforcement attorney, shall undertake paternity determination services, child support
69 collection or support collection services upon the written request of an individual who is not an
70 applicant or recipient of assistance from the division of human services, the office may impose an
71 application fee for furnishing such services. Such application fee shall be in a reasonable amount,
72 not to exceed \$25, as determined by the commissioner: *Provided*, That the commissioner may fix
73 such amount at a higher or lower rate which is uniform for this state and all other states if the
74 secretary of the federal department of health and human services determines that a uniform rate is
75 appropriate for any fiscal year to reflect increases or decreases in administrative costs. Any cost in
76 excess of the application fee so imposed may be collected from the obligor who owes the child or
77 spousal support obligation involved.

ARTICLE 22. ADOPTION.

§48-22-104. Agency defined.

1 "Agency" means a public or private entity, including the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
2 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services, that is authorized by law to place children for
3 adoption.

ARTICLE 23. VOLUNTARY ADOPTION REGISTRY.

§48-23-301. Division of human services to establish and maintain mutual consent voluntary adoption registry.

1 The ~~division of human services, as provided for in §9-2-1, et seq. of this code,~~ Department
2 of Human Services shall establish and maintain the mutual consent voluntary adoption registry,
3 except that the ~~division~~ department may contract out the function of establishing and maintaining
4 the registry to a licensed voluntary agency with expertise in providing post-legal adoption services,

5 in which case the agency shall establish and maintain the registry that would otherwise be
6 operated by the ~~division~~ department.

7 The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
8 Services shall promulgate and adopt such rules as are necessary for implementing this article.

ARTICLE 26. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ACT.

§48-26-206. Department defined.

1 "Department" means the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
2 Human _____ Services.

§48-26-301. Family protection services board continued; terms.

1 (a) The family protection services board, is continued.

2 (b) Membership of the board is comprised of seven persons. The Governor, with the advice
3 and consent of the Senate, shall appoint five members of the board who meet the following
4 qualifications:

5 (1) One member must be a director of a licensed domestic violence program;

6 (2) One member must be a representative of the West Virginia Coalition Against Domestic
7 Violence;

8 (3) One member must be a representative of a batterer intervention and prevention
9 program licensed by the board;

10 (4) One member must be a representative of the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals
11 who is familiar with monitored parenting and exchange program services; and

12 (5) One member must be a citizen who is a resident of this state and who is not employed
13 by, under contract with or a volunteer for a program licensed by the board, and who is
14 knowledgeable about services for victims and survivors of domestic violence;

15 (c) The secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
16 Human Services, or his or her designee, and the chair of the Governor's Committee on Crime,
17 Delinquency and Correction, or his or her designee shall serve as ex officio voting members.

18 (d) The terms of the five members appointed by the Governor are for three years,
19 staggered in accordance with prior enactments of this act.

20 (e) No person who is employed by, under contract with or volunteers for an organization
21 that is licensed to operate any program under the provisions of this article may serve on the board
22 at the same time as another person who is employed by, under contract with or volunteers for that
23 organization.

24 (f) If a member resigns or is unable to complete his or her term or ceases to be qualified,
25 the Governor shall appoint within ninety days a person who meets the qualifications of this section
26 to serve the remainder of the unexpired term.

§48-26-401. Powers and duties of board.

1 (a) The board shall:

2 (1) Propose rules for legislative approval, in accordance with the provisions of article three,
3 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement the provisions of this article and any applicable
4 federal guidelines;

5 (2) Receive and consider applications for licensure of domestic violence programs,
6 batterer intervention and prevention programs and monitored parenting and exchange programs;

7 (3) Assess the need for domestic violence programs, batterer intervention and prevention
8 programs and monitored parenting and exchange programs, including licensure preapplication
9 and application processes;

10 (4) Conduct licensure renewal reviews of domestic violence programs, batterer
11 intervention and prevention programs and monitored parenting and exchange programs, that will
12 ensure the safety, well-being and health of the programs' participants and staff;

13 (5) For each fiscal year, expend from the Family Protection Fund a sum not to exceed
14 fifteen percent for the costs of administering the provisions of this article, and direct the
15 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services to distribute one

16 half of the remaining funds equally and the other half of the remaining funds in accordance with a
17 formula determined by the board, to licensed domestic violence programs;

18 (6) Submit an annual report on the status of programs licensed under the provisions of this
19 article to the Governor and the Joint Committee on Government and Finance;

20 (7) Conduct hearings as necessary under this article; and

21 (8) Collect data about licensed programs for use in the annual report of the board.

22 (b) The board may:

23 (1) Advise the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department
24 of Human Services and the Chair of the Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency and
25 Correction on matters of concern relative to their responsibilities under this article;

26 (2) Delegate to the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
27 Department of Human Services such powers and duties of the board as the board considers
28 appropriate to delegate, including, but not limited to, the authority to approve, disapprove, revoke
29 or suspend licenses;

30 (3) Advise administrators of state or federal funds of licensure violations and closures of
31 programs; and

32 (4) Exercise all other powers necessary to implement the provisions of this article.

**§48-26-402. Requirements, qualifications and terms of licensure; collaboration to assist
programs.**

1 (a) No domestic violence program, batterer intervention and prevention program or
2 monitored parenting and exchange program may represent that it is licensed unless it is licensed
3 by the board pursuant to the provisions of this article and the legislative rules promulgated
4 pursuant to this article.

5 (b) The board shall establish preliminary application and full application forms for the initial
6 licensing of domestic violence programs, batterer intervention and prevention programs and
7 monitored parenting and exchange programs.

8 (1) To meet basic eligibility requirements an applicant for licensure must complete a
9 preliminary application form to demonstrate local need for the proposed service, method of
10 governance and accountability, administrative and programmatic design, and fiscal efficiency. The
11 board shall respond in writing within sixty days of receipt of the preliminary application;

12 (2) If the board approves the preliminary application, the applicant may complete a full
13 application form;

14 (3) The board shall determine whether all documentation set forth on the licensure
15 checklist has been submitted, and may request supplemental or clarifying information or
16 documentation; and

17 (4) The board shall grant or deny a license within sixty days of the receipt of the completed
18 full application form and all supplemental or clarifying information or documentation requested by
19 the board.

20 (c) Licenses may be granted or renewed for periods not to exceed three years: *Provided*,
21 That the board may conduct licensure reviews at any time during the licensure period, and may
22 downgrade, suspend or revoke a license in accordance with the provisions of this article.

23 (d) The license granted by the board shall be prominently displayed by the licensees.

24 (e) The board may grant a provisional license for up to one hundred and eighty days, to a
25 program that is not in compliance with non-life threatening safety, programmatic, facility or
26 administrative standards. A provisional license may be extended for up to an additional one
27 hundred and eighty days, if the board, in its sole discretion, determines that the program is making
28 active progress toward compliance.

29 (f) The board may grant a conditional license for up to ninety days to a program that has
30 violations of safety or accountability standards that may threaten the health, well-being or safety of
31 its participants or staff, or the responsible operation of the program, or that have a history or
32 pattern of noncompliance with established standards. If a program does not correct the violations
33 within the conditional license period, the board may institute closure proceedings.

34 (g) ~~The Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, the
35 Division of Justice and Community Services, the Family Protection Services Board, the WV
36 Coalition Against Domestic Violence, the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals and the
37 Division of Corrections may, collectively or in any combination as appropriate to the program,
38 collaborate to provide technical assistance to prevent and resolve deficiencies in a program's
39 ability to meet the standards to operate and maintain licensure.

40 (h) If the board obtains information that a person or persons has engaged in, is engaging in
41 or is about to engage in an act that constitutes or will constitute a violation of the provisions of this
42 article or the legislative rules promulgated pursuant to this article, it may issue a notice to the
43 person or persons to cease and desist the act, or apply to the circuit court for an order enjoining the
44 act. Upon a showing that the person has engaged, is engaging or is about to engage in such an
45 act, the court may order an injunction, restraining order or other order as the court considers
46 appropriate.

§48-26-501. Development of state public health plan for reducing domestic violence.

1 (a) The Bureau for Public Health ~~of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~, in
2 consultation with the family protection services board, shall:

- 3 (1) Assess the impact of domestic violence on public health; and
4 (2) Develop a state public health plan for reducing the incidence of domestic violence in
5 this state.

6 (b) The state public health plan shall:

- 7 (1) Include, but not be limited to, public education, including the use of the various
8 communication media to set forth the public health perspective on domestic violence;
9 (2) Be developed in consultation with public and private agencies that provide programs for
10 victims of domestic violence, advocates for victims, organizations representing the interests of
11 shelters, and persons who have demonstrated expertise and experience in providing health care
12 to victims of domestic violence and their children; and

13 (3) Be completed on or before January 1, 2000.

14 (c) The Bureau for Public Health of the Department of Health and Human Resources shall:

15 (1) Transmit a copy of the state public health plan to the Governor and the Legislature; and

16 (2) Review and update the state public health plan annually.

§48-26-502. Notice of victims' rights, remedies and available services; required information.

1 (a) The Bureau for Public Health of the Department of Health and Human Resources shall
2 make available to health care facilities and practitioners a written form notice of the rights of
3 victims and the remedies and services available to victims of domestic violence.

4 (b) A health care practitioner whose patient has injuries or conditions consistent with
5 domestic violence shall provide to the patient, and every health care facility shall make available to
6 all patients, a written form notice of the rights of victims and the remedies and services available to
7 victims of domestic violence.

§48-26-801. Continuing education for certain state employees.

1 (a)(1) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection, the ~~Department of~~
2 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall provide or require continuing
3 education concerning domestic violence for child protective services workers, adult protective
4 services workers, social services workers, family support workers and workers in the Bureau for
5 Child Support enforcement.

6 (2) Funding for the continuing education provided or required under subdivision (1) of this
7 section may not exceed the amounts allocated for that purpose by the spending unit from existing
8 appropriations. No provision of this section may be construed to require the Legislature to make
9 any appropriation.

10 (b) The courses or requirements shall be prepared and presented in consultation with
11 public and private agencies that provide programs for victims of domestic violence or programs of

12 intervention for perpetrators, advocates for victims, organizations representing the interests of
13 shelters and the family protection services board.

ARTICLE 27. PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

§48-27-206. Law-enforcement agency defined.

1 (a) "Law-enforcement agency" means and is limited to:

2 (1) The state police and its members;

3 (2) A county sheriff and his or her law-enforcement deputies;

4 (3) A police department in any municipality as defined in section two, article one, chapter
5 eight of this code; and

6 (4) Any federal agency whose purpose includes enforcement, maintenance and gathering
7 of information of both criminal and civil records relating to domestic violence under federal law.

8 (b) The term "law-enforcement agency" includes, but is not limited to, the ~~Department of~~
9 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services in those instances of child abuse
10 reported to the department that are not otherwise reported to any other law-enforcement agency.

CHAPTER 49. CHILD WELFARE.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

**§49-1-104. West Virginia Code replacement; no increase of funding obligations to be
construed.**

1 (~~a~~) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and
2 the Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety are not required to change any form or letter
3 that contains a citation to this code that is changed or otherwise affected by the recodification. ~~of~~
4 ~~this chapter during the 2015 regular session of the Legislature unless specifically required by a~~
5 ~~provision of this code~~

6 ~~(b) No provision of the recodification of this chapter during the 2015 regular session of the~~
7 ~~Legislature may be construed to increase or enlarge any funding obligation of any spending unit of~~
8 ~~the state.~~

§49-1-106. Location of child welfare services; state and federal cooperation; juvenile services.

1 (a) The child welfare service of the state shall be located within and administered by the
2 Bureau for Social Services. The Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation of the Department of
3 Homeland Security shall administer the secure predispositional juvenile detention and juvenile
4 correctional facilities of the state. Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary,
5 the administrative authority of the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation over any child or
6 juvenile in this state extends only to those detained or committed to a secure detention facility or
7 secure correctional facility operated and maintained by the division by an order of a court of
8 competent jurisdiction during the period of actual detention or confinement in the facility.

9 ~~(b) The Department of Health and Human Resources is designated as the state entity to~~
10 ~~cooperate with the United States Department of Health and Human Services and United States~~
11 ~~Department of Justice in extending and improving child welfare services, to comply with federal~~
12 ~~regulations, and to receive and expend federal funds for these services: *Provided*, That beginning~~
13 ~~January 1, 2024 The Department of Human Services is designated as the state entity to cooperate~~
14 ~~with the United States Department of Health and Human Services and United States Department~~
15 ~~of Justice in extending and improving child welfare services, to comply with federal regulations,~~
16 ~~and to receive and expend federal funds for these services. The Division of Corrections and~~
17 ~~Rehabilitation of the Department of Homeland Security is designated as the state entity to~~
18 ~~cooperate with the United States Department of Health and Human Services and United States~~
19 ~~Department of Justice in operating, maintaining and improving juvenile correction facilities and~~
20 ~~centers for the predispositional detention of children, to comply with federal regulations, and to~~
21 ~~receive and expend federal funds for these services.~~

22 (c) The Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation of the Department of Homeland Security
23 is authorized to operate and maintain centers for juveniles needing detention pending disposition
24 by a court having juvenile jurisdiction or temporary care following that court action.

**§49-1-202. Definitions related, but not limited, to adult, child, developmental disability, and
transitioning adult status.**

1 When used in this chapter, terms defined in this section have the meanings ascribed to
2 them that relate to, but are not limited to, adult, child, developmental disability, and transitioning
3 adult status, except in those instances where a different meaning is provided or the context in
4 which the word is used clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended.

5 "Adult" means a person who is at least eighteen years of age.

6 "Child" or "Juvenile" means any person under eighteen years of age or is a transitioning
7 adult. Once a child or juvenile is transferred to a court with criminal jurisdiction pursuant to section
8 seven hundred ten, article four of this chapter, he or she shall remain a child or juvenile for the
9 purposes of the applicability of this chapter. Unless otherwise stated, for the purpose of child care
10 services "child" means an individual who meets one of the following conditions:

11 (A) Is under thirteen years of age;

12 (B) Is thirteen to eighteen years of age and under court supervision; or

13 (C) Is thirteen to eighteen years of age and presenting a significant delay of at least twenty-
14 five percent in one or more areas of development, or a six month delay in two or more areas as
15 determined by an early intervention program, special education program or other multidisciplinary
16 team.

17 "Juvenile delinquent" means a juvenile who has been adjudicated as one who commits an
18 act which would be a crime under state law or a municipal ordinance if committed by an adult.

19 "Status offender" means a juvenile who has been adjudicated as one:

20 (A) Who habitually and continually refuses to respond to the lawful supervision by his or
21 her parents, guardian or legal custodian such that the juvenile's behavior substantially endangers
22 the health, safety or welfare of the juvenile or any other person;

23 (B) Who has left the care of his or her parents, guardian or custodian without the consent of
24 that person or without good cause; or

25 (C) Who is habitually absent from school without good cause.

26 "Transitioning adult" means an individual with a transfer plan to move to an adult setting
27 who meets one of the following conditions:

28 (A) Is eighteen years of age but under twenty-one years of age, was in the custody of the
29 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services upon reaching
30 eighteen years of age and committed an act of delinquency before reaching eighteen years of age,
31 remains under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, and requires supervision and care to complete
32 an education and or treatment program which was initiated prior to the eighteenth birthday; or

33 (B) Is eighteen years of age but under twenty-one years of age, was adjudicated abused,
34 neglected, or in the custody of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
35 Human Services upon reaching eighteen years of age and enters into a contract with the
36 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services to continue in an
37 educational, training, or treatment program which was initiated prior to the eighteenth birthday.

§49-1-206. Definitions related, but not limited to, child advocacy, care, residential, and treatment programs.

1 When used in this chapter, the following terms have the following meanings, unless the
2 context clearly indicates otherwise:

3 "Child Advocacy Center (CAC)" means a community-based organization that is a member,
4 in good standing, of the West Virginia Child Advocacy Network, Inc., as set forth in §49-3-101 of
5 this code.

6 "Child care" means responsibilities assumed and services performed in relation to a child's
7 physical, emotional, psychological, social, and personal needs and the consideration of the child's
8 rights and entitlements, but does not include secure detention or incarceration under the
9 jurisdiction of the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation pursuant to §49-2-901 *et seq.* of this
10 code. It includes the provision of child care services or residential services.

11 "Child care center" means a facility maintained by the state or any county or municipality
12 thereof, or any agency or facility maintained by an individual, firm, corporation, association, or
13 organization, public or private, for the care of 13 or more children for child care services in any
14 setting, if the facility is open for more than 30 days per year per child.

15 "Child care services" means direct care and protection of children during a portion of a
16 24-hour day outside of the child's own home which provides experiences to children that foster
17 their healthy development and education.

18 "Child placing agency" means a child welfare agency organized for the purpose of placing
19 children in private family homes for foster care or for adoption. The function of a child placing
20 agency may include the investigation and certification of foster family homes and foster family
21 group homes as provided in this chapter. The function of a child placing agency may also include
22 the supervision of children who are 16 or 17 years of age and living in unlicensed residences.

23 "Child welfare agency" means any agency or facility maintained by the state or any county
24 or municipality thereof, or any agency or facility maintained by an individual, firm, corporation,
25 association, or organization, public or private, to receive children for care and maintenance or for
26 placement in residential care facilities, including, without limitation, private homes or any facility
27 that provides care for unmarried mothers and their children. A child welfare agency does not
28 include juvenile detention facilities or juvenile correctional facilities operated by or under contract
29 with the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation, pursuant to §49-2-901 *et seq.* of this code, nor
30 any other facility operated by that division for the secure housing or holding of juveniles committed
31 to its custody.

32 "Community based" means a facility, program, or service located near the child's home or
33 family and involving community participation in planning, operation, and evaluation and which may
34 include, but is not limited to, medical, educational, vocational, social, and psychological guidance,
35 training, special education, counseling, substance abuse, and any other treatment or rehabilitation
36 services.

37 "Community-based juvenile probation sanctions" means any of a continuum of
38 nonresidential accountability measures, programs, and sanctions in response to a technical
39 violation of probation, as part of a system of community-based juvenile probation sanctions and
40 incentives, that may include, but are not limited to:

- 41 (A) Electronic monitoring;
- 42 (B) Drug and alcohol screening, testing, or monitoring;
- 43 (C) Youth reporting centers;
- 44 (D) Reporting and supervision requirements;
- 45 (E) Community service; and
- 46 (F) Rehabilitative interventions such as family counseling, substance abuse treatment,
47 restorative justice programs, and behavioral or mental health treatment.

48 "Community services" means nonresidential prevention or intervention services or
49 programs that are intended to reduce delinquency and future court involvement.

50 "Evidence-based practices" means policies, procedures, programs, and practices
51 demonstrated by research to reliably produce reductions in the likelihood of reoffending.

52 "Facility" means a place or residence, including personnel, structures, grounds, and
53 equipment used for the care of a child or children on a residential or other basis for any number of
54 hours a day in any shelter or structure maintained for that purpose. Facility does not include any
55 juvenile detention facility or juvenile correctional facility operated by or under contract with the
56 Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation for the secure housing or holding of juveniles committed
57 to its custody.

58 "Family child care facility" means any facility which is used to provide nonresidential child
59 care services for compensation for seven to 12 children, including children who are living in the
60 household, who are under six years of age. A facility may be in a provider's residence or a
61 separate building.

62 "Family child care home" means a facility which is used to provide nonresidential child care
63 services for compensation in a provider's residence. The provider may care for four to six children
64 at one time, including children who are living in the household, who are under six years of age.

65 "Family resource network" means:

66 (A) A local community organization charged with service coordination, needs and resource
67 assessment, planning, community mobilization, and evaluation, and which has met the following
68 criteria:

69 (i) Has agreed to a single governing entity;

70 (ii) Has agreed to engage in activities to improve service systems for children and families
71 within the community;

72 (iii) Addresses a geographic area of a county or two or more contiguous counties;

73 (iv) Has, as the majority of the members of the governing body, nonproviders, which
74 includes family representatives and other members who are not employees of publicly funded
75 agencies, with family representatives as the majority of those members who are nonproviders;

76 (v) Has members of the governing body who are representatives of local service agencies,
77 including, but not limited to, the public health department, the behavioral health center, the local
78 health and human resources agency, and the county school district; and

79 (vi) Adheres to principles consistent with the cabinet's mission as part of its philosophy.

80 (B) A family resource network may not provide direct services, which means to provide
81 programs or services directly to children and families.

82 "Family support", for the purposes of §49-2-601 *et seq.* of this code, means goods and
83 services needed by families to care for their family members with developmental disabilities and to
84 enjoy a quality of life comparable to other community members.

85 "Family support program" means a coordinated system of family support services
86 administered by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services
87 through contracts with behavioral health agencies throughout the state.

88 "Fictive kin" means an adult of at least 21 years of age, who is not a relative of the child, as
89 defined herein, but who has an established, substantial relationship with the child, including but
90 not limited to, teachers, coaches, ministers, and parents, or family members of the child's friends.

91 "Foster family home" means a private residence which is used for the care on a residential
92 basis of no more than six children who are unrelated, by blood, marriage, or adoption, to any adult
93 member of the household.

94 "Foster parent" means a person with whom the department has placed a child and who has
95 been certified by the department, a child placing agency, or another agent of the department to
96 provide foster care.

97 "Health care and treatment" means:

98 (A) Developmental screening;

99 (B) Mental health screening;

100 (C) Mental health treatment;

101 (D) Ordinary and necessary medical and dental examination and treatment;

102 (E) Preventive care including ordinary immunizations, tuberculin testing, and well-child
103 care; and

104 (F) Nonemergency diagnosis and treatment. However, nonemergency diagnosis and
105 treatment does not include an abortion.

106 "Home-based family preservation services" means services dispensed by the ~~Department~~
107 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services or by another person,

108 association, or group who has contracted with that division to dispense services when those
109 services are intended to stabilize and maintain the natural or surrogate family in order to prevent
110 the placement of children in substitute care. There are two types of home-based family
111 preservation services and they are as follows:

112 (A) Intensive, short-term intervention of four to six weeks; and

113 (B) Home-based, longer-term after care following intensive intervention.

114 "Informal family child care" means a home that is used to provide nonresidential child care
115 services for compensation for three or fewer children, including children who are living in the
116 household who are under six years of age. Care is given in the provider's own home to at least one
117 child who is not related to the caregiver.

118 "Kinship parent" means a person with whom the department has placed a child to provide a
119 kinship placement.

120 "Kinship placement" means the placement of the child with a relative of the child, as
121 defined herein, or a placement of a child with a fictive kin, as defined herein.

122 "Needs Assessment" means an evidence-informed assessment which identifies the needs
123 a child or family has, which, if left unaddressed, will likely increase the chance of reoccurring.

124 "Nonsecure facility" means any public or private residential facility not characterized by
125 construction fixtures designed to physically restrict the movements and activities of individuals
126 held in lawful custody in that facility and which provides its residents access to the surrounding
127 community with supervision.

128 "Nonviolent misdemeanor offense" means a misdemeanor offense that does not include
129 any of the following:

130 (A) An act resulting in bodily injury or death;

131 (B) The use of firearm or other deadly weapon in the commission of the offense;

132 (C) A domestic abuse offense involving a significant or likely risk of harm to a family
133 member or household member;

134 (D) A criminal sexual conduct offense; or

135 (E) Any offense for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

136 "Out-of-home placement" means a post-adjudication placement in a foster family home,
137 kinship parent home, group home, nonsecure facility, emergency shelter, hospital, psychiatric
138 residential treatment facility, staff secure facility, hardware secure facility, detention facility, or other
139 residential placement other than placement in the home of a parent, custodian, or guardian.

140 "Out-of-school time" means a child care service which offers activities to children before
141 and after school, on school holidays, when school is closed due to emergencies, and on school
142 calendar days set aside for teacher activities.

143 "Placement" means any temporary or permanent placement of a child who is in the
144 custody of the state in any foster home, kinship parent home, group home, or other facility or
145 residence.

146 "Pre-adjudicatory community supervision" means supervision provided to a youth prior to
147 adjudication, for a period of supervision up to one year for an alleged status or delinquency
148 offense.

149 "Regional family support council" means the council established by the regional family
150 support agency to carry out the responsibilities specified in §49-2-601 *et seq.* of this code.

151 "Relative family child care" means a home that provides nonresidential child care services
152 only to children related to the caregiver. The caregiver is a grandparent, great-grandparent, aunt,
153 uncle, great-aunt, great-uncle, or adult sibling of the child or children receiving care. Care is given
154 in the provider's home.

155 "Relative of the child" means an adult of at least 21 years of age who is related to the child,
156 by blood or marriage, within at least three degrees.

157 "Residential services" means child care which includes the provision of nighttime shelter
158 and the personal discipline and supervision of a child by guardians, custodians, or other persons
159 or entities on a continuing or temporary basis. It may include care or treatment, or both, for

160 transitioning adults. Residential services does not include or apply to any juvenile detention facility
161 or juvenile correctional facility operated by the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation, created
162 pursuant to this chapter, for the secure housing or holding of juveniles committed to its custody.

163 "Risk and needs assessment" means a validated, standardized actuarial tool which
164 identifies specific risk factors that increase the likelihood of reoffending and the factors that, when
165 properly addressed, can reduce the likelihood of reoffending.

166 "Scattered-site living arrangement" means a living arrangement where youth, 17 to 26
167 years of age, live in a setting that allows staff to be available as needed, depending on the youth's
168 level of autonomy. Sites for such living arrangements shall be in community environments to allow
169 the youth full access to services and resources in order to fully develop independent living skills.

170 "Secure facility" means any public or private residential facility which includes construction
171 fixtures designed to physically restrict the movements and activities of juveniles or other
172 individuals held in lawful custody in such facility.

173 "Staff secure facility" means any public or private residential facility characterized by staff
174 restrictions of the movements and activities of individuals held in lawful custody in such facility, and
175 which limits its residents' access to the surrounding community, but is not characterized by
176 construction fixtures designed to physically restrict the movements and activities of residents.

177 "Standardized screener" means a brief, validated nondiagnostic inventory or questionnaire
178 designed to identify juveniles in need of further assessment for medical, substance abuse,
179 emotional, psychological, behavioral, or educational issues, or other conditions.

180 "State family support council" means the council established by the ~~Department of Health~~
181 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services pursuant to §49-2-601 *et seq.* of this code
182 to carry out the responsibilities specified in §49-2-101 *et seq.* of this code.

183 "Supervised group setting" means a setting where youth, 16 to 21 years of age, live with
184 staff onsite or are available 24 hours per day and seven days per week. In this setting, staff provide
185 face to face daily contact with youth.

186 "Time-limited reunification services" means individual, group, and family counseling,
187 inpatient, residential, or outpatient substance abuse treatment services, mental health services,
188 assistance to address domestic violence, services designed to provide temporary child care, and
189 therapeutic services for families, including crisis nurseries and transportation to or from those
190 services, provided during 15 of the most recent 22 months a child or juvenile has been in foster or
191 in a kinship placement, as determined by the earlier date of the first judicial finding that the child is
192 subjected to abuse or neglect, or the date which is 60 days after the child or juvenile is removed
193 from home.

194 "Technical violation" means an act that violates the terms or conditions of probation or a
195 court order that does not constitute a new delinquent offense.

196 "Truancy diversion specialist" means a school-based probation officer or truancy social
197 worker within a school or schools who, among other responsibilities, identifies truants and the
198 causes of the truant behavior, and assists in developing a plan to reduce the truant behavior prior
199 to court involvement.

§49-1-208. Definitions related, but not limited, to state and local agencies.

1 When used in this chapter, terms defined in this section have the meanings ascribed to
2 them that relate to, but are not limited to, state and local agencies, except in those instances where
3 a different meaning is provided or the context in which the word is used clearly indicates that a
4 different meaning is intended.

5 "Department" or "state department" means the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and~~
6 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

7 "Division of Juvenile Services" means the division within the West Virginia Department of
8 Military Affairs and Public Safety.

9 "Law-enforcement officer" means a law-enforcement officer of the State Police, a
10 municipality or county sheriff's department.

11 "Secretary" means the Secretary of the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human~~
12 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

ARTICLE 2. STATE RESPONSIBILITIES FOR CHILDREN.

§49-2-106. Department responsibility for foster care homes.

1 It is the responsibility of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
2 Human Services to provide care for neglected children who are committed to its care for custody
3 or guardianship. The department may provide this care for children in family homes meeting
4 required standards of certification established and enforced by the Department of ~~Health and~~
5 ~~Human Resources~~ Human Services.

**§49-2-110a Bureau of Social Service authority to hire and employ workers who are not
social workers in geographical areas of critical shortage.**

1 (a) The Legislature ~~hereby~~ finds that there is a crisis in West Virginia in certain
2 geographical regions of the state, that is caused by an absence of people employed by the
3 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services as child protective
4 services workers, youth case workers, and support staff for these positions.

5 (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, the Bureau of Social
6 Services, pursuant to the provisions of this section, may establish a pilot program to employ
7 persons who do not hold a social worker's license and persons who are not on the social work
8 register to work for the bureau as child protective services workers, youth case workers and
9 support staff, in geographical areas of critical shortage of this state.

10 (c) For purposes of this pilot program and this section, "geographical areas of critical
11 shortage" means the counties comprising the 14th judicial circuit and the 23rd judicial circuit as of
12 the effective date of the amendments to the section enacted during the 2023 regular session of the
13 Legislature.

14 (d) Workers hired by the bureau under this section to work in geographical areas of critical
15 shortage may be employed by the bureau and work in said geographical areas as child protective

16 services workers, youth service workers, case managers, clerical staff and in other related
17 positions for the bureau. Wherever possible, workers hired pursuant to this section shall be
18 supervised by a licensed social worker.

19 (e) The provisions of this section shall operate independently of, and in addition to, any
20 other provisions of law or policy that allow persons to be employed in these jobs, and the
21 provisions of this section do not eliminate any other provisions of law that permit persons to be
22 employed in the jobs described in this section.

23 (f) In order for a person to be eligible for employment under this section, he or she shall:

24 (1) Be at least 18 years of age.

25 (2)(A) Have an associate's degree or higher in social work, human services, sociology,
26 psychology, or social services from an accredited college, university, community and technical
27 college, community college or junior college; or

28 (B) Be an honorably retired law enforcement officer or be an honorably retired parole
29 officer or honorably retired federal or state probation officer.

30 (3) Provide to the bureau three letters of recommendation from persons not related to the
31 applicant.

32 (4) Not be an alcohol or drug abuser, as these terms are defined in §27-1A-11 of this code:
33 *Provided*, That an applicant in an active recovery process, which may, in the discretion of the
34 bureau, be evidenced by participation in an acknowledged substance abuse treatment and/or
35 recovery program, may be considered;

36 (5) Satisfy the requirements of the West Virginia Clearance for Access Registry and
37 Employment Screening Act, §16-49-1 *et seq.* of this code; and

38 (6) Satisfy the requirements provided in §30-1-24 of this code.

39 (C) Meet any other requirements established by the bureau.

40 (g) The bureau shall provide training to any and all persons hired and employed hereunder,
41 as the bureau deems appropriate.

42 (h) The provisions of this section authorizing the hiring of persons shall sunset, expire, and
43 be of no force and effect on or after the 31st day of December 2026, but shall not serve to require
44 the termination of persons hired pursuant to this section.

§49-2-111a. Performance based contracting for child placing agencies.

1 (a) For purposes of this section:

2 (1) "Child" means:

3 (A) A person of less than 18 years of age; or

4 (B) A person 18 to 21 years of age who is eligible to receive the extended foster care
5 services.

6 (2) "Child-placing agency" means an agency licensed by the department to place a child in
7 a foster care home.

8 (3) "Department" means the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
9 Human Services.

10 (4) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that is cost-effective and includes at
11 least two randomized or statistically controlled evaluations that have demonstrated improved
12 outcomes for its intended population.

13 (5) "Performance-based contracting" means structuring all aspects of the procurement of
14 services around the purpose of the work to be performed and the desired results with the contract
15 requirements set forth in clear, specific, and objective terms with measurable outcomes and
16 linking payment for services to contractor performance.

17 (6) "Promising practice" means a practice that presents, based upon preliminary
18 information, potential for becoming a research-based or consensus-based practice.

19 (7) "Research-based" means a program or practice that has some research demonstrating
20 effectiveness, but that does not yet meet the standard of evidence-based practices.

21 (b) No later than December 1, 2020, the department shall enter into performance-based
22 contracts with child placing agencies.

23 (c) In conducting the procurement, the department shall actively consult with other state
24 agencies and other entities with expertise in performance-based contracting with child placing
25 agencies.

26 (d) The procurement process shall be developed and implemented in a manner that
27 complies with applicable provisions of this code.

28 (e) The procurement and resulting contracts shall include, but are not limited to, the
29 following:

30 (1) Adequate capacity to meet the anticipated service needs in the contracted service area
31 of the child placing agency;

32 (2) The use of evidence-based, research-based, and promising practices, where
33 appropriate, including fidelity and quality assurance provisions;

34 (3) Child placing agency data reporting, including data on performance and service
35 outcomes, including, but not limited to:

36 (A) Safety outcomes;

37 (B) Permanency outcomes;

38 (C) Well-being outcomes;

39 (D) Incentives earned;

40 (E) Placement of older children;

41 (F) Placement of children with special needs; and

42 (G) Recruitment and retention of foster parents; and

43 (4) A hold harmless period to determine a baseline for evaluation.

44 (f) As part of the procurement process under this section, the department shall issue the
45 request for proposals no later than July 1, 2020. The department shall notify the apparently
46 successful bidders no later than September 1, 2020.

47 (g) Performance-based payment methodologies must be used in child placing agency
48 contracting. Performance measures should relate to successful engagement by a child or parent

49 in services included in their case plan, and resulting improvement in identified problem behaviors
50 and interactions. For the first year of implementation of performance-based contracting, the
51 department may transfer financial risk for the provision of services to the child placing agency only
52 to the limited extent necessary to implement a performance-based payment methodology, such as
53 phased payment for services. However, the department may develop a shared savings
54 methodology through which the child placing agency will receive a defined share of any savings
55 that result from improved performance. If the department receives a Title IV-E waiver, the shared
56 savings methodology must be consistent with the terms of the waiver. If a shared savings
57 methodology is adopted, the child placing agency shall reinvest the savings in enhanced services
58 to better meet the needs of the families and children they serve.

59 (h) The department shall actively monitor the child placing agency's compliance with the
60 terms of contracts executed under this section.

61 (i) The use of performance-based contracts under this section shall be done in a manner
62 that does not adversely affect the state's ability to continue to obtain federal funding for child
63 welfare-related functions currently performed by the state and with consideration of options to
64 further maximize federal funding opportunities and increase flexibility in the use of such funds,
65 including use for preventive and in-home child welfare services.

66 (j) The department shall pay child placing agencies contracted to provide adoption
67 services to foster families a minimum of \$1,000 per child for each adoption finalized.

68 (k) The rate of payment to foster parents and child placing agencies shall be reviewed by
69 the department, at a minimum of every two years, to determine whether the level of foster care
70 payments facilitates or hinders the efficient placement of foster children with West Virginia
71 families. The department shall remit payments to foster parents on the same week each month to
72 facilitate foster parents' ability to budget and appropriately expend payments for the benefit of the
73 children in their custody.

74 (l) The department shall report the performance of the child placing agency to the
75 Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability by December
76 31, annually.

**§49-2-125. Commission to Study Residential Placement of Children; findings;
requirements; reports; recommendations.**

1 (a) The Legislature finds that the state's current system of serving children and families in
2 need of or at risk of needing social, emotional and behavioral health services is fragmented. The
3 existing categorical structure of government programs and their funding streams discourages
4 collaboration, resulting in duplication of efforts and a waste of limited resources. Children are
5 usually involved in multiple child-serving systems, including child welfare, juvenile justice and
6 special education. More than ten percent of children presently in care are presently in out-of-state
7 placements. Earlier efforts at reform have focused on quick fixes for individual components of the
8 system at the expense of the whole. It is the purpose of this section to establish a mechanism to
9 achieve systemic reform by which all of the state's child-serving agencies involved in the
10 residential placement of at-risk youth jointly and continually study and improve upon this system
11 and make recommendations to their respective agencies and to the Legislature regarding funding
12 and statutory, regulatory and policy changes. It is further the Legislature's intent to build upon
13 these recommendations to establish an integrated system of care for at-risk youth and families
14 that makes prudent and cost-effective use of limited state resources by drawing upon the
15 experience of successful models and best practices in this and other jurisdictions, which focuses
16 on delivering services in the least restrictive setting appropriate to the needs of the child, and
17 which produces better outcomes for children, families and the state.

18 (b) There is created within the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
19 Human Services the Commission to Study the Residential Placement of Children. The
20 commission consists of the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
21 Department of Human Services, the Commissioner of the Bureau for Children and Families, the

22 Commissioner for the Bureau for Behavioral Health and Health Facilities, the Commissioner for
23 the Bureau for Medical Services, the State Superintendent of Schools, a representative of local
24 educational agencies, the Director of the Office of Institutional Educational Programs, the Director
25 of the Office of Special Education Programs and Assurance, the Director of the Division of
26 Juvenile Services and the Executive Director of the Prosecuting Attorney's Institute. At the
27 discretion of the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals, circuit and family court judges and other
28 court personnel, including the Administrator of the Supreme Court of Appeals and the Director of
29 the Juvenile Probation Services Division, may serve on the commission. These statutory
30 members may further designate additional persons in their respective offices who may attend the
31 meetings of the commission if they are the administrative head of the office or division whose
32 functions necessitate their inclusion in this process. In its deliberations, the commission shall also
33 consult and solicit input from families and service providers.

34 (c) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
35 Human Services shall serve as chair of the commission, which shall meet on a quarterly basis at
36 the call of the chair.

37 (d) At a minimum, the commission shall study:

38 (1) The current practices of placing children out-of-home and into in-residential
39 placements, with special emphasis on out-of-state placements;

40 (2) The adequacy, capacity, availability and utilization of existing in-state facilities to serve
41 the needs of children requiring residential placements;

42 (3) Strategies and methods to reduce the number of children who must be placed in out-of-
43 state facilities and to return children from existing out-of-state placements, initially targeting older
44 youth who have been adjudicated delinquent;

45 (4) Staffing, facilitation and oversight of multidisciplinary treatment planning teams;

46 (5) The availability of and investment in community-based, less restrictive and less costly
47 alternatives to residential placements;

48 (6) Ways in which up-to-date information about in-state placement availability may be
49 made readily accessible to state agency and court personnel, including an interactive secure web
50 site;

51 (7) Strategies and methods to promote and sustain cooperation and collaboration between
52 the courts, state and local agencies, families and service providers, including the use of inter-
53 agency memoranda of understanding, pooled funding arrangements and sharing of information
54 and staff resources;

55 (8) The advisability of including no-refusal clauses in contracts with in-state providers for
56 placement of children whose treatment needs match the level of licensure held by the provider;

57 (9) Identification of in-state service gaps and the feasibility of developing services to fill
58 those gaps, including funding;

59 (10) Identification of fiscal, statutory and regulatory barriers to developing needed services
60 in-state in a timely and responsive way;

61 (11) Ways to promote and protect the rights and participation of parents, foster parents and
62 children involved in out-of-home care;

63 (12) Ways to certify out-of-state providers to ensure that children who must be placed out-
64 of-state receive high quality services consistent with this state's standards of licensure and rules of
65 operation; and

66 (13) Any other ancillary issue relative to foster care placement.

67 (e) The commission shall report annually to the Legislative Oversight Commission on
68 Health and Human Resources Accountability its conclusions and recommendations, including an
69 implementation plan whereby:

70 (1) Out-of-state placements shall be reduced by at least ten percent per year and by at
71 least fifty percent within three years;

72 (2) Child-serving agencies shall develop joint operating and funding proposals to serve the
73 needs of children and families that cross their jurisdictional boundaries in a more seamless way;

74 (3) Steps shall be taken to obtain all necessary federal plan waivers or amendments in
75 order for agencies to work collaboratively while maximizing the availability of federal funds;

76 (4) Agencies shall enter into memoranda of understanding to assume joint responsibilities;

77 (5) System of care components and cooperative relationships shall be incrementally
78 established at the local, state and regional levels, with links to existing resources, such as family
79 resource networks and regional summits, wherever possible; and

80 (6) Recommendations for changes in fiscal, statutory and regulatory provisions are
81 included for legislative action.

§49-2-301. Findings and intent; advisory council.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that:

2 (1) High quality early childhood development substantially improves the intellectual and
3 social potential of children and reduces societal costs;

4 (2) A child care program quality rating and improvement system provides incentives and
5 resources to improve the quality child care programs; and

6 (3) A child care program quality rating and improvement system provides information
7 about the quality of child care programs to parents so they may make more informed decisions
8 about the placement of their children.

9 (b) It is the intent of the Legislature to require the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health~~
10 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services promulgate a legislative rule and establish
11 a plan for the phased implementation of a child care program quality rating and improvement
12 system not inconsistent with the provisions of this article.

13 (c) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
14 Human Services shall create a Quality Rating and Improvement System Advisory Council to
15 provide advice on the development of the rule and plan for the phased implementation of a child
16 care program quality rating and improvement system and the ongoing program review and policies
17 for quality improvement. The secretary shall facilitate meetings of the advisory council. The

18 advisory council shall include representatives from the provider community, advocacy groups, the
19 Legislature, providers of professional development services for the early childhood community,
20 regulatory agencies and others who may be impacted by the creation of a quality rating and
21 improvement system.

22 (d) Nothing in this article requires an appropriation, or any specific level of appropriation, by
23 the Legislature.

§49-2-302. Creation of statewide quality rating system; rule-making; minimum requirements.

1 (a) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
2 Human Services shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of
3 article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement a quality rating and improvement
4 system. The quality rating and improvement system shall be applicable to licensed child care
5 centers and facilities and registered family child care homes. If other types of child care settings,
6 such as school-age child care programs become licensed after the implementation of a statewide
7 quality rating and improvement system, the secretary may develop quality criteria and incentives
8 that will allow the other types of child care settings to participate in the quality rating and
9 improvement system. The rules shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

10 (1) A four-star rating system for registered family child care homes and a four-star rating
11 system for all licensed programs, including family child care facilities and child care centers, to
12 easily communicate to consumers four progressively higher levels of quality child care. One star
13 indicating meeting the minimum acceptable standard and four stars indicating meeting or
14 exceeding the highest standard. The system shall reflect the cumulative attainment of the
15 standards at each level and all lesser levels. However, any program accredited by the National
16 Association for the Education of Young Children or the National Association for Family Child Care,
17 as applicable, shall automatically be awarded four-star status;

18 (2) Program standards for registered family child care homes and program standards for all
19 licensed programs, including family child care facilities and child care centers, that are each
20 divided into four levels of attributes that progressively improve the quality of child care beginning
21 with basic state registration and licensing requirements at level one, through achievement of a
22 national accreditation by the appropriate organization at level four. Participation beyond the first
23 level is voluntary. The program standards shall be categorized using the West Virginia State
24 Training and Registry System Core Knowledge Areas or its equivalent;

25 (3) Accountability measures that provide for a fair, valid, accurate and reliable assessment
26 of compliance with quality standards, including, but not limited to:

27 (A) Evaluations conducted by trained evaluators with appropriate early childhood
28 education and training on the selected assessment tool and with a demonstrated inter-rater
29 reliability of eighty-five percent or higher. The evaluations shall include an on-site inspection
30 conducted at least annually to determine whether programs are rated correctly and continue to
31 meet the appropriate standards. The evaluations and observations shall be conducted on at least
32 a statistically valid percentage of center classrooms, with a minimum of one class per age group;

33 (B) The use of valid and reliable observation and assessment tools, such as environmental
34 rating scales for early childhood, infant and toddler, school-age care and family child care as
35 appropriate for the particular setting and age group;

36 (C) An annual self-assessment using the proper observation and assessment tool for
37 programs rated at two stars; and

38 (D) Model program improvement planning shall be designed to help programs improve
39 their evaluation results and level of program quality.

40 (b) The rules required pursuant to this section shall include policies relating to the review,
41 reduction, suspension or disqualification of child care programs from the quality rating and
42 improvement system.

43 (c) The rules shall provide for implementation of the statewide quality rating system
44 effective July 1, 2011, subject to section three hundred four of this article.

**§49-2-303. Statewide quality improvement system; financial plan; staffing requirements;
public awareness campaign; management information system; financial assistance
for child care programs; program staff; child care consumers.**

1 Attached to the proposed rules required in section three hundred two of this article, the
2 Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services
3 shall submit a financial plan to support the implementation of a statewide quality rating and
4 improvement system and help promote quality improvement. The financial plan shall be
5 considered a part of the rule and shall include specific proposals for implementation of the
6 provisions of this section as determined by the secretary. The plan shall address, but is not limited
7 to, the following:

8 (1) State agency staffing requirements may include the following:

9 (A) Highly trained evaluators to monitor the assessment process and ensure inter-rater
10 reliability of eighty-five percent or higher;

11 (B) Technical assistance staff responsible for career advising, accreditation support
12 services, improvement planning, portfolio development and evaluations for improvement planning
13 only. The goal for technical assistance staffing is to ensure that individualized technical assistance
14 is available to participating programs;

15 (C) A person within the department to collaborate with other professional development
16 providers to maximize funding for training, scholarships and professional development. The
17 person filling this position also shall encourage community and technical colleges to provide
18 courses through nontraditional means, such as online training, evening classes and off-campus
19 training;

20 (D) Additional infant and toddler specialists to provide high level professional development
21 for staff caring for infants and to provide on-site assistance with infant and toddler issues;

22 (E) At least one additional training specialist at each of the child care resource and referral
23 agencies to support new training topics and to provide training for school-age child care programs.
24 Training providers, such as the child care resource and referral agencies shall purchase new
25 training programs on topics, such as business management, the Devereux Resiliency Training
26 and Mind in the Making; and

27 (F) Additional staff necessary for program administration;

28 (2) Implementation of a broad public awareness campaign and communication strategies
29 that may include the following:

30 (A) Brochures, internet sites, posters, banners, certificates, decals and pins to educate
31 parents; and

32 (B) Strategies, such as earned media campaigns, paid advertising campaigns, e-mail and
33 internet-based outreach, face-to-face communication with key civic groups and grassroots
34 organizing techniques; and

35 (3) Implementation of an internet-based management information system that meets the
36 following requirements:

37 (A) The system shall allow for multiple agencies to access and input data;

38 (B) The system shall provide the data necessary to determine if the quality enhancements
39 result in improved care and better outcomes for children;

40 (C) The system shall allow access by ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
41 Department of Human Services subsidy and licensing staff, child care resource and referral
42 agencies, the agencies that provide training and scholarships, evaluators and the child care
43 programs;

44 (D) The system shall include different security levels in order to comply with the numerous
45 confidentiality requirements;

46 (E) The system shall assist in informing practice; determining training needs; and tracking
47 changes in availability of care, cost of care, changes in wages and education levels; and

48 (F) The system shall provide accountability for child care programs and recipients and
49 assure funds are being used effectively;

50 (4) Financial assistance for child care programs needed to improve learning environments,
51 attain high ratings and sustain long-term quality without passing additional costs on to families that
52 may include, but are not limited to:

53 (A) Assistance to programs in assessment and individual program improvement planning
54 and providing the necessary information, coaching and resources to assist programs to increase
55 their level of quality;

56 (B) Subsidizing participating programs for providing child care services to children of low-
57 income families in accordance with the following:

58 (i) Base payment rates shall be established at the seventy-fifth percentile of market rate;
59 and

60 (ii) A system of tiered reimbursement shall be established which increases the payment
61 rates by a certain amount above the base payment rates in accordance with the rating tier of the
62 child care program;

63 (C) Two types of grants shall be awarded to child care programs in accordance with the
64 following:

65 (i) An incentive grant shall be awarded based on the type of child care program and the
66 level at which the child care program is rated with the types of child care programs having more
67 children and child care programs rated at higher tiers being awarded a larger grant than the types
68 of child care programs having less children and child care programs rated at lower tiers; and

69 (ii) Grants for helping with the cost of national accreditation shall be awarded on an
70 equitable basis.

71 (5) Support for increased salaries and benefits for program staff to increase educational
72 levels essential to improving the quality of care that may include, but are not limited to:

73 (A) Wage supports and benefits provided as an incentive to increase child care programs
74 ratings and as an incentive to increase staff qualifications in accordance with the following:

75 (i) The cost of salary supplements shall be phased in over a five-year period;

76 (ii) The Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources shall establish a
77 salary scale for each of the top three rating tiers that varies the salary support based on the
78 education of the care giver and the rating tier of the program; and

79 (iii) Any center with at least a tier two rating that employs at least one staff person
80 participating in the scholarship program required pursuant to paragraph (B) of this subdivision or
81 employs degree staff may apply to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human
82 Resources for funding to provide health care benefits based on the Teacher Education and
83 Compensation Helps model in which insurance costs are shared among the employees, the
84 employer and the state; and

85 (B) The provision of scholarships and establishment of professional development plans for
86 center staff that would promote increasing the credentials of center staff over a five-year period;
87 and

88 (6) Financial assistance to the child care consumers whose income is at two hundred
89 percent of the federal poverty level or under to help them afford the increased market price of child
90 care resulting from increased quality.

§49-2-401. Continuation, transfer and renaming of trust fund; funding.

1 (a) The Children's Fund, created for the sole purpose of awarding grants, loans and loan
2 guarantees for child abuse and neglect prevention activities by enactment of chapter twenty-
3 seven, Acts of the Legislature, 1984, as last amended and reenacted by chapter one hundred fifty-
4 nine, Acts of the Legislature, 1999, is hereby continued and renamed the West Virginia Children's
5 Trust Fund. The fund shall be administered by the Commissioner of the Bureau for Children and
6 Families. Gifts, bequests or donations for this purpose, in addition to appropriations to the fund,
7 shall be deposited in the State Treasury in a special revenue account under the control of the

8 Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services or
9 his or her designee.

10 (b) Each state taxpayer may voluntarily contribute a portion of the taxpayer's state income
11 tax refund to the Children's Trust Fund by designating the contribution on the state personal
12 income tax return form. The bureau shall approve the wording of the designation on the income tax
13 return form. The State Tax Commissioner shall determine by July 1, of each year the total amount
14 designated pursuant to this subsection and shall report that amount to the State Treasurer, who
15 shall credit that amount to the Children's Trust Fund.

16 (c) All interest accruing from investment of moneys in the Children's Trust Fund shall be
17 credited to the fund. The Legislative Auditor shall conduct an audit of the fund at least every five
18 fiscal years.

19 (d) Grants, loans and loan guarantees may be awarded from the Children's Trust Fund by
20 the Commissioner of the Bureau for Children and Families for child abuse and neglect prevention
21 activities.

22 ~~(e) Upon the effective date of the enactment of this section, all employees, records,~~
23 ~~responsibilities, obligations, assets and property, of whatever kind and character, of the~~
24 ~~Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families are hereby transferred to the Bureau for Children~~
25 ~~and Families within the Department of Health and Human Resources, including, but not limited to,~~
26 ~~all rights and obligations held by the Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families under any~~
27 ~~grants, loans or loan guarantees previously awarded from the Children's Trust Fund.~~

28 ~~(f) All orders, determinations, rules, permits, grants, contracts, certificates, licenses,~~
29 ~~waivers, bonds, authorizations and privileges which have been issued, made, granted or allowed~~
30 ~~to become effective by the Governor, by any state department or agency or official thereof, or by a~~
31 ~~court of competent jurisdiction, in the performance of functions which have been transferred to the~~
32 ~~Bureau for Children and Families within the Department of Health and Human Resources, and~~
33 ~~were in effect on the date the transfer occurred continue in effect, for the benefit of the department,~~

34 ~~according to their terms until modified, terminated, superseded, set aside or revoked in~~
35 ~~accordance with the law by the Governor, the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human~~
36 ~~Resources or other authorized official, a court of competent jurisdiction or by operation of law.~~

§49-2-502. Powers of the secretary.

1 In the care and treatment of children with special health care needs the Secretary of the
2 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall, so far as
3 funds are available for the following purposes:

4 (1) Locate children with special health care needs requiring medical, surgical or other
5 corrective treatment and provide competent diagnosis to determine the treatment required.

6 (2) Supply to children with special health care needs treatment, including hospitalization
7 and aftercare leading to correction and rehabilitation.

8 (3) Guide and supervise children with special health care needs to assure adequate care
9 and treatment.

§49-2-503. Report of birth of special health care needs child.

1 Within thirty days after the birth of a child with a congenital deformity, the physician,
2 midwife or other person attending the birth shall report to the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
3 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services, on forms prescribed by them, the birth of the child.

4 The report shall be solely for the use of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
5 Department of Human Services and shall not be open for public inspection.

§49-2-504. Assistance by other agencies.

1 So far as practicable, the services and facilities of the State Department of Education, The
2 Division of Vocational Rehabilitation Services and Division of Corrections or their successor
3 organizations shall be available to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department
4 of Human Services for the purposes of this article.

**§49-2-604. Program administration; implementation; procedures; annual evaluation;
coordination; plans; grievances; reports.**

1 (a) The administering agency for the family support program is the ~~Department of Health~~
2 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

3 (b) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
4 initially implement the family support program through contracts with an agency within four of the
5 state's behavioral health regions, with the four regions to be determined by the ~~Department of~~
6 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services in consultation with the state family
7 support council. These regional family support agencies of the family support program will be
8 responsible for implementing this article and subsequent policies for the families of persons with
9 developmental disabilities residing within their respective regions.

10 (c) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, in
11 conjunction with the state family support council, shall adopt policies and procedures regarding:

12 (1) Development of annual budgets;

13 (2) Program specifications;

14 (3) Criteria for awarding contracts for operation of regional family support programs and
15 the role of regional family support councils;

16 (4) Annual evaluation of services provided by each regional family support agency,
17 including consumer satisfaction;

18 (5) Coordination of the family support program and the use of its funds, throughout the
19 state and within each region, with other publicly funded programs, including Medicaid;

20 (6) Performance of family needs assessments and development of family service plans;

21 (7) Methodology for allocating resources to families within the funds available; and

22 (8) Resolution of grievances filed by families pertaining to actions of the family support
23 program.

**§49-2-605. Regional and state family support councils; membership; meetings;
reimbursement of expenses.**

1 (a) Each regional family support agency shall establish a regional family support council
2 comprised of at least seven members, of whom at least a majority shall be persons with
3 developmental disabilities or their parents or primary caregivers. Each regional family support
4 council shall meet at least quarterly to advise the regional family support agency on matters
5 related to local implementation of the family support program and to communicate information and
6 recommendations regarding the family support program to the State Family Support Council.

7 (b) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
8 Human Services shall appoint a State Family Support Council comprised of at least twenty-two
9 members, of whom at least a majority shall be persons with developmental disabilities or their
10 parents or primary caregivers. A representative elected by each regional council shall serve on the
11 state council. The state council shall also include a representative from each of the following
12 agencies: The State Developmental Disabilities Council, the State Protection and Advocacy
13 Agency, the Center for Excellence in Disabilities, the Office of Special Education, the Behavioral
14 Health Care Providers Association and the Early Intervention Interagency Coordinating Council.

15 (c) The state council shall meet at least quarterly. The state council will participate in the
16 development of program policies and procedures, annual contracts and perform other duties as
17 are necessary for statewide implementation of the family support program.

18 (d) Members of the state and regional councils who are a member of the family or the
19 primary caregiver of a developmentally disabled person shall be reimbursed for travel and lodging
20 expenses incurred in attending official meetings of their councils. Child care expenses related to
21 the developmentally disabled person shall also be reimbursed. Members of regional councils who
22 are eligible for expense reimbursement shall be reimbursed by their respective regional family
23 support agencies.

§49-2-701. Caregiver consent for minor's health care; treatment.

1 (a) Except for minor children placed under the custody of the ~~Department of Health and~~
2 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services pursuant to proceedings established by this

3 chapter, a caregiver who possesses and presents a notarized affidavit pursuant to section seven
4 hundred three of this article may consent on behalf of a minor to health care and treatment.

5 (b) Examination and treatment shall be prescribed by or under the supervision of a
6 physician, advanced practice nurse, dentist or mental health professional licensed to practice in
7 the state.

§49-2-708. Rule-making authority.

1 (a) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
2 Human Services is authorized to propose rules for legislative approval necessary to implement
3 this article in accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code.

4 (b) The rules:

5 (1) Shall create a three year certification period for a foster home, unless a substantial
6 change occurs. A home safety assessment is performed at least annually. The department has
7 sole authority to determine if a substantial change has occurred;

8 (2) Shall require that a criminal background check be conducted at the time of the
9 recertification;

10 (3) May not prevent the placement or cause the removal of a foster child for cosmetic
11 damage to a residence. "Cosmetic damages" means damage that does not affect the safety or
12 wellbeing of a child;

13 (4) Shall permit the use of dedicated sleeping spaces as appropriate for the child's needs
14 and age, and similar to the sleeping spaces for other household members; and

15 (5) Shall review and update the legislative rules while considering normalcy and the
16 reasonable and prudent parent standard.

17 (c) Notwithstanding the time frames in §29A-3-1 *et seq.*, of this code the department shall
18 revise the foster care legislative rules and shall submit for review and approval to the Rule-Making
19 Review Committee by October 31, 2019.

§49-2-802. Establishment of child protective services; general duties and powers; administrative procedure; immunity from civil liability; cooperation of other state agencies.

1 (a) The department shall establish or designate in every county a local child protective
2 services office to perform the duties and functions set forth in this article.

3 (b) The local child protective services office shall investigate all reports of child abuse or
4 neglect. Under no circumstances may investigating personnel be relatives of the accused, the
5 child or the families involved. In accordance with the local plan for child protective services, it shall
6 provide protective services to prevent further abuse or neglect of children and provide for or
7 arrange for and coordinate and monitor the provision of those services necessary to ensure the
8 safety of children. The local child protective services office shall be organized to maximize the
9 continuity of responsibility, care, and service of individual workers for individual children and
10 families. Under no circumstances may the secretary or his or her designee promulgate rules or
11 establish any policy which restricts the scope or types of alleged abuse or neglect of minor children
12 which are to be investigated or the provision of appropriate and available services.

13 (c) Each local child protective services office shall:

14 (1) Receive or arrange for the receipt of all reports of children known or suspected to be
15 abused or neglected on a 24-hour, seven-day-a-week basis and cross-file all reports under the
16 names of the children, the family, and any person substantiated as being an abuser or neglecter by
17 investigation of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services,
18 with use of cross-filing of the person's name limited to the internal use of the department:
19 *Provided*, That local child protective services offices shall disclose the names of alleged abusers
20 pursuant to §49-2-802(c)(4) of this code;

21 (2) Provide or arrange for emergency children's services to be available at all times;

22 (3) Upon notification of suspected child abuse or neglect, commence or cause to be
23 commenced a thorough investigation of the report and the child's environment. As a part of this

24 response, within 14 days there shall be a face-to-face interview with the child or children and the
25 development of a protection plan, if necessary, for the safety or health of the child, which may
26 involve law-enforcement officers or the court;

27 (4) Make efforts as soon as practicable to determine the military status of parents whose
28 children are subject to abuse or neglect allegations. If the office determines that a parent or
29 guardian is in the military, the department shall notify a Department of Defense family advocacy
30 program that there is an allegation of abuse and neglect that is screened in and open for
31 investigation that relates to that military parent or guardian;

32 (5) Respond immediately to all allegations of imminent danger to the physical well-being of
33 the child or of serious physical abuse. As a part of this response, within 72 hours there shall be a
34 face-to-face interview with the child or children and the development of a protection plan, which
35 may involve law-enforcement officers or the court; and

36 (6) In addition to any other requirements imposed by this section, when any matter
37 regarding child custody is pending, the circuit court or family court may refer allegations of child
38 abuse and neglect to the local child protective services office for investigation of the allegations as
39 defined by this chapter and require the local child protective services office to submit a written
40 report of the investigation to the referring circuit court or family court within the time frames set
41 forth by the circuit court or family court.

42 (d) In those cases in which the local child protective services office determines that the
43 best interests of the child require court action, the local child protective services office shall initiate
44 the appropriate legal proceeding.

45 (e) The local child protective services office shall be responsible for providing, directing, or
46 coordinating the appropriate and timely delivery of services to any child suspected or known to be
47 abused or neglected, including services to the child's family and those responsible for the child's
48 care.

49 (f) To carry out the purposes of this article, all departments, boards, bureaus, and other
50 agencies of the state or any of its political subdivisions and all agencies providing services under
51 the local child protective services plan shall, upon request, provide to the local child protective
52 services office any assistance and information as will enable it to fulfill its responsibilities.

53 (g)(1) In order to obtain information regarding the location of a child who is the subject of an
54 allegation of abuse or neglect, the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
55 Department of Human Services may serve, by certified mail or personal service, an administrative
56 subpoena on any corporation, partnership, business, or organization for the production of
57 information leading to determining the location of the child.

58 (2) In case of disobedience to the subpoena, in compelling the production of documents,
59 the secretary may invoke the aid of:

60 (A) The circuit court with jurisdiction over the served party if the person served is a
61 resident; or

62 (B) The circuit court of the county in which the local child protective services office
63 conducting the investigation is located if the person served is a nonresident.

64 (3) A circuit court shall not enforce an administrative subpoena unless it finds that:

65 (A) The investigation is one the Division of Child Protective Services is authorized to make
66 and is being conducted pursuant to a legitimate purpose;

67 (B) The inquiry is relevant to that purpose;

68 (C) The inquiry is not too broad or indefinite;

69 (D) The information sought is not already in the possession of the Division of Child
70 Protective Services; and

71 (E) Any administrative steps required by law have been followed.

72 (4) If circumstances arise where the secretary, or his or her designee, determines it
73 necessary to compel an individual to provide information regarding the location of a child who is
74 the subject of an allegation of abuse or neglect, the secretary, or his or her designee, may seek a

75 subpoena from the circuit court with jurisdiction over the individual from whom the information is
76 sought.

77 (h) No child protective services caseworker may be held personally liable for any
78 professional decision or action taken pursuant to that decision in the performance of his or her
79 official duties as set forth in this section or agency rules promulgated thereupon. However, nothing
80 in this subsection protects any child protective services worker from any liability arising from the
81 operation of a motor vehicle or for any loss caused by gross negligence, willful and wanton
82 misconduct, or intentional misconduct.

§49-2-803. Persons mandated to report suspected abuse and neglect; requirements.

1 (a) Any medical, dental, or mental health professional, Christian Science practitioner,
2 religious healer, school teacher or other school personnel, social service worker, child care or
3 foster care worker, emergency medical services personnel, peace officer or law-enforcement
4 official, humane officer, member of the clergy, circuit court judge, family court judge, employee of
5 the Division of Juvenile Services, magistrate, youth camp administrator or counselor, employee,
6 coach or volunteer of an entity that provides organized activities for children, or commercial film or
7 photographic print processor who has reasonable cause to suspect that a child is neglected or
8 abused, including sexual abuse or sexual assault, or observes the child being subjected to
9 conditions that are likely to result in abuse or neglect shall immediately, and not more than 24
10 hours after suspecting this abuse or neglect, report the circumstances to the ~~Department of Health~~
11 ~~and Human Resources.~~ Department of Human Services. In any case where the reporter believes
12 that the child suffered serious physical abuse or sexual abuse or sexual assault, the reporter shall
13 also immediately report to the State Police and any law-enforcement agency having jurisdiction to
14 investigate the complaint. Any person required to report under this article who is a member of the
15 staff or volunteer of a public or private institution, school, entity that provides organized activities
16 for children, facility, or agency shall also immediately notify the person in charge of the institution,

17 school, entity that provides organized activities for children, facility, or agency, or a designated
18 agent thereof, who may supplement the report or cause an additional report to be made: *Provided*,
19 That notifying a person in charge, supervisor, or superior does not exempt a person from his or her
20 mandate to report suspected abuse or neglect.

21 (b) County boards of education and private school administrators shall provide all
22 employees with a written statement setting forth the requirements contained in this section and
23 shall obtain and preserve a signed acknowledgment from school employees that they have
24 received and understand the reporting requirement.

25 (c) Nothing in this article is intended to prevent individuals from reporting suspected abuse
26 or neglect on their own behalf. In addition to those persons and officials specifically required to
27 report situations involving suspected abuse or neglect of children, any other person may make a
28 report if that person has reasonable cause to suspect that a child has been abused or neglected in
29 a home or institution or observes the child being subjected to conditions or circumstances that
30 would reasonably result in abuse or neglect.

31 (d) The provisions of this section are not applicable to persons under the age of 18.

§49-2-804. Notification of disposition of reports.

1 The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
2 continue to develop, update and implement a procedure to notify any person mandated to report
3 suspected child abuse and neglect pursuant to section eight hundred three of this article, of
4 whether an investigation into the reported suspected abuse or neglect has been initiated and when
5 the investigation is completed.

§49-2-813. Statistical index; reports.

1 The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
2 maintain a statewide child abuse and neglect statistical index of all substantiated allegations of
3 child abuse or neglect cases to include information contained in the reports required under this

4 article and any other information considered appropriate by the Secretary of the ~~Department of~~
5 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services. Nothing in the statistical data
6 index maintained by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
7 Services may contain information of a specific nature that would identify individual cases or
8 persons. Notwithstanding section two hundred one, article four of this chapter, the ~~Department of~~
9 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall provide copies of the
10 statistical data maintained pursuant to this subsection to the State Police child abuse and neglect
11 investigations unit to carry out its responsibilities to protect children from abuse and neglect.

§49-2-814. Task Force on Prevention of Sexual Abuse of Children.

- 1 (a) This section may be referred to as "Erin Merryn's Law".
- 2 (b) The Task Force on Prevention of Sexual Abuse of Children is established. The task
3 force consists of the following members:
- 4 (1) The Chair of the West Virginia Senate Committee on Health and Human Resources, or
5 his or her designee;
- 6 (2) The Chair of the House of Delegates Committee on Health and Human Resources, or
7 his or her designee;
- 8 (3) The Chair of the West Virginia Senate Committee on Education, or his or her designee;
- 9 (4) The Chair of the House of Delegates Committee on Education, or his or her designee;
- 10 (5) One citizen member appointed by the President of the Senate;
- 11 (6) One citizen member appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates;
- 12 (7) One citizen member, who is a survivor of child sexual abuse, appointed by the
13 Governor;
- 14 (8) The President of the State Board of Education, or his or her designee;
- 15 (9) The State Superintendent of Schools, or his or her designee;
- 16 (10) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
17 Human Services, or his or her designee;

18 (11) The Director of the Prosecuting Attorney's Institute, or his or her designee;

19 (12) One representative of each statewide professional teachers' organization, each
20 selected by the leader of his or her respective organization;

21 (13) One representative of the statewide school service personnel organization, selected
22 by the leader of the organization;

23 (14) One representative of the statewide school principals' organization, appointed by the
24 leader of the organization;

25 (15) One representative of the statewide professional social workers' organization,
26 appointed by the leader of the organization;

27 (16) One representative of a teacher preparation program of a regionally accredited
28 institution of higher education in the state, appointed by the Chancellor of the Higher Education
29 Policy Commission;

30 (17) The Chief Executive Officer of the Center for Professional Development, or his or her
31 designee;

32 (18) The Director of Prevent Child Abuse West Virginia, or his or her designee;

33 (19) The Director of the West Virginia Child Advocacy Network, or his or her designee;

34 (20) The Director of the West Virginia Coalition Against Domestic Violence, or his or her
35 designee;

36 (21) The Director of the West Virginia Foundation for Rape Information and Services, or his
37 or her designee;

38 (22) The Administrative Director of the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals, or his or
39 her designee;

40 (23) The Executive Director of the West Virginia Sheriffs' Association, or his or her
41 designee;

42 (24) One representative of an organization representing law enforcement, appointed by
43 the Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police; and

44 (25) One practicing school counselor appointed by the leader of the West Virginia School
45 Counselors Association.

46 (c) To the extent practicable, members of the task force shall be individuals actively
47 involved in the fields of child abuse and neglect prevention and child welfare.

48 (d) At the joint call of the House of Delegates and Senate Education Committee Chairs, the
49 task force shall convene its first meeting and by majority vote of members present elect presiding
50 officers. Subsequent meetings shall be at the call of the presiding officer.

51 (e) The task force shall make recommendations for decreasing incidence of sexual abuse
52 of children in West Virginia. In making those recommendations, the task force shall:

53 (1) Gather information regarding sexual abuse of children throughout the state;

54 (2) Receive related reports and testimony from individuals, state and local agencies,
55 community-based organizations, and other public and private organizations;

56 (3) Create goals for state education policy that would prevent sexual abuse of children;

57 (4) Create goals for other areas of state policy that would prevent sexual abuse of children;

58 and

59 (5) Submit a report with its recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature.

60 (f) The recommendations may include proposals for specific statutory changes and
61 methods to foster cooperation among state agencies and between the state and local
62 governments. The task force shall consult with employees of the Bureau for Children and Family
63 Services, the Division of Justice and Community Services, the West Virginia State Police, the
64 State Board of Education, and any other state agency or department as necessary to accomplish
65 its responsibilities under this section.

66 (g) Task force members serve without compensation and do not receive expense
67 reimbursement.

§49-2-901. Policy; cooperation.

1 (a) It is the policy of the state to:

2 (1) Provide a coordinated continuum of care for its children who have been charged with an
3 offense which would be a crime if committed by an adult, whether they are taken into custody and
4 securely detained or released pending adjudication by the court; and

5 (2) Ensure the safe and efficient custody of a securely detained child through the entire
6 juvenile justice process, and this can best be accomplished by the state by providing for
7 cooperation and coordination between the agencies of government which are charged with
8 responsibilities for the children of the state.

9 (b) When any juvenile is ordered by the court to be transferred from the custody of one of
10 these agencies into the custody of the other, the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
11 Department of Human Services and the Division of Juvenile Services shall cooperate with each
12 other to the maximum extent necessary in order to ease the child's transition and to reduce
13 unnecessary cost, duplication and delay.

§49-2-903. Powers and duties; comprehensive strategy; cooperation.

1 The Division of Juvenile Services has the following duties as to juveniles in detention
2 facilities or juvenile corrections facilities:

3 (1) Cooperating with the United States Department of Justice in operating, maintaining and
4 improving juvenile correction facilities and predispositional detention centers, complying with
5 regulations thereof, and receiving and expending federal funds for the services;

6 (2) Providing care for children needing secure detention pending disposition by a court
7 having juvenile jurisdiction or temporary care following a court action;

8 (3) Assigning the necessary personnel and providing adequate space for the support and
9 operation of any facility providing for the secure detention of children committed to the care of the
10 Division of Juvenile Services;

11 (4) Proposing rules which outline policies and procedures governing the operation of
12 correctional, detention and other facilities in its division wherein juveniles may be securely housed;

13 (5) Assigning the necessary personnel and providing adequate space for the support and
14 operation of its facilities;

15 (6) Developing a comprehensive plan to maintain and improve a unified state system of
16 regional predispositional detention centers for juveniles;

17 (7) Working in cooperation with the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
18 Department of Human Services in establishing, maintaining, and continuously refining and
19 developing a balanced and comprehensive state program for children who have been adjudicated
20 delinquent;

21 (8) In cooperation with the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
22 Human Services establishing programs and services within available funds, designed to:

23 (A) Prevent juvenile delinquency;

24 (B) To divert juveniles from the juvenile justice system:

25 (C) To provide community-based alternatives to juvenile detention and correctional
26 facilities; and

27 (D) To encourage a diversity of alternatives within the juvenile justice system;

28 Working in collaboration with the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
29 Department of Human Services, the Division of Juvenile Services shall employ a comprehensive
30 strategy for the social and rehabilitative programming and treatment of juveniles, consistent with
31 the principles adopted by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention of the Office
32 of Justice Programs of the United States Department of Justice.

**§49-2-906. Medical and other treatment of juveniles in custody of the division; consent;
service providers; medical care; pregnant inmates; claims processing and
administration by the department; authorization of cooperative agreements.**

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the director, or his or her
2 designee, is hereby authorized to consent to the medical or other treatment of any juvenile in the
3 legal or physical custody of the director or the division.

4 (b) In providing or arranging for the necessary medical and other care and treatment of
5 juveniles committed to the division's custody, the director shall use service providers who provide
6 the same or similar services to juveniles under existing contracts with the ~~Department of Health~~
7 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services. In order to obtain the most advantageous
8 reimbursement rates, to capitalize on an economy of scale and to avoid duplicative systems and
9 procedures, the department shall administer and process all claims for medical or other treatment
10 of juveniles committed to the division's custody.

11 (c) In providing or arranging for the necessary medical and other care and treatment of
12 juveniles committed to the division's custody, the director shall assure that pregnant inmates will
13 not be restrained after reaching the second trimester of pregnancy until the end of the pregnancy.
14 However, if the inmate, based upon her classification, discipline history or other factors deemed
15 relevant by the director poses a threat of escape, or to the safety of herself, the public, staff, or the
16 unborn child, the inmate may be restrained in a manner reasonably necessary. Additionally, that
17 prior to directing the application of restraints and where there is no threat to the safety of the
18 inmate, the public, staff or the fetus, the director or designee shall consult with an appropriate
19 health care professional to assure that the manner of restraint will not pose an unreasonable risk
20 of harm to the inmate or the fetus.

21 (d) For purposes of implementing the mandates of this section, the director is hereby
22 authorized and directed to enter into any necessary agreements with the ~~Department of Health~~
23 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services. An agreement will include, at a minimum,
24 for the direct and incidental costs associated with that care and treatment to be paid by the
25 Division of Juvenile Services.

§49-2-913. Juvenile Justice Reform Oversight Committee.

1 (a) The Juvenile Justice Reform Oversight Committee is hereby created to oversee the
2 implementation of reform measures intended to improve the state's juvenile justice system.

3 (b) The committee shall be comprised of seventeen members, including the following
4 individuals:

5 (1) The Governor, or his or her designee, who shall preside as chair of the committee;

6 (2) Two members from the House of Delegates, appointed by the Speaker of the House of
7 Delegates, who shall serve as nonvoting, ex officio members;

8 (3) Two members from the Senate, appointed by the President of the Senate, who shall
9 serve as nonvoting, ex officio members;

10 (4) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
11 Human Services, or his or her designee;

12 (5) The Director of the Division of Juvenile Services, or his or her designee;

13 (6) The Superintendent of the State Board of Education, or his or her designee;

14 (7) The Administrative Director of the Supreme Court of Appeals, or his or her designee,
15 who shall serve as nonvoting, ex officio member;

16 (8) The Director of the Division of Probation Services, or his or her designee;

17 (9) Two circuit court judges, appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of
18 Appeals, who shall serve as nonvoting, ex officio members;

19 (10) One community member juvenile justice stakeholder, appointed by the Governor;

20 (11) One juvenile crime victim advocate, appointed by the Governor;

21 (12) One member from the law-enforcement agency, appointed by the Governor;

22 (13) One member from a county prosecuting attorney's office, appointed by the Governor;

23 and

24 (14) The Director of the Juvenile Justice Commission.

25 (c) The committee shall perform the following duties:

26 (1) Guide and evaluate the implementation of the provisions adopted in the year 2015
27 relating to juvenile justice reform;

28 (2) Obtain and review the juvenile recidivism and program outcome data collected
29 pursuant to section one hundred six, article five of this chapter;

30 (3) Calculate any state expenditures that have been avoided by reductions in the number
31 of youth placed in out-of-home placements by the Division of Juvenile Services or the ~~Department~~
32 ~~of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services as reported under section one
33 hundred six, article five of this chapter; and

34 (4) Institute a uniform process for developing and reviewing performance measurement
35 and outcome measures through data analysis. The uniform process shall include:

36 (A) The performance and outcome measures for the court, the ~~Department of Health and~~
37 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the Division of Juvenile Services; and

38 (B) The deadlines and format for the submission of the performance and outcome
39 measures; and

40 (5) Ensure system accountability and monitor the fidelity of implementation efforts or
41 programs;

42 (6) Study any additional topics relating to the continued improvement of the juvenile justice
43 system; and

44 (7) Issue an annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
45 House of Delegates and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia on or
46 before November 30th of each year, starting in 2016, which shall include:

47 (A) An assessment of the progress made in implementation of juvenile justice reform
48 efforts;

49 (B) A summary of the committee's efforts in fulfilling its duties as set forth in this section;
50 and

51 (C) An analysis of the recidivism data obtained by the committee under this section;

52 (D) A summary of the averted costs calculated by the committee under this section and a
53 recommendation for any reinvestment of the averted costs to fund services or programs to expand

54 West Virginia's continuum of alternatives for youth who would otherwise be placed in out-of-home
55 placement;

56 (E) Recommendations for continued improvements to the juvenile justice system.

57 (d) The Division of Justice and Community Services shall provide staff support for the
58 committee. The committee may request and receive copies of all data, reports, performance
59 measures and other evaluative material regarding juvenile justice submitted from any agency,
60 branch of government or political subdivision to carry out its duties.

61 (e) The committee shall meet within ninety days after appointment and shall thereafter
62 meet at least quarterly, upon notice by the chair. Eight members shall be considered a quorum.

63 (f) After initial appointment, members appointed to the committee by the Governor, the
64 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Delegates or the Chief Justice of the
65 Supreme Court of Appeals, pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, shall serve for a term of two
66 years from his or her appointment and shall be eligible for reappointment to that position. All
67 members appointed to the committee shall serve until his or her successor has been duly
68 appointed.

69 (g) The committee shall sunset on December 31, 2020, unless reauthorized by the
70 Legislature.

§49-2-1001. Purpose; intent.

1 It is the intent of the Legislature to provide for the creation of all reasonable means and
2 methods that can be established by a humane and enlightened state, solicitous of the welfare of its
3 children, for the prevention of delinquency and for the care and rehabilitation of juvenile
4 delinquents and status offenders. It is further the intent of the Legislature that this state, through
5 the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the Division
6 of Juvenile Services, establish, maintain, and continuously refine and develop, a balanced and
7 comprehensive state program for juveniles who are potentially delinquent or are status offenders
8 or juvenile delinquents in the care or custody of the department.

**§49-2-1002. Responsibilities of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
Department of Human Services and Division of Juvenile Services of the Department
of Military Affairs and Public Safety; programs and services; rehabilitation;
cooperative agreements.**

1 (a) ~~The Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and
2 the Division of Juvenile Services of the Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety shall
3 establish programs and services designed to prevent juvenile delinquency, to divert juveniles from
4 the juvenile justice system, to provide community-based alternatives to juvenile detention and
5 correctional facilities and to encourage a diversity of alternatives within the child welfare and
6 juvenile justice system. The development, maintenance and expansion of programs and services
7 may include, but not be limited to, the following:

8 (1) Community-based programs and services for the prevention and treatment of juvenile
9 delinquency through the development of foster-care and shelter-care homes, group homes,
10 halfway houses, homemaker and home health services, 24-hour intake screening, volunteer and
11 crisis home programs, day treatment and any other designated community-based diagnostic,
12 treatment or rehabilitative service;

13 (2) Community-based programs and services to work with parents and other family
14 members to maintain and strengthen the family unit so that the juvenile may be retained in his or
15 her home;

16 (3) Youth service bureaus and other community-based programs to divert youth from the
17 juvenile court or to support, counsel or provide work and recreational opportunities for status
18 offenders, juvenile delinquents and other youth to help prevent delinquency;

19 (4) Projects designed to develop and implement programs stressing advocacy activities
20 aimed at improving services for and protecting rights of youth affected by the juvenile justice
21 system;

22 (5) Educational programs or supportive services designed to encourage status offenders,
23 juvenile delinquents and other youth to remain in elementary and secondary schools or in
24 alternative learning situations;

25 (6) Expanded use of professional and paraprofessional personnel and volunteers to work
26 effectively with youth;

27 (7) Youth-initiated programs and outreach programs designed to assist youth who
28 otherwise would not be reached by traditional youth assistance programs;

29 (8) A statewide program designed to reduce the number of commitments of juveniles to
30 any form of juvenile facility as a percentage of the state juvenile population; to increase the use of
31 nonsecure community-based facilities as a percentage of total commitments to juvenile facilities;
32 and to discourage the use of secure incarceration and detention; and

33 (9) Transitional programs designed to assist juveniles who are in the custody of the state
34 upon reaching the age of eighteen years.

35 (b) By January 1, 2017, the department and the Division of Juvenile Services shall allocate
36 at least fifty percent of all community services funding, as defined in section two hundred six,
37 article one of this chapter, either provided directly or by contracted service providers, for the
38 implementation of evidence-based practices, as defined in section two hundred six, article one of
39 this chapter.

40 (c) (1) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services
41 shall establish an individualized program of rehabilitation for each status offender referred to the
42 department and to each alleged juvenile delinquent referred to the department after being allowed
43 a pre-adjudicatory community supervision period by the juvenile court, and for each adjudicated
44 juvenile delinquent who, after adjudication, is referred to the department for investigation or
45 treatment or whose custody is vested in the department.

46 (2) An individualized program of rehabilitation shall take into account the programs and
47 services to be provided by other public or private agencies or personnel which are available in the
48 community to deal with the circumstances of the particular juvenile.

49 (3) For alleged juvenile delinquents and status offenders, an individualized program of
50 rehabilitation shall be furnished to the juvenile court and made available to counsel for the juvenile;
51 it may be modified from time to time at the direction of the department or by order of the juvenile
52 court.

53 (4) The department may develop an individualized program of rehabilitation for any
54 juvenile referred for noncustodial counseling under section seven hundred two-a, article four of
55 this chapter or for any juvenile upon the request of a public or private agency.

56 (d) (1) The individualized program of rehabilitation required by the provisions of subsection
57 (c) of this section shall, for any juvenile in out-of-home placement, include a plan to return the
58 juvenile to his or her home setting and transition the juvenile into community services to continue
59 his or her rehabilitation.

60 (2) Planning for the transition shall begin upon the juvenile's entry into the residential
61 facility. The transition process shall begin thirty days after admission to the residential facility and
62 conclude no later than three months after admission.

63 (3) ~~The Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services staff
64 shall, during its monthly site visits at contracted residential facilities, ensure that the individualized
65 programs of rehabilitation include a plan for transition in accordance with this subsection.

66 (4) If further time in residential placement is necessary and the most effective method of
67 attaining the rehabilitation goals identified by the rehabilitation individualized plan created under
68 subsection (c) of this section, then the department shall provide information to the multidisciplinary
69 team to substantiate that further time in a residential facility is necessary. The court, in consultation
70 with the multidisciplinary team, may order an extension of time in residential placement prior to the
71 juvenile's transition to the community if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that an

72 extension is in the best interest of the child. If the court finds that the evidence does not support an
73 extension, the court shall order that the transition to community services proceed.

74 (e) ~~The Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and
75 the Division of Juvenile Services are directed to enter into cooperative arrangements and
76 agreements with each other and with private agencies or with agencies of the state and its political
77 subdivisions to fulfill their respective duties under this article and chapter.

§49-2-1003. Rehabilitative facilities for status offenders; requirements; educational instruction.

1 (a) ~~The Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
2 establish and maintain one or more rehabilitative facilities to be used exclusively for the lawful
3 custody of status offenders. Each facility will be a nonsecure facility having as its purpose the
4 rehabilitation of status offenders. The facility will have a bed capacity for not more than twenty
5 juveniles and shall minimize the institutional atmosphere and prepare the juvenile for reintegration
6 into the community.

7 (b) Rehabilitative programs and services shall be provided by or through each facility and
8 may include, but not be limited to, medical, educational, vocational, social and psychological
9 guidance, training, counseling, substance abuse treatment and other rehabilitative services. The
10 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall provide to
11 each status offender committed to the facility a program of treatment and services consistent with
12 the individualized program of rehabilitation developed for the juvenile. In the case of any other
13 juvenile residing at the facility, the department shall provide those programs and services as may
14 be proper in the circumstances including, but not limited to, any programs or services directed to
15 be provided by the court.

16 (c) The board of education of the county in which the facility is located shall provide
17 instruction for juveniles residing at the facility. Residents who can be permitted to do so shall
18 attend local schools and instruction shall otherwise take place at the facility.

19 (d) Facilities established pursuant to this section shall be structured as community-based
20 facilities.

21 (e) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may
22 enter into cooperative arrangements and agreements with private agencies or with agencies of the
23 state and its political subdivisions to fulfill its duties under this section: *Provided*, That after January
24 1, 2016, the department shall not enter into an agreement with the Division of Juvenile Services to
25 house juvenile status offenders.

§49-2-1004. The Juvenile Services Reimbursement Offender Fund; use; expenditures.

1 There is created within the State Treasury a special revenue account designated "The
2 Juvenile Services Reimbursement Offender Fund" within and for the benefit of the Division of
3 Juvenile Services for expenses incurred in servicing juvenile status offenders in need of
4 stabilization and specialized supervision. Moneys shall be paid into the account by the
5 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, based upon an
6 established per diem rate, or other funding sources. The ~~Department of Health and Human~~
7 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the Division of Juvenile Services shall jointly
8 establish the per diem rate to be paid into the fund by the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
9 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services for each juvenile status offender in need of
10 stabilization and specialized supervision by the Division of Juvenile Services pursuant to this
11 article and by cooperative agreement. The Director of Juvenile Services is authorized to make
12 expenditures from the fund in accordance with article three, chapter twelve of this code to offset
13 expenses incurred by the Division of Juvenile Services in housing, treatment and caring for
14 juvenile offenders.

§49-2-1005. Legal custody; law-enforcement agencies.

1 The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may
2 require any juvenile committed to its legal custody to remain at and to return to the residence to
3 which the juvenile is assigned by the department or by the juvenile court. In aid of that authority,

4 and upon request of a designated employee of the department, any police officer, sheriff, deputy
5 sheriff, or juvenile court probation officer is authorized to take the juvenile into custody and return
6 the juvenile to his or her place of residence or into the custody of a designated employee of the
7 department.

§49-2-1006. Reporting requirements; cataloguing of services.

1 (a) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and
2 the Division of Juvenile Services shall annually review its programs and services and submit a
3 report by December 31, of each year to the Governor, the Legislature and the Supreme Court of
4 Appeals. This report shall analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the programs and services
5 being carried out by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
6 Services or the Division of Juvenile Services. That report shall include, but is not limited to:

7 (1) An analysis and evaluation of programs and services continued, established and
8 discontinued during the period covered by the report;

9 (2) A description of programs and services which should be implemented to further the
10 purposes of this article;

11 (3) Relevant information concerning the number of juveniles comprising the population of
12 any rehabilitative facility during the period covered by the report;

13 (4) The length of residence, the nature of the problems of each juvenile, the juvenile's
14 response to programs and services; and

15 (5) Any other information as will enable a user of the report to ascertain the effectiveness of
16 the facility as a rehabilitative facility.

17 (b) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and
18 the Division of Juvenile Services shall prepare a descriptive catalogue of its juvenile programs and
19 services available in local communities throughout this state and shall distribute copies of the
20 same to every juvenile court in the state and, at the direction of the juvenile court, the catalogue
21 shall be distributed to attorneys practicing before the court. The catalogue shall:

- 22 (1) Be made available to members of the general public upon request:
- 23 (2) Contain sufficient information as to particular programs and services so as to enable a
- 24 user of the catalogue to make inquiries and referrals; and
- 25 (3) Be constructed so as to meaningfully identify and describe programs and services.
- 26 (c) The requirements of this section are not satisfied by a simple listing of specific agencies
- 27 or the individuals in charge of programs at a given time. The catalogue shall be updated and
- 28 republished or supplemented from time to time as may be required to maintain its usefulness as a
- 29 resource manual.

ARTICLE 4. COURT ACTIONS.

§49-4-104. General provisions relating to court orders regarding custody; rules.

1 (a) The Supreme Court of Appeals, in consultation with the ~~Department of Health and~~

2 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the Division of Juvenile Services in order

3 to eliminate unnecessary state funding of out-of-home placements where federal funding is

4 available, shall develop and disseminate form court orders to effectuate chapter forty-nine of this

5 code which authorize disclosure and transfer of juvenile records between agencies while requiring

6 maintenance of confidentiality, Child Welfare Services, 42 U.S.C. §620, *et seq.*, and 42 U.S.C.

7 §670, *et seq.*, relating to the promulgation of uniform court orders for placement of minor children

8 and the rules promulgated thereunder, for use in the courts of the state.

9 (b) Judges and magistrates, upon being supplied the form orders required by subsection

10 (a) of this section, shall act to ensure the proper form order is entered in the case so as to allow

11 federal funding of eligible out-of-home placements.

§49-4-108. Payment of services.

1 (a) At any time during any proceedings brought pursuant to this chapter, the court may

2 upon its own motion, or upon a motion of any party, order the ~~Department of Health and Human~~

3 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services to pay the Medicaid rates for professional services

4 rendered by a health care professional to a child or other party to the proceedings. Professional

5 services include, but are not limited to, treatment, therapy, counseling, evaluation, report
6 preparation, consultation and preparation of expert testimony. A health care professional shall be
7 paid by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services upon
8 completion of services and submission of a final report or other information and documentation as
9 required by the policies implemented by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
10 Department of Human Services: *Provided*, That if the service is covered by Medicaid and the
11 service is not provided within 30 days, the court may order the service to be provided by a provider
12 at a rate higher than the Medicaid rate. The department may object and request to be heard, after
13 which the court shall issue findings of fact and conclusions of law supporting its decision.

14 (b) At any time during any proceeding brought pursuant to this chapter, the court may upon
15 its own motion, or upon a motion of any party, order the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
16 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services to pay for socially necessary services rendered by an
17 entity who has agreed to comply with §9-2-6(21) of this code. The ~~Department of Health and~~
18 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall set the reimbursement rates for the
19 socially necessary services: *Provided*, That if services are not provided within 30 days, the court
20 may order a service to be provided by a provider at a rate higher than the department established
21 rate. The department may object and request to be heard, after which the court shall issue findings
22 of fact and conclusions of law supporting its decision.

§49-4-112. Subsidized adoption and legal guardianship; conditions.

1 (a) From funds appropriated to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
2 Department of Human Services, the secretary shall establish a system of assistance for facilitating
3 the adoption or legal guardianship of children. An adoption subsidy shall be available for children
4 who are legally free for adoption and who are dependents of the department. A legal guardianship
5 subsidy may not require the surrender or termination of parental rights. For either subsidy, the
6 children must be in special circumstances because one or more of the following conditions inhibit
7 their adoption or legal guardianship placement:

8 (1) They have a physical or mental disability;

9 (2) They are emotionally disturbed;

10 (3) They are older children;

11 (4) They are a part of a sibling group; or

12 (5) They are a member of a racial or ethnic minority.

13 (b)(1) The department shall provide assistance in the form of subsidies or services to
14 parents who are found and approved for adoption or legal guardianship of a child certified as
15 eligible for subsidy by the department, but before the final decree of adoption or order of legal
16 guardianship is entered, there shall be a written agreement between the family entering into the
17 subsidized adoption or legal guardianship and the department.

18 (2) Adoption or legal guardianship subsidies in individual cases may commence with the
19 adoption or legal guardianship placement and will vary with the needs of the child as well as the
20 availability of other resources to meet the child's needs. The subsidy may be for services, money
21 payments, for a limited period, or for a long term, or for any combination of the foregoing.

22 (3) The specific financial terms of the subsidy shall be included in the agreement between
23 the department and the adoptive parents or legal guardians. The agreement may recognize and
24 provide for direct payment by the department of attorney's fees to an attorney representing the
25 adoptive parent or legal guardian. Any such payment for attorney's fees shall be made directly to
26 the attorney representing the adoptive parent or legal guardian.

27 (4) The amount of the subsidy may in no case exceed that which would be allowable for the
28 child under foster family care or, in the case of a service, the reasonable fee for the service
29 rendered.

30 (5) The department shall provide either Medicaid or other health insurance coverage for
31 any special needs child for whom there is an adoption or legal guardianship assistance
32 agreement, and who the department determines cannot be placed without medical assistance.

33 (c) The department shall certify the child as eligible for a subsidy to obtain adoption or a
34 legal guardianship if it is in the best interest of the child.

35 (d) All records regarding subsidized adoptions or legal guardianships are to be held in
36 confidence; however, records regarding the payment of public funds for subsidized adoptions or
37 legal guardianships shall be available for public inspection provided they do not directly or
38 indirectly identify any child or person receiving funds for the child.

39 (e) A payment may not be made to adoptive parents or legal guardians of child:

40 (1) Who has attained 18 years of age, unless the department determines that the child has
41 a special need which warrants the continuation of assistance or the child is continuing his or her
42 education or actively engaging in employment;

43 (2) Who has obtained 21 years of age;

44 (3) Who has not attained 18 years of age, if the department determines that the adoptive
45 parent or legal guardian is no longer supporting the child by performing actions to maintain a
46 familial bond with the child.

47 (f) Adoptive parents and legal guardians who receive subsidy payments pursuant to this
48 section shall keep the department informed of circumstances which would, pursuant to §49-4-
49 112(e) of this code, make them ineligible for the payment.

**§49-4-114. Consent by agency or department to adoption of child; statement of
relinquishment by parent; counseling services; petition to terminate parental rights;
notice; hearing; court orders.**

1 (a)(1) Whenever a child welfare agency licensed to place children for adoption or the
2 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services has been given the
3 permanent legal and physical custody of any child and the rights of the mother and the rights of the
4 legal, determined, putative, outside or unknown father of the child have been terminated by order
5 of a court of competent jurisdiction or by a legally executed relinquishment of parental rights, the

5 child welfare agency or the department may consent to the adoption of the child, pursuant to article
6 twenty-two, chapter forty-eight of this code.

7 (2) Relinquishment for an adoption to an agency or to the department is required of the
8 same persons whose consent or relinquishment is required, under section three hundred one,
9 article twenty-two, chapter forty-eight of this code. The form of any relinquishment so required
10 shall conform as nearly as practicable to the requirements established in section three hundred
11 three, article twenty-two, chapter forty-eight, and all other provisions of that article providing for
12 relinquishment for adoption shall govern the proceedings herein.

13 (3) For purposes of any placement of a child for adoption by the department, the
14 department shall first consider the suitability and willingness of any known grandparent or
15 grandparents to adopt the child. Once grandparents who are interested in adopting the child have
16 been identified, the department shall conduct a home study evaluation, including home visits and
17 individual interviews by a licensed social worker. If the department determines, based on the home
18 study evaluation, that the grandparents would be suitable adoptive parents, it shall assure that the
19 grandparents are offered the placement of the child prior to the consideration of any other
20 prospective adoptive parents. A circuit judge may determine the placement of a child for adoption
21 by a grandparent or grandparents is in the best interest of the child without the grandparent or
22 grandparents completing or passing a home study evaluation.

23 (4) The department shall make available, upon request, for purposes of any private or
24 agency adoption proceeding, preplacement and post-placement counseling services by persons
25 experienced in adoption counseling, at no cost, to any person whose consent or relinquishment is
26 required pursuant to article twenty-two, chapter forty-eight of this code.

27 (b)(1) Whenever the mother has executed a relinquishment, pursuant to this section, and
28 the legal, determined, putative, outsider father, or unknown father, as those terms are defined
29 pursuant to part one, article twenty-two, chapter forty-eight of this code, has not executed a
30 relinquishment, the child welfare agency or the department may, by verified petition, seek to have

31 the father's rights terminated based upon the grounds of abandonment or neglect of the child.
32 Abandonment may be established in accordance with section three hundred six, article twenty-
33 two, chapter forty-eight of this code.

34 (2) Unless waived by a writing acknowledged as in the case of deeds or by other proper
35 means, notice of the petition shall be served on any person entitled to parental rights of a child
36 prior to its adoption who has not signed a relinquishment of custody of the child.

37 (3) In addition, notice shall be given to any putative, outsider father, or unknown father who
38 has asserted or exercised parental rights and duties to and with the child and who has not
39 relinquished any parental rights, and the rights have not otherwise been terminated, or who has
40 not had reasonable opportunity before or after the birth of the child to assert or exercise those
41 rights, except that if the child is more than six months old at the time the notice would be required
42 and the father has not asserted or exercised his or her parental rights and he or she knew the
43 whereabouts of the child, then the father shall be presumed to have had reasonable opportunity to
44 assert or exercise any rights.

45 (c)(1) Upon the filing of the verified petition seeking to have the parental rights terminated,
46 the court shall set a hearing on the petition. A copy of the petition and notice of the date, time, and
47 place of the hearing on the petition shall be personally served on any respondent at least twenty
48 days prior to the date set for the hearing.

49 (2) The notice shall inform the person that his or her parental rights, if any, may be
50 terminated in the proceeding and that the person may appear and defend any rights within twenty
51 days of the service. In the case of a person who is a nonresident or whose whereabouts are
52 unknown, service shall be achieved: (A) By personal service; (B) by registered or certified mail,
53 return receipt requested, postage prepaid, to the person's last known address, with instructions to
54 forward; or (C) by publication. If personal service is not acquired, then if the person giving notice
55 has any knowledge of the whereabouts of the person to be served, including a last known address,
56 service by mail shall be first attempted as herein provided. Service achieved by mail shall be

57 complete upon mailing and is sufficient service without the need for notice by publication. In the
58 event that no return receipt is received giving adequate evidence of receipt of the notice by the
59 addressee or of receipt of the notice at the address to which the notice was mailed or forwarded, or
60 if the whereabouts of the person are unknown, then the person required to give notice shall file
61 with the court an affidavit setting forth the circumstances of any attempt to serve the notice by mail,
62 and the diligent efforts to ascertain the whereabouts of the person to be served. If the court
63 determines that the whereabouts of the person to be served cannot be ascertained and that due
64 diligence has been exercised to ascertain the person's whereabouts, then the court shall order
65 service of the notice by publication as a Class II publication in compliance with article three,
66 chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area shall be the county where the proceedings
67 are had, and in the county where the person to be served was last known to reside. In the case of a
68 person under disability, service shall be made on the person and his or her personal
69 representative, or if there be none, a guardian ad litem.

70 (3) In the case of service by publication or mail or service on a personal representative or a
71 guardian ad litem, the person is allowed thirty days from the date of the first publication or mailing
72 of the service on a personal representative or guardian ad litem in which to appear and defend the
73 parental rights.

74 (d) A petition under this section may be instituted in the county where the child resides or
75 where the child is living.

76 (e) If the court finds that the person certified to parental rights is guilty of the allegations set
77 forth in the petition, the court shall enter an order terminating his or her parental rights and shall
78 award the legal and physical custody and control of the child to the petitioner.

§49-4-202. Notification of possession of relinquished child; department responsibilities.

1 (a) (1) Not later than the close of the first business day after the date on which a hospital or
2 health care facility takes possession of a child pursuant to §49-4-201 of this code, the hospital or
3 health care facility shall notify the Child Protective Services Division of the Department of Health

4 ~~and Human Resources~~ that it has taken possession of the child and shall provide the division any
5 information provided by the parent delivering the child. The hospital or health care facility shall
6 refer any inquiries about the child to the Child Protective Services Division.

7 (2) Upon taking possession of a child pursuant to §49-4-201 of this code, a fire department
8 shall:

9 (A) Deliver the child to the nearest hospital or health care facility as soon as possible, but
10 transport may begin no later than 30 minutes upon taking possession of a child; and

11 (B) Notify the Child Protective Services Division ~~of the Department of Health and Human~~
12 ~~Resources~~ within two hours of taking possession of a child:

13 (i) That it has delivered the child and identify the hospital or health care facility to which it
14 delivered the child; and

15 (ii) Provide the division any information provided by the parent delivering the child.

16 (3) The fire department shall refer any inquiries about the child to the Child Protective
17 Services Division.

18 (b) ~~The Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
19 assume the care, control, and custody of the child as of the time of delivery of the child to the
20 hospital, health care facility, or fire department, and may contract with a private child care agency
21 for the care and placement of the child after the child leaves the hospital, health care facility, or fire
22 department.

§49-4-203. Filing petition after accepting possession of relinquished child.

1 A child of whom the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
2 Services assumes care, control and custody under this article is a relinquished child and to be
3 treated in all respects as a child taken into custody pursuant to §49-4-303. Upon taking custody of
4 a child under this article, the department, with the cooperation of the county prosecuting attorney,
5 shall cause a petition to be presented pursuant to §49-4-602. The department and county
6 prosecuting attorney may not identify in the petition the parent(s) who utilized this article to

7 relinquish his or her child. Thereafter, the department shall proceed in compliance with part six, of
8 this article.

§49-4-401. Purpose; system to be a complement to existing programs.

1 (a) This article:

2 (1) Provides a system for evaluation of and coordinated service delivery for children who
3 may be victims of abuse or neglect and children undergoing certain status offense and
4 delinquency proceedings;

5 (2) Establishes, as a complement to other programs of the ~~Department of Health and~~
6 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, a multidisciplinary screening, advisory and
7 planning system to assist courts in facilitating permanency planning, following the initiation of
8 judicial proceedings, to recommend alternatives and to coordinate evaluations and in-community
9 services; and

10 (3) Ensures that children are safe from abuse and neglect and to coordinate investigation
11 of alleged child abuse offenses and competent criminal prosecution of offenders to ensure that
12 safety, as determined appropriate by the prosecuting attorney.

13 (b) Nothing in this article precludes any multidisciplinary team from considering any case
14 upon the consent of the members of the team.

**§49-4-402. Multidisciplinary investigative teams; establishment; membership; procedures;
coordination among agencies; confidentiality.**

1 (a) The prosecuting attorney of each county shall establish a multidisciplinary investigative
2 team in that county. The multidisciplinary team shall be headed and directed by the prosecuting
3 attorney, or his or her designee, and includes as permanent members:

4 (1) The prosecuting attorney, or his or her designee;

5 (2) A local child protective services caseworker from the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
6 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services;

7 (3) A local law-enforcement officer employed by a law-enforcement agency in the county;

8 (4) A child advocacy center representative, where available;

9 (5) A health care provider with pediatric and child abuse expertise, where available;

10 (6) A mental health professional with pediatric and child abuse expertise, where available;

11 (7) An educator; and

12 (8) A representative from a licensed domestic violence program serving the county.

13 The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and any
14 local law-enforcement agency or agencies selected by the prosecuting attorney shall appoint their
15 representatives to the team by submitting a written designation of the team to the prosecuting
16 attorney of each county within thirty days of the prosecutor's request that the appointment be
17 made. Within fifteen days of the appointment, the prosecuting attorney shall notify the chief judge
18 of each circuit within which the county is situated of the names of the representatives so
19 appointed. Any other person or any other appointee of an agency who may contribute to the
20 team's efforts to assist a minor child as may be determined by the permanent members of the
21 team may also be appointed as a member of the team by the prosecutor with notification to the
22 chief judge.

23 (b) Any permanent member of the multidisciplinary investigative team shall refer all cases
24 of accidental death of any child reported to their agency and all cases when a child dies while in the
25 custody of the state for investigation and review by the team. The multidisciplinary investigative
26 team shall meet at regular intervals at least once every calendar month.

27 (c) The investigative team shall be responsible for coordinating or cooperating in the initial
28 and ongoing investigation of all civil and criminal allegations pertinent to cases involving child
29 sexual assault, child sexual abuse, child abuse and neglect and shall make a recommendation to
30 the county prosecuting attorney as to the initiation or commencement of a civil petition and/or
31 criminal prosecution.

32 (d) State, county and local agencies shall provide the multidisciplinary investigative team
33 with any information requested in writing by the team as allowable by law or upon receipt of a

34 certified copy of the circuit court's order directing the agencies to release information in its
35 possession relating to the child. The team shall assure that all information received and developed
36 in connection with this article remains confidential. For purposes of this section, the term
37 "confidential" shall be construed in accordance with article five of this chapter.

§49-4-403. Multidisciplinary treatment planning process; coordination; access to information.

1 (a)(1) A multidisciplinary treatment planning process for cases initiated pursuant to part six
2 and part seven of article four of this chapter shall be established within each county of the state,
3 either separately or in conjunction with a contiguous county, by the secretary of the department
4 with advice and assistance from the prosecutor's advisory council as set forth in section four,
5 article four, chapter seven of this code. In each circuit, the department shall coordinate with the
6 prosecutor's office, the public defender's office or other counsel representing juveniles to
7 designate, with the approval of the court, at least one day per month on which multidisciplinary
8 team meetings for that circuit shall be held: *Provided*, That multidisciplinary team meetings may be
9 held on days other than the designated day or days when necessary. The Division of Juvenile
10 Services shall establish a similar treatment planning process for delinquency cases in which the
11 juvenile has been committed to its custody, including those cases in which the juvenile has been
12 committed for examination and diagnosis.

13 (2) This section does not require a multidisciplinary team meeting to be held prior to
14 temporarily placing a child or juvenile out-of-home under exigent circumstances or upon a court
15 order placing a juvenile in a facility operated by the Division of Juvenile Services.

16 (b) The case manager in the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
17 Human Services for the child, family or juvenile or the case manager in the Division of Juvenile
18 Services for a juvenile shall convene a treatment team in each case when it is required pursuant to
19 this article.

20 (1) Prior to disposition, in each case in which a treatment planning team has been
21 convened, the team shall advise the court as to the types of services the team has determined are
22 needed and the type of placement, if any, which will best serve the needs of the child. If the team
23 determines that an out-of-home placement will best serve the needs of the child, the team shall
24 first consider placement with appropriate relatives then with foster care homes, facilities or
25 programs located within the state. The team may only recommend placement in an out-of-state
26 facility if it concludes, after considering the best interests and overall needs of the child, that there
27 are no available and suitable in-state facilities which can satisfactorily meet the specific needs of
28 the child.

29 (2) Any person authorized by the provisions of this chapter to convene a multidisciplinary
30 team meeting may seek and receive an order of the circuit court setting such meeting and directing
31 attendance. Members of the multidisciplinary team may participate in team meetings by telephone
32 or video conferencing. This subsection does not prevent the respective agencies from designating
33 a person other than the case manager as a facilitator for treatment team meetings. Written notice
34 shall be provided to all team members of the availability to participate by videoconferencing.

35 (c) The treatment team shall coordinate its activities and membership with local family
36 resource networks and coordinate with other local and regional child and family service planning
37 committees to assure the efficient planning and delivery of child and family services on a local and
38 regional level.

39 (d) The multidisciplinary treatment team shall be afforded access to information in the
40 possession of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services,
41 Division of Juvenile Services, law-enforcement agencies and other state, county and local
42 agencies. Those agencies shall cooperate in the sharing of information as may be provided in
43 article five of this chapter or any other relevant provision of law. Any multidisciplinary team
44 member who acquires confidential information may not disclose the information except as
45 permitted by the provisions of this code or court rules.

§49-4-408. Unified child and family case plans; treatment teams; programs; agency requirements.

1 (a) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
2 develop a unified child and family case plan for every family wherein a person has been referred to
3 the department after being allowed an improvement period or where the child is placed in foster
4 care. The case plan must be filed within sixty days of the child coming into foster care or within
5 thirty days of the inception of the improvement period, whichever occurs first. The department may
6 also prepare a case plan for any person who voluntarily seeks child abuse and neglect services
7 from the department, or who is referred to the department by another public agency or private
8 organization. The case plan provisions shall comply with federal law and the rules of procedure for
9 child abuse and neglect proceedings.

10 (b) The department shall convene a multidisciplinary treatment team, which shall develop
11 the case plan. Parents, guardians or custodians shall participate fully in the development of the
12 case plan, and the child shall also fully participate if sufficiently mature and the child's participation
13 is otherwise appropriate. The case plan may be modified from time to time to allow for flexibility in
14 goal development, and in each case the modifications shall be submitted to the court in writing.
15 Reasonable efforts to place a child for adoption or with a legal guardian may be made at the same
16 time as reasonable efforts are being made to prevent removal or to make it possible for a child to
17 return safely home. The court shall examine the proposed case plan or any modification thereof,
18 and upon a finding by the court that the plan or modified plan can be easily communicated,
19 explained and discussed so as to make the participants accountable and able to understand the
20 reasons for any success or failure under the plan, the court shall inform the participants of the
21 probable action of the court if goals are met or not met.

22 (c) In furtherance of the provisions of this article, the department shall, within the limits of
23 available funds, establish programs and services for the following purposes:

24 (1) For the development and establishment of training programs for professional and
25 paraprofessional personnel in the fields of medicine, law, education, social work and other
26 relevant fields who are engaged in, or intend to work in, the field of the prevention, identification
27 and treatment of child abuse and neglect; and training programs for children, and for persons
28 responsible for the welfare of children, in methods of protecting children from child abuse and
29 neglect;

30 (2) For the establishment and maintenance of centers, serving defined geographic areas,
31 staffed by multidisciplinary teams and community teams of personnel trained in the prevention,
32 identification and treatment of child abuse and neglect cases, to provide a broad range of services
33 related to child abuse and neglect, including direct support as well as providing advice and
34 consultation to individuals, agencies and organizations which request the services;

35 (3) For furnishing services of multidisciplinary teams and community teams, trained in the
36 prevention, identification and treatment of child abuse and neglect cases, on a consulting basis to
37 small communities where the services are not available;

38 (4) For other innovative programs and projects that show promise of successfully
39 identifying, preventing or remedying the causes of child abuse and neglect, including, but not
40 limited to, programs and services designed to improve and maintain parenting skills, programs
41 and projects for parent self help, and for prevention and treatment of drug-related child abuse and
42 neglect; and

43 (5) Assisting public agencies or nonprofit private organizations or combinations thereof in
44 making applications for grants from, or in entering into contracts with, the federal Secretary of the
45 Department of Health and Human Services for demonstration programs and projects designed to
46 identify, prevent and treat child abuse and neglect.

47 (d) Agencies, organizations and programs funded to carry out the purposes of this section
48 shall be structured so as to comply with any applicable federal law, any regulation of the federal
49 Department of Health and Human Services or its secretary, and any final comprehensive plan of

50 the federal advisory board on child abuse and neglect. In funding organizations, the department
51 shall, to the extent feasible, ensure that parental organizations combating child abuse and neglect
52 receive preferential treatment.

§49-4-501. Prosecuting attorney representation of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services; conflict resolution.

1 (a) The prosecuting attorney shall render to the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
2 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services, without additional compensation, the legal services
3 as the department may require. This section shall not be construed to prohibit the department from
4 developing plans for cooperation with courts, prosecuting attorneys, and other law-enforcement
5 officials in a manner as to permit the state and its citizens to obtain maximum fiscal benefits under
6 federal laws, rules and regulations.

7 (b) Nothing in this code may be construed to limit the authority of a prosecuting attorney to
8 file an abuse or neglect petition, including the duties and responsibilities owed to its client the
9 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, in his or her
10 fulfillment of the provisions of this article.

11 (c) Whenever, pursuant to this chapter, a prosecuting attorney acts as counsel for the
12 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, and a dispute
13 arises between the prosecuting attorney and the department's representative because an action
14 proposed by the other is believed to place the child at imminent risk of abuse or serious neglect,
15 either the prosecuting attorney or the department's representative may contact the secretary of the
16 department and the executive director of the West Virginia Prosecuting Attorneys Institute for
17 prompt mediation and resolution. The secretary may designate either his or her general counsel or
18 the director of social services to act as his or her designee and the executive director may
19 designate an objective prosecuting attorney as his or her designee.

§49-4-704. Institution of proceedings by petition; notice to juvenile and parents; preliminary hearings; subpoena.

1 (a)(1) A petition alleging that a juvenile is a status offender or a juvenile delinquent may be
2 filed by a person who has knowledge of or information concerning the facts alleged. The petition
3 shall be verified by the petitioner, shall set forth the name and address of the juvenile's parents,
4 guardians or custodians, if known to the petitioner, and shall be filed in the circuit court in the
5 county where the alleged status offense or act of delinquency occurred. However, a proceeding
6 under this chapter may be removed, for good cause shown, in accordance with section one, article
7 nine, chapter fifty-six of this code. The petition shall contain specific allegations of the conduct and
8 facts upon which the petition is based, including the approximate time and place of the alleged
9 conduct; a statement of the right to have counsel appointed and consult with counsel at every
10 stage of the proceedings; and the relief sought.

11 (2) Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall set a time and place for a preliminary
12 hearing and may appoint counsel. A copy of the petition and summons may be served upon the
13 respondent juvenile by first class mail or personal service of process. If a juvenile does not appear
14 in response to a summons served by mail, no further proceeding may be held until the juvenile is
15 served a copy of the petition and summons by personal service of process. If a juvenile fails to
16 appear in response to a summons served in person upon him or her, an order of arrest may be
17 issued by the court for that reason alone.

18 (b) The parents, guardians or custodians shall be named in the petition as respondents
19 and shall be served with notice of the proceedings in the same manner as provided in subsection
20 (a) of this section for service upon the juvenile and required to appear with the juvenile at the time
21 and place set for the proceedings unless the respondent cannot be found after diligent search. If a
22 respondent cannot be found after diligent search, the court may proceed without further
23 requirement of notice. However, the court may order service by first class mail to the last known
24 address of the respondent. The respondent shall be afforded fifteen days after the date of mailing
25 to appear or answer.

26 (c) The court or referee may order the issuance of a subpoena against the person having
27 custody and control of the juvenile ordering him or her to bring the juvenile before the court.

28 (d) When any case of a juvenile charged with the commission of a crime is certified or
29 transferred to the circuit court, the court shall forthwith cause the juvenile and his or her parents,
30 guardians or custodians to be served with a petition as provided in subsections (a) and (b) of this
31 section. In the event the juvenile is in custody, the petition shall be served upon the juvenile within
32 ninety-six hours of the time custody began and if the petition is not served within that time, the
33 juvenile shall be released forthwith.

34 (e) The clerk of the court shall notify, within two judicial days, the local office of the
35 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services of all proceedings
36 under this article, which is responsible for convening and directing the multidisciplinary treatment
37 planning process in accordance with section four hundred six of this article. In status offense or
38 delinquency cases where a case manager has not been assigned, the juvenile probation officer is
39 responsible for notifying the local office of the Department of ~~Health and Human Services~~ which
40 will assign a case manager who will initiate assessment and be responsible for convening and
41 directing the multidisciplinary treatment planning process.

42 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, a petition filed pursuant
43 to §48-27-403 of this code in which the petition for the emergency protective order is filed by or on
44 behalf of the juvenile's parent, guardian or custodian or other person with whom the juvenile
45 resides and that results in the issuance of an emergency protective order naming a juvenile as the
46 respondent, shall be treated as a petition authorized by this section, alleging the juvenile is a
47 juvenile delinquent. However, the magistrate court shall notify the prosecuting attorney in the
48 county where the emergency protective order is issued within twenty-four hours of the issuance of
49 the emergency protective order and the prosecuting attorney may file an amended verified petition
50 to comply with subsection (a) of this section within two judicial days.

§49-4-705. Taking a juvenile into custody; requirements; existing conditions; detention centers; medical aid.

2 (a) In proceedings formally instituted by the filing of a juvenile petition, the circuit court or a
3 magistrate may issue an order directing that a juvenile be taken into custody before adjudication
4 only upon a showing of probable cause to believe that one of the following conditions exists: (1)
5 The petition shows that grounds exist for the arrest of an adult in identical circumstances; (2) the
6 health, safety and welfare of the juvenile demand custody; (3) the juvenile is a fugitive from a
7 lawful custody or commitment order of a juvenile court; or (4) the juvenile is alleged to be a juvenile
8 delinquent with a record of willful failure to appear at juvenile proceedings and custody is
9 necessary to assure his or her presence before the court. A detention hearing pursuant to section
10 seven hundred six of this article shall be held by the judge or magistrate authorized to conduct the
11 hearings without unnecessary delay and in no event may any delay exceed the next day.

12 (b) Absent a court order, a juvenile may be taken into custody by a law-enforcement official
13 only if one of the following conditions exists:

14 (1) Grounds exist for the arrest of an adult in identical circumstances;

15 (2) Emergency conditions exist which, in the judgment of the officer, pose imminent danger
16 to the health, safety and welfare of the juvenile;

17 (3) The official has reasonable grounds to believe that the juvenile has left the care of his or
18 her parents, guardian or custodian without the consent of the person and the health, safety and
19 welfare of the juvenile is endangered;

20 (4) The juvenile is a fugitive from a lawful custody or commitment order of a juvenile court;

21 (5) The official has reasonable grounds to believe the juvenile to have been driving a motor
22 vehicle with any amount of alcohol in his or her blood; or

23 (6) The juvenile is the named respondent in an emergency domestic violence protective
24 order issued pursuant to section four hundred three, article twenty-seven, chapter forty-eight of

25 this code and the individual filing the petition for the emergency protective order is the juvenile's
26 parent, guardian or custodian or other person with whom the juvenile resides.

27 (c) Upon taking a juvenile into custody, with or without a court order, the official shall:

28 (1) Immediately notify the juvenile's parent, guardian, custodian or, if the parent, guardian
29 or custodian cannot be located, a close relative;

30 (2) Release the juvenile into the custody of his or her parent, guardian or custodian unless:

31 (A) Circumstances present an immediate threat of serious bodily harm to the juvenile if
32 released;

33 (B) No responsible adult can be found into whose custody the juvenile can be delivered.

34 Each day the juvenile is detained, a written record must be made of all attempts to locate a
35 responsible adult; or

36 (C) The juvenile has been taken into custody for an alleged act of delinquency for which
37 secure detention is permissible.

38 (3) If the juvenile is an alleged status offender or has been taken into custody pursuant to
39 subdivision (6), subsection (b) of this section, immediately notify the ~~Department of Health and~~
40 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and, if the circumstances of either paragraph
41 (A) or (B), subdivision (2) of this subsection exist and the requirements therein are met, the official
42 may detain the juvenile, but only in a nonsecure or staff-secure facility;

43 (4) Take the juvenile without unnecessary delay before a judge of the circuit court for a
44 detention hearing pursuant to section seven hundred six of this article. If a circuit court judge is not
45 available in the county, the official shall take the juvenile without unnecessary delay before any
46 magistrate available in the county for the sole purpose of conducting the detention hearing. In no
47 event may any delay in presenting the juvenile for a detention hearing exceed the next day after he
48 or she is taken into custody.

49 (d) In the event that a juvenile is delivered into the custody of a sheriff or director of a
50 detention facility, the sheriff or director shall immediately notify the sheriff or director shall

51 immediately provide to every juvenile who is delivered into his or her custody a written statement
52 explaining the juvenile's right to a prompt detention hearing, his or her right to counsel, including
53 appointed counsel if he or she cannot afford counsel, and his or her privilege against self-
54 incrimination. In all cases when a juvenile is delivered into a sheriff's or detention center director's
55 custody, that official shall release the juvenile to his or her parent, guardian or custodian by the end
56 of the next day unless the juvenile has been placed in detention after a hearing conducted
57 pursuant to section seven hundred six of this article.

58 (e) The law-enforcement agency that takes a juvenile into custody or places a juvenile
59 under arrest is responsible for the juvenile's initial transportation to a juvenile detention center or
60 other Division of Juvenile Services' residential facility.

61 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, a juvenile detention center, or other
62 Division of Juvenile Services' residential facility, is not required to accept a juvenile if the juvenile
63 appears to be in need of medical attention of a degree necessitating treatment by a physician. If a
64 juvenile is refused pursuant to this subsection, the juvenile detention center, or other Division of
65 Juvenile Services' residential facility, may not subsequently accept the juvenile for detention until
66 the arresting or transporting officer provides the juvenile detention center, or other Division of
67 Juvenile Services' residential facility, with a written clearance from a licensed physician reflecting
68 that the juvenile has been examined and, if necessary, treated and which states that in the
69 physician's medical opinion the juvenile can be safely confined in the juvenile detention center or
70 other Division of Juvenile Services' residential facility.

§49-4-706. Detention hearing; rights of juvenile; notification; counsel; hearings.

1 (a) The circuit court judge or magistrate shall inform the juvenile of his or her right to remain
2 silent, that any statement may be used against him or her and of his or her right to counsel, and no
3 interrogation may be made without the presence of a parent or counsel. If the juvenile or his or her
4 parent, guardian or custodian has not retained counsel, counsel shall be appointed as soon as
5 practicable. The circuit court judge or magistrate shall hear testimony concerning the

6 circumstances for taking the juvenile into custody and the possible need for detention. The sole
7 mandatory issue at the detention hearing is whether the juvenile should be detained pending
8 further court proceedings. The court shall, if the health, safety and welfare of the juvenile will not
9 be endangered thereby, release the juvenile on recognizance to his or her parents, custodians or
10 an appropriate agency; however, if warranted, the court may require bail, except that bail may be
11 denied in any case where bail could be denied if the accused were an adult. The court shall:

12 (1) Immediately notify the juvenile's parent, guardian or custodian or, if the parent,
13 guardian or custodian cannot be located, a close relative;

14 (2) Release the juvenile into the custody of his or her parent, guardian or custodian unless:

15 (A) Circumstances present an immediate threat of serious bodily harm to the juvenile if
16 released;

17 (B) No responsible adult can be found into whose custody the juvenile can be delivered.
18 However, each day the juvenile is detained, a written record must be made of all attempts to locate
19 a responsible adult; or

20 (C) The juvenile is charged with an act of delinquency for which secure detention is
21 permissible; and

22 (3) If the juvenile is an alleged status offender, immediately notify the ~~Department of Health~~
23 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, and, if the circumstances of either
24 paragraph (A) or (B), subdivision (2) of this subsection exist and the requirements therein are met,
25 the court may order the juvenile detained, but only in a nonsecure or staff-secure facility. Any
26 juvenile detained pursuant to this subdivision shall be placed in the legal custody of the
27 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services pending further
28 proceedings by the court.

29 (b) The circuit court judge or magistrate may, in conjunction with the detention hearing,
30 conduct a preliminary hearing pursuant to section seven hundred and four of this article if all the
31 parties are prepared to proceed and the juvenile has counsel during the hearing.

§49-4-711. Adjudication for alleged status offenders and delinquents; mandatory initial disposition of status offenders.

1 At the outset of an adjudicatory hearing, the court shall inquire of the juvenile whether he or
2 she wishes to admit or deny the allegations in the petition. The juvenile may elect to stand silent, in
3 which event the court shall enter a general denial of all allegations in the petition.

4 (1) If the respondent juvenile admits the allegations of the petition, the court shall consider
5 the admission to be proof of the allegations if the court finds: (A) The respondent fully understands
6 all of his or her rights under this article; (B) the respondent voluntarily, intelligently and knowingly
7 admits all facts requisite for an adjudication; and (C) the respondent in his or her admission has
8 not set forth facts which constitute a defense to the allegations.

9 (2) If the respondent juvenile denies the allegations, the court shall dispose of all pretrial
10 motions and the court or jury shall proceed to hear evidence.

11 (3) If the allegations in a petition alleging that the juvenile is delinquent are admitted or are
12 sustained by proof beyond a reasonable doubt, the court shall schedule the matter for disposition
13 pursuant to §49-4-704 of this code. The court shall receive and consider the results of the needs
14 assessment, as defined in §49-1-206 of this code, prior to or at the disposition.

15 (4) If the allegations in a petition alleging that the juvenile is a status offender are admitted
16 or sustained by clear and convincing evidence, the court shall consider the results of the needs
17 assessment, as defined in §49-1-206 of this code, prior to or at the disposition and refer the
18 juvenile to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services for
19 services, pursuant to §49-4-712 of this code, and order the department to report back to the court
20 with regard to the juvenile's progress at least every 90 days or until the court, upon motion or sua
21 sponte, orders further disposition under §49-4-712 of this code or dismisses the case from its
22 docket: *Provided*, That in a judicial circuit operating a truancy program, a circuit judge may, in lieu
23 of referring truant juveniles to the department, order that the juveniles be supervised by his or her

24 probation office: *Provided, however,* That a circuit judge may also refer a truant juvenile to a
25 truancy diversion specialist.

26 (5) If the allegations in a petition are not sustained by evidence as provided in §49-4-711(c)
27 and §49-4-711(d) of this code, the petition shall be dismissed and the juvenile shall be discharged
28 if he or she is in custody.

29 (6) Findings of fact and conclusions of law addressed to all allegations in the petition shall
30 be stated on the record or reduced to writing and filed with the record or incorporated into the order
31 of the court. The record shall include the treatment and rehabilitation plan the court has adopted
32 after recommendation by the multidisciplinary team as provided for in §49-4-406 of this code.

**§49-4-726. Study of juvenile competency issues; requiring and requesting report and
proposed legislation; submission to Legislature.**

1 (a) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
2 Human Services and the Secretary of the Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety are
3 directed, and the Juvenile Justice Commission of the Supreme Court of Appeals is requested to
4 undertake a collaborative investigation and evaluation of issues regarding juvenile competency.
5 They shall:

6 (1) Develop appropriate procedures for determining what actions should be taken when a
7 juvenile is determined to lack substantial capacity to understand the proceedings against him or
8 her brought under §49-4-704 of this code;

9 (2) Recommend appropriate processes for juveniles to receive restorative services when
10 found to be incompetent; and

11 (3) Recommend appropriate disposition alternatives for juveniles found to be incompetent
12 and not restorable, including a recommendation as to the location and operation of an appropriate
13 facility to house juveniles determined to be incompetent, nonrestorable, and in need of out-of-
14 home placement.

15 (b) The secretaries shall issue a joint report of their findings and recommendations,
16 together with draft legislation necessary to effectuate the recommendations, on or before July 31,
17 2020, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Delegates.

18 (c) The report shall:

19 (1) Include models from other states considered to be best practices;

20 (2) Include an estimate of the number of juveniles that may be affected by this procedure
21 and data of trends by other states;

22 (3) Include an estimate of the cost of providing restorative services and a recommendation
23 of which agency should pay for the services; and

24 (4) Ensure that any recommended legislation provides that all services be provided in the
25 least restrictive placement for the juvenile and recommend a facility for the housing and treatment
26 of juveniles determined to be incompetent, nonrestorable, and in need of out-of-home placement
27 which can appropriately provide the juvenile with necessary services.

28 (d) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to acknowledge the
29 importance of ensuring the constitutionality of juvenile proceedings under §49-4-704 of this
30 code.

§49-4-801. Support of a child removed from home pursuant to this chapter; order requirements.

1 (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that to the extent practicable, this article should
2 encourage and require a child's parents to meet the obligation of providing that child with adequate
3 food, shelter, clothing, education, and health and child care.

4 (b) This article shall be construed to be consistent with articles one, eleven, twelve,
5 thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, eighteen, nineteen and twenty four of chapter forty-eight of this
6 code, and those articles apply to actions pursuant to this chapter unless expressly stated
7 otherwise.

8 (c) When a child is removed from his or her home pursuant to this chapter, the court shall
9 issue a support order payable by the child's mother. If the child's legal father has been determined,
10 the court shall issue a child support order payable by the legal father. If no legal father has been
11 determined, the court shall issue an order establishing paternity prior to or simultaneously with
12 establishing a support order payable by the child's legal father. Copies of the orders shall be
13 provided to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Bureau of Child Support
14 Enforcement.

15 (d) The order establishing a child support obligation must use the Guidelines for Child
16 Support Awards that are set forth in article thirteen, chapter forty-eight of this code.

17 (e) In addition to the reasons for deviation listed in section seven hundred two, article
18 thirteen, chapter forty-eight of this code, deviation from the child support guidelines is appropriate
19 when the court finds that:

20 (1) It may assist the parent in successful completion of an improvement period;

21 (2) It may be in the best interest of the minor child to issue a zero child support order;
22 and/or

23 (3) The parent temporarily or permanently has no gross income as defined §48-1-228 of
24 this code.

§49-4-803. Enforcement of support orders.

25 (a) Support orders may be enforced through any manner provided in chapters thirty-eight
26 and forty-eight of this code.

27 (b) An action for contempt for nonpayment of support may be brought by the ~~Department of~~
28 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Bureau for Children and Families or Bureau for Child Support
29 Enforcement; the child's physical custodian; the child's guardian ad litem; or the prosecuting
30 attorney.

ARTICLE 5. RECORD KEEPING AND DATABASE.

§49-5-101. Confidentiality of records; non-release of records; exceptions; penalties.

1 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter or by order of the court, all records and
2 information concerning a child or juvenile which are maintained by the Division of Corrections and
3 Rehabilitation, the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services,
4 a child agency or facility, or court or law-enforcement agency, are confidential and may not be
5 released or disclosed to anyone, including any federal or state agency.

6 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section or any other provision of
7 this code to the contrary, records concerning a child or juvenile, except adoption records and
8 records disclosing the identity of a person making a complaint of child abuse or neglect, may be
9 made available:

10 (1) Where otherwise authorized by this chapter;

11 (2) To:

12 (A) The child;

13 (B) A parent whose parental rights have not been terminated;

14 (C) The attorney of the child or parent; and

15 (D) The Juvenile Justice Commission and its' designees acting in the course of their official
16 duties;

17 (3) With the written consent of the child or of someone authorized to act on the child's
18 behalf; and

19 (4) Pursuant to an order of a court of record: *Provided*, That the court shall review the
20 record or records for relevancy and materiality to the issues in the proceeding and safety and may
21 issue an order to limit the examination and use of the records or any part thereof.

22 (c) In addition to those persons or entities to whom information may be disclosed under
23 subsection (b) of this section, information related to child abuse or neglect proceedings, except
24 information relating to the identity of the person reporting or making a complaint of child abuse or
25 neglect, shall be made available upon request to:

26 (1) Federal, state, or local government entities, or any agent of those entities, including
27 law-enforcement agencies and prosecuting attorneys, having a need for that information in order
28 to carry out its responsibilities under law to protect children from abuse and neglect;

29 (2) The child fatality review team;

30 (3) Child abuse citizen review panels;

31 (4) Multidisciplinary investigative and treatment teams; or

32 (5) A grand jury, circuit court, or family court, upon a finding that information in the records
33 is necessary for the determination of an issue before the grand jury, circuit court, or family court;
34 and

35 (6) The West Virginia Crime Victims Compensation Fund and its designees acting in the
36 course of their official duties.

37 (d) If there is a child fatality or near fatality due to child abuse and neglect, information
38 relating to a fatality or near fatality shall be made public by the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
39 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services and provided to the entities described in subsection (c)
40 of this section, all under the circumstances described in that subsection: *Provided*, That
41 information released by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
42 Services pursuant to this subsection may not include the identity of a person reporting or making a
43 complaint of child abuse or neglect. For purposes of this subsection, "near fatality" means any
44 medical condition of the child which is certified by the attending physician to be life threatening.

45 (e) Except in juvenile proceedings which are transferred to criminal proceedings, law-
46 enforcement records and files concerning a child or juvenile shall be kept separate from the
47 records and files of adults and not included within the court files. Law-enforcement records and
48 files concerning a child or juvenile shall only be open to inspection pursuant to §49-5-103 of this
49 code.

50 (f) Any person who willfully violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor
51 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or confined in jail for not more

52 than six months, or both fined and confined. A person convicted of violating this section is also
53 liable for damages in the amount of \$300, or actual damages, whichever is greater.

54 (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, or any other provision of this code to the
55 contrary, the name and identity of any juvenile adjudicated or convicted of a violent or felonious
56 crime shall be made available to the public;

57 (h)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or any other provision of this code to
58 the contrary, the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation may provide access to, and the
59 confidential use of, a treatment plan, court records, or other records of a juvenile to an agency in
60 another state which:

61 (A) Performs the same functions in that state that are performed by the Division of
62 Corrections and Rehabilitation in this state;

63 (B) Has a reciprocal agreement with this state; and

64 (C) Has legal custody of the juvenile.

65 (2) A record which is shared under this subsection may only provide information which is
66 relevant to the supervision, care, custody, and treatment of the juvenile;

67 (3) The Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation may enter into reciprocal agreements
68 with other states and propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of
69 this code to implement this subsection; and

70 (4) Other than the authorization explicitly given in this subsection, this subsection may not
71 be construed to enlarge or restrict access to juvenile records as provided elsewhere in this code.

72 (i) The records subject to disclosure pursuant to subsection (b) of this section may not
73 include a recorded/videotaped interview, as defined in §62-6B-2(6) of this code, the disclosure of
74 which is exclusively subject to §62-6B-6 of this code.

75 (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, records in the
76 possession of the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation declared to be confidential by the

77 provisions of subsection (a) of this section may be published and disclosed for use in an employee
78 grievance if the disclosure is done in compliance with subsections (k), (l), and (m) of this section.

79 (k) Records or information declared confidential by the provisions of this section may not
80 be released for use in a grievance proceeding except:

81 (1) Upon written motion of a party; and

82 (2) Upon an order of the Public Employee's Grievance Board entered after an in-camera
83 hearing as to the relevance of the record or information.

84 (l) If production of confidential records or information is disclosed to a grievant, his or her
85 counsel or representative, pursuant to subsection (k) of this section:

86 (1) The division shall ensure that written records or information is redacted of all identifying
87 information of any juvenile which is not relevant to the resolution of the grievance;

88 (2) Relevant video and audio records may be disclosed without redaction; and

89 (3) Records or other information released to a grievant or his or her counsel or
90 representative pursuant to subsection (k) of this section may only be used for purposes of his or
91 her grievance proceeding and may not be disclosed, published, copied, or distributed for any other
92 purpose, and upon the conclusion of the grievance procedure, returned to the Division of
93 Corrections and Rehabilitation.

94 (m) If a grievant or the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation seek judicial review of a
95 decision of the Public Employee's Grievance Board, the relevant confidential records disclosed
96 and used in the grievance proceeding may be used in the appeal proceeding upon entry of an
97 order by the circuit court, and the order shall contain a provision limiting disclosure or publication of
98 the records or information to purposes necessary to the proceeding and prohibiting unauthorized
99 use and reproduction.

100 (n) Nothing in this section may be construed to abrogate the provisions of §29B-1-1 *et seq.*
101 of this code.

102 (o) A child placing agency or a residential child care and treatment facility may disclose
103 otherwise confidential information to other child placing agencies or residential child care and
104 treatment facilities when making referrals or providing services on behalf of the child. This
105 information shall be maintained in the same manner as provided in this code.

106 (p) The department shall provide electronic access to information required to perform an
107 adoption to child placing agencies as necessary to complete the adoption.

108 (q) A child placing agency completing adoption as a contractor on behalf of the department
109 shall have access to secure records from vital statistics and other pertinent record holders.

§49-5-106. Data collection.

1 (a) The Division of Juvenile Services, the department and the Supreme Court of Appeals
2 shall establish procedures to jointly collect and compile data necessary to calculate juvenile
3 recidivism and the outcome of programs.

4 (b) For each juvenile who enters into a diversion agreement, is placed on an improvement
5 period, is placed on probation or is placed in an out-of-home placement as defined by section two
6 hundred six, article one of this chapter, the data and procedures developed in subsection (a) shall
7 include:

8 (1) New offense referrals to juvenile court or criminal court within three years of completion
9 of the diversion agreement, release from court jurisdiction or release from agency custody;

10 (2) Adjudications for a delinquent or status offense by a juvenile or a conviction by a
11 criminal court within three years of completion of the diversion agreement, release from court
12 jurisdiction or release from agency custody;

13 (3) Commitments to the Division of Juvenile Services, the department, excluding out-of-
14 home placements made for child welfare or abuse and neglect purposes, or incarceration with the
15 Division of Corrections within three years of completion of the diversion agreement, release from
16 court jurisdiction or release from agency custody; and

17 (4) The number of out-of-home placements ordered where the judge found by clear and
18 convincing evidence the existence of a significant and likely risk of harm to the juvenile, a family
19 member or the public.

20 (c) For youth placed in programs operated or funded by the Division of Juvenile Services,
21 the department or the Supreme Court of Appeals, including youth reporting centers, juvenile drug
22 courts, restorative justice programs and teen courts, the division, department and Supreme Court
23 shall develop procedures using, at a minimum, the measures in subsection (b) of this section to
24 track and record outcomes of each program, and to demonstrate that the program reduces the
25 likelihood of reoffending for the youth referred to the program.

26 (d) For youth referred to truancy diversion specialists or other truancy diversion programs
27 operated or funded by the Supreme Court of Appeals, the Division of Juvenile Services, the
28 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, the Department of
29 Education or other political subdivisions, that branch of government or agency shall develop
30 procedures to track and record outcomes of each program, and to evaluate the effectiveness in
31 reducing unexcused absences for the youth referred to the program. At a minimum, this outcome
32 data shall include:

33 (1) The number of youth successfully completing the truancy diversion program;

34 (2) The number of youth who are referred to the court system after failing to complete a
35 truancy diversion program; and

36 (3) The number of youth who, after successfully completing a truancy diversion program,
37 accumulate five or more unexcused absences in the current or subsequent school year.

38 (e) The Supreme Court of Appeals, the Division of Juvenile Services, the ~~Department of~~
39 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the Department of Education
40 shall also establish procedures to jointly collect and compile data relating to disproportionate
41 minority contact, which is defined as the proportion of minority youth who come into contact with
42 the juvenile justice system in relation to the proportion of minority youth in the general population,

43 and the compilation shall include data indicating the prevalence of such disproportionality in each
44 county. Data shall include, at a minimum, the race and gender of youth arrested or referred to
45 court, entered into a diversion program, adjudicated and disposed.

ARTICLE 6. MISSING CHILDREN INFORMATION ACT.

§49-6-103. Information to clearinghouse; definitions.

1 (a) ~~The Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and
2 every law-enforcement agency in West Virginia shall provide to the clearinghouse or another
3 investigating law-enforcement agency any information that would assist in locating or identifying a
4 missing child.

5 (b) For purposes of this article:

6 (1) "Missing and endangered child" means any missing child for which there are
7 substantial indications the child is at high risk of harm or in immediate danger, and rapid action is
8 required, including, but not limited to:

9 (A) Physically or mentally disabled and dependent upon an agency or another individual
10 for care;

11 (B) Under the age of 13;

12 (C) Missing under circumstances which indicate the child's safety may be in danger; or

13 (D) A foster child and has been determined a missing and endangered child by the
14 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

15 (2) "Missing child" means any child under the age of 18 whose whereabouts are unknown
16 to the child's legal custodian.

§49-6-105. Missing child report forms; where filed.

1 (a) The clearinghouse shall distribute missing child and missing and endangered child
2 report forms to law-enforcement agencies in the state and to the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
3 ~~Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

4 (b) A missing child or missing and endangered child report may be made to a law-
5 enforcement agency in person or by telephone, or other indirect method of communication, and
6 the person taking the report may enter the information on the form for the reporter. A missing child
7 or missing and endangered child report form may be completed by the reporter and delivered to a
8 law-enforcement office.

9 (c) A copy of the report form shall be maintained by the clearinghouse.

§49-6-110. Confidentiality of records; rulemaking; requirements.

1 (a) The State Police shall promulgate rules according §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code to
2 provide for the classification of information and records as confidential that:

3 (1) Are otherwise confidential under state or federal law or rules promulgated pursuant to
4 state or federal law;

5 (2) Are related to the investigation by a law-enforcement agency of a missing child, a
6 missing and endangered child, or an unidentified body, if the State Police, in consultation with the
7 law-enforcement agency, determines that release of the information would be deleterious to the
8 investigation;

9 (3) Are records or notations that the clearinghouse maintains for internal use in matters
10 relating to missing children or missing and endangered children and unidentified bodies and the
11 State Police determines that release of the internal documents might interfere with an
12 investigation by a law-enforcement agency in West Virginia or any other jurisdiction; or

13 (4) Are records or information that the State Police determines might interfere with an
14 investigation or otherwise harm a child or custodian.

15 (b) The rules may provide for the sharing of confidential information with the custodian of
16 the missing child or missing and endangered child: *Provided*, That confidential information, which
17 is not believed to jeopardize an investigation, must be shared with the custodian when the legal
18 custodian is the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

§49-6-113. Clearinghouse Advisory Council; members, appointments and expenses; appointment, duties and compensation of director; annual reports.

1 (a) The Clearinghouse Advisory Council is continued as a body corporate and politic,
2 constituting a public corporation and government instrumentality. The council shall consist of 11
3 members who are knowledgeable about and interested in issues relating to missing or exploited
4 children, as follows:

5 (1) Six members to be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the
6 Senate, with not more than four belonging to the same political party, three being from different
7 congressional districts of the state and, as nearly as possible, providing broad state geographical
8 distribution of members of the council, and at least one representing a nonprofit organization
9 involved with preventing the abduction, runaway, or exploitation of children or locating missing or
10 missing and endangered children;

11 (2) The Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
12 Human Services or his or her designee;

13 (3) The Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police or his or her designee;

14 (4) The State Superintendent of Schools or his or her designee;

15 (5) The Director of the Division of Administrative Services or his or her designee; and

16 (6) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Children and Families or his or her designee.

17 (b) The Governor shall appoint the six council members for staggered terms. The terms of
18 the members first taking office on or after the effective date of this legislation shall expire as
19 designated by the Governor. Each subsequent appointment shall be for a full three-year term. Any
20 appointed member whose term is expired shall serve until a successor has been duly appointed
21 and qualified. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy may serve only for the unexpired term. A
22 member is eligible for only one successive reappointment. A vacancy shall be filled by the
23 Governor in the same manner as the original appointment was made.

24 (c) Members of the council are not entitled to compensation for services performed as
25 members but are entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually
26 incurred in the performance of their duties in a manner consistent with the guidelines of the Travel
27 Management Office of the Department of Administration.

28 (d) A majority of serving members constitutes a quorum for the purpose of conducting
29 business. The chair of the council shall be designated by the Governor from among the appointed
30 council members who represent nonprofit organizations involved with preventing the abduction,
31 runaway, or exploitation of children or locating missing children or missing and endangered
32 children. The term of the chair shall run concurrently with his or her term of office as a member of
33 the council. The council shall meet semiannually at the call of the chair. The council shall conduct
34 all meetings in accordance with the open governmental meetings law pursuant to §6-9A-1 *et seq.*
35 of this code.

36 (e) The employee of the West Virginia State Police who is primarily responsible for the
37 clearinghouse established by §49-6-101 of this code, shall serve as the executive director of the
38 council. He or she shall receive no additional compensation for service as the executive director of
39 the council but shall be reimbursed for any reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred
40 in the performance of his or her duties as executive director in a manner consistent with the
41 guidelines of the Travel Management Office of the Department of Administration.

42 (f) The executive director shall provide or obtain information necessary to support the
43 administrative work of the council and, to that end, may contract with one or more nonprofit
44 organizations or state agencies for research and administrative support.

45 (g) The executive director of the council shall be available to the Governor and to the
46 Speaker of the House of Delegates and the President of the Senate to analyze and comment upon
47 proposed legislation and rules which relate to or materially affect missing or exploited children.

48 (h) The council shall prepare and publish an annual report of its activities and
49 accomplishments and submit it to the Governor and the Legislature on or before December 15 of
50 each year.

§49-6-116. Establish a missing foster child locator unit program.

1 (a) The Secretary of the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
2 Department of Human Services shall establish a Missing Foster Child Locator Unit within the
3 department with a minimum staffing of a northern-based caseworker, a southern-based
4 caseworker, and an identified worker located in the Centralized Intake Unit.

5 (b) The duties of the Missing Foster Child Locator Unit shall include, but are not limited to,
6 the following:

7 (1) Receiving reports of missing foster children;

8 (2) Assisting law enforcement in locating missing foster children who have been reported
9 missing; and

10 (3) Interviewing missing foster children and completing trafficking screening once the child
11 is located.

12 (c) For this section, "missing foster child" means missing child or missing and endangered
13 child, as defined in §49-6-103 of this code, who is a foster child at the time he or she was reported
14 missing.

15 (d) Beginning in July 1, 2021, and each year thereafter, the Secretary of the ~~Department of~~
16 ~~Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall provide a status report to the
17 Legislative Oversight Committee on Health and Human Resources Accountability.

18 (e) The secretary shall implement and administer this program at least until December 31,
19 2022. The secretary may administer this program after such date.

ARTICLE 7. INTERSTATE COOPERATION.

§49-7-102. Definitions; implementation.

1 (a) Financial responsibility for any child placed pursuant to the provisions of the Interstate
2 Compact on the Placement of Children shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of
3 Article V thereof in the first instance. However, in the event of partial or complete default of
4 performance thereunder, section one hundred one, article two of this chapter may be invoked.

5 (b) The "appropriate public authorities" as used in Article III of the Interstate Compact on
6 the Placement of Children shall, with reference to this state, mean the ~~Department of Health and~~
7 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the agency shall receive and act with
8 reference to notices required by Article III.

9 (c) As used in paragraph (a) of Article V of the Interstate Compact on the Placement of
10 Children, the phrase "appropriate authority in the receiving state" with reference to this state shall
11 mean the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services.

12 (d) The officers and agencies of this state and its subdivisions having authority to place
13 children are hereby empowered to enter into agreements with appropriate officers or agencies of
14 or in other party states pursuant to paragraph (b) of Article V of the Interstate Compact on the
15 Placement of Children. An agreement which contains a financial commitment or imposes a
16 financial obligation on this state or subdivision or agency thereof is not binding unless it has the
17 approval in writing of the Auditor in the case of the state and of the chief local fiscal officer in the
18 case of a subdivision of the state.

19 (e) Any requirements for visitation, inspection or supervision of children, homes,
20 institutions or other agencies in another party state which may apply under sections one hundred
21 eight and one hundred eleven, article two of this chapter shall be deemed to be met if performed
22 pursuant to an agreement entered into by appropriate officers or agencies of this state or a
23 subdivision thereof as contemplated by paragraph (b) of Article V of the Interstate Compact on the
24 Placement of Children.

25 (f) Section one hundred nine, article two of this chapter does not apply to placements made
26 pursuant to the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children.

27 (g) Any court having jurisdiction to place delinquent children may place a child in an
28 institution of or in another state pursuant to Article VI of the Interstate Compact on the Placement
29 of Children and shall retain jurisdiction as provided in Article V thereof.

30 (h) As used in Article VII of the interstate compact on the placement of children, the term
31 "executive head" means the Governor. The Governor is hereby authorized to appoint a compact
32 administrator in accordance with the terms of that Article VII.

§49-7-201. Interstate adoption assistance compact; findings and purpose.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that:

2 (1) Finding adoptive families for children, for whom state assistance is desirable pursuant
3 to section one hundred twelve, article four, of this chapter and assuring the protection of the
4 interests of the children affected during the entire assistance period, require special measures
5 when the adoptive parents move to other states or are residents of another state; and

6 (2) Provision of medical and other necessary services for children, with state assistance,
7 encounters special difficulties when the provision of services takes place in other states.

8 (b) The purposes of sections two hundred one through two hundred four of this article are
9 to:

10 (1) Authorize the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
11 Services to enter into interstate agreements with agencies of other states for the protection of
12 children on behalf of whom adoption assistance is being provided by the ~~Department of Health and~~
13 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services; and

14 (2) Provide procedures for interstate children's adoption assistance payments, including
15 medical payments.

§49-7-202. Interstate adoption assistance compacts authorized; definitions.

1 (a) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services is
2 authorized to develop, participate in the development of, negotiate and enter into one or more
3 interstate compacts on behalf of this state with other states to implement one or more of the
4 purposes set forth in sections two hundred one through two hundred four of this article. When so

5 entered into, and for so long as it shall remain in force, the compact shall have the force and effect
6 of law.

7 (b) For the purposes of sections two hundred one through two hundred four of this article,
8 the term "state" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
9 Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or a
10 Territory or Possession of or administered by the United States.

11 (c) For the purposes of sections two hundred one through two hundred four of this article,
12 the term "adoption assistance state" means the state that is signatory to an adoption assistance
13 agreement in a particular case.

14 (d) For the purposes of sections two hundred one through two hundred four of this article,
15 the term "residence state" means the state of which the child is a resident by virtue of the
16 residence of the adoptive parents.

§49-7-204. Medical assistance for children with special needs; rule-making; penalties.

1 (a) A child with special needs resident in this state who is the subject of an adoption
2 assistance agreement with another state shall be entitled to receive a medical assistance
3 identification from this state upon the filing in the Division of Human Services of a certified copy of
4 the adoption assistance agreement obtained from the adoption assistance state. In accordance
5 with regulations of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
6 Services the adoptive parents shall be required at least annually to show that the agreement is still
7 in force or has been renewed.

8 (b) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
9 consider the holder of a medical assistance identification pursuant to this section as any other
10 holder of a medical assistance identification under the laws of this state and shall process and
11 make payment on claims on account of the holder in the same manner and pursuant to the same
12 conditions and procedures as for other recipients of medical assistance.

13 (c) The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
14 provide coverage and benefits for a child who is in another state and who is covered by an
15 adoption assistance agreement made by the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
16 Department of Human Services for the coverage or benefits, if any, not provided by the residence
17 state. To this end, the adoptive parents acting for the child may submit evidence of payment for
18 services or benefit amounts not payable in the residence state and shall be reimbursed therefor.
19 However, there may be no reimbursement for services or benefit amounts covered under any
20 insurance or other third party medical contract or arrangement held by the child or the adoptive
21 parents. The ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall
22 propose rules in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code that are
23 necessary to effectuate the requirements and purposes of this section. The additional coverages
24 and benefit amounts provided pursuant to this section shall be for services to the cost of which
25 there is no federal contribution, or which, if federally aided, are not provided by the residence state.
26 Among other things, the regulations shall include procedures to be followed in obtaining prior
27 approvals for services in those instances where required for the assistance.

28 (d) Any person who submits a claim for payment or reimbursement for services or benefits
29 pursuant to this section or the making of any statement in connection therewith, which claim of
30 statement the maker knows or should know to be false, misleading or fraudulent is guilty of a
31 felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$10,000, or incarcerated in a correctional
32 facility not more than two years, or both fined and incarcerated.

33 (e) This section applies only to medical assistance for children under adoption assistance
34 agreements from states that have entered into a compact with this state under which the other
35 state provides medical assistance to children with special needs under adoption assistance
36 agreements made by this state. All other children entitled to medical assistance pursuant to
37 adoption assistance agreements entered into by this state shall be eligible to receive it in
38 accordance with the laws and procedures applicable thereto.

§49-8-1. Legislative findings; statement of legislative purpose.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that in certain circumstances where a parent, guardian or legal
2 custodian of a child is temporarily unable to care for the child due to a crisis or other
3 circumstances, a less intrusive alternative to guardianship or the ~~Department of Health and~~
4 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services taking custody of the child should be available.
5 In such circumstances, a parent, guardian or legal custodian may benefit from the assistance of
6 charitable organizations in their community that assist families by providing safe, temporary care
7 for children and support for families during difficult times.

8 (b) It is the purpose of this article to ensure that a parent, guardian or legal guardian has the
9 right to provide for the temporary care of their child with the assistance of a qualified nonprofit
10 organization as set forth in this article.

CHAPTER 51. COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 2A. FAMILY COURTS.

§51-2A-21. Budget of the family court.

1 The budget for the payment of the salaries and benefits of the family court judges and
2 clerical and secretarial assistants shall be included in the appropriation for the Supreme Court of
3 Appeals. The family court administration fund, heretofore created as the family law master
4 administration fund, is continued as a special account in the state Treasury. The fund shall operate
5 as a special fund administered by the State Auditor which shall be appropriated by line item by the
6 Legislature for payment of administrative expenses of family courts. All agencies or entities
7 receiving federal matching funds for the services of family court judges and their staff, including,
8 but not limited to, the commissioner of the Bureau for Child Support enforcement and the
9 Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services,
10 shall enter into an agreement with the administrative office of the Supreme Court of Appeals
11 whereby all federal matching funds paid to and received by said agencies or entities for the

12 activities by family court judges and the program staff shall be paid into the family court
13 administration fund. Said agreement shall provide for advance payments into the fund by such
14 agencies, from available federal funds pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act and in
15 accordance with federal regulations.

CHAPTER 53. EXTRAORDINARY REMEDIES.

ARTICLE 8. PERSONAL SAFETY ORDERS.

§53-8-17. Sealing of records.

1 (a) *Definitions.* —

2 (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

3 (2) "Court record" means an official record of a court about a proceeding that the clerk of a
4 court or other court personnel keeps. "Court record" includes an index, a docket entry, a petition or
5 other pleading, a memorandum, a transcription of proceedings, an electronic recording, an order
6 and a judgment.

7 (3) "Seal" means to remove information from public inspection in accordance with this
8 section.

9 (4) "Sealing" means:

10 (A) With respect to a record kept in a courthouse, removing to a separate secure area to
11 which persons who do not have a legitimate reason for access are denied access;

12 (B) With respect to electronic information about a proceeding on the website maintained by
13 the magistrate court, circuit court or the Supreme Court of Appeals, removing the information from
14 the public website; and

15 (C) With respect to a record maintained by any law-enforcement agency, by removing to a
16 separate secure area to which persons who do not have a legitimate reason for access are denied
17 access.

18 (b) *Written request.* — Either party to a petition filed pursuant to this article may file a
19 written request with the clerk to seal all court records relating to the proceeding.

20 (c) *Timing.* — A request for sealing under this section may not be filed within two years
21 after the entry of a final order, or the denial or dismissal of the petition.

22 (d) *Notice, hearing and findings.* —

23 (1) On the filing of a request for sealing under this section, the court shall schedule a
24 hearing on the request.

25 (2) The court shall give notice of the hearing to the parties.

26 (3) After the hearing, the court shall order the sealing of all court records relating to the
27 proceeding if the court finds:

28 (A) Good cause to grant the request. In determining whether there is good cause to grant
29 the request to seal court records, the court shall balance the privacy and potential danger of
30 adverse consequences to the parties against the potential risk of future harm and danger to the
31 petitioner and the community; and

32 (B) That none of the following are pending at the time of the hearing:

33 (i) A temporary personal safety order or protective order issued against the respondent in a
34 proceeding between the petitioner and the respondent; or

35 (ii) A criminal charge against the respondent arising from an alleged act described in
36 subsection (a) section four of this article in which the petitioner is the victim.

37 (e) *Access to a sealed record.* —

38 (1) This section does not preclude the following persons from accessing a sealed record
39 for a legitimate reason:

40 (A) A law-enforcement officer;

41 (B) An attorney who represents or has represented the petitioner or the respondent in a
42 proceeding;

43 (C) A prosecuting attorney; or

44 (D) An employee of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
45 Human Services and the Department of Health.

46 (2) (A) A person not listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection may subpoena or file a
47 motion for access to a record sealed under this section.

48 (B) If the court finds that the person has a legitimate reason for access, the court may grant
49 the person access to the sealed record under the terms and conditions that the court determines.

50 (C) In ruling on a motion under this subdivision, the court shall balance the person's need
51 for access to the record with the respondent's right to privacy and the potential harm of
52 unwarranted adverse consequences to the respondent that the disclosure may create.

53 (f) *Compliance with order.* — Within sixty days after entry of an order under subdivision (3),
54 subsection (d) of this section, each custodian of court records that are subject to the order of
55 sealing shall advise in writing the court and the parties of compliance with the order.

CHAPTER 55. ACTIONS, SUITS AND ARBITRATION; JUDICIAL SALE.

ARTICLE 7B. MEDICAL PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY.

§55-7B-9c. Limit on liability for treatment of emergency conditions for which patient is admitted to a designated trauma center; exceptions; emergency rules.

1 (a) In any action brought under this article for injury to or death of a patient as a result of
2 health care services or assistance rendered in good faith and necessitated by an emergency
3 condition for which the patient enters a health care facility designated by the Office of Emergency
4 Medical Services as a trauma center, including health care services or assistance rendered in
5 good faith by a licensed emergency medical services authority or agency, certified emergency
6 medical service personnel or an employee of a licensed emergency medical services authority or
7 agency, the total amount of civil damages recoverable may not exceed \$500,000, for each
8 occurrence, exclusive of interest computed from the date of judgment, and regardless of the
9 number of plaintiffs or the number of defendants or, in the case of wrongful death, regardless of the
10 number of distributees.

11 (b) On January 1, 2016, and in each year thereafter, the limitation on the total amount of
12 civil damages contained in subsection (a) of this section shall increase to account for inflation as
13 determined by the Consumer Price Index published by the United States Department of Labor:
14 *Provided*, That increases on the limitation of damages shall not exceed one hundred fifty percent
15 of the amounts specified in said subsection.

16 (c) Beginning July 1, 2016, a plaintiff who, as a result of an injury suffered prior to or after
17 said date, suffers or has suffered economic damages, as determined by the trier of fact or the
18 agreement of the parties, in excess of the limitation of liability in section (a) of this section and for
19 whom recovery from the Patient Injury Compensation Fund is precluded pursuant to section one,
20 article twelve-d, chapter twenty-nine of this code may recover additional economic damages of up
21 to \$1 million. This amount is not subject to the adjustment for inflation set forth in subsection (b) of
22 this section.

23 ~~(b)~~(d) The limitation of liability in subsection (a) of this section also applies to any act or
24 omission of a health care provider in rendering continued care or assistance in the event that
25 surgery is required as a result of the emergency condition within a reasonable time after the
26 patient's condition is stabilized.

27 ~~(e)~~(e) The limitation on liability provided under subsection (a) of this section does not apply
28 to any act or omission in rendering care or assistance which:

29 (1) Occurs after the patient's condition is stabilized and the patient is capable of receiving
30 medical treatment as a nonemergency patient; or

31 (2) Is unrelated to the original emergency condition.

32 (f) In the event that: (1) A physician provides follow-up care to a patient to whom the
33 physician rendered care or assistance pursuant to subsection (a) of this section; and (2) a medical
34 condition arises during the course of the follow-up care that is directly related to the original
35 emergency condition for which care or assistance was rendered pursuant to said subsection,
36 there is rebuttable presumption that the medical condition was the result of the original emergency

37 condition and that the limitation on liability provided by said subsection applies with respect to that
38 medical condition.

39 (g) There is a rebuttable presumption that a medical condition which arises in the course of
40 follow-up care provided by the designated trauma center health care provider who rendered good
41 faith care or assistance for the original emergency condition is directly related to the original
42 emergency condition where the follow-up care is provided within a reasonable time after the
43 patient's admission to the designated trauma center.

44 (h) The limitation on liability provided under subsection (a) of this section does not apply
45 where health care or assistance for the emergency condition is rendered:

46 (1) In willful and wanton or reckless disregard of a risk of harm to the patient; or

47 (2) In clear violation of established written protocols for triage and emergency health care
48 procedures developed by the Office of Emergency Medical Services in accordance with
49 subsection (e) of this section. In the event that the Office of Emergency Medical Services has not
50 developed a written triage or emergency medical protocol by the effective date of this section, the
51 limitation on liability provided under subsection (a) of this section does not apply where health care
52 or assistance is rendered under this section in violation of nationally recognized standards for
53 triage and emergency health care procedures.

54 (i) The Office of Emergency Medical Services shall, prior to the effective date of this
55 section, develop a written protocol specifying recognized and accepted standards for triage and
56 emergency health care procedures for treatment of emergency conditions necessitating
57 admission of the patient to a designated trauma center.

58 (j) In its discretion, the Office of Emergency Medical Services may grant provisional trauma
59 center status for a period of up to one year to a health care facility applying for designated trauma
60 center status. A facility given provisional trauma center status is eligible for the limitation on liability
61 provided in subsection ~~(a)~~(i) of this section. If, at the end of the provisional period, the facility has

62 not been approved by the Office of Emergency Medical Services as a designated trauma center,
63 the facility is no longer eligible for the limitation on liability provided in subsection (a) of this section.

64 (k) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health may grant an applicant for
65 designated trauma center status a one-time only extension of provisional trauma center status,
66 upon submission by the facility of a written request for extension, accompanied by a detailed
67 explanation and plan of action to fulfill the requirements for a designated trauma center. If, at the
68 end of the six-month period, the facility has not been approved by the Office of Emergency Medical
69 Services as a designated trauma center, the facility no longer has the protection of the limitation on
70 liability provided in subsection (a) of this section.

71 (l) If the Office of Emergency Medical Services determines that a health care facility no
72 longer meets the requirements for a designated trauma center, it shall revoke the designation, at
73 which time the limitation on liability established by subsection (a) of this section ceases to apply to
74 that health care facility for services or treatment rendered thereafter.

75 (m) The Legislature hereby finds that an emergency exists compelling promulgation of an
76 emergency rule, consistent with the provisions of this section, governing the criteria for
77 designation of a facility as a trauma center or provisional trauma center and implementation of a
78 statewide trauma/emergency care system. The Legislature therefore directs the Secretary of the
79 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health to file, on or before July 1,
80 2003, emergency rules specifying the criteria for designation of a facility as a trauma center or
81 provisional trauma center in accordance with nationally accepted and recognized standards and
82 governing the implementation of a statewide trauma/emergency care system. The rules governing
83 the statewide trauma/emergency care system shall include, but not be limited to:

84 (1) System design, organizational structure and operation, including integration with the
85 existing emergency medical services system;

86 (2) Regulation of facility designation, categorization and credentialing, including the
87 establishment and collection of reasonable fees for designation; and

88 (3) System accountability, including medical review and audit to assure system quality.
89 Any medical review committees established to assure system quality shall include all levels of
90 care, including emergency medical service providers, and both the review committees and the
91 providers shall qualify for all the rights and protections established in article three-c, chapter
92 thirty of this code.

ARTICLE 19. COVID-19 JOBS PROTECTION ACT.

§55-19-3. Definitions.

1 For the purposes of this article:

2 (1) "Arising from COVID-19" means any act from which loss, damage, physical injury, or
3 death is caused by a natural, direct, and uninterrupted consequence of the actual, alleged, or
4 possible exposure to, or contraction of, COVID-19, including services, treatment, or other actions
5 in response to COVID-19, and without which such loss, damage, physical injury, or death would
6 not have occurred, including, but not limited to:

7 (A) Implementing policies and procedures designed to prevent or minimize the spread of
8 COVID-19;

9 (B) Testing;

10 (C) Monitoring, collecting, reporting, tracking, tracing, disclosing, or investigating COVID-
11 19 exposure or other COVID-19-related information;

12 (D) Using, designing, manufacturing, providing, donating, or servicing precautionary,
13 diagnostic, collection, or other health equipment or supplies, such as personal protective
14 equipment;

15 (E) Closing or partially closing to prevent or minimize the spread of COVID-19;

16 (F) Delaying or modifying the schedule or performance of any medical procedure;

17 (G) Providing services or products in response to government appeal or repurposing
18 operations to address an urgent need for personal protective equipment, sanitation products, or
19 other products necessary to protect the public;

20 (H) Providing services or products as an essential business, health care facility, health care
21 provider, first responder, or institution of higher education; or

22 (I) Actions taken in response to federal, state, or local orders, recommendations, or
23 guidelines lawfully set forth in response to COVID-19.

24 (2) "COVID-19" and "coronavirus" means the novel coronavirus identified as SARS-CoV-
25 2, the disease caused by the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 or a virus mutating therefrom, and
26 conditions associated with the disease.

27 (3) "COVID-19 Care" means services provided by a health care facility or health care
28 provider, regardless of location and whether or not those services were provided in-person or
29 through telehealth or telemedicine, that relate to the testing for, diagnosis, prevention, or treatment
30 of COVID-19, or the assessment, treatment, or care of an individual with a confirmed or suspected
31 case of COVID-19.

32 (4) "COVID-19 emergency" means the State of Emergency declared by the Governor of
33 the State of West Virginia by proclamation on March 16, 2020, and any subsequent orders or
34 amendments thereto.

35 (5) "Essential business" means a person or entity that is:

36 (A) An essential business or operation as specified by Executive Order No. 9-20 on March
37 23, 2020, and any subsequent orders or amendments thereto; or

38 (B) Within an essential critical infrastructure sector as defined by the United States
39 Department of Homeland Security.

40 (6) "First responder" means a person who performs one or more "emergency services" as
41 that term is defined in §15-5-2 of this code. "First responder" also includes any other person
42 authorized by executive order who will be deployed in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

43 (7) "Health care" means any act, service, or treatment as defined by §55-7B-2 of this code.

44 (8) "Health care facility" means a facility as defined by §55-7B-2 of this code and any other
45 facility authorized to provide health care or vaccinations in response to the COVID-19 emergency,
46 including, but not limited to, a personal attendant agency.

47 (9) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership, corporation, professional limited
48 liability company, health care facility, entity, or institution as defined by §55-7B-2 of this code,
49 whether paid or unpaid, including persons engaged in telemedicine or telehealth; and any person
50 authorized to provide health care in response to the COVID-19 emergency, including, but not
51 limited to personal attendants and the employer, employees or agents of a health care provider
52 who provide, arrange for, and assist with the delivery of health care, including those whose
53 licensing requirements were modified through executive order.

54 (10) "Impacted care" means care offered, delayed, postponed, or otherwise adversely
55 affected at a health care facility or from a health care provider that impacted the health care facility
56 or health care provider's response to, or as a result of, COVID-19 or the COVID-19 emergency:
57 *Provided*, That this provision does not prohibit claims that may otherwise be brought pursuant to
58 §55-7B-1 *et seq.* of this code so long as such claims for loss, damage, physical injury, or death are
59 unrelated to COVID-19 or the COVID-19 emergency and the care provided. If the issue of
60 impacted care is raised by a defendant under §55-19-4 of this code, the circuit court shall, upon
61 motion by the defendant, stay the proceedings, including any discovery proceedings, and, as soon
62 as practicable, hold a hearing to determine whether the care offered, delayed, postponed, or
63 otherwise adversely affected at a health care facility or from a health care provider was related to
64 COVID-19 or the COVID-19 emergency. If the circuit court determines that the care offered,
65 delayed, postponed, or otherwise adversely affected at a health care facility or from a health care
66 provider was related to COVID-19 or the COVID-19 emergency and the care provided, then the
67 cause of action shall be dismissed under §55-19-4 of this code.

68 (11) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, state, county, or
69 local governmental entity, or other entity, including, but not limited to, a school, a college or

70 university, an institution of higher education, religious organization, or nonprofit charitable
71 organization. "Person" includes an employee, agent, or independent contractor of the person,
72 regardless of whether the individual is a paid or an unpaid volunteer.

73 (12) "Personal protective equipment" means coveralls, face shields, gloves, gowns,
74 masks, respirators, or other equipment designed to protect the wearer or other persons from the
75 spread of infection or illness.

76 (13) "Physical injury" means actual bodily harm, sickness, or disease.

77 (14) "Public health guidance" means written guidance related to COVID-19 issued by the
78 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Occupational Safety & Health Administration of the
79 United States Department of Labor, Office of the Governor, West Virginia ~~Department of Health~~
80 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Health, or any other state, federal, county, or local
81 government agency.

82 (15) "Qualified product" means personal protective equipment used to protect the wearer
83 from COVID-19 or prevent the spread of COVID-19; medical devices, equipment, and supplies
84 used to treat COVID-19 including products that are used or modified for an unapproved use to
85 treat COVID-19 or prevent the spread of COVID-19; medical devices, equipment, or supplies
86 utilized outside of the product's normal use to treat COVID-19 or to prevent the spread of COVID-
87 19; medications used to treat COVID-19 including medications prescribed or dispensed for off-
88 label use to attempt to combat COVID-19; tests to diagnose or determine immunity to COVID-19;
89 and components of qualified products.

90 (16) "Volunteer" means any person or entity that makes a facility, product, or service
91 available to support a state, county, or local response to COVID-19.

CHAPTER 60A. UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.

ARTICLE 9. CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES MONITORING.

§60A-9-5. Confidentiality; limited access to records; period of retention; no civil liability for required reporting.

1 (a)(1) The information required by this article to be kept by the Board of Pharmacy is
2 confidential and not subject to the provisions of §29B-1-1 *et seq.* of this code or obtainable as
3 discovery in civil matters absent a court order and is open to inspection only by inspectors and
4 agents of the Board of Pharmacy, members of the West Virginia State Police expressly authorized
5 by the Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police to have access to the information,
6 authorized agents of local law-enforcement agencies as members of a federally affiliated drug task
7 force, authorized agents of the federal Drug Enforcement Administration, duly authorized agents
8 of the Bureau for Medical Services, duly authorized agents of the Office of the Chief Medical
9 Examiner for use in post-mortem examinations, duly authorized agents of the Office of Health
10 Facility Licensure and Certification for use in certification, licensure, and regulation of health
11 facilities, duly authorized agents of licensing boards of practitioners in this state and other states
12 authorized to prescribe Schedules II, III, IV, and V controlled substances, prescribing practitioners
13 and pharmacists, a dean of any medical school or his or her designee located in this state to
14 access prescriber level data to monitor prescribing practices of faculty members, prescribers, and
15 residents enrolled in a degree program at the school where he or she serves as dean, a physician
16 reviewer designated by an employer of medical providers to monitor prescriber level information of
17 prescribing practices of physicians, advance practice registered nurses, or physician assistants in
18 their employ, and a chief medical officer of a hospital or a physician designated by the chief
19 executive officer of a hospital who does not have a chief medical officer, for prescribers who have
20 admitting privileges to the hospital or prescriber level information, and persons with an
21 enforceable court order or regulatory agency administrative subpoena. All law-enforcement
22 personnel who have access to the Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database shall be
23 granted access in accordance with applicable state laws and the Board of Pharmacy's rules, shall
24 be certified as a West Virginia law-enforcement officer and shall have successfully completed

25 training approved by the Board of Pharmacy. All information released by the Board of Pharmacy
26 must be related to a specific patient or a specific individual or entity under investigation by any of
27 the above parties except that practitioners who prescribe or dispense controlled substances may
28 request specific data related to their Drug Enforcement Administration controlled substance
29 registration number or for the purpose of providing treatment to a patient: *Provided*, That the West
30 Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database Review Committee established in
31 §60A-9-5(b) of this code is authorized to query the database to comply with §60A-9-5(b) of this
32 code.

33 (2) Subject to the provisions of §60A-9-5(a)(1) of this code, the Board of Pharmacy shall
34 also review the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database and issue
35 reports that identify abnormal or unusual practices of patients and practitioners with prescriptive
36 authority who exceed parameters as determined by the advisory committee established in this
37 section. The Board of Pharmacy shall communicate with practitioners and dispensers to more
38 effectively manage the medications of their patients in the manner recommended by the advisory
39 committee. All other reports produced by the Board of Pharmacy shall be kept confidential. The
40 Board of Pharmacy shall maintain the information required by this article for a period of not less
41 than five years. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, data obtained
42 under the provisions of this article may be used for compilation of educational, scholarly, or
43 statistical purposes, and may be shared with the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human~~
44 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health for those purposes, as long as the identities of persons or
45 entities and any personally identifiable information, including protected health information,
46 contained therein shall be redacted, scrubbed, or otherwise irreversibly destroyed in a manner that
47 will preserve the confidential nature of the information. No individual or entity required to report
48 under §60A-9-4 of this code may be subject to a claim for civil damages or other civil relief for the
49 reporting of information to the Board of Pharmacy as required under and in accordance with the
50 provisions of this article.

51 (3) The Board of Pharmacy shall establish an advisory committee to develop, implement,
52 and recommend parameters to be used in identifying abnormal or unusual usage patterns of
53 patients and practitioners with prescriptive authority in this state. This advisory committee shall:

54 (A) Consist of the following members: A physician licensed by the West Virginia Board of
55 Medicine; a dentist licensed by the West Virginia Board of Dental Examiners; a physician licensed
56 by the West Virginia Board of Osteopathic Medicine; a licensed physician certified by the
57 American Board of Pain Medicine; a licensed physician board certified in medical oncology
58 recommended by the West Virginia State Medical Association; a licensed physician board certified
59 in palliative care recommended by the West Virginia Center on End of Life Care; a pharmacist
60 licensed by the West Virginia Board of Pharmacy; a licensed physician member of the West
61 Virginia Academy of Family Physicians; an expert in drug diversion; and such other members as
62 determined by the Board of Pharmacy.

63 (B) Recommend parameters to identify abnormal or unusual usage patterns of controlled
64 substances for patients in order to prepare reports as requested in accordance with §60A-9-
65 5(a)(2) of this code.

66 (C) Make recommendations for training, research, and other areas that are determined by
67 the committee to have the potential to reduce inappropriate use of prescription drugs in this state,
68 including, but not limited to, studying issues related to diversion of controlled substances used for
69 the management of opioid addiction.

70 (D) Monitor the ability of medical services providers, health care facilities, pharmacists,
71 and pharmacies to meet the 24-hour reporting requirement for the Controlled Substances
72 Monitoring Program set forth in §60A-9-3 of this code, and report on the feasibility of requiring real-
73 time reporting.

74 (E) Establish outreach programs with local law enforcement to provide education to local
75 law enforcement on the requirements and use of the Controlled Substances Monitoring Program
76 Database established in this article.

77 (b) The Board of Pharmacy shall create a West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring
78 Program Database Review Committee of individuals consisting of two prosecuting attorneys from
79 West Virginia counties, two physicians with specialties which require extensive use of controlled
80 substances and a pharmacist who is trained in the use and abuse of controlled substances. The
81 review committee may determine that an additional physician who is an expert in the field under
82 investigation be added to the team when the facts of a case indicate that the additional expertise is
83 required. The review committee, working independently, may query the database based on
84 parameters established by the advisory committee. The review committee may make
85 determinations on a case-by-case basis on specific unusual prescribing or dispensing patterns
86 indicated by outliers in the system or abnormal or unusual usage patterns of controlled substances
87 by patients which the review committee has reasonable cause to believe necessitates further
88 action by law enforcement or the licensing board having jurisdiction over the practitioners or
89 dispensers under consideration. The licensing board having jurisdiction over the practitioner or
90 dispenser under consideration shall report back to the Board of Pharmacy regarding any findings,
91 investigation, or discipline resulting from the findings of the review committee within 30 days of
92 resolution of any action taken by the licensing board resulting from the information provided by the
93 Board of Pharmacy. The review committee shall also review notices provided by the chief medical
94 examiner pursuant to §61-12-10(h) of this code and determine on a case-by-case basis whether a
95 practitioner who prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance resulting in or contributing to the
96 drug overdose may have breached professional or occupational standards or committed a
97 criminal act when prescribing the controlled substance at issue to the decedent. Only in those
98 cases in which there is reasonable cause to believe a breach of professional or occupational
99 standards or a criminal act may have occurred, the review committee shall notify the appropriate
100 professional licensing agency having jurisdiction over the applicable practitioner or dispenser and
101 appropriate law-enforcement agencies and provide pertinent information from the database for
102 their consideration. The number of cases identified shall be determined by the review committee

103 based on a number that can be adequately reviewed by the review committee. The information
104 obtained and developed may not be shared except as provided in this article and is not subject to
105 the provisions of §29B-1-1 *et seq.* of this code or obtainable as discovering in civil matters absent
106 a court order.

107 (c) The Board of Pharmacy is responsible for establishing and providing administrative
108 support for the advisory committee and the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring
109 Program Database Review Committee. The advisory committee and the review committee shall
110 elect a chair by majority vote. Members of the advisory committee and the review committee may
111 not be compensated in their capacity as members but shall be reimbursed for reasonable
112 expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

113 (d) The Board of Pharmacy shall promulgate rules with advice and consent of the advisory
114 committee, after consultation with the licensing boards set forth in §60A-9-5(d)(4) of this code and
115 in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code. The legislative rules must
116 include, but shall not be limited to, the following matters:

117 (1) Identifying parameters used in identifying abnormal or unusual prescribing or
118 dispensing patterns;

119 (2) Processing parameters and developing reports of abnormal or unusual prescribing or
120 dispensing patterns for patients, practitioners, and dispensers;

121 (3) Establishing the information to be contained in reports and the process by which the
122 reports will be generated and disseminated;

123 (4) Dissemination of these reports at least quarterly to:

124 (A) The West Virginia Board of Medicine codified in §30-3-1 *et seq.* of this code;

125 (B) The West Virginia Board of Osteopathic Medicine codified in §30-14-1 *et seq.* of this
126 code;

127 (C) The West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses codified in
128 §30-7-1 *et seq.* of this code;

129 (D) The West Virginia Board of Dentistry codified in §30-4-1 *et seq.* of this code; and

130 (E) The West Virginia Board of Optometry codified in §30-8-1 *et seq.* of this code; and

131 (5) Setting up processes and procedures to ensure that the privacy, confidentiality, and
132 security of information collected, recorded, transmitted, and maintained by the review committee
133 is not disclosed except as provided in this section.

134 (e) Persons or entities with access to the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring
135 Program Database pursuant to this section may, pursuant to rules promulgated by the Board of
136 Pharmacy, delegate appropriate personnel to have access to said database.

137 (f) Good faith reliance by a practitioner on information contained in the West Virginia
138 Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database in prescribing or dispensing or refusing or
139 declining to prescribe or dispense a Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substance shall constitute
140 an absolute defense in any civil or criminal action brought due to prescribing or dispensing or
141 refusing or declining to prescribe or dispense.

142 (g) A prescribing or dispensing practitioner may notify law enforcement of a patient who, in
143 the prescribing or dispensing practitioner's judgment, may be in violation of §60A-4-410 of this
144 code, based on information obtained and reviewed from the Controlled Substances Monitoring
145 Program Database. A prescribing or dispensing practitioner who makes a notification pursuant to
146 this subsection is immune from any civil, administrative, or criminal liability that otherwise might be
147 incurred or imposed because of the notification if the notification is made in good faith.

148 (h) Nothing in the article may be construed to require a practitioner to access the West
149 Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database except as provided in §60A-9-5 of
150 this code.

151 (i) The Board of Pharmacy shall provide an annual report on the West Virginia Controlled
152 Substances Monitoring Program to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human
153 Resources Accountability with recommendations for needed legislation no later than January 1 of
154 each year.

§60A-9-8. Creation of Fight Substance Abuse Fund.

1 There is hereby created a special revenue account in the state treasury, designated the
2 Fight Substance Abuse Fund, which shall be an interest-bearing account. The fund shall consist of
3 all moneys received from whatever source to further the purpose of this article. The fund shall be
4 administered by the West Virginia Bureau for Public Health to provide funding for substance abuse
5 prevention, treatment, treatment coordination, recovery and education. Any moneys remaining in
6 the fund at the close of a fiscal year shall be carried forward for use in the next fiscal year. Fund
7 balances shall be invested with the state's consolidated investment fund and any and all interest
8 earnings on these investments shall be used solely for the purposes that moneys deposited in the
9 fund may be used pursuant to this article. There is created within the Office of the Secretary of the
10 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health and the Department of
11 Human Services the Grant Writer Pilot Project. The Secretary shall hire a person as a grant writer,
12 who shall be placed within the Office of the Secretary. This person shall identify, application and
13 monitoring policies and procedures to increase grant applications and improve management and
14 oversight of grants. The grant writer shall focus his or her abilities on obtaining grants concerning
15 the prevention and treatment of substance abuse. The grant writer is not eligible for civil service.
16 The department shall report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human
17 Resources Accountability on the implementation of the new grant policy; the number of grants
18 obtained; and an analysis examining the costs associated with obtaining a grant verses the federal
19 money received.

ARTICLE 11. CLANDESTINE DRUG LABORATORY REMEDIATION ACT.

§60A-11-1. Legislative findings and purpose.

1 (a) *Findings.* — The Legislature finds that some residential and business properties are
2 being used for the consumption, production and manufacture of illegal drugs resulting in
3 contamination with hazardous chemical residues. These illegal laboratories present an immediate
4 and ongoing danger to public health and safety. Innocent members of the public may be harmed

5 when they are exposed to the chemical residues if the property is not decontaminated prior to
6 subsequent rental, sale or use of the property.

7 (b) *Purpose.* — The purpose of this article is to protect the public health, safety and welfare
8 by designating the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health as the
9 state agency to set forth standards for the remediation of clandestine drug laboratories.

§60A-11-2. Definitions.

1 In this article:

2 (a) "Clandestine drug laboratory" means the area or areas where controlled substances, or
3 their immediate precursors, have been, or were attempted to be, manufactured, processed,
4 cooked, disposed of or stored and all proximate areas that are likely to be contaminated as a result
5 of such manufacturing, processing, cooking, disposing or storing.

6 (b) "Department" means the West Virginia ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~
7 Department of Health.

8 (c) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in section one hundred
9 one, article one of this chapter and article ten, section three of this chapter a drug, substance or
10 immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of article two of this chapter.

11 (d) "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the "West Virginia Board of
12 Pharmacy" (hereinafter in this act referred to as the state Board of Pharmacy) has found to be and
13 by rule designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use
14 and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a
15 controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit manufacture.

16 (e) "Law-enforcement agency" means the West Virginia State Police or any other policing
17 agency of the state or of any political subdivision of the state.

18 (f) "Remediation" means the act of rendering safe and usable for the purposes for which it
19 is intended residential property, as defined in subsection (g) of this section, or any structure

20 appurtenant to the residential property, or other structure on the residential property that has been
21 used for the manufacture or consumption of methamphetamines or other illicit drug products.

22 (g) "Residential property" means any building or structure to be primarily occupied by
23 people, either as a dwelling or as a business, including, but not limited to, a storage facility, a
24 mobile home, manufactured home or recreational vehicle, hotel or motel that may be sold, leased
25 or rented for any length of time.

26 (h) "Residential property owner" means the person holding record title to residential
27 property as that term is defined in subsection (f) of this section.

§60A-11-3. Remediation of clandestine drug laboratories; promulgation of legislative rules.

1 (a) ~~The Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health shall propose
2 rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-
3 nine-a of this code to address, at a minimum, the following issues:

4 (1) Establishment of scientific guidelines and numeric decontamination levels for the
5 remediation of clandestine drug laboratories;

6 (2) Establishment of a certification program for persons or contractors who engage in the
7 business of clandestine drug lab remediation;

8 (3) Establishment of a licensure procedure whereby individuals and businesses certified to
9 do remediation of clandestine drug laboratories obtain a license from the ~~Department of Health~~
10 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Health to do such work;

11 (4) Requiring licensed contractors to notify the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
12 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health prior to beginning any remediation project;

13 (5) Setting forth certification procedures for the department to certify that the completed
14 remediation of the residential property fully meets the scientific guidelines and numeric
15 decontamination levels set forth in the legislative rule; and

16 (6) Establishing requirements for property owners, sellers and landlords to disclose the
17 existence of any former clandestine laboratory site or activity to any potential occupant of the
18 residential property.

19 (b) Fees may be set by the legislative rule to be charged to persons or contractors engaged
20 in the business of clandestine drug laboratory remediation for certification, licensing and
21 notification as required in this article.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 2. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.

§61-2-14a. Kidnapping; penalty.

1 (a) Any person who unlawfully takes custody of, conceals, confines, transports, or
2 restrains another person against his or her will by means of force, threat of force, duress, fraud,
3 deceit, inveiglement, misrepresentation, or enticement with the intent to:

4 (1) Hold another person for ransom, reward, or concession;

5 (2) Inflict bodily injury;

6 (3) Terrorize the victim or another person; or

7 (4) Use another person as a shield or hostage, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction
8 thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment by the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation for
9 life, and, notwithstanding the provisions of §62-12-1 *et seq.* of this code, is not eligible for parole.

10 (b) The following exceptions apply to the penalty contained in subsection (a) of this section:

11 (1) A jury may, in their discretion, recommend mercy, and if the recommendation is added
12 to their verdict, the person is eligible for parole in accordance with the provisions of §62-12-1 *et*
13 *seq.* of this code;

14 (2) If the person pleads guilty, the court may, in its discretion, provide
15 that the person is eligible for parole in accordance with the provisions of §62-12-1 *et seq.* of this
16 code and, if the court so provides, the person is eligible for parole in accordance with the

17 provisions of said article, in the same manner and with like effect as if the person had been found
18 guilty by the verdict of a jury and the jury had recommended mercy;

19 (3) In all cases where the person against whom the offense is committed is returned, or is
20 permitted to return, alive, without bodily harm having been inflicted upon him or her, but after
21 ransom, money, or other thing, or any concession or advantage of any sort has been paid or
22 yielded, the punishment shall be imprisonment by the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation
23 for a definite term of years not less than 20 nor more than 50; or

24 (4) In all cases where the person against whom the offense is committed is returned, or is
25 permitted to return, alive, without bodily harm having been inflicted upon him or her, but without
26 ransom, money, or other thing, or any concession or advantage of any sort having been paid or
27 yielded, the punishment shall be imprisoned by the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation for a
28 definite term of years not less than 10 nor more than 30.

29 (c) For purposes of this section, "to use another as a hostage" means to seize or detain and
30 threaten to kill or injure another in order to compel a third person or a governmental organization to
31 do, or abstain from doing, any legal act as an explicit or implicit condition for the release of the
32 person detained.

33 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a violation of this section is
34 committed by a family member of a minor abducted or held hostage and he or she is not motivated
35 by monetary purposes, but rather intends to conceal, take, remove the child, or refuse to return the
36 child to his or her lawful guardian in the belief, mistaken or not, that it is in the child's interest to do
37 so, he or she is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a correctional
38 facility for not less than one nor more than five years or fined not more than \$1,000, or both
39 imprisoned and fined.

40 (e) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, where a law-enforcement
41 agency of this state or a political subdivision thereof receives a complaint that a violation of the
42 provisions of this section has occurred, the receiving law-enforcement agency shall notify any

43 other law-enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the offense, including, but not limited to, the
44 State Police and each agency so notified, shall cooperate in the investigation immediately.

45 (f) It is a defense to a violation of subsection (d) of this section, that the accused's action
46 was necessary to preserve the welfare of the minor child and the accused promptly reported his or
47 her actions to a person with lawful custody of the minor, to law enforcement, or to the Child
48 Protective Services Division of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
49 Human Services.

§61-2-14h. Prohibition of purchase or sale of child; penalty; definitions; exceptions.

1 (a) Any person or agency who knowingly offers, gives, or agrees to give to another person
2 money, property, service, or other thing of value in consideration for the recipient's locating,
3 providing, or procuring a minor child for any purpose which entails a transfer of the legal or
4 physical custody of the child, including, but not limited to, adoption or placement, is guilty of a
5 felony and subject to fine and imprisonment as provided in this section.

6 (b) Any person who knowingly receives, accepts, or offers to accept money, property,
7 service, or other thing of value to locate, provide or procure a minor child for any purpose which
8 entails a transfer of the legal or physical custody of the child, including, but not limited to, adoption
9 or placement, is guilty of a felony and subject to fine and imprisonment as provided in this section.

10 (c) Any person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a felony and, upon
11 conviction thereof, may be confined in the state correctional facility for not less than one year nor
12 more than 10 years or, in the discretion of the court, be confined in jail not more than one year and
13 fined not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$10,000.

14 (d) A child whose parent, guardian, or custodian has sold or attempted to sell said child in
15 violation of the provisions of §48-22-1 *et seq.* of this code may be deemed an abused child as
16 defined by §49-1-201 of this code. The court may place such a child in the custody of the
17 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services or with another
18 responsible person as dictated by the best interests of the child.

19 (e) This section does not prohibit the payment or receipt of the following:

20 (1) Fees paid for reasonable and customary services provided by the ~~Department of Health~~
21 ~~and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services or any licensed or duly authorized
22 adoption or child-placing agency;

23 (2) Reasonable and customary legal, medical, hospital or other expenses incurred in
24 connection with the pregnancy, birth, and adoption proceedings;

25 (3) Fees and expenses included in any agreement in which a woman agrees to become a
26 surrogate mother; or

27 (4) Any fees or charges authorized by law or approved by a court in a proceeding relating
28 to the placement plan, prospective placement, or placement of a minor child for adoption.

29 (f) At the final hearing on the adoption as provided in §48-22-1 *et seq.* of this code, an
30 affidavit of any fees and expenses paid or promised by the adoptive parents shall be submitted to
31 the court.

**§61-2-29b. Financial exploitation of an elderly person, protected person, or incapacitated
adult; penalties; definitions.**

1 (a) Any person who financially exploits an elderly person, protected person, or an
2 incapacitated adult in the amount of less than \$1,000 is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon
3 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or confined in jail for not more than one
4 year, or both fined and confined.

5 (b) Any person who financially exploits an elderly person, protected person, or an
6 incapacitated adult in the amount of \$1,000 or more is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction
7 thereof, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 and imprisoned in a state correctional facility not less
8 than two nor more than 20 years.

9 (c) Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall, in addition to any other
10 penalties at law, be subject to an order of restitution.

11 (d) In determining the value of the money, goods, property, or services referred to in
12 subsection (a) of this section, it shall be permissible to cumulate amounts or values where the
13 money, goods, property, or services were fraudulently obtained as part of a common scheme or
14 plan.

15 (e) Financial institutions and their employees, as defined by §31A-2A-1 of this code and as
16 permitted by §31A-2A-4 of this code, others engaged in financially related activities, as defined by
17 §31A-8C-1 of this code, caregivers, relatives, and other concerned persons are permitted to report
18 suspected cases of financial exploitation to state or federal law-enforcement authorities, the
19 county prosecuting attorney, and to the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~, Adult
20 Protective Services Division, or Medicaid Fraud Division, as appropriate. Public officers and
21 employees are required to report suspected cases of financial exploitation to the appropriate
22 entities as stated above. The requisite agencies shall investigate or cause the investigation of the
23 allegations.

24 (f) When financial exploitation is suspected and to the extent permitted by federal law,
25 financial institutions and their employees or other business entities required by federal law or
26 regulation to file suspicious activity reports and currency transaction reports shall also be
27 permitted to disclose suspicious activity reports or currency transaction reports to the prosecuting
28 attorney of any county in which the transactions underlying the suspicious activity reports or
29 currency transaction reports occurred.

30 (g) Any person or entity that in good faith reports a suspected case of financial exploitation
31 pursuant to this section is immune from civil liability founded upon making that report.

32 (h) For the purposes of this section:

33 (1) "Incapacitated adult" means a person as defined by §61-2-29 of this code;

34 (2) "Elderly person" means a person who is 65 years or older;

35 (3) "Financial exploitation" or "financially exploit" means the intentional misappropriation or
36 misuse of funds or assets of an elderly person, protected person, or incapacitated adult, but shall

37 not apply to a transaction or disposition of funds or assets where the accused made a good-faith
38 effort to assist the elderly person, protected person, or incapacitated adult with the management of
39 his or her money or other things of value; and

40 (4) "Protected person" means any person who is defined as a "protected person" in §44A-
41 1-4 of this code and who is subject to the protections of §44A-1-1 *et seq.* or § 44C-1-1 *et seq.* of
42 this code.

43 (i) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, acting as guardian,
44 conservator, trustee, or attorney for, or holding power of attorney for, an elderly person, protected
45 person, or incapacitated adult shall not, standing alone, constitute a defense to a violation of
46 subsection (a) of this section.

47 (j) Any person who willfully violates a material term of an order entered pursuant to §55-7J-
48 1 *et seq.* of this code is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall:

49 (1) For the first offense, be fined not more than \$1,000 or confined in jail not more than 90
50 days, or both fined and confined; and

51 (2) For a second or subsequent offense, be fined not more than \$2,500 or confined in jail
52 not more than one year, or both fined and confined.

**ARTICLE 7A. STATE MENTAL HEALTH REGISTRY; REPORTING OF PERSONS
PROSCRIBED FROM FIREARM POSSESSION DUE TO MENTAL CONDITION
TO THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM;
LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS; DEFINITIONS; REPORTING REQUIREMENTS;
REINSTATEMENT OF RIGHTS PROCEDURES.**

**§61-7A-3. Persons whose names are to be supplied to the central state mental health
registry.**

1 (a) The Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police and the Secretary of the
2 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services, or their designees,

3 shall cooperate with the circuit clerk of each county and Administrator of the West Virginia
4 Supreme Court of Appeals in compiling and maintaining a database containing the names and
5 identifying information of persons who have been adjudicated to be mentally defective or who
6 have been committed to a mental institution. The registry shall be maintained by the Administrator
7 of the Supreme Court of Appeals or the superintendent of the West Virginia State Police.

8 (b) The name of any person who has been adjudicated to be mentally defective or who has
9 been committed to a mental institution shall be provided to the Administrator of the Supreme Court
10 of Appeals or the Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police for inclusion in the central state
11 mental health registry. Upon receipt of the information being received by the central state mental
12 health registry it may be transmitted to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System
13 and to county sheriffs;

14 (c) The Secretary of ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human
15 Services and the circuit clerk of each county shall, as soon as practicable after the effective date of
16 this article, supply to the Administrator of the Supreme Court of Appeals or the Superintendent of
17 the West Virginia State Police for inclusion in the central state mental health registry the name and
18 identifying information required by the provisions of subsection (d) of this section of all persons
19 covered by the provisions of this article and shall on an ongoing basis continue to provide such
20 information as it is developed;

21 (d) The central state mental health registry shall contain the name, address at the time of
22 commitment or adjudication, date of birth, date of commitment or adjudication of all persons who
23 have been adjudicated to be mentally defective or who have been committed to a mental
24 institution.

25 (e) The central state mental health registry shall provide only such information about a
26 person on the registry to county sheriffs and the National Instant Criminal Background Check
27 System as is necessary to identify registrants; and

28 (f) On or before January 1, 2010, the central state mental health registry shall contain the
29 name, address at the time of commitment or adjudication, date of birth, date of commitment or
30 adjudication and any other identifying characteristics of all persons who have been adjudicated to
31 be mentally defective or who have been committed to a mental institution . Under no
32 circumstances shall the registry contain information relating to any diagnosis or treatment
33 provided.

34 (g) To the extent the central state mental health registry contains the names of any children
35 under fourteen years of age on the effective date of this article, the Administrator of the West
36 Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals shall take whatever steps are necessary to remove those
37 individuals from the central state mental health registry.

§61-7A-4. Confidentiality; limits on use of registry information.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the Superintendent of the
2 State Police, the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of
3 Human Services, the circuit clerks, and the Administrator of the Supreme Court of Appeals may
4 provide notice to the central state mental health registry and the National Instant Criminal
5 Background Check System established pursuant to Section 103(d) of the Brady Handgun
6 Violence Protection Act, 18 U. S. C. §922, that a person: (i) Has been involuntarily committed to a
7 mental institution ; (ii) has been adjudicated as a mental defective ; or (iii) has regained the ability
8 to possess a firearm by order of a circuit court in a proceeding under section five of this article.

9 (b) The information contained in the central state mental health registry is to be used solely
10 for the purpose of records checks related to firearms purchases and for eligibility for a state license
11 or permit to possess or carry a concealed firearm.

12 (c) Whenever a person's name and other identifying information has been added to the
13 central state mental health registry, a review of the state concealed handgun registry shall be
14 undertaken and if such review reveals that the person possesses a current concealed handgun

21 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than
22 \$1,000 or confined in jail not more than six months, or both.

23 (2) For a second offense under this subsection or for a person with one prior conviction
24 under this section, section four of this article or a law of another state or the federal government
25 with the same essential elements, the parent, guardian or custodian is guilty of a misdemeanor
26 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,500 and confined in jail not less than
27 thirty days nor more than one year, or both.

28 (3) For a third or subsequent offense under this subsection or for a person with two or more
29 prior convictions under this section, section four of this article or a law of another state or the
30 federal government with the same essential elements, the parent, guardian or custodian is guilty of
31 a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$3,000 and imprisoned in a
32 state correctional facility not less than one year nor more than three years, or both.

33 (e) Any person convicted of a misdemeanor offense under this section:

34 (1) May be required to complete parenting classes, substance abuse counseling, anger
35 management counseling, or other appropriate services, or any combination thereof, as
36 determined by ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Bureau for Children and Families
37 through its services assessment evaluation, which shall be submitted to the court of conviction
38 upon written request;

39 (2) Shall not be required to register pursuant to article thirteen, chapter fifteen of this code;
40 and

41 (3) Shall not, solely by virtue of the conviction, have their custody, visitation or parental
42 rights automatically restricted.

43 (f) Nothing in this section shall preclude a parent, guardian or custodian from providing
44 reasonable discipline to a child.

§61-8D-4. Child neglect resulting in injury; child neglect creating risk of injury; criminal penalties.

1 (a) If a parent, guardian or custodian neglects a child and by such neglect causes the child
2 bodily injury, as bodily injury is defined in section one, article eight-b of this chapter, then the
3 parent, guardian or custodian is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not
4 less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 dollars or imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not
5 less than one nor more than three years, or in the discretion of the court, be confined in jail for not
6 more than one year, or both.

7 (b) If a parent, guardian or custodian neglects a child and by such neglect cause the child
8 serious bodily injury, as serious bodily injury is defined in section one, article eight-b of this
9 chapter, then the parent, guardian or custodian is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof,
10 shall be fined not less than \$300 nor more than \$3,000 dollars or imprisoned in a state correctional
11 facility for not less than one nor more than ten years, or both.

12 (c) If a parent, guardian or custodian grossly neglects a child and by that gross neglect
13 creates a substantial risk of death or serious bodily injury, as serious bodily injury is defined in
14 section one, article eight-b of this chapter, of the child then the parent, guardian or custodian is
15 guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than
16 \$3,000 dollars or imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less than one nor more than five
17 years, or both.

18 (d)(1) If a parent, guardian or custodian who has not been previously convicted under this
19 section, section three of this article or a law of another state or the federal government with the
20 same essential elements neglects a child and by that neglect creates a substantial risk of bodily
21 injury, as defined in section one, article eight-b of this chapter, to the child, then the parent,
22 guardian or custodian, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, for a first offense,
23 shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 or confined in jail not more than six months,
24 or both fined and confined.

25 (2) For a second offense under this subsection or for a person with one prior conviction
26 under this section, section three of this article or a law of another state or the federal government

27 with the same essential elements, the parent, guardian or custodian is guilty of a misdemeanor
28 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 and confined in jail not less than
29 thirty days nor more than one year, or both.

30 (3) For a third or subsequent offense under this subsection or for a person with two or more
31 prior convictions under this section, section three of this article or a law of another state or the
32 federal government with the same essential elements, the parent, guardian or custodian is guilty of
33 a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$2,000 and imprisoned in a
34 state correctional facility not less than one year nor more than three years, or both fined and
35 imprisoned.

36 (e) The provisions of this section shall not apply if the neglect by the parent, guardian or
37 custodian is due primarily to a lack of financial means on the part of such parent, guardian or
38 custodian.

39 (f) Any person convicted of a misdemeanor offense under this section:

40 (1) May be required to complete parenting classes, substance abuse counseling, anger
41 management counseling, or other appropriate services, or any combination thereof, as
42 determined by ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Bureau for Children and Families
43 through its services assessment evaluation, which shall be submitted to the court of conviction
44 upon written request;

45 (2) Shall not be required to register pursuant to the requirements of article thirteen, chapter
46 fifteen of this code; and

47 (3) Shall not, solely by virtue of the conviction, have their custody, visitation or parental
48 rights automatically restricted.

ARTICLE 11. GENERAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING CRIMES.

**§61-11-26a. Expungement of certain criminal convictions with approved treatment or
recovery and job program.**

2 (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of §61-11-26 of this code to the contrary, any person
3 who has been convicted of a nonviolent felony offense or multiple misdemeanors and that would
4 be eligible for expungement pursuant to the provisions of §61-11-26 of this code and who: (1) Has
5 a medically documented history of substance abuse and of successful compliance with a
6 substance abuse treatment or recovery and counseling program approved by the Secretary of the
7 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Health; or (2) graduates from a West
8 Virginia Department of Education-approved job readiness adult training course, or both, if
9 applicable, may petition the circuit court or circuit courts in which the conviction or convictions
10 occurred for expungement of the conviction or convictions and the records associated therewith
11 as provided in §61-11-26 of this code as follows:

12 (1) Any person who has been convicted of a single misdemeanor that would be eligible for
13 expungement pursuant to §61-11-26 of this code and satisfies the requirements of this section, is
14 eligible for expungement pursuant to §61-11-26(a)(1) of this code upon successful compliance
15 with an approved substance abuse treatment and recovery and counseling program for 90 days or
16 upon completion of an approved job readiness adult training course, or both, if applicable, but after
17 the completion of any sentence of incarceration or completion of any period of supervision,
18 whichever is later in time.

19 (2) Any person who has been convicted of multiple misdemeanors that would be eligible for
20 expungement pursuant to §61-11-26 of this code and satisfies the requirements of this section is
21 not eligible for expungement pursuant to §61-11-26(a)(1) of this code until one year after the last
22 conviction, completion of any sentence of incarceration, or completion of any period of supervision
23 ordered for the last conviction, whichever is later in time.

24 (3) Any person who has been convicted of a nonviolent felony offense that would be
25 eligible for expungement pursuant to §61-11-26 of this code and satisfies the requirements of this
26 section is not eligible for expungement pursuant to §61-11-26(a)(2) of this code until three years

27 after conviction, completion of any sentence of incarceration, or completion of any period of
28 supervision, whichever is later in time.

29 (b) In addition to the required content of a petition for expungement as required by §61-11-
30 26(d) of this code, any person petitioning for an expungement pursuant to the provisions of this
31 section shall also include the following, if applicable:

32 (1) Documentation of compliance with an approved treatment or recovery and counseling
33 program; and

34 (2) Certificate of graduation from an approved job readiness adult training course.

35 (c) The fee of \$100 to the records division of the West Virginia State Police for the cost of
36 processing the order of expungement required in §61-11-26(n) of this code is waived for petitions
37 of expungement filed pursuant to the provisions of this section.

ARTICLE 11A. VICTIM PROTECTION ACT OF 1984.

§61-11A-6. State guidelines for fair treatment of crime victims and witnesses in the criminal justice system.

1 (a) No later than July 1, 1984, the Attorney General shall promulgate rules and regulations
2 in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, establishing guidelines for
3 law-enforcement agencies and prosecuting attorneys' offices consistent with the purposes of this
4 article. The Attorney General shall seek the advice of the West Virginia State Police and
5 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services and the Department
6 of Health in preparing such rules and regulations. In preparing such rules and regulations, the
7 following objectives shall be considered:

8 (1) The arresting law-enforcement agency should ensure that victims routinely receive
9 emergency social and medical services as soon as possible and are given information on the
10 following:

11 (A) Availability of crime victim compensation (where applicable);

12 (B) Community-based victim treatment programs;

13 (C) The role of the victim in the criminal justice process, including what they can expect
14 from the system as well as what the system expects from them; and

15 (D) Stages in the criminal justice process of significance to a crime victim, and the manner
16 in which information about such stages can be obtained.

17 (2) The prosecuting attorney or his or her assistant should ensure that victims and
18 witnesses receive information on steps that law-enforcement officers and prosecuting attorneys
19 can take to protect victims and witnesses from intimidation.

20 (3) All victims and witnesses who have been scheduled to attend criminal justice
21 proceedings should be notified by the prosecuting attorneys' offices as soon as possible of any
22 scheduling changes which will affect their appearances.

23 (4) Victims, witnesses, one member of the immediate family and any adult household
24 member residing with the victim should, if such persons provide the appropriate official with a
25 current address and telephone number, receive prompt advance notification, if possible, of judicial
26 proceedings relating to their case, from the prosecuting attorney's office, including:

27 (A) The arrest of an accused;

28 (B) The initial appearance of an accused before a judicial officer;

29 (C) The release of the accused pending judicial proceedings; and

30 (D) Proceedings in the prosecution of the accused including, but not limited to, the entry of
31 a plea of guilty, trial, sentencing and, where a term of imprisonment is imposed, the release of the
32 accused from such imprisonment.

33 (5) The victim of a serious crime, or in the case of a minor child or a homicide the family of
34 the victim, shall be consulted by the prosecuting attorney in order to obtain the views of the victim
35 or family about the disposition of any criminal case brought as a result of such crime, including the
36 views of the victim or family about:

37 (A) Dismissal;

38 (B) Release of the accused pending judicial proceedings;

39 (C) Plea negotiations; and

40 (D) Pretrial diversion program.

41 (6) Victims and other prosecution witnesses should be provided a waiting area that is
42 separate from all other witnesses prior to court appearances, if feasible.

43 (7) Law-enforcement agencies should promptly return victims' property held for evidentiary
44 purposes unless there is a compelling law-enforcement reason for retaining it.

45 (8) A victim or witness who so requests should be assisted by law-enforcement agencies
46 and prosecuting attorneys in informing employers that the need for victim and witness cooperation
47 in the prosecution of the case may necessitate absence of that victim or witness from work. A
48 victim or witness who, as a direct result of a crime or of cooperation with law-enforcement
49 agencies or attorneys for the government, is subjected to serious financial strain should be
50 assisted by the appropriate state agencies in dealing with creditors.

51 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed as creating a cause of action against the
52 State of West Virginia or any of its political subdivisions.

ARTICLE 12. POSTMORTEM EXAMINATIONS.

§61-12-12. Facilities and services available to medical examiners.

1 Pursuant to rules promulgated by the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and Human~~
2 ~~Resources~~ Department of Health, the facilities of the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner and its
3 laboratory, and the services of its professional staff, shall be made available to the county medical
4 examiners and coroners in their investigations under the provisions of §61-12-8 of this code, and
5 to the persons conducting autopsies under the provisions of §61-12-10 of this code.

ARTICLE 14. HUMAN TRAFFICKING.

§61-14-7. General provisions and other penalties.

1 (a) *Separate violations.* — For purposes of this article, each adult or minor victim
2 constitutes a separate offense.

3 (b) *Aggravating circumstance.* —

4 (1) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, if an individual is convicted of
5 an offense under this article and the trier of fact makes a finding that the offense involved an
6 aggravating circumstance, the individual shall not be eligible for parole before serving three years
7 in a state correctional facility.

8 (2) For purposes of this subsection, "aggravating circumstance" means the individual
9 recruited, enticed or obtained the victim of the offense from a shelter or facility that serves runaway
10 youths, children in foster care, the homeless or victims of human trafficking, domestic violence or
11 sexual assault.

12 (c) *Restitution.* —

13 (1) The court shall order a person convicted of an offense under this article to pay
14 restitution to the victim of the offense.

15 (2) A judgment order for restitution may be enforced by the state or a victim named in the
16 order to receive the restitution in the same manner as a judgment in a civil action in accordance
17 with section four, article eleven-a of this chapter, including filing a lien against the person, firm or
18 corporation against whom restitution is ordered.

19 (3) The court shall order restitution under subdivision (1) of this subsection even if the
20 victim is unavailable to accept payment of restitution.

21 (4) If the victim does not claim restitution ordered under subdivision (1) of this subsection
22 within five years of the entry of the order, the restitution shall be paid to the Crime Victims
23 Compensation Fund created under section four, article two-a, chapter fourteen of this code.

24 (d) *Eligibility for Compensation Fund.* — Notwithstanding the definition of victim in section
25 three, article two-a, chapter fourteen of this code, a victim of any offense under this article is a
26 victim for all purposes of article two-a, chapter fourteen of this code: *Provided*, That for purposes of
27 subsection (b), section fourteen, article two-a, chapter fourteen of this code, if otherwise qualified,

28 a victim of any offense under this article may not be denied eligibility solely for the failure to report
29 to law enforcement within the designated time frame.

30 (e) *Law Enforcement Notification.* — Should a law-enforcement officer encounter a child
31 who reasonably appears to be a victim of an offense under this article, the officer shall notify the
32 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services. If available, the
33 ~~Department of Health and Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services may notify the
34 Domestic Violence Program serving the area where the child is found.

35 (f) *Forfeiture; Debarment.* —

36 (1) The following are declared to be contraband and no person shall have a property
37 interest in them:

38 (A) All property which is directly or indirectly used or intended for use in any manner to
39 facilitate a violation of this article; and

40 (B) Any property constituting or derived from gross profits or other proceeds obtained from
41 a violation of this article.

42 (2) In any action under this section, the court may enter such restraining orders or take
43 other appropriate action, including acceptance of performance bonds, in connection with any
44 interest that is subject to forfeiture.

45 (3) Forfeiture actions under this section shall use the procedure set forth in article seven,
46 chapter sixty-a of this code.

47 (4) Any person or business entity convicted of a violation of this article shall be debarred
48 from state or local government contracts.

CHAPTER 62. CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

ARTICLE 1D. WIRETAPPING AND ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE ACT.

§62-1D-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless the context in which used clearly requires otherwise, the
2 following terms have the meanings indicated:

3 (a) "Aggrieved person" means a person who was a party to any intercepted wire, oral or
4 electronic communication or a person against whom the interception was directed.

5 (b) "Child care center" means a facility maintained by the state or any county or
6 municipality thereof, or any agency or facility maintained by an individual, firm, corporation,
7 association or organization, public or private, that is licensed by ~~Department of Health and Human~~
8 Resources Bureau of Family Assistance for the care of children in any setting.

9 (c) "Communications common carrier" means any telegraph company or telephone
10 company and any radio common carrier.

11 (d) "Contents" when used with respect to any wire, oral or electronic communication,
12 includes any information concerning the substance, purport or meaning of that communication.

13 (e) "Electronic, mechanical or other device" means any device or apparatus: (i) Which can
14 be used to intercept a wire, oral or electronic communication; or (ii) the design of which renders it
15 primarily useful for the surreptitious interception of any such communication. There is excepted
16 from this definition:

17 (1) Any telephone or telegraph instrument, equipment or facility or any component thereof:

18 (a) Furnished to the subscriber or user by a provider of wire or electronic communication service in
19 the ordinary course of its business and being used by the subscriber or user in the ordinary course
20 of its business; or furnished by the subscriber or user for connection to the facilities of the service
21 and used in the ordinary course of its business; or (b) being used by a communications common
22 carrier in the ordinary course of its business or by an investigative or law-enforcement officer in the
23 ordinary course of his or her duties; or

24 (2) A hearing aid or similar device being used to correct subnormal hearing to not better
25 than normal; or

26 (3) Any device used in a lawful consensual monitoring including, but not limited to, tape
27 recorders, telephone induction coils, answering machines, body transmitters and pen registers.

28 (f) "Intercept" means the aural or other acquisition of the contents of any wire, electronic or
29 oral communication through the use of any electronic, mechanical or other device.

30 (g) "Designated judge" means a circuit court judge designated by the Chief Justice of the
31 West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals to hear and rule on applications for the interception of
32 wire, oral or electronic communications.

33 (h) "Investigative or law-enforcement officer" means a member or members of the West
34 Virginia State Police who is or are empowered by law to conduct investigations of or to make arrest
35 for offenses enumerated in this chapter.

36 (i) "Oral communication" means any oral communication uttered by a person exhibiting an
37 expectation that the communication is not subject to interception under circumstances justifying
38 the expectation. The term does not include:

39 (A) An electronic communication; or

40 (b) An oral communication uttered in any child care center where there are written notices
41 posted informing persons that their oral communications are subject to being intercepted.

42 (j) "Pen register" means a device which records or decodes electronic or other impulses
43 which identify the numbers dialed or otherwise transmitted on the telephone line to which the
44 device is attached, but the term does not include any device used by a provider or customer of a
45 wire or electronic communication service for billing, or recording as an incident to billing, for
46 communications services provided by the provider or any device used by a provider or customer of
47 a wire communication service for cost accounting or other like purposes in the ordinary course of
48 its business.

49 (k) "Person" means any person, individual, partnership, association, joint stock company,
50 trust or corporation and includes any police officer, employee or agent of this state or of a political
51 subdivision thereof.

52 (l) "Wire communication" means any aural transfer made in whole or in part through the
53 use of facilities for the transmission of communications by the aid of wire, cable or other like
54 connection between the point of origin and the point of reception (including the use of the
55 connection in a switching station) furnished or operated by any person engaged in providing or
56 operating the facilities for the transmission of interstate or foreign communications or
57 communications affecting interstate or foreign commerce and the term includes any electronic
58 storage of the communication, but the term does not include the radio portion of a cordless
59 telephone communication that is transmitted between the cordless telephone handset and the
60 base unit.

61 (m) "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images,
62 sounds, data or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electro-
63 magnetic, photoelectronic or photooptical system but does not include:

64 (1) The radio portion of a cordless telephone communication that is transmitted between
65 the cordless telephone handset and the base unit;

66 (2) Any wire or oral communication; or

67 (3) Any combination made through a tone-only paging device.

68 (n) "User" means any person or entity who or which uses an electronic communication
69 service and is duly authorized by the provider of the service to engage in the use.

70 (o) "Electronic communications system" means any wire, radio, electromagnetic,
71 photooptical or photoelectronic facilities for the transmission of electronic communications, and
72 any computer facilities or related electronic equipment for the electronic storage of the
73 communications.

74 (p) "Electronic communication service" means any service which provides to users thereof
75 the ability to send or receive wire or electronic communications.

76 (q) "Aural transfer" means a transfer containing the human voice at any point between and
77 including the point of origin and the point of reception.

78 (r) "Trap and trace device" means a device which captures the incoming electronic or other
79 impulses which identify the originating number of an instrument or device from which a wire or
80 electronic communication was transmitted.

ARTICLE 12. PROBATION AND PAROLE.
§62-12-2. Eligibility for probation.

1 (a) All persons who are found guilty of or plead guilty to any felony, the maximum penalty
2 for which is less than life imprisonment, and all persons who are found guilty of or plead guilty to
3 any misdemeanor are eligible for probation, notwithstanding the provisions of §61-11-18 and §61-
4 11-19 of this code.

5 (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section to the contrary notwithstanding, any
6 person who commits or attempts to commit a felony with the use, presentment, or brandishing of a
7 firearm is not eligible for probation. Nothing in this section may apply to an accessory before the
8 fact or a principal in the second degree who has been convicted as if he or she were a principal in
9 the first degree if, in the commission of or in the attempted commission of the felony, only the
10 principal in the first degree used, presented, or brandished a firearm.

11 (c)(1) The existence of any fact which would make any person ineligible for probation
12 under subsection (b) of this section because of the commission or attempted commission of a
13 felony with the use, presentment, or brandishing of a firearm may not be applicable unless the fact
14 is clearly stated and included in the indictment or presentment by which that person is charged and
15 is either:

16 (A) Found by the court upon a plea of guilty or nolo contendere;

17 (B) Found by the jury, if the matter is tried before a jury, upon submitting to the jury a special
18 interrogatory for that purpose; or

19 (C) Found by the court, if the matter is tried by the court, without a jury.

20 (2) The amendments to this subsection adopted in the year 1981:

21 (A) Apply to all applicable offenses occurring on or after August 1 of that year;

22 (B) Apply with respect to the contents of any indictment or presentment returned on or after
23 August 1 of that year irrespective of when the offense occurred;

24 (C) Apply with respect to the submission of a special interrogatory to the jury and the
25 finding to be made thereon in any case submitted to the jury on or after August 1 of that year or to
26 the requisite findings of the court upon a plea of guilty or in any case tried without a jury: *Provided*,
27 That the state shall give notice in writing of its intent to seek that finding by the jury or court, as the
28 case may be, which notice shall state with particularity the grounds upon which the finding is
29 sought as fully as such grounds are otherwise required to be stated in an indictment, unless the
30 grounds therefor are alleged in the indictment or presentment upon which the matter is being tried;
31 and

32 (D) May not apply with respect to cases not affected by the amendment and in those cases
33 the prior provisions of this section shall apply and be construed without reference to the
34 amendment.

35 Insofar as the amendments relate to mandatory sentences without probation, all matters
36 requiring that sentence shall be proved beyond a reasonable doubt in all cases tried by the jury or
37 the court.

38 (d) For the purpose of this section, the term "firearm" means any instrument which will, or is
39 designed to, or may readily be converted to, expel a projectile by the action of an explosive,
40 gunpowder, or any other similar means.

41 (e) Any person who has been found guilty of, or pleaded guilty to, a violation of §61-3C-
42 14b, §61-8-12, §61-8A-1 *et seq.*, §61-8B-1 *et seq.*, §61-8C-1 *et seq.*, or §61-8D-5 of this code may
43 only be eligible for probation after undergoing a physical, mental, and psychiatric or psychological
44 study and diagnosis which shall include an ongoing treatment plan requiring active participation in
45 sexual abuse counseling at a mental health facility or through some other approved program:
46 *Provided*, That nothing disclosed by the person during that study or diagnosis may be made
47 available to any law-enforcement agency or other party without that person's consent, or

48 admissible in any court of this state, unless the information disclosed indicates the intention or
49 plans of the probationer to do harm to any person, animal, institution, or property, in which case the
50 information may be released only to those persons necessary for protection of the person, animal,
51 institution, or property.

52 Within 90 days of the effective date of this section as amended and reenacted during the
53 first extraordinary session of the Legislature, 2006, the Secretary of the ~~Department of Health and~~
54 ~~Human Resources~~ Department of Human Services shall propose rules and emergency rules for
55 legislative approval in accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code, establishing qualifications for
56 sex offender treatment programs and counselors based on accepted treatment protocols among
57 licensed mental health professionals.

58 (f) Any person who has been convicted of a violation of §61-8B-1 *et seq.*, §61-8C-1 *et seq.*,
59 §61-8D-5, §61-8D-6, §61-2-14, §61-8-12, and §61-8-13 of this code, or of a felony violation
60 involving a minor of §61-8-6 or §61-8-7 of this code, or of a similar provision in another jurisdiction,
61 shall register upon release on probation. Any person who has been convicted of an attempt to
62 commit any of the offenses set forth in this subsection shall also be registered upon release on
63 probation.

64 (g) The probation officer shall within three days of release of the offender send written
65 notice to the State Police of the release of the offender. The notice shall include:

- 66 (1) The full name of the person;
67 (2) The address where the person shall reside;
68 (3) The person's Social Security number;
69 (4) A recent photograph of the person;
70 (5) A brief description of the crime for which the person was convicted;
71 (6) Fingerprints; and
72 (7) For any person determined to be a sexually violent predator as defined in §15-12-2a of
73 this code, the notice shall also include:

- 74 (i) Identifying factors, including physical characteristics;
- 75 (ii) A history of the offense; and
- 76 (iii) Documentation of any treatment received for the mental abnormality or personality
- 77 disorder.

ARTICLE 15B. FAMILY DRUG TREATMENT COURT ACT.

§62-15B-1. Oversight and implementation of family drug treatment courts.

1 (a) The Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia may implement a Family Drug
2 Treatment Court program.

3 (b) Family drug treatment courts are specialized court dockets within the existing structure
4 of West Virginia's court system offering judicial monitoring of intensive treatment and strict
5 supervision of individuals with substance use disorder involved in a child abuse and neglect case
6 pursuant to §49-4-601, *et. seq.*

7 (c) The Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia may:

- 8 (1) Provide oversight for the distribution of funds for family drug treatment courts;
- 9 (2) Provide technical assistance to family drug treatment courts;
- 10 (3) Provide training for judges who preside over family drug treatment courts;
- 11 (4) Provide training to the providers of administrative, case management, and treatment
- 12 services to family drug treatment courts; and
- 13 (5) Monitor the completion of evaluations of the effectiveness and efficiency of family drug
- 14 treatment courts in the state.

15 (d) A state family drug treatment court advisory committee shall be established to:

- 16 (1) Evaluate and recommend standards for the planning and implementation of family drug
- 17 treatment courts;
- 18 (2) Assist in the evaluation of their effectiveness and efficiency; and
- 19 (3) Encourage and enhance cooperation among agencies that participate in their planning
- 20 and implementation.

21 (e) The committee shall be chaired by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Appeals of
22 West Virginia or his or her designee and shall include a circuit court judge who presides over a
23 family drug treatment court; the Director of the Office of Drug Control Policy or the executive
24 assistant to the director; ~~Cabinet Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~
25 Department of Health or his or her designee; Cabinet Secretary of the Department of Human
26 Services or his or her designee; the commissioners or their designee of the following bureaus: the
27 Bureau for ~~Children and Families~~ Social Services; the Bureau for Public Health; and the Bureau for
28 Behavioral Health; the Executive Director of the West Virginia Prosecuting Attorneys Institute or
29 his or her designee; the Executive Director of the West Virginia Public Defender Services or his or
30 her designee; and the Executive Director of West Virginia CASA Association or his or her
31 designee.

32 (f) Each circuit selected to establish a family drug treatment court shall establish and
33 maintain a local family drug treatment court advisory committee. Each advisory committee shall
34 ensure quality, efficiency, and fairness in the planning, implementation, and operation of the family
35 drug treatment court or courts that serve the jurisdiction or combination of jurisdictions. Advisory
36 committee membership shall include, but shall not be limited to the following people or their
37 designees:

38 (1) The family drug treatment court judge;

39 (2) The prosecuting attorney of the county;

40 (3) The public defender or a member of the county bar who represents individuals in child
41 abuse and neglect cases;

42 (4) The Community Service Manager of the Bureau of ~~Children and Families~~ Social
43 Services; ~~of the Department of Health and Human Resources~~;

44 (5) A court appointed special advocate, as applicable; and

45 (6) Any other individuals selected by the family drug treatment court advisory committee.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to rename the Department of Health and Human Resources.

This bill was recommended for passage during the 2024 legislative session by the Legislative Oversight Commission of Health and Human Resources Accountability.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.